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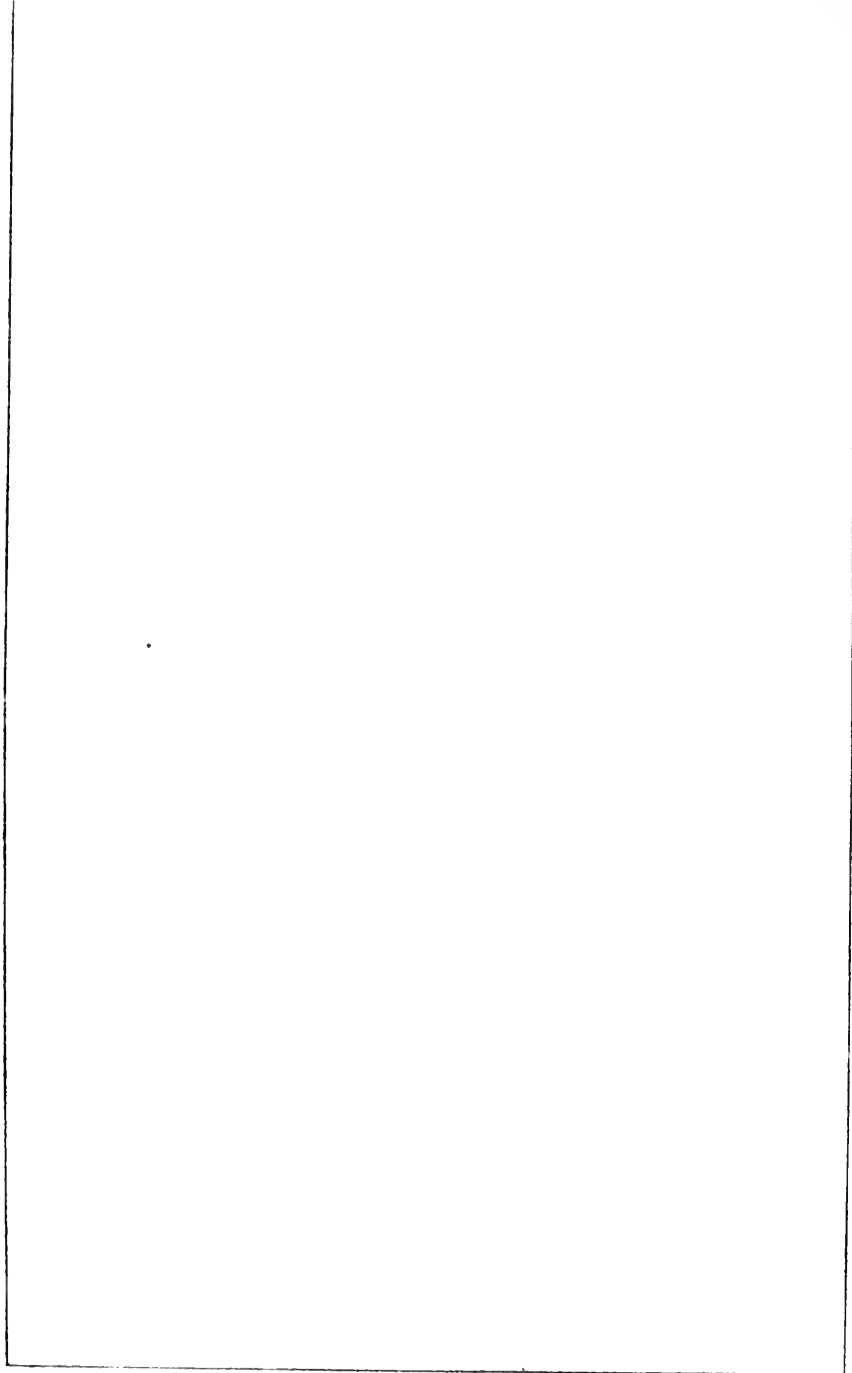
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THE  
NEW TESTAMENT:

TRANSLATED FROM

THE SYRIAC PESHITO VERSION.

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Ja's Murdock,

New-Haven, Conn. Apr. 1851.

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THE  
NEW TESTAMENT;

OR,

THE BOOK OF THE HOLY GOSPEL

OF OUR LORD AND OUR GOD,

JESUS THE MESSIAH.

A Literal Translation from the Syriac Peshito Version.

BY JAMES MURDOCK, D. D.

NEW YORK:

PUBLISHED BY STANFORD AND SWORDS,

NO. 137 BROADWAY.

1851.

Entered, according to Act of Congress, in the year One Thousand  
Eight Hundred and Fifty-one,

BY JAMES MURDOCK, D. D.,

In the Clerk's Office of the District Court of the United States for the District of Connecticut.

Printed by  
BILLEN & BROTHERS,  
100 N. STATE ST., NEW YORK.  
—  
MCGOWN, CLINTON AND BOWEN,  
NEW YORK.

## P R E F A C E .



To extend his own long cherished but scanty knowledge of the Syriac language, the writer commenced reading the Peshito Syriac New Testament in January, 1845, and at every step he found increasing delight. The artless simplicity, directness, and transparency of the style,—the propriety and beauty of the conceptions of Christ and his followers, as expressed in a Shemitish dialect very nearly identical with their vernacular tongue,—the pleasing thought that the words were, probably, in great part, the very terms which the Saviour and his Apostles actually uttered in their discourses and conversations,—and especially the full comprehension which the Syriac translator seemed to have of the force and meaning of the inspired original, served to chain attention and hold the mind spell-bound to the book. Such exquisite pleasure the writer longed to have others share with him; but as few persons, even among the clergy, have either leisure or facilities for acquiring the Syriac language, he soon came to the conclusion, that he could do nothing better than first read the book carefully through, and then give a literal and exact translation of it. Accordingly he furnished himself with several of the best editions of the book, and the best Syriac Lexicons and Grammars, and commenced his translation early in August, 1845, and completed it on the 16th of June, 1846. This is briefly the history of the work here presented to the public.

The Syriac text followed in the first part of this translation, was that of the beautiful edition printed by the British and Foreign Bible Society, London, 1816, 4to., which was prepared for the press, as far as the Acts of the Apostles, by the late Rev. Claudius Buchanan, D.D., Author of "Christian Researches," "Star in the East," &c., and the remainder by the Rev. Samuel Lee, D.D., Professor of Arabic in the University of Cambridge, England. The latter part of the translation was made from the second edition of the same Bible Society, London, 1826, 4to.; but the text of Leusden and Schaaf's edition, Leyden, 1717, was everywhere consulted, and much use was made of their Latin translation of it. The pocket edition of Gutbir, Hamburg, 1664, 12mo., was also generally consulted. The Lexicons constantly used throughout, were the *Lexicon Syriacum Concordantiale in Nov. Testamentum* of Charles Schaaf, Leyden, 1717, 4to.; the *Lexicon Syriacum* of Edmund Castell, revised and enlarged by J. D. Michaelis, Göttingen, 1788, 4to.; and the small *Lexicon Syriacum in Nov. Testamentum* of Giles Gutbir, bound up with his Syriac New Testament. The Grammars relied upon were, the elaborate *Grammaticæ Syriacæ Libri iii.* of Andr. Theoph. Hoffmann, Philos. et Theol. Doctor, Halle, 1827, 4to.; and the *Elementarlehre der syrischen Sprache*, by Prof. Fred. Uhlemann, Berlin, 1829, 8vo.

In this translation, the Books of the New Testament are divided into Paragraphs, according to the sense; just as in Campbell's translation of the Four Gospels, and in the Greek Testaments of Bengel, Griesbach, Knapp, and others. The common divisions into Chapters and Verses are noted in the margin, and the Verses are also put in parentheses in the middle of the lines. For the benefit of those who have some knowledge of the Syriac language, the more important words are frequently placed in the side margin, with references to the corresponding words in the translation. Deviations of the Syriac text from the Greek, and also the susceptibilities of the Syriac words, or phrases, of a different rendering from that

in the text, are likewise indicated in the side margin. The foot margin is reserved for occasional comments and critical observations.

The principles adopted in this translation, were :

(1) To translate, as literally as possible, in consistence with idiomatic and perspicuous English.

(2) To use Saxon phraseology in preference to Latin, as better according with the spirit of the Peshito original.

(3) To adopt the obsolescent and solemn style of the English Bible, e. g. *thou speakest, he speaketh, ye speak*, instead of *you speak, he speaks, &c.*, as more seemly for this holy Book.

(4) To write the proper names of persons and places, which are mentioned in the Old Testament, as they are written in our English Old Testament; and those which occur only in the New Testament, as they are written in our English New Testament. This is the rule adopted by Dr. Campbell in his translation of the Four Gospels. Yet **ܡܫܝܗܐ** (*Meshihha*) has been translated *Messiah*, and not *Christ*; and **ܫܡܥܘܢ** (*Shemun*) has been translated *Simon*, and not *Peter*.

(5) In general, to avoid using technical theological terms, when good substitutes could be found, in order to call away attention from the *word* to the *thing*: thus **ܟܠܝܒܐ** (an *Apostle*) is rendered *Legate*; and **ܟܠܝܒܐ** (*Saviour*) is rendered *Vivifier*, as being more literal, for the verb **ܒܘܥ** (especially in the Conjug. Aphel, **ܒܘܥ**) properly signifies *to make alive, to vivify*; and its derivatives **ܒܘܥܝܢ** and **ܟܠܝܒܐ** properly signify *life, and life-giver, or vivifier*. These are the usual terms of the Syriac version, denoting that *salvation* which Christ bestows on fallen men, who are represented as “*dead in trespasses and sin.*” The terms **ܟܠܝܒܐ** (*liberator, deliverer*) and **ܟܠܝܒܐ** (*deliverance*) are indeed sometimes used of this *salvation*, but less frequently.—Yet there is one family of Syriac technicals, which have been rendered by the English technicals for the same ideas, to the neglect of their primary meaning. They are **ܟܠܝܒܐ**,

(properly, intransitive, *to stand up, to stand firm.*) which is translated, *to be baptized*:—**أَقَامَ** (literally, transitive, *to cause another to stand, to establish*), translated, *to baptize*:—**مُؤَقِّمٌ** (an *establisher, one who makes others to stand*), translated, *a baptizer*:—and **مُؤَقِّمَةٌ** (a *standing up*), translated, *baptism*.

(6) To translate idiomatic phrases not fully naturalized in the English language, by equivalent English phrases, and not to transfer them in their foreign costume. Thus, **أَقَامَ** (*a feeder on detraction*), an epithet of *Satan*, is translated a *calumniator*:—**رَبُّ عَدَاوَةٍ** (*lord of enmity*) is translated *an enemy*:—**رَبُّ بَيْتٍ** (*major-domus*) is rendered, *a steward*:—**رَبُّ بَيْتِ الدَّارِ** (*mastership of the house*) is rendered *stewardship*:—**أَقَامَ وَجْهَهُ** (*accepting faces*) is rendered, *having respect of persons, or partiality*:—**أَقَامَ وَجْهَهُ** (*assumers of faces*) is rendered *hypocrites*:—**أَقَامَ نَفْسَهُ** (*telling out breath*), *apologizing, or defending one's self*: and **أَقَامَ نَفْسَهُ** (*holding the breath*), *being patient, or long suffering*:—**أَقَامَ فِي السَّمَاءِ** (*living away from roofs, roaming in fields*) are *lunatics*. So also many compounds of **بَنِي**, a *son*, and of **بَيْتٍ**, a *house or home*, are paraphrased; e. g. *son of his city*, rendered, *his fellow-citizen*:—*son of my yoke*, rendered, *my yoke-fellow, or colleague*:—*son of forty years*, rendered, *forty years old*:—*son of their trade*, rendered, *one of their occupation*:—*son of a man*, rendered, *a man*:—*sons of men*, rendered *men*; &c. And *house of the prisoners*, translated, *a prison*:—*house (home) of the dead*, translated, *a grave, or sepulchre*:—*house of gatherings*, translated, *a garner, or store-house*:—*house of the publicans*, translated, *a custom house*:—*house (home) of olives*, translated, *an olive yard*:—*house (home) of the eyes*, translated, *the forehead*; &c.

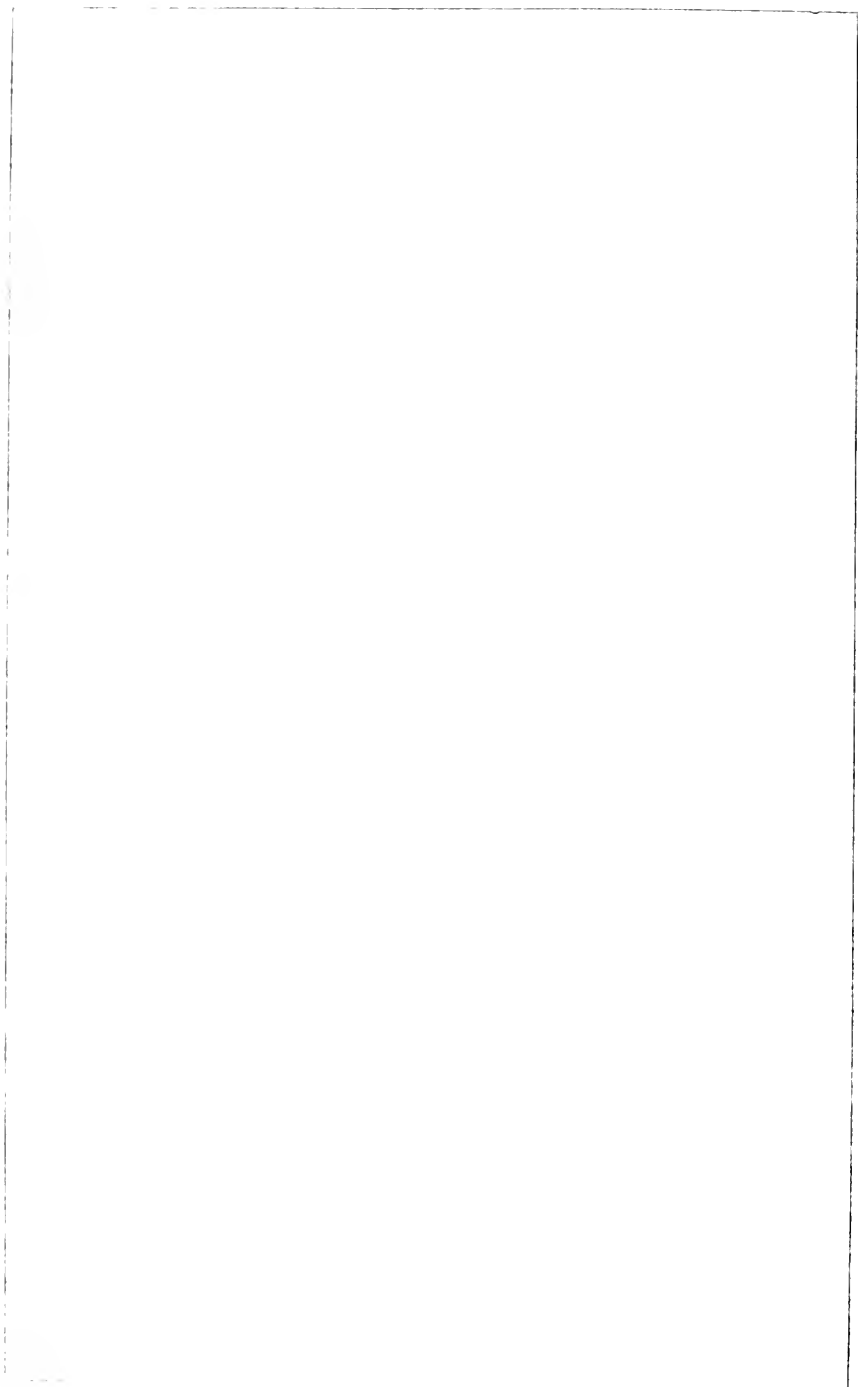
When the translator had finished his work, he supposed that he had produced the only English translation of the New Testament ever made from the Peshito; but after about three months, the London press issued a book, entitled, "A Literal Translation of the Four Gospels from the



Peshito, by J. W. Etheridge;" and announced, as in preparation, by the same author, "The Apostolical Acts and Epistles, from the Peshito." The Gospels of Mr. Etheridge were speedily procured; but, on comparing them with this version, the plan and aims of Mr. Etheridge were found to be so diverse from his own, that the translator had no hesitation in going forward with his work. Accordingly, he continued to revise and correct it; and, for the sake of improving it, as he found opportunity, he pursued the study of the Syriac language and literature, for more than four years. The result he now presents to the Christian public, hoping it may prove both interesting and useful to all such as are anxious to perfect themselves in the knowledge of the holy Scriptures of the New Testament.

JAMES MURDOCK.

NEW-HAVEN, *July 23*, 1851.



⁂ انبئكم صريعا صريعا ١٢٠١٥ : صلوات عليكم ⁂

## The Holy Gospel, the Announcement of Matthew the Legate.

- I. THE book of the nativity<sup>a</sup> of Jesus the Messiah, the son of David, son of Abraham.
- 2 Abraham begat Isaac: Isaac begat Jacob: Jacob  
3 begat Judah and his brothers: (3) Judah begat  
Pharez and Zara of Tamar: Pharez begat Hezron:  
4 Hezron begat Ram: (4) Ram begat Aminadab:  
Aminadab begat Nahshon: Nahshon begat Sal-  
5 mon: (5) Salmon begat Boaz of Rahab: Boaz  
6 begat Obed of Ruth: Obed begat Jesse: (6) Jesse  
begat David the king: David begat Solomon of  
7 the wife of Uriah: (7) Solomon begat Rehoboam:  
8 Rehoboam begat Abia: Abia begat Asa: (8) Asa  
begat Jehoshaphat: Jehoshaphat begat Joram:  
9 Joram begat Uzziah: (9) Uzziah begat Jotham:  
10 Jotham begat Ahaz: Ahaz begat Hezekiah: (10)  
Hezekiah begat Manasseh: Manasseh begat Amon:  
11 Amon begat Josiah: (11) Josiah begat Jeconiah  
and his brothers, in the captivity of Babylon.<sup>b</sup>  
12 (12) And after the captivity of Babylon, Jeconiah  
13 begat Salathiel: Salathiel begat Zerubbabel: (13)  
Zerubbabel begat Abiud: Abiud begat Eliakim:  
14 Eliakim begat Azor: (14) Azor begat Zadok:  
15 Zadok begat Achim: Achim begat Eliud: (15)  
Eliud begat Eleazar: Eleazar begat Matthan:  
16 Matthan begat Jacob: (16) Jacob begat Joseph,  
the husband of Mary, of whom was born Jesus  
17 who is called the Messiah.<sup>c</sup> (17) All the genera-  
tions, therefore, are, from Abraham to David  
fourteen generations, and from David to the cap-  
tivity of Babylon fourteen generations, and from  
the captivity of Babylon to the Messiah fourteen  
generations.

<sup>a</sup> Sy.

كلمة ١٢٠

<sup>b</sup> Sy. صلا

<sup>c</sup> Sy. مسمى ١٢٠

And the birth of Jesus the Messiah was thus. 18  
 While his mother Mary was betrothed to Joseph,  
 before they had cohabited, she was found to be  
 with child by the Holy Spirit. (19) And Joseph 19  
 her husband was a righteous<sup>d</sup> man, and unwilling  
 to expose her: and he thought of putting her  
 away privately. (20) And while he contemplated 20  
 these things, an angel of the Lord appeared to him  
 in a dream, and said to him: Joseph, son of  
 David, fear not to take Mary thy wife; for that  
 which is conceived in her, is from the Holy Spirit:  
 (21) and she will bear a son; and thou shalt call 21  
 his name Jesus,<sup>e</sup> for he will resuscitate<sup>f</sup> his people  
 from their sins. (22) Now all this that occurred, 22  
 was to fulfill what was spoken of the Lord by the  
 prophet: (23) Behold, a virgin will conceive, and 23  
 will bear a son, and thou shalt call his name  
 Emmanuel,<sup>g</sup> which is interpreted, Our God with  
 us. (24) And when Joseph rose from his sleep, 24  
 he did as the angel of the Lord commanded him,  
 and took his wife. (25) And he knew her not, 25  
 until she had borne her firstborn son, and called  
 his name Jesus.

<sup>a</sup> Sy. ܩܘܿܬܐ ܩܘܿܬܐ

<sup>c</sup> Sy. ܩܘܿܬܐ  
 root ܩܘܿܬܐ,  
 Hiph. ܩܘܿܬܐ,  
*salvavit.*

<sup>f</sup> Sy. ܩܘܿܬܐ  
 Gr. σωσται.

<sup>g</sup> Sy. ܩܘܿܬܐ

Now when Jesus was born in Bethlehem of II.  
 Judaea, in the days of Herod<sup>a</sup> the king, there came  
 Magi<sup>b</sup> from the east unto Jerusalem, (2) saying: 2  
 Where is the king of the Jews that is born? For  
 we have seen his star in the east, and have come 3  
 to worship him. (3) And Herod the king heard,  
 and he was disturbed; and all Jerusalem with 4  
 him. (4) And he assembled all the chiefs of the 4  
 priests<sup>c</sup> and the scribes of the people, and inquired  
 of them, Where is the birthplace of the Messiah?  
 (5) And they said: In Bethlehem of Judaea; for 5  
 thus it is written in the prophet: (6) Thou also, 6  
 Bethlehem of Judaea, art not the little among the  
 kings of Judaea, for a king shall come from thee  
 who shall rule<sup>d</sup> my people Israel. (7) Then Herod 7  
 privately called the Magi, and learned from them  
 at what time the star appeared to them. (8) And 8  
 he sent them to Bethlehem, and said to them, Go,  
 search diligently for the child; and when ye have  
 found him, come and tell me, that I also may go  
 and worship him. (9) And they, when they had 9  
 heard from the king, went forward: and lo, the

<sup>a</sup> Sy. ܩܘܿܬܐ

<sup>b</sup> Sy. ܩܘܿܬܐ


<sup>c</sup> Sy. ܩܘܿܬܐ


<sup>d</sup> or, be shepherd  
 of.


star they had seen in the east went before them, until it came and stood over where the child was.

10 (10) And when they saw the star, they rejoiced  
 11 much, with great joy. (11) And they entered the house; and they saw the child, with Mary his mother; and they fell down and worshipped him: and they opened their treasures, and presented to  
 12 him gifts, gold, and myrrh, and frankincense. (12) And it was shown them in a dream, that they should not return to Herod. And by another way, they returned to their country.

13 And when they were gone, an angel of the Lord appeared to Joseph in a dream, and said to him, Arise, take the child and his mother, and flee into Egypt; and be thou there, until I tell thee: for  
 14 Herod will seek for the child, to destroy it. (14) Then Joseph arose, took the child and his mother,  
 15 by night, and fled to Egypt. (15) And he was there, until the death of Herod; that so might be fulfilled that which was spoken of the Lord by the prophet, saying, From Egypt have I called my  
 16 son. (16) Then Herod, when he saw that he had been deluded by the Magi, was very angry. And he sent and slew all the children in Bethlehem, and in all its confines, from a child of two years and under, according to the time that he had  
 17 carefully learned from the Magi. (17) Then was that fulfilled, which was spoken by Jeremiah the prophet, saying: (18) A voice was heard in Rama, weeping and great lamentation; Rachel bemoaning her children, and unwilling to be comforted, because they are no more. (19) But when king Herod was dead, an angel of the Lord appeared  
 20 in a dream to Joseph in Egypt, (20) and said to him: Arise, take the child and his mother, and go into the land of Israel; for they are dead who  
 21 sought the life of the child. (21) And Joseph arose, and took the child and his mother, and  
 22 went to the land of Israel. (22) But when he heard that Archelaus was king in Judæa, instead of his father Herod, he feared to go thither. And it was revealed to him in a dream, that he should  
 23 go into the land of Galilee.<sup>e</sup> (23) And he came and dwelt in a city that is called Nazareth:<sup>f</sup> that so might be fulfilled that which was said by the prophet, that he should be called a Nazarene.<sup>g</sup>

<sup>e</sup> Sy. 

<sup>f</sup> Sy. 

<sup>g</sup> Sy.   
 an adjective from the preceding.

<p><sup>a</sup> Sy. <span style="font-family: serif;">صمد</span></p>	<p>And in those days came John<sup>a</sup> the Bapti- III. zer.<sup>b</sup> And he proclaimed in the desert of Judæa, (2) and said: Repent; the kingdom of heaven hath</p>	2
<p><sup>b</sup> Sy. <span style="font-family: serif;">منصوب</span></p>	<p>approached. (3) For this is he of whom it was said, by Isaiah the prophet: The voice of one crying in the wilderness, Prepare ye the way of the Lord, make smooth his paths. (4) And as to this John,</p>	3
	<p>his raiment was of camel's hair, and a girdle of skin was upon his loins; and his food was locusts and wild honey. (5) Then went out to him</p>	4
	<p>Jerusalem, and all Judæa, and all the country about the Jordan. (6) And they were baptized</p>	5
	<p>by him in the river Jordan, while they confessed their sins. (7) But when he saw many of the</p>	6
<p><sup>c</sup> Sy. <span style="font-family: serif;">صنفا</span></p>	<p>Pharisees<sup>c</sup> and of the Sadducees,<sup>d</sup> who came to be baptized, he said to them: Generation of vipers, who hath taught you to flee from the wrath that</p>	7
<p><sup>d</sup> Sy. <span style="font-family: serif;">ادعتفا</span></p>	<p>cometh? (8) Bring forth the fruits therefore, that accord with repentance. (9) And do not think, and say within yourselves, that Abraham is our</p>	8
	<p>father: for I say to you, that God is able of these stones to raise up children to Abraham. (10) And</p>	9
	<p>lo, the ax is put to the root of trees.<sup>e</sup> Every tree, therefore, which beareth not good fruit, is felled, and falleth into the fire. (11) I indeed baptize</p>	10
<p><sup>e</sup> i. e. so common life teaches us.</p>	<p>you with water unto repentance; but he that cometh after me is more powerful than I; whose sandals I am not worthy to carry. He will baptize</p>	11
	<p>you with the Holy Spirit and with fire. (12) His</p>	12
	<p>winnowing shovel is in his hand; and he will make<sup>f</sup> clean his threshing-floor. The wheat he will gather into his storehouse; and the chaff he</p>	13
	<p>will burn with fire not extinguished.<sup>g</sup></p>	14
<p><sup>f</sup> or, <i>meloth</i>. So also the other verbs.</p>	<p>Then came Jesus from Galilee to the Jordan</p>	15
	<p>unto John, to be baptized by him. (14) But John</p>	16
<p><sup>g</sup> i. e. fire suffi- ed to burn on and consume what is in it.</p>	<p>refused him; and said, I need to be baptized by thee, and hast thou come to me? (15) And Jesus</p>	17
	<p>answered, and said to him: Allow it now, for thus it becometh us to fulfill all righteousness.<sup>h</sup> Then</p>	18
<p><sup>h</sup> Sy. <span style="font-family: serif;">طعم</span></p>	<p>he permitted him. (16) And when Jesus was</p>	19
	<p>baptized, he went up immediately from the water. And heaven was opened to him; and he saw the</p>	20
	<p>Holy Spirit descending like a dove, and it came upon him. (17) And lo, a voice from heaven, which said: This is my beloved Son, in whom I</p>	21
	<p>have delight</p>	22


IV. Then was Jesus led by the Holy Spirit into the desert, to be tempted by the Calumniator;<sup>a</sup> (2) And he fasted forty days and forty nights, and afterward he hungered. (3) And the Tempter came, and said to him: If thou art the Son of God, command these stones to become bread. (4) But he replied, and said: It is written, that not by bread only, doth man live; but by every word proceeding from the mouth of God. (5) Then the Calumniator took him to the holy city, and set him on a pinnacle of the temple, (6) and said to him: If thou art the Son of God, cast thyself down: for it is written, that he will give his angels charge of thee, and in their hands will they sustain thee, lest thou strike thy foot against a stone. (7) Jesus said to him: It is moreover written, that thou shalt not tempt the Lord thy God. (8) Again the Calumniator took him to a mountain that was very high, and showed him all the kingdoms of the world, and their glory; (9) and said to him: All these will I give thee, if thou wilt fall down and worship me. (10) Then Jesus said to him: Begone, Satan;<sup>b</sup> for it is written, that thou shalt worship the Lord, thy God; and him only shalt thou serve. (11) Then the Calumniator left him: and lo, angels came, and ministered to him.

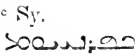
12 And when Jesus had heard that John was delivered up, he retired to Galilee. (13) And he left Nazareth, and came and dwelt in Capernaum,<sup>c</sup> by the side of the sea, on the confines of Zebulon and Naphthali. (14) That so might be fulfilled that which was spoken by Isaiah the prophet, who said: (15) The land of Zebulon, the land of Naphthali, the way of the sea, the ford of Jordan, Galilee of the Gentiles; (16) the people that sat in darkness, have seen great light; and to them who sat in the region and shadow of death, light is arisen.

17 From that time began Jesus to proclaim and say: Repent; for the kingdom of heaven hath approached. (18) And as he walked on the shore of the sea of Galilee, he saw two brothers, Simon<sup>d</sup> called Cephas,<sup>e</sup> and Andrew<sup>f</sup> his brother, who were casting nets into the sea: for they were fishermen.


19 (19) And Jesus said to them: Follow me: and I will cause you to become fishers of men. (20) And

<sup>a</sup> an appellation of Satan.

<sup>b</sup> Sy. 

<sup>c</sup> Sy. 

<sup>d</sup> Sy. 

<sup>e</sup> Sy. 

<sup>f</sup> Sy. 

<p><sup>e</sup> Sy. <b>لخصه</b></p>	<p>immediately, they left their nets, and went after him. (21) And as he passed on from there, he saw two 21</p>
<p><sup>h</sup> Sy. <b>احب</b></p>	<p>other brothers, James<sup>g</sup> the son of Zebedee,<sup>h</sup> and John<sup>i</sup> his brother, in a ship with Zebedee their</p>
<p><sup>i</sup> Sy. <b>صهله</b></p>	<p>father, who were mending their nets. And Jesus called them. (22) And they immediately left the 22</p>
<p><sup>k</sup> or, was heard.</p>	<p>ship and their father, and went after him.</p>
<p><sup>l</sup> Sy. <b>ههنا</b></p>	<p>And Jesus travelled over all Galilee: and he 23</p>
<p><sup>m</sup> Sy. <b>دقتا</b>, fr. <b>دعا</b>. a demon.</p>	<p>taught in their synagogues, and proclaimed the tidings of the kingdom; and he cured every 24</p>
<p><sup>n</sup> or, roamers, the houseless, or, such as roam in the fields.</p>	<p>disease and malady among the people. (24) And his fame spread<sup>k</sup> through all Syria.<sup>l</sup> And they brought to him all them that were very sick with diverse diseases, and them that were afflicted with pains, and demoniacs,<sup>m</sup> and lunatics,<sup>n</sup> and paralytics; and he healed them. (25) And there 25</p>
<p><sup>o</sup> or, the ford of.</p>	<p>followed him great multitudes from Galilee, and from the Ten Cities, and from Jerusalem, and from Judaea, and from beyond<sup>o</sup> the Jordan.</p>
<p><sup>p</sup> or, the ford of.</p>	<p>And when Jesus saw the multitudes, he ascended V.</p>
<p><sup>a</sup> Sy. <b>صهوب</b></p>	<p>ed a hill; and when he was seated, his disciples drew near him: (2) and he opened his mouth, and 2</p>
<p><sup>b</sup> or, the land.</p>	<p>taught them, and said: (3) Blessed are the poor in spirit:<sup>a</sup> for the kingdom of heaven is theirs! 3</p>
<p><sup>c</sup> or, word.</p>	<p>(4) Blessed are the mourners: for they shall be 4</p>
<p><sup>d</sup> or, word.</p>	<p>comforted! (5) Blessed are the meek: for they 5</p>
<p><sup>e</sup> or, word.</p>	<p>shall inherit the earth!<sup>b</sup> (6) Blessed are they that 6</p>
<p><sup>f</sup> or, word.</p>	<p>hunger and thirst for righteousness: for they shall 7</p>
<p><sup>g</sup> or, word.</p>	<p>be satiated! (7) Blessed are the merciful: for on 7</p>
<p><sup>h</sup> or, word.</p>	<p>them shall be mercies! (8) Blessed are the clean 8</p>
<p><sup>i</sup> or, word.</p>	<p>in heart: for they shall behold God! (9) Blessed 9</p>
<p><sup>j</sup> or, word.</p>	<p>are the cultivators<sup>f</sup> of peace: for they shall be 9</p>
<p><sup>k</sup> or, word.</p>	<p>called sons of God! (10) Blessed are they that 10</p>
<p><sup>l</sup> or, word.</p>	<p>are persecuted on account of righteousness: for the kingdom of heaven is theirs! (11) Blessed 11</p>
<p><sup>m</sup> or, word.</p>	<p>are ye, when they revile you and persecute you, and speak every evil thing<sup>g</sup> against you, falsely, on my account. (12) At that time, rejoice and be 12</p>
<p><sup>n</sup> or, word.</p>	<p>glad: for your reward in heaven is great. For so they persecuted the prophets that were before you. 12</p>
<p><sup>o</sup> or, word.</p>	<p>Ye are the salt of the earth! But if the salt 13</p>
<p><sup>p</sup> or, word.</p>	<p>become insipid, with what shall it be seasoned?<sup>d</sup> 13</p>
<p><sup>q</sup> or, word.</p>	<p>It is fit<sup>e</sup> for nothing; but to be thrown out, and be trodden under foot by men. (14) Ye are the light 14</p>
<p><sup>r</sup> or, word.</p>	<p>of the world!<sup>f</sup> A city built upon a hill, cannot 14</p>



- 15 be concealed. (15) And they do not light a lamp and place it under a bushel;<sup>g</sup> but upon a light-stand, and it giveth light to all that are in the house. (16) Let your light so shine before men, that they may see your good works, and may glorify your Father who is in heaven.
- 17 Do not suppose that I have come to subvert the law,<sup>h</sup> or the prophets: [I have come] not to subvert, but to fulfill. (18) For verily I say to you, that until heaven and earth shall pass away, one iota or one letter<sup>i</sup> shall not pass from the law, until all shall be fulfilled. (19) Therefore, whoever shall break one of these small commands, and shall so inculcate on the children of men, shall be called little in the kingdom of heaven: but every one that shall do and teach [them], shall be called great in the kingdom of heaven. (20) For I say to you, that unless your righteousness shall abound more than that of the Scribes<sup>k</sup> and Pharisees,<sup>l</sup> ye shall not enter into the kingdom of heaven.
- 21 Ye have heard that it was said to the ancients, Thou shalt not kill: and every one that killeth, is obnoxious to judgment. (22) But I say to you, That every one who is angry with his brother rashly,<sup>m</sup> is obnoxious to judgment: and every one that saith to his brother, Raka!<sup>n</sup> is obnoxious to the council:<sup>o</sup> and every one that shall say, Fool!<sup>p</sup> is obnoxious to hell<sup>r</sup>-fire. (23) If therefore thou shalt bring thy oblation to the altar, and shalt there remember that thy brother hath any offences<sup>s</sup> against thee, (24) leave there thy oblation before the altar, and go first and be reconciled with thy brother; and then come and present thy oblation.
- 25 (25) Be at agreement with thy prosecutor, forthwith, and while on the way with him; lest the prosecutor deliver thee up to the judge, and the judge deliver thee over to the sheriff,<sup>t</sup> and thou fall into the house of prisoners. (26) Verily I say to thee, Thou wilt not come out from there until thou hast paid the last farthing.<sup>v</sup>
- 27 Ye have heard that it hath been said, Thou shalt not commit adultery. (28) But I say to you, That whoever gazeth on a woman with concupiscence, at once committeth adultery with her in his heart. (29) If therefore thy right eye make thee offend, pluck it out, and cast it from thee; because it is
- <sup>g</sup> Sy. Ⲛⲓⲛ  
 Heb. סאה
- <sup>h</sup> Sy. ⲛⲁⲙⲟⲩ
- <sup>i</sup> Sy. Ⲛⲓⲛ
- <sup>k</sup> Sy. ⲛⲁⲛⲟⲩ
- <sup>l</sup> Sy. ⲛⲁⲛⲟⲩ
- <sup>m</sup> Sy. ⲛⲁ
- <sup>n</sup> Sy. ⲛⲁ
- <sup>o</sup> Sy. ⲛⲁ
- <sup>p</sup> Sy. ⲛⲁ
- <sup>r</sup> Sy. ⲛⲁ
- <sup>s</sup> Sy. ⲛⲁ
- <sup>t</sup> Sy. ⲛⲁ
- <sup>v</sup> Sy. ⲛⲁ

<sup>w</sup> Sy. *profitable.*

better<sup>w</sup> for thee that thy one member perish, than<sup>x</sup> that thy whole body fall into hell.<sup>y</sup> (30) And if thy right hand make thee offend, cut it off, and cast it from thee; because it is better for thee that one of thy members perish, than that thy whole body fall into hell.

<sup>x</sup> Sy. *and not.*

<sup>y</sup> Sy. *ἵνα*

It hath been said, That if a man will put away his wife, he must give her a writing of divorcement. (32) But I say to you, That whoever putteth away his wife, except for the offence of whoredom, causeth her to commit adultery: and he that taketh the divorced woman, committeth adultery.

Again, ye have heard that it hath been said to the ancients, Thou shalt not be false in thy oaths; but thou shalt perform thine oaths to the Lord. (34) But I say to you, Swear not at all: not by heaven, for it is the throne of God: (35) and not by the earth, for it is the footstool under his feet: and likewise not by Jerusalem, for it is the city of the great king. (36) Moreover, thou shalt not swear by thy head, for thou canst not make one hair in it either black or white. (37) But let your language be, Yes, yes; or No, no; for whatever is beyond these proceedeth from evil.

Ye have heard that it hath been said: An eye for an eye, and a tooth for a tooth. (39) But I say to you: Resist not evil; but if a person smite thee on thy right cheek, turn to him the other also. (40) And if one is disposed to sue thee and get away thy coat,<sup>z</sup> relinquish to him also thy cloak.<sup>a</sup> (41) Whoever compelleth thee to go one mile, go with him two. (42) Whoever demandeth of thee, give to him: and whoever wisheth to borrow of thee, deny him not.

<sup>z</sup> Sy. *ἡλικίαν*  
Gr. *χιτῶνα.*

<sup>a</sup> Sy. *ἡλικίαν*

Ye have heard that it hath been said: Thou shalt love thy neighbor, and hate thy enemy.<sup>b</sup> (44) But I say to you: Love your enemies; and bless him that curseth you; and do good to him that hateth you; and pray for them that lead you in bonds, and that persecute you: (45) that ye may be the children of your Father that is in heaven, who causeth his sun to rise upon the good and upon the bad, and sendeth his rain upon the righteous and upon the unrighteous. (46) For, if ye love them that love you, what reward have ye? Do not even the publicans do this? (47) And if

<sup>b</sup> Sy. *ἡλικίαν*

ye salute your brethren only, what do ye that is not common? Do not even publicans do this?  
 48 (48) Be ye therefore perfect; even as your Father who is in heaven is perfect.

VI. Be cautious in your alms-giving, not to perform it before men, so that ye may be seen of them; otherwise, ye have no reward from your Father  
 2 who is in heaven. (2) Therefore, when thou doest alms thou shalt not sound a trumpet<sup>a</sup> before thee, as the hypocrites do in the synagogues and in the streets, that they may get praise from men. Verily I say to you, They have gotten their re-  
 3 ward. (3) But thou, when doing alms, let not thy left hand know what thy right hand doeth:  
 4 (4) that thy alms may be in secret. And thy Father, who seeth in secret, will reward thee openly.

<sup>a</sup> Sy. *a horn.*

5 And when thou prayest, thou shalt not be like the hypocrites, who are fond of standing up in the synagogues and at the corners of streets to pray, so that they may be seen by people.<sup>b</sup> Verily I say to you, They have gotten their reward.  
 6 (6) But thou, when thou prayest, enter into thy closet and close the door, and pray to thy Father who is in secret; and thy Father, who seeth in  
 7 secret, will reward thee openly. (7) And when ye pray, be not garrulous<sup>c</sup> like the heathen; for they expect to be heard for their abundance of words.

<sup>b</sup> Sy. *the sons of men.*

8 (8) Therefore, be not like them; for your Father knoweth what is needful for you, before ye ask  
 9 him.<sup>d</sup> (9) In this manner, therefore, pray ye: Our Father who art in heaven, hallowed be thy  
 10 name: (10) Thy kingdom come: Thy will<sup>e</sup> be done; as in heaven, so on earth: (11) Give us  
 12 our needful bread, this day: (12) And forgive us  
 13 our debts, as we forgive our debtors: (13) And bring us not into temptation, but deliver us from evil: For thine is the kingdom, and the power,<sup>f</sup>

<sup>c</sup> Sy.           

<sup>d</sup> or, *it.*

<sup>e</sup> or, *pleasure.*

14 and the glory, for ever and ever: Amen. (14) For if ye forgive men their faults, your Father who is  
 15 in heaven will also forgive you. (15) But if ye shall not forgive men, your Father also forgiveth not you your faults.

<sup>f</sup> or, *might.*

<sup>g</sup> Sy.           

16 And when ye fast, be not sad like the hypocrites. For they distort their faces, that they may be seen

of men to fast. Verily I say to you, they have gotten their reward. (17) But, when thou fastest, 17  
wash thou thy face, and anoint thy head: (18) that 18  
thou mayest not be seen by men as a faster, but by  
thy Father who is in secret: and thy Father who  
seeth in secret, will recompense thee.

Lay not up for yourselves treasures on the earth, 19  
where moth and rust spoil, and where thieves dig  
through and steal. (20) But lay up for yourselves 20  
treasures in heaven, where no moth and no rust  
can spoil, and no thieves dig through nor steal.  
(21) For where your treasure is, there will your 21  
heart also be.

<sup>b</sup> or, *light*. The lamp<sup>b</sup> of the body is the eye. If therefore 22  
<sup>c</sup> or, *simple*. thy eye shall be sound,<sup>c</sup> thy whole body will be  
luminous. (23) But if thy eye shall be diseased, 23  
thy whole body will be dark. If then the light  
that is in thee be darkness, how great will be thy  
darkness!

<sup>k</sup> Sy. *lords*. No man can serve two masters:<sup>k</sup> for either he 24  
will hate the one and love the other, or he will  
honor the one and neglect the other. Ye cannot

<sup>l</sup> Sy. ἑσθῆ serve God and mammon.<sup>l</sup> (25) Therefore I say to 25  
you: Be not anxious about your life, what ye  
shall eat, and what ye shall drink; nor about your  
body, how ye shall clothe yourselves. Is not the  
life more important than food, and the body than  
raiment? (26) Look at the birds of heaven; which 26  
sow not, and reap not, and gather not into store-  
houses, but<sup>m</sup> your Father who is in heaven feedeth  
<sup>m</sup> or, *and*. them. Are not ye more important<sup>n</sup> than they?  
<sup>n</sup> or, *superior to*. (27) And who of you that shall be anxious, can add 27  
to his stature a cubit? (28) And about raiment, 28  
why are ye anxious? Consider the lilies of the  
desert,<sup>o</sup> in what manner they grow. They toil  
not; and they spin not. (29) Yet I say to you, that 29  
not even Solomon in all his glory, was arrayed<sup>p</sup>  
like one of them. (30) And if God so clothe the 30  
grass of the field, which exists to-day, and to-  
morrow falls into the oven, will he not much more  
[clothe] you, ye small in faith? (31) Therefore 31  
be not anxious; nor say, What shall we eat, or  
what shall we drink, or wherewith be clothed?  
(32) For, all these things the people<sup>r</sup> of the world<sup>s</sup> 32  
seek after. And your Father, who is in heaven,  
knoweth that all these things are needful to you.

<sup>o</sup> or, *the wild lilies*.

<sup>r</sup> Sy. *clothed*. like one of them. (30) And if God so clothe the 30  
grass of the field, which exists to-day, and to-  
morrow falls into the oven, will he not much more  
[clothe] you, ye small in faith? (31) Therefore 31  
be not anxious; nor say, What shall we eat, or  
what shall we drink, or wherewith be clothed?

<sup>r</sup> Sy. ἔσθῃ seek after. (32) For, all these things the people<sup>r</sup> of the world<sup>s</sup> 32

<sup>s</sup> Sy. ἔσθῃ seek after. And your Father, who is in heaven,  
knoweth that all these things are needful to you.

33 (33) But seek ye first the kingdom of God, and his righteousness: and all these things shall be  
 34 added to you. (34) Therefore be not anxious about the morrow: for the morrow hath its own anxieties. Sufficient for the day, is its own evil.

VII. Judge not, that ye be not judged. (2) For with  
 2 the judgment that ye judge, ye shall be judged; and by the measure that ye measure, shall it be  
 3 measured to you. (3) And why observest thou the straw in thy brother's eye, and regardest not  
 4 the beam that is in thine own eye? (4) Or how canst thou say to thy brother, Allow me to pluck the straw from thy eye; and lo! a beam is in thy  
 5 own eye. (5) Thou hypocrite; pluck first the beam from thy own eye; and then thou wilt see clearly, to pluck the straw out of thy brother's eye.

6 Give not a holy thing to dogs: and cast not your pearls before swine; lest they tread them under their feet, and turn and lacerate you.

7 Ask, and it shall be given to you: seek, and ye shall find: knock, and it shall be opened to you.

8 (8) For, every one that asketh, receiveth: and he that seeketh, findeth: and to him that knocketh,

9 it shall be opened. (9) For what man is there among you, of whom if his son ask bread, will he

10 reach him a stone? (10) Or if he ask of him a fish, will he reach him a serpent? (11) If ye

11 then, who are evil, know how to give good gifts to your children, how much more will your Father who is in heaven give good things to them that ask him?

12 Whatsoever ye would that men should do to you; so also do ye to them: for this is the law<sup>a</sup>

13 and the prophets. (13) Enter ye in by the strait gate; for wide is the gate and broad the way which leadeth to destruction;<sup>b</sup> and many are they

14 that walk in it. (14) How small the gate and straitened the way that leadeth to life, and few they who find it!

15 Beware of false prophets; who come to you in the garb of sheep, but internally they are rapacious

16 wolves. (16) And from their fruits ye shall know them. Do men gather grapes from thorn bushes;

17 or figs from thistles? (17) So every good tree

<sup>a</sup> Sy. ܠܡܘܨܐ,  
 from the Gr.  
 νόμος.

<sup>b</sup> Sy. ܐܨܝܪܐ

bearth good fruits; but a bad tree beareth bad fruits. (18) A good tree cannot bear bad fruits; 18  
nor can a bad tree bear good fruits. (19) Every 19  
tree that beareth not good fruits, is cut down and  
consigned<sup>c</sup> to the fire. (20) Wherefore, by their 20  
fruits ye shall know them.

Not whoever may say to me, My Lord, my 21  
Lord, will enter into the kingdom of heaven: but  
<sup>d</sup> or, *pleasurc.* he that doeth the will<sup>d</sup> of my Father who is in 22  
heaven. (22) Many will say to me in that day, 22

<sup>e</sup> Sy. هل

<sup>f</sup> Sy. سعدا

My Lord, my Lord, have we not prophesied in thy 22  
name? and in thy name cast out demons?<sup>e</sup> and  
in thy name wrought many works<sup>f</sup> of power? 23  
(23) And then will I declare to them; I never  
knew you. Depart from me, ye doers of evil.

Every one therefore that heareth these my dis- 24  
courses, and doeth them, will be like to a wise  
man, one that built his house upon a rock. 25  
<sup>g</sup> or, *streams,*  
*ricers.* (25) And the rain descended, and the floods<sup>g</sup> 25  
came, and the winds<sup>h</sup> blew; and they rushed upon

<sup>h</sup> Sy. سود

that house; and it fell not, for its foundations were 26  
laid upon a rock. (26) And every one that hear- 26  
eth these my discourses, and doeth them not, will  
be like a foolish man that built his house upon 27  
sand. (27) And the rain descended, and the floods 27  
came, and the winds blew; and they rushed upon  
that house, and it fell; and great was the ruin<sup>i</sup>  
of it.

<sup>i</sup> or, *the fall.*

And so it was, that when Jesus had ended these 28  
discourses, the multitudes were astonished at his  
<sup>k</sup> or, *doctrine.* teaching:<sup>k</sup> (29) for he taught them as one having 29  
authority; and not as their Scribes and Pharisees.

And as he descended from the mountain, VIII.  
great multitudes gathered around him. (2) And be- 2  
hold, a leper came and worshipped him, and said:  
My Lord, if thou wilt, thou canst make me clean. (3) 3  
And Jesus stretched forth his hand, touched him,  
and said: I will: be thou clean. And immedi- 4  
ately<sup>a</sup> his leprosy was cleansed. (4) And Jesus said 4  
to him, See, thou tell no man: but go, show thy-  
self to the priests, and present an oblation<sup>b</sup> as  
<sup>l</sup> Sy. لذو Moses enjoined, for a testimony to them.

<sup>a</sup> Sy. *in that*  
*hour.*

<sup>b</sup> Sy.

لذو

<sup>c</sup> Sy. *in the*  
*house.*

And when Jesus had entered into Capernaum, 5  
a centurion came to him, and besought him, (6) 6  
and said: My Lord, my child lieth at home,<sup>c</sup> and

7 is paralytic, and badly afflicted. (7) Jesus said to  
 8 him, I will come and heal him. (8) The centurion  
 replied, and said: My Lord, I am not worthy that  
 thou shouldst come under my roof: but speak the  
 9 word only, and my child will be healed. (9) For  
 I also am a man under authority, and there are  
 soldiers under my hands, and I say to this one,  
 Go, and he goeth; and to another, Come, and he  
 cometh; and to my servant, Do this thing, and he  
 10 doeth [it]. (10) And when Jesus heard [this], he  
 admired [it]; and he said to those walking with  
 him, Verily I say to you, I have not found faith  
 11 like this even in Israel. (11) And I say to you,  
 that many shall come from the east, and from the  
 west, and shall recline with Abraham and Isaac  
 12 and Jacob, in the kingdom of heaven; (12) but  
 the children of the kingdom shall go forth into  
 the outer darkness. There will be weeping and  
 13 gnashing of teeth. (13) And Jesus said to the  
 centurion, Go; be it to thee as thou hast believed.  
 And his child was cured in that same hour.  
 14 And Jesus came to the house of Simon,<sup>d</sup> and  
 saw his wife's mother prostrate, confined by a  
 15 fever. (15) And he touched her hand, and the  
 fever left her: and she arose and ministered to  
 16 them. (16) And when it was evening, they  
 brought many demoniacs before him; and he ex-  
 pelled their demons by a word, and healed all  
 17 them that were diseased: (17) that so might be  
 fulfilled that which was spoken by Isaiah the  
 prophet, who said: He will bear our sorrows, and  
 our infirmities he will take upon him.  
 18 And when Jesus saw great multitudes around  
 him, he ordered that they should go to the oppo-  
 19 site shore.<sup>e</sup> (19) And a Scribe came and said to  
 him: Rabbi,<sup>f</sup> I will follow thee to the place  
 20 whither thou goest. (20) Jesus said to him, For  
 foxes there are holes, and for the birds of heaven  
 there are nests; but for the Son of man, there is  
 21 not where he may recline his head. (21) And  
 another of his disciples said to him: My Lord,  
 22 suffer me first to go and bury my father. (22) But  
 Jesus said to him: Follow thou me, and leave the  
 dead to bury their dead.  
 23 And when Jesus entered the ship, his disciples  
 24 embarked with him. (24) And lo, a great com-

<sup>d</sup> i. e. Simon  
 Peter.

<sup>e</sup> Sy. the other  
 side. i. e. of  
 the lake.

<sup>f</sup> Sy. **ⲁⲃ**

motion arose in the sea, so that the vessel was covered by the waves. But Jesus was asleep: (25) and his disciples came to awake him, and said 25 to him: Our Lord, deliver us; we are perishing! (26) Jesus said to them, Why are ye afraid, ye 26 small in faith! Then he arose, and rebuked the wind and the sea; and there was great tranquillity. (27) And the men were amazed; and they said, 27 What a man is this, to whom the winds and the sea are obedient!

And when Jesus arrived at the farther shore, in 28 the country of the Gadarenes,<sup>g</sup> there met him two demoniacs,<sup>h</sup> who came out from the sepulchres,<sup>i</sup> very furious, so that no one could pass that way. (29) And they cried out, and said: What have we 29 to do with thee? Jesus, thou Son of God. Hast thou come hither before the time to torment us? (30) And at a distance from them there was a herd 30 of many swine feeding. (31) And the demons 31 entreated of him, and said: If thou cast us out, suffer us to go into the herd of swine. (32) And 32 Jesus said to them, Go ye. And immediately they came out, and entered into the swine; and that whole herd ran straight to a precipice, and plunged<sup>k</sup> into the sea, and perished<sup>l</sup> in the waters. (33) 33 And the herdsmen fled, and entered the city, and related all that had occurred, and concerning the demoniacs. (34) And all the city came out to 34 meet Jesus: and when they saw him, they besought him to retire from their coasts.

<sup>g</sup> Sy. ܩܕܫܐ

<sup>h</sup> Sy. ܕܥܩܪܐ

<sup>i</sup> Sy. *place of graves.*

<sup>k</sup> Sy. *fell.*

<sup>l</sup> Sy. *died.*

<sup>a</sup> Sy. *the easier.*

And he entered the ship, and passed over and IX. came to his own city. (2) And they brought to 2 him a paralytic, lying on a bed. And Jesus saw their faith, and said to the paralytic: Take courage, my son; thy sins are forgiven thee. (3) And 3 some of the Scribes said in their minds, This man blasphemeth. (4) But Jesus knew their thoughts: 4 and he said to them, Why do ye think evil [things] in your heart? (5) For, which is the easier,<sup>a</sup> to 5 say, Thy sins are forgiven thee; or to say, Arise and walk? (6) But that ye may know that the 6 Son of man hath authority on earth to forgive sins, he said to the paralytic: Arise, take up thy bed, and go to thy home. (7) And he arose and 7 went to his home. (8) And when the multitudes 8



saw [it], they were struck with awe; and they praised God, who had given authority like this to men.

9 And as Jesus passed on from there, he saw a man sitting at the custom-house, whose name was Matthew.<sup>b</sup> And he said to him, Follow me: and he arose and followed him. (10) And as they were reclining in a house, many publicans and sinners came and reclined with Jesus and his disciples. (11) And when the Pharisees saw [it], they said to his disciples, Why doth your Rabbi<sup>c</sup>

<sup>b</sup> Sy. ⲙⲁⲧⲧⲏⲩ

12 eat with publicans and sinners? (12) And as Jesus heard [it], he said to them: They who are in health have no need of a physician, but they that are very sick. (13) Go and learn what that is: I require compassion, and not a sacrifice! For I did not come to call the righteous, but the sinful.

<sup>c</sup> Sy. ⲛⲉⲥⲉ

14 Then came to him the disciples of John,<sup>d</sup> and said: Why do we and the Pharisees fast much, and thy disciples fast not? (15) Jesus said to them: Can the children<sup>e</sup> of the nuptial chamber fast, so long as the bridegroom is with them? But the days will come when the bridegroom will be taken from them, and then they will fast. (16) No one inserteth a piece of new cloth on an old garment; lest that which filleth up, tear from that garment, and the rent become greater. (17) And they do not put new wine into old sacks; lest the sacks burst, and the wine run out, and the sacks perish. But they put new wine into new sacks; and they are both preserved.

<sup>d</sup> Sy. ⲛⲉⲩⲁⲛⲁⲛⲁⲛ

<sup>e</sup> or, *guests*.

18 And while he was thus discoursing with them, a certain ruler<sup>f</sup> came, drew near, worshipped him, and said: My daughter is already dead, but come, lay thy hand upon her, and she will live. (19) And Jesus rose up, and his disciples; and they followed him. (20) And behold, a woman whose blood had flowed fourteen years, came up behind him, and touched the extremity of his robe: (21) for she had said in her mind, If I but touch his garment I shall be cured. (22) And Jesus turned himself, looked at her, and said to her: Take courage, my daughter; thy faith hath given thee life.<sup>g</sup> And the woman was cured from that very

<sup>f</sup> Sy. ⲛⲉⲩⲁⲛⲁⲛⲁⲛ,  
Gr. ἄρχων.

23 hour. (23) And Jesus came to the house of the ruler: and he saw there pipers, and multitudes

<sup>g</sup> Sy. *hath vivified thee.*

making outcry. (24) And he said to them: Retire; 24  
 for the maid is not dead, but sleepeth. And they  
 scoffed at him. (25) And when he had ejected 25  
 the throngs, he entered in, and took her by the  
 hand, and the maid rose up. (26) And the fame 26  
 of this [thing] spread in all that land.

And when Jesus had passed from there, two 27  
 blind men followed after him, and said: Have  
 mercy on us, Thou Son of David! (28) And 28  
 when he had entered a house, those blind men ap-  
 proached him, and Jesus said to them: Believe ye  
 that I am able to do this? They said to him, Yes,  
 our Lord. (29) Then he touched their eyes, and 29  
 said: As ye have believed, so shall it be to you.  
 (30) And forthwith their eyes were opened. And 30  
 Jesus charged them and said: See, that no man  
 know [of it]. (31) But they went out and spread 31  
 the fame of it in all that land.

<sup>b</sup> Sy. [دب]

And as Jesus went out, they brought to him a 32  
 dumb man in whom was a demon.<sup>b</sup> (33) And 33  
 when the demon had gone out, the dumb man  
 conversed. And the multitudes admired, and  
 said: Never was it so seen in Israel! (34) But 34  
 the Pharisees said: It is by the Prince of demons,  
 he casteth out demons.

And Jesus travelled over all the cities and the 35  
 villages: and he taught in their synagogues, and  
 proclaimed the tidings of the kingdom, and healed  
 all diseases and all pains. (36) And when Jesus 36  
 looked on the multitudes, he pitied them; because  
 they were wearied and dispersed, like sheep that  
 have no shepherd. (37) And he said to his disci- 37  
 ples, The harvest is great, and the laborers few.  
 (38) Entreat, therefore, of the Lord of the harvest, 38  
 that he would send laborers into his harvest.

<sup>a</sup> Sy. [دعوتهم]

And he called his twelve disciples<sup>a</sup> [to him], X.  
 and gave them authority over unclean spirits<sup>b</sup> to  
 cast them out, and to heal every pain and disease.

<sup>b</sup> Sy. [دعوتهم]

(2) And the names of those twelve legates<sup>c</sup> are 2  
 these: The first of them,<sup>d</sup> Simon who is called  
 Cephas, and Andrew his brother; and James the

<sup>c</sup> Sy. [دعوتهم]

son of Zebadee, and John his brother; (3) and 3  
 Philip, and Bartholomew, and Thomas, and Mat-  
 thew the publican; and James the son of Alphceus,

<sup>d</sup> Sy. [دعوتهم]

and Lebbeus who was called Thaddeus; (4) and 4

Simon the Canaanite, and Judas Iscariot,<sup>e</sup> he who  
 5 betrayed him. (5) These twelve Jesus sent forth:  
 and he commanded them and said: Go not in the  
 way of the Gentiles:<sup>f</sup> and enter not the cities of  
 6 the Samaritans. (6) But, go ye rather to the lost  
 7 sheep of the house of Israel. (7) And as ye go,  
 proclaim and say: The kingdom of heaven hath  
 8 approached. (8) Heal ye the sick; cleanse the  
 leprous; [raise the head;]<sup>g</sup> and cast out demons.  
 9 Freely ye have received; freely give. (9) Provide  
 10 not gold, nor silver, nor brass in your purses; (10)  
 nor a wallet for the journey: neither two coats,  
 nor shoes, nor a staff. For the laborer is worthy  
 11 of his food. (11) And into whatever city or town  
 ye enter, inquire, who in it is worthy; and there  
 12 stay until ye depart. (12) And when ye enter a  
 13 house, salute<sup>h</sup> the household. (13) And if the  
 house be worthy, your peace<sup>i</sup> will come upon it;  
 but if it be not worthy, your peace will return  
 14 upon yourselves. (14) And whoever will not re-  
 ceive you, nor hear your discourses, when ye de-  
 part from that house or that town, shake off the  
 15 dust from your feet. (15) Verily I say to you,  
 that it will be comfortable for the land of Sodom  
 and Gomorrah in the day of judgment, rather than  
 for that city.  
 16 Behold, I send you forth as sheep among wolves.  
 Therefore be ye sagacious as serpents, and guile-  
 17 less as doves. (17) And beware of men; for they  
 will deliver you over to the tribunals, and will  
 18 scourge you in their synagogues. (18) And they  
 will bring you before governors<sup>k</sup> and kings, on  
 my account, for a testimony to them and to the  
 19 Gentiles. (19) And when they deliver you up, be  
 not anxious how or what ye shall speak; for it  
 20 shall be given you in that hour what to say. (20)  
 For it is not ye that speak, but the spirit of your  
 21 Father speaking in you. (21) And brother shall  
 deliver up his brother to death, and a father his  
 son; and children shall rise up against parents,  
 22 and cause them to die. (22) And ye shall be  
 hated by every one, on account of my name. But  
 he that shall endure to the end, shall have life.  
 23 (23) And when they persecute you in one<sup>l</sup> city,  
 flee to another: for verily I say to you, Ye shall  
 not have completed all the cities of the house of

<sup>e</sup> Sy. Ἰσκαριώτης

<sup>f</sup> Sy. the pro-  
fane.

<sup>g</sup> Omitted in  
most copies.

<sup>h</sup> Sy. ask after  
the peace of it.

<sup>i</sup> i. e. your sa-  
lam, or salu-  
tation.

<sup>k</sup> Sy.  
ἡγεμόνας,  
Gr. ἡγεμόνας.

<sup>l</sup> Sy. this.

	Israel, till the Son of man shall come. (24) No	24
	disciple is better than his rabbi; nor a servant,	
	than his lord. (25) It is sufficient for the disci-	25
	ple, that he be as his rabbi; and the servant,	
<sup>m</sup> or, <i>members.</i>	as his lord. If they call the lord of the house	
	Beelzebub, how much more the children <sup>m</sup> of his	26
	family? (26) Therefore be not afraid of them; for	
	there is nothing covered up, that shall not be	
	exposed; nor concealed, that shall not become	
	known. (27) Whatever I say to you in the dark,	27
	that speak ye in the light; and what ye have	
	heard in your ears, proclaim ye on the housetops.	
	(28) And be not afraid of them that kill the body,	28
<sup>n</sup> Sy. $\mu\sigma\tau\epsilon\lambda\lambda\omicron\upsilon$	but cannot kill the soul; but be afraid rather of	
	Him who can destroy both soul and body in hell. <sup>n</sup>	
<sup>o</sup> Sy. $\rho\epsilon\lambda\lambda\omicron\upsilon$	(29) Are not two sparrows sold for a farthing? <sup>o</sup>	29
Gr. $\acute{\alpha}\sigma\tau\alpha\rho\iota\omicron\nu$ .	Yet one of them doth not fall to the ground with-	
	out your Father. (30) As for you, even the hairs	30
	of your head are all numbered. (31) Therefore be	31
	not afraid: ye are more important than many	
	sparrows. (32) Wherefore, whoever shall confess	32
	me before men, him will I also confess before my	
	Father who is in heaven. (33) But whoever shall	33
	deny me before men, him will I also deny before	
	my Father who is in heaven.	
<sup>r</sup> Sy. <i>to cast, or</i>	Think not that I have come to sow quietness	34
<i>disseminate.</i>	on the earth: I have not come to sow quietness,	
	but conflict. <sup>r</sup> (35) For I have come to set <sup>s</sup> a man	35
<sup>t</sup> Sy. <i>a sword.</i>	against his father, and a daughter against her	
	mother, and a daughter-in-law against her mother-	
<sup>s</sup> Sy. <i>to divide.</i>	in-law. (36) And a man's foes will be the mem-	36
	bers of his household. <sup>t</sup> (37) He that loveth father	37
<sup>u</sup> Sy. <i>children</i>	or mother more than me, is not worthy of me:	
<i>of his house.</i>	and he that loveth son or daughter more than me,	
	is not worthy of me: (38) and he that doth not	38
	bear his cross and follow after me, is not worthy	
	of me. (39) He that preserveth <sup>v</sup> his life, shall lose	39
<sup>v</sup> Sy. <i>find th.</i>	it: and he that loseth his life for my sake, shall	
	preserve it. (40) He that entertaineth you, enter-	40
	taineth me: and he that entertaineth me, enter-	
	taineth him that sent me. (41) He that entertain-	41
	eth a prophet in the name of a prophet, shall receive	
	a prophet's reward: and he that entertaineth	
	a righteous man in the name of a righteous man,	
	shall receive a righteous man's reward. (42) And	42
	whoever shall give one of these little ones to drink	

a cup of cold [water] only, in the name of a disciple, verily I say to you, he shall not lose his reward. (XI.) And when Jesus had ended the instructions<sup>a</sup> to his twelve disciples, he went from there, to teach and to proclaim in their cities.

<sup>a</sup> Sy. *commands,*  
or, *precepts.*

2 Now when John, in the house of prisoners, heard of the works of Messiah, he sent by the hand 3 of his disciples, (3) and said to him: Art thou he 4 that cometh, or are we to expect another? (4) Jesus answered, and said to them: Go, tell John the 5 things that ye hear and see: (5) the blind see, and the lame walk, and the leprous are cleansed, and the deaf hear, and the dead rise up, and the needy 6 hear good tidings: (6) and happy is he, who shall 7 not be stumbled at me. (7) And when they were gone, Jesus began to say to the multitudes, concerning John: What went ye into the wilderness

<sup>b</sup> Sy. ܐܘܪܝܢܐ

8 to see? A reed that waved in the wind?<sup>b</sup> (8) And if not; what went ye out to see? A man clothed in delicate robes? Lo, they that are clothed in delicate [robes], are in the dwelling<sup>c</sup> of 9 kings. (9) And if not: what went ye out to see?

<sup>c</sup> Sy. *house.*

A prophet? Yes, say I to you, and more than a 10 prophet. (10) For this is he of whom it is written: Behold, I send my messenger<sup>d</sup> before thy face, that he may prepare the way before thee.

<sup>d</sup> Sy. ܡܫܝܚܐ

11 (11) Verily I say to you, Among those born of women, there hath not arisen a greater than John the Baptizer: yet the small one in the kingdom of heaven, is greater than he. (12) And from the days of John the Baptizer, until now, the kingdom of heaven is assailed by force, and the violent 13 seize it. (13) For all the prophets and the law<sup>e</sup> 14 prophesied, until the time of John. (14) And, if ye are willing, receive ye, that this is he who was 15 to come. (15) He that hath ears to hear, let him hear!

<sup>e</sup> Sy. ܐܘܪܝܢܐ,  
*the Pentateuch.*

16 But to what shall I compare this generation? It is like to children, that sit in the market-place 17 and call to their associates, (17) and say: We have sung to you, and ye did not dance: we have wailed 18 to you, and he did not lament. (18) For John came, not eating and not drinking; and they said, 19 He hath a demon.<sup>f</sup> (19) The Son of man came, eating and drinking; and they say: Behold, a

<sup>f</sup> Sy. ܐܘܪܝܢܐ

gluttonous man, and a wine drinker, and a friend of publicans and sinners. But wisdom is justified by her works.

Then began Jesus to reproach the cities, in which his many deeds of power were wrought, yet they repented not. (21) And he said: Woe to thee, Chorazin! Woe to thee, Bethsaida! For if the deeds of power done in you, had been done in Tyre and Sidon, doubtless, they would long ago have repented in sackcloth and ashes. (22) But I say to you, It will be comfortable for Tyre and Sidon, in the day of judgment, rather than for you. (23) And thou, Capernaum, which hast been lifted up to heaven, shalt be brought down to the grave. For if those deeds of power which were done in thee, had been done in Sodom, it would have stood to this day. (24) But I say to thee, It will be comfortable for the land of Sodom, in the day of judgment, rather than for thee.

<sup>g</sup> Sy. *Vo. 1*

At that time Jesus answered and said: I praise thee, O my Father, Lord of heaven and earth, that thou hast hid these things from the wise and knowing, and hast revealed them to little children. (25) Yes, my Father; for so it seemed good before thee. (26) Every thing is given up by my Father to me. (27) And no one knoweth the Son, except the Father. Also, no one knoweth the Father, except the Son, and he to whom the Son is pleased to reveal [him]. (28) Come unto me, all ye wearied and heavily burdened, and I will ease you. (29) Take my yoke upon you; and learn from me, that I am gentle and subdued in my heart: and ye will find rest for your souls: (30) for my yoke is pleasant, and my burden is light.

<sup>a</sup> Sy. *place of seeds.*

At that time Jesus, on the sabbath, walked in the tillage grounds:<sup>a</sup> and his disciples were hungry, and began to pluck the ears and to eat. (2) And when the Pharisees saw them, they said to him: See; thy disciples are doing that which it is not lawful to do on the sabbath. (3) But he said to them, Have ye not read what David did when he was hungry, and they that were with him? (4) How he went to the house of God, and ate the bread of the Lord's table: which it was not lawful for him to eat, nor for them that were

5 with him, but solely for the priests? (5) Or have ye not read in the law,<sup>b</sup> how that in the temple the priests profane the sabbath, and are without fault? (6) But I say to you, that a greater than the temple is here. (7) And if ye had known what that is, I desire mercy, and not sacrifice; ye would not have crimi- nated them who are without fault. (8) For the Son of man, is lord of the sabbath.

<sup>b</sup> Sy. *Ἰεροσόλῳ, in the Pentateuch.*

9 And Jesus went from there, and came to their syna- gogue. (10) And a man was there, whose hand was withered. And they questioned him, and said, Is it lawful to heal on the sabbath? that they might defame him. (11) And he said to them, What man among you is there, who, if he have a sheep, and it fall into a pit on the day of the sabbath, doth not lay hold of it and lift it out? (12) Now, how much better is a human being<sup>c</sup> than a sheep! Wherefore it is lawful to do what is good, on the sabbath. (13) Then said he to the man, Stretch forth thy hand. And he stretched out his hand; and it was restored, and like the other.<sup>d</sup> (14) And the Pharisees went out and held a consultation against him, that they might destroy him.

<sup>c</sup> Sy. *a son of man.*

<sup>d</sup> Sy. *its fellow.*

15 But Jesus knew [it]; and he retired from there. And great multitudes followed him: and he cured them all. (16) And he charged them not to make him known: (17) that what was spoken by the prophet Isaiah might be fulfilled, saying: (18) Behold my servant, in whom I have complacency; my beloved, in whom my soul delighteth. I will put my spirit upon him; and he shall proclaim judgment to the Gentiles. (19) He shall not contend, nor be clamorous, nor shall any one hear his voice in the market-place.<sup>e</sup> (20) The crushed reed he will not break: and the flickering lamp he will not extinguish; until he bring judgment<sup>f</sup> to be victorious.<sup>g</sup> (21) And in his name shall the Gentiles trust.

<sup>e</sup> or, *public street.*

<sup>f</sup> i. e. *law, or justice.*

<sup>g</sup> Sy. *to a victory.*

22 Then they brought to him a demoniac that was dumb and blind; and he healed him, so that the dumb and blind man both talked and saw. (23) And all the multitude were amazed, and said: Is not this the son of David? (24) But when the Pharisees heard [it], they said: This man doth not

cast out demons, except by Beelzebub the prince  
of demons. (25) And Jesus knew their thoughts, 25  
and said to them: Every kingdom that is divided  
against itself, will become desolate; and every  
house or city which is divided against itself, will  
not stand. (26) Now if Satan cast out Satan, he 26  
is divided against himself; how then doth his king-  
dom stand? (27) And if I by Beelzebub cast out 27  
demons, by whom do your children cast them out?  
Wherefore they will be your judges. (28) But if 28  
I by the Spirit of God cast out demons, the king-  
dom of God hath come near to you. (29) Or how 29  
can one enter the house of a strong man, and plun-  
der his goods, unless he first bind the strong man?  
and then he may plunder his house. (30) He that 30  
is not with me, is against me; and he that gather-  
eth not with me actually scattereth.<sup>h</sup> (31) There-  
fore I say to you, that all sins and contumelies  
shall be forgiven to men; but the contumely which  
is against the Spirit, shall not be forgiven to men.  
(32) And whoever shall speak a word against the 32  
Son of man, it will be forgiven him; but whoever  
shall speak against the Holy Spirit, it will not be  
forgiven him;—not in this world,<sup>i</sup> and not in the  
world to come. (33) Either make the tree good, 33  
and its fruits good; or make the tree bad, and its  
fruits bad: for a tree is known by its fruits. (34) 34  
Offspring of vipers, how can ye who are evil, speak  
good things? For out of the fullnesses of the heart  
the mouth speaketh. (35) A good man out of good 35  
treasures bringeth forth good things, and a bad man  
out of bad treasures bringeth forth bad things.  
(36) For I say to you, That for every idle<sup>k</sup> word 36  
that men shall speak, they shall give account of it  
in the day of judgment. (37) For by thy words 37  
thou shalt be justified; and by thy words thou  
shalt be condemned.

Then answered some of the Scribes and of the 38  
Pharisees, and said to him: Teacher,<sup>l</sup> we wish to  
see from thee a sign.<sup>m</sup> (39) But he replied and 39  
said to them: A wicked and adulterous generation  
demandeth a sign: but a sign will not be given to  
it, unless it be the sign of Jonah<sup>n</sup> the prophet.  
(40) For as Jonah was in the belly of the fish three 40  
days and three nights; so will the Son of man be  
in the heart of the earth three days and three

<sup>h</sup> Sy. scattereth  
to scatter.

<sup>i</sup> Sy. ⲛⲟⲩⲟⲩ

<sup>k</sup> or, useless.

<sup>l</sup> Sy. ⲛⲟⲩⲟⲩ

<sup>m</sup> Sy. ⲛⲟⲩ

<sup>n</sup> Sy. ⲛⲟⲩ



41 nights. (41) The people of Nineveh will stand up in the judgment against this generation, and will condemn it: for they repented at the preaching of Jonah; and lo, a greater than Jonah is here.

<sup>o</sup> Sy. ܢܝܢܘܘܝܐ

42 (42) The queen of the south<sup>o</sup> will stand up in the judgment against this generation, and will condemn it: for she came from the extremities<sup>p</sup> of the earth to hear the wisdom of Solomon; and lo, a

<sup>p</sup> Sy. ܩܘܝܢܐ

43 superior to Solomon is here. (43) And when an unclean spirit goeth out of a man, it wandereth in places where is no water, and seeketh comfort and

44 findeth [it] not. (44) Then it saith: I will return to my house, from which I came out. And it

45 cometh, and findeth it vacated, and swept clean,

45 and set in order. (45) So it goeth and taketh with it seven other spirits, worse than itself, and they enter and dwell in it; and the end of that man is worse than his beginning. So will it be to this evil generation.

46 And while he was discoursing to the multitudes, his mother and his brothers came and stood with-

47 out, and sought to speak with him. (47) And a person said to him: Lo, thy mother and thy

48 brothers stand without, and seek to speak with thee. (48) But he replied, and said to him that

49 informed him: Who is my mother? and who are my brothers?

49 (49) And he stretched forth his hand towards his disciples, and said: Behold my

50 mother, and behold my brothers! (50) For every one that doeth the good pleasure of my Father who

is in heaven, that person is my brother, and my sister, and my mother.

XIII. And on that day Jesus went out of the house,

2 and sat by the side of the sea. (2) And great multitudes assembled around him; so that he

3 embarked and seated himself in a ship, and all the multitude stood on the shore of the sea. (3) And

<sup>a</sup> or, *parables.*

he discoursed with them much, by similitudes.<sup>a</sup> And he said, Behold, a sower went forth to sow.

Sy. ܩܘܠܠܐ

4 (4) And as he sowed, some [seed] fell upon the side of a path: and a bird came and devoured it.

5 (5) And other [seed] fell upon a rock, so that it had not much soil: and it sprung up forthwith,

6 because there was no depth of earth. (6) But when the sun was up it wilted. And, because it

lacked root, it dried up. (7) And other [seed] fell 7  
among thorns: and the thorns shot up, and choked  
it. (8) And other [seed] fell on good ground: and 8  
bore fruits, some a hundredfold, some sixtyfold,  
and some thirtyfold. (9) He that hath ears to 9  
hear, let him hear.

<sup>b</sup> or, *parables*.

And his disciples came and said to him, Why 10  
discoursest thou to them in similitudes?<sup>b</sup> (11) And 11  
he answered, and said to them: Because, to you it  
is given to know the mysteries of the kingdom of  
heaven, but to them it is not given. (12) For to 12  
him that hath, shall be given; and he shall abound:  
but from him that hath not, even what he hath  
shall be taken from him. (13) For this cause I 13  
discourse to them in similitudes, because they see  
and do not see, and they hear and do not hear, nor  
understand. (14) And in them is fulfilled the 14  
prophecy of Isaiah, who said: By hearing ye shall  
hear, and shall not understand; and by seeing ye  
see, and shall not know: (15) For the heart of this 15  
people hath grown fat, and with their ears they  
have heard heavily, and their eyes they have closed;  
lest they should see with their eyes, and should  
hear with their ears, and should understand with  
their heart, and should turn;<sup>c</sup> and I should heal  
them. (16) But happy are your eyes, for they 16  
see; and your ears, for they hear. (17) For verily 17  
I say to you, That many prophets and righteous  
[men] longed to see what ye see, and did not see  
[it]; and to hear what ye hear, and did not hear  
[it]. (18) But hear ye the similitude of the seed. 18

<sup>c</sup> or, *be turned*;  
or, *turn them-*  
*selves*.

(19) Every one that heareth the word of the king- 19  
dom, and understandeth it not, the evil one cometh  
and snatcheth away the seed sowed in his heart:  
this is what was sowed by the side of the path.  
(20) And that which was sowed on the rock, is he 20  
that heareth the word, and at once receiveth it  
with joy. (21) Yet hath he no root in him, but is 21

<sup>d</sup> *Sy. temporary.*

of short duration;<sup>d</sup> and when there is trouble or  
persecution on account of the word, he soon stum-  
bleth. (22) And that which was sowed among 22

<sup>e</sup> *Sy.*

ⲛⲟⲩ ⲛⲟⲩⲁ

thorns, is he that heareth the word; and care for  
this world<sup>e</sup> and the deceptiveness of riches, choke  
the word; and he is without fruits. (23) But that 23  
which was sowed on good ground, is he that  
heareth my word, and understandeth, and beareth

fruits, and yieldeth, some a hundredfold, some sixtyfold, and some thirtyfold.

- 24 Another similitude he proposed<sup>f</sup> to them, and  
 25 said: The kingdom of heaven is like to a man who  
 26 sowed good seed in his field. (25) And while  
 27 people were asleep, his enemy came and sowed tares  
 28 among the wheat, and went away. (26) And  
 29 when the plant shot up and bore fruits, then ap-  
 30 peared also the tares. (27) And the servants of  
 31 the householder<sup>g</sup> came, and said to him, Our lord,  
 32 didst thou not sow good seed in thy field? From  
 33 whence are the tares in it. (28) And he said to  
 34 them, An enemy hath done this. The servants  
 35 said to him, Is it thy pleasure that we go and  
 36 gather them out? (29) And he said to them,  
 37 [No,] lest, while ye gather out the tares, ye also  
 38 eradicate the wheat with them. (30) Let them  
 both grow together until the harvest; and at the  
 time of harvest, I will say to the reapers, Gather  
 out first the tares, and bind them in bundles to be  
 burned; but the wheat gather ye into my granary.  
 (31) Another similitude proposed he to them,  
 and said: The kingdom of heaven is like to a  
 kernel of mustard seed, which a man took and  
 sowed in his field. (32) And this is the least of  
 all seeds; but when it is grown, it is greater than  
 all the herbs, and becometh a tree, so that a bird  
 of heaven may come and nestle in its branches.  
 (33) Another similitude spake he to them, The  
 kingdom of heaven is like the leaven, which a  
 woman took and buried in three measures<sup>h</sup> of meal,  
 until the whole fermented. (34) All these things  
 Jesus discoursed to the multitude in similitudes;<sup>i</sup>  
 and without similitudes he did not discourse with  
 them. (35) That so might be fulfilled that which  
 was spoken by the prophet, who said: I will open  
 my mouth in similitudes; I will utter<sup>k</sup> things con-  
 cealed from before the foundation of the world.  
 Then Jesus sent away the multitudes, and went  
 into the house. And his disciples came to him,  
 and said: Explain to us the similitude of the tares  
 and the field. (37) And he answered, and said to  
 them: He that soweth the good seed, is the Son of  
 God. (38) And the field is the world.<sup>l</sup> And the  
 good seed are the children of the kingdom; but  
 the tares are the children of the wicked One.

<sup>f</sup> Sy. *allego-  
rized.*

<sup>g</sup> Sy. *lord of the  
house.*

<sup>h</sup> Sy. *εβ*

<sup>i</sup> or, *parables.*

<sup>k</sup> Sy. *eructate.*

<sup>l</sup> Sy. *κοσμος*

<sup>m</sup> Sy. صَلْبًا (39) The enemy that sowed them, is Satan.<sup>m</sup> 39  
 The harvest is the end<sup>a</sup> of the world:<sup>o</sup> and the  
<sup>n</sup> Sy. *consum-*  
*mation.* reapers are the angels. (40) As therefore the 40  
 tares are gathered and burned in the fire; so will  
<sup>o</sup> Sy. يَكُونُ it be in the end of the world. (41) The Son of 41  
 man will send forth his angels, and they will  
 gather out of his kingdom all the stumbling blocks, 42  
 and all the doers of evil; (42) and will cast them 42  
 into a furnace of fire. There will be wailing and  
 gnashing of teeth. (43) Then will the righteous 43  
 shine as the sun, in the kingdom of their Father. 43  
 He that hath ears to hear, let him hear. (44) Again, 44  
 the kingdom of heaven is like a treasure that is  
 hid in a field; which when a man findeth, he con-  
 cealeth it, and, from his joy, he goeth and selleth  
 all that he hath, and buyeth that field. (45) Again, 45  
 the kingdom of heaven is like a merchantman, who  
 sought after rich<sup>p</sup> pearls:<sup>r</sup> (46) and when he found 46  
 one pearl of great price, he went and sold all that  
<sup>r</sup> Sy. مَتَى he had, and bought it. (47) Again, the kingdom 47  
 of heaven is like a sweep net, which was cast into  
 the sea, and collected [fishes] of every kind.<sup>s</sup> (48) 48  
<sup>s</sup> Sy. وَمَتَى And when it was full, they drew it to the shores of 49  
 the sea; and they sat down and culled over: and  
 Gr. γίνεσθαι. the good they put into vessels, and the bad they  
 cast away. (49) So will it be in the end<sup>t</sup> of the 49  
<sup>t</sup> Sy. *consum-*  
*mation.* world. The angels will go forth, and will sever 50  
 the wicked from among the just; (50) and will 50  
 cast them into a furnace of fire. There will be  
 wailing and gnashing of teeth.

Jesus said to them: Have ye understood all 51  
 these things? They say to him: Yes, our Lord. 51  
 (52) He said to them: Therefore every Scribe who 52  
 is instructed for the kingdom of heaven, is like a  
 man who is master of a house, who bringeth forth 53  
 from his treasures things new and old. (53) And 53  
 it was so, that when Jesus had ended these simili-  
 tudes,<sup>v</sup> he departed thence.

And he entered into his own city. And he 54  
 taught them in their synagogues, in such manner  
 that they wondered, and said: Whence hath he 54  
 this wisdom and [these] works of power? (55) Is 55  
<sup>w</sup> Sy. أَلَيْسَ not this man the carpenter's son?<sup>w</sup> Is not his 56  
 mother called Mary, and his brothers James and  
 Joses and Simon and Judas? (56) And all his 56  
 sisters, are they not with us? Whence then hath

<sup>f</sup> or, good.

<sup>r</sup> Sy.

<sup>s</sup> Sy. وَمَتَى  
 Gr. γίνεσθαι.

<sup>t</sup> Sy. *consum-*  
*mation.*

<sup>v</sup> or, parables.

<sup>w</sup> Sy.

أَلَيْسَ

57 this man all these things? (57) And they were  
 stumbled at him. But Jesus said to them: There  
 is no prophet who is little, except in his own city  
 58 and in his own house. (58) And he did not per-  
 form there many works of power, because of their  
 unbelief.

XIV. And at that time Herod the Tetrarch heard

2 the fame of Jesus: (2) and he said to his ser-  
 vants: This is John the Baptizer: he is risen  
 from the grave:<sup>a</sup> therefore works of power are

3 wrought by him. (3) Now this Herod had seized  
 John, and bound him and cast him into prison;<sup>b</sup>  
 on account of Herodias, the wife of his brother

4 Philip. (4) For John had said to him: It is not  
 5 lawful for her to be thy wife. (5) And he had  
 wished to kill him; but he was afraid of the peo-  
 ple, seeing that they regarded<sup>c</sup> him as a prophet.

6 (6) But when Herod's birthday festival<sup>d</sup> occurred,  
 the daughter of Herodias danced before the guests;

7 and she pleased Herod. (7) Therefore he swore to  
 her by an oath, that he would give her whatsoever  
 8 she might ask. (8) And she, as she had been in-  
 structed by her mother, said: Give me here in a

9 dish<sup>e</sup> the head of John the Baptizer. (9) And it  
 troubled the king: nevertheless, on account of  
 the oath, and the guests, he commanded that it

10 should be given her. (10) And he sent and cut  
 11 off the head of John in the prison. (11) And the  
 head was brought in a dish and given to the girl;

12 and she brought it to her mother. (12) And his  
 disciples came and bore away the corpse, and  
 buried [it]; and they went and informed Jesus.

13 (13) And Jesus, when he had heard [it], retired  
 alone, in a ship, to a desert place. And when the  
 multitudes heard [of it], they followed him by dry

land from the cities.

14 And when Jesus disembarked, he saw great  
 multitudes; and he had compassion on them, and  
 15 healed their sick. (15) And when it was evening,  
 his disciples came to him, and said to him: This

is a desert place, and the time is gone; send away  
 the throngs of people, that they may go to the

16 villages, and buy themselves food. (16) But he  
 said to them: It is not necessary for them to go;  
 17 give ye them to eat. (17) And they said to him:

<sup>a</sup> Sy. *house of the dead.*

<sup>b</sup> Sy. *house of prisoners.*

<sup>c</sup> Sy. *held.*

<sup>d</sup> Sy. *house of his nativity.*


<sup>e</sup> Sy. πιάλο  
 Gr. πίναξ-ακος.

We have nothing here but five cakes and two fishes. (18) Jesus said to them: Bring them here 18  
to me. (19) And he commanded the multitudes 19  
to recline on the ground: and he took the five  
cakes and two fishes, and he looked towards  
heaven, and blessed, and brake, and gave to his  
disciples: and the disciples placed before the mul-  
titudes. (20) And they all ate, and were satisfied:<sup>f</sup> 20  
and they took up the broken remains, twelve full  
baskets. (21) And the men who had eaten were 21  
five thousand, besides<sup>g</sup> the women and children.  
And immediately he constrained his disciples to 22  
embark in a ship, and to go before him to the other  
side, while he sent away the multitudes. (23) And 23  
when he had sent the multitudes away, he ascended  
a mountain alone to pray. And when it was dark,  
he was there alone. (24) And the ship was dis- 24  
tant from land many furlongs: meanwhile it was  
much tossed by the waves; for the wind was ad-  
verse to it. (25) And in the fourth watch of the 25  
night, Jesus came up to them, walking upon the  
waters. (26) And his disciples saw him as he walk- 26  
ed upon the waters, and they were perturbed:  
and they said, What we see is a spectre: and they  
cried out through fear. (27) But Jesus immediately 27  
spoke to them, and said: Have courage: it is I; be  
not afraid. (28) Cephas<sup>h</sup> replied, and said to him: My 28  
Lord, if it be thou, bid me come to thee on the  
waters. (29) And Jesus said to him, Come. And 29  
Cephas descended from the ship, and walked upon  
the waters to go to Jesus. (30) But when he saw 30  
the wind to be violent, he was afraid, and began to  
sink. And he raised his voice, and said: My  
Lord, rescue me. (31) And immediately our Lord 31  
reached forth his hand, and caught him, and said  
to him: O small in faith, why didst thou distrust!  
(32) And as they entered the ship, the wind sub- 32  
sided. (33) And they that were in the ship, came 33  
and worshipped him, and said: Truly thou art the  
Son of God! (34) And they rowed on, and came 34  
to the land of Gennesaret.<sup>i</sup> (35) And the men of 35  
that place knew him: and they sent to all the vil-  
lages around them; and they brought to him all  
that were very sick; (36) and they entreated of 36  
him, that they might touch at least the extremity  
of his garment. And they who touched, were healed.

<sup>f</sup> or, filled.

<sup>g</sup> Sy. aside from.

<sup>h</sup> Gr. Peter.

<sup>i</sup> Sy. 

XV. Then came to Jesus Pharisees and Scribes that  
 2 were from Jerusalem, and said: (2) Why do thy  
 disciples transgress the tradition of the elders,<sup>a</sup>  
 and wash not their hands when they eat bread?  
 3 (3) Jesus replied and said to them: Why do ye  
 also transgress the commandment of God, on ac-  
 4 count of your tradition? (4) For God hath said:  
 Honor thy father, and thy mother; and he that  
 revileth his father or his mother, shall be put to  
 5 death.<sup>b</sup> (5) But ye say: Whosoever shall say to  
 a father or to a mother, Be that my offering, by  
 which ye get profit from me: then<sup>c</sup> he must not  
 6 honor<sup>d</sup> his father or his mother. (6) And [thus]  
 ye make void the word of God, for the sake of  
 7 your tradition. (7) Ye hypocrites, well did the  
 8 prophet Isaiah prophesy of you, and say: (8) This  
 people honoreth me with the lips, but their heart  
 9 is far from me. (9) And in vain they pay me  
 homage, while they teach doctrines that are the  
 10 precepts of men. (10) And he called the multi-  
 tudes, and said to them, Hear and understand.  
 11 (11) Not that which entereth the mouth, defileth  
 a man; but that which proceedeth from the mouth,  
 12 that defileth a man. (12) Then came his disciples,  
 and said to him: Knowest thou, that the Pharisees  
 13 were offended when they heard that speech? (13)  
 And he replied, and said to them: Every plant,<sup>e</sup>  
 which my Father who is in heaven hath not planted,  
 14 shall be eradicated. (14) Let them alone: they  
 are blind leaders of the blind. And if a blind man  
 leadeth one blind, they will both fall into the ditch.  
 15 (15) And Simon Cephas<sup>f</sup> answered and said to  
 him: My Lord, explain to us this similitude.<sup>g</sup>  
 16 (16) And he said to them: Are ye also, up to this  
 17 time, without understanding? (17) Know ye not,  
 that whatever entereth the mouth, passeth into the  
 belly, and from there is ejected by purgation?  
 18 (18) But that which proceedeth from the mouth,  
 cometh from the heart: and that is what defileth  
 19 a man. (19) For, from the heart proceed evil  
 thoughts, adultery, murder, whoredom, theft, false  
 20 testimony, reviling. (20) These are the things  
 that defile a man. But if a man eat while his  
 hands are unwashed, he is not defiled.  
 21 And Jesus departed from there, and went to  
 22 the confines of Tyre and Sidon. (22) And lo, a

<sup>a</sup> Sy. 

<sup>b</sup> Sy. *to die shall die.*

<sup>c</sup> Sy. *and.*

<sup>d</sup> *i. e. by kind offices.*

<sup>e</sup> *or, planting.*

<sup>f</sup> *Gr. Peter.*

<sup>g</sup> *or, parable.*

<sup>h</sup> Sy.

ⲓⲁⲛⲏⲁⲛⲏⲥⲥⲏⲥ

<sup>i</sup> Sy. ⲓⲁⲛⲏⲁⲛⲏⲥⲥⲏⲥ

woman, a Canaanitess<sup>h</sup> from those confines, came forth, calling out and saying: Compassionate me, my Lord, thou son of David: my daughter is grievously distressed by a demon.<sup>i</sup> (23) But he answered her not a word. And his disciples came and requested of him, and said: Send her away, for she crieth after us. (24) But he answered and said to them: I am not sent, except to the sheep that have strayed from the house of Israel. (25) And she came, and worshipped him, and said: Help me, my Lord. (26) Jesus said to her: It is not proper, to take the bread of the children and throw it to the dogs. (27) And she said: Even so, my Lord; yet the dogs eat of the fragments that fall from the tables of their masters, and live. (28) Then Jesus said to her: O woman, great is thy faith: be it to thee, as thou desirest. And her daughter was cured from that hour.

And Jesus departed from there, and came to the side of the sea of Galilee: and he ascended a mountain, and sat there. (30) And great multitudes came to him; and with them were the lame, and the blind, and the dumb, and the maimed, and many others: and they laid them at the feet of Jesus, and he healed them. (31) So that the multitudes were amazed, when they saw the dumb speaking, and the maimed made whole, and the lame walking, and the blind seeing: and they praised the God of Israel. (32) Then Jesus called his disciples, and said to them: I pity this multitude; for lo, these three days they have continued with me, and they have nothing to eat: and I am unwilling to send them away fasting, lest they faint by the way. (33) His disciples say to him: Whence can we get bread in the wilderness, to satisfy all this multitude? (34) Jesus said to them, How many loaves have ye? They said to him, Seven, and a few little fishes. (35) And he commanded the multitudes to recline on the ground. (36) And he took the seven loaves<sup>k</sup> and the fishes, and gave thanks, and brake, and gave to his disciples; and the disciples gave to the multitudes. (37) And they all ate, and were satisfied. And they took up the remains of fragments, seven full baskets.<sup>l</sup> (38) And they that had eaten were four thousand men, besides women and children.


<sup>k</sup> Sy. *bread*s.<sup>l</sup> Sy.

ⲓⲁⲛⲏⲁⲛⲏⲥⲥⲏⲥ

Gr. σπυρίδης.



39 (39) And when he had sent away the multitudes, he took ship, and came to the coasts of Magdala.<sup>m</sup>

<sup>m</sup> Sy. 


XVI. And Pharisees and Sadducees came near, tempting him, and asking him to show them a sign from heaven. (2) But he answered, and said to them: When it is evening ye say, It will be fair weather; for the heavens<sup>a</sup> are red. (3) And in the morning ye say, There will be a storm to-day; for the heavens are sadly red. Ye hypocrites, ye are intelligent to discover the aspect of the heavens, but the signs of this time ye have no skill to discern. (4) A wicked and adulterous generation asketh for a sign; but no sign shall be given it, but the sign of the prophet Jonah. And he left them, and departed.

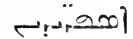
<sup>a</sup> Sy. *the heaven is.*

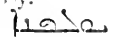
5 And when his disciples had come to the farther shore,<sup>b</sup> they had forgotten to take bread with them. (6) And he said to them: Take heed, and beware of the leaven of the Pharisees and the Sadducees. (7) And they reasoned among themselves, and said, [it was] because they had taken no bread. (8) But Jesus knew [it] and said to them: O ye small in faith! why reason ye among yourselves because ye have taken no bread? (9) Have ye not yet understood? Do ye not remember the five loaves and the five thousand, and the many baskets<sup>c</sup> ye took up? (10) Nor the seven loaves and the four thousand, and the many baskets<sup>d</sup> ye took up? (11) How is it that ye do not understand that it was not concerning bread that I spoke to you; but that ye should beware of the leaven of the Pharisees and of the Sadducees? (12) Then understood they, that he did not bid them beware of the leaven of bread, but of the doctrine<sup>e</sup> of the Pharisees and of the Sadducees.

<sup>b</sup> Sy. 

13 And when Jesus came into the region of Caesarea Philippi, he questioned his disciples, and said: What do men say concerning me, that I the Son of man, am? (14) And they said: Some say that [thou art] John the Baptizer; but others, Elijah; and others, Jeremiah, or one of the prophets. (15) He said to them: But, who do ye yourselves say that I am? (16) Simon Cephas<sup>f</sup> answered and said: Thou art the Messiah, the Son of the living God. (17) Jesus answered, and said,

<sup>c</sup> Sy. 

<sup>d</sup> Sy. 

<sup>e</sup> Sy. 

17 of the living God. (17) Jesus answered, and said,

<sup>f</sup> Gr. *Simon Peter.*

<p><sup>e</sup> Sy. <span style="font-family: serif;">ⲡⲁⲗⲁ</span>; i. e. <i>a rock</i>.</p> <p><sup>b</sup> Sy. <span style="font-family: serif;">ⲕⲉⲫⲁ</span></p> <p><sup>i</sup> Sy. <span style="font-family: serif;">ⲙⲉⲧⲁ</span>. <i>the grave</i>.</p> <p><sup>k</sup> Sy. <span style="font-family: serif;">ⲙⲁⲧⲏⲣⲁ</span>. Gr. <span style="font-family: serif;">ματθαῖος</span>.</p> <p><sup>l</sup> Sy. <span style="font-family: serif;">ⲙⲉⲥⲥⲓⲁ</span></p> <p><sup>m</sup> Sy. <span style="font-family: serif;">ⲛⲉⲩⲉ ⲙⲁⲧⲏⲣⲁ</span></p> <p><sup>n</sup> Gr. <i>Peter</i>.</p> <p><sup>o</sup> Sy. <span style="font-family: serif;">ⲙⲁⲗⲁ</span></p> <p><sup>r</sup> Sy. <i>to keep his soul alive</i>.</p> <p><sup>r</sup> Sy. <span style="font-family: serif;">ⲛⲉⲙⲁ</span></p> <p><sup>a</sup> Gr. <i>Peter</i>.</p>	<p>to him: Blessed art thou, Simon son of Jonas; for flesh and blood have not revealed [it] to thee, but my Father who is in heaven. (18) Also I say to thee, that thou art Cephas: and upon this rock,<sup>g</sup> I will build my church:<sup>h</sup> and the gates of death<sup>i</sup> shall not triumph over it. (19) To thee will I give the keys<sup>k</sup> of the kingdom of heaven: and whatever thou shalt bind on earth, shall be bound in heaven: and whatever thou shalt unbind on earth, shall be unbound in heaven. (20) Then he enjoined on his disciples, that they should tell no man that he was the Messiah.</p> <p>And from that time Jesus began to show to his disciples, that he was to go up to Jerusalem, and to suffer much from the Elders,<sup>l</sup> and from the chief priests<sup>m</sup> and Scribes, and be killed, and on the third day arise. (22) And Cephas<sup>n</sup> took him, and began to rebuke him; and he said: Far be it from thee, my Lord, that this should be to thee. (23) But he turned, and said to Cephas: Get thee behind me, Satan:<sup>o</sup> Thou art a stumbling-block to me; for thou thinkest not the things of God, but the things of men.</p> <p>Then said Jesus to his disciples: If any one desireth to come after me, let him deny himself; and let him bear his cross, and come after me. (25) For, whoever chooseth to preserve his life,<sup>p</sup> shall lose it; and whoever will lose his life for my sake, shall find it. (26) For what will it profit a man, if he shall gain the whole world, and shall lose his soul?<sup>r</sup> Or what will a man give in exchange for his soul? (27) For the Son of man is to come in the glory of his Father, with all his holy angels; and then will he recompense to every man as his deeds are. (28) Verily I say to you: There are some persons standing here, who shall not taste death, till they see the Son of man coming in his kingdom.</p> <p>And after six days Jesus took Cephas,<sup>a</sup> and James, and John his brother, and conducted them alone to a high mountain. (2) And Jesus was changed before them: and his face shone like the sun: and his vestments became white like the light. (3) And there appeared to them Moses and Elijah, in conversation with him. (4) Then Ce-</p>	<p>18</p> <p>19</p> <p>20</p> <p>21</p> <p>22</p> <p>23</p> <p>24</p> <p>25</p> <p>26</p> <p>27</p> <p>28</p> <p>XVII.</p> <p>2</p> <p>3</p> <p>4</p>
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phas answered and said to Jesus: My Lord, it is good for us to be here: and, if it please thee, we will make here three booths; one for thee, and  
5 one for Moses, and one for Elijah. (5) And while he was yet speaking, lo, a bright cloud overshadowed them: and there was a voice from the cloud which said: This is my beloved Son, in  
6 whom I have pleasure; hear ye him. (6) And when the disciples heard [it], they fell on their  
7 faces, and were much afraid. (7) And Jesus came to them and touched them, and said: Arise, and  
8 be not afraid. (8) And they raised their eyes, 9 and they saw no person, except Jesus only. (9)  
And as they came down from the mountain, Jesus charged them, and said to them: Speak of this vision before no person, until the Son of man shall  
10 have arisen from the dead. (10) And his disciples asked him, and said to him: Why then do the  
11 Scribes say, that Elijah must first come? (11) Jesus answered, and said to them: Elijah doth first  
12 come, to fulfill every thing. (12) And I say to you, That, behold, Elijah hath come, and they did  
not know him; and they have done to him whatever they pleased: and, in like manner, also the  
13 Son of man is to suffer from them. (13) Then the disciples understood, that he spake to them of John the Baptizer.  
14 And when they came to the multitude, a man approached him, and bowed himself on his knees,  
15 (15) and said to him: My Lord, compassionate me. I have a son who is a lunatic, and grievously  
afflicted; for often he falleth into the fire, and often  
16 into the water. (16) And I brought him to thy  
17 disciples, and they could not heal him. (17) Jesus answered and said: O unbelieving and perverse generation! How long shall I be with you? and how long bear with you? Bring him here to  
18 me. (18) And Jesus rebuked the demon, and it departed from him: and from that hour the child  
19 was healed. (19) Then came the disciples to Jesus, apart, and said to him: Why could not we  
20 heal him? (20) Jesus said to them: Because of your unbelief. For verily I say to you, That if there be in you faith like a grain of mustard seed, ye may say to this mountain, Remove hence, and it will remove: and nothing will be too hard for

<sup>b</sup> Sy. ܡܫܝܚܐ  
Gr. γένος. you. (21) But this kind<sup>b</sup> goeth not out, except 21  
by fasting and prayer.

<sup>c</sup> or, *conversant*. And while they were resident<sup>c</sup> in Galilee, Jesus 22  
said to them: The Son of man is to be betrayed  
into the hands of men; (23) and they will kill 23  
him; and the third day he will arise. And it  
saddened them much.

<sup>d</sup> Sy. ܩܝܢܐܝܢܐ And when they came to Capernaum, these who 24  
receive the two drachmas<sup>d</sup> of capitation money  
came to Cephas, and said to him: Doth not your  
rabbi pay his two drachmas? (25) He said to 25  
them, Yes. And when Cephas had entered the  
house, Jesus anticipated him and said to him:  
How doth it appear to thee, Sinaon? The kings  
of the earth, of whom do they receive tribute and  
capitation money? of their children, or of aliens?

<sup>e</sup> or, *sons of freedom*. (26) Simon said to him: Of aliens. Jesus said to 26  
him: Then the children are free.<sup>e</sup> (27) But still, 27  
lest they be stumbled with us, go thou to the sea  
and cast in a fish-hook, and the fish that shall first  
come up, open its mouth, and thou wilt find a  
stater:<sup>f</sup> that take, and give for me and for thyself.

<sup>f</sup> Sy. ܫܬܪܐܝܢܐ,  
Gr. στατήρα.

In that hour the disciples approached Je- XVIII.

<sup>a</sup> Sy. ܩܝܢܐܝܢܐ sus, and said: Who is the greatest in the king- 2  
dom of heaven? (2) And Jesus called a child,<sup>a</sup> 2  
and placed him in the midst of them, (3) and said: 3

<sup>b</sup> Sy. ܐܝܢܐ ܩܝܢܐܝܢܐ Verily I say to you, that unless ye be converted, 4  
and become like children,<sup>b</sup> ye will not enter the  
kingdom of heaven. (4) He therefore that shall 4

humble himself like this child, he will be great in 5  
the kingdom of heaven. (5) And he that shall  
receive in my name [one who is] like to this child, 5  
he receiveth me. (6) And whosoever shall stum- 6

<sup>c</sup> Sy. ܐܝܢܐ ܩܝܢܐܝܢܐ ble one of these little ones<sup>c</sup> that believe in me, it  
were better for him that a millstone were suspended  
to his neck, and that he were sunk in the depths  
of the sea. (7) Woe to the world because of stum- 7

<sup>d</sup> Sy. *causes of stumbling*. bles!<sup>d</sup> For it must be, that stumbling  
blocks come. But, woe to the person by whose  
means the stumbling blocks come. (8) If then thy 8

hand or thy foot make thee stumble, cut it off and  
cast it from thee: for it is good for thee to enter  
into life lame or mutilated, and not that, with two  
hands or two feet, thou fall into eternal<sup>e</sup> fire. 8

<sup>e</sup> Sy. ܩܝܢܐܝܢܐ (9) And if thine eye make thee stumble, pluck it 9

out and cast it from thee: for it is good for thee to enter into life with one eye, and not that, with two eyes, thou fall into the hell<sup>f</sup> of fire. (10) See that ye despise not one of these little ones; for I say to you, That their angels<sup>g</sup> in heaven, at all times, are beholding the face of my Father who is in heaven. (11) For the Son of man, hath come to give life<sup>h</sup> to that which was lost.<sup>i</sup> (12) How doth it appear to you? If a man should have a hundred sheep, and one of them should go astray, will he not leave the ninety and nine in the mountains, and go and seek the one that strayed? (13) And if he find it, verily I say to you, that he rejoiceth in it, more than in the ninety and nine that did not stray. (14) Just so, it is not the pleasure of your Father who is in heaven, that one of these little ones<sup>k</sup> should perish.<sup>l</sup>

15 Moreover, if thy brother commit an offence<sup>m</sup> against thee, go and admonish him between thee and him only. If he hear thee, thou hast gained thy brother. (16) But if he hear thee not, take with thee one or two, that at the mouth of two or three witnesses every word<sup>n</sup> may be established. (17) And if he will also not hear them, t-ll [it] to the church.<sup>o</sup> And if he will also not hear the church, let him be to thee as a heathen<sup>p</sup> and a heathen.<sup>p</sup> (18) Verily I say to you, That whatever ye shall bind<sup>r</sup> on earth, shall be bound in heaven: and whatever ye shall unbind on earth, shall be unbound in heaven. (19) Again I say to you, That if two of you shall agree on earth concerning any thing that they shall ask, it shall be to them<sup>t</sup> from my Father who is in heaven. (20) For where two or three [are] assembled in my name, there [am] I in the midst of them.

21 Then Cephas<sup>v</sup> approached him, and said to him: My Lord, how many times, if my brother commit offence against me,<sup>w</sup> shall I forgive him? up to seven times? (22) Jesus said to him: I do not say to thee, up to seven times, but up to seventy times seven. (23) Therefore the kingdom of heaven is like to some king, who wished to have a reckoning with his servants. (24) And when he began to reckon, they brought to him one debtor of ten thousand talents.<sup>x</sup> (25) And as he had not wherewith to pay, his lord commanded

<sup>f</sup> Sy. ܡܘܬܘܬܐ  
Gr. γέεννα.

<sup>g</sup> Sy. ܡܠܐܿܚܐܢܐ  
ܡܠܐܿܚܐܢܐ

<sup>h</sup> Sy. ܢܘܨܐ

<sup>i</sup> Sy. ܐܘܨܐ

<sup>k</sup> Sy. ܡܠܐܿܚܐܢܐ  
ܡܠܐܿܚܐܢܐ

<sup>l</sup> Sy. ܢܘܨܐ

<sup>m</sup> Sy. ܐܘܨܐ  
ܐܘܨܐ

<sup>n</sup> Sy. ܡܠܐܿܚܐܢܐ

<sup>o</sup> Sy. ܡܠܐܿܚܐܢܐ,  
the regular meeting.

<sup>p</sup> or, profane man.

<sup>r</sup> Sy. ܡܠܐܿܚܐܢܐ

<sup>s</sup> or, accord.

<sup>t</sup> i. e. they shall have it.

<sup>v</sup> Gr. Peter.

<sup>w</sup> Sy. ܡܠܐܿܚܐܢܐ

<sup>x</sup> Sy. ܡܠܐܿܚܐܢܐ

him to be sold, him and his wife and his children, and all that he possessed, and payment to be made. (26) And that servant fell down and worshipped him, and said: My lord, have patience with me, and I will pay thee the whole. (27) And his lord had compassion on that servant, and set him free, and forgave him his debt. (28) Then that servant went out, and found one of his fellow-servants who owed him a hundred denarii.<sup>v</sup> And he laid hold of him and choked him, and said to him: Pay me what thou owest me. (29) And that fellow-servant fell at his feet and entreated him, and said: Have patience with me, and I will pay thee the whole. (30) But he would not, but went and cast him into prison,<sup>z</sup> until he should pay him what he owed him. (31) And when their fellow-servants saw what was done, it grieved them much; and they came and made known to their lord all that had occurred. (32) Then his lord called him, and said to him: Thou vile<sup>a</sup> servant! Lo, I forgave thee that whole debt, because thou entreatedst of me: (33) oughtest not thou also to have compassion on thy fellow-servant, as I had compassion on thee? (34) And his lord was angry, and delivered him over to the torturers, until he should pay all he owed him. (35) So will my Father who is in heaven do to you, unless ye from your heart forgive each his brother his offence.


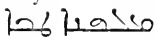

<sup>v</sup> Sy. ⲁⲓⲛⲁⲓ,  
about 15½  
cents each.

<sup>z</sup> Sy. *house of  
prisoners.*

<sup>a</sup> or, *evil, bad.*

And when Jesus had ended these discourses,<sup>a</sup> he removed from Galilee, and came to the confines of Judæa on the other side of Jordan. (2) And great multitudes followed after him, and he healed them there. (3) And Pharisees came to him, and tempted him and said: Is it lawful for a man to divorce his wife for every cause? (4) And he answered and said to them: Have ye not read, that he who made [them] at the beginning, made them a male and a female? (5) And he said: For this reason, a man shall leave his father and his mother, and adhere to his wife; and they two shall be one flesh. (6) Wherefore they were not two, but one flesh. What therefore God hath united, let not man sunder. (7) They say to him: Why then did Moses command

<sup>a</sup> or, *words.*

- to give a bill<sup>b</sup> of divorce, and to put her away? <sup>b</sup> or, *writing*.
- 8 (8) He said to them: Moses, on account of the hardness of your heart, permitted you to divorce your wives: but from the beginning it was not so.
- 9 (9) And I say to you, That whoever leaveth his wife not being an adulteress, and taketh<sup>c</sup> another, <sup>c</sup> or, *marrieth*, committeth adultery. And whoever taketh her
- 10 that is divorced, committeth adultery. (10) His disciples say to him: If such is the case between man and wife, it is not expedient to take a wife.
- 11 (11) But he said to them: Not every one is capable of that thing,<sup>d</sup> but he only to whom it is <sup>d</sup> or, *word*.
- 12 given. (12) For there are some eunuchs, born so from their mother's womb; and there are some eunuchs, who were made eunuchs by men; and there are some eunuchs who have made themselves eunuchs for the sake of the kingdom of heaven. He that can be contented let him be contented.
- 13 Then they brought children<sup>e</sup> to him, that he might lay his hand upon them and pray. And <sup>e</sup> Sy. 
- 14 his disciples rebuked them. (14) But Jesus said to them: Allow children to come to me, and forbid them not; for of those that are like them is the kingdom of heaven. (15) And he laid his hand upon them, and departed from there.
- 16 And one came, drew near, and said to him: Good Teacher,<sup>f</sup> what good thing must I do, that <sup>f</sup> Sy.
- 17 eternal life may be mine? (17) And he said to him: Why callest thou me good? There is none good, except one, [namely,] God. But if thou wouldst enter into life,<sup>g</sup> keep the commandments.<sup>h</sup> 
- 18 (18) He said to him, Which? And Jesus said to him: Thou shalt not kill; and thou shalt not commit adultery; and thou shalt not steal; and thou shalt not bear false testimony; (19) and honor thy father and thy mother; and thou shalt love thy
- 19 neighbor as thyself. (20) The young man saith to him: All these have I kept from my childhood.
- 20 neighbor as thyself. (20) The young man saith to him: All these have I kept from my childhood.
- 21 What do I lack? (21) Jesus saith to him: If thou desirest to be perfect,<sup>i</sup> go, sell thy property, and give to the poor; and there shall be<sup>k</sup> for thee a treasure in heaven; and come thou after me. <sup>i</sup> Sy. 
- 22 (22) And the young man heard that speech,<sup>l</sup> and he went away in sadness; for he had much property. <sup>k</sup> or, *thou shalt have*.
- 23 (23) And Jesus said to his disciples: Verily I say to you, It is difficult for a rich man to enter <sup>l</sup> or, *word*.

into the kingdom of heaven. (24) And again, I 24  
 say to you: It is easier for a camel to enter the  
 aperture of a needle, than for a rich man to enter  
 the kingdom of God. (25) And when the disci- 25  
 ples heard [it], they wondered greatly, and said:  
 Who then can attain to life!<sup>m</sup> (26) Jesus looked 26  
 on them, and said to them: With men this is not  
 practicable, but with God every thing is practi-  
 cable. (27) Then answered Cephas,<sup>n</sup> and said to 27  
 him: Lo, we have forsaken every thing, and come  
 after thee: what therefore shall we receive?<sup>o</sup> (28) 28  
 Jesus said to them: Verily I say to you, that, as  
 for you who have followed me, when the Son of  
 man shall sit on the throne of his glory in the  
 new world,<sup>p</sup> ye also shall sit on twelve seats, and  
 shall judge<sup>r</sup> the twelve tribes of Israel. (29) And 29  
 every man that relinquisheth houses, or brothers  
 or sisters, or father or mother, or wife or children,  
 or lands, for my name's sake, shall receive an  
 hundredfold, and shall inherit eternal life.<sup>s</sup> (30) 30  
 But there are many first who shall be last, and  
 last [who shall be] first. (XX.) For the kingdom XX.  
 of heaven is like a man, the lord of a house, who  
 went out, at dawn of day, to hire laborers for his  
 vineyard. (2) And he contracted with the labor- 2  
 ers for a denarius<sup>a</sup> a day: and sent them into his  
 vineyard. (3) And he went out at the third hour,<sup>b</sup> 3  
 and saw others standing idle in the market-place:  
 (4) and he said to them, Go ye also into my vine- 4  
 yard, and what is right I will give you; (5) 5  
 and they went. And again he went out at the sixth  
 and ninth hours,<sup>c</sup> and did the same. (6) And 6  
 about the eleventh hour,<sup>d</sup> he went out and found  
 others who were standing and idle; and he said to  
 them: Why stand ye all the day, and are idle? 7  
 (7) They say to him, Because no one hath hired  
 us. He saith to them: Go ye also into the vine- 7  
 yard; and what is right ye shall receive. (8) And 8  
 when it was evening, the lord of the vineyard said  
 to his steward:<sup>e</sup> Call the laborers, and give them  
 their wages; and commence with the last, and  
 proceed to the first. (9) And those of the eleventh 9  
 hour came, and received each a denarius. (10) 10  
 And when the first came, they supposed they  
 should receive more; but they also received each  
 a denarius. (11) And when they received [it], 11

<sup>m</sup> Sy. *can live.*

<sup>n</sup> Gr. *Peter.*

<sup>o</sup> or, *shall be to us!*

<sup>p</sup> Sy.

صلاص  
سبيل

<sup>r</sup> or, *rule.*

<sup>s</sup> Sy.

سبع  
لذاتكم

<sup>a</sup> Sy. دينار,  
about 15½  
cents.

<sup>b</sup> About 9 A. M.

<sup>c</sup> Noon, and 3  
P. M.

<sup>d</sup> About 5 P. M.

<sup>e</sup> Sy.

لذاتكم



they murmured against the lord of the house.  
 12 (12) and said: These last have labored but one  
 hour, and thou hast made them equal with us who  
 have borne the burden of the day and the heat of  
 13 it. (13) But he answered, and said to one of  
 them: My friend, I do thee no injustice: was it not  
 for a denarius that thou didst contract with me?  
 14 (14) Take what belongeth to thee, and go: for I  
 15 am disposed to give to this last, as to thee. (15)  
 Is it not lawful for me, to do what I please with  
 what belongeth to me; or is thy eye evil,<sup>f</sup> be-  
 16 cause I am good?<sup>g</sup> (16) Thus the last shall be  
 first, and the first last: for the called are many,  
 but the chosen are few.  
 17 And Jesus was about to go up to Jerusalem:  
 and he took his twelve disciples aside, on the way,  
 18 and said to them: (18) Behold, we are going to  
 Jerusalem; and the Son of man will be delivered  
 up to the chief priests<sup>h</sup> and to the Scribes, and they  
 19 will condemn him to death. (19) And they will de-  
 liver him over to the Gentiles:<sup>i</sup> and they will mock  
 him, and will scourge him, and will crucify him;  
 20 and the third day, he will arise. (20) Then came  
 to him the mother of Zebedee's children, she and  
 her sons; and she worshipped him, and asked  
 21 something from him. (21) And he said to her,  
 What desirest thou? She said to him: Say, that  
 these my two sons shall sit, the one on thy right  
 hand and the other on thy left, in thy kingdom.  
 22 (22) Jesus answered and said: Ye know not what  
 ye ask for. Can ye drink of the cup, of which I  
 am to drink? or be baptized<sup>k</sup> with the baptism,<sup>l</sup>  
 that I am baptized with? They say to him: We  
 23 can. (23) He saith to them: Ye will [indeed] drink  
 of my cup, and will be baptized with the baptism  
 that I am baptized with: but that ye should sit on  
 my right hand and on my left, is not mine to give,  
 except to those for whom it is prepared by my  
 24 Father. (24) And when the ten heard [it], they  
 25 were angry against the two brothers. (25) And  
 Jesus called them, and said to them: Ye know  
 that the princes<sup>m</sup> of the nations are their lords, and  
 their great men<sup>n</sup> exercise authority over them.  
 26 (26) Not so shall it be among you. But whoever  
 among you desireth to be great, let him be to  
 27 you, a ministerer:<sup>o</sup> (27) and whoever among you

<sup>f</sup> i. e. *envious.*

<sup>g</sup> i. e. *generous.*

<sup>h</sup> Sy.

نقد صتبا

<sup>i</sup> Sy. لجملتهم

<sup>k</sup> Sy. لجذب

<sup>l</sup> Sy.

مكتوبه

<sup>m</sup> Sy.

تعتبرون

<sup>n</sup> Sy.

ذو تصورات

<sup>o</sup> Sy.

مخدمكم

<sup>r</sup> Sy. ܕܢܝܢܐ

desireth to be first, let him be your servant:<sup>r</sup> 28  
(28) even as the Son of man came, not to be served, but to serve; and to give his life a ransom<sup>r</sup> for many.

<sup>r</sup> Sy. ܕܢܝܢܐ

And as Jesus passed out of Jericho, a great 29  
multitude followed him. (30) And lo, two blind 30  
men were sitting by the way side. And when

<sup>a</sup> Sy. *gave voice.*

they heard that Jesus was passing, they called out,<sup>a</sup> and said: Have compassion on us, my Lord, thou son of David! (31) And the multitudes rebuked 31  
them, that they might be silent. But they raised their voice the more, and said: Our Lord, have compassion on us, thou son of David. (32) And 32  
Jesus stopped, and called them, and said: What wish ye, that I should do for you? (33) They 33  
said to him: Our Lord, that our eyes may be opened. (34) And he had compassion on them, 34  
and touched their eyes: and immediately their eyes were opened, and they followed him.

<sup>a</sup> Sy.

ܕܢܝܢܐ

And as he approached Jerusalem, and came XXI.  
to Bethphage,<sup>a</sup> by the side<sup>b</sup> of the mount of Olives, Jesus sent two of his disciples; (2) and said 2

<sup>b</sup> or, *near to.*

to them: Go into this village which is over against you, and directly ye will find an ass tied, and a colt with her. Untie and bring [them] to me. (3) And if any man say ought to you, tell him, That they are needed by our Lord: and at once he will send them hither. (4) Now this whole occurrence was, that so might be fulfilled that which was spoken by the prophet, saying: (5) Tell ye the daughter of Sion, Behold, thy king cometh to thee, meek, and riding on an ass, and on a colt the foal of an ass. (6) And the disciples went, and did as Jesus commanded them. (7) And they brought the ass and the colt. And they placed their garments on the colt, and set Jesus upon it. (8) And 8

<sup>c</sup> Sy. *a multitude of throngs.*

a very great throng<sup>c</sup> strewed their clothes in the path; and others cut branches from the trees, and cast them in the path. (9) And the multitudes that went before him, and that followed after him, 9

<sup>d</sup> Sy. ܕܢܝܢܐ

shouted and said: Hosanna<sup>d</sup> to the son of David: Blessed is he that cometh in the name of the Lord:

<sup>e</sup> i. e. *places, or the heavens.*

Hosanna in the highest.<sup>e</sup> (10) And as he entered 10  
Jerusalem, the whole city was in commotion; and they said, Who is this? (11) And the multitudes 11

said, This is Jesus the prophet, who is from Nazareth of Galilee. (12) And Jesus entered into the temple of God, and expelled all them that bought and sold in the temple, and overset the counters of the money-brokers, and the seats of them that sold doves. (13) And he said to them: It is written, my house shall be called the house of prayer; but ye have made it a den of robbers. (14) And there came to him in the temple the blind and the lame; and he healed them. (15) And when the chief priests and Pharisees saw the wonderful things which he performed, and the children shouting in the temple and saying, Hosanna to the son of David, their indignation was excited. (16) And they said to him: Hearest thou what these are saying? Jesus said to them: Yes. Have ye never read, Out of the mouth of children and infants thou hast acquired praise? (17) And he left them, and retired out of the city to Bethany, and lodged there. (18) And in the morning, when he returned to the city, he was hungry. (19) And he saw a fig-tree by the way, and came to it and found nothing on it, except leaves only. And he said to it: There shall no more be fruit on thee for ever. And immediately the fig-tree withered. (20) And the disciples saw [it], and admired, and said: How suddenly hath the fig-tree withered! (21) Jesus replied and said to them: Verily I say to you, That if there be faith in you, and ye shall not doubt, ye may not only do this thing of the fig-tree, but also if ye shall say to this mountain, be thou lifted up, and fall into the sea, it will be so. (22) And whatsoever ye shall ask in prayer, and shall believe, ye shall receive. (23) And when Jesus came to the temple, the chief priests and the Elders<sup>b</sup> of the people came to him as he was teaching, and said to him: By what authority doest thou these things? And who gave thee this authority? (24) Jesus replied and said to them: I also will ask you one question,<sup>i</sup> and if ye will tell me, I also will tell you by what authority I do these things. (25) The baptism<sup>k</sup> of John, from whence was it? From heaven, or from men? And they reasoned among themselves,<sup>l</sup> and said: If we should say, From heaven; he will say to us, Why did ye not believe in him? (26) And if we

<sup>f</sup> Sy.

بنا صا

<sup>g</sup> Sy.

للم

<sup>h</sup> Sy.

صفتا

<sup>i</sup> or, word.

<sup>k</sup> Sy.

معمونه صا

<sup>l</sup> or, with themselves.

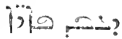
should say, From men; we are afraid of the multitude, for they all hold John as a prophet. (27) 27  
 And they answered, and said to him: We do not know. Jesus said to them: Neither do I tell you by what authority I do these things. (28) But 28  
 how appeareth it to you? A certain man had two sons; and he came to the first and said to him, My son, go, labor to-day in the vineyard. (29) And he answered and said, I am not willing. 29  
 But afterwards he repented and went. (30) And 30  
 he came to the other, and said the same to him. And he answered and said: I [go], my lord; but did not go. (31) Which of these two performed 31  
 the pleasure of his father? They say to him, The first. Jesus said to them: Verily I say to you, That publicans and harlots go before you into the kingdom of God. (32) For John came to you in 32  
 the way of righteousness,<sup>m</sup> and ye believed him not; but the publicans and harlots believed him: and ye, after ye had seen [it], did not even then repent and believe in him. (33) Hear ye another 33  
 similitude.<sup>n</sup> A certain man, the lord of a house, planted a vineyard, and inclosed it with a hedge, and digged in it a wine-press, and built a tower in it, and leased it to cultivators, and removed to a distance. (34) And when the time for the fruits 34  
 arrived, he sent his servants to the cultivators, that they might remit to him of the fruits of the vineyard. (35) And the cultivators laid hold of 35  
 his servants, and beat one, and stoned another, and one they slew. (36) And again he sent 36  
 other servants, more numerous than the first; and they did the like to them. (37) And at last he sent 37  
 to them his son: for he said, Perhaps they will respect my son. (38) But the cultivators, when 38  
 they saw the son, said among themselves: This is the heir: Come; let us kill him, and retain his inheritance. (39) And they laid hold of him, 39  
 thrust him out of the vineyard, and slew him. (40) When the lord of the vineyard, therefore, 40  
 shall come; what will he do to those cultivators? (41) They say to him: He will utterly<sup>o</sup> destroy 41  
 them; and will lease the vineyard to other cultivators, who will render him the fruits in their seasons. (42) Jesus said to them: Have ye never 42  
 read in the scripture, 'The stone which the builders

<sup>m</sup> Sy. ܐܘܪܝܬܐ

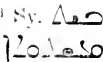
<sup>n</sup> or, *parable*.

<sup>o</sup> Sy. *badly, badly*.

rejected, hath become the head of the corner: this is from the Lord; and it is marvellous in our eyes?  
 43 (43) Therefore I say to you, That the kingdom of God shall be taken from you, and shall be given  
 44 to a people that will yield fruits.<sup>p</sup> (44) And whoever shall fall upon this stone, will be fractured; but on whomsoever it shall fall, it will crush him  
 45 to atoms?<sup>r</sup> (45) And when the chief priests and Pharisees had heard his similitudes,<sup>s</sup> they understood that he spoke in reference to them. (46) And they sought to apprehend him, but were afraid of the multitude, because they accounted him as a prophet.

Sy.   
<sup>p</sup> or, scatter him in particles.  
<sup>r</sup> or, parables.

XXII. And Jesus answered again by similitudes,<sup>a</sup>  
 2 and said: (2) The kingdom of heaven is like to a royal person, who made a feast<sup>b</sup> for his son.  
 3 (3) And he sent his servants to call those that had been invited, to the feast: and they would not  
 4 come. (4) And again he sent other servants, and said: Tell those invited, Behold, my entertainment is prepared, my oxen and my fatlings are slain, and every thing is prepared; come ye to the feast.  
 5 (5) But they showed contempt, and went away, one to his farm, and another to his merchandise;  
 6 (6) and the rest seized his servants, and abused them, and slew them. (7) And when the king heard [of it], he was angry; and he sent his military forces,<sup>c</sup> and destroyed those murderers, and burned  
 8 their city. (8) Then said he to his servants, The feast is prepared, but they who were invited were  
 9 unworthy. (9) Go ye therefore to the terminations of the streets; and as many as ye find, bid  
 10 to the feast. (10) And those servants went out into the streets, and collected all they found, both bad and good; and the place of feasting<sup>d</sup> was filled  
 11 with guests. (11) And the king went in to see the guests: and he saw there a man who was not clad in the festal garments. (12) And he said to him: My friend, how camest thou here without the  
 13 festal robes? But he was silent. (13) Then said the king to the servitors: Bind his hands and his feet, and cast him into the outer<sup>e</sup> darkness: there will  
 14 be weeping and gnashing of teeth. (14) For the called are many, and the chosen are few.  
 15 Then went the Pharisees and took counsel, how

<sup>a</sup> or, parables.  
<sup>b</sup> or, marriage-feast.  
<sup>c</sup> or, his armies.  
<sup>d</sup> Sy.   
<sup>e</sup> or, outside.

† Sy. <span style="font-family: monospace;">ܡܠܟܝܢ</span>	they might ensnare him in discourse. <sup>f</sup> (16) And 16
* Sy. <span style="font-family: monospace;">ܕܥܡܗ ܡܘܨܝܢ</span>	they sent to him their disciples, with domestics of 17
* Sy. <span style="font-family: monospace;">ܡܠܟܝܢ</span>	Herod, <sup>g</sup> and said to him: Teacher, <sup>h</sup> we know that 18
	thou art veracious, and teachest the way of God 19
	with truth, regardless of man, for thou hast no 20
	respect of persons. (17) Tell us, therefore, how 21
	doth it appear to thee: is it lawful to pay capita- 22
	tion money to Caesar, or not? (18) But Jesus knew 23
	their wickedness, and said: Why tempt ye me, 24
	ye hypocrites? (19) Show me a denarius of the 25
	capitation money. And they brought to him a 26
	denarius. (20) And Jesus said to them: Whose 27
	is this image and inscription? (21) They say, 28
	Caesar's. He saith to them: Give then Caesar's 29
	things to Caesar, and God's things to God. (22) 30
	And when they heard [it] they were surprised: 31
	and they left him, and went away.
† Sy.	The same day came Sadducees, and said to him: 23
ܡܠܟܝܢ	There is no life of the dead. <sup>i</sup> And they questione 24
* Sy. <span style="font-family: monospace;">ܡܠܟܝܢ</span>	him, (24) and said to him: Teacher: <sup>k</sup> Moses com- 25
	manded us, that if a man should die childless, his 26
	brother must take his wife and raise up seed to 27
	his brother. (25) Now there were with us seven 28
	brothers. The first took a wife, and deceased; and, 29
	as he had no children, he left his wife to his bro- 30
	ther. (26) In like manner also the second, and 31
	the third, and up to the whole seven. (27) And 32
	after them all, the woman also herself died. (28) 33
† Sy.	In the resurrection, <sup>l</sup> therefore, to which of those 34
ܡܠܟܝܢ	seven will she be the wife? For they all had taken 35
	her? (29) Jesus answered, and said to them: Ye 36
	do err, from not knowing the scriptures, nor the 37
	power <sup>m</sup> of God. (30) For in the resurrection of the 38
	dead, they do not take wives, nor are wives given 39
	to husbands; but they are as the angels of God in 40
	heaven. (31) But as to the resurrection of the dead, 41
	have ye not read what was spoken to you by God, 42
	who said: (32) I am the God of Abraham, the 43
	God of Isaac, the God of Jacob? Now he is not 44
* Sy.	the God of the dead, but of the living. (33) And 45
ܡܠܟܝܢ	when the multitude heard [it] they were astonished 46
	at his doctrine. <sup>n</sup>
° Sy. <span style="font-family: monospace;">ܡܠܟܝܢ</span>	And when the Pharisees heard that he had put 34
Gr. <i>ὑμῶς</i> .	the Sadducees to silence, they assembled together; 35
	(35) and one of them, who was expert in the law, <sup>o</sup> 36
† Sy. <span style="font-family: monospace;">ܡܠܟܝܢ</span>	to tempt him, inquired: (36) Teacher, <sup>p</sup> which is the 37

37 great command in the law? (37) Jesus said to him: Thou shalt love the Lord thy God, with all thy heart, and with all thy soul, and with all thy might,<sup>s</sup> and  
 38 with all thy mind.<sup>t</sup> (38). This is the great and first  
 39 command. (39) And the second, which is like it,  
 40 is, Thou shalt love thy neighbor as thyself. (40)  
 On these two commands hang the law<sup>v</sup> and the  
 41 prophets. (41) And while the Pharisees were  
 42 assembled, Jesus questioned them, (42) and said:  
 What say ye respecting the Messiah? Whose son  
 is he? They say to him; The son of David.  
 43 (43) He saith to them: How then doth David, by  
 44 the Spirit, call him Lord? for he said: (44) The  
 Lord said to my Lord, Seat thyself at my right  
 hand, until I place thy enemies under thy feet.  
 45 (45) If David then call him Lord, how is he his  
 46 son? (46) And no one was able to give him an  
 answer? And from that day, no one dared to  
 question him.

<sup>r</sup> Sy. **במסורה**,  
 Gr. νόμος.  
<sup>s</sup> or, strength.  
<sup>t</sup> or, reason.  
<sup>v</sup> Sy. **למשנה**.  
 the Pentateuch.

XXIII. Then Jesus conversed with the multitude  
 2 and with his disciples, (2) and said to them:  
 The Scribes and Pharisees sit in the seat of Moses.  
 3 (3) Whatever therefore they tell you to observe,  
 that observe and do. But according to their deeds,  
 4 practise ye not: for they say, and do not. (4)  
 They tie up heavy burdens, and lay [them] on  
 men's shoulders; but will not themselves touch  
 5 them with their finger. (5) And all their works  
 they do, to be seen of men: for they make their  
 phylacteries<sup>a</sup> broad, and extend the fringes<sup>b</sup> of  
 6 their garments. (6) And they love the highest  
 couches at suppers,<sup>c</sup> and the highest seats in the  
 7 synagogues, (7) and the greeting in the market  
 . places, and to be addressed by men with Rabbi.<sup>d</sup>  
 8 (8) But be not ye called Rabbi; for one is your  
 9 Rabbi, and ye are all brethren. (9) And ye shall  
 not call yourselves Father<sup>e</sup> on earth; for one is  
 10 your Father, who is in heaven. (10) And be ye  
 not called guides;<sup>f</sup> for one is your Guide, the  
 11 Messiah. (11) And the great one among you will  
 12 be your servitor.<sup>g</sup> (12) For whoever shall exalt  
 himself, will be abased: and whoever shall abase  
 himself, will be exalted.  
 13 Woe to you, Scribes and Pharisees, hypocrites:  
 for ye devour the houses of widows, under the dis-

<sup>a</sup> Sy. **מפתחות**  
<sup>b</sup> Sy. **מפתחות**  
<sup>c</sup> or, dinners.  
<sup>d</sup> Sy. **רבי**  
<sup>e</sup> Sy. **אב**  
<sup>f</sup> Sy. **מורה**,  
 Lat. duces.  
<sup>g</sup> Sy. **עבד**

guise of protracting your prayers. Therefore ye shall receive greater condemnation. (14) Woe to you, Scribes and Pharisees, hypocrites: for ye hold the kingdom of heaven closed before men; for ye enter not yourselves, and those that would enter ye suffer not to enter. (15) Woe to you, Scribes and Pharisees, hypocrites: for ye traverse sea and land to make one proselyte;<sup>h</sup> and when he is gained, ye make him a child of hell: twofold more than yourselves. (16) Woe to you, ye blind guides: for ye say, Whoever shall swear by the temple, it is nothing; but whoever shall swear by the gold that is in the temple, he is holden.<sup>k</sup> (17) Ye fools, and blind: for which is greater, the gold, or the temple that sanctifieth the gold? (18) And, whoever shall swear by the altar, it is nothing: but whoever shall swear by the oblation upon it, he is holden.<sup>l</sup> (19) Ye fools, and blind: for which is greater, the oblation, or the altar that sanctifieth the oblation? (20) He therefore who sweareth by the altar, sweareth by it, and by all that is upon it. (21) And he who sweareth by the temple, sweareth by it, and by him that dwelleth in it. (22) And he who sweareth by heaven, sweareth by the throne of God, and by him that sitteth on it. (23) Woe to you, Scribes and Pharisees, hypocrites: for ye tithe mint, and anise, and cummin, and omit the graver [matters] of the law,<sup>m</sup> judgment, and mercy, and fidelity: these ought ye to do, and those not to omit. (24) Ye blind guides, who strain out gnats, and swallow down camels. (25) Woe to you, Scribes and Pharisees, hypocrites: for ye cleanse the outside of the cup and the dish, while within they are full of rapine and wickedness. (26) Ye blind Pharisees, cleanse first the inside of the cup and dish, that their outside may be clean also. (27) Woe to you, Scribes and Pharisees, hypocrites: for ye are like whited sepulchres, which appear comely without, but are within full of bones of the dead and all impurity. (28) So ye also, outwardly, appear to men as righteous;<sup>n</sup> but within, ye are full of iniquity and hypocrisy. (29) Woe to you, Scribes and Pharisees, hypocrites: for ye build the tombs of the prophets, and ye adorn the sepulchres of the righteous; (30) and ye say: If we had been in the days of our fathers, we

<sup>h</sup> Sy. } ܡܫܘܥܝܘܬܐ

<sup>i</sup> Sy. } ܡܫܘܥܝܘܬܐ ܡܫܘܥܝܘܬܐ

<sup>k</sup> Sy. a d. b. l. o. r.

<sup>l</sup> Sy. a d. b. l. o. r.

<sup>m</sup> Sy. } ܡܫܘܥܝܘܬܐ

<sup>n</sup> Sy. } ܡܫܘܥܝܘܬܐ



would not have been participators with them in  
 31 the blood of the prophets. (31) Wherefore ye  
 are witnesses, against yourselves, that ye are the  
 32 children of them that killed the prophets. (32)  
 And as for you, fill ye up the measure of your  
 33 fathers. (33) Ye serpents, ye race of vipers: how  
 34 can ye escape the condemnation of hell?<sup>o</sup> (34)  
 Wherefore, behold, I send unto you prophets, and  
 wise men, and scribes; some of whom ye will kill  
 and crucify, and some of them ye will scourge in  
 your synagogues, and will persecute them from  
 35 city to city: (35) so that on you may come all the  
 blood of the righteous, which hath been shed on  
 the earth, from the blood of righteous Abel unto  
 the blood of Zachariah,<sup>p</sup> son of Barachiah, whom  
 36 ye slew between the temple and the altar. (36)  
 Verily I say to you, that all these things will  
 37 come upon this generation. (37) O Jerusalem,  
 Jerusalem, who killest the prophets, and stonest  
 them that are sent to thee: how often would I  
 have gathered thy children, as a hen gathereth  
 her young under her wings, and ye would not.  
 38 (38) Behold, your house is left to you desolate!  
 39 (39) For I say to you, That ye shall not see me  
 henceforth, until ye shall say: Blessed is he that  
 cometh in the name of the Lord.

<sup>o</sup> Sy. ܡܫܫܐܒܝܢ ܟܶܢܶܢ

<sup>p</sup> Sy. ܘܘܕܶܢܶܗܘܶܢ ܕܶܗܘܶܢ ܕܶܒܶܢܶܝܗܶܘܶܢ

XXIV. And Jesus passed out of the temple to go  
 away: and his disciples came to him, showing him  
 2 the structure<sup>a</sup> of the temple. (2) And he said  
 to them: See ye not all these? Verily I say to  
 you, There will not be left here a stone upon a  
 3 stone, that is not demolished. (3) And as Jesus  
 sat on the mount of Olives, his disciples came, and  
 said between themselves and him: Tell us when  
 these things are to be; and what will be the sign  
 of thy coming,<sup>b</sup> and of the consummation of the  
 4 world.<sup>c</sup> (4) Jesus answered and said to them:  
 5 Take heed, that no one deceive you. (5) For  
 many will come in my name, and will say, I am  
 6 the Messiah: and they will deceive many. (6)  
 And ye are to hear of conflicts, and the rumor of  
 battles. See that ye be not disquieted: for all  
 these things must come; but the consummation is  
 7 not yet. (7) For nation will rise against nation,  
 and kingdom against kingdom; and there will be,

<sup>a</sup> Sy. ܕܥܺܢܺܝܢܺܐ

<sup>b</sup> Sy. ܕܝܪܺܘܫܺܐܢܺܐ

<sup>c</sup> Sy. ܕܝܒܺܪܺܐ

	famines, and pestilences, and earthquakes in divers places. (8) But all these are only the commencement of sorrows. (9) And they will deliver you up to tribulation, and will kill you: and ye will be hated by all nations, on account of my name. (10) Then many will be stumbled: and they will hate one another, and will betray one another. (11) And many false prophets will rise up; and they will deceive many. (12) And on account of the abounding of iniquity, the love of many will decline. (13) But he that shall persevere to the end, will have life. <sup>d</sup> (14) And this announcement of the kingdom shall be published in all the world, <sup>e</sup> for a testimony to all nations: and then will come the consummation. <sup>f</sup> (15) And when ye see the abominable sign of desolation, which was spoken of by Daniel the prophet, standing in the holy place; then let the reader consider; (16) and then let them who are in Judæa, flee to the mountain: (17) and let him who is on the roof, not come down to take what is in his house: (18) and let him who is in the field, not return back to take his clothing. (19) But woe to those with child, and to them that are nursing, in those days. (20) And pray ye, that your flight be not in winter, or on the sabbath. (21) For there will then be great distress, such as hath not been from the commencement of the world, <sup>g</sup> until now, and will not be. (22) And unless those days should be cut short, no flesh would remain alive. <sup>h</sup> But, for the elect's sake, those days will be cut short. (23) Then, if any one shall say to you, Lo, the Messiah is here, or is there; give no credence. (24) For there will arise false Messiahs, and mendacious prophets; who will exhibit great signs, so as to deceive, if possible, even the elect. (25) Behold, I have told you beforehand. (26) If therefore they say to you, Behold, he is in the desert; go not out: or, Behold, he is in a secret chamber; give no credence. (27) As the lightning cometh out of the east, and shineth unto the west, so will be the coming of the Son of man. (28) And wherever the carcass may be, there will the eagles be congregated. (29) And immediately after the distress of those days, the sun will be darkened, and the moon will not show her light, and the stars will fall from heaven, and	8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29
<sup>d</sup> Sy. <span>سلب</span>		
<sup>e</sup> Sy. <span>دلمت</span>		
<sup>f</sup> Sy. <span>مدمت</span>		
<sup>g</sup> Sy. <span>دلمت</span>		
<sup>h</sup> Sy. <span>سلبت</span>		

30 the powers<sup>i</sup> of heaven will be agitated. (30) And then will be seen the signal<sup>k</sup> of the Son of man in heaven: and then will all the tribes of the earth mourn, when<sup>l</sup> they see the Son of man coming on the clouds of heaven, with power and great glory.

31 (31) And he will send his angels with a great trumpet, and they will collect together his elect from the four winds, from one extremity of heaven to the other. (32) And learn ye an illustration<sup>m</sup> from the fig-tree. As soon as its branches become tender and its leaves shoot forth, ye know that summer is coming on. (33) So also ye, when ye perceive all these things, know ye, that he is nigh [even] at the door. (34) Verily I say to you, That this generation<sup>n</sup> shall not pass away, till all these things shall be. (35) Heaven and earth will pass away; but my words<sup>o</sup> shall not pass away. (36) But of that day and of that hour, knoweth no man, nor even the angels of heaven, but the Father only.

37 (37) And as the days of Noah, so will the coming of the Son of man be. (38) For as, before the flood,<sup>p</sup> they were eating and drinking, taking wives and giving to husbands, up to the day that Noah entered the ark,<sup>r</sup> (39) and knew not, until the flood came and took them all away; so will the coming of the Son of man be. (40) Then will two [men] be in the field; the one will be taken, and the other left. (41) Two [women] will be grinding at the mill; the one taken, and the other left. (42) Watch, therefore, since ye know not at what hour your Lord cometh. (43) But know this, that if the lord<sup>s</sup> of the house had known in what watch the thief would come, he would have been awake, and would not have suffered his house to be broken into. (44) Therefore, be ye also ready; for at an hour ye do not expect, the Son of man will come. (45) Who then, is that faithful and wise servant, whom his lord hath placed over his domestics,<sup>t</sup> to give them their food in its time?

46 (46) Happy is that servant, whom, when his lord shall come, he will find so doing. (47) Verily I say to you, He will place him over all that he hath. (48) But if that servant, being wicked, shall say in his heart, My lord delayeth his coming; (49) and shall begin to beat his fellow-servants, and shall be eating and drinking with drunkards; (50) the lord

<sup>i</sup> or, *armies.*

<sup>k</sup> Sy. **سبع**

<sup>l</sup> or, *and they will.*

<sup>m</sup> Sy. **ٲٲٲ**

<sup>n</sup> or, *race.*

<sup>o</sup> Sy. **كلم**

<sup>p</sup> Sy. **ٲٲٲٲ**

<sup>r</sup> Sy. **ص**

<sup>s</sup> or, *master.*

<sup>t</sup> Sy.

**صٲٲ صٲٲ**

of that servant will come in a day he will not expect, and in an hour he knoweth not, (51) and will cut him asunder, and will assign him his portion with the hypocrites: there will be weeping and gnashing of teeth. 51

Then may the kingdom of heaven be XXV. shadowed<sup>a</sup> forth by ten virgins, who took their lamps and went out to meet the bridegroom and bride. (2) And five of them were wise, and five were foolish. (3) And the foolish took their lamps, but took no oil with them. (4) But the wise took oil in vessels, with their lamps. (5) And while the bridegroom delayed, they all became sleepy and fell asleep. (6) And at midnight there was an outcry: Behold, the bridegroom cometh; go ye out to meet him. (7) Then all those virgins arose, and trimmed their lamps. (8) And the foolish said to the wise: Give us of your oil; for, behold, our lamps have gone out. (9) The wise answered and said: [We must refuse,] lest there should not be enough for us and for you: but go ye to them that sell, and buy for yourselves. (10) And while they went to buy, the bridegroom came; and they that were ready, went with him into the house of the nuptials, and the door was shut. (11) And at length came also the other virgins, and said: Our lord, our lord, open to us. (12) But he answered, and said to them: Verily I say to you, I know you not. (13) Watch, therefore, seeing ye know not the day nor the hour. (14) For, as a man that took a journey, called his servants and delivered to them his property: (15) to one he gave five talents; to another, two; and to another, one: to each, according to his ability:<sup>b</sup> and he immediately departed. (16) Then he that received five talents, went and traded with them, and gained five more.<sup>c</sup> (17) And likewise the one of two [talents], by trading gained two more. (18) But he that received one, went and digged in the earth, and hid his lord's money. (19) And after a long time, the lord of those servants came, and received account from them. (20) And he who had received the five talents, came and brought five others; and said, My lord, thou gavest me five talents; behold, I have gained

<sup>a</sup> Sy. *likened to.*

<sup>b</sup> or, *power.*

<sup>c</sup> or, *others.*

21 by trading five more to them. (21) His lord said to him: Well done!<sup>d</sup> good and faithful servant: thou hast been faithful with a little; I will set thee over much: enter thou into the joy of thy lord. (22) And he of the two talents came, and said: My lord, thou gavest me two talents; behold, I have by trading gained two more to them. (23) His lord said to him: Well done! good and faithful servant: thou hast been faithful with a little; I will set thee over much: enter thou into the joy of thy lord. (24) And he also that received the one talent, came and said: My lord, I knew thee, that thou art a hard man, reaping where thou hast not sowed, and gathering where thou hast not scattered; (25) and I was afraid, and I went and hid thy talent in the earth. Behold, thou hast what is thine. (26) His lord answered, and said to him: Wicked and slothful servant! Thou knewest me, that I reap where I have not sowed, and gather where I have not scattered! (27) Thou oughtest to have cast my money into the exchange;<sup>e</sup> and I might have come and demanded my property with its interest.<sup>f</sup> (28) Take therefore the talent from him, and give it to him that hath ten talents. (29) For, to him that hath, shall be given, and he shall have more; but from him that hath not, even what he hath shall be taken away. (30) And cast ye the unprofitable servant into the outer darkness: there will be weeping and gnashing of teeth. (31) And when the Son of man shall come in his glory, and all his holy angels with him, then will he sit upon the throne of his glory. (32) And before him will be gathered all nations; and he will separate them one from another, as a shepherd severeth the sheep from the goats. (33) And he will place the sheep on his right hand, and the goats on his left. (34) Then will the king say to those on his right hand: Come, ye blessed of my Father; inherit the kingdom that was prepared for you from the foundation of the world.<sup>g</sup> (35) For I was hungry, and ye gave me food; I was thirsty, and ye gave me drink: I was a stranger, and ye took me home; (36) I was naked, and ye clothed me; I was sick, and ye visited me; I was in prison,<sup>h</sup> and ye came to me. (37) Then will the

<sup>d</sup> Sy.  $\omega\lambda\iota$  =  
Eu!

<sup>e</sup> Sy.  $\beta\omicron\sigma\Delta\sigma$

<sup>f</sup> Sy.  $\sigma\alpha\lambda\epsilon\sigma\iota$ ;

<sup>g</sup> Sy.  $\beta\alpha\sigma\iota\lambda\epsilon\iota\alpha$

<sup>h</sup> or, house of  
prisoners.

righteous say to him: Our Lord, when saw we thee hungry, and fed thee? or thirsty, and gave thee drink? (38) And when saw we thee a stranger, and took thee home? or naked, and clothed thee? (39) And when saw we thee sick, or in prison, and came to thee? (40) And the king will answer, and say to them: Verily I say to you, That inasmuch as ye did so to one of these my little brothers, ye did so to me. (41) Then will he say also to them on his left hand: Go from me, ye accursed, into everlasting<sup>g</sup> fire, which was prepared for the Calumniator<sup>k</sup> and his angels. (42) For I was hungry, and ye gave me no food; and I was thirsty, and ye gave me no drink; (43) and I was a stranger, and ye took me not home; and I was naked, and ye clothed me not; and I was sick and in prison, and ye did not visit me. (44) Then will they also answer and say: Our Lord, when saw we thee hungry, or thirsty, or a stranger, or naked, or sick, or in prison, and did not minister to thee? (45) Then will he answer, and say to them: Verily I say to you, That inasmuch as ye did not so to one of these little ones, ye did not so to me. (46) And these will go into everlasting torment,<sup>l</sup> and the righteous into everlasting life.<sup>m</sup>

And it came to pass, when Jesus had concluded all these discourses, that he said to his disciples: (2) Ye know that after two days is the passover;<sup>a</sup> and the Son of man is betrayed to be crucified. (3) Then assembled the chief priests and the Scribes and the Elders of the people, at the hall of the high priest, who was called Caiaphas.<sup>b</sup> (4) And they held a counsel against Jesus, that they might take him by guile, and kill him. (5) But they said: Not on the festival, lest there be a commotion among the people. (6) And when Jesus was at Bethany, in the house of Simon the leper, (7) there came to him a woman having a vase of aromatic ointment very precious, and she poured it on the head of Jesus as he was reclining. (8) And when his disciples saw [it] they were displeased, and said: Why is this waste? (9) For this [ointment] might have been sold for much, and have been given to the poor. (10) But Jesus knew

<sup>g</sup> Sy. **بئس**

<sup>k</sup> Sy. **الظالم**

<sup>l</sup> Sy. **لعذاب**  
**بئس**

<sup>m</sup> Sy. **بئس**  
**بئس**

<sup>a</sup> Sy. **فصح**

<sup>b</sup> Sy. **صهيا**

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[their dissatisfaction], and said to them: Why trouble ye the woman? She hath performed a good deed towards me. (11) For the poor ye have at all times with you; but I am not with you always. (12) And this her act, pouring the ointment on my body, she hath done as it were for my burial. (13) Verily I say to you, That wherever this my gospel<sup>e</sup> shall be proclaimed, in all the world,<sup>d</sup> this thing that she hath done shall be told for a memorial of her.

<sup>e</sup> Sy.

<sup>d</sup> Sy.

14 Then one of the twelve, named Judas Iseariot, went to the chief priests, (15) and said to them: What will ye give me, if I will deliver him to you? And they promised him thirty pieces of silver.

16 (16) And from that time he sought opportunity to betray him. (17) And on the first day of unleavened bread, the disciples came to Jesus, and said to him: Where wilt thou that we prepare for thee to eat the passover? (18) And he said to them:

<sup>e</sup> Sy.

Go ye into the city, to such<sup>e</sup> a man, and say to him: Our Rabbi saith, My time approaches: with thee will I keep the passover with my disciples.

19 (19) And his disciples did as Jesus directed them, and made ready the passover. (20) And when it was evening, he reclined with his twelve disciples.

21 (21) And as they were eating, he said: Verily I say to you, That one of you will betray me.

22 (22) And it troubled them much. And they began each one of them to say to him; My Lord,

is it I? (23) And he answered and said: One that dippeth his hand with me in the dish, he will

24 betray me. (24) And the Son of man goeth, as it is written of him: but woe to that man, by whom the Son of man is betrayed. It would have been better for that man, if he had not been born.

25 (25) Judas the betrayer answered and said: Rabbi, is it I? Jesus said to him: Thou hast said.

26 (26) And as they were eating, Jesus took bread, and blessed, and brake; and gave to his disciples,

<sup>f</sup> Sy.

27 and said: Take, eat; this is my body.<sup>f</sup> (27) And he took the cup, and offered thanks; and gave [it] to them, saying: Take, drink of this all of you.

<sup>g</sup> Sy.




28 (28) This is my blood of the new testament,<sup>g</sup> which, in behalf of many, is shed for the remission of sins.

29 (29) But I say to you, that I will henceforth not drink of this product<sup>h</sup> of the vine, until the day in

<sup>b</sup> Sy.



which I shall drink it with you new in the kingdom of God.

And they sang praises, and went forth to the  
 30 mount of Olives. (31) Then said Jesus to them: 31  
<sup>i</sup> or, *stumbled*. Ye will all be offended<sup>i</sup> in me this night; for it is  
 written, I will smite the shepherd, and the sheep  
 of his flock will be dispersed. (32) But after I am  
 32 arisen, I will go before you into Galilee. (33) Ce- 33  
<sup>k</sup> Gr. *Peter*. phas<sup>k</sup> replied, and said to him: Though all men  
 should be offended in thee, I will never be offended  
 in thee. (34) Jesus said to him: Verily I say to 34  
 thee, That this night, before the cock crow, thou  
 wilt thrice deny me. (35) Cephas said to him: If 35  
 I were to die with thee, I would not deny thee:  
 and so also said all the disciples.

Then came Jesus with them to a place called 36  
 1 Sy.  Gethsemane:<sup>l</sup> and he said to his disciples, Sit ye 36  
 here, while I go and pray. (37) And he took Ce- 37  
 phas and the two sons of Zebedee, and began to be  
 dejected and sorrowful. (38) And he said to 38  
 2 Sy.  them: There is anguish in my soul,<sup>m</sup> even unto  
 death. Wait for me here; and watch with me.  
 (39) And retiring a little, he fell on his face, and 39  
 prayed, and said: My Father, if it can be so, let  
 this cup pass from me. Yet not as I choose, but  
 as thou. (40) And he came to his disciples, and 40  
 found them asleep: and he said to Cephas: So!  
 could ye not watch with me one hour? (41) Wake 41  
 ye, and pray, lest ye fall into temptation. The  
 3 Sy.  mind<sup>n</sup> is prepared, but the body is infirm.  
 (42) Again he went away the second time, and 42  
 prayed, and said: My Father, if it cannot be that  
 this cup pass, except I drink it, thy will be done.  
 (43) And he came again and found them sleeping. 43  
 for their eyes were heavy. (44) And he left them, 44  
 and went again and prayed the third time, and  
 4 Sy. *spoke*. used<sup>o</sup> the same language. (45) Then he came to 45  
 his disciples, and said to them: Sleep on now, and  
 take rest. Behold, the hour is come: and the Son  
 of man is betrayed into the hands of sinners.  
 (46) Arise, let us go. Behold, he that betrayeth 46  
 me hath come. (47) And while he was yet speak- 47  
 ing, lo, Judas the betrayer, one of the twelve,  
 arrived: and a great multitude with him, with  
 swords and clubs, from the presence of the chief  
 priests and elders of the people. (48) And Judas 48



the betrayer had given them a sign, saying: He it  
 49 is, whom I shall kiss: him seize ye. (49) And  
 forthwith he approached Jesus, and said: Hail,<sup>p</sup>  
 50 Rabbi; and kissed him. (50) And Jesus said to  
 him: My friend, is it for this thou hast come?  
 Then they came up, and laid their hands on Jesus,  
 51 and took him. (51) And lo, one of them with  
 Jesus stretched out his hand, and drew a sword,  
 and smote a servant of the high priest, and cut off  
 52 his ear. (52) Then Jesus said to him: Return the  
 sword to its place; for all they that take swords,  
 53 shall die by swords. (53) Supposest thou that I  
 cannot ask of my Father, and he now assign me  
 54 more than twelve legions of angels? (54) But  
 how then would the scriptures be fulfilled, that  
 55 thus it must be? (55) At that time Jesus said to  
 the multitude: Have ye come out, as against a  
 cut-throat, with swords and clubs, to take me?  
 I daily sat with you, and taught in the temple, and  
 56 ye did not apprehend me. (56) And this occurred,  
 that the writings of the prophets might be fulfilled.  
 Then the disciples all forsook him and fled.  
 57 And they who apprehended Jesus carried him  
 to Caiaphas the high priest, where the Scribes and  
 58 Elders were assembled. (58) And Simon Cephas<sup>r</sup>  
 followed after him at a distance, unto the high  
 priest's hall, and entered, and sat with the servants  
 59 within, that he might see the issue. (59) And the  
 chief priests and the Elders and the whole assem-  
 bly sought for witnesses against Jesus, that they  
 60 might put him to death; (60) and found them not.  
 And many false witnesses came; and at last, two  
 61 came forward, (61) and said: This man said, I can  
 destroy the temple of God, and in three days re-  
 62 build it. (62) And the high priest rose up and  
 said to him: Respondest thou nothing? What do  
 63 these testify against thee? (63) And Jesus was  
 silent. And the high priest answered, and said to  
 him: I adjure thee by the living God, that thou  
 tell us whether thou art the Messiah, the Son of  
 64 God. (64) Jesus saith to him: Thou hast said.  
 And I say to you, That hereafter ye will see the  
 Son of man sitting on the right hand of power,<sup>s</sup>  
 65 and coming on the clouds of heaven. (65) Then  
 the high priest rent his clothes, and said: Behold,  
 he hath blasphemed! Why therefore should we

<sup>p</sup> Sy.   


<sup>r</sup> Gr. Peter.

<sup>s</sup> or, might.

seek for witnesses? Behold, ye have now heard  
 his blasphemy. (66) What is your pleasure?<sup>t</sup> 66  
<sup>t</sup> or, *opinion.*  
<sup>v</sup> or, *obnoxious.* They answered and said: He is liable<sup>v</sup> to death.  
 (67) Then they spit in his face, and buffeted him; 67  
 and others smote him, (68) and said to him: 68  
 Prophecy to us, thou Messiah, who is it smote  
 thee?  
<sup>w</sup> Gr. *Peter.* And Cephas<sup>w</sup> was sitting without in the hall, 69  
 and a certain maid approached him, and said to  
 him: Thou also wast with Jesus the Nazarean.  
 (70) But he denied [it] before them all, and said: 70  
 I know not what thou sayest. (71) And as he 71  
 went out into the porch, another maid saw him,  
 and said to them: This man was also there with  
 Jesus the Nazarean. (72) And again he denied, 72  
 with oaths: I know not that man. (73) And a 73  
 little after, those standing [there] came up and said  
 to Cephas: Certainly, thou too art one of them;  
 and thy speech maketh thee manifest. (74) Then 74  
 he began to imprecate, and to swear, I know not  
 that man. And in that hour<sup>x</sup> the cock crew.  
<sup>z</sup> or, *immediate-*  
*ly.* (75) And Cephas remembered the declaration of 75  
 Jesus, who said to him: Before the cock croweth,  
 thou wilt three times deny me. And he went out,  
 and wept bitterly.

And when it was morning, the chief priests XXVII.  
 and the elders of the people held a council against  
 Jesus, how they might put him to death. (2) And 2

<sup>a</sup> Sy.  
 ἡμεῖς,  
 Gr. ἡγεμόνα.

they bound him, and carried him and delivered  
 him up to Pilate, the president.<sup>a</sup>  
 Then Judas the betrayer, when he saw that Jesus 3  
 was condemned, repented. And he went and re-  
 turned the thirty pieces of silver to the chief priests  
 and elders; (4) and said: I have sinned, by 4  
 betraying innocent blood. And they said: What  
 is that to us? See to it thyself. (5) And he east 5  
 down the silver in the temple, and retiring, went  
 and strangled himself. (6) And the chief priests 6  
 took up the silver, and said: It is not lawful to  
 put it into the treasury,<sup>b</sup> because it is the price of  
 blood. (7) And they took counsel, and bought 7  
 with it the potter's field, for a place to bury stran-  
 gers. (8) Wherefore that field is called the field 8  
<sup>c</sup> Sy.  
 ἡμεῖς? ἡμεῖς  
 of blood,<sup>c</sup> unto this day. (9) Then was fulfilled 9  
 that which was spoken by the prophet, saying: I

<sup>b</sup> Sy. *place of*  
*offerings.*

took the thirty [shekels] of silver, the price of the precious one, which they of the children of Israel had stipulated; (10) and I gave them for the potter's field, as the Lord directed me.

11 And Jesus stood before the president. And the president asked him, and said to him: Art thou the king of the Jews? And Jesus said to him:

12 Thou hast said. (12) And when the chief priests and elders accused him, he made no reply. (13)

13 Then Pilate said to him: Hearest thou not how much they testify against thee? (14) But he gave him no answer, not even one word: and therefore

15 Pilate wondered greatly. (15) And at each festival, the president was accustomed to release to the people one prisoner, such as they preferred. (16)

16 And they had then in bonds a noted prisoner, called Bar Abas.<sup>d</sup> (17) And when they were assembled, Pilate said to them: Whom will ye, that I release to you, Bar Abas, or Jesus who is called

18 Messiah? (18) For Pilate knew that it was from enmity they had delivered him up. (19) And as the president was sitting on his tribunal,<sup>e</sup> his wife

19 sent to him, and said: Have thou nothing to do with that just man; for I have suffered much this day in a dream because of him. (20) But the chief priests and the elders persuaded the multitude, that they should demand Bar Abas, and

20 destroy Jesus. (21) And the president answered, and said to them: Which of the two, will ye, that I release to you? And they said: Bar Abas. (22)

22 Pilate said to them: And what shall I do to Jesus who is called Messiah? They all replied: Let him be crucified. (23) The president<sup>f</sup> said to them:

23 But what hath he done, that is evil? And they cried out the more, and said: Let him be crucified.

24 (24) And Pilate, when he saw that it availed nothing, but rather that tumult was produced, took water, and washed his hands before the eyes of the multitude, and said: I am pure from the blood of

25 this just man: see ye to it. (25) And all the people answered, and said: His blood be on us, and on our children! (26) Then released he to them Bar Abas; and scourged Jesus with whips,<sup>g</sup>

26 and delivered him to be crucified. (27) Then the soldiers of the president took Jesus into the Prætorium,<sup>h</sup> and assembled the whole regiment<sup>i</sup> against

<sup>d</sup> Gr. Βαραββαῖος.

<sup>e</sup> Sy. ܘܨܒܘܬܐ,  
Gr. βῆμα.

<sup>f</sup> i. e. Pilate.

<sup>g</sup> Sy. ܕܩܘܨܝܢܐ,  
from Greek.

<sup>h</sup> Sy. ܘܨܒܘܬܐ

<sup>i</sup> Sy. ܘܨܒܘܬܐ,  
Gr. στρατιωτα.

him. (28) And they stripped him, and put on 28  
 him a scarlet military cloak. (29) And they wove 29  
 a crown of thorns, and set it on his head, and  
 [put] a reed in his hand, and they bowed their  
 knees before him, and mocked him, and said:  
 Hail,<sup>k</sup> thou king of the Jews. (30) And they spit 30  
 in his face, and took the reed, and smote him on  
 his head. (31) And when they had mocked 31  
 him, they divested him of the cloak, and clothed  
 him in his own garments, and led him out to be  
 crucified.

And as they went out, they found a man of 32  
 Cyrene whose name was Simon; him they com- 33  
 pelled to bear his cross. (33) And they came to 33  
 a place which is called Golgotha,<sup>l</sup> which is inter- 34  
 preted a skull. (34) And they gave him to drink 34  
 vinegar mixed with gall. And he tasted [it], and  
 would not drink. (35) And when they had cruci- 35  
 fied him, they distributed his garments by lot.\*  
 (36) And they sat down, and watched him there. 36  
 (37) And they placed over his head the cause of 37  
 his death, in the writing: THIS IS JESUS, THE  
 KING OF THE JEWS. (38) And there were cruci- 38  
 fied with him two robbers,<sup>m</sup> the one on his right  
 hand, and the other on his left.—(39) And they 39  
 that passed by reviled him, and shook their heads,  
 (40) and said: Destroyer of the temple, and 40  
 builder of it in three days, deliver thyself, if thou  
 art the Son of God, and come down from the  
 cross. (41) So also the chief priests mocked, with 41  
 the Scribes and Elders and Pharisees, (42) and 42  
 said: He gave life<sup>n</sup> to others, his own life he can-  
 not preserve.<sup>o</sup> If he is the king of Israel, let him  
 now descend from the cross, and we will believe  
 in him.† (43) He trusted in God; let him rescue 43  
 him now, if he hath pleasure in him: for he said,

<sup>k</sup> Sy.

<sup>l</sup> Sy.

<sup>m</sup> Sy.   
 Gr. ληστών.

<sup>n</sup> or, saved.

<sup>o</sup> or, save.

\* In the editions of 1815 and 1826 is the following note:—

“According to some of the Greek copies, there is added, thus: *that so might be fulfilled that which was spoken by the prophet David: They distributed my garments among them, and upon my vesture they cast the lot.*”

This addition is not found in four of the most ancient editions of the Syriac New Testament, and it is put in the margin of the more modern editions. It was doubtless a modern addition to the Syriac New Testament, borrowed from the Greek.—*Translator.*

† In some editions: *that we may see, and believe in him.*

44 I am the Son of God. (44) In like manner the marauders<sup>p</sup> also, that were crucified with him,  
 45 reproached him.—(45) And from the sixth hour there was darkness over all the land,<sup>r</sup> until the  
 46 ninth hour. (46) And about the ninth hour, Jesus cried with a loud voice and said: O God, O God;  
 47 why hast thou forsaken me?<sup>q</sup> (47) And some of them that stood there, when they heard [it], said:  
 48 He calleth for Elijah.<sup>s</sup> (48) And immediately one of them ran, and took a sponge, and filled it with  
 49 vinegar, and put it on a reed, and gave him to  
 50 drink. (49) But the rest said: Desist; we will see if Elijah will come to rescue him. (50) Then  
 51 Jesus cried again with a loud voice, and yielded up  
 52 his spirit.<sup>t</sup>—(51) And instantly, the curtain<sup>v</sup> of the door of the temple was torn asunder, from the  
 52 top to the bottom; and the earth shook; and the  
 53 rocks rived; (52) and graves were opened; and many bodies of saints who slept, arose, (53) and  
 54 came forth; and, after his resurrection, entered into the holy city, and appeared to many. (54) And  
 55 the centurion, and they that were with him guarding Jesus, when they saw the earthquake and the  
 56 things that occurred, feared greatly, and said: Verily, this was the Son of God. (55) And many women  
 57 were there, looking on from a distance; the same who had followed Jesus from Galilee, and had  
 58 ministered to him. (56) One of them was Mary of Magdala, also Mary the mother of James and  
 59 Joseph, and the mother of Zebedee's children. (57) And when it was evening, there came a rich man  
 60 of Ramath,<sup>w</sup> whose name was Joseph, who was also a disciple of Jesus. (58) This man went to Pilate,  
 61 and begged the body of Jesus. And Pilate directed the body to be given him. (59) And Joseph took the  
 62 body, and wrapped it in a winding-sheet of clean linen; (60) and laid it in his new sepulchre,<sup>x</sup> that  
 61 was excavated in a rock. And he rolled a great stone against the door of the sepulchre, and  
 62 departed: (61) And there were present Mary of Magdala, and the other Mary, who sat over against  
 62 the grave.—(62) And on the day that was next after

<sup>p</sup> Sy. ܡܪܕܝܢܝܢ

<sup>r</sup> or, earth.

<sup>s</sup> Sy. ܝܗܘܐܥܝܠܝܐ =  
Ilio.

<sup>t</sup> Sy. ܡܪܝܬܝܢ  
<sup>v</sup> Sy. ܨܘܘܚ.

<sup>w</sup> Sy. ܪܡܬܝܢ

<sup>x</sup> Sy. ܩܒܪܝܢ ܗܘܘܢܐ


\* Sy. ܡܪܝܬܝܢ ܡܪܝܬܝܢ ܡܪܝܬܝܢ ܡܪܝܬܝܢ; Il, Il, Icmòno shebâkthone?

the preparation, the chief priests and Pharisees assembled before Pilate, (63) and said to him: 63  
 Our Lord, we remember that this deceiver said, while he was alive, After three days, I shall arise. (64) Command, therefore, to guard the sepulchre, 64  
 until the third day; lest his disciples come and steal him away by night, and say to the people, that he hath risen from the dead; and the last delusion be worse than the first. (65) Pilate said 65  
 to them: Ye have soldiers: go and guard it, as ye know how. (66) And they went and set a 66  
 guard to the sepulchre, and sealed the stone.

<sup>a</sup> Sy. *evening*.

And in the close<sup>a</sup> of the sabbath, as the XXVIII.  
 first [day] of the week began to dawn, came Mary of Magdala and the other Mary, to view the sepulchre.—(2) And lo, there was a great 2  
 earthquake: for an angel of the Lord descended from heaven, and came and rolled away the stone from the door, and sat upon it. (3) And his 3  
 aspect was like the lightning; and his raiment white like snow: (4) and from fear of him the keepers were astounded, and became as dead 4  
 men.—(5) And the angel answered, and said to the women: Be not ye afraid, for I know that ye seek Jesus who was crucified. (6) He is not 6  
 here; for he is risen, as he predicted.<sup>b</sup> Come ye, see the place where our Lord was laid. (7) 7  
 And [then] go quickly, tell his disciples, that he is risen from the dead; and lo, he precedeth you to Galilee; there will ye see him. Behold, I have 8  
 told you.—(8) And they went quickly from the sepulchre, with fear and great joy, and ran to tell his disciples. (9) And lo, Jesus met them, and 9  
 said to them: Hail,<sup>c</sup> ye. And they came and clasped his feet, and worshipped him. (10) Then 10  
 Jesus said to them: Be not afraid; but go, tell my brethren, that they go into Galilee, and there they will see me.

<sup>b</sup> Sy. *said*.

<sup>c</sup> Sy. 

And while they were going, some of the guards 11  
 came into the city, and told the chief priests all that had occurred. (12) And they assembled with 12  
 the Elders, and held a council; and they gave no little money to the guards, (13) and said to 13  
 them: Say ye, that his disciples came and stole him away by night, while we were asleep. (14) 14

And if this should be reported before the President, we will pacify him, and cause you not to be troubled. (15) And they, having received the money, did as they were instructed. And this story<sup>d</sup> is current among the Jews to this day. (16) And the eleven disciples went into Galilee, to the mountain which Jesus had appointed for them. (17) And when they beheld him, they worshipped him: but some doubted. (18) And Jesus came near, and discoursed with them, and said to them: All authority is given to me, in heaven and on earth. And as my Father sent me, so also I send you. (19) Go ye, therefore, and instruct<sup>e</sup> all nations; and baptize them in the name of the Father, and of the Son, and of the Holy Spirit. (20) And teach<sup>f</sup> them to observe all that I have commanded you. And, behold, I am with you always,<sup>g</sup> unto the consummation of the world.<sup>h</sup> Amen.

<sup>d</sup> Sy. ⲓⲛⲁⲛⲁ = saying.

<sup>e</sup> Sy. ⲗⲁⲙⲏⲛⲉ

<sup>f</sup> Sy. ⲗⲁⲛⲉ

<sup>g</sup> Sy. *all days.*

<sup>h</sup> Sy. ⲗⲁⲙⲏⲛⲉ

<sup>i</sup> Sy.

ⲁⲛⲉⲓⲛⲁⲛⲁ

<sup>k</sup> Sy. ⲗⲁⲙⲏⲛⲉ

*Completion of the Holy Gospel<sup>i</sup> as published by Matthew; and which he published in Hebrew,<sup>k</sup> in the land of the Palestinians.*

ⲁⲛⲉⲓⲛⲁⲛⲁ ⲛⲉⲛⲁⲛⲁ ⲛⲉⲛⲁⲛⲁ ⲛⲉⲛⲁⲛⲁ

## The Holy Gospel, the Annunciation of Mark the Evangelist.

I. THE beginning of the gospel<sup>a</sup> of Jesus the Messiah, the Son of God.—(2) As it is written in Isaiah the prophet: Behold, I send my messenger before thy face, who shall prepare thy way. (3) The voice of one crying in the wilderness: Prepare ye the way of the Lord; make smooth his paths. (4) John baptized in the wilderness, and proclaimed the baptism<sup>b</sup> of repentance for the remission of sins. (5) And there went out to him all the region<sup>c</sup> of Judæa, and all the people<sup>d</sup> of Jerusalem; and he baptized them in the river Jordan, while they confessed their sins. (6) And

<sup>a</sup> Sy.

ⲁⲛⲉⲓⲛⲁⲛⲁ

<sup>b</sup> Sy.

ⲛⲉⲛⲁⲛⲁ

<sup>c</sup> Sy. ⲛⲉⲛⲁ,  
Gr. χώρα.

<sup>d</sup> Sy. *children.*

this John was clad in raiment of camels' hair; and was girded with a cincture of skin about his loins; and his food was locusts and wild honey.

(7) And he proclaimed, and said: Behold, after me cometh one more powerful than I, of whom I am not worthy to stoop and untie the fastenings of his shoes. (8) I have baptized you with water; but he will baptize you with the Holy Spirit. 7 8

And it occurred, in those days, that Jesus came from Nazareth in Galilee, and was baptized in Jordan by John. (10) And immediately on his coming from the water, he saw the heavens cleft, and the Spirit descending like a dove upon him. (11) And there was a voice from the heavens: Thou art my beloved Son, in whom I delight.—(12) And directly the Spirit carried him into the wilderness: (13) and he was there in the wilderness forty days, being tempted by Satan.<sup>e</sup> And he was with the wild beasts; and angels ministered to him. 9 10 11 12 13

<sup>e</sup> Sy. ⲓⲁⲃⲃ

After John was delivered up, Jesus came into Galilee, and proclaimed the tidings<sup>f</sup> of the kingdom of God, (15) and said: The time is completed, and the kingdom of God is near. Repent ye, and believe the tidings.—(16) And as he walked near the sea of Galilee, he saw Simon and Andrew his brother casting a net into the sea, for they were fishermen. (17) And Jesus said to them: Come after me, and I will make you fishers of men. (18) And immediately they left their nets, and went after him. (19) And as he passed on a little, he saw James the son of Zebedee,<sup>g</sup> and John his brother, who also were in a ship, and mending their nets. (20) And he called them: and immediately they left Zebedee their father in the ship, with the hired servants, and went after him. 14 15 16 17 18 19 20

<sup>g</sup> Sy. ⲁⲓⲁⲓ

<sup>h</sup> Sy. ⲉⲓⲁⲓⲁⲓ

And when they entered Capernaum,<sup>h</sup> he immediately taught on the sabbath in their synagogues. (22) And they were astonished at his doctrine;<sup>i</sup> for he taught them, as having authority, and not as their Scribes.—(23) And in their synagogue was a man, in whom was an unclean spirit; and he cried out, (24) and said: What have we to do with thee? Jesus thou Nazarean. Hast thou come to destroy us? I know thee, who 21 22 23 24

<sup>i</sup> or, *teaching*.



25 thou art, the Holy One of God. (25) And Jesus rebuked him, and said: Shut thy mouth, and  
 26 come out of him. (26) And the unclean spirit threw him down, and cried with a loud voice, and  
 27 came out of him. (27) And they were all amazed, and inquired one of another, and said: What is this? What new doctrine is this? For with authority he commandeth the unclean spirits, and  
 28 they obey him. (28) And immediately his fame spread<sup>k</sup> into all the land of Galilee.—(29) And he retired from the synagogue, and entered into the house of Simon and Andrew, with James and  
 30 John. (30) And Simon's mother-in-law was lying sick with a fever: and they told him about her.  
 31 (31) And he came, and took her hand, and raised her up; and immediately the fever left her,  
 32 and she ministered to them.—(32) And in the evening, at the setting of the sun, they brought to him all them that were diseased, and demoniacs.  
 33 (33) And all the city was collected at the door.  
 34 (34) And he healed many who labored under divers diseases, and cast out many demons:<sup>l</sup> and he suffered not the demons to speak, because they knew him.  
 35 And in the morning, he rose much before others, and retired to a solitary place, and there prayed.  
 36 (36) And Simon and his associates<sup>m</sup> sought for  
 37 him. (37) And when they found him, they said  
 38 to him: Every body<sup>n</sup> is seeking for thee. (38) And he said to them: Go into the adjacent villages and towns; for there also I will preach,  
 39 because therefore have I come. (39) And he preached in all their synagogues, in all Galilee, and cast out demons.  
 40 And a leper came to him, and fell at his feet, and entreated him, and said to him: If thou wilt,  
 41 thou canst make me clean. (41) And Jesus had compassion on him, and stretched out his hand, and touched him, and said: I will; be thou clean.  
 42 (42) And in that hour, his leprosy departed from  
 43 him, and he became clean. (43) And he charged  
 44 him, and sent him away, (44) and he said to him: See that thou tell no person; but go, show thyself to the priests, and offer an oblation on account of thy purification, as Moses commanded, for a testi-  
 45 mony to them. (45) And he, as he went out,

<sup>k</sup> Sy. went.

<sup>l</sup> Sy. آه;

<sup>m</sup> or, those with him.

<sup>n</sup> or, every one.

° Sy. <span style="font-family: serif;">ⲙⲁⲗⲁ</span>	began to proclaim [it] much, and to divulge the matter;° so that Jesus could not openly go into the city, but was without, in desert places; and they came to him from every quarter.	
° Sy. <i>spake.</i>	<p>And Jesus again entered into Capernaum, after some days. And when they heard that he was in the house, (2) many were assembled, so that [the house] could not contain them, not even before the door. And he held<sup>a</sup> discourse with them. (3) And they came to him, and brought to him a paralytic, borne between four persons. (4) And as they could not come near him on account of the crowd, they ascended to the roof, and removed the covering of the place where Jesus was, and let down the bed on which the paralytic lay. (5) And when Jesus saw their faith, he said to the paralytic: My son, thy sins are forgiven thee. (6) And there were some Scribes and Pharisees there, who sat and reasoned in their hearts: (7) Who is this speaking blasphemy? Who can forgive sins, except God only? (8) And Jesus knew, in his spirit,<sup>b</sup> that they thus reasoned in themselves; and he said to them: Why reason ye thus<sup>c</sup> in your heart? (9) Which is the easier, to say to a paralytic, Thy sins are forgiven thee? or to say, Arise, take up thy bed, and walk? (10) But that ye may know that the Son of man hath power on earth to forgive sins,—he said to the paralytic, (11) I say to thee, Arise, take thy bed, and go to thy house. (12) And he arose in that hour, took up his bed, and departed in presence<sup>d</sup> of them all: so that they were all amazed, and praised God, saying: We never saw the like.</p>	II. 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12
° Sy. <span style="font-family: serif;">ⲉⲛⲟⲩⲟⲩⲟⲩⲟⲩ</span>	<p>And he went again to the sea; and all the multitude came to him, and he taught them. (14) And as he passed along he saw Levi the son of Alphaeus sitting among the publicans. And he said to him: Come after me. And he arose and went after him.—(15) And it was so, that as he reclined in his [Levi's] house, many publicans and sinners reclined with Jesus and with his disciples: for they were many, and they followed him. (16) And when the Scribes and Pharisees saw that he ate with publicans and with sinners, they said to his disciples: Why doth he eat and drink with publicans and sinners? (17) When Jesus heard [it],</p>	13 14 15 16 17
° Sy. <i>these things.</i>		
° Sy. <i>the eyes.</i>		
° Sy. <span style="font-family: serif;">ⲁⲓⲛⲟⲩⲟⲩⲟⲩⲟⲩ</span>		

he said to them: The healthy need not a physician, but those laboring under disease: I came, not to  
 18 call the righteous, but sinners.—(18) And the dis-  
 ciples of John and of the Pharisees were fasters;  
 and they came and said to him: Why are the dis-  
 ciples of John and of the Pharisees fasters, and thy  
 19 disciples fast not? (19) Jesus said to them: Can the  
 guests<sup>f</sup> of the nuptial chamber fast so long as the  
 20 bridegroom is with them? No. (20) But the days  
 will come, when the bridegroom will be taken from  
 21 them, and then they will fast, in that day. (21) No  
 one taketh a patch of new cloth and seweth it upon  
 an old garment, lest the supplemental new should  
 take from the old, and the rent become the greater.  
 22 (22) And no one putteth new wine into old sacks,  
 lest the wine burst the sacks, and the sacks be  
 spoiled, and the wine spilled; but they put new  
 23 wine into new sacks.—(23) And it was so, that as  
 Jesus on a sabbath walked in the tillage grounds,  
 24 his disciples walked and plucked the ears. (24) And  
 the Pharisees said to him: See, how on the sabbath,  
 25 they do that which is not lawful? (25) Jesus said  
 to them: Have ye never read what David did,  
 when he had need and was hungry, he and his at-  
 26 tendants?<sup>g</sup> (26) How he entered the house of God,  
 when Abiathar was high priest, and ate the bread  
 of the Lord's table, which it was not lawful for any  
 but priests to eat, and gave [it] also to those with  
 27 him? (27) And he said to them: The sabbath  
 was made on man's account, and not man for the  
 28 sake of the sabbath. (28) Therefore also the Son  
 of man is lord of the sabbath.

<sup>f</sup> Sy. *children.*

<sup>g</sup> Sy. *those with him.*

III. And again Jesus entered into a synagogue. And  
 there was a man there, whose hand was withered.  
 2 (2) And they watched him, that if he should heal  
 3 on the sabbath, they might accuse him. (3) And  
 he said to the man of the withered hand: Stand up  
 4 in the midst. (4) And he said also to them: Is it  
 lawful to do good on the sabbath, or to do evil?  
 to give life to a person,<sup>a</sup> or to destroy? But they  
 5 were silent. (5) And he looked on them with in-  
 dignation, being grieved with the hardness of their  
 heart. And he said to the man: Stretch forth thy  
 hand. And he stretched forth, and his hand was  
 6 restored. (6) And the Pharisees went out, that

<sup>a</sup> Sy. 

very hour, with the domestics of Herod, and held a consultation against him, how they might destroy him.

And Jesus retired with his disciples to the sea. 7  
And many people joined him from Galilee, and from Judæa, (8) and from Jerusalem, and from Idumæa, and from beyond Jordan, and from Tyre, and from Sidon:—great multitudes, when they heard all that he did, came to him. (9) And he told his disciples to bring him a ship, on account of the multitude, lest they should crowd upon him. (10) For he had healed many, so that they rushed upon him, in order to touch him. (11) And they who were afflicted with unclean spirits, when they saw him, fell down and cried out, and said: Thou art the Son of God. (12) And he charged<sup>b</sup> them much, not to make him known. 12

<sup>b</sup> Sy. rebuked.

And he ascended a mountain, and called whom he pleased; and they came to him. (13) And he chose twelve to be with him, whom he would send out to preach, (15) and who would have power to heal the sick, and to cast out demons. (16) And to Simon he gave the name of Cephas.<sup>c</sup> (17) And to James the son of Zebedee and to John the brother of James, he gave the name of Boanerges,<sup>d</sup> that is, Sons of thunder. (18) And [he chose also] Andrew, and Philip, and Bartholomew,<sup>e</sup> and Matthew, and Thomas, and James the son of Alphaeus,<sup>f</sup> and Thaddeus,<sup>g</sup> and Simon the Canaanite, (19) And Judas Iscariot, who betrayed him. 18

<sup>c</sup> Gr. Peter.

<sup>d</sup> Sy.

ⲛⲓⲛⲓ ⲛⲓⲛⲓ

<sup>e</sup> Sy.

ⲛⲓⲛⲓ ⲛⲓⲛⲓ

<sup>f</sup> Sy.

ⲛⲓⲛⲓ ⲛⲓⲛⲓ

<sup>g</sup> Sy.

ⲛⲓⲛⲓ ⲛⲓⲛⲓ

<sup>h</sup> Sy.

ⲛⲓⲛⲓ ⲛⲓⲛⲓ

<sup>i</sup> Sy.

ⲛⲓⲛⲓ ⲛⲓⲛⲓ

<sup>k</sup> or, parables.

And they came to the house: (20) and the multitude assembled again, so that they could not eat bread. (21) And his kinsmen<sup>h</sup> heard, and went out to take him; for they said: He is out of his reason.<sup>i</sup> (22) And those Scribes that had come down from Jerusalem, said: Beelzebub is in him; and by the prince of demons he expelleth demons. (23) And Jesus called them, and said to them, by similitudes:<sup>k</sup> How can Satan cast out Satan? (24) For if a kingdom be divided against itself, that kingdom cannot stand. (25) And if a house be divided against itself, that house cannot stand. (26) And if Satan rise up against himself and be divided, he cannot stand, but is at an end. (27) No one can enter the house of a strong man, and plunder his goods, unless he first bind the strong man; 27

28 and then he may rob his house. (28) Verily I say  
 29 to you: All sins, and the blasphemies that men  
 30 may utter,<sup>1</sup> may be forgiven them: (29) but who-  
 31 ever shall blaspheme against the Holy Spirit, to  
 32 him for ever<sup>m</sup> there is no forgiveness; but he is ob-  
 33 noxious<sup>n</sup> to eternal<sup>o</sup> judgment. (30) Because they  
 34 had said: An unclean spirit is in him.—(31) And  
 35 his mother and his brothers<sup>p</sup> came, and, standing  
 without, sent to call him to them. (32) And the  
 multitude were sitting around him, and they said  
 to him: Lo, thy mother and thy brothers, without,  
 call for thee. (33) He replied, and said to them:  
 Who is my mother? and who are my brothers?  
 (34) And he looked upon those who sat by him,  
 and said: Behold my mother! and, behold my  
 brothers! (35) For whoever shall do the pleasure  
 of God, he is my brother, and my sister, and my  
 mother.

<sup>1</sup> Sy. *blaspheme.*

<sup>m</sup> Sy. *לְעוֹלָם*

<sup>n</sup> Sy. *debtor.*

<sup>o</sup> Sy. *לְעוֹלָם*

<sup>p</sup> Sy. *אֲבוֹתָיו*

IV. And again he began to teach by the side of the  
 sea. And great multitudes were assembled about  
 him; so that he embarked and sat in a ship on the  
 sea; and all the multitude stood on the land by the  
 2 side of the sea. (2) And he taught them much  
 by similitudes.<sup>a</sup> And in his teaching, he said:  
 3 (3) Hear ye: Behold a sower went forth to sow.  
 4 (4) And as he sowed, some [seed] fell on the side  
 of the path; and a bird came, and devoured it.  
 5 (5) And other [seed] fell on a rock, so that it had not  
 6 much earth; and it soon shot up, because it had  
 no depth of earth. (6) But when the sun was up,  
 it wilted; and because it had no root, it dried up.  
 7 (7) And other [seed] fell among thorns. And the  
 thorns grew up, and choked it, and it yielded no  
 8 fruits. (8) And other [seed] fell on good ground,  
 and came up, and grew, and yielded fruits; some  
 9 thirty, some sixty, and some a hundred. (9) And  
 he said: Whoever hath ears to hear, let him hear.  
 10 —(10) And when they were by themselves, those  
 with him, together with the twelve, asked him  
 11 [concerning] this similitude.<sup>b</sup> (11) And Jesus  
 said to them: To you it is given to know the  
 mystery of the kingdom of God; but to them  
 12 without, all is in similitudes: (12) that when they  
 see, they may see and not see, and when they hear,  
 they may hear and not understand; lest they

<sup>a</sup> or, *parables.*

<sup>b</sup> or, *parable.*

should be converted, and their sins be forgiven  
 them. (13) And he said to them: Do ye not 13  
 understand this similitude? And how will ye  
 understand all similitudes? (14) The sower that 14  
 sowed, sowed the word. (15) And those by the 15  
 side of the path, are they in whom the word is  
 sown; and as soon as they have heard [it], Satan  
 cometh, and taketh away the word that was sown  
 in their hearts. (16) And those sown on the rock, 16  
 are they who, when they hear the word, immedi-  
 ately with joy receive it. (17) And they have no 17  
 root in them, but are temporary; and when there  
 is affliction or persecution on account of the word,  
 they are quickly stumbled. (18) And those sown 18  
 among thorns, are they that hear the word, (19) 19  
 and the cares of this world, and the deceitfulness  
 of riches, and the residue of other lusts enter in,  
 and choke the word, and it is without fruits. (20) 20  
 And those sown on good ground are they that  
 hear the word, and receive it, and bear fruits, by  
 thirties, and by sixties, and by hundreds.—(21) 21  
 And he said to them: Is a lump brought<sup>e</sup> to be  
 placed under a bushel, or under a bed? Is it not  
 to be placed on a light-stand? (22) For there is 22  
 nothing hid, which will not be exposed; and  
 nothing concealed, which will not be made mani-  
 fest. (23) If any one have ears to hear, let him 23  
 hear.—(24) And he said to them: Take heed what 24  
 ye hear: with what measure ye measure, it shall  
 be measured to you: and there shall more be given  
 to you who hear. (25) For to him that hath, will 25  
 more be given; and from him that hath not, even  
 what he hath, will be taken from him.—(26) And 26  
 he said: So is the kingdom of God, as if a man  
 should cast seed into the ground, (27) and should 27  
 sleep and rise, by night and by day, and the seed  
 should grow and shoot up, he knoweth not how.  
 (28) For the earth bringeth forth the fruit; first 28  
 the plant, and subsequently the ear, and at last the  
 complete wheat in the ear. (29) And when the 29  
 fruit is ripe,<sup>d</sup> immediately cometh the sickle, be-  
 cause the harvest hath arrived.—(30) And he said: 30  
 To what shall we liken the kingdom of God? and  
 with what similitude<sup>e</sup> shall we compare it? (31) 31  
 It is like a grain of mustard seed which, when it  
 is sown in the earth, is the least of all seeds sown

<sup>c</sup> Sy. *doth come.*

<sup>d</sup> Sy. *fat.*

<sup>e</sup> or, *parable.*

32 on the earth; (32) and when it is sown it springeth up, and becometh greater than all herbs, and produceth great branches, so that birds can lodge  
 33 under its shadow.—(33) And by many such similitudes,—similitudes such as they could hear,  
 34 —Jesus discoursed with the people. (34) And without similitudes he did not converse with them: but to his disciples, between himself and them, he explained every thing.  
 35 And he said to them, the same day at evening:  
 36 Let us pass over to the other side. (36) And they sent away the multitudes: and they conducted him in the ship as he was. And there were also  
 37 with him other little ships. (37) And there was a great tempest and wind: and the waves beat upon  
 38 the ship, and it was near being filled. (38) And Jesus was asleep on a pillow in the hinder part of the ship. And they came and awoke him, and said to him: Our Rabbi, carest thou not, that we  
 39 perish? (39) And he arose, and rebuked the wind, and said to the sea: Cease; be still. And  
 40 the wind ceased, and there was a great calm. (40) And he said to them: Why were ye so fearful?  
 41 and why have ye not faith? (41) And they feared with great fear: and they said, one to another: Who is this, that even the winds and the sea obey him!

V. And he came to the other side of the sea, to the  
 2 country of the Gadarenes.<sup>a</sup> (2) And as he went out of the ship, there met him from the place of sepulchres a man in whom was an unclean spirit.<sup>b</sup> (3) And he dwelt in the place of sepulchres; and no  
 4 one could confine him with chains: (4) because, as often as he had been confined with fetters and chains, he had broken the chains and burst the  
 5 fetters: and no one could subdue him. (5) And continually, by night and by day, he was in the place of sepulchres, and cried and wounded himself  
 6 with stones. (6) And when he saw Jesus at a  
 7 distance, he ran and worshipped him; (7) and cried with a loud voice, and said: What have I to do with thee, Jesus, thou Son of the High God? I adjure thee by God, that thou torment me not.  
 8 (8) For he had said to him: Come out of the man,  
 9 thou unclean spirit. (9) And he demanded of him:

<sup>a</sup> Sy. ܠܓܕܪܝܢܝܢ

<sup>b</sup> Sy. ܠܥܘܠܘܬܝܢܝܢ

What is thy name? And he replied to him: Our  
 name is Legion;<sup>c</sup> for we are many. (10) And he  
 besought him much, that he would not send him  
 out of the country.<sup>d</sup> (11) And there was there  
 by the mountain, a great herd of swine grazing.  
 (12) And the demons<sup>e</sup> besought him, and said: Send  
 us upon those swine, that we may enter them.  
 (13) And he permitted them. And those unclean  
 spirits<sup>f</sup> went out, and entered the swine: and the  
 herd, of about two thousand, ran to a precipice,  
 and fell into the sea, and were strangled in the  
 waters. (14) And they who tended them, fled and  
 told [it] in the city and in the villages: and they  
 came out to see what had occurred. (15) And  
 they came to Jesus, and saw him in whom the  
 demons had been,—him in whom had been the  
 legion,—clothed, and sober, and sitting; and they  
 were afraid. (16) And those who had seen [it]  
 told them how it occurred to him who had the  
 demons, and also concerning the swine. (17) And  
 they began to request him, that he would go from  
 their border. (18) And as he ascended the ship,  
 the late demoniacs<sup>g</sup> requested that he might con-  
 tinue with him. (19) And he suffered him not,  
 but said to him: Go home to thy people, and tell  
 them what the Lord hath done for thee, and hath  
 compassionated thee. (20) And he went, and  
 began to publish in Decapolis,<sup>h</sup> what Jesus had  
 done for him. And they were all amazed.  
 And when Jesus had passed by ship to the  
 other side, great multitudes again assembled  
 about him as he was on the shore of the sea.  
 (22) And one of the rulers<sup>i</sup> of the synagogue,  
 whose name was Jairus,<sup>k</sup> came, and, on seeing him,  
 fell at his feet, (23) and besought him much, and  
 said to him: My daughter is very sick; but come  
 and lay thy hand on her, and she will be cured,  
 and will live. (24) And Jesus went with him;  
 and a great company<sup>l</sup> attended him, and pressed  
 upon him.—(25) And a woman who had had a  
 defluxion of blood twelve years, (26) and who had  
 suffered much from many physicians, and had ex-  
 pended all she possessed, and was not profited, but  
 was even the more afflicted; (27) when she heard  
 of Jesus, came behind him in the press of the  
 crowd, and touched his garment. (28) For she

<sup>c</sup> Sy. لجنون

<sup>d</sup> or, the land.

<sup>e</sup> Sy. والشياطين

<sup>f</sup> Sy.

الروح النجس

<sup>g</sup> Sy. he of the  
demons.

<sup>h</sup> Sy. the ten  
cities.

<sup>i</sup> Sy.

سبط من تصدق

<sup>k</sup> Sy. عازر

<sup>l</sup> or, multitude.



said: If I but touch his garment, I shall live.  
 29 (29) And immediately the fountain of her blood  
 30 healed of her plague. (30) And Jesus at once  
 knew in himself, that virtue had issued from him:  
 and he turned to the throng, and said: Who  
 31 touched my clothes? (31) And his disciples said  
 to him: Thou seest the throngs that press upon  
 32 thee; and sayest thou, Who touched me? (32)  
 And he looked around, to see who had done this.  
 33 (33) And the woman, fearing and trembling, for  
 she knew what had taken place in her, came and  
 fell down before him, and told him all the truth.  
 34 (34) And he said to her: My daughter, thy faith  
 hath made thee live: go in peace; and be thou  
 35 healed of thy plague.—(35) And while he was  
 speaking, some domestics of the ruler of the  
 synagogue came, and said: Thy daughter is  
 36 dead: why therefore troublest thou the teacher?<sup>m</sup>  
 37 (36) But Jesus heard the word they spoke, and said  
 to the ruler of the synagogue: Fear not; only  
 38 believe. (37) And he suffered no one to go with  
 him, except Simon Cephas,<sup>n</sup> and James, and John  
 39 the brother of James. (38) And they came to the  
 house of the ruler of the synagogue; and he saw,  
 that they were in a tumult, and weeping, and  
 40 howling. (39) And he entered in and said to  
 them: Why are ye in a tumult, and weep? The  
 41 maid is not dead, but is asleep. (40) And they  
 laughed at him. But Jesus put them all out.  
 And he took the maid's father, and her mother,  
 and those that accompanied him, and entered into  
 42 where the maid lay. (41) And he took the maid's  
 43 hand, and said to her: Maiden, arise.<sup>o</sup> (42) And  
 immediately the maid arose, and walked; for she  
 was twelve years old. And they were astonished  
 with a great astonishment. (43) And he enjoined  
 it upon them much, that no one should know of it.  
 And he directed, that they should give her to  
 eat.

<sup>m</sup> Sy. لما

<sup>n</sup> Gr. *Peter.*

<sup>o</sup> Sy. اُتِ  
صوت

VI. And Jesus departed from there and came to his  
 • 2 own city, and his disciples attended him. (2) And  
 when the sabbath came, he began to teach in  
 the synagogue. And many who heard [him]  
 were astonished, and said: Whence hath he

<sup>a</sup> Sy. **مقلا**

obtained these things? And, what wisdom is this, which is given to him! and that such mighty works<sup>a</sup> are done by his hands! (3) Is not this the carpenter, the son of Mary, and the brother of James and of Joses and of Judas and of Simon? And are not his sisters here with us? And they were stumbled in him. (4) And Jesus said to them: There is no prophet who is little, except in his own city, and among his kindred, and at home.<sup>b</sup> (5) And he could not there do even one mighty work, except that he laid his hand on a few sick, and healed them. (6) And he wondered at the defect of their faith. And he travelled about the villages and taught.

<sup>b</sup> or, in his house.

And he called his twelve, and began to send them forth, two and two; and he gave them authority over unclean spirits, to cast them out. (8) And he commanded them to take nothing for the journey, except a staff only; neither a wallet, nor bread, nor brass<sup>c</sup> in their purses; (9) but to be shod with sandals, and not put on two coats. (10) And he said to them: Into whatever house ye enter, there abide till ye leave the place. (11) And whoever will not receive you, nor hear you, when ye go out from that place shake off the dust that is under your feet, for a testimony to them. Verily I say to you, There will be comfort for Sodom and Gomorrah in the day of judgment, rather than for that city. (12) And they went out and proclaimed, that [men] should repent. (13) And they cast out many demons, and many of the sick they anointed with oil, and healed them.

<sup>c</sup> or, small coins.

And Herod the king heard of Jesus,—for his name had become known to him,—and he said: John the Baptizer hath risen from the dead: and therefore it is, mighty deeds<sup>d</sup> are done by him. (15) Others said: He is Elijah:<sup>e</sup> and others: He is a prophet, like one of the prophets. (16) But when Herod heard [of him], he said: He is that John whose head I struck off: he is risen from the dead. (17) For Herod had sent and seized John, and bound him in prison,<sup>f</sup> on account of Herodias, his brother Philip's wife, whom he had taken.<sup>g</sup> (18) For John had said to Herod: It is not lawful for thee to take thy brother's wife. (19) And Herodias herself was an enemy to him, and wished

<sup>d</sup> Sy. **مقلا**

<sup>e</sup> Sy. **الكاهن**

<sup>f</sup> Sy. house of prisoners.

<sup>g</sup> i. e. to wife.

20 to kill him, but was not able. (20) For Herod was afraid of John, because he knew him to be a just and holy man: and he observed him, and gave ear to him in many things and did [the  
 21 things], and he heard him with satisfaction. (21) And there was a noted day, when Herod made a supper, in the house of his nativity, for his nobles and the chiliarchs and the chiefs of Galilee.  
 22 (22) And the daughter of Herodias came in, and danced; and she pleased Herod and those reclining with him. And the king said to the maid: Ask of me what thou pleasest, and I will give it thee.  
 23 (23) And he swore to her: Whatever thou shalt ask, I will give thee, even to the half of my king-  
 24 dom. (24) And she went out, and said to her mother: What shall I ask of him? She said to  
 25 her: The head of John the Baptizer. (25) And she soon entered with eagerness to the king, and said: I desire that thou, this hour, give me in a  
 26 dish the head of John the Baptizer. (26) And it pained the king greatly; yet, on account of the oath, and on account of the guests, he would not  
 27 deny<sup>h</sup> her: (27) and the king sent immediately an executioner,<sup>i</sup> and commanded [him] to bring the  
 28 head of John in the prison; (28) and brought it on a dish, and gave it to the maid; and the maid  
 29 gave it to her mother. (29) And his disciples heard [of it]; and they came and took up the  
 corpse, and laid it in a sepulchre.<sup>k</sup>  
 30 And the legates<sup>l</sup> assembled before Jesus, and told him all they had done, and all they had  
 31 taught. (31) And he said to them: Come, let us go into a desert by ourselves, and rest a little. For there were many going and coming, and they  
 32 had not opportunity even to eat bread. (32) And they went by ship to a desert place by themselves.  
 33 (33) But many saw them, as they departed, and knew them; and from all the cities, they ran  
 34 thither by land before him. (34) And Jesus disembarked and saw great multitudes: and he compassionated them, because they were like sheep having no shepherd. And he began to teach them  
 35 many things. (35) And when the time was advanced,<sup>m</sup> his disciples came to him, and said to him: This is a desert place, and the time is ad-

<sup>h</sup> Sy. *defraud.*

<sup>i</sup> Sy.

ⲓⲁⲛⲟⲩⲟⲩⲁⲩⲟⲩⲁⲩⲟⲩⲁⲩⲟⲩⲁⲩ

= Gr.

Σπεκουλάτωρ.

<sup>k</sup> or, *place of burial.*

<sup>l</sup> Sy. ⲙⲉⲧⲁⲃⲁ

Gr. ἀπόστολοι.

<sup>m</sup> Sy. *great.*

° Sy. <span style="font-family: serif;">اريدتھا</span>	vanced. (36) Dismiss them, that they may go 36 into the fields <sup>n</sup> around us and into the villages, and may buy themselves bread; for they have nothing to eat. (37) And he said to them: Give 37
° Sy. <span style="font-family: serif;">بئربے</span>	ye them to eat. They say to him: Shall we go and buy bread of the value of two hundred denarii, <sup>o</sup> and give them to eat? (38) And he said 38
° Sy. <span style="font-family: serif;">صوتتہ</span>	to them: Go, see how many loaves ye have here. And when they had seen, they say to him: Five loaves and two fishes. (39) And he bid them 39
° Sy. <span style="font-family: serif;">صہ پعا</span>	make the people recline on the grass by companies. (40) And they reclined, by companies of a hundred, 40 and of fifty. (41) And he took the five loaves 41
° Sy. <i>torturing.</i>	and the two fishes, and looked towards heaven, and blessed and brake the bread, and gave to his disciples to set before them: and they divided 42
° Sy. <i>thick.</i>	[also] the two fishes among them all. (42) And 42 they all ate, and were satisfied. (43) And they 43
° Sy. <span style="font-family: serif;">مہ</span>	took up twelve baskets <sup>p</sup> full of the fragments and of the fishes. (44) And they who had eaten 44
	bread were five thousand men. (45) And he im- mediately constrained his disciples to take ship, and go before him to the other side, to Bethsaida, <sup>r</sup> 46
	while he dismissed the multitudes.—(46) And 46 when he had dismissed them, he went to a moun- tain to pray. (47) And when evening came, the 47
	ship was in the middle of the sea, and he alone on the land. (48) And he saw them straining <sup>s</sup> them- 48
	selves in rowing; for the wind was against them. And in the fourth watch of the night, Jesus came to them walking on the waters; and he was 49
	disposed to pass by them. (49) And they saw 49 him walking on the waters, and they supposed that the appearance was a spectre: and they cried 50
	out. (50) For they all saw him, and were afraid. And immediately he spoke with them, and said to 51
	them: Take courage; it is I; fear not. (51) And 51 he entered into the ship to them; and the wind ceased. And they were greatly amazed, and 52
	astonished among themselves. (52) For they did 52 not learn by the bread; because their heart was stupid. <sup>t</sup> —(53) And when they had passed to the 53
	other shore, they came to the land of Gennesaret. <sup>v</sup> (54) And when they went out of the ship, immedi- 54
	ately the men of the place knew him. (55) And 55 they ran through all that region, and began to

bring forth them that were sick, bearing them on  
 56 beds to where they heard he was. (56) And  
 wherever he entered into villages or cities, the sick  
 were laid in the streets: and they besought him,  
 that they might touch but the extremity of his  
 raiment. And all they that touched him, were  
 healed.

VII. And there gathered about him Pharisees and  
 2 Scribes, who had come from Jerusalem. (2) And  
 they saw some of his disciples eating bread, with  
 3 their hands unwashed; and they censured it. (3)  
 For all the Jews and the Pharisees, unless they  
 carefully wash their hands, do not eat; because  
 4 they hold fast the tradition of the Elders. (4) And  
 [coming] from the market-place, except they bap-  
 tize,<sup>a</sup> they do not eat. And there are many other  
 things which they have received to observe, [such  
 as] the baptisms<sup>b</sup> of cups, and of pots, and of  
 5 brazen vessels, and of couches. (5) And the  
 Scribes and Pharisees asked him: Why walk not  
 thy disciples according to the tradition of the  
 Elders, but eat bread with their hands unwashed?  
 6 (6) And he said to them: Well did Isaiah the  
 prophet prophecy concerning you, ye hypocrites;  
 as it is written: This people honoreth me with its  
 7 lips, but their heart is very far from me. (7) And  
 in vain do they give me reverence, while teaching  
 8 as doctrines the precepts of men. (8) For ye have  
 forsaken the commandment of God, and hold fast  
 the tradition of men, the baptisms of cups, and of  
 9 pots, and many things like these. (9) He said  
 [also] to them: Full well do ye spurn the precept  
 10 of God, that ye may establish your tradition! (10)  
 For Moses said: Honor thy father and thy mother;  
 and whoever shall revile his father or his mother,  
 11 shall surely die.<sup>c</sup> (11) But ye say: If a man say  
 to his father or to his mother, Be it my oblation,  
 12 whatever thou mayest gain from me: (12) then ye  
 suffer him not to do any thing for his father or his  
 13 mother. (13) And ye reject the word of God, on  
 account of the tradition which ye hand down.  
 14 And many things like these, ye do.—(14) And  
 Jesus called all the multitude, and said to them:  
 15 Hear, all ye; and understand. (15) There is  
 nothing without a man which, by entering him, can

<sup>a</sup> Sy. صلى

<sup>b</sup> Sy. مكتوبات

<sup>c</sup> or, dying die.

	pollute him. But that which cometh out of him, that it is that polluteth a man. (16) Whoever	16
	hath ears to hear, let him hear.—(17) And when	17
<sup>d</sup> or, <i>parable</i> .	Jesus had entered the house, apart from the multitude, his disciples asked him about this similitude. <sup>d</sup>	
	(18) And he said to them: Are ye likewise so	18
	undiscerning? Do ye not know, that whatever	
	from without entereth into a man, cannot defile	19
	him? (19) For it doth not enter into his heart,	19
	but into his belly, and is thrown into the diges-	
	tive process, which carries off all that is eaten.	20
	(20) But that which proceedeth from a man, that	20
	defileth a man. (21) For from within, from the	21
	heart of men, proceed evil thoughts, adultery,	
	whoredom, (22) theft, murder, avarice, malice,	22
	deceit, lasciviousness, an evil eye, reviling, haugh-	
	tiness, folly. (23) All these evil things come from	23
	within, and defile a man.	
	Thence Jesus arose, and went to the border of	24
	Tyre and Sidon. And he entered a house, and	
<sup>e</sup> or, <i>it</i> .	wished no man to know him; <sup>e</sup> but he could not	25
	be concealed. (25) For immediately a woman,	25
	whose daughter had an unclean spirit, heard of	26
	him; and she came, and fell before his feet, (26)	26
<sup>f</sup> Sy.	(the woman was a Gentile from Phenicia of	
صبيحة	Syria), <sup>f</sup> and besought him, that he would expel	
لدها	the demon from her daughter. (27) Jesus said	27
,	to her: Permit the children first to be satisfied;	
	for it is not becoming, to take the children's	28
	bread and cast it to dogs. (28) And she replied,	28
	and said to him: Yes, my Lord: and yet the	
	dogs under the table eat the children's crumbs.	29
	(29) Jesus said to her: Go thou; because of this	29
<sup>g</sup> Sy. <i>word</i> .	speech, <sup>g</sup> the demon hath departed from thy	
	daughter. (30) And she went to her house, and	30
	found her daughter lying on a bed, and the demon	
	gone from her.	
	Again Jesus departed from the border of Tyre	31
	and Sidon, and came to the sea of Galilee, to the	
<sup>h</sup> Sy. <i>the ten cit-</i>	border of Decapolis. <sup>h</sup> (32) And they brought to	32
<i>ies.</i>	him a deaf and stammering man, and besought	
	him to lay his hand on him. (33) And he led him	33
	aside from the multitude, and put his fingers	
	into his ears, and spit, and touched his tongue,	34
	(34) and looked towards heaven, and sighed, and	34
<sup>i</sup> Sy. <i>صلى</i>	said to him: Be opened. <sup>i</sup> (35) And immediately	35

his ears were opened, and the bond of his tongue  
 36 was loosed, and he spake plainly. (36) And he  
 charged them to tell no man of it: and the  
 more he charged them, the more they proclaimed  
 37 it. (37) And they admired exceedingly, and said:  
 He doeth every thing excellently: he maketh  
 the deaf to hear, and the speechless to talk.

VIII. And in those days, when the multitude was  
 great, and had nothing to eat, he called his dis-  
 2 ciples, and said to them: (2) I compassionate this  
 multitude; for, lo, three days have they continued  
 3 with me, and they have nothing to eat. (3) And  
 if I send them to their homes fasting, they will  
 faint by the way: for some of them have come  
 4 from a great distance. (4) His disciples say to  
 him: Whence can one, here in the desert, satisfy  
 5 all these with bread? (5) And he asked them:  
 How many loaves have ye? They say to him,  
 6 Seven. (6) And he directed the multitudes to  
 recline on the ground: and he took the seven  
 loaves, and blessed, and brake, and gave to his  
 disciples to set forth; and they set before the  
 7 multitudes. (7) And there were a few fishes;  
 and them he also blessed, and ordered them set  
 8 forth. (8) And they ate, and were satisfied: and  
 they took up seven baskets of the remaining  
 9 fragments. (9) And the men who had eaten,  
 were about four thousand: and he sent them  
 away.

10 And immediately he entered a ship, with his  
 disciples, and came to the place Dalmanutha.<sup>a</sup>  
 11 (11) And the Pharisees came out, and began to  
 dispute with him; and, to tempt him, they de-  
 12 manded of him a sign from heaven. (12) And  
 he sighed with his breath,<sup>b</sup> and said: Why doth  
 this generation seek after a sign? Verily I say  
 to you, No sign will be given to this generation.  
 13 (13) And he left them, and embarked in the  
 14 ship; and they passed to the other shore.—(14)  
 And they had forgotten to take bread with them,  
 and had but a single cake<sup>c</sup> in the ship with  
 15 them. (15) And he charged them, and said to  
 them: Take heed, and beware of the leaven of  
 16 the Pharisees, and of the leaven of Herod. (16)  
 And they reasoned one with another, and said:

<sup>a</sup> Sy. *Ἰδαμυθῶν;*

<sup>b</sup> Sy. *spirit.*

<sup>c</sup> Sy. *ἄρτος;*

It is, because we have no bread. (17) And Jesus 17  
 knew [it], and said to them: Why reason ye,  
 because ye have no bread? Do ye still not know,  
 nor understand? How long will your heart be  
 hard? (18) and ye have eyes, but see not? 18  
 and have ears, but hear not, nor reflect? (19) 19  
 When I broke the five loaves to five thousand,  
 how many baskets full of the fragments took ye  
 up? They say to him: Twelve. (20) He saith 20  
 to them: And when the seven to four thousand,  
 how many baskets full of the fragments took ye  
 up? They say: Seven. (21) He saith to them: 21  
 Why is it that, to this time, ye do not consider?

<sup>d</sup> Sy.

طع  
 ٣٠

And he came to Bethsaida:<sup>d</sup> and they brought 22  
 to him a blind man, and besought him to touch  
 him. (23) And he took the blind man by the 23  
 hand, and led him out of the village, and spit  
 on his eyes, and laid on his hand: and asked him,  
 what he saw. (24) And he gazed, and said: I 24  
 see men like trees which walk. (25) Again he 25  
 laid his hand on his eyes, and he was recovered,  
 and saw every thing plainly. (26) And he sent 26  
 him to his house, and said to him: Neither  
 enter into the village, nor tell any person in the  
 village.

And Jesus and his disciples went to the villages 27  
 of Caesarea Philippi. And he asked his disciples  
 by the way, and said to them: Who, do men say  
 of me, that I am? (28) And they said to him: 28  
 That [thou art] John the Baptizer; and others:  
 That [thou art] Elijah; and others: That [thou  
 art] one of the prophets. (29) Jesus said to them: 29  
 And who, do ye yourselves say of me, that I am?  
 Simon<sup>e</sup> replied, and said to him: Thou art the  
 Messiah, the Son of the living God. (30) And he 30  
 charged them, that they should say [this] of him to  
 no person.—(31) And he began to teach them, 31  
 that the Son of man was about to suffer much, and  
 be rejected by the Elders and by the chief priests  
 and by the Scribes, and be killed, and rise on the  
 third day. (32) And he spoke out the thing<sup>f</sup> dis- 32  
 tinctly. And Cephas<sup>g</sup> took him, and began to  
 rebuke him. (33) But he turned, and looked 33  
 upon his disciples, and rebuked Simon,<sup>h</sup> and said:  
 Get thee behind me, Satan:<sup>i</sup> for thou dost not  
 consider what is of God, but what is of men.—

<sup>e</sup> Gr. *Petr.*

<sup>f</sup> Sy. *the word.*

<sup>g</sup> Gr. *Petr.*

<sup>h</sup> Gr. *Peter.*

<sup>i</sup> Sy. ١١٠



34 (34) And Jesus called the multitude, together with his disciples, and said to them: Whoever will come after me, let him deny himself, and take up his cross, and come after me. (35) For, whoever will preserve his life,<sup>k</sup> shall lose it; and whoever will lose his life on my account, and on account of my tidings,<sup>l</sup> shall preserve it. (36) For, what will a man be profited, if he gain the whole world,<sup>m</sup> and lose his life?<sup>n</sup> (37) Or what will a man give in exchange for his life? (38) For, whoever shall be ashamed of me, and of my words,<sup>o</sup> in this sinful and adulterous generation, of him also will the Son of man be ashamed, when he cometh in the IX. glory of his Father, with his holy angels.—[IX.]

<sup>k</sup> Sy. سَلَمَ لِي

<sup>l</sup> Sy. أَنْبِيَاءِ

<sup>m</sup> Sy. كُلِّ شَيْءٍ

<sup>n</sup> Sy. سَلَمَ لِي

<sup>o</sup> or, *teachings.*

And he said to them: Verily I say to you, There are some standing here, who will not taste of death, until they shall see the kingdom of God to be coming with power.

2 And after six days, Jesus took Cephas<sup>a</sup> and James and John, and led them to a high mountain, apart; and was transformed before them.<sup>b</sup> (3) And his raiment shone, and was very white, like snow, so as men on earth can never whiten. (4) And there appeared to them Moses and 5 Elijah, in conversation with Jesus. (5) And Cephas<sup>c</sup> said to him: Rabbi, it is delightful for us to be here. And let us make three booths; one for thee, and one for Moses, and one for Elijah. (6) But he did not know what he said, for they were in trepidation. (7) And there was a cloud, and it overshadowed them. And a voice issued from the cloud, which said: This is my beloved 8 Son. Hear ye him. (8) And suddenly, when the disciples looked up, they saw no one with them, except Jesus only.—(9) And as they descended the mountain, he commanded them to tell no man what they had seen, till after the Son of man should be risen from the dead. (10) And they kept that saying in their mind;<sup>d</sup> and inquired, What doth this saying mean: "When he shall be 11 risen from the dead!" (11) And they asked him, and said: Why then do the Scribes say, that 12 Elijah must first come? (12) He said to them: Elijah [truly] first cometh, to prepare all things: and, as it is written of the Son of man, he will

<sup>a</sup> Gr. *Peter.*

<sup>b</sup> Sy. *their eyes.*

<sup>c</sup> Gr. *Peter.*

<sup>d</sup> or, *among themselves.*

suffer much, and be rejected. (13) But I say to 13  
 you: That Elijah hath come; and they have done  
 to him all that they desired, as it was written of  
 him.

And when he came to his disciples, he saw a 14  
 great multitude with them, and the Scribes dis-  
 puting with them. (15) And immediately the 15  
 multitude saw him, and were surprised: and they  
 ran and saluted him. (16) And he asked the 16  
 Scribes: What were ye disputing with them?  
 (17) And one of the multitude replied, and said: 17  
 Teacher,<sup>e</sup> I have brought to thee my son, who hath  
 a spirit that will not speak. (18) And wherever 18  
 he seizeth him, he shaketh and teareth him: and  
 he gnasheth his teeth, and pineth away. And I  
 spoke to thy disciples, to cast him out; and they  
 could not. (19) Jesus answered, and said to them: 19  
 O incredulous generation! How long shall I be  
 with you? how long bear with you? Bring him  
 to me. (20) And they brought him to him. And 20  
 when the spirit saw him, immediately he shook  
 him; and he fell upon the ground, and wallowed  
 and foamed. (21) And Jesus asked his father, how 21  
 long a time he had been thus. He said to him:  
 Lo, from his childhood. (22) And many times it 22  
 hath thrown him into the fire, and into the water,  
 to destroy him. But, if thou canst do any thing,  
 aid me and have compassion on me. (23) Jesus 23  
 said to him: If thou canst believe; every thing can  
 be, to him that believeth. (24) And immediately 24  
 the father of the child cried out, while he wept and  
 said: I believe; aid thou the defect of my faith.  
 (25) And when Jesus saw that the people were 25  
 running and collecting around him, he rebuked the  
 unclean spirit, and said to him: Thou deaf and  
 unspeaking spirit, I command thee, come out of  
 him; and no more enter him. (26) And the 26  
 demon cried out greatly, and bruised him, and  
 came out. And he was as a dead person; so that  
 many would say, he is dead. (27) And Jesus took 27  
 him by the hand, and raised him up.—(28) And 28  
 when Jesus entered the house, his disciples asked  
 him privately: Why could not we cast him out?  
 (29) He saith to them: This kind<sup>f</sup> can come out, 29  
 by nothing but fasting and prayer.

<sup>e</sup> Sy.

<sup>f</sup> Sy.   
 Gr. γένος.

And when he departed from there, they passed 30

through Galilee : and he desired that no one might  
 31 know him. (31) For he taught his disciples, and  
 said to them : The Son of man is delivered into  
 the hands of men, and they will kill him ; and  
 when he is killed, on the third day, he will rise.

32 (32) But they did not understand that speech ;<sup>g</sup> *or, word.*  
 and they were afraid to ask him.

33 And they came to Capernaum. And when they  
 entered the house, he asked them : What disputed  
 34 ye among yourselves by the way ? (34) And  
 they were silent ; for by the way they had con-  
 tended with one another, which should be the  
 35 great among them. (35) And Jesus sat down,

and called the twelve, and said to them : Whoever  
 would be first, let him be last of all, and servitor  
 36 to all. (36) And he took a child, and set him in  
 the midst, and took him in his arms, and said to

37 them : (37) Whoever receiveth one in my name,  
 like this child, he receiveth me ; and he that  
 receiveth me, receiveth not me [only], but him  
 38 that sent me.—(38) John said to him : Rabbi, we  
 saw one casting out demons in thy name, and we  
 39 forbid him, because he adhereth not to us. (39)

Jesus said to them : Forbid him not ; for there is  
 no one who doeth mighty works<sup>h</sup> in my name,  
 40 that can readily speak evil of me. (40) Whoever

41 therefore is not against you, is for you. (41) For  
 whoever shall give you to drink a cup of water  
 only, on the ground that ye are Messiah's [follow-  
 42 ers], verily I say to you, he will not lose his

42 reward. (42) And whoever shall cause one of  
 these little ones that believe in me to stumble, it  
 were better for him, if a millstone were put to his  
 43 neck, and he cast into the sea. (43) And if thy

hand make thee offend, cut it off : it is better for  
 thee to enter into life maimed, than, having two  
 44 hands, to go into hell ;<sup>i</sup> (44) where their worm  
 45 dieth not, and their fire is not extinguished. (45)

And if thy foot make thee offend, cut it off : it is  
 better for thee to enter into life lamed, than, having  
 46 two feet, to fall into hell ; (46) where their worm  
 47 dieth not, and their fire is not extinguished. (47)

And if thy eye make thee offend, pluck it out : it  
 is better for thee to enter with one eye into the  
 kingdom of God, than, having two eyes, to fall into  
 48 the hell of fire ;<sup>k</sup> (48) where their worm dieth not,

and their fire is not extinguished. (49) For every 49  
 thing will be salted with fire; and every sacrifice  
 will be salted with salt. (50) Salt is a good thing: 50  
 but if the salt become insipid, with what will it be  
 salted? Let there be salt in you: and be ye in  
 peace, one with another.

And he arose from there, and came to the border X.  
 of Judæa, on the other side the Jordan. And  
 great multitudes came to him there; and again he  
 instructed them, as he was accustomed.—(2) And 2  
 the Pharisees came to him, and, tempting him,  
 inquired if it were lawful for a man to divorce  
 his wife. (3) He said to them: What did Moses 3  
 command you? (4) They said: Moses permitted 4  
 us to write a bill of divorce, and send [her] away.  
 (5) Jesus answered and said to them: On account 5  
 of the hardness of your heart, Moses wrote you  
 this precept. (6) But, from the beginning, God 6  
 made them a male and a female. (7) Therefore 7  
 shall a man leave his father and his mother, and  
 adhere to his wife: (8) and they two shall be one 8  
 flesh. Wherefore they are not two, but one flesh.  
 (9) What therefore God hath conjoined, let not 9  
 man separate. (10) And in the house, the disci- 10  
 ples asked him again of this matter. (11) And he 11  
 said to them: Whoever shall divorce his wife, and  
 take another, committeth adultery. (12) And if a 12  
 woman shall leave her husband, and marry another,  
 she committeth adultery.

<sup>a</sup> Sy. **ملكتها**

And they brought little children<sup>a</sup> to him, that 13  
 he might touch them. But his disciples rebuked  
 those who brought them. (14) And when Jesus 14  
 saw it, he was displeased; and he said to them,  
 Suffer little children to come to me, and forbid  
 them not; for of those like them is the kingdom  
 of God. (15) Verily I say to you, That whoever 15  
 doth not receive the kingdom of God, like a little  
 child, shall not enter it. (16) And he took them 16  
 in his arms, and laid his hand on them and blessed  
 them.

<sup>b</sup> Sy. **ملاصها**

And as he walked in the way, one ran and fell 17  
 upon his knees, and asked him, and said: Good  
 Teacher,<sup>b</sup> what must I do, to inherit eternal  
 life?<sup>c</sup> (18) Jesus saith to him: Why callest thou 18  
 me good? There is none good, but one, God.

<sup>c</sup> Sy.

**سعا بللكم**

- 19 (19) Thou knowest the commandments; thou shalt not commit adultery, thou shalt not steal, thou shalt not kill, thou shalt not give false testimony, thou shalt not defraud; honor thy father and thy
- 20 mother. (20) And he answered, and said to him: Teacher, all these have I kept from my childhood.
- 21 (21) And Jesus looked on him, and loved him, and said to him: One thing thou lackest. Go, sell all that thou possessest, and give to the poor, and there will be a treasure for thee in heaven; and
- 22 take thy cross, and come after me. (22) And he was made sad by that speech,<sup>d</sup> and went away
- 23 sorrowing: for he possessed great riches. (23) And Jesus looked upon his disciples, and said to them: How hard for those who possess wealth, to
- 24 enter into the kingdom of God! (24) And the disciples wondered at the remark.<sup>e</sup> And Jesus
- 25 replied again, and said to them: My children, how hard it is, for those who trust in riches, to
- 26 enter into the kingdom of God. (25) It is easier for a camel to enter the eye of a needle, than for a
- 27 rich man to enter the kingdom of God. (26) And they wondered the more, and said among themselves: Who can obtain life! (27) And Jesus
- 28 looked on them again, and said to them: With men, this is not possible, but with God [it is]; for with God all things are possible.—(28) And
- 29 Cephas<sup>f</sup> began to say: Lo, we have left every
- 30 thing, and have cleaved to thee. (29) Jesus answered and said: Verily I say to you, There is no man that leaveth houses, or brothers or sisters,
- 31 or father or mother, or wife or children, for my sake, and for the sake of my tidings, (30) who will not receive a hundredfold, here in the present time,—houses, and brothers and sisters, and mothers and children, and lands, with persecution; and in
- 32 the world to come eternal life. (31) But many are first, who will be last; and last, [who will be] first.
- 32 And as they were in the way, going up to Jerusalem, Jesus went before them: and they were amazed, and walked after him with trembling. And he took his twelve, and began to tell them
- 33 what was to befall him. (33) Behold, we are going to Jerusalem; and the Son of man will be delivered up to the chief priests and the Scribes;

<sup>d</sup> or, word.<sup>e</sup> or, word.<sup>f</sup> Gr. Peter.

ε Sy. ⲓⲛⲁⲛⲁ

and they will condemn him to die, and will deliver  
 him over to the Gentiles. (34) And they will 34  
 mock him, and will scourge him, and will spit in  
 his face, and will kill him; and on the third day  
 he will arise.—(35) And James and John, the sons 35  
 of Zebedee, came to him, and said to him: Teacher,  
 we desire that thou wouldst do for us all that we  
 ask. (36) He saith to them: What would ye, that 36  
 I should do for you? (37) They say to him: 37  
 Grant to us, that one may sit on thy right hand,  
 and the other on thy left, in thy glory. (38) But 38  
 he said to them: Ye know not what ye ask. Are  
 ye able to drink the cup, of which I drink? and  
 to be baptized with the baptism, that I am baptized  
 with? (39) They say to him: We are able. 39  
 Jesus saith to them: The cup that I drink, ye will  
 drink, and the baptism that I am baptized with, ye  
 will be baptized with: (40) But that ye should 40  
 sit on my right hand and on my left, is not mine  
 to give, except to those for whom it is prepared.  
 (41) And when the ten heard [it], they began to 41  
 murmur against James and John. (42) And Jesus 42  
 called them, and said to them: Ye know, that  
 they who are accounted chiefs<sup>h</sup> of the nations, are  
 their lords; and their great men have authority<sup>i</sup>  
 over them. (43) But it shall not be so among 43  
 you: but he that would be great among you, must  
 be a servitor to you. (44) And he of you that 44  
 would be first, must be servant to every one.  
 (45) And also the Son of man came, not to be 45  
 served, but to serve; and to give his life a ran-  
 som for many.

<sup>b</sup> Sy. ⲧⲉⲃⲁ

<sup>i</sup> Sy. ⲙⲁⲛⲁⲛⲁ

And they came to Jericho. And as Jesus went 46  
 out of Jericho, he and his disciples and a great  
 multitude; Timeus,<sup>k</sup> the son of Timeus, a blind  
 man, was sitting by the side of the way, and beg-  
 ging. (47) And he heard that it was Jesus the 47  
 Nazarean; and he began to cry out, and to say:  
 Thou Son of David, have mercy on me. (48) 48  
 And many rebuked him, that he might be silent.  
 But he cried out the more, and said: Thou Son of  
 David, have mercy on me. (49) And Jesus stood, 49  
 and directed him to be called. And they called  
 the blind man, and said to him: Take courage:  
 arise, he calleth thee. (50) And the blind man 50  
 cast off his garment, and arose, and went to Jesus.

<sup>k</sup> Sy. ⲓⲛⲁⲛⲁ  
ⲧⲉⲃⲁ

51 (51) Jesus said to him : What wilt thou, that I do  
for thee? And the blind man said to him : Rabbi,  
52 that I may have sight. (52) And Jesus said to  
him : Go ; thy faith hath procured thee life. And  
immediately his sight was restored ; and he fol-  
lowed after him.

XI. And as they approached Jerusalem, near by  
Bethphage and Bethany, at the mount of Olives,  
2 he sent two of his disciples, (2) and said to them :  
Go ye to the village that is over against us, and  
as soon as ye enter it, ye will find a colt tied, on  
which no person hath ridden : loose [him], and  
3 bring him hither. (3) And, if any one say to you,  
Why do ye this? Say ye to him : Because our  
Lord hath need of him. And immediately he will  
4 send him hither. (4) And they went, and they  
found the colt tied, by the door, without in the  
5 street. And as they were loosing [him], (5) some  
of those standing there, said to them : What do  
6 ye, untying the colt? (6) And they said to them,  
as Jesus had commanded them ; and they per-  
7 mitted them. (7) And they brought the colt to  
Jesus, and cast their garments upon him, and set  
8 Jesus upon him. (8) And many spread their gar-  
ments in the way ; and others cut branches from  
9 the trees, and strewed them in the way. (9) And  
those preceding him, and those following him,  
shouted and said : Hosanna : Blessed is he that  
10 cometh in the name of the Lord. (10) And  
blessed is the advancing kingdom of our father  
11 David. Hosanna in the highest [heavens]. (11)  
And Jesus entered Jerusalem and the temple,  
and surveyed every thing. And when evening  
arrived, he went out to Bethany with the  
twelve.

12 And the following day, as he left Bethany, he  
13 was hungry : (13) and he saw a fig-tree at a dis-  
tance, on which were leaves, and he came to it, if  
he could find somewhat on it. And when he  
had come, he found on it only leaves ; for the  
14 time of figs had not arrived. (14) And he said  
to it : Henceforth and for ever, let no man eat  
fruit from thee : and the disciples heard it. And  
15 they came to Jerusalem. (15) And Jesus entered  
the temple of God : and he began to cast out those

who bought and sold in the temple; and he overturned the counters of the money-brokers, and the seats of them that sold doves. (16) And he 16  
 suffered no one to carry goods through the temple. (17) And he taught them, and said: Is it not 17  
 written, My house shall be called the house of prayer for all nations? But ye have made it a 18  
 den of robbers. (18) And the chief priests and the Scribes heard [him], and they sought how they 18  
 might destroy him; for they were afraid of him, because all the people admired his doctrine.<sup>a</sup>—  
 (19) And when it was evening, they went out from 19  
 the city. (20) And in the morning, as they passed 20  
 by, they saw the fig-tree dried up, as it were, from its 21  
 root. (21) And Simon<sup>b</sup> remembered, and said to 21  
 him: Rabbi; behold, the fig-tree which thou 22  
 cursedst, is dried up. (22) And Jesus replied, and 22  
 said to them: Have faith in God. (23) Verily I 23  
 say to you, That whoever shall say to this mountain, Be thou removed, and fall into the sea; and 24  
 shall not doubt in his heart, but shall believe that 25  
 what he said will occur, to him will be the thing 26  
 he spoke. (24) Therefore I say to you, That 24  
 whatsoever ye shall pray and ask for, believe that 25  
 it will be, and it will be to you. (25) And when 25  
 ye stand up to pray, forgive what ye have against 26  
 any one; that your Father who is in heaven may 26  
 also forgive your offences. (26) For if ye forgive 26  
 not, your Father also who is in heaven will not 26  
 forgive you your offences.

And they came again to Jerusalem. And as he 27  
 was walking in the temple, the chief priests and 28  
 Scribes and Elders came to him, (28) and said to 28  
 him: By what authority doest thou these things? 29  
 And who gave thee the authority to do these 29  
 things? (29) And Jesus said to them: I also will 29  
 ask you one thing,<sup>c</sup> that ye may tell me, and I will 30  
 tell you by what authority I do these things. (30) 30  
 The baptism of John, whence was it? from heaven, 31  
 or from men? Tell me. (31) And they reasoned 31  
 with themselves, and said: If we should say to 32  
 him, From heaven; he will say to us, Why then 32  
 did ye not believe him? (32) But if we should 32  
 say, From men; there is fear from the people; 33  
 for they have all held John to be truly a prophet. 33  
 (33) And they answered, and said to Jesus: We

<sup>a</sup> Sy.

οικουα

<sup>b</sup> Gr. Peter.

<sup>c</sup> Sy. word.



do not know. He said to them: Neither do I tell you by what authority I do these things.

XII. And he began to discourse with them in similitudes.<sup>a</sup> A certain man planted a vineyard, and inclosed it with a hedge, and dug in it a wine vat, and built a tower in it, and put it into the hands of husbandmen, and removed to a distance. (2) And at the proper time, he sent his servant to the husbandmen, to receive of the fruits of the vineyard. (3) And they beat him, and sent him away empty. (4) And again he sent to them another servant; and him also they stoned, and wounded, and sent him away under indignities. (5) And again he sent another; and him they killed. And he sent many other servants, some of whom they beat, and some they killed. (6) At last, having an only and dear son, he sent him to them; for he said, Perhaps they will respect my son. (7) But those husbandmen said among themselves: This is the heir; come, let us kill him, and the inheritance will be ours. (8) And they took him, and slew [him], and cast [him] out of the vineyard. (9) What therefore will the lord of the vineyard do? He will come and destroy those husbandmen, and transfer the vineyard to others. (10) And have ye not read this scripture, The stone which the builders rejected, hath become the head of the corner: (11) From the Lord, was this; and it is wonderful in our eyes?—(12) And they sought to apprehend him, but were afraid of the people; for they knew that he spoke this similitude against them. And they left him, and went away. (13) And they sent to him some of the Scribes and of the household of Herod, to ensnare him in discourse. (14) And these came, and asked him: Teacher;<sup>b</sup> we know that thou art veracious, and hast no fear of man; for thou regardest not the face of men, but teachest the way of God in truth. Is it lawful to give capitation money to Cæsar; or not? Shall we give, or not give? (15) And he knew their wile, and said to them: Why tempt ye me? Bring me a denarius, that I may see it. (16) And they brought [one] to him. And he said to them: Whose is this image and inscription? They said to him: Cæsar's. (17) Jesus said to them:

<sup>a</sup> or, *parables*.

<sup>b</sup> Sy. *ἰσχυρῶς*

c Sy. יהוה

What is Cæsar's, give to Cæsar; and what is God's, [give] to God. And they wondered at him.—(18) 18  
 Then came to him Sadducees, who say that there  
 is no resurrection; and they asked him, and said:  
 (19) Teacher;<sup>c</sup> Moses wrote to us, that if a man's 19  
 brother die, and leave a widow, but leave no  
 children, his brother shall take his widow, and  
 raise up seed to his brother. (20) There were 20  
 seven brothers: and the first took a wife, and  
 died, and left no seed. (21) And the second took 21  
 her, and died, and he also left no seed: and the  
 third in like manner. (22) And the seven took 22  
 her, and left no seed. Last of all, the woman also  
 died. (23) In the resurrection, therefore, of which 23  
 of them will she be the wife? For all the seven  
 took her. (24) Jesus said to them: Is it not on 24  
 this account that ye err, because ye understand not  
 the scriptures, nor the power of God? (25) For 25  
 when they rise from the dead, they do not take  
 wives, nor are wives given to husbands; but they  
 are as the angels that are in heaven. (26) But 26  
 concerning the dead, that they rise, have ye not  
 read in a book of Moses, how God said to him from  
 the bush: I am the God of Abraham, and the God  
 of Isaac, and the God of Jacob? (27) He is not 27  
 the God of the dead, but of the living. Ye, there-  
 fore, do err greatly.—(28) And one of the Scribes 28  
 came, and heard them as they discussed, and he  
 saw that he gave them an excellent answer; and  
 he asked him, Which is the first of all the com-  
 mandments? (29) Jesus said to him: The first 29  
 of all the commandments [is]: Hear, O Israel; the  
 Lord our God is one Lord: (30) and thou shalt 30  
 love the Lord thy God, with all thy heart, and  
 with all thy soul, and with all thy mind, and with  
 all thy might. This is the first commandment.  
 (31) And the second, which is like it, [is]: Thou 31  
 shalt love thy neighbor, as thyself. There is no  
 other commandment greater than these. (32) The 32  
 Scribe said to him: Excellently! Rabbi; thou hast  
 spoken the truth; for he is one [God], and there is  
 no other beside him. (33) And for a man to love 33  
 him, with all the heart, and with all the mind, and  
 with all the soul, and with all the might; and to  
 love his neighbor, as himself; is better than all  
 holocausts and sacrifices. (34) And Jesus per- 34

ceived that he replied wisely; and he answered, and said to him: Thou art not far from the kingdom of God.—And no one dared again to question him.

35 And as Jesus was teaching in the temple, he answered and said: How can the Scribes say, that  
 36 Messiah is the son of David? (36) For David himself saith, by the Holy Spirit: The Lord said to my Lord; Seat thyself on my right hand, until I place thy enemies as a footstool beneath thy feet.  
 37 (37) David therefore calleth him "My Lord;" and how is he his son? And all the multitude heard  
 38 him with pleasure. (38) And he said to them in his teaching:<sup>d</sup> Beware of the Scribes, who choose to walk in long robes, and love the salutation in  
 39 the streets, (39) and the chief seats in the synagogues, and the chief couches at feasts. (40) They devour the houses of widows, under pretence that they prolong their prayers. These shall receive a  
 41 greater condemnation.—(41) And as Jesus sat over against the treasury-room, he saw how the multitude cast money into the treasury. And  
 42 many rich ones cast in much. (42) And a poor widow came, and cast in two mites, which are a  
 43 brass farthing.<sup>e</sup> (43) And Jesus called his disciples, and said to them: Verily I say to you, That this poor widow hath cast into the treasury more  
 44 than all they that cast in. (44) For they all cast in of that which abounded to them, but she, of her poverty, hath cast in all that she possessed, the whole of her property.

<sup>d</sup> Sy.

<sup>e</sup> Sy.

XIII. And as Jesus retired from the temple, one of his disciples said to him: Teacher;<sup>a</sup> behold; see  
 2 these stones, and these structures! (2) And Jesus said to him: Admirest thou these great structures? There will not be left here one stone upon another,  
 3 not demolished. (3) And as Jesus was sitting on the mount of Olives, over against the temple, Cephas<sup>b</sup> and James and John and Andrew asked him,  
 4 privately: (4) Tell us, when will these things be? and what [will be] the sign that these things approach their consummation? (5) And Jesus began to say to them: Beware, that no one mislead  
 6 you: (6) for many will come in my name, and will say: I am he. And they will mislead many.

<sup>a</sup> Sy.


<sup>b</sup> Gr. Peter.

<sup>c</sup> or, *gospel*.

(7) But when ye shall hear of battles, and the rumor of battles, be not afraid; for this must be; but the end is not yet. (8) For nation will rise against nation, and kingdom against kingdom, and there will be earthquakes in several places, and there will be famines and insurrections. These are the beginning of sorrows.—(9) And take heed to yourselves; for they will deliver you up to the tribunals; and ye will be beaten in the synagogues, and ye will stand before kings and governors, on my account, for a testimony to them. (10) And my tidings<sup>c</sup> must first be proclaimed among all the nations. (11) And when they shall lead you to deliver you up, be not solicitous beforehand what ye shall say, neither premeditate; but, that which shall be given you in that hour, speak ye; for it is not ye that speak, but the Holy Spirit. (12) And brother will deliver up his brother to death, and the father his son; and children will rise up against their parents, and will kill them. (13) And ye will be hated of every man, on account of my name. But whoever shall persevere to the end, shall live.—(14) And when ye see the profane sign of desolation, which was mentioned by Daniel the prophet, standing where it ought not;—(let him that readeth, understand;) then let those that are in Judæa, flee to the mountain: (15) and let him that is on the roof, not come down and enter [it], to take any thing from his house: (16) and let him that is in the field, not return back to take his clothing. (17) But, woe to those with child, and to those who nurse children, in those days! (18) And pray ye, that your flight be not in winter. (19) For in those days will be affliction, such as hath not been from the beginning of the creation that God made until now, and shall not be. (20) And, unless God should shorten those days, no flesh would live. But, on account of the elect whom he hath chosen, he hath shortened those days.—(21) Then, if any one shall say to you: Lo, here is Messiah, or lo, there; give not credence. (22) For false Messiahs will arise, and lying prophets; and they will give signs and wonders; and will deceive, if possible, even the elect. (23) But take ye heed. Lo, I have told you the whole beforehand.—(24) And in those days, after that affliction, the sun will be

darkened; and the moon will not give her light;  
 25 (25) and the stars will fall from heaven; and the  
 26 powers of heaven will be shaken. (26) And then  
 will they see the Son of man coming in the clouds,  
 27 with great power and glory. (27) And then will  
 he send forth his angels, and will assemble his elect  
 from the four winds, from the extremity of earth  
 28 to the extremity of heaven.—(28) And, from the  
 fig-tree, learn ye a simile.<sup>d</sup> When its twigs are  
 tender, and its leaves bud forth, ye know that  
 29 summer approacheth. (29) So also, when ye shall  
 see these occurrences, know ye, that it is near, at  
 30 the door. (30) Verily I say to you, That this  
 generation<sup>e</sup> shall not pass away, until all these  
 31 things occur. (31) Heaven and earth will pass  
 32 away, but my words will not pass away.—(32) But  
 of that day and that hour, knoweth no man; nor  
 the angels of heaven; neither the Son, but the  
 33 Father. (33) Take heed, watch, and pray: for ye  
 34 know not when the time is. (34) For it is as a  
 man, who took a journey, and left his home; and  
 he gave authority to his servants, and to each his  
 service; and he commanded the porter to be  
 35 watchful. (35) Watch ye, therefore; for ye know  
 not when the lord of the house cometh: at even-  
 ing, or at midnight, or at the cock-crowing, or in  
 36 the morning: (36) lest he come suddenly, and find  
 37 you sleeping. (37) And what I say to you, I say  
 to you all: Be ye watchful.

<sup>d</sup> or, *allegory*.

<sup>e</sup> Sy. {

XIV. And after two days, was the passover of un-  
 leavened cakes. And the chief priests and the  
 Scribes sought how they might take him by strata-  
 2 gem, and kill him. (2) But they said: Not on  
 the festival, lest there be commotion among the  
 3 people.—(3) And when he was at Bethany in the  
 house of Simon the leper, as he reclined, a woman  
 came having an alabaster box of precious ointment  
 of spikenard, of great price; and she opened and  
 4 poured upon the head of Jesus. (4) And there  
 were certain of the disciples, who were dissatisfied  
 among themselves, and said: Why was this waste  
 5 of the ointment? (5) For it might have been sold  
 for more than three hundred denarii, and been  
 given to the poor. And they were indignant at  
 6 her. (6) But Jesus said: Let her alone; why

<sup>a</sup> Sy. ⲁⲗⲓⲃⲃ

<sup>b</sup> Sy. ⲕⲉⲗⲉ

trouble ye her? She hath done an excellent act towards me. (7) For the poor ye have always with you; and when ye please, ye can do them kind offices: but I am not always with you. (8) What was in her power, she hath done; and by anticipation, hath perfumed my body, as if for burial. (9) Verily I say to you, That wherever this my gospel<sup>a</sup> shall be proclaimed, in all the world,<sup>b</sup> this also which she hath done shall be told, in memory of her.—(10) And Judas Iscariot, one of the twelve, went to the chief priests, in order to betray Jesus to them. (11) And when they heard [him], they rejoiced; and they promised to give him money. And he sought for opportunity to betray him.

And on the first day of unleavened cakes, on which the Jews slay the passover, his disciples said to him: Where wilt thou that we go, and prepare for thee to eat the passover? (13) And he sent two of his disciples, and said to them: Go ye to the city, and behold, there will meet you a man bearing a pitcher of water. Go ye after him, (14) and where he entereth in, say ye to the lord of the house: Our Rabbi saith, Where is the place of refreshment, in which I may eat the passover with my disciples? (15) And lo, he will show you a large upper room, furnished and prepared: there make ready for us. (16) And his disciples went, and entered the city, and found as he had told them: and they made ready the passover. (17) And when it was evening, he came with his twelve. (18) And as they reclined and ate, Jesus said: Verily I say to you, That one of you that eateth with me, will betray me. (19) And they began to be distressed. And they said to him, one by one, Is it I? (20) And he said to them: It is one of the twelve that dippeth with me in the dish. (21) And the Son of man goeth, as it is written of him: but woe to that man, by whom the Son of man is betrayed. Better would it have been for that man, if he had not been born.—(22) And as they were eating, Jesus took bread, and blessed, and brake, and gave to them, and said to them: Take; this is my body. (23) And he took the cup, and gave thanks, and blessed, and gave to them. And they all drank of it. (24) And

- he said to them: This is my blood of the new testament,<sup>c</sup> which is shed in behalf of many.
- 25 (25) Verily I say to you, That I will not drink again of the product of the vine, until the day in which I shall drink it anew in the kingdom of God.
- 26 And they sang praise, and went out to the
- 27 mount of Olives. (27) And Jesus said to them: All of you will this night be stumbled in me: for it is written, "I will smite the shepherd, and his
- 28 sheep will be scattered." (28) And when I am
- 29 risen, I will precede you into Galilee. (29) And Cephas<sup>d</sup> said to him: Though they all should be
- 30 stumbled, yet I will not be. (30) Jesus said to him: Verily I say to thee, That this day, on this
- 31 night, before the cock shall crow twice, thou wilt thrice deny me. (31) And he said, in addition: If I were to die with thee, I will not deny thee, my Lord. And like him, spake all the disciples.
- 32 —(32) And they came to the place called Gethsemane;<sup>e</sup> and he said to his disciples, Sit ye here,
- 33 while I pray. (33) And he took with him Cephas and James and John, and began to be gloomy and
- 34 distressed. (34) And he said to them: My soul hath anguish, even to death. Wait for me here,
- 35 and be watchful. (35) And he advanced a little, and fell upon the ground, and prayed that, if it were possible, the hour might pass from him.
- 36 (36) And he said: Father, my Father, thou canst do all things. Let this cup pass from me. Yet
- 37 not my pleasure, but thine. (37) And he came and found them sleeping. And he said to Cephas: Sleepest thou, Simon? Couldst thou not watch
- 38 with me one hour? (38) Watch and pray, lest ye enter into temptation. The spirit<sup>f</sup> is willing and
- 39 ready, but the body<sup>g</sup> is weak. (39) And he went again and prayed, speaking the same language.
- 40 (40) And returning he came again and found them sleeping, for their eyes were heavy. And they
- 41 knew not what to say to him. (41) And he came the third time, and said to them: Sleep on now, and take rest. The end is near; the hour is come; and lo, the Son of man is betrayed into the hands
- 42 of sinners. (42) Arise ye; let us go. Lo, he that
- 43 betrayeth me is at hand. (43) And while he was yet speaking, Judas Iscariot, one of the twelve,

<sup>c</sup> Sy. ܡܘܬܘܪܐ

<sup>d</sup> Gr. Peter.

<sup>e</sup> Sy. ܡܘܬܘܪܐ

<sup>f</sup> Sy. ܡܘܬܘܪܐ

<sup>g</sup> Sy. ܡܘܬܘܪܐ

arrived, and much people, with swords and clubs, from before the chief priests and Scribes and Elders. (44) And the traitor who betrayed [him], had given 44 them a sign, and said: He whom I shall kiss is the man. Seize promptly, and lead him away. (45) And immediately he came up, and said to 45 him: Rabbi, Rabbi; and kissed him. (46) And 46 they laid hands on him and took him. (47) And 47 one of them that stood by, drew a sword, and smote a servant of the high priest, and cut off his ear. (48) And Jesus answered and said to them: 48 Have ye come out against me, as against a robber, with swords and clubs, to apprehend me? (49) I 49 was daily with you, while I taught in the temple, and ye seized me not. But this occurs, that the scriptures may be fulfilled. (50) Then his disciples 50 left him and fled. (51) And a young man fol- 51 lowed after him, who was clad with a linen cloth on [his] naked [body]: and they laid hold of him. (52) And he left the linen cloth, and fled naked. 52

And they led away Jesus to Caiaphas<sup>b</sup> the high 53 priest. And with him were assembled all the chief priests and the Scribes and the Elders. (54) And Simon<sup>i</sup> followed after him, at a distance, 54 into the hall of the high priest; and he sat with the servants, and warmed himself by the fire. (55) And the chief priests and all the assembly 55 sought for testimony against Jesus, to put him to death: but they found it not. (56) For while 56 many testified against him, their testimonies were inadequate.<sup>k</sup> (57) And some false witnesses stood 57 up against him, and said: (58) We have heard him 58 say: I will destroy this temple, which is made with hands; and in three days I will build another, not made with hands. (59) Nor even thus were 59 their testimonies adequate. (60) And the high 60 priest arose in the midst, and interrogated Jesus, and said: Returnest thou no answer? What do these testify against thee? (61) And Jesus was 61 silent, and made no reply. And again the chief priest interrogated him, and said: Art thou the Messiah, the Son of the Blessed? (62) And Jesus 62 said to him: I am. And ye will see the Son of man sitting on the right hand of power, and he will come on the clouds of heaven. (63) And the 63 high priest rent his tunic,<sup>l</sup> and said: What need

<sup>a</sup> Sy. صه

<sup>i</sup> Gr. *Peter*.

<sup>k</sup> Sy. ٲ مق  
= *not equal*.

<sup>l</sup> or, *his shirt*,  
سلسله

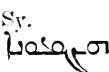


64 of witnesses have we, any more? (64) Behold, from his own mouth ye have heard blasphemy. How doth it appear to you? And they all decided, that he deserved to die. (65) And some began to spit in his face, and to buffet him, saying: Prophecy thou. And the servants smote him on the cheeks.—(66) And as Simon<sup>m</sup> was below in the court, a maid of the high priest came, (67) and saw him warming himself; and she looked upon him, and said to him: And thou too wast with Jesus the Nazarean. (68) But he denied, and said: I know not what thou sayest. And he went out into the porch; and the cock crew. (69) And the maid saw him again, and she began to say to those standing by, This man also is one of them. (70) And he again denied [it]. And a little after, those standing there said again to Cephas: Surely, thou art one of them; for thou art likewise a Galilean, and thy speech answers to it. (71) And he began to imprecate, and swore: I know not that man, of whom ye speak. (72) And immediately the cock crew the second time. And Simon remembered the declaration of Jesus, who said to him: Before the cock shall crew twice, thou wilt thrice deny me. And he began to weep.

<sup>m</sup> Gr. *Peter*.

XV. And forthwith, in the morning, the chief priests with the Elders and the Scribes, and the whole Sanhedrim,<sup>a</sup> held a consultation. And they bound Jesus, and led him away, and delivered him over to Pilate the president.<sup>b</sup> (2) And Pilate asked him: Art thou the king of the Jews? He replied and said to him: Thou hast said. (3) And the chief priests accused him of many things. (4) And Pilate again questioned him, and said to him: Makest thou no reply? See how much they testify against thee! (5) But Jesus gave no answer; so that Pilate wondered. (6) And it was his custom, at each festival, to release to them one prisoner, whom they might desire. (7) And there was one named Bar Abas,<sup>c</sup> who was confined with the movers of sedition, who had committed murder in the insurrection. (8) And the people clamored, and began to demand, that he should do to them as he was accustomed. (9) And Pilate answered, and said: Will ye, that I release to you the king of the

<sup>a</sup> Sy. 

<sup>b</sup> Sy. 

<sup>c</sup> Sy. 

Jews? (10) For Pilate knew that the chief priests, 10  
 from envy, had delivered him up. (11) But the 11  
 chief priests further persuaded the multitudes, that  
 Bar Abas should be released to them. (12) And 12  
 Pilate said to them: What will ye, therefore, that  
 I do to him whom ye call king of the Jews?  
 (13) And they again cried out: Crucify him. 13  
 (14) And Pilate said to them: But what evil hath 14  
 he done? And they cried out the more: Crucify  
 him. (15) And Pilate was willing to gratify the 15  
 wishes of the multitudes; and he released to them  
 Bar Abas; and, having scourged Jesus, he delivered 16  
 him to them to be crucified.—(16) And the soldiers  
 led him into the hall which was the Praetorium;<sup>d</sup>  
 and they called together the whole regiment;<sup>e</sup>  
 (17) and they clothed him in purple, and braided a 17  
 crown of thorns and put upon him; (18) and began 18  
 to salute him with, "Hail, king of the Jews!"  
 (19) And they smote him on the head with a reed, 19  
 and spit in his face, and bowed upon their knees  
 and worshipped him. (20) And having mocked 20  
 him, they divested him of the purple, and clothed  
 him in his own garments, and led him forth to  
 crucify him.

<sup>d</sup> Sy.

<sup>e</sup> Sy. Gr. *στρατῖα*.

And they compelled a passer-by, Simon the 21  
 Cyrenian,<sup>f</sup> the father of Alexander and Rufus, who  
 was coming from the fields, to bear his cross.

<sup>f</sup> Sy.

<sup>g</sup> Sy.

(22) And they brought him to Golgotha,<sup>g</sup> the 22  
 place which is interpreted a Skull. (23) And 23  
 they gave him to drink wine in which myrrh was  
 mixed; and he would not receive it. (24) And 24  
 when they had crucified him, they divided his  
 garments; and cast the lot upon them, what each  
 should take. (25) And it was the third hour<sup>h</sup> 25  
 when they crucified him. (26) And the cause of 26  
 his death was written in the inscription: THIS  
 IS THE KING OF THE JEWS. (27) And they cru- 27  
 cified with him two robbers, the one on his right  
 hand, and the other on his left. (28) And the 28  
 scripture was fulfilled which saith: He was ac-  
 counted among the wicked. (29) And they also 29  
 that passed by, reviled him; and, nodding their  
 heads, they said: Aha, thou that destroyest the  
 temple and buildest it in three days, (30) rescue 30  
 thyself, and come down from the cross. (31) And 31  
 so also the chief priests, jeering one with another,

<sup>h</sup> i. e. 9 A. M.

and the Scribes, said: He gave life to others, his own life he cannot save. (32) Let Messiah, the king of the Jews, now descend from the cross, that we may see [it] and believe in him. And those also who were crucified with him, derided him.—

33 (33) And when the sixth hour<sup>i</sup> was come, there was darkness over all the land until the ninth

<sup>i</sup> or, noon.

34 hour.<sup>k</sup> (34) And at the ninth hour, Jesus cried with a loud voice, and said: El, El, lemono shebakthone;<sup>l</sup> that is: My God, my God; why hast

<sup>k</sup> or, 3 P. M.

35 thou forsaken me? (35) And some of them that stood by, when they heard it, said: He calleth

<sup>l</sup> Sy.

‏א‏ל‏י‏ א‏ל‏י‏  
‏ל‏מ‏ו‏ת‏י‏  
‏ו‏ל‏א‏ י‏ש‏ל‏ח‏

36 for Elijah. (36) And one ran and filled a sponge with vinegar, and tied it on a reed, to offer him drink. And they said: Desist; let us see if

37 Elijah will come to take him down.—(37) And Jesus cried with a loud voice, and expired.<sup>m</sup>

<sup>m</sup> Sy. ‏מ‏ל‏א‏

38 (38) And the curtain of the door of the temple was rent, from the top to the bottom. (39) And when

39 the centurion, who was standing near him, saw that he so cried and expired, he said: Verily, this

40 was the Son of God.—(40) And there were women looking on, from a distance, Mary Magdalena, and

41 Mary the mother of James the less and of Joses, and Salome; (41) who, when he was in Galilee

42 adhered to him, and ministered to him; and many other women, who had come up with him to Jerusalem.

43 And, as it was the eve of preparation, which

44 precedeth the sabbath, (43) Joseph of Ramath, an honorable counsellor,<sup>n</sup> who also himself waited for the kingdom of God, came, and assuming courage,

<sup>n</sup> Sy.

‏י‏ו‏ס‏פ‏

45 went to Pilate, and begged the body of Jesus.

Gr.

‏β‏ο‏υ‏λ‏ε‏υ‏τ‏ῆ‏ς‏.

46 (44) And Pilate wondered that he should be already dead. And he called the centurion, and

47 inquired if he had been any time dead. (45) And when he learned it, he gave his body to Joseph.

48 (46) And Joseph bought fine linen, and took it down, and wrapped it in the linen, and deposited it in a sepulchre that was hewed in a rock, and

49 rolled a stone against the door of the sepulchre.

50 (47) And Mary Magdalena and Mary [the mother] of Joses saw where he was laid.

XVI. And when the sabbath had passed, Mary Magdalena, and Mary [the mother] of James, and

Salome, bought aromatics, that they might come  
 and anoint him. (2) And in the morning of the  
 first day of the week, they came to the sepulchre  
 as the sun arose. (3) And they said among them-  
 selves: Who will roll back for us the stone from  
 the door of the sepulchre? (4) And they looked,  
 and saw that the stone was rolled away; for it  
 was very great. (5) And entering the sepulchre,  
 they saw a youth sitting on the right hand, and  
 clothed in a white robe: and they were in pertur-  
 bation. (6) But he said to them: Be not affright-  
 ed. Ye are seeking Jesus the Nazarean, who was  
 crucified. He is risen; he is not here. Behold,  
 the place where he was laid. (7) But go, tell his  
 disciples and Cephas: Lo, he precedeth you into  
 Galilee; there will ye see him, as he said to you.  
 (8) And when they heard, they fled and left the  
 sepulchre; for astonishment and trembling had  
 seized them; and they said nothing to any one,  
 for they were in fear.—(9) And in the morning  
 of the first day of the week, he arose; and he  
 appeared first to Mary Magdalena, from whom he  
 had cast out seven demons. (10) And she went  
 and told them that had been with him, while they  
 were mourning and weeping. (11) And they,  
 when they heard [the women] say that he was  
 alive, and that he had appeared to them,—did not  
 believe them. (12) After this he appeared, under  
 another aspect,<sup>a</sup> to two of them as they walked  
 and went into the country. (13) And these went  
 and told the rest; but they would not believe  
 them. (14) And at last, he appeared to the eleven  
 as they reclined at table; and he reproveth the  
 slenderness of their faith, and the hardness of their  
 heart; because they believed not those who had  
 seen him actually risen. (15) And he said to  
 them: Go ye into all the world, and proclaim my  
 tidings<sup>b</sup> in the whole creation. (16) He that  
 believeth, and is baptized, liveth<sup>c</sup>; but he that  
 believeth not, is condemned.<sup>d</sup> (17) And these  
 signs shall attend them that believe: In my name,  
 they will cast out demons; and in new tongues  
 will they speak. (18) And they will take up  
 serpents; and if they should drink a deadly  
 poison, it will not harm them; and they will lay  
 their hands on the sick, and they will be healed.—

<sup>a</sup> Sy.

ⲉⲃⲟⲩⲁⲛⲓ  
 ⲉⲃⲟⲩⲁⲛⲓ

<sup>b</sup> or. *gospel*.

<sup>c</sup> Sy. ⲉⲃⲟⲩⲁ

<sup>d</sup> Sy.

ⲉⲃⲟⲩⲁⲛⲓ

19 (19) And Jesus, our Lord, after he had conversed with them, ascended to heaven, and sat on the right hand of God.—(20) And they went forth, and preached everywhere: and our Lord aided them, and confirmed their discourses by the signs which they wrought.

<sup>a</sup> Sy.   
 ܐܕܝܫܘܫܘܢܝܘܢ

*Completion of the Holy Gospel,<sup>a</sup> the announcement of Mark; which he uttered and proclaimed in Latin<sup>b</sup> at Rome.*

<sup>b</sup> Sy.   
 ܠܘܩܐ ܕܡܪܝܩܘܨ

ܐܕܝܫܘܫܘܢܝܘܢ ܕܡܪܝܩܘܨ ܕܡܪܝܩܘܨ ܕܡܪܝܩܘܨ ܕܡܪܝܩܘܨ ܕܡܪܝܩܘܨ  
 \* ܠܘܩܐ ܕܡܪܝܩܘܨ ܕܡܪܝܩܘܨ

**The Holy Gospel, the Annunciation of Luke the Evangelist;**  
 which he uttered and preached, in Greek, at Great Alexandria.

I. SINCE many have been disposed to write narratives of those events, of which we have full assurance, (2) as they delivered them to us, who from the first were eye-witnesses and ministers of the word; (3) it seemed proper for me also, as I had examined them all accurately, to write out the whole, methodically, for thee, excellent<sup>a</sup> Theophilus: (4) that thou mayest know the truth of the statements,<sup>b</sup> which thou hast been taught.

<sup>a</sup> Sy. ܠܘܩܐ

<sup>b</sup> Sy. words.

5 In the days of Herod the king of Judaea, there was a certain priest, whose name was Zachariah,<sup>c</sup> of the ministration<sup>d</sup> of the house of Abijah;<sup>e</sup> and his wife was of the daughters of Aaron, and her name was Elisabeth.<sup>f</sup> (6) And they were both upright before God, and walked in all his commandments, and in the righteousness of the Lord, without reproach. (7) But they had no child, because Elisabeth was barren: and they were both advanced in life.—(8) And it occurred, that as he performed the priestly functions<sup>h</sup> in the order of his ministration before the Lord, (9) according to the usage of the priesthood, it fell to him to offer

<sup>c</sup> Sy. ܐܒܝܗ

<sup>d</sup> Sy.   
 ܠܘܩܐ


<sup>e</sup> Sy. ܐܒܝܗ

<sup>f</sup> Sy.   
 ܠܘܩܐ

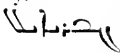
<sup>g</sup> Sy. many in their days.

<sup>h</sup> Sy. acted priest.

the incense. And he went into the temple of the Lord, (10) and the whole multitude of the people 10  
 were praying without, at the time of incense. (11) And the angel of the Lord appeared to 11  
 Zachariah, standing on the right side of the altar of incense. (12) And when Zachariah saw him, 12  
 he was agitated, and fear fell upon him. (13) And 13  
 the angel said to him: Fear not, Zachariah; for thy prayer is heard, and thy wife Elisabeth will 13  
 bear thee a son, and thou shalt call his name John.<sup>i</sup> 14  
 (14) And thou wilt have joy and gladness: and 14  
 many will rejoice at his birth. (15) For he will be 15  
 great before the Lord; and he will not drink wine 15  
 nor strong drink, and will be filled with the Holy 16  
 Spirit even from his mother's womb. (16) And 16  
 many of the children of Israel will he convert to 16  
 the Lord their God. (17) And he will go before 17  
 him, in the spirit and power of Elijah the prophet; 17  
 and will turn the heart of the fathers unto the 17  
 children, and them that are disobedient to the 17  
 knowledge of the righteous, and will prepare a 17  
 perfect people for the Lord. (18) And Zachariah 18  
 said to the angel: How shall I know this? For I 18  
 am old, and my wife is advanced in life.<sup>k</sup> (19) The 19  
 angel answered, and said to him: I am Gabriel,<sup>l</sup> 19  
 who stand before God; and I am sent to converse 19  
 with thee, and to tell thee these things. (20) Hence- 20  
 forth thou wilt be dumb, and unable to speak, un- 20  
 til the day when these things take place: because 20  
 thou believedst not my words, which will be ful- 20  
 filled in their time.—(21) And the people were 21  
 standing and waiting for Zachariah; and they 21  
 wondered at his tarrying so long in the temple. 21  
 (22) And when Zachariah came forth, he could 22  
 not speak with them: and they understood that 22  
 he had seen a vision in the temple: and he made 22  
 many signs<sup>m</sup> to them, and remained speechless. 22  
 (23) And when the days of his ministration were 23  
 accomplished, he came to his house.—(24) And it 24  
 was after those days, that Elisabeth his wife con- 24  
 ceived. And she secluded herself five months; 24  
 and she said: (25) These things hath the Lord 25  
 done for me, in the days when he looked upon me 25  
 to take away my reproach among men. 25  
 And in the sixth month, the angel Gabriel was 26  
 sent by God into Galilee, to a city named Naza-

<sup>i</sup> Sy. 

<sup>k</sup> Sy. in her  
days.

<sup>l</sup> Sy. 

<sup>m</sup> Sy. nodded to  
nod.

- 27 reth,<sup>n</sup> (27) to a virgin espoused to a man whose name was Joseph,<sup>o</sup> of the house of David; and the
- 28 virgin's name was Mary.<sup>p</sup> (28) And the angel entered the house, and said to her: Peace to thee, thou full of grace! The Lord is with thee: and
- 29 blessed art thou among women. (29) And when she saw [him], she was agitated by his speech; and she pondered, what this salutation could mean.
- 30 (30) And the angel said to her: Fear not, Mary; for thou hast found favor with God. (31) For lo, thou wilt conceive in thy womb, and wilt bear a
- 32 son, and wilt call his name Jesus.<sup>r</sup> (32) He will be great, and will be called the Son of the Most High, and the Lord God will give him the throne
- 33 of his father David. (33) And he will reign over the house of Jacob for ever; and of his reign there
- 34 will be no end. (34) And Mary said to the angel: How can this be, as I have not known a man?
- 35 (35) The angel replied, and said to her: The Holy Spirit will come, and the power of the Most High will overshadow thee; therefore he that is born of thee is holy, and will be called the Son of God.
- 36 (36) And lo, Elisabeth thy kinswoman, even she too hath conceived a son in her old age; and this is the sixth month with her who is called barren. (37) Because nothing is difficult for God.
- 38 (38) Mary said: Behold, I am the handmaid of the Lord; be it to me, according to thy word. And the angel departed from her.
- 39 And Mary arose in those days, and went hastily to the mountain [district], to a city of Judea;
- 40 (40) and entered the house of Zachariah, and saluted Elisabeth. (41) And it was so, that when Elisabeth heard the salutation of Mary, the child leaped in her womb, and she was filled with the
- 42 Holy Spirit. (42) And she cried out with a loud voice, and said to Mary: Blessed art thou among women; and blessed is the fruit of thy womb.
- 43 (43) And whence is this to me, that the mother of my Lord should come to me? (44) For lo, as the voice of thy salutation fell upon my ears, with
- 45 great joy the child leaped in my womb. (45) And happy is she that believed; for there will be a fulfillment of those things that were told her by the Lord.—(46) And Mary said: My soul doth
- 47 magnify the Lord: (47) and my spirit rejoiceth in

<sup>n</sup> Sy. ܠܘܕܝܢܐ<sup>o</sup> Sy. ܡܪܝܡ<sup>p</sup> Sy. ܡܪܝܡ<sup>r</sup> Sy. ܝܫܘܥ

<sup>s</sup> Sy. **كذبت** God the authors<sup>s</sup> of my life. (48) For he hath 48  
 looked upon the humble condition of his hand-  
 maid; and lo, henceforth all generations will ascribe<sup>t</sup>  
<sup>t</sup> Sy. *give.* blessedness to me. (49) And He that is mighty 49  
 hath done for me great things; and holy is his  
 name. (50) And his mercy is on them that fear 50  
 him, for generations and posterities. (51) He hath 51  
 wrought victory with his arm; and hath scattered  
 the proud in the imagination of their heart. (52) He 52  
 hath cast down the mighty from their thrones, and  
 hath exalted the lowly. (53) The hungry hath he 53  
 satisfied with good things, and the rich hath he  
 sent away empty. (54) He hath aided Israel his 54  
 servant, and remembered his mercy, (55) (as he 55  
 spoke with the fathers,) with Abraham and his  
 seed, for ever.—(56) And Mary remained with 56  
 Elisabeth about three months, and returned to her  
 home.  
 And Elisabeth's time of bringing forth arrived: 57  
 and she bore a son. (58) And her neighbors and 58  
<sup>r</sup> Sy. *children*  
*of her kindred.* relatives<sup>r</sup> heard that the Lord had magnified his  
 mercy to her, and they rejoiced with her. (59) And 59  
 it occurred, that on the eighth day they came to  
 circumcise the child. And they called him by the  
 name of his father, Zachariah. (60) And his 60  
 mother answered and said: Not so; but John,  
 shall he be called. (61) And they said to her: 61  
 There is no one among thy kindred called by that  
 name. (62) And they made signs to his father, how 62  
 he would have him named. (63) And he asked for 63  
 a tablet, and wrote, and said: John is his name.  
 And every one was surprised. (64) And imme- 64  
 diately his mouth was opened, and his tongue;  
 and he spoke, and praised God. (65) And fear 65  
<sup>w</sup> or, *was.* came<sup>w</sup> upon all their neighbors; and these things  
 were talked of in all the mountain [district] of  
 Judea. (66) And all who heard, pondered them 66  
 in their heart, and said: What will this child be?  
 And the hand of the Lord was with him.—(67) And 67  
 Zachariah his father was filled with the Holy Spirit,  
 and prophesied, and said: (68) Blessed be the Lord 68  
 God of Israel, who hath visited his people, and  
 wrought redemption for them: (69) And hath 69  
 raised up a horn of redemption for us, in the house  
 of David his servant: (70) as he spake by the 70  
 mouth of his holy prophets, who were of old,



71 (71) that he would redeem us from our enemies,  
 72 and from the hand of all that hate us. (72) And  
 he hath exercised his mercy to our fathers, and  
 73 hath remembered his holy covenants,<sup>x</sup> (73) and  
 the oath that he sware to Abraham our father, that  
 74 he would grant to us, (74) to be redeemed from  
 the hand of our enemies; and that we should wor-  
 75 ship before him, without fear, (75) all our days, in  
 76 rectitude and uprightness. (76) And thou, child,  
 wilt be called a prophet of the Most High; for  
 77 thou wilt go before the face of the Lord, to pre-  
 pare his way, (77) that he may give the knowledge  
 of life to his people, and forgiveness of their sins,  
 78 (78) through the compassion of the mercy of our  
 God; whereby the day-spring from on high will  
 79 visit us, (79) to give light to them that sit in dark-  
 ness, and in the shadow of death; and to guide  
 80 our feet into the way of peace.—(80) And the  
 child grew, and was strengthened in spirit.<sup>z</sup> And  
 he was in the wilderness, until the day of his  
 manifestation to Israel.

<sup>x</sup> Sy.   
 ܘܢܘܨܩܘܬܗܢ

<sup>y</sup> Sy. ܬܘܩܘܢܐ

<sup>z</sup> or, mind,   
 ܘܢܘܨܩܘܬܗܢ

II. And in those days it occurred, that a decree  
 went forth from Augustus Caesar, that all the  
 2 people of his dominion should be enrolled. (2)  
 And this enrollment was first made under the  
 3 presidency<sup>a</sup> of Quirinus in Syria. (3) And every  
 4 one went to his own city to be enrolled. (4) And  
 Joseph also went up from Nazareth of Galilee to  
 Judæa, to the city of David which is called Bethle-  
 hem, because he was of the house and lineage of  
 5 David, (5) with Mary his espoused, then pregnant,  
 6 to be enrolled. (6) And it was while they were  
 there, that the days for her to bring forth were  
 7 completed. (7) And she brought forth her first-  
 born son, and wrapped him in bandages, and laid  
 him in the stall; for they had no place where  
 they could lodge.

<sup>a</sup> Sy.   
 ܘܢܘܨܩܘܬܗܢ  
 ܘܢܘܨܩܘܬܗܢ  
 ܘܢܘܨܩܘܬܗܢ

8 And there were shepherds in that region, who  
 abode there and kept watch of their flocks by  
 9 night. (9) And lo, the angel of God came to them,  
 and the glory of the Lord shone upon them: and  
 10 they feared with great fear. (10) And the angel  
 said to them: Fear not; for, behold I announce  
 to you great joy, which will be to all the world.<sup>b</sup>  
 11 (11) For there is born to you this day a deliverer,<sup>c</sup>

<sup>b</sup> Sy. ܘܢܘܨܩܘܬܗܢ

<sup>c</sup> Sy. ܘܢܘܨܩܘܬܗܢ

- who is the Lord Messiah, in the city of David. (12) And this is the sign for you: Ye will find the babe wrapped in bandages, and placed in a stall. (13) And instantly there were seen with the angel, the many hosts of heaven, praising God, and saying: (14) Glory to God in the highest [heavens], and on earth peace<sup>d</sup> and good hope for men.—(15) And it was so, that when the angels had gone from them into heaven, the shepherds conferred with one another, and said: Let us go down to Bethlehem, and see this thing<sup>e</sup> which hath occurred, as the Lord hath made known to us. (16) And they came hastily, and found Mary and Joseph, and the babe laid in the stall. (17) And when they saw, they made known the information<sup>f</sup> which was given to them concerning the child. (18) And all that heard, wondered at the things that were told them by the shepherds. (19) And Mary laid up all these things,<sup>g</sup> and pondered them in her heart. (20) And the shepherds returned, glorifying and praising God for all that they had seen and heard, as it was told them.
- And when the eight days for the circumcision of the child were completed, his name was called JESUS; as he was named by the angel, before he was conceived in the womb.
- And when the days of their purification were completed, according to the law of Moses, they carried him to Jerusalem, to present him before the Lord: (23) (as it is written in the law of the Lord, that every male opening the womb shall be called holy to the Lord:) (24) and to offer<sup>h</sup> a sacrifice, according as it is written in the law of the Lord, A pair of turtle-doves, or two young pigeons. (25) And there was a certain man in Jerusalem, whose name was Simeon.<sup>i</sup> This man was upright and just, and was waiting for the consolation of Israel, and the Holy Spirit was upon him. (26) And it had been told him by the Holy Spirit, that he would not see death, until he should see the Messiah of the Lord. (27) This man came, by the Spirit, into the temple; and when his parents brought in the child Jesus, to do for him as is commanded in the law, (28) he took him in his arms, and blessed God, and said: (29) My Lord, now release thou thy servant in peace, as
- <sup>d</sup> Sy. **ⲡⲟⲗⲏ**
- <sup>e</sup> Sy. *word.*
- <sup>f</sup> Sy. *word.*
- <sup>g</sup> Sy. *words.*
- <sup>h</sup> Sy. *give.*
- <sup>i</sup> Sy. **ⲡⲓⲙⲉⲟⲛ**

30 thou hast said: (30) for lo, my eyes have seen thy  
31 mercy, (31) which thou hast prepared in the pres-  
32 ence of all nations, (32) a light for a revelation to  
the Gentiles, and a glory for thy people Israel.—

33 (33) And Joseph and his mother were astonished  
at those things which were spoken concerning him.

34 (34) And Simeon blessed them, and said to Mary  
his mother: Behold, this [child] is set forth for  
the fall and for the rising of many in Israel, and

35 for a standard<sup>k</sup> of contention; (35) (and also a dart  
will pierce thy own soul); that the thoughts of the

36 hearts of many may be disclosed.—(36) And Han-  
na,<sup>l</sup> a prophetess, the daughter of Phanael, of the  
tribe of Asher,—she also was aged in days, and,  
from her maidenhood, had lived seven years with

37 her husband, (37) and was a widow of about  
eighty and four years, and departed not from the  
temple, but worshipped by day and by night, with

38 fasting and prayer;—(38) and she too stood up, in  
that hour, and gave thanks to the Lord, and spoke  
of him to every one that waited for the redemption

39 of Jerusalem.—(39) And when they had accom-  
plished all things, according to the law of the Lord,  
they returned to Galilee, to their city Nazareth.

40 (40) And the child grew, and was strengthened in  
spirit,<sup>m</sup> and was filled with wisdom; and the grace  
of God was upon him.

41 And his people went up to Jerusalem every  
42 year, at the feast of the passover. (42) And when  
he was twelve years old, they went up to the feast,

43 as they were accustomed. (43) And when the  
days were completed, they returned: but the child  
Jesus remained at Jerusalem, and Joseph and his

44 mother knew not [of it]; (44) for they supposed  
he was with his companions.<sup>n</sup> And when they had  
travelled a day's journey, they sought him among  
their people, and [inquired] of every one that

45 knew them. (45) And they did not find him.  
And they returned again to Jerusalem, searching for

46 him. (46) And after three days, they found him  
in the temple, sitting in the midst of the teachers,<sup>o</sup>  
and listening to them, and asking them questions.

47 (47) And all they that heard him, were astonished  
48 at his wisdom and his answers. (48) And when  
they saw him they were amazed. And his mother  
said to him: My son, why hast thou done so to us?

<sup>k</sup> Sy. ܐܘܪܝܢܐ

<sup>l</sup> Sy. ܚܢܢܐ

<sup>m</sup> or, *mind*.

<sup>n</sup> Sy. *sons of  
the company*.

<sup>o</sup> Sy. ܡܠܩܝܢܐ

For lo, I and thy father have been seeking for thee with great anxiety. (49) He said to them: 49  
 Why did ye seek me? Do ye not know, that it behooveth me to be in my Father's house? (50) But they did not comprehend the word that he spoke to them. (51) And he went down with them, and came to Nazareth, and was obedient to them. And his mother laid up all these things in her heart. (52) And Jesus increased in stature, and in wisdom, and in grace, before God and men. 51 52

<sup>a</sup> Sy. ⲓⲛⲧⲉⲣⲓⲁⲓⲁⲓ

<sup>b</sup> Sy. ⲛⲉⲧⲣⲁⲗⲁⲓ

<sup>c</sup> Sy. ⲓⲛⲉⲧⲣⲁⲗⲁⲓ

<sup>d</sup> Sy. ⲓⲛⲉⲧⲣⲁⲗⲁⲓ

Sy. ⲓⲛⲉⲧⲣⲁⲗⲁⲓ

<sup>f</sup> Sy. ⲛⲉⲧⲣⲁⲗⲁⲓ

<sup>g</sup> Sy. ⲛⲉⲧⲣⲁⲗⲁⲓ

<sup>h</sup> Sy. ⲛⲉⲧⲣⲁⲗⲁⲓ


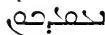
<sup>i</sup> Sy. *words.*

<sup>k</sup> Sy. ⲛⲉⲧⲣⲁⲗⲁⲓ

Gr. τὸ σωματικόν.

And in the fifteenth year of the reign of Tiberius III. Caesar, in the presidency<sup>a</sup> of Pontius Pilate in Judæa, while Herod was Tetrarch<sup>b</sup> in Galilee, and Philip his brother Tetrarch in Ituræa<sup>c</sup> and in the region of Trachonitis,<sup>d</sup> and Lysanias Tetrarch of Abilene,<sup>e</sup> (2) in the high priesthood of Annas<sup>f</sup> and of Caiaphas;<sup>g</sup> the word of God was upon John the son of Zachariah, in the wilderness. (3) And he came into all the region about the Jordan, proclaiming the baptism of repentance<sup>h</sup> for the forgiveness of sins. (4) As it is written in the book of the discourses<sup>i</sup> of Isaiah the prophet, who said: The voice of one crying in the wilderness, Prepare ye the way of the Lord; and make straight paths in the plain for our God. (5) All valleys shall be filled up, and all mountains and hills be lowered; and the hillock shall be levelled down, and the rough place become smooth. (6) And all flesh shall see the life<sup>k</sup> which is of God.—(7) And he said to the multitudes, who came to him to be baptized: Ye progeny of vipers, who hath instructed you to flee from the future wrath? (8) Bring forth, therefore, fruits comporting with repentance. And begin not to say in yourselves: We have Abraham for our father; for I say to you, that God can, from these stones, raise up sons to Abraham. (9) And lo, the ax is put to the root of trees. Every tree therefore that beareth not good fruits, is hewed down, and falleth into the fire.—(10) And the multitudes asked him, and said: What, then, shall we do? (11) He answered, and said to them: Whoever hath two tunics, let him give [one] to him that hath none; and whoever hath food, let him do the same. (12) And publicans also came to be baptized. And they said 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12

- 13 to him: Teacher,<sup>1</sup> what shall we do? (13) And he said to them: Exact no more than ye are required to exact. (14) And those serving in war inquired of him, and said: And what shall we do? He said to them: Be insolent to no one, and oppress no one, and let your pay satisfy you.—
- 15 (15) And while the people were thinking of John, and all pondered in their heart, whether he were the Messiah; (16) John answered and said to them: Behold, I baptize you with water; but after me cometh one mightier than I, the strings of whose shoes I am not worthy to untie; he will baptizem you with the Holy Spirit and with fire.
- 17 (17) He holdeth his winnowing shovel in his hand, and he will make clean his threshing floor; and the wheat he gathereth into his garners, and the chaff he will burn with fire not extinguished.
- 18 (18) And many other things also, he taught and 19 proclaimed to the people.—(19) But Herod the Tetrarch, because he was reproved by John, on account of Herodias the wife of his brother Philip, and on account of all the evil things he had done, 20 added this also to them all, that<sup>n</sup> he shut up John in prison.
- 21 And it occurred, when all the people were baptized, that Jesus also was baptized. And as he 22 prayed, the heavens were opened; (22) and the Holy Spirit descended upon him, in the bodily likeness of a dove: and there was a voice from heaven, which said: Thou art my beloved Son, in whom I have delight.
- 23 And Jesus was about thirty years old. And he was accounted the son of Joseph, the son of Heli, 24 (24) the son of Matthat, the son of Levi, the son of Melchi, the son of Janna, the son of Joseph, 25 (25) the son of Mattathias, the son of Amos, the son of Nahum, the son of Esli, the son of Naggai, 26 (26) the son of Maath, the son of Mattathias, the son of Shimej, the son of Joseph, the son of Judah, 27 (27) the son of Joanna, the son of Rhesa, the son of Zorubbabel, the son of Salathiel, the son of 28 Neri, (28) the son of Melchi, the son of Addi, the son of Cosam, the son of Elmodam, the son of Er, 29 (29) the son of Joses, the son of Eliezer, the son of Joram, the son of Matthat, the son of Levi, 30 (30) the son of Simeon, the son of Judah, the son

<sup>1</sup> Sy. <sup>m</sup> Sy. <sup>n</sup> Sy. and.

of Joseph, the son of Jonam, the son of Eliakim, 31  
 (31) the son of Melchah, the son of Mainan, the son of 31  
 Mattatha, the son of Nathan, the son of David, 32  
 (32) the son of Jesse, the son of Obed, the son of 32  
 Boaz, the son of Salmon, the son of Nahshon, 33  
 (33) the son of Amminadab, the son of Ram, the 33  
 son of Hezron, the son of Pharez, the son of Judah, 34  
 (34) the son of Jacob, the son of Isaac, the son of 34  
 Abraham, the son of Terah, the son of Nahor, 35  
 (35) the son of Serug, the son of Reu, the son of 35  
 Peleg, the son of Eber, the son of Salah, (36) the 36  
 son of Cainan, the son of Arphaxad, the son of 37  
 Shem, the son of Noah, the son of Lamech, (37) 37  
 the son of Methuselah, the son of Enoch, the son 38  
 of Jared, the son of Mehalaleel, the son of Cainan, 38  
 (38) the son of Enos, the son of Seth, the son of 38  
 Adam, the son of God.

And Jesus, being full of the Holy Spirit, re- IV.  
 turned from the Jordan. And the Spirit led him 2  
 into the wilderness, (2) forty days, to be tempted 2  
 by the Calumniator.<sup>a</sup> And during those days, he 2  
 ate nothing; and when he had completed them, 3  
 he was at last hungry. (3) And the Calumniator 3  
 said to him: If thou art the Son of God, command 4  
 this stone to become bread. (4) Jesus replied, and 4  
 said to him: It is written, Not by bread only, 4  
 doth man live; but by every thing<sup>b</sup> of God. 5  
 (5) And Satan<sup>c</sup> conducted him to a high mountain, 5  
 and showed him all the kingdoms of the land,<sup>d</sup> in 5  
 a little time. (6) And the Calumniator said to 6  
 him: To thee will I give all this dominion, and 6  
 the glory of it, which is committed to me, and to 7  
 whom I please, I give it: (7) if therefore thou 7  
 wilt worship before me, the whole shall be thine. 7  
 (8) But Jesus replied, and said to him: It is written, 8  
 Thou shalt worship the Lord thy God, and him 8  
 only shalt thou serve. (9) And he brought him 9  
 to Jerusalem, and set him on a pinnacle of the 9  
 temple, and said to him: If thou art the Son of 10  
 God, cast thyself down hence: (10) for it is written, 10  
 He will give his angels charge over thee, to keep 11  
 thee: (11) and in their arms will they sustain thee, 11  
 lest thou strike thy foot against a stone. (12) And 12  
 Jesus replied and said to him: It is said, Thou 12  
 shalt not tempt the Lord thy God.—(13) And when 13

<sup>a</sup> Sy. اطلال  
 اطلال

<sup>b</sup> Sy. كل شيء

<sup>c</sup> Sy. شيطان

<sup>d</sup> Sy. انكل

the Calumniator had finished all his temptations, he departed from him for a time.

- 14 And Jesus returned, in the power<sup>e</sup> of the Spirit, <sup>e</sup> Sy. صمد  
 to Galilee; and fame concerning him spread in all  
 15 the region around them. (15) And he taught in  
 their synagogues, and was lauded by every one.—  
 16 (16) And he came to Nazareth, where he had been  
 brought up: and he went, as he was accustomed,  
 into the synagogue on the sabbath day, and rose  
 17 up to read. (17) And there was delivered to him  
 the book of Isaiah the prophet. And Jesus opened  
 the book, and found the place where it is written:  
 18 (18) The Spirit of the Lord is upon me; and there-  
 fore he hath anointed me to proclaim tidings to  
 the poor: and hath sent me to heal the contrite in  
 heart, and to proclaim release to the captives, and  
 sight to the blind; and to send away the contrite  
 19 with forgiveness [of their sins]; (19) and to pro-  
 20 claim the acceptable year of the Lord. (20) And <sup>f</sup> Sy. صمد  
 he rolled up the book, and gave it to the servitor,<sup>f</sup>  
 and went and sat down. And the eyes of all in  
 21 the synagogue were gazing upon him. (21) And  
 he began to say to them: This day, is this scrip-  
 22 ture which ye have heard, fulfilled. (22) And all  
 bare him witness, and admired the gracious words  
 which proceeded from his mouth: and they said: Is  
 23 not this the son of Joseph? (23) Jesus said to them:  
 Perhaps, ye will speak to me this proverb, Physician,  
 heal thyself: and whatever we have heard of thy  
 doing in Capernaum, do thou here also in thy city.  
 24 (24) And he said to them: Verily I say to you,  
 There is no prophet who is acceptable in his own  
 25 city. (25) And I tell you the truth, that there  
 were many widows in the house of Israel, in the  
 days of Elijah the prophet, when the heavens were  
 closed up three years and six months, and there  
 26 was a great famine in all the land: (26) but to no  
 one of them was Elijah sent, except to Sarepta<sup>g</sup> <sup>g</sup> Sy. صمد  
 27 of Sidon, unto a widow woman. (27) And there  
 were many leprous in the house of Israel, in the  
 days of Elisha the prophet; but none of them was  
 28 cleansed, except Naaman the Syrian.<sup>h</sup>—(28) And <sup>h</sup> Sy. صمد  
 when they heard these things, those in the syna-  
 29 gogue were all filled with wrath. (29) And they  
 rose up, and thrust him out of the city, and  
 brought him to the top of the hill on which the

city was built, that they might cast him down from the rock. (30) But he passed through the midst of them, and went away. 30

And he went down to Capernaum, a city of Galilee; and taught them on sabbath days. (32) 31 32

<sup>1</sup> or, doctrine.

<sup>k</sup> Sy. كلمة

And they were astonished at his teaching,<sup>i</sup> for his word was authoritative.<sup>k</sup> (33) And there was in 33

<sup>l</sup> Sy. شيطان

the synagogue a man, in whom was an unclean demon:<sup>l</sup> and he cried out, with a loud voice, (34) and said: Let me alone: What have I to do 34

<sup>m</sup> Sy. لماذا

with thee, Jesus, thou Nazarean?<sup>m</sup> Hast thou come to destroy us? I know thee, who thou art, the Holy One of God. (35) And Jesus rebuked 35

him, and said: Shut thy mouth; and come out of him. And the demon threw him down in the midst, and came out of him, having not harmed him at all. (36) And wonder seized every one; 36

<sup>n</sup> Sy. كلمة

and they talked together, and said: What a word is this! For, with authority and efficiency,<sup>n</sup> he commandeth the unclean spirits, and they come out. (37) And his fame went out into all the surrounding region. 37

And when Jesus went out of the synagogue, he entered the house of Simon. And the mother-in-law of Simon was afflicted with a severe<sup>o</sup> fever: 38

<sup>o</sup> Sy. great.

and they besought him in her behalf. (39) And he stood over her, and rebuked the fever; and it left her. And immediately she arose and ministered to them.—(40) And when the sun was set, 39 40

all those that had sick persons, afflicted with divers diseases, brought them to him; and he laid his hand on every one of them, and healed them. (41) And demons went out of many, crying out 41

and saying: Thou art the Messiah, the Son of God. And he rebuked them, and suffered them not to say, that they knew him to be Messiah.—(42) And 42

at the dawn of day, he went out and retired to a desert place. And the multitudes sought him, and went out to him, and held him fast, that he might not retire from them. (43) And Jesus said 43

to them: It behooveth me to announce the kingdom of God to other cities also; for therefore was I sent. (44) And he preached in the synagogues of Galilee. 44

And it occurred, that a multitude gathered about V.



him, to hear the word of God. And he was standing by the side of the sea of Gennesaret, (2) and he saw two ships standing near the sea, and the fishermen were gone out of them, and were washing their nets. (3) And one of them belonged to Simon Cephas:<sup>a</sup> and Jesus entered and sat in it. And he told them to draw off a little from the shore, into the sea: and he seated himself, and taught the multitude from the ship.—(4) And when he ceased from speaking, he said to Simon: Launch out into the deep, and cast your net for a draught. (5) Simon answered, and said to him: Rabbi,<sup>b</sup> all the night we have toiled, and have caught nothing: but, at thy bidding,<sup>c</sup> I will cast the net. (6) And when they had done so, they inclosed very many fishes, so that the net was rent. (7) And they made signs to their associates, in the other ship, to come and help them. And when they came, they filled both the ships, so that they were near to sinking. (8) And when Simon Cephas saw [it], he fell before the feet of Jesus, and said to him: I beseech thee, my Lord, that thou leave me, for I am a sinful man. (9) For astonishment had seized him, and all that were with him, at the draught of fishes which they had caught: (10) and in like manner also James and John, the sons of Zebedee, who were partners of Simon. But Jesus said: Fear thou not; henceforth thou shalt catch men unto life.<sup>d</sup> (11) And they brought the vessels to the land: and they left all and followed him. (12) And when Jesus was in one of the cities, a man came all full of leprosy, and seeing Jesus, he fell upon his face, and besought him, and said to him: My Lord, if thou wilt, thou canst cleanse me. (13) And Jesus put forth his hand, and touched him, and said to him: I will [it]; be thou clean. And immediately his leprosy went from him. (14) And he charged him: Speak to no one; but go and show thyself to the priests, and offer the oblation for thy purification, as Moses hath commanded, for a testimony to them.—(15) And his fame spread abroad still more: and much people assembled to hear him, and to be cured of their diseases. (16) And he retired into a desert, and prayed. (17) And it occurred, on one of the days when Jesus was teaching, that Pharisees and Doctors of the

<sup>a</sup> Gr. *Simon*.<sup>b</sup> Sy. **رَبِّي**<sup>c</sup> or, *word*.<sup>d</sup> Sy. **حَيَاتِي**

<sup>e</sup> Sy. **متكلمين**  
**بمكلمهم** law<sup>e</sup> were sitting by, who had come from all the  
 villages of Galilee and of Judea, and Jerusalem :  
<sup>r</sup> Sy. **سعدا** and the power<sup>t</sup> of the Lord was present to heal  
 them. (18) And some persons brought a paralytic man, on a couch, and sought to bring him in,  
 and to place him before him. (19) And when they could not thus introduce him, because of the  
 multitude of the people, they ascended to the roof, and let him down with the couch, from the cover-  
 ing, into the midst, before Jesus. (20) And when Jesus saw their faith, he said to the paralytic:  
 Man, thy sins are forgiven thee. (21) And the Scribes and Pharisees began to reason, and to say:  
<sup>e</sup> Sy. **من ذا الذي يقول هكذا** Who is this that speaketh blasphemy?<sup>g</sup> Who can  
 forgive sins, but God only? (22) And Jesus knew their thoughts, and said to them: What think ye  
 in your heart? (23) Which is the easier, to say, Thy sins are forgiven thee, or to say, Arise and  
 walk? (24) But that ye may know, that the Son of man is competent to forgive sins on the earth,—  
 he said to the paralytic: I say to thee, Arise, take up thy couch, and go to thy home. (25) And  
 instantly, he rose up before their eyes, and took up his couch, and went home, glorifying God. (26)  
 And astonishment seized every one; and they praised God; and they were filled with awe, and  
 said: We have seen wonders to-day.  
<sup>b</sup> Sy. **فخرج** And after these things, Jesus went out and saw a publican,<sup>b</sup> named Levi,<sup>i</sup> sitting among the public-  
<sup>i</sup> Sy. **لحم** cans; and he said to him: Come after me. (28) And he left every thing, and arose, and went after  
 him. (29) And Levi made a great entertainment for him at his house; and there was a numerous  
 company of publicans and others who reclined with them. (30) And the Scribes and Pharisees mur-  
 mured, and said to his disciples: Why do ye eat and drink with publicans and sinners? (31) And  
 Jesus answered and said to them: A physician is not sought after for the well, but for those very  
 sick. (32) I came not to call the righteous, but sinners, to repentance.  
 And they said to him: Why do the disciples of John fast often, and pray, and also [those] of the  
 Pharisees; but thine eat and drink? (34) And he said to them: Ye cannot make the guests<sup>k</sup> of  
 the nuptial chamber fast, while the bridegroom is

<sup>k</sup> Sy. *sons*.

35 with them. (35) But the days will come, when the  
 bridegroom will be taken up from them, and then  
 36 will they fast, in those days. (36) And he spoke  
 a similitude<sup>1</sup> to them: No one teareth a patch from  
 a new garment, and putteth it to an old garment;  
 lest he tear the new, and the patch from the new  
 37 cease to make the old [garment] whole. (37) And  
 no one putteth new wine into old sacks; otherwise,  
 the new wine will burst the sacks, and the wine  
 38 will run out, and the sacks be ruined. (38) But  
 they put new wine into new sacks, and both are  
 39 preserved. (39) And no one drinketh old wine,  
 and immediately calleth for new; for he saith, The  
 old is the delicious.

<sup>1</sup> or, *parable*.

VI. And on a sabbath it occurred, as Jesus walked  
 among the tilled grounds, that his disciples plucked  
 2 ears, and rubbed them in their hands and ate. (2)  
 And some of the Pharisees said to them: Why do  
 ye that, which it is not lawful to do on the sabbath?

3 (3) Jesus replied, and said to them: Have ye not  
 read what David did, when he was hungry, he and  
 4 those with him? (4) How he entered into the  
 house of God, and took and ate the bread of the  
 Lord's table, and gave [it] to those that were with  
 him; which it was not lawful, except for the  
 5 priests only, to eat? (5) And he said to them:  
 The Son of man is lord of the sabbath.

6 And on another sabbath, he entered a synagogue  
 and taught. And a man was there, whose right

7 hand was withered. (7) And the Scribes and  
 Pharisees watched him, whether he would heal on  
 the sabbath; that they might be able to accuse

8 him. (8) And as he knew their thoughts, he said  
 to the man with a withered hand: Rise and come  
 into the midst of the congregation. And when he

9 came and stood [there], (9) Jesus said to them: I  
 ask you, What is it lawful to do on the sabbath?  
 that which is good? or that which is evil? to save

10 life? or to destroy [it]? (10) And he looked upon  
 them all; and [then] said to him, Stretch forth  
 thy hand. And he stretched out his hand, and it

11 was restored like the other.<sup>a</sup> (11) And they were  
 filled with envy; and they conferred one with  
 another, what they should do to Jesus.

<sup>a</sup> Sy. *its fellow*.

12 And in those days, Jesus retired to a mountain

to pray; and he passed the night there, in prayer  
to God. (13) And when the day dawned, he called  
<sup>b</sup> Sy. **معلمين**,  
or, *Apostles.* his disciples, and selected from them twelve, whom  
he named Legates:<sup>b</sup> (14) Simon whom he named  
<sup>c</sup> Gr. **Πέτρος**. Cephas,<sup>c</sup> and Andrew his brother, and James, and  
<sup>d</sup> Sy. **بطرس** John, and Philip, and Bartholomew, (15) and  
<sup>e</sup> Sy. **يونا** Matthew, and Thomas, and James the son of Al-  
pheus,<sup>d</sup> and Simon who was called Zelotes,<sup>e</sup> (16)  
<sup>f</sup> Sy. **يهوذا** and Judas the son of James,<sup>f</sup> and Judas Iscariot,<sup>g</sup>  
<sup>g</sup> Sy. **يهوذا** who became a traitor.—(17) And Jesus descended  
with them, and stood in the plain; and a great  
company of his disciples, and a multitude of assem-  
bled people, from all Judaea, and from Jerusalem,  
<sup>h</sup> or, *word.* and from the sea-shore of Tyre and Sidon; who  
came to hear his discourse,<sup>h</sup> and to be healed of  
their diseases; (18) and they who were afflicted by  
unclean spirits: and they were healed. (19) And  
the whole multitude sought to touch him; for  
there went a virtue<sup>i</sup> out of him and healed them  
all.

And he lifted his eyes upon his disciples, and  
said: Blessed are ye poor; for the kingdom of God  
is yours. (21) Blessed are ye that hunger now;  
for ye will be satisfied. Blessed are ye that weep  
now; for ye will laugh. (22) Blessed are ye,  
when men shall hate you, and repel you, and re-  
vile you, and cast out your names as base, for the  
Son of man's sake. (23) Rejoice in that day and  
exult, for your reward is great in heaven; for so  
did their fathers to the prophets. (24) But, woe to  
you that are rich; for ye have received your con-  
solation. (25) Woe to you that are full; for ye  
will hunger. Woe to you that laugh now; for ye  
will weep and mourn. (26) Woe to you, when  
men shall speak your praise; for so did their fa-  
thers to the false prophets.—(27) And to you who  
hear, I say: Love your enemies; and do favors to  
them that hate you; (28) and bless them that curse  
you; and pray for them that drag you with vio-  
lence. (29) To him that smiteth thee on thy  
cheek, offer the other: and from him that taketh  
away thy cloak, keep not back thy tunic. (30) To  
every one that asketh of thee, give thou: and from  
him that taketh thy property, demand it not.  
(31) And as ye would that men should do to you, so  
do ye also to them. (32) For, if ye love them that

love you, what goodness is it in you? For even  
 33 sinners love those that love them. (33) And if ye  
 do good to them that do good to you, what good-  
 ness is it in you? For even sinners do the same.  
 34 (34) And if ye lend to one from whom ye expect  
 recompense, what goodness is it in you? For  
 35 sinners also lend to sinners, to receive adequate  
 recompense. (35) But love ye your enemies, and  
 do them good; and lend ye, and disappoint the  
 hopes of no one: and great will be your reward,  
 and ye will be children of the Highest; for he is  
 36 kind to the evil, and to the unthankful. (36) Be  
 ye therefore merciful, as also your Father is merci-  
 37 ful. (37) Judge not, and ye will not be judged:  
 condemn not, and ye will not be condemned: re-  
 38 lease, and ye will be released. (38) Give ye, and  
 it will be given to you; in good measure, pressed  
 down, and running over, will they cast into your  
 lap. For, with what measure ye measure, it will  
 39 be measured to you.—(39) And he spake a simili-  
 tude<sup>k</sup> to them: Can a blind man lead a blind?  
 40 Will not both fall into the ditch?—(40) No disci-  
 ple is better than his teacher;<sup>l</sup> for whoever is per-  
 41 fect, will be like his teacher.—(41) And why  
 observest thou the straw that is in thy brother's  
 eye, but regardest not the beam that is in thy own  
 42 eye? (42) Or how canst thou say to thy brother,  
 My brother, allow me to pluck the straw from thy  
 eye; when, lo, the beam that is in thy own eye,  
 thou regardest not. Hypocrite! first cast the beam  
 out thy eye, and then thy vision will be clear to  
 43 pluck the straw from thy brother's eye. (43) There  
 is no good tree, that beareth bad fruits; nor a bad  
 44 tree, that beareth good fruits. (44) For every tree  
 is known by its fruits. Do men gather figs from  
 thorn-bushes? So, neither do they pluck grapes  
 45 from brambles. (45) A good man, from the good  
 treasure that is in his heart, bringeth out good  
 things: and a bad man, from the bad treasure that  
 is in his heart, bringeth out bad things. For, from  
 46 the abundance of the heart, the lips speak. (46) And  
 why call ye me, My Lord, my Lord; while ye do  
 47 not that which I command you? (47) Every one  
 that cometh to me, and heareth my words, and  
 doeth them, I will show to whom he is like:  
 48 (48) He is like a man that built a house; and he

<sup>k</sup> or, *parable*.

<sup>l</sup> *Sy. Rabbi*.

dug and went deep, and laid the foundations on a rock: and when a flood occurred, the flood rushed upon that house, and could not move it, for its foundation rested on a rock. (49) But he that 49  
 heareth and doeth not, is like a man that built his house upon the earth, without a foundation; and when the torrent rushed upon it, it fell immediately, and the ruin of that house was great.

And when he had finished all these discourses VII.  
 in the audience of the people, Jesus entered  
 into Capernaum. (2) And the servant of a cen- 2  
 turion, who was dear to him, was very sick, and  
 near to death. (3) And he heard of Jesus, and 3  
 sent the Elders<sup>a</sup> of the Jews to him, and requested  
 of him that he would come and save the life of his  
 servant. (4) And when they came to Jesus, they 4  
 entreated him earnestly, and said: He is worthy  
 that thou shouldst do this for him; (5) for he loveth 5  
 our nation, and hath also built us a house of  
 assembly.<sup>b</sup> (6) And Jesus went with them. And 6  
 when he was not far from the house, the centurion  
 sent his friends to him, and said to him: My Lord,  
 trouble not thyself, for I am not worthy that thou  
 shouldst come under my roof: (7) therefore I 7  
 deemed myself not worthy to approach thee  
 myself; but speak the word only, and my young  
 man will be healed. (8) For I also am a man 8  
 subjected to authority; and I have soldiers under  
 my command;<sup>c</sup> and I say to this one, Go; and he  
 goeth: and to another, Come; and he cometh:  
 and to my servant, Do this; and he doeth [it.]  
 (9) And when Jesus heard these things, he admired 9  
 him; and he turned, and said to the throng that  
 followed him: I say to you, I have not found faith  
 like this even in Israel. (10) And they that were 10  
 sent, returned to the house; and they found the  
 servant that had been sick, now well.

And the following day, he went to a city called 11  
 Nain;<sup>d</sup> and his disciples [were] with him, and a  
 great multitude. (12) And as he approached the 12  
 gate of the city, he saw a procession bearing a dead  
 man, the only son<sup>e</sup> of his mother, and she a widow;  
 and a great company of the people<sup>f</sup> of the city  
 were with her. (13) And Jesus looked upon her, 13  
 and had compassion on her; and he said to her,

<sup>a</sup> Sy. **صفتها**

<sup>b</sup> or. a syna-  
gogue.

<sup>c</sup> Sy. *hand*.

<sup>d</sup> Sy. **ناين**

<sup>e</sup> Sy. **صبغها**

<sup>f</sup> Sy. *sons*.

14 Weep not. (14) And he went, and touched the bier; and they that bore him stood still. And he  
 15 said: Young man, I say to thee, Arise. (15) And the dead man sat up, and began to speak: and he  
 16 delivered him to his mother. (16) And awe seized all the people; and they glorified God, and  
 said: A great prophet hath arisen among us, and  
 17 God hath visited his people. (17) And that sayings respecting him went out through all Judæa  
 and all the surrounding region.  
 18 And the disciples of John told him all these  
 19 things. (19) And John called two of his disciples, and sent them to Jesus, and said: Art thou  
 he that cometh, or shall we look for another?  
 20 (20) And they came to Jesus, and said to him: John the Baptizer hath sent us to thee, and  
 saith: Art thou he that cometh, or shall we look  
 21 for another? (21) And in that hour he healed many persons of their diseases, and of plagues, and  
 of unclean spirits, and gave sight to many blind  
 22 persons. (22) And Jesus replied, and said to them: Go ye, and tell John all that ye have seen  
 and heard; that the blind see, and the lame walk,  
 and the leprous are cleansed, and the deaf hear,  
 and the dead arise, and to the poor good news is  
 23 proclaimed:<sup>h</sup> (23) and blessed is he that is not  
 24 stumbled in me.—(24) And when John's disciples were gone, Jesus began to say to the multitude,  
 concerning John: What went ye into the wilder-  
 25 ness to see?—a reed agitated by the wind? (25) Or if not; what went ye out to see?—a man clad in  
 soft raiment? Lo, they that use splendid garments  
 26 and luxuries, are in kings' palaces.<sup>i</sup> (26) Or if not; what went ye out to see?—a prophet? Yea,  
 27 say I to you; and more than a prophet. (27) [For] this is he, of whom it is written: Behold I  
 send my messenger<sup>k</sup> before thy face, to prepare  
 28 thy way before thee. (28) I say to you, that no prophet, among those born of women, was greater  
 than John the Baptizer: and yet the little one in  
 29 the kingdom of God, is greater than he. (29) And all the people that heard him, justified God, as they  
 30 had been baptized with John's baptism. (30) But the Pharisees and Scribes rejected the good pleasure  
 of God, against themselves; as they were not  
 31 baptized by him. (31) To what, therefore, shall I

<sup>g</sup> or, word.

<sup>h</sup> Sy.

سلكوا

<sup>i</sup> or, houses.

<sup>k</sup> Sy. موكدا

<sup>1</sup> Sy. *ἡ*

compare this generation? and to what are they  
 like? (32) They are like children, that sit in the 32  
 market-place, and call to their fellows and say:  
 We have piped to you, and ye did not dance; we  
 have howled to you, and ye did not weep.  
 (33) For John the Baptizer came, not eating bread, 33  
 and not drinking wine; and ye say: He hath a  
 demon. (34) The Son of man came, eating and 34  
 drinking; and ye say: Behold, a gluttonous man,  
 and a wine drinker, and one fond of publicans and  
 sinners. (35) But wisdom<sup>1</sup> is justified by all her 35  
 children.


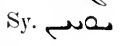

And one of the Pharisees came, and asked him 36  
 to eat with him. And he entered the house of the  
 Pharisee, and reclined. (37) And there was a 37  
 woman in the city, who was a sinner; and when  
 she learned that he reclined in the Pharisee's  
 house, she took an alabaster box of perfume,  
 (38) and stood behind him, at his feet, and wept; 38  
 and she began to bathe his feet with her tears, and  
 to wipe them with the hair of her head; and she  
 kissed his feet, and anointed [them] with the per-  
 fume. (39) And when the Pharisee that invited 39  
 him, saw it, he thought within himself, and said:  
 If this man were a prophet, he would know who  
 she is, and what is her reputation; for the woman  
 that toucheth him, is a sinner. (40) And Jesus 40  
 answered, and said to him: Simon, I have some-  
 thing to say to thee. He said to him: Say it,  
 Rabbi. Jesus said to him: (41) There were two 41  
 debtors to a certain creditor; the one owed him  
 five hundred denarii, and the other fifty denarii.  
 (42) And as they had not the means of pay, he 42  
 released them both. Which of them, therefore,  
 will love him most? (43) Simon replied, and 43  
 said: I suppose he to whom most was released.  
 Jesus said to him: Thou hast judged correctly.  
 (44) And he turned to the woman, and said to 44  
 Simon: Seest thou this woman? I entered thy  
 house, and thou gavest [me] no water for my  
 feet; but she hath bathed my feet with her tears,  
 and wiped them with her hair. (45) Thou gavest 45  
 me no kiss; but this woman, since she came in,  
 hath not ceased to kiss my feet. (46) Thou didst 46  
 not anoint my head with perfume; but she hath  
 anointed my feet with perfumed ointment. (47) I 47



therefore say to thee: Her many sins are forgiven her, for she loveth much. But he, to whom little  
 48 is forgiven, loveth little. (48) And he said to the  
 49 woman: Thy sins are forgiven thee. (49) And  
 they that were reclining, began to say in them-  
 selves: Who is this, that even forgiveth sins?  
 50 (50) And Jesus said to the woman: Thy faith  
 hath given thee life. Go, in peace.

VIII. And after these things Jesus travelled about  
 the cities and the villages, and proclaimed and  
 announced the kingdom of God. And with him


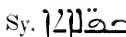
2 were his twelve [disciples,] (2) and those women  
 who were healed of infirmities and of unclean  
 spirits, Mary called Magdalena,<sup>a</sup> out of whom went  
 3 seven demons, (3) and Joanna<sup>b</sup> the wife of Chusa,  
 Herod's steward, and Susanna,<sup>c</sup> and many others,  
 who ministered to them of their property.

<sup>a</sup> Sy.   
<sup>b</sup> Sy.   
<sup>c</sup> Sy. 

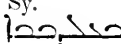
4 And when a great multitude was assembled, and  
 people came to him from all the cities, he said, in  
 5 similitudes:<sup>d</sup> (5) A sower went out to sow his  
 seed: and as he sowed, some fell by the side of  
 the path, and was trodden upon, and a bird  
 6 devoured it. (6) And other fell upon a rock, and  
 sprung up forthwith; but, as it lacked moisture, it  
 7 dried up. (7) And other fell among thorns, and  
 the thorns sprung up with it, and choked it.  
 8 (8) And other fell on good and fair ground, and  
 sprung up, and bore fruits, a hundred for one.  
 Having said these things, he cried: He that hath  
 ears to hear, let him hear.

<sup>d</sup> or, *parables.*

9 And his disciples asked him: what meaneth  
 10 this similitude? (10) And he said to them: To  
 you it is given, to know the mysteries<sup>e</sup> of the  
 kingdom of God; but to others, it is spoken in  
 allegories;<sup>f</sup> that, while seeing, they may not see,

<sup>e</sup> Sy.   
<sup>f</sup> Sy. 

11 and while hearing, may not understand. (11) But  
 this is the similitude: The seed is the word of  
 12 God. (12) And those by the side of the path, are  
 they that hear the word, and the enemy<sup>g</sup> cometh  
 and taketh the word out of their heart, that they  
 13 may not believe and live. (13) And those upon  
 the rock, are they who, when they hear, receive  
 the word with joy: but they have no root in  
 them, and their faith is temporary, and in time of


<sup>g</sup> Sy. 

14 temptation<sup>h</sup> they are stumbled. (14) And that


<sup>h</sup> or, *trial.*

<sup>i</sup> or, *lusts*.

which fell among thorns, are those who hear the word, but are choked by cares, and by riches, and by worldly desires,<sup>i</sup> and bear no fruits. (15) And that on good ground, are those who, with a humble and good heart, hear the word, and retain it, and with patience bring forth fruits.—(16) No one lighteth a lamp, and covereth it with a vessel, or placeth it under a bed, but setteth it upon a light-stand, that all who come in, may see the light of it. (17) For there is nothing covered, that shall not be uncovered; nor concealed, that shall not be known and become manifest. (18) Take heed how ye hear: for to him that hath, shall be given; and from him that hath not, shall be taken even what he thinketh he hath.—(19) And his mother and his brothers came to him, and they could not speak with him, because of the multitude. (20) And they say to him: Thy mother and thy brothers stand without, and wish to see thee. (21) And he answered and said: My mother and my brothers, are they who hear the word of God, and do it.

<sup>k</sup> Sy. 

And on a certain day Jesus embarked and sat in a ship, he and his disciples. And he said to them; Let us pass over to the other side of the sea. (23) And while they were rowing, Jesus fell asleep. And there was a tempest of wind on the sea; and the ship was near to sinking. (24) And they came and awaked him, and said to him: Our Rabbi, our Rabbi,<sup>k</sup> we are perishing! And he arose, and rebuked the winds and the agitations of the water; and they ceased, and there was a calm. (25) And he said to them: Where is your faith? And they being in awe, wondered, and said one to another: Who is this, that commandeth even the winds, and the waves, and the sea; and they obey him?

<sup>l</sup> Sy. 

And they rowed on, and came to the country of the Gadarenes,<sup>l</sup> which lieth over against Galilee. (27) And when he went out upon the land, there met him a man of the city, in whom had been a demon for a long time; and he wore no clothing, and did not reside in a house, but among the tombs. (28) And when he saw Jesus, he cried out, and fell down before him, and said, with a loud voice: What have we to do with thee? Jesus, thou

Son of the exalted God. I entreat of thee, torment  
 29 me not. (29) For Jesus had commanded the  
 unclean spirit, to come out of the man: for, of a  
 long time he had been held captive by him; and  
 he had been bound with chains, and held in  
 fetters; but he had burst the bonds, and had been  
 30 driven by the demon into the desert. (30) And  
 Jesus demanded of him: What is thy name?  
 And he said to him: Legion:<sup>m</sup> because many  
 31 demons had entered into him. (31) And they  
 besought him, not to command them to depart  
 32 into the abyss.<sup>n</sup> (32) And there was a herd of  
 many swine grazing on the mountain. And they  
 besought him, that he would permit them to enter  
 33 the swine. And he permitted them. (33) And  
 the demons went out of the man, and entered the  
 swine; and the whole herd ran to a precipice,<sup>o</sup>  
 and plunged into the sea, and were strangled.  
 34 (34) And when the herdmen saw what had  
 occurred, they fled, and told [it] in the cities and  
 35 the villages. (35) And the men went out to see  
 what was done. And they came to Jesus, and  
 found the man, out of whom the demons had  
 gone, now clothed, and modest, and sitting at the  
 36 feet of Jesus; and they were awed. (36) And  
 they that saw [it], related to them in what manner  
 37 the demoniac was cured. (37) And the whole  
 throng<sup>p</sup> of the Gadarenes requested him, that  
 he would depart from them: for great fear had  
 seized them. And Jesus embarked in a ship, and  
 38 retired from among them. (38) And the man,  
 from whom the demons had gone out, requested  
 that he might remain with him. But Jesus dis-  
 39 missed him, and said to him: (39) Return to thy  
 home, and relate what God hath done for thee.  
 And he went away, and proclaimed through all  
 the city what Jesus had done for him.  
 40 And when Jesus returned, a great multitude  
 received him; for all were looking for him.  
 41 (41) And a man, whose name was Jairus,<sup>r</sup> a chief  
 of the synagogue,<sup>s</sup> fell down at the feet of Jesus,  
 42 and besought him to enter his house; (42) for he  
 had an only<sup>t</sup> daughter, about twelve years old,  
 and she was near dying. And as Jesus went with  
 him, a great multitude pressed upon him.—  
 43 (43) And a certain woman, whose blood had

<sup>m</sup> Sy. لجن

<sup>n</sup> Sy. אבסוס

<sup>o</sup> or, cliff.

<sup>p</sup> or, multitude.

<sup>r</sup> Sy. جايرس

<sup>s</sup> Sy. شمار  
مذبح

<sup>t</sup> Sy. ابنة

flowed twelve years, and who had expended all  
 her property among physicians, and could not be  
 cured by any one, (44) came up behind him, and 44  
 touched the border of his garment; and imme-  
 diately the flow of her blood stopped. (45) And 45  
 Jesus said: Who touched me? And when all  
 denied, Simon Cephas<sup>v</sup> and those with him said  
 to him: Our Rabbi,<sup>w</sup> crowds press upon thee;  
 and sayest thou, Who touched me? (46) And 46  
 he said: Some one touched me; for I perceive,  
 that energy<sup>x</sup> hath gone out from me. (47) And 47  
 the woman, when she saw that she had not escaped  
 his notice, came trembling, and fell down and wor-  
 shipped him. And in the presence of all the  
 people, she declared for what cause she had touched  
 him, and that she was instantly healed. (48) And 48  
 Jesus said to her: Take courage, my daughter:  
 Thy faith hath given thee life: Go in peace.—  
 (49) And while he was speaking, one came 49  
 from the house of the chief of the synagogue,<sup>z</sup>  
 and said to him: Thy daughter is dead; trouble  
 not the teacher.<sup>a</sup> (50) And Jesus heard [it], and 50  
 said to the father of the maid: Fear not; believe  
 only, and she will live. (51) And Jesus came 51  
 to the house; and he suffered none to go in with  
 him, except Simon, and James, and John, and  
 the father and mother of the maid. (52) And all 52  
 were weeping and wailing over her. And Jesus  
 said: Weep not; for she is not dead, but sleepeth.  
 (53) And they derided him, knowing that she was 53  
 dead. (54) And he put every one out, and took 54  
 her by the hand, and called, and said: Maid, arise.<sup>b</sup>  
 (55) And her spirit<sup>c</sup> returned, and she instantly 55  
 arose. And he directed them to give her food.  
 (56) And her parents were astonished: and he 56  
 charged them to tell no one what had occurred.

<sup>v</sup> Gr. *Peter*.<sup>w</sup> Sy. رَبِّي<sup>x</sup> Sy. قُوَّة<sup>y</sup> Sy. *eyes*.<sup>z</sup> Sy.رَبِّ السُّنَّةِ<sup>a</sup> Sy. مَلِكِ<sup>b</sup> Sy. اُتْبِئِيوَقُمْ<sup>c</sup> Sy. رُوحِهَا

And Jesus called his twelve, and gave them IX.  
 power and authority over all demons and diseases,  
 to heal [them]. (2) And he sent them forth, to 2  
 proclaim the kingdom of God, and to heal the sick.  
 (3) And he said to them: Take nothing for the 3  
 journey, neither a staff, nor a wallet, nor bread,  
 nor money; neither have two tunics. (4) And 4  
 into whatever house ye enter, there stay, and  
 thence depart. (5) And against them that receive 5

- you not, when ye go out of that city, shake off even the dust of your feet against them, for a testimony. (6) And the Legates<sup>a</sup> went forth, and travelled about the villages and cities, and preached and healed everywhere.
- 7 And Herod the Tetrarch heard of all the things done by him, and he was disturbed; because some 8 said, that John had arisen from the dead. (8) But others said, that Elijah hath appeared; and others, that a prophet from among the ancient prophets 9 hath arisen. (9) And Herod said: The head of John, I have cut off; but who is this, of whom I hear these things? And he was desirous to see him.
- 10 And when the Legates<sup>b</sup> returned, they narrated to Jesus all they had done. And he took them 11 aside, to the desert part of Bethsaida. (11) And when the multitude knew [it], they followed him: and he received them, and conversed with them respecting the kingdom of God: and such as had 12 need of healing, he healed. (12) And when the day began to decline, his disciples came near, and said to him: Send away the multitude, that they may go to the villages around us and to the towns, to lodge in them, and to procure themselves 13 food, for we are in a desert place. (13) Jesus said to them: Give ye them to eat. And they say: We have no more than five loaves and two fishes; unless we go and buy food for all this people: 14 (14) for they were about five thousand men. Jesus said to them: Make them recline by companies, 15 fifty persons in a company. (15) And the disciples did so, and made them all recline. (16) And Jesus took the five loaves and two fishes, and looked towards heaven, and blessed, and brake, and gave to his disciples to set before the multi- 16 tudes. (17) And they all ate, and were satisfied: and they took up the fragments of remains, twelve 17 baskets.<sup>c</sup>
- 18 And as he was praying in private with his disciples, he asked them, and said: Who, do the multitudes say of me, that I am? (19) They answer and say to him: John the Baptizer; others, Elijah; and others, a prophet, one of the ancient prophets 19 arisen. (20) He said to them: But who, do ye say, that I am? Simon answered, and said: The

<sup>a</sup> or, *Apostles*.<sup>b</sup> or, *Apostles*.<sup>c</sup> Sy.

<p><sup>d</sup> Sy. <span style="font-family: monospace;">ܡܫܝܚܐ</span></p>	<p>Messiah<sup>d</sup> of God. (21) And he chided them, and charged them, that they should say this to no one. (22) And he said to them: The Son of man is to suffer many things, and to be rejected by the Elders and the chief priests and Scribes; and they will kill him; and on the third day, he will arise.—</p>	<p>21 22</p>
<p><sup>e</sup> or, <i>every one</i>.</p>	<p>(23) And he said before all the people:<sup>e</sup> He that would follow me, must deny himself, and take up his cross daily, and [so] come after me. (24) For</p>	<p>23 24</p>
<p><sup>f</sup> Sy. <span style="font-family: monospace;">ܡܫܝܚܐ</span></p>	<p>he that will preserve his life,<sup>f</sup> shall lose it; but he that shall lose his life, for my sake, will preserve it. (25) For, what will a man be profited, if he gain</p>	<p>24 25</p>
<p><sup>g</sup> Sy. <span style="font-family: monospace;">ܡܫܝܚܐ</span></p>	<p>the whole world, and lose his life<sup>g</sup> or be deprived [of it]? (26) And whoever shall be ashamed of me and of my words, of him will the Son of man be ashamed, when he cometh in the glory of his Father, with his holy angels.—(27) I tell you the truth, that there are some standing here, who will not taste death, until they shall see the kingdom of God.</p>	<p>25 26 27</p>
<p><sup>h</sup> or, <i>words</i>.</p>	<p>And it was about eight days after these discourses,<sup>h</sup> that Jesus took Simon and James and John, and went up a mountain to pray. (29) And while he prayed, the aspect of his countenance was changed, and his garments became white and brilliant. (30) And lo, two men were talking with him: and they were Moses and Elijah, (31) who</p>	<p>28 29 30 31</p>
<p><sup>i</sup> Sy. <span style="font-family: monospace;">ܡܫܝܚܐ</span></p>	<p>appeared in glory.<sup>i</sup> And they were conversing on his departure, which was to be consummated at Jerusalem. (32) And Simon and those with him</p>	<p>31 32</p>
<p><sup>k</sup> Sy. <span style="font-family: monospace;">ܡܫܝܚܐ</span></p>	<p>were oppressed with drowsiness; and being scarcely awake, they saw his glory,<sup>k</sup> and those two men who stood near him. (33) And when they began to retire from him, Simon said to Jesus: Rabbi, it is delightful for us to be here. And let us make here three booths, one for thee, and one for Moses, and one for Elijah. But he knew not what he said. (34) And as he thus spoke, there was a cloud; and it overshadowed them; and they were afraid, when they saw Moses and Elijah go up into the cloud. (35) And there was a voice from the cloud, which said: This is my beloved Son; hear ye him.</p>	<p>32 33 34 35</p>
<p><sup>l</sup> Sy. <i>had been</i>.</p>	<p>(36) And when the voice had passed,<sup>l</sup> Jesus was found to be alone.—And they kept silence, and told no one in those days what they had seen.</p>	<p>35 36</p>
	<p>And the next day, as they came down from the</p>	<p>37</p>

38 mountain, a great multitude met them. (38) And a man from the throng cried out, and said: Teacher,<sup>m</sup> I beseech thee, turn thyself to me. Here  
 39 is my only<sup>n</sup> son: (39) and a spirit cometh upon him, and he suddenly crieth out, and gnasheth his teeth, and foameth; and he hardly leaveth him,  
 40 when he hath crushed him. (40) And I requested thy disciples to expel him; and they could not.  
 41 (41) And Jesus answered, and said: O the unbelieving and perverse generation! How long shall I be with you, and bear with you? Bring hither  
 42 thy son. (42) And while he was bringing him, the demon threw him down, and convulsed him. And Jesus rebuked the unclean spirit, and heeded  
 43 the lad, and delivered him to his father. (43) And they were all amazed at the majesty<sup>o</sup> of God.— And while every one admired at all that Jesus  
 44 did, he said to his disciples: (44) Lay up these words in your minds:<sup>p</sup> for the Son of man is to  
 45 be delivered into the hands of men. (45) But they understood not that speech;<sup>r</sup> because it was hidden from them, that they should not know it: and they feared to ask him concerning that speech.  
 46 And the thought arose among them, which of  
 47 them [was to be] the greatest. (47) And Jesus knew the thought of their heart: and he took a  
 48 child, and placed him near to him; (48) and said to them: Whoever receiveth a child like this, in my name, receiveth me; and he that receiveth me, receiveth him that sent me. For he that shall be least among you all, he will be the great one.—  
 49 (49) And John answered, and said: Our Rabbi, we saw a man casting out demons in thy name; and we forbad him, because he doth not, with us,  
 50 follow thee. (50) Jesus said to them: Forbid not: for, whoever is not against you, is for you.  
 51 And when the days for his ascension were completed, so it was, that he set his face to go up to  
 52 Jerusalem. (52) And he sent messengers before his face; and they went, and entered a village of the Samaritans, to prepare [lodgings] for him.  
 53 (53) And they received him not, because he had set his face to go up to Jerusalem. (54) And when his disciples James and John saw [it], they said to him: Our Lord, wilt thou that we speak, and fire come down from heaven, and consume

<sup>m</sup> Sy. ⲙⲁⲓⲁⲓⲁ<sup>n</sup> Sy. ⲛⲉⲛⲉⲛⲉ<sup>o</sup> Sy. ⲟⲩⲉⲛⲉⲛⲉ<sup>p</sup> Sy. *cars.*<sup>r</sup> or, *word.*

them, as also did Elijah? (55) And he turned, 55  
and rebuked them, and said: Ye know not of what  
spirit ye are. (56) For the Son of man hath not 56  
come to destroy souls;<sup>s</sup> but to quicken<sup>t</sup> [them].  
And they went to another village.

<sup>t</sup> Sy. لقد سمع  
And as they went by the way, one said to him: 57  
I will follow thee to whatever place thou goest,  
my Lord. (58) Jesus said to him: The foxes 58  
have holes, and the birds of heaven have coverts;  
but the Son of man hath not where he may lay his  
head. (59) And he said to another: Come thou 59  
after me. And he said to him: My Lord, permit  
me first to go and bury my father. (60) And 60  
Jesus said to him: Allow the dead to bury their  
dead; and go thou and proclaim the kingdom of  
God. (61) Another said to him: I will follow 61  
thee, my Lord; but allow me first to bid adieu to  
my household,<sup>v</sup> and I will come. (62) Jesus said 62  
to him: No man putting his hand to the ox-plough,  
and looking backward, is fit for the kingdom of  
God.

<sup>v</sup> Sy. *sons of my  
house.*

And after these things, Jesus separated from X.  
among his disciples seventy other persons, and sent  
them, two and two, before his face, to every place  
and city whither he was to go. (2) And he said 2  
to them: The harvest is great, and the laborers  
few: pray ye, therefore, the lord of the harvest,  
that he would send laborers into his harvest.  
(3) Go ye: lo, I send you forth, as sheep among 3  
wolves. (4) Take to you no purses, nor wallets, 4  
nor shoes; and salute no man by the way. (5) And 5  
into whatever house ye enter, first say: Peace be  
to this house. (6) And if the son of peace is there, 6  
your salutation<sup>a</sup> will rest upon it; but if not, your  
salutation will return to you. (7) And remain in 7  
that house, eating and drinking of what it affords;  
for the laborer is worthy of his hire. And pass  
not from house to house. (8) And into whatever 8  
city ye enter, and they receive you: eat that which  
is set before you. (9) And heal them that are sick 9  
in it; and say to them: The kingdom of God hath  
come near you. (10) And into whatever city ye 10  
enter, and they receive you not; go out into the  
street, and say: (11) Even the dust of your city 11  
which adhereth to our feet, we shake off against

<sup>a</sup> Sy. سلامة  
lit. *your peace.*



you: but this know ye, that the kingdom of God  
 12 hath come near to you. (12) I say to you, that for  
 Sodom there will be comfort in that day, rather  
 13 than for that city. (13) Woe to thee, Chorazin;  
 woe to thee, Bethsaida; for if in Tyre and Sidon  
 there had been the mighty deeds, that were in you,  
 they would long ago have repented in sackcloth  
 14 and ashes. (14) But for Tyre and Sidon there will  
 be comfort in the day of judgment, rather than for  
 15 you. (15) And thou Capernaum, that art lifted  
 up to heaven, shalt be brought down to hell.<sup>b</sup>—  
 16 (16) He that heareth you, heareth me; and he that  
 despiseth you, despiseth me; and he that despiseth  
 me, despiseth him that sent me.  
 17 And the seventy whom he sent forth, returned  
 with great joy, and say to him: Our Lord, even the  
 18 demons were subject to us, in thy name. (18) And  
 he said to them: I saw Satan<sup>c</sup> fall, like the light-  
 19 ning from heaven. (19) Behold, I give you author-  
 ity to tread on serpents, and scorpions, and on all  
 the power<sup>d</sup> of the adversary:<sup>e</sup> and nothing shall  
 20 harm you. (20) Yet rejoice not in this, that the  
 demons are subject to you; but rejoice, that your  
 21 names are written in heaven.—(21) In that hour  
 Jesus exulted in the Holy Spirit, and said: I thank  
 thee, my Father, thou Lord of heaven and earth,  
 that thou hast hid these things from the wise and  
 intelligent, and hast revealed them to babes: yes,  
 22 my Father, for such was thy good pleasure. (22)  
 And he turned himself to his disciples, and said to  
 them: Every thing is committed to me by my  
 Father: and no one knoweth who the Son is, but  
 the Father; or who the Father is, but the Son, and  
 he to whom the Son is pleased to reveal [him].  
 23 (23) And he turned to his disciples, privately, and  
 said: Blessed are the eyes that see, what ye see.  
 24 (24) For I say to you, that many prophets and  
 kings desired to see what ye see, and did not see  
 [it]; and to hear what ye hear, and did not hear  
 [it].  
 25 And behold, a Scribe stood up to try him, and  
 said: Teacher,<sup>f</sup> what must I do, to inherit eternal  
 26 life? (26) And Jesus said to him: How is it  
 27 written in the law?<sup>g</sup> How readest thou? (27) He  
 answered and said to him: Thou shalt love the  
 Lord thy God, with all thy heart, and with all thy

<sup>b</sup> Sy. = *ādns.*

<sup>c</sup> Sy.

<sup>d</sup> Sy.

<sup>e</sup> Sy.

<sup>f</sup> Sy.

<sup>g</sup> Sy.

<sup>b</sup> Sy. **فهمته**,  
*intellect.*

soul, and with all thy might, and with all thy  
mind;<sup>b</sup> and thy neighbor, as thyself. (28) Jesus  
said to him: Thou hast said correctly; do thus, and  
thou wilt live. (29) And he, being disposed to  
justify himself, said: And who is my neighbor?  
(30) Jesus said to him: A certain man was going  
down from Jerusalem to Jericho, and robbers fell  
upon him, and plundered him, and smote him, and  
left him with little life in him, and went their way.  
(31) And a certain priest went down by that way;  
and he saw him, and passed on. (32) So also a  
Levite came, approached the spot, and saw him,  
and passed on. (33) But a Samaritan, as he trav-  
elled, came where he was, and saw him, and took  
pity on him, (34) and went to him, and bound up  
his wounds, and poured wine and oil on them, and  
placed him upon his ass, and brought him to the  
inn, and took care of him. (35) And on the morn-  
ing of the [next] day, he took out two denarii and  
gave to the host, and said: Take good care of  
him; and if thou expendest any more, when I re-  
turn, I will repay thee. (36) Which therefore of  
these three, appears to thee, to have been neigh-  
bor to him that fell into the hands of marauders?  
(37) And he said: He that had pity on him. Jesus  
said to him: Go, and do thou also the like.

<sup>i</sup> Sy. **اخذته**

<sup>k</sup> Sy. **اجلس**

And it occurred, as they travelled by the way,  
that he entered a certain village, and a woman  
whose name was Martha,<sup>i</sup> received him at her  
house. (38) And she had a sister whose name  
was Mary:<sup>k</sup> and she came and seated herself at the  
feet of our Lord, and listened to his discourses.  
(40) But Martha was occupied with much service;  
and she came, and said to him: My Lord, hast thou  
no concern, that my sister hath left me to serve  
alone? Bid her assist me. (41) Jesus answered,  
and said to her: Martha, Martha, thou art anxious  
and troubled about many things: (42) yet but  
one thing is necessary; and Mary hath chosen for  
herself the good part, which shall not be taken  
from her.

And as he was praying in a certain place, it XI.  
occurred, that when he ceased, one of his disciples  
said to him: Our Lord, teach us to pray, as John  
also taught his disciples. (2) Jesus said to them: 2

When ye pray, thus speak ye: Our Father who art in heaven, hallowed be thy name; thy kingdom come; thy pleasure be done, as in heaven, so on earth; (3) give us daily the bread we need; (4) and remit to us our sins, for we also remit to all that are indebted to us; and bring us not into trials, but deliver us from evil.—(5) And he said to them: Which of you shall have a friend, that shall come to him at midnight and say to him, My friend, lend me three cakes; (6) for a friend hath come to me from a journey, and I have nothing to set before him? (7) And his friend within shall answer, and say to him: Do not disturb me, for lo, the door is closed, and my children with me in bed; I cannot rise and give thee. (8) I say to you: If he give him not, on account of friendship, yet on account of [his] importunity, he will arise and give [him] as much as he asketh. (9) I say also to you: Ask, and it will be given you; seek, and ye will find; knock, and it will be opened to you. (10) For every one that asketh, receiveth; and he that seeketh, findeth; and to him that knocketh, it is opened. (11) For which of you being a father, if his son shall ask him for bread, will he reach to him a stone? Or, if he ask of him a fish, will he, instead of a fish, reach to him a serpent? (12) Or, if he ask of him an egg, will he reach to him a scorpion? (13) And if ye, who are evil, know how to give good gifts to your children, how much more will your Father from heaven give the Holy Spirit to them that ask him?

14 And as he was casting out a demon that was dumb, it occurred, that when the demon had gone out, the dumb [man] conversed: and the multitudes admired. (15) But some of them said: It is by Beelzebub,<sup>a</sup> the prince of demons,<sup>b</sup> that he casteth out demons. (16) And others, to tempt him, asked of him a sign from heaven. (17) But Jesus, as he knew their thoughts, said to them: Every kingdom that is divided against itself, will become a desolation: and a house that is divided against itself, will fall. (18) And if Satan be divided against himself, how will his kingdom stand? since ye say, that I by Beelzebub cast out demons. (19) And if I, by Beelzebub, cast out demons, by whom do your sons cast [them] out? Therefore

<sup>a</sup> Sy.

بعلزبول

<sup>b</sup> Sy.

بعل بعل

will they be to you judges. (20) But if I, by the 20  
finger of God, cast out demons, the kingdom of  
God hath come near to you. (21) When a strong 21  
man armed keepeth his doorway,<sup>c</sup> his property  
rests securely. (22) But if a stronger than he come 22  
and overpower him, he taketh away all his arms  
on which he relied, and divideth the spoil of him.  
(23) He that is not for me, is against me; and he 23  
that gathereth not with me, actually scattereth.<sup>d</sup>—  
(24) An unclean spirit, when he goeth out of a 24  
man, goeth wandering in places where no water is,  
in order to find rest; and, as he cannot find [it],  
he saith: I will return to my habitation, from  
which I came. (25) And when he cometh, he 25  
findeth it swept clean and set in order. (26) Then 26  
he goeth and taketh seven other spirits, worse than  
himself, and they enter in and dwell there; and  
the last state of that man is worse than the first.—  
(27) And while he was saying these things, a certain 27  
woman from the crowd, lifted up her voice,  
and said to him: Blessed is the womb that carried  
thee, and the breasts that nursed thee. (28) He 28  
said to her: Blessed are they who hear the word  
of God, and keep it.—(29) And when multitudes 29  
were assembled, he began to say: This evil genera-  
tion seeketh a sign; and no sign will be given it,  
but the sign of Jonah the prophet. (30) For as 30  
Jonah was a sign to the Ninevites, so also will the  
Son of man be a sign to this generation. (31) The 31  
queen of the south<sup>e</sup> will stand up in the judgment  
with the men of this generation, and will condemn  
them; for she came from the other side of the  
earth,<sup>f</sup> to hear the wisdom of Solomon, and lo, one  
superior to Solomon is here. (32) The men of 32  
Nineveh will stand up in the judgment with this  
generation, and will condemn it; for they repented  
at the preaching of Jonah, and lo, one superior to  
Jonah is here.—(33) No one lighteth a lamp, and 33  
putteth it in a secret place, or under a bushel, but  
upon a light-stand; that they who come in, may  
see its light. (34) The lamp of thy body is thy 34  
eye. Therefore, when thy eye is sound,<sup>g</sup> thy  
whole body will be enlightened; but if it be bad,  
thy body also will be dark. (35) See to it, there- 35  
fore, lest the light that is in thee, be darkness.  
(36) For if thy whole body be enlightened, and no 36

<sup>c</sup> Sy. *entry, hall.*

<sup>d</sup> Sy. *scattereth  
to scatter.*

<sup>e</sup> Sy. *ἡ Ἰουδαία*

<sup>f</sup> or. *land.*

<sup>g</sup> Sy. *ἡ ὀφθαλμὸς*

part in it be dark, the whole will be luminous, as if a lamp enlightened thee by its radiance.

37 And while he was speaking, a certain Pharisee requested him to dine with him: and he went in,  
 38 and reclined. (38) And the Pharisee noticing him, wondered that he did not previously baptize<sup>h</sup> before  
 39 dinner. (39) And Jesus said to him: Now ye Pharisees make clean the exterior of the cup and the dish; but your interior is full of extortion and  
 40 wickedness. (40) Ye deficient in understanding! did not he who made the exterior, make also the  
 41 interior? (41) But, give ye alms from what ye possess; and lo, every thing will be clean to you.  
 42 (42) But woe to you, Pharisees! for ye tithe mint and rue, and every pot-herb; but pass over justice<sup>i</sup>  
 and the love of God. Now ye ought to do these  
 43 things, and not to omit those. (43) Woe to you, Pharisees! who love the chief seats in the syna-  
 44 gogues, and a salutation in the streets. (44) Woe to you, Scribes and Pharisees, hypocrites! for ye  
 are like graves that are unknown, and men walk  
 45 over them and do not know [it]. (45) And one of the Scribes replied, and said to him: Teacher,<sup>k</sup>  
 while saying these things, thou reproachest us also.  
 46 (46) And he said: Woe to you also! ye Scribes, who lade men with heavy burdens; yet ye your-  
 selves will not touch those burdens with one of  
 47 your fingers. (47) Woe to you! who build the sepulchres of the prophets, whom your fathers  
 48 slew. (48) Thus ye testify, that ye acquiesce in the deeds of your fathers; for they slew them, and  
 49 ye build their sepulchres. (49) Therefore hath wisdom said: Lo, I will send to them prophets and  
 legates;<sup>l</sup> and some of them they will persecute and  
 50 slay; (50) that from this generation may be required, the blood of all the prophets, which hath  
 51 been shed since the world was created; (51) from the blood of Abel, to the blood of Zachariah who  
 was slain between the temple and the altar. Yea, say I to you: It will be required of this generation.  
 52 (52) Woe to you, Scribes; for ye have taken away the keys of knowledge: ye yourselves enter not,  
 53 and them that are entering ye hinder.—(53) And when he had said these things to them, the Scribes  
 and Pharisees began to be offended, and became  
 54 angry, and carped at his discourses, (54) and prae-

<sup>h</sup> Sy. ٤٥٣

<sup>i</sup> Sy. ٤٤٧

<sup>k</sup> Sy. ٤٥٤

<sup>l</sup> Sy. ٤٥٤

<sup>m</sup> Sy. *mouth*.

tised many wiles upon him, seeking to catch something from his lips,<sup>m</sup> that they might accuse him.

<sup>a</sup> Sy. *ears*.

And when great multitudes were assembled by XII. myriads, so that they trod one upon another, Jesus began to say to his disciples: First of all, beware for yourselves of that leaven of the Pharisees, which is hypocrisy. (2) For there is nothing hidden, which will not be revealed; nor concealed, that will not be known. (3) For whatever ye speak in the secret dark, will be heard in the light; and what in secret chambers, ye whisper in the ear,<sup>a</sup> will be proclaimed on the house-tops. (4) And to you, my friends, I say: Be not afraid of them that kill the body, and afterwards have nothing more they can do. (5) But I will show you, of whom to be afraid: of him who, after he hath killed, hath authority to cast into hell.<sup>b</sup> Yea, say I to you: be afraid of him. (6) Are not five sparrows sold for two assarii?<sup>c</sup> and not one of them is forgotten before God. (7) And as for you, the very hairs of your head are all numbered. Fear not, therefore; for ye are superior to many sparrows. (8) And I say to you, that every one that shall confess me before men, the Son of man will also confess him before the angels of God. (9) But he that shall deny me before men, shall himself be denied before the angels of God. (10) And every one that shall speak a word against the Son of man, it shall be forgiven him: but he that shall reproach<sup>d</sup> the Holy Spirit, it will not be forgiven him. (11) And when they shall bring you into the synagogues, before chiefs and men in authority, be not anxious how ye shall make defence, or what ye shall say; (12) for the Holy Spirit will, in that hour, instruct you what to say.

<sup>b</sup> Sy. ⲉⲛⲁⲓⲛⲁⲓ<sup>c</sup> =  $\frac{1}{10}$  of a *denarius*.<sup>d</sup> or, *blaspheme*.

And one of the assembly said to him: Teacher, tell my brother, to divide the inheritance with me. (11) But Jesus said to him: Man, who established me a judge and distributor over you? (15) And he said to his disciples: Beware of all avarice, for life<sup>e</sup> consisteth not in abundance of riches. (16) And he spoke to them a similitude:<sup>f</sup> The land of a certain rich man brought forth produce in abundance. (17) And he considered with himself, and said: What shall I do; for I have not where

<sup>e</sup> Sy. ⲉⲛⲁⲓ<sup>f</sup> or, *parable*.

18 I can store up my produce? (18) And he said:  
 This will I do; I will pull down my storehouses,  
 and build them larger; and there will I store up  
 19 all my corn and my good things: (19) and I will  
 say to my soul: My soul,<sup>g</sup> thou hast good things  
 in abundance, which are stored up for many years;  
 take thy ease; eat, drink, and live in pleasure.  
 20 (20) But God said to him: Thou void of reason!  
 This night, thy soul will be required of thee; and  
 to whom will belong these things provided by  
 21 thee? (21) Such is he that layeth up treasures for  
 himself, and is not rich in God.

22 And he said to his disciples: Therefore I tell  
 you, Be not anxious for your life,<sup>h</sup> what ye shall  
 eat; nor for your body, what ye shall put on.  
 23 (23) For the life<sup>i</sup> is more important than food, and  
 24 the body than raiment. (24) Consider the ravens,  
 which sow not, nor reap, nor have cellars and store-  
 houses; yet God provideth them food. How  
 much more important now are ye, than the birds!

25 (25) And which of you, by taking pains, can add  
 26 one cubit to his stature? (26) And if ye are im-  
 potent for that which is least, why are ye anxious  
 27 about the rest? (27) Consider the lilies, how they  
 grow: they toil not, nor do they spin. Yet I say  
 to you, that not even Solomon in all his glory,  
 28 was clothed like one of these. (28) And if God  
 so clothe the herb, which to-day exists in the  
 field, and to-morrow falls into the oven, how much  
 29 more you, ye little in faith? (29) And inquire not,  
 what ye shall eat, or what ye shall drink; nor let  
 30 your mind wander upon these things. (30) For  
 all these things the people of the world seek after;  
 and your father knoweth that, for you also, these  
 31 things are needful. (31) But seek ye the kingdom  
 of God, and all these things will be added to you.

32 (32) Fear not, little flock; for your Father is dis-  
 33 posed to give you the kingdom. (33) Sell your  
 property, and give alms: make for yourselves  
 bags that do not become old, and a treasure that  
 is not transient, in the heavens; where no thief  
 34 approacheth, and no moth eateth. (34) For  
 where your treasure is, there also will your heart  
 35 be. (35) Let your loins be girded, and your  
 36 lamps burning. (36) And be ye like persons who  
 are waiting for their lord, when he shall return

<sup>g</sup> Sy. لما

<sup>h</sup> Sy.

لما

<sup>i</sup> Sy. لما

from the house of feasting, that, when he shall  
 come and knock, they may open to him immedi-  
 ately. (37) Happy are those servants, whom 37  
 their lord, when he cometh, shall find so doing.  
 Verily I say to you: He will gird his loins, and  
 make them recline, and will pass around and serve  
 them. (38) And if in the second watch, or in the 38  
 third, he shall come and so find [them], happy are  
 those servants. (39) And this know ye, that if 39  
 the lord of the house had known at what watch  
 the thief would come, he would have been awake,  
 and would not have suffered his house to be  
 broken into. (40) Therefore be ye also ready; 40  
 for at an hour that ye think not, the Son of man  
 cometh. (41) Simon Cephas<sup>k</sup> saith to him: Our 41  
 Lord, speakest thou this similitude to us, or also to  
 all men? (42) Jesus said to him: Who then is 42  
 that faithful and wise steward, whom his lord will  
 place over all his domestics, to give them their  
 portion in due time? (43) Happy is that servant 43  
 whom his lord, when he cometh, shall find so  
 doing. (44) Verily I say to you: He will place 44  
 him over all his possessions. (45) But if that 45  
 servant shall say in his heart, My lord delayeth  
 his coming; and shall begin to smite the servants  
 and the maidens of his lord; and shall begin to  
 eat and to drink and be drunk; (46) the lord of 46  
 that servant will come in a day he thinketh not,  
 and in an hour he knoweth not, and will cut him  
 in two; and will assign him his portion with them  
 that are unfaithful. (47) And the servant that 47  
 knew his lord's pleasure, and did not prepare for  
 him according to his pleasure, shall be beaten with  
 many [stripes]. (48) But he that knew not, yet 48  
 did that which deserved stripes, shall be beaten  
 with few stripes. For to whomsoever much is  
 given, from him will much be required; and to  
 whom much is committed, the more will be  
 required at his hand.—(49) I have come to cast 49  
 fire on the earth; and I would, that it already  
 burned. (50) And I have a baptism<sup>l</sup> to be bap- 50  
 tized<sup>m</sup> with; and I am much pressed until it be  
 accomplished. (51) Suppose ye, that I have come 51  
 to produce<sup>n</sup> tranquillity on the earth? I tell you,  
 No; but division. (52) For from this time, there 52  
 will be five [persons] in one house, who will be

<sup>1</sup> Sy.

{Δ, ρ, α, μ, ν, ο, π, ρ, σ, τ, υ, φ, χ, ψ, ω}

<sup>m</sup> Sy. {ϰ, λ, μ, ν, ο, π, ρ, σ, τ, υ, φ, χ, ψ, ω}<sup>n</sup> Sy. to cast.



divided, three against two, and two against three.  
 53 (53) For a father will be divided against his son,  
 and a son against his father; a mother against her  
 daughter, and a daughter against her mother; a  
 mother-in-law against her daughter-in-law, and a  
 daughter-in-law against her mother-in-law.

54 And he said to the multitudes: When you see  
 a cloud rising out of the west, ye at once say:

55 Rain is coming; and it is so. (55) And when a  
 south wind bloweth, ye say: It will be hot: and

56 it is so. (56) Ye hypocrites, ye know how to  
 distinguish the aspect of the heavens and the  
 earth; and why can ye not distinguish the present

57 time? (57) And why do ye not, of yourselves,  
 58 judge correctly?<sup>o</sup>—(58) And when thou goest

with thy adversary<sup>p</sup> to the ruler,<sup>r</sup> while on the  
 way, make effort to be released by him; lest he  
 bring thee to the judge, and the judge deliver thee  
 to the exactor, and the exactor cast thee into

59 prison. (59) For verily I say to thee: Thou wilt  
 not come out thence, until thou pay the last mite.<sup>s</sup>

<sup>o</sup> Sy. *truth.*  
<sup>p</sup> or, *prosecutor.*  
<sup>r</sup> Sy. **انصبا**  
<sup>s</sup> Sy. **مكسبا**

XIII. And at that time, some came and told him of  
 those Galileans, whose blood Pilate had mingled

2 with their sacrifices. (2) And Jesus replied, and  
 said to them: Suppose ye, that these Galileans

3 were sinners beyond all the Galileans, because this  
 4 occurred to them? (3) No. And I say to you,

That all of you also, unless ye repent, will likewise

4 perish. (4) Or those eighteen, on whom the tower  
 in Siloam<sup>a</sup> fell, and slew them, suppose ye, that

5 they were sinners beyond all the men inhabiting  
 6 Jerusalem? (5) No. And I say to you, That ex-

cept ye repent, ye like them will all of you perish.

6 —(6) And he spoke this similitude: A man had a  
 fig-tree that was planted in his vineyard: and he

7 came, seeking fruits upon it, and found none.

8 (7) And he said to the cultivator: Lo, these three  
 9 years, I have come seeking fruits on this fig-tree,

and I find none. Cut it down: why should it

8 cumber the ground? (8) The cultivator said to  
 him: My Lord, spare it this year also, until I shall

9 work about it, and manure it. (9) And if it bear  
 fruits, [well;] and if not, thou wilt cut it down:  
 why should it live?  
 10 And when Jesus was teaching in one of the

<sup>a</sup> Sy. **مكسبا**

- synagogues, on the sabbath, (11) a woman was there, 11  
 who had had a spirit of infirmity eighteen years;  
 and she was bent over, and could not straighten  
 herself at all. (12) And Jesus saw her, and called 12  
 her, and said to her: Woman, thou art released  
 from thy infirmity. (13) And he put his hand 13  
 upon her; and immediately she straightened her-  
 self up, and glorified God. (14) And the chief<sup>b</sup> of 14  
 the synagogue, being angry that Jesus had healed  
 on the sabbath, answered, and said to the multi-  
 tude: There are six days, on which it is lawful to  
 work; on them come ye, and be healed, and not  
 on the sabbath day. (15) But Jesus replied, and 15  
 said to him: Thou hypocrite! Doth not every one  
 of you, on the sabbath, loose his ox or his ass from  
 the stall, and lead him to water?<sup>c</sup> (16) And this 16  
 woman, a daughter of Abraham, whom the Cal-  
 lumniator<sup>d</sup> hath bound, lo, these eighteen years,  
 ought she not to be loosed from this bond on the  
 sabbath day? (17) And when he had said these 17  
 things, all those that stood up against him were  
 ashamed: and all the people rejoiced in all the  
 miracles<sup>e</sup> that were wrought by his hand.—  
 (18) And Jesus said: To what is the kingdom of 18  
 God like? and with what shall I compare it?  
 (19) It is like a grain of mustard, which a man 19  
 took and cast into his garden; and it grew, and  
 became a large tree; and a bird of heaven made  
 her nest in its branches. (20) Jesus said again: 20  
 With what shall I compare the kingdom of God?  
 (21) It is like leaven, which a woman took and 21  
 hid in three seahs<sup>f</sup> of meal, until the whole was  
 fermented.
- And he travelled through the villages and cities, 22  
 teaching and going towards Jerusalem. (23) And 23  
 a person asked him, whether they were few,  
 who would have life?<sup>g</sup> (24) And Jesus said to 24  
 them: Strive to enter the narrow gate: for I say  
 to you, many will seek to enter, and will not be  
 able. (25) From the time that the lord of the 25  
 house shall rise and close the door, then ye will  
 stand without, and knock at the door; and ye will  
 begin to say: Our Lord, our Lord, open to us;  
 and he will answer, and say: I tell you, I know  
 you not, whence ye are. (26) And ye will begin 26  
 to say: We have eaten and drunken before thee;

<sup>b</sup> Sy. ذو

<sup>c</sup> Sy. *to drink.*

<sup>d</sup> Sy. احصيا

<sup>e</sup> Sy. معجزات

<sup>f</sup> Sy. هات

<sup>g</sup> Sy. بسا

- 27 and thou hast taught in our streets. (27) And he will say to you: I know you not, whence ye are:
- 28 depart from me, ye doers of falsehood. (28) There will be weeping and gnashing of teeth, when ye will see Abraham, and Isaac, and Jacob, and all the prophets, in the kingdom of God; and yourselves will be thrust out. (29) And they will come from the east and from the west, and from the south and from the north, and will recline in the kingdom of God. (30) And lo, there are last that will be first, and there are first that will be last.
- 31 On the same day came some of the Pharisees, and said to him: Go, depart hence: for Herod purposeth to kill thee. (32) Jesus said to them: Go ye and tell that fox, Behold, I cast out demons and perform cures, to-day and to-morrow, and on the third day I shall be consummated. (33) But I must labor to-day and to-morrow, and on the following day I will go; because it cannot be, that a prophet should perish away from Jerusalem.—
- 34 (34) O Jerusalem, Jerusalem, that killest the prophets, and stonest them that are sent to thee; how many times would I have gathered thy children, as a hen that gathereth her young under her wings, and ye would not? (35) Behold, your house is left to you desolate. For I say to you: Ye will not see me, until ye will say, Blessed is he that cometh in the name of the Lord.

XIV. And it occurred, that, as he entered the house of one of the chief Pharisees to eat bread, 2 on the sabbath day, they watched him. (2) And 3 lo, a dropsical<sup>a</sup> man was before him. (3) And Jesus answered, and said to the Scribes and Pharisees: Is it lawful to heal on the sabbath? (4) And they were silent. And he took him, and healed 5 him, and dismissed him. (5) And he said to them: Which of you, if his son or his ox fall into a pit on the sabbath day, doth not immediately lift and 6 draw him out? (6) And they could give him no 7 answer to that.—(7) And he spoke a similitude to the guests that were present, as he noticed how 8 they chose places on the highest couches. (8) When thou art invited by any one to a house of feasting, go not and recline on the highest couch; lest there

<sup>a</sup> Sy. *who had collected water.*

should be invited there, one more honorable than 9  
thou; (9) and he that invited both him and thee, 9  
come and say to thee, Give place to this man;  
and thou be ashamed, when thou risest, and takest  
a lower couch. (10) But when thou art invi- 10  
ted, go and recline on the lowest [couch]; that  
when he who invited thee come, he may say to  
thee: My friend, come up higher and recline.  
And thou wilt have honor, before all that recline  
with thee. (11) For, every one that exalteth him- 11  
self, will be humbled: and every one that hum-  
bleth himself, will be exalted.—(12) And he said 12  
to him that invited him: When thou makest a  
dinner or a supper, invite not thy friends, nor thy  
brothers, nor thy relatives, nor thy rich neigh-  
bors; lest they also invite thee, and thou have  
this recompense. (13) But when thou makest a 13  
feast, invite the poor, the maimed, the lame, the  
blind. (14) And thou wilt be blessed. For they 14  
cannot recompense thee; but thy recompense will  
be at the resurrection of the just.—(15) And when 15  
one of those reclining heard these things, he said to  
him: Blessed is he that shall eat bread in the king-  
dom of God. (16) Jesus said to him: A certain 16  
man made a great supper, and invited many.  
(17) And at the time for supper, he sent his ser- 17  
vant to say to those invited: Lo, every thing is  
ready for you; come. (18) And they all to a man, 18  
began to excuse themselves. The first said to him:  
I have bought a field, and am constrained to go out  
and see it. I pray thee, allow me to be excused.  
(19) Another said: I have bought five yoke of 19  
oxen, and I go to inspect them. I pray thee, allow  
me to be excused. (20) Another said: I have 20  
married a wife, and on this account I cannot come.  
(21) And the servant came, and told his lord these 21  
things. Then the lord of the house was angry:  
and he said to his servant, Go out quickly into the  
market-places and streets of the city, and bring in  
hither the poor, and the diseased, and the lame,  
and the blind. (22) And the servant said: My 22  
lord, it is done as thou commandedst; and still  
there is room. (23) And the lord said to his ser- 23  
vant: Go out to the by-paths, and among the  
hedges, and constrain them to come in; that my  
house may be filled. (24) For I declare to you, 24

that not one of those men that were invited, shall taste of my supper.

25 And when great multitudes were travelling with  
 26 him, he turned himself, and said to them: (26) He that cometh to me, and hateth not his father and his mother, and his brothers and his sisters, and his wife and his children, and his own life<sup>b</sup> also,  
 27 cannot become a disciple to me. (27) And he that doth not take up his cross and come after me, cannot  
 28 become a disciple to me. (28) For, which of you, wishing to build a tower, doth not first sit down and compute the expense, whether he have  
 29 the means to complete it? (29) lest, when he hath laid the foundation, an l is unable to finish, all that  
 30 see it begin to deride him; (30) and say: This man began to build, and was unable to finish.  
 31 (31) Or what king, that is going to contend in battle with his neighbor king, doth not first consider, whether he is able, with ten thousand, to meet him that is coming against him with twenty thousand?  
 32 (32) and if not; while he is yet far from him, he  
 33 sendeth envoys, and sueth for peace. (33) So every one of you who doth not give up all his  
 34 possessions, cannot be my disciple.—(34) Salt is a good thing: but if the salt itself hath become insipid,  
 35 wherewith shall it be salted? (35) It is fit<sup>c</sup> for neither the earth, nor the dunghill. They cast it away.—He that hath ears to hear, let him hear.

<sup>b</sup> Sy. ἑαυτοῦ

<sup>c</sup> Sy. *goes to.*

XV. And publicans and sinners came to him, to hear  
 2 him. (2) And the Scribes and Pharisees murmured, and said: This man receiveth sinners, and  
 3 eateth with them. (3) And Jesus spoke to them  
 4 this similitude:<sup>a</sup> (4) What man among you, that hath a hundred sheep, if he lose one of them, doth  
 not leave the ninety and nine in the desert, and go  
 and seek for that which is lost, until he find it?  
 5 (5) And when he findeth it, he rejoiceth, and  
 6 taketh it upon his shoulders; (6) and he cometh home, and he calleth together his friends and neighbors, and saith to them: Rejoice with me;  
 7 for I have found my sheep that was lost. (7) I say to you, that there will thus be joy in heaven, over one sinner that repenteth, more than over ninety and nine just ones, to whom repentance was  
 8 not necessary.—(8) Or what woman is there, who,

<sup>a</sup> or, *parable.*

if she have ten drachmas, and lose one of them, doth not light a lamp, and sweep the house, and search for it carefully, until she find it? (9) And 9  
 when she hath found it, she calleth together her friends and neighbors, and saith to them: Rejoice with me, for I have found my drachma that was lost. (10) I say to you, That there will thus be 10  
 joy, before the angels of God, over one sinner that repenteth.—(11) And Jesus said to them 11  
 again: A certain man had two sons. (12) And 12  
 his younger son said to him: My father, give me the portion that falleth to me from thy house. And he divided to them his property. (13) And 13  
 after a few days, the younger son collected together all that fell to him, and went to a distant place; and there squandered his property, by living in dissipation. (14) And when he had consumed all 14  
 that he had, there occurred a great famine in that place; and he began to be in want. (15) And he 15  
 went and connected himself with one of the citizens<sup>b</sup> of that place: and he sent him into the field, to tend swine. (16) And he longed to fill his belly 16  
 with those pods which the swine ate: and no one gave to him. (17) And when he came to himself,<sup>c</sup> 17  
 he said: How many hired servants are now at my father's house, who have bread enough, and I am here perishing with hunger. (18) I will arise and 18  
 go to my father, and say to him: My father, I have sinned against heaven, and before thee; (19) and am no longer worthy to be called thy son. 19  
 Make me like one of thy hired servants. (20) And 20  
 he arose and went towards his father. And he was yet at a distance, when his father saw him; and he pitied him, and ran, and fell upon his neck, and kissed him. (21) And his son said to him: 21  
 My father, I have sinned against heaven, and before thee, and am not worthy to be called thy son. (22) But his father said to his servants: Bring 22  
 forth the best robe, and clothe him, and put a ring on his hand, and supply<sup>d</sup> him with shoes. (23) And bring forth and slay the fatted bullock; 23  
 and let us eat, and be merry. (24) For, this my 24  
 son was dead, and is alive; he was lost, and is found. And they began to be merry. (25) But 25  
 his elder son was in the field; and as he came and drew near to the house, he heard the sound of the

<sup>b</sup> Sy. sons of the city.

<sup>c</sup> Sy.  
 ١٧ ٢٠

<sup>d</sup> Sy. shoe him.

26 singing of many. (26) And he called to one of  
 27 the boys, and asked him what it meant. (27) And  
 he said to him: Thy brother hath come; and thy  
 father hath killed the fatted bullock, because he  
 28 hath received him in health. (28) And he was  
 angry, and would not go in: and his father went  
 29 out and entreated him. (29) And he said to his  
 father: Lo, these many years have I labored in thy  
 service, and never transgressed thy command; and  
 thou never gavest me a kid, that I might make  
 30 merry with my friends. (30) But for this thy son,  
 when he had dissipated thy property with harlots,  
 and came [home], thou hast slain the fatted bul-  
 31 lock for him. (31) His father said to him: My  
 son, thou hast been ever with me, and all that I  
 32 have, is thine. (32) But it was proper for us to  
 be merry, and to rejoice; because this thy brother  
 was dead, and is alive; he was lost, and is found.

XVI. And he spoke a parable to his disciples. There  
 was a certain rich man, who had a steward; and  
 accusations were brought to him of him, that he  
 2 squandered his property. (2) And his lord called  
 him, and said to him: What is this that I hear of  
 thee? Render to me an account of thy steward-  
 ship; for thou canst no longer be my steward.  
 3 (3) And the steward said with himself: What  
 shall I do, since my lord is about to take from me  
 the stewardship? To dig, I am unable; and to  
 4 become a beggar, I am ashamed. (4) I know what  
 to do, that, when I am put out of the stewardship,  
 5 they may receive me to their houses. (5) And he  
 called each one of his lord's debtors; and he said  
 to the first, How much owest thou to my lord?  
 6 (6) And he said to him, One hundred measures<sup>a</sup> of  
 oil. And he said to him: Take thy bill, and sit  
 7 down quickly, and write Fifty measures. (7) And  
 he said to another: And how much owest thou to  
 my lord? And he said to him, One hundred cors<sup>b</sup>  
 of wheat. And he said to him: Take thy bill, and  
 8 sit down, and write Eighty cors. (8) And our Lord  
 praised the unrighteous steward, for having acted  
 sagaciously: for the children of this world are more  
 sagacious than the children of light, in this their  
 9 generation. (9) And I also say to you: Make to  
 yourselves friends, with this unrighteous mammon;<sup>c</sup>

<sup>a</sup> Sy. صاٲٲ,  
 Gr. μστρηται.

<sup>b</sup> Sy. صٲٲ

<sup>c</sup> Sy. مٲٲٲٲ

<sup>d</sup> or, *the truth.*

<sup>e</sup> Sy.  $\text{σο}$ ; *high.*

<sup>f</sup> Sy.  $\text{זלזל}$

<sup>g</sup> Sy.  $\text{זבוב}$

<sup>h</sup> Sy.  $\text{שמים}$ ,  
Gr.  $\text{ωδης}$ .

so that when it is finished, they may receive you to their everlasting tabernacles. (10) He that is faithful in the little, is also faithful in the much; and he that is unjust in the little, is also unjust in the much. (11) If therefore ye have not been faithful in the unrighteous mammon, who will intrust to you the reality?<sup>d</sup> (12) And if ye have not been found faithful in that which is not yours, who will give to you that which is yours? (13) There is no servant, who can serve two lords. For, either he will hate the one and love the other, or he will honor the one and despise the other. Ye cannot serve God and mammon.

And the Pharisees, when they heard all these things, because they loved money, derided him. (15) And Jesus said to them: Ye are such as justify yourselves before men; but God knoweth your heart: for that which is exalted<sup>e</sup> among men, is abominable before God. (16) The law and the prophets were until John: since then, the kingdom of God is proclaimed, and every one presseth it to enter in. (17) And it is easier for heaven and earth to pass away, than for one letter to pass from the law.—(18) Whoever putteth away his wife, and taketh another, committeth adultery; and whocver taketh her that is put away, committeth adultery.—(19) And there was a certain rich man, who was clothed in fine linen and scarlet, and passed every day in splendid luxury. (20) And there was a certain poor man, whose name was Lazarus;<sup>f</sup> and he was laid at the gate of the rich man, smitten with ulcers. (21) And he desired to fill his belly with the fragments that fell from the rich man's table: and the dogs also came and licked his ulcers. (22) And so it was, that the poor man died; and angels transported him to Abraham's bosom.<sup>g</sup> The rich man also died, and was buried. (23) And being tormented in hell,<sup>h</sup> he raised his eyes from afar off, and saw Abraham, and Lazarus in his bosom. (24) And he called with a loud voice, and said: Abraham, my father, have pity on me; and send Lazarus, that he may dip the tip of his finger in water, and moisten my tongue; for, lo, I am tormented in this flame. (25) And Abraham said to him: My son, remember, that thou receivest thy good things in thy lifetime,



and Lazarus his evil things: and now, behold, he  
 26 is here at rest, and thou art tormented. (26) And  
 with all these, there is a great barrier<sup>i</sup> between us  
 and you; so that they who would pass from here  
 to you, cannot; neither [can they] pass from there  
 27 to us. (27) He said to him: I pray thee, there-  
 fore, my father, that thou wouldst send him to my  
 28 father's house; (28) for I have five brothers; that  
 he may go and protest to them; lest they also come  
 29 to this place of torment. (29) Abraham said to  
 him: They have Moses and the prophets, let them  
 30 hear them. (30) But he said to him: No, my  
 father Abraham: but if one shall go to them from  
 31 the dead, they will repent. (31) Abraham said to  
 him: If they hear not Moses and the prophets,  
 they will not believe, though one should rise from  
 the dead.

<sup>i</sup> Sy. ἰσχυρὸν

XVII. And Jesus said to his disciples: It cannot be,  
 but that offences<sup>a</sup> will come: but woe to him, by  
 2 whom they come. (2) Better for him were it, if a  
 millstone were suspended to his neck, and he cast  
 into the sea, than that he should cause one of these  
 3 little ones to stumble. (3) Take heed to your-  
 selves.—If thy brother transgress, rebuke him;  
 4 and if he repent, forgive him. (4) And if he shall  
 offend against thee seven times in a day, and, seven  
 times in a day, shall turn himself to thee, and say,  
 5 I repent; forgive him.—(5) And the Legates<sup>b</sup> said  
 6 to our Lord: Increase our faith. (6) He said to  
 them: If ye had faith like a grain of mustard seed,  
 ye might say to this mulberry-tree, Be thou torn  
 up by the roots, and be thou planted in the sea;  
 7 and it would obey you.—(7) Which of you, having  
 a servant driving a yoke of oxen, or tending sheep,  
 will say to him when he cometh from the field,  
 8 Pass on at once, and recline for supper? (8) But  
 he will say to him: Prepare for me what I may  
 sup upon, and gird thy loins and serve me, until I  
 have eaten and drunken; and afterwards thou shalt  
 9 eat and drink. (9) Hath he thanks for him, be-  
 cause the servant did what was commanded him?  
 10 I think not. (10) So also ye, when ye have done  
 all the things commanded you, say: We are un-  
 profitable servants, for we have done only what  
 we were obligated to do.

<sup>a</sup> Sy. ἁμαρτίας,  
*stumbling-*  
*blocks.*

<sup>b</sup> or, *Apostles.*

<sup>c</sup> Sy.

لس لعل

And it occurred as Jesus advanced towards Jerusalem, that he passed among the Samaritans into Galilee.<sup>c</sup> (12) And when he drew near to enter a certain village, there met him ten leprous men; and they stood at a distance, (13) and raised their voice, and said: Our Rabbi, Jesus, have compassion upon us. (14) And when he had looked upon them, he said to them: Go, show yourselves to the priests. And as they were going, they were cleansed. (15) And one of them, when he saw that he was cleansed, returned, and with a loud voice, glorified God. (16) And he fell on his face, at the feet of Jesus, and thanked him. And he was a Samaritan. (17) And Jesus answered, and said: Were they not ten who were cleansed? Where are the nine? (18) Have they so gone as not to come and give glory to God; except this one, who is of another nation? (19) And he said to him: Arise, and go: thy faith hath given thee life.<sup>d</sup>

<sup>d</sup> Sy. ابعلا ب

And as [some] of the Pharisees asked him, 20 When the kingdom of God would come; he answered, and said to them: The kingdom of God will not come with observables.<sup>e</sup> (21) And they will not say: Behold, here it is! or, Behold, it is there! For lo, the kingdom of God is within you. —(22) And he said to his disciples: The days will come, when ye will long to see one of the days of the Son of man, and ye will not see [them]. (23) And if they shall say to you: Lo, here he is! or, Lo, there he is! go not forth. (24) For, as the lightning darteth from the heavens, and illuminateth all beneath the heavens; so will the Son of man be, in his day. (25) But, previously, he is to suffer many things, and to be rejected by this generation. (26) And as it was in the days of Noah, so will it be in the days of the Son of man. (27) They ate and drank, they took wives and were given to husbands, until the day that Noah entered the ark; and the flood came, and destroyed every one. (28) And again, as it was in the days of Lot; they ate and drank, bought and sold, planted and built. (29) But in the day that Lot went out of Sodom, the Lord rained fire and sulphur from heaven, and destroyed them all. (30) Thus will it be, in the day when the Son of 30

<sup>e</sup> Sy.

صلاهون

31 man shall be revealed. (31) In that day, let him that is on the house-top, and his goods in the house, not come down to take them: and let him that is in the field, not return [after what is] behind him.

32 (32) Remember Lot's wife. (33) He that desireth to preserve<sup>f</sup> his life, will lose it; and he that

34 will lose his life, shall preserve<sup>g</sup> it. (34) I tell you, that, in that night, two will be in one bed;

35 one will be taken, and the other left. (35) And two females will be grinding together; one will be

36 taken, and the other left. (36) Two men will be in the field; one will be taken, and the other left.

37 —(37) They answered, and said to him: Whither, our Lord? He said to them: Where the body is, there will the eagles assemble themselves.—  
XVIII. And he spoke to them a similitude also, that men should pray at all times,<sup>a</sup> and not become

2 weary. (2) There was a judge in a certain city, who feared not God, and regarded not men.

3 (3) And there was a certain widow in that city; and she came to him, and said: Vindicate me

4 against my adversary. (4) And he would not, for a long time: but afterwards, he said to himself:

5 (5) yet, because this widow troubleth me, I will vindicate her; that she may not be always coming

6 and troubling me. (6) And our Lord said: Hear what the unjust judge saith. (7) And will not

7 God, much more, vindicate his chosen, who call upon him by day and by night; and have patience

8 with them? (8) I tell you, He will vindicate them speedily. Yet the Son of man will come; and

9 will he find faith on the earth?  
9 And he spake this similitude, against certain persons, who had confidence in themselves that they were righteous, and despised every one.

10 (10) Two men went up to the temple to pray; the one a Pharisee, and the other a publican. (11) And the Pharisee stood by himself, and prayed thus: God, I thank thee that I have not been like the rest of men, rapacious, oppressive, and adulterous;

12 nor like this publican. (12) But I fast twice in a week, and tithe all I possess. (13) And the publican stood afar off, and would not even lift his eyes to heaven, but smote upon his breast, and said:

14 God, be merciful to me, a sinner. (14) I say to

<sup>f</sup> Sy. **يحيى**;

<sup>g</sup> Sy. **يحيى**

<sup>a</sup> Sy.

**حاصل**;

or, every opportunity.

- you, that this [man] went down to his house justified,<sup>b</sup> rather than the Pharisee. For every one that exalteth himself, will be humbled; and every one that humbleth himself, will be exalted.
- And they brought to him infants, that he might touch them: and his disciples saw them, and rebuked them. (16) But Jesus called them, and said to them: Suffer little children to come to me, and forbid them not; for of those that are like them, of such is the kingdom of heaven. (17) Verily I say to you, That he who shall not receive the kingdom of God, as a little child, will not enter it.
- And one of the chiefs<sup>c</sup> asked him, and said to him: Good Teacher,<sup>d</sup> what shall I do, that I may inherit eternal life? (19) Jesus said to him: Why callest thou me, good? For, there is none good, except one; God. (20) Thou knowest the commandments: Thou shalt not kill: and thou shalt not commit adultery; and thou shalt not steal; and thou shalt not testify a false testimony; honor thy father and thy mother. (21) He said to him: All these have I kept, from my childhood. (22) And when Jesus heard these [words], he said to him: One thing is lacking to thee: go, sell all that thou hast, and give to the poor; and thou wilt have a treasure in heaven: and come after me. (23) And he, when he heard these [words], was dejected; for he was very rich. (24) And when Jesus saw that he was dejected, he said: How difficult [it is], for those that have wealth, to enter into the kingdom of God! (25) It is easier for a camel to enter the eye of a needle, than a rich man the kingdom of God. (26) They who heard [it], said to him: Who then can have<sup>e</sup> life? (27) And Jesus said: Those things which, with men, cannot be, with God, can be.—(28) Simon Cephas<sup>f</sup> said to him: Lo, we have left every thing, and come after thee. (29) Jesus said to him: Verily I say to you: There is no man, who hath left houses, or parents, or brothers, or wife, or children, for the sake of the kingdom of God, (30) that shall not receive manifold in the present time, and, in the coming world, eternal life.
- And Jesus took his twelve, and said to them: Behold, we are going up to Jerusalem; and all the

<sup>b</sup> Sy. مكذب

<sup>c</sup> Sy. قضاة

<sup>d</sup> Sy. معلم  
يا

<sup>e</sup> Sy. يحيى

<sup>f</sup> Gr. Peter

things written in the prophets, concerning the Son  
 32 of man, will be fulfilled. (32) For he will be de-  
 33 livered over to the Gentiles; and they will mock  
 and will spit in his face; (33) and will scourge him,  
 and will treat him with ignominy, and will kill  
 34 him; and, the third day, he will arise. (34) But  
 not one of these things, did they understand; but  
 this subject was hidden from them, and they knew <sup>c</sup> Sy. word.  
 not the things told to them.

35 And as they came near to Jericho, a blind man  
 was sitting by the side of the way, begging.  
 36 (36) And he heard the noise of the multitude that  
 37 passed, and inquired what it was. (37) They  
 say to him: Jesus the Nazarean is passing by.  
 38 (38) And he called out, and said: Jesus, Son of  
 39 David, have mercy on me. (39) And they that  
 went before Jesus rebuked him, that he might be  
 silent. But he cried out the more, Son of David,  
 40 have mercy on me. (40) And Jesus stood, and  
 commanded him to be called to him. And when  
 41 he came to him, he asked him, (41) and said to  
 him: What wilt thou, that I do for thee? And  
 42 he said: My Lord, that I may see. (42) And  
 Jesus said to him: See thou: thy faith hath vivi-  
 43 fied<sup>b</sup> thee. (43) And immediately he saw. And <sup>b</sup> Sy. <sup>بصره</sup>  
 he followed after him, and glorified God. And all  
 the people who beheld, gave glory to God.

XIX. And as Jesus entered and passed through  
 2 Jericho, (2) [there was] a certain man, whose name  
 was Zaccheus,<sup>a</sup> who was rich, and chief<sup>b</sup> of the <sup>a</sup> Sy. <sup>زكعي</sup>  
 3 publicans; (3) and he wished to see Jesus, who he  
 was; and could not, on account of the crowd; be- <sup>b</sup> Sy. <sup>بصره</sup>  
 4 cause Zaccheus was small in stature. (4) And he  
 ran forward of Jesus, and climbed a wild fig-tree;  
 in order to see him; for he was to pass that way.  
 5 (5) And when Jesus came to the place, he saw  
 him, and said to him: Make haste and come down,  
 Zaccheus; for I must be at thy house to-day.  
 6 (6) And he hastened, and came down, and received  
 7 him with gladness. (7) And when they all saw  
 [it], they murmured, and said: He hath gone in  
 8 to be guest with a man that is a sinner. (8) And  
 Zaccheus stood up, and said to Jesus: Behold, my  
 Lord, the half of my riches I give to the poor;  
 and to every man, whom I have wronged in any

° Sy. **تقبا**

° Sy. **توسبا**

° or, *parable*.

° Sy. **توسبا =**  
Gr. *μῦθος*.

° Sy. *sons*.

thing, I restore fourfold. (9) Jesus said to him: 9  
This day, life<sup>c</sup> is to this house; for he also is a son  
of Abraham. (10) For the Son of man came, to 10  
seek and to vivify<sup>d</sup> that which was lost.

And when they heard these things, he proceeded 11  
to utter a similitude;<sup>e</sup> because he was near to Jeru-  
salem, and they supposed that the kingdom of God  
was to be soon developed. (12) And he said: A 12  
certain man of high birth was going to a distant  
place, to obtain royalty, and return again. (13) And 13  
he called his ten servants, and gave them ten  
pounds:<sup>f</sup> and he said to them, Traffic until I come.  
(14) But the inhabitants<sup>g</sup> of his city hated him; 14  
and they sent envoys after him, saying: We wish  
this man not to reign over us. (15) And when he 15  
had obtained the royalty, and had returned, he  
commanded those servants to be called, to whom  
he had committed his money; that he might know  
what each of them had gained by trading.  
(16) And the first came, and said: My Lord, thy 16  
pound hath gained ten pounds. (17) He said to 17  
him: Well done, good servant! As thou hast  
been faithful over a little, thou shalt have author-  
ity over ten towns. (18) And the second came, 18  
and said: My lord, thy pound hath produced five  
pounds. (19) He said likewise to him: Thou also 19  
shalt have authority over five towns. (20) And 20  
another came, and said: My lord, lo, this is thy  
pound, which hath been with me, laid up in fine  
linen. (21) For I was afraid of thee, because thou 21  
art a hard man, and takest up that which thou lay-  
edst not down, and reapest that which thou sowedst  
not. (22) He said to him: Out of thy own mouth 22  
will I judge thee, thou evil servant. Thou knew-  
est me, that I am a hard man, and that I take up  
what I laid not down, and reap what I sowed not!  
(23) Why didst thou not put my money into the 23  
broker's hands, that when I came, I might have  
demanded it with interest? (24) And he said to 24  
them that stood before him: Take from him the  
pound, and give it to him with whom are the ten  
pounds. (25) They say to him: Our lord, there 25  
are with him ten pounds. (26) He said to them: 26  
I tell you, that to every one that hath, will be  
given; and from him that hath not, even what he  
hath will be taken away. (27) But as for those 27

my enemies, who would not have me to reign over them, bring them and slay them before me.

- 28 And when Jesus had spoken these things, he  
 29 went forward, to go to Jerusalem. (29) And when  
 he arrived at Bethphage and Bethany, near to the  
 mount called the place of Olives, he sent two of  
 30 his disciples, (30) and said to them: Go ye to the  
 village that is over against us, and as ye enter [it],  
 ye will find a colt tied, on which no man ever rode;  
 31 loose [him] and bring [him]. (31) And if any  
 man ask you, Why do ye loose him? say to him:  
 32 Our Lord needeth him. (32) And they went who  
 were sent, and they found, as he said to them.  
 33 (33) And as they loosed the colt, the owner of  
 him said to them: Why do ye loose that colt?  
 34 (34) And they said: Because our Lord needeth  
 35 him. (35) And they brought him to Jesus. And  
 they cast their garments upon the colt, and set  
 36 Jesus upon him. (36) And as he went, they  
 37 spread their garments in the way. (37) And when  
 he came near to the descent of the place of Olives,  
 the whole multitude of the disciples began to re-  
 38 joice, and to praise God, with a loud voice, for all  
 the mighty deeds<sup>b</sup> which they had seen. (38) And  
 they said: Blessed be the king, that cometh in the  
 name of the Lord: peace in heaven, and glory on  
 39 high. (39) And some of the Pharisees from among  
 the crowd, said to him: Rabbi, rebuke thy disci-  
 40 ples. (40) He said to them: I tell you, that, if  
 these should be silent, the stones would cry out.—  
 41 (41) And as he drew near, and beheld the city, he  
 42 wept over it: (42) and said: O, hadst thou known  
 the things that are of thy peace, at least in this thy  
 day: but now they are hidden from thy eyes.  
 43 (43) For the days will come upon thee, when thy  
 enemies will encompass thee, and besiege thee on  
 44 every side. (44) And they will destroy thee, and  
 thy children within thee; and will not leave in  
 thee one stone<sup>i</sup> upon another; because thou knew-  
 45 est not the time of thy visitation.—(45) And when  
 he entered the temple, he began to expel those  
 46 who bought and sold in it. (46) And he said to  
 them: It is written, My house is a house of prayer;  
 47 but ye have made it a den of robbers.—(47) And  
 he taught daily in the temple: and the chief priests  
 and Scribes and Elders of the people, sought to

<sup>b</sup> Sy. **معتاد**

<sup>i</sup> Sy. *stone upon stone.*

destroy him. (48) But they found not, what they 48  
could do to him; for all the people hung upon him  
to hear him.

And on one of those days, as he was teaching XX.  
the people in the temple, and preaching, the chief  
priests and Scribes, with the Elders, came upon  
him, (2) and said to him: Tell us, by what author- 2  
ity thou doest these things? And who is it, that  
gave thee this authority? (3) Jesus answered, 3  
and said to them: I also will ask you a word,  
and tell ye me. (4) The baptism of John, was it 4  
from heaven, or from men? (5) And they rea- 5  
soned with themselves, and said: If we say, From  
heaven; he will say to us, And why did ye not  
believe him? (6) But if we say, From men; all 6  
the people will stone us: for they are persuaded  
that John was a prophet. (7) And they said to 7  
him: We do not know, whence it was. (8) Jesus 8  
said to them: Neither do I tell you, by what au-  
thority I do these things.

And he began to utter this similitude to the 9  
people: A certain man planted a vineyard, and  
leased it to cultivators, and went abroad for a long  
time. (10) And in time, he sent his servant to the 10  
cultivators, that they might give him of the fruits  
of the vineyard. But the cultivators beat him,  
and sent him away empty. (11) And again<sup>a</sup> he 11  
sent another servant; and him also they beat,  
and treated with rudeness, and sent empty away.  
(12) And again<sup>b</sup> he sent the third. And they 12  
wounded him, and cast him out. (13) The lord 13  
of the vineyard said: What shall I do? I will  
send my dear son. Perhaps they will look upon  
him, and be ashamed. (14) But when the cultiva- 14  
tors saw him, they reasoned with themselves, and  
said: This is the heir; come, let us kill him, and  
the inheritance will be ours. (15) And they cast 15  
him out of the vineyard, and slew him. What  
therefore will the lord of the vineyard do to them?  
(16) He will come, and destroy those cultivators, 16  
and will lease the vineyard to others.—And when  
they heard [it], they said: This shall not be.  
(17) And he looked upon them, and said: What 17  
is that which is written, The stone, which the  
builders rejected, is become the chief corner stone?

<sup>a</sup> Sy. he added  
and.

<sup>b</sup> Sy. he added  
and.



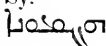
18 (18) And whoever shall fall upon this stone, will be broken; and on whomsoever it shall fall, it will  
 19 crush him in pieces. (19) And the chief priests and Scribes sought to lay hands on him, at that  
 time;<sup>e</sup> but they were afraid of the people; for they knew, that he spoke this similitude against  
 them.


<sup>e</sup> Sy. *hour.*

20 And they sent to him spies, who feigned themselves righteous men, that they might insnare him  
 in discourse, and deliver him up to a court, and to

<sup>d</sup> Sy.

21 the authority of the president.<sup>d</sup> (21) And they questioned him, and said to him: Teacher,<sup>e</sup> we know that thou speakest and teachest correctly,  
 and hast no respect of persons, but teachest the  
 22 way of God in truth. (22) Is it lawful for us to  
 23 pay head-money to Cæsar, or not? (23) But he perceived their craftiness, and said: Why tempt ye  
 24 me? (24) Show me a denarius. Whose is this image and superscription upon it? They said to  
 25 him, Cæsar's. (25) Jesus said to them: Then, give to Cæsar what is Cæsar's, and to God what is God's.

<sup>d</sup> 

<sup>e</sup> Sy. 

26 (26) And they could not catch from him a word [of accusation] before the people: and they were surprised at his answers, and were silent.

27 And some of the Sadducees, who say there is no resurrection, came and questioned him, (28) and said to him: Teacher, Moses wrote to us, that if a man's brother die, who had a wife without children, his [surviving] brother shall take his wife, and  
 29 raise up seed to his [deceased] brother. (29) Now, there were seven brothers; and the first took a  
 30 wife, and died without children. (30) And the second took her to wife; and he died without chil-  
 31 dren. (31) And again, the third took her, and in like manner also all the seven; and they died, and  
 32 left no children. (32) At last, the woman likewise  
 33 died. (33) In the resurrection, therefore, of which of them will she be the wife, for the seven took her?

34 (34) Jesus said to them: The children of this world take wives, and wives are given to husbands.

35 (35) But they who are worthy of that world, and of the resurrection from the dead, do not take  
 36 wives, nor are wives given to husbands. (36) Neither can they die any more; for they are as the  
 37 angels, and are the children of God, because they  
 37 are children of the resurrection. (37) But that

the dead will arise, even Moses showed; for, at the bush, he maketh mention, while he saith: The Lord, the God of Abraham, the God of Isaac, and the God of Jacob. (38) Now God is not [the God] 38 of the dead, but of the living; for they all live to him. (39) And some of the Scribes answered, 39 and said to him: Teacher, thou hast spoken well. (40) And they did not again venture to question 40 him, on any matter.

And he said also to them: How do the Scribes 41 say of Messiah, that he is the son of David? (42) And David himself said, in the book of 42 Psalms: The Lord said to my Lord, seat thyself at my right hand, (43) until I shall place thy foes<sup>f</sup> 43 under thy feet. (44) If David, therefore, called 44 him, My Lord; how is he his son? (45) And 45 while all the people heard, he said to his disciples: (46) Beware of the Scribes, who choose to walk in 46 long robes, and love a salutation in the streets, and the chief seats in the synagogues, and the chief couches at suppers: (47) who eat up the houses of 47 widows, under pretence that they prolong their prayers. They will receive a greater condemnation.

<sup>f</sup> Sy.

١٠٠٠

And Jesus looked upon the rich, who cast their XXI. oblations into the treasury. (2) And he saw also 2 a certain poor widow, who east in two mites.<sup>a</sup> (3) And he said: Truly I say to you, that this poor 3 widow hath cast in more than any one. (4) For 4 all they, from what was superfluous to them, have cast into the receptacle of oblations to God; but she, from her penury, hath cast in all that she possessed.

<sup>a</sup> Sy. ١٠٠٠

And when some spoke of the temple, as adorned 5 with goodly stones and oblations, Jesus said to them: (6) [As for] these things, on which ye gaze, 6 the days will come, in which there will not be left a stone upon a stone, that is not cast down. (7) And 7 they questioned him, and said: Teacher, when will these things be? And what is the sign that they are near to take place? (8) And he said to 8 them: See, that ye be not deceived; for many will come in my name, and will say: I am Messiah; and the time is near. But go ye not after them. (9) And when ye shall hear of wars and commo- 9 tions, be not afraid; for these things are previously

10 to take place, but the end is not yet come. (10) For  
 nation will rise against nation, and kingdom against  
 11 kingdom; (11) and great earthquakes will occur in  
 several places, and famines, and pestilences;<sup>b</sup> and  
 there will be terrors, and trepidations, and great signs  
 12 from heaven will be seen, and there will be great  
 tempests.—(12) But before all these things, they  
 will lay hands upon you, and will persecute you,  
 and will deliver you up to councils<sup>c</sup> and to prison,  
 and will arraign you before kings and governors,<sup>d</sup>  
 13 on account of my name. (13) But it will be to  
 14 you for a testimony. (14) And settle it in your  
 hearts, that ye will not previously seek instruction  
 15 for making a defence. (15) For I will give you a  
 mouth and wisdom, which all your enemies will  
 16 be unable to withstand. (16) And your parents,  
 and your brothers, and your relatives, and your  
 friends, will deliver you up, and cause some of you  
 17 to die. (17) And ye will be hated by every one,  
 18 on account of my name. (18) But a hair of your  
 19 head shall not perish. (19) And by your patience,  
 20 will ye preserve your souls.—(20) And when ye  
 shall see Jerusalem with an army encompassing it,  
 then know ye, that its destruction draweth nigh.  
 21 (21) Then let them who shall be in Judea, flee to  
 the mountain [district]; and let them, who are in  
 the midst of it,<sup>e</sup> flee away; and those in the fields,  
 22 not enter it. (22) For these are days of vengeance,  
 23 to fulfill all that is written. (23) But woe to them  
 that are with child, and to them that nurse chil-  
 dren, in those days; for then will be great distress  
 24 in the land,<sup>f</sup> and wrath upon this people. (24) And  
 they will fall by the edges<sup>g</sup> of the sword, and be  
 carried captive to every place. And Jerusalem  
 will be trodden down by the Gentiles, until the  
 25 times of the Gentiles shall be completed.—(25) And  
 there will be signs in the sun, and in the moon,  
 and in the stars; and distress of nations on the  
 earth; and clasping of hands, from astonishment  
 26 at the noise of the sea; (26) and dismay that  
 driveth out the souls of men, from fear of that  
 which is to come on the earth; and the powers<sup>h</sup>  
 27 of heaven will be moved. (27) And then will  
 they see the Son of man coming in the clouds, with  
 28 much power, and with great glory. (28) And  
 when these things shall begin to be, take courage,

<sup>b</sup> Sy. mortalities.

<sup>c</sup> or, synagogues.

<sup>d</sup> Sy.

יהודה

<sup>e</sup> i. e. Jerusalem.

<sup>f</sup> Sy. earth.

<sup>g</sup> Sy. mouth.

<sup>h</sup> or, armies.

and lift up your heads, for your deliverance draweth nigh.—(29) And he uttered a similitude to them. Look at the fig-tree, and all the trees. (30) When they bud forth, ye at once understand from them, that summer approacheth. (31) So also, when ye shall see all these things take place, know ye that the kingdom of God is near. (32) Verily I say to you, That this generation<sup>i</sup> will not pass away, until all these things occur. (33) Heaven and earth will pass away; but my word will not pass away.—(34) Take heed to yourselves, that your hearts be, at no time, stupefied by gluttony and ebriety and worldly care: and so that day come upon you unawares. (35) For, like a hunter's snare, it will spring upon all them that dwell upon the face of the whole land.<sup>k</sup> (36) Be ye therefore vigilant, at all times, and prayerful; that ye may be worthy to escape the things that are to take place, and may stand before the Son of man.—(37) And, in the daytime he taught in the temple, and at night he went out and lodged in the mount, called the Place of Olives. (38) And all the people came early to him in the temple, to hear his discourse.

<sup>i</sup> Sy. مجالس

<sup>k</sup> Sy. *earth*.

<sup>a</sup> Sy. سatan

And the feast of unleavened cakes, which is XXII. called the passover, drew near. (2) And the chief priests and Scribes sought how they might kill him, for they were afraid of the people. (3) And Satan<sup>a</sup> entered into Judas called Iscariot, who was of the number of the twelve. (4) And he went and conferred with the chief priests and Scribes, and the military commanders of the temple, how he might betray him to them. (5) And they were glad, and covenanted to give him money. (6) And he promised them, and sought opportunity to betray him to them, in the absence of the multitude.

And the day of unleavened cakes arrived, on which it was customary for the passover to be slain. (8) And Jesus sent Cephas and John, and said to them: Go, prepare for us the passover, that we may eat it. (9) And they said to him: Where wilt thou, that we prepare? (10) He said to them: Lo, when ye enter the city, there will a man meet you, bearing a vessel of water. Go after him; (11) and where he entereth, say ye to the lord of

the house: Our Rabbi saith, Is there a place of refreshment, in which I may eat the Passover, with my disciples? (12) And lo, he will show you a large upper room that is furnished; there prepare ye. (13) And they went, and found as he had said to them: and they made ready the passover. (14) And when the time arrived, Jesus came and reclined; and the twelve Legates<sup>b</sup> with him. (15) And he said to them: I have greatly desired<sup>c</sup> to eat this passover with you, before I suffer. (16) For I say to you, That henceforth I shall not eat it, until it be fulfilled in the kingdom of God. (17) [And he took the cup, and gave thanks, and said: Take this, and divide it among you. (18) For I say to you, That I shall not drink of the product of the vine, until the kingdom of God shall come.\*] (19) And he took bread, and gave thanks, and brake, and gave to them, and said: This is my body, which is given for your sakes. This do ye, in remembrance of me. (20) And in like manner also concerning the cup, after they had supped, he said: This cup is the new testament<sup>d</sup> in my blood, which, for your sakes, is poured out!—(21) But, behold, the hand of him that betrayeth me is on the table. (22) And the Son of man goeth, as it was determined; but woe to that man, by whom he is betrayed. (23) And they began to inquire among themselves, which of them it was, that would do this. (24) And there was contention also among them, who among them would be greatest. (25) And Jesus said to them: The kings of the nations, are their lords; and those exercising authority over them, are called benefactors. (26) But ye, not so: but he that is great among you, must be as the least; and he that is chief, as the servitor. (27) For, which is the greater, he that reclineth, or he that serveth? Is not he that reclineth? But I am among you, as he that serveth. (28) Ye are they who have continued with me in my trials: (29) and I promise to you, as my Father hath promised to me, a kingdom: (30) that ye may eat and drink at the table of my kingdom, and may sit on thrones, and judge the twelve tribes of Israel.

<sup>b</sup> Gr. *Apostles.*

<sup>c</sup> Sy.

ܩܘܪܒܢܐ ܩܘܪܒܢܐ

<sup>d</sup> Sy. ܩܘܪܒܢܐ

\* Adler says, verses 17, 18, are wanting in all MSS. of the Peshito.

And Jesus said to Simon: Simon, lo, Satan hath 31  
 desired to sift thee, as wheat: (32) but I have 32  
 prayed for thee, that thy faith may not fail. And  
 thou also, in time, turn; and confirm thy brethren.  
 (33) And Simon said to him: My Lord, with thee 33  
 I am ready, both for prison and for death.  
 (34) Jesus said to him: I tell thee, Simon, the 34  
 cock will not crow this day, until thou hast three  
 times denied that thou knowest me.—(35) And he 35  
 said to them: When I sent you without purses,  
 without wallets and shoes, lacked ye any thing?  
 They say to him: Nothing. (36) He said to them: 36  
 Henceforth, let him that hath a purse, take it; and  
 so likewise a wallet. And let him that hath no  
 sword, sell his garment, and buy himself a sword.  
 (37) For I say to you, That this also, which was 37  
 written, must be fulfilled in me: I shall be num-  
 bered with transgressors. For, all that relates to  
 me, will be fulfilled. (38) And they said to him: 38  
 Our Lord, lo, here are two swords. He said to  
 them: They are sufficient.

And he went out, and proceeded, as was his cus- 39  
 tom, to the mount of the place of Olives; and his  
 disciples followed him. (40) And when he arrived 40  
 at the place, he said to them: Pray ye, that ye en-  
 ter not into temptation. (41) And he retired from 41  
 them, about a stone's throw; and kneeled down,  
 and prayed, (42) and said: Father, if it please thee, 42  
 let this cup pass from me. Yet not my pleasure,  
 but thine, be done. (43) And there appeared to 43  
 him an angel from heaven, who strengthened him.  
 (44) And as he was in fear, he prayed earnestly; 44  
 and his sweat was like drops of blood; and it  
 fell on the ground. (45) And he arose from his 45  
 prayer, and came to his disciples: and he found  
 them sleeping, from sorrow. (46) And he said to 46  
 them: Why sleep ye? Arise, and pray, lest ye  
 enter into temptation.—(47) And while he was 47  
 speaking, lo, a multitude, and he that was called  
 Judas, one of the twelve, came at their head. And  
 he came up to Jesus, and kissed him. For he had  
 given them this sign: Whom I shall kiss, he it is.  
 (48) Jesus said to him: Judas, is it with a kiss 48  
 thou betrayest the Son of man? (49) And when 49  
 they that were with him, saw what occurred, they  
 said to him: Our Lord, shall we smite them with

- 50 the sword? (50) And one of them smote a servant of the high priest,<sup>e</sup> and took off his right ear.
- 51 (51) And Jesus answered, and said: Sufficient, thus far. And he touched the ear of him that was smitten, and healed him.—(52) And Jesus said to those who had come upon him,—the chief priests and Elders and military captains<sup>f</sup> of the temple: Have ye come out against me, as against a robber, with swords, and with clubs, to take me?
- 53 (53) I was with you daily in the temple, and ye laid not hands upon me. But this is your hour, and the reign of darkness. (54) And they took him, and conducted him to the house of the high priest. And Simon followed after him, at a distance. (55) And they kindled a fire in the middle of the court, and sat around it; and Simon also sat among them. (56) And a certain maid saw him sitting at the fire, and she looked upon him, and said: This man also was with him. (57) But he denied, and said: Woman, I have not known him.
- 58 (58) And a little after, another [person] saw him, and said to him: Thou too art one of them. And Cephas said: I am not. (59) And an hour after, another contended and said: Certainly, this man also was with him, for he likewise is a Galilean.
- 60 (60) Cephas said: Man, I know not what thou sayest. And immediately, while he was speaking, the cock crew. (61) And Jesus turned, and looked upon Cephas. And Simon remembered the word of our Lord, which he spoke to him: Before the cock shall crow, thou wilt deny me three times.
- 62 (62) And Simon went out, and wept bitterly.—(63) And the men who had taken Jesus, insulted him, and blinded him, (64) and smote him on his face, and said: Prophecy thou, who smote thee?
- 65 (65) And many other things they revilingly uttered, and spoke against him.
- 66 And when the day dawned, the Elders and chief priests and Scribes assembled together; and they led him to the place of their meeting, (67) and said to him: If thou art the Messiah, tell us. He said to them: If I tell you, ye will not believe in me.
- 68 (68) And if I should ask you, ye will not return me an answer; nor will ye release me. (69) From this time, the Son of man will sit on the right hand of the majesty<sup>g</sup> of God. (70) And they all said: <sup>g</sup> or, power.

<sup>e</sup> Sy.  
ذو صحتنا

<sup>f</sup> Sy.  
نظم سقلا

Thou art then, the Son of God? Jesus said to them: Ye say that I am. (71) They say: What further need have we of witnesses? For we have heard from his own mouth.

\* Sy.

ⲙⲟⲩⲁⲛⲁⲛⲁ

And the whole company of them arose, and XXIII. carried him before Pilate.<sup>a</sup> (2) And they began 2 to accuse him, and said: We have found this man seducing our people, and forbidding to pay the capitation money to Cesar, and declaring himself to be king Messiah. (3) And Pilate interrogated 3 him, and said to him: Art thou king of the Jews? He said to him: Thou hast said. (4) And Pilate 4 said to the chief priests and the company: I find no crime upon this man. (5) And they vocifera- 5 ted, and said: He raiseth disturbance among our people, by teaching in all Judaea, commencing from Galilee, and quite to this place. (6) And Pilate, 6 when he heard the name Galilee, inquired if the man were a Galilean. (7) And having learned 7 that he was from under Herod's jurisdiction, he sent him to Herod; for he was at Jerusalem on those days.—(8) And Herod rejoiced greatly when 8 he saw Jesus, for he had been desirous to see him for a long time, because he had heard many things of him, and he hoped to see some sign from him. (9) And he asked him many questions;<sup>b</sup> but Jesus 9 gave him no reply. (10) And the chief priests 10 and Scribes stood up, and accused him vehemently. (11) And Herod and his warriors<sup>c</sup> contemned him. 11 And when he had mocked him, he clothed him in a purple robe; and sent him to Pilate. (12) And 12 on that day, Pilate and Herod became friends to each other; for there had previously been enmity between them.—(13) And Pilate called the chief 13 priests and the rulers<sup>d</sup> of the people, (14) and said 14 to them: Ye have brought this man before me, as a disturber of your people; and lo, I have examined him before you, and I find in the man no crime, among all that ye charge upon him. (15) Neither 15 yet Herod: for I sent him to him, and lo, nothing deserving death hath been done by him. (16) I 16 will therefore chastise him, and release him.— (17) For it was a custom, that he should release one 17 at the festival.—(18) And all the company vocifer- 18 ated, and said: Away with this man; and release

<sup>b</sup> Sy. *uor.ks.*

<sup>c</sup> Sy.

ⲙⲟⲩⲁⲛⲁⲛⲁ

<sup>d</sup> Sy. [ⲙⲟⲩⲁⲛⲁⲛⲁ]



19 to us Barabbas.<sup>e</sup> (19) He was one who had been  
 20 thrown into prison, on account of a sedition and  
 21 murder which had occurred in the city. (20) And  
 22 Pilate, being disposed to release J̄esus, conversed  
 23 with them again. (21) But they cried out, and  
 24 said: Crucify him; crucify him. (22) And he  
 25 said to them the third time: But, what evil hath  
 he done? I find no crime in him deserving of  
 death. I will scourge him, therefore, and release

<sup>e</sup> Sy. ܩܒܝܠܘܢ

him. (23) But they were urgent, with a loud  
 voice; and demanded of him, that they might cru-  
 cify him. (24) And Pilate decreed, that their re-  
 quest be granted. (25) And he released to them  
 him, who for sedition and murder had been cast  
 into prison, for whom they petitioned; and he de-  
 livered up Jesus to their pleasure.  
 26 And as they led him away, they seized Simon  
 the Cyrenian, coming from the fields, and laid upon  
 27 him the cross, to bear [it] after Jesus. (27) And  
 there followed after him a great multitude of peo-  
 28 ple; and those women [also] who wailed and la-  
 mented over him. (28) And Jesus turned to them,  
 and said to them: Daughters of Jerusalem, weep  
 not for me; but weep rather for yourselves, and  
 29 for your children. (29) For lo, the days are com-  
 ing, in which they will say: Happy the barren,  
 and the wombs that never bore, and the breasts  
 30 that never nursed. (30) Then will they begin to  
 say to the mountains, Fall upon us! and to the  
 31 hills, Cover us! (31) For if they do these things  
 in a green tree, what will be in the dry?—  
 32 (32) And there went along with him two others,  
 malefactors, to be crucified.

33 And when they came to a certain place which is  
 called a Skull,<sup>f</sup> they crucified him there; and the  
 34 two malefactors, the one on his right hand, and the  
 other on his left. (34) And Jesus said: Father,  
 forgive them; for they know not what they do.  
 And they divided his garments, casting a lot upon  
 35 them. (35) And the people stood and looked on;  
 and the rulers<sup>g</sup> also derided him, and said: He  
 quickened<sup>h</sup> others; let him quicken himself, if he  
 36 is the Messiah, the chosen of God. (36) And the  
 soldiers likewise mocked him, coming to him and  
 37 offering him vinegar, (37) and saying to him:  
 If thou art the king of the Jews, quicken<sup>i</sup> thyself.

<sup>f</sup> Sy. ܩܪܢܝܐ

<sup>g</sup> Sy. ܩܪܝܘܢܝܐ  
<sup>h</sup> Gr. ἐζωοποίησεν

<sup>i</sup> Gr. ἐζωοποιήσῃ

(38) And there was likewise a superscription over 38  
him, written in Greek, and Latin, and Hebrew:  
THIS IS THE KING OF THE JEWS.

And one of the malefactors who were crucified 39  
with him, reproached him, and said: If thou  
art the Messiah, rescue thyself, and rescue us.

(40) But his fellow [malefactor] rebuked him, and 40  
said to him: Art thou not afraid even of God, see-  
ing thou art under the same sentence? (41) And 41

we justly; for we have a retribution according to  
our deserts, and according to our deeds; but noth-  
ing hateful hath been done by him. (42) And he 42

said to Jesus: My Lord, remember me, when thou  
comest into thy kingdom. (43) Jesus said to him: 43

\* Sy. هذو ديسو

Verily I say to you, That this day thou shalt be  
with me in paradise.<sup>k</sup>

<sup>1</sup> or, earth.

And it was about the sixth hour; and darkness 44  
was over all the land,<sup>1</sup> until the ninth hour.

(45) And the sun was darkened, and the curtain of 45  
the door of the temple was rent through its mid-  
dle. (46) And Jesus cried with a loud voice, and 46

<sup>m</sup> Sy. ذو ديسو

said: My Father, into thy hand I commit my spirit.<sup>m</sup>  
Thus he spake, and expired. (47) And when the 47

centurion saw what occurred, he glorified God,  
and said: Certainly, this was a righteous man.  
(48) And all the multitudes who had assembled at 48

this spectacle, on seeing what occurred, returned,  
smiting upon their breasts. (49) And there were 49  
standing at a distance, all they that knew Jesus,  
and those women who came with him from Galilee;  
and they beheld these things.

<sup>n</sup> Sy.

صو صو

And there was a certain man, whose name was 50  
Joseph, a counsellor,<sup>n</sup> from Ramath a city of Judaea,  
who was a good man and righteous: (51) and he 51

had not consented to their decision and deed: and  
he was waiting for the kingdom of God. (52) This 52

man went to Pilate, and begged the body of Jesus.  
(53) And he took it down, and wrapped it in a 53

winding-sheet of linen; and laid it in an excava-  
ted sepulchre, in which no one had hitherto been  
laid. (54) And it was the day of preparation, 54  
and the sabbath began to dawn. (55) And those 55

women who came with him from Galilee, approach-  
ed, and viewed the sepulchre, and the manner in  
which the body was deposited. (56) And they 56  
returned, and prepared perfumes and aromatics;

and they rested on the sabbath, as it is commanded.

XXIV. And on the first day of the week, in the morning, while it was yet dark, they came to the sepulchre, and brought the aromatics they had prepared. And there were other women with  
 2 them. (2) And they found the stone rolled from  
 3 the sepulchre. (3) And they entered, and found  
 4 not the body of Jesus. (4) And as they wondered  
 at this, behold, two men stood opposite them; and  
 5 their raiment was effulgent. (5) And they were  
 in fear, and bowed their faces to the ground. And  
 the men said to them: Why seek ye the living  
 6 among the dead? (6) He is not here; he is risen.  
 Remember how he conversed with you, when he  
 7 was in Galilee, (7) and said, That the Son of man  
 was to be delivered into the hands of sinful men,  
 and to be crucified, and to rise on the third day.  
 8 (8) And they remembered his words.—(9) And  
 9 they returned from the sepulchre, and related all  
 these things to the eleven, and to the rest.  
 10 (10) Now they were Mary Magdalena, and Joana,<sup>a</sup>  
 and Mary the mother of James, and the others  
 with them, who related these things to the Legates.<sup>b</sup>  
 11 (11) And these words appeared in their eyes as  
 12 dreams: and they believed them not. (12) But  
 Simon arose, and ran to the sepulchre, and looked  
 in, and saw the linen lying by itself: and he went  
 away wondering in himself at what had occurred.  
 13 And lo, two of them, on the same day, were  
 going to a village named Emmaus,<sup>c</sup> distant sixty  
 14 furlongs<sup>d</sup> from Jerusalem. (14) And they talked  
 15 together of all that had occurred. (15) And as  
 they conversed, and questioned each other, Jesus  
 came, and drew near, and walked with them.  
 16 (16) And their eyes were held, that they did not  
 17 recognize him. (17) And he said to them: What are  
 these discourses, which ye hold with each other, as  
 18 ye walk and are sad? (18) And one of them, whose  
 name was Cleopas,<sup>e</sup> answered and said to him: Art  
 thou only a stranger in Jerusalem, that thou knowest  
 not the things that have occurred there in these  
 19 days? (19) He said to them: What things? They  
 say to him: In regard to Jesus of Nazareth, a man  
 who was a prophet, and mighty in discourse and

<sup>a</sup> Sy. ܡܪܝܡ  
<sup>b</sup> or, *Apostles.*

<sup>c</sup> Sy. ܐܡܡܘܨ  
<sup>d</sup> Sy. ܟܝܠܐܘܬܐܝܢ,  
 Gr. *στῶδια.*

<sup>e</sup> Sy. ܟܠܘܦܐܣ

in action, before God, and before all the people. (20) And the chief priests and Elders delivered 20  
 him up to a sentence of death, and crucified him. (21) But we expected that he was to deliver Israel. 21  
 And lo, three days [have passed], since all these things occurred. (22) And moreover, certain 22  
 women of ours astonished us; for they went early to the sepulchre; (23) and as they did not find the 23  
 body, they came and said to us: We saw angels there, and they said that he is alive. (24) And 24  
 also some of us went to the sepulchre; and they found, as the women reported; but him they saw not.—(25) Then Jesus said to them: O deficient in 25  
 understanding, and slow of heart to believe all the things that the prophets uttered. (26) Were not 26  
 these things to be; that the Messiah should suffer, and that he should enter into his glory? (27) Then 27  
 he began from Moses, and from all the prophets, and expounded to them concerning himself from all the 28  
 scriptures. (28) And they drew near to the vil- 28  
 lage to which they were going; and he made them feel, as if he would go to a more distant place. (29) And they urged him, and said to him: Tarry 29  
 with us, for the day inclineth towards dark. And he went in to remain with them. (30) And it 30  
 occurred, while he reclined with them, that he took bread, and blessed, and brake, and gave to them. (31) And instantly, their eyes were opened, and 31  
 they knew him. And he took himself from them. (32) And they said one to another: Did not our 32  
 heart burn\* within us, while he talked with us by the way, and explained to us the scriptures?— (33) And they arose, the same hour, and returned 33  
 to Jerusalem. And they found the eleven assem- 34  
 bled, and those with them, (34) who were saying: Certainly, our Lord hath risen; and he hath ap- 34  
 peared to Simon. (35) And they also related what 35  
 occurred by the way, and how he became known to them, when he broke bread.  
 And while they were talking of these things, 36  
 Jesus stood in the midst of them, and said to them: Peace be with you! It is I; be not afraid.

\* The printed copies read, *سوزان* *سوزان*, *was burning*; but an old MS. at Oroomiah reads, *سودان* *سودان*, *was heavy, or dull*.—*Perkin's Residence in Persia*, p. 16.

37 (37) And they were in trepidation and fear, for  
 38 they supposed they saw a spirit.<sup>f</sup> (38) Jesus said  
 to them: Why are ye agitated? And why do  
 39 imaginations<sup>g</sup> arise in your hearts? (39) Look at  
 my hands and my feet, that it is myself. Handle  
 me, and know; for a spirit<sup>h</sup> hath not flesh and  
 40 bones, as ye see me have. (40) And as he said  
 thus, he showed them his hands and his feet.  
 41 (41) And while they still believed not, for their  
 joy, and were astonished; he said to them: Have  
 42 ye here any thing to eat? (42) And they gave  
 him a piece of broiled fish, and of honeycomb.  
 43 (43) And he took, [and] ate before them.<sup>i</sup>  
 44 (44) And he said to them: These are the things<sup>k</sup>  
 which I said to you while I was with you, That all  
 things written of me, in the law of Moses and in  
 the prophets and in the psalms, must be fulfilled.  
 45 (45) Then he opened their mind to understand the  
 46 scriptures. (46) And he said to them: Thus it  
 is written, and thus it was right<sup>l</sup> for Messiah to  
 suffer, and rise from the dead on the third day;  
 47 (47) and that, in his name, repentance for the  
 remission of sins should be preached among all  
 nations, and that the commencement be at Jeru-  
 48 salem. (48) And ye are the witnesses of these  
 49 things. (49) And I will send upon you the promise  
 of my Father. But remain ye at Jerusalem, until  
 ye shall be clothed with energy<sup>m</sup> from on high.  
 50 And he led them out as far as Bethany, and  
 51 lifted his hands, and blessed them. (51) And  
 it occurred, while he blessed them, that he was  
 separated from them, and ascended to heaven.  
 52 (52) And they worshipped him, and returned to  
 53 Jerusalem with great joy. (53) And they were con-  
 tinually in the temple, praising and blessing God.

Amen.

*Completion of the holy Gospel of Luke the Evangelist.<sup>b</sup>*

<sup>f</sup> Sy. ܐܘܪܘܢܝܢ

<sup>g</sup> or, thoughts.

<sup>h</sup> Sy. ܐܘܪܘܢܝܢ

<sup>i</sup> Sy. their eyes.

<sup>k</sup> or, words.

<sup>l</sup> Sy. ܘܢܝܢ

<sup>m</sup> Sy. ܥܘܢܝܢܐ

<sup>a</sup> Sy. ܐܘܢܝܢܐ

<sup>b</sup> Sy. ܘܢܝܢܐ

اذى لعم صرعا صرعا : صرعا صرعا : صرعا صرعا : صرعا صرعا  
 ❖ صرعا صرعا

**The Holy Gospel, the Proclamation of John the Herald;**  
 which he uttered and proclaimed. in Greek, at Ephesus.

<p><sup>a</sup> Sy. صرعا</p> <p><sup>b</sup> Sy. صرعا</p> <p><sup>c</sup> Sy. صرعا</p> <p><sup>d</sup> Sy. صرعا</p> <p><sup>e</sup> Sy. صرعا</p> <p><sup>f</sup> Sy. صرعا</p> <p><sup>g</sup> Sy. صرعا</p> <p><sup>h</sup> Sy. صرعا</p> <p><sup>i</sup> Sy. صرعا</p> <p><sup>j</sup> Sy. صرعا</p> <p><sup>k</sup> Sy. صرعا</p> <p><sup>l</sup> Sy. صرعا</p>	<p>IN the beginning,<sup>a</sup> was the Word;<sup>b</sup> and the Word was with God; and the Word was God. (2) He was in the beginning with God. (3) Every thing was by his hand; and without him, was not any thing whatever that existed. (4) In him was life;<sup>c</sup> and the life was the light<sup>d</sup> of man. (5) And this light shineth in the darkness; and the darkness apprehended it not.—(6) There was a man sent from God, whose name was John. (7) He came for testimony, to bear witness concerning the light. (8) He was not himself the light, but [came] to bear witness concerning the light.—(9) The true light was that, which enlighteneth every man who cometh into the world. (10) He was in the world; and the world was by his hand; and the world did not know him. (11) He came to his own [people]; and his own [people] received him not. (12) But such as received him, to them gave he the prerogative<sup>e</sup> to be children of God; [even] to them that believe on his name; (13) who are born,<sup>f</sup> not of blood, nor of the pleasure of the flesh, nor of the pleasure of man, but of God.—(14) And the Word became flesh,<sup>h</sup> and tabernaed with us: and we saw his glory, a glory as of the only begotten<sup>i</sup> from the Father, that he was full of grace and truth. (15) John testified of him, and cried, and said: This is he, of whom I said, That he cometh after me, and is before me; for he was prior to me. (16) And of his plenitude have we all received, and grace for grace. (17) For the law<sup>k</sup> was given by the hand of Moses; but the reality<sup>l</sup> and grace was by the hand of Jesus Mes-</p>	<p>I.</p> <p>2</p> <p>3</p> <p>4</p> <p>5</p> <p>6</p> <p>7</p> <p>8</p> <p>9</p> <p>10</p> <p>11</p> <p>12</p> <p>13</p> <p>14</p> <p>15</p> <p>16</p> <p>17</p>
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18 siah. (18) No man hath ever seen God; the only begotten God, he who is in the bosom of his Father, he hath declared [him].

19 And this is the testimony of John, when the Jews of Jerusalem sent to him priests and Levites, to ask him, Who art thou? (20) And he confessed, and denied not, but confessed: I am not the Mes-

21 siah. (21) And they asked him again: Who then? Art thou Elijah? And he said: I am not. Art

22 thou a prophet? And he said, No. (22) And they said to him: Who art thou? that we may give answer to them that sent us. What sayest

23 thou of thyself? (23) He said: I am the voice of one crying in the wilderness, Make smooth the way of the Lord; as said the prophet Isaiah.

24 (24) And they who were sent, were of the Phari-

25 sees. (25) And they asked him, and said to him: Why then baptizest<sup>m</sup> thou, if thou art not the

26 Messiah, nor Elijah, nor a prophet? (26) John answered, and said to them; I baptize with water:

27 know. (27) He it is that cometh after me, and was before me, whose shoe-strings I am not worthy

28 to untie. (28) These things occurred in Bethany,<sup>a</sup>

29 where John was baptizing.—(29) The day after, John saw Jesus coming towards him, and said:

30 Behold, the Lamb of God, that beareth the sin of the world. (30) This is he of whom I said, After

31 me cometh a man, who is before me, for he was prior to me. (31) And I knew him not; but that

32 he might be known to Israel, therefore am I come baptizing with water. (32) And John testified,

33 and said: I saw the Spirit descend from heaven, as a dove,<sup>o</sup> and rest upon him. (33) And I did

34 not know him; but he who sent me to baptize with water, he said to me: On whom thou seest

35 the Spirit descend, and rest upon him, he baptizeth with the Holy Spirit. (34) And I saw; and I

36 testify, that this is the Son of God. And the next day, John was standing, and two

37 of his disciples. (36) And he looked upon Jesus as he walked, and said: Behold, the Lamb of God!

38 (37) And his two disciples heard him when he said [it], and they went after Jesus. (38) And Jesus turned, and saw them coming after him, and he said to them: What seek ye? They said to him:

<sup>m</sup> Sy.  
منكم آله

<sup>a</sup> Sy.  
صه بيتا

<sup>o</sup> Sy.  
اسر صفا

Our Rabbi, where stayest thou? (39) He said to 39  
 them: Come, and see. And they came and saw  
 where he lodged; and they were with him that  
 day, for it was about the tenth hour. (40) And 40  
 one of those who heard John and went after Jesus,  
 was Andrew, the brother of Simon. (41) He first 41  
 saw Simon his brother, and said to him: We have  
 found the Messiah.<sup>a</sup> (42) And he brought him to 42  
 Jesus. And Jesus looked upon him, and said:  
 Thou art Simon the son of Jona; thou shalt be  
 called Cephas.—(43) The next day, Jesus was dis- 43  
 posed to depart for Galilee: and he found Philip,  
 and said to him, Come after me. (44) And Philip 44  
 was of Bethsaida, the city of Andrew and Simon.  
 (45) And Philip found Nathaniel, and said to him: 45  
 We have found him, of whom Moses wrote in the  
 law, and the prophets, Jesus the son of Joseph, who  
 is of Nazareth. (46) Nathaniel said to him: Can 46  
 there be any good thing from Nazareth? Philip  
 said to him: Come, and see. (47) And Jesus saw 47  
 Nathaniel coming towards him, and said of him:  
 Behold a real Israelite,<sup>b</sup> in whom is no deceit.  
 (48) Nathaniel said to him: Whence knowest thou 48  
 me? Jesus said to him: Before Philip called thee,  
 when thou wast under the fig-tree, I saw thee.  
 (49) Nathaniel answered, and said to him: Rabbi, 49  
 thou art the Son of God;<sup>c</sup> thou art the King of  
 Israel. (50) Jesus said to him: Because I said to 50  
 thee, that I saw thee under the fig-tree, believest  
 thou? Thou wilt see greater things than these.  
 (51) He said to him: Verily, verily, I say to you, 51  
 That hereafter ye will see heaven opened, and the  
 angels of God ascending and descending unto the  
 Son of man.

And on the third day there was a feast in Cana,<sup>a</sup> II.  
 a city of Galilee: and the mother of Jesus was  
 there. (2) And also Jesus and his disciples were 2  
 invited to the feast. (3) And the wine fell short: 3  
 and his mother said to Jesus: They have no wine.  
 (4) Jesus said to her: What is [in common] to me 4  
 and thee? Not yet hath my hour come. (5) His 5  
 mother said to the waiters: Whatever he saith to  
 you, do [it]. (6) And there were there six water- 6  
 pots of stone, set for the purification of Jews, con-  
 taining each two or three quadrantalia.<sup>b</sup> (7) Jesus 7

<sup>a</sup> Sy. ⲓⲙⲉⲛⲁⲓⲁⲓ

<sup>b</sup> Sy. *truly a son  
of Israel.*



<sup>c</sup> Sy. ⲓⲁⲓⲁⲓⲁⲓⲁⲓ

<sup>a</sup> Sy. ⲕⲁⲛⲁ


<sup>b</sup> Sy. ⲛⲁⲛⲁⲓⲁⲓ  
 = Lat. *quadrantalia*, or  
*amphoræ*;  
*wine-jars.*



- said to them: Fill those water-pots with water.
- 8 And they filled them to the top. (8) He said to them: Draw now, and carry to the master<sup>e</sup> of the
- 9 feast. And they carried. (9) And when the master of the feast tasted the water that had become wine, and did not know whence it came, (although the waiters knew, as they had filled the pots with water,) the master of the feast called the bridegroom, (10) and said to him: Every man first bringeth forward the good wine, and when they are satiated, then that which is inferior; but thou
- 10 hast kept the good wine till now. (11) This is the first sign,<sup>d</sup> which Jesus wrought at Cana in Galilee, and manifested his glory: and his disciples believed on him.
- 12 Afterwards he went down to Capernaum, he and his mother and his brothers and his disciples; and
- 13 they were there a few days. (13) And the pass-over of the Jews drew near; and Jesus went up to
- 14 Jerusalem. (14) And he found in the temple those who sold beeves and sheep and doves, and the
- 15 money-changers sitting [there]. (15) And he made himself a whip from a cord, and turned them all out of the temple, and the sheep and the beeves and the money-changers; and he poured out their
- 16 money, and upset their tables: (16) and he said to them that sold doves, Take away these things; and make not my Father's house a house of traffic.
- 17 (17) And his disciples remembered, that it is written: The zeal of thy house hath devoured me.
- 18 (18) But the Jews replied, and said to him: What sign showest thou to us, since thou doest these
- 19 things? (19) Jesus answered, and said to them: Demolish this temple, and in three days I will
- 20 again erect it. (20) The Jews said to him: Forty and six years, this temple was building; and wilt
- 21 thou build it again in three days? (21) But he
- 22 spake of the temple of his body.<sup>e</sup> (22) And when he was arisen from the dead, his disciples remembered, that he spoke this: and they believed the scriptures, and the word that Jesus spake.—
- 23 (23) And while Jesus was in Jerusalem, at the feast of the passover, many believed on him, because they saw the signs he wrought. (24) But
- 24 Jesus did not confide himself to them; because he
- 25 knew all men: (25) And he needed not that any

<sup>c</sup> Sy.   


<sup>d</sup> Sy. [2]

<sup>e</sup> Sy. 

one should testify to him respecting any man; for he himself knew what is in man.

	And there was a man of the Pharisees there, III. whose name was Nicodemus, a ruler <sup>a</sup> of the Jews.	
* Sy. اذصب	(2) And he came to Jesus by night, and said to him: Rabbi, we know that thou art a teacher sent from God; for no one can work those signs which thou workest, unless God be with him. (3) Jesus replied, and said to him: Verily, verily, I say to thee, That, unless a man be born <sup>b</sup> anew, <sup>c</sup> he cannot behold the kingdom of God. (4) Nicodemus said to him: How can an old man be born? Can he enter a second time into his mother's womb, and be born? (5) Jesus replied, and said to him: Verily, verily, I say to thee, That, unless a man be born of water and the Spirit, he cannot enter the kingdom of God. (6) That which is born of the flesh, is flesh; and that which is born of the Spirit, is spirit. (7) Be not surprised that I said to thee, Ye must be born anew. (8) The wind <sup>d</sup> bloweth, where it chooseth; and thou hearest its sound, but knowest not whence it cometh, and whither it goeth: so is every one, that is born of the Spirit. <sup>e</sup> (9) Nicodemus answered, and said to him: How can these things be? (10) Jesus answered, and said to him: Art thou a teacher <sup>f</sup> of Israel, and knowest not these things? (11) Verily, verily, I say to thee: We speak, what we know; and we testify to what we have seen; but ye receive not our testimony. (12) If I have spoken to you of things on earth, and ye believe not; how will ye believe, if I speak of things in heaven? (13) And no one hath ascended to heaven, but he that descended from heaven, the Son of man who is in heaven. (14) And as Moses elevated the serpent in the wilderness, so must the Son of man be lifted up: (15) that every one who believeth in him, may not perish, but may have life eternal. <sup>g</sup> (16) For God so loved the world, that he gave his only begotten <sup>h</sup> Son, that whosoever believeth on him, should not perish, but should have life eternal. (17) For God sent not his Son into the world, to condemn the world; but that the world might live by means <sup>i</sup> of him. (18) He that believeth on him, is not condemned; but he that believeth not, is	2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18
† Sy. مالهكم		
‡ Sy. ماله ذنب		
§ Sy. ذصب		
¶ Sy. ذصب		
‡ Sy. ماله ذصب		
§ Sy.		
¶ Sy. ماله ذصب		
‡ Sy.		
§ Sy.		
¶ Sy. ماله ذصب		
‡ Sy. by his hand.		

already condemned; because he hath not believed on the name of the only begotten Son of God.

19 (19) And this is the [ground of] condemnation, that light hath come into the world, and men have loved darkness rather than light, for their deeds

20 have been evil. (20) For every one that doeth abominable things, hateth the light, and cometh not to the light, lest his deeds should be reprov'd.

21 (21) But he that doeth right,<sup>k</sup> cometh to the light, that his works may be known to be done in God.

22 After these things, came Jesus and his disciples into the land of Judæa; and there he abode with

23 them, and baptized. (23) And John also was baptizing in Ænon,<sup>l</sup> which is near to Salim,<sup>m</sup> because there were many waters there: and the

24 people came, and were baptized. (24) For John had not yet fallen into prison.—(25) And one of John's disciples and a certain Jew had disputed

26 respecting purification.—(26) And they came to John, and said to him: Our Rabbi, he who was with thee beyond Jordan, and of whom thou gavest testimony, lo, he also baptizeth: and many go after

27 him. (27) John answered, and said to them: A man cannot take any thing by his own choice, unless it be given him from heaven. (28) Ye are witnesses for me, that I said: I am not the Messiah,

29 but am sent to go before him. (29) He that hath the bride, is the bridegroom: and the friend of the bridegroom, who standeth and listeneth to him, rejoiceth with great joy on account of the bridegroom's voice: this my joy, therefore, lo, it is full.

30 (30) To him must be increase, and to me decrease.

31 (31) For he that cometh from above, is above all; and he that is from the earth, is of the earth, and talketh of the earth. He that cometh from heaven,

32 is above all; (32) and what he hath seen and heard, he testifieth; and his testimony, no one receiveth.

33 (33) But he that receiveth his testimony, hath set his seal, that God is true. (34) For he whom God hath sent, speaketh the words of God; for God hath not given the Spirit by measure [to him].

35 (35) The Father loveth the Son, and hath given

36 every thing<sup>n</sup> into his hands. (36) He that believeth on the Son, hath life eternal; but he who obeyeth not the Son, shall not see life, but the wrath of God will abide upon him.

<sup>k</sup> Sy.

<sup>l</sup> Sy.

<sup>m</sup> Sy.

<sup>n</sup> Sy.

And Jesus knew, that the Pharisees had heard IV.  
 that he made many disciples, and baptized more  
 than John. (2) Yet Jesus himself did not baptize, 2  
 but his disciples. (3) And he left Judea, and 3  
 went again into Galilee. (4) And in going, he had 4  
 occasion to pass through the midst of the Samaritans. (5) And he came to a city of the Samaritans 5  
 called Sychar,<sup>a</sup> near the field which Jacob gave to  
 his son Joseph. (6) And Jacob's well of water 6  
 was there. And Jesus was weary with the toil of  
 travelling, and seated himself by the well: and it  
 was at the sixth hour. (7) And a woman from 7  
 Samaria came to draw water. And Jesus said to  
 her: Give me water to drink. (8) And his disci- 8  
 ples had gone to the city, to buy themselves food.  
 (9) The Samaritan woman said to him: How dost 9  
 thou, a Jew, ask drink of me, who am a Samaritan  
 woman? For the Jews have no familiarity with  
 Samaritans. (10) Jesus replied and said to her: 10  
 If thou hadst known the gift<sup>b</sup> of God, and who it  
 is that saith to thee, Give me to drink, thou  
 wouldest have asked of him, and he would have  
 given thee living waters.<sup>c</sup> (11) The woman said 11  
 to him: My lord, thou hast no bucket, and the  
 well is deep; how hast thou living waters?  
 (12) Art thou greater than our father Jacob, who 12  
 gave us this well, and drank from it himself, and  
 his children, and his flocks? (13) Jesus replied 13  
 and said to her: Whoever shall drink of these  
 waters, will thirst again; (14) but whoever shall 14  
 drink of the waters which I shall give him, will not  
 thirst for ever; but the waters, which I shall give  
 him, will be in him a fountain of waters, springing  
 up unto life eternal. (15) The woman said to him: 15  
 My lord, give me of these waters, that I may not  
 thirst again, and may not come to draw from here.  
 (16) Jesus said to her: Go, call thy husband, and 16  
 come hither. (17) She said to him: I have no 17  
 husband. Jesus said to her: Thou hast well said,  
 I have no husband: (18) for thou hast had five 18  
 husbands, and he whom thou now hast, is not thy  
 husband. In this thou didst speak truly. (19) The 19  
 woman said to him: My lord, I perceive thou art  
 a prophet. (20) Our fathers worshipp'd in this 20  
 mountain; but ye say, that in Jerusalem is the  
 place where it is say, proper to worship. (21) Jesus 21

<sup>a</sup> Sy. **سحار**

<sup>b</sup> Sy. **מנחה**

<sup>c</sup> Sy. **מקור חיים**

said to her: Woman, believe me, the hour cometh, when neither in this mountain, nor in Jerusalem, ye will worship the Father. (22) Ye worship, ye know not what; but we worship what we know: for life<sup>d</sup> is from the Jews. (23) But the hour cometh, and now is, when the true worshippers will worship the Father in spirit and in truth; for the Father requireth that worshippers be such. (24) For God is a Spirit; and they that worship him, should worship in spirit and in truth. (25) The woman said to him: I know that Messiah will come; and when he cometh, he will teach us every thing. (26) Jesus said to her: I, who talk with thee, am he.—(27) And while he was speaking, his disciples came. And they wondered that he would converse with the woman; yet no one said, What seekest thou? or, Why talkest thou with her? (28) And the woman left her water-pot, and went to the city, and said [to the people]: (29) Come, see a man that told me every thing I ever did: is not this the Messiah? (30) And the people went out of the city, and came to him.—(31) In the mean time, his disciples entreated him, and said to him: Our Rabbi, eat. (32) But he said to them: I have food to eat, of which ye are ignorant. (33) The disciples said among themselves: Hath any one brought him something to eat? (34) Jesus said to them: My food is to do the pleasure of him that sent me, and to accomplish his work. (35) Do ye not say, that after four months cometh the harvest? Behold, I say to you, and lift up your eyes, and look upon the grounds,<sup>e</sup> that they are white, and have already come to the harvest. (36) And he that reapeth, receiveth wages, and gathereth fruits unto life eternal; and the sower and the reaper equally rejoice. (37) For in this, is the proverb<sup>f</sup> true, that one is the sower, and another the reaper. (38) I sent you to reap that, on which ye labored not: for others toiled, and ye entered into their labor.—(39) And many Samaritans of that city believed on him, because of the discourse of the woman, who testified, He told me all that I ever did. (40) And when these Samaritans came to him, they requested him to tarry with them; and he remained with them two days. (41) And many believed on him, because of his discourse. (42) And

<sup>d</sup> Gr. *σωτηρία*.

<sup>e</sup> or, *lands*.

<sup>f</sup> *Sy. word.*

<sup>e</sup> Sy.

ܡܫܝܚܐ,

Gr. *στρωτήρ*.

they said to the woman: Henceforth we believe in him, not on account of thy word; for we have heard him ourselves, and we know that he truly is the Messiah, the Life-Giver<sup>g</sup> of the world.

And after two days Jesus departed from there, 43  
and went into Galilee. (44) For Jesus himself 44  
testified, that a prophet is not honored in his own  
city. (45) And when he came to Galilee, the 45  
Galileans received him, having seen all the signs  
which he wrought in Jerusalem at the feast; for  
they too had gone to the feast.—(46) And Jesus 46  
came again to Cana of Galilee, where he made the  
water wine. And there was at Capernaum a king's  
servant, whose son was sick. (47) He heard that 47  
Jesus had come from Judaea to Galilee; and he  
went to him, and besought him that he would come  
down and heal his son; for he was near dying.  
(48) Jesus said to him: Unless ye see signs and 48  
wonders, ye will not believe. (49) The king's 49  
servant said to him: My lord, come down, before  
the child dieth. (50) Jesus said to him: Go, thy 50  
son liveth. And the man believed the word which  
Jesus spake to him, and went away. (51) And as 51  
he was going down, his servants met him, and in-  
formed him and said to him: Thy son liveth.  
(52) And he asked them, at what time he recovered. 52  
And they said to him: Yesterday, at the seventh  
hour the fever left him. (53) And his father knew, 53  
that it was at the hour in which Jesus said to him,  
Thy son liveth. And he believed, and all his  
house. (54) This again was the second sign that 54  
Jesus wrought, when he came from Judaea to  
Galilee.

<sup>a</sup> Sy.

ܡܫܝܚܐ

<sup>b</sup> Sy.

ܡܫܝܚܐ

<sup>c</sup> Sy. *much peo-  
ple*.

After these things there was a feast of the Jews, V.  
and Jesus went up to Jerusalem. (2) And there was 2  
there in Jerusalem a certain place of baptizing,<sup>a</sup>  
which was called in Hebrew Bethesda;<sup>b</sup> and there  
were in it five porches. (3) And in them were laid a 3  
great multitude<sup>c</sup> of the sick, and the blind, and the  
lame, and the withered, waiting for the moving of  
the waters. (4) For an angel, from time to time, de- 4  
scended into the baptistery, and moved the waters;  
and he who first went in, after the moving of the  
waters, was cured of whatever disease he had.  
(5) And a certain man was there, who had been 5

6 diseased thirty and eight years. (6) Jesus saw him lying, and knew that [his disease] had been a long time upon him, and said to him: Desirest thou to be healed? (7) And the sick man answered and said: Yes, my lord; but I have no one who, when the water is moved, will put me into the baptistery; but while I am coming, another descendeth before me. (8) Jesus said to him: Arise, take up thy bed, and walk. (9) And immediately the man was healed; and he arose, took up his bed, and walked; and it was the sabbath day. (10) And the Jews said to him that was healed: It is the sabbath; it is not lawful for thee to bear thy bed. (11) But he answered, and said to them: He that made me whole, he said to me, Take up thy bed and walk. (12) And they asked him: Who is the man that said to thee, Take up thy bed and walk? (13) But the man that was healed, knew not who it was; for Jesus had slid away, in the great multitude that was in the place. (14) After a time, Jesus found him in the temple, and said to him: Lo, thou art healed; sin not again, lest something worse come upon thee than before. (15) And the man went and told the Jews, that it was Jesus who had cured him. (16) And for this cause the Jews persecuted Jesus, and sought to kill him; because he had done these things on the sabbath. (17) But Jesus said to them: My Father worketh until now, and I work. (18) And for this, the Jews sought the more to kill him, not only because he had broken the sabbath, but because he had said of God, that he was his Father, and had equalled<sup>d</sup> himself with God. (19) And Jesus answered, and said to them: Verily, verily, I say to you: The Son can do nothing of his own pleasure, but what he seeth the Father do: for what things the Father doeth, these in like manner doeth the Son. (20) For the Father loveth his Son, and showeth him every thing he doeth: and greater works than these, will he show him, that ye may wonder. (21) For as the Father raiseth the dead, and vivifieth them; so also the Son vivifieth whom he pleaseth. (22) For neither doth the Father judge any one, but hath given all judgment to the Son: (23) that every man may honor the Son, as he honoreth the Father. He that honoreth not the

<sup>d</sup> Sy.  
 ἴσος ἰσοῦ

Son, honoreth not the Father that sent him. 24  
 (24) Verily, verily, I say to you, That he who hear- 24  
 eth my word, and believeth on him that sent me, hath life eternal, and will not come into condemna-  
 tion, but hath passed from death to life. (25) Verily, 25  
 verily, I say to you, That the hour cometh, and is even now come, when the dead will hear the voice of the Son of God; and they that hear, will live.  
 (26) For, as the Father hath life in himself, so hath 26  
 he given to the Son also, to have life in himself:  
 \* Sy.  $\sigma\lambda\lambda\alpha\delta\sigma$ ] (27) and hath moreover given him authority\* 27  
 to execute judgment.\* But that he is the Son of man, (28) wonder not at this; for the hour cometh, 28  
 when all that are in their graves will hear his voice; (29) and will come forth; they that have 29  
 done good, to the resurrection of life, and they that have done evil, to the resurrection of condem-  
 nation. (30) I can do nothing of my own 30  
 pleasure; but as I hear, so I judge. And my judgment is just; for I seek not my own pleasure, but the pleasure of him that sent me. (31) If I 31  
 should bear testimony respecting myself, my testi-  
 mony would not be valid.† (32) There is another 32  
 that beareth testimony concerning me; and I know that the testimony which he beareth concerning  
 me is true. (33) Ye sent unto John; and he bore 33  
 testimony to the truth. (34) And I have not re- 34  
 ceived testimony from men: but these things I say, that ye may live. (35) He was a burning and 35  
 shining lamp; and ye were willing for a time, to glory in his light. (36) But I have a testimony, 36  
 which is greater than that of John; for the works\* which my Father hath given me to accomplish,  
 these works which I do, testify of me that the Father hath sent me. (37) And the Father who 37  
 sent me, he testifieth of me. Ye have not at any time heard his voice, nor have ye seen his visage.  
 (38) And I is word abideth not in you, because ye 38  
 believe not in him whom he hath sent. (39) Search 39  
 the scriptures; for in them, ye think, there is life

\* The Syriac punctuation here differs from the Greek, and greatly alters the sense. If the Greek punctuation were applied to the Syriac, this and the following verse might be rendered thus:—(27) "and hath moreover given him authority to execute judgment, as he is also the Son of man. (28) Marvel not at this; for the hour cometh," &c. This is probably the true rendering of the passage; since the other scarcely makes any intelligible sense.



40 eternal for you; and they testify of me. (40) And  
 41 ye are unwilling to come to me, that life eternal  
 42 may be yours. (41) I do not receive glory from  
 42 men. (42) But I know you, that the love of God  
 43 is not in you. (43) I came in the name of my  
 Father, and ye receive me not: if another shall  
 come in his own name, him ye will receive.  
 44 (44) How can ye believe, who receive glory from  
 one another, and seek not the glory which cometh  
 45 from God only? (45) Do ye suppose, that I shall  
 accuse you before the Father? There is one that  
 will accuse you, that Moses, on whom ye rely.  
 46 (46) For, if ye believed Moses, ye would also  
 believe me; for Moses wrote concerning me.  
 47 (47) But if ye believe not his writings, how will  
 ye believe my words?

VI. After these things, Jesus went to the other side  
 2 of the sea of Galilee [or] of Tiberias.<sup>a</sup> (2) And  
 great multitudes went after him; because they had  
 seen the signs<sup>b</sup> which he wrought upon the sick.  
 3 (3) And Jesus ascended a mountain, and there he  
 4 seated himself with his disciples. (4) And the  
 5 feast of the Jewish passover was near.—(5) And  
 Jesus raised his eyes, and saw a great multitude  
 coming towards him; and he said to Philip:  
 Whence shall we buy bread, that these may eat?  
 6 (6) And this he said, to try him; for he knew  
 7 what he was about to do. (7) Philip said to him:  
 Two hundred denarii in bread would not suffice  
 8 them, that each might take but a little. (8) One of  
 his disciples, Andrew, the brother of Simon Cephas,  
 9 said to him: (9) There is a lad here, who hath  
 with him five cakes of barley, and two fishes; but  
 10 what are these for all those [people]? (10) Jesus  
 said to them: Make all the people recline. Now  
 there was much grass in that place: and the people  
 11 reclined, in number five thousand. (11) And Jesus  
 took the bread, and blessed, and distributed to them  
 that reclined. And so also, with the fish; as much  
 12 as they desired. (12) And when they were satisfied,  
 he said to his disciples: Gather up the fragments  
 13 which remain, so that nothing be lost. (13) And  
 they collected and filled twelve baskets, with frag-  
 ments of what remained to them that had eaten of  
 14 the five barley cakes.—(14) And those people,

<sup>a</sup> Sy.

ⲙⲉⲛⲓⲁⲓⲛⲓⲁⲓ

<sup>b</sup> Sy. [ⲙⲉⲛⲓⲁⲓ]


when they saw the sign which Jesus had wrought, said: Certainly, this is that prophet who was to come into the world. (15) And Jesus knew, that they were about to come and take him by force, and make him king: and he retired into a mountain alone. 15

And when it was evening, his disciples went down to the sea, (17) and sat in a ship, and were going over to Capernaum. And darkness came on, and Jesus had not come to them. (18) And the sea was boisterous against them, for a violent wind was blowing. (19) And they had gone about five and twenty or thirty furlongs, when they saw Jesus walking upon the sea: and as he drew near to the ship, they were afraid. (20) But Jesus said to them: It is I; be not afraid. (21) And they were glad to receive him into the ship. And, directly, the ship was at the land to which they were going. —(22) And the next day, the multitude, who had remained on the other side of the sea, saw that there was no other ship there, except that in which the disciples embarked, and that Jesus did not embark in that ship with his disciples: (23) yet that other ships had come from Tiberias, near to the place where they ate the bread when Jesus blessed [it]. (24) And when the multitude saw, that Jesus was not there, nor his disciples; they embarked in ships, and came to Capernaum, and sought for Jesus.—(25) And when they found him on the other side of the sea, they said to him: Our Rabbi, when camest thou hither? (26) Jesus replied and said to them: Verily, verily, I say to you, Ye seek me, not because ye saw the signs, but because ye ate the bread and were satisfied. (27) Labor not for the food that perisheth, but for the food that abideth unto life eternal, which the Son of man will give to you; for him hath God the Father sealed. (28) They said to him: What shall we do, in order to work the works of God? (29) Jesus replied and said to them: This is the work of God, that ye believe on him whom he hath sent.—(30) They say to him: What sign doest thou, that we may see and believe in thee? What workest thou? (31) Our fathers ate the manna,<sup>c</sup> in the wilderness; as it is written, He gave them bread from heaven to eat. (32) Jesus said to them: 32

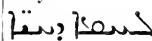
<sup>c</sup> Sy. **منا**


Verily, verily, I say to you, Moses gave you not  
 33 the bread from heaven; but my Father giveth you  
 of God is, he that came down from heaven, and  
 34 giveth life to the world. (34) They say to him:  
 35 Our Lord, give us at all times this bread. (35) Jesus  
 said to them: I am the bread of life: he that  
 cometh to me, shall not hunger; and he that  
 36 believeth on me, shall not thirst, for ever. (36) But  
 I said to you, That ye have seen me, and do not  
 37 believe. (37) All that my Father gave me, will  
 come to me: and him, that cometh to me, I will  
 38 not cast out. (38) For I came down from heaven,  
 not to do my own pleasure, but the pleasure of  
 39 him that sent me. (39) And this is the pleasure  
 of him that sent me, that whatever he hath given  
 me, I should lose nothing of it, but should raise it  
 40 up at the last day. (40) For this is the pleasure of  
 my Father, that every one who seeth the Son, and  
 believeth on him, should have life eternal; and I  
 41 will raise him up at the last day.—(41) Then the  
 Jews murmured at him, because he said: I am the  
 42 bread, who have descended from heaven. (42) And  
 they said: Is not this Jesus the son of Joseph,  
 whose father and mother we know? And how  
 43 doth he say: I came down from heaven? (43) Jesus  
 replied and said to them: Murmur not, one with  
 44 another. (44) No man can<sup>d</sup> come to me, unless  
 the Father who sent me, shall draw<sup>e</sup> him; and I  
 45 will raise him up at the last day. (45) For it is  
 written, in the prophet: And they shall all be  
 taught of God. Whoever, therefore, heareth from  
 the Father, and learneth from him, cometh to me.  
 46 (46) Not that any one hath seen the Father, except  
 him who hath come from God; he it is, hath seen  
 47 the Father.—(47) Verily, verily, I say to you:  
 That, to him who believeth in me, there is life  
 48 eternal. (48) I am the bread of life.<sup>f</sup> (49) Your  
 49 fathers ate the manna, in the wilderness, and they  
 50 died. (50) But this is the bread which cometh  
 from heaven, that a man may eat of it, and not die.  
 51 (51) I am the bread of life, who have come down  
 from heaven: and if a man shall eat of this bread,  
 he will live for ever. And the bread which I shall  
 give, is my body,<sup>g</sup> which I give for the life of the  
 52 world.—(52) Then the Jews contended one with

<sup>d</sup> Sy. 

<sup>e</sup> Sy. 

<sup>f</sup> Sy.



<sup>g</sup> Sy. 

another, and said: How can he give us his body  
to eat? (53) And Jesus said to them: Verily, 53  
verily, I say to you, That, unless ye eat the body of  
the Son of man, and drink his blood, ye have no  
life within you. (54) But he that eateth of my 54  
body, and drinketh of my blood, to him is life  
eternal; and I will raise him up at the last day.  
(55) For my body truly is food, and my blood 55  
truly is drink. (56) He that eateth my body, and  
drinketh my blood, abideth in me, and I in him.  
(57) As the living Father hath sent me, and I live 57  
because<sup>h</sup> of the Father; so he that shall eat me, he  
also will live because of me. (58) This is the bread 58  
that came down from heaven: not as your fathers  
ate the manna, and died; whoever shall eat of this  
bread, will live for ever.—(59) These things he 59  
uttered in the synagogue, while teaching at Capernaum.  
(60) And many of his disciples who heard 60  
[him], said: This is a hard speech, who can hear  
it.—(61) And Jesus knew in himself, that his disci- 61  
ples murmured at this; and he said to them,  
Doth this stumble you? (62) If then, ye were to 62  
see the Son of man ascend, to where he was from  
the beginning!—(63) It is the Spirit that vivifieth; 63  
the body profiteth nothing. The words which I  
have used with you, they are spirit, and they are  
life. (64) But there are some of you, that believe 64  
not. For Jesus knew, from the beginning, who  
they were that believed not, and who it was that  
would betray him. (65) And he said to them: 65  
For this reason, I said to you, That no one can<sup>i</sup>  
come to me, unless it be given to him by my  
Father.—(66) On account of this speech,<sup>k</sup> many of 66  
his disciples turned back, and walked not with him.  
(67) And Jesus said to the twelve: Are ye also 67  
disposed to go away? (68) Simon Cephas replied, 68  
and said: My Lord, to whom shall we go? The  
words of life eternal are with thee. (69) And we 69  
believe, and know, that thou art the Messiah, the  
Son of the living God. (70) Jesus said to them: 70  
Have not I chosen you twelve? Yet one of you  
is a devil.<sup>l</sup> (71) This he spoke of Judas Iscariot, 71  
the son of Simon; for he was afterwards to betray  
him, being one of the twelve.

<sup>h</sup> Sy. مما

<sup>i</sup> Sy. ممنون

<sup>k</sup> Sy. *word.*

<sup>l</sup> Sy. شيطان

After these things Jesus walked in Galilee; for VII.

he would not walk in Judæa, because the Jews  
 2 sought to slay him.—(2) And the Jewish feast of  
 3 tabernacles drew near. (3) And the brothers<sup>a</sup> of  
 Jesus said to him: Leave here, and go into Judæa;  
 that thy disciples may see the works thou doest.  
 4 (4) For there is no one who doeth any thing in  
 secret, while he wisheth to become public. If  
 thou doest these things, show thyself to the world.  
 5 (5) For even his brothers did not believe in Jesus.  
 6 (6) Jesus said to them: My time hath not yet come:  
 7 but your time is always ready. (7) The world  
 cannot hate you, but me it hateth; because I testify  
 8 of it, that its deeds are evil. (8) Go ye up to the  
 feast; I do not go up to this feast now, because my  
 9 time is not yet completed. (9) These things he  
 10 said, and remained still in Galilee. (10) But when  
 his brothers had gone up to the feast, then he also  
 went up, not openly, but as it were secretly.—  
 11 (11) And the Jews sought for him at the feast;  
 12 and they said, Where is he? (12) And there was  
 much altercation among the people respecting him;  
 for some said, He is a good man; while others said,  
 13 No; but he deceiveth the people. (13) Yet no  
 one spoke openly of him, from fear of the Jews.  
 14 And in the midst<sup>b</sup> of the days of the feast, Jesus  
 15 went into the temple, and taught. (15) And the  
 Jews wondered, and said: How knoweth this man  
 16 literature, having not been educated? (16) Jesus  
 answered and said: My doctrine is not from me,  
 17 but from him that sent me. (17) He that wisheth  
 to do his pleasure, will understand my doctrine,  
 whether it is from God, or whether I speak from  
 18 my own pleasure. (18) He that speaketh accord-  
 ing to the pleasure of his own mind, seeketh glory  
 for himself: but he who seeketh the glory of him  
 that sent him, is veracious, and evil is not in his  
 19 heart. (19) Did not Moses give you the law?  
 20 Yet no one of you observeth the law. (20) Why  
 do ye seek to kill me? The multitude answered  
 and said: Thou hast a demon: who seeketh to  
 21 kill thee? (21) Jesus replied, and said to them:  
 I have wrought one work, and ye all wonder.  
 22 (22) Because Moses gave you circumcision, (not  
 that it was from Moses, but it was from the fathers,)  
 23 ye circumcise a child on the sabbath. (23) And if  
 a child is circumcised on the sabbath day, that the

<sup>a</sup> Sy. *אחיו*

<sup>b</sup> Sy. *when the days of the feast were divided.*

law of Moses may not be violated, do ye murmur  
 at me, because I have made a man entirely sound  
 on the sabbath day? (24) Judge not, with a respect  
 for persons; but judge ye a righteous judgment.—(25) And some from Jerusalem said: Is  
 not this he, whom they seek to kill? (26) And  
 lo, he discourseth publicly, and they say nothing  
 to him. Do our Elders<sup>c</sup> know, that he really is  
 the Messiah? (27) Yet we know this man, whence  
 he is; the Messiah, when he shall come, no one  
 knoweth whence he is. (28) And Jesus, while  
 teaching in the temple, raised his voice and said:  
 Ye both know me, and ye know from whence I  
 am. And I did not come of my own accord; but  
 he that sent me is true. Him ye know not;  
 (29) but I know him; because I am from him, and  
 he sent me.—(30) And they sought to apprehend  
 him; but no one laid hands on him, because his  
 hour was not yet come. (31) And many of the  
 multitude believed on him, and said: When the  
 Messiah cometh, will he work greater signs<sup>d</sup> than  
 these which this man doeth? (32) And the Phari-  
 sees heard the multitude say these things of him:  
 and they and the chief priests sent constables to  
 take him. (33) And Jesus said: A little while  
 longer I am with you, and then I go to him that  
 sent me. (34) And ye will seek me, and will not  
 find me; and where I am, ye cannot come.  
 (35) The Jews said among themselves: Whither  
 is he about to go, that we cannot find him? Will  
 he go to some region of the Gentiles, and teach the  
 profane? (36) What meanse this speech he ut-  
 tered: Ye will seek me, and will not find me;  
 and where I am, ye cannot come?

And on the great day, which was the last of the  
 feast, Jesus stood and cried, and said: If any man  
 thirst, let him come to me and drink. (38) Who-  
 ever believeth in me, as the scriptures have said,  
 Out of his belly shall flow rivers of living waters.  
 (39) (This he said of the Spirit, which they who  
 believe in him were to receive: for the Spirit  
 had not yet been given, because Jesus was not  
 yet glorified.) (40) And many of the multitude  
 who heard his discourses, said: Certainly, he is  
 a prophet. (41) Others said: He is the Messiah.  
 Others said: Doth Messiah come from Galilee?

<sup>c</sup> Sy.

ⲉⲃⲟⲩⲁⲛⲓⲛⲟⲩⲓ

<sup>d</sup> Sy. ⲓⲟⲩⲟⲩⲁⲛⲓ

<sup>e</sup> or, is.

42 (42) Doth not the scriptures say, That Messiah  
 43 cometh of the seed of David, and from Bethlehem  
 44 the town of David? (43) And there was a division  
 44 among the multitude respecting him. (44) And  
 45 there were some of them who wished to apprehend  
 45 him. But no one laid hands on him.—(45) And the  
 constables came to the chief priests and Pharisees;  
 46 and the priests said to them: Why have ye not  
 46 brought him? (46) The constables say to them:  
 Never did a man speak, as this man speaketh.  
 47 (47) The Pharisees said to them: Are ye also de-  
 48 ceived? (48) Have any of the chiefs,<sup>f</sup> or of the  
 49 Pharisees, believed in him? (49) But this peo-  
 50 ple, who know not the law, are accursed. (50) One  
 of them: Nicodemus, he who came to Jesus by  
 51 night, said to them: (51) Doth our law condemn a  
 man, unless it first hear him, and know what he  
 52 hath done? (52) They answered, and said to him:  
 Art thou also from Galilee? Search, and see, that  
 53 no prophet ariseth from Galilee. (53) So they  
 went every one to his own house.\*

f Sy. ܩܘܠܐ

VIII. And Jesus went to the mount of Olives.  
 2 (2) And in the morning he came again to the tem-  
 3 ple; and all the people came to him, and he sat  
 3 down and taught them. (3) And the Scribes and  
 Pharisees brought forward a woman that was  
 caught in adultery. And when they had placed  
 4 her in the midst, (4) they say to him: Teacher,  
 this woman was caught openly in the act of adul-  
 5 tery. (5) And in the law of Moses, [God] hath  
 commanded us to stone such persons. What there-  
 6 fore dost thou say? (6) And this they said, tempt-  
 ing him, so that they might have [ground] to accuse  
 him. But Jesus having stooped down, was writing  
 7 on the ground. (7) And as they continued asking  
 him, he straightened himself up, and said to them:  
 Whoever among you is without sin, let him first  
 8 cast a stone at her. (8) And, having again stooped  
 9 down, he wrote on the ground. (9) And they,  
 when they heard [it], went out one by one, begin-  
 10 ning with the older;<sup>a</sup> and the woman was left  
 alone, where she had stood in the midst. (10) And

a Sy. ܩܘܠܐ

\* This 53d verse is wanting in many early editions of the Syriac N. Testament. So also the whole story of the adulteress, in the following chapter, v. 1-11.

when Jesus had straightened himself up, he said to the woman: Where are they? Doth no one condemn thee? (11) And she said: No man, 11 Lord. And Jesus said: Neither do I condemn thee. Go thou, and henceforth sin no more.

And Jesus again conversed with them, and said: 12 I am the light of the world: he that cometh to me, will not walk in darkness; but will find for himself the light of life. (13) The Pharisees said 13 to him: Thou bearest witness of thyself, thy testimony is not certain. (14) Jesus answered and said 14 to them: Although I bear witness of myself, my testimony is certain, because I know whence I came, and whither I go. But ye do not know, whence I came, and whither I go. (15) Ye judge 15 according to the flesh:<sup>b</sup> I judge no one. (16) Yet 16 if I judge, my judgment is certain, because I am not alone, but I and my Father who sent me. (17) And in your law it is written, that the testi- 17 mony of two persons is certain. (18) I am one 18 who bear witness of myself, and my Father who sent me, beareth witness of me. (19) They say to 19 him: Where is thy Father? Jesus replied, and said to them: Ye neither know me nor my Father. If ye had known me, ye would also have known my Father.—(20) These words spake Jesus in the 20 treasury, as he taught in the temple: and no one laid hands on him, because his hour was not yet come.

Again Jesus said to them: I go away, and ye 21 will seek me, and will die in your sins. And whither I go, ye cannot come. (22) The Jews said: 22 Is he about to kill himself, that he should say, Whither I go ye cannot come? (23) And he said 23 to them: Ye are from below, I am from above; ye are of this world, I am not of this world. (24) I said to you, That ye will die in your sins; 24 for if ye believe not that I am he, ye will die in your sins. (25) The Jews said to him: Who art 25 thou? Jesus said to them: Although I have begun to converse with you, (26) I have yet many things 26 to say and to judge concerning you. But he that sent me is true: and the things which I have heard from him, them I speak in the world. (27) And 27 they did not know, that he spake to them of the Father. (28) Jesus said to them again: When ye 28

<sup>b</sup> *Sy. corporeally.*



shall have lifted up the Son of man, then will ye know that I am he, and that I do nothing from my own pleasure, but as my Father taught me, so I speak. (29) And he that sent me, is with me; and my Father hath not left me alone, because I do, at all times, that which pleaseth him.—(30) And when he had spoken these things, many believed on him. (31) And Jesus said to those Jews who believed on him: If ye continue in my word, ye will be truly my disciples. (32) And ye will know the truth; and the truth will make you free. (33) They say to him: We are the seed of Abraham, and never were in servitude to any man; and how sayest thou, Ye will be freemen? (34) Jesus said to them: Verily, verily, I say to you, That whoever committeth sin, is the servant of sin. (35) And a servant abideth not for ever in the house; but the Son abideth for ever. (36) If therefore the Son shall make you free, ye will really be free men. (37) I know that ye are the children of Abraham; but ye seek to kill me, because ye do not acquiesce in my word. (38) I speak that which I have seen with my Father, and ye do that which ye have seen with your father. (39) They answered, and said to him: Our father is Abraham. Jesus said to them: If ye were children of Abraham, ye would do the works of Abraham. (40) But now ye seek to kill me, a man who hath told you the truth, which I have heard from God: this did not Abraham. (41) But ye do the works of your father. They say to him: We are not [the offspring] of whoredom; we have one Father, God. (42) Jesus said to them: If God were your Father, ye would love me; for I proceeded and came from God: I did not come of my own accord, but he sent me. (43) Why do ye not understand my speech? It is because ye cannot hear my speech. (44) Ye are of your father, the calumniator;<sup>d</sup> and the lust of your father ye are disposed to do. He was from the beginning a manslayer, and abode not in the truth; for the truth is not in him, and when he speaketh a lie he speaketh from himself, for he is a liar, and the father of it. (45) But me, because I speak the truth, ye believe me not. (46) Which of you convicteth me of sin? And if I speak the truth, why do ye not

<sup>c</sup> Sy. للم

<sup>d</sup> Sy. الاصحاب

believe me? (47) He that is of God, heareth the 47  
 words of God. Therefore ye do not hear, because  
 ye are not of God. (48) The Jews answered, and 48  
 said to him: Did we not well say, that thou art a  
 Samaritan, and hast a demon? (49) Jesus said to 49  
 them: I have no demon: but I honor God; and  
 ye condemn me. (50) But I seek not my own 50  
 glory: there is one that seeketh [it], and judgeth.  
 (51) Verily, verily, I say to you: He that keepeth 51  
 my word, will never see death. (52) The Jews 52  
 say to him: Now we know, that thou hast a demon.  
 Abraham is dead, and the prophets; yet thou  
 sayest: He that keepeth my word, will never taste  
 death. (53) Art thou greater than our father 53  
 Abraham who is dead, or than the prophets who  
 died? What dost thou make thyself? (54) Jesus 54  
 said to them: If I glorify myself, my glory is noth-  
 ing. It is my Father that glorifieth me, of whom  
 ye say, He is our God. (55) And ye know him 55  
 not. But I know him; and if I should say, I know  
 him not, I should be a liar, like you: but I do  
 know him, and I observe his word. (56) Abraham 56  
 your father desired to see my day: and he saw it,  
 and rejoiced. (57) The Jews say to him: Thou 57  
 art not yet fifty years old, and hast thou seen  
 Abraham? (58) Jesus said to them: Verily, verily, 58  
 I say to you, That before Abraham existed,<sup>a</sup> I was.  
 (59) And they took up stones to stone him. But 59  
 Jesus concealed himself, and went out of the  
 temple, and passed along among them, and went  
 away.

<sup>a</sup> Sy.  $\alpha\alpha\alpha$ ]

And while passing, he saw a man blind from his IX.  
 mother's womb. (2) And his disciples asked him, 2  
 and said: Our Rabbi, who sinned, this man or his  
 parents, that he was born blind? (3) Jesus said to 3  
 them: Neither did he sin, nor his parents; but  
 that the works of God might be seen in him. (4) I 4  
 must work the works of him that sent me, while it  
 is day; the night cometh, in which no one can  
 work. (5) So long as I am in the world, I am the 5  
 light of the world. (6) And having spoken thus, 6  
 he spit on the ground, and made mud with the  
 spittle, and spread it on the eyes of the blind man;  
 (7) and said to him: Go, wash in the baptistery<sup>a</sup> of 7  
 Siloam. And he went, and washed, and came

<sup>a</sup> Sy.

$\alpha\alpha\alpha\alpha\alpha\alpha\alpha$

8 away seeing. (8) And his neighbors, and they by whom he had before been seen begging, said: Is  
9 not this he, who sat and begged? (9) Some said, It is he: and others said, No; but he is very like him.  
10 But he said: I am he. (10) And they said to him:  
11 How were thy eyes opened? (11) He answered, and said to them: A man whose name is Jesus, made mud and spread it on my eyes, and said to me, Go, wash in the waters of Siloam. And I went, and washed, and my sight was restored.  
12 (12) They said to him: Where is he? He said to them: I know not.  
13 And they brought him that had been blind,  
14 before the Pharisees. (14) Now it was on the sabbath that Jesus made the mud, and opened his  
15 eyes. (15) And again the Pharisees asked him: How was thy sight restored? And he said to them: He put mud upon my eyes, and I washed,  
16 and my sight was restored. (16) And some of the Pharisees said: This man is not of God, for he doth not observe the sabbath. But others said: How can a man that is a sinner, work these signs? And  
17 there was a division among them. (17) They say again to the blind man: What sayest thou of him, seeing he hath opened thy eyes? He said to them:  
18 I say, that he is a prophet. (18) And the Jews would not believe concerning him, that he had been blind, and recovered sight, until they called  
19 the parents of him who recovered sight. (19) And they asked them: Is this your son, of whom ye say that he was born blind? And how doth he now  
20 see? (20) And his parents answered and said: We know that this is our son, and that he was born  
21 blind; (21) but how he now seeth, or who opened his eyes, we know not. He hath come to his years,  
22 ask him; he will speak for himself. (22) These things said his parents, because they feared the Jews: for the Jews had decided, that if any one should confess him to be Messiah, they would  
23 expel him from the synagogue. (23) For this reason his parents said, He hath come to his years,  
24 ask him.—(24) And they called a second time the man who had been blind, and said to him: Give glory to God; for we know that this man is a  
25 sinner. (25) He replied, and said to them: Whether he is a sinner, I know not; but, one thing I know,

that I was blind, and lo, now I see. (26) They 26  
 said to him again: What did he do to thee? How did  
 he open thy eyes? (27) He said to them: I have 27  
 told you, and ye did not hear. Why would ye  
 hear again? Do ye also wish to become his disci-  
 ples? (28) But they reproached him, and said to 28  
 him: Thou art his disciple, but we are the disci-  
 ples of Moses. (29) And we know that God con- 29  
 versed with Moses; but as for this man, we know  
 not whence he is. (30) The man replied and said 30  
 to them: In this therefore is [something] to be  
 admired, that ye know not whence he is, and yet  
 he hath opened my eyes. (31) Now we know, that 31  
 God heareth not the voice of sinners; but him that  
 feareth him, and doeth his pleasure, him he hear-  
 eth. (32) Never<sup>b</sup> hath it been heard, that any one 32  
 opened the eyes of one born blind. (33) If this 33  
 man were not of God, he could not do this thing.  
 (34) They replied, and said to him: Thou wast 34  
 wholly born in sins; and dost thou teach us? And  
 they expelled him.

<sup>b</sup> Sy. *not from  
 of old.*

And Jesus heard that they had expelled him; 35  
 and he found him, and said to him: Believest thou  
 on the Son of God? (36) And he that was healed, 36  
 answered and said: My Lord, who is he, that I  
 may believe on him? (37) Jesus said to him: 37  
 Thou hast seen him, and it is he that talketh with  
 thee. (38) And he said: My Lord, I believe: and 38  
 he fell down, and worshipped him.—(39) And 39  
 Jesus said: For the judgment of this world, have  
 I come; that they who see not, might see; and  
 that they who see, might become blind. (40) And 40  
 [some] of those Pharisees who were with him, heard  
 these things; and they said to him: How? Are  
 we also blind? (41) Jesus said to them: If ye 41  
 were blind, ye would be without sin; but now ye  
 say, We see; therefore your sin is established.

Verily, verily, I say to you, That he who doth not X.  
 enter by the door into the fold of the flock, but  
 climbeth up in some other place, he is a thief and a 2  
 robber. (2) But he that entereth by the door, is the 3  
 shepherd of the flock. (3) And to him the door- 3  
 keeper openeth the door; and the sheep hear his  
 voice. And he calleth the sheep by their names, and  
 leadeth them out. (4) And when he hath led out his 4

flock, he goeth before it; and his sheep follow him,  
 5 because they know his voice. (5) But after a  
 stranger the flock will not follow, but it fleeth from  
 him; because it knoweth not the voice of a stran-  
 6 ger. (6) This allegor<sup>a</sup> spake Jesus to them; but  
 7 they knew not what he said to them.—(7) And  
 Jesus said to them again: Verily, verily, I say to  
 8 you, That I am the door of the flock. (8) All those  
 who have come, were thieves and robbers: but  
 9 the flock did not hear them. (9) I am the door:  
 and if any enter by me, he will live, and will come  
 10 in and go out, and will find pasture. (10) The  
 thief cometh not, but that he may steal, and kill,  
 and destroy. I have come, that they may have  
 11 life, and may have that which is excellent. (11) I  
 am a good shepherd. A good shepherd exposeth  
 12 his life for the sheep. (12) But a hireling, who is  
 not the shepherd, and to whom the sheep do not  
 belong, when he seeth the wolf coming, leaveth the  
 flock, and fleeth; and the wolf cometh, and teareth,  
 13 and disperseth the flock. (13) And a hireling  
 fleeth, because he is a hireling, and hath no concern  
 14 for the flock. (14) I am a good shepherd; and I  
 know my own [sheep], and am known by my own.  
 15 (15) As my Father knoweth me, so know I my  
 16 Father; and I expose my life for the flock. (16) And  
 I have other sheep, which are not of this fold: and  
 them also I must bring; and they will hear my  
 17 voice; and the whole will be one flock, and one  
 shepherd. (17) For this cause my Father loveth  
 me, that I lay down my life, to resume it again.  
 18 (18) There is no one that taketh it from me; but I  
 lay it down of my own pleasure: for I have  
 authority to lay it down, and authority to resume  
 it again; because I have received this command  
 19 from my Father.—(19) And again there was a  
 division among the Jews, on account of these say-  
 20 ings. (20) And many of them said: He hath a  
 demon, and is wholly beside himself; why hear ye  
 21 him? (21) But others said: These are not the  
 discourses of a demoniac: can a demon open the  
 eyes of one blind?

<sup>a</sup> Sy. ۱۲۱۰

22 And the feast of the dedication<sup>b</sup> was [held] at  
 23 Jerusalem, and it was winter. (23) And Jesus  
 walked in the temple, in the porch of Solomon.  
 24 (24) And the Jews gathered around him; and said

<sup>b</sup> Sy. ۱۲۱۰

to him: how long holdest thou our mind in suspense? If thou art the Messiah, tell us plainly. (25) Jesus answered, and said to them: I have told you, and ye did not believe. The works which I do in the name of my Father, they testify of me. (26) But ye do not believe, because ye are not of my sheep, as I have said to you. (27) My sheep hear my voice: and I know them: and they go after me. (28) And I give to them life eternal: and they will never be lost: nor will any one pluck them from my hand. (29) For my Father, who gave [them] to me, is greater than all; nor can any pluck from my Father's hand. (30) I and my Father are one. (31) And again the Jews took up stones, to stone him. (32) Jesus said to them: Many good works have I showed you from my Father; for which of those works do ye stone me? (33) The Jews said to him: It is not on account of good works, that we stone thee: but because thou blasphemest; and, whilst thou art a man, thou makest thyself God. (34) Jesus said to them: Is it not written in your law, I have said, Ye are gods?<sup>d</sup> (35) If he called them gods, because the word of God was with them, and the scripture cannot be nullified; (36) do ye say to him, whom the Father hath sanctified and sent into the world, Thou blasphemest; because I said to you, I am the Son of God? (37) And if I do not the works of my Father, believe me not. (38) But if I do [them], although ye believe not me, yet believe the works; that ye may know and believe, that my Father is in me, and I in my Father.—(39) And again they sought to lay hold of him; but he escaped out of their hands; (40) and retired to the other side<sup>e</sup> of the Jordan, to the place where John at first baptized, and tarried there. (41) And many persons came to him: and they said, John indeed wrought not even one sign; but every thing that John said of this man, was true. (42) And many believed on him.

<sup>e</sup> or, *perish*,  
 ناصب

<sup>d</sup> Sy. آلتى

<sup>e</sup> Sy. البحر

<sup>a</sup> Sy. لazarus

And a certain man was sick, Lazarus<sup>a</sup> of the town of Bethany, the brother of Mary and Martha. (2) It was that Mary who anointed the feet of Jesus with perfume, and wiped [them] with her hair, whose brother Lazarus was sick. (3) And his two

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sisters sent to Jesus, and said: Our Lord, he  
 4 whom thou lovest is sick. (4) And Jesus said:  
 This sickness is not that of death, but for the  
 glory of God, that the Son of God may be glori-  
 5 fied by means of it. (5) Now Jesus loved Martha  
 6 and Mary, and Lazarus. (6) And when he heard  
 that he was sick, he remained in the place where  
 7 he was two days. (7) And afterwards he said to  
 his disciples: Come, let us go again into Judæa.  
 8 (8) His disciples say to him: Our Rabbi, the Jews  
 have just sought to stone thee; and goest thou  
 9 again thither. (9) Jesus said to them: Are there  
 not twelve hours in the day? And if a man walk  
 in the daytime, he stumbleth not; because he  
 10 seeth the light of the world. (10) But if one  
 walk in the night, he stumbleth; because there is  
 11 no light in him. (11) These things said Jesus, and  
 afterwards he said to them: Lazarus our friend  
 12 repositeth.<sup>b</sup> But I go to awake him. (12) His disci-  
 ples say to him: Our Lord, if he sleepeth, he is  
 13 recovering. (13) But Jesus spoke of his death;  
 and they thought, he spoke of the sleep of repose.  
 14 (14) Then Jesus said to them explicitly: Lazarus  
 15 is dead. (15) And I rejoice, for your sakes, that I  
 was not there; that ye may believe. But let us go  
 16 there. (16) Thomas, who is called the Twin, said  
 to his fellow-disciples: Let us also go [and] die  
 with him.

17 And Jesus came to Bethany, and found that he  
 18 had been in the grave four days. (18) Now Beth-  
 any was near to Jerusalem, distant from it about  
 19 fifteen furlongs. (19) And many of the Jews had  
 come to Martha and Mary, to comfort<sup>c</sup> them con-  
 20 cerning their brother. (20) And Martha, when  
 she heard that Jesus was coming, went out to meet  
 21 him; but Mary was sitting in the house. (21) And  
 Martha said to Jesus: My Lord, if thou hadst been  
 22 here, my brother had not died. (22) But even  
 now, I know, that whatever thou wilt ask of God,  
 23 he will give it thee. (23) Jesus said to her: Thy  
 24 brother will rise. (24) Martha said to him: I  
 know, that he will rise in the consolation,<sup>d</sup> at the  
 25 last day. (25) Jesus said to her: I am the conso-  
 lation, and life. And he that believeth in me,  
 26 though he should die, will live. (26) And every  
 one that liveth, and believeth in me, will not die

<sup>b</sup> Sy. 

<sup>c</sup> Sy. *to speak to  
their hearts.*

<sup>d</sup> or, *resurrec-  
tion.*

for ever. Believest thou this? (27) She said to 27  
him: Yes, my Lord; I believe, that thou art the  
Messiah, the Son of God, that cometh into the  
world.—(28) And when she had thus said, she 28  
went and called her sister Mary, secretly, and said  
to her: Our Rabbi hath come, and calleth for thee.  
(29) And Mary, when she heard [it], rose up 29  
quickly, and went to meet him. (30) And Jesus 30  
had not yet entered the village, but was in the  
place where Martha met him. (31) Those Jews 31  
also, who were with her in the house and consoled  
her, when they saw that Mary rose up quickly and  
went out, followed after her; for they supposed,  
she was going to the grave to weep. (32) And 32  
Mary, when she came where Jesus was and saw  
him, fell at his feet, and said to him: If thou hadst  
been here, my Lord, my brother had not died.  
(33) And when Jesus saw her weeping, and the 33  
Jews weeping who came with her, he was moved  
in spirit, and was agitated. (34) And he said: 34  
Where have ye laid him? They say to him: Our  
Lord, come, and see. (35) And the tears of Jesus 35  
came. (36) And the Jews said: See, how much he 36  
loved him. (37) And some of them said: Could 37  
not he who opened the eyes of the blind man, have  
caused that this also should not have died?—(38) 38  
And Jesus, still agitated within, came to the grave.  
Now the grave was a cave, and a stone was laid  
upon its entrance. (39) And Jesus said: Take 39  
away this stone. Martha, the sister of the de-  
ceased, said to him: My Lord, by this time he is  
putrid; for four days have elapsed. (40) Jesus 40  
said to her: Did I not tell thee, that if thou  
wouldst believe, thou shouldst see the glory of  
God? (41) And they took away the stone. And 41  
Jesus raised his eyes on high, and said: Father, I  
thank thee that thou hast heard me. (42) And I 42  
know that thou hearest me always; but on account  
of this multitude that standeth here, I say these  
things; that they may believe, that thou hast sent  
me. (43) And when he had thus spoken, he called 43  
with a loud voice: Lazarus, come forth! (44) And 44  
the dead man came forth, with his hands and his  
feet swathed with bandages, and his face with a  
napkin. Jesus said to them: Loose him, and let  
him go.



45 And many of the Jews who had come to Mary,  
 when they saw what Jesus did, believed on him.  
 46 (46) But some of them went to the Pharisees, and  
 47 told them all that Jesus had done.—(47) And the  
 chief priests and Pharisees assembled together, and  
 said: What shall we do? For this man worketh  
 48 many signs. (48) And if we thus let him alone,  
 all the people will believe in him; and the Ro-  
 mans<sup>e</sup> will come, and will take away our place  
 49 and our nation. (49) But, one of them, named  
 Caiaphas, was the high priest of that year; and he  
 50 said to them: Ye know not any thing. (50) Nei-  
 ther do ye consider, that it is expedient for us,  
 that one man die for the people, and not that this  
 51 whole people perish. (51) This he said, however,  
 not from the promptings of his own mind; but be-  
 ing the high priest of that year, he prophesied, that  
 52 Jesus was about to die for the people: (52) and  
 not only for the people,<sup>f</sup> but also that he might  
 collect together the sons of God that were dis-  
 53 persed. (53) And from that day, they plotted to  
 54 kill him.—(54) And Jesus did not walk openly  
 among the Jews; but retired from them to a place  
 near the wilderness, to a town called Ephraim; <sup>g</sup>  
 55 and there he abode with his disciples.—(55) And  
 the passover of the Jews drew near: and many  
 went up from the villages to Jerusalem, before the  
 56 feast, that they might purify themselves. (56) And  
 they sought for Jesus; and they said one to another,  
 in the temple: What think ye? that he will not  
 57 come to the feast? (57) And the chief priests and  
 the Pharisees had commanded that if any one knew  
 where he was, he should make it known to them,  
 that they might take him.

<sup>e</sup> Sy. ܡܫܘܟܝܢ

<sup>f</sup> i. e. the Jews  
in Judca.

<sup>g</sup> Sy. ܡܫܘܟܝܢ

XII. And six days before the passover, Jesus came  
 to Bethany, where was that Lazarus whom Jesus  
 2 raised from the dead. (2) And they made a sup-  
 per for him there: and Martha served, and Laz-  
 3 arus was one of the guests<sup>a</sup> with him. (3) And  
 Mary took an alabaster box of perfume of choice  
 spikenard, of great price; and anointed the feet of  
 Jesus; and she wiped his feet with her hair. And  
 the house was filled with the odor of the perfume.  
 4 (4) Then said Judas Iscariot, one of the disciples, he  
 5 that was about to betray him: (5) Why was not

<sup>a</sup> Sy. recliners.

this ointment sold for three hundred denarii, and given to the poor? (6) And this he said, not because he cared for the poor, but because he was a thief, and held the purse, and carried what was put<sup>b</sup> in it. (7) But Jesus said: Let her alone; she hath kept it for the day of my burial. (8) For the poor are always with you, but I am not with you always. —(9) And great multitudes of the Jews heard that he was there: and they came, not only on account of Jesus, but also that they might see Lazarus, whom he raised from the dead. (10) And the chief priests deliberated about killing even Lazarus: (11) because many of the Jews, on his account, went and believed in Jesus.

And the next day, a great multitude who had come to the feast, when they heard that Jesus was coming to Jerusalem, (13) took boughs of palm-trees, and went out to meet him. And they cried, and said: Hosanna,<sup>c</sup> Blessed is he that cometh in the name of the Lord, the king of Israel! (14) And Jesus found an ass, and sat upon it: as it is written, (15) Fear not, daughter of Sion. Behold, thy king cometh to thee; and he rideth upon a colt, the foal of an ass. (16) These things understood not his disciples, at that time; but when Jesus was glorified, then his disciples remembered that these things were written of him, and that they did them to him.—(17) And the multitude that had been with him, testified that he had called Lazarus from the grave, and raised him from the dead. (18) And for this reason, great multitudes went out to meet him, as they had heard that he wrought this sign. (19) But the Pharisees said, one to another: Do ye see, that ye are gaining nothing? For, lo, the whole world is going after him.

And there were also among the people, some who had come up to worship at the feast. (21) These came, and approached Philip, who was of Bethsaida in Galilee, and said to him: My lord, we are desirous to see Jesus. (22) Philip came and told Andrew; and Andrew and Philip told Jesus. (23) And Jesus answered, and said to them: The hour is come that the Son of man should be glorified. (24) Verily, verily, I say to you, That a kernel of wheat, unless it fall and die in the ground, remaineth alone; but if it die, it produceth numerous fruits.

<sup>b</sup> or, fell into it.

<sup>c</sup> Sy. ܐܘܫܢܢܐ

- 25 (25) He that loveth his life,<sup>d</sup> will lose it; and he that hateth his life, in this world, will preserve it
- 26 unto life<sup>e</sup> everlasting. (26) If any one is servant to me, he will come after me; and where I am, there also will my servant be. Him that serveth
- 27 me, will the Father honor. (27) Behold, now is my soul<sup>f</sup> troubled; and what shall I say? My Father, deliver me from this hour? But for this
- 28 very cause, came I to this hour. (28) Father, glorify thy name! And a voice was heard from heaven: I have glorified [it]; and I will glorify
- 29 [it] again. (29) And the multitude standing by, heard [it]; and they said: There was thunder. But others said: An angel spoke with him.
- 30 (30) Jesus answered, and said to them: This voice was not for my sake, but for yours. (31) Now is the judgment of this world: now the rulers<sup>g</sup> of this
- 32 world is cast out. (32) And I, when I am lifted up from the earth, will draw all men to me.
- 33 (33) And this he said, to show by what manner of death, he was to die.—(34) The multitude said to him: We have heard from the law, that the Messiah abideth for ever: [and] how sayest thou, that the Son of man is to be lifted up? Who is this
- 35 Son of man? (35) Jesus said to them: A short time longer, the light is with you. Walk, while ye have the light, lest the darkness overtake you. He that walketh in the dark, knoweth not whither he
- 36 goeth. (36) While the light is with you, confide in the light; that ye may be children of the light.—These things said Jesus, and departed, and concealed himself from them.
- 37 And although he wrought all these signs before them, they believed him not; (38) that the word of Isaiah the prophet might be fulfilled, who said: My Lord; who hath believed our report? And to whom is the arm of the Lord revealed? (39) For this reason they could not believe, because Isaiah
- 40 said again: (40) They have blinded their eyes, and darkened their hearts; that they might not see with their eyes, and understand with their heart, and be converted; and I should heal them.
- 41 (41) These things spake Isaiah, when he saw his glory, and spoke of him. (42) And of the chiefs<sup>h</sup> also, many believed on him; but on account of the Pharisees, they did not confess [him], lest they

<sup>d</sup> Sy. لصوت<sup>e</sup> Sy. حسب<sup>f</sup> Sy. لصوت<sup>g</sup> Sy. الاصول<sup>h</sup> Sy. تعا

should be put out of the synagogue; (43) for they 43  
 loved the praise of men, more than the praise of  
 God.—(44) And Jesus cried, and said: He that 44  
 believeth in me, believeth not in me, but in him  
 that sent me. (45) And he that seeth me, seeth 45  
 him that sent me. (46) I have come into the 46  
 world, a light, that whoever believeth in me, might  
 not abide in darkness. (47) And whoever shall 47  
 hear my words, and not observe them, I judge him  
 not; for I did not come to judge the world, but to  
 vivify<sup>i</sup> the world. (48) Whoever rejecteth me, 48  
 and receiveth not my words, there is one to judge  
 him; the word which I speak, will judge him, at  
 the last day. (49) For I have not spoken from 49  
 myself; but the Father who sent me, he gave me  
 commandment, what I should speak, and what I  
 should say. (50) And I know that his command- 50  
 ment is life<sup>k</sup> eternal. Therefore, these things which  
 I speak, as my Father hath said to me, so I  
 speak.

<sup>i</sup> or, save.

<sup>k</sup> Sy. **حياة**  
**لكلما**

And before the feast of the passover, Jesus XIII.  
 knew that the hour had come when he should de-  
 part from this world unto the Father. And he  
 loved his own [people], who were in the world;  
 and he loved them unto the end. (2) And when 2  
 the supper was passed, it had been injected by  
 Satan<sup>a</sup> into the heart of Judas Iscariot, the son of  
 Simon, to betray him. (3) And Jesus, because he 3  
 knew that the Father had given all things into his  
 hands; and that he came out from the Father, and  
 was going to God; (4) arose from the supper, and 4  
 laid aside his long garments, and took a linen cloth,  
 and wrapped it about his loins; (5) and poured 5  
 water into a wash-basin, and began to wash the feet  
 of his disciples: and he wiped them with the linen  
 cloth with which he had girded his loins. (6) And 6  
 when he came to Simon Cephas,<sup>b</sup> Simon said to  
 him: Dost thou, my Lord, wash my feet for me?  
 (7) Jesus answered, and said to him: What I do, 7  
 thou understandest not now: but hereafter thou  
 wilt understand. (8) Simon Cephas said to him: 8  
 Never shalt thou wash my feet. Jesus said to him:  
 Unless I wash thee, thou hast no part with me.  
 (9) Simon Cephas said to him: Then, my Lord, not 9  
 my feet only shalt thou wash, but also my hands

<sup>a</sup> Gr. *Simon Peter*.

- 10 and my head. (10) Jesus said to him: He that hath bathed,<sup>c</sup> needeth not but to wash his feet; for he is all clean. And ye also are clean; but not all
- 11 of you. (11) For Jesus knew, who would betray him: therefore he said, Ye are not all clean.—
- 12 (12) And when he had washed their feet, he resumed his long garments,<sup>d</sup> and reclined. And he said to them: Understand ye what I have done to
- 13 you? (13) Ye call me, Our Rabbi, and Our Lord; and ye speak well; for I am so. (14) If then I, your Lord and your Rabbi, have washed your feet, how much more ought ye to wash the feet of one
- 15 another? (15) For I have given you this example, that ye might do, as I have done to you. (16) Verily, verily, I say to you, That no servant is greater
- 17 than he who sent him. (17) If ye know these things, happy will ye be if ye do them. (18) Not of you all, do I speak: I know whom I have chosen. But that the scripture may be fulfilled, He that eateth bread with me, hath lifted his heel
- 19 against me. (19) From this time, I tell you, before it occurs, that when it shall occur, ye may know that I am he. (20) Verily, verily, I say to you: He that receiveth him whom I send, receiveth me; and he that receiveth me, receiveth him that sent me.
- 21 These things said Jesus, and he was agitated in his spirit;<sup>f</sup> and he testified, and said: Verily, verily, I say to you, That one of you will betray
- 22 me. (22) And the disciples stared at one another; because they knew not, of whom he spake. (23) And there was one of his disciples, who was reclining on his bosom, he whom Jesus loved: (24) to him Simon Cephas beckoned, that he should ask him, who it was of whom he spoke. (25) And that disciple fell upon the breast of Jesus, and said to
- 26 him: My Lord, which is he? (26) Jesus answered and said: He it is, to whom I give the bread when I have dipped it. And Jesus dipped the bread, and gave it to Judas Iscariot, the son of
- 27 Simon. (27) And after the bread, then Satan entered into him. And Jesus said to him: What thou doest, do quickly. (28) And no one of those reclining, knew, wherefore he said this to him.
- 29 (29) For some of them supposed, because the purse

<sup>c</sup> Sy. ܕܗܒܝܢ

<sup>d</sup> Sy.

ܕܢܩܘܠܘܢ

<sup>e</sup> Sy. ܕܟܠܗܢ

<sup>f</sup> Sy. ܕܗܘܢܐ

was in the hands of Judas, that Jesus expressly charged him to buy something needful for the feast, or that he should give something to the poor. (30) And Judas took the bread at once, and went out of the house. And it was night when he went out.

<sup>g</sup> Sy.

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<sup>h</sup> Sy.

ⲟⲩⲛ ⲟⲩⲛ

And Jesus said: Now is the Son of man glorified; <sup>g</sup> and God is glorified in him. (32) And if God is glorified in him, God will glorify him in himself; <sup>h</sup> and will glorify him speedily. (33) My children, a little longer I am with you; and ye will seek for me; and, as I said to the Jews, Whither I go ye cannot come, so I now say to you. (34) A new commandment I give to you, that ye be affectionate to each other. As I have loved you, do ye also love one another. (35) By this will every one know that ye are my disciples, if ye have love for each other.—(36) Simon Cephas said to him: Our Lord, whither goest thou? Jesus answered, and said to him: Whither I go, thou canst not now come after me; but thou wilt at last come. (37) Simon Cephas said to him: My Lord, why can I not come after thee? I would lay down my life for thee. (38) Jesus said to him: Wouldst thou lay down thy life for me? Verily, verily, I say to thee, The cock will not crow, until thou hast three times denied me.

Let not your heart be troubled: believe in XIV. God, and, believe in me. (2) There are many mansions in the house of my Father: and if not, I would have told you; for I go to prepare a place for you. (3) And if I go to prepare for you a place, I will come again and take you to myself; that where I am, there ye may be also. (4) And whither I go, ye know; and the way ye know.—(5) Thomas said to him: Our Lord, we know not whither thou goest; and how can we know the way? (6) Jesus said to him: I am the way, and truth, and life: no one cometh unto my Father, but by me. (7) If ye had known me, ye would also have known my Father: and henceforth, ye know him, and have seen him.—(8) Philip said to him: Our Lord, show us the Father, and it will suffice for us. (9) Jesus said to him: Have I been all this time with you, and hast thou not

- known me, Philip? He that seeth me, seeth the Father: and how sayest thou, Show us the Father?
- 10 (10) Believest thou not, that I am in my Father, and my Father in me? And the words which I speak, I speak not from myself: but my Father, who dwelleth in me,<sup>a</sup> he doeth these works.
- 11 (11) Believe, that I am in my Father, and my Father in me. And if not, believe, at least, on
- 12 account of the works. (12) Verily, verily, I say to you: He that believeth in me, the works which I do, will he also do. And greater than these will
- 13 he do, because I go unto my Father. (13) And what ye shall ask in my name, I will do for you; that the Father may be glorified in his Son. (14) And if ye shall ask of me, in my name, I will do
- 15 [it].—(15) If ye love me, keep my commands.
- 16 (16) And I will ask of my Father, and he will give you another Comforter,<sup>b</sup> that he may be with you for ever, (17) the Spirit of truth; whom the world cannot receive, because it seeth him not, and knoweth him not: but ye know him, because he
- 18 abideth with you, and is in you. (18) I shall not leave you orphans: for I shall come to you in a little while. (19) And the world will not see me; but ye will see me. Because I live, ye will live
- 20 also. (20) In that day ye will know, that I am in my Father; and that ye are in me, and I in you.
- 21 (21) He, with whom are my commands, and who keepeth them, he it is that loveth me. And he that loveth me, will be loved by my Father: and I will love him, and will manifest myself to him.
- 22 —(22) Judas,—not Iscariot,—said to him: My Lord, how is it that thou art to manifest thyself to
- 23 us, and not to the world? (23) Jesus answered, and said to him: He that loveth me, observeth my instruction;<sup>c</sup> and my Father will love him, and we will come to him, and make our abode with him.
- 24 (24) But he that loveth me not, observeth not my instruction. And the instruction which ye hear, is not mine, but the Father's who sent me.—(25) These things have I said to you, while I was with you.
- 26 (26) But the Comforter, the Holy Spirit, whom the Father will send in my name, he will teach you every thing, and will remind you of all that I say to
- 27 you. (27) Peace<sup>d</sup> I leave with you; my peace I give to you. It is not as the world<sup>e</sup> giveth, that I

<sup>a</sup> Sy.

ⲓⲟⲩ ⲛⲟⲩ

<sup>b</sup> Sy.

ⲓⲟⲩ ⲛⲟⲩ

from Gr.

παράκλητος.

<sup>c</sup> or, discourse.<sup>d</sup> Sy.

ⲓⲟⲩ

<sup>e</sup> Sy.

ⲓⲟⲩ

give to you. Let not your heart be troubled, nor  
 be afraid. (28) Ye have heard what I said to  
 you that I go away, and come [again] to you. If  
 ye had loved me, ye would have rejoiced, that I go  
 to my Father; for my Father is greater than I.  
 (29) And now, lo, I have told you, before it occur-  
 reth; so that when it shall have occurred, ye may  
 believe. (30) Hereafter I shall not converse much  
 with you; for the ruler<sup>f</sup> of this world cometh, and  
 hath nothing in me. (31) But that the world<sup>g</sup> may  
 know, that I love my Father, and as my Father  
 commanded me, so I do. Arise; let us go hence.

<sup>f</sup> Sy.

ⲛⲓⲛⲁⲛⲓ

<sup>g</sup> Sy. ⲛⲓⲛⲁⲛⲓ

I am the true vine; and my Father is the culti-<sup>XV.</sup>  
 vator. (2) Every branch in me, which yieldeth  
 not fruits, he taketh it away: and that which  
 yieldeth fruits, he cleanseth it, that it may yield  
 more fruits. (3) Ye henceforth are clean, on ac-  
 count of the discourse I have held with you.  
 (4) Abide in me, and I in you. As the branch  
 cannot yield fruits of itself, unless it abide in the  
 vine; so also, neither can ye, unless ye abide in  
 me. (5) I am the vine, and ye are the branches.  
 He that abideth in me, and I in him, he yieldeth  
 much fruit; for without me, ye can do nothing.  
 (6) And if a man abide not in me, he is cast forth  
 as a withered branch; and they gather it up, and  
 cast it into the fire to be burned. (7) But if ye  
 shall abide in me, and my instructions<sup>a</sup> shall abide  
 in you, whatever ye shall be pleased to ask, it will  
 be given to you.—(8) In this is the Father glori-  
 fied, that ye bear much fruit: and ye will be my  
 disciples. (9) As my Father hath loved me, I also  
 have loved you: abide ye in the love of me. (10) If  
 ye shall keep my commands, ye will abide in the  
 love of me, as I have kept the commands of my  
 Father, and abide in his love. (11) These things  
 have I spoken to you, that my joy may be in you,  
 and that your joy may be complete. (12) This is  
 my command, that ye love one another, as I have  
 loved you. (13) There is no greater love than  
 this, that a man lay down his life for his friends.<sup>b</sup>  
 (14) Ye are my friends, if ye do all that I command  
 you. (15) I no longer call you servants; because  
 a servant knoweth not what his lord doeth: but I  
 have called you my friends;<sup>c</sup> because, whatever I

<sup>a</sup> Sy. words.


<sup>b</sup> or, lovers.

<sup>c</sup> Sy. ⲛⲓⲛⲁⲛⲓ



have heard from my Father, I have made known  
 16 to you. (16) It is not ye that chose me, but I that  
 have chosen you; and I have appointed you, that  
 ye also should go and yield fruits, and that your  
 fruits should continue; so that whatever ye may  
 ask of my Father in my name, he may give it you.  
 17 (17) These things I command you, that ye should  
 18 love one another.—(18) And if the world hate you,  
 19 know ye, that it hated me before you. (19) And  
 if ye were of the world, the world would love what  
 is of it. But ye are not of the world, for I have  
 chosen you out of the world; for this cause, the  
 20 world hateth you. (20) Remember the word that  
 I spoke to you, That there is no servant, who is  
 greater than his lord. If they have persecuted me,  
 they will also persecute you; and if they have ob-  
 served my teaching, they will also observe yours.  
 21 (21) But all these things will they do to you, on  
 account of my name, because they know not him  
 22 that sent me. (22) If I had not come and dis-  
 coursed with them, sin would not have been to  
 them; but now there is no excuse for their sins.  
 23 (23) He that hateth me, hateth my Father also.  
 24 (24) If I had not wrought before them works which  
 no other person ever did, sin would not have been  
 to them: but now they have seen, and have hated,  
 25 both me and my Father; (25) so that in them will  
 be fulfilled the word which is written in their law:  
 26 They hated me, without a cause.<sup>d</sup>—(26) But when  
 the Comforter shall come, whom I will send to you  
 from my Father, that Spirit of truth who proceed-  
 27 eth from the Father, He will testify of me. (27)  
 And do ye also testify; for ye have been with me  
 from the beginning.

XVI. These things have I said to you, that ye may  
 2 not be stumbled. (2) For they will eject you from  
 their synagogues: and the hour will come, that  
 whoever shall kill you, will suppose that he pre-  
 3 senteth an offering to God.—(3) And these things  
 will they do, because they have not known either  
 4 my Father, or me. (4) These things have I spoken  
 to you, that when the time of them cometh, ye may  
 recollect, that I told you of them. And I did not  
 tell you these things from the beginning, because I  
 5 was with you. (5) But now, I am going to Him

<sup>d</sup> Sy.   
 gratuitously.

that sent me: and none of you asketh me, Whither  
 goest thou? (6) And because I have told you 6  
 these things, sorrow hath come and hath filled your  
 hearts. (7) But I tell you the truth, that it is 7  
 profitable for you that I go away; for, if I go  
 not away, the Comforter<sup>a</sup> will not come to you;  
 but if I go, I will send him to you. (8) And when 8  
 he is come, he will convict<sup>b</sup> the world of sin, and  
 of righteousness, and of judgment. (9) Of sin, 9  
 because they believe not in me: (10) and of right- 10  
 eousness, because I go to my Father, and ye see  
 me no more: (11) and of judgment, because the 11  
 ruler<sup>c</sup> of this world is judged. (12) Moreover, I 12  
 have much to say to you: but ye cannot compre-  
 hend [it] now. (13) But when the Spirit of truth 13  
 shall come, he will lead you into all the truth.  
 For he will not speak from his own mind; but  
 whatever he heareth, that will he speak: and he  
 will make known to you things to come. (14) He 14  
 will glorify me; because he will receive of what is  
 mine, and will show [it] to you. (15) Whatever<sup>d</sup> 15  
 the Father hath, is mine: therefore said I to you,  
 that he will receive of what is mine, and will show  
 [it] to you.—(16) A little while, and ye will not 16  
 see me; and again a little while, and ye will see  
 me; because I go to the Father. (17) And his dis- 17  
 ciples said one to another: What is this that he  
 saith to us, A little while, and ye will not see me,  
 and again a little while, and ye will see me, because  
 I go to my Father? (18) And they said: What 18  
 is this little while, of which he speaketh? We  
 know not what he saith. (19) And Jesus knew, 19  
 that they desired to ask him; and he said to them:  
 Are ye debating with each other, of what I said to  
 you, A little while, and ye will not see me, and  
 again a little while, and ye will see me? (20) Verily, 20  
 verily, I say to you, That ye will weep and lament;  
 and the world will rejoice, while to you will be  
 sorrow. But your sorrow will be turned to joy.  
 (21) A woman, in bringing forth, hath sorrow, for 21  
 the day of her travail hath come: but when she  
 hath brought forth a son, she remembereth not her  
 anguish, because of the joy that a human being<sup>e</sup> is  
 born into the world. (22) Ye also now have sor- 22  
 row; but I will see you again, and your heart will  
 rejoice, and no one will deprive you of your joy.

<sup>a</sup> Sy.

من مصلح

<sup>b</sup> or, rebuke.

<sup>c</sup> Sy. انصاف

<sup>d</sup> Sy.

كل شيء

<sup>e</sup> Sy. حيوان

23 (23) And in that day ye will ask me nothing. Verily, verily, I say to you, That whatsoever ye shall ask of my Father in my name, he will give to  
 24 you. (24) Hitherto ye have asked nothing in my name. Ask, and ye will receive; that your joy  
 25 may be complete.—(25) These things have I spoken to you in allegories:<sup>f</sup> but the hour will come, when  
 26 I shall not speak to you in allegories, but I will speak to you plainly of the Father. (26) In that  
 27 day ye will ask in my name; and I do not say to you, that I will pray to the Father for you; (27) for  
 28 the Father himself loveth you, because ye have loved me, and have believed that I proceeded from  
 29 the presence of the Father. (28) I proceeded forth from before the Father, and came into the world; and again I leave the world, and go to the Father.  
 30 —(29) His disciples say to him: Lo, now thou speakest plainly, and thou utterest no allegory.  
 31 (30) Now know we, that thou knowest every thing:<sup>g</sup> and thou hast no need, that any one should ask thee: by this we believe, that thou didst proceed  
 32 from God. (31) Jesus said to them: Do ye believe? (32) Behold, the hour cometh, and hath now come, when ye will be dispersed, each to his place; and ye will leave me alone. But I am not alone, for  
 33 the Father is with me. (33) These things have I said to you, that in me ye might have peace. In the world ye will have trouble: but, take courage, I have vanquished the world.

XVII. These things spake Jesus, and lifted up his eyes to heaven, and said: My Father, the hour is come: glorify thy Son, that thy Son may glorify  
 2 thee. (2) As thou hast given him authority<sup>a</sup> over all flesh, that he might give life eternal to as many  
 3 as thou hast given him. (3) And this is life eternal, that they may know thee, that thou art the only true God, and whom thou hast sent, Jesus  
 4 Messiah. (4) I have glorified thee on the earth; the work<sup>b</sup> which thou gavest me to do, I have  
 5 finished. (5) And now, my Father, glorify thou me, with that glory which I had with thee before  
 6 the world was.—(6) I have made known thy name to the men, whom thou gavest me from the world: thine they were, and thou gavest them to me; and  
 7 they have kept thy word. (7) Now I<sup>c</sup> have known,

<sup>f</sup> Sy. ܘܠܗܘܬܐ

<sup>g</sup> Sy. ܡܢ ܥܢܝܢܐ

<sup>a</sup> Sy. ܘܠܗܘܬܐ

<sup>b</sup> Sy. ܡܥܘܠܐ

<sup>c</sup> Gr. they.

that whatever thou hast given me, was from thee. 8  
 (8) For, the words thou gavest to me, I have given to them; and they have received them, and have known certainly, that I came from thy presence; and they have believed that thou didst send me. 9  
 (9) And I pray for them; it is not for the world that I pray, but for them whom thou hast given me, for they are thine. (10) And all that is mine is thine, and what is thine is mine; and I am glorified in them. (11) Henceforth I am not in the world; but these are in the world, and I go to thee. Holy Father, keep them in that thy name, which<sup>d</sup> thou hast given to me; that they may be one, as we are. (12) While I have been with them in the world, I have kept them in thy name. Those thou gavest me, have I kept; and none of them is lost, but the son of perdition,<sup>e</sup> that the scripture might be fulfilled. (13) But now I come to thee; and these things I speak in the world, that my joy may be complete in them. (14) I have given them thy word: and the world hath hated them, because they are not of the world, even as I am not of the world. (15) I pray not, that thou wouldst take them out of the world, but that thou wouldst keep them from evil: (16) for they are not of the world, even as I am not of the world. (17) Father, sanctify them by thy truth, thy word is the truth. (18) As thou didst send me into the world, so have I also sent them into the world. (19) And for their sakes I sanctify myself, that they also may be sanctified by the truth.—(20) And it is not for them only that I pray, but also for those who shall believe in me through their discourse:<sup>f</sup> (21) that they all may be one; as thou, my Father, [art] in me, and I in thee; that they also may be one in us; so that the world may believe, that thou didst send me. (22) And the glory which thou gavest me, I have given them; that they may be one, as we are one. (23) I in them, and thou in me; that they may be perfected into one; and that the world may know that thou didst send me, and that thou hast loved them as also thou hast loved me. (24) Father, I desire that those whom thou hast given me, may also be with me where I am; that they may see that glory of mine which thou hast given me, as thou lovedst me before the foun-

<sup>d</sup> or. *which name.*

<sup>e</sup> Sy. ⲛⲓⲁⲓⲛⲓⲁⲓ

<sup>f</sup> Sy. ⲛⲓⲁⲓⲛⲓⲁⲓ

25 dation of the world. (25) My righteous Father,  
the world hath not known thee; but I have known  
thee, and these have known, that thou didst send  
26 me. (26) And I have made known to them thy  
name; and I will make it known; so that the love,  
with which thou lovedst me, may be in them, and  
I in them.

XVIII. These things spake Jesus, and went forth  
with his disciples over the brook Cedron,<sup>a</sup> where  
there was a garden, into which he and his disciples  
2 entered. (2) And Judas also, the betrayer, knew  
the place; because Jesus often there met with his  
3 disciples. (3) Then Judas received a regiment,<sup>b</sup>  
and from the presence of the chief priests and  
Pharisees he had officials;<sup>c</sup> and he came to the place  
4 with lanterns and lamps and weapons.—(4) And  
Jesus, as he knew every thing that was to befall  
him, went forth and said to them: Whom seek ye?  
5 (5) They say to him: Jesus the Nazarean. Jesus  
said to them: I am he. And Judas the betrayer  
6 was also standing with them. (6) And when Jesus  
said to them, I am he, they drew back and fell  
7 upon the ground. (7) And again Jesus asked  
them: Whom seek ye? And they said: Jesus the  
8 Nazarean. (8) Jesus said to them: I have told  
you that I am he; and if ye seek me, let these go  
9 away: (9) that the speech might be fulfilled, which  
he uttered: Of them, whom thou hast given me, I  
10 have lost not even one.—(10) And Simon Cephas  
had upon him a sword; and he drew it, and smote  
a servant of the high priest, and cut off his right  
ear. And the servant's name was Malchus.<sup>d</sup>  
11 (11) And Jesus said to Cephas: Put the sword  
into its sheath. The cup which my Father hath  
given me, shall I not drink it?  
12 Then the regiment and the chiliarch<sup>e</sup> and the  
officials of the Jews laid hold of Jesus, and bound  
13 him; (13) and they led him first to the presence  
of Annas;<sup>f</sup> for he was father-in-law to Caiaphas,  
14 who was the high priest of that year. (14) And  
it was Caiaphas<sup>g</sup> who counselled the Jews, that it  
was expedient, one man should die for the people.  
15 —(15) And Simon Cephas and one other of the  
disciples went after Jesus. And that other disciple  
knew the high priest; and he entered with Jesus

<sup>a</sup> Sy. صِدْرَج

<sup>b</sup> Sy. اَهْصَب

Gr. σπειρα.

Lat. *cohors*.

<sup>c</sup> Sy. دِسْقَا

<sup>d</sup> Sy. مَلِكِر

<sup>e</sup> Sy.

صَلْبَتِي

<sup>f</sup> Sy. سَلْب

<sup>g</sup> Sy. صَلْبَا

into the hall. (16) But Simon stood without at 16  
 the door; and that other disciple, who knew the  
 high priest, went out and spoke to the doorkeeper,  
 and brought in Simon. (17) And the maid who 17  
 kept the door, said to Simon: Art not thou also  
 one of this man's disciples? And he said: I am  
 not. (18) And the servants and officials were 18  
 standing, and had placed a fire to warm themselves.  
 —(19) And the high priest interrogated Jesus re- 19  
 specting his disciples, and respecting his doctrine.  
 (20) And Jesus said to him: I have discoursed 20  
 openly with the people, and have at all times  
 taught in the synagogue and in the temple, where  
 all the Jews assemble; and I have uttered nothing  
 in private. (21) Why dost thou interrogate me? 21  
 Ask them who have heard, what I said to them:  
 lo, they know what I have said. (22) And as he 22  
 said these things, one of the officials standing by,  
 smote the cheek of Jesus, and said to him: Givest  
 thou such an answer to the high priest? (23) Jesus 23  
 replied, and said to him: If I have spoken evil,  
 bear witness of that evil; but if well, why smitest  
 thou me? (24) Now Annas had sent Jesus bound 24  
 to Caiaphas the high priest.—(25) And Simon 25  
 Cephas was standing and warming himself; and  
 they said to him: Art not thou also one of his disci-  
 ples? And he denied, and said: I am not. (26) And 26  
 one of the servants of the high priest, a kinsman  
 of him whose ear Simon cut off, said to him: Did  
 I not see thee with him in the garden? (27) And 27  
 again Simon denied: and at that moment<sup>b</sup> the  
 cock crew.

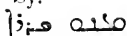
<sup>b</sup> Sy. *hour.*


<sup>c</sup> Sy.


ⲉⲛⲁⲓⲛⲁⲓⲛⲁⲓ  
 Lat. *Præto-*  
*rium.*

And they led Jesus from the presence of Caia- 28  
 phas unto the Prætorium;<sup>i</sup> and it was morning.  
 But they did not enter the Prætorium, lest they  
 should defile themselves before they had eaten the  
 passover. (29) And Pilate went forth to them 29  
 without, and said to them: What accusation have  
 ye against this man? (30) They replied, and said 30  
 to him: If he were not a malefactor, we should not  
 have delivered him up to thee. (31) Pilate said to 31  
 them: Take ye him, and judge him according to  
 your law. The Jews said to him: It is not lawful  
 for us to put a man to death: (32) that the speech 32  
 of Jesus might be fulfilled, when he made known  
 by what death he was to die. (33) And Pilate 33


went into the Praetorium, and called Jesus, and said to him: Art thou the king of the Jews?  
 34 (34) Jesus said to him: Sayest thou this of thyself,  
 35 or have others said [it] to thee of me? (35) Pilate said to him: Am I a Jew? Thy countrymen and the chief priests have delivered thee to me. What  
 36 hast thou done? (36) Jesus said to him: My kingdom is not of this world. If my kingdom were of this world, my servants would have fought, that I might not be delivered up to the Jews: but now,  
 37 my kingdom is not from hence. (37) Pilate said to him: Then thou art a king? Jesus said to him: Thou hast said, that I am a king. For this was I born; and for this came I into the world, that I might bear testimony to the truth. Every one that  
 38 is of the truth, heareth my voice. (38) Pilate said to him: What is the truth?<sup>k</sup> And as he said this, he went out again to the Jews, and said to them:  
 39 I find not any crime in him. (39) And ye have a custom that I should release one to you at the pass-over; will ye, therefore, that I release to you this  
 40 king of the Jews? (40) And they all cried out, and said: Not this man, but Barabbas.<sup>l</sup> Now this  
 XIX. Barabbas was a robber.<sup>m</sup>—XIX. Then Pilate  
 2 scourged Jesus. (2) And the soldiers braided a crown of thorns, and put it on his head; and they  
 3 clothed him in purple garments: (3) and they said: Hail,<sup>a</sup> king of the Jews! and smote him on his  
 4 cheeks. (4) And Pilate went out again, and said to them: Lo, I bring him out to you, that ye may know that I find against him no offence whatever.  
 5 (5) And Jesus went forth, having on him the crown of thorns, and the purple garments. And  
 6 Pilate said to them: Behold, the man! (6) And when the chief priests and officials saw him, they cried out, and said: Hang<sup>b</sup> him; hang him. Pilate said to them: Take ye him, and crucify<sup>c</sup>  
 7 him; for I find no offence in him. (7) The Jews say to him: We have a law, and, according to our law, he deserveth death, because he made himself  
 8 the Son of God. (8) And when Pilate heard that declaration, he feared the more. (9) And he went again into the Praetorium; and he said to Jesus: Whence art thou? And Jesus gave him no an-  
 10 swer. (10) Pilate said to him: Wilt thou not speak to me? Knowest thou not, that I have au-

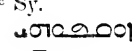
<sup>k</sup> Sy. 

<sup>l</sup> Sy. 

<sup>m</sup> Sy. 

<sup>a</sup> Sy. *Peace to thee.*

<sup>b</sup> Sy. 

<sup>c</sup> Sy. 

- <sup>d</sup> Sy. ⲓⲛⲁⲓⲛⲓⲛⲓ thority<sup>d</sup> to release thee, and have authority to crucify thee? (11) Jesus said to him: Thou wouldst 11  
 have no authority at all over me, if it were not given to thee from on high: therefore his sin who delivered me up to thee, is greater than thine. (12) And for this reason, Pilate was disposed to 12  
 release him. But the Jews cried out: If thou release this man, thou art not Caesar's friend: for whoever maketh himself a king, is the adversary of Caesar. (13) And when Pilate heard this declaration, he brought Jesus forth, and sat upon the 13  
 tribunal, in a place called the pavement of stones: but in Hebrew it is called Gabbatha.<sup>e</sup> (14) And 14  
<sup>e</sup> Sy. Ⲅⲁⲃⲃⲁⲥⲁ = *Gabbatha.* it was the preparation for the passover: and it was about the sixth hour. And he said to the Jews: Behold, your king. (15) But they cried out: 15  
<sup>f</sup> Sy. Ⲅⲁⲃⲃⲁⲥⲁ Away with him, away with him: hang<sup>f</sup> him, hang<sup>f</sup> him. Pilate said to them: Shall I crucify<sup>g</sup> your king? The chief priests said to him: We 16  
<sup>g</sup> Sy. ⲉⲃⲣⲱⲥⲓⲛⲓ have no king, but Caesar. (16) Then he delivered 16  
 him to them, that they might crucify him.  
 And they took Jesus, and led him away, (17) 17  
<sup>h</sup> Sy. Ⲅⲟⲗⲗⲟⲥⲁ = *Golgatha.* bearing his cross, to a place called a Skull, and in Hebrew called Golgotha;<sup>h</sup> (18) where they crucified him; and two others with him, the one on this side, and the other on that, and Jesus in the middle. (19) And Pilate also wrote a tablet, and affixed it to his cross. And thus it was written: THIS IS JESUS THE NAZAREAN, KING OF THE JEWS. (20) And many of the Jews read this label; because the place where Jesus was crucified, was 20  
 near to Jerusalem; and it was written in Hebrew and Greek and Latin.<sup>i</sup> (21) And the chief priests 21  
<sup>i</sup> Sy. Ⲅⲟⲗⲗⲟⲥⲁ said to Pilate: Write not that he is king of the Jews, but that he said I am king of the Jews. (22) Pilate said: What I have written, I have 22  
 written.—(23) And the soldiers, when they had crucified Jesus, took his garments and made four 23  
 parcels of them, a parcel for each of the soldiers. And his tunic<sup>k</sup> was without seam from the top, woven throughout. (24) And they said one to 24  
<sup>k</sup> Sy. ⲉⲃⲣⲱⲥⲓⲛⲓ another: We will not rend it, but will cast the lot upon it, whose it shall be. And the scripture was fulfilled, which said: They divided my garments among them; and upon my vesture they cast the lot. These things did the soldiers.—(25) And 25



there were standing near the cross of Jesus, his mother, and his mother's sister, and Mary [the wife] of Cleophas, and Mary Magdalena. (26) And Jesus saw his mother, and that disciple whom he loved, standing by, and he said to his mother: 27 Woman, behold, thy son. (27) And he said to that disciple: Behold, thy mother. And from that hour, the disciple took her near himself.— 28 (28) After these things, Jesus knew that every thing was finished; and, that the scripture might 29 be fulfilled, he said: I thirst. (29) And a vessel was standing there, full of vinegar. And they filled a sponge with the vinegar, and put it on a 30 hyssop [stalk], and bore it to his mouth. (30) And when Jesus had received the vinegar, he said: Lo; Done. And he bowed his head, and yielded up his spirit.<sup>1</sup>

31 And because it was the preparation,<sup>m</sup> the Jews said: These bodies must not remain all night upon the cross: because the sabbath was dawning;<sup>n</sup> and the day of that sabbath was a great day. And they requested of Pilate, that they should break the legs of those crucified, and take them down. 32 (32) And the soldiers came, and broke the legs of the first, and of the other that was crucified with 33 him. (33) But when they came to Jesus, they saw that he was already dead; and they broke not 34 his legs. (34) But one of the soldiers thrust a spear into his side; and immediately there issued 35 out blood and water.—(35) And he who saw [it], hath testified: and his testimony is true: and he knoweth, that he speaketh the truth, that ye also 36 may believe. (36) For these things occurred, that the scripture might be fulfilled, which said: A 37 bone of him shall not be broken. (37) And again another scripture, which saith: They will look on him, whom they pierced.

38 After these things, Joseph of Ramath, (for he was a disciple of Jesus, and kept concealed through fear of the Jews,) requested of Pilate, that he might take away the body of Jesus. And Pilate permitted. And he came, and bore away the body 39 of Jesus. (39) And there came also Nicodemus, (he who previously came to Jesus by night,) and he brought with him a compound of myrrh and 40 aloes, about a hundred pounds.<sup>o</sup> (40) And they

<sup>1</sup> Sy. ܩܘܕܫܐ<sup>m</sup> i. e. *Friday*.<sup>n</sup> or, *coming on*.<sup>o</sup> Sy. ܩܘܕܫܐ= Gr. λίτραι.

bore away the body of Jesus, and wound it in  
linens and aromatics, as it is the custom of the  
Jews to bury. (41) And there was a garden in 41  
the place where Jesus was crucified, and in the  
garden a new sepulchre in which no person had  
ever been laid. (42) And there they laid Jesus, 42  
because the sabbath had commenced, and because  
the sepulchre was near.

And the first day of the week, in the morning. XX.  
while it was yet dark, Mary Magdalena came to the  
sepulchre: and she saw that the stone was removed  
from the grave. (2) And she ran, and came to 2  
Simon Cephas, and to that other disciple whom  
Jesus loved, and said to them: They have taken  
away our Lord from the sepulchre, and I know not  
where they have laid him. (3) And Simon set 3  
out, and the other disciple, and they were going to  
the sepulchre. (4) And they both ran together; 4  
but that disciple outran Simon, and came first to  
the sepulchre. (5) And he looked in, and saw the 5  
linen cloths lying: but he did not go in. (6) And 6  
after him came Simon; and he entered the sepul-  
chre, and saw the linen cloths lying; (7) and the 7  
napkin, that had been wrapped about his head, was  
not with the linen cloths, but was folded up, and  
laid in a place by itself. (8) Then entered also the 8  
disciple who came first to the sepulchre; and he  
saw, and believed. (9) For they had not yet 9  
learned<sup>a</sup> from the scriptures, that he was to arise  
from the dead. (10) And those disciples went 10  
away again to their place.—(11) But Mary re- 11  
mained standing at the sepulchre, and weeping;  
and as she wept, she looked into the sepulchre,  
(12) and saw two angels in white, who were sitting, 12  
one at the pillows and one at the feet, where the  
body of Jesus was laid. (13) And they said to 13  
her: Woman, why weepest thou? She said to  
them: Because they have taken away my Lord,  
and I know not where they have laid him.  
(14) Having said this, she turned round, and saw 14  
Jesus standing, but did not know that it was Jesus.  
(15) Jesus said to her: Woman, why weepest thou? 15  
and, whom dost thou seek? And she supposed  
that he was the gardener: and she said to him:  
My lord, if thou hast borne him away, tell me

<sup>a</sup> Sy. *known*.

where thou hast laid him, [and] I will go and take  
 16 him away. (16) Jesus said to her: Mary! And  
 she turned, and said to him in Hebrew: Rabbuni;<sup>b</sup>  
 17 which is interpreted Teacher.<sup>c</sup> (17) Jesus said to  
 her: Touch me not; for not yet have I ascended  
 to my Father. But go to my brethren, and say to  
 18 them: I ascend to my Father and your Father, and  
 to my God and your God. (18) Then came Mary  
 Magdalena, and told the disciples that she had seen  
 our Lord; and that he had said these things to her.  
 19 And on the evening of that first day of the week,  
 the doors being shut where the disciples were, for  
 fear of the Jews, Jesus came, and stood in the midst  
 of them, and said to them: Peace be with you.<sup>d</sup>  
 20 (20) Having said this, he showed them his hands  
 and his side. And the disciples rejoiced, when  
 21 they saw our Lord. (21) And Jesus said to them:  
 Peace be with you. As my Father hath sent me,  
 22 I also send you. (22) And as he said these things,  
 he breathed on them, and said to them: Receive ye  
 23 the Holy Spirit. (23) If ye shall remit<sup>e</sup> sins to any  
 one, they will be remitted to him; and if ye shall  
 retain<sup>f</sup> [those] of any one, they will be retained.  
 24 But Thomas, who was called the Twin,<sup>g</sup> one of  
 the twelve, was not there with them, when Jesus  
 25 came. (25) And the disciples said to him: We  
 have seen our Lord. But he said to them: Unless  
 I see in his hands the places of the nails, and put  
 my fingers into them, and extend my hand to his  
 26 side, I will not believe.—(26) And after eight days,  
 the disciples were again within, and Thomas with  
 them: and Jesus came, while the doors were closed,  
 stood in the midst, and said to them: Peace be  
 27 with you. (27) And he said to Thomas: Reach  
 hither thy finger, and look at my hands; and reach  
 out thy hand and extend it to my side: and be not  
 28 incredulous, but believing. (28) And Thomas  
 answered, and said to him: My Lord, and my  
 29 God!<sup>h</sup> (29) Jesus said to him: Now, when thou  
 hast seen me, thou believest: blessed are they, who  
 30 have not seen me, yet believe.—(30) And many  
 other signs did Jesus before his disciples, which are  
 31 not written in this book. (31) But these are writ-  
 ten, that ye may believe that Jesus is the Messiah,  
 the Son of God; and that when ye believe, ye may  
 have life eternal by his name.

<sup>b</sup> Sy. رَّبُّنِي<sup>c</sup> Sy. مُعَلِّمِي<sup>d</sup> Sy. سَلَامٌ

صَلَامٌ

<sup>e</sup> Sy.


لَمْحَمَمٌ


<sup>f</sup> Sy. لَمْحَمَمٌ<sup>g</sup> Sy. تَمِيمٌ<sup>h</sup> Sy. مَلِكِي

وَاللَّاهُ


After these things, Jesus showed himself again XXI.  
 to his disciples, at the sea of Tiberias: and he  
 showed himself thus: (2) There were together, 2  
 Simon Cephas, and Thomas called the Twin, and  
 Nathaniel who was of Cana<sup>a</sup> in Galilee, and the  
 sons of Zebedee, and two other of the disciples.  
 (3) Simon Cephas said to them: I will go [and] 3  
 catch fishes. They said to him: We will go with  
 thee. And they went, and embarked in a ship:  
 and that night, they caught nothing. (4) And 4  
 when it was morning, Jesus stood on the shore of  
 the sea: and the disciples did not know that it was  
 Jesus. (5) And Jesus said to them: Lads,<sup>b</sup> have 5  
 ye any thing to eat? They say to him: No.  
 (6) He said to them: Cast your net on the right 6  
 side of the ship, and ye will find them. And they  
 cast; and they could not draw up the net, because  
 of the multitude of fishes it contained. (7) And 7  
 that disciple whom Jesus loved, said to Cephas:  
 That is our Lord. And Simon, when he heard  
 that it was our Lord, took his tunic, and girded his  
 loins, (for he had been naked,) and threw himself  
 into the sea, to go to Jesus. (8) But the other 8  
 disciples came in the ship, (for they were not very  
 far from the land, only about two hundred cubits,)  
 and they dragged the net with the fishes. (9) And 9  
 when they came upon the land, they saw coals  
 placed, and fish laid on them, and bread. (10) And 10  
 Jesus said to them: Bring [some] of the fishes,  
 which ye have just caught. (11) And Simon 11  
 Cephas embarked, and drew the net to land, full of  
 huge fishes, one hundred and fifty and three. And  
 with all this weight, the net was not rent.—(12) And 12  
 Jesus said to them: Come and dine. And no one  
 of the disciples presumed to ask him, who he was;  
 for they knew that it was our Lord. (13) And 13  
 Jesus came, and took bread and fishes, and gave to  
 his disciples. (14) This is the third time that 14  
 Jesus appeared to his disciples when he had arisen  
 from the dead.

And when they had dined, Jesus said to Simon 15  
 Cephas: Simon, son of Jonas, lovest thou me, more  
 than these do? He said to him: Yes, my Lord:  
 thou knowest that I love thee. Jesus said to him:  
 Feed my lambs for me. (16) Again, he said to 16  
 him the second time: Simon, son of Jonas, lovest

<sup>a</sup> Sy. 

<sup>b</sup> Sy. 

- thou me? He said to him: Yes, my Lord; thou knowest that I love thee. Jesus said to him: Feed  
 17 my sheep for me. (17) Again, Jesus said to him the third time: Simon, son of Jonas, lovest thou me? And it grieved Cephas, that he said to him the third time, Lovest thou me; and he said to him: My Lord, thou understandest<sup>c</sup> all things, thou knowest that I love thee. Jesus said to him:  
 18 Feed my sheep for me. (18) Verily, verily, I say to thee: When thou wast young, thou girdedst thy own loins, and walkedst whither it pleased thee: but when thou shalt be old, thou wilt extend thy hands, and another will gird thy loins for thee, and will conduct thee whither thou wouldst not.  
 19 (19) And this he said, to show by what death he was to glorify God. And having said these things,  
 20 he said to him: Follow me.—(20) And Simon turned himself, and saw coming after him, that disciple whom Jesus loved, who fell on the breast of Jesus at the supper, and said, My Lord, who is it  
 21 it will betray thee? (21) Him Cephas saw, and said to Jesus: My Lord, as for this man, what?  
 22 (22) Jesus said to him: If I will, that he abide here until I come, what [is that] to thee? Follow  
 23 thou me. (23) And this saying went forth among the brethren, that this disciple would not die. Yet Jesus did not say, that he would not die; but, If I will that he abide here until I come, what [is that] to thee.  
 24 This is the disciple who hath testified of all these things, and hath written them: and we know,  
 25 that his testimony is true.—(25) And there are also many other things, which Jesus did; which, if written out with particularity,<sup>d</sup> the world itself, as I suppose, would not suffice for the books that would be written.

<sup>c</sup> Sy. 

<sup>d</sup> Sy. *one by one.*

*Completion of the Holy Gospel, the announcement of John the Evangelist; which he uttered, in Greek, at Ephesus.*

: ܘܢܘܨܘܢܐ ܘܢܘܨܘܢܐ ܘܢܘܨܘܢܐ ܘܢܘܨܘܢܐ ܘܢܘܨܘܢܐ : ܘܢܘܨܘܢܐ ܘܢܘܨܘܢܐ ܘܢܘܨܘܢܐ ܘܢܘܨܘܢܐ ܘܢܘܨܘܢܐ :  
 ܘܢܘܨܘܢܐ ܘܢܘܨܘܢܐ ܘܢܘܨܘܢܐ ܘܢܘܨܘܢܐ ܘܢܘܨܘܢܐ ܘܢܘܨܘܢܐ ܘܢܘܨܘܢܐ ܘܢܘܨܘܢܐ ܘܢܘܨܘܢܐ ܘܢܘܨܘܢܐ :

**The Book of Acts; that is, Narratives of the Blessed Legates:**

Compiled by Saint Luke, the Evangelist.


<sup>a</sup> or, *Apostles*.

<sup>b</sup> Sy. ܘܢܘܨܘܢܐ


THE former book have I written, O Theophilus, 1.  
 concerning all the things which our Lord Jesus  
 Messiah began to do and teach, (2) until the day 2  
 when he was taken up, after he had instructed  
 those legates<sup>a</sup> whom he had chosen by the Holy 3  
 Spirit. (3) To whom also he showed himself alive 3  
 after he had suffered, by numerous signs, during  
 forty days, while he was seen by them, and spoke  
 of the kingdom of God. (4) And when he had 4  
 eaten bread with them, he instructed them not to  
 depart from Jerusalem, but to wait for the promise  
 of the Father, which (said he) ye have heard from  
 me. (5) For John baptized with water; but ye 5  
 will be baptized with the Holy Spirit after not  
 many days.—(6) And they, when assembled, asked 6  
 him and said to him: Our Lord, wilt thou at this  
 time restore the kingdom to Israel? (7) He said 7  
 to them: It is not yours, to know the time or times  
 which God hath placed in his own power. (8) But 8  
 when the Holy Spirit shall come upon you, ye will  
 receive energy,<sup>b</sup> and will be witnesses for me in  
 Jerusalem, and in all Judæa, and also among the  
 Samaritans, and unto the ends of the earth.—  
 (9) And when he had said these things, while they 9  
 beheld him, he was taken up, and a cloud received  
 him, and he was hidden from their eyes. (10) And 10  
 while they were looking toward heaven, as he de-  
 parted, two men were found standing near them,  
 in white garments, (11) and saying to them: Ye 11  
 Galilean men, why stand ye and look toward  
 heaven? This Jesus, who is taken up from you  
 to heaven, will so come, as ye have seen him as-  
 cend to heaven.

- 12 And afterwards they returned to Jerusalem from the mount called the place of Olives, which was near to Jerusalem, and distant from it about seven<sup>c</sup> furlongs. (13) And when they had entered, they went to an upper chamber; where were Peter, and John, and James, and Andrew, and Philip, and Thomas, and Matthew, and Bartholomew, and James the son of Alpheus, and Simon Zelotes,<sup>d</sup> and Judas the son of James. (14) All these unitedly persevered in prayer, with one soul,<sup>e</sup> together with the women, and with Mary the mother of Jesus, and with his brothers.—(15) And in those days stood up Simon Cephas in the midst of the disciples, (the persons there assembled being about one hundred and twenty,) and said: (16) Men, brethren, it was right<sup>f</sup> that the scripture should be fulfilled, which the Holy Spirit spake, by the mouth of David, concerning Judas who was guide to them that apprehended Jesus. (17) For he was numbered with us, and had a part<sup>g</sup> in this ministry. (18) He purchased a field with the wages of sin; and he fell upon his face on the ground, and burst in the middle, and all his entrails were poured out. (19) And this was known to all that dwelt at Jerusalem; so that the field was called, in the language of the country, *Aceldama*,<sup>h</sup> which is interpreted Field of Blood. (20) For it is written, in the book of Psalms: Let his habitation be desolate, and let no resident be in it; and let another take his service.<sup>i</sup> (21) It should therefore be, that one of these persons, who have been with us all the time that our Lord Jesus went in and out with us, (22) commencing from the baptism of John, unto the day he was taken up from us,—should be, with us, a witness of his resurrection. (23) And they proposed two, Joseph called Barsabas, whose surname was Justus, and Matthias. (24) And when they had prayed, they said: Thou, Lord, knowest what is in the hearts of all, manifest which thou hast chosen of these two, (25) that he should take part<sup>k</sup> in this ministry and legateship,<sup>l</sup> from which Judas broke away, that he might go to his own place. (26) And they cast lots, and it came upon Matthias; and he was numbered with the eleven legates.<sup>m</sup>

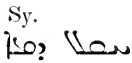
<sup>c</sup> Gr. *a sabbath day's journey.*

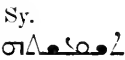
<sup>d</sup> Sy. 

<sup>e</sup> Sy. 

<sup>f</sup> Sy. 

<sup>g</sup> or, *lot.*

<sup>h</sup> Sy. 

<sup>i</sup> Sy. 

<sup>k</sup> or, *lot.*

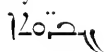
<sup>l</sup> or, *apostleship.*

<sup>m</sup> or, *Apostles.*

	And when the days of pentecost were fully come, II.	2
<sup>a</sup> Sy. ܕܘܨܘܘܬܐ	while they were all assembled together, (2) suddenly there was a sound from heaven, as of a violent wind; <sup>a</sup> and the whole house where they were sitting was filled with it. (3) And there appeared to them tongues, which were divided like flame; <sup>b</sup> and they rested upon each of them. (4)	3
<sup>b</sup> or, fire.		4
<sup>c</sup> Sy. ܕܘܨܘܘܬܐ	And they were all filled with the Holy Spirit, <sup>c</sup> and began to speak in diverse languages, as the Spirit gave them to speak. (5) Now there were resident at Jerusalem persons who feared God, Jews from all the nations under heaven. (6) And when that sound occurred, all the people collected together; and they were agitated, because they every one heard them speaking in their own languages. (7) And they were all astonished, and wondered, saying one to another: All these who speak, behold, are they not Galileans? (8) And how do we hear, each his own language, in which we were born? (9) Parthians, and Medes, and Elamites, and those dwelling between the rivers, <sup>d</sup> Jews and Cappadocians, and those from the region of Pontus and of Asia, (10) and those from the region of Phrygia, and of Pamphylia, and of Egypt, and of the parts of Lybia near Cyrene, and those who have come from Rome, Jews and proselytes; <sup>e</sup> (11) and those from Crete, and Arabians.—Lo, we hear them speak in our own languages the wonders of God. (12) And they all wondered and were astonished, saying one to another: From whom is this thing? (13) Others however ridiculed them, saying: They have drunken new wine, and are intoxicated.	5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13
<sup>d</sup> Gr. <i>Mesopotamio.</i>		10
<sup>e</sup> Sy. ܕܘܨܘܘܬܐ	And afterwards Simon Cephas rose up, with the eleven legates, and elevated his voice, and said to them: Men, Jews, and all ye that reside at Jerusalem; be this known to you, and hearken ye to my words. (15) For these are not intoxicated, as ye suppose: for lo, it is yet but the third hour. <sup>f</sup> (16) But this is what was spoken by Joel the prophet: (17) It shall be in the last days, saith God, that I will pour my Spirit upon all flesh: and your sons shall prophesy, and your daughters; and your young men shall see visions, and your old men shall dream dreams. (18) And upon my servants and my handmaids will I pour my	11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18
<sup>f</sup> or, middle of the forenoon.		15
<sup>g</sup> or, Elders.		18



Spirit, in those days, and they shall prophesy.  
 19 (19) And I will give signs in heaven, and prodigies<sup>b</sup> on earth, blood, and fire, and vapor of smoke.  
 20 (20) And the sun shall be turned into darkness, and the moon into blood, before that great and  
 21 fearful day of the Lord come. (21) And it shall be, that whoever will call on the name of the Lord,  
 22 shall live.<sup>i</sup> (22) Men, sons of Israel, hear ye these words: Jesus the Nazarean, a man made manifest among you by God, by those deeds of power and prodigies which God wrought among you by his  
 23 hand, as ye yourselves know; (23) him, being hereto appointed<sup>k</sup> by the prescience and the good pleasure of God,—ye have delivered into the hands of the wicked; and have crucified and slain.  
 24 (24) But God hath resuscitated him, and hath loosed the cords<sup>l</sup> of the grave; because it could not be,  
 25 that he should be held in the grave.<sup>m</sup> (25) For David said of him: I foresaw my Lord at all times; for he is on my right hand, so that I shall  
 26 not be moved. (26) Therefore my heart doth rejoice, and my glory exult, and also my body shall  
 27 abide in hope. (27) For thou wilt not leave my soul in the grave, nor wilt thou give thy pious one  
 28 to see corruption. (28) Thou hast revealed to me the path of life; thou wilt fill me with joy with  
 29 thy presence. (29) Men, brethren, I may speak to you explicitly of the patriarch David, that he died, and also was buried: and his sepulchre is with  
 30 us to this day. (30) For he was a prophet, and he knew, that God had sworn to him by an oath: Of the fruit of thy bowels, I will seat [one] on thy  
 31 throne. (31) And he foresaw, and spoke of the resurrection of Messiah, that he was not left in the grave, neither did his body see corruption.  
 32 (32) This Jesus hath God resuscitated; and we all  
 33 are his witnesses. (33) And he it is, who is exalted by the right hand of God, and hath received from the Father a promise respecting the Holy Spirit, and hath sent this gift which, lo, ye see and  
 34 hear. (34) For David hath not ascended into heaven; because he himself said: The Lord said to  
 35 my Lord, seat thyself at my right hand, (35) until I shall place thy enemies a footstool to thy feet.  
 36 (36) Therefore, let all the house of Israel know,

<sup>h</sup> Sy.

<sup>i</sup> or, *be saved.*<sup>k</sup> Sy. *separated.*<sup>l</sup> or, *gangs.*<sup>m</sup> Sy. 

assuredly, that God hath made that Jesus whom ye crucified, to be Lord and Messiah.

And when they heard these things, they were agitated in their heart; and they said to Simon and to the rest of the legates: Brethren, what shall we do? (38) Simon said to them: Repent, and be baptized every one of you, in the name of the Lord Jesus, for the remission of sins; so that ye may receive the gift of the Holy Spirit. (39) For the promise is to you, and to your children, and to all those afar off whom God will call. (40) And in many other words he testified to them, and entreated of them, saying: Live ye<sup>a</sup> from this perverse generation.—(41) And some of them readily received his discourse, and believed, and were baptized. And there were added, on that day, about three thousand souls.<sup>o</sup> (42) And they persevered in the doctrine of the legates;<sup>p</sup> and were associated together in prayer, and in breaking the eucharist.<sup>r</sup>—(43) And fear was on every mind: and many signs and prodigies were [wrought] by the hand of the legates in Jerusalem. (44) And all they who believed, were together; and whatever belonged to them, was of the community. (45) And they who had a possession, sold it, and divided to each one as he had need. (46) And they continued daily in the temple, with one soul: and at home, they broke bread and took food rejoicing, and in the simplicity of their heart. (47) And they praised God, and had favor with all the people. And our Lord added daily to the assembly those who became alive.

And it occurred, as Simon Cephas and John III. went together up to the temple, at the time of prayer, being the ninth hour, (2) that, lo, those accustomed to bring a man lame from his mother's womb, brought him and laid him at the gate of the temple called Beautiful; that he might ask alms of those going into the temple. (3) This man, when he saw Simon and John going into the temple, asked them to give him alms. (4) And Simon and John looked on him, and said to him: Look on us. (5) And he looked on them, expecting to receive something from them. (6) Simon said to him: Gold and silver, I have not; but what I have,

<sup>a</sup> or, *be saved.*

<sup>o</sup> or, *persons.*

<sup>p</sup> or, *Apostles.*

<sup>r</sup> *Sy.*

ⲉⲩⲱⲛⲁⲓⲛⲁⲓ  
= Gr. εὐχα-  
ριστία.

I give to thee; in the name of our Lord Jesus  
 7 Messiah, the Nazarean, rise up and walk. (7) And  
 he took him by the right hand, and raised him  
 up: and forthwith, his feet and his heels recover-  
 8 ed strength. (8) And he sprang, stood up, and  
 walked: and he entered with them into the temple,  
 9 walking, and leaping, and praising God. (9) And all  
 the people saw him, as he walked and praised God.  
 10 (10) And they knew that he was the beggar, who  
 sat daily and asked alms, at the gate called Beautiful:  
 and they were filled with wonder and admiration  
 at what had occurred.  
 11 And as he held fast to Simon and John, all the  
 people admiring ran to them at the portico called  
 12 Solomon's. (12) And when Simon saw [it], he  
 answered and said to them: Men, sons of Israel,  
 why do ye wonder at this? or why do ye gaze on  
 us, as if by our own power or authority we had  
 13 made this man to walk? (13) The God of Abraham  
 and of Isaac and of Jacob, the God of our  
 fathers, hath glorified his Son Jesus; whom ye  
 delivered up, and denied in the presence of Pilate,  
 when he would have justified him and set him free.  
 14 (14) But ye denied the holy and just One, and demanded  
 that a murderer should be released to you.  
 15 (15) And that Prince of life<sup>a</sup> ye slew; and him,  
 hath God raised from the dead, and all of us are  
 16 witnesses of it.<sup>b</sup> (16) And, by the faith in his  
 name, he hath strengthened and cured this man,  
 whom ye see and know; and faith in him hath  
 given the man this soundness before you all.  
 17 (17) And now, my brethren, I know that through  
 misapprehensions ye did this, as did also your  
 18 chiefs:<sup>c</sup> (18) and God, according as he had previously  
 announced by the mouth of all the prophets  
 that the Messiah would suffer, hath in this manner  
 19 fulfilled [it]. (19) Repent, therefore, and be converted;  
 that so your sins may be blotted out,  
 20 (20) and times of rest may come to you from before  
 the face of the Lord; and he may send to you him,  
 who was made ready for you, Jesus the Messiah:  
 21 (21) whom the heavens must retain,<sup>d</sup> until the  
 completion of the times of those things, which God  
 hath spoken by the mouth of his holy prophets of  
 22 old. (22) For Moses said: A prophet, like me,  
 will the Lord raise up to you, from among your

<sup>a</sup> Sy.

نصبا دبتقا

<sup>b</sup> or, his witnesses.

<sup>c</sup> Sy.

نصبتقا

<sup>d</sup> or, receive.

brethren; to him hearken ye, in all that he shall say to you. (23) And it will be, that every soule who will not hearken to that prophet, that soul shall perish<sup>f</sup> from his people. (24) And all the prophets that have been, from Samuel and those after him, have spoken and proclaimed of these days. (25) Ye are the children of the prophets: and that covenants<sup>g</sup> which God made with our fathers,—when he said to Abraham, that in thy seed shall all the families of the earth be blessed,—(26) he hath first established to you: and God hath sent his Son to bless you, if ye will be converted, and repent of your wickedness. 23 24 25 26

And while they were speaking these words to IV. the people, the priests and the Sadducees and the rulers<sup>a</sup> of the temple rose up against them; (2) being angry with them, that they taught the people, and preached a resurrection from the dead by the Messiah. (3) And they laid hands on them, and kept them until the next day; because evening was drawing near. (4) And many who had heard the word, believed; and they were, in number, about five thousand men.—(5) And the next day, the rulers and the Elders and the Scribes assembled; (6) and also Annas the high priest, and Caiaphas, and John, and Alexander, and they who were of the kindred of the high priests. (7) And when they had set them in the midst, they interrogated them: By what power<sup>b</sup> or what name, have ye done this?—(8) Then Simon Cephas was filled with the Holy Spirit, and said to them: Ye rulers<sup>c</sup> of the people, and Elders of the house of Israel, hear ye. (9) If we are judged by you this day, respecting the good deed done to the infirm man, by what means he was healed: (10) be it known to you, and to all the people of Israel, that by the name of Jesus Messiah the Nazarean, whom ye crucified, and whom God hath raised from the dead, lo, by him, doth this [man] stand here before you recovered. (11) This is the stone, which ye builders rejected; and it hath become the head of the corner. (12) Neither is there deliverance<sup>d</sup> in any other; for there is not another name under heaven, which is given to men, whereby to live.<sup>e</sup>—(13) And when they heard the speech 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13

<sup>e</sup> or, *person*.

<sup>f</sup> Sy. ܐܘܨܝܪ

<sup>g</sup> Sy. ܩܘܘܠܐܘܬܗܘܢ  
Gr. ὁμιλίαι αὐτῶν.

<sup>a</sup> Sy. ܐܘܨܝܪܐ

<sup>b</sup> Sy. ܩܘܘܠܐܘܬܗܘܢ

<sup>c</sup> Sy. ܐܘܨܝܪܐ

<sup>d</sup> or, *redemption*.

<sup>e</sup> or, *be saved*.

of Simon and John, which they pronounced confidently, they reflected that these were unlearned and plebeian<sup>f</sup> men; and they were surprised at them, and recognized them as having been conversant  
 14 with Jesus. (14) And they saw that the lame man, who had been healed, stood near them; and  
 15 they could say nothing to confront them. (15) Then they commanded to remove them from the presence of the council; and said one to another:  
 16 (16) What shall we do to these men? For lo, that a manifest sign hath been wrought by them, is known to all that reside at Jerusalem, and we cannot deny it. (17) But that the fame of it spread  
 17 no further, let us interdict their speaking any  
 18 more to any man in this name. (18) And they called them, and commanded them not to speak  
 19 nor to teach at all in the name of Jesus. (19) Simon Cephas and John answered, and said to them: Whether it be right before God, that we hearken  
 20 to you more than to God, judge ye. (20) For we cannot but speak that which we have seen and  
 21 heard. (21) And they threatened them, and dismissed them. For they found no ground for punishing them, because of the people: for every one  
 22 praised God for what had been done; (22) for the man, on whom this sign of healing had been wrought, was more than forty years old.<sup>g</sup>  
 23 And when they were dismissed, they went to their brethren, and told them all that the priests  
 24 and Elders had said. (24) And they, when they heard [it], unitedly lifted up their voice to God, and said: Lord, thou art God, who hast made  
 25 heaven, and earth, and seas, and every thing in them. (25) And it is thou who hast said, by the Holy Spirit in the mouth of David thy servant: Why do the nations rage, and the people imagine  
 26 a vain thing? (26) The kings of the earth and the potentates stood up, and they consulted together, against the Lord, and against his anointed.<sup>h</sup>  
 27 (27) For, in reality, against thy holy Son Jesus whom thou hast anointed,<sup>i</sup> Herod and Pilate, with the Gentiles and the congregation of  
 28 Israel, have been combined together in this city,  
 29 (28) to do whatever thy hand and thy pleasure previously marked out to be done. (29) And also now, Lord, behold and see their menaces:

<sup>f</sup> Sy.  $\mu\lambda\lambda\omicron\tau\omicron$   
 = Gr.  $\mu\lambda\lambda\omicron\tau\omicron$   
 $\tau\alpha\iota$ .

<sup>g</sup> Sy. *son of more than 40 years.*

<sup>h</sup> Sy.  $\mu\lambda\lambda\omicron\tau\omicron$ ,  
*his Messiah.*

<sup>i</sup> Sy.  $\mu\lambda\lambda\omicron\tau\omicron$

and grant to thy servants, that they may proclaim thy word boldly, (30) while thou extendest thy hand for cures and prodigies, to be done in the name of thy holy Son Jesus.—(31) And when they had prayed and made supplications, the place in which they were assembled was shaken; and they were all filled with the Holy Spirit, and spoke the word of God boldly.

And in the assembly of the persons that believed, there was one soul, and one mind: and no one of them said, of the property he possessed, that it was his own; but whatever was theirs, it was the community's. (33) And with great power,<sup>k</sup> the legates testified to the resurrection of Jesus Messiah: and great grace<sup>l</sup> was with them all. (34) And no one among them was destitute; for those who possessed lands or houses, sold, and brought the price of what was sold, (35) and placed [it] at the feet of the legates; and distribution was made to every one, as he had need. (36) And Joseph, who by the legates was surnamed Barnabas, (which is interpreted Son of Consolation,) a Levite of the country of Cyprus, (37) had a field: and he sold it, and brought the price of it, and laid [it] before the feet of the legates.

<sup>k</sup> Sy. **سلاط**

<sup>l</sup> Sy. **بصحة**

<sup>a</sup> Sy. **سنتا**

<sup>b</sup> Sy. **صيرا**

<sup>c</sup> Sy. **سلط**

And a certain man whose name was Ananias,<sup>a</sup> with his wife whose name was Sapphira,<sup>b</sup> sold his field, (2) and carried away [part] of the price and concealed it, his wife consenting; and he brought [a part] of the money, and laid [it] before the feet of the legates. (3) And Simon said to him: Ananias, why hath Satan so filled thy heart, that thou shouldst lie against the Holy Spirit, and conceal of the money of the price of the field? (4) Was it not thine own before it was sold? And when sold, again thou hadst authority<sup>c</sup> over the price of it. Why hast thou set thy heart to do this purpose? Thou hast not lied against men, but against God. (5) And when Ananias heard these words, he fell down, and died. And great fear was upon all them that heard [of it]. (6) And the young men among them arose, and gathered him up, and carried [him] out, and buried him.—(7) And when three hours had passed, his wife also came in, without knowing what had occurred. (8) Simon

said to her: Tell me, if ye sold the field for this  
 9 price?<sup>d</sup> And she said: Yes, for this price. (9) Simon said to her: Since ye have been equals in tempting the Spirit of the Lord, lo, the feet of the buriers of thy husband are at the door, and they  
 10 will carry thee out. (10) And immediately she fell before their feet, and died. And those young men came in, and found her dead; and they took up, carried forth, and buried her by the side of her  
 11 husband.—(11) And great fear was on all the assembly,<sup>e</sup> and on all them that heard [it].  
 12 And there were many signs and prodigies wrought by the legates among the people. And they were all assembled together in the porch of  
 13 Solomon. (13) And of the others, no one ventured to come near them; but the people magnified  
 14 them. (14) And the more were those added who feared the Lord, a multitude both of men and of  
 15 women. (15) So that they brought out into the streets the sick, laid on beds, that when Simon should pass, at least his shadow might cover them.  
 16 (16) And many came to them from other cities around Jerusalem, bringing the sick and those who had unclean spirits; and they were all cured.  
 17 And the high priest was filled with indignation, and all those with him who were of the doctrine<sup>f</sup>  
 18 of the Sadducees. (18) And they laid hands on the legates, and took and bound them in prison.  
 19 (19) Then the angel of the Lord, by night, opened the door of the prison, and let them out; and said  
 20 to them: (20) Go, stand in the temple, and speak  
 21 to the people all these words of life. (21) And in the morning, they went and entered into the temple, and taught. And the high priest and those  
 22 with him, convoked their associates and the Elders of Israel, and sent to the prison to bring forth the  
 23 legates. (22) And when those sent by them went, they found them not in the prison; and they returned  
 24 and came back, (23) and said: We found the prison carefully closed, and also the keepers standing before the doors; and we opened, but  
 25 found no one there. (24) And when the chief priests and rulers of the temple heard these words, they were astonished at them; and they studied what this could mean. (25) And one came and informed them: Those men, whom ye shut up in

<sup>d</sup> Sy. *these prices.*

<sup>e</sup> Sy.  $\text{ܩܘܪܝܢܐ}$  =  
*the church.*

<sup>f</sup> or, *sect.*

the prison, lo, they are standing in the temple, and teaching the people.—(26) Then went the rulers with attendants, to bring them without violence; for they feared, lest the people should stone them. (27) And when they had brought them, they placed them before the whole council: and the high priest began to say to them: (28) Did we not strictly charge you, to teach no person in this name? And behold, ye have filled Jerusalem with your doctrine; and ye would bring the blood of this man upon us.—(29) And Simon, with the legates, answered and said to them: God is to be obeyed, rather than men. (30) The God of our fathers hath raised up that Jesus, whom ye slew when ye hanged him on a tree. (31) Him hath God established as a head and vivifier; and hath exalted him to his own right hand, so that he might give repentance and remission of sins to Israel. (32) And we are the witnesses of these things; and also the Holy Spirit, whom God giveth to them that believe in him.—(33) And when they heard these things, they burned with indignation, and thought of putting them to death. (34) Then rose up one of the Pharisees whose name was Gamaliel, a teacher of the law, and honored by all the people; and he directed them to put the legates aside for a short time. (35) And he said to them: Men, sons of Israel, take heed to yourselves, and consider what ye ought to do in regard to these men. (36) For before this time, rose up Theudas, and said of himself, that he was some great one; and there went after him about four hundred men. And he was slain; and they who went after him, were dispersed and became as nothing. (37) And after him, rose up Judas a Galilean, in the days when the people were enrolled for the capitation tax; and he seduced much people after him. And he died, and all they that went after him were dispersed. (38) And now, I say to you: Desist from these men, and let them alone. For if this device and this work originate from men, they will dissolve and come to nothing. (39) But if it be from God, it is not in your power to frustrate it: that ye may not be found placing yourselves in opposition to God.—And they assented to him. (40) And they called the legates,

<sup>f</sup> Sy.

ⲉⲙⲓⲛⲁⲛⲁ

<sup>h</sup> Sy.

ⲛⲉⲙⲉⲛⲁⲛⲁ  
 ⲛⲉⲙⲉⲛⲁⲛⲁ  
*prince and  
 Saviour.*

<sup>i</sup> Sy. words.

<sup>k</sup> Sy.

ⲛⲉⲙⲉⲛⲁⲛⲁ

<sup>l</sup> Sy. ⲛⲉⲙⲉⲛⲁ

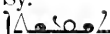
<sup>m</sup> Sy. *be.*

<sup>n</sup> Sy. *It cometh  
 not to your  
 hand.*



and scourged them, and commanded them not to teach in the name of Jesus, and dismissed them.  
 41 (41) And they went from before them, rejoicing that they were worthy to suffer abuse on account  
 42 of that name. (42) And they ceased not to teach daily, in the temple and at home, and to preach concerning our Lord Jesus Messiah.

VI. And in those days, when the disciples had become numerous, the Grecian disciples murmured against the Hebrew, because their widows were neglected in the daily ministration<sup>a</sup> [to the needy].

<sup>a</sup> Sy. 

2 (2) And the twelve legates convoked the whole company of the disciples, and said to them: It is not proper,<sup>b</sup> that we should neglect the word of


<sup>b</sup> Sy. 

3 God, and serve tables. (3) Therefore brethren, search out, and elect from among you, seven men of whom there is good testimony, men full of the Spirit of the Lord, and of wisdom; that we may

4 place them over this business: (4) and we will continue in prayer, and in the ministration of the


<sup>c</sup> Sy. word.

5 word. (5) And this proposal<sup>c</sup> was acceptable before all the people. And they elected Stephen, a man who was full of faith and of the Holy Spirit; and Philip, and Prochorus, and Nicanor, and Timon, and Parmenas, and Nicolas an Antiochian

<sup>d</sup> Sy. 

6 proselyte.<sup>d</sup> (6) These stood before the legates; and when they had prayed, they laid the hand on them.—(7) And the word of God increased, and the number of disciples was enlarged at Jerusalem greatly; and many people from among the Jews, were obedient to the faith.

8 And Stephen was full of grace and energy;<sup>e</sup> and he wrought signs and prodigies among the

<sup>e</sup> Sy. 

9 people. (9) And there rose up some of the synagogue which is called that of the freed men, Cyrenians, and Alexandrians, and persons from Cilicia and from Asia; and they disputed with Stephen.

10 (10) And they could not withstand the wisdom and the Spirit that spoke by him. (11) Then they sent men, and instructed them to say: We have

heard him speak words of blasphemy, against

12 Moses and against God. (12) And they excited the people, and the Elders, and the Scribes; and they came, and rose upon him, and seized him, and

13 carried him into the midst of the council. (13) And

they set up false witnesses, who said: This man ceaseth not to utter words contrary to the law, and against this holy place. (14) For we have heard 14  
 him say, that this Jesus the Nazarean will destroy this place, and will change the rites which Moses delivered to you. (15) And all they who were 15  
 sitting in the council looked upon him, and they beheld his face, as the face of an angel.—  
 (VII.) And the high priest asked him: Are these VII.  
 things so? (2) And he said: Men, brethren, and 2  
 our fathers, hear ye. The God of glory appeared to our father Abraham, when he was between the  
 rivers,<sup>a</sup> before he came to reside in Charran; 3  
 (3) and he said to him: Depart from thy country, 3  
 and from thy kindred, and go to a land which I will show to thee. (4) And then Abraham de- 4  
 parted from the land of the Chaldeans, and came and dwelt in Charran.<sup>b</sup> And from there, after his  
 father had died, God removed him to this land, in which ye this day dwell. (5) And he did not give 5  
 him an inheritance in it, not even a foot-track: but he promised that he would give it him, as an inher-  
 itance to him and to his seed, when as yet he had no son. (6) And God conversed with him, and 6  
 said to him: Thy seed will be a sojourner in a foreign land; and they will reduce it to servitude, and will treat it ill, during four hundred years.  
 (7) And the nation, to whom they perform bond- 7  
 service, I will judge, saith God. And afterwards, they will go out, and will worship me in this land.  
 (8) And he gave them the covenant<sup>c</sup> of circumci- 8  
 sion. And then he begat Isaac, and circumcised him the eighth day. And Isaac begat Jacob: and Jacob begat our twelve fathers.—(9) And those 9  
 our fathers envied Joseph, and sold him into Egypt: but God was with him, (10) and delivered 10  
 him from all his afflictions; and gave him favor and wisdom before Pharaoh, king of Egypt, and he made him chief<sup>d</sup> over Egypt, and over all his house.  
 (11) And there was a famine and great distress in 11  
 all Egypt, and in the land of Canaan, and our fathers lacked food. (12) And when Jacob heard 12  
 that there was bread-stuff in Egypt, he sent our fathers a first time. (13) And when they went the 13  
 second time, Joseph made himself known to his brethren; and the kindred of Joseph was known

<sup>a</sup> or, in Mesopotamia.

<sup>b</sup> Sy. ܨܚܪܐܢ

<sup>c</sup> Sy. ܩܘܘܠܘܬܐ

<sup>d</sup> Sy. ܨܘܒܐܢܐ

14 to Pharaoh. (14) And Joseph sent and brought his father Jacob, and all his family; and they were  
 15 in number seventy and five souls.<sup>e</sup> (15) And Jacob went down into Egypt; and he died there,  
 16 he and our fathers. (16) And he was transported to Sychem, and was deposited in the sepulchre which Abraham bought with money of the sons of  
 17 Emmor.—(17) And when the time arrived for that which God had promised to Abraham with an oath, the people had multiplied and become strong,  
 18 in Egypt: (18) until there arose another king over Egypt, who knew not Joseph. (19) And he dealt craftily with our kindred, and ill-treated our fathers, and gave orders that their infants should be cast  
 20 away, and should not live.—(20) At that time was Moses born; and he was lovely to God:<sup>f</sup> and he was nursed three months in his father's house.  
 21 (21) And when he was cast out, by his people, the daughter of Pharaoh found him, and brought him  
 22 up for her own son. (22) And Moses was instructed in all the wisdom of the Egyptians; and he was eminent<sup>g</sup> in his words, and also in his deeds.  
 23 (23) And when he was forty years old, it came into his heart to visit his brethren, the children of  
 24 Israel. (24) And he saw one of the race<sup>h</sup> of his kindred treated with violence; and he avenged him, and did him justice, and killed the Egyptian  
 25 who had abused him. (25) And he supposed that his brethren the sons of Israel would have understood, that by his hand God would give them  
 26 deliverance; but they understood not. (26) And on another day, he appeared to them, as they were quarrelling one with another. And he exhorted them to become reconciled, saying: Men, ye are brethren; why do ye seek to harm each other?  
 27 (27) But he who did the wrong to his fellow, repulsed him from him, and said to him: Who constituted thee a ruler and a judge over us? (28) Dost thou seek to kill me, as thou killedst the Egyptian  
 28 yesterday? (29) And Moses fled at that speech, and became a sojourner in the land of Midian.<sup>i</sup>  
 30 And he had two sons.—(30) And when forty years had been passed by him<sup>k</sup> there, the angel of the Lord appeared to him in the wilderness of mount  
 31 Sinai, in a fire that burned in a bush. (31) And when Moses saw [it], he admired the sight: and as

<sup>e</sup> or, persons.

<sup>f</sup> or, very lovely.

<sup>g</sup> Sy. ⲓⲛⲁⲓ

<sup>h</sup> Sy. sons.

<sup>i</sup> Sy. ⲓⲛⲁⲓ

<sup>k</sup> Sy. were full to him.

he drew near to behold [it], the Lord said to him,  
 1 *Sy. in a voice.* audibly:† (32) I am the God of thy fathers, the God 32  
 of Abraham, and of Isaac, and of Jacob. And  
 Moses trembled, and dared not to gaze at the sight.  
 (33) And the Lord said to him: Loose thy shoes 33  
 from thy feet: for the ground on which thou stand-  
 est is holy. (34) I have attentively seen<sup>m</sup> the affliction 34  
 of my people, who are in Egypt; and I have  
 heard their groans, and have come down to deliver  
 them. And now, come, I will send thee to Egypt.  
 —(35) This Moses, whom they rejected, saying, 35  
 Who constituted thee a ruler and judge over us?  
 this same did God, by the hand of the angel that  
 appeared to him in the bush, send to them to be  
 their captain and deliverer. (36) He it was that 36  
 brought them out, working signs and wonders and  
 prodigies in the land of Egypt, and at the sea of  
 rushes, and in the desert, forty years.—(37) This 37  
 Moses is the man who said to the children of Israel:  
 A prophet, like me, will the Lord God raise up  
 to you from among your brethren; to him give  
 ear. (38) He it was, who was in the congregation 38  
 in the wilderness, with the angel that conversed  
 with him and with our fathers at mount Sinai;  
 and he it was, received the living words to give  
 [them] to us. (39) And our fathers would not 39  
 hearken to him, but forsook him, and in their  
 hearts returned again to Egypt; (40) when 40  
 they said to Aaron: Make us gods who may go  
 before us; because, as for this Moses who brought  
 us from the land of Egypt, we know not what hath  
 become of him. (41) And he made them a calf in 41  
 those days; and they offered sacrifices to idols, and  
 were voluptuous with the work of their hands.  
 (42) And God turned away, and gave them up to 42  
 worship the hosts of heaven: as it is written in the  
 book of the prophets: Did ye, for forty years, in  
 the wilderness, present to me a slain animal or a  
 sacrifice, ye sons of Israel? (43) But ye bore the 43  
 tabernacle of Malchun,<sup>n</sup> and the star of the god  
 Replon,<sup>o</sup> images which ye had made, that ye  
 might bow down to them. I will transport you  
 beyond Babylon.—(44) Lo, the tabernacle of the 44  
 testimony of our fathers, was in the wilderness; as  
 he who talked with Moses, commanded to make it  
 after the form which he showed him. (45) And 45

<sup>n</sup> Sy.

מלכון

<sup>o</sup> Sy. רפון

this same tabernacle, our fathers, with Joshua, actually brought into the land which God gave to them for an inheritance from those nations which he drove out before them; and it was borne about, 46 until the days of David. (46) He found favor before God; and he requested, that he might find 47 a residence for the God of Jacob. (47) But Solomon 48 built the house. (48) Yet the most High lodgeth not in a work of [human] hands; as saith 49 the prophet: (49) Heaven is my throne, and earth the footstool under my feet. What is the house, ye will build for me? saith the Lord: or, what is 50 the place of my repose? (50) Lo, hath not my 51 hand made all these things?—(51) O ye stiff of neck, and uncircumcised in their heart, and in their hearing; ye do always set yourselves against the 52 Holy Spirit; as your fathers, so also ye. (52) For, which of the prophets did not your fathers persecute and kill, [even] them, who foretold the coming of the Just One, whom ye delivered up and slew? 53 (53) And ye have received the law by the ordina-  
 tion<sup>p</sup> of angels, and have not kept it.

54 And when they heard these things, they were filled with rage in their souls; and they gnashed 55 their teeth against him. (55) And he, as he was full of faith and of the Holy Spirit, looked towards heaven, and saw the glory of God, and Jesus standing 56 ing at the right hand of God. (56) And he said: Lo, I see heaven open, and the Son of man standing 57 on the right hand of God. (57) And they cried out with a loud voice, and stopped their ears, and 58 all rushed upon him. (58) And they seized him, and hurried him out of the city, and stoned him. And they who testified against him, laid their clothes at the feet of a certain young man who was 59 called Saul. (59) And they stoned Stephen, while he prayed and said: Our Lord Jesus, receive my 60 spirit. (60) And when he had kneeled down, he cried with a loud voice, and said: Our Lord, establish not this sin against them. And when he VIII. had said this, he fell asleep.<sup>r</sup> (VIII.) And Saul was consenting and participating in his death.— And there was, in that day, a great persecution against the church<sup>a</sup> that was at Jerusalem; and they were all dispersed, except the legates, among the villages of Judæa and likewise among the Sa-

<sup>p</sup> Sy.  $\text{בְּרִצְוֹן}$   
 = *precept*.

<sup>r</sup> Sy.  $\text{וַיִּשְׁתַּחֲוֶה}$   
 = *he laid himself down*.

<sup>a</sup> Sy.  $\text{בְּיַד}$

	maritans. (2) And believing men gathered up and buried Stephen. And they lamented over him greatly. (3) And Saul persecuted the church of God, entering houses, and dragging forth men and women and committing them to prison.	2 3
	And they who were dispersed, travelled about, and preached the word of God. (5) And Philip went down to a city of the Samaritans, and preached concerning the Messiah. (6) And when the people who were there heard his discourse, <sup>b</sup> they gave ear to him, and acquiesced in all that he said; because they saw the signs which he wrought. (7) For many who were possessed by unclean spirits, cried with a loud voice, and came out of them: and others, who were paralytic and lame, were healed. (8) And there was great joy in that city.—(9) And there was a certain man there, whose name was Simon, <sup>c</sup> who had resided in that city a long time, and who seduced the people of the Samaritans by his sorceries, magnifying himself, and saying, I am a great personage. (10) And they all inclined towards him, great and small; and they said, This is the mighty power <sup>d</sup> of God. (11) And they acquiesced in him, because for a long time he had astonished them by his sorceries. (12) But when they gave credence to Philip, as he preached the kingdom of God, in the name of our Lord Jesus Messiah; they were baptized, both men and women. (13) And Simon himself also believed, and was baptized, and adhered to Philip. And when he saw the signs and mighty deeds which were wrought by his hand, he was surprised and astonished.—(14) And when the legates at Jerusalem, heard that the people of the Samaritans had received the word of God, they sent out to them Simon <sup>e</sup> Cephas and John. (15) And they went down, and prayed over them, that they might receive the Holy Spirit. (16) For he was not yet on any one of them: and they had only been baptized in the name of our Lord Jesus. (17) Then they laid the hand on them; and they received the Holy Spirit.—(18) And when Simon saw that, by the imposition of a hand of the legates, the Holy Spirit was given, he offered them money, (19) saying: Give me also this prerogative, <sup>f</sup> that he on whom I impose a hand, may receive the Holy Spirit. (20) Simon Cephas said	4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20
<sup>b</sup> or, word.		
<sup>c</sup> Sy. سمعون		
<sup>d</sup> Sy. سلا		
<sup>e</sup> Sy. سمعان		
<sup>f</sup> Sy. سلاطة		

to him: Thy money go with thee to perdition! because thou hast supposed, that the gift of God  
 21 may be purchased by a worldly substance. (21) Thou hast no part nor lot in this faith; because  
 22 thy heart is not right before God. (22) Nevertheless, repent of this thy wickedness, and entreat of  
 God, if perhaps the guile of thy heart may be for-  
 23 given thee. (23) For I perceive that thou art in  
 24 the bitter gall and in the bonds of iniquity. (24) Simon answered and said: Intereede ye with God for  
 me, that nothing of which ye have mentioned may  
 25 come upon me.—(25) And Simon and John, when they had testified, and had taught them the word  
 of God, returned to Jerusalem. And they had  
 preached in many villages of the Samaritans.  
 26 And the angel of the Lord spake with Philip,  
 and said to him: Arise, go to the south, along the  
 desert way that leadeth down from Jeursalem to  
 27 Gaza. (27) And he arose and went. And there  
 met him a eunuch, who had come from Cush,<sup>g</sup> an  
 officer of Candace, queen of the Cushites, who had  
 charge of all her treasure; and he had come to  
 28 worship at Jerusalem. (28) And as he turned to  
 go, he was sitting in his chariot, and was reading  
 29 in Isaiah the prophet. (29) And the Holy Spirit  
 said to Philip: Go near, and join thyself to the  
 30 chariot. (30) And when he came near, he heard  
 him reading in Isaiah the prophet; and he said to  
 him: Understandest thou what thou readest?  
 31 (31) And he said: How can I understand, unless  
 some one instruct me? And he requested of  
 Philip, that he would come up and sit with him.  
 32 (32) And the section of scripture in which he was  
 reading, was this: As a lamb to the slaughter he  
 was led away, and as a sheep before the shearer is  
 silent, so also he in his humility opened not his  
 33 mouth. (33) From prison and from judgment he  
 was carried: and his generation,<sup>h</sup> who will de-  
 34 clare? for his life is taken away from the earth.  
 (34) And the eunuch said to Philip: I pray thee,  
 of whom speaketh the prophet this? of himself, or  
 35 of some other person? (35) Then Philip opened  
 his mouth, and, from that scripture, began to preach  
 36 to him concerning our Lord Jesus. (36) And as  
 they proceeded on the way, they came to a certain  
 place in which there was water. And the eunuch

<sup>g</sup> Sy. ܘܘܨܘܬܐ

<sup>h</sup> Sy. ܘܘܨܘܬܐ

said: Lo, [here is] water; what doth forbid, that I should be baptized? (37) [And Philip said: If thou believest with all thy heart, it is allowable. And he answered, and said: I believe that Jesus Messiah is the Son of God.]\* (38) And he commanded the chariot to stop; and they both went down to the water, and Philip baptized the eunuch. (39) And when they came up from the water, the Spirit of the Lord caught away Philip; and the eunuch saw him no more; but he went on his way rejoicing. (40) And Philip was found at Azotus and from there he travelled about, and preached in all the cities, until he came to Cæsarea.

And Saul was still full of threats and deadly hatred against the disciples of our Lord. (2) And he requested that a letter from the high priest might be given him, unto Damascus to the synagogues; that if he should find persons pursuing this course,<sup>a</sup> men or women, he might bind and bring them to Jerusalem. (3) And as he was going, and began to approach Damascus, suddenly there was poured upon him a light from heaven. (4) And he fell to the ground; and he heard a voice which said to him: Saul! Saul! why persecutest thou me? It will be hard for thee to kick against the goads.<sup>b</sup> (5) He replied, and said: Who art thou, my Lord? And our Lord said: I am Jesus the Nazarean, whom thou persecutest. (6) But arise and go into the city, and there it will be told thee what thou oughtest to do. (7) And the men who travelled with him in the way, stood amazed; for they heard merely the voice, and no one was visible to them. (8) And Saul arose from the ground; and nothing was visible to him, with his eyes opened. And they took him by the hand, and led him into Damascus. (9) And he had no sight for three days; and he neither ate nor drank. —(10) And there was in Damascus a certain disciple, whose name was Ananias.<sup>c</sup> And the Lord said to him, in a vision: Ananias! And he said: Lo, I [am here], my Lord. (11) And our Lord said to him: Arise, go to the street which is called Straight; and inquire in the house of Judas, for

<sup>a</sup> or, way.

<sup>b</sup> or, sharp points.

<sup>c</sup> Sy. ܐܢܢܝܐ

\* This 37th verse is not in any of the earlier editions, and is excluded from the text of the London editions of 1816 and 1826.



12 Saul who is from the city of Tarsus: for, lo, while he prayed, (12) he saw in vision a man named Ananias, who came and laid his hand upon him, 13 that his eyes might be opened. (13) And Ananias said: My Lord, I have heard of this man, from many, how much evil he hath perpetrated towards 14 thy saints at Jerusalem. (14) And, lo, here also, he hath authority from the chief priests, to bind all 15 them that call on thy name. (15) The Lord said to him: Arise and go; for he is to me a chosen vessel, to carry my name to the Gentiles,<sup>d</sup> and to 16 kings, and among the sons of Israel. (16) For I will show him, how much he is to suffer on account 17 of my name.—(17) Then Ananias went to the house to him; and he laid his hand upon him, and said to him: Saul, my brother, our Lord Jesus, he who appeared to thee by the way as thou earnest, hath sent me, that thy eyes might be opened, and 18 thou be filled with the Holy Spirit. (18) And immediately there fell from his eyes something like a scab; and his eyes were opened. And he arose 19 and was baptized. (19) And he took food, and was invigorated.—And he was [some] days with 20 the disciples of Damascus. (20) And forthwith he announced Jesus, in the synagogues of the Jews, 21 that he is the Son of God. (21) And all they that heard him were amazed; and they said: Is not this he, who persecuted all them that call on this name in Jerusalem? And lo, for this very thing also, was he sent hither, that he might bind and 22 carry them to the chief priests. (22) But Saul was the more strengthened; and he confounded those Jews who dwelt at Damascus, while he demonstrated 23 that this is the Messiah.—(23) And when he had been there many days, the Jews formed a conspiracy against him, to kill him. (24) And the plot which they sought to execute upon him, was made known to Saul: and they watched the gates of the city by day and by night, in order to kill 25 him. (25) Then the disciples placed him in a basket,<sup>e</sup> and let him down from the wall by night. 26 And he went to Jerusalem; and he wished to join himself with the disciples, but they were all afraid of him, and did not believe that he was a dis- 27 ciple. (27) But Barnabas took him, and brought

<sup>d</sup> or, *nations*.

<sup>e</sup> Sy. ܩܘܒܐ  
= Gr. *σπυρίς*.

him to the legates, and related to them how the Lord appeared to him in the way, and how he conversed with him; and how, in Damascus, he had discoursed openly in the name of Jesus. (28) And he went in and out with them, at Jerusalem. (29) And he spoke openly in the name of Jesus, and disputed with those Jews who understood Greek. But they wished to kill him: (30) and when the brethren knew [it], they conducted him by night to Caesarea, and from there they sent him to Tarsus.—(31) Moreover the church,<sup>f</sup> in all Judæa, and in Galilee, and in Samaria, had peace and was edified; and it walked in the fear of God, and abounded in the consolation of the Holy Spirit.—(32) And it occurred, that, as Simon travelled about the cities, he came down to the saints also who dwelt in the city of Lydda.<sup>g</sup> (33) And he found a certain man whose name was Æneas, who had lain on a bed and been paralytic eight years. (34) And Simon said to him: Æneas, Jesus the Messiah doth heal thee; arise, and spread thy bed. And he rose up immediately. (35) And all they that dwelt at Lydda and Saron, saw him; and they turned to God.

<sup>h</sup> And there was in the city of Joppa,<sup>h</sup> a certain female disciple named Tabitha; [and] she was rich in good works, and in the alms which she did. (37) And she fell sick in those days, and died; and they washed her, and laid her in an upper room. (38) And the disciples heard that Simon was in the city of Lydda, which is near to Joppa; and they sent two men to him, to request of him that he would not delay to come to them. (39) And Simon arose and went with them. And when he arrived, they conducted him to the chamber; and there were assembled around her all the widows, weeping, and showing him the tunics and the cloaks which Tabitha had given them when alive. (40) And Simon put all the people out, and fell on his knees and prayed; and he turned to the corpse, and said: Tabitha, arise.<sup>i</sup> And she opened her eyes; and when she saw Simon, she sat up. (41) And he reached to her his hand, and raised her up: and he called the saints and the widows, and presented her to them alive. (42) And this became known throughout the city; and many

<sup>f</sup> Gr. churches.

<sup>g</sup> Sy. ܠܝܕܕܐ

<sup>h</sup> Sy. ܝܘܦܦܐ

<sup>i</sup> Sy. ܩܘܡܝ ܕܡܝܬܐ

43 believed on our Lord. (43) And he tarried in Joppa not a few days: and he lodged in the house of Simon a tanner.

X. And there was a certain man in Caesarea, whose name was Cornelius, a centurion of the regiment<sup>a</sup> called the Italian. (2) And he was righteous, and feared God, he and all his house; [and] he did much alms among the people, and prayed to God at all times. (3) This man distinctly saw, in a vision, about the ninth hour of the day, an angel of God, who came in to him and said to him: Cornelius! (4) And he looked upon him, and was afraid; and he said: What, my Lord? And the angel said to him: Thy prayers and thy alms have come up in remembrance before God. (5) And now, send men to the city of Joppa, and bring Simon who is called Cephas. (6) Lo, he lodgeth in the house of Simon the tanner, which is by the side of the sea. (7) And when the angel that talked with him was gone, he called two of his household,<sup>b</sup> and a soldier who feared God and was obedient to him. (8) And he related to them all that he had seen, and sent them to Joppa.—(9) And the next day, as they travelled the road and approached the city, Simon ascended the roof to pray, at the sixth hour. (10) And he became hungry, and desired to eat. And while they were providing for him, he fell<sup>c</sup> into a trance. (11) And he saw the heavens opened, and a certain vessel fastened at the four corners, and it was like a great sheet; and it descended from heaven to the earth. (12) And there were in it all fourfooted animals, and creeping things of the earth, and fowls of heaven. (13) And a voice came to him, which said: Simon, arise, slay and eat. (14) And Simon said: Far be it, my Lord: for never have I eaten any thing unclean and polluted. (15) And again the second time, there was a voice to him: What God hath cleansed, make thou not unclean. (16) And this was done three times; and the vessel was taken up to heaven. (17) And while Simon was wondering with himself, what the vision he had seen could denote, the men who were sent by Cornelius arrived; and they inquired for the house in which Simon lodged, and

<sup>a</sup> or, cohort.

<sup>b</sup> Sy. sons of his house.

<sup>c</sup> Sy. a trance fell on him.

came and stood at the gate of the court. (18) And 18  
 there they called out, and asked if Simon who is  
 called Cephas lodged there? (19) And while 19  
 Simon was reflecting on the vision, the Spirit said  
 to him: Lo, three men are inquiring for thee.  
 (20) Arise, go down, and accompany them; and 20  
 let not thy mind hesitate, for I have sent them.—  
 (21) Then Simon went down to the men, and said 21  
 to them: I am he for whom ye inquire: what is  
 the cause for which ye have come? (22) They 22  
 say to him: A certain man whose name is Cor-  
 nelius, a centurion fearing God, and of whom all  
 the people of the Jews bear good report, was told  
 in vision, by a holy angel, to send and bring thee  
 to his house, that he might hear discourse from  
 thee. (23) And Simon led them in, and enter- 23  
 tained them where he lodged.

And the following day, he arose, departed, and  
 went with them: and some of the brethren of  
 Joppa also went with them. (24) And the next 24  
 day, they entered Caesarea. And Cornelius was  
 expecting them: and all the kindred<sup>d</sup> of his family,  
 and also such intimate friends as he had, were  
 assembled with him.—(25) And as Simon came up, 25  
 Cornelius met him, and fell down worshipping at  
 his feet. (26) And Simon raised him up, and said 26  
 to him: Arise; I also am a man. (27) And as he 27  
 talked with him, he went in, and found that many  
 had come there. (28) And he said to them: Ye 28  
 know, that it is not lawful for a Jewish man, to  
 associate with an alien who is not of his race: but  
 God hath showed me, that I should not say of any  
 one, that he is defiled or unclean. (29) Therefore 29  
 I came readily, when ye sent for me. But, I  
 ask you, for what cause did ye send for me?  
 (30) And Cornelius said to him: It is four days 30  
 ago,<sup>e</sup> that, lo, I was fasting; and at the ninth hour,  
 while I was praying in my house, a certain man  
 stood before me, clothed in white, (31) and said to 31  
 me: Cornelius, thy prayer is heard, and there is  
 remembrance of thy alms before God. (32) But 32  
 send to the city of Joppa, and bring Simon who is  
 called Cephas: lo, he lodgeth in the house of  
 Simon the tanner, which is by the side of the  
 sea. And he will come and converse with thee.  
 (33) And immediately I sent to thee; and thou 33

<sup>d</sup> Sy. sons of his  
 kindred.

<sup>e</sup> Sy. up to now.

hast done well to come: and lo, we are all of us before thee, and desirous to hear whatever is commanded thee from God.

34 And Simon opened his mouth, and said: Truly, I discover that God is no respecter of persons:  
 35 (35) but, among all the nations, he who feareth him, and worketh righteousness, is acceptable with  
 36 him. (36) For [this is] the word, which he sent to the sons of Israel, announcing to them peace and rest by Jesus Messiah,—He is Lord of all;—  
 37 (37) and ye also know the word, which was in all Judæa, which commenced from Galilee, after the  
 38 baptism that John preached, (38) concerning Jesus, who was of Nazareth, whom God anointed with the Holy Spirit and with power.<sup>f</sup> And he it was, who went about and healed those that were suffering  
 39 from evil, because God was with him. (39) And we [are] his witnesses, as to whatever he did in all the region of Judæa and in Jerusalem. This same person the Jews hanged on a tree, and slew  
 40 him. (40) And him did God raise up, on the third day; and caused him to be seen with naked eyes;  
 41 (41) not indeed by all the people, but by us, who were chosen of God to be his witnesses, [and] who ate and drank with him after his resurrection from  
 42 the dead. (42) And he commanded us to proclaim and testify to the people, that he is appointed<sup>g</sup> of God to be judge of the living and of the dead.  
 43 (43) And of him all the prophets testify, that whoever believeth in his name, will receive remission  
 44 of sins.—(44) And while Simon was uttering these things, the Holy Spirit overshadowed<sup>h</sup> all them  
 45 that were hearing the word. (45) And the circumcised brethren who came with him, were amazed and astonished, that the gift of the Holy Spirit was  
 46 poured out upon the Gentiles also. (46) For they heard them speak with diverse tongues, and magnify God. (47) And Simon said: Can any one forbid water, that those should not be baptized, they who have received, lo, the Holy Spirit, as well  
 48 as we? (48) Then he commanded them to be baptized in the name of our Lord Jesus Messiah. And they requested him to remain with them [some] days.

<sup>f</sup> Sy. *Παυλος*

<sup>g</sup> Sy. *separated.*

<sup>h</sup> or, *covered.*

XI. And it was reported to the legates and the

brethren in Judea, that the Gentiles also had received the word of God. (2) And when Simon went up to Jerusalem, they who were of the circumcision contended with him, (3) saying; that he had gone in to be with uncircumcised persons, and had eaten with them.—(4) And Simon began to address them methodically: (5) As I was in Joppa, praying, I saw in vision, that a certain vessel descended, which was like a sheet, and it was tied at its four corners; and it descended from heaven, and came to me. (6) And I looked upon it, and I saw that in it were fourfooted animals, and reptiles of the earth, and fowls of heaven. (7) And I heard a voice, which said to me: Simon, arise, slay and eat. (8) And I said: Far be it, my Lord. For never hath any thing polluted or unclean entered my mouth. (9) And again, a voice from heaven said to me: What God hath cleansed, make thou not unclean. (10) And this was done three times: and the whole was taken up to heaven. (11) And at the same instant, three men, who were sent to me by Cornelius from Casarea, came and stood at the gate of the court where I lodged. (12) And the Spirit said to me: Go with them, without hesitation. And these six brethren went also with me, and we entered the man's house. (13) And he related to us, how he had seen an angel in his house, who stood and said to him: Send to the city of Joppa, and bring Simon who is called Cephas; (14) and he will utter to thee discourses,<sup>a</sup> by which thou wilt live,<sup>b</sup> thou and all thy house. (15) And when I there commenced speaking, the Holy Spirit overshadowed them, as it did us from the beginning. (16) And I remembered the word of our Lord, when he said: John baptized with water, but ye shall be baptized with the Holy Spirit. (17) If then God equally gave the gift to the Gentiles that believed in our Lord Jesus Messiah, as he did to us: who was I, that I could forbid God?—(18) And when they heard these words, they desisted;<sup>c</sup> and they glorified God and said: Now to the Gentiles also doth God give repentance unto life.<sup>d</sup>

And they who were dispersed, by the oppression which occurred on account of Stephen, travelled as far as Phenicia, and even to the country

<sup>a</sup> Sy. *words*.

<sup>b</sup> or, *be saved*.

<sup>c</sup> Sy. *were still*.

<sup>d</sup> or, *salvation*.

of Cyprus, and to Antioch, speaking the word to  
 20 none except to Jews only. (20) And there were  
 some of them from Cyprus and from Cyrene, who  
 went up to Antioch, and spoke to the Greeks, and  
 21 preached concerning our Lord Jesus. (21) And  
 the hand of the Lord was with them; and many  
 22 believed, and turned to the Lord. (22) And this  
 came<sup>e</sup> to the ears of the sons of the church at  
 Jerusalem: and they sent Barnabas to Antioch.  
 23 (23) And when he came there, and saw the grace  
 of God, he rejoiced: and he entreated them, that  
 with all their heart, they would adhere to our  
 24 Lord. (24) For he was a good man, and was full  
 of the Holy Spirit, and of faith. And many  
 25 people were added to our Lord.—(25) And he  
 26 went away to Tarsus, to seek for Saul. (26) And  
 when he had found him, he brought him with him  
 to Antioch. And a whole year they met together  
 in the church, and instructed many people.—From  
 that time forth, the disciples were first called  
 CHRISTIANS,<sup>f</sup> at Antioch.  
 27 In those days came prophets thither from Jeru-  
 28 salem. (28) And one of them whose name was  
 Agabus, stood up and informed them, by the  
 Spirit, that there would be a great famine in all  
 the country. And that famine occurred in the  
 29 days of Claudius Cæsar. (29) And moreover the  
 disciples, each of them according to his several  
 ability,<sup>g</sup> determined to send to the relief of the  
 30 brethren who dwelt in Judæa. (30) And they  
 sent, by the hand of Barnabas and Saul, unto the  
 Elders there.

<sup>e</sup> Sy. *was heard by.*

<sup>f</sup> Sy.  
 ܕܡܫܝܚܝܢ  
 = Gr.  
 Χριστιανοί.

<sup>g</sup> or, *means.*

XII. And at that time Herod the king, who was sur-  
 named Agrippa, laid hands on some of the church,  
 2 to maltreat them. (2) And he killed James the  
 3 brother of John with the sword. (3) And when  
 he saw that this pleased the Jews, he proceeded<sup>a</sup>  
 also to arrest Simon Cephas. And the days of  
 4 unleavened bread were then passing. (4) He  
 seized him and cast him into prison,<sup>b</sup> and deliv-  
 ered him to sixteen soldiers, who were to guard  
 him; that he might, after the passover, deliver  
 5 him up to the people of the Jews. (5) And while  
 Simon was in custody in the prison, continual  
 prayer to God in his behalf, was offered to God

<sup>a</sup> Sy. *added.*

<sup>b</sup> Sy. *house of prisoners.*

<sup>c</sup> *Sy. pertaining to.*

by the church.—(6) And on the night before<sup>c</sup> the 6  
 morning in which he was to be delivered up, while  
 Simon was sleeping between two soldiers, and was  
 bound with two chains, and others were guarding  
 the doors of the prison: (7) an angel of the Lord 7  
 stood over him, and a light shone in all the building;  
 and he pricked his side, and awaked him, and said  
 to him: Arise, instantly. And the chains fell from  
 his hands. (8) And the angel said to him: Gird 8  
 thy loins, and put on thy sandals. And he did so.  
 And again he said to him: Wrap thyself in thy  
 cloak, and come after me. (9) And he went out 9  
 and followed him, not knowing that what had  
 been done by the angel was a reality; for he sup-  
 posed, that he saw a vision. (10) And when the 10  
 first ward was passed and the second, they came  
 to the iron gate, and it opened to them of its own  
 accord. And when they had gone out, and had  
 passed one street, the angel departed from him.  
 (11) Then Simon recognized [where he was]; and 11  
 he said: Now I know, in reality, that God hath  
 sent his angel, and delivered me from the hand of  
 Herod the king, and from what the Jews were  
 devising against me.—(12) And when he had con- 12  
 sidered, he went to the house of Mary, the mother  
 of John surnamed Mark; because many brethren  
 were assembled there and praying. (13) And he 13  
 knocked at the gate of the court; and a maid  
 named Rhoda came to reply to him. (14) And 14  
 she recognized the voice of Simon: and, in her  
 joy, she did not open to him the gate, but ran  
 back,<sup>d</sup> and told them: Lo, Simon is standing at  
 the gate of the court. (15) They said to her: 15  
 Thou art delirious.\* But she maintained that it  
 was a fact. They said to her: Perhaps it is his  
 ghost. (16) And Simon was knocking at the gate; 16  
 and they went out, saw him, and were astonished.  
 (17) And he beckoned to them with the hand to 17  
 be still; and he went in, and related to them how  
 the Lord had released him from the prison. And  
 he said to them: Tell these things to James and to  
 the brethren. And he went out, and departed to  
 another place.—(18) And when it was morning, 18  
 there was a great dispute among the soldiers con-  
 cerning Simon, what had become of him. (19) And 19  
 Herod, when he sought him, and could not find

<sup>d</sup> *Sy. turned up-  
 on her course.*

<sup>e</sup> *Sy. art con-  
 fused to be  
 confused.*



him, arraigned<sup>f</sup> the keepers, and sentenced them to die. And he went from Judæa, and resided at Cæsarea.

<sup>f</sup> Sy. *judged.*

20 And because he was angry against the Tyrians and Sidonians, they assembled and came to him in a body; and having persuaded Blastus, the king's chamberlain, they begged of him that they might have peace; because the supplies of their country were derived from the kingdom of Herod.

21 (21) And on a day appointed,<sup>g</sup> Herod was arrayed in royal apparel, and sat on a tribunal, and made a speech to the assembly. (22) And all the people

<sup>g</sup> or, *celebrated.*

shouted, and said: These are the utterances<sup>h</sup> of a

<sup>h</sup> Sy. *daughters of the voice.*

23 God, and not of a mortal. (23) And, because he gave not the glory to God, immediately the angel of God smote him; and he was eaten of worms,

24 and died.—(24) And the gospel of God was proclaimed, and made<sup>i</sup> progress.

<sup>i</sup> Sy. *grew.*

25 And Barnabas and Saul, after they had completed their ministration, returned from Jerusalem to Antioch. And they took with them John, who

XIII. was surnamed Mark.—(XIII.) Now there were in the church at Antioch, [several] prophets and teachers; Barnabas, and Simon called Niger, and Lucius who was from the city Cyrene, and Menaen, a son of the guardians of Herod the Tetrarch, and

2 Saul. (2) And while they were fasting and making supplication to God, the Holy Spirit said to them: Separate to me Saul and Barnabas, for the

3 work to which I have called them. (3) And after they had fasted and prayed, they laid the hand on

4 them, and sent them away.—(4) And they, being sent forth by the Holy Spirit, went down to Seleucia, and from there they went by sea as far as

5 Cyprus. (5) And when they entered the city of Salamis, they announced the word of our Lord in the synagogues of the Jews. And John minist-

6 tered to them. (6) And when they had travelled over the whole island as far as the city Paphos, they found a certain man, a sorcerer, a Jew, who was a false prophet, and whose name was Bar-

7 Suma.<sup>a</sup> (7) He adhered to a wise man, who was the proconsul, and was called Sergius Paulus. And the proconsul sent for Saul and Barnabas, and requested to hear from them the word of God.

<sup>a</sup> Sy. *Bar-Soma*

8 (8) And this sorcerer, Bar-Suma, (whose name

is interpreted, Elymas,) withstood them; because he wished to divert the proconsul from the faith. (9) And Saul who is called Paul, was filled with the Holy Spirit; and he looked upon him, (10) and said: O thou full of all subtilties, and all mischiefs, thou child of the calumniator, and enemy of all righteousness; wilt thou not cease to pervert the right ways of the Lord? (11) And now, the hand of the Lord is upon thee, and thou shalt be blind, and shalt not see the sun for a time. And immediately there fell upon him a mist and darkness; and he went about, inquiring who would take him by the hand. (12) And when the proconsul saw what occurred, he was astonished; and he believed the doctrine of the Lord.

And Paul and Barnabas went by sea, from the city of Paphos, and came to Perga, a city of Pamphylia. And John separated from them, and went away to Jerusalem. (14) And they departed from Perga, and came to Antioch, a city of Pisidia: and they entered the synagogue, on the sabbath day, and sat down. (15) And after the law had been read, and the prophets, the Elders<sup>b</sup> of the synagogue sent to them, and said: Men, brethren, if ye have a word of exhortation, address the people.— (16) And Paul arose, and waved his hand, and said: Men, sons of Israel, and ye that fear God, hear ye. (17) The God of this people chose our fathers, and raised them up, and multiplied them, when they resided in the land of Egypt; and, with a high arm, he brought them out of it. (18) And he fed them in the wilderness forty years. (19) And he extirpated seven nations in the land of Canaan, and gave them their land for an inheritance. (20) And for four hundred and fifty years he gave them judges, until Samuel the prophet. (21) And then they asked for themselves a king: and God gave them Saul the son of Kish, a man of the tribe of Benjamin, during forty years. (22) And he removed him, and raised up to them David as king: and he testified of him, and said: I have found David the son of Jesse, a man after my heart: he will do all my pleasure. (23) From the seed of this man, hath God raised up to Israel, as he promised, Jesus a deliverer. (24) And, before his advent, he sent John to proclaim the baptism of

<sup>b</sup> Sy. صوتهم

25 repentance to all the people of Israel. (25) And while John was fulfilling his ministry, he said: Who, suppose ye, that I am? I am not he. But lo, he cometh after me; of whom I am not worthy

26 to untie his shoe-strings.—(26) Men, brethren, children of the stock of Abraham, and all who, with you, fear God, to you is this word of life<sup>e</sup> or, *salvation*.

27 sent. (27) For, those inhabitants of Jerusalem and their chiefs, did not apprehend it; neither [did they apprehend] also the writings of the prophets, which are read every sabbath; but they condemned him, and fulfilled all the things written.

28 (28) And while they found no ground for [his] death, they desired of Pilate that they might

29 kill him. (29) And when they had fulfilled all that was written concerning him, they took him down from the cross, and laid him in a sepulchre.

30 (30) But God raised him from the dead. (31) And he was seen many days, by them who came up with him from Galilee to Jerusalem; and they are

32 now his witnesses to the people. (32) And lo, we also announce to you, that the promise, which was

33 made to our fathers, (33) lo, God hath fulfilled it to us their children, in that he raised up Jesus; as it is written in the second psalm: Thou art my Son;

34 this day have I begotten thee. (34) And God hath so raised him from the dead, that he will not return again and see corruption; as he said: I will give

35 to you the sure<sup>d</sup> grace of David. (35) And again he said, in another place: Thou hast not given thy

36 devout one to see corruption. (36) For David, in his generation, served the pleasure of God, and went to rest,<sup>e</sup> and was added to his fathers, and

37 saw corruption. (37) But this person, whom God raised up, did not see corruption. (38) Know therefore, brethren, that through this man remission of sins is proclaimed to you. (39) And every

39 one that believeth in this man, is made just<sup>f</sup> from all things, from which ye could not be made just

40 by the law of Moses. (40) Beware, therefore, lest that come upon you, which is written in the prophets: (41) Behold, ye despisers, and wonder, and perish; for I work a work in your days, which ye will not believe, though a man relate it to you.

42 And when they had gone from them, they besought them to speak the same things<sup>g</sup> to them the

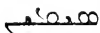
<sup>e</sup> or, *fell asleep*.

<sup>f</sup> Sy. *مكبرين*

<sup>g</sup> Sy. *these words*.

next sabbath day. (43) And when the synagogue 43  
 was dismissed, many Jews went after them, and  
 likewise proselytes who feared God. And they  
 conversed with them, and persuaded them to ad-  
 here to the grace of God.—(44) And the next sabbath, 44  
 the whole city assembled to hear the word  
 of God. (45) And when the Jews saw the great 45  
 assembly, they were filled with envy, and set them-  
 selves against the words which Paul spoke, and  
 blasphemed. (46) And Paul and Barnabas said, 46  
 openly: To you first, ought the word of God to  
 be spoken; but because ye repel it from you, and  
 decide, against yourselves, that ye are not worthy  
 of life eternal, lo, we turn ourselves to the Gen-  
 tiles. (47) For so hath our Lord commanded us; 47  
 as it is written: I have set thee a light to the  
 Gentiles; that thou shouldst be for life<sup>h</sup> unto the  
 ends of the earth. (48) And when the Gentiles 48  
 heard [this], they rejoiced and glorified God. And  
 those believed, who were appointed<sup>l</sup> to life eternal.  
 (49) And the word of the Lord was talked of in 49  
 all that region.—(50) But the Jews stirred up the 50  
 chiefs of the city, and the opulent women who  
 with them feared God, and set up a persecution  
 against Paul and against Barnabas, and expelled  
 them from their borders. (51) And when they 51  
 went out, they shook off the dust of their feet  
 against them, and went to the city of Iconium.  
 (52) And the disciples were filled with joy, and 52  
 with the Holy Spirit.

<sup>h</sup> or, *salvation*.

<sup>l</sup> Sy. 

And they came and entered into the synagogue XIV.  
 of the Jews, and so spoke with them, that many  
 of the Jews and of the Greeks believed. (2) But 2  
 Jews of the class of unbelievers, excited the  
 Gentiles, to maltreat the brethren. (3) And they 3  
 continued there a long time, and spoke openly  
 concerning the Lord; and he gave testimony to the  
 word of his grace, by the signs and prodigies  
 which he wrought by their hands. (4) And the 4  
 whole multitude of the city was divided: and a part  
 were with the Jews, and a part adhered to the  
 legates. (5) And an assault was made on them, by 5  
 the Gentiles, and by the Jews and their chiefs, to  
 insult them, and to stone them with stones. (6) And 6  
 when they knew [it], they departed and fled to the

cities of Lycaonia and Lystra and Derbe, and to the  
 7 villages around them; (7) and there they preached.  
 8 —(8) And a certain man dwelt in the city Lystra,  
 who was afflicted in his feet, a cripple from his  
 9 mother's womb, who had never walked. (9) He  
 heard Paul speak: and when Paul saw him, and  
 10 knew that he had faith to live;<sup>a</sup> (10) he said to  
 him, with a loud voice: In the name of our Lord  
 Jesus Messiah, I say to thee, Rise upon thy feet.  
 11 And he sprang up, stood, and walked. (11) And  
 the assembly of people, when they saw what Paul  
 had done, raised their voice, and said, in the lan-  
 guage of the country: The gods have assumed  
 the likeness of men, and have come down to us.  
 12 (12) And they named Barnabas the Lord of the  
 Gods; and Paul Hermes,<sup>b</sup> because he commenced  
 13 the speaking. (13) And the priest<sup>c</sup> of the Lord of  
 the Gods, who was without the city, brought oxen  
 and garlands to the gate of the court where they  
 lodged, and was disposed to offer sacrifices to  
 14 them.—(14) But Barnabas and Paul, when they  
 heard [it], rent their garments, and sprang and  
 15 went among the throng,<sup>d</sup> (15) and called out, and  
 said: Men, what do ye? We also are frail mortals  
 like yourselves, who preach to you, that ye should  
 turn from these useless things, unto the living God,  
 who made heaven and earth and seas, and what-  
 16 ever is in them. (16) He, in former ages, left all  
 17 the nations to go in their own ways: (17) although  
 he did not leave himself without testimony, while  
 he did them good from heaven, and sent down the  
 rain, and made the fruits to grow in their seasons,  
 and filled their hearts with food and pleasure.  
 18 (18) And, by saying these things, they with diffi-  
 culty prevented the people from offering sacrifice  
 to them.  
 19 But Jews came hither from Iconium and An-  
 tioch, and excited the people against them. And  
 they stoned Paul, and dragged him out of the city,  
 20 supposing that he was dead. (20) And the disci-  
 ples assembled around him: and he arose, and went  
 into the city.—And the next day, he departed from  
 there, with Barnabas; and they came to the city of  
 21 Derbe. (21) And while they were preaching to  
 the inhabitants of that city, they made many disci-  
 ples. And turning back, they came to the city

<sup>a</sup> or, *be cured.*

<sup>b</sup> Sy.  $\alpha\lambda\epsilon\iota\sigma\tau\alpha$  =  
 Gr.  $\epsilon\rho\mu\epsilon\iota\varsigma$ .

<sup>c</sup> Sy.  $\text{ܩܘܪܒܢܐ}$

<sup>d</sup> Sy.  $\alpha\lambda\epsilon\iota\sigma\tau\alpha$  =  
 Gr.  $\epsilon\gamma\chi\lambda\epsilon\varsigma$ .

Lystra, and to Iconium, and to Antioch, (22) con- 22  
 firming the souls of the disciples, and entreating  
 them to persevere in the faith; and they told them,  
 that it was necessary, through much affliction, to  
 enter into the kingdom of God. (23) And they 23  
 established<sup>e</sup> for them Elders<sup>f</sup> in each church, while  
 they fasted with them, and prayed, and commended  
 them to our Lord in whom they believed. (24) And 24  
 when they had travelled over the region of Pisidia,  
 they came to Pamphylia. (25) And when they 25  
 had spoken the word of the Lord in the city of  
 Perga, they went down to Attalia. (26) And 26  
 thence they proceeded by sea, and came to Anti-  
 och; because from there they had been commended  
 to the grace of the Lord, for that work which they  
 had accomplished. (27) And when they had 27  
 collected together the whole church, they narrated all  
 that God had wrought with them, and that he had  
 opened a door of faith to the Gentiles. (28) And 28  
 they remained there a long time with the disciples.

And certain men came down from Judæa, and XV.  
 taught the brethren, that unless ye be circumcised,  
 in accordance with the rite of the law, ye cannot 2  
 have life.<sup>a</sup> (2) And Paul and Barnabas had much  
 trouble and disputation with them. And it re-  
 sulted, that Paul and Barnabas, and others with  
 them, went up to the legates and Elders at Jerusa- 3  
 lem, because of this matter. (3) And the church  
 waited on them, and sent them away; and they  
 travelled through all Phenicia and the territory<sup>b</sup> of  
 the Samaritans, narrating the conversion of the  
 Gentiles, and causing great joy to all the brethren.  
 (4) And when they came to Jerusalem, they were 4  
 received by the church, and by the Elders, and by  
 the legates; and they recounted all that God had  
 wrought by them. (5) And some who from the 5  
 sect<sup>c</sup> of the Pharisees had believed, rose up and  
 said: It is necessary for you to circumcise them,  
 and to command them to observe the law of Moses.  
 And the legates and Elders assembled, to look 6  
 into this matter.<sup>d</sup> (7) And when there had been 7  
 much discussion, Simon arose and said to them:  
 Men, brethren, ye know that, from the earlier days,  
 God chose that from my mouth the Gentiles should  
 hear the word of the gospel, and should believe.

<sup>e</sup> Sy. *ἰδρύσαντες*

<sup>f</sup> Sy. *ἡγήσαντες*

<sup>a</sup> or, *be saved.*

<sup>b</sup> Sy. *home.*

<sup>c</sup> or, *doctrine.*

<sup>d</sup> Sy. *word.*

8 (8) And God, who knoweth what is in hearts, bore testimony concerning them, and gave the Holy  
 9 Spirit to them, even as to us. (9) And he made no distinction between them and us; because he purified their hearts by faith. (10) And now, why tempt ye God, by putting a yoke on the necks of the disciples, which neither our fathers nor we could  
 11 bear? (11) But we believe, that we as well as they, are to have life<sup>e</sup> by the grace of our Lord  
 12 Jesus Messiah.—(12) And the whole assembly were silent, and listened to Paul and Barnabas, who related how God by their hands had wrought signs  
 13 and prodigies among the Gentiles.—(13) And after they ceased,<sup>f</sup> James arose and said: Men, brethren,  
 14 hearken to me. (14) Simon hath related to you, how God hath begun to elect a people for his name  
 15 from among the Gentiles. (15) And with this the words of the prophets accord, as it is written:  
 16 (16) After these things I will return, and will set up the tabernacle of David that had fallen; and will build that which was in ruins in it, and will  
 17 raise it up: (17) so that the residue of men may seek the Lord, and all the nations on whom my name is called; saith the Lord, who doth all these  
 18 things. (18) Known, from of old, are the works of  
 19 God. (19) Therefore I say to you, let them not crush those who from among the Gentiles have  
 20 turned unto God. (20) But let word be sent to them, that they keep aloof from the defilement of a sacrifice [to idols], and from whoredom, and from  
 21 what is strangled, and from blood. (21) For in every city, from former ages, Moses hath heralds in the synagogues, who read him every sabbath.  
 22 Then the legates and Elders, with all the church, chose men from among themselves, and sent them to Antioch, with Paul and Barnabas; [namely],  
 23 Jude, who was called Barsabas, and Silas,<sup>g</sup> men  
 24 who were chiefs<sup>h</sup> among the brethren. (23) And they wrote a letter by them, thus: The legates and Elders and brethren, to them that are in Antioch, and in Syria, and in Cilicia, brethren who are from  
 24 the Gentiles, greeting:<sup>i</sup> (24) We have heard, that some have gone from us and disquieted you, by discourses, and have subverted your minds,<sup>k</sup> by saying, That ye must be circumcised and keep the law; things which we have not commanded them.

<sup>e</sup> or, be saved.

<sup>f</sup> Sy. were silent.

<sup>g</sup> Sy. سليمان

<sup>h</sup> Sy. قضاة

<sup>i</sup> Sy. peace.

<sup>k</sup> or, souls.

(25) Therefore we all have thought fit, when assembled, to choose and send men to you, with our beloved Paul and Barnabas, (26) men who have given up their lives for the name of our Lord Jesus Messiah. (27) And we have sent with them Jude and Silas, that they may tell you the same things orally.<sup>1</sup> (28) For it was pleasing to the Holy Spirit, and to us, that there should not be laid upon you any additional burden, besides these necessary things: (29) that ye keep aloof from a sacrifice [to idols], and from blood, and from what is strangled, and from whoredom. And if ye keep yourselves from these, ye will do well. Be ye steadfast in the Lord.

<sup>1</sup> or, *in discourse.*

<sup>m</sup> Sy.  $\Delta$   $\text{ܐܘܨܝܢ}$ ;

And they who were sent, came to Antioch, and assembled all the people, and delivered the letter. (31) And when they had read [it], they rejoiced and were comforted. (32) And with abundant discourse they strengthened the brethren; and the associates<sup>m</sup> of Jude and Silas established them, because they also were prophets. (33) And when they had been there some time, the brethren dismissed them in peace to the legates. [(34)\* But it was the pleasure of Silas to remain there.] (35) Paul also and Barnabas remained at Antioch; and they taught and proclaimed, with many others, the word of God.

And after [some] days, Paul said to Barnabas: Let us return, and visit the brethren in every city, in which we have preached the word of God; and let us see what they are doing. (37) And Barnabas was disposed to take John, who was surnamed Mark. (38) But Paul was not willing to take him with them; because he left them when they were in Pamphylia, and went not with them. (39) In consequence of this strife, they separated from each other: and Barnabas took Mark, and they travelled by sea and went to Cyprus. (40) But Paul chose Silas for his companion, and departed, being commended by the brethren to the grace of God. (41) And he travelled through Syria, and through Cilicia, and strengthened the churches.

\* This verse is removed to the margin in the editions of the British and Foreign Bible Society.



XVI. And he came to the city Derbe, and to Lystra.

And there was a certain disciple there, whose name was Timothy, the son of a believing Jewess, but his

2 father was a Gentile.<sup>a</sup> (2) And all the disciples of Lystra and Iconium gave good testimony of him.

3 (3) Him Paul was disposed to take with him: and he took him, and circumcised him, because of the Jews that were in that region; for they all knew

4 that his father was a Gentile. (4) And as they went among the cities, they preached and taught them, that they should observe those injunctions

5 which the legates and Elders at Jerusalem had written. (5) And so were the churches established in the faith, and were increased in number daily.

6 (6) And they travelled through the regions of Phrygia and Galatia; and the Holy Spirit forbid

7 them to speak the word of God in Asia. (7) And when they came into the region of Mysia, they were disposed to go from there into Bithynia, but

8 the Spirit of Jesus permitted them not.—(8) And when they departed from Mysia, they came down

9 to the region of Troas. (9) And in a vision of the night, there appeared unto Paul, a man of Macedonia, who stood and besought him, saying: Come

10 to Macedonia and help us.—(10) And when Paul had seen this vision, immediately we were desirous to depart for Macedonia; because we inferred, that our Lord called us to preach to them.

11 And we sailed from Troas, and came direct to Samothrace; and from there, on the following day,

12 we came to the city Neapolis. (12) And from there to Philippi, which is the chief<sup>b</sup> [city] of Macedonia, and is a colony. And we remained in

13 that city certain days. (13) And on the sabbath day, we went without the gate of the city to the side of a river, because a house of prayer was seen there. And when we were seated, we conversed

14 with the women who there assembled. (14) And a certain woman who feared God, a seller of purple, whose name was Lydia, from the city of Thyatira, [was there]. Her heart our Lord opened,

15 and she hearkened to what Paul spake. (15) And she was baptized, and her household.<sup>c</sup> And she entreated us, saying: If ye are really persuaded

16 that I have believed in our Lord, come and take lodging in my house. And she urged us much.—

<sup>a</sup> Sy. [ܐܘܨܡܝܐ],  
or, *Aramæan.*

<sup>b</sup> Sy. [ܢܘܒܝܐ]

<sup>c</sup> Sy. [ܥܘܩܘܒܐ]

<sup>d</sup> Sy. *divined*.<sup>e</sup> or, *salvation*.<sup>f</sup> Sy.

[Coptic text]

Gr. *στρατηγῶν*.<sup>g</sup> or, *be saved*.<sup>h</sup> or, *be saved*.

(16) And it occurred that, as we were going to the 16  
house of prayer, a certain maid met us, who had  
a spirit of divination, and who procured for her lords  
great gain by the divination which she performed.<sup>d</sup>  
(17) And she followed after Paul and us, and cried, 17  
saying: These men are the servants of the Most  
High God, and they announce to you the way of  
life<sup>e</sup> (18) And this she did many days. And 18  
Paul was indignant; and he said to that spirit, I  
command thee, in the name of Jesus Messiah, that  
thou come out of her. And it came out the same  
hour. (19) And when her lords saw that the prosp- 19  
ect of their gain from her was gone, they seized  
Paul and Silas, and dragging them along brought  
them to the market-place, (20) and set them before 20  
the prefects<sup>f</sup> and chiefs of the city, and said: These  
men disturb our city; for they are Jews, (21) and 21  
they preach to us customs, which it is not lawful  
for us to receive and to practise, because we are  
Romans. (22) And a great company was collected 22  
against them. Then the prefects rent their gar-  
ments, and commanded to scourge them. (23) And 23  
when they had scourged them much, they cast them  
into the prison, and commanded the keeper of the  
prison to keep them with care. (24) And he, hav- 24  
ing received this command, carried and immured  
them in the inner part of the prison, and confined  
their feet in the stocks. (25) And at midnight 25  
Paul and Silas were praying and glorifying God:  
and the prisoners heard them. (26) And suddenly 26  
there was a great shaking, and the foundations of  
the prison were moved; and at once all the doors  
opened, and the bands of all were loosed. (27) And 27  
when the keeper of the prison awoke, and saw that  
the doors of the prison were open, he took a sword  
and sought to kill himself; because he supposed  
the prisoners had escaped. (28) But Paul called 28  
to him, in a loud voice, and said: Do thyself no  
harm, for we are all here. (29) And he lighted for 29  
himself a lamp, and sprang and came in, trembling,  
and fell at the feet of Paul and Silas. (30) And 30  
he brought them out, and said to them: My lords,  
what must I do, that I may have life?<sup>g</sup> (31) And 31  
they said to him: Believe on the name of our Lord  
Jesus Messiah, and thou wilt have life,<sup>h</sup> thou and  
thy house. (32) And they spoke the word of the 32

Lord to him, and to all the members<sup>i</sup> of his house. <sup>1</sup> Sy. *sous.*  
 33 (33) And the same hour of the night, he took and washed them from their stripes; and he was baptized immediately, he and all the members<sup>k</sup> of his <sup>k</sup> Sy. *sous.*  
 34 house. (34) And he took them and brought them into his house, and set a table for them; and he rejoiced in the faith of God, he and all the members<sup>l</sup> <sup>l</sup> Sy. *sous.*  
 35 of his house.—(35) And when it was morning, the prefects sent rod-bearers<sup>m</sup> to say to the superior<sup>n</sup> of <sup>m</sup> i. e. *victors.*  
 36 the prison: Let those men loose. (36) And when the superior of the prison heard [it], he went in, and said the same thing<sup>o</sup> to Paul; [namely], that the prefects have sent [word] that ye be set free. <sup>o</sup> Sy. *ω;*  
 And now, [said he,] Go ye out, and depart in <sup>o</sup> or, *word.*  
 37 peace. (37) But Paul said to him: They have scourged us, unoffending men, and Romans, before all the world, and have cast us into prison; and now, do they secretly let us out? No, surely: but let them come themselves and bring us out.  
 38 (38) And the rod-bearers went and told to the prefects the words which were told to them: and when they heard that they were Romans, they  
 39 were afraid, (39) and came to them, and entreated of them that they would come out, and that they  
 40 would leave the city. (40) And when they came out from the prison, they entered the house of Lydia; and there they saw the brethren, and comforted them, and departed.

XVII. And they passed through the cities of Amphipolis and Apollonia, and came to Thessalonica,   
 2 where was a synagogue of the Jews. (2) And Paul, as was his custom, went in to them; and during three sabbaths he discoursed with them  
 3 from the scriptures; (3) expounding and showing, that the Messiah was to suffer, and to arise from the dead, and that this Jesus whom I announce to you  
 4 is the Messiah. (4) And some of them believed, and adhered to Paul and Silas; and of those Greeks who feared God, a great many; and also of noted  
 5 women, not a few. (5) But the Jews were indignant, and gathered to themselves evil men from the market-place of the city, and formed a great mob; and they alarmed the city, and came and assaulted the house of Jason, and sought to draw them from  
 6 it, and to deliver them up to the mob. (6) And

when they found them not there, they drew Jason and the brethren who were there, and brought them before the chiefs of the city, crying out: These are they who have terrified all the country; and lo, they have come hither also: (7) and this Jason is their entertainer: and they all resist the commands of Cæsar, saying that there is another king, one Jesus. (8) And the chiefs of the city, and all the people, were alarmed when they heard these things. (9) And they took sureties from Jason, and also from the brethren, and then released them.—(10) And the brethren immediately, on the same night, sent away Paul and Silas to the city of Berea. And when they came there, they entered into the synagogue of the Jews. (11) For the Jews there were more liberal<sup>a</sup> than the Jews of Thessalonica; and they gladly heard the word from them daily, and searched from the scriptures whether these things were so. (12) And many of them believed; and so likewise of the Greeks, many men, and women of note. (13) And when the Jews of Thessalonica had knowledge that the word of God was preached by Paul in the city of Berea, they came thither also, and they ceased not to excite and alarm the people. (14) And the brethren sent away Paul, that he might go down to the sea. But Silas and Timothy abode in that city.

<sup>a</sup> Sy. بناقة,  
*ingenuous.*

And they who conducted Paul, went with him to the city of Athens. And when they departed from him, they received an epistle from him to Silas and Timothy, that they should come to him speedily. (16) And while Paul was waiting [for them] at Athens, he was pained<sup>b</sup> in his spirit: because he saw that the whole city was full of idols. (17) And in the synagogue he spoke with the Jews, and with those that feared God, and in the market-place with them who daily assembled there. (18) And also philosophers of the sect of Epicureans, and others who were called Stoics, disputed with him. And one and another of them said: What doth this word-monger<sup>c</sup> mean? Others said: He announceth foreign deities;<sup>d</sup> because he preached to them Jesus and his resurrection. (19) And they took him and brought him to the place of judgments called Areopagus, and said to

<sup>b</sup> Sy. *made bitter.*

<sup>c</sup> Sy. *collector of words.*

<sup>d</sup> Sy. لاتة,  
*gods.*

him: May we know what this new doctrine which  
 20 thou preachest is? (20) For thou scatterest<sup>e</sup> in <sup>e</sup> Sy. *sowest.*  
 our ears strange words; and we wish to know  
 21 what they are. (21) For all the Athenians and  
 the foreigners residing there, cared for nothing else  
 22 but to tell or to hear something new.—(22) And  
 as Paul stood in the Areopagus, he said: Men,  
 Athenians, I perceive that in all things ye are ex-  
 23 cessive in the worship of demons. (23) For, as I  
 was rambling about, and viewing the temples of  
 your worship, I met with an altar, on which was  
 inscribed, TO THE HIDDEN GOD. Him, therefore,  
 whom ye worship while ye know him not, the  
 24 very same I announce to you. (24) For the God  
 who made the world and all that is in it, and who  
 is Lord of heaven and of earth, dwelleth not in  
 25 temples made with hands. (25) Nor is he ministered  
 to by human hands, neither hath he any  
 wants; for he it is giveth life and breath<sup>f</sup> to every <sup>f</sup> or, *a soul.*  
 26 man. (26) And of one blood hath he made the  
 whole world of men, that they might dwell on the  
 face of all the earth: and he hath separated the  
 seasons by his ordinance; and hath set bounds to  
 27 the residence of men: (27) that they might inquire  
 and search after God, and, by means of his crea-  
 tions, might find him; because he is not afar off  
 28 from each one of us: (28) for in him it is we live,  
 and move, and exist: as one of your own wise men  
 29 hath said: From him is our descent. (29) There-  
 fore we, whose descent is from God, ought not to  
 suppose that the Deity<sup>g</sup> hath the likeness of gold, <sup>g</sup> Sy. *ἰσοειδής*  
 or silver, or stone, sculptured by the art and skill  
 30 of men. (30) And the times of this error God hath  
 made to pass away; and at the present time, he  
 commandeth all men, that each individual, in every  
 31 place, should repent. (31) Because he hath appointed  
 a day, in which he will judge all the earth, with  
 righteousness, by the man whom he hath designat-  
 ed: and he turneth every man to faith in him, in  
 32 that he raised him from the dead.—(32) And when  
 they heard of the resurrection from the dead, some  
 of them ridiculed, and others of them said: At  
 another time, we will hear thee on this matter.  
 33 (33) And so Paul departed from among them.  
 34 (34) And some of them adhered to him, and be-  
 lieved; one of these was Dionysius from among

the judges of Areopagus, and a woman named Damaris, and others with them.

And when Paul departed from Athens, he XVIII. went to Corinth. (2) And he found there a man, a 2 Jew, whose name was Aquila, who was from the region of Pontus, and had just then arrived from the country of Italy, he and Priscilla his wife, because Claudius Caesar had commanded that all Jews should depart from Rome. And he went to them; (3) and, because he was of<sup>a</sup> their trade, he took lodgings with them, and worked with them; for by their trade they were tent-makers. (4) And he spoke in the synagogue every sabbath, and persuaded the Jews and Gentiles.<sup>b</sup> (5) And when Silas and Timothy had come from Macedonia, Paul was impeded in discourse, because the Jews stood up against him, and reviled, as he testified to them that Jesus is the Messiah. (6) And he shook his garments, and said to them: Henceforth I am clean; I betake myself to the Gentiles. (7) And he went away, and entered into the house of a certain man named Titus,<sup>c</sup> one who feared God, and whose house adjoined the synagogue. (8) And Crispus, the president<sup>d</sup> of the synagogue, believed on our Lord, he and all the members<sup>e</sup> of his house. And many Corinthians gave ear, and believed in God, and were baptized. (9) And the Lord said to Paul in a vision: Fear not, but speak and be not silent: (10) for I am with thee, and no one is able to harm thee; and I have much people in this city. (11) And he resided in Corinth a year and six months, and taught them the word of God.

<sup>a</sup> Sy. son of their trade.

<sup>b</sup> Sy. the profane.

<sup>c</sup> Gr. Justus.

<sup>d</sup> Sy. ܐܘܨܝܘܬܝܢܐ

<sup>e</sup> Sy. sons.

<sup>f</sup> Sy.

ܘܘܕܘܨܘܨܝܢܐ,  
Gr. ἀνδοπαρις.

And when Gallio was proconsul<sup>f</sup> of Achaia, the 12 Jews assembled together against Paul; and they brought him before the judgment-seat, (13) saying: This man persuadeth the people to worship God contrary to the law. (14) And when Paul requested that he might open his mouth and speak, Gallio said to the Jews: If your accusation, O Jews, related to any wrong done, or any fraud, or base act, I would listen to you suitably. (15) But if the contests are about words, and about names, and concerning your law, ye must see to it among yourselves, for I am not disposed to be a judge of 15

16 such matters. (16) And he repelled them from  
 17 his judgment-seat. (17) And all the Gentiles<sup>g</sup>  
 laid hold of Sosthenes an Elder<sup>h</sup> of the synagogue,  
 and smote him before the judgment-seat. And  
 Gallio disregarded these things.

18 And when Paul had been there many days, he  
 bid adieu to the brethren, and departed by sea to  
 go to Syria. And with him went Priscilla and  
 Aquila, when he had shaved his head at Cenchrea,  
 19 because he had vowed a vow.—(19) And they came  
 to Ephesus; and Paul entered the synagogue, and  
 20 discoursed with the Jews. (20) And they requested  
 him to tarry with them: but he could not be per-  
 21 suaded. (21) For he said: I must certainly keep  
 the approaching feast at Jerusalem. But, if it  
 22 please God, I will come again to you. (22) And  
 Aquila and Priscilla he left at Ephesus, and he  
 himself proceeded by sea and came to Caesarea.  
 And he went up and saluted the members<sup>i</sup> of the  
 23 church, and went on to Antioch.—(23) And when  
 he had been there some days, he departed, and  
 travelled from place to place in the regions of  
 Phrygia and Galatia, establishing all the disciples.

24 And a certain man named Apollos, a Jew, a na-  
 tive of Alexandria, who was trained to eloquence,  
 and well taught in the scriptures, came to Ephesus.

25 (25) He had been instructed in the ways of the  
 Lord, and was fervent in spirit; and he discoursed  
 and taught fully respecting Jesus, while yet he  
 26 knew nothing except the baptism of John. (26) And  
 he began to speak boldly in the synagogue. And  
 when Aquila and Priscilla heard him, they took him  
 to their house, and fully showed him the way of the  
 27 Lord. (27) And when he was disposed to go to  
 Achaia, the brethren anticipated him, and wrote  
 to the disciples to receive him. And, by going,  
 through grace, he greatly assisted all them that be-  
 28 lieved. (28) For he reasoned powerfully against  
 the Jews, before the congregation; and showed  
 from the scriptures, respecting Jesus, that he is the  
 Messiah.

<sup>g</sup> Sy. *the pro-  
fane.*

<sup>h</sup> Sy. 

<sup>i</sup> Sy. *sons.*

XIX. And while Apollos was at Corinth, Paul trav-  
 elled over the upper countries to Ephesus. And  
 he inquired of the disciples whom he found there,  
 2 (2) Have ye received the Holy Spirit, since ye be-

believed? They answered and said to him: If there  
 be a Holy Spirit, it hath not come to our hearing. 3  
 (3) He said to them: Into what then were ye bap- 3  
 tized? They say: Into the baptism of John. 4  
 (4) Paul said to them: John baptized the people 4  
 with the baptism of repentance, while he told them  
 to believe in him who was to come after him, that 5  
 is, in Jesus the Messiah. (5) And when they heard 5  
 these things, they were baptized in the name of  
 our Lord Jesus Messiah. (6) And Paul laid [his] 6  
 hand on them; and the Holy Spirit came upon  
 them, and they spoke in various tongues, and pro- 6  
 phesied. (7) And all the persons were twelve.— 7  
 (8) And Paul entered into the synagogue, and 8  
 spoke boldly three months, persuading in regard to  
 the kingdom of God. (9) And some of them were 9  
 hardened, and disputations, and reviled the way of  
 God before the assembly of the people. Then  
 Paul withdrew himself, and separated the disciples  
 from them. And he discoursed with them daily  
 in the school of a man named Tyrannus. (10) And 10  
 this continued for two years, until all who resided  
 in [Proconsular] Asia, both Jews and Gentiles,<sup>a</sup>  
 heard the word of the Lord. (11) And God 11  
 wrought very great miracles<sup>b</sup> by the hand of Paul:  
 (12) so that, from the clothes on his body, napkins 12  
 and rags were carried and laid upon the sick, and  
 the diseases left them, and demons also went out.  
 —(13) And moreover certain Jews, who went 13  
 about exorcising<sup>c</sup> demons, were disposed to exor-  
 cise in the name of our Lord Jesus over those who  
 had unclean spirits, by saying: We adjure you, in  
 the name of that Jesus whom Paul announceth.  
 (14) And there were seven sons of one Sæva,<sup>d</sup> a 14  
 Jew, and chief<sup>e</sup> of the priests, who did this. (15) 15  
 And the evil demon answered and said to them:  
 Jesus I well know, and Paul I know, but as for  
 you, who are ye? (16) And the man in whom 16  
 was the evil demon leaped upon them, and over-  
 powered them, and threw them down: and they  
 fled out of the house denuded and bruised. (17) 17  
 And this became known to all the Jews and Gen-  
 tiles,<sup>f</sup> who resided at Ephesus. And fear fell on  
 them all, and the name of our Lord Jesus Messiah  
 was exalted.—(18) And many of them that be- 18  
 lieved, came and narrated their faults, and confess-

<sup>a</sup> Sy.  
*Aramæans.*

<sup>b</sup> Sy. **مُعْجَزَاتٍ**

<sup>c</sup> Sy.  
**مُخْرِجِينَ**

<sup>d</sup> Sy. **سَبْعَةَ**

<sup>e</sup> Sy. **رَبِّ**

<sup>f</sup> Sy.  
*Aramæans.*



- 19 ed what they had done. (19) And also many magicians collected their books, and brought and burned them before every body: and they computed the cost of them, and it amounted to fifty thousand [pieces] of silver. (20) And thus with great power was the faith of God strengthened and increased.
- 21 And when these things had been accomplished, Paul purposed in his mind, to make the circuit of all Macedonia and Achaia, and [then] go to Jerusalem. And he said: After I have gone thither, I must also see Rome. (22) And he sent two persons, of those that ministered to him, Timothy and Erastus,<sup>g</sup> into Macedonia; but he himself remained <sup>g</sup> Sy. *Aristus*.
- 23 for a time in Asia.—(23) And at that time there was great commotion respecting the way of God.
- 24 (24) For a certain silversmith was there, named Demetrius, who made silver shrines for Diana, and afforded great profits to the artisans<sup>h</sup> of his trade. <sup>h</sup> Sy. *sous*.
- 25 (25) He assembled all the artisans of his trade, and those who labored with them, and said to them: Gentlemen,<sup>i</sup> ye know that our gains are all from <sup>i</sup> Sy. *Men*.
- 26 this manufacture. (26) And ye also know and see, that not only the citizens<sup>k</sup> of Ephesus, but also the mass of all Asia, this Paul hath persuaded and enticed away, by saying, that those are not gods, <sup>k</sup> Sy. *sous*.
- 27 which are made by the hands of men. (27) And not only is this occupation slandered and impeded, but also the temple of the great goddess<sup>l</sup> Diana is accounted as nothing; and likewise the goddess herself of all Asia, and whom all nations worship, <sup>l</sup> Sy. *דַּיָּאָנָה*
- 28 is contemned.—(28) And when they heard these things they were filled with wrath; and they cried out, and said: Great is Diana of the Ephesians.
- 29 (29) And the whole city was in commotion; and they ran together, and entered the theatre. And they caught, and bore along with them, Gaius and Aristarchus, men of Macedonia, and associates of
- 30 Paul. (30) And Paul was disposed to go into the
- 31 theatre: but the disciples restrained him. (31) And likewise the chiefs<sup>m</sup> of Asia, because they were his friends, sent and requested of him, that he would not expose himself by going into the theatre. <sup>m</sup> Sy. *בְּנֵי אַסְיָה*
- 32 (32) And the multitudes that were in the theatre were in great confusion, and cried, some one thing, and some another: and many of them knew not

° Sy. **نصحا**

° Sy. **صفا**

° Sy. **صفا**

for what cause they had come together. (33) And 33  
 the Jewish people who were there, brought for-  
 ward one of their men, a Jew, named Alexander.  
 And he, rising up, waved his hand, and wished to  
 make a defence before the people. (34) But they, 34  
 knowing him to be a Jew, all cried out with one  
 voice, about two hours: Great is Diana of the Ephesians. (35) But the chief<sup>u</sup> of the city tranquillized 35  
 them, by saying: Men of Ephesus, What person  
 is there, among men, who doth not know the city  
 of the Ephesians to be devoted to the worship of  
 the great Diana, and of her image that descended  
 from heaven? (36) Since therefore no one can 36  
 gainsay this, ye ought to be tranquil, and to do  
 nothing with precipitancy. (37) For ye have 37  
 brought forward these men, when they have robbed  
 no temples, and have not reviled our goddess.  
 (38) But if Demetrius and the men of his trade 38  
 have a controversy with any one, lo, there is a pro-  
 consul in the city, they are men of dexterity, let  
 them approach and litigate with one another.  
 (39) Or if you desire any other thing, it may be 39  
 determined in the place assigned by law for an as-  
 sembly.<sup>o</sup> (40) Because too we are now in danger 40  
 of being accused as seditious, since we cannot give  
 a reason for the meeting of this day, because we  
 have assembled needlessly, and been tumultuous  
 without a cause. And having said these things,  
 he dismissed the assembly.<sup>p</sup>

And after the tumult had subsided, Paul called XX.  
 the disciples to him, and comforted them, and  
 kissed them, and departed, and went into Mace- 2  
 donia. (2) And when he had travelled over those  
 regions, and had comforted them with many dis-  
 courses, he proceeded to the country of Greece. 3  
 (3) And he was there three months. And the  
 Jews formed a plot against him, when he was about  
 to go to Syria: and he contemplated returning to 4  
 Macedonia. (4) And there departed with him, as  
 far as Asia, Sopater of the city Berea, and Aristar-  
 chus and Secundus who were of Thessalonica, and  
 Gains who was of the city of Derbe, and Timothy  
 of Lystra, and of Asia Tychicus and Trophimus.  
 (5) These proceeded on before us, and waited for 5  
 us at Troas. (6) And we departed from Philippi, 6

a city of the Macedonians, after the days of unleavened bread; and proceeded by water and arrived at Troas in five days, and remained there seven 7 days.—(7) And on the first day of the week, when we assembled to break the eucharist,<sup>a</sup> Paul discoursed with them, because he was to depart the next day; and he continued his discourse till midnight. (8) And there were many lamps burning in 8 the chamber where we were assembled. (9) And a young man named Eutychus was sitting in a window and listening. And while Paul prolonged his discourse, he sunk into a deep sleep; and, in his sleep, he fell from the third loft, and was taken up 10 as dead. (10) And Paul went down, and bent over him and embraced him, and said: Be not 11 agitated, for his soul<sup>b</sup> is in him. (11) And when he had gone up, he broke the bread and tasted [it], and discoursed until the morning dawned. And 12 then he departed to go by land. (12) And they brought the young man alive, and rejoiced over 13 him greatly.—(13) And we went on board the ship, and sailed to the port of Thesos;<sup>c</sup> because, there we were to take in Paul: for so had he bidden us, 14 when he proceeded on by land. (14) And when we had received him at Thesos, we took him on 15 board ship and proceeded to Mitylene. (15) And from there, the next day, we sailed over against the island Chios; and again, the next day we arrived at Samos, and stopped at Trogyllium; and 16 on the following day we arrived at Miletus. (16) For Paul had determined with himself to pass by Ephesus, lest he should be delayed there; because he hastened on, if possible, to keep the day of pentecost in Jerusalem.

17 And from Miletus, he sent and called the Elders<sup>d</sup> 18 of the church<sup>e</sup> at Ephesus. (18) And when they had come to him, he said to them: Ye yourselves know, how, at all times, since the first day that I 19 entered Asia, I have been with you; (19) laboring for God, in great humility,<sup>f</sup> and with tears, amid the trials which beset me from the plottings of 20 Jews: (20) and I shunned not that which was advantageous to your souls, that I might preach to 21 you, and teach in the streets and in houses, (21) while I testified to Jews and to Gentiles,<sup>g</sup> as to repentance towards God and faith in our Lord Je-

<sup>a</sup> Sy. ⲉⲩⲁⲛⲁⲓⲁⲓⲁⲓ

<sup>b</sup> Sy. ⲛⲓⲙⲉ

<sup>c</sup> Gr. Assos.

<sup>d</sup> Sy. ⲛⲉⲧⲉⲗⲁⲓ

<sup>e</sup> Sy. ⲛⲉⲥⲥⲁⲓⲁ

<sup>f</sup> or, depression.

<sup>g</sup> Sy. ⲁⲣⲁⲙⲁⲉⲁⲛⲁⲓ

sus Messiah. (22) And now I am bound in spirit, 22  
 and I go to Jerusalem; and I know not what will  
 befall me there; (23) except that the Holy Spirit, 23  
 in every city, testifieth to me and saith: Bonds  
 and afflictions await thee. (24) But my life is ac- 24  
 counted by me as nothing, so that I may but finish  
 my course, and the ministration which I have re-  
 ceived from our Lord Jesus, to bear testimony to  
 the gospel<sup>b</sup> of the grace of God. (25) And now, I 25  
 know that ye will see my face no more, all of you  
 among whom I have travelled and preached the  
 kingdom of God. (26) I therefore protest to you, 26  
 this day, that I am pure from the blood of you all.  
 (27) For I have not shunned to acquaint you with 27  
 all the will of God. (28) Take heed therefore to 28  
 yourselves, and to all the flock over which the Holy  
 Spirit hath established you bishops;<sup>i\*</sup> that ye feed  
 the church of God,<sup>k</sup> which he hath acquired by his  
 blood. (29) For I know, that after I am gone, 29  
 fierce wolves will come in among you, and will  
 have no mercy on the flock. (30) And also, from 30  
 among yourselves, there will rise up men speaking  
 perverse things, that they may turn away the dis-  
 ciples to go after them. (31) Therefore be ye vigi- 31  
 lant; and remember, that for three years I ceased  
 not to admonish each one of you, by day and by  
 night, with tears. (32) And now I commend you 32  
 to God, and to the word of his grace, which is able  
 to build you up, and to give you an inheritance  
 among all the saints. (33) Silver, or gold, or gar- 33  
 ments, I have not coveted. (34) And ye yourselves 34  
 know, that these hands ministered to my wants,  
 and to them that were with me. (35) And I have 35  
 showed you all things; that thus it is a duty to  
 labor, and to care for the infirm, and to remember  
 the words of our Lord Jesus; for he hath said,  
 That he is more blessed who giveth, than he who  
 receiveth.—(36) And when he had said these things, 36  
 he fell on his knees and prayed, and all the people  
 with him. (37) And there was great weeping 37  
 among them all. And they embraced him, and  
 kissed him. (38) And they had the most anguish, 38  
 because of the word he uttered, that they would see

<sup>b</sup> Sy. ἡ ἀγάπη

<sup>i</sup> Sy.\*..  
 [ἡ ἐκκλησία]

<sup>k</sup> In the Nesto-  
 rian MSS.,  
 Messiah.

\* This is the only place in this version of the New Testament in which the word *Bishop* occurs.

his face no more. And they accompanied him to the ship.

XXI. And we separated from them, and proceeded in a straight course to the island of Coos: and the next day, we reached Rhodes, and from there Patara.

2 (2) And we found there a ship going to Phenicia;

3 and we entered it, and proceeded on. (3) And we

came up with the island of Cyprus, and leaving it

on the left we came to Syria; and from there we

went to Tyre, for there the ship was to discharge

4 her cargo. (4) And, as we found disciples there,

we tarried with them seven days: and they, by the

5 Spirit, told Paul not to go to Jerusalem. (5) And

after those days, we departed and went on [our]

way; and they all clung to us, they and their wives

and their children, until [we were] without the

city; and they fell on their knees by the seaside,

6 and prayed. (6) And we kissed one another: and

we embarked on the ship, and they returned to their

7 homes.—(7) And we sailed from Tyre, and arrived

at the city Acco;<sup>a</sup> and we saluted the brethren

8 there, and stopped with them one day. (8) And

the next day, we departed and came to Casarea;

and we went in and put up in the house of Philip

9 the Evangelist,<sup>b</sup> who was one of the seven. (9) He

had four virgin daughters, who were prophetesses.

10 (10) And as we were there many days, a certain

prophet came down from Judaea, whose name was

11 Agabus. (11) And he came in to us, and took the

girdle of Paul's loins, and bound his own feet and

hands, and said: Thus saith the Holy Spirit, So

will the Jews in Jerusalem bind the man, who

owns this girdle; and they will deliver him into

12 the hands of the Gentiles. (12) And when we

heard these words, we and the residents<sup>c</sup> of the

place begged of him, that he would not go to Jeru-

13 salem. (13) Then Paul answered and said: What

do ye, weeping and crushing my heart? For I am

prepared, not only to be bound, but also to die at

Jerusalem, for the name of our Lord Jesus Messiah.

14 (14) And as he was not to be persuaded by us, we

desisted; and we said: Let the pleasure of our

15 Lord take place.—(15) And after those days, we

prepared ourselves and went up to Jerusalem.

16 (16) And some disciples of Casarea went along

<sup>a</sup> Sy. *ops*,  
Gr. *Ptolemais*.

<sup>b</sup> Sy.  
*ἱεροσόλω*

<sup>c</sup> Sy. *sons*.

with us, taking with them a brother from among the earlier disciples, whose name was Mnason, and who was from Cyprus; that he might entertain us at his house.

And when we arrived at Jerusalem, the brethren received us joyfully. (18) And the next day, with Paul, we went unto James, when all the Elders<sup>d</sup> were with him. (19) And we gave them salutation: and Paul narrated to them, with particularity, what God had wrought among the Gentiles by his ministry. (20) And when they heard [it] they glorified God. And they said to him: Our brother, Thou seest how many myriads there are in Judæa who have believed: and these are all zealous for the law. (21) And it hath been told them, of thee, that thou teachest all the Jews that are among the Gentiles to depart from Moses, by telling them not to circumcise their children, and not to observe the rites of the law. (22) Now, because they have heard that thou hast arrived here, (23) do thou what we tell thee. We have four men, who have vowed to purify themselves. (24) Take them, and go and purify thyself with them, and pay the expenses along with them, as they shall shave their heads; that every one may know, that what is said against thee is false, and that thou fulfillest and observest the law. (25) As to those of the Gentiles who have believed, we have written, that they should keep themselves from [an idol's] sacrifice, and from whoredom, and from what is strangled, and from blood.—(26) Then Paul took those men, on the following day, and was purified with them; and he entered and went into the temple, manifesting to them the completion of the days of the purification, up to the presentation of the offering by each of them.

And when the seventh day arrived, the Jews from Asia saw him in the temple: and they excited all the people against him, and laid hands on him, (28) crying out and saying: Men, sons of Israel; help. This is the man, who teacheth in every place, against our people, and against the law, and against this place; and he hath also brought Gentiles<sup>f</sup> into the temple, and hath polluted this holy place. (29) For they had previously seen with him in the city Trophimus the Ephesian;

<sup>d</sup> Sy. **صوت**

<sup>e</sup> Sy. *walk in.*

<sup>f</sup> Sy. *Arameans.*

and they supposed, that he had entered the temple  
 30 with Paul. (30) And the whole city was in com-  
 motion; and all the people assembled together,  
 and laid hold of Paul, and dragged him out of the  
 temple: and instantly the gates were closed.—

31 (31) And while the multitude were seeking to kill  
 him, it was reported to the Chiliarch of the cohort,<sup>g</sup>

32 that the whole city was in uproar. (32) And im-  
 mediately he took a centurion and many soldiers,  
 and they ran upon them. And when they saw the  
 Chiliarch and the soldiers, they desisted from beat-

33 ing Paul. (33) And the Chiliarch came up to him,  
 and seized him, and ordered him to be bound with  
 two chains: and he inquired respecting him, who

34 he was, and what he had done. (34) And persons  
 from the throng vociferated against him this thing  
 and that. And, because he could not, on account

35 of their clamor, learn what the truth was, he com-  
 manded to conduct him to the castle. (35) And  
 when Paul came to the stairs, the soldiers bore  
 him along, because of the violence of the people.

36 (36) For a great many people followed after him,  
 37 and cried out, saying: Away with him. (37) And  
 when he came near to entering the castle, Paul said

to the Chiliarch: Wilt thou permit me to speak  
 with thee? And he said to him: Dost thou know

38 Greek?<sup>h</sup> (38) Art not thou that Egyptian who,  
 before these days, madest insurrection, and ledest  
 out into the desert four thousand men, doers of


39 evil? (39) Paul said to him: I am a Jew, a man  
 of Tarsus, a noted city in Cilicia, in which I was  
 born: I pray thee, suffer me to speak to the people.

40 And when he permitted him, Paul stood upon  
 the stairs, and waved to them his hand; and when  
 they were quiet, he addressed them in Hebrew,<sup>i</sup> and

XXII. said to them: (XXII.) Brethren, and fathers,  
 2 hearken to my defence before you. (2) And  
 when they perceived<sup>a</sup> that he addressed them in

3 Hebrew, they were the more quiet: and he said to  
 3 them: (3) I am a man who am a Jew; and I was  
 born in Tarsus of Cilicia, but was brought up in  
 this city, at the feet of Gamaliel,<sup>b</sup> and instructed

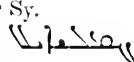
perfectly in the law of our fathers; and I was zeal-  
 4 ous for God, as ye also all are. (4) And I perse-  
 cuted this way, even to death; for I bound, and  
 delivered up to prison, [both] men and women.

<sup>g</sup> Sy.   
 Gr. *σπειρα*.

<sup>h</sup> Sy. 

<sup>i</sup> Sy. 

<sup>a</sup> Sy. *heard*.

<sup>b</sup> Sy. 

(5) As the high priest is my witness, and likewise 5  
 all the Elders;<sup>c</sup> from whom I received letters, that  
 I might go to the brethren in Damascus, and bring  
 those who were there prisoners to Jerusalem, to  
 receive capital punishment.<sup>d</sup> (6) And as I travelled 6  
 and began to approach Damascus, at noonday, from  
 amidst tranquillity, a great light from heaven burst  
 upon me. (7) And I fell to the earth: and I 7  
 heard a voice, which said to me: Saul, Saul! why  
 persecutest thou me? (8) And I answered and 8  
 said: Who art thou, my Lord? And he said to  
 me: I am Jesus the Nazarean, whom thou perse- 9  
 cutest. (9) And the men who were with me, saw  
 the light, but heard not the voice that talked with  
 me. (10) And I said: My Lord, what must I do? 10  
 And our Lord said to me: Arise, go to Damascus;  
 and there will be told thee, all that it is commanded  
 thee to do. (11) And as I could see nothing, be- 11  
 cause of the glory of that light, those with me took  
 me by the hand, and I entered Damascus. (12) And 12  
 a certain man, Ananias, who was upright according  
 to the law, as all the Jews there testified concern-  
 ing him, came to me. (13) And he said to me: 13  
 My brother Saul! open thine eyes. And instantly  
 my eyes were opened; and I looked upon him. 14  
 (14) And he said to me: The God of our fathers  
 hath ordained<sup>e</sup> thee to know his will, and to behold 14  
 the Just One, and to hear the voice of his mouth.  
 (15) And thou shalt be a witness for him before 15  
 all men, concerning all that thou hast seen and  
 heard. (16) And now, why delayest thou? Arise, 16  
 be baptized, and be cleansed from thy sins, while  
 thou invokest his name.—(17) And I returned and 17  
 came hither to Jerusalem. And I prayed in the  
 temple. (18) And I saw him in a vision, when he 18  
 said to me: Make haste, and get thee out of Jeru-  
 salem; for they will not receive thy testimony  
 concerning me. (19) And I said: My Lord, they 19  
 well know that I have delivered up to prison, and  
 have scourged in all synagogues, those who believed  
 in thee. (20) And when the blood of thy martyr 20  
 Stephen was shed, I also was standing with them,  
 and performed the pleasure of his slayers, and took  
 charge of the garments of those that stoned him.  
 (21) But he said to me: Depart; for I send thee 21  
 afar, to preach to the Gentiles.<sup>f</sup>

<sup>c</sup> Sy. صوتهم

<sup>d</sup> Sy. *infliction  
on the head.*

<sup>e</sup> Sy. اصطبر

<sup>f</sup> or, *nations.*



22 And when they had heard Paul as far as this sentence,<sup>g</sup> they raised their voice, and cried out: Away with such a man from the earth! for he ought not to live! (23) And as they vociferated, and cast off their garments, and threw dust into the air, (24) the Chiliarch gave orders, to carry him into the castle: and he commanded, that he should be examined with stripes; that he might know, for what cause they cried out against him. (25) And as they were stretching him with ropes,<sup>h</sup> Paul said to the centurion who stood over him: Is it lawful for you to scourge a man, who is a Roman,<sup>i</sup> and not yet found guilty? (26) And when the centurion heard [it], he went to the Chiliarch, and said to him: What doest thou? For this man is a Roman. (27) And the Chiliarch came to him, and said to him: Tell me; Art thou a Roman? And he said to him: Yes. (28) The Chiliarch replied and said to him: With much money I acquired Roman citizenship,<sup>k</sup> Paul said to him: And I was born in it. (29) And immediately they who were intending to scourge him, fled from him: and the Chiliarch was afraid, when he learned that he was a Roman, because he had stretched him [for scourging].

<sup>g</sup> Sy. *word.*

<sup>h</sup> or, *thongs.*

<sup>i</sup> or, *Roman citizen.*

<sup>k</sup> Sy. *Roman-ship.*

30 And the next day, he wished to know truly what the accusation was, which the Jews brought against him: and he unbound him, and commanded the chief priests, and the whole company of their head-men,<sup>l</sup> to assemble; and he took Paul, and brought him down, and placed him among them.—

<sup>l</sup> Sy.

[XXIII.] And when Paul had looked on the assembly of them, he said: Men, my brethren; I have lived in all good conscience before God up to this day.—(2) And Ananias, the priest, commanded those who stood by his side, to smite Paul on the mouth. (3) And Paul said to him: God is hereafter to smite thee, [thou] Whited Wall! For, sittest thou judging me agreeably to law, while thou transgresses<sup>t</sup> the law, and commandest to smite me? (4) And those standing by, said to him: Dost thou reproach the priest of God! (5) Paul said to them: I was not aware, my brethren, that he was the priest: for it is written, Thou shalt not curse the ruler<sup>a</sup> of thy people.—(6) And, as Paul knew that a part of the people were of the Saddu-

قَسَمَات

<sup>a</sup> Sy. *قَسَمَات*

cees, and a part of the Pharisees, he cried out, in  
 the assembly: Men, my brethren; I am a Pharisee,  
 the son of a Pharisee; and for the hope of the  
 resurrection of the dead, I am judged. (7) And 7  
 when he had said this, the Pharisees and Sadducees  
 fell upon one another, and the people were divided.  
 (8) For the Sadducees say that there is no resurrec- 8  
 tion, nor angels, nor a spirit: but the Pharisees  
 confess all these. (9) And there was great vocifer- 9  
 ation. And some Scribes of the party of the Phar-  
 isees rose up, and contended with them, and said:  
 We have found nothing evil in this man: for if a  
 spirit or an angel hath conversed with him, what  
 is there in that?—(10) And, as there was great 10  
 commotion among them, the Chiliarch was afraid  
 lest they should tear Paul in pieces. And he sent  
 Romans, to go and pluck him from their midst, and  
 bring him into the castle. (11) And when night 11  
 came, our Lord appeared to Paul, and said to him:  
 Be strong; for as thou hast testified of me in Jerusa-  
 lem, so also art thou to testify at Rome.—(12) And 12  
 when it was morning, several of the Jews assembled  
 together, and bound themselves by imprecations,<sup>b</sup>  
 that they would neither eat nor drink until they  
 had slain Paul. (13) And they who had established 13  
 this compact by oath, were more than forty persons.  
 (14) And they went to the priests and Elders, and 14  
 said: We have bound ourselves by imprecations,  
 that we will taste of nothing, until we shall have  
 slain Paul. (15) And now, do ye and the chiefs<sup>c</sup> 15  
 of the congregation request of the Chiliarch, that  
 he would bring him unto you, as if ye were desirous  
 to investigate truly his conduct: and we are prepared  
 to slay him, ere he shall come to you.—(16) And 16  
 the son of Paul's sister, heard of this plot: and he  
 went into the castle, and informed Paul. (17) 17  
 And Paul sent and called one of the centurions,  
 and said to him: Conduct this youth to the  
 Chiliarch; for he hath something to tell him. (18) 18  
 And the centurion took the young man, and  
 introduced him to the Chiliarch, and said: Paul  
 the prisoner called me, and requested me to bring  
 this youth to thee, for he hath something to tell  
 thee. (19) And the Chiliarch took the young 19  
 man by his hand, and led him one side, and asked  
 him: What hast thou to tell me? (20) And the 20

<sup>b</sup> Sy. قوله

<sup>c</sup> Sy. قوله

young man said to him: The Jews have projected  
 to ask thee to bring down Paul to-morrow to their  
 assembly, as if wishing to learn something more  
 21 from him. (21) But be not thou persuaded by  
 them: for, lo, more than forty persons of them  
 watch for him in ambush, and have bound them-  
 selves by imprecations, that they will neither eat  
 nor drink until they shall have slain him: and lo,  
 they are prepared, and are waiting for thy promise.  
 22 (22) And the Chiliarch dismissed the young man,  
 after charging him: Let no man know, that thou  
 23 hast showed me these things.—(23) And he called  
 two centurions, and said to them: Go and prepare  
 two hundred Romans to go to Cæsarea, and seventy  
 horsemen, and shooters with the right hand<sup>d</sup>  
 two hundred; and let them set out at the third  
 24 hour of the night. (24) And provide also a saddle  
 beast, that they may set Paul on it, and carry him  
 25 safely to Felix the governor. (25) And he wrote  
 26 a letter and gave them, in which was, thus: (26)  
 Claudius Lysias to the excellent governor Felix;  
 27 greeting. (27) The Jews seized this man, in order  
 to kill him; but I came with Romans, and rescued  
 28 him, when I learned that he was a Roman. (28)  
 And as I wished to know the offence, for which they  
 criminated him, I brought him to their assembly.  
 29 (29) And I found, that it was about questions of  
 their law they accused him, and that an offence  
 worthy of bonds or of death, was not upon him.  
 30 (30) And when the wiles of a plot formed by the  
 Jews against him came to my knowledge, I forth-  
 with sent him to thee. And I have directed his  
 accusers, to go and contend with him, before thee.  
 31 Farewell.—(31) Then the Romans, as they had  
 been commanded, took Paul by night, and brought  
 32 him to the city of Antipatris. (32) And the next  
 day, the horsemen dismissed the footmen their as-  
 33 sociates, that they might return to the castle. (33)  
 And they brought him to Cæsarea: and they de-  
 livered the letter to the governor, and set Paul  
 34 before him. (34) And when he had read the  
 letter, he asked him of what province he was?  
 35 And when he learned that he was of Cilicia, (34)  
 he said to him: I will give thee audience, when thy  
 accusers arrive. And he ordered him to be kept  
 in the Pretorium of Herod.

<sup>d</sup> or. javelin  
men.

And after five days, Ananias the high priest, with the Elders, and with Tertullus the orator, went down, and made a communication to the governor against Paul. (2) And when he had been called, Tertullus began to accuse him, and to say: (3) Through thee, we dwell in much tranquillity; and many reforms have come to this nation, under thy administration; and we all, in every place, receive thy grace, excellent Felix. (4) But, not to weary thee with numerous [particulars], I pray thee to hear our humbleness, in brief. (5) For we have found this man to be an assassin, and a mover of sedition among all Jews in the whole land: for he is a ringleader<sup>a</sup> of the sect<sup>b</sup> of the Nazareans. (6) And he was disposed to pollute our temple. And having seized him, we wished to judge him according to our law. (7) But Lysias the Chiliarch came, and with great violence took him out of our hands, and sent him to thee. (8) And he commanded his accusers to come before thee. And if thou wilt interrogate him, thou canst learn from him respecting all these things of which we accuse him. (9) And the Jews also pleaded against him, saying that these things were so.—(10) Then the governor made signs to Paul, that he should speak. And Paul answered and said: I know thee to have been a judge of this nation for many years, and I therefore cheerfully enter upon a defence of myself. (11) Because thou canst understand, that there have been but twelve days, since I went up to Jerusalem to worship. (12) And they did not find me talking with any person in the temple, nor collecting any company, either in their synagogues, or in the city. (13) Nor have they the power to prove, before thee, the things of which they now accuse me. (14) But this indeed I acknowledge, that in that same doctrine of which they speak, I do serve the God of my fathers, believing all the things written in the law and in the prophets. (15) And I have a hope in God, which they also themselves expect,—that there is to be a resurrection of the dead, both of the righteous and the wicked. (16) And for this reason, I also labor to have always a pure conscience before God, and before men. (17) And, after many years, I came

<sup>a</sup> Sy. **معلم**

<sup>b</sup> or, doctrine.

to the people<sup>c</sup> of my own nation, to impart alms,<sup>d</sup>  
 18 and to present an offering. (18) And when I had  
 purified myself, these men found me in the temple;  
 not with a throng, nor with a tumult. But certain  
 19 Jews, who came from Asia, were tumultuous; (19)  
 who ought, with me, to stand before thee, and  
 20 make accusation of their own affair. (20) Or let  
 these here present say, whether they found any  
 offence in me, when I stood before their assembly;  
 21 (21) except this one thing,<sup>e</sup> that I cried, while  
 standing in the midst of them: Concerning the  
 resurrection of the dead, am I this day on trial  
 22 before you.—(22) And Felix, because he under-  
 stood that way fully, deferred them, saying:  
 When the Chiliarch shall come, I will give hearing  
 23 between you. (23) And he commanded a centu-  
 rion to keep Paul, at rest; and that no one of his  
 acquaintances should be forbidden to minister to  
 24 him.—(24) And after a few days, Felix, and Dru-  
 silla his wife who was a Jewess, sent and called for  
 Paul; and they heard him concerning faith in the  
 25 Messiah. (25) And while he was discoursing with  
 them on righteousness, and on holiness, and on the  
 future judgment, Felix was filled with fear; and  
 he said: For the present time, go: and when I  
 26 have opportunity, I will send for thee. (26) He  
 hoped, moreover, that a present would be given  
 him by Paul; [and] therefore, he often sent for  
 27 him, and conversed with him.—(27) And when  
 two years were fulfilled to him, another governor,  
 whose name was Porcius Festus, came into his  
 place. And Felix, that he might do the Jews a  
 favor, left Paul a prisoner.

<sup>c</sup> Sy. *sons.*  
<sup>d</sup> Sy.  $\{\Delta\sigma\}$   
<sup>e</sup> Sy. *word.*

XXV. And when Festus arrived at Caesarea, he, after  
 2 three days, went up to Jerusalem. (2) And the  
 chief priests and the head men<sup>a</sup> of the Jews made  
 3 representations to him concerning Paul. (3) And  
 they petitioned him, asking of him the favor, that  
 he would send for him to come to Jerusalem;  
 they placing an ambush to slay him by the way.  
 4 (4) But Festus made answer: Paul is in custody  
 5 at Caesarea, whither I am in haste to go. (5) There-  
 fore, let those among you who are able, go down  
 with us, and make presentment of every offence  
 6 there is in the man.—(6) And when he had been

<sup>a</sup> Sy.  $\{\Delta\sigma\}$

there eight or ten days, he came down to Cæsarea. And the next day, he sat on the tribunal, and commanded Paul to be brought. (7) And when he came, the Jews who had come from Jerusalem surrounded him, and preferred against him many and weighty charges, which they were unable to substantiate. (8) Meanwhile Paul maintained, that he had committed no offence, either against the Jewish law, or against the temple, or against Cæsar. (9) But Festus, because he was disposed to conciliate the favor of the Jews, said to Paul: Wilt thou go up to Jerusalem, and there be tried before me for these things? (10) Paul replied, and said: I stand before Cæsar's tribunal: here I ought to be tried. Against the Jews I have committed no offence, as thou also well knowest. (11) If I had committed any crime, or done any thing worthy of death, I would not refuse to die. But if none of the things of which they accuse me, is upon me, no one may sacrifice me to their pleasure.<sup>b</sup> I announce an appeal to Cæsar. (12) Then Festus conferred with his counsellors,<sup>c</sup> and said: Hast thou declared an appeal to Cæsar? Unto Cæsar, shalt thou go.

And when [some] days had passed, Agrippa the king, and Bernice, came down to Cæsarea to salute Festus. (14) And when they had been with him [some] days, Festus related to the king the case of Paul, saying: A certain man was left a prisoner by Felix: (15) And when I was at Jerusalem, the chief priests and the Elders of the Jews informed me respecting him, and desired that I would pass judgment upon him in their favor. (16) And I told them, It is not the custom of the Romans, to give up a man gratuitously to be slain; until his accuser appeareth and chargeth him to his face, and, opportunity is afforded him, to make defence respecting what is charged upon him. (17) And when I had come hither, without delay, I the next day sat on the tribunal, and commanded the man to be brought before me. (18) And his accusers stood up with him; and they were not able to substantiate any criminal charge against him, as I had expected; (19) but they had certain controversies with him respecting their worship,<sup>d</sup> and respecting one Jesus, who died, but who, as Paul

<sup>b</sup> Sy. *give me to them as a gift.*

<sup>c</sup> Sy. *sons of his counsel.*

<sup>d</sup> Sy.   


20 said, was alive. (20) And because I was not well established in regard to these questions, I said to Paul: Dost thou ask to go to Jerusalem, and there  
 21 be judged concerning these matters? (21) But he requested to be reserved for a trial before Cæsar: and I ordered him to be kept, till I could send  
 22 him to Cæsar.—(22) And Agrippa said: I should like to hear that man. And Festus said: To-mor-  
 23 row thou shalt hear him. (23) And the next day, came Agrippa and Bernice, with great pomp, and entered the house of trials, with the Chiliarchs and chiefs of the city: and Festus commanded, and  
 24 Paul came. (24) And Festus said: King Agrippa, and all persons present with us; concerning this man whom ye see, all the people of the Jews ap-  
 25 plied to me, at Jerusalem and also here, crying out, that he ought no longer to live. (25) Yet on investigation, I found that he hath done nothing deserving death. But, because he requested to be reserved for the hearing of Cæsar, I have ordered  
 26 him to be sent. (26) And I know not what I can write to Cæsar, in regard to him: and therefore I wished to bring him before you, and especially before thee, king Agrippa; that when his case shall have been heard, I may find what to write.  
 27 (27) For it is unsuitable, when we send up a prisoner, not to designate his offence.

XXVI. And Agrippa said to Paul: Thou art permitted to speak in thy own behalf. Then Paul extended his hand, and made defence, saying:  
 2 (2) In regard to all the things of which I am accused by the Jews, king Agrippa, I consider myself highly favored, that I may this day make  
 3 defence before thee: (3) especially, as I know thee to be expert in all the controversies<sup>a</sup> and laws of the Jews. I therefore request thee to hear me  
 4 with indulgence.—(4) The Jews themselves, if they would testify, know well my course of life from my childhood, which from the beginning was  
 5 among my nation and in Jerusalem. (5) For they have long been persuaded of me, and have known, that I lived in the princely<sup>b</sup> doctrine<sup>c</sup> of the Phari-  
 6 sees. (6) And now, for the hope of the promise which was made by God to our fathers, I stand  
 7 and am judged. (7) To this hope, our twelve

<sup>a</sup> Sy. **كَلِمَاتٍ** =  
 Gr. Ζητημάτων.

<sup>b</sup> Sy. **شعبی**  
<sup>c</sup> or, sect.

<sup>d</sup> Sy. ܐܢܝܢܐ

tribes hope to come, with earnest prayers by day and by night: and for this same hope, king Agrippa, I am accused by the Jews. (8) How judge ye? Are we not to believe, that God will raise the dead?—(9.) For I myself, at first, resolved in my own mind, that I would perpetrate many adverse things against the name of Jesus the Nazarean. (10) Which I also did at Jerusalem; and by the authority I received from the chief priests, I cast many of the saints<sup>d</sup> into prison; and when they were put to death by them, I took part with those that condemned them. (11) And in every synagogue I tortured them, while I pressed them to become revilers of the name of Jesus. And in the great wrath, with which I was filled against them, I also went to other cities to persecute them. (12) And, as I was going for this purpose to Damascus, with the authority and license of the chief priests, (13) at mid-day, on the road, I saw, O king, a light exceeding that of the sun, beaming from heaven upon me, and upon all those with me. (14) And we all fell to the ground; and I heard a voice, which said to me, in Hebrew: Saul, Saul! why persecutest thou me? It will be a hard thing for thee to kick against the goads. (15) And I said: My Lord, who art thou? And our Lord said to me: I am Jesus the Nazarean, whom thou persecutest. (16) And he said to me: Stand upon thy feet; for I have appeared to thee, for this purpose, to constitute thee a minister and a witness of this thy seeing me, and of thy seeing me hereafter. (17) And I will deliver thee from the people of the Jews, and from other nations; to whom I send thee, (18) to open their eyes; that they may turn from darkness to the light, and from the dominion of Satan unto God; and may receive remission of sins, and a portion with the saints,<sup>e</sup> by faith in me. (19) Wherefore, king Agrippa, I did not contumaciously withstand the heavenly vision: (20) but I preached from the first to them in Damascus, and to them in Jerusalem and in all the villages of Judaea; and I preached also to the Gentiles, that they should repent, and should turn to God, and should do the works suitable to repentance. (21) And on account of these things, the Jews seized me in the temple, and

<sup>e</sup> Sy. ܐܢܝܢܐ



22 sought to kill me. (22) But unto this day God hath helped me; and lo, I stand and bear testimony, to the small and to the great; yet saying nothing aside from Moses and the prophets, but the very things which they declared were to take place:

23 (23) [namely,] that Messiah would suffer, and would become the first fruits<sup>f</sup> of the resurrection from the dead; and that he would proclaim light to the

24 people and to the Gentiles.—(24) And when Paul had extended his defence thus far, Festus cried, with a loud voice: Paul, thou art deranged: much

25 study hath deranged thee. (25) Paul replied to him: I am not deranged, excellent Festus; but

26 speak words of truth and rectitude. (26) And king Agrippa is also well acquainted with these things; and I therefore speak confidently before him, because I suppose not one of these things hath

27 escaped his knowledge; for they were not done in secret. (27) King Agrippa, believest thou the

28 prophets? I know that thou believest. (28) King Agrippa said to him: Almost, thou persuadest me

29 to become a Christian. (29) And Paul said: I would to God, that not only thou, but likewise all that hear me this day, were almost, and altogether,

30 as I am, aside from these bonds. (30) And the king rose up, and the governor, and Bernice, and

31 those who sat with them. (31) And when they had gone out, they conversed with one another, and said: This man hath done nothing worthy of death

32 or of bonds. (32) And Agrippa said to Festus: The man might be set at liberty, if he had not announced an appeal to Caesar.

† Sy. *نصيب*

XXVII. And Festus commanded, respecting him, that he should be sent to Italy, unto Caesar. And he delivered Paul, and other prisoners with him, to a certain man, a centurion of the Augustan cohort,<sup>a</sup>

2 whose name was Julius. (2) And when we were to depart, we embarked in a ship which was from the city of Adramyttium, and was going to the country of Asia. And there embarked with us in the ship, Aristarchus, a Macedonian of the city of

3 Thessalonica. (3) And the next day, we arrived at Zidon. And the centurion treated Paul with kindness, and permitted him to visit his friends

4 and be refreshed. (4) And on sailing from there,

<sup>a</sup> or, *regiment*.

	because the winds were against us, we sailed around to Cyprus. (5) And we passed over the sea of Cilicia and Pamphylia, and arrived at Myra, a city of Lycia.—(6) And there the centurion found a ship of Alexandria, which was going to Italy; and he set us on board of it. (7) And as it was hard navigating, we had scarcely arrived, after many days, over against the isle of Cnidus. And, because the wind would not allow us to pursue a straight course, we sailed around by Crete, [and came] opposite the city of Salmone. (8) And with difficulty, after sailing about it, we arrived at a place called the Fair Havens, near to which was the city called Lassa.—(9) And we were there a long time, and till after the day of the Jewish fast. <sup>b</sup> And it was hazardous [then] for any one to go by sea; and Paul counselled them, (10) and said: Men, I perceive that our voyage will be [attended] with peril, and with much loss, not only of the cargo of our ship, but also of our lives. (11) But the centurion listened to the pilot, and to the owner of the ship, more than to the words of Paul. (12) And, because that harbor was not commodious for wintering in, many of us were desirous to sail from it, and if possible, to reach and to winter in a certain harbor of Crete, which was called Phenice, <sup>c</sup> and which opened <sup>d</sup> towards the south.—(13) And when the south wind breezed up, and they hoped to arrive as they desired, we began to sail around Crete. (14) And shortly after, a tempest of wind <sup>e</sup> arose upon us, called Typhonic Euroclydon. (15) And the ship was whirled about by the wind, and could not keep head to it; and we resigned [the ship] to its power. <sup>f</sup> (16) And when we had passed a certain island, called Cyra, <sup>g</sup> we could hardly retain the boat. (17) And after hoisting it [on board], we girded the ship around [the waist], and made it strong. And, because we were afraid of falling upon a precipice <sup>h</sup> of the sea, we pulled down the sail; and so we drifted. (18) And as the storm raged violently upon us, we the next day threw goods into the sea. (19) And on the third day, with our own hands, we threw away the tackling of the ship. (20) And as the storm held on for many days, and as no sun was visible, nor moon, nor stars, all hope of our surviving was	5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20
<sup>b</sup> i. e. on the 10th of Tisri, or Sept. 20th.		
<sup>c</sup> Sy. <i>Phœnix</i> .		
<sup>d</sup> Sy. <i>looked</i> .		
<sup>e</sup> Sy. <i>wind of tempest</i> .		
<sup>f</sup> Sy. <i>hand</i> .		
<sup>g</sup> Gr. <i>Clauda</i> .		
<sup>h</sup> Gr. <i>a quick-sand</i> .		

21 wholly cut off.—(21) And as no one had taken a meal of food, Paul now stood up in the midst of them, and said: If ye had given heed to me, O men, we should not have sailed from Crete, and we should have been exempt from this loss and

22 peril. (22) And now, I counsel you to be without anxiety; for not a soul of you will be lost, but

23 only the ship. (23) For there appeared to me this night, the angel of that God whose I am, and

24 whom I serve;<sup>i</sup> (24) and he said to me: Fear not, Paul; for thou art yet to stand before Cæsar; and, lo, God hath made a gift to thee of all them

25 that sail with thee. (25) Therefore, men, be ye courageous; for I confide in God, that it will be as

26 was told to me. (26) Yet we are to be cast upon

27 a certain island.—(27) And after the fourteen days of our roaming and tossing on the Adriatic sea, at midnight, the sailors conceived that they ap-

28 proached land. (28) And they cast the lead, and found twenty fathoms.<sup>k</sup> And again they advanced

29 a little, and they found fifteen fathoms. (29) And as we feared lest we should be caught in places where were rocks, they cast four anchors from the stern of the ship, and prayed for the morning!—

30 (30) And the sailors sought to flee out of the ship. And from it they lowered down the boat into the sea, under pretence that they were going in it to

31 make fast<sup>m</sup> the ship to the land. (31) And when Paul saw [it], he said to the centurion and to the soldiers: Unless these remain in the ship, ye can-

32 not be saved. (32) Then the soldiers cut the boat-

33 rope from the ship, and let the boat go adrift.—(33) And while it was not yet morning, Paul advised them all to take food, saying to them: In consequence of the peril, it is now the fourteenth day

34 that ye have tasted nothing. (34) Therefore I entreat you, to take food for the sustenance of your life; for not a hair from the head of any of you, will perish. (35) And having said these things, he took bread, and gave glory to God before them

36 all; and he broke [it], and began to eat. (36) And they were all consoled; and they took nourish-

37 ment. (37) And there were of us in the ship two

38 hundred and seventy-six souls. (38) And when they were satisfied with food, they lightened the ship, and took the wheat and cast it into the sea.—

<sup>i</sup> or, *worship*.<sup>k</sup> *Sy. statures,*  
i. e. of a man.<sup>l</sup> *Sy. day.*<sup>m</sup> *Sy. to tie.*

(39) And when it was day, the sailors knew not 39  
 what land it was: but they saw on the margin of  
 the land an inlet of the sea; whither, if possible,  
 they intended to drive the ship. (40) And they 40  
 cut away the anchors from the ship, and left them  
 in the sea. And they loosened the bands of the  
 rudder, and hoisted a small sail to the breeze, and  
 made way towards the land. (41) And the ship 41  
 struck upon a shoal<sup>a</sup> between two channels<sup>o</sup> of the  
 sea, and stuck fast upon it. And the forward part  
 rested upon it, and was immovable; but the after  
 part was shattered by the violence of the waves.—  
 (42) And the soldiers were disposed to slay the 42  
 prisoners; lest they should resort to swimming, and  
 escape from them. (43) But the centurion kept 43  
 them from it, because he was desirous to preserve<sup>p</sup>  
 Paul. And those who were able to swim, he com-  
 manded to swim off first, and pass to the land. (44) 44  
 And the rest, he made to transport themselves on  
 planks, and on other timbers of the ship. And so  
 they all escaped safe to land.

<sup>a</sup> Sy. *high place.*

<sup>o</sup> Sy. *deeps.*

<sup>p</sup> Sy. **حيا** =  
*give life to.*

<sup>a</sup> Now, *Malta.*

<sup>b</sup> Sy. *which was.*

<sup>c</sup> Sy. **نزل**

And we afterwards learned, that the island XXVIII.  
 was called Melita.<sup>a</sup> (2) And the barbarians who 2  
 inhabited it, showed us many kindnesses. And  
 they kindled a fire, and called us all to warm our-  
 selves, because of the great rain and cold at that  
 time.<sup>b</sup>—(3) And Paul took up a bundle of fagots 3  
 and laid them on the fire: and a viper, [driven]  
 by the heat, came out of them, and bit his hand.  
 (4) And when the barbarians saw it hanging on 4  
 his hand, they said: Doubtless, this man is a mur-  
 derer; whom, though delivered from the sea, jus-  
 tice will not suffer to live. (5) But Paul shook 5  
 his hand, and threw the viper into the fire: and  
 he received no harm. (6) And the barbarians 6  
 expected, that he would suddenly swell, and fall  
 dead on the ground. And when they had looked  
 a long time, and saw that he received no harm;  
 they changed their language, and said, that he was  
 a god.—(7) And there were lands in that quarter, 7  
 belonging to a man named Publius, who was the  
 chief man<sup>c</sup> of the island: and he cheerfully re-  
 ceived us at his house three days. (8) And the 8  
 father of Publius was sick with a fever and dysen-  
 tery. And Paul went in to him, and prayed, and

9 laid his hand on him, and healed him. (9) And after this event, others also in the island who were sick, came to him and were healed. (10) And they honored us with great honors: and when we left the place, they supplied us with necessaries.

11 And after three months we departed, sailing in a ship of Alexandria, which had wintered in the island, and which bore the signal of the Twins.<sup>d</sup>

12 (12) And we came to the city of Syracuse; and remained there three days. (13) And from there we made a circuit, and arrived at the city Rhegium. And, after one day, the south wind blew [favorably] for us, and in two days we came to Puteoli, a city of Italy. (14) And there we found brethren; and they invited us, and we remained with them seven days: and then we proceeded towards Rome. (15) And the brethren there, hearing [of our approach], came out to meet us as far as the village called Appii Forum, and as far as the Three Taverns. And when Paul saw them, he gave thanks to God, and was encouraged. (16) And we went on to Rome. And the centurion allowed Paul to reside where he pleased, with a soldier who guarded him.

17 And after three days, Paul sent and called for the principal Jews. And when they were assembled, he said to them: Men, my brethren, although I had in nothing risen up against the people or the law of my fathers, I was at Jerusalem delivered over in bonds to the Romans:

18 (18) and they, when they had examined me, were disposed to release me, because they found in me no offence deserving death. (19) And, as the Jews withstood me, I was compelled to utter an appeal to Cæsar; but not because I had any thing of which to accuse the people of my nation.

20 (20) For this reason I sent for you to come, that I might see you, and might state these things to you: for it is on account of the hope of Israel, that I am bound with this chain. (21) They said to him: We have received no epistle from Judea against thee; and none of the brethren who have come from Jerusalem, have told us any evil thing of thee. (22) But we are desirous to hear from thee what thou thinkest; for this doctrine, we know, is not received by any one.—(23) And they

<sup>d</sup> Sy.  $\tau\omega\tau\omega$ ,  
i. e. *Castor*  
and *Pollux*.

<sup>e</sup> Sy. *sons*.

appointed him a day; and many assembled, and came to him at his lodgings. And he explained to them respecting the kingdom of God, testifying and persuading them concerning Jesus, out of the law of Moses, and out of the prophets, from morning till evening. (24) And some of them assented to his discourses, and others did not assent. (25) And they went out from him, disagreeing among themselves. And Paul addressed to them this speech: Well did the Holy Spirit, by the mouth of Isaiah the prophet, speak concerning your fathers, (26) saying: Go unto this people, and say to them, Hearing ye will hear, and will not understand; and ye will see, and will not comprehend. (27) For the heart of this people is stupified,<sup>g</sup> and their hearing they have made heavy, and their eyes they have closed; lest they should see with their eyes, and hear with their ears, and understand with their hearts, and be converted unto me, and I should forgive them. (28) Therefore, be this known to you, that to the Gentiles is this redemption<sup>h</sup> of God sent: and, moreover, they will hear it. (29) And when he had thus said, the Jews retired; and there were great disputations among them.\*

And Paul hired a house, at his own cost, and resided in it two years; and there he received all that came to him. (31) And he preached concerning the kingdom of God, and taught boldly concerning our Lord Jesus Messiah, without hindrance.

<sup>c</sup> Sy. *against.*

<sup>g</sup> Sy. *made fat.*

<sup>h</sup> Sy.

ἡγορεῖσθαι

*Completion of the Acts of the blessed Legates; that is, their Histories.*

\* This verse (29) is not in the MSS., nor in any of the earlier editions: and the later editions place it in the margin.

✧ ܡܫܠܡܐ ܕܥܘܠܡܐ ܕܡܫܝܚܐ ܕܝܫܘܥ ܕܡܫܝܚܐ ܕܝܫܘܥ ܕܡܫܝܚܐ ܕܝܫܘܥ

## The Epistle of Paul the Legate, to the Romans.

1. PAUL, a servant of Jesus the Messiah, called and sent;<sup>a</sup> and separated unto the gospel<sup>b</sup> of God,  
2 —(2) (which he had before promised, by his prophets, in the holy scriptures,—(3) concerning his Son, (who was born in the flesh,<sup>c</sup> of seed of the house of David, (†) and was made known as the Son of God, by power,<sup>d</sup> and by the Holy Spirit,) who arose from the dead, Jesus Messiah,  
5 our Lord,—(5) by whom we have received grace, and a mission among all the Gentiles, to the end  
6 that they may obey the faith in his name; (6) among whom, ye also are called by Jesus  
7 Messiah;—(7) to all those who are at Rome, beloved of God, called and sanctified:—Peace and grace be with you, from God our Father, and from our Lord Jesus Messiah.

8 In the first place, I give thanks to God by Jesus Messiah, on account of you all; because your  
9 faith is heard of in all the world. (9) And God, whom in spirit I serve in the gospel of his Son, is my witness, that I unceasingly make mention of you,  
10 at all times, in my prayers. (10) And I likewise supplicate, that hereafter a door may be opened to me, by the good pleasure of God, to come unto  
11 you. (11). For I long much to see you; and to impart to you the gift of the Spirit, whereby ye may  
12 be established; (12) and that we may have comfort together, in the faith of both yourselves and  
13 me. (13) And I wish you to know, my brethren, that I have many times desired to come to you, (though prevented hitherto,) that I might have some fruit among you also; even as among other

<sup>a</sup> or, a Legate.

<sup>b</sup> Sy.

ܐܘܢܝܢܐ

<sup>c</sup> Sy. ܕܡܫܝܚܐ

<sup>d</sup> or, display of power.

<sup>c</sup> or, *energy*.  
<sup>f</sup> or, *salvation*.  
<sup>e</sup> or, *him*.

<sup>b</sup> Sy. |Lϯϯ

<sup>·</sup> Sy. |ϯϯϯϯ

<sup>b</sup> Sy.  
σλσσ

Gentiles, (14) Greeks and barbarians, the wise and 14  
 the unwise: for to every man am I a debtor, to  
 preach [to him]. (15) And so I am eager to 15  
 preach to you also who are at Rome. (16) For I 16  
 am not ashamed of the gospel; for it is the power<sup>e</sup>  
 of God unto life,<sup>f</sup> to all who believe in it: <sup>g</sup>  
 whether first they are of the Jews, or whether they  
 are of the Gentiles. (17) For in it is revealed the 17  
 righteousness<sup>h</sup> of God, from faith to faith; as it is  
 written, The righteous by faith, shall live.

For the wrath of God from heaven is revealed 18  
 against all the iniquity and wickedness of men,  
 who hold the truth in iniquity. (19) Because a 19  
 knowledge of God is manifest in them; for God  
 hath manifested it in them. (20) For, from the 20  
 foundations of the world, the occult things of God  
 are seen, by the intellect,<sup>i</sup> in the things he created,  
 even his eternal power and divinity; <sup>k</sup> so that they  
 might be without excuse; (21) because they 21  
 knew God, and did not glorify him and give  
 thanks to him as God, but became vain in their  
 imaginings, and their unwise heart was darkened.  
 (22) And, while they thought within themselves 22  
 that they were wise, they became fools. (23) 23  
 And they changed the glory of the incorruptible  
 God into a likeness to the image of a corruptible  
 man, and into the likeness of birds and quadrupeds  
 and reptiles on the earth.—(24) For this cause, 24  
 God gave them up to the filthy lusts of their  
 heart, to dishonor their bodies with them. (25) 25  
 And they changed the truth of God into a lie; and  
 worshipped and served the created things, much  
 more than the Creator of them, to whom belong  
 glory and blessing, for ever and ever: Amen.  
 (26) For this cause, God gave them up to vile 26  
 passions: for their females changed the use of  
 their natures, and employed that which is unnatu-  
 ral. (27) And so also their males forsook the use 27  
 of females, which is natural, and burned with lust  
 toward one another; and, male with male, they did  
 what is shameful, and received in themselves the  
 just recompense of their error. (28) And as they 28  
 did not determine with themselves to know God,  
 God gave them over to a vain mind; that they  
 might do what they ought not, (29) being full of 29  
 all iniquity, and lewdness, and bitterness, and



malice, and covetousness, and envy, and slaughter,  
 30 and strife, and guile, and evil machinations, (30)  
 and backbiting, and slander; and being haters of  
 God, scoffers, proud, vain-glorious, devisers of evil  
 things, destitute of reason, disregardful of parents,  
 31 (31) and to whom a covenant is nothing, neither  
 affection, nor peace, and in whom is no compassion.  
 32 (32) These, while they know the judgment of God,  
 that he condemneth those to death who perpetrate  
 such things, are not only doers of them, but the  
 companions of such as do them.

II. There is therefore no excuse<sup>a</sup> for thee, O man,  
 that judgest thy neighbor; for by judging thy  
 neighbor, thou condemnest thyself; for thou that  
 2 judgest, dost practise the same things. (2) And  
 we know that the judgment of God is in accord-  
 ance with truth,<sup>b</sup> in regard to those who prac-  
 3 tise these things. (3) And what thinkest thou, O  
 man, that judgest those who practise these things,  
 while practising them thyself,—that thou wilt es-  
 4 cape the judgment of God? (4) Or wilt thou  
 abuse<sup>c</sup> the riches of his benevolence, and his long  
 suffering, and the opportunity<sup>d</sup> which he giveth  
 thee? And dost thou not know, that the beneve-  
 lence of God should bring thee to repentance?  
 5 (5) But, because of the hardness of thy unrepent-  
 ing heart, thou art treasuring up a store of wrath  
 against the day of wrath, and against the revelation  
 6 of the righteous judgment of God: (6) who will  
 recompense to every man, according to his deeds;  
 7 (7) to them who, by perseverance in good works,  
 seek for glory and honor and immortality, to them  
 8 he will give life eternal; (8) but to them who are  
 obstinate and obey not the truth, but obey iniqui-  
 9 ty, to them he will retribute wrath and ire. (9)  
 And tribulation and anguish [will be] to every  
 man that doeth evil; to the Jews first, and also to  
 10 the Gentiles: (10) but glory and honor and peace  
 to every one that doeth good; to the Jews first,  
 11 and also to the Gentiles.—(11) For there is no re-  
 12 spect of persons with God: (12) for those without  
 law, who sin, will also perish without law; and  
 those under the law, who sin, will be judged by  
 13 the law,—(13) (for not the hearers of the law,  
 are righteous before God; but the doers of the

<sup>a</sup> Sy. ٥٥٥

<sup>b</sup> or, *is true.*

<sup>c</sup> Sy. ٥٥٥

<sup>d</sup> or, *space.*

law are justified; (14) for if Gentiles who have 14  
 not the law, shall, by their nature,<sup>e</sup> do the things  
 of the law; they, while without the law, become  
 a law to themselves: (15) and they show the work 15  
 of the law, as it is inscribed on their heart; and  
 their consciences<sup>f</sup> beareth testimony to them, their  
 own reflections rebuking or vindicating one 16  
 another,)—(16) in the day in which God will  
 judge the secret [actions] of men, as my gospel  
 [teacheth], by Jesus the Messiah.—(17) But if 17  
 thou, who art called a Jew, and reposest thyself  
 on the law, and gloriest in God, (18) that thou 18  
 knowest his good pleasure, and discernest obliga-  
 tions,<sup>g</sup> because thou art instructed in the law; (19) 19  
 and hast confidence in thyself, that thou art a  
 guide to the blind, and a light to them who are in  
 darkness, (20) and an instructor of those lacking 20  
 knowledge,<sup>h</sup> and a preceptor to the young; and  
 thou hast the appearance of knowledge and of  
 verity in the law:—(21) Thou therefore, who 21  
 teachest others, teachest thou not thyself? And  
 thou who teachest that men must not steal, dost 22  
 thou steal? (22) And thou who sayest, Men must  
 not commit adultery, dost thou commit adultery?  
 And thou who contemnest idols, dost thou plunder  
 the sanctuary? (23) And thou who gloriest 23  
 in the law, dost thou, by acting contrary to the  
 law, insult God himself? (24) For, the name of 24  
 God, as it is written, is reviled among the Gentiles  
 on your account.—(25) For circumcision profiteth, 25  
 indeed, if thou fulfillest the law: but if thou de-  
 partest from the law, thy circumcision becometh  
 uncircumcision. (26) And if uncircumcision should 26  
 keep the precepts of the law, would not that uncir-  
 cumcision be accounted as circumcision? (27) 27  
 And the uncircumcision, which from its nature ful-  
 filleth the law, will judge thee; who, with the  
 scripture, and with circumcision, transgresseth  
 against the law. (28) For he is not a Jew, who is 28  
 so in what is external: nor is that circumcision,  
 which is visible in the flesh. (29) But he is a Jew, 29  
 who is so in what is hidden: and circumcision is  
 that of the heart, in the spirit, and not in the letter,<sup>i</sup>  
 whose praise is not from men, but from God.

<sup>e</sup> Sy.

صورة

<sup>f</sup> Sy.

قوله

<sup>g</sup> Sy.

حكمة

<sup>h</sup> or, *intelligence*,

فهم

<sup>i</sup> Sy. *writing*.

What then is the superiority of the Jew? Or III.

2 what is the advantage of circumcision? (2) Much, every way. And first, because to them were in-  
 3 trusted the oracles<sup>a</sup> of God. (3) For if some of them have not believed, have they, by their not believing, made the faith of God inefficient?  
 4 (4) Far be it: for God is veracious, and every man false: as it is written: That thou mightest be upright,<sup>b</sup> in thy declarations; and be found pure,  
 5 when they judge thee. (5) But if our iniquity establish the rectitude of God, what shall we say? Is God unrighteous, when he inflicteth wrath? (I  
 6 speak as a man.) (6) Far from it. Otherwise how  
 7 will God judge the world? (7) But if the truth of God hath been furthered by my falsehood, to his glory; why am I then condemned as a sinner?  
 8 (8) Or shall we say—as some have slanderously reported us to say:—We will do evil things, that good [results] may comê?—The condemnation of  
 9 such is reserved for justice.—(9) What then, have WE the superiority, when we have before decided as to both Jews and Gentiles, that all of them are  
 10 under sin? (10) As it is written: There is none  
 11 righteous; no, no one: (11) and none that understandeth; nor that seeketh after God. (12) They have all turned aside, together; and become repro-  
 12 bates. There is none that doeth good; no, not  
 13 one. (13) Their throats are open sepulchres, and their tongues treacherous; and the venom of  
 14 the asp is under their lips. (14) Their mouth is  
 15 full of cursing and bitterness; (15) and their feet  
 16 are swift to shed blood. (16) Destruction and  
 17 anguish are in their paths: (17) and the path of  
 18 peacefulness they have not known: (18) and the  
 19 fear of God is not before their eyes.—(19) Now we know, that whatever the law saith, it saith to them who are under the law; that every mouth may be stopped, and all the world be guilty before  
 20 God. (20) Wherefore, by the deeds of the law, no flesh<sup>c</sup> is justified before him: for, by the law, sin is known.  
 21 But now, the righteousness<sup>d</sup> of God without the law, is manifested; and the law and the prophets  
 22 testify of it: (22) even the righteousness of God, which is by faith in Jesus Messiah, for every one, and on every one, that believeth in him: for there  
 23 is no distinction; (23) for they have all sinned,

<sup>a</sup> Sy. قوله<sup>b</sup> Sy. طاهر<sup>c</sup> or, man.<sup>d</sup> Sy. طهارة

<sup>e</sup> Sy. كفر and failed of the glory of God. (24) And they 24  
 are justified gratuitously,<sup>e</sup> by grace, and by the  
<sup>f</sup> Sy. مجاناً redemption<sup>f</sup> which is in Jesus Messiah; (25) whom 25  
<sup>g</sup> Sy. بدمه God hath preconstituted a propitiation,<sup>g</sup> by faith  
 in his blood, because of our sins, which we before  
 committed, (26) in the space which God in his 26  
 long suffering gave to us, for the manifestation of  
 his righteousness at the present time; that he  
<sup>h</sup> or, *righteously*. might be righteous, and might with righteousness<sup>h</sup>  
 justify him who is in the faith of our Lord Jesus  
 Messiah.—(27) Where then is glorying? It is 27  
 annihilated.—By what law? by that of works?  
 Nay: but by the law of faith. (28) We therefore 28  
 conclude, that it is by faith a man is justified, and  
 not by the works of the law. (29) For, is he the 29  
 God of the Jews only, and not of the Gentiles?  
 Nay: of the Gentiles also. (30) Because there is 30  
 one God, who justifieth the circumcision by faith,  
 and the uncircumcision by the same faith. (31) Do 31  
<sup>i</sup> or, *make void*. we then nullify<sup>i</sup> the law of faith? Far be it. On  
 the contrary, we establish the law.

What then shall we say concerning Abraham IV.  
 the patriarch, that by the flesh he obtained? (2) 2  
 But if Abraham was justified by works, he had  
 [ground of] glorying; yet not before God. (3) 3  
 For what saith the scripture? That Abraham  
 believed God, and it was accounted to him for  
<sup>a</sup> Sy. كبره righteousness.<sup>a</sup> (4) But to him that worketh, the 4  
 reward is not reckoned as of grace, but as a debt  
 to him. (5) Whereas, to him that worketh not, 5  
<sup>b</sup> Sy. كبره but only believeth in him that justifieth sinners,  
 his faith is accounted to him for righteousness.<sup>b</sup>  
 (6) As David also speaketh of the blessedness of 6  
<sup>c</sup> Sy. كبره the man, to whom God reckoneth righteousness<sup>c</sup>  
 without works, (7) saying: Blessed are they, whose 7  
 iniquity is forgiven, and whose sins are covered  
 up: (8) and, Blessed is the man, to whom God 8  
 will not reckon his sin. (9) This blessedness, 9  
 therefore, is it on the circumcision? or on the un-  
 circumcision? For we say, that Abraham's faith  
 was reckoned to him for righteousness. (10) How 10  
 then was it reckoned to him? In circumcision, or  
 in uncircumcision?—Not in circumcision, but in  
 uncircumcision. (11) For he received circumcision, 11  
<sup>d</sup> Sy. كبره as the sign and the seal of the righteousness<sup>d</sup> of his

faith while in uncircumcision: that he might become the father of all them of the uncircumcision who believe; and that it might be reckoned to them also for righteousness:<sup>e</sup> (12) and the father of the circumcision; not to them only who are of the circumcision, but to them also who fulfill the steps of the faith of our father Abraham in [his] uncircumcision.—(13) For the promise to Abraham and to his seed, that he should become the heir of the world, was not by the law, but by the righteousness of his faith. (14) For if they who are of the law were heirs, faith would be made void, and the promise of no force. (15) For the law is a worker of wrath; because where no law is, there is no transgression of law. (16) Wherefore, it is by the faith which is by grace, that we are justified<sup>f</sup>: so that the promise may be sure to all the seed; not to that only which is of the law, but also to that which is of the faith of Abraham, who is the father of us all: (17) as it is written: "I have constituted thee a father to a multitude of nations;" [namely] before God, in whom thou hast believed; who quickeneth the dead, and calleth those things which are not, as if they were. (18) And without hope, he confided in the hope of becoming the father of a multitude of nations; (as it is written: So will thy seed be.) (19) And he was not sickly in his faith, while contemplating his inert<sup>g</sup> body, (for he was a hundred years old,) and the inert<sup>h</sup> womb of Sarah. (20) And he did not hesitate at the promise of God, as one lacking faith; but he was strong in faith, and gave glory to God: (21) and felt assured, that what God had promised to him, he was able to fulfill. (22) And therefore it was accounted to him for righteousness.—(23) And not for his sake alone, was it written, that his faith was accounted for righteousness: (24) but for our sakes also; because it is to be accounted [so] to us, who believe in him that raised our Lord Jesus Messiah from the dead; (25) who was delivered up, on account of our sins; and arose, that he might justify<sup>i</sup> us.

<sup>e</sup> Sy. אֱוֵלָה

<sup>f</sup> Sy. אֲרִיבִים

<sup>g</sup> Sy. *dead.*

<sup>h</sup> Sy. *dead.*

<sup>i</sup> Sy. אֲרִיבִים

<sup>a</sup> Sy. אֲרִיבִים

V. Therefore, because we are justified<sup>a</sup> by faith, we shall have peace with God, through our Lord  
 2 Jesus Messiah. (2) By whom we are brought by faith into this grace, in which we stand and

	rejoice in the hope of the glory of God. (3) And	3
	not only so, but we also rejoice in afflictions;	
	because we know that affliction perfecteth in us	
	patience; (4) and patience, experience; and expe-	4
	rience, hope: (5) and hope maketh not ashamed,	5
	because the love of God is diffused in our hearts,	
	by the Holy Spirit who is given to us. (6) And if,	6
	at this time, on account of our weakness, Messiah	
	died for the ungodly: (7)—(for rarely doth one	7
	die for the ungodly; though for the good, some	
	one perhaps might venture to die:)—(8) God hath	8
	here manifested his love towards us. Because, if	
	when we were sinners, Messiah died for us; (9) how	9
	much more, shall we now be justified by his blood,	
<sup>b</sup> or, <i>it</i> .	and be rescued from wrath by him? <sup>b</sup> (10) For	10
<sup>c</sup> Sy. ١٢٤٦	if when we were enemies, God was reconciled <sup>c</sup> with	
	us by the death of his Son: how much more shall	
<sup>d</sup> or, <i>be saved</i> .	we, in his reconciliation, live <sup>d</sup> by his life? (11) And	11
	not only so, but we also rejoice in God, by means	
<sup>e</sup> Sy. ١٢٤٧	of our Lord Jesus Messiah, through whom we	
	have now received the reconciliation. <sup>e</sup>	
	As by means of one man, sin entered into the	12
	world, and, by means of sin, death; and so death	
	passed upon all the sons of men, inasmuch as they	
	all have sinned:—(13) For until the law, sin, al-	13
	though it was in the world, was not accounted sin,	
	because there was no law. (14) Yet death reigned	14
	from Adam until Moses, even over those who had	
	not sinned after the likeness of the transgression	
<sup>f</sup> or, <i>likeness</i> .	of the command by Adam, who was the type <sup>f</sup> of	
<sup>g</sup> Sy. ١٢٤٨	him that was to come.—(15) But not, as the fault, <sup>g</sup>	15
	so also the free gift. For if, on account of the fault	
	of one, many died; how much more, will the grace	
	of God and his free gift, on account of one man,	
	Jesus Messiah, abound unto many? (16) And	16
<sup>h</sup> Sy.	not, as the offence <sup>h</sup> of one, so also the free gift. For	
١٢٤٩	the judgment, which was of one [offence], was unto	
	condemnation; but the free gift was, of many sins,	
<sup>i</sup> Sy. ١٢٥٠	unto righteousness. <sup>i</sup> (17) For if, on account of the	17
	offence of one, death reigned; still more, they who	
	receive the abundance of the grace, and the free	
	gift, and the righteousness, will reign in life, by	
	means of one, Jesus Messiah. (18) Therefore, as	18
	on account of the offence of one, condemnation was	
<sup>k</sup> justification, or, acquittal.	to all men; so on account of the righteousness of	
	one, will the victory unto life <sup>k</sup> be to all men. (19)	19

For as, on account of the disobedience of one man, many became sinners; so also, on account of the  
 20 obedience of one, many become righteous.—(20) And the entrance given to the law, was that sin  
 21 might increase: and where sin increased, there  
 grace abounded. (21) So that, as sin had reigned  
 in death, so grace might reign in righteousness<sup>1</sup> unto  
 life eternal, by means of our Lord Jesus Messiah.

<sup>1</sup> Sy. |20|20

VI. What shall we then say? Shall we continue in  
 2 sin, that grace may abound? (2) Far be it: for if  
 we are persons that have died to sin, how can we  
 3 again live in it? (3) Or do ye not know, that we  
 who are baptized into Jesus Messiah, are baptized  
 4 into his death? (4) For we are buried with him  
 in baptism unto<sup>a</sup> death; that as Jesus Messiah arose  
 from the dead into the glory of his Father, so also  
 5 we, to walk in a new life. (5) For if we have been  
 planted together with him into the likeness of his  
 death, so shall we be also into his resurrection.  
 6 (6) For we know, that our old man is crucified  
 with him; that the body of sin might be abolished,  
 7 and we be no more servants to sin: (7) for he that  
 8 is dead [to it], is emancipated from sin. (8) If  
 then we are dead with Messiah, let us believe that  
 9 we shall live with the same Messiah. (9) For we  
 know that Messiah rose from the dead, and no  
 more dieth; death hath no dominion over him.  
 10 (10) For in dying, he died for sin, once; and in  
 11 living, he liveth unto God. (11) So also do ye ac-  
 count yourselves as being dead to sin, and alive to  
 12 God, through our Lord Jesus Messiah.—(12) There-  
 fore let not sin reign in your dead<sup>b</sup> body, so that  
 13 ye obey its lusts. (13) And also give not up your  
 members as instruments of evil unto sin, but give  
 up yourselves to God, as those who have been re-  
 suscitated from the dead; and let your members be  
 14 instruments for the righteousness<sup>c</sup> of God. (14)  
 And sin shall not have dominion over you; for ye  
 15 are not under the law, but under grace.—(15) What  
 then? Shall we sin, because we are not under the  
 16 law, but under grace? Far be it. (16) Know ye  
 not, that to whomsoever ye give up yourselves to  
 serve in bondage, his servants ye are, whom ye  
 serve; whether it be to sin, or whether it be to  
 17 righteousness, that ye give ear? (17) But thanks

<sup>a</sup> or; into.

<sup>b</sup> or, mortal.

<sup>c</sup> Sy. |20|20

be to God, that ye were [once] the servants of sin, but have [now] from the heart obeyed that form of doctrine to which ye are devoted. (18) And when ye were emancipated from sin, ye became servants to righteousness. (19)—(I speak as among men, because of the infirmity of your flesh.)—As ye [once] gave up your members to the servitude of pollution and iniquity, so also now give ye up your members to the servitude of righteousness and sanctity. (20) For when ye were the servants of sin, ye were emancipated from righteousness. (21) And what harvest had ye then, in that of which ye are now ashamed? For the result thereof is death. (22) And now, as ye have been emancipated from sin, and have become servants to God, your fruits are holy: and the result thereof is life everlasting. (23) For the wages of sin is death; but the free gift of God is life eternal, through our Lord Jesus Messiah.

Or do ye not know, my Brethren,—[for I am <sup>VII.</sup> speaking to them that know the law.]—that the law hath dominion over a man, as long as he is alive? (2) Just as a woman, by the law, is bound to her husband, as long as he is alive: but if her husband should die, she is freed from the law of her husband. (3) And if, while her husband is alive, she should adhere to another man, she would become an adulteress: but if her husband should die, she is freed from the law: and would not be an adulteress though joined to another man. (4) And now, my brethren, ye also have become dead to the law, by<sup>a</sup> the body of Messiah; that ye might be joined to another, [even] to him who arose from the dead; and might yield fruits unto God. (5) For while we were in the flesh, the emotions of sin which are by the law, were active<sup>b</sup> in our members, that we should bear fruits unto death. (6) But now we are absolved from the law, and are dead to that which held us in its grasp: that we might henceforth serve in the newness of the spirit, and not in the oldness of the letter.<sup>c</sup>

What shall we say then? Is the law sin? Far be it. For I had not learned sin, except by means of the law: for I had not known concupiscence, had not the law said, Thou shalt not covet: (8) and

<sup>a</sup> or, *in*; i. e. *in the spiritual body of Messiah.*

<sup>b</sup> or, *excited.*

<sup>c</sup> *Sy. writing.*



by this commandment, sin found occasion, and perfected in me all concupiscence: for without the law, sin was dead. (9) And I, without the law, was alive formerly; but when the commandment came, sin became alive, and I died; (10) and the commandment of life was found by me [to be] unto death. (11) For sin, by the occasion which it found by means of the commandment, seduced me; and thereby slew me. (12) Wherefore, the law is holy; and the commandment is holy, and righteous, and good.—(13) Did that which is good, therefore, become death to me? Far be it. But sin, that it might be seen to be sin, perfected death in me by means of that good [law]; that sin might the more be condemned, by means of the commandment. (14) For we know, that the law is spiritual;<sup>d</sup> but I am carnal,<sup>e</sup> and sold to sin. (15) For what I am doing, I know not: and what I would, I do not perform; but what I hate, that I do. (16) And if I do what I would not, I testify of the law, that it is right.<sup>f</sup> (17) And then, it is no more I who do that thing; but sin, which dwelleth in me. (18) For I know, that in me, (that is, in my flesh,) good dwelleth not: because, to approve the good, is easy for me; but to do it, I am unable. (19) For I do not perform the good, which I would perform; but the bad, which I would not perform, that I do perform. (20) And if I do what I would not, it is not I that do it, but sin which dwelleth in me. (21) I find therefore a law coinciding with my conscience,<sup>g</sup> which assenteth to my doing good, whereas evil is near to me. (22) For I rejoice in the law of God, in the interior man. (23) But I see another law in my members, which warreth against the law of my conscience, and maketh me a captive to the law of sin which existeth in my members. (24) O, a miserable man, am I! Who will rescue me from this body of death? (25) I thank God; by means of our Lord Jesus Messiah [I shall be rescued.] (26) Now, therefore, in my conscience,<sup>h</sup> I am a servant of the law of God; but in my flesh, I am a servant of the law of sin.

<sup>d</sup> Sy. of the Spirit.

<sup>e</sup> Sy. of the flesh.

<sup>f</sup> Sy. **هو**

<sup>g</sup> or, reason.

Sy. **قلم**

<sup>h</sup> or, reason.

Sy. **قلم**

VIII. There is therefore no condemnation, to them who, in Jesus Messiah, walk not after the flesh.  
2 (2) For the law of the spirit of life, which is in

	Jesus Messiah, hath emancipated thee from the law of sin and death. (3) Inasmuch as the law was im-	3
<sup>a</sup> Sy. <span>طوبه</span>	potent, by means of the weakness of the flesh, God sent his Son in the likeness of sinful flesh, on account of sin; that He might, in his flesh, condemn sin; (4) so that the righteousness <sup>a</sup> of the law might be fulfilled in us; since it is not in the flesh that we walk, but in the Spirit. (5) For they who are in the	4
<sup>b</sup> Sy. <span>مذنب</span>	flesh, do mind <sup>b</sup> the things of the flesh: and they who are of the Spirit, do mind the things of the Spirit. (6) For minding <sup>c</sup> the things of the flesh, is death; but minding the things of the Spirit, is life and	5
<sup>c</sup> Sy. <span>فحشاء</span>	peace. (7) Because minding the things of the flesh, is enmity towards God: for it doth not subject itself to the law of God, because it is not possible. (8) And they who are in the flesh cannot please	6
	God.—(9) Ye, however, are not in the flesh, but in the Spirit; if the Spirit of God truly dwelleth in you. And if in any one there is not the Spirit of Messiah,	7
	he is none of his. (10) But if Messiah is in you, the body is dead, in regard <sup>d</sup> to sin; and the Spirit is	8
<sup>d</sup> Sy. <span>موت</span>	alive in regard <sup>e</sup> to righteousness. (11) And if the Spirit of him, who raised our Lord Jesus Messiah	9
<sup>e</sup> Sy. <span>موت</span>	from the dead, dwelleth in you; he who raised our Lord Jesus Messiah from the dead, will also vivify	10
	your dead <sup>f</sup> bodies, because of his Spirit that dwelleth in you.	11
<sup>f</sup> or, <i>mortal</i> .	Now we are debtors, my Brethren, not to the flesh, that we should walk according to the flesh:—	12
	(13) (For if ye live according to the flesh, ye are to die. But if, by the Spirit, ye mortify the practices <sup>g</sup>	13
<sup>g</sup> or, <i>conduct</i> .	of the body, ye will live. (14) For they who are led by the Spirit of God, they are the sons of God:—	14
	(15) For ye have not received the spirit of bondage, again to fear; but ye have received the Spirit of adoption, by which we cry, Father, our Father.	15
	(16) And this Spirit testifieth to our spirit, that we are the sons of God. (17) And if sons, then heirs; heirs of God, and participators <sup>h</sup> of the inheritance	16
<sup>h</sup> Sy. <i>sons</i> .	of Jesus Messiah: so that, if we suffer with him, we shall also be glorified with him.—(18) For I reckon, that the sufferings of the present time, are not com-	17
	parable with the glory which is to be developed <sup>i</sup> in us. (19) For the whole creation is hoping and	18
<sup>i</sup> or, <i>revealed</i> .	waiting for the development <sup>k</sup> of the sons of God.	19
<sup>k</sup> or, <i>revelation</i> .	(20) For the creation <sup>l</sup> was subjected to vanity, not by	20
<sup>l</sup> Sy. <span>خلق</span>		

its own choice, but because of him who subjected it,  
 21 (21) in the hope, that also the creation itself would  
 be emancipated from the bondage of corruption,  
 into the liberty of the glory of the sons of God.  
 22 (22) For we know, that all the creatures<sup>m</sup> are groan-  
 23 ing and travailling in pain unto this day. (23) And  
 not only they, but we also in whom are the first  
 fruits of the Spirit, we groan within ourselves, and  
 look anxiously for the adoption of sons, the redemp-  
 24 tion of our bodies. (24) Because we live in<sup>n</sup> hope. <sup>p</sup> or, *by*.  
 But hope that is seen, is not hope: for if we saw it,  
 25 how should we hope for it? (25) But if we hope  
 for that which is not seen, we are in patient waiting.  
 26 (26) So also the Spirit aideth our weakness. For  
 we know not what to pray for, in a proper manner;  
 but the Spirit prayeth for us, with groans not  
 27 expressible: (27) and the explorer of hearts, he  
 knoweth what is the mind of the Spirit; because he  
 prayeth for the saints, agreeably to the good pleas-  
 28 ure of God.—(28) And we know that he aideth  
 them in all things, for good, who love God; them  
 29 whom he predestined<sup>o</sup> to be called. (29) And he  
 knew them, previously; and he sealed<sup>p</sup> them with  
 the likeness of the image of his Son; that He might  
 30 be the first-born of many brothers. (30) And  
 those whom he previously sealed, them he called:  
 and those whom he called, them he justified: and  
 31 those whom he justified, them he glorified. (31)  
 What then shall we say of these things? If God  
 32 [is] for us; who [is] against us? (32) And, if he  
 spared not his Son, but gave him up for us all,  
 how shall he not give us all things, with him?  
 33 (33) Who will set himself against the chosen of  
 34 God? It is God who justifieth. (34) Who is it  
 that condemneth? Messiah died, and arose, and is  
 on the right hand of God, and maketh intercession  
 35 for us. (35) What<sup>r</sup> will sever me from the love  
 of Messiah? Will affliction? or distress? or perse-  
 cution? or famine? or nakedness? or peril? or the  
 36 sword? (36) As it is written: For thy sake, we  
 die daily: and, we are accounted as sheep for the  
 37 slaughter. (37) But in all these things we are vic-  
 38 torious, by means of him who loved us. (38) For  
 I am persuaded, that neither death, nor life, nor  
 angels, nor principalities, nor powers, nor things  
 39 present, nor things to come, (39) nor height, nor

<sup>m</sup> Sy. אֲנִי

<sup>p</sup> or, *by*.

<sup>o</sup> Sy.

אֲנִי אֲנִי

<sup>p</sup> or, *marked*.

<sup>r</sup> Sy. *Who?*

depth, nor any other creature, will be able to sever me from the love of God, which is in our Lord Jesus Messiah.

I say the truth in Messiah, and do not misrepresent; and my conscience beareth me witness in the Holy Spirit; (2) that I have great sorrow, and the sadness of my heart is unceasing. (3) For I have prayed, that I myself might be accused<sup>a</sup> from Messiah, for<sup>b</sup> my brethren and my kinsmen in the flesh: (4) who are sons of Israel, to whom belonged the adoption of sons, and the glory, and the covenants,<sup>c</sup> and the law, and the ministration, and the promises, and the fathers; (5) and from among whom, Messiah appeared in the flesh, who is God over all; to whom be praises and benediction, for ever and ever; Amen.

Not, however, that the word of God hath actually failed.<sup>d</sup> For all are not Israel, who are of Israel. (7) Neither are they all sons, because they are of the seed of Abraham: for it was said, In Isaac shall thy seed be called. (8) That is, it is not the children of the flesh, who are the children of God; but the children of the promise, are accounted for the seed. (9) For the word of promise was this: At that time will I come, and Sarah shall have a son. (10) Nor this only; but Rebecca also, when she had cohabited with one [man], our father Isaac, (11) before her children were born, or had done good or evil, the choice of God was predeclared; that it might stand, not of works, but of him who called. (12) For it was said: The elder shall be servant to the younger. (13) As it is written: Jacob have I loved, and Esau have I hated. (14) What shall we say then? Is there iniquity with God? Far be it. (15) Behold, Moses also he said: I will have pity, on whom I will have pity; and I will be merciful, to whom I will be merciful. (16) Therefore, it is not of him who is willing, nor of him who runneth, but of the merciful God. (17) For in the scripture, he said to Pharaoh: For this very thing, have I raised thee up; that I might shew my power in thee, and that my name might be proclaimed in all the earth. (18) Wherefore, he hath pity upon whom he pleaseth; and whom he pleaseth, he hardeneth.—

<sup>a</sup> Sy. **سبباً**

<sup>b</sup> Sy. **بمنه**  
= in behalf of.

<sup>c</sup> Sy. **صعقاً**

<sup>d</sup> Sy. *fallen to fall.*

IX.

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19 (19) But, perhaps thou wilt say: Of what [then] doth he complain? For, who hath resisted his  
 20 pleasure? (20) Thou, thus! Who art thou? O man; that thou repliest against God! Shall the  
 21 potter's vessel say to the former of it, Why hast thou formed me so? (21) Hath not the potter  
 22 dominion over his clay out of the same mass to make vessels, one for honor, and another for dis-  
 23 honor? (22) And if God, being disposed to exhibit his wrath and to make known his power, in  
 24 abundance of long-suffering, brought wrath upon the vessels of wrath which were complete for de-  
 25 struction; (23) and made his mercy flow forth upon the vessels of mercy, which were prepared  
 26 by God for glory; (24) namely, upon us who are called, not of the Jews only, but also of the Gen-  
 27 tiles:—(25) As also he said in Hosea: I will call them my people, who were not my people; and  
 28 will pity, whom I have not pitied: (26) For it shall be, that in the place where they were called  
 29 Not my people, there shall they be called The children of the living God. (27) And Isaiah pro-  
 30 claimed concerning the children of Israel: Though the number of the children of Israel should be as  
 31 the sand on the sea, a remnant of them will live.<sup>e</sup>  
 32 (28) He hath finished and cut short the matter:<sup>f</sup>  
 33 and the Lord will do it on the earth. (29) And according to what Isaiah had before said: If the  
 Lord of hosts had not favored us with a residue, we had been as Sodom, and had been like Gomor-  
 rha.  
 30 What shall we say then? That the Gentiles, who ran not after righteousness,<sup>g</sup> have found  
 31 righteousness, even the righteousness which is by faith: (31) But Israel, who ran after the law of  
 32 righteousness, hath not found the law of righteous-  
 33 ness. (32) And why? Because [they sought it], not by faith, but by the works of the law. For  
 they stumbled at that stumbling-stone: (33) As it is written, Behold, I lay in Zion a stumbling-stone,  
 and a stone of offence: and he who believeth in him,<sup>h</sup> shall not be ashamed.

<sup>e</sup> or, *be saved.*<sup>f</sup> *Sy. the word.*<sup>g</sup> *Sy. ⲓⲛⲁⲓⲛⲁⲓ*<sup>h</sup> *Sy. it.*

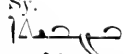
X. My Brethren, The desire of my heart, and my intercession with God for them, is, that they might  
 2 have life.<sup>a</sup> (2) For I bear them witness, that there


<sup>a</sup> or, *be saved.*

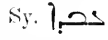
	is in them a zeal for God; but it is not according to knowledge. (3) For they know not the righteousness of God, but seek to establish their own	3
<sup>b</sup> Sy. <b>مطلب</b> = end, scope, summary.	(4) For Messiah is the aim <sup>b</sup> of the law, for righteousness, <sup>c</sup> unto every one that believeth in him.—	4
<sup>c</sup> Sy. <b>لحظته</b>	(5) For Moses describeth the righteousness, which is by the law, thus: Whoever shall do these things, shall live by them. (6) But the righteousness which is by faith, saith thus: Thou shalt not say in thy heart, Who ascendeth to heaven, and bringeth	5
	Messiah down? (7) Or, Who descendeth to the	6
<sup>d</sup> Sy. <b>معدن</b>	abyss of the grave, <sup>d</sup> and bringeth up Messiah from the place of the dead? (8) But what saith it?	7
<sup>e</sup> Sy. <b>كلمة</b>	The thing <sup>e</sup> is near to thy mouth, and to thy heart: that is, the word of faith, which we proclaim.	8
	(9) And if thou shalt confess with thy mouth our Lord Jesus, and shalt believe with thy heart, that	9
<sup>f</sup> or, <i>be saved.</i>	God hath raised him from the dead; thou shalt live. <sup>f</sup>	
<sup>g</sup> or, <i>is saved.</i>	(10) For the heart that believeth in him, is justified; and the mouth that confesseth him, is restored <sup>g</sup> to life. (11) For the scripture saith: Every one that	10
	believeth in him, shall not be ashamed. (12) And in this, it discriminateth neither Jews nor Gentiles. For there is one Lord over them all, who is rich,	11
	towards every one that calleth on him. (13) For every one that shall call on the name of the Lord,	12
<sup>h</sup> or, <i>be saved.</i>	will have <sup>h</sup> life. (14) How then shall they call on him, in whom they have not believed? Or, how shall they believe in him, of whom they have not heard? Or, how shall they hear, without a preacher? (15) Or, how shall they preach, if they are	13
	not sent forth? As it is written: How beautiful are the feet of the heralds of peace, and of the heralds of good things?—(16) But all of them have not obeyed the proclamation of the gospel. (For, Isaiah said: My Lord, who hath believed our	14
<sup>i</sup> Sy. <i>daughter of our voice.</i>	proclamation?) (17) Therefore, faith is from the hearing of the ear; and the hearing of the ear, is from the word of God. (18) But I say: Have they not heard? And, lo, their proclamation <sup>k</sup>	15
<sup>k</sup> Sy. <i>daughter of their voice.</i>	hath gone out into all the earth; and their words to the ends of the world. (19) But I say: Did not Israel know? First, Moses said, thus: I will	16
	awaken your emulation, by a people which is not a	17
		18
		19

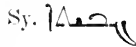
people; and by a disobedient people, I will pro-  
 20 voke you. (20) And Isaiah was bold, and said:  
 I was seen by those who sought me not; and I was  
 21 found by those who inquired not for me. (21) But  
 to Israel, he said: All the day, have I stretched out  
 my hands to a contentious and disobedient people.

XI. But I say: Hath God cast off his people? Far  
 be it. For I also am of Israel, of the seed of Abra-  
 2 ham, of the tribe of Benjamin. (2) God hath not  
 cast off those his people whom he before knew.  
 Do ye not know, what, in the scripture of God, he  
 said to Elijah? When he had complained to God  
 3 against Israel, and said: (3) My Lord, they have  
 slain thy prophets, and have thrown down thy  
 altars; and I am left alone; and they seek my  
 4 life. (4) And it was said to him, by revelation:  
 Behold, I have reserved for myself seven thousand  
 men, who have not bowed their knees, and have  
 5 not worshipped Baal. (5) So also at the present  
 time, a remnant is preserved, by the election<sup>a</sup> of  
 6 grace. (6) But if by grace, it is not by works:  
 otherwise, grace<sup>b</sup> is not grace.<sup>b</sup> And if by works,  
 it is not by grace: Otherwise, work<sup>c</sup> is not work.<sup>c</sup>  
 7 —(7) What then? Israel did not obtain that which  
 it sought: but the election<sup>d</sup> obtained it; and the  
 8 rest of them were blinded in their heart, (8)—(as  
 it is written: God gave them a stupid spirit, and  
 eyes to see not, and ears to hear not,)—unto this  
 9 very day. (9) And again, David said: Let their  
 table become a snare before them; and let their  
 10 recompense be a stumbling block. (10) Let their  
 eyes be darkened, that they see not; and let their  
 11 back, at all times, be bowed down.—(11) But I  
 say: Have they so stumbled as to fall entirely?  
 Far be it. Rather, by their stumbling, life<sup>e</sup> hath  
 come to the Gentiles, for [awakening] their jeal-  
 12 ousy. (12) And if their stumbling was riches to  
 the world, and their condemnation riches to the  
 Gentiles; how much more their completeness?<sup>f</sup>  
 13 (13) But [it is] to you Gentiles, I am speaking:  
 as I am a legate to the Gentiles, I honor my  
 14 ministry; (14) if, perhaps, I may provoke emula-  
 tion in the children of my flesh, and may vivify<sup>g</sup>  
 15 some of them. (15) For if the rejection of them,  
 was a reconciliation of the world; what will their

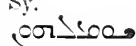
<sup>a</sup> Sy. 

<sup>b</sup> Sy. 

<sup>c</sup> Sy. 

<sup>d</sup> Sy. 

<sup>e</sup> or, *salvation*.

<sup>f</sup> Sy. 

<sup>g</sup> or, *save*.

conversion be, but life from the dead? (16) For, 16  
 if the first-fruits [are] holy, then the mass [is] also:  
 and if the root is holy, then also the branches.—  
 (17) And if some of the branches were plucked 17  
 off; and thou, an olive from the desert, wast in-  
 grafted in their place, and hast become a partici-  
 pator of the root and fitness of the olive-tree;  
 (18) do not glory over the branches. For if thou 18  
 gloriest, thou sustainest not the root, but the root  
 sustaineth thee. (19) And shouldst thou say, The 19  
 branches were plucked off; that I might be grafted  
 into their place. (20) Very true. They were 20  
 plucked off, because they believed not; and thou  
 standest by faith. Be not exalted in thy mind, but  
 fear. (21) For if God spared not the natural 21  
 branches, perhaps he will not spare you.—(22) Be- 22  
 hold now the benignity and the severity of God:  
 on them who fell, severity; but on thee, benignity,  
 if thou continuest in that benignity; and if not,  
 thou also wilt be plucked off. (23) And they, if 23  
 they do not continue in their destitution of faith,  
 even they will be grafted in; for God is able to  
 graft them in again. (24) For if thou wast pluck- 24  
 ed from the wild olive-tree, which was natural to  
 thee, and wast grafted, contrary to thy nature,  
 into a good olive-tree; how much more may they  
 be grafted into their natural olive-tree?—(25) And 25  
 that ye, my brethren, may not be wise in your  
 own apprehension, I wish you to know this myste-  
 ry, that blindness of heart hath in some measure  
 befallen Israel, until the fullness of the Gentiles  
 shall come in: (26) and then, will all Israel live.<sup>h</sup> 26  
 As it is written: A deliverer will come from Zion,  
 and will turn away iniquity from Jacob. (27) And 27  
 then will they have the covenant<sup>i</sup> that proceedeth  
 from me, when I shall have forgiven their sins.  
 (28) Now, in the gospel, they are enemies for your 28  
 sake; but in the election, they are beloved for the  
 fathers' sake. (29) For God is not changeable in  
 his free gift and in his calling.<sup>k</sup> (30) For as ye 30  
 too were formerly disobedient to God, and have  
 now obtained mercy, because of their disobedience;  
 (31) so also are they now disobedient to the mercy 31  
 which is upon you, that there may be mercy on  
 them likewise. (32) For God hath shut up all 32  
 men in disobedience, that upon all men he might

<sup>h</sup> or, be saved.

<sup>i</sup> Sy.  $\text{בְּרִית}$

<sup>k</sup> Sy.  
 $\text{בְּרִית}$



33 have mercy.—(33) O the depth of the riches, and  
 the wisdom, and the knowledge of God! For  
 34 man hath not searched out his judgments; and his  
 ways are inscrutable. (34) For who hath known  
 35 the mind of the Lord? Or who hath been a coun-  
 36 sellor to him? (35) Or who hath first given to  
 him, and then received from him? (36) Because,  
 all is from him, and all by him, and all through  
 him: to whom be praises and benedictions, for  
 ever and ever: Amen.

XII. I beseech you, therefore, my brethren, by the  
 mercies of God, that ye present your bodies a liv-  
 ing sacrifice, holy and acceptable to God, by a ra-  
 2 tional service [of him]. (2) And be not conformed  
 to this world; but be ye transformed, by the reno-  
 vation of your minds: and discern ye what is the  
 good and acceptable and perfect pleasure of God.  
 3 (3) And, by the grace given to me, I say to you  
 all: Do not carry thoughts, beyond what ye ought  
 to think; but think with modesty, as God hath  
 distributed to each one his measure of faith.  
 4 (4) For as we [severally] have many members in  
 one body, and all those members have not the  
 5 same functions; (5) so also we, who are [collec-  
 tively] many persons, are one body in Messiah,  
 6 and are naturally members of each other. (6) But  
 we have different gifts,<sup>a</sup> according to the grace  
 given to us. There is that of prophecy, according  
 7 to the measure of his faith. (7) And there is that  
 of ministration, possessed by one in his ministry.  
 And there is that of a teacher, in his teaching.  
 8 (8) And there is that of a consoler, in his con-  
 soling: And that of a giver,<sup>b</sup> with simplicity: And  
 that of a presider,<sup>c</sup> with dexterity: And of a sym-  
 9 pathizer, with cheerfulness.\*—(9) Let not your  
 love be guileful: but be haters of evil things, and  
 10 adherers to good things. (10) Be affectionate to  
 your brethren: and love one another. Be foremost  
 11 in honoring one another. (11) Be active; and not  
 slothful. Be fervent in spirit. Be laborers for

<sup>a</sup> Sy.  
 ܐܘܨܘܪܘܬܐ  
  
<sup>b</sup> or, distributor.  
<sup>c</sup> Sy. standing  
 at the head.

\* In this catalogue of gifts, verses 6, 7, 8, the Syriac merely describes them, giving no directions for the right use of them. Whether the Greek original will admit the same exposition, the learned will decide. I see no evidence, that the Syriac translator had an essentially different Greek text before him.

<sup>d</sup> Sy.

|صفتها|=

Gr. ζῆνοι.

our Lord. (12) Be joyful in your hope. Be patient under your afflictions. Be persevering in prayer. (13) Be communicators to the wants of 13 the saints. Be kind to strangers.<sup>d</sup> (14) Bless 14 your persecutors: bless, and curse not. (15) Re- 15 joice with them who rejoice: and weep with them who weep. (16) What estimation ye make of 16 yourselves, [make] also of your brethren. And indulge not high thoughts; but unite yourselves with the lowly minded. And be not wise in your own estimation. (17) And repay to no man evil 17 for evil: but let it be your study to do good, before all men. (18) And if possible, so far as it 18 dependeth on you, live in peace with every man. (19) And be ye not avengers of yourselves, my 19 beloved: but give place to wrath. For it is written: If thou dost not execute judgment for thyself, I will execute judgment for thee, saith God. (20) 20 And if thy adversary be hungry, feed him: and if he be thirsty, give him drink. For if thou doest these things to him, thou wilt heap coals of fire on his head. (21) Be ye not overcome by evil; but 21 overcome evil with good.

<sup>a</sup> Sy.|وصفها|,  
commanded.

Let every soul be subject to the authorities of XIII. magistracy. For there is no authority which is not from God: and the authorities which exist, are established<sup>a</sup> by God. (2) He therefore who oppo- 2 seth the authority, opposeth the establishment of God; and they who oppose them, shall receive judgment. (3) For judges are not a terror to good 3 deeds, but to evil deeds. Wouldst thou then not be afraid of the authority? Do good, and thou shalt have praise from it. (4) For he is the min- 4 ister<sup>b</sup> of God; but it is to thee for good. But if thou doest evil, be afraid; for he is not girded with the sword in vain; for he is a minister of God, and an avenger of wrath to them that do evil things. (5) And therefore, it is necessary for us 5 to be obedient, not only on account of wrath, but likewise on account of our consciences. (6) For 6 this cause also ye pay tribute money; for they are the ministers of God, established for these same objects. (7) Render therefore to every one, as is 7 due to him; tribute-money, to whom tribute-money; and excise, to whom excise; and fear, to whom

<sup>b</sup> Sy.

|وصفها|

8 fear; and honor, to whom honor.—(8) And owe nothing to any one; but to love one another. For he that loveth his neighbor, hath fulfilled the  
 9 law. (9) For this likewise, which it saith: Thou shalt not kill; nor commit adultery; nor steal; nor covet; and if there is any other commandment, it is completed in this sentence: Thou shalt love  
 10 thy neighbor as thyself. (10) Love doeth no evil to one's neighbor; because love is the fulfillment  
 11 of the law.—(11) And this also know ye, that it is the time and the hour, that we should henceforth be awake from our sleep. For now our life<sup>c</sup> hath  
 12 come nearer to us, than when we believed. (12) The night now passeth away, and the day draweth near. Let us therefore cast from us the works of darkness; and let us put on the armor of light.  
 13 (13) And let us walk decorously, as in daylight; not in merriment, nor in drunkenness, nor in impurity of the bed, nor in envy and strife. (14) But clothe yourselves with our Lord Jesus Messiah: and be not thoughtful about your flesh, for the indulgence of appetites.

<sup>c</sup> or, *salvation*.

XIV. To him who is feeble in the faith, reach forth the hand. And be not divided in your thoughts.  
 2 (2) For one man believeth, that he may eat every  
 3 thing: and he that is feeble, eateth herbs. (3) And he that eateth, should not despise him that eateth not; and he that eateth not, should not judge him  
 4 that eateth, for God hath received him. (4) Who art thou, that thou judgest a servant not thine; and who, if he standeth, he standeth to his Lord; and if he falleth, he falleth to his Lord? But he will assuredly stand: for his Lord hath power to  
 5 establish him. (5) One man discriminateth between days;<sup>a</sup> and another judgeth all days alike. But let every one be sure, in regard to his knowl-  
 6 edge. (6) He that esteemeth a day, esteemeth [it] for his Lord: and he that esteemeth not a day, for his Lord, he doth not esteem [it.] And he that eateth, eateth to his Lord, and giveth thanks to God: and he that eateth not, to his Lord he eateth  
 7 not, and giveth thanks to God. (7). For there is not one of us, who liveth for himself: and there  
 8 is not one, who dieth for himself. (8) Because, if we live, to our Lord it is we live; or if we die, to

<sup>a</sup> *Sy. a day from a day.*

our Lord it is we die. Whether we live, therefore, 9  
 or whether we die, we are our Lord's. (9) More- 9  
 over, for this cause Messiah died, and revived, and 9  
 arose; that he might be Lord of the dead and of 9  
 the living. (10) But thou, why dost thou judge 10  
 thy brother? or, why dost thou despise thy bro- 10  
 ther? For we must all stand before the judgment 10  
 seat of Messiah, (11) as it is written: As I live, 11  
 saith the Lord, to me every knee shall bow; and 11  
 to me every tongue shall give praise. (12) So 12  
 then, every one of us must give account of himself 12  
 to God.—(13) Henceforth, judge ye not one another 13  
 er; but rather, judge ye this, that thou erect not 13  
 a stumbling-block for thy brother. (14) I know, 14  
 indeed, and am persuaded by the Lord Jesus, that 14  
 there is nothing which is unclean in itself; but to 14  
 him who thinketh any thing to be unclean, to him 14  
 only it is defiled. (15) But if thou grieveest thy 15  
 brother, because of food, thou walkest not in love. 15  
 On account of food, destroy not him for whom 15  
 Messiah died.—(16) And let not our good thing be 16  
 matter of reproach. (17) For the kingdom<sup>b</sup> of 17  
 God, is not food and drink; but is righteousness, 17  
 and peace, and joy in the Holy Spirit. (18) For 18  
 he who is in these things a servant of Messiah, 18  
 is pleasing to God, and approved before men. 18  
 (19) Now let us strive after peace, and after the edi- 19  
 fication of one another. (20) And let us not, on 20  
 account of food, destroy the work of God. For 20  
 every thing is, [indeed,] pure; yet it is evil, to the 20  
 man who eateth with stumbling. (21) It is proper,<sup>c</sup> 21  
 that we neither eat flesh, nor drink wine, nor [do] 21  
 any thing, whereby our brother is stumbled. 21  
 (22) Thou art one in whom there is faith; keep it 22  
 to thyself, before God. Blessed is he, who doth 22  
 not condemn himself, in that thing which he al- 22  
 loweth. (23) For he who eateth and doubteth, is 23  
 condemned; because [he eateth] not in faith. For 23  
 every thing which is not of faith, is sin. 23

<sup>b</sup> Sy. מלכות

<sup>c</sup> Sy. חשוב

<sup>d</sup> Sy.

חשוב

We then who are strong, ought to bear the XV.  
 infirmity of the weak, and not to please ourselves. 2  
 (2) But each of us should please his neighbor, in 2  
 good things, as conducive to edification.<sup>d</sup> (3) Be- 3  
 cause Messiah also did not please himself; but, as 3  
 it is written: The reviling of thy revilers fell upon

- 4 me. (4) For every thing written of old, was written for our instruction; that we, by patience and by the consolation of the scriptures, might possess hope.
- 5 (5) And may the God of patience and of consolation, grant to you, to think in harmony one with
- 6 another, in Jesus Messiah; (6) so that with one mind and one mouth, ye may glorify God, the
- 7 Father of our Lord Jesus Messiah.—(7) Wherefore, receive ye and bear up one another, as also Messiah
- 8 received you, to the glory of God. (8) Now I say, that Jesus Messiah ministered to the circumcision, in behalf of the truth of God, in order to confirm
- 9 the promise [made] to the fathers; (9) and that the Gentiles might glorify God for his mercies upon them, as it is written: I will confess to thee among the Gentiles, and to thy name will I sing psalms.
- 10 (10) And again he said: Rejoice, ye Gentiles, with
- 11 his people. (11) And again he said: Praise the Lord, all ye Gentiles; [and] laud him, all ye nations.
- 12 (12) And again Isaiah said: There will be a root of Jesse; and he that shall arise, will be a prince for the Gentiles; and in him will the Gentiles hope.—(13) Now may the God of hope fill you with all joy and peace, by faith; that ye may abound in his hope, by the power<sup>b</sup> of the Holy Spirit.
- 14 Now I am persuaded, my Brethren, even I, concerning you; that ye too are full of goodness, and are replenished with all knowledge, and are able
- 15 also to instruct others. (15) Yet I have written rather boldly to you, my Brethren, that I might put you in remembrance; because of the grace
- 16 which is given to me by God, (16) that I should be a minister of Jesus Messiah among the Gentiles, and should subserve the gospel of God, that the oblation<sup>c</sup> of the Gentiles might be acceptable, and
- 17 be sanctified by the Holy Spirit. (17) I have therefore a glorying in Jesus Messiah, before God.
- 18 (18) Yet I presume not to speak of any thing [done] for the obedience of the Gentiles, which Messiah hath not wrought by me, in word and in deeds,
- 19 (19) by the power of signs and wonders, and by the power of the Holy Spirit; so that from Jerusalem I have made a circuit quite to Illyricum, and have fulfilled the announcement of the Messiah;
- 20 (20) while I was careful not to preach where the

<sup>b</sup> or, energy.

<sup>c</sup> Sy. *libio*

name of Messiah had been invoked, lest I should  
 build upon another man's foundation; (21) but, as 21  
 it is written: They, to whom mention of him had  
 not been made, will see him; and they, who had  
 not heard, will be obedient.—(22) And on this 22  
 account, I have been many times prevented from  
 coming to you. (23) But now, since I have no 23  
 place in these regions, and as I have been desirous  
 for many years past to come to you, (24) when I 24  
 go to Spain, I hope to come and see you; and that  
 ye will accompany me thither, when I shall have  
 been satisfied, in some measure, with visiting you.  
 —(25) But I am now going to Jerusalem, to minister 25  
 to the saints. (26) For they of Macedonia and 26  
 Achaia, have been willing to make up a contribu-  
 tion<sup>d</sup> for the needy saints who are at Jerusalem.  
 (27) They were willing, because they were also 27  
 debtors to them: for if the Gentiles have been partic-  
 ipators with them in the Spirit, they are debtors  
 to serve them also in things of the flesh. (28) 28  
 When therefore, I shall have accomplished this,  
 and shall have sealed to them this fruit, I will pass  
 by you into Spain. (29) And I know that when I 29  
 come to you, I shall come in the fullness of the  
 blessing of the gospel of Messiah.—(30) And I 30  
 beseech you, my Brethren, by our Lord Jesus Mes-  
 siah, and by the love of the Spirit, that ye labor  
 with me in prayer to God for me; (31) that I may 31  
 be delivered from them in Judea, who believe not;  
 and that the ministration,<sup>e</sup> which I carry to the  
 saints in Jerusalem, may be well received; (32) and 32  
 that, by the good pleasure of God, I may come to  
 you with joy, and may take comfort with you.—  
 (33) And may the God of peace be with you all: 33  
 Amen.

<sup>d</sup> Sy. that a  
 communica-  
 tion should be,  
 &c.

<sup>e</sup> Sy.  
 ἡ διακονία

<sup>a</sup> Sy.  
 ἡ δουλία

<sup>b</sup> Sy. ask ye of  
 the peace of.

And I commend to you Phebe, our sister, who XVI.  
 is a servant<sup>a</sup> of the church in Cenchrea: (2) that 2  
 ye may receive her in our Lord, as is just for saints;  
 and that ye may assist her, in whatever thing she  
 may ask of you: for she also hath been assistant to  
 many, and to me also.—(3) Salute<sup>b</sup> ye Priscilla 3  
 and Aquila, my fellow-laborers in Jesus Messiah;  
 (4) who, for my life, surrendered their own necks; 4  
 and to whom, not only I am grateful, but also all  
 the churches of the Gentiles. (5) And give a salu- 5

tation to the church<sup>c</sup> which is in their house. Salute my beloved Epenetus, who was the first-  
 6 fruits of Achaia in Messiah. (6) Salute Mary, who  
 7 hath toiled much with you. (7) Salute Andronicus and Junia, my relatives,<sup>d</sup> who were in captivity with me, and are of note among the legates,  
 8 and were in Messiah before me. (8) Salute Amplias, my beloved in our Lord. (9) Salute Urbanus, a laborer with us in Messiah; and my beloved  
 9 Stachys. (10) Salute Apelles, chosen in our Lord. Salute the members<sup>e</sup> of the house of Aristobulus.  
 11 (11) Salute Herodion, my kinsman. Salute the members<sup>e</sup> of the house of Narcissus, who are in  
 12 our Lord. (12) Salute Tryphena and Tryphosa, who toil in our Lord. Salute my beloved Persis, who toiled much in our Lord. (13) Salute Rufus, chosen in our Lord; and his and my mother.  
 14 (14) Salute Asyncritus, and Phlegon, and Hermas, and Patrobas, and Hermes, and the brethren who  
 15 are with them. (15) Salute Philologus and Julia, Nereus and his sister, and Olympus, and all the  
 16 saints who are with them. (16) Salute one another, with a holy kiss. All the churches of Messiah salute you.  
 17 And I beseech you, my Brethren, that ye beware of them who cause divisions and stumblings [among you], aside from the doctrine which ye have learned: and that ye stand aloof from them.  
 18 (18) For they who are such, do not serve our Lord Jesus Messiah, but their own belly: and by bland speeches and good wishes,<sup>f</sup> they beguile the hearts  
 19 of the simple. (19) But your obedience is known to every one. I therefore rejoice in you: and I would have you be wise in what is good, and blameless in what is evil. (20) And the God of peace will soon crush Satan under your feet. The grace of our Lord Jesus Messiah, be with you.  
 21 Timothy, my fellow-laborer, and Lucius, and Jason, and Sosipater, my kinsmen, salute you.  
 22 (22) I Tertius, who have written this epistle, salute you in the Lord. (23) Gaius, hospitable to me and to all the church, saluteth you. Erastus, the steward of the city, and Quartus a brother, salute you.  
 25 Now unto God, who is able to establish you,— (according to my gospel, which is proclaimed

<sup>c</sup> Sy. الكنيسة

<sup>d</sup> Sy. إخوت

<sup>e</sup> Sy. *sous.*

<sup>f</sup> or, *benedictions.*

<sup>ε</sup> Sy. *from the times of ages.* concerning Jesus Messiah; and according to the revelation of the mystery, which was hidden from the times that are past,<sup>ε</sup> (26) but is at this time 26 revealed, by means of the scriptures of the prophets; and by the command of the eternal God, is made known to all the Gentiles, for the obedience of faith; (27) [to him] who only is wise, be glory, 27 through Jesus Messiah, for ever and ever: Amen. The grace of our Lord Jesus Messiah, be with 24 you all: Amen.<sup>⊕</sup>

*End of the epistle to the Romans; which was written from Corinth; and was sent by the hand of Phebe, a faithful servant.<sup>α</sup>*

<sup>α</sup> or, *deaconess.*

⊕ [ܐܡܝܢ] ܠܥܠܡܝܢ ܠܥܠܡܝܢ ܠܥܠܡܝܢ ܠܥܠܡܝܢ ܠܥܠܡܝܢ

The First Epistle of Paul to the Corinthians.

<sup>α</sup> Sy. [ܐܡܝܢ] PAUL, called and sent by Jesus Messiah in the good pleasure of God; and Sosthenes, a brother; I. (2) to the church<sup>α</sup> of God which is at Corinth, to 2 the [people] called and sanctified, who are sanctified in Jesus Messiah; and to all them, in every place, who invoke the name of our Lord Jesus Messiah, their and our [Lord]: (3) Grace [be] with you, and 3 peace; from God our Father, and from our Lord Jesus Messiah. I thank my God at all times on your behalf, for 4 the grace of God which is given to you in<sup>b</sup> Jesus Messiah; (5) that in every thing ye are enriched 5 by him, in all discourse, and in all knowledge; (6) even as the testimony of Messiah was confirmed 6 among you: (7) so that ye are not inferior in any 7 one of his gifts; but are waiting for the manifestation<sup>c</sup> of our Lord Jesus Messiah: (8) who will 8 confirm you unto the end, so that ye may be blame-

<sup>b</sup> or, *by.*

<sup>c</sup> or, *revelation.*

\* In the Syriac, the 21th verse is thus placed at the end of the Epistle.



- 9 less in the day of our Lord Jesus Messiah. (9) God is faithful; by whom ye have been called into<sup>d</sup> the fellowship of his Son, Jesus Messiah, our Lord. <sup>d or, unto.</sup>
- 10 And I beseech you, my Brethren, by the name of our Lord Jesus Messiah, that to you all there may be one language;<sup>e</sup> and that there may be no divisions among you: but that ye may become perfectly of one mind, and of one way of thinking. <sup>e or, word, or, discourse.</sup>
- 11 (11) For concerning you, my Brethren, it hath been reported to me by the house of Chloe, that there are contentions among you. (12) And this I state: That one of you saith, I am of Paul; and another saith, I am of Apollos; and another saith, I am of Cephas; and another saith, I am of Messiah.
- 13 (13) Now was Messiah divided? Or was Paul crucified for you? Or were ye baptized in the name of Paul? (14) I thank my God that I baptized none of you, except Crispus and Gaius;
- 15 (15) lest any one should say, that I baptized in my own name. (16) I moreover baptized the household<sup>f</sup> of Stephanas: but further, I know not that I <sup>f Sy. house.</sup>
- 17 baptized any other.—(17) For Messiah did not send me to baptize, but to preach; not with wisdom of words, lest the cross of Messiah should be inefficient.
- 18 (18) For a discourse concerning the cross is, to them who perish, foolishness; but to us who live,<sup>g</sup> it is the energy of God. (19) For it is written: I will destroy the wisdom of the wise; and I will dissipate the intelligence of the sagacious. (20) Where is the wise? Or where is the scribe? Or where is the disputant of this world? Lo, hath not God showed, that the wisdom of this world is folly? <sup>g or, are saved.</sup>
- 21 (21) For in the wisdom of God, because the world by wisdom knew not God, it pleased God, by the foolishness of preaching, to quicken<sup>h</sup> them who believe. (22) Because the Jews ask for signs, and the Gentiles<sup>i</sup> demand wisdom. (23) But we preach Messiah as crucified; [which is] a stumbling-block to the Jews, and foolishness to the Gentiles:<sup>i</sup>
- 24 (24) but to them who are called, both Jews and Gentiles,<sup>i</sup> Messiah is the energy of God, and the wisdom of God. (25) Because the foolishness of God, is wiser than men; and the feebleness of God, is stronger than men.—(26) For look also at your calling, my Brethren; that not many among you are wise, according to the flesh; and not many <sup>h or, save.</sup> <sup>i Sy. Aramaeans.</sup>

among you are mighty, and not many among you  
 are of high birth. (27) But God hath chosen the 27  
 foolish ones of the world, to shame the wise; and  
 he hath chosen the feeble ones of the world, to  
 shame the mighty; (28) and he hath chosen those 28  
 of humble birth in the world, and the despised, and  
 them who are nothing, to bring to naught them  
 who are something: (29) so that no flesh might 29  
 glory before him. (30) And ye, moreover, are of 30  
<sup>k</sup> Sy. ايجوه him in Jesus Messiah; who hath become to us  
<sup>l</sup> Sy. صبرعه wisdom from God, and righteousness<sup>k</sup> and sanctifica-  
<sup>m</sup> Sy. صهصه tion,<sup>l</sup> and redemption:<sup>m</sup> (31) according to that 31  
 which is written: He that glorieth, let him glory  
 in the Lord.

And I, my Brethren, when I came to you, did II.  
 not preach to you the mystery of God in magnifi-  
<sup>a</sup> or, *philosophic* cent speech, nor in wisdom.<sup>a</sup> (2) And I did not 2  
<sup>b</sup> Sy. *judge.* govern<sup>b</sup> myself among you, as if I knew any thing,  
 except only Jesus Messiah; and him also as cru- 3  
 cified. (3) And in much fear and much trembling, 4  
 was I with you. (4) And my speech and my 4  
 preaching were not with the persuasiveness of the  
 discourses of wisdom; but with the demonstration  
 of the Spirit, and with power: (5) that your faith 5  
 might not arise from the wisdom of men, but from  
<sup>c</sup> Sy. صصصه the power of God.—(6) Yet we do speak wisdom,<sup>c</sup> 6  
 among the perfect; the wisdom not of this world,  
<sup>d</sup> Sy. صصصه nor of the potentates<sup>d</sup> of this world, who will come  
 to naught. (7) But we speak the wisdom of God, 7  
 in a mystery; the wisdom which was hidden, and  
 which God predetermined before the world was, 8  
 for our glory: (8) which no one of the potentates  
 of this world knew; for had they known it, they  
 would not have crucified the Lord of glory. 9  
 (9) But, as it is written: The eye hath not seen,  
 nor hath the ear heard, nor hath it entered into the  
 heart of man, that which God hath prepared for  
 those who love him. (10) But God hath revealed 10  
 it to us, by his Spirit; for the Spirit exploret<sup>h</sup> all  
 things, even the profound things of God. (11) For 11  
 what man is there, who knoweth that which is in a  
 man, except it be the spirit of the man, which is in  
 him? So also, that which is in God, no one know-  
 eth, except the Spirit of God. (12) Now we have 12  
 received, not the spirit of the world, but the Spirit

which is from God; that we might know the free  
 13 gifts, which are given to us by God. (13) Which  
 things we also speak; not in the teaching of the  
 words of man's wisdom, but in the teaching of the  
 Spirit; and we compare spirituals with spirituals.  
 14 (14) For a man in his natural self,<sup>e</sup> receiveth not  
 spirituals; for they are foolishness to him. Neither  
 can he know them; for they are discerned by the  
 15 Spirit. (15) But he that is spiritual, judgeth of all  
 16 things: and he is judged of by no one. (16) For  
 who hath known the mind of the Lord, that he  
 should instruct him? But we have the mind of  
 Messiah.

III. And I, my Brethren, could not talk with you, as  
 with spiritual<sup>a</sup> [persons], but as with the carnal,<sup>b</sup>  
 2 as with babes in Messiah. (2) I gave you milk,  
 and did not give you solid food: for ye were not  
 then able to receive it; and even now, ye are not  
 3 able. (3) For ye are still in the flesh.<sup>c</sup> For, as  
 there are among you envying, and contention, and  
 parties, are ye not carnal, and walking in the flesh?  
 4 (4) For, while one of you saith, I am of Paul; and  
 another saith, I am of Apollos; are ye not carnal?  
 5 —(5) For, who is Paul, or who is Apollos, but the  
 ministers by whom ye believed, each one as the  
 6 Lord gave to him? (6) I planted, and Apollos  
 7 watered; but God produced the growth. (7) Not  
 therefore he that planted, is to be accounted of, nor  
 he that watered, but God who produced the growth.  
 8 (8) And he that planted, and he that watered are  
 on a par;<sup>d</sup> each receiveth his reward, according  
 9 to his labor. (9) For we labor with God: and ye  
 10 are God's husbandry, and God's edifice. (10) Ac-  
 cording to the grace of God which was given me, I  
 laid the foundation like a wise architect; and  
 another buildeth on it. But let each one see, how  
 11 he buildeth on it. (11) For any other foundation  
 can no man lay, different from that which is laid,  
 12 which is Jesus Messiah. (12) And if any one  
 buildeth on this foundation, either gold, or silver,  
 or precious stones, or wood, or hay, or stubble;  
 13 (13) the work of each will be exposed to view; for  
 the day will expose it; because it is to be tested by  
 fire; and the fire will disclose the work of each, of  
 14 what sort it is. (14) And that builder whose work

<sup>e</sup> Sy.

ⲉⲓⲛⲟⲩ =  
 (Gr. ἐν ψυχῇ.)

<sup>a</sup> Sy. ⲡⲓⲛⲟⲩ<sup>b</sup> Sy. ⲡⲓⲛⲟⲩ<sup>c</sup> Sy. ⲡⲓⲛⲟⲩ<sup>d</sup> Sy. are one.

shall endure, will receive his reward. (15) And he, whose work shall burn up, will suffer loss; yet himself will escape; but it will be, as from the fire.—(16) Know ye not, that ye are the temple of God? and that the Spirit of God dwelleth in you? (17) Whoever shall mar the temple of God, God will mar him: for the temple of God is holy, which [temple] ye are. (18) Let no one deceive himself. Whoever among you thinketh that he is wise in this world, let him become a fool, that he may be wise. (19) For the wisdom of this world is fatuity with God: for it is written, He catcheth the wise in their own craftiness. (20) And again: The Lord knoweth the devices of the wise, that they are vain. (21) Wherefore, let no one glory in men: for all things are yours; (22) whether Paul, or Apolles, or Cephas, or the world, or life, or death, or things present, or things to come; all things are yours: (23) and ye are Messiah's, and Messiah is God's.—[IV.] Let us be so accounted of by you, as the servants<sup>a</sup> of Messiah, and the stewards of the mysteries of God. (2) Now it is required of stewards, that each be found faithful. (3) But to me, it is a light matter to be judged of by you, or by any man whatever: nay, I am no judge of myself. (4) (For I am not conscious in myself of any thing [flagrant]; yet I am not by this justified; for the Lord is my judge.) (5) Therefore pronounce not judgments before the time, [or] until the Lord come, who will pour light upon the hidden things of darkness, and will make manifest the thoughts of [men's] hearts: and then will each one have [due] praise from God.

These things, my Brethren, I have stated concerning the person of myself and of Apollos, for your sakes; that, in us, ye might learn not to think [of men], above what is written; and that no one might exalt himself in comparison with his fellow, on account of any person. (7) For who exploresth thee? Or what hast thou, which thou didst not receive? And if thou receivedst it, why gloriest thou, as if thou didst not receive it? (8) Now ye are yourselves full, and enriched; and, without us, are on thrones! And I wish ye were enthroned; that we also might reign with you. (9) But I suppose, that God hath placed us legates

\* Sy.

1. 2. 3. 4. 5.

the last, as for death; since we have become a spectacle to the world, to angels and to men.

10 (10) We are fools, on account of Messiah; but ye are wise in Messiah! We are feeble; but ye are strong! Ye are lauded, we are contemned. (11) Unto this hour, we hunger, and thirst, and are naked, and are buffeted, and have no permanent home: (12) and we toil, working with our own hands: they defame us, and we bless: they persecute us, and we endure it: (13) they revile us, and we entreat them: we are as the filth of the world, and

14 the expiation for all men, up to this time.—(14) I write these things, not to shame you; but I instruct you, as dear children. (15) For though ye have a myriad of teachers in Messiah, yet not many fathers; for in Jesus Messiah, I have begotten you

16 by preaching.<sup>b</sup> (16) I beseech you, therefore, that ye be like me.—(17) For this cause have I sent to you Timothy, who is my beloved son, and faithful in the Lord, that he might bring to your recollection my ways in Messiah, agreeably to what I teach in all the churches. (18) Now some of you are inflated, as though I would not [dare] come to you.

19 (19) But I will come to you speedily, if God be willing: and I will know,—not the speech<sup>c</sup> of them

20 who exalt themselves, but their power: (20) for the kingdom of God is not in word, but in power.

21 (21) What will ye? Shall I come to you with the rod, or with love and a gentle spirit?

<sup>b</sup> or, *the Gospel.*

<sup>c</sup> Sy. *word.*

V. In short,<sup>a</sup> it is reported, there is whoredom among you; and such whoredom as is not even named among the heathen, that a son should even

2 take the wife of his father. (2) And ye are inflated, and have not rather sitten down in grief, that he who hath done this deed might be separated

3 from you. (3) And I, while distant from you in body but present with you in spirit, have already, as if present, judged him who perpetrath this

4 deed; (4) that ye all assemble together, in the name of our Lord Jesus Messiah, and I with you in spirit, together with the energy<sup>b</sup> of our Lord

5 Jesus Messiah; (5) and that ye deliver him over to Satan, for the destruction of the flesh,<sup>c</sup> that in spirit he may have life, in the day of our Lord Jesus Messiah.

<sup>a</sup> Sy. *ἄρα*

<sup>b</sup> Sy. *ἐνέργεια*

<sup>c</sup> or, *body.*

Sy. **وَمَنْ**

Your glorying is not praiseworthy.<sup>d</sup> Know ye 6  
 not, that a little leaven leaveneth the whole mass?  
 (7) Purge out from you the old leaven, that ye 7  
 may be a new mass, as ye are unleavened. For  
 our passover is the Messiah, who was slain for us.  
 (8) Therefore let us celebrate the festival, not with 8  
 the old leaven, nor with the leaven<sup>e</sup> of wickedness  
 and bitterness, but with the leaven<sup>e</sup> of purity and  
 sanctity.—(9) I wrote to you by letter, not to com- 9  
 mingle with whoremongers. (10) But I say not, 10  
 with the whoremongers who are in the world, nor  
 [speak I] of the avaricious, or of the rapacious, or  
 of the idol-worshippers, otherwise ye would be  
 obliged to go out of the world. (11) But this is 11  
 what I wrote to you, that ye commingle not, if any  
 one is called a brother, and is a whoremonger, or  
 avaricious, or an idol-worshipper, or a railer, or a  
 drunkard, or rapacious,—with him who is such,  
 not even to eat bread. (12) For what business 12  
 have I to judge them who are without? But  
 those within the body, judge ye, (13) and those 13  
 without, God judgeth; and remove ye the wicked-  
 ness<sup>f</sup> from among you.

<sup>e</sup> alii: *unleavened.*

<sup>f</sup> or, *wicked person.*

Dare any of you, when he hath a controversy VI.  
 with his brother, litigate before the iniquitous, and  
 not before the sanctified? (2) Or know ye not, 2  
 that the sanctified will judge the world?<sup>a</sup> And if  
 the world will be judged by you, are ye unfit to  
 decide trivial causes? (3) Know ye not, that we 3  
 shall judge angels?<sup>b</sup> How much more things that  
 are of the world? (4) But if ye have a controversy 4  
 about a worldly matter, seat ye on the bench for  
 you those who are contemned in the church!  
 (5) For shame to you I say [it]. So, there is not 5  
 even one wise man among you, who is competent  
 to do equity between a brother and his brother;  
 (6) but a brother litigateth with his brother, and 6  
 also before them that believe not! (7) Now there- 7  
 fore ye condemn yourselves, in that ye have litigation  
 one with another. For why do ye not rather  
 suffer wrong? why not rather be defrauded?  
 (8) But ye yourselves commit wrong, and ye defraud 8  
 even your brethren. (9) Or do ye not know, 9  
 that the unrighteous will not inherit the kingdom  
 of God? Do not mistake; neither whoremongers,

<sup>a</sup> Sy. **لَا**

<sup>b</sup> Sy. **مَلَائِكَةَ**

nor idol-worshippers, nor adulterers, nor debauchees, nor liars with males, (10) nor the avaricious, nor thieves, nor drunkards, nor railers, nor extortioners,—will inherit the kingdom of God. (11) And these things have been in some of you: but ye are washed, and are sanctified, and made righteous, in the name of our Lord Jesus the Messiah, and by the Spirit of our God.

12 Every thing is in my power:<sup>c</sup> but every thing is not profitable to me. Every thing is in my power; but none [of them] shall have dominion over me.

13 (13) Food is for the belly; and the belly is for food; but God will bring them both to naught. But the body is not for whoredom, but for our

14 Lord; and our Lord for the body. (14) And God hath raised up our Lord; and he will raise us up,

15 by his power. (15) Know ye not, that your bodies are the members of the Messiah? Shall one take a member of the Messiah, and make it the member

16 of a harlot? Far be it. (16) Or know ye not, that whoever joineth himself to a harlot, is one body [with her]? For it is said, They twain shall be

17 one body. (17) But he that joineth himself to our Lord, is with him one spirit. (18) Flee whoredom.

For every [other] sin which a man committeth, is external to his body; but he that committeth whoredom, sinneth against his own body. (19) Or

know ye not, that your body is the temple of the Holy Spirit who abideth<sup>d</sup> in you, whom ye have received from God? And ye are not your own.

20 (20) For ye are bought<sup>e</sup> with a price. Therefore, glorify ye God, with your body, and with your spirit, which are God's.

VII. And concerning the things of which ye wrote to me, it is praiseworthy<sup>a</sup> for a man not to approach

2 a woman. (2) But, on account of whoredom, let each have his own wife; and let a woman have

3 her own husband. (3) And let the man render to his wife the kindness which is due; and so

4 also the woman to her husband. (4) The woman is not the sovereign<sup>b</sup> over her body, but her husband; so also the man is not the sovereign over

5 his body, but the wife. (5) Therefore, deprive not one another, except when ye both consent, at the time ye devote yourselves to fasting and prayer;

<sup>c</sup> Sy. طال  
طال  
طال

<sup>d</sup> Sy. بصفتي

<sup>e</sup> Sy. ابو

<sup>a</sup> Sy. هو

<sup>b</sup> Sy. طال

	and return again to the same disposition, that Satan	
	tempt you not because of the concupiscence of	
<sup>c</sup> Sy.	your body. (6) But this I say, as to weak persons,	6
كلمة صعبه	not of positive precept. <sup>c</sup> (7) For I would	7
	that all men might be like me in purity. But	
	every man is endowed with his gift of God; one	
	thus, and another so. (8) And I say to them who	8
	have no wives, and to widows, that it is advanta-	
	geous to them to remain as I am. (9) But if they	9
	cannot endure [it], let them marry: for it is more	
	profitable to take a wife, than to burn with concu-	
	piscence. (10) And on them who have wives, I	10
	enjoin,—not I, but my Lord,—that the woman	
	separate not from her husband. (11) And if she	11
	separate, let her remain without a husband, or be	
	reconciled to her husband; and let not the man	
	put away his wife. (12) And to the rest, say I,—	12
	I, not my Lord,—that if there be a brother, who	
	hath a wife that believeth not, and she is disposed	
	to dwell with him, let him not put her away.	
	(13) And that woman, who hath a husband that	13
	believeth not, and he is disposed to dwell with her,	
	let her not forsake her husband. (14) For the	14
	husband who believeth not, is sanctified by the	
	wife that believeth; and the wife who believeth	
	not, is sanctified by the husband that believeth:	
	otherwise their children would be impure; but now	
<sup>d</sup> Sy.	are they pure. <sup>d</sup> (15) But if the unbeliever separa-	15
كلمة	rateth, let him separate: A brother or sister is not in	
	bondage in such cases: it is to peace, God hath called	
	us. (16) For how knowest thou, O wife, whether	16
<sup>e</sup> Sy.	thou wilt procure life to thy husband? <sup>e</sup> Or, thou	
كلمة	husband, knowest thou, whether thou wilt procure	
<sup>f</sup> Sy.	lif <sup>f</sup> to thy wife? (17) Every one, however, as	17
كلمة	the Lord hath distributed to him, and every one as	
	God hath called him, so let him walk. And also	
	thus I enjoin upon all the churches. (18) Is a cir-	18
	cumcised person called, let him not revert to uncir-	
	cumcision: and if one uncircumcised be called, let	
	him not become circumcised. (19) For circum-	19
	cision is nothing, neither is uncircumcision; but the	
	keeping of God's commands. (20) Let every one	20
	continue in the vocation, in which he was called.	
	(21) If thou wert called, being a servant; let it not	21
	trouble thee. But if thou canst be made free,	
	choose it rather than to serve. (22) For he that	22



is called by our Lord, being a servant, is God's freedman: likewise, he that is called, being a free man, is the Messiah's servant. (23) Ye are bought with a price; become not the servants of men. (24) Let every one, my Brethren, continue with God, in whatever [state] he was called. (25) And concerning virginity, I have no precept from God; but I give counsel, as a man who hath obtained mercy from God to be a believer. (26) And I think this is suitable,<sup>g</sup> on account of the necessity of the times; it is advantageous for a man to remain as he is. (27) Art thou bound to a wife? Seek not a release. Art thou free from a wife? Seek not a wife. (28) But if thou takest a wife, thou sinnest not. And if a maiden is given to a husband, she sinneth not. But they who are such, will have trouble in the body: but I am forbearing to you. (29) And this I say, my Brethren, that the time to come is short; so that they who have wives, should be as if they had none; (30) and they who weep, as if they wept not; and they who rejoice, as if they rejoiced not; and they who buy, as if they acquired not; (31) and those occupied with this world, not going beyond the just using: for the fashion<sup>h</sup> of this world is passing away. (32) And therefore I wish you to be without solicitude. For he who hath not a wife, considereth the things of his Lord, how he may please his Lord. (33) And he who hath a wife, is anxious about the world, how he may please his wife. (34) There is a difference also between a wife and a maiden. She who is without a husband, thinketh of things pertaining to her Lord, that she may be holy in her body and in her spirit. But she who hath a husband, thinketh of things pertaining to the world, how she may please her husband. (35) And this I say for your advantage; I am not laying a snare for you; but that ye may be faithful towards your Lord, in a suitable manner, while not minding worldly things. (36) But if any one thinketh that there is reproach, on account of his maiden [daughter], because she hath passed her time, and he hath not presented her to a husband, [and] it be fitting that he present her; let him do what he desireth, he sinneth not; let her be married. (37) But he who hath firmly determined

<sup>g</sup> Sy. | ۱۰۰۰

<sup>h</sup> Sy. | ۱۰۰۰۰۰  
= Gr. σχῆμα.

<sup>i</sup> Sy. **ص**

<sup>k</sup> Sy. **ص** **ص**, or,  
more com-  
mendably.

in his own mind, and nothing compelleth him, and he can act his own pleasure, and he so judgeth in his heart, that he keep his maiden [daughter], he doeth commendably.<sup>i</sup> (38) And therefore, he who presenteth his maiden [daughter], doeth commendably; and he who presenteth not his maiden [daughter], doeth very commendably.<sup>k</sup> (39) A woman, while her husband liveth, is bound by the law; but if her husband sleepeth [in death], she is free to marry whom she pleaseth, [yet] only in the Lord. (40) But she is happier, in my opinion, if she remain so: and I think also, that I have the Spirit of God. 38 39 40

And concerning sacrifices to idols, we know, VIII. that in all of us there is knowledge; and knowledge inflateth, but love edifieth. (2) And if any one thinketh that he knoweth any thing, he knoweth nothing yet, as he ought to know [it]. (3) But if any one loveth God, that man is known of him. (4) As to the eating of the sacrifices of idols, therefore, we know that an idol is nothing in the world; and that there is no other God, but one. (5) For although there are what are called gods, whether in heaven, or on earth, (as there are gods many, and lords many,) (6) yet to us, on our part, there is one God, the Father, from whom are all things, and we in him; and one Lord, Jesus the Messiah, by whom are all things, and we also by him. (7) But there is not [this] knowledge in every man; for there are some, who, to the present time, in their conscience,<sup>a</sup> eat [it] as an offering to idols; and because their conscience is weak, it is defiled. (8) But food doth not bring us near to God; for if we eat, we do not abound; and if we eat not, we are not in want. (9) See to it, however, lest this your authority<sup>b</sup> become a stumbling-block to the weak. (10) For if one should see thee in whom there is knowledge, reclining in the temple of idols, will not his conscience, seeing he is a weak person, be encouraged to eat what is sacrificed? (11) And by thy knowledge, he who is feeble, and on account of whom the Messiah died, will perish. (12) And if ye thus sin against your brethren, and wound the consciences of the feeble, ye sin against the Messiah. (13) Wherefore, if food is a stumbling- 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13

<sup>a</sup> i. e. conscientiously.

<sup>b</sup> Sy. **ص**

block to my brother, I will for ever eat no flesh, lest I should be a stumbling-block to my brother.

- IX. Am I not a free man? Or, am I not a legate?<sup>a</sup> Sy. معلم  
 Or, have I not seen Jesus Messiah our Lord? Or,  
 2 have ye not been my work in my Lord? (2) And  
 if I have not been a legate to others, yet I have  
 been so to you; and ye are the seal of my legate-  
 3 ship. (3) And [my] apology to my judgers, is  
 4 this: (4) Have we not authority,<sup>b</sup> to eat and to  
 5 drink? (5) Or have we not authority to carry  
 about with us a sister as a wife; just as the other  
 legates, and the brothers of our Lord, and as Ce-  
 6 phas? (6) Or I only, and Barnabas, have we no  
 7 right to forbear labor? (7) Who, that serveth in  
 war, [doth so] at his own expense? Or who, that  
 planteth a vineyard, eateth not of its fruits? Or  
 who, that tendeth sheep, eateth not of the milk  
 8 of his flocks? (8) Is it as a man, I say these  
 9 things? Behold, the law also saith them. (9) For  
 it is written in the law of Moses, Thou shalt not  
 muzzle the ox that thresheth.<sup>c</sup> Hath God regard  
 10 for oxen? (10) But manifest it is, for whose sake  
 he said it. And indeed, for our sakes it was writ-  
 ten: because the plougher ought to plough in hope,  
 11 and the thresher in hope of fruit. (11) If we have  
 sowed among you the things of the Spirit, is it a  
 great matter, if we reap from you the things of  
 12 the body? (12) And if others have this prerogative<sup>d</sup>  
 over you, doth it not belong still more to us? Yet  
 we have not used this prerogative; but we have  
 endured every thing, that we might in nothing  
 impede the announcement of the Messiah.  
 13 (13) Know ye not, that they who serve in a temple,<sup>e</sup>  
 are fed from the temple? And they who serve  
 at the altar, participate with the altar?  
 14 (14) Thus also hath our Lord commanded, that  
 they who proclaim his gospel, should live by his  
 15 gospel. (15) But I have used none of these things:  
 and I write not, that it may be so done to me; for  
 it would be better for me to actually die, than that  
 16 any one should make void my glorying. (16) For  
 while I preach, I have no [ground of] glorying;  
 because necessity is laid upon me, and woe  
 17 to me, if I preach not. (17) For if I do this vol-  
 untarily, there is a reward for me: but if involun-

<sup>b</sup> Sy. معلم

<sup>c</sup> Sy. *treadeth.*

<sup>d</sup> Sy. معلم

<sup>e</sup> Sy. *a holy house.*

<sup>c</sup> Sy. ⲉⲛⲏⲓⲛⲉⲙ

tarily, a stewardship is intrusted to me. (18) What 18  
 then is my reward? [It is,] that when I preach, I  
 make the announcement of the Messiah without  
 cost, and use not the prerogative given me in the  
 gospel.<sup>f</sup> (19) Being free from them all, I have 19  
 made myself servant to every man; that I might  
 gain many: (20) and with the Jews, I was as a 20  
 Jew, that I might gain the Jews; and with those  
 under the law, I was as under the law, that I might  
 gain them who are under the law; (21) and to 21  
 those who have not the law, I was as without the  
 law, (although I am not without law to God, but  
 under the law of the Messiah,) that I might gain  
 them that are without the law. (22) I was with 22  
 the weak, as weak, that I might gain the weak: I  
 was all things to all men, that I might vivify<sup>g</sup>  
 every one. (23) And this I do, that I may partic- 23  
 ipate in the announcement.—(24) Know ye not, 24  
 that they who run in the stadium, run all of them;  
 yet it is one who gaineth the victory. Run ye, so  
 as to attain. (25) For every one who engageth in 25  
 the contest,<sup>h</sup> restraineth his desires<sup>i</sup> in every thing.  
 And they run, to obtain a crown that perisheth;  
<sup>j</sup> but we, one that perisheth not. (26) I therefore so 26  
 run, not as for something unknown; and I so  
 struggle, not as struggling against air:<sup>k</sup> (27) but 27  
 I subdue my body, and reduce it to servitude; lest,  
 when I have preached to others, I myself should  
 be a reprobate.

<sup>e</sup> Sy. ⲁⲛⲏ

<sup>h</sup> Sy. ⲛⲉⲙⲓⲛⲉⲙ =  
 Gr. ἀγωνία.  
<sup>j</sup> or, mind.

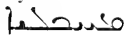
<sup>k</sup> Sy. ⲉⲛⲏⲓⲛⲉⲙ = ἀήρ.


And, my Brethren, I would have you know, that X.  
 our fathers were all of them under the cloud, and  
 they all passed through the sea; (2) and they 2  
 were all baptized<sup>a</sup> by Moses, in the cloud and in  
 the sea; (3) and they all ate the same spiritual 3  
 food; (4) and they all drank the same spiritual 4  
 drink; for they drank from the spiritual rock that  
 attended them, and that rock was the Messiah.  
 (5) But with a multitude of them, God was not 5  
 pleased; for they fell in the wilderness. (6) Now 6  
 these things were an example<sup>b</sup> for us, that we  
 should not hanker after evil things as they hanker-  
 ed. (7) Neither should we serve idols, as some 7  
 of them served; as it is written, The people sat  
 down to eat and to drink, and rose up to sport.  
 (8) Neither let us commit whoredom, as some of 8


<sup>a</sup> Sy. ⲉⲛⲏⲓⲛⲉⲙ


<sup>b</sup> Sy. ⲛⲉⲙⲓⲛⲉⲙ =  
 Gr. ἑσχημα.

them committed; and there fell in one day twenty  
 9 and three thousand. (9) Neither let us tempt the  
 Messiah, as some of them tempted; and serpents  
 10 destroyed them. (10) Neither murmur ye, as some  
 of them murmured; and they perished by the  
 11 destroyer.<sup>e</sup> (11) All these things which befell  
 them, were for an example to us; and they are  
 written for our instruction, on whom the end of the  
 12 world<sup>d</sup> hath come. (12) Wherefore, let him who  
 13 thinketh he standeth, beware lest he fall. (13) No  
 trial cometh on you, but what pertaineth to men:  
 and God is faithful, who will not permit you to be  
 tried beyond your ability, but will make an issue  
 to your trial, that ye may be able to sustain it.—  
 14 (14) Wherefore, my Beloved, flee from idolatry.  
 15 (15) I speak as to the wise; judge ye what I say.  
 16 (16) The cup of thanksgiving which we bless, is it  
 not the communion of the blood of the Messiah?  
 And the bread which we break, is it not the com-  
 17 munion of the body of the Messiah? (17) As  
 therefore that bread is one, so we are all one body;  
 for we all take to ourselves from that one bread.  
 18 (18) Behold the Israel who are in the flesh; are  
 not they who eat the victims, participators of the  
 19 altar? (19) What then do I say? That an idol is  
 any thing? Or, that an idol's sacrifice is any thing?  
 20 No. (20) But that what the Gentiles sacrifice, they  
 sacrifice to demons,<sup>e</sup> and not to God. And I would  
 21 not, that ye should be associates of demons. (21) Ye  
 cannot drink the cup of our Lord, and the cup of  
 demons; and ye cannot be partakers at the table  
 22 of our Lord, and at the table of demons. (22) Or,  
 would we sedulously provoke our Lord's jealousy?  
 Are we stronger than he?  
 23 Every thing is in my power;<sup>f</sup> but every thing  
 is not profitable. Every thing is in my power;  
 24 but every thing doth not edify. (24) Let no one  
 seek his own things, but also the things of his  
 25 fellow-man. (25) Whatever is sold in the flesh-  
 market, eat ye, without an inquiry on account of  
 26 conscience: (26) for the earth is the Lord's, in its  
 27 fullness. (27) And if one of the Gentiles invite  
 you, and ye are disposed to go, eat ye whatever is  
 set before you, without an inquiry on account of  
 28 conscience. (28) But if any one shall say to you,  
 This pertaineth to a sacrifice; eat not, for the sake

<sup>e</sup> Sy. 

<sup>d</sup> Sy. 

<sup>e</sup> Sy. 

<sup>f</sup> Sy. 

of him who told you, and for conscience's sake. (29) The conscience I speak of, is not your own, 29  
 but his who told you. But why is my liberty  
 judged of, by the conscience of others? (30) If I 30  
 by grace partake, why am I reproached for that,  
 for which I give thanks? (31) If therefore ye eat, 31  
 or if ye drink, or if ye do any thing, do all things  
 for the glory of God. (32) Be ye without offence 32  
 to the Jews, and to the Gentiles,<sup>g</sup> and to the  
 church of God: (33) even as I also, in every thing, 33  
 please every man; and do not seek what is profita-  
 ble to me, but what is profitable to many; that  
 they may live.<sup>h</sup> [XI.] Be ye imitators of me, as XI.  
 I am of the Messiah.

<sup>e</sup> Sy. *Aramaean.*

<sup>h</sup> or, *be saved.*

Moreover I commend you, my Brethren, that in 2  
 all things ye are mindful of me, and that ye hold  
 fast the precepts as I delivered them to you. (3) 3  
 And I would have you know, that the head<sup>a</sup> of  
 every man is the Messiah, and the head of the  
 woman is the man, and the head of the Messiah is  
 God. (4) Every man, who prayeth or prophesi- 4  
 eth<sup>b</sup> with his head covered, dishonoreth his head.  
 (5) And every woman, who prayeth or prophesi- 5  
 eth with her head uncovered, dishonoreth her  
 head; for she is on a level with her whose head is  
 shaven. (6) For if a woman be not covered, let 6  
 her also be shorn; but if it be shameful for a  
 woman to be shorn or shaven, let her be covered.  
 (7) The man, indeed, ought not to cover his head, 7  
 because he is the likeness and glory of God: but  
 the woman is the glory of the man. (8) For the 8  
 man was not from the woman, but the woman from  
 the man. (9) Neither was the man created for the 9  
 woman's sake, but the woman for the man's sake.  
 (10) For this cause ought the woman to have on 10  
 her head [the mark of] authority,<sup>c</sup> because of the  
 angels.<sup>d</sup> (11) Nevertheless, the man is not with- 11  
 out<sup>e</sup> the woman, nor the woman without the man,  
 in our Lord. (12) For as the woman [was] from 12  
 the man, so the man is by the woman; and every  
 thing is from God. (13) Judge for yourselves, 13  
 among yourselves; is it becoming, that a woman  
 pray to God with her head uncovered? (14) Doth 14  
 not nature<sup>f</sup> teach you, that in a man, if his hair  
 groweth long, it is a reproach to him? (15) But 15  
 for a woman, if her hair is abundant, it is a glory

<sup>a</sup> Sy. *رأس*

<sup>b</sup> Sy. *صلاة*

<sup>c</sup> Sy. *فعلية*

<sup>d</sup> Sy. *ملائكة*

<sup>e</sup> or, *exclusive of.*

<sup>f</sup> Sy. *صنعة*

to her; for her hair is given to her for a covering.  
 16 (16) But if any one is contentious about these things, we on our part have no such custom, nor hath the church of God.

17 This which I now enjoin, is not as praising you; for ye have not made progress, but have deteriorated. (18) Because, first; when ye assemble in the church, there are, I hear, divisions among you; and 19 I partly believe it. (19) For there are to be contentions among you, that the approved among

20 you may be known. (20) When therefore ye come together, ye eat and drink, not as is becoming on the day of our Lord. (21) But, one and another proceedeth to eat his own supper; and one

22 is hungry, and another is drunken. (22) What! have ye no houses in which ye can eat and drink? or, despise ye the church of God, and shame them who have nothing? What shall I say to you? Shall I praise you? In this I praise you not.

23 (23) For I have received from our Lord, that which I imparted to you; that our Lord Jesus, on the 24 night he was betrayed, took bread, (24) and blessed, and brake [it], and said: "Take, eat; this is my body, which is broken for your sakes: thus do ye, 25 in remembrance of me." (25) So, after they had supped, he gave also the cup, and said: "This cup

26 (26) For as often as ye eat this bread, and drink this cup, ye commemorate the death of our Lord, 27 until his advent. (27) He therefore, who eateth of the bread of the Lord, and drinketh of his cup, and is not worthy of it, is guilty of the blood of the 28 Lord, and of his body. (28) For this reason, a man should examine himself, and then eat of this 29 bread, and drink of this cup: (29) for, whoever eateth and drinketh of it, while he is unworthy, eateth and drinketh condemnation on himself, by 30 not discerning the body of the Lord. (30) For this cause, many among you are diseased and sickly, 31 and many sleep.<sup>i</sup> (31) For if we would judge 32 ourselves, we should not be judged. (32) But when we are judged by our Lord, we are really chastised,<sup>k</sup> that we may not be condemned with

33 the world. (33) Wherefore, my Brethren, when ye 34 assemble to eat, wait ye one for another. (34) And

§ Sy. ⲛⲧⲏⲛⲁ

h Sy. ⲛⲧⲏⲛⲁ =  
Gr. *διαθήκη*.

or, *have died*.

k Sy. *are chastised to be chastised*.

let him who is hungry, eat at home; that ye may assemble, not for condemnation. And as to other things, I will give you directions when I come.

<sup>a</sup> Sy.

ܩܘܨܡܢܐ

<sup>b</sup> Sy. ܩܘܨܡܢܐ

<sup>c</sup> or, *voice*.

<sup>d</sup> Sy. ܩܘܨܡܢܐ

<sup>e</sup> Sy.

ܩܘܨܡܢܐ

<sup>f</sup> Sy.

ܩܘܨܡܢܐ

<sup>g</sup> or, *speech*.

<sup>h</sup> Sy. ܩܘܨܡܢܐ

<sup>i</sup> Sy.

*Aramaeans.*

And concerning spirituals,<sup>a</sup> my brethren, XII. I would have you know, (2) that ye have been 2  
pagans;<sup>b</sup> and have been, without distinction, led  
away after idols, in which there is no speech.<sup>c</sup>  
(3) I therefore inform you, that there is no man, 3  
that speaketh by the Spirit of God, who saith that  
Jesus is accursed:<sup>d</sup> neither can a man say that  
Jesus is the Lord, except by the Holy Spirit.  
(4) Now there are diversities of gifts;<sup>e</sup> but the 4  
Spirit is one. (5) And there are diversities of min- 5  
istrations; but the Lord is one. (6) And there 6  
are diversities of energies;<sup>f</sup> but God, who worketh  
all in all men, is one. (7) And to each man, there 7  
is given a manifestation of the Spirit, that it may  
aid him. (8) To one, by the Spirit, there is given 8  
a word<sup>g</sup> of wisdom; and to another, by the same  
Spirit, there is given a word of knowledge: (9) to 9  
another, by the same Spirit, faith: to another, by  
the same Spirit, gifts of healing: (10) and to 10  
another, miracles;<sup>h</sup> and to another, prophecy:  
and to another, the discerning of spirits: and to  
another, [divers] kinds of tongues: and to another,  
the interpretation of tongues. (11) But all these, 11  
worketh that one Spirit; and he distributeth to  
every one as he pleaseth. (12) For as the body is 12  
one, and in it are many members; and all those  
members of the body, though many, are one body;  
so also is the Messiah. (13) For all of us, likewise, 13  
by one Spirit, have been baptized into one body,  
whether Jews or Gentiles,<sup>i</sup> whether slaves or free;  
and all of us have drunk in one Spirit. (14) For 14  
a body also, is not one member, but many. (15) For 15  
if the foot should say, Because I am not the hand,  
I am not of the body: is it, on that account, not  
of the body? (16) Or if the ear should say, Be- 16  
cause I am not the eye, I am not of the body: is  
it, on that account, not of the body? (17) And if 17  
the whole body were an eye, where would be the  
hearing? Or if it were all hearing, where would  
be the smelling? (18) But now hath God placed 18  
every one of the members in the body, according  
to his pleasure. (19) And if they were all one 19



20 member, where would be the body? (20) But now they are many members, yet but one body.  
 21 (21) The eye cannot say to the hand, Thou art not needful to me: nor can the head say to the feet, Ye  
 22 are not needful to me. (22) But rather, those members which are accounted feeble, are indispen-  
 23 sable. (23) And those which we think dishonorable in the body, on them we heap more honor; and those that are uncomely, on them we put the  
 24 more decoration. (24) For the honorable members in us, have no need of honor: for God hath tempered the body, and given more honor to the mem-  
 25 ber which is inferior; (25) that there might be no disunion<sup>k</sup> in the body, but that all the members,  
 26 equally, might care for one another; (26) so that, when one member is in pain, they will all sympathize; and if one member is exalted, all the mem-  
 27 bers will be exalted. (27) Now ye are the body of Messiah, and members in your place. (28) For God hath placed in his church, first, legates; after them, prophets; after them, teachers; after them, workers of miracles; after them, the gifts of healing, and helpers, and leaders, and [various] kinds  
 29 of tongues. (29) Are they all legates? Are they all prophets? Are they all teachers? Are they  
 30 all workers of miracles? (30) Have all of them the gifts of healing? Do they all speak with  
 31 tongues? Or do they all interpret?—(31) And if ye are emulous of the superior gifts, on the other hand, I show to you a better way.

<sup>k</sup> or, *division*.

XIII. If I could speak in every tongue of men, and in that of angels, and there should be no love<sup>a</sup> in me, I should be like brass that resoundeth, or the  
 2 cymbal that maketh a noise. (2) And if there should be in me [the gift of] prophecy, and I should understand all the mysteries, and every science; and if there should be in me all faith, so that I could move mountains, and love should not be in  
 3 me, I should be nothing. (3) And if I should feed out to the destitute all I possess; and if I should give my body to be burned; and there should be no  
 4 love in me, I gain nothing.—(4) Love is long-suffering, and is kind; love is not envious; love is not  
 5 boisterous; and is not inflated; (5) and doth nothing that causeth shame; and seeketh not her own;

<sup>a</sup> Sy. *love*

is not passionate; and thinketh no evil; (6) rejoiceth not in iniquity, but rejoiceth in the truth; (7) beareth all things, believeth all things, hopeth all, and endureth all. (8) Love will never cease. But prophesyings will end; and tongues will be silent; and knowledge will vanish. (9) For we know but partially;<sup>b</sup> and we prophesy but partially. (10) But when completeness shall come, then that which is partial will vanish away. (11) When I was a child, I talked as a child, and I reasoned as a child, and I thought as a child: but when I became a man, I laid aside the things of childhood. (12) And now we see, as by a mirror, in similitude; but then face to face: now I know partially;<sup>c</sup> but then shall I know, just as I am known. (13) For these three things are abiding, faith, and hope, and love; but the greatest of these is love.

<sup>b</sup> Sy. a little of much.

<sup>c</sup> Sy. a little of much.

Follow after love; and be emulous of the gifts XIV.

of the Spirit, and especially, that ye may prophesy. (2) For he that speaketh in a tongue, speaketh not unto men, but unto God; for no one understandeth what is said; yet in the spirit, he speaketh a mystery. (3) But he that prophesieth, speaketh unto men, for edification, and exhortation, and consolation. (4) He that speaketh in a tongue, edifieth himself: and he that prophesieth, edifieth the church. (5) Now I would that ye all spoke with tongues, but rather that ye prophesied; for greater is he that prophesieth, than he that speaketh in a tongue, unless he interpret; and if he interpret, he edifieth the church. (6) And now, my brethren, if I should come among you, and speak to you in tongues, what should I profit you; unless I should speak to you either by revelation, or by knowledge, or by prophecy, or by doctrine? (7) For even inanimate things that emit sound, whether pipe or harp, if they make no distinction between one sound and another, how will it be known, what is sung or what is harped? (8) And if the trumpet shall give an uncertain sound, who will prepare himself for the battle? (9) So likewise if ye utter a discourse in a tongue, and there is no interpretation given, how will it be known what ye have said? Ye will have been as if ye spoke into the air. (10) For lo, there are many kinds of tongues in the world; and

there is not one of them without meaning.<sup>a</sup>  
 11 (11) But if I do not know the import<sup>b</sup> of the sound,  
 I shall be a barbarian<sup>c</sup> to him that speaketh, and  
 12 the speaker will be a barbarian to me. (12) So  
 also ye, since ye are emulous of the gifts of the  
 Spirit for the edification of the church, seek ye to  
 13 excel. (13) And let him that speaketh in a tongue,  
 14 pray that he may interpret. (14) For if I should  
 pray in a tongue, my spirit prayeth, but my under-  
 15 standing is without fruits. (15) What then shall I  
 do? I will pray with my spirit, and will pray  
 with my understanding; and I will sing with my  
 spirit, and will sing with my understanding.  
 16 (16) Otherwise, if thou blessest in the spirit, how  
 shall he that filleth the place of one unlearned,<sup>d</sup> say  
 Amen, on thy giving thanks; for he knoweth not  
 17 what thou sayest? (17) Thou blessest, indeed,  
 18 very well; but thy neighbor is not edified. (18) I  
 thank God, that I speak with tongues more than all  
 19 of you. (19) But in the church, I would rather  
 speak five words with my understanding, that I  
 might instruct others, than a myriad of words in a  
 20 tongue.—(20) My brethren, be ye not children in  
 your thoughts; but to evil things be ye infants;  
 21 and in your thoughts be men.<sup>e</sup> (21) In the law it  
 is written, With a foreign speech, and in another  
 tongue, will I speak with this people; and even so  
 also they will not hearken to me, saith the Lord.  
 22 (22) Wherefore, tongues are established for a sign,  
 not to the believers, but to them that believe not.  
 But prophesyings are not for those who believe not,  
 23 but for them that believe. (23) If therefore the  
 whole church<sup>f</sup> assemble, and they all speak with  
 tongues, and there come in unlearned persons, or  
 such as believe not, will they not say: These peo-  
 24 ple are crazy? (24) But if ye should be all pro-  
 phesying, and one unlearned or an unbeliever  
 should come among you, he is explored by you all,  
 25 and rebuked by you all; (25) and the secrets of his  
 heart are laid open [to him]: and so he will fall  
 upon his face, and will worship God, and say:  
 26 Verily, God is in you.—(26) I therefore say [to  
 you] my brethren, that when ye assemble, whoever  
 of you hath a psalm, let him speak; and whoever  
 hath a doctrine, and whoever hath a revelation, and  
 whoever hath a tongue, and whoever hath an

<sup>a</sup> Sy. a voice.

<sup>b</sup> Sy. ܒܝܪܒܐܢܐ

<sup>c</sup> Sy. ܒܝܪܒܐܢܐ

<sup>d</sup> Sy.

ܐܘܢܐܘܪܐܢܐ

Gr. ἰδιώτα.

<sup>e</sup> Sy. full, complete.

<sup>f</sup> Sy. ܩܘܪܝܐܘܬܐ

interpretation. Let them all be for edification. (27) And if any speak in a tongue, let two speak, 27  
 or at most, three; and let them speak one by one;  
 and let [some] one interpret. (28) And if there is 28  
 none to interpret, let him that speaketh in a tongue,  
 be silent in the church; and let him speak to him- 29  
 self and to God. (29) And as to prophets, let two 29  
 or three speak, and let the rest judge. (30) And 30  
 if to another sitting by, there should be a revela-  
 tion, let the first stop speaking. (31) For ye can 31  
 all prophesy, one by one; so that every one may  
 learn, and every one be comforted. (32) For the 32  
 spirit of the prophets is subject to the prophets.  
 (33) Because, God is not [the author] of tumult, but 33  
 of peace, as in all churches of the saints.—(34) Let 34  
 your women be silent in the church: for it is not  
 permitted them to speak, but to be in subjection, as  
 also the law saith. (35) And if they wish to be 35  
 informed on any subject, let them ask their hus-  
 bands at home: for it is unbecomings for women to  
 speak in the church. (36) What! was it from you 36  
 that the word of God came forth? Or did it reach  
 only to you? (37) And if any one among you 37  
 thinketh that he is a prophet, or that he is spiritual,  
 let him recognize the things which I write to you,  
 as being the precepts of our Lord. (38) But if any 38  
 one be ignorant, let him be ignorant.—(39) Where- 39  
 fore, my brethren, be emulous of prophesying: and  
 to speak with tongues, prohibit not. (40) But let 40  
 every thing be done with decency and regularity.

ε or, *immodest.*

<sup>a</sup> Sy.

انبياءكم

<sup>b</sup> or, *are saved.*

And I make known to you, my brethren, the XV  
 gospel<sup>a</sup> which I preached to you, and which ye  
 received, and in which ye stand, (2) and by which 2  
 ye have life.<sup>b</sup> In what terms I preached to you,  
 ye remember; unless ye have believed in vain. 3  
 (3) For I delivered to you from the first, as I had  
 received it: that the Messiah died on account of 4  
 our sins, as it is written: (4) and that he was  
 buried and arose on the third day, as it is written: 5  
 (5) and that he was seen by Cephas; and after 6  
 him, by the twelve: (6) and after that, he was  
 seen by more than five hundred brethren at once;  
 many of whom survive at the present time, and 7  
 some of them sleep. (7) And subsequently to this,  
 he was seen by James; and after him, by all the

8 legates. (8) And last of them all, he was seen by  
 9 me, as it were by an abortion. (9) I am the least  
 of the legates; and am not worthy to be called a  
 legate; because I persecuted the church of God.  
 10 (10) But by the grace of God, I am what I am:  
 and his grace, that was in me, was not in vain; but  
 I labored more than they all:—not I, but his grace  
 11 that was with me. (11) Whether I, therefore, or  
 whether they, so we preached; and so ye believed.  
 12 —(12) And if the Messiah is proclaimed, as rising  
 from the dead; how is it that there are some among  
 you, who say, There is no reviviscence of the  
 13 dead?<sup>c</sup> (13) And if there is no reviviscence of the  
 14 dead, the Messiah also hath not risen. (14) And  
 if the Messiah hath not risen, our preaching is vain,  
 15 and your faith also vain. (15) And we too are  
 found false witnesses of God; for we have testified  
 concerning God, that he raised up the Messiah,  
 16 when he did not raise him up. (16) For, if the  
 dead will not arise, the Messiah also hath not risen.  
 17 (17) And if the Messiah rose not, your faith is  
 18 inane;<sup>d</sup> and ye are yet in your sins: (18) and also,  
 doubtless, they who have fallen asleep in the Mes-  
 19 siah, have perished. (19) And if, in this life only,  
 we have hope in the Messiah, we are the most  
 20 miserable of all men.—(20) But now the Messiah  
 hath risen from the dead, and become the first-fruits  
 21 of them that slept. (21) And as by a man came  
 death, so also by a man came the reviviscence of  
 22 the dead. (22) For as it was by Adam, that all men  
 23 die, so also by the Messiah they all live: (23) every  
 one in his order; the Messiah was the first-fruits;  
 afterwards, they that are the Messiah's, at his  
 24 coming. (24) And then will be the end, when he  
 shall have delivered up the kingdom to God the  
 Father; when every prince, and every sovereign,  
 25 and all powers shall have come to naught. (25) For  
 he is to reign, until he shall put all his enemies  
 26 under his feet. (26) And the last enemy, death,  
 27 will be abolished. (27) For he hath subjected all  
 under his feet. But when he said, that every thing  
 is subjected to him, it is manifest that he is ex-  
 28 cepted, who subjected all to him. (28) And when  
 all shall be subjected to him, then the Son himself  
 will be subject to him who subjected all to him, so  
 29 that God will be all in all.—(29) Otherwise, what

<sup>c</sup> Sy.

سواء قتلوا

<sup>d</sup> Sy. صلب

<sup>e</sup> Sy. **سلا**

shall they do who are baptized for<sup>e</sup> the dead, if the dead rise not? Why are they baptized for the dead? (30) And why also do we stand every 30 hour in peril? (31) I protest, my brethren, by 31 your exultation, which is mine in our Lord Jesus the Messiah, that I die daily. (32) If, as amongst 32 men, I was cast to wild beasts at Ephesus, what did it profit me, if the dead rise not? "Let us eat and drink; for to-morrow we die." (33) Be not 33 deceived; "Evil stories corrupt well-disposed minds." (34) Let your hearts be righteously exci- 34 ted, and sin not: for there are some, in whom is not the love of God: it is to your shame, I say it.

But some one of you may say: How will the 35 dead arise? and with what body will they come forth? (36) Foolish man! The seed which thou 36 sowest, is not quickened, unless it die. (37) And 37 that which thou sowest, thou sowest not the body that is to be, but the naked kernel of wheat or barley, or of the other grains: (38) and God giveth it 38

<sup>f</sup> Sy. *the body of its nature.*

a body, as he pleaseth; and to each of the grains its natural body.<sup>f</sup> (39) And every body is not 39 alike; for the body of a man is one thing, and that of a beast is another, and that of a bird is another, and that of a fish is another. (40) And there are 40 bodies celestial, and bodies terrestrial; but the glory of the celestial [bodies] is one, and that of the terrestrial is another. (41) And the glory of 41 the sun is one thing, and the glory of the moon is another, and the glory of the stars is another; and one star exceedeth another star in glory. (42) So 42

also in the reviviscence of the dead. They are sown in corruption, they arise without corruption: (43) they are sown in dishonor, they arise in glory: 43 they are sown in weakness, they arise in power:

<sup>g</sup> Sy. **سلا**

(44) it is sown an animal body, it ariseth a spiritual 44 body. For there is a body of the animal life,<sup>g</sup> and there is a body of the spirit. (45) So also is it 45 written: "Adam, the first man, became a living

<sup>h</sup> Sy. **سلا**

soul;"<sup>h</sup> the second Adam [became] a quickening spirit. (46) And the spiritual was not first; but 46 the animal, and then the spiritual. (47) The first 47 man was of dust from the earth; the second man was the Lord from heaven. (48) As he was of the 48 dust, so also those who are of the dust; and as was he who was from heaven, so also are the heavenly.

49 (49) And as we have worn the likeness of him from the dust, so shall we wear the likeness of him from heaven.—(50) But this I say, my brethren, that flesh and blood cannot inherit the kingdom of heaven: neither doth corruption inherit incorruption. (51) Lo, I tell you a mystery; we shall not all sleep, but we shall all be changed, (52) suddenly, as in the twinkling of an eye, at the last trumpet, when it shall sound; and the dead will arise, without corruption; and we shall be changed. (53) For this which is corruptible, is to put on incorruption; and that which dieth, will put on immortality. (54) And when this that is corruptible, shall put on incorruption, and this that dieth, immortality; then will take place the word that is written, “Death is absorbed in victory.” (55) Where is thy sting, O death? And where is thy victory, O grave?<sup>i</sup> (56) Now the sting of death is sin; and the strength<sup>k</sup> of sin is the law. (57) But thanks be to God, that giveth us the victory, through our Lord Jesus the Messiah. (58) Wherefore, my brethren and my beloved, be ye steadfast, and be not vacillating; but be ye at all times abundant in the work of the Lord; seeing ye know, that your labor is not in vain in the Lord.

<sup>i</sup> Sy. ﻣﻮﺗ  
<sup>k</sup> Sy. ﻗﻮﺗ

XVI And as to the collection for the saints, as I directed the churches of the Galatians, so do ye.  
 2 (2) On each first day of the week, let every one of you lay aside and preserve at home, what he is able;<sup>a</sup> that there may be no collections when I come. (3) And when I come, those whom ye shall select, I will send with a letter, to carry your bounty to Jerusalem. (4) And if it should be suitable that I also go, they shall go with me. (5) And I will come to you, when I pass from Macedonia; for I am about to pass through Macedonia. (6) And perhaps I shall remain with you, or winter with you; that ye may accompany me whither I go. (7) For I am not disposed to see you now, as I pass along; because I hope to spend some time with you, if my Lord permit me. (8) For I shall continue at Ephesus until Pentecost: (9) because a great door is opened to me, which is full of occupations;<sup>b</sup> and the opposers are numerous.  
 10 And if Timothy come to you, see that he may

<sup>a</sup> Sy. *what cometh to his hand.*

<sup>b</sup> Sy. ﻣﻮﺗ

be without fear among you ; for he doeth the work  
of the Lord, as I do. (11) Therefore, let no one 11  
despise him ; but conduct him on in peace, that he  
may come to me ; for I wait for him with the  
brethren.—(12) As for Apollos, my brethren, I en- 12  
treated him much to go with the brethren to you ;  
but his inclination was not to go to you now ; but  
when he shall have opportunity, he will go to you.  
—(13) Watch ye, stand firm in the faith, act like 13  
men, be valiant. (14) Let all your affairs be con- 14  
ducted with love.

I beseech you, my brethren, concerning the 15  
household of Stephanas ; (for ye know, that they  
were the first-fruits of Achaia, and that they have  
devoted themselves to ministering to the saints ;)  
(16) that ye also give ear to them who are such ; 16  
and to every one, that laboreth with us and aideth.  
—(17) And I rejoyce at the arrival of Stephanas 17  
and Fortunatus and Achaieus : for they have sup-  
plied that wherein ye were deficient towards me.  
(18) And<sup>e</sup> they have refreshed my spirit, and 18  
yours : therefore acknowledge ye them who are  
such.—(19) All the churches that are in Asia, 19  
salute you. Aquila and Priscilla, with the church  
in their house, salute you much in the Lord.  
(20) All the brethren salute you. Salute ye one 20  
another with a holy kiss.

<sup>c</sup> or, for.

The salutation in the handwriting of myself, 21  
Paul. (22) Whoever loveth not our Lord Jesus 22  
the Messiah, let him be accursed :<sup>d</sup> our Lord com-  
eth.<sup>e</sup> (23) The grace of our Lord Jesus the Mes- 23  
siah be with you. (24) And my love be with 24  
you all, in the Messiah, Jesus. Amen.

<sup>d</sup> Sy.  $\delta\omega\mu\epsilon\iota$

<sup>e</sup> Sy.  $\kappa\alpha\iota$

*End of the first epistle to the Corinthians ; which was written  
at Philippi of Macedonia, and was sent by the hand of Timothy.*



## The Second Epistle of Paul to the Corinthians.

- I. PAUL a legate of Jesus the Messiah, by the good pleasure of God; and Timothy a brother; to the church of God that is at Corinth, and to all the
- 2 saints that are in all Achaia. (2) Grace be with you, and peace, from God our Father, and from our Lord Jesus the Messiah.
- 3 Blessed be God, the Father of our Lord Jesus the Messiah, the Father of mercies, and the God of
- 4 all consolation; (4) who comforteth us in all our afflictions, that we also might be able to comfort those who are in all afflictions, with the consolation
- 5 wherewith we are comforted by God. (5) For, as the sufferings of the Messiah abound in us, so also
- 6 our consolation aboundeth by the Messiah. (6) And whether we be afflicted, it is for your consolation and for your life<sup>a</sup> that we are afflicted; or whether
- 7 we be comforted, it is, that ye may be comforted; and that there may be in you an eagerness,<sup>b</sup> wherewith ye may endure those sufferings which
- 8 we also suffer. (7) And our hope concerning you is steadfast: for we know, that if ye partake of the sufferings, ye will also partake of the consolation.
- 9 —(8) But, my brethren, we wish you to know, respecting the affliction that was upon us in Asia, that we were afflicted exceedingly, beyond our strength, insomuch that our life was ready to terminate. (9) And we passed a sentence of death upon ourselves, that our confidence might not be in ourselves, but in God, who raiseth up the dead;
- 10 (10) who rescued us from imminent death: and we hope that he will again rescue us, (11) by the aid of your prayers in our behalf; so that his gift to us may be a favor done for the sake of many, and many may praise him on our account.
- 11
- 12 For our rejoicing is this, the testimony of our

<sup>a</sup> or, *salvation*.

<sup>b</sup> Sy.

٢٤٢: ٢٤٢

<p>° Sy. <b>نكح</b></p> <p>ª Sy. <i>body.</i></p> <p>• Sy. <b>فصد</b></p> <p>† Sy. <i>is faithful.</i></p> <p>§ Sy. <b>פסדני =</b> Gr. ἀρραβων.</p>	<p>conscience,<sup>c</sup> that in simplicity and purity, and by the grace of God, and not in the wisdom of the flesh,<sup>d</sup> we have conducted ourselves in the world, and especially towards you. (13) We write no other things unto you, than those which ye know and acknowledge. And I trust, ye will acknowledge them to the end: (14) as ye have also partially acknowledged that we are your rejoicing, as ye also are ours, in the day of our Lord Jesus the Messiah. (15) And in this confidence, I was before disposed to come to you, that ye might receive the grace doubly; (16) and to pass by you into Macedonia, and again to come to you from Macedonia, and [so] ye would accompany me to Judæa. (17) When therefore I thus purposed, did I purpose as one inconsiderate? Or, were the things I purposed, things of the flesh;<sup>e</sup> so that there should be in them Yes, yes, and No, no? (18) God is the witness,<sup>f</sup> that our word to you was not Yes and No. (19) For the Son of God, Jesus the Messiah, who was preached to you by us, [namely,] by me, by Sylvanus, and by Timotheus,—was not Yes and No; but it was Yes in him. (20) For all the promises of God in him, the Messiah, are Yes; for which cause, we through him give [our] Amen, to the glory of God. (21) Now it is God who establisheth us, with you, in the Messiah, and hath anointed us, (22) and hath sealed us, and hath given the earnest<sup>g</sup> of his Spirit in our hearts.</p> <p>Moreover, I call God for a witness on my soul, that it was in order to spare you, that I came not to Corinth. (24) Not that we are lords over your faith, but we are helpers of your joy; for it is by faith ye stand. (II.) And I determined this with myself, that I would not again come to you in sadness. (2) For if I should make you sad, who would make me joyful, unless he whom I had made sad? (3) And I wrote that very thing to you, lest when I came, those persons whom I ought to make joyful, should make me sad. For I have confidence concerning you, that my joy is the joy of you all. (4) And in much affliction, and in anguish of heart, I wrote those things to you, with many tears; not that ye might have sorrow, but that ye might know the exceeding love I have for you.—(5) And if one hath caused grief, he hath</p>	<p>13</p> <p>14</p> <p>15</p> <p>16</p> <p>17</p> <p>18</p> <p>19</p> <p>20</p> <p>21</p> <p>22</p> <p>23</p> <p>24</p> <p>II.</p> <p>2</p> <p>3</p> <p>4</p> <p>5</p>
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not grieved me [only], but,—that the declaration may not bear too hard on you—in a measure, all of you. (6) And sufficient for him, is this rebuke proceeding from many: (7) so that, on the other hand, ye ought to forgive him and console him; lest he who is such a man, should be swallowed up with excessive grief. (8) I therefore beseech you, (9) that ye confirm to him your love. (9) For it was for this also that I wrote [to you], that I might learn by a trial, whether ye would be obedient in every thing. (10) And whom ye forgive, I also [forgive]: for that which I forgave to any one, for your sakes I forgave it, in the presence<sup>a</sup> of the Messiah; (11) lest Satan should overreach us; for we know his devices.

12 Moreover, when I came to Troas in announcing the Messiah, and a door was opened to me by the Lord, (13) there was no quietude in my spirit, because I found not Titus my brother: and I took leave of them, and went into Macedonia.—(14) But thanks be to God, who always procureth us a triumph in the Messiah, and manifesteth by us the odor of the knowledge of him in every place. (15) For, through the Messiah, we are unto God a sweet odor, in them that live<sup>b</sup> and in them that perish: (16) to these, an odor of death unto death; and to those, an odor of life unto life. And who is adequate to these things! (17) For we are not like others,<sup>c</sup> who dilute the words of God; but as of the truth, and as of God, we speak in the Mes-

III. siah before God.—(III.) Do we begin again to show you who we are? Or do we, like others, need that letters recommendatory of us should be written to you? Or, that ye should write recommendations of us? (2) Ye are our epistle, written on our hearts, and known and read by every man.

3 (3) For ye know that ye are an epistle of the Messiah, ministered by us; not written with ink, but by the Spirit of the living God; not on tables of stone, but on the tablets of the heart of flesh.—

4 (4) And such confidence have we in the Messiah towards God. (5) Not that we are sufficient to think any thing, as of ourselves; but our efficiency<sup>a</sup> is from God: (6) who hath fitted us to be ministers of the new Testament,<sup>b</sup> not in the letter, but in the Spirit; for the letter killeth, but the Spirit giveth

<sup>a</sup> Sy.   
 ܡܘܨܝܐ =   
 Gr. προσωπον.

<sup>b</sup> or, are saved.

<sup>c</sup> Sy. the rest.

<sup>a</sup> Sy. ܡܘܨܝܐ

<sup>b</sup> Sy. ܡܘܨܝܐ

<sup>c</sup> or, saveth.

life.<sup>c</sup> (7) Now if the ministration of death was engraved upon stones in writing, and was so glorious that the children of Israel could not look on the face of Moses, on account of the glory upon his face which vanished away; (8) how then shall not the ministration of the Spirit be still more glorious? (9) For if there was glory in the ministration of condemnation, how much more shall the ministration of justification<sup>d</sup> excel in glory? (10) For that which was glorious, was as if not glorious, in comparison with this which excelleth in glory. (11) For if that which is abolished was glorious, much more must that which abideth be glorious.—(12) Seeing therefore we have this hope, we the more speak with boldness; (13) and are not like Moses, who threw a veil over his face, that the children of Israel might not behold the termination of that which was abolished. (14) But they were blinded in their un-  
 standing; for until this day, when the old Testament<sup>e</sup> is read, the same veil resteth upon them; nor is it manifest [to them], that it is abolished by the Messiah. (15) And unto this day, when Moses is read, a veil is thrown upon their hearts. (16) But when any of them is turned unto the Lord, the veil is taken from him. (17) Now the Lord himself is the Spirit. And where the Spirit of the Lord is, there is freedom. (18) And we all, with uncovered faces, behold as in a mirror the glory of the Lord; and are transformed into the same likeness, from glory to glory, as by the Lord the Spirit.

<sup>d</sup> Sy. ܐܘܨܘܪܐ<sup>e</sup> Sy. ܐܘܨܘܪܐ

Therefore, we are not weary in this ministry IV. which we have received, according to the mercies that have been upon us: (2) But we have renounced the concealments of dishonor, and we walk not in craftiness, nor do we treat the word of God deceitfully; but by the manifestation of the truth, we exhibit ourselves to all the consciences of men before God.—(3) And if our gospel<sup>a</sup> is veiled, it is veiled to them that perish; (4) to them whose minds the God of this world hath blinded, in order that they might not believe, lest the light of the gospel of the glory of the Messiah (who is the likeness of God) should dawn upon them. (5) For it is not ourselves that we preach, but the Messiah, Jesus our Lord;

<sup>a</sup> Sy.

ܐܘܨܘܪܐ

and, as to ourselves, that we are your servants for  
6 Jesus' sake. (6) Because God, who commanded the  
light to arise from darkness, hath himself shined in  
our hearts, that we might be illuminated with the  
knowledge of the glory of God on the face of Jesus  
7 the Messiah.—(7) But we have this treasure in an  
earthen vessel, that the excellency of the power<sup>b</sup> Sy. **سعة**  
8 might be from God, and not from us. (8) And in  
every thing we are oppressed, but not suffocated ;  
9 we are corrected, but not condemned ; (9) we are  
persecuted, but not forsaken ; we are prostrated, but  
10 perish not. (10) For we bear in our body, at all  
times, the dying of Jesus ; that the life also of Jesus  
11 might be manifested in our body. (11) For if we  
are delivered over alive unto death, for Jesus' sake,  
even so also will the life of Jesus be manifested in  
12 this our mortal body.—(12) Now therefore, in us  
13 death is active, but in you, life. (13) Having there-  
fore the same spirit of faith,—(as it is written, I  
believed, therefore also have I spoken,) we also  
14 believe, and therefore speak ; (14) knowing that he,  
who resuscitated our Lord Jesus, will also resuscitate  
us by Jesus, and will receive us, with you, to  
15 himself. (15) For all things are for your sakes, that  
while grace aboundeth by means of many, thank-  
giving may abound to the glory of God.  
16 For this cause we faint not ; for though our out-  
ward man perish, yet the inner [man] is renovated  
17 day by day. (17) For the affliction of the present  
time, though very small and light, prepareth for us  
great glory, without end, for ever and ever ;  
18 (18) while we look not at these seen things, but at  
those not seen ; for these seen things are tempo-  
V. rary, but those not seen are eternal. (V.) For we  
know that, if our house on earth—this of the body,  
were dissolved, yet we have a building of God, a  
house not made with hands, eternal in heaven.  
2 (2) And on this account also, we groan, and wish  
3 to be clothed with our house from heaven : (3) if  
indeed, when clothed, we shall not be found naked.  
4 (4) For while we are here in this house, we groan  
under its burden ; yet ye desire, not to throw it  
off, but to be clothed over it, so that its mortality  
5 may be absorbed in life. (5) And he that pre-  
pareth us for this thing, is God ; who hath given  
6 us the earnest<sup>a</sup> of his Spirit. (6) Therefore, because<sup>a</sup> or, *pledge*.

we know and are persuaded, that while we lodge in  
 the body we sojourn away from our Lord ; (7) (for 7  
 we walk by faith, and not by sight ; ) (8) therefore 8  
 we are confident, and desirous to be away from the  
 body, and to be with our Lord. (9) We are assid- 9  
 uous, that whether we are absent, or whether at  
 home, we may please him. (10) For we are all to 10  
 stand before the judgment-seat<sup>b</sup> of the Messiah, that  
 each may receive retribution in the body, [for] what  
 he hath done in it, whether of good, or whether of  
 evil.

Sy.  $\text{ܣܘܒܘܩܐ} =$   
 Gr.  $\beta\acute{\eta}\mu\alpha$ .

Therefore because we know the fear of our Lord, 11  
 we persuade men ; and we are made manifest unto  
 God ; and I hope also, we are made manifest to your  
 minds. (12) We do not again laud ourselves to 12  
 you ; but we give you occasion to glory in us, to  
 them who glory in appearance and not in heart.  
 (13) For if we are extravagant, it is for God ; 13  
 if we are discreet, it is for you. (14) For the love 14  
 of the Messiah constraineth us to reason thus :  
 One died for all ; therefore are all dead. (15) And 15  
 he died for all, that they who live should not live  
 to themselves, but to him who died for them and  
 rose again. (16) And therefore, we know no person 16  
 after the flesh : and if we have known the Messiah  
 after the flesh, yet henceforth we know [him] no 17  
 more. (17) Whoever therefore is in the Messiah,  
 is a new creature :<sup>c</sup> old things have passed away ; 18  
 (18) and all things are made new, by God ; who  
 hath reconciled us to himself by the Messiah, and  
 hath given to us the ministry of reconciliation.  
 (19) For God was in the Messiah, who hath recon- 19  
 ciled the world with his majesty, and did not reckon  
 to them their sins ; and who hath placed in us the  
 word of reconciliation.<sup>d</sup>—(20) We are therefore 20  
 ambassadors for the Messiah, and it is as if God was  
 beseeching you by us. In behalf of the Messiah,  
 therefore, we beseech [you], be ye reconciled to  
 God. (21) For, on your account, he hath made him 21  
 who knew no sin to be sin,<sup>e</sup> that we might by him  
 become the righteousness<sup>f</sup> of God.—(VI.) And VI.  
 as aiders we entreat of you, that the grace of God  
 which ye have received, may not be ineffectual in  
 you. (2) For he hath said, In an acceptable time 2  
 have I heard thee, and in the day of life<sup>a</sup> I have  
 aided thee. Behold, now is the acceptable time I

<sup>c</sup> Sy.  $\text{ܐܢܬܘܢ ܕܥܠܡܝܢ ܕܥܠܡܝܢ ܕܥܠܡܝܢ}$

<sup>d</sup> Sy.  $\text{ܕܘܠܡܘܬܐ ܕܘܠܡܘܬܐ}$

<sup>e</sup> Sy.  $\text{ܕܥܠܡܝܢ ܕܥܠܡܝܢ ܕܥܠܡܝܢ}$

<sup>f</sup> Sy.  $\text{ܕܥܠܡܝܢ ܕܥܠܡܝܢ ܕܥܠܡܝܢ}$

<sup>a</sup> or, *salvation*.

3 and behold, now is the day of life! (3) Give ye no occasion of offence to any one in any thing, that  
 4 there may be no reproach on our ministry. (4) But we, in all things, would show ourselves to be the ministers of God, in much endurance, in afflictions,  
 5 in necessity, in distresses, (5) in scourgings, in imprisonments, in tumults, in toil, in watching, in fasting;  
 6 (6) by purity, by knowledge, by long suffering, by benignity, by the Holy Spirit, by love unfeigned,  
 7 (7) by the speaking of truth, by the energy of God, by the armor of righteousness on the right hand  
 8 on the left; (8) amid honor and dishonor, amid praise and contumely; as deceivers, and yet true;  
 9 (9) as not known, and yet we are well known; as dying, and behold, we live; as chastised, yet not  
 10 killed; (10) as sorrowful, yet always rejoicing; as indigent, yet enriching many; as possessing nothing,  
 11 yet having all things.—(11) O ye Corinthians, our mouth is opened towards you, and our heart  
 12 expanded. (12) Ye are not straitened in us, but  
 13 ye are straitened in your own bowels.<sup>b</sup> (13) I speak as to [my] children, Pay me the debt which ye owe,<sup>c</sup>  
 14 and expand your love towards me.—(14) And be ye not yoke-fellows with them that believe not: for what fellowship hath righteousness with iniquity? or what communion hath light with  
 15 darkness? (15) or what concord hath the Messiah with Satan? or what part hath a believer with an  
 16 unbeliever? (16) or what agreement hath the temple of God with that of devils? For ye are the temple of the living God; as it is said, I will dwell among them, and walk among them, and will be  
 17 their God, and they shall be my people. (17) Wherefore, come ye out from among them, and be ye separate from them, saith the Lord; and come not near the unclean thing, and I will receive you;  
 18 (18) and will be to you a Father, and ye shall be sons and daughters to me, saith the Lord Almighty.  
 VII.—(VII.) Seeing, therefore, we have these promises, my beloved, let us cleanse ourselves from all defilement of the flesh and of the spirit; and let us work righteousness, in the fear of God.  
 2 Bear with us, my brethren; we have done evil to no one; we have corrupted no one; we have  
 3 wronged no one. (3) I speak [thus], not to condemn you; for I have said before, that ye are treas-

<sup>b</sup> or, *affections.*

<sup>c</sup> or, *the interest-money which is with you.*

<p><sup>a</sup> Sy.      ἰσοσπουδ=      Gr. παρρησια.</p>	<p>ured in our hearts, to die and to live together.          (4) I have great assurance<sup>a</sup> before you, and have          much glorying in you: and I am full of comfort.          And joy greatly aboundeth to me, in all my afflic-          tions. (5) For, after we came to Macedonia, there          was no rest for our body, but we were distressed in          every thing; without was conflict, and within was          fear. (6) But God who comforteth the depressed,          comforted us by the arrival of Titus. (7) And not          merely by his arrival, but also by the refreshing          with which he was refreshed by you. For he told          us of your love towards us, and of your grief, and          of your zeal in our behalf: and when I heard it, my          joy was great. (8) And although I made you sad          by the epistle, I do not regret it, though I did re-          gret it; for I see that that epistle, though for a time          it made you sad, (9) yet it procured me joy,—not          because ye had sorrow, but because your sorrow          brought you to repentance; for ye sorrowed in          godly sorrow; so that ye received no detriment          from us. (10) For, sorrowing on account of God,          worketh a conversion<sup>b</sup> of the soul which is not re-          versed, and a turning unto life:<sup>c</sup> but the sorrowing          of the world worketh death. (11) For behold this          same thing, that ye were distressed on account of          God, what solicitude it wrought in you, and apolo-          gizing, and indignation, and fear, and love, and zeal,          and revenge? And in all things ye have shown,          that ye are [now] pure in that matter. (12) And it          will be [seen] that I wrote to you, not for the sake          of him who did the wrong, nor for the sake of him          who received the wrong, [only,] but that your solici-          tude in respect to us might be known before God.          (13) Wherefore we were comforted; and with our          consolation, we were the more joyful for the joy of          Titus, because his spirit was refreshed by you all:          (14) so that I was not ashamed of that in which I          had gloried to him, respecting you; but as in every          thing we spoke the truth to you, so also our glory-          ing before Titus, is found to be in truth: (15) and          also his bowels<sup>d</sup> are the more enlarged towards you,          while he remembereth the submission of you all,          and how ye received him with fear and trembling.          (16) I rejoice, that in every thing I have full confi-          dence in you.</p>	<p>4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16</p>
<p><sup>b</sup> Sy. <u>λολ</u></p>		
<p><sup>c</sup> or, <i>salvation</i>.</p>		
<p><sup>d</sup> or, <i>affections</i>.</p>		



VIII. And, my brethren, we make known to you the grace of God which was conferred on the churches  
 2 of the Macedonians; (2) that in the great trial of their affliction, there was an abounding to their joy, and the depth of their poverty was exuberant in  
 3 the riches of their liberality.<sup>a</sup> (3) For I testify that, according to their ability,<sup>b</sup> and beyond their  
 4 ability, in the spontaneity of their mind, (4) they besought us, with much entreaty, that they might participate in the beneficence of the ministration to  
 5 the saints. (5) And not [only] as we had expected, but they first gave themselves unto the Lord, and  
 6 to us by the will of God. (6) So that we requested Titus, that as he had begun, so he would perfect in  
 7 you also the same beneficence.—(7) And as ye are enriched in every thing, in faith, and speech, and knowledge, and in all diligence, and in our love towards you, so abound ye in this beneficence also.  
 8 (8) I do not actually command<sup>c</sup> you, but by the promptitude of your fellow [disciples], I would test  
 9 the sincerity of your love. (9) For ye know the goodness<sup>d</sup> of our Lord Jesus the Messiah, who  
 10 when he was rich, for your sakes became poor, that by his poverty ye might be made rich. (10) And I urgently recommend<sup>e</sup> to you, that which is for your advantage; inasmuch as ye began, a year ago,  
 11 not only to purpose, but also to perform. (11) And now complete ye by action, what ye purposed; that as ye had a promptitude in your purposing, so ye may fulfill [it] in action, according to your ability.<sup>f</sup>  
 12 (12) For if there is a willingness, a person is accepted according to what he hath, and not according to what he hath not. (13) For it is not, that others may have easement, and you pressure;  
 13 (14) but that ye may be on equality at the present time; and that your abundance may be [a supply] to their want; that their abundance likewise may be [a supply] to your want; that there may be  
 14 equality. (15) As it is written, He who gathered much, had nothing over; and he that gathered little, was not deficient.—(16) But thanks be to God, who put into the heart of Titus this solicitude for  
 15 you. (17) For he received our exhortation; and, because he was very anxious, he cheerfully set out  
 16 to visit you. (18) And we also sent with him that our brother, whose praise in the gospel is in all

<sup>a</sup> or, *simplicity*.<sup>b</sup> Sy. **ܐܘܪܘܢܐ**, or *power*.<sup>c</sup> Sy. *commanding command*.<sup>d</sup> Sy. **ܐܘܪܘܢܐ**<sup>e</sup> Sy. *recommending recommend*.<sup>f</sup> Sy. *from what ye have*.

<sup>e</sup> Sy.

للمص

the churches; (19) inasmuch as he likewise had 19  
 been expressly chosen by the churches, to accom-  
 pany me with this beneficence which is ministered 20  
 by us to the glory of God and to our cordiality.<sup>g</sup>  
 (20) And we hereby guarded, that no one should cast  
 censure on us, in [respect to] this abundance which  
 is ministered by us. (21) For we are attentive to 21  
 things commendable, not only before God, but also  
 before men. (22) And we also sent with them that 22  
 brother of ours, who hath often, and in many things,  
 been proved diligent by us; and is now particu-  
 larly diligent, from the great confidence [he hath]  
 in you. (23) And therefore, if Titus [be inquired 23  
 about], he is my associate and assistant among  
 you: or if our other brethren, they are the legates<sup>h</sup>  
 of the churches of the Messiah's glory. (24) There- 24  
 fore, exhibit ye to them, in the presence of all the  
 churches, a demonstration of your love and of our  
 glorying respecting you.—(IX.) And concerning IX.  
 the ministration by the saints, it would be super-  
 fluous for me to write to you: (2) for I know the 2  
 goodness of your mind; and therefore I gloried of  
 you before the Macedonians, that Achaia was ready  
 a year ago; and your zeal hath excited many.  
 (3) Yet I sent the brethren, lest the glorying with 3  
 which we have gloried in you in regard to this  
 matter, should prove vain; and that ye, as I said,  
 may be ready; (4) so that, if the Macedonians 4  
 should come with me, and should find you unpre-  
 pared, we—not to say, ye—should be put to shame  
 for that glorying in which we gloried. (5) There- 5  
 fore I was careful to request these my brethren, to  
 go before me unto you, that they might make up  
 this benefaction,<sup>a</sup> of which ye were advised long  
 before to have it ready, as being a benefaction, and  
 not a matter of cupidity. (6) And this [I say]: 6  
 He that soweth sparingly, shall also reap sparingly;  
 and he that soweth bountifully, shall also reap  
 bountifully. (7) Every man, according to his own 7  
 views, not with sadness, not by constraint: for the  
 Lord loveth a joyous giver. (8) For it is in the 8  
 power of God, to make all good abound to you, so  
 that ye may have, at all times, and in every thing,  
 what is sufficient for you; and may abound in  
 every good work. (9) As it is written, He hath 9  
 dispersed and given to the poor; and his righteous-

<sup>b</sup> Sy. وكاتب

Gr. ἀπόστολοι.

<sup>a</sup> Sy. صدقة

- 10 ness<sup>b</sup> is established for ever. (10) Now he that giveth seed to the sower, and bread for food, may he give and multiply your seed, and increase the
- 11 fruits of your righteousness: (11) so that in every thing, ye may be enriched unto all liberality,<sup>c</sup> to
- 12 the completion of our thanksgiving to God. (12) For the performance of this ministration, not only supplieth the want of the saints, but is also rich in
- 13 many thanksgivings to God. (13) For on account of the test of this ministration, we glorify God, that ye do subject yourselves to the profession of the gospel<sup>d</sup> of the Messiah, and that in your liberality,<sup>e</sup> ye communicate with them and with all men:
- 14 (14) and they put up prayer for you, with much love, because of the abundance of the grace of God
- 15 that is upon you. (15) Thanks be to God for his unspeakable gift.

<sup>b</sup> Sy. ܐܘܨܘܪܐ

<sup>c</sup> or, *simplicity.*

<sup>d</sup> Sy. ܐܘܨܘܪܐ

<sup>e</sup> or, *simplicity.*

- X. Now I, Paul, beseech you, by the mildness and gentleness of the Messiah,—although I am mild towards you when present, but bold towards you
- 2 when absent!—(2) yet I beseech of you that, when I come, I may not be compelled by the boldness that is in me to be daring, as I estimate it, towards the persons who think we walk according to the
- 3 flesh. (3) For, although we walk in the flesh, our
- 4 warfare is not after the flesh. (4) For the arms of our warfare are not those of the flesh, but those of the power of God;<sup>a</sup> by which we subdue rebellious
- 5 castles. (5) And we demolish imaginations, and every lofty thing that exalteth itself against the knowledge of God, and subjugate all reasonings to
- 6 obedience to the Messiah. (6) And we are prepared, when your obedience shall be complete, to
- 7 execute judgment on all the disobeying.—(7) Do ye look on outward appearances? If any one is confident in himself that he is of the Messiah, let him know, from himself, that as he is of the Mes-
- 8 siah, so also are we. (8) For if I should glory somewhat more, in the authority<sup>b</sup> which our Lord hath given me, I should not be ashamed; for he gave it to us for your edification, and not for your
- 9 destruction. (9) But I forbear, lest I should be thought to terrify you terribly, by my epistles.
- 10 (10) For there are some who say, [His] epistles are weighty and forcible, but his bodily presence<sup>c</sup> is

<sup>a</sup> or, *divine power.*

<sup>b</sup> Sy. ܐܘܨܘܪܐ

<sup>c</sup> Sy. *presence of his body.*

<sup>d</sup> or, out of our province.

weak, and his speech contemptible. (11) But let 11  
 him who saith so, consider this, that such as we are  
 in our epistolary discourse, when absent, such also  
 are we in action, when present. (12) For we dare 12  
 not value, or compare ourselves, with those who  
 vaunt: but they, because they compare themselves  
 with themselves, are not wise. (13) But we will 13  
 not glory beyond our measure,<sup>d</sup> but within the  
 measure of the limits which God hath imparted to  
 us, that we should reach as far as you. (14) For 14  
 we do not stretch ourselves, as if not reaching to  
 you; for we do reach as far as you in the annun-  
 ciation of the Messiah. (15) And we do not glory 15  
 beyond our measure, in the toil of others: but we  
 have the hope, that when your faith shall mature,  
 we shall be magnified by you, as [being within] our  
 measure; (16) and that we shall so abound also, as 16  
 to make announcements beyond you. It is not in  
 the measure of others, [and] in things ready pre-  
 pared, that we will glory. (17) But let him that 17  
 will glory, glory in the Lord. (18) For not he 18  
 who praiseth himself, is approved; but he whom  
 the Lord praiseth.

<sup>a</sup> Sy. a jealousy of God.

I would that ye could bear with me a little, that XI.  
 I might talk foolishly: and indeed, bear ye with  
 me. (2) For I am jealous over you, with a godly 2  
 jealousy:<sup>a</sup> for I have espoused you to a husband  
 as a chaste virgin, whom I would present to the  
 Messiah. (3) But I fear, lest, as the serpent be- 3  
 guiled Eve by his craftiness, so your minds should  
 be corrupted from simplicity towards the Messiah.  
 (4) For if he that cometh to you, had proclaimed 4  
 to you another Jesus, whom we have not proclaim-  
 ed; or if ye had received another Spirit, which ye  
 have not received; or another gospel,<sup>b</sup> which ye  
 have not accepted; ye might well have given as-  
 sent.—(5) For, I suppose, I came not short of those 5  
 legates who most excel. (6) For, though I be rude 6  
 in speech, yet not in knowledge; but in all things  
 we have been manifest among you. (7) Did I 7  
 indeed commit<sup>c</sup> an offence, by humbling myself  
 that ye might be exalted? and by proclaiming the  
 gospel of God to you gratis? (8) And I robbed 8  
 other churches, and I took pay [of them] for min-  
 istering to you. (9) And when I came among you 9

<sup>b</sup> Sy.  $\text{ܩܕܝܫܐ}$

<sup>c</sup> Sy. committing commit.

and was needy, I was burdensome to none of you; for the brethren who came from Macedonia, supplied my wants: and in all things I kept myself,— and I will keep myself, from being burdensome to you. (10) As the truth of the Messiah is in me, this glorying shall not be made vain as to me in the regions of Achaia. (11) Why? Because I do not love you? God knoweth. (12) But what I do, that also I will do; that I may cut off occasion, from them who seek occasion: so that in the thing wherein they glory, they may be found even as we. (13) For they are false legates, crafty workers, and feign themselves to be legates of the Messiah. (14) And in this there is nothing strange. For if Satan feigneth himself an angel of light, (15) it is no great thing if his ministers feign themselves ministers of righteousness; whose end shall be according to their works.—(16) Again I say, let no one think of me, as being a fool: or if otherwise, receive me as a fool, that I may glory a little. (17) What I am [now] saying, I say not in our Lord, but as in folly, in this matter<sup>d</sup> of glorying. (18) Because many glory after<sup>e</sup> the flesh, I also will glory. (19) For ye hear with indulgence them who lack reason, seeing ye are wise. (20) And ye give ear to him, who putteth you in bondage; and to him, who devoureth you; and to him, who taketh from you; and to him, who exalteth himself over you; and to him, who smiteth you in the face. (21) I speak as if under contempt: I speak as if we were impotent, through deficiency of understanding; that in whatever thing any one is presuming,<sup>f</sup> I also am presuming. (22) If they are Hebrews, so I also: or if they are Israelites, I also. If they are the seed of Abraham, I also. (23) If they are ministers of the Messiah, (in defect of understanding, I say it,) I am superior to them: in toils more than they, in stripes more than they, in bonds more than they, in deaths many times. (24) By the Jews, five times was I scourged, each time with forty stripes save one. (25) Three times was I beaten with rods: at one time I was stoned: three times I was in shipwreck, by day and by night; I have been in the sea, without a ship. (26) In journeyings many, in peril by rivers, in peril by robbers, in peril from my kindred, in peril

<sup>d</sup> or, *place*.  
<sup>e</sup> or, *in*.

<sup>f</sup> or, *bold*,  
*daring*.

from Gentiles: I have been in peril in cities; I have been in peril in the desert, in peril in the sea, in peril from false brethren. (27) In toil and weariness, in much watching, in hunger and thirst, in much fasting, in cold and nakedness: (28) besides many other things, and the thronging around me every day, and my anxiety for all the churches. (29) Who becometh weak, and I become not weak? Who is stumbled, and I burn not? (30) If I must glory, I will glory in my infirmities. (31) God, the Father of our Lord Jesus the Messiah, blessed for ever and ever,—he knoweth that I lie not. (32) At Damascus, the commander of the army of Aretas the king, guarded the city of the Damascenes, to seize me. (33) And from a window, in a basket, they let me down from the wall, and I escaped from his hands.—(XII.) Glorifying must be, but it is not profitable: so I proceed to visions and revelations of our Lord. (2) I knew a man in the Messiah fourteen years ago, (but whether in a body, or whether out of a body, I know not; God knoweth :) who was caught up to the third [region] of heaven. (3) And I knew this same man: (but whether in a body, or out of a body, I know not; God knoweth :) (4) and he was caught up to Paradise,<sup>a</sup> and heard ineffable words,<sup>b</sup> which it is not permitted<sup>c</sup> a man to utter. (5) Of him<sup>d</sup> I will glory: but of myself I will not glory, except in my infirmities. (6) Yet if I were disposed to glory, I should not be without reason; for I declare the truth. But I refrain, lest any one should think of me, beyond what he seeth in me and heareth from me.—(7) And, that I might not be uplifted by the excellency<sup>e</sup> of the revelations, there was imparted to me a thorn in my flesh, the angel of Satan, to buffet me, that I might not be uplifted. (8) Respecting this, I thrice besought my Lord, that it might depart from me. (9) And he said to me, My grace is sufficient for thee; for my power<sup>f</sup> is perfected in weakness. Gladly, therefore, will I glory in my infirmities, that the power of the Messiah may rest upon me. (10) Therefore I have pleasure in infirmities, in reproach, in afflictions, in persecutions, in distresses, which are for the Messiah's sake: for when I am weak, then am I strong.—(11) Behold, I have become foolish in my glory-

<sup>a</sup> Sy. لا: لا

<sup>b</sup> Sy. قلا

<sup>c</sup> Sy. مقلد

<sup>d</sup> or, of this (thing.)

<sup>e</sup> or, abundance.

<sup>f</sup> Sy. بقلد

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ing, for ye compelled me. For ye ought to bear witness for me; because I was inferior in nothing to those legates who most excel, although I was  
 12 nothing. (12) I wrought among you the signs<sup>g</sup> of the legates, with all patience; and in prodigies, and  
 13 in wonders, and in mighty deeds.<sup>h</sup> (13) For in what fell ye short of the other churches, except in this, that I was not burdensome to you? Forgive  
 14 me this fault. (14) Behold, this third time I am ready to come to you, and I will not burden you: for I seek not yours, but you: for children ought not to lay up treasures for the parents, but the parents for their children. (15) And cheerfully will I both pay [my] expenses, and also give myself for your souls; although the more I love you, the less  
 16 ye love me.—(16) But perhaps, though I was not burdensome to you, yet, like a cunning man, I  
 17 filched from you by craftiness! (17) Was it by the hand of some other person whom I sent to you, that I pilfered from you? (18) I requested Titus, and with him I sent the brethren: did Titus pilfer any thing from you? Did we not walk in one spirit, and in the same steps?  
 19 Do ye again suppose, that we would apologize to you? Before God, in the Messiah we speak: and all these things, my beloved, [are] for the sake  
 20 of your edification. (20) For I fear, lest I should come to you and not find you such as I would wish; and lest I also should be found by you, such as ye would not wish; lest [there should be] contention, and envying, and anger, and obstinacy, and slandering, and murmuring, and insolence, and  
 21 commotion; (21) lest, when I come to you, my God should humble me; and I should mourn over many, who have sinned, and have not repented of the impurity, the whoredom, and the lasciviousness, which they have committed.

<sup>g</sup> Sy. [١٢٥٢]

<sup>h</sup> Sy. سقلا

XIII. This is the third time that I have prepared to come to you; that, by the mouth of two or three  
 2 witnesses, every word<sup>a</sup> may be established. (2) I have before said to you, and again I say to you beforehand, (as also I said to you a second time, while I was with you; and now also, while absent, I write to those who have sinned and to the others.)  
 3 that if I come again, I will not spare: (3) because

<sup>a</sup> or, thing, صلب

ye demand proof, that it is the Messiah that speaketh by me, who hath not been powerless among you, but powerful among you. (4) For, though he was crucified in weakness, yet he liveth with<sup>b</sup> the power of God. We also are weak with him; yet we are alive with him, by that power of God which is among you. (5) Examine yourselves, whether ye stand in the faith: prove yourselves. Do ye not acknowledge that Jesus the Messiah is in you? And if [he is] not, ye are reprobates. (6) But, I trust, ye will know that we are not reprobates. (7) And I beseech God, that there may be no evil in you; so that the proof of us may appear: and yet, that ye may be doers of good things, though we be as reprobates. (8) For we can do nothing against the truth, but [only] for the truth. (9) And we rejoice, when we are weak and ye are strong. And this also we pray for, that ye may be perfected.<sup>c</sup> (10) Therefore, while absent, I write these things; lest when I come, I should act with rigor, according to the authority<sup>d</sup> which my Lord hath given me for your edification, and not for your destruction.

Finally, my brethren, rejoice, and be perfected, and be comforted: and may harmony and quietness be among you; and the God of love and of peace will be with you.—(12) Salute ye one another, with a holy kiss. All the saints salute you. (13) The peace<sup>e</sup> of our Lord Jesus the Messiah, and the love of God, and the communion of the Holy Spirit be with you all. Amen.

<sup>b</sup> or, in.

<sup>c</sup> Sy.

والمؤمنين

<sup>d</sup> Sy.

والمؤمنين

<sup>e</sup> Sy. سلام

*End of the second epistle to the Corinthians: which was written from Philippi of Macedonia, and was sent by the hands of Titus.*



❖ ܐܘܠܘܢܐ ܠܗܘܢ ܠܗܘܢ ܠܗܘܢ ܠܗܘܢ ܠܗܘܢ

## The Epistle of Paul to the Galatians.

I. PAUL, a legate, not from men, nor by man, but by Jesus the Messiah, and God his Father, who raised him from the dead; (2) and all the brethren who are with me; unto the churches which are in Galatia. (3) Grace be with you, and peace, from God the Father, and from our Lord Jesus the Messiah; (4) who gave himself for our sins, that he might deliver us from this evil world,<sup>a</sup> agreeably to the pleasure of God our Father: (5) to whom be glory for ever and ever. Amen.

6 I admire, how soon ye have turned from the Messiah, who called you by his grace, unto another gospel;<sup>b</sup> (7) which doth not exist, except as there are some who would disquiet you, and are disposed to pervert the gospel of the Messiah. (8) But if we, or an angel from heaven, should announce to you differently from what we have announced to you, let him be accursed.<sup>c</sup> (9) As I have just said, and now I again say it, that if any one announce to you differently from what ye received, let him be accursed. (10) For do I now persuade men, or God? Or do I seek to please men? For if I had till now pleased men, I should not have been a servant of the Messiah.—(11) But I make known to you, my brethren, that the gospel<sup>d</sup> announced by me, was not from man. (12) For I did not receive it and learn it from man, but [I had it] by revelation from Jesus the Messiah. (13) For ye have heard of my former course of life in Judaism, that I persecuted the church of God exceedingly, and destroyed it: (14) and that I went much farther in Judaism than many of my contemporaries who were of my nation, and was peculiarly zealous for the doctrine of my fathers. (15) But when it pleased him, who separated me from my mother's

<sup>a</sup> Sy. ܠܗܘܢ

<sup>b</sup> Sy. ܠܗܘܢ

<sup>c</sup> Sy. ܠܗܘܢ

<sup>d</sup> Sy. ܠܗܘܢ

e or, in.	womb, and called me by his grace, (16) to reveal his Son by <sup>e</sup> me, that I should proclaim him among the Gentiles; forthwith, I did not open it to flesh and blood; (17) nor did I go to Jerusalem, to them who were legates before me; but I went into Arabia, and returned again to Damascus: (18) and after three years, I went to Jerusalem to see Cephas; <sup>f</sup> and I remained with him fifteen days. (19) But others of the legates I saw not, except James, our Lord's brother. (20) In the things which I am writing to you, behold, before God! I lie not. (21) And after that, I went to the regions of Syria and Cilicia. (22) And the churches in Judæa which were in the Messiah, did not know me personally; <sup>g</sup> (23) but this only had they heard, that he who before persecuted us, now preacheth that faith which in time preceding he subverted: (24) and they glorified God in <sup>h</sup> me.—(II.) And again, after fourteen years, I went up to Jerusalem with Barnabas; and I took with me Titus. (2) And I went up by revelation: and I explained to them the gospel which I announce among the Gentiles; and I stated it to them who were esteemed prominent, <sup>a</sup> between myself and them: <sup>b</sup> lest I should have run, or might run in vain. (3) Also Titus, who was with me, and was a Gentile, <sup>c</sup> was not compelled to be circumcised. (4) And in regard to the false brethren, who had crept in to spy out the liberty we have in Jesus the Messiah, in order to bring me under subjection; (5) not for the space of an hour, did we throw ourselves into subjection to them; so that the truth of the gospel <sup>d</sup> might remain with you. (6) And they who were esteemed prominent, <sup>e</sup> (what they were, I care not; for God regardeth not the persons of men.)—even these persons added nothing to me. (7) But, otherwise; for they saw, that the gospel of the uncircumcision was intrusted to me, as to Cephas <sup>f</sup> was intrusted that of the circumcision. (8) For he that was operative with Cephas in the legateship of the circumcision, was also operative with me in the legateship of the Gentiles. (9) And James, Cephas, and John, who were accounted pillars, when they perceived the grace that was given to me, gave to me and Barnabas the right hand of fellowship; that we [should labor] among the Gentiles,	16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 II. 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9
f Gr. Peter.		
g or, by face.		
h or, on account of.		
a Sy. to be something.		
b or, privately.		
c Sy. an Aramaean.		
d Sy. $\int$ ; $\infty$		
e or, to be something.		
f Gr. Peter.		

10 and they among the circumcision. (10) Only [they desired] that we would be mindful of the needy; and I was solicitous to do the same.—  
 11 (11) But when Cephas<sup>g</sup> was come to Antioch, I rebuked him to his face; because they were stumbled by him. (12) For before certain ones came from James, he ate with the Gentiles: but when they came, he withdrew himself, and separated; because he was afraid of them of the circumcision.  
 13 (13) And the rest of the Jews also were with him in this thing; insomuch that even Barnabas was induced to regard persons. (14) And when I saw, that they did not walk correctly, in the truth of the gospel,<sup>h</sup> I said to Cephas, before them all: If thou art a Jew, and livest in the Gentile way, and not in the Jewish, why dost thou compel the Gentiles to live in the Jewish way? (15) For if we, who are Jews by nature, and are not sinners of the Gentiles, (16)—because we know that a man is not made just<sup>i</sup> by the works of the law, but by faith in Jesus the Messiah;—even we have believed in Jesus the Messiah, in order to be made just by faith in the Messiah, and not by the works of the law: for, by the deeds of the law, no flesh is made just. (17) And if, while we seek to become just by the Messiah, we are found to be ourselves sinners, is Jesus the Messiah therefore the minister of sin? Far be it! (18) For if I should build up again the things I had demolished, I should show myself to be a transgressor of the precept. (19) For I, by the law, have become dead to the law, that I might live to God; and I am crucified with the Messiah. (20) And henceforth it is no more I who live, but the Messiah liveth in me: and the life I now live in the flesh, I live by faith in the Son of God, who loved me and gave himself for me. (21) I do not spurn the grace of God. For if righteousness is by means of the law, the Messiah died in vain.

<sup>g</sup> Gr. *Peter*.

<sup>h</sup> Sy.

١٥٠١

<sup>i</sup> or. *justified*.

III. O ye Galatians, deficient in understanding! Who hath fascinated you? For lo, Jesus the Messiah hath been portrayed as in a picture, crucified before your eyes. (2) This only would I learn from you, Was it by works of the law, that ye received the Spirit? or by the hearing of faith?

	(3). Are ye so foolish, that having begun in the Spirit, ye now would consummate in the flesh?	3
	(4) And have ye borne all these things in vain?	4
	And I would, it were in vain! (5) He therefore	5
<sup>a</sup> Sy. <span>سئل</span>	who giveth the Spirit in you, and who worketh miracles <sup>a</sup> among you, [doth he these things] by the deeds of the law? or by the hearing of faith?	
	(6) In like manner Abraham believed God, and it was accounted to him for righteousness. (7) Know ye, therefore, that those who are of faith, they are the children of Abraham. (8) For, because God	6 7 8
<sup>b</sup> or, <i>be justified</i> .	knew beforehand that the Gentiles would be made just <sup>b</sup> by faith, he preannounced it to Abraham; as saith the holy scripture, In thee shall all nations be blessed. (9) Believers, therefore, it is, who are	9
	blessed with believing Abraham. (10) For they	10
	who are of the deeds of the law, are under the curse: for it is written, Cursed is every one who shall not do every thing written in this law.	
<sup>c</sup> or, <i>is justified</i> .	(11) And that no one becometh just <sup>c</sup> before God, by the law, is manifest: because it is written, The	11
	just by faith, shall live. <sup>d</sup> (12) Now the law is not	12
<sup>d</sup> or, <i>be saved</i> .	of faith; but, whoever shall do the things written in it, shall live by them. (13) But the Messiah	13
	hath redeemed us from the curse of the law, and hath been a curse for us; (for it is written, Cursed	
	is every one that is hanged on a tree;) (14) that the blessing of Abraham might be on the Gentiles, through Jesus the Messiah; that we might receive	14
	the promise of the Spirit by faith.—(15) My brethren, I speak as among men; a man's covenant <sup>e</sup>	15
<sup>e</sup> Sy. <span>بشر</span>	which is confirmed, no one setteth aside, or changeth any thing in it. (16) Now to Abraham was	16
	the promise made, and to his seed. And it said to him, not, to thy <i>seeds</i> , as being many; but to thy	
	<i>seed</i> , as being one, which is the Messiah. (17) And	17
	this I say: That the covenant which was previously confirmed by God in the Messiah, the law which	
	was four hundred and thirty years after, cannot set it aside, and nullify the promise. (18) And if the	18
	inheritance were by the law, it would not be by promise: but God gave it to Abraham by promise.	
	What then is the law? It was added on ac-	19
	count of transgression, until that seed should come, to whom belonged the promise: and the	
<sup>f</sup> Sy. <span>وسئل</span>	law was given by angels through a mediator. <sup>f</sup>	

20 (20) Now a mediator is not of one; but God is  
 21 one. (21) Is the law then opposed to the promise  
 of God? Far be it. For if a law had been  
 given, which could make alive,<sup>s</sup> certainly, righ-  
 22 teousness would have been by the law. (22) But  
 the scripture hath inclosed all under sin, that the  
 promise by faith in Jesus the Messiah might be  
 23 given to them that believe. (23) But before the  
 faith came, the law kept us shut up unto the faith  
 24 that was to be revealed. (24) The law, therefore,  
 was a monitor<sup>h</sup> for us unto the Messiah, that we  
 25 might become just<sup>i</sup> by faith. (25) But the faith  
 having come, we are not under the monitor.  
 26 (26) For ye are all the children of God, by faith in  
 27 Jesus the Messiah. (27) For they who have been  
 baptized into the Messiah, have put on the Messiah.  
 28 (28) There is neither Jew nor Gentile, neither  
 slave nor free-born, neither male nor female; for  
 29 ye are all one in Jesus the Messiah. (29) And if  
 ye are the Messiah's, then are ye the seed of Abra-  
 IV ham, and heirs by the promise.—(IV.) But I say,  
 that the heir, so long as he is a child, differeth not  
 2 from a servant, although he is lord of all; (2) but  
 he is under supervisors and stewards, until the time  
 3 established by his father. (3) So also we, while  
 we were children, were in subordination under the  
 4 elements<sup>a</sup> of the world. (4) But when the consum-  
 mation of the time arrived, God sent forth his Son;  
 and he was from a woman, and was under the law;  
 5 (5) that he might redeem them that were under the  
 law; and that we might receive the adoption of  
 6 sons. (6) And, because ye are sons, God hath sent  
 forth the Spirit of his Son into your hearts, who  
 7 crieth, Father, our Father.<sup>b</sup> (7) Wherefore, ye  
 are no longer servants, but sons; and if sons, then  
 8 heirs of God, through Jesus the Messiah. (8) For  
 then, when ye knew not God, ye served them who  
 9 in their nature are not gods. (9) But now, since  
 ye have known God,—or rather, have been known  
 by God, ye turn yourselves again to the weak and  
 beggarly elements, and wish again to be under  
 10 them! (10) Ye observe days and moons, and set  
 11 times, and years! (11) I am afraid, lest I have  
 12 labored among you in vain. (12) Be ye like me;  
 because I have been like you.

My brethren, I beseech you. Ye have not in-

<sup>s</sup> or, *save*.

<sup>h</sup> Sy.  $\text{]]} \text{; } \text{2}$

<sup>i</sup> or, *be justified*.

<sup>a</sup> Sy.

$\text{[} \text{ } \text{]} =$   
 Gr. *στοιχεῖα*.

<sup>b</sup> Sy.

$\text{[} \text{ } \text{]} \text{ } \text{[} \text{ } \text{]}$


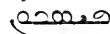
jured me at all. (13) For ye know, that under the 13  
 infirmity of my flesh, I at first announced the gos- 14  
 pel to you; (14) and the trial in my flesh, ye did  
 not despise nor nauseate: but ye received me as  
 an angel of God, and as Jesus the Messiah. (15) 15  
 Where then is your blessedness? For I testify of  
 you, that if it had been possible, ye would have  
 plucked out your eyes, and have given them to  
 me. (16) Have I become an enemy to you, by 16  
 preaching to you the truth?—(17) They are zealous 17  
 towards you, yet not for good; but they wish to  
 shut you up, that ye may be zealous towards them.  
 (18) And it is a good thing to be zealous at all 18  
 times in good things; and not merely when I am  
 present with you. (19) [Ye are] my children, of 19  
 whom I travail in birth again, till the Messiah be  
 formed in you. (20) And I could wish to be now 20  
 with you, and to change the tone of my voice; be-  
 cause I am astonished at you.—(21) Tell me, ye 21  
 who desire to be under the law, do ye not hear the  
 law? (22) For it is written, that Abraham had 22  
 two sons, one by the bondmaid, and one by the  
 free woman. (23) But he that was by the bond- 23  
 maid, was born after the flesh; and he that was by  
 the free woman, was by the promise. (24) And 24  
 these are allegorical<sup>c</sup> of the two covenants;<sup>d</sup> the  
 one from mount Sinai, which bringeth forth for  
 bondage, is Hagar. (25) For Hagar is the mount 25  
 Sinai in Arabia, and correspondeth with the pres-  
 ent Jerusalem, and is serving in bondage, she and  
 her children. (26) But the Jerusalem above, is the 26  
 free woman, who is the mother of us. (27) For 27  
 it is written, Be joyful, thou barren, who bearest  
 not: exult and shout, thou who hast not travailed:  
 for more numerous are the children of the desolate  
 than the children of the married woman. (28) Now 28  
 we, my brethren, like Isaac, are the children of the  
 promise. (29) And as then, he that was born after 29  
 the flesh, persecuted him [who was born] of the  
 Spirit; so also [is it] now. (30) But what saith 30  
 the scripture? Cast out the bondmaid, and her  
 son; because the son of the bondmaid shall not in-  
 herit with the son of the free woman. (31) So 31  
 then, my brethren, we are not sons of the bond-  
 woman, but sons of the free woman.

<sup>c</sup> Sy. ܐܠܘܓܘܪܝܘܬܝܢ =  
allegories.

<sup>d</sup> Sy.

ܐܡܘܢܐܐ;

V. Stand fast, therefore, in the liberty with which the Messiah hath made us free; and be not subjected again to the yoke of bondage. (2) Behold, I Paul say to you, That if ye become circumcised, the Messiah is of no advantage to you. (3) And again, I testify to every one who becometh circumcised, that he is bound<sup>a</sup> to fulfill the whole law. (4) Ye have renounced the Messiah, ye who seek justification by the law: and ye have apostatized from grace. (5) For we, through the Spirit, which is from faith, are waiting for the hope of righteousness. (6) For, in the Messiah Jesus, circumcision is nothing, neither is uncircumcision, but the faith that is perfected by love. (7) Ye did run well: who hath interrupted you, that ye acquiesce not in the truth? (8) The bias of your mind<sup>b</sup> is not from him who called you. (9) A little leaven leaveneth the whole mass. (10) I confide in you through our Lord, that ye will entertain no other thoughts. And he that disquieteth you, shall bear his judgment, whoever he may be. (11) And I, my brethren, if I still preached circumcision, why should I suffer persecution? Hath the offensiveness of the cross ceased? (12) But I would, that they who disquiet you, were actually cut off.<sup>c</sup> And ye, my brethren, have been called into liberty: only let not your liberty be an occasion to the flesh; but, by love, be ye servants to each other. (14) For the whole law is fulfilled in one sentence;<sup>d</sup> in this, Thou shalt love thy neighbor as thyself. (15) But if ye bite and devour one another, beware, lest ye be consumed one by another.—(16) And I say: Walk ye in the Spirit; and never follow<sup>e</sup> the cravings of the flesh. (17) For the flesh craveth that which is repugnant to the Spirit; and the Spirit craveth that which is repugnant to the flesh: and the two are the opposites of each other, so that ye do not that which ye desire. (18) But if ye are guided by the Spirit, ye are not under the law. (19) For the works of the flesh are known, which are whoredom, impurity, lasciviousness, (20) idol-worship, magic, malice, contention, rivalry, wrath, strife, divisions, discords, (21) envy, murder, drunkenness, revelling, and all the like things. And they who perpetrate these things, as I have before told you, and also now tell you, do

<sup>a</sup> Sy. <sup>b</sup> Sy.<sup>c</sup> Sy. *cutting were cut off.*<sup>d</sup> or, *word.*<sup>e</sup> or, *do.*

not inherit the kingdom of God. (22) But the 22  
 fruits of the Spirit are, love, joy, peace, long suffer-  
 ing, suavity, kindness, fidelity, modesty, patience. 23  
 (23) Against these there standeth no law. (24) And 23  
 they who are of the Messiah, have crucified their 24  
 flesh, with all its passions<sup>f</sup> and its cravings. (25) 25  
 Let us therefore live in the Spirit: and let us press  
 on after the Spirit. (26) And let us not be vain- 26  
 glorious, despising one another, and envying one  
 another.

My brethren, if one of you should be overtaken VI.  
 in a fault, do ye who are of the Spirit recover<sup>a</sup> him, 2  
 in a spirit of meekness: and be ye cautious, lest ye 2  
 also be tempted. (2) And bear ye one another's 2  
 burdens, that so ye may fulfill the law of the Mes- 3  
 siah. (3) For if any one thinketh himself to be 3  
 something, when he is not, he deceiveth himself.  
 (4) But let a man examine his own conduct: and 4  
 then his glorying will be within himself, and not 4  
 in others. (5) For every man must take up his 5  
 own load.—(6) And let him that heareth the word, 6  
 communicate to him who instructeth him, in all 6  
 good things.—(7) Do not mistake; God is not de- 7  
 ceived; for what a man soweth, that also will he 7  
 reap. (8) He who soweth in the flesh, reapeth 8  
 from the flesh corruption: and he who soweth in 8  
 the Spirit, will from the Spirit reap life everlasting.  
 (9) And while we do what is good, let it not be 9  
 wearisome to us; for the time will come when we  
 shall reap, and it will not be tedious to us. (10) 10  
 Now, therefore, while we have the opportunity, let  
 us practice good works towards all men, and espe-  
 cially towards them of the household of faith.

Behold, this epistle have I written to you with 11  
 my own hand. (12) They who are disposed to 12  
 glory in the flesh, they urge you to become circum-  
 cised, only that they may not be persecuted on  
 account of the cross of the Messiah. (13) For 13  
 not even they themselves, who are circumcised,  
 keep the law: but they wish you to become cir-  
 cumcised, that they may glory in your flesh. 13  
 (14) But as for me, let me not glory, except in the 14  
 cross of our Lord Jesus the Messiah; by whom<sup>b</sup>  
 the world is crucified to me, and I am crucified to  
 the world. (15) For circumcision is nothing; nei- 15

<sup>f</sup> or, *affections*.

<sup>a</sup> or, *reclaim*.

<sup>b</sup> or, *by which*.



- 16 ther is uncircumcision ; but a new creation.<sup>c</sup> (16) <sup>c</sup> Sy. ܘܢܒܪܐ ܘܢܒܪܐ  
 And they who press forward in this path, peace be  
 on them, and mercy ; and on the Israel of God.—  
 17 (17) Henceforth let no one put trouble upon me ;  
 for I bear in my body the marks of our Lord Jesus  
 18 the Messiah.—(18) My brethren, the grace of our  
 Lord Jesus the Messiah, be with your spirit.  
 Amen.

*End of the Epistle to the Galatians ; which was written from Rome.*

✠ ܘܢܒܪܐ ܘܢܒܪܐ ܘܢܒܪܐ ܘܢܒܪܐ

### The Epistle of Paul to the Ephesians.

- I. PAUL, a legate of Jesus the Messiah by the pleasure of God, to them who are at Ephesus, sanctified,  
 2 and believing in Jesus the Messiah : (2) Peace be with you, and grace from God our Father, and from our Lord Jesus the Messiah.  
 3 Blessed be God, the Father of our Lord Jesus the Messiah, who hath blessed us with all blessings of  
 4 the Spirit in heaven, by the Messiah : (4) according as he had previously chosen<sup>a</sup> us in him, before the foundation of the world, that we might be holy and without blame before him ; and, in love, pre-  
 5 destined<sup>b</sup> us for himself ; (5) and adopted us for sons, in Jesus the Messiah, as was agreeable to his  
 6 pleasure : (6) that the glory of his grace might be glorified, which he poured upon us by his Beloved  
 7 One ; (7) by whom we have redemption,<sup>c</sup> and the forgiveness of sins by his blood, according to the  
 8 riches of his grace, (8) which hath abounded in us, in all wisdom and all spiritual understanding.  
 9 And he hath made us know the mystery of his pleasure, which he had before determined in himself to accomplish, (10) in the dispensation of the fullness of times ; that all things might again be made new in the Messiah, things in heaven and
- <sup>a</sup> Sy. ܘܢܒܪܐ ܘܢܒܪܐ  
<sup>b</sup> Sy. ܘܢܒܪܐ ܘܢܒܪܐ  
<sup>c</sup> Sy. ܘܢܒܪܐ ܘܢܒܪܐ

<p><sup>d</sup> Sy. <span style="font-family: serif;">أشياء</span></p> <p><sup>e</sup> Sy. <span style="font-family: serif;">محبته</span></p> <p><sup>f</sup> or, <i>salvation.</i></p> <p><sup>g</sup> or, <i>are saved.</i></p> <p><sup>h</sup> Sy. <span style="font-family: serif;">سلاطنته</span></p> <p><sup>i</sup> Sy. <span style="font-family: serif;">تبعاً لجسده</span></p>	<p>[things] on earth. (11) And in him we are elected,<sup>d</sup> 11  according as he predestined<sup>e</sup> us and willed, who  worketh all things according to the counsel of his  pleasure: (12) that we should be they who first 12  hoped in the Messiah, to the honor of his glory.  (13) In whom, ye also have heard the word of 13  truth, which is the gospel of your life,<sup>f</sup> and have  been sealed with the Holy Spirit, who was promised, (14) who is the 14  earnest of our inheritance, until the redemption of  them that are alive,<sup>g</sup> and for the praise of his glory.  Therefore, lo I also, since I heard of your faith 15  in our Lord Jesus the Messiah, and of your love 16  towards all the saints, (16) cease not to give thanks 16  on your account, and to remember you in my pray-  ers; (17) that the God of our Lord Jesus the Mes- 17  siah, the Father of glory, may give to you the  Spirit of wisdom and of revelation, in the recogni-  tion of him: (18) and that the eyes of your hearts 18  may be enlightened, so that ye may know what is  the hope of his calling, and what the riches of the  glory of his inheritance in the saints; (19) and 19  what is the excellence of the majesty of his power<sup>h</sup>  in us who believe; according to the efficiency of  the strength of his power, (20) which he put forth 20  in the Messiah, and raised him from the dead, and  seated him at his right hand in heaven, (21) high 21  above all principalities, and authorities, and powers,  and lordships, and above every name that is named,  not only in this world but also in that to come:  (22) and he hath subjected all things under his 22  feet; and hath given him who is high over all, to  be the head of the church;<sup>i</sup> (23) which is his body, 23  and the fullness of him who filleth all in all:  (II.) and also you, [he filleth,] who were dead in II.  your sins, and in your offences, (2) in the which 2  ye before walked, according to the worldliness of  the prince potentate of the air, that spirit which is ac-  tive in the children of disobedience: (3) in which 3  deeds we also, formerly, were conversant, in the  cravings of our flesh; and we did the pleasure of  our flesh, and of our mind, and were altogether the  children of wrath, like the rest. (4) But God who 4  is rich in his mercies, because of the great love with  which he loved us, (5) when we were dead in our 5</p>
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- sins, quickened us with the Messiah, and rescued<sup>a</sup> us by his grace; (6) and resuscitated us with him, and seated us with him in heaven, in Jesus the Messiah: (7) that he might show to the coming ages<sup>b</sup> the magnitude of the riches of his grace, and his benignity towards us in Jesus the Messiah.
- 8 (8) For it is by his grace we are rescued, through faith; and this is not of yourselves, but it is the gift of God: (9) not of works, lest any one glory.
- 10 (10) For we are his creation; <sup>c</sup> who are created in Jesus the Messiah, for good works, which God hath before prepared for us to walk in.
- 11 Wherefore be mindful, that ye formerly were carnal Gentiles; and ye were called the uncircumcision, by that which is called the circumcision, and which is the work of the hands in the flesh.
- 12 (12) And ye were, at that time, without the Messiah; and were aliens from the regulations<sup>d</sup> of Israel; and strangers to the covenant of the promise; and were without hope, and without God, in the world. (13) But now, by Jesus the Messiah, ye who before were afar off, have been brought near by the blood of the Messiah. (14) For he is himself our peace,<sup>e</sup> who hath made the two [become] one, and hath demolished the wall which stood in the midst, and the enmity, by his flesh; (15) and by his prescriptions he hath abolished the law of ordinances; that, in himself, he might make the two to be one new man; and he hath made peace, (16) and hath reconciled<sup>f</sup> both with God, in<sup>g</sup> one body, and hath slain the enmity by his cross. (17) And he came, and proclaimed peace to you afar off, and to those near: (18) because, by him there is access for us both, by one Spirit, unto the Father.—(19) Wherefore, ye are not strangers, nor sojourners, but ye are fellow-citizens with the saints, and of the household of God. (20) And ye are built upon the foundations of the legates and the prophets; and Jesus the Messiah hath become the head of the corner in the edifice. (21) And in him all the edifice is framed together, and groweth into a holy temple in the Lord; (22) while ye also are builded in him, for a habitation of God through the Spirit.

\* Sy. صبرb Sy. علاقةc Sy. صنعd Sy. وصاياe or, *peace-maker.*f Sy. خبرg or, *by.*

III. On this account, I Paul am a prisoner of Jesus  
2 the Messiah, for the sake of you Gentiles: (2) if so

	be, ye have heard of the dispensation of the grace of God, which was given to me among you : (3) that	3
	by revelation there was made known to me the mystery, (as I have [now] written to you in brief,	4
	(4) so that while ye read, ye might be able to understand my knowledge of the mystery of the Messiah,)—(5) which in other generations was not	5
* Sy. <i>sous</i> .	made known to the sons of men, as it is now revealed to his holy legates and to his prophets, by the Spirit ; (6) that the Gentiles should be sharers <sup>a</sup>	6
<sup>b</sup> Sy. <span style="font-family: serif;">اوتىكم</span>	of his inheritance, and partakers of his body, and of the promise which is given in him by the gospel ; <sup>b</sup> (7) of which I have been a minister, according to the gift of the goodness of God, which was	7
<sup>c</sup> Sy. <span style="font-family: serif;">سلا</span>	imparted to me by the operation of his power: <sup>c</sup> —(8) to me, who am the least of all the saints, hath	8
	this grace been given, that I should announce among the Gentiles the unsearchable riches of the Messiah, (9) and should show to all men what is	9
<sup>d</sup> Sy. <i>full of diversities</i> .	the dispensation of the mystery, which for ages was hid up in God the Creator of all [things] : (10) so	10
<sup>e</sup> or, <i>prepared</i> .	that, by means of the church, the manifold <sup>d</sup> wisdom of God might become known to the principalities and powers that are in heaven: (11) which [wisdom]	11
<sup>f</sup> i. e. <i>faith in him</i> .	he arranged <sup>e</sup> ages before, and he hath executed it by Jesus the Messiah our Lord; (12) through whom we have boldness and access, in the confidence of his faith. <sup>f</sup> (13) Therefore I pray, that I	12
<sup>g</sup> Sy. <span style="font-family: serif;">انحنى</span>	may not be discouraged by my afflictions, which are for your sakes; for this is your glory. (14) And I bow my knees to the Father of our Lord Jesus	13
	the Messiah, (15) from whom the whole family <sup>g</sup> in heaven and on earth is named; (16) that he would	14
	grant you, according to the riches of his glory, to be strengthened with might by his Spirit; that in your inner man (17) the Messiah may dwell by	15
	faith, and in your hearts by love, while your root and your foundation waxeth strong; (18) and that	16
	ye may be able to explore, with all the saints, what is the height and depth, and length and breadth,	17
	(19) and may know the greatness of the Messiah's love; and [that] ye may be filled with all the fullness of God.—(20) Now to him who is able, by his	18
<sup>h</sup> or, <i>power above all</i> .	almighty power, <sup>h</sup> to do for us even more than we ask or think, according to his power that worketh	19
	in us; (21) to him be glory, in his church, by Je-	20
		21

sus the Messiah, in all generations, for ever and ever. Amen.

- IV. I therefore, a prisoner in our Lord, beseech you, that ye walk, (as it becometh the calling where-  
 2 with ye are called,) (2) with all lowliness of mind, and quietness, and long suffering; and that ye be  
 3 forbearing one towards another, in love. (3) And be ye solicitous to keep the unity<sup>a</sup> of the Spirit, in  
 4 a bond of peace; (4) so that ye may become one body, and one Spirit; even as ye are called unto one  
 5 hope of your calling. (5) For, the Lord is one, and  
 6 the faith one, and the baptism one; (6) and one God is the Father of all, and over all, and by all, and in  
 7 us all.—(7) And to each of us grace is given, according to the measure of the gift of the Messiah.  
 8 (8) Wherefore it is said: He ascended on high, and carried captivity captive, and gave gifts to men.  
 9 (9) Now that he ascended, what is it but that he also previously descended to the inferior [regions]  
 10 of the earth? (10) He who descended, is also the same that ascended up, high above all the heavens,  
 11 that he might fulfill<sup>b</sup> all things. (11) And he gave some, legates; and some, prophets; and some, evangelists;<sup>c</sup> and some, pastors<sup>d</sup> and teachers:<sup>e</sup>  
 12 (12) for perfecting the saints, for the work of the ministry, for the edification of the body of the Messiah;  
 13 (13) until we all become one and the same,<sup>f</sup> in faith and in the knowledge of the Son of God, and one complete man according to the measure of  
 14 the stature of the fullness of Messiah: (14) and that we might not be children, agitated and turned about by every wind of the crafty doctrines of men  
 15 who plot to seduce by their subtilty: (15) but that we might be established in our love: and that every thing in us might progress in the Messiah,  
 16 who is the head: (16) and from him [it is], the whole body is framed together and compacted by all the junctures, according to the gift that is imparted by measure to each member, for the growth of the body;—that his edifice may be perfected in love.  
 17 And this I say, and testify in the Lord, that henceforth ye walk not as the other Gentiles, who  
 18 walk in the vanity of their mind: (18) and they are dark in their understandings, and are alienated

<sup>a</sup> Sy. ܘܢܝܘܢܝܘܬܝܢ

<sup>b</sup> Sy. ܘܢܝܘܢܝܘܬܝܢ

<sup>c</sup> Sy.

ܘܢܝܘܢܝܘܬܝܢ

<sup>d</sup> Sy. ܘܢܝܘܢܝܘܬܝܢ

<sup>e</sup> Sy. ܘܢܝܘܢܝܘܬܝܢ

<sup>f</sup> Sy. ܘܢܝܘܢܝܘܬܝܢ

	from the life of God, because there is not in them knowledge, and because of the blindness of their heart. (19) They have cut off their hope, and have given themselves over to lasciviousness, and to the practice of all uncleanness in their greediness. (20) But ye have not so learned the Messiah; (21) if ye have truly heard him, and by him have learned as the truth is in Jesus. (22) But [ye have learned], that ye should lay aside your former practices, the old man that is corrupted with the lusts of error; (23) and should be renewed in the spirit of your minds; (24) and should put on the new man, that is created by God in righteousness and in the holiness of truth.—(25) Wherefore, put away from you lying, and speak ye the truth each with his neighbor; for we are members one of another. —(26) Be ye angry, and sin not; and let not the sun go down upon your wrath. (27) And give no place to the Accuser. <sup>b</sup> —(28) And let him that stole, steal no more; but let him labor with his hands, and do good acts; that he may have to give to him who needeth.—(29) Let no hateful language <sup>i</sup> come from your mouth, but that which is decorous, and useful for edification, that it may convey grace to those who hear. (30) And grieve not the Holy Spirit of God, whereby ye are sealed for the day of redemption.—(31) Let all bitterness, and anger, and wrath, and clamoring, and reviling, be taken from you, with all malice: (32) and be ye affectionate towards one another, and sympathetic; and forgive ye one another, as God by the Messiah hath forgiven us. (V.) Be ye therefore imitators of God, as dear children: (2) and walk in love; as the Messiah also hath loved us, and hath given up himself for us, an offering and a sacrifice to God, for a sweet odor.	19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 V. 2
<sup>e</sup> Sy. عَلْمَتَق, understandings.		
<sup>b</sup> Gr. to the Devil.		
<sup>i</sup> Sy. word, speech.		
<sup>a</sup> Sy. it.	But whoredom, and all impurity, and avarice, let them <sup>a</sup> not be at all heard of <sup>b</sup> among you, as it becometh the saints; (4) Neither obscenities, nor words of folly, or of division, or of scurrility, which are not useful; but instead of these, thanksgiving. (5) For this know ye, that every man who is a whoremonger, or impure, or avaricious, or a worshipper of idols, hath no inheritance in the kingdom of the Messiah and of God. (6) Let no man deceive you with vain words; for it is on account	3 4 5 6
<sup>b</sup> Sy. be named to name.		

of these things that the wrath of God cometh on  
 7 the children of disobedience. (7) Therefore be ye  
 8 not like them. (8) For ye were heretofore dark-  
 9 ness, but now are ye light in our Lord: therefore,  
 as the children of light, so walk ye. (9) For the  
 10 fruits of the light are in all goodness, and righteous-  
 11 ness, and truth. (10) And search out what is  
 12 pleasing before our Lord: (11) And have no com-  
 merce with the works of darkness which are  
 13 unfruitful, but reprove them. (12) For the things  
 they do in secret, it is nauseous even to mention.  
 13 (13) For all things are exposed and made manifest  
 by the light: and whatever maketh manifest,<sup>c</sup>  
 14 light. (14) Wherefore it is said: Awake thou that  
 sleepest, and arise from the dead, and the Messiah  
 15 will illuminate thee. (15) See therefore, that ye  
 16 walk circumspectly; not like the simple, (16) but  
 like the wise, who purchase their opportunity;  
 17 because the days are evil. (17) Therefore, be not  
 lacking in understanding; but understand ye what  
 18 is the pleasure of God. (18) And be not drunk  
 with wine, in which is dissoluteness;<sup>d</sup> but be ye  
 19 filled with the spirit. (19) And converse with  
 yourselves<sup>e</sup> in psalms and hymns; and with your  
 20 hearts sing to the Lord, in spiritual songs. (20)  
 And give thanks to God the Father, at all times,  
 for all men, in the name of our Lord Jesus the  
 21 Messiah. (21) And be submissive one to another,  
 in the love of the Messiah.  
 22 Wives, be ye submissive to your husbands, as to  
 23 our Lord. (23) Because the husband is the head  
 of the wife, even as the Messiah is the head of the  
 24 church; and he is the vivifier<sup>f</sup> of the body. (24)  
 And as the church is subject to the Messiah, so  
 also let wives be to their husbands in all things.  
 25 (25) Husbands, love your wives, even as the Mes-  
 siah loved his church, and delivered himself up for  
 26 it; (26) that he might sanctify it, and cleanse it,  
 27 by the washing of water, and by the word; (27)  
 and might constitute it a glorious church for him-  
 self, in which is no stain, and no wrinkle, and  
 nothing like them; but that it might be holy and  
 28 without blemish. (28) It behooveth men so to love  
 their wives, as [they do] their own bodies. For he  
 29 that loveth his wife loveth himself. (29) For no  
 one ever hated his own body; but nourisheth it,

<sup>c</sup> Sy. *uncovereth.*

<sup>d</sup> Sy.

{ $\lambda\alpha\lambda\omega$ } =  
 Gr. *ἀσωτία.*

<sup>e</sup> or, *your souls.*

<sup>f</sup> or, *Saviour.*

	and provideth for it, even as the Messiah the church. (30) For we are members of his body, 30 and of his flesh, and of his bones. (31) For this 31 reason, a man should quit his father and his mother, and adhere to his wife; and the two should
• Sy. <b>הִי</b>	be one flesh. (32) This is a great mystery; <sup>g</sup> but I 32 am speaking of the Messiah, and of his church. (33) Nevertheless, let each of you severally so love 33 his wife, even as himself: and let the wife reverence her husband.—(VI.) Children, obey your VI.
• Sy. <b>בְּ</b>	parents in our Lord; for this is right. <sup>a</sup> (2) And 2 the first commandment with promise, is this: Honor thy father and thy mother; (3) that it may 3 be well with thee, and that thy life may be prolonged on the earth.—(4) And parents, anger not 4 your children; but train them up in the discipline and doctrine of our Lord.—(5) Servants, be obedient 5 to your masters after the flesh, with fear, and with trepidation, and with simplicity of heart, as unto the Messiah. (6) Not in the sight of the eye, 6 as if ye were pleasing men; but as the servants of the Messiah, who are doing the will of God. (7) 7 And serve them with your whole heart, in love, as if serving our Lord and not men; (8) knowing that 8 whatever good thing a man may do, the same will be recompensed to him by our Lord, whether he be 9 a servant or a free man.—(9) Also ye masters, <sup>b</sup> do ye so to your servants. Forgive them a fault; 9 because ye know, that ye have a master in heaven; and there is no respect of persons with him.
• Sy. <b>מִלְכֵי</b> , <i>lords.</i>	Finally, my brethren, be strong in our Lord, and 10 in the energy of his power: (11) And put ye on 11 the whole armor of God, so that ye may be able to stand against the wiles of the Accuser. <sup>c</sup> (12) For 12 our conflict is not with flesh and blood, but with principalities, <sup>d</sup> and with those in authority, and with the possessors of this dark world, and with the evil spirits that are beneath heaven. (13) Therefore 13 put ye on the whole armor of God, that ye may be able to meet the evil [one]; and, being in all respects prepared, may stand firm. (14) Stand up 14 therefore, and gird your loins with truth; and put on the breastplate of righteousness; (15) and 15 defend <sup>e</sup> your feet with the preparation of the gospel of peace. (16) And herewith take to you the 16 confidence <sup>f</sup> of faith, by which ye will have power
• Gr. <i>the Devil.</i>	
• Sy. <b>אֲנֹכִי</b> = Gr. <b>ἀφ' ἑαυτοῦ.</b>	
• Sy. <i>shoe, your feet.</i>	
• Sy. <b>בְּ</b>	



- 17 to quench all the fiery darts of the evil [one]. (17) And put on the helmet of rescue;<sup>g</sup> and take hold of the sword of the Spirit, which is the word of God. (18) And pray ye, with all prayers and supplications, in spirit, at all times: and in prayer be watchful, at all seasons, praying constantly, and interceding for all the saints: (19) and also for me; that language<sup>h</sup> may be given me, in the opening of my mouth; so that I may boldly proclaim the mystery of the gospel, (20) of which I am a messenger in chains; that I may utter it boldly, as I ought to utter it.
- 21 And that ye also may know my affairs, and what I am doing, lo, Tychicus, a beloved brother, and a faithful minister in our Lord, will acquaint you; (22) whom I have sent to you for this purpose, that ye might know what is [going on] with me, and that your hearts may be comforted.
- 23 Peace be with the brethren, and love with faith, from God the Father, and from our Lord Jesus the Messiah.—(24) Grace be with all them who love our Lord Jesus the Messiah without corruptness. Amen.

<sup>g</sup> Sy. **ἰσχυρῶς**,  
Gr. σωτηρίων.

<sup>h</sup> Sy. word,  
discourse.

*End of the Epistle to the Ephesians; which was written from Rome, and was sent by the hand of Tychicus.*

✧ **Ἐπιστολὴ τοῦ Παύλου πρὸς τοὺς Φιλιππησίους**

### The Epistle of Paul to the Philippians.

- I. PAUL and Timothy, servants of Jesus the Messiah, to all the saints that are in Jesus the Messiah at Philippi, with the elders<sup>a</sup> and deacons.<sup>b</sup> (2) Grace be with you, and peace from God our Father, and from our Lord Jesus the Messiah.
- 3 I thank my God at the constant recollection of you, (4) in all my prayers respecting you; and while I rejoice, I adore; (5) on account of your fellowship in the gospel, from the first day until

<sup>a</sup> Sy. **πρεβυτέρους**

<sup>b</sup> Sy. **διακόνους**

now. (6) Because I am confident of this, that he 6  
 who hath begun the good works in you, will ac-  
 accomplish them until the day of our Lord Jesus the 7  
 Messiah. (7) For thus it is right for me to think  
 of you all, because ye are permanently in my  
 heart, and because, both in my bonds and in the  
 vindication of the truth of the gospel, ye are my 8  
 associates in grace. (8) For God is my witness,  
 how I love you in the bowels of Jesus the Messiah.  
 —(9) And this I pray for, that your love may still 9  
 increase and abound, in knowledge, and in all  
 spiritual understanding: (10) so that ye may discern 10  
 the things that are suitable; and may be pure  
 and without offence, in the day of the Messiah, (11) 11  
 and be full of the fruits of righteousness which are  
 by Jesus the Messiah, to the praise and glory of  
 God.

And I would that ye might know, my brethren, 12  
 that the transaction in regard to me, hath eventuated 13  
 rather for the furtherance of the gospel;  
 so that my bonds, on account of the Messiah, are  
 matter of notoriety<sup>c</sup> in all the court, and to all others. 14  
 (14) And many of the brethren in our Lord have  
 become confident, on account of my bonds, and are  
 more bold to speak the word of God without fear.— 15  
 (15) And they herald [it], some from envy and con-  
 tention; but others with good will, and with love  
 for the Messiah; (16) because they know that I am 16  
 appointed for the vindication of the gospel. (17) 17  
 And they who herald the Messiah in contention,  
 do it not sincerely; but they hope to add pressure  
 to my bonds. (18) And in this I have rejoiced, and 18  
 do rejoice, that in every form, whether in pretence  
 or in truth, the Messiah is heralded. (19) For I 19  
 know, that these things will be found [conducive]  
 to my life,<sup>d</sup> through your prayers and the gift of  
 the Spirit of Jesus the Messiah. (20) So that I 20  
 hope and expect, that I shall in nothing be put to  
 shame; but with uncovered face, as at all times,  
 so now, the Messiah will be magnified in my  
 body, whether by life or by death.—(21) For my 21  
 life is, the Messiah; and if I die, it is gain to me.  
 (22) But if I have fruits of my labors in this life 22  
 of the flesh, I know not what I shall choose.  
 (23) For the two press upon me: I desire to be 23  
 liberated, that I may be with the Messiah; and this

<sup>c</sup> Sy. are manifested.

<sup>d</sup> or, for life to me.

24 would be very advantageous to me. (24) But also  
 the business in regard to you, urges upon me to  
 25 remain in the body.—(25) And this I confidently  
 know, that I shall continue and remain, for your joy,  
 26 and for the furtherance of your faith; (26) so that  
 when I come again to you, your glorying, which is  
 in Jesus the Messiah only, will abound through me.  
 27 Let your conduct be as becometh the gospel of  
 the Messiah; so that if I come I may see you, and  
 if absent I may hear of you, that ye stand fast in one  
 spirit and in one soul,<sup>e</sup> and that ye strive together  
 28 in the faith of the gospel. (28) And in nothing be  
 ye startled, by those who rise up against us; [which  
 is] an indication of their destruction, and of life<sup>f</sup>  
 29 for you. (29) And this is given to you by God,  
 that ye not only really believe<sup>g</sup> in the Messiah, but  
 30 also that ye suffer on his account; (30) and that ye  
 endure conflict, as ye have seen in me, and now hear  
 II. concerning me.—(II.) If, therefore, ye have conso-  
 lation in the Messiah, or if a commingling<sup>a</sup> of hearts  
 in love, or if a fellowship of the Spirit, or if com-  
 2 passions and sympathies; (2) complete ye my joy,  
 by having one apprehension, and one love, and one  
 3 soul, and one mind. (3) And do nothing in strife,  
 or in vain glory; but, with lowliness of mind, let  
 each esteem his neighbor as better than himself.  
 4 (4) And let not each be solicitous [only] for him-  
 5 self, but every one also for his neighbor. (5) And  
 think ye so in yourselves, as Jesus the Messiah also  
 6 thought; (6) who, as he was in the likeness of God,  
 deemed it no trespass<sup>b</sup> to be the coequal<sup>c</sup> of God;  
 7 (7) yet divested<sup>d</sup> himself, and assumed the likeness  
 of a servant, and was in the likeness of men, and  
 8 was found in fashion as a man; (8) and he humbled  
 himself, and became obedient unto death, even the  
 9 death of the cross. (9) Wherefore, also, God hath  
 highly exalted him, and given him a name which  
 10 is more excellent than all names; (10) that at the  
 name of Jesus every knee should bow, of [beings]  
 11 in heaven, and on earth, and under the earth; (11)  
 and that every tongue should confess that Jesus the  
 Messiah is the Lord,<sup>e</sup> to the glory of God his  
 12 Father.—(12) Therefore, my beloved, as ye have  
 at all times obeyed, not only when I was near to  
 you, but now when I am far from you, prosecute<sup>f</sup>  
 the work of your life,<sup>f</sup> more abundantly,<sup>g</sup> with fear

<sup>e</sup> Sy. **روح**

<sup>f</sup> or, *salvation.*

<sup>g</sup> Sy. *believing  
ye believe.*

<sup>a</sup> Sy. *converse  
with the heart.*

<sup>b</sup> or, *robbery.*

<sup>c</sup> Sy. **صفا**

<sup>d</sup> or, *emptied.*

<sup>e</sup> Sy. **رب**

<sup>f</sup> or, *salvation.*

<sup>g</sup> Sy. **انجيل**

and with trembling. (13) For God is operating in 13  
 you, both to purpose, and also to perform that 14  
 which ye desire. (14) Do all things without mur- 14  
 muring, and without alteration; (15) that ye may be 15  
<sup>b</sup> or, *pure*. perfect and without blemish, as the sincere<sup>b</sup> children 15  
 of God, who are resident in a perverse and crooked 16  
 generation; and that ye may appear among them 16  
 as luminaries in the world; (16) so that ye may be 16  
<sup>i</sup> or, *salvation*. to them in place of life;<sup>i</sup> for my glory in the day 16  
 of the Messiah, that I may not have run in vain, 17  
 or toiled for naught.—(17) And if I should be 17  
 made a libation upon the sacrifice and service of 17  
 your faith, I rejoice and exult with you all. (18) 18  
 And so also do ye rejoice and exult with me. 18

But I hope in our Lord Jesus, that I shall 19  
 shortly send Timothy unto you, so that I also may 19  
 have composure, when informed concerning you. 19  
 (20) For I have no other one here, who, like my- 20  
 self, will sincerely care for your welfare. (21) For 21  
 they all seek their own, not the [things] of Jesus 21  
 the Messiah. (22) But ye know the proof of him, 22  
 that as a son with his father, so he labored with me 22  
 in the gospel. (23) Him I hope shortly to send to 23  
 you, when I shall have seen how [things result] 23  
 with me. (24) And I trust in my Lord, that I 24  
 shall shortly come myself to you.—(25) But now, 25  
<sup>k</sup> Sy. كلمة a circumstance urged me to send to you Epaphro- 25  
 ditus, the brother who is an assistant and laborer 26  
 with me, but is your legate<sup>k</sup> and minister<sup>l</sup> to my 26  
<sup>l</sup> Sy. كلمة wants. (26) For he longed to see you all, and was 26  
 anxious, because he knew ye had heard, that he 27  
 was sick. (27) And indeed he was sick, nigh unto 27  
 death: but God had mercy on him: nor was it on 27  
 him only, but also on me, that I might not have 28  
 trouble upon trouble. (28) Promptly, therefore, 28  
 have I sent him to you; so that when ye see him, 28  
 ye may again be joyful, and I may have a little 29  
 breathing. (29) Receive him then in the Lord, 29  
 with all joy; and hold in honor those who are 29  
 such. (30) For, because of the Messiah's work, he 30  
 came near to death, and little regarded his life, that 30  
 he might fulfill what you lacked in the ministration 30  
 to me.

Finally, my brethren, rejoice in our Lord. To III.  
 write these [things] again and again to you, is not

irksome to me, because they make you cautious.  
 2 (2) Beware of dogs; beware of evil doers; beware  
 3 of the clipped in flesh. (3) For we are the [real]  
 4 circumcision, who worship God in spirit, and glory  
 5 in Jesus the Messiah, and place no reliance on the  
 6 flesh. (4) And yet I might place reliance on the  
 7 flesh. For, if any one thinketh that his reliance  
 8 should be on the flesh, I might [do so] more than  
 9 he. (5) Circumcised when eight days old; of the  
 10 stock of Israel; of the tribe of Benjamin; a He-  
 11 brew, descendant of Hebrews; as to the law, a  
 12 Pharisee; (6) as to zeal, a persecutor of the church;  
 13 and as to the righteousness<sup>a</sup> of the law, I was with-  
 14 out fault. (7) But these things, which had been  
 15 my excellence, I have accounted a detriment, be-  
 16 cause of the Messiah. (8) And now also I account  
 17 them all a detriment, because of the excellency of  
 18 the knowledge of Jesus the Messiah my Lord; for  
 19 the sake of whom, I have parted with all things,  
 20 and have accounted [them] as dung, that I might  
 21 gain the Messiah, (9) and be found in him; since  
 22 my righteousness is not [now] that from the law,  
 23 but that which is from faith in the Messiah, that is,  
 24 the righteousness<sup>b</sup> which is from God; (10) that  
 25 thereby I might know Jesus, and the efficacy<sup>c</sup> of  
 26 his resurrection; and might participate in his suf-  
 27 ferings, and be assimilated to his death: (11) if so  
 28 be, I may attain to the resurrection from the dead.  
 29 (12) Not as though I had already taken [the prize],  
 30 or were already complete; but I run [in the race],  
 31 if so I may take that, for which Jesus the Messiah  
 32 took me. (13) My brethren, I do not consider  
 33 myself, as having taken [it]. But one thing I  
 34 know, that I forget the things behind me, and reach  
 35 for the things before me; (14) and I run straight  
 36 for the goal,<sup>d</sup> that I may obtain the [prize] of vic-  
 37 tory of the call of God from on high, by Jesus the  
 38 Messiah. (15) Therefore let those who are perfect,  
 39 have these views; and if ye differently view any  
 40 thing, God will reveal that also to you. (16) Never-  
 41 theless, that we may attain to this, let us proceed on  
 42 in one path, and with one consent.—(17) Be like me,  
 43 my brethren; and contemplate them, who walk  
 44 after the pattern ye have seen in us. (18) For there  
 45 are many who walk otherwise; of whom I have  
 46 often told you, and I now tell you, with weeping,

<sup>a</sup> Sy. وَصَلَاتٍ

<sup>b</sup> Sy. وَصَلَاتٍ

<sup>c</sup> Sy. سَعْيًا

<sup>d</sup> or, *standard*.

that they are adversaries of the cross of the Messiah; (19) whose end is destruction; whose god is their belly, and their glory their shame; whose thoughts are on things of the earth. (20) But our concern is with heaven; and from thence we expect our Vivifier,<sup>e</sup> our Lord, Jesus the Messiah; (21) who will change the body of our abasement, that it may have the likeness of the body of his glory, according to his great power, whereby all things are made subject to him.—(IV.) Wherefore, my beloved and dear brethren, my joy and my crown!—so stand ye fast in our Lord, my beloved!

<sup>e</sup> or, *Saviour*.

<sup>a</sup> or, *mildness, sweetness of disposition.*

<sup>b</sup> or, *trained, disciplined.*

I beseech of Euodias and Syntyche, that they be of one mind in our Lord. (3) I also beseech of thee, my true yokefellow, that thou assist those women who toiled with me in the gospel; together with Clement, and with the rest of my helpers, whose names are written in the book of life.—(4) Rejoice ye in our Lord, at all times; and again I say, Rejoice. (5) Let your humility<sup>a</sup> be recognized among all men. Our Lord is near. (6) Be anxious for nothing; but at all times, by prayer and supplication with thanksgiving, make known your requests before God. (7) And the peace of God, which surpasseth all knowledge, will keep your hearts and your minds, through Jesus the Messiah.—(8) Finally, my brethren, what things are true, and what things are decorous, and what things are right, and what things are pure, and what things are lovely, and what things are commendable, and deeds of praise and approbation,—on these be your thoughts. (9) What things ye have learned, and received, and heard, and seen, in me,—these do ye: and the God of peace will be with you.

And I rejoice greatly in our Lord, that ye have [again] commenced caring for me; even as ye had before cared [for me,] but ye had not the opportunity. (11) Yet I say this, not because I was in want; for I have learned to make that satisfy me, which I have. (12) I know how to be depressed, and I also know how to abound in every thing; and in all things am I exercised,<sup>b</sup> both in fullness and in famine, in abundance and in penury. (13) I find strength for every thing, in the Messiah who strengtheneth me. (14) Yet ye have done well, in

15 that ye communicated to my necessities.<sup>c</sup>—(15)  
 And ye know also, Philippians, that in the beginning of the annunciation, when I left Macedonia, not one of the churches communicated with me in respect to receiving and giving, except ye only;  
 16 (16) that also at Thessalonica, once and again ye  
 17 sent me relief. (17) Not that I desire a gift; but  
 18 I wish fruits may multiply unto you. (18) I have [now] received all, and I abound, and am full: and I accepted all that ye sent to me by Epaphroditus, a sweet odor, and an acceptable sacrifice that  
 19 pleaseth God.—(19) And may God supply all your necessity,<sup>d</sup> according to his riches, in the glory of  
 20 Jesus the Messiah. (20) And to God our Father, be glory and honor, for ever and ever. Amen.  
 21 Salute all the saints who are in Jesus the Messiah.  
 22 The brethren who are with me, salute you. (22)  
 All the saints salute you, especially those of Caesar's  
 23 household.—(23) The grace of our Lord Jesus the Messiah, be with you all. Amen.

° Sy. ܩܘܠܘܣܝܐܢܝܐ

<sup>d</sup> or, want, indigence.

*End of the Epistle to the Philippians; which was written from Rome, and sent by the hand of Epaphroditus.*

✧ ܩܘܠܘܣܝܐܢܝܐ ܠܘܠܝܐ ܘܠܘܠܝܐ ܠܘܠܝܐ

## The Epistle of Paul to the Colossians.

I. PAUL, a legate of Jesus the Messiah by the pleasure of God, and Timothy a brother, (2) to them who are at Colosse, the brethren, holy and believing in Jesus the Messiah: peace be with you, and grace from God our Father.  
 3 We give thanks to God, the Father of our Lord Jesus the Messiah, at all times, and pray for you;  
 4 (4) lo, ever since we heard of your faith in Jesus the Messiah, and of your love to all the saints;  
 5 (5) because of the hope that is laid up for you in heaven, of which ye heard before in the word of  
 6 truth of the gospel; (6) which is announced to

<p><sup>a</sup> Sy. ܕܠܡܢܐ</p>	<p>you, as also to all the world;<sup>a</sup> and which groweth and yieldeth fruits, as it doth also among you from the day ye heard and knew the grace of God in reality: (7) as ye learned from Epaphras, our beloved fellow-servant, who is for you a faithful minister of the Messiah: (8) and who hath made known to us your love in the Spirit.—(9) Therefore we also, from the day we heard [of it], have</p>	<p>7 8 9</p>
<p><sup>b</sup> or, <i>supplicate</i>.</p>	<p>not ceased to pray for you; and to ask<sup>b</sup> that ye may be filled with a knowledge of the good pleasure of God, in all wisdom, and in all spiritual understanding; (10) that ye may walk as is right,<sup>c</sup> and may please God with all good works, and may yield fruits, and grow in the knowledge of God; (11) and may be strengthened with all strength, according to the greatness of his glory, in all patience and long suffering; (12) and may, with joy, give thanks to God the Father, who hath fitted us for a portion of the inheritance of the saints in light; (13) and hath rescued us from the dominion of darkness, and transferred us to the kingdom of his beloved Son; (14) by whom we have redemption<sup>d</sup> and remission of sins:—(15)</p>	<p>10 11 12</p>
<p><sup>c</sup> Sy. ܕܢܝܢܐ</p>	<p>who is the likeness<sup>e</sup> of the invisible God, and the first-born of all creatures: (16) and by him was created every thing that is in heaven and on earth, all that is seen and all that is unseen, whether thrones, or dominions, or principalities, or sovereignties; every thing was through him, and was created by him: (17) and he was prior to all, and by him every thing exists.<sup>f</sup> (18)</p>	<p>13 14 15</p>
<p><sup>d</sup> Sy. ܕܚܝܘܢܐ</p>	<p>And he is the head of the body the church; as he is the head and first-born from among the dead, that he might be the first<sup>g</sup> in all things.—(19) For it pleased [the Father], that in him all fullness should dwell; (20) and by him, to reconcile all things to himself; and through him, he hath pacified, with the blood of his cross, both [those] on earth and those in heaven. (21) And also to you, who were before alienated and enemies in your minds, because of your evil deeds,—(22) to you, he hath now given peace, by the body of his flesh, and by his death; that he might establish you in his presence, holy, without blemish, and without offence; (23) provided ye continue in your faith, your foundation being firm, and ye be not</p>	<p>16 17 18</p>
<p><sup>f</sup> or, <i>standeth, is established</i>.</p>	<p></p>	<p>17 18</p>
<p><sup>g</sup> Sy. ܕܡܘܬܐ</p>	<p></p>	<p>19 20</p>
<p></p>	<p></p>	<p>21 22</p>
<p></p>	<p></p>	<p>23</p>



removed from the hope of the gospel; of which ye have heard, that it is proclaimed in all the creation<sup>b</sup> beneath heaven; of which [gospel] I Paul am a minister.

<sup>b</sup> Sy. ܡܘܨܪܝܢ  
ܢܘܗܪܝܢ

24 And I rejoice in the sufferings which are for your sakes; and, in my flesh, I fill up the deficiency in the afflictions of the Messiah, in behalf of  
25 his body, which is the church; (25) of which I am a minister, according to the dispensation of God which is given to me among you, that I should  
26 fulfill the word of God, (26) [namely,] that mystery, which was hidden for ages and generations, but is  
27 now revealed to his saints; (27) to whom God would make known what is the riches of the glory of this mystery among the Gentiles; which [mystery] is the Messiah; who in you is the hope of  
28 our glory; (28) whom we proclaim, and teach and make known to every man, in all wisdom; that we may present every man perfect in Jesus the Messiah. (29) And for this also, I toil and strive, with the aid of the strength that is imparted to me.

II. And I wish you to know, what a struggle<sup>a</sup> I have for you, and for them of Laodicea, and for the others who have not seen my face in the flesh;  
2 (2) that their hearts may be comforted, and that they, by love, may come to all the riches of assurance, and to the understanding of the knowledge of the mystery of God the Father, and of the Messiah, (3) in whom are hid all the treasures of wisdom and of knowledge. (4) And this I say, lest any one should mislead you by the persuasiveness  
5 of words. (5) For though I am separated from you in the flesh, yet I am with you in spirit; and I rejoice at beholding your good order, and the  
6 stability of your faith in the Messiah.—(6) As therefore ye have received Jesus the Messiah our  
7 Lord, walk ye in him, (7) strengthening your roots and building up yourselves in him, and establishing yourselves in the faith which ye have  
8 learned, in which may ye abound in thanksgiving. (8) Beware, lest any man make you naked, by philosophy,<sup>b</sup> and by vain deception, according to the doctrines of men, according to the rudiments<sup>c</sup> of the world, and not according to the  
9 Messiah, (9) in whom dwelleth all the fullness<sup>d</sup>

<sup>a</sup> Sy. ܩܘܪܒܢܐ,  
Gr. ἀγωνία.

<sup>b</sup> Sy. ܡܘܨܪܝܢ  
ܢܘܗܪܝܢ

<sup>c</sup> Sy. ܡܘܨܪܝܢ  
ܢܘܗܪܝܢ  
Gr. σοφιστήρια.

<sup>d</sup> Sy. ܡܘܨܪܝܢ  
ܢܘܗܪܝܢ

<sup>e</sup> Sy. ⲓⲛⲁⲓⲛⲁⲓ of the Divinity<sup>e</sup> corporeally. (10) And in him 10  
 ye are also complete, because he is the head of  
 all principalities and authorities. (11) And in 11  
<sup>f</sup> or, *body*. him ye have been circumcised with a circumcision  
 without hands, by casting off the flesh<sup>f</sup> of sins, by  
 a circumcision of the Messiah. (12) And ye have 12  
 been buried with him, by baptism; and by it ye  
 have risen with him; while ye believed in the  
 power of God, who raised him from the dead.  
 (13) And you, who were dead in your sins, and by 13  
 the uncircumcision of your flesh, he hath vivified  
 with him; and he hath forgiven us all our sins:  
 (14) and, by his mandates, he blotted out the hand- 14  
 writing of our debts, which [handwriting] existed  
 against us, and took [it] from the midst, and affixed  
 [it] to his cross. (15) And, by yielding up his 15  
 body, he showed contempt for principalities and  
 authorities; and put them to shame, openly, in his  
<sup>g</sup> Sy. ⲛⲁⲓⲛⲁⲓ own person.—(16) Let no one therefore disquiet<sup>g</sup> 16  
 you about food and drink, or about the distinctions  
<sup>h</sup> Sy. ⲙⲁ of festivals, and new moons, and sabbaths;<sup>h</sup> (17) 17  
 which were shadows of the things then future;  
<sup>i</sup> or, *substance*. but the body<sup>i</sup> is the Messiah. (18) And let no 18  
 one wish, by abasing the mind, to bring you under  
 bonds, that ye subject yourselves to the worship  
 of angels; while he is prying into that which he  
 hath not seen, and is vainly inflated in his fleshly  
 mind, (19) and holdeth not the head, from which 19  
 the whole body is framed and constructed, with  
 joints and members, and groweth with the growth  
 [given] of God.—(20) For if ye are dead with the 20  
<sup>k</sup> See *verse 8*. Messiah from the rudiments<sup>k</sup> of the world, why are  
 ye judged as if ye were living in the world? (21) 21  
 But, touch thou not, and taste thou not, and han-  
 dle thou not: (22) for these things perish in the 22  
 using; and they are the commandments and doc-  
 trines of men. (23) And they seem to have a kind 23  
 of wisdom, in a show of humility, and of the fear  
 of God, and of not sparing the body: not in any  
 thing of excellence, but in things subservient to the  
 body.—(III.) If then ye have risen with the Mes-III.  
 siah, seek the things on high, where the Messiah  
 sitteth on the right hand of God. (2) Think of 2  
 things on high; not of the things on earth: (3) for 3  
 ye are dead; and your life is hidden with the Mes-  
 siah, in God. (4) And when the Messiah, who is 4

our life,<sup>a</sup> shall be manifested, then shall ye also be manifested with him in glory.

5 Mortify therefore your members that are on the earth; whoredom, impurity, and the passions, and evil concupiscence, and avarice which is idolatry.

6 (6) For on account of these [things], the wrath of

7 God cometh on the children of disobedience. (7) And in these [things] ye also formerly walked,

8 when ye lived in them. (8) But now, put away from you all these, wrath, anger, malice, reviling,

9 filthy talking; (9) and lie not one to another; but

10 put off the old man, with all his practices; (10) and put ye on the new [man], that is renewed in knowl-

11 edge, after the likeness of his Creator; (11) where<sup>b</sup> there is neither Jew nor Gentile,<sup>c</sup> neither circum-

12 cision nor uncircumcision, neither Greek nor barbarian, neither bond nor free; but the Messiah is all, and in all.—(12) Therefore, holy and beloved, as the elect of God, put ye on compassions, and tenderness, and suavity, and humbleness of mind, and

13 gentleness, and long suffering. (13) And be ye indulgent towards one another, and forgiving to one another: and if any one has a complaint against his neighbor, as the Messiah forgave you, so also

14 do ye forgive. (14) And with all these, [join]

15 love, which is the girdle<sup>d</sup> of perfection. (15) And let the peace of the Messiah direct<sup>e</sup> your hearts; for to that ye have been called, in one body; and

16 be ye thankful to the Messiah.—(16) And let his word dwell in you richly, in all wisdom. And teach and admonish yourselves, by psalms and hymns and spiritual songs, and with grace in your

17 hearts sing ye unto God. (17) And whatever ye do in word or act, do it in the name of our Lord Jesus the Messiah, and give thanksgiving through him to God the Father.

18 Wives, be ye subject to your husbands, as is right

19 in the Messiah. (19) Husbands, love ye your wives, and be not bitter towards them.—(20) Children, obey your parents in every thing; for this is pleasing before our Lord. (21) Parents, anger not your

22 children, lest they be discouraged.—(22) Servants, obey in all things your bodily masters;<sup>f</sup> not in the sight of the eye only, as those who please men, but with a simple heart, and in the fear of the Lord.

23 (23) And whatever ye do, do it with your whole

<sup>a</sup> or, source of life.

<sup>b</sup> i. e. in which new man.

<sup>c</sup> Sy. Aramean.

<sup>d</sup> Sy. *ἵμῶν*

<sup>e</sup> or, lead, govern.

<sup>f</sup> or, lords.

soul, as unto our Lord, and not as to men: (24) and 24  
 know ye, that from our Lord ye will receive a  
 recompense as the inheritance; for ye serve the  
 Lord the Messiah. (25) But the delinquent will 25  
 receive a recompense, according to the delinquency;  
 and there is no respect of persons.

<sup>a</sup> Sy. ⲡⲓⲛⲟⲩ

<sup>b</sup> Sy. ⲙⲁⲗⲁⲛ,  
*a lord.*

Masters, do equity and justice<sup>a</sup> to your servants; IV.  
 and be conscious that ye also have a master<sup>b</sup> in  
 heaven.

Persevere in prayer; and be watchful in it, and 2  
 in giving thanks. (3) And pray also for us, that 3  
 God would open to us a door of speech, for uttering  
 the mystery of the Messiah, for the sake of which<sup>c</sup>  
 I am in bonds; (4) that I may unfold it, and utter 4  
 it, as it behooveth me.—(5) Walk in wisdom 5  
 towards them without: and redeem your opportunity.  
 (6) And let your speech at all times be with grace, 6  
 as it were, seasoned with salt: and know ye, how  
 ye ought to give answer to every man.

<sup>c</sup> or, *whom.*

And what is [occurrent] with me, will Tychicus 7  
 make known to you; who is a beloved brother, and  
 a faithful minister, and our fellow-servant in the 8  
 Lord: (8) whom I have sent to you for this pur- 8  
 pose, that he might know your affairs, and might  
 comfort your hearts; (9) together with Onesimus, 9  
 a faithful and beloved brother, who is from among  
 you. These will make known to you what is [oc- 10  
 current] with us.—(10) Aristarchus, my fellow-cap- 10  
 tive, saluteth you; also Marcus, an uncle's son<sup>d</sup> to  
 Barnabas, of whom ye have received directions,  
 that if he come to you, ye may kindly receive him:

<sup>d</sup> See *Num.*  
 xxxvi. 11.

<sup>e</sup> Sy. ⲛⲉⲥⲉ

(11) also Jesus,<sup>e</sup> who is called Justus. These are of 11  
 the circumcision, and they only have aided me in  
 the kingdom of God; and they have been a comfort  
 to me. (12) Epaphras saluteth you, who is from 12  
 among you, a servant of the Messiah, always  
 laboring for you in prayer, that ye may stand per-  
 fect and complete in all the good pleasure of God.  
 (13) For I testify for him, that he hath great zeal 13  
 for you, and for them of Laodicea, and for them of  
 Hierapolis. (14) Luke the physician, our beloved, 14  
 saluteth you; also Demas. (15) Salute ye the 15  
 brethren in Laodicea, and Nymphas, and the church  
 in his house. (16) And when this epistle shall have 16  
 been read among you, cause it to be read also in the

17 church of the Laodiceans; and that which is written from Laodicea, do ye read. (17) And say to Archippus: Be attentive to the ministry which thou hast received in our Lord, that thou fulfill it.—(18) This salutation is by the hand of me Paul. Remember my bonds. Grace be with you. Amen.

*End of the Epistle to the Colossians; which was written from Rome, and was sent by the hands of Tychicus.*

✧ Ἰησοῦς Χριστὸς ὁ Κύριος ἡμῶν Ἰησοῦς

The First Epistle of Paul to the Thessalonians.

I PAUL and Sylvanus and Timothy, to the church of the Thessalonians, which is in God the Father and in our Lord Jesus the Messiah: Grace be with you, and peace.  
 2 We give thanks to God at all times, on account of you all, and remember you continually in our  
 3 prayers: (3) and we call to mind before God the Father the works of your faith, and the toil of your love, and the patience of your hope in our Lord  
 4 Jesus the Messiah. (4) For we know your election,<sup>a</sup>  
 5 my brethren, beloved of God. (5) For our preaching among you, was not in words only; but also in power, and in the Holy Spirit, and in genuine persuasion. Ye also know, how we were among you  
 6 for your sakes. (6) And ye became imitators of us, and of our Lord, in that ye received the word in great affliction, and with the joy of the Holy  
 7 Spirit. (7) And ye were a pattern for all the believers who are in Macedonia and in Achaia.  
 8 (8) For from you the word of our Lord sounded<sup>b</sup> forth; [and] not only in Macedonia and Achaia, but in every place, your faith in God is heard of; so that we have no need to say any thing concerning you. (9) For they declare, what an ingress we had to you, and how ye turned from the wor-

<sup>a</sup> Sy.

ἡμεῖς

<sup>b</sup> Sy. was heard.

ship of idols unto God, that ye might worship the living and true God; (10) while ye wait for his Son 10  
from heaven, that Jesus whom he raised from the dead, who delivereth us from the wrath to come.

And ye yourselves, my brethren, know our II.  
entrance among you, that it was not in vain: (2) 2  
but we first suffered and were treated with indignity,  
as ye know, at Philippi; and then, in a great agony,  
with confidence in our God,<sup>a</sup> we addressed to you  
the gospel of the Messiah. (3) For our exhortation 3  
proceeded not from deceit, nor from impurity, nor in  
guile: (4) but as we had been approved of God to 4  
be intrusted with the gospel, so we speak, not as  
pleasing men, but God who searcheth our hearts.  
(5) For at no time have we used flattering speech, 5  
as ye know; nor a cloak of cupidity, God is wit-  
ness. (6) Neither have we sought glory from 6  
men, either from you or from others, when we  
might have been chargeable as legates of the  
Messiah. (7) But we were lowly among you; and 7  
like a nurse, who fondleth<sup>b</sup> her children, (8) so we 8  
also fondled [you], and were desirous to impart to  
you, not the gospel of God merely, but also our own  
soul, because ye were dear to us. (9) For ye recol- 9  
lect, brethren, that we labored and toiled, working  
with our own hands, by night and by day, that we  
might not be chargeable to any one of you. (10) Ye 10  
are witnesses, and God [also], how we preached to  
you the gospel of God, purely, and uprightly, and  
were blameless towards all them that believe:  
(11) as yourselves know, we entreated each one of 11  
you, as a father his children, and comforted<sup>c</sup> your  
hearts: (12) and we charged you, to walk as it 12  
becometh God, who hath called you to his kingdom  
and his glory.—(13) Therefore also we give thanks 13  
unceasingly to God, that the word of God which ye  
received from us, ye did not receive as the word of  
men, but as being truly the word of God, which  
worketh efficiently in you and in them that believe.  
(14) For ye, my brethren, became assimilated to the 14  
churches of God in Judea, the persons who are in  
Jesus the Messiah; in that ye so suffered, even ye  
from your own countrymen, as also they from the  
Jews, (15) the persons who slew our Lord Jesus the 15  
Messiah, and persecuted their own prophets and us;

<sup>a</sup> Sy.

ⲙⲉⲛⲓⲁⲓⲛⲓⲛⲓ  
ⲛⲓⲛⲓⲛⲓ

<sup>b</sup> Sy.

ⲛⲓⲛⲓⲛⲓ

<sup>c</sup> Sy. *conversed*  
*with.*

and they please not God, and are made hostile to all  
 16 men; (16) and they forbid us to speak to the Gen-  
 tiles, that they may have life;<sup>d</sup>—to fill up their  
 sins at all times. And wrath cometh on them to  
 the uttermost.

<sup>d</sup> or, *be saved.*

17 But we, my brethren, have been bereaved of you  
 for a short time, (in visible presence,<sup>e</sup> not in  
 our hearts,) and have the more exerted ourselves,  
 18 to behold your faces, with great affection. (18)

<sup>e</sup> Sy. *by face.*

And we purposed to come to you,—I Paul, once  
 19 and again; but Satan hindered me. (19) For what  
 is our hope, and our joy, and the crown of our glo-  
 rying; unless it be ye, before our Lord Jesus at  
 20 his coming? (20) For ye are our glory, and our  
 III. joy.—(III.) And, because we could no longer en-  
 dure it, we were willing to be left alone at Athens,

2 (2) and to send to you Timothy our brother, a  
 servant<sup>a</sup> of God, and our assistant in the announce-  
 ment of the Messiah; that he might strengthen

<sup>a</sup> or, *minister.*

3 you, and inquire of you respecting your faith: (3)  
 lest any of you should be disheartened<sup>b</sup> by these  
 afflictions; for ye know, that we are appointed  
 4 thereto. (4) For also when we were with you, we  
 forewarned you, that we were to be afflicted; as

<sup>b</sup> Sy.

ⲟⲛ ⲩⲱⲟⲗⲗ

5 ye know did occur. (5) Therefore also I could  
 not be quiet, until I sent to learn your faith; lest  
 the Tempter should have tempted you, and our  
 6 labor have been in vain.—(6) But now, since  
 Timothy hath come to us from among you, and  
 hath informed us respecting your faith and your  
 love, and that ye have a good remembrance of us  
 at all times, and that ye desire to see us, even as

7 we [to see] you; (7) therefore we are comforted in  
 you, my brethren, amid all our straits and afflic-  
 8 tions, on account of your faith. (8) And now,

9 we live,<sup>c</sup> if ye stand fast in our Lord. (9) For  
 what thanks can we render to God in your behalf,  
 for all the joy with which we are joyful on your  
 10 account; (10) unless it be, that we the more sup-  
 plicate before God, by night and by day, that we  
 may see your faces, and may perfect what is lack-

<sup>c</sup> Sy. ⲉⲥⲥⲉ

11 ing in your faith?—(11.) And may God our Father,  
 and our Lord Jesus the Messiah, direct our way  
 12 unto you; (12) and increase and enlarge your love  
 towards one another, and towards all men, even as  
 13 we love you; (13) and establish your hearts un-

blamable in holiness, before God our Father; at the advent of our Lord Jesus the Messiah, with all his saints.

Wherefore, my brethren, I entreat you, and IV. beseech you by our Lord Jesus, that, as ye have received from us how ye ought to walk, and to please God, so ye would make progress more and more. (2) For ye know what command we gave you in our Lord Jesus the Messiah. (3) For this is the pleasure of God, your sanctification;<sup>a</sup> and that ye be separated from all whoredom; (4) and that each one of you might know how to possess his vessel, in sanctity and in honor; (5) and not in the concupiscence of lust, like the rest of the Gentiles who know not God: (6) and that ye dare not to transgress and to overreach any one his brother, in this matter; because our Lord is the avenger of all these, as also we have said and testified to you in time past. (7) For God did not call you unto impurity, but to sanctification. (8) He therefore who spurneth, spurneth not man but God, who hath given his Holy Spirit in you.—(9) Now concerning love to the brethren, ye need not that I should write to you; for ye yourselves are taught of God to love one another. (10) Ye likewise do so, to all the brethren who are in all Macedonia: but I entreat you, my brethren, to be exuberant: (11) and that ye strive to be quiet, and to attend to your own affairs; and that ye labor with your own hands, as we directed you; (12) and that ye walk becomingly towards those without; and that ye be dependent<sup>b</sup> on no man.

<sup>a</sup> Sy.

ⲓⲛⲁⲓⲛⲁⲓⲛⲁⲓ

<sup>b</sup> Sy. *be in need of.*

<sup>c</sup> Sy.

ⲓⲛⲁⲓⲛⲁⲓⲛⲁⲓ

And, I wish you to know, my brethren, that ye should not mourn over them who have fallen asleep, like other people who have no hope. (14) For if we believe that Jesus died and rose again, even so them who sleep, will God, by Jesus, bring with him. (15) And this we say to you, by the word of our Lord, that we who may survive and be alive, at the coming of our Lord, shall not precede them who have slept. (16) Because our Lord will himself descend from heaven, with the mandate,<sup>c</sup> and with the voice of the chief angel, and with the trump of God; and the dead who are in the Messiah, will first arise; (17) and then, we who survive 17



and are alive shall be caught up together with them to the clouds, to meet our Lord in the air; and so shall we be ever with our Lord. (18) Wherefore, comfort ye one another with these words.

V. But concerning the times and seasons, my brethren, ye need not that I write to you; (2) for ye know assuredly, that the day of our Lord so cometh, as a thief by night. (3) While they will be saying, Peace and quietness, then suddenly destruction will burst upon them, as distress upon a child-bearer, and they will not escape.—(4) But ye, my brethren, are not in darkness, that that day should overtake you as a thief. (5) For ye are all children of the light, and children of the day; and are not children of the night, and children of darkness. (6) Let us not therefore sleep, like others; but let us be vigilant and considerate.<sup>a</sup> (7) For they who sleep, sleep in the night; and they who are drunken, are drunken in the night. (8) But let us who are children of the day, be wakeful in mind, and put on the breastplate of faith and love, and take<sup>b</sup> the helmet of the hope of life. (9) For God hath not appointed us to wrath, but to the acquisition of life<sup>d</sup>, by our Lord Jesus the Messiah: (10) who died for us<sup>e</sup>, that whether we wake or sleep, we might live together with him. (11) Therefore comfort one another, and edify one another, as also ye have done.

(12) And we entreat you, my brethren, that ye recognize them who labor among you, and who stand before your faces<sup>f</sup> in our Lord, and instruct you: (13) that they may be esteemed by you with abundant love; and, on account of their work, live ye in harmony<sup>g</sup> with them. (14) And we entreat you, my brethren, that ye admonish the faulty, and encourage the faint-hearted, and bear the burdens of the weak, and be long suffering towards all men. (15) And beware, lest any of you return evil for evil, but always follow<sup>h</sup> good deeds, towards one another, and towards all men.—(16) And be joyful always. (17) And pray without ceasing. (18) And in every thing be thankful: For this is the pleasure of God in Jesus the Messiah, concerning you. (19) Quench not the Spirit. (20) Despise not prophesying. (21) Explore every thing, and hold fast

<sup>a</sup> Sy.

كاشفون

<sup>b</sup> Sy. impose.<sup>c</sup> or, salvation.<sup>d</sup> or, salvation.<sup>e</sup> Sy.

لا اقم

<sup>f</sup> Sy. صموني

طاعتكم

<sup>g</sup> Sy.

انصتوا

<sup>h</sup> Sy. run after.

the good: (22) and fly from every thing evil. 22  
 (23) And may the God of peace sanctify you all, 23  
 perfectly, and keep blameless your whole spirit,  
 and your soul, and your body, till the coming of  
 our Lord Jesus the Messiah. (24) Faithful is he 24  
 that hath called you, who will do it.

My brethren, pray for us.—(26) Salute all our 26  
 brethren with a holy kiss. (27) I conjure you by 27  
 our Lord, that this epistle be read to all the holy  
 brethren.—(28) The grace of our Lord Jesus the 28  
 Messiah be with you. Amen.

*End of the first Epistle to the Thessalonians; which was written from Athens, and was sent by the hands of Timothy.*

⋆ ܠܢܘܢܝܢ ܕܡܫܝܚܐ ܕܡܫܝܚܐ ܕܡܫܝܚܐ ܕܡܫܝܚܐ ܕܡܫܝܚܐ ܕܡܫܝܚܐ

The Second Epistle of Paul to the Thessalonians.

• PAUL and Sylvanus and Timothy, to the church I.  
 of the Thessalonians, which is in God our Father 2  
 and our Lord Jesus the Messiah: (2) Grace be with 2  
 you, and peace, from God our Father, and from our  
 Lord Jesus the Messiah.

We are bound to give thanks to God always, on 3  
 your account, my brethren, as it is proper; because 3  
 your faith groweth exceedingly, and, in you all, the 4  
 love of each for his fellow increaseth. (4) Inso- 4  
 much that we also boast of you in the churches of 5  
 God, on account of your faith, and your patience in 5  
 all the persecution and trials that ye endure; (5) for 5  
 a demonstration of the righteous judgment of God;

<sup>a</sup> Sy. ܠܡܫܝܚܐ

that ye may be worthy<sup>a</sup> of his kingdom, on account 6  
 of which ye suffer. (6) And since it is a righteous 6  
 thing with God, to recompense trouble to them that 7  
 trouble you: (7) and you, who are the troubled, he 7  
 will vivify, with us, at the manifestation of our

<sup>b</sup> Sy. ܡܫܝܚܐ

Lord Jesus the Messiah from heaven, with the host<sup>b</sup>

<sup>c</sup> Sy. ܡܫܝܚܐ

of his angels; (8) when he will execute vengeance, 8  
 with the burning<sup>c</sup> of fire, on them that know not

<sup>d</sup> Sy. ܡܫܝܚܐ

God, and on them that acknowledge not the gospel<sup>d</sup>

9 of our Lord Jesus the Messiah. (9) For these will be recompensed with the judgment of eternal destruction, from the presence of our Lord, and  
 10 from the glory of his power; (10) when he shall come to be glorified in his saints, and to display his wonders in his faithful ones; for our testimony concerning you, will be believed, in that day.—  
 11 (11) Therefore we pray for you, at all times; that God would make you worthy of your calling, and would fill you with all readiness for good deeds,  
 12 and with the works of faith by power; (12) so that the name of our Lord Jesus the Messiah, may be glorified in you, (and) ye also in him; according to the grace of God, and of our Lord Jesus the Messiah.

II. But we entreat of you, my brethren, in regard to the coming of our Lord Jesus the Messiah, and in  
 2 respect to our being congregated unto him, (2) that ye be not soon agitated in your mind, nor be troubled,—neither by word, nor by spirit, nor by letter, as coming from us,—that is, the day of our  
 3 Lord is at hand. (3) Let no one deceive you in any way; because [that day will not come], unless there previously come a defection,<sup>a</sup> and that man of sin  
 4 be revealed, the son of perdition; (4) who is an opposer, and exalteth himself above all that is called God and Worshipful;<sup>b</sup> so that he also sitteth in the temple of God, as a God, and displayeth himself, as if he were God.—(5) Do ye not remember, that, when I was with you, I told you these things?  
 6 (6) And now, ye know what hindereth his being manifested in his time. (7) For the mystery of the evil One already beginneth to be operative: and only, if that which now hindereth shall be taken  
 8 from the midst;—(8) then at length will that evil One be revealed; whom our Lord Jesus will consume by the breath<sup>c</sup> of his mouth, and will bring to  
 9 naught by the visibility of his advent. (9) For the coming of that [evil One], is the working of Satan, with all power, and signs, and lying wonders,  
 10 (10) and with all the deceptiveness of iniquity, in them that perish; because they did not receive the love of the truth, by which they might have life.<sup>d</sup>  
 11 (11) Therefore God will send upon them the operation of deception, that they may believe a lie;

<sup>a</sup> or, *rebellion.*

<sup>b</sup> Sy. ܡܫܝܚܐ

<sup>c</sup> Sy. ܢܦܝܫܐ

<sup>d</sup> or, *be saved.*

(12) and that they all may be condemned, who believe not the truth, but have pleasure in iniquity. —(13) But we are bound to give thanks to God always, on your account, my brethren beloved of our Lord, that God hath from the beginning chosen you unto life,<sup>e</sup> through sanctification of the Spirit, and through faith in the truth. (14) For unto these it was, that God called you by our preaching; that ye might be the glory to our Lord Jesus the Messiah. (15) Therefore, my brethren, be established, and persevere in the precepts which ye have been taught, whether by word or by our epistle. (16) And may our Lord Jesus the Messiah himself, and God our Father, who hath loved us, and given us everlasting consolation and a good hope through his grace, (17) comfort your hearts, and establish [you] in every good word, and in every good work.

<sup>e</sup> or, *salvation*.

Henceforth, brethren, pray ye for us, that the word of our Lord may, in every place, run and be glorified, as with you; (2) and that we may be delivered from evil and perverse men; for faith is not in all. (3) And faithful is the Lord, who will keep you and rescue you from the evil One. (4) And we have confidence in you, through our Lord, that what we have inculcated on you, ye both have done, and will do. (5) And may our Lord direct your hearts to the love of God, and to a patient waiting for the Messiah.—(6) And we enjoin upon you, my brethren, in the name of our Lord Jesus the Messiah, that ye withdraw from every brother who walketh wickedly,<sup>a</sup> and not according to the precepts which ye received from us. (7) For ye know how ye ought to imitate us, who did not walk wickedly among you. (8) Neither did we eat bread gratuitously from any of you; but, with toil and weariness, we labored by night and by day, that we might not be burdensome to any of you. (9) It was not because we have no authority,<sup>b</sup> but that we might give you an example in ourselves, that ye might imitate us. (10) And while we were with you, we also gave you this precept, That every one who would not work, should likewise not eat. (11) For we hear, there are some among you who walk wickedly,<sup>c</sup> and do nothing except vain things.

<sup>a</sup> Sy. ⲁⲓⲛⲉⲛⲉⲛⲉⲛⲉⲛ

ⲁⲓⲛⲉⲛⲉⲛⲉⲛⲉⲛ

*Gr. disorderly.*

<sup>b</sup> Sy. ⲁⲓⲛⲉⲛⲉⲛⲉⲛⲉⲛ

<sup>c</sup> Sy. *disorderly.*

12 (12) Now such persons, we command and exhort,  
 13 by our Lord Jesus the Messiah, that in quietness  
 14 they work, and eat their own bread. (13) And  
 15 my brethren, let it not be wearisome to you, to do  
 16 what is good.<sup>d</sup> (14) And if any one hearkeneth  
 17 not to these [my] words in this epistle, separate  
 18 that man from you, and have no intimacy with him,  
 19 that he may be ashamed. (15) Yet, hold him not  
 20 as an enemy, but admonish him as a brother.—  
 21 (16) And may the Lord of peace give you peace,  
 22 always, in every thing. Our Lord be with you all.  
 23 The salutation in the writing of my own hand, I  
 24 Paul have written it; which is the token in all my  
 25 epistles, so I write. (18) The grace of Jesus the  
 26 Messiah be with you all, my brethren. Amen.

<sup>d</sup> Sy.

*End of the second Epistle to the Thessalonians; which was written from Laodicea of Pisidia, and was sent by the hands of Tychicus.*

✧ ܐܢܬܘܢ ܕܥܠܝܢ ܕܡܫܝܚܐ ܕܝܫܘܥ ܕܡܫܝܚܐ ܕܝܫܘܥ ܕܡܫܝܚܐ ܕܝܫܘܥ ܕܡܫܝܚܐ

The First Epistle of Paul to Timothy.

I. PAUL, a legate of Jesus the Messiah, by the  
 2 command of God our life-giver,<sup>a</sup> and of the Mes-  
 3 siah, Jesus our hope; (2) to Timothy, [my] true  
 4 son in the faith: grace and mercy and peace, from  
 5 God our Father, and the Messiah, Jesus our Lord.  
 6 When I was going into Macedonia, I requested  
 7 thee to remain at Ephesus, and to charge certain  
 8 persons not to teach different doctrines; (4) and  
 9 not to throw themselves into fables and stories  
 10 about genealogies, of which there is no end, which  
 11 produce contention rather than edification in the  
 12 faith of God.—(5) Now the end<sup>b</sup> of the command  
 13 is love, which is from a pure heart, and from a  
 14 good conscience, and from true faith. (6) But from  
 15 these some have strayed, and have turned aside to  
 16 vain words; (7) because they wished to be teachers

<sup>a</sup> or, our Sa-  
 viour.

<sup>b</sup> Sy.   
 i. e. scope,  
 design.


of the law, while they understood not what they speak, nor the thing about which they contend. 8  
<sup>c</sup> Sy. **وهو** (8) Now, we know, that the law is a good<sup>e</sup> thing, if 8  
 a man conduct himself in it, according to the law, 9  
 (9) he knowing that the law was not established for 9  
 the righteous, but for the evil, and the rebellious, 10  
 and the ungodly, and the sinful, and the perverse, 10  
 and for the impure, and for smiters of their fathers 10  
 and smiters of their mothers, and for murderers, 10  
 (10) and for whoremongers, and for copulators with 10  
 males, and for the stealers of free people, and for 10  
 liars, and for violators of oaths, and for whatever is 11  
 contrary to sound doctrine, (11) [namely] that of 11  
 the glorious gospel<sup>d</sup> of the blessed God, with which 11  
 I am intrusted. (12) And I thank him who 12  
 strengthened me, [even] our Lord Jesus the Mes- 12  
 siah; who accounted me faithful, and appointed 13  
 me to his ministry; (13) me [I say], who before 13  
 was a blasphemer, and a persecutor, and a reviler; 13  
 but I obtained mercy, because I did it while igno- 14  
 rant and without faith. (14) And in me the grace 14  
 of our Lord abounded, and faith and love, which 14  
 is in Jesus the Messiah. (15) Faithful is the dec- 15  
 laration, and worthy to be received, that Jesus the 15  
 Messiah came into the world to give life<sup>e</sup> to sinners, 16  
 of whom I was the primary.<sup>f</sup> (16) But for this 16  
 cause had he mercy on me, that in me first Jesus 16  
 the Messiah might display all his long suffering, for 16  
 an example to them who were to believe on him 17  
 unto life eternal. (17) And to the king eternal, 17  
 incorruptible, and invisible, the sole God, be honor 17  
 and glory for ever and ever! Amen.—(18) This 18  
 injunction I commit to thee, my son Timothy, ac- 18  
 cording to the former predictions concerning thee, 18  
 that in them thou mightest war this good warfare, 19  
 (19) in faith and a good conscience; for they who 19  
 have repudiated this, have become destitute of faith; 19  
 (20) like Hymeneus and Alexander, whom I have 20  
 delivered up to Satan, that they may learn not to 20  
 be blasphemers.


I exhort thee, therefore, first of all, that thou II.  
 present to God supplication, and prayer, and inter-  
 cession, and thanksgiving, for all men: (2) for 2  
 kings and magistrates, that we may dwell in a quiet  
 and tranquil habitation, with all reverence for God,

3 and with purity. (3) For this is good and accept-  
 4 able before God our life-giver;<sup>a</sup> (4) who would  
 have all men live,<sup>b</sup> and be converted to the knowl-  
 5 edge of the truth. (5) For God is one; and the  
 mediator<sup>c</sup> between God and men is one, [namely]  
 6 the man Jesus the Messiah; (6) who gave himself a  
 ransom<sup>d</sup> for every man;—a testimony that arrived  
 7 in due time, (7) of which I am constituted a herald  
 and legate. I speak the truth, and do not lie, for I  
 8 am the teacher of the Gentiles in the belief of the  
 truth.—(8) I desire therefore, that men may pray  
 in every place, while they lift up their hands with  
 purity, without wrath, and without disputations.  
 9 (9) So also, that women [appear] in a chaste fashion  
 of dress; and that their adorning be with modesty  
 and chastity; not with curls, or with gold, or with  
 10 pearls, or with splendid robes; (10) but with good  
 works, as becometh women who profess reverence  
 11 for God.—(11) Let a woman learn in silence, with  
 12 all submission: (12) for I do not allow a woman to  
 teach, or to be assuming over the man; but let her  
 13 remain in stillness. (13) For Adam was first form-  
 14 ed, and then Eve. (14) And Adam was not seduced,  
 but the woman was seduced and transgressed the  
 15 command. (15) Yet she shall live<sup>e</sup> by means of  
 her children, if they continue in the faith, and in  
 love, and in sanctity, and in chastity.

<sup>a</sup> or, *Saviour.*

<sup>b</sup> or, *be saved.*

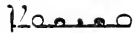
<sup>c</sup> Sy. 

<sup>d</sup> Sy. 

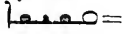
<sup>e</sup> or, *be saved.*

III. It is a faithful saying, that if a man desireth the  
 2 eldership,<sup>a</sup> he desireth a good work. (2) And an  
 elder<sup>b</sup> ought to be such, that no blame can be found  
 in him; and he should be the husband of one wife,  
 with a vigilant mind, and sober and regular [in his  
 habits], and affectionate to strangers, and instruct-  
 3 ive;<sup>c</sup> (3) and not a transgressor in regard to wine,  
 and whose hand is not swift to strike; but he  
 should be humble, and not contentious, nor a lover  
 4 of money; (4) and one that guideth<sup>d</sup> well his own  
 house, and holdeth his children in subjection with  
 5 all purity. (5) For if he knoweth not how to guide  
 his own house well, how can he guide the church  
 6 of God. (6) Neither let him be of recent disciplesh-  
 7 ip; lest he be uplifted, and fall into the condemna-  
 tion of Satan. (7) And there ought to be good  
 testimony of him from those without; lest he fall  
 8 into reproach and the snare of Satan.—(8) And so

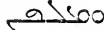
<sup>a</sup> Sy.

  
 the Gr. ἐπίσκοπος.

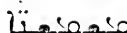
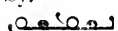
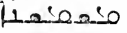
<sup>b</sup> Sy.

  
 Gr. ἐπίσκοπος.

<sup>c</sup> Sy.



<sup>d</sup> Sy. 

<p><sup>e</sup> Sy.            Gr. <i>διακόναι.</i></p>	<p>also the deacons<sup>e</sup> should be pure, and not speak          double, nor incline to much wine, nor love base          gains; (9) but should hold the mystery of the faith 9          with a pure conscience. (10) And let them be first 10          tried, and then let them serve,<sup>f</sup> if they are without          blame. (11) So also should the wives be chaste, 11          and of vigilant minds; and they should be faithful          in all things; and they should not be slanderers.          (12) Let the deacons be such as have each one wife, 12          and guide well their children and households.          (13) For they who serve well [as deacons], procure 13          for themselves a good degree,<sup>g</sup> and much boldness          in the faith of Jesus the Messiah.</p>
<p><sup>f</sup> Sy.  </p>	<p>These things I write to thee, while hoping soon 14          to come to thee; (15) but if I should delay, that 15          thou mayest know how thou oughtest to conduct          thyself in the house of God, which is the church of          the living God.<sup>h</sup>—The pillar and the foundation of          the truth, (16) and truly great, is this mystery of 16          righteousness,<sup>h</sup> which was revealed<sup>i</sup> in the flesh, and          justified in the spirit, and seen by angels, and pro-          claimed among the Gentiles, and believed on in the          world, and received up into glory.—(IV.) But the IV.          Spirit saith explicitly, that in the latter times, some          will depart from the faith; and will go after decep-          tive spirits, and after the doctrine of demons.</p>
<p><sup>g</sup> Sy. ܠܥܘܠܐܢܐ</p>	<p>(2) These will seduce, by a false appearance; and will 2          utter a lie, and will be seared in their conscience;          (3) and will forbid to marry; and will require 3          abstinence from meats, which God hath created for          use and for thankfulness, by them who believe and          know the truth. (4) Because whatever is created 4          by God is good; and there is nothing which should          be rejected<sup>a</sup> if it be received with thankfulness;          (5) for it is sanctified by the word of God and by 5          prayer.—(6) If thou shalt inculcate these things on 6          thy brethren, thou wilt be a good minister<sup>b</sup> of Jesus          the Messiah, being educated in the language of the          faith, and in the good doctrine which thou hast          been taught. (7) But the silly tales of old women, 7          shun thou; and occupy thyself with righteousness.          (8) For, exercising the body is profitable a little 8</p>
<p><sup>h</sup> Sy. ܐܘܬܘܪܐ ܕܥܘܠܐܢܐ</p>	<p><sup>a</sup> or, <i>abomina-          ted.</i></p>
<p><sup>i</sup> Sy.  </p>	<p><sup>b</sup> or, <i>abomina-          ted.</i></p>

\* The structure of these sentences is the same in the Syriac and in the Greek; and by following the punctuation of Griesbach, Knapp, and other modern editors of the Greek Testament, the Syriac is accurately translated as above. The reading of  $\theta\zeta$  or  $\theta$ , instead of  $\theta\zeta\zeta$ , in verse 16, is supported by the Syriac version.



while; but righteousness is every way profitable and hath promise of the life of the present time and of that  
9 to come. (9) This is a faithful saying, and worthy of  
10 reception. (10) For on this account, we toil and suffer reproach; because we trust in the living God, who is the life-giver<sup>c</sup> of all men, especially of the believers.

11 (11) These things teach thou, and inculcate.

12 And let no one despise thy youth; but be thou a pattern for the believers, in speech, and in behavior,  
13 and in love, and in faith, and in purity. (13) Until I come, be diligent in reading, and in prayer,  
14 and in teaching. (14) Despise not the gift that is in thee, which was given thee by prophecy, and by  
15 the laying on of the hand of the eldership.<sup>d</sup> (15) On these things meditate; give thyself wholly to them: that it may be obvious to all that thou makest ad-

16 vances. (16) Be attentive to thyself, and to thy teaching; and persevere in them. For in doing this, thou wilt procure life<sup>e</sup> to thyself and to them

V. who hear thee.—(V.) Chide not an elder,<sup>a</sup> but entreat him as a father; and the younger men, as  
2 thy brothers; (2) and the elder women,<sup>b</sup> as mothers; and the younger women, as thy sisters, with all  
3 purity.—(3) Honor widows, who are truly widows.

4 (4) But if a widow hath children, or grandchildren, let them first learn to show kindness to their own households, and to repay the obligations to their  
5 parents; for this is acceptable before God. (5) Now she who is truly a widow, and solitary,—her hope is in God; and she persevereth in prayers, and in  
6 supplications, by night and by day: (6) But she who followeth pleasure, is dead while she liveth.

7 (7) These things enjoin thou on them, that they  
8 may be blameless. (8) But if any one careth not for them who are his own, and especially for them who are of the household<sup>c</sup> of faith, he hath rejected the faith, and is worse than the unbelievers.

9 (9) Therefore elect thou the widow, who is not less than sixty years [old], and who hath been the wife  
10 of one man, (10) and hath a reputation for good works;—if she have trained up children, if she have entertained strangers, if she have washed the feet of saints, if she have relieved the afflicted, if she  
11 have walked in every good work. (11) But the younger widows do thou reject; for they wax wanton<sup>d</sup> against the Messiah, and desire to be married:

<sup>c</sup> or, *Saviour.*

<sup>d</sup> Sy.

ⲓⲛⲟⲩⲟⲩⲟⲩⲟⲩⲟⲩ

<sup>e</sup> or, *save.*

<sup>a</sup> Sy. ⲓⲛⲟⲩⲟⲩⲟⲩⲟⲩⲟⲩ

<sup>b</sup> Sy.

ⲓⲛⲟⲩⲟⲩⲟⲩⲟⲩⲟⲩ

<sup>c</sup> Sy. *sons of the house.*

<sup>d</sup> Sy. ⲓⲛⲟⲩⲟⲩⲟⲩⲟⲩⲟⲩ

	(12) and their condemnation is fixed, because they 12 have cast off their former faith. (13) And they 13 also learn idleness, wandering from house to house; and not only idleness, but also to talk much, and to pursue vanities, and to utter what they ought not. (14) I would therefore, that the younger wo- 14 men marry, and bear children, and regulate their houses; and that they give no occasion to the ad- versary for reproach. (15) For some have already 15 begun to turn aside after Satan. (16) If any be- 16 lieving man or believing woman have widows, let them support them; and let them not be a burden on the church; so that there may be a sufficiency 17 for such as are really widows.—(17) Let the elders <sup>e</sup> 17 who conduct <sup>f</sup> themselves well, be esteemed worthy of double honor; especially they who labor in the word and in doctrine. (18) For the scripture saith, 18 Thou shalt not muzzle the ox in threshing; and, The laborer is worthy of his pay.—(19) Against an 19 elder, <sup>g</sup> receive not a complaint, except at the mouth of two or three witnesses.—(20) Those who sin be- 20 fore all, rebuke; that the rest of the people may fear.—(21) I charge thee, before God, and our Lord 21 Jesus the Messiah, and his elect angels, that thou observe these things; and let not your mind be preoccupied by any thing: and do nothing with a respect for persons.—(22) Lay not the hand hastily 22 on any man; and participate not in the sins of others; keep thyself pure.—(23) And hereafter 23 drink not water, but drink a little wine; on account of thy stomach, and thy continuing infirmities.— (24) There are persons, whose sins are known, and 24 go before them to the place of judgment; and there are some, whom they follow after. (25) So also 25 good deeds <sup>h</sup> are known: and those which are other- wise cannot be hid.
<sup>e</sup> Sy. <span style="font-family: serif;">صفتها</span>	
<sup>f</sup> Sy. <span style="font-family: serif;">صالحين</span>	
<sup>g</sup> Sy. <span style="font-family: serif;">صبيح</span>	
<sup>h</sup> Some copies read <i>men</i> .	
<sup>a</sup> Sy. <span style="font-family: serif;">١٥٠٦</span>	Let them who are under the yoke of servitude, <sup>a</sup> VI. hold their masters in all honor; lest the name of God and his doctrine be reproached. (2) And let 2 them who have believing masters, not treat them with disrespect, because they are their brethren; but let them be more obedient, because they are believers and beloved, in whose service they enjoy quietness. These things teach thou, and request of them.

3 But if there be any one, who teacheth a different doctrine, and doth not accede to the salutary words of our Lord Jesus the Messiah, and to the doctrine of the fear of God, (4) he is one that exalteth himself, while he knoweth nothing; and he languisheth<sup>b</sup> in the search and inquiry about words, from which come envy, and contention, and railing, and evil surmising, (5) and the disputation of men, whose minds are corrupt and destitute of the truth, and who suppose that gain is godliness. But from these stand thou aloof. (6) But great is our gain, which is the fear of God, with the use of our competence. (7) For we brought nothing into the world; and we know that we can carry nothing out of it. (8) Therefore, food and clothing satisfy us. (9) But they who desire to become rich, fall into temptations, and into snares, and into many lusts which are foolish and hurtful, and which drown men in destruction and perdition: (10) for the love of money is the root of all these evils. And there are some who, coveting it, have erred from the faith, and brought themselves into many sorrows.— (11) But thou, O man of God, flee from these things; and follow after righteousness, and rectitude, and faith, and love, and patience, and humility. (12) And contend in the good contest of faith; and lay hold of life eternal, to which thou art called, and [of which] thou hast confessed a good confession before many witnesses. (13) I charge<sup>c</sup> thee, before God, who quickeneth all, and [before] Jesus the Messiah who attested a good testimony before Pontius Pilate, (14) that thou keep the injunction, without stain, and without blemish, until the manifestation of our Lord Jesus the Messiah; (15) which<sup>d</sup> God will, in due time make visible; [God] the blessed and only Potentate, the King of kings, and the Lord of lords; (16) who only is incorruptible, and dwelleth in light to which no one can approach; and whom no man hath seen, or even can see: to him be glory and dominion for ever and ever. Amen. (17) Charge the rich of this world, that they be not uplifted in their minds; and that they confide not in riches, in which is no security; but in the living God, who giveth us all things abundantly for our comfort: (18) and that they do good works, and be rich in well-doings; and be ready to give and

<sup>b</sup> Sy. ܫܠܝܫܐ

<sup>c</sup> Sy. ܕܡܫܝܚܐ

<sup>d</sup> or, whom.

to communicate: (19) and that they lay up for 19 themselves a good foundation for that which is future; that they may take hold of real life.

O Timothy, be careful of that which is committed 20 to thee; and shun vain words, and the oppositions of false science: (21) for they who profess it, have 21 erred from the faith. Grace be with thee. Amen.

*End of the first Epistle to Timothy; which was written from Laodicea.*

❖ ܠܘܕܝܨܐ ܕܡܫܝܚܐ ܕܝܫܘܥ ܕܡܫܝܚܐ ܕܝܫܘܥ ܕܡܫܝܚܐ ܕܝܫܘܥ

### The Second Epistle of Paul to Timothy.

<p><sup>a</sup> or, <i>salvation</i>.</p>	<p>PAUL, a legate of Jesus the Messiah by the pleasure of God, according to the promise of life<sup>a</sup> which is in Jesus the Messiah; (2) to Timothy a beloved son; grace, and merey, and peace, from God the Father, and from our Lord Jesus the Messiah.</p>	<p>I. 2</p>
<p><sup>b</sup> Sy. <i>wake up</i>.</p>	<p>I thank God, whom I serve from my forefathers with a pure conscience, that I continually remember thee in my prayers, by night and by day: (4) and I desire to see thee, and I call to mind thy tears; that I may be filled with joy, (5) by the recollection which I have, by thy genuine faith, which dwelt first in thy grandmother Lois, and in thy mother Eunice, and also, I am persuaded, in thee.—(6) Wherefore I remind thee, that thou excite<sup>b</sup> the gift of God, that is in thee by the imposition of my hands. (7) For God hath not given us a spirit of fear, but of energy, and of love, and of instruction. (8) Therefore be not thou ashamed of the testimony of our Lord, nor of me his prisoner; but endure evils in connection with the Gospel, through the power of God; (9) who hath vivified<sup>c</sup> us, and called us with a holy calling; not according to our works, but according to his good pleasure, and his grace that was given us in Jesus the Messiah from time before the ages, (10) and is</p>	<p>3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10</p>
<p><sup>c</sup> or, <i>saved</i>.</p>		

now made known by the appearing of our Vivifier,<sup>d</sup> Jesus the Messiah; who hath abolished death, and hath made manifest life and immortality, by the  
 11 gospel: (11) of which I am constituted a herald and a legate, and a teacher of the Gentiles.  
 12 (12) Therefore I suffer these things: and I am not ashamed; for I know in whom I have believed, and I am persuaded that he is competent to keep for  
 13 me my deposit against that day.—(13) Let the form<sup>e</sup> of sound words, which thou hast heard from me, abide with thee; with faith and love, in Jesus  
 14 the Messiah. (14) Keep thou the good deposit, by  
 15 the Holy Spirit who dwelleth in us.—(15) This thou knowest, that all those in Asia have turned from me; and that among them are Phygellus and  
 16 Hermogenes. (16) May our Lord bestow mercy on the house of Onesiphorus; for, many times, he refreshed me, and was not ashamed of the chains  
 17 of my imprisonment. (17) But also, when he came to Rome, he sought for me with diligence, and  
 18 found me. (18) May our Lord grant him, that he may find mercy with our Lord, in that day. And how he ministered to me at Ephesus, thou very well<sup>f</sup> knowest.

<sup>d</sup> or, *Saviour*.<sup>e</sup> Sy. *ἵκανον*,  
*pattern, exemplar*.<sup>f</sup> Sy. *abundantly*.

II. Thou therefore, my son, be strong in the grace  
 2 which is by Jesus the Messiah. (2) And the things thou hast heard from me by many witnesses, these commit thou to faithful men, who are competent to  
 3 teach others also.—(3) And endure evils, as a good  
 4 soldier of Jesus the Messiah. (4) No man, on becoming a soldier, entangleth himself with the business of the world; that he may please him who en-  
 5 listed<sup>a</sup> him. (5) And if one contend [in the games], he is not crowned, unless he contendeth according  
 6 to the rules. (6) The husbandman who laboreth, ought first to feed on his fruits. (7) Consider what  
 7 I say. Our Lord give thee wisdom in all things.  
 8 (8) Be mindful of Jesus the Messiah, that he arose from the dead; who was of the seed of David, ac-  
 9 cording to my gospel, (9) in which I suffer evils unto bonds, as if an evil-doer: but the word of God  
 10 is not in bonds. (10) Therefore I endure every thing, for the elect's sake: that they also may obtain life,<sup>b</sup> in Jesus the Messiah, with eternal glory.  
 11 (11) Faithful is the saying, For if we shall have

<sup>a</sup> Sy. *selected*.<sup>b</sup> or, *salvation*.

died with him, we shall also live with him; (12) and, 12  
 if we shall have suffered, we shall also reign with  
 him. But if we shall have rejected him, he will  
 reject us. (13) And if we shall have not believed in 13  
 him, he abideth in his fidelity; for he cannot reject  
 himself.—(14) Of these things admonish thou them; 14  
 and charge [them,] before our Lord, that they dis-  
 pute not, with unprofitable words, to the subversion  
 of those who hear them. (15) And study to present 15  
 thyself before God, perfectly, a laborer who is not  
 ashamed, one who correctly announceth the word of  
 truth. (16) Avoid vain discourses,<sup>e</sup> in which there is 16  
 no profit; for they very much add to the wickedness  
 of those occupied with them. (17) And their dis- 17  
 course, like an eating cancer, will lay hold upon many.  
 And one of these is Hymeneus, and another Phile- 18  
 tus; (18) who have wandered from the truth, while  
 they say, The resurrection of the dead hath passed:  
 and they subvert the faith of some. (19) But the 19  
 firm foundation<sup>d</sup> of God standeth; and it hath this  
 seal, The Lord knoweth them who are his: and,  
 Let every one who invoceth the name of our Lord,  
 stand aloof from iniquity. (20) But in a great 20  
 house, there are not only vessels of gold or silver,  
 but also of wood and of pottery; and some of them  
 for honor, and some for dishonor. (21) If there- 21  
 fore any one purge himself from these things, he  
 will be a pure vessel for honor, fit for the use of his  
 Lord, and prepared for every good work.—(22) Fly 22  
 from all the lusts of youth; and follow after righ-  
 teousness, and faith, and love, and peace, with them  
 that invoke our Lord with a pure heart. (23) Avoid 23  
 those foolish discussions which afford no instruc-  
 tion; for thou knowest, that they generate contests.  
 (24) And a servant of our Lord ought not to con- 24  
 tend, but to be mild towards every one, and in-  
 structive, and patient; (25) that with mildness he 25  
 may enlighten those who dispute against him, if  
 perhaps God may give them repentance, and they  
 may acknowledge the truth, (26) and may recollect 26  
 themselves,<sup>e</sup> and may escape out of the snare of Sa-  
 tan, at whose pleasure they have been held ensnared.

<sup>e</sup> or, *may come  
 to their con-  
 sciousness.*

But this know thou, that in the latter days hard III.  
 times will come: (2) and men will be lovers of 2  
 themselves, and lovers of money, boasters, proud,

censorious, unyielding towards their own people,  
 3 deniers of grace, wicked, (3) calumniators, addicted  
 to concupiscence, ferocious, haters of the good,  
 4 (4) treacherous, rash, inflated, attached to pleasure  
 5 more than to the love of God, (5) having a form<sup>a</sup>  
 of respect for God, but wide from the power of God.  
 6 Them who are such, repel from thee. (6) For of  
 them are they who creep into this and that house,  
 and captivate the women who are plunged in sins  
 7 and led away by divers lusts, (7) who are always  
 learning, and can never come to the knowledge of  
 8 the truth. (8) Now as Jannes and Jambres with-  
 stood Moses, so also do these withstand the truth:  
 men whose mind is corrupted, and [they] repro-  
 9 bate from the faith. (9) But they will not make  
 progress, for their infatuation will be understood by  
 10 every one, as theirs also was understood.—(10) But  
 thou hast followed after my doctrine, and my man-  
 ner of life, and my aims, and my faith, and my  
 long suffering, and my love, and my patience,  
 11 (11) and my persecution, and my sufferings. And  
 thou knowest what I endured at Antioch, and at  
 Iconium, and at Lystra; what persecution I en-  
 12 dured: and from all these my Lord delivered me.  
 13 (12) And likewise all, who choose to live in the  
 fear of God, in Jesus the Messiah, will be perse-  
 14 cuted. (13) But evil and seducing men will add  
 to their wickedness, while they deceive and are de-  
 15 ceived. (14) But continue thou in the things thou  
 hast learned and been assured of; for thou knowest  
 16 from whom thou learnedst; (15) because from thy  
 childhood, thou wast taught the holy books, which  
 can make thee wise unto life,<sup>b</sup> by faith in Jesus the  
 17 Messiah.—(16) All scripture that was written by  
 the Spirit, is profitable for instruction, and for con-  
 futation, and for correction, and for erudition in  
 18 righteousness; (17) that the man of God may be-  
 come perfect, and complete for every good work.—  
 IV.(IV.) I charge thee, before God, and our Lord Je-  
 19 sus the Messiah, who is to judge the living and the  
 20 dead, at the manifestation of his kingdom, (2) Pro-  
 claim the word; and persist [in it] with diligence,  
 in time and out of time;<sup>a</sup> admonish, and rebuke,  
 21 with all patience and instructiveness. (3) For the  
 time will come, when they will not give ear to  
 sound teaching; but, according to their lusts, will

<sup>a</sup> Sy.  
 [ⲉⲓⲁⲓⲁⲓ],  
 Gr. μὴ ῥησασιν.

<sup>b</sup> or, *salvation.*

<sup>a</sup> i. e. *at regular times, and times not regular.*

	multiply to themselves teachers, in the itching of their hearing; (4) and will turn away their ears	4
	from the truth, and incline after fables. (5) But be thou vigilant in all things; and endure evils, and	5
<sup>b</sup> Sy. <span style="font-family: monospace;">ⲛⲓⲁⲙⲓⲛⲟ</span>	do the work of an evangelist, <sup>b</sup> and fulfill thy mini- stry.—(6) But I am soon to be immolated; and the	6
	time of my dissolution hath come. (7) I have fought a good combat, I have completed my race,	7
	I have preserved my fidelity; (8) and henceforth	8
	there is preserved for me a crown of righteousness, with which my Lord, the righteous Judge, will re- compense me in that day; and not me only, but them also who love his manifestation. <sup>c</sup>	
<sup>c</sup> or, <i>appearing</i> .	Exert thyself to come to me quickly. (10) For	9
	Demas hath left me; and hath loved this world,	10
	and gone away to Thessalonica; Crispus to Gala- tia, Titus to Dalmatia. (11) Luke only is with me.	11
	Take Mark, and bring him with thee; for he is suitable for me, for ministration. (12) And Tych- icus I have sent to Ephesus. (13) And when thou	12
	comest, bring the bookcase, which I left at Troas with Carpus, and the books, but especially the roll of parchments.—(14) Alexander the coppersmith	13
	showed me many ills: our Lord will reward him according to his doings. (15) And do thou also	14
	beware of him; for he is very insolent against our words.—(16) At my first defence, no one was with	15
	me, but they all forsook me. Let not this be reck- oned to them. (17) But my Lord stood by me,	16
<sup>a</sup> Sy. <span style="font-family: monospace;">ⲛⲓⲁⲙⲓⲛⲟ</span>	and strengthened me; that by me the preaching <sup>d</sup> might be fulfilled; and [that] all the Gentiles might hear: and I was rescued from the mouth of the lion.	17
	(18) And my Lord will rescue me from every evil work; and will give me life in his heavenly king- dom.—To him be glory, for ever and ever. Amen.	18
	Present a salutation to Priscilla and Aquila, and	19
	to the household of Onesiphorus. (20) Erastus	20
	hath stopped at Corinth; and Trophimus I left sick at the city of Miletus. (21) Exert thyself to come	21
	before winter.—Eubulus saluteth thee, and Pudens, and Linus, and Claudia, and all the brethren.— (22) Our Lord Jesus the Messiah be with thy spirit.	22
	Grace be with thee. Amen.	


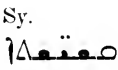
*End of the Second Epistle to Timothy; which was written from Rome.*



The Epistle of Paul to Titus.

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|---|---|
| <p>I. PAUL, a servant of God, and a legate of Jesus the Messiah; according to the faith of the elect of God, and the knowledge of the truth which is in</p> <p>2 the fear of God, (2) concerning the hope of eternal life, which the veracious God promised before the</p> <p>3 times of the world;<sup>a</sup> (3) and in due time he hath</p> <p>4 of God our Life-giver;<sup>b</sup> (4) to Titus, a real son after the common faith:—Grace and peace from God our Father, and from our Lord Jesus the Mes-</p> <p>siah, our Life-giver.<sup>c</sup></p> <p>5 For this cause left I thee in Crete, that thou mightest regulate the things deficient, and establish</p> <p>6 elders<sup>d</sup> in every city, as I directed thee: (6) him, who is blameless, who is the husband of one wife, and hath believing children, who are no revellers,</p> <p>7 nor ungovernable in sensuality. (7) For an elder<sup>e</sup> ought to be blameless, as the steward of God; and not be self-willed, nor irascible, nor excessive in wine, nor with hands swift to strike, nor a lover of</p> <p>8 base gains. (8) But he should be a lover of strangers, and a lover of good [deeds], and be sober, upright, kind-hearted, and restraining himself from</p> <p>9 evil passions; (9) and studious of the doctrine of the word of faith, that he may be able by his wholesome teaching both to console, and to rebuke</p> <p>10 them that are contentious.—(10) For many are un-</p> <p>submissive, and their discourses vain; and they mislead the minds of people, especially such as are</p> <p>11 of the circumcision. (11) The mouth of these ought to be stopped: they corrupt many families;<sup>f</sup> and they teach what they ought not, for the sake</p> <p>12 of base gains. (12) One of them, a prophet<sup>g</sup> of their own, said, The Cretans are always menda-</p> <p>13 cious, evil beasts, idle bellies. (13) And this tes-</p> | <p><sup>a</sup> Sy. ܠܘܠܕܝܢ</p> <p><sup>b</sup> or, <i>Saviour</i>.<br/>Gr. σωτηρ.</p> <p><sup>c</sup> or, <i>Saviour</i>.</p> <p><sup>d</sup> Sy. ܡܘܠܘܢܐ<br/>ܦܪܘܘܠܝܝܢ</p> <p><sup>e</sup> Sy. ܦܪܘܘܠܝܝܢ<br/>Gr. ἐπίσκοπος.</p> <p><sup>f</sup> Sy. <i>houses</i>.</p> <p><sup>g</sup> Sy. ܢܒܝܐ</p> |
|---|---|

timony is true. Therefore chide them sharply; that they may be sound in the faith, (14) and may not throw themselves into Jewish fables, and into the precepts of men who hate the truth. (15) For to the pure, every thing is pure; but to them who are defiled and unbelieving, nothing is pure; but their understanding is defiled, and their conscience. (16) And they profess that they know God, but in their works they deny him; and they are odious, and disobedient, and to every good work reprobrates.

	But speak thou the things that belong to whole-	II.
<sup>a</sup> Sy. 	some doctrine. (2) And teach the older men <sup>a</sup> to	2
	be watchful in their minds, and to be sober, and to	
<sup>b</sup> Sy. 	be pure, and to be sound in the faith, and in love,	3
	and in patience. (3) And so also the elder women, <sup>b</sup>	
	that they be in behavior as becometh the	
	fear of God; and not to be slanderers; and not to	
	be addicted to much wine; and to be inculeators of	4
	good things, (4) making the younger women to be	
	modest, to love their husbands and their children,	5
	(5) to be chaste and holy, and to take good care of	
	their households, and to be obedient to their hus-	6
	bands; so that no one may reproach the word of	
	God.—(6) And likewise exhort young men to be	7
	sober. (7) And in every thing show thyself a pat-	
	tern, as to all good works: and in thy teaching, let	8
	thy discourse be healthful, (8) such as is sober and	
	uncorrupt; and let no one despise it: so that he	9
	who riseth up against us, may be ashamed, seeing	
	he can say nothing odious against us.—(9) Let ser-	10
	vants obey their masters in every thing, and strive	
	to please them, and not contradict, nor pilfer;	11
	(10) but let them manifest that their fidelity, in all	
	respects, is good: so that they may adorn the doc-	12
<sup>c</sup> Gr. <i>Saviour</i> .	trine of God our Life-giver, <sup>c</sup> in all things.—(11) For	
	the all-vivifying grace of God, is revealed to all	13
	men; (12) and it teacheth us, to deny ungodliness	
	and worldly lusts, and to live in this world in so-	14
	briety, and in uprightness, and in the fear of God,	
	(13) looking for the blessed hope, and the manifes-	
	tation of the glory of the great God, and our Life-	
<sup>d</sup> Gr. <i>Saviour</i> .	giver, <sup>d</sup> Jesus the Messiah; (14) who gave himself	
	for us, that he might recover us from all iniquity,	
	and purify for himself a new people, who are zeal-	

15 ous in good works. (15) These things speak thou, and exhort, and inculcate, with all authority;<sup>e</sup> and let no one despise thee.

<sup>e</sup> Sy. ܩܘܕܕܫܐ

III. And admonish them to be submissive and obedient to princes and potentates; and that they be

2 ready for every good work; (2) and that they speak ill of no man; that they be not contentious,

3 but mild; and that in every thing they manifest benignity towards all men.—(3) For we also were

formerly reckless, and disobedient, and erring, and serving divers lusts, and living in malice and envy,

4 and were hateful and also hating one another. (4) But when the kindness and compassion of God

5 our Life-giver<sup>a</sup> was revealed, (5) not by works of righteousness which we had done, but according

to his mercy, he vivified<sup>b</sup> us, by the washing of the new birth, and by the renovation of the Holy Spirit,

6 (6) which he shed on us abundantly, by Jesus the Messiah our Life-giver:<sup>c</sup> (7) that we might be

7 justified<sup>d</sup> by his grace, and become heirs in the hope of eternal life.—(8) Faithful is the word: and

8 in these things, I would have thee also establish them; so that they, who have believed in God, may

be careful to cultivate good works: these are the things, which are good, and profitable to men.

9 (9) But foolish questions, and stories of genealogies, and the disputes and contentions of the scribes, avoid: for there is no profit in them, and they are

10 vain. (10) An heretical<sup>e</sup> man, after thou hast instructed him once and again, avoid: (11) and

11 know thou, that such a man is perverse, and sinful, and self-condemned.

12 When I shall send Artemas to thee, or Tychicus, strive thou to come to me at Nicopolis; for I have

13 purposed to winter there. (13) As for Zenas the scribe, and Apollos, endeavor to help them well on

14 their way, that they may want nothing. (14) And let our people learn also to perform good works, on occasions of emergency, that they may not be un-

15 fruitful.—(15) All they that are with me salute thee. Salute all them who love us in the faith.—

Grace be with you all. Amen.

<sup>a</sup> Gr. Saviour.

<sup>b</sup> or, saved.

<sup>c</sup> Gr. Saviour.

<sup>d</sup> Sy. ܩܘܕܫܐ

<sup>e</sup> Sy.

ܩܘܕܫܐ

Gr. ἀπειρος.

*End of the Epistle to Titus; which was written from Nicopolis, and was sent by the hands of Zenas and Apollos.*

The Epistle of Paul to Philemon.

PAUL, a prisoner of Jesus the Messiah, and Timothy a brother;—to the beloved Philemon, a laborer with us, (2) and to our beloved Apphia, and to Archippus a laborer with us, and to the church in thy house.—(3) Grace be with you, and peace from God our father, and from our Lord Jesus the Messiah. 2 3

I thank my God always, and remember thee in my prayers, (5) lo, from the time that I heard of thy faith, and of the love thou hast towards our Lord Jesus, and towards all the saints; (6) that there may be a fellowship<sup>a</sup> of thy faith, yielding fruits in works, and in the knowledge of all the good things ye possess in Jesus the Messiah. (7) For we have great joy and consolation, because the bowels of the saints are refreshed by thy love.—(8) Therefore I might have great freedom in the Messiah, to enjoin upon thee the things that are right. (9) But for love's sake, I earnestly beseech<sup>b</sup> thee—even I, Paul, who am aged, as thou knowest, and now also a prisoner for Jesus the Messiah. (10) I beseech thee for my son, whom I had begotten in my bonds—for Onesimus; (11) from whom formerly thou hadst no profit, but now very profitable will he be both to thee and to me; and whom I have sent to thee. (12) And receive thou him, as one begotten by me. (13) For I was desirous to retain him with me, that he might minister to me in thy stead, in these bonds for the gospel. (14) But I would do nothing without consulting thee; lest thy benefit should be as if by compulsion, and not with thy pleasure.—(15) And, perhaps, also, he therefore departed from thee for a season, that thou mightest retain him for ever; (16) henceforth, not as a servant, but more than a servant, a brother dear to me, and much more to thee, both in the flesh and in our Lord? (17) If 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17

<sup>a</sup> Sy. ܩܘܠܘܣܘܣ

<sup>b</sup> Sy. beseeching  
I beseech.

therefore thou art in fellowship<sup>c</sup> with me, receive him  
 18 as one of mine. (18) And if he hath wronged thee,  
 19 or oweth thee aught, place it to my account. (19)  
 I, Paul, have written [it] with my own hand, I will  
 repay :—not to say to thee, that to me thou owest  
 20 thy ownself. (20) Yes, my brother, let me be re-  
 freshed by thee in our Lord: refresh thou my  
 21 bowels in the Messiah. (21) Being confident that  
 thou wilt hearken to me, I have written to thee:  
 and I know that thou wilt do more than I say.  
 22 And herewith, prepare also a house for me to  
 lodge in; for I hope that, by your prayers, I shall  
 23 be given to you. (23) Epaphras, a fellow-captive  
 24 with me in Jesus the Messiah, saluteth thee; (24)  
 and Mark, and Aristarchus, and Demas, and Luke,  
 25 my coadjutors.—(25) The grace of our Lord Jesus  
 the Messiah be with your spirit, my brethren.—  
 Amen.

<sup>c</sup> Sy. ⲉⲗⲟⲙ

*End of the Epistle to Philemon; which was written from Rome, and was sent by the hands of Onesimus.*

ⲛⲓ ⲛⲉⲃⲣⲏⲥⲁ ⲛⲉⲃⲣⲏⲥⲁ ⲛⲉⲃⲣⲏⲥⲁ

### The Epistle to the Hebrews.

I. IN many ways, and many forms, God anciently  
 2 conversed with our fathers, by the prophets: (2)  
 But in these latter days, he hath conversed with us,  
 by his Son; whom he hath constituted heir of all  
 3 things, and by whom he made the worlds;<sup>a</sup> (3) who  
 is the splendor of his glory, and the image of him-  
 self,<sup>b</sup> and upholdeth all by the energy of his word;  
 and by himself he made a purgation of sins, and  
 sat down on the right hand of the Majesty on high.  
 4 (4) And he is altogether superior to the angels, as  
 he hath also inherited a name which excelleth theirs.  
 5 (5) For to which of the angels did God ever say,  
 Thou art my SON, this day have I begotten thee?  
 And again, I will be to him a Father, and he shall  
 6 be to me a Son? (6) And again, when bringing the

<sup>a</sup> Sy. ⲛⲉⲃⲣⲏⲥⲁ

<sup>b</sup> Sy. ⲛⲉⲃⲣⲏⲥⲁ  
ⲟⲩⲟⲩⲟⲩⲟⲩⲟⲩ =  
*of his Being.*

first begotten into the world, he said: Let all the angels of God worship him. (7) But of the angels he thus said:—Who made his angels a wind,<sup>e</sup> and his ministers a flaming fire. (8) But of the Son he said: Thy throne, O God, is for ever and ever; a righteous<sup>d</sup> sceptre is the sceptre of thy kingdom. (9) Thou hast loved rectitude, and hated iniquity; therefore God, thy God, hath anointed thee with the oil of gladness more than thy associates. (10) And again, Thou hast from the beginning laid the foundations of the earth, and the heavens are the work of thy hands: (11) they will pass away, but thou endurest; and they all, like a robe, wax old; (12) and like a cloak, thou wilt fold them up. They will be changed; but thou wilt be as thou art, and thy years will not be finished.—(13) And to which of the angels did he ever say:—Sit thou at my right hand, until I shall place thy enemies a footstool under thy feet? (14) Are they not all spirits of ministration, who are sent to minister on account of them that are to inherit life?<sup>e</sup>

<sup>e</sup> Gr. *salvation*.

Therefore we ought to be exceedingly cautious, in regard to what we have heard, lest we fall away. (2) For if the word uttered by the medium of angels was confirmed, and every one who heard it, and transgressed it, received a just retribution; (3) how shall we escape, if we despise the things which are our life,<sup>a</sup> things which began to be spoken by our Lord, and were confirmed to us by them who heard from him, (4) while God gave testimony concerning them, by signs and wonders, and by various miracles and distributions of the Holy Spirit, which were given according to his pleasure?—(5) For to the angels he hath not subjected the world to come,<sup>b</sup> of which, we speak. (6) But as the scripture testifieth, and saith:—What is man, that thou art mindful of him? and the son of man, that thou attendest to him? (7) Thou hast depressed him somewhat lower than the angels: glory and honor hast thou put on his head; and thou hast invested him with authority over the work of thy hand. (8) And all things hast thou subjected under his feet. And in this subjecting of all things to him, he omitted nothing, which he did not subject. But now, we do not yet see all things subjected to him. (9) But we see

<sup>a</sup> Gr. *salvation*.

<sup>b</sup> Sy.

כללם כללם

him, who was depressed somewhat lower than the angels, to be this Jesus, because of the passion of his death; and glory and honor are placed on his head; for God himself, in his grace,\* tasted death for all men. (10) For it became him, by whom are all things, and on account of whom are all things, and [who] bringeth many sons unto his glory, to perfect the prince of their life<sup>e</sup> by suffering. (11) For he that sanctifieth, and they who are sanctified, are all of one [nature]. Therefore he is not ashamed to call them brethren; (12) as he saith, I will announce thy name to my brethren; in the midst of the assembly,<sup>d</sup> I will praise thee. (13) And again, I will confide in him. And again, Behold me, and the children whom thou, God, hast given to me. (14) For because the children participated in flesh and blood, he also, in like manner, took part in the same; that, by his death, he might bring to naught him who held the dominion of death, namely Satan; (15) and might release them, who, through fear of death, are all their lives subject to bondage. (16) For he did not assume [a nature] from angels, but he assumed [a nature] from the seed of Abraham. (17) Wherefore it was right, that he should be in all respects like his brethren; that he might be merciful, and a high priest<sup>e</sup> faithful in the things of God, and might make expiation for the sins of the people. (18) For, in that he himself hath suffered, and been tempted, he is able to succor them who are tempted.

<sup>e</sup> Gr. *salvation*.

<sup>d</sup> Sy. ܕܢܝܚܝܢ

<sup>e</sup> Sy. ܕܢܝܚܝܢ

III. Wherefore, my holy brethren, who are called with a calling that is from heaven, consider this Legate<sup>a</sup> and High Priest<sup>b</sup> of our profession, Jesus the 2 Messiah: (2) who was faithful to him that made 3 him, as was Moses in all his house. (3) For much greater is the glory of this man, than that of Moses; just as the glory of the builder of a house, is greater 4 than that of the edifice. (4) For every house is built by some man; but he who buildeth all things 5 is God. (5) And Moses, as a servant, was faithful in all the house, for an attestation to those things

<sup>a</sup> Sy. ܕܢܝܚܝܢ

<sup>b</sup> Sy. ܕܢܝܚܝܢ

\* So the Jacobite copies read; but the Nestorian copies read, *But he, apart from God, tasted, &c.* The Greek is. ὁπῶς χάριτι Θεοῦ . . . γεβόηται, &c.: but some copies have, ὁπῶς χωρὶς Θεοῦ, &c.

<sup>c</sup> Sy. *showing  
of faces.*

<sup>d</sup> Sy. *his hope.*

<sup>e</sup> Sy. *לֹא יִשְׁכַּח*

<sup>f</sup> Sy. *לֹא יִשְׁכַּח  
לֹא יִשְׁכַּח*

that were to be spoken by him : (6) but the Messiah, 6  
as the Sox, [is] over his own house ; and we are his  
house, if we retain unto the end assurance,<sup>e</sup> and the  
triumph of hope in him.<sup>d</sup> (7) Because the Holy 7  
Spirit hath said : To-day, if ye will hear his voice,  
(8) harden not your hearts to anger him, like the 8  
provocators, and as in the day of temptation in the  
wilderness, (9) when your fathers tempted me, and 9  
proved, [and] saw my works forty years. (10) 10  
Therefore I was disgusted with that generation, and  
said :—This is a people, whose heart wandereth, and  
they have not known my ways : (11) so that I swore 11  
in my wrath, that they should not enter into my  
rest. (12) Beware, therefore, my brethren, lest 12  
there be in any of you an evil heart that believeth  
not, and ye depart from the living God. (13) But 13  
examine yourselves all the days, during the day  
which is called to-day ; and let none of you be  
hardened, through the deceitfulness of sin. (14) For 14  
we have part with the Messiah, if we persevere in  
this firm confidence,<sup>e</sup> from the beginning to the  
end : (15) as it is said, To-day, if ye will hear his 15  
voice, harden not your hearts, to anger him. (16) 16  
But who were they that heard, and angered him ?  
It was not all they, who came out of Egypt under  
Moses. (17) And with whom was he disgusted 17  
forty years, but with those who sinned, and whose  
carcasses fell in the wilderness ? (18) and of whom 18  
swore he, that they should not enter into his rest,  
but of those who believed not ? (19) So we see that 19  
they could not enter, because they believed not.—  
(IV.) Let us fear, therefore, lest while there is a IV.  
firm promise<sup>a</sup> of entering into his rest, any among  
you should be found coming short of entering.  
(2) For to us also is the announcement, as well as 2  
to them : but the word they heard did not profit  
them, because it was not mingled with the faith of  
those who heard it. (3) But we, who have believed, 3  
do enter into rest. But as he said, As I have sworn  
in my wrath, that they shall not enter into my rest :  
for lo, the works of God existed from the founda-  
tion of the world. (4) As he said of the sabbath, 4  
God rested on the seventh day from all his works.  
(5) And here again, he said, They shall not enter 5  
into my rest. (6) Therefore, because there was a 6  
place, whither one and another might enter ; and



those earlier persons, to whom the announcement was made, entered not, because they believed not:—  
 7 (7) again he established another day, a long time afterwards; as above written, that David said, To-day, if ye will hear his voice, harden not your  
 8 hearts. (8) For if Joshua,<sup>b</sup> the son of Nun, had given them rest, he would not have spoken afterwards of another day. (9) Therefore it is established, that the people of God are to have a sabbath.<sup>c</sup> (10) For he who had entered into his rest,  
 10 hath also rested from his works, as God did from his. (11) Let us, therefore, strive to enter into that rest; lest we fall short, after the manner of  
 12 them who believed not. (12) For the word of God is living, and all-efficient, and sharper than a two-edged sword, and entereth even to the severance of the soul and the spirit, and of the joints and the marrow and the bones, and judgeth the thoughts  
 13 and reasonings of the heart: (13) neither is there any creature, which is concealed from before him; but every thing is naked and manifest before his eyes, to whom we are to give account.  
 14 Seeing then that we have a great High Priest,<sup>d</sup> Jesus the Messiah, the son of God, who hath ascended to heaven; let us persevere in professing  
 15 him. (15) For we have not a high priest, who cannot sympathize with our infirmity; but [one] who was tempted in all respects like us, aside  
 16 from sin.—(16) Let us, therefore, approach with assurance<sup>e</sup> to the throne of his grace, that we may obtain mercy, and may find grace for assistance in  
 V. the time of affliction.—(V.) For every high priest,<sup>a</sup> who is from among men, is established over the things of God, in behalf of men, that he may present the offering and the sacrifices for sin: (2) and he can humble himself, and sympathize with the ignorant and the erring, because he also is clothed  
 3 with infirmity. (3) And, therefore, he is obliged as for the people, so also for himself, to present an offering for his sins.—(4) And no one taketh this honor on himself, but he who is called of God, as  
 5 Aaron [was]. (5) So also the Messiah did not exalt himself to become a High Priest; but He [appointed him] who said to him, Thou art my Son; this day have I begotten thee. (6) As he said also in another place: Thou art a priest<sup>b</sup> for ever, after

<sup>b</sup> Sy. **هو** = Jesus.

<sup>c</sup> or, a rest.

<sup>d</sup> Sy. **ذو**

<sup>e</sup> Sy. with open countenance.

<sup>a</sup> Sy. **ذو**

<sup>b</sup> Sy. **ص**

	the likeness of Melchisedec. (7) Likewise, when he	7
	was clothed in flesh, he presented supplication and	
	entreaty with intense invocation, and with tears, to	
	him who was able to resuscitate him from death;	
	and he was heard. (8) And though he was a son,	8
<sup>c</sup> Sy. ܡܠܚܝܫܕܥ	yet, from the fear and the sufferings he endured, he	
	learned obedience. (9) And thus he was perfected	9
	and became the cause <sup>c</sup> of eternal life <sup>d</sup> to all them	
<sup>d</sup> Gr. <i>salvation</i> .	who obey him. (10) And he was named of God,	10
	the High Priest after the likeness of Melchisedec.	
	Now, concerning this person, Melchisedec, we	11
	have much discourse, which we might utter; but it	
	is difficult to explain it, because ye are infirm in	
	your hearing. (12) For ye ought to be teachers,	12
<sup>e</sup> Sy. <i>a time</i> .	seeing ye have been long <sup>e</sup> in the doctrine. But now,	
<sup>f</sup> Sy.	ye need to learn again the first lines <sup>f</sup> of the com-	
ܡܠܚܝܫܕܥ	mencement <sup>g</sup> of the oracles of God: and ye have	
<sup>g</sup> Sy. ܕܢܦܝܢ	need of milk, and not of strong food. (13) For every	13
	one whose food is milk, is unversed in the language	
	of righteousness, because he is a child. (14) But	14
	strong food belongeth to the mature who, being in-	
	vestigators, have trained their faculties to discrimi-	
	nate good and evil.—(VI.) Therefore let us leave VI.	VI.
<sup>a</sup> Sy. ܡܠܚܝܫܕܥ	the commencement <sup>a</sup> of the word of the Messiah, and	
	let us proceed to the completion. <sup>b</sup> Or will ye	
<sup>b</sup> Sy.	again lay another foundation for the repentance	
ܡܠܚܝܫܕܥ	which is from dead works, and for the faith in God,	2
	(2) and for the doctrine of baptism, and for the lay-	
	ing on of a hand, and for the resurrection from the	
	dead, and for the eternal judgment? (3) We will	3
	do this, if the Lord permit.—(4) But they who have	4
<sup>c</sup> Gr. <i>τοὺς ἀπαξ</i>	once descended to baptism, <sup>c</sup> and have tasted the gift	
<i>ρωτισθέντας.</i>	from heaven, and have received the Holy Spirit,	
	(5) and have tasted the good word of God, and the	5
	power of the world to come,—(6)* cannot again	6
	sin, and a second time be renewed to repentance;	
	or a second time crucify and insult the Son of God.	
	(7) For the earth that drinketh the rain which	7
	cometh often upon it, and produceth the herb	
	that is of use to those for whom it is cultivated, re-	
	ceiveth a blessing from God. (8) But if it should	8
	put forth thorns and briers, it would have reprob-	

\* The Syriac translation supposes the Greek in this verse to be, *παραπέσειν, καὶ πάλιν ἀνακαινίζεσθαι*, &c.; instead of the received reading, *καὶ παραπεσόντας, πάλιν ἀνακαινίζειν*, &c.

tion, and be not far from a curse, and its end would  
 9 be a burning. (9) But, in regard to you, my  
 brethren, we are persuaded better things, and things  
 10 pertaining to life,<sup>d</sup> although we thus speak. (10) For God is not unrighteous, to forget your works,  
 and your charity which ye have shown in his name,  
 in that ye have ministered and do minister to the  
 11 saints. (11) And we desire, that each one of you  
 may show this same activity,<sup>e</sup> for the completion of  
 12 your hope, even to the end: (12) and that ye faint  
 not; but that ye be emulators of them who by  
 faith and patience have become heirs of the promise.  
 13 (13) For when God made the promise to Abraham,  
 because there was none greater than himself by  
 14 whom he could swear, he swore by himself; (14)  
 and said: Blessing, I will bless thee, and multiplying  
 15 I will multiply thee. (15) And so he was patient,  
 16 and obtained the promise. (16) For men swear by  
 one greater than themselves: and in every contro-  
 versy that occurs among them, the sure termination  
 17 of it is by an oath. (17) Therefore, God, being  
 abundantly willing to show to the heirs of the  
 promise, that his promising was irreversible, bound  
 18 it up in an oath; (18) so that, by two things which  
 change not, and in which God cannot lie, we, who  
 have sought refuge in him, might have great con-  
 solation, and might hold fast the hope promised to  
 19 us; (19) which is to us as an anchor, that retaineth  
 our soul, so that it swerveth not; and it entereth  
 20 into that within the veil, (20) whither Jesus hath  
 previously entered for us, and hath become a priest<sup>f</sup>  
 for ever, after the likeness of Melchisedec.<sup>g</sup>

<sup>d</sup> Gr. *salvation*.

<sup>e</sup> Sy.

ܡܫܘܠܡܐ

<sup>f</sup> Sy. ܡܫܘܠܡܐ

<sup>g</sup> Sy.

ܡܠܟܝܫܘܠܡܐ

VII. Now this Melchisedec was king of Salem,<sup>a</sup> a  
 priest of the most high God: and he met Abraham,  
 when returning from the slaughter of the kings;  
 2 and blessed him. (2) And to him Abraham im-  
 parted tithes of all that he had with him. More-  
 over his name is interpreted king of righteousness;<sup>b</sup>  
 and again [he is called] King of Salem, that is King  
 3 of Peace.<sup>c</sup> (3) Of whom neither his father nor his  
 mother are written in the genealogies; nor the  
 commencement of his days, nor the end of his life;  
 but, after the likeness of the Son of God, his priest-  
 4 hood<sup>d</sup> remaineth for ever.<sup>e</sup> (4) And consider ye,  
 how great he was; to whom the patriarch Abraham

<sup>a</sup> Sy. ܡܠܟܝܫܘܠܡܐ

ܡܠܟܝܫܘܠܡܐ

<sup>b</sup> Sy. ܡܠܟܝܫܘܠܡܐ

ܡܠܟܝܫܘܠܡܐ

<sup>c</sup> Sy. ܡܠܟܝܫܘܠܡܐ

ܡܠܟܝܫܘܠܡܐ

<sup>d</sup> Sy.

ܡܠܟܝܫܘܠܡܐ

<sup>e</sup> Sy. ܡܠܟܝܫܘܠܡܐ

gave tithes and first-fruits. (5) For they of the sons of Levi who received the priesthood, had a statute of the law, that they should take tithes from the people: they from their brethren, because they also are of the seed of Abraham. (6) But this man, who is not enrolled in their genealogies, took tithes from Abraham; and blessed him who had received the promise. (7) But it is beyond controversy, that the inferior is blessed by his superior. (8) And here, men who die, receive the tithes; but there, he of whom the scripture testifieth that he liveth. (9) And through Abraham, as one may say, even Levi who receiveth tithes, was himself tithed. (10) For he was yet in the loins of his father, when he met Melchisedec. (11) If, therefore, perfection<sup>f</sup> had been by means of the priesthood of the Levites, in which the law was enjoined on the people; why was another priest required, who should stand up after the likeness of Melchisedec? For it should have said, He shall be after the likeness of Aaron. (12) But as there is a change in the priesthood, so also is there a change in the law. (13) For he of whom these things were spoken, was born of another tribe, of which no one ever ministered at the altar. (14) For it is manifest that our Lord arose from Judah, from a tribe of which Moses said nothing concerning a priesthood. (15) And moreover this is further manifest, from his saying that another priest will stand up, after the likeness of Melchisedec, (16) who was not according to the law of corporeal injunctions, but according to the energy of an indissoluble life. (17) For he testified of him: Thou art a priest for ever,<sup>g</sup> after the likeness of Melchisedec. (18) And the change which was made in the first statute,<sup>h</sup> was on account of its impotency, and because there was no utility in it. (19) For the law perfected nothing; but in the place of it there came in a hope, which is better than it, and by which we draw near to God.—(20) And he confirmed it to us by an oath. (21) For they became priests without an oath; but this man by an oath. As he said to him by David: The Lord hath sworn, and will not lie, Thou art a priest for ever, after the likeness of Melchisedec. (22) By all this, is that a better covenant<sup>i</sup> of which Jesus is the sponsor.<sup>k</sup>—(23) And they as priests were numerous, 23

<sup>f</sup> Sy.

לְמַעַן יִשְׁלַם

completeness.

<sup>g</sup> Sy. לְעוֹלָם

<sup>h</sup> Sy. לְמַעַן


<sup>i</sup> Sy. בְּרִית


<sup>k</sup> Sy. לְמַעַן


because they were mortal, and were not permitted  
 24 to continue: (24) but this man, because he standeth  
 25 up for ever, his priesthood doth not pass away: (25)  
 and he is able to vivify<sup>1</sup> for ever, them who come  
 to God by him; for he always liveth, and sendeth  
 26 up prayers for them.—(26) For, a priest like to him,  
 was also suitable for us; one pure, and without evil  
 and without stain; one separated from sins, and  
 27 exalted higher than heaven; (27) and who is not  
 obliged, every day, like the [Aaronic] high priest,  
 to first offer sacrifices for his own sins, and then for  
 the people; for this he did once, by offering up him-  
 28 self. (28) For the law constituted feeble men priests;  
 but the word of the oath, which was subsequent to  
 the law [constituted] the Son perfect for ever.

<sup>1</sup> Gr. *savo*.

VIII. Now the sum<sup>a</sup> of the whole is this, we have a  
 High Priest, who is seated on the right hand of the  
 2 throne of the Majesty in heaven: (2) And he is the  
 minister of the sanctuary, and of the true tabernacle,  
 3 which God hath pitched, and not man. (3) For  
 every high priest is established, to offer oblations  
 and sacrifices; and therefore, it was proper that this  
 4 one should also have something to offer. (4) And,  
 if he were on earth, he would not be a priest; be-  
 cause there are priests [there], who offer oblations  
 5 agreeably to the law: (5) [namely] they, who  
 minister in the emblem and shadow of the things  
 in heaven: as it was said to Moses, when he was  
 about to build the tabernacle, See, and make every  
 thing according to the pattern which was showed  
 6 thee in the mount. (6) But now, Jesus the Mes-  
 siah hath received a ministry which is better than  
 that: as also the covenant,<sup>b</sup> of which he is made the  
 Mediator,<sup>c</sup> is better, and is given with better prom-  
 7 ises than the former.—(7) For, if the first [cove-  
 nant] had been faultless, there would have been no  
 8 place for this second [one]. (8) For he chideth them  
 and saith: Behold, the days come, saith the Lord,  
 when I will complete with the family of the house  
 of Israel, and with the family of the house of Judah,  
 9 a new covenant; (9) not like the covenant which I  
 gave to their fathers, in the day when I took them  
 by the hand, and brought them out of the land of  
 Egypt; [and] because they continued not in my  
 10 covenant, I also rejected them, saith the Lord. (10)

<sup>a</sup> Sy. 

<sup>b</sup> Sy. 

<sup>c</sup> Sy. 

<sup>d</sup> Sy. *give.*

But this is the covenant which I will give to the family of the house of Israel after those days, saith the Lord: I will put<sup>d</sup> my law in their minds, and inscribe it on their hearts; and I will be to them a God, and they shall be to me a people. (11) And one shall not teach his fellow-citizen, nor his brother, nor say: Know thou the Lord: because they shall all know me, from the youngest of them to the oldest. (12) And I will forgive them their iniquity; and their sins will I remember no more. (13) In that he said a New [Covenant], he made the first old; and that which is old and decaying, is near to dissolution.

<sup>a</sup> Sy. ⲓⲃⲉⲛⲧⲉⲛ

Now, under the first [covenant], there were ordinances<sup>a</sup> of ministration, and a worldly sanctuary.

<sup>b</sup> Sy. *the holy house.*

(2) For in the first tabernacle which was erected, there was the candlestick, and the table, and the bread of the presence; and this was called the Sanctuary.<sup>b</sup> (3) But the inner tabernacle, which was within the second veil, was called the Holy of Holies. (4) And there were in it the golden censer, and the ark of the covenant, which was all overlaid with gold; and in it were the golden urn which contained the manna, and the rod of Aaron which sprouted, and the tables of the covenant; (5) and over it were the cherubin of glory, which overshadowed the mercy seat.<sup>c</sup>

<sup>c</sup> Sy. ⲓⲃⲉⲛⲧⲉⲛ

But there is not time to speak particularly of each of the things which were so arranged. (6) And into the outer tabernacle the priests, at all times, entered, and performed their ministration. (7) But into the interior tabernacle, once a year only, the high priest entered, with the blood which he offered for himself and for the sins of the people. (8) And by this the Holy Spirit indicated, that the way to the holy [places] was not yet manifested, so long as the first tabernacle was standing: (9) and it was a symbol,<sup>d</sup> for that time, during which oblation and sacrifices were offered that could not make perfect the conscience of him who offered them: (10) but [they consisted] only in food and drink, and in the ablutions<sup>e</sup> of divers things; which were carnal ordinances, and were set up until the time of a reformation.—(11) But the Messiah who came, was a High Priest of the good things which he wrought: and he entered

<sup>d</sup> Sy. ⲓⲃⲉⲛⲧⲉⲛ

<sup>e</sup> Sy. ⲓⲃⲉⲛⲧⲉⲛ  
= Eng. *baptism.*

9  
10  
11

into the great and perfect tabernacle, which was not made with hands and was not of these created things.  
 12 (12) And he did not enter with the blood of goats and calves; but with the blood of himself, he entered once into the sanctuary, and obtained eternal redemption.<sup>f</sup> (13) For if the blood of goats and calves, with the ashes of a heifer, was sprinkled upon them that were defiled, and sanctified them as to the purification of their flesh; (14) then how much more will the blood of the Messiah, who by the eternal Spirit offered himself without blemish to God, purge our consciences from dead works, so that we may serve the living God? (15) And for this reason he became the Mediator of the new covenant,<sup>h</sup> that he might by his death be redemption,<sup>i</sup> to them who had transgressed the first covenant; so that they, who are called to the eternal inheritance, might receive the promise.—(16) For where there is a testament,<sup>k</sup> it indicateth the death of him who made it. (17) For it is valid, only of a deceased [person]; because it hath no use, so long as the maker of it liveth. (18) Therefore also the first [covenant] was not confirmed without blood. (19) For when the whole ordinance<sup>l</sup> had been propounded by Moses to all the people, according to the law; Moses took the blood of a heifer, and water, with scarlet wool and hyssop, and sprinkled upon the books and upon all the people; (20) and said to them, This is the blood of the covenant which is enjoined by God. (21) With that blood he also sprinkled upon the tabernacle, and upon all the vessels of ministration: (22) because every thing, according to the law, is purified with blood: and without the shedding of blood, there is no remission. (23) For it was necessary that these, the emblems of heavenly things, should be purified, with those things; but the heavenly things themselves, with sacrifices superior to them. (24) For the Messiah entered not into the sanctuary made with hands, which is the emblem<sup>m</sup> of the true [sanctuary]: but he entered into heaven itself to appear in the presence of God for us. (25) Neither [was it necessary], that he should offer himself many times, as the high priest entered every year into the sanctuary, with blood not his own: (26) otherwise, he must have suffered many times, since the commencement of the world; but now in the end

<sup>f</sup> Sy. ܠܚܝܘܢܐ

<sup>g</sup> Sy. ܠܚܝܘܢܐ

<sup>h</sup> Sy. ܠܚܝܘܢܐ

<sup>i</sup> Sy. ܠܚܝܘܢܐ

<sup>k</sup> Sy. ܠܚܝܘܢܐ,  
*which is both  
 a covenant and  
 a testament.*

<sup>l</sup> Sy. ܠܚܝܘܢܐ

<sup>m</sup> Sy. ܠܚܝܘܢܐ

<p><sup>a</sup> Sy. <span style="font-family: serif;">קלמל</span></p> <p><sup>o</sup> Gr. <i>salvation</i>.</p> <p><sup>a</sup> Sy. <span style="font-family: serif;">כיב</span></p> <p><sup>b</sup> Sy. <span style="font-family: serif;">כחל</span></p> <p><sup>c</sup> Sy. <span style="font-family: serif;">כחל</span></p>	<p>of the world,<sup>a</sup> he hath once offered himself in a self-sacrifice, to abolish sin. (27) And, as it is appointed to men, that they must once die, and after their death is the judgment; (28) so also the Messiah was once offered; and, by himself, he immolated the sins of many: and a second time, without sins, will he appear for the life<sup>o</sup> of them who expect him.—(X.) For in the law there was a shadow of the good things to come; not the substance of the things themselves. Therefore, although the same sacrifices were every year offered, they could never perfect those who offered them. (2) For, if they had perfected them, they would long ago have desisted from their offerings; because their conscience could no more disquiet them, who were once purified, on account of their sins. (3) But in those sacrifices, they every year recognized their sins. (4) For the blood of bulls and of goats cannot purge away sins. (5) Therefore, when entering the world, he said: In sacrifices and oblations, thou hast not had pleasure; but thou hast clothed me with a body. (6) And holocausts on account of sins, thou hast not asked. (7) Then I said: Behold I come, as it is written of me in the beginning<sup>a</sup> of the books, to do thy pleasure, O God. (8) He first said: Sacrifices and oblations and holocausts for sins, which were offered according to the law, thou desiredst not; (9) and afterwards he said: Behold I come to do thy pleasure, O God: hereby, he abolished the former, that he might establish the latter. (10) For by this his pleasure, we are sanctified; through the offering of the body of Jesus the Messiah a single time. (11) For every high priest who stood and ministered daily, offered again and again the same sacrifices, which never were sufficient to purge away sins. (12) But this [Priest] offered one sacrifice for sins, and for ever sat down at the right hand of God; (13) and thenceforth waited, until his foes should be placed as a footstool under his feet. (14) For by one offering, he hath perfected for ever, them who are sanctified by him. (15) And the Holy Spirit also testifieth to us, by saying: (16) This is the covenant<sup>b</sup> which I will give them after those days, saith the Lord; I will put my law<sup>c</sup> into their minds, and inscribe it on their hearts; (17) and their iniquity and their sins, I will not remem-</p>	<p>27</p> <p>28</p> <p>X.</p> <p>2</p> <p>3</p> <p>4</p> <p>5</p> <p>6</p> <p>7</p> <p>8</p> <p>9</p> <p>10</p> <p>11</p> <p>12</p> <p>13</p> <p>14</p> <p>15</p> <p>16</p> <p>17</p>
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18 ber against them. (18) Now, where there is a remission of sins, there is no offering for sin demanded.

19 We have therefore, my brethren, assurance<sup>d</sup> in entering into the sanctuary, by the blood of Jesus,

20 and by a way of life, (20) which he hath now consecrated for us, through the veil, that is his flesh.

21 (21) And we have a high priest over the house of

22 God. (22) Let us, therefore draw near, with a true heart, and with the confidence of faith, being sprinkled as to our hearts, and pure from an evil

23 conscience, and our body being washed<sup>e</sup> with pure

24 water. (23) And let us persevere in the profession of our hope, and not waver; for he is faithful who

25 hath made the promise to us. (24) And let us look on each other, for the excitement of love and good

26 works. (25) And let us not forsake our meetings,<sup>f</sup>

27 as is the custom of some; but entreat ye one another; and the more, as ye see that day draw near.—

28 (26) For if a man sin, voluntarily, after he hath received a knowledge of the truth, there is no longer a

29 sacrifice which may be offered for sins: (27) but the fearful judgment impendeth, and the zeal of fires

30 that consumeth the adversaries. (28) For if he, who transgressed the law of Moses, died without mercies,

31 at the mouth of two or three witnesses; (29) how much more, think ye, will he receive capital punishment, who hath trodden upon the Son of God, and hath accounted the blood of his covenant, by which he is sanctified, as the blood of all men, and hath

32 treated the Spirit of grace with contumely? (30) For we know him who hath said, Retribution is mine; and I will repay: and again, The Lord will

33 judge his people. (31) It is very terrible,<sup>h</sup> to fall

34 into the hands of the living God.—(32) Therefore, recollect ye the former days, those in which ye received baptism,<sup>i</sup> and endured a great conflict of sufferings, with reproach and affliction; (33) and ye were a gazing stock, and also were the associates of

35 persons who endured these things: (34) and ye were grieved for those who were imprisoned; and ye cheerfully endured the plundering of your goods, because ye knew that ye had a possession in heaven,

36 superior and not transitory. (35) Therefore cast not away your assurance<sup>k</sup> which is to have a great re-

ward. (36) For ye have need of patience; that ye may do the pleasure of God, and may receive the prom-

<sup>d</sup> Sy. *open face.*

<sup>e</sup> Sy.

ⲛⲓⲛⲓⲛⲓⲛⲓ

<sup>f</sup> Sy.

ⲛⲓⲛⲓⲛⲓⲛⲓ

<sup>g</sup> Gr. *πυρὸς*

*ζῆλος.*

<sup>h</sup> Sy. *a great*

*feur.*

<sup>i</sup> Gr.

*φωτισθέντες.*

<sup>k</sup> Sy. *openness*

*of countenance.*

ise. (37) Because, yet a little,—and it is a very 37  
 little time,—when he that cometh, will come, and  
 will not delay. (38) Now the just by my faith, 38  
 will live: but if he draw back, my soul will not  
 have pleasure in him. (39) But we are not of that 39  
 drawing-back, which leadeth to perdition; but of  
 that faith, which maketh us possess our soul.

<sup>a</sup> Sy. صحة

<sup>b</sup> Sy. برهان

<sup>c</sup> or, *the fiat.*

<sup>d</sup> Sy. اقتداء

<sup>e</sup> Gr. *salvation.*

Now faith is the persuasion<sup>a</sup> of the things that XI.  
 are in hope, as if they were in act; and [it is] the  
 manifestness<sup>b</sup> of the things not seen. (2) And 2  
 for it the ancients are well testified of.—(3) For by 3  
 faith, we understand that the worlds were framed  
 by the word<sup>c</sup> of God; and that things seen, origi- 4  
 nated from those that are not seen.—(4) By faith,  
 Abel offered to God a better sacrifice than that of  
 Cain; and on account of it, he is testified of that he  
 was righteous, and God bore testimony to his offer-  
 ing; and in consequence thereof, though dead he  
 yet speaketh. (5) By faith, Enoch was translated,<sup>d</sup> 5  
 and did not taste death; and he was not found, be-  
 cause God had translated him: for, before he trans- 6  
 lated him, there was testimony of him, that he  
 pleased God. (6) But, without faith, a man cannot  
 please God. For he that draweth near to God, must  
 believe his existence, and that he will recompense  
 those who seek him. (7) By faith Noah, when he 7  
 was told of things not seen, feared; and he made  
 himself an ark, for the life<sup>e</sup> of his household; where-  
 by he condemned the world, and became an heir  
 of the righteousness which is by faith.—(8) By faith 8  
 Abraham, when he was called, obeyed, and depart-  
 ed to the place which he was to receive for an in-  
 heritance: and he departed, while he knew not  
 whither he was going. (9) By faith, he became a 9  
 resident in the land that was promised him, as in a  
 foreign land; and abode in tents, with Isaac and  
 Jacob, the heirs with him of the same promise.  
 (10) For he looked for the city that hath a founda- 10  
 tion, of which the builder and maker is God. (11) By 11  
 faith, Sarah also, who was barren, acquired energy  
 to receive seed; and, out of the time of her years,  
 she brought forth; because she firmly believed, that  
 he was faithful who had promised her. (12) There- 12  
 fore, from one man falling through age, numbers  
 were born, like the stars in the heavens, and like

the sand on the shore of the sea which is innumerable. (13) All these died in faith, and received not their promise; but they saw it afar off, and rejoiced in it; and they confessed that they were strangers and pilgrims on the earth. (14) Now they who say thus, show that they seek a city. (15) But if they had been seeking that city from which they came out, they had opportunity to return again and go to it. (16) But now it is manifest that they longed for a better [city] than that, [namely,] for that which is in heaven. Therefore God did not refuse to be called their God; for he prepared for them the city. (17) By faith Abraham, in his trial, offered up Isaac; and he laid on the altar his only son, whom he had received by promise. (18) For it had been said to him, In Isaac shall thy seed be called. (19) And he reasoned with himself, that God was able even to raise [him] from the dead: and therefore, in the similitude<sup>f</sup> [of a resurrection], he was restored<sup>g</sup> to him. (20) By faith in what was to be, Isaac blessed Jacob and Esau. (21) By faith Jacob, when dying, blessed each of the sons of Joseph, and bowed himself on the top of his staff. (22) By faith Joseph, when dying, was mindful of the departure of the children of Israel, and gave direction concerning his bones.—(23) By faith the parents of Moses, after he was born, hid him three months; because they saw he was a goodly child; and they were not deterred by the command of the king. (24) By faith Moses, when he became a man, refused to be called the son of Pharaoh's daughter. (25) And he chose to be in affliction with the people of God, and not to live luxuriously in sin for a short season: (26) and he esteemed the reproach of the Messiah a greater treasure than the hoarded riches of Egypt; for he looked upon the recompense of reward. (27) By faith, he left Egypt, and was not terrified by the wrath of the king; and he continued to hope, just as if he saw the invisible God. (28) By faith, they kept<sup>h</sup> the passover, and the sprinkling of blood, that he who destroyed the first-born might not approach them. (29) By faith, they passed the Red Sea,<sup>i</sup> as on dry land; and in it the Egyptians were swallowed up, when they dared to enter it.—(30) By faith, the walls of Jericho fell down, when they had been encompassed seven days.

<sup>f</sup> Sy. ⲛⲁⲛⲉⲛ

<sup>g</sup> Sy. ⲉⲛⲉⲛⲁ

<sup>h</sup> Sy. *made.*

<sup>i</sup> Sy. ⲉⲛⲉⲛⲁ

\* Sy. **سعد**

(31) By faith Rahab, the harlot, perished not with 31  
 them who believed not, when she received the spies  
 in peace. (32) What more shall I say? For I 32  
 have little time to tell of Gideon, and of Barak, and  
 of Sampson, and of Jephtha, and of David, and of  
 Samuel, and of the other prophets: (33) who, by 33  
 faith, subdued kingdoms, and wrought righteous-  
 ness, and received promises, and shut the mouths of  
 lions, (34) and quenched the force<sup>k</sup> of fire, and were 34  
 rescued from the edge of the sword, and were healed  
 of diseases, and became strong in battle, and routed  
 the camps of enemies, (35) and restored to women 35  
 their children, by a resurrection from the dead.  
 And some died under tortures, and did not hope to  
 escape, that there might be for them a better resur-  
 rection; (36) and others endured mockings and 36  
 scourgings; others were delivered up to bonds and  
 prisons; (37) others were stoned; others were saw- 37  
 ed; others died by the edge of the sword; others  
 roamed about clothed in sheep skins and goat skins,  
 and were needy, and afflicted, and agitated; (38) 38  
 persons of whom the world was not worthy, and  
 yet they were as wanderers in the desert, and in  
 mountains, and in caves, and in caverns of the earth.  
 —(39) And all these, of whose faith there is testimo- 39  
 ny, received not the promise: (40) because God had 40  
 provided the aid for us; so that without us they  
 should not be perfected.—(XII.) Therefore let us XII.  
 also, who have all these witnesses surrounding us  
 like clouds, cast from us all encumbrances,<sup>a</sup> and sin,  
 which is always prepared for us; and let us run  
 with patience the race that is appointed for us. (2) 2  
 And let us look on Jesus, who hath become the  
 commencement and the completion of our faith;  
 who, on account of the joy there was for him, en-  
 dured the cross, and surrendered himself to oppro-  
 brium; and is seated on the right hand of the throne  
 of God. (3) Behold, therefore, how much he suffered 3  
 from sinners, from them who are adversaries of their  
 own soul,<sup>b</sup> that ye may not be discouraged, nor  
 your soul become remiss.

<sup>b</sup> or, *selves*.

Ye have not yet come unto blood, in the contest 4  
 against sin. (5) And ye have forgotten the moni- 5  
 tion, which saith to you, as to children, My son, dis-  
 regard not the chastening of the Lord; nor let thy  
 soul faint, when thou art rebuked by him. (6) For, 6

whom the Lord loveth, he chasteneth; and he scourgeth those sons, for whom he hath kind regards. (7) Therefore endure ye the chastisement; because God is dealing with you as with sons. For what son is there, whom his father chasteneth not? (8) But if ye are without that chastisement, with which every one is chastened, ye are become strangers and not sons. (9) And if our fathers of the flesh chastened us, and we revered them, how much more ought we to be submissive to our spiritual fathers,<sup>c\*</sup> and live? (10) For they chastened us for a short time, according to their pleasure; but God, for our advantage, that we may become partakers of his holiness. (11) Now all chastisement, in the time of it, is not accounted a matter of joy, but of grief: yet, afterwards, it yieldeth the fruits of peace and righteousness to them who are exercised by it.—(12) Wherefore, strengthen ye your relaxed hands, and your tottering knees: (13) and make straight paths for your feet, that the limb which is lame may not be wrenched, but may be healed. (14) Follow after peace with every man; and after holiness, without which a man will not see our Lord. (15) And be careful, lest any be found among you destitute of the grace of God; or lest some root of bitterness shoot forth germs, and trouble you; and thereby many be defiled: (16) or lest any one be found among you a fornicator; or a heedless one like Esau, who for one mess of food, sold his primogeniture. (17) For ye know that, afterwards when he wished to inherit the blessing, he was rejected; for he found not a place for repentance, although he sought it with tears.—(18) For ye have not come to the fire that burned, and the tangible [mount]; nor to the darkness and obscurity and tempest; (19) nor to the sound of the trumpet, and the voice of words, which they who heard, entreated that it might no more be spoken to them; (20) for they could not endure what was commanded. And even a beast, if it approached the mountain, was to be stoned. (21) And so terrible was the sight, that Moses said, I fear and tremble. (22) But ye have come to Mount Zion, and to the city of the living

<sup>c</sup> Gr. τῶν πατρῶν πνευματικῶν.

\* This, undoubtedly, is a spurious reading; for it conflicts with the Greek, and disagrees with the context.

<sup>d</sup> Sy. ⲁⲓⲛⲁ

<sup>e</sup> Sy. ⲙⲉⲃⲉⲗⲁ

God, the Jerusalem that is in heaven; and to the assemblies of myriads of angels; (23) and to the church<sup>d</sup> of the first-born, who are enrolled in heaven; and to God the judge of all; and to the spirits of the just, who are perfected; (24) and to Jesus, the Mediator<sup>e</sup> of the new covenant; and to the sprinkling of his blood, which speaketh better than that of Abel.—(25) Beware, therefore, lest ye refuse [to hear] him who speaketh with you. For if they escaped not, who refused [to hear] him who spake with them on the earth, how much more shall we not, if we refuse [to hear] him who speaketh with us from heaven? (26) Whose voice [then] shook the earth; but now he hath promised, and said, yet again once more, I will shake not the earth only, but also heaven. (27) And this his expression, Once more, indicateth the mutation of the things that are shaken, because they are fabricated; that the things which will not be shaken, may remain. (28) Since, therefore, we have received a kingdom that is unshaken, let us grasp the grace whereby we may serve and please God, with reverence and fear. (29) For our God is a consuming fire. 23 24 25 26 27 28 29

<sup>a</sup> or, *in you.*

Let love for the brethren dwell among<sup>a</sup> you. XIII. (2) And forget not kindness to strangers; for thereby some have been privileged to entertain angels, unawares. (3) And remember those in bonds, as if ye were bound with them: and recollect those in affliction, as being yourselves clothed in flesh.—(4) Marriage is honorable in all; and their bed undefiled: but whoremongers and adulterers, God will judge. (5) Let not your mind love money; but let what ye have, satisfy you. For the Lord himself hath said, I will never leave thee, nor slacken the hand towards thee. (6) And it belongeth to us, to say confidently, My Lord is my aider, I will not fear. What can man do to me? (7) Remember your guides,<sup>b</sup> who have spoken to you godly discourse;<sup>c</sup> examine the issue of their course, and imitate their faith.—(8) Jesus the Messiah is the same, yesterday, to-day, and for ever. (9) Be not led away by strange and variable doctrines. For it is a good thing, that we strengthen our hearts with grace, and not with meats; for those have not been benefited, who walked in them. 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9

<sup>b</sup> Sy.

ⲙⲉⲃⲉⲗⲁ

<sup>c</sup> or, *discourse of God.*

- 10 (10) And we have an altar, of which they who minister in the tabernacle have no right to eat.
- 11 (11) For the flesh of those animals, whose blood the high priest brought into the sanctuary for sins, was burned without the camp. (12) For this reason, Jesus also, that he might sanctify his people with his blood, suffered without the city. (13) Therefore, let us also go forth to him, without the camp, clothed with his reproach: (14) (for we have here no abiding city; but we expect one that is future:) (15) and through him, let us at all times offer to God the sacrifices of praise, that is, the fruits of lips which give thanks to his name.
- 16 (16) And forget not commiseration and communication with the poor; for with such sacrifices a man pleaseth God. (17) Confide in your guides,<sup>d</sup> and hearken to them; for they watch for your souls, as men who must give an account of you, that they may do this with joy and not with anguish; for that would not be profitable to you.
- 18 —(18) Pray ye for us; for we trust we have a good consciousness, that in all things we desire to conduct ourselves well. (19) Especially do I request you to do this, that I may return to you speedily.
- 20 May the God of peace,—who brought up from the dead the great Shepherd of the flock, by the blood of the everlasting covenant, namely Jesus the Messiah, our Lord,—(21) make you perfect in every good work, that ye may do his pleasure; and himself operate in you that which is pleasing in his sight, through Jesus the Messiah; to whom be glory for ever and ever. Amen.
- 22 And I beseech you, my brethren, that ye be patient under this word of exhortation; for it is in few words I have written to you.—(23) And know ye, that our brother Timothy is set at liberty: and if he come soon, I, with him, shall see you.—
- 24 (24) Salute all your guides,<sup>e</sup> and all the saints. 25 All they of Italy salute you.—(25) Grace be with you all. Amen.

<sup>d</sup> Sy.

مُرْتَدِّعِي

<sup>e</sup> Sy.

مُرْتَدِّعِي

*End of the Epistle to the Hebrews; which was written from Italy of Rome; and was sent by the hands of Timothy.*

The Epistle of James the Legate.

	JAMES, a servant of God, and of our Lord Jesus I.
	the Messiah;—to the twelve tribes dispersed among
<sup>a</sup> or, <i>peace</i> .	the Gentiles;—greeting. <sup>a</sup>
	Let it be all joy to you, my brethren, when ye 2
	enter into many and various trials. (3) For ye 3
	know, that the trial of [your] faith, maketh you
	possess patience. (4) And let patience have its 4
	perfect work, so that ye may be complete and per- 5
	fect, and may lack nothing.—(5) And if any of you 5
<sup>b</sup> Sy	lacketh wisdom, let him ask [it] of God, who giv- 6
ⲁⲓⲃⲉⲛⲉⲛⲟⲩ	eth to all freely, <sup>b</sup> and reproacheth not; and it will 6
	be given him. (6) But let him ask in faith, not 7
	hesitating; he who hesitateth is like the waves of 7
	the sea, which the wind agitateth. (7) And let not 8
	that man expect to receive any thing of the Lord, 8
	(8) who is hesitating in his mind, and unstable in 9
	all his ways.—(9) And let the depressed brother 9
	rejoice, in his elevation; (10) and the rich, in his 10
	depression; because, like the flower of an herb, so 11
	he passeth away. (11) For the sun riseth in its 11
	heat, and drieth up the herb; and its flower fall- 12
	eth, and the beauty of its appearance perisheth; 12
	so also the rich man withereth in his ways. <sup>c</sup> — 13
<sup>c</sup> Sy.	(12) Blessed is the man who endureth temptations; 12
ⲁⲓⲃⲉⲛⲉⲛⲟⲩ	so that when he is proved he may receive a crown 13
<i>in his doings.</i>	of life, which God hath promised to them that love 13
	him. (13) Let no one when he is tempted, say, I 13
	am tempted of God: for God is not tempted with 14
<sup>d</sup> Sy.	evils, <sup>d</sup> nor doth he tempt any man. (14) But every 14
ⲁⲓⲃⲉⲛⲉⲛⲟⲩ	man is tempted by his own lust; and he lusteth, 15
	and is drawn away. (15) And this [his] lust conceiveth, 15
	and bringeth forth sin; and sin, when mature, bringeth 16
	forth death.—(16) Do not err, my 16
	beloved brethren. (17) Every good and perfect 17
	gift cometh down from above, from the Father of



lights, with whom is no mutation, not even the  
 18 shadow of change. (18) He saw fit, and begat us  
 by the word of truth; that we might be the first-  
 19 fruits of his creatures.—(19) And be ye, my be-  
 loved brethren, every one of you, swift to hear, and  
 20 slow to speak; and slow to wrath: (20) for the  
 wrath of man worketh not the righteousness of  
 21 God. (21) Wherefore, remove far from you all  
 impurity, and the abundance of wickedness; and,  
 with meekness, receive the word that is implanted  
 in our nature, which is able to vivify<sup>e</sup> these your  
 souls.

<sup>e</sup> Gr. save.

22 But be ye doers of the word, and not hearers  
 23 only; and do not deceive yourselves. (23) For if  
 any man shall be a hearer of the word, and not a  
 doer of it, he will be like one who seeth his face in  
 24 a mirror: (24) for he seeth himself, and passeth on,  
 25 and forgetteth what a man he was. (25) But every  
 one that looketh upon the perfect law of liberty,  
 and abideth in it, is not a hearer of something to  
 be forgotten, but a doer of the things; and he will  
 26 be blessed in his work. (26) And if any one  
 thinketh that he worshippeth God, and doth not  
 restrain his tongue, but his heart deceiveth him;  
 27 his worship is vain. (27) For the worship<sup>f</sup> that is  
 pure and holy before God the Father, is this: to  
 visit the fatherless and the widows in their afflic-  
 tion, and that one keep himself unspotted from the

<sup>f</sup> Sy.

12-1502

II. world.—(II.) My brethren, hold ye not the faith  
 of the glory<sup>a</sup> of our Lord Jesus the Messiah, with  
 2 a respect to persons. (2) For if there come into  
 your assembly a man with rings of gold or splen-  
 did garments, and there come in a poor man in  
 3 sordid garments; (3) and ye show respect to him  
 who is clothed in splendid garments, and say to  
 him, Seat thyself here, conspicuously; while to the  
 poor man, ye say, Stand thou there, or sit thou  
 4 here before my footstool; (4) are ye not divided  
 among yourselves, and become expositors of evil  
 5 thoughts? (5) Hear, my beloved brethren; hath  
 not God chosen the poor of the world, but the rich  
 in faith, to be heirs in the kingdom which God  
 6 hath promised to them that love him? (6) But  
 ye have despised the poor man. Do not rich men  
 exalt themselves over you, and drag you before the  
 7 tribunals? (7) Do they not revile that worthy

<sup>a</sup> or, the glo-  
 rious faith.

name, which is invoked upon you? (8) And if in 8  
 this ye fulfill the law of God, as it is written, Thou  
 shalt love thy neighbor as thyself, ye will do well :  
 (9) but if ye have respect of persons, ye commit sin ; 9  
 and ye are convicted by the law, as transgressors of  
 the law. (10) For he that shall keep the whole 10  
 law, and yet fail in one [precept], is obnoxious<sup>b</sup> to  
 the whole law. (11) For he who said, Thou shalt 11  
 not commit adultery, said also, Thou shalt not  
 kill. If then thou commit no adultery, but thou  
 killest, thou hast become a transgressor of the law.  
 —(12) So speak ye, and so act, as persons that are 12  
 to be judged by the law of liberty. (13) For 13  
 judgment without mercy shall be on him, who hath  
 practised no mercy : by mercy, ye will be raised  
 above judgment.

What is the use, my brethren, if a man say, I 14  
 have faith ; and he hath no works? can his faith 14  
 vivify<sup>c</sup> him? (15) Or if a brother or sister be na- 15  
 ked, and destitute of daily food, (16) and one of 16  
 you say to them, Go in peace, warm yourselves, and  
 be full ; and ye give them not the necessaries of  
 the body, what is the use? (17) So also faith 17  
 alone, without works, is dead.—(18) For a man 18  
 may say, Thou hast faith, and I have works ;  
 show to me thy faith that is without works ; and I 18  
 will show to thee, my faith by my works. (19) 19  
 Thou believest that there is one God ; thou dost  
 well ; the demons also believe, and tremble. (20) 20  
 Wouldst thou know, O frail man, that faith with-  
 out works is dead? (21) Abraham our father, was 21  
 not he justified by works, in offering his son Isaac  
 upon the altar? (22) Seest thou, that his faith 22  
 aided his works ; and that by the works his faith  
 was rendered complete? (23) And the scripture 23  
 was fulfilled, which saith : Abraham believed in  
 God, and it was accounted to him for righteousness,  
 and he was called the Friend of God.—(24) Thou 24  
 seest, that by works a man is justified<sup>d</sup>, and not by  
 faith alone. (25) So also Rahab, the harlot, was 25  
 not she justified by works, when she entertained  
 the spies, and sent them forth by another way?  
 (26) As the body without the spirit, is dead ; so 26  
 faith without works, is dead also.

<sup>b</sup> Sy. 

<sup>c</sup> Gr. *save*.

<sup>d</sup> Sy. 

Let there not be many teachers among you, my III.

brethren; but know ye, that we<sup>a</sup> are obnoxious to  
 2 a severer judgment. (2) For we all offend in many  
 things. Whoever offendeth not in discourse, is a  
 3 perfect man, who can also keep his whole body in  
 subjection. (3) Behold, we put bridles into the  
 4 mouth of horses, that they may obey us; and we  
 turn about their whole body. (4) Huge ships also,  
 when strong winds drive them, are turned about by  
 a small timber, to what place the pleasure of the  
 5 pilot looketh. (5) So likewise the tongue is a  
 small member, and it exalteth itself. Also a little  
 6 fire inflameth large forests. (6) Now the tongue  
 is a fire, and the world of sin is like a forest. And  
 this tongue, which is one among our members,  
 marreth our whole body; and it inflameth the  
 series of our generations that roll on like a wheel;  
 7 and it is itself on fire. (7) For all natures<sup>b</sup> of beasts  
 and birds and reptiles, of the sea or land, are sub-  
 8 jugated by the nature<sup>c</sup> of man. (8) But the tongue  
 hath no one been able to tame: it is an evil thing,  
 9 not coercible, and full of deadly poison. (9) For  
 with it, we bless the Lord and Father; and with it  
 we curse men, who were made in the image of God;  
 10 (10) and from the same mouth, proceed curses and  
 blessings. My brethren, these things ought not to  
 11 be so. (11) Can there flow from the same fountain,  
 12 sweet waters and bitter? (12) Or can the fig-tree,  
 my brethren, bear olives? or the vine, figs? So also  
 13 salt waters cannot be made sweet.—(13) Who is  
 wise and instructed among you? Let him show his  
 works in praiseworthy actions, with modest wisdom.  
 14 (14) But if bitter envy be in you, or contention in  
 your hearts, exalt not yourselves against the truth,  
 15 and lie not. (15) For this wisdom cometh not  
 down from above; but is earthly, and from the  
 16 devices<sup>d</sup> of the soul, and from demons. (16) For  
 where envy and contention are, there also is confu-  
 17 sion, and every thing wrong. (17) But the wisdom  
 which is from above, is pure, and full of peace, and  
 mild, and submissive, and full of compassion and of  
 good fruits, and without partiality, and without re-  
 18 spect of persons. (18) And the fruits of righteous-  
 ness are sown in stillness, by them who make  
 peace.

<sup>a</sup> i. e. the teachers.

<sup>b</sup> Sy. *صنفا*

<sup>c</sup> Sy. *لصفا*

<sup>d</sup> Sy. *سوقا*

IV. Whence is it, that there are among you fightings

<p><sup>a</sup> <i>Sy. it cometh not into your hand.</i></p>	<p>and broils? Is it not from the lusts, which war in your members? (2) Ye covet, and possess not; and ye kill, and envy, and effect nothing<sup>a</sup>: and ye fight and make attacks; and ye have not, because ye ask not. (3) Ye ask, and receive not; because ye ask wickedly, that ye may pamper your lusts. (4) Ye adulterers, know ye not, that the love of the world is hostility towards God? He therefore who chooseth to be a lover of this world, is the enemy of God. (5) Or think ye, that the scripture hath</p>	2
	<p>vainly said: The spirit dwelling in us lusteth with envy? (6) But our Lord hath given us more<sup>b</sup> grace. Therefore he said: The Lord humbleth the lofty, and giveth grace to the lowly. (7) Subject yourselves therefore to God; and stand firm against Satan, and he will flee from you. (8) Draw nigh to God, and he will draw nigh to you. Cleanse your hands, ye sinners: sanctify your hearts, ye divided in mind. (9) Humble yourselves, and mourn: let your laughter be turned into mourning, and your joy into grief. (10) Humble yourselves before the Lord, and he will exalt you.—(11) Speak</p>	3
<p><sup>b</sup> or, <i>superior.</i></p>	<p>not against each other, my brethren; for he that speaketh against his brother, or judgeth his brother, speaketh against the law, and judgeth the law. And if thou judgest the law, thou art not a doer of the law, but its judge. (12) There is one Law-giver and Judge, who can make alive,<sup>c</sup> and [can] destroy: but who art thou, that thou judgest thy neighbor?</p>	4
	<p>But what shall we say of those, who say: To-day or to-morrow we will go to such or such a city, and will abide there a year; and we will traffic, and get gain? (14) And they know not what will be to-morrow: for what is our life, but an exhalation that is seen a little while, and then vanisheth and is gone? (15) Whereas they should say: If the</p>	5
	<p>Lord please, and we live, we will do this or that. (16) They glory in their vaunting. All such glorying is evil. (17) He that knoweth the good, and doeth it not, to him is sin.—(V.) O ye rich ones, wail and weep, on account of the miseries that are coming upon you. (2) For your wealth is spoiled and putrid; and your garments are moth-eaten: (3) and your gold and your silver have con-</p>	6
	<p>tracted rust; and the rust of them will be testimony</p>	7
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against you; and it will eat your flesh. Ye have heaped up a fire to you against the latter days.

4 (4) Behold, the wages of the laborers who have reaped your ground, which ye have wrongfully retained, crieth out; and the clamor of the reapers hath entered the ears of the Lord of Sabaoth.

5 (5) For ye have lived in pleasure on the earth, and revelled, and feasted your bodies as in a day of slaughter. (6) Ye have condemned and slain the just, and none resisted you.

7 But, my brethren, be ye patient until the advent of the Lord; like the husbandman, who waiteth for the precious fruits of his ground, and is patient as to them, until he receive the early and the latter

8 rain. (8) So also be ye patient, and fortify your hearts; for the advent of our Lord draweth nigh.

9 —(9) Be not querulous<sup>a</sup> one against another, my brethren, lest ye be judged: for lo, the judgment

10 standeth before the door. (10) For patience in your afflictions, my brethren, take to you the example of the prophets, who spoke in the name of the Lord. (11) For lo, we ascribe blessedness to them who have borne suffering. Ye have heard of the patience of Job: and ye have seen the result which the Lord wrought for him: for the Lord is merciful and compassionate.

12 But above all things, my brethren, swear ye not; neither by heaven, nor by the earth, nor by any other oath: but let your language be yes, yes, and no, no; lest ye become obnoxious to judgment.

13 And if any of you shall be in affliction, let him pray; or if he be joyous, let him sing psalms.

14 (14) And if one is sick, let him call for the elders<sup>b</sup> of the church; and let them pray for him, and anoint him with oil in the name of our Lord:

15 (15) and the prayer of faith will heal him who is sick, and our Lord will raise him up; and if sins have been committed by him, they will be forgiven

16 him. (16) And confess ye your faults one to another, and pray ye one for another, that ye may be healed; for great is the efficacy of the prayer which a

17 righteous man prayeth. (17) Elijah also was a man of sensations like us, and he prayed that rain might not descend upon the earth; and it descended

18 not, for three years and six months. (18) And again he prayed, and the heavens gave rain, and

<sup>a</sup> Sy.   
 ۞ ۞ ۞ ۞ =   
 Cr.   
 μη ενύστετε.

<sup>b</sup> Sy.   
 ۞ ۞ ۞ ۞   
<sup>c</sup> or, over him.

the earth gave forth its fruits.—(19) My brethren, 19  
 if one of you err from the way of truth, and any  
 one convert him from his error; (20) let him 20  
 know, that he who turneth the sinner from the  
 error of his way, will resuscitate<sup>d</sup> his soul from  
 death, and will cover the multitude of his sins.

<sup>d</sup> Gr. *save*.

*End of the Epistle of James, the Legate.*

❖ اود اهل الله: فليعلموا انهم

Again :

The Epistle of Peter, the Legate ; Simon Cephas.

PETER, a legate of Jesus the Messiah,—to the I.  
 elect and sojourners, who are dispersed in Pontus,  
 and in Galatia, and in Cappadocia, and in Asia, and  
 in Bithynia,—(2) to them who have been chosen, 2  
 by the foreknowledge of God the Father, through  
 sanctification of the Spirit, unto the obedience and  
 the sprinkling of the blood of Jesus the Messiah:  
 —May grace and peace abound towards you.  
 Blessed be God, the Father of our Lord Jesus the 3  
 Messiah, who in his great mercy hath begotten<sup>a</sup> us  
 anew, by the resurrection of our Lord Jesus the  
 Messiah, to the hope of life, (4) and to an inherit- 4  
 ance incorruptible, undefiled, and unfading, which  
 is prepared for you in heaven; (5) while ye are 5  
 kept, by the power of God and by faith, for the  
 life<sup>b</sup> that is prepared and will be revealed in the  
 last times; (6) wherein ye will rejoice for ever, not- 6  
 withstanding ye at the present time are pressed a  
 little, by the various trials that pass over you;  
 (7) so that the proof of your faith may appear more 7  
 precious than refined gold that is tested by fire,  
 unto glory and honor and praise, at the manifesta-  
 tion of Jesus the Messiah: (8) whom having not 8  
 seen, ye love; and in the faith of whom ye rejoice,  
 with joy that is glorious and ineffable, (9) that ye  
 may receive the recompense of your faith, the  
 life<sup>c</sup> of your souls; (10) that life [namely], about 10

<sup>a</sup> Sy.

اود اهل الله  
 فليعلموا انهم

<sup>b</sup> Gr. *salvation*.

<sup>c</sup> Gr. *salvation*.

which the prophets inquired, when they were prophesying of the grace which was to be given to you. (11) And they searched for the time, which the Spirit of the Messiah dwelling in them did show and testify, when the sufferings of the Messiah were to occur, and his subsequent glory. (12) And it was revealed to them, [in regard to] all they were searching, that,<sup>d</sup> not for themselves were they inquiring, but for us they were prophesying of those things, which are now manifested to you by means of the things we have announced to you, by the Holy Spirit sent from heaven; which things the angels also desire to look into.

13 Wherefore, gird up the loins of your minds, and be awake perfectly, and wait for the joy, which will come to you at the revelation of our Lord Jesus the Messiah, (14) as obedient children: and be ye not conversant again with those former lusts, with which ye lusted when without knowledge. (15) But be ye holy in all your conduct, as he is holy who hath called you. (16) Because it is written: Be ye holy, even as I am holy. (17) And if so be ye call on the Father,—with whom is no respect of persons, and who judgeth every one according to his deeds,—pass the time of your sojournment with fear; (18) since ye know, that neither with perishable silver, nor with gold, ye were redeemed from your vain doings, which ye had by tradition from your vain fathers; (19) but with the precious blood of that Lamb in which is no spot nor blemish, namely, the Messiah: (20) who was predestined to this, before the foundation of the world; and was manifested at the termination of the times, for your sakes; (21) who, by means of him, have believed in God, who raised him from the dead and conferred glory on him; that your faith and hope might be in God, (22) while your minds became sanctified, by obedience to the truth; and ye be full of love, without respect of persons, so that ye love one another out of a pure and perfect heart; (23) like persons born again,<sup>e</sup> not of seed that perisheth, but of that which doth not perish, by the living word of God, who abideth for ever. (24) Because all flesh is as grass, and all its beauty like the flower of the field. The grass drieth up, and the flower withereth away; (25) but the word of our God

<sup>d</sup> or, because.

<sup>e</sup> Sy.   
 مِمَّنْ يَنْبُتُ  
 فِي الْحَقْلِ

abideth for ever: and this is the word that is announced to you.—(II.) Therefore, cease ye from all malice, and all guile, and hypocrisy, and envy, and backbiting. (2) And be like infant children; and crave the word, as being the pure spiritual milk by which ye are nourished up to life; (3) if ye have tasted and seen that the Lord is good: (4) to whom ye have come, because he is a living stone, rejected indeed by men, but with God elect and precious. (5) And ye also, as living stones, are builded and become spiritual temples, and holy priests, for the offering of spiritual sacrifices,<sup>a</sup> acceptable before God, through Jesus the Messiah. (6) For it is said in the scripture, Behold, in Zion I lay a chosen and precious stone, for the head of the corner; and whoever believeth in him, will not be ashamed. (7) On you therefore who believe, is this honor conferred: but to them who believe not, (8) he is a stone of stumbling and a rock of offence. And they stumble at it, because they believe not the word: whereto they were appointed.<sup>b</sup> (9) But ye are an elect race, officiating as priests of the kingdom; a holy people, a redeemed congregation; that ye should proclaim the praises of him who called you out of darkness to his precious light: (10) who formerly were not accounted a people, but now are the people of God; and also, there were [once] no mercies on you, but now mercies are poured out upon you.

My beloved, I entreat you as strangers and pilgrims, separate yourselves from all lusts of the body; for they war against the soul. (12) And let your behavior be decorous before all men; so that they who utter evil speeches against you, may see your good actions, and may praise God in the day of trial.—(13) And be ye submissive to all the sons of men, for God's sake;—to kings, on account of their authority; (14) and to judges, because they are sent by him for the punishment of offenders, and for the praise of them that do well. (15) For so is the pleasure of God, that by your good deeds ye may stop the mouth of the foolish, who know not God: (16) as free men, yet not like men who make their freedom a cloak for their wickedness, but as the servants of God. (17) Honor all men; love your brethren; fear God; and honor kings.

<sup>a</sup> Sy. بصتبا  
نصبنا

<sup>b</sup> Sy. هههههههه

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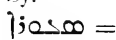
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
18 And those among you who are servants, be sub-  
 19 ject to your masters,<sup>e</sup> with reverence; not only to  
 20 the good and gentle, but also to the harsh and  
 21 morose. (19) For there is favor before God for  
 22 them who, for the sake of a good conscience, en-  
 23 dure sorrows that come upon them wrongfully.  
 24 (20) But they who endure afflictions on account of  
 25 their offences, what praise have they? But if, when  
 ye do well, they vex you, and ye endure it; then  
 great is your praise with God. (21) For unto this  
 were ye called; because the Messiah also died for  
 us, and left us this pattern, that ye should walk in  
 his steps. (22) He did no sin; neither was guile  
 found in his mouth. (23) When he was reviled,  
 he reviled not; and he suffered and threatened not,  
 but committed his cause to the Judge of righteous-  
 24 ness. (24) And he took away<sup>d</sup> all our sins, and,  
 in his body, lifted them to the cross; that we, when  
 dead to sin, might live by his righteousness: for  
 25 by his wounds, ye are healed. (25) For ye, [once]  
 went astray, like sheep; but ye have now returned  
 to the Shepherd and Curator<sup>e</sup> of your souls.


<sup>e</sup> Sy. to your lords.

<sup>d</sup> Sy. 

<sup>e</sup> Sy.  =  
 Gr. ἐπίσκοπος.

III. So also ye wives, be ye subject to your hus-  
 bands; that, by your pleasing behavior, ye may  
 gain over, without difficulty, those who obey not  
 2 the word, (2) when they see, that ye conduct your-  
 3 selves with reverence and chastity. (3) And adorn  
 not yourselves with the external ornaments of curls  
 of the hair, or of golden trinkets, or of costly gar-  
 4 ments. (4) But adorn yourselves in the hidden  
 person of the heart,<sup>a</sup> with a mild and uncorrupted  
 spirit, an ornament that is precious before God.  
 5 (5) For so also the holy women of old, who trusted  
 in God, adorned themselves, and were subject to  
 6 their husbands: (6) just as Sarah was subject to  
 Abraham, and called him, My lord: whose daugh-  
 7 ters ye are, by good works, while ye are not terri-  
 fied by any fear.—(7) And ye husbands, likewise,  
 dwell with your wives according to knowledge;  
 and hold them in honor, as the feebler vessels; be-  
 cause they also will inherit with you the gift of  
 eternal life: and let not your prayers be hindered.  
 8 The summing up,<sup>b</sup> is, that ye all be in harmony,  
 that ye be sympathetic with them who suffer, and  
 affectionate one to another, and be merciful and

<sup>a</sup> Sy. 

<sup>b</sup> Sy. 

kind. (9) And that ye recompense to no one evil 9  
 for evil, neither railing for railing; but, in contra-  
 riety to these, that ye bless: for to this were ye  
 called, that ye might inherit a blessing. (10) There- 10  
 fore, whoever chooseth life, and desireth to see good  
 days, let him keep his tongue from evil, and his  
 lips that they speak no guile; (11) let him turn 11  
 away from evil, and do good; let him seek peace,  
 and follow after it. (12) Because the eyes of the 12  
 Lord are upon the righteous, and his ears [ready]  
 to hear them: but the face of the Lord is against  
 the wicked. (13) And who will do you harm, if 13  
 ye are zealous of good works? (14) But if it 14  
 should occur, that ye suffer on account of righteous-  
 ness, happy are ye. And be not terrified, by those  
 who would terrify you, nor be agitated: (15) but 15  
 sanctify the Lord the Messiah, in your hearts.

And be ye ready for a vindication, before every  
 one who demandeth of you an account of the hope  
 of your<sup>e</sup> faith, (16) in meekness and respect, as 16  
 having a good conscience; so that they who speak  
 against you as bad men, may be ashamed, for hav-  
 ing calumniated your good conduct in the Messiah.  
 (17) For it is profitable to you, that ye suffer evil 17  
 while ye do good deeds, if this should be the pleas-  
 ure of God; and not, while ye do evil deeds.  
 (18) For the Messiah also once died for our sins, 18  
 the righteous for sinners; that he might bring you  
 to God. And he died in body, but lived in spirit.  
 (19) And he preached to those souls, which were 19  
 detained in Hades,<sup>d</sup> (20) which were formerly dis- 20  
 obedient, in the days of Noah, when the long suffer-  
 ing of God commanded an ark to be made, in  
 hope of their repentance; and eight souls only en-  
 tered into it, and were kept alive<sup>e</sup> in the waters.  
 (21) And ye also, by a like figure, are made alive<sup>f</sup> 21  
 by baptism,<sup>g</sup> (not when ye wash your bodies from  
 filth, but when ye confess God with a pure con-  
 science,) and by the resurrection of Jesus the Mes-  
 siah; (22) who is taken up to heaven, and is on 22  
 the right hand of God, and angels, and authorities,  
 and powers, are subject to him.—(IV.) If then the IV.  
 Messiah hath suffered for you in the flesh, do ye  
 also arm yourselves with the same mind: for every  
 one that is dead in his body, hath ceased from all  
 sins, (2) that he may no longer be alive to the 2

<sup>c</sup> some: *the*.

<sup>d</sup> Sy.

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<sup>e</sup> Gr. *saved*.

<sup>f</sup> Gr. *saved*.

<sup>g</sup> Sy.

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lusts of men, while he is in the body, but [only] to  
 3 do the pleasure of God. (3) For the time that is  
 past was enough, when ye wrought the pleasure of  
 the profane,<sup>a</sup> in dissoluteness, and in ebriety, and  
 in lasciviousness, and in revelling, and in the wor-  
 4 ship of demons. (4) And lo, they now wonder,  
 and reproach you, because ye revel not with them  
 5 in the same former dissoluteness; (5) who must  
 give account to God, who is to judge the living and  
 6 the dead. (6) For on this account the announce-  
 ment is made also to the dead, that they may be  
 judged as persons in the flesh, and may live accord-  
 ing to God in the spirit.

<sup>a</sup> Sy. ἡτις

7 But the end of all things approacheth: therefore  
 8 be sober, and be wakeful for prayer. (8) And  
 above all things, have fervent love one towards  
 9 another; for love covereth a multitude of sins. (9)  
 And be ye compassionate to strangers, without  
 10 murmuring. (10) And let each of you minister to  
 his associates the gift which he hath received from  
 God; as being good stewards of the manifold grace  
 11 of God. (11) Whoever will speak, let him speak  
 as the word of God: and whoever will minister,<sup>b</sup>—  
 as of the ability that God hath given him: so that  
 in all ye do, God may be glorified, through Jesus  
 the Messiah; to whom belongeth glory, and honor,  
 for ever and ever. Amen.

<sup>b</sup> Sy.

ἡτις

12 My beloved, be not dismayed at the trials that  
 befall you, as if some strange thing had come upon  
 13 you; for these things are for your probation. (13)  
 But rejoice, that ye participate in the sufferings of  
 the Messiah, that so ye may also rejoice and exult  
 14 at the revelation of his glory. (14) And if ye are  
 reproached on account of the name of the Messiah,  
 happy are ye: for the glorious Spirit of God resteth  
 15 upon you. (15) Only let none of you suffer, as a  
 16 murderer, or as a thief, or as an evil-doer. (16)

<sup>c</sup> Sy.

ἡτις

But if he suffer as a Christian,<sup>c</sup> let him not be  
 17 ashamed; but let him glorify God on account of  
 this name. (17) For it is the time when judgment  
 will commence with the house of God: and if it  
 commence with us, what will be the end of those  
 18 who obey not the gospel of God? (18) And if the  
 righteous scarcely liveth,<sup>d</sup> where will the ungodly  
 19 and the sinner be found!—(19) Wherefore, let  
 them who suffer according to the pleasure of God,

<sup>d</sup> Gr. *is saved*.

<sup>e</sup> Sy. *by good deeds.*

commend their souls to him in well doing,<sup>e</sup> as to a faithful Creator.

<sup>a</sup> Sy. ⲁⲓⲛⲉⲛⲁ

And I, an Elder,<sup>a</sup> your associate, and a witness V. of the sufferings of the Messiah, and a participator in his glory which is to be revealed,—entreat the

<sup>b</sup> Sy. ⲟⲩⲉⲧⲏⲛⲁ

Elders<sup>b</sup> who are among you:—(2) Feed ye the flock of God which is committed to you: have care [for it], spiritually; not from compulsion, but voluntarily; not for base gain, but with all your heart; (3) not as lords of the flock, but so as to be a good example for them: (4) that when the chief shepherd shall be revealed, ye may receive from him a crown of glory that fadeth not.—(5) And ye

<sup>c</sup> Sy.

ⲟⲩⲉⲧⲏⲛⲁ

juniors submit yourselves to your seniors<sup>c</sup>; and clothe yourselves, stringently, with lowliness of mind one towards another; because God resisteth them who exalt themselves, and giveth grace to the humble. (6) Humble yourselves, therefore, under the powerful hand of God: and it will exalt you in due time. (7) And cast all your solicitude upon God; for he careth for you. (8) Be sober and guarded, because Satan<sup>d</sup> your adversary, like a lion, roareth, and goeth about, and seeketh whom he may devour. (9) Therefore resist him, being steadfast in the faith: and know ye, that the same sufferings befall your brethren that are in the world.

<sup>d</sup> Sy. ⲟⲩⲉⲧⲏⲛⲁ

Now it is the God of grace, who hath called us to his eternal glory by Jesus the Messiah, that hath given us, while we sustain these light afflictions, to be strengthened, and confirmed, and established by him for ever: (11) to whom be glory, and power, and honor, for ever and ever. Amen.

<sup>e</sup> Sy. ⲟⲩⲉⲧⲏⲛⲁ

These as I account [them] few [things],<sup>e</sup> I have written to you by Sylvanus, a faithful brother. And I would persuade, and would testify, that this is the true grace of God,—this in which ye stand.

<sup>f</sup> Sy. ⲟⲩⲉⲧⲏⲛⲁ

—(13) The elect church which is in Babylon,<sup>f</sup> saluteth you; also Mark, my son. (14) Salute ye one another with a holy kiss.—Peace be with you all, who are in the Messiah. Amen.

*End of the first Epistle of Peter the Legate.*

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## The Second Epistle of Peter.

SIMON PETER, a servant and legate of Jesus the Messiah,—to those who have obtained equally precious faith with us, through the righteousness of  
2 our Lord and Redeemer, Jesus the Messiah;—(2) May grace and peace abound to you through the  
3 recognition<sup>a</sup> of our Lord Jesus the Messiah, (3) as the giver to us of all things that be of the power of God, unto life and the fear of God, through the recognition of him who hath called us unto his  
4 own glory and moral excellence: (4) wherein he hath given you very great and precious promises; that by them ye might become partakers of the nature of God, while ye flee from the corruptions  
5 of the lusts that are in the world. (5) And, while ye apply<sup>b</sup> all diligence in the matter, add to your faith moral excellence; and to moral excellence,  
6 knowledge;<sup>c</sup> (6) and to knowledge, perseverance; and to perseverance, patience; and to patience, the  
7 fear of God; (7) and to the fear of God, sympathy with the brotherhood; and to sympathy with the  
8 brotherhood, love. (8) For, while these are found in you, and abounding, they render you not slothful, and not unfruitful, in the recognition of our  
9 Lord Jesus the Messiah. (9) For he, in whom these things are not found, is blind and seeth not, and hath forgotten the purgation of his former sins.  
10 (10) And therefore, my brethren, be ye exceedingly diligent to make your calling and election sure,<sup>d</sup> by your good actions: for, by so doing, ye will  
11 never fall away. (11) For thus will entrance be given you abundantly, into the everlasting kingdom of our Lord and Redeemer Jesus the Messiah.  
12 And for this reason I am not wearied in reminding you continually of these things; although ye know them well, and are established in this truth.  
13 (13) And it seemeth right to me, so long as I am

<sup>a</sup> or, *acknowledgment.*

<sup>b</sup> Sy. *introducee.*

<sup>c</sup> or, *intelligence.*

<sup>d</sup> Sy. ἵνα ἴσῃ

in this body, to excite you by monition: (14) since 14  
 I know, that the demise of my body is speedy, as  
 also my Lord Jesus the Messiah hath showed me.  
 \* Some copies: (15) And I am anxious,<sup>e</sup> that, after my departure, 15  
*strice ye.* ye too may have it always with you to make men-  
 tion of these things. (16) For we have not gone 16  
 after fables artfully framed, in making known to  
 you the power and advent of our Lord Jesus the  
 Messiah; but [it was] after we had been spectators  
 of his majesty. (17) For, when he received from 17  
 God the Father honor and glory, and, after the  
 splendid glory of his majesty, a voice came to him,  
 thus: This is my beloved Son, in whom I am well  
 pleased; (18) we also heard this identical voice 18  
 from heaven, which came to him while we were  
 with him in the holy mount. (19) And we have 19  
 moreover a sure word of prophecy; and ye will do  
 well, if ye look to it as to a light that shineth in a  
 dark place, until the day shall dawn, and the sun  
 shall arise in your hearts; (20) ye having the pre- 20  
 vious knowledge, that no prophecy is an exposition  
 of its own text.<sup>f</sup> (21) For at no time was it by the 21  
 pleasure of man, that the prophecy came; but holy  
 men of God spoke, as they were moved by the Holy  
 Spirit.

<sup>f</sup> i. e. is not its  
 own exposi-  
 tor.\*

But in the world, there have been also false pro- II.  
 phets, as there will likewise be false teachers among  
 you, who will bring in destructive heresies,<sup>a</sup> deny-  
 ing the Lord that bought them; thus bringing on  
 themselves swift destruction. (2) And many will 2  
 go after their profaneness; on account of whom,  
 the way of truth will be reproached. (3) And, in 3  
 the cupidity of raving words, they will make  
 merchandise of you:—whose judgment, of a long  
 time, is not idle; and their destruction slumbereth  
 not. (4) For, if God spared not the angels that 4  
 sinned, but cast them down to the infernal region<sup>b</sup>  
 in chains of darkness, and delivered them up to be 5  
 kept unto the judgment of torture, (5) and spared

<sup>a</sup> Sy. ܘܢܘܨܘܢܝܢ  
 = Gr. ὑπερσβετισ.

<sup>b</sup> Sy.  
 ܘܢܘܨܘܢܝܢ

\* The Greek of this difficult passage reads: πάντα προφητεία γραφῆς ἰδίας ἐπιλυσιως ὅς γίνεσθαι. The Syriac requires ἐπιλυσις, for ἐπιλυσιως; and then, supposing γραφῆς to depend on ἐπιλυσις, it obtains the significant interpretation, that no prophecy explains itself, and consequently cannot well be understood, until its fulfillment shall make it clear.

not the former world, but preserved Noah the eighth<sup>c</sup> person, a preacher of righteousness, when he  
 6 brought a flood on the world of the wicked; (6) [and] burned up the cities of Sodom and Gomorrah, and condemned them by an overthrow, making them a demonstration to the wicked who should  
 7 come after them; (7) and also delivered righteous Lot, who was tormented with the filthy conduct  
 8 of the lawless; (8)—for that upright man dwelling among them, in seeing and hearing from day to day, was distressed in his righteous soul by their  
 9 lawless deeds;—(9) the Lord knoweth how to rescue from afflictions those who fear him; and he will reserve the wicked for the day of judgment to be  
 10 tormented, (10) and especially them who go after the flesh in the lusts of pollution, and despise government. Daring and arrogant, they shudder  
 11 not with awe while they blaspheme; (11) whereas angels, greater than they in might and valor, bring  
 12 not against them a reproachful denunciation. (12) But these, like the dumb beasts that by nature are for slaughter and corruption, while reviling the things they know not, will perish in their own cor-  
 13 ruption; (13) they being persons with whom iniquity is the reward of iniquity, and by them rioting in the daytime is accounted delightful; defiled and full of spots [are they], indulging themselves  
 14 at their ease, while they give themselves up to pleasure; (14) having eyes that are full of adultery, and sins that never end; seducing unstable souls; and having a heart exercised in cupidity; children  
 15 of malediction: (15) and, having left the way of rectitude, they have wandered and gone in the way of Balaam the son of Beor, who loved the wages  
 16 of iniquity, (16) and who had for the reprover of his transgression a dumb ass, which, speaking with the speech of men, rebuked the madness of the prophet.  
 17 (17) These are wells without water, clouds driven by a tempest,<sup>d</sup> persons for whom is reserved the  
 18 blackness of darkness. (18) For, while they utter astonishing<sup>e</sup> vanity, they seduce, with obscene lusts of the flesh, them who have almost abandoned  
 19 these that walk in error. (19) And they promise them liberty, while they themselves are the slaves of corruption: for, by whatever thing a man is  
 20 vanquished, to that is he enslaved. (20) For if,

<sup>c</sup> i. e. one of the eight persons.

<sup>d</sup> Some copies: from above.

<sup>e</sup> Some copies: ridiculous.

<sup>f</sup> or, *acknowledged.*

when they have escaped the pollutions of the world by the knowledge of our Lord and Redeemer Jesus the Messiah, they become again involved in the same, and are vanquished, their latter state is worse than the former. (21) For it would have been better for them, not to have known<sup>f</sup> the way of righteousness, than after having known [it], to turn back from the holy commandment that was delivered to them. (22) But the true proverb hath happened to them: the dog returneth to his vomit; and the sow that was washed, to her wallowing in the mire. 21 22

<sup>a</sup> Sy. *in the end of days.*

This second epistle, my beloved, I now write to you; in [both of] which I stir up your honest mind by admonition: (2) that ye may be mindful of the words which were formerly spoken by the holy prophets, and of the injunction of our Lord and Redeemer by the hand of the legates: (3) knowing this previously, that there will come in the last days<sup>a</sup> scoffers, who will scoff, walking according to their own lusts; (4) and saying, Where is the promise of his coming? for, since our fathers fell asleep, every thing remaineth just as from the beginning of the creation. (5) For this they willingly forget, that the heavens were of old; and the earth rose up from the waters, and by means of water, by the word of God. (6) [And,] by means of these [waters], the world which then was, [being submerged] again perished in the waters. (7) And the heavens that now are, and the earth, are by his word stored up, being reserved for the fire at the day of judgment and the perdition of wicked men. —(8) And of this one thing, my beloved, be not forgetful, That one day, to the Lord, is as a thousand years; and a thousand years, as one day. (9) The Lord doth not procrastinate his promises, as some estimate procrastination; but he is long suffering, for your sakes, being not willing that any should perish, but that every one should come to repentance. (10) And the day of the Lord will come, like a thief; in which the heavens will suddenly pass away; and the elements,<sup>b</sup> being ignited, will be dissolved; and the earth and the works in it, will not be found.—(11) As therefore all these things are to be dissolved, what persons ought ye 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11

<sup>b</sup> Sy.

$\{\omega\omega\omega\omega\omega\} =$   
Gr.  $\sigma\tau\omega\iota\zeta\iota\sigma\alpha$ .



12 to be, in holy conduct, and in the fear of God, (12) expecting and desiring the coming of the day of God, in which the heavens being tried by fire will be dissolved, and the elements being ignited will

13 melt? (13) But we, according to his promise, expect new heavens, and a new earth, in which righteousness dwelleth.

14 Therefore, my beloved, as ye expect these things, strive that ye may be found by him in peace, with-

15 out spot and without blemish. (15) And account the long suffering of the Lord to be redemption; as also our beloved brother Paul, according to the

16 wisdom conferred on him, wrote to you; (16) as also in all his epistles, speaking in them of these things, in which there is something difficult to be understood; [and] which they who are ignorant and unstable, pervert, as they do also the rest of

17 the scriptures, to their own destruction.—(17) Ye therefore, my beloved, as ye know [these things] beforehand, guard yourselves, lest, by going after the error of the lawless, ye fall from your steadfast-

18 ness. (18) But be ye growing in grace, and in the knowledge of our Lord and Redeemer Jesus the Messiah, and of God the Father: whose is the glory, now, and always, and to the days of eternity.<sup>c</sup> Amen.

<sup>c</sup> Sy. ܘܠܝܘܢ

*End of the second Epistle of Peter the Legate.*

✧ ܘܠܝܘܢ ܕܡܫܝܚܐ ܕܝܫܘܥ ܕܡܫܝܚܐ

Again :

The Epistle of John the Legate.

I. WE announce to you that, which was from the beginning, which we have heard, and have seen with our eyes, looked upon, and handled with our hands, that which is the word of life.<sup>a</sup> (2) And the life was manifested, and we have seen and do testify and announce to you, the life which is eternal; which was with the Father, and was revealed

<sup>a</sup> Sy.

ܘܠܝܘܢ ܕܡܫܝܚܐ

to us. (3) And what we have seen and heard, we 3  
make known to you also, that ye may have fellow-  
ship with us; and our fellowship is with the Fa- 4  
ther, and with his Son Jesus the Messiah. (4) And 4  
these things we write to you, that our joy in you  
may be complete.

And this is the announcement, which we have 5  
heard from him and declare to you, that God is 6  
light, and no darkness at all is in him. (6) And 6  
if we say that we have fellowship with him, and we  
walk in the darkness, we are liars, and walk not in 7  
the truth. (7) But if we walk in the light, as he 7  
is in the light, we have fellowship with each other,  
and the blood of Jesus his Son cleanseth us from 8  
all our sins.—(8) And if we say that we have no 8  
sin, we deceive ourselves, and the truth is not in 9  
us. (9) But if we confess our sins, he is faithful 9  
and righteous, to forgive us our sins, and to cleanse 10  
us from all our iniquity. (10) If we say that we 10  
have not sinned, we make him a liar, and his word  
is not with us.

<sup>a</sup> Sy.

ἰσχυροῦς =

Gr.

παράκλητος.


<sup>b</sup> Sy.

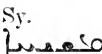
ἰσχυροῦς


My children, these things I write to you, that ye II.  
sin not. But if any one should sin, we have an  
Advocate<sup>a</sup> with the Father, Jesus the Messiah, the  
righteous. (2) For he is himself the propitiation<sup>b</sup> 2  
for our sins; and not for ours only, but also for all  
the world.—(3) And by this we shall be sensible 3  
that we know him, if we keep his commandments.  
(4) For he that saith, I know him, and doth not 4  
keep his commandments, is a liar, and the truth is  
not in him. (5) But he that keepeth his word, in 5  
him is the love of God truly completed: for by this  
we know that we are in him. (6) He that saith, 6  
I am in him, is bound to walk according to his  
walkings.—(7) My beloved, I write no new com- 7  
mandment to you, but the old commandment which  
ye had from the beginning; and the old command-  
ment is the word, which ye have heard. (8) Again, 8  
a new commandment I write to you, which is true  
in him and in you; because the darkness hath  
passed away, and the true light beginneth to ap-  
pear. (9) Whoever therefore shall say that he is 9  
in the light, and hateth his brother, is in darkness  
until now. (10) He that loveth his brother, abi- 10  
deth in the light, and in him is no stumbling.

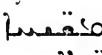
11 (11) But he that hateth his brother, is in darkness, and walketh in darkness; and he knoweth not whither he goeth, because the darkness hath blinded his eyes.


12 I write to you, ye children, because your sins  
 13 are forgiven you for his name's sake. (13) I write to you, ye fathers, because ye have known him who existed from the beginning. I write to you, ye young men, because ye have vanquished the  
 14 evil one.<sup>c</sup> (14) I have written to you, ye little ones, because ye have known the Father. I have written to you, ye fathers, because ye have known him who [was] from the beginning. I have written to you, ye young men, because ye are strong, and the word of God dwelleth in you, and ye have van-  
 15 quished the evil one. (15) Love not the world, nor any thing in it; for whoever loveth the world, hath not the love of the Father in him. (16) For all that is in the world, is, the lust of the body, and the lust of the eyes, and the pride of the world; which are not from the Father, but from the world  
 17 itself. (17) And the world is passing away, [both] it and the lust thereof; but he that doeth the pleasure of God, abideth for ever.—(18) My children, it is the latter time; and as ye have heard that a false Messiah<sup>d</sup> was to arise, so there are now many false Messiahs;<sup>e</sup> and from this we know that it is  
 19 the latter time. (19) From us they went out, but they were not of us; for if they had been of us, they would have continued with us: but they went out from us, that so it might be known, that they  
 20 were not of us. (20) But ye have an unction<sup>f</sup> from the Holy [One]; and ye discriminate every person. (21) I have not written to you, because ye know not the truth, but because ye know it, and  
 22 because no falsehood is of the truth. (22) Who is false, but he that denieth that Jesus is the Messiah? And that person is a false Messiah. He that denieth the Father, denieth also the Son. (23) And he that denieth the Son, also believeth not the Father. He that confesseth the Son, confesseth  
 24 also the Father. (24) And what ye heard from the first, let that remain with you. For if that, which ye heard from the first, remaineth with you, ye also will remain in the Father and in the Son.  
 25 (25) And this is the promise, which he hath prom-

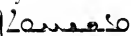
<sup>c</sup> Sy. 

<sup>d</sup> Sy. 

<sup>e</sup> Sy. 

<sup>e</sup> Sy. 

<sup>f</sup> Sy. 

<sup>f</sup> Sy. 

ised us, [even] life eternal. (26) And these things 26  
I have written to you, on account of those who se-  
duce you. (27) And ye also, if the unction which 27  
ye have received from him remaineth in you, need  
not that any one should teach you; but as that  
unction is from God, it teacheth you all things; and  
it is true, and no falsehood is in it. And as it hath  
taught you, remain ye in him.<sup>g</sup>

<sup>g</sup> or, it.

And now, my children, remain ye in him; that 28  
so, when he shall be manifested, we may not be  
ashamed before him, but may have an open coun-  
tenance<sup>h</sup> at his coming. (29) If ye know that he 29  
is righteous, ye also know, that whoever doeth  
righteousness, is from him. (III.) And ye see, III.

<sup>h</sup> i. e. confi-  
dence.

how great is the love of the Father towards us, who  
hath called us sons, and made us [such]. There-  
fore the world knoweth us not, because it likewise  
knoweth him not. (2) My beloved, now are we 2

the sons of God; and hitherto, it hath not appeared  
what we are to be: but we know that, when he  
shall appear, we shall be in his likeness, and we

<sup>a</sup> i. e. the Mes-  
siah.

shall see him as he is.—(3) And every one that 3  
hath this hope from him,<sup>a</sup> purifieth himself, as he  
is pure. (4) And every one that practiseth sin, 4

<sup>b</sup> Sy.  $\text{ἡσ}$

perpetrateth iniquity; for all sin is iniquity.<sup>b</sup>

(5) And ye know, that he was manifested to take 5  
away our sins; and in him was no sin. (6) And 6

every one that abideth in him, sinneth not: and  
every one that sinneth, hath not seen him, nor  
hath known him. (7) My children, let no one 7

<sup>c</sup> Sy.  $\text{ἡσ}$

deceive you: he that doeth righteousness, is right-  
eous, as the Messiah also is righteous. (8) And 8

he that committeth sin, is of Satan; <sup>c</sup> because Satan  
was a sinner from the beginning: and for this  
cause, the Son of God appeared, that he might des-  
troy the works of Satan. (9) Every one that is 9

<sup>d</sup> Sy.  $\text{ἡσ}$

born of God, doth not practise sin; because his  
seed is in him, and he cannot sin, because he is  
born<sup>d</sup> of God. (10) By this are the children of 10

God discriminated from the children of Satan.

Every one that practiseth not righteousness, and  
that loveth not his brother, is not of God: (11) be- 11  
cause this is the commandment, which ye heard  
from the beginning, that ye should love one

another. (12) Not like Cain, who was of the evil 12  
one, and slew his brother. And why did he slay

him, but because his own works were evil, and those  
 13 of his brother righteous? (13) And wonder not,  
 14 my brethren, if the world hate you. (14) We  
 know that we have turned from death unto life, by  
 this, that we love the brethren. He that loveth  
 15 not his brother, remaineth in death. (15) For every  
 one that hateth his brother, is a man-slayer; and  
 ye know, that no man-slayer can have eternal life  
 16 abiding in him.—(16) By this we know his love  
 towards us, because he gave up his life<sup>e</sup> for us:  
 and we also ought to give up our lives<sup>f</sup> for our  
 17 brethren. (17) But whoever hath worldly posses-  
 sions, and seeth his brother in want, and shutteth  
 up his bowels from him, how is the love of God in  
 18 him? (18) My children, let us not love one another  
 in words and in tongue, but in acts and in truth.  
 19 (19) And by this, we recognize that we are of the  
 truth; and, before he shall come, we make our  
 20 hearts confident. (20) But if our heart condemneth  
 us, how much greater is God than our heart, and  
 21 knowing all things? (21) My beloved, if our heart  
 condemneth us not, we have open countenances<sup>g</sup> be-  
 22 fore God. (22) And whatever we ask, we receive  
 from him; because we keep his commandments, and  
 23 do acceptable things<sup>h</sup> before him. (23) And this is  
 his commandment, that we believe on the name of  
 his Son Jesus the Messiah, and that we love one  
 24 another as he hath commanded us. (24) And he  
 that keepeth his commandments, is kept by him,  
 and he dwelleth in him: and by this we under-  
 stand that he abideth in us, from his Spirit which  
 he hath given to us.

<sup>e</sup> or, *himself*.<sup>f</sup> or, *ourselves*.<sup>g</sup> or, *confidence*.<sup>h</sup> Sy. *ἡ ἀρετή*

IV. My beloved, believe not all spirits; but discrimi-  
 nate among spirits, whether they are of God: for  
 many false prophets have gone out into the world.  
 2 (2) By this the Spirit of God is known, every spirit  
 that confesseth that Jesus the Messiah hath come in  
 3 the flesh, is of God. (3) And every spirit which  
 confesseth not that Jesus the Messiah hath come in  
 the flesh, is not of God: but he is of the false  
 Messiah, of whom ye have heard that he cometh,  
 4 and now is he already in the world. (4) But ye,  
 children, are of God; and ye have overcome them;  
 because greater is he who is in you, than he who is  
 5 in the world. (5) And they are of the world:

	therefore they speak from the world, and the world heareth them. (6) But we are of God; and he that knoweth God, heareth us; and he that is not of God, heareth us not. By this, we know the spirit of truth, and the spirit of error.—(7) My beloved, let us love one another: because love is from God; and whoever loveth, is born of God, and knoweth God. (8) Because God is love; and whoever loveth not, doth not know God. (9) By this was the love of God towards us made known, because God sent his only-begotten <sup>a</sup> Son into the world, that we by him might live. <sup>b</sup> (10) In this is love; it was not that we loved God, but that God loved us, and sent his Son a propitiation <sup>c</sup> for our sins. (11) My beloved, if God hath so loved us, we also ought to love one another. (12) No one hath ever seen God; but if we love one another, God abideth <sup>d</sup> in us, and his love is perfected in us. (13) And by this we know, that we abide in him, and that he abideth in us, because he hath given of his Spirit to us.—(14) And we have seen, and do testify, that the Father hath sent his Son, a Redeemer <sup>e</sup> for the world. (15) Whoever confesseth Jesus to be the Son of God, God abideth in him, and he abideth in God. (16) And we have believed and known the love, which God hath towards us: for God is love, and whoever abideth in love, abideth in God. (17) And hereby is his love perfected with us; that we may have open countenances <sup>f</sup> in the day of judgment; because as he was, so also are we in this world. (18) In love there is no fear; but perfect love casteth out fear; because fear existeth in peril, and he that feareth is not perfected in love. (19) Let us, therefore, love God; because he hath first loved us. (20) And if any one shall say, I love God, and yet hateth his brother, he is a liar: for he that loveth not his brother who is visible, how can he love God who is invisible? (21) And this command we have received from him, that whoever loveth God, must love also his brother.—(V.) Whoever believeth that Jesus is the Messiah, is born <sup>a</sup> of God. And whoever loveth the begetter, loveth him also that is begotten of him. (2) And by this we know, that we love the children of God, when we love God, and follow his commandments. (3) For this is the love of God, that	6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 V. 2 3
<sup>a</sup> Sy. <span>مذموب</span>		
<sup>b</sup> i. e. <i>be saved</i> .		
<sup>c</sup> Sy. <span>مغفرت</span>		
<sup>d</sup> Sy. <span>موجود</span>		
<sup>e</sup> Sy. <span>مخلص</span>		
<sup>f</sup> or, <i>confidence</i> .		
<sup>a</sup> Sy. <span>محم</span>		

we keep his commandments: and his command-  
 4 ments are not burdensome. (4) Because, whoever  
 is born of God, overcometh the world: and this is  
 the victory that overcometh the world,—our faith.  
 5 (5) For who is he that overcometh the world, but  
 he that believeth that Jesus is the Son of God?  
 6 This is he who came by the water and the blood.  
 —Jesus the Messiah; not by the water only, but  
 by the water and the blood. And the Spirit testi-  
 7 fieth; because the Spirit is truth. [(7\*) For there  
 are three that testify in heaven, the Father, the  
 Word, and the Holy Spirit: and these three are  
 8 one.] (8) And there are three witnesses, the  
 Spirit, and the water, and the blood: and these  
 9 three are in union. (9) If we receive the testimony  
 of men, how much greater is the testimony of God?  
 And this is the testimony of God, which he hath  
 10 testified concerning his Son. (10) Whoever be-  
 lieveth in the Son of God, hath this testimony in  
 himself. And whoever believeth not God, hath  
 made him a liar, by not believing the testimony  
 11 which God hath testified concerning his Son. (11)  
 And this is the testimony, that God hath given to  
 12 us life eternal, and this life is<sup>b</sup> in his Son. (12)  
 Every one that taketh hold<sup>c</sup> of the Son, taketh  
 hold of life; and every one that taketh not hold of  
 the Son, hath not life.  
 13 These things have I written to you, that ye may  
 know that ye have life eternal,—ye who believe in  
 14 the name of the Son of God. (14) And this is the  
 confidence<sup>d</sup> that we have towards him, that what-  
 ever we ask of him, agreeably to his will, he hear-  
 15 eth us. (15) And if we are persuaded that he  
 heareth us respecting what we ask of him, we are  
 confident of receiving presently the petitions which  
 16 we asked of him.—(16) If any one shall see his  
 brother sin a sin which doth not deserve death, he  
 shall ask, and life will be given him,—to them [I  
 say] who sin not as unto death. For there is a sin  
 of death; and I do not say of this, that a man  
 17 should pray for it. (17) For all iniquity is sin;  
 18 and there is a sin which is not of death. (18) And  
 we know, that every one who is born of God, sin-  
 neth not: for he that is born of God keepeth him-

<sup>b</sup> Sy. *exists.*<sup>c</sup> Sy. **بِسْمِ**;<sup>d</sup> Sy.**πιστις**,Gr. *παρρησια.*

\* This verse is wanting in most MSS., and is omitted in the edit. London, 1826.

<p>° Sy. <span style="font-family: serif;">ܡܚܒܝܢ</span></p> <p>† Sy. <span style="font-family: serif;">ܡܚܒܝܢ</span></p> <p>‡ Sy. <span style="font-family: serif;">ܡܚܒܝܢ</span></p>	<p>self, and the evil one toucheth him not. (19) We 19  know, that we are of God; and all the world is  reposing on the evil one. (20) And we know, 20  that the Son of God hath come, and hath given us  knowledge<sup>e</sup> that we might know the True One;†  and that we might be in the True One,—in his Son  Jesus the Messiah. He is the true God,‡ and the  life eternal. (21) My children, keep yourselves 21  from idolatry.</p>
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*End of the first Epistle of John the Legate.*

✠ ܐܢܝܢܐ ܕܡܫܝܚܐ ܕܡܫܝܚܐ

The Second Epistle of John.

<p><sup>a</sup> Sy. <span style="font-family: serif;">ܡܫܝܚܐ</span></p> <p><sup>b</sup> Sy. <span style="font-family: serif;">ܡܫܝܚܐ</span></p> <p>Gr. <i>Kuria</i>.</p> <p>Eng. <i>Lady</i>.</p>	<p>THE Elder,<sup>a</sup> to Kuria<sup>b</sup> the elect, and to her chil-  dren: whom I love in the truth, and not I only, but  all they who know the truth; (2) for the sake of the  truth, which abideth in us and is with us for ever. 2  (3) May grace be with you, and mercy, and peace, 3  from God the Father, and from our Lord Jesus the  Messiah, the Son of the Father, in truth and love. 3  I have rejoiced greatly, that I found [some] of 4  thy children, who walked in the truth, as we have  received commandment from the Father. (5) And 5  now, I beseech thee, Kuria,—(I write no new com-  mandment to thee, but that which was with us from  the beginning.)—that we should love one another.  (6) And this is love, that we walk according to the 6  commandment. This is the commandment, as ye  have heard from the beginning, that we should  walk in it.<sup>c</sup> (7) Because many seducers have gone 7  forth into the world, who confess not that Jesus the  Messiah hath come in the flesh. This is a seducer  and Antichrist.<sup>d</sup> (8) Take heed to yourselves, that 8  ye lose not what ye have wrought: but that ye 9  may be recompensed with a full reward. (9) Every  one who transgresseth, and abideth not in the doc-  trine of the Messiah, God is not in him. And he  who abideth in his doctrine, he hath the Father and</p>
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<sup>e</sup> or, *him*.

<sup>d</sup> Sy.

ܐܢܝܢܐ ܕܡܫܝܚܐ ܕܡܫܝܚܐ



- 10 the Son. (10) If any one cometh to you, and bringeth not this doctrine, entertain him not in your  
 11 house, nor say to him, Joy<sup>e</sup> to thee: (11). for he that saith to him, Joy to thee, is a participator in his evil deeds.  
 12 Having many things I could write to you, I would not with paper<sup>f</sup> and ink; but I hope to come to you, and to converse mouth to mouth, that our joy  
 13 may be complete.—(13) The children of thy elect sister salute thee. Grace be with you. Amen.

° Sy. ܡܢܝܢ

f Sy.

ܡܢܝܢܝܢ =

Gr. χαρτης =

Lat. Charta.

*End of the second Epistle of John the Legate.*

❖ ܡܢܝܢ ܡܢܝܢ ܡܢܝܢ

### The Third Epistle of John.

- THE Elder,<sup>a</sup> to my beloved Gaius, whom I love  
 2 in the truth.—(2) Our beloved; in all things, I pray for thee that thou mayest prosper and be in  
 3 health, as thy soul doth prosper. (3) For I rejoiced greatly, when the brethren came and testified concerning thy integrity, even as thou walkest in  
 4 the truth. (4) And I have no greater joy, than to  
 5 hear that my children walk in the truth. (5) Our beloved, thou doest in faith, what thou performest towards the brethren; and especially towards stran-  
 6 gers, (6) who have borne testimony to thy charity before the whole church, to whom thou doest good, as is pleasing to God. (7) For they went forth in behalf of his name, taking nothing of the Gentiles.  
 8 (8) We therefore ought to receive such persons, that we may be aiders of the truth.  
 9 I was desirous of writing to the church; but he who loveth to be foremost among them, Diotrephes,  
 10 receiveth us not. (10) Therefore, if he come, remember those his doings, that he treated us with malignant words; and this not sufficing him, he received not the brethren; and those who would receive [them], he prohibited, and even ejected  
 11 them from the church. (11) Our beloved, be not

° Sy. ܡܢܝܢ

<sup>b</sup> or, *imitator*. a follower<sup>b</sup> of what is evil, but of what is good. He that doeth good, is of God; but he that doeth evil, hath not seen God.—(12) Of Demetrius, there is good testimony from every one, and from the church, and from the truth itself: and we also bear [him] testimony, and ye know that our testimony is true. 12

<sup>c</sup> *Sy. reed.* I had many things to write to thee; but I will not write [them] to thee with ink and pen.<sup>c</sup> 13  
(14) But I hope soon to see thee, and to converse mouth to mouth. (15) Peace be with thee.—The friends salute thee. Salute the friends, severally, by name. 14 15

*End of the third Epistle of John the Legate.*

✧ אֵלֶּיךָ יְהוָה אֱלֹהֵינוּ יִשְׁמַח

## The Epistle of Jude, the Brother of James.

JUDE, a servant of Jesus the Messiah, and the brother of James,—to the called people, the beloved of God the Father, the preserved by Jesus the Messiah:—(2) Mercy and peace in love, be multiplied to you. 2

<sup>a</sup> *Gr. salvation.* My beloved, while I take all pains to write to you of our common life,<sup>a</sup> it is needful for me to write to you, exhorting you to maintain a conflict for the faith which was once delivered to the saints. (4) For some have obtained entrance, who from the beginning were registered beforehand under this condemnation: wicked men, who pervert the grace of God to impurity, and deny him who is the only Lord God and our Lord, Jesus the Messiah.— (5) And I wish to remind you,—though ye all know it,—that God, after once rescuing the people from Egypt, again destroyed them who believed not. (6) And the angels that kept not their primacy,<sup>b</sup> but left their station, he hath reserved in chains unknown, under darkness, unto the judgment 3 4 5 6

<sup>b</sup> or, *priority*.

7 of the great day. (7) As Sodom and Gomorrah, and the surrounding cities, which in like manner followed whoredom and went after strange flesh, are placed beneath everlasting fire, being doomed  
 8 to judgment.—(8) In the same manner, too, these sensual dreamers<sup>c</sup> defile the flesh, and despise au-  
 9 thority, and revile excellency. (9) But Michael the archangel, who, in debate with the Accuser, con- tended about the body of Moses, did not venture to bring against him a reviling declaration; but said,  
 10 The Lord will rebuke thee. (10) But these [men] revile things which they do not understand; and in the things of which they have a natural persua- sion as animal beings, in these they corrupt them-  
 11 selves. (11) Woe to them; for they have gone in the way of Cain; and, after the error of Balaam, they have lusted for gain; and, in the rebellion  
 12 of Korah, they have perished.<sup>d</sup>—(12) These are they who, in their feastings, riot while polluting themselves, feeding themselves without fear; clouds without rain, moved about by the winds; trees whose fruit hath failed, and they are without fruit,  
 13 twice dead, and uplifted from their root; (13) raging waves of the sea, which, by their foam, mani- fest their confusion; shooting-stars,<sup>e</sup> for which is reserved the blackness of darkness for ever.—  
 14 (14) And of them also prophesied Enoch, who was the seventh from Adam, when he said: Behold, the Lord cometh, with myriads of his saints;  
 15 (15) to execute judgment upon all; and to convict all the wicked, because of all the deeds they have wickedly committed; and because of all the hard speeches, which they, ungodly sinners, have ut-  
 16 tered. (16) These are they who murmur and complain of every thing, while they walk according to their lusts; and their mouth speaketh shocking things; and they flatter people, for the sake of gain.—(17) But do ye, my beloved, remember the words which were before spoken by the legates of  
 17 our Lord Jesus the Messiah; (18) because they told you, that in the end of the times there would be scoffers, going after wickedness, according to their  
 18 lusts.  
 19 These are they that separate [themselves], sen-  
 20 sensual persons,<sup>f</sup> not having the Spirit. (20) But, my beloved, be ye built up anew, in your holy faith,

<sup>c</sup> or, *debauched in dreams.*

<sup>d</sup> i. e. *will perish.*

<sup>e</sup> or, *meteors.*

<sup>f</sup> Sy.

سنة

through the Holy Spirit, while ye pray. (21) And 21  
 let us keep ourselves in the love of God, while we  
 wait for the mercy of our Lord Jesus the Messiah,  
 unto our eternal life. (22) And some of them, 22  
 snatch ye from the fire. (23) And when they repent, 23  
 have compassion on them, with fear, hating even  
 the tunic that is defiled by the flesh.

And to him who is able to preserve you faultless, 24  
 and spotless, and to establish you without a blemish,  
 (25) before his majesty, with joy,—[namely,] the 25  
 only God, our Deliverer, by means of Jesus the  
 Messiah our Lord,—be praise, and dominion, and  
 honor, and majesty, both now and in all ages.  
 Amen.

*End of the Epistle of Jude the Legate, the brother of James  
 and Josos.*

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## The Revelation, which was made by God to John the Evangelist, in the Island of Patmos,

To which he was banished by Nero the Emperor.

THE Revelation of Jesus the Messiah, which God I.  
 gave to him, to show to his servants the things that  
 must shortly occur: and he signified [it] by send- 2  
 ing, through his angel, to his servant John; (2)  
 who bore witness to the word of God, and to the  
 testimony of Jesus the Messiah, as to all that he  
 saw. (3) Blessed is he that readeth, and they who 3  
 hear the words of this prophecy, and keep the  
 things that are written in it; for the time is near.

John to the seven churches which are in Asia: 4  
 Grace to you and quietude, from him who is, and  
 who was, and who is to come; from the seven  
 Spirits which are before his throne; (5) and from 5  
 Jesus the Messiah, the Witness, the Faithful, the

First-born of the dead, and the Prince of the kings of the earth; who hath loved us, and released us  
 6 from our sins by his blood; (6) and hath made us a kingdom sacerdotal<sup>a</sup> to God and his Father: to whom be glory and power, for ever and ever.  
 7 Amen.—(7) Behold, he cometh with clouds; and all eyes shall see him, and also they who speared him; and all the tribes of the earth shall mourn on  
 8 account of him. Yes: Amen. (8) I am Alpha, also Omega,<sup>b</sup> saith the Lord God; who is, and was,  
 9 and is to come, the omnipotent.<sup>c</sup>—(9) I John, your brother, and partaker with you in the affliction and suffering that are in Jesus the Messiah, was in the island called Patmos,<sup>d</sup> because of the word of God, and because of the testimony of Jesus the Messiah.  
 10 (10) I was in the Spirit on the Lord's day; and I heard behind me a great voice, as of a trumpet,  
 11 which said: (11) That which thou seest, write in a book, and send to the seven churches, to Ephesus, and to Smyrna, and to Pergamos, and to Thyatira, and to Sardis, and to Philadelphia, and to Laodicea.  
 12 —(12) And I turned myself to look at the voice that talked with me; and when I had turned, I saw  
 13 seven candlesticks of gold; (13) and, in the midst of the candlesticks, one like the Son of man, clothed to the feet,<sup>e</sup> and girded about his paps with a girdle  
 14 of gold. (14) And his head and his hair were white, like white wool, like snow; and his eyes,  
 15 like a flame of fire: (15) and his feet were like fine<sup>f</sup> brass, flaming in a furnace: and his voice, like the  
 16 sound of many waters. (16) And he had in his right hand seven stars; and from his mouth issued a sharp two-edged sword; and his visage was like  
 17 the sun shining in its strength. (17) And when I saw him, I fell at his feet like one dead. And he laid his right hand upon me, and said, Fear not:  
 18 I am the First and the Last; (18) and who liveth and was dead; and behold, I am alive for ever and ever. Amen. And I have the keys of death and  
 19 of the unseen world.<sup>g</sup> (19) Therefore, write what thou hast seen, and the things that are; and the  
 20 things that are to be hereafter: (20) the mystery of these seven stars which thou sawest in my right hand, and the seven candlesticks of gold. Those seven stars are the angels<sup>h</sup> of the seven churches; and the seven candlesticks are the seven churches.

<sup>a</sup> Sy.   
 ܡܠܟܘܬܐ  
 ܡܫܘܒܐ

<sup>b</sup> Sy. *Olaph,*  
*and also Tau*  
 = A & Z.

<sup>c</sup> Sy. *Who*  
*holdeth all in*  
*his power.*

<sup>d</sup> Sy. ܡܘܬܘܫܐ

<sup>e</sup> Sy. ܡܢ ܐܘܠܡ  
 Gr. *πρὸ ἄρρη.*

<sup>f</sup> Sy.   
 ܠܘܨܝܬܐ

<sup>g</sup> Sy. ܡܘܬܘܫܐ

<sup>h</sup> Sy. ܡܠܐܩܝܬܐ

<sup>a</sup> Sy. 𐤀𐤓𐤁𐤀

To the angel<sup>a</sup> of the church which is at Ephesus, II. write: These things saith he who holdeth all things, and the seven stars, in his right hand; he that walketh in the midst of the seven candlesticks of gold; (2) I know thy works, and thy toil, and thy patience; 2  
and [that] thou canst not endure the wicked; and thou hast tried them who say they are legates, and are not; and thou hast found them liars. (3) And thou hast had patience, and hast borne the burden, on account of my name, and hast not fainted. (4) Yet I have [a charge] against thee, on account of thy former love, which thou hast left. (5) Therefore, 5  
remember whence thou hast fallen; and repent, and do the former works: or if not, I will come to thee quickly, and I will remove thy candlestick from its place, except thou repent. (6) But this 6  
thou hast, that thou hatest the deeds of the Nicolaitans,<sup>b</sup> which I also [hate].—(7) He that hath 7  
ears, let him hear what the Spirit saith to the churches. To him who is victorious, will I give to eat of the tree of life which is in the paradise<sup>c</sup> of my God.

<sup>b</sup> Sy.

𐤀𐤓𐤁𐤀

<sup>c</sup> or, garden.

And to the angel of the church which is at Smyrna, write: These things saith the First and the Last, he who was dead, and liveth. (9) I know thy works, and the affliction, and the poverty,—(yet thou art rich);—and the railing which is from them who say they are Jews, and they are not, but are of the congregation of Satan. (10) Be not terrified at any of the things thou art to suffer. For lo, the Accuser will throw some of you into custody, that ye may be tried; and there will be trouble to you ten days. Be faithful unto death, and I will give thee the crown of life.—(11) He 11  
that hath ears, let him hear what the Spirit saith to the churches. He that is victorious, shall not be harmed by the second<sup>d</sup> death.

<sup>d</sup> Sy. 𐤀𐤓𐤁𐤀

And to the angel of the church at Pergamos, 12  
write: Thus saith he who hath the sharp two-edged sword; (13) I know thy works, and where thou 13  
dwest, [even] where the throne of Satan is: and thou holdest fast my name, and hast not denied the faith of me, in those days when my faithful witness, who was slain among you, was made a spectacle where Satan dwelleth. (14) Yet I have a 14  
small [charge] against thee. Thou hast there them

who hold the doctrine of Balaam, who taught Balak to throw a stumbling-block before the children of Israel, that they might eat the sacrifices of idols,<sup>e</sup> and might commit whoredom. (15) So also thou hast them who hold the doctrine of the Nicolaitans.<sup>f</sup> In like manner, repent thou. (16) Or if not, I will come to thee quickly, and I will war upon them with the sword of my mouth.—(17) He that hath ears, let him hear what the Spirit saith to the churches. To him that is victorious, will I give to eat of the hidden manna; and I will give him a white counter,<sup>g</sup> and upon the counter a new name written, which no one knoweth but he that receiveth it.

18 And to the angel of the church at Thyatira, write: These things saith the Son of God, who hath his eyes like a flame of fire, and his feet like fine brass: (19) I know thy works, and love, and faith, and service, and also thy patience; and that these thy latter works are more than the former. (20) But I have [a charge] against thee, because thou sufferest thy woman<sup>h</sup> Jezabel, who saith she is a prophetess, and teacheth, and seduceth my servants to whoredom, and to eating of the sacrifices of idols.

21 (21) And I gave her a season for repentance, and she is not disposed to repent of her whoredom. (22) Behold, I will cast her upon a bed, and them who commit adultery with her into great affliction, unless they repent of their deeds. (23) And her children will I slay with death: and all the churches shall know, that I am he who searcheth reins and hearts; and I will render to each of you according to your works. (24) And I say to you,—to the rest that are in Thyatira, to all them who have not received this doctrine, the men who have not known the profound things of Satan, as they say;—I lay no other burden upon you: (25) but, what ye have, hold fast until I come.—(26) And to him that is victorious, and to him that observeth my works unto the end, to him will I give authority<sup>i</sup> over the nations; (27) and he shall rule them with a rod of iron; and like vessels of pottery, shall they be broken: as I also have received of my Father. (28) And I will give him the morning star.—(29) He that hath ears, let him hear what the Spirit saith to the churches.

<sup>e</sup> Some MSS.,  
*what idolaters do.*

<sup>f</sup> Sy.  
*ⲉⲛⲛⲟⲩⲁⲓⲛⲟⲩⲁⲓⲛⲟⲩⲁⲓ*

<sup>g</sup> Sy.  
*ⲛⲉⲙⲁⲛⲁ*

<sup>h</sup> or, *wife.*

<sup>i</sup> Sy.  
*ⲛⲉⲙⲁⲛⲁ*

And to the angel of the church which is at Sardis, write: These things saith he who hath the seven Spirits of God, and the seven stars: I know thy works, that thou hast a name that thou livest, and thou art dead. (2) Awake, and preserve the things that remain, which are ready to die; for I have not found thy works complete before my God, (3) Remember therefore how thou hast received and heard; and observe [those precepts], and repent. If then thou wilt not wake up, I will come upon thee as a thief; and thou shalt not know at what hour I will come upon thee. (4) Yet thou hast a few names in Sardis, who have not defiled their garments; and they shall walk with me in white, for they are worthy.—(5) He that is victorious, shall be so clothed in white robes; and I will not blot out their name from the book of life; and I will confess their name before my Father, and before his angels. (6) He that hath ears, let him hear what the Spirit saith to the churches.

And to the angel of the church which is at Philadelphia, write: These things saith he that is holy, he that is true, he that hath the key of David, who openeth and no man shutteth, and shutteth and no man openeth; (8) I know thy works. And lo, I have set before thee an open door, which no man can shut: because thou hast a little strength: and thou hast kept my word, and hast not denied my name. (9) Behold, I will give<sup>a</sup> them of the congregation of Satan, who say they are Jews, and are not, but lie,—behold I will make them to come and do obeisance before thy feet; and to know that I have loved thee. (10) Because thou hast kept the word of my patience, I also will keep thee from the hour of temptation, that is to come on all the inhabited world, to try them who dwell on the earth. (11) I come quickly: hold fast what thou hast, so that no one take thy crown.—(12) Him that is victorious, will I make a pillar in the temple of my God; and he shall not again go out: and I will write upon him the name of my God, and of the new Jerusalem which descendeth from heaven from my God, and my own new name. (13) He that hath ears, let him hear what the Spirit saith to the churches.

And to the angel of the church which is at Lao- 14

<sup>a</sup> i. e. will cause.



dicea, write: These things saith the Amen, the Witness, the faithful, the true, the chief<sup>b</sup> of the creation of God: (15) I know thy works, that thou art neither hot, nor cold; I would that thou wert cold or hot. (16) So, because thou art lukewarm,<sup>c</sup> neither hot nor cold, I am about to vomit thee from my mouth. (17) Because thou sayest, I am rich and affluent, and have no want of any thing; and thou knowest not, that thou art impotent, and miserable, and needy, and blind, and naked; (18) I counsel thee to buy of me gold tried in the fire, that thou mayest become rich; and white raiment, to be clothed, and that the shame of thy nakedness may not be seen; and put eye-salve on thine eyes, that thou mayest see. (19) As many as I love, I rebuke and chasten. Be emulous therefore, and repent. (20) Behold, I have been standing at the door, and I will knock: if any man hear my voice, and open the door, I will come in to him, and will sup with him, and he with me.—(21) And to him that is victorious, to him will I give to sit with me on my throne, even as I was victorious, and sat down with my Father on his throne. (22) He that hath ears to hear, let him hear what the Spirit saith to the churches.

<sup>b</sup> Sy.

<sup>c</sup> Sy.

IV. After these things, I looked and lo, a door [was] open in heaven. And the first voice which I heard, was as of a trumpet talking with me. It said, Come up hither; and I will show thee the things that must occur hereafter. (2) Instantly, I was in the Spirit: and lo, a throne was placed in heaven; and there was [one] seated on the throne. (3) And he who sat, was like the appearance of a jasper-stone, and of a sardine, and of a rainbow of the clouds, round about the throne, in form as the appearance of emeralds. (4) Around the throne were twenty and four seats; and upon those seats sat twenty and four Elders,<sup>a</sup> who were clothed in white robes, and on whose heads were coronets of gold. (5) And from the throne proceeded lightnings, and the sound of thunders; and seven lamps of fire were burning before his throne, which are the seven Spirits of God. (6) And before the throne, as it were a sea of glass like crystal; and in the midst of the throne, and around it, and before the

<sup>a</sup> Sy.

<sup>b</sup> Sy. ١٢٤٤

throne, were four Animals,<sup>b</sup> full of eyes in their front and in their rear. (7) And the first Animal resembled a lion; and the second Animal resembled a calf; and the third Animal had a face like a man; and the fourth Animal resembled an eagle when flying. (8) And these four Animals had, each of them, six wings around it: and within they were full of eyes: and they have no cessation, day or night, from saying: Holy, Holy, Holy, the Lord God, the Omnipotent, who was, and is, and is to come. (9) And when these Animals give glory and honor and praise to him that sitteth on the throne, to him who liveth for ever and ever, (10) the twenty and four Elders fall down before him who sitteth on the throne, and they worship him who liveth for ever and ever; and they cast their coronets before the throne, saying, (11) Worthy art thou, O Lord our God, the Holy, to receive glory and honor and power; for thou hast created all things, and by thee they exist; and because of thy pleasure they had being and were created.

<sup>a</sup> Sy. ١٢٥,  
*equal, or worthy.*

And I saw, at the right hand of him who sat on the throne, a book, which was written within and on the back side, and which was sealed with seven seals. (2) And I saw a strong angel, who proclaimed with a loud voice, Who is competent<sup>a</sup> to open the book, and to loose the seals thereof? (3) And no one either in heaven above, or on the earth, or beneath the earth, was able to open the book, or to look thereon. (4) And I wept much, because no one was found, who was competent to open the book, or to look on it. (5) And one of the Elders said to me, Weep not; behold, the Lion of the tribe of Judah, the Root of David, hath been victorious: He will open the book, and its seven seals.—(6) And I looked, and in the midst of the Elders stood a lamb,<sup>b</sup> as if slain; and it had seven horns, and seven eyes, which are the seven Spirits of God that are sent into all the earth. (7) And he came, and took the book from the right hand of him who sat on the throne. (8) And when he took the book, the four Animals and the twenty and four Elders fell down before the Lamb, each of them having a harp, and cups of gold full of odors, which are the supplications of the saints. (9) And they sung

<sup>b</sup> Sy. ١٢٥١

a new anthem, saying: Competent art thou, to take the book, and to open the seals thereof; because thou wast slain, and hast redeemed us to God by thy blood, out of every tribe, and tongue, and people, and nation; (10) and thou hast made them kings and priests to our God; and they reign on the earth. (11) And I looked, and I heard, as it were the voice of many angels, around the throne, and the Animals and the Elders; and the number of them was a myriad of myriads, and thousand of thousands, (12) who said, with a loud voice; Competent is the Lamb that was slain, to receive power, and riches, and wisdom, and strength, and honor, and glory, and blessing; (13) and [to be over] every created thing, that is in heaven, or on earth, or under the earth, or in the sea; and all that are in them.<sup>c</sup> And I heard him who sat on the throne say: Unto the Lamb be given, blessing, and honor, and glory, and power, for ever and ever. (14) And the four Animals said: Amen. And the Elders fell down, and adored.

<sup>c</sup> The Syriac here differs much from the Greek.

VI. And, when the Lamb had opened one of the seven seals, I looked, and I heard one of the four Animals say, as with a voice of thunder, Come, and see. (2) And I looked, and there was a white horse: and he who sat on it, had a bow; and a coronet was given to him, and he went forth conquering, that he might conquer.—(3) And when he had opened the second seal, I heard the second Animal say, Come. (4) And there went forth another, a red horse; and to him who sat thereon, it was given, to take tranquillity from the earth: and that they should kill one another; and there was given to him a great sword.—(5) And when he had opened the third seal, I heard the third Animal say, Come, and see. And I looked, and lo, a black horse; and he that sat thereon, had a balance in his hand. (6) And I heard a voice in the midst of the four Animals, saying: A choenix of wheat for a denarius,<sup>a</sup> and three choenices of barley for a denarius; and hurt not the oil and the wine. —(7) And when he had opened the fourth seal, I heard the fourth Animal say, Come, and see. (8) And I looked, and lo, a pale horse; and the name of him who sat thereon was Death;<sup>b</sup> and Hades<sup>c</sup>

<sup>a</sup> i. e. about a quart for 15 cents.

<sup>b</sup> Sy. *ἄνεμος*

<sup>c</sup> Sy. *ὄλεθρος*

<sup>d</sup> *Sy. beast of tooth.*

followed after him. And there was given him authority over the fourth part of the earth, to slay with the sword, and by famine, and by death, and by the ravenous beast<sup>d</sup> of the earth.—(9) And when he had opened the fifth seal, I saw under the altar, the souls of them who were slain on account of the word of God, and on account of the testimony to the Lamb which was with them. (10) And they cried with a loud voice, saying: How long, O Lord, thou holy and true, dost thou not judge and avenge our blood on them that dwell on the earth? (11) And to each one of them was given a white robe; and it was told them, that they must be quiet yet a little while, until the consummation of their fellow-servants and brethren, who were to be killed as they had been.—(12) And I looked, when he had opened the sixth seal, and there was a great earthquake;<sup>e</sup> and the sun became black, like sackcloth of hair; and the whole moon became like blood. (13) And the stars of heaven fell on the earth, as a fig-tree casteth its unripe figs, when it is shaken by a strong wind. (14) And the heavens separated, as a book is rolled up: and all mountains and islands were removed out of their places. (15) And the kings of the earth, and the nobles, and the captains of thousands, and the rich men, and the men of valor, and every servant and free man, hid themselves in caves, and in the clefts of the mountains; (16) and they said to the mountains and to the clefts, Fall over us, and hide us from the face of him who sitteth on the throne, and from the wrath of the Lamb: (17) For the great day of their wrath is come; and who is able to stand?

<sup>e</sup> *or, movement.*

And after these things I saw four angels, who stood on the four corners of the earth; and they held the four winds of the earth, so that the wind blew not on the earth, nor on the sea, nor on the trees.—(2) And I saw another angel, and he came up from the rising of the sun; and he had the seal of the living God; and he called out, with a loud voice, to the four angels to whom it was given to hurt the earth and the sea, saying: (3) Hurt ye not the earth, nor the sea, nor the trees, until we shall have sealed the servants of our God upon

4 their foreheads.<sup>a</sup> (4) And I heard the number of  
 5 them that were sealed, a hundred and forty and four  
 6 thousand, sealed from every tribe of Israelites. (5)  
 7 of the tribe of Judah, twelve thousand were sealed:  
 8 of the tribe of Reuben, twelve thousand: of the  
 9 tribe of Gad, twelve thousand: (6) of the tribe of  
 10 Ašhur, twelve thousand: of the tribe of Naphtali,  
 11 twelve thousand: of the tribe of Manasseh, twelve  
 12 thousand: (7) of the tribe of Simeon, twelve thou-  
 13 sand: of the tribe of Levi, twelve thousand: of the  
 14 tribe of Issachar, twelve thousand: (8) of the tribe  
 15 of Zebulon, twelve thousand: of the tribe of Jo-  
 16 seph, twelve thousand: of the tribe of Benja-  
 17 min, twelve thousand.—(9) And after these things,  
 I looked, and lo, a great multitude, which no one  
 could number, from all kindreds, and nations, and  
 tribes, and tongues; who stood before the throne,  
 and before the Lamb, clothed in white robes, and  
 palms in their hands; (10) and they cried, with a  
 loud voice, saying: Salvation<sup>b</sup> to our God, to him  
 who sitteth on the throne, and to the Lamb. (11)  
 And all the angels stood around the throne and the  
 Elders and the four Animals; and they fell upon  
 their faces before his throne, and worshipped God,  
 (12) saying: Amen. Blessing, and glory, and  
 wisdom, and thanksgiving, and honor, and power,  
 and might, [be] to our God, for ever and ever:  
 Amen. (13) And one of the Elders turned,<sup>c</sup> and  
 said to me: These who are clothed in white robes,  
 who are they, and whence came they? (14) And I  
 said to him: My lord, thou knowest. And he said  
 to me: These are they who came from great afflic-  
 tion; and they have washed their robes, and made  
 them white in the blood of the Lamb. (15) There-  
 fore are they before the throne of God; and they  
 serve him day and night, in his temple; and he  
 who sitteth on the throne, will protect them: (16)  
 they will not hunger, nor thirst any more: nor  
 will the sun fall on them, nor any heat. (17) Be-  
 cause the Lamb, which is in the midst of the throne,  
 will feed them; and will lead them to fountains of  
 living water; and God will wipe every tear from  
 their eyes.

<sup>a</sup> Sy. *between  
their eyes.*

<sup>b</sup> Sy. *λοιοσ*

<sup>c</sup> or, *answered.*

VIII. And when he had opened the seventh seal, there was silence in heaven, for about half an hour.

	(2) And I saw the seven angels, who stood before God; and to them were given, seven trumpets.	2
	(3) And another angel came and stood by the altar; and he held a golden censer: and much incense was given him, so that he might offer, <sup>a</sup> with the prayers of all the saints, upon the golden altar before the throne. (4) And the smoke of the incense of the prayers of the saints went up before God, from the hand of the angel. (5) And the angel took the censer, and filled it with fire from the altar, and cast it upon the earth: and there were thunders, and lightnings, and voices, and an earthquake. <sup>b</sup>	3 4 5 6
<sup>a</sup> Sy. <i>give</i> .	(6) And the seven angels, who had the seven trumpets, prepared themselves to sound.—	6
<sup>b</sup> or, <i>movements</i> .	(7) And the first sounded; and there was hail, and fire, which were mingled with water: and these were thrown upon the earth; and a third part of the earth was burned up, and a third part of the trees were burned, and all green grass was burned.—(8) And the second angel sounded, and, as it were a great mountain burning with fire, was cast into the sea; and also a third part of the sea became blood. (9) And a third part of all the creatures in the sea, that had life, died; and a third part of the ships were destroyed.—(10) And the third angel sounded, and there fell from heaven a star, burning like a lamp; and it fell upon a third part of the rivers, and upon the fountains of water.	7 8 9 10 11
<sup>c</sup> Sy. ⲙⲟⲩⲁⲓⲙⲟⲩⲟⲩ Gr. *ΑΨΒΣΓ.	(11) And the name of the star was called Wormwood; <sup>c</sup> and a third part of the waters became wormwood; and many persons died from the waters, because they were bitter.—(12) And the fourth angel sounded, and a third part of the sun was smitten, <sup>d</sup> and the third part of the moon, and the third part of the stars; so that the third part of them were dark, and they became dark; and the day did not give light for the third part of it, and the night in like manner. (13) And I saw and heard an eagle, which flew in the midst, and it had a tail of blood,* while it said, with a loud voice: Woe, woe, to them who dwell on the earth, because	11 12 13
<sup>d</sup> or, <i>was absorbed</i> .		

\* The Greek word is, *μῆτορα ἐν μέσσοις*, in mid heaven: compounded of *μέσσοις*, middle, and *ὀρατός*, heaven. But the Syriac translator supposed it to be a compound of *μέσσοις* middle, *ὀρά* tail, and *αἷμα* blood; and he rendered it accordingly.

of the remaining sounds of the trumpets of the three  
 IX. angels, who are to sound.—(IX.) And the fifth angel  
 sounded; and I saw a star, which fell from  
 heaven upon the earth. And there was given to  
 2 him the key of the pit of the abyss.<sup>a</sup> (2) And he  
 opened the pit of the abyss; and smoke issued from  
 the pit, like the smoke of a furnace that is in blast;  
 and the sun and the air were darkened by the  
 3 smoke of the pit. (3) And out of the smoke, came  
 locusts upon the earth: and power was given them,  
 4 like that which scorpions have on the earth. (4)  
 And it was commanded them, that they should not  
 hurt the grass of the earth, nor any herb, nor any  
 tree; but [only] the persons, who had not the seal  
 5 of God upon their foreheads. (5) And it was given  
 them, that they should not kill them, but should  
 torment them five months: and their torment was  
 like the torment of a scorpion, when it striketh a  
 6 person. (6) And in those days, men will desire  
 death, and will not find it; and they will long to  
 7 die, and death will fly from them. (7) And the  
 appearance of the locusts [was this]; they were like  
 the appearance of horses prepared for battle; and  
 on their heads, was, as it were a coronet, resembling  
 gold; and their faces were like the faces of men.  
 8 (8) And they had hair, like the hair of women:  
 9 and their teeth were like those of lions. (9) And  
 they had breastplates, like breastplates of iron:  
 and the sound of their wings, was like the sound  
 of the chariots of many horses rushing into battle.  
 10 (10) And they had tails like those of scorpions, and  
 stings; and with their tails they had the power  
 11 of hurting men five months. (11) And they had  
 a king over them, the angel of the abyss; and his  
 name, in Hebrew, is Abaddon;<sup>b</sup> and in Greek, his  
 12 name is Apollyon.<sup>c</sup> (12) One woe is past; lo,  
 13 there come yet two woes after them.—(13) And  
 the sixth angel sounded; and I heard a voice from  
 the horns of the golden altar which was before God,  
 14 (14) that said to the sixth angel having a trumpet:  
 Loose the four angels that are bound at the great  
 15 river Euphrates. (15) And the four angels were  
 loosed; who are prepared, for an hour, and a day,  
 and a month, and a year, to slay the third part of  
 16 men. (16) And the number of the warrior horse-  
 men was two myriads of myriads: and I heard

<sup>a</sup> Sy. 𐤀𐤁𐤁𐤀𐤂

<sup>b</sup> Sy. 𐤀𐤁𐤁𐤀𐤂

<sup>c</sup> Sy. 𐤀𐤁𐤁𐤀𐤂

their number. (17) And while I looked on the 17  
 horses in the vision, and on them who sat on them,  
 [I saw] that the breastplates were of fire, and of  
 jacinth, and of sulphur. And the heads of the  
 horses were like the heads of lions; and from their  
 mouths issued fire, and smoke, and sulphur. (18) 18  
 And by these three plagues, a third part of the  
 men were slain; [namely,] by the fire, and by the  
 smoke, and by the sulphur, which issued from their  
 mouths. (19) For the power of the horses was in 19  
 their mouth, and in their tails; for their tails were  
 like serpents, having heads to strike with. (20) 20  
 And the residue of men who were not slain by  
 these plagues, repented not of the works of their  
 hands, so as not to worship demons, and idols of  
 gold, and of silver, and brass, and stone, and wood,  
 which cannot see, nor hear. (21) And they re- 21  
 pent not of their murders, nor of their sorceries,  
 nor of their whoredom, nor of their thefts.


And I saw another mighty angel, that descended X.  
 from heaven, clothed with a cloud; and a cloud-  
 bow was over his head, and his face was like the  
 sun, and his feet like pillars of fire. (2) And he 2  
 had in his hand an open little book: and he placed  
 his right foot upon the sea, and his left upon the  
 land: (3) and he cried with a loud voice, as a lion 3  
 roareth: and when he had cried, the seven thun-  
 ders uttered their voices. (4) And when the seven 4  
 thunders had spoken, I was about to write. And  
 I heard a voice from heaven, saying: Seal up the  
 things which the seven thunders have uttered, and  
 write them not. (5) And the angel whom I saw 5  
 standing upon the sea and the land, raised his  
 right hand to heaven, (6) and swore, by him who 6  
 liveth for ever and ever, who created heaven and  
 the things in it, and the earth and the things in it,  
 and the sea and the things in it,—that the time  
 should be no longer; (7) but, in the days of the 7  
 voice of the seventh angel, when he shall<sup>a</sup> sound,  
 and the mystery of God shall be consummated: as  
 he announced to his servants the prophets.—  
 (8) And the voice which I heard from heaven, 8  
 spoke to me again, and said: Go, take the little  
 open book in the hand of the angel that standeth  
 on the sea and on the land. (9) And I went to 9

<sup>a</sup> or, *is about to*.



the angel, telling him to give me the little book. And he said to me, Take, and eat it: and it will make thy bowels bitter, but in thy mouth it will be sweet as honey. (10) And I took the little book from the hand of the angel, and ate it: and it was in my mouth sweet like honey: and when I had eaten it, my bowels were bitter. (11) And he said to me, Thou must again prophesy upon many nations, and peoples, and princes, and kings.

XI.—(XI.) And a reed was given to me, like a rod; and the angel stood, saying, Arise, and measure the temple of God, and the altar,<sup>a</sup> and them that worship therein. (2) But the court which is without the temple, leave out, and measure it not; because it is given to the Gentiles; and they will tread down the holy city forty and two months. (3) And I will give my two witnesses; and they will prophesy a thousand and two hundred and sixty days, clothed in sackcloth. (4) These are the two olive-trees, and the two candlesticks which stand before the Lord of the earth. (5) And if any person will harm them, fire cometh out of their mouth, and consumeth their adversary; and if any one will harm them, thus must he be slain. (6) They have power to shut up heaven, so that the rain shall not fall in those days: and they have power over the waters, to turn them into blood; and to smite the earth with all plagues, as often as they please. (7) And when they shall have completed their testimony, the beast of prey that came up from the abyss, will make war upon them, and will overcome them. (8) And their dead bodies [will be] in the open street of that great city, which is spiritually called Sodom and Egypt, where also their Lord was crucified. (9) And [they]<sup>b</sup> of the nations and tribes and peoples and tongues, will look upon their dead bodies, three days and a half; and will not suffer their dead bodies to be laid in the grave. (10) And they who dwell on the earth will rejoice over them, and will be merry, and will send presents to one another; because those two prophets tormented them who dwell on the earth. (11) And after these three days and a half, the spirit of life from God entered into them, and they stood upon their feet: and great fear fell on those who saw them. (12) And they<sup>c</sup> heard a great voice from

<sup>b</sup> Sy. 


<sup>a</sup> i. e. the inner court.

<sup>b</sup> or, some.

<sup>c</sup> Some copies: I heard.

heaven, which said to them: Come up hither. And they ascended to heaven in a cloud; and their enemies saw them. (13) And in the same hour 13  
<sup>d</sup> or, *movement*. there was a great earthquake,<sup>d</sup> and the tenth part of the city fell: and the persons killed in the earthquake, were seven thousand names: and they who remained were afraid, and gave glory to God.—  
 (14) The second woe is passed: behold, the third 14  
 woe cometh quickly.

And the seventh angel sounded; and there were 15  
 voices and thunders, which said: The kingdom of the world hath become [the kingdom] of our Lord and of his Messiah; and he will reign for ever and ever. (16) And the twenty and four Elders, who 16  
 are before the throne of God, [and] who sit upon their seats, fell upon their faces, and worshipped God, (17) saying: We praise thee, O Lord God, 17  
 Omnipotent, who art, and wast; because thou hast assumed thy great power, and hast reigned. (18) 18  
 And the nations were angry; and thy anger is come, and the time of the dead, that they should be judged: and that thou shouldst give a reward to thy servants, the prophets, and the saints, and to them that fear thy name, the small and the great; and that thou shouldst destroy them who destroyed the earth.

And the temple of God in heaven was opened; 19  
 and the ark of his covenant was seen in his temple: and there were lightnings, and thunders, and voices, and an earthquake,<sup>e</sup> and great hail.—(XII.) And XII. XII.  
<sup>e</sup> or, *movement*. a great wonder was seen in heaven; a woman clothed with the sun, and the moon under her feet, and on her head a coronet of twelve stars. (2) And, 2  
 being with child, she cried, and travailed, and had the pangs of bringing forth. (3) And there ap- 3  
 peared another wonder in heaven; and lo, a great fiery dragon, which had seven heads and ten horns, and upon his head seven diadems.<sup>a</sup> (4) And his 4  
<sup>a</sup> Sy.  tail drew along the third part of the stars of heaven, and cast them on the earth. And the dragon was standing before the woman, who was about to bring forth, so that, when she should bring forth, he might devour her child. (5) And she brought 5  
 forth a male child, who was to rule all nations with a rod of iron. And her child was caught up to God and to his throne. (6) And the woman fled into 6

the wilderness, where she had a place which was prepared for her by God; so that they might nourish her there a thousand and two hundred and 7 sixty days.—(7) And there was war in heaven: Michael and his angels fought against the dragon; 8 and the dragon and his angels fought, (8) and prevailed not; nor was their place found any more 9 in heaven. (9) And the great dragon was cast out, the old serpent, who is called the Deceiver, and Satan, who seduceth all the inhabited world: he was cast upon the earth, and his angels were cast 10 out with him. (10) And I heard a great voice in heaven, which said: Now is there deliverance, and the power and the kingdom of our God, and the dominion of his Messiah: because the Accuser of our brethren is cast out, who accused them day and 11 night before our God. (11) And they overcame him, because<sup>b</sup> of the blood of the Lamb, and because of the word of their testimony: and they 12 loved not their life, even to death. (12) Therefore, be joyful, O heaven, and ye that dwell there. Woe to the earth, and to the sea; for the Deceiver hath come down to you, being in great wrath since he 13 knoweth that his time is short.—(13) And when the dragon saw that he was cast out upon the earth, he persecuted the woman who brought forth the 14 male child. (14) And to the woman were given the two wings of the great eagle, that she might fly into the wilderness, to her place; where she is nourished a time<sup>c</sup> and times and half a time, from 15 the face of the serpent. (15) And the serpent ejected from his mouth waters like a river, after the woman, that he might cause her to be carried away 16 by the flood. (16) And the earth helped the woman: and the earth opened its mouth, and drank up the flood which the serpent ejected from his 17 mouth. (17) And the dragon was enraged against the woman; and he went to make war upon the residue of her seed, who keep the commandments 18 of God, and have the testimony of Jesus. (18) And he stood on the sand of the sea.

<sup>b</sup> Sy. صَلْبًا

<sup>c</sup> Sy. سَبْعًا

XIII. And I saw a beast of prey<sup>a</sup> come up from the sea, having ten horns, and seven heads; and upon his horns ten diadems, and upon his heads names of 2 blasphemy. (2) And the beast of prey which I <sup>a</sup> Sy. *of tooth.*

b Sy. [כג]	saw, was like a leopard; and his feet like [those] of a wolf, <sup>b</sup> and his mouth like the mouth of lions; and the dragon gave to him his own power and his throne, and great authority. (3) And one of his heads was wounded as it were to death; and his deadly wound was healed. And all the earth wondered after the beast of prey. (4) And they worshipped the dragon, because he had given authority to this beast of prey; and [they said], who can make war upon him? (5) And there was given to him a mouth speaking great things, and blasphemies: and authority was given him to operate forty and two months. (6) And he opened his mouth in blasphemy towards God, to blaspheme his name, and his tabernacle, and them who dwell in heaven. (7) And authority was given him over every tribe and people and tongue and nation: and it was given him to wage war with the saints, and to overcome them. (8) And all that dwell on the earth, whose names are not written in the book of life of the Lamb slain from the foundation of the world, will worship him. (9) If any one hath ears, let him hear. (10) If [any one] carrieth into captivity, he shall himself go into captivity; and if any one slayeth with the sword, he must be slain with the sword: here is the patience and the faith of the saints.—(11) And I saw another beast of prey, which came out of the earth; and he had two horns like those of a lamb, and he spoke like the dragon. (12) And before him he exercised all the authority of the first beast of prey, whose deadly wound was healed. (13) And he wrought great signs, <sup>c</sup> even so as to make fire come down from heaven upon the earth, before men. (14) And he seduced them that dwell on the earth, to erect an image to the beast of prey who had the wound from a sword and recovered. (15) And it was given him to put life <sup>d</sup> into the image of the beast of prey; and to cause that all they who would not worship the image of the beast of prey, should be slain: (16) and to cause that all, great and small, rich and poor, bond and free, should receive a marke <sup>e</sup> on their right hands, or upon their foreheads; (17) so that no one might be able to buy or to sell, except those who had the mark of the name of the beast of prey, or the number of his	3
		4
		5
		6
		7
		8
		9
		10
		11
		12
c Sy. [לגג]		13
		14
d Sy. [לגג], a spirit.		15
		16
e Sy. [לגג]		17

18 name. (18) Here is wisdom: let him that hath intelligence,<sup>f</sup> compute the number of the beast of prey; for it is the number of a man: and its number is six hundred and sixty and six.

<sup>c</sup> Sy. 𐤀𐤓𐤕

XIV. And I looked, and behold, a Lamb stood on mount Zion; and with him the number of a hundred and forty and four thousand, having his name and the name of his Father written upon their  
 2 foreheads. (2) And I heard a sound from heaven, as the sound of many waters, and as the sound of  
 3 great thunder; and the sound which I heard, was like that of harpers striking on their harps. (3) And they sang a new song before the throne, and before the four Animals and the Elders: and  
 4 no one was able to learn that song, except the hundred and forty and four thousand who were redeemed from the earth. (4) These are they who have not defiled themselves with women, for they are virgins. These are they who followed the Lamb, whithersoever he went. These have been  
 5 redeemed by Jesus from among men, the first fruits to God and the Lamb. (5) And in their mouth was found, no falsehood; for they are without faults.  
 6 —(6) And I saw another angel flying in heaven: and with blood, he had the everlasting gospel, to proclaim to dwellers on the earth, and to every  
 7 nation and tribe and tongue and people; (7) saying with a loud voice, Worship God, and give glory to him; because the hour of his judgment is come; and adore ye Him, who made heaven and earth,  
 8 and the sea, and the fountains of water. (8) And another, a second angel followed him, saying: Fallen, fallen is Babylon<sup>a</sup> the great, which made all nations drink of the wine of the rage of her  
 9 whoredom. (9) And another, a third angel followed them, saying with a loud voice: If any man shall worship the beast of prey and its image, and shall receive its mark upon his forehead or on his  
 10 hand, (10) he also shall drink of the wine of the wrath of God, which is poured undiluted<sup>b</sup> into the cup of his indignation, and shall be tormented with fire and sulphur, before the holy angels, and before the throne. (11) And the smoke of their tor-  
 11 ment ascendeth up for ever and ever; and there is no rest, by day or by night, to those that worship

<sup>a</sup> Sy. 𐤁𐤓𐤏

<sup>b</sup> Sy. 𐤀𐤓𐤕 =  
 Gr. ἀκρατον.

the beast of prey and its image. (12) Here is the 12  
 patience of the saints, who keep the commandments  
 of God, and the faith of Jesus. (13) And I heard 13  
 a voice from heaven, saying: Write, Blessed are  
 the dead that die in the Lord, henceforth: yes, saith  
 the Spirit, that they may rest from their toils; for  
 their deeds do accompany them.—(14) And I 14  
 looked, and lo, a white cloud; and upon the  
 cloud sat one who was like the Son of man; and  
 on his head was a crown of gold, and in his hand a  
 sharp sickle. (15) And another angel came out of 15  
 the temple, crying with a loud voice, to him that  
 sat on the cloud. (16) And he thrust his sickle 16  
 over the earth; and the earth was reaped. (17) 17  
 And another angel came out of the temple that is  
 in heaven, having also a sharp sickle.<sup>c</sup> (18) 18  
 And another angel came out from the altar, having au-  
 thority over fire. And he cried with a loud voice,  
 to him who had the sharp sickle, saying: Thrust  
 in thy sickle which is sharp, and gather the clusters  
 of the vineyard of the earth, because the grapes of  
 the earth are ripe. (19) And the angel thrust in 19  
 his sickle on the earth, and gathered the vintage of  
 the earth, and east [it] into the wine-press of the  
 wrath of the great God. (20) And the wine-press 20  
 was trodden, up to the horses' bridles, for a thou-  
 sand and six hundred furlongs.

<sup>c</sup> or, *vintage-  
knife.*

<sup>a</sup> Sy. [2]

And I saw another prodigy<sup>a</sup> in heaven, great XV.  
 and wonderful; seven angels, having seven plagues,  
 the last in order, because with them the wrath of  
 God is consummated. (2) And I saw as it were, a 2  
 sea of glass mixed with fire: and they, who had  
 been victorious over the beast of prey, and over its  
 image, and over the number of its name, were  
 standing on the sea of glass; and they had the  
 harps of God. (3) And they sing the song of Moses 3  
 the servant of God, and the song of the Lamb,  
 saying: Great and marvellous are thy deeds, Lord  
 God Almighty; just and true are thy ways, O  
 King of worlds.<sup>b</sup> (4) Who shall not fear thee, O 4  
 Lord, and glorify thy name? Because thou only  
 art holy and just: Because all nations shall come  
 and worship before thee, since thy righteousnesses  
 have been revealed.—(5) And after this I beheld, 5  
 and the temple<sup>c</sup> of the tabernacle of the testimony in

<sup>b</sup> Sy. κόσμος,  
*worlds, or  
 ages.*

<sup>c</sup> i. e. *the holy  
 of holies.*

6 heaven, was opened. (6) And the seven angels who had the seven plagues, went forth from the temple, clothed in clean splendid linen, and girded about their breast with girdles of gold. (7) And one of the four Animals gave to those seven angels seven cups<sup>d</sup> of gold, full of the wrath of God who liveth for ever and ever. (8) And the temple was filled with smoke, from the glory of God and from his power; and no one was able to enter the temple, until the seven plagues of the seven angels were accomplished.

<sup>d</sup> Sy.  
 𐤏𐤍𐤁𐤀 =  
 Gr. φιάλας.

XVI. And I heard a voice, which said to the seven angels: Go forth, and pour those seven cups of the wrath of God upon the earth.—(2) And the first went, and poured his cup upon the earth; and there was a malignant and painful ulcer upon those men who had the mark of the beast of prey, and who worshipped its image.—(3) And the second angel poured his cup upon the sea; and it became blood, like that of a dead person; and every living soul of things in the sea, died.—(4) And the third angel poured his cup upon the rivers and the fountains of water; and they became blood. (5) And I heard the angel of the waters say: Righteous art thou, who art and who wast, and art holy: because thou hast done this judgment. (6) For they have shed the blood of saints and prophets; and thou hast given them blood to drink, for they deserve it. (7) And I heard [one from] the altar<sup>a</sup> say: Yes, Lord God Almighty: true and righteous is thy judgment. (8) And the fourth poured his cup upon the sun: and it was permitted him,<sup>b</sup> to scorch men with fire. (9) And men were scorched with great heat; and men blasphemed the name of God, who hath authority over these plagues; and they repented not, to give glory to him.—(10) And the fifth poured his cup on the throne of the beast of prey; and his kingdom became darkness; and they gnawed their tongues, from pain; (11) and they blasphemed the God of heaven, on account of their pains and their ulcers, and did not repent of their deeds.—(12) And the sixth poured his cup upon the great river Euphrates;<sup>c</sup> and its waters dried up, so that a way might be prepared for the kings from the rising of the sun. (13) And I saw [issu-

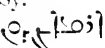
<sup>a</sup> Sy.  
 𐤍𐤏𐤁𐤀  
 or, it.

<sup>c</sup> Sy. 𐤏𐤍𐤁𐤀

ing] from the mouth of the dragon, and from the mouth of the beast of prey, and from the mouth of the false prophet, three unclean spirits like frogs: (14) (for they are the spirits of demons, who work prodigies;<sup>d</sup>) and they go forth to all the kings of all the habitable world, to gather them to the battle of the great day of God Almighty. (15) (And lo, I come as a thief. Blessed is he that watcheth, and keepeth his garments; lest he walk naked, and they see his shame.) (16) And they collected them together in a place called, in Hebrew, Armageddon.<sup>e</sup>—(17) And the seventh poured his cup on the air; and there issued a loud voice from the temple, from the throne, which said: It is done! (18) And there were lightnings, and thunders, and voices; and there was a great earthquake, the like of which there was never, since men were on the earth, such an earthquake, and so great. (19) And the great city became three parts. And the city of the nations fell; and Babylon the great was remembered before God, to give her the cup of the wine of the heat of his wrath. (20) And every island fled away; and the mountains were not found. (21) And a great hail, as it were of a talent weight, fell from heaven upon men: and the men blasphemed God, on account of the plague of hail; for the plague of it was very great.

Then came one of the seven angels who have the seven cups, and talked with me, saying: Come, I will show thee the judgment of the great harlot, who sitteth upon many waters; (2) with whom the kings of the earth have practised whoredom, and the inhabitants of the earth have been inebriated with the wine of her whoredom. (3) And he led me in spirit into the wilderness: and I saw a woman sitting on a red beast of prey, which was full of names of blasphemy, and had seven heads and ten horns. (4) And the woman was clothed in purple and scarlet, and gilded with gold, and precious stones, and pearls; and she had a cup of gold in her hand, which was full of the pollutions and impurity of her whoredoms of the earth. (5) And upon her forehead was the name written: Mystery: Babylon the great; the Mother of Harlots, and of the contaminations of the Earth. (6) And

<sup>d</sup> Sy. [לֹוֹל]

<sup>e</sup> Sy. 

<sup>a</sup> Sy. [ספ]



I saw that the woman was intoxicated with the blood of the saints, and with the blood of the witnesses<sup>b</sup> of Jesus. And when I saw her, I wondered  
 7 with great amazement.—(7) And the Angel said to me, Why dost thou wonder? I will tell thee the mystery of the woman, and of the beast of prey that beareth her, which hath the seven heads and  
 8 the ten horns. (8) The beast of prey which thou sawest, was, and is not; and he will ascend from the abyss and go into perdition: and the dwellers on the earth, whose names are<sup>c</sup> not written in the book of life from the foundation of the world, will wonder when they see the beast of prey, which  
 9 was, and is not, and approacheth. (9) Here is intelligence, for him who hath wisdom. Those seven heads are the seven mountains,<sup>d</sup> on which the  
 10 woman sitteth. (10) And there are seven kings: of whom five have fallen, one exists, and the other hath not yet come; and when he cometh he must  
 11 continue for a short time. (11) And the beast of prey, which was and is not, is the eighth, and is from the seven, and is for perdition. (12) And the ten horns which thou sawest, are ten kings. These persons have not yet received royalty; but they receive authority, as if kings, with the beasts of  
 13 prey, for one hour. (13) They have one mind:<sup>e</sup> and they will give their power and authority unto the beast of prey. (14) They will make war upon the Lamb; and the Lamb will vanquish them: because he is Lord of lords, and King of kings, and those with him [are] called and chosen and faithful.  
 15 (15) And he said to me: The waters which thou sawest, where the harlot sitteth, are peoples, and  
 16 multitudes, and nations, and tongues. (16) And the ten horns which thou sawest, and the beast of prey, will hate the harlot; and they will make her desolate and naked, and will eat her flesh, and  
 17 burn her with fire. (17) For God hath put into their hearts, to do his pleasure,<sup>f</sup> and to execute one purpose, and to give their kingdom to the beast of prey, until these words of God shall be fulfilled.  
 18 (18) And the woman whom thou sawest, is the great city,<sup>g</sup> which hath dominion over the kings of the earth.

<sup>b</sup> or, *martyrs.*

<sup>c</sup> Sy. *name is.*

<sup>d</sup> Sy. *ἑπτὰ*

<sup>e</sup> Sy. *واحدة*,  
or, *will.*

<sup>f</sup> Sy. *واحدة*

<sup>g</sup> Sy. *مدينة*

XVIII. After these things, I saw another angel come

	down from heaven; and he had great authority, and the earth was illumined by his glory. (2) And he cried with a strong voice, saying: Fallen, fallen, is Babylon the great: and hath become a cavern of demons, and the home <sup>a</sup> of every unclean spirit, and the home of every unclean and hateful bird, and the home of every unclean and hateful beast of prey. (3) For all the nations have drunken of the wine of her wrath; and the kings of the earth have practised whoredom with her; and the merchants of the earth have been enriched by the abundance of her luxuries.—(4) And I heard another voice from heaven, saying: Come ye out of her, my people; that ye may not participate in her sins, and may not partake of her plagues.	2
<sup>a</sup> Sy. 𐤀𐤆𐤁𐤀𐤃		3
	(5) For her sins have reached <sup>b</sup> up to heaven; and God hath remembered her iniquities. (6) Recompense ye to her, as she also hath recompensed; and render to her double, <sup>c</sup> according to her deeds; in the cup which she hath mixed, mix ye to her twofold. (7) As much as she pleased herself with lasciviousness, so much of anguish and sorrow give ye to her. Because she saith in her heart, I sit a queen, and am no widow, and I shall see no sorrow; (8) therefore, in one day, shall these her plagues come, death, and mourning, and famine; and she shall be burned with fire: for strong is the Lord God who judgeth her.—(9) And the kings of the earth who committed whoredom and were lascivious with her, shall weep, and mourn, and bewail her, when they shall see the smoke of her burning, (10) standing afar off, from fear of her torment, [and] saying, Alas, alas! that great city Babylon, that powerful city; for in one hour is thy judgment come! (11) And the merchants of the earth will mourn over her, because no one purchaseth their cargo; (12) no more, the cargo of gold, and silver, and precious stones, and pearls, and fine linen, and purple, and silk, and scarlet, and every aromatic wood, and all vessels of ivory, and all vessels of very precious wood, and of brass, and of iron, and of marble, (13) and cinnamon, and anommum, and aromatics, and unguents, and frankincense, and wine, and oil, and fine flour, and wheat, and beasts of burden, and sheep, and horses, and chariots, and the bodies and souls of	4
<sup>b</sup> Sy. adhered to.		5
		6
<sup>c</sup> Sy. duplicate to her double.		7
		8
		9
		10
		11
		12
		13

14 men. (14) And the fruits which thy soul desired, have departed from thee; and all things delicious and splendid have perished from thee; and the  
 15 traders in them shall obtain them no more. (15) And they who were enriched from her, will stand afar off, for fear of her torment; and will weep and  
 16 mourn, (16) saying: Alas, alas! that great city, which was clothed in fine linen, and purple, and scarlet, and gilded with gold, and precious stones, and pearls; because, in one hour, such riches  
 17 are laid waste. (17) And every pilot, and every navigator to the place, and the sailors, and all who  
 18 do business by sea, stood afar off, (18) and cried, when they saw the smoke of her burning, saying:  
 19 What [other] is like this great city! (19) And they cast dust on their heads, and cried, weeping, and mourning, and saying: Alas, alas! that great city, in which all that have ships in the sea became rich, by her preciousness; for in one hour she hath  
 20 become desolate.—(20) Rejoice over her, O heaven, and ye Angels, and Legates, and Prophets; because  
 21 God judgeth your cause<sup>d</sup> with her.—(21) And an  
 22 angel took up a stone like a great millstone, and cast it into the sea, saying: So shall Babylon, the great city, be thrown down with violence, and shall  
 23 no more be found: (22) and the voice of harpers and musicians and pipers and trumpeters, shall no more be heard in thee; and no artificer of any  
 24 trade, shall be found any more in thee. (23) And the light of a candle, shall not be seen in thee; and the voice of a bridegroom and bride, shall no more be heard in thee: for thy merchants were the great men of the earth, because all nations were  
 24 seduced by thy sorceries. (24) And in her was found the blood of prophets and saints, and of all those that have been slain on the earth.

<sup>d</sup> Sy. judgment.

XIX. And after these things, I heard a loud voice of a great multitude in heaven, saying: Hallelujah:<sup>a</sup>  
 1 Deliverance, and strength, and glory, and honor,  
 2 unto our God: (2) for, true and righteous are his judgments; for he hath judged that great harlot, who corrupted the earth with her whoredom; and hath avenged the blood of his servants at her hand.  
 3 (3) And again they said: Hallelujah: and her  
 4 smoke ascendeth up for ever and ever. (4) And

<sup>a</sup> Sy. הללוהו

the twenty-four Elders fell down, and the four  
 Animals, and worshipped God who sitteth on the  
 throne, saying: Amen: Hallelujah! (5) And a  
 voice came forth from the throne, saying: Praise  
 our God, all ye his servants; and such as fear him,  
 small and great. (6) And I heard, as it were the  
 voice of a great multitude, and as the voice of many  
 waters, and as the voice of heavy thunders, saying:  
 Hallelujah; for our Lord God, Omnipotent, reign-  
 eth. (7) Let us rejoice and exult, and give glory  
 to him: for the marriage supper of the Lamb hath  
 come, and his bride hath made herself ready.  
 (8) And it was granted her to be clothed in fine  
 linen, bright and clean: for fine linen is the right-  
 eousnesses<sup>b</sup> of the saints.—(9) And he said to me,  
 Write; Blessed are they who are called to the sup-  
 per of the marriage feast of the Lamb. And he  
 said to me, These my [sayings] are the true words  
 of God. (10) And I fell at his feet, to worship  
 him. And he said to me, See, [thou do it] not;  
 I am thy fellow-servant, and of those thy brethren  
 who have the testimony of Jesus. Worship ye  
 God: for the testimony of Jesus is the spirit of  
 prophecy.

And I saw heaven opened: and lo, a white  
 horse; and he that sat on it, is called Faithful and  
 True: and in righteousness he judgeth, and maketh  
 war. (12) His eyes [were] like a flame of fire, and  
 on his head [were] many diadems; and he had  
 names inscribed; and the name which was written  
 on him, no one knew, except himself. (13) And  
 he was clothed with a vesture sprinkled with  
 blood; and his name is called, The Word of God.<sup>c</sup>  
 (14) And the soldiery of heaven followed him, on  
 white horses, clad in garments of fine linen, pure  
 [and] white. (15) And from his mouth issued a  
 sharp two-edged sword, that with it he could smite  
 the nations; and he will rule the nations with a  
 rod of iron; and he will tread the wine-press of the  
 wrath of God Almighty. (16) And he hath upon  
 his vesture and upon his thigh the words written:  
 King of kings, and Lord of lords.—(17) And I saw  
 an angel standing in the sun; and he cried with a  
 loud voice, saying to all the fowls that fly in the  
 midst of heaven: Come ye, assemble unto this  
 great supper of God; (18) that ye may eat the

<sup>b</sup> Sy. ἁγία

<sup>c</sup> Sy. ἡ λέξις  
 τοῦ θεοῦ

flesh of kings, and the flesh of captains of thousands, and the flesh of valiant men, and the flesh of horses and of those who sit on them, and the flesh of all the free-born and of slaves, and of the  
 19 small and the great.—(19) And I saw the beast of prey, and the kings of the earth, and their warriors, that they assembled to wage battle with him who sat on the [white] horse, and with his warriors.  
 20 (20) And the beast of prey was captured, and the false prophet that was with him, who did those prodigies before him, whereby he seduced them who had received the mark of the beast of prey and who worshipped his image. And they were both cast alive into the lake<sup>d</sup> of fire, which burneth  
 21 with sulphur. (21) And the rest were slain by the sword of him that sat on the horse, by that [sword] which issueth from his mouth: and all  
 XX. the fowls were satiated with their flesh.—(XX.) And I saw an angel that descended from heaven, having the key of the abyss, and a great chain in his hand.  
 2 (2) And he seized the dragon, the old serpent, who is the Deceiver<sup>a</sup> and Satan, who seduced the whole habitable world: and he bound him a thousand  
 3 years. (3) And he cast him into the abyss, and closed and sealed upon him; so that he might deceive the nations no more, until these thousand years shall be completed: but after that, he will be  
 4 loosed for a little time. (4) And I saw thrones, and [persons] sat on them, and judgment was given to them, and to the souls that were beheaded for the testimony of Jesus and for the word of God: and these are they who had not worshipped the beast of prey, nor its image, neither had they received the mark upon their forehead or on their hand; and they lived and reigned with their Messiah those thousand years. (5) This is the first  
 5 resurrection.<sup>b</sup> (6) Blessed and holy is he that hath part in this first resurrection: over them the second death hath no dominion; but they shall be,—[nay] are, priests of God and of his Messiah; and they  
 7 will reign with him the thousand years.—(7) And when these thousand years shall be completed,  
 8 Satan will be released from his prison; (8) and will go forth to seduce the nations that are in the four corners of the earth, Gog and Magog; and to assemble them for battle, whose number is as the

<sup>a</sup> Sy.

صلى الله عليه وسلم

<sup>a</sup> Sy.

صلى الله عليه وسلم

<sup>b</sup> Sy. صلى الله عليه وسلم

<sup>c</sup> Sy.

ⲓⲛⲓⲛⲓⲛⲓⲛⲓ

sand of the sea. (9) And they went up on the 9  
breadth of the earth, and encompassed the camp of  
the saints, and the beloved city. And fire came  
down from God out of heaven, and consumed them.  
(10) And the Accuser<sup>c</sup> who seduced them, was cast 10  
into the lake of fire and sulphur, where also were  
the beast of prey and the false prophet: and they  
shall be tormented, day and night, for ever and ever.

<sup>d</sup> Sy. ⲛⲟⲩⲟⲩ

And I saw a great white throne, and Him who 11  
sitteth thereon; from whose presence the earth and  
heaven fled away, and this their place was not  
found. (12) And I saw the dead, great and small, 12  
standing before the throne; and the books were  
opened; and another book was opened, which is  
[the book] of life. And the dead were judged  
from the things written in the books, according to  
their deeds. (13) And the sea gave up the dead 13  
in it; and death and the grave<sup>d</sup> gave up the dead  
in them. And they were judged, each one accord-  
ing to his deeds. (14) And death and the grave 14  
were cast into the lake of fire. This is the second  
death, [namely,] this lake of fire. (15) And if any 15  
one was not found enrolled in the book of life, he  
was cast into this lake of fire.

And I saw new heavens, and a new earth: for XXI.  
the former heaven and the former earth had passed  
away: and the sea was no more. (2) And I saw 2  
the holy city, the New Jerusalem, descending from  
God out of heaven, prepared like a bride adorned  
for her husband. (3) And I heard a great voice 3  
from heaven, which said: Behold, the tabernacle  
of God is with men; and he dwelleth with them:  
they will be his people; and God will be with  
them, a God to them. (4) And every tear will be 4  
wiped from their eyes; and there will no more be  
death, nor mourning, nor wailing; nor shall pain  
be any more; because the former things are passed  
away. (5) And He who sat on the throne, said: 5  
Behold, I make all things new. And he said:  
Write; because these are the faithful and true  
words of God. (6) And he said to me: I am 6  
Alpha and Omega,<sup>a</sup> the Beginning and the Com-  
pletion: to him who thirsteth, will I give of the  
fountain of living water, gratis. (7) He that over- 7  
cometh, shall inherit these things; and I will be his

<sup>a</sup> Sy. *Olaph  
and Tau.*

8 God, and he shall be my son. (8) But to the timid, and the unbelieving, and to the sinful, and polluted, and to manslayers, and whoremongers, and sorcerers, and idolaters, and to all false persons, their portion shall be in the lake that burneth with fire and sulphur, which is the second death.—(9) And there came one of those seven angels, who have the seven cups filled with the seven last plagues, and talked with me, saying: Come, I will show thee the bride, the wife of the Lamb. (10) And he bore me away in the spirit, to a mountain great and high, and he showed me the holy city, Jerusalem, descending out of heaven from God; (11) in which was the glory of God, as a brilliant light, and resembling a very precious gem; like a jasper stone, resembling crystal. (12) And it had a wall great and lofty, which had twelve gates, and names inscribed on them, which are the names of the twelve tribes of the children of Israel. (13) On the east, three gates; on the north, three gates; [on the south, three gates; and on the west, three gates]. (14) And the wall of the city had twelve foundations, and upon them the twelve names of the twelve legates of the Lamb. (15) And he that talked with me, had a measure, a golden reed; so that he could measure the city, and its gates, and its wall. (16) And the city stood up four square; and its length was the same as its breadth. And he measured the city with the reed, to twelve furlongs of twelve thousand;<sup>b</sup> and the length and the breadth and the height of it were [all] equal. (17) And he measured its wall, a hundred and forty and four measures of the cubits of a man, that is, of the angel. (18) And the structure of its wall [was of] jasper; and the city was of pure gold, like pure glass. (19) And the foundations of the wall of the city were adorned with every precious stone. The first foundation, a jasper; the second, a sapphire; the third, a chalcedony; the fourth, an emerald; (20) the fifth, a sardonyx; the sixth, a sardius; the seventh, a chrysolite; the eighth, a beryl; the ninth, a topaz; the tenth, a chrysolite; the eleventh, a jacinth; the twelfth, an amethyst. (21) And the twelve gates [were] twelve pearls; each [pearl] one gate, and each [gate] one pearl: and the broad street of the city was pure

<sup>b</sup> Gr. to 12,000 furlongs.

° Sy. 90:921:

\* Sy. 132

gold, like brilliant glass. (22) And I saw no temple 22  
 in it; for the Lord Almighty is its temple, and  
 the Lamb. (23) And the city hath no need of the 23  
 sun or of the moon, to enlighten it; for the glory  
 of God enlighteneth it, and the Lamb is the lamps  
 of it. (24) And the nations that were saved,<sup>c</sup> 24  
 shall walk by means of its light, and the kings of  
 the earth will bring their glory and the wealth of  
 the nations into it. (25) And its gates shall not be 25  
 shut by day; for there is no night there. (26) And 26  
 they will bring the glory and honor of the nations  
 into it. (27) And there shall not enter it, any 27  
 thing polluted, or that practiseth impurity and  
 falsehood; but they who are registered in the  
 Lamb's book of life. (XXII.) And he showed XXII.  
 me a river of living water, transparent [as] crystal,  
 which proceeded from the throne of God and the  
 Lamb. (2) And in the middle of its broad avenue, 2  
 and near the river, on this side and on that, [was]  
 the tree of life; which bore twelve [sorts of] fruits,  
 yielding one of its fruits each month: and the  
 leaves of the tree [were] for the healing of the na-  
 tions. (3) And there will be no blight<sup>a</sup> any more: 3  
 and the throne of God and the Lamb will be in it:  
 and his servants will minister to him. (4) And 4  
 they will see his face, and his name [will be] on  
 their foreheads. (5) And there will be no more 5  
 night; and they have no need of the light of a  
 candle, or of the light of the sun; because the Lord  
 God giveth them light: and they will reign for  
 ever and ever.

And he said to me: These words [are] faithful 6  
 and true. And the Lord God of the spirit of the  
 prophets, hath sent me, his angel, to show unto his  
 servants the things that must soon occur. (7) And, 7  
 lo, I come quickly: Blessed is he that keepeth the  
 words of the prophecy of this book.—(8) And more- 8  
 over I am John, the hearer and the seer of these  
 things. And when I heard and saw, I fell down to  
 worship at the feet of the angel who showed me  
 these things. (9) And he said to me: See, [thou 9  
 do it] not: I am thy fellow-servant, and of thy  
 brethren the prophets, and of them that observe the  
 words of this book. Worship God. (10) And he 10  
 said to me: Seal not the words of the prophecy of  
 this book; for the time is near. (11) He that doth 11



evil, let him do evil still ; and he that is filthy, let him be filthy still ; and he that is righteous, let him practise righteousness still ; and he that is sanctified, let him be sanctified still.—(12) Behold, I come quickly ; and my reward is with me, to recompense every one according to his work. (13) I am Alpha and Omega,<sup>b</sup> the First and the Last, the Com-  
 14 mencement and the Completion.—(14) Blessed are they who do his commandments, that they may have a right<sup>c</sup> to the tree of life, and may enter  
 15 through the gates into the city. (15) Without [will be] dogs, and sorcerers, and whoremongers, and manslayers, and idolaters, and every one that  
 16 loveth and doeth falsehood.—(16) I Jesus have sent my angel, to testify to you these things before the churches. I am the root and offspring of David : like the splendid star of the morning.—  
 17 (17) And the Spirit and the bride say, Come thou. And let him that heareth, say, Come thou. And let him who thirsteth, come ; and he that is inclined, let him take the living water gratis.  
 18 I testify to every one that heareth the words of the prophecy of this book, that if any one shall add to them, God will add to him the plagues that are written in this book. (19) And if any one shall take away from the words of the book of this prophecy, God will take away his portion from the tree of life, and from the holy city, which are described in this book.—(20) He who testifieth these things, saith : Yes, I come quickly.—Amen. Come, Lord Jesus !  
 21 The grace of our Lord Jesus the Messiah, [be] with all the saints. Amen.

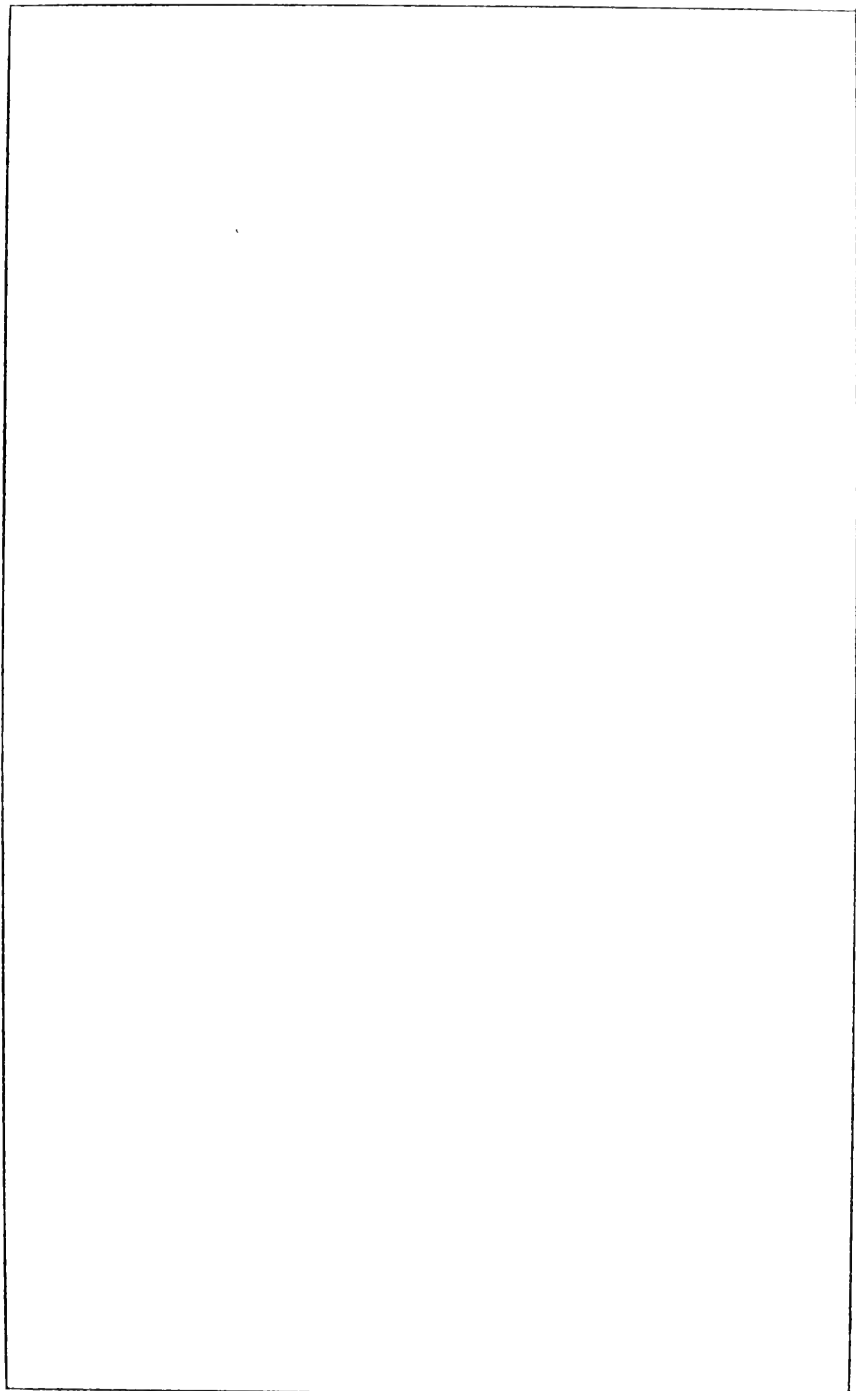
<sup>b</sup> Sy. *Oloph and Tau.*

<sup>c</sup> Sy.

*End of the Revelation of John the Evangelist ; and of the whole New Testament, as translated into the language of the Syrians.<sup>a</sup>*

<sup>a</sup> Sy.

Glory be to God.



# APPENDIX I.

## DISTRIBUTION OF THE SYRIAC NEW TESTAMENT INTO LESSONS

AS READ IN THE PUBLIC WORSHIP.



THE manuscripts of the Syriac New Testament are strangers to the modern division of the Books into Chapters and Verses: instead of which, they divide the several Books (except the Apocalypse) into reading *Lessons*, ܠܫܘܢܝܢ, which are of different lengths, but will average about fifteen of our verses.

The printed Syriac New Testaments exhibit our division into Chapters and Verses, marked commonly in the side margin. The text of the London editions of 1816 and 1826 (which were intended for circulation in the East) is divided (except the Apocalypse) into paragraphs corresponding with the reading Lessons in the common manuscripts. These Lessons are separately numbered in each Book, and the occasions are stated on which they are to be read.—This distribution into reading Lessons, its correspondence with the division into Chapters and Verses, and the occasions to which the Lessons are appropriated, are contained in the following Table:—

### LESSONS FOR PUBLIC WORSHIP.

The occasions which are starred [\*] are omitted in the edition of 1826.

Lessons.	MATTHEW. Chap. and Ver.	OCCASIONS.
I.	i. 1-17.	Sunday before Christmas (ܠܫܘܢܝܢ ܕܥܘܠܡܝܢ).
II.	18-25.	The Revelation to Joseph.
III.	ii. 1-12.	Vespers of Christmas (ܠܫܘܢܝܢ ܕܥܘܠܡܝܢ ܕܥܘܠܡܝܢ).
IV.	13-18.	Matins (ܠܫܘܢܝܢ ܕܥܘܠܡܝܢ) of Slaughter of the Infants.
V.	19-23.	Oblation (ܠܫܘܢܝܢ ܕܥܘܠܡܝܢ) at Slaughter of the Infants.
VI.	iii. 1-17.	Feast of Epiphany (ܠܫܘܢܝܢ ܕܥܘܠܡܝܢ ܕܥܘܠܡܝܢ).
VII.	iv. 1-11.	{ Sunday, commencement of Lent (ܠܫܘܢܝܢ ܕܥܘܠܡܝܢ): and, Obla- tion of the Forty.
VIII.	12-25.	Sunday after Epiphany (ܠܫܘܢܝܢ ܕܥܘܠܡܝܢ).

LESSONS FOR PUBLIC WORSHIP—*Continued.*

Lessons.	MATTHEW. Chap. and Ver.	OCCASIONS.
IX.	v. 1-20.	The Apostles and Patriarchs.
X.	20-48.	Matins, Tuesday, 1st Week in Lent.
XI.	vi. 1-15.	Matins, Wednesday, 1st Week in Lent.
XII.	16-24.	Monday of 2d Week in Lent.
XIII.	25-34.	Tuesday, 1st Week in Lent.
XIV.	vii. 1-12.	Tuesday of 2d Week in Lent.
XV.	13-29.	Matins on Friday, 1st Week in Lent.
XVI.	viii. 1-13.	Lesson for Vespers, 2d Sunday in Lent.
XVII.	14-22.	Lesson, Oblation, 1st Saturday in Lent.
XVIII.	viii. 23- }	Vespers, 3d Sunday in Lent.
	ix. 8. }	
XIX.	ix. 9-17.	Thursday of Week in Albis (Whitsun-week).
XX.	18-26.	*Commemoration of the Dead.
XXI.	27-35.	Friday of 5th Week in Lent.
XXII.	ix. 36- }	Commemoration of the holy Apostles.
	x. 15. }	
XXIII.	x. 16-33.	*Commemoration of the holy Martyrs.
XXIV.	34-42.	*Lesson for the Dead.
XXV.	xi. 1-15.	Oblation, Decapitation of John.
XXVI.	16-24.	Monday of 3d Week in Lent.
XXVII.	xi. 25- }	Vespers, 2d Sunday after Epiphany.
	xii. 8. }	
XXVIII.	xii. 9-21.	Saturday of 3d Week in Lent.
XXIX.	22-37.	Vespers, the Sunday commencing Lent.
XXX.	38-50.	*Vespers, Commemoration of the Mother of God.
XXXI.	xiii. 1-23.	Wednesday, 2d Week in Lent.
XXXII.	24-52.	*Oblation, Sunday of Priests.
XXXIII.	xiii. 53- }	Vespers, Decapitation of John.
	xiv. 14. }	
XXXIV.	xiv. 15-23.	Oblation on any day.
XXXV.	24-36.	Vespers, 2d Sunday after the Resurrection.
XXXVI.	xv. 1-20.	Sunday after Pentecost.
XXXVII.	21-31.	Vespers, 4th Sunday in Lent.
XXXVIII.	xv. 32- }	Oblation on any day.
	xvi. 12. }	
XXXIX.	xvi. 13-20.	Commemoration of the holy Apostles.
XL.	21-27.	2d Sunday after Pentecost.
XLI.	xvi. 28- }	*Vespers, Feast of the Slaughtered.
	xvii. 13. }	
XLII.	xvii. 14-21.	Monday, 3d Week in Lent.
XLIII.	22-27.	Tuesday, 3d Week in Lent.
XLIV.	xviii. 1-14.	3d Sunday after Pentecost.
XLV.	15-22.	4th Sunday after Pentecost.
XLVI.	23-35.	Friday, 2d Week in Lent.
XLVII.	xix. 1-15.	*Matins, Sunday after Feast of the Cross.
XLVIII.	16-26.	*Commemoration of F. Anthony and his Brethren.
XLIX.	27-30.	Matins, Feast of Peter the Apostle.
L.	xx. 1-16.	Lesson for Paul the Apostle.
LI.	17-28.	5th Sunday after Pentecost.
LII.	29-34.	Oblation, 5th Sunday in Lent.

LESSONS FOR PUBLIC WORSHIP—*Continued.*

MATTHEW.		OCCASIONS.
Lessons.	Chap. and Ver.	
LIII.	xxi. 1-16.	Vespers, Sunday of Hosannæ (Palm Sunday.)
LIV.	17-27.	Lesson for Thursday, 4th Week in Lent.
LV.	28-46.	2d Station, 2d Night in Passion Week.
LVI.	xxii. 1-14.	1st Service, 2d Night in Passion Week.
LVII.	15-22.	Vespers, Tuesday in Passion Week.
LVIII.	23-33.	*Lesson for the Dead.
LIX.	{ xxii. 34- } { xxiii. 12. }	Matins, Tuesday in Passion Week.
LX.	xxiii. 13-28.	1st Station, 3d Night in Passion Week.
LXI.	29-39.	2d Service, 3d Night in Passion Week; and, of Stephen.
LXII.	xxiv. 1-35.	*Vespers on Feast of the Cross.
LXIII.	36-44.	*Lesson for the Dead.
LXIV.	45-51.	*Oblation, Sunday of Priests.
LXV.	xxv. 1-13.	3d Station, 2d Night in Passion Week; *Also, Commemoration of the holy Women.
LXVI.	14-30.	*Sunday of the Priests.
LXVII.	31-46.	Commemoration of the Just and Righteous: Also, Friday in Albis, (Whitsun Week.)
LXVIII.	xxvi. 1-16.	Thursday of the Mysteries. (H 15.) Holy Thursday. *Also, Consecration of the Chrism, same day.
LXIX.	17-30.	Thursday in Week of Mysteries, (Passion Week.)
LXX.	31-75.	Night of Preparation for the Crucifixion.
LXXI.	xxvii. 1-25.	Matins, Preparation for the Crucifixion.
LXXII.	26-37.	Lesson for the 3d Hour, (on Day of Crucifixion.)
LXXIII.	38-44.	Lesson for the 6th Hour, (Noon, Day of Crucifixion.)
LXXIV.	45-56.	Lesson for the 9th Hour, (Day of the Crucifixion.)
LXXV.	57-61.	Vespers, Saturday of Annunciation.
LXXVI.	62-66.	Matins, Saturday of Annunciation.
LXXVII.	xxviii. 1-20.	Vespers, Sunday of the Resurrection.
MARK.		
I.	i. 1-13.	Lesson, Feast of Epiphany.
II.	14-34.	Vespers, Sunday after Epiphany.
III.	35-45.	Matins, 2d Sunday in Lent.
IV.	ii. 1-13.	Oblation, 3d Sunday in Lent.
V.	14-22.	Matins, 3d Sunday after the Resurrection.
VI.	{ ii. 23- } { iii. 12. }	Fourth Saturday in Lent.
VII.	13-30.	6th Sunday after Pentecost.
VIII.	{ 31- } { iv. 23. }	*Matins, Commemoration of Mary, Mother of God.
IX.	24-34.	Saturday in Albis, (Whitsun Week.)
X.	35-41.	Thursday, 5th Week in Lent.
XI.	v. 1-20.	Matins, Thursday, 5th Week in Lent.
XII.	21-43.	*Lesson, the Martyrs, and the Dead.
XIII.	vi. 1-6.	Oblation, 6th Sunday after Epiphany.
XIV.	7-13.	7th Sunday after Epiphany.
XV.	14-29.	Matins, Decapitation of John Baptist.
XVI.	30-46.	Oblation, any Day.
XVII.	47-56.	Lesson, for any Day, in general.

LESSONS FOR PUBLIC WORSHIP—*Continued.*

MARK.		OCCASIONS.
Lessons.	Chap. and Ver.	
XVIII.	vii. 1-23.	Lesson for Mid Lent.
XIX.	24-37.	Matins, 4th Sunday in Lent.
XX.	viii. 1-10.	Oblation, any Day.
XXI.	11-33.	Thursday of Week in Albis, (Whitsun Week.)
XXII.	34-38.	*Lesson for the Martyrs.
XXIII.	ix. 1-13.	*Oblation, on Feast of Tabernacles.
XXIV.	14-32.	Sunday, 4th Week in Lent.
XXV.	33-50.	Fifth Sunday after Pentecost.
XXVI.	x. 1-16.	Blessing a Bridegroom and Bride.
XXVII.	17-27.	Vespers, 4th Sunday after Epiphany.
XXVIII.	28-34.	Peter the Apostle.
XXIX.	35-52.	Oblation, 6th Sunday in Lent.
XXX.	xi. 1-18.	Matins, Hosanna Sunday, (Palm Sunday.)
XXXI.	19- }	Saturday, 2d Week in Lent.
	xii. 17. }	
XXXII.	18-27.	*Oblation for the Dead.
XXXIII.	28-40.	Matins, 4th Sunday after Epiphany.
XXXIV.	xii. 41- }	*Matins, on Feast of the Cross.
	xiii. 37. }	
XXXV.	xiv. 1-26.	*Consecration of the Chrim, (on Holy Thursday.)
XXXVI.	27-72.	Night of the Crucifixion.
XXXVII.	xv. 1-20.	Matins, Friday of the Crucifixion.
XXXVIII.	21-28.	Third Hour (= 9. A. M.) Day of Crucifixion.
XXXIX.	29-32.	Mid-day, (noon,) on Day of Crucifixion.
XL.	33-41.	Ninth Hour, (= 3. P. M.) Day of Crucifixion.
XLI.	xv. 42- }	Vespers, Saturday in Passion Week.
	xvi. 1. }	
XLII.	2-13.	Oblation, Sunday of Resurrection, (Easter Sunday.)
XLIII.	14-20.	Oblation, on Ascension Day,
LUKE.		
I.	i. 1-25.	Matins, Annunciation to Zacharias.
II.	26-38.	Annunciation to the Mother of God.
III.	39-56.	Visit of Mary to Elizabeth.
IV.	57-80.	Matins, Nativity of John.
V.	ii. 1-20.	Matins, Feast of the Nativity, (Christmas.)
VI.	21-35.	Matins, Entrance of our Lord into the Temple.
VII.	36-41.	Oblation, our Lord's Entrance into the Temple.
VIII.	42-52.	Sunday after the Nativity.
IX.	iii. 1-22.	Oblation, Feast of Epiphany,
X.	23-38.	Vespers, 2d Sunday after Epiphany.
XI.	iv. 1-13.	Sunday, commencement of Lent.
XII.	14-30.	Circumcision of our Lord.
XIII.	31-44.	Vespers, 4th Friday in Lent.
XIV.	v. 1-11.	Matins, 2d Sunday after the Resurrection.
XV.	12-39.	Matins, Sunday, 5th Week in Lent.
XVI.	vi. 1-11.	Matins, Tuesday, 5th Week in Lent.
XVII.	12-19.	The Apostles; *and the Martyrs.
XVIII.	20-36.	Friday, 4th Week in Lent.
XIX.	37-49.	Vespers, Wednesday, Week before Lent.
		*And Commemoration of the Patriarchs.

LESSONS FOR PUBLIC WORSHIP—*Continued.*

LUKE.		OCCASIONS.
Lessons.	Chap. and Ver.	
XX.	vii. 1-10.	Oblation, Sunday, 4th Week in Lent.
XXI.	11-18.	Oblation, Sunday, 5th Week in Lent.
XXII.	19-35.	Sunday after Epiphany.
XXIII.	36-50.	Third Hour, Thursday of the Mysteries.
XXIV.	viii. 1-15.	Thursday, 2d Week in Lent.
XXV.	16-21.	*Commemoration of Mary the Mother of God.
XXVI.	22-39.	Vespers, 5th Sunday in Lent.
XXVII.	40-56.	Matins, 5th Sunday in Lent.
XXVIII.	ix. 1-11.	Vespers, 5th Sunday after the Resurrection. And Commemoration of the Apostles.
XXIX.	12-17.	Oblation on any Day.
XXX.	18-26.	Feast of the Apostles.
XXXI.	27-36.	*Matins, Feast of Tabernacles.
XXXII.	37-50.	Monday, 2d Week in Lent.
XXXIII.	51-62.	Vespers, 6th Sunday after the Resurrection.
XXXIV.	x. 1-24.	Wednesday, Week in Albis, (Whitsun Week.)
XXXV.	25-37.	Vespers, 6th Sunday in Lent.
XXXVI.	38-41.	*Commemoration of the Holy Women.
XXXVII.	xi. 1-13.	Vespers, Tuesday, 1st Week in Lent.
XXXVIII.	14-26.	Tuesday, 6th Week in Lent.
XXXIX.	27-36.	*Feast of Mary the Mother of God.
XL.	37-48.	Wednesday, 6th Week in Lent.
XLI.	49-54.	Oblation, Annunciation to Zacharias.
XLII.	xii. 1-12.	*Commemoration of the Martyrs.
XLIII.	13-31.	Friday, 3d Week in Lent.
XLIV.	32-48.	*Lesson for (the Ordination of) Bishops.
XLV.	49-59.	Lesson for (Days of) Supplication, (Rogation Days.)
XLVI.	xiii. 1-9.	*Lesson, 2d Sunday after Feast of the Cross.
XLVII.	10-22.	Vespers, 5th Saturday in Lent.
XLVIII.	23-35.	*Commemoration of the Just, and the Patriarchs.
XLIX.	xiv. 1-24.	Tuesday, 4th Week in Lent.
L.	{ 25- }	*Commemoration of the Monks.
	{ xv. 10. }	
LI.	11-32.	Vespers, Thursday before Lent.
LII.	xvi. 1-18.	Matins, Sunday commencing Lent.
LIII.	19-31.	*Vespers, Sunday of the Dead.
LIV.	xvii. 1-10.	Vespers, Friday, 1st Week in Lent.
LV.	11-19.	Oblation, Sunday of 2d Week in Lent.
LVI.	20-37.	Thursday, 3d Week in Lent.
LVII.	xviii. 1-17.	Vespers, 1st Saturday in Lent.
LVIII.	18-30.	*Commemoration of F. Anthony and his fellow Saints.
LIX.	{ 31- }	Thursday, 6th Week in Lent.
	{ xix. 27. }	
LX.	28-40.	Sunday of Hosannas, (Palm Sunday.)
LXI.	41-48.	Vespers, Monday of Passion Week.
LXII.	xx. 1-26.	3d Station, 3d Night in Passion Week.
LXIII.	27-40.	*Lesson for the Dead.
LXIV.	{ 41- }	Oblation, 5th Sunday after Epiphany.
	{ xxi. 4. }	
LXV.	5-28.	Oblation, on Feast of the Crucifixion.

LESSONS FOR PUBLIC WORSHIP—*Continued.*

LUKE.		OCCASIONS.
Lessons.	Chap. and Ver.	
LXVI.	xxi. 29-38.	Vespers, Sunday after Feast of Crucifixion.
LXVII.	xxii. 1-30.	Vespers, Friday of the Crucifixion.
LXVIII.	31-65.	Lesson, Night of Friday of the Crucifixion.
LXIX.	{ 66- } { xxiii. 25. }	Matins, Friday of the Crucifixion.
LXX.	26-33.	Third Hour, on Friday of the Crucifixion.
LXXI.	34-43.	Midday, Friday of the Crucifixion.
LXXII.	44-49.	Ninth Hour, on Friday of the Crucifixion.
LXXIII.	{ 50- } { xxiv. 12. }	Twilight, Saturday of Annunciation.
LXXIV.	13-35.	Monday of Week in Albis, (Whitsun Week.)
LXXV.	36-53.	The Ascension of our Lord.
JOHN.		
I.	i. 1-17.	Feast, Nativity of our Lord, (Christmas.)
II.	18-28.	Matins, Sunday after Epiphany.
III.	29-42.	Oblation, Sunday after Epiphany.
IV.	43-51.	Oblation, 3d Sunday after Epiphany.
V.	ii. 1-11.	Matins, Sunday commencing Lent.
VI.	12-22.	Oblation, Saturday of Resurrection of Lazarus.
VII.	{ 23- } { iii. 12. }	Matins, Sunday after Epiphany.
VIII.	13-21.	Matins, Mid Lent.
IX.	{ 22- } { iv. 3. }	Oblation at Dedication of a Church.
X.	4-42.	Night of consecrating Water, (at Epiphany.) *And, the Genuflection at Pentecost.
XI.	43-54.	Vespers, Tuesday, 5th Week in Lent.
XII.	v. 1-18.	Matins, 3d Sunday in Lent.
XIII.	19-29.	*Lesson for the Dead.
XIV.	30-47.	Matins, 3d Sunday after Epiphany.
XV.	vi. 1-15.	Oblation, 4th Sunday after Epiphany.
XVI.	16-29.	Wednesday, 5th Week in Lent.
XVII.	30-46.	Oblation, any Day.
XVIII.	47-60.	Oblation, any Day.
XIX.	61-71.	Matins, Wednesday of Passion Week.
XX.	vii. 1-36.	Matins, Wednesday, 5th Week in Lent.
XXI.	37-41.	*Commemoration of Doctors of the Church.
XXII.	{ 45-52. } { 53- } { viii. 11. }	Matins, Saturday, 5th Week in Lent. Lesson of the sinning Woman: [not in MSS.]
XXIII.	12-27.	Oblation, 2d Sunday after Epiphany.
XXIV.	28-59.	Wednesday of Week in Albis, (Whitsun Week.)
XXV.	ix. 1-41.	Matins, 6th Sunday in Lent.
XXVI.	x. 1-21.	Vespers, Consecration of a Church: *And, Creation of Bi-shops.
XXVII.	22-42.	Lesson, at Consecration of a Church.
XXVIII.	xi. 1-46.	Oblation of the Forty: [Quadragesima?]-
XXIX.	47-54.	Matins, Wednesday of Passion Week.



LESSONS FOR PUBLIC WORSHIP—*Continued.*

JOHN.		OCCASIONS.
Lessons.	Chap. and Ver.	
XXX.	{ xi. 55- xii. 11. }	Matins, Saturday of Resurrection of Lazarus.
XXXI.	12-22.	Hosanna Sunday, (Palm Sunday.)
XXXII.	23-50.	Matins, Wednesday of Passion Week.
XXXIII.	xiii. 1-30.	Lesson of the mystical Washing (of Feet.)
XXXIV.	31-38.	Matins, 5th Sunday after the Resurrection.
XXXV.	xiv. 1-14.	Commemoration of Thomas and Philip, Apostles.
XXXVI.	{ 15- xv. 7. }	Vespers, Pentecostal Sunday.
XXXVII.	{ 8- xvi. 3. }	Matins, Pentecostal Sunday in Albis, (Whitsunday.)
XXXVIII.	4-15.	Oblation, Pentecost, (Whitsunday.)
XXXIX.	16-30.	Vespers, 3d Sunday after the Resurrection.
XL.	{ 31- xvii. 12. }	Matins, 6th Sunday after the Resurrection: *And, at Creation of Presbyters.
XLI.	13-26.	*3d Sunday after the Feast of the Cross.
XLII.	xviii. 1-27.	Night, Friday of the Crucifixion.
XLIII.	{ 28- xix. 4. }	Matins, Friday of the Crucifixion.
XLIV.	5-14.	Third Hour, Friday of the Crucifixion.
XLV.	14-22.	Sixth Hour, Friday of the Crucifixion.
XLVI.	23-30.	Ninth Hour, Friday of the Crucifixion.
XLVII.	31-42.	Vespers, Saturday of the Annunciation.
XLVIII.	xx. 1-18.	Matins, Sunday of the Resurrection, (Easter Day.)
XLIX.	19-25.	Vespers, New Sunday, (Whitsunday.)
L.	26-31.	Matins, New Sunday, (Whitsunday.)
LI.	xxi. 1-14.	Oblation, New Sunday, (Whitsunday.)
LII.	15-19.	Commemoration of Simon Peter: and, Consecration of a Church: and *Creation of Bishops.
LIII.	20-25.	Commemoration of John the Evangelist.
ACTS.		
I.	i. 1-14.	Ascension of our Lord.
II.	15-26.	Oblation, Thursday of the Mysteries.
III.	ii. 1-21.	The Genuflection.
IV.	22-36.	Twilight, great Sunday of the Resurrection, (Easter.)
V.	37-47.	Monday, 6th Week in Lent.
VI.	iii. 1-10.	Golden Friday.
VII.	11-26.	Monday in Albis, (in Whitsun Week.)
VIII.	iv. 1-18.	*Commemoration of the Martyrs.
IX.	19-31.	*Lesson for the Martyrs.
X.	32-37.	Tuesday in Albis, (in Whitsun Week.)
XI.	v. 1-11.	*For the Dead.
XII.	12-28.	For the Apostles.
XIII.	29-42.	Wednesday in Albis, (Whitsun Week.)
XIV.	vi. 1-12.	Friday of Repose: and, of Saints in General.
XV.	{ 13- vii. 10. }	Thursday in Albis, (Whitsun Week.)

LESSONS FOR PUBLIC WORSHIP—*Continued.*

ACTS.		OCCASIONS.
Lessons.	Chap. and Ver.	
XVI.	vii. 11-29.	Slaughter of the Children.
XVII.	30-36.	Matins, Hosanna (Palm) Sunday.
XVIII.	37-43.	Saturday in Albis, (Whitsun Week.)
XIX.	44-53.	For Baptism: *and, the Mother of God.
XX.	{ 51- } viii. 2. }	Commemoration of Stephen.
XXI.	{ 3-13. }	Third Sunday after the Resurrection.
XXII.	{ 14-25. }	Monday, 1st Week in Lent.
XXIII.	{ 26-40. }	Benediction of Waters, (on Night of Epiphany:) And, at Baptism.
XXIV.	ix. 1-21.	Sunday commencing Lent.
XXV.	22-35.	Second Sunday in Lent.
XXVI.	36-43.	*For the Dead.
XXVII.	x. 1- 8.	Third Sunday in Lent.
XXVIII.	9-24.	The Apostles: and, Golden Friday.
XXIX.	25-33.	Tuesday, 1st Week in Lent.
XXX.	{ 34- } { xi. 1. }	Wednesday, 1st Week in Lent.
XXXI.	{ 2-18. }	Thursday, 1st Week in Lent.
XXXII.	{ 19-30. }	Friday, 1st Week in Lent.
XXXIII.	xii. 1-24.	Saturday, 1st Week in Lent.
XXXIV.	{ 25- } { xiii. 12. }	Sunday, 4th Week in Lent.
XXXV.	{ 13-25. }	Monday of Passion Week.
XXXVI.	{ 26-43. }	Great Sunday of the Resurrection, (Easter Day.)
XXXVII.	{ 44- } { xiv. 6. }	Tuesday of Passion Week.
XXXVIII.	{ 7-19. }	Wednesday of Passion Week.
XXXIX.	{ 20- } { xv. 3. }	Monday, 4th Week in Lent.
XI.	{ 4-12. }	Vespers, Thursday of the Mysteries.
XII.	{ 13-22. }	Tuesday, 4th Week in Lent.
XIII.	{ 23-33. }	Mid Lent.
XIII.	{ 35-41. }	Thursday, 4th Week in Lent.
XIV.	xvi. 1- 7.	Friday, 4th Week in Lent.
XV.	8-15.	Saturday, 4th Week in Lent.
XVI.	16-35.	Sunday, 5th Week in Lent.
XVII.	{ 36- } { xvii. 1. }	Sunday, 6th Week in Lent.
XVIII.	{ 2-14. }	Night of the Crucifixion.
XIX.	{ 15-21. }	4th Sunday after the Resurrection.
L.	{ 22-34. }	5th Sunday after the Resurrection.
LI.	xviii. 1-11.	Commemoration of the Saints.
LII.	{ 12-28. }	5th Sunday after Pentecost.
LIII.	xix. 1-12.	Matins, Pentecostal Sunday, (Whitsunday.)
LIV.	{ 13-22. }	First Sunday after Pentecost.
LV.	{ 23-29. }	Second Sunday after Pentecost.
LVI.	{ 30- } { xx. 6. }	Third Sunday after Pentecost.
LVII.	{ 7-16. }	*For the Dead.

LESSONS FOR PUBLIC WORSHIP—*Continued.*

ACTS.		OCCASIONS.
Lessons.	Chap. and Ver.	
LVIII.	{ xx. 17- xxi. 12. }	*For the Saints and Martyrs.
LIX.	{ 13- xxii. 29. }	Fourth Sunday after Pentecost.
LX.	{ 30- xxiii. 11. }	Matins, Friday of the Crucifixion.
LXI.	{ 12-35. }	Third Hour, Friday of the Crucifixion.
LXII.	{ xxiv. 1- xxv. 12. }	Mid-Day, Friday of the Crucifixion.
LXIII.	{ 13- xxvi. 23. }	Ninth Hour, Friday of the Crucifixion.
LXIV.	{ 24- xxvii. 8. }	Fifth Sunday after Pentecost.
LXV.	{ 9-26 }	Sixth Sunday after Pentecost.
LXVI.	{ 27-44 }	Seventh Sunday after Pentecost.
LXVII.	{ xxviii. 1-10. }	Eighth Sunday after Pentecost.
LXVIII.	{ 11-22 }	Ninth Sunday after Pentecost.
LXIX.	{ 23-31. }	Tenth Sunday after Pentecost.
ROMANS.		
I.	{ i. 1-12. }	Lesson for any Day.
II.	{ 13-25. }	Friday, 2d Week in Lent.
III.	{ 26- ii. 1. }	Lesson for any Day
IV.	{ 2-13. }	Friday, 3d Week in Lent.
V.	{ 14-27. }	Any Day.
VI.	{ 28- iii. 18. }	Any Day.
VII.	{ 19- iv. 12. }	*For the Martyrs.
VIII.	{ 13-25. }	Any Day.
IX.	{ v. 1-11. }	Monday in Albis, (in Whitsun Week.)
X.	{ 12-21. }	Saturday, 1st Week in Lent.
XI.	{ vi. 1-23. }	Monday, 6th Week in Lent: and, at Baptism.
XII.	{ vii. 1-25. }	Tuesday of Passion Week.
XIII.	{ 26- viii. 11. }	Twilight, great Sunday of the Resurrection.
XIV.	{ 12-27. }	Tuesday, 6th Week in Lent.
XV.	{ 28- ix. 5. }	*Lesson for the Martyrs.
XVI.	{ 6-21. }	Annunciation to Zacharias.
XVII.	{ 22-29. }	Lesson for Pilgrims.
XVIII.	{ 30- x. 4. }	Entrance of our Lord into the Temple:
XIX.	{ 5-21. }	Aud, Commemoration of Prophets and Apostles.
XX.	{ xi. 1-12. }	Middle of Pentecost.
XXI.	{ 13-36. }	Tuesday in Passion Week.
XXII.	{ xii. 1-21. }	Hosanna (Palm) Sunday.
XXIII.	{ xiii. 1-10. }	Monday, 1st Week in Lent.
		Time when a Church makes an Election.

LESSONS FOR PUBLIC WORSHIP—*Continued.*

ROMANS.		OCCASIONS.
Lessons.	Chap. and Ver.	
XXIV.	{ xiii. 11- } { xiv. 23. }	Matins, Sunday commencing Lent.
XXV.	xv. 1-13.	Tuesday, 1st Week in Lent.
XXVI.	14-38.	Second Sunday in Lent.
XXVII.	xvi. 1-24.	*For the Holy Women.
1 CORINTHIANS.		
I.	i. 1-17.	Friday of the Crucifixion.
II.	{ 18- } { ii. 4. }	Matins, Friday of the Crucifixion.
III.	10-16.	First Sunday after Pentecost.
IV.	iii. 1-15.	Second Sunday after Pentecost.
V.	{ 16- } { iv. 5. }	Third Sunday after Pentecost.
VI.	6-16.	Fourth Sunday after Pentecost.
VII.	{ 17- } { v. 5. }	Fifth Sunday after Pentecost.
VIII.	6-13.	Sunday after the Resurrection.
IX.	vi. 1-11.	Sixth Sunday after Pentecost.
X.	12-20.	Thursday, 1st Week in Lent.
XI.	vii. 1-24.	Wednesday, 1st Week in Lent.
XII.	25-40.	For the holy Martyrs.
XIII.	{ viii. 1- } { ix. 12. }	For any Day.
XIV.	13-27.	*Commemoration of Anthony and his Companions.
XV.	x. 1-13.	Oblation, on Epiphany Day.
XVI.	{ 14- } { xi. 22. }	Matins, Thursday of the Mysteries.
XVII.	23-34.	Oblation, Thursday of the Mysteries.
XVIII.	xii. 1-27.	Sunday of Pentecost, (Whitsunday.)
XIX.	{ 28- } { xiii. 3. }	The Apostles.
XX.	{ 4- } { xiv. 19. }	The Washing.
XXI.	20-33.	The Genuflection.
XXII.	34-40.	Seventh Sunday after Pentecost.
XXIII.	xv. 1-19.	Matins, Resurrection (Easter) Day.
XXIV.	20-33.	Oblation, Resurrection (Easter) Day.
XXV.	34-58.	For the Dead.
XXVI.	xvi. 1-12.	Fifth Sunday after Epiphany.
XXVII.	13-24.	Tuesday, 4th Week in Lent.
2 CORINTHIANS.		
I.	i. 1- 7.	Matins, Saturday of Annunciation.
II.	8-22.	Fourth Sunday after Epiphany.
III.	{ 23- } { ii. 11. }	Thursday, 4th Week in Lent.
IV.	{ 12- } { iii. 3. }	*Consecration of the Chrism.
V.	4-18.	*Basil and his Associates.

LESSONS FOR PUBLIC WORSHIP—*Continued.*

2 CORINTHIANS.		OCCASIONS.
Lessons.	Chap. and Ver.	
VI.	iv. 1-6.	Third Sunday after Epiphany.
VII.	7-18.	*The Martyrs.
VIII.	v. 1-10.	*The Dead.
IX.	11-19.	New Sunday, (Whitsunday.)
X.	{ 20- } vi. 10. }	Sunday commencing Lent: and, Rogations.
XI.	{ 11- } vii. 3. }	Friday, 1st Week in Lent.
XII.	4-16.	Any Day.
XIII.	viii. 1-8.	Any Day.
XIV.	9-24.	Sixth Sunday after Epiphany.
XV.	ix. 1-15.	Mid-Lent.
XVI.	x. 1-18.	Sixth Sunday in Lent.
XVII.	xi. 1-15.	Monday, 4th Week in Lent.
XVIII.	{ 16- } xii. 18. }	Commemoration of Paul.
XIX.	{ 19- } xiii. 13. }	Friday of Mid-Lent.
GALATIANS.		
I.	i. 1-10.	For any Day.
II.	11-24.	For Stephen.
III.	ii. 1-10.	*For the Patriarchs.
IV.	11-16.	For any Day.
V.	{ 17-iii. 14. } { 15-29. }	*The Adoration of the Cross. *The Annunciation of the Mother of God.
VI.	iv. 1-18.	Oblation, on the Nativity, (Christmas.)
VII.	19-27.	The Nativity of John.
VIII.	{ 28- } v. 12. }	The Circumcision of our Lord.
IX.	{ 13- } vi. 6. }	The 3d Sunday in Lent.
X.	7-18.	Matins, Wednesday of Passion Week.
EPHESIANS.		
I.	i. 1-14.	For Baptisms.
II.	{ 15- } ii. 3. }	After the Resurrection, (on Easter Day.)
III.	4-18.	Thursday of Repose.
IV.	{ 19- } iii. 12. }	Thursday after the Resurrection.
V.	13-21.	*Elevation of the Cross.
VI.	iv. 1-16.	Ascension of our Lord.
VII.	17-24.	New Sunday, (Whitsunday.)
VIII.	{ 25- } v. 2. }	Friday of Repose.
IX.	3-21.	Seventh Sunday after Epiphany.
X.	{ 22- } vi. 9. }	For any Day.
XI.	10-20.	*The Tonsure of Monks.

LESSONS FOR PUBLIC WORSHIP—*Continued.*

PHILIPPIANS.		OCCASIONS.
Lessons.	Chap. and Ver.	
I.	i. 1-11.	For any Day.
II.	12-20.	Commemoration of Peter and Paul.
III.	ii. 1-11.	Twilight, Wednesday of Passion Week.
IV.	12-30.	For any Day.
V.	iii. 1-12.	For any Day.
VI.	{ 13- }	For any Day.
	{ iv. 7. }	
VII.	8-23.	For any Day.
COLOSSIANS.		
I.	i. 1- 8.	For any Day.
II.	9-20.	4th Sunday after the Resurrection.
III.	{ 21- }	Thursday after the Resurrection.
	{ ii. 5. }	
IV.	6-15.	Mid-Day, Friday of the Crucifixion.
V.	16-23.	For any Day.
VI.	iii. 1-17.	Wednesday of the Week of Repose.
VII.	{ 18- }	For any Day.
	{ iv. 18. }	
1 THESSALONIANS.		
I.	{ i. 1- }	For any Day.
	{ ii. 12. }	
II.	13-16.	Twilight, Saturday of the Annunciation.
III.	{ 17- }	For any Day.
	{ iii. 13. }	
IV.	iv. 1-12.	For Baptism.
V.	{ 13- }	*For the Dead.
	{ v. 11. }	
VI.	12-28.	Fourth Sunday in Lent.
2 THESSALONIANS.		
I.	{ i. 1. }	Twilight on Epiphany.
	{ iii. 19. }	
1 TIMOTHY.		
I.	i. 1-20.	Friday, 5th Week in Lent.
II.	ii. 1-15.	For Rogations.
III.	{ iii. 1- }	Second Sunday after Epiphany.
	{ iv. 8. }	
IV.	{ 9- }	Thursday after the Resurrection.
	{ v. 23. }	
V.	{ 23- }	Fifth Sunday in Lent
	{ vi. 12. }	
VI.	13-21.	Fifth Sunday after the Resurrection.
2 TIMOTHY.		
I.	{ i. 1- }	*Commemoration of Aegnetus and Companions.
	{ ii. 3. }	

LESSONS FOR PUBLIC WORSHIP—*Continued.*

2 TIMOTHY.		OCCASIONS.
Lessons.	Chap. and Ver.	
II.	{ ii. 4- } { iii. 9. }	*Commemoration of Peter of Alexandria.
III.	{ 10-15. }	*Commemoration of our Lord Severus.
IV.	{ 16- }	*On the death of a Bishop.
V.	{ iv. 8. } { 9-22. }	*Commemoration of Gregory.
TITUS.		
I.	{ i. 1- } { ii. 10. }	{ On making a Presbyter.
II.	{ 11- } { iii. 15. }	{ At Baptism: also, Sunday after Epiphany.
PHILEMON.		
I.	1-25.	For any Day.
HEBREWS.		
I.	{ i. 1- } { ii. 4. }	{ Twilight and Matins, on the Nativity.
II.	{ 5-13. }	{ First Station, Friday of the Crucifixion.
III.	{ 14- } { iii. 13. }	{ *For the Mother of God.
IV.	{ 14- } { iv. 13. }	{ Saturday in Albis, (Whitsun Week.)
V.	{ 14- } { v. 11. }	{ Second Station, Friday Night of the Crucifixion.
VI.	{ 12- } { vi. 20. }	{ Second Night in Passion Week.
VII.	{ vii. 1-17. }	{ *For the Mother of God.
VIII.	{ 18-28. }	{ Tuesday in Albis, (Whitsun Week.)
IX.	{ viii. 1- } { ix. 10. }	{ The Nativity: and, The Consecration of a Church, or an Altar.
X.	{ 11-15. }	{ Third Station, Friday Night of the Crucifixion.
XI.	{ 16-28. }	{ Twilight, Thursday of the Mysteries.
XII.	{ x. 1-14. }	{ Third Sunday after the Resurrection.
XIII.	{ 15-25. }	{ *Night of Blessing Water.
XIV.	{ 26-38. }	{ For Baptism.
XV.	{ 39- } { xi. 7. }	{ Matins, Monday in Passion Week.
XVI.	{ 8-22. }	{ Twilight, Tuesday in Passion Week.
XVII.	{ 23-31. }	{ Slaughter of the Infants.
XVIII.	{ 32- } { xii. 2. }	{ The Prophets, Apostles, *and Patriarchs.
XIX.	{ 3-11. }	{ "When there is Wrath," (Time of Calamity.)
XX.	{ 12-27. }	{ Oblation on the Forty, (Quadragesima!)
XXI.	{ 28- }	{ *The 318 Fathers, (Council of Nice:)
XXII.	{ xiii. 8. } { 9-25. }	{ *Also, Commemoration of believing Kings. Ninth Hour, Friday of the Crucifixion.

LESSONS FOR PUBLIC WORSHIP—*Continued.*

JAMES.			OCCASIONS.
Lessons.	Chap. and ver.		
I.	i. 1-21		Commemoration of the Martyrs.
II.	{ ii. 22- } { ii. 13. }		Second Sunday after Epiphany.
III.	11-29		Eleventh Sunday after Pentecost.
IV.	{ iii. 1- } { iv. 6. }		Third Sunday after Epiphany.
V.	{ 7- } { v. 6. }		Twelfth Sunday after Pentecost.
VI.	7-20		Fourth Sunday after Epiphany.
1 PETER.			
I.	i. 1-25		New Sunday, (Whitsunday.)
II.	ii. 1-10		Fifth Sunday after Epiphany.
III.	{ iii. 11- } { iii. 6. }		John the Baptist.
IV.	7-15		Sixth Sunday after Epiphany.
V.	{ 15- } { iv. 6. }		Thirteenth Sunday after Pentecost :
VI.	7-19		And, at Consecration of Bishops.
VII.	v. 1-14		Seventh Sunday after Epiphany.
			Fourteenth Sunday after Pentecost.
2 PETER.			
I.	{ i. 1- } { ii. 8. }		Lesson for Mount Tabor.
II.	{ iii. 9- } { iii. 18. }		Great Feast of Ascension.
1 JOHN.			
I.	{ i. 1- } { ii. 6. }		First Sunday after the Nativity.
II.	{ iii. 7- } { iii. 1. }		Oblation, Hosanna (Palm) Sunday.
III.	2-21		The Mother of God.
IV.	iv. 1-10		Nativity of our Lord.
V.	11-21		The mystical Washing : and, Sunday after Epiphany.
VI.	v. 1-21		The Feast of Lights, (Candlemas.)
2 JOHN.			
I.	1-13		Entrance of our Lord into the Temple.
3 JOHN.			
I.	1-15		Wednesday, 2d Week in Lent : and, Wednesday in Passion Week.
JUDE.			
I.	1-25		*Anthony and his Companions : Tuesday in Passion Week : Also, the Prophets.



The Apocalypse is not divided into Lessons, as is in the London editions, broken into Paragraphs, but is printed in one solid mass. Yet it has the Chapters and Verses noted in the margin, like the other Books.

The Four Gospels contain 248 Lessons, of which 7 are unappropriated, or serve for a year, and the remaining 241 serve for 242 different occasions. The Acts and the Epistles (which are collectively called the Apostles) contain 242 Lessons, of which 20 are unappropriated, and the remaining 222 serve for 241 occasions. On most of the occasions, there was one Lesson appropriated from the Gospels, and one also from the Apostles.

This Table designates the Lessons for every successive Sunday, from the Sunday before the Nativity upward to the 14th Sunday after Pentecost. The remaining twelve Sundays appear not to have been always designated in the same manner by the Syrian Christians, and therefore they are not printed for in the London editions, which we follow. *Assemani* tells us, *Biblioth. Orient. Curia* Var. tom. 4, p. 533, notes that the Chaldean Christians denominated the four Sundays next before Christmas, *Alphar S. S. S. S.*, and the four succeeding them, Sundays of the *Commemoration of Christ*. Other Syrian Christians designated the Sundays in the latter part of the ecclesiastical year, by the Gospels that were read.

The Sundays mentioned in this Table, derive their names from the two immovable Feasts, the Nativity, *ܩܕܝܫܐ ܕܡܫܝܚܐ*, Christmas, December 25th, and Epiphany, *ܩܕܝܫܐ ܕܡܫܝܚܐ*, January 6th, and from the movable Feast, dependent on the day of our Lord's Resurrection, *ܩܕܝܫܐ ܕܡܫܝܚܐ*, that is, *Epiphany Sunday*. From the Nativity are named the Sundays before, and the Sundays after Christmas. From Epiphany are named the seven Sundays after Epiphany, if there should be so many before Lent commences. The Sundays in Lent, *ܩܕܝܫܐ ܕܡܫܝܚܐ*, the *Fast*, are numbered 1st to the 6th in Lent. Then follows *ܩܕܝܫܐ ܕܡܫܝܚܐ*, or *Passion Sunday*, which is the Sunday before Easter. The week before Easter is called *ܩܕܝܫܐ ܕܡܫܝܚܐ*, Week being the week on which our Lord was crucified. The Thursday of that week was called Thursday of the Mysteries, because on that day Christ instructed the Holy Spirit. The Friday of that week was called Friday of the Crucifixion. The Sunday following was the great Sunday of our Lord's Resurrection, *ܩܕܝܫܐ ܕܡܫܝܚܐ*, or *Epiphany Day*. The five next succeeding Sundays were called the second to the sixth after the Resurrection, after which came the Sunday of Pentecost, *ܩܕܝܫܐ ܕܡܫܝܚܐ*, called also *N. S. S. S.*, and Sunday of Whitsun, *ܩܕܝܫܐ ܕܡܫܝܚܐ*, White-Sunday; and the succeeding week

was called the *Week in White*, (in Albis,) Whitsun-Week. This was followed by fourteen Sundays, named the *first, second, &c.*, after *Pentecost*.

Besides the forty Sundays provided for as above, this Table assigns particular Lessons for the Nativity of our Lord, or Christmas Day; for Epiphany, and the annual Consecration of Water on that Festival; for daily public worship during the six weeks of Lent, and the week before Easter, or Passion Week; also for the annual Consecration of the Chrism on Thursday of Passion Week, and for daily worship throughout the week in Albis, or Whitsun-Week. The other appropriations are for Saints' Days, commemoration of Martyrs, Ordinations, Baptisms, &c.

## APPENDIX II.

### THE SYRIAC TRANSLATIONS OF THE SCRIPTURES.



THERE are *three* Syriac translations of the New Testament, which are denominated the *Peshito*, the *Philoxenian*, and the *Hierosolymitan* versions ; and also *two* Syriac translations of the Old Testament, which are known by the designations of the *Peshito*, and the *Syriac Hexapla*. Of the *first* of these five versions, the *Peshito New Testament*, it is here proposed to give a pretty full account ; and then to treat, more summarily, of the other versions in their order.

#### THE PESHITO SYRIAC VERSION OF THE NEW TESTAMENT.

##### CHARACTER AND CONTENTS OF THIS VERSION.

This is not only much older than the *Philoxenian* or the later Syriac version, but is very generally admitted to be the oldest version that has come down to us, of the New Testament in any language. It is called by the Syrians the *Peshito* version, on account of its style or character. The Syriac verb ܦܫܘܬܘܢ signifies to *unfold* or *spread out* that which was folded up, so that it can be seen in its true form, dimensions, and character. Hence the participle ܦܫܘܬܘܢܐ signifies *spread out, not involved or folded up, simplex and not duplex* ; or, as applied to a translation, *explicit, free from ambiguities, direct, simple, and easy to be understood*. And precisely such is, in fact, the character of this venerable version.\*

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\* It was therefore a great mistake of *Bertholdt*. (in his *Einleitung in das Alt. u. Neue Testament*, § 18, vol. i. ii. p. 593,) to suppose, that this version was called the *Peshito*, because it was the version *in common use*, among the sects of Syrian Christians ; thus making the word *Peshito* equivalent to the Greek ἡ κοινή, and the Latin *vulgata*. The word does not denote an expansion or extension *ad extera*, or over a larger space, but an *internal* development, an *unfolding*, which exhibits the thing in its fair and full proportions.

The Peshito version embraces all the canonical books of the New Testament, except the second Epistle of *Peter*, the second and third Epistles of *John*, the Epistle of *Jude*, and the *Apocalypse*; that is, all the *γραφαὶ ἐμολογούμεναι* of Eusebius, together with one only of the *ἀντιλεγόμεναι* viz., the Epistle of *James*. Thus the Peshito *Canon* embraces all the books, which were universally admitted to be genuine in the early ages of the Church; and it excludes all but one of the books concerning which there was for a time doubt and uncertainty. It is almost precisely the same with the Canon derived from the writings of Irenæus, Tertullian, and others in the first ages of the Church. And this may be considered as evidence of the high antiquity of the version. It was made before the New Testament Canon was fully settled.

#### THE TIME, PLACE, AND AUTHORS OF THIS VERSION.

Among the Aramaean Christians the tradition is universal, and uniform everywhere, that this version was made at the time when Christianity was first preached, and when Christian churches were first established, in Syria and Mesopotamia: and, of course, that it was made by some one or more of the primitive Apostles and Evangelists, or by persons who were their companions and associates. Some name *Mark* the Evangelist; others, *Thaddæus* the reputed Apostle of Mesopotamia; others, *Achæus* or *Aglaæus*, a pupil and immediate successor of Thaddæus.

Anterior to the present century, most of the Europeans who gave attention to Syriac learning, so far assented to this Syrian tradition, as to maintain, that the Peshito version must have been made either by an Apostle, or by some companion and assistant of the Apostles. A few, however, men of talents and erudition, but not versed in Syriac learning,—e. g. *Bp. Fuller*, *Grotius*, and *J. J. Wetstein*,—maintained that the *Philoxenian* was the only Syriac version of the New Testament; and that, as this version was not made till the *sixth* century, of course *that* must be the date of our Syriac New Testament. Such reasoning needs no confutation at the present day. And accordingly, since the middle of the last century, all the learned men of Europe seem to be agreed, that the Peshito version was probably in existence in the latter part of the *second* century, and certainly in the beginning of the *third*. Thus *Michaelis*, *Storr*, *Adler*, *Eichhorn*, *Hug*, *Bertholdt*, *Hoffman*, *Uhlmann*, *Horne*, *Guerike*, *Rodiger*, &c.

The more recent German writers content themselves with tracing back the existence of this version to the latter part of the *second* century. But

the English, and also the Germans before the year 1800, very generally believed, and argued, that it must have been made either near the close of the *first* century, or early in the *second* century. Says the Rev. *T. H. Horne*, in his Introduction, (vol. i. p. 270. ed. New York, 1844): “Bishop *Walton*, *Carpzov*, *Leusden*, Bishop *Lowth*, and Dr. *Kennicott*, fix its date to the *first* century; *Bauer*, and some other German writers, to the *second* or *third* century; *Jahn* fixes it, at the least, to the *second* century; *De Rossi* pronounces it to be very ancient, but does not specify any precise date. The most probable opinion, (he adds,) is that of *Michaelis*, (Introduction to New Testament, vol. ii. P. I, pp. 29–33.) who ascribes the Syriac version of *both* Testaments to the close of the *first*. or to the earlier part of the *second* century; at which time the Syrian churches flourished most, and the Christians at Edessa had a temple for divine worship erected after the model of that at Jerusalem: and it is not to be supposed that they would be without a version of the Old Testament, the reading of which had been introduced by the Apostles.”

Those who attempt to trace back the existence of this version, by means of historical proofs, tell us, that the Peshito version certainly existed, and was in common use, in the middle of the *fourth* century. For, at that period, *Ephraim Syrus* composed his voluminous writings, which abound in quotations and expositions of the sacred books, as they are found in this version. And going back of that period, we are able to trace a solid Christian literature, and a series of well-informed theologians reaching up to the age of *Bardesanes*, in the latter part of the *second* century. Now such able theologians, and such a Christian literature, could not have existed without a knowledge of the Scriptures: and yet, through all this period, we have no intimation that the Aramaean churches lacked the holy Scriptures in their vernacular tongue. We therefore infer that the Peshito version existed, and was in common use from at least as early as the latter part of the *second* century. And this inference seems to have the support of direct *testimony*. For Eusebius says, (H. E. iv. 22.) that *Hegesippus*, (who lived and wrote about A. D. 188.) “made some quotations from the Gospel according to the Hebrews, and from the Syriac Gospel:”—ἐκ τῆ τοῦ καθ' ἑβραίων εὐαγγελίου καὶ τοῦ συριακοῦ. This language (as *Hug* has clearly shown: Einleitung, vol. i. p. 367, ed. 1826) implies that there was, in the days of *Hegesippus*, a *Syriac Gospel*, and that it was a different book from the Gospel according to the Hebrews.—And in the *Passio Sancti Procopii Martyris*, (annexed by *Valesius* to the Hist. Eccles. of *Eusebius*, lib. viii. c. 1, ed. Amsterdam, 1695. Annotatt, p. 154.) the martyr is said to have been born at Jerusalem, and to have passed his life at Scythopolis, where he performed *three* functions in the church,—

“unum in legendi officio, alterum *in Syri interpretatione sermonis*, et tertium adversus daemones manus impositione consummans;” until his martyrdom, under Diocletian, A. D. 303. The words *Syri interpretatione sermonis*, explicitly, make him the *public translator*, (of the Scriptures, undoubtedly,) from *the Syriac language* into some other, the Greek, most probably: for we may suppose there were some Greeks in the Syrian church of Seythopolis, for whose benefit the Scripture lessons were translated as they were read.

The arguments for carrying back the origin of this version to the last part of the *first* century and the first part of the *second*, are the following:—

1. This accords with the constant and uniform tradition of all the Aramaean churches, Nestorian, Monophysite, Melchite, and Maronite; in all of which this version has been in public use, time out of mind, and has ever been revered as coeval with the origin of those churches. Moreover, there is no contradictory tradition from any quarter; nor does ecclesiastical history afford any invalidating testimony. All the evidence in the case is therefore on one side, or stands uncontradicted and unopposed by any contrary evidence. By what laws of historic reasoning, then, can the tradition just referred to be set aside?

2. The uncertainty which is found in the tradition, respecting the precise *time*, and *place*, and *author* of this version, is good evidence of the truth of the tradition; for it shows, that this version was made at so early a period, that the particular circumstances attending its formation were hid in obscurity.

This argument may be thus stated:—We know, that there was an uninterrupted series of learned writers in the Aramaean churches, from the times of *Bardesanes*, who was cotemporary with Irenæus and Clemens Alex., in the latter part of the *second* century,—down to *Barhebraeus* in the *thirteenth* century. Yet not one of them could authenticate the universal tradition, or trace it to its source, or correct the minuter details of it. They could only repeat the generally received *fact*, that this version was made when their first churches were planted by the Apostles and their coadjutors; and then give their conjectures respecting the precise time, and place, and author of the version. And the early Greek Fathers, many of whom lived in Syria and Palestine, were equally in the dark respecting these points. Now the fair inference from these facts is, that the translation must have been made in the very earliest times of the Church, and so long before the days of the learned ecclesiastical writers,—(that is, before the times of Justin Martyr, Irenæus, Bardesanes, Clemens Alex., &c.)—that the circumstances of the *time*, *place*, and *author* of the version could

not be ascertained, and therefore the door was open for different conjectures respecting them.

For the due appreciation of this argument, it should be recollected, that from the termination of the New Testament narratives to about the middle of the *second* century,—(that is, for about 60 or 80 years.)—the only Christian writers were those called the *Apostolic Fathers*; whose writings are few and meagre, and scarcely throw any light on sacred literature and the occurrences in the churches. Hence, that early period was, emphatically, the *OBSCURE AGE* of the Church, and one which it has baffled the attempts of learned theologians to explore, from the times of Eusebius to the present day. After that period, learned Christian writers began to arise, and to multiply more and more; so that from that time onward, and especially after the commencement of the third century, all the more important occurrences in the Church became tolerably well known, being mentioned by the cotemporary writers; while all that occurred in the latter part of the first century, and in the first half of the second, is almost as little known as the events before the flood.

This argument receives confirmation from the fact, that the very early translation of the Scriptures into *Latin*, (which no one calls in question,) is exactly parallel with this asserted early origin of the Syriac version. Both versions were supposed to have been made in the times of the Apostles, or shortly after, and by an author, or authors, unknown to the subsequent ages. The chief difference in regard to them is, that there are said to have been *several* early Latin versions, one of which, being superior to the others, obtained the greatest circulation, and was called the *ITALA*, whereas we read of only *one* early Syriac version, that called the *Peshito*. Augustine's declaration concerning those early *Latin* versions is well known. He says, (de Doctrina Christ. l. ii. c. 11 :) "One can easily enumerate those who translated the holy Scriptures from Hebrew into Greek; but not so, the Latin translators. For, in those early times of Christianity, whoever got hold of a Greek MS., and thought he possessed some knowledge of both languages, at once undertook to translate it."—In regard to these very early versions, both Latin and Syriac, the entire *ignorance* of all the learned fathers, in subsequent ages, as to their authors, and as to the precise time and place of their composition, arises from the same causes; namely, the very early period at which the versions were made, and the scantiness of the records of those times. And hence the vagueness, or the want of uniformity and consistency in the details, is the very best internal evidence of the general truth and authenticity of both traditions.

3. The character and circumstances of the first Syrian Christians, and of their teachers, would both demand and facilitate an early translation

of the New Testament into the common language of the country. The first converts of that country were, doubtless, to a great extent, from among Jews. And we know that the first Christians were, generally, from the humbler walks of life, or from the common people,—that class of persons who, in Syria and Mesopotamia, spoke and understood no language but the Syriac. An early translation of the Scriptures into this language was therefore exceedingly necessary. Indeed, it was nearly indispensable for the due instruction of the new converts, and for qualifying their principal men to be teachers and guides in the new-formed churches. What modern missionary attempts to propagate Christianity, and to establish Christian churches, in any unevangelized country, without at once putting the Bible into the hands of the common people, in a language they can understand?—The first preachers of the Gospel in Syria and Mesopotamia, and the founders of the first Aramaean churches, we may suppose, were for the most part Palestine Jews. For such were all the Apostles, the seventy disciples, the seven Deacons, and among the Evangelists, Mark, Barnabas, Silas, and perhaps others. But to all the Jews of Palestine, an Aramaean dialect very similar to the Syriac, was vernacular, and was the ordinary language of all public addresses in the synagogues of their country. Hence we may suppose, that the Gospel was first preached among the Syrians in the Aramaean language, either in pure Syriac or in the dialect of the Jews. And if so, the first founders of the Syrian churches were fully competent, to give them Syriac translations of the several books of the New Testament, as soon as they successively arrived in the country. And we can hardly suppose it possible, that they would neglect a work so easy of accomplishment, so necessary to lighten their own labors, and so indispensable to the full establishment and permanent prosperity of the churches.

4. The character of the version itself affords evidence that it was produced in the very earliest ages of the Christian Church. Its style has all the simplicity and directness of those sincere and honest-hearted men who first propagated Christianity. It is, precisely, what its name *Peshito* implies—a perfectly explicit and lucid version, every word of which seems to be the spontaneous efflux of a warm heart, and of a mind fully master of its own conceptions. There is no pomp of words, no artificial constructions or phraseology, nothing that betrays vanity or ostentation, nothing factitious, elaborate, and studied. It exhibits no undue veneration for the technical terms of the new religion, or of the Church and its organization. Indeed, it seems not to know that there are technical words and phrases, belonging to the new dispensation. And although it is the translation of a sacred book, it seems to have no superstitious reverence for the mere words, the phraseology, or the grammatical constructions of the original



text. To give the substance of what is written, and in the plainest, simplest manner possible, seems to be its sole aim. In these respects it stands alone among all the ancient versions of the Bible; and especially is it totally unlike the second Syriac version, which will be described hereafter. And this fascinating artlessness of the Peshito version, while it affords strong evidence of its very early formation, will account for its permanent and very strong hold on the affections of all Aramaean Christians in every age of the Church.

5. If this version was not made till near the end of the *second* century, it is utterly unaccountable that neither any notice of the time, place, and circumstances of its formation, nor any intimation whatever of its recent origin, can be found in any cotemporary, or any subsequent ecclesiastical writer, Syrian, Greek, or Latin. For if the Aramaean Christians had been destitute of the holy Scriptures in a language they could understand, during one hundred and fifty years, and had then first received the full light of the Gospel from this translation, surely the publication of it must have produced an astonishing change in the character and condition of the Aramaean churches. It must have formed a grand epoch in their history; and the learned writers of those times, witnessing the wonderful changes that occurred, could not have failed to notice them, and to dwell on them with wonder and delight. And yet no notice is taken of any such occurrences by any writer of those times, either Syrian or Greek. Surely this is very strange; and the advocates of this hypothesis may be challenged to produce a parallel case in the whole history of the Christian Church. For what other equally venerated version can be named that was made as late as A. D. 200, and for so numerous a body of Christians, previously for ages destitute of a vernacular Bible, the formation of which is not noticed, nor even alluded to, by so numerous a body of writers, all deeply interested in the momentous transaction?

If these arguments, collectively, afford satisfactory evidence in the case, then we are to believe that most of the books called ὁμολόγησάμενοι, or the greater part of those forming the proper *Peshito Canon*, were translated in the latter part of the *first* century, for so early they must have been well known in Syria, having been written before the destruction of Jerusalem, A. D. 70.—The only books forming an exception are the Gospel and the Epistles of St. John, which, if written (as many suppose) near the end of the century, may not have reached Syria in time to be translated before the commencement of the *second* century.—The Peshito ἀντιλαγόμενοι (namely, the 2d Epistle of Peter, the 2d and 3d of John, the Epistle of Jude, and the Apocalypse) were undoubtedly translated considerably later. Their style, which differs somewhat from the rest of the

Peshito, and approximates towards that of the *Philoxenian*, is evidence of this. *Hug*, indeed, (Introduction, i. p. 356,) maintains that these books originally formed a part of the *Peshito Canon*, and were afterwards left out of it; while others maintain that they belong exclusively to the *Philoxenian* version. Neither of these opinions is admissible. For if, according to *Hug*, they originally belonged to the *Peshito* version, it is strange that they should differ so much from the usual style of the *Peshito*, and also that they are found, almost invariably, omitted in the MSS. of this version. The opinion that they belong to the *Philoxenian* version, is equally objectionable, for the style of these books coincides more with that of the *Peshito* than with that of the *Philoxenian*, though differing from both. It is, moreover, scarcely supposable, that these important books remained unknown to the Syrians, and untranslated by them, until so late as the sixth century. Besides, they are actually quoted by *Ephraim Syrus*, in the middle of the fourth century, or more than 200 years before the *Philoxenian* version was produced. (See *Hug*, Introduction, vol. i. p. 356, and *Michaelis*, Introduction, ii. i. p. 55.) It is therefore probable that they were translated after the decease of those excellent men who translated the *Peshito* canonical books; and that, for this and other reasons, they were held in less estimation by the Syrian Christians, and were but rarely inserted among their canonical books.

#### THE PLACE OF TRANSLATION.

Most of those who carry back the origin of this version to the close of the *first*, and the commencement of the *second* century, regard *Antioch* as most probably the place where it was produced: because, there the first Syrian church was gathered, and chiefly by the labors of *Barnabas* and *Paul*; there also the Apostle *Peter* taught; and *John*, surnamed *Mark*; and *Silas*, a companion of *Paul*; and there the disciples first bore the name of *CHRISTIANS*. That city was the capital of all Syria; and thither *Paul* and *Peter*, and other apostolical men, often resorted. There the mother church of all Syria long flourished; and from it, undoubtedly, Christianity was propagated, not only throughout Syria, but also in Mesopotamia, and in all the countries in which the Syriac language prevailed. No place, in that early age, afforded such advantages, or afforded such inducements, for producing a correct Syriac version of the Christian Scriptures.

*Michaelis*, however, (Introduction, ii. i. 39,) dissents from this opinion; and he has been followed by most of the later German writers. He says: "The common opinion in Europe, that the version was made at Antioch—was never entertained in Asia:" and "it is highly improbable in itself:

for, *Greek* being the current language in all the cities to the west of the Euphrates, and especially at Antioch, no motive could have existed for making a translation of the Greek Testament in that city. Though no *tradition* were still extant, that the Syriac version was written at *Edessa*, it would naturally occur as the most probable place, it being a city where the Christian religion was planted in the first century, was adopted by its sovereigns, who erected churches with all the magnificence of heathen temples,—was thence early and widely propagated in the eastern parts of Asia;—and a city, not only whose language was Syriac, but which, during many ages, was the eastern metropolis of the Christian world.”—Again he says, (p. 74.) “Syria had an established church at an earlier period than any country in Europe, for the kings of Edessa were converted to Christianity *before the middle of the first century*, and the ceremonies of the Church were attended with solemnity and pomp. When a religion is thus publicly introduced, the first care is to procure an authentic version of the sacred writings for the public service.”—But, surely, it is assuming a great deal, to affirm, that *Greek* was so far the current language of all Syria west of the Euphrates, and was so universally understood by the common people, that no translation of the Scriptures into Syriac was there needed. (See Dr. E. Robinson’s *Biblical Repository*, vol. i. pp. 309–363, Andover, 1831.) And, although we admit that Christianity early gained a footing in Osrhoena, and particularly at Edessa, yet there is so much uncertainty about the conversion of *Abgarus*, and his making Christianity the religion of the state, in the *first* century, and so little evidence of the frequent resort of Apostles and apostolical men to that city, or that it was really “the eastern metropolis of the Christian world,” till far into the *second* century,—that we may suitably hesitate on this subject. In our view, *Antioch* has as strong claims as *Edessa*, to be regarded as the birthplace of the Peshito, provided it originated from Apostles or apostolical men, and was written as early as the *first* century.

#### THE VALUE OF THE PESHITO VERSION.

The great value of this translation depends on its high antiquity, on the competence and fidelity of the translators, and on the near affinity of its language to that spoken by our Lord and his Apostles. In all these respects it stands pre-eminent among the numerous versions of the New Testament.

On this subject we will here give the published statements of various learned men who have devoted particular attention to this unrivalled version.

JAMES MARTINI, a Professor at Wittemberg, in his elaborate Preface to the Syriac New Testament, edited by Trostius, in 1610, says: "Let those who speak lightly of this version know, that the Syriac, if not the very language in which CHRIST himself conversed with his Apostles, approaches very nearly to the vernacular tongue of our Saviour and his companions, and that into it the recent books of the New Testament were the first of all translated, and that, too, at the very time when the Apostles, (those divine teachers whom Christ himself had educated, and who were enlightened and instructed by the Holy Spirit,) were laying the first foundation of the Christian church among the nations. I admit that it is a *version*, but it is the *first* and most ancient of all versions. It is a *version*, I say, but one to be preferred before all others, as being more authentic and more correct. It is a *version*, I say again, but made either by some one of the Evangelists, or certainly by one of those who had the Apostles present with them at Antioch, whom they could consult and hear speak on many of the obscurer passages. And therefore to this version only can we safely go, when any obscurity or difficulty occurs in the original Greek. This only can be safely consulted and relied upon, whenever there is doubt respecting the import or the rendering of any passage. By this only is the Greek text illuminated and correctly explained. For the authority of this version very nearly approximates (*proximè accedit*) to that of the Greek original."

WOLFGANG FRANCIUS, a colleague of *Martini*, in his Treatise on Hermeneutics, (p. 46,) says: "This version, all the learned pronounce and declare to be the *purest* of all versions: and, doubtless, it was so exactly transferred by the holy men, because *Christ* spoke and discoursed in the Syriac language: so that we cannot doubt, that the Apostles and the apostolical men carefully inquired after and laid up the very words of Christ, and, with a holy veneration, endeavored to record them in this version."—And (p. 38) he says: "Among all the versions of the New Testament, that which holds the first rank, and is the most exact, felicitous, and divine, is certainly the Syriac, which, undoubtedly, was most faithfully handed down by apostolical men, who remembered well the recently uttered words of Christ and his Apostles, and understood their meaning. For CHRIST himself used this language."

EMANUEL TREMELLIUS, in the Preface to his Syriac New Testament, A. D. 1568, says: "It is entirely consonant with truth, that this version was formed at the very commencement of the Christian church, either by the *Apostles* themselves or by their disciples: unless we would suppose that in writing they had regard only to strangers, and cared little or nothing for their own countrymen."

BRIAN WALTON, in the Prolegomena to his *Biblia Polyglotta*, (p. 92,) says: "The Syriac version of the New Testament exhibits the native aspect, (*faciem nativam*.) of the original text, and confirms its integrity. For it follows the Greek text for the most part, *κατὰ πείδα*, strictly. For, the New Testament being written in *Greek*, by men whose vernacular language was *Syriac*, everywhere savors of *Syriasm*. Hence, *Ludovicus de Dieu* (in his *Harmonia trium Linguarum*) affirms, that the true import of the phraseology of the New Testament *can scarcely be learned, except from the Syriac*. For no one will say that the phraseology of the Evangelists and Apostles is *pure Greek*: and it would be easier for Europeans to imitate the elegance of Plato and Aristotle, than for Plato and Aristotle to explain to us the New Testament, because the holy men *conceived in Syriac*, that which they *wrote in Greek*, injecting the force of their vernacular tongue into foreign words." After accounting for some diversity in the orthography of certain Syriac words, such as *Golgotha*, *Aceldama*, *Mammona*, &c., in the Greek and Syriac New Testaments, by saying, that the Peshito of both Testaments is written in *the Antiochian dialect*, and not in the dialect of Jerusalem, he concludes thus: "From these most ancient versions we infer, that this (the Syriac) language is of the highest importance, because the writers of the New Testament, to whom this language was vernacular, first preached the divine oracles in it to the Jews, and to the nations around them, and afterwards wrote them out in Greek, yet retaining everywhere the *spirit (gustum)* of the Syriac. Nay, it was vernacular to the Lord and Saviour himself; He drew it in with his mother's milk: and in it, the only-begotten Son of God revealed to the world the will of God, and the express promises of eternal life. This language, He consecrated by his holy lips; in this language, He taught the doctrines of the Gospel; in it, He offered his prayers to the Father, laid open the mysteries hidden from the world, and heard the voice of the Father coming from heaven: so that we may say,

'Lingua hominum est lingua nobilitata Dei.'

And, as a poet has said of a Syrian lexicographer,

'Nos docet hic unus, Numinis ore loqui.'

Moreover, this is the language of the Christian doctors through nearly all the East, as appears from the Liturgies and Divine Offices almost everywhere performed in it."

REV. EZRA STILES, D.D., Pres. of Yale College, in his Inaugural Oration, says: "Kindred with this, [the Hebrew,] or rather a *bath-kol*, and daughter-voice, is the *Syriac*, in which the greater part of the New Testa-

ment (I believe) was originally *written*, and not merely translated, in the Apostolic age. . . . The Syriac Testament, therefore, is of high *authority*; nay, with me, of the same authority as the Greek."

The opinion of *Dr. Stiles*, that the greater part of the books of the New Testament were originally *written* in Syriac, and not merely translated, is far from being so strange as to have no other advocate. Many have believed that Matthew's Gospel and the Epistle to the Hebrews, if not also some other books, were originally written in Hebrew or Jewish Aramaean. And *J. A. Bollen* (in his German Translation of the Epistles, with Notes, Altona, 1800, 2 vols. 8vo.) maintains, that nearly all the Epistles must have been first composed by the Apostles *in Aramaean*, their native tongue, and then committed by them to some of their Grecizing companions, (e. g. *Titus, Timothy, Tertius, Sosthenes, &c.*) by whom they were translated into Greek before their publication. And *Bertholdt* (*Einleitung*, § 46, vol. i. p. 148-154) accedes to, and defends, this opinion. And he thinks that, after due time for reflection, the learned world will generally come into it. Such an hypothesis does not militate at all against the *authority* of the original Greek, because it supposes the Greek translation to have been made by the special direction of the Apostles, and to have been inspected, and fully approved by them. But it does show us that the Syriac version *may be* something more than a mere translation, and may have nearly, or quite equal authority, with the Greek.

JOHN D. MICHAELIS, in his introd. to the New Testament, (translation of Marsh, ed. London, 1802, vol. ii. P. I. p. 40, &c.,) says: "The Peschito is the very best translation of the Greek Testament that I have ever read; that of *Luther* . . . holding the second rank. Of all the Syriac authors with which I am acquainted, not excepting Ephraim and Bar-Hebraeus, its language is the most elegant and pure; not loaded with foreign words, like the Philoxenian version and other later writings, and discovers the hand of a master in rendering those passages where the two idioms deviate from each other. It has no marks of the stiffness of a translation, but is written with the ease and fluency of an original: and this excellence of its style must be ascribed to its antiquity, and to its being written in a city that was the residence of Syrian kings. . . . It is true that the Syriac version, like all human productions, is not destitute of faults, and (what is not to be regarded as a blemish) differs frequently from the modern mode of explanation. But I know of none that is so free from error, and none that I consult with so much confidence, in ease of difficulty and doubt. I have never met with a single instance where the Greek is so interpreted, as to betray any weakness or ignorance in the translator: and though in many other translations, the original is rendered in so extraordinary a

manner as almost to excite a smile, the Syriac version must ever be read with profound veneration." After a few sentences, *Michaelis* adds: "The affinity of the Syriac to the dialect of Palestine, is so great as to justify, in some respects, the assertion that the Syriac translator has recorded the actions and speeches of Christ in the very language in which he spoke. . . . The difference between the dialect which was spoken by Christ, and that of the Syriac translator, consisted almost wholly in the mode of pronouncing; and if a proper use had been made of this advantage, the Syriac version would be the most valuable commentary on the New Testament. Many obscure passages would be made clear, if the words were still on record which Jesus spoke with his disciples in the Aramaean language. But the translator appears not to have been fortunate in rendering passages of this nature. . . . This circumstance alone affords sufficient evidence that the Syriac version was not written by one of Christ's *immediate disciples*."—(Ibid. p. 44.) "The Syriac version . . . leads us sometimes to just and beautiful explanations, where other help is insufficient, e. g. Matt. vi. 7; John, xvi. 2; Rom. ix. 22; and xiii. 3; and confirms some ancient rites in which we are deeply interested, such as the celebration of Sunday, 1 Cor. xi. 20. And in discovering either the meaning of an unusual word, or the unusual meaning of a common word, where no assistance can be had from the Greek authors, the Syriac version may be of singular service, as the translator was probably acquainted with the language of common life, as well as the language of books; and is, at least, of equal authority with a Greek lexicon of later ages."—(p. 45.) "The chief advantage to be derived from the Syriac version is, in applying it to the purposes of criticism. Its high antiquity, and frequent deviation from the common reading in passages of importance, must recommend the use of it to every critic, who in general will find himself rewarded for his trouble. . . . The difference between the Syriac version and the greatest part of the Greek manuscripts, is no ground for condemning the former. It is natural to suppose, from its great antiquity, that it must deviate in many cases from the Greek manuscripts, the oldest of which were written above four hundred years later, and are mostly the productions of countries remote from Syria."

## MANUSCRIPTS OF THE PESHITO NEW TESTAMENT.

In his *Novi Test. Versiones Syriacæ*, Hafn. 1789, 4to., *J. G. C. Adler* divides the manuscripts of the Peshito New Testament into *two* classes, the *Jacobite* and the *Nestorian*, the former written in Mesopotamia, Syria, Pales-

tine, and Egypt, the latter written in Persia and in the East Indies; but there is very little difference between the texts of the two. Most of the copies of both omit the 2d Epistle of Peter, the 2d and 3d Epistles of John, the Epistle of Jude, and the Apocalypse. They likewise generally omit the story of the Adulteress, John, vii. 53 to viii. 11; and the disputed text, 1 John, v. 7; and also Luke, xxii. 17, 18.

The *Nestorian* manuscripts arrange the books of the New Testament in an order peculiar to themselves. After the Four Gospels, which they commonly put into into a separate volume, and denominate the GOSPEL, they arrange the other books, which they call *the APOSTLES*, in the following order: (1) the Acts; (2) the three Catholic Epistles, (1st Epistle of Peter, 1st Epistle of John, and the Epistle of James); (3) the Fourteen Epistles of Paul, in the same order as in our Bibles.

Both the Jacobites and the Nestorians divide all these books into LESSONS for public worship, and in such a manner, that the whole are read over once a year. The Lessons from the Gospels are 248; and those from the Acts and Epistles are 245. The *length* of the Lessons varies, according to the solemnity of the days for which they were appointed, and the connection and sense of the passages. The average length of the Lessons is about  $15\frac{1}{4}$  of our verses, or half the average length of our chapters. Besides this division into Lessons for the public worship, there is a division into *Chapters* or *Paragraphs*, according to the sense. One Nestorian manuscript divides these books in 165 Chapters; each, on an average, being equal to one and a half of our chapters. Another, a Jacobite Codex Evengeliorum, divides the Four Gospels into 1389 short Chapters or *Paragraphs*, averaging less than three verses each.

Till recently, the greatest collection of Syriac manuscripts was to be found in the Vatican Library at Rome, of which *Asseman* has given a good account in his *Bibliotheca Orientalis Clementina Vaticana*. But others were to be found at Florence, Milan, Paris, Vienna, Oxford, and elsewhere. *Adler* (in the work above mentioned) gives account of fourteen Peshito manuscripts of the New Testament, eight of them Jacobite, and six Nestorian. Of the eight Jacobite, seven contained only the Four Gospels, and the eighth only the Acts and Epistles. Of the six Nestorian, three contained all the books of the proper Peshito Canon; one contained only the Four Gospels; and two contained only the Epistles of Paul. The dates of these fourteen manuscripts ranged from A. D. 548, down to the Reformation. Those written before A. D. 800, were all in the *Estrangelo* character. Those of later date, if Jacobite, slide more and more into the cursive character terminating at last in the modern Syriac letters. The Nestorian manuscripts since A. D. 800, are written in the character still in use among the



Nestorian Christians, a modified form of the Estrangelo, differing considerably from our printed Syriac.

Dr. *Buchanan*, who travelled extensively among the Syrian Christians of India, in the years 1806 and 7, "discovered and obtained," (says Dr. *Horne*.) "numerous ancient manuscripts of the Scriptures, which are now deposited in the public library at Cambridge. One of these, which was discovered in a remote Syrian church near the mountains, is particularly valuable. It contains the Old and New Testaments, engrossed with beautiful accuracy in the Estrangelo character, on strong vellum, in large folio, and having three columns in a page." "In the opinion of Mr. *Yeates*, who has published a collation of the Pentateuch, it was written about the *seventh* century." *Mar Johanan*, the Bishop of Gavalán in Oroomiah, who visited this country a few years since, brought with him a Syriac New Testament, written on vellum, in the Nestorian character, and forming a very thick 4to. volume. Its date is not ascertained, but from the character of the writing, it is probably not very ancient. This, and some other Syriac manuscripts, are lodged in the Missionary Rooms of A. B. For. Miss. at Boston. The Library of the American Oriental Society, at Boston, likewise contains some Syriac manuscripts.

The "London Quarterly Review," for December, 1845, has an article on Valuable Manuscripts recently brought to England from the Monasteries of Egypt. This treasure was first discovered by Lord Prudhoe, in 1828, and has since been almost wholly bought up and transported to England. The manuscripts are in Coptic, Ethiopic, Syriac, and Arabic. Their ages vary from A. D. 411 downwards. A manuscript, dated A. D. 464, of the Syriac Peshito Pentateuch, is the oldest biblical manuscript. There are about *thirty* volumes of this version of portions of the Old Testament, dated about the *sixth* century. Of the Peshito New Testament, there are *forty* manuscripts, of about the same date. The age of these, and the authority of this version, will make them of great value to critical students of the Bible. Among other works in this collection, there is said to be "the Recension of the Old and New Testament, by *Mar Jacob*, Bishop of Edessa" (in the seventh century.) Besides these biblical works, in this rich collection there is a large number of theological productions, of the same ancient times.

#### EDITIONS OF THE PESHITO NEW TESTAMENT.

The first edition was printed at Vienna, in Austria, A. D. 1555, at the expense of the Emperor Ferdinand I., prompted by his Chancellor, *Albert Widmansted*. It was intended for distribution among the Jacobite Christians

in the East, whose Patriarch, in the year 1552, sent *Moses of Marden* as his envoy to Europe, for the twofold purpose of cementing a union with the See of Rome, and procuring the printing of the Syriac New Testament for the use of his people. *Moses of Marden* brought with him a manuscript copy, prepared in the East; and likewise superintended the press. One other manuscript, containing the Four Gospels, was also consulted. The edition was neatly and accurately printed in 4to., containing the simple text, and embracing all the Books of the New Testament, except the 2d Epistle of Peter, the 2d and 3d of John, the Epistle of Jude, and the Apocalypse. It also omitted the story of the Adulteress. As this edition was nearly all sent to the East, copies of it are rare in Europe.

2. In 1568, *Emanuel Tremellius* republished, at Heidelberg, in folio, the edition of Vienna, in Hebrew characters, and accompanied it with a Latin translation made by himself. He likewise had a Syriac manuscript, but he made little use of it.

3. In 1571, *Guy le Fevre de la Boderie*, (*Boderianus*.) reprinted the same text, both in Syriac and Hebrew letters, accompanied with a Latin translation, in the third volume of the Antwerp Polyglott Bible. Boderie also had a Syriac manuscript, brought from the East by William Postell, from which he drew some various readings.

4 and 5. The fourth and fifth editions were in Hebrew letters, and without points, printed at Antwerp, by *Plantin*, in 1573 and 1575; the first in 8vo. the other 18mo.

6. In 1584, *La Boderie* reprinted, at Paris, 4to., the Syriac text in Syriac letters, with an interlineary Latin translation.

7. In 1579, *Elias Hutter* inserted Tremellius Hebrew-Syriac text in his Polyglott New Testament, and supplied the deficient Books by Syriac of his own making.

8. In 1621, *Martin Trost*, at Köthen, in Anhalt, reprinted the Syriac text of the Vienna edition, in fair Syriac types, with a Latin translation; 1 vol. 4to.

Hitherto, the 2d Epistle of Peter; the 2d and 3d of John, the Epistle of Jude, and the Apocalypse, had not been printed from manuscripts. But in 1627, *Lewis de Dieu* published, at Leyden, the Apocalypse, from a manuscript brought from India, which had been the property of Scaliger; and in 1630, *Edward Pocock* published, also at Leyden, the four lacking Epistles, from a manuscript in the Bodleian library at Oxford. And since that time, the editions of the Peshito New Testament have contained all the books that compose the New Testament Canon.

9. In 1645, the Peshito New Testament was inserted in the Paris Polyglott, copied from the Antwerp Polyglott, and enlarged by the

insertion of the wanting Epistles and the Apocalypse; the whole being revised and corrected by *Gabriel Sionita*.

10. In 1653, the London Polyglott republished the entire Syriac New Testament from the Paris Polyglott, and added, for the first time, the history of the Adulteress, from a manuscript belonging to Archbishop *Usher*.

11. In 1664, *Giles Gutbir* published his Syriac New Testament at Hamburg, in a moderate sized 12mo. volume, for common use. His text is that of *Trost*, with some amendments, and is followed with a list of various readings, chiefly derived from the printed editions. This is a cheap edition and very common, and it would be a good edition, if the typography were what it should be. It is generally accompanied with a good compendious Lexicon to the Syriac New Testament.

12. In 1684, *Christian Knorre* reprinted, in 12mo., at Salzburg, Plantin's edition of 1573, in Hebrew letters.

13. In 1713, the Congregatio de Propaganda Fide, at Rome, printed the New Testament, Syriac and Arabic, in 2 vols., folio, for the use of the Maronites.

14. In 1708, *John Leusden* and *Charles Schaaf* published at Leyden their excellent edition, Syriac and Latin, in large 4to., with a copious list of the various readings in different editions. This edition was reprinted by *Schaaf* in 1717. He also published, with both editions, his highly esteemed Lexicon Syriacum Concordantiale in Novum Test. Syr., in large 4to.

15. In 1713, the Schaafian text was inserted in the Biblia Quadrilingua of *Christian Reineccius*, Leyden, folio.

16. In 1805, *Richard Jones* republished, at Oxford, in 4to., the Schaafian text, corrected by two Syriac manuscripts in the Bodleian Library, and by the Commentary of *Bar-Hebraeus*, existing in the same library.

17. In 1816, the British and Foreign Bible Society published at London, (*Richard Watts*, printer,) a very beautiful edition of the Syriac text, corrected by manuscripts, in 552 pages, 4to., intended for distribution in India. "This edition" (says Mr. *Horne*) "was corrected for the press, as far as the Acts of the Apostles, by the late Rev. Dr. *Buchanan*, and was completed by Rev. *Samuel Lee*, D.D., Professor of Arabic in the University of Cambridge."

18. In 1826, the British and Foreign Bible Society reprinted their edition of 1816, in a fair, but smaller type, in 360 pages, 4to. This edition was, probably, superintended by Professor *Lee*.

19. Lastly: In 1846, the Missionaries of the A. B. C. F. M., at

Oroomiah, in Persia, having completed their translation of the New Testament into the vernacular dialect of the modern Nestorians, printed it, with the Syriac text, in parallel columns, and both in the modern Nestorian character, with a marginal notice of all the deviations of the Syriac from the Greek text: printed at Oroomiah, in one vol., large 4to. The Syriac text of this edition appears to coincide with that of the British and Foreign Bible Society.

It has often been regretted, that the editors of the Peshito New Testament have taken so little pains to collate manuscripts, and to obtain a correct text. They have, for the most part, followed the *editio princeps*, with some changes in the vowel points, and have admitted but few changes of words on the authority of manuscripts. The received text, it is said, appears to have been derived chiefly from the Nestorian family of manuscripts, and needs a thorough collation, especially with manuscripts of the Jacobite family.

#### THE PHILOXENIAN VERSION OF THE NEW TESTAMENT.

##### ITS ORIGIN.

The history of this version is given in the Syriac Indorsements on its manuscripts. One of the fullest of these Indorsements is subjoined to a manuscript of the Four Gospels, in the *Bibliotheca Angelica* of the Augustinians at Rome. It may be thus rendered in English:—"This Book has been collated with two approved manuscripts.—This Book of the Four Holy Evangelists was translated from the Greek tongue into Syriac, with much accuracy and great labor; and first, in the city of *Mabug* (ܡܒܘܓ), in the days of the holy PHILOXENUS, Confessor, and Bishop of that city. It was afterwards collated, with much care, by me, THOMAS, a poor sinner, with two highly approved and correct Greek copies, at Antonia, of the great city Alexandria, in the Monastery of St. Anthony. Its completion will, surely, conduce to the benefit of my sinful soul, and of the many who love and desire to know and preserve this accuracy in the sacred books. It was written and collated, at the place above named, in the year 927 of Alexander, in the 4th Indiction. But, how much labor and anxiety I had, in this and the other [books], the Lord only knoweth, who will recompense every man according to his works in the day of his righteous judgment."—The Indorsements on two other manuscripts, as cited by *Adler*, are substantially the same with this, although more concise. Instead of the two

first sentences, they simply say :—"This is the Book of the Four Holy Evangelists, which was translated from the Greek tongue in the year of Alexander the Macedonian, 819, in the days of the holy *Mar Philoxenus*," &c.

From these Indorsements, it appears that this translation was made at *MABUG*, or *Menbij*, as it is called in Arabic, the *Hierapolis* of the Greeks, a city of Syria, near the Euphrates, and the See of both a Nestorian and a Jacobite Bishop: and that it was made in the year 819 of Alexander, that is, A. D. 508, and in the days of *Philoxenus*, the Bishop of Mabug. It is not said that it was made *by* Philoxenus, but only *in his days*. This *Philoxenus*, otherwise called *Xenaias*, was the Monophysite Bishop of Mabug, from A. D. 488 to A. D. 518, (see *Asseman's Bibliotheca Orient.* tom. ii. p. 10-46;) but he did not sit quietly on his throne. Being a warm partisan of *Peter Fullo*, he was in sharp conflict nearly all his life, and he could have had but little leisure for biblical studies. The persecutions he suffered, procured for him the title of *Confessor* among his own sect. According to *Moses Aghaens*, (in *Asseman's Bibliotheca Orient.* tom. ii. c. 10,) one *POLYCARP*, a rural Bishop under *Philoxenus*, made this translation; and dedicated it, in the year specified, to Philoxenus, by whom he had been prompted to undertake the work. And hence this version is often called the *Translation of Polycarp*.

It further appears, from these Indorsements, that about 100 years after this version was made by Polycarp, one *Thomas*, a monk, at Antonia, a quarter in the city of Alexandria, and in the monastery of St. Anthony, in that city, revised and re-wrote this translation, collating it with *two* (or, some indorsements say, *three*) highly approved Greek manuscripts. This was in the year of Alexander 927, or A. D. 616. Who this *Thomas* was, and when and where he lived, we learn from *Bar-Hebraeus' Chronicle*, (year of the Seleucidæ 927, or A. D. 616.) *Bar-Hebraeus* there says:—"About this time flourished *Thomas Hareclensis*. (i. e. Thomas of Harkëla, or Harkla, ܬܘܡܫܐ, an obscure village in Palestine,) a monk of the monastery of Taril; who, in his childhood, learned Greek in the Kenserine monastery, and was afterwards Bishop of Mabug. Being persecuted by Domitian, the Meletian, he went to Egypt, and resided in Antonia of Alexandria, in the holy monastery of the Antonies; where, with praiseworthy diligence, he restored, by a very exact and accurate emendation, the holy Codex of the Gospels, and the other Books of the New Testament, after the first version of them by the procurement of *Philoxenus*, of Mabug."—From this statement, and from an inspection of the manuscripts, it appears, that *Thomas Hareclensis* corrected the text of *Polycarp's* translation; added various readings, derived from his collation of Greek

manuscripts; and subjoined other marginal notices, especially the division into Lessons for the public worship through the year. That he did not materially alter the text of Polycarp, *Adler* infers from a manuscript that he examined at Florence, which had none of the marginal notes and indorsements of the Harclensian recension, yet contained almost precisely the same text; whence he concluded, that it was copied from an ancient manuscript of Polycarp's version, written before its revision by *Thomas Harclensis*.

Such is the *origin* of the so-called *Philoxenian version*. It is the translation of *Polycarp*, as revised, and furnished with marginal notes, by THOMAS HARCLENSIS. It was exclusively of *Jacobite* origin; and it never obtained currency among the other oriental sects. Yet it was not made for any sectarian purposes; nor in hostility to the Peshito version. The sole aim of its author and reviser, was, to produce a Syriac version, which should more perfectly resemble the Greek original as it existed in their times.—It embraces all the books of the New Testament, except the Apocalypse. The history of the adulteress, is also wanting; but not so, the 2d Epistle of Peter, the 2d and 3d of John, and the Epistle of Jude; which are here found in the same style with the other books, and differing from the style of the same Epistles in the Peshito version.

#### CHARACTER AND VALUE OF THIS VERSION.

The prominent characteristic of the Philoxenian version, is *extreme servility*, even to the habitual sacrifice of the purity and propriety of the Syriac language. It generally copies the Greek phraseology, so exactly, that it would often not be difficult to translate it back again into the identical words of the original. As the Syriac has no *Article*, the definite Article of the Greek is often expressed by the Syriac pronouns for *he*, *she*, and *they*. The Greek *expletives*, which could not be expressed in Syriac, are sometimes transcribed in the translation. Greek *compounds* are awkwardly expressed, by two or more words in strange combination. Greek *diminutives* are imitated in the Syriac. The Greek construction is followed, as closely as possible, without regard to the laws of Syriac construction. And in all the *proper names*, even those of Hebrew origin, the Greek *orthography* is imitated in Syriac letters, though subversive of every trace of the etymology, and perverting the true pronunciation. Even the *case endings* of these names are retained; which could only serve to puzzle the brains of a Syrian who did not understand Greek.

Of the *value* of this translation, *J. D. Michaelis*, (in his Introduction to the New Testament, vol. ii. P. 1. p. 67, &c., ed. Marsh.) says: "The in-

trinsic worth of the Philoxenian version, admits no comparison with that of the Peshito. The style is much inferior, and more difficult to be understood; the version is less accurate; and the translator was less acquainted with the Greek. It is neither so valuable to a *divine*, for the purpose of instruction in the Christian religion; nor to the learned *expositor*, as a mean of explaining difficult and doubtful passages. But the version is not devoid of value, and is of real importance to a *critic*, whose object is to select a variety of readings, with the view of restoring the genuine text of the Greek original. For he may be fully assured, that every phrase and expression is a precise copy of the Greek text, as it stood in the manuscript from which the version was made. But it is not prior to the *sixth* century; and as the Peshito was written either at the end of the *first*, or at the beginning of the *second* century, it is of less importance to know the readings of the Greek manuscript, that was used in the former, than those of the original employed in the latter."

#### EDITIONS AND MANUSCRIPTS OF THE PHILOXENIAN VERSION.

No portion of this version was printed prior to the year 1778. Of course, up to that time, the learned had not the means of examining it, and ascertaining its true character. The Rev. *Gloucester Ridley*, LL.D., Prebend of Salisbury, about the middle of the last century, received a copy of the entire version, brought from Amida in Mesopotamia, by a Mr. *Palmer*. Ridley immediately applied himself to the study of Syriac: and in 1761, published a learned Dissertation, *de Syriacarum Novi Testamenti Versionum Indole et Usu*; in which he gave the first good account of both translations, and a full description of the Philoxenian. He also prepared for the press, a copy of the four Gospels, transcribed from his Amidan manuscript, and collated with another found at Oxford. But he did not live to see it published. It was printed at Oxford, Syriac and Latin, with critical notes &c., by *Joseph White*, Professor of Arabic, in 1778, 2 vols. in 1, 4to. Professor White then proceeded to prepare the remainder of the work for the press; and published the book of Acts and the seven Catholic Epistles, in 1799; and the fourteen Epistles of Paul, in 1803, uniform with the previous volumes. The whole is ordinarily bound in two large vols. 4to. This edition, so far as I have learned, is the only one ever printed.—The *Manuscripts* of this version are less numerous than those of the Peshito. *Adler* examined six manuscripts of the Gospels; and he learned the existence of some others, containing the Epistles. Perhaps some of the forty manuscripts of the New Testament, lately brought from Egypt, will be found to belong to this version.

## OTHER SYRIAC VERSIONS OF THE NEW TESTAMENT.

Besides the manuscripts of the Peshito and Philoxenian versions, *Adler* found in the Vatican at Rome, one manuscript of the four Gospels, in a translation different from either. It is more servile and inelegant than the Peshito; but is not so servile as the Philoxenian. Its idiom also differs from both; for it is not pure Syriac, but is a species of Chaldee, or Jewish Aramaean; and the characters in which it is written, approximate to the Hebrew. *Adler* supposed it was made by some Jewish Christian, about the *fourth* century. And as it is written in Jewish Aramaean, and not Syriac, he called it the **HIEROSOLYMITAN VERSION**. It has never been published, and is not considered of any great value.

What some have called the **KARKAPHENSION VERSION**, is found not to be a new *version*, but merely a recension of the Peshito Old and New Testaments, made near the close of the *tenth* century, by a Jacobite monk named *David*, residing in the monastery of St. Aaron, on Mount Sigari, in the northeastern part of Mesopotamia. *Dr. Wiseman*, in his *Horae Syriacae*, (Rome, 1828, 8vo.,) has carefully investigated the history and character of this recension, and he pronounces it to be the *Peshito text*, with merely a change in the *orthography* of proper names, and of Graeco-Syriac words, conformably with the orthography of the Philoxenian version. He also declares it to be of Monophysite or Jacobite origin. *Dr. Lee*, however, defends the old opinion, that it was intended for use among the Nestorians.



## SYRIAC TRANSLATIONS OF THE OLD TESTAMENT.

PASSING on to the Old Testament, we there find *two* distinct translations of nearly the whole, as we before found two of the New Testament. One of these is likewise called the *Peshito*, and is very ancient. The other is more modern, resembles the Philoxenian, and bears the name of the *Syriac Hexapla*.



## THE PESHITO SYRIAC OLD TESTAMENT.

## ITS ORIGIN AND CHARACTER.

This version, as appears from internal evidence, was made directly from the *Hebrew*, and before the Masoretic points came into use. It is quoted and commented on by *Ephraim Syrus*, in the fourth century; was received by all the Aramaean Christians, of whatever sect, and is held by them all in high estimation at the present day. They have a tradition, that it is of the same age with the Peshito New Testament, and that it was made in the days of *Thaddeus*, the Apostle of Mesopotamia. The learned also of modern times, suppose it to be at least as old as the Peshito New Testament, placing its formation in the latter part of the *first* century, or early in the *second*. From some diversity in the mode of translating the different books, it is supposed not to have been the work of one man: and from certain peculiarities of diction, and from other considerations, it is concluded that the translators were Christians. It is universally pronounced a judicious and faithful translation. *Dathe* regarded it as a sure guide to the true state of the Hebrew text, in the *second* century: and both *Dr. Kennicott* and *De Rossi* derived from it many valuable readings. "Indeed," (says *Mr. Horne*, *Introd.* vol. i. p. 270.) "*De Rossi* prefers it to all the other ancient versions, and says that it closely follows the order of the sacred text, rendering word for word, and is more pure than any other." After comparing a large portion of the Syriac Pentateuch with the Hebrew, the Septuagint, and the Latin Vulgate, the impression on our own mind is, that the Syriac does not yield precedence, in accuracy or fidelity, to either of the other two versions; while in its style, it is much more easy and natural. It is, undoubtedly, more servile than the Peshito New Testament, and throws less light on the true meaning of the original; yet, on the whole, it is a noble version.—It embraces all the books of the Old Testament; but it arranges them in a different order. *First* comes the Pentateuch; then the book of *Job*; then *Joshua*, *Judges*, the two books of *Samuel*, the two books of *Kings*, and the two books of *Chronicles*; then the *Psalms*, *Proverbs*, and *Ecclesiastes*; then *Ruth* and the *Canticles*; then *Esther*; then *Ezra* and *Nehemiah*; then *Isaiah*, followed by the twelve minor *Prophets*; then *Jeremiah*, followed by *Lamentations*; then *Ezekiel*; and lastly, *Daniel*.—Most of the *Apocryphal* books of the Old Testament are extant in Syriac; and several of them are found in the Peshito *Codices* of the canonical books: but I have not the means of ascertaining their character as translations. According

to Mr. *Horne*, four of them, viz.: *Tobit*, *Judith*, the third book of *Maccabees*, and the *Story of Bel and the Dragon*, were translated from the Greek. Five others are said to be found in *Syriac*, viz.: *Ecclesiasticus*, *Susanna*, *Baruch*, and the second and fifth books of *Maccabees*. But I have not learned from what language they were translated.

EDITIONS OF THE PESHITO OLD TESTAMENT.

(1.) The *first* edition was that in the *Paris Polyglott*, printed A. D. 1645. The manuscript from which this was printed was imperfect, and *Gabriel Sionita* supplied its deficiencies with translations of his own, from the *Latin Vulgate*. He also annexed the vowel points to the *Syriac* of the manuscript. (2.) *Walton's Polyglott*, A. D. 1657, also contained the *Peshito Old Testament*, derived from four manuscripts, and from the text of the *Paris Polyglott*. This edition, therefore, is purged from the factitious additions of *Gabriel Sionita*. (3.) In 1823, the *British and Foreign Bible Society* printed, at *London*, all the canonical books of the *Old Testament*, in this version; 1 vol. 4to. pp. 705. In this edition, which was intended for circulation among *Eastern Christians*, the *vowel points* are not added, except to the proper names, and to here and there an ambiguous word. Prof. *Lee*, who prepared the work for the press, made use of *three* manuscripts. One of them, of great value, was brought by *Dr. Buchanan* from *India*; and this was collated by *Dr. Lee* very carefully. Another belonged to the late *Dr. Adam Clarke*. The third was a *Syriac Pentateuch*, which Prof. *Lee* found in a college library at *Oxford*. This is the edition which I use.—These, so far as I know, are the only editions of the entire *Old Testament* in this version. Of the book of *Psalms* only, there have been *six* editions; the last and best by *Dathe*, 1768, 8vo. Of the *Pentateuch* there has also been a separate edition, by *Kirsch*, 1787, 4to.—Of the *manuscripts* of this version I can say little more than has already been incidentally mentioned. Among those manuscripts lately brought from *Egypt*, it is said, there is a *Peshito Syriac Pentateuch*, dated in the year A. D. 464, besides thirty other volumes of this version, containing portions of the *Old Testament*, and dated about the *sixth* century.

THE SYRIAC HEXAPLA.

Of this version I have heard of only *two* manuscripts, and one of them containing only a single book. These manuscripts lay hidden at *Milan* and *Paris*, or rather were overlooked and not carefully examined, until after the

middle of the last century. They contain a Syriac translation of the *corrected Greek text* of the Septuagint version in *Origen's Hexapla*, with all its marginal notes and various readings, and hence its name, the *Syriac Hexapla*. From the *indorsements* on the manuscripts of the Syriac Hexapla, we gather the following facts. The Greek *Hexapla* of Origen was left by him at Cæsarea in Palestine, and fell into the hands of *Eusebius*, the ecclesiastical historian, who was bishop of Cæsarea; and Eusebius, aided by his friend Pamphylus, early in the fourth century, extracted from this Hexapla a *corrected Greek text* of the Septuagint, with all its marginal readings and glosses. Of this Eusebian text, with such a margin, a *copy*, indorsed by Eusebius himself, was found at Alexandria, in the beginning of the *seventh* century; and *Athanasius*, at that time the Jacobite Patriarch of Alexandria, caused one *Mar Paulus*, a monk and bishop, to translate that Greek copy into Syriac, retaining all its marginal readings and glosses. This task *Mar Paulus* accomplished, at Alexandria, in the year A. D. 616.

TRANSLATIONS OF SOME OF THE SYRIAC INDORSEMENTS.

The *third Indorsement* to the *second* book of Kings. "And (now) this (book) of the four kingdoms, [this second book of Kings,] is added (to this volume), being translated from the Greek into Syriac. And this, here present, is from the *Heptapla Codex*, which has *seven* compartments, and which belongs to the library of Cæsarea, in Palestine; and from which, likewise, the interpretations [fragments of versions, or the various readings] are annexed. And it was collated carefully, with the Codex of seven compartments, there being at the end of it this inscription:—Fourth Book of the Kingdoms, according to the seventy: and I, *Eusebius*, have carefully corrected it, *Pamphylus* having commenced the correction."—Immediately after, follows the *fourth Indorsement*, thus:—"This book is translated from the Greek tongue into Syriac, from the version of the Seventy-Two, by the religious monk, MAR PAULUS, Bishop of the Faithful, in the great city of Alexandria, by the injunction and solicitude of the holy and blessed ATHANASIUS, Patriarch of the Faithful, in the monastery of Mar Zacchæus Callinicensis, while they resided at Alexandria, in the days of the religious *Mar Theodorus*, Prefect of the house of his monastery; in the year DCCCXXVIII., in the fifth Indiction, [that is, in the year of the Greek, 928, or A. D. 617.] Whoever reads, let him pray for the religious MAR THOMAS, Deacon, and Syncellus of the holy and blessed Patriarch, MAR ATHANASIUS, who labored and was at pains; and for the others who toiled and labored with him, that God may grant them the salvation of their souls, on account of their labor and pains, through the prayers of his [God's]

Mother, and of all saints.”—At the end of most of the other books are Indorsements of much the same general import: thus, at the end of the Book of Isaiah, there is the following:—“End of the Prophecy of Isaiah. This is annexed (to the other books), from the Codex of EUSEBIUS and PAMPHYLUS, which also they corrected from the *Bibliotheca* of ORIGEN.”—See also the Indorsements at the end of the twelve minor Prophets, at the end of the Book of Proverbs, end of the Book of Canticles, and of the Book of Ecclesiastes. In all these places, it is stated that the Syriac translation was made from a Codex, set forth by *Eusebius* and *Pamphylus*, from the *Bibliotheca of Origen*, containing various readings and marginal notes.

PUBLICATION OF THE SYRIAC HEXAPLA.

Both manuscripts of the Syriac Hexapla are written in the Estrangelo character: and are apparently ancient. That of Paris contains only the 4th [24] Book of Kings: and it was first brought into notice in 1770, by *Paul Jacob Bruns*. That in the Ambrosian library at Milan, contains nearly or quite all the Old Testament. To this valuable manuscript, *John Baptist Branca*, a doctor in the Ambrosian college, directed the attention of *Dr. Kennicott* and of *J. P. Bruns*, while on a visit to Milan, about the year 1767. A few years after, *J. J. Bjonrath*, of Sweden, visited Milan, examined the manuscript, sent some specimens of it to England and Sweden, and also published a description of it. *De Rossi* then became interested in it, and in 1778, published the first Psalm as a specimen, accompanied by a full account of the manuscript. In the same year, *Matthew Norberg*, of Sweden, visited Milan, and took a copy of a large part of it: and in the year 1787, he published at Lund, in 4to., the books of Jeremiah and Ezekiel, from his copy. The next year, *Cajetan Bugatus*, of Milan, published the book of Daniel, Syriac and Latin, 4to. He also commenced the publication of the book of Psalms, about the same time; but it was not carried through the press till 1820. In the mean time, *Bruns* had procured a copy of the Paris manuscript. But neither he nor *Norberg*, met with sufficient encouragement to proceed with the publication of their copies. They left their manuscript in the hands of *Eichhorn*; who at length transferred them to *Henry Middelborgf*, a professor in the university of Breslau, in Silesia; and he published so much of these transcripts, as had not before been published.—(viz. the 4th [24] book of Kings, Isaiah, the twelve minor Prophets, Proverbs, Job, Canticles, Lamentations, and Ecclesiastes.)—in one large vol. 4to., Berlin, 1835; with a learned Preface, containing the facts above stated. The following books, we suppose, have never been published, viz.: the entire Pentateuch, Joshua, Judges, Ruth,

first and second of Samuel, first of Kings, the two books of Chronicles, Ezra, Nehemiah, and Esther.

This Syriac version adheres very closely to the Greek; and therefore will aid us, so far as it extends, in ascertaining *what text* of the Septuagint was approved by *Origen*, and by *Eusebius* and *Pamphylus*. It may also help us to recover some of the deviations from the Septuagint, in the several Greek versions collated by *Origen*. Of course, for criticism of the Septuagint *Greek text*, it is of great value. But for the interpretation of the Scriptures, it cannot be of much use, on account of its servility, and its adherence to the Septuagint. As a translation, it is very like the *Philoxenian* New Testament: which *Thomas Harclensis* was revising at Alexandria at the very time, when *Mar Paulus* was producing this version. As the *Peshito New Testament* is far more valuable, for exegetical purposes, than the *Philoxenian* version; so the *Peshito Old Testament* which is a faithful translation from the Hebrew, must be far more valuable to an interpreter, than the *Syriac Hexapla*, which is a servile translation from the Septuagint Greek.

THE END.





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