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THE NON-DRAMATIC WORKS

OF

THOMAS DEKKER.

VOL. I.

CANAAN'S CALAMITIE. THE WONDERFULL YEARE. THE BATCHELARS BANQUET.

1598—1603.

This Earth with sorrow must combine, But here all gladness is Divine, The radiance of another sphere, An unpolluted brightness clear, To which by gladness we come near. Since Mirth can open such a way, It is with her that we should stray, And leave false gravity to those Who are not what the vain suppose. KENELM H. DIGBY, Ouranogaia, c. iv., 1.96.



ELIZABETHAN-JACOBEAN

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Educed with Introductions, Notes and Alustrations, etc. Rev. Alexander B. Grosart, L.D. F.J.A.

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THE NON-DRAMATIC WORKS

OF

THOMAS DEKKER.

IN FIVE VOLUMES.

FOR THE FIRST TIME COLLECTED AND EDITED, WITH MEMORIAL-INTRODUCTION, NOTES AND ILLUSTRATIONS, ETC.

BY THE REV.

ALEXANDER B. GROSART, D.D., LL.D. (EDIN.), F.S.A. (SCOT.,) St. George's, Blackburn, Lancashire.

VOL. I.

CANAAN'S CALAMITIE, JERUSALEM'S MISERIE, AND ENGLAND'S MIRROR.

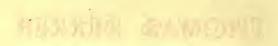
THE WONDERFULL YEARE (1603), AND THE BATCHELARS BANQUET; OR, A BANQUET FOR BATCHELARS.

1598—1603.

PRINTED FOR PRIVATE CIRCULATION ONLY.

1884.

50 Copies.]



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Fair is the mark of Good, and foul, of Ill, Although not so infallibly, but still The proof depends most on the mind and will.

As Good yet rarely in the Foul is met, So 'twould as little by its union get, As a rich jewel that were poorly set.

For since Good first did at the Fair begin, Foul being but a punishment for sin, Fair's the true outside to the Good within.

In these the Supreme Pow'r then so doth guide Nature's weak hand, as he doth add beside All by which creatures can be dignified,

While you in them see so exact a line, That through each sev'ral parts a glimpse doth shine, Of their original and form divine.

The Idea, by LORD HERBERT of Cherbury.

то

A. H. BULLEN, Esq.,

EDITOR OF "OLD PLAYS," ETC., ETC.,

THIS FIRST COLLECTION OF

DEKKER'S NON-DRAMATIC WORKS

IS DEDICATED

WITH MUCH ADMIRATION AND THANKS.

IN FAR-BACK JACOBEAN DAYS, THE NAME OF DEKKER SEEN ON ANY TITLE-PAGE.

DREW, MAGNET-LIKE, MEN'S EYES; HE WAS THE RAGE; NOR, HOWE'ER SWIFTLY HIS ROUGH PAMPHLETS CAME, DID GENTLE OR COMMON MURMUR OF BLAME.

HE CLAIM'D NOT, TRULY, TO BE SAINT OR SAGE; CHALLENG'D FOR POET, HE'D SCARCE TA'EN THE GAGE; BUT HE HAD THAT FORCE IN HIM WHICH DID TAME EVEN "RARE BEN"; OR CALL IT MOTHER-WIT OR GENIUS, HIS LIGHTEST WORKS LIVE STILL.

MANY A MANNERS-PAINTING BOOK HE WRIT, PACK'D FULL OF QUAINTEST WIT AND PLAY OF WILL; BULLEN, ACCEPT THESE WORKS; TOUCHES IMMORTAL WILL GLEAM UPON YOU FROM THEIR LOWLY PORTAL.

ALEXANDER B. GROSART.



P +++ 1

CANAAN'S CALAMITIE.

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1598—1618.

I

D. I.

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NOTE.

No perfect exemplar of the original (1598) edition of 'Canaan's Calamitie' is known. Hazlitt (*s.n.* in 'Hand-Book,' vol. i.) describes an imperfect copy. For our text we are under obligation to the British Museum. See Memorial-Introduction on other editions; and related Notes and Illustrations.—G.

CANAANS CALAMITIE

3

Ierusalems Misery,

OR

The dolefull destruction of faire Ierufalem by TYTVS, the Sonne of Vaspasian Emperour of Rome, in the yeare of Christs Incarnation 74.

Wherein is fhewed the woonderfull miferies which God brought vpon that Citty for finne, being vtterly ouer-throwne and deftroyed by Sword, peftilence and famine.

AT LONDON,

Printed for Thomas Bayly, and are to be fould at the corner-fhop in the middle rowe in Holborne, neere adioyning vnto Staple Inne. 1618.





TO THE RIGHT WORSHIPFVLL

M. Richard King fmill Esquier, Iustice of peace and Quorum in the Countie of Southampton, and Surueyer of her Maiesties Courtes of Wardes and Liueries. All prosperitie and happines.

Auing (Right worshipfull) often heard of your extraordinary fauour, shewed in the depth of extremitie, to some poore friendes of mine, remayning in your pleafant Lordship of High-cleere : by meanes whereof, they have had no fmall comfort for the recouerie of their wished defire : I have been studious how I might in some measure declare both their thankfulnesse and mine owne for fo great a good. But fuch is our weake abillity that we cannot requite the least poynt of that life prolonging kindnes, which the riches of your courtefie did yeeld: neuertheleffe to make apparent, that our poore effates shall not obscure, or clowd with ingratitude, the well intending thoughts of our hearts: I have pre-

THE EPISTLE DEDICATORIE.

6

fumed to prefent to your worfhip this little booke, an vnfaigned token of our good affection, hoping that like the Princely *Pertian* you will more refpect the good will then the gift, which I confeffe farre vnworthy fo worthy a Patron in refpect of the fimple handling of fo excellent a matter : But a playne ftile doth beft become plaine truth, for a trifling fable hath moft neede of a pleafant pen. Wherefore if it fhall pleafe your Worfhip to efteeme of my fimple labour, and to let this paffe vnder your fauorable protection, I fhall haue the end of my defire. And refting thus in hope of your worfhips courtefie I ceafe wifhing you all hearts content in this life, and in the world to

come eternall felicitie,

declare loop to the deal tribute on a loop and and

when has any system borrow on this silling

and the second s

- decord

Your worships most humblie affectionate: T. D.

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To the Gentlemen Readers health.

Entlemen, I present you heere with the mourning song of Ierufalems forrow: whole destruction was Prophesied by our Lord Iesus Christ, while he lived among them : notwithstanding they neither regarded, nor beleeved his words. And after they had in the mallice of their hearts, compact his death, and that the Iudge Sought to cleare himselfe of so foule a crime: The curffed lewes cryed with one confent faying : his blood be on vs and one our children. Which wicked with of theirs the Lord brought to passe within a fort time after, as in this following Historie you shall perceiue. At what time both Cittie and Temple was brought to otter confusion: the misery whereof was so extreame as the like was never before, nor fince: And you shall perceive that this destruction came upon them in the time of their greatest prosperitie, when their gould and Treasure most abounded, when pride excelled, and that the people were bent to all

TO THE GENTLEMEN READERS.

8

wantonnes, Such was their daintinesse and delicasie, that they could not devise, with what meate they might best please their nice stomacks, wishing for better bread then could be made of Wheate: abusing in such sort, the blessings of God (which was in great abundance bestowed vpon them) that being glutted with to much wealth and plentie, they loathed every thing that bore not an high price; casting scornefull eyes vpon Gods great blessings: but in reading this Historie, you shall See how Soone their state was changed, and the great plaugs that followed their peuish and hatefull pride: by whole wofull fall, God graunt vs and all Christians to take example least following them in the like finne, we feele the like smart. Vale. 5 mins 5 5

Yours in all courtefie. T. D.

black on the one out children. It needs with a with of thems the Lord triaght to pair with a door time after, as in this fallowing the and Compe was branch to what time both future the wijny amenut on force: And sou the time of their troates proporties, when their in the time of their troates proporties, when their gauld and Treater and abunded, solen pride excelled, and that the tople one of their their excelled, and that the tople one of the top the excelled, and that the tople one of the top the



A description of Ierusalem and the Riches thereof.

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Ike to a Mourner clad in dolefull black,

That fadly fits to heare a heauie tale:

So must my pen proceed to shew the wrack,

That did with terror Syon hill affaile. What time *Ierufalem* that Cittie faire, Was fieg'd and fackt by great *Vefpatians* heire.

A noble Iew *Iofephus* writes the ftorie. Of all the ftories euer yet recited, Neuer could any make the mind more forie, Than that which he fo dolefully indighted : Which fets in fight how for abhomination That goodly Citty came to defolation.

In all the world the like might not be feene, To this faire Citty famous to behold :

10

A thoufand Towers flood there the ftreetes between, Whofe carued flones great cunning did vnfold :

The buildings all, fo ftately fine and rare,

That with Ierufalem no place might compare.

In midft whereof the glorious Temple ftood, Which Nehemia had fo faire erected, Whofe Timber worke was all of precious wood, By Gods appointment wounderoufly effected :

Where all the People came with one accord, And offered facrifice, vnto the Lord.

Three / ftately walles begirt this Citty round, Strongly raild vp of gallant fquared ftone, Vnpoffible in fight foes fhould them confound, By warlike Engines seized therevpon.

The fpacious gates most glorious to behold, Were all gilt ouer, with rich burnisht gould.

And round about *Ierufalem* likewife Were pleafant walkes prepard for recreation, Sweet daintie gardens feeding gazers eyes, With workes of wonder and high admiration,

Where in the midft of fweeteft finelling flowers, They built for pleafure, many pleafant bowers.

In treafures flore this Citty did excell, For pompe and pride it was the onely place,

OF IERVSALEM.

11

In her alone did richeft Marchants dwell, And famous Princes fprung of Royall race : And fairer Dames did nature neuer frame, Then in that Citty dwelt and thither came.

Christs Prophesie of the destruction of this Cittie and how it came to passe accordingly within Forty yeares after, shewing the cause that mooued the Emperour to come against it.

 Vr / Saujour Chrift tracing the bordring hilles When he on this faire Cittie caft his eye
 The teares along his rofiall cheekes diffilles : Mourning for their deftruction drawing nie.
 O Ierufalem, Ierufalem quoth hee,' My heart bewailes thy great calamitie.

The time fhall come and neere it is at hand, When furious foes fhall trench thee round about, And batter downe thy Towers that flately fland, All thy flrong holds within thee and without:

Thy golden buildings fhall they quite confound, And make thee equal with the lowly ground.

O woe to them that then giues fucke he fayes, And lulles their Infants on their tender knees,

More woe to them that be with child those dayes, Wherein shalbe fuch extreame miseryes:

Thou mightft haue fhund these plagues hadst thou bin wife

Which now for finne is hidden from thy eyes.

This dreadfull Prophefie fpoken by our Lord, The flubborne people naught at all regarded, Whofe Adamantine heartes did flill accord, To follow finne, which was with fhame rewarded : They flouted him for telling of this florie, And crucifide in fpite the Lord of glorie.

Re / prochfully they fleeted in his face, That wept for them in tender true compafiion, They wrought his death and did him all difgrace, That fought their life, and waild their defolation : Their hardened heartes beleeu'd not what was Vntill they faw the fiege about them layd. [faid,

Full fortie yeares after Chrifts paffion,
Did thefe proud people liue in peace and reft,
Whofe wanton eyes feeing no alteration,
Chrifts words of truth, they turned to a ieft :
But when they thought themfelues the fureft of
Lo then began their neuer raifed fall. [all,

12

OF IERVSALEM.

Their mounting minds that towred paft their Scorning fubiection to the *Romaine* flate [ftrength, In boyling hatred loath'd their Lords at length, Difpif'd the Emperour with a deadly hate :

Rejecting his authoritie each howre, Sought to expell the pride of forraine power.

Which foule contept the Emperours wrath inflam'd, Mightie Vefpatian hot reueng did threat, But all in vaine they would not be reclaim'd, Relying on their ftrength and courage great :

And herevpon began the deadly iarre, And after followed bloody wofull warre.

The / fignes and tokens shewed before the destruction, alluring the Iewes to repentance, and their little regard thereof, interpreting all things to be for the best, flattering themselves in their finnes.

Y Et marke the mercy of our gracious God, Before the grieuous fcourge to them was fent, -That they might fhun his heauie fmarting rod And hartely their filthy faultes repent :

Strange fignes and wonders did he fhew them Fore-runners of their ruine, woe, and ill. [ftill,

13

For one whole yeare as well by day as night, A blazing flarre appeared in the fkie, Whofe bufhie tayle was fo excelling bright, It dim'd the glory of the funns faire eye,

14

And every one that on this object gazed, At fight thereof flood wonderous fore amazed.

In right proportion it refembled well, A fharp two edged fword of mighty ftrength, The percing poynt a needle did excell, And fure it feem'd a miracle for length:

So ftrange a ftarre before was neuer feene, And fince that time the like hath neuer been.

And / ouer right that goodly famous Cittie, Hung ftill this dreadfull apparition,

Which might haue mou'd had they bin gracious witty,

For outward follies, inward hearts contrition : And neuer did that wonder change his place, But ftill *Ierufalem* with woe menace.

The wondring people neuer lookt thereon, But their miftrufting heart fufpected much, Saying great plagues would follow therevpon, Such privile motions did their conficience touch: But other-fome would fay it was not fo,

But figne that they their foes would ouerthrow.

OF IERVSALEM.

Thinke not quoth they that Iacobs God will leaue, The bleffed feed of *Abraham* in diftreffe : Firft fhall his Sword the heathens liues bereaue, As by this token he doth plaine expreffe,

His fierie fword fhall fhield this holy towne, And heaw in heapes the proudeft *Romains* downe.

Thus flattered they themfelues in finfull fort, Their harts were hard, their deepeft iudgmets What godly teachers did to them report, [blinded They foone forgot, fuch things they neuer minded : Their chiefeft fludy was delight and pleafure, And how they might by all meanes gather treafure.

Men / would have thought this warning had bin faire,

When God his flandard gainft them did aduance, His flag of Iuftice waued in the ayre,

And yet they count it, but a thing of chance :

- This bad them yeild, and from their finnes conuart,
- But they would not till forrow made them fmart.

Then in the ayre God shewed another wonder, When azurd skies were brightest faire and cleere,

An hoaft of armed men, like dreadfull thunder, With hidious clamours, fighting did appeare : And at each other eagerly they ran, With burnisht Falchions murdering many a man.

And marching fiercely in their proud aray, Their wrathfull eyes did fparkle like the fier, Or like inraged Lyons for their pray, So did they ftriue, in nature and defire:

That all the plaine wherein they fighting flood, Seem'd to mens fight all flaind with purple blood.

This dreadfull token many men amazed : When they beheld the vncouth fight fo ftrange, On one another doubtfully they gazed, With fearefull lookes their coulour quite did change:

Yet all, they did interpret to the beft, Thinking themfelues aboue all others bleft.

The / conquering fort that did with warlike hand, Suppreffe the other in the bloudy field, Declares quoth they that *Iudaes* facred band Shall make vnhallowed *Romaines* die or yeeld :

And ouer them we shall have honour great,

That proudly now vfurpes King Dauids feat.

See how the Diuell doth finfull foules beguile, Filling the fame with vaine imagination,

16

OF IERVSALEM.

Thinking themfelues cock-fure, when al the while, They fland vpon the brink of defolation : All faithfull Chriftians warning take by this,

Interpret not Gods fearefull fignes amiffe.

Yet loe the Lord would not giue ouer fo, But to conuert them, if that it might bee, Hee doth proceed more wonders yet to fhow, All to reclayme them from iniquitie :

That fo he might remoue his plagues away, Which threatned their deftruction euery day.

The Temple gates all made of fhining braffe, Whofe maffie fubftance was exceeding great, Which they with yron barres each night did croffe, And lockt with brazen bolts, which made them fweat,

Did of themselues start open and vndoe, Which twenty men of might could scant put to.

Vpon / a day most high and festivall, The high Priest went after a facred manner, Into the glorious Temple most maiesticall, To offer facrifice their God to honour :

What time the Lord a wonder did declare, To all mens fight, prodigious, ftrange, and rare.

2

A goodly *Calfe* prepar'd for facrifice And layd vpon the holy Alter there, D. I.

Brought forth a *Lambe* most plaine before their eyes, Which filled fome mens hearts with fodaine feare :

And fore perplext the paffions of their mind,

To fee a thing fo farre against all kind.

18

Soone after this they heard a wailefull voice, Which in the Temple fhreeking thus did fay, Let vs go hence, and no man heere reioyce : Thus figuring foorth their ruine and decay,

All men did heare these speeches very plaine, But faw nothing, nor knew from whence it came.

And foure yeares fpace before the bloody fight, One *Ananias* had a youthfull fonne, Which like a Prophet cried day and night About the ftreetes as he did go and runne : Shewing the people without dread at all, Moft wo full plagues fhould on the Cittie fall.

And / in this fort began his dolefull cry : "A fearefull voyce proceedeth from the Eaft, And from the Weft, as great a voyce did fly, A voyce likewife from bluftering winds addreft :

A voyce vpon Ierusalem shall goe,

A voyce vpon the Temple full of woe.

A mournefull voyce on wretched man and wife, A voyce of forrow on the people all,

OF IERVSALEM.

Woe and deftruction, mortall war and ftrife, Bitter pinching famine, mifery and thrall :^{>)}

In euery place these threatnings still he had, Running about like one distraught and mad.

With lofty voyce thus ran he through the towne, Nor day and night did he his clamours ceafe, No man could make him lay thefe threatnings By no intreaty would he hould his peace : [downe

Although he was in Dungeon deeply layd, Yet there his cryes did make them more afraid.

The Maieftrates that most forbad his crie : And faw his bouldneffe more and more arife, With grieuous fcourges whipt him bitterly, Yet came no teares out of his pleafant eyes :

The more his ftripes, the higher went his voyce, In foreft torment did he moft reioyce.

But / when the *Iewes* perceau'd how he was bent, And that their eares were cloyed with his cries, They counted it but fportfull merriment. A nine dayes wonder that in fhort time dyes : So that afrefh their follies they begin, And for his fpeech they paffed not a pin.

But as the holy Scriptures doe bewray, To dainty cheere they iocundly fat downe, 19

20

And well refresht, they rofe againe to play, In finiting fort when God did fircely frowne : And neuer more to mirth were they disposed, Then when the Lord his wrath to them disclosed.

¶ The tydings brought of the enimies approach, and the feare of the citizens: their provisio of vietuals for twenty yeares burnt in one night, by one of their owne captaines, of meere malice, which caused a sodaine dearth to follow: their seditio and diuisio betweene the felues while the cittie was befieged.

B^{Vt} whilft that they their fugred Iunkets tafted, Vnto the Citty came a tyred poft,

Full weake and wearie, and with trauell wasted,

- Who brought the word their foes were on their coaft:
 - Which when they knew, their merriments were dashed,
 - These dolefull newes made them full fore abashed.

Three / Cipres Tables then to ground they throw, Their filuer diffues, and their cups of gould,

For hafte to meet the proud inuading foe, Feare makes them mad, but courage makes the bould :

And to defend the brunt of future harmes, They leaue their Ladies and imbrace their Armes.

Inftead of Lutes and fweete refounding Vials, They found the Trumpet and the ratling drum, Their barbed Steeds they put to diuers tryals, How they can manage, ftop, carrie, and run :

Their cunning harpers now must harnesse beare, Their nimble dauncers war-like weapons weare.

But ere their wrathfull foes approached neere, The flore-houfes the Gouernors did fill,
With wholfome victuals which for twenty yeare
Would ferue two hundred thoufand caft by bill,
But all the fame by one feditious Squire
Was in one night confum'd with flaming fire.

For why the Cittizens to difcord fell, So giddy headed were they alwaies found, And in their rage like furious fiends of hell, In murdering fort they did each other wound : And when they entred in this diuellifh ftrife, They fpared neither Infant, man, nor wife. - P.T.

Into / three parts the people were deuided, And one against an other hatred bore, The chiefest fort fediciously were guided, Whereby vnciuell mutines vext them fore : So that the forrow of the forreine warre Was nothing to their bloody ciuill iarre.

And fo malicious did their rancor rife, That they the holy Temple did defile, All fuch as came to offer facrifice, They murdered ftraight, remorce they did exile : The Sacrificer with the facrifice, Both bath'd in blood, men faw before their eyes.

Thus did they make the facred Temple there The flaughter houfe of many a humane foule, So that the marble pauement euery where, Was blacke with blood like to a butchers bowle : And with the fat of men fo flippery made, That there for falling, none could goe vnftayd.

And by this wicked meanes it came to paffe, The ftreets and temple full of dead-men lay, With wounds putrified, where buriall was, Which raif'd a grieuous peftilence that day: So hot, and fell, that thereof dyed a number, Whofe foule infection all the towne did cumber.

22

plaque

And / that which was more heauie to behold, As men and woemen paft along the ftreet : Their weeping eyes did to their hearts vnfold, A mappe of Murder at their trembling feete :

Some faw their Fathers fetching deadly groanes, Some their Hufbands braines fcattered on the ftões.

Here lay a woman ftabbed to the heart, There a tender Infant one a fouldiers fpeare, Strugling with death, and fprawling with each part : The channels ran with purple blood each wheare, A thoufand perfons might you daily fee, Some gafping, groaning, bleeding frefh to bee.

Lo all this mischiefe was within the towne Wrought twixt theselues in wonderous hatefull fort, While noble *Tytus* beat their bulwarkes downe, And at their walles did shew them warlike sport :

But by diftreffe to bring them vnto thrall, He brake their pipes, and ftopt their cundits all.

¶ A defcrip / tion of the horrible Famine within the Cittie of Ierufalem.

F^{Or} true report rung in his royall eares, That bitter Famine did afflict them fore, Which was the caufe of many bitter teares, And he to make their miferie the more,

Depriu'd them quit of all their water cleere, Which in their want they did efteeme fo deere.

Alack, what pen is able to expresse? The extreame miserie of this people then? Which were with Famine brought to great diffress, For cruell hunger vext the wealthieft men :

When night approacht, well might they lye & winke,

But cold not fleepe for want of meat and drinke.

For by this time full Fourteene monthes and more, Had warlike *Titus* fieg'd that famous towne, What time the *Iewes* had quite confum'd their flore, And being flaru'd, like Ghofts went vp and downe :

For in the markets were no victuals found,

Though for a *Lambe*, they might have twenty pound.

When / bread was gone, then was he counted bleft, That in his hand had either cat or dogge,

To fill his emptie maw : and thus diftreft, A dozen men would fight for one poore frogge : The faireft Lady lighting one a mouce, Would keepe it from her beft friend in the houfe.

- A weazell was accounted daynty meate,
- A hiffing fnake efteem'd a Princes difh,
- A Queene vpon a moule might feeme to eate,
- A veanom neawt was thought a wholefome fifh : Wormes from the earth, were dig'd vp great & fmall,

And poyfoned fpiders eaten from the wall.

A hundred men vnder this grieuous croffe, With hunger-ftarued bodies wanting food, Haue for a morfell of a ftinking horfe, In deadly ftrife, fhed one anothers blood :

Like famisht Rauens, that in a shole doe pitch, To feaze a caryon in a noysome ditch.

But when thefe things, were all confumed quite, (For Famines greedy mawe deftroyeth all) Then did they bend, their ftudy day and night, To fee what next vnto their fhare might fall :

Neceffitie doth feele an hundred wayes, Famines fell torment from the heart to rayfe.

Then / did they take their horfes leather raignes, And broyling them fuppof'd the wonderous fweete: A hungry ftomack naught at all refraines:

Nor did they fpare their fhooes vpon their feete :

But fhooes, and bootes, and bufkins, all they eate, And would not fpare one morfell of their meate.

But out alas my heart doth fhake to fhow, [made, When thefe things fail'd, what fhift thefe wretches Without falt teares how fhould I write their woe, Sith forrowes ground-worke in the fame is layd : (All Englifh hearts which Chrift in armes doe hem Marke well the woes of fayre *Ieru/alem*.

When all was fpent, and nothing left to eate, Whereby they might maintaine their feeble life, Then doth the wife her hufband deere intreat, To end her mifery by his wounding knife:

Maides weepe for foode & children make their mone,

Their parents figh when they can give them none.

Some men with hunger falleth raging mad, Gnawing the ftones and timber where they walke,

27

Some other ftaggering, weake and wonderous fad, Dyes in the ftreetes, as with their friends they And other fome licks vp the vomit faft, [talke? Which their fick neighbours in their houfes caft.

Nay / more then this, though this be all to much, Iofephus writes, that men and maidens young The which of late did fcorne brown-bread to touch, Suftain'd themfelues with one an others doong. { Remember this you that fo dainty bee, And praife Gods name for all things fent to thee.

All things were brought by famine out of frame, For modelt Chaftitie to it gaue place, High honoured Virgins that for very fhame, Would hardly looke on men with open face, One bit of bread neuer fo courfe and browne, Would winne them to the fouleft knaue in towne.

¶ The feditious Captaines Schimion & Iehocanā fearch all the houses in the Citty for Victuals, they take from a noble Lady all her prouision, leauing her and her Sonne comfortlesse, shewing the great moane she made.

THe curft feditious Captaines and their crue, When they perceiu'd the famine grow fo great,

In all mens houfes would they fearch, and view, In every corner both for bread and meat:

If any did their bould requeft denie,

On murdering fwords they were right fure to dye.

Among / the reft where they a fearching went, Vnto a gallant Ladyes houfe they came, And there before her victuals quite was fpent, With hardened hearts, and faces void of fhame :

They tooke her ftore with many a bitter threat, And left her not one bit of bread to eate.

The noble Lady on her tender knees, With floods of teares diftilling from her eyes, Their crueltie when fhe fo plainely fees, In mournefull fort vnto them thus fhe cries :

Vpon a wofull Lady take fome pittie, And let not famine flay me in this Cittie.

Of all the ftore which you haue tooke away, Leaue on browne loafe, for my poore child and me : That we may eat but one bit in a day, To faue our liues from extreame mifery.

Thus holding vp her lillie hands fhe cried, The more fhe crau'd the more fhe was denied.

If you quoth the cannot afford me bread, One dried flock-fifh doe one me beftow, For my poore Infants life I greatly dread, If thus diftreft you leaue me when you goe : •

Braue men of might, fhew pittie for his fake, And I thereof a thoufand meales will make.

O call / to minde my childe is nobly borne, Of honorable blood and high degree : Then leaue vs not braue Captaines thus forlorne, Your countries friend one day this child may bee :

O let me not this gentle fauour miffe,

I may one day requite far more then this.

Then anfwered they in harfh and churlifh fort, Tut tell not vs of honourable ftate,

And if thou wilt we'l cut thy Infants throat,

So fhall he neede no meate : then ceafe to prate : Men must have meate, let children dye and starue,

Yf we want foode, in warres how can we ferue.

With bended browes they ftroue to get away, But fhe vpon her knees did follow faft, And taking hould on their conful'd aray, This fad complaint from her hearts pallace paft :

Renouned Lords, our Citties fure defence,

O let me fpeake once more, ere you go hence.

Yf you lack money, fee I haue good ftore, Wherein great *Cefars* Image is portrayde, Therefore of gift, I will demaund no more, To buy me fome foode, let me not be denayd.

For fiue red herrings, ten Crownes shall you haue, Ile pay it downe, with vantage if you craue.

That / damned coyne quoth they wee doe deteft, And therewithall thy felfe, which all this while, Haft kept our foes foule picture in thy cheft, Which feekes this holy Citty to defile :

- Thou getft no foode, and therefore hold thy tounge,
- Hang, starue, & dye, thou canst not dye more young.

O pardon yet (quoth fhe) my earnest speech, Doe not my words to poyfon so conuert,

Take heere my chaine, I humbly doe befeech, Of pearle and Diamonds for one filly fprat : One fprat (fweete men) caft vpon the ground,

For this faire chayne, which coft a thousand pound.

Talke not to vs, quoth they of Iems and chaines, Of Diamonds, Pearls, or precious rings of Gould, One fprat to vs is fweeter gotten gaines, Then fo much filuer, as this houfe can hold : Gould is but droffe, where hunger is fo great, Hard hap hath hee, that hath but gould to eate.

With that the teffie Souldiers get them out, Proud of the purchast pray which they had got, The woefull Ladye did they mocke and flout,

Her plaints and teares regarding not a iott : Shee fighes, they fmile, fhe mournes, and they

reioyce,

And of their pray they make an equall choyce.

But / Megar famine couetous of all Enuying those that should thereof haue part, In sharing out their purchasse bread a brawle, Wherein one stabd the other to the heart:

This fellow faid the other did deceiue him, He fwore againe enough they did not leaue him.

Lo thus about the victuals they did fight, Looke who was frongeft bore away the prize, And for a cruft of bread, in dead of night, They cut their Fathers throats in wofull wife :

The mother would her childrens victuals fnatch, And from his wife, the hufband he did catch.

¶ How the noble Lady and her young Sonne went to [feeke] out the dung of beafts to eate, being ready to dye with hunger, and could finde none : shewing what moane they made comming home without.

B^{Vt} now of *Miriams* forrow will I fpeake, Whom the feditious Souldiers fo diffreft, Her noble heart with grife was like to breake, No kind of foode had fhe, then to reliue her.

With gnawing hunger was fhe, fore oppreft Nor for her child, which moft of all did grieue her.

Alas, quoth fhee that euer I was borne, To fee thefe gloomie daies of griefe and care, Whome this falfe world hath made an open fcorne, Fraught full of miferie paffing all compare

Bleft had I been if in the painefull birth,

I had receiu'd fweete fentence of my death.

Why hath the partiall heauens prolong'd my life, Aboue a number of my deereft friends, Whofe bleffed foules did neuer fee the ftrife? How happy were they in their happy ends :

Great God of *Abraham* heare my mournefull crie, Soone rid my life, or end this miferie.

With that her little fonne with eager looke, Vnto his wofull mother crying came, His pretty hands faft holde vpon her tooke, Whofe prefence brought her praying out of frame: And to his Mother thus the child did fay, Giue mee fome meate, that eat nothing to day.

I am (deere Mother) hungry at the heart, And fcalding thirft, makes me I cannot fpeake, I feele my ftrength decay in euery part, One bit of bread, for me good Mother breake :

My leffon I haue learnd, where you did lay it, Then giue me fome-what : you fhall heere me fay it.

The / fighing Ladie looking quite a-fide, With many fobs fent from her wofull foule, Wroung both her hands, but not one word replide: Sighes ftopt her toung, teares did her tongue cotroul,

Sweete Lady mother, mother fpeake (quoth he?) O let me not with hunger murdered bee. D. I. 3

Deere child fhe faid, what wouldft thou haue of me? Art thou a thirft, then come and drinke my teares, For other fuccour haue I none for thee: The time hath been, I could haue given thee peares:

Rofe coulered apples, cherries for my child,

But now alas, of all wee are beguild.

But come quoth fhe, giue me thy little finger, And thou and I will to the back-yard goe, And there feeke out a Cow-cake for thy dinner : How faift thou fonne art thou contented fo?

The ioyfull child did hereat giue a fmile,

When both his eyes with water ran the while.

Then vp and downe with warie fearching eye, In euery place for beafts dung doth fhe feeke, As if a long loft Iewell there did lye, Clofe hidden in fome narrow chink or creeke :

When the lookt and nought at all had found,

Then downe fhe coucheth on the fluttifh ground.

And / with her faire white fingers fine and fmall, She fcrapes away the duft and draffe togeather, And fo does fearch through out the Oxes ftall, For dung or hoofes, or fome old peece of leather :

But when in vaine her paines fhe did beftow, She paid her heart the intereft of her woe.

And lifting vp with forow her bright eyes, She cald her little Sonne to come away, Who fought as fast for spiders, wormes and flies, As she for Ordure mongst the mouldy hay.

O ftay a while good mother did he cry, For heere euen now I did a maggot fpie.

At which fweete fight my teeth did water yet : Euen as you cald, fhe fell her in the duft, An hower were well fpent, this prize to get, To let her flip, I thinke I was accurft : My hungry ftomacke, well it would haue ftayd,

And I haue loft her I am fore affraid.

I, I, my Sonne, it may be fo (quoth fhee,)
Then come away : let vs togeather dye,
Our luckleffe ftarres alots it fo to be :
Peace my fweete boy, alack why doft thou cry?
Had I found any thing, thou fhouldft haue feen,
That therewithall we would haue merry been.

Then / be thou ftill (my fonne) and weepe no more, For with my teares, thou kilft my wounded heart, Thy neede is great, my hunger is as fore, Which grieues my foule, and pinches euery part : Yet hope of helpe alack I know not any, Without, within, our foes they are fo many.

Deare mother heare me one word and no moe, See heere my foote fo flender in your fight, Giue me but leaue to eate my little toe, No better fupper will I afke to night :

Or elfe my thumbe : a morfell fmall you fee, And thefe two ioynts, me thinks may fpared be.

My fonne quoth fhe great are thy cares God wot, To haue thy hungry ftomack fil'd with food, Yet all be it we haue fo hard a lot Difmember not thy felfe for any good :

No brutish beast, will doe so foule a deede,

Then doe not thou gainft nature fo proceed,

But O my fonne, what fhall I doe quoth fhe? My griefe of hunger is as great as thine, And fure no hope of comfort doe I fee, But we muft yeild ourfelues to flarue and pine :

The wrath of God doth fiege the Citty round, And we within fell famine doth confound.

The / fword without, intends our defolation, Confuming peftilence deftroyeth heere within, Ciuell differition breedes our hearts vexation, The angry heauens, the fame hath fent for finne, Murders, and ruine through our ftreetes, doe run :

Then how can I feede thee, my louing fonne?

Yf pale fac't famine take away my life, Why then, with whome fhould I truft thee my fonne For heer's no loue, but hate and deadly ftrife : Woe is that child, whofe parents dayes are done :

One thee fweete boy no perfon would take pitty, For milde compafiion, hath forfooke the citty.

Once I retaynd, this ioyfull hope of thee, When ripened yeares, brought thee to mans effate, That thou fhouldft be a comfort vnto me, Feeding my age, when youthfull ftrength did bate: And haue my meate, my drinke and cloth of thee,

Fit for a Lady of fo high degree.

And when the fpan length, of my life was done, That God, and nature, claim'd of me their due, My hope was then, that thou my louing Sonne, In Marble ftone, my memorie fhould renew : And bring my corpes, with honour to the graue :

The latest dutie, men of children craue.

But / now I fee (my fweete and bonny boy) This hope is fruitleffe, and thefe thoughts are vaine, I fee grim death, hath feaz'd my earthly ioy, For famines dart hath thee already flaine :

Thy hollow eyes and wrinckled cheekes declare, Thou art not markt, to be thy Fathers heire.

Looke on thy legges, fee all thy flefh is gone, Thy iollie thighes, are fallen quite away, Thy armes and handes, nothing but fkin, and bone, How weake thy heart is, thou thy felfe canft fay :

I haue no foode, to ftrengthen thee (my child,)

And heere thy buriall would be too too vilde.

Wherefore my Sonne leaft vgly Rauens and Crowes, Should eate thy carcaffe in the flincking flreetes, Thereby to be a fcorne vnto our foes, And gaule to me, that gaue thee many fweets :

I haue prepaird, this my vnfpotted wombe,

To be for thee an honourable Tombe.

Then fith thou canft not liue to be a man, What time thou mightft haue fed thy aged mother, Therefore my child it lyes thee now vpon, To be my foode, becaufe I haue no other :

With my o[w]ne blood, long time I nourifht thee, Then with thy flefh, thou oughtft to cherifh mee.'

Within this wombe thou first receiveds breath, Then give thy mother, that which shee gave thee, Here hadst thou life, then lye here after death, Sith thou hadst beene, fo welbeloude of me :

In fpite of foes, be thou my dayly food, And faue my life, that can doe thee no good.

In bleffed *Eden* fhall thy foule remaine, While that my belly is thy bodyes graue, There, is no tafte of famine woe or paine But ioyes eternall, more then heart can craue :

Then who would wifh, in forrow to perfeuer, That by his death might liue in heauen for euer.

The Lady with hunger is conftrayned to kill her beft beloued and onely Sonne, and eate him : whose body she roasted.

When this was faid, her feeble child fhe tooke, And with a fword which fhe had lying by, She thruft him through, turning away her looke, That her wet eyes might not behold him die : And when fweete life was from his body fled, A thoufand times fhe kift him being dead.

His / milke white body ftaind with purple blood, She clenfd and wafht with filuer dropping teares, Which being done, fhe wipte it as fhe ftood, With nothing elfe, but her faire golden haires:

And when the faw, his litle lims were cold, She cut him vp, for hunger made her bold.

In many peeces did fhe then deuide him, Some part fhe fod, fome other part fhe rofted, Frõ neighbours fight fhe made great fhift to hide him, And of her cheere, in heart fhe greatly bofted :

Ere it was ready, she began to eate,

And from the fpit, pluckt many bits of meate.

The fmell of the meate is felt round about : the feditious Captaine[s] therevpon came to the Lady, and threatens to kill her for meate. Where vpon the Lady fets part before them.

The fent thereof was ftraight fmelt round about, The neighbour[s] then out of their houfes ran, Saying, we fmell roaft-meat out of all doubt, Which was great wonder vnto euery man :

And every one like to a longing wife, In that good cheer did wifh his fharpeft knife.

This / newes fo fwift, in each mans mouth did flie: The proud feditious, heard thereof at laft, Who with all fpeed, vnto the houfe did hye, And at the doores and windowes knocked faft :

And with vilde words & fpeeches rough and great, They afkt the Lady where fhe had that meat.

Thou wicked woman how comes this quoth they? That thou alone haft roaft-meat in the towne? While we with griping famine dye each day, Which are your Lords, and leaders of renowne:

For this contempt, we thinke it right and reafon, Thou fhould t be punifit as in cafe of treafon.

The louely Lady trembling at their fpeech, Fearing their bloody hands and cruell actions, With many gentle words did them befeech, They would not enter into further factions :

But liften to her words and fhe would tell, The certaine truth how euery thing befell.

Be not fhe faid, at your poore hand-maid grieued, I haue not eaten all in this hard cafe, But that your felues might fomething be relieued, I haue kept part to giue you in this place:

Then fit you downe, right-welcome fhall you be, And what I haue, your felues fhall taft and fee.

With / diligence the Table then fhe layde, And filuer trenchers, on the boord fhe fet, A golden falt, that many ounces wayde, And Damaſk napkins, dainty, fine, and neate : Her gueſts were glad to fe this preparation,

And at the boord they fat with contentation.

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In maffie filuer platters brought fhe forth Her owne Sonnes flefh whom fhe did loue fo deere, Saying my maifters take this well in worth, I pray be merry : looke for no other cheere : See here my childs white hand, moft finely dreft, And here his foote, eate where it likes you beft.

And doe not fay this child was any others, But my owne Sonne : whom you fo well did know, Which may feeme ftrange, vnto all tender Mothers, My owne childes flefh, I fhould deuoure fo :

Him did I beare, and carefully did feed, And now his flefh fuftaines me in my need.

Yet allbeit this fweet relieuing feaft, Hath dearest beene to me that ere I made, Yet niggardize I doe fo much detest, I thought it shame, but there should fome be layde,

In ftore for you : although the ftore be fmall, For they are gluttons which confumeth all.

Herewith / fhe burft into a flood of teares, Which downe her thin pale cheekes diffilled faft: Her bleeding heart, no fobs nor fighes forbeares, Till her weake voyce breath'd out thefe words at laft:

O my deere Sonne, my pretty boy (quoth fhe) While thou didft liue, how fweet waft thou to me?

Yet fweeter farre, a thousand times thou art, To thy poore mother, at this inftant howre, My hungry stomake hast thou eas'd of smart, And kept me from the bloody Tyrants power,

And they like friends doe at my table eat, That would have kild me for a bit of meate.

When this was faid, wiping her watery eyes, Vnto her felf, fresh courage then she tooke, And all her guests, she welcom'd in this wife, Casting on them a courteous pleasant looke : Be mery friends, I pray you doe not spare.

In all this towne, is not fuch noble fare.

The / Captaines and their company were fo amazed at fight of the childs limbes being by his mother fet vpon the table in platters, that wondring thereat, they would not eat a bite, for the which the Lady reproues them.

The men amazed at this vncouth fight, One to another caft a fteadfaft eye, [fpight Their hard remorceleffe hearts full fraught with Were herewithall appalled fodenly. [great, And though their extreame hunger was full Like fenceleffe men they fat and would not eate.

Oh why quoth fhe doe you refraine this food, I brought it forth vnto you for good will, Then fcorne it not (deere friends) for it is good : And I euen now did thereof eate my fill :

Taft it therefore and I dare fweare you'l fay,

You eat no meate, more fweete this many a day.

Hard hearted woman, cruell and vnkind Canft thou (quoth they) fo frankly feed of this? A thing more hatefull did wee neuer finde, Then keepe it for thy tooth, loe there it is. Moft wild and odious is it in our eye, Then feed on mans flefh, rather would wee dye.

Alack / quoth fhe, doth foolifh pity mooue ye, Weaker then a womans, is your hearts become? I pray fall too, and if that you doe loue me, Eate where you will, and ile with you eat fome. What greater fhame to Captaines can befall, Then I in courage fhould furpaffe you all.

Why, waft not you, that did with many a threate, Charge me with eager lookes to lay the cloth : And as I lou'd my life to bring you meate, And now to eate it doe you feeme fo loath? More fit I fhould, then you, heerewith be moued, Since twas his flefh whom I fo deerly loued.

It was my fonne and not yours that is flaine, Whofe roafted limbes lies here within the platter : Then more then you I ought his flefh refraine, And ten times more be greeued at this matter :

How chance you are more mercifull then I, To fpare his flefh, while you for hunger dye?

Yet blame not me for this outragious deed, For waft not you that first did spoyle my house? And rob me of my food in my great need, Leauing not behind a ratt or filly mouse :

Then you alone are authors of this feaft, What need you then this action fo deteft?

The / ftarued *Iewes* hearing this dolefull tale, Were at the matter fmitten in fuch fadneffe, That man by man with vifage wan and pale, Dropt out of dores, accufing her of madneffe, And noting well, their famine, warre and ftrife, Wifht rather death, than length of mortall life.

And hereupon, much people of the Citty,
Fled to the *Romaines* fecret in the night,
Vpon their knees defiring them for pitty
To faue their liues that were in wofull plight:
And finding mercie, tolde when that was done,
How famine forc't a *Lady* eate her *Sonne*.

Tytus the Romaine Generall wept at the report of the famine in Ierusalem, especially when he heard of the Mother that did eate her Childe.

The Romaine Generall hearing of the fame Tytus I meane, Ve/pafians famous Sonne, So grieu'd thereat, that griefe did teares conftraine, Which downe his manly cheekes did ftreaming runne And holding vp to heauen his hands and eyes To this effect, vnto the Lord he cries.

[round, Thou / mighty God, which guides this mortall That all hearts fecrets fees, and knowes my heart, Witneffe thou canft, I came not to confound, This goodly Cittie : or to worke their fmart :

I was not author of their bloudie iarrs, But offred peace, when they imbraced wars.

These eighteene moneths, that I with warlike force, Befieged their Citty: (Lord thou knowest it well,) My heart was full of mercy and remorce, And they alwayes did stubbornely rebell:

Therfore good Lord, with their moft hatefull rage, And wondrous deeds do not my confcience charge.

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My eyes doe fee, my heart doth likewife pity, The great calamitie that they are in, Yet Lord, except thou wilt yeeld me the Cittie, I'le raife my power, and not behold more finne: For they with famine are become fo wilde, That hunger made a woman eate her childe.

When noble *Titus* thus had made his moane,
All those that from *Ierufalem* did fly,
He did receaue to mercy euery one,
And nourisht famisht men at poynt to dye :
But cruell *Schimion* that feditious *Iewe*,
And Proud Iehocanan, more mischiefe still did brew.

For / albeit braue *Tytus* by his power And warlike Engines, brought vnto that place, Had layde their ftrong walles, flat vpon the flower, And done their Citty wonderfull difgrace.

Yet ftubbornly they did refift him ftill, Such place they gaue, to their feditious will.

Tytus ouerthrowing the walls of Ierufalem enters the Cyty and Temple with his power burning downe the filuer gate thereof, which led the way to the Sanctum Sanctorũ : and fetteth Souldiers to keepe it from further hurt.

A Bout that time, with wonderous dilligence, They raif'd a wall, in fecret of the night, Which then was found their Citties beft defence, For to withftand the conquering *Romaines* might :

Which once rac't the Citty needs muft yeeld, And *lewes* giue place to *Romaines* fword and fhield,

Renowned Tytus well perceiuing this, To his beft proued Captaines, gaue a charge, That new raif'd wall, the *Iewes* fuppofed blis, Should fcattered be, with breaches wide and large:

And hervpon, the troopes togither met,

And to the walles, their battering Engines fet.

The / feare of this, made many a *lewifh* Lord, That ioynde themfelues with the feditious traine, To fteale away, and all with one accord, At *Tytus* feete, fought mercie to obtaine :

Whofe milde fubmiffion, he accepted then, And gaue them honour, mong'ft his noble men.

By this the mellow wall was broke and fcaled, With fierce allarms, the holy towne was entred, Romaines tooke courage, but the Iewes harts failed, Thoufands loft their liues, which for honour ven-Schimion, Iehocanan, all did flie for feare, [tred : Iewes mournd and Romaines triumpht euery where.

The faire Temple, Gods holy habitation,
The world *non pareli*, the heathens wonder,
Their Citties glory, their ioyes preferuation,
To the Romaine power, muft now come vnder :
There many *Ifralites* for liues defence,
Had lockt themfelues, & would not come from thence.

The famous Citty being thus fubdued, [crowned The *Romaines* heads, with glad-foe baies wer For blesfull victory on their fide eufued, While on the *Iewes* the worlds Creator frowned : The Captaines of the foule feditious rout,

To hide their heades did feeke odd corners out.

The / Romaines refting in triumphant ftate Vnto the holy Temple turned their courfe, D. I.

And finding fhutt the filuer fhining gate, They fir'd it, retayning no remorce : And when the fiers flamde did fore abound, The melting filuer ftreamd along the ground.

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Their timber worke into pale afhes turning, Downe dropt the goodly gate vpon the flower, What time the wrathfull *Romaines* went in running, Shouting and crying with a mighty power: The glory of which place, their bright fight drew, To take thereof a wondring greedy view.

Yet did that place but onely lead the way, Vnto the holyeft place, where once a yeare, The high Prieft went, vnto the Lord to pray, The figure of whole glory, did there appeare : SanEtum SanEtorum fo that place was called, Which Tytus wondring mind the most appalled.

Which holy holyeft place when Tytus fawe,
Hauing a view but of the outward part,
So glorious was it that the fight did draw,
A wounderous reuerence in his foule and heart :
And with all meekneffe on his Princely knees,
He honors there the Maieffie he fees.

This / place was clofed in with goulden gates, So beautifull and fuper excellent,

That Princely *Tytus* and the *Romaine* flates Said fure this is Gods house omnipotent :

And therefore *Tytus* who did loue and feare it, Comanded ftraightly, no man fhould come nere it.

And through his Camp, he made a proclamation, That whofoeuer did come neere the fame, He fhould be hanged vp, without compassion, Without respect of birth, defert, or fame :

And more, a band of men he there ordained, To keepe the Temple not to be prophaned.

The feditious fet vpon the Romaine guard that kept the Temple, and fodenly flew them : whereupon the Romaine fouldiers fet fire on the golden gate of Sanctum Sanctorum, and spoyled the holy place with fire. Titus Jought to quench it but could not, for which he made great lamentation.

VV Hile quiet thus the *Romaine* prince did ly, Without miftruft of any bloudy broyle, Proclaiming pardon, life and liberty, To every yeelding foule, in that faire foyle : A crew of trayterous *Iewes* of bafe condition, Affayled the *Romaine* guard, without fufpition.

All / Tytus gallant Souldiers which he fet, So carefully, the Temple gates to keepe, Vpon a fodaine, they against them get, In dead of night, when most were falne a sleepe : And there without all stay, or further wordes, Each man they murdered on their drawn fwordes.

Not one efcap'd their bloody butchering hands. Which noble *Tytus* hearing, grieued fore, And thereon raif'd, his beft prepared bandes, Slaying thofe *Iewes*, and many hundreds more. And with fuch fury, he purfu'd them ftill, That who efcapt, fled vp to *Syon* hill.

But yet the *Romaines* full of hot reuenge, For this vilde deede, by wicked *Iewes* committed, Troopt to the Temple, with a mighty fwinge, And having all things for their purpofe fitted :

Did in their rage, fet on fiers flame,

Those goodly goulden gates, of greatest fame.

And as the flaming fier gather'd ftrength, Great fpoyle was practif'd by the Romaine rout, The melting gould that ftreamed downe at length, Did guild the marble pauement round about: The gates thus burned with a hidious din, SanEtum SanEtorum Romaines entred in.

Who / having hereby won their hearts defier, With mighty fhoutes they fhewed fignes of ioy, While the holy place burnt with flaming fier, Which did, earthes heavenly paradice deftroy:

This woefull fight when *Tytus* once did fee He fought to quench it: but it would not be.

For many wicked hands, had bufie beene, To worke that holy houfe all foule difgraces, Which *Tytus* would have fau'd as well was feene, But it was fier'd in fo many places :

That by no meanes, the fpoyle he could preuent, Which thing he did moft grieuoufly lament.

He ran about and cri'd with might and maine, O ftay your hands, and faue this houfe I charge Fetch water vp, and quench this fire againe, [yee, Or you fhall fmart, before I doe enlarge yee :

Thus fome he threatned, many he intreated, Till he was hoarfe, with that he had repeated.

But when his voyce was gone with crying out, He drew his fword, and flew the difobedient, Till faint and weary, running round about, He fat him downe, as it was expedient :

And there twixt wrath and forrow he bewayled, With froward Souldiers, he no more preuayled.

The / Priefts & *Iewes* that earft themfelues had Within the compafie of that holy ground, [hidden, Against the Romaines fought : and had abidden, For to defend it many a bleeding wound :

But when they faw, there was no way to fly, They lept into the fier, and there did die.

So long they fought, vntill the parching fier, Did burne the clothes, from their fweating backes: The more they fought, the more was their defier, For to reuenge the Temples wofull wrackes:

They layd about, as long as they could ftand ; Or moue a legge, or lift a feeble hand.

And all this while did noble *Tytus* mourne, To fee *Santtorum* fpoyled in fuch fort : Layde on the ground, there did he toffe and turne, And fmote at fuch as did to him report, The woefull ruine of that holy place, And from his fight, with frownes he did them chace.

Titus | with great reverence, entred into the SanEtum SanEtorum, and greatly wondred at the beautie thereof, affirming it to be the house of the God of heaven.

The cruell fier having wrought her worft, When that at length the fury thereof ceaft, *Titus* arofe, all open and vntruft, Of many teares vnburdned and releaft: With head vncouered, mild and reuerently, Into *Santforum* humbly entred he.

And feeing the glorie and magnificence, The wondrous beautie of that facred place, Which there appeared, for all the vehemence, The flaming fier made, fo long a fpace : *Tytus* did fland amazed at the fight, When he confidered euery thing a right.

And thereupon into this fpeech he broke, How came I in this Paradice of pleafure? This Place Celeftiall, may all foules Prouoke, To fcorne the world, and feeke no other treafure : Doe I from earth afcend by elevation? Or fee I heaven by divine revelation?

Vndoubtedly / the mightie God dwelt here, This was no mortall creatures habitation,

For earthly Monarkes, it was all to deere, Fit for none, but him who is our foules faluation :

O earthly heauen, or heauenly Saintes receauer,

Thy fweete remembrance shall I keepe for euer.

Now well I wot, no maruell t'was indeed, The *Iewes* fo ftoutly ftood in fence of this : O who could blame them, when they did proceed By all deuices to preferue their blis :

Since first I faw the Sunne, I neuer knew What heauens ioy ment, till I this place did view.

Nor did the Gentiles, without fpeciall caufe, From fardeft partes both of the Eaft and Weft, Send heapes of gold by ftraight commaund of lawes, This facred place with glory to inueft :

For rich and wounderous is this holy feat,

And in mans eye the Maiefty is great.

Farre doth it paffe the *Romaine* Temples all, Yea all the Temples of the world likewife, They feeme to this like to an Affes ftall, Or like a ftie where fwine ftill grunting lies.

Great God of heauen, God of this glorious place, Plague thou their foules that did thy houfe deface.

Tytus, / thus wearied, gazing vp and downe, Yet not fatisfied, with the Temples fight,

Departed thence, to lodge within the towne, Things out of frame, to fet in order right:

Where while he ftayd the ftubborne harted *lewes*, Did there moft wicked actions dayly vfe.

For when they faw that fier had fo fpoyled, Santtum Santtorum in fuch pitious fort, Their diuillifh harts that ftill with mifchiefe broyled, The treafure houfes all, they burnt in fport, And precious Iewells wherefoeuer they ftood, With all things elfe that fhould doe Romaines good.

The reft of the Temple, likewife did they burne, In defperat manner, without all regard : Which being wrought, away they did returne, But many fcapt not, without iuft reward ;

The *Romaine* Souldiers, quickly quencht the fier, And in the Temple wrought their heartes defire.

Where they fet vp, their heathen Idolls all, Their fence-leffe Images, of wood and ftone, And at their feete, all proftrate did they fall, There offering facrifice to them alone :

In plaine derifion of the conquered fort, Of whom the Romaines made a mocking fport.

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THE DESTRVCTION

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A / false Prophet arose among the Iewes, telling them that the Temple should againe be builded by it selfe, without the help of mans hand: willing therefore to destroy the Romaines: which they going about to doe, brought further sorrow vpon themselves.

A Falfe and lying Prophet then arofe, Among the *Iewes*, at faire *Ierufalem*, Which then an abfurd fancie did difclofe, Among them all, who thus incourag'd them :

Most valiant *lewes* play you the men and fight, And God will shew a wonder in your fight.

Against the cursed Romaines turne againe, And beate the boasting heathen to the ground, For God will shew vnto your sights most plaine, His mightie power : if you doe them confound,

The Temple by it felfe fhall builded be, Without mans hand or helpe, most glorioufly.

That *lacobs* God, thereby may fhew his power, To those proud *Romaines*: which doe glory fo, In their owne strength: tryumphing euery hower, In this our spoyle, and wofull ouerthrow:

Then fight O *lewes*, the temple fanz delay, Shall by it felfe be builded vp this day.

The / wilde feditious beleeuing this lye, Did fet a fresh vpon the *Romaine* band,

In fuch fierce fort, that many men did dye, But yet the *Romaines* got the vpper hand :

Who in new wakened wrath, that late did fleepe Slew downe the *Iewes* like to a fort of fheepe.

Schimion and lehocanan come to feeke peace with Tytus, but refuse to be in subjection to the Romaines: wherevoon Tytus will shew them no fauour, but presently assay a start with his power, wherevoon Schimion and Iehocanans followers by some, and some forsake them, leauing them in distress : who there-voon hid them-selues in Caues.

Then came falle Schimion and Iehocanan, Chiefe Captaines, to the feditious trayne, With many followers, weapned euery man, Requiring peace, if peace they could obtaine : To whome Prince Tytus with his chiefeft flate, Did thus reply, you feeke this thing to late.

How / comes it now that yee intreate for life, After fo many mifcheiefes by you wrought, When you haue flaine and murthered man and wife, And thousand thousands to deftruction brought: [O wretched man, vpon thy head fhall come Sudden and fwift and fure a rafcal doom.]

THE DESTRVCTION

How oft haue I intreated you to peace, And offered mercie, without all defert, When you refufing it, did ftill increafe, Your trayterous dealings, your chiefeft fmart :

It pittied me to fee your woefull cafe,

With your innumerable men dead in each place.

How can I pardon thefe outragious acts, Your many murders and falfe fedition, With diuers other abhominable facts, For which I fee in you, no hearts contrition :

You feeke for peace, yet armed do you ftand, You craue for pardon, with your fwords in hand.

First lay a fide your fwords and weapons all, And in fubmisfiue manner ask for grace, So shall you see what fauour may befall, Perhaps I may take pitty on your case :

And gracioufly withall your faults fufpence,

And giue you pardon, ere you goe from hence.

With / bended browes proud Schimion then did On gentle Tytus: Iehocanan likewife, [looke In fcornfull manner all his fpeeches tooke, And both of them difdainefully replies :

By heauens great God, we both haue fworne quoth they

To make no feruile peace with thee this day.

For neuer fhall earths mifery prouoke, Our vndaunted heartes to ftoope vnto thy will, Or bend our neckes vnto the *Romaine* yoake, While vitall breath our inward parts doth fill :

Then vnto vs this fauour doe expresse. To let vs part and liue in wildernesse.

At this contempt was *Tytus* greatly moued: And doth your pride continue yet quoth he? Will not your impudency be yet reproued? Nor yet your flubborne heartes yet humbeld be? And dare you fay that you will fweare and yow,

That to the Romaine yoke you will not bow?

At this his wrath was wounderous fore inflamed, Who herevpon gaue ftraight commandement, By ftrength of fword to haue those rebels tamed ; On whom the *Romaines* fet incontinent :

Who chac'd the *Iewes* and fcattered them fo fore, That they were found to gather head no more.

For / fecretly the *Iewes* from *Schimion* fled, By fome and fome they all forfooke him quite, With falfe *Iehocanan* which fo mifled, And forct the gainft them felues to murderous

Who leaving them, to noble *Tytus* came, [fight: Defiring grace, who graunted them the fame.

THE DESTRVCTION

Iehocanan and Schimion feeing this, They were forfaken, and left poft alone, In their diffreffe lamented their amiffe : Cloffe hid in caues, they lay and made their mone : Where they remained perplext with famine great, Till they were ready, their owne flefh to eate.

Iehocanan inforced by hunger comes out of his caue, & fubmits him-felfe to Tytus, who caufed him to be hanged.

A T length out of a deepe darke hollow caue, With bitter hunger *Iehocanan* was driuen, Like to a Ghoft new rifen from his graue, Or like Anotamy of all flefh beryuen : Who then as faint as euer he could ftand, Came to fubmit himfelfe, to *Tytus* hand.

Into / this Princely prefence when he came,
With all fubmiffion fell he at his feete,
Saying O King of most renouned fame,
Here am I come as it is right and meete:
To yeeld my felfe into thy Princely hand,
Whofe life doth reft, vpon thy great command.

My difobedience, doe I fore repent, That euer I, reful'd thy offered grace, Bewayling my lewd life, fo badly bent, And my foule actions, gainft this holy place : Yet with thy mercy fhadow my amiffe, And let me taft what thy compafion is.

Not from my felfe, did all my finne proceede, Though I confeffe, my faults were too too many, But was prouokte to many a bloody deede, By him that yet was neuer good to any : Blood-thirfly *Schimeon*, led me to all euill, Who doth in malice, far exceed the Diuell.

Too long alaffe, he ouer-ruld my will, And made me actor, of a thoufand woes: What I refuf'd his outrage did fulfill, And his deuife, did make my friends my foes : Then worthy Victor, mittigate my blame, And let thy glory, ouer-fpread my fhame.

No / more quoth *Tytus*, flay thy traiterous tounge Infect vs not with thy impoyfoned breath, Ile doe thee right that haft done many a wrong, Thy end of forrow, fhall begin thy death :

And by thy death, fhall life arife to fuch, To whom thou thoughtft a minutes life too much.

THE DESTRVCTION

With that he wild his Captaines take him thence, When he with yron chaines was fettered faft, And afterward (meete meed for his offence) Through all the Campe they led him at the laft,

That he of them, might mockt and fcorned be, And then in chaines they hangd him one a tree.

This was the end of proud *Iehocanan*, That in *Ierufalem* did fuch harme, And this likewife was that accurfed man, That in his malice with a fierce alarme

Burnd all the Victuals laid in by the Peeres, That was inough to ferue them twenty yeeres.

Which was the caufe, that in fo fhort a fpace, So great a famine fell within the towne: Yea this was he burnt King *Agrippaes* place, And in the temple flew fo many downe:

But not long after he was gone and dead, Out of his den did *Schimion* fhew his head.

SCHIMION / in like fort being driuen with hunger out of his den, apparelling himselfe in princely attire, defired to be brought before Titus, supposing he would have saved his life : but he commanded his head to be stricken off, and his body to be cut in peces and cast to the dogges.

W Ho ftaring vp and downe with feareful lookes, Leaft any one were nigh to apprehend him, Like to a Panther doubting hidden hookes, That any way might lye for to offend him: Driuen out with famine, hungry at the hart, He fought for fuccour of his earned fmart.

And having dreft himfelfe in Kingly tire, In richeft manner that he could deuife, That men at him might wonder : and defire, To know what Monarke did from earth arife,

Farre off he walked as it were in boaft, And fhewd himfelfe vnto the Romaine hoaft.

For his great heart could not abid to yeeld, Though gnawing hunger vext his very foule : Thus faintly walkt he vp and downe the field With lofty thoughts, which famine did controule : Supposing firmely, though he liu'd in hate, He should finde fauour, for his high estate :

THE DESTRVCTION

For though (quoth he) I did the *Romaines* wrong, Yet in my deeds I fhewed a Princely courage, Bearing a heart, that did to honour throng, And therevpon their Campe fo oft did forage : To haughty acts all Princes honour owes, For they muft thinke that war hath made vs foes.

Confidering this, Prince *Tytus* may be proude, To fuch an enemie he may fauour fhew, And herein may his action be allowd, That magnanimitie he will nourifh fo :

And by his mercie make a friend of him,

That in his warres fo great a foe hath beene.

Which in this honour, hee himfelfe did flatter, Of him the *Romaines* had a perfect fight, And round about him, they themfelues did fcatter, Yet were afraid, to come within his might : And that they fear'd ; this was the onely reafon, They knew his craft, and doubted hidden treafon.

But Schimion feeing, that they fhund him fo, He cald vnto them in couragious wife, Maieftically walking to and fro And in this fort, his fpeech to them applies : If any gallant Captaine with you be,

Let him approch, and talke one word with me.

With / that ftept out a braue couragious Knight, With weapons well prouided euery way: A noble *Romaine* of great ftrength and might, Who with his weapon drawne thefe words did fay:

Tell me, who art thou that in fuch attire, Walkes in this place, and what is thy defire?

I am (quoth he) vndaunted Schimeon, The wrathfull Captaine of feditious Iewes, That flew the Romaines, in their greateft throng, The deed whereof I come not to excufe : Nor doe I paffe what you can fay thereto, I am the man made you fo much adoe.

Yet let me thus much fauour craue of thee,
As to conduct me to great *Tytus* fight,
Thy noble friend, but enemie to me :
Yet doubt I not, but he will doe me right :
Bring me to him, what chaunce fo ere I finde,
That he may heare, and I may fhew my minde.

That no may near of and T may new my minde.

The *Romaine* Captaine his requeft fulfild, To *Tytus* royall prefence was he brought : Whofe hatefull perfon, when the Prince beheld, He did refufe to heare him fpeake in ought :

Away with him he fayd, let him be bound, For of all woe this villaine was the ground.

THE DESTRVCTION

And / like a Captiue firft let him be led, About the Campe to fuffer fcoffes and fcornes, And after that ftrike of his hatefull head, The manfion houfe of mifchiefes pricking thornes: And let his carcafe be in peeces torne, And euery gobbet vnto dogges be throwne.

What *Titus* charg'd was put in execution, And in this fort was *Schimions* hatefull end, Who went to death with wonderous refolution, Not like a man, but like an hellifh fiend :

Thus Titus conquer'd that most pretious Iem, The beautious Cittie faire Ierufalem.

The number of those that had bin flaine at the fiege of Ierusalem, and the number of the Prisoners that Titus carried with him to Rome.

The perfect number of the people there, The which with hunger & with fword was Eleauen hundred thousand did appeare, [flaine : As bookes of records did declare it plaine : Befide all fuch as did vnburied lye, And diuers moe that did in fier dye.

And when to *Rome* the Conquerer went his way, The number of his Prifoners were full great,

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60

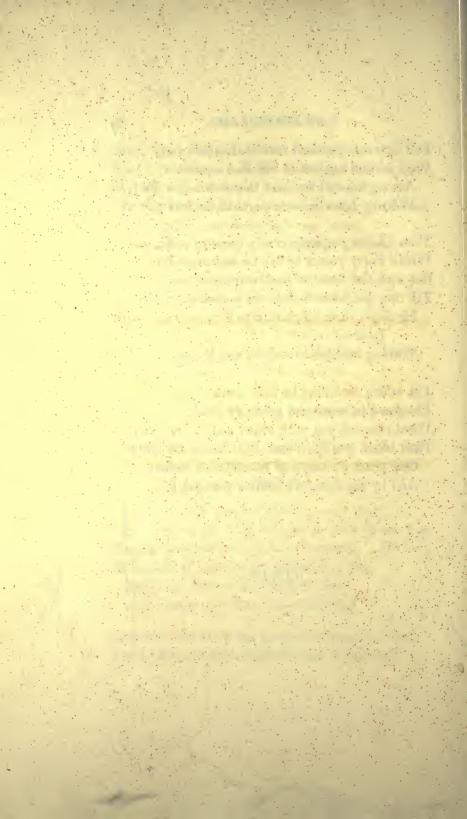
Full fixteene thousand men that inftant day, Were carried captiue to the *Romaine* Seat: Among the reft the man that wrote this flory, Who by his wifedome purchast endless glory.

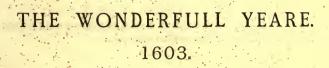
Thus Chrifts prophefie truely came to paffe, Which Forty yeares before he had expressed : But with the *lewes* of small account it was, Till they did finde themselues fo fore distressed : He foght their life, his death they wrought with spite

Wishing his blood on them and theirs to light.

The which according to their owne requeft, The Lord in wrath did perfectly fulfil: There channels ran with blood and did not reft, Their blood was fpilt, that *Iefus* blood did fpill: <u>God grant we may our hatefull fins forfake</u>, And by the *Iewes* a Chriftian warning take.

FINIS.





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NOTE.

For the 'Wonderfull Yeare (1603)' I am again indebted to the British Museum. See Memorial-Introduction on it.—G.

THE VVonderfull yeare. 1603.

Wherein is shewed the picture of London, lying ficke of the Plague.

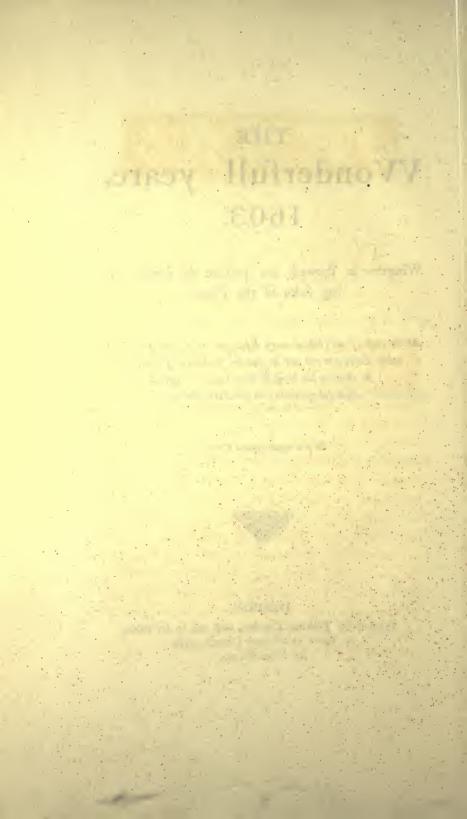
At the ende of all (like a mery Epilogue to a dull Play) certaine Tales are cut out in fundry fashions, of purpose to shorten the lives of long winters nights, that lye watching in the darke for vs.

Et me rigidi legant Catones.



LONDON

Printed by Thomas Creede, and are to be folde in Saint Donftones Church-yarde in Fleet-ftreete.





TO HIS VVEL-

RESPECTED GOOD friend, M. Cuthbert Thuresby, VVater-Bayliffe of London.

Ookes are but poore gifts, yet Kings receiue them : vpo which I prefume, you will not turne This out of doores. You cannot for fhame but bid it welcome, becaufe it bringes to you a great quantitie of my loue: which, if it be worth litle (and no maruell if Loue be folde vnder-foote, when the God of Loue himfelfe goes naked) yet I hope you will not fay you haue a hard bargaine, Sithece you may take as much of it as you pleafe for nothing. I haue clapt the Cognizance of your name, on these fcribled papers, it is their livery. So that now they are yours : being free fro any vile imputation, faue only, that they thrust themselues into your acquaintance. But generall errors, haue generall pardons: for the title of / other mens names, is the common Heraldry which all those laie claime

76 THE EPISTLE DEDICATORIE.

too, whole creft is a Pen-and-Inckhorne. If you read, you may happilie laugh; tis my defire you fhould, because mirth is both *Phisicall*, and wholefome against the *Plague*: with which fickness (to tell truth) this booke is (though not forely) yet fomewhat infected. I pray, driue it not out of your companie for all that; for (affure your foule) I am fo iealous of your health, that if you did but once imagine, there were gall in mine Incke, I would cast away the Standish, and forfweare medling with anie more *Muses*.

And the second second



To the Reader.

ND why to the Reader? Oh good Sir! theres as found law to make you give good words to the Reader, as to a Constable when hee carries his watch about him to tell how the night goes, tho (perhaps) the one (oftentimes) may be ferued in for a Goo/e, and the other very fitly furnish the fame meffe. Yet to maintaine the fcuruy fashion, and to keepe Custome in reparations, he must be honyed, and come ouer with Gentle Reader; Courteous Reader, and Learned Reader, though he haue no more Gentilitie in him than Adam had (that was but a gardner) no more Ciuilitie than a Tartar, and no more Learning than the most errand Stinkard, that (except his owne name) could neuer finde any thing in the Horne-book.

How notorioufly therfore do good wits difhonor, not only their *Calling*, but even their *Creation*, that worfhip *Glow-wormes* (in flead of the Sun) becaufe of a litle falfe gliftering? In the name of

Phæbus what madneffe leades them vnto it? For he that dares hazard a preffing to death (thats to fay, To be a man in Print) must make account that he shall stand (like the olde Weathercock ouer Powles steeple) to be beaten with all stormes. Neither the stinking Tabacco-breath of a Sattingull, the Aconited fting of a narrow-eyde Critick, the faces of a phantaftick Stage-monkey, nor the Indeede-la of a Puritanicall Citizen must once shake him. No, but defperately refolue (like a French Poft) to ride through thick & thin: indure to fee his lines torne pittifully on the rack : fuffer his Muse to take the Bastoone, yea the very stab, & himfelfe like a new stake to be a marke for euery Hagler, and therefore (fetting vp all thefe refts) why shuld he regard what fooles bolt is fhot at him? Befides, / if that which he prefents vpon the Stage of the world be Good, why should he bafely cry out (with that old poeticall mad-cap in his Amphitruo) Iouis summi causa clarè plaudite. I beg a *Plaudite* for God fake! If *Bad*, who (but an Affe) would intreate (as Players do in a cogging Epilogue at the end of a filthie Comedy) that, be it neuer fuch wicked stuffe, they would forbeare to hiffe, or to dam it perpetually to lye on a Stationers stall. For he that can fo cofen himfelfe, as to pocket vp praife in that filly fort, makes his braines fat with his owne folly.

But Hinc Pudor! or rather Hinc Dolor, heeres the Diuell! It is not the ratling of all this former haile-shot, that can terrifie our Band of Castalian Pen-men from entring into the field: no, no, the murdring Artillery indeede lyes in the roaring mouthes of a company that looke big as if they were the fole and fingular Commanders ouer the maine Army of Poefie, yet (if Hermes muster-booke were fearcht ouer) theile be found to be most pitifull pure fresh-water fouldiers : they give out, that they are heiresapparent to Helicon, but an eafy Herald may make them meere yonger brothers, or (to fay troth) not fo much. Beare witnes all you whofe wits make you able to be witneffes in this caufe, that here I meddle not with your good Poets, Nam tales, nusquam sunt hic amplius, If you should rake hell, or (as Aristophanes in his Frog fayes) in any Celler deeper than hell, it is harde to finde Spirits of that Fashion. But those Goblins whom I now am coiuring vp, haue bladder-cheekes puft out like a Swizzers breeches (yet being prickt, there comes out nothing but wind) thin headed fellowes that live vpon the fcraps of inuention, and trauell with fuch vagrant foules, and fo like Ghosts in white sheetes of paper, that the Statute of Rogues may worthily be fued vpon them because their wits have no abiding place, and

yet wander without a passe-port. Alas, poore wenches (the nine Muses!) how much are you wrongd, to haue fuch a number of Baftards lying vpo your hands? But turne them out a begging; or if you cannot be rid of their Riming company (as I thinke it will be very hard) then lay your heauie and immortal curfe vpon them, that /. whatsoeuer they weaue (in the motley-loome of their ruftie pates) may like a beggers cloake, be full of stolne patches, and yet neuer a patch like one another, that it may be fuch true lamentable fluff, that any honeft Christian may be fory to fee it. Banish these Word-pirates, (you facred mistresse of learning) into the gulfe of Barbarisme : doome them euerlastingly to liue among dunces : let them not once lick their lips at the Thespian bowle, but onely be glad (and thanke Apollo for it too) if hereafter (as hitherto they haue alwayes) they may quench their poeticall thirst with small beere. Or if they will needes . be stealing your Heliconian Nectar, let them (like the dogs of Nylus,) onely lap and away. For this Goatifh fwarme are those (that where for these many thousand yeares you went for pure maides) haue taken away your good names, thefe are they that deflowre your beauties. These are those ranck-riders of Art, that have fo fpur-gald your luftie wingd Pegafus, that now he begins

to be out of flesh, and (even only for provander fake) is glad to fhew tricks like Bancks his Curtall. O you Bookes-fellers (that are Factors to the Liberall Sciences) ouer whofe Stalles thefe Drones do dayly flye humming; let Homer, Hefiod, Euripides, and fome other mad Greekes with a band of the Latines, lye like musket-shot in their way, when these Gothes and Getes set vpon you in your paper fortifications; it is the only Canon, vpon whofe mouth they dare not venture: none but the English will take their parts, therefore feare them not, for fuch a ftrong breath haue these chefe-eaters, that if they do but blow vpon a booke they imagine straight tis blassed: Quod Supra nos; Nihil ad nos, (they fay) that which is aboue our capacitie, shall not passe vnder our commendation. Yet would I have these Zoilists ? (of all other) to reade me, if euer I should write any thing worthily: for the blame that knownefooles heape vpon a deferuing labour, does not discredit the same, but makes wife men more perfectly in loue with it. Into fuch a ones hands therefore if I fortune to fall, I will not fhrink an inch, but euen when his teeth are sharpest, and most ready to bite, I will stop his mouth only with this, Hec mala funt, fed tu, non meliora faeta. 1

D. I.

6

Reader.

W Hereas there stands in the Rere-ward of this Booke a certaine mingled Troope of straunge Discourses, fashioned into Tales, Know, that the intelligence which first brought them to light, was onely flying Report: whose tongue (as it often does) if in spreading them it haue tript in any materiall point, and either slipt too farre, or falne too short, beare with the error: and the rather, because it is not wilfully committed. Neither let any one (whome those Reports shall seeme to touch) cauill or complaine of iniury, sithence nothing is set downe by a malitious hand. Farewell.



THE VVONDERfull yeare.



Ertumnus being attired in his accuftomed habit of changeable filke, had God of the newly paffed through the first and principall Court-

gate of heauen: to whom for a farewell, and to fhewe how dutifull he was in his office, *Ianus* (that beares two Description of faces vnder one hood) made a very the Spring. mannerly lowe legge, and (becaufe he was the onely Porter at that gate) prefented vnto this king of the Moneths, all the New-yeares gifts, which were more in number, and more worth than those that are given to the great Turke, or the Emperour of *Perfia*: on went *Vertumnus* in his luftie progreffe, *Priapus*, *Flora*, the *Dryades*,

pandere

and Hamadryades, with all the woodden rabble of those that dreft Orchards & Gardens, perfuming all the wayes that he went, with the fweete Odours that breathed from flowers, hearbes and trées, which now began to péepe out of prison : by vertue of which excellent aires, the fkie got a most cleare complexion, lookte fmug and fmoothe, and had not fo much as a wart flicking on her face: the Sunne likewife was freshly and very richly apparelled in cloth of gold like a Bridegroome, and inftead of gilded Rofemary, the hornes of the Ramme, (being the figne of that celeftiall bride-house where he lay, to be

Vpon the 23, of March the Aries.

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marryed to the Spring) were not like your common hornes parcell-gilt, but Spring begins, by reason of double double-gilt, with the liquid gold the Sunnes en-trance into that melted from his beames, for ioy

w[h]ereof the Larke fung at his windowe euery morning, the Nightingale euery night : the Cuckooe (like a fingle fole / Fidler, that réeles from Tauerne to Tauerne) plide it all the day long: Lambes friskte vp and downe in the vallies, kids and Goates leapt too and fro on the Mountaines: Shepheards fat piping, country wenches finging : Louers made fonnets for their Lasses, whilest they made Garlands for their Louers: And as the Country was frolike, fo was the Citie mery: Oliue Trées (which grow

no where but in the Garden of peace) flood (as common as Béech does at Midsomer) at euery mans doore, braunches of Palme were in euery mans hand: Stréetes were full of people, people full of ioy : euery house seemde to haue a Lorde of mifrule in it, in euery house there was so much iollity: no Scritch-Owle frighted the filly Countryman at midnight, nor any Drum the Citizen at noone-day; but all was more calme than a still water, all husht, as if the Spheres had bene playing in Confort: In conclusion, heauen lookt like a Pallace, and the great hall of the earth, like a Paradice. But O the short-liude Felicitie of man! O world of what flight and thin stuffe is thy happineffe! Iust in the midst of this iocund Holi-day, a storme rifes in the West: Westward (from the toppe of a Ritch- The Queenes mount) descended a hidious tempest, that shooke Cedars, terrified the tallest Pines, and cleft in funder euen the hardeft hearts of Oake: And if fuch great trées were shaken, what thinke you became of the tender Eglantine, and humble Hawthorne ; they could not (doubtleffe) but droope, they could not choofe but die with the terror. The Element (taking the Deftinies part, who indeed fet abroach this mifchiefe) fcowled on the earth, and filling her hie forehead full of blacke wrinckles, tumbling long vp and downe

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(like a great bellyed wife) her fighes being whirlewindes, and her grones thunder, at length fhe fell in labour, and was deliuered of a pale, meagre, weake child, named *Sickneffe*, whom Death (with a peftilence) would néedes take vpon him to nurfe, and did fo. This ftarueling being come to his full growth, had an office giuen him for nothing (and thats a wonder in this age) Death made him his Herauld : attirde him like a Courtier, and (in his name) chargde him to goe into the Priuie Chamber of the Englifh Quéene, to fommon her to appeare in the Star-chamber of heauen.

The fommons made her ftart, but (hauing an inuincible fpirit) / did not amaze her : yet whom would not the certaine newes of parting from a Kingdome amaze ! But fhe knewe where to finde Her death. a richer, and therefore lightlie regarded the loffe of this, and thereupon made readie for that heauenlie Coronation, being (which was moft ftrange) moft dutifull to obay, that had fo many yeares fo powrefully commaunded. She obayed Deaths meffenger, and yéelded her body to the hands of death himfelfe. She dyed, refigning her Scepter to pofteritie, and her Soule to immortalitie.

The report of her death (like a thunder clap) was able to kill thoufands, it tooke away hearts from millions: for having brought vp (even

vnder her wing) a nation that was almost begotten and borne vnder her; that neuer shouted any other Aue than for her name, neuer fawe the face of any Prince but her felfe, neuer vnderstoode what that strange out-landish word Change fignified : how was it poffible, but that her ficknes fhould throw abroad an vniuerfall feare, and her death an aftonishment? She was the The generall Courtiers treasure, therefore he had terror that her death bred. caufe to mourne: the Lawyers fword of iustice, he might well faint : the Merchants patroneffe, he had reason to looke pale: the Citizens mother, he might best lament: the Shepheards Goddeffe, and should not he droope? Onely the Souldier, who had walkt a long time vpon wodden legs, and was not able to giue Armes, though he were a Gentleman, had briffeld vp the quills of his stiffe Porcupine mustachio, and fwore by no beggers that now was the houre come for him to bestirre his stumps: Vfurers and Brokers (that are the Diuels Ingles, and dwell in the long lane of hell) quakt like afpen leaues at his oathes : those that before were the onely cut-throates in London, now stoode in feare of no other death: but my Signior Soldado was deceiued, the Tragedie went not forward.

Neuer did the English Nation behold fo much black worne as there was at her Funerall : It was

then but put on, to try if it were fit, for the great day of mourning was fet downe (in the booke of heauen) to be held afterwards : that was but the dumb fhew, the Tragicall Act hath bene playing euer fince. Her Herse (as it was borne) seémed to be an Iland fwimming in water, for round / about it there rayned showers of teares, about her death-bed none : for her departure was fo fudden and fo ftrange, that men knew not how to weepe, because they had neuer bin taught to shed teares of that making. They that durft not fpeake their forrowes, whisperd them: they that durst not whifper, fent them foorth in fighes. O what an Earth-quake is the alteration of a State! Looke from the Chamber of Prefence, to the Farmers cottage, and you shall finde nothing but distraction: the whole Kingdome féemes a wildernes, and the people in it are transformed to wild men. The Map of a Countrey fo pitifullie diftracted by the horror of a change, if you defire perfectlie to behold, caft your eyes then on this that followes. which being heretofore in priuate prefented to the King, I thinke may very worthily fhew it felfe before you: And becaufe you shall fee them attirde in the fame fashion that they were before his Maiesty, let these fewe lines (which stood then as Prologue to the reft) enter first into your eares.

MOt for applauses, shallow fooles aduenture, I plunge my verse into a sea of censure, But with a liver dreft in gall, to see So many Rookes, catch-polls of poefy, That feed upon the fallings of hye wit; And put on cast inuentions, most wnfit; For such am I prest forth in shops and stalls, Pasted in Powles, and on the Lawyers walls, For every basilisk-eyde Criticks bait, To kill my verse, or poison my conceit: Or some smoakt gallant who at wit repines, To dry Tabacco with my holesome lines, And in one paper sacrifice more braine, Than all his ignorant scull could ere containe : But merit dreads no martyrdome, nor stroke, My lines shall live when he shall be all smoke.

Thus farre the <u>Prologue</u>, who leauing the Stage cléere, the <u>feares</u> that are bred in the wombe of this altring kingdome do / next ftep vp, <u>acting</u> thus.

The great impoftume of the realme was drawne Euen to a head: the multitudinous fpawne Was the corruption, which did make it swell With hop'd sedition (the burnt seed of hell,) Who did expect but ruine, blood, and death, To share our kingdome, and diuide our breath.

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Religions without religion, To let each other bload, confusion To be next Queene of England, and this yeere The ciuill warres of France to be plaid heere By English-men, ruffians, and pandering slaues, That faine would dig vp gowtie vfurers graues : At such a time, villaines their hopes do honey, And rich men looke as pale as their white money : Now they remove, and make their filuer sweat, Casting themselues into a couetous heate, And then (vnseene) in the confederate darke, Bury their gold, without or Prieft, or Clarke. And say no prayers ouer that dead pelfe: True, Gold's no Christian, but an Indian elfe. Did not the very kingdome seeme to shake Her precious massie limbes? did she not make All English cities. (like her pulses) beate With people in their veines? the feare so great, That had it not bene phisickt with rare peace Our populous power had leffend her increase. The Spring-time that was dry, had fprung in blood, A greater dearth of men, than e're of foode: In such a panting time and gasping yeare, Vietuals are cheapest, only men are deare. . Now each wife-acred Landlord did dispaire. Fearing some villaine should become his heire, Or that his sonne and heire before his time, Should now turne villaine, and with violence clime

Vp to his life, saying father you have seene King / Henry, Edward, Mary, and the Queene, I wonder you'le liue longer ! then he tells him Hees loth to see him kild, therfore he kills him, And each wast Landlord dyes lyke a poore slaue: Their thousand acres makes them but a graue. At such a time great men conuey their treasure Into the trusty Citie : wayts the leisure Of bloud and infurrection, which warre clips, When every gate shutts up her Iron lips: Imagine now a mighty man of dust, Standeth in doubt, what servant he may trust, more: With Plate worth thousands: Iewels worth farre If he proue false, then his rich Lord proues poore : He calls forth one by one, to note their graces, Whilft they make legs he copies out their faces, Examines their eye-browe, consters their beard, Singles their Nose out, still he rests afeard : The first that comes by no meanes heele alow, Has Spyed three Hares starting betweene his brow, Quite turnes the word, names it Celeritie, For Hares do run away, and so may he: A second shewne : him he will scarce behold, His beard's too red, the colour of his gold: A third may please him, but tis hard to say, A rich man's pleasde, when his goods part away. And now do cherrup by, fine golden nefts Of well hatcht bowles: such as do breed in feasts.

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For warre and death cupboords of plate downe pulls, Then Bacchus drinkes not in gilt-bowles, but sculls. Let me descend and stoope my verse a while, To make the Comicke cheeke of Poefie smile; Ranck peny-fathers scud (with their halfe hammes, Shadowing their calues) to faue their filuer dammes; At every gun they start, tilt from the ground, One drum can make a thousand Vsurers sound, In unfought Allies and unholefome places, Back-wayes and by-lanes, where appeare fewe faces. In | Shamble-smelling roomes, loathsome prospects, And penny-lattice-windowes, which reiests All popularitie : there the rich Cubs lurke, When in great houses ruffians are at worke, Not dreaming that fuch glorious booties lye Vnder those nasty roofes : such they passe by Without a fearch, crying there's nought for vs, And wealthie men deceiue poore villaines thus: Tongue-trauelling Lawyers faint at such a day, Lye speechlesse, for they have no words to say. Phisitions turne to patients, their Arts dry, For then our fat men without Phisick die. And to conclude, against all Art and good, Warre taints the Doctor, lets the Surgion blood.

Such was the fashion of this Land, when the great Land-Lady thereof left it: Shee came in with the fall of the leafe, and went away in the

Spring: her life (which was dedicated to Virginitie,) both beginning & clofing vp a miraculous Mayden circle : for fhe was borne vpon a Lady Eue, and died vpon a Lady Eue : her Natiuitie & death being memorable by this wonder : the first and last yeares of her Raigne by this, that a *Lee* was Lorde Maior when she came to the Crowne, and a *Lee* Lorde Maior when she departed from it. Thrée places are made famous by her for thrée things, *Greenewich* for her birth, *Richmount* for her death, *White-Hall* for her Funerall : vpon her remouing from whence, (to lend our tiring profe a breathing time) stay, and looke vpon these *Epigrams*, being composed.

1. Vpon the Queenes last Remoue being dead.

The Queene's remou'de in solemne sort, Yet this was strange, and seldome seene, The Queene vsde to remoue the Court, But now the Court remou'de the Queene.

> 2. Vpon her bringing by water to White Hall.

The Queene was brought by water to White Hall, At every stroake, the Oares teares let fall. More clung about the Barge : Fish under water Wept out their eyes of pearle, and swom blind after.

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I thinke the Barge-men might with easter thyes Haue rowde her thither in her peoples eyes: For howsoe're, thus much my thoughts haue skand, S'had come by water, had she come by land.

3. Vpon her lying dead at *White Hall.*

The Queene lyes now at White Hall dead, And now at White Hall liuing, To make this rough objection euen, Dead at White Hall at Westminster, But liuing at White Hall in Heauen.

Thus you fée that both in her life and her death fhée was appointed to bee the mirror of her time: And furely, if fince the firft ftone that was layd for the foundation of this great houfe of the world, there was euer a yeare ordained to be wondred at, it is only this: the *Sibils*, OETogefimus, OETauus Annas, That same terrible 88. which came fayling hither in the Spanifh Armado, ^{1603.} A more and made mens hearts colder then the wonderfull yeare than 88. frozen Zone, when they heard but an inckling of it: That 88 by whofe horrible predictions, Almanack-makers ftood in bodily feare their trade would bée vtterly ouerthrowne, and poore *Erra Pater* was threatned (becaufe he was a Iew) to be put to bafer offices than the ftopping

of mustard-pots : That fame 88. which had more prophecies waiting at his héeles, thã euer Merlin the Magitian had in his head, was a yeare of Iubile to this. Platoes Mirabilis Annus, (whether it be past alreadie, or to come within these foure yeares) may throwe Platoes cap at Mirabilis, for that title of wonderfull is bestowed vpon 1603. If that facred Aromatically perfumed fire of wit (out of whofe flames Phanix poefie doth arife) were burning in any breft, I would féede it with no other stuffe for a twelue-moneth and a day, than with kindling papers full of lines, that fhould tell only of the chances, changes, and strange shapes that this Protean Climactericall yeare hath metamorphofed himfelfe into. It is able to finde ten Chroniclers a competent liuing, and to fet twentie Printers at worke. You shall perceiue I lye not, if (with Peter Bales) you will take the paines to drawe the whole volume of it into the compasse of a Dennie. As first, to begin with the Quéene's death, then the Kingdomes falling into an Ague vpon that. Next, followes the curing of that feauer by the holefome receipt of a proclaymed King. That wonder begat more, for in an houre, two mightie Nations were made one: wilde Ireland became tame on the fudden, and fome English great ones that before féemed tame, on the fudden turned wilde: The fame Parke which

great *Iulius Cafar* inclofed, to hold in that Déere whome they before hunted, being now circled (by a fecond *Cafar*) with fironger pales to kéepe them from leaping ouer. And laft of all (if that wonder be the laft and fhut vp the yeare) a moft dreadfull plague. This is the abstract, and yet. (like *Stowes* Chronicle of *Decimo Sexto* to huge *Hollinshead*) these states in this Set-card of ours, represent mightie Countreys; whilf I haue the quill in my hand, let me blow them bigger.

The Quéene being honoured with a Diademe. of Starres, France, Spaine, and Belgia, lift vp their heads, preparing to do as much for England by giving ayme, whilf the thot arrowes at her owne breft (as they imagined) as the had done (many a yeare together) for them: and her owne Nation betted on their fides, looking with distracted countenance for no better guests than, Ciuill Sedition, Vprores, Rapes, Murders, and Massacres. But the whéele of Fate turned, a better Lottery was drawne, Pro Troia stabat Apollo, God fluck valiantlie to vs. For behold, vp rifes a comfortable Sun out of the North, whole glorious beames / (like a fan) dispersed all thick and contagious clowdes. The loffe of a Queene, was paid with the double interest of a King and Quéene. The Cedar of her gouernment which stood alone and bare no fruit, is

changed now to an Oliue, vpon whole fpreading branches grow both Kings and Quéenes. Oh it: were able to fill a hundred paire of writing tables with notes, but to fee the parts plaid in the compasse of one houre on the stage of this new-found world! Vpon Thursday it was treafon to cry God faue king Iames king King Iames of England, and vppon Friday hye proclaimed. treafon not to cry fo. In the morning no voice hearde but murmures and lamentation, at noone nothing but shoutes of gladnes & triumphe. S. George and S. Andrew that many hundred yeares had defied one another, were now fworne brothers: England and Scotland (being parted. only with a narrow River, and the people of both Empires speaking a language leffe differing than english within it felfe, as tho prouidence had enacted, that one day those two Nations should marry one another) are now made fure together, and king Iames his Coronation, is the folemne wedding day. Happieft of all thy Anceftors (thou mirror of all Princes that euer were or are) that at feauen of the clock wert a king but ouer a péece of a little Iland, and before eleuen the greatest Monarch in Chriftendome. Now

Siluer Crowds Of blisful Angels and tryed Martyrs tread On the Star-feeling ouer England's head : D. I. 7

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Now heauen broke into a wonder, and brought forth Our omne bonum from the holefome North (Our fruitfull Souereigne) Iamus, at whofe dread name

Rebellion fwounded, and (ere fince) became Groueling and nerue-leffe, wanting bloud to nourish; For Ruine gnawes her selfe when kingdomes flourish. Nor are our hopes planted in regall springs, Neuer to wither, for our aire breedes kings: And in all ages (from this Soueraigne time) England shall still be calde the royall clime. Most blisfull Monarch of all earthen powers, Seru'd with a messe of kingdomes, foure such bowers (For | prosperous hiues, and rare industrious swarmes)

The world containes not in her folid armes. O thou that art the Meeter of our dayes, Poets Apollo! deale thy Daphnaan bayes To those whose wits are bay-trees, euer greene, Vpon whose hye tops Poesie chirps vnseene: Such are most fit, t'apparell Kings in rimes, Whose filuer numbers are the Muses chimes; Whose spritely caracters (being once wrought on) Out-live the marble th'are insculpt vpon: Let such men chaunt thy vertue, then they five On Learnings wings vp to Eternitie. As for the rest, that limp (in cold desert) Having small wit, lesse the insculpt Art:

Their verse! tis almost herefie to heare; Banish their lines some furlong, from thine eare: For tis held dang'rous (by Apolloes signe) To be infected with a leaprous line. O make some Adamant Act (n'ere to be worne) That none may write but those that are trueborne:

So when the worlds old cheekes shall race and ?. peele,

Thy Acts shall breath in Epitaphs of Steele.

By these Comments it appeares that by this time King Iames is proclaimed : now does fresh blood leape into the cheekes of the Courtier : The ioyes that followed vpon the Souldier now hangs vp his armor, his proclayming. and is glad that he shall féede vpon the bleffed fruites of peace: the Scholler fings Hymnes in honor of the Muses, affuring himselfe now that Helicon will bee kept pure, becaufe Apollo himfelfe drinkes of it. Now the thriftie Citizen cafts beyond the Moone, and feeing the _ golden age returned into the world againe, refolues to worship no Saint but money. Trades that lay dead & rotten, and were in all mens opinion vtterly dambd, started out of their trance, as though they had drunke of Aqua Caleftis, or Vnicorns horne, and fwore to fall to their olde occupations. Taylors meant no more to be called

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Merchant-taylors, but Merchants, for their thops were all lead foorth in leafes to be turned into fhips, and with their sheares (in stead of a Rudder) would they have / cut the Seas (like Leuant Taffaty) and fayld to the Weft Indies for no worfe stuffe to make hofe and doublets of, than beaten gold : Or if the necessitie of the time (which was likely to fland altogether vpon brauery) fhould preffe them to ferue with their iron and Spanish weapons vpon their stalls, then was there a fharpe law made amongst them, that no workman should handle any néedle but that which had a pearle in his eye, nor any copper. thimble, vnlesse it were linde quite through, or bumbasted with Siluer. What Mechanicall hard handed Vulcanist (seeing the dice of Fortune run fo fweetly, and refoluing to ftrike whilft the iron was hote) but perfwaded himfelfe to bée Maister or head Warden of the company ere halfe a yeare went about? The worft players Boy flood vpon his good parts, fwearing tragicall and bufking oathes, that how vilainously foeuer he randed, or what bad and vnlawfull action foeuer he entred into, he would in despite of his honest audience be halfe a sharer (at least) at home, or else strowle (thats to fay trauell) with fome notorious wicked floundring company abroad. And good reafon had these time-catchers to be led into this fooles

paradice, for they fawe mirth in euery mans face, the ftréetes were plumd with gallants, Tabacconifts fild vp whole Tauernes : Vintners hung out fpicke and fpan new Iuy bufhes (becaufe they wanted good wine) and their old rainebeaten lattices marcht vnder other cullors, hauing loft both company and cullors before. London was neuer in the high way to preferment till now; now the refolued to ftand upon her pantoffles : now (and neuer till now) did fhe laugh to fcorne that worme-eaten prouerbe of Lincolne was, London is, & Yorke shall bee, for the faw her felfe in better state then Ierusalem, she went more gallant then euer did Antwerp, was more courted by amorous and luftie fuiters then Venice (the minion of. Italy) more loftie towers flood (like a Coronet, or a spangled head-tire) about her Temples, then euer did about the beautifull forehead of Rome: Tyrus and Sydon to her were like two thatcht houses, to Theobals : § grand Cayr but a hogsty. Hinc illæ lachrymæ. She < * wept her belly full for all this. Whilft Troy was fwilling fack and fugar, and mowfing fat venifon, the mad Gréekes made bonefires of their houfes : Old Priam was drinking a health to the / wooden horfe, and before it could be pledgd had his throat cut. Corne is no fooner ripe, but for all the pricking vp of his eares hee is pard off by

Jeres

02

X

the fhins, and made to goe vpon ftumps. Flowers no fooner budded, but they are pluckt vp and dye. Night walks at the héeles of the day, and forrowe enters (like a tauerne-bill) at the taile of our pleafures: for in the Appenine heigth of. this immoderate ioy and fecuritie (that like Powles Stéeple ouer-lookt the whole Citie) Behold, that miracle-worker, who in one minute turnd our generall mourning to a generall mirth, does now againe in a moment alter that gladnes to fhrikes & lamentation. Here would I faine. make a full point, because posteritie should not be frighted with those miserable Tragedies, which The Plague. now my Mufe (as Chorus) stands ready to prefent. Time, would thou hadft neuer bene made wretched by bringing them forth: Obliuion, would in all the graues and fepulchres, whofe ranke iawes thou haft already clofd vp, or fhalt vet hereafter burft open, thou couldft likewife bury them for euer.

A ftiffe and fréezing horror fucks vp the riuers of my blood : my haire ftands an ende with the panting of my braines : mine eye balls are ready to ftart out, being beaten with the billowes of my teares : out of my wéeping pen does the inck - mournefully and more bitterly than gall drop on the pale fac'd paper, euen when I do but thinke how the bowels of my ficke Country haue bene

torne: Apollo therefore and you bewitching filuertongd Mufes, get you gone, I inuocate none of your names: Sorrow & Truth, fit you on each fide of me, whilft I am deliuered of this deadly burden : prompt me that I may vtter ruthfull and paffionate condolement: arme my trembling hand, that it may boldly rip vp and Anetimize the vlcerous body of this Anthropophagized plague: Anthropo-phagi are lend me Art (without any counterfeit Scithians, that fhadowing) to paint and delineate to the feed on mens life the whole ftory of this mortall and peftiferous battaile, & you the ghosts of those more (by many) then 40000. that with the virulent poifon of infection haue bene driuen out of your earthly dwellings : you defolate hand-wringing widowes that beate your bosomes ouer your departing husbands : you wofully distracted mothers that with difheueld haire falne into fwounds, whilft you lye kiffing the infenfible cold lips / of your breathleffe Infants: you out-caft and downe-troden Orphanes, that shall many a yeare hence remember more freshly to mourne, when your mourning garments shall looke olde and be forgotten; and you the Genij of all those emptyed families, whose habitations are now among the Antipodes : Ioyne, all your hands together, and with your bodies caft a ring about me: let me behold your ghaftly vizages, that my paper may receive their true

1

pictures: *Eccho* forth your grones through the hollow truncke of my pen, and raine downe your gummy teares into mine Incke, that even marble bofomes may be fhaken with terrour, and hearts of Adamant melt into compaffion.

What an vnmatchable torment were it for a man to be bard vp every night in a vaft filent Charnell-houfe? hung (to make it more hideous). with lamps dimly & flowly burning, in hollow and glimmering corners : where all the pauement fhould in stead of gréene rushes, be strewde with blasted Rosemary : withered Hyacinthes, fatall. Cipreffe and Ewe, thickly mingled with heapes of dead mens bones: the bare ribbes of a father that begat him, lying there: here the Chapleffe hollow fcull of a mother that bore him : round about him a thousand Coarses, some standing bolt vpright in their knotted winding fhéetes: others halfe mouldred in rotten coffins, that should fuddenly yawne wide open, filling his nofthrils with novfome ftench, and his eyes with the fight of nothing but crawling wormes. And to keepe fuch a poore wretch waking, he should heare no noife but of Toads croaking, Scréech-Owles howling, Mandrakes shriking: were not this an infernall prifon? would not the ftrongest-harted man (befet with fuch a ghaftly horror) looke wilde? and run madde? and die? And euen fuch a

formidable shape did the diseased Citie appeare in : For he that durft (in the dead houre of gloomy midnight) haue bene fo valiant, as to haue walkt through the still and melancholy streets, what thinke you fhould have bene his muficke? Surely the loud grones of rauing ficke men; the ftrugling panges of foules departing : In euery houfe griefe ftriking vp an Allarum : Seruants crying out for maisters: wives for husbands, parents for children, children for their mothers : here he fhould haue met fome frantickly running to knock vp Sextons; there, others .fearfully / fweating with Coffins, to steale forth dead bodies, least the fatall hand-writing of death should feale vp their doores. And to make this difmall confort more full, round about him Bells heavily tolling in one place, and ringing out in another. The dreadfulnesse, of such an houre, is invtterable: let vs goe further. If fome poore man, fuddeinly starting out of a fwéete and golden flumber, fhould behold his houfe flaming about his eares, all his family deftroied in their fléepes by the mercilesse fire ; himselfe in the very midft of it, wofully and like a madde man calling for helpe: would not the mifery of fuch a distreffed foule, appeare the greater, if the rich Vfurer dwelling next doore to him, fhould not ftirre, (though he felt part of the danger) but fuffer him to perish, when the thrusting out of an arme might

haue faued him? O how many thousands of wretched people haue acted this poore mans part? how often hath the amazed hufband waking, found the comfort of his bedde lying breathleffe by his fide ! his children at the fame inftant gasping for life! and his feruants mortally wounded at the hart by ficknes! the diffracted creature, beats at death doores, exclaimes at windowes, his cries are fharp inough to pierce heauen, but on earth no eare is opend, to receive them. And in this manner do the tedious minutes of the night ftretch out the forrowes of ten thousand : It is now day, let vs looke forth and try what Confolation rizes with the Sun: not any, not any: for before the Iewell of the morning be fully fet in filuer, hundred hungry graues stand gaping, and euery one. of them (as at a breakfast) hath fwallowed downe ten or eleuen liuelesse carcases: before dinner, in the fame gulfe are twice fo many more deuoured : and before the Sun takes his reft, those numbers are doubled : Thrée fcore that not many houres before had euery one feuerall lodgings very delicately furnisht, are now thrust altogether into one close roome : a litle noisome roome : not fully ten foote square. Doth not this strike coldly to § hart of a worldly mifer? To fome, the very found of deaths name is in stead of a passing-bell: what shall become of fuch a coward, being told

that the felfe-fame bodie of his, which is now fo pampered with fuperfluous fare, fo perfumed and bathed in odoriferous waters, and fo gaily apparelled in varietie of fashios, must one day be throwne (like flinking carion) into a rank & rotten graue; where his goodly eies y did once fhoote foorth / fuch amorous glances, must be beaten out of his head : his lockes that hang wantonly dangling, troden in durt vnder-foote: this doubtleffe (like thunder) must néeds strike him into the earth. But (wretched man !) when thou fhalt fee, and be affured (by tokens fent thée from heauen) that to-morrow thou must be tumbled into a Muckepit, and fuffer thy body to be bruifde and preft with three score dead men, lying slouenly vpon thée, and thou to be vndermost of all! yea and perhaps halfe of that number were thine enemies ! (and fee howe they may be reuenged, for the wormes that bréed out of their putrifying carkaffes, fhall crawle in huge fwarmes from them, and quite deuoure thée) what agonies will this strange newes driue thée into? If thou art in loue with thy felfe, this cannot choose but possefie thée with frenzie. But thou art gotten fafe (out of the ciuill citie Calamitie) to thy Parkes and Pallaces in the Country, lading thy affes and thy Mules with thy gold (thy god), thy plate, and thy Iewels: and the fruites of thy wombe thriftily

growing vp but in one onely fonne (the young Landlord of all thy carefull labours) him alfo haft thou refcued from the arrowes of infection : Now is thy foule iocund, and thy fences merry. But open thine eyes, thou Foole and behold that darling of thine eye (thy fonne) turnd fuddeinly. into a lumpe of clay : the hand of peftilence hath fmote him euen vnder thy wing: Now doeft thou rent thine haire, blafpheme thy Creator, curfest thy creation, and bafely defcendeft into bruitifh & vnmanly paffions, threatning in defpite of death & his Plague, to maintaine the memory of thy childe, in the euerlasting breft of Marble: a tombe must now defend him from tempests : and for that purpole, the fwetty hinde (that digs the rent he paies thée out of the entrailes of the earth) he is fent for, to conuey forth that burden of thy forrow: But note how thy pride is difdained : that weather-beaten fun-burnt drudge, that not a month fince fawnd vpon thy Worship like a Spaniell, and like a bond-flaue, would have ftoopt lower than thy féete, does now stoppe his nofe at thy prefence, and is ready to fet his Mastine as hye as thy throate, to drive thée from his doore : all thy gold and filuer cannot hire one of those (whom before thou didft fcorne) to carry the dead body to his last home: the Country round about thée shun thée, as a Basiliske, / and therefore to

London (from whofe armes thou cowardly fledft away) poaft vpon poaft must be galloping, to fetch from thence those that may performe that Funerall Office: But there are they fo full of graue-matters of their owne, that they have no leifure to attend thine : doth not this cut thy very heart-ftrings in ' funder? If that doe not, the fhutting vp of the Tragicall Act, I am fure will : for thou must be inforced with thine owne handes, to winde vp (that blafted flower of youth) in the last linnen, that euer he shall weare : vpon thine owne shoulders must thou beare part of him, thy amazed feruant the other: with thine owne hands must thou dig his graue, (not in the Church, or common place of buriall,) thou hast not fauour (for all thy riches) to be fo happie, but in thine Orcharde, or in the proude walkes of thy Garden, wringing thy palfie-fhaking hands in ftead of belles, (most miferable father) must thou search him out a sepulcher.

My fpirit growes faint with rowing in this Stygian Ferry, it can no longer endure the transportation of foules in this dolefull manner : let vs therefore fhift a point of our Compaffe, and (fince there is no remedie, but that we muft ftill bée toft vp and downe in this *Mare mortuum*) hoift vp all all our failes, and on the merry winges of a luftier winde féeke to arriue on fome profperous fhore. Imagine then that all this while, Death (like a

Spanish Leagar, or rather like stalking Tamberlaine) hath pitcht his tents, (being nothing but a heape of winding sheetes tackt together) in the finfullypolluted Suburbes : the Plague is Muster-maister and Marshall of the field: Burning Feauers, Boyles, Blaines, and Carbuncles, the Leaders, Lieutenants, Serieants, and Corporalls : the maine Army confifting (like Dunkirke) of a minglemangle, viz., dumpish Mourners, merry Sextons, hungry Coffin-fellers, fcrubbing Bearers, and naftie Graue-makers: but indéed they are the Pioners of the Campe, that are imployed onely (like Moles) in cafting vp of earth and digging of trenches; Feare and Trembling (the two Catchpolles of Death) arreft euery one : No parley will be graunted, no composition stood vpon, But the Allarum is strucke vp, the Toxin ringes out for life, and no voyce heard but Tue, Tue, Kill, Kill; the little Belles / onely (like fmall fhot) doe not yet goe off, and make no great worke for wormes, a hundred or two loft in euery skirmish, or so: But alas thats nothing: yet by those desperat fallies, what by open fetting vpon them by day, and fecret Ambufcadoes by night, the fkirts of London were pittifully pared off, by litle and litle : which they within the gates perceiuing, it was no boot to bid them take their héeles, for away they trudge thick and three fold; fome riding,

fome on foote: fome without bootes, fome in their flippers, by water, by land: In fhoales fwom they Weft-ward, mary to *Grauefend* none went vnleffe they be driuen, for whofoeuer landed there neuer came back again: Hacknies, watermen & Wagons, were not fo terribly imployed many a yeare; fo that within a fhort time, there was not a good horfe in Smith-field, nor a Coach to be fet eye on. For after the world had once run vpon the wheeles of the Peft-cart, neithe[r] coach nor caroach durft appeare in his likeneffe.

Let vs purfue thefe runawayes no longer, but leaue them in the vnmercifull hands of the Country-hard-hearted Hobbinolls, (who are ordaind to be their Tormentors) and returne backe to the fiege of the Citie, for the enemie taking aduantage by their flight, planted his ordinance against the walls; here the Canons (like their great Bells) roard : the Plague took fore paines for a breach; he laid about him cruelly, ere he could get it, but at length he and his tiranous band entred : his purple colours were prefently (with the found of Bow-bell inftead of a trumpet) aduanced, and ioynd to the Standard of the Citie; he marcht euen thorow Cheapfide, and the capitall ftréets of Troynouant : the only blot of dishonor that ftruck vpon this Inuader, being this, that hée plaide the tyrant, not the conqueror, making

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hauocke of all, when he had all lying at the foote of his mercy. Men, women & children dropt downe before him : houses were rifled, stréetes ransackt, beautifull maidens throwne on their beds, and rauisht by ficknes: rich mens Cofers broken open, and shared amongst prodigall heires and vnthriftie feruants : poore men vide poorely, but not pittifully; he did very much hurt, yet fome fay he did very much good. Howfoeuer. he behaued himfelfe, this intelligence runs currant, that every house lookt like S. Bartholmewes Hofpitall, and / euery stréete like Bucklersbury for poore Methridatum and Dragon-water (being both of them in all the world, fcarce worth three-pence) were bort in euery corner, and yet were both drunke euery houre at other mens coft. Lazarus lay groning at every man's doore :. mary no Dives was within to fend him a crum, (for all your Gold-finches were fled to the woods) not a dogge left to licke vp his fores, for they (like Curres) were knockt downe like Oxen, and fell thicker then Acornes.

I am amazed to remember what dead Marches were made of thrée thousand trooping together; husbands, wives & children being led as ordinarily to one graue, as if they had gone to one bed. And those that could shift for a time, and shrink their heads out of the collar (as many did) yet

went they (most bitterly) miching and muffled vp & downe, with Rue and Wormewood stuft into their eares and nosthrils, looking like fo many Bores heads stuck with branches of Rosemary, to be ferued in for Brawne at Christmas.

This was a rare worlde for the Church, who had wont to complaine for want of liuing, and now had more living thrust ypon her, than she knew how to bestow : to have bene Clarke now to a parish Clarke, was better then to ferue some foolifh Iustice of Peace, or than the yeare before to haue had a Benefice. Sextons gaue out, if they might (as they hoped) continue these doings but a tweluemonth longer, they and their posteritie would all ryde vppon footecloathes to the ende of the world. Amongst which worme-eaten generation, the three bald Sextons of limping Saint Gyles, Saint Sepulchres, and Saint Olaues, rulde the roafte more hotly, than euer did the Triumuiri of Rome. Iehochanan, Symeon, and Eleazar, neuer kept fuch a plaguy coyle in Ierusalem among the hunger-starued lewes, as these three Sharkers did in their Parishes among naked Christians. Curfed they were I am fure by fome to the pitte of hell, for tearing money out of their throates, that had not a croffe in their purses. But alas! they must have it, it is their Fee, and therefore giue the Diuell his

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due: Onely Hearbe-wiues and Gardeners (that neuer prayed before vnleffe it were for Raine or faire weather,) were now day and night vppon their marybones, that God would bleffe the labors of thofe mole-catchers, / becaufe they fucke fweetneffe by this; for the price of flowers, Hearbes and garlands, rofe wonderfully, in fo much that Rofemary which had wont to be fold for 12. pence an armefull, went now for fix fhillings a handfull.

A fourth fharer likewife (thefe winding-fhéeteweauers) deferues to haue my penne giue his lippes a lewes Letter, but becaufe he worfhips the Bakers good Lord & Maister, charitable S. *Clement* (whereas none of the other thrée euer had to do with any Saint) he shall fcape the better : only let him take heede, that hauing all this yeare buried his praiers in the bellies of Fat ones, and plump Capon eaters, (for no worfe meat would downe this *Bly*-foxes stomach) let him I fay take héede least (his flesh now falling away) his carcas be not plagude with leane ones, of whom (whils the bill of *Lord haue mercy vpon vs*, was to be denied in no place) it was death for him to heare.

In this pittifull (or rather pittilesse) perplexitie stood *London*, forfaken like a Louer, forlorne like a widow, and difarmde of all comfort: difarmde

I may well fay, for fiue Rapiers were not ftirring all this time, and thofe that were worne, had neuer bin féene, if any money could haue bene lent vpon them: fo hungry is the Eftridge difeafe, that it will deuoure euen Iron: let vs therefore with bag & baggage march away from this dangerous fore Citie, and vifit thofe that are fled into the Country. But alas! *Decidis in Scyllam*, you are pepperd if you vifit them, for they are vifited alreadie: the broad Arrow of Death, flies there vp & downe, as fwiftly as it doth here: they that rode on the luftieft geldings could not out-gallop the Plague. It ouer-tooke them, and ouer-turnd them too, horfe and foote.

You whom the arrowes of peffilence haue reacht at eightéen and twenty fcore (tho you flood far enough as you thought frõ the marke) you that fickning in the hie way, would haue bene glad of a bed in an Hofpitall, and dying in the open fieldes, haue bene buried like dogs, how much better had it bin for you, to haue lyen fuller of byles and plague-fores than euer did *Iob*, fo you might in that extremity haue receiued both bodily & fpiritual comfort, which there was denied you? For those misseleeuing Pagans, the plough-driuers, those worfe then Infidels, that (like their Swine) neuer / looke vp

to high as Heauen : when Citizens boorded them they wrung their hands, and wisht rather they had falne into the hands of Spaniards: for the fight of a flat-cap was more dreadfull to a Lob, then the difcharging of a Caliuer : a treble-ruffe (being but once named the Merchants fet) had power to caft a whole houshold into a cold fweat. If one newe fuite of Sackcloth had beene but knowne to haue come out of Burchin-lane (being the common Wardrope for all their Clownefhips) it had beene enough to make a Market towne give vp the ghoft. A Crow that had béene féene in a Sunne-shine day, standing on the top of Powles, would have beene better than a Beacon on fire, to have raizd all the townes within ten miles of London, for the kéeping her out.

Neuer let any man afke me what became of our Phifitions in this Maffacre : they hid their Synodicall heads afwell as the prowdeft : and I cannot blame them, for their Phlebotomies, Lofinges, and Electuaries, with their Diacatholicons, Diacodiens, Amulets, and Antidotes had not fo much ftrength to hold life and foule together, as a pot of *Pinders* Ale and a Nutmeg : their Drugs turned to Durt, their fimples were fimple things, *Galen* could do no more good, than *Sir Giles Goofecap* : *Hipocrates, Auicen, Parafelfus*,

Rafis, Fernelius, with all their fuccéeding rabble of Doctors and Water-cafters, were at their wits end, or I thinke rather at the worlds end, for not one of them durft péepe abroad; or if any one did take vpon him to play the ventrous Knight, the Plague put him to his Nonplus; in fuch ftrange, and fuch changeable fhapes did this Cameleon-like ficknes appeare, that they could not (with all the cunning in their budgets) make purfenets to take him napping.

Onely a band of Defper-vewes, fome few Empiricall madcaps (for they could neuer be worth veluet caps) turned themselues into Bées (or more properly into Drones) and went humming vp and downe, with hony-brags in their mouthes, fucking the fweetnes of Siluer (and now and then of Aurum Potabile) out of the poifon of Blaines and Carbuncles: and thefe iolly Mountibanks clapt vp their bils vpon euery post (like a Fencers Challenge) threatning to canuas the Plague, and to fight / with him at all his owne feuerall weapons: I know not how they fped, but fome they fped I am fure, for I haue heard them band for the Heauens, becaufe they fent those thither, that were wisht to tarry longer vpon earth.

I could in this place make your chéekes looke pale, and your hearts shake, with telling how

fome haue had 18. fores at one-time running vpon them, others 10. and 12., many 4. and 5. and how those that haue bin foure times wounded by this yeares infection, haue dyed of the last wound, whilst others (that were hurt as often) goe vp and downe now with founder limmes, then many that come out of *France*, and the *Netherlands*. And defcending from these, I could draw forth a Catalogue of many poore wretches, that in fieldes, in ditches, in common Cages, and vnder stalls (being either thruss by cruell maissers out of doores, or wanting all worldly succour but the common benefit of earth and aire) haue most miserably perished. But to chronicle these would weary a fecond *Fabian*.

We will therefore play the Souldiers, who at the end of any notable battaile, with a kind of fad delight rehearfe the memorable acts of their friends that lye mangled before them: fome fhewing how brauely they gaue the onfet: fome, how politickly they retirde: others, how manfully they gaue and received wounds: a fourth fteps forth, and glories how valiantly hée loft an arme: all of them making (by this meanes) the remembrance even of tragicall and mifchieuous events very delectable. Let vs ftrive to do fo, difcourfing (as it were at the end of this mortall fiege of the Plague) of the feuerall moft worthy accidents

and strange birthes which this pestiferous yeare hath brought foorth: some of them yeelding Comicall and ridiculous stuffe, others lamentable: a third kind, vpholding rather admiration, then laughter or pittie.

As first, to relish the pallat of lickerish expectation, and withall to giue an Item how fudden a stabber this ruffianly fwaggerer (Death) is, You must beléeue, that amongst all the weary number of those that (on their bare feete) haue trauaild (in this long and heauie vocation) to the Holyland, one (whofe name I could for néede beftow vpon you, but that I know you have no néed / of it, tho many want a good name) lying in that comon Inne of fick-men, his bed, & feeing the black & blew stripes of the plague sticking on his flesh, which he received as tokens (from heauen) that he was prefently to goe dwell in the vpper world, most earnestly requested, and in a manner conjured his friend (who came to enterchange a last farewell) that hee would see him goe handfomely attirde into the wild Irifh countrey of wormes, and for that purpose to beftow a Coffin vpon him: his friend louing him (not because he was poore yet he was poore) but becaufe hée was a Scholler : Alack that the Weft Indies stand fo farre from Vniuersities! and that a minde richly apparelled should have a threed-

bare body !) made faithfull promife to him, that he fhould be naild vp, he would boord him: and for that purpose went instantly to one of the newfound trade of Coffin-cutters, bespake one, and (like the Surueyour of deaths buildings) gaue direction how this little Tenement should be framed, paying all the rent for it before hand. But note vpon what flippery ground life goes! / little did he thinke to dwell in that roome himfelfe which he had taken for his friend : yet it feemed the common law of mortalitie had fo decréede, for hée was cald into the cold companie of his graue neighbours an houre before his infected friend, and had a long leafe (euen till doomes day) in the fame lodging, which in the ftrength of health he went to prepare for another. What credit therefore is to be given to breath, which like an harlot will runne away with euery minute? How nimble is ficknesse, and what skill hath he in all the weapons he playes withall? The greatest cutter that takes vp the Mediterranean Ile in Powles for his Gallery to walke in, cannot ward off his blowes. Hées the best Fencer in the world : Vincentio Sauiolo is no body to him : He has his Mandrittaes, Imbrocataes, Stramazones, and Stoccataes at his fingers ends: héele make you give him ground, though ye were neuer worth foote of land, and beat you out of breath,

though Aeolus himfelfe plaid vpõ your windpipe.

To witnes which, I will call forth a Dutch-man (yet now hées paft calling for, has loft his hearing, for his eares by this time are eaten off with wormes) who (though hee dwelt in Bedlem) was not mad, yet the very lookes of the Plague (which indéed / are terrible) put him almost out of his wits, for when the fnares of this cunning hunter (the Peftilence) were but newly layd, and yet layd (as my Dutch-man fmelt it out well enough) to intrap poore mens liues that meant him no hurt, away fneakes my clipper of the kings english, and (because Musket-shot should not reach him) to the Low-countries (that are built vpon butter-firkins, and Holland chéefe) failes this plaguie fugitiue, but death, (who hath more authoritie there then all the feauen Electors, and to fhew him that there were other Lowcountrey befides his owne) takes a little Frekin (one of my Dutch runnawayes children) and fends her packing, into those Netherlands shee departed : O how pitifully lookt my Burgomaister, when he vnderstood that the ficknes could fwim! It was an easie matter to scape the Dunkirks, but Deaths Gallyes made out after him fwifter then the great Turkes. Which he perceiuing, made no more adoo, but drunke to the States fiue or fixe healths

(becaufe he would be fure to liue well) and backe againe comes he, to try the ftrength of Englifh Béere: his old *Randeuous* of mad men was the place of méeting, where he was no fooner arriued, but the Plague had him by the backe, and arrefted him vpon an *Exeat Regnum*, for running to the enemie, fo that for the mad tricks he plaid to cozen our Englifh wormes of his Dutch carkas (which had béene fatted héere) fickneffe and death clapt him vp in *Bedlem* the fecond time, and there he lyes, and there he fhall lye till he rot before ile meddle any more with him.

But being gotten out of Bedlem, let vs make a iourney to Bristow, taking an honeft knowne Citizen along with vs, who with other company trauailing thither (onely for feare the aire of London should confpire to poifon him) and fetting vp his reft not to heare the found of Bow-bell till next Christmas, was notwithstanding in the hye way fingled out from his company, and fet vpon by the Plague, who bad him stand, and deliuer his life. The reft at that word shifted for themfelues, and went on, hée (amazed to fée his friends flye, and being not able to defend himfelfe, for who can defend himselfe méeting such an enemye?) yéelded, and being but about fortie miles from London, vied all the flights he could to get loofe out of the handes of death, and fo to

hide / himfelfe in his owne houfe, whereupon he call'd for help at the fame Inne, where not long before he and his fellowe pilgrimes obtained for their money (mary yet with more prayers then a beggar makes in thrée Termes) to stand and drinke fome thirtie foote from the doore; ·To this house of tipling iniquitie hée repaires againe, coniuring the Lares or walking Sprites in it, if it were Chriftmas (that if was well put in) and in the name of God, to fuccor and refcue him to their power out of the handes of infection, which now assaulted his body : the Diuell would have bene afraid of this conjuration, but they were not, yet afraid they were it feemed, for prefently the doores had their woodden ribs crusht in pieces, by being beaten together: the cafements were fhut more close than an Vfurers greafie veluet powch : the drawing windowes were hangd, drawne, and quartred : not a creuis but was ftopt, not a mouse-hole left open, for all the holes in the house were most wickedly dambd vp: mine Hofte and Hoftesse ran ouer one another into the backe-fide, the maydes into the Orchard, quiuering and quaking, and ready to hang themfelues on the innocent Plumb-trées (for hanging to them would not be fo fore a death, as the Plague, and to die maides too ! O horrible !) As for the Tapfter, he fled into the Cellar, rapping out fiue

or fixe plaine Country oathes, that hee would drowne himfelfe in a most villanous Stand of Ale, if the ficke Londoner stoode at the doore any longer. But stand there he must, for to go away (well) he cannot, but continues knocking and calling in a faint voyce, which in their eares founded, as if fome ftaring ghoft in a Tragedie had exclaimd vpon Rhadamanth: he might knocke till his hands akte, and call till his heart akte for they were in a worfe pickle within, then hée was without; hée being in a good way to go to Heauen, they being fo frighted, that they fcarce knew whereabout Heauen stoode, onely they all cryed out, Lord haue mercie vpon vs: yet Lord haue mercy vpon vs was the only thing they feared. The dolefull cataftrophe of all is, a bed could not be had for all Babilon ; not a cup of drinke, no, nor cold water be gotten, though it had bin for Alexander the great : [if] a draught of Aqua vitæ might haue faued his foule, the towne denyed to do God that good feruice.

What / miferie continues euer? the poore man ftanding thus at deaths doore, and looking euery minute when hée fhould be let in, behold, another Londoner that had likewife bene in the *Frigida* zona of the Countrey, and was returning (like Æneas out of hell) to the heauen of his owne home, makes a ftand at this fight, to play the

Phyfition, and féeing by the complexion of his patient that he was ficke at heart, applies to his foule the best medicines that his comforting spéech could make, for there dwelt no Poticary néere enough to helpe his body. Being therefore driuen out of all other shiftes, he leads him into a field (a bundle of Strawe, which with much adoe he bought for money, feruing instead of a Pillow.) But the Deftinies hearing the difeafed partie complaine and take on, because hée lay in a field-bedde, when before hée would haue béene glad of a mattrasse, for very spight cut the threade of his life, the crueltie of which deede made the other that playd Charities part at his wittes end, because hée knew not where to purchase tenne foote of ground for his graue : the Church nor Churchvard would let none of their lands. Maister Vicar was strucke dumbe, and could not giue the dead a good word, neither Clarke nor Sexton could be hired to execute their Office ; no, they themfelues would first be executed : fo that he that neuer handled shouell before, got his implements about him, ripped vp the belly of the earth, and made it like a graue, ftript the cold carcasse, bound his shirt about his féete, pulled a linnen night cappe ouer his eyes, and fo layde him in the rotten bedde of the earth, couering him with cloathes cut out of the fame

piece : and learning by his laft words his name and habitation, this fad Trauailer arrives at *London*, delivering to the amazed widdow and children, inftead of a father and a hufband, onely the out-fide of him, his apparell. But by the way note one thing, the bringer of thefe heauy tydings (as if he had lived long enough when fo excellent a worke of pietie and pittie was by him finifhed) the very next day after his comming home, departed out of this world, to receive his reward in the Spirituall Court of heauen.

It is plaine therefore by the euidence of thefe two witneffes, that death, like a thiefe, fets vponmen in the hie way, dogs them into / their owne houfes, breakes into their bed chambers by night, affaults them by day, and yet no law can take hold of him : he deuoures man and wife : offers violence to their faire daughters : kils their youthfull fonnes, and deceiues them of their feruants : yea, fo full of trecherie is he growne (fince this Plague tooke his part) that no Louers dare truft him, nor by their good wils would come neare him, for he workes their downfall, euen when their delights are at the higheft.

Too ripe a proof haue we of this, in a paire of Louers; the maide was in the pride of fresh bloud and beautie: she was that which to be now is a wonder, yong and yet chaste: the gifts

of her mind were great, yet those which fortune bestowed vpon her (as being well descended) were not much inferiour: On this louely creature did a yong man fo stedfastly fixe his eye, that her lookes kindled in his bofome a defire, whofe flames burnt the more brightly, because they were fed with fwéet and modeft thoughts : Hymen was the God to whome he prayed day and night that he might marry her : his praiers were receiued : at length (after many tempests of her deniall, and frownes of kinsfolk) the element grew cléere, -& he faw y happy landing place, where he had long fought to ariue: the prize of her youth was made his own, and the folemne day appointed when it should be deliuered to him. Glad of which bleffednes (for to a louer it is a bleffednes) he wrought by all the poffible art he could vfe to shorten the expected houre, and bring it néerer, for, whether he feared the interception of parents, or that his owne foule, with exceffe of iov, was drowned in strange passions, he would often, with fighs mingled with kiffes, and kiffes halfe finking in teares, prophetically tell her, that fure he fhould neuer liue to enioy her. To discredit which opinion of his, behold, the funne had made haft and wakened the bridale morning. Now does he call his heart traitour, that did fo falfly confpire against him: liuely bloud leapeth into his

chéekes: hées got vp, and gaily attirde to play the bridegroome, shee likewise does as cunningly turne her felfe into a bride : kindred and friends are mette together, foppes and muscadine run fweating vp and downe till they drop againe, to comfort their hearts, and because so many coffins peftred London Churches, that / there was no room left for weddings, Coaches are prouided, and away rides all the traine into the Countrey. On a monday morning are thefe luftie Louers on their iourney, and before noone are they alighted, entring (instead of an Inne) for more state into a Church, where they no fooner appeared, but the Prieft fell . to his bufines : the holy knot was a tying, but he that should fasten it, comming to this, In fickneffe and in health, there he stopt, for sodainely the bride tooke holde of, in ficknes, for in health all that stoode by were in feare shee should neuer The maiden-blush into which her be kept. chéekes were lately died, now beganne to loofe colour : her voyce (like a coward) would haue fhrunke away, but that her Louer reaching her a hand, which he brought thither to give her, (for hée was not yet made a full husband) did with that touch fomewhat reuiue her; on went they againe fo farre, till they mette with For better, for wor/e: there was fhe worfe than before, and had not the holy Officer made hafte, the ground on which

shee stood to be marryed might easily have beene broken vp for her buryall. All ceremonies being finished, she was ledde betweene two, not like a Bride, but rather like a Coarfe, to her bed: That, must now be the table, on which the wedding dinner is to be ferued vppe (being at this time, nothing but teares, and fighes, and lamentations) and Death is chief waiter: yet at length her weake heart wraftling with the pangs, gaue them a fall, fo that vp fhée ftoode againe, and in the fatall funeral Coach that carried her forth, was she brought back (as vpon a béere) to the Citie: but see the malice of her enemy that had her in chafe, vpon the wenfday following being ouertaken, was her life ouercome. Death rudely lay with her, and fpoild her of a maiden-head in fpite of her hufband. Oh the forrow that did round befet him! now was his divination true, she was a wife, yet continued a maide: he was a husband and a widdower, yet neuer knew his wife: she was his owne, yet he had her not: she had him, yet neuer enioyed him: héere is a strange alteration, for the rosemary that was washt in sweete water to set out the Bridall, is now wet in teares to furnish her buriall: the mufike that was heard to found forth dances, can not now be heard for the ringing of belles: all the comfort that / happened to

D_i I.

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Sola Defen

either fide being this, that he loft her, before fhe had time to be an ill wife, and fhe left him, ere he was able to be a bad hufband.

Better fortune had this Bride, to fall into the handes of the Plague, then one other of that fraile female fex (whofe picture is next to be drawne) had to scape out of them. An honest cobler (if at least coblers can be honest that live altogether amongest wicked foales) had a wife, who in the time of health treading her shooe often awry, determined in the agony of a fickneffe (which this yeare had a faying to her) to fall to mending afwell as her hufband did. The bed that fhe lay vpon (being as fhe thought or rather feared) the last bed that ever should beare her, (for many other beds had borne her you must remember) and the worme of finne tickling her confcience, vp fhe calls her very innocent and fimple hufband out of his vertuous shoppe, where like Iuftice he fat diffributing amongft the poore, to fome, halfe-penny péeces, penny péeces to fome, and two-penny péeces to others fo long as they would laft, his prouident care being alway, that every man and woman should goe vpright. To the beds fide of his plaguy wife approacheth Monfieur Cobler, to vnderstand what deadly newes she had to tell him, and the. reft of his kinde neighbours that there were affem-

bled: fuch thicke teares flanding in both the gutters of his eies, to fée his beloued lie in fuch a pickle, that in their falt water, all his vtterance was drownd: which the perceiuing, wept as faft as he: But by the warme counfell that fat about the bed, the shower ceast, she wiping her chéekes with the corner of one of the fhéetes: and he, his fullied face, with his leatherne apron. At laft, two or three fighes (like a Chorus to the tragedy enfuing) stepping out first, wringing her handes (which gaue the better action) shee told the pittifull Act con her husband, that she had often done him wrong: hee onely shooke his head at this, and cried humb! which humb, fhe taking as the watch-word of his true patience, vnraueld the & + bottome of her frailetie at length, and concluded, that with fuch a man (and named him; but I hope you would not have me follow her steppes and name him too) fhe practifed the vniuerfall & common Art of grafting, and that ypon her good mans head, they two / had planted a monftrous paire of inuifible hornes: At the found of the hornes, my cobler ftarted vppe like a march Hare, and began to looke wilde: his awle neuer ranne through the fides of a boote, as that word did through his heart: but being a polliticke cobler, and remembring what péece of worke he was to vnder-lay, ftroking his beard, like fome graue

headborough of the Parish, and giving a nodde, as who fhould fay, goe on, bade her goe on indéed, clapping to her fore foule, this generall, falue, that All are Sinners, and we must forgiue, Ec. For hee hoped by fuch wholefome Phificke (as Shooemakers waxe being laide to a byle) to draw out all the corruption of her fecret villanies. She good heart being tickled vnder gilles, with the finger of these kind spéeches, turnes vp the white of her eye, and fetches out an other. An other, (O thou that art trained vp in nothing but to handle péeces:) Another hath discharged his Artillery against thy castle of fortification: here was paffion predominant: Vulcan strooke the coblers ghost (for he was now no cobler) fo hardy vpon his breaft, that he cryed Oh ! his neighbours taking pitte to fee what terrible ftitches pulld him, rubde his fwelling temples with the iuice of patience, which (by vertue of the blackifh fweate that floode reaking on his browes, and had made them fupple) entred very eafily into his now-parlous-vnderstanding fcull: fo that he left winching, and fate quiet as a Lamb, falling to his old vomite of councell, which he had caft vp before, and fwearing (because he was in ftrong hope, this fhoo fhould wring him no more) to feale her a generall acquittance: prickt forward with this gentle fpur, her tongue mends his pace,

fo that in her confession shee ouertooke others, whofe bootes had beene fet all night on the Coblers laaft, bestowing vppon him the poefie of their names, the time, and place, to thintent it might be put into his next wifes wedding ring. And although shee had made all these blots in his tables, yet the bearing of one man falle (whom fhe had not yet discouered) stucke more in her ftomacke than all the reft. O valiant Cobler, cries out one of the Auditors, how art thou fet vpon? how art thou tempted? happy arte thou, that thou art not in thy fhop, for in flead of cutting out péeces of leather, thou wouldst doubtleffe now pare away thy hart : for I fee and / fo do all thy neighbours here (thy wifes ghoftly fathers) fée that a small matter would now cause thée turne turk, & to meddle with no more patches: but to liue within the compasse of thy wit: lift not vp thy collar: be not horne mad: thanke heauen that the murther is reueald : ftudy thou Baltazars Part in Ieronimo, for thou haft more caufe (though leffe reafon) than he, to be glad and fad.

Well, I fée thou art worthy to have patient Grifeld to thy wife, for thou beareft more than fhe: thou fhewft thy felfe to be a right cobler, and no fowter, that canft thus cleanely clowt vp the feam-rent fides of thy affection. With this

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learned Oration the Cobler was tutord : layd his finger on his mouth, and cried paucos palabros : he had fealed her pardon, and therefore bid her not feare : héer vpon [f]he named the malefactor : I. could name him too, but that he shall live to giue more Coblers heads the Bastinado. And told, that on fuch a night when he fupt there (for a Lord may fup with a cobler that hath a pretty wench to his wife) when the cloth, O treacherous linnen! was taken vp, and Menelaus had for a parting blow, given the other his fift : downe fhe lights (this half-fharer) opening the wicket, but not fhutting him out of the wicket, but conueis him into a by-room (being the wardrob of old fhooes and leather) from whence the vnicorne cobler (that dreamt of no fuch fpirits) being ouer head and eares in fléepe, his fnorting giuing the figne that he was cock-fure, foftly out-steales fir Paris, and to Helenaes teeth prooued: himfelfe a true Troian. This was the creame of her confession, which being skind off from the ftomach of her confcience, we looked every minute to goe thither, where we should be farre enough out of the Coblers reach. But the Fates laying their heades together, fent a repriue, the plague that before meant to pepper her, by little and little left her company : which newes being blowne abroad, Oh lamentable! neuer did the

old bufkind tragedy beginne till now: for the wiues of those husbands, with whom she had playd at fast and loose, came with nayles sharpened for the nonce, like cattes, and tongues forkedly cut like the stings of adders, first to scratch out false *Creffidaes* eyes, and then (which was worse) to worry her to death with foolding.

But / the matter was tooke vp in a Tauerne; the cafe was altered, and brought to a new reckoning (mary the blood of the *Burdeaux* grape was first shead about it) but in the end, all anger on euery fide was powred into a pottle pot, & there burnt to death. Now whether this Recantation was true, or whether the steeme of infection, fuming vp (like wine) into her braines, made her talke thus idlely, I leaue it to the Iury.

And whilft they are canuafing her cafe, let vs fee what doings the Sexton of *Stepney* hath : whofe ware-houfes being all full of dead commodities, fauing one : that one hée left open a whole night (yet was it halfe full too) knowing y théeues this yeare were too honeft to break into fuch cellers. Befides thofe that were left there, had fuch plaguy pates, that none durft meddle with them for their liues. About twelue of the clock at midnight, when fpirites walke, and not a mowfe dare ftirre, becaufe cattes goe a catter-walling : Sinne, that all day durft not

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fhew his head, came réeling out of an ale-houfe, in the shape of a drunkard, who no sooner smelt the winde, but he thought the ground vnder him danced the Canaries : houses séemed to turne on . the toe, and all things went round : infomuch, that his legges drew a paire of Indentures, betweene his body and the earth, the principal couenant being, that he for his part would fland. to nothing what ever he faw: every trée that came in his way, did he iuftle, and yet chalenge it the next day to fight with him. If he had clipt but a quarter fo much of the Kings filuer, as he did of the Kings english, his carkas had long ere this bene carrion for Crowes. But he lived by gaming, and had excellent cafting, yet feldome won, for he drew reafonable good hands, but had very bad féete, that were not able to carry it away. This fetter-vp of Malt-men, being troubled with the ftaggers, fell into the felfe-fame. graue, that flood gaping wide open for a breakfaft next morning, and imagining (when he was in) that he had stumbled into his owne house, and that all his bedfellowes (as they were indéede) were in their dead sléepe, he, (neuer complaining of colde, nor calling for more sheete) foundly takes a nap til he fnores again: In the morning the Sexton comes plodding along, and cafting vpon his fingers ends what he hopes y dead pay of that

day will come too, by that which / he received the day before, (for Sextons now had better doings than either Tauernes or bawdy-houfes). In that filuer contemplation, fhrugging his fhoulders together, he steppes ere he be aware on the brimmes of that pit, into which this worshipper of Bacchus was falne, where finding fome dead mens bones, and a fcull or two, that laie fcattered here and there : before he lookt into this Coffer of wormes, these he takes vp, and flinges them in: one of the fculls battered the fconce of the fléeper, whilft the bones plaide with his nofe; whofe blowes waking his mustie worship, the first word that he caft vp, was an oath, and thinking the Cannes had flyen about, cryed zoundes, what do you meane to cracke my mazer? the Sexton fmelling a voice, (feare being stronger than his heart) beleeued verily fome of the coarfes fpake to him, vpon which, féeling himfelfe in a cold fweat, tooke to his héeles, whilft the Goblin fcrambled vp and ranne after him: But it appeares the Sexton had the lighter foote, for he ran fo faste, that hée ranne out of his wittes, which being left behinde him, he had like to have dyed prefently after.

A meryer bargaine than the poore Sextons did a Tincker méete withall in a Countrey Towne; through which a Citizen of *London* being driuen

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(to kéepe himfelfe vnder the lée-shore in this tempeftuous contagion) and cafting vp his eye for fome harbour, fpied a bufh at the end of a pole, (the auncient badge of a Countrey Alehoufe :) Into which as good lucke was, (without any refistance of the Barbarians, that all this yeare vfed to kéepe fuch landing places) veiling his Bonnet, he ftrucke in. The Hoft had bene a. mad Greeke, (mary he could now fpeake nothing. but English,) a goodly fat Burger he was, with a belly Arching out like a Béere-barrell, which made his legges (that were thicke & fhort, like two piles driuen vnder London-bridge) to stradle halfe as wide as the toppe of Powles, which vpon my knowledge hath bene burnt twice or thrice. A leatherne pouch hung at his fide, that opened and fhut with a Snap-hance, and was indeede a flaske for gunpowder when King Henry went to Bulloigne. An Antiquary might have pickt rare matter out of his Nofe, but that it was worme-eaten (yet that proued it to be / an auncient Nofe :) In fome corners of it there were blewifh holes that fhone like fhelles of mother of Pearle, and to fée his nofe right, Pearles had bene gathered out of them : other were richly garnisht with Rubies, Chrifolites and Carbunckles, which glistered fo oriently, that the Hamburgers offered I know not how many Dollars, for his companie in

an East-Indian voyage, to have stoode a nightes in the Poope of their Admirall, onely to faue the charges of candles. In conclusion, he was an Hoft to be ledde before an Emperour, and though he were one of the greatest men in all the fhire, his bignes made him not proude, but he humbled himfelf to fpeake the bafe language of a Tapster, and vppon the Londoners first arriuall, cryed welcome, a cloth for this Gentleman: the Linnen was spread, and furnisht prefently with a new Cake and a Can, the roome voided, and the Gueft left (like a French Lord). attended by no bodie : who drinking halfe a Can (in conceit) to the health of his best friend In the Citie, which laie extreame ficke, and had neuer more neede of health, I knowe not what qualmes came ouer his ftomach; but immediately he fell downe without vttering any more wordes, and neuer rofe againe.

Anon (as it was his fashion) enters my puffing Hoft, to relieue (with a fresh supply out of his Cellar,) the shrinking Can, if hee perceived it stoode in daunger to be overthrowne. But seeing the chiefe Leader dropt at his seete, and imagining at first hee was but wounded a little in the head, held vp his gowty golles and blest himselfe, that a Londoner (who had wont to be the most valiant rob-pots) should now be strooke downe only with

two hoopes : and therevpon jugd him, fembling out these comfortable words of a fouldier. If thou be a man ftand a thy legges: he ftird not for all this: wherevpon the Maydes being raifde (as it had bene with a hue and cry) came hobling into the room, like a flocke of Geefe, and having vpon fearch of the bodie giuen vp this verdict, that the man was dead, and murthered by the Plague; Oh daggers to all their hearts that heard it! Away trudge the wenches, and one of them having had a freckled face all her life time, was perfwaded prefently that now they were the / tokens, and had like to have turned vp her héeles vpon it: My gorbelly Hoft that in many a yeare could not without grunting, crawle ouer a threshold but two foote broad, leapt halfe a yarde from the coarfe (It was measured by a Carpenters rule) as nimbly as if his guts had beene taken out by the hangman: out of the house he wallowed prefently, being followed with two or three dozen of napkins to drie vp the larde, that ranne fo faft. downe his héeles, that all the way he went, was more greazie than a kitchin-stuffe-wifes basket : you would haue fworne, it had béene a barrell of Pitch on fire, if you had looked vpon him, for fuch a fmoakie clowde (by reafon of his owne fattie hotte stéeme) compassed him rounde, that but for his voyce, hée had quite béene loft in

that ftincking myst: hanged himselfe hee had without all queftion (in this pittifull taking) but that hee feared the weight of his intollerable paunch, would have burft the Roape, and fo hee fhould bee put to a double death. At length the Towne was raifed, the Countrey came downe vpon him, and yet not vpon him neither, for after they vnderstood the Tragedie, euery man gaue ground, knowing my purfie Ale-cunner could not follow them: what is to bee done in this straunge Allarum? The whole Village is in daunger to lye at the mercy of God, and shall bée bound to curse none, but him for it: they should doe well therefore to fet fire on his house, before the Plague scape out of it, least it forrage higher into the Countrey, and knocke them downe, man, woman, and childe, like Oxen, whofe blood (they all fweare) shall bee required at his handes. At these spéeches my tender-hearted Hofte, fell downe on his maribones, meaning indéede to entreat his audience to bée good to him; but they fearing hee had beene pepperd too, as well as the Londoner, tumbled one vpon another, and were ready to breake their neckes for hafte to be gone: yet fome of them (being more valiant then the reft, becaufe they heard him roare out for fome helpe) very defperately ftept backe, and with rakes and

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pitch-forkes lifted the gulch from the ground. Cocluding (after they had laid their hogsheads togither, to draw out fom holefome counfel) that whofoeuer would venter vpon the dead man & bury him, fhould have fortie fhillings / (out of the common towne-purfe though it would bee a... great cut to it) with the loue of the Churchwardens and Side-men, during the terme of life. This was proclaimed, but none durft appeare to vndertake the dreadfull execution: they loued money well, [but] mary the plague hanging ouer. any mans head that fhould meddle with it in that fort, they all vowde to dye beggers before it should be Chronicled they kild themfelues for forty. fhillings: and in that braue refolution, every one with bagge & baggage marcht home, barricadoing their doores & windowes with fir bushes, ferne, and bundels of straw to keepe out the pestilence at the flaves end.

At laft a Tinker came founding through the Towne, mine Hofts houfe being the auncient watring place where he did vfe to caft Anchor. You muft vnderftand hée was none of thofe bafe rafcally Tinkers, that with a ban-dog and a drab at their tayles, and a pike-ftaffe on their necks, will take a purfe fooner then ftop a kettle: No, this was a deuout Tinker, he did honor God *Pan*: a Muficall Tinker, that vpon his kettle-drum

could play any Countrey dance you cald for, and vpon Holly-dayes had earned money by it, when no Fidler could be heard of. Hée was onely feared when he ftalkt through fome townes where Bées were, for he ftrucke fo fwéetely on the bottome of his Copper inftrument, that he would emptie whole Hiues, and leade the fwarmes after him only by the found.

This excellent egregious Tinker calls for his draught (being a double Iugge): it was fild for him, but before it came to his nofe, the lamentable tale of the Londoner was tolde, the Chamber-doore (where hee lay) being thrust open with a long pole, (because none durft touch it with their hands) and the Tinker bidden (if he had the heart) to goe in and see if hee knew him. The Tinker being not [vnwilling] to learne what vertue the medicine had which hee held at his lippes, powred it downe his throate merily, and crying trillill, he feares no plagues. In hée stept, tossing the dead body too and fro, and was forrie hée knew him not : Mine Hoft that with griefe began to fall away villanoufly, looking very ruthfully on the Tinker, and thinking him a fit inftrument to be playd vpon, offred a crowne out of his owne / purfe, if he would bury the partie. A crown was a fhrewd temptation to a Tinker : many a hole might he stop, before hée could picke a crowne of it, yet being a fubtill

Tinker (& to make all Sextons pray for him, becaufe hée would raife their fées) an Angell he wanted to be his guide, and vnder ten shillings (by his ten bones) he would not put his finger into the fire. The whole parish had warning of this prefently, thirtie shillings was faued by the bargaine, and the Towne like to be faued too, therefore ten shillings was leuved out of hand, put into a rag, which was tyed to the ende of a long pole and deliuered (in fight of all the Parish, who ftood aloofe ftopping their nofes) by the Headboroughs owne felfe in proper perfon, to the Tinker, who with one hand receiued the money, and with the other ftruck the boord, crying hey, a fresh double pot. Which armour of proofe being fitted to his body, vp he hoifts the Londoner on his backe (like a Schoole-boy) a Shouell and. Pick-axe are standing ready for him: And thus furnished, into a field some good distance from the Towne he beares his deadly loade, and there throwes it downe, falling roundly to his tooles, vpon which the ftrong béere hauing fet an edge, they quickely cut out a lodging in the earth for the Citizen. But the Tinker knowing that wormes néeded no apparell, fauing onely fhéetes, ftript him starke naked, but first diude nimbly into his pockets, to fee what linings they had, affuring himfelfe, that a Londoner would not wander 'fo farre

without filuer : his hopes were of the right ftampe, for from out of his pockets he drew a leatherne bagge with feuen poundes in it : this muficke made the Tinkers heart dance : he quickely tumbled his man into the graue, hid him ouer head and eares in duft, bound vp his cloathes in a bundle, & carying that at the end of his ftaffe on his fhoulder, with the purfe of feuen pounds in his hand, backe againe comes he through the towne, crying aloud, Haue yée any more Londoners to bury, hey downe a downe dery, haue ye any more Londoners to bury : the Hobbinolls running away from him, as if he had béene the dead Citizens ghoft, & he marching away from them in all the haft he could, with that fong ftill in his mouth.

You fée therefore how dreadfull a fellow Death is, making fooles / euen of wifemen, and cowards of the most valiant; yea, in fuch a base flauerie hath it bound mens fences, that they haue no power to looke higher than their owne rooses, but féemes by their turkish and barberous actions to belieue that there is no felicitie after this life, and that (like beasts) their foules shall perish with their bodyes. How many vpon sight onely of a Letter (fent from London) haue started backe, and durst haue layd their faluation vpon it, that the plague might be folded in that empty paper, belieuing verily, that the arme of Omnipotence could neuer

D. I.

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reach them, vnleffe it were with fome weapon drawne out of the infected Citie; in fo much that euen the Wefterne Pugs receiving money there, haue tyed it in a bag at the end of their barge, and fo trailed it through the Thames, leaft plaguefores flicking vpon fhillings, they flould be naild vp for counterfeits when they were brought home.

More ventrous than these block-heads was a certaine Iustice of peace, to whole gate being shut (for you must know that now there is no open house kept) a company of wilde fellowes being lead for robbing an Orchyard, the stout-hearted Constable rapt most couragiously, and would have a bout with none but the Iustice himselfe, who at last appeard in his likenesse aboue at a window, inquiring why they fummond a parlie. It was deliuered why : the cafe was opened to his examining wifedome, and that the euill doers were onely Londoners: at the name of Londoners the Iuffice clapping his hand on his breft (as who fhould fay, Lord haue mercie vpon vs) ftarted backe, and being wife enough to faue one, held his nofe hard betweene his fore-finger and his thumbe, and fpeaking in that wife (like the fellow that defcribed the villainous motion of Iulius Cafar and the Duke of Guize, who (as he gaue it out) fought a combat together,) pulling the cafement clofe to him cryed out in that quaile-pipe voice, that if they

were Londoners away with them to Limbo: take onely their names: they were fore fellowes, and he would deale with them when time fhould ferue: meaning, when the plague and they fhould not be fo great together; and fo they departed: The very name of Londoners being worfe then ten whetftones to fharpen the fword of Iuftice against them. I / could fill a large volume, and call it the fecond

part of the hundred mery tales, onely with fuch ridiculous stuffe as this of the Iustice, but Dij meliora, I haue better matters to fet my wits about : neither shall you wring out of my pen (though you lay it on the rack) the villanies of that damnd Kéeper, who kild all fhe kéept ; it had bene good to haue made her kéeper of the common Iayle, and the holes of both Counters, (for a number lye there, that wifh to be rid out of this motley world,) shee would have tickled them and turned them ouer the thumbs. I will likewife let the Churchwarden in Thames stréet sléepe (for hees now past waking) who being requested by one of his neighbors to fuffer his wife or child (that was then dead) to lye in the Churchyard, anfwered in a mocking fort, he kéept that lodging for himfelfe and his houshold : and within thrée dayes after was driuen to hide his head in a hole himfelfe. Neither will I fpeake a word of a poore boy (feruant to a Chandler) dwelling thereabouts, who being ftruck

to the heart by ficknes, was first caryed away by water, to be left any where, but landing being denyed by an army of browne bill men that kept the fhore, back againe was he brought, and left in an out-celler, where lying groueling and groning on his face (amongst fagots, but not one of them fet on fire to comfort him) there continued all night, and dyed miferably for want of fuccor. Nor of another poore wretch in the Parish of Saint Mary Oueryes, who being in the morning throwne, as the fashion is, into a graue vpon a heape of carcafes, that kayd for their complement, was found in the afternoone, gasping and gaping for life: but by thefe tricks, imagining that many a thousand have bene turned wrongfully off the ladder of life, and praying that Derick or his executors may live to do those a good turne, that haue done fo for others : Hic finis Priami, héeres an end of an old Song.

Et iam tempus Equum fumantia soluere colla.

FINIS.

III.

THE BATCHELARS BANQUET.

1603.

NOTE.

For 'The Batchelar's Banquet' (1603) I again owe thanks to the British Museum. See Memorial-Introduction on it.-G.

THE BATCHELARS Banquet:

OR

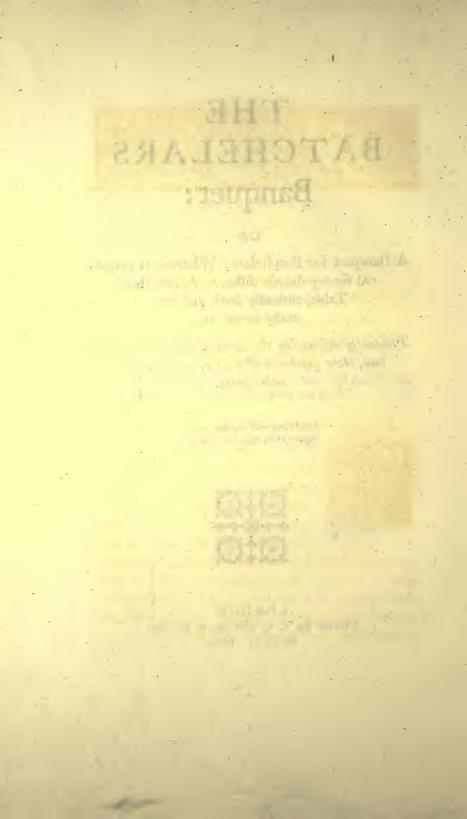
A Banquet for Batchelars: Wherein is prepared fundry daintie difhes to furnish their Table, curiously dress, and seriously ferued in.

Pleasantly discoursing the variable humours of VVomen, their quicknesse of wittes, and vnsearchable deceits.

> View them well, but taste not, Regard them well, but waste not.



LONDON Printed by T. C. and are to be folde by T. P. 1603.





The Batchelars Banquet, Or a Banquet for Batchelars: wherein is prepared fundry difhes to furnish their Table: curiously dreft, and feriously ferued in.

CHAP. I.

The humour of a young wife new married.



T is the naturall inclination of a young gallant, in the pleafant prime, and flower of his florifhing youth, being fresh, lusty, iocond, to take no other care, but to imploy his mony to buy

gay prefents for pretty Laffes, to frame his gréen wits in penning loue ditties, his voice to fing them fwéetly, his wandring eyes to gaze one the faireft dames, and his wanton thoughts to plot meanes for the fpéedy accomplifhment of his

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wished defires, according to the compasse of his estate. And albeit his parents or fome other of his kindred, doe perhaps furnish him with necesfary maintenance, fo that he wants nothing, butlives in all eafe and delight, yet cannot this con-. tent him, or fatisfie his vnexperienced mind : for although he dayly fée many married men, first lapt in lobbes pound, wanting former libertie, and compassed round in a cage of many cares, yet notwithstanding being ouer-ruled by felfe will, and blinded by folly : he fuppofes them therein to haue the fulnes of their delight, because they have fo neare them the Image of content. Venus ftarre glorioufly blazing / vpon them, I meane a daintie faire wife, brauely attired, whofe apparell perhaps is not yet paid for, (howfoeuer to draw their husbands into a fooles paradice) they make him beléeue, that their father or mother haue of their coft and bounty affoorded it. This luftie youth (as I earst faid) feeing them already in this maze of bitter fwéetnes, he goes round about, turmoyling himfelfe in féeking an entrance, and taking fuch paines to finde his owne paine, that in the end, in he gets, when for the haft he makes, to have a tafte of these supposed delicates, he hath. no leifure to thinke, or no care to prouide those things that are hereunto requisite. The iolly yonker being thus gotten in, doth for a time

fwim in delight, and hath no defire at all to wind him felfe out againe, till time and vfe, which makes all things more familiar and leffe pleafing, doe qualifie this humor: then glutted with facietie, or pinched with penury, he may perhaps begin to fee his follie, and repent as well his fondnes, as his too much forwardnes, but all too late, he > must haue patience perforce: his wife must be maintained according to her degrée, and withall (comonly it happes [if] fhe carie the right ftomacke of a woman) flender maintenance will not ferue, for as their mindes mount aboue their eftates, fo commonly wil they have their abillements. And if at a feast or some other gosseps meeting whereunto she is inuited, she see any of the companie gaily attyred for coft, or fashion, or both, & chiefly the latter, (for generally women do affect nouelties,) fhe forthwith moues a queftion in her felfe, why fhe alfo fhould not be in like fort attyred, to have her garments cut after the new fashion as well as the rest, and answers it with a refolution, that fhe will, and must have the like : Awaiting onely fit time and place, for the mouing and winning of her hufband therevnto, of both which fhe will make fuch choice, that when she speakes she will be fure to spéede: observing her opportunitie when she might take her husband at the most aduantage, which is

comonly in the bed, the gardaine of loue, the ftate of marriage delights, & the life wherein the weaker fexe hath euer the better : when therefore this lustie gallant would profecute his / defired pleasures, for which cause he chiefly ran wil-. fully into the perill of Lobs pound, then fqueamifuly fhe begins thus, faying; I pray you husband let me alone, trouble me not, for I am not well at eafe: which he hearing prefently makes this reply. Why my fweethart what ailes you, are you not well? I pray thée wife tell me, where lies thy griefe? or what is the caufe of your discontent : wherevpon the vile woman fetching a déepe figh, makes this answere. O husband God help me, I have cause enough to gréeue, and if you knew all you would fay fo: but alas it is in vaine to tell you any thing, feeing that whatfoeuer I fay, you make but light reckning of it: and therfore it is beft for me to bury my forrowes in filence, being out of hope to haue any help at your hands. Iefus wife (faith he) why vfe you thefe words? is my vnkindnes fuch that I may not knowe your griefes? tell me I fay what is the matter? In truth husband it were to no purpofe, for I knowe your custome well inough, as for my words, they are but waft wind in your eares; for how great foeuer my griefe is, I am affured you will but make light

of it, and thinke that I fpeake it for fome other purpofe.

Goe too wife, faith her husband, tell it me, for I wil know it. Well hufband, if you will needs, you shal : you know on Thursday last, I was fent for, and you willed me to goe to Mistreffe M. churching, and when I came thither I found great cheare, & no fmal companie of wiues, but the meanest of them all was not fo ill attired as I, and furely I was neuer fo ashamed of my felfe in my life, yet I speake it not to praise my felfe: but it is well knowne, and I dare boldly fay, that the best woman there came of no better ftocke then I. But alas I fpeake not this for my felfe, for God wot I paffe not how meanely I am apparelled, but I speake it for your credit & my friends. Why wife, faith he, of what calling & degrée were those you speak of? Truly good husband (faith she) the meanest that was there, being but of my degrée, was in her gowne with trunck fléeues, her vardingale, her turkie grograin kirtle, her taffety hat with a gold band, and these with y rest of her attire, made of y newest fashio, which is knowne / the best: whereas I poore wretch had on my threadbare gowne, which was made me fo long agoe, against I was married, befides that it was now too fhort for me, for it is I remember fince it was made aboue three yeares

agoe; fince which time I am growne very much, and fo changed with cares and griefes, that I looke farre older then I am: Truft me I was fo ashamed, being amongst my neighbours, that I had not the heart to looke vp; but that which gréeued me most was, when mistresse Luce B. & mistresse T. faid openly that it was a shame both for you and me, that I had no better apparell. Tush wife (quoth the good man) let them fay what they lift, we are neuer a whit the worfe for their words, we have enough to doe with our money though we fpend it not in apparell: you knowe wife when we met together, we had no great ftore of houshold stuffe, but were fain to buy it afterward by fome and fome as God fent mony; and yet you fee we want many things that is neceffary to be had: befides, the quarter day is néere, and my Landlord you know wil not forbeare his rent: moreouer you fee how much it cofts me in law about the recouering of the Tenement which I should have by you. God fend me to get it quickly, or els I shal haue but a bad bargaine of it, for it hath already almost cost me as much as it is worth. At these words his wives coller begins to rife, whereupon she makes him this answere. Iefus God (faith fhe) when you have nothing els to hit in the téeth withall, yée twit me with the

Tenement: but it is my fortune. Why how now wife faith her hufband, are you now angry for nothing? Nay I am not angry, I must be content with that which God hath ordained for me : but I wis the time was, when I might haue bene better aduifed : there are fome yet liuing that would have bene glad to have me in my fmock, whom you know well enough, to be propper young men, and therewithall wife and wealthy, but I verily fuppofe I was bewitcht to match with a man that loues me not; though I purchased the ill-will of all my friends for his fake, this is all the good that I have gotten thereby: I may truly fay I am the most vnhappie woman in the / world : doe you thinke that Law. Tom & N. M. (who were both futers to me) doe kéepe their wives fo? no by cocks body, for I know the worst cloathes that they cast off, is better then my very best, which I weare on the cheifest daies in the yeare : I know not what the caufe is that fo many good women die, but I would to God that I were dead too, that I might not troble you no more, féeing I am fuch an eie fore vnto you. Now by my faith wife faith he, you fay not well, there is nothing that I thinke too good for you, if my abillitie can compasse it. But you knowe our estate, we must doe as we may, & not as we would; yet be of

good cheare, and turne to me, and I will straine my felf to pleafe you in this or any other thing. Nay for Gods fake let me alone, I haue no mind on fuch matters, and if you had no more defire therto then I, I promife you, you would neuer tuch me. No wife (faith he) hoping fo with a ieft to make her mery, by my honeftie I fweare, I verily thinke that if I were dead, you would not be 'long without another hufband. No maruaile fure faith she, I lead such a good life with you now. By my christian foule I fweare, there should neuer man kisse my lipps againe. And if I thought I should live long with you, I would vfe meanes to make my felfe away : herewithall fhe puts finger in the eye making fhew as though fhe wept. Thus plaies fhe with the fillie fot her hufband (meaning nothing leffe then to doe as fhe faies) while he poore foole is in mind both wel and ill apaid : he thinkes himfelfe well, becaufe he imagines her of a cold conftitution, and therefore exceeding chaft : he thinkes himfelfe ill, to fée her fained teares, for that he verily fuppofes fhe loues him, which doth not a little gréeue him, being fo kind and tender harted. Therefore he vieth all meanes possible to make her quiet, neither wil he giue her ouer, til he hath effected it. But fhe profecuting her former purpofe, which fhe hath alreadie fet in fo faire a

forwardnes, makes as though the were nothing moued with his gentle perfwafions; therefore to croffe him, fhe gets her vp betimes in the morning, fooner a great deale then fhe was wont, pouting and lowring all the day, & not giving him one good word. But when night comes, and / they againe both in bed, laying her felfe fullenly downe, and continuing still filent, the good man harkens whether fhe fleep or no, féeles if fhe be wel couered or not, he foftly plucks vp. the cloaths vpon her, lapping her warme, being dubble diligent to pleafe her. She lying all this while winking, noting his kindnes and carefulnes towards her, féemes on a fuddaine to awake from a found fléepe, gruntling and nufling vnder the sheets, giuing him occasion thereby thus to begin. How now fweet hart, what are you a fléepe ? A fléepe (faith fhe) I faith fir no : a troubled mind can neuer take good reft. Why womã are you not quiet yet? No doubt (faith fhe) you care much whether I be or no. By lady wife, and fo I doe: and fince yesternight I have bethought me (having well confidered your words) that it is very méete and requifite, that you should be better furnished with apparell then heretofore you have bene, for indeed I must confesse thy cloaths are too fimple. And therfore I mean against my cousin M. wedding D. I.

(which you know wil be fhortly) that you shall haue a new gowne, made on the best fashion, with all things futable thereunto, in fuch fort that the best woman in the parish shall not passe you. Nay (quoth fhe) God willing I mean to go to no weddings this twelve moneths, for the goodly credit I got by the laft. By my faith (faith he) but you shall: what? you must not be so headftrong and felfe-wild. I tell you if I fay the word, you shall goe, and you shal want nothing that you aske or require. That I aske? alas husband (quoth she) I aske nothing, neither did I speake this for any defire that I have to goe braue : trust me for mine owne part I care not if I neuer flirre abroad, faue onely to church: but what I faid was vpon the fpéeches which were there vfed, and fuch other like words, which my goffip N. told me that fhe had alfo heard in company where the was. With thefe words § good kind foole her hufband is netled, for on the one fide he confiders his fundry other occafions to yfe money, and his fmall ftore thereof, which is perhaps fo flender, that his fingle purfe cannot extempory change a double piftolet. And fo ill bested is he of houshold stuffe, that perhaps the third part is not a fufficiet pawne/for fo much money, as this new fuite of his wives will stand him in. But on the other fide he waighes

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his discontent, the report of neighbours spéeches, and laftly how good a wife he hath of her : how chaft, how louing, how religious; whereof the kind Affe hath fuch an opinion, that he thanks God with al his heart, for bleffing him with fuch a Iewell. In this thought he refolues that all other things fet aside he must and will content her. And herewithall he fets his braines afresh on worke, to confider how best he may compasse it : And in this humor he fpends the whole night without fléepe, in continuall thought. And it comes to passe that the wife perceiving to what a point she hath brought her purpose, doth not a litle reioyce and fmile in her fléeue to fee it. The next morning by the break of day the poore man gets vp, who for care and thought could take no reft all night, and goes prefently to the Drapers ; of whom he takes vp cloth for thrée monthes time, paying for it after an exceffiue rate, by reafon of their forbearance, and in like fort makes prouision for the rest; or perhappes because he would buy it at a better rate, he pawnes for ready mony the leafe of his house, or some faire péece of plate (which his grandfather bought, and his father charily kéeping) left for him, which now he is inforced to part with, to furnish therby his wives pride: and having thus dispatched his bufines, he returnes home with a

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merry heart, and shewes his wife what he had done: who being now fure of all, begins to curfe the first inuentors of pride, and excesse in apparell : faying fye vpon it, what pride is this? but I pray you husband, do not fay hereafter, that I made you lay out your mony in this néedles fort, for I proteft that I have no delight or defire to goe thus garifhly: If I have to cover my body and kéepe me warme it contents me. The good man hearing his wife fay fo, doth euen leape for. joy, thinking all her words gofpel, & therefore prefently he fets the Taylor a worke, willing him to difpatch out of hand, that his wife may be braue fo foone as may be. She having thus obtained her purpose doth inwardly triumph for very ioy, howfoeuer outwardly fhe doth diffemble. And whereas before fhe yaunted, that fhe could find in / her heart to kéepe alwayes within doores, fhe will bee fure now every good day to goe abroad, and at each feast and Gosfips meeting to bée a continuall guest, that all may fee her brauery, and how well fhe doth become it; to which caufe fhe alfo comes every Sunday dayly to the Church, that there shee may see and be féene, which her husband thinkes she doth of méere deuotion. But in the meane while the time runs on, and the day comes, wherein the. poore man must pay his creditors, which beeing

vnable to do, he is at length arrefted, and after due procéeding in law, he hath an execution ferued vpon him, or elfe his pawne is forfaited, and by either of both hee is almost vtterly vndone. Then must his fine wife of force vaile her peacocke-plumes, and fall againe to her old byas, kéeping her house against her will, because she could not be furnisht with gay attire according to her mind. But God knoweth in what mifery the fillie man doth live, being dayly vexed with her brawling and fcolding, exclaiming against him, that all the houfe doth ring thereof, and in this fort the begins her fagaries. Now curfed be the day that ever I fawe thy face, and a fhame take them that brought me first acquainted with thee: I would to God I had either died in my cradle, or gone to my graue when I went to Alas poore be married with thee. Was euer woman of my degrée and birth brought to this beggery? Or any of my bringing vp kept thus basely, and brought to this shame? I which little knew what labour meant, must now toyle and tend the house as a drudge, having neuer a coate to my backe, or fcant hanfome hofe to my legs, and yet all little enough, whereas I wis I might have had twentie good mariages, in the meanest of which I should have lived at ease and pleasure, without being put to any paine, or fuffering

any penurie. Wretch that I am, why do Iliue? now would to God I were in my graue. already, for I am wearie of the worlde, weary of my life, and weary of all. Thus doth the dayly complaine, and lay all the fault of her fall on him which least deferued it, nothing remembring her owne pride, in coueting things aboue her eftate or abilitie, her mifgouernment, & dayly gadding / with her goffips to banquets and bridals, when fhe fhould have lookt to the houfe, and followed her owne bufines at home. And his folly is alfo fuch, that being blinded with dotage through too much louing her, [he] cannot perceiue that fhe is the caufe of all this euill, of all the cares, griefes, & thoughts, which perplexe and torture him; and yet nothing cuts him fo much as this, to fée her fo fumish and vnquiet, when if he can at any time fomewhat pacifie, then is his heart halfe at reft. Thus doth the filly wretch toffe and turmoile himfelfe in lobs pound, wrapt in a kind of pleafing woe, out of the which he hath neither power nor will to wind himfelf, but therein doth confume the remnant of his languishing life, and miferably endes his dayes.

CHAP. II.

The humour of a woman, pranked vp in braue apparell.

THe nature of a woman inclined to another kind of humor, which is this, when the wife féeing her felfe brauely apparelled, and that fhe is therewith faire & comely (or if fhe be not) yet thinking her felfe fo (as women are naturally given to footh themfelues,) fhe doth as I faid before, hunt after feasts and sollemne méetings, wherwith her hufband perhaps is not very well pleafed ; which the perceiuing, the more to bleare his eyes, she takes with her fome kinfwoman or goffip, or possible fome lusty gallant, of whom fhe claimes kinred, though in very déed there be no fuch matter, but only a fmooth cullor to deceiue her hufband : And perchance to induce him the fooner to beléeue it, her mother which is privie to the match, will not flick to fay and fweare it is fo: yet fometime the hufband to preuent his wiues gadding, will faine fome let, as want of horfes, or other like hinderances : then prefently the goffip or kinfwoman, of whom before I speake, will thus follemnely assault him. Beléeue / me goffip I haue as little pleasure, as who hath least in going abroad, for I wis I had not

fo much bufineffe to doe this twelue moneth as I have at this inftant: yet should I not goe to this wedding, being fo kindly bidden, I know the young bride would take it in very ill part: yea, and I may fay to you, fo would our neighbours, and other our friends, which will be there, who would verily imagine, we kept away for fome other caufe: and were it not for this, I proteft I would not stirre out of doores, neither . would my coufen your wife haue any defire to goe thither : thus much I can truly witnes, that I neuer knewe any woman take leffe delight in fuch things then your wife, or which being abroad, will make more haft to be at home againe. The filly man her hufband being vanquished by thefe words, and no longer able to deny their requeft, demands onely what other women doe appoint to goe, and who shall man them. Marrie fir (faith fhe) that fhall my coufen H. And befides your wife and I, there goes my kinfwoman T. and her mother, Mistresse H. and her Aunt : my Vncle T. and his brother be met, with both their wiues : Mistreffe C. my next neighbour : and to conclude, all the women of account in this stréete : I dare boldly fay, that honefter company there cannot be, though it were to conuey a Kings daughter.

Now it oft chaunceth that this fmooth tongued

Oratrix who pleades thus quaintly with womans art, must haue for her paines a gowne cloth, a Iewell, or fome other recompence, if she preuaile with the good man & cunningly play her part. He after fome paufe, perhaps will reply in this fort : Goffip, I confesse it is very good company, but my wife hath now great bufineffe at home, and befides fhe vfeth to goe very much abroad, yet for this time I am content she shall goe: But I pray you dame quoth he, be at home betimes. His wife féeing that her goffip had gotten leaue, makes as if the cares not for going forth, faying: By my faith man I have fomething els to do, then to goe to bridaile at this prefent : what, we have a great houshold, and rude feruants God wot: whofe idlnes is fuch, that they / will not doe any thing, if a bodies backe be turned : for it is an old prouerbe, When the cat is away, the moufe will play. And therefore goffip hold you content, we must not be altogether careles, nor fet fo much by our pleasure, to neglect our profit: And therefore hold me excufed, for I cannot now be spared, nor I will not goe, that is flat. Nay good goffip (faith the other) feeing your hufband hath giuen you leaue, let vs haue your company this once, & if it be but for my fake, fuch a chaunce as this comes not every day. With that the good man taking the Cib afide, whifpers

her thus in her eare : were it not goffip for the confidence I repofe in you, I proteft fhe fhould not ftir out of doores at this time. Now as I am an honeft woman (quoth fhe) and of my credit goffip you fhall not need to doubt any thing.

Thus to horfe they get, and away they fpurre with a merry gallop, laughing to themfelues, mocking and flouting the filly man for his fimplicitie: the one faying to the other, that he had a shrewde lealous braine, but it should auaile him nothing. Tush faid the young woman, it is an olde faying, he had need of a long fpoone that will eate with the diuell : and fhe of a good wit, that would preuent the furie of a iealous foole: and with this and the like talke, they paffe \rightarrow the time till they come to the place appointed, where they meet with luftie gallants, who peraduenture had at the former feast made the match, and were come thither of purpose to strike vp the bargaine. But howfoeuer it is, this luftie Laffe lackes no good cheare, nor any kindnes which they can fhew her. Imagin now how forward fhe will be to fhew her beft skill in dauncing and finging, and how lightly fhe will afterward eftéeme her husband: being thus courted and comended by a crew of luftie gallants, who féeing her fo brauely attired, and graced with fo fweet & fmooth a tongue, fo fharpe a wit, fo amiable a countenance,

will each to striue to exceed other in feruing, louing, and pleafing her: for the gallant carriage and wanton demeanour of fo beautifull a péece, cannot chuse but incorage a méere coward, and heat (if not inflame) a frozen heart : One affaies her with fugred tearmes, / and fome pleafing discourse, painting forth his affection with louers eloquence: another giues her a privie token by straining her foft hand, or treading on her prettie foote : another eyes her with a piercing and pittifull looke, making his countenance his fancies herrold: and perhaps the third which is most likely to spéede, bestowes vpon her a gold Ring, a Diamond, a Ruby, or fome fuch like coftly toy : By all which aforefaid tokens fhe may well conceiue their meanings (if she haue any conceit at all) and fometimes it fo fals out, that they fall in where they fhould not, and fhe ftepping fomewhat afide, doth fo shrewdly straine her honesty, that hardly or neuer the griefe can be cured. But to procéed, this ouer gorgious wantoning of his wife, brings the poore man behind hand, and doth withall caufe a greater inconuenience, for in the end by one meanes or other, either through her too much boldnes, or her louers want of warineffe, the matter at length comes to light, whereof fome friend or kinfman giues him notice. He being tickled by this bad report, therupon fearching

further, finds it true, or gathers more likelyhood of fuspitio, & that prefently infects his thoughts with iealoufie, into which mad tormeting humor no wife man will euer fall: for it is an euill both extreame & endles, especially if it be iuftly conceiued vpon the wives knowne leaudnes, for then there is no hope of curing. She on the other fide féeing this, and receiving for her loofe life many bitter spéeches, doth closely kéepe on her old course but now more for spight then pleasure, for it is in vaine to thinke & fhe will reclaime her felfe. And if he hoping by conftraint to make her honeft, fall to beating her (though he vfe neuer fo much feueritie) he shall but kindle so much the more the fire of that lewd loue which fhe beares vnto others : hereon followes a heape of mifchiefes, he growes careles of his bufines, letting all things run to ruine: she on the other side becomes fhameles, couerting into deadly hate the loue that fhe fhould beare him. Iudge now what a purgatorie of perplexities the poore man doth liue in, and yet for all this he is fo befotted, that he féemes to take great pleafure in his paines, and to be fo farre in loue whith Lobs pound, that / were he not already in, yet he would make all hafte possible to be possessed of the place, there to confume the refidue of his life, and miferably end his dayes.

CHAP. III.

The humour of a woman lying in Child-bed.

Here is another humor incident to a woman, when her hufband fees her belly to grow big (though peraduenture by the help of fome other friend) yet he perswades himselfe, it is a worke of his owne framing : and this bréedes him new cares & troubles, for then must he trot vp & down day & night, far, & neere, to get with great coft that his wife longs for : if the lets fall but a pin, he is diligent to take it vp, least she by stouping should hurt her felfe. She on the other fide is fo hard to pleafe, that it is a great hap whe he fits her humor, in bringing home that which likes her, though he fpare no paines nor coft to get it. And oft times through eafe and plentie fhe growes fo queafie ftomackt, that she can brooke no common meates, but longs for strange and rare thinges, which whether they be to be had or no, yet fhe must haue them, there is no remedie. She must haue Cherries, though for a pound he pay ten shillings, or gréene Pescods at foure Nobles a peck : yea he must take a horse, and ride into the Countrey to get her gréene Codlings, when they are scarcely fo big as a fcotch button. In this trouble and vexation of mind and body, liues the filly man for

fixe or feuen months, all which time his wife doth nothing but complaine, and hée poore foule takes all the care, rifing earely, going late to bed, and to be fhort, is faine to play both the husband and the huswife. But when the time drawes néere of her - lying downe, then must he trudge to get Goffips, . fuch as shee will appoint, or else all the fatte is in the fire. Confider then what coft and trouble. it will bée to him to haue all things fine against the Christning day, what store of Sugar, Biskets, Comphets and Carowayes, Marmilade, and / marchpane, with all kind of fwéete fuckets, and superfluous banquetting stuffe, with a hundred other odde and needleffe trifles which at that time must fill the pockets of daintie dames : Besides the charge of the midwife, she must have her nurse to attend and keepe her, who must make for her warme broaths, and coftly caudels, enough both for her felfe and her mistreffe, being of the mind to fare no worfe then she: If her mistresse be fed with partridge, plouer, woodcocks, quailes, or any fuch like, the nurse must be partner with her in all thefe dainties : neither yet will that fuffice, but during the whole month, fhe priuily pilfers away the fuger, the nutmegs and ginger, with all other fpices that comes vnder her keeping, putting the poore man to fuch expense that in a whole yeare he can fcarcely recouer that one moneths charges.

Then euery day after her lying downe, will fundry dames vifit her, which are her neighbours, her kinfwomen, and other her fpeciall acquaintance, whom the goodman muft welcome with all cheerfulneffe, and be fure there be fome dainties in flore to fet before them: where they about fome thrée or four houres (or poffible halfe a day) will fit chatting with the Child-wife, and by that time the cups of wine haue merily trold about, and halfe a dozen times moyfined their lips with the fwéet iuyce of the purple grape: They begin thus one with another to difcourfe: Good Lord neighbor, I maruaile how our goffip *Frees* doth, I haue not féene the good foule this many a day.

Ah God helpe her, quoth another, for fhe hath her hands full of worke and her heart full of heauineffe: While fhe drudges all the wéeke at home, her hufband, like an vnthrift, neuer leaues running abroad to the Tennis court, and Dicing houfes, fpëding all that euer he hath in fuch lewd fort: yea, & if that were the worft it is well: But heare you, Goffip, there is another matter fpoyles all, he cares no more for his wife then for a dog, but kéepes queanes euen vnder her nofe.

the / still fowe eates vp all the draffe, hée carries a fmooth countenance but a corrupt confcience : That I knowe F. well enough, I will not fay he loues mistreffe G., goe-too goffip I drinke to you. Yea and faith another, there goes foule lies if G. himfelfe loues not his maid N. I can tell you their mouthes will not be ftopt with a bushell of wheat that fpeake it. Then the third fetching a great figh, faying by my truth fuch an other old Bettreffe haue I at home: for neuer giue me credit goffip, if I tooke her not the other day in close conference with her maister, but I think I be-. fwaddeld my maid in fuch fort, that fhe will haue fmall lift to do fo againe. Nay goffip (faith another) had it bene to me, that should not have ferued her turne, but I would haue turnd the queane out of doors to picke a Sallet : for wot ye what goffip? it is ill fetting fire and flaxe together: but I pray you tell me one thing, when faw you our friend mistresse C.? now in good foothe she is a kind creature, and a very gentle Peat: I promife you I faw her not fince you and I dranke a pinte of wine with her in the fifh market. (O goffip faith the other) there is a great change fince that time, for they have bene faine to pawne all that ever they have, and yet God knowes her husband lies still in prifon. O the passion of my heart (faith another) is all their great and glorious

fhew come to nothing? good Lord what a world this is. (Why goffip faith another) it was neuer like to be otherwife, for they loued euer to goe fine, and fare daintily, and by my faith goffip, this is not a world for those matters, and therupon I drinke to you. This is commonly their communication, where they find cheare according to their choice. But if it happen contrary, that they find not things in fuch plentie, and good order as they would wifh, then one or other of them will talke to this effect : Truft me goffip I maruel much, and fo doth alfo our other friends, that your husband is not ashamed to make such small account of you, and this your fweete child. If he be fuch a niggard at the first, what will hee be by that time he hath fiue or fix? it doth well appeare he beares but little loue to you; whereas you vouchfafing to match with him, hath done him more / credit then euer had any of his kinred. Before God, faith another, I had rather fee my husbands eyes out then he should ferue me fo : therefore if you be wife vse him not to it: neither in this fort let him tread you vnder foote : I tell you it is a foule shame for him, and you may be wel affured fith he begins thus, that hereafter he wil vse you in the fame order, if not worfe. In good footh faith the third, it féemes very straunge to me, that a wife woman, and one of fuch 12 D. I.

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parentage as you are, who as all men knowes is by blood farre his better, can endure to be thus vfed by a bafe companion: Blame vs not to fpeake good goffip, for I proteft the wrong that he doth you, doth likewife touch vs, and all other good women that are in your cafe.

The Child-wife hearing all this, begins to wéepe, faying; Alas Goffip, I know not what to do, or how to pleafe him, he is fo diuerfe and wayward a man, and befides, he thinks all too much that is fpent. (Goffip he is faith one). a badde and a naughtie man, and fo it is well féene by your vfage. All my Goffips here prefent can tell, that when I was marryed to my husband, euery one faid that hee was fo haftie and hard to pleafe that he would kill me with greefe : And indeed I may fay to you, I found him crabbed enough : for he began to take vpon him mightily, and thought to haue wrought wonders, yet I haue vfed fuch meanes, that I haue tamed my young maister, and haue at this prefent brought him to that passe, that I dare sweare hee had rather loofe one of his ioynts, then Rangle with. me : I will not deny but once or twice hée beate me fhrewdly, which I God-wot being young and tender tooke in gréeuous part, but what he got by it, let my Goffip T. report, who is yet a woman liuing, and can tell the whole ftorie : to

whom my good man within a while after faide, that I was past remedie, and that he might fooner kill me, then doo any good by beating me; (and by thefe ten bones fo hee fhould) but in the end I brought the matter fo about, that I got the bridle into my owne handes, fo that I may now fay, I do what I lift : for be it right or wrong, if I fay it, hee will not gainfay it, (for by / this Golde on my finger, let him doo what hee can, I will be fure to have the laft word :) fo that in very deed, if that women be made vnderlings by their husbands, the fault is their owne : for there is not any man aliue, be he neuer fo churlifh, but his wife may make him quiet and gentle enough if shee haue any wit: And therefore your good man ferues you but well enough, fith you will take it fo.

Beléeue me Goffip (faith another) were I in your cafe, I would giue him fuch a welcome at his comming home, and ring fuch a peale of badde words in his eares, that he fhould haue ímall ioy to ftaie the hearing.

Thus is the poore man handled behinde his backe, while they make no fpare to help away with his Wine and Sugar which hee hath prepared, whome they for his kindnes thus requites : yea now and then having their braines well heated, they will not flicke to taunt him to his face :

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Accufing him of little loue, and great vnkindneffe to his wife.

Now it doth many times fo chaunce, that he hauing bene to prouide fuch meates as shee would haue, he commeth home perhappes at midnight, and before hée refts himfelfe, hath a verie earnest defire to fée how his wife doth, and perchaunce being loath to lye abroade becaufe of expence, trauailes the later, that hee may reache to his owne house, where when hee is once come, he asketh the Chamber-maide, or else the Nurse, how his wife doth; they having their errand before giuen them by their Mistresse, answeres, fhe is verie ill at eafe, and that fince his departure fhe tafted not one bit of meat, but that toward the evening she began to be a little better: all which be méere-lies. But the poore man hearing thefe words, greeues not a litle, though perhaps he be all to be moyld, wearie & wet, having gone a long journy through a badde and filthy way, vpon fome ill paced trotting Iade; and it may be he is fasting too, yet will hee neither eate nor drinke, nor fo much as fit downe, till he haue féene his wife. Then the pratling Idle Nurfe, which is not to learne to exployte fuche a péece of feruice, beginnes to looke verie heauily, / and to figh inwardly as though her miftreffe had bene that day at the point of death, which he

féeing, is the more earnest to visit his wife: whom at the entrance of the chamber, he heares her lie groning to her felfe, and comming to the beds fide, kindly fits down by her, faying how now my fweet heart, how doeft thou? Ah husband (faith she) I am very ill, nor was I euer fo ficke in my life as I have bene this day. Alas good foule (faith he) I am the more forie to heare it, I pray thee tell me where lies thy paine? Ah husband (quoth she) you know I have bene weake a long time, and not able to eate any thing. But wife (quoth he) why did you not caufe the Nurfe to boile you a capon, and make a meffe of good broath for you? So fhe did (faith his wife) as well as fhe could, but it did not like me God wot, & by that meanes I haue eaten nothing, fince the broath which your felfe made me: Oh me thought that was excellent good. Marie wife (faith he) I will prefently make you fome more of the fame, & you shall eate it for my fake. With all my heart good husband (faith she) and I shall thinke my felfe highly beholding vnto you: then trudgeth he. into the kitchen, there plaies he the Cooke, burning and broiling himfelfe ouer the fire, having his eyes readie to be put out with fmoake, while he is busie making the broath : what time he chides with his maides, calling them beaftes

and baggages that knowes not how to do any thing, not fo much as make a little broath for a ficke bodie, but he must be faine to doe it himfelfe. Then comes down mistresse Nurse, as fine as a farthing fiddle, in her pettiecoate and kertle, having on a white wastcoate, with a flaunting cambricke ruff about her neck; who like a Doctris in facultie comes thus vpon him. Good Lord Sir, what paines you take, here is no bodie can please our mistresse but your selfe : I will affure you on my credit that I doe what I can, yet for my life I cannot I, any way content her. Moreouer here came in mistresse Cot, and mistresse Con. who did both of them what they could to have your wife eate fome thing, neuertheleffe all that they did, could not make her tafte one fpoonefull of any thing all this liuelong day: I know not what she / ayles: I have kept many women in my time, both of worship and credit (fimple though I ftand here) but I neuer knew any fo weake as fhe is. I, I (quoth he) you are a companie of cunning cookes, that cannot make a little broath as it should be. And by this time the broath being readie, he brings it ftraight to his wife, comforting her with many kind words, praying her to eate it for his fake, or to tafte a spoonefull or twaine ; which she doth, commending it to the heauens, affirming alfo, that

the broath which the others made had no good tafte in the world, and was nothing worth. The good man hereof being not a little proud, bids them make a good fire in his wives Chamber, charging them to tend her well. And having given this order, he gets himfelfe to fupper, with fome cold meate fet before him, fuch as the goffips left, or his Nurse could spare, and having taken this fhort pittance he goes to bed full of care. The next morning he gets him vp betimes, and comes kindly to know how his wife doth, who prefently pops him in the mouth with a fmooth lye, faying, that all night she could take no rest till it grew towards the morning, and then fhe began to féele a little more eafe, when God knowes she neuer flept more foundly in all her life. Well wife, faid the good man, you must remember that this night is our Goffips fupper, and they will come hither with many other of our friends, therefore we must prouide fomething for them, especially because it is your vpfitting, and a fortnight at the least fince you were brought to bed : but good wife, let vs goe as néere to the world as we may, féeing that our charge doth euery day increase, and money was neuer fo ill to come by. She hearing him to fay fo, begins to pout, faying; would for my part I had dyed in trauell, and my poore Infant béene strangled in the birth,

fo fhould you not be troubled with vs at all, nor haue caufe to repine fo much at your fpending : I am fure there is neuer a woman in the world, that in my cafe hath worfe kéeping, or is leffe chargeable, yet let me pinch and spare, and do what I can, all is thought too much that I haue: Trust me, I care not a straw whether you prouide me any / thing or no, though the forrow be mine, the fhame will be yours, as yesterday for example : I am fure here came in aboue a dozen of our neighbours and friends, of méere kindnesse to sée mée, and knowe how I did, who by their countenance and comming did you greater credit then you deferue : But God knowes what entertainement they had, having nothing in the house to fet before the; which made me fo much ashamed, that I knew not what to fay: Ile tell you what, before God I may boldly speake it (for I have seene it) that when any of them lyes in, their very feruants haue better fare then I my felfe had at your hands; which they feeing betwixt themfelues yesterday when they were héere, did kindly floute both you and me for their entertainment. I haue not (as you know) line in aboue 15. dayes, and can yet fcant stand on my legs, & you thinke it long till I be moyling about the houfe to catch my bane, as I feare I haue done alreadie. Beléeue me wife (quoth he) you mistake me greatly,

for no mã in y world can be more kind to his wife, the I haue bin to you. Kind to me (quoth you) by § masse y you have with a murren, no doubt but I haue had a fwéete meffe of cherishing at your hands, but I fée your drift wel enough, you gape euery day for my death, and I would to God it were so for me: The month indéed is halfe expired, and I feare the reft wil come before we be ready for it: My Sister S. was héere no longer ago then to day, and askt if I had euer a new gown to be Churched in, but God wot I am far enough fro it, neither do I defire it, though it be a thing which ought both by reafon & custome to be done : And because it is your pleasure, I will rife to morrow, what chance soeuer befall, for the worft is, I can but lofe my life: full well may I gather by this, how you will vfe me hereafter, and what account you would make of me, if I had nine or ten children; but God forbid it should euer come so to passe, I desire rather to be rid of my life, and fo to fhun the shame of the world, then long to liue with such an vnkind churle. Now verily wife (faith the good man) I must néeds blame your impatience, for growing fo cholerick without caufe. Without caufe (quoth fhe?) / Do you thinke I have no iust cause to complaine? I will assure you there is neuer a woman of my degree, that would put

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vp the intollerable iniuries that I have done, and dayly doe, by meanes of your hoggifh conditions. Well wife faith the good man, lye as long as you lift, and rife when you will, but I pray you tell me how this new gowne may be had, which The Fox will you fo earneftlie afke for? By my eate no grapes. faith (quoth she) you fay not well, for I aske nothing at your hands, neither would I haue it though I might: I thanke God I haue gownes enough alreadie, and fufficient to ferue my turne, and you know I take no delight in garish attire, for I am past a girle, but it makes me fmile to fée what a shew of kindnes you would faine make : Fye on thée diffembler, you can cog and flatter as well as any man in this towne, and full little thinke they that fee you abroad, what a diuell you are at home: for what with your crooked qualities, with toyling, moyling, carking and caring, and being befide broken with Childbearing, my countenance is quite changed, fo that I looke alreadie as withered, as the barke of an

Elder bough: There is my Coufen the woman I T. T. who when I was a little girle, was, then an apple is like an was at womans eftate, and in the end oyster. married Maifter H. with whom fhe leades

a Ladyes life, looking fo young and luftie, that I may feeme to be her mother: I, I, fuch is the difference twixt a kind, and an vncourteous hus-

band, and who knowes not but he was a futer to me, and made many a journey to my fathers house for my fake, & would fo faine haue had me, that while I was to marry he would not match himfelfe with any : but fo much was I bewitcht, that after I had once féene you, I would not have changed for the best Lord in the land; and this I haue in recompence of my loue and loyaltie. Goe too wife (faith he) I pray you leaue these lauish fpéeches, and let vs call to minde where we may best take vp cloth for your gowne : for you fée, fuch is our weake estate, that if we should rashly lay out that little money which is in the houfe, we might poffible bée vnprouided of all other necessaries : Therefore whatfoeuer should chaunce hereafter, it is best to kéepe / fomething against a rainy day: And againe you know within these eight or nine dayes, I have five pounde to pay to Maister P. which must be done, there is no shift, otherwise I am like to sustaine treble dammage. Tush (quoth she) what talke you to me of those matters: alas I aske you nothing: I would to God I were once rid of this trouble : I pray you let me take fome reft, for my head akes (God helpe me as it would go in pieces) I wis you féele not my paine, and you take little care for my griefe: Therefore I pray you fend my Goffips word that they may not come, for I feele my felfe

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very ill at eafe. Not fo (quoth he) I wil neither breake cuftome, nor fo much as gainefay their courteous offer, they shall come fure, and be entertained in the best manner I may. Well (quoth fhe) I would to God you would leave me, that I might take a little reft, and then do as you lift. Vpon these speeches the Nurse straight steppes in, and roundes her maister in the eare, I pray you Sir do not force her to many words, for it makes. her head light, and doth great harme to a woman. in her cafe, efpecially her braines being fo light for want of fléepe: and befides, shee is God knowes, a woman of a tender and choyce complexion: and with that fhe drawes the Curtaines about the bed. Thus is the poore man held in fuspence till the next day that the Goffips come, who will play their parts fo kindly, and gaul him fo to the quick with their quips & taunts, that. his courage wil be wholy quailde, and he alreadie (if they should bid him, like the prodigal childe, even to eate draffe with the hogges) rather then he would displease them. But to procéede, hée in the meane while is double diligence, to prouide all things against their comming, according to. his abilitie, and by reason of his wives words, he buyes more meate, and prepares a great deale better cheare then he thought to have done. At their comming he is readie to welcome them with his

Cap in hand, and all the kindneffe that may be fhewed. Then doth hee trudge bare-headed vp and downe the house, with a cheareful countenance, like a good Affe fit to beare the burthen, he brings the Goffips vp to his wife, and comming first / to her himself, he tels her of their comming. I wis (quoth fhe) I had rather they had kept at home; and fo they would too, if they knew how litle pleafure I tooke in their comming. Nay I pray you wife (faith he) give them good countenance, féeing they be come for good will : with this they enter, & after mutuall greetings, with much goffips ceremonies, downe they fit and there fpend the whole day, in breaking their fafts, dining, and in making an after-noones repaft: befides their petty fuppings at her beds fide, and at the cradle; where they difcharge their parts fo well, in helping him away with his good Wine and Sugar, that the poore man comming oft to cheare them, doth well perceiue it, and greeues inwardly thereat, howfoeuer he couers his difcontent with a merrie countenance. But they not caring how the game goes, take the peniworths of that cheare that is before them, neuer asking how it comes there; and fo they merily paffe the time away, pratling and tatling of many good matters. Afterward the poore man trots vp and downe anew, to get his wife the aforefaid gowne, and all other

things therto futable, whereby he fets himfelf foundly in debt: fometimes he is troubled with the childs brawling : fometimes he is brawld at by the Nurfe: then his wife complaines, that fhe was neuer well fince fhe was brought to bed, then must hee cast his cares anew, deuifing by what meanes to difcharge his debts and leffen his expences: then refolues he to diminish his owne port and augment his wives brauerie, he will go all the yeare in one fute, and make two paire of fhooes ferue him a twelue-month, kéeping one paire for holy-dayes, another for working dayes, and one hat in three or four yeares. Thus according to his owne rash defire, he is vp to the eares in Lobs'-pownd, and for all the woe and wretchednes that he hath felt, he would not yet be out againe, but doth then willingly confume himselfe in continuall care, forrow and trouble, till death doth set him frée.

CHAP. / IIII.

The Humour of a woman that hath a charge of children.

The next Humor that is by nature incident to a woman, is when the hufband hath bin married nine or ten yeares hath fiue or fix

children, hath paffed the euill dayes, vnquiet nights, and troubles aforefaid, hath his Being tyred luftie youthfulneffe fpent, fo that it is with scolding, as a hackney lade now high time for him to repent : But with trauell. fuch is his groffe folly that hee cannot, and fuch his dulneffe, through the continuall vexations, which have tamed and wearied him, that he cares not whatfoeuer his wife faith or doth, but is hardned like an old Affe, which being vfed to the whip wil not once mend his pace be he lashed neuer fo much: The poore man feeth two or thrée of his daughters marriage-able, which is foone knowne by their wanton trickes, their playing, dauncing, and other youthfull toyes, but he kéepes them back, having perhaps fmall commings in, to keep, maintain, and furnish them as they looke for, with gownes, kertles, linnen, and other ornaments as they flould be for three caufes. First, that they may be the fooner fued vnto by lufty gallants: Secondly, becaufe his denying hereof, fhould nothing auaile : for his wife which knowes her daughters humors by her owne, when the was of the like yeares, will fee that they shall want nothing : Thirdly, they paraduenture, bearing right womens minds, if their father kéepe them fhort, will find fome other friends that shall affoord it them. The poore man being thus perplexed on all fides, by reafon of the exceffiue charges which

he must bée at, will (as it is likely) be but honestly attyred himfelfe, not caring how he goes fo he may rubbe out, be it neuer fo barely, and would be glad to fcape fo. But as the Fish in the Ponde, which woulde alfo thinke him felfe well, though wanting former libertie, if he might bée fuffered to continue, is cut off before his time: So is likewife this poore man ferued, being once / plunged in the perplexing Ponde, or rather pounde of wedlocke and houfe-kéeping: for howfoeuer, when he confiders the aforefaid charges and troubles, he begins to have no ioy of himfelfe, and is no more moued then a tyred Iade which forceth not for the fpurre, yet for the furnishing of his wife and daughters, fo that he may have peace at home, and enjoy an easie bondage, he must trudge vp and downe early and late about his businesse, in that courfe of life which he professeth: Sometimes he iournies thirtie or fortie myles off, about his affaires: Another time twice fo farre to the Tearme or Affifes, concerning fome old matter in lawe, which was begunne by his Graund father, and not yet towards an ende: he pulls on a pair of bootes of feuen yeares old, which haue bene cobled fo oft, that they are now a foote to fhort for him, fo that the toppe of the bootes reaches no farther then the calfe of his legge: he hath a paire of fpurres of the olde making, whereof the one wants

a rowell, and the other for want of leathers, is fastned to his foote with a poynt: he puttes a laced coate on his backe, which he hath had fixe or feuen yeares, which he neuer wore but vppon high dayes, whole fashion is growne cleane out cf requeft, by reafon of new inuented garments : whatfoeuer fports or pleafures he lights on by the way on his journey, he takes no joy in them, bicaufe his mind is altogither on his troubles at home, he fares hard by the way, as also his pore horse, (if he haue any): his man followes him in a turnd fute, with a fword by his fide, which was found vnder a hedge at the fiege of Bullen : he hath a coate on his back, which euery man may know was neuer made for him, or he not present whe it was cut out, for the wings on his fhoulders comes downe halfe way his arme, and the fkirts as much below his waft : To be fhort, the poore man goeth euery way as neare as may be, for he remembers at what charges he is at home, & knowes not what it will coft him, in féeing his Councellors, Atturnies, & Pettyfoggers, which wil do nothing without present pay : he dispatcheth his businesse spéedily, and hies him home with fuch haft, to auoid greater charges that he refts / nowhere by the way. And hereby it chanceth that many times he comes home at fuch an houre, as is as neare morning as to night, and finds nothing to eate, for his wife and D. I. 13

feruants are in bed; all which he takes patiently, being now well vfed to fuch entertainment : Surely for my part that God fends fuch aduerfitie and diftreffe to those only whose good and mild nature, he knowes to be fuch, that they will take al things in good part. But to proceed, it is very likely that the poore man is very wearie, his heart. heauie by reafon of the care and thought which he hath of his bufineffe, and it may be he lookes to be welcome to his owne house, and there to refresh himselfe, howsoeuer he forgets not his former vlage. But it falls out otherwise, for his wife begins to chide; whofe words caries fuch a fway with the feruants, that whatfoeuer their maister faith, they make fmall account of it : but if their mistresse commaund any thing, it is prefently done, and her humour followed in all things, elfe muft they pack out of feruice, fo that it bootes not him to bid them doe any thing, or rebuke them for not doing it: And his poore man that hath bene with him, dares not likewife open his mouth to call for any victuals to comfort himfelfe, or for the horses, least they should suspect him to be of his maisters faction, who being wife, of a quiet and mild nature, is loath to make any ftur, or breed any difquietnes in the house, and therfore takes all in good part, and fits him downe farre from the fire, though he be very cold: But his wife and

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children stand round about it: but all their eyes are cast on her, who lookes on her husband with an angry countenance, not caring to prouide ought for his supper, but contrariwise taunts him with sharp and shrewish spectra for the most part, he answers not a word, but sometimes perhaps being vrged through hunger, or wearines, or the vnkindnes of his wise, he doth thus vtter his mind. Well wise you can looke well enough to your felfe, but as for me I am both wearie and hungry, hauing neither eaten nor drunke all this day, and being beside wet to the very skinne, yet you make no reckoning to prouide any thing for my supper.

Ah / (quoth fhe) you do well to begin firft, leaft I fhould, which haue most cause to fpeake: Haue you not done verie well thinke yee, to take your man with you, and leaue me no body to white the cloathes? Now before God, I haue had more loffe in my linnen, than you will get this tweluemonth. Moreouer, you shut the Hen-house doore very well, did you not? when the Fox got in and eate vp foure of my best broode Hennes, as you to your cost will soone finde by the masse: if you liue long you will be the poorest of your kinne. Well wise (faith the good man) vse no such words I pray you, God be thanked I haue enough, and more shall haue when it pleafeth him; and I tell

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you, I haue good men of my kinne. But quoth fhe I knowe not where they be, nor what they are worth. Well (faith he) they are of credit and abilitie too. But for all that (quoth fhe) they do you fmall good. As much good (faith he) as any of yours. As any of mine (faith fhe) and that fhe fpoke with fuch a high note, that the houfe rung withall, faying; By cocks foule were it not for my friends you would do but forily. Well good wife (faith he) let vs leaue this talke. Nay (faith fhe) if they heard what you faid, they would answere you well enough. The good man holds his peace, fearing leaft fhe fhould tell them, being of greater abillitie then he was, and befides, because he was loth that they fhould be offended with him. Then one of the children falls a crying, and he perhaps which his father loued beft ; wherevpon the mother prefently tooke a rod, turned vp the childs taile and whipt him well fauoredly, and the more to defpight and anger her hufband, then for ought elfe. The goodman being herewith fomewhat moued, wills her to leaue beating the childe, fhewing by his bended browes that he was not a litle angry at her doings. Now gip with a murrin (quoth fhe) you are not troubled with them, they coft you nothing, but it is I that have all the paines with them night and day. Then comes in the Nurfe with her verdit, and thus fhe begins,

faying: O fir, you know not what a hand fhe hath with them, and we also that tend them. Then comes in the Chamber-maid with her fine / egges : In good faith fir it is a shame for you, that at your comming home, when all the whole houfe fhould be glad thereof, that you fhould contrariwife put it thus out of quiet. Saith he, is it I that makes this ftirre? Then is the whole houshold against him, when he féeing him felfe thus baited on all fides, and the match fo vnequall, gets him to bed quietly without his fupper, all wet and durtie, or if he do fup he hath but thin fare : and being in bed, where he should take his rest, he is fo disquieted with the children, whome the nurfe and his wife doth on purpose fet on crying, to anger him the more, that for his life he cannot fléepe one winke. Thus is he vexed with continuall troubles, wherewith he féemes to be well pleafed, and would not though he might be free from them, but doth therein fpend his miferable and vnhappie life.

CHAP. V.

The humour of a woman that maries her inferior by birth.

A Woman is inclined to another kind of humour, which is when the hufband hath bene married, and hath paffed fo many troubles, that he is

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wearied therewith; his lufty youthfull bloud growne cold, is matched with a wife of better birth then himfelfe, and perhaps yonger, both which things are very dangerous; and no wife man should séeke his owne fpoile, by wrapping himfelfe in any of those bonds, because they are so repugnant, that it is both against reason & nature to accord them. Sometimes they have children, fometimes they have none, yet this notwithstanding, the wife can take no paines, yet must be mainteined according to her degree, to the hufbands exceeding charges: for the furnishing whereof, the poore man is forced to take extreame toile and paines, and yet for all this, thanks God, for vouchfafing him fo great a grace, as to be matcht with her. If now and then they grow to hot words together (as oft it happens) then prefently in vpbrading and mena/cing fort fhe tels him, that her friends did not match her to him to be his drudge, and that fhe knowes well enough of what linage fhe is come, and will brag withall, that when fhee lift to write to her friends & kinfmen they will prefently fetch her away. Thus doth she kéepe him in awe, and in a kind of feruitude, by telling him of them, who would perhaps haue matcht her better, & not with him, but for fome priuy fcape that fhe hath had before, whereof the poore foule knowes nothing, or if perhaps he hath heard fome inkling therof, yet

because he is simple, the credit that he might giue thereto is quickly dasht, by a contrary tale of others fubbornd by them, who perchance will not flicke to fweare that this is a flaunder raifed by euill toongs, & forged malitiously against her, as the like is done against many other good women; whose good names are wronged, & brought in questio by bad perfons on their tipling bench, becaufe themfelues cannot obtaine their purpose of them : notwithftanding if her husband be not able to maintaine her according to her mind, then will fhe be fure to have a friend in store, that shall afford it her if her husband deny it : and in v end the remembers that fuch a gentleman at fuch a feast proffered her a diamond, or fent her by a messenger some 20. or thirtie crownes, which she as then refused, but now purpofeth to giue him a kind glance, to renew his affectio, who conceiuing fome better hope, and méeting foone after with her chambermaid, as she is going about fome bufines, cals to her, faying; Sifter, I would faine speake with you. Sir (quoth she) fay what you please. You know (quoth he) that I haue long loued your mistres, without obtaining any fauour : but tell me I pray you, did, fhe neuer speake of me in your hearing? In faith fir (faith she) neuer but well : I dare sweare she wifhes you no harme. Before God fifter (faith the Gentleman) if you will shew mée some kindnes

herein, and do my commendations to your Mistres, affuring her of my loue and loyaltie, it shall bee worth a new gowne vnto you, meane while take this in earnest: with that he offers her a péece of gold : She then making a lowe curfie, fayth : Sir, I thanke you for your good / will, but I will not take it. By my faith faith he but you fhall; and with that he forced it on her, adding these wordes : I pray you let me heare from you to morrow morning. She being glad of fuch a bootie, hyes her home, and tels her mistris how she met with a Gentleman that was in a paffing good vaine: and to be fhort, after fome queftions vfed by her mistres, it appeares to be the very same man whom fhe would faine intrap. I tell thée (faith she to her mayd) if he be as kind as he is proper, he were worthy to be any womans loue. Beleeue me Mistris (faith the maid) his very countenance A maid fit for fhewes that he is kind, it féemes that he such a mistres. was onely made for loue, and withall he is wealthie, and thereby able to maintaine her beautie, and her perfon in brauerie whom he By this light (faith the miftres) I can get affects. nothing of my hufband. The more vnwife you, (faith the mayd) to be fo vfed. Alas quoth fhe, what fhould I do? I have had him fo long, that I cannot now fet my heart on any other. Tufh (quoth the mayd) it is a folly for any woman to

fet her heart fo on any man, for you know they care not how they vfe vs when they are once Lords ouer vs. Beside, your husband though hée would, vet cannot mainetaine and kéepe you according to your degrée : but he of whom I fpake will furnish and maintaine you gallantly, what garments foeuer you will haue : and what colour and fashion so euer you like best, you shall prefently haue it, fo that there wants nothing elfe, faue only a quaint excuse to my Maister, making him beléeue vou had it by fome other meanes. By my troth (quoth the Mistres) I know not what to fay. Well Miftres (faith the maid) aduife you well, I haue promifed to giue him an answere to morrow morning. Alas (faith the other) what fhall we do? Tush Mistres (answers the maid) let me alone : As I go to morrow to the market, I am fure he will watch to méete with me, that he may know what newes: then I will tell him that you will not agrée to his defire for feare of discredit : this will give him a little hope, and fo we shall fall into further talke, and I doubt not but to handle the matter well enough. According to promife / next morning to market fhe hies, fomewhat more earely then she was wont, and by the way she meetes with this luftie gallant, who hath waited for her at leaft thrée houres : hée hath no fooner fpyed her, but he prefently makes towards her, and at her

comming, thus falutes her : Sifter, good morrow, what newes I pray, and how doth your faire mistresse? I-faith sir (faith shee) she is at home very penfiue, and out of patience; I thinke that neuer any woman had fuch a frowarde hufband. Ah villaine (faith he) the diuell take him. Amen (faith the maide) for both my mistresse and all the feruants are wearie with tarying with him. Out on him flaue (faith hée); but I pray you tell me what answere gaue your mistres touching my fute? In faith (quoth she) I spake vnto her, but shee woulde not agrée thereunto, for she is wonderfully afraid to purchase her selfe discredit, & is beside plagued with fuch a froward and fufpicious husband, that although shee were neuer so willing, yet could fhe not, being continually watcht by him, his mother & brethren. I thinke on my confcience vnleffe that it were that fhe fpoke to you the other day, the poore woman talkt not with any man these four months, yet shee speakes very often of you, and I am well affured that if fhe would bend her mind to loue, fhe would choose you before all men in the world. He being rauished with these words, replies thus : Swéete fifter, I pray you be my friend herein, and I will alwaies reft at your commaund. In good faith (faith fhe) I haue done more for you already then euer I did for any man in my life. And thinke not (faith he) that I will

be vnmindfull of your kindnes; but what would you counfell me to do? I-faith fir (faith fhe) I thinke it best that you should speake with her your felfe; and now you have an excellent opportunitie, for my maister hath refused to give her a new gowne; whereat she stormes not a little: you shall doe well therefore to be to morrow at the Church, & there falute her, telling her boldly your defire : you may also offer her what you thinke good, but I know the will take nothing : mary the will thinke the better of you, knowing thereby your franke & boutiful nature. Oh (faith he) I would fhe would gladly take that, / which I would gladly bestowe on her. Nay, answers the maid, I know the will not, for you neuer knewe a more honeft woman: but Ile tell ye how yee may doe it afterwards: Looke what ye purpose to bestow on her, you shall deliuer vnto mée; I will doe my best to perfwade her to take it, but I cannot affure you that I shall preuaile. Surely fifter (faith he) this is very good counfell: herewithall they part, and fhee returnes home, laughing to her felfe, which her mistres seeing, demands of her the cause therof. Mary (faith the maid) this lufty gentleman is all on fire, tomorrow he will be at Church, purpofing there to fpeake with you : now must you demeane your felfe wifely, and, make very ftrange of it, but ftand not off too much leaft you difmay him cleane:

as you wil not wholly graunt, fo must you feede him with fome hope. Shee, having her leffon thus taught her by her maide, gets her vp betimes the next morning, and to the Church fhee goes, where this amorous gallat hath awaited for her comming euer fince foure a clock. She being fet in her pew, makes shew as if she was deuoutly at her prayers, when (God wot) her deuotion is bent to the feruice of another Saint: it were worth the noting to fee how like an image fhee fits : and yet for all her demurenes, she applies all her fiue fenses, & that full zealously, in this new humor of religion. To bee fhort, hee steales vnto her, fneaking vnto her, from the belfrey vnto her pew, and beeing come, greetes her after the amorous order, and from greeting, he fals to courting; wherto fhe doth in no wife yeeld confent, neither will fhee take ought that he offers, yet answers him after fuch a fort, that he doth thereby affuredly gather that fhee loues him, and flicks only for fear of difcredit : whereat he is not a little iocond, & having fpent his time to fo good purpofe, he takes his leave, & she hasting home to her counfeller, acquaints her what hath paffed between them, who thereupon takes occasion to fay thus: Mistreffe, I know well that now he longs to speake with me, but at our meeting I will tell him that you will yeelde to nothing; for which I will faine

my felfe very fory : & I wil adde withal, that my mafter hath gone out of towne, and will appoint him / to come hither towards the euening, with promife that I will let him in, and conuey him fo fecretly into your chamber, that you shall know nothing thereof: At what time you must feeme to be highly offended, and if you be wife, you will make him buy his pleafure with fome coft, which will caufe him to effeeme the more of you : tell him that you will cry out, and then do you call me : by handling him thus, I can affure you, that you shall get more of him, then if you had yeelded at the first. All this while I will have in my keeping that which hee will give you, for hee hath appointed to deliuer it me to morrowe, and I will make him belieue, that you woulde by no meanes take it. But when the matter is brought to this paffe, then wil I make fhew to offer you his gift before him, telling you, that he is willing to bestow it on you, to buy you a gowne withall; then must you chide, and feeme to be angry with - mee for receiuing it, charging me to deliuer it back againe to him; but bee fure I will lay it vp fafe enough. Well deuifed wench (faith the mistres) I am content it shall be fo. This plot being thus laide, the craftie wench goes prefently to finde out this iolly gallant, whole first word is, What newes? Now in good faith fir (faith fhe)

the matter is no further forward then if it were yet to begin, yet because I have medled so farre in it, I wold be loth I should not bring it about, for I feare that fhe will complaine of me to her husband and friends, but if I could perfwade her by any meanes to receive your gifts, then out of question the matter were dispatcht: and in good faith ile try once more, I have one good helpe, and that is this: my maister (as I tolde you before) will not give her a new gowne, at which vnkindneffe, fhee ftormes mightily. The hot louer hearing this, giues her prefently twentie crownes for her good will, whereupon fhee fpeakes Better then two yeares wages, thus: In good faith fir, I knowe not and soone got. how it commeth to passe, but fure I am, I neuer did fo much for any man before as I haue done herein for your fake, for if my maister shoulde have any inckling of it, I were vtterly

vndone : yet for you I will hazard a little / further: I know fhe loues you wel, and as good hap is, my maifter is not now in towne; if you therefore will bee about the dores towards fix of § clock at night, I will let you in, and fo conuey you fecretly into my miftres Chamber; who doth fleepe very foundly : for you know fhe is but young : being Just as Iarmas there I could wifh you go to bed to her, lips. and for the reft you neede not (I truft) any tutor : I proteft that I know no other meanes

for the compassing of this matter; perhaps it will fadge, for it is a great matter, when a louer & his mistresse are both together naked & in the darke, which doth help forward a womans conceipt to y which in the day time perhaps fhe would hardly graunt. O my fweet friend (quoth hee) for this kindneffe my purfe shall be at thy command. To be fhort, night comes, he is there according to promise; whom shee straight conueyes into her mistresse chamber: then he prefently vnclothes himfelf, and fteps foftly into her bed, and beeing once in, hee begins to imbrace her : hereat fhe that feemes till then afleepe, ftarts vp on a fodain & with a fearful voice alks who is there? It is I fweete mistresse (faith he) feare nothing. Ah (quoth shee) thinke you to preuaile thus? no, no, and with that fhee makes as though fhee would rife, & cal her maid, who anfwers not a word : but alas for pittie like an vndutifull feruant leaues her at her greateft need: fhe therefore good woman feeing that fhe is forfaken, faies with a figh, ah me, I am betraid : then begin they a ftout battel, he vrging his advantage, fhee faintly refifting, but alas what can a naked woman doe against a resolute louer? there is therefore no remedy but that at length (poore foule) being out of breath with striuing she must needes yeeld to the ftronger: fhe would faine haue cryed out (God wot) had it not beene for feare of

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difcredit, for therby her name might haue bin brought in question ; therefore all things confidered, fhe doth vnwillingly God knowes, let him fupply her husbands place, garnishing his temples for pure good will with Atteons badge. Thus hath the got a new gowne, which her good man refused to giue her; to bleare whole eyes, & to keep him from fuspition, she gets her mother in her husbands fight to bring home the cloth & giue it her, / as though it were her coft: and least also shee should suspect any thing, she makes her beleeue fhe bought it with the money which fhee got by felling odde commodities which her hufbad knew not of: But it may be, and oft happens fo, that the mother is priuie to the whole matter, and a furtherer thereof: after this gowne fhe must have another, and two or three filke imbrothered girdles, and other fuch coftly knackes, which the hufband feeing, wil in the end fmel fomewhat, & begin to doubt of his wives honefty, or shal perhaps receive fome aduertisemet hereof from a friend or kiniman : for no fuch matter can be long kept clofe, but in the end will by fome meanes or other be made knowne and discouered. Then fals hee into a frantick vaine of Iealoufie : watching his wives close packing: and for the better finding of it out, hee comes home on a fodaine about midnight, thinking then to difcouer all, and yet perhaps may

miffe his purpofe. Another time comming in at vnawares hee feeth fomething that he likes not, and then in a furie falles on railing, but be fure that fhe answers him home, not yeelding an inch vnto him: for befides the aduantage of the fight which is waged by her owne truftie weapon (her tongue I meane) the knowing withall that the is of better birth, hits him in the teeth therwith, & threatens him to tel her friends how hardly he doth vfe her. To bee fhort, the poore man shall neuer haue good day with her, but either with thought of her incontinéce, or if he speake to her, he is borne downe with fcolding lies, and defpifed of his owne feruants; his state runnes to ruine, his wealth decaies, his body dryes vp, and weares away with griefe : he growes desperate and carelesse : thus is he plunged into Lobs pound, wearied in a world of difcontents, wherein notwithstanding he takes delight, hauing no defire to change his state, but rather if he were out, and knewe what would follow, yet would he neuer reft till he had gotten in againe, there to fpend and end (as now he muft) his life in griefe and miferie.

D. I.

CHAP. / VI.

The humor of a woman that striues to master her husband.

THe next humor wherevnto a woman is addicted, is, when § husband hath got a faire young wife, who is proper & fine, in whom he takes great delight, yet perhaps she is bent altogither to croffe, & thwart : y man being of a kind & mild nature louing her intirely, & he maintaines her as well as he can, notwithstanding her frowardnes: It may be also that she hath care of his credit and honefty, and doth abhorre fuch lewdneffe, as the of whome wee fpake before did vfe, yet hath fhee neuertheleffe an extreame defire of \rightarrow foueraigntie (which is knowne a common fault amongst women) and to be her husbands commaunder, and a busie medlar in his matters: be he a Iudge, a Nobleman, or Gentleman, fhee wil take vpon her to giue fentence, and anfwere futers, and whatfoeuer fhee doth hee must stand to it. This is, I fay, a generall imperfection of women, bee they neuer fo honeft, neuer fo kindly vfed, and haue neuer fo much wealth and eafe, to strive for the breeches, and bee in odde contrarie humours, of purpose to keepe her husband in continuall thought and care how to pleafe her. Hee gets

him vp betimes in the morning leauing her in bed to take her eafe, while he fturres about the houfe and difpatcheth his bufineffe, lookes to the feruants that they loyter not, caufeth dinner to be made readie, the cloath to be laide, and when al thinges are readie, he fends one to defire her to come downe, who brings back anfwere that fhe is not difpofed to dine. No (faith he?) I wil neither fit downe, nor eate a bit till she be here. So receiuing his fecond meffage by his maide, or perhaps by one of his children, replyes thus: go tell him again y I wil not dine to day. He hearing this, is not yet fatisfied, but fends likewife the third time, and in the end goes himfelfe, and thus begins. How now, what ayles you wife, that you will eate no meate? / hereto she answeres not a word. The poore man maruels to fee her in this melancholy dumpe, (although perhaps she hath plaid this pageant many times before) and vieth all entreatie he may, to know of her the caufe therof: but in vaine, for indeed there is no caufe at all, but onely a meere mockery : Sometimes the will perfift fo obstinately in this humor, that for all the perfwafions and kindneffe that he can vie, fhee will not come. Sometimes it may be fhe will, and then hee must leade her by the hand like a bride, and fet her chaire readie for her : meane while it is fo long before he can get her down, that the meate is colde

when it comes to the table. Being fet, the will not eate one bit, and hee feeing that (like a kinde Affe) wil fast likewife : whereat shee smiles inwardly, having brought him fo to her bowe, first in croffing him, then in making him to fast from dinner: wherein (to fay the truth) fhe hath reafon, for what needs a woman to feeke his fauoure, who doth alreadie loue her, and fhew her all the kindnes that hee can. Sometimes the good man ryding abroad about his bufineffe, meets with two or three of his friends, with whom perhaps hee hath fome dealings, and hath bene long acquainted with them: It may be also that he inuites them home to his house, as one friend will do to another, and fends his man before to his wife to make all things ready in § best fort that she can for their entertainment : the poore feruing man gallops in fuch haft, that both himselfe & his horse is all on a sweate : when he comes home hee doth his arrand to his miftres, telling her withal that the guests which his master brings are men of good account. Now by my faith (faith she) I wil not meddle in it, he thinks belike that I have nothing els to doe, but drudge about to prepare banquets for his companions, he should have come himself wh a vengeance, & why did he not? Forfooth (faith the feruant) I know not, but thus he bad me tel you. Go too (faith fhe) you are a knaue that medles in more

matters the you have thank for. The poore fellow hearing this holds his peace, fhee in a fume flings vp into her chamber, and which is worfe, fendes out her feruantes, fome one way, fome another: as for her maydes, they have their / leffon taught them well enough, knowing by custome how to behaue themselues to wearie their maister : well, hee comes home to his aforefaid friends, cals prefently for fome of his feruants : but one of the maides make answere, of whome he demaunds whether all things bee readie : In good faith fir my miftres is verie fick, & here is no body els can do any thing : with that he aqua vitæ being angry, leads his friends into the hall, or fome other place according to his eftate, where hee findes neither fire made, nor cloath laide. Iudge then in what a taking he is, although it may be that his friendes perceiued by the fending of his man, that his commaundements were not of fuch force as an act of parliament. The good man being ashamed cals and gapes, first for one man then for another, & yet for all this there comes none, except it bee the fcullion or fome chare woman, that doth vse his house, whome his wife hath left there of purpofe, becaufe fhee knewe they could ferue to doe nothing. Being herewith not a little mooued, vp hee goes into his wives chamber, and thus fpeakes vnto her. Gods precious woman,

why have ye not done as I wild ye? Why (faith fhee) you appoint fo many things to be done that I know not what to doe. Before God (faith hee) & with that fcratches his head, you have done mee a greater difpleafure then you think : thefe are the dearest friends that I have, and now here is nothing to fet before them. Why (quoth fhee) what would you have me to doe? I wis if you cast your cards well, you shall finde that we have no neede to make banquets: I would to God you were wifer, but fith you will needes bee fo lufty, euen goe through with it your felfe on Gods name, for Ile not meddle with it. But what the diuell ment ye (faith he) to fende all the feruants abroad? Why (quoth fhe) what did I know that you fhould neede them now: vet did shee know it well enough, and had of purpose fent them forth on sleeuelesse arrands, the more to anger and defpight him : who feeing that he can preuaile nothing, giues ouer talking to her, and gets him downe in a bitter chafe : for it may bee that his guestes bee of fuch account, and he fo much beholding vnto them, that he had rather haue / fpent a hundred crownes then it should fo have fallen out. But she cares not a whit, being well affured that howfoeuer fhe thwarts him, hee will hold his hands, and in fcolding fhe knowes her felfe to be the better. To bee fhort, the poore man being vexed, with shame

and anger, runnes vp and downe the houfe, gets as many of his feruants together as hee can : If his prouision be but slender at home, hee fends prefently abroad; in the meane while he calles for a cleane towell, the best table cloath, and wrought napkins. But the maid answers him that he can haue none. Then vp to his wife goes hee againe, and tels her that his friends doe intreat her to come downe and beare them companie, fhewing her what a shame it is, and how discourteously they will take it if fhe come not : And finally he vfeth all the fairest speeches that he can to have her come, and to welcome and entertaine them for his credits fake. Nay in faith (quoth fhe) I will not come, they are too great states for my companie, and no doubt they would fcorne a poore woman as I am: It may bee fhee will goe, but in fuch fort, and with fuch a countenance, that it had beene better for him she had not come at all, for his friends will fomewhat perceiue by her lookes and gesture, that howfoeuer they be welcome to the good-man, she had rather haue their roome then their company. But if the refuse to come (as it is the more likely) then will he aske her for the best towell, table-cloth and napkins. Napkins (quoth fhe) as though those that be abroad alreadie be not good enough for greater and better men then they are: when my brother or any of my kinimen come,

which are I wis their equals in every refpect, they can be content to be ferued with them : but were thefe your gueftes neuer fo great, yet could I not now fulfill your requeft, though my life fhould lie on it : for fince morning I have loft my keyes of Oh lyer, lyer. I pray you bid the maid looke for them, for in good truth I know not what I have done with them, and no maruell, for I have fo much to doe, that I know not how to beftur my felfe : well I wote, I have fpoyled my felfe with continuall care and trouble.

Now in good faith (quoth he) you have dreft me fairely, but it is no matter : Before God ile breake open the cheft. Now furely then (quoth fhe) you shall doe a great act, I would faine fee you doe it, I would for my part you would breake all the cheftes in the houfe. The poore man hearing her in these termes, knowes not well what to doe, but takes that which he next lightes on, and therefore shifts as well as he can: he causeth his gueftes to fit downe at the table, and becaufe the beere then a broach is on tilt, & therefore not verie good, he bids one of the feruants broach a new barrell, & fil some fresh drinke, but then there is neither tap nor fpigget to bee found, for his wife of purpose hath hidden them out of the way. Towards the end of the dinner, he cals for cheefe, and fruite, but there is none in the houfe, fo that he is faine to fend to the neighbours for the fame, or elfe be vtterly deftitute : meane while his boy being at the table with the gueftes' [feruants], at last tels them how his mistresse faines her felfe ficke, becaufe she is not pleafed with their masters coming. Wel, when bed time comes, he can get no clean sheetes, nor pillow-beers, because forfooth the keyes are loft, fo that they must be content to lie in those that be foule, and haue bene long layne in. The next morning they get them gone betimes, feeing by the good wives countenance that they are nothing welcome. By the way their lackies tell them what the Gentlemans boy reported; wherat they laughe hartily, yet find themfelues agreeued, vowing neuer to be his guest any more. The husband also, getting him vp betimes in the morning, goes prefently to his wife, and thus he begins: By Iesus wife, I muse what you meane to vse me thus. I know not how to liue with you. Then fhe replies faying: Now God for his mercie, am I fo troublefome? God wot I am euery day (poor foule) trobled with keeping your hogs, your geefe, your chickens; I must card, I must fpin, and continually keepe the houfe, looke to the feruants, & neuer fit stil, but toyling vp & downe to shorten my daies, and make me die

before my time, and yet I cannot haue one howers reft, or quietnes with you, but you are alwaies brawling, & do nothing your felfe, but fpend & waft your goods and / mine with odde companions. What odde companions (faith he?) as though you know not that these are such men, as can either much further, or much hinder me. It is a figne that you deale very well, that you must stand in distrust of fuch perfons. Herevpon she takes occasion to rayle & scolde all the day long, the man being wearied with her wawardneffe; & age (being hafted with griefe & forrow) doth vnawares ouertake him. Briefly he is in every respect wretched: but such is his folly, that he reckons his paines pleafures, and would not though he might be againe at liberty, out of Lobs pound, or if he would it is now too late, for he must of force cotinue there in care, thought and mifery, til death make an end of him and them together.

CHAP. VII.

The humor of a couetous minded woman.

The next humor belonging to a woman, is, when the hufband is matched to a modeft ciuil woma, who is nothing given to that thwarting

& croffing humor whereof I fpake laft. But be fhe good or bad, this is a generall rule many wives hold and ftedfaftly beleeue, that their owne husbands are the worst of al others. It oft happens that when they match together they are both young, and entertaine each other with mutuall delights, fo much as may be, for a yeare or two, or longer, til the vigor of youth grow cold. But v woman droopes not fo foone as y man, the reason whereof is, because shee takes no care, thought and griefe, breakes not her fleepe, and trobles not her head as he doth, but doth wholly addict her thoughtes to pleafure and folace. I deny not that when a woman is with child, fhe hides many times great paines, and is oft verie ill at eafe, and at the time of her deliuerance, she is for the most part, not onely in exceeding paine, but also in no lesse daunger of death: But all this is nothing to the hufbands troubles, on whofe hands alone reftes the whole charge, and waight of main / taining the houfe, and difpatching all matters; which is oftentimes intangled fo with controuerfie, and fo thwarted with croffe fortune, that the poore man is tormented with all vexation of mind : Beeing thus wearied, and as it were worne away with continuall griefe, troublous cogitations, toyle and trauell, [he can] haue no mind on any other plea-

fure : whereas fhee on the other fide is as luftie as euer fhee was : meane while his ftock decayes, and his flate growes worfe and worfe: and as that diminisheth, so must hee perforce shorten her allowance, & maintenance, which is almost as great a corfiue to her, as the former. You may be well affured, that this change in him makes her alfo change her countenance: fro mirth and chearefulnes to lowring melancholie, feeking occasions of difagreements, & [to] vfe them in fuch fort, that their former loue & kindnes was not fo great, as are now their brauls, iarres, & dis-It doth also oftentimes happen, that cordes. the womã by this means wastes and confumes all, giuing lewdly away her husbands goods, which he with great paines & cares hath gotten. The good man he goes euery way as neere as he can, and warilie containes him felfe within his bounds, cafting vp what his yearely reuenues are, or what his gaine is by his profession, be it merchandize or other, & then what his expenses be; which finding greater then his comming in, he begins to bite the lip & becomes very penfiue : his wife & he being afterward private together in their chamber, hee speakes thereof vnto her in this manner: In faith wife, I maruell much how it comes to paffe that our goods goe away thus, I know not how : I am fure I am as carefull as

a man can be, I can not finde in my heart to bestow a new coate on my felfe, and all to faue mony. By my troth husband (faith she) I do as much maruell at it as you: I am fure for my owne part, that I goe as neere in houfekeeping euery way as I can. To bee fhort, the poore man not doubting his wife, nor fufpecting her ill cariage, after long care and thought concludes, that the caufe thereof is his owne ill fortune, which keepes him downe, & croffeth all his actions with contrary fuccesse, but it may bee that in processe of time fome friend / of his being more cleare-fighted in the matter, perceiuing all goes not wel, doth priuily informe him therof; who being aftonished at his report, gets him home with a heauie countenance : which the wife feeing, & knowing herfelf guiltie, begins prefently to doubt y worft, & perhaps gueffeth fhrewdly at the authors thereof; but howfoeuer, fhe will take fuch an order, that fhe will be fure to escape the brunt well enough. The good man will not prefently make any words hereof vnto her, but defer it awhile, and try in the meane time, whether he can of himfelfe gather any further likelyhood, for which purpose he will tell her, that he must needes ride some ten or twelue miles out of towne, about fome earnest busines. Good faith husband (faith she) I had rather you should

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fend your man, and ftay at home your felfe. Not fo wife (faith he) but I will be at home againe my felfe within these three or foure dayes. Having told her this tale, hee makes as though hee tooke his journey, but doth priuilie lye in ambush in such a place, where hee may know whatsoeuer is done in the house: but shee fmelling his drift fends word to her fweet heart. that he do not come in any cafe, and all the time of his diffembled absence, she carries her selfe that it gives no likelyhood of fufpition: which the filly mã feeing, comes out of his ambush, enters his house, making as if then he were returned from his journey: and whereas before he lowred, now he shewes a cheereful countenance, beeing verily perfwaded, that his friends report is a meere lye; and that he thinks fo much the rather, becaufe fhe doth at his comming run to meet him, with fuch shewe of loue, & doth fo imbrace and kiffe him, that it feemes impossible fo kind a creature fhould play falfe: but long after being in bed together, he thus fpeaks to her : Wife, I have heard certaine words that like mee not. Good faith husband (faith shee) I know not what is the caufe thereof: I have noted, this great while, that you have bene very penfiue, and was afraid that you had had fome great loffe, or that fome of your friends had bene

kild, or taken by the Spanyards. No (faith he) that is not the matter, but a thing which greeues me more then any fuch matter can do. Now, God for his/mercy (quoth she) I pray you husband let me know what it is. Mary wife (faith he) a friend of mine told me that you kept company with R. R. the verieft ruffen in all the towne, & a many other matters he told me of you. Hereat she crossing her selfe in token of admiration (though fmiling inwardly) replies thus; Deere husband if this be all, then I pray you give ouer your penfiuenes: I would to God I were as free from all other fins, as I am from that : then laying one hand on her head, fhe thus proceeds, I will not fweare any thing touching him, but I would the deuil had all that is vnder my hand, if I euer touched any mans mouth fauing yours, or fome of our friends & kinfmen, or fuch at least as you have commanded me. Ha, ha, is this the matter? In troth I am glad you have told me, I had verily thought it had bin fome greater matter, but I know wel enough whereupon these speeches grew, & I would that you did likewife know, what moued him to fpeak the; I know you would not a little maruel, becaufe he hath alwaies Oh braue disprofessed fuch friedship towards you. In sembler. good faith I am nothing fory y he hath awaked the fleeping dog. What mean you by that word

(quoth he?) Nay (quoth fhe) be not defirous to know it, you shall know it foone enough fome other time. Birlady (faith he) ile know it now. By my troth husband (faith she) I was oft wonderfully angry whe you brought him in hither, yet I forbare to speake of it, because I faw you loued him fo well. But fpeake now (faith he) and tell me what § matter is? Nay nay (quoth she) it. fkils not greatly. Go to wife (faith the good man) Almost as bad tel me, for I will know it. Then takes as Iudas kisses. fhe him about the neck, & fweetly kiffing him, faith thus: Ah my deere husband, what villaines are thefe y would feeme to abufe you, whom I honor & loue aboue al me in the world. The diuel take Wel wife (faith he) I pray thee tell me the lyer. the man that fo mifvfeth vs. In troth (quoth fhe) that vile diffembling traitor, that flattering tell tale, that put this bad report in your eares, whom you effeeme fo much, reposing fuch great condece in him, he is the man, & none but he that hath earneftly vrged me any time thefe two years to comit folly with him; but God I praife him hath giuen me grace both to refuse him, and his offers, / although I were continually troubled and importuned by him : I wis when you thought hee came hither fo often for your fake, it was for this cause; for neuer a time that hee came, but he was in hand with me to obtaine his filthy defire,

till in the end I threatned to tell you of it, but I was loath to doe it, fearing to breede a quarrell betweene you, fo long as I was fure to Thusishe board keepe him from doing you herein any through the nose with a iniurie : befide I had ftill a good hope, cushen.

that he would at length giue ouer : I wis it was no fault of his that he fped not. Gods for my life (faith the good man) being in a great rage, what a treacherous villaine is this? I would neuer haue fuspected any fuch matter in him, for I durft haue put my life in his hands. By this light, husband (faith she) if euer hee come more within the doores, or if ever I may know that you haue any talke with him, ile keepe houfe no longer with you. Ah deere hufband, (and with that fhee clips and cols him againe about As kind as the the neck,) fhould I bee fo difloyall as to Sea-crab sea-zing on a dead abuse him in this fort? fo fweete, fo carrion. amiable, and fo kinde a man, who lets mee haue my will in all things? God forbid I should live fo long to become a ftrumpet now. But for Gods fake husband forbid him your house with whome this knaue hath flaundred mee withall; yet I would the deuill had mee if euer hee made fuch motion to mee, neuertheleffe by Gods grace hee fhall not come henceforth in any place wheere I am: and with that fhee beginnes to Amen. weepe, and hee (kind foole) doth appeale and D. I. 15

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comfort her, promifing and fwearing, that hee will doe as fhee will have him, faue onely that hee will not forbid him his houfe, with whofe companie the other had charged her, and withall he vowes neuer to beleeue any more of these reportes, nor fo much as to harken to any fuch tales againe, notwithstanding hee still feeles a scruple of sufpition in his confcience : Within a while hee begins to fall at defiance with his honeft friende, who informed him of his wives wantonneffe, and hee feemes to bee fo deepely befotted with her loue, that you woulde fay hee were transformed without inchauntment, into Atteons shape : his / charge of houshold still increaseth, he hath many children, and is perplexed on every fide : but his wife followes her pleafure farre more then before, for Great reason. though it be neuer fo openly knowne, yet will no man tell him thereof, becaufe they know that he will not beleeue them (and which is more ridiculous) he that abufeth him most, shall be best welcome vnto him of any. To be fhort, age will ouertake him, and perhaps

be fhort, age will ouertake him, and perhaps pouertie, from the which he fhall neuer be able to raife himfelfe. Loe here the great good and pleafure, that he hath gotten by entring into Lobs pound: euery man mockes him, fome faith it is pitty becaufe he is an honeft man: others fay it is not a matter to be forrowed for, fith it is the

common rule of fuch. They of the better fort will fcorne his company: thus liues he in paine, griefe and difgrace, which he takes for great pleafure, and therin wil continue till death cut him off.

CHAP. VIII.

The humor of a woman that still defires to be gadding abroad.

THE next humor of a woman, is, when the husband hath bene in Lobs pound fome fiue or fix yeares, part whereof he hath fpent in fuch pleafures as wedlock doth at the first affoord; but now the date of these delights is out, he hath perhaps fome three or foure children, but his wife is now big againe, and a great deale worfe of this child then the was of any other. Whereat the poore man greeues not a little, who takes great paines to get her that which fhe longs for : well, the time of her lying downe drawes neere, & fhe is wonderfully out of temper, fo that it is greatly feared that the will hardly escape. The fals he on his knees & praies deuoutly for his wife, who foone after is brought to bed : wherefore he is not a little Jocund, making fure account that God hath hard his praiers. The goffips, kinfwomen, and neighbours, come in troupes to vifit and reioyce

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for her fafe deliuery. She for her part wants no good cherishing, whereby she recouers her strength, and is as fresh and lusty as euer she was.

After / her churching, fhe inuites fome of her neighbours who alfo inuite fiue or fix others of her neighbors and friends, who are received & feasted with al kindnes; which banquet doth perhaps coft her hufband more then would haue kept the house a whole fortnight : Amongst other fhe propounds a question, & makes a match to goe altogither to a certaine Faire which will be within ten daies at fuch a place : to the which place they shall have a most brave and pleasant iorney by reafon of the faire weather, for they wil alwaies conclude fuch an agreement in fome of the best seafons of the yeare ; & she takes vpon her to make this motion chiefly in regard of her goffip which was lately brought abed, that the may after her long pain and trauaile fomewhat recreate & refresh her selfe. But she answers her with thanks for her good will, faying the knowes not how to get leaue of her hufband. What (faith the other) that is the least matter of a thousand. Tush goffip (faith another) frand not on that, we will all goe and be merry, and we will have with vs my goffip G. T. my cofin H. S. though perhaps hee be nothing kind to her : but this is their ordinary phrase, & they vndertake this journey,

because they cannot fo wel obtaine their purpofes at home, being too neere their hufbands nofes. After this agreement, home the comes with a heauie countenance : the good man asketh what fhe aileth? Marry quoth fhe, the child is very ill at ease (though he were neuer in better health fince he was borne) his flesh burnes as though it were fire, and as the nurfe tels me, hee hath refused the dugge these two daies, although the durft not fay fo much till now. He hearing this, and thinking it true, is not a little fory, goes prefetly to fee his child & weepes for pitty. Well, night comes, to bed they goe, & then she fetching a figh, begins thus : Husband, I fee you haue forgotten me. How meane you that faith he ? Mary (quoth she) do you not remember that when I was in childbed you faid, that if it pleafed God that I escaped, I should goe to such a Fayre with my goffips & neighbours to make merry, & cheere vp my felf, but now I heare you not talk of it. In troth wife (faith he) my head is troubled with fo many matters, and fuch a deale of busines, that I have no leafure to thinke on any thing els: but there / is no time past yet, the faire wil not be this fortnight. By my truth (quoth fhe) I fhal not be well vnles I goe. Wel wife (faith he), content your felfe, for if I can by any meanes get fo much money ye fhall goe: you know it is not

little that we shall spend there : yea more I wis then will be my eafe to lay out. Good Chrift (quoth fhe), is it now come to that? You promift me abfolutely without either ifs or ands: before God I will goe whether you will or no : for there goes my mother, my goffip T. my cofen B. and my cofen R. and his wife. If you will not let me goe with them, I know not with whome you will let me goe. He, hearing her thus wilfull, thinkes it beft for his owne quietnes to let her goe, though he straine his purse somwhat the more. The time comes, he hyers horfes, buies her a new riding gowne, & doth furnish her according to her minde : peradveture there goes in their company a lustie gallant, that will frollick it by the way on her husband's coft, for his purse must pay for all. It may be he will goe him felfe, becaufe hee hath neuer a man, or els cannot spare him from his worke. But then is the poore man notably perplexed, for fhee will of purpose trouble him for every trifle, more then the would doe to another, becaufe it doth her good to make a drudge of him, and fo much the rather, that he may not afterward haue any defire to goe abroad with her againe : fometimes her ftirrup is too long: fometimes too fhort, and hee must still light to make it fit : fometimes she will weare her cloake, fometimes not, and then he must cary it: then findes she

fault with her horfes trotting, which makes her ficke, and then the will light & walke on foote, leauing him to lead her horfes: within a while after they come to a water, then must hee be troubled to helpe her vp againe: Sometimes fhe can eate nothing that is in the Inne, then must hee being wearie all day with riding, trudge vp and downe the towne to find fomething that will fit her ftomack; all which notwithstanding, she will not be quiet : and not fhe onely, but her goffips alfo, will be bobbing and quibbing him, faying that he is not worthy to bee a womans man; but he is fo inured to thefe Janglings that he cares not for all their / words : Well at length to the Faire they come, and then must he play the fquier in going before her, making fo much roome for them as he can, when there is any throng or preffe of people, being very chary of his wife, least she should be hurt or anoyed by thrusting. There moyles he like a horse, & fweates like a bull, yet cannot all this pleafe her : Some dames of the company, which are more flush in crownes then her good man, bestowes money on gold rings, hats, filk girdles, Jewels, or fome fuch toyes, yea coftly toyes, which the no fooner fees, but prefently she is on fire vntill she have the like: Then must hee herein content her if he loue his owne eafe, and haue he money or not, fome

thirt ne must make to fatisfie her humor. Well now imagine them going homewards, & thinke his paine & trouble no leffe, then it was coming forth: her horse perhaps doth fouder much, or trots too hard, which is peraduenture by reafon of a naile in his foote, or fome other mischance. Then must hee perforce buy, or hyre another horfe, and if he have not money enough to do fo, then must he let her ride on his, & he trot by her fide like a lackey. By the way fhe will aske for twenty things: for milke, because she cannot away with their drink, for pears, plums, & cherries : when they come neere a towne, he must run before to choose out the best Inne: euer and anon as the rides, the will of purpole let fall her wand, her maske, her gloues, or fomething els for him to take vp, becaufe fhe will not have him idle : when they are come home, fhe will for a fortnight together doe nothing els then gad vp and downe amongft her goffips, to tell them how many gay and ftrange things fhee hath feene, all that hath paffed by the way in going and comming, but efpecially of her good man, whom fhe will be fure to blame, faying that he did her no pleafure in the world, & that (fhe poore foule) being ficke and wearie, could not get him to helpe her, or to prouide any thing for her that fhe liked : and finally that he had no more care of her, then if

fhe had beene a meere stranger. But hee poore fot finding, at his returne, all thinges out of order is not a little troubled to fet them in frame againe, and toyles exceedingly at his laboure, that he / may recouer his charges which he hath bene at in this journy. But the what for goffiping, for pride & idlenes wil not fet her hands to any thing, and yet if ought goe well, the wil fay it was through her heedfulnes & good hufwiferie : If otherwife, then will she scold, and lay the fault thereof on him, although it be her owne doings. To be fhort, having thus gotten a vaine of gadding, fhe will neuer leaue it, and hereby the poore man will be vtterly spoiled : for both his substace shall be wasted, his limbes through labour fild with aches, his feete with the gout, and age comes on him before his time: yet as though this were not euil enough, she wil be continually brawling, scolding and complaining, how the is broken through child-bearing. Thus is the filly man vp to the ears in Lobs pound, beeing on each fide befet with . care and trouble, which he takes for pleafure, and therein languish[es] whiles he liues.

CHAP. IX.

The humor of a curft queane maried to a froward hufband.

He next humor that is incident to a woman, is when the hufband having entred very young into Lobs pound, and there fettered himfelf by his too much folly, for a vaine hope of ticklish delights which lafted but for a yeere or two, hath matched himfelfe with a very froward and peruerfe woman (of which fort there are too many) whole whole defire is to be mistreffe and to weare the breeches, or at least to beare as great a fway as himfelfe. But he being craftie, & withal crabbed, will in no wife fuffer this vfurped foueraigntie, but in fundrie maners withstands it. And there hath bene great ftur & arguing about this matter betweene themfelues, & now and then fome battels: but do fhe what fhe can either with her tongue or handes, notwithstanding their long controuerfie, which hath perhaps lasted at the least these twenty yeares, he is still victorious, and holds his right: but you must think that his striuing for / it all this while, hath bin no fmall trouble & vexation vnto him, befide all other aforefaid euils : all which, or part therof he hath likewife endured: well, to be fhort, he hath perchance three or foure

children all maried, and by reafon of the great paines and trauell that hee hath taken in bringing them vp, prouiding them portions, mayntaining his wife, encreasing his stock, or at least keeping it from beeing diminished, and liuing with credit amongst his neighbours: At last it may be hee hath gotten the goute, or fome other daungerous difeafe, and withall is growne old, and thereby feeble, fo that being fet he can hardly rife, through an ache that he hath got in his armes or his legs: Then is their long warre come to an end, and the - cafe (as Ployden fayth) cleane altered, for his wife beeing younger then hee, and as frolick as euer fhee was, will now bee fure to have her owne will in defpight of his beard : heereby the poore man, which hath maintained the combate fo long, is now vtterlie put downe : his owne children, which before hee kept in awe well enough, will now take heede to themfelues, and if hee reprooue them for their leudnesse and disobedience, shee will maintaine them against him to his teeth, which must needes bee a great griefe vnto him. But befides all this, he is in doubt of his feruantes, for they likewife neglect their former duetie, and leane altogether to their miftres: fo that hee poore man, which now by reason of his ficknes, and feeblenes. of body, hath more neede of attendance then euer. he had, shall have very little or none at all, for

though he be as wife and as carefull as euer he was, yet fith hee cannot ftirre to followe them as hee was wont, they contemne, and make no more reckoning of him, then if hee were a meere foole. Then peraduenture his eldeft fonne thinking that his father lives too long, will take vpon him to guide the houfe, and disposing all things at his pleafure, as if his father were become an innocent, and could no longer looke to things as hee was wont, judge you whether the good man feeing himfelfe thus vfed by his wife, children, and feruantes, be greeued or not. If he purpose to make his will, they / will feeke all meanes to keepe him from doing it, because they heare an inkling, that he will beftow fomewhat on the Parish, or will not bequeath his wife fo much as fhe would haue. To be fhort, that they may make an end of him the fooner, they will many times leave him in his chamber halfe a day and more, without meate, fier, or ought elfe, not one of them comming to fee what hee wants, or to do him any feruice : his wife is wearie of him by. reason of his spitting, coffing, and groaning. All the loue and kindneffe, which he had in former times shewed vnto her, is quite forgotten : but his strife for superioritie, and his crabbednesse towards her (when she had iustly mooued him) this fhe can still as well remember, as when it

was first doone : neither will she spare to prate : thereof to her neighbors, telling them that he hath bin a bad man, and that fhe hath led fuch a life with him, that if the had not bene a woman of great patience, fhe could neuer haue endured to keepe house with so crabbed a churle: She will likewife boldly reproach, and twit him in the teeth with those former matters, for it doth fhrewdly flick in her ftomack, that fhe could not till now be mistres: But he that was wont to charme her tongue, and keepe her vnder, who, feeing him now in his diffresse and weaknesse, takes aduantage, and continues his bad vfage, feeing also his children, which should feare and reuerence him, taking part with their mother, being taught and fet on by her, feeing this (I fay) and being no leffe angry then grieued, hee cals fome of them in a rage, and when they are come before him, thus begins he to his wife. Wife you are she whome by the lawes both of God and man, I should loue and effeeme more then any thing elfe in the world: and you on the other fide fhould beare the like affection to me: but whether you doe fo or not, I referre it to your owne confcience, I tell you I am not well pleafed with your vfing of me thus: I thinke you take me still for the Master of the house as before you haue done, but whether you thinke fo or not, bee

fure I will bee Maister while I liue, yet (you I thanke you) doe vie me, and account of me in very flight maner : I haue alwaies loued you well, neuer / fuffred you to lack that which was meete : I haue in like fort loued, and alfo maintained your children and mine according to my degree, and now both you and they do very kindly acquite me. Why (faith fhe) what would you have vs do? We do the best that we can, but you can not tel your felfe what you would haue? The better we vfe you, and the more wee tend you, the worfe you are: But you were neuer other, alwaies brawling, and neuer quiet, neuer pleafed full nor fafting : I thinke neuer woman was fo long troubled with a crooked Postle as I haue bin. Ah dame (faith he) leave thefe wordes I pray you : then turning to his eldest sonne, he faide: Sonne, I haue marueld at your behauiour of late toward me, and I tell you, I am not wel pleafed therewith : you are my eldest, and shall be mine heire, if you behaue your felfe as a childe ought to doe; But you begin alreadie to take state vpon you, and to dispose of my goods at your pleafure : I would not wifh you to be fo forward, but rather while I liue, to ferue and obey me, as it becomes you to doe: I have beene no bad father vnto you, I haue nothing impaired or diminished, but increast that which was left mee by my father, which if you doe your

dutie to mee (as I did m[ine] to him) I will leave you after my decease as hee left to mee : but if you continue in your stubbornnesse and disobedience, before God I fweare, I will not bestowe one penny or croffe vpon thee. Heere his wife begins againe to thwart him ; Why, what would you have him doe? It is impoffible for any one to pleafe you : I wis it is high time that you and I were both in heaven, you know not your felfe: what would you have? I maruell what you ayle. Well, well, (faith he) I pray you bee quiet, doe not maintaine him thus against mee; but it is alwaies your order. After this, the mother and fonne departing, confult together, and conclude, that hee is become a childe againe, and because hee hath threatned to difinherite them, they refolue that no man shal be fuffered to come and fpeake with him: his fonne / takes vpon him more then before, being borne out by his mother, who together with him, makes every one belieue that the poore man is become childifh, and that he hath loft both his fense & memorie. If any of his honeft friends & former acquaintance; which were wont to refort to him, come now to aske for him, his wife wil thus answere the, Alas he is not to be fpoken with: and when he demands the caufe thereof, doubting he is dangeroufly fick, ah good neighbor (quoth fhe)

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he is become an innocent, he is even a child againe, fo that I poor foule must guide all the house, & take the whole charge of all things vpon me, having none to help me; but God be praifed for all. In good faith faith the other, I am verie forie to heare this, and doe much maruaile at it, for it is not long fince I fawe him and fpoke with him, and then he was in as good memorie, & fpake with as good fence and reafon as euer hee did before. In troth (faith fhee) he is now as I tell yee. Thus doth fhe wrong and and flaunder the poore man, which hath alwaies liued in good credit, and kept his house in verv good order: but you may be well affured, that hee feeing himfelfe in his age thus defpifed and iniured, and being not able to remedy himfelfe, nor ftirre without helpe from the place where hee is, therby to acquaint his friends therewith, which might in his behalfe redreffe it, is not a little grieued, vexed and tormented in his mind with forow and anger, fo that it is a meruaile that he falles not into despaire; for it is enough to make a Saint impatient to be vfed thus by those which should obey, ferue, and honour him: And in my opinion this is one of the greatest corrafiues that any man can feele : fuch is the iffue of his great hafte and extreame defire to be in Lobs pound, where hee must now remaine

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perforce till death doe end at once both his life and languifhing.

CHAP. X.

The humor of a woman given to al kind of pleasures.

A N other humor incident to a woman by nature is, when the hufband, thinking that wedlock was of all eftats the happieft, and altogether replinished with delight and pleasure, because he faw fome of his friends, who for a whil after they were maried were very chearefull and iocond, neuer ceafeth toiling & turmoiling himfelf till he haue gotten into Lobs pound; wherein he is prefently caught fast like a bird in a net: for this comparison if we do examine the particulars thereof, doth very fitly refemble his eftate. The filly birds which flye fro tree to tree & from field to field to féeke meat, when they fée a great deale of corne fpilt one the grounde, thinke themfelues well apaid, and without any feare come thither to feede there on, picking on the graines of corn ; but alas they are deceiued, for on a fodaine the net is drawne, and they are all fast tide by the leges, and thence carried in a fack or panior one vpon another to the fowlers house, then coopt vp

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in a Cage. Oh howe happy would they thinke themfelues, if they were againe at their former liberty to flye whether they lift, but they wifh to late : yet were this all the euil that they should endure, it were well, but (which is worfe) they shal soone after have their necks wrung off, and their little bodies spitted, to be made meat for men to eate. But they are herein more fimple then birds, for they being fast in Lobs pound, are fo befotted with their owne forrowes, that [as] they haue no power to free themfelues, fo likewife they haue no wil to doe it. But to proceede, the wife not louing her hufband, for fome defect which is in him, that fhe may have fome collor for that fhe doth, makes her mother and other friendes, which blame her for it, belieue, that her husband - is bewitcht, and by reafon of fome forcery, made for the most part impotent : hereupon shee complaines of her ill fortune, / refembling it to thos, which having the cup at their nofes, cannot drinke? Meane while the hath a fweete hart in a corner, who is not bewitched, who vfeth her company fo long, and with fo little heed, that in the end her husband perceiues it, and falling into the vaine of iealoufie, beates her wel fauordely, and kéepes a foule stirre both with blowes and words, fo that fhe not liking his vfage, giues him the flip: but then is he cleane out of patience; and

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fo hufbands in this taking are fo mad, that they neuer lin féeking them, and wold give halfe they are worth to find her again: who having thus plaid her pagient, and féeing her hufbands humor, compacts with her mother, whole good will the will be fure to get, by one meanes or other, (whereas at the first she wil perhaps thinke hardly of her departure from her husband :) she doth I fave fo handle the matter with her, that fhee wil make the good man belieue her daughter hath binne all this while at home with her, and that fhee came to fhun his bad vfage, who had fhee tarried with him til then, had binne lamed for euer. Before God (quoth shee) I had rather you shoulde restore her againe to mee, then beate her thus without cause, for I knowe that you suspect her wrongfully, and that fhee hath neuer offended you: I wis I haue straightlie examined her about it, but if she wold have bin naught, you did enough to prouoke her: by gods paffion I think fewe women could haue borne it. Wel it maye bee, that vpon these or the like words he takes her againe: it may bee alfo that they are both defirous to be diuorced, each accufing other, and feekinge to winde themfelues againe out of Lobs pound, but in vaine; for either the caufes that they alleadge are not thought fufficient by the Iudge howe hard foeuer they pleade, but must of force

continue stil together, are laughed to fcorne of, al that heares the caufe; or if they be feperated, yet will not al this fet them frée, but rather plunge them in deeper then before, but neither of them can marry while otheres liues: and their chaftitie is fo brittle, especially heres, that holde it cannot, nor long endure: fhe who was wont to be fo frollick must / néedes continue fo stil, nay peraduenture, being now without controwlment, followes her il life more fréely then before: and whereas fhee was but earft a private queane, is nowé common in the way of good fellowshippe, or elfe fome lustie gallante takes her into his house, and keepes her by his nose; which must néedes bee vnto him an excéedinge griefe, and an open shame to the worlde: and which is worse, hee knowes not how in the worlde to remedie it, but must perforce endure both while this miserable life doth last.

CHAP. XI.

The humor of a woman to get her daughter a husband, hauing made a little wanton scape.

THE next humor that a woman is addicted vnto, is, whe a luftie young gallant riding at pleafure vp and downe the countrye, efpecially

to those places of sportes and pleasure where fine Dames and dainetye Girles meat, whoe can finely mince their meafures, haue their toongues trained vpp to amorous chat; in which delightful exercifes this yonker both by reafon of his youth, his loofe bringing vpp, and naturall inclination, takes great felicitie in fuch companie, and fo much the rather, because hee findes himselfe alwayes welcome to fuch places; and the reason is the comelynes of his perfon, his amiable countenaunce, and quaint behauiour, for whoe fo euer hath these good helpes, shal want no fauour at womens handes : It may bee alfo : that his parentes are stil liuinge, and hee their onely ioye: they have perhapes noe child but him, fo that all their delight is in mainetaning him brauely. It may bee alfo that hee is newly come to his landes, and loues to fée fashions, though it cost his purfe neuer fo largely. If any Gentlewomanne offer anye kindnesse, hee is readie to requite it : and at / length through long prancing to many places, he lights on one that doth exceedingly plese his eie, and inflame his hart: she is perhaps daughter to fome Gentleman, fome Citizen, or fome worthie Farmer. She hath a clean complexion, a fine proportion, and wanton eie, a daintie toong, and a sharp wit, by reason of all which good gifts, fhe is grown very famous. She hath bin wooed, fued, and courted by the

brauest galants in that contrey, of whom perhaps fome one being more forward and couragious then the reft, hath offred her fuch kindnes, as flicks by her ribs a good while after, and would needs inforce this curtefie with fuch importunitie, that fhee had not the power to refift it : for a woman that hath her fiue wits, if she be withal of a cheereful fanguin complexion, cannot be fo vnkind, or fo hard-harted, as to deny, or repuls the petition of an amorous friend, if he do anything earneftly profecute the fame. And (to be plaine) be fhe of what complexion foeuer, fhe wil be nothing flacke to grant fuch a fute. But to returne to our purpofe, by reafon of her tender compassion, and kind acceptance of this proffered feruice, it fo falls out she hath plaide false, then is there no other shift but to keepe it close, and to take such order as best they can for the fmoothing vp of y matter : he that hath don the déed being a poore yong man, though proper of body, and perhaps can daunce very well, by which good quallitie he won her fauour, & within a whil after cropt the flower of her maydenhead: he (I fay) after a check or two and no farther matter (leaft this priuie scap should be openly knowne) is warnd from comming any more to the houfe, or frequenting her company whatfoeuer. But now you must note, that she being but a simple girl betweene

fourtéene and fifteene yeares of age, nothing expert, but rather a nouice in fuch matters, and having bin but lately deceived, knows not her felfe how it is with her. But her mother which by long experience hath gotten great iudgment, doth by her colour, her complayninge of paine at her hart and ftomack, with other like tokens, perceiues it wel enough, and havinge (as before I faid) caffierd the author of the action, then taks fhe her / daughter afide, and fchooles her fo, that in the end she confesseth that he hath bin dallying with her, but fhe knowes not whether to any purpose or not. Yes (fayth her mother) it is to fuch purpose (as by these fignes I knowe verye well) that you have thereby fhamed your felfe and al your friends, and spoiled your marriage quite and cleane. To be fhort, havinge fomewhat chid her after the commone order, for havinge no more refpect nor care of her honeftie (yet not chidinge verye extreamely, becaufe she knowes the frailtie of youth by her owne former experience) thee concludes thus comfortablye : fith it is done, and cannot bee altogether remedied, fhee will féeke to falue the matter as well as fhée can, charginge her daughter to fet a good countenance one it, leaft it should bee fuspected, and to followe her counfel and commaundement in al thinges : whereto the poore wenche willingelye confenteth.

Then her mother proceedes thus: You know maister T. A. that commeth hither fo often, hee is you feé a proper young Gentleman, and a rich heire; to morrow hee hath appointed to bee heere againe, looke that you give him good entertainment, and shewe him good countenaunce. When you fée me & the reft of our good guefts talking together, euer and anon caft your eye on him, in the kindest and louingest maner that you can: if he defire to fpeake with you, bee not coy, but heare him willinglie, answere him courteouslie. If hee intreate loue of you, tell him that you knowe not what it meanes, and that you have noe defire at all to knowe it, yet thanke him for his good will; for that woman is too vncourteous and vnciuill, which will not vouchfafe the hearing, or gentlie answeringe to those that loue her, and wish her wel. If he offer you money, take none in anye cafe, if a ring, or a girdle, or any fuch thing, at the first refuse it, yet kindely and with thankes: but if hee urge it on you twice or thrice, take it, telling him, fith that he wil néedes bestow it on you, you wil weare it for his fake. Laftly, when hee takes his leave, afke him when he will come againe? These instructions being thus giuen, and the plot layd for the fetching in / of this kind foole into Lobs pound, the next day he commeth, and is on alhandes

more kindely welcome and entertained: after dinner hauinge had great cheare, the mother falls in talke with the other guests, and this frolicke nouice gets him as néere to the daughter as he can, and while the other are hard in chat, hee takes her by the hand, and thus begins to court her: Gentlewoman, I would to God you knew my thoughts. Your thoughts fir (faith fhee) how fhould I kno them except you tell them me? it may be you think fomething that you are loth to tel. Not fo (faith he) yet I wold you knew it without telling. But that (faith fhe fmiling) is vnpoffible. Then quoth he, if I might do it without offence I would aduenture to tell you them. Sir (faith she) you may fréely speak your plesure, for I do so much assure me of your honefty, that I know you will fpeake nothinge that may procure offence. Then thus (faith he) I acknowledge without faning, that I am farre vnworthy of fo great a fauour as to be accepted for your feruant, friend, and Louer, which art fo faire, fo gentle, and euery way fo gratious, that I may truly fay that you are replenished with all the good giftes that nature can plant in any mortal creature : But if you would vouchfafe mee this vndeferued grace, my good wil, diligence, and continual forwardnes to ferue and pleafe you shoulde neuer faile. But I woulde therein equal

the moft loyal. Louer that euer liued, I would eftéeme you more then any thing elfe, and tender more your good name and credit then mine owne. Good Sir (quoth fhe) I hartily thanke you for your kinde offer, but I pray you fpeake no more of fuch matters; for I neither knowe what loue is, nor care for knowing it: This is not the leffon that my mother teacheth mee now-adayes. Why (faith he) if you pleafe fhe fhal know nothing of it, yet the other day I heard her talke of preferring you in marriag to Maister G. R. How fay you to that (quoth fhee)? Mary thus (anfweres the Gentleman) if you would vouchfafe to entertaine me for your feruant, I would neuer marry, but relie on your fauour.

But / that (faith fhe) fhould be no profit to either of vs both, and befide it would be to my reproch, which I had not thoght you wold feek. Nay (quoth he) I had rather dy then feek your difcredit. Wel fir (faith fhe) fpeak no more herof, for if my mother fhould perceiue it, I were vtterly vndone. And it may be her mother makes her a fign to giue ouer, fearing that fhe doth not play her part well. At the breaking vp of their amourous parley, he conue is into her hand a gold ring, or fome fuch toy, defiring her to tak it, and keep it for his fak: which at the firft (according to her mothers precepts) fhe doth refus: but vpõ his more earneft

vrging of it, the is content to take it in y way of honeftie, and not on any promife or condition of any farther matter: when it was brought to this passe, the mother maks motion of a journey to be made the next morning, fome te or 12. miles off, to visit or feast with some frind, or to some fair, or whatsoeuer other occasion presents it felf : To this motio they al agrée, and afterward fit downe to fupper, where he is placed next the daughter, who caries her felfe fo toward him with her pearcing glances, that the young heire is fet on fire therwith: wel, morning comes, they mount on horfback, and by the opinion of them al, ther is neuer a hors in § companie that can carry double but his, fo that he is appointed to have the maiden ride behind him, wherof he is not a little proud; and when hee féeles her hold fast by the middle, (which shee doth to staie her felf the better) he is euen rauished with ioy. After their returning home, which wilbee the fame night, the mother taking her daughter afide, questions with her touching all that had passed betweene the amourous gallant and her, which when her daughter hath rehearfed, then procéeds the wilie Graundame thus : If hée court thée any more (as I knowe hee will) then answere him that thou haft hearde thy Father and mee talking of matching thee with Maister G. R. but that thou , hast noe defire as yet to bee marriede: if hee then

offer to make thee his wife, and vfe comparisones of his worth and wealth, as if hee were euerye wave as good as hee, thanke him for good wil and kindnes, and tell / him that thou wilt fpeake with me about it, and that for thy owne part thou couldst find in thy hart to have him to thy husband rather then any man else: vpon this leffon' the daughter fleepes, reuoluing it all night in her mind. The next morning fhe walkes into the Garden, and this luftie yonker followes, when having given her the time of the day, he fals to his former fute. She wils him to give ouer fuch talke or fhee wil leaue his companie : Is this the loue you beare me (quoth fhe) to feeke my difhonesty? You know well enough that my father and mother is minded to beftow me other wife. Ah, my fwéete mistres (faith he) I would they did fo farre fauour me herein, as they do him: I dare boldly fay and fweare it, and without vaine glory vtter it, that I am euery way his equal. Oh fir, anfweres fhe, I would hee were like you. Ah fwéete mistres, faith he, you deigne to thinke better of me then I deferue, but if you would farther vouchfafe me the other fauour. I should efteeme myfelf moft happy. In troth fir, faith fhe, it is a thinge that I may not do of my felfe, without the counfell and confent of my parents, to whom I would gladly moue it, if I thought they woulde not:

bee offended. But it should be better if your felfe would breake the matter vnto them, and be fure, if that they referre the matter to mee, you shal speede so soone as any. He being rauisht with these words, and yeelding her infinite thanks, trots prefentlie to the mother to get her good wil: To be short, with a little adooe the matter is brought about, euen in fuch fort as hee woulde defire; they are straightway contracted, and immediately wedded, both becaufe that her friendes feare that the least delaye wil preuent al, and because he is so hot in the spurre, that hee thinks euery houre a yeare til it be done. Wel: the wedding night comes, wherein she behaues herself fo by her mothers counfel, that hee dares fweare on the Bible that hee had her maidenhed, and that himfelf was the first that trod the path. Within a while after it comes to his friends eares without whofe knowledge he hath maried himfelf, who are excéeding fory, knowing fhe was no meet match for him, and it may be they / haue heard withal of his wives humor: but now there is no remedie, the knot is knit, and cannot be vndone, they muft stherefore haue patience perforce. Well, he bringes his faire Bride home to his owne houfe, where godwot he hath but a fmal time of pleafure, for within three or foure months after their mariag, fhe is brought to bed: iudge then in what taking

the poore man is. If he put her away, his fham wil be publick, fhe grows common, and he not be permitted to marry againe while fhe liues, and if he keepe her ftil, loue her he cannot, fufpect her he will, and fhe both hate him, and perhapes feeke his end: finally, all the ioyes, pleafures, and delights which before time they had, are al turned to brawles banning, curfing, and fighting: thus is he hampered in Lobs pound, wher he muft of force remain, til death end his liues miferies.

CHAP. XII.

The humor of a woman being matched with an ouerkind husband.

There is another humor incident to a woman, which is, when a young man hath turmoyld and toffed himfelf fo long, that with much adoe hee hath gotten into lobes pound, and hath perhaps met with a wife according to his owne defire, and perchance fuch a one, that it had bin better for him to haue lighted on another, yet he likes her fo well, that he wold not haue mift her for any golde; for in his opinion there is no woman aliue like vnto her: hee hath a great delight to heare her fpeake, is prowde of his matche, and peraduenture is withal of fo fhéepifh

a nature, that hee hath purposed wholie to gouerne himfelfe by her counfel and direction, fo that if any one speake to him about a bargaine, or whatfoeuer other bufines, he tels them that hee will have his wives opinion in it, and if fhee bee content, he will go thorough with it, if not then wil he giue it ouer : thus is he as tame and pliable, as a Jack an apes to his keeper. If the Prince fet forth an army, and / she be vnwilling that he should go, who (you may think) wil aske her leaue, then must he stay at home, fight whoe will for the country: But if she be at any time defirous to haue his roome (which many times fhe likes better then his company) fhe wants no iourneyes to imploy him in, and he is as ready as a Page to vndertake them: If the chide, he answeres not a word, generally whatfoeuer fhee doth, or howfoeuer, hee thinks it well done. Judge now in what a cafe this filly calfe is: is not he think you finly dreft that is in much fubiection? The honefteft wooman, and most modest of that fexe, if shee weare the bréeches, is so out of reason in taunting and controuling her hufband, for this is their common fault, and be fhe neuer fo wife, yet, becaufe a woman, fcarce able to gouern her felf, much leffe her hufbande, and all his affaires, for were it not fo, God wold have made her the head; which fith it is other wife, what can bee

more prepofterous, then that the head should be gouernd by the foote? if then a wife and honeft womans fuperioritie bee vnfeemely, and breede great inconuenience, how is he dreft, thinke you, if hee light on a fond wanton, and malicious dame? Then doubtles hee is foundly fped : fhe will kéepe a fweete hart vnder his nofe, yet is he fo blind v he cannot perceiue nothing: but for more fecuritie, she wil many times fend him packing beyond fea, about fome odde errand which she wil buzze in his eares, and he will performe it at her pleafure, though fhee fend him forth at midnight, in rayne, hayle, or fnow, for hee must bee a man for all wetheres: Their children, if they have any, must be brought vp, apparelled, fed, and taught accordinge to her pleafure : and one point of their learning is alwayes to make no account of their father. If any of their children be daughters, fhee wil marrye them according to her minde to whom fhee lift, when the lift, and give with them what dowry fhe lift, without acquanting him therewith, till fhee haue concluded the match; and then fhe tels him, not to haue his confent, but as a maister may tell his feruante, to give him direction howe to behaue himfelfe to deale therein : finally, / fhe orders al thinges as fhe thinks beft her felfe, making no more account of him, especially if hee

bee in yeares, then men doe of an old horfe which is paft labour. Thus is hee mewed vp in Lobs pound, plunged in a fea of cares, and corafiues, yet hee (kinde foole) déemes himfelfe most happye in his happines wherein hee must now perforce remaine while life doth last; and pittie it were hee shoulde wante it, fith he likes it fo well.

CHAP. XIII.

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The humor of a woman, whose husband is gone ouer the sea vpon busines.

A N other humor of a woman is, when the hufbande hath binne maried fome feauen or eight yeares, more or leffe, and as hee thinkes, hee hath met with as good wife as any man can haue, with whom he hath continued al $\frac{1}{y}$ aforefaide time with great delights and pleafures: But admit hee bee a Gentleman, and that hee is defirous to purchace honor by following armes, and in this humor hee refolues to make a ftep abroad, and not to tarrye alwayes like a cowardly drone by the fmoake of his owne chimney; but when he is ready to depart, fhe D. I.

bathing her chéekes with tears, falls about his neck, cols, kiffeth, and imbraceth him; thế wéeping, fighing and fobbing, fhee thus begins to him, Ah fweet hufbande, will you now leaue me? wil you thus depart from me and from your children, whiche knowes not when wee fhall fee you againe, or whether you fhal euer come home againe or noe? Alas fweete hufbande, goe not, tarrye with vs ftill; if you leaue vs wee are vtterly vndone. Ah fwéet wife (faith he) diffwade mee not from this enterprife, which concernes both my credite and alleagiance, for it is our Prince, commaundement, and I muft obey: but be you wel affured that I wil not be long from you (if it pleafe God.)

Thus / doth he comfort and quiet her in the beft fort that he can, and be fhe neuer fo importunate, be her feares neuer fo many, her intreaty neuer fo forcible, yet go he wil, efféeming his renowne and dutie to his Prince and country more then wife and children, though next to it he efféeme and loue them chiefeft of al other. And at his departure hee recommendes them to the care and curtefie of his chiefeft friendes; yet fome there be whofe tender harts melt fo eafely with kind compaffion, that one of their wiues teares, and the leaft of their intreats, wil tie them fo faft by the legge at home, that they wil not ftir on foote

from her swéet side, neither for king nor Keysar, wealth nor honor. Thes are crauens, and vnworthy to be called gentlemen. But to returne to this vallorous and braue minded gentleman, of whom we fpak before, it may be that either by the long continuance of the warres, or by his misfortune in being taken prifoner, or fome other let, hee comes not home in foure or fiue yeares, & al that whil ther is no newes of him : you may be fure that his wife is a forrowful woman, and wholly furchargd with griefe, being thus depriued of her louing mate, and hearing nothing of his eftate. But al things haue an end, and fhe feeing that in fo long a time, fhe can hear no tydinges of him, doth peremtory conclude that he is dead. Then confidering to liue comfortles in widdows estate, wer an vncouth life, fhe determines to marry her felf to fome one fo foon as conveniently fhe may, which wil be foon inough, for a faire woman, if willing can want no choyce. Thus her former forrow is fomewhat alaid, and within a while after clean extinguisht, by the fresh delights, pleasure, contents and follace which this new choice doth yeeld. So that now hir other husbande is wholly forgotten, her children which she had by him little regarded, and the goods which belong to them, are fpent on others, while the poore wretches want things needfull, but not blowes and hard vfage. To be fhort, the

teares which she bestowed on her other husbande at his departure is dryed vp, her imbraces vanished. And whofoeuer shoulde fee her with this fecond husbande, and what kindnesse shee shewes / vnto him, woulde verily thinke that fhee loues him farre better then she did the first, who in the meane while is either prifoner, or els fighting in extreame hazard of his life. But in the end it chaunceth fo, that by paying his ranfome, (if he haue bene prisoner) home hee comes, cleane chaunged thorough the many troubls he hath had: And being com somwhat néere, failes not to inquire of his wife and children, for he is in great feare, that they are either dead or in fome great distreffe. And doubtles in the time of his imprisonment or other daungeres, hee haue oft thought, ofte dreamed of them, and oft forrowed for them, oft fought God to preferue and bleffe them. And that perhaps fometimes, at the very inftant when the was in the others armes, toying and dallying, and in the mideft of her delights. Well, inquiring (as before faid) [he] heares that fhe - 🗸 is married againe : then iudge you with what griefe he heares it : But his griefe is bootelesse, for now the matter is past remedy. If he have any care of his credite, any regard of his estimation, he wil neuer take her more, though perhaps the other having had his plefure of her could be wel content either to

restore her to him, or to leaue her to any one else. She on the other fide is vtterly shamed, and her name stained with perpetuall reproch, and neither he nor she can marry while they liue. Their poore children are likewife griued and shamed at their mothers infamy. Sometimes likewife it happens, v for the wives caufe, the hufband being coragious, doth quarrel and perhaps combat with him, who being better then himfelfe, doth either wound or kill him, and the occasion hereof fprung from their wives prid, becaufe forfooth fhee will take the wall of the others wife, or fit aboue her, whom she will in no wife suffer, nor loofe an inch of her eftate, and hereupon the hufbands must together by the ears. Thus the fuppofed bleffednes which hee expected by plunging himfelfe in lobs pound, is-turned into forrow, truble, danger, and continuall discontent while life doth laft.

CHAP. / XIIII.

The humor of a woman that hath bene twice married.

THere is another humor belonging to a woman, which is, when a young man having found the way into Lobbes pound, méetes with a wife of like years, fresh, lusty, fair, kind and gracious, with whom he hath liued two or three years, in al delights, joys and pleafure that any married couple could haue : neuer did the one difpleafe the other, neuer foule word past betwixt them, but they are almost stil kissing and colling each other, like a couple of doues. And nature hath framed fuch fympathy betwéene them, that if the one be il at eafe or difcontented, the other is fo likewife. But in the midst of this their mutuall loue and follace. it chanceth that she dies; wherat he gréeues fo extreamely, that he is almost befide himselfe with forrow: he mournes, not only in his apparel for a fhew, but vnfainedly, in his very heart, and that fo much, that hee fhunnes al places of pleafure, and al company, liues follitary and fpends the time in daily complaints & mones, and bitterly bewaling the loffe of fo good a wife, wherein no man can iuftly blame him, for it is a loffe worthy to be

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lamented. And a iewel which whofoere hath is happy (but this happines is very rare). To be fhort, his thoughts are al on her, and fhe fo firmely printed in his mind, that whether he fléepe or wake, fhe féemes alwaies to bee in fight ; but as all thinges hath an end, fo here had forrowe. After awhile fome of his friendes having fpied out a fecond match, which as they think is very fit for him, do preuaile fo much with him, through her perfwafions, that hee accepts it, and marries himfelfe againe, but not as before, with a yong maid, but with a lufty widow, of a middle age and much experience; who by the trial which fhe had of her first husband, knowes how to handle the fecod : but that fhe may do it the better, fhe doth not prefently discouer / her humor, til she haue thoroughly markt how he is inclined, what his coditions are, & what his nature is : which finding milde, and kind, and very flexible (the fiteft mould to caft a foole in) having now the full length of his foot, then shewes . fhe herfelfe what she is, vnmasking her diffembling malice. Her first attempt is to vsurpe superioritie, and to become his head, and this fhee obtaines without any great difficultye, for there is nothing fo lauish as a simple & wel natured young man being in fubiection, that is married, to a widow, especially if she be, as the most of them are, of a peruers and crabed nature. I may very wel com-

pare him to an vnfortûat wretch whofe il happe is to bee caft into a ftrong prifon, vnder the kéeping of a cruel and pittileffe Jaylor, that is not moued to compaffion, but rather to great rigor, in the beholdinge the miferies of this poore wretch; whofe onely refuge in this diftreffe, is to pray vnto God to giue him patience to endure this croffe, for if hee complaine of his hard vfage, it will afterwards proue worfe.

But to proceede : This iolly widdow wil within a while grow Jealous, feare and fufpect that fome other dame hath part of that which fhe fo mightily defireth, and wherewith fhee could neuer bee fatisfied, fo that if hee glut not her infatiable humor, straighteway shee conceineth this opinion if hee doe but talke, nay, which is worfe, looke on any other woman; for fhee by her good wil woulde bee alwayes in his armes, or at the leaft in his companye: For as the fifh whiche hauinge beene in water, that through the heate of the fommer is halfe dryed vpp, beginnes to flicke full of mudde, feekes for fresh water, and havinge founde it, doth willingly remayn therin and wil in no wife return to his former place: euen fo an olde woman, hauinge gottenne a younge man, will cling to him, like an Iuy to an Elme. But on the other fide, a young man cannot loue an olde woman, howfoeuer hee doth diffemble, neither is

there any, that more endaungers his death : for it is with him, as with one that drinketh musty wine; who if he be thirftye feeles / nothinge whiles hee is drinking, but at the ende of his draught, he feeles fuch a displeasing taste, that it doth almost turne his stomack. But if yong men can in no wife fancy old women, what loue think you yong women can beare to old men, whe befid the fundry imperfections of their age, which are fo loathfome, that it is impoffible for a fresh yong tender damfell, be fhee neuer fo vertuous, to endure the companye, much leffe the kiffes and imbraces of the perfone which hath them, all the lufty gallantes thereabouts will not faile to vfe whatfoeuer deuifes and meanes poffible for the horninge of the olde dotard, hoping that fhee wil bee eafily woon to wantonnes: and furely they grond this hope on great likelihood, for fith it is no difficult exploit to graft the like kindnes on a yong mans forhead, who is able in far better measure to féede his wives appetite, and fhee hath therefore more caufe to be true to him, it may furely feeme no great matter to performe the like piece of feruice with this other infortunate dame, who is almost hunger starued for lacke of the due beneuolence of wedlocke. But now to returne to our young man, yoakt (as before I faide) to this olde widdow, I conclude that his eftate is most miserable: for besides the

daunger of his health, and befide the fubiection, nay rather feruitude which hee liues in, this third - euill, I meane his wiues iealoufie, is alone an intollerable torment vnto him, fo that be he neuer fo quiet, neuer fo defirous to content her, neuer fo feareful to difplease her, yet cannot he auoyd her brawles, objections and falce accufations of lewdnes and difloyaltie, for an olde woman infected with iealoufie, is like a hellish furie: If he go to any of her friends about any busines, yea to the Church to ferue God, yet will fhee alwayes thinke the worft, and affure her felfe, that he playes falce, though indeede he be neuer fo continent, who whatsoeuer he pleadeth in his owne defence, yea though he proue himfelfe blameles by fuch reafons as fhe can by noe reafon confute, yet will not all this fatisfie her, fuch is the peruerfenes of her fubborne, crabbed, and malisti]ous nature, made worfe by dotage and raiginge Iealoufie; / for being priuie to her owne defectes, and knowing that he, by reason of his youth and hasomnes may perchance fal in fauour with a yong dame, thinking withall that a yong man, whe he may have fuch a match, wil be loth to leaue it for a worfe, or prefer four veriuce before fweete wine, She cocluds peremptory in these fugestions as before. Lo here the issue of this affes turning into Lobs pound, and intangling of himfelf again, when he had once gotten out to

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his former liberty; which if he once more looke for, he is mad, for he muft now perforce continue there while life doth laft, which [by] this meanes will be farre fhorter, and hee looke farre older, having beene but two yeares married with this olde crib, then if he had lived ten yeares with a young wife.

CHAP. XV.

The humor of a young woman given over to al kind of wantonnesse.

THer is yet another humor that a woman is fubiect to, which is, when an vnfortunat yong man, having long laboured to get into Lobs pound, & having in the end obtained his defires, doth match him-felfe with a lufty wanton young wench, which without fear of him, or care of her own credit, takes her pleafure freely, and withal fo ouer boldly, and vnaduifedly, that within a whil her hufband perceius it; who there vpon being not a little inraged, doth in the heate of his impatience, after much brawling on both fides, roughly and defperatly threaten her, thinking therby to terrifie her, & mak her honeft by compulsion : But that makes her worfe, for whereas before she did it for wantoness, now will fhe do it for defpight: and what with the

on and the other, be fo inflamed that were she fure to be killed for it, yet would she not leaue it: Which he perceiuing, watcheth her doings fo narrowly, that in the end he fées her fwéet hart com clofely to his hous; then / being on fire with furie, runnes hastily to furprize him, and enters his wives chamber with full purpofe to kill him, though he had ten thousand lives : But iudge you in what a taking the poore yong man is, in feeing himfelfe thus furprized, and looking for nothing els but prefent death, becaufe hee hath nothinge to defende himfelfe. But fhee for whofe fake hee hath incurred this daungere, doth kindely frée him by this stratagem, for as her husbande is ready to strike or stabe him, fhee catcheth him haftiely aboute the middle, cryinge out, Alasse man what dooe you meane? While shee thus staies her husband, the younkere betakes him to his heeles, running downe the staiers amayne, and out of the doores, as if the diuell were at his tayle, and after him the good man as faste as hee can drive. But when hee fees that he cannot ouertake him, hee turnes backe in a like rage, to wreake his angere one his wife. But shee dreadinge as much, getes her haftielye (before his returne) to her mothere, to whome fhee complaines of his caufeleffe fufpition and deuillish furie, iustifying her felfe, as

if the wer not the woman, that would commit fo leaud a part : But her mother fifting the matter narrowely, her daughter confesseth her faulte; but to make it féeme the leffe fhe teles her a large tale of the younge manes importunity, whoe for fo longe time together did continually trouble her, and whether foeuer fhee wente hee woulde bee fure to folow her, begging pitifully her loue and fauour; that she had often sharply answered him, & flatly denied his fute, yet could fhe not for all that be rid of him : fo that in the end, she was inforct for her own quietnes to graunt his request. She repeats withall, how kindly & intierly he loues her, how much he hath bestoed on her, how many foule iournies he hath had for her fake in rayne and fnowe, as well by night as dave, in danger of théeues, in perrill of his life, and how narroly he escaped her husband the last time, fo that for verye pittie and compasion, she was moued to fauour him, & no woman could be fo hard harted, as to fuffer fo true and kind a yong man to lan/guish for her loue, and die vnregarded : for on my life, mother (faith she) if I had not yéelded, he woulde haue dyed for thought.

The mother hearing her daughter to faye thus, acceptes her anfwere for currant, and thinkes that fhee hath fufficiently inftified her felfe, but to

preuent further fcandal, and to appeale her angry fonn in law, & reconcile her daughter vnto him by cafting a mift before his eyes, the takes this cours, fhe fends for her especiall goffip & companions, whos counfels in like cafes the doth vfe: they comming at the first cal, & being al assembled either before a good fier (if it bee winter) or in a greene arbor (if it be fomer) one of the noting her daughters heauy countenance demandes § caufe therof : Mary, faith the, the hath had a mischance about which I have made bold to trouble you, & craue your adulce : with that fhe recounts the whole matter vnto them, but shewing the true caufe of her hufbands anger: to be fhort, fhe hath ready two or three pottles of wine, & a few iunkets, which they prefently fal aboord, that they may the better giue their feuerall verdits afterwards; mean whil they cofort the young woman, bidding her affure her felf, that hir husband is more perplexed then fhe : and that I know by min own experience, for my husband and I wer one at variance, but he could neuer be quiet til we wer made frieds. In good faith goffip (faith another) and fo ferued I min. Another makes a motion to fed for the yong gallant that is fo true a louer to her goffipes daughter, that his prefence may cheer her, & rid away her melancholly. This motion doth hir mother faintly cotradict, but in

the end most voices preuails, he is fent for, and comes with a trice; then ther is much good chat, many a reproche and kinde scoffe giuen the poore husband: And to mend the matter comes in the chambermayd, who was priuie to all the former clofe packing between her miftres and her fweete hart, and for her filence and imployment in furthering both their contents, fhe hath goten a new gowne, and fomwhat els: it may be her maister hath sent her abroad about some busines, or perhaps fhe coines an excufe of / her felfe, thereby to make a step abroad to see her mistresse, and to bring her newes how al things go at home : She hath no fooner fet a foote within the roome wher they are, then one of them askes how her maister doth? My maister (faith she) I neuer faw a man in that taking : I dar fay that finc yesterday morning when this misfortune happened, he hath not eaten one crum, dranke one drop, or flept one winke al yester night. To day he fat down to dinner, and put one bit in his mouth but could not fwallow it, for he fpit it out prefently, and fat a good while after in a dumpe: In the end ftriking his knif on the table, he rofe haftily, and went into the garden, and immediatly cam in again: To be short, he is altogether out of temper, and can rest no where; he doth nothing but figh and fob, and he looks like a dead man : hereat they laugh apace,

and to be fhort, they determine that two of the chiefe of them, shall goe and speak with him the next morning, & that when they are in the midst of their talk the reft shal come in afterward. The mother with her two goffips, according to this plot, doe procéede in the matter. And next morning finding him in his dumpes, one of them gentilly afkes him what he ayles? herto he anfweres onely with a figh: whereupon fhe takes occasion thus to fpeak. In good faith goffip I must chid you, my goffip your wives mother told mee I know not what of/a difagréement betweene your wife and you, and a certain fond humor that you are fallen into : I wis I am forry to hear it : And before God you are not fo wife as I had thought you had ben, to wrong your wife thus without a cause, for I durst lay my life ther is no fuch matter. By this good day (faith another) I have knowne her euer fince she was a little one, both maide and wif, and I neuer faw but wel by the womã: And in good footh it griues me to the very hart, that her name shold now come in question without cause : Before God you have don the poore woman that disgrac, and fo stained her good name, that you [will] neuer be able to make her amendes. Then ftepes ✓ in the chamber-maid with her fine eggs. In good faith (faith fhe, I know not what my maister hath feene, or whereon hee doth / ground his fuspition,

but I take God to my witnes that I neuer faw any fuch matter by my mistreffe, and yet I am fure that if there were any fuch thing, I should fee it as foone as another. Gods body drab, faith he al inragd, wilt thou face me downe of that which my felf faw? Oh goffip, quoth on of the dams, Godforbid, that every man and woman which is alone together should do euill. I deny not, faith the chamber-maide, that the villan knaue hath long fued vnto my mistress for such a matter, but by my honesty master, I know y there is neuer a man aliue whom she hates more : and rather the she would comit any fuch folly with him, fhe would fe him hagd and be burned her felf : I maruel how the diuel hee got into the house. Here the other goffips com in on after another, and each giues her verdit : In good faith goffip, faith one, I think that next your wif, ther is not a woman in the world y loues you beter then I do: and if I knew or thoght any fuch mater as you fuspect, be fure I wold not let to tel you of it. Surely faith another, this is but the diuels worke to fet them at variance, for he cannot abide that husband and wif shold liue wel together. In good faith faith the third, the poore woman doth nothing but weep. By Chrift quoth the fourth I fear it wil coft her her life, she griues and takes on in fuch fort. Then comes the mother weeping & crying out, making as thogh 18 D. I.

fhe would fcratch out his eies with her nails, exclaiming in this fort. Ah curfed catiffe, woe worth the hower that euer my daughter matcht with thee, to be thus shamed & slandered, & haue her name spotted without caus. But she is well enough ferued, that would take fuch a bafe churle, when fhee might have had fundry good gentlemen. Ah good goffip, faith another, be not out of patience, Ah goffip, faith fhee, if my daughter were in fault, by our good lord I would kill her my felf. But think ye I have no caus to be moued, when I fee my child, being giltles thus vfed? with that the flinges out of doores in a rage, and all the goffips comes vpon him thicke & threefold, who is fo full of fundrie thoughts, & fo grieued and troubled, that he knowes not whereon to refolue, nor what to fay. In the / end they growing fomwhat calmer, promife if he wil, to vndertake the recociling of him and his wife, which he most ernestly defireth them to do. They accordingly performe it, fo that al controuerfies are ended, all strife ceased, the matter hushed vp, and his wife taken home again ; who taking greater courage by the fucceffe hereof, and being now cleane past shame, will grow farr bolder in her villany then before. And the poore meacock on the other fide, having his courage thus quailed, wil neuer afterward fal at ods with her, for feare of

the like ftorme, but wil fuffer her to haue her own faying in al things, and be in a manner fubiect to her, fpending the remnant of his life, in care, feare, difcontent, and griefe, his goods wafting he knowes not how, and himfelfe a laughing flock to al that knowes him.

FINIS.

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