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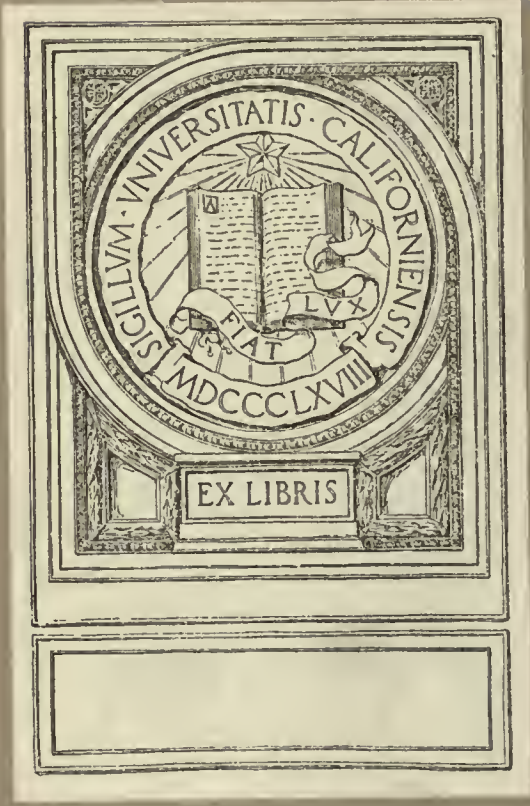
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A  
NEW, SIMPLE, AND GENERAL METHOD  
OF  
SOLVING NUMERICAL EQUATIONS  
OF ALL ORDERS.

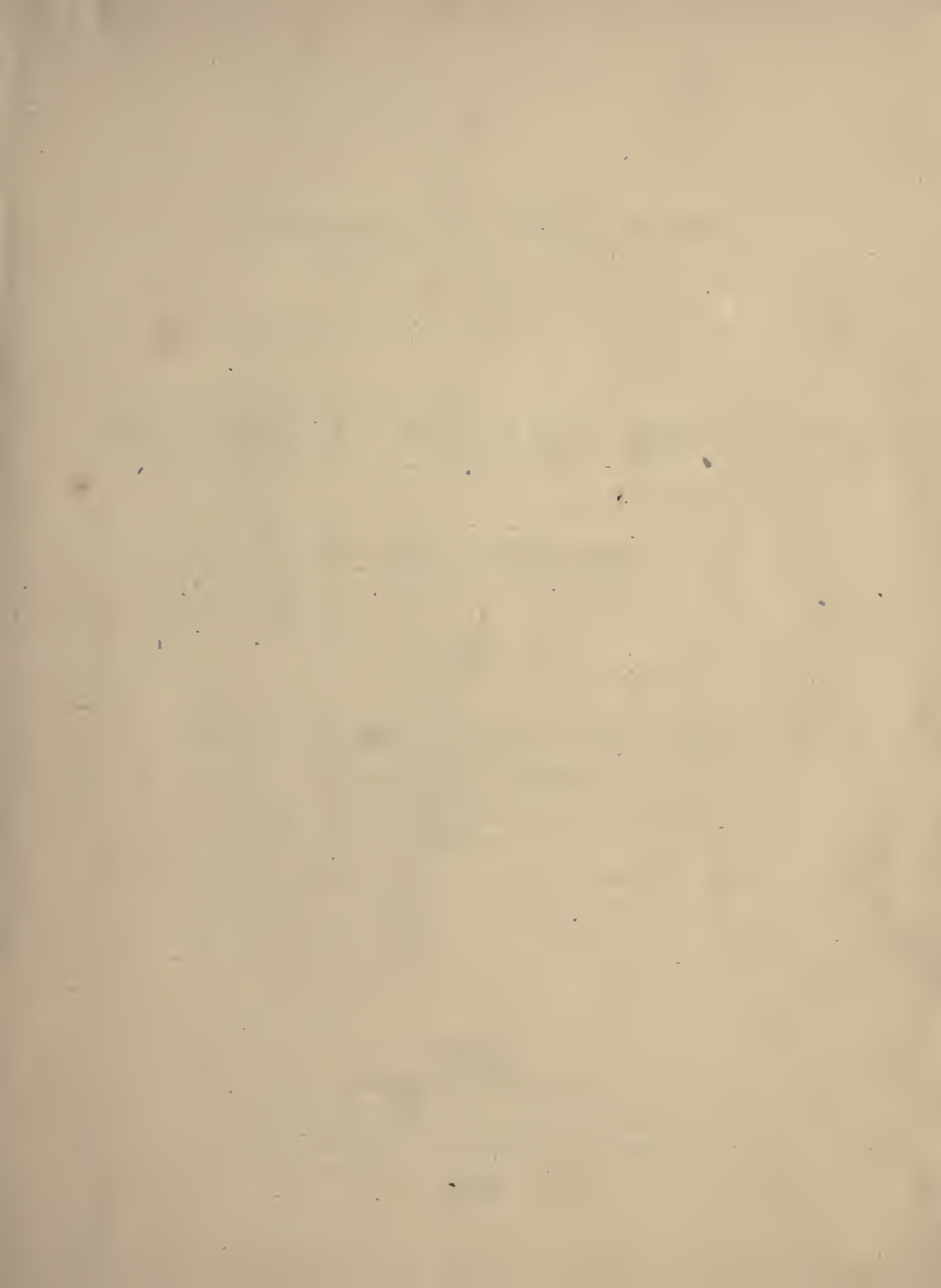
BY THOMAS WEDDLE.



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Sat: 24 June 1905.*

A

NEW, SIMPLE, AND GENERAL METHOD

OF

SOLVING NUMERICAL EQUATIONS

OF ALL ORDERS.

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1842.

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THE method of solving Numerical Equations, developed in the following pages, occurred to the Author early in 1839. He subsequently drew up the Paper which now issues from the press, and sent it as a communication to the Royal Society. It was read before that learned body in June, 1841, and they were pleased to transmit their thanks to its Author. The encouragement which he thus received induces him to lay the result of his enquiries in this important branch of Mathematics before the Public.

*Newcastle-upon-Tyne,*

*March, 1842.*



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# NEW METHOD OF SOLVING NUMERICAL EQUATIONS.

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1. THE object of the present paper is to develop a new method of solving numerical equations. It is a process of great simplicity and elegance. And although, in comparison with existing methods, it is not without defects, yet I trust it will be found to possess some advantages of considerable importance.

2. We shall, in the first place, exhibit the methods of transformation which it will be necessary to employ.

$$\text{Let } Ax^n + Bx^{n-1} + Cx^{n-2} \dots + \gamma x^2 + \beta x + \alpha = 0 \dots \dots \dots (X)$$

be an equation of the  $n$ .th degree. If the roots of this equation be divided by  $R$ , the resulting equation or the transformation in  $Rx'$ , is

$$AR^n x'^n + BR^{n-1} x'^{n-1} + CR^{n-2} x'^{n-2} \dots + \gamma R^2 x'^2 + \beta R x' + \alpha = 0.$$

When the significant part of  $R$  consists of a single digit, the transformation may be effected with great facility as below, each number being found by multiplying that above it by  $R$  :

A	B	C	..... $\gamma$		
AR	BR	CR	$\gamma R$	$\beta$	$\alpha$
AR <sup>2</sup>	BR <sup>2</sup>	CR <sup>2</sup>	$\gamma R^2$	$\beta R$	
⋮	⋮	⋮	⋮		
AR <sup><math>n-2</math></sup>	BR <sup><math>n-2</math></sup>	CR <sup><math>n-2</math></sup>			
AR <sup><math>n-1</math></sup>	BR <sup><math>n-1</math></sup>				
AR <sup><math>n</math></sup>					

3. Instead of dividing the roots of (X) by  $R$  let them be divided by  $(1+r)$ , where  $r$  is a decimal, then the transformed equation will be

$$A(1+r)^n x'^n + B(1+r)^{n-1} x'^{n-1} + C(1+r)^{n-2} x'^{n-2} \dots + \gamma(1+r)^2 x'^2 + \beta(1+r)x' + \alpha = 0 \dots \dots \dots (Y).$$

If we put  $A_1 = (1+r) A = A + Ar$   
 $A_2 = (1+r)^2 A = (1+r) A_1 = A_1 + A_1 r$   
 $A_3 = (1+r)^3 A = (1+r) A_2 = A_2 + A_2 r$   
 $\vdots$   
 $A_n = (1+r)^n A = (1+r) A_{n-1} = A_{n-1} + A_{n-1} r$   
 $B_1 = (1+r) B = B + Br$   
 $B_2 = (1+r)^2 B = (1+r) B_1 = B_1 + B_1 r$   
 $B_3 = (1+r)^3 B = (1+r) B_2 = B_2 + B_2 r$   
 $\vdots$   
 $B_{n-1} = (1+r)^{n-1} B = (1+r) B_{n-2} = B_{n-2} + B_{n-2} r$   
 &c., &c.,

then the method of computing the coefficients of the transformed equation (Y) will be understood from the following formula :—

$A$	$B$	$C$ .....	$\gamma$	$\beta$	$\alpha$
$\frac{+ Ar}{A_1}$	$\frac{+ Br}{B_1}$	$\frac{+ Cr}{C_1}$	$\frac{+ \gamma r}{\gamma_1}$	$\frac{+ \beta r}{\beta_1}$	
$\frac{+ A_1 r}{A_2}$	$\frac{+ B_1 r}{B_2}$	$\frac{+ C_1 r}{C_2}$	$\frac{+ \gamma_1 r}{\gamma_2}$		
$\vdots$	$\vdots$	$\vdots$			
$\frac{+ A_{n-2} r}{A_{n-1}}$	$\frac{+ B_{n-2} r}{B_{n-1}}$	$\frac{+ C_{n-2} r}{C_{n-1}}$			
$\frac{+ A_{n-1} r}{A_n}$					

Whence the transformed equation (Y) becomes

$$A_n x^n + B_{n-1} x^{n-1} + C_{n-2} x^{n-2} + \dots + \gamma_2 x^2 + \beta_1 x + \alpha = 0.$$

4. When the significant part of  $r$  consists of a single digit, the addends in the preceding transformation need not be written, as they may be incorporated mentally with great ease. For the operation consists merely in multiplying the successive digits of a certain number by a digit, and adding to each product two other digits, viz., that which was carried forward, and that figure of the same number which stands immediately above the place where the unit's figure of the result is to be set down.

5.

Since  $A_1 = (1+r) A$   
 $A_2 = (1+r) A_1$   
 &c. (See Art. 3.)  
 $\therefore A_1 r = (1+r) \cdot Ar$   
 $A_2 r = (1+r) \cdot A_1 r$   
 $\vdots$   
 $A_{n-1} r = (1+r) \cdot A_{n-2} r$   
 $B_1 r = (1+r) \cdot Br$   
 $B_2 r = (1+r) \cdot B_1 r$   
 $\vdots$



$$\begin{aligned} & \vdots \\ & B_{n-2}r = (1+r) \cdot B_{n-3}r \\ & \text{\&c.} \end{aligned}$$

Now  $Ar, A_1r, A_2r, \dots, A_{n-1}r; Br, B_1r, B_2r, \dots, B_{n-2}r; \text{\&c.}$ , which we shall denote by  $A', A'_1, A'_2, \dots, A'_{n-1}; B', B'_1, B'_2, \dots, B'_{n-2}; \text{\&c.}$ , are the addends employed in article 3, and it is plain from the above values that they may be derived from each other by the process in article 4. It is also obvious (article 3) that

$$\begin{aligned} A_n &= A + Ar + A_1r + \dots + A_{n-1}r \\ &= A + A' + A'_1 + \dots + A'_{n-1} \\ B_{n-1} &= B + Br + B_1r + \dots + B_{n-2}r \\ &= B + B' + B'_1 + \dots + B'_{n-2} \\ & \text{\&c.} \end{aligned}$$

Hence instead of employing the process in article 4 we may employ the following:

A	B	C	..... $\gamma$	$\beta$	$\alpha$
+ A'	+ B'	+ C'	+ $\gamma'$	$\beta_1$	
+ A' <sub>1</sub>	+ B' <sub>1</sub>	+ C' <sub>1</sub>	<u>+ <math>\gamma'_1</math></u>		
⋮	⋮	⋮	$\gamma_2$		
+ A' <sub>n-3</sub>	+ B' <sub>n-3</sub>	+ C' <sub>n-3</sub>			
+ A' <sub>n-2</sub>	+ B' <sub>n-2</sub>	<u>C<sub>n-2</sub></u>			
+ A' <sub>n-1</sub>	<u>B<sub>n-1</sub></u>				
<u>A<sub>n</sub></u>					

6. We shall now proceed to to develope our method.

Let us represent the given equation by  $F(x)$ , and the first of the succeeding transformed equations by  $F_1(x_1)$ , the second by  $F_2(x_2)$ , the third by  $F_3(x_3)$ , &c. ; also the limiting equations of  $F(x)$  by  $F'(x)$ ,  $F''(x)$ , &c. ; those of  $F_1(x_1)$  by  $F'_1(x_1)$ ,  $F''_1(x_1)$ , &c., &c.

Let  $R$  be the value of the first significant figure of a root of  $F(x)$ , transform the equation by dividing its roots by  $R$ , or, which amounts to the same thing, by substituting  $Rx_1$  for  $x$ , one value of  $x_1$  will obviously be between 1 and 2, put  $r_1$  for the value of the first significant figure of the decimal part of  $x_1$ , transform the equation in  $(1+r_1)x_2$ , assume  $r_2$  for the value of the first significant figure of the decimal part of  $x_2$ , and transform the equation in  $(1+r_2)x_3$ , &c.

7. In effecting the preceding transformations we shall not be obliged to extend each column to an indefinite number of decimals, but each must be restrained to that number ( $q$ ) of places, which is requisite to give the root to the extent required. Suppose that in continuing the transformations we arrive at an equation  $F_m(x_m)$  (which denote by  $Ax_m^n + Bx_m^{n-1} + Cx_m^{n-2} + \dots + \gamma x_m^2 + \beta x_m + \alpha = 0$ ) whose coefficients are so related to each other, that when it is transformed in  $\left\{ 1 - \frac{F_m(1)}{F'_m(1)} \right\} x_{m+1}$  the addends (see article 3), when restricted to  $q$  places of decimals, are constant in each of the columns, then the root of  $F_m(x_m)$  is  $1 - \frac{F_m(1)}{F'_m(1)}$ .

In order to prove this it will obviously be sufficient to show that the root of the transformed equation  $F_{m+1}(x_{m+1})$  is unity. Put  $-\frac{F_m(1)}{F'_m(1)} = a$ , then since the addends are constant, and as there are  $n$  of them in the first column,  $(n-1)$  in the second,  $(n-2)$  in the third, &c., we shall have

$$\begin{aligned}
 F_{m+1}(x_{m+1}) &= \{A + nAa\} x_{m+1}^n + \{B + \overline{n-1} \cdot Ba\} x_{m+1}^{n-1} + \{C + \overline{n-2}Ca\} x_{m+1}^{n-2} \dots \\
 &\dots + \{\gamma + 2\gamma a\} x_{m+1}^2 + \{\beta + \beta a\} x_{m+1} + \alpha \\
 &= Ax_{m+1}^n + Bx_{m+1}^{n-1} + Cx_{m+1}^{n-2} \dots + \gamma x_{m+1}^2 + \beta x_{m+1} + \alpha \\
 &+ ax_{m+1} \{nAx_{m+1}^{n-1} + \overline{n-1} \cdot Bx_{m+1}^{n-2} + \overline{n-2} Cx_{m+1}^{n-3} \dots + 2\gamma x_{m+1} + \beta\} \\
 &= F_m(x_{m+1}) + a \cdot x_{m+1} F'_m(x_{m+1}) = F_m(x_{m+1}) - x_{m+1} \frac{F_m(1)}{F'_m(1)} F'_m(x_{m+1}).
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\text{Let } x_{m+1} = 1, \quad \therefore F_{m+1}(1) = F_m(1) - \frac{F_m(1)}{F'_m(1)} F'_m(1) = F_m(1) - F_m(1) = 0.$$

Hence a root of  $F_{m+1}(x_{m+1})$  is unity, and consequently a root of  $F_m(x_m)$  is  $1 - \frac{F_m(1)}{F'_m(1)}$ . We shall, therefore, obviously obtain the following development of the root of the original equation  $F(x)$ , viz. :

$$x = R \{1 + r_1\} \cdot \{1 + r_2\} \cdot \{1 + r_3\} \dots \{1 + r_{m-1}\} \cdot \left\{1 - \frac{F_m(1)}{F'_m(1)}\right\}.$$

8. It is obvious that it would be a great acquisition could we discover an easy method by which  $r_1, r_2, r_3$ , &c., may be suggested, nor is this desirable object unattainable,

$$\text{For } F_p(x_p) = F_p(1 + \overline{x_p - 1}) = F_p(1) + F'_p(1) \cdot \overline{x_p - 1} + \frac{F''_p(1)}{2} \overline{x_p - 1}^2 \dots$$

Now whatever be the value of  $p$ ,  $(x_p - 1)$  is a decimal, and after the first or second transformation, a very small one too, it is therefore obvious that  $-\frac{F_p(1)}{F'_p(1)}$  will generally be sufficient to suggest at least the first significant figure of  $(x_p - 1)$ , which figure is the value of  $r_p$ .

9. In the preceding investigation, we have supposed the significant part of  $r_1, r_2, r_3$ , &c., to consist of only one digit, but this restriction is not necessary as they may evidently consist of any number of digits whatever.

10. If any of the transformed equations,  $F_p(x_p)$ , be such that were it transformed in  $\left\{1 - \frac{F_p(1)}{F'_p(1)}\right\} x_{p+1}$ , and each column *supposed* to be restricted to a certain number ( $k$ ) of places of decimals, the addends would be constant, then it follows from what has been said in article 7, that  $x_p = 1 - \frac{F_p(1)}{F'_p(1)}$ , where  $F_p(1), F'_p(1)$ , must be restrained to  $k$  places, and the quotient resulting from the (contracted) division of the former, by the latter carried to that number ( $f$ ) of decimals, which can be found without annexing cyphers to the dividend  $F_p(1)$ , hence as

$$\begin{aligned}
 1 - \frac{F_p(1)}{F'_p(1)} &\text{ gives the value of } x_p \text{ true to about } f \text{ places of decimals, it may sometimes be convenient to make } r_p = \\
 -\frac{F_p(1)}{F'_p(1)} &\text{ to } f \text{ places.}
 \end{aligned}$$

We may here remark that should we find that we have taken any of the numbers  $r_1, r_2, r_3$ , &c., as  $r_p$ , a little too large, we need not erase the transformation, for it will merely have the effect of making the next  $r_{p+1}$  negative.

11. The calculation of  $F_1(1), F_2(1), F_3(1), \&c.$ , and of  $F'_1(1), F'_2(1), F'_3(1), \&c.$ , which must be computed for the purpose of discovering  $r_1, r_2, r_3, \&c.$ , is easily effected, thus if

$$F_p(x_p) = Ax_p^n + Bx_p^{n-1} + Cx_p^{n-2} \dots + \gamma x_p^2 + \beta x_p + \alpha.$$

$$\text{Then } F_p(1) = A + B + C \dots + \gamma + \beta + \alpha.$$

$$\text{And } F'_p(1) = n \cdot A + \overline{n-1} \cdot B + \overline{n-2} \cdot C \dots + 2\gamma + \beta.$$

By referring to the formulas of transformation in Articles 2, 3, and 5, it will be seen that the absolute term remains unaltered, and consequently no column will be formed under it, this vacant space we propose to appropriate to the calculation of  $F_1(1), F_2(1), \&c.$ ; also an additional column a little to the right, to the computation of  $F'_1(1), F'_2(1), \&c.$

In order to elucidate our method, we shall now proceed to apply it to the solution of a few equations.

*Example 1.* Given  $x^4 - 30x^3 + 700x^2 + 15132x - 1804827 = 0$ , to find  $x$ .

Here  $x > 30 \angle 40$ , hence  $R=30$ , and the operation is as follows :

1	- 30	700	1513 2	-180 4827	(30=R
30	900	2100 0	4539 6 0	45 x 1=	45 (1·2=1+r <sub>1</sub>
900	27000	6300 0 0	907 9 2	63 x 2=	126
2700 0	8100 0 0	1260 0 0	5447 5 2	- 81 x 3=	-243
8100 0 0	1620 0 0	7560 0 0	54 4 752	81 x 4=	324
1620 0 0	9720 0 0	1512 0 0	5501 9 952	-72 =F <sub>1</sub> (1)	252=F <sub>1</sub> '(1)
9720 0 0	1944 0 0	9072 0 0	22 0 080	-180 5	
1944 0 0	11664 0 0	90 7 2	5524 0 032	54 5	55 (1·01=1+r <sub>2</sub>
11664 0 0	2332 8 0	9162 7 2	3 3 144	90 7	181
2332 8 0	13996 8 0	91 6 272	5527 3 176	-140 0	-420
13996 8 0	139 9 6·8	9254 3 472		168 0	672
2799 3 6	14136 7 6 8	37 0 174		-7 3=F <sub>2</sub> (1)	488=F <sub>2</sub> '(1)
16796 1 6	141 3 6 77	9291 3 646		-180 48	
167 9 6 16	14278 1 3 57	37 1 655		55 02	55 (1·004=1+r <sub>3</sub>
16964 1 2 16	142 7 8 14	9328 5 301		92 54	185
169 6 4 12	14420 9 1 71	5 5 971		-144 21	-433
17133 7 6 28	57 6 8 37	9334 1 272		174 78	699
171 3 3 76	14478 6 0 08	5 6 005		-2 35=F <sub>3</sub> (1)	506=F <sub>3</sub> '(1)
17305 1 0 04	57 9 1 44	9339 7 277		-180 483	
173 0 5 10	14536 5 1 52			55 240	55 (1·0006=1+r <sub>4</sub>
17478 1 5 14	58 1 4 61			93 285	187
69 9 1 26	14594 6 6 13			-145 947	-438
17548 0 6 40	8 7 5 68			177 595	710
70 1 9 23	14603 4 1 81			- 310=F <sub>4</sub> (1)	514=F <sub>4</sub> '(1)
17618 2 5 63	8 7 6 20			-180 4827	
70 4 7 30	14612 1 8 01			55 273176	55
17688 7 2 93	8 7 6 73			93 397277	187
70 7 5 49	14620 9 4 74			-146 209474	-439
17759 4 8 42				178 021454	712
10 6 5 57				-267 =F <sub>m</sub> (1)	515 =F <sub>m</sub> '(1)
17770 1 3 99				258	
10 6 6 21				9	
17780 8 0 20				10	
10 6 6 85					
17791 4 7 05					
10 6 7 49					
17802 1 4 54					

Hence we have  $30 \times 1.2 \times 1.01 \times 1.004 \times 1.0006 \times 1.00000052$  for the development of the root, which may be computed as under:

1·0000 0 0 5 2 ·0006
6 0 0 0 0
1·0006 0 0 5 2 ·004
40 0 2 4 0
1·0046 0 2 9 2 ·01
100 4 6 0 3
1·0146 4 8 9 5 ·2
2029 2 9 7 9
1·2175 7 8 7 4
3 0
36·527 3 6 2 =x

In this solution the process unfolded in Article 3 has been employed ; if we suppress the addends, as suggested in Art. 4, the work will take the following form :



1	- 30	700	1513 2	-180 4827	(30
30	900	2100 0	4539 6 0	45	45(1·2
900	2700 0	6300 0 0	5447 5 2	63	126
2700 0	8100 0 0	7560 0 0	5501 9 952	- 81	-243
8100 0 0	9720 0 0	9072 0 0	5524 0 032	81	324
9720 0 0	11664 0 0	9162 7 2	5527 3 176	-72	252
11664 0 0	13996 8 0	9254 3 472		-180 5	
13996 8 0	14136 7 6 8	9291 3 646		54 5	55(1·01
16796 1 6	14278 1 3 57	9328 5 301		90 7	181
16964 1 2 16	14420 9 1 71	9334 1 272		-140 0	-420
17133 7 6 28	14478 6 0 08	9339 7 277		168 0	672
17305 1 0 04	14536 5 1 52			-7 3	488
17478 1 5 14	14594 6 6 13			-180 48	
17548 0 6 40	14603 4 1 81			55 02	55(1·004
17618 2 5 63	14612 1 8 01			92 54	185
17688 7 2 93	14620 9 4 74			-144 21	-433
17759 4 8 42				174 78	699
17770 1 3 99				-2 35	506
17780 8 0 20		1·0000 0 0 5 2 ·0006		-180 483	
17791 4 7 05		1·0006 0 0 5 2 ·004		55 240	55(1·0006
17802 1 4 54		1·0046 0 2 9 2 ·01		93 285	187
		1·0146 4 8 9 5 ·2		-145 947	-438
		1·2175 7 8 7 4		177 595	710
		3 0		- 310	514
		36·527 3 6 2 = x		-180 4827	
				55 273176	55
				93 397277	187
				-146 209474	-439
				178 021454	712
				·00000052  -267	515
				258	
				9	
				10	

But perhaps the best way of conducting the solution is to perform the first transformation according to Article 2, the second and third according to Article 4, and the remaining two according to Article 5, as follows :

1  
 30  
 900  
 2700 0  
 8100 0 0  
 9720 0 0  
 11664 0 0  
 13996 8 0  
 16796 1 6  
 16964 1 2 16  
 17133 7 6 28  
 17305 1 0 04  
 17478 1 5 14  
 69 9 1 26  
 70 1 9 23  
 70 4 7 31  
 70 7 5 50  
 17759 4 8 44  
 10 6 5 57  
 10 6 6 21  
 10 6 6 85  
 10 6 7 49  
 17802 1 4 56

-- 30  
 900  
 2700 0  
 8100 0 0  
 9720 0 0  
 11664 0 0  
 13996 8 0  
 14136 7 6 8  
 14278 1 3 57  
 14420 9 1 71  
 57 6 8 37  
 57 9 1 44  
 58 1 4 60  
 14594 6 6 12  
 8 7 5 68  
 8 7 6 20  
 8 7 6 73  
 14620 9 4 73

700  
 2100 0  
 6300 0 0  
 7560 0 0  
 9072 0 0  
 9162 7 2  
 9254 3 4 72  
 37 0 1 74  
 37 1 6 55  
 9328 5 3 01  
 5 5 9 71  
 5 6 0 0 5  
 9339 7 2 7 7  
 1·0000 0 0 5 1 ·0006  
 1·0006 0 0 5 1 ·004  
 1·0046 0 2 9 1 ·01  
 1·0146 4 8 9 4 ·2  
 1·2175 7 8 7 3  
 3 0  
 36·527 3 6 2 = x

1513 2  
 4539 6 0  
 5447 5 2  
 5501 9 9 52  
 5524 0 0 32  
 5527 3 1 76

-180 4827  
 45  
 63  
 -81  
 81  
 -72  
 -180 5  
 54 5  
 90 7  
 -140 0  
 168 0  
 -7 3  
 -180 48  
 55 02  
 92 54  
 -144 21  
 174 78  
 -2 35  
 -180 483  
 55 240  
 93 285  
 -145 947  
 177 595  
 - 310  
 -180 4827  
 55 273176  
 93 397277  
 -146 209473  
 178 021456  
 ·00000051) -264  
 258  
 6  
 5

(30  
 45(1·2  
 126  
 -243  
 324  
 252  
 55(1·01  
 181  
 -420  
 672  
 488  
 55(1·004  
 185  
 -433  
 699  
 506  
 55(1·0006  
 187  
 -438  
 710  
 514  
 55  
 187  
 -439  
 712  
 515  
 ||  
 ||



Or, if we bear in mind that  $1 \cdot 00067$  nearly  $= 1 \cdot 0006 \times 1 \cdot 00007$ , the operation may be performed thus:

1	3	2	-3	-2	-2
1.05	3.15	2.1	3.15	2.1	2(1.05)
1.1025	3.3075	2.205	3.3075	2.1168	6
1.157625	3.473875	2.31525	2646	2.11807008	6
1.21550625	3.64651875	18522	2667168	2.1182183449	12
1.2762815625	291721500	18670176	336063168		5
1021021525	294055272	188195374	20163790	15	15
102919345	296407714	23712617134	20175888	-2	
103742700	298778976	14227570	33646656478	-2.1	-2.1(1.008)
104572642	37646150962	14236107	2355266	-3.308	6.9
105409223	22587691	14244649	2355431	3.647	14.6
13281562060	22601243	23755325460	33651367175	1.276	6.4
7968937	22614804	1662873		170	19.2
7973718	22628373	1662989		-2	
7978502	37736583073	1663105		-2.1168	-2.12(1.0006)
7983289	2641561	23760314427		-3.36063	-6.72(1.00007)
7988079	2641746			2.37126	7.11
13321454585	2641931			3.76462	15.06
932502	2642116			1.32816	6.64
932567	37747150427			-1339	19.97
932632				1198	
932697	1			141	
932762	- .00000015954			140	
13326117745	.999999984046100007			-2	
	1.000069844045.0006			-2.1182183449	-2.118
	1.00066988235.008			-3.3651867175	-6.730
	1.00867524141.05			2.3760314427	7.128
	1.059109035.0.			3.7747150427	15.099
				1.3326117745	6.663
				- .00000015954)	31975
					20042
					11933
					10021
					1912
					1804
					108
					100
					8
					8







Example 3. Given  $x^6 + 17x^3 - 8x - 630 = 0$ , to find  $x$ .

Here  $x \approx -3.7 - 4$ , hence  $R = -3$ .

1	17	-8	- 63 0	(-3
-3	-51	+ 24	2 4	2(1.08
9	153	<u>25.9 2</u>	- 45 9	-138
-27	-459	<u>26.0 2368</u>	72 9	437
81	495.7 2	<u>26 0 4450</u>	- 33 6	301
-243	535.3 7 7 6		- 63 0	
+ 729	578.2 0 7 81		2 6	3(1.004
787.3 2	2 3 1 2 83		- 57 8	-173
850.3 0 5 6	2 3 2 2 08		115 7	694
918.3 3 0 05	2 3 3 1 37		-2 5	524
991 7 9 6 45	<u>585 1 7 4 09</u>			
1071 1 4 0 17	4 6 8 14		- 63 0	
1156 8 3 1 38	4 6 8 51		2 6.02	3(1.0008
4 6 2 7 33	4 6 8 89		- 58 5.17	-176
4 6 4 5 84	586 5 7 9 63		118 4.87	711
4 6 6 4 42			- 4.28	538
4 6 8 3 08				
4 7 0 1 81			- 630	
4 7 2 0 61			26.04450	26
<u>1184 8 7 4 47</u>	1		- 586.57963	-1760
9 4 7 90	- .0000 0 7 04		1190.57324	7143
9 4 8 66	<u>.9999 9 2 96</u>	.0008		
9 4 9 42	1.0007 9 2 95	.004		
9 5 0 17	1.0047 9 6 12	.08		
9 5 0 93	1.0851 7 9 81		- .00000704)	3811
9 5 1 69	<u>          -3</u>		3786	5409
<u>1190 5 7 3 24</u>	-3.2555 3 9 4 = $x$ .		25	
			22	

12. The preceding belongs to a class of equations, to which it appears to me, that the method of solution here proposed applies very happily. I allude to those which are incomplete, or which want several of their terms. For if any term be absent in the given equation, the corresponding term will also be absent in each of the transformed equations, consequently if an equation have  $m$  terms less than a complete equation of the same dimensions, we shall get rid of  $m$  columns.

The preceding example with those following, will, it is thought, demonstrate the superiority of our method in the solution of equations of this kind.

Example 4. Given  $7x^{16} + 170x^{15} + 652x^{14} + 1342x^{13} + 5326x^{12} - 3918500 = 0$ , to find  $x$ .

7	170	652	134 2	5326
14	340	1304	268 4	1065 2
28	680	2608	536 8	1171 7·2
56	1360	5216	590 4·8	1206 8·7 16
112	2720	1043 2	649 5·2 8	1214 1 1 283
224	5440	1147 5·2	669 0·1 3 84	1214 7 1 989
448	1088 0	1262 2·7 2	689 0 8 4 26	1214 8 1 707
896	2176 0	1388 4·9 9 2	4 1 3 4 51	
1792	4352 0	1527 3·4 9 12	4 1 5 9 31	
3584	4787 2	1573 1 6 9 59	697 3 7 8 08	
7168	5265 9·2	1620 3 6 4 68	3 4 8 69	
14336	5792 5·1 2	1668 9 7 5 62	3 4 8 86	
28672	6371 7·6 3 2	1719 0 4 4 89	698 0 7 5 63	
57344	7008 9·3 9 5 2	10 3 1 4 27	5 5 85	
114688	7709 8 3 3 4 7	10 3 7 6 16	5 5 85	
229376	8480 8 1 6 8 2	10 4 3 8 42	698 1 8 7 33	
458752	9328 8 9 8 5 0	10 5 0 1 05		
504627·2	9608 7 6 5 4 6	1760 6 7 4 79		
555089·92	9897 0 2 8 4 2	8 8 0 34		
610598·91 2	10193 9 3 9 2 7	8 8 0 78		
671658·80 3 2	10499 7 5 7 4 5	8 8 1 22	1·00000 1 1 4 4 5 ·00008	
738824 68 3 5	10814 7 5 0 1 7	8 8 1 66	1·00008 1 1 4 4 6 ·0005	
812707 15 1 9	11139 1 9 2 6 8	1764 1 9 8 79	1·00058 1 1 8 5 2 ·006	
893977 86 7 1	11473 3 6 8 4 6	1 4 1 14	1·00658 4 6 7 2 3 ·03	
983375 65 3 8	11817 5 6 9 5 1	1 4 1 15	1·03678 2 2 1 2 5 ·1	
1081713 21 9 2	70 9 0 5 4 2	1 4 1 16	1·14046 0 4 3 3 8	
1189884 54 1 1	71 3 3 0 8 5	1 4 1 17	2	
1308872 99 5 2	71 7 5 8 8 3	1764 7 6 3 4 1	2·28092 0 8 6 8 = x.	
1439760 29 4 7	72 1 8 9 3 8			
1583736 32 4 2	72 6 2 2 5 2			
1742109 95 6 6	73 0 5 8 2 6			
1916320 95 2 3	73 4 9 6 6 1			
2107953 04 7 5	73 9 3 7 5 9			
2171191 63 8 9	12396 8 6 8 9 7			
2236327 38 8 1	6 1 9 8 4 3			
2303417 20 9 7	6 2 0 1 5 3			
2372519 72 6 0	6 2 0 4 6 3			
2443695 31 7 8	6 2 0 7 7 3			
2517006 17 7 3	6 2 1 0 8 3			
2592516 36 2 6	6 2 1 3 9 4			
2670291 85 3 5	6 2 1 7 0 5			
2750400 60 9 1	6 2 2 0 1 6			
2832912 62 7 4	12446 5 4 3 2 7			
2917900 00 6 2	9 9 5 7 2			
3005437 00 6 4	9 9 5 8 0			
3095600 11 6 6	9 9 5 8 8			
3188468 12 0 1	9 9 5 9 6			
3284122 16 3 7	9 9 6 0 4			
3382645 82 8 6	9 9 6 1 2			
	9 9 6 2 0			
	9 9 6 2 8			
	12454 5 1 1 2 7			



$\begin{array}{r} -39 \overline{)18500} \\ 1 \\ 1 \\ 1 \\ 4 \\ \underline{46} \times \left\{ \begin{array}{l} 10 = \\ 6 = \end{array} \right. \\ -33 \ 9 \\ \hline \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{r} (2 \\ 0(1 \cdot 1 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 3 \\ 46 \\ 28 \\ \hline 77 \end{array}$	<p>Continuation of the first column.</p> $\begin{array}{r} 338264 \ 5 \ 8 \ 286 \\ 2029 \ 5 \ 8 \ 750 \\ 2041 \ 7 \ 6 \ 502 \\ 2054 \ 0 \ 1 \ 561 \\ 2066 \ 3 \ 3 \ 970 \\ 2078 \ 7 \ 3 \ 774 \\ 2091 \ 2 \ 1 \ 017 \\ 2103 \ 7 \ 5 \ 743 \\ 2116 \ 3 \ 7 \ 997 \\ 2129 \ 0 \ 7 \ 825 \\ 2141 \ 8 \ 5 \ 272 \\ 2154 \ 7 \ 0 \ 384 \\ 2167 \ 6 \ 3 \ 206 \\ 2180 \ 6 \ 3 \ 785 \\ 2193 \ 7 \ 2 \ 168 \\ 2206 \ 8 \ 8 \ 401 \\ 2220 \ 1 \ 2 \ 531 \\ \hline 372241 \ 0 \ 1 \ 172 \\ 186 \ 1 \ 2 \ 051 \\ 186 \ 2 \ 1 \ 357 \\ 186 \ 3 \ 0 \ 668 \\ 186 \ 3 \ 9 \ 983 \\ 186 \ 4 \ 9 \ 303 \\ 186 \ 5 \ 8 \ 628 \\ 186 \ 6 \ 7 \ 957 \\ 186 \ 7 \ 7 \ 291 \\ 186 \ 8 \ 6 \ 630 \\ 186 \ 9 \ 5 \ 973 \\ 187 \ 0 \ 5 \ 321 \\ 187 \ 1 \ 4 \ 674 \\ 187 \ 2 \ 4 \ 031 \\ 187 \ 3 \ 3 \ 393 \\ 187 \ 4 \ 2 \ 760 \\ 187 \ 5 \ 2 \ 131 \\ \hline 375230 \ 1 \ 3 \ 323 \\ 30 \ 0 \ 1 \ 841 \\ 30 \ 0 \ 2 \ 081 \\ 30 \ 0 \ 2 \ 321 \\ 30 \ 0 \ 2 \ 561 \\ 30 \ 0 \ 2 \ 801 \\ 30 \ 0 \ 3 \ 041 \\ 30 \ 0 \ 3 \ 281 \\ 30 \ 0 \ 3 \ 521 \\ 30 \ 0 \ 3 \ 761 \\ 30 \ 0 \ 4 \ 001 \\ 30 \ 0 \ 4 \ 241 \\ 30 \ 0 \ 4 \ 481 \\ 30 \ 0 \ 4 \ 721 \\ 30 \ 0 \ 4 \ 961 \\ 30 \ 0 \ 5 \ 201 \\ 30 \ 0 \ 5 \ 441 \\ \hline 375710 \ 7 \ 1 \ 579 \end{array}$
$\begin{array}{r} -39 \overline{)2} \\ 1 \\ 1 \\ 2 \\ 9 \\ \underline{21 \ 1} \\ -16 \ 8 \\ \hline \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{r} 0(1 \cdot 03 \\ 0 \\ 1 \\ 7 \\ 211 \\ 127 \\ \hline 346 \end{array}$	
$\begin{array}{r} -39 \overline{)19} \\ 12 \\ 7 \\ 17 \\ 1 \ 18 \\ \underline{33 \ 83} \\ -3 \ 82 \\ \hline \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{r} 0(1 \cdot 006 \\ 0 \\ 1 \\ 9 \\ 338 \\ 203 \\ \hline 551 \end{array}$	
$\begin{array}{r} -39 \overline{)185} \\ 121 \\ 70 \\ 176 \\ 1 \ 240 \\ \underline{37 \ 224} \\ - \ 354 \\ \hline \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{r} 0(1 \cdot 0005 \\ 0 \\ 1 \\ 10 \\ 372 \\ 223 \\ \hline 606 \end{array}$	
$\begin{array}{r} -39 \overline{)1850} \\ 1215 \\ 698 \\ 1764 \\ 1 \ 2447 \\ \underline{37 \ 5230} \\ - \ 496 \\ \hline \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{r} 0(1 \cdot 00008 \\ 0 \\ 1 \\ 10 \\ 375 \\ 225 \\ \hline 611 \end{array}$	
$\begin{array}{r} -39 \overline{)185 \ 00} \\ 121 \ 481707 \\ 69 \ 818733 \\ 176 \ 476341 \\ 1245 \ 451127 \\ \underline{37571 \ 071579} \\ -0000011445) \overline{)700513} \\ 612068 \\ 88445 \\ 61207 \\ 27238 \\ 24483 \\ 2755 \\ 2448 \\ 307 \\ \underline{306} \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{r} 121 \\ 140 \\ 706 \\ 9964 \\ 375711 \\ 225426 \\ 612068 \\      \end{array}$	

Example 5. Given  $x^{11} = 100000$ , to find  $x$ .

1	-100 000	(2
2	2	22(1·4
4	<u>-98</u>	
8	<u>-10 0</u>	
16	8 3	91(1·01
32	<u>-1 7</u>	
64	<u>-10 00</u>	
128	9 25	102(1·007
256	<u>- 75</u>	
512	<u>-10 0000</u>	
1024	9 9907	110(1·00008
2048	<u>  -93</u>	
2867·2		
4014·08		
5619·71 2		
7867·59 6 8	-100000	
11014·63 5 5 2	99995·34794	1099949
15420·48 9 7 3	<u>42293) -4·65206</u>	
21588 68 5 6 2	4 39980	
30224 15 9 8 7	<u>25226</u>	
42313 82 3 8 2	21999	
59239 35 3 3 5	<u>3227</u>	
82935 09 4 6 9	2200	
83764 44 5 6 4	1027	
84602 09 0 1 0	990	
85448 11 1 0 0	37	
86302 59 2 1 1	33	
87165 61 8 0 3		
88037 27 4 2 1		
88917 64 6 9 5		
89806 82 3 4 2		
90704 89 1 6 5	1·00000 42 2 9 3 ·00008	
91611 94 0 5 7	1·00008 42 2 9 6 ·007	
92528 05 9 9 8	1·00708 48 1 9 2 ·01	
647 69 6 4 2	1·01715 56 6 7 4·4	
652 23 0 2 9	1·42401 79 3 4 4	
656 79 5 9 0	2	
661 39 3 4 7		
666 02 3 2 2	2·84803 58 6 9 =x.	
670 68 5 3 8		
675 38 0 1 8		
680 10 7 8 4		
684 86 8 5 9		
689 66 2 6 7		
694 49 0 3 1		
99907 39 4 2 5		
7 99 2 5 9		
7 99 3 2 3		
7 99 3 8 7		
7 99 4 5 1		
7 99 5 1 5		
7 99 5 7 9		
7 99 6 4 3		
7 99 7 0 7		
7 99 7 7 1		
7 99 8 3 5		
7 99 8 9 9		
99995 34 7 9 4		

13. It is to be observed that there is another method of obtaining the transformed equations, which may often be employed with great advantage, particularly in the solution of very high equations.

If the roots of the equation  $Ax^n + Bx^{n-1} + Cx^{n-2} + \dots + \gamma x^2 + \beta x + \alpha = 0$  be divided by any number P, the resulting equation is

$$AP^n x^n + BP^{n-1} x^{n-1} + C \cdot P^{n-2} x^{n-2} + \dots + \gamma P^2 x^2 + \beta P x + \alpha = 0, \dots \dots \dots (Z).$$

Now if we compute  $P^2, P^3, \dots, P^n$  in succession, or if the equation be incomplete, such of these powers as we have occasion for, and then take the product of A and  $P^n$ , of B and  $P^{n-1}$ , of C and  $P^{n-2}$ , of  $\gamma$  and  $P^2$ , and of  $\beta$  and P, we shall obviously obtain the coefficients of the transformed equation (Z).

The two examples which follow, will, it is hoped, fully elucidate this method.

*Example 6.* Let the equation  $102 x^{20} - 111 x^{19} + 72 x^{18} - 85 x^{17} - 31 x^{16} + 67 x^{15} + 201 x^{14} + 6 x^{13} - 83 x^{12} - 5 x^{11} + 123 x^{10} - 234 x^9 - 22 x^8 + 93 x^7 - 7 \cdot 6 x^6 + \cdot 932 x^5 + 82 \cdot 2 x^4 - 73 \cdot 86 x^3 - 94 x^2 - 2 \cdot 638 x - 290565 = 0$ , be proposed for solution.

The solution of this equation extends over the six succeeding pages, and the three last columns of the work are devoted to the computation of  $1 \cdot 5^2, 1 \cdot 5^3, \dots, 15^{20}$ , of  $1 \cdot 02^2, 1 \cdot 02^3, \dots, 1 \cdot 02^{20}$ , &c.

1 0 2  
3 3 25·25 673015  
3 3 25·25 67302  
 66 50 51346  
3 3 91 76·18648  
1·4 85 94 739597  
3 3 91 76 18648  
1 3 56 70 47459  
 2 71 34 09492  
 16 95 88093  
 3 05 25857  
 13 56705  
 2 37423  
 10175  
 3052  
 170  
 31  
 2  
5 0 39 97·97107  
1·1 27 09 264152  
5 0 39 97·97107  
 5 03 99 79711  
 1 00 79 95942  
 35 27 98580  
 45 35982  
 1 00800  
 30240  
 2016  
 50  
 25  
 1  
5 6 80 52·40454  
1·0 08 03 047305  
5 6 80 52 40454  
 45 44 41924  
 17 04157  
 22722  
 3976  
 170  
 3  
5 7 26 14·13406  
1·0 01 60 121658  
5 7 26 14 13406  
 5 72 61413  
 3 43 56848  
 57261  
 11452  
 573  
 344  
 29  
 5  
5 7 35 31·01331  
1·0 00 04 000076  
5 7 35 31 01331  
 22 94124  
 40  
 3  
5 7 35 53·95498

-1 11  
2 216·83 782010  
2 216 83 78201  
 221 68 37820  
 22 16 83782  
2 460 68·99803  
1·456 81 117252  
2 460 68 99803  
 984 27 59921  
 123 03 44990  
 14 76 41399  
 1 96 85520  
 2 46069  
 24607  
 2461  
 1722  
 49  
 12  
3 584 76·06553  
1·120 37 041901  
3 584 76 06553  
 358 47 60655  
 71 69 52131  
 1 07 54282  
 25 09332  
 14339  
 358  
 323  
4 016 25·97973  
1·007 62 742208  
4 016 25 97973  
 2 811 38186  
 240 97559  
 8 03252  
 2 81138  
 16065  
 803  
 80  
 3  
4 046 89·35059  
1·001 52 109489  
4 046 89 35059  
 4 04 68935  
 2 02 34468  
 8 09379  
 40469  
 3642  
 162  
 32  
 4  
4 053 04·92150  
1·000 03 800068  
4 053 04 92150  
 12 15915  
 3 24244  
 24  
 3  
4 053 20·32336

7 2  
1 477·89 18801  
1 034 52 43161  
 29 55 78376  
1 064 08·21537  
1·428 24 624757  
1·064 08 21537  
 425 63 28615  
 21 28 16431  
 8 51 26572  
 21 28164  
 4 25633  
 63845  
 2128  
 426  
 74  
 5  
 1  
1 519 77·13431  
1·113 68 828927  
1 519 77 13431  
 151 97 71343  
 15 19 77134  
 4 55 93140  
 91 18628  
 12 15817  
 1 21582  
 3040  
 1216  
 137  
 3  
 1  
1 692 55·15472  
1·007 22 453227  
1 692 55 15472  
 11 84 78608  
 33 85103  
 3 38510  
 67702  
 8463  
 508  
 34  
 3  
 1  
1 704 77·94404  
1·001 44 097961  
1 704 77 94404  
 1 70 47794  
 68 19118  
 6 81912  
 15343  
 1193  
 153  
 10  
1 707 23·59927  
1·000 03 600061  
1 707 23 59927  
 5 12171  
 1 02434  
 10  
1 707 29·74542

- 85  
985·2 612534  
7 882 0 90027  
 492 6 30627  
8 374 7·20654  
1·400 2 414192  
8 374 7 20654  
 3 349 8 88262  
 1 6 74944  
 3 34989  
 8375  
 3350  
 84  
 75  
 2  
1 1 726 6·30735  
1·1 070 4 601319  
1 1 726 6 30735  
 1 172 6 63074  
 82 0 86415  
 4 69065  
 70360  
 117  
 35  
 1  
 1  
1 2 98 19·19803  
1·0 06 82 180355  
1 2 98 19 19803  
 7 78 91519  
 1 03 85536  
 2 59638  
 12982  
 10386  
 39  
 6  
 1  
1 3 07 04·79910  
1·0 01 36 087074  
1 3 07 04 79910  
 1 30 70480  
 39 21144  
 7 84229  
 10456  
 915  
 9  
 1  
1 3 08 82·67144  
1·0 00 03 400054  
1 3 08 82 67144  
 3 92648  
 52353  
 7  
 1  
1 3 08 87·12153

- 8 1  
6 56·8 408356  
1 9 70 5 22507  
 65 6 84084  
2 0 36 2·06591  
1·3 72 7 857051  
2 0 36 2 06591  
 6 10 8 61977  
 1 42 5 34461  
 4 0 72413  
 1 4 25344  
 1 62896  
 10181  
 1425  
 10  
2 7 95 2·75298  
1·1 00 4 433531  
2 7 95 2 75298  
 2 79 5 27530  
 1 1 18110  
 1 11811  
 8386  
 839  
 140  
 8  
3 0 76 0·42122  
1·0 06 4 192359  
3 0 76 0 42122  
 18 4 56253  
 1 2 30417  
 30760  
 27684  
 615  
 92  
 15  
 3  
3 0 95 7·87961  
1·0 01 2 807683  
3 0 95 7 87961  
 3 0 95788  
 6 19158  
 2 47663  
 2167  
 186  
 25  
 1  
3 0 99 7·52949  
1·0 00 0 320005  
3 0 99 7 52949  
 92993  
 6199  
 2  
3 0 99 8·52143



67	2 01	6	- 83	- 5
437·8 938904	2 91·92 926026	194·619507	129·7 463379	86·497558
2 627 3 63342	5 83 85 85205	1 167·71704	1 037 9 70703	4 32·48779
306 5 25723	2 91 92926	1·293 606630	38 9 23901	1·24 337431
2 933 8·89065	5 86 77·78131	1 167 71704	1 076 8·94604	4 32 48779
1·345 8 683383	1·31 94 787631	233 54341	1·268 2 417946	86 49756
2 933 8 89065	5 86 77 78131	105 09453	1 076 8 94604	17 29951
880 1 66720	1 76 03 33439	3 50315	215 3 78921	1 29746
117 3 55563	5 86 77781	70063	64 6 13676	12975
14 6 69445	5 28 10003	701	8 6 15157	3027
2 3 47111	23 47111	70	2 15379	173
1 76033	4 10744	4	43076	13
23471	46942	1 510·56651	1077	5 37·74420
880	4107	1·080 870713	754	1·06 801607
88	352	1 510 56651	97	5 37 74420
23	18	120 84532	4	32 26465
1	1	1 20845	1	4 30195
3 948 6·28400	7 74 24·08629	10574	1 365 7·62746	538
1·093 8 800726	1·08 73 559370	106	1·074 4 241677	323
3 948 6 28400	7 74 24 08629	2	1 365 7 62746	4
355 3 76556	61 93 92690	1 632·72710	95 6 03392	5 74·31945
11 8 45885	5 41 96860	1·005 212498	5 4 63051	1·00 440881
3 1 58903	23 22723	1 632 72710	5 46305	5 74 31945
3 15890	3 87120	8 16364	27315	2 29728
276	38712	32655	5463	22973
8	6968	1633	137	459
2	232	327	82	46
4 319 3·25920	54	65	9	1
1·006 0 168291	8 41 87·53988	15	1	5 76·85152
4 319 3 25920	1·00 56 145833	1	1 467 4·08501	1·00 088035
25 9 15956	8 41 87 53988	1 641·23770	1·004 8 105741	5 76 85152
43193	4 20 93770	1·001 040499	1 467 4 08501	46148
25916	50 51252	1 641 23770	5 8 69634	4615
3455	84188	1 64124	1 1 73927	17
86	33675	6565	14674	3
39	4209	66	734	5 77·35935
4 345 3·14565	673	15	103	1·00 002200
1·001 2 006722	25	1	6	5 77 35935
4 345 3 14565	3	1 642·94541	1 474 4·67579	1155
4 3 45315	8 46 60·21783	1·000 026000	1·000 9 604225	115
8 69063	1·00 11 205826	1 642 94541	1 474 4 67579	5 77·37205
2607	8 46 60 21783	3286	1 3 27021	
304	84 66022	986	88468	
9	8 46602	1 642·98813	590	
1	1 69320		29	
4 350 5·31864	4233		3	
1·000 0 300004	677		1	
4 350 5 31864	17		1 475 8·83691	
1 30516	5		1·000 0 240003	
2	8 47 55·08659		1 475 8 83691	
4 350 6·62382	1·00 00 280004		29518	
	8 47 55 08659		5904	
	1 69510		1 475 9·19113	
	67804			
	3			
	8 47 57·45976			

1 2 3	- 2 3 4	- 2 2	9 3	- 7·6
5 7·66 5 03906	3 8·44 3 35938	2 5·6 289063	17·0 859375	1 1·390625
5 7 66 5 0391	7 6 88 6 7188	5 1 2 57813	1 53 7 73438	7 9 73438
1 1 53 3 0078	1 1 53 3 0078	5 1 2 5781	5 1 2 5781	6 83437
1 72 9 9512	1 53 7 7344	5 6 3·83594	1 58 8·99219	8 6·56875
7 0 92·7 9981	8 9 95·7 4610	1·1 7 165938	1·14 8 685668	1·1 261624
1·2 18 9 94420	1·1 95 0 92569	5 6 3 83594	1 58 8 99219	8 6 56875
7 0 92 7 9981	8 9 95 7 4610	5 6 38359	15 8 89922	8 65688
1 4 18 5 5996	8 99 5 7461	3 9 46852	6 3 55969	1 73137
70 9 2800	8 09 6 1715	56384	1 2 71194	51941
56 7 4240	44 9 7873	33830	95340	866
6 3 8352	8 0962	2819	12712	519
6 3835	1799	507	794	17
2837	450	17	95	3
284	54	4	10	
14	8	6 6 0·62366	1	9 7·49046
8 6 46·0 8339	1 0 7 50·7 4932	1·0 4 902019	1 82 5·25256	1·0 365443
1·0 61 6 46194	1·0 5 53 1 43083	6 6 0 62366	1·04 2 763606	9 7 49046
8 6 46 0 8339	1 0 7 50 7 4932	2 6 42495	1 82 5 25256	2 92471
5 18 7 6500	5 37 5 3747	5 94561	7 3 01010	58494
8 6 4608	53 7 5375	1321	3 65051	4875
5 1 8765	3 2 2522	7	1 27768	390
3 4584	1 0751	6	10951	39
5188	4300	6 9 3·00756	548	3
86	322	1·0 0 320448	110	1 0 1·05318
78	8	6 9 3 00756	1	1·0 0 240240
3	1 1 3 45·4 1957	2 07902	1 90 3·30695	1 0 1 05318
9 1 79·0 8151	1 0 0 36 0 57654	13860	1·00 2 803362	20211
1·0 04 0 07208	1 1 3 45 4 1957	277	1·90 3 30695	4042
9 1 79 0 8151	34 0 3626	28	3 80661	20
36 7 1633	6 8 0725	6	1 52265	4
6425	5673	6 9 5·22829	571	1 0 1·29595
184	794	1·0 0 064018	57	1·0 0 048010
7	68	6 9 5 22829	11	1 0 1 29595
9 2 15·8 6400	6	41714	1 90 8·64260	4052
1·0 00 8 00288	1 1 3 86·3 2849	2781	1·00 0 560134	810
9 2 15 8 6400	1·0 0 07 2 02304	7	1 90 8 64260	1
7 3 7269	1 1 3 86 3 2849	6	95432	1 0 1·34458
184	7 9 7043	6 9 5·67337	11452	1·0 0 001200
74	2 2773	1·0 0 001600	19	1 0 1 34458
7	228	6 9 5 67337	6	101
9 2 23·2 3934	34	696	1	20
1·0 00 0 20000	1 1 3 94·5 2927	417	1 90 9·71170	1 0 1·34579
9 2 23 2·3934	1·0 0 00 1 80001	6 9 5·68450	1·00 0 014000	
1 8446	1 1 3 94 5 2927	1 90 9 71170	1 90 9 71170	
9 2 23·4 2380	1 1395	1910	764	
	9116	1 90 9·73844		
	1 1 3 94·7 3438			

<u>.9 32</u>	8 2·2	— 7 3·86	— 9 4	—2·638
<u>7·59375</u>	5·0 625	3·3 75	<u>2·2 5</u>	1·5
6 8 3438	<u>4 0 5 000</u>	2 2 1 58	<u>1 8 8</u>	2 638
2 2781	1 0 125	2 2 158	1 8 8	1 319
<u>1519</u>	<u>1 0125</u>	5 1702	<u>4 7</u>	3·957
7·0 7738	4 1 6·1375	3693	2 1 1·5	1·02
<u>1·1 04081</u>	<u>1·0 8 243216</u>	2 4 9·2775	<u>1·0 4 04</u>	<u>3 957</u>
7 0 7738	4 1 6 1375	1·0 6 1208	2 1 1 5	7914
7 0774	3 3 29100	2 4 9 2775	8 46	4·03614
2831	83228	1 4 95665	846	1·006
57	16645	24928	2 2 0·0446	4 03614
<u>1</u>	<u>1248</u>	4986	<u>1·0 1 2036</u>	2422
7·8 1401	83	199	2 2 0 0446	4·06036
<u>1·0 30362</u>	4	2 6 4·53528	2 20045	1·0004
7 8 1401	2	1·0 1 810822	44009	4 06036
2 3442	<u>4 5 0·44060</u>	2 6 4 53528	660	162
<u>234</u>	<u>1·0 2 421687</u>	2 64535	132	4·06198
47	4 5 0 44060	2 11628	2 2 2·69306	1·00008
<u>2</u>	9 00881	2645	<u>1·0 0 080016</u>	4·06198
8·0 5126	1 80176	212	2 2 2 69306	32
<u>1·0 02002</u>	9009	5	17815	4·06230
8 0 5126	450	1	2	1·000002
1610	270	2 6 9·32554	1	4 06230
<u>2</u>	36	<u>1·0 0 120048</u>	2 2 2·87124	1
8·0 6738	3	2 6 9 32554	1·0 0 016001	4·06231
<u>1·0 00400</u>	<u>4 6 1·34885</u>	26933	2 2 2 87124	
8 0 6738	1·0 0 160096	5387	2229	1337
323	4 6 1 34885	11	2 2 2·90690	1·0 0 000400
8·0 7061	46135	2	2 2 2 90690	89
<u>1·0 00010</u>	27681	2 6 9·64887	<u>1·0 0 024002</u>	2 2 2·90779
8 0 7061	41	1·0 0 64887	2 6 9 64887	
<u>8</u>	<u>3</u>	5393	5393	
8·0 7069	4 6 2·08745	1079	1	
	<u>1·0 0 032004</u>			
	4 6 2 08745			
	13863	2 6 9·71360		
	924	<u>1·0 0 000600</u>		
	2	2 6 9 71360		
	4 6 2·23534	162		
	<u>1·0 0 000800</u>	2 6 9·71522		
	4 6 2 23534			
	370			
	<u>4 6 2·23904</u>			



-29	0565	(1.5	-29	057	-	29056	5
	0 x	1 = .....0(1.02		0.....0(1.0004	-	406231.....0	
	0 x	2 = 0	-	22	0	22	290779 - 45
	0 x	3 = 0	-	27	0	26	971522 - 81
	0 x	4 = 0		46	0	46	223904 185
	0 x	5 = 0		1	0		807069 4
	0 x	6 = 0	-	10	0	-	10 134579 - 61
	2 x	7 = 1		190	1	190	973844 1337
-	1 x	8 = - 1	-	69	- 1	-	69 568450 - 557
-	9 x	9 = - 8	- 1	135	- 10	-	1139 473438 - 10255
	7 x	10 = 7		918	9		922 342380 9223
	0 x	11 = 0	-	57	- 1	-	57 737205 - 635
- 1	1 x	12 = - 13	- 1	467	- 18	-	1475 919113 - 17711
	1 x	13 = 1		163	2		164 298813 1643
	5 9 x	{ 10 = 59					493
		{ 4 = 24	8	419	84	8475	745976 84757
	2 9 x	{ 10 = 29			34		33903
		{ 5 = 15	4	319	43	4350	662382 43507
-	2 0 x	{ 10 = - 20			22		21753
		{ 6 = - 12	- 3	076	- 31	-	3099 852143 - 30999
-	8 4 x	{ 10 = - 84			- 18		18599
		{ 7 = - 59	- 12	982	- 130	-	13088 712153 - 130887
	10 6 x	{ 10 = 106			- 91		91621
		{ 8 = 85	16	926	169	17072	974542 170730
-	24 6 x	{ 10 = - 246			135		136584
		{ 9 = - 221	- 40	163	- 402	-	40532 032336 - 405320
	33 9 x	{ 20 = 678			- 361		364788
-	11 9	341	56	805	1136	57355	395498 1147108
			-	278	572	29938)	173541 579668
							115934
-29	06	0.....0(1.006	-290	565			57607
-	2	0	-	41.....0(1.00008			52170
-	3	0	-	2229	0(1.000002		5437
	5	0	-	2696	- 1		5217
	0	0		4621	2		220
-	1	0		81	0		174
	18	1	-	1013	- 1		46
-	7	- 1	1	9086	13		46
- 1	08	- 10	-	6952	- 6		
	86	9	- 11	3863	- 102		
-	5	- 1	9	2159	92		
- 1	37	- 16	-	5769	- 6		
	15	2	- 14	7447	- 177		
	7 74	77	1	6412	16		
		31			5		
	3 95	40	84	6602	847	1.00000029938	.000002
		20			339	1.00000229938	.000008
-	2 80	- 28	43	4531	435	1.00008229956	.0004
		- 17			217	1.00048233248	.006
- 11	73	- 117	- 30	9579	- 310	1.00648522647	.02
		82			- 186	1.02661493100	.5
	15 20	152	- 130	7048	- 1307	1.5399223965 = x.	
		122			- 915		
-	35 85	- 359	170	4779	1705		
		- 323			1364		
	50 40	1008	- 404	6894	- 4047		
-	3 54	508			- 3642		
			572	6141	11452		
			-	4769	5787		
				4630			
				139			
				116			



1.5	1.006	1.00008
2.25	1.012036	1.000160
3.375	1.01810821	1.000240
5.0625	1.02421686	1.000320
7.59375	1.03036216	1.000400
11.390625	1.03654433	1.000480
17.0859375	1.04276360	1.000560
25.62890625	1.04902018	1.000640
38.44335937	1.05531430	1.000720
57.66503906	1.06164619	1.000800
86.49755859	1.06801607	1.000880
129.74633789	1.07442416	1.000960
194.61950684	1.08087071	1.001040
291.92926026	1.08735593	1.001120
437.89389039	1.09388007	1.001200
656.84083558	1.10044335	1.001280
985.26125337	1.10704601	1.001360
1477.89188006	1.11368828	1.001440
2216.83782010	1.12037041	1.001520
3325.25673015	1.12709264	1.001601
1.02	1.0004	1.00000
1.0404	1.0008001	1.00000
1.061208	1.0012004	1.00000
1.08243216	1.0016009	1.00000
1.104080803	1.0020016	1.00001
1.126162419	1.0024024	1.00001
1.148685667	1.0028033	1.00001
1.171659381	1.0032044	1.00001
1.195092568	1.0036057	1.00001
1.218994419	1.0040072	1.00002
1.243374308	1.0044088	1.00002
1.268241794	1.0048105	1.00002
1.293606630	1.0052124	1.00002
1.319478763	1.0056145	1.00002
1.345868338	1.0060168	1.00003
1.372785705	1.0064192	1.00003
1.400241419	1.0068218	1.00003
1.428246247	1.0072245	1.00003
1.456811172	1.0076274	1.00003
1.485947395	1.0080304	1.00004

*Example 7.* Given  $1379664 x^{622} + 2686034 \cdot 10^{432} x^{153} - 17290224 \cdot 10^{518} x^{60} + 2524156 \cdot 10^{574} = 0$ , to find  $x$ .

The solution of this equation also extends over the six following pages, of which four are occupied by the computation of  $8^{622}$ ,  $8^{153}$ , and  $8^{60}$ , of  $1.04^{622}$ ,  $1.04^{153}$ , and  $1.04^{60}$ , &c.; these powers are all calculated in the same manner, except that  $1.0000024^{15}$  is obtained by multiplying  $1.0000024^7$  and  $1.0000024^8$  together.

We have not thought it necessary to compute  $F_1(1)$ ,  $F'_1(1)$ ,  $F_2(1)$ , and  $F'_2(1)$ , because it is evident at a glance that  $-\frac{F_1(1)}{F'_1(1)}$  will give no approximation to the value of  $r_1$ , nor  $-\frac{F_2(1)}{F'_2(1)}$  to that of  $r_2$ .



6 3646232016 × 10 <sup>569</sup>	3 4624848107 × 10 <sup>569</sup>	3 7597927192 × 10 <sup>570</sup>	2 524	-235(1-0006
1-545845764	1-113003851	1-0428791555	-3 921	39
6 36462320	3 46248481	3 759792719	385	19
3 18231160	34624848	150391709		1
25458493	3462485	7519585		590
3182312	1038745	3007834	984	20
190939	1039	263185	28	2
25458	277	33838		436
3182	17	376		
446	3 85375892 × 10 <sup>571</sup>	188	2 52416	
38	1-009221988	19	-3 93515	-236(1-0000024
3	3 85375892	2	38893	39
9 83554351 × 10 <sup>571</sup>	3468383	3 921009455 × 10 <sup>571</sup>		19
1-038023974	77075	1-0036063794		1
9 83554351	7708	3 921009455	1 02095	613
29506631	385	11763028	-111	20
7868435	347	2352606	92	2
19671	31	23526	19	458
2951	3	1176	18	
885	3 88929824	274		
69	1-000367267	35		
4	3 88929824	2		
1 020952997	116679	3 935150102	252 4156000	-23614
1-001493913	23336	1-0001440102	-393 5716804	3891
1 020952997	2723	3 935150102	38 9072666	1945
1020953	78	398315		117
408381	23	157406	102 2478212	61349
91886	3	15741	-9926	2045
3063	3 89072666	39	2161	204
919		1	9187	45937
10			739	
3			459	
1 022478212			280	
			275	
			5	5
			5	5

1-0000|0|070 2 1 61|0000024  
 1-0000 0 2|4 2 1 61|00006  
 1-0000 6 2 4|2 1 76|00007  
 1-0007 6 2 4 6|5 45|005  
 1-0057 6 6 2 7 7|78|04  
 1-0459 6 6 2 8 8|8|8  
 8-3679 7 5 4 3 1=x.

8	$8^{75} = 539198933343026 \times 10^{53}$	1·0 4
64	$8^{76} = 431359146674421 \times 10^{54}$	1·0 816
512	$8^{77} = 345087317339537 \times 10^{55}$	1·1 24864
4096	<u>129407744002326</u>	1·1 6985856
32768	17254365866977	1·2 166529024
262144	2156795733372	1·2 65319018496
2097152	34508731734	1·3 1593177923584
16777216	3019514027	1·3 6856905040527
134217728	129407744	1·4 2331181242148
1073741824	4313591	1·4 8024428491834
8589934592	3019514	1·5 3945405631507
68719476736	129408	1·6 0103221856767
549755813888	12941	1·6 6507350731038
4398046511104	3882	1·7 3167644760280
$8^{15} = 35184372088832$	216	1·8 0094350550691
<u>35184372088832</u>	13	1·8 0094350550691
105553116266496	3	1 8 0094350550691
17592186044416	$8^{153} = 148856570735748 \times 10^{124}$	1 4 4075480440553
351843720888	$8^{154} = 119085256588598 \times 10^{125}$	162084915496
281474976711	$8^{155} = 95268205270878 \times 10^{126}$	7203774022
14073748836	$8^{156} = 76214564216702 \times 10^{127}$	540283052
1055531163	<u>6668774368961</u>	90047175
246290605	571609231625	900472
7036874	19053641054	90047
281475	952682053	1080
28147	381072821	162
2815	47634103	2
106	5716092	
7	381073	3·2 4339751002752
$8^{30} = 123794003928539 \times 10^{13}$	19054	3·2 4339751002752
<u>123794003928539</u>	953	9 7 3019253008256
123794003928539	572	6 4867950200550
24758800785708	67	1 2973590040110
3713820117856	$8^{311} = 7260824748428 \times 10^{268}$	97301925308
866558027500	<u>7260824748428</u>	97301925301
111414603536	508257732390	29190577590
4951760157	14521649497	2270378257
3713820	4356494849	162169876
1114146	58086598	3243398
24759	1452165	6487
9904	290433	2270
619	50826	162
37	2904	6
11	581	1 0·51962740805271
$8^{60} = 153249554086592 \times 10^{40}$	29	1·8 0094350550691
$8^{15} = 35184372088832$	1	1 0 5196274080527
<u>459748662259776</u>	1	8 4157019264422
76624777043296	$8^{622} = 527195760274 \times 10^{550}$	94676646672
1532495540866		4207850963
1225996432693		315588822
61299821635		52598137
4597486623		52598
1072746879		52598
30649911		631
1225996		95
122600		1
12260		1 8·9452546608849
460		
31		
$8^{75} = 539198933343026 \times 10^{53}$		



18·9 452 54660 8 8 49	1·005	1·4 536325249 9 547
19·7 030 64847 3 2 03	1·010025	1·4 609006876 2 045
20·4 911 87441 2 1 31	1·015075125	1·4 682051910 5 855
39 4 061 29694 6 4 1	1·02015050062 5	1 4 609006876 2 05
7 881 22593 8 9 3	1·02525125312 813	5 843602750 4 82
1 773 27583 6 2 6	1·03037750939 377	876540412 5 72
19 70306 4 8 5	1·03552939694 074	116872055 0 10
1 97030 6 4 8	1·04070704392 544	2921801 3 75
1 57624 5 1 9	1·04591057914 507	73045 0 34
13792 1 4 5	1·05114013204 080	1460 9 01
788 1 2 3	1·05639583270 100	1314 8 11
78 8 1 2	1·06167781186 450	14 6 09
1 9 7 0	1·06698620092 382	7 30
3 9 4	1·07232113192 844	1 17
2 0	1·07768273758 808	7
6	1·07768273758 808	1
40 3·739 19495 2 8 2	1 07768273758 808	2·1 449019731 8 54
41 9·888 76275 0 9 3	7543779163 117	2·1 556264830 5 13
43 6·684 31326 0 9 7	754377916 312	2·1 664046154 6 66
45 4·151 68579 1 4 1	64660964 255	2·1 772366385 4 39
17 4 673 72530 4 4	8621461 901	4 3 328092309 3 3
2 1 834 21566 3 0	215536 548	2 166404615 4 7
1 746 73725 3 0	75437 792	1 516483230 8 3
43 66843 1 3	3233 048	151648323 0 8
21 83421 5 7	754 378	4332809 2 3
43668 4 3	53 884	649921 3 8
26201 0 6	8 621	129984 2 8
3493 4 7	862	12998 4 3
218 3 4	9	649 9 2
30 5 7	1·16140008289 535	173 3 1
3 9 3	1·16140008289 535	10 8 3
4	1 16140008289 535	8 7
2	11614000828 954	6
19 8 320·91702 6 0	6968400497 372	2
19 8 320·91702 6 0	116140008 290	4·7 167755027 0 4
19 8 320 91702 6	46456003 316	4·7 167755027 0 4
17 8 488 82532 3	9291 200	1 8 867102010 8
1 5 865 67336 2	232 280	3 301742851 9
594 96275 1	92 912	47167755 0
39 66418 3	10 453	28300653 0
1 78488 8	581	3301742 9
1983 2	35	330174 3
1388 2	6	23583 9
4 0	1·34885015254 934	2358 4
1 2	1·07768273758 808	9 4
39 3 311 86129·9	1 34885015254 934	3 3
	9441951067 845	2 2·247971142 9
	944195106 784	
	80931009 153	
	10790801 220	
	269770 031	
	94419 511	
	4046 550	
	944 195	
	67 443	
	10 791	
	1 079	
	11	
	1·45363252499 547	

1·0007	1·05388320 5 8295	1·00006
1·00140049	1·05462092 4 0736	1·0001200 036
1·002101470 343	1·05535915 8 7204	1·0001800 10800
1·002802941 3722	1 05462092 4 074	1·0002400 21600
1·003504903 4312	5273104 6 204	1·0003000 36001
1·004207356 8636	527310 4 620	1·0003600 54003
1·004910302 0134	31638 6 277	1·0004200 75606
1·005613739 2248	5273 1 046	1·0004801 00811
1·006317668 8423	949 1 588	1·0005401 29617
1·007022091 2105	10 5 462	1·0006001 62025
1·007727006 6743	5 2 731	1·0006601 98035
1·008432415 5790	8 437	1·0007202 37647
1·009138318 2699	738	1·0007802 80861
1·009844715 0927	21	1·0008403 27678
1·010551606 3933	1·11300385 1 198	1·0009003 78098
1·010551606 3933	1·11378295 3 894	1·0009003 78098
1·010551606 3933	1·11456260 1 962	1 0009003 78098
10105516 0639	1·11534279 5 783	9008 10340
505275 8032	1 11456260 1 96	3 00270
50527 5803	11145626 0 20	70063
1010 5516	1114562 6 02	8007
606 3310	557281 3 01	90
6 0633	33436 8 78	8
3032	4458 2 50	1·0018015 66876
909	222 9 13	1·0018015 66876
30	78 0 19	1 0018015 66876
3	10 0 31	10018 01567
1·021214549 1840	5 57	8014 41254
1·021214549 1840	78	10 01802
1 021214549 1840	9	5 00901
20424290 9837	1·24311936 8 54	60108
1021214 5492	1·24311936 8 54	6011
204242 9098	1 24311936 8 5	801
10212 1455	24862387 3 7	70
4084 8582	4972477 4 7	6
510 6073	372935 8 1	1·0036063 79396
40 8486	12431 1 9	1·0009003 78098
9 1909	1243 1 2	1 0036063 79396
1021	1118 8 1	9032 45741
817	37 2 9	3 01082
41	7 4 6	70252
1·042879155 4651	9 9	8029
1·010551606 3933	6	90
1·042879155 4651	1·54534576 4 2	8
10428791 5547	1·0045100 04598	1·0045100 04598
521439 5777	1·0045702 75198	1·0045702 75198
52143 9578	1·0046305 49415	1·0046305 49415
1042 8792	1 0045702 7520	1 0045702 7520
625 7275	40182 8110	40182 8110
6 2573	6027 4217	6027 4217
3129	301 3711	301 3711
939	5 0229	5 0229
31	4018	4018
3	904	904
1·053883205 8295	40	40
	1	1
	1	1
	1·0092219 8751	1·0092219 8751

1·009221 98751	1·00000 2 4	1·0001 8 4816865
1·009282 54083	2 000005	1·0001 8 2416427
1·009343 09778	4 000001	1 0001 8 481687
1·009403 65837	1·00000 4 800006	1 0 001848
1 009343 0978	2 000010	8 001479
9084 0879	4 000002	200037
403 7372	1·00000 7 200018	40007
3 0280	2 000014	1643
6056	4 000003	1·0003 6 726701
505	1·00000 9 600035	200073
81	2 000019	40015
3	4 000004	1·0003 6 966789
1	1·00001 2 000058	200074
1·018834 6155	2 000024	40015
1·018834 6155	4 000005	1·0003 7 206878
1 018834 616	1·00001 4 400087	200074
10188 346	2 000029	40015
8150 677	4 000006	1·0003 7 446967
815 068	1·00001 6 800122	1·0003 7 206878
30 565	2 000034	1 0003 7 44697
4 075	4 000007	3 0 01123
611	1·00001 9 200163	7 00262
10	1·00001 6 800122	20007
5	1 00001 9 200163	688
1	1 0 000192	1·0007 4 66777
1·038023 974	6 000115	1·0007 4 66777
	800015	1 0007 4 6678
	122	7 0 0523
	1·00003 6 000607	4 0030
	1·00003 6 000607	6004
	1 00003 6 000607	678
	3 0 001080	1·0014 9 3913
	6 000216	
	607	
	1·00007 2 002510	
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14. We shall, in conclusion, advert to a method of computing the powers of  $1+r_1$ ,  $1+r_2$ , &c., although it may not, perhaps, be of much importance.

By the binomial theorem,

$$(1+r_p)^m = 1 + m \cdot r_p + m \cdot \frac{m-1}{2} r_p^2 + \&c.$$

Now when  $r_p$  is very small a few of the leading terms of this expansion will generally give the value of  $(1+r_p)^m$  to that number of decimals which we require, and the computation of these will be very easy, for suppose we can foresee that a certain number of terms, say four, will be sufficient, then we shall have

$$(1+r_p)^m = 1 + m \cdot r_p + m \cdot \frac{m-1}{2} r_p^2 + m \cdot \frac{m-1}{2} \cdot \frac{m-2}{3} \cdot r_p^3,$$

$$\text{which put} = 1 + A r_p + B r_p^2 + C r_p^3,$$

which we compute thus, multiply C by  $r_p$ , and add B to the product, multiply this sum by  $r_p$ , and add A to the product, multiply once more by  $r_p$ , and add unity to the product, we shall thus evidently obtain  $1 + A r_p + B r_p^2 + C r_p^3$  or  $(1+r_p)^m$ . Should it take a greater number of terms to give the value of  $(1+r_p)^m$  to the extent which we require, we must proceed in precisely the same way.

To exemplify this method, let Example V., that is  $x^{11}=100000$ , be re-proposed, the root to be found to about twenty places of decimals.

We shall effect the first transformation according to Art. 2, the four next according to Art. 4, and the remaining two according to Art. 13.

In this example we have  $(1+r_p)^m = (1+r_p)^{11} = 1 + 11 r_p + 55 \cdot r_p^2 + 165 r_p^3 + 330 r_p^4 + \&c.$  We shall hence easily obtain  $1 \cdot 000004^{11} = 1 + \cdot 00011 \times \cdot 4 + \cdot 0000000055 \times \cdot 4^2 + \cdot 000000000000165 \times \cdot 4^3 + \cdot 000000000000000033 \times \cdot 4^4$ , and  $1 \cdot 00000022916^{11} = 1 + \cdot 000011 \times \cdot 22916 + \cdot 000000000055 \times \cdot 22916^2 + \cdot 00000000000000165 \times \cdot 22916^3$ .



1	9 9907·394356320750	80966
2	9 9915·386947869256	46972
4	9 9923·380178825086	01024
8	9 9931·374049239392	01712
16	9 9939·368559163331	16848
32	9 9947·363708648064	23497
64	9 9955·359497744756	08011
128	9 9963·355926504575	66060
256	9 9971·352994978696	02665
512	9 9979·350703218294	32233
1024	9 9987·349051274551	78588
2048	9 9995·348039198653	75002
2867·2	1·0000 440008800105	600845
4014·08	9 9995 348039198653	75002
5619·712	3 999813921567	94615
7867·5968	399981392156	79462
11014·63552	79996278	43136
15420·489728	7999627	84314
21588·6856192	999	95348
30224·15986688	49	99767
42313·823813632	5	99972
59239·3533390848		800
82935·09467471872		40
83764·4456214659072		5
84602·09007768056627 2	9 9999·747922509340	72461
85448·11097845737193 4 72	1·0000 025207628882	887937
86302·59208824194565 4 07	9 9999 747922509340	72461
87165·61800912436511 0 61	199999495845	01868
88037·27418921560876 1 72	49999873961	25467
88917·64693110776484 9 34	1999994958	45019
89806·82340041884249 7 83	69999823	54576
90704·89163442303092 2 81	5999984	87535
91611·94055076726123 2 04	199999	49585
92528·05995627493384 4 36	79999	79834
93175·75637596885838 1 27	7999	97983
93827·98667060064038 9 94	799	99798
94484·78257729484487 2 67	19	99995
95146·17605533590878 6 78	7	99998
95812·19928772326014 8 29		80000
96482·88468273732296 9 33		7000
97158·26487551648423 0 12		900
97838·37272964509961 9 73		30
98523·24133875261531 7 07		7
99212·90402812388362 4 29		
99907·39435632075080 9 66	9 9999·999998162742	02056

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2	22(1·4		·00000000000016500132
- 9 8			·000000005500066000528
			·000110002200026400211 2
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8 3			
- 1 7			·000000000000000165
			33
-10,00	102(1·007		33
9 25			1485
- 75			165
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-10 0000	110(1·00008		550000000000
9 9907			·0000000000550000378114
-93			110000075623
			11000007562
-10 00000	110(1·000004		4950003403
9 99953			55000038
-47			33000023
			110000000000000000
- 10 0000	1099997(1·00000022916		·0000110000126038086649
9 9999·747923			22000025207617330
-·252077			2200002520761733
219999			990001134342780
11  32078			11000012603809
2916			6600007562285
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		90000000000150	
		1000000000002	
		600000000001	
		1·0000002291616702349095	·000004
		1·0000042291625868815904	·00008
		1·0000842295009198885409	·007
		1·0070848191074263277607	·01
		1·0171556672985005910383	·4
		1·4240179342179008274536	
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