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SMITHSONIAN INSTITUTION

BUREAU OF AMERICAN ETHNOLOGY: J. W. POWELL, DIRECTOR

BULLETIN 27

TSIMSHIAN TEXTS

BY

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68831

WASHINGTON
GOVERNMENT PRINTING OFFICE
1902

E 51 46 ho.27

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TSIMSHIAN TEXTS

NASS RIVER DIALECT

Recorded and translated by Franz Boas

INTRODUCTION

The following texts were collected in Kinkolith, at the mouth of the Nass river, during the months of November and December, 1894, while I was engaged in researches under the auspices of the British Association for the Advancement of Science. The principal object of these investigations was a study of the Athapascan tribe of Portland canal, and the following texts were collected incidentally only. The ethnologic results of these investigations were published in the reports of the Committee on the Northwestern Tribes of Canada of the British Association for the Advancement of Science.

The texts are in the Nass River dialect of the Tsimshian language. The dialect is called by the natives Nîsqa'e. The texts were obtained from four individuals—Philip, Moses, Chief Mountain, and Moody. By far the greater number of them are myths of the tribe. Judging from similar myths which I collected in previous years among the Tsimshian proper,² they are only moderately well told.

Possibly the method of transcribing sounds is not quite satisfactory. I have not been able to determine definitely if there are one or two palatized I's. I eonsider it probable that there may be two; but in the present texts all the palatized I's are rendered by one character. There is also a certain inconsistency in my perception of the surds and sonants, the fortis, or the surd followed by a hiatus, very often sounding similar to the sonant. I have not endeavored to make the spelling throughout consistent, but have rather followed the transcription which seemed to me most appropriate at the time when I wrote the texts down.

Franz Boas.

New York, June, 1899.

¹Report of the 65th meeting of the British Association for the Advancement of Science, lpswich, 1895, pp. 569-586.

² Franz Boas, Indianische Sagen von der nord-pacifischen Küste Amerikas, Berlin, 1895, pp. 272-305.

Alphabet

a, e, i, o, n	have their continental sounds (short).
ā, ē, ī, ō, ū	long vowels.
E	obscure e in flower.
a e i o u	vowels not articulated, but indicated by position of the
	mouth.
ä	in German Bär.
â	aw in law.
ô	o German voll.
ê	e in bell.
ai	i in island.
au '	ow in how.
L	posterior palatal l; the tip of tongue touches the alveoli
	of the lower jaw, the back of the tongue is pressed
	against the hard palate; generally surd. The occur-
	renee of the corresponding sonant is doubtful. Pos-
	sibly there is still another l, produced a little nearer
	the front part of the hard palate.
q	velar k.
g k	velar g.
	English k.
g.	palatalized g, almost gy.
	palatized k, almost ky.
X	ch in German Bach.
Z.,	x pronounced at the posterior border of the hard palate.
	palatal x as in German ich.
s	pronounced with open teeth, therefore somewhat similar
d, t)	to English sh.
b, p }	as in English, but surd and sonant more difficult to dis-
g, k	tinguish.
lı ·	as in English.
У	as in year.
W	as in English, probably always aspirated.
1)	as in English; as terminal sounds articulated but inaud-
m }	ible, unless followed by a word beginning with a
n)	vowel.
,	a pause; when following an initial or terminal mute, it
	tends to increase the stress of the latter.

TXÄ'MSEM AND LÔĢÔBOLĀ'

[1-5 told by Moses; 6-8, 2a, and 5a told by Phllip]

1. There was a town in which a chief and chieftainess were living. The chieftainess had done something bad. She had a lover, but the chief did not know it. The young man loved the chieftainess very much. He often went to the place where she lived with the chief. Then the chieftainess resolved, "I will pretend to die." She pretended to be very sick, because she wanted to marry that man. After a short time she pretended to die. Then all the people cried. Before she died the chieftainess said, "Make a large box in which to bury me when I am dead." The people made a box and put her

Txä'msem and Lôgôbolā'

	c''âll sem'â'g'it de-k''âll sîg'idemna'q. 1
NLk'e sg'ıL hwîlL sîg'idemn Then had done the chieftair something	na'q. K''âlı ıgo-g'a'tg'ê, nınē t'an 2 one little man, he who
lēlē'luksl sîg'idemna'q. Nî'g'î	't hwîlā'x'ı sem'â'g'it. Sem-sī'epenl 3 knew it the ehlef. Very he loved
the ehieftainess who went there to often	ded'ā't al awa'al sem'â'g it. Nlk 'ē 4 she was in proximity the chief. Then
tgönl sa-gâ'ôtk"l sîg'idemn this resolved the ehieftaine	a'q: "Āml dem nô'ôēe al dem 5 ess: "Good (fut.) I am and (fut.) dead
	tul. dem hwîl sĩ'epkul sîg'idemna'q. 6 (fut.) helng siek the chleftain- ess.
NLk*'ē wī-t'ē'sL ha-sī'epk"L ar Then was great siekness at	L sī-bē'kustg'ê demt hwîla nak'skul. 7
	i nak ^u L sgʻēL sîgʻidemna'q, nlkʻ'ē 8
	ē'tk"L qal-ts'a'p. NLk-'ē tgōnL hēL 9 1 the people. Then this said
the ehieftainess: "Make that large	xpēîs tse hwîl lō-sg'i'ee." La nô'ôt, 10 a hox where in I shall When she was dead,
nlk'ēt dzā'pdēl xpēîst. Y	NLk 'et lō-ma'qdet lâ'ôt. NLk 'et 11 Then ln they put ln it. Then her

into it. They put it on the branches of a tree in the woods. chieftainess had a spoon and a fish knife in her box. She pretended to be dead. For two nights the chief went into the woods, and sat right under the box in which the chieftainess was lying. Then he eeased to ery. Behold, there were maggots falling down from the bottom of the box. Then the chief thought, "She is full of maggots." But actually the chieftainess was scraping the spoon with her fish knife, and the serapings looked just like maggets. In the evening her lover went into the woods. He elimbed the tree and knocked on the box, saying, "Let me in, ghost!" He said so twice. Then the chieftainess replied, "Ha-ha! I pretend to make maggots out of myself

gʻîlē'lîxʻ. NLk 'et ma'qsaandēL gan. 1 q'aldîx'-ma'qdet aL In the rear they put of the houses her at in the woods. Then they put her on a tree. 2 Ts'ō'sg'îm naku, sîg'idemna'qL q'aldō'x' nık 'et lo-da'mı qanL ln held ln her hands the chieftainess a spoon while, then g'ē'lp'El yu'ksa 3 ha-q'ō'ı. Bēk"ı hwî'ltg'ê. nô'ôt. Nîg'idē NLa (Perf.) evenings Not she WAS two She lled she dld so. dead. split salmon. q'aldîx'-iä'L sem'â'g'ît al lôgôl-dep-d'ā't LaXL aL 4 qa'nē-hwîla under he sat to the rear went the ehief of the houses lō-sgʻīL sîg'idemna'q. LēskuL lē-sgʻīL xpē'îs hwîl La 5 hwîl the ehleftain-When finished on was the box where in lay 6 wi-yē'tkul sem'â'g'ît, gwinā'dēl, smā'wun qa'nē-hwîla mak't al the ehlef, behold, maggots always fell down erying Nk.'ē hēl qâtl sem'â'g'ît: 7 bak^ut al siä'nl xpē'îst. tgönl at the bottom the box. Then this said the heart the chief: 8 "La smā'wun da." qâ'ôtL sem'â'g ît. TgonL Dē'yaL hwîlL did ".lt ls all maggots." Thus sald the heart the ehief. 9 sîg'idemna'qg'ê. La'lbel q'aldō'x' al ha-q'ō'L. NLk''ēt hō'g'îgaL the spoon with the fish She Then the ehieftainess. scraped 10 smā'wunt lā q'am-lā'lbeqskt at q'aldō'x'. Ntk''ē huX yu'ksa. maggots (perf.) refuse of scraping at the spoon. Then again huX q'aldîx'-iä'L an-k'ō'oXt. NLk''ēt men-hē't'enL gan. 11 NLk'e again to the rear went her sweetheart, of the houses Then up he placed Then g'a'tg'ê. 12 NLk.'ē Nık'ët nā-d'îsd'ë'st. NLk 'ē tgonL men-iä'L with he his hand knocked. Then this [Then up went the man. Ts'ē'ntenē, lā'laq." G'ē'lp'ell "Ts'ent'Ene, lū'laq. 13 hē'tg'ê: Let me euter, he sald: "Let me ghost. ghost." Twice enter, "Hăhä, NLk 'ē dē'lemexk"L sîg'idemna'q: algwâ'L 14 hē'tg'ê. he said so. Then answered the chieftaiu-"Hähä, therefore .

Then

NLk'et hux q'angō'ul la hā'bel an-sg'ē'îst.

the eover

she opened

the grave.

15 qan sîsqaxsā'ntg'ê."

l pretend to make mag-gots out of myself."

again ¹These words are in Tsimshlan dialect.

in your behalf." Then she opened the eover of the box, and the man lay down with her. He did so every night. Then she eame to be pregnant. The man always went up to her. The ehief did not know it, but one man found it out. He told the ehief. Then the ehief's nephews kept watch and killed the man, and also killed the woman. Now she was really dead, and her body was putrefying. Then her ehild eame out alive. It sueked the intestines of its mother, and therefore its name was Sueking-intestines. The ehild grew up in the box.

One day all the children went into the woods, shooting with bows and arrows at a target. They were not far from this tree when they were shooting. Then Sueking-intestines saw them. He went down and took their arrows. Thus the children lost them again and again.

NLk'ë huX lō-g'ä'êL g'at aL awa'at. Txanë'tk"L axk"L hwîlt. Then again in lay the in her proximity. Every night he did so.	1
Nık''e la ā'd'îk'sk''ı dem ō'bent. Nık''ē ō'bent qa'nē-hwîla	0
Then (perf.) she came (fut.) preguant. Then she was always pregnant	2
bax-iā'l g'a'tg'ê. Nî'g'it hwîlā'x'l sem'â'g'ît. Hwä'i! K'âll up went the man. Not knew it the chief. Well! One	3
g'a'tg'ê t'an lō-hwa't. NLk''ēt ma'Ldet aL sem'â'g'ît. NLk''ēt man who in found to the chief. Then	4
lelk'l guslî'skul sem'â'g'ît. Nlk''et dza'kudel g'a'tg'ê. Nlk''e watched the nephews the chief. Then they killed the man. Then	5
huX dza'k"dēL hana'qg'ê. NLk''ē sem-hō'm nô'ôt. Hwä'i! La also they killed woman. Then really she was dead. Well! (Perf.)	6
lôqL lō'lEqg'ê. NLk''ē k'saxL Lgo-tk''ē'Lk''L dEdē'lstg'ê. NLk''ē putrefy- her body. Then out came a little ehild alive. Then	7
d'âqL Lgo-tk''ē'Lk"L hāts nôxt. NLnêL qan hwa'des Anmâgôm itsucked the child the intestines mother.	8
hā't. Hwäi! Lā wī-t'ē'sL Lgo-tk''ē'Lk ^u g'ê aL lō-d'ā't aL intestines. Well! When great was the child at in was in little	9
ts'Em-xpē'îst. in the box.	10
NLk''ē q'aldîx'-qâ'ôdeL txanē'tk"L k'ōpe-tk''ē'Lk" wī-hē'lt Then to the rear of they were the houses gone they were the houses gone	11
yukı sg'äela'xkudētg'ê al ha-Xda'kı dô'qdēt qanı hawî'l, while they shot at a with bows they took and arrows.	12
Wagait-dō' hwîl hētk ^u L gan. NLnēL gu'Xdēit. NLk''ē g'ig'a'as At a distance far where stood a tree. Then they shot. Then saw them	13
Anmâgôm hā't. NLk''ē huX d'ep-iē'êt. NLk''ēt huX dôqL sucking- intestines. Then again down he went.	14
ha-wî'l. NLK''ē huX k'ut-gwâ'disîL txanē'tk"L k'ōpe-tk''ē'Lk". arrows. Then again ahout lost them all the little children.	15

Now, the children saw that the boy came from out of the grave, and they told the chief. He said, "Keep watch and try to catch him." The chief's nephews went, and, behold, he came down again. While he was walking about, they caught him and took him home. They took him to the chief's house. Now he grew up, and his name was Sucking-intestines.

2. Now he heard that there was a chief's daughter on the other side of the hole where the heavens meet. Sucking-intestines caught a bird and skinned it. He put its skin on and flew. Then he said, "G'ît g'ît g'ît g'ît g'însăăăăă!" He came to a town, and there he met a person. Then he shot a wood-pecker. He skinned it, and the other person put it on. They flew on. The one bird cried, "G'ît g'ît g'ît g'ît g'însăăăă!" The wood-

- 1 NLk'ē Lā sī-gō'n, nLk'ē hwîlā'x'detg'ê hwîl g'ik'si-hwî'tk"L Then when a little while, then they knew where out eame from
- 2 Lgō-tk'ē'lku al ts'em-an-sg'ē'lst. Nlk'ēt ma'ldēit al sem'â'g'ît. the boy from in the grave. Then they to the chief.
- 3 NLK'ë a'lg'îxL sem'â'g'ît: "Ām mesem lēlk't sem-g'idi-gō'ul." Then spoke the ehief: "Good you watch very right take him."
- 4 NLk'ē liwîlı guslî'sk"ı sem'â'g'ît. Gwinādē'ı, la liuX
- 5 d'ep-ā'd'îk'skut, nlk'ē huX k'ul-iä'êt. Nlk'ē sā-t-gō'udet.

 down he eame, then again about he went. Then sud-they took denly him.
- 6 NLk'ēt na-dē-iä'edet. NLk'ē ts'ElEm-ma'qdet aL awa'aL

 Then out of with they wonds him went. Then into they put him the proximity of
- 7 SEMI'Â'g'Ît. NLK''Ē wī-t'Ē'st, Ammâgôm hã'L hwa'tg'Ê.

 the chief. Then he was large, Sucking- intes- was his name, tines-
- 8 2. NLk''ēt nExna'ı. hwîl d'āl lgō'ulk''l sem'â'g'ît al an-dâ'l then he heard where was the daughter of a chief at other side of
- 9 hwîl nanô'ôL mesmā'L lax-ha'. NLk 'ēt gō'us Anmâgôm hã'L the hole of the meeting of the sky. Then he took Sucking- intestines
- 10 g'îtg'însa'. NLk''ēt tsa'adēt. NLk''ēt lō-Lô'otk"t. NLk''ē he skinned it. Then in he put it on. Then
- 11 gʻebā'yukt. NLk''ē a'lgʻîxt: "Gʻît gʻît gʻît gʻînsătătă." NLk''ēt
 he flew. Then he said: "Gʻit gʻit gʻit gʻit gʻitsaaaaa." Then
- k·'ēlL 12 hwal qal-ts'a'p. Nik 'et k 'alı gōL grat. NLk 'et Then town, he met one one person. Then found
- 13 gu'XdēL hā'atk". NLk''ēt tsa'adetg'ê. NLk''ēt lō-Lô'ôtk"L a woodpeeker. Then he skinned it. Then in he put it on
- 14 k''âlı g'at. Nık''ē lēba'yukdet. Nık''ē huX a'lg'îxı g'îtg'însa':

 one person. Then they flew. Then again spoke G'itg'insa':
- 15 "G'it g'ît g'însăăăăă." NLk''ē dē-g'ebā'yukl la'atku:
 "G'it g'it g'it glisaaaaa." Then with fiew the woodpecker.

peeker accompanied him, crying, "How-how!" They flew upward. Now they came to a town. There a person said, "Son of the ghosts, you must go on farther if you want to find the place where the heavens meet." Then Sucking-intestines, who had the bird skin on, said "G'ît g'ît g'ît g'însăăăăă!" and the woodpeeker said, "How-how!" after Sneking-intestines had spoken. They came to many towns, and the people all said the same to them. They went on for a long time, and finally came to the hole in the sky. At that time it was always dark. There was no daylight. They found the hole, and the bird and the woodpeeker flew through it. When they reached the inside of the sky, Sucking-intestines took off the skin of the bird, and the woodpecker also took off his skin. He sat down near the hole of the sky, while

"Haau hâ." K''ē sa'k'sdēt. NLK''ē lē "Haau hâ." Len theywent. Then o	-yô'xk"Ldet lax-o'L k''ēlL 1
qal-ts'a'p. Nlk''ē a'lg'îxl k''âll g'at: town. Then said one person:	2
	EM 1. EM1
Q'ai-yim al-sg'ä' hwîl hax-hak' waxı mes-mā' dem Close hy lies where close the meeting (fut. of the heavens	t qan de-hwa'l lgoulkul lo-le-qai 3 for finds the ehild the of ghost.
NLk'è a'lg'îxL g'îtg'însā' lō-Lô' Then said the g'îtg'însā' whom i	ôtk ^u s Anmâgôm hāt: 4
"Tsinî't, tsinî't, g'ît, g'ît, g'ît,	g'ît, g'însăăăăă hē','' 5 g'ît, g'însăăăă hē',''
dē'yaL hā'atk" aL La Lēsk"I	
woodpeeker NLk*'ē sa'k*sk"dēt wī-hē'ld qal- Then they went to many	
sagait-k·'ē'lt hadā'lqdētg'ê, Lā na together one which they said, (perf.)	kul hwî'ldēt. Nik''ē 8 ong they did so. Then
hwa'dēt hwîl qalk'si-nô'ôL lax-ha they found where through the hole the sky	' aL spagait-sq'ä'Exku 9 at in the dark
q'ap-hwîla hwî'lt g'i-k'ō'oL. Nîg always was so in olden time.	rîdi ā'd'îk'sk"L dem 10 ot eame (fut.)
mesā'x'. NLk''ēt hwa'dētg'ê. N	Lk''ē qalk'si-g'eba'yukL 11
g'îtg'însa' qanı hā'atk". Nık the g'îtg'însa' and the woodpeeker.	qalk'si-ax'a'qLk ^u det 12
ts'em-lax-ha'. Nlk 'ēt sa-ma'gas An	mågôm hāt La anã'SL 13 leking- intestines (part.) the skin of
gʻitgʻînsa'. NLkʻë dē-t-sa-ma'gash kʻ gʻitgʻinsa'. Then also off put it	âlı gʻat anā'sı hā'atk". 14

Sucking-intestines went on. He came to a spring near the chief's house. Then the chief's daughter went out, carrying a small basket in which she was about to fetch water. She walked down to the spring in front of her father's house.\(^1\) Then Sucking-intestines transformed himself into the leaf of a cedar, and floated on the water. The chief's daughter dipped it up into her basket and drank it. Then she returned. She entered her father's house. After a short time she was with child. Then she gave birth to a boy. Then the chief and chieftainess were very glad. They washed him regularly, and he began to grow up. Now he was beginning to creep about, and the chief smoothed and cleaned the floor of his house. Now the child was strong. He began

- 1 NLk''ē d'āt al lax-ts'ä'l hwîl nanô'ôl lax-ha'. NLk''ē
 Then he sat at on the edge where the hole of the sky. Then
- 2 dā'uls Anmagôm hāt. D'āl an-a'k'sl sem'â'g'ît al g'ä'u.

 left Sucking- intestines. There was the well of the chief at in front of the house.
- 3 Gwa'nîk'sı hwa'tg'ê. Nık'ë k'saxı ıgō'ulk'ı seni'â'g'ît.

 Spring was its name. Then went out the child of the chief.
- 4 Lgō-qo'q yu'kdet dem ak sk". Nık 'ë iaga-iē'êt al qag 'ä'us
 A little basket she held (fut.) to get water. Then down she to in front of the house of
- 5 neguâ'ôdet. Nlk''ēt gō'us Anmâgôm hāl laqs. Nlk''ē her father. Then took Sueking- intestines a spike of tines a cedar.
- 6 lō-Lô'ôtkut. NLk'ē lō-g'ig'â'ôk'st aL ts'Em-a'k's. NLk'e g'apL on he put it. Then in he floated in in the water.
- 7 Lgō'uLk"L sem'â'g'îL qoq. NLk''ē ak'st sem-tqal-a'k'sdel la'qsg'ê.

 the child of the chief the basket.

 Then she drank very in it she drank the leaf.
- 8 NLk''ē lō-ya'ltk"t. K''ē ts'ēnt al hwîlps neguâ'ôdet. Nlk''ē

 Then she returned. Then she in the house of her father. Then
- 9 āml qa-nā'guat, nlk'ē ō'bent. Nlk'ē aqlk'l lgō-g'a't lgō'ulk'l sufficiently she was with child. Then she gave a man her child
- 10 Lgo-wî'lk'sîLk". NLk''ē lō-ā'mL qâL wī-sem'â'g'ît qanL sîg'idemna'q.
 the princess. Then in good the the chief and the chieftainess.
- 11 NLk''ēt qanē-hwîla lō-mā'k'sdet aL ts'Em-a'k's. NLk''ē ā'd'îk'sk"L Then always in she put him in in water. Then became
- 12 deni hwîl wī-t'ē's. NLk''ē Lā k'uL-tqā'atk"t. NLk''ē sem-lō-sa-ā'mL (fut.) being great. Then (perf.) about he crawled. Then really in made good
- 13 sEm'â'g'ît lō-ts'ä'wuL hwîlp. NLk''ē Lā dax-g'a'tL Lgō-tk''ē'Lk''. the chief in the inside of the house. Then (perf.) strong was the child.
- 14 NLk'e wī-yē'tkut. TgōnL hēt: "Hamaxä', hamaxä'." NLk'et

¹ From here on the relater seems to have confounded the stories of the birth of Txä'msem and of the origin of daylight. See the correct version in Franz Boas, Indianische Sagen von der nord-paei-fischen Küste Amerikas, Berlin, 1895, p. 272 et seq.

to ery all the time, "Hamaxä, hamaxä!" Then the ehief ealled the people. He did not know what the boy wanted, nor why he eried; but he wanted the box that was hanging in the ehief's house. This was a box in which daylight was kept hanging in one eorner of his house. Its name was max. The ehild eried for it. Then the ehief was annoyed. He ealled the people, and they entered. Then they heard the ehild erying aloud. They did not know what the ehild was saying. He eried all the time, "Hamaxä! hamaxi!" Now one wise man who understood him said to the ehief, "He is erying for the max." The ehief ordered it to be taken down, and a man took it down. They laid it down, and the boy sat down near it. He was now quite large. He stopped erying, for he was glad. Then he rolled

gun-qâ'ôdEL caused to go	sem'â'g îL	qal-ts'a'p.	Nî'g ît	hwîlā'x'dēL they knew	hasa'qL wanted	1
Lgō-tk·'ē'Lku	qan hēL	wī-yē'tk ^u t.	Hasa'qL He wanted	lō-ia'gat al	hwîlpL the house	2
sem'â'g ît. the chief.	Lō-ia'qL		amō'L	hwîlpi, se	of cm'â'g ît. the chief.	3
Sem-k·ā-Lōt'i	í'gŭL sem'â'	g'ît. Maxl	hwas gō	stg.ê. NLnē'	L ā'wutL e cried	4
Lgō-tk·'ē'Lkug	g ·ê. Nık ·'ē	lō-wā'ntk ^u in annoyed was the		sem'â'g it. the chief.	NLk 'ēt	5
gun-qâ'ôdeL	qal-ts'a'p.	NLk 'e ts'E	lem-qâ'od	eL qal-ts'a'p. the people.	Nık.'ē	6
naxna'dēL h	wîl wī-yē'tk	uL Lgō-tk·'ē	c'Lk ^u Lā ld (perf.)	g'ap-wī-t'ē'st. really large.	NLk·'ē	7
nî'g:ît hwîlā	d'x'L qal-ts'	a'p qane-h	wîla hēL ways said	Lgō-tk·ē'Lk	ug'ê aL	8
wī-vē'tkut.	Tgonl het:	"Hamaxa	i' hamax	ä', hamax.''	Hwä'i! Well!	9
K'âlL hwîl z	kô'ôsgum g'a	at t'an hwîlā n who knew	i'x't, tgōi	nL heL hwîl a	kô'ôsgum wise	10
grat: "Sen	ı'â'g'ît tgō chief the	isL an-hä'e what he s	et. Maximays. Max	haā'ut.''	NLk 'et	11
gun-sa-gō'udi caused off take i	EL SEM'â'g' t the chief.	ît. NLk'ē	t sā-gō'i	del gat.	Nık.'ēt	12
they laid it down.	Then about	sat the b	oy (perf.)		Then	
ha'wuL wī-yē he stopped cry	e'tk ^u t, lō-ā'nn ing, in good was	qâôtt. NL	k 'ēt k'uī hen abou	t inaround to he and fro	lb'Ent al rolled it in	14

it about inside the house. He did so for four days. Sometimes he carried it to the door. Now the chief did not think of it. He quite forgot it. Then the boy really took the max. He put it on his shoulders and ran out with it. While he was running one man said, "The giant is running away with the max, ha!" Thus he received the name Giant. Then he ran away with it. He came to the hole of the sky, and, behold, his companion was sitting there. Then he took the skin of the bird. He put it on. His companion took the skin of the woodpeeker, and they flew through the hole in the sky, the Giant carrying the max. At that time the world was always dark.

3. The Giant went on. It remained daylight. The darkness did not return. He wore something tied over his head. He arrived farther up the river. Then he put what he was wearing on his head under a stone in a steep cliff. It is there yet.

- 1 lō-ts'ā'wul hwîlp. Lā lîg'i-txa'lpxl sal hwîlt. Wagait-didē-hwa'del ln lnside of the house. (Perf.) about four days he did so. Sometimes with it reached so.
- 2 Lgō-tk''ē'Lk'' aL ũ'dz'Ep. Lũ t'ak'L SEM'â'g'ît hwilL Lgō'uLk'L the ehild at the door. (Perf.) he the ehild his ehild so
- 3 sEm-t'ē'îsk''L hwî'lpg'ê. SEni-gō'udel Lgō-tk''ē'lk''L ma'xg'ê. qulte forgetful of the house. Really got the boy the sun-box.
- 4 SEnn-qô'ltsagat. SEnn-ba'xt, k'si-dE-bā'yît. NLK'ē baxt. NLK'ē vard. Much he ran, out with he ran. Then he ran. Then
- 5 a'lg'ixL k'âlL g'at: "K'si-dE-bā'is Wī-g'a't max, hâ!" NLk'ē said one man: "Out with runs Giant the sun-box, hâ!" Then
- 6 hwîlt gō'ul su-hwa'dēt as Wī-g'a't. Nlk'ē de-ba'xt. Nlk'ēt hwal he took it they called him Glant. Then with he ran. Then he found
- 7 hwîl nanô'ôL lax-ha'. Gwinā'dēL Lē stē'lt dē-d'ā't. K''ē hwîl k''ēt (verbal the hole noun) of Behold! (Perf.) his com- also was panion there.
- 9 stell ana'sı ha'atk't. Nlk''e qalk'si-leba'yukdet. Yu'kdes his com- the skin the woodpenlon of peeker. Then through they flew. He carried
- 10 Wī-g'a't max. Qa'nē-hwîla sq'ä'Exk^uL ha-lē-dzô'qsē aL g'i-k'ō'uL.

 Glant the max (sun-box). Always dark was the world at long ago.
- 11 3. NLK''ē iā's Wī-g'a't. Lā mesā'x', nî'g'i huX sqā'exk".

 Then went Giant. (Perf.) it was daylight, not again dark.
- 12 K'ul-hâ'yîl t'âl. Nlk'ēt liwal g'ig'ä'nîx'. Nlk'ēt
 About he wore something tied over his head. Then he reached reached
- 13 yōsl t'âlt al ts'em-lô'ôp, ts'em-biā'ql hwal lô'ôpg c. he put something tied at in a stone, in a bluff the name of the rock.
- 14 Hwäi | Sîsg'ī't an gōn. well! Risthere yet.

- 4. The Giant did not know where his companion had gone. It was at the mouth of the Nass river where the Giant had come down, while Lôgôbolā' had come down in the darkness at the mouth of Skeena river. The Giant went to the mouth of Nass river. It was always dark, and he earried the max about with him. He went up the river, and ghosts whistled right before him. Then he was afraid. He returned, and therefore the waters of the river also turned back.
- 5. He continued to go up the river in the dark. A little farther up he heard the noise of people who were eatening leaves in nets from their canoes. There was a loud noise ont on the river, because they were working hard. The Giant, who was sitting on the shore, said: "Throw ashore one of the things that you are eatening." And those on the water answered: "Where did you come from, you great

4. Hwäi! Nî'g'ît hwîlā'x's Wī-g'a't tse hwîl d'ep-a'xk't. 1 Well! Not he knew Giant where down he came.	1
NLk 'ë nî'g ît hwîlā'x L hwîl dā'ull stēlt. Hwäi! magâ'nl 2 Then not he knew where he left his companion, well! at the mouth of	2
Lē'sEms hwîl d'Ep-ā'qLk"s Wī-g'a't. NLk''ē magâ'nL K'san 3 Nass river where down came Giant. Then at the skeena giver	3
hwîl dē-d'ep-a'qlk's Lôgôbolā' al spagait-sqā'exk''. Nlk'ē 4	ŧ
g'îsi-iä'ês Wī-g'ā't al magâ'nl Lē'sems al spagait-sqā'êxk" 5 down went river of Nass river at in the dark	5
qanēt-hwîla k'uL-yo'guL max. NLk''ēt hwaL qa-g'ig'ā'nLg'ê, 6 always about he carried the max. Then he found a little ahove.	ΰ
NLk'ët lō-g'îtwî'nqL llō'leq ts'ā'elt. TgōnL hē'tg'ê: (Whistle.) 7	7
NLk*'ē xpetsa'Xt. NLk*'ē sa-lō-ya'ltk"t; nLqan hwîlL ak*s, 8 Then he was afraid. Then from he there returned; therefore it did so the water,	8
huX de-lo-ya'ltk"L a'k*sg*ê. also on returned the water.	9
5. NLk 'ë huX iä'êt aL spagait-sqä'êxk". NLk 'ët hwaL 10 Then again he at in the dark. Then he found	0
q'ai'yîm g'ig'ä'uîx'. NLk''ēt naxna'ı hwîl hahä't t'an mok"ı 11 close hy ahove. Then he heard where noise of who eatching in net	1
ia'ns at g'īkst uks-xwilâ'gantku at sem-saqalq'ē'leqtt. Ntk''ē 12 leaves at off shore from land roaring and they were working hard. Then	
d'ās Wī-g'a't al g'îlē'lîx'. Nlk''ē a'lg'îxt: "Sem-tsagam-mâ'gal 13	3
k·'ä'gul an-hwunse'mîst lâyē'e." Nlk·'e tgōnl hēl g'ī'ksg'ê: 14 one what you got to me." Then this said those off shore:	£

liar?" They knew that it was the Giant, therefore they made fun of him. The Giant said again: "Throw ashore one of the things that you are catching." Then they scolded him. Then the Giant said, "I shall break the max;" and a person replied, "Ah, where do you come from, great liar, and where did you get what you are talking about?" The Giant repeated his request four times, but those on the water refused what he asked for. Therefore the Giant broke the max. It broke, and it was daylight. Behold, boxes floated on the water. The ghosts had been fishing in the dark. Then the Giant knew it. He did not see where they went.

6. Now Txä'msem met his brother Lôgôbolā'. They were going to Nass river. They crossed the mouth of the river, and when they

- "Dzā ndal la hwîl huX wîtk^uL wi-gwix'-qala'mgaL," hät. when being again come from great telling fibs,' he said. Hwîlā'x det Wī-g 'a't. Nîlnē'l qan lâ'ôt. net ansgwa'tkudēt They knew him of hlm. he was Glant. Therefore they made fun
- 3 NLk.'ē huX hēs Wīg'a't: "Sem-tsagam-mā'gaL k''ä'guL Then again said Giant: "Really ashore you throw one
- 4 an-hwunse'mêst lâyē'e." Nlk''ēt tsagam-ha'k'sdēt. Nlk''ē what you got to me." Then from sea to land thim,
- Wī-gʻa't: lâ'sem." hēs "Ha'onē 5 tgonl bēsL max Nık''ē this said Giant: "Later on I the tear for you." Then max
- 6 tgonl hel g'a'tg'ê: "Dzā nda ldemt hwîl de-wî'tk"l this sald a person: "Where will have been been coming from
- 7 wi-gwīx'-qalamga'ı hä'tsenı an-hē't.'' ıa txalpxı hēs Wī-g'a't great telling fibs what talks what he says.'' (Perf.) four times said Giant
- 8 al nî'g'i hēl g'ī'k'sg'ê lu'Xdēl an-hēs Wī-g'a't. Nlqan to not sald those off shore they refused what said Giant. Therefore
- 9 tgōnl hwîls Wī-g'a't. Bēsl max. Nlk''ē bēst. Nlk''ē this did Giant. He tore the sun-box.
- 10 mesā'x:. Gwina'dēl qal-hē'nq k'ul-g'îsi-lâ'k'sît al lax-a'k's.

 lt was daylight.

 Behold boxes about down floated at on the water.
- 11 Llö'leq La hwîlt aL spagait-sqa'êxk". NLk'êt hwîla'x's Ghosts (perf.) dld so in ln the dark. Then knew lt
- 12 Wī-g·a't. Nî'g·îL g·a'at tsē hwîla s'ak·skut.

 Giant. Not he saw (uncertainty) where they went.
- 6. Wagait tgönl huX hwîl hwî'ls Txä'msem ta tqal-hwa'l
- 14 wa'k'tg'ê, Lôgôbolâ'ı hwat. Nia demt lō-qâ'ôdēii. ts'em-Lē'sems. his brother, Lógôbolâ' his name. (Perf.) (fut.) in they went ln Nass river.
- 15 NLk''ē La tsaga-ma'qskudet al saXl Lē'sems, lat hwa'dēl sēlkul Then (perf.) across they wen at the mouth Nass river. When they found the middle of

reached the middle, a fog arose. Lôgôbola' had taken off his hat and put it upside down in his eanoe. Then the fog lay on the surface of the water. Txä'msem lost his way and paddled about; but Lôgôbola' did not paddle, he just drifted. Then Txä'msem became afraid. He ealled his brother: "Dear Lôgôbola'!" But Lôgôbola' did not answer. He ealled to him again, and he was nearly erying. He ealled him: "Oh, my good brother!" Then Lôgôbola' pitied him. He gathered the fog, took it off from the water, and put it in his hat; then he put the hat on, and the fog cleared away. Then they paddled aeross.

7. They eamped at Graveyard point, intending to eat there. Txä'msɛm went to get fuel and to look for water. After they had eaten, Lôgôbolā' said to his brother, "What are you going to drink,

ak's, nlk''ē ā'd'îk'sk"l iē'n. Sa-gō'udes Lôgôbolā'l qā'itt. K''ēt the then came fog. Off took Lôgôbolā' his hat. Then	1
	2
	3
ā'd'îk'sk"L hwîl alî'sk"L qâ'ôts Txä'msem. NLk''ēt ētk"s Lôgôbolā'L came being weak the Txä'msem. Then he called	4
	5
	6
wa'k'tg'ê. K''ē si-gō'n, k''ē q'ä'êL qâ'ôts Lôgôbolā'. K''ēt his brother. Then after a while, then pity of the heart of Lôgôbolā'. Then	7
sē'wunL iē'n t-sa'-dôqt, t-lō-d'ā'tElt aL qā'it. K''ēt hatsEk'sEm he gathered the he off took it he ln put it ln his hat. Then once more in a bag fog	8
huX hâx's Lôgôbolā'L qā'itt. K''ē q'andā'uL iē'n. K''ē again put on Lôgôbolā' his hat. Then opened the fog. Then	9
hwā'x 'dēL tsaga-ma'qsdēt. they paddled aeross they went.	01
7. K''ē dzîxdzô'qdēt al Lgo-sgan-mē'lîk'st al dem txâ'ôxk''dēt. 1 Then they stayed at little tree crah-apple to (fut.) eat. (Graveyard point)	1
K'ēt q'amgait-g'a'as Txā'mseml ak's al he-yu'kl se-âô'lkudēt al 1 Then at the same saw Txāmsem water while heginning made firewood for	2
dem la'k'det. Nlk'ë la txâ'ôxk'dēt. Nlk'ë hēt al wak't 1 (fut.) their fire. Then (perf.) they ate. Then he sald to hls brother	13
Lôgôbolā'g 'ê: "Agō'L dem an-a'k 'sen Wī-g 'ō't; miā'n 1	.4
B. A. E., Bull. 27—02——2	

Giant? [Are you going to drink from the] roots of little alder trees?" After they had eaten, he gave Txä'msem his basket-cnp. Txä'msem took it and went toward the water, but there was no water in the brook. It was lost. Then Txä'msem worried. He knew at once that Lôgôbolā' had caused the water to be lost. He returned. His voice was almost choked by tears when he spoke: "Oh, dear Lôgôbolā', chief, please don't tease me. I am very thirsty." Then Lôgôbolā' pretended to drink. He took the basket and he dipped water np himself. Then Txä'msem drank. Then the flood tide set in.

8. Then they went up Nass river, each in his own canoe. When they had gone up to the point where the current runs downward, Txä'msem said, "Let us gamble." Lôgôbolā' agreed, though he did not care. He asked Txä'msem, "What game shall we play?" Txä'msem

- 2 ha-a'k'sdēt. K''ēt gō'ns Txä'nısem. K''ē Lat qâ'ôl awa'al ak's. their eup. Then took it Txä'msem. Then (perf.) he went the proxtude the unity of water.
- 3 NLk''ē nî'g'î baxl ak's, gwâtk"l ak's. K''ē aba'g'ask"s Then not ran the water, it was lost the water. Then was troubled
- 4 Txä'msem. K''ēt q'amgait-hwîlā'x's Txä'msem Lôgôbolā' qan txā'msem. Then at onee knew Txā'msem Logôbolā' on account
- 5 gwâtk"L a'k'sg'ê. K''ē lō-ya'ltk"t. K''ē lō-k''îlëk''îlä'yîmxt al. was lost the water. Then he returned. Then in he was choked hy tears
- 6 hē'tg'ê: "Sem'â'g'ît! Wa'g'i Lôgôbolā'! Wâ'gal huX sebenā'yîn he spoke: "Chief! hrother Lôgôbolā'! don't again tease
- 7 nēe, la gwalkul qâ'ôdēe al dem a'k'sēe." K''ē hîs-a'k'skus me, (perf.) dry my heart for (fut.) 1 drink." Then pretended to drink
- 9 K'ē ak's Txä'msem, nlk''ē la pta'lîk's.
 Then drank Txä'msem, then (perf.) the water rose.
- 10 8. NLk''ēt La lō-qâ'ôdet ts'em-Lē'sems meLag'udā't aL
 Then when in they went (up river) in Nass river one in each in
- 11 mmãl. Nik'ēt hwa'dēt g'ig'ē'nîx' hwîl g'îsi-ba'xi ak'sem they reached up river where down ran the water of
- 12 Lē'sems. Nlk''ē hēs Txä'msemil dem xsa'ndet. Nlk''ēt Nassriver. Then said Txä'msem (fut.) they gamble. Then
- 13 q'am-anâ'ôqs Lôgôbolā'. NLk''ēt g'ē'dEXS Txä'msEm; ngōL without agreed Lôgôbolā'. Then asked Txä'msEm, what
- 14 dem hwîl xsa'ndet. "Dem qammē'ntsnōm." "Āme dzāpt." (fut.) (heing) they play. "(Fut.) we try archery." "Good make it."

¹ Lógôbolá"s words are in Tsimshian dialect.

replied: "Let us have a shooting match." Lôgôbolā' consented. Then Txā'msem prepared a rock. He split it that they might shoot at it, and said: "Whoever hits this erack shall win the game, either I or you. Let us stake Skeena river against Nass river." Lôgôbolā' agreed. It is said that Lôgôbolā' had a niee box for his quiver, but Txā'msem just made a bow and an arrow. Then he took two stones on which they sat down. They talked to each other, and Txā'msem wished to sit nearest the water. He placed his grandchildren nearby. Lôgôbolā' placed the Canada Jays, his grandchildren, nearby. Now Lôgôbolā' said, "You shoot first, brother Giant." But the Giant replied, "No; let us shoot at the same time." Then Lôgôbolā' agreed. Txā'msem said to his grandchildren, the Crows, "Fly ahead! If my arrow should not quite reach the aim, take it up and stick it into the stone, but pull

•
NLk 'ēt dzāps Txä'msem lô'ôp. Sa'g'ant al demt lō-guXde'it. 1 Then made Txä'msem a stone. He split it to (fut.) in they shoot.
lîg·ît nē'En. DEIn ndô'qdEmL K'san qanL Lē'sEms.'' NLk·'ēt 3 or you. (Fut.) we stake Skeena and Nass river.'' Then
q'am-anâ'ôqs Lôgôbolā' hēt. K'ē sg'ī'-gaL ama xpē'isîs 4 without agreed caring Lógôbolā' he said. Then there is it is sa good box
Lôgôbolā' xpē'isem anda-hawî'ltg'ê. K''ē nē'êst Txä'msem. 5 Lôgôbolā' box his quiver. Then none Txä'msem.
Q'am-guld-q'al-ts'a'pdel ha-Xda'ku qanl hawî'l. Nlk''ē dôql 6 Only right away he made bow and arrow. Then he took
lô'ôpg 'ê k''ē'lp'el dem ha-lē-hwa'ndēt. NLk''ē Lā lē-hwa'ndet. 7 stones two for their seats. Then (perf.) on they sat.
NLk''ē hē-yu'k"L g''ax-na-al'a'lg'îxdet. K''ēt hōukstiyu'ks 8 Then they began only to they talked, each other moved on his seat toward the water
Txä'msem de-ha-lē-d'ā't. NLk''ē Lat huwa'ndes Txä'msemL 9 Txä'msem his seat. Then (perfect) they sat Txä'msem
huXdā'g'întk"t. NLk''ē dēt-hwa'ndîs Lôgôbolā'L ts'āsgusguâ'e 10 lis grandehildren. Then also they sut Lôgôbolā' jays
dē-huxdā'g'întk"t. NLk''ē hēs Lôgôbolā': "ĀmL k's-qâ'ôgan 11 on his grandehildren. Then said Lôgôbolā': "Good you first
wa'g'i Wî-g'a't." K''ē nî'g'ēs Wī-g'a't: "ĀmL dem 12 brother Giant." Then not he Giant: "Good (future)
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$
hē'tg'ê. La g''i-na'k"L lō-dā'uL a'lg'îxs Txä'msem aL 14 he said. (Perf.) before long in go said Txä'msem to
huxdā'g'întgum q'auq'ā'ō: "Dem q'ai'yîm ōk'sı dē 15 his grandehildren the crows: "(Fut.) close by drops my

out Lôgôbolā's arrow and put it away." They did so. They shot at the same time. As soon as the brothers shot, the Crows flew ahead. Lôgôbolā' saw clearly when his arrow struck the stone, but Txä'msem said, "I hit it." But Lôgôbolā' said, "No; I hit it." "No; I hit it," said Txä'msem. He was very happy while he was saying this, therefore he used the Tsimshian language. Then Lôgôbolā' said he knew that he had lost. He saw the Crows taking the arrow and putting it away, while they put Txä'msem's arrow into the eleft. Lôgôbolā' said, "You have won, brother Giant. Now the olaehen will come to Nass river twice every summer." And Txä'msem said, "The salmon of Skeena river shall always be fat." Thus they

1 hawî'leist ha'e, medzese'm k·'ē gō'ut, k"ē medzese'm arrow (exelam.), you then take it, then lō-hē't'Ent 214 ts'em-lô'ôbest. Medzese'm k•'ē k'si-sā'yiL in the stone. at You out pull then Lôgôbolā'. 3 hawî'ls MEdzese'm k de sa-ma'gat." N_Lk·'ē the arrow Lôgôbolā'. You theu off put it." Then (perf.) 4 hwî'ldetg'ê. Adīk·'ē'leL lē'duXdēit. Q'ai-hē-lē'duXdēit, k·'ē they did so. First be-ginning At the same time they shot. they shot, then 5 lēba'ynk^uL q'auq'ā'ō. Q'amgait-g'a'as Lôgôbolā' thwîl lō-gu'XL they flew the erows. Surely saw Lôgôbolā' where in it struck lô'ôpg'ê. NLk'ë iagai-hë's Txä'msem "Lep-nē' t'an t mält: the stone. Then however said Txä'msem he told: "Myself lō-gu'Xt." "NēE NLk·'ē Lôgôbolā': t'an lō-gu'Xt." hēs in struck it." Then said Lôgôbolā': "1 in struck it." "A'yîn ne'riō t'în lō-gō'ht."1 AL hê'sgusg'ē'tk"sem hē'tg'ê, who in struck it." On aehe was happy saying this, count of hēt hâx'L Ts'emsa'n. qan a'lg'îgem NLk 'ē a'lg'îxs therehe used the language Tsimshian. Then spoke . 10 Lôgôbolā' hwîlā'x'L aL Lat hwîl dz'aLt. K'ē g'ā'as Lôgôbolā when (verbal (perf.) he kuew he lost. Then Saw noun) 11 Lôgôbolā' thwîl gō'ul q'auq'ā'ul K·'ēt k·si-ma'gat. hawî'ltg'ê. Lôgôbolá (verbal noun) took the erows the arrows. Then outside they put it. 12 K.'ēt iagai-lō-Lô'ôdeL hawî'ls Txä'msem. NLk 'ē a'lg'îxs Then however in they put the arrow of Txa'msem. Then said 13 Lôgôbolā': "La Wī-g'a't. xstā'nîst wa'g'i g'ē'lb'El DEm Lógôboiā': " (Perf.) you won brother Giant. (Fut.) ā'd'îk'sı sāk aı Lē'sems 14 dem al. sînt." NLk 'e dē-a'lg'îxs oiaehen to come Nass river in summer." on said his part Then 15 Txä'msem: "Dem max-t'elt'e'lx hân K'san." aL K'ē hwîl Txa'msem: ' (Fut.) ali the at Skeena." At onee

salmon

¹ These words are in Tsimshian dialect,

divided what Txä'msem had won at Nass river. Txä'msem was again hungry. What should he eat? Then Lôgôbolā' went toward sunrise, while Txä'msem went down to the ocean.

2a. He did still another thing. He heard that the daylight was hidden in a box called max. He went to get it. He transformed himself into a leaf of a cedar, and he wished that the chief's daughter should be thirsty. The chief's daughter went to fetch water, and drank the leaf. Then she was pregnant and had a boy. His grandfather was very glad. The child grew up very quickly. He crept about. Then he began to cry very much. His grandfather worried because the boy was crying all the time. He said, "Call an old man. Maybe he will understand what he says." The old man sat down.

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k·'ē ba'sîxk ^u det al la xsdās Txä'msem al Lē'sems. Nl 1 they separated when (perf.) had won Txä'msem at Nass river. Then	L
hwîl k''ē k'u'ıXdax's Txä'ınsem agōl dem g'ē'bet. K''ē 2	3
La dā'uls Lôgôbolā' wa'k'tg'ê al yaē-anō-hwîl k'si-gua'ntk"l 3	3
LôqsL qâ'ôt. K'ē ya'ē-lax-mô'ônL dē-qâ'ôs Txä'msein. the sun he went. Then toward the ocean also went Txä'msem,	Ł
2a. K·ʾēll huX hwîl hwî'ls Txä'msem. Nexna'yil hwîl lō-sg i'l 5	ó
mesā'x se-hwa'tgut al max. K'ēt qâ'ôt. Nlk'ē hux hwîl the daylight it is name of max. Then he went for it. Then again	}
hwî'ltg'ê al lō-lô'ôtk"l laqs. K''ēt bôxl lgō'ulk"l sem'â'g'it 7 he did so and he transformed the leaf himself into of a cedar.	7
al dem nōôm-a'k'st. K''ē hwîll lgō-wî'lk'sîlgun hana'q 8 to (fut.) desire to drink. Then did so the princess woman	3
a'k'sk'tg'ê. K''ē tq'al-a'k'sL lags. K''ē ō'benl Lgo-wî'lk'sîlk'. 9 she got water. Then with it she the leaf of drank a cedar. Then was with the princess.)
K'ēt hwal Lgō-tk'ē'Lgum g'at. K'ē lō-ā'ml qâ'ôts niyē'êt. 10 Then she found a child boy. Then in was the heart of his grand- father.)
K·'ē lā'p'ElL mast Lgō-tk·'ē'Lku. La k'ut-qä'Ek·ckutg'ê, wut 11 Then quickly grew the child. When about he crawled, little	L
skwatguī'L wī-yē'tk"t. K·'ē aba'g'ask"s niyē'et, aL hwîl sî- 12	2
k 'a-wi-yē'tk usl huxdā'g 'înt. Nlqan hē'tg 'ê: "Wô'ôl k 'âll 13 excedured his grandson. Therefore he said: "Invite one (man)	}
wī-d'ē'set dem t'an guXl qan-hē'tg·ê." K·'ē d'āl wī-d'ē'setg·î 14	F
old (fut.) who guess what he speaks," Then sat the old man	

Now the boy was crying, "Hamahā'" all the time. Then the old man said to the chief, "I thought it was difficult to understand what the prince says. He cries for the max." The box in which the daylight was kept hanging in the corner of the chief's house. The child stopped crying when he heard what the old man said. The chief took the box off and put it down near the child, who was Txä'msem. Then he stretched ont his hand and clapped the box in which the daylight was. Then his grandfather was glad. Now Txä'msem was playing with the box and moved it about in the house. He made it run about in his grandfather's house. On the following morning Txä'msem rose from his mother's bed. He took the box and played with it all day. He went out of the house and made it roll about on the street. He

- 1 al hē'tg'ê: "Hamahā'!" Dēya'l lgō-tk'ē'lk". Qa'nē-hwîla hē'tg'ê. and he sald: "Hamaha!" Thus said the boy he said so.
- 2 NLK'ē hēL wĩ-d'ē'stg'î aL sem'â'g'it: "Qastē'i lig'î-qē'tkui qan Then sald the old man to the chief: "I thought some-what
- 3 hēl lgō-wî'lk'sîlk"," dē'yal wuī-d'ē's'et. "'Mā'xe' an-hā'it sê!" said the prince," thus said the old man. "Sun receptacle' what he says!"
- 4 Dë'ya ar hwîl lō-sg'i'r mesā'x' an-hē't. Men-ia'gat ar amō'sr.

 Thus he at where in lay the daylight what he said.

 Up it hung at the corner of
- 5 sein'â'g'it. K''ë sa-gë'sxkus Txä'msem Lgō-tk''ē'Lkug'ê al lat the chief. Then sud-stopped denly crying the child when (perf.)
- 6 nexna'ı. hēl wī-d'ē'set. K''ēt sā-gō'udēl max hwîl lō-sg'i'l.
 he heard what said the old man. Then off they took the max where in was
- 7 mesā'x: K'ēt sg'ē'dēt at awa'as Lgō-tk''ē'lk"g'ê Txä'msem the daylight. Then they isid it in the proximity of little
- 8 hwî'lt. K''ē Lô'ôdel an'ô'nt; at g'ilgal-t'axt'ā'el max hwîl lō-sg'i'l was. Then he stretched his hand; around he clapped the max where in lay
- 9 mesā'x'gê. K''ē lō-ā'mi qâ'ôts nîyē'it. Wūl skwa'tgnil the daylight. Then in good was of the heart his grandfather. Then began
- 10 LELĀ'ntk"L max. At-La'ndes Txā'msem aL an-qalā'qt lâet. to move the max. He moved lt Txā'msem at what playing on it.
 - 11 K'ēt k'uL-lō-tgo-ba'ant aL hwîlps niyē'et. K'ē huX yu'ksa;

 Then about in around hemade it run the house of the house of father. Then again night;

 - 13 nôxt. K'ề huXt qâ'ôt max, at anb'el-qalâ'qt lâ'ôt at wi-sa'.

 Then again he went the after max, and he played with it at all day.
 - 14 Qasqâ'it dē-k'sa'xt at an-g'a'leq. At-k'ut-ba'ant lāx-lē'lb'ent ln the very beginning also he went to outside. He about made run fro it

only pretended to play with it. When he was outside, he took it and ran away with it. One man saw him and said, "Txä'msem is running away with the sun-box!" Then Txä'msem ran away. He had assumed his full size which he had when going about murdering. Then he ran.

5a. He came down the river and arrived at its mouth. It was dark there, and he heard the ghosts catching olaehen at night. He said, "Give me one of the things you have eaught." One man replied, "Who is talking there? That is the great Txä'msem; ha, ha, tssî!" After a while Txä'msem said again, "Give me one of the things you caught, or I will tear the sun-box." Then all the ghosts said. "Ha, great slave; you great Scabby-shin! Where did you obtain what you are talking about, great slave, great

$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	1
K'et g'a'al k'âll g'at, hwîl de-ba'xt. K'e hel g'a'tg'ê: Then saw him one man, (verbal with run- noun) it ning. Then said the man:	2
"K'si-de-ba'îs Txä'ınsem ma'xeist, hâ'u!" K'ë baxs Txä'msem. "Out with runs Txä'msem the max, hâu!" Then ran Txä'msem.	3
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	4
wi-guī'x*-su-g*a'tg*e. K*'ē ba'xt. great expert murdering. Then he ran. in	5
5a. K'ē la g'isi-a'qlk't al saXl Le'sems sq'āxk'. K'ēt Then when down he river arrived at the mouth Nass river In the dark. Then	6
nExna'ı hwîl yn'kt mokl llō'leq sāk al a'xk''g'ê. Nlk''ē he heard (verbal nouu) dld eatching ghosts olaehen at nlght. Then	7
hēt: "Sem tsagam-mâ'gel k''ä'gul an-hwu'nseniest lâmē';" he said: "You from sea take one what you get to us;"	8
dēya'. "Agō'L hē'tsen," dēya'L k''âlL g'at. "La huX nēL this he "What ls this talking," thus said one man. "(Perf.) again he	9
wī-Txä'msem, hā hā'e tssî." Āmī qa-nā'gut, k*'ē huX hēs the Txä'msem, hā hā'e tssi." A good while, then again said	10
Txä'msem: "Sein tsagam-mâ'gel k'ä'gul an-hwu'nsemest lâmē'. Txä'msem: "You from sea take one what you got to us.	11
Hawinnë bëst max lâ'sem." K'ë sagait-hë't llö'leq at soon I tear the max for you." Then together said the ghosts and	12
hē'det: "Tsaē' wī-xa'E wī-wu'sen-amalma'lgnm t'Eni-Lā'm, spoke: 'Tsaē' big slave big along seahhy leg below knee.	13
Nda me deme'l de-wî'tk"L an-hä'nîst wi-xa'e, wi-lē'luks?" where you (fut.) with come the from what you great slave, great thief?"	14

thief?" And Txä'msem was angry. He opened the sun-box a little and it became light. Behold, large boxes floated on the water and capsized. They were the canoes of the ghosts. Then he shut the box again, and the ghosts continued to catch olachen.

- 1 K°ē sī'Epk"L qâ'ôts Txä'msem. K°ēt q`ā'gaL max ts'ōsk't
 Then sick was the heart of Txä'msem. Then he opened the max a little
- 3 k'uL-g'î'ldep-qaxā'igut aL qa-g'î'Eksît mmālL llō'leq. K''ēt abont upset capsized at opposite him on the water the ghosts. Then
- 4 hā'tsîksem huX hapi ma'xg'ê. K''ēt hā'tsîk'sem huX hē-yu'ki once more again he shut the box. Then once more again began
- 5 llö'lEq aL sE-sā'k't. made olachen.

TXÄ'MSEM

[1, 4, and 2a told by Philip; 2 and 3 by Moses]

1. He came to the house of a chief who was asleep. He stood in the doorway. The water was in the house of this chief. Then Txä'msem thought he would steal it. He tore off the bark of a rótten tree. He chewed it and made it look like exerements. Then he entered secretly after he had finished his work. The great chief was asleep. Txä'msem lifted his blanket and laid the exerements next to his anus. Then he waked him and said, "Chief, you soiled your blanket." Then the chief awoke and said, "When did that happen?" Txä'msem repeated, "You soiled your blanket while you

Txä'msem

1. HuX hw		k.'âlı sem'			1
ts'ElEm-hē'tkut into he placed himself				the house of	2
sem'â'g'ît tgö	5st. K.'ē at. Then			it'msem al to	3
(fut.) (verbal noun)	E'lukst. K''e steal. The	n off he tore	e the bark of	walen-ga'n. an old tree.	4
K.'ēt qē'ent, Then he chewed it,	sagait-qē'En together he chewed	Then	he made at it	made exere- ments.	5
Sem-hâ'g igant	hwîla dzā heing he d		q'a'nıts'En secretly		6
Lēsk ^u L dzāptg	ê. Huwô'qL While slept		it. K·'ēt l		7
NLa Lēsk ^u t When he finished	sg it aL he lay at	ts'Em-gō'ElL in the anus	sem'â'g 'i the chief.		8
go'ksaant at he he awoke him and		â'g it, yô'goa someth has been	EL, sīpā'nen: ng excrement done,	sēla," dēya'. thus he spoke.	9
K.'ē gōksk ^u l.	sem'â'g'it an	hē'tg'ê:	"A ndar		10
an-hä'nsenē?" what you said?"		sīpā'nEn aL your excre- at ments	huwô'ganisi while you ar sleeping,"	а'є," dēya's	11

were asleep. Shall I clean it?" Then the chief did not say a word. He was ashamed. "Do not stir; I will go and fetch some moss to wipe it off." Txä'msem had already brought some moss for that purpose. He went immediately to the chief, lifted his blanket, and said, "Hm, what a smell that is!" He showed it to the chief after he had finished wiping the blanket. Then the chief saw it and believed that he had soiled his blanket while asleep. He was much ashamed. Then Txä'msem carried it outside. He entered again and said: "Chief, I am very thirsty." The water was hanging in the corner of the chief's house. The chief spoke, "Go and get the water yourself." Then Txä'msem arose, put his bear-skin blanket on, and opened the receptacle in which the water was kept. Then he poured it into his blanket.

ana'?" K·'ē nîg:î 1 Txä'msem. "Dem k'si-d'a'Ldeîst xstaltk^uL "(Fut.) out I put them heh?" Then not made noise Txä'msem. "G'ilô" hwî'ltg'ê. tsE - La'ntgun. Dem 2 sem'â'g ît. Dzâqt at what he the ehief. Asiamed "Don't move. (Fut.) he was dem ha-g'ē'mk'aaē." K.'ē ia'gait-g'ē'ElL 3 k 'ax-qâ'ôeL bela'q (fut.) my means for Then already he had for a I while go for moss wiping." picked K·'ē hwîl 4 bela'qtg'ê al demt hâx't. k·'ē hagun-iē'êt al in order he uses it. (fut.) At onee toward "Hml 5 asa'ēl K·'ēt gula't, hē'tg'ê: sem'â'g'it. bātsl ar. the feet he lifted hls and said: the ehlef. Then blanket, tgön." K·'ēt 6 IskuL k'ax-gun-g'a'adetg'ê an-hwu'nL sem'â'g'it this." he showed lt Steuch what he has the chief Then for a got g'îmk't. al lēsk^ul t K.'ēt sem'â'g'itg'ê. g'a'aL Ia'gai-ne't when he finthe ehief. he wiped. Then saw it But yes huwô'qt. K.'ē 8 lep-g'a'al sem'â'g'itg'ê k'saXt Le aL self saw it his exere-(perf.) while he slept. the chief Then Txä'msem. 9 sem-dzâ'qt. K·'ēt k·si-d'ā'Ls \mathbf{K} \cdot $\mathbf{\bar{e}}$ huXts'ent much he was ashamed. Then ont put lt Txä'msem. Then 10 hē'tg'ê: "La gwalk"L sem'â'g'it." qâ'ôdē a'k'sēE aLdem "(Perf.) sald: dry ls my heart (fut.) 1 drink chief." to 11 K.'ē iax'ia'q hwîl wî'tk"L ak's "A'm me dem aLamō'st. the corner. "Better where came from water in 12 lep-qâ'ôdest," dē'yal sem'â'g'itg'ê. K•'ē hētk^us Txä'msem self go for lt," thus sald the chief. Then stood up Txä'msem 13 tgu-sā'g'iL gula't. Gwis-o'lL gula'tg 'ê. K-'ēt q'ā'gat hwîl around he put his blanket. Blanket bear his blanket. Then he opened where K·'ēt 14 lō-ga'tsL a'k'sg'ê. lō-be'lxsem qaq'ā'q'ant aL the water. in he put it down Then he opened to ponred k · 'ē 15 ts'Em-gwis-o'lt. Hwîl k'si-ba'xt aL hē'tg'ê. A'lg îxL

out he ran

said.

The talk of

iils bear.

blanket

Then

Then he ran out and uttered the cry of the raven, "Qa, qa, qa, qa!" He carried the great water, and ran away with it. Then the great chief became angry and said, "Ahum! Great slave! Scabby-shin! He did it. He took all the water." Txä'msem ran away. It was dark while he was running. He could not see ahead, but he heard the ghosts whistling near his face. He returned immediately because he was afraid. The water was all the time running down from his bearskin, and therefore the water now always runs back to sea. Now he arrived at the mouth of Nass river. He was very glad. Therefore Nass river is now a very large river.

2. He went on and made a house of stone. Then he saw a gull flying about. He said, "Whee!" The gulls continued to fly about, crying, "Qâq!" The Giant ran about and made small sticks, intending

	hâyis used	Txä'n Txä'm	ISEIN sem	aL while	baxt:	"Qa, "Qa,	qa,	qa,	qa!"	1
Qanet-l	nwîla 198	yō'guL carrying	Wī-	t'ē'SEII he great	ak's water	at he	dE-ba'	xt.	K·'ē Then	2
Lēntx'	wī-s	cinei,	itg·ê,	all,	hē'tg'	'ê: ' :	Ehmm!	! W	ī-Xa'e, eat slave,	3
WĪ-WUS	en-ame	lma′lgu	n t'i	EM-Lā'r lower leg,	n, La (perf.)	huX again	nē'daeī he	hū wh	wî'lt." o did lt."	4
Txa-gō	del w	ī-a'k's. e water.	K.'ē	baxs T	Cxä'msei Txā'msem	m. Be . wh	ba'xt k		l'äxk ^u . vas dark.	5
K.'ē 1	nî'g'ît	g a'aL he saw	qâ'qt	g'ê as nt at	bagait among	t-sqä'xk darkness	SEI Muc	m-gʻit	wî'nqL istled	6
lō'lEq ghosts	q'ai'yî elose t	îm ts'	Em-ts	'ā'alt: is face:	"Hw."	" S	Em-lō-y	a'ltk ^u t returned	aL he	7
xbEts'a	'Xt. aid.	K.'ē q	anē-h	wîla] ' ^s	k·si-ba'x out ran	L ak	s aL from	gwis-c	'ltg'ê.	8
K.'ē o	qanē-hv alway	vîla hv	vîlL es so	a'k'sg'é the water	gōn now	La (perf.)	hwîl when	gulîk':	s-ba'xs	9
Txä'nıs Txä'mse	sem.	K''ē g	g îsi-a lown river a	'qLk ^u t he rrived	al I	Jē'SEMS Nass river.	. K	·'ē l nen i	ō-ā'mL n good	10
Txä'msem. Then down he at Nass river. Then in good was qâ'ôtt, nLqan wī-t'ē's Lē'sems gōn se. 11 his therefore is great Nass river now. heart.										11
	NLk'ē Then	huX i	ä't. went.	NLk·'ē	t dzapi he mad	hwîl _l	pL lô'ô	p tgō	i'stg'ê.	12
NLk.'ē	tgōnL this	hwîls V	Vī-gʻa Giant.	't. G	a'at hwî	al about	gʻebā'yı _{flew}	ukr q	ē'wun. a gull.	13
Then	thls	said	Gia	nt:	Hūi La Hūi (pe	ā nak erf.) lon	ig ab	out the	ey flew	
xs-qâ'ô crying qâ	qsk ^u .	NLk.'ē	k'uL- about	ba'xt.	NLk 'ēt	dzîpdz he mi	zā'pu sī ade	isō'sen	n gan	15

to gamble. Then the great Gull came. They began to gamble. Soon they began to quarrel, and the Giant said, "I guess this stick." The Gull did not reply. Therefore the Giant threw the Gull on his back and stepped on his stomach. Then the great Gull vomited two olaehens. The Giant took them, and the Gull flew away.

In the evening the Giant made a little canoe of elderberry wood. Then he started to gamble. He went down the river and landed at the beach in front of the house of a great chief. He took his gambling sticks and went up. He entered, and many people were in the house. They began to gamble. Now, before the Giant landed he had rubbed the spawn of the olachen over the inside of his eanoe and left the tails under the stern sheet. Now he sat down among the gamblers.

NLk'ē NLk'ē ā'd'îk'sk"L wi-qē'wun. xsant. al dem the great (fut.) gamble. Then eame gull. Nk'è TgönL hēs Wī-g'a't: "TgonL na-xsē'nqdet. 2 xsa'ndēt. each they other disbelieved This said Giant: they gamhled. Then gōuî'st." nî'g'i hēr qē'wun, Wī-g'a't, NLk'ē nîLqan hwîlL nothing I guess." Then said the gull, therefore did so Glant. NLk'et ma'qsaans Wī-g a't asîsa'it 4 haspā-ō'yith qē'wun. aL his feet on his hack Giant the gull. Then stood on threw 5 bank NLk 'et xsē'dîL wī-gē'wun t'epxā'tı sāk". wī-qē'wun. the gull Then vomited gull. belly of great NLk 'e qē'wnn. NLk 'et Wī-g'a't. g'ebā'yukL Nrk.'ē dôqs flew Then Giant. Then the gull. Then he took 7 dā'unt. left him. Nık'ē Wī-g'a't Lgō-mā'lîm nīk'ēt dzāps sgan-lâ'ts. yu'ksa, Giant evening, then made a little canoe of elderherry bush. 9 Nik 'e sî-g'â'tk"t g îtan-xsa'ntkut. NLk''ē dem Hwä'i! Then he started (fut.) started to gamble. g'â'ôt 10 sî-g â'ôtk t, n.k ë g îsā-hē'tkut. Nık'ë qa-g·ä'uL aL down he went. he started, then Then In front of the house of he was at Nrk.'ē 11 hwîlpl wī-sem'â'g'ît. NLk''ēt gōl anda-xsa'nt. bax-iä'êt. agreat Then he took gambling-sticks. Then 12 Nik''ē ts'ent hwîl lō-hwa'nL wī-hē'ldEm Hē-yukl grat. he entered where in were many people. They hegan Wī-g'a't 13 xsa'ndetg'ê. TgōnL hwîls hāô'n g'ig'a'tskut. a L they gambled. This did Giant to hefore he landed. 14 Menma'nt le lanl sak al lo-ts'a'wul malt. NLk''ēt lō-dô'xL lle rubbed on (perf.) spawn olachen at liis inside of Then in were eanoe. La qa-Lā'tsxt 15 La LaXL qal-x'da'qs. Nık'e aL d'āt

the stern sheet.

Then

he sat down

at

at

Then a person said, "Why don't you join us?" The Giant yawned, "I did not sleep all night. A certain person eaught three canoe loads of olachen up the river." "La!" said one man, "how should olachen get there? It is not time yet. They will go up six months hence." They did not believe the Giant, and said, "You are a liar; you are a liar!" The Giant did not at first reply; then he said, "Well, look at the inside of my canoe. There are olachen tails under the stern sheets." The young men went down, and they saw that the whole inside of the eanoe was full of olachen spawn; and when they lifted up the stern sheets they found two tails of olachen. Then the youths went up and said, "It is true." They showed the olachen tails. Then the great chief said, "Ask Little-eaptain-of-the-canoe, ask Dry-on-boxes-in-which-olachen-is-kept, and ask

"ĀmL lō-an-xsa'nt. NLk 'ē tgonl hel gat: dem dē'-xsan." in they gambled. Then this said a person: "Good (fut.) "Nî'g î q'âxs Wī-g a't: wâ'goē $a_{\rm L}$ wī-a'xk". Gulā'l "Not yawned Giant: Islept at all night. Three mētk^al mā'la sāk' al mokl k''âll g'at al g'īg'ā'nîx'." "La!" Dē'yal canoes ola- and caught of chen per- at up river." "La!" Thus said one son "A, al g'a'tg'ê, ndaL dEIN hwîl wîtk^uL sak' dem qan "Ah, olachen (fut.) a person, at where (fut.) (verbal came noun) g'idi-sīgō'tkusl ā'd'îk'sk"L. Haō'n lax-ha' Lôqs." q'ai-q'â'lîL Before it is not yet time season "Bē'gun, bē'gun.'' Xsē'nqdēt Wī-gʻa't. NLk · 'ē nîg'i hēs you lie." They disbelieved Giant. "You lie, Then nothing said "Adô'E Nık''ē tgönl Wī-gʻa't. hēt: sem-g'a'al lō-ts'ä'wul this Giant. Then he said: "Really look in the inside of mā'lēîst. Lō-dô'xL LatsxL sāk. al laXl qal-x'da'qsîst." my canoe. In are tails of olachen under at the stern sheet." NLk 'ë iaga-sa'k'sk"L k'ope-tk''ē'lk". NLk 'et g'a'adēt down the little children. went Then they saw them (verbal noun) lö-wusen-më'tk"L māl aLlānL sāk'. NLk 'ët batsl 10 full the canoe in along of spawn of olachen. Then lifted k'öpe-tk''ē'Lk" Nrk 'ët qal-x 'da'qs. dô'qdēL LatsxL sāk', 11 the little children the stern sheet. Then they took tails of olachen Nık''ē bax-lô'ôdēt. t'epxä't. Nık''ē tgönl hēl k'ope-tk''e'lk": 12 Then up they went. Then this said the little children: "Sem-hō'daast." NLk 'et gun-g'a'adel le Latsxl sāk'. NLk ''e 13 they them to (perf.) the tails olachen. caused see "It is true." Then wī-sem'â'g'ît: "Wô! G'ē'dexl lgo-men-xsiâ' tgönt hēL mēg''ē 14 "Wô! the said chief: Ask Little-master-of-boat

13 Lgwa-gagō'm.

gull.

little

Grease-that-is-sticking-to-the-stones-with-which-the-fish-are-boiled. See what they say." Then the person went to ask them. He was sent by the chief. They all agreed. Then the chief ordered the men who were standing in the four corners of his house to break the corners. They did so. Then the olaehen jumped into the water. The Giant ran down to the water. He stepped into the water and shouted, telling the olachen to go into the river. He said, "Go up on both , sides of the river." Then he came to a house. Many people were eatching olachen. Then they gave fish to the Giant. He put the olachen on spits to roast them.

When they were done, a gull appeared over the Giant. Then the Giant called him: "Little Gull!" Then many gulls came, which ate all

1 g·ē'dexs Lē-lerenk·sîm g'ē'dEXL lax-nîsā'n, mēg·'ē dza hēs box-for-keepingask dryand what says 2 Tg'al-lô'ôp.1" NLk 'ē iā'ı g'a'tg'ê. Hē'dzîl sem'â'g'ît. NLk 'ēt Against-stones." ' Then went a person. He sent him the ehief. Then 3 anâ'qdētg'ê. NLk 'et gun-ia'tsL sem'â'g'ît. Men-hē'tk"t aL they agreed. he him caused to chop Then the ehief. Up he stood hwîlpt. Txalpxl amō'l hwîlpt. NLk de ia'tsl g'a'tg'ê. 4 amõ'L his house. Four eorners of his house. Then chopped the man. corner of Wī-g'a't. 5 NLk'e XlnXLsāk al ts'em-a'k's. K'ē iaga-ba'xs in the water. Then down ran at 6 NLk'e lō-hä'tk"t lō-yô'xguL ak's wī-amhē't. At mā'll aL Then in- it side stood in it went the water and he shouted. He told 7 La k'si-hä'tk"L Tgönl hēs Wī-g a't: "Lāx-lō-liyô'xk"test sāk'. the olachen. "On hoth in they go (perf.) out stood This said Giant: 8 hâ'wu!" NLk ''ē lō-a'qLk"t al hwîl hētk^uL hwîlpt. NLk 'et hāwu!" in he arrived at (verbal noun) Then stood his house. Then 9 mokl wi-hē'ldEm g atL sāk'. Nîlnē'l hwîl xwāvâ'msîs eaught olaehen that is given away many people olachen. Therefore (verbal noun) 10 Wī-g'a't. NLk'ē Nık'et le-dô'xı sak. dzāpī gan-x-qanä'qt. Giant. Then he made stick for first Then ou he put olachen. olachen eaten. Nlk·'ēt la dem a'nuksl sāk'. Nık'et le-liyô'xk"ı qē'wun (perf.) (fut.) the olaehen. were done Then on came tgonL 12 lax-5's Wī-g a't. Wī-g'a't. NLk 'e hēs Lō-se-hwa'del on top of Giant. Then

this

ad'ā'd'îk'sk"L

came

Nık''ē

Then

said

Giant.

wī-hē'ldem

many

ln

që'wnn

guils

t'an

which

¹ The chief's words are in Tsimshian dialect.

the Giant's olachen. They said while they were eating it, "Qana', qana', qana', qana'!" They cried so all the time while they were eating the Giant's olachen. Then he was sad. Therefore he took the gulls and threw them into the fireplace, and ever since that time the tips of their wings have been black.

3. He went on and met a deer. He killed it and skinned it. He put the skin on. Then he fastened pitch wood to the tail. Now he entered the house of a person, and when he saw the fireplace he ran toward it. The pitch wood at the end of the deer's tail began to burn. The name of the person was Qannēnē'legulxlo. He was ice (?). Then the Giant sang as he entered, "???" Thus he spoke. When he had finished singing, he ran out. He ran about among the

x-qana'qs Wī-g a't. Tgonl qē'wun hēL g'î'pdet dzaL Lat ate all the first olachen of the season of This said the gulls when Giant. they ate x-qanä'qs Wī-g'a't: "Qanä, qanä, qanä, qanä." Hēltl hēl the first olachen of the season of qanä, Giant: "Qanä, qanä, qanä." NLk 'ë Wī-g·a't. sī'epkal qâ'ôts qē'wun dza'LdeL x-qanä′qs they ate all the first olachen of the season of siek was the heart Giant. Then qant sagait-dô'qL qē'wun. Wī-gʻa't. NeL Lō-d'a'Ldet 4 Giant. Therefore together he took the gulls. In he put them ts'Em-an-la'k"; nêt qan xlîp-t'êst'ō'tsk"t qaq'ā'îx'l qē'wun. 5 in the fireplace; therefore at the are black the wings of ends NLk''ē tq'al-hwa'dEL 3. NLk'e huX iä'et. NLk 'et wan. again he went. Then against he found the deer. Then Then he sg'înî'st dzak^ut. NLk 'ēt tså'ôdet. NLk'e tq'al-da'k'LL Then he skinned it. against he tied pitehwood hwîlpL k'ō'ukt. NLk 'ē k·'âlL ts'ent aLg'a'tg'ê Lāt Then his tail. he entered in the house of one person where q'apt lak^u. NLk 'e tgo-ba'xt. NLk 'e mêll sg 'înî'st found the end of the fire. Then around he ran. Then burnt al k'ō'nkt. Tgönl hwîll ā'dz'epl g'a'tg'ê. Qannēnē'legulxlol 10 did the door of the person. Qanněně'legulxlol hwa'tg'ê, dā'ut gō'stg'ê. Ninel qan lē'mîx's Wī-g'a't al his name, iee was that. Therefore sang Giant when (perf.) lē'mîx'tg'e: "G'îl-spagait-nê'êq g'îl-spagait-nē'êq," 12 TgōnL This (?) he sang: (?) NLk·'ē dēya'. Hwä'i! qâ'ô-deL lē'mîx'tg'ê. Hwä'i! NLk 'ē 13 thus he Well! Then was finished his song. Well! Then k'si-ba'xs Wī-g a't. NLk 'e k'uL-ba'xt aLspagait-ganga'n. 14 Then out ran Giant. about he ran at among

trees and struck the tail against the butts of the trees. Then the butts of the trees caught fire. He went on after he had obtained the fire.

4. Now he came to a chieftainess, and they are together. He are all the provisions of the ehieftainess. He was angry and threw away the salmon, and then all the salmon which he was going to eat ran away. After that his head became ugly, while it had been very nice when he first met the chieftainess. After that it was ugly.

2a. Txä'msem did another thing. He induced the olaehen to eome to Nass river. He entered the house called Supernatural place or Tabued place. There were many people inside gambling. Txä'msem heard them. He was very hung.ry. He found a small herring. Then he squeezed out its roe and rubbed it all over the inside

- 1 NLk''ēt k'uL-hîsya'tsL k'ō'ukt aL qamē'nı ganga'n. NLk''ē Then about he struck his tail at the foot of the trees. Then
- ganga'n. NLk 'ë iä'êt 2 melmê'l qamë'nL huX Tat OT. Then the foot of the trees. again he went to (perf.) burned
- 3 k·si-daa'qLk^ul. lak^u.
 out he obtained fire.
- 4 4. K'ēt hwal hwîl d'āl k'âll sîg'idemna'q. Nlk'ē Then he found where was one ehieftainess. Then
- 5 stik 'â'ôltk"t; at g'ipL wunä'x : HuX dzaLL wunä'x : they ate together; he ate the food. Again he ate all the food of
- 6 sîg'idemna'q. NLk'et am'ā'legal hâ'ng'ê. NLk'e k'si-hō'l the chleftainess. Then he threw away in anger the salmon. Then out escaped
- 7 hân La dem g'ē'îpdetg'ê. NLk''ē ā'd'îk's hwîl had'a'xk"L the (perf.) (fut.) he ate them. Then eame being bad
- 8 t'Em-qē'st. K'ē La k'ax-ā'nı-gal t'Em-qē'st at hē-hwa'l his head. Then (perf.) before good it is said his head when begin- he ming found
- 9 sîg'idemna'qg'ê. K''ē ha'ts'îk'sem had'a'xk''t gōn.¹
 the ehleftainess. Then once more it was bad now.
- 10 2a. HuX k''ēl hwîl hwî'ls Txä'msem dāt k'sõhō'k''sı. sāk'
 Again one did Txä'msem when he induced to the come olachen
- 11 at ts'em-Lē'sems. K''ē ts'ēnt at hwîlpt Spe-nexnô'q.

 to in Nass river. Then he entered the house of the magic place of power.
- 12 Spā-walkul hwat K·'ē lō-hwa'nı hē'ldem gʻat lât. Xsā'ndēt.

 Place tabu is its name. Then in were many people in it. They were gambling.
- 13 K.'ēt naxna's Wī-g'a't al sem-xda'x't. K.'ēt hwal k.'ä'gul Then heard Giant very hingry. Then he found one
- 14 Lgō-sg'a'n. K'ēt k'se-dā'mîk'sL lānt. K'ēt lō-wusen-menma'nt small herring. Then out he squeezed its spawn. Then in along he rubhed it side

¹ This is an allusion to the legend about how the raven obtained the salmon. See Boas, Indianische Sagen von der nord-pacifischen Küste Amerikas, Berlin, 1895, pp. 160, 174, 209.

of his canoe. Now he arrived on the beach in front of Supernatural place, where the people were gambling. Then Txä'msem said, shaking his large blanket, which was all wet, "Ēhi-hi-hi! Water dropped on me from Txä'msem's bag net." Then the chief said, "Where does that come from that you are speaking of, Giant?" "Yes; the canoes are full. They caught olachen with their rakes last night." "Ah! Txä'msem is lying." "Go and look at my canoe." The young men went and saw what he had spoken of. Then they believed him. They saw olachen spawn in Txä'msem's canoe. Then the chief said, "What do these great fools, the olachen, come here for?" There were persons sitting in the corners of the house who held the strings of olachen. They took care of the olachen in the corners of Supernatural place. The chief said to them, "Let go what you

mālt. K'ē k 'atsk"t aLqa-gʻä'uL Spe-nexnô'qg'ê, hwîl on his canoe. Then he landed the beach in front the magic power, of the house of place of where at Nık"ë Txä'msem luXlā'wul lō-d'ā'L xsant. hēs wī-gula't in sat they gam-bled. Then said $\mathbf{Tx} \mathbf{\tilde{a}'msem}$ shaking his blanket txā-a'k'sk". Hē'tg'ê: "Ē'hihihihi," Lē-hē'tgut dēya'. пēв "E'hihihihi," He said: thus he said. On stood on me q'am-k'sax-Lē'siL Txä'msem. K.'ē a'lg'îxl sem'â'g'it: "Â nda 4 drippings of bag net of Txä'msem. "Ah where only Then said the chief: Wi-gra't." "Â hwîl wîtk^uL an-hä'nsen nēL ınîx'mā'yîL 5 what you said Giant." "Oh, 7.G8 they are full qa-k'edā't al g'i-a'xk"." "Ä, bēk"s Txä'msem." "Hwä'i! Adô', "Ah, he tells a at last night." Txä'msem." "Well! sem g'a'al mā'leist." K.'ē k'si-Lâ'ôL q'aima'qsit; at g'a'adet my canoe." see Then out walked the youths; they an-hē's Wi-gra't. K.'ē sem-hō'tk"sdēt. G·a'adel länl säk· 8 aL what said Giant. Then they believed him. They saw olaspawn māls Wī-g·a't. NLqan a'lg'îxL hē'tg'ê: sem'â'g'it aL the ca-Glant. Therefore spoke the chief and sald: noe of ''Tse nā-'gat g·ē'en al wud'a'x ax-qagâ'odetg·ê al g·îtwuyā'n 10 "To he whom says give food the great of carly olachen as huwî'lt." NLk 'e a'lg'îxt al g'at lō-men-hwa'nt al amô'st, 11 Then he said to the ln up sitting in the cort'an dexdô'qı dêxdä'EdEL sāk, meli-k'â'lı g'at t'an habâ'ell 12 who held the the strings of each one man olachen, ax 'amō'sL sāk. Lō-men-hwî'lt, aL Spe-nexnô'q. NLgan 13 the olachen. In up they did it, in the corners of the inagle place of power. Therefore hē'tg'ê sem'â'g'ît tgöst: "Qalix'lē'L an-hwu'nsemest," dēva'. 14 said the chief that: "Let go what you have," thus he sald. B. A. E., Bull. 27—02——3

are holding." Then these men did so. Four of them were sitting in the eorners of the house. As soon as Txä'msem heard him say "Let gó," he ran out to his little eanoe. He paddled, and took his olaehen rake. He said, "They go up on both sides of the river." He was very glad. Then he went to eat olachen. His canoe was quite full. He had not used his rake, but the whole shoal of olachen had jumped into his canoe, so that it was full.

Then he camped at Crab-apple place. He clapped on the stone until it was quite smooth, that the olachen should not disappear. Then he was very glad. He stayed a little farther up Nass river. He made a spit for roasting olachen in order to prepare them for his meal. When the olachen were almost done, he said to the gull that was sitting opposite him, "Come, Little Gull." The gull came and ate

- 2 ax "amō'st. Lguthē' nexna's Txä'msem t'êLxs: "Qale't," hwîl k'ē the corners. Immediately heard Txä'msem shout: "Let go," at once
- At 3 baxt. qâ′ôL Lgō-mā'lt; hwîl k·'ē hwāx't. At gō'uL little his eanoe; he ran. Ile went then he paddled. He took
- 4 ha-k''ēdā'tg'ê. K''ē hē'tg'ê: "Hōu, lāx-lō-līô'xk"test hâ'wu the rake for olachen. Then he said: "Hōu, on in they go hâ'wu both sides
- 5 de ya an hîsgusg e'tk st. K 'et qâ'ôn demn hwîl g îpn thus he and he was glad. Then he went to being eating it
- 6 sā'ak'L lō-mē'tk"t aL ts'Em-mā'lt. Nîg'ît k''ax-hâ'x'L ha-k''ēdā'
- 7 lep-lō-qē'nexk^ul an-g'â'saa lgo-mā'lt, K'ē mētk^ut al sāk', self in falling a shoal little canoe. Then it was full of olachen.
- S K'ē La dzôqt al lgō-sgan-mē'lk'st, nl hwîl hwî'lt, t'axt'a'al Then when he stayed at little crab-apple then he did so, he clapped tree
- 10 sāk' qan hwî'lt. T'axt'a'aL lô'ôp, nLqan hēt aL lō-dā'uLt
 the thereolaehen fore
 he did so. He elapped the stone, therefore he said where in he went
- 11 at ts'em-Lē'sems. K'ē sem-lō-ā'mt qâ'ôtt. Ntk'ē huX dzôqt to ln Nass river. Then very in good his heart. Then again he stayed
- 12 at g'ig'ë'nix' at Le'sems, K''ë dzāpt gan-x'qanë'qtg'ê at up the river at Nass river. Then he made a stick for roasting to olachen
- 13 dem hwîl a'nuksı sāk' dem g'ē'bet. K'ē la dem ā'nuksı (fut.) being eooked the for hls food. Then when (fut.) cooked
- 14 sāk', k''ē hē'tg'ê aL qē'wun qa-g'ī'ik'sît: "Lō-sE-hwā'ldē

one olachen. He cried, "Qana', qana', qana', qana'!" Then many gulls came and ate all the olachen. Now Txa'msem was sad. He took the gulls and threw them into the fireplace. Thus it happens that their wings are black.

Lgwa-gag little sea	;ū'm.''¹ igull.''	K·ē ā'd'i	îk'sk ^u L	qē'wun.	K.'ēt	hā'ts'îL he bit	k'a'gul	1
sāk'; at olachen; he	0 1	''Qanä', "Qanä',	qanä',		anä'."	K.'ē ā	'd'îk'sk"L	2
hē'ldem many	qē'wun.	K'ē Then	dzaLL they ate it all	hẽ'ldEm many	sāk".	K'ē Then	sī'Epk ^u L sick was	3
qâ'ôts the heart of	Wī-gʻa't.	K.'ē	dôqL he took	qē'wur the gulls			-qalu'ksi.	4
	la'k"; nL(effre-theref acc;			aq'ā'ix'L e wings of			ıwî'ltg 'ê. pened so.	5

¹These words are in Tsimshian dialect.

Txä'msem

[1-17 told by Philip; 18 to 20 and 3a told by Moses]

1. There was a chief who had a daughter who swallowed a leaf of a cedar when drinking water. Then she had a pretty child, a boy. The child was able to walk, but he did not eat. Then his grandfather worried. He called two old men to chew some food for the child. The two old men did so. They ehewed some salmon and grease, and one of them scratched a scab from his shin. He put it among the salmon that he had chewed. Then the child ate what the old man had chewed; he ate very much. In the evening he ate one salmon in the house of his grandfather. He was hungry all the night, after the two old men who

TXÄ'MSEM

- 1 1. K'lâlı semlâ'g'it, nık'lē lgō'ulgum hana'q t'an tqal-a'k'sı One ehief, then a ehild female who drank
- 2 laqs, nlk'ë la ā'd'îk'sk"t demt hwîl hwal ama lgo-tk'ë'lk".
 aleafofa then (perf.) eame (fut.) where she finds a good boy.
- 3 NLk'ē Lat hwa'tg'ê. NLk'ē La k'uL-iē'êL Lgo-tk'ē'Lk'. k'ē Then (perf.) she found it. Then (perf.) about went the boy, then
- 4 nî'g'i yō'ôxk"ı Lgo-tk''ē'Lk". K''ē semgal aba'g'ask"ı niē'et.
- 5 NLk 'ët hnwô'ôL bagadē'lı wud'ax-g ig a't dem t'an qē'endexi.

 Then he invited two old men (fut.) who chewed for
- 6 Lgo-tk''ē'lk". Nlk''ē la hwîll t'êst'ē'stg'ê. Nla yukt qē'Endēl the boy. Then (perf.) they did so the old men, when beginning
- 7 hâ'ng'ê, tqal-qē'Endet aL t'ēlx'. NLk'ēt sa-t'â'qL ama'lgum salmon, with it they chewed of grease. Then off he seratehed
- 8 t'em-lā'mt k'â'ltg'ê. Nlk'ē tqal-hu'ksaant al qē'ent hântg'ê.

 his leg below one man. Then with it placed with it his salmon, the knee
- 9 K'ēt g'ē'îpl lgo-tk'ē'lk". Nēl sem-k's-qâ'gum qē'entg'ê.
 Then atelt the boy. That very first he chewed.
- 10 K''ē hwîl k''ē yō'ôxk''t ar wī-t'ē'sEm yō'ôxk''t. Dzarr k''ā'gur he ate, he ate, lle ate all one
- 11 hân al hēyn'ksa. Hwîl hwî'ltg'ê al hwîlps niē'êt. Nlk'ē salmon ln the evening. He did so at the house his grand-of father.
- 12 Xdax't wī-a'xk" La k'si-sa'k'sk"L \t'êst'ē'stg'ê t'an qē'Endaxt.

 he was
 hungry when out started the old men who chewed
 for him,

had chewed for him left the house. Then he did not sleep, but he ate until the day broke. Now his grandfather was glad; but the boy ate all day, and after a short time all the food was gone. Then he ate all the provisions in another house, and he ate all the provisions of the whole village. Then his grandfather was troubled. He wanted to get rid of him because he knew that the boy had done wrong. He said, "My grandchild has eaten scabs of Wâ'se, therefore I will get rid of him. Go, slave, and tell the tribe." The slave ran out and said, "Great tribe, you shall move to-morrow morning." On the following morning the people moved. They deserted the prince.

2. What was he to eat? He went toward the beach searching for some food, but he did not find anything. Behold, there was a fish in

17 -2= 121	1-12-1		=/^-1-4	IZ Az
At once	k''ē' q'amgait-nîg'i			
wagait hwî	'l mesā'x', k''ē g daylight, then	lō-ā'mı qâts	niē'êt.	K.'ē 2
			iather.	
yō'ôxk"t al.	txanē'tk"L sa, aL	t'ē'sem yō'ôxl	tut. K·'ē	nî'g·i 3
he ate at	all day, and	much he ate	e. Then	not
laltk ^u L wuni	ä'x·, k·`ē qâ'ôdet.	K·'ēt g'a	d-bā'L wt	ınä'x'ı 4
slowly food	d, then he finished i	t. Then he	ate in the	e food of
gal-ts'a'p.	K·'ē ha'tsîk'sɛm a			Nik 'e 5
	Then once more w			Then
hasa'as niē'i	êt demt sa-mā'ga			hwîl 6
he desired his gra	and- (fut.) off he put	at he	knew	being
fathe	er him	Water	h	
had a'xk"L h	wî'ltg*ê: "X-ama'lg he did: "Eating sca	Waxdel Wa's	E NUXUA'K	EneE,
qan hwîlt.	Wagait dem sa	-ma'qdēE gōn	. Adô',	xa'E! 8
there- he does so, fore	Until (?) (fut.) off	I put hlm now	Go,	slave!
ma'lel al o	qal-ts'a'p." NLk.'ē k	rsi-ba'xL xa'E	g·ê: "Tse	lōk ^u - 9
tell to	the people." Then	out ran the sl	ave:	"To move
out në'sem	ts'ēt'ara'k", wī-tsâ'p	a'am-hē'tuk	,,, K.,	*****
he ye	to-morrow great people	only morning.	Then	moved
says	letter/and = + con motif	La Aalau IZaa		14 11
ts'ap. K'et	kusta'qsdel Lgo-wî'l			
ple.				
2. Agō'l	dem g'ē'bet? K	''ē k'uL-iē'êt		
What	(fut.) his food? Th	en about he went	at in fr	ont of the ouses of
qal-ts'a'p, al	k'ul-g'ig'ē'el dem	g·ē'bet. K·	'ē nî'g·it	hwat. 13
the town, to	about i e searched (fut.)	his food. The	n not	he found it.
Gwinā'dēr.	lō-hwî'lem ts'em-a'	k'sı g'a'at.	hwîl an	1-g'â't. 14
Behold,	lō-hwî'lEm ts`Em-a' in being in in	water he saw,	where i	t lay in
	(a nsn)			water.

the water. It was not moving. Then he called it ashore to talk to it. The fish came toward the shore. Its name was Bulthead. The prince thought he would kill it. Now it was almost within reach, but it swam back into the water. Then the prince was much depressed because he was hungry. The fish knew his intentions. It swam back from the shore saying, "Do you think I do not know you, Giant?" Then he acted as though he were taking hold of the image of the fish, and, stretching out his hand, said, "You shall have a thin tail. Only your head shall be thick." Then it became the Bulthead. The Bullhead used to be remarkably stout. Txä'msem cursed it, and therefore it is thin at one end.

3. Then the prince put on his grandfather's dancing blanket. He went on, not knowing where he went. He tore his dancing blanket and was

- 1 Nik'ē tsagam-wô'ôt al dem dedä'leqt. Nık"ē tsagam-yu'kL with talk. ashore he called to (fut.) Then ashore 2 lō-hwî'lem ts'em-a'k'sg'ê. Mas-q'ayā'iL hwat. Nrk 'e hēL heing (the fish) in water. Bullhead was its name. Then said in dza'k"tg'ê. Nrk'ë 3 gâ'ôtt dem La yukL demt gō'ut. Then (perf.) his heart -(fut. he killed it. he (fut.) he took it. began 4 K·'ē sa-nks-ts'En-x'k'ä'xk"t. NLk 'ë gwä'el qâL semgal off out leaving it escaped. Then very poor was Then heart of 5 Lgo-wî'lk'sîLk" hwî'ltg'ê. Xdax't NLk 'ēt al_{ι} gan hwîlā'x'L on ac-count of there-fore Then he was so. knew qâ'ôdetg'ê. K∙'ē 6 lō-hwîlem ts'em-a'k sg'êL sa-uks-lō-ya'ltk"t in being (the fish) Then off out it returned to sea hls heart. iu water "Nā ax-hwîlā'yîn, Wī-g·a't!" 7 aL a'lg'îxtg'ê: t'an said: "Who who not knows you, Giant!" and 8 K¹ë pelem-gö'del ha'vukt na'k sto'ê. hwîl La alAt once the image 9 "Hoō'ksyō'gunē tse k·'ē lö-g'igî'sk"L as göst, an-qalā'nem. there, small at one end hiud end. "Out to while you to then 10 K·sax-wī-an-t'em-qē'sen tse ded'ā't." K·'ē hwîlı mas-q'ayā'itg'ê. Only great your head end 18.11 Then it was K·'ē hwîl had'ā'gam 11 Lîks-g'a't-gal wī-t'ô'Xl mas-q'ayā'itg'ê. Remarkably it is stout was the bullhead. Then heing bad lât. hwîll lō-gʻigî'sk"t. qan
- 12 a'lg'îxs Txa'msem lât, qan hwîlt lō-g'igî'sk't.
 the word of Txa'msem to it, there-being small at one end.
- 3. K'ë ië'êt, gulā'în gnîs-halai'ts nië'êtg'ê. K'ë ië'êt;

 Then he went, he put on blanket shaman's his grandfather. Then he went;
- 14 q'asba-sa-k'ııı-ië'êtg'ê. Nık'ë sem-gwä'el hwîlt al la gwasl astray off about he went. Then very poor he was and (perf.) he tore

very poor. Then he caught a number of ravens, and used any means he could invent to kill them. He took their skins and tied them together, and put on the raven blanket. Then he went about dressed up nicely. Now he saw a good dancing blanket like the one he had worn before. At once he tore his raven blanket and took the dancing blanket that hung before him. Behold it was no dancing blanket; there were only lichens on the trees. Now he saw that there were nothing but lichens. He sat down weeping. He took his raven blanket, tied it together again, and walked on, hungry and weeping.

4. Now he wanted to go to war. He met a pretty slave whose name was K'ixō'm. He took him along, and they eame to the house of a chief. The chief called to him, "Come in, my dear, if it is you who ate the scabs of Wâ'sɛ." Then he was ashaned. He entered with his

gnîs-halai'tg'ê. NLk''ēt g'îdi-dô'qL qāq. Lîg'i-lep-ngō't hwîla 1 his shaman's. Then he eaught ravens. Anything (he used)	
ia'tsl qāq. K''ē dôql annā'sl qāq. K''ēt an-dē-ts'Epts'ē'bEt, 2 to kill ravens. Then he took the skins of the ravens.	à d
at gula'L guîs-qā'qtg'ê. NLa sEm-ā'mL k'uL-iē'êt, t g'a'aL 3 he put on bianket his raven's. Then very weit about he walked,	
anna' guîs-halai't hwîl La gula'tg'ê. NLk''ēt ha'tsîk'sEm 4 a good blanket shaman's where (part.) he put it on. Then onee more	c
bîsbē'sı guîs-qā'qt. Nık''ēt gō'ul guîs-halai't sqa-ia'gat al 5 he tore his raven. Then he took the shaman's sideways it hung at hianket	
qâqt. Gwinā'dēL! nîg'idi nēL guîs-halai't. MELax'â'EstL gan. 6 his front. Behold! not it a hlanket shaman's. Lichens of a tree.	,
NLk''ēt hwîlā'x'L hwîl mELax'â'Est. NLk''ē d'āt aL 7 Then he knew it being liehens. Then he sat and	
wī-yē'tk"t. K''ēt gō'uL gwîs-qā'aqt at an-dē-ts'Epts'ē'bEt. K''ē 8	,
ha'tsîk'sem huX k'uL-iē'êt aL k'uL-wī-yē'tgum Xdax't. once more again about he went and about erying his hunger.	,
4. NLk''ē La hasa'qt dem k'uL-su-g'a'tt. K''ēt tq'al-hwa'L 10 Then (perf.) he desired (fut.) about murdering. Then against he found	,
ama' xa'E. K''ixō'mL hwat. K''ēt k'uL-stē'Elt. K''ēt 11 agood slave. K''ixō'm his name. Then about he accompanied him.	
hwa'del. hwîlpl k'îll sem'â'g'it. K'ē ts'elem-wô'ôl 12 they found the house one chief. Then into invited them	
sem'â'g'it: "'Ts'ē'nēn nāt, tsedat nē'en, la x-amâ'guaxdel 13 the chief: "Come in, my dear, if it is you, (part.) eat- seabs of lng	
Wâ'se." K'ē sem-lō-dz'â'qL qâ'ôdetg'ê. K'ē ts'ēnt qanl 14 Wâ'se." Then very in ashamed his heart. Then he entered and the	c

slave, and they sat down. The chief (a small bird) fed them. First they are salmon, then the waiters served crab apples mixed with grease. When Txä'msem saw this he became very desirous of eating it; therefore with a low voice he said to his slave, "Tell them that I like to cat what they have there." The slave said, "Oh, chief! he says he does not like to cat what you have there," and the slave are it all alone, and Txä'msem sat there looking on. He did not cat anything. After they had finished eating, they went out, Txä'msem first.

5. Then they came to a deep canyon. He took the dried stem of a skunk-cabbage (?) and laid it across. He made a bridge. Then he himself went across, and after he had done so he called K'ixō'm (that was the name of his slave) to come across; but the slave was afraid to follow Txā'msem. After a while, however, he followed him, and when he

- K•'ē Sem'â'g'idem x-mō'gut hwîl ts'ē'ntg'ê. 1 xa'E. hwa'ndet. eating rlpe (a bird) slave. they sat down. Chief where he entered. K's-qâkı hân g'ē'îpt, 2 K.'ē nkk 'et at
- 2 K'ë La hëyu'kt yō'ôg'ant. K's-qâkl hân at g'ë'îpt, nlk'ët Then (perf.) he hegan he fed them. First salmon he ate it, then
- môk^u. K∴ē g'a'as 3 Luwā'ilL t'êlg'a'detg'ê Layi tseda Lat mixed the waiters erab ripe. Then when (perf.) he saw apple
- 4 Txä'msem dem g'ē'bet, k''ē semgal abā'gaskut. Ni.qan txä'msem (fut.) his food, then much he was troubled. Therefore
- 5 hēt al xa'eg'ê al q'amtsen hē't: "Mā'ltsen gwîx'-g'ē'îpl he to the slave at secretly he said: "Tell fond of eating
- "Â, göst." 6 an-hwî'ns K√ē hēL xa'Eg'ê: sem'â'g'it! nē'gat not he says what they do that." Then said the slave: "Oh, chief!
- 7 g'idet gwîx'-g'ē'îpL sem'â'g'it tgōn an-hwî'nen." Nlk'ē fond of eating the chief this what you do." Then
- 8 lep-ne'l xa'eg'ê t'an g'ē'îpt q'am-k''â'l. K''ē k'ax-d'ā's him- he the slave who ate lt only one. Then only there sat
- 9 Txä'msem. Nî'g'i yō'ôxk't. NLk''ē k'si-Lô'ôdet al. la Txā'msem. Not he ate. Then out they went at (perf.)
- 10 Laxlä'xk"det. Nlk'ë k's-qâ'ôqs Txä'msem.
 they finished eating. Then first (went) Txä'msem.
- 11 5. Ni.k''ēt hwa'dēl hwîl iaga-lō-la'pl lô'ôp. Ni.k''ēt gō'ui Then he found where down in deep rock. Then he took
- 12 gwa'lk^uxanem hōk^u, k''ēt tsaga-sg'i't. At se-gā'ndet. K''ēt dry (a plant), then aeross he laid He made a stick. Then
- 13 lep-tsaga-yô'xkut. At Lēskul hwîlt, k''ēdet gun-tsaga-iē'ês
- 14 K-"ixo'm. K-"ixo'm hwat. xa'eg'ê. K-"ē xpetsa'Xı xa'eg'ê K-"ixo'm was the the slave. Then was afraid the slave
- 15 al dem dē-yô'xk"l, lē yôxk"s Txä'msem. Sī-gō'en, k*ē of (fut.) also to go, (perf.) went Txa'msem. After a while, then

reached the middle of the bridge it broke. He fell down into the canyon, and his belly burst. When Txä'msem saw what had happened, and saw the food of which he had not been able to partake, then he flew to the bottom of the canyon and ate the contents of the slave's stomach. He simply took the food with his hands. When he had finished eating, the slave arose and said, "He eats excrements." Then Txä'msem was ashamed. The slave recovered and parted company with Txä'msem.

Thus the slave found ont that it was Txä'msem. When the latter went about murdering he heard himself called very bad names. First the Bullhcad called him Giant, and then the chief called him

Eating-scabs-of-Wâ'se. He was again very hungry.

uks-iē't; Lat toward he when water went:	hwan se'lt he found the m	ukL gan,	k·'ē hē	Lā'gaL broke	gan. 1
	ntk ^u l xa'eg	·ê. K·'ē	sem-bē'sil much tore	bant.	K.'ē 2
tseda Lat (part.)	gʻa'as Txä'm saw it Txä'm			k 'et g	
wimä'x* La the food (perf.)	ax-g·ē'bEtg·ê	aL hwî	l xLuXt burst		i'wuL 4 nside
xa'Eg'ê. NLk the slave.	·'ē hwîl k		oā'ynkt al ^{flew} at	lō-d'ep- in down	
ts'Em-tsâ'Eg'ê.	K·'ēt g·ē'	îpl lō-hwi te it in wa	l'It aL qa	lâ'sL xa' stomach the	'Eg'ê. 6
At ksax-d'ô'qt He only took	aL an'o'nt	at gʻi'pt	g'ê. K''ē it. Then	La Lä'E when he fi	exk ^u t, 7
k·'ē haldem- then arose	ba'xL xa'Eg' the slave	ê. K·'ē . Then h	hēt: "Si-g e said: "No	ō'nı dē-l	hwî'lt 8
he eats excre- ments."	K·'ē dzâqL Then was	the heart Txi	i'msem. Ther	once i	v'sem 9
mâ'ôtk"L xa'i was well the	Eg'ê. K'ē slave. Then	ba'sîxk"det	qans Ta	Kä'msem. Txä'msem.	10
	wîtk ^u L came from	alō-d'ā'1.	hwîl Txä being Tx	'msemt ä'msem	hwîl 11 being
su-gʻa'ttgʻê 1 murdering w		a'ı. qabē'iı	huwa'm	had'a'xk	8.7
T Wîgʻa'tı k	rs-qâ'guni ētk	him the bullh	ā'it. NLk 'ē	sem'â'g ehie	
x-mō'gut t'an (eat- ripe) who	sa-hwā'det		a'lgwaxdEL scabs-of-	Wâ'sE. wa'sE.	NLa 14 Then
nēL hwîl k	a'tuL-Xda'x't.				15

6. Then he arrived at nnother village, and saw little children playing at the end of the town. They were throwing pieces of seal blubber at one another. He stepped among them and ate the blubber. He ate all the blubber which the children were throwing at one another. Then they wondered what had become of it. Txä'msem asked them, "Where do you get that blubber?" And they told him where they got it. They said, "We climb up a tree and throw ourselves down. When we strike the ground, we open our eyes and say, 'High piles of our blubber,' and immediately there are high piles of blubber." Therefore Txä'msem also climbed the tree. He threw himself down, saying, "High." Then the children looked and saw that he

- 6. NLk'ë huX k·'ēlL NLk'et nā-ba'xt aL qal-ts'a'p. out of he ran to again town. Then one hwîl qalā'qL k'ōpe-tk''ē'Lku g'a'aL ts'a'pg'ê. aL q'apL iittle children he saw where played at the town. end of 3 Max-hē'm 'ēlxL ha-hwî'ldet. Nē-is'ia'tst hēx'L ēlx. aL Aii fat seai they used. Each they other struck with fat of seal. 4 NLk 'e dē-lō-spagait-hō'kskut lâ'ôt. K·'ēt g'ē'îpL qa'ne-hwîla he was with them Then also in among aiways he ate them. 5 ēlx. NLk 'e qâ'ôdEL hēx'L ēlx, ha-ni-ya'tsL La La Then the when was finished the fat of the seal, (perf.) winat each to used other strike k'ope-tk'e'lku, nık'ë wôxwa'xdet hwî'l atse hwîh ēlx. ehiidren. then they wondered if where was the 7 NLk 'et g'ē'dexs Txä'msem hwîl de-wî'tk"det. tset (duhita-tive) Then asked Txä'msem they get it from. where 8 NLk 'et wî'tkutg'ê: "Men-lô'ônōm ma'Ldet hwîl al lax-ga'n, Then they told where they got it from: "Up wego at on tree, 9 k 'ē gulîk's-d'Ep-t'a'Lgōni. NLk''ē La ō'k'sem al lax-dz'ā'dz'îk's, selves down we throw. then Then when we drop at Oli 10 k 'e q'ā'axl ts'ā'lem. K'č 'GE-g'îpg'a'psı hwîl daxdô'xt gōn then open our eyes. Then ' High piies 11 aL hēEm g'apk's, dep hē'idenom. K·'ē ge-g'îpg'a'psL at fat high,' we say. Then high
- 13 dē-men-iē't at lax-ga'n. Ntk''ē dē-gulîk's-d'ep-ma'qst at and siso up he went at on free. Then also himself down he threw and 14 hē'tg'ê: "G'apk's." K''ē tat g'a'at k'ōpe-tk''ē'tk" hwîl

Niqan

Therefore

hwîls

he did

Txä'msem

Txa'msem

huX

also

tgön."

this."

daxdô'xL

piles of

hēx:

fat

12 hwîl

14 hē'tg'ê: "G'apk's." K'ē Lat g'a'aL k'ōpe-tk''ē'Lk" hwîl saw it the chidren where

was dead. They laughed at him and left him. After a while Txä'msem opened his eyes. He did not find anything to eat.

7. Txä'msem found another house which belonged to Chief Cormorant. The house was full of provisions, and he sat down and ate. Then he asked the Cormorant to join him in eatching halibut. Txä'msem did not catch anything, while Chief Cormorant eaught a great many. Then Txä'msem went up to him in the canoe. He took a louse from the Cormorant's neck, held it up to him, and said, "Open your mouth and I will put your louse into it." The Cormorant replied, "No! Put it overboard into the water." "You will not eatch anything if I put it into the water." Txä'msem urged him, "Put out your tongue and let me put it on." Then the Cormorant did so.

nô'ôt, k''ēt kusta'qsdēt al halā'yîxdet. Nlk''ē la de-q'ā'axl 1 he was then they left him and laughed. Then (perf.) also opened dead.
ts'ā'lîst Txä'msem, k''ē nî'g'it hwal lîg'î-ago'l dem g'ē'bet. 2
7. K'ë Lat huX hwas Txä'msem hwîlpL sem'âg'idem 3
hā'uts. Hēlī wunā'x al hwî'lptg'ê. Nīk''ē lō-d'ā't lâ'ôt 4 cormorant. Much food in his house. Then in he sat down
al yō'ôxk"t. Nlk''ē lat huX sä'lix't al dem ig'a't 5 and ate. Then (perf.) again be asked him to go with him to go with him
denit mu'kdēl txōx: Nlk'ē nî'g'idê môks Txä'msem, 6
ksax-sem'â'g'idem hā'uts hē'lder mukt. Nrk'ē na si-gō'n, 7
nlk'ë wusen-iä's Txä'msem al ts'em-mā'l. Nlk'ēt gō'ul 8 then along went Txä'msem in in the canoe.
ts'ēsk ^u al. t'Em-lā'nîx'l hā'uts. K''ē dEx-yō'gutg'ê: 9 a louse from the neck of the cormorant. Then he held it:
$ \begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$
"Nî'g'î," hēl hā'utsg'ê. "T'uks-ma'gal ts'Em-a'k's." "Nî'g'î 11
dem mō'gun, tse ndā t'uks-ma'gat ts'em-a'k·s." K·'ē 12 (fut.) you eatch, if someone out puts it in water." Then
gʻap-hä'qʻals Txä'nisem. "K'si-lô'ôdel dē'len dem lē-sgē'ist 13 much urged him Txä'msem. "Out put your tongue (fut.) on I lay it
lâ'ôt." NLk''ē hwîlL hā'utsg'ê. K'si-Lô'ôdEL dē'lîxt. 14 on it." Then did so the cormorant. Ont he put his tongue.

in it.

Tenő'k*Lenx

his name.

Aione stood

his house.

Then

He put ont his tongue. Txä'msem seized it and tore it out. Then the chief was dumb. They returned to the shore and quitted fishing. The Cormorant's wife went down to the beach, and Txä'msem said to her, "The chief fainted, and lost his speech." But Chief Cormorant said, "Gogogo!" "Now you hear he says that he caught all this halibut, but I eaught it." Yet he had not caught it. In this way the Cormorant lost his speech. Then they carried up the halibut, and Txä'msem told how the chief had lost his speech.

8. Txä'ınsem did another thing. He came to a chief, who called him into his house. His name was Tenō'k"Lenx. The house stood

1 NLk'ēt gō'ns Txä'msem dē'hîxtg'ê. K·'ēt k'si-mā't'ent. took Txä'msem his tongue. Then out lie tore it. K∙'ē nî'g'i a'lg'îxL sem'â'g'it. NLk 'ē tsagam-lō-ya'ltkudet. Then spoke the chlef. Then from sea to land not they returned. NLk 'e 3 Hānl ьē ig'am txō'x 'dēitg 'ê. La iaga-iē'êt fishing halibut They stopped (perf.) their halibut. Then when to beach went a'lg'îxs k·'ē 4 nak'sL hā'ntsg'ê, Txä'msem: "Guldā'ur the wife of the cormorant, then Txä'msem: said "Fainted a'lg'îxt." 5 sem'â'g'it tgona? GwâtkⁿL NLk 'ē a'lg'îxL La the chief this? It is lost (past) his speech." Then spoke hē'tg'ê: 6 sem'â'g'idem hā'nts, "Gôgôgô." "Wô. aL naxna'L! "Gô, gô, gô." the chief the and he said: "Now, hear! cormorant, gul-ganēl mō'gudel txō'x', tgön dēya'L hē'tsē. Alk'ē' all he caught halibut, this thus said he said. nē'e t'an mnkL an-hē't. Q'amgai't-nî'g'idi mnkL sem'â'g'it eaught what he said. Still eaught not the ellief Nda tgön. al nël dem gwâ'ôtk"l la a'lg'îxt ax-ımı'kt." qan this. He it is who (fut.) he lost his speecii therenot he caught." 10 NLk·'ē vnkt bax-dô'qdēL txōx'. La Nık"ē hēs Txä'msem (perf.) hegan up they took halihut. Then said Txä'msem 11 al sem'â'g'ît, la hwîl ynkt ma'LEL hwî'lL sem'â'g'ît the chief, (perf.) begin he told what did the ehief 12 gwâtk^uL a'lg'îx, al nak'st hwîl hē'tg'ê. it was lost the speech, to his wife when he said. 8. Ha'tsîk'sem huX k'ell hwîl hwîls Txä'msem. K∙'ēt Once more aiso one did Txa'msEm. Then 14 hwar hwîl lo-d'ā'L sem'â'g'it. K∙'ē hē'tg'ê dem lō-d'ā't he where in was a chief. Then he said (fut.) sit down found 15 lâ'ôt. Teno'k"LenxL hwat. Alō-hehē'tk"L hwî'lptg'ê. K•'ē

all alone. Txä'msem was very glad because he saw much food there. He ate there all the time. Then he saw Tenō'k Lenx's elub. It hung on the house post and was inlaid with abalone shell. Txämsem said, "He acts like a bad slave." He saw that the chief had large teeth. The chief arose and took the club, intending to kill Txä'msem, but he ran out of the house. Then Txä'msem spoke kindly, "I said you are acting nicely, Chief." Tenō'k Lenx said, "No, you said, 'He acts like a bad slave." "I shall not say so again, Chief. Let me sit near you." Then Tenō'k Lenx agreed. Txä'msem reentered the house and stayed there a long time. Now Txä'msem went into the woods near the house. He made a club of rotten wood. He pounded mussel shells and inlaid the rotten wood with it. Then he took Tenō'k Lenx's club

sem-tq'al-sī'ep'ens Txä'msem nē'tg'e at hwîl g'a'at wunä'x', 1 much against liked him Txä'msem him because he saw food,
qan hēt. K'ē qanē-hwîla yō'ôxk ^u t lât. K'ēt g'a'aL ha-q'alā'X. 2
Men-ia'gat at daganē'st hwî'lptg'ê, txa-belā'da. K''ē 3 Up it hung at the house post of his house, all abalone shell.
lō-a'lg'îxL qâ'ôts Txä'ınsem t hwîl g'ā'aL wī-wē'nL sem'â'g'it. 4 in said the heart of Txä'msem he when he saw the tooth of the chief.
K'ē haldem-ba'xl sem'â'g'it, at gō'ul ha-q'alā'X al deint 5 Then arose the chief, he took the elub to (fut.)
dzak ^u s Txä'msem. K'si-ba'xs Txä'msem. K'ē ama a'lg'îxs 6 kill Txä'msem. Out ran Txä'msem. Then well said
Txä'msem: "Āml hwî'lenest sem'â'g'it. Dēya'l qâ'dee." 7 Txä'msem: "Good you do so ehief. Thus said my heart."
K·'ē "Nî'g·i," hēs Tenō'kulenx. "'Had'a'xkul hwîll xa'e' 8 Then "No," said Tenō'kulenx. "'Bad did the slave'
mē'yaanîst." "Nī'g'î dem huX hēe, sem'â'g'it. Dem g'ap-k'nL-d'ā'nē 9 you said thus." "Not (fnt.) again I say, chief. (Fut.) really about 1 sit
awa'an." K''ēt anâ'qs Tenō'k"Lenxl hē'tg'ê. K''ē ha'tsîk'sɛm 10 your proximity." Then he agreed Tenō'k"Lenx he said. Then onee more
huX ts'ēns Txä'msem. K''ē nak"ı. lō-d'ā't. K''ē k'uL-iē's 11 again entered Txä'msem. Then long in he was. Then about went
Txä'msem at g'îlē'lîx. K''ē dzāpī ha'îx at se-qawā'x't 12 Txä'msem at inland. Then he made rotten at he elub made a
sel-lıwîl-g'a't'ent. K''ēt kulē-ax''ô'x'l qam-g'a'lis. K''ēt 13 to-being he made gether he be. Then all he pounded mussel sheli. Then
se-belā'del qawā'x'. K''ēt se-dä'xt, k''ēt gō'ul qawā'x's 14 he abulone the club. Then he it made fast, then he took the club of

and hung in its place the elib of rotten wood which looked like it. Then he hid Tenō'kulenx's elib, and sat down, and said again, "How bad aetś that slave to whom I came!" Then Tenō'kulenx rose. He took his elib, and Txä'insem ran out of the house. As soon as Tenō'kulenx eame outside he struck Txä'insem on the head, who said, "My brother is using a rotten wood club to kill me." Then he took Tenō'kulenx's own club and killed him. He threw the body on the beach. He stayed in the house and ate all of Tenō'kulenx's food.

9. Another time Txä'msem came to the house of the Seal. The Seal invited him in. He was eating salmon. He took a dish and placed it near the fire; then he held up his hands near the fire so that they grew warm. Then grease dripped from his fingers and ran into the

1	Tenő'k"Lenxt.	K·'ēt	ia'gai-lē-i	a'qL l	ep-qawā'	yîm	ha'îxt
					his elui		WOOG
	gether to be.	Then h	e hid the	club of	Tenő'k"Lenx		Then
3	he said (when)	c''ē'l hu onee aga	X d'āt:	"Had"	a'xg'îL	wālı.	XAE slave
4	den wâ'in." K" whom found Then	ē haldem-l rose		nō'k ^u LEnxt mō'k°Lenx.	At gō's	uL gav	vā'x'.
5	K'ē k'si-ba'xs Then out ran	Txä'msem			gʻalq, l outside,		ia'tss struck
6	Tenő'k"Lenx ť	Em-qē'st.	K.'ē l	nē'tg'ê: he said:	"Qawā'	yîm	hã'ya rotten
7	t liwilā'akudet hy what used on me m	va'tsēe." I	K·'ēt gō'u	L lep-qaw	vā'x's Tr	enō'k ^u L Tenō'k ^u l	
8	K'ēt ia'tss Ten	nö'k ^u LEnxt, ^{Enő'ku} LEnx,	k''ē sg	it nô'ô.	K.'ēt	iaga-n down	na'gat
9	at. g'ä'u. K'ē in front of the house.	lō-dzô'qs in he stayed	s Txä'ınsı t Txä'msı	Em al	hwîlpt.	At g	
10	wunä'x'. Lō-dza' the food. In he ate						
11	9. HuX hwā'i	s Txä'msi Txä'mse	Eni hwîl	pL ēlx. se of the seal.	K'ē w		ēlx seai
12	lâ'ôt. Hânı. g in it. Salmon i	ē'îpt. K'	en he tool	L ts'ak'	, k'ēt	sgʻit he laid it	aL at
13	lax-ts'ä'ı. lak ^u .	K.'ēt mei	n-dô'qī, a	in'ô'nt a	L gō'unt		lak ^u .
	on the edge the of fire.	Then np	he held	nis hand to	hit it	at	fire.
14	K·'ē ā'd'îk·sk ^u L	t'ē'lx grease f				lō-ma'e	

¹This sentence is in Tsimshian dialect.

dish. He gave it to Txä'msem to dip the salmon in the grease. Txä'msem ate the salmon with the seal blubber. He ate very much, and was satiated. Then he left. Now Txä'msem made a house. He finished it and invited the Seal to visit him. The Seal entered, and sat down in the rear of the house, and Txä'msem took a dish. He placed it near the fire and held up his hands so that they grew warm, but his hands were scorehed. Then Txä'msem turned back seeretly, erying, "Mmmmmmm!" When the Seal saw that Txä'msem was erying, he rose. There was no grease in the dish. Then he said, "He tries to imitate what I do." Txä'msem was aslamed. He put pitch on his hand because it huft. Then he said, "You ought not to try such things. You would better get food for me that I may eat." He was

t'ēlx al ts'em-ts'a'k, dem wutxs Txä'msem al hân. 1 grease toward in the dish, (fut.) to dip in grease Txä'msem (at) salmon.	L
K'ët g'ë'îps Txä'msemL hân. Qan-g'ë'îpder, t'ë'la ëlx. 2 Then ate Txä'msem salmon. With he ate the fat of seal.	3
K.'ē hēlt wunä'x. huX g.'ē'bet. K.'ē ts'ä'x.'tg.'ê. K.'ēt 3	3
k ^u sta'qsêt. K·'ē dē-dzā'ps Txā'msemī hwîlp al wagai-dō'u. 4 he left him. Then also made Txä'msem a house at ar.	ŀ
K'ē La Lēskul dzāpi hwîlp, k'ē dēt-wô'ôu ēlx. K'ē 5	5
$d\bar{e}$ -ts' \bar{e}' nı, \bar{e} lx. K' \bar{e} d' \bar{a} t aı, q' \bar{a} l \bar{a}' n. K' \bar{e} d \bar{e} t- $g\bar{o}'$ us 6 also entered the seal. Then he sat at in the rear of the house.)
Txä'msemı ts'ak'. K''ë dët-sg'it at awa'at lak". K''ë 7 Txä'msem a dish. Then also laid at the prox-the fire. Then	7
det-hal-dô'ql an'ô'nt. K''e lat guxl lak an'ô'ns Txä'msem, also along he held his hands. Then (perf.) struck the fire the hands of	3
k·'ē ts'Ex·ts'ā'Lk ^u L an'ô'nt. K·'ēt tgo-ya'ltk ^u s Txä'msem then it scorehed his hands. Then around turned Txä'msem)
q'a'nıts'En wi-yē'tk"t: "Mmmmm," dēya'. K.'ē haldEm-ba'xL 10 seeretly he cried: "Mmmmm," thus he said.)
ēlx, lat g'a'aL hwîl wi-yē'tk ^u s Txä'msem. Nî'g'i lō-g'ā'nı 11 the when he saw (verbal noun)	Ĺ
t'ēlx: al ts'ā'k'g'ê. K''ē a'lg'îxt: "Dem dē-yô'xkut la 12 grease in the dish. Then he said: "(Fut.) also he follows	}
hwä'lēe.'' K'e dzâqs Txä'msem. K'et sent-sg'a'ndel 13 what i do.'' Then was ashained Txä'msem. Then he put pitch on)
an'ô'ntg'ê al seingal aba'g'ask"t. K''ē lep-hē'tg'ê: "Se ā'ml 14 his hand for very he was troubled. Then him he self said: "You do well	ŀ
gwîx'-txâ'k'sEm dadī yō'ôxguē at ld'ä'gESEm." Aba'g'ask't 15 to be eating you when 1 eat you eat fast." He was troubled	•

14 an-sī'epenskut.

Then sat down

15 K·'ē

hls friend.

d'āL

greatly troubled, therefore he said so. He spoke to his hand. For that reason the hands of man are bent (in old age) to this day.

Txä'nisem went on, and came to a nice house. There he found Chief Ts'enk'oa'ts, who had stores of provisions. The chief invited in Txä'msem, who sat down. Then he ate salmon, good salmon. After he had eaten he drank water. Ts'enk'oa'ts took a nice dish, and stretched his foot out over the dish; then he took a stone, struck his ankle, and pulled out fish roe. He placed it before Txä'msem, who ate it. He was very glad. He left the house of Ts'enk'oa'ts when he had eaten enough. Then Txä'msem thought he would invite his friend to visit him. He made a house and invited in Ts'enk'oa'ts, who sat down. Then Txä'msem took a dish and stretched his foot out

hē'tg'ê. hwîlL hwîl 1 qan hē'tg'ê, an'ô'nL qan NLgan therehe said so, his hand (verbal he spoke. Therefore on acthey are count of hîxila'laganl an'ô'nL gō'Ensē. Delda'lbîk'sk^u g'at gōn. They shrink (his hands) bending_ the hands of man now. K√ē huX iē's Txä'msem. HuX hwa'itg'ê ama hwî'lpg'ê. again went Txä'msem. Again he found a good house. 4 HuX sem-k'a-hē'lL wunä'x'L sem'â'g'it. Ts'enk'oä'tsl very exceed- much ingly Again food of the chief. (A little bird) hwa'tg'ê. K∴ē wô'ôtk^uL Txä'msem. Ts'enk'oā'ts 28 Ama his name. Then invited Ts'Enk'oā'ts to Txä'msem. Well 6 d'ā'tg'ê. K·'ē x-hâ'ônt, liân, Läxkut. K•'e ama a'k'stg'ê. he finished Then he salmon, good salmon, he sat down. Then he drank. eating. gō'ııı. Ts'enk'oā'ts K 'et ama ts'a'k 'g 'ê. K·'ēt uks-Lô'ôdeL toward he the fire stretched Ts'Enk'oå'ts a good Then K·'ēt 8 asa'ēt. gō'uL K·'ēt lô'ôp. na-ô'yîL k ''ôq'ō'Ltg'ê. his foot. Then he took a stone. so that he it breaks struck it Then his ankie. 9 K'ēt k'si-sa'g'îL txa-k·'ē'Eltgum lān, län. Wī-hē'ltg'ê. Then out he spawn. It was much. spawn, a whole pulled Txä'msem. 10 sgrit K∙'ēt Txä'msem. as grips. Hē-yu'kt grips he laid Txä'msem. Then Txä'msem. ate it He was eating it 11 Txä'msem, k·'ē lā yō'ôxk^us Txä'msem, yukı k·'ē lö-ā'mı. Txä'msem, then (perf.) while was eating Txä'msem, then 12 qâ'ôtt. K·'ēt kusta'qstg·ê gwatsîks-tsa'ix al hwîlps Ts'enk'oā'ts. heart. Then he left very satiated the Ts'Enk'oā'ts. at house of 13 K·'ē huX Txä'msem dē-a'lg'îxL qâts aL demt wô'ôL again said the heart Txä'msem (fut.) to

K'ē dē-dza'pī hwîlpt.

K"ēt

Then

Then also he made a house.

Ts'enk'oā'tsg'ê.

Ts'Enk'oa'ts.

K'ē dē-wô'ôL Ts'Enk'oā'ts.

Txä'msem

Txä'msem

Ts'Enk'oā'ts.

ts'ak'.

a dish.

Then also he invited

gō'us

took

over the dish. He took a stone and struck his ankle. He fell down backward, and said, "Oh! I am dead; I am almost dead." Ts'enk'oa'ts said, "He tries to imitate me," and left the house. Then Txä'msem was ashamed. His foot was swollen.

He went on, not knowing which way to turn. He came to the house of Salmon-berry-bird, who invited Txä'msem in. Then he ate salmon. When he had finished eating, he drank. Now, Salmon-berry-bird took a nice dish. He wiped it out. Then he rose and said, "Miyâ'! Miyâ'!" He said so very often. Then the dish was full of salmon-berries. Txä'msem saw them and ate. Then he thought he would do the same. Secretly he took an unripe salmon-berry and put

$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$
K'ë dët-ô'x'L k'ôq'ō'Lt. K'ë haspa-Lâ'ôt aL hë'tg'ê: 2 Then also he struck his ankle. Then upside he down felt
"HaE! Nô'ôē gōn." Q'am-ts'ō'sk'L dEm wagait-nô'ôt gōn. 3 "Ha! I am now." Only a little (fut.) until he was now. dead
Hwîl hux hwî'ltg'ê. K''ē a'lg'ixL Ts'Enk'oā'ts aL hē'tg'ê: 4 He again imitated. Then spoke Ts'Enk'oā'ts and said:
"(Fut.) also he goes what l do." Thus he said he went out. Then
dzâqs Txä'msem. G'îtk"s asa'ētg'ê. was Txä'msem. It was his foot. swollen
K·'ē huX iä't qasbasa-k'uL-iē't. HuX hwa'yîL hwîlpL 7 Then again he astray about he went. Again he found the house of
sem'â'g'it. x-smiyâ'tk ^u sîL hwa'tg'ê. K''ē huX wô'ôtk ^u t 8 a chief. (Bird) his name. Then again he invited
as Txä'msem. K''ē Lat g'ēîpl hâ'ng'ê. K''ê Lä'Exkut, 9 to Txä'msem. Then (perf.) ate salmon. Then he finished eating.
k·'ē a'k·stg·ê. K·'ēt gō'uL x-smiyâ'tk ^u sîL ama ts'ak·. K·'ēt 10
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$
Hēlı liē'tg'ê al x-smiyâ'tk"st. K'ë mētk"l ts'ak al 12
mēg'â'ôqstg'ê. K''ēt g'a'as Txā'msem. K''ēt sg'i'tg'ê. 13 salmon-berries. Then saw it Txā'msem. Then he laid it down.
Hē-yu'kt g'ē'ips Txä'msem. K''ē huX dē-lō-a'lg'ixL qâ'ôtt 14 He was eating trä'msem. Then again also in spoke his heart
aL dem de-hwî'ltg'ê. Q'amgait q'a'mts'en dâ'gôL hwîl 15 to (fut.) also he does so. Before secretly he took being
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B. A. E., Bull. 27—02—4

it into his hand. He left the house. Then he made a house and invited in Chief Sahmon-berry-bird. He imitated him. He arose after having placed the unripe salmon-berry in his dish. Then he stood there and said, "Miyâ'! Miyâ'!" He said so very often, but there remained just as many unripe salmon-berries in the dish as he had put in. He placed the dish before Chief Salmon-berry-bird, who rose, saying, "He tries to imitate me." Then Txä'msem was ashamed. He did not imitate any more.

10. He went on, not knowing which way to turn. Behold, he came out of the woods to a large town. There were poople in front of the town fishing for halibut. Txä'msɛm thought, "They have much bait, and I will eat it." He dived, and he saw the bait. He took it from

1	ax-dē-mîx·môk ^u not also ripe	L mēg`â'qst	lō-dâ'yit in he laid them	ts'Em-an'ô'ntg'ê.	K·'ē
12	k saXt aL	hwî'lpg'ê. H	uX dē-dzi gain also he	ā'pL hwî'lpg'ê. made a house.	K·et
	again he invited	the ehief	x-smiya'tkus	s. K. det-l	he did the same as
			up.	grê. la'gait-le	put
				ts'Em-ts'a'k'tg'ê.	
	up			Wī-hē'ld hē'tş Much he se	
				ô'gum mēg'û'ôq e salmon berr	
	in dish.	Then also he la	id he- fore	n'â'g'idem x-smiy the ehief x-smi	ya'tkus.
9	K.'ē haldem-b	a'xL SEm'â'g'ii the ehief.	t. A'lg'îxt	g·ê: ''Dem dē- i: ''(Fut.) also	yô'xk ^u t he wil [*] go after
10		K.'ē dzâqs ' Then he was ashamed		qâ'ôdEL hwîl hy it was finished	
	Then	again not knowing	about he	Gwinā'dēL, v Behold, la	vī-ts'a'p a town
	hwîl na-ba'xt. where out of he ran, woods	Behold,	a canoe at	gī'ikc qa-ig'a't front of the village fishing halibut	(plural)
				'ē lō-a'lg'îxL en in said	O'A
14	Txä'msem: "H	Iē'ldem ar na ^{Mueh} bo	axs dep-go	st an dem g	r'ē'îpt.'' to eat.''
15	NLqan hwî'ltg' There- fore he did so	ĉ. Sō'uqsk ^u t ts ne dived	s'Em-a'k's. in the wa	Gwina'del, naxl Behold, the bait	gʻa'at. he saw it.

the hook and ate it. He went from one hook to the other, eating all the bait. Then the bait of all the fishermen had disappeared, but they did not know how it had happened. Finally one of the men caught Txä'msem's jaw. His jaw was caught on one of the hooks. Then the fisherman pulled. Txä'msem was pulled up, although he was resisting. He could not take the hook out of his mouth. He held on to the rocks at the bottom of the sea. Then he was hauled up with the fish line. The fishermen came together and they all hauled the fish line. Txä'msem said to the rocks at the bottom of the sea that they should help him, and finally he said to his jaw, "Break off, jaw! I am getting tired." Then his jaw broke off. When the fishermen saw the great jaw with a long beard, some of them laughed, but others were seared. They went ashore, and all the people assembled in the

$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	L
nax, at g'ē'îpt. K'ē sagat-qâ'ôdel naxl qa-ig'a't. K'ē 2 bait, he ateit. Then entirely was finished of	3
gawaxwa'xdēit al hwî'ltg'ê. Sem-inô'k''i k''âll g'at x'pā'ns 3 they wondered what happened. Really caught one man the jaw of	3
Txä'msem. Lō-hō'ksk ^u l ig'a' al x'pa'us Txä'msem. 4 Txä'msem. In it was the halibut at the jaw of txä'msem. 4 Txä'msem.	Ł
Sem-dā'mgant. K'ē g'îdi-qā'k'sk's Txā'msem. Aqt-hwîla 5 Strongly he pulled. Then trying was dragged to be stopped Txā'msem. With- (verbal out noun))
k'sE-gō'ul ig'a' al ts'Em-ā'qtg'ê, at hwîl iaga-dô'ql 6 off he took the hook at in his mouth, he being down he held to	3
leplô'ôp at ts'eō'yuX at qan-lemâ'mtg'ê. La k'ē 7 the rocks at the bottom of sea for means helping. (Perf.) then	7
dā'mganskul lax-ha'ye al môo'lku. K'ë sagait-ië'l qa-ig'a't 8 he was pulled on top at the fish line. Then together went the fishermen	3
at dā'mgandēL môo'lk". K''ē dē-hwî'ls Txā'msem at 9 they pulled the line. Then on his did so Txā'msem at)
ts'eō'yuX at dexdô'qL leplô'ôp qan-Lemâ'mtg'ê. K''ē hēs 10 the bottom of he holding the stones means of helping. Then said)
Txä'msemg'ê al k'pa'ôt: "K'si-bē'sen k'pa'ô la dem 11 to jaw: "Out tear jaw (perf.) (fut.)	L
gwâtk ^u l qâ'ôdēe.'' K''ē sa-bē'sîl x'pā'nt. K''ēt g'a'al 12	3
qa-igʻa'ı. wī-kʻpā'o wī-max-iē'mq. Kʻēt halā'gʻîxdēit. Lagats'ōʻnt 13 the the jaw great all beard. Then they laughed. Some of them	3
laxbeits'e'wut. K''e tsagam-ho'un qa-ig'a't. K''e sagait-ie'n 14 were scared. Then ashore escaped the fishermen. Then together went	Ł

chief's house. There they looked at the great jaw. Txä'msem went ashore, coming out of the water. He was greatly worried. Then he repented and said, "I am always doing this to myself." He arrived at the town while the people were looking at the great jaw in the chief's house. Txä'msem entered and sat down near the door. He saw the people looking at the great jaw. He held his blanket over his mouth to cover his lost jaw. When he saw his own great jaw he stretched out his hand, saying, "Give it to me." He took it and looked at it, turning it over and over, examining it. Then he put it on and ran out, and the people said, "That is Txä'msem, the cheater!" Then Txä'msem was well again.

11. Txä'msem went on. He was very hungry, and he saw a steelhead salmon jumping in the river. Then he devised a plan. He

1	g'at at hwîlpt. sem'â'g'it, at g'a'adēt. wi-k'pā'o. K'ē the to the house the chief. they they saw the jaw. Then people
	spi-iä's Txä'msem an ts'em-a'k's. Aba'g'ask't an hwî'ltg'ê.
3	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$
	gōn." K'ē na-ba'xt al qal-ts'a'p. La he-yu'kt g'a'al g'atl this." Then out he ran to the town. Then they began to see it the people
5	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$
6	K'ē dē-d'ā't at ā'dz'ep. K'ēt g'a'at hwîl ā'lg'alt g'at Then also he sat down at the door. Then he saw (verbal noun) examined it the
7	wi-x'pā'ot. Men-lô'ôdes Txä'msem gula't at ia'Xl., hwîl the jaw. Up pushed Txä'msem his blanket to hide it, being
8	ax-k'pā'utg'ê. K''ēt q'am-Lô'ôdel an'ô'ntg'ê, al lat liwal with his jaw. Then just he stretch-out ed out
9	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$
10	k'wa'ts'ik's-tgo-ma'gat; at lā'ag'alt. Sā-lō-d'ē'st at læp-k'pā'ut. much around he turned it; he examined it. Sud-in he denly pushed it
11	Hwîl k''ē k'si-ba'xt. Hwîl k''ē hēL hē'ldem g'a'tg'ê: "La then out he ran. Then they said many people: "(Perf.)
12	huX nē'd as Txā'msem, gwîx'-iā'mq'asgu't.'' K'ē mâtkc again it is he Txā'msem, the cheater." Then he was well
	Txä'msem.

11. La ië's Txä'msem. K.'ē K·'ēt semgal Xdax t. g'a'aL (PerL) he went Txä'nisem. Then very he was Theu he saw 15 hwîl göksL se-wusen-xô'ôsk"t. melē't. Nīk'ē NLk 'et where jumped a steel-head Then he made up his mind. Then

kieked a roek and made a deep hole. He said with a loud voice, "Steel-head salmon, hit my heart." After he had said so he sat down quietly. The steel-head salmon hit his heart, and Txä'msem lay there dead. After a little while he opened his eyes and he saw that the salmon had jumped over the hole that he had made. Then he kicked the roek a second time, and he again told the salmon to hit his heart. He sat down again and the same was repeated. He told the salmon to hit his heart, and it did so. Again he was dead. After a while he opened his eyes and saw the salmon lying in the hole near the water. He rushed down to eatch it, but he could not reach it. He kieked the roek a third time, and sat down again. Then he told the salmon to hit his heart. It did so, and again he was dead. His heart

gʻîdi-kʻLa'qsı.	lô′ôp.	Nr levia	wī-lō-La'j	ol lô'ôp.	Nık.'ē	4
right he kicked		Then			Then	1
there			0			
a'lg'îxtg'ê.				e, melē't!''¹	Lēsk ^u L	2
he spoke.	He shouted:	"Hit	my hear	t, steel-head salmon!"	He finished	
hēt, k·'ē	ama d'ā't.	K·'ēt	guXL mi	elē'tu qâ'ôdet	. K.'ē	3
he then	well he sat down.	Then		teel-head his hear	rt. Then	
nô'ôt. K·'ē	La q'ā'axL	ts'a'elt		nô'ôt. K·'ēt	gʻa'aL	4
he was Then dead.	(perf.) he	his eyes		he was Then	he saw	•
melē't La	opened t'uks-da'uı	t K∘ē	t huX	gʻîdi-kʻLa'qsL	lô/ôn	5
the steel- (perf.)				right he kieked	A /	U
	C'ē ha'ts'îk's	sem huX	hē'tg'ê a	it gun-gō'ol	qâ'ôdet	6
a second Ti	hen onee mo			he eaused to hit		
al melē't.	K·'ē huΣ	C ama	d'ā't. H	IuX hō'gʻig	rat La	7
at the steel- head salmon.	Then again	n well		gain like		
waten-hwî'lt.	Nık'ë h	uX a'lg	îxt at gu	ın-gō'uL qâ'ôc	det al	8
formerly he did.		gain he sp		ise to hit his he		
melē't. K.	ē buX by	vîlt. mel	ē't. K·'ē	huX nô'ôt.	K ∘ē	9
the steel- The	n again he	did so the s	teel- Then	again he was	Then	
head salmon. La ha'tsîk's	em huX	head se	_{dmon.} ts'a'elt, ni	dead.	ou5/4	10
when once more		he opened		${ m k}$ ${ m k}$ ${ m i}$ ${ m l}$ ${ m i}$ ${ m l}$ ${ m in}$ ${ m hen}$ (perf.) in h		10
lō-ks-g·ē'wît.	At ora/at.		k 'ē ino	a-hē'tk ^u t al.	deint	11
in the lowest			onee down	to he to	(fut.)	
gō'ut. K·	ēt sg'ōk'st	aL		o'ut. K.'ēt	huX	12
take it. The			(fut.) he	took it. Then	again	
gʻîdi-kʻla'qsl	lô'ôp.	Nel gu	lā'alt. K	'ē huX d'ā	it; k·'ē	13
right he kieked	the stone.		hird time. Th		sat then	
huX hēt	at gnn-gö'u	L qâ'ôdE	t. K·'ē	huX hwîlL		14
again he said			rt. Then	again did so	the steel- ead salmon.	

¹This sentence is in Gitkean dialect.

was swollen. Then he opened his eyes again, and saw the salmon which lay right in the middle of the rock. He went down slowly and caught it.

12. Now he did not know how to prepare his food. So he sat down and defecated. Then he asked his excrements, "What shall I do, my exerements?" They said, "Steam it in a hole." Then he cut wood, but while he was doing so he forgot what he was to do. Then he sat down again and defecated. Only a little came ont. He asked, "What shall I do, my excrements?" They said, "Steam it in a hole." They spoke in a low voice. Now Txä'msem gathered stones, and he said all the time, "Steam it in a hole." He said it as though he was singing.

1 K.'ē g'itk"L huX nô'ôt. gâ'ôdet hwî'ltg ê. K∙'ē 1.9. aT. Then he was (perf.) it swelled his heart he did so. agaln at Then dead. huX gō'yiL melē't, K·'ē 2 huX hwîlL -qâ′ôdet. huXq'ā'axL the steel head salmon, again did so again he hit his heart. Then again heopened Lō-sg'ī't al lo-ks-sē'lgut lô'ôp. 3 ts'a'elt. k·'ēt g'a'aL melē't. he saw then the steel his eyes, head salmon. 4 K.'ē iaga-iä'êtg'ê. Hagul-hwî'ltg'ê. K·'ēt gō'nL melē't. Then down he went, Slowly he did so. Then he took the steel head salmon K∴ē iä'êt. Then he went. K 'ē aqt-hwîla dzā'bet demt g·ē'îpt. aLNLk'ē d'āt to make Then with-being (fut.) his food. to Then out down g·ē'daxL "Ago'ı al sipa'ntg'ê. K•'ēt sipa'nt: dem hwî'lēE he defecuted. he asked "What to Then his (fut,) I do exerements: g'uā'tsēE!" K•'ē a'lg'îxL "Sā'lebel!" LE. sipa'ntg'ê: K∙'ē Then spoke his excrements: "Steam it in a Then 9 sa-â'Lkutgrê. Hē-yukt sa-â'ôLkut, k•'ē t'ak'ı. dem hwî'ltg'ê. he fire-made wood, Beginning he (fut.) then he did. forgot 10 K·'ē K'ē ha'ts'îk'sem lîg'i-k'uL-d'ā't. huXd'āt. K·'ē huX Then any- about he where sat, Then once more again Then again ā'd'îk'sk"ı. k'saXt; Lgo-ts'ō'osk'L k'saXt. K \cdot 'ē hnXout it went; little small it went out. Then again 12 bēt: "Ndar hwî′lēE g'ua'tsēE?" dem K·'ē LE, Lgo-a'lg'îxL he sald: "What (fut,) 1 do (perf.), my exere-ments?" little it spoke Then g'ua'tst: "Sā'lebel." Ts'ösk'ı. a'lg'îxt. K·'ēt sagait-dô'qs "Steam it in a Little it spoke, Then together took hole. 14 Txä'msem lô'ôp. K'ē qa'ne-hwîla "Sä'lebel!" a'lg'îxt: K·'ē

always

he spoke:

"Steam it ln a hole!"

Then

stones,

Then

He made a song of the words, "Steam it in a hole." When the hole was hot he went to gather leaves of the skunk-cabbage to eover it. Then he cut the salmon lengthwise and put it on top of the leaves in the hole. A stump lay near the hole. Then he took part of the salmon out and said to the stump, shaking the salmon, "I am sure you envy me, Stump." Then he went to get some more leaves which were to serve as his dish. After he had left, the Stump moved and sat down on top of the hole. Now Txä'msem returned to eat. Behold, the Stump was sitting on the hole. Then he opened his mouth and cried on account of his food. He took a long lever and turned the Stump over. Behold, it had eaten all the salmon. Then he hit the Stump with stones, and turned it all over with his lever until the Stump was broken. It was quite rotten. He found a few small.

hō'g igat		hē'tg'ê,		hwîl being	k*'ē'	an-nrE-l		aL 1
"sā'lebel!"	К.'ē г	a gʻaml	9n	dê/Irm	ta tâ	k•'ē		. =
"steam it in a hole."	Then wh		the ho			then	he made le skunk-eal	eaves
ar dem b	nâ'yaEm s	ā'lept.	K·'ēt	hadî:	x'-qō'ts	st mel	ē't. 1	ζ .'ē 3
to (fut.)	use of	steaming.	Then	length	wise he e	ut the stee	el-head T	Then
txa-lē-ba'Lt	an la:	x-ō'L an	-sā'lep				an-sā'l	Ept 4
all on he spread	on on		hole for teaming.	C	close by	was	the hole	
al awa'al	aın-hā'	ts'. K''è	ēt k	si-gō'u	ıL q'	apl me		₹.'ē 5
at the prox- imity of		The	n ou	t he too		e end the		Then
hē'tg'ê al	am-hā't	s': "Nō'	mdzîk	·s, hi	its';"	dēya',	at sā'v	wul 6
he said to	the stum	p: "You m	ust envy	me, st	ump;"	thus he said,	he she	ook
melē't. K	·'ē huX	iē'êt al	se-hi	ina'qt	aL	dem w	â'ôst.	NL 7
the steel- The head salmon.	en again	he to i	make le skun	eaves of k cahhas	to ge	(fut.) h	is dish.	That
qalā'nt, k	·'ē lē-gi		am-há			ın-sā'lepi	L mE	
after, t		erawled	the stu	mp	on	the hole for steaming		
Krē lō-y	ra'ltk ^u t	al dei	n yā	ō'ôxk ^u t	t. G	winā'dēL		$^{\circ}$ $^{\circ}$ $^{\circ}$ L 9
Then he	returned	to (fut.	.)	eat.		Behold,	on	sat
ani-hā'ts' a		-sā'lept.						wîl 10
	S	e hole for teaming.		his mot	ith	eryi:	ng	
he did so (fu		. K·'ēt	gō'ι he to		gan, stick.		qē'm Eg	,
							he turned with lev	er
wī-anı-hā'ts'		dēL, dza 1, he ate :						C'ēt 12
great							_	hen
k"Lē-ax''o'x			16'6			'uL-qam-		
all he hit		ump wit					over with	lever.
K·'ē g'usg		ı'ng•ê an						pe. 14
Then was b	oroken tl	e suck we	en rotter	11.	Theu	he found	sn	ıall

pieces of fresh salmon. He put these into his month and he was very langry while doing so.

13. He went on toward the sea and entered the house of the Grizzly Bear. He asked him to join him in catching halibut, but the Grizzly Bear said that he had no bait. Txä'ınsem replied, "We will use our own bodies as bait; we will use our testicles." He carried the tail of the steel-head salmon. Txä'ınsem went down to the water and took the canoe of the Grizzly Bear. While he was doing so, the Bear rose and went into the canoe, and they started for the fishing bank. Now they reached it, and Txä'ınsem pretended to cut off his penis and to tie it on to his hook for bait. The Grizzly Bear saw the act, but was afraid to do the same. He was surprised at what he saw Txä'ınsem doing. The latter urged him, saying, "Go ou, do the same;" but the

- 1 gatepte'tgum k'sa-hâ'n. K''et lo-d'a'telt at ts'em-a'qt at fresh salmon. Then in he put it at in his mouth
- 2 sem-Xda'x t at hwî'ltg ê.
- 3 13. K''ē ha'ts'îk'sEm huX ië'êt al. anō-lax-mô'ônl. qâ'ôt.

 Then once more again he went to toward on sea he went.
- 4 K''ē ts'ēnt ar hwîlpr lig''ē'Ensk". K''ēt sä'lîx'r lig''ē'Ensk"

 Then he entered at the house of the grizzly bear. Then he bade the grizzly bear
- 5 at dem ig a't. "Aqt-nā'em," dēya't lig 'ē'ensk". "Dem to (fut.) eatch halihut. "With- bait we," thus said the grizzly bear. "(Fut.)
- 6 lep-hwa'yîmı dem nā'em," dēya's Txä'msem. "Dem nā'em selves we find (fut.) our hait," thus said Txä'msem. "(Fut.) our bait
- 7 g'a'lpnōm." K'ē k'uL-yu'kdēL wī-La'tsxL mɛlē'tg'ê. Nık'ē our testieles." Then about he carried the tail of great the steel-head saimon.
- 8 siyû'ôtk^us Txä'msEm at iaga-gō'un mālı lig''ē'Ensk".

 Txä'msEm to down take the canoe of the grizzly bear.
- 9 K''ē haldem-ba'xı. lig''ē'Ensk" at hwîls Txä'msem. K''ē the grizzly bear at he did so Txä'msem. Then
- 10 tiks-hē'tkudēt an an-ī'g'a. K''ē na lē-g'â'ôdēt, k''ēt sa-q'ō'tsn out to they stood to the place of halihut fishing. Then (perf.) on they were there,
- 11 lep-gan-dede'lîst lep-sma'x tg ê. K 'ēt lē-da'k 'LL naxt, k 'ēt his own own fesh. Then on he tied his hait, then
- 12 gʻa'aL ligʻ'ē'Ensk". Kʻ'ē xpEdz'a'Xt aL dEnı dē-hwî'lt. saw it the grizzly bear. Then he was afraid at (fut.) also he does
- 13 Lō-sanā'ık"t hwîls Txä'msem. K·'ē hä'q'als Txä'msem:

 He was astonished he did so Txä'msem. Then nrged him Txä'msem:
- 14 "Gwô'ôm, laô'n dē-hwî'len!" K'ē semgal xpedz'a'xL "Go ahead, to you also do it!" Then very afraid was

Grizzly Bear was afraid to do so. Then Txä'msɛm pushed his knife along the canoe, handing it to the Bear. Now the Bear cut off his penis, and he fainted. When he felt that he was dying, he made a rush at Txä'msɛm, trying to kill him, but Txä'msɛm jumped into the water and dived. He clung to the bow of the canoe, and when he knew that the Bear was dead, he boarded the canoe again. He went ashore and stepped up to the Bear's wife.

He put stones into the fire and told the female Grizzly Bear to swallow the hot stones. He said that the wives of those who do not catch anything must do so, and she was to do so, because her husband had not caught any halibut. The chieftainess trusted him. Txä'msem took up the stones with tongs. He told her to open her

lig·'ē'Enskug·ê		also he	î'lt. K'does Th	en alc	sen-ma'gas	1
Txä'msem ha-I	LEbē'îsk ^u a knife				ensk ^u La	2
hwî'ltg'ê. K.'ē he did so. Then	dēt-q'ō'tsL	lig .'ē'Ens	sk ^u L La bear (past)	gan-dede	lîst. K·'ē	3
nô'ôL lig 'e'Ens he was dving the grizzly t	sk ^u . Lat'	baqL he felt	dem l	heing he	'ôt, k.'ē dies, then	4
wusen-hē'tk"t al			i'msem. xä'msem.		of dived	5
Txä'msem ts'en	n-a'k's. I	K. et g.		îk'sk"L	gʻits'ä'gal	6
māl. K'ē La	nt hwîlā'	x L hwî	l nô'ôL dead	lig·'ē'En	sk ^u , k'ē bear, then	7
	X maxk ^u t	al ts'en	n-mā'l. I	K.'ē' tsag	ain-hē'tkut.	8
	aL awa' to the pr		L lig.'ē'			9
K°ē txä'ldeL Then he put into	lô′ôp.	K·'ē hēt	demt		hana'gam the female	10
lig*'ē'Ensku g*s	ı'mg'îm	lô'ôpg'ê.	K·'ēt	mäLt he told	gʻap-hwîla really	11
hwî'll nak'sl does so the wlfe of	ax-mō'g	ut, aL	hwîl ^{cause}	ax-mō'k"I	nak'sL the hus- band of	12
	'ē'Ensk". grizzly bear.	K·'ē Then	ax`iâ'ksk ^u I trusted			13
K·'ēt hākuls '		lô'ôpg ·ê	aL gant		gun-q'a'kL he her to caused open	14

mouth and he put the hot stones into it. Then she tumbled about, and Txä'msem hit her all over while she was doing so until she was dead. Hé walked down at once and took the Bear that he had killed first out of the canoe. He cut him first, and then his wife. Both the Bears were dead. He stayed there for many days eating. When he had eaten all the provisions of the Bear, he left again, not knowing where he went.

14. Then he went out of the woods and came to a house, the house of Little Pitch, who was rieh, and lived there with his wife. Then Little Pitch invited him in and he ate. When he was satiated, he slept. Then he said that they would go to eatch halibut. Little Pitch was willing, and said to him, "It is not good for me to be out after sunrise.

	sig'idEmna'qg'ê. K''ēt the chieftalu- ess.			
2	k'ırL-qaba'ksk"ı. sîg'idemm about tumbled the chie	ftain- Ti	'ēt kuLē-ia'	tss Txä'nısenı, her Txä'msem,
3	La k'uL-qaba'ksk'ut. K while about she tumbled. Th	'ē nô'ôt. ien she died.	Hwîl k	'ë iaga-ië'êt.
4	NLk 'et uks-go'nL wi-lig	gʻ'ē'Ensk ^u L grizzly bear	$_{(perf.)}^{L\bar{e}}$ k*s-qâ';	gum dza'k ^u det. he had killed.
5	K'e belba'lt, qanl h	iuX k''ä'g also one	ul. T'epxā'	tı. ligʻ'ē'Ensku grizzly bears
6	gul-gadā'wut. K'ē nak"L both were dead. Then long	yō'ôxk ^u t,	at g'ē'îpt	al wi-he'ldel many
ĩ	sa. $K^{*}\bar{e}$ dzaL wnnä'x'L days. Then be ate all the food of	lig 'ē'Ensk the grizzly b	ug 'ê. K 'ēt	huX ksta'qsît;
8	q'asbasa-iä'êt. astray he went.			
9	14. K.'ē huX ua-ba'xt Then again out of he woods ran	al k. ell to one	hwîlp; liwî	lps Lgo-sgra'n.
10	Ama hwî'l qant n	nak st lō-l	bagadē'l.	K'ë hë-yukl Then began
11	wô'ôtk ^u s Lgo-sg'a'n lâ'ôt invited llttle pitch to him		yō'ôxk"tg ê.	K·'ē ts'äx·t. Then he was satiated.
12	K. Then in he slept in it.	K'ë hëL Then he said	dem igra	a't an denut
13	mok ^u l txöx'. K'ë sa cateh habbut. Then was	xk ^u s Lgo- willing little	-sg'a'n. K'	'ē k's-qâ'gum en first
14	a'lg'îxs 1.go-sg'a'n as	Txä'msem	"Nîgri	ā'mē atseda

Txa'msem:

"Not

when

I good

little pitch

to

I must return while it is still chilly. I shall have enough by that time." Txä'msem replied, "I shall do whatever you say, Chief." Little Pitch said, "Well!" Then they started for the fish bank. They fished all night. When the sun rose Little Pitch wanted to go ashore, but Txä'msem said, "I enjoy the fishing. Lie down in the bow of the canoe and cover yourself with a mat." Little Pitch did so. Then Txä'msem said, "Little Pitch!" "Heh!" he replied. After a while Txä'msem called again, "Little Pitch!" He answered again in a loud voice. After some time Txä'msem called again. Then Little Pitch's voice was weak. Now Txä'msem hauled up his line and paddled home. He pretended to paddle strongly, but he put his paddles into the water

k'si-gwa'ntk"L	Lôqs. Q'aē-gu he sun. Still	gunä'gamk's, ehilly,	k''ē huX then again	k 'a'tsguē. I land.	1
Āmi qapē'il t	mâ'guēE." K·'	ē a'lg'îxs T	xä'msem: ' Txä'msem:	'Lîg'i-agō'ı. "Whatever	2
dem hē'nîst, s (fut.) you say,	sem'â'g'ît, den chief, (fut.)	hwî'lēe."	K·'ē hēs Then said	Lgo-sg'a'n: little pitch:	3
"Mell!" K'ë	sig 'â'ôtk"det they started	aL ig*a'de to fish halibu	et dem (fiit.)	dE-mu'kdel	4
txōx'. K'ē halibut. Then					5
k de hes Lgo- then said little	sgʻa'n dem pitch (fut.)	tsagam-g 'a'no they g	det. K.'ē	mgʻi hēs	6
Txä'msem: "Q	l'aē-hē-yu'kı. a till beginning	/k·sdan niō/g sweet i c	guēe. Q'am atch. Only	-lō-g*ä'ELEn in lie down	7
al g'ilâ'nest.	Qōlk·sk ^u L s Cover yourself with	sqā'nae.'' K	·'ē hwîls	Lgo-sg 'a'n.	8
K'ē hēs I	Txä'msem:	Lgo-sg a'n!"	"Heh!"	${ m S}$ i- ${ m g}$ ö $^{\prime}{ m E}{ m n}$	9
k 'ē huX l then again s	hēs Txä'mse said Txä'msen	m: "Lgo-s "Little	g'â'n!" K pitch!" Th	en huX 1	10
gwâ'ôtk ^u s Lgo- answered little	-sg a'n; ama piteh; well	gwâ'ôtk ^u t.	K.'ēll hu	X ä'êsk ^u s 1 ore called	11
Txä'msem. K	·'ē alî'sk ^u L en weakly	hēs Lgo-s	gʻa'n. Kʻ	ēt sa'g'îs l	12
Txä'msemL iş	gʻa't. Hwîl is hook Ato	k·'ē' hw once he pa	āx t. Tsag	am-hwã'x 't. 1	13
K'e nî'g'i l	hō'g îxı lıwāz	ct, hali-gra	he put hi	wāx't. AL 1 s paddle. At	14
sem-dax-g a'dem very strongly	n hwäx t, he paddled,	k 'ē bēk'	hwî'ltg	Then	15

13 ts'ā'Eltg'ê.

his face.

14 K·'ē lē-d'ā's Txä'msem

on sat

Gwinā'dēL,

Behold,

Txä'msem

edgewise. Again he called, "Little Pitch!" "Heh!" Little Pitch replied, but his voice was very weak. Then Txä'nısem knew that Little Pitch was dying. Behold, pitch came out and ran over the halibut where Little Pitch died. Therefore the halibut is black on one side.

That is the end of another adventure of Txä'msem. He always ate all the food of the chiefs. He killed two chiefs, Grizzly Bear and Little Pitch.

15. He did another thing. He found the town of the air. He saw houses, and heard people saying, "The chief is coming," but he did not see anyone. A man said to him, "Enter the house of the chief." Then he entered. He walked proudly and erect. Behold, a mat was being spread for him on one side of the house. Txä'msem sat down on it. Behold, a box opened of itself and salmon came out

1 ētk"s Lgo-sg'a'n: "Lgo-sg'â'n!" "Gū!" ts'ōsk'ī, am-hē't. K·'ēt little pitch: "Little pitch!" "Heh!" little voice. Then ealled 2 hwîlā'x's Txä'msem nô'ôs La Lgo-sg'a'n. Gwinā'dē, sg an (perf.) Txä'msem dead little pitch. Behold, pitch 3 La ā'd'îk'sk"t aLlax-ō'L txōx', nô'ôs La Lgo-sg'a'n. (perf.) came at on top of the died little pitch. 4 NLqan hwîlL txōx. stex-t'ō'tskul an-stô'ôt gō'Entsē. Therefore halibut half black its one side now. k·'ēlL HuXsa-ba'xL hwîls Txä'msem. Q'anı-dzîdza'll Again the end of one did Txä'msem. Only 6 wunē'x'L semg'ig'a't an-hwî'ntg'ê. La bagadē'lı. semgigia't the food the ehlefs what he did. (Perf.) two 7 ia'tstg'ê; lig 'e'Ensk" Lgo-sg'a'n. gans he killed; the grizzly bear little pitch. and 15. HuX k'ēll hwî'ltg'ê. K·'ēt ha. hwaL ts'apL K'sEXhe did. Then he found the town the 9 huwî'lp, al'a'lg'îxL "A'd'îk'sk"L qanL Naxna'yît: grat. and they He heard: "There comes people. talked hấ'n." K'ē 10 sem'â'g idest, nî'g ît g'a'aL g'aL hē'tg'ê lâ'ôt: the ehief, hâu." Then he saw the man not who to him: 11 "Aml dem ts'ent al hwîlp, sem'â'g'idest." K'e ts'e'ntg'ê. he en-(fut.) at the house, the chief." Then 12 "G·ī, sem'â'g'it, g'ī." K'ē ā'dzîk'sem iä'tg'ê. At g'ap-hē't'enl ehief, this Then proudly way." he walked. He really put up way,

sqā'naE

a mat

lâ′ôt.

on it.

La

(perf.) spread

Behold,

ba'Lt

an-stô'ôL

on the one side of

Gwinā'dēl, hân, gwa'lgwa hân

salmon,

the house.

of it. A dish walked to the fire all by itself. Txä'msem was much astonished. It lay down in front of him. He thought about it while he was eating. When he had finished, he drank. Then cranberries mixed with grease and water came from the corner of the house and placed themselves in front of him. Then a spoon came to him. He took the handle of the spoon, but nobody was holding it. Then he ate. The dish was very small, and he thought (?) (?) (?). Thus thought Txä'msem. Then he heard many women laughing near the wall of the house. They said, "The Giant thinks (?) (?) (?)." He heard his own name, Giant, mentioned. He rose from the place where he was eating and went to where the women were speaking,

La ā'd'îk'sk"t. Lep-q'a'qk"sL qal-hē'neqg'ê hwîl wî'tk"L hân (perf.) eame. Self opened a box where eame from the salmon	1
qanl ts'a'k'g'ê. K''ē t'Em-iä'êt al lax-ts'ä'l lak ^u al and a dish. Then toward he the middle walked at on edge the fire at	2
lep-gulik's-halā'eltk"tg'ê. K''ē semt-lō-sanā'alk"s Txā'msem. by for itself working. Then very astonished was Txā'msem.	3
K'ē la sg'it al qa-sä'Xt, k'ē a'lg'îxl qâ'ôttg'ê. K'ē then (perf.) it lay in front of him, then spoke his mind. Then	4
La yukt g'ē'îptg'ê. K''ē Läxt g'ē'ipt, k''ē ak'st. K''ē (perf.) he he ate it. After he finished eating, then he drank. Then	5
ā'd'îksl La'yix amo'ost, huX ts`em-qal-hē'neq hwîl came eranberries mixed with grease and water where eorner,	6
wî'tk"tg'ê. K''ē la sg'it al qa-sä'Xt. K''ēt g'i-lep-ā'd'îk'sk"l it came from. Then (perf.) it lay in front of him. Then by itself eame	7
hâ'bix' aL awa'as Txä'msem. K'ēt g'ilwul-dā'mL an-dâ'L the proximity of th	8
1 4/1 4 17 1 4/1 1 14 4 1 17 1 4	9
4 3 1 . 1 A1 4 3 - / 1 . 4 BT 1 - / A/A/A	10
lîg î-qak smā'tēisen ne-wā'nt," dēya'ı qâts Txä'msem. Nık e	11
hēl wi-hē'ldem hanā'q naxna'yît al g'itsâ'en: "Hā+ hā+." said many women he heard them at toward the wall: "Ha ha."	12
"(Fut.) lîg·î-qak·smā'tē nE-wā'n sg·Egua'sga, dēya'sEnL qâ'ts what you have (?) says the heart of	13
W/=/4 221	14
haldem-ba'xt at hwîl yō'ôxk"t; at qâ'ôt hwîl hēt hā'naq. he rose at where he was cating; he went to where spoke the women.	15

¹ This sentence is in Tsimshian dialect.

but he did not find anyone, although they were speaking right in front of him. He did not see them. He went back to the fire and sat down. He was quite out of breath. Then he thought, "I will take these things and eat them outside." He rose and took a bundle of salmon. He ran out of the house, but when he came to the door they dragged him back, and he almost fell down. Then he heard someone saying, "Sit down, Chief Giant." Txä'msem sat down again. He was quite out of breath. He rose again and dragged the box from which the berries had come toward the fire. Then he was attacked and beaten with sticks, although he did not see a person. The sticks moved of themselves, hitting his body, his head, his hands, and his feet. Then he felt very badly. He went on, not knowing which way to turn.

1	K·'ē nî'g·ît	hwa1. he found	lîg î-ago'.	Q'ai'yîm Close by	lō-al'a'lg'îxl in speaking	ts'ā'Elt.
2	K·'ē nî'g ît	g a'at he saw them.	t. K.'č	huX again	t'Em-ie'êt. to the he middle walked.	К•'ē
3	huX d'āt' a	aL hwîl	d'ā't. S e sat.	SENĀ'LQt He was out o	hwî'ltg'ê. he did so.	K·'ē
4	lō-a'lg'îxL qâ'	'ôts Txä'	msem: "	Dem kse-d Shall out w	he-ba'ë dem g	'ê'bee,'' 1
5	dē'yaL qâ'ôt.				At gõ'un He took	
6	xLEm-da'k Lku la bundle of	L hē'ldE	m hân.	At k's	si-dE-ba'xt Lat with ran (per	dem dem (fut.)
7	k·si-a'qLk ^u t out he arrived	aL a'c	lz'Ep.	K·'ēt gu	ılîk's-q'ä'qdēt. back they dragged him.	K·'ē Then
8	mâdzE-sg'is lay	Гхä'ms e m.	. K .'ē	huX hēl		xna'yit:
9	"Good (fut.)	d'ā'nEst sit down	sem'â'g 'it	Wī-g'a't	." K·'ē hu.	X d'ās in sat down
10	Txä'msem, a	L SENĀ'I	Lqtg ·ê.	K·'ē huX Then again	haldEm-ba'x	t. At
11	qâ'ôL hwîl li			g·ē'bEtg·ê	At t'Em	-q'ä'qLt.
12		agait-hā'p'	aaL t'an	kuLē-hîsya all over hit h	a'tst at gang	ca'n, aL
13	nî'g ît g a'aL not he saw	g'at.	Q'am-ba's	gait-bebesh	a'tsk ^u l ganga relifted sticks	'n t'an
14	hîsya'tsı. LEI	pLa'nt, s body,	t'Em-qē'st,	qa-an'ô'i	nt, asesa'et.	K. ē
15	SEm-pla'k'sk"t	al hy on ac- eount of	vî'ltg'ê. K	"ē dā'nī.t. en he left.		iē'êtg ê.

¹ This sentence is in Tsimshian dialect.

16. Txä'msem did still another thing. He came to the house where the Deer was living with his wife. There were two persons in the house. Then Txä'msem sat down and said, "Let us go and eut wood." He ealled the Deer his brother-in-law. The Deer trusted him, and they went to cut wood. While they were splitting the wood the wedges jumped out all the time. Txä'msem said to the Deer, "Hold the wedges." He did so. Txä'msem struck the wedges with his hammer, and said to the Deer, "Come a little nearer to the wedges, friend!" The Deer was afraid; but Txä'msem again asked him to eome nearer, because the wedges were always jumping out. Txä'msem sang while splitting wood, because he was very glad: "Hôho, hôho,

16. HuX k''ēlu hwîls Txä'msem. K''ēt hwal hwîlp hwîl	1
Again one thing did Txä'msem, Then he found a house where	
dzôqL wan. Nak'sL wa'ng'ê lō-bagadē'lt aL hwîlp. K''ē eamped the deer. The wife of the deer in two persons in the house. Then	2
huX lō-d'ā's Txä'msem lâ'ôt. K·'ē hēs Txä'msem, also in sat down in it. Then said Txä'msem,	3
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	4
al. wan. K'ē ax'iâ'ksk"l wan. K'ē hwî'ldet, se-â'lkutg'ê. to the Then trusted the deer. Then he did so, he firewood. made	5
K'ë La yukt guXgu'XdëL lak", k'ë gwa'nEm-k'si-gEsgō'sL Then (perf.) while splitting fire-wood, then always out jumped	6
lēt. NLqan hēs Txä'msEm aL wa'ng'ê: "Ām mE dem the Therefore said Txä'msEm to the deer: "Good you (fut.)	7
dexdô'gôl lēt," dēya' al wan. K''ē hwîll wan, take hold of the thus he to the deer. Then did so the deer	8
dexdô'gôl lēt. K''ēt ôx's Txä'mseml lēt al hē'tg'ê: taking the the wedges. Txä'msem the wedge wedge.	9
"Against lie friend." Then was afraid the deer. Then said	10
Txä'msem. At gun-tq'al-sg'i'tg'ê al hwîl gwa'nem-k'si-gesgō'sl Txä'msem. He made against lie heeause always out jumped	11
lēt. Hēs Txä'msem at hē-yu'kt tguXt lak". Lîst at the He said Txä'msem while splitting wood. Singing accompanying work	12
Find and the first transfer of the first tra	13
$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	14
Hô hỗ hỗ hỗ hĩ hĩ Clapping. × 7 × 7	14

 $^{\rm I}$ This sentence is in Tsimshian dialect.

hîhî!" When he had said so, he hit the Deer's head. "O, my poor brother-in-law!" he said when the Deer died. Then he took the Deer into his eanoe. He broke some mussel shells and stuck them into his body, saying that they were arrowheads. Then he paddled back to the village singing (?) (?) (?). Then the Deer's wife went down, and Txä'msem showed her where the arrow points were sticking in the Deer's blanket. The woman believed him. They carried up the Deer which Txä'msem had murdered. Then he killed the Deer's wife also. He stayed at the house and ate them. He had killed them for this purpose.

17. Then he came to the house of Smoke-hole. The house was at the foot of a mountain. He entered. The chief said to his grand-

1	Sa-ba'xL hē'tg'ê, It was finished he said.	k.'ēt ia'ts	L t'Em-që's the head of	L wan. the deer.	"Aiawa's oh,
2	q'alā'nēE gua'!" dēy my brother- Oh, poor he sa in-law! one!"	a' al la i	nô'ôL wa'ng 'ê died the deer.	. K.'ēt lôg	ôm-gō'ôn to he took
3	wa'ng 'ê aL ts'Em-m	ā'l. K'ē ne Then noe.	dôqL q'am-	g'nsgua'sem broken	hā'gun. large mus- sels.
4	$\begin{array}{ccc} K^{\mathrm{u}} \mathrm{L} \bar{\mathrm{e}} \cdot ax {}^{\cdot \cdot} \hat{a}' y it, & K {}^{\cdot \cdot} \bar{\mathrm{e}} t \\ & \mathrm{All} & \text{he struck lt,} & \text{Then} \end{array}$	lō-ma'ksaai in he stuck it	nt al Lepla'	nt. Ma'LdE	
5	lâ'ôt. K'ē hwāx in it. Then he	t al while	lō-ya'ltk"tg 'ê:	"All	
6	t'ēn wulä'kdem qar	ıs dā'mx	ьē. Hē'i,	hi'i, hi'i. ¹¹	
7	iaga-iē'L nak'sL down went the wife	wa'ng 'ê.	K.'ēt gun-	gʻa'adEs I her see	Xä'msem Txä'msem
8	$\begin{array}{ll} hw\hat{\imath}l & l\bar{o}\text{-}ma'qsk^uL \\ \text{where} & in struck \end{array}$		wu'l aL rows in l		
9	K.'ē sem-hō'tk"sL Then believed him	hana'ag 'ê.	K·'ē bax-g	${ m g\bar{o}'dar{e}_L}$ wa'n hey took the ${ m d}$	g ê. 1.a leer. (Perf.)
10	su-g'a'des Txä'msem.	ı. K.'ē h	uX dē-dza'k also he kil		·ê. K·'ē
11	huX tq'al-lō-dzô'qs also against in he staye	t an h	the house, a		t, qan
12	hwî'ltg'ê.				1016
13	17. HuX hwā'iL he found	hwîlps A	Am'ala'. Hēt moke-hole. It s	tk ^u L hwî'lp	og*ê al.
14	$\begin{array}{cccc} d\bar{e}p\text{-sqan}\bar{e}'st, & K^{\bullet}\!$	s'ēnī lâ'ôt.		g'ê: "Qâ'ôi oke: "Go for him,	go for

¹ This sentence is in Tsimshian dialect.

ehildren, "Attack him, because he steals all the good things he sees." Txä'msem took off the bark of an alder and ehewed it. Then he entered the house of Smoke-hole, intending to steal his bow, which was ornamented with abalone shells. He transformed himself into a raven and took the bow. Smoke-hole said to his door, "Shut, Door!" Then Txä'msem was unable to leave the house. They tried to eatch him, intending to kill him. He eried, "Qa, qa, qa, qa!" Smoke-hole said to his smoke hole, "Shut!" and the smoke hole eaught Txä'msem's neck. He was dead, and his body was hanging in the smoke hole. Txä'msem pretended to be dead. Then Smoke-hole made a fire. Then Txä'msem took his own voice and put it in the woods, in a bluff behind Smoke-hole's house. There it made an echo, crying, "Miserable ehief, what are you doing? You are a ehief and you eat the exerements of a

dem lë'lukst aL (fut.) he steals of	am'ā'ma good	lîg'i-hwî'lL	gʻaʻatgʻê." he sees."	
$\begin{array}{ccc} k^*s\text{-}q\hat{a}'\hat{o}qt & s\bar{a}\text{-}g\bar{o}'d\text{EL} \\ & \text{off} & \text{took} \end{array}$	māsı löx the bark alder	, at qe'E	ntg'ê. NLk'	_
ts'ent an hwîlps he at the house entered of		K·'ēt k·si Then he out		a-Xda'k ^u 3 the bow
txa-belā'da. K'ēt all abalone Then he	lō-Lô'ôtk ^u L transformed himself into		took	
Am'ala'g 'ê. "Hā'k'v "Shut so the not be:	natit can do	z'Ep!" deys		- 0
aqL-k'si-yô'xk's Txi	i'mseni. Kʻ ä'msem.	ë hwîl k.	in around	
hwî'lptg'ê an dem his house to (fut.)	dzak ^u t. K	·'ēt lō-Lô'ôt hen transform	kus Txä'mse ned Txä'mse	em qāq 7
and hē'tg'ê: "Qa,	qa, qa,	qa." K.'č	a'lg'îxs said	Am'ala': 8 Smoke-hole:
"Shut, gan-al boards s	moke Then	hā'tsel t'i	em-lã'nîx's T	Xä'msem 9 Txä'msem
	o'ôs Txä'msen	ın. Lō-d'ep	-iax'ia'qL g'	a'det al 10
ts'Em-ala'. Hîs-nô'ô in the He preten	ded to he d	tg'ê Txä'ms	em. Then	SE-mē'LS 11 he burn made
Am'ala'ı lak ^u . I	√'ēt gōs	Txä'msem	lep-a'lg-îx	
Smoke-hole a fire.	Then took	Txä'msem	his speech.	Then
qaldîx -ma'gat aL tothe rear he put it at of the house			he Smoke-hol	
se-gul'ā'datg'ê: "Qe made eeho: "Mis	î'gem tse serable when	dē-lebelt	hwî'lEnEstä',	tEdē 14
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raven!" Then Smoke-hole was ashamed. Therefore he said to his smoke hole, "Open!" It opened, and Txä'msem flew away, crying, "Qa; qa, qa, qa!" He was almost dead. He let the chewed alder juice run out of his mouth, pretending that blood was coming out of it. When Smoke-hole saw the alder juice he really believed that it was blood, and then he told his smoke hole to open entirely. He said, "Be ashamed of yourself, Txä'msem, great slave! You were trying to steal again." Txä'msem could not steal this time.

18. He went on, and came to a house where a man lived, near the beach. Then the Giant said: "I am your friend." The person replied, "That is good." The beach in front of the house was full of seals. The Giant ate them all during two nights. Then he killed his friend. He finished all the seals in front of the house, and he ate them all.

- 1 sem'â'g'iden al x-k'wa'dzem qāq.'' K'ē dzâql qâts Am'ala'.

 you are a chief eat- excrements raven." Then was the heart of smoke-hole.
- 2 NLqan hē'tg'ê: ''Q'ā'gan, gan-alâ'.'' K'ē q'aqL ala'. K'ē
 Therefore he said: "Open, board smoke of hole."

 Then opened the smoke hole.
- 3 g'Eba'yuqs Txä'msEm al hē'tg'ê: "Qa, qa, qa, qa." ew Txä'msEm and said: "Qa, qa, qa, qa, qa."
- 4 Mâdze-nô'ôt. K'si-yô'xk"L iLä'êL ts'Em-ā'qt. Hîs-huwî'ltst
 Almost he was dead.

 Out went blood in his mouth.
- 5 hwî'ltg'ê. K''ēt g'a'as Am'ala' inä'êg'ê, k''ē sem-hō'tk"st. he did so. Then saw Smoke-hole the blood, then he believed.
- 6 Nigan het gun-q'ā'ki ala'g'ê. "Dsâgan, wi-xa'e, la dem the smoke hole." "Shame you, great slave, that would (perf.) (fut.)
- 7 huX lē'lukst." Qō'ses Txä'mseuil dem lē'lukst. again steal." Could not Txä'msem (fut.) steal.
- 8 18. NLk''ē huX iä'êt. NLk''ēt hwaL hwîlp tsē dzôqL Then again he went. Then he found a house where lived
- 9 grat Nık'ē hēs Wi-g'a't: "Dem aLlax-ts'ä'L ak's. Then said Giant: "Will be at a man the the edge of water.
- 10 an-dā'mqLguē nē'En." NLk'ē tgōnL hēL g'a'tg'ê: "Ānı," my friend you." Then this said the person: "It is good."
- 12 huX g'ē'îps Wī-g'a't. G''ē'lp'ElL axk", nLk''ēt dzaLt. NLk''ēt again ate it Giant. Two nights, then he ate it all.
- 13 se-g'ā'des Wī-g'a't, an-dā'mqLk"t, Sem-qâ'ôdel ēlx dât al murdered Giant his friend. Very he finished the that at was
- 14 hwîlpt g'a'tg'ê. Dzāts Wī-g'a't. Nik'ē ā'd'îk'sk"i dem liwîl the house the person. He ate it all

Now he was hungry again, and he used the eanoe of the person whom he had killed. Only the man's eanoe and harpoon remained. The Giant used them. Then he speared seals, and eaught four. He returned and went ashore. He took the seals out of the canoe, and began eutting wood. Then he built a fire, and placed stones in it in order to heat them. Then he put the seals on a pile of hot stones. He cooked the four seals, and eovered them with skunk-cabbage leaves. The Giant then raised the cover and took out a seal, which he ate when it was cooked. Then he stretched out his hand and took out another seal. There was a stump of a tree near by. The Giant held the seal in his hands and said to the stump, "Don't you envy me, Stump?" Then he went into the woods. Meanwhile the Stump rose and sat down on the hole in which the seals were steaming. The seals

Xdax's	Wī-g'a't.	NLk'ēt Then	hâx*L he used	mālı the eanoe of	g'a'tg'ê the person	(perf.) a	-nô'ôL lready dead	1
g'a'tg'ê. the person.	K'sax-mā'l	hehind	-g·â′ôt was	qanL and the	shaft of	oxlt. N	Lk"ēt	2
hâx's W	Ti-g'a't. NI	k'ēt li en he h	Ep-g a'1.	k ^u L ēl ired ses	x. Txalı	ox daa′c	Lgnt.	3
NLk·'ē	lō-ya'ltkut.						-dô'qL he took	4
ēlx.	Nik''ē y Then h	ukt. e hegan — n	sa-â'Lku nak- fire- ng wood	t. N	Lk.'ē then he l	dâ' Lept.	La When	5
	L lô'ôp, stones,	nLk'et	lē-d'ā on he	laid t	Elx aL he on cals	on the	sā'lep. pile of stones.	6
Txalpx1.	ēlx sā'lī seals h	e cooked.	Skunl	a'qı lö	ē-ha'-baxt.	Nik'	ē La	7
lē-d'ā't. on it was.	NLk'ê t		rîls W	ī-g'a't,	ba'tsdEL he lifted			8
NLK 'ēt	k'si-gō'L out he	ēlx. Ni	Lk·'ēt	g'îpt he ate it	La a'nu (perf.) de	kst. N	Lk'et	9
huX n	ak ^u st. N	Lk ·'ēt	huX again	gōL he took	k·'ēlī one	ēlx.	D'āL 1	10
	an awa	8 When	k'nL-	vo'ens	Wī-g'a't	k·'ēlL		1
this	iet al ai	n-hā'ts'g	·ê: '']	No'mdzî	k's hāts	. Nō'm	dzîk's 1	12
hāts'." N	Nık''ē iä'êt	to the	alā'nt.	NLk 'ē		k ^u L am- the		ls
NLk·'ē	lē-d'ā'tk ^u L on he sat	an-sā'le	77	i-g'a't.	Tqʻal-k Against ur	'slaXt it was ider him	the	14

were right under him. Now the Giant returned, carrying leaves of the skunk-cabbage. When he saw the Stump sitting on his seals, he eried. He-was very much troubled, because he was hungry. Then he took a stick and dug the ground. He cried while he was digging. He found a little bit of meat and ate it. He was crying all the time because he was hungry. He could not do anything.

19. He went on and came to the shore of the sea. There he built a house. Then he made up his mind what to do. After he had finished his house, he dressed himself, put up his hair, and fastened his blanket. He took coal and rubbed it all over his face. He made a dagger and tied it to his hand. Then he rose, and ran out, saying, "I am sad." Thus he spoke while he was walking down to the beach. There he saw

1	Nik'ē lō-ya'ltk's Wī-g'a't. Then returned Giant.	Dô'gôl He took	yîna'q. skunk- eabbage.	NLk 'ct	gʻa'at. he saw it.
2	K'ē wi-yē'tk"t an abs	n'g'ask ^u t vas troubled	aL X	dax t. he was	NLk 'ēt
3	he a stick. Then he dr	IL AZ AT	GZ IK'S, ground, w	at de-Wi hile also	-ye'tk"L crying
4	wôq'ē'skut. NLk''ēt huX he was digging. Then again	hwan he found	qasqâ'ô a little bit	tgōn.	l's'ōsk'L A little
5	hwa'yît. K'ēt huX g he found then again he	ipt aL	qa'nē-h alwa;	wîla wi	-yē'tk"t. he cried.
6	Aba'g'ask"t an Xdax't.	NLk'ë Then	aqL-hwî'lt.		
7	19. NLk 'e huX iii'êt. Then again he went.	NLk"ē	hwaL l	ax-ts'ä'L	mô'ôn. the sea.
8	Then again he went. NLK 'et dzapı hwîlp. N Then he made a house.	Lk'ë sa Then he	-qâ'tk"L up his e (mind)	qâ'ôtt al	dem (fut.)
9	hwîl hwî'lt La Lēsk''L hy what when he finished qest. NLk''et sagait-da'k''l his hair. Then together he fas ened	wîlp, nL	k • ē nō'ôt nen he dre	k ^u t. Mei ssed. Up	n-dô'gôL he took
10	qëst. Nuk 'ët sagait-da'k ' his hair. Then together he fas	Lt. NLk	ret saga	it-da'k·L	gula't.
11	NLk 'ē gō'm q'am-t'ō'uts. Then he took coal.	MFK, 6f	ga'en.	VIK, 6	da'Lt
12	al ts'ā' Elt. Nik ''ēt dzāpi on his face. Then he made	t'õutskt. a knife.	Nik 'ē Then	tq'al-da'l	C'Lt aL
13	an'ô'nt. NLk''ē hētk"t. his hand. Then he stood.	Nik"ē	k'si-ba'xt.	Tgönn.	hē'tg:ê:
14	"In slek is qâ'ôdeîst." "In slek is my heart."	Dēya' a Thus he wl	nL iaga-l	Da'xt aL to	g'ä'tı. in front of the house.

a stump. He took it and said, "I caught you." Then he returned. He entered and put the little stump down in his house.

20. The Giant was sad all the time, because he was hungry and there was no food in the house. Therefore he resolved what to do. Early next morning he ran out of the house. Behold, there were ripples on the water. Salmon and halibut and bullheads and porpoises were swimming about in the water. There were all kinds of salmon. When the Giant saw this, he said, "Alâ! alâ! alâ! guts'ē'ek". Then the salmon said, "Hm!" There was one chief among the salmon who commanded all the others. He said, "I can not hear what the chief on shore there is saying;" thus he said to the Giant. Then

Gʻa'at hwîl dʻāL He saw (verbal there noun) was			SHICE	1
"I take you,	gōdēE nēnîsdäē I take you."	." NLk 'ē Then	lō-ya'ltk ^u t. he. returned	2
NLk.'ē ts'ēnt. Sg'ī'în Then he entered. It lay	L LCO-am-hā'ts'	aL ts'Em	-hwî'lpt.	3
20. Qa'nē-hwîla sī'Ep		-g·a't aL	Xdax't, gan	4
he not there was (fut.)	g'ē'bet. NLk	·'ē sa-gâ'ôtk n he resolve	tut al dem	5
hwîla hēt. NLk. 'ē being say so. Then	sem-hē'eluk, k very early,	k··ē k·si-ba/; hen out ra	xs Wī-g·a't.	6
Gwinā'dēL, lax-a'k's on the water	hwîl Lak ^u L a	k's sagait- the together	qâ'ôdîr. hân were salmon	7
qanL txox qanL ma	as-q'ayā'it qanL	$dz\bar{i}X.$ W		8
lîk's-g'ig'a'L hân. Salmon.	NLK'ēt g'a'as Then saw	Wī-g·a't.	TgōnL hēs	9
Wī-gʻa't: "Alâ', alâ Glant: "Alâ', alâ		ē'ek", alâ',	alâ', alâ',	10
guts'ē'ek".'' NLk''ē hu guts'ē'ek".'' Then aga	X xs-mē'mexkul nin said"Hm!"	hân: "Hr a salmon: "H	m!" K-'âlı m!" One was	11
mēnī hâ'ng'ê, t'an the the salmon, who	a'lg'igaL txane't	tk ^u L hwîl	lîk*s-g*ig*a'L kinds of	12
hân. NLk 'ê tgōnL h salmon. Then this s	iēl sem'â'g idem	hân: "G	waneni-nîg'în	
naxna'L hahā'L sEm'â hear what says the c	d'g ît g îlē'lîx ', '` hief g île'lîx ', '`	dēya' as thus he to said	Wī-gʻa'tgʻê.	14

he called Little Porpoise, saying, "You will be able to hear what the chief on shore is saying." Little Porpoise swam ashore. He was not very large. Then the Giant ran out again and cried, "Alâ! alâ! alâ! guts'ē'ek"." Then the chief of the salmon understood it, because Little Porpoise had told him. He said, "The chief ashore tells us what to do. He says that we salmon shall all swim together." Then the chief of the salmon repeated it, and all the salmon went ashore together. Then all the halibut were left dry on the beach. The Giant ran ont of his house carrying a stick. He clubbed them and carried them up to the house. Then he dried some of them and ate others. He was eating all the time. He was a great eater. He ate them all and then he went on.

3a. Now he was very poor. He had no blanket. He was quite

1	NLK'ët wô'ôL Lgo-dzī'X: "Nen dem t'an naxna'L hal sem'â'g'it Then he called little porpoise: "You (fut.) who hears what the chief
2	al gʻile'lîx't Wi-gʻa't," an-hä'l hâ'ngʻê. Nlk'e hagun-gʻâ'l toward was
3	Lgō-dzī'X. Nîg'î wī-t'ē'st, NLk'ē huX k'si-ba'xs Wī-g'a't: little porpolse. Not it was large. Then again ont ran Giant:
4	"Alâ', alâ', alâ', guts'ē'ek", alâ', alâ', alâ', guts'ē'ek"," alâ', alâ', alâ', guts'ē'ek"."
5	NLK''ē naxna'L sein'â'g'idem hân Lāt mall lgō-dzī'X: Then heard him the ehief salmon (perf.) he told little porpoise:
6	"Tgön-gal dem hwîlem dem alâ'tk"-gat nōm." "This he says (fut.) we do (fut.) swim in a he says we will."
7	NLK''ē a'lg'îxL mēnL hân. NLK''ē alâ'tk''L hân. Hwä'i! Then spoke the the salmon. Then swam in a shoal salmon. Well!
8	K'ul-g'îna-dô'xt al g'îlē'lîx' txanē'tk''l txox'. Nlk''ē k'si-ba'xs
9	Wī-g'a't yn'kdel gan. Nlk'ē q'ax'q'ayā'ant. Nlk'ēt Glant he carried a stick. Then he clubbed them.
10	sagait-wî'lgat lîk's-g'a'L qabē't. NLK'ē gwa'lgus Wī-g'a't together he carried them a strange number. Then drled Glant
11	La qats'ō'ot. N.k.'ēt g'îpl huX qats'ō'ot. Qa'nē-hwîla some of them. Always
12	yō'ôxk ^u t, sem-ga'lg'a lîk's-g'a'L q'alga'nt. NLk''ē La wi-hē'lL he ate, very he was a stranga
10	sal hwilt. NLK'ët huX dzalt. NLK'ë qâ'ôdet. days he did so. Then again he att it Then they were
14	3a. Nık''ē ā'd'îk'sk"ı. sem-hwîl gwä'êt. Nî'g'i gula't Then he came very being poor. None his

naked. Then he was ashamed. He took a root and killed many ravens. After he had eaught them he fastened their skins together and put them on. He went for a long time, and then he saw a dancing blanket hanging in front of him. He was very glad; he took off his raven blanket and tore it to shreds. He threw it down and went to take the dancing blanket, but behold, there was nothing but old, withered leaves. Then the Giant was troubled. It was no dancing blanket at all, and he eried with a loud voice. He returned and found the shreds of his raven blanket. He eried while he was gathering them up. Then he repaired the raven blanket, making a small blanket out of it, which he put on.

sem-k'sax-tsax'ō'tk". very only he was naked.			
Nık ''ēt huk gusîl o	qāq. NLk·'ē da avens. Then	na'qLk"L wī-hē'	ltt. NLk'et 2
nē-dē-ts'îpts'ē'EbEL a together he fastened th	nnā'st. NLk'ēt neir skins. Then	gulā't. Nī	k·'ē iä'êt; 3 en he went;
La nak ^u l hwîl ia	ä'êt, nLk''ēt	g a'al hwîl he saw (verbai	sqa-iax'ia'qL 4 aeross hung
gwīs-halai't. NLk''ē s blanket daneing. Then		tt. TgōnL hwi	ils Wī-g·a't. 5
Sā-gō'deı. gwīs-qā'qt. off he took blanket raven.	Nık·'ēt k ^u ıē-b		
NLK'e iä'êt aL aw Then he went into the	va'aL gwīs-halai e prox- blanket danei	't. Gwīnā'dēL, ng. Behold,	maLax'â'st. 7 withered old leaves.
NLk'ë aba'g'ask ^u s Then was troubled	Wī-g'a't. Nîg'	idē gwīs-halai'	ts gö'stg'ê. 8
NLk*'ē wī-amhē's Wī	ig'a't al wi-y	ē'tk ^u t. NLk''ē ried. Then	lō-ya'ltk"t. 9 he returned.
K. et hwal hwîl	dôxL q'am-bîsi	be'sL gwis-qā' torn blanket ray	qt. NLk.'ē 10 en. Then
sagait-dô'qt qa'ne-hwî	la k'uL-wi-yē'tk about he eried.		
nē-dē-ts'epts'ē'ebet. N	Lk'ë huX ā'd		Lgō-wīt'ē'st. 12
Nık''ë hatsenit huX Theu onee more again			13

THE STONE AND THE ELDERBERRY BUSH

[Told by Moses]

A little before the Stone gave birth to her child, the Elderberry Bush gave birth to her children. For that reason the Indians do not live many years. Because the Elderberry Bush gave birth to her children first, man dies quickly. If the Stone had first given birth to her children, this would not be so. Thus say the Indians. That is the story of the Elderberry Bush's children. The Indians are much troubled because the Stone did not give birth to her children first, for this is the reason that men die quickly.

Lô'ôp Qanl Sgan-lâ'ts

THE STONE AND THE ELDERBERRY BUSH

- 1 Q'ai-he-yu'kL dem aqLk"L lô'ôpg ê. NLk ē aqLk"L sgan-lâ'ts.

 A little before (fut.) gave birth the stone. Then gave birth the clderberry bush.
- 2 NLk'ë hwîl k'ë g'î-k'si-d'ā't, at hwîl k's-qâ'ôqt aqtk"t out it stuck, beeause first gave birth
- 3 sgan-lâts. NeLne'L qan hwîlL alō-g'ig'a't. Nî'g'i hē'lL k'ō'oL the elder-berry bush.

 Therefore do the Indians. Not many years
- 4 deldē'lst al hwîl k's-qâ'gum aqlk"l sgan-lâ'ts. Nîl qan hwîll they live because first gave birth the elder-berry bush.
- 5 g'at t'ēlu daXt. K''ē nîg'iu dem dē-hwîlt atse lē k's-qâ'gum men quickly they die. Then not (fut.) also they if (perf.) first
- 6 aqLk^uL lô'ôp, dē'yaL a'lg'îxL alō-g'ig'a't. NLne'L dē-adā'wuqdēt bad given the stone, thus says the saying the Indians. That is the story
- 7 hwîl sgan-lâ'tsl lg'ît lâ'ôdet. Nlk'ë sem-abaxbā'g'askudēt al about the clder-berry bush the children to them. Then much they are troubled
- 8 hwîl ax-lô'ôp tse k's-qâ'gum aqlk"t. Nel qan t'ēll da'Xdēt. beeause not the first gave birth. Therefore quickly they die.

THE PORCUPINE AND THE BEAVER

[Told by Moses]

The Porcupine and the Beaver were friends. They loved each other. The Beaver used to invite the Porcupine to his house all the year round. The Porcupine went and entered the Beaver's house. The house of the Beaver was in the middle of a great lake. The Beaver liked the water very much, but the Porcupine could not go into the water because he could not swim; he was afraid he might perish if his stomach should get full of water. Therefore the Beaver went to the shore and called the Porcupine. The Beaver came up twice when going to the place where the Porcupine was sitting on the

AXT QANL TS'EMĒ'LÎX'

PORCUPINE AND BEAVER

		aXL the poreupine of			nE-sEpsī'E each they other		1
NLk.'	ē txanē't	k ^u L k'ō'u			Wô'ôL ts'		2
aXt.		iä'êl aXt went the porcupi		ts'ent al		Emē'lîx". ne beaver.	3
Wī-la:	x-t'a'xg'ê,		m-bagait-s	ē'lukL t'a:	x hwîl d'āL where was	hwîlpt.	4
ts'Eme	E'lîx. Nei	L q'ap-dē-a n really on his par	ınâ'gôl t		ts'em-a'k's.	NLk.'ē	5
aqL-ul	ks-hwî'lı. a	a'Xtg'ê, aı	L hwîl nî'		lā'x°L dem h	na'dîk'st. to swim.	6
Nine'	L gan x	pets'a'xL a	ı'Xtg'ê a	L ōp tse	nô'ôt, tse	mē'tk"L was full	7
ak's		ar hw	îl nîgʻid	ēt hwîlā':	x.t. Ni.qan It. Therefore	tgōnL	8
	ts'Emë'lîx				'ôtg'ê. Q'am- invited Only him.		9
hwîl			al hwîl	houks-d	'ā'L aXt.	NLk·'ē	10
						70	

shore. Now he came ashore. He said to the Porcupine, "I will carry you. Hold on to my neck." Then the Beaver turned round, but the Porcupine was afraid to be carried across the water. He said to the Beaver, "I might perish." But the Beaver said, "You are not going to die," and after a while the Porcupine climbed on the Beaver's back. The Beaver said, "Now, hold tight to my neck." The Porcupine did so, and the Beaver started across the lake. After a little while he dived; then the Porcupine was much troubled. He broke wind because he did not know how to swim. The water is the Beaver's home, while the Porcupine's home is between the mountains. The Beaver came up twice before he reached his house in the middle of the lake. The Porcupine was very much afraid that he would perish in the water.

- 1 tsagam-a'qLk"t. NLk''ē hēt aL aXt: "DEni hwa'lēE nēEn, from sca he got. Then he sald to the porcupine: "(Fut.) 1 carry you,
- 2 tse sem-g'it dā'uident t'em-lā'nēe. Dem hwa'lēe nēen."

 fast hold my neek. (Fut.) I earry you."
- 3 NLk''ē tgō-va'ltk"L ts'Emē'lîx'. NLk''ē xpets'a'XL aXt aL Then around turned the beaver. Then was afraid the porcupine
- 4 dem liwîlt, lō-dē-yô'xk"t ts'em-a'k's. "Ōp tse nô'ôēe," in also he went ln the water. "Else l might dle,"
- 5 dēya'ı aXt aı ts'Emē'lîx'. Nık''ē tgön hēl ts'Emē'lîx': thus said the porcupine to the beaver. Then this said the beaver.
- 6 "Nîg'i dem dē-nô'ôn." Sī-gō'n k''ē men-iä'êl aXt al lax-"Not (fut.) on your part then up went the at on your part awhile
- 7 hak''â'ôL ts'Emē'lîx'. NLK''ē a'lg'îxL ts'Emē'lîx': "Sem-g'ît dā'mL the hack of the beaver. Then said the beaver: "Really hold
- 8 t'Em-lā'neîst.'' NLk'ē hwîlL aXt. NLk'ē ha'dîk'sL ts'Emē'lîx'
 my neck.'' Then did so the porcuplne. Then swam the beaver
- 9 at lax-a'k's. Nî'g'i nak"t hwîl ha'dîk'st. Ntk'ēt dē-sō'uqsk"t.

 at on the water. Not long it (verbal noun) he swam. Then he with dlved.
- 10 NLk''ē sem-aba'g'ask"L aXt. Ts'em-q'â'elt k'si-yô'xk"L Lē nāLqt,
 Then much tronbled was the porcupine.
- 11 at. hwîl nî'g'idit hwilā'x'ı dem dē-hā'dîk'st. Q'ap-lep-ts'a'pt because not he knew (fut.) on to swlm. Really own the country of
- 12 ts'emē'lîx' ts'em-a'k's. K'ē spagait-sqanē'st dē-ts'a'pl aXt.

 the beaver in the water. Then among mountains on the counhis part try of porcupine.
- 13 G·erlpell. hwîl grabent tsenerlîx. Nikre uks-arqıkut al lē Twicelt was (verbal noun) emerged the beaver. Then from land he at to sea reached
- 14 ts'a'pt. Sein-sē'liik'u wī-t'a'x hwîl g'ig'â'k'sı hwî'lptg'ê. Seingal his town. Very mlddle of the lake where floated his house. Really
- 15 wī-t'ē's hwîl k'ōpE-aba'g'ask"L aXt aL dem nô'ôt aL ts'emmuch (verbal noun) a little troubled was the porcupine at (fnt.) he die at In the

Now he entered the Beaver's house, and ate the food the Beaver gave him. Sticks were the food at the Beaver's feast. Now the Poreupine was really troubled because he had to eat sticks, but he ate them.

Another day the Beaver said to the Porcupine, "My dear, let us play." Then he told him how they would play. He said, "I will earry you on my back, and four times I will come up." Then the Porcupine thought, "Now I surely must die," but he agreed. The Beaver carried the Porcupine on his back and said, "Hold on to my neck and put your nose close down to my nape." Now the Porcupine was really ready to die. The Beaver dived, but before he did so he struck the water with his tail. Then a little water splashed into

a'k's. NLk''ē ts water. Then	ent al.	hwîlpt.	ts'Emē'lîx'.	Nik'ē Then	yō'ôxk ^u t. he ate.	1
TgönL gʻatk ^u L This had for food in the feast	ts'Emē'	lîx·g·ê;	ganl g	mis least.	Nık'ë Then	2
SEm-aba'g'ask ^u L really troubled was	the poreupine	aL dE	int hwîl where	gʻē'îp1. he eats	ga'ng 'ê. stick.	3
NLk'et g'e'îpl	aXt the	the stick.	•			4
Hwäi! La k'	'ē'ElL sa	, nrk'ë	hēn ts		aL aXt: to the porcupine:	5
"Friend, dāu	nqLk ^u , o	dem q (fut.)	alā'qnōm.'' we play."	NLk 'ēt Then he		6
dem hwîl qalā (fut.) being the will p		em hwa	r'lëE në'Ei rry you.	Txalp: Four time it is		7
hwîl g'ā'benēe.'	NLk'	tgōnI this		itL a'Xtg	eu- "(Perf.)	8
āmī, nô'ôēE," d good I die,"	thus the	i'ôtL a'2 heart the	Ktg'ê. NLk	v'ē saxk ^u t	. Nık''ë	9
hwîlı. ts`Emē'lîx did so the beaver.	. NLK	1m4 1		Xt. Tgō	nL hēL	10
ts'rmē'lîx ar the beaver to	a'Xtg'ê:	e: "DE	in seni-g	git dax-	yu'kdEnL hold to	11
t'eni-lā'nēe. Ni my neek.	dem (Fut.)	k·'ē then	kwa'ts'îk's	tq'al-sg	ie at	12
ts'Eni-dê'belêe.''	NLk 'ë Then	gwaldEi was ready	n qâ'dîL the heart	qâtL the heart of po	the at	13
dem q'ap-nô'ôt. (fut.) really he dies.	NLk·'ē	sö'uqsk ^u dived	L ts'Emē'l'	îx:. Tgōn	L hwîlL	14
ts'Emē'lîx: aL the beaver at	qâ'ôqL before	dem s	ö'uqsk ^u t. he dived.	Lē-ia'tst	lax-a'k's on the water	15

the Porcupine's face, and he gasped. The Beaver stayed under water a long time. The Porcupine was almost dead and his stomach was full of water. Three times the Beaver came up. Once more he went down, and when he came up again the Porcupine was almost dead. Now he returned and put him ashore.

The Porcupine went back to his tribe. When he arrived, he invited the people to his house. When his guests entered, he told them what the Beaver had done on the large lake when he had invited him to come to see him. He said, "My friend almost killed me." Then his people said, "Invite him in and play with him in your turn."

1	aL Le v	vaqLt. NLk	k.'ē k.s-qâq he first	L k'opet-lo- a iittie in	qabu'XL splashed	ak's aL writer into
2		the porcu- little pine.	NLk 'e s	Em-lō-d'Ep-di ery in down w	ī'uL Lē ent	nāLqt. his breath.
3		o'uqsk"L ts	'Emē'lîx'.	K.'ē nakul.	g·ē'ukst. he was under water.	NLK.'ē
4	ts'ōsk' di	em hwîl	nô'ôL aX	t. Qalā'iL As large	bant t	gōn aL this with
5	ak's. Lā water. When	gulā'alī three times it was	hwîl de-g	ra'bent. Q	yam huX only more	k.'ēlL onee
	mänt. N	Lk·'ē hu Thon again	sō'uqsk ^u dived	L ts'Emē'lî	X. La r. When	tsō'usk*t
7	dem hwîl	nô'ôL a i dead was po	the then reupine,	in with him ret	he almurned.	îtsE-nô'ôL most dead was
8	aXt. NL	k.'ē dē-lō- ien with he	ya'ltk ^u t; ts	agam-ma'qdE om sea he put hir o iand	it.	
9	NLk.'ē	dā'uLL	aXt aL	Lē ts'a	pt. NLk	r.'ē La
10	gulîk s-a'qı	kut, nlk'ē e then	wô'ôi. Lẽ	ts'ant Nul	c''ē ts'elei	n-q â'ôdEL went
	aXt Lē	wô'ôtg ê.	NLk'ēt es. Then	ma'LEL he told	hwîl what	hwîlā'guL had done
12	ts'Emē'lîx'	at the	lax-t'a'x. on lake.	Lpēyō'yîL He told them	aXt Li	ë ts'ap people
13	abo t	hwîlā'gut	ts'emē'lîx'	t'an wô who invi	'ôt: "Q'a ted "Oni	m-mâ′tse-
14	nó'ôēE at l was he dead	hwîlā'k ^u dēt ^{did to me}	dā'mqLguō my friend.'	E." NLK'E		ts'a'ptg'ê: his people:
15	-	e dē-wô'ôt. also invite	Dem dē-s (Fut.) aiso w	el-qalā'q'an."		

Then the Porcupine did so. He invited the Beaver to his house. When the messenger who had invited the Beaver returned, the Beaver went up the valley in which the Porcupine lived. When the Beaver entered the Porcupine's house, the latter struck the fire with his tail, so that it burned. Then he was going to play with the Beaver. After he had struck the fire with his tail, his tail was burning. Then the Beaver made a song, as follows: "The little tail of the little Porcupine is burned in the middle, pâ! The little tail of the little Porcupine is burned in the middle." The Porcupine ran about in front of the Beaver, with whom he intended to play. After he had done so, the Porcupine gave food to his friend the Beaver.

NLk Then did	fill aXt, the so porcupine,	dē-wô'ôL	ts'Emē'l'	îx' an-d	ā'mqLk ^u t.	1
	un t'an we	ô'ôL ts'En vited the b				2
t'an wô'ôt.	NLK'ë iä'L Then went				Then	3
bax-iä'êt. Tg	ioni liwîli his did	a'Xtg'ê. the porcupine.	NLa When	ts'ēnī. t	s'Emē'lîx• the beaver	4
al hwîlpl in the house	aXt, nLk. 6	tgonL this	hwîh.	a'Xtg*ê.	Lē-ia'tsl	5
lax-an-la'k ^u a	1. k'ō'ukut.	NLk.'ē	mē'Ltg*ê. it burnt.	N _L k·'ē Then		6
sîl-qalā'qL to with to play						7
lē-in'tsı. aX on struck the	t k'ō'uk ^u t his tail		x-an-la'k' n the fire- place.	then	ē mēl burnt	8
k'ō'uk"ı. a'X the tail of the po	tg 'ê. Nık' č	tgönl			nx'dîtg'ê:	9
"Lē-gra-xtsE-n "In middle l	nē'i. Lgo-k'ō't ournt the tail	ik ^u L Lgo-ā	'Xt. Pâ		xtsE-mē'L middle burnt	10
Lgo-k'ō'uk"1.	Lgo-a'Xt." the porculittle pine."	AL lō-	tgo-ba'xt	aL	qa-sä'êXı in front of	11
ts'Emē'lîx: aL	dēt-sel-galā	'qs dāmqı	kut. Ni	Lk'¹ē La	qâ'ôdEL was finished	12
hwîlL a'Xtg	g·ê, nLk·'ē then	dë-dza'î on his he part made	f	ınä'x' 1 food (pe	a dem	13
dē-yō'ôxk"L on his eat part	ts'emē'lîx:. the beaver.	NLk 'e	tgönt.	hwîh a		14

¹Spoken very slowly, and accompanied by very rapid beating of time with a stick.

He gave him the bark of a tree and some needles of the spruce. Then the Beaver was afraid to eat them; but the Porcupine said to his friend the great Beaver, "Eat fast, friend," and the Beaver did so. Then he said to the Beaver, "Friend, let us play to-morrow morning. There is a tree on a grassy slope. That is my playing ground," and when they were going to lie down to sleep, the Porcupine sang, "When I walk along the edge (!) (!) (!) my shooting star drops out." Then the Porcupine spoke to the sky, and it cleared up, and in the morning the ground was covered with ice.

Now he gave another feast to the great Beaver; and when he had finished, the Porcapine said, "Now let us play, friend. My playing

1	māsl ganl dē-g'a'tk"t qanl lē la'qsl gan. Nlk'ē dē- bark of tree on his food for and leaves of a tree. Then on
2	his part feast his part feast typets'a'XL ts'Emē'lîx' al. dem dēt-g'ē'îpt. Nlk'ē tgōnl the beaver to (fut.) on food. Then this part
3	hēL aXt aL an-dā'mqLk"t wī-ts'Emē'lîx: "Tä'gan, said the porcu- pine to his friend the beaver: "Eat fast, great"
4	dāmqLk ^u t. T'ā'gan, dāmqLk ^u t.'' NLk''ē hwîlL ts'Emē'lîx'. friend." Then did so the beaver.
5	NLk·'ē a'lg'îxL aXt: "DāmqLku," dē'ya aL ts'Emē'lîx'. Then said the porcupine: "Friend," thus he said to the beaver.
6	"(Fut.) qalā'qnōm qans nē'En atse hē'Lnk ts'Et'a'Lak". "(Fut.) we play and you when morning to-morrow.
7	Hētk ^u L gan aL lax-sō'nkst. NêLne'L an-qalā'qaîst." NLk''ē There stands on on a grassy slope. There is my playground." Then
8	Lā dem wâ'wôqdēt. NLk''ē hnX lēmx'i aXt: "Dem (perf.) (fut.) they slept. Then again sang the porcupine:
9	hwîl hal-iä'ēE gō, al dep siō'wâl k'si-t'îlt'ō'L newīnōLībeing along I ont drops
10	wīai. Hak'sū hadā'mgwa, k'wōdzō pia'lsdō.'' NLK'ē tgōnL exerements my star.'' Then this
11	a'lg'îxL aXt aL ts'emē'lîx'. A'lg'îxL aXt aL lax-ha'. said the to the beaver, lt spoke the porcupine to heaven.
12	NLk'ë hwîlL lax-ha'. NLk'ë ā'd'îk'sk"L hwîl q'andā'uL Then it did so the heaven, Then it came (verbal noun)
13	lax-ha'. NLk''ē dā'nL dz'ā'dz'îk's an hē'Luk. the sky. Then iee was the ground in the morning.
14	NLK''\(\bar{e}\) huX wô'\(\bar{o}\)tk"L aXt aL w\(\bar{i}\)-ts'Enn\(\bar{e}'\)fix'. NLK'\(\bar{e}\) L\(\bar{a}\)
15	Lē'êxk"L ts'Emē'lîx', nLk'ē ā'lg'îxL aXt: "Deni qalā'qnōmîst, finished eating the beaver, then said the porcupine: "(Fut.) we play,
	This contone, i. in Tain dien die 1

¹ This sentence is in Tsimshian dialect.

ground is yonder." It was very cold in the morning. There was a place where water was running down. It was slippery because the water was frozen. The Beaver followed the Porcupine across the place. Then the Beaver was troubled because his feet were slippery, but the Porcupine had long claws. Then he returned to see what the great Beaver was doing, and he said to him, "Come, do it, friend," but the Beaver could not cross the place on account of the ice on the mountain. Then the Porcupine returned, and took the Beaver by the hand and led him across. Thus the Beaver got across. The Porcupine was going to play with him; just once he did so. Then they walked on, and came to the place where the tree was standing. The Porcupine said to the Beaver, "Now climb this tree." The Beaver

dāmqık". Hētk"ı an-qalā'gaēE al dā'u." Nık''ē ā'd'îk'sk"ı friend. There my playground at yonder." Then came	1
hē'tuk. Nīk''ē semgal saqī gunä'xk". Dā'ur dz'ā'dz'îk's. Tgönī the Then very sharp the cold. Ice was the ground. This	2
hwîll iaga-qâ'ôl a'k'sg'ê. Hîlia'lk ^u l hwîl dā'utg'ê. Nelne't it was down ran water. Slippery where ice. There	3
$ \begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	4
ts'Emë'lîx', gwa'nEm hîlia'lk''l an'ô'nt. K''ë tgön hwîll the beaver, always slippery were his hands. Then this did	5
a'Xtg·ĉ. Nēnē'lukuL Lē Laqst. NLk·'ē huX lō-ya'ltkuL aXt the porcupine.	
at g'a'aı hwîlı wī-ts'emē'lîx'. Nık''ē a'lg'îxı a'Xtg'ê: "Sa! to see what did the beaver. Then said the poreunine:	7
āmi hwî'len, dāmqik"!" Dē'yai aXt ai wī-ts'emē'lîx". Qō'sei good do, friend!" Thus said the porcupine to the beaver. He could not	8
ts'Emē'lîx dem tsaga-a'qlk"t al hwîl dā'ul sqanē'st. Nlk'ē the beaver (fut.) aeross he reached because ice the mountain. Then	9
lō-ya'ltk"L aXt. NLk''ē tgōnL hwîlt; gō'udEL an'ô'nL j	10
ts'Emē'lîx'; nLk''ē tsaga-dê'êntk"t. NLk''ē tsaga-a'qLk"t. Lā 1 the beaver; then across he led him.	11
hē-yu'kt dēt-sel-qalā'qı. aXt ts'emē'lîx q'ai-k''ē'elt hwîl 1 he was going the porcupine the beaver just once	12
de-hwî'lt. Nık''e lô'ôdet. Nık''et hwa'del hwîl hetkul gan. I also he did Then they went. Then they reached where stood the	13
NLK''ē tgōnī hwîlī a'Xtg'ê: "Ānīī dem men-jē'ên," dēya' 1 Then this did the porcupine: "Good (fut.) up go," thus he said	14

hiq hands

at

against good

was much troubled. He was afraid. The Poreupine continued, "Now

you shall see how I do it."

The Porcupine climbed up, and reached the very top of the tree. Then he let go, and dropped down. While he was falling down through space he said (?) (?) and he struck on a rock. Then he rose. He was not dead. He said to the Beaver, "Did you see, friend? That is not difficult." And the Porcupine carried the Beaver up the tree. He said to him, "Now hold on to my neek;" and the Beaver did so. He clung to the neek of the Porcupine, who climbed the tree. When they came near the top, the Porcupine put the Beaver on a branch of the tree. The Beaver was much afraid because

1	al ts'emē'lîx'.	NLk'ē sem	-aba'g'ask ^u n	ts'emē'lîx'.	Sē'lk'unt.
	to the beaver.			the beaver.	lle was timld.
2	"Hwä'i! Dem "Well! (Fut.)	g'a'an!" Dē'y	aL aXt.		
3	Nık'ē aXt	men-k 's-qâ'ô	gôt. Nik 'e	mEn-a'qLk ^u up he got	t. al Lē to the
4	sem-ts'ēwî'nt.	Hwîl wîtkuL	aXt qal	lē'deL ts'ēw elet go the to	î'nL gan. p of the tree.
	Lgotē-qalē't,	nLk·'ē tgōnL then this	hēL al said th	Kt aL dē ie while with	-d'Ep-yu'kt
6	as dropped, aL lax-qal-bē'is at on the space;	: "Andabelâ'o	andabelâ'	q." NLk.'ë	ok'st aL he at dropped
7	on the stone. Then	'ē g:în-hē'tk ^u t:	; nîgʻi nô'ôt not he wa dead.	t. NLK''ē hē s Then sa	EL aXt aL id the to poreupine
	ts'Emē'lîx: "G	'a'aL, dāmqLk ^u ! See, friend!	Nî'gʻidē qa	aqē'tk"t." NL it is hard."	k'et men-
9	wa'lx'L aXL earried the porcupine	ts'Emē'lîx: aL	lax-ga'n. on the tree.	NLk 'ē dē-d	ē'lemexk ^u L s answered rt
10	aXt aL ts'I the to th	e beaver: "Ye	ery fast dē-	yō'guL t'E	m-lā'nēîst." my neek."
11	NLk'e hwîll ts	'Emē'lîx'. Sem the beaver. Very	egit dex-yu	'kdēt t'Em-lã'	nîx'ı aXt.
12	NLK'e men-ia'	êt aL lax-ga'r	n. NLk'et	hwal Le barreached (fut.) nea	m-ts'ēwî'nt.
13	NLk 'et le-d'a'd on he i	EL ts'emē'liv	at lav-ana'	et Nrk 25 w	i-t'a'e hwîl
14	xpets'a'xl ts'e	mē'lîx' at hy	vîl nî'gʻidi	tq'al-ā'mL	an'ô'nt al

on aecount

not

the beaver

his hands were not able to hold on to the tree. Only the Porcupine knows how to do that, because his claws are long.

Now the Porcupine said, "Hold on to the tree, friend. I will go down first." The Beaver did so, clinging round the branch with his arms. Then the Porcupine let go of the tree and fell down. He said again (?) (?) and he struck the rock, but he was not dead.

Now the great Beaver was much troubled, holding on to the branch. He was afraid to let go; but the Poreupinc ran about at the foot of the tree, and looked up to his friend. He said, "Oh, friend, that is not difficult. Look at me. I am not dead, although I fell down." Then the Beaver let go of the branch, and when he fell through space, he

dem dēt-dîx'-yō'gul gan. K'sax aXt t'an hwîlā'x't al hwîl (fut.) onhis fast hold the Only the who knows because part tree,	1
nēnē'luk"L La'qstg*ê. long its elaws.	2
NLk''ē tgönl hēl a'Xtg'ê: "Sem-g'it dîx'-yō'gul, dāmqlk". Then this said the poreupine: "Really fast hold, friend.	3
DEM d'ep-k's-qâq nēē'st lân.'' NLk''ē hwîlL ts'emē'lîx'. (Fut.) down first 1 thee." Then did so the beaver.	4
Txā-xlem-d'a'ldîl an'ô'nt. Nlk'ēt qalē'l aXl ga'ng'ê, lax- All around were his hands. Then let go the poreupine the tree, on	5
qal-bē'îs yô'xgutg'ê. NLk''ē huX tgōnL hēt: "Andebelâ'q, space he went. Then again this he said: "(?)	6
andebelâ'q." Nlk'ë ha'k'sem huX ōk'st al lax-lô'ôp. Nlk'ë (?) Then once more again he dropped on on the stones.	7
nî'g'i nô'ôt. not he was dend.	8
Tk·'ē sem-lō-ha'xk ^u L qâ'otL wī-ts'emē'lîx· at lō-dā'mL anē'st Then very in troubled the heart of great he in held the branch	9
al. aba'g'ask" al. dem tgwantk"t. Nlk'ē k'ul-ba'xl aXt al. and he was troubled to (fut.) to fall. Then about ran the at poreupine	10
mēnt gan. Nik. 'ēt men-g-a'ar hwîl lē-d'ā'r an-dā'mqikut. the the the foot of tree. Then up he where on was his friend.	11
NLK''ë tgōnl hël a'Xtg'ê: "Gwôm, dāmqlk"! Nîg'îdi qaqë'tk"t. Then this said the porcupine: "Go on, friend! Not it is hard.	12
Gʻa'as nē'e; nî'gʻi nô'ôēE, ar hwîl tgwantk"." Nrk'ēt qalē'r Look at me; not I am because I fell." Then let go	13
ts'Emë'lîx'l anë'st. Tgönl hël ts'Emë'lîx' al la tgwantk"t al lax- the beaver the branch. This said the beaver at (perf.) he fell at on	14
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cried, "Rock, rock!" Then he struck the rocks. He lay on his back, and his belly burst. He was dead.

¹ qal-bē'is: "Lô'ôp lô'ôp," ts'emē'lîx'L hē'tg'ê. NLk'ē ök'st aL space: "Stone, stone," the beaver said. Then he struck

² lax-lô'ôp. Sem-hasbā'-sg'it. NLk''ē sem-xlu'xl bant. Nlk''ē nô'ôt. on the stones. Very on his he back lay. Then very burst his belly. Then he was dead.

THE WOLVES AND THE DEER

[Told by Moody]

The Wolves had a feast on a prairie at the mouth of Skeena river. They invited the chiefs of the Deer to the feast. The Deer who had been called eame. Then they sat down on the prairie face to face with the Wolves. The Wolves said to the Deer, "You on the opposite side begin to laugh." But the Deer did not agree. They said, "You shall laugh first." The Wolves replied, "Now we will laugh. Ha, ha, ha, ha! Now you must laugh, you on the other side." Then the Deer laughed: "M, m, m, m, m! Now you laugh again,

THE WOLVES AND THE DEER

Lē'lvitxaL	k 'ebō'al	aL	lax-amā'ı	uksal	aL	saXL	Ksan.	1
They had a feast								1
						of	river.	
NLk.'ēt wô								2
Then invi	ited th wol	e ves	all the		el	nief	deer.	
Nık ''e hwîl	k ''ē ad'ā	'd'îk'sL	wô′ôm	wan.	$N_{\rm L}$	k·'ē hy	vîl k"ē	3
At onee		eame	the			At onee		0
- 1		,	invited		1 /1/		7 1-4	
wī-ama hwa'	ndet al.	lax-am	a'uks n	agalaxo	te'It	qanı	k'ebō'.	4
very well they	sat at	on the	prairie	taee to ta	ee	and	the wolves.	
Nık 'e hwîl	k''ë hëL	k ''ebō'2	r'ê al v	wan: '	· K va	x-hîsqaā	'qsesem	5
At once	said	the wolve	es to th	ne deer:	"Onl	y lau	gh ye	
14/1	12 TZ	· ·>+. 66	NTA/	t. = J o	_	6612		/A
an-dâ'sda at the other s	aas. A	e:	Mrg'l,"	nege	υ,	"K"ax-	ne semt	6
at the other s	ide."	nen:	30,	they sa	.10,	only	ye	
k's-qâ'gôm	hîsqaā'qset	," dē-	hē'deL	wan	aL		K.'ē	7
k's-qâ'gôm	hîsqaā'qset	on thei:	r said	the	aL to			7
first	laugh,"	on their part	r said	the deer	to	the wolve	s.	·
hwîl k•'ē	laugh," hē∟ k*eb	on their part	r said ''Hwä'i	the deer	to 'En	the wolve	s. ıîsqaā'qs	·
hwîl k•'ē	laugh," hēr k'eb	on their part	r said	the deer	to 'En	the wolve	s. ıîsqaā'qs	·
first hwîl k•'ē	laugh," hēL k'eb said t wo Iwä'i! H	on their part o'g 'ê: he lves: a, ha,	r said "Hwä'i "Well! ha,	the deer! D'ē	to 'En ha!	the wolve dem l (Fut.) Hwä'	s. nîsqaã'qs laugh i! Gôp	8
hwîl k·'ē At onee nō'mest. H	laugh," hēL k'eb said t wo Iwä'i! H	on their part o'g 'ê: he lves: a, ha,	r said "Hwä'i "Well!	the deer! D'ē	to 'En ha!	the wolve dem l (Fut.) Hwä'	s. nîsqaā'qs laugh i! Gôp Go	8
hwîl k''ē l At onee no'mest. H	laugh," hēl. k*eb said t wo Iwä'i! H well! H	on their part o'g'ê: he lives: ã, ha, ha,	r said "Hwä'i "Well! ha, ha,	the deer ! D'ē ha,	to 'En ha!	the wolve dem l (Fut.) Hwä' Well!	s. nîsqaã'qs laugh i! Gôp Go on	8
hwîl k''ē land hwîl k''ē land hore hō'mest. Hwe.	laugh," hēr. k eb said t wö'i! H Well! H K-'ax-dē-hî	on their part \[\bar{o}'g^*\hat{\hat{e}} : \\	r said "Hwä'i "Well! ha, ha,	the deer ! D'ē ha, ha,	to 'En ha! ^{ha!} lâ'sda	the wolve dem l (Fut.) Hwä' Well!	s. nîsqaā'qs laugh i! Gôp Go on ''Hwä'i!	8
hwîl k''ē land hwîl k''ē land hwîl k''ē land hwînest. Hwe. dē-lâ'sem. I also to you.	laugh," hēL k eb said t wo Iwā'i! H Well! H K-'ax-dē-hî Only also	on their part o'g'ê: he lves: ä, ha, a, ha, sqaū'qsE laugh ye	r said "Hwä'i "Well! ha, ha,	the deer ! D'ē ha, ha, t an-o	to 'En ha! ha! lâ'sda he othe side."	the wolve dem l (Fut.) Hwä' Well!	s. nîsqaā'qs laugh i! Gôp Go on "Hwä'i! "Well!"	8
hwîl k''ē land hwîl k''ē land honee nō'mest. Haso to you. D'ē'en,'' dē'y	laugh," hēl k'eb said t wo Iwā'i! H Well! H K-'ax-dē-hî Only also 'al wan.	on their part o'g'ê: he lves: ä, ha, ha, sqaā'qsE laugh ye ''Hwä'	r said "Hwä'i "Well! ha, ha, sem ar	the deer ! D'ē ha, ha, t an-c t tl	to 'En ha! ha! lâ'sda he other side."	the wolve dem l (Fut.) Hwä' Well: as."	s. nîsqaā'qs laugh i! Gôp Go on "Hwä'i! "Well!" Hwä'i!	8
hwîl k''ē land hwîl k''ē land hwîl k''ē land hwînest. Hwe. dē-lâ'sem. I also to you.	laugh," hēl k'eb said t wo Iwā'i! H Well! H K-'ax-dē-hî Only also 'al wan.	on their part o'g'ê: he lves: ä, ha, ha, sqaā'qsE laugh ye ''Hwä'	r said "Hwä'i "Well! ha, ha,	the deer ! D'ē ha, ha, t an-c t tl	to 'En ha! ha! lâ'sda he other side."	the wolve dem l (Fut.) Hwä' Well: as."	s. nîsqaā'qs laugh i! Gôp Go on "Hwä'i! "Well!" Hwä'i!	8 9 10
hwîl k''ē At onee nō'mest. H we. dē-lâ'sem. I also to you. D'ē'en,'' dē'y said	laugh," hēi. k'eb said t wo Iwā'i! H Well! H K''ax-dē-hî Only also 'al wan. the deer.	on their part o'g'ê: he leves: ä, ha, a, ha, sqaā'qsE laugh ye "Hwä" "Well!	r said "Hwä'i "Well! ha, ha, sem ar at 'i! M— M—,	the deer ! D'ē ha, ha, t an-c t tl , m,	to 'En ha! ha! dâ'sda he othe side." m,	the wolve dem l (Fut.) Hwä' well! as." m, ln. m, m.	s. nîsqaā'qs laugh i! Gôp Go on "'Hwä'i! "Well!" Hwä'i! Well!	8 9 10 11
hwîl k''ē At onee nō'mest. H we. dē-lâ'sem. I also to you. D'ē'en,'' dē'y said Gôp dē-lâ'sr	laugh," hēl k'eb said t wo Iwā'i! H Well! H K-'ax-dē-hî Only also 'al wan.	on their part of grê: he leves: ā, ha, ha, sqaā'qsE laugh ye "Hwä' "well!	r said "Hwä'i "Well! ha, ha, sem ar at "!! M— M—, K.'aX	the deer ! D'ē ha, ha, t an-c t tl , m, huX	ha! ha! lâ'sda he other side." m, m,	the wolve dem l (Fut.) Hwä' well! as." m, ln. m, m.	i! Gôp Go WHwä'i! Well! qsesell.	8 9 10 11

Wolves." Then the Wolves laughed again: "Ha, ha, ha, ha, ha!" Now the Deer were afraid when they saw the large teeth of the Wolves. The Wolves said, "Now, you on the other side, you shall laugh again. Don't keep your mouths closed when you are laughing. Nobody laughs like that. You must open your mouths as far as possible when you are laughing. Now do so. Try as hard as you can. Don't be afraid to open your mouths." Thus spoke the Wolves. "Now laugh." Then the Deer laughed again: "Ha, ha, ha, ha, ha!" They opened their mouths wide. They had no teeth. When the Wolves saw that they had no teeth they attacked them, and they bit them all

1	Hwä'i! D'ē'En." Hwîl k''ē huX dē-hîsqaā'qsL k'ebō': Well!" again also laughed the wolves:	
2	"Hā, ha, ha, ha, ha!" K'ē hwîl k'ē sem-lexpēts'ē'XL	,
3	txanē'tk"st wa'ng'ê, hwîl tat g'a'anit wud'ax qa-wē'nt the deer, when (part.) they saw the great teeth of	,
4	k ebō'g e. Hwä'i! K ebō'g e. huX dē-hē'L k ebō'g e: "Gôp! the wolves. Well! Then again also sald the wolves: "Go on!	
	huX de-hîsqaa'qsesem al an-dâ'sdaas. G'ilâ'l sexsa'mexsemes again also laugh ye at the other side. Do not keep your mouths closed	
6	at da-hîsqaā'qsesems. Nî'g'ide hwîlt hîsā'qset," dē'yat at also you laugh. Not he does he laughs," thus said	l
7	k ebō'. "Q'ap-sem-lō-gâ'del hwîl q'aql ts'em-ā'gam the wolves." "Really very in go where open in mouth	
8	da-hîsā'qsem," dē'yaL k'ebō' aL wan. "Hwä'i! Gôp thus said the to the deer. "Well! Go on) L
9	q'ai-hwî'lsem sem-lō-qâ'densksem at hîsqaā'qsesem. G'ilâ'ôt so far do you very in (as hard as you laugh. Do not	
	lexpēts'ē'xsem al me'demsem q'ā'axl qats'em-ā'qsems,' dē'yal be afrald you at you open your mouths," thus said	
11	k'ebō': "Hwâ'i! D'ē'ensem hîsqaā'qsesem." Hwîl k'ē' huX the wolves: "Well! Now you laugh you." At once then	
12	dē-hîsqaā'qsı, wa'ng'ê: "Hā, ha, ha, ha, ha!" Dē'yai, wan also laughed the deer: "Hah, ha, ha, ha, ha!" Thus said the deer	
13	at lo-qa-la'it qa-ts'em-a'qdet. K'e nî'g'i qa-we'ndet. Hwa'il at lu great their mouths. Then not their teeth. Welli	,
14	Q'ann-g'a'al k'ebō'g'ê hwîl nî'g'i qa-wē'nl wa'ng'ê. K''ē	
	hwîl k''ēt ha'p'adet. K''ē hwîl k''ē't k ^u Lē-hatsha'tsdeL At once they attacked them.	

over. Then they devoured the Deer. Only a few of the Deer succeeded in escaping. For this reason the Deer are afraid of the Wolves.

k ebő/g	_	hwîl t once	k·'ē't g·ē'pder	Q'am-LEb Only few	
wanı. deer	nda'aqk"L succeeded	hō'det.	Nunë'u qan Therefore	 'XL Wan the deer	
k·ebō'	0				3

THE STARS

[Told by Moses]

There was a town. One evening a man went out of the house, and his son accompanied him. They sat down on the beach. After they had been sitting there for some time, the boy looked up to the sky and said to a star, "Poor fellow! You little twinkler, indeed, you must feel cold." Thus spoke the boy to the Star. The Star heard it, and one evening when the boy went out, the Star came down and took him up to the sky.

When day broke, the people found that the boy was lost. They

Pelî'st

THE STARS

	THE STARS	
1	Hētk ^a L qal-ts'a'p. NLk'ē yu'ksa. NLk'ē k'si-Lô There was a town. Then it was evening. Then out we	'ôL g'at
2	R k'si-stē'lL Lgō'uLk ^u t, tk''ē'Lgum g'at Lgō'uLk ^u t. out aceompanying his child, a child man his child.	N _L k·'ē
3	B hwandē't aL g'ä'u. Lā nakuL hwa'ndēt, k''ē men they sat at in front When long they sat, then up down of the town.	-gʻa'ask ^u L looked
4	Lgō-tk'ē'Lk" al lax-ha'. Nlk''ē tgōnl hēt al pelî'st the boy to the sky. Then this he said to a star:	
	6 gʻā'aL k'opE-hwîla dā'us gōst, k'opE-xs-gunä'qs sa'E!` look little being twinkler that, little feel- cold Indeed!'	' Thus said
6	3 Lgō-tk''ē'Lk" al pelî'st. Nlk''ēt naxna'l pelî'st. the boy to the star. Then heard the star. W	La huX Then again
7	7 k''ē'ElL sa, nLk''ē Lā yu'ksa, nLk''ē k'saxL Lgō one day, then it was then went out the evening,	boy.
8	K'ë d'Ep-ā'd'îk'sk"ı. pElî'st. NLK'ët gö'nt. NLK'ët Then down came the star. Then he took him.	
9	dā'uLt aL lax-ha'. he to the sky.	
10	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	

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looked for him everywhere. They asked all the tribes, but they could not find him. Then the people stopped, but his father and his mother longed for him. They were crying all the time. They did so many days.

One day the man was walking about crying. When he stopped crying, he looked up a mountain, and, behold, smoke came out of it. He went up, and when he came near, he saw a woman. She asked the man, "Do you know who took your child?" "No," said the man. "The Star took your child. He tied him onto the edge of his smoke-hole. The child is crying all the time. He is almost dead, because the sparks the fire are burning his body." Thus she spoke. Then she said,

g'etk'sL qal-ts'a'p.	Txanē'tk"L	ligʻî-nda' everywhere	k'uL-g'ig'î'Eldēt about they looked.	. 1
Txanē'tk"L saL hw Every day the	rî'ldēt; nî'g'ît y did so; not	hwa'dēt. they found (1 him,	La gwâ'tkudet Perf.) they lost him	
NLk 'e ha'udet; txa	nē'tk"L qal-ts	s'îpts'a'pı gʻ	ē'daxdēt. K.'	
qa'nē-hwîla aba'g'ask always was trouble	uL neguâ'ôdet d his father	t qanL nôx	Always	a 4
sīgʻa'tk ^u dēt. Wī-hē'lī they cried. Many	san hwî'ld days they di			5
Lā huX k''ēlī. When again one	sa, k'ē hu day, then aga	X k'uL-iē'ĉi	g a'tg ê a	L 6
k'ul-wī-yē'tkut. Nlk' about he eried. Then	e Lä ha'wuL when he stopped	wī-yē'tkut,	k·'ēt bax-g·a'a then np he say	L 7
lax-sqanē'st, gwīnā'do on a mountain, behold,		c·si-hē'tgut a out stood a	lax-sqanë'si on the mountain	
NLk*'ē bax-iä'L g*a't	g ê lât. NLk nan toit. Then	'ē hagun-a'qı	k ^u t. Gwīnā'der	9
hana'q. NLk'ē tgē a woman, Then th		na'qg'ê. G'î e woman. She	'daqL g'a'tg'd the man:	
"Hwîlā'yîn t'an gō'u "Do you who too	ul Lgö'ulgunä k your ehild?"	'?" "Nē',"	dē'yan g'a'tg'é	. 11
"Pelî'st t'an gō'uL "The stars who took	Lgō'uLku. Lan	the edge the	hwîl lē-d'ā'dr	t 12
tq'al-dē-da'k'ı.dēt lâ'd against they tledit to i	ot. Nrk'e g	a'nē-hwîla wi	yē'tk"t. NLk.	ē 13
La dem nô'ôt, que (perf.) (fut.) dead,	anā'leguL lak sparks fire	u t'an mē' which bur	LL Lîpla'nt. ns his body."	
Dē'yaL. Ma'Laask ^u L Thus she said. He was told by	hana'qg'ê. N	Lk.'ē tgönl Then this	hēt. hana'qg'é	

"Go on. Make many arrows, that you may have a great many quickly." The man went down and came to his town. There he made four bundles of arrows. He saw a very long mountain, which he climbed. He stood on top of it, took his bow, and took an arrow and shot at the sky. The arrow hit the edge of the hole of the sky, and stuck there. He shot another arrow, which hit the nock of the first one. He shot again, and continued to do so for many days. Then the arrows came down, and reached to him. The man was carrying tobacco, red paint, and sling-stones. Then he went up, climbing the arrows. He reached the sky, and met a person who said, "Your

1	"Go on, dzāpL make	wī-hē'ldEL many	hawî'l arrows	dem (fut.)	wī-hē'lt;	ãnil. good
2	sem-t'ē'lden!" very quiekly do it!"	NLk 'ë iaga	a-iē'êL n went	g'a'tg'ê.	NLK 'et	hwaL he found
3	qal-ts'a'p. NLk	·'ē dzapt v n he made	vī-hē'ldEL many	hawî'l. arrows.	Txalpxt Four	hwîl
4	LEM-dîx'da'k'Lt.	NLk'et g:	a'aL SEII saw very	1-k·'ā-wī-na' execed- great	gul squ long a m	anē'st,
	nîLnē'L hwîl that where	up he went.	Then o	n he stood	on it.	Then
6	gō'uL ha-Xda he took his bow	'k". NLk''ēt	gō'uL he took	hawî'l. 1	NLK.'ēt	guXL he shot at
7	lax-ha'g · ê. N	Lk'ë hwîl Then doing so	hwî'lı	hwîl na where t	inô'ôl l he hole of	ax-lia'
	nLhwîl lō-hē'tk there ln hit					
9	sem-lō-ts'ē'pku.	NLk 'ēt huX Then again	Xdak ^u L he shot	k 'elt. Ni	k·'ēt lō-	gu'XL he hit
10	g'apt lō-hē'tgu the end in th stoo	tg'ê. NLk'ēt	huX again	Xdak ^u t. he shot.	Nık'ēt	lıuX again
11	of xLîp-gu'XL La at the he end hit	g'ap. Wī-hē'l	lt sal h	wîlt. NLk' did so. Then	ē d'ep-a	'qLk"t
12	al awa'at. K'u to his prox- inlty. Abo	ıL-iu'kdel gʻa	'tg'ê La	lıwîndô'ô	qant mî	s-a'ust
13	qanL Xts'a.	NLk 'ë m	En-iä'êt.	Men-iô'xg	ut lax-l	nawî'l.
14	NLk ''ē men-a'q	Lkut al ts'El eame to in	m-lax-ha'.	Nık'ē	iä'êt. N	Lk'ēt
15	hwal hwîl h	wî'lı k''âlı. was one	g'at. NLl	ten this	hēL gʻ said th	a'tg'ê:

ehild is about to die. He is erying all the time because his body is being burned. Carve a piece of wood so that it will look just like your ehild." He gave to this person tobaceo, red paint, and slingstones in return for his advice. Then the person was very glad. The man made a figure of spruee, one of hemlock, one of balsam fir. and one of red cedar, and one of yellow cedar, all as large as his boy. Then he made a great fire. He built a pyre of slender trees, which he placed erosswise, and placed fire underneath. He hung his wooden images to a tree over the fire. He poked the fire, so that the sparks burned the body of the wooden figure. Then the latter eried aloud, but after a short time it stopped. Then he took it off, and took another one. It did the same. The figure stopped erying after a short time. He

''Lā dem nô'ôL Lgō'uLgun. Qanē-hwîla ayawā'tk ^u t aL hwîl 1 '(Perf.) (fut.) dies your ehild. Always he eries because .	
mel lîpla'nt. Ām me dem dzāpl gan dem se-g'a'den dem 2 burns his body. Good you (fut.) make a man (fut.) '	
hō'g'îgat Lgo-tk''ē'Lk"." NLk''ē g'inā'mL g'a'tg'ê hwindô'ô 3	
qanl ines-a'us qanl Xts'a. Nlk''ē semgal lō-ā'ml qâ'ôtl 4 and red paint and sling Then much in good heart	
gʻat tqʻal-hwa'tgʻîtgʻê. NLkʻ'ēt dzapı gan. Sä'êqs tgön 5 the against he had met. Then he made a stiek. Spruee this	
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	
tgönl dzāpt, sgunā'e tgönl dza'pt. Qâ'ôdet sîl-qas-qâ'ôt'ent 7 this he made, yellow this he made. It was finished as large as	
al Lgō'ıılk". Nlk''ët wi-se-më'l lak". Nlk''ët ma'qsaanl 8 as the boy. Then greatly he burn a fire. Then he placed	
qasqë'sgum gan. NLk*'ët lë-sg*i'L huX që'sgum gan. 9 slender trees. Then on he laid also a slender tree.	
NLk·'ē sE-mē'L laku aL LaXt. NLk·'ēt lē-ia'qL g'at aL 10 Then he burn aftre at under it. Then on he the at hung man	•
lax-ga'n. NLk'ēt qē'LqanL lak". NLk'ē meL LîpLa'nL 11 on the Then he poked the fire. Then burnt the body of	
gʻa'demi gan. NLkʻ'ë wī-amhë't at ayawā'tk''t. Nî'gʻî 12	,
nak ^u L hēt, k'ē ha'nt. NLk'ēt sa-ma'gat. NLk'ēt huX 13 long he spoke, then he stopped. Then off he took then again	
gō'ul k''ēlt. Nık''ē huX hwîlt. Nî'g'î nakul ayawā'tkut, 14 he took one. Then also he did so. Not long he eried,	:

took it down. Then he tied the red cedar to the tree and poked the fire. There were very many sparks. The figure cried for a long time, and then stopped. He took it down and hung up the yellow cedar. It did not stop. Then he took the image of yellow cedar.

He went on, and came to a place where he heard a man splitting firewood with his wedge and hammer. His name was G'ix sats'ā'ntx'. When he came near, he asked him, "Where is the house?" At the same time he gave him tobacco. Then G'ix sats'ā'ntx' began to swell when he tasted the tobacco. (The people of olden times called it "being troubled.") He also gave him red paint and sling-stones.

1	k'ē huX h	stopped. NLk	re huX	sa-ma'gat.	NLk"ēt
2	lē-tsē'êpL sEm-g on he tied cedar	a'n. NLk'et	huX q	ē'LqanL lak ^u he poked the fir	. NLk.'ē e. Then
	SEm-k 'a-wī-hē'lL very exceed- many ingly	sparks.	Then	long	it cried
	ayawā'tk"tg 'ê. N	Then again	ha'ut. Ni it stopped.	Lk''ēt huX Then also	sa-ma'gat.
5	NLk ''ēt gō'uL Then he took	sgunä'ê. NL	k'ë nî'g'îc	di që'sxkutg it stopped.	ê. Nık 'e Then
6	iä'Et; gu'kdēt he went; he took	g a'dem the man of	ga'nem wood of	sgunä'ê.	
7	NLk"ēt nExna'	L hwîl hal	hä'L t'an oise who	dzāpı lak ^u . made fire- wood.	Hē-yu'kt He began
8	$\begin{array}{ccc} guX_L & lak^u & \cdot & a \\ \text{to take} & \text{firewood} & wi\\ \end{array}$	r lēt qar th wedge and	nı daqı.	Gʻîxʻsats'ā'nt	x hwat was the
9	g'a'tg'ê. NLk''è the man. Then	hagun-iä'.	L g'a'tg'd	NLk 'et	g·ē'dexs he asked
10	G 'îx 'sats'ā'ntx': G'lx 'sats'ā'ntx':	"Where (verh	al stands	hwîlp?" NLk	en he gave
11	gʻa'tgʻê an h the man of	wîndô'ô. N tobacco.	Lk'ē ā'd'	îk'sk"L hwî eame (verhe	d grîtkus swelled
12	G 'îx'sats'ā'ntx'. G'lx'sats'ā'ntx'.	Wī-t'ē'sL Much was	hwîl g	$ ext{`}i'tk^{u}tg ext{`}\hat{c}.$ he swelled.	At liwîl Beeause
13	baqL hwîndô'ô he the tobacco	qan hwîl	t (nL si	E-wa'deL was	LEn-g'ig'a't former people
14	aL aba'g'ask'u), he was troubled),	t hwîl b	aqL ak'sda tasted sweetne	a'L hwîndô'ô ss of tobaeeo.	NLk 'et
15	huX g'înā'nıL also he gave him	mes-a'ust red paint	qanı X	ts'a. NLk''d shot. Then	et māls told him

Then G'ix sats'ā'ntx' told him where the child was. He said, "Wait in the woods until they are all asleep, then go up to the roof of the house." The man went, and when he came nearer, he heard the voice of his boy, who was crying; but as soon as the boy stopped, the chief ordered his men to poke the fire until many sparks flew up. When all the people were asleep, the man went to the roof of the house where the child was. The child recognized his father and cried; but his father rebuked him, saying, "Don't cry, don't cry! They might hear you in the house." The boy stopped and the man took him off. In his place he tied the wooden image to the smoke hole. Then he went down. Early in the morning the chief ordered his people to poke the fire. Then the wooden image cried while the man

G'îx'sats'ā'ntx'L k	nwîl lē-hō'ksk ^u l.	the child of	gʻa'tgʻê.	Tse 1
k 'ax-d'ā'nēn aL ''Only stāy in	gʻilē'lîx' Lä in the when woods	dem wâ'wôc (fut.) they sle	idēt dem eep (fut.)	$\begin{array}{cc} k \cdot ' \overline{e} & 2 \\ \\ \text{then} \end{array}$
men-iē'en," dē'ys	as Gʻixʻsats'ā'ni Gʻlxʻsats'á'ntx	tx. K. ē	iä'êL g'a't went the r	
NLk'e hagun-a'qL Then toward he g	k ^u t. NLk ¹ 'ēt nī got. Then h	EXNA'L am-hi	ē'L Lgō'uLk ^u e of his ehil	tg·ê 4
aL ayawā'tk"t.	Q'ai-lîg'i-qē'sxk"L But as soon as stopped	Lgō-tk 'ē'lk	u, k·'ēt l	huX 5
gun-që'LqanL sem ordered to poke th	'â'g'itt. lak". the fire.	K°ē huX	eame (hwîl 6
wī-hē'lı qanā'luk. many the sparks.	Lā wâ'wôqı When slept	hwîlp,	nLk ''ē men	-iä'L 7
gʻa'tgʻê. NLkʻ'ē the person. Then	hagun-iä'êt al toward he to	hwîl lē-hō' where on wa	ksk ^u L Lgō'uI	
NLk'et hwîlā'x'L Then knew		eguâ'ôdet. N		tk ^u t. 9
NLk 'et lä'ell n Then rebuked him	eguâ'ôdet: "G	rîlô', grîlô'! on't, don't!	nExna'yîtg'ê they hear it perhaps	al 10
house."	nen stopped the littl	boy.	NLK 'et sa-go Then off	
g'at Lgō'urk"tg'ê	Then h	'gai-lē-tq'al-da ow- on against l	ne tied the p	dem 12 erson
gan. NLk 'ē d	'Ep-iä'êt. NLk' own he went. Then	e he'Luk.	NLk·'ēt	huX 15
gun-se-inē'lel st or to burn dered make	Em'â'g'itL lak". the chief the fire.	NLk'ē l Then a	nuX ayawā'	

and his son were making their escape. But the wooden image did not ery long. Then it stopped. The chief became suspicious, and sent a man to the roof. He went up, and, behold, there was a stick. The boy was lost, and the wooden image was on the roof. The chief said, "Pursue them!" The people did so. The man heard them approaching. When they were close behind him, he threw tobacco, red paint, and sling-stones in their way. The paint was red; the sling-stones were blue.

The chief's people found these and picked them up. Some persons took the sling-stones, and others took the red paint and put it on their faces.¹ While they were doing so, the man and his son continued to

1	Lgō-tk·'ō	E'Lk ^u ,	aL at	La when	k·'ē'	de wi	ē-iä'L th went	g a'tg	g·ê Lg	gö'uLk ^u t. his ehild.
2	Nî'g'î	nak ^u L long	aya	ıwā'tk ^u eried	L g	gʻa'dE he perso	m g	ga'ng 'ê. wood,	K.'ē	ha'ut.
3	Nık'et	lîk's-	gʻa'd' k notice	EnL	sem'	âg ît	qan there fore	e- uj	en-hē'tsl he sent	k ''âlL
	g'at.	Then	up	went	a person	1;	hehold		wood.	
5	Lgō-tk·'ō	e'Lkug'ê;	ga woo	n lē- d on	hō'ks was wit	gut.	K·'ē Then	a'lg'	ÎXL SE	m'â'g it: the ehief:
6	"Ām, "Good,			oxk ^u t." pursue them."	NL	k·'ē	hwîli.	qal- it th	ts'a'pg ê.	K. ēt
7	yô'xdēiL pursued them.	. K.'ē	nE	xna'L eard	gʻa'i	g·ĉ	hwîl where	Lā (perf.)	ā'd'îk sk eame	uL t'an who
8	yôxk ^u t. pursued them.	NLk.	ē Li	ā q'a en clo	i'yîm se by	dēl nea	pk ^u t r him	aL at	qalā'nt. behind him.	nLk 'ēt
9		îL hw	îndô'é	o qai	nL nd	mes-	ā'ust _{saint}	qanL and	Xts'a. sling shot.	Hwîl Where
10			MES the re	-a'ust.	NL	k·'ē	gusg	wâ'ôsk' as blue	the sling	sta.
11	$N_{\rm L}$	lē-hwa'	ÎL lit	qal-ts	a'pL ople of	SEI	m`â'gʻi he chief.	t. N	Lk·'ē	dô'qdēiL they took
1 2	mEs-ā'us	s qanı		ts'a.		qats'	ō'OL ne	gʻa'tg person	tan who	n dôqL took
13	mes-ñ'us red paint.		ζ•'ē	qats'ö'	ot t	an	dôqL took	Xts'a	. D'ā'ı They	ndet an
14	qa-ts'Elt			ıkL hile		ere				nak ^u L it was long

¹This accounts for the colors of the stars.

run. Again the man heard the pursuers approaching. Now he eame to G'ix'sats'ā'ntx', who said, "Run quickly, my dear. They will not eatch you." The Star had taken the boy, and therefore the Star's tribe were pursuing them. The man gave G'ix'sats'ā'ntx' tobaceo, and then G'ix'sats'ā'ntx' swelled very much, so that he obstructed the trail, and therefore the Star tribe could not reach the man.

Now he came near the hole of the sky. He came to it, and went down the chain of arrows. As soon as he reached the ground, he pulled the arrows down, and they all dropped to the ground. He had saved his boy. Then he went down the mountain and ran home. He got the boy back, and therefore he and his wife were glad.

hwîl de-ba'xL g'a'tg'ê Lg		
hwîl q'ai'yîm ad'ā'd'îk'sk'	ut an q'ai'yîm at close	
hwaL hwîl hwîls G'î	x'sats'ā'ntx'. NL	k·'ē tgōnL hēs 3
G'îx'sats'ā'ntx': "Alō-bā'n, G'1x'sats'ā'ntx': "Quickly run,	nāt! nî'g'i d my not dear!	dent gʻidi-gō'udēt 4 (fut.) gʻidi-gō'udēt 4
në'en." Pelî'st t'anL gō you." The star who to	ok the hoy.	They who
$\begin{array}{ccc} y \hat{o} x k^u \mathbf{L} & g^* a' t g^* \hat{e} & q a l \text{-} t s' a' p \mathbf{L} \\ \text{pursued} & \text{the man} & \text{the trihe of} \end{array}$	pelî'st. NLk'ê	et g·e'nL g·a'tg·ê 6 he gave the person
G'îx'sats'ā'ntx' al hwîndô' G'îx'sats'ā'ntx' of tobacco	'ô. NLk''ē g'îtk . Then swelle	us G:îx:sats'ā'ntx: 7
wī-t'ē'sL hwîļ g'î'tk ^u tg'ê. greatly he swelled.		
NLqan aqL-yô'xk"L qal-ts'a'p Therefore not pur- sued him the tribe of	pL pElî'stg ê. Lā of the star. When	q'ai'yîm dē'lpk"ı. 9
g'a'tg'ê al hwîl nānô'ôl the man at where the hole of	the sky then	nwat. NLk 'e d'ep- 10 he Then down
iä'êt. D'Ep-iô'xgul hwîl lō he Down he went where in	nde-LôgLô'ôdEL place joining each of other	hawî'l. NLk.'ēt La 11 arrows. Then
d'Ep-a'qLk"t. NLk 'et d'Ep-sa' down he reached. Then down he p	g'îL hawî'l. NLk.' pulled the Then	ē mak'ı gul-q'ane't. 12 dropped all of them.
Dē-mâ'tgul lgō'ulkutg ê. He was saved his son.	NLk.'ē iaga-iē'êt. Then down he went.	Wîtk ^u t al lax- 13 He came at on
sqane'st. NLk''e na-ba'xt the out of he the woods ran	aL qal-ts'a'p. to the town.	Mâtk ^u L Lgō'uLk ^u t; 14 He was saved his son;
gulîk s-daa'q Lgut. NLk ''ē back he got him. Theu	iō-ā'mL qâ'ôtt in good his heart	qanı nak'st. 15

ROTTEN-FEATHERS

[Told by Moses]

There was a town, and a large prairie on which many children were playing. They were always making a noise. They did so every morning all the year round. Then the Heaven heard it. He was much annoyed, and therefore he sent down feathers. They came down, soaring over the children. One boy saw them. He was almost grown up and was very strong. He took the feathers and put them on his head. Then he ran about.

Logômîx ·Q'ā'x ·

ROTTEN-FEATHERS

- Hētk^uL qal-ts'a'p. NLk · 'ē d'āL wī-lax-ha'p'esku, nêlne'l a on great There stood a town. Then there there prairie, k'ōpe-tk''ē'Lku. 2 hwîl qalā'qL wī-hē'ldem Qanē-hwîla xstamqL where played many little ehildren. Always noise of Hē'Luk, hwî'ldētg'ê. 3 alēmhē'detg'ê. nLk'ē Txānē'tkuL huX their voices. It got morning. then again they did so. Every 4 sal hwî'ldēt. Txānē'tkuL k'ōL hwî'ldēt. Nık'ē nexna'L they did so. heard it day A11 year they did so. Then qâ'ôtt. 5 lax-ha'g'ê. NLk 'et lō-hwa'ntk^uL Wī-t'ē's hwîl the heaven. Then in was annoyed his heart. Mueh being 6 lō-hwa'ntk^uL qâ'ôtt, Nık'ē d'ep-ma'gal qaq'ā'x'. netqan in annoyed his heart, therefore down eame a feather. Then 7 dē-d'ep-vu'kt lax-ō'l k'ōpe-tk'ē'lk". Nlk'ēt g'a'al k alL aL also down it eame on top the Then to ehildren. 8 Lgō-tk·'ē'lku, la ts'ō'sg'îm wī-t'ē'st, la sem-dax-g'a'tt. Nık'ēt little boy, (perf.) a little large, (perf.) very strong. Then he 9 gō'uL lax-t'Em-qē'st. qaq'ā'x', nık'ë lē-hē't'Ent aL Nık'ē took the feather, then on he put it at on his head. Then
- 10 k'uL-ba'xt. about he ran.

The children had a stick with which they struck a wooden ball. After a little while that boy began to rise, his feet leaving the ground. Then another one rushed up to him and took hold of his feet. His hands stuck to the feet of the first boy, and his feet also left the ground. Then another boy rushed up to him and took hold of his feet, but he also went up. Still another one rushed up to them, taking hold of the feet. He also was lifted upward. Still other ones ran up to them, until all the children were gone. Then a man saw it and rushed up to the children. He also hung onto them. Another one rushed up to them, and took hold of his feet. They all went up to heaven, the whole town, and nobody was left. The Heaven took them all up. He was annoyed on account of the noise of the children.

Tgōnl hwîll	k'ōpE-tk''ē'Lk''; the little ehildren;	ganl d	lô'qdēt; r hey held;	nLk·'ē huX then also	1
ganL ia'tsdet. stiek they struck.	Hō'g igal Lēt'l	ga'ng 'ê. the stiek.	N _L ne' _L	ia'tsdet al	2
gan. NLa ts'ō	o'sg'în nak ^u t d alittle long w	lē-iax'ia'qL	k 'all L	gō-tk ''ē'Lk", ttle hoy,	3
	asîsā'it La mEt his feet (perf.) up				4
dexdô'gôl asîsa he took his fe	'it. NLk 'ēt tq	'al-hathē't	an'ô'nt his hands	aL asîsa'iL to the feet	5
	NLk·'ē huX Then also			ît. Nık.'ē	6
huX tq'ē'saaL	k·'âlı Lgō-tk·'ē one little bo	'Lku; hux y; also	dexdô'e	qL asîsa'ît.	7
NLk 'ë huX dë	-iax'ia'qt. NLk ''ē	huX tq	'ē'saal k'	fâlt. NLk 'ē ne. Then	8
dexdô'qL asîsa'ît	. NLk.'ē huX Then also				9
k 'alt. La men- one. When up	qâ'ôdel k'ōpe-tk	k°'ē'Lku, n hildren,	nLk 'et g'a		10
man. Then on	lē-tq'ē'saat. NLk	n also	on his he hun	g. Then	
huX tq'ē'saaL rushed	huX k 'âlt. N	Lk'ē hul Then also	X dexdô' he tool	qL asesa'it the feet	12
Lā wagait-lax-b (perf.) up to sky	na' hwîl men-sa where up	n'k skudet.	NLk'ë Then	qanē'-hwîla always	13
hwîll txānē'tk"ı did all	qal-ts'a'p. Ni	l'g'î Lgō- Not little	q'am-g'îna- only behind	d'ā'L k'âlt. was one.	14
Sem-men-qâ'ôdet Very up they were finished	al lax-ha'g ê.	Lō-hwa'ntl In was anno	x ^u L qâ'ôd1 yed its hear	et al hwîl et because	15

Therefore the Heaven took them all up. Not even one was left. The whole town disappeared. Only dogs were there, running about howling.

Now there was a young menstruating girl who had been in a small house behind the village. She was there with her little grandmother. When she left her little house and went back to the village, she saw that the whole great town was empty. Then the woman walked along the street crying. Now she found an old wedge made of crabapple wood, one made of sloe wood, one of spruce wood, and she found a little grindstone, a little knife, and some snot. She put them into her belly and went to the rear of the house. She did not put them aside. Then she lay down for four days and four nights. Then she

1	qane-hwîla	xstamk ^u L	alēmhē'den	txanē'tk ^u ī.	k'ope-tk·'ē'lku.
	always	noise	their voices	all	the ehildren. little
2	Nîlne't qan				qâ'ôt'ent. Nî'g'î
	Therefore	it was done,	the heaven	who up	finished Not them.
3	mānl lgō-c	q`aın-k:`â'lt.	Sem-qâ'de:	L qal-ts'a'pg	'ê, k'sax-as'o'sL
	was left little	only one.	Very were	 the people, 	only dogs
4	k'uL-na-gaq'ē	det.			
	about from all ho	owled.			
5	NLk.'ē q'	am-k-'â'lı tl	k·'ē'Lgum	hana'q ia'sk ^u .	NLk''ē hētk"L
	Then o	only one	young	girl menstru- ating.	Then stood
6	Lgō-hwî'lp	aı gʻilē'lîx	. NLhwîl	lō-d'ā'L tk	'ē'Lgum hana'q
	a house	at inland.	There	in sat	a young girl
7	qanl Lgō-ni	ts'ē'itst. Ia	'sk ^u nLqan	d'āt ar g	'îlē'lîx'. Nık''ē
	and her little	grand- Me mother, a	nstru- therefore ting	she sat at	lnland. Then
8	k'saXt al	ьgō-hwî'lpt.	Nık 'e n	a-iē'êt. K·'ēt	
	she went at	her house.	Then ou	t of she Then	
9	ha'yuksı v	vī-txanē'tk ^u L	wī-qal-ts'	a'p. Nlk'ë	tgönı hwîlı
	was left gr	reat all	the peop	ole. Then	this did
10	hana'qg'ê.	K'uL-sag'ap-	iä'êt aL k	'uL-wī-yē'tk"t.	Nık''ēt hwal
	the woman.	About along the street	she at a	hout she cried.	Then she found
11	q'am-lē'dEm	sgan-mē'lî	k [•] st qanı	lē'dem s	gan-sna'x qanL
	an old wedge of	erah apple	and	n wedge of	sloe and
12	lē'dem sä'	êqs qanı	Lgō-an-qä'x	qanı Lg	ō-ha-q'ô'ı, qant.
	a wedge spri	aee and	a grindston	e and a	kuife and
13	k·si-nō'Lqt.		'a'Lt aL ts'		·'ē q'aldîx·-iä'êt.
	snot.		she ln	in her The	n to the rear she of the house went.
14	Nî'g ît sā-c	l'ā'rt ar	dāg ig a'êlt	. Lā txalı	oxi sai hwîlt
	Not away	she at	when she lay down.	(Perf.) for	r days she did
	_				

came to be with child and gave birth to a boy, to another one, and to still another one, and to two more. They were very strong. There were three males and one stone and one knife and one snot. The one was named Little-crab-apple-tree, the next one Little-sloebush, the next one Little-spruce, the following Little-mountain, the next one Little-knife, and one more was ealled Snot. The woman had six children.

The woman and her little grandmother suckled them. Now they were a little older, and then they were grown up. Now they also began to play. They took a stick and played ball. (In olden times the people called this "ball-play.") Then the mother said to her children: "Stop, children! Your grandfathers were killed on account of this

qanı yu'ksa. Nık''ē ā'd'îk'sk"ı hwîl ō'bent. Nık''ē aqık"ı 1 and evenings. Then she came (verbal noun) pregnant. Then she gave birth to	1
	2
Q'ai-bagadē'lı dax-g'ig'a'det. Gulâ'n ē'uXt dē-k''â'lı lô'ôpg'ê gether two were strong. Three men with one stone	3
2 2 4442 2 4 4 1 2 2 4442 4 4 4 4 4 4 4	4
k·'âlt; nLk·'ēt Lgō-dep-sgan-sna'x hwaL k-'âlt; nLk·'ē gone; then Little-sloe-bush the name of then	5
Lgō-dep-am-så'êqs hwal k'`âlt; nlk''ē lgō-dep-sqane'st hwal (Little-spruee the name of then Little-mountain the name of	6
	7
hwal huX k'âlt. Q'âEldâ'll lg'îl hana'qg'ê. the name again one. Six were the womau. of the womau.	8
NLk·'ē qanēt-hwîla lēmâts'îk'sa'ant aL txanē'tk"L sa qanL then always she suekled them at all days and	9
Lgō-nts'ē'ts. NLk''ē La ā'd'îk'sk"t dem hwîl k'ōpe-t'êst'ē'st. 16 the grand-little mother.	0
NLk''ë La t'êst'ë'st. NLk''ët huX sī-d'ā'dēt dem huX 1 Then they were large. Then again new-they ly started (fut.) also	1
hwîl qalā'qdēt. HuX dô'qdēL gan. NLk''ēt huX ia'tsdēL 19 (verbal they played. Again they took sticks. Then again they struck	2
Let. TgōnL se-hwa'deL walen-g'ig'a't. T'ak' t se-hwa'detgê. 13 a ball. This made name the people. T'ak' they made its name.	3
NLK''ē a'lg'îxl nôxl k'ope-tk''ē'lkug'ê: "G'îlâsem, lgō'ulku. 1-	4
B. A. E., Bull. 27—02——7	

started

sald

game. The Heaven took the whole tribe up. Long ago the children did the same thing that you are doing now. Therefore do not do so."

One day the children did so again. Their mother and the little grandmother were unable to stop them. Now they were young men. There were five young men and one girl. They were called Littlecrab-apple-tree, Little-sloe-bush, Little-spruce, Little-grindstone, and Snot; but the little girl was called Little-knife. They were playing all the time. They were very strong. The little girl was the sixth one.

Now the Heaven heard them again when they started playing.

1	ĀmL dem	ha'usı you sto	Eni. Niln	e'L qan	lō-nô'ôsdet	niä'en your grandfather	
2	g'i-k'ō'L. N	E'Lqan 1	nen-qâ′ôdei	qal-ts'a	'p al t	s'em-lax-ha	ı'g ê.
3	Hwîl hwî'. They dld the sam	L k'ōp	E-tk·'ē'Lku ehildren	an-hwun what you	sem al.	gʻi-k'ō'L.	Qan There- fore
4	g'ilô' dzē	huX hw					
5	NLk.'ē	La hu	X k'ëli in one	Sa, day,	nLk'ē	huX l	iwîlL did so
6	k'opE-tk'e'Ll	kg·ê, sk en, she	wāe't lä'lê gave up stoppe then	L nô'xde	t qanL er and	Lgō-ntsē't	sdēt. rand- her.
7	NLk 'ë La Then (perf.)	dax-gʻi	g'a'det Li	i q'ap-q	'aima'qsdē	it. K ^u str	ensâ'l
8	$\begin{array}{cc} k"\bar{o}p{\bf E}{-}\bar{e}'uXt\\ {}_{llttle} & {}_{men} \end{array}$	dē-k·'â'l with one	ı Lgö-hans	a'q. Lgō- an. Llttle-	dep-sgan-11 erab-apple	nē'lîk sı	hwaL the
9	k ''â'ltg 'ê. I	NLK 'e L	gō-dep-sga ittle-sloe-b	n-sna'x l	the the of	ditoria N	
10	Lgō-dep-am-s	sä'êqs h	the of	ltg ·ê. N	Lk·'ē Lg	ō-dep-am-c le-grindsto	qä'EX ne
11	hwaL k ''â	'ltg·ê.	NLk 'et	Nä'ELQ Snot	hwaL k	one. N	ık'ë
	Lgō-dep-ha-q Little- knife	o'L h	wal Lgō	-hana'qg tê		gane-l	
13	qalā'qdēt La	t'êst'ē':	sdet Lā s	em-dex-g very strong	fig a'tdēt.	Ts'ōq'âldâ	'ldêL ne was
14	Lgō-hana'q.	G****					
15	Nık·'ēt	huX again	nEXna'L heard	lax-ha'g'	ê liwîl	La (perf.)	huX again
16	seťa'tkusti.	hēL k'	ope-tk·'ē'ık	ug ê. Ni	ık''ē ha't	s'îk'sem	lmX

ehlldren.

Then

agala

also

Then he sent the feathers. They came down again, soaring over the children. The eldest boy saw them and took them. He put them on his head and ran about, playing. Then his feet began to rise from the ground. The sky took him up. His younger brother, Little-sloebush, ran up to him, but his feet were lifted from the ground. He could not pull his brother down. When he felt that he was getting weak, he said, "Break, my roots!" and his feet left the ground. Then the Little-spruce-tree rushed up to them. He tried to keep his feet to the ground, but when he grew weak, he also said, "Break, my roots!" Then Little-grindstone rushed up to them, and suddenly there was a great mountain. He also tried to keep his feet down while the Heaven was pulling him upward. He did not move because the

qaq'ā'x'. NLk 'e huX dē-d'ep-yu'kt lax'-ō'L d'ep-ma'gal aL again feathers. Then also down they eame down he sent to on top of k'ope-tk''ē'lk". g'a'aL Lgō-sē'lg'ît. NLk 'et huX NLk''ēt gō'ut. the eldest. saw it K·'ēt lē-hē't'ent al lax-t'em-qē'st. Qanē-hwîla k'ul-ba'xt, al 3 on he put it on his head. Always about he rau at qalā'qtg'ê. NLk'ē ā'd'îk'sk"L hwîl huX iax'ia'qt Lā ha'ts'îk'sEm (verbal nonn) it hung (perf.) playing. Then eame again dem huX men-dô'qL lax-ha'g'ê. NLk''ē huX iax'ia'qt. NLk · 'ē took the heaven. Then again (fut.) up Lgō-wa'k't Lgo-dep-sgan-sna'x hwa'tg'ê. NLk 'et huX tq'e'saal his brother little sloe-bush Littlehis name. Then he also NLk''ē nî'g'ît huX daa'qLk"t. dexdô'qL asîsa'ît. Skwāe't huX his feet. not also he suceeeded. He gave up dē-dā'mgantg'ê. NLk 'e Lat baqL dem hwîl alî'skut, nk.'ē Then when he felt (fut.) being then pull. weak, "Lā tgonL dem wuden-bîsbē'sL, wî'sdēîst." a'lg'îxtg'ê: this he said: "(Perf.) (fut.) along tear, my roots," NLk 'ë huX dē-lîslē'sk"L asîsa'ît. Nlk'et tq'e'saas lgö- 10 dē'ya. rushed to him Then also also hung his feet. Then dep-am-sä'êqs. NLk'ē huX skwa'et asîsa'ît. NLk''ē La huX 11 his feet. Then (perf.) Then also he gave up ā'd'îk sk"ı dem alî'sk"t. Nık 'ē huX a'lg'îxtg'ê. TgōnL hēt: 12 (fut.) weak. Then also he spoke. This wuden-bîsbē'st, hwî'sdēîst huXhâ'u!" NLk 'e tq'ē'saas 13 "(Perf.) also along tear, my roots!" Then rushed to Nık''ē sā-hē'tk"ı wī-sqanē'st. NLk'ē ьgō-dep-am-qä'х. skwa'et 14 Then sud- stood a mountain. denly great Then Little- grindstone. he gave up dē-dā'ınganı lax-ha'g'ê. Nî'g'î huX Lantkut huX aL hwîl 15 the heaven. Not also it moved again also pulling

a woman,

married her.

Then

also he returned

his

own

town.

mountain was all stone, but after a while the mountain moved. Then Snot rushed up to them. He also stuck to the ground. The little girl was running about, rubbing her hands. She was called Little-knife. When Snot's feet were also lifted from the ground, she rushed up to them and climbed her brothers' heads until she reached the eldest one. Then she ent the feathers over her eldest brother's head. She cut them right in the middle, and the children fell down to the ground. They did not go up to the sky. The feathers always stayed on the eldest brother's head, and he was called Rotten-feathers.

Now Rotten-feathers and his younger brother went on all alone. They came to a town, and there Rotten-feathers married a woman. Then he returned to his own town, and there he stayed with her.

	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$
2	Nä'ĉLq. NLk''ē qanē-hwîla tq'al-sa'k't. NLk''ē k`uL-ba'xL snot. Then always against he stuck. Then about ran
3	Lgō-hana'qg'ê. At qä'êxL an'ô'nt, Lgō-dep-ha-q'o'L the girl. She rubbed her hands, Little- knife
	hwa'tg'ê. NîL Lā dē-lîslē'sk"L asîsa'îs Nä'êLq, k''ē her name. When also hung the feet of
	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$
6	g 'îmx' dē'tk" tg 'ê. K ''ē wagaît-men-dā'ult. Nlk ''ēt sa-xtse-q'ō'tsit her hrothers. Then until up she went. Then quick-aeross she ly middle cut it
7	wagait-lax-ō'L Lē k's-qâ'gum t'an gōL qaq'ā'x'g'ê. up to on top of the first one who took the feather.
8	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$
9	Nî'g'i hnX men-sa'k'sk"t al lax-ha'. Nlk''ē qane-hwîla not also up they went to the sky. Then always
10	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$
11	hwa'des Lôgômîx'q'ā'x'. his name Rotten feathers.
12	NLK'ë tgönL hwî'ldetg'ê; semgal ām hwîl hwî'ldetg'ê. Then this they did; very good they did.
13	NLk'ë Lô'ôdet q'ann-k'â'lL Lôgōmîx'q'ā'x' qanL k'âlL wak't Then they went only one Rotten feathers and one his brother
14	stēlt. NLk''ēt liwa'dîL k''ēlL qal-ts'a'p. NLk''ēt gōuL accompanying.
15	hana'q, at nak sk''t. Nlk''ë dë-lō-ya'ltk''t al lep-qal-ts a'pt.

NLk 'ēt	dē-d'ā't l	ât. NLl		dem (fut.)	Lgō'uLk'	
Nık.'ē		tk·'ē'L a chi	at Lgō'uLk			Lā 2 nen
wī-t'ē'st,	nLk•'ēt	ētk ^u L he called	neguâ'ôdet.		ômix q'ā'x otten-feathers	r 3
hwat.	NLk'ē qâ'e					4

¹ For continuation, see page 234.

K.'ELK"

[Told by Moses]

A number of children played cauping every day. Many played this game in one large hollow log. They went into it and played that it was their house. They made a fire in it and ate there. They took a large quantity of provisions into the log. They ate salmon. They did so every day. One day when they were playing camping, the tide rose high and the large tree floated out to sea. The children did not know it. They were playing inside. Now the log had drifted far out to sea. Then one child went out, and he saw that the log had drifted

$K\cdot '\bar{\mathrm{E}}\mathrm{L}\mathrm{K}^\mathrm{u}$

- Txanē'tk"L sa hîs-dzô'qsL k'ope-tk''ē'Lk". Wī-hē'lt, q'am-k''ē'lL Every day play- eamping little children. Many, only one
- 2 wī-ga'n. Wī-lō-nô'ôL wī-ts'ä'wut. Wī-d'E'XL wī-ga'n. NL large log. A in hole large inside. A large large log. Then
- 3 hwîl g'its'EL-qâ'ôdEL k'opE-tk''ē'Lk". NîLne'L hwî'lpdētg'ê
 where in went the little ehildren. Then their house
- 4 wī-qalk·si-nô'ôm gan. Nlk·'ēt lō-sī-me'ldēl laku lât. Nlk·'ē tree. Then in they burn fire in it. Then
- 5 huX txâ'xkudēt wī-hē'lL ts'ēle'mdet. Hân ts'ēle'mL gul-q'anē'tkuL traveling provisions. Salmon the traveling provisions of
- 6 k'ōpe-tk'ē'lk". Lā nak"l hwî'ldet al txanē'tk"l sa, nlk'ē the little children. When long they did so every day, then
- 7 La huX t'ēsī, ak's Lā huX lō-dzô'qdet aL wī-ts'Eun-ga'n.

 (perf.) again great the (perf.) again in they eamped in large in the log.
- pta'lîk's. 8 Nuk'ë huXNLk'ē Nık''ē g'îg'â'k'sL wī-ga'n. Then agaln the water floated Then the log. Then rose. large
- 10 gwanem-qalā'qdet at lo-ts'ā'wut wī-ga'n Lā hwagait-uks-dā'ut they were playing at in the inside of large (perf.) away from land it was to sea going
- 11 al hwagait-g'ī'ks lā uks-na'k"t. Nlk''ē k'si-lô'ôtk"l k''âll at way off shore when from land far. Then out went one
- 12 Lgō-tk'ē'l.k". Nlk'ēt g'a'at hwîl Lā hwagait-uks-o'lîk'sk"t al little chlid. Then he saw where (perf.) hwagait-uks-o'lîk'sk"t al away from it drifted to

away. Then all the children went out, and they eried. The log was drifting about in the ocean.

One of the children was wise. He saw gulls flying about, and then he returned into the hollow log and said, "Gulls are always sitting on top of us. What ean we do to eateh them?" Then one boy said, "Let us hit our noses, and we will rub the blood all over the log, then the feet of the gulls will stick to the log." They did so. They hit their noses until they bled. Then they rubbed the blood on the log. Then they entered the log again. Now many gulls eame and sat down on the log. About noon their feet dried to the log. Then one of the boys went out. The gulls tried to fly away, but they eould not do

hwagait-gʻī'îks. way off shore.	NLk · 'ē k · si - c	qâ'ôdEL k'opi	E-tk·'ē'Lku. ie children.	NLk.'ē 1
sîg'a'tk"dēt; qane	ē-hwîla sîgʻa'tk lways they cri	det. NLk·'ē	about went	wī-ga'n 2
al hwagait-lax-si	ē'Elda. ne ocean.			3
NLk'ē huX Then again	k·si-Lô'ôtk ^u L out was put	Lgō-hwîl-xô'ôs	gum Lgo-tl	
NLK.'ēt g'a'aL l	hwîl lēba'yuki	L qē'wun.]	NLk.'ē ha'ts	s'îk'sem 5
lō-ya'ltkut aL he returned to t	ts'ä'wuL wī-ga	'n. K'et m	all: "Qai	nē-hwîla 6 Always
lē-hwa'nı qē'wun	aL lax-ō'Em. on top of us.	Aq-dep-hwîlā'	gut." NLk	ë tgön 7
hēL k-'âlL Lgc	o-tk''ē'Lk": ''Ā e boy: ''G	m dep d'îs	sd'ē'sı qa-d	z'a'gam, 8
nL dEm k·'ē i	ilä'êlaat, dep they bleed, we	dem k·'ē	mant aL	dāx·L 9
wī-ga'n. NL dE	m k.'ē tq'al-h	athē't ts'ōbä'q the feet of	L qē'wun the gulls	lâ'tg:ê." 10
NLK.'ē hwî'ldēts	g·ê. D'îsd'e'sdē o. They struck	L qa-dz'a'qdēt	. K.'ē ā'd	
hwîl iLä'êLaat. (verhal they hied.	NLk 'et k'île	al-ma'ndēit and they ruhhed of	aL wī-ga'n. on the log.	NLk·'ē 12
	s'ä'wuL wî-ga'n he inside of the log.	. Nlk 'ë ad'ā'	d'îk'sk"ı wî-	hē'ldem 13
qē'wun. NLk'ē			gulgwa'lukL dried	asîsa'it. 14 their feet.
La sem-bagait-d'i	ā'L Lôqs, nLk.' as the sun, then	ē huX k·saX	L Lgō-k 'ā-vat a really little	wī-t'ē'st. 15 iarge.

so because their feet were glued to the log. Then the boy took hold of them and twisted off their necks. He killed many gulls and took them into the log. Then the boys were glad. They ate the meat of the gulls and forgot that they were drifting about on the ocean.

The land was far away. They were on the edge of the ocean. day they heard a great noise. The boys went out and, behold, they were drifting round in a whirlpool. Then they began to cry. The tree almost stood on its end, because the whirlpool was swallowing it.

While it was drifting there on end a man ran out to it. He had only one leg. He harpooned the great log and pulled it ashore. He hauled

- 1 NLk·'ē lēba'yukL qē'wun. Nî′g ît daa'qLkudeL dem they sueeeeded the gulls. (fut.) 2 lēba'yukdētg:ê; tq'al-gulgwa'lk"L qa-ts'ōbä'q'dēt al gan. NLk'ē against were dried their feet they flew; on the log. 3 dôqL k''âlL Lgo-tk''ē'Lk". NLk·'ēt lō hal-t'uxt'a'ql t'em-lā'nîx·t little boy. Then ln along he twisted gul-ganē'L wī-hē'ldem qē'wun. NLk 'et lō-d'ep-dā'let al hwîl in down he put them all many gulls. Then in where wī-ga'n. qagô'ôL k'ope-tk'e'lk". 5 nānô'ôl NLk'ë lō-am'ā'mL the in good were the hearts of the hole of log. Then the little large 6 G'ē'îpdeL sma'x'tg'ê t'a'k'dēL hwî'ldetg'ê Lā Lā hwagait-They ate meat (perf.) they forgot what they did when far 7 k'uı-dā'wîLdēit aL hwagait-lax-sē'lda. about they went at far on the ocean. lîg'i-tsagam-dē'lpk"dēt lîgʻi-lax-ts'ä'L ak's. NLk·'ē aLany- from sea way to land some- on where the edge of Not short at Then water.
- k·'ēlL huXdē-nexna'dēil wī-xstō'ntku. K·'ē La sa k'siwhen again one day also they heard noise. Then out great
- 10 Lô'ôL k'ope-tk''e'Lk". Gwinā'dēL, an-tgo-lē'lbîk'sku hwîl went the little boys. Behold, the whirlpool (verbal noun) when
- 11 lē-lō-d'ep-yu'kdet. NLk'e ā'd'îk'sk"L hwîl sīg'a'tk"dēit T.a (verbal on in down they eried when
- 12 lō-d'ep-hē'tk"L wī-ga'n aL Lôqk^uL an-tgo-lē'lbîk sk^u. dem ln down- stood ward the log to swallow . (fut.) the whirlpool.
- NLk 'e La lō-d'ep-hē'tk"t, dē-uks-ba'xL k''âlL g'a'tg'ê. ln down- stood, when also from land ran man. to sea
- g'a'tg'ê. 14 Q'am-k''ē'lī asa'ēL NLk'et g'alkul wī-ga'n Only foot man. Then he the large
- K·'ēt 15 qalā'st. tsagam-dā'mgantg'ê. NLk'e tsagam-a'qLk"t. his from sea to land Then he pulled it. from sea it to land reached. Then harpoon.

NLk·'ē 1

Nî'g'i

 daX_L

it ashore. The boys were not dead. He had saved them. Then the boys went up to the house of the man. There were many boys. One-leg gave them to eat. The beach in front of the house smelled of seal. The man was spearing seals all the time at the edge of the whirl-pool. He watched for seals, and therefore he stayed there. There was also another man living there whose name was Hard-instep. He was much troubled, for he was jealous because One-leg had saved the boys. One-leg was spearing seals all the time, and he earried them up for the children. They ate, and they grew up to be young men.

After a while the children remembered those whom they had left behind, and they began to cry. Then One-leg asked the children why they cried, and they told him. Then he said, "The town of your fathers

k'ope-tk''ē'Lk". De-lē-mâ'tgul g'a'tg'ê.

Not dead were	the hoys.	He saved then	n the man.	Then
bax-Lô'ôL k'ōp		ts'Em-hwî'lpL	gʻa'tgʻê.	Wī-hē'ltr. 2
up went the	boys to	in the house of	the man.	Many
k'ope-tk''. little boys.	NLk 'e yuk	x-txâq'ens Q'ar n fed them Only	n-k·'ē'lEm a - one-	
fsk ^u L qa-g·ä'ut steneh in front of the house	al. ēlx of seals	qanēt-hwîla g	alkul ga	'tg'ê al 4
edge of	he whirlpool.	He watche	d it there- fore st	he there.
HuX k 'âlı g	rat huX dze	oqt aL awa'at.	Hard-	ax-snä'qsl 6 on- instep
hwa'tg'ê. NLk	en sem-aba'ş			Gʻask ^u l. 7 Jealous
qâ'ôtt hwîl g'a's	al qabē'il k'or w how many the were litt	DE-tk·'ē'Lku dē-lē e boys save	-mâ'tgus Q'ai t hy Onl	m-k·'ē'lem 8
asa'ē. Nlk'ē foot. Then		gʻaLk ^u s Qʻam he only-	-k·'ē'lem as	a'el ēlx. 9 soot seals.
	ways up	he th	e ehildren. de	Then
qanē-hwîla txâ	'xgut. La ã ey ate. (Perf.)	'd'îk'sk"L dem they came (fut.)	q'aima'qsit	. 11
NLK'ē La Then when	after the	en am-qâ'ôL they remembered	the ehi little	ldren (perf.)
qalā'ndēt. NLk' they left behind.	e sîg a'tkadēit they cried.	. NLk 'et g'îda'	xs Q'am-k''ē	'lem asa'ē 13 one- foot
why erie	d the e	·'ē'Lku. NLk·'o	they told.	Then
a'lg'îxs Q'am-	k·'ē'lem asa'ē one- foot:	e: "Nî'g'î na	tkuL Lē ts	

is not far. It is over there. To-morrow morning you shall start. You may use my canoe, which is at the end of the village." Early the next morning One-leg sent the boys, saying, "Take the cover off from my canoe. It is near by yonder." The children went, and grew tired walking about. They could not find the canoe. Finally they returned. Then One-leg asked, "Did you find it?" The boys said, "No." He sent them again, and they went; but again they grew tired walking about, but they did not find it. Again they returned. Then One-leg himself went. He went to a rotten tree that was there. It was covered with small branches. He took off the branches and they beheld a large canoe. It was made in the shape of a man, with a mouth at one end. It was the same at the other end. Its name was "Wâ'seat-each-end." It did not allow anything to cross its bow or its stern.

- 1 neguâ'ôden. Q'ai'yîm gōst. Dem sī-g'â'ôtk" nē'sem adzid'ā'a'lak".

 your fathers. Close by those. (Fut.) start you to-morrow.
- 2 Qal-g-â'L mā'lēdō dEm hâ'hîsEm dEm dā'wuL nē'sEm By is my canoc (fut.) you use it (fut.) go you
- 3 adzid'ā'Lak"." NLk''ē ā'd'îk'sk"L mesā'x'. NLk''ēt hashē'ts Q'amto-morrow." Then came daylight. Then sent them Only-
- 5 māl. G·â'ô al q'ai'yîm dō.'' K·'ē sak'sk"l k'ope-tk''ē'lk".

 the litis at close yonder." Then went the little
- 6 NLk''ē skwā'ēL k'uL-Lô'ôdet. Nîg'ît hwa'dēt. NLk''ē
 Then they gave about going. Not they found they found it.
- 7 lō-yîlya'ltk''det. NLk''ēt g'ē'dexs Q'am-k''ē'lem asa'ē: "Nē they returned. Then asked Only- one- foot: "Not
- 8 IIIESEM hwa'da?" NLk*'ēt nē'etk"L k'ōpE-tk''ē'Lk". NLk*'ēt the boys. Then
- 9 ha'tsîk'sEm huX hashē'tst. NLk''ē huX Lô'ôdet. HuX skwā'ēL onee more again he sent them. Then again they went. Again they gave
- 10 k'uL-Lô'ôdet. HuX nîg ît hwa'det. NLk''ē huX yîlya'ltkudet. again they returned.
- 11 NLk''ē lep-iä'ês Q'anı-k''ē'lem asa'ê. NLk''ē hagun-iä'êt al hwîl
- 12 sg'îl wî-anksî-sga'n. Lē-d'ā'l Lgo-ga'n lâ'ôt. Nlk'ēt sa-d'ā'll laye a rotten tree. On were little sticks on it. Then off he put
- 13 Lgō-ga'ng'ê. NLk''ē alō-d'ā'l. wī-mā'l. G'atl mā'lg'ê ts'em-ā'ql. the sticks. Then open-there a canoe. A man canoe a mouth
- 14 an-gō'st. Nık''ē huX hwîlı an-gō'st. Lāx-wâ'sel hwal the other end. At-wâ'se each-end-

When a man erossed it, it ate him. Then One-leg said, "Don't pass in front of the eanoe." And they obeyed because they were afraid. Then they put it into the water. It was a fine, large eanoe. They put many seals aboard, which were to serve as food for the eanoe. Then the boys went aboard. They fed the eanoe. Its bow and its stern ate five seals each. Then the eanoe went. After it had finished eating the seals it went very fast. Then they gave five seals more to the bow and five to the stern, and it went on again.

Finally the children landed at the town of their fathers. They went ashore. Their fathers and mothers and all their relatives were erying. Then the boys came back. That is the end.

mā'lg'ê. Nî'g ît mâ't'EnL $_{\rm dem}$ sqa-iä't lât. TsE sqaaeross went the way it let go any-thing the eanoe. Not (fut.) to it. the way vô'xkuL nLk . 'ēt gʻē'îpt. NLk.'ē a'lg'îxs Q'am-k·'ē'lem grat, Then went a man. then it ate him. said Onlyasa'ē: "G'îlô" metsesem sqa-yô'xk"t," dēya' k'ōpe-tk''ē'lk". aL "Don't thus he said aeross go," hwîlt. NLk 'et Nık 'e Laxbets'e'Xt. iaga-Lô'ôdet ts'em-a'k's. down they put it They were afraid. Then in Wī-sem-k·'ã-ama $s\bar{\imath}l\bar{o}'k^ud\bar{e}t$ k ·'ā-NLk 'ēt mā'l tgō'stg'ê. Large very ex- good eeedingly eanoe that. Then they put in eeedingly lep-dô'xL wī-hē'ldeL ēlx. NLk·'ē ts'ēlē'mL mā'lg'ê. Nık.'ē seals. many Then was food the eanoe. Then own k'ōpe-tk''ē'Lk". NLk 'et g'î'ndetL lō-magam-qâ'ôdeL mā'lg'ê. Then they fed they went the little boys. the eanoe. g·ē'îpL g îtsäq Kustēnsl ēlx. N_Lk·'ē huX k^ustēns_L aL Five the bow seais. Then gʻē'îpL anō-gʻîlā'n. NLk 'ē baxL mā'lg'ê aL lax-a'k's semthe stern. Then ate went the eanoe on on the reaily Q'am-LîLä'êxk^uL ēlx. k·'ā-a'le-ba'xtg'ê. Nık'et huX g'ē'ndetg'ê 10 it finished eating it went. they gave him to eat Only seals. Then again g'îtsä'eq. Nık''ē huX k^ustēnsl ēlx aLkustēns aL gʻîlā'n. 11 the how. Then seals to also five to the stern. NLk'e huX ba'xtg'ê. 12 Then again it went. NLk''ē k''a'tsk''tg'ê al qal-ts'a'ps dep neguâ'ôl k'ope-tk''ē'lk''. 13 ianded at the town of their fathers NLk''ē k''atsk"t. NLk''ē wī-t'ē'sL hwîl sig'a'tk"L qa-negnâ'ôtk"det 14 they landed. Then mueh (verhal eried qanı qa-nâ'nôxkudet qanı gul-ganē'ı hwîlhwîlā'îsk"det. NLk''ē 15 their mothers ali and their relatives. Then gu'lîk 's-ax'a'qLk "det. Sā'-baxt. 16 they got. The end.

THE SEALION HUNTERS

[Told by Moses]

There were four men—one of the Wolf clan, one of the Raven clan, one of the Eagle clan, and one of the Bear clan. They were great hunters. There were four rocks. The men went out in their canoes to these rocks, and when they arrived there they found the rocks full of sealions. The rock of one of the men was not full. He caught only two. The men of the Raven clan, of the Wolf clan, and of the Eagle clan caught a great many. Then the one man was ashamed because he had caught only two. The next time they started he came home

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- nk.'ē N_Lk·'ē huXk''âlL huX k-'âlr K-'âlL g'at, g'at. then Then again man, again one man. one One
- 2 g'at. NLk''ē hnX k''âlL g'at. Lax-k'ebō' qanL qanha'da qanL man. Then again one man. A wolf clan and a raven clan man man
- 3 g'îsbēwuduwe'da qanL lax-skī'yêk. Gwīx'-wô'EL k''âlL qanha'da.
 g'îsbēwuduwe'da and an eagle clan man. A hunter was one raven clan man.
- 4 NLK''ē huX gwīx'-wô'EL k''âlL lax-k'ebō'. HuX hwîlL k''âlL Then again a hunter was one wolf elan Again was so one
- 5 lax-skī'yêk. NLk''ē huX hwîlL k''âlL g'îsbēwuduwe'da eagle clan man. Then again was so one g'îsbēwuduwe'da elan man.
- D'āL NLk ''ē huX k·'ēlt. NLk·'ē lô'ôp. d'āL -huXd'āL there Then There a rock. Then again another. again there was
- 7 k''ēlt. NLk''ē huX d'āL k''ēlt. NLk''ē sī-lâ'tk''t. NLk''ēt another. Then again there was another. Then they started in their canoes,
- 8 hwa'det. NLk''ē lē-metmē'tk''t aL t'ē'ben. Nî'g'idi lē-mē'tk''t they they reached them. Not on was full
- 9 al k''âll g'a'tg'ê q'am-t'Epxā'tl dēdaa'qlgutg'ê. K''ē at one man only two he got. Then
- 10 metmë'tk"L mmäl aL t'ë'ben, lax-k'ebō'g'ê qanL lax-skī'yêk
 full were the of seallons the wolf elan and the eagle elan man
- NLk'ē qanha'da. dzâqL gʻa'tgʻê, 11 ganL k'âlL hwîl q'amthe raven and Then one man, because ashamed elan man.
- 12 t'Epxā'tl dēdaa'qlgut. Nlk''ē huX sī-lâ'tk't, huX mîx'mā'x'l two he got. Then again they started,

again almost empty handed. He had eaught only one. Then he was sad.

One evening he started and stole the sealions that were on the rock of the man of the Wolf elan. When, the next morning, this man started there were no sealions on his rock. Then he knew that another person had stolen them. Therefore he earved the figure of a sealion out of wood and put it into the water. It was under water a short time and eame up again and floated. Then he earved a sealion out of another piece of wood. He put it into the water, and again it floated. He tried four kinds of wood, but they did not prove to be good. Then he took a piece of hard wood, red in color like the skin of a sealion. He carved it and threw it into the water. Now it was very good. It did not become weak. He laid it on his own rock.

mmāl. the eanoes.		huX agaiu	qal-wî'tk ^u L empty handed was	g a'tg 6	ê. Q'am-	k ''ä'guL one	1
	gut. NLk	en lō-sī	'êpk ^u L qâ'ô vas siek hi hea	s			2
NLk'ē Then		NLk.'ē	sî-g·îí′ôtk ^u he started.	t. NLk.'ē	t lē'luksL he stole	t'ē'bEn	3
on it was	at on	the	lax-k ebō'. the wolf elan	Then	started	the man.	4
Nî'g'i Not	lē-dô'xL on were	t'ē'ben sea lions	al lax-l	ô'ôptg'ê.	Hwîlā'vît	hwîlt	5
lē'luksL stole them	gʻa'tgʻê. a person.	Qan There- fore	hwîll lax	-k·ebō'.	K·'ēt dzāj	ol gan	6
hō'gʻigar	t'ē'ben	. K.'ēt	lō-mā'k s in he put	sît al t	s'em-a'k's.	NLk 'e	7
		long (ve	vîl Lô'ôt,		k·sāqô'st.		8
hnX d	zāpī hu e made — ags	X k.'ē'	Ell gan.	NLk·'ēt		-mā'k sît he put it	9
aL ts'Er	n-a'k's.	NLk.'ē h	uX Lô'ôt.	TxalpxL Four			10
aL nîgʻi	am'ā'mt	. NLk'ë Then	he he mad	ts'ē'pgun e a hard	n gan, hy wood, hei	rîl iLä'ê	11
hō'g îgaI	anā'sL the skin	t'ē'bEn the sea- lion.	. NLk''ēt	lō-mã'k sí in he put it	it aL ts'E		12
NLk·'ē	SEM-dex-g	gʻa'tt. N	Not again	alî'sk"t. it was weak.	NLk · 'ēt		13
al lep-	lax-lô'ôpt.						14

Now, the other person started again at night, intending to steal the sealions. When he came to the rock, he saw the sealion lying there. He took his harpoon and speared it. Then the sealion dived and swam away. (In former times harpoons were fastened to cedar-bark lines.) The man held the line and paid it out. For a long time the sealion dragged the canoe along, and the line was all paid out. Then the person tried to let it go, but the line stuck to his hands and the sea lion swam away with him.

It was four nights since he had left. For four days the sealion swam through the water. The man and his companions had lost sight of the mountains and they were far out at sea. The man was crying all the time. They went on for a long time—for ten days and ten nights.

1	NLk 'e huX	sî-g'â'ôtk"L	huX again	k·'âlL	gʻa'tgʻê	aL at	axk ^u .
2	Lē'lnkst, qan lle was a thief, there- fore	sî-g 'â'ôtk"t he started	aL at	axk ^u .	NLk.'ē	Lā (perf.)	huX again
3	hagnn-yu'kt. H	C'et g'a'at he saw .	hwîl (verbal noun)	lē-sgʻi'i	t'ē'ber sealions	i. N	Lk'et
4		Then galk	ut. N		ō'uxsk ^u L dived	t'ē'b:	
5	NLk 'e laqt.	TgōnL hwî	lL w	aLEn-gʻi the penelent	gʻa't: m eople: a ha	aō'lk ^u eedar- rk rope	tsE
6	dä'xdēL dāpxL. they fas- tened to harpoon.		NLk.	ē dîx - y	ru'kL g'a	t ma	nō'lk ^u . ne line.
7	NLk'ē La lō Then (perf.) in	-qâ'ôdet. Ni	k'e nen (1	La nal	k ^u L t hwî	l de	-Lô'ôL
8	t'ē'bEn mā'lg 'ê. the sea- iion eanoe.	NLk·'ē Lā Then (perf.)	lō-qâ'ô	del ma			baqL tried
9	g'at dem tqa the (fut.) let	lē'n maō'lk". go the line.	NLk Then	'ē tq'a	l-hē'tL n st stuck t	nãō'lk' the line	aL at
10	ts'Em-an'ô'nL grain the hand of	a'tg'ê. NLk''ē ne man. Then	t qan	e-hwîla _{Iways}	de-la'qL	t'ē'bi	Eng'ê.
11	NLk'ë dëda'ı Then they ha	n. Lā txalp d (perf.) four	XL yı	ı'ksa.	Nık'ē I	ā tx erf.)	alpxL four
12	sa lē-hwî'ldet days on they were	at. lax-a'k's on on water.	Nî'g	rit gra	d'adēl so ey saw th	qanë'st e moun- tains	Lā (perf.)
13	k'ut-gwâ'tk ^u L s around were lnst	qanē'st; Lat	hwa'd	dēl la und or	x-sē'lda.		wa'nt;
14	qane-hwîla sigra		lal (perf.)	nak ^u l.	hwî'ldet	Lã (perf.)	k 'apı
15	sa. Nik'e k'	apl sqä'êxk ^u . nights.	Nil	c'ë Lā en (perf	huX s		u al

The sealion kept on going all the time. Now he went ashore at a distant country and they landed on a sandy beach. They pulled the canoe up and placed it under the trees. Then they sat down. Behold, early in the morning a canoe was coming. One small man was in the canoe, but he was using a large canoe. When he came opposite them, he rose. He held a line. Then he jumped into the water. For a short time he clubbed halibut under water, and then he took his line and strung them up. He eaught many halibut, and had a long string. Then he emerged again. He took his canoe and went aboard. He put all the halibut that he had caught under water into the canoe. The men who were sitting under the trees saw what he was doing. He stayed in the canoe for a long time. Then he took his line a second time and dived. Again he elubbed halibut

qanet-hwîla dE-Lô'ôL t	'ē'beng 'ê.	Then fro	agam-a'qLk ^u om sea they land reach	at
hwagait-hwîl nak ^u . N	Lk 'e g'â'd		lax-ā'us.	NLk·'ēt 2
bax-sa'k'dēL māl. Hwaş up they pulled the eanoe.	gait-ma'qdet	aL spaga		NLk'ē 3
hwa'ndēt. NLk''ē sem-l	nē'Luk. Gwi	inā'dēL, m ehold, a	(perf.)	
G'udā't Lgō-tk''ē'lk"; wī	ī-t'ē's mālL large eanoe			a front of them.
Nık.'ē lō-hē'tk"ı g'a't	g*ê. Yu'kdê son. He held	ēL maō'lk ^ī d a line.	. NLk 'ë	sō'uqst. 6
	s'Eō'yuX (ne bottom of the sea			
wī-na'k"t. NLk*'ēt q'ax very long. Then he		XOX° aL 1	ts'Eō'yuX.	
gōL maō'lk". NLk''ēt he the line, Then he	sa-gē'det. made a string of them.	Wī-hē'lı. Many	txox ar	n-hwî'nt. 9
Wī-na'k"L qē'ttg'ê. N Very long was his strlng.	Lk · 'ē g · a'	bent. NL	k'et gol en he took	
nLk''ē lôgôm-ba'xt. Y	NLK'ët lôg Then int	ôm-dô'qL to he took	the who	āpt aL 11
ts'Eō'yuX La lôgôm the bottom of (perf.) into	-qâ'ôt'Ent. he had taken it all.	G 'a'aL They saw	g at hwa	int al 12
gʻilē'lîxʻgʻê. Nak'ı lō-d Inland. Long ln he	l'ā't aL ts': was at ir			X gō'ul 13
mao'lk". NLk*'ē hatsE the line. Then once mo		sō'uqskut.	NLk'è hul Then agai	,,

under water. Then the men who were sitting under the trees launched their canoe and paddled up to the canoe of the little man. One of them took two halibut, and they returned to the shore as quickly as they could. There they sat down. They had been sitting there a long time when the person emerged, holding in his hands a string of fish, which he had caught. He put them into his canoe; but now he missed two halibut. He put the fish into the canoe, and pulled up his anchor. Then he went ashore. He landed on the sandy beach, went up and found the four men, then he asked, "Who of you stole my halibut?" and three of the men said, "This one took them." They said so, pointing to their companion. Then the man took him by the feet, struck him against a stone, and killed him, because

1	q'aiā'n	ik txox i halibu	· aL	ts'Eō'y'	uX.	NLK'	et tgö	n h	wîlL g	gʻa'tgʻê he persons
2	hwant	aL grant	îlē'lîx'.	Inon-	rō'utde	L mî k th ean	il. Ni e T	Lk·'ē 'hen fr	uks-hē om land ti to sea	e'tkudet heystood
3	lôgôm	-dô'qdēL they took	t'ED	xā'tL	txox'.	$N_{\rm L}$	k''ē	tsagan	n-lō-ya' a they r	ltk ^u det
4	aL s	Em-t'ē'El very quie	dēt. kly.	NLk·'ē	hats	sîk sEl ee more	n hu ai	X I	hwa'ndo they sat	ēt Lā (perf.)
5	nak ^u L	hwa'ndo	et, nLk	c'ē hul	X gra	benl erged	g a'tg	·ê. H	IuX y	u'kdēL he held
	a string of fish	vĩ-hẽ'lL many	haiibut	agaln l	ne made.	Th	en ag	gaiu	Into	he out them
7	aL ts	'Em-mā'l in the eanoe.	Gwa	ît'Est mlssed	aL t	'Epxā'	tL tx	OX'.	NLk.	ēt La n when
8	lôgôm into	-qâ'ôdet, he put them ali,	nLk.	ēt sa'g e pulie	g'ÎL q dup	adä'lE his aneh	pt, k	·'ē t	sagam-l rom sea	hē'tk"t.
	NLk 'ē	g â'ôt he was	aL	lax-ā'us	. NL	k·'ē	bax-iä/å	t. I	Iwa'vit	hwîl
10	hwanz	g'a'tg'	ê txal	pxdâ'l.	NLk	··'ēt	g'ē'dex	:t: "	Nē'sen	
11	dôqL took	txox'g	'înā'?'' erhaps?''	N _L k	e h	ēL g	ulâ'nL he three	g a't	ig·ê: :n:	"Tgōn
12	t'an who	dôqt."	Deliē'd	a aL 1 to	k·'âlı one	. Ld	ā'tēitg'(. N	Lk'ēt Then he	gō'uL took
13	g'a'tg'	rê. Den	kdô'qL	asîsa'ît	qan	ya'dz	iqLdet	at l		NLk 'e

he had stolen the halibut. Now there were only three men left. Their companion was dead.

Then the man returned and landed at his town. He earried his halibut up to the house and said to his friends, "There are people on the other side of the bay. I killed one of them because he stole two halibut." The people said, "Call them." Then they sent a man to call them, and when they came the people gave them to eat.

There were many people. They were all of the same size. They were very small. The three men were by far the largest. They stayed there a long time. Then the people made wooden clubs, and said, "To-morrow we shall be attacked by warriors." The sky darkened, although it was not extraordinarily dark. Now, there was a

	'tg'ê, t hwîl				q'aın-gulâ'nı only three	1
gʻatı mā'ı	ntg 'ê. Nô'ôn He was		it.			2
NLk'ë	lō-ya'ltk"L gra	'tg'ê. Ni	∟k·'ē g	'atsk ^u t a	qal-ts'a'p.	3
NLk · ē ba	ax-hwî'lgaL tx p carried thali	OX' aL	ts'Em-h		NLk'ë malt:	
"Huwa'nL	g'at aL an-de	î'. Dza'k' er 1 ki	^u dēel k ^{lled}	one he	hwîl lē'luksī heing stole	
t'epxā'tl	txox'. Nagan halihut. Therefore	hwîlā'g I did so to l	ut." N	Lk'ë he Then s	eL qal-ts'a'p:	6
"Good you	hūwô'ôt." N	rhen sa	k'sk ^u t left	t'an hūw who ealled	vô'ôt. NLk'ē	7
ad'ā'd'îk'sk'	ut. Nik 'e yu Then they h					8
Wī-hē'lı Many	qal-ts`a'pg·ê.	NLk'ě	nî'gʻi not	t'êst'ē'st.	Adīk 'ē'lēL The same size	9
qadepdē'it.	K'ë t'êst' Then largest	ē'sL g'a	nt gula	â'ntg·ê.	Hwä'i! Lā Well! (Perf.)	10
nak ^u L hw long they	f'ldēt. Nik'ē r did so. Then			al-ts'a'pg'	ê. Dzā'pdēL They worked	11
gan aL sticks and	se-ha-qalā'Xd made cluhs.	ēit. NL	k·'ē tg	gonL he'	'det: "Dem y said: "(Fut.)	12
ā'd'îk'sk"ı.	gʻîtwī'ltk ^u warriors	adzid'āī to-morr	ta'k".''	NLk·'ē	ā'd'îk*sk ^u l. it came	13
sqä'êxk ^u .	an lax-ha'. on the sky.	Nî'g'i Not	very extra	ts'a-sqä'êx ordi- dark.	Ku. NLk'ë	14
В. А	. E., Bull. 27—	-028		•		

Then

this

(Fut.) on our we try

said

16 Dem dē-ba'gam adzid'ā'1ak"."

the men:

to-morrow."

"Not

Then

hard

they did so. When

NLk''ē liwî'ldet.

what you do.

La mesā'x',

daylight,

great sandy point below the town. There was an open prairie there. Then many birds came—swans, cranes, geese, gray cranes, laughing-geese, ducks, blackbirds of the sea, ducks of Nass river, gulls, cormorants. They alighted on the prairie. Then the people rose. They took their wooden clubs and ran down right among the birds, and began to strike them. The feathers of the birds were flying about, filling the mouths and the noses of the people. Many of them died, and only a moderate number returned.

The three men did not join them. They looked at the fight. Then they said, "It is not difficult to fight with the birds. Let us try to-morrow." They did so. At daybreak the birds arrived and sat

1 uks-hē'tk"ı. wī-lax-ā'us al qa-g'ī'ksîl ts'ap qanl wī-lax-ha'p'esk". in front of the town and at stood heach great land to sea lîks-g'ig'a'tL ts'ō'tsg'ê. NLk'e ā'd'îk'sk"t wī-hē'lt hwîl birds. heing unusually many came many Then q'asqâ'ôs tgön, tgön, ha'q tgōn, 3 Qa'q qada'lq tgon, those, eranes those. those, sand-hill those, geese Swans sem-ts'ō'tsem lax-mô'ôn tgön, tgön, naxnā'x tgōn, 4 Lë'wun birds on the sea those, those, ducks those, real laughlngqē'wun hā'uts tgön. 5 amg a'g îm tgön, Lē'sems tgon, gulls those, shags those. Nass river those, sawhills of wī-lax-ha'p'Esku. NLk 'ē 6 NLk·'ē sagait-k ''ē' ElL hwant aLthe on great Then all together sat down on Then ga'ng 'ê qal-ts'a'p, yu'kdēL dzā'pdēt. 7 haldem-gô'ldel La the sticks (perf.) they made. they took the people, rose 8 Ha-q'alā'XL hwa'tg'ê. NLk 'e wi'd'axdēt. NLk.'ē Lwa'ik'ckudēt Cluhs their name. Then they ran. Then they were mixed with K·'ē lîk's-g'at NLk 'et 9 ts'ō'ots. qabē'iL qal-ts'a'pg 'ê. ia'tsdet. Then they struck several people. the hirds. Very many lō-me'tk^uL 10 NLk 'e mētk^uL Lē lax'L ts'ō'otsg'ê. NLk 'e birds. Then full Then down of were scattered qanL ts'em-dz'a'qt txanē'tk"L g'a'tg'ê. N_Lk·'ē 11 ts'Em-ā'qt Then the mouths the people. and the noses all 12 daXt; qāgâ't gō'stg'ê. Q'am-ā'mL sem-lîk's-g'a'dem dep minds (plur.) those. Only a fair very different they were; 13 qabē'îL helya'ltgut. number returned. gulâ'nL NLk 'e q'am-a'lgalL 14 hēlL hwî'ldetg'ê La aL many they did so at only looking on the three 15 NLk 'e tgönl hel g'a'tg'ê: "Nî'g'idi qaqe'tk"l an-hwî'nsemest. down on the prairie. They called it war. The birds did not come there to feed. Then the three men ran down. They did not take any clubs, but they just took the birds and twisted off their necks. They did so and accomplished a great deal. Not one of the men was dead, but they killed a great many birds. Then the people were glad. They are called G'ilg'inā'mgan.¹ The three men had killed almost one-half of the birds. The birds came there for one month. Then they left. Now the people resolved to take pity on the three men. They did so, and sent them back to their own town. They returned, and that is the end.

	'd'îk'sk"L eame	ts'ōts.			hwant they sat		1
wī-lax-hā'p'esk". G	îtwî'ltk ^u t _{War}	se-hwa't	dētg·ê,	aĻ	k·'ē then	nî'g î	2
hwîlt q'ap-txâ'xk"L dld really eat	wī-hē'ldı many	em ts'ō		Then	dē-wi'	d'axL ran	3
q'am-gulâ'nı g'a'tg'ê.	Nî'g îdi Not	$\begin{array}{c} d\delta'qd\bar{e}L \\ \text{they took} \end{array}$	ha-q'alā	i'X. (Q'am-dô	'qdēL ey took	4
ts'ōts. K.'ēt q'am					an-hwî' what the		5
Sem-xstā hala'elisîr	gulâ'nL the three		. Nî'g		iô′ôL l dead	c'âlt.	6
Qala'bel hwîl lîk's- As many different ki	gigia'L ts	o'ts. Ni	k.'ē lō hen in	-am'ā'1 good we	nL qag	çâ'otL earts of	7
qal-ts'a'p. G'îlg'înā the people. G'îlg'inā	mgan the	wal qa	ıl-ts'a'pg e people	rê. 1	Lã Wĩ 'erf.)	-hē'lL	8
hwîlı gulâ'nı g	a'tg'ê La				ts ts	o'ots	9
at ia'tsl q'am-gulâ'	nL gʻa'tgʻ e men.	ê. K.'ē	lL Lôq	st hy	wîl ts'	$ ilde{o}'ots.$	10
NLk'e qâ'ôdetg'ê. Then it was finished.						dem (fut.)	11
q'am-qâ'ôdît aL take pity on	gulâ'nL the three	gʻa'tgʻê	. NI	k·'ē	hwî'ldi		12
They returned to	Ep-qal-ts'a'	pt. NL	k·'ē g	rulîk 's- baek	ax'a'qLl		13
NLk*'ē sa-ba'xt. '	OWI					~	14

¹The Kwakiutl have the same legend. They eall the tribe of dwarfs Gingina'nemis, i. e., ehlldren of the sea. The Tsimshian name is evidently a phonetic distortion of the Kwakiutl word, so that it seems probable that this whole tradition, which is so remarkably alike to the ancient legend of the pygmics and the cranes, is of Kwaklutl origin (see F. Boas, Indianlsche Sagen von der nord-pacifischen Küste Amerikas, pp. 88, 192).

SMOKE-HOLE

[Told by Moses]

There was a man who never slept in his house. He always lay at the edge of his smoke-hole. Therefore he grew exceedingly strong. When he went to gather firewood, he pulled out a whole tree and carried it home on his shoulder. In the evening, when he had eaten, he went up and lay down at the edge of the smoke-hole. He never lay down in his house. Therefore his name was Smoke-hole. Nobody could earry what he was able to earry. He always carried firewood on his shoulders. He carried whole trees on his shoulders.

AM'ALA'

SMOKE-HOLE

1		NLk.							al t	s'em-	hwî'lp;
	Evening.	Then	n	ot	in 1	ay	a ma	n	at	in	the house
2	lax-ts'ä'L	ala'	hwîl di	ē-grig	'ä'êL	aL	txanë	'tk ^u L	yu'l	ksa.	Nigan
	on the edge of	the smoke-	where he	on alwa	ays lay	at		11	evei		There- fore
3	ā'd'îk'sk"ı	hwîl	dax-g	a't.	NLk	·'ē	sa-â'Ll	cut.	NLk	·'ēt	sô'adîL
	he came	being	strong	r-	The		he firmade wo		Then	he	pulled out
4	k''ēlu ga	an. Ni	ˈk''ēt	húX	txā-	qō'lt	segat.	NI	k'ē	q'am	hnX
	one tr			again	ali	sho	rried on ulder.	T	ben	only	again
5	Lä'êxk ^u t.	Nık ''ë	huX	y	n'ksa.		Nık'ë	hu	\mathbf{X}	men-	dā'u rt.
	he finished	Then	agair	e e	vening.		Then	age	dn	up	he went.
6	Nık'ë hi	ıX gʻä'ê	Lt aL	lax-ts	'ä'L	ala'.	Nî'g	idi g	'ä'êLi	t al	ts'Em-
		ain he la		on :	the the	smok			he lay down	at	in
4	hwî'lp.		hwata		.m'ala		Nîg'id	lit g	gō'uL	gʻa	t dē-
	the house,	Therefore	his nam was	ie Si	noke-ho	ole.	Not		took	a perso	on his
8		Qanët-liv		a-qale	jō'tsE	gaL	lak ^u .	Txa-	qō'lts	aqdēr	gan.
	he took.	Always	all		carried		fire- wood.	All		rried on ulder	trees.
	116				,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,		,,,,,,,,		8110	unuel	

Ts'AK'

[Told by Moses]

There was a boy named Ts'ak' and his old grandmother. They had a small house, and a small brook was running near by. There were salmon in the brook. Ts'ak' went down carrying a stick with a bone point, and speared the salmon. He got a great many. Then he made a rope of cedar twigs and strung them up. Then Ts'ak' went up the little river and caught many salmon. Then he returned, but he did not find the string of fish that he had placed in the water. He had lost it. Then he was sorry, because the great Grizzly Bear had eaten all the salmon which he had strung on the cedar twigs. He said, "Big drop-jaw Grizzly Bear has done this." Then the great Grizzly

Ts'AK'

K. all	Lgo-tk'			hwa'tg'ê			nts'ē'etst.	1
One	nue	boy	18 8K	nis name	with one	: IIIIe	mother.	
Nık''ē					₹ºã	baxL	Lgo-a'k's	2
• Then	(there) stood	little	their honse.	Th	en	ran	a water	
aL awa	'adetg:ê	hwîl	mē'sil	hân.	Nık''ē	iä $'$ s	Ts'ak',	3
at their	proximity	where	in river	salmon.	Then	went	Ts'ak*,	
yu'kdîL	gan	hwîl	lē-d'ā'L	nä'tstg	ê. N	ık·'ēt	g'aLk"L	4
he earried	a stick	where	on was	a bone	:	Then	he speared	
hân, wī	-hē'ldeL	daa'qı	gutg'ê.	N _L k.'e	t'ak"L	q'âqL.	Nık'ët	5
salmon,	many	he	e got.	Then	he twisted	cedar twigs.	Then	
k 'ax-sa-q	ē'detg*ê.	Nrk.	e huX	gali-iä'	s Ts'al	k' al	magâ'nL	6
	8.	Then	again	up wer	it Ts'ak	to to	up river of	
				i-hē'ldeL			! NLk 'ë	7
the water.	Then	he sp	eared	many	salmon.	Well!	Then	
1= -								
La 10-ya	a'ltk"t.	NLk 'ë	nî'g it	hwaL	hwîl	g'âk'sL	qēttg·ê.	8
(perf.) he re	a'ltk ^u t. eturned.	NLk'ë Then	nî'g•it	hwaL he found	hwîl where	lay in	qēttg 'ê. his string of fish.	8
(perf.) he re Gwâtk ^u L	eturned. qëttgʻ(Then NL	not k∵ë ā′d	he found	where	lay in water	his string	
(perf.) he re Gwâtk ^u L	eturned.	Then NL	not k∵ë ā′d	he found	where	lay in water lō-si'êpl	his string of fish. X ^u L qâts heart of	
(perf.) he re Gwâtk ^u L It was lost Ts'ak',	eturned. qëttgʻi his strin of fish. aL hwi	Then NL The	not k''ë ā'd nen L wī-lig	he found ?îk'sk"L came .'ē'Ensk"L	where hwîl being t'an	lay in water lo-si'epl in sick the dzar.	his string of fish. x"L qâts heart of	9
(perf.) he re Gwâtk ^u L It was lost Ts'ak',	eturned. qëttg*6 his strin of fish.	Then NL The	not k''ë ā'd nen L wī-lig	he found 'îk'sk"L came	where hwîl being t'an	lay in water lo-si'epl in sick the dzar.	his string of fish. X ^u L qâts heart of	9
(perf.) he ro Gwâtk"I. It was lost Ts'ak', Ts'ak', k's-qâ'gu'	eturned. qëttg*6 his strin of fish. aL hwi because nn g*a'l.	Then NL The	not k.'ē ū'd nen L wī-lig the great nLk.'ē 1	he found 'îk 'sk"L came ''ë'Ensk"L rizzly bear Lë sa-që'	where hwîl being t'an who det al	lay in water lō-si'êpl in sick the dzaL ate all	his string of fish. K"L (lâts theart of hân Lē the (perf.) salmon	9
Gwâtk ^u I. It was lost Ts'ak', Ts'ak', k's-qâ'gu	qëttg"(his strin of fish. aL hwî becaus m gʻa'Ll	Then NL g The lia/en l ia/en went xutg e, peared,	not k.'ē ā'd i. wī-lig the g reat nr.k.'ē r then (pe	he found 'îk 'sk" L. came 'ë'Ensk" L. rizzly bear (Le sa-qe' erf.) he str	where hwîl being t'an who det al	lay in water lo-si'êpl in siek the dzaL ate all cedar twigs.	his string of fish. Lul qâts heart of hân Lē the (perf.) salmon NLk'ē Then	9 10 11
(perf.) he ro Gwâtk"I. It was lost Ts'ak', Ts'ak', k's-qâ'gu first a'lg'îxs	qēttgʻć his strin of fish. aL hw'i becaus m gʻa'Ll he sj	Then NL g The se went went xutg 6, becared, '' La	not k''ë ā'd c wī-lig the g rate nlk''ë 1 then (pe	he found 'îk 'sk" L. came 'ë'Ensk" L. rizzly bear (Le sa-qe' erf.) he str	where hwîl being t'an who det al a of ing t'aā'gat.	lay in water lo-si'êpl in sick the dzaL ate all cadar twigs.	his string of fish. Luly qâts contact han lui the (perf.) salmon Nulk'e Then hwîlā'gut	9 10 11

Bear came down and said to Ts'ak', "Why do you scold me?" Ts'ak' replied, "Why do you eat all the salmon I catch?" Then they began to scold each other, and the great Grizzly Bear said, "I shall snuff you in if you say 'Go ahead." Then Ts'ak' said, "Go ahead." At once the Grizzly Bear snuffed him in, and Ts'ak' was in his stomach. Ts'ak' carried a strike-a-light, pitchwood, and tinder. He was in the stomach of the great Grizzly Bear, but he was not afraid. He struck his firestones and made a fire of pitchwood in the great Grizzly Bear. Now there was a great fire. The great Grizzly Bear ran about, and smoke came out of his mouth. Before long he fell

1 wī-lig·'ē'Ensku.'' an-hē'tg·ĉ. NLk·'ē nā-lä'L wī-lig·'ē'Ensku. NLk·'ē the grizzly bear," what he sald. Then out of he woods went great Then

- 2 n'lg'îxt as Ts'ak: "Ā'go ma gan hak'siî'st?" NLK'ē a'lg'îxs he said to Ts'ak: "What you for scold me?" Then said
- 3 Ts'ak: "Ā'go ma gan dzaLt hân Lē dzā'bēe?" NLk''ē yuk
 Ts'ak: "What you for eat all the (perf.) I made?" Then beginning
- 4 unen-hē'tdetg'ê qanı wi-lig''ē'ensk". Nen qan hēt wi-lig''ē'ensk": to each they spoke and the grizzly bear. Therefore sald the grizzly hear:
- 5 "Nē'mts'axkuēg'a nē'En, 'Hwä'i! gwôm' mē'yaan,'' dē'yaL
 "t snuff in mayhe you, 'Well! go ahead,' say so,'' thus said
- 6 wī-lig''ē'Ensku as Ts'ak'. NLk''ē hēs Ts'ak': "Hwä'i! gwôm!".

 the grizzly hear to Ts'ak'. Then said Ts'ak': "Well! go ahead!"
- 7 dē'yas Ts'ak' aL wī-lig''ē'Ensk". NLk''ē nē'mts'axk"t. TgōnL sald Ts'ak' to the great great. Then he snuffed him in. This
- 8 hēt wī-līg''ē'Ensku. NLk''ē lō-d'ā's Ts'ak at ts'Em-qalâ'st said the grizzly bear. Then in was Ts'ak at in the stomach of
- 9 wī-lig·'ē'Eusku. K'uL-yu'kdEts Ts'ak· Lgo-qa'mdEm lô'ôp qanL the grizzly bear. About he carried Ts'ak· little fire stones and
- 10 sg'înî'st qanı x'da'ask". Nık'ë, la lō-d'ā's Ts'ak' al
- 11 ts'Em-qalâ'sL wī-lig''ē'Ensku, nLk''ē nîg'i alî'skuL qâts Ts'ak'. In the stomach of grizzly bear, then not weak the heart of the great
- 12 NLK'ēt ôx's Ts'ak' lgo-qa'mt. NLK'ē melt. NLK'ēt lō-se-Then struck Ts'ak' little fire. Then it hurnt. Then he in made
- 13 me'lel sg'inî'st al ts'ä'wil wī-lig''ē'ensk". Nlk''ē wī-t'ē'sl burn pitchwood at the Inside the grizzly bear. Then was great
- 14 hwîl melt. Nlk''ē q'aspē' k'ul-ba'xl wī-lig''ē'Ensku. K'si-yô'xkul where it burnt. Then astray about ran the grizzly bear. Out went
- 15 mēyē'ni. ts'Eni-ā'qt. Nîg'i nak'i. hwîlt, k''ē wī-sa-gō'usk'it. Wī-smoke of in his mouth. Not long hedld so, then the fell down. The great one

his grandmother.

little

down dead. Then Ts'ak: came out at his anus. He ran about at the place where lay the great Grizzly Bear whom he had killed.

Then he returned. He strung up his salmon, and went to the little house of his grandmother. Ts'ak said, "Grandmother, I killed a great Grizzly Bear. It is in the woods. Give me your little fish knife." His grandmother said, "You are a liar, slave! You are fooling me." Ts'ak replied, "Grandmother, it is true." Then his grandmother gave him her little knife, and accompanied him toward the place where the great Grizzly Bear lay. He cut it, and she carried the meat all day long. Now they had brought it down and placed it on the drying sticks. Then Ts'ak went into the woods to cut fuel. He carried a little stone ax. Then he cut firewood. He and his grandmother were very glad.

nô'ôt. NLk ''ē	k·si-yô'xkus out went .	Ts'ak ·	aL ts':	em-q'â'ltg	9	1
k'uL-ba'xs Ts'ak'	when lay	wī-lig·'ē'E	ensk ^u dz	a'k ^u detg	ê.	2
NLk ''ē lō-ya'lı Then he retur	tk ^u L. Q'ä'qL	EL hân.	Then	iä't an		3
Lgo-hwî'lps nēts'				a'k'g'ê: Ts'ak':	"Grand- mother!	4
	wī-lig·'ē'Ens a grizzly bear great	k ^u . La :	sg'ît aL	gʻilē'lîz In the woo		5
Lgo-ha-q'ō'Lnîst." little your fish knlfe."	NLk·'ē a'lg	g'îxs net		"Bē′gu	in, xa'E, e, slave,	6
huX sidô'gang'a again you fool maybe					"Grand- mother.	7
sem-hô'!" NLktit it is true!" Then	67	ndzē'E the grand mother o	ts Ts'a	k'L Lg	o-ha-q'â'L.	8
	-nts'ē'Etst aL - his grand- to g mother	awa'aL	hwîl sg	îL wî-li	gʻ'ē'Ensku. grizzly hear.	9
Nık 'et balt, k	er na-hwî'lg	gal Lē s		al wi-sa		10
nā-qâ'ôdet. Nik			ax-wî't. on drying sticks.	NLk·'ē	iä'êt aL he went to	11
gʻilē'lîxʻ, lak ^u L		del rec	o-dawī'sei	m lâ'ôp. stone.		12
daa'qık"t, dzāpı. he got it, he made	la'k ^u g ·ê. Ni firewood.	ık.'ē sem	igal lō-ā	$^{\prime}\mathrm{mL}$ q $\hat{\mathrm{a}}^{\prime}\hat{\mathrm{d}}$	det qanL	13
Lgo-nets'ē'Etst.						14

they returned.

Then

Now there was a town on the opposite side of the river. In the morning Ts'ak' rose and took some coals. He chewed some tallow and entered the house of the chief. It was full of people who were gambling. Ts'ak' spit into the fireplace. Then his saliva blazed up. One man said to Ts'ak', "What are you chewing there?" Ts'ak' replied, "The penis of a little dog." The man then said, "Spit into the fire again." Ts'ak' spit into the fireplace, and the fire blazed up. The people took hold of Ts'ak'; they took a rope. There stood a tree to which they tied him. Now he was somewhat troubled. Then many people rushed to the house of his old grandmother and ate all the meat that was in it. Nothing was left. They ate all. They were the Wolves. Now they returned and untied Ts'ak'. They sent him out

an-dâ'sda. Nık'e hē'Luk. hētk^un qal-ts'a'p aL NLk "ē the opposite side. Then morning, (there) a town at Then NLk 'et g'în-hē'tk"s K·'e dôqL qam-t'ō'ts. 2 nlk'ē Ts'ak'. Then he took then Ts'ak'. coals. rose NLk 'ë ts'ent aLhwîlpt sem'â'g'ît. Lō-mē'tk"L 3 qē'enl hîx'. it was Then he the house the chief. he ehewed fat. in entered NLk 'ē Ts'ak aL lât. Hē'-vukl xsa'ndet. ts'ēts 4 grat Ts'ak Beginning they played. Then spat in people in lt. 5 ts'em-an-la'k". Nlk'ë melmë'l ts'ë'det al ts'em-an-la'k". Nlk'ë the fireplace. burnt at in the Then Ētk^uts "Ago'L Ts'ak: 6 a'lg'îxL k·'âlL Ts'ak'. g'at as "What Ts'ak: He was person to Ts'ak'. spoke Ts'ak', "q'âL Lgo-o's." 7 qaga'nen?" "Hwä'i! "Nē," dē'yas "the "This," "Well! said Ts'ak', a little penis of Gwôm, ts'ētl." Nık 'et lo-ts'e'tes Ts'ak ts'em-an-la'k". Hwä'i! spit it." Well! Then he in spat it Ts'ak h fireplace. gō'ul wī-hē'ldem hwîl mē'lel lak". NLk 'ēt 9 NLk'ē wī-t'ē's they Then great where burnt fire. Then K-'ēt maō'lku. NLk 'ē hētk^uL gō'udēL 10 g at Ts'ak'. gan, Then (there) Ts'ak'. people Then they took a rope. 11 nen hwîll tq'al-deda'k Ldets Ts'ak :. NLk 'e k'o'pe-sem-ha'xk"t. there where against they tied Ts'ak'. Then a little much Ts'elem-ha'pdēr. Lgo-hwî'lpL 12 NLk'ë hā'p'aal wi-hë'ldem grat. Then they rushed people. Into the house of many Ts'ak'. NLk' ēt sem-dza'ıdēl 13 nets'ē'ets smax'. Nîgri Ts ak Then very they ate all the meat. Not 14 q'am-mā'nt, semgal txa-dza'ldet. K·'êbō' dep gō'stg'ê. NLk 'ē very Wolves only was left. those. all they are Then 15 lö-vîlya'ltk"t. NLk'et sa-go'udets Ts'ak'. NLk 'et k'si-he'tsdet

off they took

Isak.

Then

out they sent

of the house and he returned to his grandmother. When he entered their little house, all the meat was gone. Then they eried. Ts'ak and his grandmother had no food. They were crying all the time.

In the evening Ts'ak's grandmother was fast asleep. Then he took his knife and cut out her vulva. He roasted it. When it was done, he roused her and said, "Grandmother, awake! Your meal is done. There was a little of the meat left over, and I roasted it." His grandmother rose and ate it all. Then Ts'ak' ran out and made a song on his grandmother: "Grandmother ate her own little vulva! Grandmother ate her own little vulva!" Then his grandmother shouted to Ts'ak', "Don't enter my house again, slave!"

Now Ts'ak walked about outside. His grandmother did not let

al g'alq. Nlk'ē lō-ya'lt to outside. Then returne		aL awa'as n to the prox- imity of	ets'ē'Etst. 1
	pdet. Nîg'i	haik ^u L smax was left meat.	. K.'ē 2
sîgʻa'tk ^u s dep Tsʻakʻ qans cried (plur.) Ts'akʻ and	nets'ē'Etst, his grand- mother,	aqL-g'ē'îpdet.	NLk.'ē 3
qa'nē-hwîla sig a'tkudet.			4
NLk ''ē yu'ksa. Sem-q'â't Then evening. Very moti		d- Ts'ak· ir	
	n-q'ō'L. NLK'		L mēns 6
nets'ē'Etst. NLk'ēt iâ'ôdE his grand- mother. Then he roast it.		La a'nnkst. (perf.) it was done.	NLk. et 7
		hēs Ts'ak': said Ts'ak':	"Grand- mother.
gū'ksgun! yukl la anu'ksl awake! it begins (perf.) is done		al Lgo-sma'x'.	,
$\begin{array}{lll} i\hat{a}'d\bar{e}_{E,"} & N\iota k '\bar{e} & g \hat{n} + \bar{e}'tk^u s \\ {\scriptstyle 1\; rose} & {\scriptstyle Then} & {\scriptstyle rose} \end{array}$		Then she ate it	
	s'ak'. NLk''ēt	SE-lē'mx's n he a made song on	ets'ē'Etst: 11 his grand- mother:
	edzē Lgo-lep- and- little her a	tq'al-mē'nt. Y	ä'E, lEp- 12
g·ē'bEdas dzē'edzē 1.go-lEp-tq' she ate it my grand- mother own		k'ē wī-amhē't en shouted	
Ts'ak': "G'îlâ' dzē huX	ts'ē'nEn, xa'E come in, slave!		14
NLk''ë qanë-hwîla k'uL- Then always about	iä'ES Ts'ak' went Ts'ak'	aL grå'lEq	

him in again. She felt ill at ease because her vulva had been eut off. It grew dark. Then Ts'ak' took a stiek and went down to the beach. It was low water. He walked about on the sand and looked for cockles, which he wanted to eat. He was erying because he had nothing to eat.

Behold, he saw a man coming up to him who asked, "Why are you erying?" Ts'ak' replied, "The Wolves have eaten all the meat that we had for our food." The man said, "Oh, indeed! Why don't you take revenge?" Then the man put his hand under his blanket and pulled out a hollow bone. He said, "Now go across the river; there you will find a knothole. The daughter of the chief is in the

- 1 ts'elem-anâ'els nets'ē'etst. Q'am-ab'abā'gas nets'ē'ets Ts'ak allowed him his grand-mother. the grand-mother of Only troubled was 2 k'si-nē'il mēnt. NLk 'ē La ā'd'îk'sk"L dem hwîl yu'ksa, out heing her vulva. Then (perf.) eame (fut.) heing evening, N_Lk·'ē 3 nlk''ēt gō'us Ts'ak'L gan. iaga-iä'êt aL g'ä'u then he took Ts'ak down he went to the front (perf.)
 of the house a stiek. Then NLk 'e 4 sem-sg'î'l aL ak's. k'uL-haL-iä'êt lax-ā'us: t ahout along he went water. Then at on the sand; he 5 k'uL-g'îg'ē'ElL qabâ'q g'ē'îbet; al k'ul-wīyē'tkut hwîl dem and about he eried about looked for eockles (fut.) his food;
- 6 aqL-g·ē'îbEt, neL qan het.
 with iood, therefore he said
 so.
- 7 Hwä'i! Gwinā'dēL, gʻat ā'd'îk'sk"t aL qâqt. NLk''ē a'lg'îxL Well! Behold, a man eame to his front. Then said
- 8 g'a'tg'ê: "Agō'L qan hahē'nîst?" NLk'ē dē'lEmexkus Ts'ak:
 the man: "What for are you talking?" Then answered Ts'ak:
- 9 "Yuk-dza'L k''êbō' smax" La dem g'ē'îbem." NLk''ē hēL
 "Just ate the wolves the meat (perf.) (fut.) our food." Then sald
- 10 g'a'tg'ê: "Â, net! Hwä'i! tse dē'!tkunēn ana'!" Nlk'ē the man: "Ah, indeed! Well! reclprocate do!" Then
- 11 lō-na'k'sı g'a'tg'ê al ts'Em-lax-â't. Nlk''ēt sag'îl ts'ēp
- 12 qalk si-nô'ôl le ts'ä'wut. "Tgōn tse hwî'len: Tse tsagathrough a hole lts inslde. 'This do: Aeross
- 13 ia'nēn, me tse k''ē' g'a'al hwîl nanô'ôl an-t'em-anē'st. D'āl go, you then see where holes knothole. It is
- 14 Lgō'ulkul sem'â'g'it al q'alā'nl hwî'lbest. Me tse k''ē'
- 15 ts'elem-hē't'ent al an-t'em-anē'st. Tse sem-na-hē't'enen al the kuothole.

rear of the house. Put this tube through the knothole. Aim right at the heart of the chief's child. Then blow through it." Ts'ak' did so. The bone struck the heart of the chief's child. Then the chief cried, thinking that his child would die quickly. They sent for many shamans (they are the ones who cure disease), but they did not succeed. Then Ts'ak' said to his grandmother, "Go on, Grandmother, and tell them that I will cure her." But Ts'ak' was not a shaman. His grandmother left. She entered the chief's house and said to him, "That slave talks nonsense again. He says he will cure the child of the chief." Then the foolish people rushed up to her and threw her out of the house, because Ts'ak' was not a shaman. That was the reason why they did so. Ts'ak's grandmother went to the little house, and as soon as she saw Ts'ak'

qâ'ôdeL Lgō'uLk the heart the child	of sem'â'g'	rit. ME	tse k·'ē'	qalk'si-suw	a'nt." 1
NLk·'ē hwîls Then did so	Ts'ak'. N		tk ^u L ts'ē		a'ôdel 2
	'â'g it. NL	k.'ē La	$rac{ ext{har{e}} ext{t} ext{k}^{ ext{u}} ext{L}}{ ext{stood}}$	ts'ē'pg'ê.	K·'ē 3
ayawā'tk"t. Wī- shc cried. Gr	t'ē's hwîl	ayawā'tk ^u her crying.	t. T'ēlL Quickly		sigat. 4
A A	et wi-hē'ldı t many		t. NeLnē'		wa'nt. 5
K·'ē nî'g'i da	n'qLk ^u det. N y succeeded.	NLk 'e a'lg	rîxs Ts'ak	to his g	E'Etst: 6
"Go! dzē'Ets! "Go! grand- mother!	inaL tse	n dem (fut.)	suwa'nt." cure her."	ALk.'ē' n	î'gʻidi 7
			'ē'etst. Nī		
a shaman Ts'ak'.		me	grand- T other.	hen she enterco	at !
bwîlpь sem'â'g	rit. "Yukt	huX	dagalā'mga		dem 9
of	f. "Beginnin			slave	(fut.)
suwa'nt-gal L he eures he says t	gō'uLk ^u L s	em'â'g ît."	NLk·'ē	ha'p'aL	ax- 10
he eures he says t	he child of	the chief."	Then	rushed	with- out
	Nık 'et	k·si-ô'x·d	lēt nets'ē'	ets Ts'ak	аг 11
hearts the men.	Then	out they		nd- Ts'ak·	to
	hwîl nî'g·	idi hala	ni'ts Ts'ak	, nîlne't	qant 12
hwîlā'k ^u detg*ê.		hagun-iä's	nets'ē'Et		
			mother of		to
awa'aL Lgo-hwî	'lpdetg'ê. I				E'Etst, 14
the prox- little th imity of	en nouse.	At once	saw T	s'ak' his g mot	rand- her,

she said, "They turned me out of the house!" But Ts'ak' repeated, "Go on, Grandmother. I really want to enre her." Then she went again and entered. She said again, "He wants to cure the chief's daughter." And two wise men said, "Let him do as he says"; and they agreed that he should cure her. Ts'ak's grandmother went out and returned. She told him that they had agreed. Then Ts'ak' rose and called the wren, the x-sk'iek', the x-sg'a'nt, and all the little birds. Then Ts'ak' dressed himself. He carried one little bird named Rattlebox. They went in, and Ts'ak' sat down at the feet of the chief's daughter, who was very sick, and all the birds sat down. They

1	nlk'ë tgön hës nets'ë'ets Ts'a'k'g'ê: "Yukt-k'si-ô'x'det nër then this said the grand- mother of Ts'ak': "Just out was thrown	g
2	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	•
3	"Adô', dzē'Ets! Dem q'ap-suwa'nēîst." Nlk''ē ha'k'sem huX	
4	iē'êt nets'ē'Ets, Ts'ak'. NLk''ē huX ts'ēnt. NLk''ē ha'k'sen went the grand-mother of Ts'ak'. Then again she entered.	1
5	huX a'lg'îxt: "Q'ap-hä'q'alL xa'E aL dEmt suwa'nı again she spoke: "Really urges the to (fut.) he cures	ā
6	Lgō'nLk"L sem'â'g'it." NLk'ē a'lg'îxL bagadē'lL hwîl qaxâ'ôsgut the child of the chief." Then said two wise men:	
7	"Ām, mesem hwîl t'anı hēt." Nık 'ēt anâ'qdēl den 'Good, you, do what he says." Then they agreed (fut.)	
8	suwa'ansks Ts'ak'. NLk'ē k'saXs nets'ē'Ets Ts'ak'. NLk'ē he cure Ts'ak'. Then went out the grandmother of	5
9	lō-ya'ltk"t. Anâ'qdētg'ê. NLk''ē haldem-ba'xs Ts'ak'. NLk''ēi she returned. Then rose Ts'ak'. Then	b
10	wô'ôL ts'Epts'a'p qanL x-sk'ī'ek' qanL x-sg'ant qani he livited the wren and (a bird) and ent-gum and ing (a bird)	à
11	txanē'tk"L liwîl sesō'sL k'ōpe-ts'ō'ôts. XLk''ē nōtks Ts'ak'.	
12	NLk'ët hwa'lîx't k''ä'guL Lgo-ts'ō'ôts anda-hasä'xs, Ts'ak'. Then he carried one little bird rattlebox, Ts'ak'.	
13	NLk'ë Lô'ôdet. NLk'ë la'mdzîxdet. NLk'ë d'ās Ts'ak' at they went. Then they entered. Then sat Ts'ak' at	
14	asEsa'et hwîl g'ä'êL Lgō'uLk ^u L sEm'â'g'it. Wī-t'ē'sL sī'êpk ^u t. her fect where lay the child oi the chief. Much she was	
15	NLK'ë huwa'nı txanë'tk"ı k'öpe-ts'ö'ôts. Dô'qdēl gan, Then they sat down all the birds. They took sticks.	

carried small sticks. Now the chief's great slave rose in the corner of the house. He was a giant, and his head reached up to the corner of the house. He had a big belly. Then one boy went toward the rear of the house, and stood near by in front of him. The boy took a stick and struck the slave's belly while Ts'ak' was performing his incantations. Therefore the people used to call the slave Drum-belly. Now Ts'ak' pulled out the sickness and saved her. He took all her father's elk-skins in payment. She gave herself to him in marriage, and he took all her grease boxes. Then Ts'ak' became a great chief, because he had saved the chief's child. He married her, and the chief gave with her his giant slave whose name was Drum-belly. Ts'ak' really married the daughter of the chief.

seso'sem gan. NLk- little sticks. The	t''ë lō-men-hë't en in up stoc	k ^u l wī-xa'atk ^u sL d the slave of great	sem'â'g it 1
aL amō'st. Wī-g-a' in the corner. He was a great ma	up to ln aga	al-gō'usk"L t'en	$a-qar{e}'st$ at 2 s head to
amō'st. Wī-la'îL the corner. Greatly large was	ban. NLk.		
Lgo-tk''ē'Lk". NLk''ē	hagun-hē'tkut toward he stood	aL qa-sä'EXt at his front.	Yu'kdEL 4 He held
Lgo-tk 'e'Lk"L gan, the hoy a stiek,	at dem ia'tsL he (fut.) strike	bank wī-xa'E the the slave belly of great	La yukl 5 when he
suwa'ansk ^u t. NLk 'ēt he eured. Then	ia'tsL Lgo	-tk.'ē'Lk" banL hoy the belly of	WĪ-Xa'E. 6 the slave
That made name of c	LEn-g·ig·a't as elden the of mes people		. NLk 'et 7
sa'g 'îs Ts'ak ha-s	ī'êpk". Nık 'ē	mâ'tk"tg 'ê. No	eL hwîlt, 8 he did,
wī-hē'ld hwîl hwî'.	ls Ts'ak. NLl		
Lē Liâ'ns nEgwâ'ôdr the elks of her father.		qanı txanē'tk"ı all	hahē'nq. 10
NLk 'ë La wi-t'ë'si Then (perf.) was great	hwîl sem'â	g'îts Ts'ak'. I	
dE-mâ'tk ^u s Ts'ak* he saved Ts'ak*	Lgō'uLk ^u L SEIN the ehlld of the	râ'g'it. NLk'ēt ehlef. Then	nak'sk"t. 12
Na'k sgus Ts'ak te married Ts'ak	Lgō'uLk"L s	Em'â'g it. NLk the chief. Then	'ē tq'al- 13
hō'ksnanL SEm'â'g'iL to be with her he caused the chief	wī-xa'E. Al	nō'LEM banL Drum- helly	
Nrk'ē sem-hō'm na	'k'sk's Ts'ak'		

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He stayed there a long time, and then he got tired of the woman. He heard that there was a woman on the other side of the mountain. He said he would go. Ts'ak' left his wife. Only his slave, the wren, and another bird accompanied him. They went a long time and arrived at 'the foot of the mountain. The trail led to it, but there was no way of going on. Then Ts'ak' caught a robin. He skinned it and put on its skin. He flew upward and nearly reached the top of the mountain. Then he came to a great fire, which was just like lightning. It burnt the robin's wings, and he fell back to the foot of the mountain. Then Ts'ak' took off his skin. He caught a bluejay, skinned it, and put on its skin. Again he flew upward and almost reached the top of the mountain. Again he came to the place where

1 .41 1 ... 4/1.3 ...

1		awîl hwî'ld	et, nLk''e	E La q'â	tsk ^u L	qâ'ôts
	Well! When long	they did	so, then	(perf.) was	stired	the heart of
2	Ts'ak al hana'qg'ê	. Hwä'i!	NLk'ë Then	naxna's	Ts'ak'	hwîl
	18 ak. Of the women,	Well:	Incu	neard	ISUK	17 11 (1)
3	d'āl k'âll hana'q a was one woman a	L hwagait-	an-dâ'ôL	sqanë'st.	NLk ''ē	hēt
	was one woman a	t away 1	the opposite side of	the moun- tain.	Then	ne said
	dem ië'êt. Nlk'ë	iē'êt; k	usta'qsdes	Ts'ak	na'k	stg ê.
5	K'sax-Lgo-ts'epts'a'p	stēlt qanı	Lgo-x-sk'	řek: NLl	к·'ē Lô	'ôdet.
	K'sax-Lgo-ts'Epts'a'p some of the control of the co	eompa- and ed him	little (a hire	d). Th	en the	ey went.
6	Nak ^u L hwîl Lô'ôdet.	NLk 'e tq's	al-la'k'det	ar dēpr	wī-sqa	mē'st.
	Long where they went.	Then again	nst they arrived	at the foot of	a mo	untain.
7	Seni-gō'usk"L qē'nex	as gö'stg'é	NLk'	ā aql-yô'	xk ^u s T	`s'ak ·.
	Really reached the trail	to that.	Then	with- (pla	ee) to '	Ts'ak'.
8	Nık 'et gö'ul sâ'ôq	. Nık 'et	tsâ'ôdet.	NLk·'ē	lō-Lô′	ôtk ^u t.
	Then he took a robin	. Then	he skinned it.	Then	in l	ne put imself.
9	NLk 'ē men-g ibā' yuki	t. La dēlj	pk ^u L den	n men-a'q	Lkut,	nLk.'ē
	Then up he flew.	When sho	rtly (fut.) up rea	he iehed,	then
	ā'd'îk'sk"t hwîl me'L	EL wī-sqan	ē'st hō'g'	igal ts'ar	ntx'. 1	Nrk'ē
	he eame where burn	t the moun	tain li	ke light	ning.	Then
11	melme'lel qaq'ā'x'l	sâ'ôq. N	Lk·'ē ha	'ts'îk'sem	t'Egu	a'ntkt
	burnt the wings of	the rohin.	Then	onee more	he	fell
12	al dēpl sqanē'st.	Nık.'ēt sa	-ma'gas	Ts'ak'.	NLk .'ēt	huX
	to the foot the moun- of tain,	Then he off	took it	Ts'ak'.	Then he	again
13	gō'uL gusgwâ's.	Nık.'ēt l	nuX tsi	î'ôdet.	K·'ēt	huX
	took a hluejay.			it.		
14	lō-Lô'ôtk ^u t. NLk 'ē	ha'k'sEm	huX	men-g'il	oā'yukt	aL
	in he put Then himself.	once more	again	up 1	ne flew	at
15	wī-sqanē'st. NLk''ē	ha'k sem l	huX k'îlş	gal-me'LEL	sqanë	stg ê.
	the mountain. Then	onee more	again all o	ver hurnt	the mou	ıntain.

it was burning all over. Then the bluejay fell down. He dropped down again to the foot of the mountain. Ts'ak' was very much troubled because there was no way to go on. He and his great slave, Drum-belly, lay down on the grass, and slept. It was almost daylight, and Ts'ak' was still asleep. Then he heard a voice: "My grand-mother invites you in." He did not know who was speaking, and lay down again. He bit a hole in his blanket and looked through it. Behold, there was a little Mouse that came out of a bunch of grass and said, "My grandmother invites you in." Now he saw the little Mouse disappearing under the bunch of grass. He rose, went to the grass, and pulled it out. Behold, there was a house under it. A woman was sitting there. "Enter, my dear, if it is you who wants

K.'ē huX Then again	iaga-t'Egua'n down fell	tk ^u L gusgy	wâ'ôs. K uejay. Th	·'ē ha'k's	
ōk'st aL he to dropped	ment sqane' the the mon	stg ·ê. Ni	k·'ē aba	a'g'ask ^u s s troubled	Ts'a'k'g'ê 2
aqL-yô'xk"t.		ā'Ldet aL			C'uL-stē'll 3
wī-xa'Eg'ê, the slave,			tg ĉ. Ni		vôqdētg ê. 4
Hwä'i! La Well! when	dēlpk ^u L dem shortly (fut.)	mesā'x',			
		t-wô'ôn c		NLk·'ē	nî'g'it 6
		ê. NLk'ô	ha'k'sı		g'ä'êLt. 7
NLk.'ē nā.	-ha'ts'iL gula'	tg · ĉ. NL		k·si-g·a'ask ough he looked	t lâ'et. 8
	rgo-qã'k·r k·	si-wî'tk ^u t a		n-ha'p'Esk' unch of grass.	NLk·'ē 9
ha'ts'îk'sEm	1 77 1		"Yukt		zē'EtsēE." 10 my grand- mother."
	'ai-g·îlā'ls T	s'ak Lgo	mouse	ts'Elem-dā	
	p'Esk ^u . NLk., of grass. Then	ē hētk ^u s			gun-iē'êt. 12
K.'ēt hasb Then upsid	e he the g	esk ^u . Gwi	inā'dēL, ^{Sehold} ,	hwîlp lul a house und	kı-hē'tgut 13
aL LaXL the under side of	hā'p'esk".	NLk.'ē	a'lg'îxL said		lō-d'ā'tg'ê 14
lât: "Ts	'ē'nEn nāt, Enter my dear,	tsEda ii		dem t'an	

to get a wife." Ts'ak' entered and sat down. The woman said to Ts'ak', "Throw your earrings into the fire." He did so. He threw his earrings into the fire. Then the woman pulled them out of the fire by magic. She was the Mouse. Then she kept Ts'ak' and his great slave in the house, but she sent back the wren and the other bird. Ts'ak' finished eating. He was quite satiated. Then the woman stopped giving food to them. She said, "I myself am the trail leading through the mountain. I am not a shaman, but my sister on the other side is a great shaman. She will give you advice." Then she opened one corner of her house. Ts'ak' and his great slave went through it, under the mountain. The trail led that way. They passed through it; then they found another house and another woman. She was also a Mouse. Then he and the great slave entered, and the

1	dem nak st.	NLk''ē				
	(fut.) his wife."	Then	entered	Ts'ak'.	Then	when he sat
2	nLk"ē a'lg îx	L hana'q	as Ts'ak':	: "Txē'	ldel qar	nts'ēniō'En."
3	Nık'ē hwîls	Ts'ak:	Txē'ldeL	gants'ēi	nu'Xtg'ê.	Nık.'ēt
	Then did so	Ts'ak.	He put into the fire	hise	arrings.	Then
4	nā'mtsell hai	ıa'qg'ê. K	'sem-qā'k'ı	hwaL	hana'qg'	ê. Nık''ē
	took them out the	woman,	Female mouse	the name of	the woman	. Then
5	yukl wô'ôtl	k ^u t as	Ts'ak	qanL v	vī-xa'E.	ьа k·'ē
6	gulîk s-hashē'ts	et x-sk ¹ i'ek	· qanL ts	e'epts'a'p.	Hwä'i!	La Läxk ^u s
	back she sent	(a bird)	and	the wren.	Well!	When finished eating
7	Ts'ak', semi-t	ts'ä'x'ts T	s'ak'. N	ık 'ë ha	wur. lia	ına'q t'an
	Ts'ak realiy	satiated 7	ľs'ak·. '	Then st	opped w	the who
8	yō'ôg'ans nē' made cat h	tg'ê. Nık	·'ē a'lg·î	xL hans	ι'qg·ê: '	" Lер-пе'ег
9	qēnex. Nik	r'ë nîgride	halai'da	E. Lgʻi	'gwēE	al an-dâ'
	the trail. The	en not	I am a shamar	My	sister	on the
10	wī-halai'det.	Nelnë' dei	u t'an vi	 5'LEmgan.	" NLk"	ēt ma'del
	a shaman,	She (fut	.) who	dvises you."	Then	opened
11	hana'q amō'sı	hwîlpt.	Nîlne'l	galk'si-vô	xkus Ts	s'ak gant
	the the	the house.	There	through fol	llowed Ta	s'ak and
12	wī-xa'ELa	XL sqand	e'sı vô':	kudetorê.	Nêta	e'r. hwîl
	the slave. the great sld	under- the	the tain	y followed.	Ther	e where
13	q'ap-qalk'si-sg'i	l'L që'nex.	NLk'ē	ra galk:	si-a'ark ^u d	et. nr.k 'et
	really through lay	the trall.	Then w	hen throug	h they got	, then
14	huX hwaL	hwîlpı k.	âlı hana	'gg'ê. l	HuXt k	'sem-gā'k't.
	again they found	the house of	ne won	nan.	Also	female mouse

woman said, "Throw your earrings into the fire." Ts'ak' did so. He threw his earrings into the fire, and she pulled them out by magie. Then the woman said to Ts'ak', "All the princes from everywhere try to marry the daughter of the chief. The stone door of his house has killed a great many. It shuts rapidly. He uses it to kill the princes. You must count how often it opens. It will open four times. Then put this across the doorway. Wait a little while before you enter." Then the woman gave him a little earving of ice, not very long. Ts'ak' wore a marten robe and a dancing robe. He came near the house. Then he asked the great slave to sit down. He alone approached it. Now he came near the door. Then he did as the

hwan	hana'qg	g-ê. Ni	k·'ē hu	X ts'ēn	t lât	qanı	wī-xa'E.	1
the name of	the wom	an. T	nen aga	in he entere	in it	and	the slave.	
NLk''ē Then	huX a	'lg'îxL l	nana'qg ê: the woman:	"Nāt,	txē'ldEL		ēmō'En!'' earrings!''	2
NLk . ē				Txë'ldEL He threw in-	qants'ē		NLk 'e	3
	80			to the fire				
onee mor	re again	took them of fire by n	out the wa	'qg'ê. N	Then s	spoke	the woman	4
	s'ak': '(s'ak': ''(nē'tk ^u L l	k'ōpe-wī'l		hwîl o	dzîxdzô'q	5
				SEM'â'g'			L ia'tst.	6
Lô'ôp Stone	ā'dz'Epi	SEM'â'g	gidest.	Hāha'gw It elaps	ax, nîLn	e't hâ'		7
txanē'tl	k"L k'	5pe-wî'lk	sîLk ^u .	together, K.'ē h Then a	uX da	XL ar	hwu'nt.	8
Hwä'i!	dem (fut.)	lē'tsxan	how	dem q'ac			1t	9
	lem k	'ē′ lō-so	often a-hē't'Ens - place	oper gōn this	sê!" N	3	opens,	10
hana'q	a ca:		wut, 1.go	o-ts'ō'sg'îı	n wī-na' very lon	k ^u . "T	******	11
	ı-a'qLgur			t," dēya'.	Gwīs-ha	aL gula's	îs Ts'ak'	12
			rk 'ē ra	hagun-	dē'lpkus	Ts'ak',	nlk'ë	13
d'ā'dEL he sat down			ë k·sax	-ne't Ts		gun-iē'ê ward he went		14
hagun-a	a'qLk ^u t he reached	at the pro- lmlty	x- the door.	NLk'et	hwîl t'a	n t häL vhat said	hana'qL the woman	15
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(fut.)

woman had instructed him. He counted four, then he placed the carying of crystal across the door so that it was unable to close again. Ts'ak entered. He was not killed by the door. He came in and stepped up to the place where the chief's daughter was lying. Then Ts'ak lay down. The chief's daughter was very glad when she saw the beautiful man. They were playing all night. Then the chief heard it. Very early in the morning he said to his sister's sons, "Light the fire." His nephews did so. They started a great fire. Then the chief told them to take the skin of the great bear, and he ordered them to spread it out in the rear of his house. Then the ehief said, "Let my son-in-law come to the middle of the house." Ts'ak rose and stepped down to the middle of the house. Then he saw that the hair of the bear was very long. The chief intended to kill Ts'ak' with it. He was

txālpxt. NLk''ē lō-sqa-hē't'EnL yō'LEmqtg'ê. Lē'tsxaL 1 t'an in side he placed He counted four. Then gave him advice. who Lagait-a'qLk"t hwîl k·'ë 2 ala'g'îm tgwat. NLk 'e nîg'i huX the carverystal. Then not again it could reach being then ing of Nık'ë ts'ēns Ts'ak'. Nîgi nô'ôt. Ts'elem-a'qlk"t. 3 qaq'a'kt. Ts'ak'. Into open. Then Not he died. entered reached. Ts'ak 4 NLk·'ē men-iē's · hwîl lē-g'ā'êL Lgō'uLk"L Ts'ak. to where on lay the ehild of g'ä'ELS NLk'ë 5 sem'â'g'it. NLk ''ē Ts'ak'. semgal lō-ā'ml qâ'ôl he lay Then the chief. Then Ts'ak'. verv in good heart 6 Lgō'uLk"L sem'â'g'it hwîl ā'd'îk'sk"L se'm-ama grat. NLk 'e the daughter of the chief where eame a very good man. Then 7 yukı galā'qdet ar wī-a'xk". NLk 'e naxna'l sem'â'g'it. Semthey played at ail night. Then heard it the ehief. "Sem-se-me'l 8 hē'nuk, nLk·'ē a'lg'îxL al guslî'sk"t: sem'â'g'it his sister's " Very make burn morning, then spoke the ehief to guslî'skut. Wī-t'ē'st 9 la'gust." NLk''ē hwîlL hwîl SE-me'LdeL the fire." Then his sister's did so Great where to hurn made nLk·'ēt gun-gō'udEL 10 laku, sem'â'g'il wī-o'l. La ana'sL he them to take the ehief the hear. then skin of the 11 gun-ba'lt qalā'nL hwîlpt. NLk "ē a'lg'îxL aL sem'â'g'it: he to at caused spread out the rear his house. Then spoke the ehief: 12 "T'em-iä'ten La'inseest." NLk 'e g'în-hē'tkus Ts'ak'. NLk·'ē "To the make him go my son-in-law." Then arose Ts'ak'. Then 13 t'em-iē'êt. N_Lk'ēt g'a'as Ts'ak nē'LeguLē qan lax'L to the he middle went. Then

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to sit down on it, and then the hair would enter his anus, and thus he was to die. Thus thought the chief. But Ts'ak' placed the carving of ice under his feet, and he moved it over the skin. A noise was made by the breaking of the bear's hair. Ts'ak' sat down, and the hair did not enter his anus. Now the chief was ashamed because Ts'ak' was not dead. He said, "Walk to the middle of the house." Thus he spoke to his child. His daughter went down to the middle of the house and sat down beside Ts'ak'. He married her. Then they ate.

When Ts'ak' had finished eating, the chief said to his nephews, "Make a large pyre and place stones on it." His nephews did so. They built a large pyre of wood and placed stones on it. When the stones were hot, the chief ordered a large box to be taken down to the

lē-d'a'tk''s Ts'ak', dem k''ē dz'epdz'a'bîk'sk''t an ts'em-q'â'elt,	1
on he is Ts'ak. (fut.) then they will enter at in his placed anus.	_
nı dem k'ē nô'ôt," dē'yaı qâtı sem'â'g'it. Nık'ēt	2
he (fut.) then dies," thus the the chief. Then spoke heart of	
lõ-tq'al-hē't'Ens 'Ts'ak'L ala'g'îm dā'ut aL ts'Em-asa'it. in against placed Ts'ak' the earving ice at in his foot.	3
ot	4
NLk'ēt k'uL-sa'wut. Xstamk hwîl hēLā'LagaL lax'L o'lg'ê. Then shout he shook Noise where hroke the hair of bear.	4
Nık''ē lē-d'ā's Ts'ak'. Nık''ē nî'g'i dz'epdz'ā'bîsk'sk''t al	5
Then on he Ts'ak'. Then not they entered at	
ts'em-q'â'ls Ts'ak'. NLk''ē dzâqL sem'â'g'it hwîl nî'g'i nô'ôs in the Ts'ak'. Then was the chief heing not dead	6
anus of ashamed	
Ts'ak:. NLk'·ē a'lg·îxL sem'â'g·it: "T'em-iē'n dāL;" dē'ya Ts'ak:. Then spoke the chief: "To the go my thus	7
middle dear:" he said	
al Lgō'ulkut. Nlk''ē t'em-iä'l Lgō'ulkut. Nlk''ē d'āt al to his daughter. Then to the went his daughter. Then set down	8
awa'as Ts'ak'. Na'k'sgut. NLk''ē txâ'xk''det.	9
the prox. Ts'ak. He married Then they ate. imity of her.	y
La Läxk ^u s Ts'ak· al yō'ôxk ^u t, nlk·'ē huX a'lg'îxl	10
When finished Ts'ak at eating, then again spoke eating	
SEM'Â'g'it aL guslî'sk'ut: "ĀmL dem dâ'lepsem!" NLk'ē the ehief to his sister's sons: "Good (fut.) you heat stones in a fire"	11
huwî'lı guslî'sk"t. Wī-t'ē'sı ha-lē-dâ'lepı dza'pdētg'ê. Lô'ôp did so his nephews. A great pile of woods and they made it. Stones	12
stones	
lē-d'ā'Ldet lât. NLk*'ē La lemlā'mk*L lô'ôpg*ê. NLk*'ēt on they put on it. Then when they were hot the stones. Then	13
gun-t'em-gō'udel sem'â'g'il wī-qal-hēnq. Nik'ët gun-lō-lô'ôdîk'st.	
eaused to the to be the chief the hox. Then he in to pour middle taken great caused water.	14
Taket Water.	

fire, and water to be poured into it. It was done. Then one man took a pair of tongs; another took another pair of tongs. These two persons took the stones and put them into the box, which was half full of water. Now the water began to boil. When it was boiling over, the chief said to Ts'ak', "Rise and jump into this hot water." Ts'ak' did so. He jumped into it and sat down. His body was covered by the water. Only a little of his hair was visible. Now the water boiled violently, and Ts'ak's wife eried when she saw how he was being cooked. Then a person went down to the box and pulled at Ts'ak's hair. It came out, and the person said, "He is well done." Now the chief told them to pour out the water. When they had done so, Ts'ak' rose. Then he went to the rear of the house and said to

- 1 Nık''ēt hwîlā'kudet. Nık''ēt gō'uı k''âlı g'at ha-pts'ä'xku.

 Then it was done, Then took one man tongs.
- 2 NLk''ēt huX gō'uL huX k''âlL k''ētt. NLk''ēt
 Then also took also one man one Then
- 3 ha'kuldel lô'ôp bagadē'll g'a'tg'ê. Nlk'ēt lō-d'ā'ldet al took stones two men. Then in they put them
- 4 ts'Em-qal-hē'nq qak'-sē'luk"aL ak's. NLk''ēt La haLhâ'LEqLk"t.
 in the box half full of water. Then (perf.) it was boiling.
- 6 as Ts'ak: "Āml hē'tgun! Āml dem lō-dā'ulen al to Ts'ak: "Good stand up! Good (fut.) In go at
- 7 ts'Em-g'a'mg'îni ak's." NLk''ē hwîls Ts'ak'. K''ē lôgôm-ba'xt.

 In the hot water." Then did so Ts'ak'. Then into he went.
- 8 NLk''ë lō-d'ā't. Lō-gwâ'tk"L t'Em-qē'st. Q'am-ts'ō'sk' hwîl

 Then in he sat down. In was lost his head. Only a little where
- 9 k·si-ma'qsk^uL qēst. NLk·'ē wī-t'ē's hwîl haLhâ'LEqLk^u, k·'ē out stood hls hair. Then much where it boiled, then
- 10 wiye'tkuL nak's Ts'ak' hwîl Lat g'a'aL hwîl a'nuksL Le smax's the the wife of the wife of
- 11 Ts'ak'. NLK'ë hagun-iä'êl k'âll g'at t'an k'si-tsâ'ôdel qës then toward went one man who out pulled the
- 12 Ts'ak'. NLK''ē k'si-tsâ'ôt. NLK''ē ma'lel g'at la gwô'tsîk's Then out it eame. Then told the man (perf.) really
- 13 a'nukst. NLk''ēt gun-sa-qā'tsîL sem'â'g'iL Lē lō-a'k'sît. NLk''ēt he was done (cooked). Then caused off pour the chief the Inside water. Then they
- 14 sā-qā'tsdet, hwîl k''ē' haldem-ba'xs Ts'ak'. K''ē g'îme-iē'êt.

 off poured lt, then rose Ts'ak'. Then to the he rear went.

his wife, "Your father will not be able to kill me with all his arts." Then the woman was glad, but the chief was ashamed.

The next morning the chief said, "Come, Son-in-law. Fetch some fuel. One of my nephews and two slaves shall accompany you." Ts'ak rose. The slaves took stone axes such as the people used in olden times. Ts'ak felled a great tree. It fell and he split it. Then one of the slaves made wedges. They also carried a large stone hammer, which was fastened with thong to a handle. They put the wedges into the end of the tree. They struck them with the hammer and the tree split. Then they pushed Ts'ak into it and knocked out the wedges. The tree snapped together, and Ts'ak was in it. The slaves saw

NLk''ē hēt al nak'st: "Q'ap-nî'g'i dem dē-nō'ôē; txanē'tk ^u sl. Then he to his wife; "Really not (fut.) on I die; all my part	1
dem hwîls negwâ'ôden lâ'ôe. Q'ap-nî'g'i dem dē-nô'ôē." (fut.) does your father to me. Really not (fut.) on I die."	2
NLk''ē lō-ā'mL qâ'ôL liana'qg'ê. La dzâqL sEm'â'g'it. Then in good heart the woman. (Perf.) he was ashamed	3
NLk ''ē huX k''ēlL hē'Luk, nLk ''ē huX a'lg 'îxL sem'â'g 'it: Then again one morning, then again spoke the ehlef:	4
"Ann dem se-â'lk'ul, lamseî'st. Bagadē'll lilî'ng'it dem "Good (fut.) make fire-wood, my son-in-law. Two slaves (fut.)	5
stēlt dē-k·'â'lı guslē'sē." Nık·'ē haldem-ba'xs Ts'ak·; nık·'ē aecom- with one my nephew." Then rose Ts'ak·; then	6
dôqı Lill'ng'it dawi'sem lô'ôp. Nelnë't de-hâ'yîl walen- took the slaves axes of stone. That ou their used of olden- part of olden- times	7
g'ig'a't al g'i-k'ō'ôl. Nlk''ēt q'ōts dep Ts'ak'l wī-ga'n. the people at long ago. Then eut (plnr.) Ts'ak' a tree. great	8
NLk''ē qē'nExt. NLk''ē xtsē-ia'tsdet. NLk''ēt dzîpdza'pL k''âlL Then it fell. Then in the they middle ehopped it.	9
wī-xa'E lēt. K''ē ia'gait-yu'kdēL wī-da'qLEm lô'ôp. Tq'al- great slave wedges. Then already they a hammer great of stone. Against	10
da'k'Ldet aL ts'aL. NLk''\(\bar{e}\) l\(\bar{o}\)-ma'qsaandet aL LEXLEPQ'a'pL it was with skin of the back. Then in they put it at the end of the back.	11
wī-ga'n. NLk''ēt ô'x'dēt aL da'qLEm lô'ôp. NLk''ē sagaL the tree. Then they struck with the hammer of stone. Then it split	12
wī-lō-la'et. NLk''ēt lō-t'ē'sdet Ts'ak' lâ'ôt. NLk''ēt k'si- great in large. Then in they pushed Ts'ak' in it. Then out	13
ax ''ô' x 'dēl lēt. Nlk ''ē ha' ts 'îk 's Ein hu X hā' k 'waxi wī-ga' n they struck the wedges. Then once more again clapped to-gether great	14
lō-sgʻi's Ts'ak at ts'ä'wut gan. NLkʻēt gʻa'at tîlif'ngʻît hwîl in lay Ts'ak at inside of tree. Then saw the slaves where	15

blood coming out of Ts'ak's mouth, and they left mm, saying, "Now you have been put to shame!" They went home. But Ts'ak' kicked the great tree, so that one half fell to one side and the other half to the other. He carried one half on his shoulder and went home. He threw it into the house, and the whole house front was broken. Then the chief was ashamed, and he worried because he was unable to kill Ts'ak', who was a great supernatural man.

The chief did not know what to use next, but after a while it occurred to him what to do. One morning he said to Ts'ak' that he should go and spear a seal that he wanted to eat. His nephew and two slaves were to go along, so there were four in the canoe. They started, and found a place where seals were. It was at the edge of a great whirlpool. They asked Ts'ak' to stand in the bow of the canoe, to

- 2 Nik''ē tgōni hē'det: "Dzâ'gan!" la nā-la'k'det ai ts'em-hwî'lp.

 Then this they said: "Be ashamed!" (Perf.) they went to in the house.
- 3 NLk'ët ank'sksla'qsts 'Ts'ak' wī-ga'n. NLk'ë hwagait-sg'i'l lē
 Then apart kieked Ts'ak' the tree. Then away lt lay
- 4 stô'ôt al. hwagait-gō'st. Nlk''ēt qō'lts'Exs Ts'ak'l wī-stô'ôt. the half at away there. Then he carried it on his shoulder Ts ak' the half.
- 5 NLk''ē nā-iē'êt. NLk''ēt ts'ElEm-gu'Xt. NLk''ē wī-txa-gwa'skuL

 Then out of he
 the woods went.

 Then into he threw
 it.
- 6 ā'dz'Epl hwîlpl sem'â'g'it. Nlk''ē dzâql sem'â'g'it, la abā'g'ask"t the door of the house of the chief. Then was ashamed the chlef, (perf.) he was troubled
- 7 al. demt hwîla nö'ôt'ens Ts'ak'. Semgal wi neqnô'ql g'at to (fnt.) being means of killing Ts'ak'. Very great supernatural man
- 8 gō'stg'ê.
- 9 NLk''ē aq-huX hâ'yîL sEin'â'g'it. Si-gō'n, nLk''ē huX
 Then with again using the chief. After a while
- 10 lo-d'ā'l qâ'ôdet. HuX k''ēll hē'llik, nlk'et huX hētsl in was it hls mind Again one morning, then again sent
- 12 LîLî'ng'ıt dedā'dēt, dē-k''â'lL guslî'st Ne'L qan lō-txalpxdā'detg'ê.

 slaves were with him with one in the canoe, were with him one in the canoe, nephew.

 Therefore in four were in eanoe.
- 13 NLk'ë da'uldët. Nlk'ë hwa'dët hwîl d'āl ēlx, lax-ts'ä'el Then they left. Then they found where were seats, on edge of
- 14 wī-an-tgo-lē'lbîk'sk". Nīk''ēt gun-lē-hē'tk"det Ts'ak' ar great around rolling water. Then they on to stand they or to stand they or they or to stand they o

hold the harpoon and spear the seal. One of the great slaves stood near. He intended to push Ts'ak' into the water, that he should die. While the slave was intending to do so, Ts'ak' threw him into the water and he died. The whirlpool swallowed him. Then Ts'ak' began to spear seals and filled his canoe. He returned and landed in front of the house. The chief had lost one slave, and they told him that he had been drowned. Then Ts'ak' carried the seals up and they cooked them. When they were done, he called the whole tribe, and they ate the seals. Now the chief gave up trying to kill Ts'ak'.

Ts'ak' now thought of returning to his grandmother whom he had left, and to his first wife. Then he went back, accompanied by his

lax-gʻitsä'qL		ı'kdēr.	sgan-dā	pxL.	N _L k·'ēt	g'aLk"L	1
on bow of	eanoe. H	le held t	he shaft of ha	the rpoon.	Then	he speared	
ēlx. Nık.'ē	q'ai'yîm	hagun			ca'E al	awa'at	2
a Then seal.	near	toward	stood	the s	lave at	his prox- imity	
dem t'an	t'uks-t'ē'ses	Ts'ak	aL	ts'Em-	'k's. Ne	L dem	3
(fut.) who	out pushed	Ts'ak	at	in	water. He	e (fut.)	
k.'ē nô'ôt.	. Q'ai-hō	-yu'kL	hēL	gâ′ôdī	el xa'el	dem	4
then dead.	Still	hegan	said	the hear		(fut.)	
t'uks-t'ē'sEs	Ts'ak', s	em-t'uks-i	t'ē'ses			Nık 'ë	5
	Ts'ak-, re				the slave.	Then	
nô'ôt. Yâpx	an-tgo-l	ē'lbîk sk ^u .	Nr.k.	ē yuk		Ts'ak	6
he was It swal dead. lowed h	l- around ro	lling water.	Then		speared		
	mē'tk"ı m	āl. Nīk	c•'ē]ā	5-ya'ltk'		·. K.'ē	7
seals. Very	full t			he returned		Then	
k 'atskt al			Nrk	.'ē øy	vâ'tesîl s	em'â'g'it	8
they at landed	the front of	hwîlp.	. The	en 8;	he lost	the chief	
	wī-xa'E.		ma'r.dēt	nô′ôt	ar ts	em-a'k's.	9
			they told			in the water.	
Nık 'e bax	-hwî'lqdēL	ēlx. Nu	k"ēt si		. Nık.'ē		10
	they carried					they were done.	
nık.'ēt wô	o'ôdet txar		ts'ap.		t gʻē'îpde		11
then t			people.	Then	they ate t		
Nık 'e ha'u		t ar de	mt sîk	c'ēr d	zak ^u s Ts'a	k.	12
Then stoppe			ut.) t	ry t	o kill Ts'a	k·.	
		s Ts'ak		huX	yaltk ^u t ar	awa'as	13
Weill (Pe	erf.) he though	t Ts'ak	(fut.)	again	he re- to	the prox- imity of	
nets'ē'Etst,	Lē kusta'q	sdetg ·ê	qanL :	Lē wai			14
	Perf.) he left				s wife.	Then	
	Gulîk•s-st	ē'lu sī	-na'k st	qan		a'E; La	15
he returned.	Back acc		wife	and		ave, (perf.)	
	panie	d mm nev	•		great		

new wife, and by his great slave Drum-belly, who had stayed alone in the woods far from the town. They called him, and they returned. Then they came to the place where the Mouse woman lived. She said to Ts'ak', "Did you sneceed in your attempt?" Ts'ak' replied, "I did succeed." Then she gave them to eat until they had enough. They started again and went through the mountain. When they had passed through, they entered the house of the other Mouse. The Monse women watch both ends of the trail that leads through the mountain. Ts'ak' went on, and reached his own house. That is the end.

1	k 'ax '-tq'al-d'ā'adel alone against stayed	Anō'LEM Drum-	ban belly	at grile'lî		Lk.'ē La hen (perf.)
2	lo-ya'ltkut, nLk''ēt		NLk ''ē Then	hēlya'ltku they retur	detg ê.	NLk .'ē
3	hu'ts'îk'sEm hu'	X hwa'd they fo		nwîl dz where st	ôqL ayed	hana'qt the woman
4	k SEm-qā'k L hw female mouse he	n'tg'ê.	NLk'e	a'lg'îxL spoke	k'sE fema	m-qā'k*L
5	as Ts'ak: "Indeed to Ts'ak:		a'qLk ^u L ttained	qan hw for you	î'len?" did so?"	NLk·'ē
6	hēs Ts'ak: "Das said Ts'ak: "I a				yukL began	wô'ôtk ^u s he was invited by
7		vātse's le	ts'ä'x't. hey were satiated.	NLk'ē Then	huX again	Lô'ôdet.
		again thr	ough they	side	nder- the	mē'stg'ê.
9	NLk·'ē huX qalk	'si-ax'a'qLku gh they read	detg·ê.	NLk'e ht		mdzîxdet ey entered
10	at again where stay	ed again	one fe	SEM-qā'k'L.		lē'Lk*dēL they wateh
11	hwîl qalk·si-sg·i'L where through lies	qe'nex al the trall at	LaXL the under- side of	sqanë'stg t	NLK Ther	'ē huX
12	Lô'ôdēt. NLk'ē they went. Then			Ts'ak'		hwî'lpt.
13	NLk'ë sā-ba'xt. Then off it ruiss (it is the end).					

Growing-up-like-one-who-has-a-grandmother

[Told by Moses]

There was a boy who had lost his father and his mother; only his mother's brother, the ehief of the village, remained. One day this ehief was purifying himself by drinking a decoetion of devil's-elubs. He did so repeatedly because he intended to give a potlateh. One evening he went down to the beach; there he sat down and looked up to the sky. Behold, fire eame down from the sky like a shooting star. It eame right down. A tree was standing behind the house of the ehief, and a branch was standing out from the tree. The fire eame right down to it and hung on the end of the branch. The chief

Masemstiöntse'etsk"

GROWING-UP-LIKE-ONE-WHO-HAS-A-GRANDMOTHER

Lgo-tk·'ē'L	k ^u nô'ôL	neguâ'ôdet	qanı	nôxt. Q'a	ım-k·'â'lL 1
A boy	was dead	his father	and	his On mother.	ly one
	nEbē'pt. Hws is mother's We brother.	i'i! K.'ēln one	sa, k'ēt day, then	g·ē'ipL s	sem'â'g it 2 the chief
	łuX k"ell	sa, k·'ē	huX hw	îlt, huXt	g·ē'îpr 3
devil's-eluh.	Again one	day, then	again he d	id so, again	he ate
wôō'ms. Hy	vä'i! La y	ukL dem	yukt, n	ılığı qar	hwîlt. 4
devil's-elub. W	Vell! He	was (fut.) bout	to give a potlateh,	therefore	hedid so.
	ksa, k·'ē k·s		down he to	front of T	
		out.	went	house,	down
	r'ē gra'askut hen he looked				d'îk'sk"t; 6 eame;
	ıx-ha'g'ê hō'		ents a star.		Ep-yu'kt. 7 wn it came.
Hwä'i! Hēt well! It ste	k"L gan ai ood atree at	qa-qalā'nL rear of house of	hwîlpi.	sem'â'g'it.	NLk.'ē 8
sa-hē'tk ^u L	anē'sı gar	. Ninēl	qâ′ôL	qâ'yibêx.	Nrk.'ē 9
	a hraneh the tr			the light.	Then
lē-ia'qt. H	wä'i! Gʻa'al	sem'â'g'it.		ıı gʻä'u.	N _L k.'ë 10
on it hung.	Vell! He saw it	the ehief,	he sat	at front of house.	
					197

15 awa'at.

his

proximity.

NLk 'ē

Then

a'lg'îxt

he said

saw it. He went up to the house and sent for his people. When they entered, he said, "Copper is hanging on the branch of a tree. The young people shall go and knock it down. If one of you young men hit it, he shall marry my daughter."

Early the next morning they went up behind the house of the chief. The old men also went to look. The young men took stones, and threw all day long until their hands were quite sore; then they stopped for a while and ate. Then they went up again and tried to knock the copper down, but they did not succeed. It grew dark. Then the poor little boy went down to the beach in front of the house and sat down near a canoe, where he urinated. Then he saw a man approaching who said, "What are the people talking about?" The boy replied,

nē'tg'ê:

him:

98

to

"Agō'L

"What

La

(perf.)

an-hä'L

what say

¹ hwîl gun-qâ'ôdel k "ē bax-iē'êt. K 'et qal-ts'a'p. NLk 'ë up Then he to go there the people. Then went. eaused la'mdzîxL qal-ts'a'p. NLk'ē mall sem'â'g'itg'ê; nlk'ë a'lg'îxt: they entered the people. Then he told the chief; then he said: 3 "Lē-ia'qL lax-anë'st. Hwä'i! oq · aL Dem ō'yîL txanë'tk"L "On hangs a copper on a branch. Well! (Fut.) throw it 9.11 q'aima'qsit! Atsedat ôx'l k''âll grat, nLnet dem an-na'k'sk"L If he hits one man, then he (fut.) who 5 Lgō'uLguē." my daughter." NLk'e mesā'x'; k·'ē hwîl k·'ē bax-Lô'ôdēt qa-qalā'nL Then daylight; at onee up they went to rear of house 7 hwîlpl sem'â'g'it. NLk 'e dē-bax-Lô'ôL wud'ax-g'ig'a't of the the chief. also up Then went the old men 8 ā'lg'altg'ê. dôqL Lô'ôpl q'aima'qsit. K.'ē hwîl k·'ēt ô'x dēt look. Stones they the youths. At onee 9 al. wī-sa'. Q'ap-sîpsī'êpk^uL qa-an'ô'ndēt. Nık'ë k·'ax-huxhā'odet. Really sick were all day. their hands. Then 10 Hwä'i! Q'am-Laxlä'êxku txâ'ôxkªdēt, k·'ē ha'tsEm huX Well! they finished eating Only they ate. then once more again 11 Lô'ôdet; k•'ēt lia'tsem huXt ô'x 'det. Hwä'i! Nî′gʻi then once more again they Not 12 da-a'qLk"det, k⁴ē yu'ksa. NLk 'e k'saXL Lgo-guä'Em they reached it, then evening. Then went out 13 Lgo-tk'ē'Lk". NLk'ē iaga-iä'êt aLqa-gʻä'uL hwîlp. G·ô′ôL little Then down he went to front of village of the house. There 14 mål nı hwîl d'āt. Hē-yukr. ē'îst. K·'ē hagun-iē'êL g'at aL where he was He began he urinated. eanoe Then toward went

"A copper hangs on a tree and the people tried to knock it down, but they did not succeed." "Go on and try to hit it yourself," said the man. Then he took up a stone and gave it to the boy. He took up another one and gave it to him, and still another one and gave it to him. Then he said, "You shall knock it down. Take first this white stone, then this black stone, then this blue stone, and finally this one." The poor little boy took them, and then the man said, "Do not show these stones to the people."

On the following morning the people went again and began to throw. The poor little boy went up with them and said he would throw too.

qal-ts'a'p?" NLk''ē the people?" Then	$\begin{array}{ccc} h\bar{e}_L & \text{Lgo-tk}\cdot\!\!\!\!\cdot\!$: "Lē-ia'qL "On hangs	oq aL 1
lax-ga'n, nthết ō'vî	L qal-ts'a'p. NLk''ēt	nîœit da-a'aı	r.kudet." 2
"Hwä'i! Tse ô'yîn,	ana'!" NLk.'ēt gē go on!" Then he	5'uL k''ēlL l	ô'ôpg'ê. 3
Nık 'et g'înā'mt al he gave it to	Lgo-tk''ē'Lk". NLk'	et huX gō'un n again he tool	L huX 4
k.'ēlt. Nik.'ēt g'ir	ā'mt. Hwä'i! NLk''i ve it. Well! Then	ēt huX gö'ur	huX 5
k·'ēlt; nlk·'ēt huX	gʻînā'mt. NLk''ē he gave it. Then	a'lg'îxL g'at he said the man	hagun- 6
	Lgo-guä'Em Lgo-tk*'č		
"Tse ô'yîn, ana'	Tgōnl dem k's	s-qā′ôqden mã	'k'sgum 8
lô'ôp. NLk''ē huX stone. Then agair	k 'ëlt t'ö'ôtsgum	lô'ôp. Hwä'i stone. Well!	HuX 9
one stone being	usguâ'ôsē. Hwä'i! Hi	ain one stor	ne that
dem hwîl qâ'ôdet." (fut.) heing the last."	DôqL Lgo-guä'Em He took the poor them little	Lgo-tk''ē'Lk".	NLk'e 11
a'lg'îxL g'a'tg'ê ha	gun-hē'tgut aL awa' ward he stood at his p	'at: "G·i'lô n	ne dzē 12
gun-g'a'adet al txa	nē'tk"sL g'a'tg'ë.''	ις.	13
· NLk·'ē huX mēsā Then again daylig	'x*, nlk.'ē ha'tsek.'se	em huX bax-	gâ'ôdel 14 went
$\begin{array}{ccc} txan\bar{e}'tk^u \mathbf{L} & g^*a'tg^*\hat{e},\\ & \text{the people.} \end{array}$	NLk"ē hatsem h	uX hē-yukt	ôx det. 15
Nlk'ë dë-bax-iä'l 1	.go-guä'Em Lgo-tk*'ē'I the poor little boy. ittle	.k". Nıkı'ë dë	threw, 5-hē'tg'ê 16 5 he said

Then the young men rose and pushed him, but the wise men stopped them and said, "Let him throw too." Then the young men sat down. The poor little boy rose and took a stone. He swung it in his hands so that it whistled. It whistled four times, then he let it go. He almost hit the copper. He threw again and almost hit it. He threw the black stone first, then the white one, then the blue one. He almost struck it. Finally he threw the red stone. It hit the copper right on its end. The poor little boy had hit it and it fell down. Then all the young men ran up to it, everyone claiming it. But the poor little boy did not mind. They took it along and ran with it into the house of the chief, intending to marry his daughter, but he who

- 1 dem dēt-ō'x't. NLk''ē haldem-gô'ldēL q'aima'qsit. NLk''ēt they rose the youths. Then
- 2 k'ut-sa-t'ē'sdel. Lgo-guä'Em Lgo-tk''ē'lku. Nlk''ē al'a'lg'îxl about away they the poor little boy. Then they spoke
- 3 hwîl qaxâ'ôsgut, nLk'ēt lä'Elt: "La ām dēt-ô'x't." NLk'ē the wlse men, then they re-buked them: "Good also he throw."
- 4 hwant q'aima'qsit. Ntk''ë hëtk"t the youths. Then he stood the poor little boy.
- 6 NLk''ēt g'îLwî'nqt. TxalpxL g'îLwî'nqt. NLk''ēt ôx't. NLk''ē Then lt whistled. Four times it whistled. Then he threw,
- 7 mâ'dzet-ô'x't. Nık''ē huX k''ēlt. Nık''ē hnX mâ'dzet-ôx't.
- 8 T'ō'tsgum lô'ôp k's-qâ'oqdet, ma'k'sgum lô'ôp k's-qalā'ndet.
 The black stone first, the white stone afterward.
- 9 Hwä'i! Gusgwâ'ôsgum lô'ôp huX k's-qalā'ndet. NLk''ē hnX welli The blue stone again afterward. Then again
- 10 mâ'dzet-ô'x't. Nlk''ēt lō-k's-qalā'ndet ilä'êtgum lô'ôpg'ê.
- 11 NLK'ët ôx't. Hwîl LaxLîp-g'a'ptg'ê, nîL ō'îdEL Lgo-gnä'Em Lgo-Then le he lt lts end, there hit the poor little
- 12 tk·'ē'Lku. Hwä'i! Ö'îtg·ê. NLk·'ē t'ukwa'ntkut. NLk·'ē ha'p'aL boy. Well! He hit it. Then it fell down. Then they rushed
- 13 txanē'tkust wi-hē'ldenī q'aima'qsit at dem t'an nek'st at all many youths to (fut.) who elaimed at
- 14 t'an lu'Xdetg'ê. NLk'ê ansegō'l Lgo-guä'em Lgo-tk'ê'lk'.
 who each tried to get it. Then he paid no attention little boy.
- 15 NLk''ē na-de-dā'uldet. NLk''ē ts'elem-dē-ba'xdet al ts'em-hwî'lpl Then out of with they took of them into with they ran to in the house of

had hit it was standing behind all these liars. Then the ehief said, "Wait a while."

When it was evening, the growling of a white bear was heard behind the house of the chief. The chief said, "Whoever kills the white bear shall marry my daughter." Then all the young men rose and ran out very suddenly because the chief had said, "Whoever kills the white bear shall marry my daughter." The young men did not sleep because they wanted to pursue the white bear. In the evening the poor little boy again went down to the beach. He sat down there, and again a person approached him who asked, "What are the people talking about?" The poor little boy replied, "Last evening a white

	dem t'an (fut.) who		Lgo'uLk ^u tg'ê.	NLk ''ē Then,	ia'gai- bow- ever.	1
g'ina-he'tgutg'ê behind stood	nē t'an he who	ôx't aL hit it of	sa-gabē'kusdet.	NLk·'ē	a'lg'îxL spoke	2
49	'ax hao	'n!"				3
Hwä'i! La Weii! When	huX again	yu'ksa, evening,	nLk·'ē ā'd'î then e	k·sk ^u L ame	amhē'L the voice of	4
gulîk's-wô'xgutg' at himself harking (white hear)	ê aL	qa-qalā'nL the rear of house of		r'â'g it. e ehief.	NLk 'ē	5
a'lg'îxL SEM'â spoke the el	'g·it: nief:	"ĀmL	dem guXL take		g'atL man	6
gulîk's-wô'xgut-h at himseif harking (the white bear).	ētsē, n		t'an nak'sk who marrie	uL Lgō'	uLguē."	7
	haldem-q		Em-ala-qô'ldEt. very sud- they ran.			8
gʻidi-gō'uL gul	lîk's-wô'x at himself l (the white	gut-hētsē	nEhne't der then he (fut.	n an-n	a'k'sk"L o marries	9
0	*	* *	nî'g'i wâ'wô	4	anē'tk ^u L	10
1	dem t'ar	yôxk ^u L pursue	guiîk's-wô'xgu at himseif ba (the white b	rking	NLk·'ē	11
yu'ksa, nLk'ë evening, then	huX ha	'ts'îk 'sEm once more	huX iaga-iē'	EL Lgo	-guä'Em _{poor}	12
Lgo-tk·'ē'Lku. N			uX d'āt ar gain he sat at down	gʻä'u. in front of house.	NLk·'ē	13
hak'sem huX onee more again	hagun-ið toward v	e'EL g'a't	g'ê. NLk''ē nan. Then	huX g	·ē'dext: he asked:	14
"What say the	il-ts'a'p?" e people?"	NLK'ë	ma'ı. Lgo-guä'E told the poor little	m Lgo-t	k·'ē'Lku:	15

bear appeared behind the town. Whoever catches it shall marry the daughter of the chief." Then the man, who was standing near the poor little boy, said, "Ask for a bow and arrow. You shall shoot it."

Then the poor little boy went up. When it grew dark, all the young men were in the house of the chief. The latter took down to the fire a quiver holding bows and arrows. He gave one bow and two arrows to each man. Then the poor little boy, the chief's own nephew, went down to the fire too. His father and his mother were dead, therefore he was poor. Only his old grandmother took care of him.

- 1 "Mäs-ô'l." NLk 'ē huX yu'ksa, nLk 'ē huX ā'd'îk sk ut aL white bear." Then again evening, then again lie eame to

- 4 "Q'amēnā dem t'an guXt, nlnēt dem t'an nak'sk'ul "Whoever (fut.) who eatches it, then he (fut.) who marries
- 5 Lgō'uLkuL sem'â'g'ît." NLk'ē a'lg'îxL g'atL hagun-hē'tgut aL the daughter she chief." Then spoke the person toward stood at
- 6 awa'aL Lgo-guä'Em Lgo-tk.'e'Lk": "TsE dē-gunā'yîn ha-Xda'k"

 promitite poor little boy: "Also demand a bow a bow
- 7 qanl hawî'l, tse dē-gō'yîn ana'!"
 and arrow, also shoot it!"
- 8 NLk''ē bax-iä'L Lgo-guä'Em Lgo-tk''ē'Lkug'ê. NLk''ē huX
 Then up went the poor little boy. Then again
- 9 ā'd'îk'sk"L yu'ksag'ê. NLk''ē huX ts'ElEm-qâ'ôdEL txanē'tk"L evening. Then again into they went all
- 10 q'aima'qsit aL ts'Em-hwî'lpL sEm'â'g'it. NLk''ē t'Em-gō'uL the youths to in the house of the ehief. Then to the he middle took
- 11 sem'â'g'it hwîl lō-dô'xL ha-Xda'k" qanL hawî'l; k'ēlL bow and arrows; one
- 12 ha-Xda'ku al k'âll g'a'tg'ê, dē g''ē'lbell hawî'l huX hwîl bow to one man, also two arrows again being
- 13 huX k''âlL g'a'tg'ê. NLk''ē sa-ba'xL wī-hē'ldem g'a'tg'ê.

 again one man. Then from first to many men.
- 14 N_Lk·'ē huX dē-t'Em-iä'L Lgo-guä'Em Lgo-tk·'ē'Lk^u, lep-guslē'sL

 Then also with to the went them middle them middle little boy, lis sister's son of
- 15 sem'â'g'itg'ê. Q'ap-nô'ôL neguâ'ôdet qans nôxt, nenet qan the chief. Really dead was his father and his mother, then he therefore
- 16 guä'êtg'ê. Hwä'i! Lep-nebē'pi, sem'â'g'itg'ê. K'sax-Lgo-ntsē'ts he was poor. Well! His uncle was the chief. Only little grandmother

He also asked for a bow and two arrows. Then all the young men made fun of him; but the wise men said to the chief, "Give a bow to the poor little boy." The chief did so and he took it. It was evening, and a little before daybreak the white bear appeared again behind the town. All the young men ran out. A long time after they had left, the poor little boy ran out, too. It was as though a fly were flying. The wasp pitied him, and therefore the poor little boy was able to transform himself into a fly. Before the young men could reach the white bear, the poor little boy had passed them. He hit it and it lay there. His arrow passed right through it. Then he took the

t'an habâ'letg'ê. NLk''ē huX det-gu'nal k''ēll ha-Xda'k' qanl 1 who took eare of him. Then also on his de one bow and part he manded
g·'ē'lbelt hawî'l. Ntk·'ē huX txanē'tkut q'aima'qsit huX 2 two arrows. Then again all the youths again
ansgwa'tgut as nē'tg'ê, Lgo-guä'Em Lgo-tk''ē'Lkug'ê. NLk''ē 3 made fun of him, the poor little boy. Then
a'lg'îxl hwîl qaxâ'ôsgut al sem'â'g'it: "Ām huX dē-g'înā'ml 4 said the wise men to the chief: "Good also also give
ha-Xda'ku al Lgo-guā'em lgo-tk'ē'lku.'' Nlk'ē hwîll 5 a bow to the poor little boy." Then he did so
SEIN'â'g'it. NLk''ēt k'ō'pE-dē-dô'qtg'ê. NLk''ē huX yu'ksa, 6 the chief. Then he poorly also took it. Then again evening,
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$
gulîk's-wô'xgut at qa-qalā'nt qal-ts'a'pg'ê. Nlk''ē huX 8 at himself barking at the rear of the houses of the houses of
wē'd'axl txanē'tk"l q'aima'qsit. La nak"l hwîl sa'k sdetg ê, 9
nlk''ē dē-ba'xl lgo-guä'Em lgo-tk''ē'lku. Hō'g'igal hwîl 10
gʻebā'yukı biâ'sk" al q'ap-q'ä'Em-gâ'l ap as nē'tg'ê, nîlnē'l 11 the flying of a fly be-eause really took pity the of him, then he
lō-Lô'ôtk ^u L Lgo-guä'Em Lgo-tk 'ē'Lk ^u . NLk 'ē hao'ng 'ê hagun- 12 was trans- formed little poor little boy. Then before toward
ax'a'qLk''L wi-hē'ldEm q'aima'qsit; tk.'ē sa'g'ēwul ba'xguL Lgo- 13 he reached it many youths; but they were quickly by the little
guä'Em Lgo-tk''ē'Lk". NLk''ē gu'Xtg'ê. Nlk''ē sg'it. Hwagait- 14 poor little boy. Then he shot it. Then it lay there.
qalk'si-dā'uL Xdak"L Lgo-guä'Em Lgo-tk''ē'Lk". NLk''ēt gō'uL 15 through passed the sbot of little boy. Then he took

arrow, and fat was seen right across the nock of the arrow. Then the poor little boy returned. Now all the young men reached the bear and took it, though the poor little boy had killed it. Then they rubbed their arrows with blood, intending to say that they had shot it. They lied because they wished to marry the daughter of the chief. Then they carried the white bear into the honse of the chief. One young man went down to the fire and said, "Look at my arrow! I shot the white bear." The chief said, "Give me all your bows and arrows that I may examine them and discover who killed the white bear." They gave them to him and he examined them. Then he demanded the arrow of the poor little boy, and, behold, he had shot the white bear. Then they were all very much

- 1 hawî'lg'ê. TgōnL hwîlL hawî'lg'ê: tsâ'gaL hix' La anmā'hwîldetg'ê. the arrow. This did the arrow: aeross grease (perf.) the nock of the arrow.
- 2 NLk°ē hwîl k°ē iä'êL Lgo-guä'Em Lgo-tk°ē'Lku aL lō-ya'ltkutg°ê.

 At once he the poor little boy and he returned.
- 3 NLk''ē hagun-qâ'ôdeL wi-hē'ldenı q'aima'qsitg'ê t'an gō'uL Then toward they went to it many youths who took
- 4 gulîk's-wô'xgut gō'uiêL Lgo-guä'Em Lgo-tk''ē'Lk". NLk''ēt
 at hlmself harking (the white bear) little boy. Then
- 5 mEnina'ndel hawî'l al ilä'ê. At ma'ldel ne'det t'an gu'Xtg'ê they rubbed the with blood. They told they who shot it
- 6 al sa-gabē'kusdetg'ê al demt hwîl an-na'k'skudēl ligo'ulkul at to (fut.) being married the daughter
- 7 sem'â'g'it. NLk'ë ts'elem-ma'qdeL gulîk's-wô'xgut aL ts'emthe chlef. Then into they put at himself barking in in
- 8 hwî'lpt sem'â'g'it. At ma'tdēt t'em-ba'xt huX k''âlt q'aima'sit: the house of the ehief they told tomiddle heran again one youth.
- 9 "Ne'E t'an guXt! Āni me deni g'a'al hwîll hawî'lēe."

 "1 who shot lt: Good you see it did it my arrow."
- 11 dem lā'galdēe g'nl-ganē'ı, hawî'lsem al dem t'an ia'gai-gu'Xl (fut.) I examine all your arrows to (fut.) who already shot
- 12 gnlîk's-wô'xgnt." NLk''ēt g'înamdē'tg'ê. NLk''ēt laxlā'galt they gave them. Then examined them
- 13 SEMI'Â'g'itg'è. NLK''ē laxlā'galtg'en g'ul-ganē'detg'ê. NLK''ē the chief Then he examined all Then
- 14 dēt-gnī'nat hawî'il Lgo-gnā'em Lgo-tk''ē'lka Gwinā'dēt, nēt t'an he de-manded of little boy Behoid, he who
- 15 guXL gulîk's-wô'xgutg'ê! NLk''ē wi t'ē'sL hwil dzaxdzâ'qdetg'ê. shot at himself barking (the white bear)! Then great being ashamed iney.

ashamed; the chief also was much ashamed. He did not speak, because the poor little boy had first knocked down the copper that was on the tree behind the house of the chief, and then he had also shot the white bear. All the young men, and also the chief, were ashamed, because the poor little boy had accomplished this.

Then the chief made up his mind. He was ashamed, and therefore he sent his slave ordering the people to move away from the village. The great slave ran out, and with a loud voice ordered the people to move. They heard it, and early in the morning they moved. Not a single person stayed behind. They all went by canoe. Only the chief's daughter and the poor little boy were left, and with them his old grandmother. These three stayed behind. The old grandmother

NLk''ē huX dē-wī-t'ē'sL hwîl-dzâ'qL sem'â'g'itgê. NLk''ē nî'g'i	1
Then also also great being the the chief. Then not shame of	
xsta'ltkg'ê, aL hwîl sī'nîL Lgo-guä'Em Lgo-tk''ē'Lku t'an sa-ō'yîL he spoke, beeause before the poor little boy who off threw	2
oq lē-ia'gat at lax-ga'n at qa-qalā'nt hwîlpt sem'â'g'itg'ê. the on it hung at on a at the rear of the house of of the house of	3
Hwä'i! La huX hwîlt, guXL gulîk's-wô'xgut, La huX neL Well! (Perf.) again he did it, he shot at himself barking (perf.) again he (the white bear),	4
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	5
wi-hē'ldem q'aima'qsit. NLk:'ē huX dē-dzâ'qL sem'â'g'ıt hwîlL many youths. Then also was ashamed the chief he did so	6
Lgo-guä'Em Lgo-tk''ē'Lku. the poor little boy.	.7
NLk''ē se-gâ'ôtk'u ts'em-qâ'ôt sem'â'g'it. NLk''ē dzâqt, Then was made up in the heart the chief. Then he was ashamed,	8
nl qant k'si-hē'tsl wī-xa'E mā'lel tsen-gun-lu'kl qal-ts'a'p. therefore out he sent the slave great to tell desert eaus- to the people.	9
NLk''ē k'si-ba'xL wī-xa'E t'an gun-lu'kL qal-ts'a'p aL Then out ran the slave who eaused to move with	10
wī-amhē'tg'ê. NLk''ē naxna'L qal-ts'a'p. Hwä'i! Hē'Luk, nLk''ē loud voice. Then heard it the people. Well! In the morning.	11
luku qal-ts'a'p, nîg'i g'ina-d'ā'u k''âlu g'a'tg'ê. Sem-uks-qâ'ôdet. moved the people, not behind was one man. Really out to they sea went	12
SEIII-q'am-k''â'lL Lgō'uLk ^u L SEIII'â'g''1t uks-k ^u sta'qsdetg'ê dē-k''â'lL Reaily only one the daughter the enter toward she was reft with one	13
Lgo-guä'Em Lgo-tk·'ē'Lku tq'al kusta'qsdetg'ê dē-k·'â'lL Lgo- the poor little boy against he was left with one little	14
nts'ē'Etst; nl qan gulâ'ôndEt al grina hwa'ndet. SEm-q'am- hisgrand- mother; therefore three at behind stayed Very pieces	15
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ln

the lake!

had a few pieces of dried salmon, but the chief's daughter would not eat. She fasted. The poor little boy did the same.

The princess slept in the rear of the house, while the poor little boy slept near the fire. They lay down, and he thought of their poverty. It grew dark, and it grew daylight again. The poor little boy left the house. Near the end of the town there was a great river, and a trail led up the river. The poor little boy went along this trail. He went a long time and eame to the shore of a large lake. A grassy opening extended to the water of the lake. There he stood and shouted. The water rose and, behold, the one that had charge of the lake emerged. When it saw the poor little boy standing near the

sg'ît awa'aL Lgo-nts'e'Etsdet. NLk e 1 q'aik ''ë'ldel hânL aL thelr the prox-lmlty of sldes of dried salmon lay ln grandmother. Then g'ē'îpL Lgō'uLk^uL Nık 'ē 2 mîgri sgrît dem sem'â'g'it. the food of Then the daughter the ehlef. not lay (fut.) Lgo-wî'lk'sîLkug'ê. NLk 'ë huX dē-hwî'lL Lgo-guä'Em 3 nalql Then on did so the the little princess. also poor fasted hls part 4 Lgo-tk''ē'Lkug'ê. llttle boy. g'ä'êL Lgo-wî'lk sîlk g'ê. Hwä'i! G'itsâ'ôn hwîl NLk 'e 5 In the rear of princess. Then Well! where lay the little lak^u g'ä'êL Lgo-tk''ē'Lk". NLk·'ē lax-ts'a'L hwîl Lgo-guä'Em on edge of where poor little Then lay qâ'ôtg ê. 7 g'ig'ä'êLt. NLk 'e k'ope-lō-a'lg fxL Hwä'i! Nık'ë Then poorly in spoke his heart. Well! Then down yu'ksa. 8 huX ā'd'îk'sL Sem-hē'luk k·'ē k'saXL Lgo-guä'Em came evening. Very morning then went out 9 Lgo-tk 'e'Lku. Q'ai'yîm na-ba'xL wī-a'k's aL q'apL ts'ap. a water llttle boy. Near out of ran the end at lö-gali-sg·ë'L 10 NELnë'L hwîl qē'nexg'ê, nelnë'tg'ê lō-yô'xk^uL in up Then that where lay the trall, then that ln followed 11 Lgo-guä'Em Lgo-tk''ē'Lkug'ê. nak^uL nık'e hwîl iä't. La the llttle poor little boy. When long where he then went. 12 na-ba'xt aL lax-ts'ä'L wî-t'a'xg'ê. NLk'ë uks-hē'tgut aLhwîl to on edge of great lake. Then toward he the water stood woods went 13 uks-d'ā'ı hā'p'eskg'ê. Nık.'ē wī-amhē'tg'ê. NLk''ē g'itk"L ak's toward was grass. he shouted. Then it rose 14 al hwagait-g'ī'îksg'ê. Gwinā'deL, g'ā'bent lō-lē'Lk'L wī-t'an way out offshore. Behold, lt emerged great the In watched 15 ts'em-t'a'xg'ê! NLk'ē g'a'aL hwîl lō-uks-hē'tk"L Lgo-guä'Em

it saw where

Then

in toward stood

water

the little water, it came ashore quickly toward the place where the poor little boy was standing. It was a great frog. It had long claws of copper. Its mouth was copper, and so were its eyes and its eyebrows. It came near the poor little boy and almost caught him. Then the boy started to run. It almost caught him, but the boy escaped and the great frog returned. It could not overtake the poor little boy. The poor little boy ran right to the place where a large cedar tree stood. Then he went out of the woods to where the princess and the old grandmother were. Now they had almost nothing to cat. He went about among the empty houses, and there he found a stone ax; after a while he found a handle. Then he tied the ax to the handle. He sharp-

Lgo-tk''ē'Lk". NLk''ē sem-t'em-iē'êt; at tsagam-qâ'ôL hwîl 1 little boy. Then very quiekly it it ashore went where	
lö-uks-hē'tk"L Lgo-guä'Em Lgo-tk*'ē'Lk", wī-qana'og*ê. Wī-t'ē'sEm 2 in toward stood the poor little boy, the frog. A large)
qana'o qan në'negul la'qstg*ê al o'qg*ê. HuX hwîll 3 frog and long its elaws of copper. Also was so	:
ā'qtg'ê. NLk''ē huX hwîlL ts'a'ltg'ê qanL lē-g'ē'êlt. La 4 its mouth, Then also were so its eyes and its eyebrows. When	:
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	•
q'ap-yu'kl demt gō'ut; La sewî'ntkut, k''ē hwîl k''ē 6 really began (fut.) it took when he gave a start, at onee	;
baxl Lgo-guä'Em Lgo-tk'ē'lku. Q'ai'yînı lō-sq'ô'k'sîl an'ô'n 7	•
demt g'idi-gō'ut. K''ē ha'ts'îk'sem lo-ya'ltk"L wī-qana'o. 8 (fut.) eaught him. Then onee more returned the frog.	}
Sq'ô'k'sîL Lgo-guä'Em Lgo-tk''ē'Lk". Hwîl hē'tk"L wī-sEm-ga'n, 9 He was out the poor little boy. Where stood a cedar great)
neLne't sem-yô'xgut Lgo-guä'em Lgo-tk''ē'Lk''; Lē mēnL 10 there really went to the poor little boy; at foot of	,
wî-ga'ng'ê, nLk''ē na-ba'xt aL hwîl dē-d'ā'L Lgo-wî'lk'siLk" 11 a tree, then out of he ran to where on her woods part the princess.	
qanl Lgo-nts'ē'tstg:ê. Wî'tk"tg:ê, nlk:'ê agō'l dem lîg:i-12 and little his grand- mother. He arrived, then what (fut.) or	;
g·ē'bet. Nlk·'ē hā'ts'îk·sem huX k·saXt. Nlk·'ē k'ul-iā't 13 her food. Then onee more again he went out. Then about he went	;
al lax-qal-huwî'lp. Nlk'ët hwal dawī'sem lô'ôpgê. Nlk'ë 14 at on empty houses. Then he found an ax of stone. Then	
huX hwal la dem ha-lē-d'ā'adet. Nlk''ēt lē-da'k'ltg'ê. Nlk''ē 15	

ened it on his whetstone, and in the evening he went to cut a tree. He worked at it the whole day. In the evening it fell. Then he cut up a small tree, making wedges. When he had finished them, he took them to the large tree. Then he found a stone hammer. He tied it to its handle, and split the heart of the large tree. He spread it out wide enough so that a man could pass through it. Then he split a small tree. He selected one that was not very tall. Then he placed these trees across the trail. There were two sticks that he had cut. These he put across the crack of the large tree. Then he stopped. He went home and found the princess and the old grand-

1	hē-yn'kt qāxt at sel-lô'ôpt. NLk'ē yu'ksa. NLk'ē iē'êt. he began he sharpened it his whetstone. Then evening. Then he went.
2	NLk' ēt q'âtsl gan. K' ēll sa hwî'ltg'ê. NLk' ē huX Then he eut a tree. One day he did so. Then again
3	k''ēlı, yu'ksa, nLk''ē qē'nextg'ê. NLk''ē xtsē-ia'tsL qē'sgum one evening, then it feli, Then in mid- he ehop-dle ped
4	gan. NLk'ët wusen-yîs'ia'tstg'ê aL dem se-lê'ttg'ê. Hwä'i! tree. Then he along chopped all to (fut.) make wedges. Weli!
5	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$
6	hwal da'qlem lô'ôp. Nlk'ēt huX lē-da'k'lt al la stone. Then he also on tied it to
7	ha-lē-d'ā'det. Nlk''ēt lō-ma'qsanl lē'tg'ê. Sem-bagait-gō'og'îtl, its handle. Then he in placed the wedges. Right in the middle middle
8	Lē hwîn-ts'ā'wur, wī-ga'ng ê. Nrk''ē wī-sa'gat. Nrk''ē yukt the heart of the tree. Then much it split. Then he began
9	ôx't. NLK''ē wī-lo-la'it sem-qalk'si-ā'tsegal g'a'tg'ê. NLK''ēt he struck Then great in great very through fitted a man. Then he
10	huX xtsē-yîs'ia'tsL qē'sgum gan. Nî'g'it se-nē'elegut. NLk'ē again in mid- ehopped a small tree. Not he made it long. Then
11	hwîl sg'il që'nex, nîlnë' hwîl sqa-sg'i'l ga'ng'ê, where lay the trail, then it where side-ways lay the stick.
12	Hwä'i! K''ē'lpel gan xtsē-yîs'ia'tsdet. NLk''ē lo-ma'qsaant min mid- he chopped them.
13	al hwîl sa'gat wî-ga'ng ê lo-sqa-ax ō'yit. Nlk ē hā'ut. at where he split the tree in side- he ham. Then he stop-
14	NLK 'ē na-iē'êtg 'ê. lluX wîtk u al. awa'al. Lgo-wî'lk 'silk ug 'ê fre arrived at the proximity of ititle princess

¹ He split a large tree and opened the crack, which he spread apart by means of two short sticks, placing the whole on the trail which led up to the lake.

mother. He did not speak and did not eat. It grew dark, and before daylight he rose. He went and came to the shore of the great lake. He stood near the water and shouted four times, looking up to the sky. The water rose again and, behold, the great frog emerged. Its claws were copper. Copper was its mouth, its eyes, and its eyebrows. It went quickly toward the shore, but the poor little boy did not mind. When it had almost reached him, he ran away. The frog almost scratched his back. Now he arrived at the place where he had placed the tree across the trail, and he slipped through. Then the great frog also struggled to get through, trying to eatch the poor little boy. It tried to squeeze through the erack of the

qanl Lgo-nēts'ē'tstg'ê. Nîg'i a'lg'îxt, nlk''ē aql-g'ē'bet. Nlk'ē and his grandmother. Not he spoke, then without food. Then	1
yu'ksa La dēlpk ^u L dem mesā'x'; nLk''ē g'în-hē'tk ^u tg'ê	2
haô'ng*ê mesā'x*g*ê. K*'ē iē'êt. Nlk*'ēt huXt hwal before daylight. Then he went.	3
on the the lake. Then again toward he stood. Then four	4
	5
huX g'itk"L ak's. Gwinā'dēL, huX g'ā'benL wi-qana'og'ê.	6
	7
oql ts'a'alt. Nlk''\bar{e} huX oql l\bar{e}-g'\bar{e}'\bar{e}lt. Nlk''\bar{e} sem-copper its eyes. Then also copper its eyehrows. Then very	8
tsagam-t'em-ië'êtg*ê. NLk*'ë ansegō'l lgo-guä'em lgo-tk*'ë'lku. Sashore quickly it went. Then paid no attention the poor little boy.	9
La q'ap-q'aiyî'ın qa-nā'gut tgōn, nLk''ē k''äxk"ı, Lgo-gnä'Em 10 when really near as far as this, then escaped the poor little	0
Lgo-tk''ē'Lk". NLk''ē q'aiyî'ın qaqā'pxanL q'aiyîm hak''â'ôt. 11	1
Hwä'i! Hwa'yiı. hwîl sqa-sg'i'ı. wī-ga'n, nık''ēt qalk'si-yô'xk"ı. 12 Well! He found where side- lay the tree, then through went	2
Lgo-guä'Em' Lgo-tk''ē'Lk". NLk''ēt qalk'si-a'qLk"tg'ê. NLk''ē 18	3
de-qalk'si-Lô'ôtk"ı. wī-qana'o al dem tsē'k'îl g'îdi-gō'udel 14 also through struggled the frog in order to try to eatch	ŧ
Lgo-guä'Em Lgo-tk''ē'Lk". NLK''ēt lō-qalk'si-ha'q'oaxt. NLK''ēt 15 the poor little boy. Then in through it squeezed. Then	ó

tree. When the poor little boy saw this, he returned, took his stone lammer, and struck the sticks with which he had spread the tree out of the erack. They flew out and the great tree closed, killing the great frog. It could not get out again. When the poor little boy saw that it was dead, he put in the wedges and opened the great tree. Then he took out the dead frog. He laid it on its back and skinned it. He left the claws on the skin. He finished, took the skin, and threw away the flesh. Then he took the skin in order to practice. He put his arms and his legs into it, and laced the chest. Then he went to the shore of the great lake and dived. He walked

1	g'a'aL Lgo-g	guä'Em L poor ll	go-tk·'ē'Lk ^u t	hwîl being	qalk si-ha	q'oaxL queezed
2	wi-qana'o. Ni	Lk 'ë lo-ya'	ltk ^u t. NLl	r'ēt gōL nen he took	dagLEm the hammer of	
3	nık.'ē k'si-ax	''ô'x'L gan e struck the sticks	past) in sid	e- he put them	al. Wī-g	a'ng 'ê.
4	NLk 'ë k 'si-sa out 'then	'k'skut. NI		Em ha'q'o	ıxı wī-g	a'ng ê.
5	NLk 'e uô'ôL Then it was dead	wī-qana'o.	Nî'g'i hu Not agair	uks-lö-ya'	ltkutgrê.	Hwä'i! well!
6	Lat g'a'aL Ly	go-guä'em	Lgo-tk ''ē'Lk little boy	u hwîl La		nLk.'ē
7		t lo-ma'qs	aanl le'tg	·ê. NLk·'ē Then	huX	q'aqL opened
8	wī-ga'ng ê. Nu	k·'ēt gōuL took	Lgo-guä'Ei	n Lgo-tk'	ē'Lku hw	îl La ere (perf.)
9	nô'ôL wī-qana was the fredend great	og ê. Nik	·'ēt k·si-da	a'qLk"tg 'ê. he got it.	NLk·'ēt	hasba- on its back
10	sg î'tg ê. Ni he lald it.					Txa-lē-
11	hax 'hoksaa' nL he left	La qa-La'qst its elaws.	g ê. Hwä'i! Well!	Lē'saantg*ê	. NLk.'ēt	gō'uL he took
12	anā'stg 'ê. NLk	en out h	X°L Lē sma e its f	x't. NLk'e	t gō'uL he took	anā'st its skin
13	at dem sīw to (fut.)			-Lôô'LaadEL n he put into it	an'ô'nt his hands	qanL and
14	qasesa'ēt. Ni	k·'ēt haX	ha'k ^u L q'a	ıē'Lktg'ê.	Then to	ıks-iä't ward he
15	al lax-ts'ā'l to on edge of g	wī-t'a'x. NL	k'ē sõ'uqs nen he c	kutg ê. NL	k·'ē k'uL	-dā'uLt

on the bottom of the great lake and caught a trout. Then he returned. He went ashore carrying a small trout. Then he took the skin off. He took good care of it. There was a tree that had a long branch. He hung the skin of the great frog on it. Then he went home. The princess was still asleep. The poor little boy stepped very softly and entered the house. He laid down the little trout in front of the house. Then he entered secretly and lay down. Early in the morning the princess rose. She heard a raven erying on the beach. When she heard it, she said to the poor little boy, "See why the raven is crying on the beach." The poor little boy rose and went out. He went to the front of the house and, behold, a little trout

al lō-s'iā'nl wī-t'a'xg'ê. Nlk''ēt g'îdi-gō'nl lā'Xg'ê. Nlk''ē on in the the lake. Then he caught a trout. Then	1
lō-ya'ltkut. NLk·'ē ts'âk·skut. K'uL-yu'kdEL lāX, Lgo-ts'ō'osk·, he returned. Then he went ashore. About he earried the trout, little	2
nîg'i sem-wī-t'ē'st. Nlk''ēt sa-mā'gal lē lō-lô'ôtgutg'ê. not very large. Then off he took (past) in was put on.	3
NLk''ēt sa-mā'gat. NLk''ēt semt-ama g'a'adet. Hētk"L ga'ng'ê. Then he off took it. Then he very well he saw it. There stood	4
NLk*'ē sa-hē'tku anē'stg*ê. Nel hwîlt lē-ia'ql anā'sl wī-qana'og*ê Then off stood a braneh. There where on hung the skin the frog	5
at haô'ng ê mesā'x g ê. Nlk''ē na-iä't al ts'em-hwî'lpdētg ê. at before daylight. Then out of he woods went	6
Q'ai-huwô'qı ıgo-wî'lk'sîLk ^u g'ê. Sem-q'a'mts'en k'uL-iē'êL lgo- Still slept the princess. Very seeretly about the little	7
guä'em Lgo-tk''ē'Lkug'ê. Saā'mı ts'ēnt al ts'em-hwî'lpdētg'ê al poor little boy. Slowly he at in their house and	8
La Lēsk ^u t sg'ît Lgo-lā'X al qa-g'ä'ul hwîlp. Nlk''ē q'a'mts'En he he lald the trout at in front of the house. Then seeretly	9
ts'ēnt. NLk''ē g'ā'êlt. NLk''ē hē'luk, nlk''ē lâ'ôxi 1 he he lay dowu. Then he lay morning, then rose early	.0
Lgo-wî'lk'sîLk"g'ê. NLk''ē naxna'L hwîl a'lg'îXL qāq aL 1 the princess. Then she heard where spoke the raven	.1
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	
g'ä'u. NLk'è a'lg'îxt al Lgo-guä'em Lgo-tk'è'ku: "G'a'al, 1 in front of the house. the poor little boy: "See,	
an-hä'EL qäq aL g'ä'u sE!" NLK'E g'în-hë'tk"L Lgo-guä'Em 1 what says the at Infront of look!" Then rose the little	4
Lgo-tk''ē'Lk". NLk''ē k'saXt. NLk''ē iaga-iē'êt aL qa-g'ä'uL 1 little boy. Then he went out. Then down he to iu front of house	5

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was lying on the sand. The poor little boy took it and went up with it, and he entered and spoke to the princess, "The raven found a little trout"; but he himself had caught it at the bottom of the lake. The poor little boy had acquired for himself supernatural power, but he did not want the princess to know it, and she did not know it. It was evening again, and the poor little boy made ready to go. But the princess did not eat the little trout, only the poor little boy and his grandmother ate what the raven had found in the morning. Then they lay down. The princess lay in the rear of the house, and the boy lay near the fire. In the evening the poor little boy rose and went

1	hwî'lpg ê. of house.	Gwinā'dēL! Behold!	Lgo-lā'X	sîsg·ē't	al lax-ā'us. at on sand.	NLk"ēt
0	gūt. I go-ģi	ië/Eni Leo-f	k · 'ē'ı ku	Nikoa	bay-dē-iā'êt	Nr.k ºā
2	took the	poor little	boy.	Then	bax-dē-iä'êt up also he went	Then
3	ts'ent an t	s'em-hwî'lpg	·ê. NLk·	ē a'lg'îx	t al Lgo-v	vî'lk'sîLk".
					t aL Lgo-Ve to the little	
4	Ma'LdEt t l	awar qāq	Lgo-lā′X.	NLk'	'ēL lep-g'î	di-gō'udEL
	. He told it	found the raven	a trout.	The	Tel lep-g'î n, self h ver, ii'nL ts'E of in	ad caught It
5	Lgo-guä'Eni	Lgo-tk''ē'	'Lk ^u aL	lō-s'i	ä'nL ts'E	m-t'a'xg ê.
	the poor little	llttle boy	at	in be	ottom in	lake.
6	Lep-se-nexn	â'gôt Lgo	-guä'Em	Lgo-tk''	5'Lk ^u . Nî'g	rit gun-
	Self made sup	per- the	poor	little b	ooy. No	t he
7	hwîlā'vînt	ar I Too-wî	/] - eî	Ni k vā	mîcridat	hwîlā/x::
ľ	it to be known	by the little	princess.	Then	nîgʻidet not she	knew it
8	Lon-wî'lk sît.	kuorê. Nik	oō huX	vu'ksa	nikaa sen	n-ang/ldkin
	the prince	ss. The	en again	evening,	nLk de sen	ready
9	gå'ôdet Lø	o-guä'em 1	.go-tk*'ē'Lk	u. Hwi	i'i! Nîoride	t grēfint.
					i'i! Nîgride	
10	Lgo-wî'lk'sîL	k ^u al 120-	lā'Xg'ê.	K·sax-Lgo	-nts'ē'êts t'a	n g·ē'îpt
	the princess	of the little	trout.	Only the	o-nts'ē'êts t'e	ho ate
11	qanl Lgo-g	guā'em lgc	-tk·'ē'Lk ^u	Lē hwa	เ'îu qāq ai	L hē'Luk
	and the	poor little	boy	what wa	s the in	the the
12	dā'uro'ê I	Hwa'il Nik	مه روز آهر	tara G	·îtelî'n hwî	l oesa/ara
	a little while	Well! The	n they	lay In	mother L'îL qāq al s the in d by raven 'îts'â'n hwî the rear where the house	lay down
13	Lgo-wî'lk'sîL	kugrê, krë	lax-ts'ä'L	lak ^u h	the house wîl dē-g·ä'ê here on his lay do part	LL Leo-
	the prince	ss, then	on edge of	fire w	here on his lay do	own the
1.0	nue	+125/- 1-U	U = 0/ = 0	1-n4 1	part	little
17	poor little	bov.	Before	long de	vu'ksa, l	then again
15	g'in·hē'tk"L	Lgo-guä'En	Lgo-tk'	ē'Lk".	NLk 'e huX Then again	iē'êtg'ê.
	rose	the poor	ilttle t	ooy.	Then again	he went.

little

out again. Then he found the great skin of the frog and put it on. Again he went to the shore of the great lake and dived. He walked about on the bottom of the lake and eaught a trout, a little larger one. Then he went ashore again. Again he put off the skin and hung it on the branch of the tree. He went home again and laid it on the sand in front of the house. The poor little boy entered secretly and lay down. When the day broke, a raven was erying on the beach. The princess heard it and said to the poor little boy, "Go and hear why the raven is erying on the beach." The poor little boy went down again, although he himself had eaught in the lake what the raven found on the beach. He went down and took it. Then he returned again and entered. He

NLk 'et huX hwal Then again he found	hwîl lē-ia'qL wī- where on hung the grea	skin the frog.	
huX gula't. NLk.'ēt again he put Then it on.	hā'ts'îk'sem huX	uks-iē'êt ar	lax-ts'ä'L 2 on edge of
wī-t'a'x. NLk·'ē huX the lake. Then again	A	huX k'uL-dā'	uLt aL 3
ts'em-s'iä'nl wī-t'a'x.	Hwä'i! NLk''ē Well! Then	huX gʻidi-gōʻu	
	eat. NLk.'ē huX		0
sa-mā'gat. NLk''ē ha	n'ts'îk'sEm huXt onee more again	lē-ia'qt. NLk.	'ē huX 6
	s'îk'semt huX onee more again		i'us aL 7 the at sand
qa-g'ā'uL hwîlp. NL in front of house of house.	k·'ē ha'k·sem h hen onee more a	uX q'am-ts'ē'ni egain seeretly entered	L Lgo- 8 d the
guä'Em Lgo-tk*'ē'Lku. poor little boy.	NLk·'ē huX q'a	'mts'En g'ē'êLt. seeretly g'ē'dLt. he lay down.	NLK'ë 9
q'ai-ank'siu'kt inesā'; still was spread the dayligh	then again	spoke the at	in front of the house,
NLk·'ēt huX naxna'i Then again heard it	L Lgo-wî'lk'sîLk". the princess. little	NLK'ē huX Then again	
to the poor little	o-tk·'ē'Lk ^u : "Hw e boy: "Les	vîlā'x'L an-hä'è arn what says	the raven
	Lk·'ē huX ia Then again do		poor
Lgo-tk''ë'Lk". ALk''ë little boy. Although		idi-gō'ut an ts'	
NêLne'L hwã'îL qā Then it was th found by rav	c Then dow:	a iē'êt. NLk''ēt n he went. Then	gō'ut. 15 he took it.

out of he woods went.

Then

he arrived

at

before

daylight.

Then

again

laid it before the old grandmother, who split it and roasted it; but the princess did not eat, only the old grandmother and the poor little boy ate of it. He did so every night. Then he finished eatehing trout in the lake.

One night he went out again and found the skin hanging on the branch. He put it on and went down the river, the outlet of the great lake, at the bottom of the water. He went down to the sea; then he walked about on the bottom of the sea and caught a salmon. Before daylight he laid it down in front of the house. Then he went up the river again under the water. He went ashore out of the great lake and took off the great frog's skin and hung it up. He went home and arrived before daylight. He entered secretly and lay down.

1 NLk'e ha'k'sEm huX lō-ya'ltk"t. K∙'ē hnXts'ent Then onee more agaln he returned. Then again entered 2 ts'em-hwî'lpt. N_Lk·'ē sgrit Lgo-nts'ē'ts. awa'aL NLk 'ēt aLhis house. Then he lald at proximity the little grand-Then mother. Lgo-nts'ē'êts. NLk 'et iâ'ôdetg'ê. 3 q'âll NLk·'ē huX nîg idet split It grand-Then she began to roast lt. Then agaln not little mother. Lgo-wî'lk'sîLkug'ê. 4 g'ē'îpl K·sax-Lgo-nts'ē'êts t'an g'ē'îpt qanL prineess. the little grand-mother Only ate lt 5 Lgo-guä'em Lgo-tk''ē'Lk". Txanē'tk"L axku hwîlL Lgo-guä'Em poor little boy. Every night he dld the little Lgo-tk''ē'Lk". NLk''ē Lat lō-qâ'ôdenL ${f l}ar{{f a}}{f X}$ aL ts'Em-t'a'x. littie boy. Then (perf.) he 1n finished In the trout NLk 'e huX iä'êt al k·'ēll axk". NLk·'ē huX hwal hwîl again he at one night. Then again he where went found 8 lē-ia'qt. NLk'ē ha'ts'îk'sem hnX lō-lô'ôtk"t. NLk'e g îsi-yô'xk"L Then again in he was put. onee more down he river followed hung. ts'Em-a'k's La anLla'gaL wī-t'a'xg'ê. na-qâ'ôL Atlax-mô'ôn. out of weut the outlet of He lake. on the sea. great 10 NLk'č huX k'uL-dā'uLt NLk'e g'îdi-gō'nı hân. al ts'eō'yuX. Then again about at the bottom. Then he eaught a saimwalked 11 NLk 'ēt huX sg'ît al qagʻa'uL hwîlp aL haô'ng'ê mesā'x'. Then again he iaid at in front of the house of the house before at daylight. 12 Nrk.'ē ha'k'sEm huX gali-yô'xgul ts'Em-a'k's. NLk 'e up he followed once more again in water. 13 ts'âk'sk"t lax-ts'ä'L aL wī-t'a'x. Nık''ēt huX sa-mā'gaL the lake. at on edge of Then again off he put 14 wī-anā'sı qana'og ê. NLk'ē ha'k'sēm huX lē-ia'qt. NLk·'ē huXthe skin of great the frog. Then he onee more again on Then agaln hung it. 15 ma-iē'ēt. NLk'e wîtkut aL haô'ng 'ê mesā'x'. NLk''ē huX

When the day broke, the princess rose. Again she heard the raven crying on the beach; there were even two ravens. She called the poor little boy, saying, "See why the ravens are crying on the beach." Again he rose and went down. There was the salmon that he himself had eaught in the sea. He took it and went up. He entered, earrying it, and laid it down near the old grandmother. She split it and roasted one-half. When it was done, she addressed the princess, wanting her to eat of it, and she ate with them. The poor little boy and the old grandmother ate one end; the princess ate the other end. He did so every night. Then the princess noticed that the skin of the poor little boy began to be very elean. One night she did not sleep,

q'a'mts'en ts'ēnt. Nlk'ē huX q'amts'en g'ē'êlt al la dēlpk"l 1
secretly he entered. Then again secretly he lay at (perf.) short time
dem hwîl mesā'x:. Q'aī-ank siu'kl dem mesā'x:, nlk 'ē 2 (fut.) being daylight. Still was spread out (fut.) daylight, then
(fut.) being daylight. Still was spread out (fut.) daylight, then
huX g·în-hē'tk ^u L Lgo-wî'lk·sîLk ^u . NLk·'ēt huX naxna'L hwîl 3
again rose the princess. Then again she heard where
a'lg'îxl qāq; q'ai-t'epxā'l qā'qg'ê. 'Nlk'ēt huX go'gsaanl 4
spoke the even two ravens. Then again awoke raven:
Lgo-wî'lk'sîLku Lgo-guā'Em Lgo-tk''ē'Lku, NLk''ē a'lg'îxt: 5 the princess the poor little boy. Then she spoke:
the princess the poor little boy. Then she spoke:
"Hwîlā'x L an-hä'L qāq aL g ä'u!" NLk 'ē huX g în-hē'tk t. 6
"Learn what says the at in front of the house!" "Learn what says the at in front of the house!" "Learn what says the at in front of the house!" "Learn what says the at in front of the house!" "Learn what says the at in front of the house!"
Nık'ë iaga-iä'êt. Gwinā'dēl, hân lē lep-g'îdi-gō'udet al 7
NLk'ë iaga-iä'êt. Gwinā'dēl, hân lē lep-g'îdi-gō'udet al 7 Then down he went. Behold, the salmon self he had eaught it at
lax-mô'ông ê! Nlk 'ēt gō'ut. Nlk 'ē bax-dē-iä'êt; nlk 'ē dē- 8
lax-mô'ông ê! NLk''ēt gō'ut. NLk''ē bax-dē-iä'êt; nLk''ē dē- 8 on the sea! Then he took it. Then up with he it went; then with it
te'ā'nt Nīk''āt sa'ît ar awa'ar ran-nts'ā'âtst Nīk''āt a'ârt 9
he Then he laid at the prox- his grandmother. Then she entered. it down imity of little split it.
NLk 'ct iâ'ôdel lē stô'ôt. NLk 'e a'nukst. NLk 'e a'lg îxl 10 Then she roasted one half. Then it was done. Then spoke
Then she roasted one half. Then it was done. Then spoke
Lgo-nts'ē'êtst dēt-gun-g·ē'îpt al lgo-wî'lk'sîlk". Nlk''ēt dē-g·ē'îpt. 11
his grandmother also eaused to eat it at the princess. Then also she ate it, little
K·sax la q'apl dē-g·ē'îpl lgo-guä'em lgo-tk·'ē'lku qanl 12
K'sax La q'apL dē-g'ē'îpL Lgo-guä'Em Lgo-tk''ē'Lku qanL 12 Only (perf.) one end on ate the poor little boy and
Lgo-nts'ē'êtst. Hwä'i! K''ē g'ē'îpl Lgo-wî'lk'sîlku la q'ap. 13
TILLE
Txanē'tk"L axk"L hwî'ltg'ê. NLk''ē llîk's-g'a't'EnL Lgo-wî'lk'sîLk" 14 Every night he did so. Then took notice the princess
utile
hwîl La sak'sk"L anā'sL Lgo-guä'Em Lgo-tk''ē'Lk". NLk''ē 15
being (perf.) clean the skin the poor little boy. Then

but she watched him until midnight. He was no longer a boy, but a youth. Now she saw that he was very clean. She saw that not long after dark the poor little boy rose. She was still watching when he reentered. She was unable to sleep, and a little before daylight the poor little boy entered the house. He lay down again, but the princess did not sleep. Now it was daylight, and the raven cried on the beach. Then the princess herself rose and went out. She went down to the beach. Behold, a large salmon lay in front of the house on the sand. The princess herself took it, and she entered, carrying it, while the poor little boy was still lying down. She said, "Rise!" Then the poor little boy rose. The princess said to him, "I wish to ques-

1 nîg'i huX wâqt. NLk'êt sîx'g'a'adet; la k'êdā'uL axk", nLk'ē not again she slept. Then she watched when middle night then

2 nîg i wîql Lgo-wî'lk sîlk at sîx g a'adet hwîl g ä'ê'll not slept the princess she watched where lay

3 Lgo-guä'Em Lgo-tk''ē'Lk"; La nîg'i huX Lgo-tk''ē'Lk", La the poor little boy; (perf.) not more a boy, (perf.)

4 ts'ō'usg îm wī-t'ē'st. NLk 'ēt g a'at hwîl La sem-sa'k sk t. Haôn large. Then she saw being (perf.) very elean. Before

5 g'î-na'k"t Lda yu'ksa, nLk''ēt g'a'aL Lgo-wî'lk'sîLk", hwîl La long when evening, then saw the princess, where (perf.)

6 huX g·în-hē'tk^uL Lgo-guä'Em Lgo-tk·'ē'Lk^u. NLk·'ēt q'aiagain rose the poor little boy. Then still

7 sîx'g'a'adel dem hwîl huX ts'ēnt. Hwä'i! K''ē sä'êqt la
she watched him hwîl huX ts'ent. Hwä'i! K''ē sä'êqt la
well! Then she was (perf.)
unable to sleep

8 dēlpk^uL dem mesā'x', de-tš'ē'nL Lgo-guä'em Lgo-tk''ē'Lk^u.

shortly (fut.) daylight, on his entered part little boy.

9 NLk 'e huX g'ä'êLt, nık''e nîg'i huX wâqL Lgo-wî'lk'sîLk". he lay down, Then again then not again slept the prineess.

10 NLk''ē mesā'x', nLk''ē huX a'lg'îxL qāq aL gä'u. NLk''ē
Then daylight, then again spoke the at in front of house.

11 lep-g'în-hë'tk"L Lgo-wî'lk'sîLk". NLk''ë k'saXt. NLk''ë iaga-iä'êt.

self rose the princess. Then she went out. Then down she went.

12 Gwinā'deL, wī-hâ'n sîsg î't aL qa-g ä'ut aL lax-ā'us! NLk et Behold, a salmon lying at infront of the house sand!

13 lep-gō'ul Lgo-wî'lk'sîLk". NLk 'e dē-ts'ē'nt ts'Em-liwî'lp aL self took it the princess. Then with site at in the little it entered

14 al. q'ai-g'ig'ē'al. Lgo-guä'Elli Lgo-tk'ē'lk". Nlk'ēt a'lg'îxt:

- at still lying the poor little boy. Then she spoke:

15 "G'în-hē'tgun!" NLk''ē g'în-hē'tk"L Lgo-guä'Em Lgo-tk''ē'Lk".

"Rise!" rose the poor little boy

tion you." The poor little boy sat down near to her, and the princess said to him, "I know that you found the trout and the small salmon. The raven did not find them on the beach. Now I have found a large salmon. I know that you have got many trout. You killed them. My grandmother dried many salmon, and I have found this large salmon." Then the poor little boysaid, "It is true. My unele treated us thus. He deserted you and me and my grandmother. We were without food, therefore I went into the woods. I came to a large lake. Then I shouted, and a great frog emerged. It swam ashore and I killed it. I skinned it, and I put on its skin. Then I caught trout and salmon and I became very clean. Now I am great. You

NLk'ē a'lg'îxL Then spoke	Lgo-wî'lk'sîLk ^u a	s ne'tg'ê: "I	Dem gʻē'daxa 1 Fut.) , I ask
nē'en." Nlk'ē you." Then	d'āL Lgo-guã'Em	Lgo-tk·'ē'Lku llttle boy	aL awa'at. 2 at her proximity.
NLk.'ē a'lg'îxL Then spoke	Lgo-wî'lk'sîLk"	as ne'tg'ê: to hlm: "	"La hwîlā'yi 3 (Perf.) I know
nē'En t'an dedô' you who eaugh	qı lāX qanı s	sesō'senı hân, small salmon,	nētl huwā'il 4 not found by
qāq aL g·ä'u. the at ln front of the house.	Hwä'i! La h Well! (Perf.) a		ī-t'ē'sEm hân 5 a large salmon
aL gon. Hwä'i! at now. Well!	La wī-hē'lL lā. (Perf.) many tro	X gʻîdi-dô'gan.	
you who kl	ra'tst. La huX lled (Perf.) also		
nts'ē'Etsē. La h my grand- (Perf.) ag mother.		'sEm hân." N	Lk.'ē a'lg'îxL 8
	k 'ē' Lku: 'Ia'gai-r	net! Hwîl hwî'	ls dep-bē'ebē 9 my uneles
as nē'en qans	me and m	ē'edzē. Sak ^u sta gygrand- mother. They d	a'qsdēt nē'En 10 eserted you
qans nē'E qans and me and	ts'ē'Edzē. NLk''ē my grand- mother.	aqL-g'ē'ben, n	Lqan hwî'lēE, 11 there- fore I did so,
ia'ē al gʻilē'lîx l to into the woods.	. Nîk·'ē' hwal Then I found	wī-t'a'x. NLka a lake. The	en që'lxkuë. 12
NLk''ē g'ā'benL Then emerged	wī-qana'o. NLk a frog. The	vie wîl'am-la'qt	. NLk.'ē nē 13 . Then I
dzak ^u t. Nîk.'ē'	tså'ôdet. nelnë't	lõ-Lô'ôtguē. in I was put.	Nîk ''ē' g'îdi- 14
dô'qL lāX qanL eaught trout and	hân. Nık 'e l		

have taken notice of me." The princess replied, "You shall marry me," and he agreed. He married her and he was now a man; he was no longer the poor little boy.

He caught many salmon, and the house was full. Then he filled another house. He went into the sea, and eaught bullhead. He dried many. Then he went to eateh halibut, and they dried many. He obtained every kind of fish, and eaught a great many. Four houses were full of provisions. Then he went to catch seals, and he eaught a very great number. He put them into another house. Now he went to eatch porpoises, and placed them in another house. Then he went to catch sealions, and they obtained a great many large water

- 1 wī-t'ē'sē gōn. La lîks-g'a't'EnEn nē'E gōn." NLk'ē great l now. (Perf.) you have taken notice
- 2 dē'lemexk^uL Lgo-wî'lk'sîLk^u: "Hwä'i! La ā'm me na'k'sguēe!" replied the princess: "Well! (Perf.) good you marry me!"
- 3 NLk''ē La anâ'qt. NLk''ēt nak'sk'ut. NLk''ē qa'nē-hwîla hwîl Then he married her. Then always being
- 4 g'n'tg'ê Lu nî'g'i huX Lgo-tk''ē'Lkut, a man (perf.) not again a boy.
- 5 Hwä'i! NLk''ē wī-hē'ldel hân dza'ptg'ê, la metk"l hwîlp.
 Well! Then many salmon he made, (perf.) full was the
- 6 NLk·'ē huX metk^ut huX k·'ēlL hwîlp. La qâ'ôL ts'Em-a'k·s
 Then again full was again one house. (Perf.) he went in water
- 7 al. lax-mô'ôn. Nlk'ē g'îdi-gō'ul mas-q'ayā'it. Nlk'ē huX to on sea. Then he caught bullhead. Then again
- 8 wī-hē'ldet at gwa'lgut. NLk''ē huX qâ'ôL txox'. NLk''ē huX many he dried. Then again he went (to eateh)
- 9 wī-hē'ldet at gwa'lgut. La tsadeba'ant lo-hwîlem ts'em-a'k's.

 many he dried. (Perf.) he obtained every in heing in water.

 kind of (fish)
- 10 NLk''ē La sem-wī-hē'ldel dzapt. La txalpxl huwî'lp
 Then (perf.) very many he made. (Perf.) four houses
- 11 hwîl metme'tk''t, nLk''ē tq'al-qâ'ôL ēlx. K''ē ia'gai-being full, then against he went seals. Then how-ever
- 12 sem-k''ā-wī-hē'ldel ut dzapt. Hwä'i! la huX k''ēll hwîlp hwîl very ex-ceedingly he made. Well! (Perf.) again one house where
- 13 lō-dô'xt. NLk''ēt huX tq'al-qâ'ôdEL dzīX. NLk''ē huX wi-hē'ld in they were. Then again against he went porpoise. Then again many
- 14 t hwîl dzapt. NLk''ē huX k''ēlL hwîl lō-dô'xt. Hwä'i!

 where he made. Then again one where in they Well!
- 15 NLk 'e huXtq'al-qâ'ôdEL t'ē'ben. Hwä'i! Nēl hwîl xstāl agam against he sealions. Well! That being gained

animals. Many houses were full of sealion grease, because the sealions are very large. Then he got whales. He obtained very many.

Now they had two children, and for a long time he caught animals with his hands. Suddenly he became very tired. He told his wife, and she began to worry, and rebuked her husband, saying, "Please stop"; but he caught four large whales and there was a smell of grease all along the beach in front of their houses. The butts of the trees where he had carried up the meat and the fat of whales were full of grease. Bones were lying about in front of his house, and the grease from the whales covered the water of the sea.

Now, many of the people who, with his uncle, had deserted him

3 =4	, ,	1			- 1 An	
dzā'ptg'ē	al hwîl	La dzapi	k'ā-wī	-t'ē'sEm l	ő-hwî'lenı	1
he made	at where	(perf.) he mad	e ex- eeedingly	large	in being (water)	
ts'Em-a'k's.	Hwä'i!	Wī-hē'ld hv	vîl lō-dô':	xr þíx.r	t'ē'ben	2
in water.	Well!	Many wh	ere in the		scalion	
ar hwîl	k·'ā-wī-t'ē's	t. Hwä'i!	NLk · 'ēt	huX 2	··îdi-gō'uL	3
because	ex- large.	Well!	Then	again	he caught	U
Lpen. Nei		m-k·'a-xstā'ı.	dzāpt.			
whales. Tha		ry ex- gained ceedingly				4
NLk.'ē		L Lg'i'tg'ê.		dēlpk L	hwî'lte ê.	5
Then (perf.) two	children.	Not	a short while		U
nen qan	La wihē'lL	dzapt an	an'o'ntg'ê.	. NLk 'et	ma'lel	6
therefore (perf.) much	he made with	his hands.	Then	he told	
La sā-Lo	u'ksk ^u tø [.] ê.	Nık ''ēt m	a'let al	nak *st.	Nık ''ē	7
(perf.) sudden-	he was over- tired.	Then h	e told to	his wife.	Then	•
		x'stg'ê. Nık	·'ēt. lā'elr.	nakisti '	7mr. 19	8
in weak	heart of hi	s wife. The	en she	her husband:	"Good (perf.)	0
dam hata	122					
(fut.) stop	In I' La U	kalpxl wī-lp four large w	hales also	g'101-00'q he caugh	tg 'ê. La t. (Perf.)	9
sem-î'sk ^u L	ga-grä'ut.	hwî'lpdētørê.	Lîg i-m	Etme'tkur.	ดด-เทอี/กร. 1	0
much stench	in front of houses of	hwî'lpdētg'ê.	All	full were	the butts	
ganga'n ai	L hwîl bax	r-hwî'lgaL h	ē'ya Lpe	n qant	txanē'tk ^u L 1	1
the trees at	where up	he carried	at of whal	le and	all	
qa-sma'x't.	K'saxl ga	a-ts'ē'pt hwîl	g•î-dô′xt	ar har	-qa-gʻä'uL 1	2
meat.	Only	bones where	lay		the front of the house of	
hwîlpt. N	Lk.'ē metk	ı lax-mâ'ôn	al hwîl	iaga-hē'tl	x ^u L t'ēla 1	13
his house.	Then fullit wa	as on sea	because	down stoo	d fat of	
Lpen aL	lax-mâ'ôn.				1	4
*	on sea.		,	,	1	T
Nık 'ē	ца wi-hē	'lt hwîl	daX_L	t'an ts'	Ens-lu'k ^a t 1	5
Then	(perf.) many	where	dead	who lea	ving moved	
		•		pe	mind	

hwîl

where

15 mas-q'ayā'it

qanL

and

hwîl

where

were dead. His uncle was a very great chief. Now his uncle thought that his daughter, the poor little boy, and the grandmother were dead, and he spoke to his people. The chief had lost many of his people, because there was no food. Many of them and all the children were dead. One day, early in the morning, some people started to look after the princess, the poor little boy, and the grandmother. They were traveling in four canoes. They were approaching the place. When they were still far from the shore, they saw grease on the surface of the water. They noticed it. When they approached the town, they saw several houses full of dried salmon, trout, halibut, and bullhead, and others in which was the grease of

sem'â'g'its 1 hwîl hōksk^uL wī-nēbē'pt. Sem-k'a-wī-t'ē's hwîl they were great his mother's Very ex-with him brother, ceedingly chief being belng nēbē'pt NLk'ë ha-lē-qâ'ts tsE nô'ôL nēbē'pt. La his mother's brother. Then he thought his mother's (perf.) brother Lgo-tk.'ē'Lku qanl Lgo-nets'ē'êtst. 3 Lgō'uLk^ut qanL Lgo-guä'Em the grandmother. his child little boy and and poor a'lg'îxL ts'apt. La sem-gwâ'tk"Lē sem'â'g'itg'ê ьē 4 NLk · 'ē at. spoke the ehlef to hls (Perf.) much Then people. g·ē'ipdetg·ê sgriL sem'â'g'it 5 tsapt nîg'i dem neLgan their food, therefore (fut.) the chlcf at not there people daXt qanL txanë'tkuL k'ope-tk''ē'Lk". wi-hē'lL hwîl 6 La little being dead all the (perf.) many K·'ēt sīg'â'tk"L ā'd'îk'sk"L lrwîl mesā'x'. qal-ts'a'p NLk''ē daylight. started the people Then came heing Then t'an g'a'al lgo-wî'lk'sîlk", qanl lgo-guä'em lgo-tk''ē'lk" 8 dem (would) the princess and the little poor little (fut.) who ts'apL sem'â'g it Lgō-nēts'ē'etst. Lō-txalpxdā't ьē lu four canoes the people the ehlef and his grandmother. g'a'at. NLk'ē lō-ba'xt q'ai-hwagai't-tsE-tsagamt'an 10 dem (fut.) who would Then they approached still far see It. gʻī'îks. K.'ē g'a'adeL ťelx. mâ'ôn. lax-ō'L 11 yu'kdet aLah they went from off shore. Then they saw grease on on top the sea. 12 Nlk'ē lîk's-g'a'd'endēt liwî'ltg'ê. Nlk'ē lō-ba'xdēt al ts'ap. Then they took notice it was so. Then they approached at gʻa'adēn qabē'n luwiʻlp hwil metmē'tkun 13 K.'ēt gwa'lgwa hân several dry salmon Then they saw houses being full gwa'lgwa 14 ganl gwa'lgwa - $l\bar{a}X$ qanL txōx' qanı gwa'lgwa and and dry halibut and dry

lō-daxdô'xL

Was

in

hē'ya

fat of

ēlx

seal

qanL

and

seals, of porpoises, of sealions, and of whales. He had very much, because he had caught four whales. He had caught very much with his hands. Then his uncle's people landed. They told him that many of the tribe were dead. They entered his house and he fed them. Then they ate dried salmon, fat of the seal, and fat of the porpoise and of the whale. Then he presented them with dried halibut, bull-head, and trout. He gave presents to those whom he had invited in. He gave them fat of the seal, porpoise, sealion, and whale. Then they started and left him. They landed at the place where the chief was living. Then the people came to the beach and told him that the

lō-daxdô'xL hē'ya dzīX qanL liwîl lō-daxdô'xL hē'ya lin was fat of porpoise	l
t'ē'beng'ê qanl hwîl lō-daxdô'xl hē'ya lpen. Nelne't sealion and where in was fat of whale. Then	2
sEm-k'a-xstā't al hwîl la txalpxl t'ē'sEm lpen g'îdi-dô'qtg'ê. Every execedent he at where (perf.) four large whales he caught.	3
NLk''ē sem-k''a-xstā'L dzapt aL an'ô'ntg'ê. NLk''ē k''ātsk"L 4 Then very exceed-he ingly gained ingly gained	1
ts'aps nēbē'pt. NLk''ēt mā'LEL k''ātsk"t hwîl La lō-nô'ôL the his unele. Then they told they landed being (perf.) in dead	5
the people his uncle. Then they entered in his house. Then	6
g'înā'mi. g'ē'iptg'ê. Nik''ē txâ'ôxdêtg'ê. Gwa'lgwa hâni. 'be gave food. Then they ate. Dry salmon	7
g ē'îpdetg ê; nlk ë hē'ya ēlx g ē'îpdet; nlk ē hē'ya dzīX they ate; then fat of seal they ate; then fat of por-	8
g·ē'îpdet; nLk·'ē hē'ya Lpen g·ē'îpdet. NLk·'ē k·saxt-g·inā'mL they ate; then fat of whale they ate. Then only he gave them	9
gwa'lgwa txōx: qanı gwa'lgwa mas-q'ayā'it, qanı gwa'lgwa 10	ò
lāX. Iā'êqdet al gul-g'anē'l wô'ôtk"tg'ê. Nlk''ēt k'sax-g'inā'ml 13 trout. He distrib- to all who were invited. Then only he gave	1
txanē'tk"L hē'ya ēlX qanL hē'ya dzīX qanL hē'ya t'ē'ben 12	2
qanı hē'ya ıpen. Nık''ē sig'â'ôtk"ı wô'ôtk"tg'ê. Nık''ē 18	3
dā'uldetg'ê. Nlk''ē k''ā'tskudēt al hwîl dzôql sem'â'g'it. 14	4
NLk·'ē ia'ga-laxla'qL qal-ts'a'p. NLk·'ē maLa'askudetg·ê 18	5
B. A. E., Bull. 27—02——11	

town of the young man was full of dried trout, salmon, halibut, and bullhead, and of fat of the seal, porpoise, sealion, and whale, that the butts of the trees smelled of meat of the whale, sealion, porpoise, and seal that was lying about, and that four houses were full of dried trout, halibut, and bullhead. When the chief heard this, he was very glad, and he was also glad when he heard that his daughter had two ehildren. He said to his people, "Let us move again." The great slave went out and ordered the people to move back to the place where the princess and the poor little boy were living. The old grandmother had died. Then the people moved, and they stayed at the place

1 La mētk^uL qal-ts'a'p al gwa'lgwa lãX qanı gwa'lgwa hân (perf.) of dry salmon gwa'lgwa gwa'lgwa 2 qanL txōx. qanL mas-q'ayā'it qanL halihut and dry and dry hullhead and 3 hē'va ēlX qanL hē'ya $dz\bar{\imath}X$ hē'ya t'ē'ben ganL qanL fat of and fat of porpoise and fat of and 4 hē'ya NLk·'ē îsk^uL qa-mē'nL Lpen. La ganga'n aL fat of whale. Then (perf.) steneh the butts the trees at 5 hwîl k'sax-k'uL-daxdô'xL sma'ye Lpen qanL sma'ye where only about lay meat of whale and meat of t'ē'ben qanı sma'ye dzīX NLk·'ē txalpxL qanı sma'ye ēlx. and meat of porpoise and meat of seal. Then four 7 huwî'lp hwîl mêtme'tk^uL gwa'lgwa lāX qanL gwa'lgwa houses heing full of dry trout and 8 txöx. gwa'lgwa mas-q'ayā'it. NLk·'ē sem-lō-ā'ml qâdeL halihut bullhead. Then very in good heart 9 wī-sem'â'g'it hwîl NLk'ē Lat naxna't. huXlō-ā'mL gâdel ehief he heard again in good when Then (perf.) great 10 sem'â'g'itg'ê hwîl Lat naxna't bagadē'lı Lgʻil Lgō'uLkutg'ê. the ehlef where (perf.) he heard two ehil-dren his daughter. 11 NLk·'ē huX a'lg·îxt al qal-ts'a'p: "Āml dem huX lo'gum." Then again he spoke to · the people: "Good (fut.) again we move." 12 NLk ''ē huX ha'ts'îk'sem huXk'si-ba'xL wi-xa'atk^ustg ê. Then again onee more again out ran great 13 At gun-lu'kı qal-ts'a'p al awa'al hwîl dzôqı i.go-wî'lk sîlk qanı lie caused to the people to the prox-imity of where stayed the little princess 14 Lgo-guä'em Lgo-tk''ē'Lk". La k''ē nô'ôl Lgo-nēts'ē'tsdetg'ê. NLk 'e (Peri.) then little boy. was dead their grandmother. NLk 'e ā'd'îk sk"L qal-ts'a'p 15 lukı. qal-ts'a'p. awa'adetg ê. aL moved the people. Then came the people to their proximity. 16 N_Lk''ē ha'ts'îk'sem huX dzô'qdet alLe sa-ma'qdetg'ê. Then onee more again

they stayed

at (part.) off they had put.

that they had once left. Then the boy gave them much dried trout, salmon, halibut, and bullhead. He did what was just right. Then his uncle's people were glad. They were saved, because they now ate dried trout, salmon, halibut, and bullhead, and he also gave them a little fat of the seal, porpoise, sealion, and whale; and his uncle's people were very glad, because they were saved. And all the people said that the poor little boy, when grown up, should be their chief.

The boy always went out to sea to eatch seals for his uncle's people, and he always told his wife that it was very hard to take off the frog blanket. Then his wife worried and cried when she lay down. Now

NLk'et k's	ax-gʻînā'mL y hegave	ãmL qabē' just severa	L gwa'lgwa	lāX qanL 1
gwa'lgwa h	ân qanL	gwa'lgwa ^{dry}	txōx qanı halihut and	gwa'lgwa 2
mas-q'ayā'it; a	āmL qabē'L a just several	an-hwî'ntg c.	N _L k·'ē lō-am'	ã'mL qagâ'ôL 3 ood hearts
ts'aps nēbē'p	t. NLk·'ē	lēmâ'tk"detg 'd	e, aL hwîl hecause (La g'ē'îpdet 4 perf.) they ate
gwa'lgwa lāl dry trot	X qanL g	wa'lgwa hân		d'Igwa txōx° 5
qanL gwa'lg	wa mas-q'a	ayā'it. NLk ead. The	''ē huX k	sax-g inā'mL 6
ts'ō'osk'L hē'	ya ēlx qar of seal and	nL hē'ya dz d fat of por	zīX qanL h	ē'ya t'ē'ben 7 at of sealion
qanL hē'ya and fat of		e wi-t'e'sL		
ts'aps nēbē' the peo- ple of his moth	er's because	wîl La (dē-lemâ'tk ^u tdet	g·ê. NLk·'ē 9
a'lg îxl txan	iē'tkuL gal-ta	s'a'p aL dependent at (lem sem'â'g' fut.) ehief	it La hwîl 10
wi-t'ē'sL Lgo- great the	guä'Em Lgo poor little			11
	'nē-līwîla dā'	uL Lgo-tk.'ē'	Lku al ts'H	em-mâ'ôn, al 12 sea, and
gʻîdi-dô'qL eaught	ēlx al g	g·ē'îpL qal-t	s'a'ps nēbē'p	ot. NLk 'ēt 13 e. Then
qa'nē-līwîla always	mālt al	nak*st h		i-t'ē'st hwîl 14 much being
off difficult to	gwis-qana'ot	g'ê. NLk''ē	sem-lō-qē't very in sor	x ^u L qâ'ôdEL 15 ry the heart
na'k 'stg 'ê.	K·'ē qa'nē-		'tk ^u L nak 'st ried his wife	ar hwîl 16

the people brought many elks and slaves. They brought enough elks to fill two houses. And he bought them with trout and dried halibut and salmon and bullhead; he bought many slaves. Then he gave a potlatch. He invited all the people from other places. Then he accomplished what he intended to do. The people went into his house, and he placed the elks and all his other goods and his slaves in the middle of the house. Then he said to his uncle, "You shall distribute them." His uncle agreed, and told him to put on the skin of the white bear. He also wore the great copper that he had thrown down from the tree when he still was the poor little boy. He placed the great copper on his head. Then he walked to the middle of the house and stood near the pile of elk skins; then he sang. When the song was ended, the chief said, "Now I will

1 g'ā'êLt. Hwä'i! Tgonl hwîll qal-ts'a'pg'ê. Gʻī'kudîl Liâ'n Well! This · did the people. They soid elks she lay. wi-hē'ldel K.'ē'lb'ell hwîlp LîLî'ng'it, Liâ'n. hwîl 2 ganL siaves, many elks. Twohouses being and 3 mêtmē'tkuL sqa'lsît qanı: gwa'lgwa Liâ'n lāΧ ar txöx' qanL full of elks he bought for trout and dry halibut and gwa'lgwa gwa'lgwa hân mas-q'ayā'it ganl wī-hē'ldem qanL salmon and dry bulihead and 5 Lill'ng itg'ê. NLk'ë yukt. Txa-wô'ôdel hwîl dzaxdzô'q. he gave a potlatch. slaves. Then All he invited the eamps. Nık'ē daa'qık"ı hwî'ltg'ê. NLk 'ë ts'elem-qâ'ôdeL La g'at what he did. Then he succeeded Then (perf.) into went people qanL ts'em-hwî'lpt. NLk · 'ē t'em-d'ā'll Liâ'n txanē'tk"L his Then into the he put middle and ali house. 8 lîg'i-hwî'ltg'ê qanL ' txanē'tk^uL NLk'ē LiLî'ng it. a'lg'îxs his goods and ail his slaves. Then he said "Āml gon!" anâ'qt. 9 nēbē'pt: dem ō'yigan NLk'ē NLk 'e "Good his uneie: it is thrown now!!! (fut.) Then Then agreed. away by you "DEIN 10 a'lg'îxs nēbē'pt: gulai'EnL anā'sL gulîk's-wô'xgutg'ê. his uncle: said "(Fut.) you put at himself skin of (the white bear). wī-o'q 11 NLk 'ēt huX hâx'L ьē sa-ô'x'deL Lgo-guä'Em the eop-Then aiso he (perf.) off thrown by Tgönl hwîlt: Lē-sg'ī'ît 12 Lgo-tk''ē'Lk". wī-o'q al lax-t'em-qē'st. little This he did: the cop-great per on he lald on on 13 Nik 'ē nkk 'e hetk t al t'em-iä'tg'ê, hwîl men-dô'xl Liâ'ng ê. Then Into the he went, mlddle then he stood at where up were laid 14 NLk 'ēt nık"ē se-lē'mîx'detg'ê. La sa-ba'xL lē'mîx', a'lg'îxL lie made Then a song. (Perf.) off off ran (ended) the song, then spoke

eall your name"; and he named him Growing-up-like-one-who-has-a-grandmother. When he had finished, he put off the great copper that he had used, and he put off the skin of the white bear, and he gave away the slaves to all his guests, and he gave them elk skins. When he had finished, they started away.

After he had finished, he again put on his frog blanket, intending to catch seals for food for the people. He found it very difficult to take off his frog blanket. Then he went to bed and told his wife, and she began to cry. He said, "When I put it on again, I shall not be able to take it off, and if I do so, I may not return; I shall only bring seals and halibut and place them in front of the town. I shall not

sem'â'g it:	"ĀmL dem				tk ^u detg·ê	1
	,	named	name."		named	
Masemsts'ē't			vä'i! Lēsk ^u t,	nık.'ēt s	a-mā'gaL	2
Growing-up-like who-has-a-grandn	nother	name.	ell! He finished,		ff he put	
	yîtg'ê. NLk		put the		-wô'xgut harking nite bear)	3
Lē gulā'yîtş	ad Then	k sax-g f	nā'mL LîLî'ı e gave slav		xanē'tk ^u L	4
hwîl dzaxo	lzô'q Lē	wô'ôtg 'ê.	NLk.'ē k	'sax-g'înā'm only he gave		5
aL txane'tl	k ^u L hwîl	dzaxdzô'q		ôtg ê. NLl		6
	k·'ē sē-lô'ôt hen they star		·'ē sa'k 'sku'c they we			7
Hwä'i!	ta tēsk	u _L hwîl	t, nlk.'ē	huXt	gulā'ı.	8
Well	When he finish	he di		again	he put	0
gwis-qanā'ot		mt huX	gʻîdi-dô'q	L txanē'tk		9
hlanket dEm g'ē'îr (fut.) food o		. NLk.'ē	(perf.) off d	ifficult his	s-qanā'ot	10
hwîl hwî'li what he did		lā'Ldetg'ê.	N_{Lk} ·' \bar{e}	to do hlank māLt aL he told to	nak st.	11
	k'sk ^u L hwî		k ^u L nak's	t. "Tseda	huX again	12
hwî'lēE, r 1 do so,	nLk.'ē nîg	în dem I (fut.)		daa'qLgut.	NLk·'ē	13_
	î'lēE, k·'ē lo so, then	nî'g'i			'sguēg 'ê. e perhaps.	14
DEM q'ar (Fut.) only	n-hwîl'am-dâ y ashore 1	'ēE ēlx lay seals	at in fr	ont of the town	qanı.	15

come ashore again, and I shall stay in the sea. All the year round I shall secretly put ashore seals, halibut, salmon, porpoises, sealions, and whales as food for my children." He said so every day.

One morning his wife went down to the beach in front of the town, and he was lost. He did not come ashore again. He stayed at the bottom of the sea. Therefore the woman, every morning when she rose, went down to the beach and cried, accompanied by her two children. They saw two halibut, and they took them up to the house. One morning she went out again, erying, and she looked seaward, crying, because her husband was lost in the sea. Then she

- 1 txōx: NLk·'ē nî'g'i dem huX ts'â'k'skuēe, dem lōhallbut. Then not (fut.) again I come ashore, (fut.) in
- 3 al dem q'a'nıts'en tsagam-d'ā'ldēe txanē'tk"l ēlx, txanē'tk"l at (fut.) seeretly ashore l put all seals, all
- 4 txōx', txanē'tk^uL hân, txanē'tk^uL dzīX, txanē'tk^uL t'ē'bEn, halibut, all salmon, all porpoises, all sealions,
- 5 txanē'tk"L Lpen dem g'ē'îpL Lg'i'E. Txanē'tk"L k'ōL dem my ehlldren.
- 6 hwîl hwî'lēE." Txanē'tk^uL sa hwîl hwî'ltg'ê.
- na'k 'stg'ê Hwä'i! k·'ēlL hē'ruk. nık'ë iaga-iä'L aL La down went his wife to Well! When one morning, then
- 8 qa-g a'ul ts'ap al la gwû'ôtkut. Nîg i huX ts'âk skut, la the front of the houses of town and (perf.) he was lost. Not again he eame ashore,
- 9 hwîl k''ē lō-g'a'dEL s'iä'nL mâ'ôn as nē'tg'ê. NîL qan hwîlL he helonged to the bottom of the sea to him. Therefore she did so
- 10 hana'q, na'k'stg'ê. Txanē'tk''L hē'Lùk hwîl g'în-hē'tk''t, k''ē the woman, hls wife. Every morning rising, then
- 11 lniX k'saxt at hwîlp, k''ē huX iaga-iä't at qa-g'ä'ut ts'ap.

 she went of the house, then again down she to the front of the houses of town.
- 12 NLk*'ē al qa'nē-hwîla wī-yē'tk^ut al k'ul-sel-stē'l bagadē'll Then always she eried and about accompanylng two
- 13 Lg'it. NLk'et g'aade'l hwîl La g'îna-dô'xL t'Epxā'tL txox'.

 ehildren. Then she saw where (perf.) right there two halihut.
- huX HuX k'ell hē'Luk hwîl k'saXL 14 Nik 'et bax-dô'qt. up she took Agaln one morning (when) agaln went out Then them.
- 15 hana'q at huX wī-yē'tk"t at qa-g-ä'ut ts'ap at t'uks-g-a'at the woman at again crying at infront of the houses of town sea looked

saw two seals. Growing-up-like-one-who-has-a-grandmother had given them as food to his children. Another morning she went down. She went down, crying, every morning. She saw a porpoise. She carried it up. Another morning she went down with her two children, and she saw a sealion. She went down and carried it up. Thus her children had always enough. Another morning she went down, and when she ceased crying she saw a great whale. Then she did not go down again, because she could not carry the whale. She said to her father's people "Fasten this whale to the house. The father of these children sent it here. He also sent the sealions, the

lax-ınâ'ôn. NeL La hwîl lō-tq'al-gwâ'tk"L na'k'stg'ê. on sea. He (perf.) heing in against lost her husband.	$_{\mathrm{Then}}^{\mathrm{NLk}\cdot\mathrm{'}\bar{\mathrm{e}}}$ 1
huXt gʻa'aL hwîl La huX gʻîna-dô'xL t'Epxā'tL again she where (perf.) again right lay two	ēlx. 2 seals.
At tsagam-g'î'ns Masemsts'ē'tsk'ul Lg'i'tg'ê. Nlk''ē huX He ashore gave Growlng-up-like-one- who-las-a-gandmother hls children. Then again	k·'ēlL 3
hē'Luk k''ē huX hwîlL hana'qg'ê, aL qa'nē-hwîla wī morning then again did so the woman, at always si	-yē'tk ^u t 4 he cried
al txanë'tk" l hë'lukg'ê. Nlk'ë huXt g'a'al hwîl g'în at every morning. Then again she saw where there	t lay
dzīX. NLk·'ē huX bax-dô'qdetg·ê. HuX k·'ēlL hē'Luk porpoise. Then again up she took them. Again one morning	k, k.'ē 6
ha'k'sem huX hwîll hana'qg'ê qanl bagadē'll lg'ît. once more again did so the woman and two her children.	NLk·'ēt 7
huX gʻa'at hwîl gʻîna-sgʻī'r t'ē'ben. Nrk·'ē huX ia	iga-iä't. 8
K·'ēt huX bax-gō'ut. NLk·'ē qa'nē-hwîla lts'ä'eL Lg·it. Then again up she went. Then always were satiated children	HuX 9
k·'ē'lL hē'Luk nLk·'ē huX k·saXL hana'qg'ĉ. NLk·'ē one morning then again went out the woman. Then	Lēsk ^u L 10
huX wī-yē'tk"t. NLk''ēt g'a'aL hwîl g'îna-sg'i'L w again she eried. Then she saw where right lay a there gree	ī-Lpe'n. 11 whale,
NLk·'ē nîg·i huX iaga-iä'êt aL hwîl wī-t'ē'sL Then not again down she beeause was large	the whale
q'ap-Lgu'ksaantg'ê. NeL qan a'lg'îxt al ts'aps neguâ'ôtg'ê: really she could not earry it. Therefore spoke to the people her father:	"Āml 13
nē'sem t'an tsagam-sî-dä'xl wī-lpe'n. Neguâ'ôdel k'ōpe you who ashore make fast the whale. The father of my first little	children,
nëllië' t'an tsagaui-ma'gat qanl txanë'tkul t'ë'ben, he who ashore put it and all sealions,	qanl 15

porpoises, the seals, and the halibut. He told me what he was going to do, because he could not get off his frog blanket, and now he really lives in the sea."

¹ txanē'tk"ı. dzīX, qanı txanē'tk"ı. ēlx, qanı txanē'tk"ı. txōx:.

² Iagait-ma'Ldetg'ê dem hwîlt as nē'E; aL hwîl La Already he told (fut.) he does to me; because (perf.)

³ sa-Lgu'ksk^uL wī-gwīs-qana'ot La g'ap-lō-hwî'lem ts'em-mâ'ôns off it could not his blanket frog (perf.) really in being in the sea

⁴ në'tg'ê."

LITTLE-EAGLE

A LEGEND OF THE EAGLE CLAN

[Told by Moses]

There was a large town. A chief was its master. He was the commander of all the men. His child was a noble prince. The child did not eat, but made bows and arrows all the time. Now the salmon arrived. Then the chief said to his people, "Catch salmon and dry them." The people did so. They dried many salmon. Then the prince took one salmon. He put it on the sand, and gave it to an eagle to eat. One eagle came, and then another one, and they ate

LGWA-XSKĪ'YÊK

LITTLE-EAGLE

	wī-qal-ts'a'p.			$m\bar{e}'nd\bar{e}t$.		1
There stood	a town.	One	ehief	its master.	That one	
an-a'lg ig	aL txanē'tk"L ler all		NLk·'ē		'uLk ^u tg'ê	2
semgal a very high	Lgo-wî'lk'sîLk ^u little prinee.			t, k·sax-h		3
on his he part made	qanL hawî'l arrows.	Then	when car	me the salmon	then	4
a'lg'îxL said	sem-â'g it al to	Lē ts'apt:	"Good mE	dem sem	sE-hē'ltL	5
hân aL salmon	me dem sem (fut.) you	gwa'lgut." dry them."	NLk·'ē	hwîlL did so	qal-ts'a'p.	6
NLk.'ē	wī-hē'lı hân many salmon	at gwa'll			L hwîlL '	7
	·sîLk ^u . Gō'ud inee. He too		L hân. salmon.		sg ît al s	8
lax-a'us the sand	at g'înL xsl he gave it an to eat to	r'a'ak' lât. eagle to him.	Then		xsk'āk'.	9
NLk.'ē l	mX ā'd'îk'sk"ı again eame			k·'ē g·ē'îpd en they at		0
					169	

the salmon. Many eagles did so. They ate all the salmon, and then they flew away again. The prince pulled out their feathers and gathered them. Then he was glad, and the eagles also were glad. The prince made arrows; he made many boxes full of them. He used the feathers of the eagles for making his arrows, fastening them to the shaft, and therefore his arrows were very swift. He gave salmon to many eagles. When the salmon were at an end, he stopped.

The prince did not eat. He only made arrows. Now it came to be winter. For about three months the Indians ate only dried salmon and berries mixed with grease and elderberries and eurrants. They

1	Wī-hē'lı xsk'āk'ı hwî'ltg'ê. Nık''ē dza'ldēl hân. Nık''ē Many eagles did so. Then they ate all the Then
	salmon.
2	lēba'yukt. NLk''ē dzaXL hwîl ts'â'ôts'aL txanē'tk"L qaq'ā'x'. they flew. Then much where he pulled out feathers.
3	Nîlne'l saxdâ'il lgō-wî'lk·sîlk ^u . Nlk·'ē lō-ā'ml qâ'ôtt.
	That is picked up the prince. Then he good heart, what little
4	Nık''ē ia'gai huX dē-lō-am'ā'nıı qaqâ'ôtı xsk āk. Hwa'i! Tgōn
	Then how- again on in good hearts the eagles. Well! This ever their part
5	hwîll Lgō-wî'lk'sîlk". Hawî'lg'ê, nîlne'l q'ap-dē-dzā'pt, Lgō'ulk"l
	did the prince. Arrows, those really on made the son of ittle
6	
	sem-â'g'it. K'sax-hawî'lı dē-dzā'pt sem-wī-hē'lt. Txanē'tk"ı the chief. Only arrows on he made very many. All
	HIS PALL
•	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$
	xsk·ā'k·g·ê, nel hâ'yît al hawî'l. Tq'al-dîx·da'k·ldît lât.
. 0	an eagle, that he used for an Against he fastened it to it.
	arrow.
9	Nēlne'l qan sem-alē-iä'ēdet. Wī-hē'll xsk'ak' t hwîl g'inā'ml
	ly went.
10	hâ'ng ê. Q'ap-ndal hwîl qâ'ôdel hân. Nlk'ē hawî'tg ê.
	salmon. Really where being finished the Then he stopped, salmon.
11	Nîg·idē yō'ôXk ^u l lgō-wî'lk·sîlk ^u g·ê. K·sax-hawî'll dē-dzā'pt.
٠	Not atc the prince. Only arrows on he made.
12	Nık'ë ā'd'îk'sk"ı dem hwîl mā'adem. Lā nak"ı hwîl
	Then eame (fut.) being snow. When long being
13	mā'adem lā lîg'î-gulaeldema lôgs, lā tgōni hwîli alō-g'ig'a't
	mā'adēm Lā lîg'î-gulaeldēma Lôqs, Lā tgōnL hwîlL alō-g'ig'a't, snow when about three maybe months, when this did the Indians,
	only salmon on they are and berries mixed and berries and clder-
	with grease Derries
10	and wild black All on were at on little husbes then
	currants,

ate all kinds of berries. Now the salmon was all used up. They did not give any salmon to the prinee. When the salmon was almost all used up, the great chief felt sad. He said to his great slave, "Go out and order the people to move." The great slave ran out, crying, "Move, great tribe!" The people did so. They moved in the morning. They left the chief's son and his little grandmother, and one little slave, who was still quite small. He was weak. There was no salmon. They only left him his boxes filled with arrows. But his mother buried a clam shell in which she had placed some fire and one-half of a large spring salmon. Then she told the little grandmother where she had hidden the fire and the salmon.

Now the people went aboard and moved away. Only the prince and his little grandmother and the little slave were left. They had no

dē-g·ē'îpdēt. NLk·'ē Lā qâ'ôdEL hân, nLk·'ē nî'g·îdēt g·ē'ndēL on they ate. their part their part the salmon, then not they gave food	1
to the prince to the When long the when nearly (fut.)	2
1 41 4414 14 14 14 14 14 14 14 14 14 14	3
salmon, heart of great	4
he said: "Adô, go out. Good hegin to to the town; order move	T
say so!" Thus he to the slave. Then out ran the slave:	5
(/T) = 1A/A 31 PT 1 PT 1 A1	6
1 - 1 TT 3	7
ntsē'ēts dē-k·'â'lL Lgo-xa'E; sEm-q'ai-tsetsō'osk'L Lgo-xa'E grand- also one little slave; very quite small was the slave	8
hao'ng'it dax-g'a'tt. Nîg'i sg'îL hân aL awa'aL Lgō-wî'lk'sîLk". not yet strong. Not was salmon at proximity the prince. ittle	9
K'sax-hwîl lō-daxdô'xL hawî'l. Wī-hē'lL xpē'ist hwîl 1 Only where in were the arrows. Many boxes heing	.0
$ \begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$.1
lâ'ôt dē-stô'ô wī-ya'E. NLK''ēt ma'LEL aL Lgō-ntsē'tstg'ê. in also one large spring them half salmon. Then she told to the grandmother. little	2
NLk''ē uks-qâ'ôdel luk. NLk''ē qam-k''â'll lgō-wî'lk'sîlk' 1 Then from they were they moved. Then only one little prince	.3
g'ina-d'a't qans ntsē'tst qanL Lgo-xa'E. Nîg'i sg'îL dEm 1 hehind was and his grand- and the little slave. Not was (fut.)	4

¹ This sentence is in Tsimshian dialect.

prince

food. Then the little old woman took the coal and made a fire. They did not eat for a whole day, and for a long time they had no food. Then the prinee went out. Early in the morning he sat outside. It was low water. Then an eagle was sereeching on the beach. The prince called his little slave: "See why the eagle is screeching on the beach." The slave ran down and eame to the place where the eagle was sitting. When he was near by, the eagle flew away and, behold, a little trout was lying on the sand. Then the little slave shouted, telling the prince, "A little trout, my dear, lies on the beach." Thus spoke the little slave. Then the prince said, "Take it." The little slave carried it up, and the prince ordered him to roast it. The slave roasted it,

1	gʻē'îpdētgʻê.	NLk'et go	uL Lgō	old pers	't laku.	NLk 'ēt
2	SE-IIIĒ'Lt. NLK'	ē txanē'tku	sa nîg	r'î txâ'xk ^u d	lētg'ê. Nī	ck"ē tā
3	nak ^u L hwî'ldēt long they did so	aqL-g·ī'po , without their food	dēt. Nik	r'ē k'saX	L Lgō-wî' the	lk'sîLk".
4	NLk''ē d'āt ' Then he sat	ar. ora/le	a ar.	hē'rnk	SEM-SO T	. akts
5	NLk''ē a'lg'îx Then spoke	L xsk ā'a	k' al	gʻī'îk's.	NLk·'ēt	wô'ôL
6	Lgō-wî'lk'sîLku the prince little	Lgo-Xa'E: ' the slave:	'Adô', g	g'a'aL an-l	nä'EL XSK says the	rāk aL eagle at
7	g'ī'îk's." NLk offshore." The	'ē uks-ba'x	L Lgo-X	ka'E. NLk	·'ē hagui toward	n-a'qLk ^u t
8	aL hwîl ded at where sa	1 - 1		A 84 A		
9	nLk.'ē g.iba'yuk	^a L xsk āk . (Gwinā'dēr	L, Lgo-lā'X	sîsg'ît al	lax-ā'us.
10	NLk ''ē wī-anı-l	nē'L Lgo-xa d the sla	'E, at ve, he	ma'LEL a	L Lgō-wî'	lk'sîLk ^u : prinee:
11	"A trout, iny dear,	, hwîl am	-sg·î't ai	L gʻä'u."	Dē'yaL	Lgo-xa'E
12	al ma'let. N and he told it.	Lk''ē a'lg'îx	L Lgö-W	î'lk'sîLk": prince:	"GōLē."	NLk·'ēt
13	gōl Lgo-xa'E.	Nık de	tsagam-i	ä'êt. Nuk	eriet om	ı-iâ'ôdet.
14	took it the slave. Lgō-wî'lk'sîLk'	al. Lgo-	xa'e.	NLk·'ēt iá	l'ôdel i	go-xa'E.

the little

slave.

Then

roasted it

slave.

and when it was done, he and the little old person ate it. The prince did not eat anything. Only the old person and the slave ate it.

Night eame and morning eame; then the prince went out again. Again he heard the eagles screeching on the beach. He sent down his little slave, who found a bullhead (seulpin). Then he told the prince, who ordered him to take it up. The little slave took it, and they roasted it. They did so for many days, and the eagles gave them trout and seulpin. Then they had enough to eat.

One morning the prince went out again, and he saw two eagles sitting on the beach screeching. He sent his little slave, who went

	a'nukst. it was done.				little	person.
Nî'gʻidēt Not	g'îpL Lg ate it th	o-wî'lk sîl e prinee. le	k ^u . Kʻsa	ax Lgō-v	wnd'ax-g 'a' t	t'an 2
g·ēîpt q	and the sla					3
NLk · 'ē	again it	ksa. NLl	k.'ē huX		k. NLk'ē	
went out t	gō-wî'lk*sîLl he prinee. ttle	ku. NLk 'ēi	t huX nE:	xna'L hwî heard wher	l a'lg'îxL x e spoke a	sk'āk' 5 an eagle
aL g'ī'îk	re. NLk 'e		ıks-lië'tsL from land he to sea sent			hwal 6
hwîl sg	gʻîL mas-qʻ lay a bnl	'ayā'it. K	K·'ēt ma'	LEL aL to	ьgō-wî′lk	
NLk 'ēt	huX g	un-gō'udeL	Lgō-wî	l'lk'sîLk". prinee.	NLk·'ē	huX 8
	go-xa'E. Ittle slave.	NLk•'et h	nuX iâ'ô	dēt qan	s ntsē'etsi	t. Lā 9 When
wī-hē'lL many	saL hwî'ld	lēt, La d so, when	wīhē'lL many	lāX qa trout a	inL mas-q'	ayā'it. 10 head.
T g'enL	xsk*āk*L the eagles	Lgō-wî'lk	sîLk ^u , nL	k·'ē La hen (perf.)		11
HuX Again	k''ē'ElL hē	Luk, nLk	r'ē huX n again	went out	Lgō-wî'lk'sîı the prinee ittle	ku al 12
gʻa'lEq. outside.	NLk'ē g	'a'aL hw'	îl hwanı re sat			epxā't. 13 two.
NLk 'ē Then	al'a'lg fixt	aL alay	gūwā'tdet. made noise.	NLk·'ē	t huX again	hētsl 14 he sent
Lgo-Xa'E. the slave. little	NLk 'e hu	aX uks-iē	'êL Lgo-x ent the sl little	a'E. NLL ave. Th	c'ēt huX en again	gʻa'at. 15 he looked.

down. He looked, and, behold, there was a salmon. Then he shouted and said, "There is a large salmon, my dear!" And the prince said, "Take it." The little slave said twice, "I can not take it." The prince went down himself and earried it up. They did so several days, finding salmon on the beach. They dried them.

Another morning the prinee went out again, and, behold, there were three eagles. They made much noise. The little slave went down, and, behold, there was a large spring salmon. Again the little slave said he could not earry it, and the prinee went down himself. He took it up, and the little old person, his little grandmother, split it. They did so many days. They dried spring salmon. They had very many now.

- 1 Gwinā'dēL, hân! NLk''ē hwîl k''ē wī-am-hē'L, at ma'LEL:

 Behold,
 a At once he shouted, he said:
- 2 "Wī-hâ'n, se, nāt!" NLk''ē a'lg'îxL Lgō-wî'lk'sîLk": "GōLāE!"

 "A salmon, look, my dear!"

 Then sald the prince: "Take it!"
- 3 Nlk'ë dë'lEHEXK"L Lgo-xa'E: "Lgu'ksaEnë," g'ë'lp'Ell hë'tg'ê,
 Then answered the slave: "I cannot do it," twice he said,
- 4 aL wī-am-hē't. NLk''ē uks-iä'êL Lgō-wî'lk'sîLk". NLk''ē nē shouting. Then from went the prince. Then he
- wī-hē'lı sal tan gō'ut. Hwäi! huXLa hwî'ldēt hân, aL who took it. Well1 When agaln many days they dld to salmon
- 6 Lā wī-hē'lt hwîl gwa'lukdētg ê. when many (verbal noun) they dried them.
- 7 Hwäi! NLk·'ē La huX k·'ēlL hē'Luk. NLk·'ē huX well Then again one morning. Then again
- 8 k·saXL Lgō-wî'lk·sîLku. Gwinā'dēL, xsk·āk·, gu'lān. NLk·'ē the prince. Behold, cagles, three. Then
- 9 hwud'ax-alēm-hē'det at alayuwā'adet. Ntk''ē huX uks-iä'êt they shouted making noise. Then again from went iand to sea
- 10 Lgo-xa'E. Gwinā'dēL, wī-ya'E. NLk''ēt ma'LEL Lgo-xa'E huX
 the slave. Behold, a spring the slave again large salmon.
- 11 Lgu'ksaant. NLk''ē huX lep-uks-iä'L Lgō-wî'lk'sîLku. NLk''ēt

 he could not do lt.

 Then again self from went land to sea little

 Then little
- 12 lep-gō'ut. NLk''ē tsagam-iä'êt. NLk''ēt q'ōL Lgō-wud'ax-g'a't, self he to land went. Then split the old person, it little
- 13 Lgo-ntsē'tstg'ê. Hwäi! La wī-hē'lL saL hwî'ldētg'ê aL
- 14 gwa'lukdēt ya'E Lā daā'qLkudet wī-hē'lt.

 they dried spring when they obtained many.

Another morning the prince went out again. The eagles had given them all kinds of fish, and their houses were full of dried salmon. The slave was quite large when all the salmon was gone.

One morning the prince went out again, and, behold, he saw an eagle far out on the water. He sent his slave down. The little slave had grown to be a little stronger. Behold, there was a large halibut. The little slave shouted, "There is a large halibut, my dear!" The prince said, "Take it"; but the little slave replied, "I can not carry it." The prince went down himself and dragged it up. The little grandmother split it, and they were satisfied. They did so for many

				nLk·'ē'			1
Then	agam	one	morning,	tnen	agam	went out	1
Lgō-wî'lk'sî:		txanē'tk":	L hwîl	lîk's-g'ig'a'	t hân a	an-hwî'nL that they did	2
xsk'āk' at the eagles the	tsagam-g	gʻe'ndeL gave food	Lgō-wî'lk	·sîlk ^u , Lā nee, when	lîg î-m	etme'tk ^u L	3
txanē'tk"L	huwî'lp a	L gwa'lg	wa hân.		'sL Lgo	-Xa'E Lā	4
hwîl am-qâ	nished tl						5
NLk 'e L		ďďik sku L	hē'Luk.	NLk·'ē hu	aX k'sa	XL Lgo- out the	6
wî'lk'sîLk".	Gwinā'd Behold,	ēL, xsk ā an eag	k huX	g a'at al he saw at	g'ī'îk's off shore fr	uks-nak ^u	7
tgō'stg ê.	NLk·'ē	huXt u	ks-hē'tsl	Lgo-xa'E. the slave. little	La (Perf.)	ts'ō'sœ'îm	8
masL Lgo- he grew tne llttle	xa'g'ê L	ā Lgō-v	vī-t'ē's.	Lā Lgo-da	ıx-gʻa'tt.	NLk·'ē	9
huX uks-is	ä'êt. Gwi	inā'dēL, ^{Behold,}	wī-txo'x. a hallbut.	NLk·'ē	huX w	ī-am-hē'L shouted	
Lgo-xa'E a	t ma'LEt	g·ê: "V	Vī-txox',	se, nāt!"	NLk · 'ē	ā'lg'îxL	11
little Lgō-wîlk'sîl the prince:	k": 'G	ōLä', g	ŌLä'.''	NLk 'ēt in	a ^t LEL he told	Lgo-xa'E: the slave:	12
"I can not do					ck ^u . NLl	k'et lep-	
		k'ët q'ë Then spli	L Lgo-n t it the little	tsē'tst. Ni grand- mother.		ın-lîtsä'îL ery were satisfied	
qaga'odētg 'd	A. Hwä'i Well!	i! Lā h (Perf.) a	uX wī-l	nē'lL saL any days	hwî'ldēt		15

days, and dried many halibut. Another house was full of dried halibut. Now they had caught all the salmon and all the halibut.

One morning the little prince went out again, and looked out. Behold, there were quite a number of eagles. He sent his little slave down. The slave went down, and when he came there, behold, there was a large seal. Then the little slave shouted twice, "There is a seal on the beach!" Again the prince went down. He took the seal and dragged it up to the house. He split it. Then they put the fat into a box and dried the meat. They did not take the bones. They did so many days, and filled another house.

Another morning the prince went out again and looked down. Behold, there were many eagles. Then the little slave went down

- 1 Lā huX wī-hē'll txox'l gwa'lk'dēt, lā huX k''ēll hwîlp house
- 2 hwîl mētk^uL gwa'lgwa txox: Hwä'i! La qâ'ôdeL txanē'tk^uL where full dry halibut. Well! (Perf.) it was snished
- 3 hân qant txox'. salmon and the halibut.
- 4 NLk*ē huX ā'd'îk*sk"L hē'Luk. NLk*'ē huX k*saXL Lgō-Then again eame the morning. Then again went out the little
- 5 wî'lk'sîLk". NLk''ē huX uks-g'a'ask"t. Gwinā'dēL, xsk'āk' q'ai-hē'lt.

 prinee. Then again from land he looked, Behold, eagles quite many.
- 6 NLk'ēt huX uks-hē'tsl lgo-xa'e. Nlk'ē huX uks-dā'ult. Nlk'ēt
 Then he again from land sent to sea the slave. Then again from land he to sea went. Then he
- 7 huX huwa't. Gwinā'dēL, wī-ē'lx. NLk''ē g'ē'lp'ElL wī-am-hē'L again reached them. Behold, a seal. Then twice shouted
- 9 Lgō-wî'lk'sîLk". NLK''ēt gō'uL ēlx. NLK''ēt tsagam-q'ä'êxqLt.
 the prinee. Then he took the seal. Then he from sea he dragged to land it.
- 10 NLk'ēt ba'Ldētg'ê. NLk'ēt lō-daxdô'xdēL hix' aL ts'Em-qal-hē'nq.

 Then he split it open. Then they in put fat to in box.
- 11 NLk'ēt gwa'lkudēiL smax't; Lā nî'g'i an-gō'deL tsits'ē'pt. Lā huX they dried the meat; not he took the bones. When again
- 12 wī-hē'lL sal hwî'ldetg'ê, lā huX k''ēlL hwîlp hwîl lō-dô'xt.
 many days they did so, (perf.) again one house where in it was.
- 13 NLk''ē La huX ā'd'îk'sk"L hē'Luk, nLk''ē huX k'saXL
 Then (perf.) again eame morning, then again went out
- 14 Lgō-wî'lk'sîLk". NLK''ē huX uks-g'a'ask"t. Gwinā'dēL, xsk'āk'
 the prince. Then again from he looked. Behold, eagles
- 15 wi-hē'lt. NLk''ēt huX uks-hē'tsL Lgo-xa'E Lā sEm-Lgo-dax-g'a'tL many. Then again from he sent the slave, really a strong little

again. He was now quite strong, because he had much to eat. When he got there, behold, there was a large porpoise. The little slave shouted twice. Then the prince went down and dragged it up to the house. They cut it and put the meat away. They filled another house.

Thus the eagles returned the food that the prinee had given to them in the summer. The eagles reciprocated. They pitied the prinee because he had pitied them in summer. The eagles were glad, and therefore they fed the prinee.

One morning the prince went out, and, behold, there were many eagles. He sent the little slave down, and when he went down and reached there, behold, there was a large sealion. Again the little slave

Lgo-xa'E,	$a_{\mathbf{L}}$		l wī-hē'lL				wîlt. 1
the slave,		because	much	he ate,	therefor	re	he was
		hwat.	Gwinā'dēL,	wī-dzī'X	. Nık·'ē	wī-am	-hē'L 2
Then	again	he reached	Behold,	a porpois	e. Then		
Loo-xa'E.	G·ē']	b'ell wi-	am-hē't. N	Lk'ë uk	s-iä'êt. Lø	ō-wî'lk's	sîr.k ^u . 3
the slave.	T	wice he	am-hē't. N	Then from	went the	prin	ce.
Then	again	from se	n-qä'ÊqLt. a he dragged it.	Then	again	they sp	oread nem.
			it. Nlk•'ē la				
Many			Then (per			one l	"TIP"
		put.					
Hwä'ı! Well!	Dēl	tk"L XS	k·ā'ak·g·ê the eagles	al Let	hwil g'i	ndel	Lgō- 6
	ca	ited				gave food	little
wî'lk'sîLk	ug*ê	aL hân	al g'î-sē'n	t. Nelne'i	L qan La	dē-dē'	ltk ^u L 7
prince		of salmon	in the last summer.	There	efore (per	f.) on re cheir part c	elpro- ated
xsk'āk'	Lat	sîtyä'wu	L La q	äem-qâ'ôL	Lgō-wî'	lk•sîLk ^u	as 8
the eagles	(perf.)	exchanged	(perf.)	they took plty on	the llttle	prince	from
nē'dētg ê.	NLk	·'ē sem-lē	i-am'ā'mī q	agâ'ôL xsk	rā'ak g'ê,	nîLne't	qan 9
them.	The	en very ln	good	hearts t	he eagles,	therei	fore
ьа dēt	-g 'î'nd	lēr ra	ō-wî'lk·sîLk ^t	1.			10
(perf.) on	they g	ave the	ō-wî'lk'sîLk ^t e prince. e		,		
Nr.k.'5	1.5	huX ā'a	e d'îksk ^u l hê	5/Eruk	Nr.k·'ē b	nX k	sa Xr. 11
Then			came 1			galn we	
Løō-wî'lk	·sît.k ^u .	Gwinā'	dēr, xsk ā	k'ı wi-hê	ë'ldet. N	Lk·'ēt	huX 12
		Behole	i, eagle	es me	iny.	Then	agaln
uks-hē'tsı	. Lg	ō-wî'lk'sîı	k ^u L Lgo-:	xa'e. Ni	k·'ē huX	uks	-iä'êL 13
from sent	the	e prinee le	k ^u L Lgo-	slave. T	hen agaln	from land to	went
Lgo-xa'E.	NLk	·'ēt huX	hwat.	Gwinā'dēl.	, wî-t'ē'b	en. Ni	k ''ēt 14
the slave.	Then	he again	reached there.	Behold,	a seali		
	a'LEL	Lgo-xa'	e Geath	ElL wi-a	m-bē't	at ma	LEL. 15
agaln	told it	the slav	e, Twie	ee he s	houted,	he t	old.
R	Δ E						
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told him. He shouted twice and told him. The prince heard it and went down, and, behold, there was a large sealion. Then he returned. He twisted cedar twigs and tied the sealions to the shore. When the tide rose, they drifted ashore, and when the water fell, they lay on the beach. Then they cut them. The sealions were very large and had much fat and much meat. They did this for many days. Then they had a great plenty.

Now the people of his father, who had left him, were dying. One morning the prince went out again, and there were very many eagles; not merely a few. There were a great many eagles on the water. They were flying ashore with a great whale. It lay there. Two nights and two days passed, and there lay another great whale. Then they cut it. (In olden times the Indians chopped the blubber of

1	NLk.'ē na	iXna'L L	gō-wî'lk	sîlk ^u .	NLk	e hul	X uk	s-iä'êt.
		litt	le				to s	sea went.
2	Gwinā'del, Behold,	wī-t'ē'bEn a sealion.	. NLk'Ö	lō-ya he ret	'Itk"t.	NLK'Ē Then	he twisted	q'ôqL. eedar twigs.
3	NLk 'ë na-g	gapgā'bet. y fastened it.	NLk 'ēt	q'am-	tsagam from sea	-sîdä'Ext. he fastened it.	NLk	'ë Lā n when
4	pta'lîk's, ni	k'e tse	tsagam	-o'lîk'sk	ut. N	ьк'ё ьа	Lô'ôL	ak's,
	the water	then	from sea	it driftee	đ.	Then when	went ou	t water,
5	nık.'ē g'îr		Nık 'et	ba'r.dē	ētorē.	Wī-hē'l	L LĒ	hîx't
6	qanl lē si	max't, al	hwîl	wī-t'ē'sL	t'ē'b	en. Hwi	i'i! Lā	huX
	and th	he meat, b	eeause	a large	sealı	on. Wel	il! (Per	f.) again
7	wī-hē'lL sai many day	hwî'ldēt	g · ê. Ni so. T	k·'ē La	a SEII	ı-wī-hē'li. mueh	dzā'p	dētg·ê.
8	K·'ē La	daXL t'a	n sak ^u s	sta'qsdēt ad left him	tg·ê.	Txanë'tk"	L qal	-ts'a'ps le of
9	neguâ'ôdet. his father.	NLK''ē 1	ā hnX	ā'd'îk'	sk ^u l l	hē'Luk.	NLk'ë Then	huX again
10	k'saxt. Gwi	nā'dēL, xs	sk'āk' 's:	Em-k·'a-	wī-hē'	t. Nî'g'î	huX again	q'am- only
11	anebō't. Lî	k's-g'a'tL, reat number,	qabē'L	xsk āk eagles,	, lax	-a'k's h	wîl hy	vî'ldēt. ney were.
12	Nda aL	k·'ē wī-	Lpe'n whale	tsagam- from sea	-dē-g·ē with	ba'yukdēt they flew.	g·ê.	NLk ·'ē
13	g'înā'-sg'ît	k''ē'lp'ell	axk ^u .	Nık'ë	hnX	k·'ē'lp'El	L sa.	Nik'e
	ieft itiay	two	nights.	Then	again	two	days.	Then
14	g'îna'-sg'îL	wī-Lpe'n.	Nık 'et	a'ô'tsdê	ēterê.	(T hwîl:	i'ont.	wal.En-
	lett lay	a whale.	Then	they cu	it it.	(Tha	t what	the

whales with stone axes in the same way that we chop wood.) Then they ehopped the blubber of the whale. Then the blubber came out where they hit it with the ax. Hohoho! They had a great deal, because the whale was very large. The eagles gave the prince and the little grandmother and the slave four whales.

Now the people of his father, who had left him, were dying. The eagles had finished giving food to the prince, and his houses were all full. The grease covered the sea in front of his house. Then the prince shot a gull. He skinned it and put on its skin. He took a piece of seal, not a large piece, and flew away. He went up above to see his father's tribe who had left him. He flew a long time, and,

gʻigʻa't Lpen.	Lô'ôbem c	lawī'sı.	hâ'x det	at ia'tsdē	L hîx't,	1
people the whale.	Stone	axes	they used	to ehop	the fat,	
hō'g'îxdēit. hwîl	t ia'tsL ehop	grat lal	Ku. NeLne	ē't hwîla'l	k ^u dētg·ê.) lid to it.)	2
Hwîl k 'e't ia't	hey Then	'ě k·si-}	oa/xr. t'ē		ıwîl iä'L vhere went	3
dawī's t ha-yā'tsc	letgrê. Nik	i ā'd'îk':	sk ^u L t'ēlx grease	. Hōhōhō . нōhōhō!	! Semgal Very	4
wī-t'ē'sı dza'pdēt						5
qan sem-ts'aXL very plenty	they made.	Well!	Four	whales	gʻînā'mı.	6
xsk*āk* aL Lgo- the eagles to the little	-wî'lk'sîLk ^u prince	qanl Lg	go-ntsē'êtsi is grand- tle mother	t qant x	a'E. the lave.	7
NLk·'ē La Then (perf.)	ā'd'îk'sk"L eame	dem (fut.)	hwîl being	daXL dying	qal-ts'a'ps the people of	S
neguâ'ôdet LE t	an ts'Ens-lo	u'kdētg'ê.	Hwä'i! Well!	Lā qâ'ôd When it was	EL g'înt	9
xsk'āk' Lgo-wî'	lk'sîLk". prince.	Nîg î h	uX hw	îlt La ey when	qâ'ôdet.	
Q'ap IĀ met Really (perf.) was	kuL · qal-ts full the to	'a'p. Ni	Lk · ē lē ·	La'pL t'e	Elx. aL	11
lax-a'k's. NLk's on water. Then	et guxl	Lgō-wî'l	k'sîLk"L	qē'wun.	Nık'ët	
tsa'adet. NLk''ēt	lō-Lô'ôtk ^u t put it on.	. NLk 'e	dôqı ē	elx nîg·i	t'êst'ē'st.	13
NLk'ē hwîl k'	`ē gʻeba'yu	ıkı Lgō-	wî'lk sîlk	NLK 'e	. dā'uLt;	14
lax-â'L yôxk"t above he followed	dem g'a's to se	al lē ts	aps neg	guâ'ôdet	La t'an	15

behold, he saw a canoe coming. The gull flew over the canoe, in which there were a number of men. Then the gull dropped the slice of seal into the canoe, and one of the hunters took it. It was very strange that a gull should drop a piece of dried seal into the canoe. They returned and landed. Then they told what had happened. The chief said to the man and to the slaves, "Go and look for my son." They left after he had told them. In the morning the man and some slaves started in a canoe. They paddled, and arrived at a point of land in front of the old village. Behold, the water ahead of them was covered with grease. It came from the place where they had left the prince. The man and the slaves paddled on. They went ashore at the place where the prince was staying. Behold, they had done a great deal. The houses were full of salmon and spring salmon

nakut 1 ts'Ens-lu'kt. hwîl g'eba'yukt, gwinā'dēL, La malL leaving had him moved. When (verbal noun) long he flew, behold, canoe 2 ā'd'îk'sk"t. Nık'e sem-lē-g'ibā'yukL qē'wun lax-ō'L māl hwîl Then very over flew the gull where on top canoe NLk·'ēt ksa-galē'L 3 lō-hwa'nL g'at. dâ'sgum ēlx aLlax-ō'L Then he were men. dropped a slice of seal 4 māl. NLk 'et gō'uL gwix '-wô'ôtg 'ê. NLk 'ē sem-lîk 's-g 'a't'ent Then he took it a hunter. Then strange very galē'del qē'wun al ts'em-māl. Nlk'ē lō-5 hwîl gwa'lgwa ēlxL dry seal dropped the gull at in the ya'ltk"detg'ê. NLk'e k·'a'tskudēitg'ê. NLk''ēt ma'Ldēt. NL qan they returned. Then they landed. Then he told. Therefore 7 her sem'â'g'ît "Adô', al. g'at qanL LîLî'ng'it: sem-g'a'al said the chief to and the slaves: "Adô", look for man 8 Lgō'uLguēg'ê!" sak^usta'qsdEt ALĒ an-hē'tg ê, nLk'ë hē'Luk. my son!" When they had left what he said, then 9 Nik 'e sī-g'â'ôtk" g'at qanl lîlî'ng'it ninēl NLk 'ē dedā'dēt. started in a the and the slaves those with him in the canoe. Then сапое man 10 hwā'x dētg ê. NLk'et hwa'dēL hwîl uks-hē'tk"ı. ts'Ewî'nqL. they paddled. Then they where from stood land to sea reached Gwinā'dēl, t'ēlx ā'd'îk'sk"t al qâ'qdet al lax-a'k's. Hwä'i! T Behold, grease came at their on on water. Well! 12 wîtkuL t'ēlx: aL qa-g'ä'u hwîl Lgo-wî'lk'sîLk". Nık'ē hwāx'L grease at in front of the little prince. Then the house of 13 g'a'tg'ê qanı LîLî'ng'it. N_Lk'ē lō-ba'xdet hwîl dzôqL Lgōthe man and the slaves. Then in they ran where staved 14 wî'lk'sîLk". Gwinā'deL, wī-t'ē'sL hwîl hwî'ldet. Metk"L qal-ts'a'p

Behold,

large

what

they had done.

Full was

and halibut and seals and porpoises and sealions and whales. Then they were much astonished. The slaves stretched out their hands and dipped up the grease from the surface of the water. Then they ate it. .

The prince did not tell them to land, but after a while they landed. Then they ate salmon, and they ate spring salmon and halibut and seal and porpoise and whale. Now the prince said, "Don't take anything home." Thus he spoke to the man and to the slaves. "Eat as much as you want, and then leave. Don't tell at home what you have seen." But one slave hid two pieces under his skin shirt. He dropped two pieces of seal in there because he thought of his child. The prince did not give the man and the slaves food. Then

al hân qanl ya'e qanl txox: qanl ēlx qanl dzīX qanl 1 of salmon and spring and halibut and seal and porpoise
t'ē'ben qanl lpen. Nlk''ēt sem-lō-sanā'lk''detg'ê. Nlk''ē tgōn 2 sealion and whale. Then very they were astonished. Then this
hwîll Lîlî'ng'it: t'uks-Lô'ôdel qa-an'ôndēt, at g'a'pdēl t'ēlx 3 did the slaves: out they stretched they are dipped up grease
al lax-a'k's. Nlk''ēt g'ē'îpdet. on on the Then they ate it.
NLk*'ē nî'g'i hēL Lgō-wî'lk'sîLk"L dem k''a'tsk"dētg'ê. NLk''ē 5 Then not said the prince (fut.) they land. Then
La sī-gō'n, nLk''ē k''a'tsk"det. NLk''ē x-hâ'ndētg''ê. NLk''ē 6 they landed. Then they salmon. Then
txanē'tk"L x-hâ'ndet, hân qanL txox qanL ēlx qanL dzīX 7 all they salmon, salmon and halibut and seal and porpoise
qanı ipen g'ē'îpdet. Nik''e tgön hel igö-wî'lk'sîlk'i 8 and whale they ate. Then this said the prince:
"Bon't take the rest out." De'ya al g'a'tg'ê qanl lîlî'ng'it. 9
"Dem q'am-lîtsē'ex't nē'sem, dem k'ē dā'ulsem! G'îlô' 10 "(Fut.) only satiated you, (fut.) then leave! Do not
me dze sem ma'lel atseda lā k''a'tsksem." G'ē'lp'ell dâsk 11 you tell when (perf.) you land." Two slices
tgōnL hwîlL xa'Eg'ê lō-d'Ep-nô'ôL k's-lawusgum txa't. NLnêt 12 this did a slave in downward the shirt of skin. That is
hwîl lō-d'ep-galē'ı g'ē'lp'elı dâ'sgum ē'lîx. At am-qâ'ôı 13 where in down he dropped two sliees of seal. He remembered
Lgō'uLkut. NLk'ē nî'g'î t g'anl Lgō-wî'lk'sîlku g'a'tg'ê qanl 14 his ehild. Then not he gave the prince to the man and food little

he sent them back. Then they reached the town from which they had started.

The prince had said to them, "Tell them that I am dead, and do not say that I have plenty to eat." The man and the slaves landed a little before dark. They went up to the houses and entered the chief's house. The chief asked, "Is my son still alive?" And the man replied, "I think he has been dead for a long time." The slaves and their families were living in one corner of the chief's house. Now they lay down. Then the slave took out a slice of seal meat and gave it to his wife, and he gave another one to his young child. The child ate it, but it did not chew it, and swallowed it at one gulp. The piece of seal choked the child. It almost died, because the seal meat was choking

the where they had come from.

- 4 NLK'Ē g'ĒlÔ IIIE dZE SEM Ma'LEL dZĒdZaX tSE hwî'lĒE." Hwäil
- 5 G'a'tg'ê qanı Lîlî'ng'it k'a'tsk"dēl lā ts'ōsk'l dem yu'ksa.

 The man and the slaves landed when a little (fut.) evening.
- 6 NLk''ē bax-Lô'ôdet. NLk''ē la'mdzîxdet aL hwîlpL sem'â'g'it.

 Then they went up. Then they entered at the house of the chief.
- 7 NLk''ēt g'ē'bexl sem'â'g'ît: "Nēl q'ai-dedē'lsl lgō'ulguēia?" Then asked the chief: "He still alive my son?"
- 8 NLk''ē tgönL hēL g'a'tg'ê: "La nak"L da nô'ôt-maE." Amō'sL
 Then this said the man: "Long he ls 1 think." The
- 9 hwîlpi. sem'â'g'ît hwîl dzôqi. Lîlî'ng'it qani. nak'st qani. the honse the chief where lived the slaves and his wife and
- 10 Lgo-Lgō'uLk't. NLk'ē Lā lalā'Ldetg'ê. NLk'ēt gō'uL xa'E his chiid. Then they lay down. Then he took the slave
- 11 k'ēlu dâ'sgum ē'lix. Nuk'ēt g'înā'ınt au nak'st. Nuk'ēt huX one slice of seal. Then gave it to his wife. Then again
- 12 g'înā'nıl k''ē'Elt al lgō'ulk"t, lgo-q'ai-ts'ets'ō'osk'l lgo-tk''ē'lk"g'ê.

 he gave one to his ehild, a still small was the little

 child.
- 13 Hwä'i! G'ë'bEL Lgo-tk''ë'Lk"L ë'lix. NLk''ë nîg'ît qënt, txā-Weii! It ate it the child the seal. Then not it chewed all
- 14 p'axlô'qgnt. Nlk''ē t'a'g'aqstg'ê. Nlk''ē ā'd'îk'sk"l dem at one gulp lt swallowed it.

 Then it was choking. Then it came (fut.)
- 15 hwîl nô'ôt. Lgo-tk*'ē'Lk" at hwîl sqa-d'ā't. ē'hîx at the chiid because across was the at little the way scal

it. The child's mother put her hand into its mouth, trying to pull out the piece of seal, but she could not reach it. Her hand was too short. Then she cried. Now the chief's wife rose and went to the crying woman. She asked her, "Why do you cry?" The slave's wife replied, "My child is choking. We do not know what is obstructing its breath." Then the chieftainess put her hand into the mouth of the child. Her fingers were long. Her hand reached down, and she felt the slice of seal. Then she took it out. Then she knew what it was. Behold, it was seal meat. Then she told the chief, and he asked, "Where did that come from?" He saw that it was boiled seal meat, therefore he asked. Then they told him that the old town was full of the meat of trout and salmon and spring salmon and halibut and seals

$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$
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sqô'k·skut. Deldē'lpkul an'ô'nl hana'qg·ê. Nlk·'ē wī-t'ē'sl 3 it was beyond reach. Short were the hands of the woman. Then much
hwîl sīg'a'tk"dētg'ê. NL qan g'in-hē'tk"L nak'sL sEm'â'g'ît. 4 (verhal noun) Therefore rose the wife of
NLk''ē iä'êt aL awa'aL hwîl hahä'Et. NLk''ē a'lg'îxt: ''Agō'L 5 Then she to the prox- they were crying. Then she said: "Why
qan hahä'sem?" NLk:'ē dē'lemexk"L nak:sL xa'eg:ê: "Nîg:î 6 do you cry?" Then answered the wife the slave: "Not
dep hwîlā'x t sqa-d'ā't al k'si-yô'xk"l nālql lgo-tk''ē'lk"." 7 we know across is at out goes the the child."
NLk'ë lō-d'ep-Lô'ôdel sîg'idemna'q an'ô'nt al ts'em-ā'ql 8 Then in down put the chieftainess her hand at in the mouth of
Lgo-tk·'ē'lk". Nē'lek qa-tsēwê'nttg·ê. NLk·'ē lō-d'ep-a'qLk"L 9 the child. Long were her fingers. Then in down reached little
an'ô'nL sîg'idemna'q. NLk''ē baqL hwîl sqa-d'ā'L dâ'sgum ēlx. 10 the hand the chieftainess. Then she felt where across was a slice of seal.
NLk''ē k'si-dô'qt. NLk''ē k'si-daa'qLk''t. NLk''ēt hwîlā'x't. 11 Then out she took tit. Then she knew it. reach.
Gwinā'dēl, ēlx! NLk''ēt ma'lel sîg'idemna'q al sem'â'g'ît. 12 Behold, seal! Then told the chieftainess to the chief.
NLk'ë g'î'daxl sem'â'g'it tse hwîl wîtk"t. Hwîla'yît hwîl 13 Then asked the chief where it came from.
a'nuksem ēlxt. Nilne't qan g'îda'xt. Nik*'ēt ma'ldētg'ê lā 14 done (cooked) scal. Therefore he asked. Then they told him (perf.)
metk ^u L qal-ts'a'p at lāX qanı hân qant ya'e qant txox 15 full was the town of trout and salmon and spring and halibut

and porpoises and sealions and whales; that there were four whales, and that the water was covered with grease. They said that the town was full of provisions. Then the chief and the chieftainess and all the princes' uncles could not sleep. One of his uncles had two daughters who were exceedingly pretty.

Early in the morning the chief said, "Order the people to return to the place where we left the prince." He did so on account of the information he had received. Then they arrived, and behold, they saw grease covering the water. Then one of the prince's uncles dressed up his two daughters. Then boards were put across the middle of the canoe, and the children were placed on them. He thought, "My nephew shall marry my daughters." Many canoes were approaching

- 1 qanı ēlx qanı dzīX qanı t'ē'ben qanı ıpen, txalpxı ipen. and sealion and whale, four whales.
- 2 ·NLk·'ē metk^uL lax·a'k·s aL t'ēlx·. NLk·'ē sem-k·'a·wi-t'ē'sL Then full it was on the water of grease. Then really very much

- 5 K''âlı nebē'ptg'ê bagadē'lı lg'ît max-hāna'q, sem-k''a-lîk's-g'a't
 One his mother's two children all women, very exceedingly
- 6 ama lē'mqsît.
- 7 NLk''ē sem-hē'luk, nLk''ē a'lg'îxl sem'â'g'ît. At gun-lu'kl ts'ap
 Then very in morning, then said the chief. He ordered to move town
- 8 al dem lō-hēlya'ltkut al awa'al lgō-wî'lk*sîlku, al hwîl to (fut.) return to the prox-the prince, because
- 9 Lāt naxna'l, wī-t'ē's hwî'ltg ê. Nlk'ē daa'qlk'det ya'ltk'dēt (perf.) he heard, great he did so. Then they arrived they returned
- 10 aL awa'aL Lgō-wîlk'sîLku. NLk''ō La ad'ā'd'îk'sdōt, gwinā'dēL,
 to the proximity of little prince. Then when they came, behold,
- 11 t'ē'lix' Lā g'a'adet al lax-a'k's. Nlk''ēt nō't'enl k''âlı nebē'pl grease (perf.) they saw at on the the dressed one uncle
- 12 Lgō'uLkutg'ê qanL huX k''âl, bagadē'ltg'ê. NLk''ēt lē-sqahis child and also one, two. Then on side-
- 13 sg î'L lō-sē'lukL d'ā-gan aL NeL t hwîl lē-hwa'ndēL māl. sit- sticks at the middle of the That where they sit on put canoe.
- 14 Lg'î'tg'ê. Tgōnı hēl qâ'ôtl nebē'pı Lgo-wî'lk'sîlk"g'ê: the ehildren. This said the heart the uncle the prince:
- 15 "Dem na'k'sgul guslë'sëe lgö'ulguëe qanl huX k'âlt."

 "(Fut.) marry my nephew my child and again one."

the land. Then the prince went out. He did not allow them to land. He took one box out and opened it. He took a bow and arrows out of it and shot at the eanoes. He did not desire them to come, because they had deserted him. Therefore he was very angry. But finally the people landed and went up. They made little sheds, and he gave food to his father and mother. He pitied them, therefore he did so. When they were approaching the shore one woman stretched out her hands to cat the grease that she saw on the water. Therefore the prince, the chief's son, was ashamed. He did not marry her, but he married only the younger one.

The people went ashore. Then the prince invited them into his

Nık ''ē ad'ā'd'îk 'sdē'			k'saXL 1
Lgo-wî'lk'sîLk". Nî'g'		·'ēsk·'a'tskdēt.	Nık.'ēt 2
k'si-gō'uL k''ēlL xpē out took one bo	'is. NLk''ē k'si-gō'u x. Then out he too it	at aL g'alq.	NLk.'ēt 3 Then he
q'ā'gat. NLk''ēt lō-g	gō'uL ha-Xda'k" o	and hawî'l.	NLk 'et 4
$\begin{array}{ccc} guX_L & txan\bar{e}'tk^uL & mn\\ & \text{all the} & \text{eane} \end{array}$	nāl. Nî'g î hasa'qt noes. Not he wanted	aL dem ad'ā' to (fut.) the	d'îk'sk"t 5
aL t hwîl sīsākusta'c beeause they had left	qsdēit nē'tg ê. Nêln behind him.		ueh (verhal
lō-sī'êpk"L qâ'ôtt. NL	k·'ē k·'ēsk·'a'tskt wi	i-hē'ldem g'at. many people.	NLk.'ē 7
bax-Lô'ôdet. NLk'ē up they went. Then	dzîpdzā'pdēL k'ōpE-l	nwî'lp haq'ô'L.	N _L k·'ē 8
yukı t g'înı ı began he to give food 1	Lgo-wî'lk'sîLk" nEg	uâ'ôdet qans s father and	nôxt. 9
Q'äL-qâ'ôdEt lât qan He took pity on there- them fore	hwîlt. TgōnL hwîlL	k 'all hana'qg	ê. Q'ai 10
tse tsagam-yu'kl māl	at on the then sh		
at g·ē'îpL t'ēlx· she ate grease	al gea'at al lar seeing on on	the 1	Therefore
dzâqL Lgo-wî'lk'sîLku was the prince, ashamed little	, Lgō'uLkuL SEM'é the child of the c	î'g it. Nık 'ē	nî'g:ît 13
nak'sk'ut; q'am-k'â'l married her; only one	Lgo-ts'Ewî'ng'it, nîLl	ne'L na'k'sgutg er he married.	·ê. 14
Nık 'e lā tsag	gam-qâ'ôdel qal-ts'	a'p, nlk.'ēt	wô'ôL 15

house. The people went in and he gave them meat of trout and salmon and spring salmon and halibut and seals and porpoises and sealions and whales. He gave them to eat. Then his father's people were very glad, and the people gave the prince elk skins and all kinds of goods, eanoes, and slaves.

Now the prince came to be a great chief. He had four houses full of clk skins, many slaves, and many canoes. He was a great chief. When his father died, he gave a potlatch. He invited all the people in, and gave away many clk skins and slaves, because his father had been a great chief. After he had given this potlatch his mother died. Then he gave another potlatch. Again he invited all the peo-

	Lgo-wî'lk'								
2	txâ'g'ant. he made them cat.	LāX1	L g'î']	odetg ê	qani	L hân salmon	qanL and	ya'E spring salmon	qanL and
3	txox qan	nL ēlx	qant d	zîX orpolse	and t	ë'ben seallon	qanL I	Lpen. whale.	NLk'e Then
4	k sax-g in		La qa-ts	s'ō'ot. me.	NLK.'ē	sem- very	lō-am'ā in go	od od	agô'ôL bearts
5	qal-ts'a'ps	nE	guâ'ôdet. _{hls father.}	N	Lk"ēt	g·ēki bough	L qu	al-ts'a'p	aL of
6	Lgo-wî'lk	sîrk ^u nee	aL Liâ' for elk	n qa	inL tx	anē'tk ^u ī all		î-hwî'l goods	
7	mmāl qa				t.				
8	NLk·'ē	wī-t'ē'	sL hwî	l sei	m'â'g'iL a chief	Lgo-W	î'lk'sîL prince.	k ^u . T	xalpxL Four
9	huwî'lp	hwîl	metme'	$\mathrm{tk^u}_{\mathrm{L}}$	Liâ'n.	NLk.	e se	m-k•a-w	vi-hē'lL any
10	Lîll'ng it	qanL and	mmāl. eanoes.	NLk	c.'ē w	vī-t'ē'sL e was great	hwîl helng	sem a	'â'g it. ehlef.
11	NLk.'ē	nô'ôs died	nEguâ'ôd his fathe	et.]	NLk·'ē	ynkt,	wô'ô	L txa	nē'tk"L
12	hwîl dze the ear	exdzô'q.	N_{Lk} 'ē	wi-hē'	ll Liâ'	n g'înā' s he ga	'mt qa	ını lî	Lî'ng'it
13	aL hwîl	wi-t'e		a'â'g it	s negu	ıâ'ôdet.	Hwäi	i! Lā	Lēsk ^u L
14	yu'ktg'ê,	nît k	'ē huX	nô'ôs dled	nôxt.	NLk·'ē	ha'ts'	Ek'sEm	huX onee
15	yukt. he gave a potlatch.	Hux t	xa-wô'ôd all he invit	ēL h		dzexdzô	q. N	NLk 'et	huX again

ple, and gave them elk skins and slaves and eanoes. He became a great chief, because he fed the eagles, and the eagles had pitied him. Therefore he became a great chief. His name was Little-eagle.

g:înã'mL Liâ'n gave elks	qanl LîLî'ng	it qanı mmāl.		wī-t'ē'sL f.) he was great	1
hwîl sem'â'g'it being a chief,		g'ēnL xsk'ā'k'g he gave food to the eagles.		sîtyä'wuL returned it	2
xsk'āk' Lē the eagles the	qäêm-qâ'ôdet. _{pity.}	NLnēL qan Therefore	wi-t'ē'sL he was a great	sem'â'g it.	3
Lgwa-xskī'yêkL					4

SHE-WHO-HAS-A-LABRET-ON-ONE-SIDE

[Told by Moses]

There was a town. There was a chief and a chieftainess. They had a son. He was almost grown up. He had four friends, who were always near him. They were playing all the time. Once upon a time one of them went out of the house. He saw a little slave girl coming along the street. She entered the last house of the town. There she sat down near the fire. Then the wife of the owner rose, took the back of a salmen, and gave it to the little slave girl, but she did not accept it. The little slave girl rose and left the house. She

K.'AL-HÄ'TGUM Q'Ē'SEMK"

ON-ONE-SIDE-STANDING-LABRET

1	Hētk'	uL qal	ts'a'p.	NLK'ē Then	k·'âlL	sem	'â'g'it,	nLk.	ē huX
2	k''âlL'	sîgʻidem ebieftain	ina'q. Hy	väi! K	âlt Lgō	uLk ^u s ehild	t tk·'ē	'Lgum	g'at. La when
	ts'ō'osk	'L den	n wīt'ē's iarge,	t, txa	lpxdâ'l	an-s		ensk ^u t.	
4	qa'ne-h	wila li	ō-hwa'nde n they sat	t aL	awa'a	X-	gō'uLk	K ^u L SI	m'â'g it.
5			L hwî'ld y they did		nak ^u L	hw			'nē-hwîla aiways
6	qalā'qde	et. NLl	c.'ē si-gē en after whil	o'n, nLk	n wen	aXL at out	k·'âlt.	NLk 'ë	t gʻa'aL he saw
7			yukl Lgo						wîlo aL
•	where on	the street	eame a	siave.	Vory in	gasya et of ro	u st	ond a	house at
			eame a little						
8			Nel hy	vîl ts'	ēnl L	go-wa	tk ^u .	NLk''ē	d'āt al
	the end of	the town.	That wh	ere ente	ered th	ne sia	ve	Then	she sat at
9			Nık.'ē	hātk				tor:	
	the end	the fire	Then	stoo	. I II	o wife	ga	ng C.	Then
	of					oi			
10	gōuL	Lē	k 'ôEL	hân.	Nrk.	'ēt	g'ēnī	Lg	o-wa'tk ^u .
	she took		the back	a salmon.	Ther	1	she gave	e the	e siave girl. ie
11	Nık.'ē	nî′orii	t gō'ut.						
	Then	not	she took	The					nee more
10	1 37		it.		8	tood.	The		
12	huX	k'saXt.	Nık.'ē	huX	ts'ënt	aL			hwîlp.
	again	she went	Then	again	she entered	In	again	one	house.
	188	8							

entered another house, and again sat down near the fire. The wife of the owner rose and gave her the backs of salmon to eat, but she did not accept them. She left the house. She did so in every house.

The friend of the chief's son who had gone out re-entered and said to the prince, "A little slave girl is eoming along the street." Then his friends spoke: "Why don't you marry her when she eomes in here?" When she came near the chief's house, they took a mat and spread it in the rear of the house. The prince sat down on it. Then the little slave girl entered. Her head was very large. She was not at all clean. One of the prince's friends said, "Sit down over here." Then the little slave girl walked to the rear of the house and sat down by the side of the prince. His friends started a large fire. Her hands,

NLk''ē huX d'āt al q'apl lak". Nlk''ē huX hētk"l nak'sl 1 Then again she sat at the end the fire. Then again stood the wife of	1
gat. NLk'ët huX gent at k'ôt. NLk'ë nî'git gelîpt. 2 the man. she gave of haek. Then not she ate it.	2
NLk·'ē ha'ts'îk'sEm k'saXt. Txanē'tk"L huwî'lp hwîl hwî'lt. 3 Then onee more she went out. All houses she did so.	3
NLk·'ē k·saXL k·'âlL g·at, an-siep'ē'nskuL Lgō'uLkuL 4 Then he went out one man, a friend of the son of	4
sEin'â'g'it. NLk''ē ha'ts'îk'sEni huX ts'ēnt. NLk''ē a'lg'îxt the chief. Then once more again he entered. Then he spoke	5
al Lgo-wî'lk'sîlk': "Sīsîsag'ap-yukl Lgo-wa'tk'." Nlk''ē to the prince: "On the street is coming little Then	6
al'a'lg'îxL an-sepsī'ep'ensk"L Lgo-wî'lk'sîLk". TgōnL hē'det: 7 spoke the friends of the prince. This they said:	7
"Ah! Good you (fut.) marry her, when '(perf.) also she enters." NLk' et 8	3
gō'udel sqa'maa. K.'ēt ba'ldet al q'alā'n. Nlk''ē lē-d'ā'l lgo- g they took a mat. Then they spread at rear of house. Then on sat the little	9
wî'lk'sîLk" lâ'Et. NLk''ē ā'd'îk'sk"L Lgo-wa'tk". NLk''ē ts'ēnt, 10)
Qa-la'îL Lgo-t'Em-q'ē'st; nî'g'i sak'sk"t. NLk''ē a'lg'îxL k''âlL 11 As large her head; not elean. Then spoke one	1
an-sī'ep'enskul lgo-wî'lk'sîlku: "Hwagait-g'ē'ê dem hwîl d'ān." 12 friend of the prince: "Over there is (fut.) where you sit down."	2
NLk''ē g'îmē-iā'L Lgo-wa'tk". NLk''ē d'āt aL stô'ôk'sL Lgo- 13 Then to rear went the slave Then she sat at the side of the little girl.	3
wî'lk'sîLk". NLk''ē yukt se-me'Lt an-sîpsī'ep'ensk"t lak". NLk''ē 14 prince. Then began to hurn the friends fire. Then	1
wī-me'll laku. Txanē'tkul an'o'nt qanl qasîsa'it qanl lîpla'nt 15 much hurnt the fire. All her hands and her feet and her body	5

her feet, and her whole body were covered with scabs. The prince's friends saw it. Then the chieftainess rose. She took some dry salmon, roasted it at the fire, and when it was done she broke it to pieces and put it into a dish, which she placed before the boy and the little slave girl. Then they ate. When the dish was empty, one of the friends stepped up to them, intending to take the dish. Then the little slave girl took one large seab from her body and put it into the dish. She said, "Place it in front of the chief." One of the men did so. The great chief looked at it. Behold, it was a large abalone shell. Then the chief was very glad.

The chieftainess took another dish, and she put into it crab apples mixed with grease. Another man placed it in front of the prince and

- 1 liwîl tq'al-hwa'nL ama'lku g'ā'aL at an-sepsī'ep'ensk"L against were seabs they the friends of 2 Lgo-wî'lk'sîLk". NLk'ē hētk^uL sîgʻidemna'q. NLk 'ēt gōuL
- the prince. Then stood the chieftainess. Then she took little
- 3 gwa'lgwa hân. NLk'ēt meLt aL lax-ts'ä'L lak". NLk'ē a'nukst. dry salmon. Then she roasted at on edge of fire. Then it was done
- 4 Nik'ēt xtsē'elt. NLk 'et lō-dô'xt ts'Em-ts'a'k'. NLk 'ē aL Then she broke it Then in she put at in dish. Then to pieces.
- 6 txâ'xkudetg'ê. NLk''ēt lō-dza'Ldel. ts'ak'. NLk''ē hagun-iä'L they ate. Then in they ate all dish. Then toward went
- 7 k·'âlı an-sī'ep'ensk^ut dem t'an gō'ul ts'ak'. Nık·'ēt
- 8 g'îdi-gō'uL Lgo-wa'tk". NLk''ē sā-gō'udeL k''ēlL wī-ama'lk".
- 9 Tgön hwîl tq'al-d'ā't. NLk''ēt lō-sg'i't aL ts'Em-ts'a'k'. NLk''ē This where against it was. Then in she laid at in the dish. Then
- 10 a'lg'îxL Lgo-wa'tk": "Qa-sä'XL sEin'â'g'it me hwîl sg'it." NLk''ē said the slave girl: "In front of the chief you where lay it." Then
- 11 hwîll k'âll g'at. Nlk''ēt g'a'al wī-sem'â'g'it. Gwinā'dēl, did so one person. Then saw it the chief. Behold,
- 12 wī-belā'. Nlk''ē sem-lō-ā'ml qâ'ôl sem'â'g'it.

 a haliotis great shell. the chief.
- 13 NLk''ēt huX gō'uL sîg'idemna'q ts'ak'. NLk''ēt lō-g'a'nL the chieftainess a dish. Then in she put
- 14 La'ix lâ'ôt. NLk 'et lıuX sgriL k''âlL g'at qa-sä'XL aL crab apple and grease in it. Then again laid it one person front of at

the little slave girl. (In olden times the people used to call this "slave wife.") When they had eaten, she took off another scab, and, behold, there was a large abalone shell. That is what was on her body. She placed it in the dish, and then she said, "Place it before the chieftainess." A man did so. Then the chief and the ehieftainess and the prince were very glad when they knew that she was not a slave, as the prince's friend had said.

Now they finished eating. In the evening a woman came to the house and pushed aside the door. She stood in the doorway and said, "Did not She-who-has-a-labret-on-one-side enter this house?" One of the prince's friends said, "Come in, come in! She has married the chief's son." The woman replied, "Indeed, my dear, then take good

Lgo-wî'lk'sîLk" the prince						igʻa't 1 eople
aL na'k'sEm at wife	watk ^u .) N					qant 2
Lgo-wî'lk sîLk".	NLk.'ēt	huX also	sā-gō'ud off shep	HEL k·'ē	lL wī-l	bElā'. 3 haliotis shell.
NLne'L tq'al-hy That against	va'nt aL were on	LEPLa'nt her hody.	. NLk '	et huX	lō-sg'i't	aL 4
ts'Em-ts'a'k'.	NLk.'ē	tgõn this	hēL Lg	o-wa'tk": e slave girl:	"Qa-s	sä'XL 5
sîg'idEmna'q r	neLne' ini	e hwîl	sgrit."	Nık'ē	hwîlL	k·'âlı 6
g 'a'tg 'ê. NLk''	ē sem-lō-ā' very in g	mL qâ'ôi	sem'â'g	git qant	sîgʻider	nna'q 7
qanl Lgo-wî'lland the prolittle	r'sîLk ^u La inee whe	nîgʻit n not	hwîlā'x they kn	det nî'g	ot a	n'tk ^u L 8
sgōst dē-hē'de	an-sîpsī'ep	ls of				9
NLk''e La q	a'ôdel txa	î'xk ^u detg' they ate;	ê; nLk·	when i	ı'ksa, r	nk.'ē 10
ā'd'îk'sk"L hang came a wor	a'q al go	a'lEq. N	î'g'i ts'ē	nt, q'am	-k·'āL-Lô	'ôdel 11 she ushed
ā'dz'Ep. NLk.'ē	ts'ElEm-l	oo'tkut	VILE O	'lg'îxt: '	Notar .	tu ² āna 10
K·'āl-hä'tgum On-one- standing- side-	q'ē'semq lahret	al ts'E	m-hwîlbā	'?" NL	k•'ë a′l	g'îxl 13
k·'âlı an-sī'ep'	The letter T	oro ===^/1]-+o	A_ 1 12 44 FT	D-1-	/13-2=	
one friend Nak^*sk^uL $Lg\bar{o}$ She married the	d of t	he princ	e: "(Come	Come	se! 14

eare of her." Thus said the woman who was standing in the doorway. She continued, "My people will come to visit the chief's son to give food to him. They will bring much food—boxes of grease, boxes of erab apples mixed with grease, boxes of eraberries, soapberries, and dried meat, and much fat."

It grew dark. Early the next morning there was a fog on the river. Then many canoes that were full of boxes approached. One canoe was full of boxes of erab apples, one was full of berries, another one full of soapberries, another one full of meat, still another one full of fat, and two canoes were full of elk skins, marten skins, and copper plates. They put them into the house of the chief,

- 1 k'ōpe-ama-g'a'adesem." NLk''ē a'lg'îxL hana'q ts'elem-hē'tk"tg'ê.

 a little well look out for her." Then said the woman into she stood.
- 2 TgōnL hē'tg'ê: "Dem ā'd'îk'sk"L Lē ts'ā'bē, dem t'an she said: "(Fut.) come my feonle. (fut.) who
- 3 g'ēnl lgō'ulkul sem'â'g'it al wī-hē'ldem wunē'x'; ande-t'ē'lx' give the son of the chief at much food; box of grease
- qanL hwîl 4 qanL ande-La'îx ande-t'emē'et lō-dô'xL qanL and box crah apple and box (a red berry) and where in are of and grease; of
- lō-dô'xL îs 5 ma'E qanL hwîl qanL gwa'lgwa smax'. NLk 'e and berries where soap-berries in are and dry mcat.
- 6 sem-wī-hē'lı hîx:."
 very much fat."
- 7 Nlk''ē yu'ksa, nlk''ē sem-hē'luk. Nlk''ē sg'il iē'n.
 Then evenlng, then very morning. Then there was fog.
- 8 NLk'ë ā'd'îk'sk"L wī-hē'ldeL mmāl. Metk"L q'amā'êdeL Then came many canoes. It was full one canoe
- 9 māl al heē'neq. Nlk''ē huX q'amä'êdel māl; metk"t canoe of boxes. Then again one canoe canoe; lt was full
- 10 al ande-la'îx. Nlk'ë huX q'amä'êdel māl; metk"t al of box crab apples of and grease.
- 11 hwîl lō-dô'xL HuX hwîll ma'E. huXk·'ēlL māl. HuXwhere in were herrles. Also Was so more one canoc. Also
- 12 metk^ut aL hwîl lō-dô'xL îs. NLk ''ē huXhwîlL lmXit was full of where were Then also Was so more
- 13 k''ēlu, metk^ut aL smax'. Nık 'e huX metkuL hu:X k·'ēlt lt was full of Then meat. also full also
- 14 al hîx: Nlk'ē qalbā'êlk^usı mmāl hwîl mîtme'tk^ul liâ'n of fat. Then two cauces cances where full elks
- 15 qanı txanë'tk"ı hat' qanı haya'tsk". Nık''ë metk"ı hwîlpı and all marten and copper Then was full the house of

which was entirely filled by the goods. Then the chief and the chief-tainess were very glad.

Now the prince was a great chief. The name of She-who-has-alabret-on-one-side's mother was Evening Sky. She was a supernatural being. Nobody could see her. Her people lived far away from all other people on the other side. They were not Indians; therefore, they had much wealth and much food. Now the prince invited the people in. Then they came, and his father's house was filled with them. Crab apples and grease were given them to eat, and various berries and meat and fat. When they finished eating, they brought out soapberries. After the feast, on the next day, the people were again invited in. Then the prince put into the middle of the

sem'â'g'it al the chief at		d'ā'Ldet. they put it.		Em-lō-ā'mL very in good	qâ'ôtL 1 heart
sem'â'g'it qant					2
NLk 'ë La Then (perf.)	wī-t'ē'sL great		sem'â'g itL	Lgo-wî'l	k·sîLk ^u . 3
Evening sky was		K·'aL-hä'tg		Emq. Naxi	nô'qg'ê; 4
nîg idet g a'aı		al-dâ'ı dē-	ir her	nî'g'idi alō-	g'ig'a't; 5
-	hē'ldel lîg'i	i-hwî'ltg · ê			,
NLk 'et wô'd	Lgo-wî'	lk•sîLk ^u prince	hwîl da	zaxdzô′q.	NLk.'ē 7
ad'ā'd'îk'sk"t.		hwîlps the house	neguā'ôd	let al wi-l	hē'ldem 8
g'at. NLk''ēt people. Then	txâ'q'andet		oles their for	od in and	ma'E 9 berries
Lwa'ik'sk"tg'ê	qanL sma	x'L g'a'tl	k ^u tg*ê qa	nuL hîx:.	NLk''ē 10
La qâ'ôdEL La when they eral finished and	apple and b	na'e qanı	sınax.		nLk·'ē 11
dē-da-ā'd'îk 'sk" I	îs. Nil	k·'ē La nen when	qå'ôdEL they finished	wunä'x*,	nLk·'ē 12
huX ā'd'îk'sk'			huX wô	o'ôL g'at. ne the the people.	NLk·'ē 13
huX ts'ElEm- again into		e Then	to the		qanl 14
В. А. Е.,	Bull. 27—0				

house elk skins, copper plates, slaves, and canoes, which he was going to use in the potlatch. He distributed them among the people. After he had finished, the people went back and returned to their own towns. He did so for many days. He gave many potlatches. Then he came to be a great chief. Then he married again. He had two wives. (In former times they called this "one wife on each side.")

Then the prince started in his canoe to visit the town Chilkat.¹ The elks come from this place. The inlanders kill them. The prince intended to buy elk skins for copper plates and seal meat. Now he arrived at Chilkat. Then he bought elk skins, and he took another wife.

Now She-who-has-a-labret-on-one-side was left behind. The prince had a brother who was very awkward. The prince went to Chilkat

1	haya'tsku qanı Lilî'ng'it am-yu'kt qan hwîlt qanı mmāl. copper and slaves used in therefore and eanoes.
	copper and slaves used in therefore and eanoes.
2	NLK''\(\bar{e}\) k'saX-g'in\(\bar{a}\)/mt aL txan\(\bar{e}'\)tk''\(\bar{e}\) g'at. NLK''\(\bar{e}\) Then out he gave to all the people Then
3	Lēskut. NLk''ē sak'skuL hwîl-dzaxdzô'q. Hē'lyaltku aL he finished. Then left the people. They returned to
4	lep-qal-ts'îpts'a'pdetg'ê. Nlk''ë la wī-hē'll sal hwî'ldetg'ê. own their towns. Then (perf.) many days they did so.
	NLK''\(\bar{e}\) La w\(\bar{i}\)-h\(\bar{e}'\) ll yukl Lgo-w\(\bar{i}'\) lk's\(\bar{i}\)Lk". NLK''\(\bar{e}\) La w\(\bar{i}\)-t'\(\bar{e}'\)'s L Then (perf.) many potlatches the prince. Then (perf.) he was a great
6	sem'â'g'it. Nlk''ē si-gō'n, nlk''ē huX nak'st. la bagadē'll ehief. Then after a while, then again he married. (Perf.) two
7	nak'st. NL su-hwa'dEL g'ī-k'ō'L aL lāx-hwa'nEmLku. his That made name long ago of on each sitting. wives.
8	NLk.'ē sī-g'â'tk"L Lgo-wî'lk'sîLk" at qâ'ôL k''ēlL qal-ts'a'p.
	Then started hy the prince to go to one town.
9	Tsîlqā't hwal gal-ts'a'pg'ê. K'sax nē'det hwîl ba'k"l
	Chilkat the the town. Only they where eome from
10	Liâ'ng ê. Tsetsā'utk"det t'an ia'tsl Liâ'ng ê. Nlne'l dem elks. The inlanders are who kill elks. That is (fut.)
11	
11	g'ē'kuL Lgo-wî'lk'sîLku Liâ'n aL haya'tsku qanL ē'lîx. NLk''ēt huys the prince elks for eopper and seals. Then he
12	hwal Tsîlqā't. Nlk''ēt g'ē'kk"l liâ'n. Sī-na'k'sl ma'gant. found Chilkat. Then he bought elks. A wife he took.
10	new
13	K'ë g'ina-d'ā'l K'āl-hā'tgum q'ē'semq. Nlk'ë d'āl
	K'ē g'ina-d'ā'L K'āL-hā'tgum q'ē'sEmq. NLk''ē d'āL Then behind re- mained on-one- standing- side- standing- labret. Then there was
14	wak'ı. Lgo-wî'lk'sîLk" wī-ē'yît, wī-dōla-g'a'tk", La hēll
	wak'ı Lgo-wî'lk'sîLk" wī-ē'yît, wī-dōla-g'a'tk", La hēlL the brother the prinee awkward, a im- man, when much great proper
	The period of the state of the

¹ The narrator maintained that this was a place inland near the headwaters of Nass river.

very often. Then She-who-has-a-labret-on-one-side said to the awkward man, "You shall go to Chilkat too." The awkward man answered, "I have nothing to sell." Then She-who-has-a-labret-on-one-side said, "I will give you something that you may sell there. Take red paint along." Thus spoke She-who-has-a-labret-on-one-side to the awkward man. "You shall buy weasel skins for the little box full of red paint, but don't let your brother see it when you arrive there. When you arrive at Chilkat, walk about, and when you see the young women, then put your finger into the red paint and put it on their faces." He did so. When all the young men and the young women saw it, they were anxious to buy it; and they asked him, "Is it expensive?" And they asked the great awkward man, "What do

hwîll Lgō-wî'lk'sîLku, did the prince, little	at qâ'ôL he went	Tsîlqā't.	NLk .'ē	a'lg fixs spoke	1
K*'āL-hā'tgum q'ē'sEmq on-one-standing-lahret		dōla-gʻa'tguni im- person	g at:	"Good	2
dem dē-ma'xgunîst." N (fut.) on you go in eanoe."	ık''ē dē'len	nexk ^u l wi-dö	īla-gʻa'tem	man:	3
"Without 1 my trade."	NLk·'ē a'l	g·îxs K·'āL-l	nä'tgum q		4
"(Fut.) g'înā'mēEL dEm "(Fut.) I glve (fut.)					5
wâ't'enîst;" dē'yas K'î your trade;" thus said On-on- slde	ne- standing-	q'ē'semq al		g a'tgum person	6
g'at. "Lgo-xbē'îst hwîl	l lō-la'k ' t	metk ^u aL m	Es-a'ust.	Mî'k'sîL Weasel	7
tse dē-g·ē'egun. G·îlô'	me tse	make see it	to your	<u> </u>	8
da Lā k'a'tsgun aL When you land at	Tsîlqā't, n	ne tse k'e	k'uL-iē'ê	n dEm	9
gʻa'an hwîl k'uL-Lô'ô you see where about go					10
me lō'-k''č'tselt. NLk''č	e tgon ts's	n'Ell q'aima'	sem hana	u'q, nēL n, then	11
me dem hwîl tq'al-d you will heing against	'ā'telt." N	Lk'e hwîlt	. NLk .'ēt	gʻa'aL saw it	12
txanē'tk"L sîl-q'aima'qa	sît qanL		hā'naq. women.	NLk 'ē	13
sem-abaxba'g'askudetg'ê. much they were troubled.	NLk 'et g	ē'dexdēil w	T-g a'tg ê:	"Nē'îL	14
wī-t'ē'sda?'' NLk''ē a'	'lg' îxL Wî-g	'a'tg'ê: "W		"What	15

you want in exchange?" He replied, "I want weasels." Then the men and the women brought weasel skins, and the awkward man bought them. He had a whole box full of weasel skins. Then he had sold all his red paint.

When the prince saw him, he made fun of his own brother. Then they returned, and arrived at their own town. In the evening Shewho-has-a-labret-on-one-side questioned the awkward man, her brother-in-law, and he showed her what he had purchased. Early the next morning She-who-has-a-labret-on-one-side said to the awkward man, "Go to the place where the water runs down. I shall go to meet von there." She intended to leave her husband, because he did not take her along when he went to Chilkat. Therefore she was

"Mî'k'sîL 1 dem dē-g·ē'gunîst?" Nık'ē huX a'lg'îxL wī-g a't: do you on to buy?" want your part the man: Then agaln said "Weasels 2 dē-hasa'gaē." Nlk'ē dôql hana'q la ga-mî'k'sîl ē'uxt. NLk·'ēt Then woman 3 g'īk"L wī-g'a'tg'ê, wī-la'îL Lgo-xbē'îst, hwîl metk^uL mîk'sî'ı.. the man, great a thus great large little box, being full of 4 Nlk'e qâ'ôdel mes-ā'ust. the paint. NLk'et g'a'aL Lgō-wî'lk'sîLk". NLk'ë ansgwa'tk"t lâ′ôt Then saw it prince. Then he made fun of him Lgō-wî'lk'sîLk" Nık 'e 6 lep-wa'k'L aL wī-lep-wa'k 'tg'ê. Lā great his the little prinee οî brother. Then (perf.) NLk 'e k 'a'tsk det al lepl-ts'a'pdet. 7 lö-ya'ltk^udet. NLk'ë Lā they returned. Then they landed at own their town. Then (perf.) 8 vu'ksa, nık ''ē g'ē'dexs K·'aL-hä'tgum q'ē'semq wī-g'a'tg'ê, On-one- standingevening. then asked labret the man, 9 wak'L Nık'et na'k 'stg'ê. gun-g'a'adeL wī-g'a't qabē'îL her husband. Then showed the man brother of 10 sqa'lsîtg'ê. NLk'ë sem-hē'luk, K·'āL-hā'tgum nLk''ē a'lg'îxs what he had bought. Theu very early, then said On-one- standing-11 q'é'semq "Adô', aL wī-dōlā-g a'tgum grat: iē'ên al hwîl the im-great proper to person man: "Go, go 12 iaga-ba'xL ak's; dem iä'nēE an awa'an." Lā lō-hē'n qâ'ôts down runs water; (fut.) I go your (Perf.) in said proximity." 13 K'āl-hä'tgum q'ē'sEmq, kusta'qsîl demt nak'st lıwîl aL On-one- standing-sidelabret, (fut.) wanted to leave her husband 14 nî'gidêt k'ur-ma'g'ant at

hwîl

where

he went to

to

about he took her

qaqâ'ôl Tsîlqā't. Nîlne'l qan

Therefore

Cbilkat.

ashamed. She took the awkward man and washed him in order to purify him. Then she intended to marry him. She was going to leave the prince who had first married her. Then the awkward man went out, as She-who-has-a-labret-on-one-side had told him. He went to the place where the water was running down, and he stayed in the water for a long time. Then She-who-has-a-labret-on-one-side eame. There were four deep water holes in the creek. She washed him in the first hole, then in the second one, in the third one, and in the fourth one. Then his skin was very clean, and he became a beautiful man. After he was purified, he married She-who-has-a-labret-on-one-side. Then her mother, the Evening Sky, came again,

dzâqs K. al-hä'tgum q'ē'semq; nt qan gōl wī-dōla-g'a'tgum 1 was On-none standing- labret; therefore she the imperson took great proper
g'at al demt iô'ôk'st. Nlā dem sa'k'sk"tg'ê, nl dem k''ēt 2 man to (fut.) wash him. Where (fut.) he was elean, (fut.) then
nak'sk'ut. Dem ha'ut'ens K'`al-hä'tgum q'ē'semq lgō-wî'lk'sîlk'u, 3 she marries him. Grut.) she leaves On-one-standing-lahret the prince, little
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$
g'at. Hwîlt an-hē's K'aL-hä'tgum q'ē'sEmq. NLk''ē iä'êt 5 man. He did what said On-one- standing- labret. Then he went
al hwîl g'îsi-ba'xl ak's. Nlk''ë lôgôm-d'ā't. Lā nak'l 6 to where down ran water. Then into he sat. When long
d'āt, nLk''ē ā'd'îk'sk"s K''aL-hä'tgum q'ē'semq. NLk''ē 7 he sat, then eame On-one-standing-side- On-one-standing-side-
txalpxl hwîlt grîsi-lō-wâ'wôq'el ak's lō-lîpla'p. Nlk''ō 8 four where down in he dug water in deep. Then
iô'ôk'sL anā'sL wī-g'a't aL k''ēlL ts'Em-a'k's. NLk''ēt 9 she the skin of the man in one in water. Then washed
huX lôgôm-qâ'ôL huX k''ēlt. NLk''ē huXt lō-la'qskut, 10 again into he again one. Then again in she
NLk''ēt huX qâ'ôL huX k''ē'lt. NLk''ēt huX lō-la'qsk''t 11 Then again he again one. Then again in she
Lā gulā'alt. NLk''ēt huX lō-qâ'ôL k''ēlt. NLk''ēt huX 12 a third time. Then again in he went washed him washed him to washed him to washed him to again the one. Then again
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$
NLk came (verhal noun) sem-k a-ā'mL wī-g a'tg ê. NLk ēt 14
nak*sk ^u s K*'aL-hä'tgum q'ē'semq aL Lā sem-sa'k*sk ^u t. NLk*'ē 15 he mārried On-one-standing- lahret when very he was clean. Then

1 hā'ts'îk'sem

hnX

nôxs

bringing many elks, eopper plates, canoes, slaves, and much food. Then the great awkward man invited all the tribes, intending to give a potlatch. Then he did so. Then the former husband of She-who-has-a-labret-on-one-side was ashaued because the awkward man was going to give a potlatch. He was no longer awkward, because he had been purified, because She-who-has-a-labret-on-one-side had washed him.

Now the tribes came. Then they ate all the food. The day after they finished eating, all the tribes went into his house. They put the elks, the eopper plates, slaves, and eanoes in the middle of the house. Then the great awkward man, the husband of She-who-has-a-labret-on-one-side, came. He wore a blanket made of weasel skins

ā'd'îk'skus

K'sem-huXdza'n.

1	onee more again came woman evening sk	v. the
2	2 K.'al-hä'tgum q'ē'semq. HuX de-ā'd'îk'sk"l wi-hē' On-one- standlug- labret, Also she to come mar side-	mother of ldEL Liâ'n elks
3	3 qanı haya'tsk" qanı māl qanı lîlî'ng'it qanı and eopper' and eanoes and slaves and	wī-hē'ldem much
4	4 wunä'x*. NLk*'ē wô'ôL wī-dōla-g*a'tgum g*at, food. Then he invited great proper man,	txanë'tk"L
5	5 hwîl dzaxdzô'q dem yuk. Nık''ē hwîlt. Nık tribes for a pot- lateh. Then he did so.	en was
6	0 - 1 Tr 1	dem yukl
7	7 wī-dōla-g·a'tgum g·at. Lā nîg·i huX dē-dōla-g·a'tku the imperson man. (Perf.) not more also improper man proper	t al hwîl
8	8 Lä sEm-sa'k'sk"t at hwîl la'qsaans K''aL-hä'tgum (perf.) very he was elean, because washed him On-one-standing-side-	q'ē'semq. labret.
9	9 NLk''ē ā'd'îk'sk"L hwîl dzaxdzô'q. NLk''ē wī-hē'lī Then eame the tribes. Then many	g ·ē'îpdet
10	l0 txanē'tk"ı wunä'x:. Nlk'ē la lēsk"l txâ'xk"dētg	·ê. Nık·'ē
11	all the food. Then they finished eating. 11 huX k''ēlL sa, nLk''ē ts'ElEm-qâ'dîL txanē't again one day, then lnto went all	Then hwîl
	middle	Liâ'n qanL
13	13 haya'tsku qanl lîlî'ng'it qanl nimāl. Nlk'ē la t'r	em-qâ'ôdet, the they were
14	14 .1 .1 -1/ 1101 1 1	al-hä'tgum
15	15 q'ë'sEmq. Gwīs-mî'k'sîL gulā'ît. Lē-hwa'nL bE labret. Blanket weasel he had On were ha	tlā' lâ'Et. liotls on it.

set with abalone shells. He used a weasel hat. Then he entered and stood in front of the elk skins. Then they sang. After they had finished singing, they stopped, and he gave away abalone shells, copper plates, elks, slaves, and canoes. Then the tribes were glad, and the awkward man had become a great chief.

NLk · 'ēt	hâx'L he used	qaidEm a hat of		NLk·'ē	ts'ent. he entered.	NLk·'ē	${ m har e} { m tk}^{ m u} { m t}$	1
	''i'k'sîL ront of	hwîl d	lôxL Liâ'n were the	. NLk·'ē	lē'mix they sa		they	2
lē'mix'de	et, nLl		elks. 'widētg'ê. ney stopped.	NLk·'ē	tsä'eqde		1	3
hāya'tsk ^t	qanı	L Liâ'n elks	qanl I	LîLî'ng'it	qanL and		NLk.'ē	4
lō-am'ā'n in good		qâ′ôdEL arts were	hwîl dzaz			est sen	n'â'g'iL chief	5
wī-dōla-g	person	n gʻat.						6

THE GRIZZLY BEAR

[Told hy Moses]

There were four brothers, the sons of a great chief. Their mother was a great chieftainess. They lived in a large town. In midwinter the people had eaten all the winter provisions, and were starving. The brothers were great hunters. Now, the two eldest ones remembered what they used to do, because they were starving. They were hunters, and they went out together. The wife of the eldest one did not accompany him. They went a long distance, and came to a house where they stayed over night. In the morning the younger brother

THE GRIZZLY BEAR

	THE GRIZZLY DEAR
1	Txālpxdâ'lı g'a'tg'ê, k''âlı sē'lg'ît, nık''ē k''âlı lō-an-iē'êt. Four men, one the eldest, then one the next.
2	NLk''ē huX k''âlı tsuwî'ng'it. NLk''ē k''âlı wī-sem'â'g'it Then also one the youngest. Then one great chief
3	neguâ'ôdetg'ê. Nek''ē k''âle nô'xdetg'ê, wī-na'k'se sem'â'g'it. their father. Then one their mother, the wife of the chief.
4	Wī-t'ē'sL qal-ts'a'pdetg ê. Hwā'i! La sē'lukL mā'dem, nLk.'ē Large was their town. Well! When the mid- dle of the winter, then
5	qatqâ'ôdEt g'ē'ipL txane'tk"L qal-ts'a'pg'ê. NLk''ē ago' tse was finished the food the whole people. Then what (dubl tative)
6	g'ē'îpdet. Guîx'-dzagu'sk"L k''â'ltg'ê. NLk''ē huX hwîlL they eat. A hunter was one. Then again he was
7	tsuwî'ng'it. NLk''ēt am-qâ'ôdetl Lē hwîl huwî'ldetg'ê, nLa the youngest one. Then they remembered what they used to do, because
8	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$
9	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$
10	nak'st, q'am-k''â'lL hōksk''L aL wak'k''t. K''ē Lô'ôdet. Nak''L wife, only one wak'h hom hom his they went. Long home home home home home home home home
11	hwîl Lô'ôdet, k''ēt hwa'dēL hwîlp. NLk''ē lō-dzô'qdet lât. where they went, then they found a house. Then in they stayed in it.

200

rose. He had two powerful dogs. He started, earrying his lance. He put on his snowshoes and went. He came to the foot of a mountain. He climbed it, and when he was halfway up the mountain he heard the voice of his dog up above. He could not climb any higher because there was a glacier. Then he took his little stone ax and chopped steps in the glacier. Thus he came to the foot of a ridge on which a tree was standing. There his dogs were barking. When he came near, he saw a large Grizzly Bear and two large cubs in a hole under the tree. As soon as he went near, the Grizzly Bear stretched out her arms and pulled the man into her den. She killed him. Then his brothers had lost him.

								3
Hē'Luk	$_{ m nLk}$. $^{ m '}ar{ m e}$	haldem-l	ba'xL				as'o's	t, 1
In the morning	then	rose		the your	nger.	Two were	his dogs	
semgal	hagulâ'qL	as'o's.	Nr.k.ºē	iē'êr.	ora/tor	ê. Yn'k	del gai	
very	powerful	dogs.	Then	went	the man	. He ca	rried a	
T = 31m/						3.7	stic	
Lē-d'ā'L	t'o'otsk" knife	lât. NI	en he			ax. NL	k·'ē iē'ê en he	
On was				_	sh	10w- 11:	wen	
N _L k·'ēt	hwar d	lepu sqa	ıne'st.	Nık'ë	bax-	-iē'êь. г	at hwa	ıL 4
Then he	reached for	oot of a m	ountain.	Then	up		hen reach he	ed
μē sē']	****	'ē naxı	na'r an	n-hē'L	os a	aL lax-		'ē 5
t	he the	n he h			the	at aho	ve. Th	en
mi	ddle,	D=/		1-4	dog	.254=1	·	. 0
aqL-nag	un-yô'xk ^u t.	Datul	squae	stgre.	Thon	ret go	uL Lgo	
	get.						III	le
daxwe'r	sem lô'ô	p. Nlk	ët tsag	ça-hîs'ia	'tsl (dā'uL s	qanë'stg•	ê. 7
ax	stone	e. Then	acro	ss he cho	pped	the t	he mountain	١.
Nık ''ēt	hwaL k'	ō'uk ^u t h	wîl d'E	p-hē'tku	L gai		ne'L hw	îl 8
Then	he i	ts tail wl	here dow	n stood	а	The	it whe	ere
hahä'ı.	reached (foot os. NLk.)		ofor leut	Chris	tree	ts'Em-c	1 m28/ A m20-	·s 9
the	os. NLK'	toward			ehold,		the ground	
noise of	dog.		reached.					
	lō-d'ā′∟	wī-lig''a	ē'ensk ^u ,	t'E]	pxā'tL	ιî′k'ι	.g·ît 1	ta 10
where	in was	a griz	zly hear,		two	cuh	ıs (per	f.)
sem-t'ês	t'ē'st. NL	k''ē hagi	ın-iä'êL	g'at	ar h	wîl ts'E	elem-nô/ô	t. 11
very la	arge. Th	ien towa	rd went	the	to w	here in	nto hole	
Nr levā	lz ei no/lz	et erm.	to'elem.		ar a f	Yr b	ç∙'ēt gö	5L 12
Then	k'si-na'k"	verv	into	she took	the	Th	en too	
	strete	hed			man		hí	ın
rik, ra.		t dza′k ^u d	et. Nô'	ôL gʻa	'tg'ê.	NLk''ē		il 13
the cuhs.	Then	they kille him.	ed Dea	ad the	man.	Then	lost him	
wak'kut	•							14
his brothers.								
protners.								

road

After two days, when he did not return, the next brother rose. He also had two dogs. He started, carrying his lanee. He came to the same place where his brother had been. The dogs ran up the mountain, and he came to the steps that his brother had chopped in the glacier. He climbed up, and he also came to the Grizzly Bear. She took him into her den, and the cubs killed him. He and his two dogs were dead. In this way another brother was lost.

Only one remained. He was a very awkward man. He also rose and started early in the morning. He earried his lance, and his two dogs accompanied him. He put on his snowshoes and went up the mountain on the same trail that his brothers had taken. Now he

1	La gʻe'lp'ell sa qa-nā'gul gwâtk ^u t, nlk·'ē huX haldem-ba'xl when two days howlong he was lost.
2	huX k·'âlı wak't. HuX t'Epxā'tı as'o'st. Hē'luk, nlk·'ē again one hrother. Also two dogs. In the morning,
3	huX iē'êt. HuX t'Epxā'tL as'o'st. HuX yu'kdEL gan hwîl also he Also two dogs. Also he earried a heing stick
4	lē-d'ā'L t'ōtsk". NLk 'ē huX iē'êt. Lat huX hwaL Lē on was a knife, Then also he when the when the state of t
	hwa'yiL wak't, k''ē huX bax-sa'k'sk"L as'o's. Ha'ts'Ek'sEun had found his then also up ran the Once more
6	huX hwa'dēL Le hwîl hwî'lL wa'k'tg'ê. G'a'at hwîl also he found what done his brother. tsaga-hîs'ia'tsk"t Lē dā'uL sqanē'stg'ê. NLk''ē huX across was chopped the ice of the mountain. Then again
7	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$
	hagun-a'qLk"t. Nîg-î nak" hwîlt, k-'ēt huX ts'elem-gō'ut. toward he got. Not long he did then also into she took him.
9	NLk''\(\bar{e}\) huX dzak''\(\bar{u}\) Lîk'\(\bar{L}g'\)î't. K''\(\bar{e}\) huX nô'\(\bar{o}\)t qanL Then again killed him he was dead dead
10	t'Epxā'tL as'o'st. K''ē huX gwâ'disiL k''âlL wak't. two dogs. Then again was lost one younger brother.
·11	La q'am-k*'â'lL mant sem-wī-dula-g*a'tk ^u t, nLk*'ē When only one left a great im- man, then over very proper
12	dē-haldem-ba'xt. NLk*'ē de-iā'êt aL hē'Luk huX de-t'epxā'tL also he rose. Then also he in the morning with two
13	us'o'st huX de-yu'kdel gan. Lē-d'ā'l ts'ōtskut lâ'ôt. Nlk'ēt dogs also on he carried a on was a knife on it. Then he
14	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$
15	Hasp'a-lō-yô'xk"t Lē yôxk"L wak k"t. NLk 'ē nExna'L hwîl The same in he went that had gone his Then he heard where

brothers.

heard the dogs barking. He went near, and had just placed himself in position when the great Grizzly Bear stretched out her arms, and the great man fell into the den headlong. Then he struck the Grizzly Bear and his hand got into her vulva. Then she said to her cubs, "My dear ones, make the fire burn brightly, for your father is cold." She felt much ashamed because the man had struck her vulva, therefore she felt kindly toward him, and did not kill him. She liked him. She said, "I will marry you." And the big man agreed. Then the great Grizzly Bear was very glad because the Indian had married her.

When he had stayed there many years and was lost to his people, he said one day that he longed for his father and his mother, his wife, his little boy, and his little sister, and that he wished to go

ama hö'tku'tst. Tk'ë sā-k'si-na'k's wī-lig'ë'E'Ensku. G'itsl-k's-qâ'ql 2 well he placed her man sud- out stretched the grizzly bear. Into first t'Em-qē'sl wī-g'a'tg'ê. Nlk'ë hwîla t'a'ask't tgōn. Sem- 3 the head of the man. Then this he slapped this. Right great lō-g'īē'tgul an'ô'nl wī-mē'nl wī-lig''ē'Ensku'g'ê. Nlk''ē a'lg'îxl 4 in he got his hand the vulva the great of gr	tqa-wô'xL as'o's. NLk''ē dē-hagun-a'qLk"t. NLk''ē q'ai-he-yu'kL barked the dogs. Then also toward he reached. Then just he began	1
t'Em-qē'sL wī-g 'a'tg 'ê. NLK''ē hwîla t'a'ask"t tgōn. SEni- 3 the head of the man. Then this way lō-g'īē'tgul an'ô'nl wī-mē'nl wī-lig''ē'Ensk"g'ê. Nlk''ē a'lg'îxl 4 in he got his hand the vulva the great of great wī-lig''ē'Ensk" al lî'k'lg'ît' ''Nūt'! SEm-se-me'll la'gust, yukl 5 the grizzly bear to her eubs: "My Very make burn the fire, he begins xs-gunā'qs nEguâ'ôtsEm." SEm-dzâ'ql qâtl wī-lig''ē'Ensk" t hwîl 6 feels eold your father." SEm-dzâ'ql qaîtl wī-lig''ē'Ensk" t hwîl 6 feels eold your father." Nelne'l qan wī-anna grat nîg'ît hux 7 in felt the man her great vulva, 'Therefore much good the not also dzak"t at hwîl lō-bā'elt. Nilnē't qan sī'b'Ent. Nlk''ē a'lg'îxl 8 she killed beeause in he felt. Therefore she liked him. wī-lig''ē'Ensk": "DEm na'kskuē nē'En." Nlk''ēt anâ'ql wī-g'a'tg'ê. 9 the grizzly bear: "(Ful.) I marry you." Then said very in good heart the great woman grizzly bear because he married her wī-alō-g'ig'a't. Nlk''ē qanē-hwîla lā'ldet. the Indian. Then always the hey lay down. La hē'll k'ōl hwîll gwâtk"l wī-g'a'tg'ê. Nlk''ē a'lg'îxl 12 when many years he did so he was lost the great will and his wife mother qanl lgō-lgō'ulk"t qanl Lgō-lgō'ulk"t qanl Lgō-g'î'mx'dit. Nlk''ē hēt dEm 14 and his boy and his sister. Then he he	ama hē'tk"tst. Tk''ē sā-k'si-na'k"s wī-lig''ē'Ensk". G'itsl-k's-qâ'ql	2
wī-lig·'ē'Ensk" al lî'k'lg'ît· "Nāt! SEm-se-nie'll la'gust, yukl 5 the grizzly bear to her eubs: "My Very make burn the fire, be begins xs-gunā'qs neguâ'ôtsem." Sem-dzâ'ql qatl wī-lig·'ē'ensk" t hwîl 6 feels eold your father." Much was the heart the grizzly bear because lō-ba'ql wī-g'a't mēnt. Nelne'l qan wī-anna g'at nîg·ît hux 7 in felt the man her vulva. dzak"t at hwîl lō-bā'elt. Nilnē't qan sī'b'ent. Nlk'ē a'lg'îxl 8 she killed because in he felt. Therefore she liked him. wī-lig·'ē'ensk": "Dem na'kskuē nē'en." Nlk'ēt anâ'ql wī-g'a'tg'ê. 9 the grizzly bear: "(Fut.) I marry you." Then agreed the man. great SEm-lō-ā'nil qâl wī-hana'gam lig·'ē'ensk" at hwîl nak'sk'l 10 very in good heart the woman grizzly bear because he married her wī-alō-g'ig'a't. Nlk'ē qanē-hwîla lā'ldet. the Indian. Then always they lay down. Ia hē'll k'ōl hwîll gwâtk'l wī-g'a'tg'ê. Nlk''ē a'lg'îxl 12 when many years he did so he was lost the man. great wī-g'a'tg'ê, wai-g'a'tk' as neguâ'ôdet qans nôxt qanl nak'st 13 the man, lonesome for his father and his mother qanl lgō-lgō'ulk't qanl lgō-g'î'mx'dit. Nlk''ē hēt dem 14 and his boy and his sister. Then he he	t'Em-qē'sL wī-g'a'tg'ê. NLk''ē hwîla t'a'ask"t tgōn. SEnt- the head of the man. Then this he slapped this. Right	3
the great great to her eubs: "My dear! Very make burn the fire, he begins XS-gunä'qs neguâ'ôtsem." Sem-dzâ'qL qâtL wī-lig'ē'ensku t hwîl 6 feels eold your father." Much was the heart the ashamed of great great vulva. Therefore much good the not also man dzak't at hwîl lō-bā'elt. Nilnē't qan sī'b'ent. Nlk'ē a'lg'îxl 8 she killed beeause in he felt. Therefore she liked him. Wī-lig''ē'ensku: "Dem na'kskuē nē'en." Nlk'ēt anâ'ql wī-g'a'tg'ê. 9 the grizzly bear: "(Fut.) I marry you." Then agreed the man great Sem-lō-ā'nil qâl wī-hana'gam lig''ē'ensku at hwîl nak'sk'l 10 Very in good heart the woman grizzly bear because he married her wi-alō-g'ig'a't. Nlk'ēt qanē-hwîla lā'ldet. the Indian. Then always they lay down. La hē'll k'ōl hwîll gwâtk'l wī-g'a'tg'ê. Nlk''ē a'lg'îxl 12 When many years he did so he was lost the man. Then said his wifo mother qanl lonesome for his father and his mother qanl log-lgō-g'îmx'dit. Nlk''ē hēt dem 14 and his boy and his sister. Then he	in he got his hand the vulva the grizzly bear. Then said	4
xs-gunā'qs neguā'ôtsem." Sem-dzā'qL qātL wī-lig'ē'ensku t hwîl 6 feels eold your father." Much was the heart the of great because lō-ba'qL wī-g'a't mēnt. NeLne'L qan wī-ama g'at nîg'ît huX 7 in felt the man her vulva. Therefore much good the man her not also dzakut at hwîl lō-bā'elt. Nilnē't qan sī'b'ent. Nlk'ē a'lg'îxl 8 she killed because in he felt. Therefore she liked him. wī-lig''ē'ensku: "Denn na'kskuē nē'en." Nlk'ēt anâ'ql wī-g'a'tg'ê. 9 the grizzly bear: "(Fut.) I marry you." Then agreed the man. great Sem-lō-ā'ml qâl wī-hana'gam lig''ē'ensku at hwîl nak'skul 10 Very in good heart the woman grizzly bear because he married her wī-alō-g'ig'a't. Nlk''ē qanē-hwîla lā'ldet. the Indian. Then always they lay down. La hē'll k'ōl hwîll gwâtkul wī-g'a'tg'ê. Nlk''ē a'lg'îxl 12 When many years he did so he was lost the great wī-g'a'tg'ê, wai-g'a'tku as neguâ'ôdet qans nôxt qanl nak'st 13 the man, lonesome for his father and his and his wife mother qanl lgō-lgō'ulkut qanl lgō-g'î'mx'dit. Nlk''ē hēt dem 14 and his boy and his sister. Then he	wī-lig 'ē'Ensku al Lî'k'Lg 'ît' "Nāt! SEm-se-nie'll la'gust, yukl the great to her eubs: "My dear! Very make burn the fire, he begins	5
dzakut at hwîl lō-bā'elt. Nilnē't qan sī'b'ent. Nik'ē a'lg'îxl 8 she killed beeause in he felt. Therefore she liked him. wī-lig''ē'ensku: "Demi na'kskuē nē'en." Nik'et anâ'ql wī-g'a'tg'ê. 9 the grizzly bear: "(Fut.) I marry you." Then agreed the man. Sem-lō-ā'nil qâl wī-hana'gam lig''ē'ensku at hwîl nak'skul 10 Very in good heart the woman grizzly bear because he married her wī-alō-g'ig'a't. Nik''ē qanē-hwîla lā'idet. the Indian. Then always they lay down. La hē'li k'ōl hwîll gwâtkul wī-g'a'tg'ê. Nik''ē a'lg'îxl 12 When many years he did so he was lost the man. Then said wī-g'a'tg'ê, wai-g'a'tku as neguâ'ôdet qans nôxt qani nak'st 13 the man, lonesome for his father and his mother qani lgō-lgō'ulkut qani lgō-g'î'mx'dit. Nik''ē hēt dem 14 and his boy and his sister. Then he	xs-gunä'qs neguâ'ôtsem." Sem-dzâ'qL qâtL wī-lig 'ē'ensku t hwîl feels eold your father." Much was the heart the grizzly bear because	6
dzak"t at hwîl lō-bā'Elt. Nilnē't qan sī'b'Ent. Nlk'ē a'lg'îxl 8 she killed beeause in he felt. Therefore she liked him. wī-lig''ē'Ensk": "Dem na'kskuē nē'En." Nlk'ēt anâ'ql wī-g'a'tg'ê. 9 the grizzly bear: "(Fut.) I marry you." Then agreed the man. great SEm-lō-ā'nil qâl wī-hana'gam lig''ē'Ensk" at hwîl nak'sk"l 10 Very in good heart the woman grizzly bear because he married her wī-alō-g'ig'a't. Nlk''ē qanē-hwîla lā'ldet. 11 the Indian. Then always they lay down. La hē'll k'ōl hwîll gwâtk"l wī-g'a'tg'ê. Nlk''ē a'lg'îxl 12 When many years he did so he was lost the man. Then said wī-g'a'tg'ê, wai-g'a'tk" as neguâ'ôdet qans nôxt qanl nak'st 13 the man, lonesome for his father and his mother qanl lgō-lgō'ulk"t qanl lgō-g'î'mx'dit. Nlk''ē hēt dem 14 and his boy and his sister. Then he	lō-ba'qL wī-g'a't mēnt. NeLne'L qan wī-anna g'at nîg'ît huX in felt the man her vulva.	7
wī-lig''ē'Ensku: ''Dem na'kskuē nē'En." Nlk''ēt anâ'ql wī-g'a'tg'ê. 9 the grizzly bear: ''(Fut.) I marry you." Then agreed the man. Sem-lō-ā'nil qâl wī-hana'gam lig''ē'Ensku at hwîl nak'skul 10 Very in good heart the woman grizzly bear because he married her wī-alō-g'ig'a't. Nlk''ē qanē-hwîla lā'ldet. the Indian. Then always they lay down. La hē'll k'ōl hwîll gwâtkul wī-g'a'tg'ê. Nlk''ē a'lg'îxl 12 When many years he did so he was lost the man. Then said wī-g'a'tg'ê, wai-g'a'tku as neguâ'ôdet qans nôxt qanl nak'st 13 the man, lonesome for his father and his and his wife great qanl lgō-lgō'ulkut qanl lgō-g'î'mx'dit. Nlk''ē hēt dem 14 and his boy and his sister. Then he	dzak ^u t at hwîl lō-bā'elt. Nilnē't qan sī'b'ent. Nlk''ē a'lg'îxl she killed because in he felt. Therefore she liked Then said	8
SEm-lō-ā'nil qâl wī-hana'gam lig''ē'Ensku at hwîl nak'skul 10 Very in good heart the great woman grizzly bear because he married her wī-alō-g'ig'a't. Nlk''ē qanē-hwîla lā'ldet. La hē'll k'ōl hwîll gwâtkul wī-g'a'tg'ê. Nlk''ē a'lg'îxl 12 When many years he did so he was lost the great wī-g'a'tg'ê, wai-g'a'tku as neguâ'ôdet qans nôxt qanl nak'st 13 the man, lonesome for his father and his mother qanl Lgō-Lgō'ulkut qanl Lgō-g'î'mx'dit. Nlk''ē hēt dem 14 and his boy and his sister. Then he he	wī-lig''ē'Ensk": "Dem na'kskuē nē'en." NLk''ēt anâ'qL wī-g'a'tg'ê. the grizzly bear: "(Fut.) I marry you." Then agreed the man.	9
the great Indian. Then always they lay down. La hē'll k'ōl hwîll gwâtk"l wī-g-a'tg-ê. Nlk-'ē a'lg-îxl 12 When many years he did so he was lost the great wī-g-a'tg-ê, wai-g-a'tk" as neguâ'ôdet qans nôxt qanl nak-st 13 the man, lonesome for his father and his mother qanl lgō-lgō'ulk"t qanl lgō-g-î'mx-dit. Nlk-'ē hēt dem 14 and his boy and his sister. Then he he	SEM-lō-ā'nıL qâL wī-hana'ganı lig 'ē'Ensku at hwîl nak skuL 1 Very in good heart the woman grizzly bear because he married her	.0
When many years he did so he was lost the great wī-g'a'tg'ê, wai-g'a'tk" as neguâ'ôdet qans nôxt qant nak'st 13 the man, lonesome for his father and his wife great qant Lgō-Lgō'uLk"t qant Lgō-g'î'mx'dit. Ntk'ë hēt dem 14 and his boy and his sister. Then he he	the Indian. Then always they lay	1
the man, lonesome for his father and his mother qanL Lgō-Lgō'uLkut qanL Lgō-g'î'mx'dit. NLk''ē hēt dem 14 and his boy and his sister. Then he	When many years he did so he was lost the man. Then said	2
qanı ıgō-ıgō'ulk"t qanı ıgō-g'î'mx'dit. Nık''ē hēt dem 14	wī-g'a'tg'ê, wai-g'a'tk" as neguâ'ôdet qans nôxt qant nak'st 1	.3

home. The great Grizzly Bear agreed, and she said, "I will accompany you." On the next morning they went down the mountain and approached the town. Now the great man entered. The great chief, his father, his mother, and his wife were erying. The man entered and sat down. Then he said that his wife was standing outside. His little sister went to call her. She looked about for her outside the village, and found the great Grizzly Bear. She ran into the house erying, because she was much afraid. "A great ugly monster is standing outside." Then the man, the great Grizzly Bear's husband, went out himself. He ealled her into the house, and she entered. Then she sat down on a mat that they had spread for her. Her paws were very large, and the chief and his wife were scared.

1	na-iē'êt. NLk''ēt anâ'qL wī-lig''ē'Ensk": "DEm ste'lē nē'En," out of go. Then agreed the grizzly bear: "Shall accompany I you,"
2	woods great pany I de'ya al wi-g'a'tg'ê. Nlk'ë la huX he'luk, nlk'ë thus she to the man. Then when again morning, then
3	na-Lô'ôdet. NLk''ē ba'k"dēt aL qal-ts'a'p. NLk''ē ts'ēnL out of they went. Then they eame from to the town. Then entered woods
4	wī-g a't. NLk 'e wī-yē'tk L wī-sem'â'g it, wī-neguâ'ôdet qank the man. Then cried the great great great great his father and
	nôxt qanl nak'st. Nlk''ē ts'ēnt, k''ē d'āt. Nlk''ēt malel, his and his Then he entered, then he sat Then he told,
6	heē'tk"L nak'st aL g'a'leq. K''ē k'saXL Lgō-g'î'mx'dit, dem standing his wife at outside. Then went out his little
7	t'an ts'ElEm-wô'ôL nak'st. NLk''ē k'uL-g'îg'ē'êlt aL g'a'lEq. who into ealled his wife. Then about she looked at outside.
8	Sem-hwa'îl Lgo-tk''ë'lk" hwîl hēē'tk"l wī-lig''ë'ensk" lndeed she the child where stood the grizzly bear
	sem-ts'elem-ba'xt at wi-amhē't at ayawā'tk't at wi-yē'tk'ut, very into she ran shouting and erying and crying,
10	aL qasqâ'ı xbētsa'Xt: "Wī-t'ē'sı hwîl sē'lukt, hŏlıŏhŏhŏ! at mueh afraid: "Great being ugly, hohoho!
11	wī-săa'k' lō-wē'ltk"." NLK''ē lEp-k'sa'XL g'a'tg'ê, lEp-na'k'sL great monster." then himself went the man, her husband
12	wī-lig·'ē'ensku. Nlk·'ē hēt ts'elem-wô'ôt. Nlk·'ē lep-ts'ē'nt.
13	NLK'ë d'āL wī-lig''ē'Ensku aL hwîl ba'LEL sqa'na. Qa-lā'iL
	wud'ax-k''ēla'at. Hā semgal xpēts'ē'XL sem'â'gît qanl nak'st.

large

Then they are salmon, and she also are; and they gave her a dish filled with erab apple mixed with grease, and she are it. The people were much astonished.

After a while the great Grizzly Bear said to her husband, "Give me your child; I wish to see it." Then the man took the child, because the great Grizzly Bear wanted to have it. He gave it to her, and the child did not cry.

Another day the Bear said, "Call your wife." Then the woman came, the first wife of the man. She entered and sat down next to the man, her own husband. Later he had married the Grizzly Bear. His one wife was the Bear, the other was a woman of his own tribe. The woman only had a child. The Grizzly Bear had no children. But

			ī-ligʻ'ē'Ensk ^u .		1
Then they ate salmon.	Then	ate it th	e grizzly bear.	Then	
lō-d'ā'L La'ix aL ts in put erah apple in ins and grease		K·'ēt hu	X sg·ēt. NLl	k·'ēt huX	2
	. Semgal	lō-sanā'Lgr astonished w	ul qal-ts'a'p	hwî'ltg'ê.	3
	, nLk.'ē a	u'lg'îxL wî	-lig ''ē'Ensku a grizzly bear to	L nak st:	4
"Adô, gō'uL Lgō'u your	Lgun," dē	'ya aL n	ak st: "Dem		5
NLk·'ē dā'uLL k·'âl	L gʻat t'a	n göl lg	o-tk.'ē'Lku. N	Lk.'ē da-	6
ā'd'îk'sk"t, nLk''ēt	gunaL wi-	lig ''ē'Ensk".	NLk 'et g'în		7
NLk.'ē nîg.î ayawā		цк ^и .			8
		mu.			
NLk·'ē huX a'l	g'îxl wī-l		aL huX k	·'ē'lı sa: one day:	9
"Āmlē wô'ôl	great	ig·'ē'Ensk ^u grizzly hear NLk·'ē ā'	d'îk'sk"L ha		
"Āmlē wô'ôl	na'k'sîn." your wife."	ig ''ē'Ensku grizzly hear NLk ''ē ā' Then ts'ēnt.	d'îk'sk"L har came the v	na'q Lē i voman L awa'aL i t the	10
"Good invite walen-na'k'sl g'a'tg formerly the wife the me of g'a'tg'ê, lep-na'k'stg the man, her hushand own	ma'k'sîn." your wife." g'ê. K''ē then Then Then n	ig ''ē'Ensku grizzly hear NLk ''ē ā' Then ts'ēnt. I she en- tered. sē-na'k 'sgul he married ewly	d'îk'sk"L hai came the v C'ë d'āt ai Then she sat ai down wi-lig''ë'Ensk the grizzly hear great	na'q Lē voman L awa'aL the proximity of x'u. K.'âlL one	10 11
"Good invite Walen-na'k'sl g'a'tg formerly the wife the ma of g'a'tg'ê, lep-na'k'stg the man, her husband	ma'k'sîn." your wife." g'ê. K''ē then Then Then n	ig ''ē'Ensku grizzly hear NLk ''ē ā' Then ts'ēnt. I she en- tered. sē-na'k 'sgul he married ewly	d'îk'sk"L hai came the v C'ë d'āt ai Then she sat ai down wi-lig''ë'Ensk the grizzly hear great	na'q Lē voman L awa'aL the proximity of x'u. K.'âlL one	10 11 12

15 wi-hë'ldem

mauy

grat.

men.

her own children were in her house on the mountain. They had not accompanied her when she eame out of the woods. Thus they lived

for many months.

When it came to be summer, just before the berries were ripe, the great Grizzly Bear said to the woman, "I think the berries are ripe on my mountain," and asked her to accompany her. They went up the mountain, and found that the berries were ripening, and they pieked them. The woman pieked her berries into a bag, but the great Grizzly Bear had no bag. Her stomach was her bag. She just ate the berries she picked. Then they returned. They approached their husband's house and entered. The Grizzly Bear said, "Now call the people." Then one man went out to invite the people in. The woman

wī-lig''ē'Enskng'ê. 1 Lgō'uLkuL Hwîl k'ë hwani dē-Lg'ît on her her part ehildren grizzly bear. Then were ehild the 2 ts'em-dē-hwî'lpt nig'îdēt na-sel-stē'lt. Hwä'i! aL lax-sqanë'st, In also her house the mountain, not out of they accom-woods panied her. WellI at wī-hē'lı Lôqs. Wī-na'k"L hwî'ldētg'ê they did so many moons. Long La 'ā'd'îk'sk"L nlk 'č Nık'ë dem hwîl sē'nt; Then when it eame to he being summer; then when summer, 5 nlk.'ē qâ'ôqt dem mukL mā'E. NLk ''ē a'lg'îxL T.A. before (fut.) herries. Then said then (perf.) ripe " La 6 wī-lig 'ē'Ensku mu'kdE-maL hwîl aL hana'qg'ê: Lē the grizzly bear great the woman: "(Perf.) ripe perhaps where 7 hwî'lēE." NLk 'et sä'lîx't, nLk·'c ьô'ôdēt. NLk "ct hwa'dēt. Then she asked her to go they reached there. then they went. Then 8 NLk·'ē NLk 'et ts'ōsk't hwîl g·ē'Eldēt. La dEm mukt. Then a little they picked them. (fut.) being ripe. Then g'ē'ElL 9 NLk'e lō-dô'xL hana'q al ts'Em-dē'Lku. NLk'ë dë-Then in it was what she the woman at in her hag. Then on her 10 nî'g'îdi dēlk^uL wī-lig''ē'Ensku; de-dē'Lk"t. ts'em-qalâ'st not hag the grizzly bear; great her on her her bag. stomach 11 Q'anı-g'ē'îpL dē-g'ē'Elt. NLk 'ē lō-yîlya'ltkudēitg ê. NLk .'ē on her what she part pieked. Only she ate they returned. Then Then 12 ba'k"det al ts'Em-hwî'lpl na'k sdet. Nık 'e la'mdzîxdet. NLk 'ē to house their hushand. in Then they entered. Then wī-lig 'ē'ensk": "Ām, me dem wô'ôn qal-ts'a'p." 13 a'lg'îxL NLk 'e the grizzly hear: said "Good, you (fut.) invite the people." Then g'a'tg'ê. 14 a'lg'îxL aL NLk 'e dä'ull k'alı g'at t'an huwô'ol she said a man. Then left man who invited one

NLk'e t'em-gō'ul

toward took the middle

Then

hana'q

the woman

dēlk"t.

her bag.

NLk 'ë

Then

took her bag to the middle of the house. The great Grizzly Bear was also in the house. The great Grizzly Bear said to her husband, "Take some dishes to the rear of the house." Her husband did so. Then she defecated into a dish, and the berries she had eaten fell into it. Now the dish was full of berries that she had picked. The Indians saw her defecating into the dishes. Then the Grizzly Bear told the man to take the dishes that were full of what had come out of her anus and place them before the people; but they were afraid to eat it because they had seen that they had come out of her anus. They only ate the berries that the Indian woman had picked. They took home the food that the great Grizzly Bear had given them, and the wives of the people ate it at their own houses. Then the great Grizzly Bear was glad.

ts'em-g'îtsâ'ôn, nlnel hwîl dē-lō-d'ā'l wī-lig''ē'ensk". Nlk''ē	1
in in the house, that is being also in was the grizzly hear. Then where	
	2
she said to her hus- "Back from fire put some dishes." Then hand:	
	3
made hack from put her hus- them fire hand.	
7-1 1 44 7 0 -1	1
on out went herries what she ate she said on she picked her part them	
37	5
What she ate in she put. Then in her anus also	
k'si-yô'xk"t. NLk''ē metme'tk"L ts'ak' aL dē-se-mā'it. Tk''ē (6
out went. Then full was the dish of on her she herries. Then part made	
gʻa'al alō-gʻigʻa't hwîl gwa'tstgʻê lâ't. Hwä'i! Nlkʻët asaw it the Indians where exere-per-in it. Well! Then she	7
saw it the Indians where exerements per in it. Well! Then she	
gun-dô'gôt La metme'tk'' ts'ak al ma'e t'an k'si-vô'xk'' t	8
or- to take full dish of herries that out came dered	
ts'em-g'â'ôlt. NLk''ē dôxt al qa-ga-sā'Xl qal-ts'a'p. Nlk''ē	9
in her anus. Then she laid at hefore the people. Then	
laxbēts'ē'x'dēt al demt g'ē'pdēît, al hwîl gwa'tstg'ê lâ'ôt, 10	0
they were afraid to (fut.) eat it, hecause exere-perments haps	
al hwîlt g'a'adet hwîl k'si-vô'xkul ts'em-g'â'ôlt K'say-se-mē'ir 11	1
hecause they saw it where out of it came in her anus. Only made berries	
k'sem-alō-g'ig'a't, nêlne'l g'ē'îpdet. Nlk'ē sô'ôdēt al 19 woman Indian, that they ate. Then they too the	2
dē-g'înā'mı wī-lig''ē'enskug'ê. Nik''ē g'ē'îpi ga-nē'nik'skudēto'ê 18	3
also she had the grizzly hear. Then ate it their wives	
al lep-ts'em-huwî'lpl qal ts'a'pg'ê. Hwä'i! Nlk''ē lō-ā'ını 14 at own in the houses of the people. Well! Then in good	1
at own in the houses of the people. Well! Then in good	
qâ'ôdel wī-lig 'ē'ensk".	5
heart the grizzly hear.	

Now, salmon were in the river in front of the town. The chief made a weir, and placed a fish trap in it. He finished it. In the evening the people went to sleep, and before daybreak the great Grizzly Bear rose and went down to the weir. She saw that the trap was full of salmon, and she emptied it. She took the salmon into the house. Then she ordered the chief, her father-in-law, to distribute them among the people. He did so. The next night she did the same, but the people did not know it. She did so many days. Then she and the woman dried many salmon, and the house was full of fish that she and the other woman had dried.

One morning a young man went down to the weir. When he saw that there were no salmon in the trap, because the great Grizzly Bear had

	Hwäi! Nlk'ē 1.8 Well! Then wh	en swam salme	on in the water	in front of	the town.
2	NLk.'ē tgōn dzār Then this mad	L sem'â'g it	su-hwa'to	lēt aL t'ēr	n. Nlk.'ē
3	d'āl hwô'ô; nI there a trap; t	k'ē d'āL hen there	Lamga'ng (another ki	nd Then	Lēsk ^u t. it was finished
4	Lē'saandēt. NLk''ē They finished it Then	yu'ksa. NL	k·'ē lāll o		ni-tsô'osk'L
5	dem hwîl mesā'x (fut.) when daylight				
6	iaga-iä'êt aL awa'a	L hwîl hō	etk ^u L t'ēn.		a'al hwîl
7	metkuL Lā'mgan s	aL hân. I of saimon.	KLK''ē SEM Then very	nt-lō-qâ'ôdEnt.	NLk'ēt Then she
8	bax-dô'qt aL ts'E up took to insid	m-hwî'lp. N	Lk'et gui	n-iä'get aL	sem'â'g'it
9	wī-La'msg'ê aL the father-in- great law			ä'qdēt. NLl	
10		huX hwîlt.	Nî'g idet	hwîlā'x'L knew it	qal-ts'a'p.
11	Lā wī-hē'lL sal. When many days				
12	qanı sîl-hana'qt and her woman fellow	Lā metk ^u when was fu	hwîlp,	at hwîl	gwa'lguL dried
13	wī-lig·'ē'Ensku qan	L sîl-hana'qt	•		
14	NLk'e he'luk,	nLk·'ē ia	ga-iē'êL k·	'âlL q'aima's	sem gat.
15	ALA lā-hē'tk"L When stood		hwîl nî		'dēL hân.

taken them up to her husband's house, he felt badly. He grew angry, and scolded the great Grizzly Bear. He felt badly because he did not get anything. The young man said, "You rise too early, great Drop-jaw." Thus he said to the great Grizzly Bear, and he seolded again, "You feed us with your excrements." Then the great Grizzly Bear took notice of it. She became angry, ran out, and rushed up to the man who was scolding her. She rushed into the house, took him, and killed him. She tore his flesh to pieces and broke his bones. Then she went. Now she remembered her own people and her two children. She was very angry, and she went home. Her husband followed her, but the great Grizzly Bear said, "Return home, or I

	nî'g ît								
bax-qâ'ôc up she finishe	had the grea	lig·'ē'ɛns grizzly bea	k ^u aL r to	hw:	îlpt na he se of h	her usband,	nîLnē'L the	qan refore	2
10-81 GbK	L qâ'ôdE	t. MTW	ес пак	SU.	TIUK SI	r dan	na sem	gan	3
wī lig 'ē'	Ensk ^u . Lo	ō-sī'êpk ^u ī. siek was	qâ'ôd!	et a	L hwîl	qal-wî'	tk ^u t. '.	rgōnl This	4
hēL q'	aima'sEm	g·at:	"Not o	dē-ha	wuL :	Lô'ôqL early	wī-tg	aā'q," op-jaw,"	5
aL wī- to great	lig 'ē'Ensk' grizzly bear,	an-he	he H	Ia'k 's Ie scold	oft qa	n hēt.	G·ē'	'lp'ElL wiee	6
hwîl h	a'k·st. " seolded. "	Wī-ang 'a	'tgum	gwa	nts,'' d	lē′va t	hwîl	huX	7
hak'st.	NLk 'et				sk ^u g 'ê.	NLk·'ē		k'sk ^u L	8
hwîl lō being in	i-sī'êpk ^u L	qâ'ôdet.		ē w	ī-k'si-ba	'xt al	Wī-Lî'	ntx't.	9
	qâ'ôL went to						1 1	NLK·'ē	
ts'ElEm-l	nē'tk ^u t. 1	NLK·'ēt	gō'uL he took	g a't	ig·ê. N	Lk'et	k ^u Lē-dz all over si	za'k ^u t.	11
Nô'ôL g	'a'tg'ê. Ku he man. All ove	Lē-qâ'ôdE was finishe	L smax	st. N	Lk'ē h	ēLā'Laga were broker	ıL txan	ē'tk"L	12
Le dzēc	lz'ē'pt. N bones.	Lk''ē h	wîl k·'	ë iä'	êt. An	n-qâ'ôdE remember	L Lē ed her	people	
hwîl hw where w	vanL t'Epx	ā'tl Lg'i	l'tg·ê.	K·'ē	iä'EL v	vī-lig·'ē'	Ensk ^u . y bear.	Ā'leq Angry	14
그리고 교통(유니라	uL qâ'ôdt ek her hear	N x 1=+2	54 ***	-l-ur	naletut	N= 1- +22	4 =	1. =-	
	. A. E., Bu							,	

shall kill you." But the man refused, because he loved his great wife. The Grizzly Bear spoke to him twice, wanting him to go back, but he refused. Then she rushed upon him and killed him, and her own husband was dead. Then the great Grizzly Bear left.

- 1 wī-lig·'ē'Ensku: "Adô', ya'ltgun! Dza'kudē-g a nē'En." NLk'ē the grizzly bear: "Adô', turn back! Kill I maybe you." Then
- 2 hä'q'alı g'a'tg'ê at hwîl sī'êp'enı wī-na'k'sem lig''ë'ensku. G'ë'lp'el refused the man because he loved the great wife grizzly bear. Twice
- 4 gʻa'tgʻê, qan hwîlı wī-ligʻ'ē'Ensku gulîk's-hē'tkut. Nık''ēt dzakut. the man, thereshe did so the grizzly bear back rushed. Then she killed him.
- 5 NLk''ēt nô'ôL g'a'tg'ê lep-na'k'stg'ê. NLk''ē dā'uLL wī-lig''ē'Ensku.

 Then was dead the man her husband. Then left the great grizzly bear.
- 6 Nô'ôL g at.
 It was the man.

SQUIRREL

[Told by Moses]

There were four children who were always shooting squirrels. They killed them all the time. Then they dried their skins and put away their meat. They did so at the foot of a large spruce tree—they did so for a long time all the year round. Then they had killed all the squirrels. Only the chief of the squirrels and his daughter were left. She was very white. Now, a boy went out and came to the foot of the great spruce tree. He looked npward, and saw a little white squirrel running round the tree. When it had gotten to the other side of the tree, behold, he saw that she

SQUIRREL

Txalpxdâ'l Four	k'ope-tk''ē'Lk" little ehildren			Enlî'k. 1
	-hwîla tsô'ôtdētg ways they killed the	·ê. Gwa'lk ^u dē em. They dried		NLk.'ēt 2
k·si-d'ā'LdēL out they put	Lā qa-sma'x't.		mēnt wī-sä'êq foot of big spruee tree	e (verbal
	Wī-na'k"L Very long			k'ōL 4 year
	NLk.'ē Lā Then (perf.)			
sem'â'g'idem ehief of	ts'enlî'k' mā	'ntg·ê, dē-k·'	â'lL Lgō'uLk ^u t, ne bis child,	Lgo- 6
	Vulkutg ê hwîl			huX 7
iä'êL k''âlL went one	Lgo-tk·'ē'lku.	Then again	nwal ment w he foot of big found	A .
	inen-g*a'ask"t. up he looked.	Sā-k'utgo-dā'u Sud- around we denly	nt little white	s'EnLî'k* 9 squirrel
	wī-ga'n. NLk 'ē ig tree. Then		· ·	ma'sem 10 young

was a young woman. The boy saw her. The woman called him. Then the boy placed his bow at the foot of the great tree.

The woman entered the house of her father, who was the chief of the squirrels. He was much troubled, as all his people were dead. Therefore he had sent his child to call the boy. The ehief questioned his daughter, and she replied, "The boy is standing outside." Then the chief said, "Come in, my dear, if it is you who killed my people." The prince entered and sat down. They gave him to eat. After he had finished, the chief said, "Why did you kill all my people?" The prince replied, "I did not know that they were your people, therefore I did so." "Take pity on me," said the chief to the prince. "When you return home, burn the meat and the skins of all the squir-

- 1 hana'q hēhē'tgut. K.'ēt g.a'al lgo-tk.'ē'lk". Nlk.'ēt wô'ôl woman standing. Then he saw her little boy. Then she ealied him
- 2 hana'q Lgo-tk'ë'Lk". NLk'ë Lô'ôdet. Hë't'Enl Lgo-tk'ë'Lk"L the boy. Then they went. He placed upon it
- 3 ha-Xda'k"t al mēnl wī-ga'n.

 his bow at foot of big tree.
- NLk 'e dep-ts'ē'nL hana'q hwîlps neguâ'ôtt; aL mēnL Then they entered the to the her father; master woman house of
- 5 ts'Enlî'k* gō'stg*ê. Lā aba'g'ask"l sem'â'g'it al hwîl la squirrels that one. (Perf.) troubled the chief because (perf.)
- 7 Lgō'uLkuL Lgo-tk''ē'Lku. NLk''ēt g'ē'dEXL sem'â'g'it Lgō'uLkutg'ê. his ehild the boy. Then he asked the chief his ehild.
- 8 NLK''ē a'lg'îxL Lgō'uLk''L sem'â'g'it: "La hētk''t aL g'ā'leq."

 Then said the child of the chief: "He stands at outside."
- 9 NLK''ē a'lg'îxL sem'â'g'it. TgōnL hēt: "Ts'ē'nen, nāt, atseda Then said the chief. This he said: "Come in, my if it is
- 10 në'en an La lō-nô'ôt'enl ts'ā'bēE." K·'ē ts'enL Lgo-3'011 who all killed my people." Then cntered the little
- 11 wī'lk sîLk g'ê. NLk 'ē d'āt. NLk 'ē wô'ôtk t. NLk 'ē Lāxk t.

 prinee. Then he sat down. Then he was invited. Then he finished
- 12 NLk''ē a'lg'îxL sem'â'g'it: "Ago ma ga'n La lō-nô'ôt'enL Then said the chief: "Why did you" all kill
- 13 ts'a'bēE?" NLK''ē a'lg'îxL Lgo-wî'lk'sîLk": "Nî'g'în hwîlā'x't
 my people?" Then said the prince: "I did not know it
- 14 nîlnê'l qan hwî'lēe." "Tgōnl dem hwî'len; āml qanı-gâ'den therefore l did so." "This (fut.) you do; good you take pity
- 15 lâ'ē," dē'yar sem'â'g it ar rgo-wî'lk sîrk". "Tseda rā the chief s the prince. "When (perf.)

rels. I will make you a shaman." The chief did so; he made the prince a shaman. Now he was a great shaman. "Your name as a shaman shall be Squirrel," said the chief.

The prince lay down. Then the chief rose and put on his dancing apron. He painted his body red, and put on a crown of bear claws. From his neck hung the skins of squirrels. He held a rattle in his hand and sang, "Ia haä, iâ nigua iahaē! I become accustomed to this side, I become accustomed to the other side." Then the prince became a great shaman. The chief of the squirrels did so a whole year. Then he sent the prince home.

The chief, who had lost his son, had almost forgotten him. Then one of his other sons went to shoot squirrels, and eame to the place

lō-ya'ltgun, nL dein k·'ē me-txē'ldîL La ga-sma'x·L wī-hē'ldem you have returned, then (fut.) burn (part.) the meat of (plural)	1
ts'EnLi'k' qanl la ga-anā'st. Dem sa-hālai'dē nē'en. Nlk'ē squirrels and (perf.) the skins. (Fut.) make shaman I you. Then	2
$\begin{array}{llllllllllllllllllllllllllllllllllll$	3
halai'tg'ê. "Ts'EnLä'k'L dEm hwam halai'dEn." NLk''ē hwîlL he was a shaman "Squirrel (fut.) name of shaman you." Then he did	4
Lgō-wî'lk'sîLk ^u g'ê. the prince. little	5
NLk''ē sg'ēL Lgo-wî'lk'sîLk". NLk''ē hētk"L sem'â'g'it. Then he lay the prince. Then he stood the chief.	6
Hâ'yîL an-belā'n. NLk''ēt ma'sîL Lepla'nt al mes-a'ust. Heput on the dancing apron. Then he painted red his body with red paint.	7
NLk'et hâx'L Laqs. NLk'et ie'tk"L La anā'sL ts'enli'k'. Then he put on him erown of to wear hear claws. Then he put on him erown of to wear hear claws.	8
K'ēt yō'guL ha-sä'x; nLk'ē lē'mîx't: "Ia haä', iâ nigua nigua	9
iahaē. Dem qai-k-ax-māwir, an-g-ī/e. Dem qai-k-ax-māwir, lahaē. (Fut.) get used to this side. (Fut.) get used to	10
an-dâ'sdae." Nlk''ē wī-t'ē'sl hālai'l lgo-wî'lk'sîlkug'ê. the other side." Then a great shaman the prince.	11
Lā k·'ē'ElL k'ōL hwîlt, nLk·'ē Lā wī-t'ē'SL hwîl wī-halai'tt. When one year hedidso, then (perf.) great (verhal great shaman noun) he.	12
NLk.'ēt na-hē'tst. Then out of he sent woods him.	13
Lā t'ak'L sem'â'g'it hwîl gwâtk ^u L Lgō'uLk ^u tg'ê. NLk''ē (Perf.) he had forgotten f	14
huX iä'êı k''âlt dem huX gō'yîı ts'enlî'k'; nlk''êt huX again went another one (fut.) also shoot squirrels; then again	15

where his brother had been. He came to the great sprace tree. He looked up, and, behold, the skeleton of a man was hanging in the branches. The bones were held together by skin only. His flesh was

all gone.

The boy returned. He entered the house and told his father about it. The father sent the young men, who saw where the body was hanging. Then one young man elimbed the tree, took the body down, and they earried it home. They entered the house. Now the ehief's wife took a mat. She spread it out and laid the body down on it. She laid it down very nieely. The young men placed his hands, his feet, and his head in the way they belonged, and laid the head down face npward. There were only bones. Then they covered the mat with another mat. They painted it red and covered it with bird down. Then they sacrificed. For four nights and days his father and

- 1 hwal. Lē hwîl hwî'll wa'k'tg'ê hwîl hē'tk"l wī-sā'qs.

 he (perf.) where he had been his brother (verbal noun) stood blg spruee tree.
- 2 NLk''ē men-g'a'ask"t. Gwinā'dēl, g'at lē-ia'qt al lax-anē's.

 Then np he looked. Behold, a man on hung on on braneh.
- 3 K·sax-ts·ē'p q'ann-nē-daxdä'ExL ts'ēp, nî'g·î smax·t.

 Only bones only to- fastened bones, no flesh.
- 4 NLk''ë lō-ya'ltk"L Lgo-tk''ë'Lk". NLk''ë ts'ënt. K''ët ma'Lît Then he returned the boy. Then he entered.
- 5 as neguâ'ôdet. NLk.'ē a'lg'îxs neguâ'ôdet aL q'aima'qsit.
 to his father. Then sald his father to youths.
- 6 NLk''ē q'a'ldîx'-qâ'ôdet. NLk''ēt g'a'adet hwîl lē-ia'qt. NLk''ēt
 Then to the rear they went. Then they saw (verbal noun) on be noun) to the houses to the houses
- 7 men-qâ'ôl k'âll q'ainia'set. Nlk'ēt gō'ut. Nlk'ēt d'ep-iē'êt.

 up went for it one youth. Then he took him. Then down he went.
- 9 NLk''ēt gōL nak'sL sem'â'g'it sqa'naa. K''ēt balt. Nlk''ēt
 Then she took the wife the ehlet a mat. Then she opened it.
- 10 lē-sg·ē'det lâ'ôt. Senī-ama sg·ē'tdēt. Nīk'ēt sem-ama dô'xdēl.

 on they on it. Very well they laid they laid they laid they laid it.
- 11 an'ô'nt qant asesa'ēt qant t'em-qē'st. Sem-hasba-sg'ē'det
- 12 k·sax-ts·ē'p. NLk·'ēt huX lē-sg·ē'del k·'ā'gul sqa'naa all
- 13 lax-ō't. Txa-ına'sdēit al mes-a'ust qanı mîx'q'ā'x'. Nlk''ē
- 14 qa'në-hwîla nielgwâ'ôksdēt. La txalpxl yu'ksa qanl mesā'x' always they saerificed. When four nights and days

mother did not stay in the house. They had gone to another place, to another house. Only four men, his most intimate friends, watched him. Then they sang "Äe!" accompanying their song with batons. Then they spoke, singing. Then the body came to life again. The bones were covered with flesh. Then he sang. He invited the tribe of his father in and the people came. Then the prince said, "Burn the meat of all the squirrels that I shot during the past years, and burn their bones and the skins, which I am keeping in many boxes." The people did so. They burnt it all.

Then the great master of the squirrels was glad, because his tribe had come to life again. Then the prince sang, "Iā hēiaha ä, hēia haä' ayâ nēgwâ' iahâ! I become accustomed to this side; I become accustomed

nîg'î lō-d'ā'l neguâ'ôdet ganl nôxt. G'id'an-d'ā'tk" al k''ēll 1

	were his father	and hi		were in in		_
hwîlp.	K'sax-txalpxdâ'l Only four men	lep-an-sep	osī'ep'ensku friends	t'an lē'	Lk'tg'ê.	2
Then	came (fut.)	hwîl lê	ney sang and	started heating with sticks:		3
TgonL This	hē'tg'ê. NLk he said. The	·'ē lē'mîx n he s	rtgrê. N	Lk.'ē da:	0	4
Ha'ts'îk's	e a'd'îk'sk"t	dem hwî	l smax't.	NLk·'ē l	ē'mîx't. he sang.	5
NLk.'ēt	wô'ôs neguá he in- vited his fa	d'del qal-	ts'a'p ar people	dem to	hētk ⁿ t.	6
NLk.'ē t	s'elem-qâ'ôdel q into were gone t				k'sîlk".	7
TgōnL This	hēt: "ĀmL d he "Good (Em txēltk ^u fut.) burn		ma'x'L wī- meat of	hē'ldem many	8
ts'EnLî'k· squirrels	Lē guXgō'y		ē'tk ^u L k'ō		sax La	9
ga-ts'ē'pt	dem txē'ldes (fut.) you wil	semest," de	yaL Lgo- us he the said little	wî'lk'sîLk", prince,	"qanL 1	0
La ga-a	nā'st wī-hē'lL skins many		hwîl lō-da	xdô'xL ga-	-anā'st." 1 he skins."	1
Then	hwîlt legem-qâ't				1	.2
NLk·'ē	lō-ā'nıL qâ'ôdEI in was heart of	wī-ınē'nL the master great of	ts'EnLî'k:. the squirrels.	Ha'ts'Ek'SE Once more	m huX 1	3
wī-hē'lL	ts'a'pdētg'ê. NLl		Lgo-wî'lk			4
	haä' ayâ nēgw haä' ayâ nēgw	râ' iahâ. E	Dem qai-k Fut.) go	ax-māwil a et used to	nn-gʻī'E, 1 this side,	5

tomed to the other side." He stood there, and was a great shaman. Then he stopped. His name as a shaman was Squirrel. That is the end.

¹ dem qai-k'ax-māwil an-dâ'sdae." Nlk'ē hētkul halai'tg'ê. Nlk'ē (fut.) get used to the other side." Then stood the shaman. Then

² Lā ha'ut. NLk"ē ē'tk"dēL hwam halai'tt Ts'EnLä'k"L hwa'tg'ê. he stopped. Then they named his name shaman Squirrel his name.

³ Hwä'il Qâ'ôdet.

Well! It is finished.

WITCHCRAFT

[Told hy Moody]

When a soreerer wants to kill a fellow-man, he takes some of the man's perspiration, or an old shirt, and takes it to the place where he keeps his witch-box. Then he opens his box, takes a string, and fastens a piece of the old shirt to it. He ties it across the box. When he wants the man to die quickly, he takes a piece of the old shirt, and euts the string in the box so that the piece of shirt falls on the eorpse, that is in the box. As soon as this is done, and the string breaks, he pretends to ery for his victim; then the man from whom he has taken the piece of shirt must die. When he knows that the person is dead, he

WITCHCRAFT

Tseda When	hasa'qL wants	haldā'ug 'ît a soreerer	$\det_{\rm to}$	dzak ^u L	sel-gra	rson, the	en he	1
ts'ä'Edz'îq	st; lîg'i-	q'am-k's la'	wîsk ^u L rt of	g at	gō'det. he takes it.	NLk·'ē	hwîl	2
k·'ēt dôga	â'ôdet a	laL hwîl to where	sg'iL	qaldem	-haldā'ug	·ît, wô	'ark''ēt	3
q'ā'gaL qa he opens	ıldem-hal box of	dā'ug ît. K	·'ēt gō'	uL wôl	nā'st, k·'e	ēt tq'al- n against	ts'ē'bel. he fastens	4
Lgo-q'am-l	k 's-la'wîs shirt	k ^u lâ'ôt. K to it. Ti	'ēt tsag ien acro	gā-hō'ks oss he fas	saant aL	ts'Em-c	naldem-	.5
haldā'ug'îi witeh.	t. Woal	k·'ē <u>Lā</u> na er (perf.) a	k ^u L dā long whe	t liwîla	ā'gut, h	wîl k•'ē	tsedā when	6
hasa'qt tsi	e demt	t'ēl nô'ôden niekly to kill	L g'al,	t hwîlt	gō'or q'a	ım-k's-la		7
Wôalk 'et	lō-d'E in do	p-t'Eklā'aLs wn he breaks	aanL	wôhā's	t aL	ts'em-q	a'ldEm- box of	8
haldā'ug'îi	tg·ê sp	agai't-lôga mong rotten	lō'lEq. eorpse.	Hwî	l k"ē	Lēsk ^u t it is	lō-d'Ep- in down	9
t'Eklā'aLsa he hreaks t	anL wô	hā'st. K.'ē tring. At	hwîl _{onee}	k"ē h		k ^u st at	ā'wuL or this	10
g'al la man (perf.)	an-hwî'n he did	tg'ê. NLk'	e La (perf.)	Lēsk ^u L he finishes	hwî'ltg	·ê, k·'è	hwîl tonee	11
$k\cdot \bar{e} t\bar{e}lL_{quiek}$	nô'ôL dies	g at La au	n-hwî'nt when he d (took it fro	g'ê. E	K·'ē da Then when	Lat h	wîlā'x'L he knows	12
				,				

lā'Ldet.

tirey lay

his friend

goes around the house in which the bewitched dead person is lying. After he has finished going around the house, he stops for a while; and when the dead one is buried, he goes to his grave and walks around it. Then he sits down in the grave and rubs his body, pretending to ery all the time. Then he returns, and his work is finished.

It is said that there was a son of a chief who had a friend who was also a prince. The chief was jealous of this prince, and he made up his mind to bewiteh him. The ehief told his son to invite his friend and to ask him to sleep in his house.

One day the chief's son invited his friend in, and they lay down. The

k'utgō-iē'etk"L aL dāx'L 1 nô'ôl gʻat, k'ë hwîl k''ēt around he goes house dead at onee 2 hwî'l lō-sg·î'L nô'ôm g·at Lä haldā'utg'ê. Hwîl k''ē Lēsk^ut man (perf.) the bewitched where in lies the dead Then 3 daa'qık"ı k'utgō-iē'êtg'ê, k''ē hwîl k''ē k''ax-hā'ôt. Hwä'i! Da la Well! he gets around going, he Then when at onee while stops. qâ'ôL hwîl 4 wôqsl. g'a'tg'ê le nô'ôtg'ê, hwîl k''ēt huX the man · (perf.) he ls dead (the dead one), again he goes to 5 al g'ilē'lix'. K''ē hwîl k''ē k'utgo-iē'êt al dax'ı an-sg'ī'tg'ê. baek ln At onee he around where he lies. at at around lē-qâ'ôL 6 Lēskul hwî'ltg'ê. K''ē k·'ēt hwîl lax-an-sg'ī'st, on he goes At once on the grave, 7 k'ul-lē-lô'ôtkut lâ'ôt al k'ul-hîs-wiyē'tkustg:ê. lēskul hwî'ltg:ê. about on he puts on lt at about he pretends to ery. He finIshes 8 K·'ē hwîl k·'ē lō-ya'ltkut. K·'ē hā'ôt. Lā Lēsk^ut. At onee he returns. Then he stops. (Perf.) K-'âll Lgō'ulkul sem'â'g'it, k''ē k''âll an-sē'ip'ensku q'aima'sem son of a chief, then friend one 10 gʻa'tgʻê sem-hu'Xdē Lgo-wî'lkʻsîlk"gat. Wôalkʻ'ē' lo-tsagum prinee it is said. very also a little Then siek 11 sem'â'g'it a'lal Lgo-wî'lk'sîLk"g'ê: Wôalk ''ē' gâ'ôtt hēL dem the chief his heart against prinee. Then said (fut.) 12 haldā'uXtg'ê. Wôalk''ē' hēl sem'â'g'itg'ê al Lgō'ulkut he bewiteh him. Then said the ehief to his son 13 ts'enem-stë'ldet. K.'ēt gun-dā'mgal lgo-wî'lk'sîlk'g'ê al lgō'ulk't. he to stay the eaused with him little prinee to La k'ēlL k'ēt ts'enem-stē'll Lgō'ulk"l sem'â'g'itgê sa, Then when one day, then Into aeeom-panied him the son of the ehief 15 an-sī'ep'Enskug'ê Lgo-wî'lk'sîLk"g'ê. K''ē hwîl k''ē

prince.

At once

prince lay on the outside and the chief's son on the inside of the bed. The chief's son fell asleep, but the prince could not sleep, because he was afraid the chief might bewitch him. He rose and changed places with the chief's son. He lay down on the inside and put the chief's son on the outside. When the chief heard that they were asleep, he rose and slowly walked to the bed on which the prince and his son were sleeping. The prince was much afraid when he heard the chief coming, but he pretended to sleep. The chief felt about with his hands until he found the place where the prince had lain down in the evening. Then he wiped out the mouth of his own son (thinking him to be the prince). Then the chief lay down again.

In the morning the prince rose and went out. After a short time

Lō-k·s-g·ī'êkst Lgo-wî'lk·sîLk ^u g·ê, k·'ē lō-k·s-g·īts'â'ônL Lgō'uLk ^u L 1 At outside the prince, and at inside the son of
At outside the prince, and at inside the son of little
sem'â'g'itg'ê. Hwä'i! La wâqL Lgō'uLk"L sem'â'g'itg'ê, k''ē nî'g'ide 2 the chief. Well! When slept the son of the chief, then not
the ener, then stept the solitor the ener,
wâqL Lgo-wî'lk'sîLk"g'ê. Lō-xb'Etsa'XL gâôtt aL sEm'â'g'itg'ê dEmt 3 slept the prince. In afraid his heart the chief (fut.)

haldā'uXt la sī-gō'ng'ê. K''ē ia'gai-g'in-hē'tkul lgo-wi'lk'sîlkug'ê. 4 he would (perf.) just then. Then how- bewitch him he got up the prince. ever little
K·'ē ia'gai-sa-g·ä'êlt al an-g·its'â'ng·ê. K·'ē ia'gai-sa-lō-sg·ī'eksl 5
Then how-quick- he lay at inside. Then how-quick- in was on
Lgō'ulkul sem'â'g'itg'ê. Hwä'i! lat nexnā'l sem'â'g'itg'ê la 6
Lgō'uLk'uL sem'â'g'itg'ê. Hwä'i! Lat nexnā'L sem'â'g'itg'ê La 6 the son of the chief. Well! When he heard the chief (perf.)
hwîl wâ'wôgdēt, hwîl k''ē' g'in-hē'tk"t. K''ē hagun-iē'êt al awa'al. 7
hwîl wâ'wôqdēt, hwîl k''ē' g'in-hē'tk"t. K''ē hagun-iē'êt al awa'al 7 that slept, then he got up. Then toward he into proximity of
hwîl lā'll lgo-wî'lk'sîlk'g'ê qanl lgō'ulk't. Hwîl k''ēt sem- 8
where they lay the prince and his son. Then much down little
xb'etsa'Xl lgo-wî'lk'sîlk" lat nexna'l hwîl ā'd'îk'sl sem'â'g'itg'ê 9
afraid the prince when he coming the chief
al awa'al hwîl lā'ldet. Hwîl k''ē hîs-hūwâ'qsı lgo-wî'lk'sîlkug'ê. 10
to proxim- where they lay. Then he pretended the prince. ity of to sleep little
Hwîl k''ēt lē-ba'qı sem'â'g'itg'ê la hwîl g'ä'êl lgo-wî'lk'sîlkug'ê. 11
Then on he felt the chief (perf.) where he lay the prince.
K'ēt k'si-g'î'mk'l ts'em-ū'ql lep-lgō'ulk"tg'ê. lēsk"t hwîlā'gut. 12
Then out he wiped his mouth own his son. He fin- what he did.
K'ē hwîl k'ē' hatsem huX g'ā'êL sem'â'g'itg'ê.
At once oucc more again lay the chief.
Hwä'i! La hē'Luk, k''ē g'in-hē'tk"L Lgo-wî'lk'sîLk"g'ê. K''ē 14
Well! When morning, then rose the prince. Then
k·saXt. Hwä'i! Nî'g·i nak ^u t. k·'ē sī'ênk ^u t. Loō'urk ^u r 15
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$

the chief's son got sick. Then the chief knew at once that he had made a mistake. For four days the boy was sick. Then he died. Now the chief was much troubled. He cried because his son was dead, saying, "I have destroyed him myself!"

- 1 sem'â'g'itg'ê. K''ē hwîl k''ēt q'āmgai't-hwîlā'x'L sem'â'g'it, the chief. At once already knew the chief,
- 2 hwîl lep-an-hîsië'êlt' at tgō'utguin g'a'tstg'ê. Q'am-txa'lpxt being him-mistake of his child male. Only four
- 3 sa sg·ēl lagō'ulgum g·a'tg·ê, k·'ē nô'ôt. K·'ē hwîl k·'ē' days lay his child male, then hc died. At once
- 4 aba'g'ask'u sem'â'g'itg'ê. Wiyē'tk'utg'ê la nô'ôl lgō'ulk'utg'ê. was troubled the chief. He was crying when was his son.
- 5 AL an-b'El-hē't aL wiyē'tkut: "Lep-gu'lik's-hanwulā'kus nā'ê,
 In crying he cried: "Self destroyed him I,
- 6 lep-gu'lik:s-hanwulā'kus nä'ê." nä'ê."

SUPPLEMENTARY STORIES

THE ORIGIN OF THE G'ISPAWADUWE'DA

[Told by Chief Mountain]

There were two towns in the canyon of Nass river. The one was inhabited by the G'ispawaduwe'da, the other by the G'itg'iniō'x. In the first of these towns there were four brothers who were beaver hunters. They went to a lake that was full of beaver dams. They began to open one of the dams in order to allow the water of the lake to run off. When the eldest brother elimbed down under the dam, it gave way and buried him, a large tree piereing his heart. When the water had run off, the brothers took out his body. They said to one another, "Why was our brother unfortunate to-day? Certainly his wife was not true to him." The three brothers went home and hid behind the house. They cut pitch wood and made a torch. When it was dark and the people had gone to bed, they went up to the house in which the wife of the eldest brother was living. They went to the place where they knew her bed stood, and listened. They heard her talking with a man who was lying down with her. They waited until they heard them snoring. Then the youngest brother lighted his torch and entered. He stepped up to his mother and asked, "Did any one eome to our house while we were away?" His mother replied, "Yes; the chief's son, from the village opposite, eame here, and he is here now." Then the young man told his mother of the death of her eldest son, and added that he had certainly died on account of his wife's faith-Then he took his toreh and stepped up to the bed of his sister-in-law. He saw that she was lying with one arm stretched out, and that a young man with earrings of abalone shell was lying on her Then he put his toreh down, pulled out his knife, and cut off the head of the young man and took it along with him. The woman awoke and found the blood streaming over her bed. She was frightened. She dug a hole under her bed and buried the body. Then she spread her bed again and lay down.

On the following morning the Gitginio'x missed their young chief. They inquired where he had gone, and finally learned that he had erossed the river. Then they suspected that he might have been killed by the Gispawaduwe'da. The three brothers had taken the body of their eldest brother home, and they had hung the head of their enemy over the doorway. The Gitginio'x, under the pretext that their fire had gone out, sent a girl slave to the Gispawaduwe'da to ask permission to

light a torch. They told the girl to ascertain if there were any signs of the whereabouts of the young chief. The young woman obeyed. The river was frozen and she went across, but she did not see anything. Still the suspicions of the Gitginiō'x were not allayed, and every morning they sent the young slave to ask for fire. Finally one morning when she crossed the threshold, a drop of blood dripped on her foot. She desired to see where it came from, and pretended to stumble. She put her torch into the snow and extinguished the flame. Then she returned into the house and lighted her torch again; and when she went out she looked up and saw the head of her young chief, with its large ear ornaments, hanging over the door. She went out, and when she came to the river she threw her torch away and ran home as fast as she could. When she approached the village, she wailed and cried, "I saw my master's head!" Then the Gitginiō'x put on their armors and went out to make war upon the Gispawaduwe'da.

Wa'g'îxs, the wife of the eldest brother, knew all the time what was coming. She made one hole under her bed to hide herself when the G'itg'iniō'x should come to attack the village, another one for her daughter, whose name was Sqawô. When she saw the enemy coming, she called her daughter, and they hid in the holes. The G'itg'iniō'x killed all the G'ispawaduwe'da and set fire to their town. The mother and her daughter heard the houses falling. Finally everything was quiet, and the mother put her hand out of the hole in order to feel if the town were still burning. When she felt that the ashes were cool, she opened the hole and she and her daughter eame out. The mother went about the town, but there was not a soul left except herself and her daughter. She went to the end of the town and sat down (therefore this place is called Hwîl uks-g'i-d'ā' Sqawô', Where-Sqawô'-sat-down-near-the-water); and she sang:



Nå - LEm - t'an nak sk"L Lgō - Lkwe Sqa - wô.

That is, "Who will marry my daughter Sqawô?" When she had finished singing, a grouse came. He sat down and said, "I will marry your daughter." The mother asked, "What can you do?" The grouse replied, "(When we fight) we raise our feathers and frighten man." The mother replied, "That is not enough," and the grouse left.

The mother sang again, "Who will marry my daughter Sqawô?" Then the squirrel came and said, "I will marry your daughter." The mother replied, "What can you do?" Then the squirrel said, "We only throw down acorns and frighten man." "That is not enough; go away!" said the mother.

¹ Ago' sl-gwlx:-hwl'len?

² Q'am-hô'saldem la'ylm, nLk-'ê hô'tsil g-a'dem.

³ Q'am-ma'g ildem maq, nlk-'é hôth g'at.

She sang again. The rabbit came and said, "I will marry your daughter." The mother asked, "What can you do?" The rabbit replied, "We open our eyes and move our ears and frighten man." "That is not enough; go away!"

Again she sang, and the owl came and said, "Hm, hm, hm, hm! I will marry your daughter." "What can you do?" "When we talk we frighten man." "That is not enough; go away!"

The owl went, and the mother sang again. All the animals came and wanted to marry her daughter. Finally the bear came and said, "I will marry your daughter." "What can you do?" Then the bear ran away. He threw trees down, tore the ground, and showed that he was very strong; but she was not satisfied, and sent him away.

Again she sang. The grizzly bear came and said, "I will marry your daughter." She asked, "What can you do?" Then the grizzly bear ran away and howled. He ran to a swamp, and tore out two roots of bullrushes (?), which looked like a man's head. He tore off some alder bark, chewed it, and spit the red juice on the roots so that they looked like bloody heads. These he earried to the woman. She was almost ready to accept him, but finally she sent him away.

She sang again. Then there came a clap of thunder, and she fainted; when she came to, she saw a man standing near by. He said, "I will marry your daughter." "What can you do?" He replied, "I take this club from under my blanket, and as I turn it the ground turns and trees grow up." The woman asked him to show his powers, and he turned the club. At once the woman and the girl were buried underground, and trees grew over them. Then he turned the club again, and they came up again. He said, "I saw how your friends were killed, and your village destroyed. Therefore I have come to marry your daughter."

He took the women under his arms and said to them. "We will go up to heaven now. Don't open your eyes while we are flying, though you hear much noise, else we ean not reach heaven." He put the mother under one arm, and the daughter under the other, and flew upward. While he was passing through the elouds there was a great noise, which induced the mother to open her eyes. They fell back at once, and he said, "I will try once more; but if you open your eyes again, I must leave you." He rose a second time; but when they were passing through the clouds they heard the same noise, and the mother could not withstand the temptation to look. As soon as she opened her eyes they fell back. Then the man said, "I can not take you up. I must leave you down here." He tore off a branch of a tree, put the mother into the hole which he had thus made, and put the branch back in its place. He said, "You shall cry whenever the wind moves the tree." That is the reason why the trees moan when they are moved by the wind.

Then he flew np with his wife and arrived in heaven. He went to his house. They entered. After they had eaten he showed the girl where to lie down. He did not lie down with her, but stayed in a room by himself. His name in heaven was Hîslēgiyō'ôntku. Every morning the rays of the sun fell through a chink upon her, and soon she found that she was with child. After a short time she gave birth to a boy, whom she called after the chief in heaven, Hîslēgiyō'ôntku. After some time, when the rays of the sun struck her body, she conceived another son. She called him Ax-t'em-hwîlhwî'lg'it (Headless). Then a third son was born, whom she called Lē-g'a'amexsku (Lying-on). Finally she gave birth to two daughters, whom she called Ksemmamā'm and Ksem-gwadzîq-t'ē'lîx' (Woman-excrements-grease).

The chief made bows and arrows for the boys, and ordered them to fight among themselves. They shot at one another and aimed at their eyes. When an arrow had struck one of them, the girl stepped up to him, took it out, and sucked the wound, which closed at once. When they were grown up, the chief made houses for the boys. The front of the house of the cldest had three doors. It was called Lax-ô'em. The doorways were ornamented with skulls. It was dark in the entrances. Therefore the doors were called Qalx si-sqä'exk". Painted planks were laid in front of the house. The eldest brother had a head ornament of skins. Still another had a bow inlaid with abalone shells. They had blankets made of ermine skins. They also had the carved club by means of which they were able to overturn honses.

Then the chief in heaven sent the children and their houses down to the place where the village of the G'ispawaduwe'da used to stand. Their mother stayed in heaven. Late in the evening the G'itg'iniō'x heard a noise: "Be, be, be!" When they went out to see what caused the noise, they saw that it was foggy. A man went down to the river and heard people singing on the other side. They sang:

"Just out from the shore t

He ran back to the house and said, "I hear people singing on the other side." The others made fun of him, and said, "Those are the ghosts of the G'ispawaduwe'da."

On the following morning they saw four beautiful houses on the site of the former town of the G'ispawaduwe'da. The chief of the G'itg'iniō'x' ordered his people to cross the ice, and to make war on the occupants of the houses. They began to shoot with arrows. An arrow struck the eye of one of the brothers. Their sister sucked it out, and the wound closed again. After some time the eldest brother shouted, "Stop fighting, else I shall turn over my club, and your town

will be buried. Trees will grow up in its place." When they continued the fight, he turned his club, and the whole town disappeared under ground. Trees grew in its place. Then he turned his club again and the town reappeared, but the Gitginiō'x continued to fight. Then he turned his club once more. The town was buried again and all the people died.

The brothers traveled all over the world, and made war on all the tribes, and destroyed them by means of their club. The chief in heaven became angry because they abused his gift, and wished that they might forget the club on one of their expeditions. So it happened that they forget the club when they went out to attack the town Gulg'ē'u. Therefore the place has been called ever since that time Hwîl d'ak's-ts'aX, or Where-the-club-was-forgotten. Then they went to Demlaxā'm on Skeena river, where they settled, as they were unable to continue fighting on account of the loss of the supernatural club. Their descendants became the G'isq'ahā'st.

On account of the gifts received in heaven, this clan have the privilege of using head ornaments of abalone shell, such as they received from Hîslēgiyō'ôntku.

Asi-hwî'L

[Told by Chief Mountain]

A long time ago the people of Lax-q'al-tsa'p and those of G'itwunksi'lk were starving. There were two sisters living in these towns. When the provisions were almost exhausted, the sister living in Lax-q'al-tsa'p thought that she would try to reach her sister who lived in G'itwunksi'lk. She started and went up the valley. After some time she saw a woman approaching. When she came near, she recognized her sister. She knew at once that the people of G'itwunksi'lk were starving also. The sisters met and sat down and cried. Since that time this place has been called Hwîl-lē-ne-hwa'da (Where-they-met each-other). The sister who had gone up the river had only a few haw berries, and the other had only a small piece of spawn about as long as her finger. They divided and ate.

In the evening they made a small hut of branches and lighted a fire. The sister who had come from G'itwunksi'lk had a daughter whom she had taken along. They lay down to sleep. About midnight all of a sudden a man appeared and lay down next the younger sister, who was unmarried. He asked her, "Is it true that all your friends are starving?" She said, "There were no provisions in our village, and so I went to see my sister." The man continued, "Stay here. I will make a fish weir for you." His name was Hō'uX (Good-luck). He was a supernatural being. Early in the morning he rose and made a

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weir of small sticks and twigs, and soon it was full of tront. He took them out of the weir and the women roasted them. Then he went hunting, and in the afternoon he came back, bringing five porenpines. Then the sisters were glad. On the following day he went hunting again, and brought back a mountain goat. The sisters had made a basket of spruce roots in which they boiled the meat. On the next day he went hunting again and caught a large bear, the fat of which was about as thick as a man's hand is wide. On the fourth day he returned early in the morning, bringing a bighorn sheep. He told the sisters that he had killed ten sheep, and asked them to carry the meat home. The honse was now full of meat and fish, because the trap was full every morning.

Soon the woman was with child, and she gave birth to a boy. When the boy was able to walk, his father made snowshoes for him and sent him up the mountains to look for bears. The boy came back in the evening, but he had not killed anything. His father asked him, "Did you not see a bear?" The boy had not seen any. Then his father demanded to see his snowshoes. He examined them and found that he had made a mistake in making them. He made a new pair and sent the boy off again. Soon he returned, bringing a piece of bear meat. He told his father that a bear which he had killed was lying on the mountains. Then his father put on his snowshoes and brought the bear home. On the following day the father went out hunting. Soon he returned, bringing two mountain goats, and told his son that there was a flock of goats on the other side of the mountains. The father sent him after them. Then his mother said, "Now we have a name for our son. We will call him Asi-hwî'l. That means Goingacross-the-mountains."

Before the boy left, the father made a new pair of snowshoes for him, and said to him, "With these snowshoes you can elimb mountains, however steep they may be. Whenever you come to a difficult place, put on these snowshoes." Then he took a bag made of cedar bark from under his arm. He opened it and took out two tiny dogs, one of which was spotted, the other one red. He put them on the snow and struck them, saying at the same time, "Red, red, red," to one, and, "Spotted, spotted, spotted," to the other. At once they became large dogs. Then he struck them again, and they became small again. He told the boy to take the dogs out of the bag whenever he should see any goats, to make them large, and to command the one to go up the mountains on the right-hand side, and the other to go up on the lefthand side. Then they would run up, barking, and frighten the goats so that they would fall down. Furthermore, he cut a pole for his son, with a goat horn attached to one end, which he was to use in climbing the mountains. He said, "If you strike the rock with the horn,

there will be a hole." The other end of the pole was provided with a sharp black bone point. The boy, after having received these gifts, left his parents.

Once upon a time the young man fell in with a powerful man whose name was Wud'ax-mexmä'ex (Large-ears). This man asked him, "What weapons do you use for killing game?" The boy replied, "I do not use any weapon. I run after them, and they fall down. What kind of weapon do you use for killing game?" "I do not use any weapon. I have supernatural powers." Asi-hwî'l was desirous to know how Large-ears killed his game. They went a short distance together, and came to a place where there were many goats. The youth said, "Let me see how you kill goats." Large-ears took a pair of long mittens from under his blanket. He put them on and elapped his hands. At once all the goats fell down the steep sides of the mountains. They went to another mountain where they saw a number of goats. Then Large-ears said, "Now, let me see how you kill mountain goats." Asi-hwî'l pulled his bag from under his blanket, took the dogs out, and said, "Red, red, red! Spotted, spotted, spotted!" Then the dogs grew large—one went to the right, and the other to the left—and they began to bark. The goats fell down at once. Then Asi-hwî'l put on his snowshoes, and walked right up a vertical eliff. When Large-ears saw this, he was surprised. They parted, and each went home. When Asi-hwî'l eame to his father, he told him what had happened, and his father praised him.

After some time Hō'uX said to his wife and to her sister, "Your brothers are eoming to look for you. Therefore I must hide in the woods." A short time after he had left, the brothers eame. When they saw the house full of meat, they were surprised. Then the women gave them to eat. On the following morning the brothers left, earrying along some meat which the sisters had given them. As soon as they left, Hō'uX returned. The sisters told him that their brothers had asked them to return home. Then Hō'uX said, "Let us part. You may return to your home; I will return to mine." On the following morning many people eame to fetch the women and the boy. They took them to G'itxadē'n. The boy's uncles gave a feast, and his mother told them the boy's name, Asi-hwî'l. The people bought meat of them, and paid for it with elk skins, which Asi-hwî'l used in giving a potlateh.

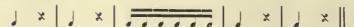
A supernatural being who lives in heaven saw that Asi-hwî'l was a great hunter. He eovered one of his slaves with ashes, so that he looked like a white bear, and sent him to Nass river. The hunters set out to kill the bear, but they were unable to reach it. When the bear came to G'itxadē'n, Asi-hwî'l put on his snowshoes, took his bag and his pole and pursued it. The bear reached Leading point. There a

vertical cliff rises, and the tracks of Asi-lwiTs snowshoes where he climbed the cliff are still visible. Beyond the cliff he saw the bear entering a large house. He stayed at the door and heard the people singing:



That is, "Asi-hwî'l is picking the bones of my neck." Asi-hwî'l was unable to enter, and returned. He had lost the bear.

He went to the country of the Tsimshian, and married a girl of that tribe. The girl's brothers were sealion hunters. Once upon a time, during winter, gales were raging, and the brothers were unable to kill any sealions. One day Asi-hwî'l accompanied them. When they came to the sealions' rock, they found that there was a high swell, and they were unable to land. But Asi-hwî'l put on his snowshoes, took his staff, and jumped ashore. Then he ran up the rock and killed all the sealions. The brothers became jealous of him, and deserted him. When Asi-hwî'l had killed all the sealions and made ready to jump back into the canoe, he saw that the brothers had left. The tide began to rise. When it had almost covered the rock, he put his staff into a fissure and sat down on top of it. When the flood tide rose still higher, he tied his bow to the end of his staff and climbed on top of the bow. There he sat, and whistled the call which his father had taught him:



Then the tide ceased to rise, and soon the water began to fall. The rock became dry again. Then he lay down to sleep. While he was sleeping, somebody nudged him and whispered, "Grandmother invites you in." He looked down, but he did not see anyone. He pulled his blanket over his head and tore a hole in it with his teeth. Then he peeped through the hole. After a little while he saw a mouse

coming out of a place where a bunch of grass was growing. She whispered in his ear, "Grandmother invites you in." Then he pulled off his blanket, and saw the mouse disappearing under the bunch of grass. He pulled it out, and saw a house underneath. The mouse had taken the shape of a woman, and spoke to him, "Enter, if you are Asi-hwî'l, who has been deserted here." He entered, and the woman gave him to eat. The old woman who had invited him in said, "You know that this rock is the house of the sealions. Their chief is very sick. The shamans are unable to cure him. Please try if you can heal him." He promised to do so, and she led him to the chief, who was sick in bed. Asi-hwî'l saw a bone harpoon in his side. He sat down. Then the mouse said to the chief, "He will heal you if you will give him this canoe in payment." So saying, she pointed to the largest canoe. It was made of the intestines of sealions. The chief gave it to him. Then he stepped up to him, and, taking hold of the harpoon, pushed it first slightly into the flesh and then he pulled it out. The chief opened his eyes, and said at once that he felt better. Then they moistened the intestines, placed him inside, tied them up, and put them into the sea. Then they invoked the west wind, which drifted the intestines to the mainland. In the evening he heard the surf, and felt that the sealion's intestines were being knocked about on the beach. Then he opened them, and went out.

He resolved to take revenge. Therefore he earved two killer-whales out of red cedar. He put them into the water. They swam a short distance, but then they became logs, turned over, and drifted about. He ealled them back, and carved two new ones of yellow eedar. They swam a little longer than the first ones, but then they also became logs, turned over, and drifted about. He called them back and burnt them. Then he carved two new ones of yew wood. They became real killer-whales, who swam, blowing and snorting. They did not turn into wood again. Then he called them back and said to them, "The men who have deserted me will go out sealion hunting to-morrow. As soon as they go out I shall put you into the water. Go and break their canoes." On the following morning, when he saw his enemies coming, he put the whales into the water, and they broke the canoes. Asi-liwi'l went back to his wife and stayed with her.

THE GROUSES Kribe

A LEGEND OF THE G'ISPAWADUWE'DA

[Told by Chief Mountain]

A chief had a beautiful daughter. Many young men came to marry her, but he refused her to all of them. Then the chief of the Grouses flew down and alighted on the roof of the old chief's house. He assumed the shape of a man who wore a blanket made of fox skins. When it was dark, he entered the house without the knowledge of the chief, and lay down with the girl, who accepted him. The Grouse persuaded her to elope with him. At midnight they rose and left the house. They crossed the river and came to a large town which was inhabited by the Grouses. The young Grouse's father gave a feast when he arrived with his wife. They stayed there all winter, and in

summer she gave birth to four children.

The old chief searched all over the country for his daughter, but he was unable to find her. When the children began to grow up, their mother said to them, "Don't you want to see your grandfather? He is a chief, and lives on the other side of the river. He has a large house with many steps, and a pole in front of it." The young Grouses wished to see him, and erossed the river on the ice. While going across they said, "Ps, ps, ps, ps!" The children in the chief's village heard the noise, and saw four young Grouses coming. They threw stones at them. Then the Grouses flew back. the following day the young Grouses tried again, but were driven back by the children. They tried every day. Then the people said to one another, "Next time when the Grouses come, we will not disturb them." On the following day they came again, and went right to the old chief's house. The chief opened the door, and they entered. He spread a mat for them and they sat down. All the people came to see the birds. Finally an old man spoke to the chief, "Don't you remember that you lost your daughter some years ago? The birds must be her children, because they know your house." Then the old chief said to the birds, "Tell your father that I invite him and all his people to a feast to-morrow, and ask your mother also to come." Then the birds rose and left the house. They returned over the ice.

On the following morning innumerable Grouses came across. The ice was black with birds, and among them was the chief's daughter. Then they entered the chief's house. They sat down on the floor; and many had to sit on the posts and because there was not enough room on the floor. When the boys saw this, they shook the posts, and the birds flew from one side of the house to the other. The chief made a feast and gave them dry salmon and berries. Then he spoke, "I am old, and unable to split wood. Will not my son-in-law please stay here and help me?" His daughter repeated his speech to her husband, who replied, "Ps, ps, ps, ps!" and the other birds spoke to him in the same manner. Then the chief's daughter said that the birds would go and split wood on the following morning.

On the following morning the chief opened the smoke-hole of his house. Then his son-in-law delivered a speech, and flew out, followed by all the birds. When they had gone, the chief's daughter swept the house. About noon the noise of the birds was heard again.

The chief had a fire in his house, and the birds reentered through the smoke-hole. Each threw some fat into the fire, so that it blazed up high. They brought a long pole as high as a mountain, which was covered with fat. The chief of the birds gave this pole to his fatherin-law, who divided it among his tribe. Then the chief and his people in return gave presents to the chief of the Grouses. They gave him a feast, after which the birds left. The chief's daughter and her children went back with them to the town of the Grouses.

Tsegu'ksk^u

In the town Lax-anlôe, below G'ilwnnksî'lk, was a shaman who owned a rattle and a carved squirrel, which became alive as soon as it was dark. There was a village on the opposite side of the river, whose inhabitants were enemies of the shaman. One night he sent his squirrel across the river to kill his enemies. It obeyed and killed all the people, with the exception of a few men, among them a shaman, whose name was Tsegu'ksk". After the squirrel had killed all the people, Tsegu'ksku and three other nien got into a canoe and descended the river. He had a long board in his canoe which was painted red. They landed near Cape Fox. There Tsegu'ksku lay down on the plank and covered himself with a mat made of cedar bark. Then his friends made a small fire on the end of the plank and burnt meat, tallow, and berries in the fire. They turned their faces away from the plank, and when they looked again the plank with the fire and Tsegu'ksku had disappeared. They heard a noise from the depths of the sea. Tsegu'ksku had been taken into the house of the chief G'itk'stagL, who lives at the bottom of the sea. The chief sent for a box drnm. The three men heard the following song coming from the deep:

Wudē', wudē', wudē', hē'yi, wudē, wudō'. Hwîl ne-gebgā/bel plô/ôn qanl näql, iē/,

Hwîl g'oL-qalgâ'l qabâ'q ie'.

Hwîl g'or-die'qat wî-Ts'ega'uks ts'aur wî-hwî'lpsqat G'îtk'tsem wâ'ôpele'.

That is, "Fastened together are sea otter and killer-whale; scattered are the cockles where Tsegu'ksk" walks about in his great house at Wâ'ôpEl."1

Then Gitk stage gave Tsegu'ksk a club in shape of a land otter and a small box, the lid of which was carved in the shape of a fin of a whale. Furthermore, he gave him a chamber-pot made of wood. He said to him, "The river is frozen now. Take this, it will break the ice for you." Then Tsegu'ksku was sent back. All of a sudden he was seen again in the canoe, and by him were the presents of the chief from

¹ A place near China Hat.

below. He threw the club into the water. It swam up the river and cut the ice. After some time the club became tired. He took it into the canoe and put the box on the ice. The box assumed the shape of a killer-whale and moved over the ice, thus cutting it. Then he told it to go to the house of the shaman who had killed his friends. The latter had a daughter, whose name was Lgo-yī'yuk (Little-worker). Tsegu'ksku commanded the whale to break the ice when he saw the girl on the river and to bring her to him. Soon the girl came down to the river to fetch water. Then the whale rose and carried her away to where his master was staying, and the latter sang:



Next he ordered the whale to watch and whenever a woman went to fetch water to take her away. The inhabitants were therefore in great want of water. Finally Tsegu'ksk" sent his otter club to kill all the people. The club swam across the river and killed every one. Only one man, who happened to be out hunting, was saved.

At this time the Haida used to make war upon the villages of Observatory inlet. Tsegu'ksku happened to be there with his friends when the Haida made an attack on the village, and he and all his companions were killed. The Haida cut off the heads of the slain to take them along as trophies. Tsegu'ksku's head was placed in the bow of the canoe. When the Haida had gone some little distance, his head rolled overboard and swam back to where the body lay. Head and trunk were joined again, and Tsegu'ksku rose hale and well. He returned to Nass river.

The man who had been absent hunting while Tsegu'ksku's otter-club had killed all his friends resolved to take revenge. He invited Tsegu'ksku to a feast. He was going to give him dried human flesh mixed with poison to eat. One of Tsegu'ksku's supernatural helpers had warned him, however, and had told him to take out his intestines after the feast, and to replace them with dogs' intestines, then the poison would do him no harm. Tsegu'ksku put on a bearskin for his blanket, placed a ring of red cedar bark around his neck, and strewed eagle-down on his head. Then he went across. He entered the house of his enemy and sat down. When the food was ready for him, he remarked, "This is human carrion," but he ate it nevertheless. At night he became sick. Then he said to the people, "I am going to die. When I am dead, open my stomach, and take out the intestines. Then kill a dog, take its intestines, and put them in place of mine.

you must sew up my stomach." They obeyed, and after four days Tsegu'ksku was alive and well. They placed his intestines in a canoe, which was pushed into the river. It sank at once, and his intestines are still at the bottom of the river. They cause the noise of the rapids.

Once upon a time Tsegu'ksku traveled down the river in his canoe. The canoe capsized, and when he was about to be drowned a great number of gulls eame to his reseue. They took him on their backs and carried him up the river to his village, singing:

Hâ de-k-â'etnê hagun-de-hwî'lêt qê'wundet an-dâ'x-t lax-ha'.

That is, "I am taken along on the water, I am taken around the world by gulls."

After a short time an epidemic of smallpox visited the villages. Tsegu'ksk" placed a pole, which he had painted red, in front of his house to ward off the disease. But, nevertheless, he became siek. He ealled all the great shamans of his village, and asked them if he would recover. Finally one of them replied that he would not recover. Then he made a bow and four arrows, which he painted red. He ordered one of his friends to shoot the arrows up to the sun. His friend did so, and the arrows did not return; but every time he shot. blood began to flow from Tsegu'ksk"s forehead and from his eheeks. When Tsegu'ksk" felt the blood, he said, "I shall not remain dead." He took his rattle and went around the fire twice, following the course of the sun. Then he asked for a coffin box. He crawled into it and died. Then the people took the skin of a mountaingoat, cut ropes out of it, and tied the box tightly. Then they placed it on a large bowlder behind the village. On the fourth night after the burial a noise was heard proceeding from the box. When the people went out to see what it was, they saw that Tsegu'ksk" had broken the thongs, and that he was sitting on the box. He had assumed the shape of a white owl. One man tried to catch him; but as the owl flew away, he became afraid and returned. Then a second man, whose name was Lō-gwisgwâ's, tried. He did not succeed. After four men had tried, the owl suddenly fell back into the box. and the thongs were replaced by magie. The staff which Tsegu'ksku had raised in front of his house fell to pieces and was seen to be rotten all through. Before the owl fell back into the box, it said, "Wull demā'ndē;" that is, "Nobody will be left." The epidemie continued for some time, and all the people died. This was the first visitation of smallpox.

ROTTEN-FEATHERS

[The continuation of this story from page 100, line 6, was told by Chief Mountain, as follows:]

Twice she tried to cut it, then the feather snapped and the boys all fell down. The eldest one kept the feather and received the name Rotten-feathers. At the same time when the boys fell down a great many bones fell down from heaven. Rotten-feathers moved the feather over them four times and the bones became again living people.

Then the brothers went to Skeena river. Little-grindstone ate of the berries that were growing there and was transformed into a mountain that may be seen to this day. The brothers traveled on and reached a mountain which they were unable to pass. Rotten-feathers moved his feather over it and the mountain melted down. The molten rock may still be seen.

Finally they came to a canyon. They saw a town on the other side of the river and a bridge leading across to it. Here they met a woman named Great-goose (Wī-ksem-ha'x), who warned them. She said, "You can not cross this bridge. If you try to do so, it will break and you will be drowned. On the other side lives Chieftainess Knife-hand (Haq'ôlem-an'o'n), who has a beautiful daughter. She cuts off with her hands the heads of all her daughter's suitors." Rotten-feathers thought he could overcome her by means of his magic feather. He crossed the bridge in safety and entered the house. The old woman langhed when she saw him, and immediately asked her daughter to spread the bed. At night he lay down with the young woman. He had his hair tied in a bunch on top of his head and in it he had hidden his feather. As soon as the young woman was fast asleep he arranged his own hair like that of a woman and tied the young woman's hair in a topknot. Then he pretended to be asleep. Soon the old woman came. She felt of the heads of the sleepers. She believed her daughter to be the stranger and cut off her head. Then Rotten-feathers tied up his hair again and put the feather on top. He took the labret of the dead woman. Therefore he received the name Labret. The feather earried him back across the river. Great-goose greeted him, saying, "My son, did you come back safely?" He told her what had happened. On the following morning Knife-hand came across the river wailing, "My child! my child! Sister Great-goose, how did it happen that your child became a great supernatural being?" Greatgoose replied, "The heavens were clear when my child was born, therefore she has become a great supernatural being, sister." Then Knife-hand said, "O, yes. sister Great-goose." ("Lgō'uLgnē, Lgō'uLgnē, g'axgō'dēsg'at Lgō'uLgun, g'īk" Wī-ksem-ha'x, qan wi-nexnô'qt."—"Lda wi-la'nı lax-ha' desg'a't lgō'nlgnē, qan wī-nexnô'qt, g'īk"."—"Hâ, net, g'īk" Wī-ksem-ha'x.")

Rotten-teathers, who had now the name Labret, heard that a supernatural being named Sleep had a beautiful wife. He desired to abduct her, and, notwithstanding Great-goose's warning, he set out. He reached the house and found Sleep fast asleep. He told Sleep's wife that he had come to abduct her. She was willing to elope with him. She told him that Sleep had a very fast canoe, which traveled by itself. They went aboard this canoc and escaped. Sleep had a chamber-pot whose office it was to wake him if any danger approached. The pot knocked him on the head and the urine ran over his face, but he did not awake. Then a wooden maul, whose office it was also to wake him, knocked him on the head until he awoke. The maul said, "Labret abducted your wife." Immediately Sleep launched a canoe and set out to pursue the fugitives. Soon he descried them. He shouted, "Stop, Labret, else I shall raise rocks in front of you." When the couple paddled on Sleep raised a mountain right in front of them, but Labret moved his feather against it and thus opened a passage. Sleep continued his pursuit. When he approached he ordered Labret to stop, threatening to put his comb in front of him. When Labret paddled on, Sleep threw the comb ahead and thus made a dense forest in front of the fugitives. Labret, however, moved his feather against the woods and so made a passage through it. Thus the couple escaped safely. The mask of Sleep is used up to this day by the G'ispawaduwe'da.

ABSTRACTS

Txä'msem and Lôgôbolā

A chief's wife pretends to be dead and is buried on a tree. Her lover goes to see her in the grave box. They are discovered and killed by the chief. The dead woman gives birth to a boy who lives by sucking his mother's intestines. He takes away the arrows of some playing children, and is discovered and taken to the house of the chief, who raises him. The boy and one of his friends kill two birds, put on their skins and fly through a hole in the heavens. The boy goes on alone, assumes the shape of a cedar leaf, drops into a well, and is swallowed by the daughter of the chief in heaven. She gives birth to a boy, who eries for the box in which the sun is kept. The chief sends for it. The boy steals it and becomes Txä'msem, the Raven. He puts his eap into a cliff. He goes up Nass river and returns because ghosts whistle in front of him. Therefore the water of the river turns back. He then asks the ghosts, who are fishing olaehen, for fish. He is refused and makes it daylight, thus driving away the ghosts. Finally Txä'msem meets his brother, Lôgôbolā', who takes off his hat, thus eausing a fog in which Txä'msem is lost. Lôgôbolā' causes all fresh water to disappear. They have a shooting match and stake the Nass river against the Skeena river. Txä'msem orders the crows to put his arrow into the goal and to remove Lôgôbolā's. Thus he wins by fraud. They divide the stakes and make the olachen go up Nass river and the salmon up Skeena river. They separate.

TXÄ'MSEM

Txä'msem visits a chief who owns fresh water. He pretends that the chief soiled his bed, and by threatening to tell on him he gets permission to take a drink of water. He takes all the water and flies away. The water runs out of his blanket and forms rivers. He meets the ghosts and turns back, therefore the waters of Nass river turn back. He makes a gull vomit olachen, then he rubs its spawn over his canoe and goes to a chief who owns the olachen. He pretends to have eaught many olachen, showing the spawn in his canoe. The chief is annoyed and releases the olachen from his house. Txä'msem catches olachen and roasts them. Gulls steal them. He throws the gulls into a fire and the tips of their wings become black. He assumes the shape

of a deer, ties pitchwood to his tail, and steals fire. He strikes the butts of the trees with his burning tail, and therefore the wood burns. Txä'msem then marries a salmon woman and thus obtains salmon. She makes his hair grow long. He scolds her, and all the salmon and his long hair disappear.

Txä'msem

Txä'msem is born, but can not be induced to eat. Two old men chew salmon for him, and put a scab into it. Then he becomes voraeious and is deserted. He tries to catch a bullhead but can not, so he curses it and makes its tail thin. Believing that he sees a beautiful dancing-blanket in the woods, he tears his raven blanket and finds that what he believed to be a blanket is moss. Then he takes a slave. They reach a chief's house. The slave says that Txä'nisem does not like food that has been offered, and eats it all himself. Txä'msem induces his slave to cross a canyon on a bridge made of the stalk of a skunk cabbage. The bridge breaks, the slave falls down, his belly bursts, and Txä'msem eats the contents of his stomach. He finds children playing ball with a slice of blubber, and eats it. The children tell him that they obtain blubber by throwing themselves down from a tree and shouting "Piles of blubber!" He does so and kills himself. He comes to life again and goes fishing with Cormorant, takes a louse from his neck, and pretends that he wants to put it on his tongue. He tears out Cormorant's tongue and steals the fish that Cormorant has caught. He exchanges the chief's club for one of rotten wood, and induces the chief to strike him with the elub, but in an ensuing fight he kills the chief with his own elub. Seal invites Txä'msem into his house and lets grease drip from his hands into a dish. A bird strikes its ankle and pulls out fish roe. Another bird makes salmon berries by his song. Txä'msem tries in vain to imitate his hosts. He steals bait of the fishermen from their hooks. His jaw is caught and torn off, but he recovers it. He calls a salmon and kills it. He is advised by his excrements to steam the salmon in a hole. A stump sits down on the hole and eats the salmon. Txä'ınsım then invites Grizzly Bear to go fishing with him. He pretends to use his own testicles for bait and induces the bear to cut off his testicles for bait, thus killing himself. He makes the wife of Grizzly Bear swallow redhot stones to secure good luck for her husband, and thus kills her. He asks Pitch to go fishing and lets him melt in the hot sun. Pitch runs over a halibut and makes one side black. When he reaches the town of the air, he tries to steal provisions, but is beaten off by invisible hands. He asks Deer to accompany him and split wood. He kills Deer by striking his head with a hammer. He then enters the house of smoke-hole, who prevents his escape by ordering the door and the smoke-hole to close. Txä'msem, caught in the smoke-hole, puts

his voice as an echo into a cliff and scolds the chief, who allows the smoke-hole to open again. Txä'msɛm flies away in the shape of a raven. He catches seals and steams them. A stump eats them. Txä'msɛm makes the stump his slave, and finally he calls all the fish ashore and kills them.

THE STONE AND THE ELDERBERRY BUSH

The Stone and the Elderberry Bush gave birth nearly at the same time, but the children of Elderberry Bush were born first. Therefore man is mortal.

THE PORCUPINE AND THE BEAVER

The Beaver invites the Porcupine to his house, carries him over the water, and gives him sticks to eat. They agree to play together. The Beaver carries the Porcupine through the water and almost drowns him. The Porcupine then invites the Beaver to visit him and takes him over slippery ice to a tree which he climbs and lets himself fall down. He carries the Beaver up. The Porcupine lets go of the tree and shouts "Space!" and is not hurt when he strikes the ground; but the Beaver shouts "Rock!" and his belly bursts when he lands on the ground.

THE WOLVES AND THE DEER

The Wolves and the Deer have a feast. They play laughing at each other. The Wolves laugh first. The Deer fear the large teeth of the Wolves. The Deer are told to laugh aloud. When the Wolves see that the Deer have no teeth, they devour them.

THE STARS

A boy ridicules a Star and is taken up by it to the sky where he is tied to the smoke-hole of the Star's house. The boy's father is told by a woman how to recover his boy. He shoots arrows up to the sky, making a chain, which he climbs. He sees a man, to whom he gives tobacco, red paint, and slingstones in return for advice. The father then carves figures in the shape of his son, of different kinds of wood, finally of yellow cedar. He ties this figure on the roof in the place of his son. The figure cries when sparks fall on it. The father escapes with his son. Finally the figure stops crying, and the escape of the boy is discovered. The Stars pursue the fugitives, who throw away the tobacco, paint, and slingstones. The Stars stop and paint their faces. Therefore the Stars are red and blue. The man who had given advice swells on receiving more paint and tobacco and obstructs the way of the Stars. The father and his son safely descend the chain of arrows.

ROTTEN-FEATHERS

Children play ball and make much noise, which annoys Heaven, who sends feathers down. One boy puts them on his head and they lift him up. Others try to hold him and all are taken up. One menstructing girl and her grandmother, who were in a small but, are the only ones left. The girl puts wedges of various kinds of wood, a grindstone, a knife, and some mueus into her blanket and soon gives birth to five boys and one girl, who are these objects personified. The children annoy Heaven by their noise. The feathers come down again and take them up, though they transform themselves into trees, mountains, and mueus. The knife girl climbs her brothers' bodies and euts off the feather. Then the boys fall down. The feathers remain on the head of the eldest, who is ealled Rotten-feathers. The bones of those who had been taken up before fall down. They are revived. Grindstone eats berries and is transformed into a mountain. Rottenfeathers cuts passage through the mountains with a feather and reaches Great-goose, who advises them. He marries the daughter of a ehieftainess, who tries to cut off his head with her sharp hands. He changes his own and his wife's headdress and the young woman is killed in his place. He abducts the wife of Sleep and escapes in a self-moving canoe. Sleep is awakened by his watchmen, Chamber-pot and Wooden Maul. He creates a mountain in front of Rotten-feathers and his wife, which is cut by the feathers. Then he throws a comb ahead of them, which is transformed into a thicket. Again Rottenfeathers cuts a passage and escapes with the woman.

K.'ELK"

Children are playing in a hollow log of driftwood on the beach. They are earried out to sea by the tide. They strike their noses until they bleed and smear the outside of the log with the blood. Gulls that alight on the log are glued to it by the blood. The boys kill them and subsist on them. The log drifts into a large whirlpool and is pulled out by a one-legged person who lives near by, hunting seals in the whirlpool. He takes care of the boys. His neighbor, Hardinstep, envies him. The boys are homesiek and are sent to look for One-leg's canoe, which they can not find because it looks like a rotten log. Finally he uncovers it and it proves to be a self-moving canoe with a head of Wâse at each end. These heads eat whatever crosses the bow or the stern of the canoe. The boys feed each end with five seals and the canoe takes them home.

THE SEALION HUNTERS

One of four sealion hunters finds no sealions on his rock and steals those of his companion. The latter makes an artificial sealion, which, when harpooned by the thief, pulls him with his crew across the ocean. He is mable to let go the harpoon line. Finally they reach the land of the dwarfs. One of these appears in a canoe, jumps into the sea, clubs halibut under water, and puts them into the canoe. When he jumps into the sea ugain, one man steals two halibut. The dwarf notices it, finds the men, and knocks the thief to the ground so that he dies. The survivors are invited in by the chief of the dwarfs. Some birds arrive and a battle ensues in which many dwarfs are killed. On the following day the men attack the birds and kill them by twisting their necks. The men are sent home by the dwarfs.

SMOKE-HOLE

A man attains supernatural strength by always sleeping at the edge of his snoke-hole.

Ts'AK'

A boy named Ts'nk' eatenes fish, which are stolen by the Grizzly Bear. He scolds the Grizzly Bear, who snuffs him in. Ts'ak kills the bear by starting a fire in his stomach, and then comes out and asks his grandmother to cut open the bear. At first she refuses to believe him, but finally accompanies him and finds the bear. He visits the village of the Wolves across the river. They tie him, go to his house, and steal the bear meat. On being released he finds his grandmother asleep, cuts out her vulva, roasts it, and gives it to her to eat. She turns him out of the house. A supernatural being tells him how to take revenge on the Wolves. Through a hollow bone he blows sickness into the daughter of the ehief of the Wolves. The shamans can not cure her. He offers to do so, and when he is sueeessful he receives the girl in marriage, and is given much property and a slave named Drum-belly. He desires to get another wife, and starts with his slave Drum-belly and several birds. He comes to a burning mountain, which he tries unsuccessfully to cross by assuming the shape of various birds. He lies down, and is called by a Mouse, whose house is under a bunch of grass. He gains her good will by burning his earrings. She shows him the trail under the mountain. He reaches another Mouse at the far end of the trail, who gives him a carving of erystal for protection, and tells him what to do. He reaches a chief's house with a snapping door. He puts the crystal in so that it ean not close, and enters safely. He takes the chief's daughter for his wife. The father-in-law spreads a bearskin with sharp hair in order to kill him, but Ts'ak breaks the hair with his crystal. Then the father-in-law tries to boil him in a box, and though Ts'ak' seems to be boiled he rises unharmed. He is then thrown into the crack of a split cedar, which closes over him when the wedges are knocked out, but he kicks the tree apart and comes out. The chief orders his slave to throw Ts'ak' into the whirlpool while they are hunting seals, but instead the slave is drowned. He returns with his wife by the same way by which he came.

GROWING-UP-LIKE-ONE-WHO-11AS-A-GRANDMOTHER

A chief's nephew is a poor orphan. A light comes down from heaven and hangs at the end of a branch. It proves to be eopper. The chief promises his daughter to the one who will knock it down. The orphan boy receives from a supernatural being stones of four different colors, and with the last stone knocks it down, but the young men take the copper away from him, and elaim to have hit it. The next day a white bear is heard behind the village, and the ehief's daughter is promised to him who kills it. The orphan boy kills it with his arrow. The other youths claim to have killed it, but the youth's arrow is found, and thus the ehief learns that his nephew has killed the bear. The chief is ashamed and deserts his nephew, his daughter, and their grandmother. The boy goes to a pond and shouts. A giant frog, the guardian of the pond, emerges and pursues the boy. The boy makes a trap and eatches the frog in it. He skins it and goes into the pond, where he catches a trout. He puts the trout on the beach. In the morning a raven finds it and begins to eroak. The princess sends the boy to look, and he brings the trout. Every night he goes out and catches in succession trout, salmon, halibut, bullheads, seals, porpoises, sealions, and whales. Finally the princess discovers that he catches them and asks him to marry her. They have two children. The ehief's people are starving, and the chief sends a man and some slaves to see if his nephew, his daughter, and their grandmother are dead. The boy gives them to eat, and they report what they have seen. The people return, and he sells his provisions for slaves and elk skins, gives a potlatch, and becomes a chief. Finally he is unable to take off his frog blanket, and stays in the sea, whence he provides his wife and children with food.

LITTLE-EAGLE

A chief's son, instead of eatching salmon, feeds eagles and pulls out their feathers for his arrows. In winter, when provisions run short, the boy, his grandmother, and a slave are deserted. The boy's mother hides some fish in a clam shell. Every morning the eagles bring them food; first a trout, then bullheads, salmon, halibut, seals, porpoises, sealions, and whales. The boy puts on a gull skin and flies to look at his people, whom he finds starving. He drops a piece of seal meat into a canoe. The chief sends a man and several slaves to see if his son is dead. They find him alive and he feeds them, but forbids them to take food along. One slave hides some seal meat under his shirt. At home he gives the meat to his child. The child bolts it and is almost suffocated. The chief's wife pulls out the seal meat, and thus they learn that the prince has plenty of provisions. The people

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move back, and one of the prince's uncles gives him his daughter in marriage. The prince sells provisions for elk skins and slaves, gives a potlatch, and becomes a chief.

SHE-WIIO-HAS-A-LABRET-ON-ONE-SIDE

A scabby slave girl appears on the street of a village. A prince marries her. When his mother feeds her, she puts into the empty dish a scab, which is transformed into an abalone shell. In the evening the girl's mother, Evening Sky, comes and announces that her people will come and give the prince much property. Next day they arrive. The prince and his people go inland to trade. His wife is angry because he does not take her along. She bathes the awkward brother of the prince, gives him red paint, and sends him to the inlanders to trade for weasel skins. He becomes beautiful and rich, and she marries him. Her mother comes again and brings much property, which she gives to her new husband.

THE GRIZZLY BEAR

The eldest of four brothers goes hunting with his two dogs. He eomes to a glacier, which he erosses, and suddenly finds himself in front of the den of a Grizzly Bear, who kills him and his dogs. The second and third brothers meet the same fate. The voungest, on reaching the den, falls into it and strikes with his hand the Bear's vulva. She marries him. After some time he gets homesick and returns, accompanied by his bear wife. They live with his parents and the Bear makes friends with the man's child and with his former wife, whom she allows to return to him. The Bear and this woman go berrying, the Bear keeping the berries in her stomach. On their return they invite the people in. The Bear defecates the berries into a dish, but the people are afraid to eat them. The Bear robs a man's salmon weir, taking out the fish before daylight. She gives the fish to the people. The owner of the weir scolds her and she kills him. She goes back to the mountains, and tells her husband, who tries to follow her, to go home. When he does not obey, she kills him.

THE SQUIRREL

A young man has killed many squirrels. One day he sees a white squirrel climbing a spruce tree. He goes around the tree to get a shot and finds that the squirrel is the daughter of the chief of the squirrels. He is called into the house. The chief asks him to burn the meat and bones of the squirrels whom he has killed and thus to restore the squirrel people to life. In return he promises to make the hunter a shaman and gives him a dance and a song. After some time the youth's dried-up body is found on the tree. It is taken to

his father's house and placed on a mat, and during the mourning eeremony he revives. The squirrel meat is burned and the youth becomes a great shaman.

THE ORIGIN OF THE G'ISPAWADUWE'DA

There are two towns on opposite sides of Nass river. The eldest of four brothers from one of these towns is killed while hunting. The reason for his accident is the faithlessness of his wife, whose lover is the son of the chief of the other village. The surviving brothers find the lover with their sister-in-law. They cut off his head and hang it over the doorway. When the young chief is missing his people send a slave girl across the river to look for him, under the pretext that their fire has gone out. She finds his head, and a battle ensues in which all the people of the first village are killed except the woman whose lover had been slain and her daughter. They hide in a hole under ground while the town is being burned. When all is quiet, the mother shouts, "Who will marry my daughter?" Various animals come, but she refuses them because they are too weak. Finally a supernatural being from heaven comes and is accepted. He tries to carry both women up to heaven, but is compelled to leave the mother behind because, against his orders, she opens her eyes on the way. He puts her into the branch of a tree, where she remains and causes the noise produced by the wind. The daughter has several children, who receive supernatural gifts and are sent back to earth. Among these gifts is a club which, when turned, causes the earth to turn over and bury the owner's enemies. The children come down at the old village site. In a battle with their old enemies the brothers are victorious by using their magical club. Not satisfied with taking revenge, they continue to make war and thus exeite the auger of the ehief in heaven, who makes them lose their elub.

Ası-hwî'l

The people in two villages are starving. Two sisters who live in these villages start to visit each other and meet half-way. They make a small hut, and a supernatural being, "Good-luck," appears and marries the younger sister. Their son is named Asi-hwî'l. He receives from his father magic snowshoes, with which he can climb the steepest mountains, and two small dogs which can be made to grow large and to throw mountain goats down precipices. The boy goes hunting and meets a supernatural being who kills mountain goats by clapping his hands. The sisters, with their son, rejoin their people and become very rich. Asi-hwî'l tries in vain to kill a supernatural white bear which disappears in a cliff. He marries a Tsimshian girl. Her brothers become jealous of him on account of his prowess and

desert him on a sealion rock. When the tide rises he puts his staff in a crevice and sits down on top of it. When the tide recedes, he lies down and is called by a Mouse, which he observes through a hole in his blanket. He finds the house of the Sealions under a bunch of grass and cures their chief whom he himself had wounded. The Sealions send him back in a sealion stomach. He makes two artificial killer-whales, which kill his brothers-in-law.

THE GROUSES

A chief's daughter clopes with the chief of the Grouses, who appears as a man in fox skins. Their four children cross the river on the ice, intending to visit their grandfather. The children chase them away, but finally they enter the house of the chief, who suspects that they are his grandchildren and issues an invitation to the Grouse tribe to visit him. They all come, among them the lost woman. They bring as a present a pole covered with grease. The woman returns with them.

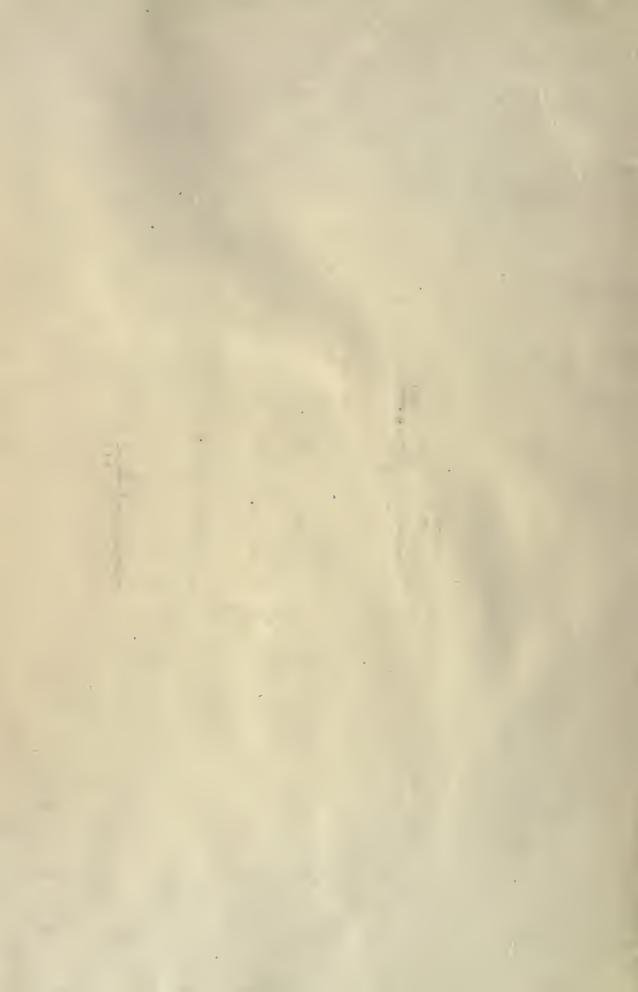
TSEGU'KSKU

A shaman has a carved squirrel, which comes to life and kills all the people of a village except Tsegu'ksk". He lies down on a painted board in a canoe, sings, sacrifices, and is taken down to the bottom of the sea, where he receives a box in the form of a killerwhale and a magical club. The box, by his orders, becomes a live whale, which breaks the ice and takes away all the women of his enemy's village when they come down to get water. Eventually the elub and the box kill all these people. The Haida make war on the Nass river villages and kill Tsegu'ksk". His head is cut off and taken along, but it swims back to the body and joins it, and Tsegn'ksku revives. He is invited to a feast. He knows that he is to be poisoned and tells his friends to take out his intestines when he seems to be dead and to replace them with those of a dog. This is done and he revives. Another time he capsizes in his canoe, but is rescued by gulls, which earry him to the shore. An epidemie of smallpox visits the villages. He becomes sick. Four arrows are shot up to the sky, which do not return, and with each shot blood flows from Tsegu'ksku's cheek. This shows that he will die, but will afterward revive. He dies. His body is tied in a box, but revives and sits on the grave box in the shape of an owl. A painted pole which he has erected in front of his house falls over and is seen to be rotten. At the same time the owl falls back into the box dead.









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