

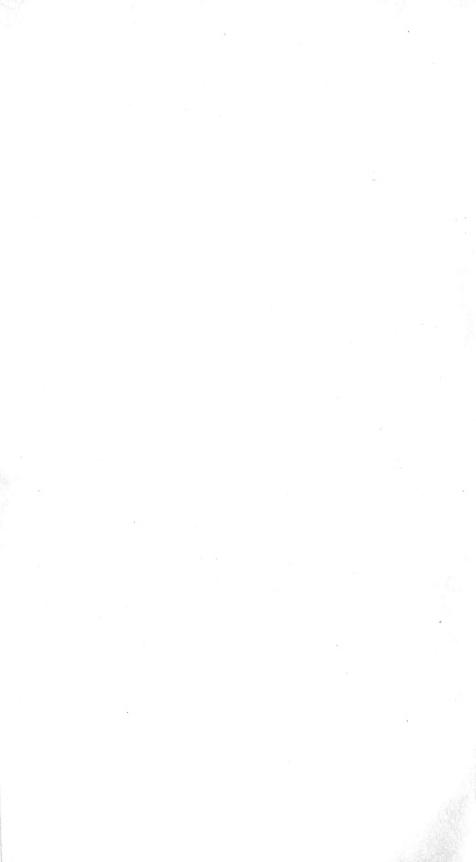
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# STORY OF NALA.

MONIER WILLIAMS.

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## NALOPÁKHYÁNAM.

## STORY OF NALA,

### AN EPISODE OF THE MAHÁ-BHÁRATA:

THE SANSKRIT TEXT,

WITH A COPIOUS VOCABULARY

AND

AN IMPROVED VERSION OF DEAN MILMAN'S TRANSLATION,

 $\mathbf{B}\mathbf{Y}$ 

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### PREFACE.

THE Story of Nala, as told in the following pages, is an episode of the Mahá-bhárata, one of the two great Epic poems of the Hindús, containing no less than 107,389 ślokas or stanzas. It is extracted from the sixth chapter (fifty-third section) of the third Book or Vana-parvan. Like the rest of the Mahá-bhárata, its authorship is attributed to Krishna-Dvaipáyana, who is called Vyása, because he arranged the Vedas 1. It is not to be supposed, however, that the Vedas and Mahá-bhárata are really the work of the same author. The Vedas are many centuries older than the great Epic poem, and each is the composition of several authors. Probably an interval of several centuries separates the more ancient hymns of the Veda from the more modern; and a similar or perhaps greater separation may be observed between the older parts of the Mahá-bhárata and the more modern interpolations.

By ascribing this work to Vyása—who is also the reputed author of the Vedánta philosophy—it is merely implied that, at some time or other, order and sequence were given to what

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Vivyása vedán yasmát sa tasmád vyása iti smritah. Mahá-bh. I. 2417. He was called Krishna from his dark complexion, and Dvaipáyana because he was brought forth by Satyavatí on an island in the Jumná, his father being the Rishi Paráśara. Nyasto dvípe sa yad bálas tasmád Dvaipáyanah smritah, line 2416.

was before a mere congeries of distinct compositions by various authors.

Part of the Mahá-bhárata is considered by some 1 to be as old as the fourth century B.C.; but all Hindú chronology is more or less conjectural; and it would be impossible to fix with certainty the date of the composition of any of the principal episodes. The Story of Nala is not part of the main plot of the poem, and probably belongs to a much earlier period of Indian history. The subject of the great Epic is the war between the Kurus or hundred sons of Dhrita-ráshtra and their cousins the five sons of Pándu. But about this leading-thread are collected a vast number of ancient legends and traditions, under the weight of which it is often lost, if not altogether broken. In all Oriental books of fables it is common for the principal narrative to be interrupted by a series of stories within stories, loosely connected with the original theme, and often completely overlaying it. So it is with the Mahá-bhárata. The episodes form by far the greater portion of the poem, and generally intervene to break the chain of the narrative, when the incidents are most stirring and the interest is most at its height. The war between the rival princes is doubtless founded on fact; and much valuable matter has been extracted from the narrative by Professor Lassen and other Sanskritists, in elucidation of the early history of India. According to the Vishnu-Purána, Dhrita-ráshtra and Pándu were the sons of the widow of Vićitra-vírya by his halfbrother Vyása or Krishna-Dvaipáyana<sup>2</sup>. This Vićitra-vírya

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> See my 'Indian Wisdom' (W. H. Allen & Co., London), p. 317.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> As Vićitra-vírya (Vyása's half-brother) died without children, the Hindú law, like the Mosaic, permitted Vyása to raise up offspring to his deceased brother. Satyavatí, mother of Vyása, was afterwards wife of Sántanu.

was the son of Śántanu, who was the twenty-third in descent from Kuru, a celebrated prince of the Lunar race, himself the ninth king after Bharata, son of Dushyanta and Śakuntalá, from whom India is to this day called Bhárata-varsha. Vyása is thus reputed to be the actual grandfather of the princes whose quarrels and jealousies are narrated in the poem he is said to have arranged; and, from the genealogy, it is evident that although the sons of Dhṛita-ráshṭra are more usually called the descendants of Kuru, the sons of Páṇḍu were really descended from the same race.

The royal races of India are said to have diverged into two great lines, called Solar and Lunar. The hero of the Solar line, which commenced in Ikshváku, was Ráma-ćandra 1. whose contests with the barbarous tribes of the south of India is described in the Rámáyana, the more ancient of the two great Epics. The Kurus and Pándavas, as equally descendants of Kuru, belonged to the Lunar line, and probably represented different branches of one tribe of Sanskrit-speaking immigrants, who arrived in India at different times. According to the Mahá-bhárata, Pándu, the father of the five Pándavas, after yielding the succession to his blind brother Dhrita-ráshtra, retired to the mountains and died. His five boys were then adopted by Dhrita-ráshtra and educated with his own large family of a hundred sons. After escaping many dangers from the malevolence of their cousins, they were ultimately permitted to share with them in the sovereignty. Yudhishthira, the eldest of the Pándavas, and his four brothers ruled at Indra-prastha (the modern Delhi), and Duryodhana with his ninety-nine brothers (usually

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> This Ráma, who is the most celebrated incarnation of Vishņu, must not be confounded with the two inferior Rámas, Paraśu-Ráma and Bala-Ráma. See my Sanskrit Dictionary (published at the Clarendon Press) under Ráma.

called the Kurus) were sovereigns at the neighbouring town of Hastiná-pura. The Pándavas, whose disposition was as amiable as that of the Kurus was malevolent, seem to have been very successful in subduing the districts contiguous to their own; and, notwithstanding the animosity of their neighbouring cousins, to have attained considerable prosperity. A great misfortune, however, overtakes them. Tempted to amuse themselves with dice, and yielding to a weakness which has ever been a fashionable failing amongst the Hindús, Yudhishthira loses all his possessions, at a game of hazard, to his cousin Duryodhana: and, retiring with his brethren into exile, lives for twelve years in the forest (vana). It is to console them under their affliction that the sage Vrihadaśva relates to king Yudhishthira the Story of Nala, who, himself a virtuous monarch, lost his kingdom also through his passion for dice; but after suffering great hardships again recovered it.

The following short summary of the Story of Nala may be useful as an introduction to the study of the poem.

Nala, who is described as 'gifted with choicest virtues,' and is especially noted for his skill in driving, has only one fault, the inherent love of gambling. He was king of Nishadha, a country in central India, in the S. E. division, whence his other name of Naishadha. In a neighbouring country, called Vidarbha (the modern Berár), reigned Bhíma, whose only daughter, Damayantí, was so beautiful that her fame reached the ears of Nala. His interest in her being excited, was fanned into a flame by the following incident:—

Walking in his garden one day, and seeing some swans

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> The epithet aksha-priya, 'fond of dice,' is applied to Nala in enumerating his good qualities (verse 3), and Kali, therefore, only assailed him in his weak point. See, however, the vocabulary under aksha-priya.

disporting themselves near him, the fancy takes him to catch one out of sport. The bird, addressing him in human language, promises, if he will release it, to fly to Damayantí and praise Nala in her presence. This plan being agreed upon and carried into effect, Damayantí becomes duly inspired with a passion for Nala. Bhíma, her father, seeing his daughter pining in secret, determines to celebrate her Svayamvara, that is, to proclaim the public choice of a husband by Damayantí, according to the custom of that age. All the princes of India, including Nala, flock to Vidarbha, as suitors for the hand of Damayantí. The gods also, hearing of her beauty, resolve to be present; and, meeting Nala on their road to the Svayamvara, commission him to plead their cause with Damayantí. He confesses himself enamoured also, and entreats to be excused; but being adjured sternly, promises to deliver their message, and is introduced by them unseen into the palace. There he has an interview with Damayantí, who, slighting the message of the gods, confesses her love to Nala, and her intention to choose him and him only. Accordingly, at the Svayamvara, in spite of the artifice. of the deities who assume Nala's shape, she detects her lover by his shadow, (the gods having none,) and selects him. It appears that at the time of the Svayamvara, Kali, an evil genius, the fourth Age of the world or Vice personified, had set out for Vidarbha with the intention of making Damayantí his consort; but, hearing of the completion of the marriageceremony, he resolves out of jealousy to work the ruin of Nala. For twelve years he watches his opportunity, and at last, detecting Nala in some trifling neglect of his ablutions, enters and acquires power over his body. Infatuating his victim, he instigates him to play at dice with his brother Pushkara. The game goes on for many months; and Nala,

after losing his kingdom and all his possessions, is driven with Damayantí into exile. In the forest, Nala, still infatuated by Kali, deserts Damayantí; who, wandering alone, and escaping many perils, at last finds a refuge at the court of the king of Cedi. Meanwhile, Nala, passing through the forest, rescues a serpent from a flaming bush. This serpent turns out to be Karkotaka, one of the principal Nágas (see vocabulary under नाग) or semi-divine beings inhabiting the regions under the earth. In return for the service rendered by Nala, Karkotaka promises to deliver Nala from the power of Kali. He accordingly metamorphoses Nala into a dwarfish charioteer, but gives him a magic garment, by assuming which he can at any time regain his proper form. Nala, now transformed to the short-armed Váhuka, enters the service of Rituparna, king of Ayodhyá, a monarch celebrated for his skill in dice. Meanwhile, king Bhíma, searching the world for his lost daughter, discovers her at length at Cedi, and sends for her thence to his own capital. There, pining for the lost Nala, she devises a plan to recover him. Suspecting that he is living, disguised as Váhuka, with Rituparna, king of Ayodhyá, she causes the latter to be told that king Bhíma would celebrate on the morrow a second Svayamvara for his daughter Damayantí. Rituparna determines to be present, but can only be so by the help of his charioteer Váhuka, whose skill in horsemanship enables him to drive from Ayodhyá to Vidarbha in one day. On the road Nala, disguised as Váhuka, agrees to impart to Rituparna his knowledge of horsemanship in return for that monarch's skill in dice. They make the exchange, and, arriving at Ayodhyá, Nala re-assumes his own form and is restored to his wife. Returning with her to Nishadha, he seeks Pushkara, renews the game, and wins back his kingdom. Then, with noble generosity, he

forgives Pushkara, and enters on a long and happy reign with his consort Damayantí.

That this Story of Nala, however comparatively modern the version in the Mahá-bhárata, is of great antiquity, may be proved by internal evidence. The prominence given to the deities Indra, Agni, Varuṇa, and Yama, and the absence of all allusion to the great Hindú Triad, connect the narrative more with the Vedic than the Epic and Puránic periods¹. If Nala was of the Solar race, as represented by Kálidása, he must have been the fourth from the great Ráma, son of Daśa-ratha, the genealogy, according to the Raghu-vaṇśa, running thus:—Raghu, Aja, Daśa-ratha, Ráma, Kuśa, Atithi, Nishadha, Nala, Nabhas. But if he belonged to the Lunar dynasty, reigning at Nishadha, when Rituparṇa of the Solar race reigned at Ayodhyá, then we must assign him a much earlier date, and place him fourteen reigns before Ráma.

The story, no doubt, rests on a foundation of fact, and, on account of its age, is a favourite subject with Hindú poets. It not only appears as an episode to the Mahá-bhárata, but forms the subject of two other celebrated poems, one called the Nalodaya, attributed to the great Kálidása, the author of Śakuntalá; and the other called the Naishadha, written by Śrí Harsha. It is also introduced by Somadeva Bhaṭṭa into his collection of stories called Kathá-sarit-ságara, and told there with variations. It is, moreover, the subject-matter of a very curious composition, half prose, half verse, called Ćampú,

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> According to Professor Brockhaus, the personification of Kali as the demon of the fourth Age, and not of the dice, shews that the modern arranger of the story did not understand this old Vedic term, and is another proof of the earlier existence of the Nala. The word Tretá (which denotes the second Age of the world) is also used for a throw of dice. See the second Act of the Mricchakati.

by an author named Tri-vikrama, and of a well-known work in Tamil, called the Nala-Rájá, and again of another in Telugu, by the poet Rághava, written about A.D. 1650; these latter poems being independent compositions, and not mere translations from the Sanskrit.

It is a noteworthy circumstance in the history of Indian literature, that the later Hindú poets, with much exuberance of fancy, displayed little originality in their conceptions. Whether they thought it a sacred duty to follow in the beaten track, or whether their inventive faculties were feeble, it rarely enters into their heads to devise a new story for themselves. They content themselves with the regular stock materials, and exercise their ingenuity either in diluting them or serving them up in a concentrated form, with here and there a few embellishments or additions of their own. two Epic poems are their grand repertories. These gigantic compositions, like vast national banks with inexhaustible resources, are drawn upon freely by every poet. The history of Ráma, which is narrated at full length in the Rámáyana, is condensed into moderate dimensions by Kálidása in his Raghu-vanéa, reduced to a mere table of contents by Bhatti in his grammatical poem, and represented with dramatic richness of detail by Bhava-bhúti in his well-known play, the Uttara-Ráma-ćaritra. Then we have a celebrated poet Mágha, writing his epic on a story taken from the seventh chapter of the second Book or Sabhá-parva of the Mahábhárata (the destruction of Śiśupála, king of Ćedi, by Krishna); and the poet Bháravi, the author of another wellknown Epic called Kirátárjuníya (or the contest of Arjuna with Siva as a mountaineer), selecting his subject from the fourth chapter of the third Book or Vana-parva of the same great poem. One advantage of this is, that if we have not a variety of subjects, we have at least a diversity of styles. The same subject could not be treated by every author in the same way. We have, therefore, specimens of every shade of composition between the most tedious diffuseness and the most laconic curtness,—the most turgid ornament and the most severe simplicity. In no other language but the ductile, flexible, and infinitely copious Sanskrit could such opposite extremes be possible. The very same idea which by one author is expressed with a brevity unapproachable in English, is by another expanded and beaten out till the substance of the original metal almost disappears. In the one case we have every needless word rejected, and the meaning so obscured, that sentences have to be interpreted like oracles, and every line of text to be illustrated by pages of commentary; in the other, huge compounds are introduced, epithets heaped on epithets, metaphors on metaphors, till the mind of the venturesome reader is hopelessly bewildered. This is what has happened to the Story of Nala. Presented to us in the plainest manner in the Mahá-bhárata, it is condensed in the Nalodaya with a compression and concentration absolutely painful; in the Naishadha it is diluted by prolix descriptions or overdone with rich imagery; in Somadeva's Kathá-sarit-ságara it is again exhibited in its simple form; whilst in Tri-vikrama's Campú it is buried under a dead weight of long words, ponderous compounds, and inflated periods.

The main features of the present edition of the Mahábhárata version of the Nala will be patent at once.

In the first place, it presents, as far as possible, a pure and accurate text. Excellent MSS. of the Mahá-bhárata, belonging to the India Office and Bodleian Libraries, have been at my command, and the text of the following pages is the result of a careful collation of these with the various printed editions already before the public.

With regard to the vocabulary appended to this work, I have only to say that I have spared no pains to make it more complete than that of the first edition, and to bring it into harmony with the fourth edition of my Sanskrit Grammar, also published by the Delegates of the Clarendon Press. The amount of labour entailed by a glossary of this kind is only to be appreciated by those who have themselves undergone it. I believe this to be the only vocabulary in which each word, as it stands in the text, whatever be its form, either of case or tense, or whatever the change in that form resulting from the rules of euphony, occupies its proper alphabetical place. Those who have had experience in teaching will understand the value of this aid to students just beginning to read a language abounding in intricate combinations and perplexing euphonic changes. There cannot be a greater mistake than to suppose that the amount of assistance required in a Sanskrit vocabulary is to be measured by that given in Greek or Latin glossaries. We have in Sanskrit two peculiarities. One is the constant use of long compound words; the other is the habit of joining words together by a strict system of euphony, which, though not carried to the same extreme in all printed books, must always be a source of perplexity. The learner has to make repeated references to his vocabulary, and every facility should be accorded to him. I have known pupils, who have worked their way steadily through the grammar, puzzle themselves hopelessly over the following three words in the first story of the Hitopadeśa, visarpan tán tandulakanán, because, in accordance with euphonic laws, these words are printed in the text thus,—visarpanstánstandulakanán (विसप-

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स्तांसायुत्रकणान्), while the original words, in their unchanged form, are exhibited in the glossary. If the words were divided, the difficulty would not be insurmountable: but not finding विसर्पेस, the student concludes that he has mistaken the division. Referring again to the vocabulary, he finds चि and संपे, and taking these for his first words goes entirely wrong. Now according to my method, as before explained, the words would be separated in the text thus, —visarpans táns tandulakanán; and they would moreover be so exhibited in their proper places in the glossary, an explication of the euphonic changes being added. In all cases where separation is undesirable, as when two vowels blend into one, or when a final i or u has been changed to y or v, the whole combination is given, and the division of the words indicated.

I believe the present vocabulary will be found to contain every word in the text. If each separate article is not always as full of details as might be expected, it should be borne in mind that the perfection of a special work of this kind consists in its not being burdened with more words and meanings than are wanted for the one book which it elucidates. Moreover, the grammar is intended to go hand in hand with the vocabulary, and a complete explanation of a difficulty is often to be sought in the rules to which constant reference is made.

With regard to the metrical translation which accompanies this edition of the Nala, the late Dean Milman, shortly before his death, kindly adopted many of my suggestions for the improvement of his original version, so as to adapt it more closely to the text. Its continued use has revealed the need of further slight alterations, which I have been obliged to make on my own responsibility.

The metre of the Sanskrit text never varies from the regular sloka measure called Anushtubh, an account of which, with a table of all the most common varieties of metre, is given at the end of the fourth edition of my Sanskrit Grammar, published at the Clarendon Press. It consists of sixteen syllables to the half-line or thirty-two to each verse of two lines.

The first line of the poem serves as a model for the whole, and with the exception of the six syllables, whose quantities are here marked by the usual prosodial marks  $( \cup -- \parallel \cup - \cup )$ , the poet is allowed the option of either long or short:

ásíd rájá nălō nāma || vírasenasŭtō bălí.

Occasionally the 6th and 7th syllables are short instead of long.

M. W.

OXFORD, June 1879.

# ॥ नलोपाखानम्॥

# STORY OF NALA.

## ॥ नलोपाखानम्॥

### वृहदश्व उवाच।

श्रासीट् राजा नलो नाम वीरसेनसुतो बली। उपपन्नो गुणैर् इष्टे रूपवान् अश्वकोविदः ॥१॥ ञ्जतिष्ठद् मनुजेन्द्राणां मूर्धि देवपतिर् इव। उपर्युपरि सर्वेषाम् ञ्चादित्य इव तेजसा ॥२॥ ब्रह्मायो वेदविच् छूरो निषधेषु महीपतिः। अक्षप्रियः सत्यवादी महान् अक्षौहिणीपतिः ॥३॥ ईप्सितो वरनारीणाम् उदारः संयतेन्द्रियः। रिक्षता धन्विनां श्रेष्ठः साक्षाद् इव मनुः स्वयं ॥४॥ तथैवासीट् विदर्भेषु भीमो भीमपराक्रमः। शूरः सर्वगुर्णेर् युक्तः प्रजाकामः स चाप्रजः ॥५॥ स प्रजार्थे परं यल्नम् अकरोत् सुसमाहितः। तम् अभ्यगच्छद् ब्रह्मर्षिर् दमनी नाम भारत ॥६॥ तं स भीमः प्रजाकामस् तोषयामास धर्मवित्। महिष्या सह राजेन्द्र सत्कारेण सुवर्चसं ॥९॥ तस्मै प्रसन्नो दमनः सभायाय वरं ददौ। कन्यारत्नं कुमारांश्च चीन् उदारान् महायशाः ॥ ।। दमयनों दमं दानां दमनज्व सुवर्चसं। उपपन्नान् गुर्णैः सर्वेर् भीमान् भीमपराक्रमान् ॥९॥

### STORY OF NALA.

#### VRIHADASVA spake:

LIVED of yore, a Rája, Nala, Vírasena's mighty son,
Gifted he with choicest virtues, beauteous, skilled in taming steeds:
Head of all the kings of mortals, like the monarch of the gods,
Over, over all exalted, in his splendour like the sun:
Holy, deep-read in the Vedas, in Nishadha lord of earth;
Loving dice, of truth unblemished, chieftain of a mighty host;
The admired of noble women, generous, with each sense subdued;
Guardian of the state; of archers best, a present Manu he.

So there dwelt in high Vidarbha, Bhíma, terrible in strength,
With all virtues blest, but childless, long for children had he pined.
Many an holy act, on offspring still intent, had he performed.
To his court there came a Bráhman, Damana the seer was named.
Him the child-desiring Bhíma, in all duties skilled, received,
Feasted with his royal consort, in his hospitable hall.
Pleased on him the grateful Daman, and his queen a boon bestowed,
One sweet girl, the pearl of maidens, and three fair and noble sons.
Damayantí, Dama, Dánta, and illustrious Damana,
Richly gifted with all virtues, mighty, fearful in their might.

दमयन्ती तु रूपेण तेजसा यशसा श्रिया। सौभाग्यन च लोकेषु यशः प्राप सुमध्यमा ॥१०॥ अथ तां वयसि प्राप्ते दासीनां समलंकृतं। शतं शतं सखीनाञ्च पर्युपासच् छचीम् इव ॥ ११॥ तच स्म राजते भैमी सर्वाभरणभूषिता। सखीमध्येऽनवद्याङ्गी विद्युत् सौदामिनी यथा ॥ १२॥ अतीव रूपसम्पन्ना श्रीर् इवायतलोचना। न देवेषु न यक्षेषु तादृग् रूपवती क्वचित् ॥१३॥ मानुषेष्वपि चान्येषु दृष्टपूर्वायवा श्रुता। चित्रप्रमाथिनी बाला देवानाम् ऋपि सुन्दरी॥१४॥ नलश्व नरशार्टूली लोकेष्वप्रतिमी भुवि। कन्दर्भ इव रूपेण मूर्तिमान् अभवत् स्वयं ॥ १५॥ तस्याः समीपे तु नलं प्रश्यंसुः कुतूहलात्। नैषधस्य समीपे तु दमयन्तीं पुनः पुनः ॥१६॥ तयोर् ऋदृष्टकामोऽभूत् शृखतोः सततं गुणान्। अन्योन्यं प्रति कौन्तेय स व्यवर्धत हुन्छ्यः ॥ १९॥ अशक्रुवन् नलः कामं तदा धारियतुं हृदा। ञ्चनःपुरसमीपस्थे वन ञ्चास्ते रहो गतः ॥१८॥ स ददर्श ततो हंसान् जातरूपपरिष्कृतान्। वने विचरतां तेषाम् एकं जयाह पश्चिणं ॥ १९॥ ततोऽनारीक्षगो वाचं व्याजहार नलं तदा। हन्तव्योऽस्मि न ते राजन् करिषामि तव प्रियं ॥२०॥ दमयन्तीसकाशे तां कथयिष्यामि नैषध। यथा त्वदन्यं पुरुषं न सा मंस्यति किहिचित् ॥२१॥ एवम् उक्तस् ततो हंसम् उत्ससर्ज महीपतिः। ते तु हंसाः समुत्पत्य विद्भीन् अगमंस् ततः ॥२२॥

Damayantí with her beauty, with her brilliance, brightness, grace, (Through the worlds) unrivalled glory won the slender-waisted maid. Her, arrived at bloom of beauty, sat a hundred slaves around, And a hundred virgin handmaids, as around great Indra's queen. In her court shone Bhíma's daughter, decked with every ornament, 'Mid her handmaids, like the lightning, shone she with her faultless form; Like the long-eyed queen of beauty, without rival, without peer. Never 'mid the gods immortal, never 'mid the Yaksha race, Nor 'mong men was maid so lovely, ever heard of, ever seen, As the soul-disturbing maiden, that disturbed the souls of gods. Nala too, 'mong kings the tiger, peerless among earthly men, Like Kandarpa in his beauty, like that bright-embodied god. All around Vidarbha's princess, praised they Nala in their joy; Ever praised they Damayantí, round Nishadha's noble king. Hearing so each other's virtues, all unseen they 'gan to love. Thus of each, O son of Kunti, the deep silent passion grew.

Nala, in his heart impatient, longer that deep love to bear,
To the grove, in secret, wandered, by the palace' inmost court.
There the swans he saw disporting, with their wings bedropped with gold:
Through the grove thus lightly moving one of these bright birds he caught.
But the bird, in human language, thus the wondering king addressed:
'Slay me not, O gentle monarch! I will do thee service true;
So in Damayanti's presence will I praise Nishadha's king,
Never after shall the maiden think of mortal man but thee.'
Thus addressed, at once the monarch let the bright-winged bird depart.

Flew away the swans rejoicing, to Vidarbha straight they flew;

विदर्भनगरीं गला दमयन्यास् तदान्तिके। निपेतुस् ते गरूतमनाः सा ददर्श च तान् गणान् ॥२३॥ सा तान् अद्भुतरूपान् वै दृष्ट्वा सखीगणावृता। हृष्टा यहीतुं खगमांम् त्वरमाणीपचक्रमे ॥२४॥ अथ हंसा विससृपुः सर्वतः प्रमदावने। एकैकशम् तदा कन्याम् तान् हंसान् समुपाद्रवन् ॥२५॥ दमयन्ती तु यं हंसं समुपाधावद् अन्तिके। स मानुषीं गिरं कृत्वा दमयन्तीम् अथाव्रवीत् ॥२६॥ दमयन्ति नलो नाम निषधेषु महीपतिः। ऋषिनोः सदृशो रूपे न समास् तस्य मानुषाः ॥२९॥ तस्य वै यदि भार्या तं भवेषा वरवर्णिन। सफलं ते भवेज् जन्म रूपं चेदं सुमध्यमे ॥२৮॥ वयं हि देवगन्धर्वमानुषोरगराह्यसान्। दृष्टवन्तो न चासाभिर् दृष्टपूर्वम् तथाविधः ॥२०॥ बंज्ञापि रत्नं नारीणां नरेषु च नली वरः। विशिष्टाया विशिष्टेन सङ्गमी गुणवान् भवेत् ॥३०॥ एवम् उक्ता तु हंसेन दमयन्ती विशाम्पते। अबवीत् तच तं हंसं तमप्येवं नले वद ॥३१॥ तथेत्युक्काग्डजः कन्यां विदर्भस्य विशाम्पते। पुनर् आगम्य निषधान् नले सर्वे न्यवेदयत् ॥३२॥

॥ इति नलीपाख्याने प्रथमः सर्गः ॥१॥

To Vidarbha's stately city: there by Damayanti's feet,

Down with drooping plumes they settled, and she gazed upon the flock,

Wondering at their forms so graceful, where amid her maids she sat.

Sportively began the damsels all around to chase the birds;

Scattering flew the swans before them, all about the lovely grove.

Lightly ran the nimble maidens, every one her bird pursued;

But the swan that through the forest gentle Damayanti chased,

Suddenly, in human language, spake to Damayantí thus:-

'Damayantí, in Nishadha Nala dwells, the noble king;
Like the Aśvinas in beauty, peerless among men is he.

O incomparable princess, to this hero wert thou wed,
Noble birth and perfect beauty not unworthy fruit had borne.

Gods, Gandharvas, men, the Serpents, and the Rákshasas we've seen;
All we've seen—of noble Nala never have we seen the peer.

Pearl art thou among all women, Nala is the pride of men.

If the peerless wed the peerless, blessed must the union be.'

When the bird thus strangely speaking gentle Damayantí heard,
Answered thus the wondering maiden, 'Thus to Nala, speak thou too.'
'Be it so,' replied the egg-born to Vidarbha's beauteous maid.
Home then flew he to Nishadha, and to Nala told it all.

END OF BOOK I.

### वृहदश्व उवाच।

दमयली तु तच् छुता वची हंसस्य भारत। ततः प्रभृति न स्वस्था नलं प्रति वभूव सा ॥१॥ ततश् चिन्तापरा दीना विवर्णवदना कृशा। वभूव दमयनी तु निःश्वासपरमा तदा ॥२॥ जर्धदृष्टिर् ध्यानपरा बभूवोन्मत्तदर्शना। पाग्डुवर्णा क्ष्णेनाथ हुन्छयाविष्टचेतना ॥३॥ न शय्यासनभोगेषु रतिं विन्दति कर्हिचित्। न नक्तं न दिवा शेते हा हेति रुदती पुनः ॥४॥ ताम् अस्वस्थां तदाकारां सख्यम् ता जजुर् इङ्गितैः। ततो विदर्भपतये दमयन्याः सखीजनः ॥ ५॥ न्यवेदयत् ताम् ऋस्वस्थां दमयन्तीं नरेश्वरे। तच् छुता नृपतिर् भीमो दमयनीसखीगणात् ॥६॥ चिनायामास तत् कार्य सुमहत् स्वां सुतां प्रति। किम् इयं दुहिता मेऽद्य नातिस्वस्थेव लक्ष्यते ॥ ९॥ स समीह्य महीपालः स्वां मुतां प्राप्तयौवनां। अपश्यद् आत्मना कार्ये दमयन्याः स्वयंवरं ॥ ७॥ स सिन्नमन्त्रयामास महीपालान् विशाम्पतिः। अनुभूयताम् अयं वीराः स्वयंवर इति प्रभो ॥०॥ श्रुता तु पार्थिवाः सर्वे दमयन्याः स्वयंवरं। अभिजग्मुस् ततो भीमं राजानी भीमशासनात्॥१०॥ हस्त्यश्वरथघोषेण पूरयन्तो वसुन्धरां। विचिचमाल्याभरणेर् बलैर् दृश्यैः स्वलंकृतैः ॥१९॥

### VRIHADAŚVA spake:

Damayantí, ever after she the swan's sweet speech had heard, With herself she dwelt no longer, all herself with Nala dwelt. Lost in thought she sat dejected, pale her melancholy cheek, Damayantí sat and yielded all her soul to sighs of grief. Upward gazing, meditative, with a wild distracted look, Wan was all her soft complexion, and with passion heart-possessed, Nor in sleep nor gentle converse, nor in banquets found she joy: Night nor day she could not slumber, Woe! oh woe! she wept and said. Her no longer her own mistress, from her looks, her gesture, knew Damayanti's virgin handmaids, to Vidarbha's monarch they Told how pined his gentle daughter for the sovereign of men. This from Damayanti's maidens when the royal Bhima heard, In his mind he gravely pondered for his child what best were done. 'Wherefore is my gentle daughter from herself in mind estranged?' When the lord of earth his daughter saw in blooming youth mature, Knew he for the Svayamvara Damayanti's time was come. Straight the lord of many peasants summoned all the chiefs of earth, 'Come ye to the Svayamvara all ye heroes of the world!' Damayanti's Svayamvara, soon as heard the kings of men, All obeyed king Bhima's summons, all to Bhima's court drew near; Elephants, and steeds, and chariots, swarmed along the sounding land; All with rich and various garlands, with his stately army each,

तेषां भीमो महाबाहुः पार्थिवानां महात्मनां।
यथार्हम् अकरोत् पूजां तेऽवसंस् तच पूजिताः॥१२॥
एतस्मिन् एव काले तु सुराणाम् ऋषिसत्तमौ।
अटमानौ महात्मानाव् इन्द्रलोकम् इतो गतौ॥१३॥
नारदः पर्वतश्चेव महाप्राञ्जौ महावतौ।
देवराजस्य भवनं विविशाते सुपूजितौ॥१४॥
ताव् अर्चेयिता मघवा ततः कुशलम् अव्ययं।
पप्रच्छानामयं चापि तयोः सर्वगतं विभुः॥१५॥

नारद उवाच।

ञ्चावयोः कुशलं देव सर्वच गतम् ईश्वर । लोके च मघवन् कृत्के नृपाः कुशलिनी विभी ॥१६॥

वृहदश्व उवाच।

नारदस्य वचः श्रुता पप्रछ बलवृत्तहा।
धर्मज्ञाः पृथिवीपालास् त्यक्तजीवितयोधिनः ॥१९॥
श्रस्तेण निधनं काले ये गद्धन्यपराङ्मुखाः।
श्रयं लोकोऽक्षयस् तेषां यथेव मम कामधुक्॥१६॥
क नु ते श्र्वियाः श्रूरा न हि पश्यामि तान् श्रहं।
श्रागद्धतो महीपालान् द्यितान् श्रितिषीन् मम॥१९॥
एवम् उक्तस्तु शकेण नारदः प्रत्यभाषत।

नारद उवाच।

शृणु मे मघवन् येन न दृश्यने महीस्नितः ॥२०॥ विदर्भराज्ञो दुहिता दमयनीति विश्रुता। रूपेण समतिकाना पृथिव्यां सर्वयोषितः ॥२१॥ तस्याः स्वयंवरः शक भविता निचराद् इव। तच गच्छिना राजानो राजपुचाश्व सर्वशः ॥२२॥ All the lofty-minded Rájas, Bhíma with the arm of strength,

As beseemed, received with honour, on their thrones of state they sat.

At this very hour the wisest of the sages, the divine,

Moving in their might ascended up from earth to Indra's world,

Great in holiness and wisdom, Nárada and Parvata,

Honoured entered they the palace of the monarch of the gods.

Them salutes the cloud-compeller, of their everlasting weal—

Of their weal the worlds pervading, courteous asks the immortal lord.

#### NÁRADA spake:

Well it fares with us, Immortal, in our weal the world partakes; In the world, O cloud-compeller, well it fares with all her kings.

#### VRIHADAŚVA spake:

He that Bali slew and Vritra asked of Nárada again,

'All earth's just and righteous rulers, reckless of their lives in fight,

Who the shaft's descending death-blow meet with unaverted eye,

Theirs this everlasting kingdom, even as Kámadhuk is mine.

Where are they, the Kshatriya heroes? wherefore see I not approach

All the earth's majestic guardians, all mine ever-honoured guests?'

Thus addressed by holy S'akra, Nárada replied and said:

### NÁRADA spake:

Hear me now, O cloud-compeller, why earth's kings appear not here.

Of Vidarbha's king the daughter Damayantí, the renowned—

Through the earth the loveliest women in her beauty she transcends—

Soon she holds her Svayamvara, soon her lord the maid will choose.

Thither all the kings are hastening, thither all the sons of kings.

तां रत्नभूतां लोकस्य प्रार्थयन्तो महीक्षितः। काङ्कानि सा विशेषेण बलवृत्तनिषूदन ॥२३॥ एतसिन् कथ्यमाने तु लोकपालाश्च सामिकाः। ञ्चाजग्मुर् देवराजस्य समीपम् अमरोत्तमाः ॥२४॥ ततस् ते शुश्रुवुः सर्वे नारदस्य वचो महत्। श्रुतेव चाबुवन् हृष्टा गच्छामो वयम् अप्युत ॥२५॥ ततः सर्वे महाराज सगणाः सहवाहनाः। विदर्भान् अभिजग्मुस् ते यतः सर्वे महीिख्तः॥२६॥ नलोऽपि राजा कौनोय श्रुवा राज्ञां समागमं। अभ्यगळ्द् अदीनात्मा दमयन्तीम् अनुवतः ॥२०॥ अथ देवाः पथि नलं ददृशुर् भूतले स्थितं। साह्याद् इव स्थितं मूर्त्या मन्मर्थं रूपसम्पदा ॥२५॥ तं दृष्ट्वा लोकपालास् ते भाजमानं यथा रविं। तस्युर् विगतसङ्गल्पा विस्मिता रूपसम्पदा ॥२०॥ ततोऽनारी हो विष्टभ्य विमानानि दिवीकसः। अबुवन् नैषधं राजन् अवतीर्य नमस्तलात् ॥३०॥ भी भी नैषध राजेन्द्र नल सत्यवती भवान्। अस्माकं कुरु साहाय्यं दूती भव नरीत्रम ॥३१॥

॥ इति नलोपाख्याने द्वितीयः सर्गः ॥२॥

Suitors for her hand the Rájas, her of all the world the pearl, O thou mighty giant-slayer! one and all approach to woo.

As he spake, the world-protectors with the god of fire drew near;

Of the immortals all, the highest stood before the king of gods.

As they all stood silent hearing Nárada's majestic speech,

All exclaimed in sudden rapture, 'Thither we likewise will go;'

All the immortals on the instant, with their chariots, with their hosts,

Hastened down towards Vidarbha, where the lords of earth were met.

Nala, too, no sooner heard he of that concourse of the kings, Set he forth, with soul all sanguine, full of Damayantí's love.

Saw the gods, king Nala standing on the surface of the earth;

Standing in transcendent beauty, equal to the god of love.

Him beheld the world's high guardians, in his radiance like the sun;

Each arrested stood and silent, at his peerless form amazed.

All their chariots the celestials in the midway air have checked,

Through the blue air then descending, they Nishadha's king address:

'Ho! what, ho! Nishadha's monarch, Nala, king, for truth renowned;

Do our bidding, bear our message, O, most excellent of men!'

END OF BOOK II.

### वृहदश्व उवाच।

तेभ्यः प्रतिज्ञाय नलः करिष्य इति भारत । अर्थेतान् परिपप्रच्छ कृताञ्जलिर् उपस्थितः ॥१॥ के वै भवनाः कश्चासौ यस्याहं दूत ईप्सितः। किञ्च तद् वो मया कार्य कथयध्वं यथातथं ॥२॥ एवम् उक्ते नैषधेन मघवान् अभ्यभाषत। अमरान् वै निवोधास्मान् दमयन्यर्थम् आगतान् ॥३॥ ञ्रहम् इन्द्रोऽयम् अग्निश्व तथैवायम् अपाम्पतिः। शरीरान्तकरो नृणां यमोऽयम् अपि पार्थिव ॥४॥ तं वै समागतान् ऋसान् दमयन्यै निवेदय। लोकपाला महेन्द्राद्याः सभां यान्ति दिदृश्चवः ॥५॥ प्राप्तुम् इच्छिना देवास् तां शक्रोऽियर् वरुणो यमः। तेषाम् अन्यतमं देवं पतित्वे वरयस्व ह ॥६॥ एवम् उक्तः स शकेण नलः प्राञ्जलिर् अववीत्। एकार्थसमुपेतं मां न प्रेषयितुम् ऋर्हेथ ॥ १॥ कथं तु जातसङ्कल्यः स्त्रियम् उत्सहते पुमान्। परार्थम् ईदृशं वक्तुं तत् क्षमन्तु महेश्वराः ॥ ।।।

## देवा जचुः।

करिष्य इति संश्रुत्य पूर्वम् असासु नैषध। न करिष्यसि कसात् तं व्रज नैषध माचिरं॥९॥

वृहदम्ब उवाच।

एवम् उक्तः स देवैस् तैर् नैषधः पुनर् अव्रवीत्। सुरिक्षतानि वेश्मानि प्रवेष्टुं कथम् उत्सहे॥१०॥

### VRIHADAŚVA spake:

NALA made his solemn promise, 'All your bidding will I do;' Then with folded hands adoring humbly of their will enquired. 'Who are ye? to whom must Nala as your welcome herald go? What is my commanded service? tell me, mighty gods, the truth.' Spake the sovereign of Nishadha, Indra answered thus and said:-'Know us, the Immortals, hither come for Damayanti's love. Indra I, and you is Agni, and the king of waters there— Slayer he of mortal bodies, Yama, too, is here, O king! Thou, O Nala, of our coming must to Damayantí tell: Thee to see, the world's dread guardians, Indra and the rest came down, Indra, Agni, Varun, Yama, each to seek thine hand are come. One of these celestial beings choose, O maiden, for thy lord.' Nala, thus addressed by Indra, with his folded hands replied: 'Thus, with one accord commanding, on this mission send not me. How can man, himself enamoured, for another plead his cause? Spare me then, ye gods, in mercy, this unwelcome service, spare.'

### THE GODS spake:

'I will do your bidding freely,' thus thou'st said, Nishadha's king; Wilt thou now belie thy promise? Nala, go, nor more delay.

### Vṛihadaśva spake:

By the gods adjured so sternly, thus rejoined Nishadha's king:—
'Strictly guarded is you palace, how may I find entrance there?'

प्रवेष्ट्यसीति तं शकः पुनर् एवाभ्यभाषत । स जगाम तथेत्युक्का दमयन्या निवेशनं ॥ ११॥ ददर्भ तच वैदर्भी सखीगणसमावृतां। देदीप्यमानां वपुषा श्रिया च वरवर्षिनीं ॥ १२॥ अतीव सुकुमाराङ्गीं तनुमध्यां सुलोचनां। आि पन्तीम् इव प्रभां शशिनः स्वेन तेजसा ॥ १३॥ तस्य दृष्ट्वेव ववृधे कामम् तां चारुहासिनीं। सत्यं चिकीर्षमाणस्तु धारयामास हच्छयं ॥ १४॥ ततस् ता नैषधं दृष्ट्वा सम्भान्ताः परमाङ्गनाः। ञ्चासनेभ्यः समुत्पेतुम् तेजसा तस्य धर्षिताः ॥१५॥ प्रश्यंसुश्व सुप्रीता नलं ता विस्मयान्विताः। न चैनम् ऋभ्यभाषना मनोभिस् तभ्यपूजयन् ॥१६॥ अही रूपम् अही कान्तिर् अही धैर्यं महात्मनः। कोऽयं देवोऽथवा यक्षो गन्धर्वो वा भविष्यति ॥१९॥ न तास् तं शक्नुविन सा व्याहर्तुम् ऋपि किञ्चन। तेजसा धर्षितास् तस्य लज्जावत्यो वराङ्गनाः ॥१८॥ अर्थेनं सायमानं तु सितपूर्वाभिभाषिणी। दमयन्ती नलं वीरम् अभ्यभाषत विस्मिता ॥ १९॥ कस् तं सर्वानवद्याङ्ग मम हुन्छयवर्धन। प्राप्तीऽस्यमरवद् वीर ज्ञातुम् इच्छामि तेऽनघ ॥२०॥ कथम् आगमनं चेह कथं चासि न लिख्तः। मुरिक्षतं हि मे वेश्म राजा चैवीयशासनः ॥२१॥ एवम् उक्तस्तु वैदर्भा नलम् तां प्रत्युवाच ह।

नल उवाच। नलं मां विद्धि कल्याणि देवदूतम् इहागतं॥२२॥ देवाम् तां प्राप्तुम् इच्छित्ति शक्रीऽग्निर् वरुणो यमः।

'Thou shalt enter;' thus did Indra to the unwilling king reply. In the bower of Damayantí, as they spake, king Nala stood. There he saw Vidarbha's maiden, girt with all her virgin bands; In her glowing beauty shining, all excelling in her form; Every limb in smooth proportion, slender waist and lovely eyes; E'en the moon's soft gleam disdaining in her own o'erpowering light. As he gazed, his love grew warmer to the softly smiling maid, Yet to keep his truth, his duty, all his passion he suppressed. Then Nishadha's king beholding, all those maids with beauteous limbs From their seats sprang up in wonder, at his matchless form amazed. In their rapture to king Nala, all admiring, homage paid; Yet, not venturing to accost him, in their secret souls adored. 'Oh the beauty! oh the splendour! oh the mighty hero's strength! Who is he? or god, or Yaksha, or Gandharba may he be?' Not one single word to utter, dared that fair-limbed maiden band; All struck dumb before his beauty, in their bashful silence stood. Smiling, first, upon the monarch, as on her he gently smiled, Damayantí, in her wonder, to the hero Nala spake:— 'Who art thou of form so beauteous, thou that wakenest all my love? Cam'st thou here like an immortal? I would know thee, sinless chief. How hast entered in our palace? how hast entered all unseen? Watchful are our chamber-wardens, stern the mandate of the king. By the maiden of Vidarbha Nala thus addressed, replied: -

### NALA spake:

Know, O loveliest, I am Nala, here the messenger of gods,
Gods desirous to possess thee; one of these, the lord of heaven,

तेषाम् अन्यतमं देवं पतिं वरय शोभने ॥२३॥
तेषाम् एव प्रभावेन प्रविष्टोऽहम् अलिख्तः।
प्रविश्वनां न मां किखद् अपश्यन् नाप्यवारयत्॥२४॥
एतदर्थम् अहं भद्रे प्रेषितः सुरसत्तमेः।
एतच् छुता शुभे वृद्धं प्रकुरुष्व यथेच्छिसि ॥२५॥
॥ इति नलीपाख्याने तृतीयः सर्गः॥३॥

## वृहदश्व उवाच।

सा नमस्कृत्य देवेभ्यः प्रहस्य नलम् अववीत्।
प्रणयस्व यथाश्रद्धं राजन् किं करवाणि ते ॥१॥
श्रहं चैव हि यच् चान्यन् ममास्ति वसु किञ्चन।
तत् सर्वे तव विश्रव्यं कुरु प्रणयम् ईश्वर ॥२॥
हंसानां वचनं यत् तु तन् मां दहति पार्थिव।
तकृते हि मया वीर राजानः सिन्धपातिताः ॥३॥
यदि तं भजमानां मां प्रत्याख्यास्यिस मानद।
विषम् अग्निं जलं रज्जुम् आस्थास्ये तव कारणात् ॥४॥
एवम् उक्तम् तु वैदर्भा नलम् तां प्रत्युवाच ह।
तिष्ठत्सु लोकपालेषु कथं मानुषम् इद्धिसि ॥५॥
येषाम् अहं लोककृताम् ईश्वराणां महात्मनां।
न पादरजसा तुल्यो मनम् ते तेषु वर्ततां ॥६॥
विप्रियं द्याचरन् मत्यों देवानां मृत्युम् ऋद्धिति।
चाहि माम् अनवद्याङ्गि वरयस्व सुरोत्तमान्॥९॥

Indra, Agni, Varun, Yama, choose thou, princess, for thy lord.

Through their power, their power almighty, I have entered here unseen;

As I entered in thy chamber none hath seen, and none might stay.

This, the object of my mission, fairest, from the highest gods,

Thou hast heard me, noble princess, even as thou wilt, decide.

END OF BOOK III.

### VRIHADAŚVA spake:

To the gods performed her homage, smiled she, and to Nala spake:—

'Pledge to me thy faith, O Rája, how that faith may I requite?

I myself, and whatsoever in the world I have, is thine—

In full trust is thine—O grant me in thy turn thy love, O king!

'Tis the swan's enamouring language that hath kindled all my soul.

Only for thy sake, O hero, are the assembled Rájas met.

But if thou mine homage scornest, scornest me, all honoured king,

Poison for thy sake, fire, water, the vile noose will I endure.'

So, when spake Vidarbha's maiden, Nala answered thus, and said:—

'With the world's dread guardians present wilt thou mortal husband choose?

We with them, the world's creators, with these mighty lords compared,

Lowlier than the dust they tread on, raise to them thy loftier mind.

Man the gods displeasing, hastens to inevitable death—

Fair-limbed! from that fate preserve me, choose the all-excelling gods.

विरजांसि च वासांसि दिव्याश चिनाः सजस् तथा। भूषणानि च मुख्यानि देवान् प्राप्य तु भुंस्व वै ॥ ६॥ य इमां पृथिवीं कृत्सां सङ्क्षिप यसते पुनः। हुताशम् ईशं देवानां का तं न वरयेत् पतिं ॥ ९॥ यस्य दराडभयात् सर्वे भूतयामाः समागताः। धर्मम् एवानुरुध्यन्ति का तं न वरयेत् पतिं ॥१०॥ धर्मात्मानं महात्मानं दैत्यदानवमर्दनं। महेन्द्रं सर्वदेवानां का तं न वरयेत् पतिं ॥ ११॥ क्रियताम् अविशङ्केन मनसा यदि मन्यसे। वरुणं लोकपालानां मुहृहाक्यम् इदं शृणु ॥ १२॥ नैषधेनैवमुक्ता सा दमयन्ती वचोऽबवीत्। समाघ्रुताभ्यां नेचाभ्यां शोकजेनाथ वारिखा ॥ १३॥ देवेभ्योऽहं नमस्कृत्य सर्वेभ्यः पृथिवीपते। वृणे लाम् एव भर्तारं सत्यम् एतद् ब्रवीमि ते ॥ १४॥ ताम् उवाच तती राजा वेपमानां कृताञ्जलिं। दौत्येनागत्य कल्याणि कथं स्वार्थम् इहोत्सहे ॥ १५॥ क्यं ह्यहं प्रतिश्रुत्य देवतानां विशेषतः। परार्थे यत्नम् आरभ्य कथं स्वार्थम् इहोत्सहे ॥ १६॥ एष धर्मो यदि स्वार्थो ममापि भविता ततः। एवं स्वार्थं करिषामि तथा भद्रे विधीयतां ॥ १९॥ ततो वाष्पाकुलां वाचं दमयन्ती गुचिस्मिता। प्रत्याहरन्ती शनकेर् नलं राजानम् अववीत् ॥ १६॥ उपायोऽयं मया दृष्टी निरपायो नरेश्वर। येन दोषो न भविता तव राजन् कथञ्चन ॥ १९॥ त्वज्ज्ञेव हि नरश्रेष्ठ देवाश् चेन्द्रपुरोगमाः। ञ्रायान्तु सहिताः सर्वे मम यच स्वयंवरः ॥२०॥

Robes by earthly dust unsullied, crowns of amaranthine flowers,

Every bright celestial glory, wedded to the gods, enjoy.

He, who all the world compressing, with devouring might consumes,

Sovereign of the gods, Hutáśa, where is she who would not wed?

He, in awe of whose dread sceptre all the assembled hosts of men

Cultivate eternal justice, where is she who would not wed?

Him the all-righteous, lofty-minded, slayer of the infernal host,

Of all gods, the mighty monarch, who is she that would not wed?

Nor let trembling doubt arrest thee, in thy mind if thou couldst choose

Varuṇa, amongst earth's guardians; hear the language of a friend.

To the sovereign of Nishadha Damayantí spake, and said, And her eyes grew dim with moisture flowing from her inward grief:-'To the gods, to all, my homage, king of earth, I humbly pay; Yet thee only, thee, my husband, may I choose, Be this my vow!' Answered he the trembling maiden, as with folded hands she stood, 'Bound upon this solemn mission, mine own cause how dare I urge? Plighted by a sacred promise to the everlasting gods; Thus engaged to plead for others, for myself I may not plead. This my duty; yet hereafter come I on my own behalf, Then I'll plead mine own cause boldly, weigh it, beauteous, in thy thought.' Damayantí smiled serenely, and with tear-impeded speech, Uttered brokenly and slowly, thus to royal Nala spake:-'Yet I see a way of refuge, 'tis a blameless way, O king; Whence no sin to thee, O Rája, may by any chance arise. Thou, O noblest of all mortals, and the gods by Indra led, Come and enter in together, where the Svayamvara meets;

ततोऽहं लोकपालानां सिन्धी तां नरेश्वर।
वरिषये नरव्याघ्र नैवं दोषो भिवष्यति ॥२१॥
एवम् उक्तस्तु वैदर्भ्या नलो राजा विशाम्पते।
ग्राजगाम पुनस् तव यव देवाः समागताः ॥२२॥
तम् अपश्यंस् तथायानां लोकपाला महेश्वराः।
दृष्ट्वा चैनं ततोऽपृद्धन् वृत्तानां सर्वम् एव तं॥२३॥
किम् अववीच नः सर्वान् वद भूमिपतेऽनघ ॥२४॥

### नल उवाच।

भविद्वर् अहम् आदिष्टी दमयन्या निवेशनं।
प्रविष्टः सुमहाकसं दिग्रिः स्थिविरेर् वृतं ॥२५॥
प्रविश्वनात्त्र मां तच न किश्चद् दृष्टवान् नरः।
ज्ञाते तां पार्थिवसुतां भवताम् एव तेजसा ॥२६॥
सख्यश् चास्या मया दृष्टास् ताभिश् चाणुपलिक्षतः।
विस्मिताश्वाभवन् सर्वा दृष्ट्वा मां विवुधेश्वराः ॥२९॥
वर्ण्यमानेषु च मया भवत्सु रुचिरानना।
माम् एव गतसङ्कल्पा वृणीते सा सुरोत्तमाः ॥२६॥
अव्विचेव मां बाला आयान्तु सिहताः सुराः।
लया सह नरव्याघ्र मम यच स्वयंवरः ॥२९॥
तेषाम् अहं सिन्धी तां वरियणामि नेषध।
एवं तव महाबाहो दोषो न भिवतेति ह ॥३०॥
एतावद् एव विवुधा यथावृत्तम् उदाहृतं।
मया शेषे प्रमाणं तु भवन्तस् चिदशेश्वराः॥३९॥

॥ इति नलीपाख्याने चतुर्थः सर्गः ॥४॥

Then will I, before the presence of the guardians of the world,

Name thee, lord of men! my husband, nor to thee may blame accrue.'

By the maiden of Vidarbha, royal Nala thus addressed,

Back again returned, where waited eager, the expecting gods.

Him, the mighty lords, earth's guardians, ere he yet drew near, beheld,

Him they saw, and bade him instant all his tidings to unfold—

'Was she seen of thee, O monarch, Damayantí with soft smile?

Spake she of us all? what said she? tell, O blameless lord of earth.'

### NALA spake:

To the bower of Damayantí, on your solemn mission sent,
Entered I the lofty portal, by the aged warders watched;
Mortal eye might not behold me, there as swift I entered in;
None save that fair Rája's daughter, through your all-prevailing power.
And her virgin handmaids saw I, and by them in turn was seen;
And they all in mute amazement gazed upon me as I stood.
I described your godlike presence, but the maid with beauteous face
Chooses me, bereft of reason, O most excellent of gods!
Thus she spake, that maiden princess, 'Let the gods together come,
Come with thee, O king of mortals, where the Svayamvara meets;
There will I, before their presence, choose thee, Rája, for my lord.
So to thee, O strong-armed warrior, may no blame, no fault ensue.'
Thus it was, even as I tell you word for word did it befall;
As for what remains, the judgment rests with you, of gods the chief!

END OF BOOK IV.

# वृहदश्व उवाच।

अय काले गुभे प्राप्ते तियौ पुर्यये क्षर्णे तथा। ञ्चाजुहाव महीपालान् भीमी राजा स्वयंवरे ॥१॥ तच् छुला पृथिवीपालाः सर्वे हुळ्यपीडिताः। त्वरिताः समुपाजग्मुर् दमयन्तीम् अभीप्तवः ॥२॥ कनकस्तम्भरुचिरं तीर्णेन विराजितं। विविशुस् ते नृपा रङ्गं महासिंहा द्वाचलं ॥३॥ तचासनेषु विविधेष्वासीनाः पृषिवीक्षितः। सुरभिस्रग्धराः सर्वे प्रमृष्टमिण्कुगडलाः ॥४॥ तच स्म पीना दृश्यनो बाहवः परिघोपमाः। ञ्चाकारवर्णसृष्टक्षाः पञ्चशीर्षा द्वीरगाः ॥५॥ मुकेशानानि चारूणि मुनासाक्षिभुवाणि च। मुखानि राज्ञां शोभनो नश्चचािण यथा दिवि ॥६॥ तां राजसिमतिं पुरायां नागैर् भीगवतीम् इव। सम्पूर्णी पुरुषव्याघेर् व्याघेर् गिरिगुहाम् इव ॥ ९॥ दमयन्ती ततो रङ्गं प्रविवेश शुभानना। मुष्णन्ती प्रभया राज्ञां चक्षूंषि च मनांसि च ॥ ७॥ तस्या गात्रेषु पतिता तेषां दृष्टिर् महात्मनां। तच तचैव सक्ताभून् न चचाल च पश्यतां ॥९॥ ततः सङ्कीर्त्यमानेषु राज्ञां नामसु भारत। ददर्भ भेमी पुरुषान् पञ्च तुल्याकृतीन् ऋष ॥ १०॥ तान् समी स्य ततः सर्वान् निर्विशेषाकृतीन् स्थितान्। सन्देहाद् ऋष वैदर्भी नाभ्यजानान् नलं नृपं ॥११॥

### VRIHADAŚVA spake:

CAME the day of happy omen, moonday meet, and moment apt; Bhima to the Svayamvara summoned all the lords of earth. One and all, upon the instant, rose th' enamoured lords of earth, Suitors all to Damayantí in their loving haste they came. They, the court with golden columns rich, and glittering portal arch, Like the lions on the mountains entered they the hall of state. There the lords of earth were seated, each upon his several throne; All their fragrant garlands wearing, all with pendant ear-gems rich. Arms were seen robust and vigorous as the ponderous battle mace, Some like the five-headed serpents, delicate in shape and hue: With bright locks profuse and flowing, fine-formed nose, and eye and brow, Shone the faces of the Rájas like the radiant stars in heaven. As with serpents, Bhogavatí, the wide hall was full of kings; As the mountain-caves with tigers, with the tiger-warriors full. Damayantí in her beauty entered on that stately scene, With her dazzling light entrancing every eye and every soul. O'er her lovely person gliding all the eyes of those proud kings; There were fixed, there moveless rested, as they gazed upon the maid. Then as they proclaimed the Rájas, (by his name was each proclaimed,) In dismay saw Bhima's daughter, five in garb, in form the same. On those forms, all undistinguished each from each, she stood and gazed. In her doubt Vidarbha's princess Nala's form might not discern,

यं यं हि ददृशे तेषां तं तं मेने नलं नृपं। सा चिन्तयन्ती बुद्धाय तर्कयामास भाविनी। कथं हि देवान् जानीयां कथं विद्यां नलं नृपं ॥ १२॥ एवं सञ्चिन्तयन्ती सा वैदर्भी भृशदुःखिता। श्रुतानि देवलिङ्गानि तर्कयामास भारत ॥१३॥ देवानां यानि लिङ्गानि स्थविरेभ्यः श्रुतानि मे। तानीह तिष्ठतां भूमाव् एकस्यापि न लक्षये ॥१४॥ सा विनिश्चित्य बहुधा विचार्य च पुनः पुनः। शर्गं प्रति देवानां प्राप्तकालम् अमन्यत ॥ १५॥ वाचा च मनसा चैव नमस्तारं प्रयुज्य सा। देवेभ्यः प्राञ्जलिर् भूता वेपमानेदम् अववीत् ॥ १६॥ हंसानां वचनं श्रुवा यथा मे नैषधो वृतः। पतिले तेन सत्येन देवास् तं प्रदिशन्तु मे ॥ १९॥ मनसा वचसा चैव यथा नाभिचराम्यहं। तेन सत्येन विबुधास् तम् एवं प्रदिशन्तु मे ॥१६॥ यथा देवैः स में भर्ता विहिती निषधाधिपः। तेन सत्येन मे देवास् तम् एव प्रदिशन्तु मे ॥१९॥ यथेदं व्रतम् आरब्धं नलस्याराधने मया। तेन सत्येन मे देवास् तम् एव प्रदिशन्तु मे ॥२०॥ स्वज्वेव रूपं कुर्वना लोकपाला महेश्वराः। यथाहम् अभिजानीयां पुरायश्चीकं नराधिपं ॥२१॥ निशम्य दमयन्यास् तत् करुणं परिदेवितं। निश्वयं परमं तथ्यम् अनुरागच नैषधे ॥२२॥ मनोविशु डिं बुडिज्ब भिक्तं रागज्व नैषधे। यथोक्तं चिकरे देवाः सामर्थ्यं लिङ्गधारणे ॥२३॥ सापश्यद् विबुधान् सर्वान् अस्वेदान् स्तव्यलोचनान्।

Whichsoe'er the form she gazed on, him her Nala, him she thought. She within her secret spirit deeply pondering, stood and thought: 'How shall I the gods distinguish? royal Nala how discern?' Pondering thus Vidarbha's maiden in the anguish of her heart-Th' attributes of the immortals sought, as heard of yore, to see. 'Th' attributes of each celestial, that our aged sires describe, As on earth they stand before me, not of one may I discern.' Long she pondered in her silence, and again, again she thought. To the gods, her only refuge, turned she at this trying hour. With her voice and with her spirit she her humble homage paid. Folding both her hands and trembling to the gods the maiden spake: 'As when heard the swan's sweet language chose I then Nishadha's king, By this truth I here adjure ye, oh, ye gods, reveal my lord! As in word or thought I swerve not from my faith, all-knowing powers! By this truth I here adjure ye, oh, ye gods, reveal my lord! As the gods themselves have destined for my lord Nishadha's king; By this truth I here adjure ye, oh, ye gods, my lord reveal! As my vow, so pledged to Nala, holily must be maintained, By this truth I here adjure ye, oh, ye gods my lord reveal! Each the form divine assume ye, earth's protectors, mighty lords; So shall I discern my Nala, I shall know the king of men.'

As they heard sad Damayantí uttering thus her piteous prayer,

At her high resolve they wonder, steadfast truth and fervent love,

Holiness of soul, and wisdom, to her lord her constant faith.

As she prayed, the gods obedient stood with attributes revealed:

With unmoistened skins the Immortals saw she, and with moveless eyes;

हृषितस्रयजोहीनान् स्थितान् अस्पृशतः स्नितिं ॥२४॥ छायादितीयो म्लानस्रग् रजःस्वेदसमन्वितः। भूमिष्ठो नैषधश्रीव निमेषेण च सूचितः ॥२५॥ सा समी स्य तु तान् देवान् पुर्ययक्षीकच भारत। नैषधं वरयामास भेमी धर्मेण पाराडव ॥२६॥ विलज्ज्माना वस्तानो जयाहायतलीचना। स्तन्धदेशेऽमृजत् तस्य स्रजं परमशोभनां ॥२९॥ वरयामास चैवैनं पतिले वरवर्णिनी। तती हा हेति सहसा मुक्तः शब्दो नराधियैः ॥२५॥ देवैर् महर्षिभिस् तच साधु साध्विति भारत। विस्मितेर् ईरितः शब्दः प्रशंसिद्धर् नलं नृपं ॥२०॥ दमयन्तीं तु कौरव्य वीरसेनसुती नृपः। आश्वासयद् वरारीहां प्रहृष्टेनान्तरात्मना ॥३०॥ यत् तं भजिस कल्याणि पुमांसं देवसिन्धी। तस्मान् मां विडि भर्तारम् एवं ते वचने रतं ॥३१॥ यावच मे धरिष्यन्ति प्राणा देहे शुचिस्मिते। तावत् त्विय भविषामि सत्यम् एतद् व्रवीमि ते ॥३२॥ दमयन्तीं तथा वाग्भिर् अभिनन्द्य कृताञ्जलिः। तौ परस्परतः प्रीतौ दृष्ट्वा लिप्पपुरीगमान्। तान् एव शर्णं देवान् जग्मतुर् मनसा तदा ॥३३॥ वृते तु नैषधे भैम्या लोकपाला महीजसः। प्रहृष्टमनसः सर्वे नलायाष्टी वरान् ददुः ॥३४॥ प्रत्यक्षदर्शनं यज्ञे गतिच्चानुत्रमां गुभां। नैषधाय ददी शकः प्रीयमागः शचीपतिः ॥३५॥ अग्निर् आत्मभवं प्रादाद् यच वाञ्छति नैषधः। लोकान् आत्मप्रभांश्वेव ददी तस्मे हुताशनः ॥३६॥

Fresh their dust-unsullied garlands hovered they, nor touched the earth. By his shadow doubled, dust-soiled, garland-drooping, moist with sweat, On the earth Nishadha's monarch stood confessed, with twinkling eyes; On the gods an instant gazed she, then upon the king of men; And of right king Bhíma's daughter named Nishadha's king her lord. Modestly the large-eyed maiden lifted up his garment's hem, Round his shoulders threw she lightly the bright zone of radiant flowers. So she chose him for her husband, Nala, that high-hearted maid. Then 'alas! alas!' burst wildly, from that conclave of the kings, And 'well done, well done,' as loudly, from the gods and sages broke. All in their extatic wonder glorified Nishadha's king. Then to royal Damayantí, Vírasena's kingly son, To that slender-waisted damsel spake he comfort in his joy; 'Since thou'st own'd me for thine husband, in the presence of the gods, For thy faithful consort know me, aye delighting in thy words. While this spirit fills this body, maiden with the smile serene! Thine am I, so long thine only, this the solemn truth I vow.' Thus he gladdened Damayantí with the assurance of his faith. Then, rejoicing in each other, that blest pair, upon the gods Led by Agni, gazed in homage, on their great protectors gazed.

Chosen thus Nishadha's monarch, the bright guardians of the world,
In their gladness all on Nala eight transcendant gifts bestowed;
To discern the visible godhead in the sacrifice, a gait
Firm and noble, Saci's husband, Indra to king Nala gave.
Agni gave his own bright presence whensoe'er the monarch called.
All the worlds instinct with splendour through his power Hutasa gave.

यमस्वन्तरसं प्रादाद् धर्मे च परमां स्थिति। अपाम्पतिर् अपाम्भावं यच वाञ्छति नैषधः ॥३७॥ स्रजश्चोत्तमगन्धाद्याः सर्वे च मिथुनं ददुः। वरान् एवं प्रदायास्य देवास् ते चिदिवं गताः ॥३६॥ पार्थिवाश्वानुभूयास्य विवाहं विस्मयान्विताः। दमयन्याश्व मुदिताः प्रतिजग्मुर् यथागतं ॥३०॥ गतेषु पार्थिवेन्द्रेषु भीमः प्रीतो महामनाः। विवाहं कारयामास दमयन्या नलस्य च ॥४०॥ उष्य तच यथाकामं नैषधी डिपदां वरः। भीमेन समनुज्ञाती जगाम नगरं स्वकं ॥४१॥ अवाय नारीरत्नं तु पुरायक्षीकोऽपि पार्थिवः। रेमे सह तया राजन् शच्येव बलवृचहा ॥४२॥ ऋतीव मुदिती राजा भाजमानोऽंशुमान् इव। अरज्ञयत् प्रजा वीरो धर्मेण परिपालयन् ॥४३॥ ईजे चापश्वमेधेन ययातिर् इव नाहुषः। अन्येश्व बहुभिर् धीमान् ऋतुभिश्वाप्तदेशि ॥ ४४॥ पुनम्ब रमणीयेषु वनेषूपवनेषु च। दमयन्या सह नली विजहारामरीपमः ॥४५॥ जनयामास च नली दमयन्या महामनाः। इन्द्रसेनं सुतज्वापि इन्द्रसेनाज्व कन्यकां ॥४६॥ एवं स यजमानश्व विहरंश्व नराधिपः। ररह्य वसुसम्पूर्णा वसुधां वसुधाधिपः ॥४०॥

॥ इति नलोपाख्याने पञ्चमः सर्गः ॥५॥

Subtle taste in food gave Yama, and in virtue eminence; Varun gave obedient water to be present at his call; Garlands too of matchless fragrance; each his double blessing gave. Thus bestowed their gracious favours, to the heavens the gods returned; And the Rájas, who with wonder Nala's marriage saw confirmed With the gentle Damayantí, as they came, in joy returned. Thus the kings of earth departed; Bhíma in his joy and pride, Solemnized the stately bridals of the maiden and the king. Fitting time when there he'd sojourned, best of men, Nishadha's king; Courteous parting with king Bhíma to his native city went. Having gained the pearl of women the majestic lord of earth Lived in bliss, as with his Sací, he that those old giants slew. In his joy the elated monarch, shining radiant as the sun, Ruled the subjects of his kingdom with a just and equal sway. Of the horse the famous offering, like Náhusha's mighty son, Every sacrifice performed he, with rich gifts to holy men. And full oft in flowering gardens, and delicious shady groves, Like a god, the royal Nala took with Damayantí joy. So begat from Damayantí, Nala, of heroic soul, Indrasená one fair daughter, Indrasen one beauteous son. Thus in sacrifice and pleasance took his joy the king of men, So the earth with riches teeming ruled the sovereign of the earth.

END OF BOOK V.

# वृहदश्व उवाच।

वृते तु नैषधे भैम्या लोकपाला महीजसः। यान्ती ददृशुर् आयान्तं द्वापरं कलिना सह ॥१॥ अयाववीत् कलिं शकः सम्प्रेस्य बलवृत्रहा। बापरेण सहायेन कले ब्रूहि क यास्यिस ॥२॥ ततोऽत्रवीत्किलः शकं दमयन्याः स्वयंवरं। गला हि वरियाचे तां मनो हि मम तां गतं॥३॥ तम् अववीत् प्रहस्येन्द्रो निवृत्तः स स्वयंवरः। वृतस् तया नली राजा पतिर् ऋस्मत्समीपतः ॥४॥ एवम् उक्तस्तु शकेण किलः क्रीधसमन्वितः। देवान् आमन्त्र्य तान् सर्वान् उवाचेदं वचस् तदा ॥५॥ देवानां मानुषं मध्ये यत् सा पतिम् अविन्दत । तच तस्या भवेन् न्याय्यं विपुलं दराडधारणं ॥६॥ एवम् उक्ते तु कलिना प्रत्यूचुस् ते दिवीकसः। अस्माभिः समनुज्ञाते दमयन्या नली वृतः ॥७॥ का च सर्वगुणीपेतं नाष्ट्रयेत नलं नृपं। यो वेद धर्मान् ऋखिलान् यथावच् चरितवतः ॥ ७॥ योऽधीते चतुरो वेदान् सर्वान् आख्यानपञ्चमान्। नित्यं तृप्ता गृहे यस्य देवा यज्ञेषु धर्मतः ॥९॥ अहिंसानिरतो यश्व सत्यवादी दृढवतः। यस्मिन् सत्यं धृतिर् दानं तपः शौचं दमः शमः ॥१०॥ धुवाणि पुरुषव्याघे लोकपालसमे नृपे। एवंरूपं नलं यो वै कामयेच् छिपतुं कले ॥ ११॥

### VŖIHADAŚVA spake:

NALA chosen by Bhima's daughter, the bright guardians of the world, As they parted thence, with Kali, Dvápara approaching saw. Kali as he saw, did Indra, did the giant-killer say, 'Here, with Dyápara attended, whither, Kali, dost thou go?' Kali spake, 'The Svayamvara we of Damayantí seek; Her I go to make my consort, into her mine heart hath passed.' 'Closed and ended is that bridal,' Indra answered with a smile, 'Nala she hath chosen for husband, in the presence of us all.' Thus addressed by Indra, Kali, in the transport of his wrath, All the heavenly gods saluting, thus his malediction spake, 'Since before the Immortals' presence she a mortal spouse did choose, Of her impious crime most justly, heavy be the penal doom.' Kali hardly thus had spoken than the heaven-born gods replied: 'With our full and liberal sanction Damayantí chose her lord. Who to Nala, with all virtue rich endowed, would not incline? He that rightly knows each duty, he who ever rightly acts, He who reads the whole four Vedas, the Puránas too the fifth, In whose palace with pure offerings ever are the gods adored, Gentle to all living creatures, true in word and strict in vow; Good and constant he, and generous, holy, temperate, patient, pure; His are all these virtues ever, equal to the earth-guarding gods. Thus endowed, the noble Nala, he, O Kali, that would curse,

श्रात्मानं स शपेन् मूढी हन्याद् श्रात्मानम् श्रात्मना।
एवङ्गुणं नलं यो वै कामयेच् छिपतुं कले ॥ १२॥
कृच्छ्रे स नरके मज्जेद् श्रगाधे विपुले हृदे।
एवम् उक्का किलं देवा डापरच दिवं ययुः ॥ १३॥
ततो गतेषु देवेषु किलर् डापरम् श्रव्नवीत्।
संहर्तुं नोत्से कीपं नले वत्स्यामि डापर ॥ १४॥
भंशियणामि तं राज्यान् न भैम्या सह रंस्यते।
तमणश्रान् समाविश्य साहाय्यं कर्तृम् श्रहेसि ॥ १५॥
॥ इति नलोपाख्याने षष्टः सर्गः ॥ ६॥

## वृहदश्व उवाच।

एवं स समयं कृता डापरेण किलः सह।
आजगाम ततस् तच यच राजा स नैषधः ॥१॥
स नित्यम् अन्तरप्रेप्तुर् निषधेष्वयसच् चिरं।
अथास्य डादशे वर्षे ददर्श किलर् अन्तरं॥२॥
कृता मूचम् उपस्पृत्र्य सन्ध्याम् अन्वास्त नैषधः।
अकृता पादयोः शौचं तचैनं किलर् आविशत्॥३॥
स समाविश्य च नलं समीपं पुष्करस्य च।
गता पुष्करम् आहेदम् एहि दीव्य नलेन व ॥४॥
अक्षद्यूते नलं जेता भवान् हि सहितो मया।
निषधान् प्रतिपद्यस्व जिता राज्यं नलं नृपं॥५॥
एवम् उक्तस्तु किलना पुष्करो नलम् अभ्ययात्।
किलिश्वेव वृषो भूता गवां पुष्करम् अभ्यगात्॥६॥
आसाद्य तु नलं वीरं पुष्करः परवीरहा।

On the fool recoil his curses, only fatal to himself.

Nala, gifted with such virtues, he, O Kali, who would curse—

Be he plunged in hell's dark torments, in the deep and vasty lake.'

Thus the gods to Kali speaking to their native heavens arose.

Soon as they had parted, Kali thus to Dvápara began:

'I my wrath can curb no longer, I henceforth in Nala dwell;

From his kingdom will I cast him, from his bliss with his sweet bride.

Thou within the dice embodied, Dvápara, my cause assist.'

END OF BOOK VI.

### VRIHADAŚVA spake:

Bound by that malignant treaty, Kali with his dark ally,
Haunted they the stately palace, where Nishadha's monarch ruled;
Watching still the fatal instant, in Nishadha long they dwelt.
Twelve long years had passed ere Kali saw that fatal instant come.
Nala after act uncleanly holy water having sipped,
Went to prayer, with feet unwashen;—Kali seized the fatal hour.
Into Nala straight he entered, and possessed his inmost soul.
Pushkara in haste he summoned—'Come, with Nala play at dice,
Ever in the gainful hazard, by my subtle aid thou'lt win,
Even the kingdom of Nishadha, even from Nala all his realm.'
Pushkara by Kali summoned, to his brother Nala came,
In the chief of dice embodied, Kali Pushkara stood near.
Pushkara the hero-slayer to king Nala standing near:

दीव्यावेत्यत्रवीट् भाता वृषेगेति मुहुर् मुहुः ॥ ७॥ न चक्षमे तती राजा समाहानं महामनाः। वैदर्भ्याः प्रेक्षमाणायाः पणकालम् अमन्यत ॥ ७॥ हिरएयस्य सुवर्णस्य यानयुग्यस्य वाससां। आविष्टः कलिना द्यूते जीयते स्म नलम् तदा ॥ ९॥ तम् अक्षमदसम्मत्तं सुहृदां न तु कश्चन। निवारणेऽभवच् छक्तो दीव्यमानम् ऋरिन्दमं ॥१०॥ ततः पौरजनाः सर्वे मन्त्रिभः सह भारत। राजानं द्रष्टुम् ञ्चागच्छन् निवारियतुम् ञ्चातुरं ॥ १९॥ ततः सूत उपागम्य दमयन्यै न्यवेदयत्। एष पौरजनो देवि हारि तिष्ठति कार्यवान् ॥१२॥ निवेद्यतां नेषधाय सर्वाः प्रकृतयः स्थिताः। अमृष्यमाणा व्यसनं राज्ञी धर्मार्थदर्शिनः ॥ १३॥ ततः सा वाष्पकलया वाचा दुःखेन कर्षिता। उवाच नैषधं भैमी शोकोपहतचेतना ॥१४॥ राजन् पौरजनो हारि लां दिदृश्चर् अवस्थितः। मन्त्रिभः सहितः सर्वे राजभिक्तपुरस्कृतः। तं द्रष्टुम् ऋईसीत्येवं पुनः पुनर् अभाषत ॥१५॥ तां तथा रुचिरापाङ्गीं विलपन्तीं तथाविधां। ञ्जाविष्टः कलिना राजा नाभ्यभाषत किञ्चन ॥ १६॥ ततस् ते मन्त्रिणः सर्वे ते चैव पुरवासिनः। नायम् अस्तीति दुःखाता वीडिता जग्मुर् आलयान् ॥१९॥ तथा तद् अभवद् द्यूतम् पुष्करस्य नलस्य च। युधिष्ठिर बहून् मासान् पुरायश्चोकस्वजीयत ॥१८॥

॥ इति नलीपाख्याने सप्तमः सर्गः ॥ ७॥

'Play we with the dice, my brother,' thus again his brother said. Long the lofty-minded Rája that bold challenge might not brook, In Vidarbha's princess' presence deemed he now the time for play. For his wealth, his golden treasures, for his chariots, for his robes, Then possessed by Kali, Nala in the game was worsted still. He with love of gaming maddened, of his faithful friends not one Might arrest the desperate frenzy of the conqueror of his foes. Came the citizens assembling, with the counsellors of state, To behold the king approached they to restrain his dread disease. Then the charioteer advancing thus to Damayantí spake: 'All the city, noble princess, stands assembled at the gate, Say thou to Nishadha's monarch, "All his subjects here are met; Ill they brook this dire misfortune in their justice-loving king.", Then, her voice half-choked with anguish, spake the sorrow-stricken queen, Spirit-broken, Bhíma's daughter to Nishadha's sovereign spake, 'Rája, lo! the assembled city at the gate their king to see: With the counsellors of wisdom, by their loyal duty led. Deign thou, monarch, to admit them,' thus again, again she said. To the queen with beauteous eyelids uttering thus her sad lament, Still possessed by wicked Kali, answered not the king a word. Then those counsellors of wisdom, and those loyal citizens, "Tis not he," exclaimed in sorrow, and in shame and grief went home. Thus of Pushkara and Nala still went on that fatal play; Many a weary month it lasted, and still lost the king of men.

END OF BOOK VII.

# वृहदश्व उवाच।

दमयन्ती ततो दृष्ट्वा पुरायस्त्रोकं नराधिपं। उन्मत्तवद् अनुन्मत्ता देवने गतचेतसं ॥१॥ भयशोकसमाविष्टा राजन् भीमसुता ततः। चिन्तयामास तत् कार्ये सुमहत् पार्थिवं प्रति ॥२॥ सा शङ्कमाना तत्पापं चिकीर्षन्ती च तत्प्रयं। नलच हतसर्वस्वम् उपलभ्येदम् अववीत् ॥३॥ वृहत्सेनाम् अतियशां तां धाचीं परिचारिकां। हितां सर्वार्थकुशलाम् अनुरक्तां सुभाषितां ॥४॥ वृहत्सेने वजामात्यान् ञ्चानाय्य नलशासनात्। ञ्राचस्व यद् धृतं द्रव्यम् ञ्जवशिष्टञ्च यद् वसु ॥५॥ ततस् ते मन्त्रिणः सर्वे विज्ञाय नलशासनं। अपि नी भागधेयं स्याद् इत्युक्का नलम् आवजन् ॥६॥ तास्तु सर्वाः प्रकृतयो हितीयं समुपस्थिताः । न्यवेदयद् भीमसुता न च स प्रत्यनन्दत ॥७॥ वाक्यम् अप्रतिनन्दनं भर्तारम् अभिवीस्य सा। दमयन्ती पुनर् वेश्म बीडिता प्रविवेश ह ॥ ৮॥ निशम्य सततं चास्रान् पुर्यस्थोकपराङ्मुखान्। नलज्ब हतसर्वस्वं धात्रीं पुनर् उवाच हँ॥९॥ वृहत्सेने पुनर् गच्छ वार्ष्णयं नलशासनात्। सूतम् ञ्चानय कल्याणि महत् कार्यम् उपस्थितं ॥ १०॥ वृहत्सेना तु तच् छूला दमयन्या प्रभाषितं।

### VRIHADAŚVA spake:

Damayantí then beholding Punyaśloka, king of men, Undistracted, him distracted with the maddening love of play. In her dread and in her sorrow thus did Bhíma's daughter speak; Pondering on the weighty business that concerned the king of men; Trembling at his guilty frenzy, yet to please him still intent. Nala, 'reft of all his treasures, when the noble woman saw, Thus addressed she Vrihatsená, her old faithful slave and nurse, Friendly, in all business dextrous, most devoted, wise in speech: 'Vrihatsená, go, the council as at Nala's call convene, Say what he hath lost of treasure, and what treasure yet remains.' Then did all that reverend council, Nala's summons as they heard, 'Our own fate is now in peril,' speaking thus, approach the king. And a second time his subjects all assembling, crowded near, And the queen announced their presence; of her words he took no heed. All her words thus disregarded, when king Bhíma's daughter found, To the palace Damayantí to conceal her shame returned. When the dice she heard for ever adverse to the king of men, And of all bereft, her Nala, to the nurse again she spake: 'Go again, my Vrihatsená, in the name of Nala, go, To the charioteer, Várshneya, great the deed must now be done.' Vrihatsená on the instant Damayantí's words she heard,

वार्षोयम् ञ्चानयामास पुरुषेर् ञ्चाप्तकारिभिः ॥ ११॥ वार्णीयं तु ततो भैमी सान्तयन् श्वक्ष्णया गिरा। उवाच देशकालज्ञा प्राप्तकालम् अनिन्दिता ॥१२॥ जानीषे तं यथा राजा सम्यग्वृत्तः सदा त्वि । तस्य तं विषमस्थस्य साहाय्यं कर्तुम् ऋईसि ॥ १३॥ यथा यथा हि नृपतिः पुष्करेगीव जीयते। तथा तथास्य वे द्यूते रागी भूयोऽभिवर्धते ॥ १४॥ यथा च पुष्करस्याद्याः पतन्ति वशवर्तिनः। तथा विपर्ययश्वापि नलस्याशेषु दृश्यते ॥ १५॥ मुह्नस्वजनवाच्यानि यथावन्न भृणोति च। ममापि च तथा वाक्यं नाभिनन्दति मीहितः ॥१६॥ नूनं मन्ये न दोषोऽस्ति नैषधस्य महात्मनः। यतु मे वचनं राजा नाभिनन्दित मोहितः ॥ १९॥ शर्गं तां प्रपनाऽस्मि सार्थे कुरु महचः। न हि मे शुध्यते भावः कदाचिद् विनशेद् अपि ॥ १६॥ नलस्य दियतान् अश्वान् योजयिता मनोजवान्। इदम् आरोप मियुनं कुरिइनं यातुम् ऋईसि ॥ १९॥ मम ज्ञातिषु निश्चिय दारको स्यन्दनं तथा। अश्वांश् चेमान् यथाकामं वस वान्यच गच्छ वा ॥२०॥ दमयन्यास्तु तद् वाक्यं वार्षोयो नलसारिषः। न्यवेदयद् अशेषेण नलामात्येषु मुख्यशः ॥२१॥ तैः समेत्य विनिश्चित्य सीऽनुज्ञाती महीपते। ययो मिथुनम् आरोप विदर्भाम् तेन वाहिना ॥२२॥ हयांस् तच विनिश्चिष सूती रथवरं च तं। इन्द्रसेनाच्च तां कन्याम् इन्द्रसेनच्च वालकं ॥२३॥ श्रामन्त्र भीमं राजानम् श्रातः शोचन् नलं नृपं।

Caused the charioteer be summoned by her messengers of trust.

Bhíma's daughter to Várshneya, winning with her gentle voice,

Spake, the time, the place well choosing for the deed, nor spake in vain:

'Well thou know'st the full reliance that in thee the king hath placed,

In his fatal hour of peril wilt not thou stand forth to aid?

As by Pushkara is worsted, ever more and more the king,

More and more the fatal frenzy maddens in his heart for play.

As to Pushkara obedient ever fall the lucky dice,

Thus those dice to royal Nala still with adverse fortune fall.

Nor the voice of friend or kindred, as beseems him, will he hear;

E'en to me he will not listen, in the madness of his heart.

Of the lofty-minded Nala well I know 'tis not the sin,

That my words this senseless monarch in his frenzy will not hear.

Charioteer, to thee my refuge come I, do thou my behest;

I am not o'er calm in spirit, haply he may perish thus.

Yoke the much-loved steeds of Nala, fleet of foot, as thought, are they,

In the chariot place our children, to Kundina's city go.

Leave the children with my kindred, and the chariot and the steeds;

Then or dwell there at thy pleasure, or depart where'er thou wilt.'

When the speech of Damayantí heard king Nala's charioteer,

He, the chief of Nala's council, thus in full divan addressed,

Weighed within their solemn conclave, and their full assent obtained,

With the children in the chariot to Vidarbha straight he drove.

There he rendered up the horses with the chariot, there he left

That young maiden Indrasená, Indrasen, that noble boy.

To king Bhíma paid his homage, sad, for Nala's fall distressed,

अटमानस् ततोऽयोध्यां जगाम नगरीं तदा ॥२४॥ ऋतुपर्णे स राजानम् उपतस्ये सुदुःखितः। भृतिच्चोपययौ तस्य सारथ्येन महीपतेः॥२५॥

॥ इति नलीपाख्याने ऋष्टमः सर्गः ॥ ৮॥

# वृहदश्व उवाच।

ततस् तु याते वार्षोये पुरायस्त्रोकस्य दीव्यतः। पुष्करेण हुतं राज्यं यच्चान्यट् वसु किञ्चन ॥१॥ हृतराज्यं नलं राजन् प्रहसन् पुष्करोऽववीत्। द्यूतं प्रवर्ततां भूयः प्रतिपाणीऽस्ति कस् तव ॥२॥ शिष्टा ते दमयन्येका सर्वम् अन्यज् जितं मया। दमयन्याः पणः साधु वर्ततां यदि मन्यसे ॥३॥ पुष्करेशैवम् उक्तस्य पुरायष्ट्रीकस्य मन्युना। व्यदीर्यतेव हृदयं न चैनं किञ्चिट् अब्रवीत् ॥४॥ ततः पुष्करम् श्रालोक्य नलः परममन्युमान्। उत्मृज्य सर्वगाचेभ्यो भूषणानि महायणाः ॥५॥ एकवासा ह्यसंवीतः सुहुद्धीकविवर्धनः। निश्वकाम ततो राजा त्यक्का सुविपुलां श्रियं ॥६॥ दमयन्येकवस्ताऽय गळ्जनं पृष्ठतोऽन्वगात्। स तया वाह्यतः सार्धे चिराचं नैषधीऽवसत् ॥ ७॥ पुष्करस्तु महाराज घोषयामास वै पुरे। नले यः सम्यग् ञ्रातिष्ठेत् स गच्छेद् बध्यतां मम ॥ ७॥ Thence departing, to Ayodhyá, took the charioteer his way. In his grief to Rituparna, that illustrious king, he came, As his charioteer, the service entered of the lord of earth.

END OF BOOK VIII.

### VRIHADAŚVA spake:

Scarce Várshneya had departed, still the king of men played on, Till to Pushkara his kingdom, all that he possessed, was lost. Nala then, despoiled of kingdom, smiling Pushkara bespake: 'Throw we yet another hazard, Nala, where is now thy stake? There remains but Damayantí, all thou hast beside, is mine. Throw we now for Damayantí, come, once more the hazard try.' Thus, as Pushkara addressed him, Puņyaśloka's inmost heart By his grief was rent asunder, not a single word he spake. And on Pushkara, king Nala in his silent anguish gazed. All his ornaments of splendour from his person stripped he off, With a single vest, scarce covered, 'mid the sorrow of his friends, Slowly wandered forth the monarch fallen from such an height of bliss. Damayantí with one garment slowly followed him behind. Three long nights Nishadha's monarch there without the gates had dwelt. Proclamation through the city then did Pushkara bid make, 'Whosoe'er befriendeth Nala shall to instant death be doomed.'

पुष्करस्य तु वाक्येन तस्य विद्वेषणेन च। पौरा न तस्य सत्कारं कृतवन्ती युधिष्ठिर ॥ ९॥ स तथा नगराभ्यासे सत्काराहीं न सत्कृतः। विराचम् उषिती राजा जलमाचेण वर्तयन् ॥१०॥ पीद्ममानः सुधा तत्र फलमूलानि कर्षयन्। प्रातिष्ठत तती राजा दमयन्ती तम् अन्वगात्॥११॥ क्षुधया पीद्ममानस्तु नली बहुतियेऽहनि। अपश्यच् छकुनान् कांश्विद् धिराएयसदृशच्छदान् ॥ १२॥ स चिन्तयामास तदा निषधाधिपतिर् बली। ऋस्ति भस्यो ममाद्यायं वसु चेदं भविष्यति ॥ १३॥ ततस् तान् परिधानेन वाससा स समावृग्णोत्। तस्य तद् वस्त्रम् आदाय सर्वे जग्मुर् विहायसा ॥ १४॥ उत्पतनाः खगा वाच्यम् एतद् आहुस् तती नलं। दृष्ट्वा दिग्वाससं भूमी स्थितं दीनम् अधोमुखं ॥ १५॥ वयम् अक्षाः मुदुर्बुडे तव वासी जिहीर्षवः। ञ्जागता न हि नः प्रीतिः सवासिस गते त्वयि ॥ १६॥ तान् समीस्य गतान् अक्षान् आत्मानच विवाससं। पुर्याश्चोकस् तदा राजन् दमयन्तीम् अथाव्रवीत् ॥१९॥ येषां प्रकोपाद् एैश्वयात् प्रच्युतोऽहम् अनिन्दिते। प्राणयाचां न विन्दे च दुःखितः श्रुधयान्वितः ॥ १८॥ येषां कृते न सत्कारम् अकुर्वन् मयि नैषधाः। त इमे शकुना भूवा वासोऽप्यपहरन्ति मे ॥१९॥ वैषम्यं परमं प्राप्तो दुःखितो गतचेतनः। भर्ता तेऽहं निबोधेदं वचनं हितम् आत्मनः ॥२०॥ एते गच्छिना बहवः पन्यानो दक्षिणापयं। अवनीम् ऋक्षवनाञ्च समितकम्य पर्वतं ॥२१॥

Thus, as Pushkara gave order, in the terror of his power, Might the citizens no longer hospitably serve the king. Near the walls, of kind reception worthiest, but by none received, Three nights longer staid the monarch, water was his only drink. He in unfastidious hunger plucked the fruits, the roots of earth. Then went forth again the outcast; Damayantí followed slow. In the agony of famine Nala, after many days, Saw some birds around him settling with their golden tinetured wings. Then the monarch of Nishadha thought within his secret heart, These to-day my welcome banquet, and my treasure these will be. Over them his single garment spreading light he wrapped them round. Up that single garment bearing to the air they sprang away; And the birds above him hovering thus in human accents spake, Naked as they saw him standing on the earth, and sad, and lone:-'Lo, we are the dice, to spoil thee thus descended, foolish king! While thou hadst a single garment all our joy was incomplete.' When the dice he saw departing, and himself without his robe, Mournfully did Punyaśloka thus to Damayantí speak: 'They, O blameless, by whose anger from my kingdom I am driven, Life-sustaining food unable in my misery to find— They, through whom Nishadha's people, may not house their outcast king-They, the forms of birds assuming, my one robe have borne away. In the dark extreme of misery, sad and frantic as I am, Hear me, princess, hear and profit by thy husband's best advice. Hence are many roads diverging to the region of the south, Passing by Avanti's city, and the height of Rikshaván;

एष विन्ध्यो महाशैलः पयोष्णी च समुद्रगा। आश्रमाश्र महर्षीणां बहुमूलफलान्विताः ॥२२॥ एष पन्था विद्भीगाम् असी गळति कीशलान्। ञ्चतः परञ्च देशोऽयं दिक्षणे दिक्षणापयः ॥२३॥ एतद् वाक्यं नलो राजा दमयन्तीं समाहितः। उवाचासकृद् आर्तो हि भैमीम् उद्दिश्य भारत ॥ २४॥ ततः सा वाष्पकलया वाचा दुःखेन कर्षिता। उवाच दमयन्ती तं नैषधं करुणं वचः ॥२५॥ उद्वेजते मे हृद्यं सीदन्यङ्गानि सर्वेशः। तव पार्थिव सङ्कल्पं चिन्तयन्याः पुनः पुनः ॥२६॥ हतराज्यं हतद्रव्यं विवस्तं सुतृषान्वितं। कथम् उत्मृज्य गच्छेयम् ऋहं तां निर्जने वने ॥२९॥ श्रान्तस्य ते श्रुधार्तस्य चिन्तयानस्य तत् सुखं। वने घोरे महाराज नाशियणाम्यहं क्रमं ॥२५॥ न च भार्यासमं किञ्चिट् विद्यते भिषजां मतं। श्रीषधं सर्वदुः खेषु सत्यम् एतद् ब्रवीमि ते ॥२०॥

### नल उवाच।

एवम् एतद् यथात्य तं दमयित सुमध्यमे। नास्ति भार्यासमं मित्रं नरस्यार्तस्य भेषजं ॥३०॥ न चाहं त्यक्कुकामस् तां किमधं भीरु शङ्कसे। त्यजेयम् अहम् आत्मानं न चैवं ताम् अनिन्दिते॥३१॥

## दमयन्युवाच।

यदि मां तं महाराज न विहातुम् इहेन्छिसि। तत् किमर्थे विदभीणां पन्याः समुपदिश्यते ॥३२॥ अवैमि चाहं नृपते न तु मां त्यक्तुम् अर्हसि। Vindhya here, the mighty mountain, and Payoshņí's seaward stream; And the lone retreats of hermits, richly stored with roots and fruits. This will lead thee to Vidarbha, this to Kośala away, Far beyond the region stretches southward to the southward clime.' In these words to Damayantí did the royal Nala speak, More than once to Bhima's daughter anxious pointing out the way. She, with voice half-choked with sorrow, with her weight of woe oppressed, These sad words did Damayantí to Nishadha's monarch speak:— 'My afflicted heart is breaking, and my sinking members fail, When, O king, thy desperate counsel once I think of, once again. Robbed of kingdom, robbed of riches, naked, thirst and hunger-worn; How shall I depart and leave thee in the wood by man untrod? When thou sad and famine-stricken thinkest of thy former bliss, In the wild wood, oh, my husband, I thy weariness will soothe! Like a wife, in every sorrow, this the wise physicians own, Healing herb is none or balsam, Nala, 'tis the truth I speak.'

### NALA spake:

Slender-waisted Damayantí, true, indeed, is all thou'st said;

Like a wife no friendly medicine to afflicted man is given.

Fear not that I thee abandon, Wherefore, timid, dread'st thou this?

Oh, myself might I abandon, and not thee, thou unreproached!

### Damayantí spake:

If indeed, oh mighty monarch, thou wilt ne'er abandon me,
Wherefore then towards Vidarbha dost thou point me out the way?
Well, I know thee, noble Nala, to desert me far too true,

चेतसा लपकृष्टेन मां त्यजेषा महीपते ॥३३॥
पन्थानं हि ममाभीक्ष्णम् आख्यासि च नरोत्तम ।
अतोनिमित्तं शोकं मे वर्धयस्यमरोपम ॥३४॥
यदि चायम् अभिप्रायस् तव ज्ञातीन् वजेद् इति ।
सहिताव् एव गच्छावो विद्भान् यदि मन्यसे ॥३५॥
विद्भराजस् तच लां पूजियषित मानद ।
तेन लं पूजितो राजन् सुखं वत्यिस नो गृहे ॥३६॥
॥ इति नलोपाख्याने नवमः सर्गः ॥९॥

## नल उवाच।

यथा राज्यं तव पितुस् तथा मम न संशयः।
न तु तच गमिष्यामि विषमस्यः कथञ्चन ॥१॥
कथं समृद्धो गलाऽहं तव हर्षविवर्धनः।
परिच्युतो गमिष्यामि तव शोकविवर्धनः॥२॥

# वृहदश्व उवाच।

इति ब्रुवन् नली राजा दमयनीं पुनः पुनः।
सान्तयामास कल्याणीं वाससीऽर्धेन संवृतां ॥३॥
ताव् एकवस्त्रसंवीताव् अटमानाव् इतस्ततः।
स्रुत्पिपासापरिश्रान्ती सभां काञ्चिद् उपेयतुः॥४॥
तां सभाम् उपसम्प्राप्य तदा स निषधाधिपः।
वैदर्भ्या सहितो राजा निषसाद महीतले ॥५॥
स वै विवस्त्रो विकटो मलिनः पांशुगुरिहतः।

Only with a soul distracted would'st thou leave me, lord of earth.

Yet, again, the way thou pointest, yet, again, thou best of men,

Thus my sorrow still enhancing, oh, thou like the immortal gods!

If this be thy better counsel, 'to her kindred let her go,'

Be it so, and both together, to Vidarbha set we forth.

Thee Vidarbha's king will honour, honour'd in his turn by thee;

Held in high respect and happy in our mansion thou shalt dwell.

END OF BOOK IX.

#### NALA spake:

MIGHTY is thy father's kingdom, once was mine as mighty too;

Never will I there seek refuge in my base extremity.

There I once appeared in glory, to the exalting of thy pride;

Shall I now appear in misery, to the increasing of thy shame?

### VRIHADAŚVA spake:

Nala thus to Damayantí spake again, and yet again,
Comforting the noble lady, scant in half a garment clad.

Both together by one garment covered, roamed they here and there;
Wearied out by thirst and famine, to a cabin they drew near.

When they reached that lowly cabin then did great Nishadha's king
With the princess of Vidarbha on the hard earth seat them down;
Naked, with no mat to rest on, wet with mire and stained with dust.

दमयन्या सह श्रानाः सुद्वाप धरणीतले ॥६॥ दमयन्यपि कल्याणी निद्रयाऽपहृता ततः। सहसा दुःखम् श्रासाद्य सुकुमारी तपस्विनी ॥७॥ सुप्तायां दमयन्यां तु नली राजा विशाम्पते। शोकोन्मिथतचित्रात्मा न स्म शेते यथा पुरा ॥ ७॥ स तद् राज्यापहरणं सुहत्त्यागञ्च सर्वेशः। वने च तं परिध्वंसं प्रेक्ष चिन्ताम् उपेयिवान् ॥९॥ किं नु मे स्याद् इदं कृता किं नु मे स्याद् अकुर्वतः। किं नु मे मरणं श्रेयः परित्यागी जनस्य वा ॥ १०॥ माम् इयं ह्यनुरक्तेव दुःखं प्राप्नोति मन्कृते। मिहहीना लियं गच्छेत् कदाचित् स्वजनं प्रति ॥ ११॥ मिय निःसंश्यं दुःखम् इयम् प्राप्यत्यनुवता । उत्मर्गे संशयः स्यातु विन्देतापि मुखं क्वचित्॥ १२॥ स विनिश्चित्य बहुधा विचार्य च पुनः पुनः। उत्सर्गे मन्यते श्रेयो दमयन्या नराधिपः ॥१३॥ न चैषा तेजसा शक्या कैश्विद् धर्षयितुं पथि। यशस्विनी महाभागा मङ्गत्तेयं पतिवता ॥१४॥ एवं तस्य तदा बुडिर् दमयन्यां न्यवर्तत । कलिना दुष्टभावेन दमयन्या विसर्जने ॥१५॥ सीऽवस्त्रताम् श्रात्मनश्च तस्याश्वायेकवस्त्रतां। चिन्तयिताऽध्यगाद् राजा वस्त्रार्धस्यावकर्तनं ॥१६॥ कयं वासी विकर्तेयं न च बुध्येत मे प्रिया। विचिन्यैवं नली राजा सभां पर्यचरत् तदा ॥ १९॥ परिधावन् अय नल इतश्वेतश्व भारत। आससाद सभोदेशे विकीषं खङ्गम् उत्तमं ॥ १८॥ तेनार्धे वाससश् छिल्ला निवस्य च परन्तपः।

Weary then with Damayantí on the earth he fell asleep. Sank the lovely Damayantí by his side with sleep opprest, She thus plunged in sudden misery, she the tender, the devout. But while on the cold earth slumbered Damayantí, all distraught Nala in his mind by sorrow might no longer calmly sleep; For the losing of his kingdom, the desertion of his friends, And his weary forest-wanderings, painful on his thought arose. 'If I do it, what may follow? what if I refuse to do? Were my instant death the better, or to abandon her I love? But to me too deep devoted suffers she distress and shame; Reft of me she home may wander to her royal father's house. Faithful wandering ever with me certain sorrow will she bear, But if separated from me chance of solace may be hers.' Long within his heart he pondered, and again, again weighed o'er. Best he thought it Damayantí to desert, that wretched king. From her virtue none dare harm her in the lonely forest way, Her the fortunate, the noble, my devoted wedded wife. Thus his mind on Damayantí dwelt in its perverted thought, Wrought by Kali's evil influence to desert his lovely wife. Of himself without a garment, and of her with only one As he thought, approached he near her to divide that single robe. 'How shall I divide the garment by my loved one unperceived?' Pondering this within his spirit round the cabin Nala went. In that narrow cabin's circuit Nala wandered here and there, Till he found without a scabbard, shining, a well-tempered sword. Then when half that only garment he had severed, and put on,

मुन्नाम् उत्मृज्य वैदर्भी प्राद्रवद् गतचेतनः ॥१९॥ ततो निवृत्तहृदयः पुनर् आगम्य तां सभां। दमयन्तीं तदा दृष्ट्वा रुरोद निषधाधिपः ॥२०॥ यां न वायुर् न चादित्यः पुरा पश्यित मे प्रियां। सेयमद्य सभामध्ये शेते भूमाव् अनाथवत् ॥२१॥ इयं वस्तावकर्तेन संवीता चारुहासिनी। उन्मत्तेव वरारोहा कथं बुड्वा भविष्यति ॥२२॥ कथम् एका सती भैमी मया विरहिता शुभा। चरिष्यति वने घोरे मृगव्यालनिषेविते ॥२३॥ ञ्चादित्या वसवो रुद्रा ऋश्विनौ समरुत्रणौ। रह्मन्तु त्वां महाभागे धर्मेणासि समावृता ॥२४॥ एवमुक्का प्रियां भाया रूपेणाप्रतिमां भुवि। कलिनापहृतज्ञानो नलः प्रातिष्ठद् उद्यतः ॥२५॥ गला गला नलो राजा पुनर् एति सभां मुहुः। आकृष्यमाणः कलिना सौहदेनावकृष्यते ॥२६॥ विधेव हृदयं तस्य दुःखितस्याभवत् तदा। दोलेव मुहुर् आयाति याति चैव सभां प्रति ॥२९॥ अवकृष्टसु कलिना मोहितः प्राद्रवन् नलः। सुप्ताम् उत्सृज्य तां भाया विलप्य करुणं बहु ॥२५॥ नष्टात्मा कलिना स्पृष्टम् तत् तद् विगणयन् नृपः। जगामेकां वने शूर्ये भायाम् उत्मृज्य दुःखितः ॥ २०॥

॥ इति नलोपाख्याने दशमः सर्गः ॥१०॥

In her sleep Vidarbha's princess, with bewildered mind he fled. Yet, his cruel heart relenting, to the cabin turns he back; On the slumbering Damayantí gazing, sadly wept the king: 'Thou, that sun nor wind hath ever roughly visited, my love! On the hard earth in a cabin sleepest with thy guardian gone. Thus attired in half a garment she that ave so sweetly smiled. Like to one distracted, beauteous, how at length will she awake? How will't fare with Bhima's daughter, lone, abandoned by her lord, Wandering in the savage forest, where wild beasts and serpents dwell? May the suns and winds of heaven, may the genii of the woods, Noblest, may they all protect thee, thine own virtue thy best guard,' To his wife of peerless beauty on the earth, 'twas thus he spoke. Then of sense bereft by Kali Nala hastily set forth; And departing, still departing he returned again, again; Dragged away by that bad demon, ever by his love drawn back. Nala, thus his heart divided into two conflicting parts, Like a swing goes backward, forward, from the cabin, to and fro. Torn away at length by Kali flies afar the frantic king, Leaving there his wife in slumber, making miserable moans. Reft of sense, possessed by Kali, thinking still on her he left, Passed he in the lonely forest, leaving his deserted wife.

END OF BOOK X.

## वृहदम्ब उवाच।

अपकानो नले राजन् दमयनी गतक्रमा। ञ्चबुध्यत वरारोहा सन्त्रस्ता विजने वने ॥१॥ अपश्यमाना भर्तारं शोकदुःखसमन्विता। प्राक्रीशर् उच्चैः सन्त्रस्ता महाराजेति नैषधं ॥२॥ हा नाथ हा महाराज हा स्वामिन् किं जहासि मां। हा हताऽस्मि विनष्टाऽस्मि भीताऽस्मि विजने वने ॥३॥ ननु नाम महाराज धर्मज्ञः सत्यवाग् ऋसि। कथम् उत्का तथा सत्यं सुप्ताम् उत्सृज्य मां गतः ॥४॥ कथम् उत्मृज्य गन्तासि दक्षां भार्याम् अनुव्रतां। विशेषतीऽनपकृते परेखापकृते सति ॥५॥ शक्यसे ता गिरः सम्यक्कंतुं मिय नरेश्वर। यास् तेषां लोकपालानां सिन्धी किषताः पुरा ॥६॥ नाकाले विहितो मृत्युर् मर्त्यानां पुरुषर्षभ। यच कान्ता त्योत्मृष्टा मुहूर्तमपि जीवति ॥९॥ पर्याप्तः परिहासोऽयम् एतावान् पुरुषर्षभ। भीताऽहम् ऋतिदुर्धवे दर्शयात्मानम् ईश्वर ॥ ৮॥ दृश्यसे दृश्यसे राजन् एष दृष्टोऽसि नैषध। आवार्य गुल्मेर् आत्मानं किं मां न प्रतिभाषसे ॥९॥ नृशंस वत राजेन्द्र यन् माम् एवङ्गताम् इह। विलपनीं समागम्य नाश्वासयसि पार्थिव ॥ १०॥ न शीचाम्यहम् आत्मानं न चान्यदपि किञ्चन। क्यं नु भवितास्येक इति त्वां नृप रोदिमि ॥ ११॥

### VRIHADASVA spake:

SCARCE, O king, had Nala parted, Damayantí now refreshed. Wakened up, the slender-waisted, timorous in the desert wood. When she did not see her husband, overpowered with grief and pain, Loud she shriek'd in her first anguish, 'Where art thou, Nishadha's king? Mighty king! my soul-protector; O my lord! desert'st thou me? Oh, I'm lost! undone for ever, helpless in the wild wood left; Faithful once to every duty wert thou not, and true in word? Art thou faithful to thy promise to desert me thus in sleep? Could'st thou then depart, forsaking thy devoted, constant wife? Her in sooth that never wronged thee, wronged indeed, but not by her. Keep'st thou thus thy solemn promise, oh, unfaithful lord of men, There, when all the gods were present, plighted to thy wedded wife? Death is but decreed to mortals at its own appointed time; Hence one moment, thus deserted, one brief moment do I live.— But thou'st had thy sport—enough then, now desist, O king of men, Mock not thou a trembling woman, show thee to me, O my lord! Yes, I see thee, there I see thee hidden as thou think'st from sight, In the bushes why conceal thee? answer me, why speak'st thou not? O ungentle prince of monarchs! to this piteous plight reduced, Wherefore wilt thou not approach me to console me in my woe? For myself I will not sorrow, nor for aught to me befalls. Thou art all alone, my husband, I will only mourn for thee.

कथं नु राजंस् तृषितः ख्रुधितः श्रमकर्षितः। सायाह्रे वृष्यमूलेषु माम् अपश्यन् भविष्यसि ॥ १२॥ ततः सा तीवशोकार्ता प्रदीप्तेव च मन्युना। इतश्वेतश्व रुदती पर्यधावत दुःखिता ॥ १३॥ मुहुर् उत्पतते बाला मुहुः पतित विद्वला। मुहुर् ञ्रालीयते भीता मुहुः क्रोशित रोदिति ॥ १४॥ अतीव शोकसन्तप्ता मुहुर् निःश्वस्य दुः खिता। उवाच भैमी निःश्वस्य रुद्त्यथ पतिव्रता ॥१५॥ यस्याभिशापाद् दुःखार्तो दुःखं विन्दति नैषधः। तस्य भूतस्य नो दुःखाद् दुःखम् अभ्यधिकं भवेत् ॥१६॥ अपापचेतसं पापी य एवं कृतवान् नलं। तस्माद् दुःखतरं प्राप्य जीवत्यसुखजीविकां ॥ १०॥ एवं तु विलपन्ती सा राज्ञो भाया महात्मनः। अन्वेषमाणा भर्तारं वने श्वापदसेविते ॥१৮॥ उन्मत्तवद् भीमसुता विलपनी ततस्ततः। हा हा राजच् इति मुहुर् इतश्वेतश्व धावति ॥ १९॥ तां क्रन्दमानाम् अत्यर्थं कुररीम् इव वाशती। करणं बहु शोचलीं विलयनीं मुहुर् मुहुः ॥२०॥ सहसाभ्यागतां भैमीम् अभ्यासपरिवर्तिनीं। जयाहाजगरी याही महाकायः खुधान्वितः ॥२१॥ सा यस्यमाना याहेण शोकेन च परिश्रुता। नात्मानं शोचित तथा यथा शोचित नैषधं ॥२२॥ हा नाथ माम् इह वने यस्यमानाम् अनाथवत्। याहेणानेन विजने किमर्थं नानुधावसि ॥२३॥ क्यं भविष्यिस पुनर् माम् अनुस्मृत्य नैषध। शापान् मुक्तः पुनर् लब्धा बुिं चेतो धनानि च॥२४॥ How will't fare with thee, my Nala, thirsting, famished, faint with toil? Nor beholding me await thee underneath the trees at eve.' Then, in all her depth of anguish, with her trouble as on fire, Hither, thither, went she weeping, all around she went and wailed. Now springs up the desolate princess, now falls down in prostrate grief; Now she pines in silent sorrow, now she shrieks and wails aloud. So consumed with inward misery, ever sighing more and more, Spake at length king Bhima's daughter, spake the still devoted wife: 'He, by whose dire imprecation Nala this dread suffering bears, May he far surpass in suffering all that Nala suffers now. May the evil one, to evil, who the blameless Nala drives, Smitten by a curse as fatal, live a dark unblessed life.' Thus her absent lord lamenting that high-minded Rája's queen, Everywhere her lord went seeking in the satyr-haunted wood. Like a maniac, Bhíma's daughter, wandered wailing here and there; And 'alas! alas! my husband,' everywhere her cry was heard. Her beyond all measure wailing like the osprey screaming shrill, Miserably still deploring, still renewing her lament. Suddenly king Bhíma's daughter, as she wandered near his lair, Seized a huge gigantic serpent in his raging famine fierce. In the grasp of that fierce serpent, round about with terror girt, Not herself she pities only, pities she Nishadha's king. 'O my guardian, thus unguarded in this savage forest seized, Seized by this terrific serpent, wherefore art not thou at hand? How will't be, when thou rememberest once again thy faithful wife, From this dreadful curse delivered, mind, and sense, and wealth returned? श्रानस्य ते क्षुधार्तस्य परिग्लानस्य नैषध। कः श्रमं राजशार्दूल नाशयिषति तेऽनघ ॥२५॥ ततः कश्चिन् मृगव्याधी विचरन् गहने वने। ञ्जाकन्दमानां संश्रुत्य जवेनाभिससार ह ॥२६॥ तां तु दृष्ट्वा तथा यस्ताम् उरगेणायतेक्षणां। त्वरमाणो मृगव्याधः समभिक्रम्य वेगतः ॥२७॥ मुखतः पाटयामास शस्त्रेण निश्तिन च। निर्विचेष्टं भुजङ्गं तं विशस्य मृगजीवनः ॥२८॥ मोक्षयिता स तां व्याधः प्रक्षाल्य सिललेन च। समाश्वास्य कृताहाराम् अय पप्रच्छ भारत ॥ २०॥ कस्य तं मृगशावाद्यि कथञ्चाभ्यागता वनं। कथञ्चेदं महत् कृच्छं प्राप्तवत्यसि भाविनि ॥३०॥ दमयन्ती तथा तेन पृच्छचमाना विशाम्पते। सर्वम् एतद् यथावृत्तम् आचचक्षेऽस्य भारत ॥३१॥ ताम् अर्धवस्त्रसंवीतां पीनश्रोणिपयोधरां। सुकुमारानवद्याङ्गीं पूर्णचन्द्रनिभाननां ॥३२॥ अरालपक्ष्मनयनां तथा मधुरभाषिणीं। लक्षयिता मृगव्याधः कामस्य वशम् ईयिवान् ॥३३॥ ताम् एवं श्रक्ष्णया वाचा लुब्धको मृदुपूर्वया। सान्तयामास कामार्तस् तद् अवुध्यत भाविनी ॥३४॥ दमयनयपि तं दुष्टम् उपलभ्य पतिवता। तीवरोषसमाविष्टा प्रजन्नालेव मन्युना ॥३५॥ स तु पापमितः स्नुद्रः प्रधर्षयितुम् आतुरः। दुर्धर्षां तर्कयामास दीप्ताम् अग्निशिखाम् इव ॥३६॥ दमयन्ती तु दुःखाता पतिराज्यविनाकृता। अतीतवाक्पथे काले शशापैनं रुषान्विता ॥३९॥

When thou'rt weary, when thou'rt hungry, when thou'rt fainting with fatigue, Who will soothe, O blameless Nala, all thy weariness, thy woe?'

Then a huntsman, as he wandered in the forest jungle thick, As he heard her thus bewailing, in his utmost haste drew near. By the serpent that long-eyed one firmly grasped when he beheld, Instant did the nimble huntsman, rapidly as he came on, Strike that unresisting serpent with a sharp and mortal shaft: In the mouth he pierced that serpent, skill'd in slaughter of the chase. Her released he from her peril washed he then with water pure, And with sylvan food refreshed her, and with soothing words address'd: 'Who art thou that roam'st the forest with the eyes of the gazelle; How to this extreme of misery, noble lady, hast thou fallen?' Damayantí, by the huntsman, thus in soothing tone addressed, All the story of her misery told him, as it all befell; Her, scant-clothed in half a garment, with soft-swelling limbs and breast, Form of youthful faultless beauty, and her fair and moonlike face, And her eyes with brows dark arching, and her softly-melting speech, Saw long time that wild-beast hunter, kindled all his heart with love. Then with winning voice that huntsman, bland beginning his discourse, Fain with amorous speech would soothe her; she his dark intent perceived. Damayantí, chaste and faithful, soon as she his meaning knew, In the transport of her anger, her indignant soul took fire, In his wicked thought the dastard her yet powerless to subdue, On the unsubdued stood gazing, as like some bright flame she shone. Damayantí, in her sorrow, of her realm, her lord bereft, Deemed the time gone by for parley, uttered loud her curse of wrath,-

यथाऽहं नेषधाद् अन्यं मनसापि न चिन्तये। तथायं पततां श्रुद्रः परासुर् मृगजीवनः ॥३६॥ उक्तमाचे तु वचने तथा स मृगजीवनः। व्यसुः पपात मेदिन्याम् अग्निदग्ध इव दुमः॥३९॥

॥ इति नलीपाख्यान एकाद्शः सर्गः ॥११॥

### वृहदश्व उवाच।

सा निहत्य मृगव्याधं प्रतस्ये कमलेख्या। वनं प्रतिभयं शून्यं भिरु ह्विकागणनादितं ॥१॥ सिंहडीपिरुरुव्याघ्रमहिषर्श्वगणेर् युतं। नानापि्षागणाकीर्णं मेुन्छतस्करसेवितं ॥२॥ शालवेणुधवाश्वत्यतिन्दुकेङ्गुदक्षिशुकैः। अर्जुनारिष्टसञ्छनं स्यन्दनेष्य सशाल्मलेः ॥३॥ जम्बामलोधखदिरसालवेचसमाकुलं। पद्मकामलक्ष्मश्चलदम्बोडुम्बरावृतं ॥४॥ वदरीविल्वसञ्छनं न्ययोधिश्व समाकुलं। प्रियालतालखर्जूरहरीतकविभीतकः ॥५॥ नानाधातुशतेर् नडान् विविधान् ऋपि चाचलान्। निकुञ्जान् परिसङ्घान् दरीश्वाद्गतदर्शनाः ॥६॥ नदीः सरांसि वापीश्व विविधांश्व मृगद्विजान्। सा बहून् भीमरूपांश्व पिशाचीरगराह्यसान् ॥९॥ पल्वलानि तडागानि गिरिकूटानि सर्वेशः। सरितो निर्फरांश्वेव ददर्शाङ्गतदर्शनान् ॥ ।।।

'As my pure and constant spirit swerves not from Nishadha's lord, Instant so may this base hunter lifeless fall upon the earth.'

Scarce that single word was uttered, suddenly that hunter bold

Down upon the earth fell lifeless, like a lightning-blasted tree.

END OF BOOK XI.

#### VRIHADAŚVA spake:

SLAIN that savage wild-beast hunter, onward went the lotus-eyed, Through the dread and desert forest ringing with the cricket's song; Full of lions, pards, and tigers, stags, and buffalos, and bears, Where all kinds of birds were flocking, and wild men and robbers dwelt. Thick with Sals, bamboos, Asvatthas, Dhavas, and the Ebon dark, Oily Inguds, Kinsuks, Arjuns, Ním trees, Syandans, Sálmalas; Full with Rose-apples and Mangoes, Lodh trees, Catechus and Canes, Blushing Lotuses, Kadambas, and the tree with massy leaves; Close o'erspread with Jujubes, Bel trees, tangled with the holy Fig, Palms, Priyálas, Dates, Harítas, trees of every form and name. Pregnant with rich mines of metal many a mountain it enclosed, Many a shady resonant arbour, many a deep and wondrous glen; Many a lake, and pool, and river, birds and beasts of every shape. She, in forms terrific round her, serpents, elves, and giants saw: Pools, and tanks of lucid water, and the shaggy tops of hills, Flowing streams and headlong torrents saw, and wondered at the sight.

यूथशो दृशे चाच विद्भीधिपनन्दिनी।
महिषांश्व वराहांश्व ऋक्षांश्व वनपन्नगान्॥९॥
तेजसा यशसा लक्ष्म्या स्थित्या च परया युता।
वैदर्भी विचरत्येका नलम् अन्वेषती तदा॥१०॥
नाविभ्यत् सा नृपसुता भैमी तचाथ कस्यचित्।
दारुणाम् अटवीं प्राप्य भर्तृथ्यसनपीडिता॥११॥
विदर्भतनया राजन् विललाप सुदुःखिता।
भर्तृशोकपरीताङ्गी शिलातलम् अथािश्वता॥१२॥

## दमयन्युवाच।

व्यूढोरस्क महाबाही नैषधानां जनाधिप। क नु राजन् गतोऽसीह त्यक्का मां विजने वने ॥ १३॥ अश्वमेधादिभिर् वीर क्रतुभिर् भूरिदिक्षिणैः। कथम् इष्ट्वा नरव्याघ्र मिय मिथ्या प्रवर्तसे ॥ १४॥ यत् त्योक्तं नरश्रेष्ठ मत्ममक्षं महाद्युते। स्मर्तुम् अर्हिस कल्याण वचनं पार्थिवर्षेम ॥१५॥ यचीक्तं विहगैर् हंसैः समीपे तव भूमिप। मत्ममश्चं यदुक्तञ्च तदवेश्चितुम् अर्हेसि ॥ १६॥ चलार एकती वेदाः साङ्गीपाङ्गाः सविस्तराः। स्वधीता मनुजव्याघ्र सत्यम् एकं किलेकतः ॥ १९॥ तस्माद् अहीस शनुम्न सत्यं कर्तुं नरेश्वर। उक्तवान् असि यद् वीर मत्सकाशे पुरा वचः ॥१८॥ हा वीर ननु नामाहम् इष्टा किल तवानघ। अस्याम् अटव्यां घीरायां किं मां न प्रतिभाषसे ॥१९॥ भक्षयत्येष मां रौद्रो व्यात्तास्यो दारुणाकृतिः। अरएयराट् खुधाविष्टः किं मां न चातुम् अर्हेसि ॥२०॥ And the princess of Vidarbha gazed where, in their countless herds,
Buffalos and boars were feeding, bears, and serpents of the wood.
Safe in virtue, bright in beauty, glorious, and of high resolve,
Now alone, Vidarbha's daughter wandering, her lost Nala sought.
Yet no fear king Bhíma's daughter for herself might deign to feel,
Travelling the dreary forest, only for her lord distressed;
Him she mourned, that noble princess, him in bitterest anguish wailed,
Every limb with sorrow trembling stood she on a beetling rock;

#### DAMAYANTÍ spake:

Monarch, with broad chest capacious, monarch, with the sinewy arm, Me in this dread forest leaving, whither hast thou fled away? Thou the holy Asvamedha, thou each costliest sacrifice Hast performed, to me, me only, in thy holy faith thou'st failed. That which thou, O best of husbands, in mine hearing hast declared, Thy most solemn vow remember, call to mind thy plighted faith. Of the swift-winged swans the language uttered, monarch, by thy side, That thyself, before my presence, didst renew, bethink thee well. Thou the Vedas, thou the Angas, with the Upángas oft has read, Of each heaven-descended volume one and simple is the truth. Therefore, of thy foes the slayer! reverence thou the sacred truth Of thy solemn plighted promise, in my presence sworn so oft. Am not I the loved so dearly, purely, sinlessly beloved? In this dark and awful forest wherefore dost thou not reply? Here with monstrous jaws wide yawning, with his fierce and horrid form, Gapes the forest-king to slay me, and thou art not here to save.

न मे लद्न्या काचिडि प्रियाऽस्तीत्यव्रवीः सदा। ताम् ऋतां कुरु कल्याण पुरोक्तां भारतीं नृप ॥२१॥ उन्मत्तां विलपन्तीं मां भायीम् इष्टां नराधिप। ईिप्सताम् ईिप्सतो नाथ किं मां न प्रतिभाषसे ॥२२॥ कृशां दीनां विवर्णाञ्च मिलनां वसुधाधिप। वस्तार्धप्रावृताम् एकां विलपनीम् अनायवत् ॥२३॥ यूथभ्रष्टाम् इवैकां मां हरिखीं पृथुलीचन। न मानयसि माम् आर्ये रुदतीम् अरिकर्षण ॥ २४॥ महाराज महाराये अहम् एकाकिनी सती। दमयन्यभिभाषे त्वां किं मां न प्रतिभाषसे ॥ २५॥ कुलशीलोपसम्पन चारुसवीङ्गशोभन। नाद्य वां प्रतिपश्यामि गिराव् अस्मिन् नरोत्तम ॥२६॥ वने चास्मिन् महाघोरे सिंहव्याघ्रनिषेविते। श्यानम् उपविष्टं वा स्थितं वा निषधाधिप ॥२७॥ प्रस्थितं वा नरश्रेष्ठ मम शोकविवर्धन। कं नु पृच्छामि दुःखाती लदर्थे शोककर्षिता ॥२८॥ कचिद् दृष्टम् लयाऽराये सङ्गत्येह नली नृपः। की नु में वाऽय प्रष्ट्यो वनेऽस्मिन् प्रस्थितं नलं ॥२९॥ ञ्रभिरूपं महात्मानं परव्यूहविनाशनं। यम् अन्वेषिस राजानं नलं पद्मनिभेक्ष्णं ॥३०॥ अयं स इति कस्याद्य श्रीषामि मधुरां गिरं। अराप्यराइ अयं श्रीमांश चतुर्दष्ट्री महाहनुः ॥३१॥ शार्दूलोऽभिमुखोऽभ्येति वजाम्येनम् अशङ्किता। भवान् मृगाणाम् अधिपस् तम् अस्मिन् कानने प्रभुः ॥३२॥ विदर्भराजतनयां दमयन्तीति विधि मां। निषधाधिपतेर् भायां नलस्यामिचघातिनः ॥३३॥

None but I, thou'st said, for ever, none but I to thee am dear! Make this oft-repeated language, make this oft-sworn promise true. To thy queen bereft of reason, to thy weeping wife beloved, Why repliest thou not—her only thou desir'st—she only thee? Meagre, miserable, pallid, tainted with the dust and mire, Scantly clad in half a garment, lone, with no protector near; Large-eyed! like a hind that wanders separate from the wonted herd, Thou regard'st me not, thus weeping, oh thou tamer of thy foes! Mighty king, alone yet virtuous, in the vast and trackless wood, Damayantí, I address thee, wherefore answerest not my voice? Nobly born, and nobly minded, beautiful in every limb, Do I not e'en now behold thee, in this mountain, first of men! In this lion-haunted forest, in this tiger-howling wood, Lying down or seated, standing, or in majesty and might Moving, do I not behold thee, the enhancer of my woe? Whom shall I address, afflicted, wasted by my grief for thee ? 'Hast thou haply seen my Nala in the solitary wild?' Who will answer me enquiring for my lost one in the wood, Beautiful and royal-minded, conqueror of a host of foes? 'Him thou seek'st with eyes of lotus, Nala, sovereign of men-Lo, he's here!' whose voice of music may I hear thus sweetly speak? Lo, with fourfold tusks before me, and with wide and gaping jaws, Stands the forest-king, the tiger, I approach him without fear. Of the beasts art thou the monarch, all this forest thy domain; Of Vidarbha's king the daughter, Damayantí know thou me, Consort of Nishadha's sovereign, Nala, slayer of his foes-

पतिम् अन्वेषतीम् एकां कृपणां शोककर्षितां। ञ्चान्यासय मृगेन्द्रेह यदि दृष्टम् त्वया नलः ॥३४॥ अथवारायनृपते नलं यदि न शंसिस। मां खादय मृगन्नेष्ठ दुःखाद् ऋस्माद् विमोचय ॥३५॥ श्रुताऽराये विलिपतं ममैष मृगराट् स्वयं। यात्येतां मृष्टसिललाम् आपगां सागरङ्गमां ॥३६॥ इमं शिलोच्चयं पुरायं शृङ्गेर् बहुभिर् उच्छ्रितैः। विराजिद्भर् दिविस्पृग्भिर् नैकवर्णीर् मनोहरैः ॥३९॥ नानाधातुसमाकीर्णे विविधोपलभूषितं। अस्यारायस्य महतः केतुभूतम् इवोत्यितं ॥३५॥ सिंहशार्दूलमातङ्गवराहर्श्वमृगायुतं। पतिविभिर् बहुविधेः समन्ताद् अनुनादितं ॥३९॥ किंगुकाशोकवकुलपुन्नागर् उपशोभितं। कर्णिकारधवस्रक्षेः सुपुष्पेर् उपशोभितं ॥४०॥ सरिद्भिः सविहङ्गाभिः शिखरैश्व समाकुलं। गिरिराजम् इमं तावत् पृच्छामि नृपतिं प्रति ॥४१॥ भगवच् अचलश्रेष्ठ दिव्यदर्शन विश्रुत। शरएय बहुकल्याण नमस् तेऽस्तु महीधर ॥४२॥ प्रणमे लाभिगम्याहं राजपुत्रीं निबीध मां। राज्ञः सुषां राजभायां दमयन्तीति विश्वतां ॥४३॥ राजा विद्भीधिपतिः पिता मम महारयः। भीमो नाम हित्तपतिश चातुर्वेख्यस्य रहिता ॥ ४४॥ राजसूयाश्वमेधानां क्रतूनां दक्षिणावतां। ञ्चाहर्ता पार्थिवश्रेष्ठः पृथुचार्वेञ्चितेस्र्णः ॥४५॥ ब्रह्मएयः साधुवृत्तश्च सत्यवाग् अनसूयकः। शीलवान् वीर्यसम्पद्मः पृथुश्रीर् धर्मविच् छुचिः ॥४६॥

Seeking here my exile husband, lonely, wretched, sorrow-driven, Thou, O king of beasts, console me, if my Nala thou hast seen; Or, O lord of all the forest, Nala if thou canst not show, Best of savage beasts, devour me, from this misery set me free. Hearing thus my lamentation, now does that fell king of beasts Go towards the crystal river, flowing downward to the sea.— Turn I to this holy mountain, crowned with many a lofty peak, In its soul-exalting splendour, rising, many-hued, to heaven; Full within of precious metals, rich with many a glowing gem, Rising o'er this spreading forest like a banner broad and high, Ranged by elephants and lions, tigers, boars, and bears, and stags; Sweetly sounding all around me with the songs of many birds; All the trees of richest foliage, all the trees of stateliest height, All the flowers and golden fruitage on its crested summits wave, Down its peaks in many a streamlet dip the water-birds their wings: This, the monarch of all mountains, ask I of the king of men; O all-honoured Prince of Mountains, with thy heaven-ward soaring peaks, Refuge of the lost, most noble, thee, O Mountain, I salute; I salute thee, lowly bowing, I, the daughter of a king; Of a king the royal consort, of a king's son I the bride. Of Vidarbha the great sovereign, mighty hero is my sire, Named the lord of earth, king Bhíma, of each caste the guardian he; Of the holy Aśvamedha, of the regal sacrifice, He the offerer, best of monarchs, known by large and lustrous eyes. Pious, and of life unblemished, true in word, of generous speech, Affable, courageous, prosperous, skilled in every duty, pure.

सम्यग्गोप्ता विदर्भाणां निर्जितारिगणः प्रभुः। तस्य मां विडि तनयां भगवंस् लाम् उपस्थितां ॥४९॥ निषधेषु महाराजः श्वशुरो मे नरोत्तमः। गृहीतनामा विख्याती वीरसेन इति सम ह ॥४৮॥ तस्य राज्ञः सुतो वीरः श्रीमान् सत्यपराक्रमः। क्रमप्राप्तं पितुः स्वं यो राज्यं समनुशास्ति ह ॥४९॥ नलो नामारिहा श्यामः पुरायस्रोक इति श्रुतः। ब्रह्मएयो वेदविद् वाग्मी पुर्यकृत् सीमपोऽग्निमान् ॥५०॥ यष्टा दाता च योडा च सम्यक्चैव प्रशासिता। तस्य माम् अचलश्रेष्ठ वििं भार्याम् इहागतां ॥ ५१॥ त्यक्तित्रयं भर्तृहीनाम् अनाषां व्यसनान्वितां। अन्वेषमाणां भतीरं तं वै नरवरीत्रमं ॥५२॥ सम् उल्लिसद्भिर् एतेर् हि तया शृङ्गशतेर् नृपः। कचिद् दृष्टोऽचलश्रेष्ठ वनेऽस्मिन् दारुणे नलः ॥५३॥ गजेन्द्रविक्रमो धीमान् दीर्घवाहुर् अमर्षणः। विकानाः सत्यवाग् वीरो भर्ता मम महायशाः ॥ ५४॥ निषधानाम् अधिपतिः कचिद् दृष्टम् तया नलः। किं मां विलपनीम् एकां पर्वतन्त्रेष्ठ विद्वलां ॥५५॥ गिरा नाश्वासयस्यद्य स्वां सुताम् इव दुःखितां। वीर विकाना धर्मज्ञ सत्यसन्ध महीपते ॥ ५६॥ यद्यस्मिन् वने राजन् दर्शयात्मानम् आत्मना। कदा सुित्रधगम्भीरां जीमृतस्वनसिन्भां ॥५७॥ श्रोषामि नैषधस्याहं वाचं ताम् अमृतीपमां। वैद्भीत्येव विस्पष्टां ग्रुभां राज्ञो महात्मनः ॥५८॥ श्रामायसारिणीम् ऋडां मम शोकविनाशिनीं। भीताम् आश्वासयत मां नृपते धर्मवत्सल ॥ ५०॥

Of Vidarbha the protector, conqueror of a host of foes; Know me of that king the daughter lowly thus approaching thee. In Nishadha, mighty Mountain! dwelt the father of my lord, High the name he won, the illustrious Vírasena was he called. Of this king the son, the hero, prosperous and truly brave, He who rules his father's kingdom by hereditary right, Slayer of his foes, dark Nala, Punyaśloka is he called; Holy, Veda-read, and eloquent, Soma-quaffing, fire-adoring, Sacrificer, liberal giver, warrior, in all points a king,-Of this monarch, best of mountains! know, the wife before thee stands, Fallen from bliss, bereft of husband, unprotected, sorrow-doomed, Seeking everywhere her husband, him the best of noblest men. Best of mountains, heaven-upsoaring, with thy hundred stately peaks, Hast thou seen the kingly Nala in this dark and awful wood? Like the elephant in courage, wise, impetuous, with long arms, Valiant, and of truth unquestioned, my heroic, glorious lord; Hast thou seen Nishadha's sovereign, mighty Nala hast thou seen? Why repliest thou not, O Mountain, sorrowing, lonely, and distressed, With thy voice why not console me as thine own afflicted child? Hero, mighty, strong in duty, true of promise, lord of earth! If thou art within the forest show thee in thy proper form.

If thou art within the forest show thee in thy proper form.

When so eloquently deep-toned, like the sound of some dark cloud,
Shall I hear thy voice, oh Nala! sweet as the Amrita draught,
Saying, 'daughter of Vidarbha!' with distinct, with blessed sound,
Musical as holy Veda, rich, and soothing all my pain;
Thus console me, trembling, fainting, thou, oh virtue-loving king!

इति सा तं गिरिश्रेष्ठम् उक्का पार्थिवनन्दिनी। दमयन्ती ततो भूयो जगाम दिशम् उत्तरां ॥६०॥ सा गता चीन् अहोराचान् ददर्श परमाङ्गना। तापसारएयम् ऋतुलं दिव्यकाननदर्शनं ॥६१॥ विशष्टभृग्विसमैस् तापसेर् उपशोभितं। नियतैः संयताहारैर् दमशौचसमन्वितैः ॥६२॥ अञ्मक्षेर् वायुभक्षेश्व पर्णाहारेस् तथैव च। जितेन्द्रियेर महाभागैः स्वर्गमार्गदिदृश्वभिः ॥६३॥ वल्कलाजिनसंवीतेर् मुनिभिः संयतेन्द्रियैः। तापसाध्युषितं रम्यं ददशीश्रममगडलं ॥६४॥ नानामृगगणीर् जुष्टं शाखामृगगणायुतं। तापसेः समुपेतञ्च सा दृष्ट्वैव समाश्वसत् ॥६५॥ मुभूः मुकेशी मुश्रोणी मुकुचा मुडिजानना। वर्चेस्विनी सुप्रतिष्ठा स्वसितायतलोचना ॥६६॥ सा विवेशाश्रमपदं वीरसेनसुतप्रिया। योषिद्रनं महाभागा दमयन्ती तपस्विनी ॥६०॥ साऽभिवाद्य तपीवृडान् विनयावनता स्थिता। स्वागतं त इति प्रोक्ता तैः सर्वेस् तापसेश्व सा ॥६५॥ पूजां चास्या यथान्यायं कृता तच तपोधनाः। आस्यताम् इत्यथोचुस् ते ब्रूहि किं करवामहै ॥६०॥ तान् उवाच वरारोहा कचिद् भगवताम् इह। तपस्यिमषु धर्मेषु मृगपिक्षषु चानघाः ॥ ७०॥ कुशलं वो महाभागाः स्वधर्माचरणेषु च। तैर् उक्ता कुशलं भद्रे सर्वचेति यशस्विनि ॥ ७१॥ ब्रूहि सर्वानवद्याङ्गि का तं किञ्च चिकीर्षिस। दृष्ट्वैव ते परं रूपं द्युतिञ्च परमाम् इह ॥७२॥

To the holiest of mountains spake the daughter of the king. Damayanti then set forward toward the region of the north. Three days long, three nights she wandered, then that noble woman saw The unrivalled wood of hermits like to a celestial grove. To Vasishtha, Bhrigu, Atri, equal was that sacred crew; Self-denying, strict in diet, temperate, and undefiled; Water-drinking, air-inhaling, and the leaves their simple food; Mortified, for ever blessed, seeking the right way to heaven; Bark for vests and skins for raiment wore those hermits, sense-subdued. She beheld the pleasant circle of those hermits' lonely cells; Round them flocks of beasts were grazing, wantoned there the monkey-tribes. When she saw those holy dwellings all her courage was revived. Lovely-browed, and lovely-tressed, lovely-bosom'd, lovely-lipp'd, In her brightness, in her glory, with her large dark beauteous eyes, Entered she those hermit-dwellings, wife of Vírasena's son; Pearl of women, ever blessed, Damayantí the devout. She those holy men saluting stood with modest form half-bent. 'Hail, and welcome!' thus those hermits instant with one voice exclaimed. And those sacred men no sooner had the fitting homage paid, 'Take thy seat,' they said, 'oh lady! and command what we must do.' Thus replied the slender-waisted, 'Blessed are ye, holy men; In your sacred fires, your worship blameless, with your beasts and birds. Doth the grace of heaven attend you in your duties, in your deeds?' Answered they, 'The grace of heaven ever blesses all our deeds. But say thou, of form so beauteous, who thou art, and what thou would'st?

As thy noble form we gaze on, on thy brightness as we gaze,

विस्मयो नः समुत्पन्नः समाश्वसिहि मा शुनः। अस्यारएयस्य देवी तम् उताहीऽस्य महीभृतः ॥ ७३॥ अस्याश्व नंद्याः कल्याणि वद सत्यम् अनिन्दिते। साऽब्रवीत् तान् ऋषीन् नाहम् अराएयस्यास्य देवता ॥ १४॥ न चाषस्य गिरेर् विप्रा नैव नद्याश्व देवता। मानुषीं मां विजानीत यूयं सर्वे तपीधनाः ॥ १५॥ विस्तरेणाभिधास्यामि तन् मे भृणुत सर्वभः। विदर्भेषु महीपाली भीमी नाम महीपतिः ॥ ७६॥ तस्य मां तनयां सर्वे जानीत दिजसत्तमाः। निषधाधिपतिर् धीमान् नली नाम महायशाः ॥ ७७॥ वीरः सङ्ग्रामजिद् विद्यान् मम भर्ता विशाम्पतिः। देवताभ्यर्चनपरी हिजातिजनवत्सलः ॥ ७ ७॥ गोप्ता निषधवंशस्य महातेजा महाबलः। सत्यवाग् ऋस्त्रवित् प्राज्ञः सत्यसन्धोऽरिमर्दनः ॥७९॥ ब्रह्मएयो दैवतपरः श्रीमान् परपुरञ्जयः। नली नाम नृपश्रेष्ठी देवराजसमद्युतिः ॥ ५०॥ मम भर्ता विशालाक्षः पूर्णेन्दुवदनोऽरिहा। ञ्चाहर्ता ऋतुमुख्यानां वेदवेदाङ्गपारगः ॥ ५ १॥ सपत्नानां मृधे हन्ता रिवसोमसमप्रभः। स कैश्विन् निकृतिप्रज्ञैर् अनार्येर् अकृतात्मभिः ॥ ५२॥ ञ्चाह्य पृथिवीपालः सत्यधर्मपरायणः। देवने कुशलैर् जिसीर् जितो राज्यं वसूनि च ॥ ६३॥ तस्य माम् अवगच्छधं भायां राजर्षभस्य वै। दमयन्तीति विख्यातां भर्तुर् दर्शनलालसां ॥ ५४॥ सा वनानि गिरींश्वेव सरांसि सरितस् तथा। पल्वलानि च सर्वाणि तथाऽरायानि सर्वशः ॥ ५५॥

In amaze we stand and wonder, cheer thee up, and mourn no more. Of the wood art thou the goddess, or the mountain-goddess thou; Or the goddess of the river? Blessed Spirit, speak the truth.' 'Nor the sylvan goddess am I,' to the Wise she thus replied; 'Neither of the mountain, Bráhmans, nor the river-nymph am I. Know me but a mortal being, O, ye rich in holiness! All my tale at length I'll tell you, if meet audience ye will give. In Vidarbha mighty guardian Bhíma dwells, the lord of earth; Of that noble king the daughter, best of twice-born, know ye me. And the monarch of Nishadha, Nala wise and great in fame; Brave in battle, conqueror, prudent is my lord, the peasants' king; To the gods devout in worship, friendly to the Bráhman race, Of Nishadha's race the guardian, great in glory, great in might, True in word, in weapons skilful, wise and slayer of his foes; Pious, heaven-devoted, prosperous, conqueror of hostile towns; Nala named, the best of sovereigns, splendid as the king of gods. Know that large-eyed chief, my husband, like the full-orbed moon his face, Giver he of costly offerings, deep in holy volumes read; Slayer of his foes in battle, glorious as the sun and moon. He by some most evil-minded, unrespected, wicked men, After many a challenge yielding, he the virtue-loving king, By these clever gamesters, fraudful, was bereft of realm and wealth. Know ye me the hapless consort of that noble king of kings, Damayantí, so they name me, yearning for my husband's sight. I through forests, over mountains, stagnant marsh and river broad, Lake with wide pellucid surface, through the long and trackless wood,

अन्वेषमाणा भर्तारं नलं रणविशारदं। महात्मानं कृतास्त्रज्व विचरामीह दुःखिता ॥५६॥ कचिद् भगवतां रम्यं तपीवनम् इदं नृपः। भवेत् प्राप्तो नली नाम निषधानां जनाधिपः ॥ ७०॥ यत्कृतेऽहम् इदं दुर्गे प्रपन्ना भृशदारुणं। वनं प्रतिभयं घोरं शार्दूलमृगसेवितं ॥ ६६॥ यदि कैश्विद् ऋहोराचैर् न द्रस्थामि नलं नृपं। ञ्चात्मानं श्रेयसा योख्ये देहस्यास्य विमोचनात् ॥ ५०॥ को नु मे जीवितेनार्थम् तम् ऋते पुरुषर्धभं। क्यं भविष्याम्यद्याहं भर्तृशोकाभिपीडिता ॥ ९०॥ तथा विलपन्तीम् एकाम् अराये भीमनन्दिनीं। दमयन्तीम् अथोचुस् ते तापसाः सत्यदर्शिनः ॥ ९१॥ उदर्कस् तव कल्याणि कल्याणी भविता शुभे। वयं पत्र्यामस् तपसा ह्यिपं द्रस्यसि नैषधं ॥ ९२॥ निषधानाम् अधिपतिं नलं रिपुनिपातिनं। भैमि धर्मभृतां श्रेष्ठं द्रस्यसे विगतज्वरं ॥ ९३॥ विमुक्तं सर्वेपापेभ्यः सर्वरत्नसमन्वितं। तद् एव नगरं भूयः प्रशासतम् ऋरिन्दमं ॥ ९४॥ विषतां भयकर्तारं सुहृदां शोकनाशनं। पतिं द्रस्यसि कल्याणि कल्याणाभिजनं नृपं ॥९५॥ एवम् उक्का नलस्येष्टां महिषीं पार्थिवात्मजां। नापसाऽन्तर्हिताः सर्वे साग्निहोचाश्रमास् तदा ॥ ९६॥ सा दृष्ट्वा महद् आश्वर्यं विस्मिता ह्यभवत् तदा। दमयन्यनवद्याङ्गी वीरसेननृपसुषा ॥९९॥ किं नु स्वप्नो मया दृष्टः कोऽयं विधिर् इहाभवत्। क नु ते तापसाः सर्वे क तद् आश्रममग्डलं ॥ ९६॥

Ever seeking for my husband Nala, skilful in the fight. Mighty in the use of weapons, wander, desolate and sad. Tell me, to this pleasant sojourn, sacred to these holy men, Hath he come, the royal Nala? hath Nishadha's monarch come? For whose sake through ways all trackless, terrible, have I set forth, In this drear, appalling forest, where the deer and tiger range, If I see not noble Nala ere few days, few nights are o'er, I to heavenly bliss will join me, from this mortal frame set free. Reft of him, my princely husband, what have I to do with life? How endure existence longer, for my husband thus distressed?' To the lady thus complaining, lonely in the savage wood, Answered thus those holy hermits, spake the gifted seers the truth:-'There will be a time hereafter, beautiful, the time will come, Through devotion now we see him, and thou too wilt see him soon; That good monarch of Nishadha, Nala, slayer of his foes; That dispenser of strict justice, Bhíma's daughter! free from grief, From all sin released, thou'lt see him glittering in his royal gems, Governing again that city, o'er his enemies supreme. To his foemen causing terror, to his friends allaying grief, Thou, oh noble, shalt thy husband see, that king of noble race!' To the much-loved wife of Nala, to the princess speaking thus, Vanished then those holy hermits, with their sacred fires, their cells. As she gazed upon the wonder, wrapt in mute amaze she stood; Damayantí, fair-limbed princess, wife of Vírasena's son: 'Have I only seen a vision, what hath been this wondrous chance? Where are all those holy hermits, where the circle of their cells?

क सा पुरायजला रम्या नदी द्विजनिषेविता। क नु ते ह नगा हृद्याः फलपुष्पीपशीभिताः ॥ ९९॥ ध्याला चिरं भीमसुता दमयन्ती शुचिस्मिता। भर्तृशोकपरा दीना विवर्णवदनाऽभवत् ॥ १००॥ सा गलायापरां भूमिं वाष्पसन्दिग्धया गिरा। विललापाश्वपूर्णाञ्ची दृष्ट्वाऽशोकतरं ततः ॥१०१॥ उपगम्य तरुश्रेष्ठम् अशीनं पुष्पितं वने। पह्मवापीडितं हृद्यं विहङ्गिर् अनुनादितं ॥१०२॥ अहोवतायम् अगमः श्रीमान् अस्मिन् वनानारे। ञ्जापीडिर् बहुभिर् भाति श्रीमान् पर्वतरांड् इव ॥ १०३॥ विशोकां कुरु मां क्षिप्रम् अशोक प्रियदर्शन। वीतशोक भयाबाधं कचित् लं दृष्टवान् नृपं ॥१०४॥ नलं नामारिमदेनं दमयन्याः प्रियं पतिं। निषधानाम् अधिपतिं दृष्टवान् असि मे प्रियं ॥१०५॥ एकवस्त्रार्धसंवीतं सुकुमारतनुत्वचं। व्यसनेनार्दितं वीरम् अराएयम् इदम् आगतं ॥ १०६॥ यथा विशोका गच्छेयम् अशोकनग तत् कुरु। सत्यनामा भवाशोक अशोकः शोकनाशनः ॥१००॥ एवं साऽशोकवृक्षं तम् आर्ता वै परिगम्य ह। जगाम दारु एतरं देशं भेमी वराङ्गना ॥१०७॥ सा ददर्श नगान् नैकान् नैकाश्व सरितस् तथा। नैकांश्व पर्वतान् रम्यान् नैकांश्व मृगपि्र्याः ॥ १००॥ कन्दरांश्व नितम्बांश्व नदीश्वाद्गुतदर्शनाः। ददर्श सा भीमसुता पतिम् अन्वेषती तदा ॥११०॥ गता प्रकृष्टम् अध्वानं दमयन्ती शुचिस्मिता। ददशीय महासार्थे हस्त्यश्वरयसङ्कलं ॥ १११॥

Where that pure and pleasant river, haunted by the dipping birds?

Where those trees with grateful umbrage, with their pendant fruits and flowers?'

Long within her heart she pondered, Damayantí with sweet smile,

For her lord, to grief abandoned, miserable, pale of hue;

To another region passed she, there with voice by weeping choked

Mourns she, till with eyes o'erflowing an Aśoka tree she saw.

Best of trees, the Aśoka blooming, in the forest she approached,

Gemmed all o'er with glowing fruitage, vocal with the songs of birds.

'Ah, behold, amid the forest flourishes this happy tree,

With its leafy garlands radiant as the joyous mountain-king. O thou tree with pleasant aspect from my sorrow set me free! Vítasoka, hast thou seen him, hast the fearless Rája seen, Nala, of his foes the slayer, Damayanti's lord beloved? Hast thou seen Nishadha's monarch, hast thou seen mine only love, Clad in half a single garment, delicate and soft of skin? Hast thou seen th'afflicted hero wandering in this forest lone? That I may depart ungrieving, fair Aśoka, answer me. Truly be thou named Aśoka, as the extinguisher of grief.' Thus in her o'erpowering anguish moved she round the Aśoka tree. Then she went her way in sadness to a region still more dread. Many a tree she stood and gazed on, many a river passed she o'er; Passed she many a pleasant mountain, many a wild deer, many a bird; Many a hill and many a cavern, many a bright and wondrous stream, Saw king Bhíma's wandering daughter as she sought her husband lost. Long she roamed her weary journey, Damayantí with sweet smile;

Lo, a caravan of merchants, elephants, and steeds, and cars,

उन्नरनां नदीं रम्यां प्रसन्नसिललां शुभां। सुशान्ततोयां विस्तीर्थां हृदिनीं वेतसैर् वृतां ॥ ११२॥ प्रोह्यप्टां क्रीञ्चकुररेश चक्रवाकोपकूजितां। कूर्मयाहभाषाकीणां पुलिनहीपशोभितां ॥ ११३॥ सा दृष्ट्वेव महासार्थं नलपत्नी यशस्विनी। उपसर्पं वरारोहा जनमध्यं विवेश ह ॥ ११४॥ उन्मत्रह्मा शोकाती तथा वस्त्रार्धसंवृता। कृशा विवर्णा मिलना पांशुध्वस्तशिरीरहा ॥ ११५॥ तां दृष्ट्वा तत्र मनुजाः केचिद् भीताः प्रदुद्रुवुः। केचिच् चिन्तापरास् तस्थुः केचित् तच प्रचुकुगुः ॥ ११६॥ प्रहसन्ति सम तां केचिट् अभ्यसूयन्ति चापरे। अकुर्वत दयां केचित् पप्रच्छुश्वापि भारत ॥११७॥ काऽसि कस्यासि कल्याणि किं वा मृगयसे वने। वां दृष्ट्वा व्यथिताः स्मेह कचित् तम् असि मानुषी ॥११८॥ वद सत्यं वनस्यास्य पर्वतस्याथवा दिशः। देवता त्वं हि कल्याणि त्वां वयं शरणं गताः ॥ ११९॥ यश्ची वा राश्चमी वा त्म उताहोऽसि सुराङ्गना। सर्वेषा कुरु नः स्विस्ति रक्ष चास्मान् अनिन्दिते ॥ १२०॥ यथाऽयं सर्वथा सार्थः श्लेमी शीघ्रम् इतो वजेत्। तथा विधत्स्व कल्याणि यथा श्रेयो हि नो भवेत्॥ १२१॥ तथोक्ता तेन सार्थेन दमयन्ती नृपात्मजा। प्रत्युवाच ततः साध्वी भर्तृच्यसनपीडिता ॥ १२२॥ सार्थवाहञ्च सार्थञ्च जना ये तच केचन। युवस्थविरवालाश्च सार्थस्य च पुरोगमाः ॥१२३॥ मानुषीं मां विजानीत मनुजाधिपतेः सुतां। नृपसुषां राजभायां भर्तृदर्शनलालसां ॥ १२४॥

Passing o'er a pleasant river, with its waters cool and clear.

'Twas a still stream broad and waveless, girt about with spreading canes;

There the curlew, there the osprey, there the red-geese clamouring stood;

Swarmed the turtles, fish and serpents, there rose many a shoal and isle.

When she saw that numerous concourse, Nala's once all-glorious wife, Entered she, the slender-waisted, in the midst of all the host;

Maniac-like in form and feature, and in half a garment clad,

Thin and pallid, travel-tainted, matted all her locks with dust.

As they all beheld her standing some in terror fled away;

Some stood still in speechless wonder, others raised their voice and cried;

Mocked her some with cruel tauntings, others spake reproachful words;

Others looked on her with pity, and enquired her state, her name.

'Who art thou? whose daughter, Lady, in the forest seek'st thou aught?

At thy sight we stand confounded, art thou of our mortal race?

Of this wood art thou the goddess? of this mountain? of that plain?

Who art thou, O noble lady, thee, our refuge, we adore.

Art thou sylvan nymph or genius, or celestial nymph divine?

So our caravan in safety may pursue its onward way,

So ordain it, O illustrious! that good fortune wait on all.

Every way regard our welfare, and protect us, undespised:

Thus addressed by that assemblage, Damayantí, kingly-born,

Answered thus with gentle language, grieving for her husband lost.

Of that caravan the leader, and the whole assembled host,

Youths and boys, and grey-haired elders, and the guides, thus answered she:

'Know me, like yourselves, a mortal, daughter of a king of men,

Of another king the consort seeking for my royal lord;

विदर्भराइ मम पिता भर्ता राजा च नैषधः।
नलो नाम महाभागस् तम् मार्गाम्यपराजितं॥१२५॥
यदि जानीय नृपतिं स्त्रिप्रं शंसत मे प्रियं।
नलं पुरुषशार्दूलम् अमिनगणसूदनं॥१२६॥
ताम् उवाचानवद्याङ्गीं सार्थस्य महतः प्रभुः।
सार्थवाहः शुचिर् नाम शृणु कल्याणि महचः॥१२९॥
अहं सार्थस्य नेता वै सार्थवाहः शुचिस्मिते।
मनुष्यं नलनामानं न पश्यामि यशस्विनि॥१२६॥
कुझरहीपिमहिषशार्दूलर्क्षमृगान् अपि।
पश्याम्यस्मिन् वने कृत्वे ह्यमनुष्यनिषेविते॥१२९॥
ऋते त्वां मानुषीं मत्ये न पश्यामि महावने।
तथा नो यस्रराइ अद्य मणिभद्रः प्रसीदतु॥१३०॥
साऽववीद् विण्जः सर्वान् सार्थवाहच्च तं ततः।
क नु यास्यित सार्थोऽयम् एतद् आख्यातुम् आईसि॥१३१॥

सार्थवाह उवाच । सार्थोऽयं चेदिराजस्य सुबाहोः सत्यदर्शिनः । ह्यिप्रं जनपदं गना लाभाय मनुजात्मजे ॥१३२॥

॥ इति नलीपाख्याने बादशः सर्गः ॥ १२॥

Know, Vidarbha's king, my father, and Nishadha's king, my lord,
Nala, is his name, the glorious, him, th' unconquered, do I seek.

Know ye aught of that good monarch, tell me, quick, of my beloved,
Of the tiger hero, Nala, slayer of a host of focs.'

Of the caravan the captain thus the lovely-limbed addressed,
Suéi was his name, the merchant: 'Hear, illustrious queen, my speech;
Of this caravan the captain I, O Lady with sweet smile,
Him that bears the name of Nala nowhere have these eyes beheld.
Elephants, and pards, and tigers, lynxes, buffalos, and bears,
See I in this trackless forest, uninhabited by men;
Save thyself, of human feature, nought of human form, I've seen.
So may he, the king of Yakshas, Manibhadra, guard us well.'
To the merchants all she answered, to the leader of the host:
'Tell me whither do ye travel? whither bound your caravan?'

THE CAPTAIN OF THE CARAVAN spake:

'To the realm of Ćedi's sovereign, truth-discerning Subáhu,
Soon this caravan will enter, travelling in search of gain.'

END OF BOOK XII.

# वृहदश्व उवाच।

सा तच् छूलानवद्याङ्गी सार्थवाहवचस् तदा। जगाम सह तेनैव सार्थेन पतिलालसा ॥१॥ अथ काले बहुतिथे वने महति टारुणे। तडागं सर्वतोभद्रं पद्मसौगन्धिकं महत्॥२॥ ददृशुर् बणिजो रम्यं प्रभूतयवसेन्धनं। बहुपुष्पफलोपेतं नानापश्चिनिषेवितं ॥३॥ निर्मलस्वादुसलिलं मनोहारि सुशीतलं। मुपरिष्रान्तवाहास् ते निवेशाय मनो द्धुः ॥४॥ सम्मते सार्थवाहस्य विविशुर् वनम् उत्तमं। उवास सार्थः स महान् वेलाम् आसाद्य पश्चिमां ॥५॥ ञ्जथार्धराचसमये निःशच्दिस्तिमिते तदा। सुन्ने सार्थे परिश्रानो हस्तियूथम् उपागमत् ॥६॥ पानीयार्थं गिरिनदीं मदप्रस्वणाविलां। अयापश्यत सार्थे तं सार्थजान् सुबहून् गजान् ॥९॥ ते तान् याम्यगजान् दृष्ट्वा सर्वे वनगजास् तदा। समाद्रवना वेगेन जिघांसन्ती मदीत्कटाः ॥ ७॥ नेषाम् आपततां वेगः करिणां दुःसहीऽभवत्। नगायाद् इव शीर्णानां शृङ्गाणां पततां सितौ ॥०॥ स्यन्दताम् ऋपि नागानां मार्गा नष्टा वनोइवैः। मार्गे संस्थ्य संसुप्तं पद्मिन्याः सार्थम् उत्तमं ॥१०॥ ते तं ममर्दुः सहसा चेष्टमानं महीतले। हाहाकारम् प्रमुखनाः सार्थिकाः शरणार्थिनः ॥ ११॥

#### VRIHADAŚVA spake:

This the lovely princess hearing from the captain of the band,
With the caravan set forward, seeking still her royal lord.

Long their journey through the forest, through the dark and awful glens.

Then a lake of loveliest beauty, fragrant with the lotus flowers,

Saw those merchants, wide and pleasant, with fresh grass and fuel rich;

Flowers and fruits bedecked its borders where the birds melodious sang:

In its clear delicious waters, soul-enchanting, icy cool,

With their beasts all overwearied, thought they then to plunge and bathe.

At the signal of the captain entered all that pleasant grove.

At the close of day arriving there encamped they for the night.

When the midnight came, all noiseless came in silence deep and still, Weary slept the band of merchants, lo, a herd of elephants,

Oozing moisture from their temples, came to drink the troubled stream.

When that caravan they gazed on, with their slumbering beasts at rest,

The tame elephants they scented, those wild forest-elephants;

Forward rush they fleet and furious, mad to slay, and wild with heat;

Irresistible the onset of the rushing ponderous brutes,

As the peaks from some high mountain down the valley thundering roll.

Strewn was all the way before them with the boughs, the trunks of trees;

On they rushed to where the travellers slumbered by the lotus-lake.

Trampled down and vainly struggling, helpless on the earth they lay.

'Woe, oh, woe!' shrieked out the merchants, wildly some began to fly,

वनगुल्मांश्व धावनो निद्रान्धा बहवीऽभवन्। केचिद् दन्तैः करैः केचित् केचित् पद्मां हता गजैः ॥ १२॥ निहतोष्ट्राश्च बहुलाः पदातिजनसङ्कलाः। भयाद् आधावमानाश्व परस्परहतास् तदा ॥१३॥ घोरान् नादान् विमुज्जनो निपेतुर् धरणीतले। वृक्षेष्वारुह्य संरब्धाः पतिता विषमेषु च ॥१४॥ एवम् प्रकारेर् बहुभिर् दैवेनाक्रम्य हस्तिभिः। राजन् विनिहतं सर्वे समृद्धं सार्थमग्डलं ॥१५॥ ञ्जारावः सुमहांश्वासीत् चैलोक्यभयकारकः। एषोऽग्रिर् उत्थितः कष्टस् चायध्वं धावताधुना ॥१६॥ रानराशिर् विशीर्णोऽयं गृह्णीध्वं किं प्रधावय। सामान्यम् एतद् द्रविणं न मिथ्यावचनं मम ॥ १९॥ एवम् एवाभिभाषन्ती विद्रवन्ति भयात् तदा। पुनर् एवाभिधास्यामि चिन्तयध्वं सकातराः ॥ १६॥ तस्मिंस् तथा वर्तमाने दारुणे जनसङ्खये। दमयन्ती च बुबुधे भयसन्त्रस्तमानसा ॥ १९॥ अपश्यद् वैशसं तत्र सर्वलोकभयङ्करं। अदृष्टपूर्वे तद् दृष्ट्वा बाला पद्मनिभेक्ष्णा ॥२०॥ संसक्तवदनाश्वासा उत्तस्थी भयविद्वला। ये तु तच विनिर्मुक्ताः सार्थात् केचिद् अविक्षताः ॥२१॥ तेऽब्रुवन् सहिताः सर्वे कस्येदं कर्मणः फलं। नूनं न पूजितोऽस्माभिर् मिणभद्रो महायशाः ॥२२॥ तथा यक्षाधिपः श्रीमान् न वै वैश्रवणः प्रभुः। न पूजा विञ्चकर्नृगाम् अथवा प्रथमं कृता ॥२३॥ शकुनानां फलं वाऽच विपरीतम् इदं ध्रुवं। यहा न विपरीतास्तु किम् अन्यद् इदम् आगतं ॥२४॥

In the forest-thickets plunging; some stood gasping, blind with sleep; And the elephants down beat them with their tusks, their trunks, their feet. Many saw their camels dying, mingled with the men on foot, And in frantic tumult rushing wildly struck each other down; Many miserably shricking cast them down upon the earth, Many climbed the trees in terror, on the rough ground stumbled some. Thus in various wise and fatal, by the elephants assailed, Lay that caravan so wealthy, scattered all abroad or slain. Such, so fearful was the tumult, the three worlds seemed all appalled: "Tis a fire amid the encampment, save ye, fly ye, for your lives. Lo, your precious pearls ye scatter, take them up, why fly so fast? Save them, 'tis a common venture, fear ye not that I deceive.' Thus t' each other shrieked the merchants as in fear they scattered round. 'Yet again I call upon you, cowards! think ye what ye do.' All around this frantic carnage raging through the prostrate host, Damayantí, soon awakened, with her heart all full of dread; There she saw a hideous slaughter, the whole world might well appal. To such sights all unfamiliar gazed the queen with lotus-eyes, Pressing in her breath with terror slowly rose she on her feet. And the few that scaped the carnage, few that scaped without a wound, All at once exclaimed together: 'Of whose deeds is this the doom? Hath not mighty Manibhadra adoration meet received? And Vaiśravana the holy, of the Yakshas lord and king, Have not all that might impede us, ere we journied, been addressed? Was it doomed, that all good omens by this chance should be belied? Were no planets haply adverse? how hath fate, like this, befall'n!'

अपरे तबुवन् दीना ज्ञातिद्रव्यविनाकृताः। याऽसावद्यं महासार्थे नारी ह्युन्मत्तदर्शना ॥२५॥ प्रविष्टा विकृताकारा कृता रूपम् अमानुषं। तयेयं विहिता पूर्वे माया परमदारुणा ॥२६॥ राष्ट्रसी वा ध्रुवं यह्यी पिशाची वा भयङ्करी। तस्याः सर्वम् इदं पापं नाच कार्या विचारणा ॥२९॥ यदि पश्येम तां पापां सार्थे भीं नैकदुः खदां। लीष्टिमः पांशुभिश्वेव तृर्गैः काष्टेश्व मुष्टिभिः ॥२८॥ अवश्यमेव हन्याम सार्थस्य किल कृत्यकां। दमयन्ती तु तच् छुत्वा वाक्यं तेषां मुदारुणं ॥२९॥ हीता भीता च संविद्या प्राद्रवद् यच काननं। आशङ्कमाना तत् पापम् आत्मानं पर्यदेवयत् ॥३०॥ ञ्रही ममीपरि विधेः संरम्भी दारुणी महान्। नानुबधाति कुशलं कस्येदं कर्मणः फलं ॥३१॥ न स्मराम्यशुभं किञ्चित् कृतं कस्यचिद् ऋखिष । कर्मणा मनसा वाचा कस्येदं कर्मणः फलं ॥३२॥ नूनं जन्मान्तरकृतं पापम् आपतितं महत्। अपश्विमाम् इमां कष्टाम् आपदं प्राप्तवत्यहं ॥३३॥ भर्तृराज्यापहरणं स्वजनाच पराजयः। भर्चा सह वियोगश्व तनयाभ्याञ्च विच्युतिः ॥३४॥ निर्नाथता वने वासो बहुव्यालनिषेविते। अथापरेद्युः सम्प्राप्ते हतर्शिष्टा जनास् तदा ॥३५॥ देशात् तस्माद् विनिष्क्रम्य शोचनो वैशसं कृतं। भातरं पितरं पुत्रं सखायन्व नराधिप ॥३६॥ अशोचत् तच वैदर्भी किं नु मे दुष्कृतं कृतं। योऽपि मे निर्जनेऽरएये सम्प्राप्तोऽयं जनार्णवः ॥३९॥

Others answered in their misery, reft of kindred and of wealth, 'Who is that ill-omened woman, that with maniac-staring eyes, Joined our host, mis-shaped in aspect, and with scarcely human form? Surely all this wicked witchcraft by her evil power is wrought; Witch or sorceress she, or demon, fatal cause of all our fears, Hers is all the guilt, the misery, who such damning proof may doubt? Could we but behold that false one, murderess, bane of all our host, With the clods, the dust, the bamboos, with our staves, or with our fists, We would slay her on the instant, of our caravan the fate.' But no sooner Damayantí their appalling words had heard, In her shame and in her terror to the forest shade she fled. And that guilt imputed dreading thus her fate began to wail: 'Woe is me, still o'er me hovers the terrific wrath of fate; No good fortune e'er attends me, of what guilt is this the doom? Not a sin can I remember, not the least to living man. Or in deed, or thought, or language, of what guilt is this the doom? In some former life committed expiate I now the sin; To this infinite misfortune hence by penal justice doomed. Lost my husband, lost my kingdom, from my kindred separate; Separate from noble Nala, from my children far away, Widowed of my rightful guardian, in the serpent-haunted wood.' Of that caravan at morning then the sad surviving few, Setting forth from that dread region, o'er that hideous carnage grieve; Each a brother mourns, or father, or a son, or dearest friend.

Still Vidarbha's princess uttered: 'What the sin that I have done?

Scarcely in this desert forest had I met this host of men,

स हती हस्तियूथेन मन्दभाग्याद् ममैव तत्। प्राप्तयं सुचिरं दुःखं नूनम् ऋद्यापि वै मया ॥३८॥ नाप्राप्तकाली मियते श्रुतं वृज्ञानुशासनं। यद् नाहम् ऋद्य मृदिता हिस्तयूथेन दुःखिता ॥३९॥ न ह्यदैवं कृतं किञ्चिन् नराणाम् इह विद्यते। न च मे बालभावेऽपि किञ्चित् पापकृतं कृतं ॥४०॥ कर्मणा मनसा वाचा यद् इदं दुःखम् आगतं। मन्ये स्वयंवरकृते लोकपालाः समागताः ॥४१॥ प्रत्याख्याता मया तच नलस्यार्थाय देवताः। नूनं तेषां प्रभावेन वियोगं प्राप्तवत्यहम् ॥४२॥ एवमादीनि दुःखाती सा विलय वराङ्गना। प्रलापानि तदा तानि दमयन्ती पतिव्रता ॥४३॥ हतशेषैः सह तदा ब्रास्स शेर् वेदपारगैः। अगळ्द् राजशार्टूल चन्द्रलेखेव शारदी ॥४४॥ गळनी सा चिराद् बाला पुरम् श्रासादयद् महत्। सायाहे चेदिराजस्य सुवाहोः सत्यदर्शिनः ॥४५॥ अय वस्तार्धसंवीता प्रविवेश पुरोत्तमं। तां विद्वलां कृशां दीनां मुक्तकेशीम् अमार्जितां ॥४६॥ उन्मत्ताम् इव गच्छनीं ददृशुः पुरवासिनः। प्रविशनों तु तां दृष्ट्वा चेदिराजपुरीं तदा ॥४७॥ अनुजग्मुस् तच बाला यामिपुचाः कुतूहलात्। सा तैः परिवृताऽगच्छत् समीपं राजवेश्मनः ॥४৮॥ तां प्रासादगताऽपश्यद् राजमाता जनैर् वृतां। धाचीम् उवाच गर्छेनाम् ञ्चानयेह ममान्तिनं ॥४०॥ जनेन क्रियते बाला दुःखिता शरणार्थिनी। तादृग् रूपञ्च पश्यामि विद्योतयति मे गृहं ॥५०॥

By the elephants they perish, this is through my luckless fate; A still lengthening life of sorrow I henceforth must sadly lead. Ere his destined day none dieth, this of aged seers the lore; Therefore am not I too trampled by this herd of furious beasts. Every deed of living mortal by o'er-ruling fate is done. Yet no sin have I committed, in my blameless infancy, To deserve this dire disaster, or in word, or deed, or thought. For the choosing of my husband are the guardians of the world, Angry are the gods? rejected for the noble Nala's sake, From my lord this long divorcement through their power do I endure. Thus the noblest of all women to bewail her fate began, The deserted Damayantí, with these sad and bitter words. With some Veda-reading Brahmans that survived that scattered host, Then she went her way in sadness, like the young autumnal moon. Wandering long, a mighty city that afflicted queen drew near: 'Twas the king of Cedi's city, truth-discerning Subáhu. Scantly clad in half a garment entered she that stately town. Her disturbed, emaciate, wretched, with dishevelled hair, unwashed, Like a maniac, onward-moving, saw that city's wondering throng. Gazing on her as she entered to the monarch's royal seat; All the city boys her footsteps followed in their curious play; Circled round by these she wandered near the royal palace-gate. From the lofty palace-terrace her the mother of the king Saw, and thus her nurse addressed she, 'Go, and lead that wanderer in! Sad she roves, without a refuge, troubled by those gazing men. Yet in form so bright, irradiate, is our palace where she moves;

उन्मत्तवेशा कल्याणी श्रीर् इवायतलोचना। सा जनं वारियला तं प्रासादतलम् उत्तमं ॥५१॥ आरोप विस्मिता राजन् दमयनीम् अपृच्छत । एवमप्रमुखाविष्टा विभिष परमं वपुः ॥५२॥ भासि विद्युद् इवाभेषु शंस मे काऽसि कस्य वा। न हि ते मानुषं रूपं भूषणेर् ऋपि वर्जितं ॥५३॥ असहाया नरेभ्यश्व नोडिजस्यमरप्रभे। तच् छूवा वचनं तस्या भेमी वचनम् अबवीत्॥५४॥ मानुषीं मां विजानीहि भर्तारं समनुव्रतां। सैरन्ध्रीं जातिसम्पन्नां भुजिष्यां कामवासिनीं ॥५५॥ फलमूलाशनाम् एकां यत्रसायम्प्रतिश्रयां। असङ्क्षीयगुणी भर्ता माञ्च नित्यम् अनुव्रतः ॥५६॥ भक्ताऽहम् ऋपि तं वीरं छायेवानुगता पिषा। तस्य देवात् प्रसङ्गोऽभूद् ऋतिमाचं स्म देवने ॥५७॥ द्यूते स निर्जितश्चेव वनम् एक उपेयिवान्। तम् एकवसनं वीरम् उन्मत्तम् इव विद्वलं ॥ ५८॥ आश्वासयन्ती भर्तारम् अहमयगमं वनं। स कदाचिद् वने वीरः किस्मिश्चित् कारणान्तरे ॥ ५०॥ क्षुत्परीतस्तु विमनास् तद्येकं व्यसर्जयत्। तम् एकवसना नग्नम् उन्मत्तवद् अचेतसं ॥६०॥ अनुवजन्ती बहुला न स्वपामि निशास् तदा। तती बहुतिये काले सुप्ताम् उत्मृज्य मां क्वचित् ॥६१॥ वाससोऽधं परिच्छिद्य त्यक्तवान् माम् अनागसं। तं मार्गमाणा भर्तारं दह्यमाना दिवानिशं ॥६२॥ साऽहं कमलगभाभम् अपश्यन्ती हृदि प्रियं। न विन्दाम्यमरप्रख्यं प्रियं प्रागेश्वरं प्रभुं ॥६३॥

Though so maniac-like, half-clothed, like Heaven's long-eyed queen she seems.'

Then the nurse those men dispersing, quickly to the palace-top

Made her mount, and in amazement her the mother-queen addressed:

'Thus though bowed and worn with sorrow such a shining form thou wear'st,

As through murky clouds the lightning; tell me who thou art and whose:

For thy form is more than human, of all ornament despoiled:

Men thou fear'st not, unattended, in celestial beauty safe.'

Hearing thus her gentle language Bhima's daughter made reply: 'Know me like thyself a mortal, a distressed, devoted wife; Of illustrious race a handmaid, making where I will mine home; On the roots and wild-fruits feeding, lonely, at the fall of eve. Gifted with unnumber'd virtues is my true, my faithful lord, And I still the hero followed, like his shadow on the way. Twas his fate, with desp'rate fondness, to pursue the love of play, And in play subdued and ruined entered he you lonely wood. Him, arrayed in but one garment, like a madman wandering wild, To console my noble husband I too entered the deep wood. He within that dreary forest from some accidental cause, Wild with hunger, reft of reason, that one single robe he lost. I with but one robe, him naked, frantic, and with mind diseased, Following through the boundless forest, many a night I had not slept. Then, when I had sunk to slumber, me the blameless leaving there, Half my garment having severed, he his sinless consort fled. Seeking him, my outcast husband, day and night am I consumed: Him I see not, ever shining, like the lotus-cup, beloved; Find him not, most like th' immortals, lord of all, my life, my soul.'

ताम् अश्रुपरिपूर्णाक्षीं विलपनीं तथा बहु। राजमाताऽबवीट् आर्तां भैमीम् आर्ततरा स्वयं ॥६४॥ वसस्व मयि कल्याणि प्रीतिर् मे परमा त्वि । मृगयिष्यन्ति ते भद्रे भर्तारं पुरुषा मम ॥६५॥ ञ्जपि वा स्वयम् आगच्छेत् परिधावच् इतस्ततः। इहैव वसती भद्रे भर्तारम् उपलप्यसे ॥६६॥ राजमातुर् वचः श्रुता दमयन्ती वचोऽत्रवीत्। समयेनोत्सहे वस्तुं त्विय वीरप्रजायिनि ॥६१॥ उच्छिष्टं नैव भुझीयां न कुर्यां पादधावनं। न चाहं पुरुषान् अन्यान् प्रभाषेयं कथञ्चन ॥६५॥ प्रार्थयेद् यदि मां कश्चिद् दराझम् ते स पुमान् भवेत्। बध्यश्व तेऽसकृन् मन्द इति मे व्रतम् आहितं ॥६०॥ भर्तुर् अन्वेषणार्थन्तु पश्येयं बासणान् अहं। यद्यं एवम् इह कर्तेच्यं वत्स्याम्यहमसंशयं ॥७०॥ ञ्जतोऽन्यथा न मे वासी वर्तते हृदये क्वचित्। तां प्रहृष्टेन मनसा राजमातेदमब्रवीत् ॥ ७१॥ सर्वम् एतत् करिषामि दिख्या ते व्रतम् ईदुशं। एवम् उक्का तती भैमीं राजमाता विशाम्पते ॥ ७२॥ उवाचेदं दुहितरं सुनन्दां नाम भारत। सैरन्धीम् अभिजानीष्व सुनन्दे देवरूपिणीं ॥ ७३॥ वयसा तुल्यतां प्राप्ता सखी तव भवत्वयं। एतया सह मोदस्व निरुडियमनाः सदा ॥ 9४॥ ततः परमसंहष्टा सुनन्दा गृहम् ञ्रागमत्। दमयन्तीम् उपादाय सखीभिः परिवारिता ॥ १५॥

॥ इति नलोपाख्याने चयोदशः सर्गः ॥१३॥

Even as thus, with eyes o'erflowing, uttered she her sad lament, Sad herself, sad Bhima's daughter did the mother-queen address: 'Dwell with me, then, noble Lady, deep the joy in thee I feel, And the servants of my household shall thy royal husband seek. Haply hither he may wander as he roams about the world; Dwelling here in peace and honour thou thy husband wilt rejoin.' To the king of Cedi's mother Damayantí made reply: 'On these terms will I live with thee, mother of heroic sons-That I eat not broken victuals, wash not feet with menial hand; Nor with stranger men have converse, in my chaste, secluded state. If that any man demand me, be he punished; if again, Death-doomed be the wretch on th' instant, this the vow that I have sworn. Only, if they seek my husband, holy Bráhmans will I see. Be my terms by thee accepted, gladly will I sojourn here, But on other terms no sojourn will this heart resolved admit,' Then to her with joyful spirit spake the mother of the king: 'As thou wilt shall all be ordered, be thou blest, since such thy vow.' Speaking thus to Bhíma's daughter did the royal mother then In these words address her daughter, young Sunandá was her name: 'See this handmaid, my Sunandá, gifted with a form divine; She in age thy lovely compeer, be she to thee as a friend; Joined with her in sweet communion, take thy pleasure without fear.' Young Sunandá, all rejoicing, to her own abode went back,

END OF BOOK XIII.

Taking with her Damayantí, circled with her virgin peers.

### वृहद्श्व उवाच।

उत्मृज्य दमयन्तीं तु नली राजा विशाम्पते। ददर्श दावं दह्यनां महानां गहने वने ॥१॥ तच गुष्राव गन्दं वै मध्ये भूतस्य कस्यचित्। अभिधाव नलेत्युचैः पुरायस्रोकेति चासकृत्॥२॥ मा भैर् इति नलश्वोत्ता मध्यम् अग्नेः प्रविश्य तं। ददर्भ नागराजानं भयानं कुगडलीकृतं ॥३॥ स नागः प्राञ्जलिर् भूता वेपमानी नलं तदा। उवाच मां विडि राजन् नागं कर्कोटकं नृप ॥४॥ मया प्रलब्धो महर्षिर् नारदः स महातपाः। तेन मन्युपरीतेन शशीऽस्मि मनुजाधिप ॥५॥ तिष्ठ तं स्थावर इव यावद् एव नलः कचित्। इतो नेता हि तच लं शापाद् मी स्थिस मन्कृतात् ॥ ६॥ तस्य शापाद् न शक्तोऽस्मि पदाद् विचलितुं पदं। उपदेख्यामि ते श्रेयस् चातुम् ऋईति मां भवान् ॥९॥ सखा च ते भविष्यामि मत्समी नास्ति पन्नगः। लघुश्व ते भविष्यामि शीघ्रम् आदाय गच्छ मां ॥ ৮॥ एवम् उक्का स नागेन्द्रो बभूवाङ्गुष्ठमाचकः। तं गृहीता नलः प्रायाद् देशं दावविवर्जितं ॥ ९॥ आकाशदेशम् आसाद्य विमुक्तं कृष्णवर्त्मना। उत्म्रष्टुकामं तं नागः पुनः कर्कोटकोऽब्रवीत् ॥ १०॥ पदानि गणयन् गच्छ स्वानि नैषध कानिचित्। तच तेऽहं महाबाही श्रेयी धास्यामि यत् परं ॥११॥

#### VRIHADAŚVA spake:

DAMAYANTÍ when deserting royal Nala fled, ere long Blazing in the forest jungle he a mighty fire beheld; Thence, as of a living being, from the midst a voice he heard: 'Hasten, Nala!' oft and loudly, 'Punyaśloka, haste,' it cried. 'Fear thou not,' king Nala answered, plunging in the ruddy flame; There he saw the King of Serpents lying, coiled into a ring. There with folded hands the Serpent trembling, thus to Nala spake: 'Me, Karkotaka, the Serpent know, thou sovereign of men; Nárada, the famous hermit, I deceived, the holy sage; He in righteous indignation smote me with this awful curse: Stay thou there as one unmoving till king Nala passing by Lead thee hence; save only Nala, none can free thee from this curse. Through this potent execration I no step have power to move; I the way to bliss will show thee, if thou say'st me from this fate. I will show thee noble friendship, Serpent none is like to me; Lightly shall I weigh, uplift me in thy hand, with speed, O king.' Thus when spake the King of Serpents to a finger's size he shrank; Him when Nala lightly lifted to the unburning space he passed. To the air all cool and temperate brought him, by the flame unreached, As he fain on th' earth would place him, thus Karkotaka began: 'Move thou now, O king, and slowly, as thou movest, count thy steps. Then the best of all good fortune will I give thee, mighty armed!

ततः सङ्घातुम् आरब्धम् अदशर् दशमे परे। तस्य दष्टस्य तदूपं क्षिप्रम् ऋनारधीयत ॥ १२॥ स दृष्ट्वा विस्मितस् तस्थाव् आत्मानं विकृतं नलः। स्वरूपधारिएं नागं ददर्श च महीपतिः ॥ १३॥ ततः कर्कोटको नागः सान्वयन् नलम् अववीत्। मया तेऽनाहितं रूपं न त्वां विद्युर् जना इति ॥ १४॥ यत्कृते चासि निकृतो दुः खेन महता नल। विषेण स मदीयेन त्वयि दुःखं निवत्यिति ॥ १५॥ विषेण संवृतैर् गाचैर् यावत् त्वां न विमोध्यति। तावत् त्विय महाराज दुःखं वै स निवत्स्यति ॥ १६॥ अनागा येन निकृतस् त्वम् अनहीं जनाधिप। क्रीधाद् असूयित्वा तं रह्या मे भवतः कृता ॥ १९॥ न ते भयं नरव्याघ्र दंष्ट्रिभ्यः शनुतोऽपि वा। ब्रह्मिषेभ्यश्व भविता मत्प्रसादाद् नराधिप ॥ १৮॥ राजन् विषनिमित्रा च न ते पीडा भविषाति। सङ्ग्रामेषु च राजेन्द्र शश्वज् जयम् अवाप्स्यसि ॥१९॥ गच्छ राजन् इतः सूतो वाहुकोऽहम् इति ब्रुवन्। समीपम् ऋतुपर्णस्य स हि वेदाक्षनेपुणं ॥२०॥ अयोध्यां नगरीं रम्याम् अद्य वै निषधेश्वर । स तेऽस्रहृद्यं दाता राजाश्वहृद्येन वै ॥२१॥ इस्वाकुकुलजः श्रीमान् मिचन्वैव भविष्यति। भविषमि यदाऽ ख्रुद्धः श्रेयसा यो ख्यसे तदा ॥ २२॥ समेष्यसि च दारैस् तं मास्म शोके मनः कृषाः। राज्येन तनयाभ्याच्च सत्यम् एतद् ब्रवीमि ते ॥२३॥ स्वरूपच यदा द्रष्टुम् इच्छे यास् तं नराधिप। संस्मर्तव्यस् तदा नेऽहं वासश्चेदं निवासयेः ॥२४॥

Ere the tenth step he had counted, him the sudden Serpent bit: As he bit him, on the instant all his kingly form was changed. There he stood and gazed in wonder, Nala, on his altered form. In his proper shape the Serpent saw the sovereign of men. Then Karkotaka the Serpent thus to Nala comfort spake: 'Through my power thy form is altered, lest thou should'st be known of men. He through whom thou'rt thus afflicted, Nala, with intensest grief, Through my poison, shall in anguish ever dwell within thy soul. All his body steeped in poison till he free thee from thy woe, Shall he dwell within thee prison'd in the ecstacy of pain. So from him, by whom, thou blameless! sufferest such unworthy wrong, By the curse I lay upon him thy deliverance shall be wrought. Fear not thou the tusked wild boar, foeman fear not thou, O king, Neither Bráhman fear, nor Sages, safe through my prevailing power. King, this salutary poison gives to thee nor grief nor pain; In the battle, chief of Rájas, victory is ever thine. Go thou forth, thyself thus naming, 'Váhuka, the charioteer,' To the royal Rituparna, in the dice all-skilful he; To Ayodhyá's pleasant city, sovereign of Nishadha! go; He his skill in dice will give thee for thy skill in taming steeds: Of Ikshváku's noble lineage he will be thy best of friends. Thou the skill in dice possessing soon wilt rise again to bliss; With thy consort reunited yield not up thy soul to grief. Thou thy kingdom, thou thy children wilt regain, the truth I speak. When again thou would'st behold thee in thy proper form, O king,

Summon me to thy remembrance, and this garment put thou on:

अनेन वाससान्छन्नः स्वरूपं प्रतिपत्ससे। इत्युक्ता प्रदरी तस्मै दिव्यं वासीयुगं तदा॥२५॥ एवं नलच्च सन्दिश्य वासी दल्ला च कौरव। नागराजस् तती राजंस् तचैवान्तरधीयत॥२६॥

॥ इति नलीपाख्याने चतुर्दशः सर्गः ॥ १४॥

वृहदश्व उवाच।
तिस्मन् अनिर्हिते नागे प्रययो नैषधी नलः।
ऋतुपर्णस्य नगरं प्राविशद् दशमेऽहिन ॥१॥
स राजानम् उपातिष्ठद् वाहुकोऽहम् इति ब्रुवन्।
अश्वानां वाहने युक्तः पृथिव्यां नास्ति मत्समः॥२॥
अर्थकृष्छेषु चैवाहं प्रष्ट्यो नैपुणेषु च।
अन्नसंस्कारम् अपि च जानाम्यन्यर् विशेषतः॥३॥
यानि शिल्पानि लोकेऽस्मिन् यच्चेवान्यत् सुदुष्करं।
सर्वं यतिषे तत् कर्तुम् ऋतुपर्णं भरस्व मां॥४॥

ऋतुपर्ण उवाच।
वस वाहुक भट्रं ते सर्वम् एतत् करिष्यसि।
शीघ्रयाने सदा वृड्डिर् ध्रियते मे विशेषतः॥५॥
स तम् आतिष्ठ योगं तं येन शीघ्रा हया मम।
भवेयुर् अश्वाध्यक्षोऽसि वेतनं ते शतं शताः॥६॥
ताम् उपस्थास्यतश्चिव नित्यं वार्षोयजीवली।
एताभ्यां रंस्यसे सार्धे वस वै मिय वाहुक॥७॥
एवम् उक्तो नलस् तेन न्यवसत् तत्र पूजितः।
ऋतुपर्णस्य नगरे सहवार्षोयजीवलः॥৮॥

In this garment clad resum'st thou instantly thy proper form.'
Saying thus, of vests celestial gave he to the king a pair.
And king Nala, thus instructed, gifted with these magic robes,
Instantly the King of Serpents vanished from his sight away.

END OF BOOK XIV.

#### VRIHADAŚVA spake:

Vanished thus the King of Serpents set Nishadha's Rája forth,
Rituparṇa's royal city on the tenth day entered he.
Straight before the royal presence, 'Váhuka am I,' he said,
'In the skill of taming horses on the earth is not my peer;
Use me, where the arduous counsel, where thou want'st the dexterous hand;
In the art of dressing viands I am skilful above all.
Whatsoe'er the art, whatever be most difficult to do,
I will strive to execute it, take me to thy service, king.'

#### RITUPARŅA spake:

'Váhuka, I bid thee welcome, all this service shalt thou do,
On my horses' rapid motion deeply is my mind engaged.

Take thou then on thee the office, that my steeds be fleet of foot,
Of my horse be thou the master, hundred hundreds is thy pay:

Ever shalt thou have for comrades Várshņeya and Jívala:

With these two pursue thy pleasure, Váhuka, abide with me.'
Thus addressed, did Nala, honoured by king Rituparņa long,
With Várshņeya in that city and with Jívala abide:

स वै तचावसद् राजा वैद्भीम् अनुचिन्तयन्। सायं सायं सदा चेमं छोकम् एकं जगाद ह ॥ ९॥ क नु सा खुत्पिपासाता स्त्रान्ता शेते तपस्विनी। स्मरन्ती तस्य मन्दस्य कं वा साऽद्योपतिष्ठति ॥१०॥ एवं बुवन्तं राजानं निशायां जीवलोऽब्रवीत्॥११॥ काम् इमां शोचसे नित्यं श्रोतुम् इच्छामि वाहुक। आयुष्मन् कस्य वा नारी याम् एवम् अनुशोचिस ॥ १२॥ तम् उवाच नली राजा मन्दप्रज्ञस्य कस्यचित्। आसीर् बहुमता नारी तस्यादृढतरं वचः ॥१३॥ स वै केनचिंद् अर्थेन तया मन्दी व्ययुज्यत। विप्रयुक्तः स मन्दात्मा भ्रमत्यसुखपीडितः ॥ १४॥ दह्ममानः स शोकेन दिवाराचम् अतन्द्रितः। निशाकाले स्मरंस् तस्याः श्वीकम् एकं स्म गायित ॥ १५॥ स विभ्रमन् महीं सर्वां क्वचिद् आसाद्य किञ्चन। वसत्यनहेस् तद्दुःखं भूय एवानुसंस्मरन् ॥१६॥ सा तु तं पुरुषं नारी कृच्छ्रेऽप्यनुगता वने। त्यक्ता तेनाल्पपुरायेन दुष्करं यदि जीवति ॥१९॥ एका बालाऽनिभिज्ञा च मार्गाणाम् अतथीचिता। स्रुत्पिपासापरीताङ्गी दुष्करं यदि जीवति ॥१५॥ श्वापदाचरिते नित्यं वने महति दारुणे। त्यक्ता तेनाल्पभाग्येन मन्दप्रज्ञेन मारिष ॥१९॥ इत्येवं नेषधी राजा दमयन्तीम् अनुस्मरन्। अज्ञातवासं न्यवसद् राज्ञस् तस्य निवेशने ॥२०॥

॥ इति नलीपाख्याने पञ्चदशः सर्गः॥१५॥

There abode he, sadly thinking of Vidarbha's daughter still. In the evening, every evening uttered he this single verse; 'Where is she, by thirst and hunger worn, and weary, pious still, Thinking of her unwise husband, in whose presence is she now?' Thus the Rája, ever speaking, Jívala one night addressed; Who is she, for whom thou grievest? Váhuka, I fain would hear. Who may be the lady's husband? tell me—length of days be thine!' Answered thus the royal Nala, 'To a man of sense bereft, Once belonged a peerless lady, most infirm of word was he; From some cause from her dissevered went that frantic man away, In his foolish soul thus parted wanders he, by sorrow racked; Day and night, and still for ever by his parching grief consumed: Nightly brooding o'er his sorrows sings he this sad single verse. O'er the whole wide earth a wanderer, chance-alighting in some place, Dwells that woful man, unworthy, ever wakeful with his grief. Him that noble lady following, in the forest lone and dread, Lives, of that bad man forsaken, hard it is to say, she lives! Lone, and young, the ways unknowing, undeserving of such fate, Pines she there with thirst and hunger, hard it is to say, she lives. In that vast and awful forest, haunted by fierce beasts of prey, Jivala, she roams forsaken by that hapless senseless lord.' Thus remembering Damayantí did Nishadha's king unknown Long within that dwelling sojourn, in the palace of the king.

END OF BOOK XV.

# वृहदश्व उवाच।

हृतराज्ये नले भीमः सभार्ये प्रेष्यतां गते। विजान् प्रस्थापयामास नलदर्शनकाङ्क्षया ॥१॥ सन्दिदेश च तान् भीमो वसु दल्ला च पुष्कलं। मृगयध्वं नलं यूयं दमयन्तीच मे सुतां ॥२॥ अस्मिन् कर्मणि सम्पन्ने विज्ञाते निषधाधिपे। गवां सहस्रं दास्यामि यो वस् ताव् ञ्चानियषति ॥३॥ अयहारांश्व दास्यामि यामं नगरसिमातं। न चेच् छक्याव् इहानेतुं दमयन्ती नलोऽपि वा ॥४॥ ज्ञातमाचेऽपि दास्यामि गवां दश शतं धनं। इत्युक्तास् ते ययुर् हृष्टा ब्राह्मणाः सर्वतो दिशं ॥५॥ पुरराष्ट्राणि चिन्वन्तो नैषधं सह भार्यया। नैव क्वापि प्रपश्यन्ति नलं वा भीमपुचिकां ॥६॥ ततश् चेदिपुरीं रम्यां सुदेवी नाम वै हिजः। विचिन्वानोऽय वैदर्भीम् अपश्यद् राजवेश्मनि ॥ ९॥ पुर्ायाहवाचने राज्ञः मुनन्दासिहतां स्थितां। मन्दं प्रख्यायमानेन रूपेणाप्रतिमेन तां। निबडां धूमजालेन प्रभाम् इव विभावसीः ॥ ७॥ तां समीस्य विशालासीम् अधिकं मलिनां कृशां। तर्कयामास भैमीति कारणैर् उपपादयन् ॥ ९॥

# सुदेव उवाच।

यथेयं मे पुरा दृष्टा तथारूपेयम् अङ्गना । कृतार्थोऽस्यद्य दृष्ट्वेमां लोककान्ताम् इव श्रियं ॥१०॥

#### VRIHADASVA spake:

NALA thus bereft of kingdom with his wife to slavery sunk, Forth king Bhima sent the Brahmans, Nala through the world to seek. Thus the royal Bhima charged them, with abundant wealth supplied :---'Go ye now and seek king Nala, Damayantí seek, my child: And, achieved this weighty business, found Nishadha's royal lord, Which of you shall hither bring them shall a thousand kine receive; And a royal grant for maintenance of a village like a town. If nor hither Damayantí nor king Nala may be brought, Know ye where they are, rich guerdon still we give, ten hundred kine.' Thus addressed, the joyful Bráhmans went to every clime of earth, Through the cities, through the kingdoms, seeking Nala and his queen: Nala, or king Bhíma's daughter, in no place might they behold. Then a Bráhman, named Sudeva, came to pleasant Ćedi-pur; There within the kingly palace he Vidarbha's daughter saw, Standing with the fair Sunandá, on a royal holiday. With her beauty once so peerless worthy now of little praise, Like the sun-light feebly shining through the dimness of a cloud. Gazing on the large-eyed princess, dull in look, and wasted still, Lo, he thought, king Bhíma's daughter, pondering thus within his mind.

#### SUDEVA spake:

E'en as once I wont to see her, such is yonder woman's form,
I my work have done, beholding, like the goddess world-adored,

पूर्णंचन्द्रनिभां श्यामां चारुवृत्तपयोधरां। कुर्वन्तीं प्रभया देवीं सर्वा वितिमिरा दिशः ॥ ११॥ चारुपद्मविशालाक्षों मन्मथस्य रतीम् इव। इष्टां समस्तलोकस्य पूर्णचन्द्रप्रभाम् इव ॥ १२॥ विदर्भसरसस् तस्माद् दैवदोषाद् इवोडृतां। मलपङ्कानुलिप्ताङ्गीं मृणालीम् इव चोडृतां ॥१३॥ पौर्णमासीम् इव निशां राहुयस्तनिशाकरां। पतिशोकाकुलां दीनां शुष्कसीतां नदीम् इव ॥ १४॥ विध्वस्तपर्णेकमलां विचासितविहङ्गमां। हिस्तहस्तपरामृष्टां व्याकुलाम् इव पद्मिनीं ॥१५॥ मुकुमारीं सुजाताङ्गीं रत्नगर्भगृहोचितां। दह्ममानाम् इवार्केण मृणालीम् इव चोडृतां ॥१६॥ रूपौदार्यगुणोपेतां मगडनाहीम् अमगिडतां। चन्द्रलेखाम् इव नवां व्योम्नि नीलाभसंवृतां ॥१९॥ कामभोगैः प्रियेर् हीनां हीनां बन्धुजनेन च। देहं धारयतीं दीनां भर्तृदर्शनकाङ्ख्या ॥ १६॥ भर्ता नाम परं नाया भूषणं भूषणेर् विना। एषा हि रहिता तेन शोभमाना न शोभते ॥ १९॥ दुष्करं कुरुतेऽत्यनां हीनी यद् अनया नलः। धारयत्यात्मनी देहं न शोकेनावसीदित ॥२०॥ इमाम् असितकेशान्तां शतपवायतेक्ष्णां। मुखाहीं दुःखितां दृष्ट्वा ममापि व्यथते मनः ॥२१॥ कदा नु खलु दुःखस्य पारं यास्यति वै शुभा। भर्तुः समागमात् साध्वी रोहिणी शशिनो यथा ॥२२॥ अस्या नूनम् पुनर्लाभाद् नैषधः प्रीतिम् एषति। राजा राज्यपरिभ्रष्टः पुनर् लब्धा च मेदिनीं ॥२३॥

Like the full moon, darkly beauteous, with her fair and swelling breasts, Her, the queen, that with her brightness makes each clime devoid of gloom, With her lotus-eyes expanding, like Manmatha's queen divine; Like the moonlight in its fulness, the desire of all the world; From Vidarbha's pleasant waters her by cruel fate plucked up, Like a lotus-flower uprooted, with the mire and dirt around; Like the pallid night, when Ráhu swallows up the darkened moon; For her husband wan with sorrow, like a gentle stream dried up; Like a pool, where droops the lotus, whence the affrighted birds have fled, By the elephant's proboscis, in its quiet depths disturbed; Tender, soft-limbed, in a palace fit, of precious stones, to dwell; Like the lotus-stem, uprooted, parched and withered by the sun; Fair as generous, of adornment worthy, yet all unadorned, Like the young moon's slender crescent in the heavens by dark clouds veiled; Widowed now of all love's pleasures, of her noble kin despoiled, Wretched, bearing life, her husband in her hope again to see. To the unadorned, a husband is the chiefest ornament; Of her husband if forsaken she in splendour is not bright. Difficult must be the trial; does king Nala, reft of her, Still retain his wretched body, nor with sorrow pine away? Her with her dark flowing tresses, with her long and lotus-eyes, Worthy of all joy, thus joyless, as I see, my soul is wrung. To the furthest shore of sorrow when will pass this beauteous queen? To her husband reunited, as the moon's bride to the moon? Her recovering shall king Nala to his happiness return, King, albeit despoiled of kingdom, he his realm shall reassume;

तुल्यशीलवयोयुक्तां तुल्याभिजनसंवृतां । नैषधोऽर्हति वैदर्भी तज्वेयमसितेष्ठ्या ॥२४॥ युक्तं तस्याप्रमेयस्य वीर्यसत्त्ववतो मया । समाश्वासियतुं भार्यां पतिदर्शनलालसां ॥२५॥ अहम् आश्वासयाम्येनां पूर्णचन्द्रनिभाननां । अदृष्टपूर्वां दुःखस्य दुःखातां ध्यानतत्परां ॥२६॥

### वृहदश्व उवाच।

एवं विमृश्य विविधेः कारणेर् लक्ष्णेश्व तां। उपागम्य ततो भेमीं सुदेवो ब्राह्मणोऽब्रवीत् ॥२०॥ अहं मुदेवी वैदर्भि भातुम् ते दियतः सखा। भीमस्य वचनाद् राज्ञस् लाम् अन्वेष्टुम् इहागतः ॥२५॥ कुशली ते पिता राज्ञि जननी भातरम्ब ते। ग्रायुषाना कुशलिनो तत्रस्यो दारको च तो ॥२०॥ लकृते बन्धुवर्गाश्व गतसत्वा इवासते। अन्वेष्टारी बाह्मणाश्व भ्रमिन शतशी महीं॥३०॥ ऋभिज्ञाय सुदेवं तं दमयन्ती युधिष्ठिर। पर्यपृच्छत तान् सर्वान् क्रमेण सुहृदः स्वकान् ॥३१॥ ररोद च भृशं राजन वैदभी शोककर्षिता। दृष्ट्वा सुदेवं सहसा भातुर् इष्टं डिजोत्तमं ॥३२॥ ततो रुदन्तीं तां दृष्ट्वा सुनन्दा शीक्षकितां। सुदेवेन सहैकानो कथयन्तीच्च भारत ॥३३॥ जिनचाः कथयामास सैरन्धी रोदितीति वै। ब्राह्मणेन समागम्य तां वेत्य यदि मन्यसे ॥३४॥ अय चेदिपतेर् माता राज्ञश्वानाःपुरात् तदा। जगाम यव सा बाला ब्राह्मणेन सहाभवत् ॥३५॥

In their age and virtues equal, equal in their noble race,

He alone of her is worthy, worthy she alone of him.

Me beseems it of that peerless, of that brave and prudent king,

To console the loyal consort, pining for her husband's sight.

Her will I address with comfort, with her moonlike glowing face;

Her with woe once unacquainted, woful now and lost in thought.

#### VRIHADAŚVA spake:

Thus when he had gazed and noted all her marks, her features well, To the daughter of king Bhíma thus the sage Sudeva spake: 'I am named Sudeva, lady, I, thy brother's chosen friend, By king Bhíma's royal mandate hither come in search of thee. Well thy sire, thy royal mother, well thy noble brethren fare, And well fare those little infants, well and happy are they both. For thy sake thy countless kindred sit as though of sense bereft: Seeking thee a hundred Bráhmans now are wandering o'er the earth.' She no sooner knew Sudeva, Damayantí, of her kin, Many a question asked in order, and of every friend beloved. And the daughter of Vidarbha freely wept, so sudden thus On Sudeva, best of Bráhmans, gazing, on her brother's friend. Her beheld the young Sunandá weeping, wasted with distress, As she thus her secret converse with the wise Sudeva held. Thus she spake unto her mother, 'Lo, how fast our handmaid weeps, Questioning the holy Bráhman, who she is, thou soon may'st know.' Forth the king of Cedi's mother from the inner chamber went, And she passed where with the Brahman that mysterious woman stood. ततः सुदेवम् आनाय्य राजमाता विशाम्पते।
पप्रच्छ भायां कस्येयं सुता वा कस्य भाविनी ॥३६॥
कथन्त भ्रष्टा ज्ञातिभ्यो भर्तुर् वा वामलोचना।
तया च विदिता विप्र कथम् एवङ्गता सती ॥३९॥
एतद् इच्छाम्यहं श्रोतुं त्वतः सर्वम् अशेषतः।
तत्त्वेन हि ममाचस्य पृच्छन्या देवरूपिणीं॥३६॥
एवम् उक्तस् तया राजन् सुदेवो डिजसत्तमः।
सुखोपविष्ट आचष्टे दमयन्या यथातर्थं॥३९॥

॥ इति नलोपाख्याने षोडशः सर्गः ॥ १६॥

# मुदेव उवाच।

विदर्भराजो धर्मात्मा भीमो नाम महाद्युतिः।
सुतेयं तस्य कल्याणी दमयन्तीति विश्रुता॥१॥
राजा तु नैषधी नाम वीरसेनसुतो नलः।
भार्येयं तस्य कल्याणी पुण्यश्चोकस्य धीमतः॥१॥
स द्यूते निर्जितो भाचा हतराज्यो महीपतिः।
दमयन्या गतः सांधे न प्राज्ञायत किहिचित्॥३॥
ते वयं दमयन्यर्थे चरामः पृथिवीम् इमां।
सेयम् आसादिता बाला तव पुचनिवेशने॥४॥
अस्या रूपेण सदृशी मानुषी न हि विद्यते।
अस्या रूपेण सदृशी मानुषी न हि विद्यते।
अस्या रूपेण सदृशी मानुषी न हि विद्यते।
स्यामायाः पद्मसङ्काशो लिख्नितोऽन्तितो मया।
मलेन संवृतो द्यस्याश इक्वोऽभ्रेणेव चन्द्रमाः॥६॥

Them the mother-queen Sudeva bade before her presence stand;
And she asked, 'Whose wife, whose daughter may this noble stranger be?
From her kindred how dissevered, from her husband, the soft-eyed?
Is she known to thee, O Bráhman, how to this sad state reduced?
This I fain would hear, and clearly, all her strange and wondrous tale.
Tell me all that hath befallen to this heaven-formed, plainly tell.'
Best of Bráhmans, thus Sudeva, by the mother-queen addressed,
All the truth of Damayantí, sitting at his ease, declared.

END OF BOOK XVI.

#### SUDEVA spake:

'In Vidarbha the just monarch, Bhíma, in his glory dwells.

Of that king is she the daughter, Damayantí is her name;

And the Rája of Nishadha, Nala, Vírasena's son,

Of that king is she the consort, Punyaśloka named, the Wise.

Him in play his brother worsted, spoiled of realm the king of earth.

He set forth with Damayantí, whither is unknown of men.

For the sake of Damayantí wander we about the earth;

Till I found you noble woman in the palace of your son.

Like to her of mortal women is there none, her beauty's peer;

In the midst, between her eyebrows, from her birth a lovely mole

Dark was seen, and like a lotus that hath vanished from my sight,

Covered over with defilement, like the moon behind a cloud.

चिह्नभूतो विभृत्यर्थम् अयं धात्रा विनिर्मितः।
प्रतिपत्कलुषस्येन्दोर् लेखा नातिविराजते ॥९॥
न चास्या नश्यते रूपं वपुर्मलसमाचितं।
असंस्कृतम् अपि व्यक्तं भाति काञ्चनसिन्नभं॥६॥
अनेन वपुषा बाला पिप्रुनाऽनेन सूचिता।
लिखितेयं मया देवी निभृतोऽियर् इवीष्मणा॥९॥

### वृहदश्व उवाच।

तच् छूता वचनं तस्य मुदेवस्य विशाम्पते। सुनन्दाँ शोधयामास पिञ्जप्रच्छादनं मलं ॥१०॥ स मलेनापकृष्टेन पिश्चस् तस्या व्यरोचत। दमयन्यास् तदा व्यभ्रे नभसीव निशाकरः ॥ १९॥ पिघुं दृष्ट्वा सुनन्दा च राजमाता च भारत। रुदनयो तां परिष्वज्य मुहूर्तम् इव तस्यतुः ॥१२॥ उत्मुज्य वाष्पं शनके राजमातेदम् अववीत्। भगिन्या दुहिता मेऽसि पिञ्जनाऽनेन सूचिता ॥१३॥ अहञ्च तव माता च राज्ञस् तस्य महात्मनः। सुते दशाणाधिपतेः सुदासश चारुदर्शने ॥ १४॥ भीमस्य राज्ञः सा दत्ता वीरवाहोर् ऋहं पुनः। लं तु जाता मया दृष्टा दशार्थेषु पितुर् गृहे ॥१५॥ यथैव ते पितुर् गेहं तथैव मम भाविनि। यथैव च ममैश्वर्य दमयन्ति तथा तव ॥ १६॥ तां प्रहृष्टेन मनसा दमयन्ती विशाम्पते। प्रणम्य मातुर् भगिनीम् इदं वचनम् अबवीत्॥१७॥ अज्ञायमानापि सती सुखम् अस्युषिता त्वि। सर्वकामैः सुविहिता रख्यमाणा सदा तया ॥ १६॥

This soft mole by Brahmá fashioned, sign of his creative power,
As at change the moon's thin crescent only dim and faintly gleams.
Yet her beauty is not faded; though her form be soiled with dust,
Unadorned, it shines more nobly, like the native unwrought gold.
With that beauteous form you woman, gifted with that lovely mole,
Instant knew I for the Princess, as the heat betrays the fire.'

#### VRIHADAŚVA spake:

To Sudeva as she listened uttering thus his strange discourse: 'All the dust that mole concealing young Sunandá washed away. By the obscuring dust unclouded shining out that mole appeared; On the brow of Damayantí, like the unclouded moon in heaven.' Gazing on that mole, Sunandá, and the mother of the king, Wept as fondly they embraced her, and an instant silent stood. Then her tears awhile suppressing, thus the royal mother spake: 'Thou art mine own sister's daughter, by that beauteous mole made known; I, oh beauteous, and thy mother, of that lofty-minded king, Are the daughters, king Sudáman, he that in Dasárna reigns; She was wedded to king Bhíma, and to Vírabáhu I. In my father's home, Daśárna once I saw thee, newly-born. As to me thy father's lineage is akin, so mine to thee; Whatsoe'er my power commandeth, Damayantí, all is thine.' To the queen did Damayantí, in the gladness of her heart, Having bowed in courteous homage to her mother's sister, speak : 'While unknown I might continue, gladly dwelt I here with thee; Every want supplied on th' instant, guarded by thy gentle care.

मुखात् सुखतरी वासी भविष्यति न संशयः। चिरविप्रोषितां मातर् माम् अनुज्ञातुम् अर्हसि ॥१९॥ दारको च हि मे नीतो वसतस् तच बालको। पिचा विहीनौ शोकातीं मया चैव कथं नु तौ ॥२०॥ यदि चापि प्रियं किञ्चिद् मिय कर्तुम् इहेन्छसि। विदर्भान् यातुम् इच्छामि शीघ्रं मे यानम् आदिश ॥२१॥ वाढम् इत्येव ताम् उत्का हृष्टा मातृष्वसा नृप। गुप्तां बलेन महता पुचस्यानुमते ततः ॥२२॥ प्रास्थापयद् राजमाता श्रीमतीं नरवाहिना। यानेन भरतश्रेष्ठ ह्यचपानपरिच्छदां ॥२३॥ ततः सा नचिराद् एव विद्भीन् अगमत् पुनः। तां तु बन्धुजनः सर्वः प्रहृष्टः समपूजयत् ॥२४॥ सर्वान् कुशलिनो दृष्ट्वा बान्धवान् दारकी च तौ। मातरम् पितरचीभौ सर्वज्वैव सखीजनं ॥२५॥ देवताः पूजयामास ब्राह्मणांश्व यशस्विनी। परेण विधिना देवी दमयन्ती विशाम्पते ॥ २६॥ ञ्जतर्पयत् सुदेवज्व गोसहस्रेण पार्थिवः। प्रीतो दृष्ट्वेव तनयां यामेण द्रविणेन च ॥२०॥ सा व्युष्टा रजनीं तच पितुर् वेश्मनि भाविनी। विश्राना मातरं राजच् इदं वचनम् अववीत् ॥२८॥ मां चेद् इच्छिसि जीवन्तीं मातः सत्यम् ब्रवीमि ते। नरवीरस्य चैतस्य नलस्यानयने यत ॥२९॥ दमयन्या तथोक्ता तु सा देवी भृशदुः खिता। वाष्पेणापिहिता राजन् नोत्तरं किञ्चित् अववीत्॥३०॥ तदवस्थां तु तां दृष्ट्वा सर्वम् अनाःपुरं तदा। हाहाभूतम् अतीवासीद् भृशच प्रकरीद् ह ॥३१॥

Yet than even this pleasant dwelling, a more pleasant may there be;
Long a banished woman, mother! give me leave from hence to part,
Thither where my infant children dwell, my tender little ones,
Orphaned of their sire, in sorrow orphaned, ah, how long of me!
If thou yet wilt grant a favour, o'er all other favours dear,
To Vidarbha would I journey, quick the palanquin command.'
'Be it so,' her mother's sister, joyful, instant made reply.
Guarded by a mighty army, with th' approval of her son,
Sent the queen, that happy lady, in a palanquin, by men
Borne aloft, and well provided with all raiment, drink, and food.

Thus the princess to Vidarbha after brief delay returned.

Her her whole assembled kindred welcomed home with pride and joy,
All in health she found her kinsmen, and that lovely infant pair,
With her mother, with her father, and her troop of female friends.

To the gods she paid her worship, to the Bráhmans in her joy;
So the queenly Damayantí all in noblest guise performed.

And her royal sire Sudeva, with the thousand kine made glad,
Joyous to behold his daughter, with a village and much wealth.

There, when in her father's palace she the quiet night had passed,
In these words the noble lady to her mother 'gan to speak:

'If in life thou would'st preserve me, mother, hear the truth I speak;
Home to bring the hero Nala be it now thy chiefest toil.'

Thus addressed by Damayantí, very sorrowful the queen
Clouded all her face with weeping, not a word in answer spake.
But the princess, thus afflicted, when the female train beheld,
'Woe! oh woe!' they shrieked together, all in pitying sadness wept.

ततो भीमं महाराजं भाया वचनम् अववीत्। दमयनी तव सुता भर्तारम् अनुशोचित ॥३२॥ अपकृष्य च लज्जां सा स्वयम् उक्तवती नृप। प्रयतन्तु तव प्रेष्याः पुर्याष्ट्रीकस्य मार्गेर्गे ॥ ३३॥ तया प्रदेशितो राजा ब्राह्मणान् वशवर्तिनः। प्रास्थापयद् दिशः सवी यतध्वं नलमार्गेणे ॥३४॥ ततो विदर्भाधिपतेर् नियोगाद् ब्राह्मणास् तदा। दमयन्तीम् ऋषी मृता प्रस्थिताः स्मेत्यथाबुवन् ॥३५॥ अय तान् अववीर् भेमी सर्वराष्ट्रेष्ट्रिदं वचः। ब्र्यास्त जनसंसत्सु तच तच पुनः पुनः ॥३६॥ क्व नु नं कितव च्छित्वा वस्त्रार्ध प्रस्थिती मम। उत्मृज्य विपिने सुप्ताम् अनुरक्तां प्रियां प्रिय ॥३७॥ सा वै यथा समादिष्टा तथास्ते त्वत्यती िश्रणी। द्समाना भृशं बाला वस्तार्धनाभिसंवृता ॥३৮॥ तस्या रुदन्याः सततं तेन शोकेन पार्थिव। प्रसादं कुरु वै वीर प्रतिवाक्यं वदस्व च ॥३०॥ एवम् अन्यच वक्तव्यं कृपां कुर्याद् यथा मिय। वायुना धूयमानो हि वनं दहित पावकः ॥४०॥ भर्तेच्या रक्ष्णीया च पत्नी हि पतिना सदा। तन् नष्टम् उभयं कस्माद् धर्मज्ञस्य सतस् तव ॥४१॥ ख्यातः प्राज्ञः कुलीनश्व सानुक्रोशो भवान् सदा। संवृत्ती निरनुक्रीशः शङ्के मङ्गाग्यसङ्खयात् ॥४२॥ तत् कुरुष्व नरव्याघ्र दयां मयि नरेश्वर। ञ्चानृशंस्यं परो धर्मस् तत्त एव मया श्रुतः ॥४३॥ एवं बुवाणान् यदि वः प्रतिब्र्याद् धि कश्चन। स नरः सर्वेषा ज्ञेयः कश्चासी क च वर्तते ॥४४॥

To the mighty Rája Bhíma did the queen that speech relate. 'Damayantí, lo, thy daughter for her husband sits and mourns; Breaking through all bashful silence, thus, oh king, to me she spake: "Be it now thy servants' business to find out the king of men." Urged by her the king his Bráhmans, to his will obedient all, Sent around to every region, 'Be your care the king to find.' Then those Bráhmans at the mandate of Vidarbha's royal lord, First drew near to Damayantí, 'Lo, now set we forth,' they said. Then to them spake Bhíma's daughter, 'In all realms be this your speech, Wheresoever men assemble, this repeat again, again: Whither went'st thou then, oh gamester! half my garment severing off, Leaving in the forest sleeping, all forsaken, thy beloved? Even as thou commandedst, sits she, sadly waiting thy return. Parched with sorrow sits that woman, in her scant half-garment glad. Oh to her thus ever weeping in the extreme of her distress, Grant thy pity, noble hero, answer to her earnest prayer! Be this also said, to move him to compassionate my state, For by wind within the forest fanned, intensely burns the fire. Ever by her consort guarded and sustained the wife should be. Why hast thou forgot both duties, thou in every duty skilled? Thou wert ever called the generous, thou the pitiful, the wise. Art thou now estranged from pity through my sad injurious fate? Prince of men, O grant thy pity, grant it, lord of men, to me; "Mercy is the chief of duties," oft from thine own lips I've heard. Thus as ye are ever speaking should there any one reply, Mark him well, lest he be Nala, who he is, and where he dwells.

यश्चैवं वचनं श्रुता ब्रूयात् प्रतिवचो नरः।
तद् श्चादाय वचस् तस्य ममावद्यं द्विजोत्तमाः ॥४५॥
यथा च वो न जानीयाद् ब्रुवतो मम शासनात्।
पुनरागमनच्चैव तथा कार्यम् श्चतन्द्रितेः ॥४६॥
यदिवाऽसौ समृद्धः स्याद् यदिवाऽप्यधनो भवेत्।
यदिवाऽपर्यकामः स्याज् द्वेयं तस्य चिकीर्षितं ॥४९॥
एवम् उक्तास् तगन्छंस् ते ब्राह्मणाः सर्वतो दिशः।
नलं मृगयितुं राजंस् तदा व्यसनिनं तथा ॥४६॥
ते पुराणि सराष्ट्राणि यामान् घोषांस् तथाश्रमान्।
श्चन्वेषन्तो नलं राजन् नाधिजग्मुर् द्विजातयः ॥४९॥
तच्च वाक्यं तथा सर्वे तच तच विश्राम्पते।
श्रावयाच्चिकरे विप्रा दमयन्या यथेरितं॥५०॥

॥ इति नलीपाख्याने सप्तदशः सर्गः ॥ १९॥

## वृहदश्व उवाच।

श्रथ दीर्घस्य कालस्य पर्णादो नाम वै हिजः।
प्रत्येत्य नगरं भेमीम् इदं वचनम् अव्रवीत्॥१॥
नैषधं मृगयानेन दमयिन मया नलं।
श्रयोध्यां नगरीं गत्वा भाङ्गामुरिर् उपस्थितः॥२॥
श्रावितश्र मया वाक्यं त्वदीयं स महामते।
श्रुतपर्णो महाभागो यथोक्तं वरवर्णिनि॥३॥
तच् छुत्वा नाव्रवीत् किञ्चिद् श्रुतुपर्णो नराधिपः।
न च पारिषदः कश्चिद् भाष्यमाणो मयासकृत्॥४॥

He who to this speech hath listened, and hath thus his answer made,
Be his words, O best of Bráhmans, treasured and brought home to me,
Lest he haply should discover that by my command ye speak,
That again ye may approach him, do ye this without delay.
Whether he be of the wealthy, whether of the poor he be;
Be he covetous of riches, learn ye all he would desire.'
Thus addressed, went forth the Bráhmans to the realms on every side,
Seeking out the royal Nala in his dark concealed distress.
They through kingdoms, cities, hamlets, pastoral dwellings, hermits' cells,
Nala everywhere went seeking, yet those Bráhmans found him not.
All in every part went speaking in the language they were taught;
In the words of Damayantí spake they in the ears of men.

END OF BOOK XVII.

#### VRIHADAŚVA spake:

Long the time that passed, a Bráhman, wise Parņáda was his name, Home returning to the city, thus to Bhíma's daughter spake:
'Damayantí! royal Nala as I sought, Nishadha's king,
Came I to Ayodhyá's city; there Bhángásuri approached,
Stood before me, eager listening to the words thou bad'st us speak,
He, the prosperous Rituparṇa, thy own words, O lady fair.
Thus as spake I, answered nothing Rituparṇa, king of men;
Nor of all that full assemblage, more than once addressed by me.

अनुज्ञातं तु मां राज्ञा विजने किश्वद् अववीत्। ऋतुपर्णस्य पुरुषो वाहुको नाम नामतः ॥५॥ सूतम् तस्य नरेन्द्रस्य विरूपी हस्ववाहुकः। शीघ्रयानेषु कुशलो मिष्टकर्ता च भोजने ॥६॥ स विनिःश्वस्य बहुशो रुदिला च पुनः पुनः। कुशलजैव मां पृष्ट्वा पश्चाद् इदम् अभाषत ॥९॥ वैषम्यम् अपि सम्प्राप्ता गोपायन्ति कुलस्त्रयः। ञ्चात्मानम् ञ्चात्मना सत्यो जितस्वर्गा न संशयः ॥ ৮॥ रहिता भर्तृभिश्चेव न कुध्यन्ति कदाचन। प्राणांश चारिचकवचान् धारयन्ति वरस्त्रियः ॥९॥ विषमस्थेन मूढेन परिभ्रष्टमुखेन च। यत् सा तेन परित्यक्ता तच न को बुम् अहीत ॥ १०॥ प्राणयाचां परिप्रेप्सोः शकुनैर् हतवाससः। आधिभिर् दह्यमानस्य श्यामा न कोडुम् अर्हति ॥ ११॥ सन्कृताऽसन्कृता वाऽपि पतिं दृष्ट्वा तथागतं। भ्रष्टराज्यं श्रिया हीनं श्रुधितं व्यसनामुतं ॥ १२॥ तस्य तद् वचनं श्रुला लिरितोऽहम् इहागतः। श्रुत्वा प्रमाणं भवती राज्ञश्चेव निवेदय ॥ १३॥ एतच् छुलाऽश्रुपूर्णाञ्ची पर्णादस्य विशाम्पते। दमयन्ती रहोऽभ्येत्य मातरं प्रत्यभाषत ॥१४॥ अयम् अर्थो न संवेद्यो भीमे मातः कथज्वन। त्वत्मिची नियोख्येऽहं सुदेवं विजसत्तमं ॥१५॥ यथा न नृपतिर् भीमः प्रतिपद्येत मे मितं। तथा लया प्रयत्तव्यं मम चेत् प्रियम् इच्छिस ॥ १६॥ यथा चाहं समानीता सुदेवेनाशु वान्धवान्। तेनैव मङ्गलेनाशु सुदेवी यातु माचिरं ॥१९॥

By the king dismissed, when sate I in a solitary place, One of Rituparna's household, Váhuka his name, drew near, Charioteer of that great Raja, with short arms and all deformed, Skilled to drive the rapid chariot, skilled the viands to prepare. He, when much he'd groaned in anguish, and had wept again, again, First his courteous salutation made, then spake in words like these: "Even in the extreme of misery noble women still preserve Over their ownselves the mastery, by their virtues winning heaven; Of their faithless lords abandoned, anger feel not even then. In the breastplate of their virtue noble women live unharmed. By the wretched, by the senseless, by the lost to every joy, She by such a lord forsaken yet to anger will not yield. Against him his sustenance seeking, of his robe by birds despoiled, Him consumed with utmost misery, still no wrath the dark-hued feels; Treated well, or ill-entreated, when her husband she beholds, Spoiled of bliss, bereft of kingdom, famine-wasted, worn with woe." Having heard the stranger's language, hither hasted I to come. Thou hast heard, be thine the judgment, to the king relate thou all.' To Parnáda having listened, with her eyes o'erflowed with tears, Secretly went Damayantí, and her mother thus addressed: 'Let not what I speak, to Bhima, O my mother, be made known-In thy presence to Sudeva, best of Bráhmans, I would speak. Let not this my secret counsel to king Bhíma be disclosed; This the object we must compass if thy daughter thou wouldst please, As myself was to my kindred swiftly by Sudeva brought, With the same good fortune swiftly may Sudeva part from hence

समानेतुं नलं मातर् अयोध्यां नगरीम् इतः। विश्रान्तं तु ततः पश्चात् पर्णादं द्विजसत्तमं ॥ १८॥ अर्चयामास वैदर्भी धनेनातीव भाविनी। नले चेहागते विप्र भूयो दास्यामि ते वसु ॥ १९॥ त्वया हि मे बहु कृतं यथा नान्यः करिष्यति। यद् भर्नाऽहं समिषामि शीघ्रम् एव दिजोत्तम ॥२०॥ एवम् उक्तोऽयाश्वास्य ताम् आशीर्वादैः समङ्गलैः। गृहान् उपययौ चापि कृतार्थः सुमहामनाः ॥२१॥ ततः सुदेवम् आभाष दमयन्ती युधिष्ठिर। अववीत् सिन्धी मातुर् दुःखशोकसमिन्वता ॥२२॥ गता सुदेव नगरीम् अयोध्यावासिनं नृपं। ऋतुपर्णं वची ब्रूहि सम्पतन् इव कामगः ॥२३॥ आस्यास्यति पुनर् भैमी दमयन्ती स्वयंवरं। तच गळािना राजानी राजपुचाश्व सर्वशः ॥२४॥ तथा च गणितः कालः श्वोभूते स भविषति। यदि सम्भावनीयस् ते गच्छ शीघ्रम् ऋरिन्दम ॥२५॥ सूर्योदये डितीयं सा भर्तारं वरियणित । न हि स ज्ञायते वीरो नलो जीवति वा न वा ॥२६॥ एवं तया यथोक्ती वे गला राजानम् अववीत्। ऋतुपर्णं महाराज सुदेवी ब्राह्मणस् तदा ॥२०॥

॥ इति नलोपाख्याने ऋष्टादशः सर्गः ॥१८॥

To Ayodhyá's city, mother, home to bring my royal lord.'

Resting from his toil, Parnáda, of the Bráhman race the best,
Did the daughter of Vidarbha honour, and with wealth reward.

'Bráhman! home if come my Nala, richer guerdon will I give;
Much hast thou achieved, and wisely, so as none but thou has done.
That again with my lost husband, noblest Bráhman, I may meet.'
Thus addressed, his grateful homage and his benedictions paid,
Having thus achieved his mission, home the wise Parnáda went.

Then accosting good Sudeva, Damayantí thus began,
And before her mother's presence in her pain and grief she spake:
'Go, Sudeva, to the city, where Ayodhyá's Rája dwells,
Speak thou thus to Rituparṇa, (thither coming as by chance):—
"Once again her Svayaṃvara does king Bhíma's daughter hold,
Damayantí, thither hasten all the kings and sons of kings.
Closely now the time is reckoned when to-morrow's dawn appears;
If that thou would'st win the princess, speed thou, tamer of thy foes.
When the sun is in his rising she a second lord will choose:
Whether lives or is not living, royal Nala, no one knows."'
Thus, as he received his mission, hastening to the king, he spake,
To the royal Rituparṇa spake Sudeva, in these words.

END OF BOOK XVIII.

# वृहदश्व उवाच।

श्रुता वचः सुदेवस्य ऋतुपर्णो नराधिपः। सान्वयन् स्वद्याया वाचा वाहुकं प्रत्यभाषत ॥१॥ विदभीं यातुम् इच्छामि दमयन्याः स्वयंवरं। एकाहूा हयतस्त्रज्ञ मन्यसे यदि वाहुक ॥२॥ एवम् उक्तस्य कौनोय तेन राज्ञा नलस्य ह। व्यदीर्यत मनो दुःखात् प्रदध्यौ च महामनाः ॥३॥ दमयन्ती वदेद् एतत् कुर्याद् दुः खेन मोहिता। अस्मदर्थे भवेद् वाऽयम् उपायश् चिन्तितो महान् ॥४॥ नृशंसं वत वैदर्भी कर्तुकामा तपस्विनी। मया श्रुद्रेण निकृता कृपणा पापवुडिना ॥५॥ स्त्रीस्वभावण चलो लोके मम दोषश्व दारुणः। स्याद् एवम् ऋषि कुर्यात् सा विवासाद् गतसीहृदा ॥६॥ मम शोकेन संविद्या नैराश्यात् तनुमध्यमा। नैवं सा कर्हिचित् कुर्यात् सापत्या च विशेषतः ॥७॥ यद् अच सत्यं वाऽसत्यं गता वेत्स्यामि निश्चयं। ऋतुपर्णस्य वै कामम् आत्मार्थं च करोम्यहं ॥ ৮॥ इति निश्चित्य मनसा वाहुको दीनमानसः। कृताञ्जलिर् उवाचेदम् ऋतुपर्णं नराधिपं ॥ ९॥ प्रतिजानामि ते वाक्यं गमिष्यामि नराधिप। एकाहूा पुरुषव्याघ्र विदर्भनगरीं नृप ॥ १०॥ ततः परीक्षाम् अश्वानां चक्रे राजन् स वाहुकः। अश्वशालाम् उपागम्य भाङ्गासुरिनृपाज्ञ्या ॥११॥

### VRIHADAŚVA spake:

HEARING thus Sudeva's language, Rituparna, king of men, With a gentle voice and blandly, thus to Váhuka began: 'Where the princess Damayantí doth her Svayamvara hold, Skilled in horses! to Vidarbha, in one day I fain would go.' In these words the unknown Nala by his royal lord addressed, All his heart was torn with anguish, thus the lofty-minded thought-'Can she speak thus, Damayantí, thus with sorrow frantic act? Is't a stratagem thus subtly for my sake devised and plann'd? To desire this deed unholy is that holy princess driven, Wrong'd by me, her basest husband, miserable, mind-estranged! Fickle is the heart of woman, grievous too is my offence! Hence she thus might act ignobly in her exile, reft of friends, Soul-disturbed by my great sorrow, in the excess of her despair. No! she could not thus have acted, she with noble offspring blest. Where the truth, and where the falsehood, setting forth, I best shall judge, I the will of Rituparna, for my own sake, will obey.' Thus within his mind revolving, Váhuka, his wretched mind, With his folded hands addressed he Rituparna, king of men: 'I thy mandate will accomplish, I will go, O king of men, In a single day, O Rája, to Vidarbha's royal town.' Váhuka of all the coursers did a close inspection make, Entering in the royal stable by Bhángásuri's command.

स तर्यमाणी बहुश ऋतुपर्णेन वाहुकः।
अश्वान् जिज्ञासमानी वै विचार्यं च पुनः पुनः॥१२॥
अध्यगळत् कृशान् अश्वान् समर्थान् अध्वनि स्रमान्।
तेजीवलसमायुक्तान् कुलशीलसमन्वितान्॥१३॥
वर्जिताँल् लस्यणेर् हीनैः पृथुप्रोथान् महाहनून्।
शुड्वान् दशिम् आवर्तिः सिन्धुजान् वातरंहसः॥१४॥
दृष्ट्वा तान् अववीद् राजा किञ्चित् कोपसमन्वितः।
किम् इदं प्रार्थितं कर्तुं प्रलब्धव्या न ते वयं॥१५॥
कथम् अल्पबलप्राणा वस्यन्तीमे हया मम।
महद्धानम् अपि च गन्तव्यं कथम् ईदृशैः॥१६॥

## वाहुक उवाच।

एकी ललाटे ही मूर्झि ही ही पार्श्वापपार्श्वयोः। ही ही वक्षमि विदेशी प्रयाणे चैक एव तु॥१९॥ एते हया गमिष्यन्ति विद्भान् नाच संशयः। यान् अन्यान् मन्यसे राजन् ब्रूहि तान् योजयामि ते॥१৮॥

# ऋतुपर्ण उवाच।

तम् एव हयतत्त्वज्ञः कुशलो ह्यसि वाहुक। यान् मन्यसे समर्थास् तं क्षिप्रं तान् एव योजय॥१९॥

## वृहदश्व उवाच।

ततः सदश्यांश चतुरः कुलशीलसमन्वितान्। योजयामास कुशलो जवयुक्तान् रथे नलः॥२०॥ ततो युक्तं रथं राजा समारोहत् वरान्वितः। अथ पर्यपतन् भूमो जानुभिस् ते हयोत्तमाः॥२०॥ Ever urged by Rituparna, Váhuka, in horses skilled,

Long within himself debating which the fleetest steeds to choose,

He approached four slender coursers, fit and powerful for the road,

Blending mighty strength with fleetness, high in courage and in blood;

Free from all the well-known vices, broad of nostril, large of jaw;

With the ten good marks distinguished, bred in Sindhu, fleet as wind.

As he gazed upon those coursers spoke the king, almost in wrath:

'Is then thus fulfilled our mandate? think not to deceive us so.

How will these my coursers bear us, slight in strength and slightly breathed?

How can such a way be travelled, and so long, by steeds like these?'—

### Váника spake:

'Two on th' head, one on the forehead, two and two on either flank—
Two, behold, the chest discloses, and upon the crupper one—
These the horses to Vidarbha that will bear us, doubt not thou;
Yet, if others thou preferest, speak, and I will yoke them straight.'

### RITUPARNA spake:

'In the knowledge thou of horses, Váhuka, hast matchless skill; Whichso'er thou think'st the fittest harness thou without delay.'

### VŖІНАDAŚVA spake:

Then those four excelling horses, nobly bred, of courage high,

In their harness to the chariot did the skilful Nala yoke.—

To the chariot yoked as mounted in his eager haste the king,

To the earth those best of horses bowed their knees and stooped them down.

ततो नरवरः श्रीमान् नलो राजा विशाम्पते। सान्वयामास तान् अश्वांस् तेजोबलसमन्वितान् ॥२२॥ रिमिभिश्व समुद्यम्य नली यातुम् इयेष सः। सूतम् आरोप्य वार्ष्णेयं जवम् आस्थायं वे परं ॥२३॥ ते चोद्यमाना विधिवद् वाहुकेन हयोत्तमाः। समुत्पेतुर् ऋषाकाशं रियनं मोहयन् इव ॥२४॥ तथा तु दृष्ट्वा तान् अश्वान् वहतो वातरंहसः। अयोध्याधिपतिः श्रीमान् विस्मयं परमं ययौ ॥२५॥ रथघोषं तु तं श्रुत्वा हयसङ्ग्रहणञ्च तत्। वार्षोयग् चिन्तयामास वाहुकस्य हयज्ञतां ॥२६॥ किं नु स्याद् मातिलर् ऋयं देवराजस्य सारिषः। तथा तस्त्रक्षाणं वीरे वाहुके दृश्यते महत्॥२९॥ शालिहोचोऽय किं नु स्याद् धयानां कुलतत्त्ववित्। मानुषं समनुप्राप्तो वपुः परमशोभनं ॥२५॥ उताही स्विद् भवेद् राजा नलः परपुरञ्जयः। सोऽयं नृपतिर् आयात इत्येव समचिन्तयत् ॥२०॥ अथवा यां नलो वेद विद्यां ताम् एव वाहुकः। तुल्यं हि लक्ष्ये ज्ञानं वाहुकस्य नलस्य च ॥३०॥ अपिचेदं वयस् तुल्यं वाहुँकस्य नलस्य च। नायं नली महावीर्यस् ति हिद्यश्व भविष्यति ॥३१॥ प्रक्रना हि महात्मानश चरन्ति पृथिवीम् इमां। दैवेन विधिना युक्ताः प्रद्धन्नाश्चापि रूपतः ॥३२॥ भवेतु मितभेदो मे गाचवैरूपतां प्रति। प्रमाणात् परिहीनस्तु भवेद् इति मतिर् मम ॥३३॥ वयःप्रमाणं तत् तुल्यं रूपेण तु विपर्ययः। नलं सर्वगुर्णेर् युक्तं मन्ये वाहुकम् अन्ततः ॥३४॥

Then the noblest of all heroes, Nala, with a soothing voice,

Spake unto those horses, gifted both with fleetness and with strength.

Up the reins when he had gathered he the charioteer bade mount

First, Várshneya, skilled in driving, at full speed then set he forth.

First, Várshneya, skilled in driving, at full speed then set he forth. Urged by Váhuka, those coursers, to the utmost of their speed, All at once in th' air sprung upward, as the driver to unseat. Then, as he beheld those horses bearing him as fleet as wind, Did the monarch of Ayodhyá in his silent wonder sit. When the rattling of the chariot, when the guiding of the reins, When of Váhuka the science saw he, thus Várshneya thought: 'Is it Mátali, the chariot of the king of heaven that drives? Lo, in Váhuka each virtue of that godlike charioteer! Is it S'alihotra, skilful in the breed, the strength of steeds, That hath ta'en a human body, thus all-glorious to behold? Is't, or can it be, king Nala, conqueror of his foemen's realms? Is the lord of men before us?' thus within himself he thought. 'If the skill possessed by Nala, Váhuka possesseth too, Lo, of Váhuka the knowledge and of Nala equal seems; And of Váhuka and Nala thus alike the age should be. If 'tis not the noble Nala it is one of equal skill. Mighty ones, disguised, are wandering in the precincts of this earth. They, divine by inborn nature, but in earthly forms concealed. His deformity of body that my judgment still confounds; Yet that proof alone is wanting, what shall then my judgment be? In their age they still are equal, though unlike that form misshaped, Nala gifted with all virtues, Váhuka I needs must deem.'

एवं विचार्य बहुशो वार्ष्णेयः पर्यचिन्तयत्।
हृदयेन महाराज पुर्णयश्चीकस्य सारिषः ॥३५॥
ऋतुपर्णस्तु राजेन्द्रो वाहुकस्य हयज्ञतां।
चिन्तयन् मुमुदे राजा सहवार्ष्णियसारिषः ॥३६॥
ऐकाग्यच्च तथोत्साहं हयसङ्ग्रहर्णे च तत्।
परं यत्नच्च सम्प्रेक्ष्य परां मुदम् अवाप ह ॥३९॥

॥ इति नलोपाख्याने नवद्शः सर्गः ॥१९॥

## वृहदश्व उवाच।

स नदीः पर्वतांश्वेव वनानि च सरांसि च।
श्रिचिरेणातिचकाम खेचरः खे चरच् इव ॥१॥
तथा प्रयाते तु रथे तदा भाङ्गासुरिर् नृपः।
उत्तरीयम् अधोऽपश्यद् अष्टं परपुरञ्जयः ॥२॥
ततः स त्ररमाणस्तु पटे निपतिते तदा।
यहीष्यामीति तं राजा नलम् आह महामनाः ॥३॥
निगृह्णीष्व महाबुडे हयान् एतान् महाजवान्।
वार्णोयो यावद् एतं मे पटम् आनयताम् इह ॥४॥
नलम् तं प्रत्युवाचाथ दूरे अष्टः पटम् तव।
योजनं समितिकान्तो नाहंतुं शक्यते पुनः ॥५॥
एवम् उक्तो नलेनाथ तदा भाङ्गासुरिर् नृपः।
आससाद वने राजन् फलवन्तं विभीतकं॥६॥
तं दृष्ट्वा वाहुकं राजा त्ररमाणोऽभ्यभाषत।
ममापि सूत पश्य तं सङ्क्षाने परमं बलं॥९॥

Thus the charioteer Várshņeya sate debating in his mind;
Much, and much again he pondered, in the silence of his thought.
But the royal Rituparņa, Váhuka's surpassing skill,
With the charioteer Várshņeya, sat admiring, and rejoiced.
In the guiding of the coursers his attentive hand be watched,
Wondered at his skill consummate, in consummate joy himself.

END OF BOOK XIX.

### VŖIHADAŚVA spake:

Over rivers, over mountains, through the forests, over lakes, Fleetly passed they, rapid gliding, like a bird along the air. As the chariot swiftly travelled, lo, Bhángásuri the king Saw his upper garment fallen from the lofty chariot-seat; Though in urgent haste, no sooner he his fallen mantle saw Than the king exclaimed to Nala, 'Pause, and let us take it up: Check, an instant, mighty-minded! check thy fiery-footed steeds, While Várshneya, swift dismounting, bears me back my fallen robe.' Nala answered, 'Far behind us doth thy fallen garment lie; Five miles, lo, it lies behind us, turn we not, to gain it, back.' Answered thus by noble Nala, then Bhángásuri the king Bowed with fruit, within the forest, saw a tall Vibhítak-tree: Gazing on that tree, the Rája spake to Váhuka in haste, 'Now, O charioteer, in numbers thou shalt see my passing skill.

सर्वः सर्वे न जानाति सर्वज्ञो नास्ति कश्चन। नैकच परिणिष्टाऽस्ति ज्ञानस्य पुरुषे क्वचित्॥ ।।। वृक्षेऽस्मिन् यानि पर्णानि फलान्यपि च वाहुक। पतितान्यपि यान्यच तचैकम् अधिकं शतं ॥ ९॥ एकम् अवाधिकं पर्वं फलम् एकच वाहुक। पञ्चकोट्योऽय पनाणां ह्योर् ऋपि च शाखयोः ॥१०॥ प्रचिनुह्यस्य शाखे हे याश्वाप्यन्याः प्रशाखिकाः। आभ्यां फलसहस्रे हे पच्चोनं शतम् एव च ॥ १९॥ ततो रथम् अवस्थाप राजानं वाहुकोऽबवीत्। परोक्षम इव मे राजन् कत्यसे शर्नुकर्षण ॥ १२॥ प्रत्यक्षम् एतत् कर्तास्मि शातियता विभीतकं। अर्थाच गिर्णते राजन् विद्यते न परोक्षता ॥ १३॥ प्रत्यक्षं ते महाराज शातियये विभीतकं। अहं हि नाभिजानामि भवेद् एवं न वेति च ॥१४॥ सङ्ख्यास्यामि फलान्यस्य पश्यतस् ते जनाधिप। मुहूर्तम् ऋपि वार्णोयो रश्मीन् यच्छतु वाजिनां ॥१५॥ तम् अववीन् नृपः सूतं नायं कालो विलम्बितं। वाहुकस् त्वत्रवीद् एनं परं यत्नं समास्थितः ॥ १६॥ प्रतीक्षस्व मुहूर्तं तम् अथवा तरते भवान्। एष याति शिवः पन्था याहि वार्णोयसारिषः ॥ १९॥ अववीद् ऋतुपर्णस्तु सान्तयन् कुरुनन्दन । तम् इव यन्ता नान्योऽस्ति पृथियाम् अपि वाहुक ॥१६॥ लकृते यातुम् इच्छामि विदभीन् हयकोविद। शरणं तां प्रपन्नोऽस्मि न विद्यं कर्तुम् अर्हसि ॥१९॥ कामञ्च ते करिष्यामि यन् मां वस्यसि वाहुक। विद्भीन् यदि यात्वाद्य सूर्ये दर्शयितासि मे ॥२०॥

Each one knows not every science, none there is who all things knows: Perfect skill in every knowledge in one mind there may not be. Of the leaves on yonder fruit-tree, Váhuka, and of the fruits, Would'st thou know how many are fallen? one above a hundred, there. One leaf here above a hundred, and one fruit, O Váhuka! And of leaves are five ten millions hanging on those branches two. Those two branches if thou gather, and the twigs that on them grow, On those two are fruits two thousand and a hundred, less by five.' Then, when he had check'd the chariot, answered Váhuka the king, 'What thou speakest, to mine eyesight all invisible appears; Visible I'll make it, cleaving yonder tall Vibhítak-tree; Then, when I have strictly numbered, I mistrust mine eyes no more. In thy presence, mighty monarch, I will sever yonder branch; Whether it may be, or may not, this not done, I cannot know; I will number, thou beholding, all its fruits, O king of men, But an instant let Várshneya hold the bridles of the steeds.' To the charioteer the Rája answered, 'Time is none to stay.' Váhuka replied, all eager his own purpose to fulfil, 'Either stay thou here an instant, or go onward in thy speed, With the charioteer Várshneya go, for straight the road before.' Answered him king Rituparna with a bland and soothing voice: 'Charioteer! on earth thine equal, Váhuka, there may not be; By thy guidance, skilled in horses! to Vidarbha I would go: I in thee have placed reliance, interrupt not then our course: Willingly will I obey thee, Váhuka, in what thou ask'st, If this day we reach Vidarbha ere the sun hath sunk in night.'

अयाववीट् वाहुकस् तं सङ्खाय च विभीतकं। ततो विदर्भान् यास्यामि कुरुष्वैवं वची मम ॥२१॥ अकाम इव तं राजा गणयस्वेत्युवाच ह। एकदेशच शाखायाः समादिष्टं मयाऽनघ ॥२२॥ गणयस्वास्य तत्त्वज्ञ ततस् तं प्रीतिम् आवह। सोऽवतीर्य रथात् तूर्णे शातयामास तं दुमं ॥२३॥ ततः स विस्मयाविष्टो राजानम् इदम् अववीत्। गण्यिता यथोक्तानि तावन्येव फलानि च ॥२४॥ अत्यद्गुतम् इदं राजन् दृष्टवान् अस्मि ते बलं। श्रोतुम् इच्छामि तां विद्यां ययेतज् ज्ञायते नृप ॥२५॥ तम् उवाच ततो राजा लिरतो गमने नृपः। विद्यसहृदयज्ञं मां सङ्ख्याने च विशारदं ॥२६॥ वाहुकस् तम् उवाचाथ देहि विद्याम् इमां मम। मत्तोऽपि चाश्वहृदयं गृहाण पुरुषर्षेभ ॥२०॥ ऋतुपर्णम् तती राजा वाहुकं कार्यगौरवात्। हयज्ञानस्य लोभाच तथेत्येवाबवीट् वचः ॥२५॥ यथोक्तं तं गृहाणेदम् अक्षाणां हृदयं परं। निक्षेपो मेऽश्वहृदयं त्विय तिष्ठति वाहुक ॥२०॥ एवम् उक्का ददी विद्याम् ऋतुपर्णो नलाय वै। तस्याश्रहृदयज्ञस्य शरीराद् निःसृतः किलः। कर्काटकविषं तीक्ष्णं मुखात् सततम् उद्यमन् ॥३०॥ कलेस् तस्य तदार्तस्य शापाग्निः स विनिःसृतः। स तेन कर्षितो राजा दीर्घकालम् अनात्मवान् ॥३१॥ ततो विषविमुक्तातमा स्वं रूपम् अकरोत् कलिः। तं शप्तुम् एेळ्त् कुपितो निषधाधिपतिर् नलः ॥३२॥ तम् उवाच कलिर् भीतो वेपमानः कृताञ्जलिः।

Váhuka replied, 'No sooner have I numbered yonder fruits, To Vidarbha will I hasten, grant me then my prayer, O king.' Then the Rája, all reluctant, 'Stay then, and begin to count; Of one branch one part, O blameless, that one designated part, Man of truth, begin to number, and make glad thine inmost soul.' From the chariot quick alighting Nala tore the branch away. Then, his soul possess'd with wonder, to the Rája thus he said; 'Having counted, as thou saidest, even so many fruits there are, Marvellous thy power, O monarch, by mine eyes beheld and proved, Of that wonder-working science fain the secret would I hear.' Then the Rája spake in answer, eager to pursue his way, 'I of dice possess the science, and in numbers thus am skilled.' Váhuka replied, 'That science if to me thou wilt impart, In return, O king, receive thou my surpassing skill in steeds.' Then the Rája Rituparna, by his pressing need induced, Eager for that skill in horses, 'Be it so,' thus 'gan to say; 'Well, O Váhuka, thou speakest, thou my skill in dice receive, And of steeds thy wondrous knowledge be to me a meet return.' Rituparna all his science, saying this, to Nala gave. Soon as he in dice grew skilful, Kali from his body passed, All Karkotaka's foul poison vomiting from out his mouth. Straight from forth his tortured body issued Kali's fiery curse. Nala, wasted by that conflict, came not instant to himself. But, released from that dread venom, Kali his own form resumed: And Nishadha's monarch, Nala, fain would curse him in his ire. Him addressed th' affrighted Kali, trembling, and with folded hands:

कीपं संयच्छ नृपते कीर्ति दास्यामि ते परां ॥३३॥ इन्द्रसेनस्य जननी कुपिता माऽशपत् पुरा। यदा लया परित्यक्ता ततोऽहं भृशपीडितः ॥३४॥ अवसं त्वि राजेन्द्र सुदुः खम् अपराजित । विषेण नागराजस्य दह्यमानी दिवानिशं ॥३५॥ शरणं तां प्रपन्नोऽस्मि शृणु चेदं वची मम। ये च तां मनुजा लोके कीर्तिययन्यतन्द्रिताः ॥३६॥ मत्प्रसूतं भयं तेषां न कदाचिद् भविष्यति। भयार्ते शरणं यातं यदि मां तं न शप्त्यसे ॥३७॥ एवम् उक्तो नली राजा न्ययन्छत् कोपम् श्रात्मनः। ततो भीतः कलिः छिप्रं प्रविवेश विभीतकं ॥३৮॥ कलिस् लन्येन नादृश्यत् कथयन् नैषधेन वै। ततो गतज्वरो राजा नैषधः परवीरहा ॥३९॥ सम्प्रगष्टे कलौ राजन् सङ्खाय च फलान्युत। मुदा परमया युक्तस् तेजसाऽथ परेण च ॥४०॥ रथम् आरुह्य तेजस्वी प्रययो जवनेर् हयैः। विभीतकश्चाप्रशस्तः संवृत्तः कलिसंश्रयात् ॥४१॥ हयोत्तमान् उत्पततो बिजान् इव पुनः पुनः। नलः सञ्चोदयामास प्रहृष्टेनान्तरात्मना ॥४२॥ विदर्भाभिमुखो राजा प्रययौ स महायणाः। नले तु समितकानो कलिर् अप्यामद् गृहं ॥४३॥ ततो गतज्वरो राजा नलोऽभूत् पृथिवीपतिः। विमुक्तः कलिना राजन् रूपमानवियोजितः ॥४४॥

॥ इति नलोपाख्याने विंशतितमः सर्गः ॥२०॥

'Lord of men, restrain thine anger, I will give thee matchless fame; Indrasena's wrathful mother laid on me her fatal curse, When by thee she was deserted, since that time, O king of men, I have dwelt in thee in anguish, in the ecstacy of pain. By the King of Serpents' poison I have burned by day, by night: To thy mercy now for refuge flee I, hear my speech, O king: Wheresoe'er men, unforgetful, through the world shall laud thy name, Shall the awful dread of Kali never in their soul abide. If thou wilt not curse me, trembling, and to thee for refuge fled.' Thus addressed, the royal Nala all his rising wrath suppressed, And the fearful Kali entered in the cloven Vibhitak-tree: To no eyes but those of Nala visible, had Kali spoken. Then the monarch of Nishadha, from his inward fever freed, When away had vanished Kali, when the fruits he had numbered all, Triumphing in joy unwonted, blazing in his splendour forth, Proudly mounting on the chariot, onward urged the rapid steeds. But that tree by Kali entered since that time stands aye accursed. Those fleet horses, forward flying, like to birds, again, again, All his soul elate with transport, Nala swifter, swifter drove; With his face towards Vidarbha rode the Rája in his pride: And when forward Nala journeyed, Kali to his home returned. So released from all his sufferings Nala went, the king of men, Dispossessed by Kali, wanting only now his proper form.

END OF BOOK XX.

## वृहदश्व उवाच।

तती विदर्भान् सम्प्राप्तं सायाह्रे सत्यविक्रमं।

ऋतुपणे जना राज्ञे भीमाय प्रत्यवेदयन्॥१॥

स भीमवचनाद् राजा कुण्डिनं प्राविशत् पुरं।
नादयन् रथघोषेण सर्वाः सिविदिशो दिशः॥२॥
ततस् तं रथिनघाषं नलाश्वास् तत्र शुश्रुवुः।
श्रुता तु समाहृष्यन्त पुरेव नलसिवधी॥३॥
दमयनी तु शुश्राव रथघोषं नलस्य तं।
यथा मेघस्य नदती गम्भीरं जलदागमे॥४॥

परं विस्मयम् आपना श्रुता नादम् महास्वनं।
नलेन सङ्गृहीतेषु पुरेव नलवाजिषु॥५॥
सदृशं हयिनघाषं मेने भेमी तथा हयाः।
प्रासादस्थाश्र शिखिनः शालास्थाश्रेव वारणाः।
हयाश्र शुश्रुवुस् तस्य रथघोषं महीपतेः॥६॥
ते श्रुत्वा रथिनघाषं वारणाः शिखिनस् तथा।
प्रणेदुर् उन्मुखा राजन् मेघनाद इवोत्सुकाः॥९॥

### दमयन्युवाच।

यथाऽसी रथिनर्घोषः पूरयन् इव मेदिनीं।
ममाह्नादयते चेतो नल एष महीपितः ॥६॥
अद्य चन्द्राभवक्तं तं न पश्यामि नलं यदि।
असङ्ख्रीयगुणं वीरं विनंद्ध्यामि न संश्यः॥९॥
यदि चैतस्य वीरस्य बाह्रोर् नाद्याहम् अन्तरं।
प्रविशामि सुखस्पर्शे न भविष्याम्यसंश्यं॥१०॥

### VRIHADAŚVA spake:

With the evening in Vidarbha, men at watch, as they drew near, Mighty Rituparna's coming, to king Bhíma did proclaim.

Then that king, by Bhíma's mandate, entered in Kundina's walls, All the region round him echoing with the thunders of his car.

But the echoing of that chariot when king Nala's horses heard,

In their joy they neighed and trampled, even as Nala's self were there.

Damayantí, too, the rushing of king Nala's chariot heard,

As a cloud that hoarsely thunders at the coming of the rains.

All her heart was thrilled with wonder at that old familiar sound.

On they seemed to come, as Nala drove of yore his trampling steeds:

Like it seemed to Bhíma's daughter, and e'en so to Nala's steeds.

On the palace-roofs the peacocks, th' elephants within their stalls,

And the horses heard the rolling of the mighty monarch's car.

Elephants and peacocks hearing the fleet chariot rattling on,

Up they raised their necks and clamoured, as at sound of coming rain.

### Damayantí spake:

'How the rolling of yon chariot, filling, as it seems, the earth,
Thrills my soul with unknown transport! it is Nala, king of men.
If this day I see not Nala with his glowing moonlike face,
Him, the king with countless virtues, I shall perish without doubt.
If this day within th' embraces of that hero's clasping arms,
I his gentle pressure feel not, without doubt I shall not live.

स॰ २१.

यदि मां मेघनिघोंषो नोपगळति नैषधः। अद्य चामीकरप्रख्यं प्रवेस्थामि हुताशनं ॥११॥ यदि मां सिंहविकान्ती मत्तवारणविक्रमः। नाभिगच्छित राजेन्द्रो विनंध्यामि न संशयः ॥१२॥ न स्मराम्यनृतं किञ्चिन् न स्मराम्यपकारतां। न च पर्युषितं वाक्यं स्वैरेष्वपि कदाचन ॥ १३॥ प्रभुः समावान् वीरश्व दाता चाभ्यधिको नृपैः। रहोऽनीचानुवर्ती च क्षीववद् मम नैषधः ॥ १४॥ गुणांस् तस्य स्मरन्या मे तत्पराया दिवानिशं। हृदयं दीर्यत इदं शोकात् प्रियविनाकृतं ॥ १५॥ एवं विलपमाना सा नष्टसञ्ज्ञेव भारत। ञ्चारुरीह महद् वेश्म पुरायञ्चोकदिदृक्षया ॥ १६॥ ततो मध्यमकक्षायां ददर्श रथम् आस्थितं। ऋतुपर्णे महीपालं सहवार्णेयवाहुकं ॥१९॥ ततोऽवतीर्य वार्षोयी वाहुकश्च रथोत्तमात्। हयांस् तान् अवमुच्याय स्थापयामास वै रथं ॥१६॥ सोऽवतीर्य रथोपस्थाद् ऋतुपर्णो नराधिपः। उपतस्थे महाराजं भीमं भीमपराक्रमं ॥ १९॥ तं भीमः प्रतिजयाह पूजया परया ततः। अकस्मात् सहसा प्राप्तं स्तीमन्तं न स्म विन्दति ॥२०॥ किं कार्यं स्वागतं तेऽस्तु राज्ञा पृष्टः स भारत। नाभिजज्ञे स नृपतिर् दुहिचर्थे समागतं ॥२१॥ ऋतुपर्णोऽपि राजा स धीमान् सत्यपराक्रमः। राजानं राजपुचं वा न स्म पश्यित कच्चन ॥२२॥ नैव स्वयंवरक्यां न च विप्रसमागमं। ततो विगणयन् राजा मनसा कोशलाधिपः ॥२३॥

If Nishadha's monarch comes not, with the sound of thunder-cloud, I this day the fire will enter, burning like the hue of gold. In his might like the strong lion, like the raging elephant, Comes he not, the prince of princes, I shall perish without doubt. Not a falsehood I remember, I remember no offence; Not an idle word remember, in his noble converse free. Lofty, patient, like a hero, liberal beyond all kings, Nought ignoble, as the base-born, even in private, may he do. As I think upon his virtues, as I think by day, by night, All this heart is rent with anguish, widowed of its own beloved.' Thus lamenting, she ascended, as with frenzied mind possessed, To the lofty mansion's summit to behold the king of men. In the middle court high seated in the car, the lord of earth, Rituparņa with Várshņeya and with Váhuka she saw, When Várshņeya from that chariot, and when Váhuka came down, He let loose those noble coursers, and he stopped the glowing car. From that chariot-seat descended Rituparna, king of men, To the noble monarch Bhima he drew near, for strength renowned. Him received with highest honour Bhíma, for without due cause Deemed not he the Rája's visit, nor divined his daughter's plot; 'Wherefore com'st thou? hail and welcome!' thus that gracious king enquires; For his daughter's sake he knew not that the lord of men had come. But the Rája Rituparna, great in wisdom as in might, When nor king within the palace, nor king's son he could behold, Nor of Svayamvara heard he, nor assembled Bráhmans saw, Thus within his mind deep pondering spoke of Kośala the lord:

ञ्चागतोऽस्मीत्युवाचैनं भवनाम् ञ्रभिवादकः। राजापि च स्मयन् भीमो मनसा समचिन्तयत् ॥२४॥ अधिकं योजनशतं तस्यागमनकारणं। यामान् बहून् अतिक्रम्य नाध्यगच्छद् यथातथं ॥२५॥ ञ्चल्पकार्ये विनिर्दिष्टं तस्यागमनकार**णं**। पश्चाद् उदर्के ज्ञास्यामि कारणं यद् भविष्यति ॥२६॥ नैतद् एवं स नृपतिस् तं सत्कृत्य व्यसर्जयत्। विश्राम्यताम् इत्युवाच क्कान्तोऽसीति पुनः पुनः ॥२७॥ स सत्कृतः प्रहृष्टात्मा प्रीतः प्रीतेन पार्थिवः। राजप्रेषीर् अनुगती दिष्टं वेश्म समाविशत्॥२५॥ ऋतुपर्णे गते राजन् वार्षोयसहिते नृपे। वाहुको रथम् आदाय रथशालाम् उपागमत् ॥ २०॥ स मीचियता तान् अश्वान् उपचर्य च शास्त्रतः। स्वयं चैतान् समाश्वास्य रथोपस्य उपाविशत्॥३०॥ दमयन्ती तु शोकार्ता दृष्ट्वा भाङ्गासुरिं नृपं। सूतपुत्रञ्च वार्णीयं वाहुकञ्च तथाविधं ॥३१॥ चिनायामास वैद्भी कस्यैष रथनिस्वनः। नलस्येव महान् ग्रासीन् न च पश्यामि नैषधं ॥३२॥ वार्णीयेन भवेन् नूनं विद्या सैवोपशिक्षिता। तेनाद्य रथनिर्घोषो नलस्येव महान् अभूत् ॥३३॥ आहोस्विद् ऋतुपर्णोऽपि यथा राजा नलस् तथा। तयाऽयं रयनिर्घोषो नैषधस्येव लक्ष्यते ॥३४॥ एवं सा तर्कयिता तु दमयन्ती विशाम्पते। दूतीं प्रस्थापयामास नैषधान्वेषणे शुभा ॥३५॥

॥ इति नलोपाख्याने एकविंशतितमः सर्गः ॥२१॥

'Hither, O majestic Bhíma, to salute thee am I come.'

But king Bhíma smiled in secret, as he thought within his mind

On the object of this journey of a hundred Yojanas.

'Passing through so many cities for this cause he set not forth;

For this cause of little moment to our court he hath not come,

'Tis not so;—perchance hereafter I may know his journey's aim.'

After royal entertainment then the king his guest dismissed:

'Take then thy repose,' thus said he, 'weary of thy journey, rest.'

He refreshed, with courteous homage of that courteous king took leave,

Ushered by the royal servants to th' appointed chamber went:

There retired king Rituparna, with Várshneya in his suite.

Váhuka, meantime, the chariot to the chariot-house had led,

There the coursers he unharnessed, skilfully he dressed them there,

And with gentle words caressed them, on the chariot-seat sat down.

But the woful Damayantí, when Bhángásuri she'd seen,
And the charioteer Várshneya, and the seeming Váhuka,
Thought within Vidarbha's princess, 'Whose was that fleet chariot's sound?
Such it seems as noble Nala's, yet no Nala do I see.
Hath the charioteer Várshneya Nala's noble science learned?
Therefore did the thundering chariot sound as driven by Nala's self?
Or may royal Rituparna like the skilful Nala drive?
Therefore did the rolling chariot seem as of Nishadha's king?'
Thus when Damayantí pondered in the silence of her soul,
She, the beauteous, sent her handmaid to that king her messenger.

END OF BOOK XXI.

## दमयन्युवाच।

गळ केशिनि जानीहि क एष रथवाहकः।
उपविष्टो रथोपस्थे विकृतो हस्ववाहुकः ॥१॥
अभ्येत्य कुशलं भद्रे मृदुपूर्वं समाहिता।
पृळेथाः पुरुषं ह्येनं यथातल्लम् अनिन्दिते ॥२॥
अन मे महती शङ्का भवेद् एष नलो नृपः।
यथा च मनसस् तृष्टिर् हृदयस्य च निर्वृतिः ॥३॥
ब्रूयाश्चेनं कथान्ते तं पर्णादवचनं यथा।
प्रतिवाक्यन्त सुश्रोणि बुध्येथास् तम् अनिन्दिते ॥४॥

## वृहदश्व उवाच।

ततः समाहिता गता दूती वाहुकम् अववीत्। दमयन्यपि कल्याणी प्रासादस्था ह्युपैक्षत ॥५॥

# केशिन्युवाच।

स्वागतं ते मनुषेन्द्र कुशलं ते ब्रवीम्यहं। दमयन्या वचः साधु निबोध पुरुषर्षभ ॥६॥ कदा वै प्रस्थिता यूयं किमर्थम् इह चागताः। तत् तम् ब्रूहि यथान्यायं वैदर्भी स्रोतुम् इस्त्रति॥९॥

## वाहुक उवाच।

श्रुतः स्वयंवरो राज्ञा कीशलेन महात्मना। डितीयो दमयन्या वे भविता श्व इति डिजात्॥ ७॥

### DAMAYANTÍ spake:

'Speed thee, Keśiní, enquire thou who is yonder charioteer,
On the chariot-seat reposing, all deformed, with arms so short?
Blessed maid, approach, and courteous open thou thy bland discourse:
Undespis'd! ask thou thy question, and the truth let him reply.
Much and sorely do I doubt me, whether Nala it may be,
As my bosom's rapture augurs, as the gladness of my heart.
Speak thou, ere thou close the converse, even as good Parnáda spake,
And his answer, slender-waisted, undespis'd! remember thou.'

### VRIHADAŚVA spake:

Then to Váhuka departing went that zealous messenger,

On the lofty palace-terrace Damayantí sat and gazed.

### Keśiní spake:

'Happy omen mark thy coming, I salute thee, king of men:
Of the princess Damayantí hear, O lord of men, the speech:
"From what region came ye hither? with what purpose are ye come?"
Answer thou, as may be eem you, so Vidarbha's princess wills.'

### Vánuka spake:

'Soon a second Svayamvara, heard the king of Kośala,

Damayantí holds: to-morrow will it be, the Bráhman said:

श्रुतितत् प्रस्थितो राजा शतयोजनयायिभिः। हयेर् वातजवेर् मुख्येर् ऋहम् अस्य च सारिषः॥९॥

# केशिन्युवाच।

श्रय योऽसौ तृतीयो वः स कुतः कस्य वा पुनः। त्वच कस्य कथच्चेदं त्विय कर्म समाहितं॥१०॥

## वाहुक उवाच।

पुरायश्चीकस्य वै सूती वार्णीय इति विश्वतः। स नले प्रदुते भद्रे भाङ्गासुरिम् उपस्थितः॥११॥ श्रहम् अपश्वकुश्लः सूतत्वे च प्रतिष्ठितः। श्रृतुपर्णेन सारथ्ये भोजने च वृतः स्वयं॥१२॥

# केशिन्युवाच।

अथ जानाति वार्षोयः क नु राजा नली गतः। कथञ्च त्वयि चैतेन कथितं स्यात् तु वाहुक॥ १३॥

## वाहुक उवाच।

इहैव पुत्रो निश्चिष नलस्याशुभकर्मणः।
गतम् ततो यथाकामं नेष जानाति नेषधं ॥१४॥
न चान्यः पुरुषः कश्चिन् नलं वेत्ति यशस्विनि।
गूढश् चरित लोकेऽस्मिन् नष्टकृषो महीपितः॥१५॥
श्चात्मैव तु नलं वेत्ति या चास्य तदनन्तरा।
न हि वै स्वानि लिङ्गानि नलः शंसित किहैचित्॥१६॥

# केशिन्युवाच।

योऽसाव् अयोध्यां प्रथमं गतवान् ब्राह्मणस् तदा। इमानि नारीवाक्यानि कथयानः पुनः पुनः ॥ १७॥ Hearing this, with fleetest coursers, that a hundred Yojans speed, Set he forth, the wind less rapid, and his charioteer am I.

### KEŚINÍ spake:

'Who the third that journeys with you? who is he, and what his race? Of what race art thou? this office wherefore dost thou undertake?'

#### Váника spake:

"'Tis the far-renowned Várshneya, Punyaśloka's charioteer:
He, when Nala fled, fair lady! to Bhángásuri retired.
Skilful I in taming horses, and a famous charioteer.
Rituparna's chosen driver, dresser of his food am I.'

#### Keśiní spake:

'Knows the charioteer Várshneya whither royal Nala went?

Of his fortune hath he told thee? Váhuka, what hath he said?'

### Váника spake:

'He of the unhappy Nala safe the children borne away,

Wheresoe'er he would departed, of king Nala knows he nought:

Nothing of Nishadha's Rája, fair one! living man doth know.

Through the world, concealed, he wanders, having lost his proper form.

Only Nala's self of Nala knows, and his own inward soul,

Of himself to living mortal Nala will no sign betray.'

### Keśiní spake:

'He that to Ayodhyá's city went, the holy Bráhman first,
Of his faithful wife these sayings uttered once and once again:

क नु लं कितव च्छित्वा वस्तार्ध प्रस्थितो मम।
उत्पृत्य विपिने सुप्ताम् अनुरक्तां प्रियां प्रिय ॥१६॥
सा वै यथा समादिष्टा तथास्ते लत्प्रतीक्षिणी।
दह्यमाना दिवाराचं वस्तार्धेनाभिसंवृता ॥१९॥
तस्या रुद्त्याः सततं तेन दुःखेन पार्थिव।
प्रसादं कुरु वै वीर प्रतिवाक्यं वदस्व च ॥२०॥
तस्यास् तत् प्रियम् आख्यानं प्रवदस्व महामते।
तद् एव वाक्यं वैदर्भी श्रोतुम् इच्छत्यनिन्दिता ॥२१॥
एतच् छुता प्रतिवचस् तस्य दत्तं त्या किलः।
यत् पुरा तत् पुनस् तत्तो वैदर्भी श्रोतुम् इच्छित ॥२२॥

## वृहदश्व उवाच।

एवम् उक्तस्य केशिन्या नलस्य कुरुनन्दन । हृदयं व्यथितज्वासीद् अश्रुपूर्णे च लोचने ॥२३॥ स निगृद्यात्मनो दुःखं दद्यमानो महीपतिः । वाष्पसन्दिग्धया वाचा पुनर् एवेदम् अववीत् ॥२४॥

# वाहुक उवाच।

विषम्यमिष सम्प्राप्ता गोपायिन कुलिस्त्रियः।

श्रात्मानम् श्रात्मना सत्यो जितस्वर्गा न संश्रयः॥२५॥
रिहता भर्तृभिश्चाषि न कुध्यिन कदाचन।
प्राणांश्र चारिचकवचान् धारयिन वरस्त्रियः॥२६॥
विषमस्येन मूढेन परिश्रष्टसुखेन च।
यत् सा तेन परित्यक्तां तच न कोडुम् अर्हति॥२९॥
प्राणयाचां परिप्रेप्तोः शकुनैर् हत्वाससः।
श्राधिभिर् दद्यमानस्य श्यामा न कोडुम् अर्हति॥२६॥

"Whither went'st thou then, O gamester, half my garment severing off;
Leaving in the forest sleeping, all forsaken, thy belov'd?

Even as thou commanded'st, sits she, sadly waiting thy return,

Day and night, consumed with sorrow, in her scant half-garment clad.

Oh! to her for ever weeping, in the extreme of her distress,

Grant thy pity, noble hero, answer to her earnest prayer."

Speak again the words thou uttered'st, words of comfort to her soul,

The renowned Vidarbha's princess fain that speech would hear again,

When the Bráhman thus had spoken, what thou answered'st back to him,

That again Vidarbha's princess in the self-same words would hear.'

#### VRIHADAŚVA spake:

Of king Nala, in such language by fair Keśiní addressed,
All the heart was wrung with sorrow, and the eyes o'erflowed with tears.
But his anguish still suppressing, inly though consumed, the king,
With a voice half-choked with weeping, thus repeated his reply.

### VÁHUKA spake:

'Even in the extreme of misery, noble women still preserve

Over their ownselves the mastery, by their virtues winning heaven;

By their faithless lords abandoned, anger feel they not, e'en then;

In the breastplate of their virtue, noble women live unharmed.

By the wretched, by the senseless, by the lost to every joy,

She by such a lord forsaken to resentment will not yield.

Against him, his sustenance seeking, of his robe by birds despoiled,

Him consumed with utmost misery, still no wrath the fair one feels;

सत्कृताऽसत्कृता वाऽपि पतिं दृष्ट्वा तथागतं।
भ्रष्टराज्यं श्रिया हीनं सुधितं व्यसनाभुतं ॥२९॥
एवं बुवाणस् तद् वाक्यं नलः परमदुःखितः।
न वाष्पम् अशकत् सोढुं प्रक्रोदाथ भारत ॥३०॥
ततः सा केशिनी गला दमयन्ये न्यवेदयत्।
तत् सर्वे कथितञ्चेव विकारञ्चेव तस्य तं॥३१॥

॥ इति नलोपाख्याने हाविंशतितमः सर्गः ॥२२॥

## वृहदश्व उवाच।

दमयनी तृ तच् छुता भृशं शोकपरायणा।
शङ्कमाना नलं तं वे केशिनीम् इदम् अववीत्॥१॥
गच्छ केशिनि भूयस् तं परीक्षां कुरु वाहुके।
अववाणा समीपस्था चिरतान्यस्य लक्ष्य॥२॥
यदा च किञ्चित् कुर्यात् स कारणं तच भाविनि।
तच सञ्चेष्टमानस्य लक्ष्यन्ती विचेष्टितं॥३॥
न चास्य प्रतिबन्धेन देयोऽग्निर् अपि केशिनि।
याचते न जलं देयं सर्वथा तरमाण्या॥४॥
एतत् सर्वं समीष्ट्य तं चिरतं मे निवेदय।
निमित्तं यत् तया दृष्टं वाहुके देवमानुषं।
यचान्यदिप पश्येथास् तचाख्येयं त्या मम॥॥॥
दमयन्यवम् उक्ता सा जगामाथ च केशिनी।
निशम्याथ हयङ्गस्य लिङ्गानि पुनर् आगमत्॥६॥
सा तत् सर्वं यथावृत्तं दमयन्ये न्यवेदयत्।
निमित्तं यत् तया दृष्टं वाहुके दिव्यमानुषं॥९॥

Treated well, or ill-entreated, when her husband thus she sees

Spoiled of bliss, bereft of kingdom, famine-wasted, worn with woe.'

In these words as spake king Nala in the anguish of his heart,

Could he not refrain from weeping, his unwilling tears burst forth.

Then fair Keśiní departing, told to Damayantí all,

All that Váhuka had spoken, all th' emotion he betrayed.

END OF BOOK XXII.

### VRIHADAŚVA spake:

Hearing this, fair Damayantí, all abandoned to her grief,
Thinking still that he was Nala, spake to Keśiní again:
'Go, O Keśiní, examine Váhuka and all his acts,
Silent take thy stand beside him, and observe whate'er he does;
And when any act soever, virtuous maiden! he may do,
Closely watching all his movements, mark the bearing of the man.
Nor, fair Keśiní, be given him fire his labours to assist:
Neither be there given him water, in thy haste, at his demand:
All, when thou hast well observed him, every act to me repeat,
Every act, divine or mortal, that in Váhuka appears;
And whatever else thou seest, be it straightway told to me.'
Thus addressed by Damayantí Keśiní again set forth;
Of the tamer of the horses every act observed, came back;
Every act as she had seen it she to Damayantí told:
Each divine or mortal wonder that in Váhuka appeared.

## केशिन्युवाच।

दृढं शुच्युपचारोऽसौ न मया मानुषः कचित्। दृष्टपूर्वः श्रुतो वापि दमयन्ति तथाविधः ॥ ।। ह्स्वम् आसाद्य सञ्चारं नासी विनमते क्वित्। तं तु दृष्ट्वा यथासङ्गम् उत्सर्पति यथासुखं ॥०॥ ऋतुपर्णस्य चार्थाय भोजनीयम् अनेकशः। प्रेषितं तच राज्ञा तु मांसं बहु च पाश्रवं ॥१०॥ तस्य प्रक्षालनार्थाय कुम्भास् तत्रीपकल्पिताः। ते तेनावेश्चिताः कुम्भाः पूर्णा एवाभवंस् ततः ॥११॥ ततः प्रक्षालनं कृता समधिश्रित्य वाहुकः। नृणमुष्टिं समादाय सवितुस् तं समाद्धत् ॥ १२॥ अय प्रज्विलितस् तच सहसा हव्यवाहनः। तद् अज्ञततमं दृष्ट्वा विस्मिताऽहम् इहागता ॥१३॥ अन्यच तस्मिन् सुमहद् आश्वर्यं लिख्तिं मया। यद् अग्निम् अपि संस्पृत्र्य नैवासी दह्यते शुभे ॥ १४॥ छन्देन चोदकं तस्य वहत्यावर्जितं दूतं। ञ्जतीव चान्यत् सुमहद् आश्वर्ये दृष्टवत्यहं ॥१५॥ यत् स पुष्पारायुपादाय हस्ताभ्यां ममृदे शनैः। मृद्यमानानि पाणिभ्यां तेन पुष्पाणि तान्यथ ॥ १६॥ भूय एव सुगन्धीनि हृषितानि भवन्ति हि। एतान्यज्ञतिङ्कानि दृष्ट्वाऽहं दुतम् आगता ॥१७॥

वृहदश्व उवाच।

दमयन्ती तु तच् छुता पुर्ययक्षीकस्य चेष्टितं। ग्रमन्यत नलं प्राप्तं कर्मचेष्टाभिसूचितं॥१८॥ सा शङ्कमाना भर्तारं नलं वाहुकह्रपिर्णं।

### Keśiní spake:

'Very holy is he, never mortal man in all my life Have I seen, or have I heard of, Damayantí, like to him. He drew near the lowly entrance, bowed not down his stately head; On the instant, as it saw him, up th' expanding portal rose. For the use of Rituparna much and various viands came; Sent, as meet, by royal Bhíma, and abundant animal food. These to cleanse, with meet ablution, were capacious vessels set; As he looked on them, the vessels stood, upon the instant, full. Then, the meet ablutions over, Váhuka went forth and took Of the withered grass a handful, held it upward to the sun: On the instant, brightly blazing, shone the all-consuming fire. Much I marvelled at the wonder, and amazed am hither come; Lo, a second greater marvel sudden burst upon my sight! He that blazing fire stood handling, yet unharmed, unburned remained. At his will flows forth the water, and as quickly sinks again. And another greater wonder, lady, did I there behold: He the flowers which he had taken gently moulded in his hands, In his hands the flowers, so moulded, as with freshening life endued, Blossomed out with richer fragrance, stood erect upon their stems: All these marvels having noted, swiftly came I back to thee.'

### VŖIHADAŚVA spake:

Damayantí when these wonders of the king of men she heard,

Thought yet more king Nala present, by his acts and mien revealed.

She her royal lord suspecting in the form of Váhuka,

केशिनीं स्रक्ष्णया वाचा रुदती पुनर् अववीत्॥१९॥ पुनर् गच्छ प्रमत्तस्य वाहुकस्योपसंस्कृतं। महानसाच् छृतं मांसं समादायहि भाविनि ॥२०॥ सा गता वाहुकस्याये तन् मांसम् अपकृष्य च। अत्युष्णम् एवं वरिता तत्र्राणात् प्रियकारिणी। दमयन्ये ततः प्रादात् केशिनी कुरुनन्दन ॥२१॥ सोचिता नलसिडस्य मांसस्य बहुशः पुरा। प्राश्य मता नलं सूनं प्राक्रीशर् भृशदुःखिता ॥२२॥ वैक्कव्यं परमं गला प्रक्षाल्य च मुखं ततः। मिथुनं प्रेषयामास केशिन्या सह भारत ॥२३॥ इन्द्रसेनां सह भाचा समभिज्ञाय वाहुकः। अभिदृत्य तती राजा परिष्वज्याङ्कम् आनयत् ॥ २४॥ वाहुकस् तु समासाद्य सुतौ सुरसुतीपमी। भृशं दुःखपरीतात्मा सुस्वरं प्रहरीद ह ॥२५॥ नैषधो दर्शयिता तु विकारम् असकृत् तदा। उत्मृज्य सहसा पुत्रों केशिनीम् इदम् अववीत् ॥२६॥ इदं सुसदृशं भद्रे मिथुनं मम पुत्रयोः। ञ्चतो दृष्ट्वेव सहसा वाष्पम् उत्सृष्टवान् ञ्चहं ॥२९॥ बहुशः सम्पतन्तीं त्वां जनः शङ्केत दोषतः। वयञ्च देशातिषयो गच्छ भद्रे यथासुखं ॥२५॥

॥ इति नलीपाख्याने चयोविंशतितमः सर्गः ॥२३॥

With a gentle voice and weeping spake to Keśini again: 'Go, again, and whilst he heeds not, meat by Váhuka prepared From the kitchen softly taking hither Keśiní return.' She to Váhuka approaching, unperceived stole soft away Of the well-cooked meat a morsel, warm she bore it in her haste, And to Damayantí gave it, Keśiní, without delay. Of the food prepared by Nala oft the flavour had she tried; Tasting it she shrieked in anguish, 'Nala is you charioteer.' Stirred by vehement emotion, of her mouth ablution made: She her pair of infant children sent with Keśini to him. Soon as he young Indrasená with her little brother saw, Up he sprang, his arms wound round them, to his bosom folding both. When he gazed upon the children, like the children of the gods, All his heart o'erflowed with pity, and aloud his tears broke forth. Yet Nishadha's lord perceiving she his strong emotion marked, From his hold released the children, and to Keśini spake thus: 'Oh! so like mine own twin children was you lovely infant pair, Seeing them thus unexpected have I broken out in tears. If so oft thou comest hither men some evil will suspect, We within this land are strangers, beauteous maiden, part in peace.'

END OF BOOK XXIII.

## वृहदम्ब उवाच।

सर्वे विकारं दृष्ट्वा तु पुर्ययञ्चोकस्य धीमतः। ञ्जागत्य केशिनी क्षिप्रं दमयन्ये न्यवेदयत् ॥१॥ दमयनी ततो भूयः प्रेषयामास केशिनीं। मातुः सकाशं दुःखाती नलदर्शनकाङ्क्षया ॥२॥ परीक्षितो मे बहुशो वाहुको नलशङ्कया। रूपे मे संशयस् वेकः स्वयम् इच्छामि वेदितुं ॥३॥ स वा प्रवेश्यतां मातर् मां वानुज्ञातुम् ऋईसि। विदितं वाऽय वाऽज्ञातं पितुर् मे संविधीयतां ॥४॥ एवम् उक्ता तु वैदर्भा सा देवी भीमम् अबवीत्। दुहितुस् तम् अभिप्रायम् अन्वजानात् स पार्थिवः ॥ ५॥ सा वै पिचाभ्यनुज्ञाता माचा च भरतर्षभ। नलं प्रवेशयामास यच तस्याः प्रतिष्रयः ॥६॥ तां स्म दृष्ट्वेव सहसा दमयन्तीं नली नृपः। ञ्चाविष्टः शोकदुःखाभ्यां बभूवाश्रुपरिप्नुतः ॥७॥ तं तु दृष्ट्वा तथायुक्तं दमयन्ती नलं तदा। तीवशोकसमाविष्टा वभूव वरवर्णिनी ॥ ७॥ ततः काषायवसना जिटला मलपङ्किनी। दमयन्ती महाराज वाहुकं वाक्यम् अववीत् ॥९॥ पूर्वे दृष्टम् तया किश्वद् धर्मज्ञी नाम वाहुक। सुप्ताम् उत्सृज्य विपिने गती यः पुरुषः स्त्रियं ॥ १०॥ ञ्जनागसं प्रियां भार्यां विजने श्रममोहितां। अपहाय तु को गच्छेत् पुर्याञ्चोकम् ऋते नलं ॥ १९॥

### VRIHADAŚVA spake:

SEEING the profound emotion of that wisest king of men, Keśiní in haste returning told to Damayantí all. Then again did Damayantí give to Keśiní command, To approach her royal mother, in her haste her lord to see. 'Váhuka we've watched most closely, Nala we suspect him still; Only from his form we doubt him, this myself would fain behold. Cause him enter here, my mother, or permit me him to seek; Known or unknown to my father let it be decided now.' By that handmaid thus accosted, then the queen to Bhima told All his daughter's secret counsel, and the Rája gave assent. Instant from her sire the princess from her mother leave obtained, Bade them make king Nala enter in the chamber where she dwelt. Sudden as he gazed upon her, upon Damayantí gazed, Nala, he was seized with anguish, and with tears his eyes o'erflowed. And when Damayantí gazed on Nala thus approaching near, With an agonizing sorrow was the noble lady seized. Clad, then, in a scarlet mantle, hair-dishevelled, mire-defiled, Unto Váhuka this language Damayantí thus addressed: 'Váhuka beheld'st thou ever an upright and noble man Who departed and abandoned in the wood his sleeping wife? The beloved wife and blameless, in the wild wood worn with grief, Who was he who thus forsook her? who but Nala, king of men?

किं नु तस्य मया बाल्याद् ऋपराइं महीपतेः। यो माम् उत्मृज्य विपिने गतवान् निद्रया हृतां ॥१२॥ साक्षाद् देवान् अपहाय वृतो यः स मया पुरा। अनुव्रतां साभिकामां पुचिणीं त्यक्तवान् कथं ॥ १३॥ अयी पाणिं गृहीता तु देवानाम् अयतस् तथा। भविष्यामीति सत्यं तु प्रतिश्रुत्य क तद् गतं ॥ १४॥ दमयन्या ब्रुवन्यास् तु सर्वम् एतद् ऋरिन्दम। शीकजं वारि नेचाभ्याम् अमुखं प्रास्नवद् बहु ॥ १५॥ अतीव कृष्णसाराभ्यां रक्तान्ताभ्यां जलं तु तत्। परिस्रवद् नली दृष्ट्वा शोकाताम् इदम् अव्रवीत् ॥१६॥ मम राज्यं प्रणष्टं यद् नाहं तत् कृतवान् स्वयं। कलिना तत् कृतं भीरु यच लाम् अहम् अत्यजं ॥ १९॥ त्वया तु पापः कृच्छ्रेण शापेनाभिहतः पुरा। वनस्थया दुःखितया शोचन्या मां दिवानिशं ॥ १६॥ स मर्खरीरे लब्छापाट् दह्यमानोऽवसत् किलः। त्वच्छापदम्धः सततं सोऽग्नाव् अग्निर् इवाहितः ॥१९॥ मम च व्यवसायेन तपसा चैव निर्जितः। दुः खस्यानोन चानेन भवितव्यं हि नौ शुभे ॥२०॥ विमुच्य मां गतः पापस् ततोऽहम् इह चागतः। त्वदर्थं विपुलश्रोणि न हि मेऽन्यत् प्रयोजनं ॥२१॥ क्यं तु नारी भर्तारम् अनुरक्तम् अनुव्रतं। उत्मृज्य वरयेद् ऋन्यं यथा तं भीरु कर्हिचित् ॥२२॥ दूताश चरन्ति पृथिवीं कृत्स्रां नृपतिशासनात्। भैमी किल स्म भर्तारं हितीयं वरिययित ॥२३॥ स्वेरवृत्ता यथाकामम् अनुरूपम् इवात्मनः। श्रुत्वेव चैतत् लिरितो भाङ्गासुरिर् उपस्थितः ॥२४॥

To the lord of earth, from folly, what offence can I have given That he fled, within the forest leaving me by sleep oppressed? Openly, the gods rejected, was he chosen by me, my lord: Could he leave the true, the loving, her that hath his children borne! By the nuptial fire, in presence of the gods, he clasped my hand, "I will be," this truth he plighted, where is now that promise gone?' While all this in broken accents sadly Damayantí spake, From her eyes the drops of sorrow flowed in copious torrents down. Those dark eyes, with vermeil corners, thus with trembling moisture dewed, When king Nala saw and gazed on, to the sorrowful he spake: 'Gaming that I lost my kingdom, 'twas not mine own guilty deed, That was wrought by Kali, timid! hence it was I thee forsook. Therefore smitten was the miscreant by thy scathing curse long since In the wild wood as thou wanderedst, grieving day and night for me, He then dwelt within my body, burning with that powerful curse, Ever burning, fiercer, hotter, as when fire is heaped on fire. He by my religious patience, my devotion, now subdued, Lo! the end of all our sorrows, beautiful! is now at hand. I, the evil one departed, hither have made haste to come; For thy sake, O round-limbed! only; other business have I none. Yet, O how may high-born woman from her vowed, her plighted lord Swerving, choose another husband, even as thou, O trembler, would'st? Over all the earth the heralds travel by the king's command, "Now the daughter of king Bhima will a second husband choose, Free from every tie, as wills she, as her fancy may be seem,"

Hearing this, came hither speeding king Bhángásuri in haste.'

दमयनी तु तच् छुता नलस्य परिदेवितं। प्राञ्जलिर् वेपमाना च भीता च नलम् अववीत्॥२५॥ न माम् अईसि कल्याण दोषेण परिशङ्कितुं। मया हि देवान् जत्मृज्य वृतस् तं निषधाधिप ॥२६॥ तवाधिगमनार्थे तु सर्वती ब्राह्मणा गताः। वाक्यानि मम गाथाभिर् गायमाना दिशो दश ॥२०॥ ततस् लां ब्राह्मणी विद्वान् पर्णादी नाम पार्थिव। अभ्यगळत् कोशलायाम् ऋतुपर्णनिवेशने ॥२८॥ तेन वाक्ये कृते सम्यक् प्रतिवाक्ये तथाहते। उपायोऽयं मया दृष्टो नैषधानयने तव ॥२०॥ लाम् ऋते न हि लोकेऽन्य एकाहूा पृथिवीपते। समर्थो योजनशतं गन्तुम् ऋश्वेर् नराधिप ॥३०॥ स्पृशेयं तेन सत्येन पादाव् एतौ महीपते। यथा नासतृतं किञ्चिद् मनसापि चराम्यहं ॥३१॥ अयं चरति लोकेऽस्मिन् भूतसाक्षी सदागतिः। एष मे मुचतु प्राणान् यदि पापं चराम्यहं ॥३२॥ तथा चरति तिग्मांशुः परेण भुवनं सदा। स मुञ्जतु मम प्राणान् यदि पापं चराम्यहं ॥३३॥ चन्द्रमाः सर्वभूतानाम् अन्तश्वरति साक्षिवत्। स मुञ्जतु मम प्राणान् यदि पापं चराम्यहं ॥३४॥ एते देवास् चयः कृत्सं चैलोक्यं धारयन्ति वै। विबुवन्तु यथासत्यम् एते वाऽद्य त्यजन्तु मां ॥३५॥ एवम् उक्तम् तया वायुर् अनारीक्षाद् अभाषत्। नैषा कृतवती पापं नल सत्यं ब्रवीमि ते ॥३६॥ राजन् शीलनिधिः स्पीतो दमयन्या सुरिक्षतः। साक्षिणो रिक्षणश् चास्या वयं चीन् परिवत्सरान् ॥३९॥

Damayantí, when from Nala heard she this his grievous charge, With her folded hands, and trembling, thus to Nala made reply: 'Do not me, O noble-minded, of such shameless guilt suspect, Thou, when I the gods rejected, Nala, wert my chosen lord. Only thee to find, the Bráhmans went to the ten regions forth, Chaunting to their holy measures, but the words that I had taught. Then that Bráhman wise, Parnáda, such the name he bears, O king, Thee in Kośalá, the palace of king Rituparna, found. There to thee my words addressed he, answer there from thee received. I this subtle wile imagined, king of men, to bring thee here. Since, beside thyself, no mortal in the world, within the day, Could drive on the fleetest coursers for a hundred Yojanas. To attest this truth, O monarch! I would touch thy sacred feet; Even in heart have I committed never evil thought 'gainst thee. He through all the world that wanders, witness the all-seeing wind, Let him now of life bereave me, if in this 'gainst thee I've sinned: And the sun that moveth ever over all the world, on high, Let him now of life bereave me, if in this 'gainst thee I've sinned. Witness, too, the moon that permeates every being's inmost thought; Let this god of life bereave me, if herein 'gainst thee I've sinned. These three gods are they that govern the three worlds, so let them speak; This my sacred truth attest they, or this day abandon me.'

Thus adjured, a solemn witness, spake the wind from out the air;
'She hath done or thought no evil, Nala, 'tis the truth we speak:

King, the treasure of her virtue in its fulness hath she kept,

Her we have watched and guarded ever closely for three livelong years.

उपायी विहितश चायं लद्रथम् अतुलोऽनया। न ह्येकाहूा शतं गन्ता लाम् ऋतेऽन्यः पुमान् इह ॥३६॥ उपपन्ना त्या भैमी तज्व भैम्या महीपते। नाच शङ्का तया काया सङ्गच्छ सह भायया ॥३९॥ तथा ब्रुवति वायो तु पुष्पवृष्टिः पपात ह। देवदुन्दुभयो नेदुर् ववी च पवनः शिवः ॥४०॥ तद् अद्भततमं दृष्ट्वा नली राजाऽय भारत। दमयन्यां विशङ्कां तां व्यपाकर्षेद् अरिन्दम ॥४१॥ ततस् तद् वस्त्रम् ऋरजः प्रावृणोद् वसुधाधिपः। संस्मृत्य नागराजं तं तती लेभे स्वकं वपुः ॥४२॥ स्वरूपिणं तु भर्तारं दृष्ट्वा भीमसुता तदा। प्राक्रीशर् उचेर् आलिङ्ग्य पुरायश्चीकम् अनिन्दिता ॥४३॥ भैमीम् ऋपि नली राजा भाजमानी यथा पुरा। सस्वजे स्वसुतौ चापि यथावत् प्रत्यनन्दत ॥४४॥ ततः स्वीरसि विन्यस्य वक्तं तस्य शुभानना। परीता तेन दुःखेन निशम्बासायतेश्र्णा ॥४५॥ तथैव मलदिग्धाङ्गीं परिष्वज्य शुचिस्मितां। मुचिरं पुरुषव्याग्रस् तस्यौ शोकपरिश्चतः ॥४६॥ ततः सर्वे यथावृत्तं दमयन्या नलस्य च। भीमायाकययत् प्रीत्या वैद्भीजननी नृप ॥४७॥ ततोऽब्रवीट् महाराजः कृतशौचम् अहं नलं। दमयन्या सहीपेतं कस्यं द्रष्टा सुखीषितं ॥४৮॥

वृहदश्व उवाच।

ततस् तौ सहितौ राचिं कथयन्तौ पुरातनं। वने विचरितं सर्वम् जषतुर् मुदितौ नृप ॥४९॥ This unrivalled scheme she plotted only for thy absent sake; In one day a hundred Yojans who beside thyself may drive? Thou hast met with Bhima's daughter, Bhima's daughter meets with thee, Cast away all jealous scruple, to thy bosom take thy wife.'

Even as thus the wind was speaking, flowers fell showering all around: And the gods sweet music sounded on the zephyr floating light. As on this surpassing wonder royal Nala stood and gazed, Of the blameless Damayantí melted all his jealous doubts. Then by dust all undefiled he the heavenly vest put on, Thought upon the King of Serpents, and his proper form resumed. In his own proud form her husband Bhíma's royal daughter saw; Loud she shrieked, the undespised, and embraced the king of men. Bhíma's daughter, too, king Nala, shining glorious as of old, Clasped unto his heart, and fondled gently that sweet infant pair. Then her face upon his bosom, as the lovely princess laid, In her calm and gentle sorrow, softly sighed the long-eyed queen. He, that form still mire-defiled, as he clasped with smile serene, Long the king of men stood silent, in the ecstacy of woe. All the tale of Damayantí, and of Nala all the tale, To king Bhíma, in her transport, told Vidarbha's mother-queen. Then replied that mighty monarch, 'Nala, his ablutions done, Thus re-joined to Damayantí I to-morrow will behold.

### VRIHADASVA spake:

They the night in joy together passed relating, each to each, All their wanderings in the forest, and each wild adventure strange. गृहे भीमस्य नृपतेः परस्परसुषेषिणौ।
वसेतां हृष्टसङ्कल्पौ वैदर्भी च नलम्ब ह ॥५०॥
स चतुर्थे ततो वर्षे सङ्गम्य सह भार्यया।
सर्वकामैः सुसिडार्थो लब्धवान् परमां मुदं॥५०॥
दमयन्यपि भर्तारम् आसाद्याणायिता भृगं।
अर्धसञ्चात्रशस्येव तीयं प्राप्य वसुन्धरा ॥५२॥
सैवं समेत्य व्यपनीय तन्द्रां शानाज्वरा हर्षविवृहसस्ता।
रराज भेमी समवाप्तकामा शीतांशुना राचिर् इवीदितेन ॥५३॥

॥ इति नलोपाख्याने चतुर्विशतितमः सर्गः॥२४॥

# वृहदश्व उवाच।

श्रथ तां व्युविती राचिं नली राजा स्वलङ्कृतः।
वैदर्भा सहितः काले ददर्भ वसुधाधिपं॥१॥
ततीऽभिवादयामास प्रयतः श्रशुरं नलः।
ततीऽनु दमयन्ती च ववन्दे पितरं शुभा॥२॥
तं भीमः प्रतिजयाह पुचवत् परया मुदा।
यथाई पूजियता च समाश्रासयत प्रभुः।
नलेन सहितां तच दमयन्तीं पितवतां॥३॥
ताम् श्रहेणां नली राजा प्रतिगृद्ध यथाविधि।
परिचर्यां स्वकां तस्मै यथावत् प्रत्यवेदयत्॥४॥
ततो वभूव नगरे सुमहान् हर्षजः स्वनः।
जनस्य सम्प्रहृष्टस्य नलं दृष्ट्वा तथागतं॥५॥

In king Bhíma's royal palace, studying each the other's bliss,
With glad hearts Vidarbha's princess and the kingly Nala dwelt.
In his fourth year of divorcement, reunited to his wife,
Richly fraught with every blessing, at the height of joy he stood.

Damayantí too re-wedded, still increasing in her bliss,
Like as the glad earth to water opens its half-budding fruits,
She of weariness unconscious, soothed each grief, and full each joy,
Every wish fulfilled, shone brightly as the night when high the moon.

END OF BOOK XXIV.

# VŖIHADAŚVA spake:

When that night was passed and over, Nala, that high-gifted king, Wedded to Vidarbha's daughter, in fit hour her sire beheld. Humbly Nala paid his homage to the father of his queen, Reverently did Damayantí pay her homage to her sire. Him received the royal Bhíma, as his son, with highest joy, Honoured, as became him, nobly: then consoled that monarch wise Damayantí, to king Nala reconciled, the faithful wife. Royal Nala all these honours, as his homage meet, received: And in fitting terms, devotion to the royal Bhíma paid. Mighty then through all the city ran the wakening sound of joy; All in every street exulting at king Nala's safe return.

श्रशोभयना नगरं पताकाध्वजमालिनं।

सिक्ताः सुमृष्टपुष्पाद्धा राजमार्गाः स्वलङ्कृताः ॥६॥

हारि हारि च पौराणां पुष्पभङ्गः प्रकल्पितः।

श्रचितानि च सर्वाणि देवतायतनानि च ॥९॥

श्रुचितानि च सर्वाणि देवतायतनानि च ॥९॥

श्रुचितानि च सर्वाणि देवतायतनानि च ॥९॥

श्रुण्यांऽपि श्रुश्राव वाहुक्छिद्धिनं नलं।

दमयन्या समायुक्तं जहृषे च नराधिपः ॥६॥

तम् श्रानाय्य नलो राजा समयामास पार्थिवं।

स च तं स्रमयामास हेतुभिर् वुिह्मिमितः ॥९॥

स सत्कृतो महीपालो नेषधं विस्मिताननः।

दिष्ट्या समेतो दारः स्वर् भवान् इत्यभ्यनन्दत ॥९०॥

किच्चित् नापराधं ते कृतवान् श्रस्मि नेषध।

श्रज्ञातवासं वसतो महृहे वसुधाधिप ॥९१॥

यदि वा बुिह्मपूर्वाणि यद्यबुद्धापि कानिचित्।

मया कृतान्यकार्याणि तानि तं स्ननुम् श्रहेसि॥९२॥

## नल उवाच।

न मेऽपराधं कृतवांस् लं स्वल्पम् ऋपि पार्थिव।
कृतेऽपि च न मे कोपः श्चन्तव्यं हि मया तव॥१३॥
पूर्वे द्यपि सखा मेऽसि सम्बन्धी च जनाधिप।
ऋत ऊर्ध्वे तु भूयस् लम् प्रीतिम् आहर्तुम् ऋहेसि॥१४॥
सर्वकामैः सुविहितैः सुखम् ऋस्युषितस् लिय।
न तथा स्वगृहे राजन् यथा तव गृहे सदा॥१५॥
इदच्चेव हयज्ञानं लदीयं मिय तिष्ठति।
तद् उपाकर्तुम् इच्छामि मन्यसे यदि पार्थिव॥१६॥
एवम् उक्का ददौ विद्याम् ऋतुपर्णाय नैषधः।
स च तां प्रतिजयाह विधिदृष्टेन कर्मणा॥१९॥

All the city with their banners and with garlands decked they forth.

All the royal streets well watered, and with stainless flowers were strewn;

And from door to door the garlands of festooning flowers were hung;

And of all the gods the altars were with fitting rites adorned.

Rituparna heard of Nala in the guise of Váhuka,

Now re-wed to Damayantí, and the king of men rejoiced.

To the king, before his presence, Nala courteous made excuse,

In his turn Ayodhyá's monarch in like courteous language spake.

He, received thus hospitably, wondering to Nishadha's king,

'Bliss be with thee, reunited to thy queen:' 'twas thus he said.

'Have I aught offensive ever done to thee, or said, O king,

Whilst unknown within my palace thou wert dwelling, king of men?

If designed or undesigning any single act I've done

I might wish undone, thy pardon grant me, I beseech thee, king.'

## NALA spake:

'Not or deed or word discourteous, not the slightest hast thou done;
Hadst thou, I might not resent it, freely would I pardon all.
Thou of old, my friend, my kinsman wert, O sovereign of men,
From this time henceforth thy friendship still on me thou must bestow.
Every wish anticipated, pleasantly I dwelt with thee;
Not in mine own palace dwelt I ever, as, O king, in thine.
My surpassing skill in horses, all is thine that I possess;
That on thee bestow I gladly, if, O king, it seem thee good.'

Nala thus to Rituparna gave his subtle skill in steeds,
Gladly he received the present, with each regulation meet.

गृहीता चाश्वहृदयं राजन् भाङ्गासुरिर् नृपः।
निषधाधिपतेश्वापि दल्लाऽश्रहृदयं नृपः।
सूतम् अन्यम् उपादाय ययौ स्वपुरम् एव ह ॥१४॥
ऋतुपर्णे गते राजन् नली राजा विशाम्पते।
नगरे कुरिइने कालं नातिदीर्घम् इवावसत्॥१९॥

॥ इति नलोपाख्याने पञ्चविंशतितमः सर्गः ॥२५॥

# वृहदश्व उवाच।

स मासम् उष्य कौन्तेय भीमम् आमन्त्य नैषधः।
पुराद् अल्पपरीवारो जगाम निषधान् प्रति॥१॥
रथेनेकेन शुभेण दिनाभिः परिषोडशैः।
पञ्चाशिक्षर् हयेश्वेव षदशतेश्व पदातिभिः॥१॥
स कम्पयन् इव महीं तरमाणो महीपितः।
प्रविवेश सुसंरब्धम् तरसैव महामनाः॥३॥
ततः पुष्करम् आसाद्य वीरसेनसुतो नलः।
उवाच दीव्याव पुनर् बहु वित्रं मयार्जितं॥४॥
दमयन्ती च यज्ञान्यद् मम किञ्चन विद्यते।
एष वै मम सन्त्यासम् तव राज्यं तु पुष्कर ॥५॥
पुनः प्रवर्ततां द्यूतम् इति मे निश्चिता मितः।
पणेनेकेन भद्रं ते प्राणयोश्व पणावहे॥६॥
जित्वा परस्वम् आहृत्य राज्यं वा यदिवा वसु।
प्रतिपाणः प्रदातव्यः परमो धर्म उच्यते॥९॥

Gifted with that precious knowledge, then Bhángásuri the king, When in dice his skill mysterious to king Nala he had given, Home returned to his own city with another charioteer. Rituparna thus departed, Nala, then, O king of men In the city of Kundina sojourned for no length of time.

END OF BOOK XXV.

### VRIHADAŚVA spake:

There a month when he had sojourned, of king Bhíma taking leave,
Guarded he by few attendants to Nishadha took his way.

With a single splendid chariot, and with elephants sixteen,
And with fifty armed horsemen, and six hundred men on foot;
Making, as 'twere, earth to tremble, hastening onward, did the king
Enter awful in his anger, and terrific in his speed.

Then the son of Vírasena to king Pushkara drew near;
'Play we once again,' then said he, 'much the wealth I have acquired:
All I have, even Damayantí, every treasure I possess,
Set I now upon the hazard, Pushkara, thy kingdom thou:
In the game once more contend we, 'tis my settled purpose this,
Brother, at a single hazard, play we boldly for our lives.

From another he who treasures, he who mighty realm hath won,
'Tis esteemed a bounden duty to play back the counter game.

न चेद् वाञ्छिस द्यूतं तं युद्धद्यूतं प्रवर्ततां। हैरथेनासु वै शानिस् तव वा मम वा नृप ॥ ७॥ वंशभोज्यम् इदं राज्यम् ऋर्षितव्यं यथातथा । येन केनाप्युपायेन वृज्ञानाम् इति शासनं ॥ ९॥ इयोर् एकतरे वृद्धिः क्रियताम् अद्य पुष्कर। कैतवेनास्वत्यां वा युद्धे वा नाम्यतां धनुः ॥१०॥ नैषधेनैवम् उक्तस्तु पुष्करः प्रहसन् इव। ध्रुवम् आत्मजयं मत्वा प्रत्याह पृथिवीपतिं ॥ ११॥ दिस्या त्याऽर्जितं वित्तं प्रतिपाणाय नैषध। दिष्ट्या च दुष्करं कर्म दमयन्याः क्षयं गतं॥ १२॥ दिष्ट्या च धियसे राजन् सदारोऽद्य महाभुज। धनेनानेन वै भैमी जितेन समलङ्कृता ॥ १३॥ माम् उपस्थास्यति व्यक्तं दिवि शक्रम् इवाप्सराः। नित्यशी हि स्मरामि लां प्रतीक्षेऽपि च नैषध ॥ १४॥ देवनेन मम प्रीतिर् न भवत्यसुहृद्रशैः। जिला लद्य वरारोहां दमयनीम् अनिन्दितां ॥ १५॥ कृतकृत्यो भविषामि सा हि मे नित्यशो हृदि। श्रुता तु तस्य ता वाचो बद्धबडमलापिनः ॥१६॥ इयेष स शिरश छेतुं खद्गेन कुपितो नलः। स्मयंस्तु रोषताम्राक्षस् तम् उवाच ततो नलः ॥ १७॥ पणावः किं व्याहरसे जितो न व्याहरिष्यसि। ततः प्रावर्तत द्यूतं पुष्करस्य नलस्य च ॥१८॥ एकपाणेन वीरेण नलेन स पराजितः। स रत्नकोषनिचयैः प्राणेन पणितोऽपि च ॥१९॥ जिला च पुष्करं राजा प्रहसन् इदम् अववीत्। मम सर्वम् इदं राज्यम् अव्ययं हतकारकं ॥२०॥

If thou shrinkest from the hazard, be our game the strife of arms, Meet we in the single combat all our difference to decide. An hereditary kingdom may by any means be sought, Be re-won by any venture, this the maxim of the seers. Of two courses set before thee, Pushkara, the option make, Or in play to stand the hazard, or in combat stretch the bow.' By Nishadha's lord thus challenged, Pushkara, with smile suppressed, As secure of easy victory, answered to the lord of earth: 'Oh what joy! abundant treasures thou hast won, again to play. Oh what joy! of Damayantí, now the hard-won prize is mine. Oh what joy! again thou livest with thy consort, mighty-armed! With the wealth I win bedeckëd soon shall Bhima's daughter stand, By my side, as by great Indra stands the Apsará in heaven. Still on thee hath dwelt my memory, still I've waited, king, for thee; In the play I find no rapture but 'gainst kinsman like thyself. When this day the round-limbed princess Damayantí, undespised, I shall win, I rest contented, still within mine heart she dwells.'

Hearing his contemptuous language franticly thus pouring forth,
With his sword th' indignant Nala fain had severed off his head.
But with haughty smile, with anger glaring in his blood-red eyes,
'Play we now, nor talk thus idly, conquered, thou'lt no longer talk.'
Then of Pushkara the gaming and of Nala straight began;
In a single throw by Nala was the perilous venture gained;
Pushkara, his gold, his jewels, at one hazard all was won!
Pushkara in play thus conquered, with a smile the king rejoined:
'Mine again is all this kingdom, undisturbed, its foes o'ercome.

वैदर्भी न त्या शक्या राजापसद वीक्षितं। तस्यास् तं सपरीवारी मूढ दासतम् आगतः ॥२१॥ न त्वया तत् कृतं कर्म येनाहं विजितः पुरा। कलिना तत् कृतं कर्म तं च मूढ न बुध्यसे ॥२२॥ नाहं परकृतं दोषं तय्याधास्ये कथञ्चन। यथासुखं वै जीव लं प्राणान् अवसृजामि ते ॥२३॥ तथैव सर्वसम्भारं स्वम् अंशं वितरामि ते। तथैव च मम प्रीतिस् लिय वीर न संशयः ॥२४॥ सौहार्दं चापि मे तत्रो न कदाचित् प्रहास्यति। पुष्कर त्वं हि मे भ्राता सज्जीव शरदः शतं ॥२५॥ एवं नलः सान्वयिवा भातरं सत्यविक्रमः। स्वपुरं प्रेषयामास परिष्वज्य पुनः पुनः ॥२६॥ सान्तितो नैषधेनैवं पुष्करः प्रत्युवाच ह। पुर्यायक्षोकं तदा राजच् ऋभिवाद्य कृताञ्जलिः ॥२९॥ कीर्तिर् ऋस्तु तवास्यया जीव वर्षायुतं सुखी। यो मे वितरसि प्राणान् अधिष्ठानच्च पार्थिव ॥२৮॥ स तथा सकृती राज्ञा मासम् उष्य तदा नृपः। प्रययो स्वपुरं हृष्टः पुष्करः स्वजनावृतः ॥२०॥ महत्या सेनया सार्धे विनीतैः परिचारकैः। भाजमान इवादित्यो वपुषा भरतर्षभ ॥३०॥ प्रस्थाय पुष्करं राजा विज्ञवनाम् अनामयं। प्रविवेश पुरीं श्रीमान् अत्यर्थम् उपशोभितां। प्रविश्य सान्वयामास पौरांश्व निषधाधिपः ॥३१॥ पौरजानपदाश्वापि सम्प्रहृष्टतनूरुहाः। जचुः प्राञ्जलयः सर्वे सामात्यप्रमुखा जनाः ॥३२॥ अद्य स्म निर्वृता राजन् पुरे जनपदेऽपि च।

Fallen king! Vidarbha's daughter by thine eyes may ne'er be seen.

Foolish king! thou'rt now her bondsman, thou and thine to slavery sunk.

Not thyself achieved the conquest that subdued me heretofore;

'Twas achieved by mightier Kali, that thou didst not, fool, perceive.

Yet my wrath, by him enkindled, will I not 'gainst thee direct;

Live thou henceforth at thy pleasure, freely I thy life bestow,

And of thine estate and substance give I thee thy fitting share.

Such my pleasure, in thy welfare, hero, do I take delight,

And mine unabated friendship never shall from thee depart.

Pushkara, thou art my brother, may'st thou live a hundred years!'

Nala thus consoled his brother, in his conscious power and strength;
Sent him home to his own city, once embracing, once again.

Pushkara, thus finding comfort, answered to Nishadha's lord,

Answered he to Punyaśloka, bowing low with folded hands:

'Everlasting be thy glory! may'st thou live ten thousand years!

That my life to me thou grantest, and a city for mine home!'

Hospitably entertained, there a month when he had dwelt,
Cheered in spirit to his city, Pushkara, with all his kin,
With a well-appointed army, of attendant slaves a host,
Shining like the sun, departed, in his full meridian orb.

Pushkara thus crowned with riches, thus unharmed, when he dismissed, Entered then his royal city, with surpassing pomp, the king.

As he entered, to his subjects Nala spake the words of peace,

From the city, from the country, all, with hair erect with joy,

Came, with folded hands addressed him, and the counsellors of state.

'Happy are we now, O monarch, in the city, in the fields,

उपासितुं पुनः प्राप्ता देवा इव शतकतुं ॥३३॥
प्रशानो तु पुरे हृष्टे सम्प्रवृत्ते महोत्सवे।
महत्या सेनया राजा दमयन्तीम् उपानयत् ॥३४॥
दमयन्तीम् अपि पिता सत्कृत्य परवीरहा।
प्रास्थापयद् अमेयात्मा भीमो भीमपराक्रमः ॥३५॥
आगतायां तु वैदर्भ्यां सपुचायां नली नृपः।
वर्तयामास मुदितो देवराइ इव नन्दने ॥३६॥
ततः प्रकाशतां यातो जम्बुद्वीपे स राजसु।
पुनः शशास तद् राज्यं प्रत्याहृत्य महायशाः।
ईजे च विविधेर् यज्ञैर् विधिवच् चाप्तदक्षिणैः॥३९॥

॥ इति नलोपाख्यानं समाप्तम् ॥

Setting forth to do thee homage, as to Indra all the gods.'

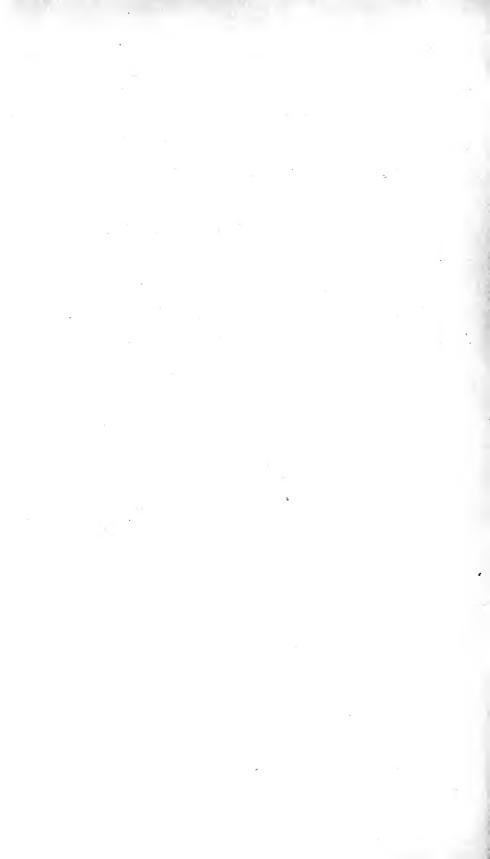
Then at peace the tranquil city, the first festal gladness o'er,
With a mighty host escorted, Damayantí brought he home.

Damayantí rich in treasures, in her father's blessings rich,
Glad dismissed the mighty-minded Bhíma, fearful in his strength.

With the daughter of Vidarbha, with his children in his joy,
Nala lived, as lives the sovereign of the gods in Nandana.

Re-ascended thus to glory, he, among the kings of earth,
Ruled his realm in Jambudvípa, thus re-won, with highest fame;
And all holy rites performed he with devout munificence.

END OF THE STORY OF NALA.



### Α

# VOCABULARY

# (SANSKRIT AND ENGLISH)

OF ALL THE WORDS

WHICH OCCUR IN THE FOREGOING PAGES.

### AN EXPLANATION

#### OF THE

#### ABBREVIATIONS USED IN THE FOLLOWING VOCABULARY.

abl. - ablative case.

acc. - accusative case.

adj. - adjective.

adv. - adverb or adverbial.

agt. - noun of agency.

anom. - anomalous.

aor. — aorist.

átm. - átmane-pada.

Bah, or Rel. comp.—Bahu-vríhi or Relative compound.

caus. - causal.

cl. - class of nouns or verbs.

comp. -- compound.

conj. - conjugation of verbs.

cr. - crude base.

dat. - dative case.

des. — desiderative.

du. — dual.

DVAN. OR AGG. COMP.—DVANDVA OR AGGRE-GATIVE COMPOUND.

f. - feminine.

freq. - frequentative.

fut. - future.

fut. pass. p. - future passive participle.

gen. - genitive case.

imp. - imperative.

impf. — imperfect.

ind. - indeclinable.

inf. - infinitive.

ins. — instrumental case.

interrog. - interrogative.

KARM. OR DES. COMP.—KARMA-DHÁRAYA OR .
DESCRIPTIVE COMPOUND.

lit. - literally.

loc. - locative case.

m. - masculine.

m. f. - masculine and feminine.

m. f. n. - masculine, feminine, and neuter.

m. n. - masculine and neuter.

n. - neuter.

nom. - nominative case.

p. — participle.

par. — parasmai-pada.

pass. -- passive.

past act. p. - past active participle.

past ind. p. — past indeclinable participle.

past p. p. — past passive participle.

pl. - plural.

pot. - potential.

prep. — preposition.

pres. - present.

pres. p. — present participle.

pron. - pronoun.

q. v. - quod vide.

rt - root.

sin. - singular.

superl. - superlative.

Tat, or Dep. comp.— Tat-purusha or De-PENDENT COMPOUND.

v. — verb.

voc. - vocative case.

# VOCABULARY,

# SANSKRIT AND ENGLISH.

Observe—In the following vocabulary a final m is sometimes expressed by  $\mathbf{q}$  although represented by anusvára (\*) in the text.

The numbers refer to the numbers of the rules in the Sanskrit Grammar by Monier Williams, published for the University of Oxford by Macmillan & Co., 4th edition.

### ₹.

ম ind.,—a negative or privative particle, prefixed to words beginning with consonants,—no, not. Often equivalent to the English prefixes in, un. In composition ম becomes মন্ before a vowel.

संशं acc. sin. of अंश m. a share.

चंशुमान nom. sin. of चंशुमत् m. the sun, 5th cl. 140.

भक्षयत् he or she told; 3d sin. impf. of rt कथ् 10th cl.

अकरोत् he made, he performed, he did, he assumed; 3d sin. impf. of rt क् 8th cl. 682, to make, to do.

अकस्मात् ind. without cause, without a wherefore; (from घ not, and कस्मात् abl. sin. of कि who? what?) 715.

জনাদ for অনাদম্ nom. sin. m. of অনাদ m. f. n. reluctant, unwilling, one who does anything against his will; (from আ not, and নাদ.)

खनापाण nom. pl. of खनाप n. that which ought not to be done, improper action.

অনান্ত out of time; loc. sin. of অনান্ত m. improper time; (from স not, 726, and নান্ত.)

स्रकीर्ति acc. sin. of स्रकीर्ति f. disgrace, dishonour.

श्रकीर्तिकरं nom. sin. n. not conducive to glory; (श्र not, कीर्ति fame, कर causing.)

स्रकीर्तिर् for स्रकीर्तिस् nom. sin. disgrace.

श्रकुवित they made; 3d pl. impf. átm. of rt कृ 8th cl. 683.

स्रजुवैत: gen. sin. m. of स्रजुवैत m. f. n. not doing; (from स not, 726, and कुवैत pres. p. par. of rt कृ 524, 682.)

अञ्जूषेन they made, they were making; 3d pl. impf. of rt कृ 8th cl. 682.

ষকুনান্দনি: ins. pl. of অকুনান্দন্ m. f. n. having an unformed or ungoverned mind, having unsubdued senses; (BAH. OR REL. COMP. অকুন cr. unformed, uncultivated, unimproved, 726, and আন্দন্ soul, 147.)

জকুনো without having performed; (comp. of জ not, 726, and কুনো past ind. p. of rt ক 682.)

सक्कियों for सक्कियस nom. sin. m. of सक्किय m.f. n. not to be moistened, incapable of receiving moisture.

अक्षतः nom. sin. m. skilled in dice ; (comp.

of ষয় cr. dice, and র m. f. n. knowing, see 580.)

अक्षद्यूते TAT. OR DEP. COMP. 740 or 743; अख cr. dice, द्यूते loc. sin. of द्यूत n. a game.

अञ्चनिपुणं acc. sin. n. skill in dice; (comp. of अञ्च cr. dice, and नेपुण n. skill.)

अक्षिय: Tat. or Dep. comp. 743; अख cr. a die, dice, प्रिय: nom. sin. m. of प्रिय m. f. n. fond of, 1st cl. 103. Gaming with dice has been common in India from the earliest times. In Hindú poetry princes and heroes are constantly found indulging in it; but it is deemed a great vice notwithstanding, and the epithet अक्षप्रिय seems out of place in Book I. 3, where Nala's virtues are enumerated. अक्षप्रिय: 'fond of numbers' or 'arithmetic' would be a better reading, and one more in unison with the narrative in Book XX. All the MSS. and printed editions, however, read अक्षप्रिय:

श्रक्षमदसम्मनं Тат. or Dep. comp. 745; श्रक्ष cr. dice, मद fury, passion for, सम्मनं acc. sin. m. of सम्मन्न m. f. n. mad, maddened; past p. p. of rt मद 539.

ষ্ক্ষম্ম nom. sin. of ষ্ক্ষ্ম m.f.n. imperishable, eternal; (from ষ্ব not, and ষ্ম.)

सञ्च्या nom. sin. f. of सञ्च्य m. f. n. undecaying; (from स not, and श्रम्य.)

षञ्चवर्तां loc. sin. of षञ्चवती f. playing with dice, 106.

अञ्चह्रपं acc. sin. n. knowledge of dice, skill in dice; (TAT. OR DEP. COMP. अञ्च cr. dice, and हृदय n. heart, core, innermost part, profound knowledge.)

प्रसहृद्यज्ञं TAT. OR DEP. COMP. 745; अध् cr. dice, हृद्य cr. knowledge, ज्ञम् acc. sin. m. of ज्ञ m. f. n. acquainted with, 580.

श्रसहृदयज्ञस्य gen. sin. See preceding.

अक्षा: nom.pl. of अख्m. a die, dice, 1st cl. 103.

अक्षाणां gen. pl. of अक्ष m. a die, dice.

अक्षान् acc. pl. of अक्ष m. a die.

अक्षेषु loc. pl. of अञ्च m. a die.

स्रह्मीहिणीपित: Тат. or Dep. comp. 743; स्रह्मीहिणी cr. a complete army, consisting of ten स्रनीकिनी, or 109,350 foot, 65,610 horse, 21,870 chariots, 21,870 elephants, पित: for पितस् nom. sin. of पित m. a lord.

चित्रान् acc. pl. m. of चित्रल m.f. n. all, entire.

सगर्खंस् for सगर्छन् they went; 3d pl. impf. of rt गम् 1st cl. 602.

अगळत् he or she proceeded onwards; 3d sin. impf. of rt गम् 1st cl. 602.

अगच्छद्. See preceding.

खगमं I went; ist sin. aor. of rt गम् 602.

अगम: nom. sin. m. a tree.

अगमंस् for अगमन् they went; 3d pl. aor. of rt गम् 602, 436.

खगमत् he or she went; 3d sin. aor. of rt गम्.

खगमद he went; 3d sin. aor. of rt गम् 602. खगाधे loc. sin. n. of खगाध m. f. n. deep,

सगाधे loc. sin. n. of सगाध m. f. n. deep, unfathomable, bottomless, 1st cl. 187.

स्मान् for सम्नौ (37), q. v.

অণিন acc. sin. of স্থানি m. fire, the god of fire, 2d cl. Fire is still an important object of veneration with the Hindús, as with the ancient Persians.

स्वानिदाध TAT. OR DEP. COMP. 740; स्वानि cr. fire, दाध nom. sin. m. of दाध m. f. n. burnt; past p. p. of rt दह 539.

स्राग्निम् acc. sin. of स्राग्नि m. fire, 2d cl.

स्रोग्नपुरोगमान् having Agni for their leader, BAH. OR REL. COMP. 761; स्रोगन cr. Agni, the god of fire, पुरोगमान् acc. pl. of पुरो-गम m. a leader, 1st cl. 103.

चिनमान् nom. sin. of चिनमत् m. one who maintains or worships a consecrated fire.

स्तिन् किंग्सिन्स् nom. sin. of स्तिन m. fire, 2d cl. 110.

खरिनश् for खरिनस् nom. sin. of खरिन m. fire. खरिनशिखाम् TAT. or DEP. comp. 743; श्राप्त cr. fire, and शिखाम् acc. sin. of शिखा f. a flame.

स्तिमु loc. pl. of स्तिन m. fire, a sacred fire, 2d cl. 110.

षाने: gen. sin. of षानि m. fire, 2d cl. 110.

भागी loc. sin. of भागन m. fire, ('on the fire,' Book XXIV. 14.)

भग्रतस् ind. in the presence of, before, 731; (भग्र with affix तस् 719.)

भग्रहारांश for भग्रहारान् acc. pl. of भग्रहार m. a grant of land (made to Bráhmans), a village inhabited by Bráhmans.

wa ind. into the presence of, before, in front of, 731.

অহ্নদ্ acc. sin. of অহ্ন m. the lap, the part above the hip where a child is carried.

सङ्गना nom. sin. f. a woman.

सङ्गानि nom. pl. of सङ्ग n. a limb, 1st cl. 104.

सङ्गुष्टमातक: nom. sin. m. of the size of a thumb; (comp. of सङ्गुष्ट cr. a thumb, and मातक of the measure of or size.)

ষ্মৰলন্ acc. sin. of ষ্মৰল m. a mountain, ist cl. 103.

ষৰন্ত প্লয় voc. sin. O chief of mountains, TAT. OR DEP. COMP. 743; স্বৰন্ত cr. a mountain, প্লয় voc. sin. of প্লয় m. f. n. best, 743. b, 194.

স্বলান্ acc. pl. of স্বল m. a mountain.

অবলী nom. sin. m. of अवल m.f. n. immovable, fixed.

स्रचिन्यो nom. sin. m. of स्रचिन्य m. f. n. incomprehensible, inconceivable.

ष्मचिराह for खिचरात् (45) ind. in a short time, shortly, 715, 726.

खनिरेण ind. in a short time, rapidly, 714.

सचेतनम् acc. sin.m. of सचेतन m.f.n. senseless, out of one's senses, unconscious; (comp. of प्र not, 726, and चेतन sense.)

भचेतसं acc. sin. m. of अचेतस् m. f. n. devoid of reason, out of one's mind; (comp. of अ not, 726, and चेतस् mind, 164.)

सहेद्यो nom. sin. m. of सहेद्य m. f. n. indivisible; (स not, स्टेंद्य to be cut.)

अर्ज acc. sin. m. or n. unborn. See अजी.

अनगरो nom. sin. of अनगर m. the boa, a large serpent (that can swallow a goat).

अजम् acc. sin. m. unborn. See अजो.

अनीयत he was conquered, he was beaten; 3d sin. impf. of rt नि in pass. 590, 463.

অনী nom. sin. m. unborn; (আ not, ন born, 580.)

ষরার nom. sin. n. of অরার m.f. n. unknown; (comp. of স not, 726, and রার known, past p. p. of rt রা 532.)

सज्ञातवासं ind. without having (his) habitation known; (comp. of स not, 726, ज्ञात cr. known, वासं acc. sin. of वास m. habitation, used adverbially.)

ষ্ণরাযদানা nom. sin. f. not being known; (from ষ not, 726, and রাযদান pres. p. of রা in pass.)

अटमानस् nom. sin. m. of अटमान m. f. n. wandering, pres. p. átm. of rt अट 526.

चारमानाव् for चारमानी nom. du. of चारमान m. f. n. wandering about. See next.

स्रटमानो wandering, moving about; nom. du. m. of स्रटमान m. f. n., pres. p. átm. of rt सर् 526.

ऋटवीम् acc. sin. of ऋटवी f. a forest, 1st cl. 106.

स्रद्यां loc. sin. of सदवी f.a forest, 1st cl. 106.

ষয় acc. sin. n. of ষয় m.f. n. minute, little, infinitesimal.

भारतः: for अगडनम् nom. sin. of अगडन m. a bird, (lit. egg-born, from अगड an egg, and न born, 580. b,) 1st cl. 103.

स्राविष for सगु सपि by 34.

अतः परं ind. beyond this, hereafter, henceforward; अतस् (see 719) for अस्मात्, and परं beyond, 731.

स्रतयोचिता nom. sin. f. not deserving such (a fate), not meriting such treatment; स

A a 2 .

not, 726, तथा so, उचिता nom. sin. f. of उचित m. f. n. deserving, worthy.

ञ्चतिन्द्रतः for ञ्चतिन्द्रतस् ind. unweariedly, incessantly, 719.

जतिन्द्रताः nom. pl. m. of जतिन्द्रत m. f. n. unwearied, active, eager.

ञ्चतिन्द्रते: ins. pl. m. of ञ्चतिन्द्रत m. f. n. not slothful, unwearied, active.

चनपैयत् he made glad, he satisfied; 3d sin. impf. of rt तृप in caus. 481.

মনি prep. over, beyond, very, beyond measure.

भतिक्रम्य having passed through or by; past ind. p. of rt क्रम् with स्रोत, 559.

মনিবরাদ he passed over or passed through; 3d sin. perf. of rt ক্রদ্ with মান, 364.

ञ्चतिचरामि I transgress, I sin against; 1st sin. pres. of चर् with ञ्चात, 1st cl. 261.

स्रतिथि m. a guest, 2d cl. 110.

स्रातिषीन् acc. pl. of स्रातिष, q. v.

wितदी में acc. sin. m. of अतिदी में m. f. n. very long; नातिदी में कालं no very long time, not a very long while, 821.

মানিরুমিদ voc. sin. m. O thou who art too difficult of approach; (from মানি 726. a, and রুমিদ m. f. n., 1st cl. 103.)

स्रातमातं ind. beyond measure, excessively.

स्रतियशां acc. sin. f. of स्रतियश m. f. n. very illustrious, bearing a high name or character; (comp. of स्रति very, 726. a, and यशस् m. glory, see 769. b.) Observe— स्रतियश is used irregularly for स्रतियशस्, just as शुष्टकस्रोत for शुष्टकस्रोतस् in Book XVI. 4.

মানিহিমান it is more important, it exceeds, it is worse than; 3d sin. pres. of হিৰ্in pass. with মানি (governing abl.)

ष्ठातिवराजते he or it shines very much; 3d sin. pres. átm. of rt राज् with ष्राति and वि, 1st cl. 261.

चितिष्ठत् he stood; 3d sin. impf. of rt स्था to stand, to exist, to be, 1st cl. 269, 587.

श्रीतसस्या nom. sin. f. of श्रतिसस्य m. very well, in very good health, very sound (in body or mind); (comp. of श्रति very, 726. a, स्व own self, स्य staying, being.)

स्रतीतवाक्षपे BAH. OR REL. COMP. 761; स्रतीत cr. passed, वाक्षपे loc. sin. m. of वाक्षपे suitable for speaking, (lit. the path of speech, from वाच् 176, and पेप m. road, path.)

सतीव ind. excessively, very, very much.

ष्रतीयासीह for ष्रतीय श्रासीत् by 31.

ষানুক acc. sin. n. of ষানুক m. f. n. unrivalled, incomparable.

अतुलो for अतुलस् nom. sin. of अतुल m.f.n. unequalled, incomparable.

चतो for चतम् ind. hence. Sometimes used for चस्मात् from this, than this.

चतोनिमित्तं ind. on this account, for this reason; (from चतो for चतम् 719, and निमित्त cause, reason.)

स्रतानं I deserted; 1st sin. impf. of rt त्यन् 1st cl. 596.

स्रतम् acc. sin. n. of सत्यद्वत m. f. n. very surprising, very wonderful; (comp. of स्रति very, 726. a, and सद्गत surprising.)

अत्यन्तं ind. exceedingly, beyond measure.

ञ्चतर्थे ind. beyond measure, excessively.

सतुष्णम् acc. sin. n. of सतुष्ण m. f. n. quite hot, very hot; (comp. of सति 726. a, and उष्ण.)

अत ind. here, in this place.

अथ ind. then, now, afterwards.

अथवा ind. or, or whether; but; moreover.

अथवारण्यनृपते for अथवा अरण्यनृपते by 31.

जयापरेद्युः for जय जपरेद्युः by 31.

ज्ञथापश्यत् for ज्ञथ ज्ञपश्यत् by 31. ज्ञथाज्ञवीत् for ज्ञथ जज्ञवीत् by 31.

जयार्धरावसमये for जय जर्धरावसमये by 31.

ष्रयाश्वास्य for जय जाश्वास्य by 31.

अथास्य for अथ अस्य by 31.

अथैनं for अथ एनं by 33.

अयो ind., same as अथ.

स्रयोचुस् for स्रय जनुस् by 32.

षद्शद् he bit; 3d sin. impf. of rt दंश् to bite, 1st cl. 270. d.

अदस् pron. he, this, that, 225.

खदासो nom. sin. m. of खदास m. f. n. incombustible, not to be consumed by fire.

अदीनात्मा BAH. OR REL. COMP. 766; अदीन cr. not depressed, not sorrowful, elated, आत्मा nom. sin. of आत्मन् m. soul, spirit, 6th cl. 146.

सदृदतरं nom. sin. n. of सदृदतर m. f. n. very irresolute, very undecided.

खदू इयः nom. sin. m. of खदू इय m. f. n. invisible, not to be seen; (comp. of ख not, 726, and दृ इय to be seen.)

श्रद्भित he was seen; 3d sin. impf. of दृश् in pass., with parasmai-pada termination; —an anomaly occasionally occurring in the Mahá-bhárata. See 461. c. note.

चदृष्टकामो Tat. or Dep. comp. 743; चदृष्ट cr. not seen, कामो nom. sin. of काम m. love, passion, 1st cl. 103.

खदृष्टपूर्व acc. sin. n. never seen before. See next.

स्ट्रपूर्वे acc. sin. f. of सदृष्टपूर्वे m. f. n. who has never before seen or experienced; (comp. of स not, 726, दृष्ट cr. seen, पूर्व before.)

ष्मदेवं nom. sin. n. of ष्मदेव m. f. n. without fate, without destiny, undestined; (comp. of ष not, 726, and देव, q. v.)

ষদ্ধানন acc. sin. n. of ষদ্ধানন m. f. n. most wonderful, marvellous or prodigious; (superl. of ষদ্ধান, see 191.)

श्रुतदर्शना: BAH. OR REL. COMP.; acc. pl. f. of श्रुतदर्शन m. f. n. wondrous to behold, of wondrous aspect; (from श्रुत cr. wonderful, and दर्शन n. sight, aspect, 1st cl. 108.)

भद्रतदशैनान् acc. pl. m. See last.

सहुतरूपान् BAH. OR REL. COMP. 766; सहुत cr. surprising, wonderful, रूपान् acc. pl. m. of रूप n. shape, form, figure, 1st cl. 108.

ষদ্ধন কিন্তানি Karm. or Des. comp. 755; ষদ্ধন cr. astonishing, surprising, लिङ्गानि acc. pl. of লিঙ্ক n. a mark, a sign.

अद्य ind. to-day, now.

अद्यापि ind. even now, still, henceforth.

अथनो nom. sin. m. of अथन m. f. n. poor; (comp. of ज not, and थन wealth.)

स्थर्मकृष्कु KARM. OR DES. COMP. 755; स्थर्म cr. unrighteous, evil, कृष्कु loc. sin. of कृष्कु n. calamity, trouble.

अधर्मो nom. sin. m. unrighteousness, lawlessness, abandonment of duty.

অঘি prep. over, above, upon.

অধিক nom. or acc. sin. n. of অধিক m. f. n. more. See next.

ষাধন: nom. sin. m. of ষাধন m. f. n. more, excessive, greater, in addition, over.

अधिकम् ind. excessively, very much, more, 713.

ষधिगमनार्थे ind. for the sake of finding; (comp. of অधिगमन obtaining, finding, and अंधे, see 791.)

श्राधनम्म्र they found, they obtained; 3d pl. perf. of rt गम् with श्राध, 376.

अधिपति: nom. sin. m. ruler, sovereign, lord.

अधिपस् nom. sin. of अधिप m. a sovereign.

অধিষ্যান acc. sin. of অধিষ্যান n. an abode, place of residence.

अधीते he reads; 3d sin. pres. átm. of rt इ to go, with अधि over, 2d cl. 311.

अध्ना ind. now.

ज्ञथों for ज्ञथस् (64) ind. down, 731.

अधोमुखम् acc. sin. m. of अधोमुख m. f. n. downcast, (lit. having the face cast down; from अधम् down, and मुख the face, 64.)

स्थागन्त्रत् he approached, he found; 3d sin. impf. of rt गम् with स्रीध, 602.

अध्यमञ्जर he came to. See last.

- स्थागार he approached, he addressed himself to, he undertook; 3d sin. aor. of rt . इ or गा with सिंध; see 645.
- अध्वनि loc. sin. of अध्वन् m. a road, 147.
- चध्वानं acc. sin. of चध्वन् m. a road, 6th cl.
- স্থানয় O sinless one, O blameless one, voc. sin. m. of স্থান্য; (comp. of স্থান্ for স্থা not, 726, and স্থায় n. sin.)
- स्रन्या: O blameless men, voc. pl. m. of स्रन्य m. f. n. See last.
- अनपकृते loc. sin. m. of अनपकृत m. f. n. uninjured; (from अ not, 726, and अपकृत past p. p. of rt कृ with अप.)
- अन्भिज्ञा nom. sin. f. of अन्भिज्ञ not acquainted with, not knowing.
- अनया by her, ins. sin. f.; (from nom. इयं she, 224.)
- जनयोस् of these two, gen. du. m. of इदं, (nom. जयं 224.)
- अनहेंस nom. sin. m. unworthy. See next.
- ষ্ণনहों nom. sin. m. of ষ্ণনই m. f. n. unworthy, undeserving; (comp. of ষ্ণন্ 726, and ষাই worthy.)
- सनवद्याङ्कि O thou with faultless limbs, voc. sin. See next.
- মনবহান্ত্রী Bah. or Rel. comp. 766; মনবহা cr. faultless, not to be found fault with, মন্ত্রী nom. f. from মন্ত্র n. a limb or the bodily frame, 1st cl. 108.
- ञ्चनसूयक: nom. sin. of ञ्चनसूयक m. f. n. unenvious; (comp. of ञ्चन् 726, and ञ्चसू-यक envious.)
- ञ्जनागसं acc. sin. f. of ञ्जनागस् m. f. n. without blame, sinless, innocent, 7th cl. 164. a; (comp. of ञ्जन् 726, and ञ्जागस् sin.)
- ञ्चनागा for ञ्चनागास nom. sin. m. of ञ्चनागस् m. f. n. blameless, 7th cl. 164. a; (comp. of ञ्चन 726, and ञागस् n. sin.)
- ञ्चनात्मवान् nom. sin. m. of ञ्चनात्मवत् m. f. n. not one's self, not self-possessed, not in

- one's right mind; (comp. of अन् 726, स्नात्म 146, and affix वत् 140.)
- মনাথবন ind. like one without a protector, like one unprotected or deprived of her lord; (comp. of ম not, 726, নাথ a protector or lord, and affix বন্ 724.)
- स्रनायां acc. sin. f. of सनाय m. f. n. without a lord or protector; (comp. of स not, 726, and नाय a lord.)
- अनामयं acc. sin. of अनामय n. health, 1st cl. 104; (comp. of अन् not, 726, and आमय disease.)
- अनामयम् acc. sin. of अनामय m. f. n. unharmed, safe, in good health; (from अन् not, 726, and आमय sickness.)
- ञ्जनार्थे ins. pl. of ञ्जनार्थ m. f. n. unworthy, vile.
- ञ्जनाशिनो gen. sin. m. of ञ्जनाशिन् m.f. n. imperishable, indestructible.
- चनितास् nom. pl. m. of चनिता m. f. n. not eternal, transient, temporary.
- सनिन्दिता nom. sin. f. of सनिन्दित m. f. n. unblamed, innocent, irreproachable; (comp. of स not, 726, and निन्दित past p. p. of rt निन्द 538.)
- अनिन्दिताम् acc. sin. f. See अनिन्दिता.
- न्निनिद्ते O blameless one, voc. sin. f. See सनिन्दता.
- सनीचानुवर्ती nom. sin. m. not following low (practices), not acting in a mean manner; (comp. of स not, 726, नीच cr. low, सनु-वर्तिन् m.f. n. following, 159.)
- ञ्चनु prep. after, 730. d. (In Book XXV. 2. ञ्चनु governs ततो, which is equivalent to तस्मात् after that, 719.)
- ञ्चनुगता nom. sin. f. of ञ्चनुगत m. f. n. followed, following, gone after; past p. p. of rt गम् (545) with ञ्चनु; see also 896.
- स्रनुगतो nom. sin. m. of स्रनुगत m. f. n. followed, attended by. See last.
- अनुचिनयन् nom. sin. m. of अनुचिनायत्

m. f. n. thinking of; pres. p. par. of rt चिन्त् with खन्, 641, 524.

खनुजग्मुस् they followed after, they went after; 3d pl. perf. of rt गम with खनु, 602.

জনুরান acc. sin. m. of জনুরান m. f. n. permitted (to depart), dismissed; past p. p. of rt রা with জনু.

ष्मनुज्ञातो nom.sin.of ष्मनुज्ञात m.f.n. See last.

अनुज्ञातुम् to permit (to depart); inf. of rt ज्ञा with अनु, 459.

अनुत्रमां acc. sin. f. of अनुत्रम m. f. n. most excellent.

अनुधार्यास thou runnest after, thou comest hastily after (or to the rescue); 2d sin. pres. of rt धान् with अनु, 1st cl.

ञ्चनुनादितम् acc. sin. m. of ञ्चनुनादित m. f. n. made to echo or ring, made to resound; past p. p. of rt नद्द in caus. with ञ्चनु, 549.

खनुन्मता nom. sin. f. of खनुन्मत्त m. f. n. not mad; (comp. of खन् not, 726, and उन्मत mad.)

अनुपश्यामि I foresee or see what is to come; ist sin. pres. of rt दृश् with अनु.

अनुवधाति he or it follows or attends upon; 3d sin. pres. of rt बन्ध् with अनु, 9th cl. 692.

ষ্কনুম্য having perceived, having understood; past ind. p. of rt মু with ষনু, 559.

अनुभूयतां let it be enjoyed, let it be tried; 3d sin. imp. of भू in pass. with अनु. In Book II. 9, where this word occurs, the verse is too long by one foot: but violations of metre as well as of grammar are not uncommon in the Mahá-bhárata.

खनुमत loc. sin. of अनुमत n. consent; 'with the consent of.'

षत्रक्षम् acc. sin. m. attached. See next. षत्रक्षा nom. sin. f. of षत्रक्ष m. f. n. devotedly attached, affectionate; past p. p. of rt स्त्र्थांभ षत्, 539.

अनुरक्तां acc. sin. f. of अनुरक्त m. f. n. See last.

अनुरागं acc. sin. of अनुराग m. affection, love, ardent attachment, 1st cl. 103.

अनुह्थ्यन्ति they cultivate, they addict themselves to; 3d pl. pres. par. of rt ह्थ् 4th cl. with अनु, 272.

अनुरूपम् acc. sin. m. of अनुरूप m. f. n. conformable, suitable, agreeable to.

अनुव्रजनती nom. sin. f. of अनुव्रजन m. f. n. following, going after; pres. p. par. of rt व्रज्ञ with अनु, 524.

अनुव्रत: nom. sin. of अनुव्रत m. f. n. devoted to, ardently attached to (as a husband to a wife; from अनु after, and व्रत n. a vow).

ञ्चनुव्रतम् acc. sin. m. of ञ्चनुव्रत. See last.

अनुव्रता nom. sin. f. of अनुव्रत m. f. n. See last.

अनुव्रतां acc. sin. of अनुव्रता f. a devoted, faithful wife.

ञनुव्रताम् acc. sin. f. of ञनुव्रत m.f. n. devotedly attached.

चनुशुश्रुम we have heard (traditionally or from sacred writ, श्रुति); ist pl. perf. of rt श्रु with चनु, 369.

अनुशोचीत he or she bewails or grieves for; 3d sin. pres. of rt शुच् with अनु, 1st cl. 261, 594. e.

अनुशोचिन they grieve for. See last.

अनुशोचिस thou bewailest. See last.

ञ्जनुशोचितुम् to mourn for or after, to grieve for; inf. of rt शुच with ञ्जन.

अनुसंस्मरन् nom. sin. m. of अनुसंस्मरन् m. f. n. calling to mind, remembering; pres. p. of rt स्मृ with अनु and सम्, 524.

ञनुस्मरन् nom. sin. m. of ञनुस्मरत् m. f. n. calling to mind, remembering; pres. p. of rt स्मृ with ञनु, 524.

अनुस्नृत्य calling to mind, remembering; past ind. p. of rt स्नृ with अनु, 560.

भनृतं acc. sin. of अनृत n. falsehood, untruth. भनेकश: for अनेकशस् ind. in large quantities or numbers, in abundance, not in units; (from अनेक, affix शस, 725.)

खनेन ins. sin. n. of इदं this, 224.

भनःपुरं nom. sin. n. the inner or female apartments, the harem.

ञ्चनः पुरसमीपस्थे TAT. OR DEP. COMP. 745; ञ्चनः पुर cr. the private apartments of a palace, समीप cr. neighbourhood, स्थे loc. sin. n. of स्थ m. f. n. situated, being; agt. of rt स्था to stand, see 580. b.

अना:पुरात् abl. sin. of अना:पुर n. See last. अनात: for अनातम् ind. lastly, finally, 719.

সনা acc. sin. of স্থানা n. an opportune moment, an occasion; also, the middle, the midst, intermediate space; 1st cl. 104.

सनारधीयत he or it disappeared or was changed, he vanished; 3d sin. impf. of rt धा in pass. with सनार; see 465.

अनारप्रेसुर Tat. on Dep. comp. 739; अनार cr. opportune moment, occasion, प्रेसुर nom. sin. of प्रेसु m. f. n. anxious to obtain, desirous of obtaining; des. adj. from rt आप with प्र; see 503, 82.VII, 824.

अनारात्मना ins. sin. of अनारात्मन् m. the soul, lit. the inner soul or spirit; (from अनार and आत्मन् 6th cl. 146.)

अनारिक्षे loc. sin. of अनारिक्ष n. the sky, air, atmosphere, heaven, 1st cl. 104.

ञ्चनरीक्ष्मो nom. sin. of ञ्चनरीक्ष्म m. a bird, lit. sky-goer, 1st cl. 103; (comp. of ञ्चन-रीक्ष cr. sky, and म goer, agt. of rt मम् 580. b.)

चनारीखाद abl. sin. of चनारीख n. the sky, the heaven.

सनहितं nom. sin. n. of सनहित m.f. n. made to disappear, made to change, vanished; past p. p. of rt धा to hold, with सनार, 533. a.

अनिहिता: nom. pl. m. vanished. See last.

चनहिते loc. sin. m. See last.

अनाहितो nom. sin. m. disappeared.

सनायना nom. pl. m. of सनायत् m. f. n. possessed of an end, finite, 140.

सन्तर्श् for सन्तर् (71. b) ind. within, between.

अन्तस् nom. sin. of अना m. the end.

श्रनिक n. presence, vicinity, 1st cl. 103.

खनिकम् ind. near; governing the genitive case.

खनिके near, close up to, into the presence of; loc. sin. of खनिक, q.v.

अनोन ins. sin. of अना m. end.

ষ্ণন पानपरिভারাশ BAH. OR REL. COMP.; ষ্ণান cr. food, पान cr. drink, beverage, परिভারাশ acc. sin. f. from परिভার m. dress, clothes, apparel, useful articles.

अन्नरसम् TAT. or DEP. comp. 743; अन्न cr. food, रसम् acc. sin. of रस m. taste, 1st cl. 103.

ञ्चत्रसंस्कारम् Tat. or Dep. comp. 743; अञ्च cr. food, viands, संस्कारम् acc. sin. of संस्कार् m. preparation. (Perfection in the art of dressing viands was one of the gifts bestowed by the gods on Nala at his marriage.)

स्रन्य m. f. n. other, another, the other, 236. स्रन्य acc. sin. m. of स्रन्य, q.v.

स्रन्य: nom. sin. m. of सन्य, q.v.

भन्यच् for भन्यत् nom. sin. n. other, another, 48.

श्रन्यज् for अन्यत् nom. sin. n. other, another, 48.

अन्यत् nom. sin. n. of अन्य other, another.

अन्यतमं acc. sin. of अन्यतम one or the other; (अन्यतम is one of many, as opposed to अन्यतर one of two, 236.)

ष्यन्यत ind. elsewhere, in another place, 720. श्रन्यथा ind. otherwise, 721.

सन्पद् nom. or acc. sin. n. of सन्य other, another.

जन्म न् for जन्मत् other, nom. sin. n. of जन्म other, another.

अन्यम् acc. sin. m. of अन्य m. f. n. other, another.

खन्या nom. sin. f. another woman, 236.

सन्या: nom. pl. f. of सन्य other, another.

खन्यान् acc. pl. m. of खन्य other, another.

अन्यानि acc. pl. n. of अन्य m. f. n. other, another.

अन्येन ins. sin. m. of अन्य other, another.

स्रन्येषु loc. pl. of स्रन्य other, another.

अन्ये ins. pl. of अन्य other, another.

स्रन्येश ins. pl. m. of स्रन्य other, another.

सन्यस् ins. pl. of सन्य other, another.

चन्योन्यम् acc. sin. of चन्योन्य m. f. n. one another, 1st cl. 103.

अन्वगात he or she followed; 3d sin. aor. of rt गा with अनु.

अन्यजानात् he consented, he permitted; 3d sin. impf. of rt ज्ञा with अनु, 9th cl. 688.

अन्वयात् he or she followed; 3d sin. aor. of rt इ to go, with अनु, see 645, 438. e.

सन्वास्त he performed; 3d sin. impf. of rt सास् with सनु, 2d cl. 317.

- अन्वित: nom. sin. of अन्वित m.f. n. possessed of, labouring under, afflicted with.

ष्णन्वेषणांचे ind. for the sake of seeking after, see 760. d, 791.

अन्वेषती nom. sin. f. of अन्वेषत् m. f. n. seeking, looking for; pres. p. par. of rt एष् with अनु, 524.

अन्वेषतीम् acc. sin. f. See last.

अन्वेषना nom. pl. m. of अन्वेषत्. See अन्वे-षती.

अन्वेषमाणा nom. sin. f. of अन्वेषमाण m. f. n. looking after, seeking for; pres. p. átm. of rt एष् with अनु, 1st cl. 526.

अन्वेषमाणाम् acc. sin. f. See last.

चन्वेषसि thou seekest, thou searchest for; 2d sin. pres. of rt एष् with सनु, 1st cl. 261. अन्वेष्टारो nom. pl. m. of अन्वेष्ट्र m. f. n. a seeker, seeking for; agt. of rt इप् with अनु, 581.

जन्वेषुम् to seek for; inf. of rt इष् with जानु,

अप prep. off, away, from.

अपकारताम् acc. sin. of अपकारता f. offence, wrong, injuriousness.

अपकृते loc. sin. m. of अपकृत m. f. n. injured; past p. p. of rt कृ with अप.

अपकृष्टेन ins. sin. m. or n. of अपकृष्ट m. f. n. abstracted, rubbed off, removed, distracted; past p. p. of rt कृष् with अप, 539.

अपकृष्य having taken away, having removed, having abstracted; past ind. p. of rt कृष् with अप, 559; अपकृष्य लज्जां having discarded shame.

षपक्राने loc. sin. of खपक्रान m. f. n. departed, gone away; past p. p. of rt क्रम् with खप, 546.

अपरां acc. sin. f. of अपर other, another.

अपराङ्मुबा: with unaverted faces; nom. pl. m. of अपराङ्मुख m. f. n.; (comp. of अ not, and पराङ्मुख having the face पराञ्च turned away, 176. b, 43. a.)

अपराजित voc. sin. O unconquered one.

सपराजितम् acc. sin. m. of सपराजित m.f. n. unconquered, 726.

अपराणि acc. sin. n. of अपर m. f. n. other.

ম্বার্ক nom. sin. n. of ম্বারে m. f. n. one who has given offence or has been guilty of a fault, offended against, (governing a genitive at Book XXIV. 12.)

खपराधं acc. sin. of अपराध m. fault, offence.

अपरिहार्ये loc. sin. m. of अपरिहार्य m. f. n. unavoidable, not to be shunned.

अपरे others, nom. pl. m. of अपर m. f. n. other, another, 238. a.

षपरेद्युः for षपरेद्युस् (63) ind. the following

day, the next day. In Book XIII. 35 this word is used as a substantive in the locative case.

স্বাদ্মিদান্ acc. sin. f. of স্বাদ্মিদ having no termination, having no end; (comp. of স্ব 726, and पश्चिम behind, latter.)

ज्ञपश्यंस् for ञ्रपश्यन् they saw; 3d pl. impf. of rt दृश् 1st cl. 604, 53.

स्रपञ्च for स्रपञ्चत् he saw; 3d sin. impf. of rt दृश् 1st cl. 604, 48.

अपञ्चत he or it saw; 3d sin. impf, átm. of rt दुश् ist cl. 604.

च्चपञ्चद् he or she saw; 3d sin. impf. from rt दृश् 1st cl. 604.

अपञ्चन् for अपञ्चन् he saw; 3d sin. impf. of rt दृश् 1st cl. 270, 604.

ষ্কা पञ्चन् nom. sin. m. of স্বাহ্যন্ m.f. n. not seeing; (from স্থ not, 726, and पञ्चन् pres. p. of rt दृश् 524, 604.)

अपञ्चनतो nom. sin. f. of अपञ्चत् m. f. n. not seeing; (comp. of अ not, 726, and पञ्चत् pres. p. of rt दृश् 604, 524.)

स्रपञ्चमाना nom. sin. f. not beholding; (from स not, 726, and पञ्चमान m.f. n. pres. p. átm. of rt दृश् 604, 526.)

जपहरिन they carry off; 3d pl. pres. of rt ह with जप, 593.

अपहाय having abandoned or discarded; past ind. p. of rt हा with अप, 559.

अपहृतज्ञानो BAH. OR REL. COMP. 766; अपहृत cr. robbed of, bereft of, ज्ञानो nom. sin. m. from ज्ञान n. sense, wisdom, see 108.

अपहता nom. sin. f. of अपहत m. f. n. carried away, carried off; past p. p. of rt ह with अप, 532.

अपापचेतसम् BAH. OR REL. COMP. 766; अपाप cr. sinless, blameless, चेतसम् acc. sin. m. from चेतस् n. mind, soul, 7th cl. 164. a.

अपाम gen. pl. of अप f. water, see 178. b.

अपाम्पति: nom. sin. m. Varuṇa. See next.

अपाम्पतिर् the lord of waters, i. e. Varuna, TAT. OR DEP. COMP. 743. c; अपाम् gen. pl. of अप water, 178. b, पतिर nom. sin. of पति m. lord, 2d cl. 121.

अपानृतं acc. sin. n. of अपानृत m. f. n. opened. अपि ind. even, also, though, although, assuredly.

अपिहिता nom. sin. f. of अपिहित m. f. n. (also written पिहित) covered, filled with; वाप्येग अपिहिता bathed in tears, suffused with tears. अपि is here a preposition before हित the pass. p. of rt था 533. a.

अपृद्धत् he or she asked; 3d sin. impf. See next.

अपृच्छन् they asked; 3d pl. impf. of rt प्रच्छ् 6th cl. 631.

खपप्राकुशल: for खपि खम्मकुशल:.

सप्रज: nom. sin. m. of सप्रज m. f. n. childless.

स्प्रातिनन्दन्तम् not regarding, not heeding or welcoming; acc.sin.m.of स्प्रप्रतिनन्दत् pres. p. of rt नन्द् with प्रति and prefix स (726), 524, 141.

अप्रतिमां acc. sin. f. of अप्रतिम m. f. n. incomparable, peerless, unequalled.

अप्रतिमेन ins. sin. n. of अप्रतिम m.f. n. See last.

स्प्रातिमो nom. sin. m. of सप्रातिम m. f. n. unequalled, incomparable, without a peer, ist cl. 103.

अप्रतीकारम् acc. sin. m. not retaliating, not defending (myself), unresisting; (अ not, प्रतीकार retaliation.)

स्प्रमेयस्य gen. sin. m. of सप्रमेय m. f. n. immeasurable, infinite, incomparable, 726.

अप्रशस्तः nom. sin. of अप्रशस्त m. f. n. not good, worthless, accursed.

স্থামনালী one whose time has not arrived, BAH. OR REL. COMP. 767; স্থামান cr. not reached, নালী nom. sin. m. of নাল time. असरा: nom. sin. of असरस् f. a celestial nymph of Svarga or Indra's heaven (163. a). The Apsarasas were the nymphs of Indra's heaven, produced at the churning of the ocean (see note under अमृतोपमां at p. 189). Their birth is thus described in the Rámáyaņa:

'Then from the agitated deep upsprung
The legion of Apsarasas, so named,
That to the watery element they owed
Their being. Myriads were they born, and all
In vesture heavenly clad and heavenly gems.'

Wilson, Preface to Vikramorvasí, p. 13.

जनधो nom. sin. m. of जनधा m. f. n. not to be killed.

अविभ्यत he or she feared; 3d sin. impf. irreg. for अविभेत of rt भी 3d cl. 666, see also 859.

अनुद्धा unintentionally, unwittingly; ins. sin. of अनुद्धि f. absence of design; (from अ not, 726, and नुद्धि design, 112.)

अबुध्यत he or she perceived, she awoke; 3d sin. impf. of rt बुए 4th cl. 614.

स्र अस्ति for सक्ति स्वाहित हो.of सक्ति स्वाहित हो.n. feeding on water; (comp. of सप् cr. water, 43, and भन्नार ins. pl. of भन्न eating.)

स्रवी: for स्रवीस् thou saidest. See स्रवीत्. स्रवीच् for स्रवीत् by 48, q. v.

अन्नवीत he or she spoke to, addressed; 3d sin. impf. of rt नू 2d cl. 314, 649.

अब्रवीन् for अब्रवीत्, q. v.

ষদ্ৰন they said, they addressed; 3d pl. impf. of rt মু 314, 649.

अनुवाणा nom. sin. f. not speaking; (from अ not, 726, and नुवाण, q.v.)

अभवंस् for अभवन् by 53.

स्त्रभवन् for स्रभवत्. See next.

अभवत् he was, it was; 3d sin. impf. of rt भू 1st cl. 585.

सभवह for सभवत्, q.v.

स्थमवन् they were; 3d pl. impf. of rt भू 585. स्थानो nom. sin. m. non-existence. अभापत he or she said, he spoke; 3d sin. impf. átm. of rt भाप् 1st cl. 261.

स्राभ prep. to, towards, over, upon.

अभिगच्छति he goes towards, he returns to; 3d sin. pres. See अभिजग्नुस्.

জিন্ম having approached; past ind. p. of rt ন্ম with জান, 559, 602.

জনিবাদি I transgress, I sin against; 1st sin. pres. of rt বা with জনি.

स्रोभजग्रुस् they approached, they went towards, they went; 3d pl. perf. of rt गम् with prep. स्रोभ, 602, 376.

श्रभिज्ञ he knew, he was aware; 3d sin. perf. átm. of rt ज्ञा with स्नभि, 688.

স্থানি I know; ist sin. pres. of rt রা with স্থানি, 9th cl. 688.

अभिजानीयाम् I may recognise; 1st sin. pot. See last.

श्रभजानोध्य understand thou, know thou; 2d sin. imp. átm. See last.

अभिज्ञाय having recognised; past ind. p.

ম্বানি বুন having ran towards; past ind. p. of rt दू with ম্বানি, 560.

ন্ধানিয়াৰ hasten thou here, lit. run thou towards; 2d sin. imp. of rt খাৰ with মান, 1st cl. 261.

অনিধান্দানি I will address, I will speak to; I will relate; 1st sin. 2d fut. of rt ধা with অনি, 664.

श्रीभनन्दित he attends to, he heeds; 3d sin. pres. of rt नन्द with श्रीभ, 1st cl. 261.

स्रभिनन्द्य having gladdened; past ind. p. of rt नन्द् in caus. with स्रभि, 566.

स्रीभप्रायं acc. sin. of स्रीभप्राय m. wish, intention.

अभिप्रायस nom. sin. intention. See last.

অনিম্বনি he or it prevails over, he or it overcomes; 3d sin. pres. of rt মু with স্থানি.

অনিসাদনা nom. pl. m. of অনিসাদন্ m. f. n. speaking to, calling to; pres. p. par. of rt সাদ্ with অসি, 524.

B b 2

- স্থানিদাঘিতী nom. sin. f. addressing, 1st cl.
  105; agt. from भाष् with স্থানি, 582. a.
- श्रमिभाषे I address; 1st sin. pres. átm. of rt भाष् with श्राम, 1st cl. 261.
- श्रीममुखो nom. sin. m. of श्रीममुख m. f. n. facing, opposite, in front, before one's face.
- श्रभिरूपम् acc. sin. m. of श्रभिरूप m. f. n. beautiful.
- स्रभिवर्धते increases; 3d sin. pres. átm. of rt वृष् with स्रभि, 1st cl. 261.
- स्रीभवादकः nom. sin. m. a saluter, one who offers salutation.
- স্থানিবাदयामास he saluted; 3d sin. perf. of rt बद्ध in caus. with স্থানি, 490.
- ন্ধানায় having saluted; past ind. p. of rt ag in caus. with মাদ, 566.
- ज्ञभिवीस्य having seen, having observed; past ind. p. of rt ईख with ज्ञभि and वि, 559.
- अभिव्यक्तं ind. plainly, manifestly, 713.
- स्रभिशापाद abl. sin. of स्रभिशाप m. curse, imprecation, anathema, 1st cl. 103.
- च्चभिसंवृता nom. sin. f. of चिभिसंवृत m. f. n. covered, clothed; past p. p. of rt वृ with ज्ञिभ and सं.
- অশিন্যাই he came up, (he came to her assistance;) 3d sin. perf. of rt सৃ with অশি, 364.
- ষ্ঠান্তন: nom. sin. m. of ষ্ঠান্তন m. f. n. smitten, stricken; past p. p. of rt हन् with ষ্ঠান, 545.
- अभोक्ष्णम् ind. repeatedly, again and again. अभोप्पव: nom. pl. of अभोप्पु m. f. n. desirous of obtaining, 3d cl. 110; formed from des. of rt आप्, see 503, 82. VII.
- স্মূর he, she or it was, there was, there arose; 3d sin. aor. of rt মু 585.
- अभ्यगच्छत् he approached, he went to; 3d sin. impf. of rt गम् with अभि, 602.
- अभ्यगच्छद् for अभ्यगच्छत् he proceeded to.
- अभ्यगात he approached; 3d sin. aor. of rt गा or of rt इ with जभ, see 438. e.

- सभ्यजानात् he or she recognised; 3d sin. impf. of rt ज्ञा with स्राभ, 9th cl. 360, 688.
- च्रभ्यधिकं acc. sin. n. of च्रभ्यधिक m. f. n. greater, superior. See next.
- स्थिको nom. sin. m. of सभ्यधिक m. f. n. greater, superior, (governing abl. at Book XI. 16, and ins. at Book XXI. 14.)
- अभ्यनन्दत he saluted, he congratulated; 3d sin. impf. átm. of rt नन्द् with अभि, 1st cl. 261.
- सम्यनुज्ञाता nom. sin. f. of सम्यनुज्ञात m. f. n. permitted; past p. p. of rt ज्ञा with सनु and सभि.
- अभ्यपू नयन् they worshipped; 3d pl. impf. of rt पू न् with अभि, 10th cl. 283.
- अभ्यभाषत he addressed, he spoke to, he replied; 3d sin. impf. átm. of rt भाष with अभि, 1st cl. 261.
- अभ्यभापना they addressed; 3d pl. impf. átm. See last.
- স্থান্ম he went to; 3d sin. impf. of rt या with স্থানি (34), 2d cl. 644.
- अभ्यस्यिनि they abuse, they speak angrily or contemptuously; 3d pl. pres. of असूय with अभि, nominal verb from असूया detraction; see 519. a.
- स्थागता nom. sin. f. of सभ्यागत m. f. n. come to; past p. p. of rt गम् with सा and सभि, 545.
- স্থান্যনাদ্ acc. sin. f. of স্থান্যনান m. f. n. approached, arrived; past p. p. of rt নদ্ with স্থা and স্থানি, 545.
- श्वभ्यासपरिवर्तिनीम् acc. sin. f. wandering about or near; (from श्वभ्यास cr. near, and परिवर्तिनोम् from परिवर्तिन् m. f. n. going round.)
- ज्ञभ्येति approaches, comes towards; 3d sin. pres. of rt इ with ज्ञाभ, 2d cl. 645.
- अभ्येत having approached, having come to; past ind. p. of rt ₹ with आ and अभि, 560.
- अभ्रेष ins. sin. of अभ्र n. a cloud.
- अभ्रेषु loc. pl. of अभ्र n. a cloud.

समग्रिताम् acc. sin. f. of समग्रित m. f. n. unadorned.

समनुष्पनिपेविते TAT. OR DEP. COMP. 740; स not, 726, मनुष्प cr. men, निपेविते loc. sin. n. of निपेवित m. f. n. inhabited.

जमन्यत he or she thought; 3d sin. impf. átm. of rt मन् 617.

समरप्रस्यम् acc. sin. m. like an immortal; (comp. of समर cr. immortal, and प्रस्य m. f. n. like, 777.)

समर्प्रभे O beautiful as an immortal, Anom. comp. 777; समर cr. immortal, प्रभे voc. sin. of प्रभा f. beauty, lustre, 1st cl. 105.

स्रमरवह for समरवत् like an immortal; (comp. of समर immortal, and affix वत् 724.)

अमरान् acc. pl. of अमर m. f. n. immortal, ist cl. 103.

समरोज्ञमा: TAT. OR DEP. COMP. 743. b; समर cr. immortal, उत्तमा: nom. pl. m. of उत्तम best, 1st cl. 103; समर + उत्तम = समरोज्ञम by 32.

अमरोपम voc. sin. m. O thou like the immortals; (from अमर cr. immortal, and उपम like, 777.)

अमरोपम: nom. sin. m. See last.

अमधेण: nom. sin. m. of अमधेण m. f. n. impetuous, impatient, intolerant.

अमात्यान् acc. pl. of अमात्य m. a minister, ist cl. 103.

समानुषम् acc. sin. m. or n. of समानुष m. f. n. not human; (comp. of स not, 726, and मानुष, q. v.)

ष्ठमार्जिताम् acc. sin. f. of ष्ठमार्जित m. f. n. uncleansed, unwashed; (comp. of ष्ठ not, 726, and मार्जित past p. p. of rt मृज् or मार्ज् 549.)

भ्रमित्नगणमूदनम् TAT. OR DEP. COMP. 745; भ्रमित्न cr. an enemy, गण cr. a host, मूदनम् acc. sin. m. of सूदन m. a destroyer, 582. c.

स्रमित्वचातिन: TAT. OR DEP. COMP. 743; समित cr. an enemy, चातिन: gen. sin. m.

of ulfan m. f. n. a slayer, killer, 6th cl. 159.

अमृतन्वाय dat. sin. of अमृतन्व n. immortality.

अमृतोपमां Anom. comp. 777; अमृत cr. the beverage or food of immortality, nectar or ambrosia, उपमां acc. sin. f. of उपम m. f. n. like. The following is the account of the production of the अमृत in the Vishņu Puráņa (p. 74, &c.): 'The gods (Suras) discomfited by the Daityas fled to Vishnu for refuge. He addressed them, and said, "I will restore your strength. Let all the gods, associated with the Asuras (or Daityas, see note under देत्प, &c.), cast medicinal herbs into the sea of milk, and then taking the mountain Mandara for the churningstick, the serpent Vásuki for the rope, churn the ocean for ambrosia. To secure the aid of the Daityas you must make peace with them, and promise them an equal portion." The gods, after collecting the herbs and casting them into the sea, took the mountain Mandara for the staff, the serpent Vásuki for the cord, and commenced churning for the amrita. The gods were stationed at the tail of the serpent and the Daityas at the head. In the midst of the sea, Vishnu himself, in the form of a tortoise, served as a pivot for the mountain as it whirled round. From the ocean thus churned came forth Dhanvantari (the physician of the gods) robed in white, bearing in his hand the cup of amrita. The gods quaffed the nectar, and receiving new vigour defeated the Daityas. The nectar and ambrosia thus produced was preserved in the moon. Accumulated there it is distilled by the lunar rays, and serves the gods and pitris (progenitors) for food.'

अमृष्यमाणा for अमृष्यमाणास् nom. pl. of अमृष्यमाण m. f. n. not enduring, not

bearing or tolerating; pres. p. átm. of rt मृष् 4th cl. 526. a.

अमेयात्मा Bah. or Rel. comp. 766; अमेय cr. immeasurable, immense, आत्मा nom. sin. of आत्मन् m. mind, soul, 146.

अयं this, he; nom. sin. of इदं, q. v.

अयं स Here he (is)! 224, 220. स for सस् 67.

अयोध्यां acc. sin. of अयोध्या f. the city Ayodhyá (i. e. the Invincible), the modern Oude. This city is celebrated in all Hindú poetry as the ancient capital of Ráma-ćandra, founded by Ikshváku, the first king of the solar dynasty. In the Rámáyana (Book I. Chap. V) it is thus described: 'On the banks of the Sarayú is a large country called Kośala, gay and happy, abounding with cattle, corn, and wealth. In that country was a famous city called Ayodhyá, built formerly by Manu, the lord of men. A great city, twelve yojanas in extent, the houses of which stood in triple and long-extended rows. It was rich, and perpetually adorned with new improvements. streets were well-disposed and wellwatered. It was filled with merchants of various descriptions, and adorned with abundance of jewels; crowded with houses, beautified with gardens and groves of mango-trees, surrounded by a deep and impregnable moat, and completely furnished with arms.' In the S'akuntalá (Act VI) Ayodhyá is called Sáketaka.

अयोध्याधिपतिः nom. sin. m. the sovereign of Ayodhyá; (comp. of अयोध्या and अधि-पति, q. v., 743.)

अयोध्यावासिनं acc. sin. m. inhabiting Ayodhyá; (comp. of अयोध्या and वासिन् dwelling in, inhabitant, 582. a.)

स्राज: acc. sin. n. of स्राजम् m. f. n. free from dust, clean, pure, 164. a; (from स्र 726, and रजम् dust.)

अरञ्जयत he conciliated (the affections of); 3d sin. impf. of rt । त्र in caus. 479.

अरापं nom. or acc. sin. of अराप n. a forest, a wood.

खरएयनृपते TAT. OR DEP. COMP. 743; सरएय cr. forest, नृपते voc. sin. of नृपति m. a king, 2d cl. 110.

श्रात्याद Tat. or Dep. comp. 743; श्रात्य cr. forest, UZ nom. sin. of राज् m. a king, see 176. e.

श्वरायस्य gen. sin. of श्वराय n. a forest.

जरायस्यास्य for जरायस्य जस्य by 31.

अरायानि acc. pl. of अराय n. a forest.

श्राप्ये loc. sin. of श्राप्य n. a forest, a wood.

श्वरालपस्मनयनां Complex comp. 771; श्वराल cr. curved, पस्म cr. eye-lash, नयनां acc. sin. f. from नयन n. the eye; see 108.

स्ति पेश O thou tamer of thy enemies, TAT. OR DEP. COMP. 743; स्ति cr. an enemy, कर्षेश voc. sin. of कर्षेश m. harasser, annoyer, 1st cl. 103.

अरिन्दम voc. sin. m. See next.

श्वरिन्दमं acc. sin. of श्वरिन्दम m. the conqueror of (his) foes; see 580. a, 739. c.

जरिमर्दैनं Тат. ов Dep. сомр. 743; आरि cr. an enemy, मदैनं acc. sin. of मदैन m. a destroyer, a crusher, agt. of rt मृह 582. c.

खरिमदेन: nom. sin. m. See last.

अरिसूदन voc. sin. m. O destroyer of (thy) foes; (अरि an enemy, सूदन destroying.)

अरिहा nom. sin. m. slayer of (his) foes; (comp. of अरि cr. an enemy, and हा nom. sin. of हन् a killer, 6th cl. 157.)

अर्केण ins. sin. of सर्के m. the sun, 1st cl. 103.

ऋर्चयामास he or she honoured; 3d sin. perf. of rt ऋर्चे 10th cl. 283.

अर्चेयित्वा having honoured; past ind. p. of rt अर्चे 10th cl. 558.

জাবিনানি nom. pl. n. of জাবিন m.f. n. honoured; past p. p. of rt अर्च 538.

सर्जितम् nom. sin. n. of सर्जित m. f. n. acquired, earned; past p. p. of rt सर्जे 538.

ষর্গুনাহিষ্টমান্তর্ন Complex comp. 771; ষর্গুন the Arjuna, a kind of tree (Pentaptera Arjuna), ষাহিষ্ট the Arishta or Nímtree, सञ्चनं acc. sin. n. of सञ्चन m. f. n. covered, shrouded; past p. p. of rt হার্ল with सं, 540.

अर्थे ind. for the sake of, see अर्थे.

মৰ্থনাদ:nom.sin.m.desirous of riches; (comp. of মৰ্থ wealth, and নাদ wishing for.)

अर्थकामांस् for अर्थकामान् (53), acc. pl. m. See last.

सर्थकृष्कुषु loc. pl. n. in difficult matters; (comp. of सर्थ cr. thing, matter, and कृष्कु n. difficulty.)

अर्थेस् nom. sin. m. use, profit, advantage.

स्रचीय ind. for the sake of, for the use of.
The dative case is here used adverbially;
but सर्चे and सर्चे are more common, see
731, 917.

स्थितव्यं nom. sin. n. of स्थितव्य m. f. n. to be sought; fut. pass. p. of rt सर्थ 569.

अर्थे loc. sin. of अर्थ m. thing, matter.

अर्थे ind. for the sake of, (governing genitive case or preceded by crude.)

अर्थेन ins. sin. of अर्थ m. matter, thing.

अपों for अपेस nom. sin. m. matter, thing.

सदितं acc. sin. m. of सदित m. f. n. afflicted; past p. p. of rt सहै 538.

अर्धे nom. or acc. sin. of अर्थ n. half.

स्रधरात्रसमये TAT. OR DEP. COMP. 743; स्रधरात cr. midnight, lit. half-night, see 778, समये loc. sin. of समय m. time.

अर्धवस्त्रसंवीताम् Complex comp. 771; अर्ध cr. half, वस्त्र cr. garment, संवीताम् acc. sin. f. of संघीत m. f.n. clothed, enveloped; past p. p. of चो with सं, 535.

अर्थसञ्चातशस्या BAH. OR REL.comp. 767; अर्थ cr. half, सञ्चात produced, grown, शस्या nom. sin. f. from शस्य n. corn, fruit, 108. सर्धेन ins. sin. of सर्ध n. half, 1st cl. 104.

सहणां acc. sin. of सहणा f. honour.

सहित he is worthy of, he deserves, he or she deigns (Lat. dignus) or condescends; 3d sin. pres. of rt सहै 1st cl. In Book XIV. 7. भवान् सहित must be translated, let your honour deign.

जहेंप deign ye, be ye willing; 2d pl. pres. of rt जहें.

सहिंस do thou deign; 2d sin. pres. 608, 870.

सहसीत्येव for सहींस इति एव by 31. a, 34.

सही for सहीस् nom. pl. of सह worthy, right, proper.

ষাজাঘান: nom. sin. m. of ষাজাঘান m. f. n. unobserved, unseen, unperceived; (comp. of ষা not, 726, and ভাষান, q. v.)

च्रत्यकार्ये nom. sin. n. a small matter; (from च्रत्य small, and कार्य, q.v.)

अल्पपरीवारो BAH. OR REL. COMP. 766; अल्प cr. small, परीवारो nom. sin. m. of परीवार m. retinue, train.

ज्ञ ल्पपुर्णेन BAH. OR REL. COMP. 761; ज्ञल्प cr. small, पुर्णेन ins. sin. m. from पुर्ण n. virtue, religious merit.

অন্যৰলসাথা for অন্যৰলসাথান্ Complex comp. 771; অন্য cr. little, बल cr. strength, प्राथास् nom. pl. m. of प्राथ m. breath.

स्त्यभाग्येन BAH. OR REL. COMP. 761; स्रत्य cr. little, भाग्येन ins. sin. m. from भाग्य n. fortune, luck, 108.

ञ्चव prep. down, off, away, from.

अवकर्तनम् acc. sin. of अवकर्तन n. cutting off.

अवकृष्टस् nom. sin. m. of अवकृष्ट m. f. n. dragged, drawn along, dragged down; past p. p. of rt कृष् with अव, 539.

सवकृष्यते heis drawn back or dragged down; 3d sin. pres. pass. of rt कृष् with स्रव, 463.

अवगद्ध know ye; 2d pl. imp. átm. of rt गम् with अव, 1st cl. 602.

स्वतीर्थ having descended, having alighted; past ind. p. of rt त् with सव, 561.

- ষবনী pacc. sin. of ষবনী f. Avantí, name of a city, the modern Oujein; also called Ujjayiní, Visálá, and Pushpa-karandiní. This city is noticed in the Megha-dúta, verses 28 and 31:
  - 'Behold the city whose immortal fame Glows in Avantí's or Visálá's name.'
- अवनुष्य having unloosed, having unharnessed; past ind. p. of rt मुच् with अव.
- स्रविज्ञाष्टं nom. sin. n. of स्रविज्ञ्च m. f. n. left; past p. p. of rt ज्ञिप् with स्रव, 672.
- अवश्यम् ind. certainly.
- ञ्चवसं I dwelt; ist sin. impf. of rt वस् ist cl. 607.
- अवसंस् for अवसन् (53), 3d pl. impf. they dwelt. See अवसन्.
- अवसक्ता nom. sin. f. of अवसक्त m. f. n. fixed; past p. p. of rt सञ्च to adhere, with अव, 597. a.
- ञ्चवसच् for ञ्चवसत् by 48, q.v.
- अवसत् he dwelt; 3d sin. impf. of rt वस् 1st cl. 607.
- अवसह for अवसत् he dwelt; 3d sin. impf. of rt वस्.
- अवसीदित he or she pines away, wastes away or sinks; 3d sin. pres. of rt सद with अव, 1st cl. 270, 599. a.
- अवसृजामि I concede, I grant, I bestow; 1st sin. pres. of rt सृज् with अव, 625.
- अवस्त्रतां acc. sin. of अवस्त्रता f. state of being without a garment, nakedness; (from अ not, 726, and वस्त्रता abstract noun, 80. XXIII.)
- अवस्थातुं to stand; inf. of rt स्था with अव.
- अवस्थाप having stopped, having made to stand still; past ind. p. of rt स्था in caus. with अव, 483, 559.
- अवस्थित: nom. sin. of अवस्थित m.f.n. standing, arrayed, drawn up in array; past p. p. of rt स्था with अव, 533, 896. a.
- अवस्थिता for अवस्थितास् nom. pl. m. See अवस्थितः.
- अवस्थिता: nom. pl. m. See अवस्थित:.

- अवस्थितान् acc. pl. m. See अवस्थित:.
- স্থবাম he obtained; 3d sin. perf. of rt স্থাম্
  with স্বৰ, 364. a.
- अवाप्य having obtained; past ind. p. of rt आप् with अव.
- ज्ञवाप्यिस thou wilt obtain; 2d sin. 2d fut. of rt ज्ञाप with ज्ञव, 681.
- खवारयत् he prevented; 3d sin. impf. of rt वृ in caus. 481.
- स्रविद्यता: nom. pl. m. of सविद्यत m. f. n. uninjured, unhurt; (comp. of स not, 726, and विद्यत hurt, injured; past p. p. of rt द्यग् with वि, 684, 685, 545.)
- स्रविनाशिनं acc. sin. m. of स्रविनाशिन् indestructible.
- स्विन्दत he or she obtained, he or she found; 3d sin. impf. átm. of rt चिन्द् or चिद्द 6th cl. 281.
- মবিয়াব্ধন without doubting, without hesitation; ins. sin. of মবিয়াব্ধ, used adverbially, (ম prefixed to বিয়াব্ধ 726.)
- स्रविद्याता: nom. pl. m. of स्रविद्यात m. f. n. seen, looked upon; past p. p. of rt ईस with स्रव, 538.
- स्रवेखितुम् to consider; inf. of rt ईख् with स्रव, 459.
- अवेस्य having considered, having regarded; past ind. p. of rt ईख with अव.
- ञ्चवेमि I know, I trow; 1st sin. pres. of rt इ with ञ्चव, 311. a.
- अव्यक्त nom. sin. m. of अव्यक्त m. f. n. imperceptible, unperceived.
- खयां nom. sin. n. of खया m. f. n. undisturbed.
- स्रव्ययं acc. sin. n. of स्रव्यय m. f. n. imperishable, eternal, everlasting; (comp. of स not, 726, and व्यय decay.)
- अव्ययस्य gen. sin. of अव्ययं m. f. n. imperishable, immutable, eternal.
- स्रव्ययां acc. sin. f. of स्रव्यय imperishable.
- अशकत he was able; 3d sin. aor. of rt शक् 679.

अश्राक्रुवन not being able; (comp. of आ not, and श्राक्रुवन nom. sin. m. of श्राक्रुवन pres. p. of rt शक् 5th cl. 679, 524.)

अशिद्धिता nom. sin. f. of अशिद्धित m. f. n. fearless.

अज्ञापत he cursed; 3d sin. impf. of rt शप् 1st cl. 261.

अशस्त्रं acc. sin. m. of अशस्त्र unarmed, disarmed; (अ not, शस्त्र weapon.)

ষমুদ acc. sin. of ষমুদ n. sin, evil, wickedness; (comp. of ষ 726, and মুদ good.)

अशुभकर्मणः BAH. OR REL. COMP. 761; अशुभ cr. not good, evil, unhappy, कर्मणः gen. sin. m. from कर्मन् n. 152.

জशेपतः for জशेपतस् ind. without reserve, fully; (स not, 726, शेप remainder, and तस् affix, 719.)

अभेषेण ind. entirely, wholly, without reserve; (comp. of अ not, 726, and श्रेष remainder, see 714.)

अशोक voc. sin. O Aśoka. This tree (supposed to be named Aśoka from a 'not' and śoka 'sorrow') is one of the most beautiful of Indian trees. Sir W. Jones observes, that 'the vegetable world scarcely exhibits a richer sight than an Asokatree in full bloom. It is about as high as an ordinary cherry-tree. The flowers are very large, and beautifully diversified with tints of orange-scarlet, of pale yellow, and of bright orange, which form a variety of shades according to the age of the blossom.' The Asoka is sacred to Siva, and is planted near his temples. It grows abundantly in Ceylon. In Hindú poetry despairing lovers very commonly address objects of nature, clouds, elephants, and birds, on the subject of their lost or absent mistresses. Megha-dúta, the 4th Act of the Vikramorvasí, and the 9th Act of the Málati Mádhava.

अशोकं acc. sin. of अशोक m. the Asoka-tree. अशोक: nom. sin. m. the Asoka-tree.

अशोकतरं acc. sin. of अशोकतर m. an Aśoka-tree. See note under अशोक.

खशोकनग voc. sin. m. O Asoka-tree; (comp. of खशोक cr. and नग m. a tree.)

अशोकवृद्धं acc. sin. m. the Asoka-tree; (comp. of अशोक and वृद्ध m. a tree.)

जज़ोचत् he or she grieved; 3d sin. impf. of rt शुच् 1st cl. 261.

अशोच्यान् acc. pl. m. of अशोच्य m. f. n. not to be mourned; (अ not, and शोच्य.)

अशोभयना they adorned; 3d pl. impf. átm. of rt शुभ in caus. 481.

जज़ोष्प for जज़ोष्पस् nom. sin. m. of जज़ोष्प m. f. n. not to be dried.

अश्रुपरिपूर्णाक्षां Complex comp. 771; अश्रु cr. tears, परिपूर्ण cr. filled, अक्षां acc. sin. f. from अक्ष m. the eye, see 778.

अश्रुपरिप्रुत: TAT. OR DEP. COMP. 740; अश्रु cr. tears, परिप्रुत: nom. sin. m. bathed, overflowed.

अश्रुप्णोद्यी BAH. OR REL. COMP. 767; अश्रु cr. tears, पूर्ण cr. filled with, अक्षी nom. sin. f. from अद्य for अधि n. the eye, 778.

अश्रुपूर्णे TAT. OR DEP. COMP. 740; अश्रु cr. tears, पूर्णे nom. du. n. of पूर्ण m. f. n. full, filled with.

ষস্ত্রস্ত: nom. sin. m. skilled in horses; (from ষমা a horse, and কুস্ত m. f. n. skilful.)

अभ्रकोविद: for अभ्रकोविदस् TAT. OR DEP. COMP. 744; अभ्र cr. a horse, कोविद: nom. of कोविद m. f. n. skilled.

অন্মনিধানিক Bah. or Rel. comp. 764; অন্মনিধ cr. the Asva-medha or horsesacrifice, see below, আহিমি ins. pl. of আহি beginning with, et cetera.

अश्रमेधेन ins. sin. of अश्रमेध m. the Asvamedha or horse-sacrifice. This sacrifice is described in the Puranas as one of the highest order, insomuch that if it be performed a hundred times it elevates the sacrificer to the throne of Svarga, and thereby effects the deposal of Indra himself. In the Rig-veda, however, the object of this rite seems to be nothing more than the acquiring of wealth and posterity; and even in the Rámáyana it is merely performed by king Dasaratha as the means of obtaining a son. From the Rig-veda it appears that the horse was immolated, and afterwards cut up into fragments, part of which were eaten by the assisting priests, and part offered as burnt-offering to the gods. The rite as described in the Puránas has been introduced by Southey into 'the Curse of Keháma.'

अश्वशालाम् acc. sin. f. a stable; (comp. of अश्व cr. a horse, and शाला f. a house.)

अश्वहृद्यं nom. and acc. sin. n. knowledge of horses.

अश्वहृदयेन ins. sin. n. (in exchange) with or for skill in horses; (comp. of সম cr. horses, and हृद्य n. knowledge, skill.)

षश्वांश्रेमान् for सन्धान् च इमान् by 53, 32. अधांस् for अधान्, q.v.

अश्वाध्यक्षो TAT. OR DEP. COMP. 743; अश्व cr. horses. अध्यक्षो nom. sin. m. a master, superintendent, overseer, inspector.

अश्वान् acc. pl. of अश्व m. a horse, 1st cl. 103.

सम्यानां gen. pl. of सम्र m. a horse, 103.

अभिनो: gen. du. of अभिन declined in du. the twin sons of the Sun by his wife Sañjñá, who was transformed to a mare (অন্মিনী). They are endowed with perpetual youth and beauty, and are the physicians of the gods. Professor Wilson (Introduction to the Rig-veda, p. xxxv) says, 'Demigods who are more frequently than any other, except the Maruts, the object of laudation in the Veda, are the two Asvins, the sons of the Sun according to later mythology, but of whose origin we have no such legend in the Veda. They are said, in one place, to have the sea (Sindhu) for their mother, but this is explained to intimate their identity, as affirmed by some authorities, with the sun and moon, which rise apparently out of the ocean. They are called Dasras-destroyers either of foes or diseases, for they are the physicians of the gods. They are also called Násatyas-in whom there is no untruth. They are represented as ever young, handsome, travelling in a three-wheeled and triangular car drawn by asses, and as mixing themselves up with a variety of human transactions, bestowing benefits upon their worshippers, enabling them to foil their enemies, assisting them in their need, and extricating them from difficulty and danger. Their business seems to be more on earth than in heaven, and they belong by their exploits more to heroic than to celestial mythology. They are, however, connected in various passages with the radiance of the sun, and are said to be precursors of dawn, at which season they ought to be worshipped with libations of Soma-juice.'

स्रिनौ nom. du. m. See last.

अश्वीर ins. pl. of अश्व m. a horse.

अष्टम: nom. sin. of अष्टम m. f. n. eighth, 209.

अष्टादश: nom. sin. m. eighteenth, 210.

अष्टी acc. of अष्टन eight, see 205.

असंवीत: imperfectly covered, scarcely covered; (अ not, 726, and संवीत m. f. n. covered; past p. p. of rt at 535.)

असंशयं ind. without doubt.

असंस्कृतम् nom. sin. n. of असंस्कृत m. f. n. unadorned.

समकृद for समकृत ind. more than once, repeatedly, (lit. not once.)

असकृत् for असकृत ind. more than once.

असंख्येयगुणं acc. sin. m. See next.

चसंख्येयगुणो BAH. OR REL. COMP. 761; चसंख्येय cr. innumerable, unnumbered, गुणो nom. sin. m. virtue, good quality.

असतो gen. sin. of असत् m. f. n. not existing; pres. p. of rt अस with अ prefixed.

सस्कृतं acc. sin. n. evil, evil action; (comp. of स not, 726, सन् good, and कृत done.)

स्मान्त्रता nom. sin. f. of समान्त्रत m. f. n. not well-treated, not hospitably entertained; (comp. of स not, 726, and सन्त्रत, q. v.)

असत्यं acc. sin. of असत्य n. falsehood, untruth.

असपत्नम् acc. sin. n. without a rival, without an adversary; (अ not, सपत्न a rival.)

स्त्रसहाया nom. sin. f. of समहाय m. f. n. unattended, without a companion; (comp. of स 726, and सहाय a companion.)

समावध for समी सद्य by 37.

स्रांस thou art; 2d sin. pres. of rt सस् 584. स्रांसतकशानां BAH. OR REL. COMP. 761; स्रांसत cr. black, केशानां acc. sin. f. from केशाना m. (lit. the end of the hair), the hair, the locks, 108.

च्चित ह्या BAH. OR REL. COMP. 761; चित्रत cr. black, ईश्वणा nom. sin. f. from ईश्वण n. the eye, 108.

स्तीह for सिस इह by 31.

अमुखं nom. sin. n. of अमुख m. f. n. painful.

स्रमुखजीविकाम् KARM. OR DES. COMP. 755; स्रमुख cr. joyless, जीविकाम् acc. sin. of जीविका f. life.

समुखपीडित: TAT. OR DEP. COMP. 740; समुख cr. sorrow, grief, 726, पीडित: nom. sin. m. afflicted, pained.

अमुखाविष्टा TAT. OR DEP. COMP. 740; अमुख cr. grief, pain, unhappiness, आविष्टा nom. sin. f. of आविष्ट m. f. n. affected by, afflicted with.

समुहृद्वर्धे: ins. pl. with parties of people (who are) not friends; (comp. of स not, 726, मुहृद् a friend, and गण m. a company.)

समूयित्वा having scorned, having cursed; past ind. p. of the nominal verb समूय 521, 558.

असृजत् he or she let fall or let drop; 3d sin. impf. of rt मृज् 6th cl. 625.

समी he or she; nom. sin. of सदस् 225.

स्ति he, she or it is; 3d sin. pres. of rt सस् 2d cl. 584.

अस्तीति for अस्ति इति by 31. a.

असु let it be; 3d sin. imp. of rt अस् 584.

अस्त्रीवत nom. sin. m. skilled in weapons; (comp. of अस्त्र a weapon, and वित् nom. sin. m. of विद one who knows, knowing, 5th cl. 138, 743.)

सस्पृशतः not touching; acc. pl. m. of सस्पृश्यात् m. f. n.; (comp. of स not, 726, and स्पृशत् pres. p. par. of rt स्पृश् 524.)

श्वस्मत्समीपत: for श्वस्मत्समीपतस् ADV. COMP. 791; श्वस्मत् cr. us, 218, समीपतस् ind. near, 719. b.

जस्मद्र्ये ind. on my account, for my sake; (comp. of जस्मद् 218, and जर्षे 760. d, 791.)

अस्माकं of us; gen. pl. of अस्मत्-

अस्मान् us; acc. pl. of अस्मत्-

जसान् from this, for जस्मान् abl. sin. of इंद this.

ज्ञस्माभि: for जस्माभिस् by us; ins. pl. of जस्मत्.

अस्माभिर् for अस्माभिस् by us. See last.

अस्मासु in us, for us, to us; loc. pl. of अस्मत्. अस्मि I am; 1st sin. pres. of rt अस् 2d cl. 584.

श्रस्मिन् in this; loc. sin. of इदं this.

अस्पद्य for अस्म अद्य by 34.

जस्युपितस् for जस्मि उपितस् by 34.

अस्यापता for अस्म उपिता by 34.

स्य gen. sin. m. from nom. सर्य this (इदं).

अस्यमरवद्द for असि अमरवद्द by 34.

जस्या for जस्यास् of her; gen. sin. f. from nom. इयं she (इदं).

जस्याम् loc. sin. f. See last.

सस्यारण्यस्य for सस्य सरण्यस्य by 31.

षस्याञ् gen. sin. f. from nom. इयं she (इदं).

অন্ত? যদ্ nom. sin. n. not conducive to heaven, unheavenly; (স্ত্র not, ন্দুগর্ম.)

असस्यों acc. sin. f. of अस्तस्य m. f. n. not well, not herself, (lit. not staying in herself, a, sva, stha; see 580. b.)

असेदान acc. pl. m. of असेद m. f. n. not perspiring, without perspiration; (comp. of अ not, 726, and सेद perspiration.)

खहं I; nom. sin. of मत् or अस्मत् 218.

ष्ठहता not having slain; past ind. p. of rt हन, see 558. c.

ष्रहनि loc. sin. of ष्रहन् n. a day, 6th cl. 156.

ष्ठहिंसानिरतो TAT. OR DEP. COMP. 744; श्रहिंसा cr. harmlessness, doing no injury to living creatures, kindness, gentleness, निरतो nom. sin. m. of निरत m. f. n. engaged in, devoted to; past p. p. of rt रम् with नि, 545.

षहिता: nom. pl. m. of षहित m. f. n. unfriendly, hostile.

सहो interj. Oh! Ah! Alas! 732.

भ्रहोरातान् days and nights, acc. pl. of भ्रहोरात m.; (comp. of भ्रहर् for भ्रहन् a day, 778, and रात m. for राति f. a night, 778.)

सहोरातेर ins. pl.; see last. The instrumental case is generally used with reference to any particular division of time, being then equivalent to the English in, 820.

जहोवत ind. Alas! Oh! Ah!

सहोवतायम् for सहोवत स्थम् by 31.

सहोिखह ind. a particle implying doubt.

# आ.

MI prep. to, at, as far as, until. When prefixed to a noun in the sense of up to, as far as, until, it generally governs the ablative case. When prefixed to verbs which denote giving or going, it reverses the action: thus दा is to give, but आदा to take; गम् is to go, but आगम् to come.

भाकारवनः nom. pl. of भाकारवत् m. f. n. well-formed, shapely.

स्राकारवर्णेमुश्रहणाः Complex comp. 771; स्राकार cr. form, shape, वर्णे cr. colour, hue, मुश्रहणाः nom. pl. of मुश्रहण m. f. n. very smooth or delicate.

স্থাকায় acc. sin. of স্থাকায় m. the sky, the air, the atmosphere.

আনাহাই शम् Tat. or Dep. comp. 743; আনাহা cr. the air, देशम् acc. sin. m. region.

स्नाकृष्यमाण: nom. sin. m. of स्नाकृष्पमाण m. f. n. being dragged away; pres. p. pass. of rt कृष् with स्ना, 528.

आक्रन्दमानां acc. sin. f. of आक्रन्दमान m. f. n. crying out, calling to; pres. p. átm. of rt क्रन्ट् with आ.

आक्रम्य attacking, having assaulted or invaded; past ind. p. of rt क्रम् with आ, 559.

खासिपन्तीम् bringing into contempt, casting a slight upon, acc. sin. of आधिपन्ती f.; (from आधिपत्त pres. p. of rt सिए with आ, 141. b, 525. b, 635.)

आख्यातुम् to tell; inf. of rt ख्या with आ, 459, 437. b.

ज्ञाल्यानं acc. sin. of ज्ञाल्यान n. a tale, a story, words uttered.

सास्यानपञ्चमान् having the Puránas as the fifth, Bah. or Rel. comp. 761; सास्यान cr. a story, the mythological stories of the Puránas, written long subsequently to the Vedas, पञ्चमान् acc. pl. of पञ्चम m. f. n. fifth, 209.

आस्यासि thou tellest, thou dost point out; 2d sin. pres. of rt स्था with आ, 2d cl. 437. b.

ज्ञाख्येयं nom. sin. n. of ज्ञाख्येय m. f. n. to be told; fut. pass. p. of rt ख्या with जा, 571. a.

स्रागच्छतो acc. pl. m. of स्रागच्छत् m. f. n.

coming, approaching; pres. p. par. of rt নদ্ with prep. স্বা, 524, 602.

षागच्छन् they came; 3d pl. impf. of rt गम् to go, with षा, 602, 783. i.

सागच्छेत् he may come; 3d sin. pot. of rt गम् to go, with सा, 602.

भागतं acc. sin. m. n. or nom. sin. n. of भागत m.f. n. happened, arrived; past p. p. of rt गम् with भा, 545.

षागत: nom. sin. m. of षागत m. f. n. come.

आगता nom. sin. f. or for आगतास nom. pl. m. of आगत m.f. n. come.

षागतान् acc. pl. m. of जागत m.f. n. come.

षागताम् acc. sin. f. of षागत m. f. n. come, arrived, present; past p. p. of rt गम् to go, with षा, 545.

खागतायां loc. sin. f. of खागत m. f. n. come. खागते loc. sin. m. or n. of खागत m. f. n. come.

भागत having come; past ind. p. of rt गम् to go, with भा, 564. b.

चागमत् he or she came; 3d sin. aor. of rt गम् to go, with चा, 602.

जागमनं nom. sin. of जागमन n. coming, ist cl. 104.

षागमनकारणं TAT. OR DEP. COMP. 743; षागमन cr. coming, कारणं acc. sin. n. cause.

ষাসম্য having come to, having met; past ind. p. of rt সম to go, with prep. ষা, 564. b, 602, 783. i.

মাৰহন tell thou, relate thou, describe thou; 2d sin. imp. átm. of rt ৰম্ভ with মা, 2d cl. 320.

साचचक्षे he or she told; 3d sin. perf. átm. of rt चक्ष with जा, 320, 364.

आचरन् nom. sin. m. of आचरन् m. f. n. performing; pres. p. par. of rt चर् with आ, 524.

ष्ठाचष्टे he relates, he describes; 3d sin. pres. of rt चस्र with जा, 2d cl. 320.

साचायाः nom. pl. of साचाये m. a preceptor. साचायान् acc. pl. of साचाये m. a preceptor. ষাভার: nom. sin. m. clothed, clad; past p. p. of rt ভাই to cover, with ষা, 540.

जानगाम he came; 3d sin. perf. of rt गम् with जा, 602.

जान<sup>7</sup>मुर् they came; 3d pl. perf. of rt गम् 602, 376.

षानुहाय he invited; 3d sin. perf. of rt दे to call, with षा, 373.e.

ञ्चाततायिन: acc. pl. of ञ्चाततायिन् m. a traitor, a malignant man, an evil-doer.

आतिष्ठ undertake thou, practise thou; 2d sin. imp. of rt स्था with आ, 1st cl. 587.

चातिष्ठद he set out; 3d sin. impf. of rt स्था with चा, 1st cl. 261.

स्था कातिष्टेत् he may act; 3d sin. pot. of rt स्था with सा, 1st cl. 587.

ষারু: nom. sin. of ষারু m.f.n. weak, incapable, unable, used with an infinitive.

Also, sick, diseased.

चातुरम् acc. sin. m. of चातुर m.f.n. sick.

স্থান্থ thou hast said; 2d sin. perf. of defective root স্থাই, see 384. b.

ञ्चात्मजयम् acc. sin. m. his own victory; (comp. of ञ्चात्म 232, and जय victory.)

भात्मन् m. f. self, himself, herself, myself, &c., 146, 232.

यात्मनः gen. sin. of सात्मन् self, q. v.

भात्मनश् of himself, gen. sin. See last.

स्रात्मना ins. sin. of स्रात्मन् self, q.v.

चात्मनो gen. sin. of चात्मन् m. self, q. v.

स्रात्मप्रभांश् for स्रात्मप्रभान् self-luminous, self-glorious; स्रात्म cr. self, प्रभान् acc. pl. m. from प्रभा f. light, glory, 1st cl. 108.

चात्मभवम् acc. sin. his own essence; (comp. of चात्म own, 232, भवम् acc. sin. of भव m. being, existence.)

ष्ठात्मा nom. sin. m. of ष्रात्मन् m. self, 146. (In Book XXII. 16 he himself.)

स्नात्मानम् acc. sin. of स्नात्मन् m. self, 146.

ज्ञात्मार्थे for (my) own sake; (comp. of ज्ञात्म for ज्ञात्मन् 57, 146, and ज्ञर्थे 791.) स्रादाय having taken, having received; past ind. p. of rt दा to give, with सा, 559, 783.i.

ञ्चादित्य for ञ्चादित्यस् nom. sin. of ञ्चादित्य m. the sun, 1st cl. 103.

चादित्यः for चादित्यस् nom. sin. of चादित्य m. the sun, 1st cl. 103.

आदित्या for आदित्यास् nom. pl. of आदित्य m. an Aditya, a deity of a particular class, being a form of the Sun. There are twelve Adityas, who are supposed to be the offspring of Kaśyapa and Aditi his wife. They are merely emblems of the Sun in each month of the year. Their names, according to some, are, सूपें:, वर्णः, वेदाङ्गः, भानुः, इन्द्रः, रविः, गभितः, यमः, खणैरताः, दिवाकरः, मितः, विष्णुः. According to the Vishnu Puráṇa (p. 122, Wilson) they are, विष्णु, ज्ञाक, आयेमन, धूति, त्वषृ, पूपन, विवस्त, सिवृ, मित्त, वर्ण, शंजु, भग. Most of these are names or epithets of the Sun itself.

चादित्यो nom. sin. of चादित्य m. the sun.

মারিয়া command thou, order thou; 2d sin. imp. of rt বিয়া with মা, 6th cl. 583.

আহিটা nom. sin. m. of আহিচ m. f. n. commissioned, commanded; past p. p. of rt হিম্ to point out, with আ, 539, 583.

साधावमानाश् nom. pl. m. of স্বাधावमान m.f.n. running, rushing onwards or at; pres. p. átm. of rt धाव with सा, 526.

ष्ठाधास्ये I will lay, I will place, I will attribute; 1st sin. 2d fut. átm. of rt धा with छा, 664.

स्राधिपत्यं acc. sin. n. sovereignty.

चाधिमिर् ins. pl. of चाधि m. anxiety, agony, pain.

ষান্য bring thou, fetch thou; 2d sin. imp. of rt না with ষা, 1st cl. 590. a.

ष्ठानयत् he brought, he took; 3d sin. impf. of rt नी with आ.

स्थानयताम् let him bring back; 3d sin. imp. átm. of rt नौ with स्था, 1st cl. 590. a.

भानपने loc. sin. of भानपन n. bringing, bringing back.

ञ्चानियपति he shall bring back; 3d sin. 2d fut. of rt नी with ञ्चा. The more usual form is ञ्चानेप्यति; see 394. a, 590. a.

ञ्चानयेह for ञ्चानय इह by 32.

ম্বানাযথানাম he or she caused to be brought; 3d sin. perf. of rt নী in caus. with স্থা, 385. a, 590. a.

ষানাথ having caused to be brought, having caused to be introduced, having brought together, having convened; past ind. p. of rt নী in caus. with ষা, 566. a, 482.

ञ्चानृशंस्यम् nom. sin. n. mercy, absence of cruelty; abstract noun from ञ्चनृशंस not cruel, not given to injury; see 726, 80. LXXVII.

মানু to bring, to be brought; inf. (act. and pass.) of rt নী with মা, see 869.

ञ्चापमां acc. sin. of ञापमा f. a river, 1st cl.

ষ্ঠাपततां gen. pl. of ষ্ঠাपतत् m.f.n. rushing onwards; pres.p.par.of rt पत् with ষ্ঠা,524.

ञ्चापिततम् nom. sin. n. of ञ्चापितत m. f. n. fallen upon, happened; past p. p. of rt पत् with ञ्चा, 538.

आपदम् acc. sin. of आपद् f. calamity, 84. IV. आपना nom. sin. f. of आपन m. f. n. unfor-

tunate, afflicted; obtained, acquired. श्रापीडेर् ins. pl. of आपीड m. a wreath, a

garland. श्रापो nom. pl. of श्रप् f. water, (always de-

clined in the plural, see 178.b.) स्राप्तकारिभि: ins. pl.m. of स्राप्तकारिन्m.f.n.

स्राप्तकारिभि: ins. pl.m. of स्राप्तकारिन्m. f.n. trusty, confidential,  $6th \ cl. \ 159$ .

ষামব্দ্বিথা: Bah. or Rel. comp. 766, having proper gifts, or furnished with gifts (to Bráhmans); স্থাম cr. fit, suitable, obtained, furnished, বৃদ্ধিথা: ins. pl. m. from বৃদ্ধিখা f. a gift to a Bráhman at a sacrifice, 1st cl. 108.

आप्रोति he or she obtains, he or she incurs or will incur; 3d sin. pres. of rt आप् 5th cl. 681.

आप्पायिता nom. sin. f. of आप्पायित m. f. n. satisfied, comforted, refreshed; past p. p. of rt प्ये in caus. 549.

স্থাপাত্ম having addressed or spoken to;
past ind. p. of rt পাত্ম with স্থা.

साभ्याम् dat. du. of इदं this, 224.

সাদল্য having saluted, having bid farewell to; past ind. p. of rt দল্ with সা, 559.

सामायसारियों having the essence of the Veda, or flowing (musically) like the Veda, BAH. OR REL. COMP. 761; साम्राय cr. the Veda, सारियों acc. sin. f. of सारिन् possessed of the essence (sára), 6th cl. 159; or flowing, agt. of rt मृ 582. a.

खायतलोचना BAH. OR REL. COMP. 761; खायत cr. long, लोचना nom. sin. f. from लोचन n. the eye, 108.

स्थापते स्था Bah. or Rel. comp. 766; सायत cr. long, and ईस्या nom. sin. f. from ईस्यण n. an eye.

ष्प्रायतेक्षणाम् acc. sin. f. See last.

জাযান for জাযানस্ nom. sin. m. of জাযান m. f. n. come; past p. p. of rt यা to go, with জা, 532, 644.

জাযানি he comes; 3d sin. pres. of rt যা to go, with জা, 2d cl.

ষ্মাयानं acc. sin. m. of श्रायात् coming; pres. p. of rt या with श्रा, 644, 524.

ज्ञायानु let them come; 3d pl. imp. of rt या with जा, 644.

आयुक्तं acc. sin. m. of आयुक्त m. f. n. united, joined, obtained; past p. p. of rt युन् with आ, 530.

श्रायुष्मत् O long-lived one, voc. sin. of श्रायुष्मत् 5th cl. 140. See next.

श्रायुष्मन्ती nom. du. m. of श्रायुष्मत् m. f. n. possessed of (long) life; a respectful mode of addressing kings and princes.

সামে nom. or acc. sin. n. or acc. sin. m. of আমে m. f. n. begun, undertaken; past p. p. of rt মে with সা, 601. a, 539. ষ্ঠান্দে having commenced or undertaken; past ind. p. of rt শে with ষ্ঠা, 559.

স্থাযাখন loc. sin. of স্থায়খন n. the act of winning over or gaining, propitiating, honouring.

आराव: nom. sin. m. noise, tumult, cry.

आहरोह he or she ascended; 3d sin. perf. of rt हह with जा, 364.

षाहरा having ascended; past ind. p. of rt हरू with षा, 559.

आरोप having made to ascend, having caused to mount, having placed upon; ind. past p. of rt रह in caus. with आ, 566, 488.

आते: nom. sin. of आते m. f. n. grieved, pained; past p. p. of rt अदे with आ, see 542.

स्रातेतरा nom. sin. f. of स्रातेतर m. f. n. more afflicted, more sad; see 191.

चातेस्य gen. sin. m. of चाते m. f. n. afflicted, tormented.

ष्याती nom. sin. f. of खाते m. f. n. afflicted, 542. See खाते:.

आतीम् acc. sin. f. See आते:.

आतों nom. sin. m. afflicted. See आते:.

স্থাব voc. sin. O honourable man, O Sir.

खालयान् acc. pl. of खालय m. a house, a dwelling, 1st cl. 103.

ষালিব্ৰহ্ম having embraced; past ind. p. of rt লিব্ৰদ্ with ষা, 559.

आलीयते he or she faints away; 3d sin. pres. átm. of rt ली with आ, 4th cl. 272.

षालोक having looked at; ind. past p. of rt लोक with खा, 559.

ষ্ঠাवयो: of us two; gen. du. of मत् or अस्मत्, q. q. v. v.

सावर्जित nom. sin. n. of सावर्जित m. f. n. inclined, poured down, made to flow downwards; past p. p. of rt वृज्with सा, 538.

सावतर ins. pl. of सावत m. a curl, a lock of hair that curls backwards in a horse, a peculiar mark. Avartas are locks, curls or twists of hair in certain forms on different parts of the body. In Book XIX. 14 they are apparently, forehead 1, head 2, chest 2, ribs 2, flanks 2, crupper 1. In the poem of Mágha, chap. v. 4, we have the adjective Avartinah applied to horses, on which the commentator observes, 'Avartinah signifies horses having the ten ávartas or marks of excellence; they are, two on the breast, two on the head, one on the forehead, two on the hollows of the ribs, two on the hollows of the flanks, and one on the crupper (prapáta); these are called the ten ávartas.' Avarta means an eddy or whirlpool, and is applied to the twists of hair on a horse resembling a whirlpool.

মাৰহ convey thou (to thyself), take thou; 2d sin. imp. of rt বহু with মা, 1st cl. 261.

ष्ट्राचार्य having concealed; past ind. p. of rt ् न in caus. with आ, 675, 481.

ञ्चाविज्ञात् he entered; 3d sin. impf. of rt विज्ञ with ञ्चा, 6th cl. 278.

মাবিষ্ট: nom. sin. m. of মাবিষ্ট m. f. n. entered, affected by; past p. p. of rt বিম্ with মা, 556.

ञ्चाविष्टम् acc. sin. m. of ञ्चाविष्ट m. f. n. affected by, filled with.

ज्ञाविष्टो nom. sin. m. of ज्ञाविष्ट m. f. n. affected by.

ष्ठावेद्यं nom. sin. n. of खावेद्य m. f. n. to be told, to be announced; fut. pass. p. of rt विद् in caus. with खा, 571; governing the genitive case by 859. a.

आवजन they went to, they approached; 3d pl. impf. of rt वन to go, with आ, 1st cl. 261.

ष्माशङ्कमाना nom. sin. f. of ष्माशङ्कमान m.f. n. fearing, apprehending; pres. p. átm. of rt शङ्क with ष्मा, 526.

সামাবিটো: ins. pl. of আম্বাবিট m. a blessing, benediction.

आशु ind. quickly, 717. e.

आञ्चर्य nom. or acc. sin. n. a wonder, prodigy.

खाश्रमपदं acc. sin. of खाश्रमपद n. a hermitage, 1st cl. 104.

সাত্মনদাত্তে Tat. or Dep. comp. 743; সাত্মন cr. a hermit's cell, a hermitage, দাত্তেলন্ nom. or acc. sin. of দাত্তে n. a circle.

স্থাস্পদান্ acc. pl. of স্থাস্পদ m. a hermitage.

স্বাস্থদায়্ nom. pl. of স্বাস্থদ m. a hermitage, an anchorite's retreat, 1st cl. 103.

आश्रयेत he would incline to. See next.

साम्रगेद he or it might attach itself or have recourse to; 3d sin. pot. of rt श्रि to serve, with सा, ist cl.

আপ্রিনা nom. sin. f. of আপ্রিন m. f. n. having resorted to, standing upon; past p. p. of rt প্রি with আ, see 896. a.

স্থাস্থান্য comfort thou, console thou; 2d sin. imp. of rt স্থান্য in caus. with স্থা.

সামাধন encourage ye, comfort ye; 2d pl. imp. of rt স্থাধ্ in caus. with সা, 481. In Book XII. 59, the plural seems used out of respect, or, as the Scholiast observes, from confusion and agitation of mind.

आश्वासयद for आश्वासयत he consoled, he comforted, he caused to breathe; 3d sin. impf. of rt श्वस in caus. with आ, 481.

श्चाम्बासयन्ती nom. sin. f. of श्चाम्बासयत् m.f.n. comforting, consoling; pres. p. See last.

श्चाम्यासयास thou consolest; 2d sin. pres.

স্থান্ত্যান্দ্ৰবাদি I (will) console; 1st sin. pres. স্থান্ত্ৰান্ধ having consoled, having cheered; past ind. p. of rt স্থান্ in caus. with স্থা.

आसं I was; 1st sin. impf. of rt अस् 584.

आसते they sit, they remain; 3d pl. pres. of rt आस् 2d cl. 317, 292.

स्नासनेभ्य: abl. pl. of सासनn. a seat, 1st cl. 104. सासनेषु loc. pl. of सासन n. a seat, 1st cl. 104.

श्राससाद he approached, he came to, he found; 3d sin. perf. of rt सह with श्रा, 375. a, 559. a.

ज्ञासाद्यद् for ज्ञासाद्यत् he or she approached or arrived at; 3d sin. impf. of rt सद with जा, 10th cl. 283.

खासादिता nom. sin. f. of खासादित m. f. n. met with, found.

with a having arrived at, having reached, having gone near to, having met with, having found, having experienced; past ind. p. of rt सह in caus. with आ, 599. a, 566.

जासीह for जासीत he or it was, there was; 3d sin. impf. of rt जस् 584.

सामीन् for सामीत्. See last.

षासीना: nom. pl. m. of षासीन m. f. n. sitting, seated; pres. p. átm. of rt षास् 526. a.

चास्ते he or she sits; 3d sin. pres. átm. of rt चास् 2d cl. 317.

षास्याय having recourse to, having made use of; past ind. p. See next.

सास्यास्यित he or she will perform, will engage in, will observe; 3d sin. 2d fut. of rt स्या with सा, 587.

ज्ञास्यास्ये I shall have recourse to, I will make use of; Ist sin. 2d fut. átm. of rt स्या with जा, 587.

स्थातम् acc. sin. m. of सास्थित m. f. n. standing on; past p. p. of rt स्था with सा, 533, 896. a.

आस्यताम् let it be sat down; 3d sin. pres. of rt जास in pass. 463.

মার he said; 3d sin. perf. of defective root মার, see 384. b.

আहती nom. sin. of आहतृ m. an offerer, one who offers or performs a sacrifice; agt. of rt ह with आ, 4th cl. 127.

ষাইন্ত্ৰ to bring, to take away, to cause, to be taken up, to be picked up; inf. of rt ই with ষা. (N.B. The root মৃষ্ in pass. gives a pass. sense to the infinitive.)

ज्ञाहवे loc. sin. of जाहव m. battle, war.

साहित: nom. sin. m. of साहित. See last.

साहितम् nom. sin. n. of साहित m. f. n. placed, deposited, made, undertaken; past p. p. of rt धा with सा, 533.

आहुस they spoke, they said; 3d pl. perf. of defective root आह, see 384. b.

आहूय having challenged; past ind. p. of rt दे to call, with आ, 562. a.

षाहते loc. sin. n. of स्नाहत m. f. n. brought; past p. p. of rt ह with सा.

स्राह्म having taken away; past ind. p. of rt ह with सा, 560.

चाहेदं for चाह इदं by 32.

आहोसिद for आहोसित ind. a particle implying doubt.

आह्वादयते he or it rejoices; 3d sin. pres. átm. of rt ह्वाइ in caus. with आ, 481.

स्राह्म acc. sin. of सहान n. a challenge, (lit. calling to,) 1st cl. 104.

# ₹.

इক্ষাকুনুন nom. sin. m. born in the family of Ikshváku; (comp. of হক্ষাকু cr. Ikshváku, the first prince of the Solar dynasty, কুল cr. family, and ন m. f. n. born, see 580. b.

হদ্ধিন ins. pl. of হদ্ধিন n. a gesture, hint. হত্তনি he or she wishes; 3d sin. pres. of rt হ্য 6th cl. 637.

इन्छिनि they desire, they wish; 3d pl. pres.

इच्छिमि thou wishest; 2d sin. pres. See next.

इन्डामि I wish, I desire; 1st sin. pres. of rt इप् 6th cl. 637.

इच्छेपास thou mayest wish; 2d sin. pot. of rt इप् 6th cl. 637.

इतः hence, from hence. See इतस्.

इतश्रेतश्र ind. hither and thither, here and there, for इतस् च इतस् च by 62 and 32.

इतस ind. from hence, hence, here, hither, 719. इतसत: ind. hither and thither, here and there; (comp. of इतस and ततस.)

इति ind. so, thus, to this effect, so saying, 717. e, 927.

इतो for इतस् ind. from hence.

इत्यथोचुस् for इति अथ जचुस् by 34 and 32.

इदं nom. or acc. sin. n. of इदं m. f. n. this. इन्दो gen. sin. of इन्दु m. the moon.

इन्द्रपुरोगमा: preceded or led on by Indra, having Indra as their leader; इन्द्र cr. Indra, पुरोगमा: nom. pl. of पुरोगम m. a leader, 761. See next.

इन्द्रलोकम् TAT. or DEP. comp. 743; इन्द्र cr. Indra, लोकम acc. sin. of लोक m. the world, 1st cl. 103. The god Indra takes a very important position in each of the three periods of Hindú mythology. the Vedic period he is the great Being who inhabits the firmament, guides the winds and clouds, dispenses rain, and hurls the thunderbolt. In the Epic period he is a principal deity, taking precedence of Agni, Varuna, and Yama. In the Puránic period he is still a chief deity, only inferior in rank to the great Triad, Brahmá, Vishņu, and Siva. His heaven is called Svarga or Indraloka; his pleasure-garden or elysium नन्दन; his city (sometimes placed on Mount Meru, the Olympus of the Greeks) अमरावती; his palace वैजयना; his horse उच्चै: प्रवस्; his charioteer मातिल; his thunderbolt वज्र; his elephant ऐरावत; his bow (the rainbow) शक्रधनुस.

इन्द्रसेनं acc. sin. of इन्द्रसेन m. Indrasena, son of Nala and Damayantí, 1st cl. 103. इन्द्रसेनस्य gen. sin. See last.

इन्द्रसेनां acc. sin. of इन्द्रसेना f. Indrasená, daughter of Nala and Damayantí, ist cl.

105.

इन्द्रियाणां gen. pl. of इन्द्रिय n. an organ of sense.

इन्द्रों for इन्द्रस् nom. sin. of इन्द्र m. Indra, the god of the atmosphere.

इमं this; acc. sin. m. of इदं, (nom. अयं.) इमां this; acc. sin. f. of इदं, (nom. इयं.) इमानि these; acc. pl. n. of इदं.

इमे these; nom. pl. m. of इदं, (nom. अयं.)

इयम् she; nom. sin. f. of इदं 224. इयेम he desired, he wished; 3d sin. perf. of rt इप् 367.

इव ind. like, as, as if, as it were. इवाचलम् for इव अचलम् by 31.

इवाभेषु for इव अभेषु by 31.

इवार्केश for इव सर्केश by 31.

इवासते for इव आसते by 31.

इवैकाम् for इव एकाम् by 33.

इवोत्यितम् for इव उत्थितम् by 32.

इवोडृताम् for इव उडृताम् by 32. इवोरगा: for इव उरगा: by 32.

इपुभि: ins. pl. of इपु m. an arrow.

₹₹ m.f.n. desired, wished, desirable, excellent, choice; past p. p. of rt ₹₹ 539.

इष्टं acc. sin. m. of इष्ट m. f. n. desired, beloved. See last.

इप्टा nom. sin. f. of इप्ट m. f. n. beloved. इप्टां acc. sin. f. of इप्ट beloved, q. v.

इप्टे for इप्टेस ins. pl. of इप्ट, q.v.; ais to air, and r dropped by 65. a.

इष्ट्रा having sacrificed; past ind. p. of यज् 556, 597.

इह ind. here, 717. g.

इहागत: nom. sin. m. come or arrived hither; (from इह, q. v., and ञ्चागत come.)

इहागतम् for इह ञ्चागतम्. See above.

इहागताम् for इह जागताम्. See above.

इहानेतुं for इह ज्ञानेतुं by 31.

इहाभवत् for इह अभवत् by 31.

इहेन्क्रिस for इह इन्क्रीस by 32.

इहैव for इह एव by 33.

इहोत्सहे for इह जत्सहे by 32.

# 훅.

ईदागाम् acc. sin. f. from ईदाग n. an eye. ईने he sacrificed; 3d sin. perf. átm. of rt यन, see 375. e.

ईदृश for ईदृशस m. f. n. such as this, such-like, 234.

ईदृशम् nom. or acc. sin. n. of ईदृश m. f. n. such, such as this, see 234.

ईट्सी: ins. pl. m. of ईट्स m. f. n. such-like. इप्सित: nom. sin. of ईप्सित m. f. n. desired, wished for; past p. p. of rt आप to obtain, in des. form, 550, 503.

ईप्सिताम् acc. sin. f. of ईप्सित. See last.

ईप्सितो nom.sin.m. desired, admired. See last.

ईयिवान् he went; nom. sin. m. of ईियवस् participle of perf. of rt इ 554, 645.

\$fta: nom. sin. m. of \$fta m. f. n. sent forth, uttered; past p. p. of rt \$\xi\$ 538.

ईरितम् nom. sin. n. said, uttered. See last. ईशं acc. sin. of ईश m. a lord.

- ইম্মা voc. sin. of ইম্মা m. a lord, a master, ist cl. 103.

ईप्रराणाम् gen. pl. of ईप्रर, q.v.

#### उ.

বন্ধ m.f.n. addressed, spoken, spoken to; past p. p. of rt বৰ 543, 650.

उक्तं nom. sin. n. of उक्त spoken, spoken to.

उक्तमाते on merely being uttered, immediately on being uttered; उक्त cr. uttered, spoken, माते loc. sin. of मात n. mere; see 919 and 840.

उक्तवती she spoke, nom. sin. f. of उक्तवत् m.f.n. who has spoken; past. act. p. of rt वच् 553.

उक्तवान् nom. sin. of उक्तवत् m.f.n. See last.

उत्तम् nom. sin. m. spoken to, addressed. See last.

उक्तस्य gen. sin. of उक्त addressed.

उत्ता nom. sin. f. of उत्त. See last.

उत्ताः for उत्तास् nom. pl. m. addressed.

उक्तास् nom. pl. m. addressed.

उक्ते on being addressed, on being spoken to; loc. sin.

उक्तो nom. sin. m. addressed.

বন্ধা having said, having spoken; ind. p. of rt বৰ 556, 650.

उग्रभासनः strict in his orders, BAH. or REL. COMP. 766; उग्र cr. severe, भासनः nom. sin. m. from भासन n. an order, command, 1st cl. 108.

उचिता nom. sin. f. of उचित m.f. n. accustomed, usual, well-known, (governing the genitive case at Book XXIII. 22.)

उचे: for उचेस ind.loudly,in a loud voice,714. उचेर् for उचेस ind. loud, loudly. See last.

उच्छिष्टं acc. sin. n. that which is left, the leavings (of food); from rt शिष् with उत्.

उच्छोषणम् acc. sin. n. of उच्छोपण m. f. n. that which dries or parches up; (उत् शुप् in caus.)

जिस्त्रते: ins. pl. of उस्त्रित m. f. n. lofty, high, 1st cl. 103.

उचाते it is called; 3d sin. pres. of rt वच in pass.

उत् prep. up, above, upwards, on, upon.

उत ind. an expletive, a redundant particle. उताहो interrog. p. or whether?

उताहोखिद् ind. or whether, (a particle of doubt or deliberation.)

उत्तमं acc. sin. m. or n. of उत्तम m. f. n. excellent.

उत्तमः nom. sin. m. of उत्तम excellent, fine.

उत्तमगन्धाद्धाः possessing abundantly the most delicate scent or delicious fragrance, Complex comp., see 772. a; उत्तम cr. best, गन्ध cr. fragrance, आद्धाः nom. pl. f. of आद्धाः m. f. n. abounding in, rich, possessing abundantly.

उत्तरं acc. sin. of उत्तर n. an answer.

उत्तरनं acc. sin. m. of उत्तरत् m. f. n. crossing over, passing, going over; pres. p. of rt तृ to cross, with उत्.

उत्तराम् acc. sin. f. of उत्तर m. f. n. northern, northerly.

उत्तरीयम् acc. sin. of उत्तरीय n. an upper garment.

उत्तस्यों he or she stood up; 3d sin. perf. of rt स्था with उत्, 587, 783. j.

Dd 2

- ব্যারপ্ত rise thou up, arise thou; 2d sin. imp. of rt स्था with उत्.
- उत्यित: nom. sin. m. arisen; past p. p. of rt स्या with उत्, 533, 783. j.
- उत्यितम् acc. sin. m. of उत्थित m. f. n. rising or towering over. See last.
- उत्पत्ते she springs up; 3d sin. pres. átm. of rt पत् with उत्, 1st cl. 261.
- उत्पततो acc. pl. m. of उत्पतत् m. f. n. flying upwards, flying onwards. See next.
- उत्पतन्त: nom. pl. m. of उत्पतत् m. f. n. flying upwards; pres. p. of rt पत with उत्, 524.
- उत्सर्गे loc. sin. of उत्सर्गे m. abandonment, 1st cl. 103.
- उत्संपति he or it rises up or becomes elongated; 3d sin. pres. of rt मृप with उत,
- उत्समर्जे he released, he let go; 3d sin. perf. of rt सूज with prep. उत्, 625.
- उत्सहते he is able, he endures, he bears up; 3d sin. pres. See next.
- उत्सह I am able, I shall be able, I can endure, (equivalent in Book IV. 15, 16, to can I dare (to plead)?) 1st sin. pres. átm. of rt सह with उत्, 611. a.
- उत्साद्यनो they are subverted, they are destroyed; 3d pl. pres. of rt सह in pass. with 37.
- उत्सुका: nom. pl. m. of उत्सुक m.f.n. eager for, anxiously expecting, (governing the locative case in Book XXI. 7.)
- उत्सन्ध having abandoned, having cast off, having released, having let go, having shed; past ind. p. of rt मृज् with उत्, 559.
- उत्मृष्टवान् nom. sin. m. of उत्मृष्टवत् m. f. n. who has let fall, who has shed (as tears); past act. p. of rt मृज् with उत्.
- उत्सृष्टा nom. sin. f. of उत्सृष्ट m. f. n. left, abandoned, cast off, let go.
- उत्सप्तामं acc. sin. m. wishing to let go, wishing to put down; (comp. of उत्सर्

- for उत्प्रम् inf. of rt सूज with उत्, 625, and काम, see 871.)
- उदके nom. sin. of उदक n. water.
- उदकेस nom. sin. m. future time, 1st cl. 103. उदकें loc. sin. of उदके m. future, future time.
- उदार: for उदारस nom. sin. m. of उदार
- m.f. n. noble, generous, 1st cl. 103.
- उदारान् acc. pl. See last.
- उदाहतम् nom. sin. n. of उदाहत m. f. n. related, declared; past p. p. of rt & with षा and उत्, 532, 593.
- उदितेन ins. sin. m. of उदित m. f. n. risen; past p. p. of rt इ with उत्, 532.
- उद्भिष ind. pointing at, with reference to,
- उड़ताम् acc. sin. f. of उड़त m. f. n. torn up, uprooted; past p. p. of rt ह with उत, 50, 783. j.
- उद्यतः nom. sin. of उद्यत m. f. n. eager, in earnest, prepared.
- उद्यता: nom. pl. of उद्यत m. f. n. prepared,
- उद्दमन् nom. sin. m. of उद्दमत् m.f. n. vomiting up; pres. p. of rt वम् with उत्, 524.
- उद्विजिस thou fearest; 2d sin. pres. of rt विज् with उत्, 6th cl. 278. This verb governs the ablative case, see 855.
- उद्वेजते trembles; 3d sin. pres. átm. of rt चिज् with उत्, 1st cl. This rt is generally in the 6th cl.; see last.
- उद्वेपते trembles, is agitated; 3d sin. pres. átm. of rt वेप with उद, 1st cl. 261.
- उन्मतं acc. sin. m. of उन्मत्त m. f. n. mad.
- उन्मत्तद्शेना Bah. or Rel. comp. 767; उन्मत्त cr. mad, maniac-like, दशैना nom. sin. f. from दशैन n. aspect, 108.
- उन्मत्ररूपा Bah. or Rel. comp. 766; उन्मत्त cr. a maniac, हपा nom. sin. f. from Eq n. form, 108.
- उन्मत्तवह ind. like one mad, as if mad, like a maniac; (comp. of उत्सन्न mad, and affix चत्, see 724.)

उन्मन्नवेशा BAH. OR REL. COMP. 767; उन्मन्न cr. mad, a maniac, वेशा nom. sin. f. from वेश m. a dress, garb, 108.

उन्मता nom. sin. f. of उन्मत m.f. n. mad.

उन्मतां acc. sin. f. of उन्मत्त m. f. n. mad.

उन्मत्तेव for उन्मत्ता इव by 32.

उन्मुखा for उन्मुखास nom. pl. m. of उन्मुख m. f. n. looking upwards, raising their faces upwards.

34 prep. to, towards, near, with.

उपकित्यता: nom. pl. m. of उपकित्यत m. f. n. prepared, made ready; past p. p. of rt कूप with उप, 538.

उपगच्छति he comes to, he returns to; 3d sin. pres. of rt गम् with उप, 602.

उपगम्य having approached, having gone up to or near; past ind. p. of rt गम् with उप, 602, 559.

उपचक्रमे he or she endeavoured or attempted; 3d sin. perf. átm. of rt क्रम् with उप, 364.

उपचर्य having groomed or tended (the horses); past ind. p. of rt चा with उप, 559.

उपतस्थे he approached, he went to; 3d sin. perf. dtm. of rt स्था with उप, 373.

उपतिष्ठति he or she goes near, or she stays with; 3d sin. pres. of rt स्था with उप, 587.

उपदेख्यामि I will instruct or shew; 1st sin. 2d fut. of rt दिश् with उप, 411, 583,

उपपद्यते it is becoming, it is fitting; 3d sin. pres. átm. of rt पद् with उप, 4th cl.

उपपन्नं obtained, offered; acc. sin. n. See

उपपन्ना nom. sin. f. of उपपन्न m. f. n. obtained, gained.

उपपन्नान् acc. pl. m. See next and last.

उपपन्नो endowed with, nom. sin. m. of उपपन्न m. f. n.; past p. p. of पद with उप, 540.

उपपादयन् inferring, proving, establishing; pres. p. of rt पद्ध in caus. with उप, 525.

उपयरों he went, he went near, he returned, he entered upon, he undertook; 3d sin. perf. of rt या with उप, 644.

उपरतं acc. sin. m. of उपरत m. f. n. withdrawn or retired from.

उपर ind. above, over, upon, towards, 917.

उपलिखात: nom. sin. of उपलिखात m. f. n. seen, observed; past p. p. of rt लख with उप, 538.

उपलप्स्यसे thou wilt obtain, thou wilt recover; 2d sin. 2d fut. átm. of rt लभ् with उप, 601.

उपलभ्य having comprehended, having observed, having perceived; past ind. p. of rt लभ् with उप, 559.

उपलभ्येदं for उपलभ्य इदं by 32.

उपयनेषु loc. pl. of उपयन n. a grove, 1st cl. 104.

उपविष्टं acc. sin. m. of उपविष्ट m. f. n. sitting down, seated; past p. p. of rt विश् with उप.

उपविष्टो nom. sin. of उपविष्ट m. f. n. seated.

उपशिक्षित nom. sin. f. of उपशिक्षित m. f. n. learned, studied; past p. p. of rt शिष्य with उप, 538.

उपशोभितं acc. sin.m. or n. adorned. See next.

उपशोभितां acc. sin. f. of उपशोभित m. f. n. adorned, beautified; past p. p. of rt शुभ with उप, 538.

उपसंस्कृतम् acc. sin. n. of उपसंस्कृत m. f. n. cooked, dressed; past p. p. of rt कृ with सं and उप, 783. s.

उपसम्प्राप्य having arrived at; past ind. p. of rt आप with सम् and उप, 559.

उपसर्णे having approached, for उपसृष्ण; past ind. p. of rt सृष् with उप, 564.

उपस्पास्थतञ्च they two shall stay with, they two shall attend upon; 3d du. 2d fut. of rt स्पा with उप, 587.

उपस्यास्पति he or she shall stand near; 3d sin. 2d fut. of rt स्था with उप, 587.

उपस्थित: nom. sin. m. of उपस्थित m. f. n. arrived, approached, standing or remaining near; past p. p. of rt स्था with उप, 533.

उपस्थितम् nom. sin. n. of उपस्थित. See last.

उपस्थितां acc. sin. f. See उपस्थितः.

उपस्पृश्य having sipped water; past ind. p. of rt स्पृश् with उप. The verb उपस्पृश् means properly 'to touch,' and is applied to sipping water as part of the ceremony of purification. In the Mitákshara, on the subject of personal purification, the direction is द्विजो नित्यम् उपस्पृशेत् 'let the twice-born man (after evacuations) always perform the upasparśa; 'i.e. says the commentator, आचमेत् 'let him sip water.' According to Professor Wilson the sense of the passage in Book VII. 4 is 'that Nala sat down to evening prayer (as Manu directs, "he who repeats it sitting at evening twilight &c.") after performing his purifications and sipping water, but without having washed his feet; such ablution being necessary, not because they had been soiled, but because such an act is also part of the rite of purification.'

उपाकतुँ to bestow, to make over; inf. of rt कृ with उप and जा, 459.

उपागमत् he or it approached; 3d sin. aor. of rt गम् with उप, 602.

उपागम्य having approached, having gone near or towards; past ind. p. of rt गम् with उप and আ, 602, 559.

उपातिष्ठद् he went to, he approached; 3d sin. impf. of rt स्था with उप, 587.

उपादाय taking, having taken; past ind. p. of rt दा with उप and आ, 559, 783. i.

उपानयत् he brought, he brought nigh; 3d sin. impf. of rt नो with उप, 590. a.

उपायञ् nom. sin. m. a stratagem, plan.

उपायेन ins. sin. of उपाय m. a contrivance, plan, device, means.

उपायो for उपायस nom. sin. of उपाय m. a plan, contrivance, remedy, 1st cl. 103.

उपाविश्वत् he sat down; 3d sin. impf. of rt , विश्व with उप, 6th cl. 278. उपासितुम् to wait upon, to do homage; inf. of rt आस to sit, with उप near, 459.

उपेतं acc. sin. m. of उपेत m. f. n. come near to, united, endowed with.

उपेयतु: they two arrived at, they two came to; 3d du. perf. of rt इ with उप.

चपेयिवान् he had recourse to, he went to; nom. sin. m. of उपेयिवस् m. f. n. participle of perf. of rt इ with उप, see 554, 645.

उपेद्यत he or she overlooked, he or she looked on; 3d sin. impf. átm. of rt ईख् with उप, 1st cl. 605.

उभयं nom. sin. n. of उभय m. f. n. both, 238. कस्माइ उभयं नष्टं तव why have both (the circumstances before mentioned) been forgotten by you? i. e. the abandoning of your wife in the forest, and the leaving her unsupported.

उभयोर gen. du. f. of उभय m. f. n. both.

ਤਮੀ acc. du. m. of ਤਮ m. f. n. both.

उरमा: nom. pl. of उरम m. a snake, a serpent, 1st cl. 103.

उरगेण ins. sin. of उरम m. a serpent, a snake.

उरगेणायतेष्यणाम् for उरगेण ज्ञायतेष्यणाम्. उज्ञिलद्भिरं ins. pl. n. of उज्ञिलत् m. f. n.

soaring upwards, lit. making lines or marks on high; pres. p. par. of rt কিন্তু with বন্, 524.

उवाच he spoke, he said; 3d sin. perf. of rt वच् 375. c, 650.

उवाचाय for उवाच अथ.

उवाचानवद्याङ्गीं for उवाच अनवद्याङ्गीं by 31.

उवाचासकृद् for उवाच समकृद्.

जवाचेदं for जवाच इदं by 32.

उवास he, she or it lodged or dwelt or encamped; 3d sin. perf. of rt वस् 375. c, 607.

उपितस् nom. sin. m. of उपित m. f. n. resided. See next.

उपिता nom. sin. f. of उपित m. f. n. dwelt;
past p. p. of rt वस् 543, 607; उपिता
श्रस्सि I have dwelt, see 895.

उपितो nom. sin. of उपित m. f. n. dwelt. (In Book IX. 10 he abided, see 896.)

उप्मणा ins. sin. of उप्मन् m. heat, 6th cl. 147.

उप्प having resided, having dwelt; past ind. p. of rt वस्, see 565 and 556 note.

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जनु: they said; 3d pl. perf. of rt वन्. See उवानः

जनुस् they said; 3d pl. perf. See last.

কলৈ ind. after; (অন কলি after this, from this time forward, henceforth, see 917, 719.)

जध्वेदृष्टिर् BAH. OR REL. COMP. 766; जध्वे cr. upwards, दृष्टिर् nom. sin. f. of दृष्टि f. a look, 2d cl. 112.

कपतुर they two passed the night, (lit. they two lodged;) 3d du. perf. of rt वस् 375. c.

# च्यु ∙

मुध्यनतं acc. sin. of मुध्यनत् m. Rikshavat, name of a mountain, lit. bear-having; (from मुध्य a bear, and चन्, affix, of possession.) The mountain of bears is part of the Vindhya chain, separating Malwa from Khandesh and Berár.

मृद्यांश् for मुद्यान् acc. pl. of मृद्य m. a bear, ist cl. 103.

मुळ्ति goes to; 3d sin. pres. of rt मृ (substituting मृळ्), 1st cl. 261.

सृतां acc. sin. f. of सृत m. f.n. true, 1st cl. 187. सृतुपर्णे voc. sin. m. O Rituparņa. See next. सृतुपर्णे acc. sin. of सृतुपर्णे m. Rituparņa, name of a king of Ayodhyá.

चृतुपर्णिनिवेशने Тат. or Dep. comp. 743; चृतुपर्णे Rituparna, निवेशने loc. sin. of निवेशन n. dwelling, abode.

भृतुपर्णस्य gen. sin. of भृतुपर्ण m. Rituparņa. भृतुपर्णाय dat. sin. of भृतुपर्ण m. Rituparņa. भृतुपर्णे loc. sin. of भृतुपर्ण m. Rituparņa. भृतुपर्णेन ins. sin. of भृतुपर्ण m. Rituparņa, भृतुपर्णे nom. sin. m. Rituparņa, name of a

king.

सृते ind. except, besides, without; governing accusative case, 731.

मृद्धं acc. sin. n. of मृद्ध m. f. n. prosperous, thriving, rich.

सृद्धां acc. sin. f. of सृद्ध m. f. n. rich. (In Book XII. 59 applied to the sound of Nala's voice.)

चुपिसत्तमौ TAT. OR DEP. COMP. 743; सृपि cr. a sage, सत्तमौ nom. du. m. of सत्तम m. f. n. best, most excellent, superl. of सत् good, 191.

कृपीन acc. pl. of कृपि m. a sage, a saint, a holy man.

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एक cr. m. f. n. one, 200, 239.

एक for एकस् nom. sin. of एक m. f. n. one.

एकं nom. sin. n. or acc. sin. m. of एक one,

एक: for एकस् one. See एक.

एकतः for एकतस् ind. on one side, on one part.

एकतरे loc. sin. n. of एकतर m. f. n. one of two, 236.

रकतो for रकतस् ind. in one manner, on . one side, 719.

एकत ind. in one, in one place, together.

एकदेशं acc. sin. of एकदेश m. one part.

रकपाणेन ins. sin. m. in one game, in a single wager or stake; (comp. of एक one, and पाण stake.)

एकवसनं acc. sin. m. having only one garment; (comp. of एक cr. one, and वसन a garment, 761.)

एकवसना nom. sin. f. having only one robe. See last

एकवस्त्रताम् acc. sin. of एकवस्त्रता f. state of having a single garment; (from एक cr. one, and वस्त्रता abstract noun, 80. XXIII.)

एकचस्त्रसंचीताच् for एकचस्त्रसंचीतौ Com-PLEX COMP. 771; एक cr. one, चस्त्र cr. garment, संचीताच् nom. du. of संचीत m. f. n. clothed. एकवस्त्रा Bah. or Rel. comp. 761; एक cr. one, वस्त्रा nom. sin. f. from वस्त्र n. a garment, vest, 1st cl. 108.

एकवस्त्रार्थसंची तं clothed in half a single garment, Complex comp. 771; एक cr. one, वस्त्र cr. vestment, अर्थ cr. a half, संवीतं acc. sin. m. clothed.

एकवासा for एकवासास् (66. a) nom. sin. m. wearing a single garment, BAH. OR REL. COMP. 766; एक cr. single, वासा nom. sin. m. from वासस् n. a vest, see 164. a.

रकविंशतितमः nom. sin. m. twenty-first, 211. रकस्य gen. sin. m. of एक m. f. n. one, 200. रकस्यापि for रकस्य अपि by 31.

एকা nom. sin. f. of एक m. f. n. one, alone. एको acc. sin. f. of एक m. f. n. single, alone, solitary.

रकाकिनी nom. sin. f. of रकाकिन् m. f. n. alone, solitary, 6th cl. 159.

रकाद्शः nom. sin. m. eleventh, see 210.

एकानो ind. in private, secretly, 716.

रकार्यसमुपेतं Complex comp. 771; एक cr. one, one and the same, अर्थ cr. object, समुपेतं acc. sin. of समुपेत m. f. n. come, arrived, 1st cl. 103; past p. p. of rt इ with उप and सम्.

रकाहा ins. sin. n. in one day; (comp. of एक one, and घहन् n. a day, see 156.) एकेन ins. sin. m. or n. of एक one, alone. एकेक शस् ind. one by one, singly.

रको nom. sin. m. of एक m.f. n. one.

रतज् for एतत् this; nom. sin. n.

रतत् m. f. n. this; nom. or acc. sin. n.

रतह for रतत् this; acc. sin. n. रतद्यम् on this account, for this cause;

एतद्यम् on this account, for this cause (comp. of एतद् and अर्थ 760. d.)

रतमा with her; ins. sin. f. of एतत् 223. एतस्मिन् in this, at this; loc. sin. of रतत् this, 223.

रतिसन् for रतिसन् in this, at this (52). रतों this; acc. sin. f. of रतत. स्तान् them, these; acc. pl. m. of स्तत्, q.v. स्तानि these; acc. pl. n. of स्तत्, q. v. स्ताभ्यां with these two; ins. du. of स्तत् 223. स्ताभ्यां with these two; an extent, 234, 713. a.

स्तावह nom. sin. n. of स्तावत् m. f. n. thus much, so much, 234.

रतावान् nom. sin. m. of रतावत् m.f. n. thus much, so much.

एति he goes; 3d sin. pres. of rt इ 2d cl.

रते these; nom. pl. m. of रतत्, q. v.

स्तेन by him; ins. sin. m. or n. of स्तत्, q. v.

रती these two; acc. du. m. of रतत्.

एनं him; acc. sin. m. of एतत् 223.

रनां her; acc. sin. f. from nom. एषा. See रतत् 223.

रनाम् her; acc. sin. f. See last.

स्व ind. also, even, indeed, very, in like manner.

एवं ind. thus, so, in this manner, 717. c.

एवंडपं acc. sin. m. of एवंडप m. f. n. of such a form, of such a kind as this ; (comp. of एवं ind. such, and डप n. form, 1st cl. 103.)

एवङ्गता nom. sin. f. of एवङ्गत m. f. n. in such a state, fallen into such a condition; (comp. of एवं so, and गत, q. v.)

रवङ्गताम् acc. sin. f. of एवंगत m. f. n. in such a state, in such a condition as this.

एवजुर्ण having such good qualities, possessing such virtues; (comp. of एवं ind. so, and गुण m. a quality, a virtue.)

स्वमप्पमुखाविष्टा for स्वम् अपि अमुखाविष्टा. स्वमादीनि acc. pl. n. such-like, lit. beginning thus; see 764.

स्वाभिधास्यामि for स्व ऋभिधास्यामि by 31. स्वाभिभाषन्तो for स्व ऋभिभाषनो by 31. स्वाभ्यभाषत for स्व ऋभ्यभाषत.

रम for रमस् he, this; nom. sin. m. of रतत्, q.v. रमां of them, of these; gen. pl. of रतत्, q.v. रमों for रमस् he, this; nom. sin. m. रमति he will go to; 3d sin. 2d fut. of rt इ

645.

efe come; 2d sin. imp. of rt इ with স্বা, see 311. a.

रे.

रेकामं acc. sin. n. attention, close attention to one object.

रेड्य he wished, he desired; 3d sin. impf. of rt इप् 637.

रेश्वर्षे nom. sin. n. supremacy, kingdom, dominion.

ऐम्बर्यात् abl. sin. of ऐम्बर्य n. kingdom, 1st cl. 104.

जाै.

ष्प्रीपधं nom. sin. of स्रीपध n. a medicine.

죰.

कं whom? acc. sin. m. of कि.

कः who? nom. sin. m. of किं.

कचित interrog. whether? See next.

कचिद्ध for कचित् ind. an interrogative particle, equivalent to Latin an, whether? 717. b.

कचन acc. sin. m. of कश्चन m. f. n. any, 229.

कतरन् for कतरन् (47) nom. sin. n. which of two things? whether of the twain? 236.

कायसे thou boastest; 2d sin. pres. átm. of rt काय 1st cl. 261.

कर्ण ind. how? in what manner?

कपञ्चन ind. any how, by any means, 230.

कथपध्वं tell, say, relate; 2d pl. imp. átm. of rt कथ 286. a, 643.

कथमन् nom. sin. m. of कथमन् m. f. n. talking, speaking; pres. p. of rt कथ् 10th cl.

कथयनों acc. sin. f. of कथयत् m. f. n. speaking, talking. See last.

क्यमनी nom. du. m.of क्यमन m.f.n. relating.

कथयान: nom. sin. m. of कथयान m.f. n. telling, speaking; pres. p. átm. of rt कथ्, see 527.

क्ययामास he or she said or told; 3d sin. 2d pret. of rt क्य 10 cl. 643.

कर्णायप्यन्ति they will relate; 3d pl. 2d fut. of rt कप् 10th cl.

क्यियामि I will speak of, I will tell of; 1st sin. 2d fut. of rt कथ्.

क्यपेंद्र he can tell, he may tell; 3d sin. pot. of rt कथ.

कथाने TAT. OR DEP. COMP. 743; कथा cr. conversation, अने loc. sin. of अन m. n. end.

किंघतं nom. sin. n. of किंघत m. f. n. told, related; past p. p. of rt क्य 538.

कथिता nom. sin. f. of कथित. See last.

कय्यमाने being said; loc. sin. n. of कथ्यमान pres. p. pass. of rt कथ्.

कदा ind. when ?

कदाचन ind. at some time or other, ever.

कदाचिद्ध for कदाचित् ind. at some time or other, perchance, 230.

कदाचिन् for कदाचित्. See last.

कनकसम्भरुचिरं TAT. OR DEP. COMP. 745; कनक cr. gold, स्तम्भ column, रुचिरं acc. sin. m. of रुचिर shining, beautiful, 1st cl. 103.

कन्दरांश् for कन्दरान् (53) acc. pl. of कन्दर m. a ravine, a glen.

कन्दपे for कन्दपेस nom. sin. of कन्दपे the god of love or Hindú cupid. He is also called Káma and Kámadeva, Manmatha or heart-agitator, Manasija or heart-born, Ananga or the bodiless. He was the son of Vishnu or Krishna by Lakshmí, who is then called Máyá or Rukminí. According to another account, he was produced in the heart of Brahmá. He is usually represented as a handsome youth, sometimes riding on a parrot and attended by nymphs, one of whom bears his banner, which consists of a fish (makara). Endeavouring to influence Siva with love for his wife Párvatí, he discharged an arrow at him, but Siva, enraged, reduced him to ashes by a beam of fire darted from his central eye. Hence his name, Ananga. His bow is made of

flowers, with a string formed of bees and five arrows, each tipped with the blossom of a flower which is devoted to a separate sense.

कन्यकाम् acc. sin. of कन्यका f. a girl, 1st cl. 105. कन्या f. a maiden, a girl, 1st cl. 105.

कन्यां acc. sin. of कन्या f. a maiden, a daughter.

कन्यारतं acc. sin. of कन्यारत n. a jewel of a damsel, a lovely girl; (comp. of कन्या cr. a maiden, and रत n. a gem.)

कन्यास् nom. pl. of कन्या f. a maiden, q. v.

कमलगर्भाभम् acc. sin. m. bright as the lotuscup; (comp. of कमल cr. lotus, गर्भ cr. cup, and আম m.f. n. from আমা f. light, beauty, 775. a.)

कमले घ्रणा BAH. OR REL. COMP. 766; कमल er. lotus, ईघ्रणा nom. sin. f. from ईघ्रण n. an eye, see 108.

कम्पयन् for कम्पयन् (52) nom. sin. m. of कम्पयन् m. f. n. shaking, causing to tremble; pres. p. of कम्प in caus. 527.

करवाणि I must do, I can do; ist sin. imp.
of rt कृ 682; किं करवाणि what can I do?
(properly, let me do?) see 796.

करवामहै we must do, let us do; 1st pl. imp. átm. of rt कृ 683.

करिणां gen. pl. of करिन् m. an elephant, 6th cl. 159.

करिष्य for करिष्ये I will do, I will perform; 1st sin. 2d fut. átm. of rt क 683.

करिप्पति he will do, he will perform; 3d sin. 2d fut. par. of rt कृ.

करिष्पिस thou wilt do; 2d sin. 2d fut.of rt कृ.

करिष्मामि I will do, I will perform; 3d sin. 2d fut. of rt क.

करणम् ind. piteously, 713.

कर्णम् acc. sin. n. of कर्ण m.f. n. piteous, Ist cl. 187.

करें: ins. pl. of कर m. an elephant's trunk. करोमि I perform, I (will) do; 1st sin. pres. of rt  $\overline{q}$  682; (present with future signification 873.)

कर्काटकं acc. sin. of कर्काटक m. Karkoṭaka, the name of a Nága or serpent.

कर्कोटकियाँ TAT. OR DEP. COMP. 743; कर्कोटक cr. Karkoṭaka, विषं acc. sin. of विष n. poison.

कर्नोटको nom. sin. m. See कर्नोटकं.

कर्णिकारधवप्रदेश DVAN. OR AGG. COMP. 748; कर्णिकार cr. the Karņikára-tree, धव cr. the Dhava-tree, Grislea tomentosa, प्रदेश ins. pl. of মহা m. the Plaksha, a kind of fig-tree.

कर्तिच्यं nom. sin. n. of कर्तिच्य m. f. n. to be done; fut. pass. p. of rt कृ 569.

कहाँ स्मि I will make; 1st sin. 1st fut. of rt कृ 682.

कर्तुं to make, to do, to perform; inf. of rt क् 459, 682.

कर्तुकामा nom. sin. f. of कर्तुकाम m. f. n. desirous or willing to do; (comp. of कर्त्ते for कर्तुम inf. of rt क and काम, see 871.)

कर्तुम् to do, to be done; inf. of rt कृ 459. कर्म nom. sin. of कर्मन् n. action, business, 152.

कमेचेष्टाभिसूचितम् Complex comp. 771; कमे cr. action, चेष्टा cr. gesture, स्राभिसू-चितम् acc. sin. m. indicated, denoted.

कर्मण: gen. sin. of कर्मन् n. a deed.

कमेणा ins. sin. of कमेन् n. an act, action.

कर्मीण loc. sin. of कर्मन् n. an action.

कपैयन् nom. sin. m. of कपैयन् m. f. n. pulling, picking, gathering; pres. p. of rt कृष् in caus. 525.

किंपिता nom. sin. f. of किंपित m. f. n. distracted; past p. p. of rt कृष् 538.

किंपितो nom. sin. m. of किंपित m. f. n. tormented, harassed.

कहिंचित् ind. ever, at any time; न कहिंचित् never, at no time, 718.

किंत acc. sin. of किंत m. Kali. See next.

কলি: nom. sin. m. Kali, the 4th Age of the world personified as a deity or evil genius.

किलना ins. sin. of किल m. Kali.

किलनापहृतज्ञानो for किलना खपहृतज्ञानो by 31.

कलिए for कलिस nom. sin. m. Kali.

किलसंत्रयात् TAT. OR DEP. COMP. 743; किल cr. Kali, संत्रयात् abl. sin. of संत्रय m. entrance, the act of betaking one's self to.

कले O Kali; voc. sin. of किल m. Kali, 2d cl. 110.

कलेस् gen. sin. of कि m. Kali.

कलौ loc. sin. of कि m. Kali.

कल्पने he is fitted for; 3d sin. pres. átm. of rt कूप, (governing dative case, see 853. a.)

कल्पं nom. or acc. sin. n. to-morrow.

क स्पाय O illustrious one; voc. sin. of कस्पाय m.f.n. good, noble, illustrious, 1st cl. 103.

क स्याणाभिजनं acc. sin. of noble family, BAH. or Rel. comp. 766; कस्याण cr. noble, अभिजनं acc. sin. of अभिजन m. family.

कल्याणि O excellent lady, O good lady, O noble lady, O happy fair one; voc. sin. of कल्याणी f. of कल्याण good.

क ल्याफी nom. sin. f. illustrious lady. See next.

कल्पाणीं acc. sin. f. of कल्पाणी f. of कल्पाण m.f.n. good, noble, generous, 1st cl. 106.

क ल्याणो nom. sin. m. noble. See क ल्याण.

कश् for कस् who? nom. sin. m. of किं, q. v.

कश्चन nom. sin. m. of किञ्चन any one, see 229.

कश्चासौ for कस् च ससौ by 62 and 31.

কাম্মির any one, some one, for কাম্মিন্ nom. sin. m. of কিন্তিন্.

कश्चिन् for कश्चित् (47) some one, a certain.

कश्मलम् nom. sin. n. dejection of mind, depression of spirits, lowness, weakness.

कष्टस् nom. sin. m. of कष्ट m. f. n. bad, destructive.

कष्टाम् acc. sin. f. of कष्ट m.f. n. evil, bad.

कस् nom. sin. m. who?

कस्मात् why? wherefore? abl. sin. m. or n. of कि 227.

कस्माद for कस्मात् why?

किस्मिंश्चित् loc. sin. m. or n. of किश्चित् some, any, certain.

कस्य of whom? gen. sin. of किम्.

कस्पचित् gen. sin. m. or n. of किञ्चित् some, any, a certain one, 228.

कस्यचिद् for कस्यचित्, q. v.

कस्याद्य for कस्य खद्य by 31.

कस्यासि for कस्य जसि by 31.

कस्पेदं for कस्य इदं by 32.

का who? what? nom. sin. f. of कि 227.

कांश्विद acc. pl. m. of किचित् some, see 228.

काङ्कान they desire; 3d pl. pres. par. of rt काङ्का 1st cl. 261.

काङ्कितं nom. sin. n. of काङ्कित m. f. n. desired.

काङ्क I desire, I seek; ist sin. pres. átm. of rt कांद्य.

काचिद् nom. sin. f. any woman, see 228.

काचिद्धि for काचिद् हि by 50.

काचनसिन्नभम् Anom. comp. 777; काचन cr. gold, and सिन्नभम् nom. sin. n. of सिन्नभ m.f.n. like.

काचित् for काचित् acc. sin. f. of किचित् some, any, a certain, 228.

काननम् nom. sin. n. a wood, forest, grove.

कानने loc. sin. of कानन n. a forest, ist cl.

कानिचित् nom. or acc. pl. n. of किचित् any, some, 228.

कान्ता nom. sin. f. beloved, loved one.

कानिर् for कानिस् nom. sin. of कानि f. beauty, brilliancy, 2d cl. 112.

काम् acc. sin. f. of किम् whom? see 227.

काम m. love, the god of love (see note under कन्दर्भ), 1st cl. 103.

कामं acc. sin. of काम m. love.

काम ind. willingly.

কামন: nom. sin. m. one who comes accidentally or unexpectedly, a casual visitor, one who travels about without any specific purpose; (from নাম pleasure, and ন who goes.)

कामधुल nom. sin. of कामदुह f. the cow of plenty, 8th cl. 182; (comp. of काम desire, and दुह who milks.) The cow of plenty was a fabulous cow (granting all desires) produced at the churning of the ocean by the Suras and Asuras, after the deluge, for the recovery or production of fourteen sacred things; see note under अमृतोपमां.

कामभोगै: TAT. OR DEP. COMP. 743; काम cr. love, भोगै: ins. pl. of भोग m. enjoyment.

कामयेच् for कामयेत् he or she may desire; 3d sin. pot. of rt कम् 10th cl. 283.

कामवासिनीम् acc. sin. f. dwelling where one wishes; (comp. of काम wish, desire, and वासिन् m.f. n. a dweller.)

कामस् nom. sin. of काम m. love.

कामस्य gen. sin. of काम m. love, 1st cl. 103.

कामार्तेस् TAT. OR DEP. COMP. 740; काम cr. love, and आर्ते m. f. n. pained, afflicted, sick, see 542.

कारणं acc. sin. of कारण n. cause, action.

कारणात् on account of, by reason of; abl. sin. of कारण n. cause; used adverbially.

कारणानरे loc. sin. n. on the occasion of a cause; (comp. of कारण cr. a cause, and अनार occasion.)

कारणैर ins. pl. of कारण n. a reason, cause.

कारयामास he caused to be done, he performed; 3d sin. perf. of कृ in caus. 385. a.

कार्ष m. f. n. to be done, to be performed; fut. pass. p. of rt क् 682, 571. c.

कार्य n. an affair, business, matter, 1st cl. 104. कार्य nom. sin. n. of कार्य m. f. n. to be done.

कार्य acc. sin. of कार्य n. matter, business.

कार्यगौरवात TAT. OR DEP. COMP. 743; कार्य cr. business, affair, गौरवात abl. sin. of गौरव n. importance, urgency, weightiness.

कार्यवान having business (to transact); nom. sin. m. of कार्यवत् m. f.n., 5th cl. 140.

कार्या nom. sin. f. of कार्य m. f. n. to be made, to be done; fut. pass. p. of rt कृ 571.

काल m. time, 1st cl. 103.

कालं acc. sin. of काल m. time.

काल: nom. sin. of काल m. time.

कालस्य gen. sin. of काल m. time; दीर्घस्य कालस्य after a long time.

काले loc. sin. of কান্ত m. time, opportunity, 1st cl. 103, see 840.

कालो nom. sin. of काल m. time.

काषायवसना BAH. OR REL. COMP. 761; काषाय cr. dark brown, red, reddish, वसना nom. sin. f. from वसन n. a garment, 108.

काष्ट्रेश ins. pl. of काष्ट्र n. wood, a stick, 1st cl. 104.

कासि for का असि by 31.

कि pron. what? who? which? 227.

किंगुकाशोकवकुलपुनागैर DVAN. OR AGG. COMP. 748; किंगुक cr. the Kinsuka-tree (Butea frondosa); सशोक cr. the Asoka-tree (Jonesia Asoka); वकुल the Vakultree (Mimusops Elengi); पुनागैर ins. pl. of पुनाग the Punnága-tree (Rottleria tinctoria).

किञ्चन nom. or acc. sin. n. anything, something, some place, see 229.

কিন্দি pron. n. something, anything, any, 228.

किचिद्र for किचित् nom. sin. n. any.

किञ्चिन् for किञ्चित् (47) any, some.

বিদ্যালয় voc. sin. m. O mischievous fellow, O you rogue; (often an expression of endearment or coquetry.)

निमु ind. how much less! what? a particle of interrogation.

किमंपे ind. on what account? why? 791. ੋ किਲ ind. indeed, truly, that is to say. किलैकत: for किल + एकत: by 33.

कीर्तियणिन they shall celebrate; 3d pl. 2d fut. of rt कृत् 10th cl. 287.

कीर्ति acc. sin. of कीर्ति f. glory, fame.

कीर्तिर् for कीर्तिस् nom. sin. f. glory, renown.

कुञ्चर डोपिमहिष्णाहै ल र्ष्वमृगान् DVAN. OR AGG. COMP. 748; कुञ्चर cr. an elephant, डीपि for डोपिन् (57) a panther, महिष cr. a buffalo, शाद्देल cr. a tiger, सृक्ष cr. a bear (32), मृगान् acc. pl. of मृग m. a deer, 1st cl. 103.

कुर्डलीकृतम् acc. sin. m. coiled into a ring; (comp. of कुर्डल a collar, a ring, and कृत, see 788.)

कुण्डिनं acc. sin. of कुण्डिन n. Kundina, a city in Berar, also called Vidarbha, the capital of Bhíma, father-in-law of Nala.

कुराइने loc. sin. n. See last.

कुतस् ind. wherefore? why?

कुत्हलात् abl. sin. of कुत्हल n. eagerness, joy, pleasure, fun, curiosity, 1st cl. 103.

कुपिता nom. sin. f. of कुपित m.f.n. enraged.

कुपितो nom. sin. m. of कुपित m. f. n. en-raged, angry.

कुमारांश् for कुमारान् acc. pl. of कुमार m. a boy, youth, young man, ist cl. 103.

कुमारांश्व for कुमारान् च by 53.

कुम्भाः for कुम्भास् nom. pl. See next.

कुम्नास nom. pl. of कुम्म m. a water-jar.

नुररीम् acc. sin. of नुररी f. an osprey.

sovereign of the North-West of India and the country about Delhi. He was ancestor of both Pándu and Dhritaráshtra. The patronymic derived from his name is applied to the sons of either, but more usually to those of the latter.

কুছ do thou, perform thou, make thou, give thou; 2d sin. imp. of rt কৃ 682.

कुर्ते he does; 3d sin. pres. átm. of rt कृ 683. कुर्नन्दन voc. sin. m. O son of Kuru; (comp. of कुर् q. v., and नन्दन q. v.) কুম্ম make thou, perform thou; 2d sin. imp. átm. of rt কৃ 683.

कुर्पात् he may do; 3d sin. pot. of rt कृ 682.

कुपाँह he may perform, he may make, he or she may act; 3d sin. pot. of rt क 682.

कुर्याम् I may do; 1st sin. pot. of rt कृ 682.

कुवेन्तीम् acc. sin. f. of कुवेत् m. f. n. making; pres. p. par. of rt कृ 524.

कुवेना let them make, let them assume; 3d pl. imp. of rt कृ 682.

कुलं acc. sin. n. a family.

कुलमानां gen. pl. of कुलम m. a destroyer of a family or tribe; (comp. of कुल a family, and H a destroyer.)

कुलतस्त्रित Complex comp. 770; कुल family, race, तस्त्र nature, true state, चित्र nom. sin. of चिद्र m. one who knows, 138.

कुलधमा: nom. pl. the laws or duties of a tribe. See next.

ৰুলথদায় nom. pl. m. the laws of tribe, the usages of tribe; (ৰূল a family or tribe, ধন law, Tat. or Dep. comp.)

कुलशीलसमन्वितान् Complex comp. 771; कुल family, breeding, शील cr. good temper or disposition, समन्वितान् acc. pl. m. endowed or endued with.

कुलशीलोपसम्पन्न Complex comp. 771; कुल cr. family, high birth, शील cr. good disposition, उपसम्पन voc. sin. of उपसम्पन m. f. n. endowed with.

कुलिस्त्रिय for कुलिस्त्रियस् nom. pl. f. the women of the family. See next.

कुलस्त्रियः nom. pl. f. noble women; (comp. of कुल a family, a noble family, and स्त्री a woman, 123. b.)

कुलस्य gen. sin. of कुल n. a family.

कुलीनश् nom. sin. m. of कुलीन m. f. n. noble, well-born.

কুমান্ত nom. or acc. sin. n. well-being, health, prosperity, good fortune, welfare, freedom from calamity, 1st cl. 104. Used in salutation: Is it well? It is well. Hail!

- ৰুয়ালন্দ nom. sin. m. of ৰুয়াল m. f. n. well, in good health.
- कुशिलनो for कुशिलनस् nom. or acc. pl. m. of कुशिलन् m. f. n. well, healthy, prosperous, in good health, 6th cl. 159.
- कुश्रालिनौ nom. du. m. of कुश्रालिन् m. f. n. well, in good health, 6th cl. 159.
- कुशली nom. sin. m. of कुशिलन् m. f. n. well, in good health.
- कुशलेंर ins. pl. m. of कुशल m. f. n. clever, skilful, adept.
- ৰুমানা nom. sin. m. of ৰুমান m. f. n. clever, skilful.
- कूमेग्राहआप्ताकीशों Complex comp. 771; कूमे cr. turtles, ग्राह alligators, आप cr. fish, षाकीशों acc. sin. f. of षाकीशे m. f. n. filled with, crowded, thronged.
- कृच्छ्रम् acc. sin. of कृच्छ्र n. calamity, trouble. क्च्छे loc. sin. m. or n. of क्च्छ्र m. f. n. diffi-
- cult, difficult to be passed, painful.
- कृष्णे ins. sin. m. or n. of कृष्ण painful, tormenting.
- कृतं nom. or acc. sin. n. of कृत m. f. n. done, performed.
- कृतकृत्यो nom. sin. m. one who has accomplished his object; (comp. of कृत done, and कृत्य n. that which is to be done, 767.)
- कृतिनश्चय: nom. sin. m. one who has made a resolution, determined, resolved; (कृत, निश्चय determination.)
- कृतवती nom. sin. f. of कृतवत् who has done. See next.
- कृतवन्तो they performed; nom. pl. m. of कृतवत्. See next.
- कृतवांस् for कृतवान्, q.v.
- कृतवान nom. sin. m. of कृतवत् m. f. n. who has done, who has made, who has caused; past act. p. of rt क् 553, 897.
- कृतशोचम् BAH. OR REL. COMP. 767; कृत cr. performed, शोचम् acc. sin. m. from शोच n. purification, ablution.

- कृता nom. sin. f. of कृत m.f. n. made; past p. p. of rt कृ 532.
- कृताञ्चलिं acc. sin. f. See कृताञ्चलिर्.
- कृताञ्चलि: nom. sin. m. See next.
- কৃনান্নলিয়ে for কৃনান্নলিম্ BAH. OR REL. COMP. 767; কৃন cr. having made, অন্নলিয় nom. sin. of অন্নলি m. reverential salutation with joined palms, 2d cl. 110.
- कृतानि nom. pl. n. of कृत done. See कृता.
- कृतार्थ: nom. sin. m. of कृतार्थ m.f.n. See last.
- कृतार्थी nom. sin. m. of कृतार्थ m. f. n. successful, having accomplished an object; (comp. of कृत effected, and अर्थ object, 767.)
- कृतास्त्रं acc. sin. m. of कृतास्त्र m. f. n. skilled in (the use of) weapons; (comp. of कृत formed, and अस्त्र n. a weapon.)
- कृताहाराम् BAH. OR REL. COMP. 761; कृत cr. made, taken, आहाराम् acc. sin. f. from आहार m. a meal, food, 108.
- कृते loc. sin. n. being made, on its being done. कृते ind. by reason of, on account of, 731.
- कृत्यकाम् acc. sin. of कृत्यका f. a woman who is the fatal cause of injury or destruction, the fatal destroyer, the bane.
- कृत्वा having made, having done, having settled, having considered; past ind. p. of rt कृ 682.
- कृत्व m. f. n. whole, entire, all, 1st cl. 187. कृत्वं acc. sin. m. or n. of कृत्व m. f. n. entire, whole.
- कृत्सां acc. sin.f. of कृत्स m.f.n. entire, whole.
- कृत्वे loe. sin. m. or n. of कृत्व m. f. n. entire. कृषा: for अकृषा: 2d sin. aor. átm. of rt कृ to do, to make, to place, 683. मा मनः
  - क्षाः do not place thy mind, see 861. a, 889.
- कृपणा nom. sin. f. of कृपण m.f.n. miserable, wretched, poor, mean.
- कृपणां acc. sin. f. of कृपण m. f. n. wretched. कृपया ins. sin. of कृपा f. compassion.

क्पयाविष्टम् for कृपया आविष्टम् by 31.

कृपां acc. sin. of कृपा f. pity, compassion.

कृश m. f. n. thin, emaciated, 1st cl. 187.

क्शा nom. sin. f. of क्शा m. f. n. thin, emaciated, lean.

कृशां acc. sin. f. of कृश m. f. n. thin, emaciated.

क्शान acc. pl. of क्शा m. f. n. slender, thin. कृष्णवासीना ins. sin. of कृष्णवासीन m. fire, 6th cl. 147; (lit. having or making a black path, from कृष्ण black, and वार्सन् path.)

कृष्णसाराभ्यां abl. du. n. of कृष्णसार m. f. n. black in the centre, spotted with black, having dark pupils; (from कृष्ण black, and सार essence.)

के who? nom. pl. of किं, q. v.

केचन nom. pl. of किञ्चत् some, see 228.

केचिच for केचित nom. pl. m. some.

केचिद for केचित nom. pl. m. of किचित् some, 228.

केतुभूतम् acc. sin. n. being or become a banner; (comp. of केतु m. a banner, and भूत m.f.n. become, past p. p. of rt भू 532,585.)

केनचिद् by some, by some one, 228.

केशिनि voc. sin. of केशिनो f. Keśiní.

केशिनो nom. sin. f. Keśini, name of a maidservant or female attendant.

केशिनीं acc. sin. f. Keśiní. (Fine-haired.) केशिन्या ins. sin. f. by Keśiní. See केशिनी.

कैतवेन ins. sin. of कैतव n. gambling, gaming. कैश्विद् for केश्वित ins. pl. m. of किञ्चित some.

कैश्विन for केश्वित ins. pl. by some; (from किश्वित.)

कोट्यो nom. pl. of कोटि f. a krore or ten millions, 199. b.

कोपः nom. sin. m. anger.

कोपं acc. sin. of कोप m. anger, 1st cl. 103. कोपम acc. sin. of कोप m. anger.

कोपसमन्वित: TAT. OR DEP. COMP. 740; कोप cr. anger, समन्वित: nom. sin. m. affected by. कोशलाधियः Тат. ок Dep. сомр. 743; कोशल cr. Kośala, অধিयः nom. sin. m. king, sovereign.

कोशलान् acc. pl. of कोशल m. pl. Kośala, the name of a country or its inhabitants. In the sin. it is also fem. See next.

कोशलायाम् loc. sin. of कोशला f. a country described in the Rámáyaṇa (V. 5) as the district round Ayodhyá or Oude. According to some it is also the name of a town. In the Brahmáṇḍa-puráṇa Kośala is mentioned as beyond the Vindhya mountains.

कोनिय voc. sin. of कोनिय son of Kuntí, a name of Yudhishthira, (to whom Vrihadaśva relates the story of Nala,) or of either of the three elder Pándava princes, who were the reputed sons of Pándu by Kuntí; (from कुन्ती patronymic, 80.XIV.)

कौमारं nom. sin. n. childhood, youth.

कौरव voc. sin. m. O descendant of Kuru.

कौरव voc. sin. of कौरव m. descendant of Kuru, 1st cl. 103.

कौशलेन ins. sin.of कौशल m. king of Kośala. क्रानुभिए for क्रानुभिस् ins. pl. of क्रानु m. a sacrifice.

ऋतुभिश्(ins. pl. of ऋतु m. a sacrifice, 3dcl. 111. ऋतुमुख्यानां gen. pl. of the principal sacri-

fices; (comp. of ऋतु m. a sacrifice, and मुख्यानां gen. pl. of मुख्य chief.)

ऋतूनां gen. pl. of ऋतु m. a sacrifice, 3d cl. 111.

क्रन्दमानाम् acc. sin. f. of क्रन्दमान m. f. n. weeping, wailing, crying aloud for help; pres. p. átm. of rt क्रन्द 526.

ক্সম্মান Tat. or Dep. comp. 740, received by succession or hereditary descent; ক্সম cr. succession, মানম্ acc. sin. of মান m. f. n. received, obtained; past p. p. of rt স্বাঘ্ with ম, 539.

क्रमेण ind. in order, successively, 714.

क्रियताम् let it be done, let it be set, let it be placed; 3d sin. imp. of कृ in pass. 701.

क्रुध्यन्ति they are angry; 3d pl. pres. of rt क्रुध् 4th cl. 272.

क्रोड्सम् to be angry; inf. of rt क्रुध् 4th cl. 459.

क्रोधसमन्वितः TAT. OR DEP. COMP. 740; क्रोध cr. anger, समन्यितः nom. sin. of समन्यित m. f. n. filled with.

क्रोधाद abl. sin. of क्रोध m. anger.

ন্ধীয়ানি she screams; 3d sin. pres. of rt দুয়া 1st cl. 261.

क्रोचकुररेश् Dvan. or Agg. comp. 748; क्रोच cr. herons, कुररेश् ins. pl. of कुरर m. an osprey.

क्रमं acc. sin. of क्रम m. weariness, 1st cl. 103. क्रान्तो nom. sin. m. of क्रान्त m. f. n. wearied, fatigued.

ক্লিহ্মন he or she is annoyed or distressed, he or she is tormented or harassed; 3d sin. pres. of ক্লিহা in pass. 463.

क्कीवयद for क्कीवयत like a base man, like a weak-minded, effeminate person; (from क्कीव an impotent man, and वत् 724.)

क्रीव्यं acc. sin. of क्रीव्य n. weakness.

新 ind. where? 717. g.

क्षचित् ind. anywhere, somewhere, in some place or other, 717. g, 230.

क्षचिद्ध ind. somewhere, anywhere.

क्वारिप ind. anywhere, 230.

ख्य m. a moment, an instant.

क्षणे loc. sin. of क्षण m. a moment, 1st cl. 103.

ষ্কান instantly, presently, soon, in a short time; ins. sin. of ষ্বাত্য, used adverbially, 714.

ह्यणेनाथ for ह्यणेन अथ by 31. See the words.

स्तियस्य gen. sin. of स्तिय m. a Kshatriya, a man of the second or military caste. See next.

स्रातियाः for स्रातियास् nom. pl. of स्रातिय m. a soldier, a man of the second or military caste. See note under विशास्पते. Kshatriyas or warriors slain in battle are transported to Indra's heaven by the

Apsarasas or nymphs of Svarga. Thus in Manu VII. 89 it is said, 'Those rulers of the earth who, desirous of defending each other, exert their utmost strength in battle, without ever averting their faces, ascend after death directly to heaven.' In Book II. 19 of the Nala, Indra means to say, 'Why are no warriors slain now-a-days, that I see none arriving in heaven to honour as my guests?'

ह्मनायं nom. sin. n. of ह्मनाय m. f. n. to be pardoned; fut. pass. p. of rt ह्मन् 569.

सनुम् to pardon, to excuse; inf. of rt सम्

समन्तु let them pardon, let them excuse; 3d pl. pres. of rt सम् 1st cl. 261.

द्यमयामास he asked to be pardoned, he excused himself; 3d sin. perf. of rt ध्रम् in caus. 490, 487. a.

समान् acc. pl. of सम m. f. n. capable, powerful.

स्माचान nom. sin. of स्माचन m. f. n. patient. स्यं acc. sin. of स्व m. end, termination.

धितिपतिश् for धितिपतिस् TAT. OR DEP. COMP. 743; धिति cr. the earth, पतिश् nom. sin. of पति m. a lord, 121.

धितिम् acc.sin.of धिति f.the earth, 2d cl. 112. धिती loc. sin. of धिति f. the earth, the ground, 2d cl. 112.

द्यिप्रं ind. quickly, soon, 713.

सुन्धान्यतम् Complex comp. 771; सुत् for सुध् cr. hunger (42), तृषा cr. thirst, स्निन्ततम् acc. sin. m. of सन्यत m. f. n. possessed of, afflicted with, distressed by.

सुत्परोतम् TAT. OR DEP. COMP. 740; सुत् for सुध् cr. hunger (42), परीतम् nom. sin. m. of परीत affected by, filled with.

स्रुतियपासापरित्रान्तौ Complex comp. 771; स्रुत् cr. for स्रुप् (42) hunger, पिपासा cr. thirst, परित्रान्तौ nom. du. of परित्रान्त m. f. n. worn, wearied; past p. p. of rt त्रम् 546. ष्ठुत्यिपासापरीताङ्गी Complex comp. 771; स्नुत् for खुध् cr. hunger, पिपासा f. thirst, परीत cr. affected, खङ्गी nom. sin. f. from खङ्ग n. the body.

द्युत्पिपासाता nom. sin. f. afflicted with hunger and thirst; (comp. of द्युत for द्युध cr. 42, hunger, पिपासा cr. thirst, श्राता nom. sin. f. pained, afflicted, 542.)

सुद्रं acc. sin. n. mean, little, low. See next. सुद्र: nom. sin. of सुद्र m. f. n. vile.

सुद्रेण ins. sin. of सुद्र m. f. n. base, vile. सुधया ins. sin. of सुधा f. hunger, 1st cl. 105. सुधयान्ति for सुधया ऋन्वित by 31.

सुधा ins. sin. of सुध f. hunger, 8th cl. 177. सुधान्तित: nom. sin. m. famished with hunger; (from सुधा cr. hunger, and अन्वित m. f. n. possessed.)

खुधातस्य gen. sin. m. of खुधाते m. f. n. hungry; (from खुधा cr. hunger, and आते pained, 542.)

सुधाविष्ट: Тат. оп Dep. comp. 740; सुधा cr. hunger, आविष्ट: nom. sin. of आविष्ट m. f. n. affected by.

सुधितं acc. sin. m. of सुधित m. f. n. hungry. सुधित: nom. sin. m. of सुधित m. f. n. hungry. स्मेनतरं nom. sin. n. of स्मिनर m. f. n. better, happier.

होमी nom. sin. m. of होमिन् m. f. n. safe, well, prosperous.

#### ख.

खगमांस् for खगमान् acc. pl. of खगम m. a bird, (lit. sky-goer,) 1st cl. 103.

खगा for खगास nom. pl. of खग m. a bird, 1st cl. 103.

खन्न म acc. sin. of खन्न m. a sword, 1st cl. 103. खन्न न ins. sin. of खन्न m. a sword, cimeter. खम् acc. sin. of ख n. the sky, heaven, 1st cl. 104. खल् ind. indeed.

खाद्य devour thou, eat thou; 2d sin. imp. of rt खाद 10th cl. 283.

खे loc. sin. of ख n. the sky, heaven.

लेचर: nom. sin. m. a bird; (from खे loc. sin. of ख the sky, and चर going.)

स्थात: nom. sin. m. of स्थात m. f. n. called, styled, celebrated; past p. p. of rt स्था 532.

#### ग

ম (at the end of compounds) going; agent from rt মম্.

गन्द्र go thou; 2d sin. imp. of rt गम् 1st cl. 602.

गच्छित he or she goes; 3d sin. pres. of rt गम् 1st cl.

गळनम् acc. sin. m. of गळत् m. f. n. going; pres. p. par. of rt गम् 524.

गच्छिन they go; 3d pl. pres. of rt गम् 1st cl. 602, 270.

गळनो nom. sin. f. of गळत् m. f. n. going, proceeding on; pres. p. par. of rt गम् 524. गळनोम् acc. sin. f. going. See last.

गळन्यपराङ्मुखाः for गळनि अपराङ्मुखाः by 34.

गन्त्रामो we (will) go; Ist pl. pres. (with fut. signification 873) of rt गम् 270, 602.

गच्छावो for गच्छावस् we two (will) go; 1st du. pres. of rt गम् 1st cl. 602.

गच्छेत he or she may or should go; 3d sin. pot. of rt गम् 1st cl. 602.

गच्छेद्र he may or should go, let him go. See last.

गच्छेयं I may go, I can go; 1st sin. pot. of rt गम् 1st cl. 602.

गच्छेनाम् for गच्छ एनाम् by 33.

गजान् acc. pl. of गज m. an elephant, ist cl. 103.

ग्जेन्द्रविक्रमो BAH. OR REL. COMP. 761; गजेन्द्र cr. the prince of elephants, विक्रमो nom. sin. of विक्रम m. valour.

गनै: ins. pl. of गन m. an elephant.

गण m. a troop, a flock, a number.

गणयन् nom. sin. of गणयत् m.f. n. counting; pres. p. par. of rt गण् 10th cl. 524.

गणयस्त्र count thou; 2d sin. imp. útm. of rt गण् 10th cl. 283. गणयस्वास्य for गणयस्व अस्य by 31.

गणियना having reckoned; past ind. p. of rt गण् 558.

गणान् acc. pl. of गण m. a troop, a flock, a number.

गणित: nom. sin. m. of गणित m. f. n. calculated, reckoned; past p. p. of rt गण् 538.

गणिते loc. sin. n. of गणित m. f. n. reckoned, numbered, counted; past p. p. of rt गण् 538.

না gone, departed; he went; past p. p. of rt নাম to go, 545, 896.

गतः for गतस् nom. sin. See last.

गतज्ञमा Bah. or Rel. comp. 766; गत cr. gone, removed, ज्ञामा nom. sin. f. from ज्ञाम m. fatigue, weariness.

गतचेतन: BAH. OR REL. COMP. 766; गत cr. gone, deprived of, चेतन: nom. sin. m. from चेतना f. sense, mind, 1st cl. 108.

गतचेतसम् BAH. OR REL. COMP. 766; गत cr. gone, चेतसम् acc. sin. m. from चेतस् n. the mind, senses, consciousness, 7th cl. 163.

गतज्ञरो BAH. OR REL. COMP. 767; मत er. gone, freed from, जारो nom. sin. of जार m. fever, trouble, affliction.

गतवान् nom. sin. m. of गतवा m. f. n. who went, who has gone; past act. p. of rt गम् 553, 897.

गतसङ्कल्या BAH. OR REL. COMP. 767; गत cr. gone to, fixed on, सङ्कल्या nom. sin. f. from सङ्कल्या m. thought, affection. मां गत-सङ्कल्या with thoughts or affections fixed on me. So in S'akuntalá (Act III), तड़ तेन स्वभित्वापेण.

गतसत्था for गतसत्थास् BAH. OR REL. COMP. 767; गत cr. gone, सत्था nom. pl. of सत्थ m. from सत्य n. strength, spirit, 108.

गतमोहृद् BAH. OR REL. COMP. 767; गत cr. gone, सोहृदा nom. sin. f. from सोहृद n. friendship, 108, (bereft of friends.)

गता: nom. pl. m. of गत m. f. n. gone, (they went, going to,896;) past p. p. of rt मम् 545.

गतासून acc. pl. m. of गतासु m. f. n. dead, expired; (गत gone, असु breath.)

मितं acc. sin. of मिति f. gait, bearing, 2dcl. 112.

गते loc. sin. m. of गत m. f. n. gone.

गतेषु being gone, having gone; loc. pl. of गत m. f. n. gone.

मतो nom. sin. m. gone, departed. See मत. मतौ nom. du. m. of मत gone, departed.

সন্ধা having gone; past ind. p. of rt মন্ 602, 556.

गत्वाघापराम् for गत्वा ऋष ऋपराम् by 31.

गन्नवं nom. sin. n. of गन्नवा m. f. n. to be travelled, to be gone; fut. pass. p. of rt गम् 569.

गना he or it will go, he will travel; 3d sin.

1st fut. of rt गम्.

गनासि thou wilt go; 2d sin. 1st fut. of rt गम् 602.

गनुम् to go; inf. of rt गम् 459.

गन्धर्वो nom. sin. of गन्धर्व m. a Gandharva or celestial musician. These are demigods or angels who inhabit Indra's heaven, and form the orchestra at the banquets of the gods. They are described as witnesses of the actions of men, and are sixty millions in number.

गम: for ञाम: 2d sin. aor. of rt गम्, used with मा or मास्म for the imperative; as, मास्म गम: do not go, 889.

गमने loc. sin. of गमन n. going, advancing. गिमपानि they will go. See next.

गिमपानि I shall or will go; 1st sin. 2d fut. of rt गम् 602.

गम्भीरं ind. deeply, 713.

गरीयो nom. sin. n. of गरीयस् m. f. n. more heavy, heavier, worse, worst, 194, 167.

गहत्मना: for गहत्मनास् nom. pl. m. of गहत्मन् a bird, (lit. possessed of wings,) 5th cl. 140.

गवां gen. pl. of मो f. a cow, an ox, 133. Used in Nala VII. 6 as the name given to the ordinary dice, as distinguished from the नुष or principal die. गहने loc. sin. m. or n. of गहन m.f. n. dense, thick, impenetrable.

गातवेहणताम् TAT. OR DEP. COMP. 743; गात er. limbs, body, वैरूपताम् acc. sin. f. deformity.

गाताण nom. pl. of गात n. a limb, a member. गातेषु loc. pl. of गात n. a limb.

गातैर ins. pl. of गात n. a limb.

गायाभिर् for गायाभिस् ins. pl. of गाया f. a song, a chant.

गायित he sings, he repeats; 3d sin. pres. of rt गै 1st cl. 268.

गायमाना for गायमानास् nom. pl. of गायमान m. f. n. singing; pres. p. átm. of rt गै 1st cl. 595. a, 524.

निरं acc.sin.of निर्f. speech, voice, 8th cl. 180.

गिर: acc. pl. of गिर्f. speech, word, 8th cl. 180.

गिरम् acc. sin. of गिर् f. speech, 8th cl. 180. गिरा ins. sin. of गिर् f. voice, speech, 8th cl. 180.

गिराव for गिरौ loc. sin. of गिरि m. a mountain, 2d cl. 110.

गिरिक्टानि TAT. OR DEP. COMP. 743; गिरि cr. a mountain, कूटानि nom. pl. of कूट n. a peak, a summit, 1st cl. 104.

गिरिगुहाम् TAT. OR DEP. COMP. 743; गिरि cr. a mountain, गुहाम् acc. sin. of गुहा f. a cave, a cavern.

गिरिनदीम् TAT. OR DEP. COMP. 743; गिरि cr. a mountain, नदीम् acc. sin. of नदी f. a river.

गिरिराजम् TAT. OR DEP. COMP. 743; गिरि cr. a mountain, राजम् acc. sin. for राजानं from राजन् m. a king, 151. a.

गिरिश्रेष्ठम् TAT. OR DEP. COMP. 743. b; गिरि cr. a mountain, श्रेष्ठम् acc. sin. m. of श्रेष्ठ m. f. n. best.

गिरोंश् for गिरीन् (53) acc. pl. of गिरि.

fitt gen. sin. of fift m. a mountain, 2d cl. 110.

गुण m. quality, virtue, excellence, 1st cl. 103.

मुखनान nom. sin. m. of गुणनत् m. f. n. excellent, good, possessed of advantages or excellencies (guṇa), 5th cl. 140.

गुणांस for गुणान acc. pl. of गुण m. quality, virtue, merit, excellence.

गुणान् acc. pl. of गुण m. quality, virtue.

गुणै: for गुणैस ins. pl. of गुण quality, virtue. गुणैर for गुणैस ins. pl. of गुण quality, virtue.

गुमाम acc. sin. f. of गुम m. f. n. guarded;

गुमान् acc. sin. f. of गुम m. f. n. guarded past p. p. of rt गुप् 556.

गुरून acc. pl. m. of गुरू m. f. n. venerable, dearly valued.

गुल्मेर ins. pl. of गुल्म m. a bush, a shrub, ist cl. 103.

गृहज्ञ nom. sin. of गृह m. f. n. hidden, concealed; past p. p. of rt गृह 539.

गृहम् acc. sin. of गृह n. a house.

मृहाण take thou, receive thou; 2d sin. imp. of rt ग्रह 9th cl. 699.

गृहान् acc. pl. of गृह m. a house, a wife. (When गृह is used in the plural, it signifies generally home, and is always masculine.)

गृहीतनामा nom. sin. one who has gained a name, BAH. OR REL. COMP. 766; गृहीत cr. taken, received, नामा nom. sin. m. from नामन n.a name, 6th cl. 154.

गृहीता having taken, having taken up, having raised; past ind. p. of rt ग्रह 699.

गृहे loc. sin. of गृह n. a house, 1st cl. 104. गृह्यांति he takes; 3d sin. pres. of ग्रह 9th cl. 699.

मृह्णीध्वं take ye; 2d pl. imp. átm. of rt यह 9th cl. 699.

गेहं nom. sin. n. a house.

गोपायांना they guard, they protect; 3d pl. pres. of rt गुप् 1st cl. 271.

गोमा nom. sin. m. of गोमू m. a protector, guardian, 4th cl. 127.

गोसहस्रेण ins. sin. n. with a thousand kine; (comp. of गो a cow, ox, and सहस्र a thousand, 206.)

यसते he devours, he consumes; 3d sin. pres. átm. of rt यस 1st cl. 261.

यस्ताम् acc. sin. f. of यस्त m. f. n. seized; past p. p. of rt यस् 539.

ग्रस्थमाना nom. sin. f. of ग्रस्थमान m. f. n. being seized; pres. p. pass. of rt ग्रस् 528.

ग्रस्यमानाम् acc. sin. f. See last.

यहां for ग्रहास् nom. pl. of ग्रह m. a planet. ग्रहोतुं to catch, to take; inf. mood of rt

यह 699, 459.

ग्रहीप्पामि I will take, I will take up; 1st sin. 2d fut. of rt ग्रह 399. a.

ग्रामं acc. sin. of ग्राम m. a village.

ग्रामान् acc. pl. of ग्राम m. a village.

य्रामिपुता: Тат. ок Dep. сомр. 743; ग्रामि for ग्रामिन् (57) cr. a villager, पुता: nom. pl. of पुत m. a son, a boy.

ग्रामेण ins. sin. of ग्राम m. a village.

ग्राम्यगनान् KARM. OR DES. COMP. 755; ग्राम्य cr. tame, lit. village-born, गनान् acc. pl. of गन m. an elephant.

म्राहेण ins. sin. of माह m. a serpent.

ग्राहेणानेन for ग्राहेण अनेन by 31.

माहो nom. sin. of माह m. a serpent.

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घातयित he or it kills; 3d sin. pres. of rt हन् in caus., see 488.

योरं acc. sin. n. of घोर m. f. n. frightful, awful, 1st cl. 187.

घोरान् acc. pl. m. of घोर m. f. n. terrible, 1st cl. 187.

घोरायां loc. sin. f. of घोर m. f. n. terrible, dreadful, 1st cl. 187.

घोरे loc. sin. m. or n. of घोर m. f. n. terrible, 1st cl. 104.

घोषयामास he proclaimed; 3d sin. perf. of rt युष् 10th cl. 385. a.

योगांस् for घोषान् acc. pl. of घोष m. a station of herdsmen.

मतो acc. pl. m. of मत् m. f. n. striking, killing; pres. p. of rt हन् 524.

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₹ ind. and, also, both, 727.

चक्रवाकोपकू जिताम् TAT. OR DEP. COMP. 740; चक्रवाक cr. the Ćakraváka or Brahmany duck, उपकू जिताम् acc. sin. f. of उपकू जिता m. f. n. made resonant with cooing or the cry (of the Ćakraváka).

चित्रिं they made, they showed; 3d pl. perf. átm. of rt क 683.

चक्रे he made; 3d sin. perf. átm. of rt कृ 683.

चद्यमे he endured, he bore; 3d sin. perf. átm. of rt छाम् 364.

चक्षंपि acc. pl. of च खुस् n. the eye, 7th cl. 165. चचाल he, she or it moved; 3d sin. perf.

of rt चल to move, 364.

चतुर: acc. pl. m. of चतुर four, 203.

चतुरो acc. pl. m. of चतुर four, see 203.

चतुर्थः nom. sin. of चतुर्थे m.f. n. fourth, 209.

चतुर्थे loc. sin. of चतुर्थ m. f. n. fourth, 209.

चतुर्देश: nom. sin. m. fourteenth, 210.

चतुर्देशो having four tusks; (comp. of चतुर् four, and दंशो nom. sin. m. from दंशा f. a tusk, 108.

चतुर्विञ्चातितमः nom. sin. m. twenty-fourth,

चत्वार for चत्वारस् nom. pl. of चतुर् four, see 203.

चन्द्रमा: nom. sin. of चन्द्रमस् m. the moon, 7th cl. 163.

चन्द्रलेखा nom. sin. f. digit of the moon. See next.

चन्द्रलेखाम् acc. sin. f. of चन्द्रलेखा f. a crescent or digit of the moon; (comp. of चन्द्र the moon, and लेखा a line, streak.)

चन्द्रलेखेव for चन्द्रलेखा इव by 32.

चन्द्राभवल्लं BAH. OR REL. COMP. 761; चन्द्र cr. the moon, जाभ cr. like, वल्लं acc. sin. m. from वल्ला n. the face, 108.

चर्रित he roams, he wanders, he or it moves; 3d sin. pres. of rt चर् 1st cl.

चरिन they wander about, they go; 3d pl. pres. of rt चर् 1st cl. 261.

चान् nom. sin. m. of चात् m. f. n. going, moving; pres. p. of rt चर् 524.

चराम: we wander over; 1st pl. pres. of rt चर् 1st cl. 261.

चरामि I commit, I act; ist sin. pres. of rt चर्.

चरितम् acc. sin. of चरित n. act, action.

चरितवत: BAH. OR REL. COMP. 766; चरित cr. performed, practised, वत nom. sin. m. from वत m. n. a vow, an act of devotion.

चरितानि acc. pl. of चरित n. an act, action.

चरिष्मति he or she will wander; 3d sin. 2d fut. of rt चर् 1st cl. 261.

चलो nom. sin. m. of चल m. f. n. fickle, changeable, moveable.

चाह्यान् for च अद्यान्, q. q. v. v.

चाचलान् for च अचलान्, q. q. v. v.

चातुर्वेर्ग्यस्य gen. sin. of चातुर्वेर्ग्य n. the four caştes, 1st cl. 104. See note under विशास्पते.

चादित्य: for च सादित्य: by 31.

चाह्रतद्शेना: for च अहुतद्शेना: by 31.

चानघा: for च अनघा: by 31.

चानुत्रमां for च अनुत्रमां by 31.

चानुभूयास्य for च अनुभूय अस्य by 31.

चानेन for च अनेन by 31.

चान्यह् for च जन्यह् by 31.

चात्यत् for च अत्यत् by 31.

चापरे for च अपरे by 31.

चापि for च ऋपि by 31.

चामदक्षिणै: for च आमदिष्यणै: by 31.

चाप्पश्चमेधेन for च ऋषि अश्वमेधेन by 31 and 34.

चापस्य for च अपि अस्य by 31, 34.

चाप्पुपलिह्यतः for च ऋषि उपलिह्यतः 31, 34.

चाप्रजः for च अप्रजः by 31.

चाभवन् for च अभवन् by 31.

चाभ्यागता for च अभ्यागता by 31.

चामीकरप्रस्थम् acc. sin. m. like gold; (comp. of चामीकर gold, and प्रस्थ like.)

चारितकवचान् BAH. or REL. comp. 761;

चारित cr. virtuous conduct, करचान् acc. pl. from करच m. armour, mail (cased in the armour of chastity.)

चारूदर्शने voc.sin.f. O thou of lovely aspect; (from चारू beautiful, and दर्शन sight.)

चारू पद्मविशालाधीम् Complex comp. 771; चारू cr. beautiful, पद्म cr. a lotus, विशाल cr. large, अर्थो acc. sin. of अर्थो f. from अर्था m. (in comp.) an eye, 778.

चारु वृत्तपयोधराम् Complex comp. 771; चारु cr. beautiful, वृत्त cr. round, पयोध-राम् acc. sin. f. from पयोधर m. a woman's breast, 108.

चार्सवाङ्गशोभन O thou who art fair and beautiful in every limb, Complex comp. 771; चार् cr. fair, handsome, सर्व cr. all, every, सङ्ग cr. limb, शोभन voc. sin. m. of शोभन m. f. n. beautiful.

चारुहासिनी sweetly smiling; nom. sin. f. See next.

चारुहासिनीम् sweetly smiling, KARM. OR DES. COMP. 755; चारु cr. sweet, sweetly, हासिनीं acc.sin.of हासिनीf. smiling, 1st cl. 106; (from हासिन् agt.of rt हस् 582.a.)

चारूणि nom. pl. n. of चारू m.f. n. beautiful, 3d cl. 114.

चासकृत् for च असकृत् by 31.

चासि for च असि by 31.

चासीत् for च आसीत् by 31.

चास्मान् for च अस्मान् by 31.

चास्माभिर् for च अस्माभिर् by 31.

चास्मिन् for च सिस्मन् by 31.

चास्या for च अस्यास् by 31.

चाहम् for च ऋहम् by 31.

चिकी पैनी nom. sin. f. of चिकी पैत् m. f. n. desirous of doing, wishing to perform; pres. p. of rt कृ in des. 502, 525.

चिकोपैमाणस् nom. sin. m. of चिकोपैमाण m.f.n.anxious to perform, wishing to do; pres. p. átm. of rt कृ in des. 502, 528.

चिकोपेंसि thou dost desire to do; 2d sin. pres. of rt क़ in des. 502. चिकी पितम् nom. sin. n. design, intention, (what is wished to be done;) see 502, 550.

चित्रप्रमायिनी TAT. OR DEP. COMP. 739; चित्र cr. heart, soul, mind, प्रमाथिनी nom. sin. f. of प्रमाधिन m.f. n. agitating, afflicting; (agt. from rt मन्य 603. a, with प;) 6th cl. 159.

चिता: acc. pl.f. of चित्र m.f. n. variegated, 1st cl. 105, 187.

चिनायध्वं think ye; 2d pl. imp. átm. of rt चिन्त् 10th cl. 641.

चिनायन् nom. sin. m. of चिनायत् m. f. n. thinking on ; pres. p. of rt चिन्त् 10th cl. 641.

चिन्तयनी thinking, reflecting; nom. sin. f. of चिनायत्.

चिनायन्या: gen. sin. f. of चिनायत् m. f. n. thinking of.

चिनायानस्य gen. sin. m. of चिनायान m. f. n.thinking of; pres. p. átm. of rt चिन्त् 10th

चिनायामास he or she thought on, pondered on, considered; 3d sin. perf. of rt चिन्त् 10th cl. 385. a.

चिनायित्वा having thought on, having considered; ind. past p. of rt चिन्त 10th cl. 558.

चिनाये I think on; ist sin. pres. átm. of rt चिन् 10th cl. 641.

चिनापरा lost in thought, TAT. OR DEP. COMP. 744; चिना cr. thought, परा nom. sin. f. of UT m. f. n. principally engaged in, 1st cl. 187.

चिनापरास् nom.pl.m. thoughtful. See last. चिनाम् acc. sin. of चिना f. thought, anxiety. चिनितो nom. sin. m. of चिनित m. f. n.

thought of, contrived, devised; past p. p.

of rt चिन्त् 538.

चिन्वनो nom. pl. m. of चिन्वत् m.f. n. seeking for, searching through; pres. p. of rt च 5th conj. 524.

चिरम ind. for a long time, for a long while.

चिरविप्रोपिताम् acc. sin. f. long banished, long absent; (comp. of चिर long, and विप्रोपित dwelling away.)

चिराद for चिरात ind. after a long time, for a long while.

चिह्नभूतो nom. sin. m. of चिह्नभूत m. f. n. become a mark, (Book XVII. 7,) formed into a mark.

चेत् ind. if.

चेतसा ins. sin. of चेतस् n. the mind, the heart. चेतो acc.sin.of चेतस् n.mind, heart, 7th cl. 164. चेदं for च इदं by 32.

चेदिपतेर TAT. OR DEP. COMP. 743; चेदि cr. Cedi, पतेर gen. sin. of पति m. a lord, 121. Cedi is the name of a country, perhaps the same as the modern Candail. It is often named in the marriage of Rukmini, extracted from the Harivansa by M. Langlois, Monumens de l'Inde, p. 96.

चेदिपुरीं acc. sin. of चेदिपुरी f. Ćedi-pur, i. e. the city of Cedi; (comp. of चोंद and पुरी a city.)

चेदिराजपुरीं TAT. OR DEP. COMP. 745; चेदि cr. Cedi, राज cr. king, पुरीं acc. sin. of पुरी f. a city.

चेदिराजस्य gen. sin. m. of the king of Cedi; (comp. of चेदि cr. Cedi, and राजस्य gen. for UN: 151.)

चेन्द्रपुरोगमा: for च इन्द्रपुरोगमा: by 32.

चेष्टमानम् acc. sin. of चेष्टमान m.f.n. struggling ; pres. p. átm. of rt चेष्ट् 1st cl. 526.

चेह for च इह by 32.

चेहागते for च इह आगते by 32 and 31.

चैतस्य for च एतस्य by 33.

चैनं for च एनं by 33.

चैव for च एव by 33.

चैवाहम् for च एव ऋहम् by 33, 31.

चैवोग्रशासनः for च एव उग्रशासनः by 33 and 32.

चैषा for च एपा by 33.

चोक्तं for च उक्तं by 32.

चोत्रमगन्धाद्या: for च उत्रमगन्धाद्या: by 32.

चोद्यमाना for चोद्यमानास् nom. pl. m. of चोद्यमान m. f. n. being urged; pres. p. of rt चुद्र in caus. pass. 496.

जिल्ला for छिला by 48. b.

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चकुनान् for शकुनान् (by 49) acc. pl. of शकुन m. a bird, 1st cl. 103.

छक्तो for शक्तो able, q. v.

छ्चीम् for श्राचीम् acc. sin. of श्राची f. the wife of Indra, 1st cl. 106.

छन्देन ins. sin. of छन्द n. will, wish.

ছব: nom. sin. m. covered, clothed, clad; past p. p. of rt হুৱ 540.

হুদিরু for মৃদিরু (49) to curse; inf. of rt মৃদ্ 459.

ज्ञाया nom. sin. f. a shadow.

छायाडितीयो Anom. comp., see 777. b; छाया cr. shadow, डितीयो nom. sin. m. of डितीय m. f. n. accompanied by, (lit. doubled, made two.)

छायेवानुगता for छाया इव अनुगता by 32,31.

জিলা having cut, having cut off; past ind. p. of rt জিল্ল 556.

जिन्दिन they cut, they cleave; 3d pl. pres. of rt जिद्द 7th cl.

छुचि: for भुचि: (49) nom. sin. m. of भुचि m. f. n. pure.

हूरो for जूरो (49) nom. sin. a hero, q. v.

छूतम् for भृतं (49) acc. sin. n. of भृत m. f. n. cooked, boiled; past p. p. of rt आ 532.

छेतुं to cut, to cut off; inf. of rt छिद्द 459.

छोकम् for ज्ञोकम् sorrow, q. v.

जुना having heard; ind. p. of rt शु 556,676.

चुत्वानवद्याङ्गी for चुत्वा खनवद्याङ्गी by 31. चृय: for श्रेय: (49) nom. sin. n. better.

छेयो for श्रेयो (49) nom. sin. n. better.

#### **ज**

न (at the end of compounds) denotes arising, born, produced; (agt. of rt नन् to be born.)

नगाद he uttered, he recited; 3d sin. perf. of rt गद 364.

जगाम he or she went; 3d sin. perf. of rt गम् 376, 602.

जगामैकां for जगाम एकां by 33.

जामतुर they two went, they both had recourse; 3d du. perf. of rt गम्, see 376.

जग्मुर they went; 3d pl. perf. of rt गम् 376.

সমাই he or she took hold of, he seized, he caught; 3d sin. perf. of rt মাই 9th cl. 699.

जग्राहाजगरो for जग्राह अजगरो by 31.

जग्राहायतलोचना for जग्राह जायतलोचना by 31.

নরু they perceived, they observed, they knew; 3d pl. perf. from rt রা 688, 373.

নিলো nom. sin. f. of নালে m.f. n. having clotted or entangled hair.

जनं acc. sin. of जन m. a man, people.

जननी nom. sin. f. a mother, a parent.

जनपदं acc. sin. of जनपद m. an inhabited country.

जनपदे loc. sin. of जनपद m. the country (as distinct from the town).

जनमध्यं Tat. or Dep. comp. 743; जन cr. men, मध्यं acc. sin. of मध्य n. the midst.

जनयामास he begat; 3d sin. perf. of rt जन् in caus. 385. a.

जनसंसत्सु Тат. or Dep. comp. 743; जन cr. men, संसत्सु loc. pl. of संसद्द f. an assembly, 138.

जनसङ्ख्ये TAT. OR DEP. COMP. 743; जन cr. men, सङ्ख्ये loc. sin. of सङ्ख्य m. destruction.

जनस्य gen. sin. of जन m. a person, a human being, people.

जना for जनास् nom. pl. of जन m. a man, ist cl. 103.

जनाधिप voc. sin. m. O lord of men.

সনাখিদ: nom. sin. m. a sovereign, (lit. lord of men; comp. of সন cr. a man, and স্থাধিদ m. a lord.)

जनाधिपा: nom. pl. m. See last.

जनार्णेय: nom. sin. m. host of men, (lit. sea of men; from जन cr. men, and अर्थोच m. the ocean.)

जनास nom. pl. of जन m. a man, people.

जिन्न्याः gen. sin. of जिन्ति f. a mother, 106; see 859. a.

जनेन ins. sin. of जन m. a man, people.

जनैर ins. pl. of जन m. a man, a person.

जन्म nom. sin. of जन्मन् n. birth, 6th cl. 153.

जन्मान्तरकृतम् nom. sin. n. committed in another birth; (comp. of जन्म cr. birth, अनार cr. another, 777.b, and कृत, q.v.)

नमुद्वीपे loc. sin. of नमुद्वीप m. Jambudvípa, the central division of the world. India is so called in the Puráṇas.

जञ्चामलोधबदिरसालवेत्नसमाकुलं Complex comp. 771; जञ्च cr. the Jambu or rose-apple (34), आम cr. the Mango-tree, लोध cr. the Lodhra or Lodh, a kind of tree (Symplocos racemosa), the bark of which is used in dyeing, खिद्र the Khadira or Catechu-tree, the exudation of which is used in medicine, साल cr. the Sál-tree, वेत cr. a cane, a ratan, समाकुलम् acc. sin. n. of समाकुल m. f. n. crowded.

जयम् acc. sin. of जय m. victory.

जयेम we may conquer; ist pl. pot. of rt जि ist cl.

जयेयु: they may conquer; 3d pl. pot. of rt जि 1st cl.

जरा nom. sin. f. old age.

जलं nom. or acc. sin. of जल n. water, 1st cl. 104.

जलदागमे TAT. OR DEP. COMP. 743; जलद cr. a cloud (water-giver), खागमे loc. sin. of खागम m. approach, arrival.

जलमातेण by mere water, on mere water;

(from जल cr. water, and मातेण ins. sin. of मात, see 919.)

जर्व acc. sin. of जय m. speed, velocity.

जवनैर्ins. pl. m. of जवन m.f. n. fleet, swift.

जवयुक्तान् acc. pl. m. fleet, swift, (lit. possessed of fleetness; from जव cr. velocity, and युक्त possessed of.)

जवेन ins. sin. of जव m. rapidity, speed.

जवेनाभिससार for जवेन अभिससार by 31.

जहांसि thou dost desert; 2d sin. pres. of rt हा 3d cl. 665.

नहमे he rejoiced; 3d sin. perf. átm. of rt हम् 364.

जातरूपरिष्कृतान् TAT. OR DEP. COMP. 740; जातरूप cr. gold, परिष्कृतान् acc. pl. m. of परिष्कृत m. f. n. adorned; past p. p. of कृ with परि, 783. o, 532.

नातमङ्गल्पः Bah. or Rel. comp. 767; नात cr. arisen, experienced, felt, सङ्गल्पः nom. sin. of सङ्गल्प m. thought, desire, love, 1st el. 103.

जातस्य gen. sin. n. of जात m. f. n. born.

जाता nom. sin. f. of जात m. f. n. born.

जातिथमा: nom. pl. m. the laws of caste, the usages of caste; (जाति caste, धर्मे law, usage, Tat. or Dep. comp.)

जातिसम्पन्नाम् acc. sin. f. of noble race, endowed with (high) birth; (comp. of जाति cr. race, and सम्पन्न accomplished, endowed with.)

जातु ind. ever; न जातु never.

নানান he knows; 3d sin. pres. of rt রা oth cl. 688.

নানাম I know, I understand; ist sin. pres. of rt রা.

जानाम्यन्यैर् for जानामि अन्यैर् by 34.

जानीत know ye; 2d pl. imp. of rt जा.

जानीय ye know; 2d pl. pres. of rt ज्ञा.

जानीयां may I recognise; 1st sin. pot. of rt जा 9th cl. 688.

जानीयाद he may know, he may recognise; 3d sin. pot. of rt ज्ञा 9th cl. 688.

जानीप thou knowest; 2d sin. pres. átm. of rt ज्ञा 9th cl. 688.

जानीहि ascertain thou; 2d sin. imp. of rt ज्ञा. जानुभिस ins. pl. of जानु n. the knee.

जायते he, she or it is produced or born; 3d sin. pres. of rt जन् 4th cl.

जियांसन्तो nom. pl. m. of जियांसत् m. f. n. desirous of killing; pres. p. par. of rt हन् in des. 503, 525.

जिज्ञासमानो nom. sin. m. desirous of knowing, testing or proving; pres. p. átm. of rt ज्ञा in des. 500. b, 528.

जितम् nom. sin. n. of जित m.f.n. conquered; past p. p. of rt जि 532.

जितस्त्रगी for जितस्त्रगीस् BAH. OR REL. COMP. 767; जित cr. conquered, won, gained, स्त्रगीस् nom. pl. f. from स्त्रगे m. heaven, 108.

जितेन ins. sin. of जित m.f.n. conquered.

जितेन्द्रियेर BAH. OR REL. COMP. 767; जित cr. conquered, subdued, इन्द्रियर ins. pl. m. from इन्द्रिय n. an organ of sense.

जितो nom. sin. m. of जित m. f. n. conquered, beaten. In Book XII. 83 जित is followed by an accusative: thus, जितो राज्यं वसूनि च deprived (in play) of his kingdom and his wealth.

সিলা having conquered, having won; past ind. p. of rt সি 556. With double accusative; as, সিলা যান্য নন্ত having won the kingdom from Nala.

जिहोंपैव: nom. pl. m. of जिहोंपूँ m.f.n. wishing to seize, desirous of taking; des. adj. from rt ह 502, 593, 82. VII.

जिसेर for जिसेस ins. pl. m. of जिस m. f. n. dishonest, vicious, (lit. crooked,) 1st cl. 103.

जीमृतस्वनसिन्नाम् like the sound of a cloud, Anom. comp. 777; जीमृत cr. a cloud, स्वन cr. sound, सिन्नाम् acc. sin. f. of सिन्न m. f. n. like, resembling. नीयते he is conquered, he is beaten; 3d sin. pres. pass. of rt जि 590, 463.

नोर्गानि acc. pl. n. of नीर्ण m. f. n. old, worn out.

जीव live thou; 2d sin. imp. of rt जीव् 1st cl. 603.

जीवित he or she lives; 3d sin. pres. of rt जीव् 1st cl. 603.

जीवतु let him live; 3d sin. pres. of rt जीव् 1st cl. 603.

जीवत्वमुखजीविकाम् for जीवतु अमुखजीवि-ंकाम् by 34.

जीवनों acc. sin. f. of जीवन m. f. n. living; pres. p. of rt जीव् 524.

जीवितेन ins. sin. of नीवित n. life, 1st cl. 104. जीवितेनार्थेस् for जीवितेन ऋर्थेस् by 31.

नुष्टं acc. sin. n. of नुष्ट m. f. n. frequented by, resorted to.

नेता he will conquer; 3d sin. 1st fut. of rt नि 590.

র (at the end of compounds) denotes knowing, acquainted with; (agt. of rt রা.)

ज्ञातमात्रे loc. sin. n. on its being ascertained merely (where they are); comp. of ज्ञात cr. known, and मात्र merely, see 919.

ज्ञातिद्रव्यविनाकृताः Complex comp. 771; ज्ञातितः.kindred, द्रव्य cr. substance, wealth, विनाकृताः nom. pl. m. deprived of.

ज्ञातिभ्यो abl. pl. of ज्ञाति m. a relation, 2d cl. 110.

ज्ञातिमु loc. pl. of ज्ञाति m. a kinsman, a relative; 2d cl. 110; see 861.

ज्ञातीन् acc. pl. of ज्ञाति m. a kinsman, a relative, 2d cl. 110.

बातुम् to know, to ascertain; inf. mood of rt ज्ञा 459, 688.

ज्ञानं acc. sin. of ज्ञान n. knowledge.

ज्ञानस्य gen. sin. of ज्ञान n. knowledge.

ज्ञायते he or it is known; 3d sin. pres. of rt ज्ञा in pass. 463.

ज्ञास्यामि I will ascertain, I will know; 1st sin. 2d fut. of rt ज्ञा 688.

होय: nom. sin. m. of होय m. f. n. to be known; fut. pass. p. of rt हा 571. a.

ज्ञेयम् nom. sin. n. of ज्ञेय m.f. n. to be known, to be ascertained; fut. pass. p. of rt ज्ञा.

#### 퓫.

िमासिकागणनादितं TAT. OR DEP. COMP. 745; मिरिसिका cr. a cricket, गण cr. a multitude, swarm, नादितम् sounding, resounding, resonant; past p. p. of rt नह in caus. 566.

### ₹.

त for ते dat. sin. of त्वत् thee, or nom. pl. m. of तत् he, that, 36.

त इमे for ते इमे (36) they themselves, the very same, 220. a.

तच् for तत्, q.v.

तच जुन्ना for तत् श्रुत्वा by 49. See the words.
तडामं acc. sin. of तडाम n. a pool, a lake.
तडामानि acc.pl. of तडाम n. a tank, 1st cl.104.
तत् pron. m.f. n. he, she, it, that, 220.
तत् that; acc. sin. n. of तत् See last.
तत् ind. therefore, 713. a.

ततः for ततस्, q. v.

ततः प्रभृति ind. from that time forward, thenceforward.

ततश् for ततस्, q. v.

ततस् ind. then, afterwards, thence.

ततस्ताः ind. hither and thither; compare इतस्ताः.

ततो for ततस thence, afterwards.

ततो for तस्मात् ind. than this, than that.

नित्यान् ind. at that very moment, at the very instant; (from तन् 220, and ख्रण moment, 715.)

तस्वं acc. sin. of तस्व n. truth, exact state.

নহার voc. sin. m. O truth-knower; (comp. of নহা divine truth, and র a knower, 580.)

तस्वेन truthfully; ins. sin. of तस्व n. truth,

तत्पराया for तत्परायास् gen. sin. f. of तत्पर m. f. n. devoted, devotedly attached.

तत्यापं TAT. OR DEP. COMP. 743; तत् cr. he (of him), पापं acc. sin. of पाप n. sin, crime, 1st cl. 104.

तित्रयं TAT. OR DEP. COMP. 743; तत् cr. he (of him, to him), प्रयं acc. sin. of प्रिय n. a kindness, a favour.

तत ind. there, in that place, 720.

तिस्यों nom. du. m. of तिस्य m. f. n. abiding there; (comp. of तिस there, 720, and स्य standing, dwelling, 580.)

त्वाच for तव खप by 31.

ततावसकाभून् for तत + अवसका + अभूत् by 31 and 47.

ततावसद् for तत अवसद् by 31.

ततासनेषु for तत जासनेषु by 31.

त्वैनं for तत एनं by 33.

तत्वैव for तत्व एव by 33.

तथा ind.thus, so, likewise, in like manner, 913. तथा गतं acc. sin. m. of तथा गत m. f. n. in such a condition; (comp. of तथा so, and गत gone.)

तथापि ind. nevertheless, still,

तथायम् for तथा अयम् by 31.

तथायानां for तथा आयानां by 31.

तथार्ख्यानि for तथा ऋर्ष्यानि by 31.

तथारूपा nom. sin. f. of तथारूप m. f. n. of such a form; (comp. of तथा such, so, and रूप, q. v.)

तथारूपेयम् for तथारूपा इयम् by 32.

तथाविधं acc. sin. m. or n. or ind. in such a manner, of such a kind, 713.

तथाविधः nom. sin. m. of तथाविध m. f. n. of such a sort or kind.

तथाविधां acc. sin. f. of तथाविध m. f. n. in such a state or plight.

तथेत् क्वा for तथा इति उक्का by 32 and 34. तथेव ind. even so, just so, so also, in like manner.

तथैवासीद for तथा एव जासीत् by 33 and 31. तथोक्ता for तथा उक्ता by 32. तथोत्साहं acc. sin. m. making such great effort; (from तथा so, and उत्साह effort.)

तथ्यम् acc. sin. of तथ्य n. truth, 1st cl. 104. तह् for तत् that, therefore; nom. n. of तत्,

तदननारा nom. sin. f. of तदननार m. f. n. next to him, nearest to him; (comp. of तद 220, and अननार without interval.)

तद्वस्यां acc. sin. f. of तद्वस्य m. f. n. in that condition; (comp. of तद्द 220, and जवस्या state.)

तदा ind. then, 722.

तदाकारां having that appearance or aspect, BAH. OR REL. COMP. 761; तद cr. that, आकारां acc. sin. f. from आकार m. form, appearance, 1st cl. 103.

तदातस्य for तदा छातस्य by 31.

तहुःखम् acc. sin. n. that grief, or grief for her, or her grief; (comp. of तद for तत् 220, and दुःख grief, q. v.)

तदूपं nom. sin. n. the form itself; (comp. of तत् 220, and रूप n. form.)

नडिस्त्र BAH. or Rel. comp. 762; तद he, 220, विस्त्रा nom. sin. m. from विसार. knowledge, 108, (possessing his knowledge.)

तन् for तत् (47) nom. sin. n. that.

तनयां acc. sin. of तनया f. a daughter.

तनयाभ्यां by or from (my) two children; ins. or abl. du. of तनय m. a child, 1st cl. 103. (The two children alluded to in Book XIII. 34 are Indrasena and Indrasena, who had been sent by Damayantí to her father at Vidarbha.)

तनुमध्यमा Bah. or Rel. comp. 766; तनु er. slender, graceful, मध्यमा nom. sin. f. from मध्यम m. the waist, middle.

तनुमध्यां BAH. OR REL. COMP. 766; तनु cr. slender, मध्यां acc. sin. f. from मध्य n. waist, 1st cl. 108.

तन्द्रां acc. sin. of तन्द्रा f. weariness, fatigue. तपः nom. sin. of तपस् n. penance, selfmortification, 7th cl. 164.

तपसा ins. sin. of तप स् n. penance, devotion.

तपसि loc. sin. of तपस् n. devotion.

तपस्परिनमु for तपसि खरिनमु by 34.

तपस्तिनी nom. sin. f. of तपस्तिन् m. f. n. devout, pious; poor, wretched, miserable, 159.

तपोधनाः nom. or voc. pl. m. rich in devotion; (comp. of तपस् devotion, penance, 64, and धन n. wealth.)

तपोयनम् acc. sin. n. penance-grove, sacred wood; (comp. of तपस् penance, 64, and यन n. a wood.)

तपोवृद्धान् acc. pl. m. grown old in devotion; (comp. of तपस् devotion, penance, 64, and वृद्ध grown, increased.)

तम् him; acc. sin. m. of तत् m. f. n. he, she, it, 220.

तया by her, with her; ins. sin. f. of तत्.

तमेयं for तया इयं by 32.

तथो: for तथोस् of those two; gen. du. of तत्. तथोर् for तथोस् of those two; gen. du. of तत्. तरसा ins. sin. of तरस् n. speed, velocity.

तरुश्रेष्ठं acc. sin. of तर्श्रेष्ठ m. the best of trees, see 743. b.

तर्केयामास he or she considered, he suspected, he conjectured; 3d sin. perf. of rt तर्के 10th cl. 385. a.

तकियाना having considered, having reflected; past ind. p. of rt तके 10th cl. 558.

तल्ला nom. sin. n. the mark of him; (comp. of तल for तत् 48, 220, and लक्ष्य a mark, 743.)

तव of thee; gen. sin. of त्वत्, q. v.

तवान्ध for तव अन्य by 31.

तस्यतु: they two stood; 3d du. perf. of rt स्या 587.

तस्यु: they stood; 3d pl. perf. of rt स्या.

तस्युर for तस्युस they stood; 3d pl. perf. of rt स्या 373.

तस्यों he stood; 3d sin. perf. of rt स्या 373, 587.

तसाद from that, than that, therefore, on that account; abl. sin. of तत्, see 829.

तस्मान् for तस्मात् (47) therefore.

तिस्मंस् for तिस्मन् (53) in that; loc. sin. m. or n.

तिसान् for तिसान् (52) in that; loc. sin. तस्मे to him; dat. sin. m. of तत् m. f. n. he, she, it, 220.

तस्य of him; gen. sin. of तत्, q. v.

तस्या for तस्यास् of her; gen. sin. f. of तत्. तस्याः of her; gen. sin. f. of तत् m. f. n. he, she, it, 220.

तस्यादृढतरं for तस्य खदृढतरं by 31. तस्याप्रमेयस्य for तस्य खप्रमेयस्य by 31.

तस्याञ् of her; gen. sin. f.

तस्यास् of her; gen. sin. f.

ता for तास् (66. a) they; nom. or acc. pl. f. of तत्, q. v.

तां her; acc. sin. f. of तत् m. f. n. he, she, it, 220.

तांस for तान् them, those, by 53.

तादृग् nom. sin. f. or n. of तादृश् m. f. n. such, such-like, such as that, 234, 181.

तान् them, those; acc. pl. m. of तत् 220.

तानि those; acc. pl. n. of तत् he, she, it, 220. तानीह for तानि इह by 31.

तापसा for तापसास् nom. pl. of तापस m. a hermit, a devotee. In Book XII. 96 तापसाऽनाहिता: is an irregularity, see तापसानाहिता:

तापसा: nom. pl. of तापस m. a hermit.

तापसाध्युषितं TAT. OR DEP. COMP. 740; तापस cr. a hermit, अध्युषितं acc. sin. n. of अध्युषित m. f. n. inhabited; past p. p. of rt वस with अधि, 607, 543.

तापसान्तिहिता: is a violation of the usual rule of Sandhi, 66. a. By that rule the two words should be separated, तापसा (for तापसास nom. pl.) चन्तिहिता:.

तापसार्यम् TAT. OR DEP. COMP. 743; तापस cr. a hermit, an ascetic, आर्यम् acc. sin. n. a wood, a forest, 1st cl. 104. तापसे: ins. pl. of तापस m. a devotee.

तापसैर for तापसैस् ins. pl. of तापस m. an ascetic.

तापसेश् ins. pl. of तापस m. a hermit.

ताभिश् for ताभिस् by them; ins. pl. f. of तत्। ताव for तौ (37) those two; acc. du. m. of तत् 220.

तावत् ind. so long.

तावन्ति nom. pl. n. of तावत् m. f. n. so many, 234.

तास they; nom. pl.f. of तत् he, she, it, 220. तिन्मांशु: nom. sin. m. the sun; (from तिन्म hot, and अंशु a ray, 766.)

तिथो loc. sin. of तिथि m. f. a lunar day. The month is divided into thirty tithis or lunar days, which are personified as nymphs. In the laws of Manu are various directions concerning fortunate and unfortunate days of the month; thus IV. 114, 'The dark lunar day or day of new moon (अमावास्या) destroys the spiritual teacher, the fourteenth destroys the learner, the eighth and the day of the full moon destroys all remembrance of scripture, for which reason he must avoid reading on those lunar days.' Hence the Hindús are careful to wait for an auspicious day before commencing any action of importance.

तिष्ठ stay thou, remain thou; 2d sin. imp. of rt स्था 587.

तिष्ठताम् gen. pl. m. of तिष्ठत् m.f. n. standing; pres. p. of rt स्था 1st cl. 269, 587, 524.

तिष्ठति he stands, he or it remains; 3d sin. pres. of rt स्या 1st cl. 587.

तिष्ठसु loc. pl. m. of तिष्ठत् m. f. n. being present; pres. p. par. of rt स्या 524, 587.

तोस्णम् acc. sin. n. of तीस्ण m. f. n. sharp, noxious, virulent.

तीव्ररोपसमाविष्टा Complex comp. 771; तीव्र cr. flerce, रोप cr. anger, समाविष्टा nom. sin. f. of समाविष्ट m. f. n. possessed by, affected by, filled with. तीन्नशोकसमाविष्टा Complex comp. 771; तीन cr. severe, excessive, शोक cr. sorrow, समाविष्टा nom. sin. f. filled with, penetrated by.

नीनशोकाता Complex comp. 771; तीन cr. excessive, poignant, शोक cr. grief, आती nom. sin. f. of आते m. f. n. afflicted, 542. त ind. but, 728. a.

तु स्पं nom. or acc. sin. n. of तु स्प m. f. n. equal. तु स्पताम् acc. sin. of तु स्पता f. equality.

तुल्यशीलवयोगुक्तां COMPLEX COMP. 771; तुल्य cr. equal, शील cr. good disposition, वयो cr. for वयस् age, 64, युक्तां acc. sin. f. of युक्त m. possessed of.

तुस्पाकृतीन् BAH. OR REL. COMP. 766; तुस्प cr. similar, षाकृतीन् acc. pl. m. from षाकृति f. form, 2d cl. 119.

तुल्याभिजनसंवृताम् Complex comp. 771; तुल्य cr. equal, अभिजन birth, family, rank, संवृताम् acc. sin. f. of संवृत m. f. n. surrounded by, possessed of.

तुस्यो nom. sin. of तुस्य m. f. n. equal, 1st cl. 187; see 826.

तुष्ट्रि for तुष्ट्सि nom. sin. f. satisfaction, pleasure.

तूर्णे ind. quickly.

नू णारें ind. silent, silently.

तृणमुष्टिं TAT. OR DEP. COMP. 743; तृण cr. grass, hay, मुष्टिं acc. sin. of मुष्टि f.a handful. तृणे: ins. pl. of तृण n. grass, any gramineous plant. In Nala XIII. 28 it may mean a bamboo, reed, &c.

तृतीय: nom. sin. of तृतीय m. f. n. third, 208. तृतीयो for तृतीयस् nom. sin. m. third.

नृमा nom. pl. m. of नृम m. f. n. satisfied; past p. p. of rt नृप 539.

तृषित: nom. sin. m. of तृषित m. f. n. thirsty. ते they, those; nom. pl. m. of तत्, q. v.

ते of thee, by thee, from thee, to thee; gen. sin. or dat. sin. of न्वत् or युप्पत्, q. v.

तेजसा ins. sin. of तेजस n. glory, splendour, beauty, might, power, dignity, spirit, virtue, 7th cl. 164.

तेनस्वी nom. sin. m. of तेनस्विन् m. f. n. glorious, illustrious, 159.

तेजोवलसमन्यितान् Complex comp. 771; तेजो cr. for तेजस् spirit, बल cr. strength, समन्यितान् acc. pl. m. endowed with.

तेजोबलसमायुक्तान् Complex comp. 771; तेजो for तेजस् (64) cr. spirit, fire, बल cr. strength, समायुक्तान् acc. pl. m. endowed with, possessing.

तेन by him, by that; ins. sin. m. or n. of तत्. तेनांधे for तेन खंधे by 31.

तेनैव for तेन एव by 33.

तेभ्यः for तेभ्यस् to them; dat. pl. of तत्, q. v. तेपां of them, of those; gen. pl. m. of तत्, q. v.

तेषु in them; loc. pl. m. of तत, q. v.

तेर for तैस by them, by those; ins. pl. m. or n. of तत्.

तोयम् acc. sin. of तोय n. water.

तोरणेन ins. sin. of तोरण m. n. an arch, an arched gateway, 1st cl. 103.

तोषयामास he pleased, gratified; 3d sin. perf. of rt तुष् to be pleased, in caus. 490.

तौ those two; nom. du. m. of तत्, q.v.

त्यक्तनीवितयोधिन: COMPLEX COMP. 771; त्यक्त cr. abandoned, sacrificed, नीवित cr. life, योधिन: nom. pl. of योधिन m. a fighter, (agt. from rt युध् 582. a,) 6th cl. 159.

त्यक्तवान् who has abandoned, (he left, he deserted;) nom. sin. m. of त्यक्तवत् past act. p. of rt त्यज्ञ 553, 897.

त्यक्तिश्रियम् acc. sin. f., BAH. OR REL. COMP. 767; त्यक्त cr. abandoned, deserted, श्रियं acc. sin. of श्री f. fortune, 123.

त्यक्ता nom. sin. f. of त्यक्त m. f. n. abandoned, deserted; past p. p. of rt त्यन् 539.

त्यतुं to abandon; inf. of rt त्यज्.

त्यज्ञकामस् nom. sin. m. wishing to abandon, desirous of leaving; see 871.

মন্ধা having abandoned, having deserted, having quitted; past ind. p. of rt মন্ 556, 596.

त्यजन्तु let them abandon; 3d pl. imp. of rt त्यज्ञ.

त्यजेषा: thou wouldest abandon; 2d sin. pot. átm. of rt त्यज्.

त्यज्ञेयं I may abandon; 1st sin. pot. of rt त्यज्. त्य: nom. pl. of ति three, see 202.

त्रयोदशः nom. sin. m. thirteenth, 210.

त्रयोविंशतितमः nom. sin. twenty-third, 211.

तातुम to rescue, to save; inf. of rt तै 268, 459.

तायध्वं save yourselves; 2d pl. imp. átm. of rt तै 1st cl. 268.

anfe preserve thou, rescue thou; 2d sin. imp. 1st cl. 267. Irregular for aামভা.

तिदशेष्ट्राः O lords of the immortals, TAT. OR DEP. COMP. 743; तिदश cr. a god, an immortal, ईष्ट्राः voc. pl. of ईष्ट्रार m. a lord, 1st cl. 103.

तिदिवं acc. sin. of तिदिव m. n. heaven, ist cl. 104.

faua for three nights, Dvi. or Col.

तोन् acc. pl. m. of ति m. f. n. three, 202.

तैलोकां acc. sin. of तैलोका n. the three worlds collectively, i. e. heaven, earth, and the lower regions.

तैलोक्ममकारक: Тат. ок Dep. сомр. 745; तैलोक्म cr. the three worlds, or heaven, earth, and the lower regions, भय cr. fear, कारक: nom. sin. m. a causer, maker.

तैलोक्सराज्यस्य gen. sin. of the sovereignty of the three worlds; (तैलोक्स the three worlds or triple realm, राज्य kingdom; Тат. ов Дер. сомр. 743.)

नं thou, you; nom. sin. of नवत् or युमात् 219. नवक् nom. sin. of नवच् f. the skin.

निकापदग्धः TAT. OR DEP. COMP. 745; त्वच् for त्वत् cr. thy, 49, 219, छाप for शाप cr. (49) curse, दग्धः nom. sin. m. burnt, consumed; past p. p. of rt दह 539.

त्वन्द्रापाद् abl. sin. through thy curse; (from वित् 219, and शाप curse, 49, 743.)

त्वचापि for त्वम् च ऋषि by 60 and 31.

ren pron. used as cr. thou, you; also abl. sin. from you, than you, 219.

त्वानुतो ind. on thy account, by means of thee, through thee; (comp. of न्वत् thou, 219, and कृते 731, 917.)

न्तत्र for त्वत्रस् from thee, see 719.

त्वतः for त्वत्तस् from thee; (त्वत् 219, with affix तस् 719.)

निका for निकस from thee, for नित; (affix तस् 719.)

न्तमतीक्षिणी nom. sin. f. waiting for thee; (comp. of न्वत् 219, and प्रतीक्षिन् m. f. n. expecting, looking for, 159.)

न्तसन्तिथी TAT. OR DEP. COMP. 743; न्तत् cr. thee, सन्तिथी loc. sin. of सन्तिथि f. presence, proximity.

न्बद्ध than thee; abl. sin. 219, 829.

न्बद्रमं acc. sin. m. other than thee.

न्बद्यम् ind. on thy account; (comp. of न्बद् for न्वत् 219, and अर्थ 791.)

न्बद्धें ind. on thy account, respecting thee, about thee; (comp. of न्बद् for न्बात् 219, and अर्थे 791.)

न्वदीयम् nom. sin. n. of न्वदीय m. f. n. thine, thy, 231.

त्वन्येन for तु अन्येन by 34.

त्वब्रुवन् for तु अब्रुवन् by 34.

त्वभ्यपूजयन् for तु अभ्यपूजयन् by 34.

त्वम् thou, you; nom. sin. of त्वत् or युप्पत् 219.

त्वमपोवं for त्वम् अपि एवं by 34. त्वया by thee; ins. sin. of त्वत् or युमात् 219.

त्वयाधर्मकृष्कुं for त्वया अधर्मकृष्कुं by 31.

त्वयाराये for त्वया ऋराये by 31.

न्विय in thee; (Book XIII. 67, with thee, at thy house;) loc. sin. of त्वत् or युप्पत्. न्वयोक्तं for न्वया उक्तं by 32.

त्वयोत्मृष्टा for त्वया उत्मृष्टा by 32.

निर्ते he hastens on; 3d sin. pres. átm. of rt निर् 1st cl. 261.

न्दरमाण्या ins. sin. f. of न्दरमाण m. f. n. hastening. (By thee, in thy haste.)

त्वरमाण्स् nom. sin. m. of त्वरमाण् m. f. n. hastening; pres. p. átm. of rt तर् 526.

न्दरमाणा nom. sin. f. hastening, running quickly.

त्वरमाणो nom. sin. m. of त्वरमाण m. f. n. hastening.

त्वरमाणोपचक्रमे for त्वरमाणा उपचक्रमे by 32. See both words.

न्वरान्यित: nom. sin. m. in haste, quick, lit.
possessed of haste; (न्वरा cr. haste, and
अन्यित possessed of.)

न्वरिता nom. sin. f. of न्वरित m. f. n. hurrying, hastening, quick, swift; (properly past p. p. of rt न्वर.)

न्दरिता: nom. pl. m. of न्दरित m. f. n. hurrying, hastening, quick, swift.

न्दर्शित for न्दरितस् nom. sin. m. of न्दरित m. f. n. hurrying, hastening, quick.

त्वर्यमाणो nom. sin. m. of त्वर्यमाण m. f. n. being urged; pres. p. of त्वर् in pass. 528.

त्वा thee; acc. sin. of त्वत् thou, 219.

न्वां thee; acc. sin. of न्वत् thou, 219.

न्नाभिगम्याहं for न्ना सभिगम्य सहं by 31. न्नाम् thee; acc. sin. of न्ना thou, 219.

# द.

₹ (at the end of compounds) denotes giving, causing, a giver; (agt. of rt ₹1.)

देष्ट्रिम्प: abl. pl. of देष्ट्रिन् m. an animal having tusks, tusked, a boar, &c., 6th cl. 159.

दश्चाम् acc. sin. of दश्च m. f. n. upright, 1st cl. 105.

হিছিতাঘত acc. sin. of ইছিতাঘত m. the Southern region, the Southern road or direction; (from ইছিতা the South, and प्य a road.) ইছিতা 'the South' is properly that which is on the right hand. The Southern region means here the land to the South of the Narmadá or Nerbudda river. The word Dakshin is now corrupted into Deccan.

दिख्यापय: nom. sin. See last.

दिख्यावताम् gen. pl. of दिख्यावत् m. f. n. having gifts, accompanied by presents or

fees to Bráhmans; (from दিষ্মাৰ present to a Bráhman, and বন্ possessed of.)

द्धिए ind. towards the South, 716.

दग्रधारणं nom. sin. of दग्रधारण n. punishment.

दगडभयात् Tat. or Dep. comp. 743; दगड cr. rod, भयात् abl. sin. of भय n. fear, 1st cl. 104. See note under यम:.

द्शिडिभ: ins. pl. of दिश्वित् m. a warder, a door-keeper, 6th cl. 159.

दराइम्स् nom. sin. m. to be punished, punishable; fut. pass. p. of rt दराइ 571.

दत्तं nom. sin. n. of दत्त m. f. n. given; past p. p. of rt दा 533. a.

दत्ता nom. sin. f. of दत्त m. f. n. given, 533. a. दत्त्वा having given; past ind. p. of rt दा 556. ददशे he or she saw; 3d sin. perf. of rt दश 364, 604.

ददशाय for ददशे खप by 31.

ददशीद्भृतदर्शनान् for ददश सद्भृतदर्शनान् by 31. ददशीस्रममगडलम् for ददशे सास्रममगडलम् by 31.

दहु: they gave; 3d pl. perf. of rt दा 663, 373. दृद्भु: for दृद्भुस् they saw. See next.

ददृशुर for ददृशुस they saw, they beheld; 3d pl. 2d pret. of rt दृश 604.

दहू शो he or she saw; 3d sin. perf. átm. of rt दृश् 364, 604.

दर्श he gave; 3d sin. perf. of rt दा 663, 373. दुध: they applied, they placed; 3d pl. perf. of rt था 373, 664. मनो दुध: they applied their minds, they entertained the idea, they resolved.

दिन्तिभि: ins. pl. of दिन्तिन् m. an elephant, 159. दिन्तै: ins. pl. of दन्त m. a tusk, a tooth, 1st cl. 103.

दमं acc. sin. of दम m. Dama, brother of Damayantí, 1st cl. 103.

दमः nom. sin. of दम m. temperance, self-restraint, 1st cl. 103.

दमनं acc. sin. of दमन m. Damana, brother of Damayantí, 1st cl. 103.

दमन: for दमनस् nom. sin. m. Damana. दमनो for दमनस् nom. sin. of दमनm. Damana. दमयनि voc. sin. of दमयनी, q. v.

दमयन्ती f. Damayantí, daughter of Bhíma and wife of Nala, 1st cl. 106.

दमयन्तीं acc. sin. of दमयन्ती.

दमयन्तीसकाशे TAT. OR DEP. COMP. 743; दम-यन्ती cr. Damayantí, सकाशे loc. of सकाश, used adverbially, in the presence of.

दमयन्तीसखीगणात् TAT. OR DEP. COMP. 745; दमयन्ती cr. Damayantí, सखी cr. friend, गणात् abl. sin. of गण m. troop, company.

दमयन्यनवद्याङ्गी for दमयन्ती जनवद्याङ्गी by

दमयन्यं for the sake of Damayantí; (comp. of दमयन्ती and ऋषें, see 760. d, 791.)

दमयन्त्रभें ind. for the sake of Damayantí, in search of Damayantí; (comp. of दमयन्ती and अभें 731.)

दमयन्या ins. sin. of दमयन्ती, q. v.

दमयन्या for दमयन्यास् gen. sin. of दमयन्ती, q. v.

दमयन्यां loc. sin. of दमयन्ती, q. v.

दमयन्याः gen. sin. of दमयन्ती, q. v.

दमयन्याम् loc. sin. of दमयन्ती, q. v.

दमयन्यास gen. sin. f. of दमयन्ती, q. v.

दमयन्त्रोकवस्त्राय for दमयन्ती एकवस्त्रा अथ by 34 and 31.

दमयन्ये dat. sin. to Damayantí.

दमशोचसमन्यितै: TAT. OR DEP. COMP. 740; दम cr. self-command, शौच cr. purity, समन्यितै: ins. pl. of समन्यित m. f. n. endowed with.

दयां acc. sin. of दया f. compassion, pity.

द्यितं acc. sin. m. of द्यित m. f. n. beloved, dear, cherished.

दियतः nom. sin. m. of दियत m.f. n. beloved.

दियतान् acc. pl. m. of दियत m. f. n. beloved, dear.

दरीञ् acc. pl. of दरी f. a glen, 1st cl. 106. दर्शनलालसाम् acc. sin. f. longing to see, ardently desirous of beholding; (comp. of दर्शन cr. seeing, and নানমা f. earnest longing, ardent desire, 761, 108.)

दर्शय shew thou; 2d sin. imp. of rt दृश् in caus. 604, 704.

दशियात्मानं for दशिय ज्ञात्मानं by 31.

दर्शियतासि thou shalt shew; 2d sin. 1st fut. of rt दूश in caus. 704.

दशियन्ता having shewed, having exhibited; past ind. p. of rt दृश in caus. 558.

दश acc. pl. of दशन ten, 204.

दशिभर ins. pl. of दशन् ten, 204.

दशमः nom. sin. m. of दशम m. f. n. tenth, 209.

दशमे loc. sin. n. of दशम m.f. n. tenth, 209.

दशार्थाधिपते: TAT. OR DEP. COMP. 743; दशार्था cr. the country of Dasárņa, अधि-पते: gen. sin. of अधिपति m. a sovereign,

হয়াঘাঁ g loc. pl. m. of হয়াঘাঁ (declined in pl.) in Dasárna, a country lying on the S. E. of the Vindhya mountains, in central Hindústán. It is mentioned in the Megha-dúta (verse 24), and its capital is there said to be Vidiśa. According to Professor Wilson, it may possibly correspond with the modern district Chattís-garh, as this place is so named, from its containing a number of forts (chattís 'thirty-six'), and Dasárna is derived from dasa 'ten' and rina (arna) 'a stronghold.'

दशस्य gen. sin. m. of दश m. f. n. bitten; past p. p. of rt दंश 539.

दहित he or it burns; 3d sin. pres. of rt दह 1st cl. 610.

दसने he is burnt; 3d sin. pres. of rt दह in pass. 463.

दसन्तम् acc. sin. m. of दसत् m.f. n. burning; pres. p. par. of rt दह 4th cl. 524.

दसमानः being consumed, being burnt; pres. p. of rt दह in pass. 528.

द्समानस्य gen. sin. m. of द्समान m. f. n. being consumed.

दसमाना nom. sin.f. of दसमान m.f. n. being consumed, being burnt, being tormented.

दद्यमानाम् acc. sin. f. of द्यमान m. f. n. being parched.

दसमानो for दसमानस् nom. sin. m. being consumed, being burnt.

दास्यं nom. sin. of दास्य n. cleverness, 1st cl.

दाता nom. sin. m. of दातृ m. f. n. liberal, generous, a giver.

दाना he will give; 3d sin. 1st fut. of rt दा 663. दान nom. sin. of दान n. liberality, 1st cl. 104. दान acc. sin. of दान m. Dánta, brother of Damayantí, 1st cl. 103.

दारको two children; nom. or acc. du. of दारक m. a child, 1st cl. 103.

दाहणः nom. sin. m. of दाहण m. f. n. dreadful, grievous.

दारुणतरं acc. sin. m. of दारुणतर m. f. n. more dreadful, more terrible, 191.

दारुणाकृति: BAH. OR REL. COMP. 766; दारुण cr. terrible, dreadful, आकृति: nom. sin. m. from आकृति f. form, 119.

दाहणाम् acc. sin. f. of दाहण m. f. n. fearful, terrible.

दाहरों loc. sin. m. or n. of दाहरा m. f. n. terrible, fearful, 1st cl. 187.

दाह्ण nom. sin. m. of दाह्ण m.f. n. terrible. दाँद ins. pl. of दार (always in m. pl.) a wife, 103.

दारेस ins. pl. of दार m. pl. a wife.

दावं acc. sin. of दाव m. a forest-fire.

दाविविविजितम् TAT. OR DEP. COMP. 740; दाव cr. fire, विविजितम् acc. sin. m. free from, lit. abandoned by.

दासत्वम् acc. sin. of दासत्व n. slavery.

दासीनां gen. pl. of दासी f. a slave, a femaleservant, ist cl. 106.

दास्यामि I will give; 1st sin. 2d fut. of rt दा. दिग्वाससम् acc. sin. m. of दिग्वासस् m.f.n. naked, (lit. having space or sky for vesture; from दिश् (43. e) a quarter of the sky, and वासस् a garment, raiment.) दिदृष्यः nom. pl. of दिदृष्यः m. f. n. desirous of seeing, 3d cl. 111; an adj. formed from the des. form of rt दृश्, see 500. c. and 82. VII.

दिदृषुर nom. sin. m. of दिदृषु m. f. n. desirous of seeing; des. adj. from rt दृश् 500. c, 82. VII.

दियं acc. sin. of दिव् f. heaven; see 180. b. दिया ind. by day, 714.

दिवानिशम् acc. sin. n. or ind. day and night, DVAN. OR AGG. COMP., see 753.

दिवारात्रम् ind. day and night, 753.

दिचि loc. sin. of दिच् f. the sky, heaven, 8th cl. 180. b.

दिविस्पृग्भिर् ins. pl. of दिविस्पृज्ञ् m. f. n. touching the sky; (comp. of दिवि, see last, and स्पृज्ञ् m. f. n. touching, 8th cl. 181.)

द्विकस: nom. pl. of द्विकस् m. a deity, a celestial, an inhabitant of heaven, (lit. one whose dwelling is in heaven; from द्वि cr. heaven, and स्रोकस् a habitation, 33, 762.)

दियं acc.sin.n.of दिया m.f.n. divine, celestial. दियाकाननदर्शनम् in aspect like to a celestial grove, BAH. OR REL. COMP. 761; दिया cr. divine, कानन cr. a grove, दशनम् acc. sin. of दशन n. aspect.

दिव्यद्शिनिवश्रुत O thou that art known by thy divine aspect, Complex comp. 771; दिव्य cr. divine, दर्शन cr. aspect, विश्रुत voc. sin. of विश्रुत m. f. n. celebrated, well-known, 1st cl. 103.

दिव्यमानुषं nom. sin. n. divine or human; (comp. of दिव्य divine, and मानुष human.) दिव्याञ्च acc. pl. f. of दिव्य m. f. n. celestial, divine, 1st cl. 105, 187.

दिश: gen. sin. of दिश f. a region, quarter, point of the compass, 8th cl. 181.

दिश: acc. pl. of दिश् f. a quarter of the sky, region, 181.

दिशम् acc. sin. of दिश् f. a region, 8th cl. 181.

нh

दिशो acc. pl. of दिश f. a quarter.

दिष्टं acc. sin. n. of दिष्ट m. f. n. pointed out; past p. p. of rt दिश् 539.

হিছা ind. How fortunate! Mayest thou be fortunate! Hail to thee! I congratulate thee. An exclamation used in congratulating another on any piece of good fortune.

दीन m.f. n. dejected, miserable, 1st cl. 187. दोनम् acc. sin. m. of दीन m.f. n. miserable. दोनमानसः BAH. OR REL. COMP. 761; दीन cr. miserable, मानसः nom. sin. m. the mind.

दीना nom. sin. f. of दीन m. f. n. miserable.

दीना for दीनास nom. pl. m. of दीन miserable. दीनां acc. sin. f. of दीन m.f. n. miserable.

दोभाम् acc. sin. f. of दोभ m. f. n. glowing, blazing, kindled.

दीर्घकालम् for a long period; (comp. of दीर्घ long, and कालम् acc. sin. of काल m. time, see 821.)

दीर्घबाहुर् for दीर्घबाहुस् BAH. OR REL. comp. 761; दीर्घ cr. long, बाहुर् nom. sin. of बाहु m. an arm.

दीर्घस्य gen. sin. m. of दीर्घ m. f. n. long. दीर्घते he or it is rent or torn; 3d sin. pres. of rt दू in pass. 468.

दीव्य play thou; 2d sin. imp. of rt दिव् to play, 4th cl. 275.

दीव्यत: gen. sin. m. of दीव्यत् m.f. n. playing; pres. p. of rt दिव् 4th cl. 524, 275.

दोव्यमानम् acc. sin. m. of दीव्यमान m. f. n. playing, gambling; pres. p. átm. of rt दिव् 4th cl. 275, 526.

दोव्याव let us two play, let both of us play; ist du. imp. of rt दिव् 4th cl. 275.

दीव्यावेत्पन्नवीह for दीव्याव इति सन्नवीह by

दुःखं nom. or acc. sin. of दुःख n. sorrow, affliction.

दुः:बं acc. sin., used adverbially, painfully, sorrowfully, 713.

दुःखतरं nom. sin. n. of दुःखतर m. f. n. more painful, more grievous.

दु:खतरम् acc. sin. of दुःखतर n. more grievous (thing), greater sorrow or suffering.

दुःखपरीतात्मा Complex comp. 771; दुःख cr. sorrow, anguish, परीत cr. pervaded, affected by, आत्मा nom.sin.m.the soul,147.

दु:खशोकसमन्यिता COMPLEX COMP. 770; दु:ख cr. pain, शोक er. sorrow, समन्यिता nom. sin. f. of समन्यित m. f. n. possessed of, filled with.

दुःखस्य gen. sin. of दुःख n. sorrow, affliction. दुःखात् abl. sin. of दुःख n. pain.

दु:बाह् abl. sin. of दु:ब n. pain, suffering, ist cl. 104.

दु:खाते nom. sin. f. of दु:खाते m. f. n. afflicted, pained; (comp. of दु:ख pain, and खाते 542.)

दुःखाती for दुःखातीस् nom. pl. of दुःखाती m. f. n. afflicted.

दुःखातीम् acc. sin. f. of दुःखाते afflicted.

दु:खातों nom. sin. m. of दु:खाते afflicted with pain, suffering misery; (from दु:ख cr. misery, and खाते pained, 542.)

दु:चित: nom. sin. m. of दु:चित m. f. n. afflicted; past p. p. of rt दु:ख् 538.

दु:खितपा ins. sin. f. of दु:खित m. f. n. afflicted, pained.

दु: खितस्य gen. sin. m. of दु: खित m. f. n. afflicted, 1st cl. 103.

दुःखितस्याभवत् for दुःखितस्य अभवत् by 31. दुःखिता nom.sin.f.of दुःखित m.f.n. afflicted.

दुःखितां acc. sin. f. of दुःखित m. f. n. afflicted.

दु: खितो for दु: खितस् nom. sin. m. afflicted.

दु:खेन ins. sin. of दु:ख n. sorrow, pain, ist cl. 104.

दुःसहो nom. sin. m. difficult to be borne, irresistible; (comp. of दुर 726. d, 71. a, and सह m. f. n. bearable.)

दुर्गम् acc. sin. n. of दुर्ग m. f. n. difficult of access, pathless.

हुभैमां acc. sin. f. of दुभैमें m. f. n. difficult of approach, not to be violated; (from दुर 726. d, and भर्म.)

दुष्करं acc. sin. n. difficult or painful act.

दुष्करं nom. sin. n. of दुष्कर m.f. n. painful, difficult, bad.

दुष्कृतं nom. sin. n. sin, crime, evil action; (comp. of दुर 726. d, and कृत, q. v.)

दुष्टं acc. sin. m. of दुष्ट m. f. n. wicked.

दुष्टभावेन BAH. OR REL. COMP. 766; दुष्ट cr. wicked, deprayed, भावेन ins. sin. of भाव m. nature, state, 1st cl. 103.

दुष्टासु loc. pl. f. of दुष्ट m. f. n. corrupted.

दुहितरम् acc. sin. of दुहितृ f. a daughter, 4th cl. 128.

दुहिता nom. sin. of दुहितृ f. a daughter.

दुहितुस् gen. sin. of दुहितृ f. a daughter.

हहितृ f. a daughter, 4th cl. 129.

दुहित्तर्थे ind. for the sake of (his) daughter; (comp. of दुहितृ a daughter, and अर्थे 760. d, 791, 34.)

हूत for दूतस nom. sin. m. a messenger.

दूताञ्च for दूतास् nom. pl. of दूत m. a messenger.

दूती nom. sin. f. a female-messenger.

दूतीम् acc. sin. of दूती f. a female-messenger.

दूतो for दूतस् nom. sin. of दूत m. a messenger, an ambassador, 1st cl. 103.

दूरे ind. far off, at a distance, 716.

दृढं ind. excessively, very.

दृढनतः BAH. OR REL. COMP. 766; दृढ cr. strict, firm, faithful, जतः nom. sin. from जत m. n. a vow.

दूश्य to be seen, worthy to be seen; fut. pass. p. of rt दृश 573. b.

दृश्यते he or she is seen; 3d sin. pres. pass. of rt दृश् 604, 463.

दूष्यने they are seen; 3d pl. pres. pass. of rt दृश्.

दृश्यमे thou art seen; 2d sin. pres. of rt दृश् in pass. 463.

दृश्यै: ins. pl. of दृश्य to be seen, q. v.

दृष्टं nom. sin. n. of दृष्ट m. f. n. seen; past p. p. of rt दृश.

दृष्ट: nom. sin. m. of दृष्ट m. f. n. seen.

दृष्पूर्वे nom. sin. m. seen before. See next. दृष्पूर्वेस् seen before; nom. sin. m. of दृष्पूर्वे;

दृष्ट cr. seen, पूर्वस nom. sin. m. of पूर्व before, 1st cl. 103.

दृष्टपूर्वा nom. sin. f. seen before.

दृष्टवती nom. sin. f. of दृष्टवत् m. f. n. who has seen; past act. p. of rt दृश् 553.

दृष्टवन्तो who have seen; nom. pl. m. of दृष्टवत्. See next.

दृष्टवान् who has seen, (he saw;) nom. sin. m. of दृष्टवत् past act. p. with sense of past tense, 553, 897.

दृष्टम् nom. sin. m. of दृष्ट m. f. n. seen ; past p. p. of rt दृष्

दृष्टा nom. sin. f. of दृष्ट m. f. n. seen.

दृष्टास् nom. pl. f. of दृष्ट m. f. n. seen.

दृष्टिर् for दृष्टिस् nom. sin. of दृष्टि f. sight, eye-sight, 2d cl. 112.

दृष्टी nom. sin. m. of दृष्ट m. f. n. seen, observed; past p. p. of rt दृश 604, 539.

दृष्टा having seen, having beheld; past ind. p. of rt दृश to see, 556, 604.

दृष्ट्वाशोकतरं for दृष्ट्वा अशोकतरं by 31.

दृष्ट्रेमां for दृष्ट्या इमां by 32.

दृष्ट्रैव for दृष्ट्वा एव by 33.

देदीप्पमानां acc. sin. f. of देदीप्पमान m. f. n. shining brightly or intensely, see 507. a.

देयं nom. sin. n. of देय m. f. n. to be given.

देयो nom. sin. m. of देय m. f. n. to be given; fut. pass. p. of rt दा 571. a.

देव m. a god, ist cl. 103.

देव voc. sin. of देव m. a god, 1st cl. 103.

देवं acc. sin. of देव m. a god.

देवगन्धर्वमानुषोरगराश्वसान् Dvan. or Agg.

comp. 748; देव cr. a god; गन्धर्व cr. a Gandharba or celestial musician, see note under गन्धर्यो; मानुष cr. a man; उरग cr. a serpent, see under नाग; राह्मसान् acc. pl. of राह्मस m. a demon, 1st cl. 103, see under राह्मसी.

देवता nom. sin. f. a deity, a goddess.

देवता: nom. or acc. pl. of देवता f. a god, a deity, 105.

देयतानां gen.pl. of देवता f. a deity, 1st cl. 105.

देवताभ्यर्चनपरो TAT. OR DEP. COMP. 745; देवता cr. a deity, अभ्यर्चन cr. worship, परो nom. sin. of पर m.f. n. devoted to.

देवतायतनानि nom. pl. n. of देवतायतन n. a temple; (comp. of देवता a deity, and आय-तन n. an abode.)

देवदुन्दुभयो TAT. OR DEP. COMP. 743; देव cr. gods, दुन्दुभयो nom. pl. of दुन्दुभि m. a drum.

देवदूतम् TAT. OR DEP. COMP. 743; देव cr. a god, दूतम् acc. sin. of दूत m. a messenger, 1st cl. 103.

देवने loc. sin. of देवन n. play, gaming, gambling, playing (with dice), 1st cl. 104.

देवनेन ins. sin. of देवन n. playing, gambling. देवपतिर् for देवपतिस् TAT. OR DEP. COMP. 743; देव cr. a god, पतिर nom. sin. of पति m. a lord, 2d cl. 110.

देयराजसमद्युति: equal in glory to the king of the gods, Anom. comp. 777; देय cr. a god, राज for राजन cr. a king, 57, सम cr. equal, द्युति: nom. sin. m. from द्युति f. brightness.

देवरानस्य TAT. OR DEP. COMP. 743; देव cr. a god, रानस्य for राज्ञ: (by 778 and 151) gen. sin. of राजन् a king.

देवराइ nom. sin. of देवराज् m. the king of the gods, Indra; (comp. of देव a god, and राज् a king, 176. e.)

देवरूपिणीम् acc. sin.f. having a divine form; (comp. of देव cr. god, and रूपिन् m. f. n. having a form, see 85. VI.) देविलङ्गानि TAT. OR DEP. COMP. 743; देव cr. a god, लिङ्गानि acc. pl. of लिङ्ग n. a mark, characteristic, 1st cl. 104.

देवसिन्धी TAT. OR DEP. COMP. 743; देव cr. a god, सिन्धी loc. sin. of सिन्धि f. presence, 2d cl. 112.

देवा for देवास nom. pl. of देव a god.

देया: for देवास nom. pl. of देव a god.

देवान् acc. pl. of देव m. a god.

देवानां gen. pl. of देव m. a god.

देवाज्ञा nom. pl. of देव m. a god.

देवास् nom. pl. of देव m. a god.

देवि voc. sin. of देवी f. a queen, 1st cl. 106. देवी nom. sin. f. a goddess, a queen, 1st cl. 106.

देवीं acc. sin. of देवी f. a queen.

देवेन ins. sin. of देव m. play, sport, gambling, 1st cl. 103.

देवेभ्य: dat. pl. of देव m. a god.

देवेभ्यो for देवेभ्यस् dat. pl. of देव m. a god.

देवेषु loc. pl. of देव m. a god.

देवै: ins. pl. of देव m. a god.

देवैर् for देवैस ins. pl. of देव m. a god.

देवैस् ins. pl. of देव m. a god.

देशं acc. sin. of देश m. a region, a place.

ইয়াকানতা knowing the (proper) place and time, Complex comp. 770; (from ইয়া cr. place, কাল cr. time, আ nom. sin. f. of য় m.f. n. knowing, see 580.)

देशात abl. sin. of देश m. a country.

देशातिययो TAT. OR DEP. COMP. 743; देश cr. a country, ऋतिययो nom. pl. of ऋतिथि m. a guest, 110.

देशो nom. sin. of देश m. a country, 1st cl.103. देहं acc. sin. of देह m. n. the body.

देहस्य gen. sin. of देह m. n. the body, 1st cl. 103, 104.

देहस्यास्य for देहस्य जस्य by 31.

देहा for देहास nom. pl. of देह m. the body. देहि give thou; 2d sin. imp. of rt दा. देहिनो for देहिनस gen. sin. of देहिन m. the embodied soul, the spirit.

देही nom. sin. of देहिन m. the soul. देहे loc. sin. of देह m. n. the body, 1st cl. 103, 104.

दैत्यदानयमदेनं an epithet of the god Indra; देत्य a Daitya or demon, दानच a Dánava, a demon or giant, मदेनं acc. sin. of मदेन m. the destroyer, (lit. the crusher, agt. from rt मृद्६ 582. c.) The Daityas and Dánavas, like the Titans, were a kind of demon or giant who waged perpetual war with the gods. See note under अमृतोपमां.

देवतपर: nom. sin. a worshipper of the gods; (comp. of देवत cr. a god, and पर: m. devoted to.)

दैनदोपाद TAT. OR DEP. COMP. 743; दैन cr. destiny, fate, दोपाद abl. sin. of दोप m. fault.

दैवमानुषंnom. sin. n. divine or human; (comp. of दैव divine, and मानुष human, see 765.) दैवात abl. sin. of दैव n. fate, fortune, 1st cl. 103.

देवन ins. sin. of देव n. fate, destiny; or ins. sin. of देव m. f. n. divine.

दैवेनाक्रम्य for दैवेन साक्रम्य by 31. दोला nom. sin. f. a swing, 1st cl. 105. दोलेव for दोला इव by 32.

होषं acc. sin. of दोष m. fault, crime.

दोषत: for दोषतस् ind. of a fault, of evil intentions; (from दोष with affix तस्, see 719.)

दोषञ् nom. sin. m. fault, crime, sin. दोषेण ins. sin. of दोष m. fault, crime.

होपेर ins. pl. of दोष m. a crime, fault.

दोमो for दोमस nom. sin. of दोम m. fault, blame, 1st cl. 103.

दौरान ins. sin. of दौरा n. a message, a mission, embassy.

दौरोनागत्म for दौरोन आगत्म by 31. द्युति acc. sin. of द्यूति f. brilliancy, beauty. द्यूतम् nom. sin. of द्यूत n. game, gaming. द्यते loc. sin. of द्यूत m. n. game, play, gambling, gaming with dice, 1st cl. 103, 104.

द्रस्पास thou shalt see; 2d sin. 2d fut. of rt दृश् 604.

द्रस्पसे thou shalt or wilt see; 2d sin. 2d fut. átm. of rt दृश्.

द्रस्यामि I shall or will see; ist sin. 2d fut. of rt द्रश 604.

द्रविणं nom. sin. n. property.

द्रविशेन ins. sin. of द्रविश n. property, wealth.

द्रव्यं nom. sin. of द्रव्य n. property, 1st cl. 104.

द्रष्टा he shall or will see, he will visit; 3d sin. 1st fut. of rt द्रश 604.

द्रष्टुं to see; inf. of rt दृश 604, 459.

दूतं ind. quickly.

दुम: nom. sin. of दुम m. a tree.

दूमम् acc. sin. of दूम m. a tree.

होणं acc. sin. of द्रोण m. Drona, name of a Bráhman, who was the instructor of both Kurus and Pándavas in the art of war.

हयो र gen. and loc. of हि two, 201.

हाद्शः nom. sin. m. twelfth, 210.

द्वादशे loc. sin. m. of द्वादश m.f. n. twelfth, 210.

हापरं acc. sin. of हापर m. the third Age of the world personified as a deity, 1st cl. 103.

द्वापरेण ins. sin. See last.

sist loc. sin. of six f. a door, a gate, 8th cl. 180.

द्वाविंश्वतितमः nom. sin. m. the twentieth, 211.

डिज: nom. sin. m. a Bráhman or twice-born man; see note under डिजसत्तमः.

द्विज्ञिनिमेवितां TAT. OR DEP. COMP. 740; द्विज्ञ cr. a bird, निमेवितां acc. sin. f. of निमेवित m.f. n. resorted to, inhabited by.

द्विजसन्तम:nom.sin.m. best of Bráhmans, best of the twice-born. The first three classes or castes (see note under विशास्पते) are called Dvija or twice-born. The first birth is from the natural mother, the second from the ligation of the sacri-

ficial cord. (Manu II. 169.) This cord, called Yajnopavíta, was made of three strings of cotton (Manu II. 44), and suspended over the left shoulder of men of the first three classes at various ages, in token of their second or spiritual birth.

द्विजसत्तमम् acc. sin. m. best of the twiceborn; (from द्विज cr. a twice-born man, and सत्तम best, see 743. b.)

हिजसन्नमाः O best of Brahmans; voc. pl.m. हिजात् abl. sin. of हिज m. a Brahman.

हिजातय: nom. pl. of हिजाति m. a Bráhman, 2d cl. 110.

डिजातिजनवासलः a friend to the Bráhman race, 745; डिजाति cr. twice-born, a Bráhman, जन cr. a person, वासल fond of, friendly to.

हिजान acc. pl. of हिज m. a bird, (twiceborn, first in the shell and then from it.) हिजान acc. pl. of हिज m. a Brahman.

द्विजोत्तमम् acc. sin. m. best of Bráhmans.

द्विजोत्तमाः voc. pl. m. O best of Bráhmans.

हितीयं acc. sin. m. of हितीय m.f. n. second, 208.

डितीयं ind. a second time, 713.

डितीयः for डितीयस् nom. sin. of डितीय m.f.n. second, 208.

डितीयो for डितीयस् nom. sin. m. of डितीय m. f. n. second.

डिया ind. in two ways, in two parts, in two directions, 723.

द्विधेव for द्विधा इव by 32.

डिपदां gen. pl. of डिपाइ m. a man, a biped, 5th cl. Observe—डिपाइ becomes हिपद in acc. pl. and other vowel cases; see 145.

डियताम् gen. pl. of डियत् m. an enemy, 5th cl. 136. As a present participle this word means hating, see 657.

हे acc. du. f. of हि two, 201.

हैरचेन ins. sin. of हैरच n. single combat in chariots.

ही nom. du. of हि two.

ਬ.

धनं acc. sin. of धन n. wealth, money.

धनानि acc. pl. of धन n. wealth, property, riches, 1st cl. 104.

धनुः for धनुस् nom. sin. n. a bow.

धनेन ins. sin. of धन n. wealth.

धन्तिनां gen. pl. of धन्तिन् m. an archer, a bow-man, 6th cl. 159.

थयानां for हयानां (50) gen. pl. of हय a horse.

धरणीतले on the surface of the earth; (from धरणी cr. earth, and तले loc. sin. of तल n. surface, 743.)

धरिषानि they shall continue, they shall remain; 3d pl. 2d fut. of rt भू 1st cl. 393. c.

धर्मे for धर्मेस् nom. sin. m. duty.

ਪੰਜੇ acc. sin. of ਪਸੰ m. virtue, justice.

धर्मेज voc. sin. m. of धर्मेज m. f. n. knowing (one's) duty; (comp. of धर्मे cr. duty, and ज 688, 580.)

धर्मेज्: nom. sin. m. a knower of duty.

धर्मज्ञस्य gen. sin. of धर्मज्ञ m. f. n. knowing (one's) duty.

धर्मजा: nom. pl. m. of धर्मज m. f. n. knowing (their) duty, righteous.

धर्मज्ञो nom. sin. of धर्मज्ञ m. f. n. knowing (one's) duty, virtuous.

धर्मतः for धर्मतस् ind. justly, religiously, righteously, 719. b.

धर्मभूतां gen. pl. of धर्मभृत् m. a maintainer of justice; (comp. of धर्मे cr. justice, and भृत agt. of rt भृ to maintain, 84, 1.)

थर्मेवत्सल voc. sin. O thou that lovest virtue; (comp. of धर्मे cr. and वासल m.f. n. fond.)

धर्मीवच् for धर्मीवह m. one who knows his duties, 5th cl. 137, see 49; (comp. of धर्म and विद 84, 1.)

धर्मीवत् TAT. OR DEP. COMP. 743; धर्मे cr. duty, वित् nom. sin. m. of विद् knowing, 5th cl. 137.

धर्मेस् nom. sin. m. duty.

धर्मात्मा nom. sin. m. of धर्मात्मन् m. f. n. vir-

tuous, pious, pious-minded; (comp. of धर्म virtue, piety, and खात्मन् soul, 147.)

धर्मात्मानं acc. sin. m. See last.

धर्मान् acc. pl. of धर्म m. duty, 1st cl. 103.

धर्मापैद्शिन: Тат. or Dep. comp. 745; धर्म cr. justice, duty, अर्थ cr. object, wealth, interest, द्शिन: gen. sin. m. of द्शिन् regarding, looking to, 6th cl. 159.

ਪਸੇਂ loc. sin. of ਪਸੇ m. law, usage, duty, virtue. ਪਸੇਂਗ ins. sin. of ਪਸੇ m. right, justice, virtue, 1st cl. 103.

धर्मेणासि for धर्मेण स्रसि by 31.

धर्मेषु loc. pl. of धर्म m. virtue, duty, 1st cl. 103. धर्मों for धर्मेस् nom. sin. of धर्म m. duty.

थम्पे acc. sin. m. lawful, consistent with duty.

थम्पीइ abl. sin. n. of धम्पे lawful, just, consistent with duty.

धर्मीयतुम् to insult, or, with pass. sense, to be insulted, to be ill-treated; inf. of rt भूप 10th cl. 459, 869.

धर्षिता: nom. pl. m. or f. of धर्षित m. f. n. smitten, overcome, violated; past p. p. of rt भृष् 538.

भर्षितास् nom. pl. m. or f. of भर्षित ill-treated, smitten, overcome, violated.

भाताins.sin.of भातृm.the Creator,4th cl.127. भातीम् acc. sin. of भाती f. a nurse, 1st cl. 106.

धारपति he supports; 3d sin. pres. of rt धृ 10th cl. 285.

धारयतों acc. sin. f. of धारयत् m. f. n. maintaining, supporting; pres. p. of rt भू 10th cl. 524, 285.

भारयन्ति they support, they maintain; 3d pl. pres. of rt पू 10th cl. 285.

धारयामास he restrained; 3d sin. perf. of rt धृ 285, 385. a.

धारियतुं to bear, to support, to hold; inf. of rt भू 10th cl. 285.

भावत run ye; 2d pl. imp. of rt भाव् 1st cl. 261.

थावताधुना for थावत अधुना by 31.

भावति he or she runs; 3d sin. pres. of rt भाव 1st cl. 261.

धावन्तो nom. pl. m. of धावत् m. f. n. running; pres. p. par. of rt धाव् 1st cl. 524.

भास्यामि I will cause, I will make, I will place; 1st sin. 2d fut. of rt भा 664.

धि for हि for, by 50.

धिरण्यसदृश्चदान् BAH. OR REL. COMP. 761; धिरण्य for हिरण्य (50) cr. gold, सदृश cr. like, resembling, छदान् acc. pl. of छद m. a wing, 1st cl. 103; see 51. a.

धीमत: gen. sin. m. of धीमत् m. f. n. wise.

धोमान् nom. sin. m. of धोमत् m. f. n. wise, intelligent, lit. possessed of understanding, 5th cl. 140.

wit acc. sin. m. or n. of wit m. f. n. wise, sensible, grave, sedate, sober.

भीरस् nom.sin.m. a wise man, a sensible man.

धूमजालेन TAT. OR DEP. COMP. 740; धूम cr. mist, cloud, smoke, जालेन ins. sin. of जाल m. a multitude, a mass, film.

धूयमानो nom. sin. m. of धूयमान m. f. n. being agitated, being fanned; pres. p. of rt धू in pass. 528.

धृतम् for हृतम् taken, seized, by 50.

भृतिर nom. sin. of भृति f. constancy, 2d cl. 112.

धैर्प nom. sin. of धैर्प n. firmness, strength.

ध्यात्वा having pondered, having reflected; past ind. p. of rt भे 536, 556.

धानतत्पराम् acc. sin. f. lost in thought; (comp. of धान reflection, meditation, and तत्पर engaged in, intent on.)

ध्यानपरा lost in meditation, TAT. OR DEP. comp. 744; ध्यान cr. meditation, परा nom. sin. f. of पर m. f. n. principally engaged in, devoted to, 1st cl. 187.

भियते it is fixed, it is held; 3d sin. pres. of rt भू in pass. 463.

भियसे thou livest, thou survivest; 2d sin. pres. of rt भू in pass. (The pass. of भू to hold is thus used, i. e. to be held in life.) पुर्न nom. sin. n. or acc. sin. m. or n. of भून m. f. n. certain, 187.

भुवम् ind. certainly, assuredly, 713.

धुवाणि nom. pl. n. of धुव m. f. n. perpetual, continual, constant.

धुनो nom. sin. m. of धुन m. f. n. certain, inevitable.

### न.

न ind. not, no, nor, neither.

नः us, to us, for आसान् or आसम्यं acc. or dat. pl. of मत्, (nom. आहं.)

नकं ind. by night, 713. b.

नख्ताणि nom. pl. n. of नख्त n. a constellation, a star, 1st cl. 104.

नग m. a tree, a mountain.

नगरं acc. sin. of नगर n. a city, town.

नगरसिम्मतम् acc. sin. m. equal to a town; (comp. of नगर cr. a town, and सिम्मत m. f. n. of equal measure or extent.)

नगराभ्यासे in the neighbourhood of the city; (from नगर cr. and अभ्यासे ind. near, 731.)

नगरों acc. sin. of नगरो f. a city.

नगरे loc. sin. of नगर n. a city.

नगा for नगास् nom. pl. of नग m. a tree.

नगाग्राह् Tat. or Dep. comp. 743; नग cr. a mountain, अग्राह् abl. sin. of अग्र n. summit, top.

नगान् acc. pl. of नग m. a tree.

नग्नम् acc. sin. m. of नग्न m. f. n. naked.

निचराह् ind. in no long time, in a short time, soon; (comp. of न not, and चिराह 715.)

नदतो gen. sin. m. of नदत् m. f. n. sounding, thundering; pres. p. of rt नद 524.

नदी nom. sin. f. a river.

नदीं acc. sin. of नदी f. a river.

नदी: acc. pl. of नदी f. a river, 1st cl. 106.

नदीम् acc. sin. of नदी f. a river, 1st cl. 106.

नदीश acc. pl. of नदी f. a river, 1st cl. 106.

नडान् acc. pl. m. of नड m. f. n. furnished, provided with; past p. p. of rt नह् 556.

नद्याः gen. sin. of नदी f. a river.

ननु whether? particle of interrogation, 717. b.

नन्दन voc. sin. of नन्दन m. a son.

नन्दने loc. sin. of नन्दन n. the paradise or elysium of Indra, see note under इन्द्रलोकम्

नभिंस loc. sin. of नभस् n. the sky, the atmosphere, 7th cl. 164.

नभस्तलात् abl. sin. of नभस्तल the sky, the lower sky; (from नभस् sky, and तल n. lower surface.)

नमस् ind. salutation; नमस् तेऽस्तु Hail to thee!

नमस्तारम् acc. sin. of नमस्तार m. homage, salutation, 1st cl. 103.

नमःकृत्य having saluted; past ind.p. of नमःकृ.

नर m. a man, 1st cl. 103.

नरः nom. sin. of नर m. a man.

नरकाय dat. sin. of नरक m. n. hell, the place of torment.

नरके loc. sin. of नरक m. n. hell, the infernal regions, 1st cl. 103.

नर्वर: nom. sin. m. an excellent or illustrious man; (comp. of नर cr. a man, and वर best.)

नावरोज्ञमम् acc. sin. m. the best of excellent men; (comp. of नर cr. a man, वर cr. excellent, उज्ञमम् acc. sin. of उज्ञम m. f. n. best, 743. b.)

नरवाहिना ins. sin. n. of नरवाहिन् m. f. n. carried by men; (comp. of नर a man, and वाहिन् a bearer.)

नरवीरस्य gen. sin. of नरवीर m. a hero, a heroic man, a hero of a man.

नरव्याम्र KARM. OR DES. COMP. 758; नर cr. a man, व्याम्र voc. sin. of व्याम्र m. a tiger, 1st cl. 103, (i. e. O chief of men, see next.)

नरशादूंलो KARM. OR DES. COMP. 758; नर cr. a man, शादूंलो nom. sin. of शादूंल m. a tiger, (i. e. most illustrious of men.) The names of animals denoting superiority are often placed at the end of compounds; so पुरुषसिंह: a man-lion, नर्षभ: a man-bull.

नरश्रेष्ठ O best of men, TAT. OR DEP. COMP.

743; नर cr. a man, श्रेष्ठ voc. sin. of श्रेष्ठ m. f. n. best, 1st cl. 103.

नास्य gen. sin. of ना m. a man.

नरस्यातस्य for नरस्य जातस्य by 31.

नराणाम् gen. pl. of नर m. a man.

नराधिप voc. sin. m. O lord of men.

नराधिप: nom. sin. m. lord of men; (comp. of नर a man, and अधिप m. a lord.)

नराधिषम् acc. sin. m. lord of men.

नराधिषै: TAT. OR DEP. COMP. 743; नर cr. a man, ऋधिषै: ins. pl. of ऋधिष m. a lord, 1st cl. 103.

नरेन्द्रस्य gen. sin. of नरेन्द्र m. chief of men. नरेभ्यश् abl. pl. of नर m. a man.

नरेश्वर TAT. OR DEP. COMP. 743; नर cr. a man, ईश्वर voc. sin. of ईश्वर m. a lord, ist cl. 103.

नरेम्बरे Tat. or Dep. comp. 743; नर cr. man, ईम्बरे loc. sin. of ईम्बर m. lord, 1st cl. 103. नर + ईम्बर = नरेम्बर by 32; see, with reference to the locative case, 819.a.

नरेषु loc. pl. of नर, q. v.

नरो nom. sin. m. a man.

नरोत्तम O best of men, voc. sin.; (from नर cr. a man, and उत्तम m. f. n. best, 743. b.) नरोत्तम: nom. sin. m. most excellent of men. नल m. NALA, king of Nishadha, 1st cl. 103. नल voc. sin. of नल m. Nala.

ਜਲਂ acc. sin. of ਜਲ Nala.

ਜਲ: for ਜਲਬ nom. sin. of ਜਲ Nala.

नलदर्शनकाङ्क्या Tat. or Dep. comp. 745; नल cr. Nala, दर्शन cr. seeing, looking for, काङ्क्या ins. sin. of काङ्का f. desire.

ਜਲਜ਼ਸ਼ਜ਼ਂ acc. sin. m. named Nala, see 154. ਜਲਪੜੀ Tat. or Dep. comp. 743; ਜਲ cr. Nala, ਪੜੀ f. the wife.

नलमार्गेणे TAT. OR DEP. COMP. 743; नल cr. Nala, मार्गेणे loc. sin. of मार्गेण n. searching for.

नलवाजिषु TAT. or DEP. comp. 743; नल

cr. Nala, वाजिषु loc. pl. of वाजिन m. a horse, 159.

नलश् for नलस् nom. sin. of नल Nala.

नलशङ्कपा Tat. on Dep. comp.743; नल cr. Nala, शङ्कपा ins. sin. of शङ्का f. suspicion.

नलशासनं acc. sin. n. See next.

नलशासनात (as if) at the command of Nala, TAT. OR DEP. COMP. 743; नल cr. Nala, शासनात abl. sin. of शासन n. command, 1st cl. 104.

नलसन्निथौ TAT. OR DEP. COMP. 743; नल Nala, सन्निथौ loc. sin. of सन्निथि f. presence.

नलसार्यः TAT. OR DEP. COMP. 743; नल cr. Nala, सार्यः nom. sin. of सार्य m. a charioteer.

नलिंसिड्स्य TAT. OR DEP. COMP. 740; नल cr. Nala, सिडस्य gen. sin. of सिद्ध m. f. n. prepared, dressed.

नलस्याद्येषु for नलस्य श्रद्येषु by 31.

नलस्यानयने for नलस्य ज्ञानयने by 31.

नलस्यामित्रयातिनः for नलस्य अमित्रयातिनः by 31.

नलस्याराधने for नलस्य खाराधने by 31.

नलस्याषीय for नलस्य खर्षाय by 31. नलस्येष्टाम् for नलस्य इप्टाम् by 32.

नलामात्येषु TAT. OR DEP. COMP. 743; नल cr. Nala, अमात्येषु loc. pl. of अमात्य m. a minister, 1st cl. 103; see 861.

नलाय dat. sin. of नल m. Nala. नलायाष्ट्री for नलाय षष्ट्री by 31.

নতাত্বাধ্ Tat. or Dep. comp. 743; নত cr. Nala, অত্যাধ্ nom. pl. m. horses. With reference to Book XXI. 3, it should be borne in mind that the horses of Nala had been before conducted to king Bhíma's city Vidarbha, by Nala's charioteer Várshņeya.

नले loc. sin. of नल Nala.

नलेत्युचै: for नल इति उचै: by 32, 34.

नलो for नलस nom. sin: of नल Nala.

नलोपाल्यानं Тат. он Dep. comp. 743; नल cr. Nala, उपाख्यानं nom. sin. of उपा- स्पान n. a tale, story, 1st cl. 104. अ + उ = wi by 32.

नलोपाख्याने loc. sin. of नलोपाख्यानं, q. v. नवम: nom. sin. of नवम m. f. n. ninth, 209. नवां acc. sin. f. of नव m. f. n. new, young. नवानि acc. sin. n. of नव m. f. n. new.

नश्यते he or it is destroyed or lost; 3d sin. pres. of rt नश् 4th cl. 463.

नष्टम् nom. sin. n. of नष्ट m. f. n. lost, forgotten; past p. p. of rt नश् 539.

नष्टक्यो Bah. or Rel. comp. 767; नष्ट cr. destroyed, lost, Eul nom. sin. m. from रूप n. form, 108.

नष्टसंज्ञा BAH. OR REL. COMP. 767; नष्ट cr. lost, perished, संज्ञा nom. sin. f. consciousness, mind, thought.

नष्टा for नष्टास nom. pl. of नष्ट m. f. n. destroyed; past p. p. of rt नश् 539.

न्यात्मा Bah. or Rel. comp. 766; नष्ट cr. lost, deprived of, आत्मा nom. sin. of आत्मन् m. soul, mind, sense.

नष्ट loc. sin. of नष्ट m. f. n. destroyed, lost. नाकाले for न अकाले by 31.

नाग m. a serpent, a demigod with a human face and the tail of a serpent. These fabulous beings are said to have sprung from Kadrú, the wife of Kasyapa, and to have been created to people Pátála or the regions below the earth. The chief of these creatures is sometimes called Sesha or Ananta and Vásuki. The word नाग also means 'an elephant.'

नागं acc. sin. of नाग m. a serpent. See last. नागः nom. sin. m. a serpent. See नाग.

नागराजं TAT. OR DEP. COMP. 743: नाग cr. a serpent, राजं acc. sin. king, see 151.

नागराजस Тат. ок DEP. сомр. 743; नाग cr. a serpent, राजस nom. sin. a king, 151.

नागराजस्य gen. sin. m. of the king of the serpents. See last.

नागराजानं acc. sin. the king of the ser-

pents; नाग cr. a serpent, राजानं acc. sin. of राजन m. a king, 6th cl. 149.

नागानां gen. pl. of नाग m. an elephant.

नागे loc. sin. of नाग m. a serpent.

नागेन्द्रो TAT. OR DEP. COMP. 743; नाग cr. a serpent, इन्द्रो nom. sin. m. chief.

नागेर ins. pl. of नाग m. a serpent.

नातिचराम्यहम् for न खतिचरामि खहम् by 31 and 34.

नातिस्वस्थेव for न अतिस्वस्था इव, q. q. v. v. नात्मानं for न जात्मानं by 31.

नात for न अत by 31.

नाथ voc. sin. of नाथ m. a lord, guardian, husband, 1st cl. 103.

दादम acc. sin. of नाद m. sound.

नादयन nom. sin. m. of नादयत m. f. n. causing to resound; pres. p. of rt नद in caus. 527.

नादान् acc. pl. of नाद m. a cry.

नाद्य for न अद्य by 31.

नानाधात्रशतेर Сомрьех сомр. 770; नाना ind. various, धात cr. a mineral, शतर ins. pl. of शत n. a hundred, see 206.

नानाधातुसमाकीर्शं TAT. OR DEP. COMP. 740; नाना ind.various, धातु cr. mineral, समाकीण acc. sin. m. of समाकी ए m. f. n. filled with; past p. p. of rt क् with सम and आ, 531.

नानापिद्यगणाकीर्णम् Тат. ок DEP. сомр. 745; नाना ind. various, पश्चि for पश्चिन cr. (57) a bird, गण cr. a flock, आकोर्णम् acc. sin. n. of आकीर्ण m. f. n. filled with; past p. p. of rt क with II, 534.

नानापिक्षनिषेवितम् Тат. ок Дер. сомр. 740; नाना cr. various, पश्चि cr. birds, निषेचितम् acc. sin. n. resorted to, frequented by.

नानामगगणेर by flocks of various animals; (comp. of नाना ind. various, मृग cr. an animal, गरीर ins. pl. of गरा m. a flock.)

नानुधावसि for न अनुधावसि by 31.

नानुबधाति for न अनुबधाति by 31.

नान्यः for न सन्यः by 31.

नाप्यवारयत् for न ऋषि ऋवारयत् by 31 and 34.

नाप्राप्तकालो for न जप्राप्तकालो by 31. नाविभ्यत for न जविभ्यत by 31.

नाभिचराम्यहं for न अभिचरामि अहं by 31 and 34.

नाभिनन्दित for न स्रभिनन्दिति by  $_{3}$ ा. नाभ्यजानान् for न स्रभ्यजानात् by  $_{3}$ ा and  $_{4}$ 7. नाभ्यभाषत for न स्रभ्यभाषत by  $_{3}$ 1.

नाम ind. by name, certainly, indeed. नामतः for नामतस ind. by name, 719.

नामसु loc. pl. of नामन् n. a name, 6th cl. 152.

नामारिमदैनं for नाम ऋरिमदैनं by 31. नामारिहा for नाम ऋरिहा by 31.

नामाहम् for नाम अहम् by 31.

नाम्यतां let it be bent, let it be drawn (as a bow); 3d sin. imp. of rt नम् in caus. pass. 496.

नायम् for न ज्ञयम् by 31.

नारद for नारदस् nom. sin. of नारद Nárada. See next.

नारदः nom. sin. of नारद m. Nárada, usually regarded as one of the ten Rishis or Prajápatis first created by Brahmá, and called his sons. He is described as a friend of the god Krishna, as a celebrated lawgiver, and as the inventor of the víná or lute. Nárada is mentioned in Manu I. 34, 35, as one of the 'ten lords of created beings, eminent in holiness.' In the Hindú plays Nárada usually acts as a kind of messenger of the gods. See Vikramorvasí end of Act V, and S'akuntalá end of Act VI. He is constantly employed in giving good counsel. He is by some considered to belong to the order of Devarshis, and by others to the Brahmarshis; see note under ब्रह्मिभ्यश्.

नारदस्य gen. sin. of नारदः. See last. नारी nom. sin. f. a woman, 1st cl. 106. नारीणां gen. pl. of नारी a woman. नारी स्त्रं acc. sin. an excellent woman, KARM. OR DES. COMP. 758; नारी cr. a woman, स्त्रं acc. sin. of स्त्र a jewel, a gem.

नारोवाक्यानि TAT. OR DEP. COMP. 743; नारो cr. a woman, a wife, वाक्यानि acc. pl. of वाक्य n. a word.

नाया for नायास gen. sin. of नारी f. a woman, 106.

নায়াযিমানি he will remove or destroy, he will cause to perish; 3d sin. 2d fut. of rt নয় in caus. 481, 620.

नाश्चिष्पानि I will cause to perish or remove; ist sin. 2d fut. of rt नश् in caus.

नाश्रयेत् for न जाश्रयेत् by 31.

नाश्चासयसि for न आश्वासयसि by 31.

नाश्वासयस्यद्य for न जाश्वासयसि जद्य by 31 and 34.

नासं for न जासं by 31.

नास्ति for न छस्ति by 31.

नाहम् for न सहम् by 31.

नाहर्ते for न साहर्ते by 31.

नाहुष: nom. sin. of नाहुष m. descendant of Nahusha, mentioned in Manu VII. 41.

नि prep. in, within, into; on, upon.

नि: for निर् when followed by श or स 71. नि:शब्दस्तिमिते BAH. OR REL. FORM OF

DVAN. OR AGG. COMP. 765; नि:शन्द cr. noiseless, स्तिमिते loc. sin. m. of स्तिमित m.f.n. still, motionless. This compound agrees with अधराह्मसमये.

नि:श्वस्य sighing; past ind. p. of rt श्वस् to breathe, with निर out, 559.

नि:श्वासपरमा constantly addicted to sighing, TAT. OR DEP. COMP. 744; नि:श्वास cr. sighing, परमा nom. sin.f. of परम m.f.n. principally engaged in.

नि:संश्यं ind. certainly, without doubt, 713. नि:सृत: nom. sin. m. of नि:सृत m. f. n. came out, passed out; past p. p. of rt सृ with निर, 896.

निकुञ्चान् acc. pl. of निकुञ्च m. an arbour. निकृतस् nom. sin. m. of निकृत m. f. n. afflicted, injured, wronged. निकृता nom. sin. f. of निकृत. See last.

নিকৃনিমর্ট্ for নিকৃনিমর্ট্রন্ by (men) versed in dishonesty or well acquainted with vice; (comp. of নিকৃনি cr. wickedness, and মর্ট্র্যু ins. pl. m. of মর m.f. n. wise, learned.)

निकृतो nom. sin. m. of निकृत m. f. n. afflicted, injured; past p. p. of rt कृ with नि, 532.

নিষ্কিম having given in charge, having entrusted or deposited in a place of safety; past ind. p. of rt ষ্মিম্ with নি, 559.

निस्तेपो nom. sin. of निस्तेप m. a pledge, something deposited as a compensation.

निगृह्णीध्य hold thou in, check thou; 2d sin. imp. dtm. of rt ग्रह with नि, 9th cl. 699.

निगृस having restrained; past ind. p. of rt यह with नि, see 565.

नितम्बांश् for नितम्बान् acc. pl. of नितम्ब m. the side or protuberant flank of a mountain, a precipice, 1st cl. 103.

नित्यं ind. constantly, continually, always.

नित्यं acc. sin. m. of नित्य m. f. n. constant.

नित्य: nom. sin. m. of नित्य m. f. n. eternal, perpetual, constant.

नित्यजातं acc. sin. m. constantly born; (comp. of नित्य and जात, q. v.)

नित्यशो for नित्यशस् ind. constantly, perpetually, 725.

नित्यस्य gen. sin. m. of नित्य m. f. n. eternal. निद्र्या ins. sin. of निद्रा f. sleep, 1st cl. 105. निद्र्यापहृता for निद्र्या खपहृता by 31.

निद्रान्धा for निद्रान्धास् TAT. OR DEP. comp. 740; निद्रा cr. sleep, सन्धास् nom. pl. of सन्धाः m.f.n. blind.

निधनं acc. sin. of निधन m. death, 1st cl. 103. निन्दनस् nom. pl. m. of निन्दत् m.f. n. blaming, censuring, speaking slightingly of.

निपतिते loc. sin. m. of निपतित m.f. n. fallen; past p. p. of rt पत् with नि, 538.

निपेतुर for निपेतुस् they fell down; 3d pl. 2d pret. of rt पत् with नि. See next.

निपेतुस they alighted; 3d pl. perf. of rt पत् with prep. नि, 375. a.

निबद्धां acc. sin. f. of निबद्ध m. f. n. bound, impeded, obscured; past p. p. of rt बन्ध with नि, 539.

निनोध know thou, understand thou, learn thou, attend thou; 2d sin. imp. of rt बुध् with नि, 1st cl. 261. This verb seems only used in the imp. when नि is prefixed.

निवोधास्मान् for निवोध सस्मान् by 31.

निबोधेदं for निबोध इदं by 32.

निभृतो nom. sin. m. of निभृत m. f. n. concealed, hidden, secret.

निमित्तं acc. sin. of निमित्त n. a sign, token, omen, prodigy.

নিদিন্নানি acc. pl. of নিদিন্ন n. an omen, a sign of some future event (such as a quivering sensation or throbbing of the skin in the eyelid, arm, &c.)

निमेषेण ins. sin. of निमेष m. winking or twinkling of the eye, 1st cl. 103.

नियतं ind. certainly, inevitably, constantly.

नियते: ins. pl. of नियत m. f. n. self-restrained, self-denying.

नियोध्ये I will enjoin; 1st sin. 2d fut. átm. of rt युज् with नि, 670.

नियोगाइ abl. sin. of नियोग m. injunction, command, order, 103.

निर् prep. out, forth, without, deprived of.

निरनुक्रोशः nom. sin. m. without pity, merciless; (comp. of निर 726. e, and अनुक्रोश pity.)

निरपायो nom. sin. of निरपाय m.f. n. free from harm or evil, unharmed; (निर् prefixed to अपाय 726.e.)

निरुडिंग्नमनाः BAH. OR REL. COMP. 767; निरुडिंग्न cr. undisturbed, मनाः nom. sin. f. from मनस् n. the mind, see 164. a.

निर्जने loc. sin. n. of निर्जन m. f. n. lonely, uninhabited, unfrequented by men; (from निर् 726. e, and जन m. a man.)

निर्जित: nom. sin. m. of निर्जित m. f. n. subdued; past p. p. of rt जि with निर, 532.

নির্নির্ nom. sin. m. of নির্নিत m.f. n. conquered, beaten; past p. p. of rt রি with নির্, 532.

নির্নিরাহিনত: Complex Rel. comp. 771; নির্নির cr. one who has conquered, স্থাহি cr. an enemy, নতা: nom. sin. of নতা m. a collection, number, host.

निर्जितो for निर्जितस् nom. sin. m. conquered. See निर्जित:

निर्करांश् for निर्करान् (53) acc. pl. of निर्कर m. a cascade, waterfall, 1st cl. 103.

निनायता nom. sin. f. the state of being without a guardian, widowhood.

निर्मेलखादुसिललम् Complex comp. 771; निर्मेल cr. clear, free from dirt, 726. e, खादु cr. sweet, सिललं acc. sin. n. from सिलल n. water.

निविचेष्टम् acc. sin. m. of निविचेष्ट m. f. n. unresisting; (from निर् 726. e, and वि-चेष्टा effort, exertion.)

निविशेषाकृतीन् BAH. OR REL. COMP. 766; निविशेष cr. without difference, precisely alike, आकृतीन् acc. pl. m. from आकृति f. form, 2d cl. 119.

निवृता for निवृतास nom. pl. m. of निवृत m. f. n. happy, at ease.

निवृति: nom. sin. f. happiness, gladness.

निवत्सिति he shall dwell or inhabit; 3d sin. 2d fut. of rt वस with नि, 413, 607.

निवर्तितुं to turn back; inf. of rt वृत् with नि. निवस्य having put on (as a garment); past ind. p. of rt वस् 2d cl. with नि, 559.

निवारणे loc. sin. of निवारण n. prevention, ist cl. 104; see 828.

निवारियतुम् to restrain; inf. of rt वृ in caus. with नि, 459, 481.

with 1न, 459, 481. निवासये: thou shouldest put on, put thou on; 2d sin. pot. of rt वस in caus. with नि, 481.

निवृत्तः nom. sin. m. of निवृत्त m. f. n. ended, finished; past p. p. of rt वृत् with नि, 539.

निवृत्तहृद्यः with relenting heart, BAH. OR REL. COMP. 766; निवृत्त cr. turned back,

हृदयः nom. sin. m. from हृद्य n. heart, 1st cl. 108.

निवेदय tell thou, inform thou; 2d sin. imp. of rt विद in caus. with नि, 481, (governing genitive case by 859. a.)

निवेद्यतं let it be announced or made known; 3d sin. imp. of rt विद् in caus. pass. with नि, 496, 583.

निवेशनम् acc. sin. of निवेशन n. a house, dwelling.

निवेशने loc. sin. of निवेशन n. a house, an abode.

निवेशाय dat. sin. of निवेश m. entering; see 811.

निश prep. for निर when followed by च 71.b. निशम्य having perceived, having heard, having observed; past ind. p. of rt शम with नि, 559.

निशयास he or she sighed; 3d sin. perf. of rt प्रम् to breathe, with नि, 364.

নিয়া acc. sin. of নিয়া f. the night.

নিয়াকে: nom. sin. m. the moon; (from frain night, and কা the maker.)

निशाकाले TAT. OR DEP. COMP. 743; निशा cr. night, काले loc. sin. of काल m. time.

निशायां loc. sin. of निशा f. the night.

নিয়ান্ acc. pl. of নিয়াf. the night, 1st cl. 105. নিয়ান ins. sin. n. of নিয়ান m.f. n. sharp, sharpened.

निश्चक्राम he went out; 3d sin. perf. of rt क्रम् to step, with निर (71. b), see 364.

निश्चयम् acc. sin. of निश्चय m. certainty, resolution, resolve, determination.

নিম্মিন ind. certainly, plainly, distinctly.

নিষ্মিনা nom. sin. f. of নিষ্মিন m. f. n. fixed, settled.

निश्चित having decided; past ind. p. of rt चि with निर, 560.

निश्वस्य for निःश्वस्य sighing, q.v.

निषध m. declined in pl. निषधास nom. Nishadha, a country in the S. E. division of India, ruled over by Nala.

निमधवंशस्य gen. sin. m. of the race of Nishadha; (comp. of निमध cr. and वंश m. a race, 743.)

निषधाधिष:TAT. OR DEP. COMP. 743; निषध cr. Nishadha, the country ruled over by Nala, श्रधिष: nom. sin. m. a lord.

निषधिषितर् for निषधिषितिस् TAT. OR DEP. COMP. 743; निषध cr. Nishadha, अधिपति nom. sin. of अधिपति m. a lord, 2d cl. 110.

निषधाधिपतेर् for निषधाधिपतेस् gen. sin. of the lord of Nishadha.

निषधाधिपतेश् for निषधाधिपतेस् gen. sin. of the lord of Nishadha.

निषधाधिषे loc. sin. m. in the lord of Nishadha.

निषधान् acc. pl. of निषध m. Nishadha.

निषधानां gen. pl. of निषध m. Nishadha.

निषधेश्वर voc. sin. m. O lord of Nishadha; (comp. of निषध and ईश्वर m. a lord.)

निषधेषु loc. pl. of निषध m. Nishadha.

निषसाद he sank down; 3d sin. perf. of rt सह (70) with नि, 364, 599. a.

নিহনী ছাম্ BAH. OR REL. COMP. 767; নিহন cr. killed, বছাম্ nom. pl. of বছ m. a camel.

निहत्य having slain; past ind. p. of rt हन् with नि, 560.

नीतौ nom. du. m. of नीत m. f. n. taken, conducted.

नीलाभ्रसंवृताम् Complex comp. 771; नील cr. black, dark, अभ्र cr. clouds, संवृताम् acc. sin. of संवृत m. f. n. obscured, concealed.

नु ind. what? a particle of interrogation, 717. b.

नूनं ind. assuredly, certainly, in all probability, 717.

न्प m. a king, 1st cl. 103.

नृप voc. sin. of नृप m. a king.

नृपं acc. sin. of नृप m. a king.

नुप: nom. sin. of नृप m. a king.

न्पति m. a king, 2d cl. 110, 121.

नुपति: nom. sin. of नुपति m. a king.

नृपतिम् acc. sin. of नृपति m. a king, 2d cl. 110.

नृपतिर for नृपतिस् nom. sin. of नृपति m. a king.

नृपतिशासनात् TAT. OR DEP. COMP. 743; नृपति cr. a king, शासनात् abl. sin. of शासन n. an order, decree.

नृपते O king; voc. sin. of नृपति m. a king. नृपते: gen. sin. of नृपति m. a king.

नृपन्नेष्ठो nom. sin. m. the best of kings; see 743. b.

नृपमुता Tat. or Dep. comp. 743; नृप cr. a king, मुता nom. sin. f. a daughter.

नृपसुपाँ TAT. OR DEP. COMP. 743; नृप cr. a king, सुपां acc. sin. of सुपा f. a daughter-in-law.

नृपाः for नृपास् nom. pl. of नृप m. a king. नृपात्मजा TAT. OR DEP. COMP. 743; नृप cr. a king, आत्मजा nom. sin. f. a daughter.

नृपै: ins. pl. of नृप m. a king.

नृशंस voc. sin. m. of नृशंस m. f. n. cruel.

नृशंसं acc. sin. n. of नृशंस m. f. n. cruel, wicked; in Book XIX. 5 an unholy act. A second marriage in a woman is an unlawful act. (Compare Manu V. 160, 161.) 'A virtuous wife ascends to heaven, though she have no child, if after the decease of her lord she devotes herself to pious austerity; but a widow who, from a wish to bear children, slights her deceased husband by marrying again, brings disgrace on herself here below, and shall be excluded from the seat of her lord.'

नृणां gen. pl. of नृ m. a man, 4th cl. 128. b. नेता nom. sin. of नेतृ m. a leader, 4th cl. 127. नेता he shall lead; 3d sin. 1st fut. of rt नी 590. a.

नेताभ्यां ins. or abl. du. of नेत n. the eye, ist cl. 104; (formed from rt नी to lead, by 80. VII.)

नेदुर they sounded; 3d pl. impf. of rt नद 375. a.

नैकत for न एकत by 33.

नैकदु:खदाम् acc. sin. f. the causer of many sorrows; (comp.of नैक cr. many, see नैकान, दु:ख cr. sorrow, and दाम् acc. sin. f. of द m. f. n. giver, 580.)

नैकवर्णेर् BAH. OR REL. COMP. 767; नैक cr. many, various (न not, एक one, 33), चर्णेर् ins. pl. of वर्ण m. colour, 1st cl. 103. नैकांश् for नैकान् (q.v.) by 53.

नैकान acc. pl. of नैक m.f.n. various, many; (comp. of न not, and एक one, 33.)

नेकाश् acc. pl. f., 1st cl. 105. See last. नेनं for न एनं by 33.

नैपुनेषु loc.pl.of नेपुन n.skill, anything which requires skill, a delicate matter, 104.

नैराञ्चात् abl. sin. of नैराञ्च n. despair.

नैव for न एव by 33.

नैवं for न एवं by 33.

नेषध m. a name of Nala, as king of Nishadha, 1st cl. 103; see also 80. XXXV.

नैषध voc. sin. m. O Nala.

नैषधं acc. sin. of नैषध m. Nala.

नैषधस्य gen. sin. of नैषध m. Nala.

नैषधस्याहं for नैषधस्य ऋहं by 31.

नेपथा: nom. pl. the people of Nishadha.

नैषधाद abl. sin. of नैषध m. Nala.

नैषधानां gen. pl. of नैषधा: pl. the people of Nishadha.

नैषधान्वेषणे TAT. OR DEP. COMP. 743; नैषध cr. Nala, अन्वेषणे loc. sin. of अन्वे-षण n. seeking, searching for, see 863.

नैषधाय dat. sin. of नैषध Nala.

नैषधे loc. sin. of नैषध m. Nala.

नैषधेन ins. sin. of नैषध m. Nala.

नो acc., dat. or gen. pl. us, to us, of us; same as अस्मान, अस्मभ्यं, अस्माकं, (from nom. अहं I, 218.)

नोत्तरं for न उत्तरं by 32.

नोत्सहे for न जत्सहे by 32.

नोडिनस्यमरप्रभे for न उडिनिस अमरप्रभे by 32 and 34.

नौ us two, to us two, of us two; same as आवां, आवाभ्यां, आवयोस्, (from nom. आहं 218.)

न्यग्रोधेश ins. pl. of न्यग्रोध m. the Indian fig-tree, ist cl. 103.

न्ययच्छत् he restrained; 3d sin. impf. of rt यम् with नि, 1st cl. 270.

न्यवर्तेत was dwelling on, was occupied in; 3d sin. impf. átm. of rt वृत् with नि, 1st cl. 598.

न्यवसत् he dwelt; 3d sin. impf. of rt वस् with नि, 1st cl. 607.

न्यवसद् for न्यवसत् he dwelt. See last.

न्यवेद्यत् he or she recounted or related or represented; 3d sin. impf. of rt विद् to know, in caus. with prep. नि, 479, 861.

न्यवेदयद् he or she announced. See last. न्याय्यं acc. sin. n. of न्याय्य m. f. n. just,

proper, 1st cl. 187.

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पिंद्यणं acc. sin. of पिंद्यन् m. a bird.

पश्चिन् m. a bird, (lit. having a paksha or wing,) 6th cl. 159.

पच five; nom. or acc. pl. of पचन् 204.

पन्नद्शः nom. sin. the fifteenth, 210.

पञ्चमः nom. sin. of पञ्चम m. f. n. fifth, 209. पञ्चविंश्रातितमः nom. sin. the twenty-fifth, 211.

पचरामिं। BAH. OR REL. COMP. 768; पच for पचन् five (57), श्रीमा for श्रीमास nom. pl. m. from शीम n. a head, 1st cl. 108.

पञ्चाशिद्धर् ins. of पञ्चाशत fifty.

पञ्चोनं nom. sin. n. of पञ्चोन m. f. n. minus five, less by five; (comp. of पञ्च five, and जन less.)

परं acc. sin. of पर m. a garment.

पटम् nom. sin. m. a garment.

पटे loc. sin. of पट m. a garment.

पणः nom. sin. of पण m. a stake at play, ist cl. 103.

पणकालम् Тат. or Dep. comp. 743; पण cr. playing with dice, कालम् acc. sin. of काल m. time, 1st cl. 103.

पणावः we will play, let us lay down (our) stakes; ist du. pres. (used for imperative) of rt पण् ist cl. 261.

पणावहे we two will play, let us two stake; ist du. pres. dtm. (used for imperative) of rt पण् ist cl. 261. (In Book XXVI. 6 this verb is joined with the gen. du. प्राण्योग् we will play for our lives, let us stake our all.)

पणितो nom. sin. of पणित m. f. n. staked, played for; past p. p. of rt पण् 538.

पणेन ins. sin. of पण m. a stake, a wager, a game.

परिदत्ताः nom. pl. of परिदत m.f. n. learned, wise; a pundit, a scholar.

पततां gen. pl. of पतत् m. f. n. falling; pres. p. par. of rt पत् to fall, 524.

पततां let him fall; 3d sin. imp. átm. of rt पत् 1st cl. 261.

पतित he or she falls down; 3d sin. pres. of rt पत् 1st cl. 261.

पातिमार ins. pl. of पातिन m. a bird, 6th cl. 159.

पतिन they fall; 3d pl. pres. of rt पत् 1st cl. 261.

पताकाध्वनमालिनम् BAH. OR REL. COMP. 765; पताका cr. a flag, ध्वन cr. a banner, मालिनम् acc. sin. m. of मालिन् m. f. n. having garlands, 159. In this compound मालिनम् agrees with नगरम्, which must be considered as masculine.

पतिं acc. sin. of पति m. a husband, 121.

पतिता nom. sin. f. of पतित m. f. n. fallen; past p. p. of rt पत् to fall, 538.

पतिता for पतितास् nom.pl.m. of पतित m.f.n. fallen; past p. p. of rt पत् 538. At Book

XII. 14 **प**तिता must be translated they fell; see 896.

पतितानि nom. pl. n. of पतित m. f. n. fallen. पतितान्यपि for पतितानि खपि by 34.

पतिन्वे loc. sin. of पतिन्व n. the state of a husband, the state of wedlock, 1st cl. 104; देवं पतिन्वे वर्यस्व choose the god for thy husband.

पतिदर्शनलालसाम् BAH. OR REL.COMP. 761; पति cr. husband, दर्शन cr. seeing, लाल-साम् acc. sin. of लालसा longing desire.

पतिना ins. sin. of पति m. a husband, 121.
This word when it stands alone is generally declined like सखि (120), but in p. 114, l. 19, it follows अग्नि.

पतिम् acc. sin. of पति m. a husband.

पतिर् for पतिस् nom. sin. of पतिm. a husband.

पतिराज्यविनाकृता Complex comp. 771; पति cr. a lord, a husband, राज्य cr. a kingdom, विनाकृता nom. sin. f. of विनाकृत m.f. n. deprived of.

पतिलालसा Bah. or Rel. comp. 761; पति cr. a husband, लालसा f. longing, eager desire.

पतिव्रता nom. sin. f. a woman faithful to her husband; (from पति cr. a husband, and व्रत a vow.)

पतिव्रताम् acc. sin. f. of पतिव्रता. See last. पतिशोकाकुलां TAT. OR DEP. COMP. 745; पति cr. lord, husband, शोक cr. sorrow, आकुलां acc. sin. f. of आकुल m. f. n. agitated, disturbed.

पत्नी nom. sin. f. a wife.

पताणां gen. pl. of पत n. a leaf.

पताहारेस् ins. pl. feeding on leaves; पत cr. leaf, चाहारेस् ins. pl. of चाहार m. food, 761.

पिष loc. sin. of पिषन् m. a road, a way; see 162.

पदम् acc. sin. of पद n. a step, a foot.

पदातिजनसङ्ख्ला: Тат. ов Дер. сомр. 740;

पदाति cr. a foot-man, a pedestrian, जन cr. a person, a man, सङ्कुलाः nom. pl. of सङ्कुल m. f. n. mingled, confused.

पदानिभि: ins. pl. of पदानि m. a foot-soldier, a foot-man.

पदाद for पदात् abl. sin. of पद n. a step, a foot.

पदानि acc. pl. of पद n. a footstep, 1st cl. 104. पदे loc. sin. of पद n. a step.

पद्मां ins. pl. of पद् m. a foot, 5th cl. 138.

पस्तामलक अध्यक्दह्योडुम्चरापृतं Complex comp. 771; पस्त cr. a plant, the lotus, see next; आमलक cr. a plant (Emblic myrobalan); अद्य cr. a kind of fig-tree; कदम्र cr. the kadamba-tree (Nauclea kadamba); उडुम्चर cr. the udumbara, a kind of fig-tree, see note under शाल &c.; आपृतं acc. sin. n. of आपृत m. f. n. filled with.

पन्निक्षणम् BAH. or REL. comp. 761; पन्न cr. a lotus, निम cr. like, ईस्रणम् acc. sin. m. from ईस्रण n. the eye. The lotus is as favourite a subject of allusion and comparison with Hindú poets as the rose is with Persian. Its varieties, blue, white, and red, are numerous, and bear some resemblance to our water-lily.

पत्रानिभेद्यणा BAH. OR REL. COMP. 761; पत्र cr. a lotus, निभ cr. like, resembling, ईद्यणा nom. sin. f. from ईद्यण n. the eye, 108.

पन्नसङ्खाज्ञो Anom. comp. 777; पन cr. a lotus, सङ्खाज्ञो nom. sin. m. like.

पन्नसौगन्धिकम् TAT. OR DEP. COMP. 740; पन्न cr. lotuses, सौगन्धिकम् acc. sin. n. of सौगन्धिक m. f. n. fragrant.

पिसनीम् acc. sin. of पिसनी f. a lotus-pool. पिसन्याः gen. sin. of पिसनी f. a lotus-pool, a lotus-lake, 1st cl. 106.

पन्या for पन्यास् nom. sin. of पथिन् m. a road, 162.

पन्याः nom. sin. of पियन् m. a road. पन्यानं acc. sin. of पिथन् m. a road. पन्यानो nom. pl. of पियन् m. a road, 6th cl. 162. पन्नगः nom. sin. m. a serpent, a snake.

पपान he or it fell; 3d sin. perf. of rt पन् 364. पप्रच्छ he or she asked; 3d sin. perf. of rt प्रच्छ 381.

पप्रचानामयं for पप्रच जनामयं by 31.

पप्रजुस they asked, they enquired; 3d pl. perf. of rt प्रज 381.

पंगोणी f. Payoshņí, a river that rises in the Vindhya mountains. It is mentioned in the Brahmáṇḍa-Puráṇa.

**TX** m. f. n. great, excessive, best, chief, highest; other, another, an enemy.

परं nom. sin. n. or acc. sin. m. or n. of पर, q. v. परकृतं acc. sin. m. done by another, committed by another; (comp. of पर another, and कृत done, 740.)

परनाप voc. sin. m. O harasser of thy foes; (पर an enemy, तप who torments.)

परनाप: nom. sin. m. See last.

परपुरञ्जयः conqueror of the cities of his enemies; (comp. of पर cr. an enemy, पुरं acc. sin. of पुर n. a city, जयः nom. sin. m. who conquers, see 739. c.)

परम् nom. or acc. sin. n. or acc. sin. m. of पर chief, highest, great, q. v.

परमं acc. sin. m. or n. of परम m. f. n. high, greatest, highest, 1st cl. 187.

परमदारुणा nom. sin. f. very dreadful; (comp. of परम cr. highest, most, and दारुण, q.v.)

परमदुःखितः nom. sin. m. deeply afflicted; (comp. of परम excessive, and दुःखित pained.)

परममन्युमान् deeply distressed; (comp. of परम cr. excessive, मन्यु cr. anguish, distress, wrath, -मान् nom. sin. of the possessive affix मत् 140, 84.VI.)

परमया ins. sin. f. of परम m. f. n. excessive, highest.

परमञ्जोभनम् acc. sin. m. very glorious. See next.

परमशोभनाम् very brilliant, very beautiful; K k (comp. of परम high, very, श्रोभनां acc. sin. f. of शोभन m. f. n. bright, beautiful.)

परमसंह श nom. sin. f. exceedingly rejoiced; (comp. of परम cr. very much, and संहष्ट pleased, past p. p. of rt हुए with सं.)

परमा nom. sin. f. of परम m. f. n. highest, excellent.

परमां acc. sin. f. of परम m. f. n. highest, superior, excellent, 1st cl. 187.

परमाङ्गना nom. sin. f. an excellent or noble woman. See next.

परमाङ्गना: Karm. or Des. comp. 755; परम cr. best, excellent, অङ्गना: nom. pl. of অङ्गना f. a woman, 1st cl. 105.

परमो nom. sin. m. of परम highest.

परया ins. sin. f. of पर m. f. n. great, excessive,

परवीरहा nom. sin. m. the slayer of the warriors (champions) of the enemy; (comp. of पर cr. an enemy, वीर cr. a warrior, हा nom. sin. of हन् m. a killer, 157. b.)

परव्यूहिवनाञ्चानम् TAT. OR DEP. COMP. 745; पर cr. an enemy, व्यूह cr. array, ranks, विनाञ्चनम् acc. sin. of विनाञ्चन m. a destroyer.

परस्परतः ind. mutually, 719. b.

परस्परमुखेषिणौ TAT. OR DEP. COMP. 745; परस्पर cr. one another, मुख cr. happiness, रुषिणौ nom. du. m. of रुषिन् m. f. n. desiring, seeking, 159, agt. of rt इप् 582. a.

परस्परहतास् Тат. оп Dep. сомр. 740; परस्पर cr. one another, हतास् nom. pl. of हत m. f. n. killed, past p. p. of rt हन् 545.

परसम् acc. sin. n. another's property; (comp. of पर another, and ख n. that which is one's own, 232.)

परा prep. back, backward; over.

परां acc. sin. f. of पर m. f. n. highest.

पराजय: nom. sin. m. defeat. In Book XIII. 34 this word is used in the sense of turning away from, desertion, and governs an ablative case.

पराजितः nom. sin. m. of पराजित m. f. n. conquered.

परार्थम् for the sake of another; (comp. of पर cr. another, and अर्थ, see 760. d.)

परार्थे for the sake of others; (comp. of पर another, and सर्थे 731.)

परासुर for परासुस nom. sin. m. of परासु m. f. n. dead, expired; (from पर away, remote, and असु m. breath.)

परि prep. round, about; entirely.

परिगम्य having gone round; past ind. p. of rt गम् with परि, 602.

परिग्लानस्य gen. sin. of परिग्लान m. f. n. exhausted, languid; past p. p. of rt ग्रै to be weary, with परि, 536.

परिघोपना: Anom. comp. 777, 32; परिघ cr. an iron-bar, an iron-club or mace, उपना: nom. pl. of उपन m. f. n. like, resembling, ist cl. 103. So in Sakuntalá, Act II, नगरपरिघमांशुंबाहुर having an arm long as the bar of a city-gate.

परिचयों acc. sin. f. of परिचया f. service, attendance upon, devotion, veneration.

परिचारकै: ins. pl. of परिचारक m. an attendant.

परिचारिकाम् acc. sin. of परिचारिका f. an attendant, servant, waiting-maid.

परिच्छिद्य having cut off; past ind. p. of rt छिद्द with परि, 559.

परिचातो nom. sin. m. of परिचात m. f. n. ruined, lost; past p. p. of rt च्यु 532.

परिणिष्ठा nom. sin. f. perfect skill or conversancy.

परित्यक्ता nom. sin. f. of परित्यक्त m. f. n. deserted, abandoned; past p. p. of rt त्यज्ञ with परि, 539.

परित्यागो nom. sin. of परित्याग m. desertion, abandonment.

परिदस्तते is burnt up, is inflamed; 3d sin. pres. of rt दह in pass. with परि.

परिदेवना nom. sin. f. lamentation.

परिदेवितम् acc. sin. of परिदेवित n. complaint, lamentation, 1st cl. 104. परिधानेन ins. sin. of परिधान n. a lower garment, an under garment.

परिधावन for परिधावन (52) nom. sin. m. of परिधावन m. f. n. running or roaming about; pres. p. of rt धाव with परि, 524.

परिध्वंसम् acc. sin. of परिध्वंस m. disaster, distress, ruin.

परिपप्रक he asked, he enquired; 3d sin. perf. of rt प्रक् to ask, with परि, 631.

परिपालयन् nom. sin. m. of परिपालयन् m. f. n. protecting, governing; pres. p. par. of rt पाल with परि, 524.

परिप्रेप्सो: gen. sin. m. of परिप्रेप्सु: m. f. n. desirous of obtaining; (des. adj. formed from जाप with म and परि, see 82.VII, 503.)

परिभुता nom. sin. f. of परिभुत m. f. n. overwhelmed; past p. p. of rt मु with परि, 532.

परिश्रष्टमुखेन BAH. OR REL. COMP. 767; परिश्रष्ट cr. fallen, deprived of, मुखेन ins. sin. m. from मुख n. joy, pleasure, 104.

परिवासरान् acc. pl. of परिवासर m. a year.

परिवारिता nom. sin. f. of परिवारित m. f. n. surrounded, encircled; past p. p. of rt वृ in caus. with परि.

परिवृता nom. sin. f. of परिवृत m. f. n. surrounded.

परिवृतागच्छत् for परिवृता खगच्छत् by 31.

परिशक्तितुम् to suspect; inf. of rt शङ्क् with परि, 459.

परिशुष्पति he or it dries up or is dried up; 3d sin. pres. of rt शुष् with परि, 4th cl.

परिश्राने loc. sin. m. of परिश्रान m. f. n. wearied; past p. p. of rt श्रम् 546.

परिमोडश: ins. of परिमोडश m. sixteen complete, exactly sixteen, (Used at Book XXVI. 2 for मोडशन्.)

परिष्वज्य having embraced or clasped; past ind. p. of rt सञ्ज with परि, 559.

परिसङ्घान् acc. pl. m. of परिसङ्घ m. f. n. resonant on all sides; past p. p. of rt युष् with सं and परि, 539.

परिस्रवन् for परिस्रवन् acc. sin. n. flowing down; pres. p. of rt सु with परि, 524.

परिहासो nom. sin. of परिहास m. joke, sport. परिहीनस् nom. sin. m. of परिहीन m.f. n. deprived of, destitute of, (governing abl.)

परीक्षां acc. sin. f. of परीक्षा f. trial, examination.

परीधितो nom. sin. m. of परीधित m. f. n. tried, examined; past p. p. of rt ईख with परि, 538.

परीता nom. sin. f. of परीत m. f. n. affected by. परेख ins. sin. m. or n of पर m. f. n. great, highest; best, excellent; another, other, 238. a.

परेख ind. beyond, above, over.

परेणापकृते for परेण सपकृते by 31.

परो nom.sin.m.of परm.f.n. highest, greatest.

परोद्धं acc. sin. n. of परोद्ध m. f. n. beyond or out of sight, imperceptible, invisible.

परोद्यता nom. sin. f. imperceptibleness, the state of being unperceived or unknown.

पर्णादं acc. sin. of पर्णाद m. Parņáda, name of a Bráhman.

पर्णादवचनं TAT. OR DEP. COMP. 743; पर्णाद cr. Parnáda, वचनं acc. sin.n. speech, words.

पर्णादस्य gen. sin. of पर्णाद m. Parnáda.

पर्णादो nom. sin. m. Parnáda, name of a Bráhman.

पर्णानि nom. pl. of पर्णे n. a leaf, 104.

पर्णाहारेस् ins. pl. feeding on leaves, पर्ण cr. leaf, आहारेस् ins. pl. of आहार m. food, 761.

पर्यचरत he went round; 3d sin. impf. of rt चर to go, with परि, 1st cl. 261.

पर्यचिन्तयत् he reflected, he thought about; 3d sin. impf. of rt चिन्त् with परि, 10th cl. 283, 641.

पर्यदेवयत he or she bewailed or lamented; 3d sin. impf. of rt देव with परि, 10th cl. 283.

पर्यभावत he or she ran about; 3d sin. impf. átm. of rt भाव with परि, 1st cl. 261.

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पर्यपतन् they fell, they stooped down; 3d pl. impf. of rt पत् with परि, 1st cl. 261.

पर्पपृच्चत् he or she enquired about; 3d sin. impf. of rt प्रच्छ 6th cl. with परि, 631.

पर्याप्तः nom. sin. m. of पर्याप्त m.f.n. sufficient.

पर्युपासन् for पर्युपासन् he or she attended upon, waited on; 3d sin. impf. of rt आस with उप and परि, 2d cl. 317. a. This verb is properly of the átmane-pada only.

पर्युपितं acc. sin. n. of पर्युपित m. f. n. stale, profitless, flat, idle, low.

पर्वतम् acc. sin. of पर्वत m. a mountain.

पवेतराइ for पवेतराइ (41) TAT. OR DEP. comp. 743; पवेत cr. a mountain, राइ nom. sin. of राज् m. a king, 8th cl. 176.e.

पनेतज्ञ nom. sin. of पनेत m. Parvata, one of the ten Rishis or sages, a friend and rival of Nárada; see note under नारदः.

पर्वेतच्छेष्ठ voc. sin. m. O best of mountains, 743. b.

पवेतस्य gen. sin. of पवेत m. a mountain, ist cl. 103.

पवेतस्याथवा for पवेतस्य ऋथवा by 31.

पवितांश् for पवितान् acc. pl. of पवित m. a mountain.

पर्वतान् acc. pl. of पर्वत m. a mountain.

पञ्चवापीडितं acc. sin. m. loaded with buds, TAT. OR DEP. COMP. 740; पञ्चव cr. a bud, and आपीडित m. f. n. laden, oppressed.

पललानि acc. pl. of पलल n. a pool, 1st cl. 104.

पवनः nom. sin. m. wind, breeze.

पञ्चाइ ind. afterwards, hereafter, 715.

पश्चिमाम् aec. sin. f. of पश्चिम m. f. n. western, evening; पश्चिमा वेला the evening time, the close of day.

पश्यत्स gen. sin. m. of पश्यत् m. f. n. seeing, looking on; pres. p. of rt दृश् 524.

पश्यताम of them looking; gen. pl. m. of पश्यत् m. f. n., pres. p. par. of rt दृश् to see, 524.

पश्यित he sees; 3d sin. pres. of rt दुश 604.

पञ्यन्ति they see; 3d pl. pres. of rt दूज् 1st cl. 604.

पश्यामस् we see; ist pl. pres. of rt दृश् ist cl. 604.

पञ्चामि I see, I experience or feel; 1st sin. pres. of rt दृश् 1st cl. 604.

पश्याम्यस्मिन् for पश्यामि अस्मिन् by 34.

पश्येषास् thou mayest see; 2d sin. pot. átm. of rt दृश् 604.

पश्येम we may see, we should see; ist pl. pot. of rt दृश् ist cl. 604.

पश्येषं I may see; 1st sin. pot. of rt दृश् 1st cl. 604.

पांशुगुरिस्तः TAT. OR DEP. COMP. 740; पांशु cr. dust, गुरिस्तः nom. sin. of गुरिस्त m.f.n. covered; past p. p. of rt गुराह 538.

पांशुध्वसिश्राहा Bah.or Rel.comp. 761; पांशु cr. dust, ध्वस destroyed, spoilt, injured, fallen, श्रिरोह्हा nom. sin. f. from श्रिरोह्ह m. the hair of the head.

पांशुभिश् ins. pl. of पांशु m. dirt, dust, 3d cl.

पाटयामास he clove asunder; 3d sin. perf. of rt पर् in caus. 481, 385. a.

पाणि acc. sin. of पाणि m. the hand. पाणिम्पां ins. du. of पाणि m. the hand, 110. पाग्डन O son of Pándu; voc. sin. of पाग्डन m. पाग्डन क्षा BAH. OR REL. COMP. 766; पाग्ड cr. pale, नणा nom. sin. f. from नण m. colour, hue, complexion, 1st cl. 108.

पातकं acc. sin. n. sin, crime. पादधावनम् TAT. OR DEP. COMP. 743; पाद cr. feet, धावनम् acc. sin. n. washing.

पादयो: gen. du. of पाद m. a foot, 1st cl. 103. पादरजसा TAT. OR DEP. COMP. 743; पाद cr. a foot, रजसा ins. sin. of रजस् n. dust, 7th cl. 164.

पादाव for पादौ (37) acc. du. of पाद m. a foot. पानीयांचे for the sake of water, see 760.d, 791. पापं nom. or acc. sin. of पाप n. sin, crime.

पाप: nom. sin. m. of पाप m. f. n. wicked, evil. पापकृतं nom. sin. n. evil deed, bad action;

(comp. of पाप and कृत, q. q. v. v.)

पापबुद्धिना BAH. OR REL. COMP. 761; पाप cr. wicked, sinful, बुद्धिना ins. sin. m. from बुद्धि f. the mind, 119.

पापमित: BAH. OR REL. COMP. 766; पाप cr. sinful, depraved, मित: nom. sin. m. from मित f. the mind, see 119.

पापस् nom. sin. m. of पाप m. f. n. wicked. पापां acc. sin. f. of पाप m. f. n. wicked, sinful. पापाइ abl. sin. of पाप n. sin.

पापो nom. sin. m. of पाप m. f.n. evil, wicked. पारं acc. sin. of पार m. the opposite side, the further bank or shore, the end.

पारगः See वेदपारगैः

पारिपदः nom. sin. m. a spectator, a person present at an assembly.

पাৰ্থ voc. sin. O Arjuna. (Partha is a name of Arjuna, as one of the three sons of Pritha.)

पार्थिव voc. sin. of पार्थिव m. a king.

पार्थिवं acc. sin. of पार्थिव m. a king, 1st cl. 103.

पार्थिवः nom. sin. of पार्थिव m. a king.

पार्थिवनन्दिनी TAT. OR DEP. COMP. 743; पार्थिव cr. a king, नन्दिनी nom. sin. f. a daughter, (lit. giver of joy.)

पार्चिवर्षभ voc. sin. m. O most illustrious of kings! See पुरुपर्षभ and 758.

पार्चिवश्रेष्ठ: TAT. OR DEP. COMP. 743. b; पार्चिव cr. a king, श्रेष्ठ: nom. sin. m. of श्रेष्ठ m. f. n. best, most excellent.

पार्थिवसुतां TAT. OR DEP. COMP. 743; पार्थिव cr. a king, सुतां acc. sin. of सुता f. a daughter, 1st cl. 105.

पार्थिवा: for पार्थिवास् nom. pl. of पार्थिव, q.v. पार्थिवात्मजाम् TAT. OR DEP. COMP. 743; पार्थिव cr. a king, and आत्मजाम् acc. sin. f. of आत्मजा a daughter, own daughter.

पार्थिवानां gen. pl. of पार्थिव m. a king.

पार्थिवाञ्च nom. pt. of पार्थिव m. a king, ist cl. 103.

पार्थिवेन्द्रेषु loc. pl., KARM. OR DES. COMP. 758; पार्थिव cr. king, इन्द्रेषु loc. pl. of - इन्द्र m. chief, 1st cl. 103.

पावक: nom. sin. m. fire.

पाञ्चन nom. sin. n. of पाञ्च m. f. n. belonging to animals or beasts; (from पशु an animal, see 80. XII.)

पार्श्वोपपाश्चेयो: Dvan. or Agg. comp. 752; पार्श्व cr. the side, the ribs, the flank, उप-पार्श्वयो: loc. du. of उपपार्श्व the other flank, (? the false or short rib, the lesser ribs.)

पितरं acc. sin. of पितृ m. a father, 4th cl.128. पितरः nom. pl. of पितृ m. a father.

पितरस्त्रोभी for पितरं च उभी by 60 and 32.

पितरो for पितरस् nom.pl. of पितृ m. a father. पिता nom. sin. of पितृ m. a father, 128.

पितामहाः nom. pl. of पितामह m. a grand-father.

पितामहान् acc. pl. of पितामह m. a grandfather.

पितु: abl. sin. of पितृ m. a father, 128.

पितुर gen. sin. of पितृ m. a father, 128.

पितुस gen. sin. of पितृ m. a father, 128.

पितृन acc. pl. of पितृ m. a father.

पिता ins. sin. of पितृ m. a father.

पिमुं acc. sin. of पिमु m. a mole, freckle.

पिमुना ins. sin. of पिमु m. a mole, freckle.

पिमुमब्बादनम् acc. sin. n. covering the mole; (comp. of पिमु a mole or freckle, and प्रब्बा-दन covering, agt. of rt बह with प्र, 582.c.)

पिज़ुर nom. sin. of पिज़ु m. a freckle, mole in the skin.

पिमुस् nom. sin. of पिमु m. a mark, freckle. पिशाची nom. sin. f. a spirit, a female imp. See next.

पिशाचोरगराश्वसान् DVAN. OR AGG. COMP. 748; पिशाच cr. an imp, an elf, a sprite, उरग cr. a serpent, राञ्चसान् acc. pl. of राञ्चस an evil spirit, see note under राञ्चसी. The Pisáća is a kind of evil spirit, mentioned several times by Manu, (see I. 37, 43; V. 50; XII. 44.) He is classed with Rákshasas and Yakshas, who are described as eating flesh-meat and unclean food.

पीडा nom. sin. f. pain, suffering.

पौड्यमानः nom. sin. m. of पौड्यमान m.f. n. being afflicted; pres. p. pass. of rt पौड् 528.

पीड्यमानस् nom. sin. of पीड्यमान m. f. n. being pained, being afflicted.

पीनश्रोणिपयोधराम् COMPLEX COMP. 771; पीन swelling, full, round, श्रोणि cr. the hip, पयोधराम् acc. sin. f. from पयोधर m. the breast of a woman; see 108.

पीना for पीनास् nom. pl. m. of पीन m. f. n. muscular, robust, 1st cl. 103; (past p. p. of rt प्याय् or पे 547.)

पुर्ण acc. sin. of पुर्ण m. f. n. sacred, holy, pure.

पुरायकृत् nom. sin. m. acting piously, virtuous; (comp. of पुराय cr. pure, holy, and कृत् m. a doer, 84, 1.)

पुर्यं जला BAH. OR REL. COMP. 766; पुर्यं cr. pure, जला nom. sin. f. from जल n. water.

पुरस्थोक for पुरस्थोक स् nom. sin. m. Punyasloka, a name of Nala. This name means properly 'celebrated in sacred song,' and is applied to other kings celebrated in Hindú poetry, as, for example, to Yudhishthira.

पुरपञ्चोक voc. sin. m. O Nala! See last.

पुरायञ्चोकं acc. sin. of पुरायञ्चोक m. Nala.

पुर्यश्चोकदिदृश्चया TAT. OR DEP. COMP. 743; पुर्यश्चोक cr. Punyasioka, a name of Nala, दिदृश्चया ins. sin. of दिदृश्चा f. desire of seeing, a noun formed from the desiderative of दृश् 500. c.

पुरुषश्चोकपराङ्मुखान् TAT. OR DEP. COMP. 742; पुरुषश्चोक cr. Nala, पराङ्मुखान् acc. pl. m. of पराङ्मुख m.f.n. averse to, having the face averted, 1st cl. 103.

पुरायश्चोकस्य gen. sin. of पुरायश्चोक m. Punyaśloka.

पुरायस्त्रोकिति for पुरायस्त्रोक इति by 32.

मुख्यां acc. sin. f. of पुष्य m.f. n. pure, bright, ist cl. 103.

पुर्याह्वाचने TAT. OR DEP. COMP. 743;

पुरुषाह cr. a holyday, वाचने loc. sin. of वाचन n. declaration, proclamation; 'on the declaration of a holyday.'

पुर्षे loc. sin. of पुर्ष m. f. n. pure, 1st cl. 187.

पुत्र m. a son. This word is properly written पुत्त, and is said to mean 'deliverer from hell.' Since the son delivers (तायते) his father from the hell called पुत्, he was therefore named पुत्त by Brahmá. (Manu IX. 138.) This accounts for the extreme desire entertained by the Hindús for male offspring. Thus Bhíma, like Daśaratha in the Rámáyana, and many others, performed the holiest acts for the sake of obtaining a son. The son alone by the offering of the funeral libation (śráddha) is supposed to procure rest for the departed spirit of the father.

पुतं acc. sin. of पुत m. a son.

पुत्रनिवेशने TAT. OR DEP. COMP. 743; पुत cr. son, निवेशने loc. sin. of निवेशन n. habitation, abode.

पुत्रयो: gen. du. of पुत m. a son, a child.

पुतनत् ind. like a son, as a son; (from पुत a son, affix नत् 724.)

पुतस्य gen. sin. of पुत m. a son.

पुतान् acc. pl. of पुत m. a son.

पुतास nom. pl. of पुत m. a son.

पुतियों acc. sin. of पुतियों f. one who has borne male children.

प्तौ acc. du. m. of प्त m. a son, a child.

पुनः for पुनर् ind. again.

पुनः पुनः for पुनःपुनर ind. again and again. पुनर ind. again.

पुनरागमनं nom. sin. n. coming back again, returning; (comp. of पुनर again, and आगमन coming.)

पुनलोभान for पुनलोभान (47) abl. sin. of पुनलोभ m. recovery, obtaining again; (comp. of पुनर again, and लाभ acquisition.)

पुनश् for पुनर् ind. again.

पुनांसं acc. sin. of पुंस m. a man, 7th cl. 169.

पुमान nom. sin. of पुंस m. a man, a male; see 169.

पुरम् acc. sin. of yt n. a city.

पुरताष्ट्राणि DVAN. OR AGG. COMP. 748; पुर cr. a city, राष्ट्राणि nom. pl. of राष्ट्र n. a kingdom, a country, 1st cl. 104.

पुरवासिन: nom. pl. m. of पुरवासिन m. a citizen, a dweller in the city; (comp. of पुर cr. and वासिन, q. q. v. v.)

yti ind. before, formerly, 714.

पुराणि acc. pl. of पुर n. a city.

पुराणो nom. sin. m. of पुराण m. f. n. ancient, existing of old.

पुरातनम् acc. sin. n. of पुरातन m. f. n. old, former.

पुराह abl. sin. of yt n. a city.

पुरों acc. sin. of पुरो f. a city.

पुरुष m. a man, 1st cl. 103.

पुरुषं acc. sin. of पुरुष m. a man.

पुरुष: nom. sin. of पुरुष m. a man.

पुरुषपेभ voc. sin. m. O excellent man! (comp. of पुरुष a man, and भूषभ a bull, used in comp. to denote eminent, see 758.)

पुरुषपेभम् acc. sin. m. See last.

पुरुपन्यात्र voc. sin. m. O excellent man! See पुरुपन्यात्रेर.

पुरुपव्याघ्रस् nom. sin. m. an excellent man. See पुरुपव्याघेर.

पुरुषव्याचे loc. sin. m. See next.

पुरुषचामेर KARM. OR DES. COMP. 758; पुरुष cr. a man, व्यामेर ins. pl. of व्याम a tiger; (used in comp. to denote excellent, eminent;) see 758.

पुरुपशादूलम् acc. sin. m. chief of men; (lit. tiger of men;) see 758.

पुरुषा for पुरुषास् nom. pl. m. of पुरुष m. a

पुरुषान् acc. pl. of पुरुष m. a man.

पुरुषेर for पुरुषेस ins. pl. of पुरुष m. a man, a servant, 1st cl. 103.

पुरुषो for पुरुषस् nom.sin.m. a man, a servant. पुरे loc. sin. of पुर n. a city, 1st cl. 104.

पुरेव for पुरा इव by 32.

पुरोक्ताम् acc. sin. f. of पुरोक्त m. f. n. formerly spoken; (comp. of पुरा formerly, and उक्त spoken, q. v.)

पुरोगमा: nom. sin. pl. of पुरोगम m.f.n. going before, travelling in front; (comp. of पुरस् in front, 64, and गम going.)

पुरोत्तमम् acc. sin. n. the best of cities, the mighty city; (comp. of पुर cr. city, and उत्तम, see 743. b.)

पुलिनहीपशोभितां COMPLEX COMP. 771; पुलिन cr. sandbanks, shoals, होप cr. islands, शोभितां acc. sin. f. of शोभित m. f. n. adorned, beautiful.

पुष्करम् acc. sin. of पुष्कर m. See next.

पुष्करस्य gen. sin. of पुष्कर m. Pushkara, name of a king, the brother of Nala, 1st cl. 103.

पुष्करस्याद्याः for पुष्करस्य चन्नाः by 31. पुष्करेणीवम् for पुष्करेण स्वं by 33.

पुष्कलम् acc. sin. n. of पुष्कल m. f. n. much, great.

पुष्पभङ्गः nom. sin. m. a festoon of flowers; (पुष्प a flower, भङ्ग a bend.)

मुष्पवृष्टि: Tat. or Dep. comp. 743; पुष्प cr. flowers, वृष्टि: nom. sin. f. a shower. The showering of flowers by some unseen heavenly beings on the head of the 'happy pair' on every auspicious occasion is a favourite device in the machinery of Hindú epics. So in Raghu-vansa II. 60 no sooner has king Dilípa offered himself to die for the sacred cow of his Bráhmanical preceptor, than a shower of flowers falls on him. Sítá's innocence was similarly attested.

पुष्पाणि nom. or acc. pl. of पुष्प n. a flower, 104.

पुष्पितं acc. sin. m. of पुष्पित m. f. n. blooming, flowering, flowery, in flower.

पूजया ins. sin. of पूजा f. honour, worship. पूजयामास he or she worshipped; 3d sin. perf. of rt पूज् 10th cl. 385. a.

पूर्जियत्वा having honoured; past ind. p. of rt पूर् 10th cl. 558.

पूजियणित he will honour; 3d sin. 2d fut. of rt पूज् 10th cl. 491.

पूजा nom. sin. f. worship, honour, homage. पूजां acc. sin. of पूजा f. worship, homage.

पूजाहीव् for पूजाहीं (37) acc. du. of पूजाही m. f. n. worthy of honour.

पूजित: nom. sin. m. honoured. See next.

पूजिता: nom. pl.m. of पूजित m.f.n. honoured, past p. p. of rt पूज् 538.

पूजितो nom. sin. m. of पूजित m.f. n. honoured; worshipped; past p. p. of rt पूज् 538.

पूरयन्तो filling; nom. pl. m. of पूरपत् pres. p. of rt पृ 10th cl. 640, 524.

पूरयन् for पूरयन् (52) nom. sin. m. of पूरयन् m. f. n. filling; pres. p. of rt पृ 10th cl. 285, 524.

पूर्णेचन्द्रनिभां Anom. comp. 777; पूर्णे cr. full, चन्द्र cr. moon, निभां acc. sin. f. of निभ m. f. n. like, resembling.

पूर्णंचन्द्रनिभाननाम् Complex comp. 771; पूर्णं cr. full, चन्द्र cr. moon, निभ cr. like, खाननाम् acc. sin. f. from खानन n. the face, the countenance; see 108.

पूर्णंचन्द्रप्रभाम् Complex comp. 770; पूर्णं cr. full, चन्द्र cr. moon, प्रभाम् acc. sin. f. of प्रभा f. lustre.

पूर्णा for पूर्णास् nom. pl. m. of पूर्ण m. f. n. full, filled.

पूर्णेन्दुवदनो BAH. OR REL. COMP. 761; पूर्ण cr. full, इन्दु cr. moon, वदनो nom. sin. m. from वदन n. the face.

पूर्व ind. formerly, before, at first.

पूर्वदृष्टस् nom. sin. m. before seen; (comp. of पूर्व before, and दृष्ट, q. v.)

पृक्कन्या for पृक्कन्यास् gen. sin. f. of पृक्कत् m. f. n. asking, enquiring; pres. p. of rt प्रक् 631, 524.

पृक्जामि I ask; 1st sin. pres. of rt प्रक् 6th cl. 631; see 873.

पृद्धेया: thou mayest ask, ask thou; 2d sin. pot. átm. of rt प्रद्ध 6th cl. 631.

पृद्ध्यमाना nom. sin. f. of पृद्ध्यमान m. f. n. being asked; pres. p. pass. of rt प्रद् 472, 631.

पृथिवी f. the earth, 1st cl. 106.

पृथिवों acc. sin. of पृथिवो f. the earth.

पृणियोश्चितः nom. pl. of पृणियोश्चित् m. an 'earth-possessor,' a king, 5th cl. 136; (पृणियो the earth, श्चित् a possessor.)

पृथिवीपितः nom. sin. m. lord of the earth, a king; (पृथिवी the earth, पित a lord.)

पृथिवीपतिम् acc. sin. m. lord of the earth. पृथिवीपते voc. sin. of पृथिवीपति m. lord of the earth, 2d cl. 110, 121, 743.

पृथिवीपालः nom. sin. m. protector of the earth, a king. See next.

पृथिवीपाला: nom. pl. m. protectors of the earth. See next.

पृथिवीपालास् Tat. or Dep. comp. 743; पृथिवी cr. the earth, पालास् nom. pl. of पाल m. a protector, 1st cl. 103.

पृथिवीम् acc. sin. of पृथिवी f. the earth. पृथिवां loc. sin. of पृथिवी f. the earth.

पृथुचाविच्चितेञ्चणः COMPLEX COMP. 771; पृथु cr. wide, large, चार्च for चार (34) cr. beautiful, अच्चित cr. curved, bent, ईक्षणः nom. sin. m. from ईक्षण n. the eye, 1st cl. 108.

पृथुप्रोचान् BAH. OR REL. COMP. 761; पृथु cr. broad, wide, प्रोचान् acc. pl. of प्रोच m. the nose or nostril (of a horse).

पृयुलोचन BAH. OR REL. COMP. 766; पृयु er. broad, large, लोचन voc. sin. from लोचन n. the eye.

पृथुन्नीर् for पृथुन्नीस् BAH. OR REL. COMP.

766; पृषु cr. great, wide, স্থাই nom. sin. of স্থা f. prosperity, fortune, 123.

पृष्ट: nom. sin. m. of पृष्ट m. f. n. asked; past p. p. of rt प्रक् 544.

पृष्ठा having asked; past ind. p. of rt प्रच् 556. पृष्ठतो ind. for पृष्ठतस् (64) behind, from behind, see 719. b.

पौता: nom. pl. of पौत m. grandson, son's son. पौतान् acc. pl. of पौत m. a grandson.

पौरजना: nom. pl. of पौरजन m. a citizen. पौरजनो nom. sin. of पौरजन m. a citizen.

पौरजानपदाञ् DVAN. OR AGG. COMP. 748; पौर cr. a citizen, जानपदाञ् nom. pl. of जानपद m. an inhabitant of the country, country-person, rustic, country-folk.

पौरा for पौरास् nom. pl. of पौर m. a citizen. पौरां प्र for पौरान् च by 53.

पौराणाम् gen. pl. of पौर m. a citizen.

पौरान् acc. pl. of पौर m. a citizen.

पौर्णमासीम् acc. sin. of पौर्णमासी f. day of full moon.

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प्रकल्पितः nom. sin. m. of प्रकल्पित m. f. n. fitted, arranged, placed.

प्रकारेर for प्रकारेस ins. pl. of प्रकार m. kind, manner, ist cl. 103.

प्रकाशतां acc. sin. of प्रकाशता f. glory, brightness.

प्रकृहण्य turn thou, fix thou; 2d sin. imp. átm. of rt कृ with प्र, 683.

प्रकृतयः for प्रकृतयस् ministers and citizens; nom. pl. of प्रकृति f. any requisite of regal administration.

प्रकृतयो for प्रकृतयस् nom. pl. ministers and citizens, 2d cl. 112. See last.

प्रकृष्टम् acc. sin. m. of प्रकृष्ट m. f. n. extended, drawn out, long (as a road).

प्रकोपाद्ध abl. sin. of प्रकोप m. anger, 1 st cl. 103. प्रश्वालनं nom. sin. n. washing, cleaning.

प्रशालनाणीय for the sake of washing; (comp. of प्रशालन washing, and अणीय dat. sin. for the sake of.)

मसास्य having washed, having cleansed; having rinsed (the mouth); past ind. p. of rt खल with प्र, toth cl. 559. Washing the mouth after food (XXIII. 23), which Damayantí in the height of her emotion does not forget, is a duty strictly enjoined in the Indian law. See Manu V. 145: 'Having slumbered, having sneezed, having eaten, having spitten, having told untruths, having drunk water, and going to read sacred books, let him, though pure, wash his mouth.'

प्रस्पामि I will ask; ist sin. 2d fut. of rt प्रस् 631.

प्रस्थायमाने nins. sin. n. of प्रस्थायमान m. f. n. being celebrated, being talked about, spoken about; pres. p. of स्था in pass. with प्र, 528, 465. a.

प्राचनुहि gather thou; 2d sin. imp. of rt चि to collect, with प्र, 5th cl. 583.

पनुक्रशु: they cried out; 3d pl. perf. of rt कुश् 364.

प्रखना for प्रखनास् nom. pl. m. of प्रखन m. f. n. concealed, disguised; past p. p. of rt छह with प, 540.

पञ्जनाश् nom. pl. m. disguised. See last. प्रञ्जाते nom. sin. of प्रञ्जत m. f. n. banished,

expelled, fallen, degraded; past p. p. of rt = with \$\mathbf{n}\$, 532.

মন্ত্ৰাল he or she blazed or kindled; 3d sin. perf. of rt অল্ with ম, 364.

प्रजञ्चालेव for प्रजञ्चाल इव by 32.

प्रजा for प्रजास acc. pl. of प्रजा f. people, subjects, 1st cl. 105.

प्रजाकाम: for प्रजाकामस् desirous of offspring, BAH. OR REL. COMP. 762; प्रजा cr. offspring, काम: nom. sin. of काम m. desire, 1st cl. 103.

प्रजाकामस् nom. sin. m. desirous of offspring. प्रजाचे for the sake of offspring, ADV. COMP. 791. See note under पुत.

प्रज्ञितम् nom. sin. m. of प्रज्ञित m. f. n. blazed forth; past p. p. of rt ज्ञल् with प्र, 538, 896.

प्रस्के I salute, I bow before; 1st sin. pres. átm. of rt नम् with प्र, 1st cl. 261, 58.

प्रसम्भ having bowed before; past ind. p. of rt नम् with प्र.

प्रणयम् acc. sin. of प्रणय m. affection, love, favour, 1st cl. 103.

प्रयास shew thou affection, give thy affection, bestow thy love; 2d sin. imp. átm. of rt नी with प्र, 1st cl. 590. a, 58.

प्रणञ्जान they perish, they are destroyed; 3d pl. pres. of rt नश् with प्र, 4th cl. 58.

प्रणष्टं nom. sin. n. of प्रणष्ट m. f. n. lost; past p. p. of rt नश् with प्र, 539.

प्रसेट्टर they called out, they uttered cries; 3d pl. perf. of rt नद with प्र, 375. a.

प्रतस्ये he or she set out, proceeded or went onward; 3d sin. perf. átm. of rt स्था with प, 364, 587.

unation ind. toward, to; with regard to, about, concerning, 729, 730. c. In these senses generally a postposition. As a preposition it means against, back, back again.

प्रतिगृद्ध having received; past ind. p. of rt यह with प्रति, 565.

प्रतिजग्मुर they returned or went back; 3d pl. perf. of rt गम् with प्रति, 602.

प्रतिजयाह he received or took in return; 3d sin. perf. of rt यह with प्रति, 699.

प्रतिजानामि I assent to, I agree to; 1st sin. pres. of rt ज्ञा with प्रति, 9th cl. 688.

प्रतिज्ञाय having promised; past ind. p. of rt ज्ञा with प्रति, 559.

प्रतिपत्नलुपस्य Anom. comp. 777; प्रतिपद् the first day of the moon's increase, कलुपस्य gen. sin. of कलुप m. f. n. opaque, dark.

प्रतिपत्कलुपस्येन्दोर् for प्रतिपत्कलुपस्य इन्दोर् by 32.

प्रतिपत्ससे thou wilt recover, thou wilt be restored to; 2d sin. 2d fut. átm. of rt पद्ध with प्रति, 405.

प्रतिपद्यस्व gain thou, win thou; 2d sin. imp. of rt पद with प्रति, 4th cl. 272.

प्रतिपद्येत he may find out, he may ascertain;

3d sin. pot. átm. of rt पद with प्रति, 4th cl. 272.

प्रतिपञ्चामि I behold, I look upon; 1st sin. pres. of rt दृश् with प्रति, 1st cl. 604.

प्रतिपाण: nom. sin. m. a counter-game, a counter-stake.

प्रतिपाणाय dat. sin. for a counter-game, for a counter-stake. See last.

प्रतिपाणो nom. sin. of प्रतिपाण m. a stake, a counter-stake, a thing staked against another thing, 1st cl. 103.

प्रतिबन्धेन ins. sin. of प्रतिबन्ध m. hindrance, impediment (for a hindrance).

प्रतिवृ्याद he may answer, he may reply to; 3d sin. pot. of rt वृ with प्रति, 2d cl. 649.

प्रतिभयं acc. sin. n. of प्रतिभय m. f. n. fearful, terrible.

प्रतिभाषसे thou dost answer or speak in reply; 2d sin. pres. átm. of rt भाष् with प्रति, 1st cl. 261.

प्रतियोत्स्यामि I shall fight against; 1st sin. 2d fut. of rt युथ् with प्रति.

प्रतिवचस् nom. sin. n. an answer, 7th cl. 164. प्रतिवचो for प्रतिवचस् acc. sin. of प्रतिवचस् n. an answer.

प्रतिवाक्यं acc. sin. of प्रतिवाक्य n. an answer. प्रतिवाक्य loc. sin. of प्रतिवाक्य n. an answer.

प्रतिश्रय: nom. sin. m. abode, dwelling.

प्रतिश्रुत्य having promised; past ind. p. of rt श्रु with प्रति, 560.

प्रतिष्ठितः nom. sin. m. of प्रतिष्ठित m. f. n. famous, celebrated.

प्रतीक्षस्य wait thou; 2d sin. imp. átm. of rt ईख् with प्रति, 605.

प्रतीक्षे I expect, I wait for, I look toward; 1st sin. pres. dtm. of rt ईख with प्रति.

प्रत्यक्षं ind. in the sight of, visibly, 713.

प्रतश्न the power of perceiving the (godhead) present (in the sacrifice), Tat. or Dep. comp. 743; प्रतश्च cr. visible, present to the eye, दर्शनं nom. sin. of दर्शन n. perception, seeing, 1st cl. 104.

प्रत्यनन्दत he attended, he gave heed to, he

saluted; (in Book XXIV. 44) he fondled; 3d sin. impf. átm. of rt नन्द् with प्रति, 1st cl. 261.

प्रत्मापत he or she answered or addressed, he spoke to; 3d sin. impf. átm. of rt भाष् with प्रति, 1st cl. 261.

प्रत्यवेदयत् he declared, he made known; 3d sin.impf.of rt विद् in caus. with प्रति, 481.

प्रत्यवेदयन् they announced; 3d pl. impf.

प्रतास्थाता for प्रतास्थातास् nom. pl. m. of प्रतास्थात m. f. n. rejected, refused; past p. p. of rt स्था with आ and प्रति, 532.

प्रमास्यासि thou rejectest, thou refusest; 2d sin. pres. of rt ख्या with सा and प्रति, 2d cl. 307.

प्रतास्यास्यास thou wilt refuse, thou shalt reject; 2d sin. 2d fut. of rt स्या with आ and प्रति.

प्रसाह he answered; 3d sin. perf. of defective rt सह with प्रति, 384. b.

प्रताहरन्ती nom. sin. f. of प्रताहरत् uttering; pres. p. par. of rt ह with आ and प्रति, 34, 524.

प्रत्याह्न having recovered or taken back; past ind. p. of rt ह with आ and प्रति, 560.

प्रत्याच he or she answered; 3d sin. perf. of rt वच with प्रति (34), see 375. c.

प्रत्युवाचाथ for प्रत्युवाच स्रथ by 31.

प्रत्युस् they answered; 3d pl. perf. of rt वच with प्रति, 375. c, 650.

प्रतेस having returned; past ind. p. of rt इ with जा and प्रति, 560.

प्रथम m. f. n. first, 208.

प्रथमं ind. at first.

प्रदर्श he gave; 3d sin. perf. of rt दा with प्र,

प्रदथ्मी he thought; 3d sin. perf. of rt ध्यी with प्र, 374, 595. b.

प्रदातवा: nom. sin. m. of प्रदातवा m. f. n. to be given, to be granted; fut. pass. p. of rt दा with प, 569.

प्रदाय having given, having given away; past ind. p. of rt दा with प्र, 559, 663.

प्रदायास्य for प्रदाय अस्य by 31.

प्रदिशनु let them show, let them point out; 3d pl. imp. of rt दिश with प, 6th cl. 583.

प्रदोमा nom. sin. f. of प्रदोम m. f. n. set on fire, inflamed; past p. p. of rt दीप with प्र.

प्रदीभेष for प्रदीमा इव by 32.

महुद्भुद्धः they ran away, they fled; 3d pl. perf. of rt दू 592, 368.

प्रदुष्पित they are corrupted; 3d pl. pres. of rt दुष् with प्र, 4th cl.

प्रदेशित nom. sin. m. of प्रदेशित m. f. n. urged, directed; past p. p. of rt दिश in caus. with प, 549.

महुते loc. sin. m. of महुत m. f. n. fled, having fled; past p. p. of rt हु with म, 532, 896.

प्रथमेशितुम् to force, to violate; inf. of rt भृष् 10th cl. with प, 459.

प्रधावण ye do run away; 2d pl. pres. of rt धाव् with पा, 1st cl. 261.

प्रपन्नं acc. sin. m. or n. of प्रपन्न. See next.

प्रपन्ना nom. sin. f. of प्रपन्न m. f. n. taken refuge with, gone towards, arrived at; past p. p. of rt पद with प्र, 540.

प्रपन्नास्मि for प्रपन्ना खस्मि by 31.

प्रपत्नो nom. sin. m. of प्रपत्न m. f. n. gone towards, depending on (as a refuge).

प्रपञ्चित्र ins. pl. of प्रपञ्चत् m. f. n. looking, foreseeing; pres. p. of rt दृश् with प्र.

प्रपञ्चित्त they see, they discover; 3d pl. pres. of rt दृश with प, 604.

प्रपञ्चामि I see, I foresee; ist sin. pres. of rt दृश् with प्र.

प्रभया ins. sin. of प्रभा f. splendour, brightness, beauty.

ਸਮਾਂ acc. sin. of ਸਮਾ f. light, lustre.

प्रभावेन ins. sin. of प्रभाव m. power.

प्रभाषितम् acc.sin.n.of प्रभाषित m.f.n. spoken, uttered; past p. p. of rt भाष् with प्र, 538.

प्रभाषेषं I may speak to, I may converse with; ist sin. pot. of rt भाष with प्र, ist cl. 261.

My m. a lord, a master, a king, 3d cl. 111.

प्रभुं acc. sin. of प्रभु m. a lord, noble.

ਸਮ: nom. sin. of ਸਮ m. a lord, noble, illustrious, 3d cl. 111.

प्रभूतयवसेन्धनम् Complex comp. 771; प्रभूत cr. abundant, abounding in, यवस cr. meadow-grass, fresh grass, इन्धनम् acc. sin. n. of इन्धन n. wood (for fuel).

प्रभो O king, O lord; voc. sin. of प्रभु.

प्रमत्तस्य gen. sin. of प्रमत्त m.f. n. not observing, not noticing, inattentive, careless.

प्रमदावने in the private pleasure-grounds, Tat. or Dep. comp. 743; प्रमदा cr. a woman, वने loc. sin. of वन n. a grove, a garden, 1st cl. 103. This word properly denotes a garden set apart for the females of the palace.

प्रमाणं nom. sin. of प्रमाण n. authority, proof; an authority, a judge, 1st cl. 104; the nom. sin. n. is often used in apposition to a masculine or feminine noun in the plural. प्रमाणं भवनास् your honours are the authority, i. e. it is yours to decide.

प्रमाणात् abl. sin. of प्रमाण n. proof.

प्रमुखे ind. in front, opposite.

प्रमुखनः nom. pl. of प्रमुखन् m.f. n. uttering, emitting; pres. p. par. of rt मुच् with प्र, 6th cl. 524.

प्रमृष्टमिण जुराइलाः Complex comp. 771; प्रमृष्ट cr. polished, rubbed, bright, मणि cr. a gem, a jewel, जुराइलाः nom. pl. from কুয়তে n. an earring, 1st cl. 108.

प्रयतः nom. sin. m. of प्रयत m. f. n. dutiful, pious, self-restrained.

प्रयतन्तु let them strive; 3d pl. imp. of rt यत् with म, 1st cl. 261. This root is more commonly used in átmane-pada.

प्रयत्त्रयम् nom. sin. n. of प्रयत्त्रय m. f. n. to be endeavoured; fut. pass. p. of rt यत् with प, 569. Observe—प्रयतितय् would be the usual form.

प्रयमो he set out for, he departed, he proceeded; 3d sin. perf. of rt या with प्र.

प्रयाणे loc. sin. of प्रयाण n. the crupper (?) or the hind part or haunch of a horse or other animal.

प्रयाते loc. sin. m. of प्रयात m. f. n. gone towards, advanced, advancing; past p.p. of rt या with प्र, 532, 896. a.

प्रमुज्य having performed; past ind. p. of rt युज्य with प्र, 559.

प्रयोजनम् nom. sin. n. object, occasion, business.

महरीद he wept, he burst into tears; 3d sin. perf. of rt रह with म, 364.

प्रलभया for प्रलभयास् nom.pl.m.of प्रलभय m. f. n. to be deceived; fut. pass. p. of rt लभ् with प्र, 569.

प्रलम्भो nom. sin. m. of प्रलम्भ m.f.n. deceived; past p. p. of rt लम् with प्र, 539.

प्रलापानि acc. pl. n. from प्रलाप a lamentation.

प्रवद्स speak thou; 2d sin. imp. átm. of rt वह with प्र.

प्रवर्तनो let it proceed; 3d sin. pres. átm. of rt वृत् with प्र, 1st cl. 598.

प्रवर्तेसे thou dost act; 2d sin. pres. átm. of rt वृत् with प्र, 1st cl. 598.

प्रविश he or she entered; 3d sin. perf. of rt विश् with प्र, 364.

प्रविज्ञानं acc. sin. m. of प्रविज्ञात् m. f. n. entering; pres. p. par. of rt विज्ञा with प्र, 524.

प्रविज्ञानों acc. sin. f. of प्रविज्ञात् m.f. n. entering; pres. p. par. of rt विज्ञा with प्र, 524.

দ্বিজ্ঞানি I enter; (in Book XXI. 10) I throw myself into; 1st sin. pres. of rt বিজ্ঞা with দ, 6th cl. 278.

प्रविश्य having entered; past ind. p. of rt विश् with प्र, 559.

দ্বিষ্ট: nom. sin. of দ্বিষ্ট entered, (with the sense in Book IV. 25 of I entered, 896.)

प्रविष्टा nom. sin. f. of प्रविष्ट m.f. n. entered; past p. p. of rt विश् with प्र, 539, 896.

प्रविष्टो for प्रविष्टस् nom. sin. m. of प्रविष्ट m.f. n. entered. प्रवेह्यसि thou shalt enter; 2d sin. 2d fut. of rt विश् with प्र, 411.

प्रवेष्ट्यमीति for प्रवेष्ट्यमि इति by 31.

प्रवेष्ट्यामि I shall or will enter; 1st sin. 2d fut. of rt विश् with प्र, 411.

प्रवेशयामास he or she caused to enter; 3d sin. 2d pret. of rt विश् in caus. with प्र, 490.

प्रवेश्यताम् let him be caused to enter, let him be introduced; 3d sin. pres. of rt विश् in caus. pass. with प्र, 496.

प्रवेष्टुं to enter; inf. of rt विश् with प्र, 459.

प्रशंसिद्धर ins. pl. of प्रशंसत् m.f.n. praising; pres. p. par. of rt शंस् with प्र, 524.

पश्चंसु: for प्रश्नांसुस they praised; 3d pl. perf. of rt शंस with प्र to praise, 364.

प्रशांसुस् they praised. See last.

प्रशास्त्रिका: nom. pl. of प्रशास्त्रिका f. a small branch or twig.

प्रशाने loc. sin. m. of प्रशान m.f.n. tranquillised, made quiet; past p. p. of rt शम् 546.

प्रशासनम् acc. sin. m. of प्रशासन् m. f. n. governing, ruling; pres. p. par. of rt शास् with प्र, see 141. a.

प्रशासिता nom. sin. of प्रशासितृ m. a ruler, 4th cl. 127.

प्रथ्यो nom. sin. m. to be asked, to be consulted; fut. pass. p. of rt प्रस् 569, 631.

प्रसङ्गो nom. sin. m. attachment for, fondness for; (governing the loc. sin.)

प्रसन्नसिललां BAH. OR REL. COMP. 766; प्रसन्न cr. clear, सिललां acc. sin. f. from सिलल n. water.

प्रसन्नो for प्रसन्नस् nom. sin. of प्रसन्न m. f. n. graciously disposed, propitious, pleased; past p. p. of rt सद् with प्र, 540.

प्रसादं acc. sin. of प्रसाद m. favour, kindness.

प्रसीदतु let him be favourable; 3d sin. imp. of rt सह with प्र, 1st cl. 599. a.

प्रस्थापयामास he or she despatched, he or she sent; 3d sin. 2d pret. of rt स्था in caus. with प्र.

प्रस्थाप्प having despatched; past ind. p. of rt स्था in caus. with प्र, 566.

प्रस्थितं acc. sin. m. of प्रस्थित m. f. n. proceeding onward; past p. p. of rt स्था with प्र, 587, 896. a.

प्रस्थिता for प्रस्थितास् nom. pl. m. of प्रस्थित m. f. n. set out, setting out.

प्रस्थिता: nom. pl. m. of प्रस्थित m. f. n. setting out, departing; प्रस्थिता: स्म we are about to set out; see स्म for समस्.

प्रस्थितो nom. sin. m. of प्रस्थित m. f. n. set out, departed.

प्रहसन् nom. sin. m. of प्रहसन् m.f. n. laughing, smiling; pres. p. of rt हस with प्र, 524.

प्रहसन्ति they mock, they laugh at; 3d pl. pres. of rt हस with प्र, 1st cl. 261.

महसन् for प्रहसन् (q.v.) nom. sin. m. of प्रहसन् m.f. n. smiling, see 52.

महस्य having smiled or laughed; past ind. p. of rt हस् with म, 559.

प्रहस्येन्द्रो for प्रहस्य इन्द्रो by 32.

प्रहास्पति he or it shall cease, he or it shall depart; 3d sin. 2d fut. of rt हा with प्र, 665.

महरः nom. sin. m. of प्रहर m. f. n. joyful, rejoiced.

प्रहण्मनसः BAH. OR REL. COMP. 766; प्रहण् cr. rejoiced, मनसः nom. pl. m. from मनस् n. the mind, 7th cl. 163.

पहणाना BAH. OR REL. COMP. 767; प्रहण् cr. rejoiced, आत्मा nom. sin. m. mind, 146.

महष्टेन ins. sin. of महष्ट m. f. n. delighted, pleased, rejoiced; past p. p. of rt हुप् with म, 539.

प्रहृष्टेनानारात्मना for प्रहृष्टेन जनरात्मना by 31.

দার্কায়র for দার্কায়ন he or she called out to, she shrieked out; 3d sin. 1st pret. of rt কুয় with দ, 1st cl. 261.

মার: nom. sin. m. of মার m. f. n. wise, intelligent.

प्राज्ञायत he was known; 3d sin. 1st pret. of rt जा in pass. with प्र.

দাস্ত্রলথ: nom. pl. of দাস্ত্রলৈ m. f. n. joining the hands respectfully.

पाञ्चलिर् for पाञ्चलिस् nom. sin. m. or f. of पाञ्चलि m. f. n. joining the hands reverentially, 2d cl. 110.

प्राणयातां acc. sin. of प्राणयाता f. support of life, subsistence; (comp. of प्राण breath, and याता support.)

प्राणयोश् gen. or loc. du. of प्राण m. life, (in this sense often used in the plural.)

प्राणा for प्राणास् nom. pl. of प्राण m. breath, ist cl. 103.

प्राणांश् for प्राणान् acc. pl. of प्राण m. breath, life.

प्राणान् acc. pl. of प्राण m. breath. (The plural प्राणान् may be used to denote life.)

प्राचिन ins. sin. of प्राच m. life, breath.

प्रागेश्वरम् Tat. or Dep. comp. 743; प्राण cr. life, ईश्वरम् acc. sin. m. lord.

प्रातिष्ठत् he proceeded, he travelled on; 3d sin. impf. of rt स्था with प्र, 587.

प्रातिष्ठद् for प्रातिष्ठत्. See last.

प्रादात he or she gave; 3d sin. aor. of rt दा with प्र, see 438.

प्रादाद for प्रादात he gave; 3d sin. aor.

भाइवह for भाइवन he or she ran towards, he or she fled or ran away; 3d sin. impf. of rt हु with भ, 1st cl. 592.

प्राद्रवन् for प्राद्रवन् (47) he ran on, he ran away. See last.

মাব he or she obtained; 3d sin. perf. of rt স্থাব্ with ম, 364. a.

দাস m. f. n. reached, obtained, gained; past p. p. of rt আঘ with ম, 681.

प्राप्त acc. sin. m. of प्राप्त m. f. n. arrived.

पाসকালম্ acc. sin. m. the time arrived, the time come; or, as a BAH. COMP., who or what has reached his or its time; (comp. of पाম cr. arrived, and কালম্ acc. sin. of কাল m. time, 1st cl. 103.)

पाप्तकालम् ind. opportunely, choosing the right time. See last.

प्राप्तयोवनाम् Bah. or Rel. comp. 766; प्राप्त cr. reached, attained, यौवनां acc. sin. f. from यौवन n. youth, bloom, 1st cl. 108.

प्राप्तवती nom. sin. f. of प्राप्तवत m. f. n. obtained, incurred; past act. p. of rt आप with प्र, 553. प्राप्तवती असि thou hast incurred, see 897.

प्राप्तवत्यसि for प्राप्तवती स्वसि by 34.

प्राप्तवत्यहम् for प्राप्तवती सहम् by 34.

प्राप्तयं nom. sin. n. of प्राप्तय m. f. n. to be possessed, to be obtained; fut. pass. p. of rt স্থাম্ with प्र, 569.

দামা nom. sin. f. of দাম m. f. n. reached, arrived at.

प्राप्ता for प्राप्तास nom. pl. m. of प्राप्त m. f. n. arrived.

प्राप्तृम् to obtain; inf. of rt आप with प्र, 459, 681.

प्राप्ते loc. sin. of प्राप्त m. f. n. obtained, arrived; past p. p. of rt आप with प्र, 539.

দামী nom. sin. m. of দাম m. f. n. reached, arrived, obtained.

দামানি he or she obtains or possesses; 3d sin. pres. of rt স্থায় with ম, 681.

মাঅ having obtained, having reached; past ind. p. of rt স্থায় with ম, 559.

प्राप्यति he or she will obtain or incur; 3d sin. 2d fut. of rt आप with प्र, 681.

प्राप्स्यत्मनुव्रता for प्राप्स्यति खनुव्रता by 34.

प्राप्स्यास thou wilt obtain; 2d sin. 2d fut.

प्रायाद he went, he proceeded; 3d sin. impf. of rt या with प्र, 2d cl. 644.

प्रार्थियनो nom. pl. m. of प्रार्थियत् m. f. n. asking for, seeking, soliciting, wooing; pres. p. par. of rt अर्थ with प्र, 10th cl. 642, 141.

प्रार्थियेद he may demand; 3d sin. pot. of rt अर्थ with प, 10th cl. 283.

प्रार्थितं nom. sin. n. of प्रार्थित m. f. n. de-

sired, sought, required; past p. p. of rt अर्थ with प्र, 538.

प्राचतत he or it proceeded, he or it went on; 3d sin. impf. of rt वृत with प्र.

प्राविश्वत् he entered; 3d sin. impf. of rt विश् with प्र, 6th cl. 278.

मानिश्रह for मानिश्रत he entered. See last. मानृणोह he put on, he covered (himself); 3d sin. impf. of rt वृ with म, 5th cl. 675.

দাহ্য having tasted; past ind. p. of rt অগ্ to eat, with ম, 559.

प्रासादगता nom. sin. f. gone to (the roof of) the palace; (comp. of प्रासाद cr. palace, and गत gone, 545; see also 739. a.)

प्रासादगतापश्यद् for प्रासादगता अपश्यद् by 31.

प्रासादतलम् Tat. or Dep. comp. 743; प्रा-साद cr. palace, तलम् acc. sin. of तल n. surface. In this compound तल denotes the flat-terraced roof.

प्रासादस्या nom. sin. f. standing on the palace; (comp. of प्रासाद a palace, and स्थ staying, 580. b.)

प्रासादस्याञ् nom. pl. m. or f. standing on the palace; (comp. of प्रासाद cr. palace, and स्य staying, 580.b.)

प्रास्थापगद् he or she sent or despatched, he dismissed; 3d sin. impf. of rt स्था in caus. with प्र, 483.

प्राप्तवह he or it flowed; 3d sin. impf. of rt सू with पा, 1st cl. 261.

प्रिय voc. sin. m. of प्रिय m. f. n. dear, kind. प्रियं a kindness, a favour; acc. sin. n. of प्रिय m. f. n. kind, favourable, dear.

प्रियं acc. sin. m. or n. of प्रिय m. f. n. dear, agreeable.

प्रियकारियो nom. sin. f. of प्रियकारित् m. f. n. doing what is pleasing, acting kindly; (from प्रिय dear, and कारित्, 159.)

प्रियद्शेन BAH. OR REL. COMP. 766; प्रिय

cr. pleasant, दर्भन voc. sin. m. from दर्भन n. aspect, 108.

प्रियविनाकृतम् TAT. OR DEP. COMP. 740; प्रिय cr. dear, beloved, विनाकृतम् nom. sin. n. abandoned, deserted.

प्रिया nom. sin. f. dear one, beloved one.

प्रियां acc. sin. f. of प्रिय m. f. n. dear, beloved. प्रियालताल खर्जुरहरीतकी विभीतकै: DVAN.

OR AGG. COMP. 748; प्रियाल cr. the Priyala, a tree commonly called Piyal (Buchanania latifolia), ताल cr. the palmyra or palm-tree, खन्द cr. the date-tree, हरीतको cr. yellow myrobalan (Terminalia chebula), विभोतके: ins. pl. of विभोतक m. beleric myrobalan (Terminalia belerica).

प्रियास्तीत्मव्रवीः for प्रिया छस्ति इति छव्रवीः by 31 and 34.

प्रियेर ins. pl. m. of प्रिय m. f. n. dear, cherished. भोत: nom. sin. m. of भीत m. f. n. pleased, satisfied.

प्रीति: nom. sin. of प्रीति f. joy, pleasure, 2d cl. 112.

मोतिम् acc. sin. of मोति f. happiness, joy. मोतिम् for मोतिम् nom.sin.f.pleasure, delight. मीतिम् nom. sin. of मीति f. joy, pleasure.

प्रीतेन ins. sin. m. of प्रीत m. f. n. pleased. प्रोतो nom. sin. m. of प्रीत m. f. n. pleased.

मोती nom. du. m. of मीत m. f. n. pleased, delighted; past p. p. of rt मी 532.

मीता ins. sin. of मोति f. joy, pleasure.

प्रीयमाण: nom. sin. of प्रीयमाण m. f. n. being pleased; pres. p. pass. of rt भी 528.

प्रेश्चमाणायाः gen. sin. of प्रेश्चमाण m. f. n. looking on; pres. p. átm. of rt ईश्च with प्र, 526.

प्रेष्ट्य having observed; past ind. p. of rt ईख with **प्र**, 559.

प्रेषयानास he or she sent; 3d sin. perf. of rt इष in caus. with प्र, 385.

प्रेमियतुम् to send; inf. of rt इष् in caus. with प्र, 481, 459.

प्रेपितं nom. sin. n. of प्रेपित m. f. n. sent; past p. p. of rt इप् with प्र, 538.

प्रेषित: nom. sin. of प्रेपित m. f. n. sent.

प्रेष्पतां acc. sin. of प्रेष्पता f. servitude.

प्रेषा: nom. pl. of प्रेष m. a messenger, servant.

प्रोक्ता nom. sin. f. of प्रोक्त m. f. n. addressed; past p. p. of rt वच with प्र, 543.

मोह्य acc. sin. f. of मोह्य m.f. n. resonant, resounding.

## ч.

फ़िले nom. sin. n. fruit, consequence, result.

फलपुष्पोपशोभिताः COMPLEX COMP. 771; फल cr. fruits, पुष्प cr. flowers, उपशोभिताः nom. pl. m. of उपशोभित m. f. n. adorned.

फलमूलानि Dvan. or Agg. comp. 748; फल cr. fruit, मूलानि acc. pl. of मूल n. a root, 1st cl. 104.

দালমুলায়ানাম্ acc. sin. f. feeding on fruits and roots; (comp. of দাল cr. fruits, মূল cr. roots, and অয়ান eating, an eater.)

फलवन्तं acc. sin. m. of फलवत् m. f. n. bearing fruit, frugiferous, covered with fruit, 140.

फलसहस्रे nom. du. n. two thousand fruits; (comp. of फल fruit, and सहस्र a thousand, 206.)

फलानि nom. pl. of फल n. fruit, 104.

#### ब∙

विशास acc. pl. of विशास m. a merchant, a trader, 8th cl. 176.

विशासी for विशास nom. pl. of विशास m. a merchant.

वधातां acc. sin. of वधाता f. destruction, fitness to be killed, 1st cl. 105.

वध्य nom. sin. m. of वध्य m. f. n. to be killed, worthy of death, to be put to death; fut. pass. p. of rt वध् 571.

बन्धुजनः nom. sin. m. kinsfolk, relations.

वन्धुजनेन ins. sin. of वन्धुजन m. kinsfolk;

(comp. of ৰন্ধু a kinsman, a relative, and নন a person.)

वन्धुवनीञ् nom. pl. of बन्धुवर्गे m. the whole body of (one's) relations; (comp. of बन्धु a kinsman, and वर्गे a class, tribe.)

वसून् acc. pl. of वन्धु m. a relation, kinsman.

ৰশ্ব he or she was or became; 3d sin. 2d pret. of rt মু 585.

ৰল n. an army, a force, 1st cl. 104.

ਥਲੇ acc. sin. of ਥਲ n. power.

बलवृतिनपूरन Complex comp. 770; बल cr. name of a demon, वृत्र cr. name of another demon, निम्द्रन voc. sin. of निम्द्रन m. a slayer, a killer, 1st cl. 103, 582. c. See next.

ৰজবুৱহা a name of Indra, as the destroyer of two demons called Bala and Vritra; (Complex comp. 770; ৰল cr. name of a demon, বুৱ name of another demon, হা nom. sin. of হন m. a slayer, 6th cl. 157.)

चित्र m. f. n. strong, powerful, 6th cl. 159.

ৰকী nom. sin. m. of ৰকিন্ m. f. n. strong, mighty, 6th cl. 159.

बलेन ins. sin. of बल n. an army.

बलैंर् for बलैस ins. pl. of बल, q.v.

बहवः nom. pl. m. of बहु m. f. n. many.

बहवो for बहवस nom. pl. of बहु m. f. n. many. बहु nom. sin. n. of बहु m. f. n. much.

बह ind. much, exceedingly, 713.

बहुका स्याण voc. sin. m. O most noble; (comp. of बहु cr. much, and कस्याण noble.)

बहुतिये loc. sin. m. or n. of बहुतिय m. f. n. many, much.

बहुधा ind. in many ways, much, 723.

बहुपुष्पफलोपेतं COMPLEX COMP. 771; बहु cr. many, पुष्प cr. flowers, फल cr. fruits, उपेतं acc. sin.n. of उपेत m.f. n. possessed of, having.

बद्धवद्धप्रलापिनः Complex comp. 770; बहु cr. much, अबद्ध unmeaning, foolish, प्रलापिनः gen. sin. m. of प्रलापिन् m. f. n. talking, speaking, agt. of on with u, 582. a.

बहुभिर् for बहुभिस् ins. pl. m. of बहु m. f. n. many, 3d cl. 110.

बहुमता nom. sin. f. much loved; (comp. of बहु much, and मत m. f. n. esteemed, loved, 545.)

बहुमतो for बहुमतस् nom. sin. m. much esteemed, much valued.

बहुमूलमलान्यिताः COMPLEX COMP. 771; बहु cr. many, मूल cr. a root, फाल cr. a fruit, अन्यिताः nom. pl. of अन्यित m. f. n. provided with, furnished with.

बहुला for बहुलास् acc. pl. f. of बहुल many, see 821.

बहुला: nom. pl. m. of बहुल m.f.n. many.

बहुविधे: ins. pl. m. of बहुविध m. f. n. of various kinds, of many sorts, 1st cl. 103.

बहुच्यालिन्मेविते Complex comp. 771; वह cr. many, चाल cr. a snake (also a wild beast), निमेविते loc. sin. of निमेवित m.f. n. infested by, inhabited by; past p. p. of rt सेव् with नि, 70, 538.

बहुश for बहुशस् ind. very much.

बहुशः for बहुशस् ind. often, frequently.

बहु भो for बहु भस ind. much, exceedingly, 725. बहुन् acc. pl. m. of बहु m.f. n. many, 3d cl. 110.

बान्धवान् acc. pl. of बान्धव m. a relation, a kinsman.

ৰালক acc. sin. of ৰালক m. a son, a child, ist cl. 103.

बालको nom. du. m. of बालक m. f. n. young. बालभावे loc. sin. of बालभाव m. state of childhood, childhood; (comp. of बाल a child, and भाव state.)

ৰালা nom. sin. of ৰালা f. a girl, a maiden, ist cl. 105.

ৰালা nom. sin. f. of ৰাল m. f. n. young.

वाला for बालास् nom. pl. of बाल m. a youth, a child.

बाल्याद abl.sin.of बाल्य n.childhood, infancy.

बाह्य: nom. pl. of बाहु m. an arm, 3d cl. 110. बाद्धोर gen. du. of बाहु m. an arm, 3d cl. 110. बिभिष्पि thou bearest or wearest, thou possessest; 2d sin. pres. of rt भू 3d cl. 332, 583.

वृद्धिं acc. sin. of वृद्धि f. the mind, intellect, 2d cl. 112; वृद्धिं प्रकृत्य turn thy mind or thy thoughts, make up thy mind.

युद्धि: nom. sin. f. the mind; युद्धि कृ to set the mind on, to direct the mind towards anything.

वृडिपूर्वेशिष nom. pl. n. preceded by intention, intentionally, designedly; (comp. of बुडि mind, intention, and पूर्व preceded by, 777.d.)

वृद्धिस् for वृद्धिस् nom. sin. f. mind, 2d cl. 112. वृद्धिसम्मितै: TAT. OR DEP. COMP. 743; वृद्धि cr. understanding, सम्मितै: ins. pl. m. of सम्मित m. f. n. corresponding to, conformable to, of equal measure with.

ৰুৱা ins. sin. of ৰুৱি f. mind, 2d cl. 112. ৰুৱাঘ for ৰুৱা অথ by 31.

वुद्धा having become awake, having awaked; past ind. p. of rt वुध.

नुध्यसे thou knowest; 2d sin. pres. átm. of rt नुध् 4th cl. 614.

बुध्येत he or she may know; 3d sin. pot. átm. of rt बुध् 4th cl. 614.

बुध्येषास thou mayest know or learn, know thou; 2d sin. pot. átm. of rt बुध् 4th cl. 614.

बुचुधे he or she awoke; 3d sin. perf. átm. of rt बुध् 614.

ब्रवीम I say, I tell; 1st sin. pres. of rt ब्र्2d cl. 649.

ब्रह्मएय: nom. sin. m. of ब्रह्मएय m. f. n. religious, pious.

ब्रह्मस्पो for ब्रह्मस्प nom. sin. m. of ब्रह्मस्प m. f. n. religious, pious, 1st cl. 103.

ब्रह्मियश् abl. pl. of ब्रह्मि m. a Brahmarshi, a divine or Brahmanical saint, 2d cl. 110. According to the Vishņu Puráṇa there are three kinds of Rishis or saints: 1.

Brahmarshis or saints who are sons of Brahmá, and dwell in his sphere, such as Maríći, Atri, Vasishtha, &c.; 2. Devarshis or semi-divine saints, dwelling in the sphere of the gods; 3. Rájarshis or royal saints, such as Viśvámitra and others who were kings and men of the second class, but who gained the rank of Rishi by the practice of austerities. Four other classes of Rishis are enumerated in the Amarakosha, viz. 1. Maharshis, great saints; 2. Paramarshis, most excellent saints; 3. Kándarshis, saints who teach a particular Kánda or section of the Vedas; 4. S'rutarshis or inspired saints.

ब्रह्मिष्ट् for ब्रह्मिष्ट् nom. sin. of ब्रह्मिष्ट m. a divine saint.

ब्रासणस् nom. sin. m. a Bráhman or man of the first class; see note under विज्ञाम्पते.

ब्राह्मणा for ब्राह्मणास् nom. pl. of ब्राह्मण m. a Bráhman.

बाद्यणांज् for बाद्यणान् (53) acc. pl. of बाद्यण m. a Bráhman.

ब्राह्मणा: nom. pl. of ब्राह्मण m. a Bráhman. ब्राह्मणान् acc. pl. of ब्राह्मण m. a Bráhman.

बाह्मणाञ्च for बाह्मणास् nom. pl. of बाह्मण m. a Bráhman.

ब्राह्मणास् nom. pl. of ब्राह्मण m. a Bráhman. ब्राह्मणास ins. sin. of ब्राह्मण m. a Bráhman.

ब्राह्मणेर ins. pl. of ब्राह्मण m. a Bráhman.

ब्राह्मणो nom. sin. of ब्राह्मण m. a Bráhman.

बुवित loc. sin. m. of बुवित m. f. n. speaking; pres. p. of rt बू 524, 649.

मुवतो acc. pl. m. of मुवत् m. f. n. saying; pres. p. of rt मू.

मुवन् nom. sin. m. of मुवन् m. f. n. saying;
pres. p. of rt मू.

बुवन्तं acc. sin. m. of बुवत् m. f. n. saying; speaking; pres. p. par. of rt बू 649, 524.

ब्रुवन्यास् gen. sin. f. of ब्रुवत् m. f. n. speaking, saying. The more usual feminine would be ब्रुवती, see 141. c.

ब्रुवाणम् nom. sin. m. of ब्रुवाण m.f. n. speaking; pres. p. átm. of rt ब्रू 526.

बुवाणान् acc. pl. m. of बुवाण m. f. n. speaking; pres. p. átm. of rt ब्रू 526.

ब्रुयात he may say; 3d sin. pot. of rt ब्रू. See 649.

ब्रूयाश् for ब्र्यास् say thou, thou mayest say; 2d sin. pot. of rt ब्र् 2d cl. 649.

ब्र्यास्त may ye speak, speak ye; 2d pl. benedictive of rt ब्रू 442.

ब्र्हि tell thou, say, speak; 2d sin. imp. of rt ब्रू 2d cl. 649.

# ਮ.

भक्ता nom. sin. f. of भक्त m. f. n. devoted to, attached to, faithful.

भक्ताहम् for भक्ता छहम् by 31.

সন্ধি acc. sin. of শন্ধি f. devotion, 2d cl. 112. সন্ধ্যানি he devours; 3d sin. pres. of rt সন্ধ্ 10th cl. 643. b. In Book XII. 20 the present may have a future sense, he will devour; see 873.

भक्षयत्येष for भक्षयति एप by 34.

भस्यो for भस्पस् nom. sin. of भस्य m. f. n. to be eaten, eatable.

भगवंस् for भगवन् voc. sin. of भगवत् m. f. n. venerable, holy, 53.

भगवताम् gen. pl. of भगवत् m.f.n. reverend, venerable.

भगवन् for भगवन् voc. sin. of भगवन् m. f. n. venerable, holy, 52.

भगिनीम् acc. sin. of भगिनी f. a sister.

भगिन्या for भगिन्यास् gen. sin. of भगिनी f. a sister.

भजमानाम् acc. sin. f. of भजमान m. f. n. courting, waiting on; pres. p. átm. of rt भज 526.

भज्ञसि thou honourest; 2d sin. pres. of rt শুরু 1st cl. 261.

ਮਫ਼ ind. good, well, health. Exclam. ਮਫ਼ ਜੋ May it be well with thee! Health to thee! Hail! Good luck! भद्रे O good lady! voc. sin. f. of भद्र m. f. n. good, 1st cl. 105.

भयं nom. sin. n. fear, danger, cause of fear.

भयंकतीरं TAT. OR DEP. COMP. 743; भय cr. fear, कतीरं acc. sin. of कतृ m. a causer, 4th cl. 127.

भयङ्गरी nom. sin. f. of भयङ्गर m. f. n. causing fear, formidable, frightful; (comp. of भय fear, and कर causing, 739. c.)

भयविद्धला TAT. OR DEP. COMP. 740; भय cr. fear, विद्धला nom. sin. f. agitated.

भयशोकसमाविष्टा Complex comp.771; भय cr. fear, शोक cr. sorrow, समाविष्टा nom. sin. f. of समाविष्ट m. f. n. affected by, filled with.

भयसन्त्रस्तनानसा Complex comp. 771; भय cr. fear, सन्त्रस्त cr. terrified, scared, मानसा nom. sin. f. from मानस n. the mind, 108.

भयात् abl. sin. of भय n. fear.

भयाद abl. sin. of भय n. fear.

भयावाधं acc. sin. m. undisturbed by fear, unexposed to danger; (comp. of भय cr. fear, and जवाध undisturbed, 726, 740.)

भयांते acc. sin. m. of भयाते m.f. n. frightened, terrified; (comp. of भय fear, and आते afflicted, 542.)

भरतश्रेष्ठ voc. sin. m. O best of the descendants of Bharata; see note under भारत.

HIE support thou, maintain thou, take thou into (thy) service; 2d sin. imp. átm. of rt 된 1st cl. 261.

भतेंचा nom. sin. f. of भतेंच m. f. n. to be supported; fut. pass. p. of rt អূ 569.

ਮੰਜੀ nom. sin. of ਮੰਜੂ m. a husband, 4th cl. 127. ਮੰਜੀ ਰੱ acc. sin. of ਮੰਜੂ m. a husband, 4th cl. 127.

ਮਰ੍ਹੋ: gen. or abl. sin. of ਮਰ੍ਹੇ m. a husband.

ਮਜ਼੍ਰੋੜ gen. or abl. sin. of ਮਜ਼੍ਰੇ m. a husband.

भृतृद्शीनकांद्यया TAT. OR DEP. COMP. 745; भृतृ cr. husband, दर्शन cr. seeing, कांद्यया ins. sin. of कांद्या f. desire.

भृतृदश्चिलालसाम् BAH. OR REL. COMP. 761;

ਮਨੂੰ cr. husband, दर्शन cr. seeing, sight, ਲਾਲਸ਼ਾਂ acc. sin. f. of ਲਾਲਸ਼ਾ f. longing, eager desire.

মনূমিয়া ins. pl. of মনূ m. a husband.

भर्तृराज्यापहरणं TAT. OR DEP. COMP. 745; भर्तृ cr. a husband, राज्य cr. kingdom, अप-हरणं nom. sin. n. seizure, taking away.

भर्तृ व्यसनपीडिता TAT. OR DEP. COMP. 745; भर्तृ cr. a husband, व्यसन cr. calamity, पी-डिता nom. sin. f. pained, afflicted, grieved.

भृतृशोकपरा Tat. or Dep. comp. 745; भृतृ cr. husband, शोक cr. grief, परा nom. sin. f. of पर absorbed, wholly engrossed.

भृतिशोकपरीताङ्गी Complex comp. 771; भृति cr. a husband, शोक cr. grief, परीत cr. affected by, अङ्गी nom. sin. f. from अङ्ग n. a limb, 1st cl. 108.

भृतृ शोकाभिपीडिता TAT. OR DEP. COMP. 745; শৃतृ cr. a husband, शोक cr. sorrow, অধি-पीडिता nom. sin. f. of অभिपीडित m. f. n. afflicted; past p. p. of rt पीड् with অমি, 538.

भतृहीनाम् acc. sin. f. deserted by her husband, TAT. OR DEP. COMP. 740; भर्नृ cr. a husband, हीनाम् acc. sin. f. of हीन m. f. n. abandoned, quitted.

ਮਕੀ ins. sin. of ਮਨ੍ਹੇ m. a husband.

HI be thou, become thou; 2d sin. imp. of rt 및 585.

भवत: of you, of your highness; gen. sin. of भवत 233.

भवताम् gen. pl. of भवत् you, your honour, 233.

भवती nom. sin. f. your ladyship, her ladyship.

भवतु let (her) be; 3d sin. imp. of rt भू 585.

भवत्यु loc. pl. of भवत् pron. you, your honour, 233.

भविद्वर् for भविद्वस् by you, by your honours; ins. pl. of भवत् 233.

भवनं acc. sin. of भवन n. a mansion, a palace, a residence, 1st cl. 104.

भवना: for भवनास् your honours; nom. pl. of भवत् m., 233.

भवनास् your honours; nom. pl. of भवत् m., 233.

भवान् nom. sin. of भवत् m. your honour, your highness; honorific pronoun, 233.

भवाशोक for भव अशोक by 31.

भवितव्यं it is to be; nom. sin. n. of भवितव्य fut. pass. p. of rt भू 569, see 902. a.

भविता he, she or it will be or become; 3d sin. 1st fut. of rt মু 585.

भवितासि thou wilt be; 2d sin. 1st fut. of rt भू 585.

भवितास्येक for भवितासि एकस् by 34 and 66.

भवितेति for भविता इति by 32.

भविष्यित he will be, there will be; 3d sin. 2d fut. of rt भू 585.

भविष्यसि thou wilt be; 2d sin. 2d fut. of rt भू. भविष्यामः we shall be; 1st pl. 2d fut. of rt भू.

भविष्यामि I shall exist, I shall or will be; 1st sin. 2d fut. of rt भू 585. In Book XXIV. 14 Damayantí uses the word भविष्यामि with reference to what Nala had said at Book V. 32.

भविष्याम्यद्याहम् for भविष्यामि खद्य खहम् by 34 and 31.

भवेज् for भवेत् he or she may be, may there be, 48.

भवेत he or she may be, may there be; 3d sin. pot. of rt भू 585.

भवेतु for भवेत् तु, q. q. v. v.

भवेषा for भवेषास् thou mayest become, thou shouldest become; 2d sin. pot. átm. of rt भू 1st cl. 586.

भवेद for भवेत he or she may be, may there be.

भवेन् for भवेत् he may be, may there be, 47.

भवेयुर् for भवेयुस् they may be; 3d pl. pot. of rt भू 585.

भागधेयं nom. sin. of भागधेय n. destiny, fortune, 1st cl. 104.

भाङ्गासुरि acc. sin. of भाङ्गासुरि m. the son of Bhangásura.

भाङ्गासुरिनृपाञ्चया TAT. OR DEP. COMP. 745; भाङ्गासुरि cr. the son of Bhangásura, नृप cr. a king, आज्ञया ins. sin. of आज्ञा f. order, command.

भाङ्गामुरिद् for भाङ्गामुरिस् nom. sin. of भाङ्गा-मुरि m. the son of Bhangásura, see 81. VI.

भाति he, she or it shines; 3d sin. pres. of rt भा 2d cl. 307.

HIGH voc. sin. of HIGH m. a descendant of king Bharata, a name applied to Yudhishthira, to whom the story of Nala is related by the sage Vrihadasva. Bharata was the son of Dushyanta and Sakuntala. His empire extended over a great part of India, whence India is called Bharatavarsha.

भारतीं acc. sin. f. of भारती f. speech.

भार्येया ins. sin. of भार्यो f. a wife, 1st cl. 105.

भाषा f. a wife, 1st cl. 105.

भाषाम् acc. sin. of भाषा f. a wife, 1st cl. 105.

भायासमं Anom. comp. 777; भाषा cr. a wife, समं nom. sin. n. of सम m. f. n. equal to.

भार्येयं for भाषा इयं by 32.

भावं acc. sin. of भाव m. state, property, ist cl. 103.

भाव: nom. sin. of भाव m. mind, soul.

भाविनि O lady! O noble lady! voc. sin. of भाविनी f., 1st cl. 106.

भाविनी nom. sin. f. a lady, a noble lady.

भाविनो nom. sin. f. of भाविन m. f. n. illustrious.

भावो for भावस् nom. sin. of भाव m. existence.

भाषसे thou speakest; 2d sin. pres. átm.

भाष्यमाणो nom. sin. m. of भाष्यमाण m.f.n. being addressed; pres. p. of rt भाष् to speak, in pass. 528.

भासि thou shinest; 2d sin. pres. of rt भा 2d cl. 307.

भिषजाम् gen. pl. of भिषज् m. a physician, 8th cl. 176.

भीत: nom. sin. of भीत m. f. n. terrified, alarmed.

भीता nom. sin. f. of भीत m. f. n. terrified; past p. p. of rt भी 532.

भीतां acc. sin. f. of भीत m. f. n. terrified, alarmed.

भीता: nom. pl. m. of भीत m. f. n. terrified, alarmed.

भोतो for भीतस् nom. sin. m. of भीत m. f. n. terrified, alarmed.

भीम m. BHÍMA, a proper name; m. f. n. terrible, terrific.

भीम: for भीमस् nom. sin. of भीम m. Bhíma.

भीमनन्दिनीम् TAT. OR DEP. COMP. 743; भीम cr. Bhíma, नन्दिनीम् acc. sin. of नन्दिनी f. a daughter.

भीमपराक्रम: nom. sin. m. See next.

भीमपराक्रमम् BAH. or REL. comp. 761; भीम cr. terrible, formidable, पराक्रमम् acc. sin. m. valour, might.

भीमपराक्रमान् acc. pl. See last.

भोमपुत्तिकाम् Тат. ок Dep. сомр. 743; भीम cr. Bhíma, पुतिकाम् acc. sin. of पुतिका f. a daughter, a favourite daughter.

भीमरूपांश् for भीमरूपान् (53) BAH. OR REL. comp. 766; भीम cr. terrific, terrible, रूपान् acc. pl. m. from रूप n. form, 1st cl. 108.

भीमवचनाइ Tat. or Dep. comp. 743; भीम cr. Bhíma, वचनाइ for वचनात् abl. sin. of वचन n. order, command.

भीमशासनात् TAT. OR DEP. COMP. 743; भीम cr. Bhima, शासनात् abl. sin. of शासन n. order, summons, invitation, 1st cl. 104.

भीमसुता nom. sin. f. the daughter of Bhíma, i. e. Damayantí.

भीमस्य gen. sin. of भीम m. Bhíma, q. v. भीमान् acc. pl. m. of भीम m. f. n. terrible. भीमाय dat. sin. of भीम m. Bhíma, q. v. भीमे loc. sin. of भीम m. Bhíma, q. v. भोमो for भोमस् nom. sin. of भोम m. Bhíma, q. v.

भोह O timid one; voc. sin. of भोह f. (125) from भोह m. f. n. timid.

भोषं acc. sin. m. Bhíshma, great-uncle to Duryodhana, and leader of the Kuruarmy.

भुंत्र enjoy thou; 2d sin. imp. átm. of rt भुज् 7th cl. 346, 668. a.

भुजनं acc. sin. of भुजन m. a snake, a serpent. भुजन्नं acc. sin. of भुजन्न m. a serpent.

भुजिष्पां acc. sin. of भुजिष्पा f. a slave-girl, a maid-servant, a hand-maid.

भुज्ञीय I should eat, I should enjoy; 1st sin. pot. átm. of rt भुज् 7th cl.

भुज्ञीयां I may eat; 1st sin. pot. of rt भुज् 7th cl. 668. a.

भुवनं acc. sin. of भुवन n. the world.

মুবি loc. sin. of মু f. the earth, the ground, 125. a.

भूतग्रामा: Тат. оп Dep. сомр. 743; भूत n. a living being, a spirit, ग्रामा: nom. pl. of ग्राम m. a multitude, a collection.

भूतले loc. sin. of भूतल n. the ground, the earth, 1st cl. 104; (lit. the surface of the earth, from भू cr. the earth, and तल n. surface, 743.)

भूतसाद्यो Tat. or Dep. comp. 743; भूत cr. a being, a spirit, साद्यो nom. sin. of साधिन् m. a witness, 159. With reference to Book XXIV. 32, compare the law of ordeal mentioned Asiatic Researches, vol. i. p. 402: 'On the trial by fire, let both hands of the accused be rubbed with rice in the husk, and well examined; then let seven leaves of the Asvattha (the religious fig-tree) be placed on them, and bound with seven threads, saying these words; Thou, O fire, pervadest all beings; O cause of purity, who givest evidence of virtue and of sin, declare the truth in this my hand.'

भूतस्य gen. sin. of भूत m. n. a living being, a spirit, 1st cl. 103.

भूतानि nom. or acc. pl. of भूत n. a being, a human being, a creature, a spirit.

भूता having been, having become; past ind. p. of rt ५ 585.

भूमाव for भूमी loc. sin. of भूमि f. the earth. भूमि acc. sin. of भूमि f. land, region.

भूमिप voc. sin. O king.

भूमिपते O king! lit. O lord of the earth! (भूमि cr. the earth, पते voc. of पति lord, 121, 743.)

भूमिष्ठो for भूमिष्ठस् nom. sin. m. of भूमिष्ठ m. f. n. standing on the ground; (comp. of भूमि cr. the ground, and ष्ठ (for स्थ by 70) m. f. n. standing, 580, 744.)

भूमों loc. sin. of भूमि f. the ground, 2d cl. 112. भूय for भूयस ind. again, again and again. भूय: for भूयस ind. again.

भूयम् ind. again, still more, more and more. भूयो for भूयम् ind. again, still more, further on.

भूरिद्श्यिणै: BAH. OR REL. COMP. 766; भूरि cr. many, abundant, दक्षिणै: ins. pl. m. from दक्षिणा f. a gift, 1st cl. 108.

भूषणं nom. sin. n. an ornament.

भूषणानि acc. pl. of भूषण n. an ornament, 1st cl. 104.

भूपग्रेर for भूषग्रेस ins. pl. of भूषण n. an ornament, ist cl. 104.

সূনিम্ acc. sin. of সৃনি f. hire, wages, 2d cl. 112. সৃষ্টা ind. exceedingly, very much, 713.

সূম্বাহ্যদ্ acc. sin. n. very terrible; (comp. of সূমা cr. exceedingly, and বাহ্য m.f. n. terrible.)

সূত্যু: বিলা nom. sin. f. very much afflicted; (comp. of সূত্য exceedingly, and दু: বিলা pained.)

সূত্যাণীতিন: nom. sin. m. very much afflicted; (comp. of সূত্য excessively, and पोতিন pained.)

भेषजं nom. sin. of भेषज n. a medicine, a remedy.

भेद्यम् acc. sin. n. mendicity, beggary, begging.

भैमिvoc.sin.f.ofभैमीf. Damayantí,1st cl.106.

भेमी nom. sin. f. daughter of Bhíma, i. e. Damayantí.

भैमीं acc. sin. of भैमी f. Damayantí.

भैम्या ins. sin. of भैमी f. Damayantí.

भेर for भेपीर 2d sin. aor. of rt भी 3d cl. 666; मा भेर fear not, see 889.

भो भो interj. Ho! Hark! Listen!

भोक्तुं to eat, to suffer, to possess; inf. of rt

भोस्पते thou shalt enjoy, thou shalt possess; 2d sin. 2d fut. átm. of rt भुज्.

भोगवतीम् acc. sin. of भोगवती f. the capital of the Nágas or serpents in the subterranean world, 1st cl. 106.

भोगाः nom. pl. m. enjoyments. See next.

भोगान् acc. pl. of भोग m. enjoyment, that which is enjoyed, a feast, a banquet.

भोगैर ins. pl. of भोग m. enjoyment.

भोजनीयम् nom. sin. n. food.

भोजने loc. sin. of भोजन n. food; (in Book XXII. 12 the dressing of food.)

भंशियणामि I will cause to fall; 1st sin. 2d fut. of rt भंश in caus. 481.

শ্বদান he wanders, he or it whirls or turns round; 3d sin. pres. of rt শ্বদ্ ist cl. 261.

भ्रमन्ति they wander about; 3d pl. pres. of rt भ्रम 1st cl. 261.

ਸੋਏ acc. sin. n. of ਬੋਏ m. f. n. fallen; past p. p. of rt ਖੇਗ੍ਰ 544.

ਖ਼ੲ: nom. sin. m. of ਖ਼ੲ m. f. n. fallen.

भ्रष्टराज्यं BAH. or Rel. comp. 767; भ्रष्ट cr. fallen from, deprived of, राज्यं acc. sin. m. from राज्य n. a kingdom.

ਮੋਈ nom. sin. f. of ਖੋਏ m. f. n. fallen, separated from; past p. p. of rt ਖੇਂਗ੍ਰ 544.

भ्राजमान for भ्राजमानस् nom. sin. of भ्राज-मान m. f. n. shining; pres. p. átm. of rt भ्राज् 526. भाजमानं acc. sin. of भाजमान m.f.n. shining ; pres. p. átm. from rt भाज 1st cl. 526.

भ्राजमानो for भ्राजमानम् nom. sin. m. of भ्राजमान m. f. n. shining, brilliant; pres. p. átm. of rt भ्राज 526.

भातां acc. sin. of भात m. a brother.

भातरश nom. pl. of भात m. a brother.

भाता nom. sin. of भातृ m.a brother, 4th cl. 127.

भातुर for भातुस of a brother. See next.

भ्रातुस् gen.sin. of भ्रातृ m. a brother, 4th cl. 128. भ्रात्न acc. pl. of भ्रातृ m. a brother.

भावा ins. sin. of भात m. a brother.

भुवोर् gen. du. of भू f. an eye-brow, 125. a.

## म.

मंस्यिति he or she will think of; 3d sin. 2d fut. par. of rt भन् 4th cl. 617. This verb is properly conjugated in the átmane-pada.

मंस्पने they will imagine; 3d pl. 2d fut. átm. of rt मन् to think, to suppose.

मधवन् voc. sin. of मधवन्. See next.

मघवा nom.sin.of मघवन् a name of Indra, 155.

मयवान् nom. sin. of मयवन् a name of Indra.
Note, that the nom. of this noun is either
मयवा or मयवान्. In the latter case it is
declined like a noun in वत्.

मङ्गलेन ins. sin. of मङ्गल n. good fortune.

मङ्गलेनाशु for मङ्गलेन षाशु by 31.

मळ्रीरे loc. sin. n. in my body; (from मत् 218, and जारीर body, 49, 743.)

मज्जेद let him sink, he may be plunged, 6th cl. 633.

দাঁআদর: nom. sin. m. Mani-bhadra, the king of the Yakshas, the tutelary deity of travellers and merchants, probably another name for Kuvera the god of wealth.

मणिभद्रो nom. sin. m. Mani-bhadra.

मगडनाहीम् acc. sin. f. worthy of ornaments; (comp. of मगडन an ornament, and अहं worthy.)

मतं nom. sin. n. of मत m. f. n. approved; past p. p. of rt मन् 545. मितं acc. sin. of मिति f. an intention, design, 112.

मति: nom. sin. f. purpose, determination.

मितिमेदो nom. sin. m. difference of opinion; (comp. of मिति cr. opinion, and भेद difference, 743.)

मितर for मितस nom. sin. m. opinion.

मल्कृतात् abl. sin. m. made (uttered) by me; (comp. of मत् 218, and कृत made.)

मत्कृते on my account; (from मत् 218, and कृते for the sake of, 731.)

मत्तवारणविक्रम: BAH. OR REL. COMP. 761; मत्त cr. mad, वारण cr. an elephant, विक्रम: nom. sin. m. strength, might.

मत्तो for मत्तस् ind. from me; (मत् 218, with affix तस् 719.)

महामादान् for महामादान् abl. sin. through the favour of me, through my favour.

मतम्तम् TAT.OR DEP. COMP. 742; मत् from me, 218, प्रसूतम् nom. sin. n. of प्रसूत m.f. n. produced.

मत्वा having considered, having imagined; past ind. p. of rt मन्.

मत्सकांशे in my presence; (comp. of मत् 218, and सकांशे, see 716.)

मतसमः nom. sin. m. equal to me; (comp. of मत् 218, and सम equal.)

मत्समञ्जं in the presence of me, in my sight; (comp. of मत् and समञ्जं see 731.)

मत्समो nom. sin. m. like to me, equal to me; (comp. of मत् 218, and सम m. f. n. equal.)

मद्रमस्वणाविलाम् Tat. or Dep. comp. 745;
मद् cr. the juice that flows from an elephant's temples (when in rut), प्रस्वण cr.
oozing, trickling, স্থাবিলাম্ acc. sin. f. of
আবিল m. f. n. turbid. On each side of
the elephant's temples there is an aperture about the size of a pin's head,
whence in the season of rut a juice
exudes, which is called mada or dána.
Whilst it flows the elephant is called
matta, and at other times nirmada. The

fragrance of this fluid is frequently alluded to in Hindú poetry. See Wilson's Megha-dúta, l. 132. 'Its scent is compared to the odour of the sweetest flowers, and is supposed to deceive and attract the bees.'

मदीयेन ins. sin. of मदीय m.f. n. my, mine, 231. मदोलाटा: nom. pl. m. furious with passion or heat; (comp. of मद cr. passion, and उत्तर furious.)

महृहे loc. sin. in my house; (comp. of मत् 218, and गृह q.v.)

महक्ता devoted to me; (from मह 218, and भक्ता nom. sin. f. of भक्त m. f. n. devoted.) महक्तेयम् for महका इयं by 32.

मद्गाग्यसङ्ख्यात् Tat. or Dep. comp. 745; मद्ग for मत् cr. my, 218, भाग्य cr. fortune, संख्यात् abl. sin. of संख्य m. destruction, ruin, decay, decline, consumption.

महचः acc. sin. n. my words; (comp. of मत् 218, and वचस् n. speech, 7th cl. 164.)

महिहीना nom. sin. f. separated from me; (from मह 218, and चिहीना nom. sin. f. of चिहीन m. f. n.)

मधुरभाषिणों acc. sin. f. sweetly speaking; (from मधुर cr. sweet, and भाषिणों acc. sin. f. of भाषिन speaking, 582. a.)

मधुरां acc. sin. f. of मधुर m. f. n. sweet, 1st cl. 187.

मधुसूदनः nom. sin. m. slayer of (the demon) Madhu, a name of Vishņu.

मध्यं acc. sin. of मध्य n. the middle, the midst. मध्यमकक्षायां KARM. OR DES. COMP. 755; मध्यम cr. middle, कक्षायां loc. sin. of कक्षा f. an enclosure, court-yard.

मध्ये ind. in the midst, in the middle, 716.

मन: for मनस् nom. or acc. sin. n. the mind, heart, 164.

मनस् n. the mind, the heart, 7th cl. 164. मनसस् gen. sin. of मनस् n. the mind, 164. मनसा ins. sin. of मनस् n. mind, thought; (मनसाऽपि even in thought.)

मनसापि for मनसा अपि by 31.

मनांसि acc. pl. of मनस् n. the mind, 7th cl. 164.

नतुः nom. sin. of मनु m. name of a great legislator, the holy, mythological ancestor of the Hindús, 3d cl. 110. In the Indian version of the Deluge, Manu is the survivor of the human race, and the second ancestor of mankind. The first Manu is named Svayambhuva or Sváyambhuva, sprung from Brahmá the self-existing. From him came six descendants or other Manus, each giving birth to a race of his own. The Hindús firmly believe their great code of laws to have been promulgated in the beginning of time by Manu, whom they consider not only the oldest, but the noblest of legislators.

मनुजन्यात्र voc. sin. O most illustrious of men! see 758.

मनुजा for मनुजास् nom. pl. of मनुज m. a man. मनुजा: nom. pl. of मनुज m. a man.

मनुजात्मजे Tat. or Dep. comp. 743; मनुज cr. a man, आत्मजे voc. sin. of आत्मजा f. a daughter, 1st cl. 105.

मनुजाधिप voc. sin. m. O king of men; (comp. of मनुज cr. a man, and अधिप q. v.)

मनुजाधिपते: TAT. OR DEP. COMP. 743; मनुज cr. a man, ऋधिपते: gen. sin. of ऋधिपति m. a sovereign, 2d cl. 110.

मनुजेन्द्राणां TAT. OR DEP. COMP. 743; मनुज er. a man, इन्द्राणां gen. pl. of इन्द्र m. chief, 1st cl. 103.

मनुष्यं acc. sin. of मनुष्य m. a man, 1st cl. 103. मनुष्याणां gen. pl. of मनुष्य m. a man.

मनुष्येन्द्र voc. sin. m. O chief of men; (comp. of मनुष्य a man, and इन्द्र chief.)

मनो for मनस् nom. or acc. sin. of मनस् n. the mind, 7th cl. 164.

मनोजवान् swift as thought; (comp. of मनस् for मनो cr. mind, thought, जवान् acc. pl. of जव m. speed, 761.)

मनोभिस् ins. pl. of मनस् n. the mind, the heart, 7th cl. 164.

मनोविशुडिम् TAT. OR DEP. COMP. 743; मनस् for मनो cr. mind, विशुडिम् acc. sin. of विशुडि f. purity, 2d cl. 112.

मनोहरे: ins. pl. n. of मनोहर m. f. n. charming, pleasant; (lit. mind-captivating, from मनस् 164, and हर noun of agency of rt ह 580.)

मनोहारि acc. sin. n. enchanting the soul; (comp. of मनो for मनस् cr. the mind, and हारि acc. sin. n. from हारिन् m. f. n. a seizer, captivating, agt. of rt ह 582. a.)

मन्त्रिण: nom. pl. of मन्त्रिन् m. a minister, 6th cl. 159.

मन्तिभि: ins. pl. of मन्तिन् m. a minister, a counsellor of state, 6th cl. 159.

मन्द for मन्दस् nom. sin. m. foolish, vile, wicked.

मन्दें ind. slightly, little; slightingly, disparagingly, 713.

मन्दप्रज्ञस्य BAH. OR REL. COMP. 761; मन्द cr. dull, stupid, प्रज्ञस्य gen. sin. of प्रज्ञ m. from प्रज्ञा f. understanding, 108.

मन्द्रप्रज्ञेन BAH. OR REL. COMP. 761; मन्द् cr. foolish, dull, प्रज्ञेन ins. sin. m. from प्रज्ञा f. understanding, 108.

मन्दभाग्याइ Karm. or Des. comp. 755; मन्द cr. evil, bad, भाग्याइ for भाग्यात् abl. sin. of भाग्य n. fate, luck.

मन्दस्य gen. sin. m. of मन्द m. f. n. wicked, good for nothing.

मन्दात्मा BAH. OR REL. COMP. 761; मन्द cr. foolish, wicked, खात्मा nom. sin. of खात्मन् mind, soul, 6th cl. 147.

मन्दो for मन्दस् nom. sin. m. foolish, wicked. मन्मणं acc. sin. of मन्मण m. love, 1st cl. 103; see note under कन्दपे.

मन्मथस्य gen. sin. of मन्मथ m. the god of love, 1st cl. 103; see last.

मन्यते he imagines, he thinks; 3d sin. pres. átm. of rt मन् 4th cl.

मन्यसे thou thinkest, thou thinkest of, thou thinkest (fit); 2d sin. pres. átm. of rt मन् 4th cl. 684, 617.

मन्युना ins. sin. of मन्यु m. grief, sorrow, anger, 3d cl. 110.

मन्युपरीतेन TAT. OR DEP. COMP. 740; मन्यु cr. anger, परीतेन ins. sin. of परीत m. f. n. filled with, affected by.

मन्ये I believe, I think, I imagine; 1st sin. pres. átm. of rt मन् 4th cl. 617.

मम of me; gen. sin. of मत् or जस्मत्, q. v.

ममदुः they crushed, they trampled down; 3d pl. perf. of rt मृद; but ममृदुः is the usual form, see 364.

ममाचस्व for मम जाचस्व by 31.

ममाद्यायं for मम खद्य खयं by 31.

ममानितकम् for मम छनितकम् by 31.

ममापि for मम ऋषि by 31.

ममाभी इस्सम् for मम सभी इसम् by 31.

ममास्ति for मम खस्ति by 31.

मन्दे he rubbed, he bruised or crushed; 3d sin. perf. átm. of rt मृद्ध 364.

ममैप for मम एप by 33.

ममोपरि for मम उपरि by 32.

मरणं nom. sin. of मरण n. death.

मरणाद abl. sin. of मरण n. death.

मत्यें acc. sin. of मत्ये m. a mortal.

मत्यानाम् gen. pl. of मत्ये m. a mortal, 103.

मत्यों for मत्येस् nom. sin. of मत्ये m. a mortal, ist cl. 103.

मया by me; ins. sin. of आस्मत् 218.

मयासकृत् for मया असकृत् by 31.

मिय in me; loc. sin. of अस्मत् 218. At Books XIII. 65, XV. 7, it denotes with me or at my house.

ਸਲਂ acc. sin. of ਸਲ n. dust, dirt.

मलदिग्धाङ्गीम् Complex comp. 771; मल cr. mire, dust, दिग्ध cr. smeared, defiled, सङ्गीम् acc. sin. f. from सङ्ग n. a limb, the body, 108.

मलपङ्गानुलिप्ताङ्गीम् Complex comp. 771; मल cr. dirt, पङ्ग cr. mud, mire, অनुलिप्त cr. besmeared, অङ्गीम् acc. sin. of अङ्गी f. from অङ्ग n. a limb, 108.

- मलपङ्किनी nom. sin. f. covered with dust and mire; (from मल cr. dirt, and पङ्किन् muddy, 159.)
- मिलिन: nom. sin. m. of मिलिन m. f. n. dirty, covered with dirt.
- मिलना nom. sin. f. dirty, covered with mud and dust.
- मिलिनां acc. sin. f. of मिलिन m. f. n. dirty, dusty, tarnished, (the lustre of whose beauty was tarnished,) lit. dirty.
- मलेन ins. sin. of मल n. dirt, dust, want of brightness.
- महत् m. f. n. great, 5th cl. 142.
- महत् nom. or acc. sin. n. of महत् m. f. n. great, 142.
- महतः gen. sin. m. or n. of महत् m. f. n. great.
- महता ins. sin. m. or n. of महत् m. f. n. great.
- महित loc. sin. m. or n. of महत्त m. f. n. great.
- महती nom. sin. f. of महत् m. f. n. great.
- महत्या ins. sin. f. of महत् m. f. n. great.
- महद्दश्वानम् acc. sin. m. a long journey; (comp. of महद्दश्वानम् acc. sin. m. a long journey; (romp. of महद्द, anomalously used for महा 778,
- and सध्यन् a road.) महर्षिभिस् by the great sages, (KARM. OR Des. COMP. 755; महा cr. great, for महत् by 778, सृपिभिस् ins. pl. of सृपि m. a
- sage, 2d cl. 110; आ + जृ = आर by 32.) महर्षिर for महर्षिस nom. sin. m. the great sage. See last.
- महर्पीणाम् gen. pl. of महिं m. a great sage or saint; (from महा for महत् 778, and जृपि m. a sage, 32.)
- महाकाय: KARM. OR DES. COMP. 755; महा for महत् (778) cr. great, काय: nom. sin. of काय m. body.
- महाघोरे loc. sin. n. of महाघोर m. f. n. very terrible; (comp. of महा 778, and घोर terrible.)
- महाजवान् Bah. or Rel. comp. 761; महा great, 778, जवान् acc. pl. of जव m. speed, velocity, fleetness.

- महातपा: BAH. OR REL. COMP. 761; महा for महत् cr. great, 778, तपा: nom. sin. m. from तपस् n. penance, devotion, 164. a.
- महातेजा: nom. sin. m. of महातेजस् m. f. n. of great glory, very glorious, 7th cl. 164.a, 778.
- महात्मन् m. f. n. high-minded, magnanimous, (BAH. or Rel. comp. 766; महा for महत् cr. great, 778, खात्मन् mind, soul, 6th cl. 147.)
- महात्मन: gen. sin. of महात्मन् m.f. n. magnanimous, great-minded, 6th cl. 147.
- महात्मना ins. sin. of महात्मन् m. f. n. nobleminded.
- महात्मनां gen. pl. of महात्मन् m. f. n. greatminded, 6th cl. 147.
- महात्मानं acc. sin. of महात्मन् m. f. n. highminded.
- महात्मान्श् nom. pl. m. of महात्मन् m. f. n. high-minded.
- महात्मानौ nom. du. m. of महात्मन् high-minded.
- महाद्युति: BAH. OR REL. COMP. 761; महा for महत् great, 778, and द्युति: nom. sin. m. from द्युति f. lustre, glory.
- महाद्युते voc. sin. O most illustrious. See last. महान् nom. sin. m. of महत् great, q. v.
- महानसाच् for महानसात् abl. sin. of महानस m. n. a kitchen.
- महानुभावान् acc. pl. m. of महानुभाव m. f. n. magnanimous; (comp. of महा for महत् great, and अनुभाव disposition.)
- महानां acc. sin. m. of महत् m. f. n. great.
- महाप्राञ्ची very wise, BAH. OR REL. COMP. 766; महा for महत् cr. great, 778, प्राञ्ची nom. du. of प्राञ्च m. a wise man, 1st cl. 103.
- महाबल: nom. sin. m. of great strength, very powerful, 778.
- महाबाहु: strong-armed, BAH.OR REL.COMP. 766; महा for महत् cr. great, 778, बाहु: nom. sin. of बाहु m. an arm, 3d cl. 110.
- महाबाहो voc. sin. m. Olong-armed, Ostrong-armed, O valiant one. See last.

महायुद्धे voc. sin. m. O great-minded one; (comp. of महा great, 778, and युद्धि mind, reason, intellect, 119, 761.)

महाभागस् nom. sin. m. greatly blessed, gifted, or endowed. See next.

महाभागा nom. sin. f. of महाभाग m. f. n. highly fortunate, greatly blessed, of exalted virtue; (from महा for महत् great, 778, and भाग portion.)

महाभागा: voc. pl. m. O greatly blessed!

महाभागे voc. sin. f. O greatly blessed!

महाभागै: ins. pl. m. of महाभाग m. f. n. highly blessed.

महाभागो for महाभागस् nom. sin. m. greatly blessed.

महाभुन voc. sin. m. O mighty armed; (comp. of महा great, 778, and भुन the arm, 766.)

महामते voc. sin. m. or f. O high-minded one; (comp. of महा great, 778, and मित the mind, 119.)

महामना: nom. sin. m. or f. of महामनस् m.f.n. high-minded; (comp. of महा for महत् great, 778, and मनस् the mind, see 164. a.)

महायशा: nom. sin. m. of महायशस् m. f. n. of great renown, very glorious; (comp. of महा great, 778, and यशस् fame, 164. a.)

महाराये in the vast forest, (KARM. OR DES. COMP. 755; महा for महत् cr. great, 778, सरायेloc.sin.of सराय.aforest,1st cl.104.)

महार्यः nom. sin. of महार्यण. a great warrior; (lit. one who fights in a large car, comp. of महा for महत् 778, and र्यण. a chariot.) (The size of the chariot was anciently regulated by the rank of the warrior.)

महार्या: nom. pl.m. great warriors. See last.

महाराज voc. sin. m. O great king, (KARM.

OR DES. COMP. 755; महा for महत् cr.

great, 778, राज for राजन् voc. sin. of

राजन् a king, 6th cl. 151.)

महाराजः nom. sin. m. a great king.

महाराजम् acc. sin. of महाराज m. a great king. See last.

महाराजेति for महाराज इति by 32.

महावने loc. sin. in the great forest; (comp. of महा 778, and वन n. a wood.)

महावीर voc. sin. m. O great hero; (comp. of महा 778, and बीर m. a hero.)

महावीर्यस् BAH. or Rel. comp. 761; महा great, 778, वीर्यस् nom. sin. m. from वीर्य n. valour, heroism.

महाब्रती very devotional, great devotees, (BAH. OR REL. COMP. 766; महा for महत् cr. great, 778, ब्रती nom. du. m. from ब्रत n. a religious vow, 1st cl. 104.)

महाज्ञेल voc. sin. O great mountain, (KARM. OR DES. COMP. 755; महा for महत्त् great, 778, ज्ञेल voc. sin. of ज्ञेल m. a mountain, 1st cl. 103.)

महाज्ञील: nom. sin. m. great mountain. See last.

महासार्षे acc. sin. m. a great caravan; (comp. of महा 778, and सार्थ m. a caravan.)

महासार्थे loc.sin.m.ina great caravan. See last.

महासिंहा: KARM. OR DES. COMP. 755; महा for महत् cr. great, सिंहा: nom. pl. of सिंह m. a lion, 1st cl. 103.

महाखनम् acc. sin. m. loud-sounding; (comp. of महा great, 778, and खन sound, 766.)

महाहनु: BAH. OR REL. COMP. 761; महा for महत् great, 778, हनु: nom. sin. m. of हनु m. the jaw.

महाहनून् acc. pl. m. See last.

महिषांश् for महिषान् acc. pl. of महिष m. a buffalo, ist cl. 103.

महिषीम् acc.sin.of महिषी f.a queen,1st cl.106. महिष्या ins. sin. of महिषी f. a queen royal.

महीं acc. sin. of मही f. the earth.

महीकृते ind. for the sake of the earth; (मही the earth, and कृते on account, 731, 791.)

महोिद्यतः nom. pl. of महोिद्यत् m. a king, a sovereign, 5th cl. 136.

महीि खतां gen. pl. of महीि खत् m. a king.

ਸਵੀਜਲੇ loc. sin. of ਸਵੀਜਲ n. the surface of the ground, the ground; (comp. of ਸਵੀ cr. the earth, and ਜਲ n. surface, 743.)

महोधर voc. sin. of महोधर m. a mountain, ist cl. 103.

महीपति: for महोपतिस् nom. sin. m. a king, (TAT. OR DEP. COMP. 744; मही cr. the earth, पति: nom. sin. of पति a lord.)

महोपते voc. sin. m. O king! see 121.

महीपते: gen. sin. m. of a king, see 121.

महीपाल m.a king, lit. earth-protector; (from मही the earth, and पाल a guardian.)

महीपालं acc. sin. of महीपाल m. guardian of the earth.

महोपाल: nom. sin. m. a king, earth-protector. महोपालान् acc. pl. of महोपाल m. guardian

of the earth.

महीपालो nom. sin. m. a king, earth-protector. महीभृत: gen. sin. of महीभृत् m. a mountain.

महीम् acc. sin. of मही f. the earth.

महेन्द्रं acc. sin. of महेन्द्र m. the great chief; (comp. of महा 778, and इन्द्र 32, 755;) a name applied to the god Indra.

महेन्द्राद्याः nom. pl. m. of whom the great Indra is the first, (BAH. OR REL. COMP. 764. b: महेन्द्र cr. the great Indra, आद्याः nom. pl.m. of आद्या.f.n. first, 1st cl. 103.)

महेश्वराः nom. pl. m. great lords, (KARM. OR DES. COMP. 755; महा for महत्त great, 778, ईश्वराः nom. pl. of ईश्वर lord, 1st cl. 103.)

महोत्सवे loc.sin.of महोत्सव m. a great festival; (comp. of महा 778, and जन्सव a festival.)

महौजस: nom. pl. m. of महौजस m. f. n. of great might, very mighty; (comp. of महा great, and स्रोजस power, strength, 776.)

मा me; acc. sin. from nom. आहं I, 218.

মা negative, dissuasive or prohibitive particle, not, do not; often used with the 3d pret., the augment being dropped, as মা মুব: do not grieve, see 889, 717. a.

मां me; acc. sin. from nom. अहं I, 218.

मांसं nom. or acc. sin. of मांस n. meat, flesh.

माचिरं ind. without delay, quickly; (from मा prohib. not, and चिर long.)

मात: for मातर voc. sin. O mother!

मातर O mother! voc. sin. of मातृ 129.

मातरं acc. sin. of मातृ f. a mother, 129.

मार्तालर् for मार्तालस् nom. sin. m. Mátali, the charioteer of Indra; compare Sakuntalá Act VII, and Raghu-vansa XII. 86.

माता nom. sin. of मातृ f. a mother, 129.

मातुः for मातुस gen. sin. of मातृ f. a mother. मातुर for मातृस gen. sin. of मातृ f. a mother, 129.

मातुला: nom.pl. of मातुल m. a maternal uncle.

मातुलान् acc.pl.of मातुल m. a maternal uncle.

मातृष्यसा TAT. OR DEP. COMP. 743, maternal aunt; मातृ cr. a mother, ध्यसा for स्वसा (70) nom. sin. of स्वसृ f. a sister, 129. a.

माता ins. sin. of मातृ f. a mother, 129.

मानद O giver of honour; voc. sin. m. of मानद m. f. n.; (comp. of मान honour, and द who gives, 580.)

मानयांस thou regardest, thou respectest; 2d sin. pres. of rt मन् 10th cl. 283.

मानुष m. a man, a human being, 1st cl. 103. मानुष acc. sin. of मानुष m. a man, 1st cl. 103.

मानुपं nom. sin. n. of मानुप m. f. n. human.

मानुष: nom. sin. m. a man.

मानुषा: nom. pl. of मानुष m. a man.

मानुषी nom. sin. f. a woman, a female mortal.

मानुषी nom. sin. f. of मानुष m. f. n. human.

मानुषीं acc. sin. of मानुषी f. a woman.

मानुषीं acc. sin. f. of मानुष m. f. n. human.

मानुषेषु loc. pl. of मानुष m. a man, mankind. मानुष्यं acc. sin. n. of मानुष्य m. f. n. human.

माम me; acc. sin. from nom. sin. अहं.

माया nom. sin. f. magic, sorcery, witchcraft. मारिष voc. sin. of मारिष m. a venerable or

excellent person.

माहतः nom. sin. m. the wind.

मार्गे acc. sin. of मार्गे m. a path, a road.

मार्गेण loc. sin. of मार्गेण n. searching for.

मार्गमाणा nom. sin.f. of मार्गमाण m.f.n. seeking for; pres. p. átm. of rt मार्ग 526.

मार्गा for मार्गास् nom. pl. of मार्गे m. a path, a road, a way.

मार्गाणां gen. pl. of मार्ग m. a path, a road.

मार्गामि I seek; 1st sin. pres. of rt मार्ग् 1st cl. 261.

मार्गाम्यपराजितम् for मार्गामि छपराजितम् by 34.

मासं acc. sin. of मास m. a month, (for a month, 821.)

मासान् acc. pl. of मास m. a month, see 821.

नास prohibitive particle (मा स्म), used with the 3d preterite, after rejection of the augment, and equivalent to do not.

मिलं nom. sin. of मिल n. a friend, 1st cl. 104. मिल द्रोहे loc. sin. m. in the injury of a friend; (मिल cr. a friend, द्रोह m. injury.)

मियुनं acc. sin. of नियुन n. a couple, a pair, a brace; a pair of children, twins, a pair of gifts, &c., 1st cl. 104.

मिथ्या ind. falsely, untruly, 717. e.

निष्टकती TAT. OR DEP. COMP. 743; निष्ट cr. a sweetmeat, a dainty, कर्ती nom. sin. m. of कर्तृ m. a maker, 127. (Lit. a maker of dainties, a skilful cook.)

मुक्तः nom. sin. m. of मुक्त m. f. n. released, emitted, sent forth; past p. p. of rt मुच् 628, 539.

मुक्तकेशीम् BAH. OR REL. COMP. 767; मुक्त cr. dishevelled, loose, केशीम् acc. sin. f. from केश hair, 108.

मुखं nom. or acc. sin. of मुख n. the mouth, the face, the countenance.

मुखत: for मुखतस् ind. in the face, in the mouth, from the mouth; (मुख with affix तस, 719.)

मुखात abl. sin. of मुख n. the mouth, the face.

मुखानि nom. n. of मुख n. the face, the countenance, 1st cl. 104.

मृत्यशः ind. principally, 725. In Book

VIII. 21 it is used for मुख्य पु loc. pl. of मुख्य principal.

मुख्यानि nom. or acc. pl. n. of मुख्य m. f. n. excellent, 1st cl. 104, 187.

मुख्यर ins. pl. of मुख्य m.f. n. chief, excellent.

मुचतु let him let go, let him set free, let him allow to depart, let him release; 3d sin. imp. of rt मुच् 6th cl. 281, 628.

मुदं acc. sin. of मुद्द f. joy.

मुदा ins. sin. of मुद्द f. joy, delight.

मुद्तिता: nom. pl. m. or f. of मुदित m. f. n. rejoiced, delighted.

मुदितो nom. sin. m. of मुदित m.f. n. rejoiced, joyful; past p. p. of rt मुद 538.

मुदितौ nom. du. m. of मुदित m. f. n. joyful, happy.

मुनिभि: ins. pl. of मुनि m. a saint, a hermit, 2d cl. 110.

मुद्दे he rejoiced, he was delighted; 3d sin. perf. átm. of rt मुद्द 364.

मुप्टिभि: ins. pl. of मुप्टि m. the fist, 2d cl. 110. मुप्पान्ती nom. sin. f. of मुप्पात् stealing, cap-

tivating; pres. p. of rt मुप् 9th cl. 524. मुह:for मुहस् ind. repeatedly, again and again.

मुहर for मुहुस ind. repeatedly.

मुहूर्ते acc. sin. m. for a moment, for a short time, 821. मुहूर्त is properly a space of forty-eight minutes.

मुद्धात he is troubled, bewildered, or perplexed; 3d sin. pres. of rt मुह 4th cl. 612.

मृढ O fool; voc. sin. of मृढ m. a fool.

मूढेन ins. sin. m. of मूढ m. f. n. foolish.

मूढो for मूढस nom. sin. m. of मूढ m. f. n. foolish, 1st cl. 103.

मुतं acc. sin. of मूत्र n. urine, 1st cl. 104.

मूर्तिमान nom. sin. m. of मूर्तिमत m. f. n. corporeal, possessing a material form, incarnate, 5th cl. 140.

मूर्या ins. sin. of मूर्ति f. form, figure, image, 2d cl. 112.

मूर्भि loc. sin. of मूर्धन् m. the head, 6th cl. 149, 150.

मृगजीयन: nom. sin. m. one who lives by hunting, a hunter; (from मृग an animal, a wild beast, game, and जीवन living.)

मृगडिजान् DVAN. OR AGG. COMP. 748; मृग cr. an animal, a wild beast, डिजान् acc. pl. of डिज m. a bird, 1st cl. 103.

मृगपद्मिण: DVAN. OR AGG. COMP. 748; मृग cr. an animal, पद्मिण: acc. pl. of पद्मिन् m. a bird, 6th cl. 159, 58.

नृगपश्चिषु Dvan. or Agg. comp. 748; मृग cr. an animal, पश्चिषु loc. pl. of पश्चिन् m. a bird, 6th cl. 159.

मृगयध्वं seek ye, hunt ye for, search ye out; 2d pl. imp. átm. of rt मृग् 10th cl. 283.

मृगयसे thou dost seek, thou searchest for; 2d sin. pres. átm. of rt मृग् 10th cl. 283.

मृगयाणेन ins. sin. m. of मृगयाण m.f. n. searching for; pres. p. átm. of rt मृग् 1st cl.

मृगियतुं to search for; inf. of rt मृग् 10th cl. 459.

मृगियपिन they shall search for, they shall seek; 3d pl. 2d fut. of rt मृग् 10th cl. 491.

मृगराद Тат. он Dep. сомр. 743; मृग cr. a beast, राद nom. sin. of राज् m. a king, a monarch, 8th cl. 176. e.

मृगव्याधम् acc. sin. m. See next.

मृगव्याधो TAT. OR DEP. COMP. 743; मृग cr. an animal, wild beast, व्याधो nom. sin. of व्याध m. a hunter.

मृगव्यालिनिषेविते Complex comp. 771; मृग cr. an animal, a wild beast, व्याल cr. a serpent, निषेविते loc. sin. n. of निषेवित m. f. n. infested, haunted by; past p. p. of rt सेव् with नि (70), 538.

দৃশয়াবান্ধি voc. sin. of দৃশয়াবান্ধী having eyes like those of a young deer or fawn; (from দৃশয়াব cr. a young deer, and অল্ব substituted for অল্বি the eye, see 778.)

দ্যাত্রিষ্ণ voc. sin. O best of beasts, O chief of animals, Tat. or Dep. comp. 743. b;

मृग cr. a beast, श्रेष्ठ voc. sin. of श्रष्ठ m.f. n. best.

मृगासाम् gen. pl. of मृग m. a beast, 1st cl. 103. मृगेन्द्र O king, monarch, or chief of beasts. मृगेन्द्रेह for मृगेन्द्र + इह by 32.

म्णालीम् acc. sin. of म्णाली f. a fibre of the stalk of a lotus, a lotus-stalk.

मृतं acc. sin. m. of मृत m. f. n. dead, dying; past p. p. of rt मृ.

मृतस्य gen. sin. n. of मृत m. f. n. dead.

मृत्युं acc. sin. of मृत्यु m. death.

मृत्युर for मृत्युस् nom. sin. of मृत्यु m. death, 3d cl. 110.

मृदिता nom. sin. f. of मृदित m. f. n. trampled on, crushed; past p. p. of rt मृद् 538.

मृदुपूर्वे ind. blandly, softly, coaxingly, see 792. मृदुपूर्वेषा commencing softly; (from मृदु cr. soft, mild, and पूर्वेषा ins. sin. f. of पूर्वे m.f.n. first, preceding; see 777. d. and 792.)

मृद्यमानानि nom. sin. n. of मृद्यमान m. f. n. being crushed, being bruised; pres. p. pass. of rt मृद्ध 528.

मुधे loc. sin. n. of मुध n. war, battle.

मृष्टसिललाम् BAH. OR REL. COMP. 766; मृष्ट cr. clean, bright, pure, सिललाम् acc. sin. f. from सिलल n. water, 1st cl. 108.

मे to me, of me; dat. or gen. sin. of मत् or अस्मत्, q.v.

मेघनाद for मेघनादे loc. sin. at the sound of rain; (from मेघ a cloud, and नाद sound.) The Indian peacock is very restless at the approach of the rains, in which it is observed to take delight. Its circular movements are a frequent subject of allusion with Hindú poets, and are often by them compared to dancing; thus S'akuntalá Act IV, 'The peacock on the lawn ceases its dance.' Megha-dúta (l. 215): 'Pleased on each terrace, dancing with delight, The friendly peacock hails thy grateful flight.' Málati-Mádhava (p. 108): 'As pleased the peafowl hail the bow of

heaven, &c. Compare also Raghu-vansa XIV. 69.

मेघिनचोंपो BAH. OR REL. COMP. 761; मेघ cr. a cloud, निर्घोपो nom. sin. m. sound; 'sounding like a thunder-cloud.'

मेघस्य gen. sin. of मेघ m. a cloud.

मेदिनों acc. sin. of मेदिनी f. the earth.

मेदिन्याम् loc. sin. of मेदिनी f. the earth, ist cl. 106.

मेने he or she thought; 3d sin. perf. átm. of rt मन् 375. a, 617.

मोह्ययित्वा having released; past ind. p. of rt मोह्य 10th cl. 559.

मोध्यिम thou shalt be liberated; 2d sin. 2d fut. of rt मुच् in pass. 628, 463. The parasmai-pada terminations are here used in the passive verb, see 461. e. note.

मोचियत्वा having loosed, having unharnessed; past ind. p. of rt मुच् in caus. 549.

मोदस rejoice thou, take thou pleasure; 2d sin. imp. átm. of rt मुद्र 1st cl. 261.

मोहयन nom. sin. m. of मोहयत् m. f. n. bewildering, depriving of sense, stupefying; pres. p. of rt मुद्द in caus. 527.

मोहित: nom. sin. m. of मोहित m. f. n. infatuated; past p. p. of rt मुह in caus. 612, 549.

मोहिता nom. sin. f. of मोहित m. f. n. bewildered, stupefied, infatuated.

म्बियते he, she or it dies; 3d sin. pres. átm. of rt मृ 6th cl. 626.

म्रानसम् BAH. OR REL. COMP. 761; म्रान cr. drooping, faded, सम् nom. sin. of सन् f. a garland, a chaplet, 8th cl. 176.

म्रेड्यतस्करसेवितम् Complex comp. 771; म्रेड्य cr. a wild man, a barbarian, तस्कर cr. a robber, सेवितम् acc. sin. n. of सेवित m.f.n. infested by; past p.p. of rt सेव् 538.

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य for यस who; nom. sin. m. of यत् m. f. n., 226.

यं acc. sin. m. of यत् m. f. n. who, which, 226. -

यद्याउँ nom. sin. m. the king of the Yakshas; (comp. of यद्या cr. a Yaksha, and राइ for राइ (41) nom. sin. of राइ (m., 8th cl. 176.e.) The Yaksha was a kind of demi-god, attendant on Kuvera, the god of wealth, and employed by him in the care of his gardens &c. situated on mount Kailása. The Yakshas were supposed to be much courted by the Apsarasas or nymphs of Indra's heaven, but that they had wives of their own is clear from the Meghadúta. Their name is said to be derived from yaksh 'to worship,' either because they worship Kuvera, or are themselves worshipped by men.

যন্ত্ৰাথিম: TAT. OR DEP. COMP. 743; মন্ত্ৰা cr. a Yaksha, a kind of demi-god, see last, অথম: nom. sin. a lord, a sovereign.

यद्यो nom. sin. f. a Yakshí, the wife of a Yaksha. See last.

यहोपु loc. pl. of यहा m. a Yaksha. See last. यहारे nom. sin. of यहा m. a Yaksha, 1st cl. 103. See last.

यच् for यत् nom. sin. n. what.

यळतु let him curb, let him guide; 3d sin. imp. of rt यम् 1st cl. 270.

यजमानश् for यजमानस् nom. sin. of यजमान m. f. n. sacrificing; pres. p. átm. of rt यज् 597. (It means sometimes a master.)

यज्ञे loc. sin. of यज्ञ m. sacrifice, 1st cl. 103. यज्ञेष loc. pl. of यज्ञ m. a sacrifice, 1st cl. 103.

यतेर् for पत्रेस् ins. pl. of यज्ञ m. a sacrifice.

यत् pron. m. f. n. who, which, what, 226.

यत् acc. sin. n. of यत् who, which, what, 226. यत् ind. since, because, inasmuch as, that, 713. a.

यत strive thou, make effort; 2d sin. imp. of rt यत् 1st cl. 261. The more usual form is यतस्व, this root being generally in the átmane-pada.

यत: for यतस् as, because, since.

यतध्वं strive ye, take pains, make ye effort; 2d pl. imp. átm. of rt यत् 1st cl. 261.

यतस् ind. as, in the same way as, because.

यतिष्ये I will strive; 1st sin. 2d fut. átm. of rt यत् 415. b.

यत्कृते ind. on whose account, by reason of whom; (comp. of यत् 526, and कृते on account of, 791, 917.)

यत्न m. effort, exertion, pains, trouble.

यतं acc. sin. of यत m. effort.

यत ind. where, wherever, because, since, wherefore, that.

यत्नसायम्प्रतिष्ययाम् acc. sin. f. having (my) dwelling wherever evening (falls); यत where, सायम् evening, प्रतिष्ययाम् acc. sin. f. from प्रतिष्यय m. a dwelling, 108.

यथा ind. so that, that, as, so as, 721.

यथाकामं ind. according to will, according to pleasure, at pleasure; (from यथा as, and काम desire, 760.)

यथागतं as they came, ADV. COMP. 760; यथा ind. as, गतं acc. sin. n. of गत gone, went, see 760.

यथातस्म ind. according to the truth; (comp. of यथा as, and तस्त्र truth, see 760.)

यपातपं ind. truly, circumstantially; (in Book XXI. 25) for such a purpose.

यथातपं acc. sin. n. narrative, circumstantial account. This compound may also be regarded as indeclinable (from यथा and तथा 721), circumstantially.

यथातथा ind. in any way, any how.

यथात्य for यथा आत्य by 31.

यथान्यायं according to truth, justice, fitness or propriety, justly, fitly; (from यथा as, and न्याय justice, fitness, see 760.)

यथायं for यथा अयं by 31.

यथाई ind. worthily, properly, suitably; (comp. of यथा as, and छई worthy, 760.)

यथावच् for यथावत् (48) ind. truly, exactly, rightly.

यथावत् ind. according to usage, suitably, fitly.

यथावन् for यथावन् ind. justly, according to rule.

यथाविधि ind. according to rule, fitly, see 760.

यणावृत्तं ind. as (it) happened, as took place, circumstantially; (from यणा as, and वृत्त happened, occurred, took place, 760.)

যথাসন্ত ind. according to faith, in all faith, in all fidelity; (comp. of যথা as, and সভা f. faith, see 760.)

यथासङ्गम् ind. at the moment of contact, at the moment of (his) approach, opportunely; (from यथा as, and सङ्ग contact, meeting, 760.)

यथासत्म् ind. according to the truth, truthfully, see 760.

यणामुखं ind. happily, conveniently, pleasantly; (from यणा as, and मुख pleasure, 760.)

यथाहम् for यथा छहम् by 31.

यथेन्द्रिस for यथा इन्द्रिस by 32.

यथेदं for यथा इदं by 32.

यथेयं for यथा इयं by 32.

यथेरितम् for यथा ईरितम् by 32.

यथैव for यथा एव by 33.

यथोक्तं Adv. comp. 760; as said, as spoken, according to what was said, according to request; (comp. of यथा as, and उक्त said.)

यथोक्तानि nom. pl. n. of यथोक्त m. f. n. as said.

यथोत्साहं ind. with as great effort as possible, 760; (from यथा as, and उत्साह effort.)

यह ind. that, inasmuch as, 713.

यदा ind. when, as soon as.

यदि ind. if, 727. e.

यदिवा ind. whether, whether or no, 728. b.

यदिवाष्यंपैकाम: for यदिवा खिप अर्थेकाम: by 31, 34.

यदृच्छया ind. spontaneously; (ins. sin. of यदृच्छा.)

यद्यपि ind. although, if even.

यद्यबुद्धापि for यदि अबुद्धा अपि by 34, 31.

यद्यस्मिन् for यदि ऋसि ऋस्मिन् by 34. यन् for यत् (47) that, 920. b.

यना nom. sin. of यन्तृ m. a driver, a charioteer.

यम: nom. sin. of यम m. Yama, the god of justice, presiding over the different Narakas or hells, son of Súrya, the sun, regent of the south and of the lower world. He is the judge of departed souls (corresponding to the Greek god Pluto or Minos), and as such is identified with His abode is in the infernal city of Yama-pur, whither the Hindús believe that a departed soul repairs, and receiving a just sentence from Yama, ascends to Svarga or descends to Naraka, or assumes on earth the form of some animal according to its deserts. As god of punishment, Yama is represented bearing a cord or noose (पाञा) as well as a दराइ or rod.

यमस् nom. sin. of यम m. Yama, 1st cl. 103. See last.

यमो nom. sin. of यम m. Yama, the god of death. See last.

यया by which; ins. sin. f. of यत् 226.

ययातिर for ययातिस् nom. sin. of ययाति m. Yayáti, a celebrated king of India, fifth of the Lunar race, 2d cl. 110.

ययु: they went; 3d pl. perf. of rt या 644. ययुर् for ययुस् they went; 3d pl. perf. of rt

या 373. यमैतज्ञ for यया एतत् by 33 and 48. a.

यथी he went; 3d sin. perf. of rt या 644. यज्ञा for यस who; nom. sin. of यत 226.

यज्ञ: for यज्ञास acc. n. of यज्ञास glory, fame. यज्ञास n. glory, fame, 7th cl. 164.

यज्ञासा ins. sin. of यज्ञास n. fame, fair fame, good character, virtue, 7th cl. 164.

यज्ञास्त्रिन O illustrious lady! voc. sin. f. of यज्ञास्त्रिन m. f. n. famous, 159.

यश्चिनी nom. sin. f. noble, illustrious; (from यश्च fame, and affix विन 85. IX.)

यश्चेषं for यस् च एवं by 62 and 33.

यष्टा nom. sin. of यष्ट्र m. a sacrificer, 4th cl. 127. यस्मिन् loc. sin. of यत् m. f. n. who, which, what, 226.

यस्य of whom; gen. sin. of यत् m. f. n., 226. यस्याभिज्ञापाद for यस्य ज्ञभिज्ञापाद by 31. यस्याहं for यस्य ज्ञहं by 31.

या who; nom. sin. f.

यां acc. sin. f. of यत् m.f. n. who, which, 226. याचते dat. sin. m. of याचत् m. f. n. asking,

soliciting; pres. p. of rt याच to ask, 524.

यातं acc. sin. m. of यात m. f. n. gone, going; past p. p. of rt या 532, 896. a.

याति he, she or it goes; 3d sin. of rt या 2d cl. 317, 644.

यातु let him go, let it pass; 3d sin. imp. of rt या to go, 2d cl. 644.

यातुं to go; inf. of rt या 459.

पाते loc. sin. m. of पात m. f. n. gone; past
p. p. of rt पा to go, 532, 644.

यातो nom. sin. m. of यात m.f. n. arrived at, restored to; past p. p. of rt या to go, 532.

यात्येताम् for याति एताम् by 34.

यान्ता having gone; past ind. p. of rt या 556. यान् acc. pl. m. of यत् m.f. n. who, which, 226. यानं acc. sin. of यान n. a vehicle, a carriage.

यानपुग्यस्य of (or about) his yoked chariot; (comp. of यान cr. a vehicle, a carriage, and युग्यस्य gen. sin. of युग्य m.f. n. capable of being yoked.)

यानि nom. pl. n. of यत who, which, 226.

यानेन ins. sin. of यान n. a vehicle.

यानि they go to; 3d pl. pres. of rt या 2d cl. 644.

यानो nom. pl. m. of यात् m.f.n. going; pres. p. par. of rt या, see 524.

याम् acc. sin.f. of यत् m.f. n. who, which, 226. यावच् for यावत् as long as.

यावत ind. as long as, as much as, whilst.

याज्ञ nom. pl. f. of यत् m. f. n. who, which, what, 226.

यास् nom. pl.f. of यत् m.f.n. who, which, 226.

यासावद्य for या असी अद्य by 31 and 37. यास्यित he, she or it will go; 3d sin. 2d fut. of rt या 644.

यास्यिम thou wilt go; 2d sin. 2d fut. of rt या 644.

यास्यामि I will go; 1st sin. 2d fut. of rt या. याहि go thou; 2d sin. imp. of rt या 2d cl. 644. पुक्तं nom. sin. n. or acc. sin. m. of पुक्त m.f. n. fit, fitting; yoked, joined; endowed with, possessed of.

युक्तः nom. sin. m. of युक्त m. f. n. endowed with, possessed of, invested with, skilled, practised, clever; past p. p. of rt युज् 539.

युक्त स् nom. sin. m. of युक्त m.f. n. possessed of, endowed with.

युक्ता: nom. pl. m. of युक्त m. f. n. possessed of, endowed with.

युज्यस्व be thou prepared, prepare thyself, gird thyself; 2d sin. imp. of rt युज् in pass.

युतं acc. sin. n. of युत्त m. f. n. possessed of, filled with; past p. p. of rt यु 532.

युता nom. sin. f. of युत m. f. n. endowed with, possessed of; past p. p. of rt यु 532.

युद्धं acc. sin. of युद्ध n. war, battle.

युद्धशूतम् nom. sin. n. the game of war or single combat; (comp. of युद्ध battle, and शूत game.)

युडाच् for युडात् abl. sin. of युड n. war. युडाय dat. sin. of युड n. battle.

युद्धे loc. sin. of युद्ध n. war, battle.

বুমিন্থিত voc. sin. m. O Yudhishthira! Yudhishthira was the elder of the five Pándu princes, and leader in the great war between them and the Kurus. It is to him that the sage Vṛihadaśva relates the story of Nala. (In the Mahá-bhárata he is commonly designated যানা.)

युध्यस्त fight thou; 2d sin. imp. átm. of rt युध् 4th cl.

युपुत्तुं acc. sin. m. of युयुत्तु m.f. n. desirous of fighting, pugnacious; (adj. formed from the des. of युथ्.)

युवस्थविरवालाञ् DVAN. OR AGG. COMP. 748; युव for युवन् (57) cr. young men, स्थाविर cr. old men, बालाञ् nom. pl. of बाल m. a child, a boy, 1st cl. 103.

युप्पत् pron. thou, you, 219.

यूषभ्रष्टाम् Tat. or Dep. comp. 742; यूष cr. a herd, a flock, भ्रष्टाम् acc. sin. f. of भ्रष्ट m. f. n. strayed, wandered.

यूयज्ञो for यूयज्ञस् ind. in herds, in flocks, in troops; (from यूप a herd, affix ज्ञास 725.) य्यं you; nom. pl. of युप्पत 220.

ये who; nom. pl. m. of यत्.

येन by whom, by which, by what reason, because, since; ins. sin. m. or n. of यत्.

येन केन ins. sin. m. by any whatsoever; (rel. pron. joined to the interrogative, 226, 227.)

येपां of whom; gen. pl. m. of यत्.

योध्यसे thou wilt be joined, thou shalt or wilt become possessed of; 2d sin. 2d fut. of rt युन् in pass., see 702.

योस्ये I will unite, I will join; 1st sin. 2d fut. átm. of rt युज् 670.

योगं acc. sin. of योग m. occupation, employment.

योजनं acc. sin. of योजन n. a yojana, a measure of distance equivalent to nine miles, or (according to some) five miles, 823.

योजनशतं acc. sin. n. a hundred yojanas; (comp. of योजन a yojana, or about five miles, and शत a hundred, 206.)

योजय yoke thou, harness thou; 2d sin.imp. of rt युज् in caus: 481.

योजयामास he yoked, he put to; 3d sin. 2d pret. of rt युन in caus. 490.

योजयामि I (will) yoke or will harness; 1st sin. pres. of rt युज् in caus. 481.

योजिया having yoked; past ind. p. of rt युज् 10th cl. 558; see also page 248.

योत्स for योत्स्ये (36) I will fight; 1st sin. 2d fut. átm. of rt युध्.

योद्धा nom. sin. of योद्धृ m. a fighter, a warrior, a combatant, 4th cl. 127.

योपिद्रतम् nom. sin. n. a jewel of a woman, i. e. a most excellent woman; (comp. of योपित् f. a woman, and रत्न n. a gem.)

योवनं nom. sin. n. youth, manhood, the bloom or prime of youth.

## ₹.

रंस्पते he shall take pleasure or enjoy himself; 3d sin. 2d fut. útm. of rt रम् 410, 433.

रंस्यसे thou shalt enjoy thyself, thou shalt take thy pleasure; 2d sin. 2d fut. átm. of rt रम् 410, 433.

रक्तानाभ्यां abl. du. n. of रक्ताना m. f. n. having red corners; (from रक्त red, and अना an extremity, 766.)

যো defend thou; 2d sin. imp. of rt যো 1st cl. 261.

रक्षणीया nom. sin. f. of रक्षणीय m.f. n. to be protected; fut. pass. p. of rt रख 570.

रक्षनु let them preserve; 3d pl. imp. of rt रख् 1st cl. 261.

ষ্যো nom. sin. f. preservation, deliverance.

रिक्षिणज्ञा nom. pl. of रिक्षन् m. a guardian, 159. रिक्षता nom. sin. m. of रिक्षतृ m. f. n. a pro-

tector, a guardian, 4th cl. 127. रक्ष्यमाणा nom. sin. f. of रक्ष्यमाण m. f. n. be-

ing guarded; pres. p. of rt Ta in pass. 528.

रनः स्वेदसमन्वितः TAT. OR DEP. COMP. 740; रनस् for रनः cr. dust, स्वेद cr. perspiration, समन्वितः nom. sin. m. of समन्वित m.f. n. possessed of, possessing.

रजनीं acc. sin. of रजनी f. the night.

रजुम् acc. sin. of रज्जु f. a rope, a cord; hanging, 3d cl. 112. It is to be noted with reference to Book IV. 4, that hanging was not considered by the Hindús an undignified mode of self-destruction. See Hindú Theatre II. 237 and 299.

रणविशारदम् acc. sin. m. skilled in war; (comp. of रण cr. war, and विशारद m. f. n. learned, skilled, 744.)

रणाद for रणात abl. sin. of रण m. n. battle.

To loc. sin. of TU m. n. war, battle.

নৈ acc. sin. of নে m. f. n. devoted to, delighting in; past p. p. of rt নে 545.

र्तत f. enjoyment, pleasure, 2d cl. 112.

र्रातं acc. sin. of र्रात enjoyment, pleasure.

रतीम् acc. sin. of रती f. Ratí, the wife of Kámadeva or Manmatha (god of love).

स्तं nom. sin. of स्त n. a jewel, a gem.

रत्नकोपनिचयै: Complex comp. 770; रत cr. jewels, कोप cr. treasure, gold or silver, निचयै: ins. pl. of निचय m. a heap.

रत्नगर्भगृहोचिताम् Anom. comp. 777; रत्न-गर्भे cr. filled with jewels, गृह cr. a house, उचिताम् acc. sin. f. of उचित m. f. n. fit for, worthy of, suited to.

रतभूतां acc. sin. f. of रतभूत m. f. n. one who is a gem or jewel; (comp. of रत a gem, and भूत past p. p. of rt भू 531.)

रत्नराशिर for रत्नराशिस TAT. OR DEP. COMP. 743; रत्न cr. jewels, राशिर nom. sin. m. a heap, a quantity, a collection.

र्षं acc. sin. of रथ m. a chariot.

रणयोपं TAT. OR DEP. COMP. 743; रण cr. a chariot, योपं acc. sin. of योप m. sound, rumbling or rattling noise.

द्यभोषेण ins. sin. m. See last. The scene at the commencement of Book XXI reminds us of the watchman reporting the rapid approach of Jehu, 'the driving is like the driving of Jehu, the son of Nimshi, for he driveth furiously.'

रणनिर्धोपं Tat. or Dep. comp. 743; रथ cr. a chariot, निर्धोपं acc. sin. of निर्धोप m. sound, rattling.

रचिनर्योप: nom. sin. m. See last.

रपनिर्घोषो for रपनिर्घोषस् nom. sin. m. the rattling of the chariot.

रपनिस्ता: TAT. OR DEP. COMP. 743; रप cr. a chariot, निस्ता: nom. sin. m. a sound.

रथम् acc. sin. of रथ m. a chariot.

रथनरं an excellent chariot; (comp. of रथ

cr. chariot, and  $\exists \mathsf{L}\ acc.\ sin.\ of\ \exists \mathsf{L}\ m.\ f.\ n.$  excellent, choice, best.)

रथवाहक: nom. sin. m. a charioteer, the driver of a chariot; (from रथ cr. chariot, and वाहक: one who conveys.)

रपशालाम् Tat. or Dep. comp. 743, a coach-house; रप cr. a chariot, शालाम् acc. sin. of शाला f. a house.

रथात् abl. sin. of रथ m. a chariot.

रियनम् acc. sin. of रियन् m. a warrior who is borne in a chariot, a charioteer.

रथे loc. sin. of रथ m. a chariot.

रथेन ins. sin. of रथ m. a chariot.

रथोत्तमं acc. sin. m. the best of chariots, 743. b.

रथोत्रमात् TAT. OR DEP. COMP. 743. b; रथटर. chariot, उत्तमात् abl. sin. of उत्तम m.f.n. best.

रथोपस्य for रथोपस्य loc. sin. on the charioteer's seat (lower than the main body of the car).

रथोपस्याद् abl. sin. of रघोपस्य m. the charioteer's seat for driving, driving-box.

रणोपस्थे loc. sin. m. on the charioteer's seat; (from रथ a chariot, and उपस्य a seat.)

रमणीयेषु loc. pl. of रमणीय m. f. n. pleasant, agreeable, ist cl. 103.

रम्यं acc. sin. m. or n. of रम्य m. f. n. pleasant, delightful, charming.

रम्या nom. sin. f. of रम्य m. f. n. pleasant.

रम्यां acc. sin. f. of रम्य m. f. n. pleasant.

रम्यान् acc. pl. m. of रम्य m. f. n. pleasant.

মন্ত্ৰ he governed, he protected; 3d sin. perf. of rt হল্ 364.

মোন he or she shone; 3d sin. perf. of rt মেন্ 364.

रिवं acc. sin. of रिव m. the sun, 2d cl. 110.

रिवसोमसमप्रभ: Complex comp. 771; रिव cr. the sun, सोम cr. the moon, सम cr. equal to, प्रभ nom. sin. m. from प्रभा f. light, lustre, glory, 1st cl. 108.

रिइमिभश् ins. pl. of रिइम m. a rein. रङ्मीन् acc. pl. of रिइम m. a rein, 110. रहिता nom. sin. f. of रहित m. f. n. deprived of, separated from, (governing instrumental case); past p. p. of rt रह.

रहिता for रहितास nom.pl.f.of रहित m.f.n. abandoned, deserted; past p.p. of रह 538.

रहो for रहस् ind. secretly, in private.

राह्यसी nom. sin. f. a Rákshasí or female Rákshasa, a fairy. The Rákshasa is a spirit or demon who appears to be of various descriptions. As a kind of Titan, or enemy of the gods, he assumes a gigantic superhuman form, after the manner of Rávana and others. He is sometimes represented as the guardian (যোকঃ) of the treasure of Kuvera, the god of wealth; and sometimes as a cannibal imp or goblin, haunting cemeteries, devouring human beings, impeding sacrifices, and disturbing religious people in their devotions. In this last character the Rákshasas appear to have waged continual war with men, as the Daityas or Dánavas did with the gods.

रामं acc. sin. of राम m. affection, love.

रागो for रागस् nom. sin. m. passion, 1st cl. 103.

राजंस for राजन् O king; voc. sin., q. v.

राजते shines; 3d sin. pres. átm. of rt राज् 1st cl. 261.

राजन् O king; voc. sin. of राजन् m. a king, 149. In the Mahá-bhárata राजन्in the vocative is often applied to Yudhishthira, the eldest of the Pándu princes, to whom the sage Vrihadasva relates the story of Nala.

राजन O king; voc. sin. for राजन by 52.

राजपुतं acc. sin. m. of राजपुत m. a prince, a king's son.

যোজ্যবাষ্ nom. pl. of যোজ্যব m. a king's son, a prince; (from যোজ for যোজন্ a king,57.b, and মুবাষ্ nom. pl. of মুব m. a son, 743.)

राजपुतीं acc. sin. of राजपुती f. a princess, a king's daughter; (comp. of राजfor राजन a king, 57. b, and पुती f. a daughter.)

राजप्रेषेर TAT. OR DEP. COMP. 743; राज for राजन (57. b) a king, प्रेष्ट ins. pl. of प्रेष m. a servant, messenger.

राजभिक्तपुरस्कृत: Тат. он Dep. comp. 740; राज for राजन (57. b) cr. king, भिक्त cr. devotion to, loyalty, पुरस्कृत preceded by, placed in front, adorned.

राजभायों TAT. OR DEP. COMP. 743; राज for राजन् cr. a king, 57, भायों acc. sin. of भाया f. a wife, 1st cl. 105.

राजनाता nom. sin. f. the royal mother, the mother of the king, queen-mother; (comp. of राज for राजन cr. a king, 57, and माता nom. sin. of मातृ 129, 743.)

राजमातुर gen. sin. f. of the royal mother. See last.

राजमातेदम् for राजमाता इदम् by 32.

राजमागी: nom. pl. m. the royal roads or streets; (from राज for राजन् a king, 57, and मार्गे m. a road.)

राजवेभस्य gen. sin. of राजवेभ m. the chief of kings, see 758.

राजवेशनत: TAT. OR DEP. COMP. 743; राज for राजन् (57) cr. the king, वेशमन: gen. sin. of वेशमन् n. a house, a dwelling, 6th cl. 152.

राजवेड्मान loc. sin. n. in the palace of the king. See last.

राजशादूँल voc. sin. m. O great king; (lit. O tiger of a king, from राज for राजन 57. b, and शादूँल a tiger, see 758.)

राजसिनिति TAT. or DEP. comp. 743; राज for राजन (57) cr. a king, सिनिति acc. sin. of सिनिति f. assembly, congress, 2d cl. 112.

राजमु among kings; loc. pl. m. of राजन् m. a king, 148.

राजस्याश्वमेधानां Dvan. or Agg. comp. 748; राजस्य cr. a royal sacrifice, performed only by a universal monarch, खश्चमेधानां gen. pl. of सन्त्रमेध the Asvamedha or horse-sacrifice, see note under सम्प्रमेधन. Great sacrifices were per-

formed by kings in celebration of auspicious events, especially after marriage, in the hope of securing issue, when largesses (दिश्या) were distributed to the Bráhmans and officiating priests.

राजा nom. sin. of राजन m. a king, 148.

राजानं acc. sin. of राजन् m. a king, 148.

रानान: nom. pl. of रानन् m. a king.

राजानो for राजानस nom. pl. m. kings, 148. राजापसद voc. sin. O fallen king, O degraded king; (comp. of राज for राजन् a king, 57. b, and अपसद m. an outcast.)

रानेन्द्र voc. sin. m. O chief of kings; (comp. of रान for रानन् 57. b, 148, and इन्द्र chief.)

राजेन्द्रो nom. sin. m. chief of kings.

राज: gen. sin. of राजन m. a king, 148.

राज्ञ gen. sin. of राजन m. a king, 148.

राज्ञस gen. sin. of राजन m. a king, 148.

राज्ञा ins. sin. of राजन m. a king, 148.

राज्ञां gen. pl. of राजन m. a king.

राज्ञि voc. sin. of राज्ञी f. a queen.

राज्ञी nom. sin. f. a queen.

राज्ञे dat. sin. of राजन् m. a king, 148.

राज्ञो for राज्ञस् gen. sin. m. of a king.

राज्यं nom. or acc. sin. of राज्य n. a kingdom.

राज्यपरिश्वष्ट: Tat. or Dep. comp. 742; राज्य cr. kingdom, परिश्वष्ट: nom. sin. m. fallen from, deprived of; past p.p. of rt श्रेश 544.a.

राज्यान् (for राज्यात् by 47) abl. sin. of राज्यं n. a kingdom, 1st cl. 104.

राज्यापहरणं Tat. or Dep. comp. 743; राज्य er. kingdom, अपहरणं acc. sin. of अपहरण n. taking away, deprivation.

राज्येन ins. sin. of राज्य n. a kingdom.

एातिं acc. sin. of एाति f. the night.

पांतिर nom. sin. of पांति f. the night.

राहुग्रस्तिशाकराम् BAH. OR REL. COMP. 761; राहु cr. Ráhu, a demon with the tail of a dragon, who was translated to the stellar sphere, and became the author of eclipses by occasionally swallowing the

sun and moon; यस्त cr. seized, swallowed; निशाकराम् acc. sin. f. from निशाकरm. the moon, 108. The origin of the hostility of Ráhu to the sun and moon is this. When the gods were drinking the amrita (see note under अमृतोपमां) produced at the churning of the ocean, Ráhu, a demon, assumed the form of a god, and began to drink also, when the sun and moon, in friendship to the gods, revealed the deceit. His head was then cut off by Vishnu, but being immortal by having tasted the amrit, the head and tail retained their separate existence, and were transferred to the sky. The head became the cause of eclipses by its animosity to the sun and moon, and the tail became Ketu or the descending node. Compare Málati-Mádhava (p. 115, Wilson): '-and now thou fall'st a prey to death, like the full moon to Ráhu's jaws consigned.'

रिपुनिपातिनम् TAT. OR DEP. COMP. 743; रिपु cr. an enemy, निपातिनम् acc. sin. m. of निपातिन् m. f. n. causing to fall, a destroyer, agt. of rt पत् in caus. 582. a.

हिचरानना BAH. OR REL. COMP. 766; हिचर cr. beautiful, sweet, स्नानना nom. sin. f. from स्नानन n. face, 1st cl. 108.

হবিষ্যান্ত্রণ having beautiful eyes, (lit. the outer corners of whose eyes were beautiful,) BAH. OR REL. COMP. 766; হবিং cr. beautiful, স্ব্যান্ত্রণ acc. sin. f. from স্ব্যান্ত্র n. the outer corner of the eye, 1st cl. 108.

ह्दती nom. sin. f. of हृदत् m. f. n. weeping, crying; pres. p. par. of rt हृद् 524, 141. c.

हदतीं acc. sin. f. of हदत् m. f. n. weeping; pres. p. par. of rt हद्द 524, see also 141. c.

रूदत्यथ for रूदती अथ by 34.

हदना acc. sin. f. of हदत् m. f. n. weeping; pres. p. par. of rt हद 524. The more usual form is हदतीं.

हदन्याः gen. sin.f. of हदत् m.f.n. weeping; pres. p. par. of rt हद् 524.

हदन्यो nom.du.f.of हदत् m.f.n. weeping, 524. हदिते he or she weeps; 3d sin. pres. átm.

(more usually par.) of rt \( \bar{\xi} \) 2d cl. 653.

रुदित्वा having wept; past ind.p.ofrt रुद् 556.

हद्रा for हद्रास nom. pl. of हद्र m. a Rudra, one of a group of semi-divine beings, (eight in number,) usually regarded as manifestations of Siva, but in the earlier ages of Hindú mythology connected with the worship of Váyu or the wind. The eight Rudras are thus enumerated in the Vishnu Purána (p. 58),-Rudra, Bhava, Sarva, Iśána, Paśupati, Bhíma, Ugra, Mahádeva, most of which are merely other names for S'iva. 'Brahmá assigned to them as their respective stations, the sun, water, earth, air, fire, ether, the ministering Bráhman, and the moon.' These are their types or representatives in this world. See the opening verse of S'akuntalá. In other places the Rudras are described as eleven in number, and as children of Kasyapa and Surabhi.

हरोद he or she wept; 3d sin. perf. of rt हद्द 364, 653.

रुपान्विता nom. sin. f. filled with anger, full of wrath; (from रूपा cr. anger, rage, and अन्वित m. f. n. possessed with.)

EU n. form, figure, beauty, 1st cl. 104.

रूपं nom. or acc. sin. of रूप n. form.

हपतः for रूपतस् ind. in form; (from रूप with affix तस्.)

रूपमात्रवियोजितः TAT. OR DEP. COMP. 740; रूप cr. form, मात्र merely, only, वियोजितः nom. sin. m. deprived of, separated from.

रुपवती nom. sin. f. of रूपवत् m. f. n. beautiful, endowed with (a beautiful) form, ist cl. 105; see 140. b.

हिपवान् nom. sin. m. of हिपवत् m. f. n. possessed of (a beautiful) form, 140.

er. form, figure, सम्पदा ins. sin. of सम्पद f. perfection, excellence, 5th cl. 136. रुपसम्पन्ना TAT. OR DEP. COMP. 740; रूप cr. beauty, सम्पन्ना nom. sin. f. of सम्पन्न m. f. n. endowed with, past p. p. of rt पद with prep. सम्, 540.

Eq loc. sin. of Eq n. form.

रूपेण ins. sin. of रूप n. form, shape, beauty. रूपेणाप्रतिमाम for रूपेण स्प्रतिमाम by 31.

रूपेणाप्रतिमेन for रूपेण अप्रतिमेन by 31.

रुपौदार्यगुणोपेताम् Complex comp. 771; रूप cr. beauty, सौदार्य cr. generosity, गुण cr. quality, उपेताम् acc. sin. f. of उपेत m. f. n. endowed with.

रेमे he enjoyed bliss, he took pleasure; 3d sin. perf. átm. of rt रम्, see 375. a.

रोदिति he or she weeps; 3d sin. pres. of rt रह 2d cl. 322.

रोदिमि I weep for, I sorrow for; 1st sin. pres. रोमहर्षेश् nom. sin. m. erection of the hair of the body, either from a thrill of horror or delight; (रोम hair, and हर्षे q. v.)

रोपतासाञ्चस् BAH. OR REL. COMP. 766; रोप cr. anger, तास cr. red, coppery, अञ्चस् nom. sin. of अञ्च m. for अञ्च the eye, see 778.

रोहिसी nom. sin. f. the fourth Lunar asterism personified as the moon's favourite wife, the moon being always a male deity in Hindú mythology.

रौद्रो for रौद्रम् nom. sin. of रौद्र m. f. n. fierce, ferocious.

## ਲ.

लक्षणेर् for लक्षणेस् ins. pl. of लक्षण n. a mark, a spot, a characteristic.

लक्षणेश ins. pl. of लक्षण n. a mark, indication.

লক্ষ্ম observe thou, take note of; 2d sin. imp. of rt লঘ্ম 10th cl. 283.

लक्ष्यनती nom. sin. f. of लक्ष्यत् m. f. n. observing; pres. p. of rt लक्ष्य 10th cl. 524.

लक्षियांचा having observed or noticed; past ind. p. of rt लक्ष 10th cl. 558.

लक्ष्ये I observe, I see; 1st sin. pres. átm. of rt लख् 10th cl. 283.

लिस्ति nom.sin.n. of लिखित m.f.n. observed, perceived; past p. p. of rt लख 538.

लिखात: nom. sin. m. of लिखात m.f. n. seen, observed.

लिखाताnom.sin.f.of लिखत m.f.n. perceived. लिखातेयं for लिखाता इयं by 32.

लिखितों for लिखितस् nom. sin. m. of लिखित m.f.n. seen, perceived; past p.p. of rt लख.

लक्ष्म्या ins. sin. of लक्ष्मी f. fortune, the goddess of fortune, 124; see note under श्री.

लक्षते he or it is perceived or seen; 3d sin. pres. of rt लख in pass. 463.

लघुश् nom. sin. m. of लघु m. f. n. light, of little weight, 187.

लज्जां acc: sin. of लज्जा f. shame, modesty. लज्जावसो nom. pl. of लज्जावतो f. bashful, filled with shame, 1st cl. 106, see 140.

लअवान् nom. sin. m. of लअवन् m. f. n. he obtained; past act. p. of rt लभ् 553.

লভ্ৰা having received, having obtained, having regained; pastind.p.ofrt লেশ্ 556.

ਲਮਜੇ they receive, they take, they undertake (?); 3d pl. pres. átm. of ਲਮ੍.

ਲਲਾਟੇ loc. sin. of ਲਲਾਟ n. the forehead.

लाघवं nom. or acc. sin. n. lightness, contempt, disrespect.

लाभाय dat. sin. of लाभ m. gain, see 811.

लिङ्गधारणे Тат. or Dep. comp. 743; लिङ्ग cr. mark, badge, characteristic, धारणे loc. sin. of धारण n. bearing, holding, possessing, wearing, 1st cl. 104.

লিঙ্গানি nom. or acc. pl. of লিঙ্গ n. a sign, a mark, characteristic, attribute, 1st cl. 104. নুমনা nom. sin. of নুমন m. a hunter.

लेखा nom. sin. f. a streak, a line, a digit (of the moon).

ਲੇਮੇ he recovered; 3d sin. perf. átm. of rt ਲਮ੍ 375. a.

लोक m. the world, people, mankind, 1st cl. 103.

लोककानाम् acc. sin. f. loved by the world, dear to all mankind; (comp. of लोक cr. the world, and काना beloved.)

लोक कृताम् gen. pl. of लोक कृत् m. creator of the world or worlds; (comp. of लोक the world, and कृत् 580.)

लोकपाल m. guardian of the world, 1st cl.
103; (comp. of लोक the world, and पाल
guardian, 743.) The guardians of the
world are the eight deities next below
the Hindú Triad. They are, 1. Indra;
2. Agni or fire; 3. Súrya, the sun; 4. Ćandra, the moon; 5. Pavana, the wind; 6.
Yama, the god of justice and lord of the
infernal regions; 7. Varuṇa, the god of
water; and 8. Kuvera, the god of wealth.
In the Nala only four are introduced, viz.
Indra, Agni, Varuṇa, and Yama. See
Hindú Theatre I. 219.

लोकपालसमे Anom. comp. 777; लोकपाल er., see last, समे loc. sin. m. of सम m.f. n. like, resembling, 1st cl. 187.

लोकपाला for लोकपालास् nom. pl. m. guardians of the world. See लोकपाल.

लोकपालाः nom. pl. m. guardians of the world. लोकपालानां gen. pl. m. of the guardians of the world.

लोकपालाश्वाका.pl.m.guardians of the world. लोकपालास् nom.pl.m.guardians of the world.

लोकपालेषु loc. pl. of लोकपाल, q. v. लोकस्य gen. sin. of लोक m. the world.

लोकान् acc. pl. of लोक m. the world.

लोको loc. sin. of लोक m. the world.

लोकेषु loc. pl. of लोक m. the world.

लोको for लोकस् nom. sin. of लोक m. the world.

लोचने nom. du. of लोचन n. the eye.

लोभाच् for लोभात् abl. sin. of लोभ m. eager desire.

लोभोपहतचेतस: nom. pl. m. having minds perverted by covetousness; (लोभ, उपहत, चेतस, Ван. ок Rel. comp. 767.)

ਨੀੲਮਿ: ins. pl. of ਨੀੲਜ੍ m. n. a clod, lump of earth, 6th cl. 147.

## व.

वंशभोज्यं nom. sin. n. to be possessed by a family, hereditary; (comp. of वंश cr. a family, and भोज्य to be enjoyed, 740.)

वः for वस् (same as युष्मान् or युष्माकं) you, of you; acc. or gen. pl. of त्वत् 219.

वस्र्यं nom. sin. n. of वस्रय m.f. n. to be said, to be spoken; fut. pass. p. of rt वच 569.

वक्तुं to speak, to say; inf. of rt वच 459, 650.

वर्त्तो acc. sin. of वर्त्ता n. the face, the mouth.

वद्यमि loc. sin. of वद्यम् n. the breast. वस्यिन they will bear, they will carry; 3d pl. 2d fut. of rt वह 414.

वस्यसिthou shalt say; 2d sin. 2d fut. of rt चच् वच: for वचस् nom. or acc. sin. of वचस् n.

यचनं nom. or acc. sin. of यचन n. word, speech, 1st cl. 104.

speech, word, 7th cl. 164.

वचनात् for वचनात् abl. sin. of वचन n. order, injunction, ist cl. 104.

वचने loc. sin. of वचन n. a word, 1st cl. 104. वचस् nom. or acc. sin. of वचस् n. speech, 7th cl. 164.

वचो for वचस nom. or acc. sin. of वचस n. speech.

वत interj. Ah! Oh! Alas!

वस्पिस thou shalt dwell; 2d sin. 2d fut. of rt वस् 607.

वत्सामि I will dwell; 1st sin. 2d fut. of rt वस् 607, 304. a.

वत्साम्यहमसंश्यं for वत्सामि छहम् छसंश्यं by 34.

बद say thou, tell thou; 2d sin. imp. of rt बद्ध 1st cl. 599.

वदित he speaks, he describes; 3d sin. pres. of rt वद.

वद्रीविख्यसञ्ज्ञनं Complex comp.771; वद्री cr. the jujube, a kind of tree or plant, विस्त cr. the vilva or bel-tree, सञ्चनं acc. sin. n. of सञ्चन m. f. n. covered, concealed; past p. p. of rt छह with सं, 540.

बदस्ब speak thou; 2d sin. imp. átm. of rt बद्घ 1st cl. 599.

विद्यानि they will speak; 3d pl. 2d fut. of rt चद्

वदेह for वदेत he or she may speak; 3d sin. pot. of rt वह 1st cl. 599.

वन for चने loc. sin. of चन n. a wood, see 36.

वनं nom. or acc. sin. of चन n. a wood.

वनगजान् KARM. or Des. comp. 755; वन cr. a wood, a forest, गजान् acc. pl. of गज m. an elephant.

वनगुल्मांश् for वनगुल्मान् (53) TAT.OR DEP. comp. 743; वन cr. the forest, गुल्मान् acc. pl. of गुल्म m. a bush, a shrub.

वनपन्नगान् TAT. OR DEP. COMP. 743; वन cr. wood, पन्नगान् acc. pl. of पन्नग m. a snake, 1st cl. 103.

वनस्थमा ins. sin. f. of वनस्थ m. f. n. staying in the wood, a forester; (from वन cr. a wood, and स्थ staying, 580. b.)

वनस्यास्य for वनस्य अस्य by 31.

वनानि acc. pl. of वन n. a wood.

वनानारे TAT. OR DEP. COMP. 743; वन cr. wood, अनारे loc. sin. of अनार n. midst, middle space, other, 1st cl. 104.

वने loc. sin. of वन n. a wood.

वनेषु loc. pl. of वन n. a wood, 1st cl. 104. वनेषूपवनेषु for वनेषु उपवनेषु by 31.

वनोड़नै: ins. pl. of वनोड़न m. that which is produced in a forest, a tree, bough, bush, &c.; (comp. of नन, q.v., and उड़न produced.)

वपु: nom. or acc. sin. of वपुस् n. body, form, 165. a.

वपुमेलसमाचितम् TAT. OR DEP. COMP. 745; वपुस् cr. the body, 65, मल cr. dirt, समा-चितम् nom. sin. n. covered over.

वपुषा ins. sin. of वपुस n. form, body, figure, 7th cl. 165. a.

वयं we; nom. pl. of अस्मत्, q. v.

वयः for वयस् nom. sin. n. age.

वय: प्रनाणं TAT. OR DEP. COMP. 743; वय: cr. age, प्रमाणं nom. sin. n. measure, quantity, length, proof.

वयस् nom. sin. n. age, period of life, 164.

वयसा ins. sin. of वयस् n. age, time of life, 7th cl. 164.

वयसि loc. sin. of वयस् n. age, period of life. वरं acc. sin. of वर् m. a boon, a gift, 1st cl. 103.

यरः nom. sin. m. of यर m. f. n. best, most excellent, 1st cl. 103, see 187.

यरनारीणां KARM. OR DES. COMP. 755; यर cr. best, most excellent, नारीणाम् gen. pl. of नारी f. a woman, 1st cl. 106.

वास choose thou; 2d sin. imp. par. of rt वृ in caus. with sense of the simple verb, 675.

वरयस choose thou; 2d sin. imp. átm. of rt वृ in caus. with sense of the simple verb, 675; there is also a root वर 10th cl.

वरयामास he or she chose; 3d sin. perf. of rt वृ 10th cl. 283.

वरियम्पित he or she will choose; 3d sin. 2d fut. of rt वृ 10th cl. 283.

वरियणामि I will choose; 1st sin. 2d fut. par. of rt न, see 283.

वरियमे I will choose; 1st sin. 2d fut. átm. of rt वृ 10th cl. 283.

वर्षेत् she would choose; 3d sin. par. of rt वृ 10th cl. 283.

वरपेद for वरपेत् he or she may choose.

वरवर्शिन O excellent lady; voc. sin. of वरवर्शिनी f. an excellent or beautiful woman, 1st cl. 106.

चरवर्णिनी nom. sin. f. an excellent woman; (वर best, and वर्ण class, caste, colour, with affix इन.)

वरवर्णिनों acc. sin. f. an excellent or lovely woman.

वरिस्त्रय: nom.pl.f. excellent women; (comp. of वर excellent, and स्त्रो 123.b.)

वराङ्गना Karm. or Des. comp. 755; वर

cr. excellent, best, অন্নৰা nom. sin. f. a woman, see 743. b.

वराङ्गनाः nom. pl. f. best of women, 743. b.

वरान् acc. pl. of वर m. a blessing, a gift, a boon, 1st cl. 103.

वरारोहा nom. sin. f. an elegant or graceful woman; (comp. of वर excellent, and आरोह waist or hip.)

वरारोहां acc. sin. of वरारोहा f. a beautiful woman.

वराहांश् for वराहान् acc. pl. of वराह m. a hog, a boar, 1st cl. 103.

विष्णित he or she will choose; 3d sin. 2d fut. of rt व 398.

वहणं acc. sin. of वहण Varuna. See next.

वहणों for वहणस् nom. sin. of वहण m. Varuna, the god of the waters. In the later mythology he is a kind of Hindú Neptune. He is regent of the west, and lord of punishment, in which latter capacity he resembles Yama, and, like him, holds a snaky cord or noose with which he binds incorrigible offenders under the water. His váhana or vehicle is the fabulous fish called Makara.

वर्षेखिनी nom. sin. f. of वर्षेखिन् m. f. n. bright, brilliant, 6th cl. 159.

वर्जितं nom. sin. n. of वर्जित m. f. n. deprived of, destitute of, (governing instrumental case.)

वर्जिताँल् for वर्जितान् (by 56) acc. pl. m. of वर्जित m.f. n. free from, destitute of, void of.

वर्षमानेषु loc. pl. of वर्षमान being extolled, being described; pres.p. pass. of rt वर्षे 528.

वर्ततां let it abide, let it remain, let it proceed; 3d sin. imp. átm. of rt वृत् 1st cl. 598.

वर्तने he lives or exists, he abides; 3d sin. pres. átm. of rt वृत्त 1st cl. 598.

वर्तमाने loc. sin. m. of वर्तमान m. f. n. existing, taking place, going on, extant; pres. p. átm. of rt वृत् 598.

वर्तेयन् nom. sin. m. of वर्तेयत् m. f. n. sup-

porting existence; pres. p. par. of rt 71 in caus. 598, 525.

वर्तेयामास he lived, he passed (his days); 3d sin. perf. of rt वृत् in caus. 490.

वर्धयसि thou dost increase, thou augmentest; 2d sin. pres. of rt वृथ in caus. 481.

वर्धयस्यमरोपम for वर्धयसि स्नमरोपम by 34. वर्षायुतं acc. sin. n. for ten thousand years; (comp. of वर्ष a year, and स्रयुत n. ten thousand.)

वर्षे loc. sin. of वर्षे m. n. year, 1st cl. 103.

वस्कलाजिनसंवीतेर Complex comp. 771; वस्कल cr. bark, अजिन cr. a skin, a hide, संवीतेर ins. pl. of संवीत m.f. n. clothed.

वयन्दे he or she saluted; 3d sin. perf. átm. of rt वन्द् 364.

वन्धे it increased, he increased; 3d sin. perf. átm. of rt नृध् 364.

वर्गों he or it blew; 3d sin. perf. of rt वा 373. वर्ग acc. sin. of वज्ञ m. power, influence.

वश्वितन: acc. pl. m. of वश्वितन् m. f. n. obedient, submissive to authority, acting in obedience to (another's) will; (from वश will, authority, and वितन् behaving, being, abiding in.)

विशिष्टभृग्वितसमेस like to Vasishtha, Bhrigu, and Atri, Complex comp. 771; विशिष्ठ cr. Vasishtha, भृग्व for भृगु (34) cr. Bhrigu, खित cr. Atri, समेस ins. pl. m. of सम m. f. n. equal to, like. Vasishtha, Bhrigu, and Atri are three of the great saints or sages called Prajapatis or Brahmádikas, that is, mind-born sons of Brahmá. They belong to the highest order of saints, and are also called Brahmarshis. They are variously described as seven, nine, ten, and even twenty-one in number. See Vishņu Purana, p. 49.

वस् of you; gen. pl. (= युष्माकं) 219.

वस dwell thou; 2d sin. imp. of rt वस् 1st cl. 607.

वसतस् they two dwell; 3d श्रेu. pres. of rt वस् 1st cl. 607.

वसित he or she dwells; 3d sin. pres. of rt वस् वसती nom. sin. f. of वसत् m. f. n. dwelling; pres. p. of rt वस् 524.

यसतो gen. sin. of यसत् m.f.n. dwelling, residing; pres. p. of rt यस्.

वसत्यनहेंस् for वसति सनहेंस् by 34.

वसयो nom. pl. of वसु m. a Vasu, a name of eight semi-divine beings, personifications of natural phenomena, whose names are variously enumerated. In the Vishnu Purána (p. 120, Wilson) they are thus given: 1. Apa, water, or according to others Ahar, day; 2. Dhruva, the Polestar; 3. Soma, the moon; 4. Dava, fire; 5. Anila, the wind; 6. Anala or Pávaka, fire; 7. Pratyúsha, dawn; 8. Prabhása, light. They are represented as always attendant on their leader Fire, and in their relationship to this deity and to the worship of the Sun and Light, seem to belong to the Vedic period of Hindú mythology.

वसस्व dwell thou; 2d sin. imp. átm. of rt वस् 1st cl. 607.

बसु nom. or acc. sin. n. wealth, property, substance, 3d cl. 114.

वसुधां acc. sin. of वसुधा f. the earth, 1 st cl. 105. वसुधाधिप O lord of the earth; (from वसुधा the earth, and अधिप m. a lord.)

वसुधाधिषं acc. sin. m. sovereign of the earth.

वसुन्धरा nom. sin. f. the earth.

वसुन्धरां acc. sin. of वसुन्धरां f. the earth. वसुसम्पूर्णां TAT. OR DEP. COMP. 740; वसु cr. wealth, सम्पूर्णां acc. sin. f. of सम्पूर्ण m. f. n. filled with, 1st cl. 105.

वसूनि acc. pl. of वसु n. wealth, substance, 3d cl. 114.

चसेतां irregularly for अवसेतां they two dwelt; 3d du. impf. átm. of rt वस् वसेतां may also be the 3d du. pot. par.

वस्तं to dwell; inf. of rt वस 607, 459.

वस्त्रं acc. sin. n. of वस्त्र n. a garment.

यस्त्रान्ते TAT. OR DEP. COMP. 743; यस्त्र cr. garment, अने loc. sin. of अन n. end, 1st cl. 104.

यस्त्राधं acc. sin. n. the half of a garment; (comp. of यस्त्र cr. a garment, and अर्थ n. half.)

वस्त्रार्धमावृताम् TAT. OR DEP. COMP. 745; वस्त्र cr. garment, अर्थ cr. half, प्रावृताम् acc. sin. f. of प्रावृत m. f. n. covered.

वस्त्रार्थसंवीता Tat. or Dep. comp. 745; वस्त्र cr. garment, अर्थ cr. half, संवीता nom. sin. f. of संवीत m. f. n. clothed.

वस्त्रार्थसंवृता TAT. OR DEP. COMP. 745; वस्त्र cr. a garment, सर्थ cr. half, संवृता nom. sin. f. of संवृत m. f. n. clothed.

वस्त्रार्थस्य of half (her) garment; (from वस्त्र cr., q.v., and अर्थस्य gen. sin. of अर्थ n. half, 743.)

वस्त्रार्थस्यावकर्तनं for वस्त्रार्थस्य अवकर्तनं by 31.

वस्त्रार्धेन ins. sin. n. See वस्त्रार्धे.

यस्त्रार्थेनाभिसंवृता for यस्त्रार्थेन स्त्रिभंतृता by 31.

यस्त्रावकोर्तन TAT. OR DEP. COMP. 743; वस्त्र cr. a garment, अवकोन ins. sin. of अवको m. a part cut off, a strip, a fragment.

यहित he or it flows or is borne onwards; 3d sin. pres. of rt यह 1st cl. 261.

वहतो acc. pl. m. of यहत् m. f. n. bearing, conveying; pres. p. of rt वह 524.

वा ind. or, 728.

याकं acc. sin. of वाका n. speech, words, ist cl. 104.

वाक्यानि acc. pl. of वाक्य n. speech, words.

वाक्ये loc. sin. of वाक्य n. speech, words.

वाक्येन ins. sin. of वाक्य n. speech, words.

वाग्भिर ins. pl. of वाच f. a word, 176.

वाम्मी nom. sin. m. of वारिमन् m. f. n. eloquent, 6th cl. 159.

वाच f. speech, a word, words, 8th cl. 176.

वाचं acc. sin. of वाच f. a speech, a word. याचा ins. sin. of वाच f. speech, a word, 176.

वाचो for वाचस् acc. pl. of वाच् f. speech.

वाजिनाम् gen. pl. of वाजिन् m. a horse, 159.

বাস্ক্রনি he wishes, he desires; 3d sin. pres. of rt বাস্ক্ 1st cl. 261.

বাস্ক্রমি thou desirest, thou wishest; 2d sin. pres. of rt বাস্ক্.

वाढं ind. very well; (particle of assent.)

वातजवैर ins. pl. m. fleet as the wind; (comp. of वात cr. the wind, जवैर ins. pl. of जव fleet.)

वातरंहस: BAH. or Rel. comp. 761; वात cr. the wind, रहस: acc. pl. m. from रहस् n. speed, velocity, 164. a.

वाय for वा अथ by 31.

वान्यत for वा जन्यत by 31.

वापीश् acc. pl. of वापी f. a pool, 1st cl. 106. वामलोचना BAH. or Rel. comp. 766; वाम cr. beautiful, लोचना nom. sin. f. from लोचन n. an eye.

वायुना ins. sin. of वायु m. the wind, 110.

वायुभक्षेश् for वायुभक्षेस् ins. pl. of वायुभक्ष m.f.n. living on air; (comp. of वायु cr. air, and भक्षेश् ins. pl. of भक्ष feeding on.)

वायुर् for वायुस् nom. sin. of वायु m. the wind, the air, 3d cl. 110.

वायौ loc. sin. of वायु m. the wind, 110.

वारणाः nom. pl. of वारण m. an elephant.

चारियत्वा having driven off, having expelled, having prohibited; past ind. p. of rt व in caus. 558.

वारि nom. sin. n. water, tears, 2d cl. 114. वारिणा ins. sin. of वारि n. water, moisture, tears.

वार्षोप voc. sin. m. O Várshṇeya! O descendant of Vṛishṇi! name of Nala's charioteer, also a name of Kṛishṇa. (Vṛishṇi, son of Madhu, of the family of Yadu, was the ancestor of Kṛishṇa.)

वाणींयं acc. sin. m. Várshņeya, Nala's charioteer.

वार्ष्णियजीवली nom. du. m. Várshneya and Jívala, DVAN. OR AGG. COMP. 751.

वार्षोयश् nom. sin. m. Várshneya.

वार्ष्णियसहिते TAT. OR DEP. COMP. 740; वार्ष्णिय cr. Várshneya, सहिते loc. sin. of सहित m. f. n. accompanied by.

वार्षोयसारिष: BAH. OR REL. COMP. 761; वार्षोय cr. Várshneya, सारिष: nom. sin. n. a charioteer.

वार्षोये loc. sin. of वार्षोय m. Várshneya. वार्षोयेन ins. sin. of वार्षोय m. Várshneya.

वार्षोयो for वार्षोयस् nom. sin. m. Várshneya.

वाज्ञतीम acc. sin. f. of वाज्ञत m. f. n. screaming, crying; pres. p. of rt वाज्ञ 1st cl. 524. This root more usually belongs to the 4th cl.

वाष्पं acc. sin. of वाष्प m. tears.

वाष्पकलया Tat. or Dep. comp. 740; वाष्प cr. tears, suppressed tears, कलया ins. sin. f. of कल m. f. n. low in tone, 1st cl. 105.

वाष्पसन्दिग्धया TAT. OR DEP. COMP. 740; वाष्प cr. tears, suppressed tears, सन्दिग्धया ins. sin. f. of सन्दिग्ध m. f. n. doubtful, indistinct.

वाप्पाकुलां TAT. OR DEP. COMP. 740; वाप्प cr.tears, moisture of the eye, साकुलां acc. sin.f. of साकुल m.f.n.confused, 1st cl. 105.

वाष्पेण ins. sin. of वाष्प m. tears, (only used in the singular.)

वाष्पेणापिहिता for वाष्पेण ऋपिहिता by 31. वासञ् for वासस् (62) acc. sin. of वासस् n. a garment, 7th cl. 164.

वाससञ्ज्ञा for वाससस् of the garment; gen. sin. of वासस् n. a garment.

वाससा ins. sin. of वासस् n. a garment, vest. वाससां gen. pl. of वासस् n. a garment.

वाससान्छनः for वाससा आन्छनः by 31.

वाससो for वाससम् gen. sin. of वासस् n. a garment, dress, 7th cl. 164.

वासांसि acc. pl. of वासस् n. clothes, a garment, 164.

वासो for वासस् nom. sin. of वास m. dwelling, abode.

वासो for वासस् acc. sin. n. a garment.

वासोयुगं acc. sin. n. a pair of garments; (comp. of वासो for वासस् n. a garment, and युग a pair, a couple, 743.) The dress of a Hindú consists of two pieces of cloth, one, the lower garment, fastened round the waist, and one, the upper garment, thrown loosely and gracefully over the shoulders.

वाहने loc. sin. of वाहन n. the act of driving (horses &c.); lit. causing to carry or draw.

वाहिना ins. sin. of वाहिन् m. a vehicle, a chariot, 6th cl. 159.

वाहुक voc. sin. of वाहुक m. Váhuka, name of a charioteer.

वाहकं acc. sin. m. Váhuka. See last.

चाहुकछिमिनं acc. sin. m. in the disguise of Váhuka; (from चाहुक Váhuka, and छिमिन् m. f. n. possessed of a disguise, 159.)

वाहुक रूपिण म् acc. sin. m. in the form of Váhuka; (comp. of वाहुक, and रूपिन् having a form, 85. VI, 159.)

वाहुकस्य gen. sin. of वाहुक m. Váhuka. याहके loc. sin. of वाहुक m. Váhuka.

वाह्कन ins. sin. of वाह्क m. Váhuka.

वाहुको for वाहुकस् nom. sin. m. Váhuka.

वासनः for वासनस् (63) ind. outside, out-of-doors, 719. b.

fa prep. implying disjunction, distinction, dispersion, &c.

विंश्रातितमः nom. sin. m. twentieth, 211.

বিকাটা nom. sin. of বিকাট m. f. n. without a mat (to rest on); (from বি 726. e, and কাট m. a mat made of grass or straw.)

विकम्पितुम् to hesitate, to shrink, to waver; inf. of rt कम्प् with वि.

विकतेयं I may cut off; 1st sin. pot. of rt कृत with वि, here used as a verb of the 1st cl., but properly of the 6th cl., see 281. विकारं acc.sin. of विकार m. emotion, feeling. विकृतं acc. sin. m. of विकृत m. f. n. changed in form, deformed; past p. p. of rt कृ with वि, 532.

विकृताकारा BAH. OR REL. COMP. 767; विकृत cr. distorted, mis-shaped, आकारा nom. sin. f. from आकार m. form, shape.

विकृतो for विकृतस् nom. sin. m. of विकृत m. f. n. deformed.

विकोषं acc. sin. m. of विकोष m. f. n. unsheathed; (from चि 726. e, and कोष m. a sheath, a scabbard.)

विक्रान voc. sin. m. of चिक्रान m. f. n. valiant. चिक्रानः nom. sin. of चिक्रान m. f. n. valiant, brave.

विख्यातां acc. sin. f. of विख्यात m. f. n. called, named, known as; past p. p. of rt ख्या with वि, 530.

विख्यातो for विख्यातस् nom. sin. of विख्यात m. f. n. celebrated.

विगणयन nom. sin. m. of विगणयत् m. f. n. weighing, pondering, thinking on; pres. p. of rt गण with वि, 10th cl. 525.

विगतचरम् BAH. OR REL. COMP. 767; विगत cr. freed from, चरम् acc. sin. of जर m. trouble, feverishness, distress of mind.

चिगतसङ्कल्या for चिगतसङ्कल्यास् BAH. OR REL. COMP. 767; चिगत cr. devoid of, सङ्कल्यास् nom. pl. of सङ्कल्या m. purpose, resolution, design, 1st cl. 103.

चिम्नं acc.sin.of चिम्नm.an obstacle, a difficulty.
चिम्नकर्तृणाम् gen.pl. of चिम्नकर्ताm. the causer of obstacles; (comp. of चिम्न cr. an obstacle, and कर्तृ a doer, 4th cl. 127.) The deity Ganesa is worshipped at the commencement of all undertakings as both creating and removing obstacles.

विचरतां of them roaming or flying about; gen. pl. m. of विचरत्. See विचरत्.

विचरित he or she roams about; 3d sin. pres. of rt चर् with वि, 1st cl. 261.

विचरत्येका for विचरति एका by 34.

विचरन् nom.sin.m. of विचरत्m.f.n. roaming about; pres. p. par. of rt चर् with वि, 524.

বিষয়েদি I wander about; 1st sin. pres. of rt ৰহ with বি, 1st cl. 261.

विचरामीह for विचरामि इह by 31.

विचरितं acc. sin. of विचरित n. wandering, roaming.

বিবলিন্দ্ to move; inf. of rt বল্ with বি, 459.

विचारणा nom. sin. f. doubt, hesitation.

विचार्य having deliberated, having considered, having debated; past ind. p. of rt चर्in caus. with वि, 566.

विचित्तमास्याभरणेर् for विचित्तमास्याभरणेम् Complex comp. 771; विचित्त cr. variegated, मास्य cr. garland, साभरणेर् ins. pl. of साभरण n. an ornament, 1st cl. 103.

विचिन्य having reflected, having thought; past ind.p.ofrt चिन्त with वि,10th cl. 566.

विचिन्यानो for विचिन्यानस् nom. sin. m. of विचिन्यान m.f. n. seeking for, searching through; pres. p. átm. of rt चि with वि, 5th cl. 524.

विचेष्टितम् acc. sin. of विचेष्टित n. action, act, conduct.

विच्युति: nom. sin. f. severance, separation.

विजने loc. sin.m. or n. of विजन m.f.n. lonely, deserted; (from वि726.e, and जनव person.)

विजने loc. sin. n. in private, in a private place, in the desert.

विजयं acc. sin. of विजय m. victory.

विजहार he rambled, he roamed; 3d sin. perf. of rt ह with वि, 593.

विज्ञहारामरोपम: for विज्ञहार अमरोपम: by 31. विज्ञानीत know ye; 2d pl. imp. of rt ज्ञा 9th cl. with वि, 688.

विजानीहि know thou; 2d sin. imp. of rt ज्ञा 9th cl. with वि.

चित्रित: nom. sin. m. of चित्रित m. f. n. conquered; past p. p. of rt जि with चि, 532.

विज्ञाते loc. sin. m. of विज्ञात m. f. n. known; past p. p. of rt ज्ञा with वि, 532.

বিরাম having known, having ascertained;
past ind. p. of rt রা with বি, 559.

विजेयो nom. du. m. of विजेय m. f. n. to be perceived; fut. pass. p. of rt ज्ञा with वि, 571. a.

वितर्स thou dost grant; 2d sin. pres. See next.

चित्ररामि I bestow, I grant; 1st sin. pres. of rt त् with चि, 1st cl. 261.

चितिमराम् acc. sin. f. of चितिमर m. f. n. devoid of gloom; (comp. of चि 726. e, and तिमिर darkness.)

वित्रं nom. sin. n. wealth, property.

विज्ञवनाम् acc. sin. of विज्ञवत् m. f. n. possessed of riches, 140.

विल्लासितविहङ्गमाम् BAH.ORREL.COMP.767; विल्लासित cr. frightened away, विहङ्गमाम् acc. sin. f. from विहङ्गम m. a bird.

विदर्भ m., generally declined in pl. विदर्भास nom. Vidarbha, a district and city to the S. W. of Bengal, also called Kundina. It is supposed to be the same as the modern Berár or Nágpúr. Some take Vidarbha as the name of the country and Kundina as its capital. Mention is made of both Vidarbha and its capital Kuṇḍina in the Málatí-Mádhava (Act I) विदर्भराजमन्त्रिणा देवरातेन as follows: माधवं पुतम् छान्वी छिकी श्रवणाय कुरिह-नपुराद इमां पद्मावतीं प्रहिखनता सुविहितं 'It has been well done by Devaráta, the minister of the king of Vidarbha, (in) sending his son Mádhava from the city of Kundina to this Padmávatí to study logic.' According to Prof.H.H.Wilson, Kundina corresponds to the modern district of Kondavir.

विदर्भतन्या TAT. OR DEP. COMP. 743; विदर्भ cr. Vidarbha, तन्या nom. sin. f. daughter. विदर्भनगरीं TAT. OR DEP. COMP. 743; विदर्भ cr. Vidarbha, नगरीं acc. sin. of नगरी f. a city, 1st cl. 106.

विदर्भेषतये dat. sin. of विदर्भेषति m. lord of Vidarbha; (comp. of विदर्भे and पति lord, 121.)

विदर्भराजतनयां TAT. OR. DEP. COMP. 743; विदर्भ cr. Vidarbha, राज for राजन cr. king, 57, तनयां acc. sin. of तनया f. a daughter.

विदमेराजस् TAT. OR DEP. COMP. 743; विदमें cr. Vidarbha, राजस् nom. sin. m. for राजा a king, by 151.

विदर्भराजाधिपतिः for विदर्भराजा ऋधिपति by 31.

विदर्भराजो for विदर्भराजस् nom. sin. m. king of Vidarbha.

विदर्भराज्ञो TAT. OR DEP. COMP. 743; विदर्भ cr. Vidarbha, राज्ञो for राज्ञस् gen. sin. of राजन् 148.

विदर्भराइ nom. sin. m. king of Vidarbha; (comp. of विदर्भ and राइ for राट् 41, nom. sin. of राज् m., 8th cl. 176. e.)

विदर्भसरसस् TAT. OR DEP. COMP. 743; विदर्भ cr. Vidarbha, सरसस् abl. sin. of सरस् n. a lake, 7th cl. 164.

विदर्भस्य gen. sin. of विदर्भ m. Vidarbha.

विदर्भी acc. sin. of विदर्भी f. the city of Vidarbha.

विदर्भोस् for विदर्भान् acc. pl. of विदर्भे Vidarbha.

विदर्भाणां gen. pl. of विदर्भ m. Vidarbha.

विदभीधिपति: nom. sin. m. the sovereign of Vidarbha.

विद्भीधिपतेर् for विद्भीधिपतेस् gen. sin. m. of the lord of Vidarbha; (comp. of विद्भी and अधिपति m. lord, sovereign.)

विद्भाधिपनन्दिनी TAT. OR DEP. COMP. 745; विद्भे cr. Vidarbha, ऋधिप cr. king, नन्दिनी f. a daughter.

विदभीन् acc. pl. of विदभे m. Vidarbha.

विद्भीभिमुखो nom. sin. m. having his face towards Vidarbha, facing Vidarbha; (comp. of विद्भे Vidarbha, and স্থাপিমুজ 761.)

विदर्भेषु loc. pl. of विदर्भ m. Vidarbha.

विदितं nom. sin. n. of विदित m. f. n. known; past p. p. of rt विद 538.

विदिता nom. sin. f. of विदित m. f. n. known.

विदित्वा having known, knowing; past ind. p. of rt बिद्ध.

चिद्धि know thou; 2d sin. imp. of rt चिद्द 2d cl. 308, 583.

विद्यस्हृदयज्ञं for विद्य सञ्च by 34.

विद्वाः we know; ist pl. pres. of rt विद् 2d cl. विद्याते he or it exists, there exists or is found; 3d sin. pres. of rt विद् 6th cl. in pass. 463.

विद्या nom. sin. f. science.

विद्यां acc.sin. of विद्या f. science, knowledge, skill.

विद्यां I may know; 1st sin. pot. of rt विद् 2d cl. 583.

विद्युत् nom. sin. f. lightning, 5th cl. 136.

Beautiful women are often compared in Hindú poetry to lightning, which, as the forerunner of the rainy season, is regarded as an object of desire and admiration.

विद्युद् for विद्युत् nom. sin. f. lightning.

विद्युर for विद्युस they may know, they may recognise; 3d pl. pot. of rt विद 2d cl. 583.

विद्योतयति he or she causes to shine, he or she illuminates; 3d sin. pres. of rt द्युत् in caus. with वि, 481.

विद्रविन they run away, they fly; 3d pl. pres. of rt हु with वि, 1st cl. 502.

विद्वान् nom. sin. m. of विद्वस् m. f. n. wise, prudent, 168. e.

विद्वेषणेन ins. sin. of विद्वेषण n. enmity,

विधास्त्र do thou ordain, do thou act; 2d sin. imp. átm. of rt था 3d cl. with वि, 664.

विधिदृष्टेन TAT. OR DEP. COMP. 740; विधि cr. rule, दृष्टेन ins. sin. n. of दृष्ट m. f. n. seen, prescribed, approved.

विधिना ins. sin. of विधि m. manner, mode, action, 110.

বিধিং nom. sin. of বিধি m. fate, destiny, fated event, rule.

विधिवच् for विधिवत् ind. according to rule, 48, 724. a.

विधियत् for विधियत् ind. according to rule. विधीयतां let it be managed, let it be done; 3d sin. imp. pass. of rt धा with वि, 465.

विधे: gen. sin. of विधि m. fate, destiny, 2d cl. 110.

विध्वस्तपर्णेकमलां Complex comp. 771; वि-ध्वस्त fallen off, पर्णे leaf, कमलां acc. sin. f. from कमल n. a lotus.

विनं स्यामि I shall perish; 1st sin. 2d fut. of rt नश् with वि, 415. k.

विनमते he bows himself; 3d sin. pres. átm. of rt नम् with वि, 1st cl. 261.

विनयावनता nom. sin. f. modestly bending or bowing low with modesty; (comp. of विनय cr. modesty, and अवनत bent, 740.)

विनशेंद्र he may perish; 3d sin. pot. of rt नश् here 1st cl., but properly 4th cl. 620. विनश्येंद्र would be more usual.

विनष्टा nom. sin. f. of विनष्ट m. f. n. lost; past p. p. of rt नश् 539.

विना ind. without, (governing ins. 731, 917.)

विनाशं acc. sin. m. of विनाश m. destruction. विनि: श्रस्य having sighed; past ind. p. of rt श्रस with निर् and वि, 559.

विनि:सृत: nom. sin. m. of विनि:सृत m. f. n. come out, issued forth; past p. p. of rt मु with निर् and वि, 896.

विनिश्चिष having given in charge, having delivered over; past ind. p. of rt স্থিদ with fa and বি, 559.

विनिर्दिष्टं nom. sin. n. of विनिर्दिष्ट m. f. n. pointed out; past p. p. of rt दिश् with निर् and वि, 539.

विनिर्मित: nom. sin. m. of विनिर्मित m. f. n. formed, made; past p. p. of rt मा with निर् and वि, 533.

विनिमुक्ता: nom. pl. m. of विनिमुक्त m. f. n.

escaped, set free; past p. p. of rt मुच with निर् and नि, 539.

विनिष्द्रम्य having gone forth from; past ind. p. of rt क्रम् with निर् and वि, 559.

विनिश्चित having deliberated, having weighed; past ind. p. of rt चि with निर् and वि (71. b), see 560.

विनिश्वस्य having sighed; past ind. p. of rt श्वस् with नि and नि, 559.

विनिहतं nom. sin. n. of विनिहत m.f. n. destroyed, slain; past p. p. of rt हन् with नि and नि, 545.

विनोते: ins. pl. m. of विनोत m. f. n. submissive, well-conducted.

विन्द्ति he incurs; he or she finds or meets with; he perceives or discovers; 3d sin. pres. of rt विद् 6th cl. 281.

विन्दामि I find; 1st sin. pres. of rt विद 6th

विन्दे I find; 1st sin. pres. átm. of rt विद् 6th cl. 281.

विन्देत she may find; 3d sin. pot. átm. of rt विद्व 6th cl. 281.

विन्देतापि for विन्देत अपि by 31.

विन्ध्यो for विन्ध्यस nom. sin. of विनध्य m. the Vindhya mountain, a chain which divides Hindústán from the Dekhan or South country. These mountains, sometimes called Bindh, hold an important position both in the mythology and geography of India. According to some authorities they are called Bindhya, because they appear to obstruct the progress of the sun. The course of the Nerbudda (Narmadá) river falls in with the direction of the principal range; but the mountainous tract called Bindhya spreads much more widely, meeting the Ganges in several places to the North, whilst the Godavarí is held to be its Southern limit.

विन्यस्य having laid, having placed; past ind. p. of rt अस् with वि and नि, 559.

विषरीतं nom. sin. n. of विषरीत m.f.n. adverse, reverse, contrary.

विषरोतानि acc. pl. n. adverse, unfavourable. विषरोतास् nom. pl. m. of विषरीत adverse.

विषयेय: nom. sin. of विषयेय m. contrariety, difference.

विषयेपञ् nom. sin. of विषयेप m. the contrary, the reverse.

विषिने loc. sin. of विषिन n. a wood, a forest. विषुलश्रोणि BAH. OR REL. COMP. 766; विषुल cr. large, श्रोणि voc. sin. of श्रोणी f. the hip, 106; (O lady with swelling hips! O round-limbed!)

विपुले loc. sin. m. of विपुल m. f. n. large, vast, 1st cl. 187.

विष्र O Bráhman! voc. sin. of विष्र m. a Bráhman.

विष्रयुक्तः nom. sin. m. separated; past p. p. of rt युज्ञ with प्र and वि, 539.

विप्रसमागमम् TAT. OR DEP. COMP. 743; विप्र er. a Bráhman, समागमम् acc. sin. of समागम m. concourse.

विमा for विमास nom.pl.of विम m.a Bráhman.

विम्रा for विमास O Bráhmans! voc. pl. of विम्र m. a Bráhman.

विभिन्नं acc. sin. of विभिन्न n. offence, anything disagreeable; (comp. of वि 726. e, and भिन्न agreeable.)

विबुधा for विबुधास O gods! voc. pl. of विबुध m. a god.

विबुधान् acc. pl. of विबुध m. a god.

विबुधास्voc.pl. of विबुध m.a god, 1st cl. 103. विबुधेन्नराः O lords of the immortals! TAT. OR DEP. COMP. 743; विबुध cr. a god, an immortal, ईन्नराः voc. pl. of ईन्नर m. a lord, 1st cl. 103, see 32.

विद्युवन्तु let them speak out; 3d pl. imp. of rt द्यू with वि, 649.

विभावसो gen. sin. of विभावस् m. the sun. विभोतकं acc. sin. of विभोतक m. the Vibhítaka-tree (Beleric myrobalan). विभोतकश् nom. sin. m. the Vibhítaka-tree. विभु: for विभुस nom. sin. of विभु m. a lord, a master, 3d ol. 110.

বিশূমেঘ্দ ind. through (his) omnipotence, for the sake of (displaying) his creative power; (comp. of বিশূমি superhuman power, and অৰ্থ 760. d, 791.)

विभो voc. sin. of विभु m. a lord, a master.

विश्रमत् nom. sin. m. of विश्रमत् m. f. n. wandering over; pres. p. of rt भ्रम् with वि, 524, (governing acc.)

विमनास् nom. sin. m. of विमनस् out of one's mind, out of one's senses; (comp. of वि 726. e, and मनस्, see 164. a.)

विमानानि acc. pl. of विमान n. a vehicle, a car; usually a self-moving aerial chariot of the gods.

विमुक्तं acc. sin. m. or n. of विमुक्त m. f. n. freed, released, free from; past p. p. of rt मुच with वि, 539.

विनुक्तः nom. sin. m. of विमुक्त m.f. n. released, set free.

विमुच्च having released, having quitted; past ind. p. of rt मुच with वि, 559.

विमुखनो for विमुखनस् nom. pl. m. of वि-मुखन् m. f. n. uttering, emitting; pres. p. par. of rt मुच् with वि, 524.

विमृश्य having considered, having pondered; past ind. p. of rt मृश् with वि, 559.

विमोस्पित he will release; 3d sin. 2d fut. of rt मुच with वि, 628.

विमोचनात् abl. sin. of विमोचन n. liberation, setting free, 1st cl. 104; see also 814. b. विमोचय do thou release; 2d sin. imp. of rt मुच with वि, 10th cl. 283.

वियोगं acc. sin. of वियोग m. separation.

वियोगञ् for वियोगस् nom. sin.m. separation. विरनांसि acc. pl. n. of विरनस् m. f. n. free from dust, 7th cl. 164; (comp. of वि 726. e, and रनस् dust.)

विरहिता nom. sin. f. of विरहित m. f. n. deserted by, separated from; past p. p. of rt रह with वि, 538.

विराजिद्धि ins. pl. of विराजित् m. f. n. brilliant, splendid, shining, glittering; pres. p. par. of rt राज् with वि, 524.

विराजितम् acc. sin. m. of विराजित m. f. n. splendid, radiant.

विरूपोnom. sin. m. of विरूप m.f.n. deformed; (comp. of वि 726. e, and रूप.)

विलज्जमाना nom.sin.f.of विलज्जमान m.f.n. being modest; pres. p. átm. of rt लज्ज् with वि, 526.

विलपनी nom. sin. f. of विलपत् m. f. n. lamenting, wailing.

विलयनों acc. sin. f. of विलयत् m. f. n. lamenting, mourning; pres. p. of rt लय with वि, 524.

विलयमाना nom. sin. f. of विलयमान m. f. n. lamenting; pres. p. átm. of rt लप् with वि, 526.

विलिपतम् acc.sin.of विलिपता.lamentation. विलिप lamenting, bewailing; past ind. p. of rt लप with वि, 559.

विलिम्नितृम् to delay; inf. of rt लम्न् with वि, 1st cl. 261, see 459.

বিললাম he or she lamented or uttered lamentations; 3d sin. perf. of rt লম্ with বি, 364.

विललापाश्रुपूर्णाञ्ची for विललाप सश्रुपूर्णाञ्ची by 31.

विवरो nom. sin. of विवर m. expansion, widening, dilatation.

विवर्णे वदना BAH. OR REL. COMP. 766; विवर्णे cr. colourless, pale, वदना nom. sin. f. from वदन n. face, 108.

चिवर्णा nom. sin. f. pale, colourless.

विवर्णों acc.sin.f.of विवर्णेm.f.n. pale, colourless; (comp. of वि 726. e, and वर्णे colour.)

विवस्तं acc. sin. m. of विवस्त m. f. n. without clothes; (from वि 726. e, and वस्त्र q. v.)

विवस्त्रो nom. sin. of विवस्त्र m.f. n. unclothed, without a garment.

विवाससम् acc. sin. m. of विवासस् m. f. n.

without clothes, 7th cl. 163; (from वि 726. e, and वासस्.)

विवासाह abl. sin. of विवास m. banishment from home; (in consequence of her exile.)

विवाहं acc. sin. of विवाह m. marriage, 1st cl. 103.

विविधांश for विविधान acc. pl. m. various. विविधान acc. pl. m. of विविध m. f. n. various. विविधेषु loc. pl. n. of विविध m. f. n. various, different, 1st cl. 103.

विविधे: ins. pl. n. of विविध m. f. n. various. विविधे र ins. pl. m. of विविध m. f. n. various. विविधोपलभूषितम् Complex comp. 771; वि-विध cr. various, उपल cr. gem, jewel, भूषि-तम् acc. sin. m. of भूषित m. f. n. adorned.

বিবিয়ান they two entered; 3d du. perf. átm. of rt বিয় with prep. বি, 364.

विविशुर् for विविशुस् they entered; 3d pl. perf. of rt विश् with वि, 364.

विविशुस they entered; 3d pl. perf. of rt विश् with वि, 364.

विवेश he or she entered; 3d sin. perf. of rt विश् with वि, 364.

विवेशास्त्रमपदं for विवेश सास्त्रमपदं by 31.

विशक्कां acc.sin. of विशक्का f. suspicion, doubt. विशस्य having cut in two, having cut open; past ind. p. of rt शस with वि, 559.

विशाम्पति: nom. sin. m., lit. lord of (many) men of the Vaisya caste, i. e. either peasants or men engaged in trade. See next.

विशाम्पति O lord of men! voc. sin. of वि-शाम्पति TAT. OR DEP. COMP., in which the case of the first member is retained, see 743. c: विशाम gen. pl. of विश् m. a man, especially one of the commercial or agricultural class, 181; पते voc. sin. of पति 121. According to the original constitutions of Hindú society, as described in Manu, the population was divided into four castes or classes: 1. Bráhmans or priests; 2. Kshatriyas or soldiers; 3. Vaisyas or working-men, such as peasants or agricultural labourers and men in trade; 4. S'údras or slaves.

विशादम् acc. sin. m. of विशाद m. f. n. skilled, skilful.

বিয়ালাম্ব: nom.sin.m. large-eyed; (comp.of বিয়াল cr. large, and মন্ত্ৰ for মন্ত্ৰি 778.)

विज्ञालासीम् acc. sin. f. See last.

विश्वित ins. sin. n. of विश्वित m.f. n. sharp, sharpened, 1st cl. 104.

বিহিছে m. f. n. illustrious, distinguished, excellent, ist cl. 103.

विशिष्टाया for विशिष्टायास् gen. sin. f. of विशिष्ट illustrious.

বিসিটন ins. sin. m. of বিসিষ্ট illustrious, distinguished.

विशिणों for विशिष्णें nom. sin. m. of विशिष्णें m. f. n. crushed, trampled on, broken; past p. p. of rt शृ with वि, 534.

विशेषतः for विशेषतस् ind. excellently, especially, particularly, 719. b. In Book XV. 3 it governs an instrumental case, and must be translated more excellently than, or in an especial manner compared with (others), 830; (formed from विशेष by affix तस्.)

विशेषतो for विशेषतस् ind. especially, 719. b. विशेषण ins. sin. of विशेष, used adverbially, especially, particularly.

विशोका nom. sin. f. free from sorrow.

विज्ञोकां acc. sin. f. of विज्ञोक m. f. n. free from sorrow, without sorrow; (comp. of वि 726. e, and ज्ञोक m. sorrow.)

বিষ্ণা acc. sin. m. of বিষ্ণা m. f. n. confidential, faithful, trusty, 1st cl. 103.

विश्रानं acc. sin. m. of विश्रान m.f.n. rested. বিश্राना nom. sin. f. of विश्रान m.f. n. rested, reposed; past p. p. of rt শ্বम with বি, 546.

विश्राम्यताम् let it be rested, let repose be taken; 3d sin. imp. of rt श्रम् in pass. with वि, 463.

विश्रुत voc. sin. m. See विश्रुत:.

विश्रुत: nom.sin.m.of विश्रुत m.f.n. celebrated, known; past p. p. of rt श्रु with वि, 532.

विश्वता nom. sin. f. of विश्वत m.f. n. celebrated, known.

विश्रुतां acc. sin. f. known, celebrated.

विषं acc. sin. of विष n. poison, bane.

विषानिमित्रा nom. sin. f. caused by the poison; (comp. of विष n. poison, and निमित्त cause, 761.)

विषमस्य: nom. sin. of विषमस्य m. f. n. being in difficulty or misfortune; (comp. of विषम er. difficulty, misfortune, and स्य remaining, 580.)

विषमस्यस्य gen. sin. m. of विषमस्य m. f. n. being in trouble. See last.

विषमस्थेन ins. sin. m. involved in calamity.

विषमे loc. sin. of विषम n. difficulty, trouble, calamity.

विषमेषु in rough places; loc. pl. n. of विषम m.f.n. rough, uneven; (comp. of वि 726.e, and सम even.)

विषविमुक्तात्मा BAH. OR REL. COMP. 761; विष cr. poison, विमुक्त cr. released from, स्नात्मा nom. sin. m. of स्नात्मन् soul, 146.

विषीदन् nom. sin. m. of विषीदन् m. f. n. sorrowing, grieving; pres. p. of rt सद to despond, with वि.

विपीदन्तम् acc.sin.m.of विपीदत् m.f.n. sorrowing, desponding; pres.p.of rt सद् with वि.

विषेण ins. sin. of विष n. poison.

विष्टभ्य having stopped, having made to stand still; past ind. p. of rt स्तम्भ with वि, 70.

विष्ठितं acc. sin. of विष्ठित m.f. n. abiding, staying; past p. p. of rt स्था with वि, 70, 896. a.

विसर्जने loc. sin. of विसर्जन n. desertion.

विसमृप: they flew about, they fluttered hither and thither; 3d pl. perf. of rt सुप with prep. बि, 364.

विसृज्य having let fall, having loosed or let go; past ind. p. of rt सृज् with वि.

विस्तरेण ind. at full length, 714.

विस्तरेगाभिथास्यानि for विस्तरेग न्नभिधा-स्यानि by 31.

विस्तीर्थों acc. sin. f. of विस्तीर्थे m. f. n. spread out; broad, wide.

विस्पष्टां acc. sin. f. of विस्पष्ट m. f. n. clear, distinct.

विस्मयं acc. sin. of विस्मय m. astonishment.

विस्मयान्त्रिताः TAT. OR DEP. COMP. 740; विस्मय cr. wonder, admiration, सन्त्रिताः nom. pl. of सन्त्रित m. f. n. possessed of.

विस्मयाविष्टो TAT. OR DEP. COMP. 740; विस्मय cr. astonishment, wonder, आविष्टो for आविष्टस् nom. sin. affected by, filled with.

विस्मयो for विस्मयस् nom. sin. of विस्मय m. admiration, wonder, astonishment.

विस्मितस् nom. sin. m. of विस्मित m.f. n. astonished; past p. p. of rt स्मि with वि, 532.

विसिता nom. sin. f. of विसित m. f. n. astonished, surprised.

विस्मिता for विस्मितास् nom. pl. of विस्मित m.f.n. surprised, astonished, dismayed; past p. p. of rt स्मि with वि, 530.

विस्मिताननः BAH. OR REL. COMP. 767; विस्मित cr. astonished, surprised, आननः nom. sin. m. from आनन n. face, 108.

विस्मिताज्ञ nom. pl. f. of विस्मित m. f. n. astonished.

विस्मितेर ins. pl. of विस्मित m.f.n. surprised, astonished; past p.p. of rt सि with वि, 532.

विहगैर् ins. pl. of विहग m. a bird.

विहर्जेर by birds; ins. pl. of विहज्ज m. a bird. विहरंज् for विहरन् nom. sin. of विहरन् m.f.n. roaming, sauntering about, taking pleasure; pres. p. par. of rt ह with वि, 593.

विहातुम् to abandon; inf. of rt हा with वि, 459, 665.

विहास having abandoned; past ind. p. of rt हा with वि.

विहायसा ind. in the sky, aloft, 714.

विह्तिश् nom. sin. m. of विहित m. f. n.

planned, devised; past p. p. of rt 41 with fa, 533. a.

विह्ता nom. sin. f. of विह्त m. f. n. performed, enacted, committed.

विहितो for विहितस् nom. sin. m. of विहित m.f.n. appointed, destined, decreed; past p. p. of rt धा with वि, 533. a.

विहीनो nom. du.m. of विहीन m.f. n. deprived of, separated from.

विद्वलं acc. sin. m. of विद्वल m. f.n. agitated.

विद्धला nom. sin. f. of विद्धल m. f. n. agitated (with grief).

विद्वलां acc. sin. f. of विद्वल m. f. n. disturbed, agitated.

वीश्चितुम् to see, to be seen; inf. of rt ईख with वि, 459, 869.

नीतश्रोक voc. sin.m. O Vita-śoka! lit. O free from sorrow; another name for the Aśokatree, 1st cl. 103.

वीर voc. sin. of वीर m. a hero.

वीरं acc. sin. of वीर m. a hero, 1st cl. 103.

वीरः nom. sin. of वीर m. a hero, heroic.

वीरप्रजायिनि voc. sin.f. O mother of heroes! (comp. of वीर, q.v., and प्रजायिनी f. a mother, one who brings forth, gives birth.)

वीरचाहोर् for वीरचाहोस् gen. sin. of वीरचाहु name of a prince.

वीरश् nom. sin. m. a hero, heroic.

वीरसेन for वीरसेनस् nom. sin. m. Vírasena.

वीरसेननृपसुमा Тат. ок Dep. comp. 745; वीरसेन cr. Vírasena, नृप cr. a king, सुपा nom. sin. f. a daughter-in-law.

नीरसेनसुतिष्रया nom. sin. f. beloved by the son of Vírasena, TAT. OR DEP. COMP. 745; नीरसेन cr. Vírasena, सुत cr. a son, प्रिया nom. sin. f. of प्रिय m.f. n. beloved, dear.

वीरसेनसुतो Тат. оह Dep. comp. 743; वीरसेन cr. Vírasena, सुतो for सुतस् nom. sin. of सुत m. a son.

वीरस्य gen. sin. of वीर m. a hero.

वीराः for वीरास् O heroes! voc. pl. of वीर m. a hero.

चीरे loc. sin. of वीर m. a hero.

वीरेण ins. sin. of वीर m. a hero, heroic.

वोरो for वोरस् nom. sin. m. a hero, heroic.

वीर्यसव्यवतो gen. sin. m. of वीर्यसव्यवत् m.f. n. possessed of valour and worth; (comp. of वीर्य cr. valour, सत्च cr. strength, worth, यत् affix, 84.VII, 140.)

वीर्षेसम्पन्न: TAT. OR DEP. COMP. 740; वीर्षे cr. valour, सम्पन्न: nom. sin. of सम्पन्न m. f. n. endowed with.

वृक्षमूलेषु Тат. ок Dep. сомр. 743; वृक्ष cr. a tree, मूलेषु loc. pl. of मूल n. a root, ist cl. 105.

वृक्षे loc. sin. of वृक्ष m. a tree.

वृक्षेषु loc. pl. of वृक्ष m. a tree, 1st cl. 103.

वृद्येष्वाह्य for वृद्येषु आह्य by 34.

वृक्षीते he or she chooses; 3d sin. pres. átm. of rt वृ 9th cl. 675 note.

वृद्धे I choose; 1st sin. pres. átm. of rt वृ 9th cl. 675 note.

वृतं acc. sin. m. of वृत m. f. n. surrounded; past p. p. of rt वृ 675.

वृतः nom. sin. of वृत m.f. n. elected, selected, chosen; past p. p. of rt व 675.

वृतस् nom. sin. m. chosen, elected.

वृतां acc. sin. f. of वृत m. f. n. covered, overspread, surrounded; past p. p. of rt वृ 675.

वृते loc. sin. m. of वृत m.f. n. chosen, elected; past p. p. of rt वृ 675.

वृतो for वृतस् nom. sin. m. of वृत m. f. n. chosen; past p. p. of rt वृ 675.

वृज्ञानं acc. sin. of वृज्ञान m. tidings, news, ist cl. 103.

वृद्धानाम् gen. pl. of वृद्ध m. an old man, a sage.

वृद्धानुशासनम् TAT. OR DEP. COMP. 743; वृद्ध cr. an old man, a seer, जनुशासनम् nom. sin. n. precept.

वृषेण ins. sin. of वृष m. See वृषो. वृषेणीत for वृषेण इति by 32. वृषो for वृषस nom. sin. of वृष m. a bull, 1st cl.
103; used in Book VII. 6 as the name of
the principal die in a game with dice.

वृहत्सेनां acc. sin. of वृहत्सेना f. Vrihatsená, the name of Damayantí's nurse.

वृहत्सेने voc. sin. f. See last.

वृहदश्व for वृहदश्वस् nom. sin. of वृहदश्व m. Vrihadasva, the name of the sage who relates the story of Nala to Yudhishthira.

वेग: nom. sin. m. onset, impetus.

वेगतः (by 63. a) for वेगतस् ind. quickly, speedily; (from वेग with affix तस, 719.)

वेगेन ins.sin.of वेग m.impetuosity, 1st cl. 103.

वेतनं nom. sin. n. wages, hire, salary, pay.

वेतसीर for वेतसीस ins. pl. of वेतस m. a cane, a ratan, 1st cl. 103.

वेत्रि he knows; 3d sin. pres. of rt विद.

वित्य thou knowest, thou mayest know; 2d sin. of a contracted perf. (used for pres.) of rt विद्, see 308. a.

वेस्यामि I shall know; 1st sin. 2d fut. of rt चिद्र 404.

वेद he knows, he comprehends; 3d sin. of a contracted form of the perf. of rt विद् used as a present, see 308. a.

वेदपारगै: ins. pl. m. of वेदपारग m. f. n. thoroughly conversant with the Vedas; (comp. of वेद and पारग, q.v.)

वेदविच् for वेदविद् by 49. See next.

वेदविद् nom. sin. m. knowing the Vedas, see note under वेदाः; (comp. of वेद cr. the Veda, and विद् m. a knower, 137.)

वेदवेदाङ्गपारगः nom. sin. m. well-read in the Vedas and Vedángas, see next; (comp. of वेद cr. the Vedas, see next; वेदाङ्ग the Vedángas or sciences subordinate to the Vedas, such as grammar, prosody, pronunciation, etymology, &c., see note under साङ्गोपाङ्गाः; पारगः nom. sin. of पारग m. f. n. well-versed in, lit. going right through, going to पार, the opposite side.)

वेदाः nom. pl. of वेद m. the Veda or sacred scripture of the Hindús, ist cl. 103. The four Vedas are the Rig-veda, the Yajur-veda, the Sáma-veda, and the Atharva-veda. Of these the Rig-veda is the oldest. It consists of metrical hymns or prayers termed súktas or mantras, each stanza of which is called a ric, addressed to the gods of the elements, and especially to Indra, god of the atmosphere, and Agni, fire. The composition of the principal mantras of the Rig-veda is supposed to have taken place about thirteen or fourteen centuries B. C.

वेदाक्षनैपुणं for वेद अध्वनैपुणं by 31.

वेदान acc. pl. of वेद m. the Veda or sacred writings of the Hindús.

वेदितुम् to know; inf. of rt विद 459.

वेषयुज्ञ nom. sin. m. tremor, trembling.

विपमानः nom. sin. of वेपमान m. f. n. trembling; pres. p. átm. of rt वेप् 526.

वेपमाना nom. sin. f. of वेपमान m. f. n. trembling; pres. p. átm. of rt वेप् 526.

वेपमानां acc. sin. f. of वेपमान m. f. n. trembling.

वेपमानेदम् for वेपमाना इदम् by 32.

वेपमानो for वेपमानस् nom. sin.m. of वेपमान m.f.n. trembling; pres. p.átm.of rt वेप 526.

वेलाम् acc. sin. of वेला f. time.

वेड्म nom. or acc. sin. of वेड्मन् n. a house, a dwelling, 153.

वेश्मिन loc. sin. of वेश्मन् n. a house, 153. वेश्मानि acc. pl. n. of वेश्मन् n. a house, a dwelling, 153.

वै ind. indeed, truly. Often a mere expletive. वैक्काच्यम् acc. sin. of वैक्काच्य n. agitation of mind. वैदर्भि voc. sin. of वैदर्भी O daughter of the

king of Vidarbha! i. e. Damayantí. वैदर्भी nom. sin. f. Damayantí, daughter of the sovereign of Vidarbha.

वैदर्भी acc. sin. of वैदर्भी f. Damayantí, 1st cl.

वैदर्भीजननी nom. sin. f. the mother of Damayantí (see जननी).

वैदर्भीत्येव for वैदर्भि इति एव by 32, 34.

वैदर्भा ins. sin. of वैदर्भी f. Damayantí.

वैदर्भा for वैदर्भास् gen. sin. of वैदर्भी f. Damayantí.

वैदर्भ्यां loc. sin. of वैदर्भी f. Damayantí.

वैदम्पा: gen. sin. of वैदभी f. Damayantí, 1st cl. 106.

वैश्रमं acc. sin. of वैश्रम n. slaughter, destruction.

वैश्रवण: nom. sin. m. Vaiśravaṇa, a name of Kuvera, the god of wealth, (so called from his father विश्रवस्.)

वैषम्यं acc. sin. of वैषम्य n. calamity, misfortune, evil condition.

वो for वस् you, for you, to you, of you; acc., dat. or gen. pl. from युप्तत्, q.v.

च्यकं ind. plainly, evidently, certainly, 713.

च्याते he or it grieves or suffers pain; 3d sin. pres. of rt च्या 1st cl. 261.

व्यथयिन they afflict, they pain; 3d pl. pres. of rt व्यथ् 10th cl.

चाचितं nom. sin. n. of व्यचित m. f. n. agitated; past p. p. of rt व्यच् 538.

व्याचिता: nom. pl. m. of व्याचित m. f. n. disturbed, troubled.

व्यदीर्घत he or it was torn asunder; 3d sin. impf. átm. of rt दू in pass. with चि, 468.

व्यदीर्यतेव for व्यदीर्यत इव by 32.

व्यपनीय having laid aside, having put away; past ind. p. of rt नी to lead, with अप and वि, 559.

च्यपाकपेद he removed; 3d sin. impf. of rt कृप् with अप and वि, 606.

चाभ्रे loc. sin. n. of चाभ्र m. f. n. cloudless; (fromवि 726. e, and ञाभ्र <math>q. v.)

चयुज्यत he was separated; 3d sin. impf. of rt युज् in pass. with वि, 702.

चरोचत he or it shone forth or appeared; 3d sin. impf. átm. of rt रूच with वि, 261. व्यवधेत he or it grew stronger or increased; 3d sin. impf. átm. of rt वृध् with वि, 1st cl. 261.

व्यवसायेन ins. sin. of व्यवसाय m. effort, exertion.

च्यविसता for व्यवसितास् nom. pl. m. of व्यव-सित m. f. n. resolved, determined.

व्यसनं acc. sin. of व्यसन n. calamity, misfortune. This word is especially applied to a king's neglect of his duty for the pleasures of the chase, gambling, &c.

च्यसनान्विताम् acc. sin. f. involved in calamity; च्यसन cr. calamity, misfortune, छन्विताम् acc. sin. of छन्वित m. f. n. possessed of, 1st cl. 104.

व्यसनाञ्जतम् Тат. or Dep. comp. 740; व्यसन cr. calamity, आञ्जतम् acc. sin. m. overwhelmed with.

च्यसिननं acc. sin. m. of च्यसिनन् m.f.n. afflicted, fallen into calamity, 159.

व्यसनेन ins. sin. of व्यसन n. calamity. व्यसनेनादितं for व्यसनेन ऋदितं by 31.

च्यसर्जेयत् he left, he lost, he dismissed; 3d sin. impf. of rt सृज् in caus. with वि, 481.

व्यमु: nom. sin. m. of व्यमु m. f. n. lifeless; (from वि 726. e, and अमु m. breath.)

याकुलाम् acc. sin. f. of याकुल m.f.n. agitated.

व्याघ्रें ins. pl. of व्याघ्र m. a tiger, 1st cl. 103. व्याजहार he uttered; 3d sin. perf. of rt ह with prep. जा and वि, 593.

व्यात्तास्यो BAH. OR REL. COMP. 766; व्यात्त cr. open, आस्यो for आस्यस् nom. sin. m. from आस्य n. mouth, 108.

व्याधः nom. sin. m. a hunter, ist cl. 103.

व्याहरसे thou dost talk jestingly, thou dost rail; 2d sin. pres. átm. of rt ह with आ and वि, 593.

वाहरिषमि thou wilt talk jestingly, thou wilt rail; 2d sin. 2d fut. of rt ह with आ and चि, 593.

याहर्तुम् to utter, to say; inf. of rt ह with ष्या and वि, 459, 593.

युगितो for युगितस् nom. sin. m. of युगित m. f. n. lodged, (having lodged, 896); past p. p. of rt वस् with वि, 607.

युष्टा nom. sin. f. of युष्ट m.f. n. lodged, having lodged; past p. p. of rt यस with वि. N. B. The regular past passive participle of this root is उपित, see 607, 543.

यूढोरस्क voc. sin. m. O broad-chested one! 766; (from यूढ cr. broad, and उरस् n. the breast, with affix क, see 80. LVI.)

चोमि loc. sin. of चोमन् n. sky, heaven, 6th cl. 152.

ब्रज go thou, depart thou; 2d sin. imp. of rt ब्रज्ञ 1st cl. 261.

वनामात्यान् for वन जामात्यान् by 31.

ब्रजामि I go; ist sin. pres. of rt ब्रज्.

व्रजास्येनम् for व्रजामि एनम् by 34.

ब्रजेत he or it may go; 3d sin. pot. of rt ब्रज् 1st cl. 261.

ब्रोह he or she may go; 3d sin. pot. of rt ब्रज् ब्रतम् nom. sin. of ब्रत n. a vow.

न्नीडिता nom. sin.f. of न्नीडित m.f. n. ashamed; past p. p. of rt नीइ 538.

ब्रीडिता for ब्रीडितास् nom. pl. of ब्रीडित m.f. n. ashamed.

### ग्र.

शंस tell thou; 2d sin. imp. of rt शंस. शंसत tell ye; 2d pl. imp. of rt शंस 1st cl. 261. शंसति he tells, he relates, he announces; 3d sin. pres. of rt शंस 1st cl. 261.

शंसिंस thou declarest, thou makest known; 2d sin. pres. of rt शंस् 1st cl. 261.

शकुना for शकुनास nom. pl. of शकुन m. a bird.

शकुनानाम् gen. pl. of शकुन n. an omen.

शकुनैर ins. pl. of शकुन m. a bird.

शक्तो for शक्त स nom. sin. of शक्त m. f. n. able, capable; past p. p. of rt शक् 679, 539.

श्रञ्जान they are able; 3d pl. pres. of rt शक् 5th cl. 679.

शक्कोमि I am able; 1st sin. pres. of rt शक् 5th cl. 679.

शकाते he or it is able; 3d sin. pres. of rt शक् in pass. 679 note, 869.

शक्मसे thou art able; 2d sin. pres. átm. of rt शक् 4th cl. 679 note, 869.

शक्या nom. sin. f. of शक्य m. f. n. able; fut. pass. p. of rt शक् 573.

शक्याव् for शक्यों nom. du. m. of शक्य m. f. n. able.

शक्त m. a name of Indra, 1st cl. 103.

शक्तं acc. sin. of शक्त m. Indra.

য়ার: nom. sin. of মার m. Sakra, a name of Indra, 1st cl. 103.

शक्रेण ins. sin. of शक्र m. Indra.

शक्रो for शक्रम nom. sin. of शक्र m. Indra.

शङ्कमाना nom. sin. f. of शङ्कमान m. f. n. suspecting, fearing; pres.p.átm.of rt शङ्क 526.

शद्भि thou dost fear, thou dost doubt; 2d sin. pres. átm. of rt शद्भ 1st cl. 261.

शङ्खा nom. sin. f. doubt, suspicion.

য়াই I suspect, I fancy; 1st sin. pres. átm. of rt যাহ্ৰ 1st cl. 261.

शक्कत he might suspect; 3d sin. pot. átm. of rt शक्क 1st cl. 261.

श्रचीपति: Тат. or Dep. comp. 743; श्रची cr. Saci, wife of Indra, पति: nom. sin. of पति m. a husband, 2d cl. 121.

शचा ins. sin. of शची f. the wife of Indra, ist cl. 106.

श्चोव for शच्या इव by 32.

शत n. a hundred, 206, 835. c.

श्रतं nom. or acc. sin. n. a hundred, 206, 835.b.

शतकतुम् acc. sin. of शतकतु m. Indra; (from शत a hundred, and ऋतु a sacrifice; 'lord of a hundred sacrifices.')

शतपतायतेष्राम् BAH. OR REL. COMP. 761; शतपत cr. a lotus, आयत cr. long, ईश्व-णाम् acc. sin. f. from ईश्वण n. the eye. शतयोजनयाधिभः COMPLEX COMP. 771; शत cr. a hundred, योजन cr. a yojana, याधिभः ins. pl. of याधिन् m. f. n. going, travelling, 159.

शानशो for शानशस (64) ind. by hundreds; (शान 206, with affix शास 725.)

হানা: nom. pl. of হান m. a hundred; used in Book XV. 6 for হানানি, as denoting a hundred suvarnas or gold coins. হানা: may be translated ten thousand gold coins.

शतुकर्षेण voc. sin. m. O destroyer of (thy) foes; (comp. of शतु er. an enemy, and कर्षेण one who tears.)

ম্ব্রম voc. sin. O killer of your enemies!
(comp. of মৃব্ cr. an enemy, and ম a killer, from rt হন 580. b.)

श्रुता for श्रुत्तम् from an enemy, for श्रुताम् abl. of श्रुत्त, see affix तम् 719. a.

शनके for शनकेस् ind. slowly, by degrees.

शनकर for शनकेस ind. slowly.

शनमें ind. slowly, softly, gently, for शनैस् 714.

शनै: for शनैस ind. by degrees, 714.

श्रमेन (for श्रमेत by 47) let him or he should curse; 3d sin. pot. of rt श्रम् 1st el. 261.

शर्म to curse; inf. of rt शप 459.

श्रामो for शमस् nom. sin. m. of शम m. f. n. cursed; past p. p. of rt शप् 539.

श्रम्यमे thou wilt curse; 2d sin. 2d fut. átm. of rt श्रम् 408.

शब्दं acc. sin. of शब्द m. sound, cry.

शब्दः nom. sin. of शब्द m. sound.

शब्दो for शब्दस nom. sin. of शब्द m. a sound.

श्रम for श्रमस् nom. sin. of श्रम m. calmness of mind, tranquillity, equanimity.

ज्ञयानं acc. sin. m. of ज्ञयान m. f. n. lying down; pres. p. átm. of rt ज्ञी 646, 526.a.

श्रय्यासनभोगेषु DVAN. OR AGG. COMP. 749; श्रय्या cr. a bed, a couch, lying down, स्नासन cr. a seat, sitting down, भोगेषु loc. pl. of भोग m. a meal, eating, 1st cl. 103. মার্ট acc. sin. of মারে n. a refuge, one who acts as a protection or defence; also taking refuge.

য়াব্যাঘিন: nom. pl. m. of য়াব্যোঘিন্ m. f. n. seeking a refuge, seeking for protection; (comp. of য়াব্যে cr. refuge, and স্থাঘিন্ seeking, 6th cl. 159.)

श्राणाचिनी nom. sin. f. seeking a refuge.

शास्य voc. sin. m. of शास्य m. f. n. that which or who affords refuge or protection, 1st cl. 103.

श्रादः acc. pl. of श्राद् f. a year, (properly autumn.)

श्रादां gen. pl. of श्राद f. autumn.

शरीराणि acc. pl. of शरीर n. the body.

श्रारीरान् for श्रारीरान् (47) abl. sin. of श्रारीर n. the body.

शरीरानाकरो for शरीरानाकरस् TAT. OR DEP. COMP. 743; शरीर cr. the body, अनाकरस् nom. sin. of अनाकर m. the destroyer.

श्रारिण: gen. sin. of श्रारिन् m. the (embodied) spirit.

श्रारोर loc. sin. of श्रारोर n. the body.

ম্যাঘ he or she cursed; 3d sin. perf. of rt মৃঘ্ 364. The terrific power of a curse, according to Indian ideas, is well illustrated by Southey's 'Curse of Keháma,' and by 'The Death of Yajna-datta' in the Rámáyaṇa, translated into English verse by the late Dean Milman.

शशापैनं for शशाप एनं by 33.

श्रास he ruled, he governed; 3d sin. perf. of rt शास 658.

शशिन: gen. sin. of शशिन m. the moon, 6th cl. 159.

शशिनो for शशिनस् gen. sin. of शशिन् m. the moon, 6th cl. 159.

श्राप्त for श्राप्तत् (48) ind. always, perpetually.

शस्त्र n. a weapon, (lit. the instrument of hurting, from rt शस् 80. XX), 1st cl. 104.

शस्त्रपाणपः nom. pl. m. armed, having wea-

pons in (their) hands; (शस्त्र a weapon, पाणि a hand; BAH. OR REL. COMP. 767.)

शस्त्राणि nom. pl. of शस्त्र n. a weapon.

शस्तिण ins. sin. of शस्त्र n. a weapon, an arrow, 1st cl. 104.

ज्ञाखयो: loc. du. of ज्ञाखा f. a branch, 105.

शाखानृगगणायुतम् TAT. OR DEP. COMP. 745; शाखानृग cr. a monkey, गण cr. a troop, खायुतम् acc. sin. n. of खायुत m. f. n. filled with, possessed of.

शाखाया: gen. sin. of शाखा f. a branch, 105.

शाले acc. du. of शाला f. a branch, 105.

शातयामास he cut, he clove, he severed; 3d sin. perf. of rt शह in caus.

शातियत्वा having cut down, having cloven, having severed; past ind. p. of rt शह in caus. 558.

शातियये I will cut down or off, I will cleave, I will tear; ist sin. 2d fut. átm. of rt शह in caus. 481.

शानचरा BAH. OR REL. COMP.767; शान cr. allayed, alleviated, assuaged, चरा nom. sin. f. from चर m. fever, pain, suffering, 108.

शानिस् nom. sin. of शानि f. settlement of difference, satisfaction.

शापानितः TAT. OR DEP. COMP. 743; शाप cr. curse, अग्नि: nom. sin. m. fire, 110.

शापान् or शापाद् for शापात् abl. sin. of शाप (47) m. a curse, 1st cl. 103.

शापेन ins. sin. of शाप m. a curse.

शारदी nom. sin. f. of शारद m.f.n. autumnal.

शार्तूलमृगसेवितम् Complex comp. 771; शार्तूल cr. a tiger, मृग cr. a deer, सेवितम् acc. sin. n. of सेवित m. f. n. infested by, resorted to, inhabited.

शार्दूलो for शार्दूलस् nom. sin. of शार्दूल m. a tiger.

शालवेणुध्याप्यत्पतिन्दुकेङ्गुद्किंशुकै: Dvan. or Agg. comp. 748; शाल cr. the Sálatree, वेणु cr. a bambu, ध्व cr. Dhava, a kind of tree, अम्राच cr. the holy fig-tree, तिन्द्रक Tinduka, a kind of ebony-tree, इङ्गद Inguda, a kind of tree or plant, किंश्वके: ins. pl. of किंश्वक m. the Kinsukatree, 1st cl. 103. The S'ál-tree is the Shorea-robusta, which yields a resinous exudation; the Dhava is the Grislea tomentosa; the Asvattha is the Ficus religiosa or holy fig-tree, also called Pippala. There are two other celebrated fig-trees in India, the Ficus glomerata, called Udumbara in this list, and the Ficus Indica, called Nyagrodha or Vata, or in English the Banyan-tree. The Ingudí, commonly called Ingua or Jiyaputa, is a tree from the fruit of which necklaces of a supposed prolific efficacy were made (Jíva-putraka). In the Raghu-vansa (XIV. 81) there is an allusion to the fruit being used by hermits to supply oil, and in the S'akuntalá (Act II) to its furnishing them with ointment. Kinsuka is the Butea frondosa, a tree bearing beautiful red blossoms.

য়ান্তাस্থায় nom. pl. m. standing in the stables; (comp. of য়ান্তা a stable, and स্থ staying, 580.)

शालिहोत्नो for शालिहोत्तस् nom. sin. m. S'álihotra, name of a personage skilled in horses.

hotra,name of a personage skilled in horses. যাখনা: nom. pl.m. of যাখন m.f.n. eternal.

शाश्रातो for शाश्रातस nom. sin. m. of शाश्रात m. f. n. everlasting.

शासनं nom. sin. n. a precept, a maxim.

शासनात् abl. sin. of शासन n. order, command, decree, 104.

शास्त्रतः for शास्त्रतस् ind. according to rule, (lit. according to the Sastras; from शास्त्र and affix तस् 719.)

शिबरेश ins. pl. of शिखर m. n. a peak, ist cl. 103.

হাজিন: nom.pl. of হাজিন m. apeacock, 159. হাজিনন্ nom.pl. of হাজিন m. apeacock, 159. হাম্ acc. sin. of হাম্ n. the head, 164. शिलातलं TAT. OR DEP. COMP. 743; शिला cr. a rock, तलम् acc. sin. of तल n. surface.

शिलोचयम् acc. sin. of शिलोचय m. a mountain, 1st cl. 103.

शिल्पानि nom. pl. of शिल्प n. an art, craft.

হিব: nom. sin. m. of হিব m.f. n. auspicious, propitious, safe.

शिष्टा nom. sin. f. of शिष्ट m. f. n. left; past p. p. of rt शिष् 672, 539.

शिष्यस् nom.sin.m. a disciple, scholar, pupil. शीग्रं ind. quickly.

शीभ्रयाने KARM. OR DES. COMP. 755; शीभ्र cr. rapid, याने loc. sin. of यान n. motion, going, driving, 1st cl. 104.

शीघ्रयानेषु loc. pl. n. See last.

शोधा for शोधास् nom. pl. m. of शोध m.f. n. fast, rapid, fleet.

श्रीतांशुना ins. sin. of श्रीतांशु m. the moon; (from श्रीत cold, and अंशु a ray, beam.)

शीर्णानां gen. pl. of शीर्ण m.f.n. broken off; past p. p. of rt श 534.

शीलनिधः TAT. OR DEP. COMP. 743; शील cr. virtue, निधिः nom. sin. m. treasure.

शीलवान nom. sin. of शीलवन m. f. n. of a good disposition, amiable, 5th cl. 140.

शुच: for अशुच: 2d sin. aor. of rt शुच to grieve, see 889.

शुचिर for शुचिस nom. sin. of शुचि m. Sući, the name of the captain of the caravan.

शुनिस्ता smiling serenely or sweetly, Ван. OR Rel. comp. 761; शुनि cr. serene or white (showing the teeth), स्मिता nom. sin. f. from स्मित n. a smile, 108, or from स्मित past p. p. of rt स्मि 896. b.

शुचिस्मिताम् acc. sin. f. smiling sweetly. शुचिस्मिते voc. sin. f. O sweetly smiling (maiden)!

शुच्यपचारो BAH. OR REL. COMP. 766; शुचि cr. holy, pure, उपचारो for उपचारस nom. sin.m.from उपचार practise, action, usage. शुद्धान् acc. pl. m. of शुद्ध m. f. n. correct, faultless, pure.

शुध्यते is cleared (from blame &c.), is acquitted; 3d sin. pres. pass. of rt शुध् 463.

शुभ m.f.n. beautiful, happy, good, 1st cl. 187.

शुभा nom. sin.f. of शुभ m.f.n. good, beautiful.

મુમાં acc. sin. f. of મુમ m. f. n. beautiful, auspicious, happy.

शुभानना Bah. or Rel. comp. 766; शुभ cr. beautiful, आनना nom. sin. f. from आनन n. face.

शुभे loc. sin. of शुभ m.f. n. auspicious, 1st cl. 187.

शुभे voc. sin. f. of शुभ m. f. n. beautiful.

शुभेण ins. sin. m. of शुभ m. f. n. bright, splendid.

মুম্মাৰ he or she heard; 3d sin. perf. of rt স্থ 369.

शुश्रुदु: they heard; 3d pl. perf. of rt श्रु 369, 676.

शुश्रुद्ध they heard; 3d pl. perf. of rt श्रु. शुष्त्रस्रोतां Bah. or Rel. comp. 761; शुष्त्र cr. dried up, स्रोतां acc. sin. of स्रोता f. substituted for स्रोतस् n. a stream.

शून्यं acc. sin. n. of शून्य m. f. n. deserted, desert, lonely, empty, void, hollow.

शून्य loc. sin. n. of शून्य m. f. n. deserted, lonely. शूर m. a hero, 1st cl. 103.

शूरः for शूरस् (63) nom. of शूर m. a hero.

श्रूरा for श्रूरास् (66. a) nom.pl.of श्रूर m. a hero.

शृङ्गानेर ins. pl. with (thy) hundred peaks, or with hundreds of peaks; शृङ्ग cr. a peak, शानेर for शानेस ins. pl. from शान n. a hundred, 743. a.

মূদ্ধা gen. pl. of মৃদ্ধ n. a peak, a crag. মৃদ্ধি for মৃদ্ধি ins. pl. of মৃদ্ধ n. the peak of a mountain, a horn.

शृशु Hear! Listen! 2d sin. imp. of rt श्रु 5th cl. 676.

श्रुगत hear ye; 2d pl. imp. of rt श्रु 5th cl. 676. श्रुगोति he hears; 3d sin. pres. of rt श्रु 5th cl. 676. श्वनतोः of (those) two hearing; gen. du. of श्वनत् pres. p. par. of rt श्व to hear, 5th cl. 676, see 524.

pres. átm. of rt शी 2d cl. 315, see 646.

श्रेषे ind. as to the rest, in regard to what remains; (loc. sin. of श्रेष m. remainder, used adverbially.)

शोकं acc. sin. of शोक m. sorrow, 1st el. 103. शोककर्षिता Tat. or Dep. comp. 740; शोक cr. sorrow, कर्षिता nom. sin. f. of कर्षित m. f. n. harassed, past p. p. of rt कृष.

शोककर्पिताम् acc. sin. f. See last.

शोक जं nom. sin. n. of शोक ज m. f. n. produced by sorrow, lit. sorrow-born; (from शोक grief, and ज 580. b.)

शोकनेन ins. sin. n. of शोकन caused or produced by grief; (comp. of शोक and न 580.)

शोकनेनाथ for शोकनेन खय by 31.

शोकदुः समन्विता Complex comp. 771; शोक cr. sorrow, दुःख cr. pain, समन्विता nom. sin. f. of समन्वित m. f.n. affected by.

शोकदु:खाभ्याम् DVAN. OR AGG. COMP. 752; शोक cr. sorrow, दु:खाभ्याम् ins. du. of दु:ख n. pain, grief.

शोकनाशन TAT. OR DEP. COMP. 743; शोक cr. sorrow, and नाशन voc. sin. of नाशन m. remover, destroyer, agt. of rt नश् 582.c.

शोकनाशनम् acc. sin. m. See last.

शोकपरायणा nom. sin. f. given up to grief; (comp. of शोक cr. sorrow, and परायण wholly addicted to.)

शोकपरिमृत: TAT. OR DEP. COMP. 740; शोक cr. sorrow, परिमृत: nom. sin. m. overwhelmed.

शोकविनाशिनीम् TAT. OR DEP. COMP. 743; शोक cr. sorrow, विनाशिनीम् acc. sin. f. of विनाशिन् m. f. n. destroying, removing, agt. from rt नश् with वि, 582,6th cl. 159.

शोकविवर्धन TAT. OR DEP. COMP. 743; शोक cr. sorrow, विवर्धन voc. sin. of विवर्धन m. one who increases, from rt वृथ् with वि, 582. c.

शोकविवर्धनः nom. sin. m. See last.

शोकसंविग्नमानसः nom. sin. m. having his heart distracted with grief; (शोक sorrow, संविग्न agitated, मानस mind, see 771.)

शोकसन्तमा TAT. OR DEP. COMP. 740; शोक cr. sorrow, सन्तमा nom. sin. f. of सन्तम m.f.n. burned, inflamed, consumed, past p. p. of rt तप् with सं, 539.

शोकात् abl. sin. of शोक m. sorrow.

शोकाती nom. sin. f. of शोकात m.f.n. afflicted with grief; (comp. of शोक cr. sorrow, and आते pained, 542.)

शोकातीम् acc. sin. f. afflicted, grieved. शोकाती nom. du. m. afflicted.

शोके loc. sin. of शोक m. sorrow.

शोकेन ins. sin. of शोक m. grief, anguish.

शोकेनावसीदित for शोकेन खवसीदित by 31.

शोकोन्मियतिचत्रात्मा Complex comp.771; शोक cr. sorrow, उन्मियत cr. agitated, चित्र cr. mind, thought, आत्मा nom. sin. of शात्मन् m. soul, 146.

शोकोपहतचेतना BAH. OR REL. COMP. 761; शोक cr. sorrow, उपहत cr. affected, चेतना f. mind, soul.

शोचित he or she sorrows for or grieves for; 3d sin. pres. of rt श्रुच 1st cl. 261.

शोचन grieving for, lamenting; nom. sin. m. of शोचन m.f.n.; pres. p. of rt शुच 524.

शोचनी acc. sin.f. of शोचत m.f.n. grieving, sorrowing; pres. p. par. of rt शुच् 524.

शोचनो they grieve for, they mourn over; 3d pl. pres. átm. of rt शुच् 1st cl. 261.

शोचन्या ins. sin. f. of शोचन् m.f. n. grieving, sorrowing; pres. p. of rt शुच् 141. b, 524.

शोचसे thou dost bewail, thou grievest for; 2d sin. pres. átm. of rt शुच् 1st cl. 261.

शोचामि I grieve, I sorrow for; 1st sin. pres. of rt शुच् 1st cl. 261.

शोचाम्यहम् for शोचामि अहम् by 34.

शोचितुम् to mourn, to lament; inf. of rt शुच् शोधयामास he or she cleared or wiped away; 3d sin. perf. of rt शुध् in caus. 385. a.

शोभते he or she shines; 3d sin. pres. átm. of rt शुभ् 1st cl. 261.

शोभने O beautiful one! voc. sin. of शोभना f. of शोभन m.f. n. beautiful, 1st cl. 105.

श्रोभन्ते they look beautiful, they shine; 3d pl. pres. átm. of rt शुभ् 1st cl. 261.

शोभमाना nom. sin. f. of शोभमान m. f. n. being beautiful, shining; pres. p. átm. of rt शुभ् 526.

शोषयित he or it dries; 3d sin. pres. of rt शुप् in caus. 481.

शोचं nom. or acc. sin. of शोच n. purity, purification, cleansing, 1st cl. 104.

ङ्याम: nom. sin. of ङ्याम m.f.n. black, 1st cl. 187.

इयामा nom. sin. f. of इयाम m.f. n. dark.

इयामां acc. sin. f. of इयाम m. f. n. dark.

इयामायाः gen. sin. f. of इयाम m.f. n. dark.

इयाला: nom. pl. of इयाल m. a wife's brother, brother-in-law.

শ্বৰ্ম acc. sin. of শ্বৰ m. fatigue, weariness. শ্বৰক্ষিন: Tat. or Dep. comp. 740; শ্বৰ

cr. fatigue, toil, किंपित: nom. sin. of किंपित m. f. n. worn out.

न्नमोहिताम् TAT. OR DEP. COMP. 740; श्रम cr. fatigue, मोहिताम् acc. sin. f. of मोहित m.f. n. bewildered, paralysed, stupefied.

স্থানা: nom. sin. m. of স্থানা m.f. n. wearied;
past p. p. of rt স্থান্ 546.

य्रानस्य gen. sin. of यान m. f. n. wearied, fatigued; past p. p. of rt यम् 546.

प्राना nom. sin. f. of प्रान्त m. f. n. wearied; past p. p. of rt प्रम् 546.

प्राचयाचिक्रों they caused to be heard, they proclaimed; 3d pl. perf. átm. of rt शु in caus. 490.

श्रावित श nom. sin. m. of श्रावित m. f. n. made to hear; past p. p. of rt श्रु in caus. 549. श्रियं acc. sin. of श्री f. the goddess of fortune or beauty, prosperity, 123. See below.

স্থিমা ins. sin. of স্মী f. beauty, fortune, happiness, 123.

प्रो f. beauty, prosperity; a name of the goddess of beauty and abundance, also called Lakshmí. She is the wife of Vishņu, and was produced at the churning of the ocean; see note under अमृतोपमां.

ष्रीभगवान् nom. sin. m. of ष्रीभगवत् Krishna. ष्रीमतीं acc. sin. f. of ष्रीमत् m. f. n. fortunate, happy, 140.

श्रीमनं acc. sin. m. of श्रीमत् fortunate.

श्रीमांश् for श्रीमान् nom. sin. m. of श्रीमत् m.f. n. fortunate, illustrious, 5th cl. 140.

श्रीमान् nom. sin. m. of श्रीमत् m. f. n. prosperous, fortunate, 5th cl. 140.

प्रोर् for प्रोस् nom. sin. f. the goddess of fortune or beauty.

भुत m. f. n. heard; past p. p. of rt भु 676. भुतं nom. sin. n. of भुत m. f. n. heard.

श्रुत: nom. sin. m. of श्रुत m. f. n. heard, called; past p. p. of rt श्रु 532.

श्रुता nom. sin. f. of श्रुत m. f. n. heard.

श्रुतानि acc. pl. n. of श्रुत m. f. n. heard, heard of; past p. p. of rt श्रु to hear, 532.

श्रुतो for श्रुतस् nom. sin. m. of श्रुत heard. श्रुत्वा having heard; past. ind. p. of rt श्रु.

श्रुत्वारापे for श्रुत्वा खरापे by 31.

श्रेय: nom. sin. n. of श्रेयस् m. f. n. better, preferable; irreg. comparative of प्रशस्य good, excellent, see 194, 167.

श्रेयस् acc. sin. of श्रेयस् n. felicity, eternal happiness, 7th cl. 164.

श्रेयसा ins. sin. of श्रेयस् n. eternal happiness, happiness, a state of felicity, 7th cl. 164.

श्रेयो for श्रेयस् nom. sin. n. of श्रेयस् m. f. n. better, preferable, 164.

श्रेयो for श्रेयस् acc. sin. of श्रेयस् n. felicity, eternal happiness, welfare, prosperity.

श्रेष्ठं acc. sin. m. of श्रेष्ठ m. f. n. best.

श्रेष्ठ: for श्रेष्ठस् nom. sin. m. of श्रेष्ठ m. f. n. best, most eminent, 1st cl. 103.

त्रोतुं to hear; inf. of rt श्रु 459.

स्रोप्पामि I shall hear; 1st sin. 2d. fut. of rt स्रु 676.

श्रहण unins. sin. f. of श्रहण m. f. n. smooth, bland, soft, gentle.

योकम् acc. sin. of योक m. a verse, a couplet. य for यस ind. to-morrow.

ष्यगुरा: nom. pl. of ष्यगुर m. a father-in-law. ष्यगुरान् acc. pl. of ष्यगुर m. a father-in-law. ष्यगरो for ष्यगरस nom. sin. of ष्यगर m. a

प्रश्नुरो for प्रश्नुरस् nom. sin. of प्रश्नुर m. a father-in-law.

म्बापदसेविते TAT. OR DEP. COMP. 740; म्बा-पद cr. a beast of prey, सेविते loc. sin. n. of सेवित m. f. n. infested by, frequented by.

म्बापदाचरिते TAT. OR DEP. COMP. 740; म्बा-पद cr. a beast of prey, आचरिते loc. sin. n. of आचरित m. f. n. infested, overrun.

म्बोभूते loc. sin. on its being to-morrow, at to-morrow's dawn; (comp. of म्यस् to-morrow, and भूत been, appeared.)

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पट्यातेश ins. of पट्यात m. six hundred, 103; (comp. of पप six, 43. f, and शत a hundred, 206. The latter word, when used by itself, is declined in the singular.)

षष्ट: nom. sin. m. of षष्ठ sixth, 209. भोडग्न: nom. sin. m. sixteenth, 210.

#### H

स a contraction of सह with, which often appears at the beginning of adverbial and of relative compounds.

स for सस् (by 67) he, that; nom. sin. m. of तत् m. f. n. he, she, it, 220.

सं prep. with, together, altogether.

संयद्ध restrain thou; 2d sin. imp. of rt यम् with सं, 270.

संयताहार BAH. OR REL. COMP. 767; संयत

cr. restrained, strict, temperate, আহাথৈ ins. pl. of আহাতে m. food, 1st cl. 103.

संयतेन्द्रियः BAH. OR REL. COMP. 767; संयत cr. restrained, इन्द्रियः nom. sin. m. from इन्द्रिय n. an organ of sense, 1st cl. 108.

संयतेन्द्रिये: ins. pl. m. See last.

संरमा: nom. pl. m. of संरम m. f. n. agitated. संरमा for संरमस nom. sin. m. anger, fury.

संरुध having obstructed, having blocked up; past ind. p. of rt रुध with सम्, 559.

संविग्ना nom. sin. f. of संविग्न m. f. n. distracted, agitated, terrified.

संविधीयताम् let it be arranged or managed, let it be decided; 3d sin. imp. of धा in pass. with वि and सं, 465.

संवीता nom. sin. f. of संवीत m. f. n. clothed, clad,covered; past p.p.of rt चे with सं,535.

संवृता nom. sin. f. of संवृत m. f. n. covered; past p. p. of rt वृ with सं.

संवृतां acc. sin. f. of संवृत m. f. n. covered. संवृतर for संवृतिस ins. pl. of संवृत m. f. n. filled with, surrounded or pervaded by.

संवृतो for संवृतस् nom. sin. of संवृत m. f. n. covered; past p. p. of rt वृ with सं, 532.

संवृत्तः nom. sin. m. of संवृत्त m. f. n. become, (in Book XX. 41 became, see 896;) past p. p. of rt वृत्त with सं, 539.

संवृत्तो for संवृत्तस् nom. sin. m. become.

संवेद्यो for संवेद्यस् nom. sin. m. to be made known; fut. pass. p. of rt विद् in caus. with सं, 571, (governing loc. by 861.)

संशयः nom. sin. of संशय m. uncertainty, doubt.

संशयस् nom. sin. m. doubt.

संश्रुत having heard, having promised; past ind. p. of rt श्रु with सं, 560, 676.

संसक्तवदनाष्ट्रासा BAH. OR REL. COMP. 767; संसक्त cr. adhering to, sticking, वदन cr. mouth, आग्रासा nom. sin. f. from आग्रास m. breath, 108. Lit. with breath adhering to (her)mouth, i.e. with suppressed breath. संसुत्रम् acc.sin.m.of संसुत्र m.f.n. asleep, sleeping, sound asleep, fast asleep. See सुत्र.

संस्पृत्रय having touched; past ind. p. of rt स्पृत्र with सं, 559.

संस्मितेच्यस् to be remembered, to be thought upon; fut. pass. p. of rt स्मृ with सं, 594, 569.

संस्त्र having called to mind; past ind. p. of rt स with सं, 560.

संहंतुं to restrain; inf. of rt ह with सं,459,593.

सकातराः voc. pl. m. of सकातर m. f. n. cowardly, dastardly.

सका nom. sin. f. of सक्त m. f. n. fixed, intent; past p. p. of rt सञ्च to adhere, 597. a.

सक्ताभून् for सक्ता अभूत् by 31, 47.

सखा nom. sin. of सांख m. a friend, 120.

संखायं acc. sin. of सांच m. a friend, see 120.

संबो nom. sin. f. a female friend, 1st cl. 106. संबोंस for संबोन acc. pl. of संखि m. a friend.

सखीगणसमावृतां TAT. OR DEP. COMP. 745; सखी cr. a female friend, गण cr. a company, समावृताम् acc. sin. f. of समावृत m.f. n. surrounded by, 1st cl. 103; (past p. p. of rt व with आ and सम्, 531.)

सखी गणावृता TAT. OR DEP. COMP. 745; सखी cr. a female friend, गण cr. a crowd, a number, आवृता nom. sin. f. of आवृत m. f. n. surrounded, past p. p. of rt वृ with आ, 675.

संवीजनं acc. sin. m. a female friend, a number of female friends.

सखीजनः nom. sin. m. a female friend, a number or company of female friends.

सखीनां gen. pl. of सखी f. a female friend, 1st cl. 106.

संखोभ: ins. pl. of संखो f. a female friend. संखोमध्ये Tat. or Dep. comp. 743; संखो cr. a friend, मध्ये loc. sin. of मध्य n. the middle, midst, 1st cl. 104.

संस्थाज्ञ for संस्थास nom. pl. of संखी f. a female friend, 1st cl. 106.

- संस्थम nom. pl. of संसी f. a female friend.
- सगणाः with companies of attendants, Влн. or Rel. comp. 769; स for सह with, गणाः nom. pl. m. from गण m. a company, a troop, a host, ist cl. 103.
- सङ्खे loc. sin. of सङ्ख्य n. a narrow passage.
- सङ्गरों for सङ्गरम् nom. sin. m. confusion, mixture of caste or tribe, proceeding from indiscriminate intercourse.
- सङ्गल्पं acc. sin. of सङ्गल्प m. resolution, resolve, plan, ist cl. 103.
- सङ्गीर्त्तमानेषु being proclaimed, being celebrated; loc. pl. of सङ्गीर्त्तमान m. f. n., pres. pass. p. of rt कृत with सं, 528.
- संध्यिष having compressed; past ind. p. of rt द्विप with सं, 559, 635.
- संख्यातुम् to calculate, to enumerate ; inf. of rt स्था with सं, 459.
- संख्याने loc. sin. of संख्यान n. numbering, numeration, arithmetic.
- संख्याय having counted, having numbered; past ind. p. of rt स्या with सं, 559.
- संख्यास्यानि I will number or count; 1st sin. 2d fut. of rt ख्या with सं, 394.
- संख्ये loc. sin. of संख्य n. battle, war.
- सङ्गच्छ be thou united, unite thyself; 2d sin. imp. of rt गम् with सं, 1st cl. 602.
- सङ्गत्या by chance, haply; ins. sin. of सङ्गति. सङ्गत्येह for सङ्गत्या इह by 32.
- सङ्गमो for सङ्गमस् nom. sin. of सङ्गम m. union.
- सङ्गम्य having come together, having become united; past ind. p. of rt गम् with सं, 559.
- सङ्गृहीतेषु loc. pl. m. of सङ्गृहीत m. f. n. restrained, curbed.
- सङ्गामं acc. sin. of सङ्गाम m. war, battle.
- सङ्ग्रामजिह् nom. sin. m. a conqueror in battle; (comp. of सङ्ग्राम cr. war, and जित् a conqueror, victorious, 84. III.)
- सङ्ग्रामेषु loc. pl. of सङ्ग्राम m. war, battle, ist cl. 103.

- सदारं acc. sin. of सदार m. a passage, way, entrance, doorway.
- सिंबनायन्ती thinking; nom.sin.f. of सिंबना-यत् m.f. n., pres. p. of rt चिन्त् 10th el. 524.
- सचेष्टमानस्य gen. sin. m. of सचेष्टमान m. f. n. acting; pres. p. átm. of rt चेष्ट् with सं, 526.
- संचोदयामास he urged on; 3d sin. perf. of rt चुद with सं, 10th cl. 385.
- सञ्जय voc. sin. m. Sanjaya, the name of the charioteer of king Dhrita-ráshṭra.
- सम्त्रीय live thou; 2d sin. imp. of rt जीव with सं, 603.
- सतः gen. sin. of सत् m.f. n. existing, being; pres. p. of rt अस्.
- सततं ind. always, ever, perpetually, 713.
- सतस् gen. sin. m. of सत् m. f. n. being; pres. p. of rt अस् 524.
- सति loc. sin. m. of सत् m. f. n. being; pres. p. of rt सस्, see 840.
- सती nom. sin. f. a virtuous woman.
- सती nom. sin. f. of सत् m.f.n. being; pres. p. of rt सस् 2d cl. 524.
- सन्तारं acc. sin. of सन्तार m. hospitality, ist cl. 103.
- सत्काराहों for सत्काराहम् worthy of hospitable treatment; (from सत्कार, q.v., and षहेस् nom. sin. m. of खहे m.f. n. worthy.)
- सत्कारेण ins. sin. of सत्कार m. hospitable treatment, hospitality, 1st cl. 103.
- सल्तः nom.sin.m. of सल्त m.f.n. honoured, hospitably treated.
- संस्कृता nom. sin. f. of संस्कृत m. f. n. well-treated.
- सत्कृतो for सत्कृतस् nom.sin.m. of सत्कृत m.f.n. honoured, treated with hospitality.
- सत्कृत्य having honoured, having treated courteously, having entertained hospitably; past ind. p. from सत्क 560.
- सत्यं nom. or acc. sin. of सत्य n. truth, troth, an oath.
- सत्यदिशिन: gen. sin. m. or nom. pl. m. of सत्य-दिशिन् m.f. n. foreseeing the truth, truth-

discerning; (comp. of सत cr. the truth, and दिशिन् agt. one who sees, 582. a.)

सत्यधनेपरायणः Complex comp. 771; सत्य cr. truth, धर्ने cr. virtue, परायणः nom. sin. m. of परायण m.f.n. devoted, attached to.

सत्यनामा Bah. or Rel. comp. 766; सत्य cr. true, नामा nom. sin. m. from नामन् n. a name, 6th cl., see 154.

सत्यपराक्रमः nom. sin. m. truly brave, (ВАН. OR REL. COMP. 766; सत्य cr. true, पराक्रम m. valour.)

सत्यग् nom. sin. m. of सत्यगच् m. f. n. truthful, speaking the truth; (comp. of सत्य true, and वाच् 176, 766.)

सत्यवादी TAT. OR DEP. COMP. 743; सत्य cr. truth, वादी nom. sin. m. of वादिन् m. f. n. a speaker, 582. a.

सत्यवान् nom. sin. m. of सत्यवत् m. f. n. truthful, 5th cl. 140.

सत्यविक्रमं BAH. OR REL. COMP. 766; सत्य cr. true, विक्रमम् acc. sin. of विक्रम m. valour. सत्यविक्रम: nom. sin. m. See last.

सत्यव्रतो for सत्यव्रतस् nom. sin. of सत्यव्रत m.f.n. strict in the observance of duty, true to a promise or vow, faithful, (BAH. OR REL. COMP. 766; from सत्य true, and व्रत a religious duty, promise, vow.)

सत्यसन्ध voc. sin. m. O thou that art true to thy engagements! BAH. or Rel. comp. 766; (सत्य cr. true, सन्धा f. agreement.)

सत्यसन्धो nom. sin. m. See last.

सत्याः acc. pl. f. of सत्य m. f. n. true, 1st cl. 105. सत्येन ins. sin. of सत्य n. truth, 1st cl. 104.

सत्यो for सत्यस् nom. pl. of सती f. a virtuous woman, 106.

सदम्बांश for सदम्यान् (53) acc. pl. m. good horses; (comp. of सन् good, and अम्ब.)

सदा ind. always, ever, continually, 722.

सदागति: m. the wind, the air; (from सदा always, and गति motion.)

सदारों for सदारस nom. sin. m. along with

(thy) wife; (comp. of H for HE and दार a wife, see 769.)

सद्श m. f. n. like, similar, resembling. सद्शं acc. sin. m. of सद्श m. f. n. like.

सदृशी nom. sin. f. of सदृश m. f. n. like.

सदृशो for सदृशस् nom. sin. m. of सदृश, q.v. सनातनः nom. sin. m. of सनातन m.f. n. eternal.

सनातनाः nom.pl.m.of सनातन m.f.n.eternal.

सन्त्रस्ता nom. sin. f. of सन्त्रस्त m. f. n. terrified, affrighted; past p. p. of rt तस् with सं, 539.

सन्दिश he charged, he enjoined; 3d sin. perf. of rt दिश् with सं, 364.

सन्दिश्य having instructed, having pointed out; past ind. p. of rt दिश् with सं, 559.

सन्देहाइ for सन्देहात् abl. sin. of सन्देह m. doubt, 1st cl. 103.

सन्धान् acc. sin. of सन्धा f. morning and evening devotions, ist cl. 105. There are properly three daily devotional services performed by pious men, termed Sandhyás, either from the word Sandhi 'junction,' because they take place at 'the joinings' of the day, as it were, that is, at dawn, noon, and twilight; or, as the term is otherwise derived, from sam 'with' and dhyai 'to meditate religiously.'

सिन्नधौ loc. sin. of सिन्निधि f. presence, 2d cl. 112.

सिन्नपातिता: nom. pl. m. of सिन्नपातित m. f. n. assembled, collected together; past p. p. of rt पत् in caus. with सं and नि, 549.

सिन्नमन्त्रयामास he invited; 3d sin. perf. of rt मन्त् with prep. सं and नि, 10th cl. 385. a.

सन्पासस् nom. sin. m. a stake, that which is laid down as a wager, a deposit.

सपतानाम् gen. pl. of सपत m. an enemy.

सपरीवारों for सपरीवारस् nom. sin. m. along with (thy) retinue, with thy family and dependants; (comp. of स for सह and परीवार or परिवार retinue, 769.)

सपुतायां loc. sin. f. accompanied by (her)

children, along with (her) children; (comp. of स for सह with, and पुत a son, 769.)

सप्तद्शः nom. sin. m. seventeenth, 210.

सप्तमः nom. sin. m. of सप्तम m.f. n. seventh, 209. सप्त लं acc. sin. n. of सप्त ल m. f. n. fruitful, ist cl. 103, see 769.

सभा acc. sin. of सभा f. an assembly, a meeting; a house, a cabin, a cottage, 1st cl. 105.

सभामधे in the middle of the cottage, in the cottage; (from सभा cr., q. v., and मधे loc. sin. of मध्य n. the midst, 743.)

सभाषाय with his wife; dat. sin. m. of सभाये BAH: OR REL. COMP., see 769.

सभायें Bah. or Rel. comp. 769; स for सह with, along with, भार्ये loc. sin. m. from भार्या f. a wife, 1st cl. 108.

सभोहेश in the neighbourhood or precincts of the cottage; (from सभा cr., and उद्देश loc. sin. of उद्देश m. spot, 743.)

सम् prep. with, together, altogether. Observe
— सं, सङ्, and सत्र् are forms assumed according to the nature of the following consonant.

सम m.f.n. equal, similar, 1st cl. 103, see 187. समङ्गले: ins.pl.m.of समङ्गल m.f.n.auspicious.

समचिनायत् he reflected; 3d sin. impf. of rt चिन्त with सम्, 10th cl. 641.

समितिक्रम्य having passed by; past ind. p. of rt क्रम् with जित and सम्, 559.

समितकान्ता nom. sin. f. of समितकान्त m. f. n. excelled, surpassed, (has surpassed, surpasses, 896, 896. a;) past p. p. of rt क्रम् with जात and सम्, 546.

समितिक्रान्ते loc. sin. m. of समितिक्रान्त m. f. n. passed onwards, gone beyond; past p. p. of rt क्रम् with जाति and सम्, 546.

समितिकान्तो for समितिकान्तस् nom. sin. m. passed beyond, gone beyond; past p. p. of rt क्रम् with जाति and सम्, 546.

समिधिश्रिय having gone forth, having advanced; past ind. p. of rt श्रि with अधि and सम्, 560.

समनुताते loc. sin. of समनुतात m. f. n. permitted, permitted to depart; past p. p. of rt जा with अनु and सं, 532.

समनुज्ञातो for समनुज्ञातस् nom. sin. m. permitted to depart. See last.

समनुप्राभो for समनुप्राभस nom. sin. m. of सम-नुप्राभ m.f.n. obtained, assumed; past p.p. of rt जाए with प्र, जनु, and सम, 539.

समनुवनां acc. sin. of समनुवना f. entirely devoted (as a wife to a husband); governing accusative case.

समनुशास्ति he rules; 3d sin. pres. of rt शास with अनु and सम्, 2d cl. 658.

समन्ताद for समन्तात् (45) ind. all around, on all sides, 715.

समपूजयत he honoured; 3d sin. impf. of rt पूज with सं, 10th cl. 283.

समभिक्रम्य having approached; past ind. p. of rt क्रम् with जभि and सम्, 559.

समभिज्ञाय having recognised; past ind. p. of rt ज्ञा with खभि and सम्, 559.

समयं acc. sin. of समय m. a compact, an agreement, 1st cl. 103.

समयेन on condition or conditionally; ins. sin. of समय m. a condition, agreement.

समयेनोत्सहे for समयेन उत्सहे by 32.

समहत्वणों with the company of the Maruts, Bah. or Rel. comp. 769; स for सह ind., महद cr. Marut, a personification of the wind, मणी nom. du. m. from मण m. a troop, a class, a company. The Maruts are the forty-nine winds personified. In the Vishņu Puráṇa (p. 151) they are described as the children of Diti, by Kasyapa, or rather as the child, divided by Indra into forty-nine portions, and afterwards addressed by him in the words má rodiḥ weep not, whence the name Marud.

समर्थांस् for समर्थान् by 53. See next.

समर्थान् acc. pl. of समर्थ m. f. n. powerful. समर्थो for समर्थेस् nom. sin. m. of समर्थे m. f. n. able. समलङ्कातं nom. sin. n. of समलङ्कात m. f. n. adorned; past p. p. of rt कृ with खलम् and सम्, 682, 787. a.

समलङ्गता nom. sin. f. of समलङ्गत m.f. n. adorned.

समवाप्तकामा Bah. or Rel. comp. 767; समयाप्त cr. obtained, gained, कामा nom. sin. f. from काम m. wish, desire.

समवेतान् acc.pl.m.of समवेत m.f.n.assembled. समस्तलोकस्य KARM. or Des. comp. 755; समस्त cr. all, the whole, लोकस्य gen. sin. of लोक m. the world.

समाकुलं acc. sin. m. or n. of समाकुल m.f.n. crowded, filled with.

समागतं acc. sin. m. of समागत m. f. n. arrived. समागता: nom. pl. of समागत m. f. n. united, joined together; past p. p. of rt गम् with घा and सम्, 545.

समागतान् acc. pl. of समागत m. f. n. assembled, come together, congregated.

समागमं acc. sin. of समागम m. assembling, coming together, assembly, 1st cl. 103.

समागमात् abl. sin. of समागम m. union.

समागम्य having approached, having come to meet, having gone to meet; past ind. p. of rt गम् with आ and सम्, 559.

समाद्धत he held out; irregular form for समाद्धात; 3d sin. impf. of rt धा with खा and सम्, 664.

समादाय having taken; past ind. p. of rt दा with ज्ञा and सम्, 559.

समादायेहि for समादाय एहि by 33.

समादिष्टं acc. sin. m. of समादिष्ट m. f. n. pointed out; past p. p. of rt दिश् with आ and सम, 539.

समादिष्टा nom. sin.f. of समादिष्ट m.f.n. commanded, ordered.

समाद्रवन they rushed on to the attack; 3d pl. impf. átm. of rt दू with आ and सम्, 261, 592.

समानीता nom. sin. f. of समानीत m. f. n. brought, conducted; past p. p. of rt नी with आ and सम्, 532.

समानेतुं to bring, to conduct; inf. of rt नी with आ and सम्, 459.

समाञ्जताभ्यां ins. du. n. of समाञ्जत m. f. n. moistened, overflowing with moisture; past p. p. of rt ञु with जा and सम्, 530.

समायानि they are arrived, they are come; 3d pl. pres. of rt या with आ and सम्, 317, 644.

समायुक्तं acc. sin. m. of समायुक्त m.f. n. joined to, united with; past p. p. of rt युज् with सा and सम, 539.

समारोहत he ascended; 3d sin. impf. of rt हह with सा and सम्, 1st cl. 261.

समाविश्वत he entered; 3d sin. impf. of rt विश्व with स्था and सम्, 6th cl. 278.

समाविश्य having entered; past ind. p. of rt विश् with श्वा and सम्, 559.

समावृणोत् he covered; 3d sin. impf. of rt वृ with खा and सम्, 5th cl. 675.

समावृता nom. sin. f. of समावृत m. f. n. protected, guarded; past p. p. of rt व with आ and सम, 532.

समायसत् he or she revived or took courage, (lit. he or she took breath;) 3d sin. impf. of rt श्वस् with आ and सम्, 322. a.

समाश्रमिहि take thou courage, cheer up! 2d sin. imp. of rt श्रम with श्रा and सम्, 322.a.

समाधासयत he consoled, he comforted; 3d sin. impf. átm. of rt श्वस in caus. with आ and सम, 481.

समाण्यासियतुम् to console; inf. of rt श्वस् in caus. with श्वा and सम्, 459.

समाश्वास्य having cheered, having encouraged or refreshed, having fondled or caressed; past ind. p. of rt श्वस् with आ and सम्.

समास nom. pl. m. of सम the same, equal.

समासाद्य having met with, having obtained; past ind. p. of rt सद in caus. with जा and सम्, 566.

समास्यित: nom. sin. m. of समास्यित m. f. n. having recourse to, practising; past p. p. of rt स्था with सा and सम्, 533, 896. a.

समाहितं nom. sin. n. of समाहित m. f. n. placed, imposed, composed; past p. p. of rt था with आ and सम, 533.

समाहित: nom. sin. of समाहित m. f. n. having the mind fixed or intent, intent upon.

समाहिता nom. sin. f. of समाहित m.f.n. composed in mien.

समाहम्पन they rejoiced; 3d pl. impf. átm. of rt हुए with खा and सम, 4th cl. 272.

of rt हुप् with जा and सम्, 4th cl. 272. समाद्धानं acc. sin. of समाद्धान n. a challenge.

समोद्ध having perceived, having observed, having beheld, having examined; ind. p. of rt ईख with prep. सम, 605, 564.

समीप m. f. n. near, contiguous, at hand.

सभीपं ind. near to, into the presence of, (governing genitive case, 713, 731.)

समीपस्था nom. sin. f. standing near, adjacent; (from समीप near, and स्थ staying, 580. b.)

समीपे ind. in the presence of, in the neighbourhood of; (loc. sin. of समीप 716.)

समुत्पत्म having flown upwards, having flown away; ind. p. of rt पत् with उत् and सम्, 564.

समुत्पन्न: nom.sin.m. excited, produced; past p. p. of rt पद्ध with उत्त and सम्, 540.

समुत्पेतुर they leaped up or sprang; 3d pl. perf. of rt पत् with उत् and सम, 375. a.

समुत्पेतुस् they jumped up; 3d pl. perf. See last.

समुद्धम्य having restrained, having curbed; past ind. p. of rt यम with उत् and सम्, 559.

समुद्रगा nom. sin. f. of समुद्रग m. f. n. flowing towards the ocean; (from समुद्र the sea, and ग going, 580. b.)

समुपद्श्यते is pointed out; 3d sin. pres. of rt दिश् in pass. with उप and सम्, 463, 583.

समुपस्थितं acc. sin. m.or n.of समुपस्थित m.f. n. assembled, standing near together; arrived, happened, overtaken. See next.

समुपस्थिता: (are) present together, (have) approached together; nom. pl. m. of सनु-

पस्पित m. f.n., past p. p. of rt स्था with उप and सम्, 533.

समुपानगमुर they came together, collected together; 3d pl. perf. of rt गम् with आ, उप, and सम्, 376.

समुपाद्रवन् they ran after, they pursued; 3d pl. impf. of rt हु (1st cl. 592) with prep. उप and सं.

समुपाधायद (she) ran after, (she) ran towards; 3d sin. impf. of rt धाय (1st cl. 261) with prep. उप and सं.

समुपेतं acc. sin. m. or n. of समुपेत m.f. n. come near to, approached, resorted to, visited.

समृद्धं nom. sin. m. or n. of समृद्ध m. f. n. wealthy, flourishing.

सन्दः nom. sin. m. of सन्द m. f. n. rich, affluent, opulent, prosperous.

सनृडो for सनृडस् nom. sin. of सनृड m. f. n. prosperous, happy.

समे acc. du. n. of सम m.f.n. equal, the same.

समेतो for समेतस् nom. sin. m. of समेत m.f.n. united to, come together, joined; past p. p. of rt इ with आ and सम्, 532.

समेत्य having come together, having had a meeting, having met; past ind. p. of rt इ with जा and सम्, 645, 560.

समेप्पिस thou shalt meet, thou shalt be united with; 2d sin. 2d fut. of rt ₹ with सम्, 645.

समेष्यामि I shall meet; 1st sin. 2d fut. of rt इ with सम्, 645.

सन्पतन्तीं acc. sin. f. of सम्पतत् m. f. n. flitting, going backwards and forwards; pres. p. of rt पत् with सं, 524.

सम्पतन् for सम्पतन् nom. sin. m. of सम्पतन् m. f. n. alighting, arriving; pres. p. of rt पत् with सं, 524.

सम्पन्ने loc. sin. n. of सम्पन्न m.f. n. completed, achieved; past p. p. of rt पद्द with सं, 540.

सम्पूर्णीम् acc. sin. f. of सम्पूर्ण m. f. n. full.

सम्प्रणष्टे loc. sin. m. of सम्प्रणष्ट m. f. n.

vanished, disappeared; past p. p. of rt नश् with प्र and सम्, 539.

सम्प्रवृत्ते loc. sin. m. of सम्प्रवृत्त m.f.n. passed, gone by; past p. p. of rt वृत् with प्र and सम्, 539.

सम्प्रहण्डा BAH. OR REL. COMP. 767; सम्प्रहण्ट cr. erect, erected (as when thrilling with pleasure), तनूरह m. the hair of the body.

सम्प्रहश्स्य gen. sin. m. of सम्प्रहश् m.f.n. rejoiced, joyful; past p. p. of rt हुप् with प्र and सम्.

सम्प्राप्तं acc. sin. m. of सम्प्राप्त m.f. n. reached, arrived at. See next.

सम्प्राप्ता nom. sin. f. of सम्प्राप्त m. f. n. obtained, arrived at; past p. p. of rt जाप with प्र and सं, 539.

सम्प्राप्ते loc. sin. of सम्प्राप्त m. f. n. arrived. सम्प्राप्तो for सम्प्राप्तस् nom. sin. obtained,

met with.

सम्प्रेक्ष having seen, having observed; past ind. p. of rt ईश्व with प्र and सं.

सम्चन्धिनस् nom. pl. of सम्चन्धिन् m. a relation. सम्बन्धी nom. sin. of सम्चन्धिन् m. a kinsman, relative, connexion, 159.

सम्भारं acc. sin. of सम्भार m. collection of goods, goods and chattels.

सम्भावनीयस् nom. sin. m. (agreeing with स्वयंवर m. a bridal, understood) to be honoured with the presence (of any one); fut. pass. p. of rt भू in caus. with सं.

सम्भावितस्य gen. sin. m. of सम्भावित m. f. n. honoured, honourable.

सम्भाना: nom. pl. m. or f. of सम्भाना m.f. n. bewildered, agitated; past p. p. of rt भ्रम् with सं, 546.

सम्मते loc. sin. of सम्मत n. assent, consent, approval; 'with the consent.'

सम्पक् ind. fitly, properly, entirely, truly.

सम्पक्क तुँ to make true; inf. of सम्पक्कः; (from सम्पक् and rt कृ.)

सम्यग् for सम्यक् (41) ind. wholly, altogether, in a friendly manner, well, 713.

सम्यग्गोन्ना nom. sin. m. a good protector, a true guardian; (from सम्यक् and गोमृ.)

सम्पानृतः altogether relying, well-abiding; (comp. of सम्यक् ind. altogether, and नृत m. f. n. fixed, abiding.)

सरांसि acc. pl. of सरस् n. a lake, a pool, 7th cl. 164.

सराष्ट्राणि acc. pl. n. with the kingdoms; (comp. of स for सह with, and राष्ट्र n. a kingdom, see 769.)

सरितम् acc. pl. of सरित् f. a river, 5th cl. 136. सरितो for सरितम् acc. pl. See last.

सरिद्धि: ins. pl. of सरित् f. a river, 136.

सर्ग: nom. sin. of सर्गे m. a chapter, a section. सर्वे m.f.n. all, every, 237.

सर्चे nom. or acc. sin. n. or acc. sin. m. of सर्व all.

सर्वे: nom. sin. m. of सर्वे m. f. n. all.

सर्वेकामै: KARM. OR DES. COMP. 755; सर्वे cr. all, कामै: ins. pl. of काम m. wish, desire, want.

सवैगतं nom. or acc. sin. n. of सवैगत m.f. n. universally diffused, all-pervading, (TAT. or Dep. comp. 739; सर्वे all, and गत gone.)

सर्वेगत: nom. sin. m. going everywhere, all-pervading; (सर्वे, गत.)

सर्वगातिभ्यो KARM. OR DES. COMP. 755; सर्व cr. all, गातिभ्यो for गातिभ्यस् abl. pl. of गात n. a limb, 1st cl. 104.

सर्वगुणैर for सर्वगुणैस KARM. OR DES. COMP. 755; सर्व cr. all, गुणैर ins. pl. of गुण m. quality, excellence.

सर्वगुणोपेतं Complex comp. 771; सर्वे cr. all, गुण virtue, good quality, उपेतं acc. sin. m. of उपेत m. f. n. endowed with.

सर्वेज्ञो for सर्वेज्ञस् nom. sin. m. of सर्वेज्ञ m.f.n. all-knowing, omniscient; (comp. of सर्वे all, and ज knowing, 580. b.)

सर्वेतः for सर्वेतस् ind. in every direction.

सर्वेतो for सर्वेतस ind. in every direction.

सर्वतोदिशं acc. sin. to every quarter, in every direction; (comp. of सर्वतो for सर्वतस् ind. 64, every way, and दिशम् acc. sin. of दिश् f. a quarter, 181.)

सर्वतोदिश: acc. pl. in all directions. See last. सर्वतोभद्रम् acc. sin. n. everywhere auspicious; (comp. of सर्वतस् 64, on every side, and भद्र m. f. n. good.)

सर्वत ind. everywhere, in every place.

सर्वेति for सर्वेत इति by 32.

सर्वेषा ind. by all means, at all, in every way, in every respect, altogether, 721.

सर्वदु: लेपु KARM. OR DES. COMP. 755; सर्व cr. all, दु: लेपु loc. pl. of दु: ल n. grief, pain, sorrow.

सर्वेदेवानां KARM. OR DES. COMP. 755; सर्व cr. all, देवानां gen. pl. of देव m. a god, ist cl. 103.

सर्वेपापेभ्य: KARM. OR DES. COMP. 755; सर्व cr. all, पापेभ्य: abl. pl. of पाप n. sin, Ist cl. 104.

सर्वभूतानाम् KARM. OR DES. COMP. 755; सर्वे cr. all, भूतानाम् gen. pl. of भूत n. a created being.

सर्वम् nom. or acc. sin. n. or acc. sin. m. of सर्व m. f. n. all, every.

सर्वयोषित: KARM. OR DES. COMP. 755; सर्व cr. all, योषित: acc. pl. of योषित f. a woman, 136.

सर्वेदल्लसमन्वितम् Complex comp. 771; सर्वे cr. all, रत्न cr. gems, jewels, समन्वितम् acc. sin. m. of समन्वित m. f. n. possessed of.

सर्वराष्ट्रेषु KARM. OR DES. COMP. 755; सर्वे cr. all, राष्ट्रेषु loc. pl. of राष्ट्र n. a kingdom, 104.

सर्वेलोकभयङ्करम् Complex comp. 771; सर्वे cr. all, लोक cr. the world, भयङ्करम् acc. sin. n. causing fear, formidable, see 739. c.

सर्वेशः for सर्वेशस् ind. altogether, entirely, wholly, on all sides, 725.

सर्वेग्नस् ind. entirely, altogether, one and all, 725.

सर्वसम्भारं acc. sin. m. all (thy) goods; (comp. of सर्व all, and सम्भार q. v.)

सवा for सवास nom. or acc. pl. f. of सर्व all. सवां acc. sin. f. of सर्व m. f. n. all, every. सवाः nom. or acc. pl. f. of सर्व m.f. n. all.

सवाणि nom. or acc. pl. n. of सर्वे all. सर्वान् acc. pl. m. of सर्वे m. f. n. all.

स्वानयद्याङ्ग O thou of altogether faultless form! (BAH. OR REL. COMP. 761; सर्व cr. all, अनयद्य cr. faultless, not to be found fault with, अङ्ग voc. sin. m. from अङ्ग n. body, limb, member, ist cl. 108.)

सर्वानवद्याङ्गि voc. sin. f. O faultless in every limb; (सर्व cr. all, अनवद्य cr. faultless, not to be spoken against, अङ्गि voc. sin. of अङ्गी f. from अङ्ग n. a limb, 771, 106.)

सवीभरणभूषिता Complex comp. 771; सर्वे cr. all, आभरण cr. ornament, भूषिता nom. sin. f. of भूषित m. f. n. adorned, past p. p. of rt भूष 538.

सर्वार्यकुशलाम् Complex comp.771; सर्वे er. all, सर्चे er. business, affair, कुशलाम् acc. sin.f. of कुशल m.f.n. skilful, 1st cl. 105.

सर्वे nom. pl. m. of सर्वे m. f. n. all. सर्वेभ्य: dat. or abl. pl. m. or n. of सर्वे m. f. n. all. सर्वे पाम् gen. pl. of सर्वे m. f. n. all.

सर्वे for सर्वेस ins. pl. of सर्वे all, 65. a.

सर्वेर for सर्वेस ins. pl. of सर्व m. f. n. all.

सर्वेस् ins. pl. of सर्व m. f. n. all.

सिलिलेनins.sin.of सिलिल n.water,1st cl.104. सवासिस loc. sin. m. of सवासस् m. f. n. hav-

ing a garment, clothed, see 769.

सवितुस gen. sin. of सवितृ m. the sun, 127, (towards the sun.)

सविद्शो for सविद्शस् acc. pl. f. with the intermediate quarters, 769; (comp. of स for सह with, 778, and विद्श् f. an intermediate point of the compass.)

- सविस्तरा: nom. pl. m. with the details, in detail, 'in extenso;' (comp. of स for सह + विस्तर detail, extension, see 769.)
- सविहङ्गाभि: Bah. or Rel. comp. 769; स for सह with, विहङ्गाभि: ins. pl. f. from विहङ्ग m. a bird, 1st cl. 105.
- संशारं acc. sin. m. with (its) arrow; (स for सह with, and शार an arrow.)
- संशास्त्रले: BAH. OR REL. COMP. 769; स for सह with, 778, and शास्त्रले: ins. pl. of शास्त्रल m. the silk-cotton tree (Bombax heptaphyllum).
- सखजे he embraced; 3d sin. perf. of rt खच्च 364.
- सह ind. (governing instrumental case) with, along with. Often contracted into स.
- सहनः nom. sin. m. of सहन m. f. n. born with one, produced at birth, congenital, natural; (from सह with, and न 580. b.)
- सहवार्षोपजीवलः nom. sin. m. along with Várshneya and Jívala. In these and similar compounds सह is generally contracted into स, see 769.
- सहवार्णीयवाहुकं BAH. OR REL. COMP. 769; सह for the contracted form स with, वार्णीय Várshneya, वाहुकं acc. sin. m. Váhuka.
- सहवार्ष्यसारिय: nom. sin. m. along with the charioteer Várshneya; (comp. of सह, anomalously used for the contracted form स with, वार्ष्णिय, and सारिय, 769.)
- सहवाहनाः with their vehicles, BAH. or Rel. comp. 769; सह with, वाहनाः nom. pl. m. from वाहन n. a vehicle.
- सहसा ind. quickly, suddenly, 714.
- सहसाभ्यागताम् for सहसा खभ्यागताम् by 31.
- सहसं acc. sin. of सहस्र n. a thousand; governing genitive case, see 206, 835. c.
- सहागम्य for सह जागम्य by 31.
- सहायेन ins. sin. of सहाय m. a companion, ist cl. 103.
- सहित: nom. sin. m. of सहित m.f. n. accompanied by.

- सहितां acc. sin. f. of सहित m. f. n. associated, accompanied.
- सहिता: nom. pl. m. of सहित m. f. n. associated together, united, joined.
- सहिता (by 37) for सहिती nom. du. m. of सहित m.f. n. associated together, in each other's company.
- सहितो for सहितस् nom. sin.m. of सहित m.f.n. accompanied by, together with; assisted.
- सहिती nom. sin. du. m. of सहित m. f. n. united, joined together.
- सहैकानो for सह एकानो by 33.
- सा she; nom. sin. f. of तत, q.v.
- साञ्चाह for साञ्चात ind. before the eyes, in sight, in presence, openly, in public.
- साधियों for साधियस् nom. pl. of साधिन् m. a witness, 159.
- साधिवत ind. like a witness; (comp. of साधि for साधिन a witness, 57, and वत 724.)
- सागरकुमां acc. sin. f. flowing to the ocean; (comp. of सागरं acc. sin. of सागर m. the ocean, and गमां acc. f. of गम m. f. n. going, 580. a; see 739. c.)
- सारिनका: accompanied by Agni, BAH. or REL. COMP. 769; स for सह with, खरिन-का: nom. pl. m. of खरिनक for खरिन fire, see 769. a.
- सारिनहोताश्रमास् BAH. OR REL. COMP. 769; स for सह with, खरिनहोत cr. a sacred fire, जाश्रमास् nom. pl. m. of जाश्रम m. a hermitage.
- साङ्गोपाङ्गाः nom. pl. m. along with the Angas and Upángas, i. e. the sciences and secondary sciences subordinate to the Vedas; the Angas are usually called Vedángas. Six are enumerated, viz. I. Pronunciation, शिक्षा; 2. Guide to the performance of sacrifices, कल्पा; 3. Grammar, न्याकरणं; 4. Metre, छल्दस; 5. Astronomical calendar, ज्योतिषं; 6. Explanation of difficult words, etymology, निरुद्धाः (Comp. of स + अङ्ग + उपाङ्ग, see 769.)

साचिराह for सा अचिरात् by 31, 45.

साद्योपतिष्ठति for सा खद्य उपतिष्ठति by 31, 32.

RTY interj. Well done! Bravo! Well! Come on!

साधुवृत्तञ् nom. sin. of साधुवृत्त m. f. n. virtuous in conduct; (comp. of साधु good, and वृत्त practice, 766.)

साध्वी nom. sin. f. of साधु m.f.n. good, virtuous, 187.

सानुक्रोशो for सानुक्रोशस् nom. sin. m. compassionate, merciful; (comp. of स for सह with, and अनुक्रोश pity, 769.)

सान्त्वयन् nom. sin. m. of सान्त्वयन् m. f. n. flattering, coaxing, conciliating; pres. p. of rt सान्त्व 10th cl. 524, 141. In Book VIII. 12 the nominative masculine is used irregularly for the feminine सान्त्वयन्ती.

सान्त्वयानास he flattered, he soothed, he encouraged or cheered; 3d sin. perf. of rt सान्त् 10th cl. 385. a.

सान्त्वयित्वा having consoled; past ind. p. of rt सान्त्व 10th cl. 558.

सान्तिकतो for सान्तिकतस् nom. sin. of सान्तिकत m. f. n. consoled, comforted.

सापता nom. sin. f. having children, having offspring; (comp. of स for सह with, and अपत्य offspring, 769.)

सापश्यद् for सा खपश्यद् by 31.

साबवीत् for सा अबवीत् by 31.

साबवीद for सा खबवीद by 31.

साभिकामां acc. sin. f. of साभिकाम m. f. n. loving; (from स and अभिकाम love.)

साभिवाद्य for सा जभिवाद्य by 31.

सामधी acc. sin. of सामधी n. power, prowess.

सामात्रप्रमुखा for सामात्रप्रमुखास् nom. pl. m. with the chief ministers; (comp. of स for सह with, अमात्य a minister, and प्रमुख chief, principal, 769.)

सामान्यम् nom. sin. n. of सामान्य m.f. n. common, general.

सायं ind. in the evening.

सायाह्रे loc. sin. of सायाह्र m. the evening, 716.

सार्यः nom. sin. m. a charioteer.

सार्चे voc. sin. of सार्चि m. a charioteer.

सार्थ्य loc. sin. of सार्य्य n. the office of a charioteer.

सार्थ्यन ins. sin. of सार्थ्य n. the office of a charioteer, 1st cl. 104.

सांचे acc. sin. of सार्च m. a caravan.

सार्थ: nom. sin. m. a caravan.

सार्थेक्षीं acc. sin. of सार्थक्षी f. a destroyer of a caravan.

सार्यज्ञान् acc. pl. m. of सार्यज्ञ m. f. n. reared in the caravan; (comp. of सार्य q.v., and ज 580. b.)

सार्थमगुडलम् Тат. or Dep. comp. 743; सार्थ cr. caravan, मगुडलम् nom. sin. n. circle, assembled body.

सार्पवाहं acc. sin. of सार्पवाह m. the leader or commander of a caravan.

सार्थवाह: nom. sin. m. a leader of a caravan.

सार्यवाह्यचस् acc. sin. n. the words of the captain of the caravan; see सार्यवाह and वचस् 743.

सार्थेवाहस्य gen. sin. m. of the leader of a caravan.

सार्थस्य gen. sin. of सार्थ m. a caravan.

साचात् abl. sin. of सार्च m. a caravan.

सार्थिका: nom. pl. of सार्थिक m. a merchant, a trader, a travelling merchant.

सार्थे loc. sin. of सार्थ m. a caravan.

सार्थन ins. sin. of सार्घ m. a caravan.

सार्थ ind. with, along with, in company with, 731.

साशोकवृद्धं for सा खशोकवृद्धं by 31.

साहं for सा खहं I myself, see 220. a.

साहाय्यं acc. sin. of साहाय्य n. assistance, help.

सिंहडोपिरुरुव्याघमहिषक्ष्मिशैर Complex comp. 770; सिंह cr. a lion, डोपि for डीपिन् (57) cr. a panther, रुरु cr. a deer, व्याघ्र cr. a tiger, महिष cr. a buffalo, सृक्ष

cr. a bear, गरौर ins. pl. of गर्ण m. a troop, a herd, a multitude, 1st cl. 103.

सिंहिवक्रान्तो nom. sin. m. valiant as the lion; (सिंह cr. a lion, and चिक्रान्त valiant.)

सिंह व्याप्रनिषेविते COMPLEX COMP. 771; सिंह cr. a lion, व्याप्र cr. a tiger, निषेविते loc. sin. of निषेवित m. f. n. infested by, inhabited by, frequented by, past p. p. of rt सेव् with नि, 70.

सिंह्शादूँ लमातङ्गवराह समृगायुतम् COMPLEX COMP. 771; सिंह cr. a lion, शादूँ ल cr. a tiger, मातङ्ग cr. an elephant, वराह cr. a boar, सुख cr. a bear, मृग cr. a deer, आयुतम् acc. sin. m. of आयुत m. f. n. frequented by, past p. p. of rt यु with आ, 532.

Note—वराह + सुख becomes वराह से by 32.

सिक्ता: nom. pl. m. of सिक्त m. f. n. watered, sprinkled; past p. p. of rt सिच् 539.

सिन्धुजान् acc. pl.m. bred or reared in Sindh; (comp. of सिन्धु the country along the Indus, and ज 580.) Sindhu is the Indian name of the river Indus or of the country along its banks, now called Sindh.

सीदित he sinks, he pines away; 3d sin. pres. of rt सद्ध 1st cl. 270, see 599. a.

सीदिन्त they sink, they give way, they quail; 3d pl. pres. of rt सह.

सोदनयङ्गानि for सीदिना अङ्गानि by 34.

सु a prefix meaning good, well, very, 726.f. सुकुचा nom. sin.f. having beautiful breasts, 1st cl. 105, see 726.f.

मुकुमारतनुत्वचं having very soft and delicate skin, Complex comp. 771; मुकुमार cr. very soft, 726.f, तनु cr. delicate, त्वचं acc. sin. of त्वच f. skin.

मुकुमाराङ्गों BAH. OR REL. COMP. 766; सुकु-मार cr. very delicate, 726. f, अङ्गों acc. sin. f. from अङ्ग n. a limb, 1st cl. 108.

मुकुमारानवद्याङ्गीम् Complex comp. 771; मुकुमार cr. very delicate, 726. f, अनवद्य cr. irreproachable, faultless, blameless, अङ्गीम् acc. sin. f. from अङ्ग n. a limb, member, see 108. सुकुमारी nom. sin. f. very tender, very delicate; (from सु very, 726. f, and कुमारी f. of कुमार young.)

सुजुमारों acc. sin. f. of सुजुमार m. f. n. very delicate.

मुकेशानानि nom. pl. n. of मुकेशाना m. f. n. having beautiful locks of hair or ringlets; (comp. of मु good, 726. f, केश hair, and अन m. the end.)

मुकेशी nom. sin. f. having beautiful hair, ist cl. 106, see 726. f.

मुखं acc. sin. of मुख n. happiness, bliss.

मुखं ind. happily, joyfully, pleasantly, 713. b. मुखतरो for मुखतरम् nom. sin. m. more pleasant; comparative degree of सुख, q.v., 191.

सुखदु: ले acc. du. n. pleasure and pain; (Dvan. or Agg. comp. 752.)

सुखात abl. sin. m. or n. of सुख m. f. n. pleasant, happy.

मुखानि nom. or acc. pl. of मुख n. pleasure. मुखाहीं acc. sin. f. of मुखाहें m. f. n. deserving of happiness; (comp. of मुख joy, and खहें worthy of.)

सुवास्पर्शे acc. sin. n. pleasant to the touch, thrilling; (from सुख pleasant, and आस्पर्श touch.)

सुंखिनः nom. pl. m. of सुंखिन् m. f. n. happy. सुखी nom. sin. m. of सुंखिन् m. f. n. happy.

मुखोपविष्ट nom. sin. m. pleasantly seated; (comp. of मुख pleasant, and उपविष्ट.)

सुखोपितं acc. sin. m. comfortably lodged; (comp. of सुख pleasant, and उपित lodged, past p. p. of rt वस 607.)

सुगन्धीन nom. pl. n. of सुगन्धिन m. f. n. fragrant; (from सु good, 726. f, गन्ध odour, smell, affix इन् 159.)

सुचिरं nom. sin. n. of सुचिर m.f. n. very long; (comp. of सु 726. f, and चिर long while.)

सुचिरं ind. for a very long time.

मुजाताङ्गों Bah. or Rel. comp. 767; मुजात cr. well-formed, अङ्गों acc. sin. f. from अङ्ग n. a limb, 108. सुतं acc. sin. of सुत m. a son, 1st cl. 103.

मुता f. a daughter, 1st el. 105.

सुतां acc. sin. of सुता f. a daughter.

सुते nom. du. of सुता f. a daughter, 1st cl. 105.

सुतेयं for सुता इयं by 32.

मुतो for मुतस् nom. sin. m. a son.

मुती acc. du. of मुत m. a child.

मुदामञ् gen. sin. of सुदामन् m. Sudáman, name of a king, 153, 154.

मुदारणम् acc. sin. n. very terrible; (comp. of मु 726. f, and दाहण q.v.)

सुदु: वं ind. very sorrowfully, in great pain.

सुदु:खित: nom. sin. m. of सुदु:खित m. f. n. very grieved; (comp. of सु 726. f, and दु:खित grieved, afflicted.)

सुदु: खिता nom. sin. f. greatly afflicted.

सुदु बुँड O very foolish! voc. sin. m. of सुदु बुँडि m. f. n., 2d cl. 110; (from सु 726. f, दुर 726. d, and बुंडि mind.)

सुदुष्करम् nom. sin. n. of सुदुष्कर m. f. n. very difficult to be done; (comp. of सु 726. f, दुर 726. d, 72, and कर doing.)

सुदेव voc. sin. of सुदेव m. name of a Bráhman.

सुदेवं acc. sin. m. Sudeva.

सुदेवस्य gen. sin. m. of Sudeva.

मुदेवेन ins. sin. m. by Sudeva.

मुदेवो for मुदेवम् nom. sin. m. Sudeva, name of a Bráhman.

मुडिजानना BAH. OR REL. COMP. 761; सु ind. good, beautiful, 726. f, डिज cr. a tooth, आनना nom. sin. f. from आनन n. a mouth, 1st cl. 108.

सुनन्दा nom. sin. f. Sunandá, name of a woman:

मुनन्दां acc. sin. of मुनन्दा f. Sunandá, name of a woman.

सुनन्दासहितां acc. sin. f. in company with Sunandá; (comp. of सुनन्दा and सहित accompanied by.)

सुनन्दे voc. sin. f. O Sunandá! See सुनन्दा.

मुनासाधिभुवाणि BAH. OR REL. COMP. 765; मु good, well, well-formed, 726. f, नासा cr. the nose, श्रिष्ठ cr. the eye, भुवाणि nom. pl. n. from भू f. the eyebrow, see 125. a. b.

मुन्दर m. f. n. beautiful, lovely, 1st cl. 187.

मुन्दरी nom. sin. f. of मुन्दर beautiful, 106.

मुपरिश्रान्तवाहास् BAH. OR Rel. COMP. 767; सुपरिश्रान्त cr. very wearied, 726. f, बाहास् nom. pl. of बाह m. a horse, a bearer.

मुप्रचेर ins. pl. m. of सुप्रच m. f. n. having beautiful flowers; (comp. of सु 726.f, and पुष्प n. a flower.)

सुप्रिनतौ nom. du. m. of सुप्रिनत m. f. n. much honoured, 1st cl. 103; (comp. of सु 726.f, and प्रिनत past p. p. from rt पून्.)

सुमां acc. sin. f. of सुमm. f. n. asleep, sleeping.

सुप्तायाँ loc. sin. f. (see 840) of सुप्त m. f. n. asleep, sleeping; past p. p. of rt खप् 543.

सुन्ने loc. sin. m. of सुन्न m. f. n. asleep.

सुमतिष्ठा nom. sin. f. of सुमतिष्ठ m. f. n. very glorious, very celebrated; (comp. of सु 726. f, and मतिष्ठा f. fame, renown.)

सुप्रीता for सुप्रीतास् nom.pl.f.of सुप्रीत m.f.n. well-pleased, 1st cl. 105, see 726.f.

सुबहून acc. pl. m. of सुबहु m. f. n. very numerous; (comp. of सु 726. f, and बहु many, 3d cl. 187.)

सुवाहो: gen. sin. of सुवाहु m. Subáhu, the king of Ćedi.

सुभाषिताम् acc. sin. f. of सुभाषित m. f. n. speaking well, eloquent; (comp. of सु 726. f, and भाषित n. speech.)

सुभू: nom. sin. f. having beautiful eyebrows, 125. b.

मुमध्यमा nom. sin. f. slender-waisted. See next.

सुमध्यमे O slender-waisted! voc. sin. of सुमध्यमा f. a woman with a beautiful or slender waist; (from सु good, 726.f, and मध्यम the middle;) 1st cl. 105.

सुमहत् acc. sin. n. of सुमहत् m. f. n. very

great, very important; (comp. of स very, 726.f, and महन् great, 142.)

सुमहद् for सुमहत् nom. sin. n. very great.

सुमहांश् for सुमहान् nom. sin. m. of सुमहत् very great; (comp. of सु 726.f, and महत् q. v.)

सुमहानक्षं the very great gate, the large court-yard, KARM. OR DES. COMP. 755; सु very, 726. f, महा for महत्त great, 778, नक्षं acc. sin. of कक्ष m.a gate, an enclosure.

सुमहान् nom. sin. m. of सुमहत् m. f. n. very large, very great.

सुमहामना: nom. sin. m. very high-minded; (comp. of सु 726. f, and महामनस् q. v.)

सुनृष्टपुष्पाद्धा BAH. OR REL. COMP. 767; सु well, 726. f, मृष्ट clean, bright, washed, पुष्प cr. a flower, आद्धा for आद्धास nom. pl. m. of आद्ध abounding, filled with.

सुर m. a god, an inhabitant of heaven, ist cl. 103.

सुरिश्चनं nom. sin. n. of सुरिश्चन m.f. n. wellguarded; (comp. of सु well, 726. f, and रिश्चन past p. p. of rt रश्च 538.)

सुरिक्षतः nom. sin. m. well-preserved.

मुरिश्चतानि acc. pl. n. of मुरिश्चत m. f. n. well-guarded.

मुरिभसम्धराः Complex comp. 770; सुरिभ cr. fragrant, सग् for सज् cr. a garland (43. d), धराः nom. pl. of धर m.f. n. wearing, bearing, holding, 1st cl. 103.

सुरसत्तमे: TAT. OR DEP. COMP. 743; सुर cr. a god, सत्तमे: ins. pl. of सत्तम best, 1st cl. 103, see 191.

मुरमुतोपमी Anom. comp. 777; मुर cr. a god, मुत cr. a child, a son, उपमी acc. du. m. of उपम m. f. n. like, resembling.

सुरा: nom. pl. of सुर m. a god.

सुराङ्गना nom. sin. f. a celestial nymph, a divine female; (comp. of सुर cr. a god, and अङ्गना f. a woman.)

सुराणां gen. pl. of सुर m. a god, a deity.

स्रोत्तमाः O best of the gods! TAT. OR DEP. comp. 743. b; सुर cr. a god, उत्तमाः voc. pl. m. of उत्तम m. f. n. best, 1st cl. 103.

सुरोत्तमान् acc. pl. m. best of the gods.

मुलोचनां acc. sin. f. of मुलोचन m. f. n. having beautiful eyes, fine-eyed, 726.f.

सुवर्चसं acc. sin. m. of सुवर्चस् m. f. n. very bright, very glorious; (comp. of सु ind. very, and वर्चस् n. light, glory, 7th cl. 164. a.)

सुवर्णस्य gen. sin. of सुवर्णे n. gold, 1st cl. 104.

सुविपुलां acc. sin. f. of सुविपुल m.f. n. very great; (from सु very, 726. f, and विपुल.)

सुविहिता nom. sin. f. of सुविहित m.f.n. wellsupplied; (comp. of सु 726. f, and विहित furnished, fixed.)

सुविहितै: ins. pl. of सुविहित m. f. n. wellappointed, well-furnished, well-arranged.

सुशान्ततोयां Bah. or Rel. comp. 767; सुशान्त cr. very placid, very calm, 726.f, तोयां acc. sin. f. from तोय n. water.

मुश्रीतलं acc. sin. n. very cool; (comp. of मु 726. f, and श्रीतल m. f. n. cool.)

मुत्रोणि voc. sin. of मुत्रोणी f. a woman who has beautiful hips; (from मु 726.f, and स्रोणी a hip; 'O slender-waisted one!')

सुत्रोणी nom. sin. f. having beautiful swelling hips or loins.

सुञ्चरूणाः nom. pl. m. of सुञ्चरूण m. f. n. very smooth, 1st cl. 103, see 726. f.

सुष्वाप he slept; 3d sin. perf. of rt खप 655. सुसंरअस् nom. sin. m. greatly enraged or incensed; (comp. of सु 726.f, and संरअ q.v.)

मुसदूशं nom. sin. n. of मुसदूशं m. f. n. very like; (comp. of मु 726. f, and सदृश like; governing genitive case, see 827. b.)

सुसमाहित: nom. sin. of सुसमाहित m.f. n. very intent, i. e. having the mind anxiously fixed on an object; (comp. of सु ind. very, and समाहित past p. p. of rt था with खा and सम्, 533. a.)

मुसिडापों for मुसिडापेंस् nom. sin. m. one whose object is completely effected; (from मु well, 726.f, सिड cr. accomplished, सर्प object, 767.) In Book XXIV. 51, 'completely supplied with.'

मुक्तिग्धगम्भीरां very soft and deep-toned; मुक्तिग्ध cr. very soft, very kind, 726.f, गम्भीरां acc. sin.f. of गम्भीर m.f.n. deep, deep-toned.

मुखरम् ind. in a loud, sonorous voice; (comp. of मु 726.f, and खर voice, 713.)

मुह चोकविवर्धन: TAT. OR DEP. COMP. 745; मुह च for मुहद (49) cr. a friend, छोक for शोक (49) cr. grief, विवर्धन: nom. sin. m. of विवर्धन m.f.n. making great, augmenting, making to increase, 582. c.

सुहृत्सागं TAT. OR DEP. COMP. 743; सुहृत् cr. a friend, त्यागं acc. sin. of त्याग m. desertion.

सुहृास्वजनवाक्यानि Complex comp. 770; सुहृत् for सुहृद् (46) cr. a friend, स्वजन cr. kindred, वाक्यानि nom. pl. of वाक्य n. a word, 1st cl. 104.

सुहृद: acc. pl. of सुहृद् m. a friend, 138.

सुहृदश् acc. pl. of सुहृद्द m. a friend.

सुहृदां gen. pl. of सुहृद् m. a friend, 138.

सुहृह्वाकाम् TAT. OR DEP. COMP. 743; सुहृद् cr. a friend, वाकाम् acc. sin. of वाका n. a speech, a word, 1st cl. 104.

मूचित: nom. sin. of सूचित m. f. n. revealed; indicated; past p. p. of rt सूच 538.

सूचिता nom. sin. f. of सूचित m. f. n. indicated, revealed.

सूत for सूतम nom. sin. of सूत m. a charioteer.
The सूत or charioteer in Hindú poetry is always one of the great officers of state, corresponding, in a manner, to the English 'Master of the Horse.'

सूत voc. sin. m. O charioteer!

सूतं acc. sin. of सूत m. a charioteer.

सूतने loc. sin. of सूतन n. the business of a charioteer,

स्तपुर्त TAT. OR DEP. COMP. 743; सूत cr. a charioteer, पुत्रं acc. sin. of पुत m. a son.

सूतस् nom. sin. m. a charioteer.

सूतो for सूतम् nom. sin. m. a charioteer.

सूर्य acc. sin. of सूर्य m. the sun.

मूर्योदये loc. sin. at sunrise; (from सूर्य the sun, and उदय m. rise.)

मृत्वा having approached; past ind. p. of rt मृ 556.

सेनया ins. sin. of सेना f. an army, a host. सेनयोर gen. du. of सेना f. an army.

सेयम् or सेयं for सा इयम् by 32, she the same; see 221. a.

सैरन्ध्री or सेरिन्ध्री nom. sin. f. a handmaiden, attendant, workwoman, needlewoman.

सैरन्ध्रों acc. sin. of सैरन्ध्री f. a handmaiden. सैवं for सा एवं by 33.

सोचिता for सा उचिता q. q. v. v.

सोदुम to bear, to endure; inf. of rt सह 459. सोमपो for सोमपस nom. sin. of सोमप m. one who drinks the juice of the Soma-plant or Asclepias acida (at a sacrifice). The offering and drinking the juice of this plant was an important part of all Vedic sacrifices. Professor H. H. Wilson (Introduction to the Rig-veda, p. xxxvi) says, 'The great importance attached to the juice of this plant is a singular part of the ancient Hindú ritual. Almost the whole of the Sama-veda is devoted to its eulogy, and this is no doubt little more than a repetition of the Somamandala of the Rić. The only explanation of which it is susceptible is the delight which the discovery of the exhilarating properties of the fermented juice of the plant must have excited in simple minds on first becoming acquainted with its effects.' The veneration of the Soma-plant does not appear to have been connected with any worship of the moon or planets, which are not;

like the sun, objects of special adoration in the Veda. The Soma is mentioned in the following passages of Manu: III.85,158, 180, 197, 257; V. 96; VII.7; IX. 129; X. 88; XI. 7, 12. All the ancestors of the Bráhmans are Soma-pas 'moon-plant drinkers.'

सौदामिनी f. a name of lightning, 1st cl. 106. See note under विद्युत्.

सौभाग्येन ins. sin. of सौभाग्य n. good fortune, 1st cl. 104.

सौहार्द nom. sin. n. friendship.

सौहदेन ins. sin. of सौहद n. affection, love, ist cl. 104.

सौह्रदेनावकृष्पते for सौह्रदेन अवकृष्पते by 31. स्कन्धदेशे on the shoulders, TAT. OR DEP. COMP. 743; स्कन्ध cr. the shoulder, and देशे loc. sin. of देश m. region, part.

स्तअलोबनान् Bah. or Rel. comp. 766; स्तअ cr. rigid, motionless, लोबनान् acc. pl. m. from लोबन n. an eye, 1st cl. 108. The gods are supposed by the Hindús to be exempt from the necessity of winking their eyes. Hence a deity is called Animisha one whose eyes do not twinkle. There are other marks which distinguish divine from mortal bodies. They cast no shadow, they are exempt from perspiration, they remain unsoiled by dust, they float on the earth without touching it, and the garlands they wear stand erect, the flowers remaining unwithered.

स्तिपं acc. sin. of स्ती f. a woman, 123. b. स्त्री f. a woman, a female, 123. b.

स्त्रीमन्तं TAT. OR DEP. COMP. 743; स्त्री cr. a woman, मन्तं acc. sin. of मन्त m. counsel, plot, stratagem.

स्त्रीषु loc. pl. of स्त्री f. a woman.

स्त्रीसभावश् TAT. OB DEP. COMP. 743; स्त्री cr. a woman, स्वभावश् nom. sin. m. nature, disposition.

स्य (at the end of compounds) denotes stay-

ing, abiding, being, existing; (agt. of rt स्था, see 580.)

स्थविरेभ्य: abl. pl. m. of स्थविर m. f. n. old, an elder, 1st cl. 187.

स्यविरेर् for स्यविरेस् ins. pl. m. of स्यविर m. f. n. old, 1st cl. 103.

स्थागुर for स्थागुस् nom. sin. m. of स्थागु m. f. n. steadfast, firm.

स्थापयामास he placed, he fixed; 3d sin. perf. of rt स्था in caus.

स्थापित्वा having made to stand, having drawn up (as a chariot); past ind. p. of rt स्था in caus.

स्थावर for स्थावरस् nom. sin. m. a fixed or immovable object.

स्थितं acc. sin. m. or n. of स्थित m. f. n. standing; past p. p. of rt स्था 533, 587, 896. a. स्थिता nom. sin. f. of स्थित m. f. n. standing. स्थितां acc. sin. f. of स्थित m. f. n. standing,

हिस्ता: nom. pl. f. of स्थित m.f. n. standing. स्थितान् acc. pl. of स्थित m.f. n. standing; past p. p. of rt स्था 533, see also 896. a.

स्थिति acc. sin. of स्थिति f. steadfastness. स्थिता ins. sin. of स्थिति f. constancy, 2d

सुपां acc. sin. of सुपा f. a daughter-in-law, ist cl. 105.

स्पृत्रोयं I may touch, let me touch; 1st sin. pot. of rt स्पृत्र 6th cl.

स्पृष्टस् nom. sin. m. of स्पृष्ट m. f. n. touched or influenced by; past p. p. of rt स्पृष्ठ 539.

स्फीतो for स्फीतस् nom.sin.m.of स्फीत m.f.n. great, bulky; (in Book XXIV. 37 it may mean in all its fulness, in all its integrity.)

H ind. A redundant particle which often gives a past signification to the present tense.

सा for स्मस् we are; 1st pl. pres. of rt श्वस 584.
In स्मेह the dropping of स is a violation of the rules of Sandhi, and a poetic license peculiar to the Mahá-bhárata.

स्मयन् nom. sin. m. of स्मयन् m. f. n. smiling; pres. p. of rt स्मि 524.

स्मयमानं acc. sin. of स्मयमान m. f.n. smiling; pres. p. átm. of rt स्मि 526, 591.

स्मरंस् for स्मरन् (53) calling to mind, recollecting; pres. p. of rt स्मृ 524.

सारनी nom. sin. f. of सारत् m. f. n. calling to mind, thinking of; pres. p. of rt स् 524.

स्मरन्या for स्मरन्यास् gen. sin. f. of स्मरत् m. f. n. remembering.

स्मराभि I remember, I call to mind; 1st sin. pres. of rt स्मृ 1st cl. 594.

साराम्यशुभं for सारामि छशुभं by 34.

स्मतुम् to call to mind, to remember; inf. of rt स्म 459.

स्मितपूर्वा smiling first, Anom. comp. 777; स्मित cr. smiling, 896. a, पूर्वा nom. sin. f. of पूर्वे m. f. n. first, before, 1st cl. 103.

स्मितपूर्वाभिभाषिणी for स्मितपूर्वा ऋभिभा-पिणी by 31.

स्मेत्यपानुवन् for स्म इति ष्यप खनुवन् by 32, 34, 31. The स् of स्मस् is irregularly dropped. See स्म.

सोह for सा इह by 32. See सा.

स्यन्दतां gen. pl. of स्यन्दत् m.f.n. moving on, rushing on; pres. p. par. of rt स्यन्द् 524.

स्यन्दनं acc. sin. of स्यन्दन m. a chariot, ist cl. 103.

स्यन्दनेश ins. pl. of स्यन्दन m. the Syandana, a kind of tree (Dalbergia Ougeinensis), 1st cl. 103.

स्यान् for स्यात् he or it may be; 3d sin. pot. of अस् 48.

स्याद he or it may be; 3d sin. pot. of rt अस्.

स्यान् for स्यात् he or it may be; 3d sin. pot. of rt जास्.

स्याम we may be; ist pl. pot. of rt अस्.

संसते it falls, it slips; 3d sin. pres. of rt संस् 1st cl.

सर्ग acc. sin. of सन् f. a garland.

सनश् acc. pl. of सन् f. a garland, 8th cl. 176.

समयोत्तमगन्धादाः for समज्ञ च उत्तमगन्धा-द्याः, q. q. v. v.

सनस् acc. pl. of सन् f. a garland.

ख m.f. n. own, his own, her own, my own, &c., 232. b.

सं acc. sin.m. or n. of स m.f. n. own, 232.b.

खकं acc. sin. m. n. of खक m. f. n. own, one's own, his own, (same as ख 232. b.)

खकां acc. sin. f. of खक m.f.n. own.

खकान् acc. pl. m. of खक m. f. n. own, for ख 232. b.

खगृहे loc. sin. n. in (one's) own house; (comp. of ख 232. b, and गृह n. a house.)

खननं acc. sin. of खनन m. own kindred, own people.

खजनाच् for खजनात् (48) abl. sin. of खजन m. a kinsman; (comp. of ख own, and जन man, q. v.)

खननावृत: nom. sin. m. accompanied by his own people; (comp. of खनन own people, kindred, आवृत surrounded, attended, 740.)

खन्नैव for सं च एव by 60 and 33.

खधर्म acc.sin.m.own duty; (from ख 232.b, and धर्म duty.)

खर्भाचरणेषु in (your) own duties and actions; in the practising of (your) own duties; (comp. of खर्भ cr. own duty, आचरणेषु loc. pl. of आचरण n. conduct.)

स्थीता for स्थीतास् nom. pl. of स्थीत well read; (comp. of सु 726. f, and स्थीत 311.)

खनः nom. sin. m. sound.

खपाम I sleep; 1st sin. pres. of rt खप् This root is properly conjugated like रुद्ध 2d cl. 322. a, making its present खिपमि, खिपिम, &c., see 655.

खपुरं acc. sin. n. to his own city; (comp. of ख own, 232. b, and पुर n. a city.)

खप्रो for खप्रस् nom. sin. of खप्र m. a dream.

स्वान्धवान् acc. pl. m. (our) own relations; (स्व own, and बान्धव a relative.)

खर्ष ind. self, himself, she herself, I myself; of one's own accord, of one's self.

खयंबर m. the public choice of a husband by a princess from a number of suitors assembled for the purpose; (comp. of खयं of one's self, 713. b, and वर selecting.) In former times the princesses of India appear to have enjoyed this singular privilege. In Manu, Book III, ver. 27 &c., eight different forms of marriage are mentioned, but the खयंबर is not one of them. In the 9th Book, ver. 9, there is an allusion to it, but it is doubtful whether this has reference to any but the commercial and servile classes. years let a damsel wait though she be marriageable. After that time let her choose for herself a bridegroom of equal rank.' In Kálidása's celebrated poem, called Raghu-vansa, there is a beautiful description of the Svayamvara of Indumatí, sister of the king of Vidarbha, in which she chooses Aja, the son of Raghu, out of a large assemblage of royal suitors, In the Mahá-bhárata we have an account of the Svayamvara of Draupadí, the daughter of Drupada king of Pańcála, and afterwards the common wife of the five Pándu princes.

खयंवरं acc. sin. of खयंवर, q. v.

खयंवर: nom. sin. of खयंवर a bridal ceremony in which the bride chooses her own husband.

खयंवरकथां Tat. or Dep. comp. 743; खयंवर cr. a Svayamvara, कथां acc. sin. of कथा f. talk, declaration.

खयंवरकृते ind. for the Svayamvara; (comp. of खयंवर q. v., and कृते for the sake of, on account of, 731, 917.)

खयंवरे loc. sin. of खयंवर, q.v.

खयंवरो for खयंवरस् nom. sin. m. See खयंवर.

खयम् ind. self, himself, herself; of one's self, of one's own accord.

खर्षं acc. sin. n. thy own form; (comp. of ख own, 232. b, and रूप form.)

खरपथारिएं acc. sin. m. having his own form; (comp. of ख cr. own, रूप cr. form, and थारिन possessing, 6th cl. 159.)

सहिपणं acc. sin. m. having his own form; (from स own, 232. b, and हिपन् possessed of form, 159.)

खंगें acc. sin. of खर्ग m. heaven.

खगैमागैदिदृष्ठ्यभि: TAT. OR DEP. COMP. 745; खगै cr. heaven, मागै cr. road, दिदृष्ठ्यभि: ins. pl. of दिदृष्ठ्य m.f. n. desirous of seeing, from rt दृश् in des. 82. VII, 502. a, 604.

खलङ्कृतः nom. sin. m. well adorned; (comp. of सु 726.f, and खलङ्कृत adorned, 787.a.)

खलङ्काः nom.pl.m.well adorned. See last.

खलङ्गतै: ins. pl. n. of खलङ्गत m. f. n. beautifully adorned; (comp. of सु well, 726. f, 34, and अलङ्गत past p. p. of rt कृ with अलं, 787. a.)

खन्पं acc. sin. m. of खन्प m. f. n. very little; (comp. of सु very, 726. f, 34, and जन्म small.)

खिसतायतलोचना having beautiful black and long eyes, Complex comp. 771; सु ind. very, 726. f, असित cr. black, आयत cr. long or large, लोचना nom. sin. f. from लोचन n. the eye.

खसुतौ acc. du. m. his own children; (comp. of ख own, 232. b, and सुत m. a child, 103.)

खित ind. welfare, benediction.

खस्य m. f. n. in health, lit. self-staying; (from ख one's own, 232.b, स्य staying, 580.b;) न खस्या बभूव she was not herself.

खस्या nom. sin. f. of खस्य in health.

खाँ acc. sin. f. of ख m. f. n. own.

खागतं nom. sin. n. salutation, welcome; (from मु well, 726.f, and जागत m.f. n. come.)

खानि acc. pl. n. of ख m.f. n. own, 232.b.

स्वामिन् voc. sin. of स्वामिन् m. a master, 6th cl. 159.

खापैम् own cause, (my) own cause; acc. sin. of खापै m., 1st cl. 103; (comp. of ख own, 232. b, and अर्थ an object.)

खेन ins. sin. of ख own, 232.b.

खैर for खेस ins. pl. m. of ख own.

स्वैरवृत्ता nom. sin. f. following her own inclinations; (from स्वैर self-willed, and वृत्त practice.)

स्रोपु loc. pl. n. of खेर m. f. n. free, unrestrained.

स्रोर्स loc. sin. n. on (his or her) own breast; (comp. of स own, 232. b, and उरस् n. breast, 164.)

₹.

ह ind. indeed, an expletive.

EH m. a kind of wild goose of a white colour with golden wings, something between a swan and a flamingo. It must be a graceful bird, as the bearing, gait, and even voice of a beautiful woman is often compared by Hindú poets to that of a hansa. It serves the god Brahmá as a vehicle, and hence the hansa-náda or cry of this bird has a sacred character, just as the cry of the swan with the Greeks.

हंसं acc. sin. of हंस m. a swan.

हंसस्य gen. sin. of हंस m. a swan.

हंसा for हंसास् nom. pl. of हंस m. a swan. हंसा: for हंसास् nom. pl. of हंस m. a swan, goose.

हंसान् acc. pl. of हंस m. a swan.

हंसानां gen. pl. of हंस m. a swan.

हंसेन ins. sin. of हंस m. a swan.

हंसै: ins. pl. of हंस m. a swan.

हतं acc. sin. m. of हत m.f. n. killed, slain.

हतकार्टकं BAH. OR REL. COMP. 767; हत cr. destroyed, removed, कारटकं nom. sin. n. from कारटक m. a thorn, a foe, 108. हतिशय्त्रनास् nom. pl. the men left or remaining out of the slain.

हतिशाष्टा for हतिशाष्ट्रास् nom. pl. m. those left or remaining out of the slain; (comp. of हत cr. killed, and शिष्ट left, remained.)

हतिश्रष्टे: ins. pl. m. of हतिश्रष्ट left or remaining out of the slain.

हतशेपै: ins. pl. m. of हतशेप left or remaining out of the killed, escaped; (comp. of हत cr. killed, and शेप remainder.)

हता nom. sin. f. of हत m. f. n. killed, slain; past p. p. of rt हन् 545: हतास्मि I am lost, I am undone.

हता for हतास nom. pl. of हत m.f.n. killed. हतो for हतस nom. sin. m. of हत m.f.n. killed, slain.

हत्वा having slain; past ind. p. of rt हन्.

हन्तव्यो for हन्तव्यस् nom. sin. of हन्तव्य m.f. n. to be killed; fut. pass. p. of rt हन् 654.

हना nom. sin. m. of हन्तृ m. a killer, 4th cl.127. हन्ति he or it kills; 3d sin. pres. of rt हन् to kill, 2d cl.

हनुं to slay; inf. of rt हन्.

हन्यते he or it is killed; 3d sin. pres. of rt हन to kill, in pass.

हन्याद् let him slay, he may kill; 3d sin. pot. of rt हन् 654.

हन्याम we would kill; ist pl. pot. of rt हन 2d cl.

हन्युस् they should slay; 3d pl. pot. of rt हन् 2d cl.

हयकोविद voc. sin. m. O skilled in horses! (comp.of हय cr. horses, and कोविद skilful.)

हयज्ञताम् acc. sin. of हयज्ञता f. knowledge of horses; (abstract noun from हयज्ञ skilled in horses, see 80. LXII.)

हयज्ञस्य gen. sin. of हयज्ञ m. one skilled in horses.

हयज्ञानं TAT. OR DEP. COMP. 743; हय cr. horses, ज्ञानं nom. sin. n. knowledge, skill.

हयज्ञानस्य TAT. OR DEP. COMP. 743; हय cr. horses, ज्ञानस्य gen. sin. of ज्ञान n. knowledge.

हमतस्त्रज्ञ Tat. or Dep. comp. 745; हम cr. a horse, तस्त्र cr. nature, truth, ज्ञ voc. sin. m. of ज्ञ a knower, 580. b.

हयतस्वज्ञः nom. sin. m. See last.

ह्यनिर्घोषम् TAT. OR DEP. COMP. 743; ह्य cr. a horse, निर्घोषम् acc. sin. of निर्घोष m. sound, noise.

हयसङ्ग्रहणं TAT. OR DEP. COMP. 743; हय cr. a horse, सङ्ग्रहण n. restraining, curbing, checking.

हयसङ्ग्रहणे loc. sin. See last.

हया for हयास nom. pl. of हय m. a horse.

हयांस् for हयान् (53) acc. pl. of हय m. a horse, 1st cl. 103.

ह्या: nom. pl. of हय m. a horse.

हयान् acc. pl. of हय m. a horse.

हयाज्ञ for हयास् nom. pl. of हय m. a horse. हयै: ins. pl. of हय m. a horse.

हमेर for हमेस ins. pl. of हम m. a horse. हमेश for हमेस ins. pl. of हम m. a horse.

ह्योत्तमा: nom. pl. m. best of horses; (comp. of ह्य cr. a horse, and उत्तम m. f. n. best, 743. b.)

ह्योत्तमान् acc. pl. m. the best of horses, the noblest of horses.

हरियोम् acc. sin. of हरियो f. a female deer, a doe, 106.

हर्पेज: nom. sin. m. arising from joy; (comp. of हर्षे joy, and ज produced, 580. b.)

हमैविवधेन: TAT. OR DEP. COMP. 743; हमें cr. joy, विवधेन: nom. sin. m. of विवधेन m. f. n. increasing, an increaser, from rt वृथ् with वि, 582. c.

हमैविवृद्धसत्त्वा Complex comp. 771; हमें joy, विवृद्ध increased, सत्त्वा nom. sin. f. from सत्त्व n. vigour, energy.

हव्यवाहन: nom. sin. m. fire; (from हव्य an oblation, and वाहन what carries.)

हस्त m. the hand, the proboscis or trunk of an elephant.

हस्तात् abl. sin. of हस्त m. the hand.

हस्ताभ्याम् ins. du. of हस्त m. the hand.

हिस्तिभि: ins. pl. of हिस्तिन् m. an elephant.

हस्तियूषं TAT. OR DEP. COMP. 743; हस्ति for हस्तिन् (57) cr. an elephant, यूपम् nom. sin. n. a herd. The mischief caused by the trampling of rushing elephants is a frequent subject of description in Hindú poetry; compare the end of Act I of the S'akuntalá and Book V. 43-49 of the Raghu-vansa.

हस्तियूचेन ins. sin. n. See last.

हिस्त हस्त परामृष्टां TAT. OR DEP. COMP. 745; हिस्त for हिस्तिन् (57) cr. an elephant, इस्त cr. the trunk of an elephant, परामृष्टां acc. sin. f. of परामृष्ट m. f. n. touched, struck, ruffled, chafed.

हस्त्यश्चरपद्योपेण Complex comp. 770; हस्त्य (by 34) for हस्ति (by 57. b) for हस्तिन् cr. an elephant, अश्व cr. a horse, रप cr. a chariot, योपेण ins. sin. of योप m. noise, rattle, roar, 1st cl. 103.

हस्त्यश्वरयमङ्गलम् Complex comp. 771; हस्ति cr. elephants (34), अश्व cr. horses, रथ cr. chariots, सङ्गलम् acc. sin. m. of सङ्गल m.f. n. crowded, filled, choked up.

हा interj. Alas! Ah! Oh! 732.

हाहाकारम् acc. sin. of हाहाकार m. lamentation, cries for help; (comp. of हाहा interjection of pain, and कार making.)

हाहाभूतम् nom. sin. n. of हाहाभूत m. f. n. making lamentations; (comp. of हाहा Alas! and भूत become, being.)

हि ind. for, because, 727. d.

हितं acc. sin. n. of हित m. f. n. beneficial, for the good of, 1st cl. 103.

हितां acc. sin. f. of हित m. f. n. friendly, salutary, 1st cl. 104.

हित्या having abandoned; past ind. p. of rt हा 557.

हिरस्यस्य gen. sin. of हिरस्य n. gold, bullion, plate, 1st cl. 104.

होनं acc. sin. m. of होन m. f. n. deprived of; governing instrumental case, 825.

होनां acc. sin. f. of होन m.f.n. deprived of, separated from.

होने: ins. pl. n. of हीन m. f. n. bad, inferior. होनो for हीनस् nom. sin. n. See होनां.

हुताओं acc. sin. of हुताओं m. a name of the god Agni or fire, (lit. eater of the burnt-offering.)

हुताशनं acc. sin. of हुताशन m. fire. See next.

हुताशन: nom. sin. of हुताशन Hutásana, a form of the god of fire; (comp. of हुत a burnt-offering, and घशन: nom. sin. eater, 743.)

हच्चपं acc. sin. of हच्चप m. love.

हुन्त्रमः nom.sin.of हुन्त्रम m.love, 1st cl. 103; (comp. of हुद्ध the heart, and श्रम who lies or reclines, see 49.)

हुन्त्रपपीडिता: TAT. OR DEP. COMP. 740; हृन्त्रप cr. love, पीडिता: nom. pl. m. of पीडित m. f. n. tormented, suffering pain, 1st cl. 103.

हु ख्रयवर्धन TAT. OR DEP. COMP. 743; हु ख्रय cr. love, वर्धन voc. sin. m. of वर्धन m. f. n. increaser, 1st cl. 103.

हुळ्याविष्टचेतना Complex comp. 771; हुळ्य cr. love, passion, खाविष्ट cr. affected by, penetrated by, चेतना nom. sin. f. of चेतना f. the heart, 1st cl. 108.

हतं nom. sin. n. of हत m. f. n. taken, carried away; past p. p. of rt ह, 539, 593.

हतद्रयं BAH. OR REL. COMP. 766; हत er. taken away, robbed, द्रयं acc. sin. m. from द्रया n. property, 108.

हतराज्यं acc. sin. m. of हतराज्य m. f. n. deprived of his kingdom, BAH. or REL. comp. 766; हत cr. taken, राज्यं acc. sin. m. from राज्य n. kingdom, 1st cl. 108.

हतराज्ये loc. sin. m. or n. See last.

हृतराज्यो for हृतराज्यस् nom. sin. m. See हृतराज्यं.

हतवासस: BAH. OR REL. COMP. 767; हत cr. taken away, carried off, वासस: gen. sin. m. from पासस n. dress, 164. a.

हतसर्वेखम् Bah. or Rel. comp. 761; हत cr. deprived of, robbed of, सर्व cr. all, सं acc. sin. of स्व n. own property, 1st cl. 104. हतां acc. sin. f. of हत m.f. n. seized, taken,

eq n. the heart, the mind, 5th cl. 139.

हृद्यं nom. or acc. sin. of हृद्य n. the heart; knowledge.

हृदयस्य gen. sin. of हृदय n. the heart.

हृदये loc. sin. of हृदय n. the heart.

हृदयेन ins. sin. of हृदय n. the heart.

हृदा ins. sin. of हृद n. the heart, the mind.

हरि loc. sin. of हृद n. the heart, 5th cl. 139.

हर्च acc. sin. m. of हर m. f. n. pleasant, agreeable, captivating the heart.

ह्याः nom. pl. m. of ह्य m. f. n. pleasant, agreeable.

हिंपितस्याजोहीनान् COMPLEX COMP., see 771. a; हिंपित cr. standing erect, not drooping, सन् for सग् (by 43. d) cr. a garland, रजो for रजस् (by 64) cr. dust, होनान् acc. pl. m. of होन m. f. n. free from, past p. p. of rt हा 533. b.

हिपितानि nom. sin. n. of हिपित m. f. n. erect and fresh looking (applied to flowers just gathered).

हुष्ट: nom. sin. m. of हुए m. f. n. rejoiced.

हृष्टसङ्कल्पी BAH. OR REL. COMP. 767; हृष्ट cr. pleased, rejoiced, सङ्कल्पी nom. du. m. of सङ्कल्प m. mind, soul.

हृष्टा nom. sin. f. of हृष्ट m.f. n. joyful, pleased.

हृषा for हृषास् nom. pl. m. of हृष m. f. n. rejoiced, joyful; past p. p. of rt हृष् 539.

हुए loc. sin. of हुए m. f. n. rejoiced, pleased.

ह्या being delighted; ind. p. of rt हुए to be pleased, 556.

हेति for हा इति by 32.

हेतुभिर् ins. pl. of हेतु: m. a cause, a reason, an argument.

हेतो: ind. for the sake of; governing genitive case or preceded by the crude stem.

ह्मदैवं for हि ऋदैवं by 34.

द्यनुरक्तेव for हि जनुरक्ता एव by 34 and 33. द्यन्नपानपरिच्छदां for हि जन्मपा° by 34. सुन्मनदर्शना for हि उन्मन्नदर्शना by 34. हिदनीं acc. sin. of हिदनी f. a river (either as feeding a lake (हद) or flowing out of one.) हदे loc. sin. of हद m. a lake, 1st cl. 103. हस्सं acc. sin. m. of हस m. f. n. low (as a doorway, passage), short, dwarfish. हस्याहुन: BAH. OR REL. COMP. 766; हस cr. short, याहुन: nom. sin. m. an arm; (from बाहु with न added, 80. LVI.) होता nom. sin. f. of होत m.f. n. ashamed.

### CORRECTIONS.

Page 88, line 19, for ऐश्वरीत read ऐश्वरीत Page 207, line 5, for '565' read '565. b.' Dele 556 note. WORKS by PROFESSOR MONIER WILLIAMS, M. A., D. C. L.,

Boden Professor of Sanskrit in the University of Oxford.

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