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> O'Fallon Centennial Celebration, 1854-1954.

ILLINOIS HISTORICAL SURVEY





O'FALLON CENTENNIAL

1854

1954

977,389









O'FALLON, ILLINOIS



Souvenir Program

ILLINOIS HISTORICAL SURVEY

O'FALLON 1854 CENTENNIAL CELEBRATION 1954

AUGUST 25 - 26 - 27 - 28 - 29

—— Featuring ——

THE DRAMATIC HISTORICAL PAGEANT

.. This Is Our Town

THURSDAY and FRIDAY - 8 P. M.

Parades - Rides - Dances - Entertainment

5 DAYS OF GALA EVENTS AND FUN

SOUVENIR PROGRAM

AND

HISTORY of O'FALLON

PRICE — 50c

1854 -- 100 YEARS OF PROGRESS -- 1954

A Centennial Toast To O'Fallon

The charm of O'Fallon, keeps calling me home, It calls to me sweetly, wherever I roam, On highways and byways, or out on the sea The charm of O'Fallon, keeps calling to me. You're only a town, with an Old Irish name, You have your faults, but you're great just the same, There kind hearts and true friends, I meet every day, That's why I miss you, when I am away. Just one hundred years, have now come and gone, Since you as a village, were cradled and born. The charm of O'Fallon, with each passing year, Grows ever more precious, and ever more dear.

Wm. Gash Willard Feb. 13, 1954 117.389

Executive Committee





Delbert C. Corbier ADVISORY



JOHN L. ANHEUSER GENERAL CHAIRMAN



31 +/16 PATULE

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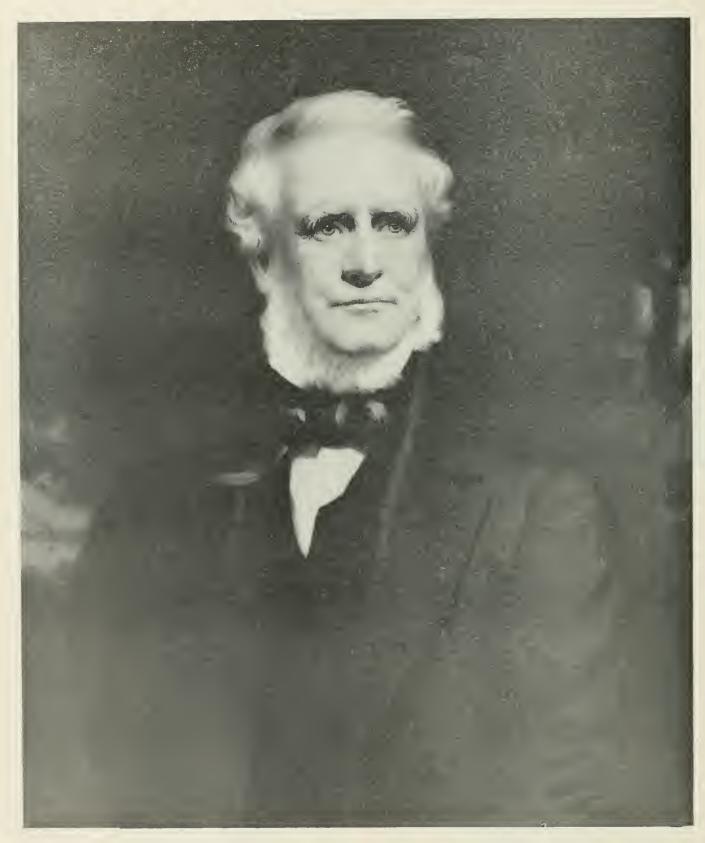
Mayor Henry M. Hesse ADVISORY



Merle C. Hesse TREASURER



J. E. Hinchcliffe, Sr. SFCRETARY



Col. John O'Fallon

__4___

Biography of John O'Fallon

John O'Fallon, from whom the city of O'Fallon derived its name, was one of St. Louis' most interesting and historical characters. He was a soldier, a business man, a real estate owner, and public minded citizen.

His father, James O'Fallon, was a physician who came to this country shortly before the Revolutionary Var and served as a surgeon in Washington's army. After the war he went to Louisville, Kentucky, where he met and married Frances Clark, a sister of George Rogers Clark and William Clark, Army officers, who became famous in the development of the Mississippi Valley.

John O'Fallon's father died when John was but a child and he was reared and educated by his mother and uncles. With this army background it was only natural that he, too, became a soldier. He fought in the War of 1812 where he rose to the rank of Captain.

After the war ended he came to St. Louis and became assistant Indian Agent to his Uncle William Clark of Lewis and Clark Expedition fame. Later John O'Fallon was a contractor, buying and selling supplies to the Army. This proved a profitable business and he accumulated a considerable fortune. He invested his newly acquired wealth in a number of very lucrative enterprises, among them railroads. He was one of the promoters of the Pacific Railroad (now Missouri Pacific) as well as the North Missouri Railroad (now the Wabash) and the Ohio and Mississippi (now Baltimore and Ohio) and was the first president of each of these railroads. His most gainful investment was two large tracts of land now part of north St. Louis which he subdivided into building lots. On a part of one of these tracts he built a large country home which he named Athlone for the town in Ireland from which his father had come. This estate was later acquired by the city of St. Louis and is now O'Fallon Park.

John O'Fallon is remembered for his many charitable and educational benefactions. Among these were gifts to St. Louis University, Washington University, and particularly a large gift to O'Fallon Polytechnic Institute. This latter institution was the forerunner of the St. Louis high schools and public library. He also assisted the Episcopal Church of which he was a member and built the Methodist Church at the corner of Fourth Street and Washington Avenue in St. Louis of which is wife was a member.

John O'Fallon died December 17, 1865 at his home, 1125 Washington Avenue, St. Louis, Missouri.



Calendar of Events

WEDNESDAY, AUGUST 25

7:00 p.m. Silver Harvest drawing First Street and Lincoln Avenue.

7:30 p.m. Old Timers' Parade. Ancient vehicles, sponsored by Kiwanis Club.

Parade to be followed by crowning of Centennial Queen and awarding of prizes to

best beards and old fashioned dress costumes.

Downtown stores to cooperate by remaining open for open house. Dancing in the streets. Refreshments for remainder of evening.

THURSDAY, AUGUST 26

12:00 Noon Refreshment stands, Woman's Club Information Booth and Friendship Tent open.

12:00 Noon Industrial and Scott Air Force Base exhibits open.

5:30 p.m. Buckeye Four Jamboree. Second show at 10:30 p.m. Free.

8:00 p.m. Historical pageant on baseball field. Admission is free.

10:15 p.m. Exhibition of folk dancing by the Cosmopolitans.

FRIDAY, AUGUST 27

10:00 a.m. Industrial tours until noon.

10:00 a.m. Mine Rescue display truck on exhibit throughout day.

10:00 a.m. Scott Air Force Base and Industry displays.

12:00 Noon Refreshment stands, Woman's Club Information Booth and Friendship Tent open.

2:30 p.m. Buckeye Four Jamboree. Shows also at 5:30 p.m. and 10:30 p.m. Free.

8:00 p.m. Historical pageant on baseball field. Admission is free.

10:00 p.m. Free square dancing. Callers Joan and Frank Keeser.

10:30 p.m. Exhibition of round dancing by R. H. Rounders.

SATURDAY, AUGUST 28

9:00 a.m. Live Stock display by Friendly Farmers, 4-H Club and Soil Conservation group.

9:00 a.m. Industrial and Scott Air Force Base exhibits open.

10:00 a.m. Woman's Club Information Booth and Friendship Tent open.

12:00 Noon Refreshment stands open.

1:00 p.m. Western Parade.

1:30 p.m. Children's Parade. sponsored by Rotary Club.

2:30 p.m. Wild West Rodeo.

7:00 p.m. First Mardi Gras Parade. Giant float parade. All organizations to participate. 8:30 p.m. Centennial Hoedown on Tennis Courts, Harold Mainor, caller, until 11:30 p.m.

9:00 p.m. Dancing until 1:00 a.m. to Walter Schlemmer's orchestra.

SUNDAY, AUGUST 29

Attend church in the morning. Centennial dress welcome.

9:00 a.m. Live Stock display by Friendly Farmers, 4-H Club and Soil Conservation group.

9:00 a.m. Scott Air Force Base displays until 4:00 p.m.

9:00 a.m. Refreshment stands. Woman's Club Information Booth and Friendship Tent open.

1:00 p.m. Western Parade.

2:30 p.m. Wild West Rodeo.

6:00 p.m. Second big Mardi Gras Parade.

8:00 p.m. Dancing until midnight to Freddie Fischer's orchestra.

8:00 p.m. Centennial Hoedown. Square Dancing until 11:00 p.m. on Tennis Court. Joan and Frank Keeser, callers.

9:30 p.m. Exhibition of square dancing (intermission) by R. H. Rounders.

City Officials



Aldermen: Charles Miller, Charles Heitman, G. G. Budina; City Clerk Edwin H. Hesse; City Attorney P. K. Johnson, Sr.; Mayor Henry M. Hesse; City Treasurer J. Emmett Hincheliffe; Aldermen: Edward R. Hemmer, John Fuchs, and Arnold Dickinson



Police Department

At left, Chief of Police James Tiley At right, Patrolman Eugene Ferguson



Candidates for Centennial Queen



At the time this booklet went to press the Queen Contest had not yet ended. O'Fallon Centennial, Inc., owes these young ladies a debt of gratitude for their efforts in advertising the Centennial. First row, from left: Claudette Napier, Virginia Armstrong, Norma Lee Warma, Patsy Eck. Second row, from left: Dorothy Scott, Darlene Moore, Barbara Little, and Joan Shea.

Wedding Dresses "Thru the Years"



Naomi Poser, Roberta Ruth, Carrie Peers, Edna Songer and Ruth Warma.



Theodora Zinkgraf, Lucille Barrow, Ann Thomas, Alma Hesse and Vera McGuire.



Audrey Klein, Marlene Lautz, Theodora Zinkgraf and Naomi Poser.

Early History of O'Fallon and Surrounding Area



JAMES DISTLER, SR., first boy born in O'Fallon standing in front of the first school house located on South Lincoln Avenue. The house was removed from the site in May 1935. (Picture taken in 1927)

The first surveys of land under the supervision of the government of the United States were made in this section of the country in 1808. The surveying of Congressional Townships was not completed until 1814. Later the townships were divided for political purposes into precincts. O'Fallon Precinct situated in the northern part of St. Clair County was irregular in form and contained 40 sections or about 25,600 acres of rich productive land. The greater part of the precinct was contained within the area known as Ridge Prairie. The land in Ridge Prairie had sufficient timber and water to make it desirable for settlement and agricultural purposes.

The first settlement in the O'Fallon area was made in Ridge Prairie in 1802 by Captain Joseph Ogle. In 1809, James Lemen with other members of his family settled in the precinct and constituted Bethel Baptist Church. These two settlements, Ridge Prairie and Bethel, had a profound influence on the establishment and development of O'Fallon.

The city of O'Fallon received its name in honor of John O'Fallon, a prominent and wealthy gentlemen of St. Louis, and who was at that time interested in the promotion of the Ohio and Mississippi Railroad which is now known as the Baltimore and Ohio Railroad.

In 1854 the Ohio and Mississippi Railroad built a depot and water tank on the present site of the city and named the location O'Fallon Station in honor of Mr. John O'Fallon. Town lots were platted by Ernest Tiedemann under the direction of Frederick A. Carpenter and Hugo O. Sheerbarth. On May 13, 1854, under the big clm on the commons located south and east of the present depot, lots were sold at public auction. The top price paid for a lot was \$10.00.

The first residence erected in O'Fallon was that of John and Sarah Distler which was built in 1851. This house, built of logs, was located about half way between the mill and the present Illinois Terminal tracks. Later this house was moved to the east end of town and was made part of a dwelling built by George Slater. John Distler drove a team of oxen and assisted in the grading and preparation of the road bed for the O&M Railroad. Their son, James Distler, was the first boy born in O'Fallon.

The first building erected after the town was platted was a small frame dwelling built by Anderson Umbarger in 1855 at the corner of State and Cherry streets. This house is presently owned by Doctor Edward Trippel.

The second building was a residence and store erected by Henry S. Gordon of Randolph County in the fall of 1856. Mr. Gordon soon sold out the store to his son-in-law, S. Mace, who continued to operate it. This building was n the site of the building presently occupied by Ralph Thomas at 112 West State street.

In 1857, Peach and Simmons built a two story brick building which was used for a general store. On June 3, 1863, the building was destroyed by fire and Levi Simmons built another brick building on the same site. This building, at the corner of State and Lincoln, is the present bus station.

Anderson Umbarger was the first postmaster when the post office was established in 1855. The first restaurant was operated by Mrs. Clarissa Knowlton in one side of the depot, and she served meals to the railroad men. In July, 1859, Dr. Columbus Hixon became the first established physician of O'Fallon.

In 1859, the following families were residents:derson Umbarger, William Peach, Mrs. C. Knowlton, John Daily, John Salter, Dr. C. Hixson, Henry Stocker, Philip Schildknecht, Cornelius Neville, Henry Farr, John Distler, C. Powell, Benjamin Orcutt, Henry Mace, and G. W. Rawson.

O'Fallon was incorporated as a village on January 27, 1874 and the first election of village officials was held on April 21st of the same year. The following officials were elected: President, Frank Poignee; Trustees, Charles Tiedemann, Daniel Schaefer, Thomas Mackin, John Feder, and John Powell.

On March 14, 1905, at a special election called for that purpose, the citizens by a vote of 175 to 63 signified their desire to change to the city form of government. At the first city election, April 18, 1905, the following city officials were selected: Mayor, John Seddon; Aldermeo, William Hampton; Charles Ahrens, and Jacob Bernhardt; City Clerk, W. R. Lawrence; City Treasurer, Joseph Taylor; City Marshall, Horace Evans; and Superintendent of Streets, D. Zitzmann.

Following is a list of Presidents of the Village Board and the years they were elected:

1874 Frank Poignee 1882 Charles Tiedemann

| and | the years they were | elected: | |
|------|---------------------|----------|-----------------|
| | Frank Poignee | | Charles Tiedema |
| 1875 | Charles Tiedemann | 1884 | Ernst Tiedemann |
| 1876 | Ernest Tiedemann | 1885 | Louis Landwehr |
| 1877 | Charles Tiedemann | 188ઢે | Peter Weil |
| 1878 | Frank Poignee | 1888 | Levi Simmons |
| 1879 | Charles Tiedemann | 1889 | James E. Owen |
| 1880 | Ernst Tiedemann | 1890 | Levi Simmons |
| | | | |

| 1901 | John Lawrence | 1899 Wilford Ward |
|------|----------------|---------------------|
| | C. H. Darrow | 1900 John Seddon |
| | Philip Heyde | 1902 William Housam |
| 1897 | William Lehman | |

Following is a list of the Mayors of the City of O'Fallon and the years they were elected:

| for a | illa tile jeale tilej | | |
|-------|-----------------------|------|-----------------|
| 1905 | John Seddon | | John Seddon |
| 1909 | Joseph Taylor | 1921 | Ralph Kampmeyer |
| [911 | D. L. Thomas | 1935 | John Budina |
| 1913 | John Seddon | 1937 | Reginald Smith |
| 1915 | C. E. Tiedemann | 1945 | Henry M. Hesse |
| | | | |

The present City officials are as follows:

Mayor Henry M. Hesse
City Clerk Edwin H. Hesse
City Treasurer J. Emmett Hinchcliffe, Sr.

Aldermen

First Ward—G. G. Budina and Edward R. Hemmer Second Ward—Charles Heitman and Charles Miller Third Ward—John Fuchs and Arnold Dickinson

Stories of the weather are always topics of conversation. Stories of the weather of today are much less interesting than those of the past. Today scientific instruments furnish information which is undebatable, but of earlier times the information came from the older residents who had lived during that time and remembered the days that were colder, the rains that were heavier, and the summers that were hotter.

On June 30, 1877, a tornado struck O'Fallon. Much damage was done to homes and business places. The Catholic Church, school house, and parish home were badly damaged. The upper part of the Methodist Church steeple was blown away.

Blizzards during the winters of 1856, 1890, and 1912 piled snow in tremendous drifts and paralyzed the area for many days.

On April 16, 1918, a severe hailstorm struck the St. Clair County area and did great damage to vehicles, roofs, and window panes.

Many residents remember the tornado of March 15, 1938 that struck and did much damage in the Glenview area to the west and in the rural areas north of O'Fallon.

The cloud burst of August 15, 1946 is still remembered. After a night of torrential rain, streets and basements were flooded; roads and railroads were blocked by flood waters. The rain storm was the worst in the 109 year history of the weather bureau. During the week of August 15th, 14.7 inches of rain fell and the rainfall for the month of August amounted to 20.25 inches.

The altitude of O'Fallon is 550 feet above sea level. The average yearly temperature is 563 degrees fahrenheit. The seasonal range in temperature is from a January mean of 31.9 to a July mean of 89.3 degrees fahrenheit. The growing season extends from April 4th to October 27th or about 190 days. The annual rainfall is about 39.7 inches (the past two years have been below normal), while the average humidity is 70 per cent.

O'Fallon now represents the result of 100 years of growth. It has never been a boom town, but has reached its population and size through a steady unaltering advance which has given it stability. The official census of 1950 credited the city with a population of 3232.

Much of the steady growth of O'Fallon has been due

to the operation of the coal mines, the manufacturing of the Willard Stove Foundry and Tiedemann Milling Company, and the rich farm land which surrounds it.

The nearness of the city to S. Louis has influenced many people to move to O'Fallon and commute to their work in St. Louis. Many suldivisions have been developed and the modern homes thus built have added much to the charm and beauty of the city.

Within a few miles of the city of O'Fallon are several settlements and places of historical interest which merit discussion.

Shiloh as a village does not seem to be older than 1845, but the immediate vicinity was the site of some of the very early settlements in St. Clair County. Among the first people to locate in this region were several families of Scotts. James Scott settled south of Shiloh in 1802 and in 1803 Joseph Scott came to the same area. In 1809, Joseph Scott built a grist mill and powder mill on a branch of Silver Creek which ran through his land. Other early settlers were: Joseph Dixon, Hugh and William Alexander, the Jourdon family, Silas Bankson, Matthew Cox, John Middlecoff, Joseph Griffin, the Michel family, and the Knoebel family.

The village of Shiloh had its origin in 1845 when the first house was built by Edwin Pierce. A store, post office, and blacksmith shop were soon established and in 1847 a steam sawmill was erected by Edwin Pierce, Philip Scott, and Charles Alexander. The village was platted by Martin Stites and James Atkins. Most of the village still lies on a single street which has several business establishments to supply the needs of the inhabitants.

Perhaps the most important thing in Shiloh is its old Methodist Church. The site of the church was early selected for a camp meeting ground because of the three abundant springs at the foot of the hill. The place was then called "Three Springs." A Methodist Church was established here in 1807 and its continuous existence makes it without question the oldest Methodist Church in the state of Illinois.

Still standing today on Route 50 about two miles east of O'Fallon is a historic landmark—the site of the Rock Springs Theology Seminary and High School and the home of the late Rev. John W. Peck, its founder. Directly across the road was located the old stage coach barn where horses were changed on the route from St. Louis, Missouri to Vincennes, Indiana.

In the spring of 1822, Rev. Peck settled at Rock Springs and built his first double log house. In 1827 he completed and opened the Rock Springs Seminary with the following faculty: Joshua Bradley, Principal, John M. Peck, Professor of Theology, and John Messinger, Professor of Mathematics. Soon there were 100 students in attendance. In 1831 the school was transferred to Alton and became Shurtleff College.

In 1827 a post office was established at Rock Springs with John M. Peck as postmaster. In the lobby of the

O'Fallon Post Office may be found a mural depicting John Mason Peck distributing mail to the early residents.

In the winter of 1828-29 Rev. Peck established a printing office and published a religious paper called, "The Pioneer."

Alma, or Carbon as it is known at the present, was a coal mining village of considerable size in the 1850's. It was located about a mile and a half west of O'Fallon on the O. & M. R. R. and on St. Louis Road, now Route No. 50. The village consisted of about one hundred residences, all built and looking very much alike. The houses were arranged in five double rows, with ten houses on each side of the street, and each house numbered. There was a post office, general store kept by Joseph Taylor, a saloon, and a boarding house. The coal-mining company had a machine shop, blacksmith shop, and carpenter shop.

There were several mines located here at different times. The first shaft was sunk at Alma by the Gartside Coal Company about 1851. This company sank three mine shafts here. The average depth of these mines was a little over 200 feet and the vein of coal full seven feet thick. The coal was of excellent quality. About 200 men were employed in the operation of the mines. Besides the Gartside mines, there were Alma 1, Alma 2, Cross Roads, Henry Taylor, Great Western Taylor, and Carbon mines all located in the same vicinity.

The village was probably named after the Battle of Alma which occurred during the Crimean War in 1854. Most of the residents of Alma were formerly from England, or descendants of English immigrants. To mention a few of these early settlers: Joseph Gartside who sank the first shaft in 1851; Joseph Taylor, merchant and saloon keeper and afterward mine owner and operator; Dan D. Gartside and his wife, Helen Taylor; William Skinner, engineer at Gartside mine; John Bell, pit boss; Thomas Millet, Superintendent at the mine; James Ward, his father and brothers, who later in 1873 became County Inspector of Mines.

Alma had a public school and employed two teachers. The school building was a two story frame building. Charles A. Thompson was the principal at Alma in 1880. On the night of February 21, 1881, the school building was entirely destroyed by fire. It was replaced by a better building. Alma school was one of two schools in the district, the other being Franklin school located in the southeastern part of the district. In recent years the two schools were consolidated and became Central School.

Alma residents held religious services in their own community and visited churches in other communities. They attended services at Unity and Bethel Baptist churches and also came to O'Fallon to church. At a very early date the Latter Day Saints of St. Louis formed a branch for religious services in the village.

The earliest mention of Alma is that there was a block-house in the chain of forts for Indian protection erected there in 1811.

Growth of the City



City Hall built in 1890.

In 1859 there were less than twenty families in O'Fallon. The population soon began to increase, and with this increase, the people soon discovered they had no hall adequate to meet the needs for entertainments, public meetings, and the like. There was considerable opposition to the proposed new Town Hall, but it finally carried and the present Town Hall was constructed at the corner of Lincoln Avenue and Washington Street in the fall of 1890.

On Wednesday, December 31, 1890, the new Town Hall was formally dedicated with a program suitable for the occasion. The village officers listed on the programme included Levi Simmons, President; Wilfred Ward, Joseph Landgraf, Daniel Schaefer, Joseph P. Isch, August Behrens, Jacob Bernhardt, trustees; J. A. Schalter, clerk. The following "Programme" was presented:

| 10 1/11/10 | | | |
|---------------------------------|-------|--|--|
| MUSIC | | | |
| Serenade Pleasant Dreams | Band | | |
| ADDRESS | | | |
| Benefits of Public Improvements | 3aker | | |
| MUSIC | | | |
| Waltz Best of All | Band | | |
| | | | |

| ADDRESS | | | | |
|-------------------|----------------|-------------------|--|--|
| The New O'Fallon | | Hon. L. D. Turner | | |
| | MUSIC | | | |
| Quickstep | "Capiscolus" | Band | | |
| | "TURN HIM OUT" | | | |
| Nicodemus | | G. W. Lienesch | | |
| Eglatine Roseleaf | | L. M. Scott | | |
| Mackintosh Moke | | G. E. Remick | | |
| Julia Moke | | Jessie Umbarger | | |
| Susan | | Mariana Fischer | | |
| Two Porters | | | | |

In 1900 O'Fallon had a population of 1267. By May of 1904, the Village Board was considering applying for a city charter and taking O'Fallon out of the village class. With continued growth the population had reached a total of 2018 by April 1911—an increase of 751 over the 1900 census. In June of 1920, O'Fallon's population was 2,379 according to the census figures from Washington—it was now considered the third largest city in St. Clair County. (The 1920 census gave St. Clair County a population of 136,411). A marked increase was again noticeable by 1936

when the population reached 2500. New Building sites were opened, subdivisions added to the still growing community whose population in 1950 numbered 3232.

The growth and expansion of the city is not questioned when we consider the subdivisions that have been added within its boundaries since the first addition. May 12, 1854 to the latest subdivision opened on October 6, 1953.

SUBDIVISIONS

May 12, 1854—O'Fallon Station—Hugo O. Scheerbarth, Frederick A. Carpenter.

September 2, 1854-North O'Fallon-John Mace.

May 18, 1863 Bond's First Addition to North O'Fallon—Joshua S. Bond.

October 8, 1863—Bond's Second Addition to town of North O'Fallon—Joshua S. Bond.

March 17, 1866—Deppe Addition to O'Fallon Station—Henry S. Deppe.

March 18, 1866—Feldmann's and Hoffmann's Addition to O'Fallon—J. M. Feldman, Chas. D. Hoffmann.

May 4, 1867—Mace's First Addition to North O'Fallon—John Mace.

June 13, 1873—Tiedemann's Addition to Town of O'Fallon Station—Chas. A. Tiedemann.

January 30, 1874—Mace's Second Addition to North O'Fallon—John Mace.

February 23, 1878—Mace's Third Addition to North O'Fallon—Rebecca W. Mace, widow of John Mace, de-

September 12, 1891—Penn's Addition to O'Fallon—Joseph Penn.

May 3, 1893—Joseph Penn's Second Addition to the Village of O'Fallon—Joseph Penn.

January 12, 1901—Atkinson's Addition to the Village of O'Fallon—James H. Atkinson.

April 2, 1902—Michael Wachter's Addition to the Village of O'Fallon—Michael Wachter.

May 9, 1903—Atkinson's Second Addition to the Village of O'Fallon—James H. Atkinson.

June 7, 1904—Penn's third Addition to the Village of

O'Fallon-John Penn, W. C. Penn, Georgia McNulty

August 4, 1904 Wachter's Second Addition to the Village of O'Fallon-Michael Wachter.

April 5, 1905—Smiley's Addition to the City of O'Fallon—Andrew B. Smiley, E. H. Smiley.

January 10, 1907—Begole's Subdivision—Heirs of Elizabeth Begole.

October 15, 1907 - Tiedemann's Subdivision of Pt SE¹4 Sec. 30 T2 Nr7W Jennie Tiedemann, Geo. W. Tiedemann, Helene Tiedemann, Louise Tiedemann, Ernestine Tiedemann.

February 8, 1908 -Penn's Fourth Addition to O'Fallon -- John Penn.

September 9, 1912 Schwarz Place, An Addition to the City of O'Fallon-Michael Schwarz and Leonhard Schwarz.

September 17, 1921 East Park Place Edward N. Thomas.

April 19, 1922—Joseph Subdivision, A Subdivision of Part NW14 Sec. 29 T2 NR7W—B. Joseph.

October 21, 1924—Lincoln Heights—Edward N. Thomas.

October 14, 1927—Sunset Terrace—Edward N. Thomas and Anne Thomas.

December 29, 1931—Tiedemann's Second Addition—Helene, Louise, George, Ernestine, Charles, and Catherine Tiedemann.

August 5, 1936—Thomas Acres Edward N. Thomas and Anne Thomas.

July 19, 1937 — Thomas Park Gardens — Edward N. Thomas and Anne Thomas,

July 30, 1946—Fitzgerald Place—Archie Fitzgerald and Oma Fitzgerald.

February 27, 1950—Art Fauss Homesites—Arthur J l'auss and Evelyn B. Fauss.

August 30, 1950—Parkview Gardens—William Gash Willard.

April 12, 1951—Budina Place—Gustave G. Budina and Julia E. Budina.

October 6, 1953—Asbury Park—E C. Asbury, M. D., and Josephine L. Asbury.

RAILROADS



Most cities of any size or importance attained that importance and continued to thrive as a city because of location. That was and is true of O'Fallon. Located about twenty miles east of St. Louis, it began as a station on the Ohio and Mississippi Railroad.

The Ohio and Mississippi was planned to extend westward from Cincinnati to a point on the great river directly apposite St. Louis, with a branch from North Vernon, Indiana to Louisville, Kentucky. Although a railroad between the most important cities of the then known Westwas dimly projected as early as 1832, the railroad was not chartered in Indiana until February 14, 1848; in Ohio, March 15, 1849; and in Illinois, February 12, 1851. Preliminary surveys were commenced on November 1, 1849, but

actual construction on the west end and was not started until February 1852. By the terms of the charter granted by the Legislature of Indiana, the company was authorized to locate and survey a railroad on "the most direct and practical route between Laurenceburg, on the Ohio River, and Vincennes, on the Wabash River

The organization of the Ohio and Indiana portions of the new line was completed in 1850, and Abner T Fllis, of Vincennes, was elected president. A number of prominent citizens of Vincennes and Cincinnati and the towns between were chosen as directors. The contract was let in January 1851 for the building of the road between the Ohio and the Wabash. Actual construction was started in April of 1852.

In 1850, the Ohio and Mississippi Railroad was chartered to build a line from Illinoistown (East St. Louis) to Cincinnati to connect with the Baltimore and Ohio Railroad. Col. John O'Fallon of St. Louis was president of the western division of the line. Through his influence

the route was laid out via Copyville and Lebanon, rather than via Belleville.

Ground was broken January 7, 1852 at a point near Main Street and Brady Avenue, East St. Louis. Charles D. Drake of St. Louis served as master of ceremonies. Col. O'Fallon turned the first spadeful of earth, then handed the spade to Judge Ellis of Vincennes, president of the eastern division. The contractor, Seymour, completed filling the first wheelbarrow, and Mayor Luther Kennett of St. Louis wheeled it to the dump. The whole party and a throng of onlookers spent a hilarious evening—later referred to as the "Birthday of East St. Louis."

The construction of the line was marked by financial difficulties. Of \$9,000,000 estimated for the whole project, \$3,000,000 was to be used for the western division. It was financed by Page and Bacon of St. Louis. The eastern division experienced losses, and Page and Eacon work that over also. They pushed the construction until. January 1855, when they were forced into suspension However, they raised \$500,000 and completed the line to Vincennes, June 1, 1855, in time to meet the charter requirements.

This struggle was not without its humorous side. An interesting incident has been preserved to prove that fact—"Railroad builder kidnaps sheriff"—

All but seven miles of the brand-new railroad laid—and no more rails! That was the situation which confronted Daniel R. Garrison, contractor for the Ohio and Mississippi Railroad, the first through line into East St. Louis from the east, in 1855.

A shipment of rails from England had been made, but it might be months before it arrived at the construction site. The Terre Haute, Alton, and St. Louis Railroad was also under construction, and had a large supply of good strong steel rails just arrived by packet, and lying on the St. Louis levee. Garrison looked over his resources, but the bank account of the O and M was too low to pay for any rails.

The Terre Haute's rails were shipped to the East St. Louis side by ferry. On the way, by some means never satisfactorily explained, sufficient rails to lay seven miles of track became separated from the rest of the consignment, and landed at the O and M construction camp, where they were promptly put to use.

The Terre Haute missed their rails when the shipment was checked and immediately started the sheriff of St. Clair County with a writ of replevin and a posse, to bring back their rails.

The sheriff found Garrison on board his private car, and demanded the rails. "Why. of course, we'll send them back," Garrison assured him. "They just came to us by mistake. But you aren't in any hurry are you. Sheriff? I thought while you're here, you might enjoy a little trip on the railroad."

"Well, yes, I would. I've never ridden on one before."
Garrison ordered the engine headed eastward, and gave the sheriff a fascinating explanation of the workings of a railroad. After 45 minutes or so, the sheriff said. "Well, to get back to business, I have a writ of replevin to get back those railroad rails, and I'm going to have to take them"

"I'm sorry, sheriff," Garrison replied. "but we're in Clinton County now. I have to go East on business but I'll see that you get home safely!"

By the time the sheriff reached home, the last seven miles of track had been laid with the borrowed rails.

At the completion of the line from Vincennes to Illinoistown (now known as East St. Louis), invitations were sent out by the president of the line, H. D. Bacon. The following was received by Benjamin F. Van Court, who made his home in O'Fallon for a number of years:

Office Ohio and Mississippi Railroad St. Louis, June 30, 1855

Dear Sir:

On the opening of the Ohio and Mississippi and Wabash rivers in Iron Bonds, and forming a direct route to the East by rail, the Directors have decided that the occasion is one calling for a public demonstration, and have determined to run a train through from Illinoistown to Vincennes.

I have the pleasure to inclose you an Excursion Ticket. The train will leave the Depot at Illinoistown on Wednesday Morning, July 4th, at 7 o'clock.

The Ferry Boat will leave the Wiggins Ferry Landing, foot of Spruce street, at 6½ o'clock A.M. You will please show your Ticket to the Collector on the Ferry Boat and the Conductor before taking a seat in the cars. It is desirable that those who cannot participate notify me of the fact at once.

H. D. Bacon, President

The charter of the State of Illinois provided that the building of the western division should be begun before February 12, 1852, and actual construction was started on January 7, 1852. The western division was the first to be completed and the city of Vincennes had to wait nearly two years for the eastern division to be completed. A group of New York capitalists came to the rescue and furnished funds to complete the Cincinnati-Vincennes line. The final cost of the whole line was nearly \$20,000,000. On April 15, 1857, the city of Vincennes witnessed the joining of the rails which completed a railroad all the way from Cincinnati to St. Louis. By connection at Cincinnati with the Mariette and Cincinnati Railroad, which in turn connected at Parkersburg, Virginia, with the Baltimore and Ohio Railroad completed a rail route that ran all the way from the eastern seaboard to the Mississippi River.

The route was the old "Great Western Mail Route." and has given rise to the common saying that "The boundary of Egypt lies south of the B & O." At the time of its dedication it was called the "American Central Route"

The first through train from the East arrived at Illinoistown on June 4, 1857, bearing a large group of distinguished guests, reporters, and special writers, artists, etc., including such persons as George Bancroft, the historian.

The first parlor car built was attached to this train, and was reserved for the families of the directors. It included four compartments fitted with richly upholstered sofas and chairs, a washroom, and a patent heating furnace, "with the faculty of keeping out the dust and cooling the air." This apparently made it also the first air-conditioned railroad car,

The trip from Cincinnati to Illinoistown was made in 18 hours, from 6:00 A. M. to midnight. Extra locomotives were stationed at convenient points along the line, ready to take the place of any that should be disabled.

Refreshments were served all day long on the train, with a stop for dinner at Vincennes at 3:00 P. M. Locomotives were changed there. As the party crossed the Wabash River, former Governor Reynolds welcomed them to Illinois.

As the train passed across Illinois in the twilight, the right of way was lined with men, women, and children, even babies in arms. Houses in the towns along the way were bright with candles. Tar barrels were burned for illumination where no other means was available.

On either side was a prairic waving emerald blades, soon to ripen into marketable golden grain, where five years earlier hardly a plow could have been seen.

The special train dropped out of the bluffs at Casey-ville to the thunder of a battery of cannon, and pulled into Illinoistown station. It was nearly midnight, but the track was lined for several hundred yards with a brilliant fence of pine torches. A great crowd of people stood at the station, awaiting the arrival of the train Four Mississippi river steamboats were lined up at the East St Louis wharf to accommodate the distinguished visitors overnight, but few of them slept, for all night long a succession of fantastic fireworks displays was kept up for their entertainment.

The Ohio and Mississippi was originally built as a six-foot gauge line. This made interchange with standard gauge railroads a bit difficult, as through cars had to be jacked up and the trucks changed. To overcome this, it was decided to change the entire railroad to standard gauge in one day. This was done on Sunday, July 13, 1871. At daylight three gangs of men began work on each section of about three miles in length, the first gang drawing spikes and throwing rails, the second gang spiking, and the third gang setting rails to gauge and lining up the track. The change in the entire 340 miles of track was made in about eight hours. Changing engines and cars had begun about eight months previously and there was no interruption to business.

The O & M was formally taken into the Baltimore and Ohio family on November 1, 1893 and merged with the M & C to form the Baltimore and Ohio Southwestern Railway Company. This company was reorganized in 1899 as the Baltimore and Ohio Southwestern Railroad Company and is one of the wholly-owned subsidiaries of the Baltimore and Ohio Railroad.

The first station was named after John J. O'Fallon a resident of St. Louis and an officer of the O and M railroad. This building was located on the north side of the

tracks directly opposite the present station. To the west of this, at the rear of the former location of Bittles' drug store, stood the tank. Here, they remained until the station was destroyed by fire; after which the station, located on the south of the tracks, was erected and the tank moved to its present location in the western part of the city.

Shortly after the steam road came into being a large loading platform for shipping wheat was erected on the present site of the depot. This, in rainy seasons, was practically in the center of a lake.

Traffic on this road continued and flourished. By 1910, Ordinance No. 62 pertaining to the protection of the public on Vine, Depot, and Cherry streets was introduced at the council meeting. This ordinance demanded from the B & O railroad to station a watchman at each of the crossings. For a number of years, the watchman was a familiar figure. Gates were provided and operated by a watchman from a tower located in the 200 block between State and First Street. These were later replaced by automatically controlled gates.

A branch of the Louisville and Nashville furnished transportation from Tiedemann Mill to Belleville. Two trains daily, morning and evening, made it possible to haul flour, and express between O'Fallon and Belleville. Passengers on the B & O traveling from the cast-Carlyle, Breese, Trenton, Lebanon-frequently got off the "Accommodation" at the L & N crossing and boarded the train to be taken to Belleville direct rather than going into East St. Louis. The service offered the mill by the L & N was discontinued when trucks came into prominence. On January 1, 1941, the L & N was granted permission by the Interstate Commerce Commission, Washington, D. C., to abandon its line in this city. The old L & N depot was a familiar landmark for many years serving passengers desiring transportation to and from Belleville.

Due to a decrease in passengers using the trains to commute from points east through O'Fallon to St. Louis, services offered by the local "Accommodation" were discontinued September 23, 1939. Boarding a train in O'Fallon for a trip to St. Louis ceased to be a reality—the service, too, became a record in the annals of the past.

Beginning in 1940, the streamlined engines began to replace the familiar steam engine with its bell and smoke stack. At present, the Diesel seems to have priority—the puffing train attempting to make the grade from the east has almost ceased to be a community sound.

TROLLEY CAR



First Street Car to enter city -- Dec. 19, 1903

The new interurban line between O'Fallon and Lebanon was formally opened December 19, 1903. It served the communities between Lebanon, O'Fallon, Edgemont, and East St. Louis to St. Louis. Tracks were laid down the Main Street of Lebanon, turning south at the Methodist Church, and westward passing Willard's Foundry (now Independent Engineering). The track turned and came through O'Fallon on Second Street. The trolley stopped at Apple, Vine, Depot, (now Lincoln), Cherry, and Oak Streets to pick up or discharge passengers after which it turned following a road bed a number of miles west, about a mile south of the present Route 50, but parallel to it.

Every morning at 5:00 A. M. the trolley left O'Fallon for St. Louis so as to enable residents of this community to get a morning paper. Hourly service continued for many years.

During the time of the 1904 World's Fair in St. Louis, bargain prices to the Fair were offered by the East St. Louis and Suburban Railway. The round trip including transportation to and from the Fair grounds cost 60c. Many of the O'Fallonites took advantage of this offer. The services afforded by this convenient means of transportation were made pleasant by the friendliness and cooperative spirit of its employees. A number of residents of this community served in the capacity of motorman or conductor for many years. Among them were L. R. Friend, a motorman on the line for twenty-five years, Charles White, Shorty Reiss, A. B. Young, Otis and Sidney Yarbrough, L. E. Coffman, Dan Van Houten, Jacob Middleton, George Campe, Charles Buckles, Walter Yearwood, Roy Alexander, Charles Heman, Otto Rainey, Art Schachner, and Frank Thorp.

The Interurban line continued to operate between Lebanon, O'Fallon, and St. Louis until 1925. The service was discontinued when other means of transportation had replaced the trolley.

On February 21, 1929 the job of tearing up the trolley tracks on Second Street was completed.

BUS LINE

The third step in transportation in O'Fallon, the Bus Line, was started in 1920. Several young men, William Harris, George Warma, and Hugo Rule, organized under the name of the Superior Bus Company for the operation of buses between O'Fallon, Shiloh, Belleville, and Edgemont. The terminals for this line were the Belleville Hotel and Rothkegel's Confectionery in O'Fallon, stopping enroute at Shiloh.

The first bus purchased from a dealer in St. Louis had all the appearances of a patrol wagon including screened sides and back step, with seats arranged along the sides, accommodating eight or ten passengers. You entered and alighted from this vehicle by means of a step attached to the rear. The body of this bus had been placed on a Dodge truck chassis.

The "P & G" line operated for a short time from O'Fallon to Belleville along with the Superior lines. The former was soon abandoned. Warma and Rule, of the Superior Company, sold out to Harris who ran the bus to Belleville for some time.

In 1925, the bus was changed from an eight passenger into a sixteen passenger station wagon with lengthwise seats. A twenty passenger sedan was also purchased in 1925. In 1926, two new buses, also sedans, were purchased.

In 1934, the present bus line was started by Loyed Cavins, with Katy's Motor Coach, a seven passenger car, in operation between O'Fallon and Belleville via Shiloh. This proved to be a service deluxe—passengers were picked up and dropped off at their own homes.

The first Greyhound Super-Coach to be placed in service between Cincinnati and St. Louis stopped in O'Fallon July 29, 1936 to give visitors an opportunity to inspect the coach enroute to St. Louis. It was parked in front of the Greyhound terminal, Rothkegel's Confectionery (the present Woods' Confectionery).

In 1939, the bus line operated by "Katy" was incorporated and became known as the O'Fallon-Belleville Coach Company. In 1941, the company acquired the Belleville to Carlyle line. The Industrial Bus Line between Lebanon and Edgemont was acquired in 1943. This operation between O'Fallon and Lebanon was discontinued in 1950. Since Loyed Cavins purchased the lines in 1934, the citizens of O'Fallon have enjoyed the excellent services of this company. Schools, organizations, and civic groups are privileged to charter Katy's buses for a nominal fee at any time.

WATER SUPPLY

Prior to 1929, the city of O'Fallon was furnished water from a well, frequently referred to as underground lake, located near the present old water tank. Originally an attempt was made to sink a mine shaft on this site. The idea was abandoned when it proved impossible to pump out the water. This, then, proved to be the source of the city's water supply for a number of years. The water was pumped to the consumers after a franchise was granted to the O'Fallon Light Power Heat and Water Company.

It was necessary for the B & O to furnish its $_{\rm OWN}$ pumper previous to the construction of the Power Plant.

George Deischer served in this capacity for many years.

In September 1911, the city engaged G. A. Stookey to superintend the laying of 2300 feet of 4 inch and 600 feet of 8 inch water mains.

On January 17, 1929 officials of the East St. Louis Water Company went over plans with the city for the purpose of furnishing water from the Mississippi. By a unanimous vote the city council on May 23, 1929 favored a proposal for piping Mississippi river water to O'Fallon to alleviate the water shortage experienced from the well system then in use

An ordinance dated September 5, 1929 states that water would be provided from East St. Louis Water Company at an estimated cost of \$130,000. This proposed water project passed over the mayor's veto on September 19, 1929.

O'Fallon's present waterworks system was established and constructed in 1929, the bonds being dated February 1, 1930 and running for twenty years. The first of this series were not due until 1932, the last bonds to mature in 1949. At the time some difficulty was experienced in financing due to the uncertainty of the revenue, but after operating for just six years the records showed that the plant was netting a good return on the investment, far better than other municipalities of similar size. Dataintenance of the system is more than self-sustaining according to the city clerk's records.

The city retired nine \$1,000 bonds with interest in less than three years, although only \$3,000 was due—bringing the water department indebtedness from \$119,000 to \$110,000. By February of 1935, the city supplied 470 consumers in O'Fallon and the territory along the line between here and French Village, the source of supply.

At a city council meeting in May of 1935, a new position in appointive offices was created with the appointment of William Remelius to be in charge of the water department. His duties included making taps, repairing leaks, and supervising construction work on the water lines. Heretofore this office was included with that of superintendent of streets.

The city has recently expended more than \$160,000 for improvements which consist of a second water main of twelve inches in diameter running from the source of supply at French Village to a point of connection with the old line at Bunkum Road and U. S. Route 50, installation of pressure pumps and construction of a large 500,000 gallon tank located near the site of the old tank. As a result of these improvements, the city is able to provide all customers with a sufficient supply of water under adequate pressure. The present facilities are sufficient for proper service to 30,000 people.

The city has a contract with East St. Louis and the Interurban Water Company to purchase all water required in the entire territory for thirty years commencing in 1953. This contract was approved by the Illinois Commerce Commission. The agreement cannot be broken either by the city or the company except with mutual consent.

The city of O'Fallon owns all water mains, fire hydrants, all meters, and appurtenances of the O'Fallon Water Department. The city has continued to use all earnings of the water system for maintenance and improvements to the water system.



New 500,000 gallon Water Storage Tank and Water Tower.

LIGHTS

Between the years t894 and 1896, Samuel Smiley, Joseph Porter, Philip Heyde, and Ernest Tiedemann, constructed a light, power, heat, and water plant near the present site of the B. & O. water tank. This building housed a dynamo, water pump and other machinery necessary for operation.

Oliver Darrow served as the first electrician in this plant

In October 1904, Ordinance No. 87 granted a franchise to O'Fallon Light Power and Water Company, the successor of the original operators of the plant. The franchise was accepted by George W. Tiedemann, President, and Chas. T. Smiley, Secretary of the Company.

The stockholders of the company in January 1910 elected the following officers: George W. Tiedemann, president: H. E. Tiedemann, vice-president: E. H. Smiley, see ctary; and C. E. Tiedemann, treasurer

O'Fallon Light Power and Water Company served the residents of O'Fallon until the early 1920s when electrical service was supplied by the Hinois Light and Power Company.

The number of homes being serviced was increasing; electric lights replacing kerosene lamps.

By December 1933, during the depression years, the city council was seeking a P.W.A. loan of \$145,000 to build a municipal light and power plant. An election was held November 29–1933 with an approved vote of 621 for and 427 against.

This plan was not realized. Records show that the members of the city council at a meeting on Februpary 4. 1935 were advised by Engineer W. A. Fuller of St. Louis, that they could still entertain hopes for the erection of a municipal electric plant. In the event the city intended to build the plant, Engineer Fuller stated he had contacted a party who would negotiate with the city to take the bonds. Later the Public Works Administration advised that no government ioan on a steam plant could be entertained but that consideration for a loan on Deisel engines would be given. Deisel engines could be installed for approximately \$20,000 less than steam and was far more economical in operation. With this information no further progress was made by the administration, which contended that O'Fallon is in a coal mining district and as such would be interested in consuming fuel produced in this locality.

For five weeks O'Fallon was affected more or less by the strike of the Illinois Power Light Company in the spring of 1935. Three weeks of this period, the town was in complete darkness, being affected along with some other 50 cities. When it was officially learned that the strike was over and power would be restored, at midnight, June 12. 1935.announcement was immediately made by the Perry Coal Company that St. Ellen mine would reopen the morning of June 14, with several hundred miners returning to their work that morning. Arrangements were hurriedly completed for resumption of work at the plant of the Eureka Steel Range Company which experienced a shut down of five weeks resulting from low voltage and complete suspension of power. At the time of the forced shut-down the range company had 535 people on its payroll and was operating steady.

The council in July 1938 rejected a P.W.A. grant of \$76,000 because of inability to raise an additional \$100,000 necessary to build a light and power plant. No other attempt has been made to revive the project for a municipal plant.

In June of 1950, the city council granted a 50 years lighting franchise to the Illinois Power Company. Since that time, the company has erected "a white way" on the main thoroughfares of the city of O'Fallon and has furnished more adequate street lighting for the entire community.



Plant of O'Fallon Light Power and Water Company. Located opposite present water tank.

TELEPHONE



Telephone Building, housing dial equipment for O'Fallon.

In 1902, Ernest H. Smiley, and Charles C. Smiley developed and started the Smiley Brothers Telephone Company in O'Fallon. The first office was located in the former Bittles' Drugstore ouilding at the southeast corner of Lincoln and State. The company occupied offices in this location for several years, later moving across the street to the second floor of the First National Bank building. Smiley Bros. continued to operate and provide service to the community until they sold to Southwestern Bell who assumed ownership December 26, 1947.

On April 13, 1949 land for a new and modern telephone building was acquired from Dr. E. C. Asbury of New Baden. It has a frontage of 120 feet on Lincoln Avenue and 179 feet on 5th Street Construction on the new building and dial equipment was started in January of 1952—the cost estimated at \$170,000.

The building, located at 410 South Lincoln Avenue houses plant equipment and serves as traffic office for the company. The business office is still maintained on the second floor of the First National Bank building.

By July 25, 1952 there were 1166 subscribers of O'Fallon scheduled to use dial phones in October or November. This conversion to dial officially began October 7, 1952.

On May 15, 1954, all O'Fallon subscribers were given telephone numbers: a Mereury 2 prefix followed by four figures. This change over was made for two reasons—to help pave the way for O'Fallon to join the nationwide long distance dialing network and to tie in O'Fallon's telephone numbering system with those of its Illinois and St Louis neighbors.

As of June 1954, there are, in O'Fallon, 1,371 subscribers to the communication services offered by Southwestern Bell Telephone Company.

SEWERS

Before 1926, the city was undermined with a number of small sewers serving as cellar-drains, which, in turn, emptied into an open branch in the western part of the city.

The assessment roll for O'Fallon Sanitary 'Sower System was confirmed by Judge W. R. Weber in the county court in December 1926. The estimated cost of the proposed improvement was \$101.644. A septic tank was constructed in the northwest city limits at the time the sewer lines were laid.

Improvement of the sewage disposal plant was neces-

sary in 1935 as the city had been instructed by the State Department of Health to conform with the State requirements regarding the disposal of sewerage into a creek. This stream runs along the Mace land, the owner of which complained of the contamination of the water. The secondary system as proposed eliminated this condition, according to engineers of the State Department of Health.

Russell & Axon, of St. Louis, consulting engineers were engaged to make a preliminary survey for the proposed secondary treatment plant on the sanitary sewer system estimated to cost from \$18,000 to \$20,000.

In October 1936, the council voted for the improvement to the sewerage plant, according to the plans and specifications, providing for the construction of what is known as a secondary treatment system to the Imhoff tank as a sanitation measure. Russell & Axon, a St. Louis engineering firm prepared the plans and specifications providing sufficient tanks and equipment for future growth in population for years to come, being based on 3500 inhabitants, as against the city's 2500.

Additional ground was purchased in 1952 $_{
m SO}$ as to enlarge the septic tank and add new lines.

POST OFFICE

The first post office was established in 1855 at O'Fallon with Anderson Umbarger as postmaster. Since that time O'Fallon has had many postmasters, changes being made in accordance with political shifting of powers between the "ins" and the "outs".

In the early days, the location of the post office did not remain static very long for it was moved from time to time. The first post office was located in the home of Anderson Umbarger; in the 1870's in the general store at the corner of State and Lincoln thow present bus station); in 1880's in the Allen Building on West First Street; in the early 1900's several locations on West State Street; then the Bechtold building (present library) until April 1938 when the present post office building was completed.

House to house delivery of mail was inaugurated in O'Fallon on August t, 1925. Julius Schalter, Jr. was appointed carrier for the north side and Wilbur Scott carrier on the south side of the city. Mr. Schalter still serves as carrier on the north side and Mr. Scott is employed as a clerk in the post office. Two deliveries were made daily. John Lawrence was postmaaster at that time.

Two rural carriers service the rural community from the O'Fallon Post Office. Charles Schildknecht, carrier on Route No. 1, has served as a carrier since November 1920. Chester Mayberry, carrier on Route No. 2, has served as such since November 1923.

The present post office, which cost \$70,000, was formally dedicated on Saturday, April 9, 1938. Due to the cold weather the dedication ceremonies were carried out in the State Theater which had been donated by the management. About 450 persons, including 30 postmasters from other cities, were in attendance.

Adolph Ohlendorf, Jr., president of the Civic Club, sponsors of the dedication, served as chairman while Postmaster John L. Anheuser officiated as master of ceremonies.

Postmaster Anheuser introdu ed those on the speakers' platform as follows. Frank J. Buckley, Deputy Fourth

Assistant Postmaster-General of Washington, D. C.; E. P. Kline, president of the Association of Postmasters, 22nd District; Melvin Price, secretary to Congressman Edwin M. Schaefer; Mayor Ridge Smith of O'Fallon; Sheriff H. E. Siekmann; and E. H. Runkwitz, County Superintendent of Schools.

After the exercises in the theater, the crowd moved to the post office where the H. Edward Fischer Post No. 137, American Legion, officiated in the flag raising ceremony. John Sapp and E. C. Schobert led their comrades in a salute as the colors reached the top of the staff while the WPA band played. "Stars and Stripes Forever." After this the building was opened for inspection. About 1200 persons visited the building during the inspection period.

Efforts to secure the post office for O'Fallon were begun in May 1935 and with the assistance of Congressman Edwin M. Schaefer the project became a reality in less than three years. In June 1936, the proposal was approved by Congress and \$70,000 appropriated for the project.

The site for the post office was purchased in October 1936 from Oliver C. Joseph for \$6,675.00. On June 24, 1937 the general contract to build the building was awarded to the Langlois Construction Company of Berwyn. Illinois on their bid of \$46,160.00.

The sealing of the cornerstone was accomplished on January 17, 1938, at which time a number of records,

brief history of O'Fallon, and several copies of The Progress were placed in a copper compartment.

The building has a frontage of 60 feet on Lincoln Avenue and extends 58 feet on East Third Street. In addition there is a canopied loading platform 22 feet long and six feet in width. The structure is of buff-colored brick and stone trim.

In the lobby of the post office may be found an excellent mural (oil on canvas) drawn by Merlin F. Pollack of Chicago. Illinois. The mural shows John Mason Peck, who in 1827 became the first postmaster of the Rock Springs Post Office (located about two miles east of O'Fallon on Route No. 50), distributing mail to residents of the area. The mural was executed under the program of the Section of Fine Arts, Federal Works Agency, Public Buildings Administration, which decorated federal buildings with murals and sculpture.

The present personnel of the post office is as follows: Postmaster, Earl Thompson (a postal employee since October 1926); City Carriers: Julius Schalter, Jr., Wilmer Anheuser, and Substitutes Ralph Carson, Kenneth Schwarz, and Benjamin Hamm; Rural Carriers: Charles Schildknecht, and Chester Mayberry; Clerks: Dorothy McArdle, Wilbur Scott, Helen Perry, Evelyn Brasher, and Substitute Margaret Vest; Janitor, Robert Berens.



Present Post Office. Inset interior view of post office taken in 1904, Postmaster W. A. Koenigstein and Clerk Elizabeth Fischer. Located on West State Street in National Bank Building.

PUBLIC LIBRARY

The present public library was established by the O'Fallon Woman's Club in April 1930. It was supported by club funds and some financial aid from private individuals and organizations over a period of years

During the period from 1939 to 1942, the W.P.A. gave aid to the library. After the discontinuance of W.P.A. the Woman's Club again assumed the responsibility for the operation of the library for a short period

The Woman's Club was instrumental in placing a plan before the voters of the community to assume the main' tenance of the library by public taxation. On April 22, 1943, the voters approved the proposition and on July 1, 1943 the city assumed the management of the library.

The library is managed by a library board of nine members who are appointed by the Mayor with the ap' proval of the City Council.

From 1930 to 1945 the library occupied quarters on the second floor of the First National Bank building. On March 1, 1945, it was moved to larger quarters at 119 East First Street, its present location.

At the present time the library has 5,000 books on its shelves; has an average monthly circulation in excess of 900; and has 1,039 registrants. Library cards are free to all persons residing in the city and are issued to non-residents for a fee of \$1.00 per year. Mrs. Edna Ayres has served as librarian since 1945.

The O'Fallon Public Library is now a permanent institution of which the City of O'Fallon may well be proud. Its existence in the community is due largely to the efforts and financial support given it by the O'Fallon Woman's Club through its humble beginning and struggling years

SCOUTING MOVEMENT

The Boy Scouts were organized in O'Fallon in December 1930. The sponsor was the O'Fallon Community Boy Scout Council. This council, a group of lo al cutters interested in Scouting, chose Thomas Gordon as President of the Council.

Walter C. Hartman was named first Scoutmaster with Albert Hartman as his assistant. The committee members were: Nat Isenberg, Dr. E. J. Pecaut, John Schneider, Ben A. Schmidt, and G. B. Gieser.

The first charter issued contained the names of twenty O'Fallon boys. Since that first charter in 1930, the Troop has had a varied existence—sometimes prospering and sometimes inactive.

Under the leadership of Robert Munier in the mid and late 1930's, Troop 35 became the outstanding troop in the area, producing several Eagle Scouts and winning a number of high awards in the field of First Aid.

In 1938, the First Aid team of Don Willard, Don Joseph, Paul Keller, and Don Bevirt won first place honors in the district, Kaskaskia Council, and Southwestern Illinois. They placed second in the meet at Chicago which included teams from Illinois. Indiana, Wisconsin. and Michigan.

In 1939, a team consisting of Don Joseph, Paul Keller, Don Bevirt, Dale Willard, and William Bechtold duplicated the feat of the team of the previous year.

Another earlier first aid team won all the local meets and went to Chicago to the finals

At present the Troop is under the sponsorship of the

Parent-Teachers Association and has approximately 15 members. The troop is presently being reorganized with the view of increasing its activity. Leslie Canterbury, native son and formerly active in scouting, who has returned to O'Fallon to teach in the high school, is slated to be the new scoutmaster.

The charter was granted to Cub Scouts, Pack 35, on May 31, 1948. The sponsoring organization was the American Legion. The first Cubmaster was Willford Eckert.

In succeeding years the following have served as Cubmasters: Howard Davison, Lawrence E. Lord, Vernon Scheibel, Lowell Maggine and Carl Motchan. The present sponsor is the Rotary Club.

At the present time Pack 35 has a membership of 52 boys divided into five dens.

The present Den Mothers are: Mesdames Wilbur Thompson, Clarence Eberhardt, Fred Schrameck, Albert Diekroetger, Clarence Lurtz, and Wilmer Mannz. The current committeemen are: Wilbur Thompson, Herbert Lurtz, Clarence Eberhardt, Albert Diekroetger, Roy Hall. Don Sartor, and Harry Frievogel.

Weekly den meetings are held in the homes of the Den Mothers and pack meetings are held monthly. During the summer, campfire meetings with group singing and refreshments are featured.

Some of the activities of the Cub Scouts are: study and practice of conservation; serving as Color Guards in civic parades, music shows, Indian Pow-Wow; constructive hobbies, and games.

Good sportsmanship, brotherly love, and reverence to God and country form the foundation for all Cub Scout activities.

The O'Fallon Girl Scouts were registered in May 1938 by Miss Mary Margaret Carson one of the grade school teachers at that time. There were 75 girls registered in three troops: Troop 1—Senior Scouts led by Miss Carson: Troop 2—Intermediates, Miss Lee Pierce, leader; and Troop 3—Miss Sophie Coupin, leader.

A Girl Scout Council was organized in September 1938 under the direction of Mrs. P. C. Otwell. District Commissioner from Belleville. The members were: Mrs. E. A. Grodeon. commissioner; Mrs. C. G. Herzberger, secretary-treasurer: and Mesdames C. O. Schenk, Cecil Lienesch, Theodore Sollis, Bertha Lawrence, William Bechtold, Fred C Bevirt, M. Kuehn, Jacob Mueller, members.

The Girl Scouts have had camp experience at Camp Wangelin, Waterloo; Camp Joy, Carlyle; Camp Ouatago, Grafton; and this year at the Collinsville Girl Scout camp on Route 159. The present troop is sponsored by the Woman's Club and holds its meetings in the Methodist Church basement each Thursday afternoon during the school year.

O'Fallon now has only one troop of Girl Scouts, Troop 2, with 45 active members between the ages of 10 and 14 years. It is now registered as a home troop with Miss Lee Pierce as leader and Mesdames Helen Distler, Virginia Morgan, Ruth Moore, and Miss Velma Pitt as assistant leaders.

The Brownie Scout Troop of 25 girls between the of 7 and 10 years was registered in September 1951 with Mrs. Robert Berens as leader. Subsequent leaders were: Mrs. Cyril Wolfersberger and Mrs. Victor Reinhardt. The Brownies now have 37 active members. They are sponsored by the V.F.W. Auxiliary

Business and Industry



Weisbrod Barber Shop, West First Street Barbers, from left: Henry Weisbrod and Julius Weisbrod. In chairs, from left: John Weisbrod and George Bender.



Landgraf Millinery Store, East State Street. From left: Lola Krause, Marie Schildknecht, Katie Landgraf, Bernetta Joseph, and Marshall Horace Evans.



Interior Tiedemann Store, West State Street. From left: Louise Tiedemann, Henry Tiedemann, and Oscar Krause.



Roseberry Saloon (now Friendly Tavern). From left: John Knerrer, Medley Guest, Emil Cook, Ben Amann, Sam Taylor, John Erwin, Robert Wessel, George Keck, Arthur Kimes, William Guest. Behind bar, Edward Roseberry.



Richland Hotel, William Quinn, proprietor. Corner of West First and Oak Street.

EARLY BUSINESS PEOPLE OF O'FALLON — 1860-1890

Early stores in O'Fallon were: Peach and Simmons in the building now occupied by the bus station; Salter Brothers in building now occupied by George Thomas; Rudolph Kampmeyer in a building east of building now occupied by Ptt's Tavern, he sold the first Deering binders in this locality; Richard Remelius had a hardware store in the building known as the Remelius building; and Gordon and Mace operated in a building on the site now occupied by the Thomas Tavern.

Early druggists were Horace "Holly" Hyde, B. Krause and Lynn Hibbard. Then in the 1890's George Remick and L. H. Smiley.

Horace Hyde operated a drug store in the building now occupied by Taylor's Market. Before that L. Hoering had a furniture store in the building. Later in the 1880's. Dan Gartside operated a grocery store in the building.

East of the Gartside store was the St. Clair Hotel and Saloon operated by Michael Bernhardt. Other hotels were the "O'Fallon House" operated by Charles Fischer (corner First and Lincoln Avenue); and the "Farmers' Home" operated by Charles Link on the corner of State and Vine. One of the early saloons and boarding houses was operated by Joseph Landgraf.

There were two brick yards, Michael Wachter and Jacob Brewer, the former where the B. & O. and the Illinois Terminal intersect and the latter on the corner of West Fifth and South Hickory.

Early postmasters and postmistresses were Eliza Rutherford, Mrs. John Schachner, Phillip Schildknecht, B. Muchlhausen, Brice McGeehon, Nellie McGeehon, and James Owens.

Early bakers of O'Fallon were Frederick Kuntzman, and Jacob Hammer.

Early blacksmiths were: Levi Ladd, Simon Kirgan, Achille Bequeret, Christ Jacob, Christ Hellman, Herman Gross, and August Behrens.

Some of the early doctors were: Columbus Hixon. James McGeehon, O. C. Bates, Ed. Moore, James Lemen, Ed and Charles Oatman, B. Krause, and D. C. Dunn.

Dr. Russell H. Maco early practiced dentistry in O'Fallon.

Early barbers were Reinhardt Strub, Jake and Arnold Simon, John Hoffmann, and later Jule Schalter and William Lehman.

The shoemakers of the early times were Christian Obst, John Drozda, and Philip Jungblut.

Early harness makers were Philip and Henry Schildknecht, Nick Thomas, and D. C. McFarland. The early wagon makers were Andrew Molles, John Bernum, and Louis Landwehr.

BUSINESS PEOPLE OF O'FALLON IN THE EARLY 1900's

Other early established business and those operating in the early 1900's were the butcher shop of Charles D. Schafer; the general merchandise store of S. E. McGeehon; the Schuetz Steam Bakery of Charles J. Schuetz; the O'Fallon Creamery owned by John Munier; the hardware store

of Bernett Joseph, the grocery store of Henry E. Tiedemann; the livery and storage business of George Schobert and his sons, A. A., Erwin, Oscar, and George; the wagonmaker Andrew Molles; the meat market of George Britsch; the recreation business of Frank Hartman and Fred Reaka, the Charles fiedemann Milling Company; the harness business of Henry Schildknecht the Central Hotel operated by William Bertram; the First National Bank of O'Fallon; M Schwarz and Sons, funeral directors and dealers in furniture, the firm of Behrens and Thomas, dealers in horses and mules ; the City Bakery operated by Ernst Budina; Allen's Department Store; Stauffer's Restaurant; The Eureka Steel Range Co., operated by William G Willard; the harness and horse furnishings business of Nick Thomas; the Ohlendorf and Thomas Hardware Store; the jewelry store of John Schneider; the contracting business of James W. Asbury and Sons.

BARROW PEONY FARM

The Barrow Peony Farm, one of the largest in the nation, was established in 1928 by Dr. Edward Trippel. Four years later he was joined by his son-in-law, James E. Barrow, who now actively manages the extensive operation.

Dr. Edward Trippel was born in New Baden, Illinois on August 30, 1888. After graduation from the Medical Institute in St. Louis, Missouri in 1912, he started his medical practice in O'Fallon. He has continued from that time to faithfully administer to the medical needs of the people of O'Fallon.

The idea of growing peonies sprang from a kindly thought as the doctor has many times explained: "I used to keep a little present to give my little patients. Usually some candy for the kiddies—to take the pain out of the earaches. Then I figured it might be nice to have something for the mothers too—so I started growing peonies."

"Pinies" the patients called them, and looked forward to the parting gift of the doctor's gay blossoms, grown then on five acres of what is now his present farm. Dr. Trippel learned that the blossoms had commercial possibilities when wholesale florists began to ask him to sell the flowers.

When the doctor decided to go into the business in 1928, he went about it in a systematic manner, traveling to famous farms throughout the country, observing stock and sturdiness of various types of plants, and consulting with successful growers on the multitude of problems confronting a peony grower.

Today the Barrow Peony Farm has under cultivation 45 acres of peonies, harvests over 50,000 dozen flowers a season, and affords employment to over 100 persons during the harvesting period.

The gorgeous peony blossom, traditional floral decoration of Memorial Day, is the reward of four years painstaking culture. The plant is propagated from cuttings

Early in March cultivation begins A coating of commercial fertilizer insures large, perfect blossons. Then before the blooming season begins the small buds are clipped from stem branches, so the "strength" of the plant goes to one big blossom at the top of each stem. When the cutting season begins, usually about the first week in May, workers with long curved knives cut the unopened buds, leaving about a fourth to blossom in order that the plant may not be weakened by too much cutting. At this stage the flower develops at a breaktaking clip and a delay of as little as two hours can ruin the product. Starting early in the morning and working until nightfall, the pickers carefully comb each field at least four times a day. Hauled in from the fields in special wagons, the peony stalks are first machine stripped of their lower leaves and then laid on long tables where they are graded and sorted into dozens of each variety. To arrest development of the harvested peonies, the graded and bunched buds are put into cold storage until they can be packed for shipment to the flower markets of St. Louis. Chicago, Detroit, and New York City. At low temperatures, the buds can be preserved for several months.

Perhaps the order best remembered by the owner of the peony farm was the rush order from Detroit for 250 dozens of special variety peonies for the funeral of Edsel Ford.

Although Dr. Trippel may insist he now grows peonies as a commercial enterprise and that the days of giving them away are over, many festive occasions in O'Fallon are made more decorative by large vases of beautiful peonies sent over by "Doc' Trippel.

FIRST NATIONAL BANK OF O'FALLON

In 1903 a number of citizens felt that one of the chief needs of the city of O'Fallon was a financial institution. There had been a private bank, owned and managed by outside persons, in the late 90's which had failed rather disastrously. While its deposits were not large the bank's closing had seriously affected the community and its citizens. The primary purpose of the organization of the First National Bank was to give the people of O'Fallon and vicinity a safe and sound banking institution and to provide for its patrons every convenience and favor that conservative banking would permit.

That their efforts have been appreciated is evidenced by the steady growth of its resources and deposits through the years as shown by comparative operating statements. The following is a list of the original stockholders: A. B. Smiley, S. C. Smiley, George W. Tiedemann, C. E. Tiedemann, E. H. Smiley, Charles T. Smiley, Dr. H. T. Bechtold, Joseph Taylor, H. E. Tiedemann, Julius A. Schalter, C. F. Behrens, W. R. Dorris, Charles Reiss, Sr., William Reiss, Mathias Schwarz, Sr., W. A. Darrow, John Munier, John Peach, George Reiss, and John Koch, Sr. Of these, seventeen are deceased. It is interesting to note that the majority of the shares issued to the above are still held by the original owners or their heirs.

The Bank was opened for business September 1, 1903 with the following officers:

| fire rollo with our control | |
|-----------------------------|---------------------|
| President | E. H. Smiley |
| Cashier | W. R. Dorris |
| Vice President | George W. Tiedemann |
| Vice President | Dr. H. T. Bechtold |

Mr. E. H. Smiley owned and operated a drug store after he started the bank. The first telephone office, bank, and light and power office were in the building with the drug store during the time Mr. Smiley owned the store.

In 1905 the bank moved to the corner of Lincoln Avenue and State Street. The exterior of the building was remodeled in 1921 and the interior in 1945.

The First National Bank observed its Fiftieth Anniversary on September 1, 1953. Mr. E. H. Smiley, Chairman of the Board for eleven years and President of the bank for thirty-nine years, died December 25, 1953. At the present time Mr. W. R. Dorris is President of the bank, a position he has held for the past eleven years.

INDEPENDENT ENGINEERING COMPANY, INC.

Prior to 1937 the foundations of the Independent Engineering Company were laid in the C & R Engineering Company and the Puritied Gas Company both of which had developed a small business devoted to general gas engineering. In 1937 the Independent Engineering Company was organized and incorporated with the following officers:

| Mr. | L. | R. | Cartier | | President |
|------|-----|------|-------------|---------|-----------|
| Mr. | B. | R. | Christopher | · Vice- | President |
| Mrs | Ε. | M. | Cartier | | Secretary |
| Miss | · F | elic | ita Streck | Asst. | Secretary |

The normal peace time business of the Company was the manufacturing of Acetylene Cylinders. Through 1937 and 1938 the Company manufactured these Acetylene Cylinders. During this time the President had conceived the idea of manufacturing Mobile Gas Generators to avoid shipping and reshipping empty gas cylinders.

During World War II the Company manufactured Mobile Oxygen generators in addition to the other products mentioned. These Mobile Oxygen generators were sent to every fighting front in the World War and along with them went trained operators, who were trained by the Company for this special service. In all, 1,007 men were trained for this special service.

Following the close of World War II, the Company began to devote more time to the production of stationary gas generators and research in the production of Argon.

On June 29, 1948, President L. R. Cartier died and on March 19, 1951, his wife, Mrs. Effie Mae Cartier, who had served as Secretary of the Company, also passed away. Following the death of these two original officers, the Corporation elected the present officers who are as follows:

Research was continued on the production of Argon, and at present, the Company is one of a very small number of firms in the United States producing Argon. In addition to the industrial gas generators mentioned and the industrial gases, both of which are produced by the Company, other products are a full line of accessory materials for the industrial gas business, such as various types of cylinders, rechargers, valving machines, test boards, and other types of testing equipment.

The products of the Independent Engineering Company, Inc., today, are not only distributed through out the United States, but to many points in South America, Europe and Asia.

O'FALLON BUILDING AND LOAN ASSOCIATION

The O'Fallon Building and Loan Association received its charter from the state of Illinois in May 1891. On May 8, 1891, in the drug store of George E. Remick, the following stockholders met for the purpose of organizing and electing the first officers: E. Tiedemann, S. C. Smiley, Philip Heyde, George E. Remick, Dr. J. W. Scott, Julius A. Schalter, James E. Owen, Henry Kuntzmann, John G. Martin, Chas. Basshard, H. C. Begole, Joseph Taylor, Chas. T. Smiley, R. I. Collins, and A. B. Young. The officers elected at this time were: H. C. Begole, president, Ernest Tiedemann, vice-president; Dr. J. W. Scott, secretary, and George E. Remick, treasurer,

E. F. Staats received the first loan amounting to \$800.00 at a rate of 11°C interest. After one month's business the receipts of the Association amounted to \$158.25 in stock payments compared to approximately \$7,000 per month at the present time. Joseph Taylor, S. C. Smiley, and Philip Heyde were the first appraisal committee.

In the first year the organization borrowed \$1,000 from Ernst Tiedemann at 5% to meet the demand for loans on property. Meetings of the board were held the first Monday of the month in Beaumont Hall (now the bus station at the corner of State and Lincoln Avenue). In September of the first year, the meeting date was changed to the third Monday of the month, the same as the present time.

During the first year loans were made to John Dennerlein, Sr., William Lehmann, and Christ Schachner,

At the end of the first year the association had 346 shares of stock in force with total receipts amounting to \$2,644.58. At the end of the fiscal year (May 31, 1953) the association had 8,681 shares of stock in force and had assets of approximately \$233,000.

The practice during the first two years was to sell the money to the applicant making the highest interest offer which often ran to 21% premium. However, this practice was discontinued in the third year when the directors decided to make loans to borrowers indiscriminately.

The following have records of long service as officers of the association:

John Seddon - - - - - 28 years
John Schneider - - - - 41 years
Edward N. Thomas - - - 30 years
George B. Gieser - - - - 35 years
E. H. Smiley - - - - 52 years

The present officers and directors are: Dr. Edward Trippel, president; Joseph P. Keck, vice-president; Mose R. E.kert, secretary; John Lawrence, treasurer; and directors, Charles Heitman, Clarence Distler, G. B. Gieser, William P. Lehman, Harvey Klingel, Arthur J. Huller, and William K. Schmidt.

A good Building and Loan Association is a valuable asset to a community. It provides source of funds for many citizens from which to secure money to finance the purchase of homes. It provides for investors a safe investment for their funds. Through the years of its existence the O'Fallon Building and Loan Association has efficiently provided these services. Its record for sound business operation is second to none. It has done much to promote the growth and welfare of O'Fallon.

THE O'FALLON PROGRESS

It is understood that the first newspaper in O'Fallon was printed by Sebs tian Mace. I ater his brothers, Harry and Eugene Mace, printed a little paper known as the "O'Fallon Advance"

About 1890 Ado ph Bunsen and the McGechon Brothers (Brice and Sam) had a store where Allen's Clothing Store was formerly located on First Street. They printed a little monthly bulletin called the "Rustler" which carried a set line of church, Sunday School, and lodge notices, and other items of interest.

In 1895, two young men, John Hanley and John Wagner, came to O'Fallon upon the encouragement of several of the business men to start a newspaper. Bunsen and the McGeehons helped in securing about 150 subscribers for the paper in and around O'Fallon, Ridge Prairie, and Shiloh and solicited some advertising from the local merchants and other business men of the county. The paper was then given the name. "O'Fallon Progress" and is still known by that name. The first issue of the O'Fallon Progress was printed on Fel ruary 7, 1895. Irwin A. Yare, the present owner of the paper, has a copy of this paper on display in his office. 'The Progress office was located in the Keil Building on East First Street, the building now occupied by the George Thomas Electric Shop.

Messrs, Hanley and Wagner operated the paper for a short time when they sold it to H. P. Gibbs. In March 1902, Mr. Gibbs sold the paper to A. H. Doran and moved to Oklahoma. Mr. Doran, principal of the Millstadt schools and editor of the Millstadt Enterprise, took possession in June when his contract with the school board expired. He located in the Alex Thomas Building east of where the O'Fallon Locker Company is now located.

In 1902 the paper was changed from four to eight pages. Mr. Doran sold the paper in 1915 to R. A. Everett of Boston, Massachusetts, who published it until February 23, 1917 when he sold it to Marcel F. Kuehn 'The Progress was located in the Wachter Building on West State Street before being moved by Mr. Kuehn to the location at 111 West State Street.

Mr. Irwin A Yare bought the Progress from Mr Kuehn on September 1, 1950. Mr. Yare has been connected with the newspaper business for 25 years. In addition to publishing the Progress he also publishes "The Reporter," a legal publi ation, which he started nine years ago. Since Mr. Yare has owned the Progress the capacity of the printing plant has been doubled. A second linotype machine, a folding machine, and two automatic presses have been added to the shop equipment. On April 5, 1954 the Progress moved to its new location at 119 West State Street the former site of the Star Bakery.

O'FALLON QUALITY DAIRY

In 1922 George Schwarz purchased the O'Fallet Creamery from Mr. John Munier The previous operations of the plant were the making of ice creat and butter. There were also facilities for ice making. All of these operations had been discontinued for some time when the plant was purchased by Mr. Schwarz.

The plan, was located on West Second Street. At that time the location was advantageous because of the Inter-

urban car line which had a switch into the creamery plant. Coal for the plant and a great deal of the coal used by the people of O'Fallon was delivered from this switch out of railroad cars brought in from St. Ellen and the Prairie mines. The mines at that time did not have truck loading facilities.

Because of the available refrigeration a milk receiving station was started for the Illinois-Missouri Co-Op. The Co-Op after a few years went into bankruptcy. This presented a problem for the milk producers in this locality and they asked Mr. Schwarz to go into the milk business. In 1923, the first milk route was purchased with a list of 150 customers.

Of the first three producers (Joseph Thoman, Sr., George Munier, Sr., and Mike Obernuefemann) from whom Mr. Schwarz started buying milk, Mike Obernuefemann is still a shipper today.

From that time on expansion in the milk business continued making it necessary to build new and larger quarters.

Construction work was started after World War II on the new building located on the corner of Oak Street and Route 50 and the building had its formal opening on May 1, 1948. The new plant of the O'Fallon Quality Dairy is recognized by the industry as one of the finest processing plants in the State of Illinois.

At the close of the war after returning from service with the Armed Forces, Mr. Schwarz's three sons. Robert, Jack, and William came into the business. The present corporation officers are: George Schwarz, president; Robert and William Schwarz, vice - presidents; Jack Schwarz. treasurer; and Sue Schwarz, secretary. This makes the O'Fallon Quality Dairy a family corporation.

Today the O'Fallon Quality Dairy distributes its products in most of the cities of St. Clair, Madison, Clinton, and Bond counties. The plant employs 36 persons, has 37 distributors and drivers, and collects milk from 303 producers.

O'FALLON TOOL & DIE COMPANY

The O'Fallon Tool & Die Company is owned by a partnership consisting of James J. Lautz, Ivan S. Meyer, and Maurice H. Heien. The business began in 1945 at 127 West First Street, and at that time business was on a very moderate scale with the three partners actually performing the work in the shop. One apprentice was hired and as work

increased more men were hired until a total of ten men were on the payroll.

By October, 1950, the company had outgrown the quarters at 127 West First Street and purchased the Independent Engineering Company building at 111 West Second Street, their present location. At the present time the company employs thirty-five persons. The company has the necessary machinery for the manufacture of dies, jigs, tools, fixtures, gages, and special machinery.

The O'Fallon Tool & Die Company is now considered one of the best equipped in the St. Louis area.

SEL-MOR GARMENT CO., INC.

On February 6, 1953, the O'Fallon plant of the Sel-Mor Garment Co., Inc., began operation in the hall at Community Park with about 50 women employed.

Sel-Mor Garment Company is a manufacturer of all types of ladies' and children's lingerie. Lingerie in its broadest terms as it is used by the firm, includes such items as ladies' and children's slips, half-slips, petticoats, gowns, pajamas (in long or short lengths), bed jackets, dusters, and robes.

Under its trade style of "Miss Elaine," Sel-Mor Garment Company distributes its products in each of the 48 states and the Territory of Hawaii. A permanent sales force covers the country from one end to the other, and many years ago the company added a permanent. New York show room which it still maintains.

Its diversified products consisting of fabrics ranging from plain cotton and quilted materials through all the synthetic fibres of acetate, rayons, and nylon, and now the most recent of them all—Dacron, are manufactured in five different plants of which the O'Fallon location is very important in the company's present structure.

The firm was organized some 29 years ago and continues at this time under the leadership of the founder, Mr. Herman C. Seldin, president.

The O'Fallon plant, only a little over a year old, has already grown to $2\frac{1}{2}$ times its original size and there are plans in the discussion stage to make it an even larger unit. The main operation and headquarters are at 1136 Washington Avenue, St. Louis, Mo. There besides a main sewing and sampling plant, general offices, show-room and designing offices are maintained. All purchasing and designing is done in the St. Louis plant and then distributed to the various locations.

Business Directory

Amusements

Moonlight Recreation, 104 South Cherry

State Theatre, 122 East State

Architect

William G. Potter, 315 East Third Auto Repair, Sales and Service, Parts Corbier & Scheibel, 304 South Vine Arthur J. Huller Garage, 615 South Lincoln

M. & S. Auto Body, 403 South Walnut Munie Garage, 502 South Lincoln O'Fallon Motor Co., 510 South Lincoln Schmidt Motor Co., 201 East State Western Auto Store, 135 West First

Banking and Loans

The First National Bank, 101 West State

O'Fallon Building and Loan Association, 110 West State

Bakery

Star Bakery, 113 West First

Barber and Beauty Shops Beckman's Barber Shop, 123 West First Edith's Beauty Shop, 103 West Washington

Lehman's Barber Shop, 117 East State Lil's Beauty Shop, 1st Natl. Bank Bldg. State Beauty Shop, 108 West State Vi's Beauty Shop, 214 East State

Building Materials

O'Fallon Concrete Block Co., 608 East State

O'Fallon Lumber & Material Co., Route 50 and I.T. R.R.

Chinchilla Ranch

K & A Chinchilla Ranch, R F D No. 2
Clothing, Dry Goods, and Variety
Ben Franklin Store, 109 West First
Keck's Dept. Store, 133 West First
Jack Louppe's, 107 West First
Nold's Variety Store, 117 East First
Bertha Schmidt, 115 East State
Tiny Tot Shop, 116 East State

Confectionery

Wood's Confectionery, 108 South Lin-

Contractors, Millwork, Cabinets
Elmer Asbury, 511 Parkview Drive
Ed. Bohnenstiehl, R F D No. 2
Budina Construction Co., 213 No. Oak
Archie Fitzgerald, 425 West Fifth,
T. E. Greiner, 110 East Third
Harry E. Morton & Sons, R F D No. 2
Robert Morton, R F D No. 1
Clarence & Les Rieckenberg, 401 East
Jefferson

Everett Truttman, 505 South Walnut

Dairy Products

O'Fallon Quality Dairy, Oak & Rt. 50 Willford J. Eckert, Distr., 302 East 4th

Dentists

Dr. Jon Orwig, 311 South Lincoln
Dr. A. J. Rehberger, 121A East First
Dr. Paul J. Feder, in Armed Services
Dr. Charles M. Zeigler, in Armed Services.

Drugs

Bittles' Drug Store, 101 West First Electrical Contractors and Appliances O'Fallon Electric Co., 106 West State Rays' Radio and Appliances, 125 West First

Schaefer Radio and Electric Co., 306 South Lincoln

Thomas Electric and Gift Shop, 109
East First

Farm Equipment

Sollis Hardware and Equipment, 105 East Second.

Funeral Homes

Schildknecht Funeral Home, 301 South Lincoln

Wolfersberger-Meyer Funeral Home, 102 West Washington

Furniture

Schwarz Furniture, 225 West First

Florists

Dressel's Friendly Gardens, RFD No. 1 Fitch Florist, 119 East State

Gas and Appliances

Purified Gas Co., 210 South Lincoln

Grain and Feed

Oberbeck Feed Co., 320 West State

Grocery and Meat Markets

Clover Farm Store, 129 West First Economy Food Mart, 105 East First First Street Market, 123 East First Friend's Market, 103 East First Ben Schmidt & Son, 118 East State Seipp's Market, 125 East State Taylor's Market, 102 East State

Hardware

Thomas Hardware, 113 East First

Hatchery

O'Fallon Hatchery Co., 226 West State

Wiemann Ice & Fuel, 118 East Second Jewelry and Watch Repair John Schneider, 109 West State

Bob Williams Jewelry, 104 So. Lincoln Laundry and Dry Cleaning

Hincheliff Wash House, 115 No. Cherry Lil's Cleaners, 227 West First O'Fallon City Cleaners, 313 No. Lincoln Quality Cleaners, 121 West First Retting Cleaners, 203 South Lincoln Wiskamp Cleaning, 106 West State

Lawyers

Johnson & Johnson, 1st National Bank Building

Jones, Ottesen and Fleming, 1st National Bank Building

Locker Service

O'Fallon Locker Co., 216-22 East State

Manufacturers

Independent Engineering Co., Inc., R F D No. 1

O'Fallon Tool & Die Co., 115 West Second

Sel-Mor Garment Co., Community Park

Newspaper and Printing

O'Fallon Progress, 119 West State Nursing Home

Loretto Haven Nursing Home, 308 West State

Painters and Decorators

Charles C. Korinek, 406 East Fourth Oscar Meyer, 312 East Washington Scheibel and Warner, 116 No. Lincoln

Physicians

Dr. I. S. Hiebert, 311 South Lincoln Dr. Edward Trippel, 118 West State

Photographer

William F. Morton Studio, 202 Fast State

Plumbing, Heating, and Sheet Metal Birkner Sheet Metal, 105 South Vine O'Fallon Sheet Metal Works, 117 West Second

Ohlendorf & Son Plumbing, 111 East Second

Warma Plumbing and Heating, 114 East State

Public Service

Baltimore and Ohio Railroad, East First and B. & O. R.R. Illinois Power Co., 115 East First O'Fallon-Belleville Coach Co., 102 West State

O'Fallon City Water, 200 No. Lin oln O'Fallon Fire Department, 200 North Lincoln

O'Fallon Police Department, 200 North Lincoln

Southwestern Bell Telephone Co., 408
South Lincoln

Real Estate and Insurance

Mose R Eckert Agency, 110 W State G. B. Gieser Insurance Agency, 1st National Bank Bldg.

Walter Meiners, 121 West First Lucy Parmenter Agency, 200 E. Third Ray L. Schmidt, 125 West First E. N. Thomas, 305 Alma Earl J Thompson, R F D No. 1

Restaurants

Shamrock Cafe, 113 West State Two Sisters Cafe, South Lincoln and Route 50

Waiting Room Cafe, 102 West State

Scrap Iron

J. Middleton and Son, R F D No. 2 Service Stations

Hildebrand Service Station, 110 East Eighth

Hilles Service Station, West Fifth and Route 50

Kampmeyer Service Station, 716 South Lincoln

O'Fallon Gas and Oil Supply, 102 South Vine

Plab Service Station, 204 So. Lincoln Rutledge Service Station, South Lincoln and Route 50

Shoe Repair

Loyet Shoe Store, 121 East State

Signs

McManemy Signs, 304 West Second

Taverns

Corral Inn, RFD No. 2, Route 50 Chick's Tavern, 125 East State Foy's Tavern, 220 West State Friendly Tavern, 108 East State Jim's Tavern, 224 West State Pitt's Tavern, 101 East First Ralph and Blanche's Tavern, 127 East First

Swope's Tavern, 113 North Lincoln Thomas' Tavern, 112 West State

Trailer Courts

L & M Trailer Court, 505 East State OFC Trailer Court, 313 North Lincoln Prather's Trailer Court, Route 50 Schmidt's Trailer Court, 419 East Washington

Truck Service and Hauling

Charles Distler and Sons, 114 West Fourth

Cleon Dressel, 121 West Sixth Friederich Truck Service, P.O. Box 86 11 & H. Truck Service, 227 West First Ferd Lampe 424 West Fourth Ed. Schwaegel, R. F. D. No. 2

Welding and Blacksmithing Leo Liekenbrock, 328 West State

Coal Mines of the Area



Van Court's Mine

Governor Reynolds, one of the early governors of Illinois, in a sketch written in 1857, says coal was discovered in St. Clair County in the following manner: "A citizen of the American Bottoms discovered smoke issuing from the ground for weeks together, which attracted his attention. He saw the coal in the bluff outcroppings on fire, and supposed it had caught from the dry roots of a tree ignited by a prairie fire. The fire had communicated to the coal from the burning." It is of interest to note that in early times coal was always referred to as "stone-coal."

Under three-fourths of the surface of St. Clair County, especially in the central and eastern parts, coal is found. Several seams have been developed, the thickest of which measures 11 feet. The coal around O'Fallon was usually found from 150 to 200 feet below the surface with a vein about 7 feet thick on the average. The first mines sunk around the O'Fallon area were shaft mines.

The first shaft was sunk at Alma (Carbon) by the Gartside Coal Company about 1851. This company sank a number of mines in this same area: Alma No. 1 and No. 2: Cross Roads, Henry Taylor, Great Western Taylor, and Carbon. The Carbon Mine was sunk in 1856 and abandoned in the late 1930's. At the time of its abandonment it was the oldest operating mine in the state. In August 1935, the Carbon Mine had a record of operating 24 years without a single fatal accident during which time it had hoisted 2,304,172 tons of coal.

B. J. Van Court, who owned the property now occupied by the Independent Engineering Company, and erected



Carbon Mine

the large home there, sunk a mine north of the O & M lracks an' east of the present overhead bridge in 1863. The mine was operated by Sharp and Thompson for many years and later by the Savitz Brothers.

About 1579 the Nichols or Morriss Mine was sunk further east of O'Fallon along the O & M Railroad. This mine operated for a short period of time.

Pennett's Coal Mine located about three miles east of O'r allon on the old Lebanon road was sunk in 1871 by Jerentiah Bennett. He came to St. Clair County in 1835 and settled to the Silver Creek area. He very early became one of the largest wheat growers in the county. Mr. Bennett struck coal at a depth of 180 feet. The vein was about 5½ feet thick and of excellent quality. The mine operated for about 30 years.

The Darrow Mine about $2^{1}2$ miles east of O'Fallon on the O & 1 Railroad was sunk about 1892. The mine operated about 20 years,

Joshua Bond, a descendant of Shadrock Bond, the first governor of Illinois, owned land north of the O & M Railroad and east of Lincoln Avenue. In December 1868, Mr. Bond granted a 16 year lease to Cyrus O. Godfrey, Edward Price, and Martin W. Willis to sink a coal mine. The mine called "Bond Mine" was sunk in 1869 at the then eastern edge of the village (present southwest corner of East State and Orange streets on the property commonly known as the Herman Gross property). The air shaft for this mine was located directly north in the 300 block of East Adams street. The mine was operated by the Bartlett Coal and Mining Company. The mine was in operation for only a comparative short period of time.

The Consolidated Coal Company sank two mines west of Carbon in the 1890's, namely: the "Menter" and "Ridge Prairie" mines.

The Taylor Mine, located about $^{1}2$ mile north of the Carbon Mine, was sunk in 1883. This mine operated for over $^{3}0$ years.

In 1902 the "Prairie" or "Angel" Mine was sunk west of O'Fallon along the old interurban car line. H. Angell, J. Siddall, J. Daniels, C. G. Brechnitz, and J. Herzler were instrumental in the development of the mine. In prosperous days the mine hoisted between 2,200 and 2,400 tons of coal daily and employed between 200 and 300 men. Prairie Mine was never mechanized, being operated as a "hand" mine until it closed. The mine was abandoned and dismantling operations begun in October 1942.

On July 15, 1903, James F. Thomas, Isabella T. and Moses Stafford granted a 25 year lease to Joseph Taylor to sink a coal mine. The shaft was sunk and St. Ellen Mine was in operation before the end of the year. The mine is still in operation and has been one of the better producing mines in this area.

Ch November 13, 1916, St. Ellen Mine was sold at auction to Henderson and Fischer of St. Louis for a sum of \$46.100.00. On April 13, 1931, the tipple was destroyed by fire at a loss of \$100,000.00. On June 19, 1931, work was resumed, a new tipple having replaced the wooden structure destroyed by fire. Again on February 27, 1939, fire destroyed the engine room with a resulting loss of \$75,000.00. On March 4, 1938, work was completed on a \$200,000.00 coal washer.

During the last six years the St. Ellen Mine has been modernized so that today it is producing coal at efficien-

cies comparable to the best underground mines in the State. The improvement program includes a new slope in which coal is brought to surface by a 42" conveyor belt instead of being hoisted up the shaft in small mine cars. A new wash house has been constructed, the shap has been enlarged and modernized, and all underground equipment has been put in first class condition. Timbering has been largely discontinued with the installation of four roof bolting machines. Ventilation is improved by the climination of timbers and the mine is a safer place for men to work.

During the present year prepartion facilities on the surface are being modernized by the installation of a Roberts and Schaefer air cleaning plant to handle %" minus coal. This unit, which is nearing completion at the present time, will enable the St. Ellen Mine to produce the best quality coal possible. The whole program has been designed to improve coal quality and to reduce production costs.

At present the mine employs 300 Progressive Mine Workers and 26 supervisory and clerical personnel. It operates two shifts per day, producing on the average of 2 600 tons per shift.

About 1900 Nigger Hollow Mines No. 1 and No. 2 were sunk west of O'Fallon on the St. Louis, Belleville and O'Fallon Railroad. It is interesting to note several arly state hoisting records established by Nigger Hollow No.? On March 17, 1905 the mine established a new record by hoisting 2,039 tons of coal in 7½ hours. The coal was moved to the shaft by 16 mules and the cars were dumped on top by hand. The mine employed about 250 nen ct that time. Officers of the company at that time were: Edward L. Thomas, David O. Thomas, and John Taylor. On November 6, 1913 the mine established a new state record by hoisting 4,400 tons of coal in seven hours and 15 minutes.

Nigger Hollow No. I has been worked out, but Nigger Hollow No. 2, new known as the Black Eagle Mine is still working.

In August 1867, Mine Operators Booth and Atchinson in an effort to sink a mine shaft near the western ed e of O'Fallon struck a subteranean lake and the shaft was flooded. Many years later this source was utilized as a water supply when the city established its first water distribution system.

On September 20, 1918, the Penn Heirs granted a lease to Samuel Meister, representing a group of business men from Bay City, Mi higan, on 80 acres to carry on mining operations. The O'Fallon Coal Company was to begin operations within one year from the date of the tease. The mine sunk by this company on East State Street was locally known as the "Tin-can Mine". This mine operated for intermittent intervals for about ten years before it was abandoned.

St. Clair County coal is being used less today than it was in the past. The principal reason for the loss of consumers market seems to be the introduction of natural gas and oil from Louisiana. Oklahoma and Texas

On March 12, 1954 J J Forbes, Director of the U S Bureau of Mines in a report on the coal industry made the following comments: The ever-increasing trend on the part of industrial and residential consumers to depend more and more on natural gas and oil and less and less

upon coal as a source of energy; coal which supplied 70 per cent of the total fuel requirements in 1926 dropped to 34 per cent in 1952; meanwhile, natural gas and oil increased their contribution from 25.8 per cent to almost 62 per cent; the dieselization of the railroads has drastically reduced the amount of coal used; that the answer to the problems of the coal industry lies in research leading toward the perfecting of new synthetic liquid fuels thus opening new markets, better marketing methods, and more efficient mining methods.

The coal mines and coal miners have played an important role in the development of O'Fallon. Old King Coal has, indeed, left his impress on O'Fallon, one which shall always remain.



St. Ellen Mine



Miners at Taylor's Mine

Present School Buildings



ST. CLARE'S



CAFETERIA



EAST GRADE



GYMNASIUM



WEST GRADE



HIGH SCHOOL

History of Schools

A small frame house on Lincoln Avenue, across from the present Methodist parsonage, was used as a school before the city of O'Fallon was platted. This building was originally a residence and then turned into a school. It was a subscription school, Miss Louise Ahly being the first teacher,

The first school building, erected in 1861 after the town was laid out, was a two room brick structure located in the middle of town, on the site of the present post-office. At first, only the lower room was used as a school-room, the upper room serving as a lodge room, and, at times, as a meeting place for church services. However, as the school population grew, additional rooms were needed, and in 1875 two rooms were added. This building was torn down in 1918 to make room for the garage building now occupied by John L. Anheuser. Close to the school was a shallow pond to which the pupils were attracted, especially in the winter, when it became a natural skating rink.



AMELIA V. CARRIEL

One of the best-loved teachers at this time was Amelia V. Carriel. She was born near Trenton on January 31, 1856 her parents having moved to that place from Pennsylvania. When her parents died in 1858 she went to live with her Grandmother Scott on a farm a short distance south of O'Fallon. She was educated in the schools of O'Fallon and later tock a course at McKendree College at Lebanon. She left college in her Sophomore year, however, to become a teacher.

Miss Carriel taught in the public schools of O'Fallon for fifty-one years. She began her teaching in the O'Fallon schools in 1874, in the old brick building where the post office now stands. Although she taught in a number of grades, she specialized in primary grade work. At the close of her fortieth year in the schools of O'Fallon, a homecoming of former pupils was held. She continued to teach until a few months before her death, January 16, 1926.

By the middle 90's, to accommodate the pupils then enrolled, an additional room was rented a few blocks away, on West Second street near the present Schwarz Furniture warehouse. This one room building was used until 1899 when a frame structure on East State street that had been used as a Turner Hall was converted into a two-room school, housing the 6th, 7th, and 8th grades. By this time the number of teachers had increased to six.

It was at this time, 1899, that Mr. W. R. Dorris, now President of the First National Bank, became principal of the O'Fallon Public Schools. He had previously held a similar position at Okawville.

Gradually additional studies were added to the curriculum, students remained in school longer, and another school building became a necessity. The first of the present group of buildings was erected in 1901-1902. The old school, on East Third street having been vacated, was sold September 13, 1902. The new building, the present West grade building, had eight rooms, and soon a two-year high school was added. On May 22, 1903, the first commencement of O'Fallon High School was held at Wachter's Hall. Diplomas were awarded to Edna Thurston, Ethel Evans, Henry Poignee, Thomas Gordon, and Ralph Evans. The commencement address was given by Dr. H. W. Shyrock of Southern Illinois Normal, who was considered a very learned and effective speaker. The principal, W. R. Dorris, was presented with a gift, a rocking chair, by the graduating class.

By 1904 the public schools had an enrollment of 343 and the Board of Education changed the two-year High School to a three-year school. Once more the schools were faced with over crowding, and, September 1904, the Board of Education voted to rent the German Evangelical school building for the remainder of the term for the sum of \$100. During the period 1903-1910 Mr. C. M. Wilton and Mr. J. H. Yarbrough were the superintendents.

In May of this year, 1904, O'Fallon was astir with visitors who came to attend the first High School Athletic and Intellectual meet of surrounding towns. A half holiday was declared and business houses closed. Pingree Reeble won the pole vault and John Budina won the hammer throw. Elsa Schilling was awarded first in declamation. However, Trenton carried off first honors and Marissa second in the meet.

By 1911 another school building was needed. In June 1911, the Board of Education, District No. 92, sold bonds for a new building to Holtz and Company of Chicago on their bid of \$18,869.00. The issue was for \$18,000, the district receiving a premium of \$869.00. This building, besides housing the upper grades, also served as a high school. In the 1920's the rooms became so crowded that classes were held in the basement and cloak rooms. In 1920 the High School became a Township High School.

O'Fallon continued to participate in Athletic and Intellectual meets through the years. In the 1920's, meets were held at McKendree, and schools from all southern Illinois attended. Soon colleges were not permitted to hold Intellectuals, and a County Association was formed. At the time the County Association died out, a State Association was formed. O'Fallon often won high honors at these contests. O'Fallon contestants at times won the right to participate in the National Association contests. At the National Contest held at Anderson, Indiana in 1939, O'Fal-

lon was represented by the boys' chorus, the boys' quartette, and a soloist, Stanley Kimes, who won first place in the men's vocal division: in 1940, at Springfield, Illinois, the girls' chorus and mixed chorus competed; and in 1941, at Flint, Michigan, Shirley Greene, Marion Redd, Vivian Payne and the mixed chorus represented O'Fallon. Because of their consistent winning the National High School Association selected O'Fallon as one of the schools for special mention for training and practice methods.

During the period of 1911 to 1921, Mr. John Arras and Mr. L. A. Schafer were superintendents. At this time Mr. Erwin Runkwitz was active in school affairs. He spent his life in education work in the vicinity of his own home which was between Lebanch and O'Fallon. For over a quarter of a century, he taught in the schools of O'Fallon retiring from teaching in 1938. He was County Superintendent of Schools for eight years. In his lifetime, he taught over 1,000 children. He made a wonderful contribution to O'Fallon's youth by whem he was much loved.

An account of the schools during this period would be incomplete without mentioning George Deischer, whom the school children loved so much and called "Grampa." As janitor he worked conscientiously for many years. He didn't limit his duties to the janitorial service alone. He cared for the children as if they were his own.

At school there was a pump with a pipe about 10 to 15 feet long connected to it. At lunch time he would pump, and the water would come cut of approximately 40 holes in the pipe. This way he could "water" about 40 children at a time.

William (Bill) Whitehead has served as janitor of the high school since the building was opened in 1925 and Richard (Dick) Titter has served equally as long as janitor at the grade school.

By 1924, there was much discussion concerning an additional building. On March 22, 1924, a special election to decide the question of a new high school was called, the voters being asked to vote on the propositions. The result of the vote was as follows:

| | For | - Against |
|---------------------------------------|-----|-----------|
| Proposition 1-To purchase site | 651 | 308 |
| Proposition 2—Build school | 670 | 307 |
| Proposition 3-Location (Mary Atkinson | | |
| tract selected) | | |
| Proposition 4—Issued \$100,000 bonds | 635 | 303 |

The people having approved the erection of a new building, the present high school was built, and was used for the first time in September 1925.

Mr. J. E. Hincheliffe, Sr. became superintendent of the O'Fallon Schools in 1921 and remained until July 1943 when he submitted his resignation to the school boards and started to work for Independent Engineering Company, where he is employed at present. It was largely through his efforts that our playgrounds were equipped with proper playground equipment for the children. At the time Mr. Hincheliffe came to O'Fallon there were 65 students in the High School. Enrollment rose rapidly as students from the rural districts, although attending rural grade schools, attended high school in O'Fallon.

In 1938 the present gymnasium was added to the group of school buildings. In August 1938, a special referendum vote was held on a \$44,000 bond issue for an \$80,000 addition of a gymnasium and auditorium (the school received

a grant of money from the Federal government). The vote to build was 409 for and 241 against; the vote to issue bonds was 400 for and 243 against. In October 1938, the Safe-T Construction Company of Collinsville was awarded the contract for building the new addition. With the addition of the new gymnasium, the old gym was converted into an industrial Arts Department, thus once more permitting an expansion of the curriculum.

Mr. R. H. Braun was superintendent from 1943 to 1948. Mr. John F. Miller was superintendent from 1948 to 1950. It was at this time, April 22, 1949, that the O'Fallon High School became a member of the North Central Association of Colleges and Secondary Schools.

Mr. Elmer D. Murray served as superintendent from 1950 until the end of this school year. He resigned as head of the O'Fallon school system to accept a position as superintendent of elementary schools on the islands of Japan.

Since 1950 a Drivers' Training Course has been added to the curriculum. The course is sponsored by the American Automobile Association. Mr. A. Huller, Ford dealer, and Mr. Wayne McKinley, Chevrolet dealer, furnish the cars. The course, in the past year, was taught by Mr. Murray and Mr. Hammonds.

One of the innovations in our present school system is the provision of bus service for students in outlying districts. Nearly 6,300 miles are covered monthly in transporting O'Fallon students to and from school. Almost 300 grade, parochial, and high school students ride the buses daily. The buses are also used for purposes other than bringing students to school each day. The service is utilized in taking basketball, baseball, track personnel, and fans to and from games. For a minimum fee, buses may be used for field trips and other educational purposes. The nine buses at the school system's disposal are owned and operated by the O'Fallon-Belleville Coach Company.

In 1953 the much-needed cafeteria was built, the cost of which was \$160,000. It seats 160 children and employs five adult workers and 22 student workers. The building itself contains four classrooms, an all-purpose room, a kitchen, two rest rooms, and a superintendent's office. It is a very attractive building and a very nice addition to the community.

In regard to the size of the teaching staffs in our public schools, at the present, there are 21 grade school teachers and 14 high school teachers. The corollment is 435 in the grade school and 243 in the high school.

The bistery of our schools would be incomplete without a statement of future plans. The Board of Education has asked an architect for preliminary plans for adding six class rooms on the northwest corner of the Main building of the High School to take care of the enrollment which is expected to be over 3.0 by 1959. This addition would require about two years to build and should be started scon in order to be ready for the increased enrollment.

This increased enrollment will mean larger band, dramatics, and athletic activities. Therefore, the improvement plans will call for a state in our present high school auditorium. Additional facilities for metal and electric shops adjacent to our present shop will be added. Also these extra rooms will make it possible to enlarge the business department to ac omodate the increased number

of pupils who want business education.

This history has recorded the forward strides our schools have made since their inception one hundred years ago. The citizens of O'Fallon, no doubt, will continue to give their utmost support to the advancement of education in O'Fallon, so that the schools will continue to forge ahead in the second century of their growth.

Churches

FIRST BAPTIST CHURCH

The first meeting place of record looking toward the organization was held July 30, 1866, place of meeting not recorded. At this meeting Elder D. D. Roach was chosen moderator and J. G. Scott secretary pro-tem. A resolution was adopted to invite the Collinsville, Bethel, Unity, Belleville, Lebanon and Oak Hill churches to send delegates to sit with the brethern in council at the school house in O'Fallon the 11th day of August, 1866, at 2:00 P. M. to advise as to the propriety of organizing a Baptist Church at this place.

Pursuant to call, as noted above, a meeting was held August 11, 1866 and all the invited churches were represented by delegations, Elder D. D. Roach serving as moderator and J. G. Scott, secretary. The council voted unanimously to recommend that the local Baptists proceed to organize a church in O'Fallon.

On January 12, 1867 interested parties met at the home of William S. Scott, near O'Fallon, to further consider the matter of organizing a church. J. G. Scott was chosen moderator and G. W. Darrow, secretary. Some sixteen persons registered as desiring to go into an organization. Adjournment was taken to meet in the German School House on January 26, 1867.

Pursuant to call and vote as above, the interested parties met in the German School House, O'Fallon, on January 26, 1867 and proceeded to organize a church to be known as "The Baptist Church of O'Fallon." Elder J. W. Swift was chosen moderator and William S. Scott, clerk pro-tem.

The following named persons presented letters from their respective churches and were registered as charter members of the new church: Elder D. D. Roach, Delpha Roach, A. 1. Roach, C. A. Roach, G. W. Darrow, Druzilla Darrow, Lois Simmons, Jane Smiley, Elzina Enda, William S. Scott, Mary E. Scott, Micha A. Scott, John G. Scott, Sallie B. Scott and Edwin Swift.

On June 23, 1867 the newly-built house of worship was duly dedicated, Rev. Dr. Reed preaching the dedicatory sermon from the text found in Ephesians 2:20.

The cost of the church building was \$4,050.50 and was built by Contractor Charles Bailey.

The first pastor, Elder J. W. Swift, served about two years; the second pastor serving was Rev. T. W. Green.

During the winter of 1930-1931 a basement was built under the church, and Sunday, April 12, 1931 was set apart for the dedication. Dr. G. M. Potter, President of Shurt-leff College. Alton, Illinois, made an appropriate address at the morning hour of worship. After a fellowship dinner in the new basement, enjoyed by a large gathering of people, the basement with other improvements to the house of worship, amounting all told to some \$4,000 in value, was dedicated at 2:30 P. M. Rev. N. J. Hilton, our District

Superintendent, Alton, Illinois, delivered the dedicatory sermon. Pastor Rev. A. J. Rendleman presided at the service and conducted the dedicatory exercises.

On January 2, 1946 the church became incorporated as a Baptist Church. On February 27, 1946 the church members decided on the corporate name of "First Baptist Church of O'Fallon."

On April 6, 1946 a fire of undetermined origin was discovered in the basement of the church which caused considerable damage to the interior of the building. On April 14, 1946 a special meeting of the church was called and members decided to raze the old church and replace the frame building with a modern brick structure.

Special ceremonials in conjunction with the laying of the cornerstone for the new church building, then under construction, were held in the City Hall on Sunday, January 26, 1947 at 2:30 P. M. Laying of the cornerstone was made by Rev. A. L. Kirkwood of Granite City, Illinois. It was eighty years ago on this same date, January 26th, that the church was organized.

On October 19. 1947 the new \$31,000 church building was dedicated. The morning message was delivered by Rev. Percy Ray, Collinsville, Illinois. The dedicatory address was by Dr. Noel M. Taylor. The services were largely attended by local citizens, members of the church, and friends from surrounding towns.

EVANGELICAL & REFORMED CHURCH

As early as in the 1860's German Evangelical people settled in O'Fallon and vicinity. While their number was not sufficient to warrant the organization of a congregation, their spiritual needs and desires were satisfied by neighboring Evangelical pastors. These pastors came occasionally on Sunday afternoons and conducted services. In the middle of the seventies the desire for regular services was met by the Rev. Hanff, the teacher of the German School Association, volunteering to conduct services. This he did for about two years.

Finally under the leadership of Rev. J. H. Maul, located at Ridge Prairie, definite steps were made towards organizing a congregation. On October 29, 1876, a number of Evangelical people met in the old German school house, and completed the organization of the congregation. The charter members were: Daniel Schaefer, Ernst Tiedemann. John Eckert, John Graf, John G. Schwarz, Karl Fischer, William Ahring, Christopher Obst, Jacob Schmidt, Karl Derl, Peter Reitz, Charles Mueller, George Eckert, F. O. Tiedemann, Karl Tiedemann, John Koch, Charles Hoffmann, Karl Link, Karl Ruedlin, August Behrens, Michael Bernhardt, Leonard Schwarz, and Peter Gieser. When the permanent organization had been accomplished, the following were selected as members of the church council: Daniel Schaefer. John G. Schwarz, John Graf, and John Eckert.

The first church building was erected in 1878. The architecture was Gothic style, the size 35 feet by 69 feet, and the cost \$7,500. Shortly after the completion of the church building, a parsonage was erected.

On March 29, 1905 a fire of unknown origin partly destroyed the church. Fixtures and furnishings were saved. The congregation immediately set forth to rebuild the church, increasing the size by 20 feet. The rededication was on November 26, 1905.

In 1924 the church was remodeled and a large basement added. Work was begun in August 1924 and on September 21st the new cornerstone was laid with appropriate services. The entire cost of remodeling was between \$31,000 and \$32,000.

The 25th Anniversary of the congregation was observed in 1901. The 50th Anniversary was celebrated on November 14, 1926. The 75th Anniversary was observed during the entire month of October 1951.

During the 78 years the O'Fallon Evangelical and Reformed Church has had 14 pastors. The present pastor, Rev. A. E. Klemme, has served since 1927.

Organizations of the church were instituted as follows:

| The Ladies' Aid | April 6, | 1877 |
|-----------------------------------|-----------|------|
| Mary and Martha Society | Jan. 24, | 1907 |
| The Sunday School | | 1876 |
| The Church Choir | March 20, | 1889 |
| Young People's (Youth Fellowship) | Dec. 1, | 1904 |
| Churchmen's Brotherhood | _ June, | 1919 |

Through a sound system located in the church tower a concert of sacred music is played each Saturday evening. This sound system with organ and record attachments was a gift of the Schwarz family in memory of their parents, Mathias and Caroline Schwarz.

This church with its organizations has been an intricate part of the life of this community. It has contributed greatly to the spiritual welfare of many of the citizens of O'Fallon for 78 years of the city's existence.

METHODIST CHURCH

The following early history of the church was written by Miss Amelia V. Carriel before her death in 1926

"The historic old Mother of Methodism in Illinois—the church of Shiloh is also the mother of the church at O'Fallon. The pastors there, fired by true missionary spirit, were constantly reaching out to points where people might be gathered together to hear the gospel. The first Methodist Class in this vicinity was organized by "Grand Daddy Redman" as he was universally called. The meetings were held in his home and then at Mr. Ogle's and later at the Old Vernon School, all being located just west and north of O'Fallon near what is now known as Petersburg.

"Class meetings were held on week day afternoons the school being dismissed for that purpose. Preaching services were also held in the evening at early candle lighting. The good old Methodists would load their families and neighbors into farm wagons and drive to meetings, not forgetting to take with them a candle or two to aid in furnishing a dim religious light for the congregation. After listening to a soul stirring sermon by one of the old time circuit riders the return trip was made and the ride home was frequently enlivened by the singing of in-

spiring hymns and the fervor which had been aroused during the service was often fanned into a warmer glow in this manner. This class belonged to the Sniloh Circuit as did the church here in O'Fallon in after years.

"Quarterly meeting was a day looked forward to by all with joyful anticipation. People for miles around came flocking to the place of worship. Those from a distance went home for dinner with those living nearby and the social features of the occasion often rivaled the spiritual. In the early sixties, after the first brick school house was built in O'Fallon, all the various religious denominations used it for Sunday services. Memorial services were held in the building for the martyred President Abraham Lincoln, the sermon being preached by Rev. C. M. Holliday, then pastor.

"In this room the first Methodist Sunday School was organized. Friends from Shiloh came over and assisted A young man named Marion Mansfield was the first Superintendent.

"The church was built in 1865 largely through the generosity of a few of the more prosperous members at a total cost of about \$5,000. The church was dedicated by Rev. T. F. Houts, the pastor being Rev. E. Joy. Early pastors were A. Ransom, W. F. Davis, Wm. Van Cleave. J. Copeland, Samuel Walker, J. McIntosh, R. H. Massey, and David Caughlon. The church was partially destroyed by a tornado in 1877 but soon repaired.

A parsonage was built from funds furnished by Mrs Rebecca Forman who also was responsible for the basement in the church. This was done in 1894."

The matter of the remodeling and enlargement of the church was made a matter of special business at a meeting of the Church Board held April 28, 1948, when E. II. Smiley (now deceased) made known his desire to do something to relieve the crowded quarters used for the Sunday School and offered a cash donation of \$25,000 to be used in the construction of an Educational Building. The offer was accepted and steps taken immediately to secure the services of an architect. This was done and Charles Thurston, a prominent architect of St. Louis and a former O'Fallon boy, was engaged. Thomas E. Greiner, a contractor of O'Fallon, was chosen to do the work. As the work progressed, quite a number of changes and additions to the original plans were made from time to time necessarily resulting in greatly increased costs. With the approval of the Church Board and the membership, and the financial backing of Mr. Smiley, the expenditures were authorized and the work went on to completion. Dedication of the Education Building was made on December 11, 1949, with a sermon by Dr. H. G. Hurley, District Superintendent, at the morning service and the Dedicatory Address by Dr. Rockwell Smith of Chicago in the afternoon. The Education Building was dedicated to Mr. Smiley in appreciation of his interest in the building program.

The total cost of the building program was over \$90,000. Through generous conations from Mr Smiley, donations from the general church membership, and untiring assistance from the various church organizations the entire debt was cleared.

Formal Rededicatory Services of the church were held Sunday, June 8, 1952 with Bishop Ivan Lee Holt delivering the dedication sermon.

The church has always been proud of its fine Sunday School. The average attendance in Sunday School is 200 pupils. Miss Amelia V. Carriel served as Superintendent of the Sunday School for over 40 years; Mr. William Riedelberger, Jr., for 13 years prior to his death in 1937; and Mrs. Edna Ayres from 1937 to the present.

The church has a membership of 380 persons at this time. The present pastor is Rev. Mayo Bowles.

ST. CLARE'S CHURCH AND SCHOOL

The first Mass was said in 1858 in the residence of Thomas Mackin by Fr. August Reineke, who resided in Breese, Illinois. Later Fr. Clement Sieghardt came once a month from Carlyle. About the middle of the year 1866, St. Clare's was taken care of by Fr. Anton Rustige from Lebanon who came twice a month. In the beginning of 1867 four lots were bought for the price of \$700 from John Mersinger. The cornerstone of the new Church was laid on the first Sunday of September of that year. It was dedicated by the Most Reverand Bishop Junker of Alton, Illinois on December 17, 1867, and the first Mass in the church was on December 29, 1867. The cost of the new church was \$5,000 and the dimensions were 56 feet by 36 feet. Membership of the parish was 40 persons.

In the early part of 1868 the residence of the pastor was transferred from Lebanon to O'Fallon. From then services were held in Lebanon every third Sunday and one day during each week by the new pastor of O'Fallon. Both places were served by Fr. Theodore Kamann from the year 1868. The first Catholic school was begun by Fr. Kamann in the year 1868. He himself was the first teacher. Some time later a man by the name of Baumann taught the school for a year.

St. Clare's Cemetery was begun in 1970. St. Clare's Parish was without a pastor from the middle of August 1870 until December 1st of the same year, when Fr. William Drube became the permanent pastor.

In 1870 a new school was built for the sum of \$1600. The teacher for one year in this new school was John Goelz, grandfather of the present pastor.

A new rectory was built in 1872. Foundation for a new, the present church, was begun in March of 1899. The cornerstone was laid on June 6, 1892. Its dedication was on October 23, 1895. The tower of the present church was built in 1899. The completed church and tower cost \$35,000. Membership of the parish at this time was 70 families.

The first Baptism was recorded on May 21, 1868, that of Caroline Bishof, by Fr Theodore Kamann.

The first death recorded was that of Elizabeth Rieget on January 21, 1870.

The first Marriage on September 24, 1868 was that of James Bumueller and Catherine Clemens.

Fr. William Drube died on June 19, 1915. Fr. Henry Muenster was pastor from the time of Fr. Drube's illness and death until August 20, 1919. Fr. Muenster was succeeded by Fr. Anthony Powell in 1919. His pastorate extended until his death on December 8, 1930. During Fr. Powell's illness and after his death the parish was administered by Fr. Bernard Loepker, until the appointment of the present pastor, Fr. John Goelz, which became effective February 4, 1931.

During Fr. Powell's administration the present convent was built in 1920, the new Mt. Calvary Cemetery in 1923, and the present St. Clare's School in 1925. A new rectory was erected in 1950.

The number of families at the present time is about 325 with an enrollment in St. Clare's School of 196 children taught by five Sisters of the Most Precious Blood Order. The first Order of Sisters represented at St. Clare's were the Poor Handmaids of Christ from Fort Wayne, Indiana. In October 1876 four Sisters arrived, two to nurse the sick in their homes and two to teach school. A convent was erected prior to this, which, located south of the church, was destroyed by fire in 1944. In September 1883, three Sisters from the Order of the Most Precious Blood in Ruma, Illinois, began teaching St. Clare's School with 65 pupils. The Order has been represented here continuously since that time.

BETHEL BAPTIST CHURCH

The deed to this church ground dates back to a land patent by President John Quincy Adams. The valuable old church record books began in 1806.

An event leading up to the founding of Bethel Church occurred in 1787 when James Lemen, Sr., and a few of his Baptist friends, who were seeking homes in this region, camped for the Lord's Day in a grove of trees near the present city of Belleville. They held a religious service which was probably the first act of associated worship performed by Baptists in what is now St. Clair County. James Lemen with his wife, six sons and two daughters comprised one of the first families to form the settlement of New Design, and in 1796, he, with other early settlers in Monroe County, organized the New Design Baptist Church which was the first Protestant church in Illinois.

A number of years later, this same James Lemen, Sr. with others, founded a church known as "The Richland Arm of the Church of Christ at New Design." The first record of its proceeding is dated June 14, 1806 and these minutes became the first recorded in the record book of Bethel Church.

On July 8, 1809, James Lemen arose in church session of the Richland Creek Church and denounced slavery as a practice in which he could not fellowship. This caused a division of opinion among the members. After two conferences the church agreed to an amicable separation and on December 9, 1809, Lemen, with four others, withdrew from the Richland Creek Church, and these five, with two others, composed Bethel Church, which was constituted on December 10, 1809, by Elders James Lemen, Jr. and John Baugh, under the name of "The Baptized Church of Christ Friends to Humanity."

The constituent members were: James Lemen, Sr., Catherine Lemen, Robert Lemen, Hetty Lemen, Joseph Lemen, Polly K. Lemen, and Benjamin Ogle. James Lemen, Jr., joined the evening after the constitution. At this time James Lemen, Sr., Joseph Lemen and Benjamin Ogle were licensed preachers and James Lemen, Jr., was an ordained minister.

The first five years of the church was a time of Indian alarms and war; many families removed from the country, the population that remained was scattered, and for six years or more few inimigrants came into the area. The membership of the church at the end of this period numbered 38.

 $l_{\rm R}$ 1824 the church erected their house of worship at a cost of \$500. It was a frame building 30 by 40 feet in size, which they occupied in an unfinished state for sev-

eral years. The first meeting in the new building was held in July 1825. After the opening of the new church a revival was held which continued for several months, resulting in twenty converts. At this time the church reported 86 members.

In 1838 the congregation adopted measures to creet a new building. One acre of ground was procured from James Lawrence for the purpose and the church was constructed. A large part of the money needed was raised and the building creeted at a cost of \$1,100. The whole country experienced a sudden and unexpected financial reversal and the members had to make many sacrifices in order to pay the remaining debt of \$1,500, which was not entirely liquidated until 1846. The building was dedicated on September 5, 1840. John Mason Peck preached the dedicatory sermon. A revival continued for ten days during which 18 members were added by baptism, four by letters, one by experience.

In 1851 Rev. Peck became paster of Bethel and served until 1853 when he was forced by ill health and infirmities to resign. In 1854 the church bought from James Lawrence nine adjoining acres of land. A parsonage was erected and about three acres of land were set aside as a burying ground with about one acre laid out in lots. A small section on the north side of the burying ground was designated as a Potters Field.

A Sunday School was started in 1866. The church continued regular services until 1927. Then followed a time of darkness and spiritual dearth for the doors of the church

were closed for eleven years. The doors were re-opened by Rev. Percy Ray on August 7, 1938, and he served as pastor and advisor for two years. The church is an active church at the present time.

OAK HILL BAPTIST CHURCH

Through the entreaties and persuasions of Madison Ely and W. D. Ross, Elder R. C. Keele visited the Oak Hill settlement several times regarding the organization of a church. During the month of February, 1851, he visited again, held a protracted meeting and constituted the church called "The Baptist Church of Oak Hill". The church was located two and one-half miles east of O'Fallon. Elder R. C. Keele was aided by Deacons Martin and Luther Badgley in the organization.

The first officers were: Pastor, Elder R. C. Keele, Deacon, W. D. Ross, and Clerk, G. W. Darrow. The meetings were held in the Oak Hill school house until November 12, 1854 when a church house, costing \$1260 was completed and formally opened for worship by the Rev. John Mason Peck, assisted by Elder Keele.

On January 25, 1867 a number of the most active members withdrew by letter to join the O'Fallon Baptist Church which was organized at that time. Many historical associations cluster around the vicinity where it was located as being the place where the illustrious Dr. John Mason Peck resided for a good portion of his life, and by reason of this an influence for good in the Baptist cause radiated which was felt throughout Illinois and the West.

The church building was razed in 1953.

Organizations

AMERICAN LEGION

The charter members of H. Edward Fischer Post No. 137 of the American Legion, Department of Illinois were: Emmett Hess, Christ Zinkgraf, Harry Carriel, Wilbur Scott, F. L. Minor, William Bechtold, George P. Zinkgraf, Melvin Sturman, Jerome Munie, Fred Suever, C. W. Bertram. Joe A. Schobert, H. L. Siekmann, Charles J. Ochs, A. G. Moergen, Sam Metcalf, and Charles F. Lienesch.

The original post was named after II. Edward Fischer, who was the first casualty of O'Fallon in World War I. After World War II, the name of Fischer was combined with Sollis, to form the present name of Fischer-Sollis Post No. 137. Vernell Sollis was the first casualty of O'Fallon in World War II.

The Post members first met in 1919 at the City Hall. Later meetings were held at the Masoric Hall, McClanahan's Garage (now O'Fallon Bus Station). Shamrock Hotel, and in members' homes until 1935. In that year the Legion Home was built on the northwest corner of Washington and Vine Streets. This hut is built of old telephone poles. The major part of the labor was done by the Legion members and citizens of O'Fallon.

The present membership of the Post is 234. The Commander at present is Raymond F. Keller and the Adjutant is Robert L. Lillie.

AMERICAN LEGION AUXILIARY

H. Edward Fischer Unit of the American Legion Fisiliary was organized in 1926. The American Legion Post at that time was named for H. Edward Fischer, son of Mr. and Mrs. George Fischer, who lost his life in France during World War I. His mother and five sisters were charter members of the auxiliary. The first officers were Elizabeth Gordon, President, Mayme Schobert, Secretary, and Kate Tiedemann, Treasurer. There were 38 charter members.

After World War II, another name was added to the Unit title to form the present name, Fischer-Sollis Unit. Vernell Sollis, son of Mr. and Mrs. Clarence Sollis, lost at sea was O'Fallon's first casualty in World War I!

The Unit has been active through the years in all local activities, worked on all drives in the community provided parties and sponsored contests for the children of the area, aided families in the community who have suffered fire losses (financial assistance was given to the families and men who suffered losses in the Shamrock Hotel fire). The Unit has regularly visited patients at the Alton, Pleasant View, and Scott Air Base Hospitals, supplied yearly eleven hospitals with magazines, and given 100 per cent support to all the Department welfare programs for the benefit of the serviceman and his family The Unit held the first Tag Day in O'Fallon with the street Poppy Sale in 1927. During World War II the Unit worked

constantly in sending gift packages to the boys in the service and in the hospitals.

The Unit presently has a membership of 103. The present officers are: Betty Klingelhoefer, President; Dorothy Seipp, Secretary; and Virginia Monken, Treasurer

PAST PRESIDENTS AMERICAN LEGION AUXILIARY

The Past Presidents Parley of the American Legion Auxiliary of the Fischer-Sollis Post was organized in 1942 with Mrs. Inez Rea serving as the first president.

The members of the parley are Past Presidents of the Fischer-Sollis Unit or another unit. Each year another member is added to the group when the retiring president is eligible for membership.

There have been 26 Past Presidents who have been members. Three members have passed away: Anna Wilkening, Rae Thompson, and Florence Schobert.

The group has raised funds in many ways. These funds have been used to further relief in the community and to remember thirty veteran nurses who are patients at Norbury Cottage, Jacksonville, with gifts at holiday time. The group has brought cheer to the patients through visits to Scott Air Force Base Hospital. It has assisted in all local charity drives and supported all auxiliary programs.

Mrs. Carrie Mayhill is the centennial year President, with Mrs. Marie Thoman, serving as Secretary-treasurer.

EASTERN STAR

O'Fallon Chapter No. 487, Order of the Eastern Star, was instituted under a dispensation issued by Alex G. Hug, Worthy Grand Patron, on January 20, 1902. The Chapter continued to work under dispensation until the next session of the Grand Chapter at which time, October 8, 1902, the charter was issued. The sixteen charter members were: Elizabeth Moore Enos, E. H. Smiley, Nellie Behrens James, Alice Dorris, Ferd Reiss, Carrie Smiley, Carrie Peach, Cora Begole Darrow, Delia Smiley, Louisa Moore, Tillie Stephani, Clarrisa Behrens, George Moore, Andrew Moore, Emily Reiss, and Cora Behrens. Three charter members are living at this date, namely: Elizabeth Moore Enos. Nellie Behrens James, and Emily Reiss. The first officers of the Chapter were installed by members of Rob Morris Chapter 98, of East St. Louis, Illinois.

The first class of candidates initiated on April 19, 1902, was made up of: Jeannette M. Reiss, W. E. Peach, Hartiey Scanland, and Charles Behrens. A second class of candidates initiated on November 15, 1902 was comprised of J. C. Louden, C. T. Smiley, W. R. Dorris, and Minnie Koenigstein.

The Chapter meetings during the period from January. 1902, to June, 1908, were held in the Masonic Hall then located on the second floor of the building commonly known as the L. Allen and Sons store which was destroyed by fire on May 23, 1953. From July, 1908, to the present time the Chapter has occupied quarters in the Masonic Hall located on the second floor over Joseph Keck's store at 123 East First Street.

Prior to the institution of an Eastern Star Chapter at Lebanon, Illinois a number of Lebanon residents were members of O'Fallon Chapter. In 1912 fourteen of these members demitted from O'Fallon Chapter and became Charter members of Lebanon Chapter.

O'Fallon Chapter has shown steady growth. The sixteen charter members built a chapter on a firm foundation. Today the chapter has a membership of 253.

O'Fallon Chapter No. 487, observed its golden anniversary on May 3, 1952 with a banquet and program at the Evangelical and Reformed Church. Seven 50-year members, including five charter members, were the guests of honor. One hundred eighty-two members of the order were in attendance. Charter members present were: Elizabeth Moore Enos, now of Chicago, the first Worthy Matron in 1902; E. H. Smiley, the first Worthy Patron in 1902. Nellie Behrens James, now of Belleville and a member of LaHarpe Chapter, LaHarpe, Illinois, the first Associate Matron; Alice Dorris, the first Secretary, and Emily Reiss, the first Organist. Also present were Jeannette Reiss, a Past Matron, and W. R. Dorris, a Past Patron, who became members during the first year of the Chapter's organization.

The Chapter has had the good fortune of having had the services of officers who filled their positions with honor and distinction. This history would not be complete without paying tribute to the many years of faithful service contributed by: Sylvia Joseph, Louise Koch, Viola Moore, Florence Asbury, Elsie Schaefer, Effie Meehan, the Gordon family, (Mary, A. B., Agnes, Elizabeth and Thomas). Frances and Nellie Eckert, B. J. Joseph, William Reidelberger, and Irving M. Baker. In 1953, Eve Schuetz bought great honor to our chapter and herself by being commissioned a Grand Lecturer by the Grand Chapter. She presently is serving as Instructress of the chapter.

The principal officers of the Chapter for the year 1954 are: Worthy Matron, Inez Vitale; Worthy Patron, O. Manley Eike; Associate Matron, Nina Lee Pfeifer; Associate Patron, Robert Brown; Secretary, Katherine O'Brien; Treasurer, Bertha Distler; Conductress, Shirley Greene, and Associate Conductress, Gertrude Beary.

O'Fallon Chapter looks back retrospectively with pride upon the past history of the chapter and is proceeding to plan for a great future.

KIWANIS CLUB

The Kiwanis Club of O'Fallon was chartered the evening of June 12, 1950 with a charter roster of 29 members. Twelve of the original charter members are still active in club affairs. At this date there are 27 active members.

The club was organized with the following corps of officers: President, William K. Schmidt; Vice President, L. B. Sample; Secretary, Arnold D. Dickinson: and Treasurer. Bernard Taylor. The succeeding presidents were: Arnold Dickinson. Phillip Schildknecht, Jr., and Earl Perschbacher. Arnold Dickinson is now serving as Lieutenant-Governor of Division 14 of the Illinois-Iowa District.

The Kiwanis Club is a civic organization. The club has given expression to its civic-mindedness by donating the stop-light at the Lincoln Avenue-State Street intersection and refreshment stand at the Community Park; aiding in procuring the welcome signs at either end of the city, sponsoring many worth while projects for underprivileged children, and assisting in the organization of the Key Club for boys of the Junior and Senior Classes

at the O'Fallon Township High School.

The O'Fallon Club is also the parent of the Fairview Kiwanis Club which was organized in January 1953.

MASONIC LODGE

O'Fallon Lodge No. 576, Ancient Free and Accepted Masons, was instituted under a dispensation issued by Jerome R. Gorin, Most Worshipful Grand Master of the State of Illinois, on June 19, 1867. The dispensation was issued to Benjamin J. Van Court, Worshipful Master; John Mace, Senior Warden; and George Crosby, Junior Warden The lodge worked under dispensation until October € 1868 when the charter was issued. The thirty charter members were B. J. Van Court, John Maee, George Crosby. J. W. Swift, W. Peach, Jr., George Smith, Jos. Palfreyman, M. D. Knowlton, A. J. Roach, Lewis Williams, W. S. Scott, J. Mills, S. Smiley, H. Simmons, A. B. Smiley, C. T. Langford, W. B. Powell, Levi Simmons, O. C. Bates, J. H. Atkinson, J. S. Bond, L. P. Bowler, E. Joy, R. H. Mace, J. Whaley, P. Schildknecht, George D. Thomas, W S. Norcross. Joab Elliott, and J. W. Scott.

The lodge first met in a building owned by Joseph Penn. The location of this building has not been determined. In April 1875, the lodge moved to the Treu Bund Building located in the 200 block of West Second Street (commonly known as the German School building). In December 1879, the lodge dedicated a new hall in the building commonly known as the L. Allen & Sons building on West First Street (destroyed by fire May 23, 1953). In July 1908 the lodge moved into the second floor of the new Bechtold Building at 123 East First Street (now Joseph Keck's Food Market) and has occupied these quarters to the present time.

The original by-laws set the date and time of the regular meeting as follows: "The regular communication of this lodge shall be held on Wednesday on or before the full moon of every month. The hours for working shall be from 7 o'clock until 10 o'clock in the evening between the 25th of March and the 25th of September and from 6½ o'clock until 10 o'clock in the evening from the 25th of September to the 25th of March." In August 1908 the regular meeting date was changed to the second Wednesday of the month. At the present time the lodge holds its regular meeting on the second Wednesday and such other special meetings as required.

in 1872, O'Fallon Lodge indorsed the petition of a group of brethern from Collinsville who were seeking to form a lodge there. Several members of O'Fallon Lodge dimitted to become charter members of Collinsville Lodge No. 712 chartered on October 8, 1873.

During its 86 years O'Fallon Lodge has been presided over by 50 Worshipful Masters of whom 22 are living at this time. Benjamin J. Van Court, our first Worshipful Master, served as Master for the first six years and at other intervals numbering 13 years in total. He also served as District Deputy Grand Master of the 27th Masonic District (St. Clair, Monroe, and Randolph Counties) from 1872 to 1874 inclusive. John Schneider, Worshipful Master in 1919, 1931 and 1942, was commissioned a Grand Lecturer in 1923 and also served as District Deputy Grand Master of the 90th Masonic District from 1933 to 1941 inclusive. Alfred E. Tiedemann served as Treasurer of O'Fallon Lodge from 1921 to 1951 inclusive.

At the present time O'Fallon Lodge has two members who have been Masons for over 50 years: William R Dorris and George A Reiss. Mr Dorris and Mr. Reiss became members of the lodge on May 31, 1902.

The lodge at the present time has 227 members

The principal officers for the year 1954 are: Robert Brown, Worshipful Master; John Beary, Senior Warden; Delbert Corbier, Junior Warden; Clarence Distler, Treasurer; and Charles Schuetz, Secretary.

O'FALLON CHAMBER OF COMMERCE

The O'Fallon Chamber of Commerte was organized on April 4, 1946. The first officers of the organization were as follows:

President L. R. Cartier
Vice-President George N. Schwarz
Secretary George M. Thomas
Treasurer Felicita Streck

By-laws for the organization were approved and adopted at the meeting of May 27, 1946. The original membership was 44 members.

On June 4, 1946 a charter was applied for under the general not for profit corporation act of Illinois. The purposes for which the corporation was organized were stated as follows:

- To advance the civic commercial, industrial business, and commerce interests of the City of O'Fallon and its vicinity.
- To educate, and disseminate information to persons interested in the eivic, commercial, industrial, and business advancement of the City of O'Fallon and it environ.

The Chamber of Commerce was preceded by several business men's organizations, such as: Business Men's League, Commercial Club, Business Men's Association, and O'Fallon Civic Club. The following is taken from the files of the O'Fallon Progress, issue of September 18, 1898: "E. H. Smiley, J. A. Schalter and a number of other business men have organized a Business Men's League and are working up the eight o'clock closing hour for business places here, and are meeting considerable encouragement."

The Chamber of Commerce has ever been active in civic affairs and interested in retail business and other trade developments. The present membership is 70 members. Officers at the present time are:

President Clarence Lurtz
Vice-President Irwin A Yare
Secretary John Hunter
Treasurer Ray Schmidt

O'FALLON HIGH SCHOOL ALUMNI

The O'Fallon Iligh School Alumni Association was organized in 1908 at a meeting held by the graduates in the O'Fallon Methodist Church. There were twenty-nine of the forty graduates present at that time.

Thomas Gordon of the Class of 1903 presided and the following officers were elected: President, Thomas Gerdon; Ist Vice President, Edith Housam; 2nd Vice President, Eleanor Deischer; Secretary-Treasurer, John Zapf, and Alumni Speaker, Jessie Harper.

From the inception of the High School to the present time 1560 students have graduated from the school. The Alumni Association, therefore, now has a large potential membership. The annual reunion is always well attended.

In 1953 the Alumni at the annual reunion observed the Golden Anniversary of the founding of the high school. The honored guests were members of the Class of 1903.

In 1927 the Association erected a granite Memorial Drinking Fountain on the school grounds honoring Miss Amelia V. Carriel, a veteran teacher of the school system. The Association has maintained for over 25 years a Student Loan Fund which has made loans to graduates seeking a higher education.

As a group the Association has always been ready to sponsor any movement for the good of our schools and the community.

HOMECOMING ASSOCIATION

In 1919, a group of interested citizens met and organized the Welcome Home and Memorial Association, the purpose of which was to sponsor a celebration to welcome home the service men of Wextld War I. The celebration was held in August 1919. The streets were beautifully decorated, a large arch was constructed on South Lincoln Avenue, the parade drew very favorable comment, in short, the celebration was a huge success.

In September, 1920, The O'Fallon Progress editorially advocated an annual Homecoming and Fall Festival but nothing was done about it. In 1922, the O'Fallon Homecoming and Fall Festival Association was formed and sponsored a homecoming for that year and subsequent years until 1942. The profit from these affairs over the years has been utilized in the development of beautiful Community Park. In addition to the expenditure of money by the Association, time and money has been generously donated by various organizations and individuals of the city to promote and develop the park.

On September 24, 1924, the trustees of O'Fallon Home-coming and Fall Festival bought from Mrs. Mary E. Atkinson 20 acres of land for a consideration of \$10,000.00. This land composes the original portion of the present park. On August 28, 1926, the association purchased from James T. and Elizabeth A. Holliday sufficient land to make the north entrance into the park from Fourth street by way of Apple street. The consideration paid was \$100.00.

In July 1925, a colored drawing, 6½ by 3½ feet, showing the proposed plan for the O'Fallon Community Park was prominently displayed in the window of W. W. Thomas Hardware. For a time, these plans had to be set aside for lack of funds. In recent years, funds again being available, many improvements have been made to the park. Perhaps, some time in the near future, our Community Park will possess all those improvements shown in the original plan.

The first carload of structural steel for the building of the hall at Community Park arrived on May 27, 1926. The building 80 by 120 feet was estimated to cost between \$12,000 and \$15,000. Much of the labor on the building was donated by interested citizens.

In 1926, the Homecoming was held in the new park. Prior to that time the celebrations had been held in City Park.

In 1942, the Homecoming were suspended as it was deemed advisable to discontinue the celebration with so many of the community's men away from home serving in the Armed Forces. However, the spirit was kept alive during the war period by a group known as the O'Fallon Welcome Home Association which made plans for a welcome home to the returning service men. On August 24 and 25, 1946 this celebration was held after which the



First Homecoming --- August 1919

homecoming was reestablished under the sponsorship of the O'Fallon Homecoming and Fall Festival.

During the period 1942 to 1946 the hall at Community Park was leased to the Independent Engineering Company for use as a warehouse.

On November 1, 1945, Walter W. Thomas, treasurer of

the association, paid off the remaining bonds totaling \$2,500 and the Community Park for the first time was debt free.

The association on March 15, 1946 voted to deed to the City of O'Fallon the park which was then debt free. At an election held May 28, 1946, the citizens of O'Fallon by a vote of 163 to 40 sanctioned the transfer of the park to city ownership. Accordingly, on November 1, 1946 the association conveyed to the City of O'Fallon title to the park.

The first Park Board named by Mayor Henry M. Hesse on September 12, 1946 to govern the park was composed of the following: L. R. Cartier, John L. Anheuser, Harry Klingelhoefer, L. E. Schwarz, and Delbert Corbier.

On August 1, 1950, the association bought 15.7 acres of land from William G. Willard for \$1,000.00 an acre. This land joins the original park on the east. Some of the funds necessary to make this purchase were raised by the sale of bonds to citizens of O'Fallon. These bonds have now been retired through payments from current earnings. The land was immediately conveyed by deed to the City of O'Fallon.

The current dream of the association is the construc-

tion of a swimming pool. In September 1953, the association set aside \$1,000.00 as the first funds toward such a project.

In May 1954, a permanent concession building was built in the park. This building complete with fine facilities for the serving of food and drinks will be available for use by all organizations using the park for picnies

O'Fallon is proud of its community park—built and paid for by the labor of the citizens of the city. Here may be found playground equipment, modern barbecue pits and picnic tables, tennis courts, horseshoe pits, baseball diamonds, outdoor basketball court, beautiful shade trees, clean surroundings, and conveniences which make for an excellent park. During the past several years the Park Board has sponsored a supervised play program during the summer months. Many children of O'Fallon bave taken advantage of this program.

The funds earned by the association at the annual homecoming celebrations have been indeed, invested wisely and well as evidenced by beautiful Community Park.

O'FALLON VOLUNTEER FIRE DEPT.



O'Fallon Volunteer Fire Department. Picture taken about 1895. Infront, Harry Van Osdale. Seated from left: Julius Bernum, Frank Kerigan, John Schachner, Otto Weisbrod, George Brockhahn, Willie Weichert, Charles Dressel, Christ Schachner, William Coupin. Standing, from left: Julius Schalter, Sam McGeehon, William Quinn. Harry Daniels, John Seddon. George Feder, Fred Schau, Joe Spry, and William Lehman.

The recorded history of the Volunteer Fire Department dates from the year 1891 when a definite organization was made under a charter granted by the state. Prior to this, the organization had existed as a group of volunteers that was an outgrowth of the old "bucket brigades." Their equipment, such as it was, was housed in a frame building in the first block of East First Street.

In 1890, O'Fallon built a town hall and, along with it, quarters for the fire department. In February, 1891 the department composed of 15 members, occupied their new quarters.

For equipment the early fire department possessed a hand pump, hose reels, and ladders all housed in the town hall. Of the original members of the department, only one is still surviving, Charles Dressel. He is the father of Elton



CHARLES DRESSEL

Dressel who has just completed eight years service as Chief of the Fire Department (1946 to 1954).

In 1904 the department was reorganized, added new

members, and secured the charter under which they now operate. Among the new members added at this time was



HERMAN HEMMEN

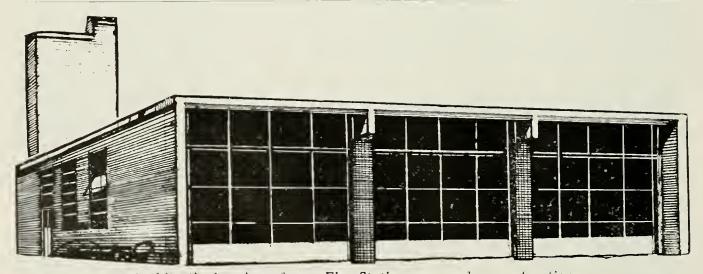
Herman Hemmen who owns the longest service record of anyone to the department. He joined the department in 1905 and was appointed Chief in 1909 by Mayor Joseph Taylor. He acted in that capacity until 1946 except for the year 1941 in which he did not seek office and Fred Budina served as Chief.

In 1919 the department purchased its first motorized equipment. a 1919 Re-

public purchased from the Ohlendorf Hardware Co. It was equipped by the Central Fire Equipment Company and delivered on July 4, 1920. One-half the purchase price of \$4750.00 was provided by the department and the balance was raised by public subscription.

In subsequent years additional equipment was added: In 1929 a Chevrolet truck, and in 1949 the Disaster Unit and Mack truck

The disaster unit. GMC panel truck, is equipped with inhaltor, rescusitator, cutting tools. 2-way radio, and an



Architect's drawing of new Fire Station now under construction.

emergency light plant. It has answered many local calls to administer oxygen and assist in time of disaster and has, on numerous occasions, answered calls to nearby communities. All members of the department are required to be graduates of the Red Cross First Aid Course.

O'Fallon has many times been reminded quite graphically of the importance of being adequately protected against fire. Early in the history of the town, before the town had a water supply, the Tiedemann Ice House fire—

with a temperature of six degrees below zero and a sixinch coating of ice over the pond that had to furnish the water supply—etched itself into the memory of the townspeople. Then the O&M Depot fire, the Ohlendorf Hardware, and the Thomas Hardware fires are all vivid memories to those who witnessed them. The most disastrous fire of recent times took place on May 23, 1953 when the Shamrock Hotel and Allen's Store were destroyed.

In 1950, a group of rural residents petitioned County

Judge Dreman to form the O'Fallon, Shiloh Valley, Caseyville Rural Fire Protection District. The district received the approval of the rural residents and a board of three trustees, Erwin Hartman, Cyril Pfeiffer and Walter Seibert, was appointed. The district purchased a fire truck which is housed in O'Fallon and manned by the same 25 volunteers that compose the O'Fallon Fire Department

With the acquiring of this additional equipment, the department had outgrown the quarters provided in 1890 In 1953 the citizens of O'Fallon approved a bond issue to build a new fire department building. The building is now under construction and it is hoped to be completed in time to be dedicated as part of the O'Fallon Centennia!. This observance will mark the growth of the department from a "bucket brigade" beginning to a department equal in equipment and building to any department that can be found in a community of our size.

POCAHONTAS LODGE

Illinots Council No. 51. Degree of Pocahontas Lodge of O'Fallon was organized on March 4, 1904 when a group met, elected officers and took necessary steps toward the instituting of a degree. The following officers were elected:

| Pocahontas | Mae Creed |
|---------------------|-----------------|
| Wenonah | Victoria Ahrens |
| Powhatan | John Koch |
| Prophetess | Mrs. Usher |
| Keeper of Records | Edna Thurston |
| Keeper of Wampum | Louise Koch |
| Collector of Wampum | Clara Kimes |
| Trustees | Elva Able |
| | Gertrude Guest |
| | Mary Neville |

On March 19, 1904, Mrs. Lizzie Moseley of East St. Louis with a degree team from St. Louis instituted the local council. The following were charter members: Victoria Ahrens, Charles Ahrens, Arnold Ahrens, Elva Able, Fanny Alexander, Walter Alexander, Annie Brewer, Jima Brockhahn, Susie Boyce, Nettie Bittles, Ed Begole, Hilda Begole, Bessie Begole, Bena Beckmann, Mae Creed, Kelsa Cartwright, Alex Campbell, Lou Campbell, Nellie Daniels, Mina Eckert, George Eckert, Jessie Guest, Gertrude Guest, Mary Hermann, Clara A. Kimes, Clara M. Kimes, May Kimes, Maggie Kimes, Louise Koch, John Koch, Laurine Kampmeyer, Celly Killefer, Gertie Lasater, William Laquet, Mary Neville, Elizabeth Stauffer, Edna M. Thurston, and Mary Thurston.

At the present time the lodge has a membership of 46 and meets on the second and fourth Thursday of each month. Clara A. Kimes is the only living charter member still belonging to the lodge.

At this time the principal officers are:

| The state of the s | |
|--|-----------------|
| Pocahontas | Mary Taylor |
| Wenonah | Tennye Andricks |
| Powhatan | Stella Mackey |
| Prophetess | Jenny Baker |

REBEKAH LODGE

O'Failor, Rebekah Lodge No. 806 was instituted May 31, 1917 by A. Otis Arnold, Grand Master of the Grand Lodge of the State of Illinois of the Independent Order of Odd Fellows with 45 charter members who were. Brothers Louis Allen, Daniel Murphy, Christ Schempp, Thomas Titter, Philip Schildknecht, William R. Sanspeur, Wright Ball, J. R. Thomson, Adolph Schilling, Sam Metcalf, G. H. Loeffler, William Winter, Arthur Kunze, Delbert Shaw, John R. Rock, George Kuhn, Harry Daniels, Emil Herman, William Agles and Sisters Anna Winter, Anna Loeffler, Martha Mayer, Lucy Sanspeur, Martha Schildknecht, Mabel Walters, Gabriella Titter, Edna Metcalf, Kate Alberts, Bessie Kunze, Charlotta Murphy, Agnes Herman, Carrie Ahring, Emma Ahring, Jeanette Bittles, Mary Greiner, Tressa Metcalf, Nellie Harper, Bertha C. Schilling, Fannie Hemp, Mary Huhn, Nellie Daniels, Carrie Schau, Jessie Guest, and Kate O'Brien.

In 1924-1926 the O'Fallon Rebekah Lodge was quite active in lodge work with a degree staff and drum and bugle corps. The lodge has a membership of 29 members at the present time including six charter members who are: Mary Greiner, Gabriella Titter, Carrie Ahring, Emma Ahring, Kate Alberts, and Bertha C Schilling. O'Fallon Rebekah Lodge contributes to the Old Folks Home at Mattoon, Illinois, to the Children's Home at Lincoln, Illinois, and to the Community Christmas Party here in O'Fallon. Delegates are sent each year to the Rebekah State Assembly meetings.

The principal officers for the year of 1954 are: Dorothy Cavins, Noble Grand; Elsa Gross, Vice Grand; Gladys Hallam, Secretary; Edna Monken, Financial Secretary; and Sarah Feicht, Treasurer.

ROTARY CLUB

The O'Fallon Rotary Club was organized April 29, 1925. The club membership consists of a cross-section representation of the business, professional, and agricultural interests of our community.

The club meets each week on Monday noon. The objectives of the club are the development of friendship and acquaintance among its members, high ethical standards among business and professional people, service to our city and community, and the fostering of a better understanding among the nations of the world.

The members of the O'Fallon Rotary Club have served as citizens in various capacities in the administration of our schools, our churches, our city, township, and county governments. Particular emphasis has been placed on our youth program through aid to our school band, scouts, the recreational program of our Community Park, the student loan fund of our club, and the conduct of the children's parade each year on Home Coming Day.

The Charter members were: James Bittles, George B. Gieser, Marcel F. Kuehn, Walter Meiners, Jerome Munie, Julius E. Nold, John F. Rock, Charles Schuetz, M. K. Schwarz. Edward N. Thomas, George M. Thomas, Walter W. Thomas, Victor Trares, Dr. Edward Trippel, and George Willard.

ROYAL NEIGHBORS

St. Elmo Camp No. 865, Royal Neighbors of America was organized on March 3, 1898. Twenty-one of O'Fallon's most prominent citizens assembled at Odd Fellows Hall (hall above the present Thomas Electric Shop at 109 East First Street) where Mrs. Mary Adams, Deputy Supreme

Oracle proceeded to initiate them in the beautiful work of the order.

The following officers were elected and installed:

| C 10110 11 1118 0 | |
|-------------------|-------------------------|
| Past Oracle | Mary E. Housam |
| Oracle | Amelia Lehmann' |
| Vice Oracle | Lillie M. Loeffler |
| | Lutie L. Wade |
| Ma) shal | Gertrude Seddon |
| Recorder | Cora Reidelberger Twiss |
| Receiver = | Hannah E. Gibbs |
| Inner Sentinel | Annie Behrens |
| Organist | Anna Davison |
| Managers | Jessie B. Darrow |
| | Mary E. Housam |
| | Anna Davison |

Other charter members initiated at that time were: Katie M. Weil, Carolina Weil, Alice Whitehead, Mary Reidelberger, Mary Behrens, Katie Bolbach, Minnie Keck, Anna Hocher, Louisa Hocher, Augusta H. Gardner, and Adolph E. Loeffler.

The following charter members are still living: Lillie M. Loeffler, Lutie L. Wade, Cora L. Twiss, and Katie Bolbach.

The Order of the Royal Neighbors of America—a fraternal order with life insurance benefits was organized nationally in 1895.

At the present time the lodge consists of 67 adult members, 13 juveniles and 30 members holding paid-up policies. Mrs. Mary Ball Beedle (mother of William Holden, O'Fallon's contribution to the movie industry) is a member of this order.

At this time the principal officers of the lodge are: Oracle, Agnes Fuchs; Vice Oracle, Caroline Kramer; Past Oracle, Matilda Wood.

VETERANS OF FOREIGN WARS

At a meeting held on June 6, 1946 at the City Hall arrangements were made for the establishing of a V.F.W. Post in O'Fallon. The meeting was attended by 40 veterans of whom 27 signed the initial membership roll. Roger Batty was named temporary chairman. Another meeting was planned for June 12th.

At an organization meet held June 12, 1946 at the Luhning Hotel the following officers were elected:

| *Commander | Roger Batty |
|------------------------|--------------------|
| Senior Vice Commander. | Virgil Scheibel |
| Junior Vice Commander | Ralph Niederecker |
| Quartermaster | Jack Foy |
| Advocate | Robert Lurtz |
| Chaplain | William P. Riley |
| Trustees | Matthew Polites, |
| Robert Lillie, a | and LaVergne Seipp |

*Roger Batty was unable to complete his full term of office and the Senior Vice Commander Virgil Scheibel finished the year.

On June 26, 1946 O'Fallon Post No. 3468 received its charter and the officers were formally installed. There were 46 charter members. One of the charter members, Elwood Lunsford, was a veteran of the Spanish-American War.

The Post during its first several years of existence had a number of meeting places. The first meetings were

held at Riley Hall, City Hall, and Legion Hut. On February 15, 1950 the present V.F.W. Home at 223 West First Street was purchased. It was necessary for the post to borrow money to complete the transaction. Immediately a building committee was appointed and the job of remodeling was begun. The first project was to dig out and complete a basement which is now used for the bar and recreation room. Each passing year has seen new improvements in the building so that now the Post has a building of which it can, indeed, be proud.

The Annual Picnic and Fish Fry has proved successful and profitable. Accordingly, the Post paid off the mortgage on the original purchase by September 20, 1952.

The present membership of the Post is 100 members. The principal officers at the present are:

| Comma | nder | | A aurice | Reaka |
|--------|------------|--------|-----------------|---------|
| Senior | Vice Comma | nder F | Robert (| Gribler |
| Junior | Vice Comma | ander | J oe | Lapka |

VETERANS OF FOREIGN WARS AUXILIARY

The O'Fallon Auxiliary was formed on April 22, 1948 at the Legion Hut and the first officers were elected on May 6, 1948. At a special meeting with the Veterans of Foreign Wars, the auxiliary was instituted on May 17, 1948. There were 30 charter members as follows: Jennie Baker, Daisy Bertram, Evelyn Bertam, Violet Bunge, Alice Distler, Laura Feltman, Beatrice Graham, Rose Guenther, Gladys Hallam, Colleen Hangsleben, Stella Hangsleben, Elizabeth Hemmer, Mary Ann Hemmer, Mary F. Hemmer, Theresa Lampe, Anna Jorn, Ione Mannz, Anna Nail, Monica Nail, Nancy Nail, Kathryn Roach, Jacqueline Rogers, Adella Scheibel, Blanche Scheibel, Lena Scheibel, Margaret Scheibel, May Scheibel, Virginia Scheibel, Marie L. Warma, and Emma Wessel.

The Auxiliary has been active since its formation in many activities. It sponsors the "Buddy" poppy sales, the annual Salvation Army Drive, and the "Brownies" (girl scouts). The unit has also been active in hospital work for veterans.

The Auxiliary has 70 members at the present time. The principal officers at the present time are: Dorothy Clark, President; Lucille Gross, Secretary; and Betty Nail, Treasurer.

WOMAN'S CLUB

The O'Fallon Woman's Club, one of the outstanding organizations in the civic life of the community was organized in 1910 when twelve local ladies met at the home of Mrs. Jacob Yoch to organize a Darning Club. The ladies were: Mesdames C. M. Porter, W. R. Dorris, W. H. Bassett, J. B. Yoch, Cora Darrow, William Crosby, Olyve Van Houten, Walter Beedle, G. H. Doane, Carrie Smiley, Jane Willhite, and Miss Gertrude Beedle. At the first meeting a resolution was offered to do something for the young people of the town and the suggestion was made to start a reading room.

A short time later twelve more members were accepted and in June 1911, the name was changed to the O'Fallon Woman's Club. The new members were: Mesdames Louis Fink, A. B. Gordon, William Reidelberger, Charles Schaefer, Albert Pierce, B. Joseph, and the Misses Helene and Louise Tiedemann, Jeanette Reiss, Annie Simmons, Lee Pierce and Winnie Reidelberger.

The first officers of the club were: Helene Tiedemann, President; Cora Lee Porter, Vice-President; Jeannette Reiss, Secretary; and Mary Gordon, Treasurer.

The first big project of the club was the establishment of a library. At the beginning the library was operated by members of the club and then later the W.P.A. was in charge. After W.P.A, the club again maintained the library and paid the salary of a librarian. Finally the club was instrumental in placing a plan before the voters of the community to assume the responsibility of maintaining the library by taxation. On April 22, 1943 the voters approved the proposition and on July 1, 1943 the City assumed the management of the library. From that date the library has been managed by a library board, the members of which are appointed by the Mayor with the approval of the City Council.

The club established a park along the B. & O. Railroad property which eliminated an eyesore and created a beauty spot in the middle of the city. Several years ago

the city converted this area into needed parking space.

Through the years the club has worked to benefit the community by sponsoring many things, such as: Red Cross sewing room during World War I; Lyceum Ceurses; Home Talent shows; cooking schools, fly swatting contest (97 pints of flies swatted in 3 weeks); Bird House and Window Box contests; and Girl Scout troop. The club provided benches for the Community and City Parks, shrubbery and playground equipment for the schools. The members have contributed their services in War Fund Drives, the Mothers' March on Polio, and other charitable drives.

The latest project of the club is a collection being made for funds to be used for the restoration of rooms at Independence Hall in Philadelphia.

The club presently has a membership of 96. The present officers are: Mrs. Harold Yaeger, President; Mrs. C. W. Marxer, Vice-President; Mrs. Ray Schmidt, Treasurer: Mrs. Benjamin Hamm, Secretary; and Mrs. William Schmidt, Corresponding Secretary.

O'Fallon's Participation in the Major Wars



CIVIL WAR VETERANS. Members of Col. Raith Post No. 587, G.A.R. From the left: William Reidelberger, Sr., Louis Fischer, Peter Rietz, Bernhard Scheibel, Ernst Sewald, Steve Gossett, (unknown). Andrew Molles, Richard Remelius.

CIVIL WAR

O'Fallon men took an active part in the Civil War. Company "I", 17th Illinois Volunteer Infantry was organized at O'Fallon on August 12, 1862. The group had informally organized as early as May, 1862 and drilled evenings and Saturdays on the commons south of the railroad track and east of the present railroad station. The ladies of O'Fallon, Ridge Prairie, and Shiloh presented a silk flag to the company. The company left O'Fallon and marched 114 miles to Camp Butler arriving there on August 26, 1862. On September 19, 1862 the company was officially called into the service of the United States. The company was chiefly engaged in campaigns in Tennessee, Arkansas, and Louisiana. It was mustered out at Camp Butler on August 5, 1865.

The following were members of the company: Captains: David McFarland, and John R. Thomas; First Lieutenants: Samuel M. Stites, Edward C. Lemen: Second Lieutenant: Jasper Messinger; Sergeants: Robert Salter, Philip Davis, Harvey Umbarger; Corporals: D. C. McFarland, Samuel Smiley, George R. Scott, William Richmond, James Knowlton, Thomas Whiteside, Samuel Beedle, Delos Knowlton; Musicians: Albert McFarland, Benjamin Orcutt; Wagoner: George Smith; Privates: C. E. Alexander, William Arnold, Alex Altman, Frank Abend, John Altman, Robert Brooks, LaFayette Bowler, H. B. Bevirt, H. H. Bevirt, William Badgley, John Boynton, Kaspar Bornberg, LaFayette Bridges, August Byer, Wesley B. Dorey, Joseph Evans, Simon Evans, Felix Falkner, August Godfrey, J. S. Hughes, Thomas Harris, Robert Hankins, George Harber, William Hamilton, Theodore Hart, George Hilt, I. Hirschberger, W. A. Isascs, Thomas Kenedy, Fred Linson, James Moore, Samuel McGuire, William Million, James C. Moore, R. H. Mace, Monroe Miller, Wayde McCommons, G. S. Pomeroy, William Powell, Daniel Phillips, Mames Philips, George Prentice, James Rankin, W. H. Rutherford, G. D. Rettinghouse, F. M. Rettinghouse, John Scott, William D. Smith, Louis Shatlain, Jacob Snider, Edward Scott, Elmer Shaner, Samuel Tuttell, John Umbarger, Michael Waris, William Williamson, James Wilderman, William Yates, William Abbott, John Black, John Higgins, Andrew Melvin, E. J. Owens, H. Richardson, William Woods, John Tuttell.

Captain David McFarland died May 10. 1864 at Alexandria, Louisana while engaged in the Red River Expedition.

There were several other men of O'Fallon who served with distinction but were not members of Company "I". Colonel Julius Raith, who originally operated the Richland Mill with Charles Tiedemann, organized the 43rd Infantry Regiment at the beginning of the war and served as its commanding officer. He was wounded at the battle of Shiloh and died at Pittsburgh Landing on April 11, 1862.

Louis L. Fischer, bookkeeper and secretary of the Charles Tiedemann Milling Company, was a Lieutenant in Co. "B", 9th Illinois Infantry Regiment which was organized within a week after President Lincoln's call for troops in April, 1861. The 9th Regiment engaged in over 110 battles and skirmishes.

Dietrich Tiedemann was Captain and Commanding Officer of Co. "C", 9th Illinois Infantry Regiment.

William Reidelberger enlisted at the age of 19 in the 22nd Illinois Regiment and afterwards in the 154th Illinois

lnfantry. He served from 1861 to 1865. He was the commander of the Raith Post, G.A.R. for many years. He died in 1926.

Sebastian Mace, son of John Mace, was a member of Co. "D", 22nd Illinois Infantry organized at Belleville on May 11, 1861.

Chris Schalter was a veteran of Co. "B", 43rd Illinois Infantry Regiment. He was mustered out November 30, 1865 as a First Sergeant, Commanding.

Bernhard Scheibel, August Henry, and Isacs C. Houser were other Civil War veterans.

On Tuesday, September 11, 1906 the annual reunion of the 117th Illinois Volunteer Infantry was held in O'Fallon. A number of old veterans arrived the day before and gathered on the S. C. Smiley lawn in campfire fashior with members of the local Raith Post, G.A.R. The meetings were held in the Baptist Church. The O'Fallon Male Quartette of Rev. R. Morris, W. A. Koenigstein, O. A Darrow, and W. E. Peach furnished music for the occasion The ladies of the city served dinner at the City Hall to 150 guests. The meeting adjourned in the afternoon to accompany the Governor of Illinois, C. S. Deneen, to the City Park where he addressed an audience of more than 1,000 persons.

The Colonel Julius Raith Post, G.A.R. and its auxiliary, Ladies Relief Corps, were active until the late 1920's. The G.A.R. for many years planned and had charge of the Memorial Day programs in O'Fallon.

Samuel H. Beedle, the last surviving Civil War veteran of the O'Fallon area, died on May 20, 1933 at the age of 92 years. He was the last survivor of the Colonel Raith Post No. 587, G.A.R., and of Co. "I", 117th Illinois Volunteer Infantry.

WORLD WAR I

Cn June 28, 1914, World War I burst forth in Europe. When the United States entered the war on April 6, 1917, O'Fallon men played a part in the conflict as they served on the far-flung battle fronts. On June 16, 1917 more than 14,000 men from St Clair County registered for the draft. The O'Fallon area provided 208 men for service in the vaious units and the honor roll of war dead lists 8 names as follows:

Killed in action—H. Edward Fischer, Samuel Scruggs, Henry Love, Alva O. Neely. Died in service—Arthur S. Meyer, Frank Titter, Philip W. Fritz, Alfred Spargo.

H. Edward Fischer, Marine Corps, was the first World War I casualty from O'Fallon. He was the son of Mr. and Mrs. George Fischer. He enlisted in the Marines on May 20. 1917 and was killed in action on June 15. 1918 being 20 years of age at the time of his death. The American Legion Post was originally named H. Edward Fischer Post until the termination of World War II when the name was changed to Fischer-Sollis Post to further commemorate O'Fallon's first casualty in World War II, Milton Vernell Sollis.

Many of the men called into service from this area were inducted at Camp Taylor, Kentucky.

War brings many hardships to the people at home and World War I was no exception in this respect. Food rationing was started very early. In February, 1918 the Food Conservation Program called for "wheatless" and "meatless" days. In August, 1918 a program was advanced to

O'Dallon Centennial, Inc.

---- Presents ----

THE DRAMATIC HISTORICAL PAGEANT

"This Is Our Town"

AUGUST 26 and 27, 1954

8:00 P. M.

STAFF

James M. Segraves

Spoyre Clan Indians, St. Clair County

Music—"Home Sweet Home" (Bishop) Choral Singers

Chairman

Executive Committee

| Director and Stage Manager | Velma Hartman |
|---|--|
| Script J. | E. Hinchcliffe, Sr., Velma Hartman, Joan Bevirt |
| Music Director: J. E. Hincheliffe, Sr. Accompanist: Carrie Warma | |
| Narrators | James M. Segraves, Irene Segraves |
| Casting Nancy Nail Lucille Randel, Stanley Feist Scenery | Synopsis of Scenes "THIS IS OUR TOWN" |
| Art Work-Designs Carl McManemy Velma Hartman, Edna Ayers | EPISODE I. |
| Properties Procurement Howard Glenn Josephine Shaw Wardrobe Virginia Gruchalla, Mabel Hobbs, Cecil Lienesch, Elva Uhles Electricians Ray Richardson Richard Richardson, Raymond Scheibel Vernon Scheibel, Arthur Stein John Donovan, L. E. Nail | OUT OF THE PAST Grand Opening "This is My Country" (Jacobs) Choral Singers The Spirit of O'Fallon, assisted by Father Time, takes us back, through the years, to the Highlights in the History of our City and its surrounding Communities. The Dance of Hours brings back the past for us. Dance—"Waltz of the Flowers" Tchaikowsky |
| Stage and Set Construction F. J. Hangsleben L. B. Sample | Dance created by Mrs. Selma Heinemann Kissel—School of Dancing, Belleville, Ill. Accompanist — Mrs. Warren Werner |
| Sound and Lighting Supervisor - Howard Glenn | EPISODE II. |
| Erwin Schmidt, Lucille Randel, Josephine Shaw Liaison to Scott Air Force Base _ Capt. Robert J. McDougall | DRUSILLA AND THE INDIANS — 1786-1820 The history of O'Fallon goes back to the late 1700's, to the Indian raids on the pioneer homesteads. We see such a massacre of the Andrews family near what is now called Mace's Grove. |

Indians

Delbert Corbier

(Continued from preceeding page)

EPISODE III.

OLD KING COAL - 1820-1854

The migrations Westward brought to the prairielands the staunch English, Scotch, and Welsh who settled and later opened the vast mineral resources of this area. Coal mining was one of the earliest and most important of O'Fallon's industries. The Gartsides and Taylors were among the first to develop coal mining here.

Music—"Men of Harlech" (Welsh Airs) Choral Singers
"All Through the Night"

EPISODE IV.

THE IRON HORSE COMES TO TOWN - 1854

The actual settlement of O'Fallon as a village was the direct result of the Mines and the Ohio & Mississippi Railroad which was built through the efforts of Col. John J. O'Fallon. The City was named, lots were sold and O'Fallon became a reality.

Music—I've Been Working on the Railroad'' (Old Plantation Ditty) _ ... Choral Singers

EPISODE V.

ON THE ROAD TO FREEDOM - 1854-1862

The O'Fallon area played an important part in the history of the War between the States. Bethel Church in the Community North of O'Fallon was a link on the Underground Railroad.

Music—"Abide With Me" (Monk) Choral Singers Spirituals—Medley from the Sunny South (Harris)

EPISODE VI.

O'FALLON DURING THE CIVIL WAR - 1862-1865

In 1862 Gen. Grant himself recruited Co. I, 117th Regiment, Illinois Volunteer Infantry, in the basement of Shiloh Church Many pioneer family names appear on the Roster of those who marched away to War. There was a gay celebration when the War was over.

Music-

"Battle Hymn of the Republic" (Wilhousky) Choral Singers
"Tenting on the Old Camp Ground" (Kittredge)

Gettysburg Address—Lincoln (Mueller) Narrator — Clarence Distler

"Johnny Comes Marching Home" (Wilhousky)

EPISODE VII.

THE GAY NINETIES—WE GROW — 1865-1900

We recall inventions and events of the period. Many businesses were born in this period.

The O'Fallon Volunteer Fire Laddies put out a fire and rescue an imperiled and frightened female.

Music—"Scotland's Burning" (Anon) Choral Singers
"There'll Be A Hot Time in the Old Town Tonight" (Anon)

EPISODE VIII.

SCOTT FIELD AND O'FALLON - 1900-1920

Of great economic interest to O'Fallon and the surrounding area, was the building of Scott Field. The field trained many fliers who saw duty in France during the first World War. The Armistice was greeted wildly by O'Fallonites.

Music—"Over There" (Cohan) Choral Singers
"Keep the Home Fires Burning (Nobello)

EPISODE IX.

SCOTT AIR BASE AND O'FALLON - 1920-1954

The "Roaring 20's" followed. The world thought it had been made safe for Democracy, but Pearl Harbor proved how false the hope was. The people of America again had to prove that their country was as strong as any aggressor. Again Scott Air Force Base played an important part in winning a war. O'Fallon is proud of its heroic warriors and citizens who helped in the War effort. A Memorial Service pays tribute to all O'Fallon citizens who have died.

Music—"Air Corps Song" Choral Singers
Lord's Prayer (Malotte)

The Committee requests that there be no applause following the rendition of the Lord's Prayer.

Dance—Charleston

High School Students

Air Corps Drill Team

Scott Air Force Base

EPISODE X.

FINALE

The Spirit of O'Fallon and Father Time have led us through the years, along the paths of history and have shown us our glorious heritage. The hope for our future lies within each of us -- if we remember to hold dear the traditions and heritages that have been handed down to us through our past by those who so zealously guarded them for us. May we be able to hand them on to those coming after us, is our prayer for the future.

Music—"America the Beautiful" (Bates-Ward) . . Choral Singers and Cast

FIREWORKS

NOTES

The Pageant Committees wish to express their appreciation to Mrs. Selma Heinemann Kissel for so graciously donating her time and efforts to help with the Dance of the Hours and the Lord's Prayer interpretations.

The Chairmen of the various committees wish to thank each and everyone for his cooperation. It was due to the splendid spirit of cooperation that the pageant is a success.

The oxen and covered wagon was made available to us by the State of Illinois Salem Park Service. Thanks are due to Scott Air Force Base for the Drum and Bugle Corps, Drill Team, large balloon, and section of bleachers.

O'FALLON CHORAL SINGERS

Lois Andricks Ruth Barth Pobert Bittles lmelda Berens Joan Bevirt Robert Buck Delbert Corbier Bob Fitzgerald Oma Fitzgerald Bernice Gindler Carolyn Glenn LaDoris Glenn Kathryn Hall Roy Hall Dorothy Hartman Clayton Henry Dixie Hertenstein Hope Heuman Ross Heusler Dolores Hillesheim Joan Hillesheim J. E. Hinchcliffe, Jr. Sara Mae Hincheliffe

Lyman Ketchum William Koch William Lehman Christine Linhorst Mary Lugge Velma Marvel Dean Marxer Gloria Miller Martha Ogden Vivian Payne Mildred Richardson Gloria Schummer John Schutzenhofer Josephine Shaw Carol Souza Ruth Thompson Mildred Trammell Charles Votrain Verna Votrain Norma Lee Warma Theodore Warma John Zielinski Ronald Zinkgraf

Violinists Marie Schaefer, Vera Neiman Trumpeters
Ralph Keck and
Jerry Schumacher
Air Force Trumpeters

CAST

EPISODE I.

Scott Air Force Drum and Bugle Corps and Drili Team
Spirit of O'Fallon Anna Lee Hesse
Father Time Fred Hangsleben
Herald O. M. Randel

Dancers:

Delores Donato Rita Davis Donna Hornberger Pat Simon Pat Trame Jean Brauer Jo Ann Richichi Ruth Huller Jean Hamm Saline Busch Ruth Bernreuter Shirley Huller Sandy Glenn Carol Mayer Carol Noland Jean Mitchell Kay Glenn Jean Tiley Ianza French Frances Armstrong Bobbie Ruth Carol Koehler Joan Glenn Joan Meinkoth

EPISODE II.

Mrs. Andrews Martha Bode Mr. Andrews Fred Andricks Andrews children Andrea Randel. Michele Randel, Pat Davis Men visitors Cletus Schau, Jr., August Neff Government Agent Edwin Hesse Squaws lone Mannz, Dorothy Clark, Gene Thomas, Lucille Gross Indian children Ronnie Mannz, Mark Diekroetger. Garry Retting, Bob Brauer Mr. and Mrs. Henry Mace Wilbur and June Retting French Fur Traders Bob Gray, William Sharp British Soldiers Vic Logan, Glenn Lovet Pioneer Albert Louis

Spoyies Clan Indian Dancers

William Bach Norman Friese
Dale Anna Earl Compton
Don Hennings Richard Hodges
Ed. Richards Bob Dintleman
Don Richards Dick Dintleman
Jim Cathers Carl Ricketts.
Carl Bostick

EPISODE III.

Mr. Gartside Edgar Brockhahn
Mrs. Gartside Lizzie Scheurer
Gartside children Donna Taylor,
Kenneth Taylor, Jimmie Nail
Mr. Joseph Taylor
Mrs. Taylor Sally Taylor
Side Saddle Rider Lena Gindler

Pioneer Women:

Lucille RaspLoretta LouisBea Von HattenM. SongerLaura PlabTillie RettingVerna SchmidtHelen SchillingRose Ann ThomanLena Gindler

Pioncer Men and Miners:

Lee Voland Bernard Taylor Edward Hemmer Lawrence Fov David Carson, Jr. Gary Mackey Svl Elliott Edward Nail Henry Baumgartner Henry Scipp Robert Sharp Carl Owens Lyman Dainton Charles Heitman Stanley Feist John Fuchs

EPISODE IV

Col. John O'Fallon Charles Schuetz
Surveyor Edward N. Thomas
Auctioneer Harold Evans
Deed Recorder Philip Bell
Engineer Allison McGuire
Speaker Elmer Hartman

Populace:

Harry Keys, Pearl Keys. Ed Hasemann and Daughters Anita Hasemann Edith Stein Ray Christopher Mildred Christopher Arthur Stein Vera McGuire Ann Thomas LaVerna Evans Este¹ C. Kampmeyer Blanche Schmidt Alda Mayer Jane Morrison Pat Mannz Christopher children Hazel Schwarz Frances Mueller Lavinia Schwarz George Mueller Javec Greene Katherine Keck Joan Keek Joe Keck, Sr. Sue Schwarz Gary Mueller Evelyn Schalter Gene Thomas Jerry Bailey Bob Morrison L. M. Wolfersberger Al aleckfessel Marian Schmidt Irma Meckfessel

EPISODE V

John Hunter Minister Frederick Lehn (descendant) James Lemen Harold Cavins, Ronald Stein Negro men Marian Bevirt, Anna Nail Negro women Joseph Louis and Fred Bevirt Wagon drivers

Church attendants:

Kathryn Roach Kenneth Brauer Fern Lemen Carolyn Lemen Grace Ketchrem
Albert Ketchrem
Edna Hunter and Sons Elton Rothkegel Cleola Rothkegel and Daughter Theodora Zinkgraf Meredith Brown and Children Lillian Stebbs Lee Stebbs

EPISODE VI

Soldiers:

Walter Hartman John Schanherr Ronald Zinkgraf Harold White Virgil Scheibel Ray Distler Leland Johannes Page Coleman Joe Lapka John Chester Wilbur Scott Maurice Reaka Paul Gutsgel Robert Lillie Bob Williams Tim Feltman Earl Thompson Bob Gribler Bob Berens Lewis Adair Arthur Schroeder Eddie Nail Raymond Keller Charles Bevirt Dave Carson

Drummer - Norman Horenkamp

Boys of Cub Scout Troop No. 35 play soldier

Walter Gindler Musicians Wilmer Knewitz, J. H. VanBuren

Populace:

Frieda Schmidt Lena Gindler Carrie Tichenor Laurene Anheuser Lee Pierce Dorothy Roth Doris Schwarz Mary Ruth Gloria Knewitz Margaret Thompson Marian Ellis Betty Suever Maxine Brockhahn Gladys Fritz Nina Lee Pfeifer Betty Lehman Mildred Zimmerman Ruth Ann Schwarz Lola Taylor Elvera Schmidt Alice Rasp Edna Wright Hazel Nave Eileen Hearne Francis Hearne Hearne children Eve Schuetz Ruby Keller Florence Johannes and Mildred Schrameck Leona Warma Children

Squaredancers

Doris and LaVerne Sturman Doris and Dan Hertenstein Nina and James Pfeifer Dorothy and Mike Schwarz Adeline and Russell Hauch Kathryn and Roy Hall Marie and Louis Voruz Louella and Harold Moore Billie and Lee Neal Elaine and Vincent Maibes

Lavonne and Alan Bott Dorothy and Walter Moellman Ione and Lester Richter Marion and Ben Hamm Gladys and Ray Besse Katherine and Victor Reinhardt

Caller: Frank Keeser

EPISODE VII

Firemen:

William Suever Cletus Schau Benjamin Hamm Fred Budina Herman Hemmen Jack Taylor

Fred Andricks Forrest Schroeder William Remelius Earl Friederich Bernard Henry Ferd Lampe

| Inventions | Virginia Scheibel, |
|----------------------|-----------------------------------|
| | Mr. and Mrs. Wesley Hangsleben |
| Street Car: | |
| Nidra Lurtz | Lucinda Glenn |
| Dorothy Oulvey | Steven Lurtz |
| Helen Glenn | Meredith Brown and |
| Suzie Lurtz | children |
| Old Car | Louise and Ray Scheibel, |
| | Leona and LaVergne Diefenbach |
| Miller | Wilbur Retting |
| Bank Teller and Tw | |
| | Thora Quinn, Vera McGuire |
| Louis Allen and Cust | omer Mr. and Mrs. Elton Rothkegel |
| Bicyclists | Betty and Joe Hubbard |
| | Edith Depping |

EPISODE VIII.

| Airmen World War I Bill Sharp, Glen Loyet Victor Logan, Don Kirsch, Bob Grau |
|---|
| Gold Star Mother Eleanor Franke |
| Senators Gerald Poser, Joe Keck, Jr., Walter Zinkgraf, Richard Hartman, Dean Heitman |
| Girls Janet Munie, Joyce Anheuser, Pat Cruse, Juanita Woods, Jean Bernreuter |
| Messenger Wesley Hangsleben |
| Draft Scene Dean Heitman, Joe Keck, Richard Hartman |

EPISODE IX.

Harry and Helen Freivogel and Sons

| Fanily and Helen Freivoger and Bons |
|---|
| First Aid Willford Eckert and Class |
| Bill Nave La Veda Benish |
| Hazel Nave Nell Rose Waters |
| Julia Hays Anna Nail |
| Kathleen Green Betty Maibes |
| Frances Eckert Betty Suever |
| Margaret Thompson Ruth Greene |
| Men in Blue Scott Air Force Drill Team |
| At Altar . Carol Braun, Gloria Lautz, Edith Depping |
| Shirley Roberts, Delores Clover, Monetta Smith |
| Lord's Drovor |

Lord's Prayer:

Enmile.

| Selma Heinemann Kissel | Jean Brauer |
|------------------------|-----------------|
| Pat Trame | Jo Ann Richichi |
| Betty Thomas | Jean Tiley |
| Kay Glenn | Joan Meinkoth |

Service men at attention:

| Preston Gross | | | Marine |
|---------------|-------------|-----------|-----------|
| Wayne Jung | | | Navy |
| Bill Meinkoth | | | Air Force |
| Bob Seipp | | | Army |
| Nurses == | Delores Kue | hn, Arvey | Brockman |

Charleston Dancers:

| Bill Sharp | Janet Munie |
|--------------|-----------------|
| Glen Loyet | Joyce Anheuser |
| Victor Logan | Pat Cruse |
| Don Kirsch | Juanita Woods |
| Bob Grau | Jean Bernreuter |
| | |

conserve on fuel and lights. Stores closed at an earlier nour and householders were urged to save fuel. Women and children entered enthusiastically into Red Cross work, preparing bandages and dressings, knitting sweaters, packing gift packages, etc. Many persons still remember the influenza epidemic with its resulting sickness, deaths, and quarantines. Public institutions were closed for a number of weeks in the fall winter of 1918.

The people at home also gave their financial support to the war effort. Red Cross drives were oversubscribed and O'Fallon in all instances exceeded the quota set for the sale of Liberty Bonds in the various drives. In May, 1918 O'Fallon citizens oversubscribed by 205% their quota in the 3rd Liberty Loan Drive. The quota set for the city was \$63,300 and the subscriptions amounted to \$133,150.

News of the armistice came on Monday morning. November 11th, at 3 A. M. announced by mine whistles and passing trains. People began to flock into the streets, many partly dressed. Shouts, yells, clanging bells, whistles, drums, dish-pans, and every conceivable noise maker added to the din. By 4 A. M. a parade was under way and it moved from street to street through the town people falling into line. This was continued to daybreak. Miners ready te ge to work, shed their work clothes to join in the rejoicing. Mayor Tiedemann issued a proclamation setting forth that all business houses should close. A courier read the proclamation to the merchants and stores, which had already opened, closed. Sobriety began to wane and the Mayor ordered the saloons to close for the rest of the day.

Gloom for awhile was spread over the celebration when an automobile occupied by Irvin Cox, George Koch, Ed. Knoebel, William Hardy, William Hornberger, John Schneider, Albert Hawes and his daughter, Helen Hawes 2^{12} years old, crashed into the interurban express car at the corner of Lincoln Avenue and Second Street. No one was seriously injured.

An effigy of the Kaiser was swung from a telephone pole at the corner of Lincoln and State bearing a sign. "Good-By Boys, I'm going to Hell."

At a late hour celebrants returned to their homes marking a full day of wild celebration.

World War I was fought, we were told, to save the world for democracy. History dictated this not to be so and about twenty years later the world was plunged into a greater struggle in World War II.

WORLD WAR II

In 1940 when World War II was looming on the horizon, draft boards were created to arrange for the induction of men into the Armed Services. The Burke-Wadsworth Selective Service Act required all men between the ages of 21 and 35 years to register for army service on October 16, 1940. Again on July I, 1941, boys who had attained the age of 2I since October 16, 1940 were required to register. On February 16, 1942, men between 20 and 45 registered, and on April 27, 1942 those men from 21 to 65 years of age were required to do so.

The first group to leave the O'Fallon area for one year's service under the Selective Service Act included: Eugene Browning, Robert Simon, Harvey Kreutzer, Lloyd

Geiger, George Hangsleben, Louis Rasp, George Jung, and Lyman Dainton. This group left on February 27, 1941.

World War II had been raging for two years and three months or some 828 days when the United States was precipitated into the conflict by the attack on Pearl Harbor, Detember 7, 1941. The United States declared war against Japan on December 8, 1941 and against Germany and Italy on December 11, 1941.

The first O'Fallon man wounded in action was Robert Mertz injured in action at Pearl Harbor, Territory of Hawaii, on December 7, 1941 when the Japanese attacked that naval installation.

The first man from O'Fallon to lose his life in World War II was Seaman Second Class Milton Vernell Sollis of the U. S. Navy. He was the son of Mr. and Mrs. Clarence Sollis. He enlisted in the Navy on January 8, 1941 at the age of 17 years and was reported missing in action on April 25, 1942.

During World War II, 521 men and women from the O'Fallon area were called into scrvice of which the II men listed below gave their all for their country. The following were casualties in World War II:

Vernell Sollis (Navy)
Leroy Franke (Air Corps)
Glendle Miller (Navy)
Russell Kuehn (Marines)
Fred Schempp (Navy)
John Schneider (Army)
Laverne Bernhardt (Army)
Etsworth Gartside (Army)
Dale Willard (Air Corps)
Harry L. Camp (Army)
Pat H. Lewis (Army)

Delbert Schaperkoetter (Marines)

When a nation is in an "all-out" war the united efforts of the military and civilian population are required. O'Fallon was not a laggard, she gave at once unstitutingly of her resources and stoically accepted the worry, sorrow hardships and deprivations of war.

The rationing of sugar, meat, canned foods, shoes, clothing, tires, gasoline, etc., were accepted as a necessary contribution to the war effort. In 1945 the "brown-out" program to conserve fuel and power by curtailing use of unnecessary lights was agreeably accepted. Plasma came into wide usage in World War II and the citizens gave blood as the Red Cross collection units came to the city. Bond drives, U.S.O., Red Cross, and other drives were given generous support.

The school children participated in scrap drives and countless number of tons of paper and metal were collected. The high school organized the Junior Commandos to collect scrap. One of the Commandos, Dick Richardson, fell from a truck and fractured his right arm. The coal miners at St. Ellen, on their own time and after duty hours, gathered scrap down in the mine and thus salvaged over 100 tons of valuable material needed to feed the machines of war. The industrial plants in the area did excellent jobs as shown by the Army-Navy "E's" awarded them for quality and quantity of production.

The following chart shows how O'Fallon supported the war effort by the purchase of bonds:

| Drive | Quota | Total Sales |
|--------------|--------------|----------------|
| First | Not recorded | Not recorded |
| Second | \$113,700.00 | \$499,366.00 |
| Third | \$350,000.00 | \$503,471.25 |
| Fourth | \$350,000.00 | \$1,504,787.30 |
| Fifth | \$400,000.00 | \$646,855.00 |
| Sixth | \$395,000.00 | \$484,818.28 |
| Seventh | \$471,950.00 | \$565,800.00 |
| Victory Bond | \$202,840.00 | \$310,000.00 |

In November 1942 the Service Men's Mothers' Club organized. Their first project was to lease the Bechtold Building (old Post Office) on East First Street and furnish it as a club for service men—particularly men from the Bertram School of Gases at the Independent Engineering plant and Scott Field. The club continued to operate until August 1944. In July, 1943 the club erected at the corner of State and Lincoln Avenue a large outdoor honor roll with the names inscribed of all men serving in the Armed Forces and this sign was kept current by adding names as the men left for service. The sign was 20 feet long and eight feet wide.

In 1942 the High School Manual Training classes built hundreds of model airplanes for the Navy. These planes were used for instructional purposes and in airplane recognition classes.

Germany unconditionally surrendered to the Allies on May 7, 1945. In O'Fallon the glad tidings telling that the day had come at last—one for which the peoples of the Allied world had prayed for—was received with restrained rejoicing, the citizens being fully aware that while half the battle was over, we still had the task of subduing another foe—Japan. The next day, President Truman officially announced the surrender of Germany. By the terms of a proclamation issued by the Mayor of the city

the schools, business houses, and mines closed. Many citizens visited their churches to offer thanks and prayers for an early cessation of all hostilities.

Japan accepted unconditional surrender terms on August 14, 1945. On Tuesday evening, August 14, 1945 at 7 p.m., the people of O'Fallon received the word from President Harry S. Truman via radio that Japan had surrendered. Citizens at first took the news with reserved calm, but when church bells, whistles, and automobile horns began to sound it was a signal for celebration. People started to gather in the downtown section and in a short time the streets were crowded with tooting cars and trucks and the sidewalks were lined with hundreds of people.

A parade formed at the Methodist Church corner with cheering youths and older folks and started the march through the business section. It was not long until another parade came on the scene, this time headed by members of the school band who marched to the corner of State and Lincoln Avenue. Bedlam raged, and the noise of rejoicing reached its height amid showers of confetti and scraps of paper.

The old Homecoming lights on State Street which had been dark since the advent of the war were turned on. The city officials assisted by others provided a place for dancing on the corner of State and Lincoln. A "juke" box was carried from the bus station and placed on the sidewalk, and old and young danced to its strains.

With all the excitement and the immense crowd, not a single accident or incident occurred to mar the happiness of the occasion. Well after the midnigtt hour the crowd dispersed to go quietly to their homes with all thankful for this momentous August 14, 1945.

Entertainment and Sports

ENTERTAINMENT

For the first twenty years or so of its existence O'Fallon had very little in the way of professional theatricals or entertainment. There was not a suitable place in town that had a stage or scenery.

Sometime in the 1870's, Jack Shinton located here and began the operation of a saloon at the corner of State and Lincoln Avenue. At that time the hall on the second floor of the building was used for dances, dancing schools, public meetings, lodge room, and various other purposes. Mr. Shinton made improvements to the building, enlarged the hall and put in a stage of about 10 by 12 feet. At the southeast corner of the building he built a ticket office and a stairway which gave entrance to the hall from the porch above. Traveling show companies then began to take notice of O'Fallon and gave performances here. In the fall of 1877, posters appeared all over town announcing that J. A. Simon's Star Comedy Company would play a week's season at Shinton's Opera House. Their repertoire consisted of six popular plays, each one given one night only, as follows: "The Hidden Hand," "Rip Van Winkle," "Gilded Age," "Oliver Twist," "Fanchon the Cricket," and "Uncle Tom's Cabin." They were accompanied by the "Superb Silver Cornet Band."

The O'Fallon City Hall was built in 1890—dedicated on December 31, 1890. When the hall was built, a small stage was provided. There were no curtains, wings or scenery of any kind. Nevertheless, the dramatic organizations were duly appreciative of having some place to give their plays. In January, 1891, a dramatic group, called the Crescent Club, was organized and gave the first play after the dedication of the city hall. The play was "Fielding Manor" by Edgar Fawcett.

In the absence of scenery at the Town Hall, the Crescent Club sent to New York for a wood land scene printed on heavy paper which was to be pasted on cloth. George Remick was then operating the drug store which was the club's headquarters. He sold wall paper and he and E. H. Smiley volunteered to paste the paper on the cloth. After they had finished they pronounced it the toughest job they had ever tackled. Their work didn't look very good as it was unusually rough and wrinkled, but that proved an advantage after it was put up because it looked like the real thing.

With the building of Wachter's Building the dramatic clubs found a new home. At this time there were several active clubs which gave very fine plays In April, 1904, the play "Down in Dixie" was presented by the following



O'Fallon Dramatic Club. Front row, from left: Harry Carriel, Clara Zitzmann, Edna Thurston, Bessie Carriel, Adam Young. Back row, from left: Ben Amann, Henry Hartman, Fred Landwehr, Arthur Schlinger, Frank Evans, Dan Thomas, James Bradley.

company: H. J. Martin, A. F. Brewer, George and Oscar Schobert, Joe Mackin, George Schmidt, William and Ben Amann, Minnie Streek, Tillie Coupin, Bessie Carriel, and Clara Zitzman. In April, 1905. "Lady Darrel" was given by another club composed of: George Brockhahn, Joe Mackin, W. R. Lawrence, Walter Alexander, Ralph Kampmeyer, Louis Proffitt, William Lacquet, George Eckert, Edna Thurston, Grace Burkhart, Flora Ahrens, and Rose Alexander.

From time to time home talent plays have been given and have been the means of raising funds for worthy projects and giving opportunity for expression of latent talents. The high school has presented a number of excellent operettas and class plays.

The old silent motion pictures were presented in the Wachter Hall until in August, 1910, the Lyric Theater moved its operations to the new Taylor Opera House, In the period 1910 to 1920, silent motion pictures were presented by the Moonlight Theater—open air under the stars—four times weekly during the summer season. This open air theater was located on the site of the present State Theater.

The Opera House built by Joseph Taylor was completed December 27, 1908. It was formally dedicated and opened for use in 1909. This building, when completed, was the wonder of the area as it far surpassed in equipment and appointments any theater in any of the surrounding towns The Opera House at first presented "live shows" during a portion of the year-opening in the fall and closing with the coming of hot weather. Professional troupes usually brought their own scenery and actors, Admission was 10e for adults and 5c for children. Later under the management of Henry Schwarz, Sam Taylor, and Leroy Hiles the Opera House was devoted almost entirely to the showing of motion pictures. Patrons of the Opera House, perhaps, can recall the piano accompaniment of Meta Dist-



O'Fallon Stock Co. Front row, from left: E. C. Asbury, Walter Ayers, Edward Thomas, Helen Zinkgraf, Edgar Schalter, Walter Alexander. Back row, from left: Harry Carriel, Thomas Gordon, Elizabeth Fischer, Peter Galloway, Elsie Schilling, J. T. Lilly, Bessie Carriel, Jack Blackett.

ler and the solos of Sam Taylor.

In the late 1930's the Taylor Opera House ceased as a theater and stood idle for some time until 1945 when Wilbert H. Tschudy purchased the building and converted it into a modern food locker plant.

On November 9, 1937, the State Theater was formally opened by Leroy Hiles and Sam Taylor. The theater today is owned by Goldman and Toben from St. Louis. The present manager is Francis Berry,

Street fairs and earnivals, tent shows, medicine shows, masque balls, the circus, lyceum courses, and chautauqua brought entertainment—good and bad—to O'Fallon.

In September, 1920, O'Fallon had its first chautauquas season. Officers of the chautauqua association were: Rev. F. J. Langhorst, president; S. E. McGeehon, vice-president G. B. Gieser, secretary, and George W. Tiedemann, treasurer. The United Chautauqua System gave a series of entertainment under a big tent in City Park. In later years the Redpath Chautauqua was engaged and their tent was





Stars and Stripes Band, about 1905. Seated from left: Frank Martin, Frank Evans, John Koch, George Brockhahn, Fred Landwehr. Henry Martin. Standing, from left: William Amman, Emil Cook, Medley Guest, Edward Tiedemann, Horace Evans, Henry Hartman, Fred Morgenstern, L. J. Bridges, Director.

set up on the grade school grounds. The last chautauqua series was presented in 1925.

Through the years O'Fallon has had a number of organizations that have done fine work in vocal music; the Liederkranz Society; the Harmony Club; the Abholt Singing Society, church choirs, O'Fallon Community Chorus, and as of today, the O'Fallon Choral Club. J. Emmett Hinchcliffe has done much to promote vocal music in our community since he came to O'Fallon in 1921.

Lyceum courses have been sponsored over the years by the Woman's Club, Alumni Association, and classes at the High School. Many fine artists have appeared in O'Fallon as a result of the Lyceum Courses.

The first operetta presented was "The Mikado" given on April 2, 1889 by the Harmony Club. It was given in the old brick warehouse at the Tiedemann Mill as it was the only place in O'Fallon large enough to accommodate the production. Flour barrels were placed in the south end of the warehouse and planks placed upon them to make a stage. Tarpaulins were borrowed from farmers and implement dealers to fix curtains, chairs were obtained from churches and lodge halls, hanging lamps were borrowed for lighting, and planks were placed on nail kegs to make seats for the unreserved section. The following took part in the production: John Lienesch, D. W. Caughlan, George Caughlan, Charles Peach, George Darrow, Nellie Bates,

Jessie Umbarger, Fannie Umbarger, Ada McFarland, Master Walter Lienesch; in the chorus, Henry Tiedemann, Alonzo Bridges, William Lehman, Don Parker, George Lienesch. John Dunnivan, Andy Entrekin, Oliver Darrow, Leila Scott, Julia Shaw, Lutie Wade, Annie Simmons, Lizzie Powell, Fannie Darrow, Louise and Marianna Fischer, Irene Parker, Daisy Bates; accompanists, Emma Scott, Alf and Oscar Ginzel of Trenton; prompter, Amelia Carriel; carpenters, Emil Wittig, L. M. Scott, and James T. Holliday.

Among the vanished glories of the "olden tyme" are the torchlight processions. Torchlight processions in the middle west date back to the 1830's—the days of hard cider, "Old Tippecanoe and Tyler Too," the Lincoln campaign and others. O'Fallon had a number of these parades in the 1880's and 1890's.

The young men of the various communities formed marching clubs, drilled faithfully to perfect themselves in marching techniques, wore striking, brilliant uniforms, and carried torches. One of the companies in O'Fallon wore black military slouch hats with white plumes, red, white and blue sashes, and carried tin swing torches. These clubs were the means of arousing great interest in the political compaigns.

One time when the Belleville clubs were expected in full force at a political rally at O'Fallon, the O'Fallon Clubs

gathered at the Belleville and O'Fallon Railroad Depot to act as a reception committee. They waited for some time for the train to pull into the station, although they could hear it down the track. When the train finally arrived, the O'Fallon people were told that when the train struck the grade at McFarland's timber about $2\frac{1}{2}$ miles southwest of town, it was discovered that someone had greased the rails. The engine ran out of sand, and the crew and pass-

engers had to carry water from the creek to wash the grease off the rails before the train could proceed

Today, our entertainment comes into our living rooms via our radio and television sets. I wonder if it has the same value and gives as much satisfaction as entertainment gave to our fathers? Our fathers made their entertainment, they did not believe in spectator sports.



Gun clubs were very popular around the turn of the century. The Shiloh Valley Gun Club was organized in 1881. The first officers were: George Crosby, president; Col. Adolph Engelmann, vice-president; and Albert C. Reuss, secretary. Their grounds were in the pasture at the Ferd L. Reuss farm, about half a mile east of Shiloh. Among their members were the best shots in the country: George, Will, Tom and Ned Crosby, Albert and Ferd Reuss. Col. Engelmann, Fred Herbst. Carl Jaeger, John Haase, Adolph Schott, William Bug, Rudolph Ochs, James Curry, Charles Glaser, Guy and John Pierce, Herman Bergfeld. Adolph Weil, Herman Hoppe, Thrift Quick, and Charles Herbst.

William R. Crosby won national and international championships in trap-shooting. Old issues of the Belleville Daily Advocate give details of the various championships as follows: In 1899, he won a state championship at a meet in Peoria and also won a \$200 purse at Kansas City, Mo. The 1902 files show that the professional star carried off championships in Atlanta, Georgia Asheville, North Carolina, and Vicksburg, Mississippi, captured a \$1,000 purse at Blue River Park, Kansas City, Missouri, and was second in the Omaha, Nebraska meet.

Shortly before Crosby left for the 1991 meet in England. he won the DuPont trophy and a world's championship event in the shoot-off of a tie of three perfect 100's at the annual tournament of the Illinois Sportsmen's Association in Springfield, Illinois.

In July 1905, he took top honors in the first day's preliminary of the Grand American Handicap in Indianapolis. He broke 199 out of a possible 200, missing his first target.

Until 1924 the American Trapshooting Association, now known as the Amateur Trap-

shooting Association, was controlled by manufacturers of guns and ammunition, and Crosby was in the employ of such manufacturers as a professional trapshooter.

Following are some of the stories on Crosby which appeared in the Belleville Daily Advocate concerning his participation in international competition in 1901 in England and Scotland: Friday, May 31, 1901—William R.

Crosby, of O'Fallon, and other members of the American trapshooting team, selected to represent the United States in the match with British experts for \$2500 a side at the Middlesex Gun Club near London on June 11th, and following days, sailed from New York for Liverpool on Sunday, on board the steamship, Canadian. The match will be at 5,000 inaminate targets a side, the Englishmen to have the use of both barrels and the Americans to use but one barrel.

Friday, June 14, 1901—In the Anglo-American trapshooting meet, the Americans defeated the Britons in the leading events. As usual, William R. Crosby, of O'Fallon, made a record for himself and was ranked well

up among the very best shots of the contest. In the team shoot, Crosby took 19 out of the first 20, and 17 out of the second 20. In a preliminary sweepstake. Crosby tied for second with 22 out of 25.

Friday, June 21, 1901—In the individual championship event between the members of the American and British teams of trapshooters which took place at Hendon, London, last Monday, William R. Crosby was the most successful contestant, taking the world's championship event and winning a gold cup valued at \$500.

Friday, June 28, 1901-The match held Saturday at Glasgow. Scotland, between William R. Crosby and the Scotch champion, Faulds, for 100 pounds, resulted in a victory for the American. The conditions were 100 pigeons from ground traps and 50 pigeons from tower traps. At the ground traps. Crosby scored 97, while Faulds had 93; at the tower traps Crosby got 42 birds, Faulds 41. The world's record: as held by Crosby: 345 straight at inamimate targets, 193 straight at live birds, and 110 from the 31 yard line.



William R. Crosby

The O'Fallon Gun Club was organized in 1904 with Ned Crosby as president. The club continued to meet and sponsor shoots until the late 1930's when it disbanded. At various times the club had shooting grounds on the John Louis farm, Schwaegel farm, Christ Porter farm, and the Klein farm on Route 50, east of O'Fallon. Persons who were members at various times were as follows: Ernst

Linde, Ben Amann, John Schneider, Ned Crosby, Adolph Ohlendorf, Sr., Louis Plab, Walter Thomas, Charles Buckles, Alfred Tiedemann, George, Edward, Joe, Nap, and Ted Willard, S. E. McGeehon, Robert Ruth, George Scheibel, Ben Schmidt, L. Ernst Tiedemann, and Lyman Joseph.

Additional Sports

The first baseball club in O'Fallon was the "Comets" organized in the 1860's. Their grounds were north and opposite the present Methodist Church. Later the diamond was located where the Schildknecht Funeral Home is now located after which it was moved across the street. Some of the early ball players were: Henry and Andrew Rutherford, Anderson Umbarger, Henry Needles, Henry Simmons, Charles Neville, James Distler, Albert and George Ogle, "Win" Bowler, Johnny Cormack, and William Bowler.

Ball diamonds were later located at Koch's Crossing east of town on the old interurban line, then on Willard land on East Second Street (East End Park), and finally at Community Park.

O'Fallon until the past few years has always shown great interest in the "town team." The O'Fallon Merchants in the 1920-30 period and the Legion team of 1946-48 period were fine teams and had a large following of fans.

Names such as: Yaegers, Ladd, Harters, Bender, Proffitt, Corbier, Schoberts, Andricks, Barth, Meyer, Schmidt, Bell, Siekmann, Schachner, Wheatley, Kampmeyer, Dunn, Landgraf, Mayer, Boyce, Reeble, McKinley, Pannier, Gartsides, Schneider, Taylors, Warma, Million and Busch should bring back many memories to baseball fans.

In the 1930's, O'Fallon was very tennis-minded. At various times during the period there were a half dozen tennis courts located in different sections of the city. City tournaments were annually held and drew a fine field of entries. In the early 1930's, the O'Fallon Ramblers, an independent tennis team played scheduled matches with Lebanon, Carlyle, Greenville, Trenton, Fairview, Belleville, Waterloo, and Breese. The mainstays of the Ramblers were: Edward Boyce, Walter Batty, Edward Creed, and Clarence Distler. Other players during this period were: Harry Schneider, Robert Munier, Elmer Yanda, Edwin Schilling, Gustave Budina, Melvin Allen, Edgar Niederecker, L. E. Morris, Frank Rea, the Clow Brothers, and Herman Miller. Martha (Mickey) Schlinger was the outstanding woman player in the city.

Interest has been aroused again in tennis since the construction of two all-weather courts, soon to be lighted, in the Community Park.

O'Fallon has been a city always interested in bowling. During the bowling season the Moonlight and Central (destroyed by fire in 1953) were always busy. Our bowlers have been quite successful in intercity match play and have always made a creditable showing at the ABC Tournament. Names which bring back memories to bowling fans are such as: Hartman, Ladd, Yanda, Schneider, Schuetz, Evans, Titter, Dressel, Ledford, Elliott, Kuehn, and Proffitt.

During the 1930's, the American Legion sponsored a marble tournament. The winner of the local tourney went on to further tournaments in the St. Louis area which

led up to the selection of the national marbles champ. A news item of May 23, 1935 tells us that Kenneth Pfeiffer, age 10 years, won the city marbles championship for the second straight year. Francis Titter, Jr., age 12 years, was the runner-up.

O'Fallon also in the 1930's had a ping-pong league. Chief paddle wielders were: Elmer Yanda, Henry Hesse, Herman Miller, Jake Mueller, Arthur Ladd, and Ray Schmidt.

If you remember the miniature golf craze of 1929-30, you, perhaps, will also remember that "Les" Proffitt operated a course on South Lincoln Avenue.

Several leagues of softball teams (men and women) were in action during the 1932-40 period. Lighting equipment, bleachers, and diamonds were prepared and installed in Community Park. League and exhibition play was scheduled four or more times a week. This, however, slowly faded away.

At the present time, chief interest in sports centers around the high school and the summer youth baseball league. Articles which follow will give fuller discussion of these programs.

Sports In O'Fallon High School

The Historical Committee is indebted to Mr. Ernest Biggerstaff, present baseball coach at the high school, for much of the basic information contained in the following account.

The sports calendar really started on May 15, 1903. The first recorded sports event was an Athletic Field and Track Meet. Prof W. R. Dorris was clerk and scorer for the meet. The list of contestants included: llenry Poignee, John Budina, Walter Schachner, Gustav Budina, Louis Lorenz, and Ralph Evans.

In May 1904, the first High School Athletic and Intellectual Meet was held in O'Fallon. Trenton carried off first place honors, and Marissa placed second in the meet. In a similar meet held at Marissa in 1910, William Beedle had a field day winning seven gold medals in various athletic events.

During the early years of the high school the girls had successful basketball teams. They played teams from neighboring schools and St. Louis. Members of a



1904 GIRLS' BASKETBALL TEAM. Front row, from left: Ilelen Zinkgraf, Lenora Stites, Eleanor Deischer, Anna Neville, Mary Hautrow, Annice Corbridge.



1954 Basketball Team. Front row, from left: Don Kirsch, Don Schmidt, Bill Wessel, Dave Warner, Bill Sharp, Jerry Schumacher. Back row, from left: Coach Harley Culberson, Harold Cavins, Paul Ping, Ronnie Stein, Art Hinrichs, John Richardson, Don Dzengolewski.



"BILL" WHITEHEAD always rooting for the team. Janitor at high school since 1925. (Picture taken in 1925)



1940 Basketball Team. Kneeling, from left Roger Clayton and Leon Harter, manager. Seated, from left: Ralph Hall, Jack Taylor, Floyd Tiedemann, Francis Titter, Floyd Rogers, Ralph Niederecker, Stanley Kuehn, John Schneider, William Gribler, Benjamin Hamm. Back row. from left: Coach Curtis L. Smith, Edward Woods, Dale Rea, Jack Schwarz, Bill McGrath, Walter Wilkening, Howard McCandless, Rodney Jung. Carl Barth, Charles Meinkoth, Donald Heitman, Laverne Anderson.

1935 Basketball Team. Seated, from left: Harry Schneider, John Budina, Delmar Warma, Bill Willard, Robert Million, Leslie Schneider, Melvin Allen, Barnett Clow. Standing, from left: Delbert Corbier, Harold Canterbury, Wilbur Wiemann, Coach Conrad O. Schenk, George Bender, Paul Greene, Lee Keck.



school team in 1904 were: Helen Zinkgraf, Lenora Stites, Eleanor Deischer, Anna Neville, Mary Hautrow, and Annice Corbridge. Their big game was playing the famous Indian Girls from the World's Fair at St. Louis. The game was played at the Fairgrounds in Belleville. The girls wore uniforms of red flannel blouses, full bloomers, and long stockings.

During the year 1915 an Athletic Association was organized by the members of the High School. The purpose of the organization was to create interest in all school activities. The first meeting was held on October 12, 1915 and the following officers were elected: President, Walter H. Trippel; Vice-President, James S. Bittles; Secretary, Lucynthia A. Herzing.

The basketball team of 1916 composed of Wilbur Widicus, Walter Hartman, George Bernreuter, Ernest Tiedemann, R. G. Davidson, L. G. Keck and R. F. Mueller enjoyed a successful season. They played Marissa, Lebanon, Granite City, Shurtleff, Belleville, Trenton, East St. Louis, Alton, and Rankin Trade School.

At the beginning of the 1922 season Walter (Happy) Hartman agreed to act as coach for the school with Prof. J. E. Hincheliffe serving as manager. The team was outfitted with new suits and proceeded to have a successful year. The team was composed of: Robert Munier (Capt.), right forward; Edwin Schilling, left forward; Elmer Yanda. center; Adolph Ohlendorf, right guard; Melvin Brewer, left guard; Albert Zimmerman and George Darrow substitutes. The individual scoring, a far cry from the firehouse playing and scoring of today, was as follows: Yanda, 135; Munier, 74; Schilling, 38; Ohlendorf, 16; Brewer, 2; Zimmerman, 3; and Darrow, 2 points respectively.

In 1922 there was great agitation on the part of the students, principal, and faculty to secure a good gymnasium for the school. Dr. Bechtold pledged \$2,000 if the balance required to build a gym could be raised but the campaign to solicit funds did not prove successful. With the opening of the present high school building in 1925, the basketball team for the first time had its own gym in which to practice and play its games. The first game played in the new high school (October 23, 1925) resulted in a High School victory over an Alumni team by a score of 20-11.

In 1922 the baseball team finished second in the Mascoutah-Trenton-Lebanon-O'Fallon League. The players were: E. Yanda, E. Reider, R. Munier, G. Darrow, E. Schilling, A. Ohlendorf, C. Corbier, M. Brewer, E. Schmidt, H. Proffitt, J. Borkievicz, A. Zimmerman, and H. Willhite.

In 1925, O'Fallon became a member of the South-western Conference which was then made up of Collinsville. Belleville, Granite City, Wood River, Alton, Edwardsville, Mascoutah, Madison, Jerseyville, and O'Fallon. In 1926. O'Fallon, Mascoutah, and Madison dropped out, but East St. Louis joined the conference.

In 1927, at O'Fallon, the Cahokia Conference was instituted. The original members of the conference were Madison, Lebanon, New Baden, Mascoutah, Dupo, Freeburg and O'Fallon. Later Madison dropped out and was replaced by Marissa. Waterloo then took Marissa's place which gives us the present membership of the conference.

In 1929, tennis was organized for the first time as a conference sport and two singles and one doubles match

were played with each school in the conference. Edward Creed and Clarence Distler represented the school in tennis in 1929. In 1932 the team of Harry Schneider, Edgar Niederecker and Gustave Budina were Co-Champions of the Cahokia Conference—the first tennis championship for the school.

The 1935 basketball team coached by Conrad O. Schenk won the school's first Cahokia Conference basketball championship, co-champs with Lebanon. The team lost one conference game and finished with a record of 26 wins and five defeats for the season against strong opposition. The thundering triumvirate of "Monk" Million, "Del" Warma, and "Bill" Willard scored 811 of the 1093 points scored by the team. The Panthers held their opponents to 739 points. The conference game lost was to Lebanon, 25-23 in an overtime. Members of the squad were: Del Warma, Leslie Schneider, Bill Willard, Robert Million. Harry Schneider. Melvin Allen, Barnett Clow, Wilbur Wiemann, George Bender, Lee Keek, John Budina, Paul Greene, Harold Canterbury, Charles Rubin, and Delbert Corbier.

In 1939, the present gymnasium was dedicated and the school had a basketball team (1939-40 season), coached by Curtis L. Smith, which went to the semi-finals of the sectional tournament at Highland before being defeated in state tournament eliminations.

The team won 23 and lost three during the season. Marissa defeated OFallon twice (35-17 the first game played in the new gymnasium) and again later in the season at Marissa and the loss to Wood River in the seetional. O'Fallon defeated Dupo, Belleville, and Collinsville to win the championship of the Regional Tournament held at Belleville. The Panthers defeated Greenville in the first round of the sectional and then lost to Wood River in a double overtime. O'Fallon led 30-28 in the Wood River game with only seconds remaining in the regulation game. Astroth, Wood River's star, intercepted a pass thrown in by O'Fallon, he was fouled and then coolly made the two free throws. This tied the game at 30 all and sent the contest into overtime. Neither team secred in the first overtime. The final score was 32-31 with Wood River the winner. The next night Wood River was defeated by Granite City who then went on to win the state championship at Champaign. Members of the squad were: Floyd Rogers, Ralph Niedere ker, Francis Titter, William Gribler, Ralph Hall, John Schneider, Benjamin Hamm, Stanley Kuehn, Floyd Tiedemann, and Jack Taylor. Individual scoring was as follows: Rogers, 230; Niederecker, 220: Titter, 213: Gribler, 202; Hall, 33; Schneider, 26, and Hamm. 26 points respectively.

In 1950 the baseball team coached by Ernest Biggerstaff made school history by becoming the first baseball team to go through a conference schedule undefeated.

In 1952, the Panther track team, coached by Harley Culberson, won the first Cahokia Conference track championship for the school.

O'Fallon High School over the years has actively engaged in track. An endeavor was made to compile track records for the school, but a lack of recorded information made an authoritative listing impossible. The following are offered as records which have been recorded. They are listed according to Event, Individual setting Record, the Record, and the Year set.

50-yard dash — William Beedle, 6.0 sec., 1910; L. Ownsby 6.0 sec., 1954.

100-yard dash — William Beedle, 10.4 sec., 1910; B. Rowan, 10.4 sec., 1952.

220-yard dash — L. Ownsby, 22.7 sec., 1954.

440-yard dash — B. Rowan, 53.4 sec., 1952.

880-yard run — D. Beckman, 2 min., 12.8 sec., 1952.

Mile run — G. Kieter, 4 min., 59.9 sec., 1954.

120-yard Low Hurdles — J. Schumacher, 14.9 sec., 1953.

120-yard High Hurdles — W. Meinkoth, 16.2 sec., 1953.

180-yard Low Hurdles — W. Meinkoth, 21.8 sec., 1953.

220-yard Low Hurdles — Clarence Crosby, 33 sec., 1910.

Running High Jump — George Ladd, 6 ft., 6½ in., 1916.

Standing High Jump — John Zapf, 4 ft., 6½ in., 1908.

Running Broad Jump — George Bernreuter, 21 ft., 8½ in., 1916.

Standing Broad Jump — John Zapf, 9 ft., 9 in., 1908. Hammer Throw (12 lb.) — John Coupin, 111 ft., 4 in.,

Shot Put (12 lb.) — William Beedle, 45 ft., 11 in., 1910. Discus — H. Klein, 117 ft., 3 in., 1951.

Javelin Throw — Howard Taylor, 151 ft., 2 in, 1925.

880-yard Relay — Berton Sperry, Elbert Begole, Elmer Asbury, William Beedle, 1 min., 35 sec., 1910.

Mile Relay — Rowan, Marshall, Conklin, Huller, 3 min., 48.8 sec., 1952.

Cahokia Conference Championships in basketball, baseball, track and tennis were won as follows:

| Year | Sport | Finish | Coach |
|------|------------|----------------------|-------------|
| 1932 | Tennis | Co-champs | Schenk |
| 1932 | 22 1 21 | Aug. | Schenk |
| 1934 | Tennis | Champs | Schenk |
| 1935 | Basketball | Co-champs | Schenk |
| 1935 | | Champs | Schenk |
| 1936 | Basketball | en . | Schenk |
| 1936 | Baseball | Champs | Schenk |
| 1939 | Basketbali | Co-champs | Schenk |
| 1940 | Basketball | Champs | Smith |
| 1942 | Basketball | Champs | Smith |
| 1945 | Baseball | Champs | Biggerstaff |
| 1950 | Baseball | Champs | Biggerstaff |
| 1951 | Baseball | Champs | Biggerstaff |
| 1952 | Track | Champs | Culberson |
| 1953 | Basketball | Co-champs | Culberson |
| 1953 | Track | Champs | Culberson |
| 1953 | Baseball | Cl -1 | Biggerstaff |
| 1954 | | Champs | Culberson |
| | | teem had a wenderful | |

The 1954 baskeball team had a wonderful year winning 29 (28 straight) and losing two games. The team lost the first conference game to Waterloo and then continued undefeated in conference play to win the title. They won the Cahokia Conference Tournament held at Dupo, the O'Fallon Christmas Tournament, and at Mascoutah were crowned District Champions by defeating Freeburg, 70-57 in the finals. In regional play at East St. Louis the Panthers defeated Lincoln High of East St. Louis before losing to Belleville, 72-54 in the semi-finals. The team set a new conference scoring record tallying 1028 points in leauge play. Art Hinrichs who established a new school scoring record of 493 points, and Ronnie Stein who scored 425 points during the season, were given honorable mention on several all-state teams. The members of the team were: Don Kirsch, Bill Wessel, Dave Warner, Jerry Schumacher, Don Schmidt, Bill Sharp, Ronnie Stein, Art Hinrichs, Paul Ping, John Richardson, Don Dzengolewski, and Harold Cavins.

Around the hot stove league, discussion often centers about the question, "What basketball team of the high school was the best?" This question is hard to answer because many factors must be taken into consideration such as, the type of basketball played at a particular time, playing conditions, strength of opposition, etc. The teams most often nominated for the honor of being the "best" are the teams of 1922, 1935, 1940, or 1954. What is your choice?

In 1947, Charles Niblock, then basketball coach, instituted the eight-team Christmas Tournament which has proved so popular and has been continued to the present time. The winners of the tournament are as follows:

| | 1947 | Troy |
|---------|------|-------------|
| | 1948 | New Athens |
| | 1949 | Marissa |
| 1950 to | 1953 | O'Fallon |

The Lettermen's Club, or "O" Club, as it is often called, is made up of students who have earned a letter in one of the major sports at O'Fallon High School. The present sponsors of the Club are Basketball and Track Coach, Harley Culberson, and Baseball Coach, Ernest Biggerstaff.

The G.A.A., Girls' Athletic Association, under the sponsorship of Miss Irma Veath, is one of the many active clubs at O'Fallon High School. Its membership of 59 girls is made up of those girls interested in athletics, sportsmanship, and health. Each year, during the summer vacation, two members of the club are sent to the Southern Illinois G.A.A. Camp. They learn new sports and games to bring back to their club to further the improvement of their own group.

O'Fallon Youth Baseball Frogram

The O'Fallon Youth Baseball Program was begun in the summer of 1944 and has been in operation ever since.

The origin of the program is quite interesting. Two young lads, Robert Seipp and James Rohr, now living in Carlyle, appealed to Ardell (Buck) Vogel to help them with their baseball team. After several evenings with the boys, Vogel realized the necessity of forming additional teams so that more boys might be accommodated. Accordingly, he organized the O'Fallon Junior City Twilight League which consisted of four teams comprised of boys from 12 to 17 years of age. At the outspet the boys themselves financed the program by paying 15 cents each week to the Treasurer, Jack White. From this small fund a few bats and balls were purchased.

During the winter of 1944-45 an appeal was made to the people of the town for financial help and enough money was secured to buy softball shirts and caps for the boys in the Twilight League and baseball uniforms for the All-Star team entered in the American Youth Baseball League in which teams from East St. Louis, Belleville, Collinsville, Cahokia, and O'Fallon participated.

In 1946 a second playing field was made available in the Community Park. In 1947 enough money was raised to buy 60 complete baseball uniforms and all play-

ing equipment necessary for the season.

In 1949 the program expanded to include Girls' sofeball and to form another league known as the Junior "B" League for boys between 10 and 14 years of age. In 1949 the original "A" League was supervised by Charles Niblock, then basketball coach at the High School and recreation supervisor employed during the summer months by the Community Park Board.

In 1950 the "A" League disbanded and the "B" League expanded to six teams to take in the Fairview Phils and the Fairview Cubs and the league name was changed to O'Fallon-Fairview Community Junior Baseball League. In 1952 the league again expanded to permit the entry of a Trenton team—the Trenton Giants who proceeded to win the championship. The League name was changed to the Twin-Counties Junior Baseball League.

In 1953 complete uniforms were purchased for 60 players. In October the Rotary Club sponsored a baseball banquet at which trophies provided by the Rotary Club, Kiwanis Club and an anonymous donor were presented to the teams finishing first, second, and third for the season.

Championship teams for the various years together with their managers and captains were as follows:

"A" League

- 1944 O'Fallon Tigers Robert Poignce and Sam Carroll.
- 1945 O'Fallon Blue Jays James Higgins and Herbert (Sonny) Whitehead.
- 1946 O'Fallon Tigers Rogers Meyers and Walter Woods.
- 1947 O'Fallon Dodgers Jack White.
- 1948 O'Fallon Cubs Russell Elliott.
- 1949 O'Fallon Tigers Walter Schmidt.

"B" League

- 1949 O'Fallon Cardinals Ardell (Buck) Vogel.
- 1950 O'Fallon Indians Jack Goodman.
- 1951 O'Fallon Tigers Sam Katzın, Clem W. Harris, and Victor Logan, Sr.
- 1952 Trenton Giants Charles (Jeff) Davis and Bill Winkler.
- 1953 Cross Roads Cardinals Edgar Patton, Adam Becherer, Jr., and Herbert Hood.

Several boys and one girl have gone from this program to professional baseball: Roy Hawes reported in 1954 to the Washington Senators of the American League; Jack Feltman to play in 1954 with Borger, Texas in the West

Texas-New Mexico League and William Barth, Rogers Meyers, Don Donato, Jr., and Wayne Beekman went from minor league ball into the Armed Servi.es. Barbara Hoffman who played on the 1948 O'Fallon Girls' softball team has been playing professional baseball several years with Sounth Bend, Indiana in the All-American Girls' League. This program has also been instrumental in giving early valuable training to boys who later became the main stay of the fine High School baseball teams we have had at O'Fallon Township High School. It is estimated that approximately 1,000 boys and girls have taken part in this program over the span of years the program has been in existence.

At the present time the Community Park provides four playing fields. The Girls' softball team known as the O'Fallon Jets, managed by Clarence Klucker, has been provided with regular baseball uniforms and a playing field of its own.

The following persons have throughout the years given generously of their time, ability and money to keep the baseball program going: John Seipp, Roland Stratman, Billie Warma, Dick Diekroetger, Clifford Becherer, Jack Thompson, Don Donato, Sr., Howard White, John Miller, Ernest Biggerstaff, R. P. Hinkle, Lee Cavins, Maurice Cocker, Dave Vogel, Mayor Henry Hesse, Don Bastendorf, Oscar Cox, Don Kirsch, Ronnie Hillen, Burt Maxfield, Wilmer Knewitz, Don Schimdt, Ralph Trinckel, Laverne Anderson, Arthur Stein, Orin Wessel, Leroy Howser, James Lautz, Delbert Corbier, Adolph Ohlendorf, Wally Schmidt, Clifford Corbier, Francis Swope, Ardell Smith, Robert Sharp, Ralph Battoe, Pete Neff, Gus Neff, Barney Maibes, Maurice Heien, Dr. Charles Zeigler, Herbert Whitehead, Sr., Leroy White, Billy Magee, Don Donato, Jr., Bill Feltman, the late Arthur Funcke, Bill Votrain the late Clifford Corbier, Sr., Merle Hesse, Bob Miller and the late L. R. Cartier.

Much credit is due "Buck" Vogel who has worked unceasingly and untiringly to promote this program. He has given unstintingly of his time and ability to continue this successful project. That his efforts have been appreciated is evidenced by awards given to him by the Kiwanis and Rotary Clubs and a radio given by parents of the boys participating in the baseball program. On behalf of the people of O'Fallon in appreciation of a fine job we say, "Well done, Buck, you have provided a healthful outlet for youthful energy. Thanks a milhon"

O'FALLON THEN













. AND NOW











Scott Air Force Base



DIRIGIBLE HANGAR

Scott Air Force Base (the name officially changed from Scott Field on February 4, 1948) had its inception in the summer of 1917 when the government opened one of its first schools for training pilots to fly planes, the newest weapon of war. It was appropriately named for Corporal Frank S. Scott who lost his life in an aircraft accident at College Park, Maryland in 1912.

Actual construction work was begun June 27, 1917. Congress appropriated \$10,000,000 for its construction and 2,000 laborers and carpenters were immediately put to work. Work was pushed with such feverish haste that the project, a maze of frame buildings on approximately a square mile of land, was completed by September 1917. In September, four of the 72 airplanes ordered for the field arrived and soon the actual training of airplane pilots began. Wartime "crates," a far cry from the sleek, fast planes of today, became a familiar sight to O'Fallon people.

In 1920, the government decided that the field should be turned over to the lighter-than-air branch of the Air Corps. The field became the only inland airship port in the nation. Here the lighter-than-air development was carried on, balloon observers and airship pilots trained. It was the day of the blimps, sausage balloons, and round free balloons.

In March, 1920, the government purchased cutright the land on which Scott Field was located. The purchase price for the 640 acres was \$119.285.00, about \$170.00 per acre.

The center of the lighter-than-air development was the gigantic hangar which was completed in 1922 at a cost of \$1,360,000. The inside measurements of the building were 810 feet long, 200 feet wide and 172 feet high. Its floor had space enough for 100,000 men to stand in formation. The two doors at its entrance weighed almost 2,000,000 pounds each and it took electrically driven motors 7½ minutes to open them. The old hangar dominated the countryside for miles. It was a greater attraction than the dirigibles themselves.

On May 14, 1937, the lighter-than-aircrafts were discontinued at the field and the War Department changed Scott to a heavier-than-air field.

On June 2, 1938 the field was designated as the new home of the General Headquarters of the Air Forces of the entire United States Army, making the field the nerve center of the entire Army Air Corps. In preparation for this new role, down went the old Scott Field. Demolition of the old buildings began July 18, 1938. The huge hangar, now useless to the army, was sold to the wreckers for \$20,051.00. The mooring mast, the old wooden barracks and administration buildings were all wrecked. Colonial style administration buildings, family quarters, barracks, together with new hangars and other buildings (in all 73 major buildings) were erected through a \$7,500,000.00 building program.

On June 1, 1939, Scott was designated as the Scott Field branch of the Army Air Corps Technical Schools and the basic section of the school which was located at Chanute Field, Rantoul, Illinois, was transferred to Scott Field.

In August, 1941 an allotment of \$1,710,150.00 was made for the construction of 160 new buildings for with the designation of Scott as the communications training center of the Air Force more housing was needed for students. Cantonment areas were constructed in the southeast and northeast sections of the field. A short time later the Army built an induction center across the Southern Railroad tracks. This area was later annexed to Scott Air Force Base.

In 1952, two additional housing areas were added: Paeglew Apartments, 80 units for officers, and a 1,000 unit "city" north of the base under the provisions of the Wherry Housing Act. Also in 1952 a modernization program was begun to provide quarters for bachelor officers and bachelor non-commissioned officers, training areas, and warehouse space at a cost in excess of \$14,000,000.00.

Scott today, as Headquarters for Air Training Command, a vital link in the Military Air Transport Services air evacuation program, a training center for Air Force reservists in this area, as well as a great communication center, is undoubtedly downstate Illinois' largest "industry."

Families of O'Fallon

Woven into the fabric of the century-old community life of O'Fallon have been an untold number of families who chose to make it their home. To this place came hardy pioneers of the mid-nineteenth century, and here their number grew as there were born and reared the members of each new generation across one hundred years of time.

The O'Fallon Centennial is proud to present the stories of some of the families whose names are linked with O'Fallon's history—early and late—though it is regretted that many other worthy family stories could not be included in this book.

Proudly, and conscious of the honor to our city which all of these families have contributed to the life of our community through the century, we present "Families of O'Fallon."

LOUIS ALLEN

When Louis Allen came to this country as a poor immigrant in the 1890's he was about 23 years old. He left his wife in the old country, and while he was here in the United States, his son, Harry, was born. Harry was four years old when Mr. Allen saw him for the first time. Mr. and Mrs. Allen have four children: Harry, Al, Ben, and Bessie (Mrs. Ben Sterneck of Salem, Ill.).

Mr. Allen began his career as a peddler of household goods and wearing apparel.

On the first day, after stocking up with merchandise at the St. Louis wholesale houses and walking across the Eads Bridge, Mr. Allen found himself in the Relay Depot in East St. Louis. His net cash on hand amounted to 50c. Where the best market lay was a mystery to this newcomer to the area. Approaching the ticket window, he laid down the 50c piece and asked for 50c worth of transportation.

O'Fallon was exactly 50c away from East St. Louis, so Mr. Allen arrived here by train and began what was to prove an unusually successful business career.

However, the start was not easy. For one thing, Mr. Allen was met at the train by the village marshall who demanded that he buy a peddler's license. The cost was \$1.75, but the train ride had exhausted Mr. Allen's resources.

The Town clerk and the marshall knew that to put Mr. Allen in jail would not put money in the village treasury, so they released him to sell his goods so that the license could be paid.

The first day's business was successful and Mr. Allen returned that night and bought a license for three months.

For the first four years he walked from farmhouse to farmhouse throughout the area, going to Shiloh, Lebanon, Summerfield, and other places in the vicinity. However, after four years he was able to buy a horse and wagon and started his business career in earnest.

In 1901, Mr. Allen was able to take the plunge and start a store of his own. The store was opened where Beckman's Barbershop is now located. It was a general store which stocked everything from stoves to beans. In 1904 be moved to the familiar location on First Street using only one-half the downstairs space. He later used the complete store by including a line of clothing. The three sons assisted their father in the store.

In the early 1940's the family started in the wholesale food business. The business was started in O'Fallon and moved to St. Louis in 1949.

On May 23, 1953 the clothing store on First Street was destroyed by fire. Mr. Allen and his sons decided against opening another dry goods store, and Harry went to work with Al and Ben in Allen Foods, Inc.

During the early part of his business career, Mr. Allen also operated Stop and Shop Markets in Breese, Trenton, Belleville, East St. Louis, and O'Fallon.

In the year 1929, the Allens operated a clothing store in Chicago. This store was later sold.

The Allens are now operating two places of business in St. Louis located on South Seventh and Palm Streets.

JOHN L. ANHEUSER

John L. Anheuser, general chairman of the O'Fallon Centennial, and an active worker in civic, charity and church work in O'Fallon, was born in Summerfield on December 19, 1899, the son of Jacob and Elizabeth Steuber Anheuser. Jacob Anheuser, a coal miner, was killed in an accident in Taylor's Mine in 1922.

John Anheuser married Miss Laurene Daniel of O'Fallon on September 14, 1922. They have two children: Dorothy (Mrs. Jon McArdle) now assistant postmaster; a son, Ronald; and one granddaughter, Kathleen Ann McArdle.

After graduation from high school, Mr. Anheuser attended Rahe's Automobile School in Kansas City where he received his diploma. He came to O'Fallon in the spring of 1917 and accepted a position as chauffeur for the late E. H. Smiley. He later entered the employ of Oliver C. Joseph as an automobile mechanic. On February 12, 1919, he entered the automobile sales and service business in partnership with Robert Ruth. In 1938 this partnership was terminated and Mr. Anheuser has continued in the autobusiness selling Dodge and Plymouth automobiles until the present time. In 1940, he entered the bottle gas and appliance business in O'Fallon, and in 1948 opened a similar store in East St. Louis.

He is past president and secretary of the O'Fallon Civic Club, and has served as president of the Rotary Club and the Business Men's Association. Mr. Anheuser served as Postmaster of O'Fallon for 19 years being commissioned for that office by the late President Franklin D. Roosevelt. He was separated from the postal service on January 23, 1954. He was instrumental in the organization of the O'Fallon Playground League, and at present is the president of the O'Fallon Park Board. He is active in all civic affairs and takes a great interest in everything pertaining to the welfare and advancement of the community.

ASBURY FAMILY

The Asbury family has been one of the prominent civic minded families of O'Fallon for many years.

James W. Asbury was born in Philisty, Ohio on May 26, 1862, the son of William P. and Catherine (Steele) Asbury. He came from a well educated, prominent family whose ancestor was Bishop Francis Asbury. James was educated in Salem and Southern Illinois Normal at Carbondale. While at Salem, he attended school with William Jennings Bryan and his brother, Charlie Bryan. His son, Ernest, today has many of Bryan's school books which were left to him by his father.

James Asbury taught school for 23 years, 18 years in the O'Fallon Community at Rock Springs, Oak Hill and Enterprise schools. In 1908 he retired from teaching and went into the real estate and insurance business. He was elected Justice of the Peace in O'Fallon which position he held for almost 20 years.

On February 4, 1886 at Salem, Illinois he married Nellie G. Evans, the daughter of a prominent Salem family. Her father had received honors in the Civil War and her ancestors had fought in the Revolutionary War. They had six children: Cecil H., Ernest C., Elmer E., Earl E., Lieu T., and Lillian. In 1889, the family moved from Summerfield to O'Fallon.

In 1909, James and his sons started a contracting busi-

ness. They built many buildings and homes in O'Fallon Their own home was one of the show places in O'Fallon for many years.

Elmer is carrying on the building tradition of the family in O'Fallon today. He married Florence Keck.

Cecil is in the building business in Miami, Fiorida He married Olive Swofford of DuQuoin, Illinois, a descendant of Button Gwinnett and President James Polk. To this union was born Evelyn (Mrs. Russell Gansman) of Carterville; Helen (Mrs. Howard Glenn); and Velma, (Mrs. Elmer Hartman) of O'Fallon.

Dr Ernest C Asbury married Nellie Smith of St Louis. Their children are: Virginia (Mrs. Frank Deming of Alliance, Ohio); and Ruth Ellen (Mrs. Robert Bann of New Jersey).

Earl married Josephine Lienesch of O'Fallon. They had three children, Earl and Mary who now live in Colorado, and James who lives in Nebraska.

Lieu married Margaret Glaeser of Belleville. Their children. Charles and Lois, live in Belleville.

Lillian married Leslie Bailey of DuQuoin. Their children are: Ernest of Mascoutah, Illinois; Dale of DuQuoin; and Lucille (Mrs. Ralph Bann) of New Baden, Illinois.

James W. Asbury died in 1926 and his wife in 1928. They had 14 grandchildren, two of whom still live in O'Fallon: Helen Glenn and Velma Hartman, daughters of Cecil. Velma has followed in her grandfather's steps as a teacher. She has taught school in and near O'Fallon for 15 years. She has also been quite active in the production of our Centennial Pageant, "This is Our Town." as stage director and manager, script writer, and scenic artist. Both granddaughters further carry on the tradition of being greatly interested in the civic welfare of the community and working in the Methodist Church.

JAMES H. ATKINSON

James H. Atkinson, born in 1832, was the son of William Atkinson, who settled the old homestead just south of O'Fallon city limits in 1828. At present this property belongs to Richard Schaeffer. James Atkinson was a prominent man in the community. He was one of the organizers and president of the St. Clair County Mutual Fire Insurance Company. He was also president of the St. Clair County Agricultural Board. He held the office of supervisor of O'Fallon Township for twenty-six years. He died in 1906.

MRS. EDNA AYERS

Mrs. Edna Thurston Ayers is a true citizen of O'Fallon. She has worked faithfully throughout the years for the community and has always been willing to give generously of her time and talents toward the promotion of any worthwhile civic project.

While she was born in Lebanan, her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Nelson Thurston, brought her to live in this city in early infancy. She received her early education here, graduating in the first class of the O'Fallon High School in 1903. She has always taken active part in the affairs of the O'Fallon High School Alumni Association. She has appeared in many home talent plays over the span of years. She has worked closely with the Homecoming Association and for a number of years has been responsi-

ble for some of the very fine floats whi h grace our Homecoming Mardi Gras parade. For 22 years she has been the Superintendent of the Sunday School of the Methodist Church.

In 1943 the city took charge of the library which the O'Fallon Woman's Club had organized and sponsored. Mrs Ayers was appointed Librarian in 1945, a position she has held since that time.

Her son, Orville, grew to adulthood in O'Fallon but is now living in St. Louis where he is employed in governmental work. Her daughter, Mildred Ayers Zimmerman, is an O'Fallon resident.

Mrs. Ayers has made a great contribution to our Centennial Program through her work with the Centennial Pageant Committee and in designing and decorating a number of floats for the Mardi Gras parade.

BADGLEY FAMILY

The Badgley Settlement southwest of O'Fallon was composed of a group of people who helped shape the future of O'Fallon. The Badgleys, who were among the early settlers of St. Clair County, are the descendants of Anthony Badgley, of New Jersey, who later settled in Virginia and died there about 1800.

Rev. David Badgley, a Baptist preacher, visited Illinois in 1796. He preached in the New Design settlement and found there the first Baptist church in Illinois. He also visited Missouri, and on his return from there he preached a sermon from a rock in the Mississippi River, the people gathering to hear him from either shore. This was a most unique way of dispensing the gospel. Returning to Virginia, he gave such a favorable account of the country that his sons and a number of other people decided to emigrate to Illinois. The colony which came to Illinois at that time included a large number of families, among whom were the Teters, Carrs, Millers, Strouds, and Eymans. They floated down the Ohio River from Brownsville, Pennsylvania, to Shawneetown, and thence made their way across the country to Kaskaskia, where they arrived on July 4, 1797. Their journey across Southern Illinois was full of difficulties. Nothing but an Indian trail at that time led from Shawneetown to Kaskaskia. They were compelled to swim streams swollen with recent runs Their household goods, with the women and children, were ferried over on temporary rafts. David Baos v settled in the American Bottom, west of Moredock Lak ir present Monroe County, in the year 1797, but after a few years, he moved in 1804 to a place a few miles s with west of O'Failon, where he improved the farm on which he spent the remainder of his life. He died De ember 16, 1824, at the age of seventy-six years.

Anthony B: Leville younger Frotter et David, card with him from Virginia and settled first at New Design but later moved with his brother to a farm near O'Fallon

At that time he built a log house which was for many years a well-known land mark in the country. One of his sons, Hiram, was a soldier in the War of 1812. His son, Simeon, lived on the same farm where his father settled until his death, near the close of the nineteenth century.

Aaron Badgley, one of the sons of David, came with the original colony to Illinois in 1797 and settled in Horse Prairie, west of Red Bud. There his wife and two children died. In 1800 he married Catherine Stroud and settled on the bluff south of Waterloo. But in 1804 he moved to the neighborhood of the other Badgleys, near O'Fallon. He served in the War of 1812. In 1830 he was chosen Justice of the Peace, and afterwards reelected. He and his son, Adam, hauled the first goods from Eelleville te Springfield for Governor Edwards. It was in winter and they were obliged to sleep out on the prairie and came near perishing with cold and exposure. He died in 1858 at the age of eighty-five. His three sons, Elijah, Adam, and Strander all lived to a good old age in St. Clair County.

Aaron Badgley's four orothers. Ichabod, David, Job, and Abraham, all sons of Rev. David Badgley, were among the early pioneers of the Illinois country. Ichabod lived on a farm and served as Justice of the Peace; David was killed by accident while riding horse back; Job built an ex mill near Unity Church: and Abraham repeatedly held the office of Assessor. Treasurer. and County Commissioner.

Mr. Lee Badgley, a great great grandson of David Badgley, is now a resident of O'Fallon. In his youth he lived in the original home of his ancester, although it had been remodeled and changed to modernize it. He married Miss Christine Schachner and they have two daughters, Virginia and Mildred who reside with their parents in O'Fallon.

DR. O. C BATES

Dr. O. C. Bates, a native of Belleville, was born in 1844. He attended the public schools in that city and later was a student at Antioch College in Ohio, and a medical student in Ohio. Later he entered the St. Louis College of Medicine and upon graduation began the practice of his profession in O'Fallon in 1865. He achieved great success as a physician. He was one of the organizers of the St. Clair County Medical Society. He gave much attention to scientific research and surgical procedure and was recognized as one of the foremost physicians in St. Clair County. He opened the first prescription drug store in O'Fallon.

DR. H. T. BECHTOLD

Dr. Herman T. Bechtold was born in Belleville on November 10, 1853. His parents. Fred and Eugenia Bechtold, came from Germany to the United States in 1849. The family lived for a short time in New York, then came to Illinois and located in Belleville. Dr. Bechtold received his preliminary education in the public schools of Belleville and his professional training in St. Louis. He graduated from the St. Louis School of Pharmacy in 1875 and was in the drug business until 1877. In 1880 he graduated from the Missouri Medical College and began the practice of medicine in O'Fallon that same year.

Dr. Bechtold was a man of great personal worth and was highly esteemed in the community. His forceful personality, his knowledge of the theory and practice of medicine, his practical ideas regarding education, and his capacity for financial matters secured for him a place among the foremost citizens of the city. He was Vice President and Director of the First National Bank; served a number of years as a member of the Board of Education, three terms as President; and for four years was a

Trustee of McKendree College at Lebanon. He was a valued member of the St. Clair County Medical Society.

Dr. Bechtold was twice married. On September 3. 1883, he married Miss Kate Pfeffer of Lebanon who died in 1904. In 1910 he married his brother Adolph's widow. Mrs. Ella Merck Bechtold.

Dr. Bechtold's step-son, William, is an O'Fallon resident. He married Dosia Meng of Belleville. Their daughter, Doris, and her husband, William Schwarz, are also O'Fallon residents. Their son, Dr. W. G. Bechtold, grew to adulthood in O'Fallon but now lives in Decatur where he practices Dentistry. Dr. H. T. Bechtold's step-daughter, Margaret, married Clarence Crosby and lives in Festus, Missouri.

WALTER BEEDLE

For many years, a familiar and pleasant figure on the streets of O'Fallon was that of Walter Beedle. He endeared himself to the people by his many kind and helpful acts of friendship. Many were the jokes he told and pranks he participated in at the Schalter Barber Shop.

Mr. Beedle was born in 1857 on a farm about four miles west of O'Fallon. His ancestors were early settlers in this vicinity. His grandfather, Joseph Beedle, came from Ohio to Ridge Prairie about 1812 and settled on a farm on the old Vincennes and St. Louis Road (now Route 50). Walter Beedle was the son of Franklin and Rebecca Wastfield Beedle. He spent his boyhood days on the farm but came to O'Fallon early in life.

Walter Beedle in 1834 married Cynthia Begole, a daughter of William and Elizabeth Porter Begole, a great granddaughter of Captain Joseph Ogle.

Mr. and Mrs. Beedle had three children. Their son, Ralph, resides in Kansas City. Their daughter, Mary Gertrude, married Joseph Snodgrass who later became Superintendent of Schools of Collinsville. Another son, William, married Mary Ball of Litchfield and are the parents of William Holden of motion picture fame. Mr. Beedle died in 1942. His wife preceded him in death many years earlier.

WARREN BEEDLE

Warren Beedle came from Ohio to Ridge Prairie precinct in 1818 and bought a large tract of land. He was well educated, liberal, wealthy and highly esteemed by all who knew him. Mr. Beedle was one of the group who helped maintain the Bethel Church. His wife was Mary Hunter. They had several children. Their daughter, Katherine, married Oliver Look of Collinsville; a son. Lycurgus, married Susan Begole, daughter of William Begole; another son, Samuel, married Ellen Bowler and continued to live on his father's farm. His son, Samuel II, is still farming in that vicinity. Samuel II's son, Loring, a great grandson of Warren Beedle, is presently a teacher in the O'Fallon Grade Schools.

WILLIAM BEGOLE

William Rivers Begole was born in Ridge Prairie in 1824. He was the son of Joshua and Mary Begole. All his life was spent in Ridge Prairie. He was engaged in farming and was among the best known farmers of this county. He was thrifty, prosperous, and bought much land that each of his children might have a farm. For a period of about forty years, he was an active member of the Bethel Baptist Church and by his earnest and Christian life proved himself to be a consistent member of that falth. He held various public offices. At the time of his death he was a member of the County Board of Supervisors, a position he had held from the time of the adoption of township organization.

In 1848, William Begole married Elizabeth Porter, great, granddaughter of Ridge Prairie's first settler, Captain Joseph Ogle. They had eleven children, one child died in infancy. The other ten children have been closely associated with the history of O'Fallon. Mary, married Horace Simmons and lived in O'Fallon the remaining years of her life as did, Cynthia, who married Walter Beedle, and Laura, who became the wife of Dr. John B. Scruggs. The other daughters married men of this vicinity and lived near O'Fallon.

A son, Henry, left O'Fallon and located in Belleville in 1891. He was prominent in politics. He served as County Treasurer and was elected to the State Senate.

Some years after Mr. Begole's death in 1887, Mrs. Begole and her daughter, Cora, left the farm and made their home in O'Fallon. Later Cora Begole married Oliver Darrow. All are now deceased.

Mrs. Ines Scruggs Rea, wife of Elsworth Rea, is the only member of this prominent family now living in O'Fallon. She may well feel pride in her ancestry and has in her possession the Coat of Arms of her great-great-great-grandfather, Captain Joseph Ogle.

AUGUST BEHRENS

No village ever grew or prospered without a village blacksmith shop. The smith of the story is usually a man of great strength, good humor, and tireless energy. Such a man was August Behrens who came to O'Fallon in 1874 to open a blacksmith shop. Mr. Behrens was born at Oldenburg, Germany on February 19, 1848 and came to this country in 1869. His parents were Johann and Elizabeth Behrens. He received a good education in the public schools of Oldenburg and spent three years learning the blacksmith trade. When he came to this country, he went to Milwaukee where he lived for a short time before moving to St. Louis. He soon became tired of working for other people and looked around for a good location to open a shop of his own and decided that O'Fallon offered good opportunities. His work was good and his shop prospered. The shop was well patronized by the farmers and townspeople.

Mr. Behrens was twice married, first to Louise Kloess, and after her demise to Mary Badel. He had five children, William, Gustav, Otto, Anna, and Mary Behrens. Miss Mary Behrens is the only living member of the family. She still resides in O'Fallon. Also residents of O'Fallon are two grandchildren, Charles Schuetz and Margaret Schuetz Yaeger, children of Anna Behrens Schuetz.

MICHAEL BERNHARDT

Michael and Mary Bernhardt, natives of Germany, were among the early settlers of O'Fallon. For a number of years they conducted one of the best hotels in this locality, the St. Clair House. The St. Clair House, hotel and tavern, was located at 108 East State Street. Mr. Bernhardt ran the O'Fallon and Belleville hack and carried the mail for O'Fallon and Shiloh to and from Belleville. Two sons, Jacob and Henry, were born in O'Fallon.

Jacob Bernhardt was born in 1865. Jacob found early employment in the mines but later was employed by the Baltimore and Ohio Railroad. In 1889 he purchased the Richland Hotel (corner First and Oak Streets) which he operated for a number of years. Mr. Bernhardt was the first president of the Coal Miners' Local Union, No. 705. In 1899 he was married to Miss Anna Greiner of Alma and to this union four children were born: Mattie, Peter, Ernest, and William.

Henry Bernhardt was born in 1871. Henry early established a business for himself opening a livery stable which was very popular and well patronized. He conducted this business for about twenty years and then became express agent for the Interurban Railway and distributor for the Central Brewing Company. Mr. Bernhardt married in 1896 Miss Julia Roberts of O'Fallon. The Bernhardts had seven children: Minnie, Maude, Hazel, Mayme, Henry, Paul, and Allen. Of their seven children, Mayme (Mrs. Albert Schobert) and Allen, live in O'Fallon. Mrs. Julia Bernhardt still resides in the old homeplace on East Washington.

GUSTAV BUDINA

Three generations of building contractors are found in the Budina family. Gustav Budina, born in Saxony, came to this country when he was seven years of age, and located in O'Fallon with his family. He entered the lumber business with F. O. Tiedemann, brother-in-law of Charles A. Tiedemann, and married Sophie, sister of F. O. Tiedemann. After the death of Mr. Tiedemann, he carried on the lumber business for a time and later entered into the general contracting business.

Three of his sons, all born in O'Fallon and life long residents, learned the earpenter's trade from their father Fred, who married Corinne Berry, continued the earpenter trade until retirement a few years ago. Ernest followed the trade of carpentry until 1907 when he engaged in the bakery business for a time after which he returned to his trade. Ernest married Katherine Bender (now deceased) and their daughter, Ernestine, is a teacher in the Collinsville schools. Gustav followed his father in the contracting business. He has erected many homes and numerous commercial buildings which are a credit to his workmanship. He has been a city alderman since 1947 to the present. He married Julia Hemmer (now deceased) and they have three children, LuIrene, Jenvieve, and Gustave. Gustave is following the vocation of his father and grandfather and is carrying on his contracting business in the efficient tradition of the Budina family. He married Evelyn Muck and they reside in O'Fallon.

The Budina family as contractors have ever striven to prove their efficiency by giving high quality workmanship.

LIONEL R. CARTIER

The story of the life of Lionel R. Cartier is of interest to the world, but of special interest to O'Fallon since "it

happened here." He was born in Adams, Massachusetts in 1899 of French Canadian parentage. His parents, Edward and Pamelia Cartier, moved from Montreal, Canada to the United States in 1890.

Young Lionel Cartier graduated from the High School at Willimantic, Connecticut. He took special training in chemical engineering, devoting intense study to the field of industrial gas production, particularly the production of oxygen and acetylene.

At age nineteen, he entered military service with World War I. After the war, he entered government service in the capacity of gas engineer at Scott Field (now Scott Air Force Base) and served for seventeen years as chief engineer at the gas plant there. During this time Mr. Cartier showed amazing aptitude in mastering the details of gas production and started a small business in O'Fallon which at that time was known as the C&R Engineering Co. He was the inventor of a number of improvements in the manufacturing and processing of acetylene cylinders. His work soon attracted nation wide attention and the business expanded until in March 1937 the present corporation, The Independent Engineering Company (of which he became president), was formed.

In 1939, Mr. Cartier served as chief engineer in the designing and building of the first portable helium purification unit ever made. This proved to be so successful that the Army Air Corps immediately placed orders for a number of these units. In June 1941, prior to the onset of World War II, Mr. Cartier was requested to design and build a portable generator. Other large industrial gas companies in the U.S. said such a unit was impossible to build. In January 1942, immediately after Pearl Harbor, the first portable oxygen generator was delivered. So successful did this prove that the government immediately called for many more of these plants and the company, in order to meet the demands of the government, expanded their facilities greatly, taking over and improving the entire plant formerly occupied by the Eureka Products Corporation.

In addition to the manufacturing of oxygen a tremendous demand was made on the company for acetylene cylinders during the war and in every case the government requirements were met. A school for the training of soldiers was established at the company plant and soon trained personnel were going from the Independent Engineering Company to every fighting front. Four times the government recognized the outstanding work of the company by awarding the Army-Navy "E" to the company and its employees. A special citation was given to the Bertram School of Gases for their marked contribution to the war effort. Mr. Cartier's achievements were further recognized by the government when he was selected as one of twelve American industrialists to assist the Navy on its special mission "Operations Frostbite" in March 1946. Mr. Cartier was frequently called as a consultant by the U.S. Government.

Mr. Cartier was a member of the Board of Directors of the following companies: Trinity Oxygen Co. of Fort Worth, Texas, Bird Gas Corporation of Detroit, Michigan, Steele Gases, Inc., of Chicago, Illinois, Cia Production ele Oxigeno, Monterey, Mexico, and International Acetylene Association. In addition he was secretary of the American Carbide and Chemical Corporation of Arkansas

City, Kansas.

Mr. Cartier did not permit his numerous business duties to prevent him from taking an active part in the civic life of the community. He was a past president of the Rotary Club which he represented at the International Convention in Rio de Janeiro in May 1948. He was a past adjutant of Post No. 137 of the American Legion and was the first president of the Chamber of Commerce and remained active in its work until his death. He was the first president of the City Park Board. He made numerous contributions to the Community Park and the creation and maintenance of the park became one of his most cherished projects.

Mr. Cartier died in 1948. His wife, Mrs. Effie Mae Cartier, died in 1951. Through Mrs. Cartier's will, a trust fund was created for O'Fallon Township High School graduates and a recreation fund for Community Park.

META OCHS CROSBY

Mrs. Meta Ochs Crosby represents two much esteemed families of this vicinity. Her father, Rudolph Ochs, was supervisor of O'Fallon Township from about 1906 until his death in 1925. He married Emily Blanck of Lebanon. Rudolph Oths' father, Johann Ochs, born in 1804 in Alsace, eame with his wife and son, George, to this community about 1835. Because of his artistic tendencies, he chose a seenie farm with hills, valleys, and winding stream. He was an artist, musician, and lover of French literature. He was known to have walked to St. Louis to sell some of his pictures. He painted a portrait of Rev. John M. Peck for which he received a shot gun and some other articles in payment. He made a self portrait by sitting in front of a mirror. This portrait and one of his wife are now in possession of Mrs. Crosby. He died in 1879. Mrs. Crosby is the only living member of the Rudolph Ochs' immediate family. She with his granddaughter, Mrs. Lucille Braun, and great granddaughter, Miss Carol Koehler, are residents of O'Fallon.

Mrs. Crosby's husband, "Ned," was the grandson of Thomas Crosby who came to this country from England in 1844 and to this community in 1852. Thomas Crosby started a nursery on the old Vincennes and St. Louis Road (now Route No. 50) about two miles east of O'Fallon. His farm adjoined the Ochs farm. When Mr. Crosby died in 1880, his son, George, operated the business. George Crosby continued the business until an advanced age when he retired and moved to O'Fallon.

Mr. Crosby was fond of debating and often took part in this form of entertainment in the literary societies of Shiloh, Rock Springs and O'Fallon. He was also a noted shot as were his sons, Will, Ned, and Tom. Mr. Crosby was instrumental in the organizing of the Shiloh Valley Gun Club and became the first president of that body, an office held later by his sons, Ned and Tom. Will became champion shot of the United States and later of the world by defeating all contestants. Mr. Crosby's oldest daughter, Sarah, (Mrs. Ed. Redhan) and his youngest daughter, Viola, (Mrs. George Moore) are the only living members of his family. Mrs. Viola Moore is a resident of O'Fallon.

REV. ZADOC DARROW

Rev. Zadoc Darrow, a Baptist minister, came from Connecticut at an early date and settled about two miles cast of O'Fallen in 1817. He and his sons obtained land through government grants.

Besides farming and preaching he followed his trade as a carpenter. He was zealously devoted to the interests of the Baptist Church and preached somewhere every Sabbath. He frequently held services at Rock Springs Seminary founded by Rev. John M. Peck in 1827. His grandsons helped to organize the Oak Hill Baptist Church. He died in 1849 at the home of his daughter, Mrs. Horace Look, in Collinsville, Illinois.

Rev. Darrow had two sons, Lemuel and Charles, who farmed this land east of O'Fallon. Lemuel died in 1858. Lemuel was the father of C. H. Darrow, a business man of O'Fallon, and Julia who married George C. Magee. Rev. Darrow's second son, Charles, married Sarah Peach and they had six children, Lucinda, George Washington, William Augustus, Lucy, Mary, and Charles Brown Darrow.

Lucinda Darrow married Charles Bridges. Their son, Leonard, was conductor of the O'Fallon Band for many years. George Washington Darrow was engaged in farming near Van Court's mine. He devoted much time and energy to church work and was one of the founders of the O'Fallon Baptist Church. His daughter, Alice, married Sherman Miller and lived in O'Fallon until her death at the age of ninety-one years. Another daughter, Lutie, married Frank Wade, a teacher in the O'Fallon Schools. William Augustus Darrow was a successful farmer and liberal contributor to the Oak Hill Baptist Church. He married Melvina Simmons. They had three children, Elijah, George, and Lora Darrow. Charles Brown Darrow continued to live on the old homestead and upon retiring moved to East St. Louis. His son, Oliver, spent most of his life in O'Fallon. Oliver was an electrical worker. He married Maude Umbarger and their daughter. Olive, was a teacher in the local schools. Oliver's second marriage was to Cora Begole, daughter of William Begole. They were ardent workers in the Baptist Church.

Parts of the original Darrow land are now owned by three of Zadoc Darrow's great grandchildren. George, son of Elijah Darrow, Arthur Magee, and Carrie Magee Tichenor, children of Julia Darrow Magee. The original home site is owned by Mr. Eugene Reno.

JOHN AND SARAH DISTLER

In the year 1849 John Distler and several young men from Germany emigrated to America. They came by sail-boat to New Orleans, and up the Mississippi River to Illinoistown (now known as East St. Louis). Mr. Distler first located in the High Prairie Settlement just south of Eelleville. There he met and married Sarah Powell, daughter of Constance and Mary Lyons Powell. The Powell family had come from Montgomery County, Tennessee in 1839.

Soon after the Distler marriage they and the Powell family moved to Ridge Prairie and settled in the Badgley Settlement. After the birth of their first child in 1851, John and Sarah Distler along with several other German

families settled in O'Fallon. Mr. Distler came to O'Fallon to do teaming in connection with preparing the road bed for the Ohio and Mississippi Railroad which was being constructed through O'Fallon Precin t. Mr. Powell owned an ox team. He joined his consin-law in O'Fallon and he and Mr. Distler hauled material and supplies for the railroad. We in the milroad was completed, Mrs. Distler was one of the passengers on the first train to take the trip to the terminal at Illinoistown.

Later John Distler and his sons hauled for the Tiedcmann Milling Company and the Wachter Brick Company. Much of the hauling was to transport materials to and from St. Louis. The Mississippi River was crossed over by ferry boats. Often the river was filled with floating ice and this caused long and tiresome delays. Mr. Distler was known to have driven his team across the river on the ice.

The Distlers lived in the first house built in O'Fallon. It was built of logs and was located half way between the site of the present mill and the Illinois Terminal tracks. In this house on August 24, 1855 their first son, James, was born. James Distler was the first boy born in the village of O'Fallon. In 1868, the Distlers built a home just west of the Methodist Church. This home at 115 West Fourth Street is still occupied by descendants of the famly. Mrs. Sarah Distler, the last original settler of O'Fallon, passed away December 29, 1908. The last of her eight children. Frank Distler, passed away on June 21, 1946. There are numerous Distler descendants still living in or near O'Fallon.

The Distler's eldest daughter, Mary, married William Boggy. Their only child, Nellie, became the wife of Harry Alexander. Their son, V. Ray Alexander, lives in St. Louis, Missouri.

James and Caroline Mertens Distler had thirteen children and twelve of these children lived to help celebrate their parent's golden wedding anniversary in 1928. Six daughters and three sons are still living. They are Maud, Elizabeth and James Distler of O'Fallon, Lutie Streek, Elsie Meyer and Ralph Distler of Belleville, Inez Plassmann of Centralia, Margaret Gassmann of Affton, Missouri, and Peter Distler of St. Louis, Missouri.

Selia Distler first married Henry Owens. The only living survivor of that union is a grandson, Carl Owens Selia later married Henderson Albert, Mrs. Mayme Bentley, a daughter survives. Carl Owens and Mayme Bentley are both residents of O'Fallon.

Emma Distler married Henry Schildknecht. Seven of their eight children are still living. The eldest daughter. Essie, recently passed away. Philip, Charles, Maud, Kate, and Olivia Schildknecht live in O'Fallon; Claude Schildknecht hves in Collinsville, and Mary Bertram in Sparta. Illinois.

Nora Distler married John Carroll of Vandalia, Illinois, Their eldest son, John, passed away a few years ago. Charles C, and Nellie M Carroll, and Frances V Meinkoth live in O'Fallon, and Florence A. Seppi resides in Fast St. Louis, Illinois.

Charles Distler married Mabel Parker Their children are Clarence, Charles, Glenn, Raymond, Donald, and Russell Distler of O'Fallon, Nelhe May Gauss of Shiloh and Florence Lee Waters of Phoenix, Arizona

Two sons, Frank and John Distler, left no descendan's

WILLIAM R. DORRIS

After holding a number of responsible positions in the teaching profession including the superintendency of the schools at Okawville, William R. Dorris eame to O Fallon as superintendent of the local schools in 1899. In 1903 he gave up the teaching profession and became associated with the First National Bank of O'Fallon, serving as eashier and director of that institution at its founding. He is now president of the bank, a position he has held for fifteen years.

Mr. Dorris was born on a farm near Greencastle, Missouri in 1873, a son of August and Harriet Dorris. His father died in 1874 and the family returned to Okawville, Illinois, their former home. After receiving his early education in Okawville, his mother moved to Lebanon where William attended McKendree College graduating from that institution in 1894. He also attended the University of Illinois.

In 1898 he was married to Aliee Louden at Lebanon. Mrs. Dorris passed away in 1954.

Since coming to O'Fallon, Mr. Dorris has always been prominent in civic affairs. He helped to organize the Commercial Club (forerunner of the Chamber of Commerce) and was its first president. He served as director and secretary of the Building and Loan Association for many years. He also served as president and member of the Board of Education.

He has also been prominent in banking eireles. He was president and treasurer of the Illinois Bankers' Association and served two terms as president of the St. Clair County Bankers' Federation. He is a member of the St. Louis Chapter of the American Institute of Banking.

ECKERT FAMILY

Two of our most enterprising young business men of O'Fallon are Mose and Willford Eckert. Mose is engaged in the insurance and real estate business. His accommodating and helpful attitude has made for him many friends.

Willford is the local distributor for O'Fallon Quality Dairy. His cheerfulness and amiable manner has found for him a warm place in the hearts of his eustomers and many friends. Both of these men have a keen interest in the progress of O'Fallon.

Their grandfather, George Eekert, eame from Columbia, Illinois and for awhile lived on a farm south of O'Fallon where their father, William, was born. George Eekert worked at the Tiedemann mill for many years. William Eckert also worked at the mill and for fifty years was engaged in mining. He is now retired and lives in O'Fallon.

William Eckert's two daughters have also made a place for themselves in the community. Frances is a graduate of McKendree College and a teacher in the Belleville Grade Schools. Nellie, a familiar figure in Allen's Store, held a position there as bookkeeper until the store was destroyed by fire. She is now employed in Belleville. Both she and Frances are O'Fallon residents living at home with their father.

LOUIS F. FISCHER

Louis F. Fiseher eame to O'Fallon in 1869. He was born in Groessen Schoenen near Hanover in Germany in 1839. His father was a botanist and his grandfather a doctor. He received a good education and was conversant in four languages. He eame to this country shortly before the Civil War and lived near Turkey Hill with an unele by the name of Fiedler. He enlisted very early in the Civil War in the 9th Illinois Regiment. He served under Sherman and took part in the battle of Shiloh, the siege of Vicksburg, and other engagements in the west. He had attained the rank of Lieutenant when he was discharged at the end of the war. He then got a job working in the Planters Hotel in St. Louis. One of his Civil War friends from southeast Missouri persuaded him to take a job in a grocery store. While in Bloomfield, Missouri, he married in 1867 Miss Laura Owen, daughter of Judge R. P. Owen. The elimate in southeast Missouri eaused Mr. Fischer to suffer with malaria, so he and his bride settled in St. Louis and he returned to work at the Planters Hotel. There a friend from O'Fallon, Mr. Ernst Tiedemann, induced him to come to O'Fallon and work in his grocery store. Mr. Fischer worked in the Tiedemann store until 1884, at which time he accepted the position of Secretary of the Charles Tiedemann Milling Co., which he continued to hold until his retirement in 1914. Mr. Fiseher's wife, Laura, died in 1872 leaving two small children, Charles Owen and Louise Mary Fischer. In November 1873, he married Miss Josephine Engelmann of Shiloh Valley and two children were born to this union, Louis E. and Marianna Fischer.

Mr. Fischer was a highly respected citizen of O'Fallon. He was a member of the Evangelical Church, Masonic Lodge, and G.A.R. He died in 1918 and was buried in the Engelmann Cemetery south of Shiloh. His two daughters still survive. Louise married George W. Lienesch and has been a life long resident of O'Fallon and the vicinity. Marianna married Stanley Black and has lived in Bryon City, North Carolina for more than fifty years.

GEORGE B. GIESER

Mr. and Mrs. George B. Gieser have been residents of O'Fallon for thirty-six years. For more than fifty-two years, Mr. Gieser has been engaged in the banking business. He served as Assistant Cashier in the First National Bank at Pinckneyville, Illinois and Cashier at the First National Bank at Percy, Illinois before eoming to O'Fallon. He came to the First National Bank at O'Fallon as Assistant Cashier in 1918. He was elected Cashier in 1939 and Vice-President and Cashier in 1944.

Mr. Gieser has been prominent in many of the activities of O'Fallon and the surrounding area. He is a charter member of the O'Fallon Rotary Club and attended every meeting of the club for twenty-eight years. He served as President of the Rotary Club in 1927-28 and ten years later became the District Governor of Rotary in this area. He has been a director of the O'Fallon Building and Loan Association for thirty-five years and was the secretary for more than twenty years. He served as president of the High School Board for three terms. He served one term as president of the Chamber of Commerce. For fifteen years he was a member of the Executive Board

of the Kaskaskia Area of Boy Scouts, He is an active member of the Baptist Church and serves as Treasurer of the church.

Mr. and Mrs. Gieser are the parents of two daughters, Gertrude (now deceased) married George Darrow, and Florene married Dr. Herbert Glenn and now lives in Troy, Illinois.

Mr. Gieser has contributed much to the welfare and growth of O'Fallon.

THOMAS E. GREINER

Thomas E. Greiner is a well known contractor in O'Fallon. He has built a number of fine homes and numerous commercial buildings in O'Fallon. All display good workmanship and have carned for him an enviable reputation in the construction business. He is the son of Tom and Mary Titter Greiner, also life long residents of O'Fallon. His grandfather, Pete Greiner, was a native of Alsace-Lorraine and came here at an early age.

Thomas married Miss Iva Puffer in 1911. Three of their children are residents of O'Fallon: Maurice, a cabinet maker; Mary, wife of Vernon Scheibel; and Tommie at present in the Armed Service serving in Germany.

FRANK J. HARTMAN

Frank J. Hartman, born in Pilot Grove, Missouri in 1873, came to O'Fallon in 1890, and took employment in the mines for ten years. In 1900 he became engaged in the liquor business at Carbon and in 1904 with his brother, John, as a partner, opened a similar establishment in O'Fallon. In 1909, Mr. Fred W. Reaka bought a half interest in the business and continued in the business for a number of years. In 1908 the building at the corner of First and Oak Streets was enlarged and a large hall was arranged on the second floor (Moonlight Hall). This hall besides being used as a ball room was used for public meetings, carnivals, poultry shows, basketball games, and many other social events. Other facilities for entertainment offered were the bowling alleys, pool tables, and fine restaurant.

In 1896, Mr. Hartman married Katherine Reaka and they had six children, Charles, Albert, Walter, Arthur, Raymond, and Clara.

Mr. Hartman turned over the O'Fallon establishment in 1929 to his son, Albert, and opened a similar business in Troy, Illinois. Mr. Hartman is now retired, but his son, Arthur, and daughter, Clara, still operate a cottage eamp and skating rink in Troy.

Albert Hartman assumed the O'Fallon business in 1929, and with the growing popularity of bowling, Hartman's Bowling Alleys have become a most popular gathering place. He is a past president of the Chamber of Commerce and of the Rotary Club. In 1950 he moved to Hot Springs. Arkansas, but still is owner of the local business operating through a manager. His moving to another city has not lessened his interest in O'Fallon and his many friends here. His wife is the former Florence Scheibel and they have one son, Donald Hartman.

J. E. HINCHCLIFFE, SR.

Mr and Mrs. J. Emmett Hincheliffe, Sr., have been residents of O'Fallon for thirty-three years. They came to O'Fallon in 1921 when Mr Hincheliffe was appointed Superintendent of the O'Fallon Schools. He held this position until 1913 when he retired from teaching and entered the business world. At that time he became the Personnel Dire, for of the Independent Engineering Co., a position he still holds.

Mr. Hincheliffe has always been active in civic affairs. At the present time he is a member of the Rotary Club, Secretary of the Homecoming Association, Secretary of the O'Fallon Centennial, Inc., and Treasurer of the City of O'Fallon.

Mr. Hinch liffe has done much to promote the culture of music in O'Fallon. He is an excellent voice teacher and has trained many of the fine voices of O'Fallon. A number of his students have gained great honors in the music world. He organized the O'Fallon Choral Club and serves as the director. The O'Fallon Choral Club is one of the outstanding choral groups in the State of Illinois.

Mrs. Hincheliffe has also made a great contribution to O'Fallon by her participation in many eivic activities. She is an active member and Past President of the Woman's Club, and the vice-president of the Woman's Society of Christian Service of the Methodist Church.

Mr. and Mrs. Hincheliffe have three children: J. E., Jr., Alice, and Jane. Their son, J. E., Jr., has chosen O'Fallon as his place of residence. He is employed by the Southwestern Bell Telephone Company as an equipment engineer. He is a member of the Fire Department and the Grade School Beard of Education. He married Miss Sara Mae Bolbach and they have two daughters, Jean and Janet

WILLIAM (BILL) HOLDEN

O'Fallon is proud of its native son, Bill Holden, winner of the best actor award at the 26th Academy Award ceremonies held on March 25, 1954 in Hollywood. He is eived the "Oscar" as the best actor in 1953 for his work in "Stalag 17".

Bill, a son of William Franklin and Mary Ball Beedle, was born in O'Fallon on April 17, 1918 at 319 North Cherry Street. At that time the home was owned by his grandfather, Walter Peedle, and is now occupied by Mr and Mrs. Victor Logan.

Bill Holden's father, William Franklin Beedle (quite an athlete in his school days and a 1910 graduate of O'Fallon High School) is a retired chemist, and his mother, the former Mary Ball of Litchfield, is a former school teacher. His parents met while both were students at McKendree College and were married in the Walter Beedle family residence here. They presently are living in Los Angeles, California. His grandfather, Walter Beedle, was a mining engineer at the Taylor Mine.

Bill Holden is a direct descendant of the late Captain Joseph Ogle, pioneer St. Clair County settler, who came to the area in the early 1800's and acquired a large tract of land in the Ridge Prairie area.

Bill is the oldest of the Beedle children. A brother, Bobby, also was born in O'Fallon. The family moved to California when Bill was about four years old. Bobby was killed during World War II while serving as a Navy Pilot.

Another brother, Richard, resides in California.

Bill Holden has two sons by his wife, Brenda Marshall, who has a daughter by a previous marriage. They are Scott Porter and Peter Wakefield—both named after prominent O'Fallon pioneer families.

Bill made his debut I6 years ago when he was just 20 years old. Fresh from a job as a parking lot attendant, a talent scout spotted him in a small production at the Pasadena Playhouse. He was playing the part of an 80-year-old man. Paramount promptly signed him and because his name, William Beedle, wasn't glamorous enough, it was changed to William Holden. Loaned out to Columbia Studios, Bill made his big splash as the prize fighter in, "Golden Boy", his first major film.

Unlike most of his contemporaries, Bill has had only one wife. He married actress Brenda Marshall and she is now retired from the movies. Today Bill, his wife, and their three children live in a fine home in San Fernando Valley.

WILLIAM HOUSAM

William Housam was born near O'Fallon in 1859, a son of Jacob and Margaret Penn Housam. After receiving his early education in the public schools, he turned his attention to the business of engineering and was employed for a number of years at the Taylor mines as hoisting engineer.

Mr. Housam took an active part in civic affairs of the city and served as alderman for eight years. He was elected President of the Village Board in 1902 and served for two terms. He was also a member of the Board of Education. He died in 1929.

In 1881, Mr. Housam married Mary Ellen Dunkerly, a native of England. They had three children, Mrs. Jessie M. Behrens, Oscar W. Housam, and Mrs. Edith M. Pierce. Mrs. Jessie M. Behrens, and a granddaughter, Mrs. Dean M. Carson, are residents of O'Fallon at the present time.

BERNETT JOSEPH

When Bernett Joseph first came to live in O'Fallon he worked in the store of Ernst Tiedemann. In 1893, he bought a half interest in the hardware business of John Gaenteur. When Mr. Gaenteur died in 1904, Mr. Joseph bought his interest in the store from the estate. In 1911, he erected a modern commercial building on East State street and conducted his business in that building until the time of his death.

Mr. Joseph was born near O'Fallon in 1867, the son of Sebastian and Anna Stark Joseph. He worked on the farm with his father until he was 25 years of age when he began his business career in O'Fallon. He served as City Treasurer for two years and was also a member of the school board for several terms. He twice married. His first wife was Elizabeth Landgraf whom he married in 1890. Their daughter, Bernetta, married Emil Bode and their sons are both residents of O'Fallon. Robert Bode married Martha Schildknecht and Howard Bode married Lois Schaefer.

Mr. Joseph's second wife was Sylvia Bode who still

resides in O'Fallon. They were the parents of Russell and Hortense, neither of whom live in O'Fallon at the present time

OLIVER C. JOSEPH

Born in St. Clair County in 1890, Oliver C. Joseph is the son of Frank and Elizabeth (Voison) Joseph, both also natives of the county. His father was a farmer. Mr. Joseph was an outstanding athlete in his school days. He began his education in the rural schools of St. Clair County and was graduated from the O'Fallon High School in 1909. He majored in science at McKendree College, Lebanon, Illinois, and studied biology and public speaking at the University of Illinois at Urbana. For six years he was an educator, four of them as principal in the schools at Summerfield, Illinois.

In 1914, Mr. Joseph married Irma M. Seger, a native of St. Clair County and daughter of Fred and Mary Seger. Three children were born to their marriage: Oliver Dee, Elmo Louis, and Norma (now Mrs. Julius Brown). The younger, Oliver Dee Joseph, is a talented flutist. Four times he has won the Gold Medal in the Illinois State Sectional Music Contest. In the United States Merchant Marine in World War II, he now aids his father in the automobile business. Elmo L. Joseph, who is a graduate of Washington University in St. Louis, Mo., was an aide to General Rutledge in the Italian Campaign in World War II, and is now associated with the Chrysler Corporation as Regional Manager for the State of Florida with headquarters at Jacksonville, Florida. Mrs. Norma Brown is associated with her father in the automobile business.

In 1914, Oliver C. Joseph entered the automobile business. Having begun with Dodge Brothers automobiles, he is today the oldest Dodge Brothers dealer in point of service in the state of Illinois, with offices, salesrooms, and service shops in Belleville.

In 1952, Mr. Joseph was honored by being elected chairman of the Dodge Dealer Advisory Conference for the St. Louis area. He is also vice-president of the St. Clair National Bank in Belleville. At the present time he is president and chairman of the Belleville Memorial Hospital Organization that is raising \$2,000,000 for the erection of a new hospital in Belleville. A persuasive public speaker, Mr. Joseph is in constant demand at luncheons, banquets and other sessions.

In addition to his many activities, he owns and operates several farms. He figured prominently in establishing the first soil conservation district in the state. At the present time he is developing a wild life refuge on one of his farms and has recently received four buffalo from Clark's Buffalo Ranch of Independence, Kansas.

RUDOLPH C. KAMPMEYER

Rudolph C. Kampmeyer was born April 16, 1844 in St Louis. He received a public school and commercial college education. He then learned the trade of tinner, working with his father in St. Louis. In 1865 he came to O'Fallon and opened a tin shop. In 1868 he added a line of farm implements and other merchandise to his stock, and conducted this store until 1887. At this time he became a traveling salesman for the Deering Harvester Machinery Co. and introduced this line of machinery to this area.

He retired from business in 1904. In 1907 he was elected City Clerk and served until 1914. He also served as Village Clerk from 1876 to 1879. Mr. Kampmeyer was married to Laura Ogle on May 10, 1870 and they had four children—Ralph R., George C., Nellie N., and Bertha N. Kampmeyer George Kampmeyer continues to mak. O Fe⁻¹ n h s nome.

Ralph Kampmeyer, now deceased, served as City Alderman from 1903 to 1916 and as Mayor from 1921 to 1935. As Mayor he was credited with a number of much needed improvements for the city. He also served as a member of the Board of Education for several years. He had two daughters, Vera, who married Ralph Brown and now lives in Caseyville, and Estelle, who teaches in the O'Fallon Public School.

George Kampmeyer worked in the mines for come time before opening a service station on South Lincoln Avenue which he has operated for a number of years.

DR. B. KRAUSE



KRAUSE DRUG STORE - 1875

Dr. B. Krause, one of the first physicians in O'Fallon, was born in Germany in 1834. His education in Germany was thorough and of high quality. After attending the public schools he was a student in the gymnasium of Gmuend from 1847 to 18al. From 18al to 1854, he was an apprentice in the pharmacy at Lorch. He later studied medicine and pharmacy in the University of Tuebingen and graduated in August 1859. He came to this country in 1859 and located in Lebanon where in 1861 he married menrietta Elanck. In 1863 he located in O'Falion. At first he followed his profession as a physician but had to keep a supply of medicines to make his own prescriptions. The town was growing so fast a drug store was a necessity and he accordingly started one. In 1873, he visited Europe and upon his return quit country practice and spent most of his time in the drug store. His first place of business was located in the 300 block of West First Street, but as more space was needed he had a new building erected in 1873 at the corner of State and Lincoln Avenue. This building has been used as a drug store for the past 81 years. Dr. Krause was a member of the St. Clair County Medical Society and the Pharmaceutical Association of Illinois.

His first wife having died. Dr. Krause in 1880 married Miss Mary Henkel at St. Louis. Dr. Krause had three children, Os ar and Estella by the first marriage and Lola by his second marriage. Mrs. Estella Munier and Miss Lola Krause are residents of O'Fallon. Miss Lola Krause lives in the old homestead.

MARCEL F. KUEHN

Marcel F. Keuhn was born August 3, 1887, the son of Frank and M: Fret Kuehn. He married Miss Mary Meyer in New Baden, Illinois on February 1, 1910. They had three children; Marine PFC Russell Kuehn, killed January 28, 1943 on Guadalcanal; Stanley, now employed by The Journal East St. Louis; and Kathryn (Mrs. Cyril R Wolfersberger)

A native of Mascoutah, Mr. Kuehn came to O'Fallon in 1915 and became the publisher of the O'Fallon Progress on February 10, 1917. He sold the newspaper and printing plant on August 31, 1950 to Irwin A. Yare. Mr. Kuehn continued with the newspaper as mechanical superintendent of the plant until his death August 20, 1952. He was stricken while on duty at the newspaper plant.

Mr. Kuehn was a printer for many years, beginning his apprenticeship at the age of 13 years with the Mascoutah Herald. Later he worked for the Con. P. Currant Printing Co. in St. Louis,

When Mr. Kuchn purchased the O'Fallon Progress the type was set by hand. He soon installed a linotype machine and made other improvements which resulted in the production of a fine newspaper which truly was representative of the community.

He was a charter member and first president of the O'Fallon Rotary Club and maintained a perfect attendance record since the local club started on May 19, 1925. For many years he was a member of the Board of Directors of the O'Fallon Building and Loan Association. Mr. Kuehn was intensely interested in anything that would benefit our community and often took an editorial stand which resulted in the adoption of propositions leading to civic betterment.

LEHMAN FAMILY

The Lehman family through three generations has operated a barber shop in O'Fallon.

William H. Lehman, born in Terre Haute, Indiana, learned the barbering trade in St. Louis at the age of 14 years. Before opening a shop in O'Fallon in 1880, he operated shops in Caseyville and Troy, Illinois. His first shop was located on West State street (now a residence between Foy's and McCaw's tayerns).

Mr. Lehman's son. Gordon, began his trade with his father in 1906. They moved their shop to its present location at 117 East State Street in 1926. William H. Lehman worked at his trade until a few years before his death in November 1934.

William II. Lehman took an active interest in civic affairs. He served as a member of the village board in 1894-1895 and presided as president of the board in 1897-1898.

Mr. Lehman's sons, Gordon, Darwin, and Everett, as well as their families, are residents of O'Fallon A daughter Willa (Mrs. Jacob Middleton) died in 1924.

Gordon Lehman and his son, William P., are operating the shop at the present time. William P. Lehman started barbering in 1941 and has followed the trade continuously with the exception of a three-year period spent in military service.

LEMEN FAMILY

Among the early settlers in Ridge Prairie were Robert, Joseph, and James Lemen, sons of Rev. James Lemen, one of the pioneer Baptist preachers of Illinois.

James Lemen, Sr., was born in Berkley County, Virginia, in the year 1760. He served two years in the war of the Revolution, after which he went to the vicinity of Wheeling, West Virginia, where he married Catherine Ogle, an older daughter of Captain Joseph Ogle. He came to Illinois in 1786, the year after his father-in-law. The family arrived at Kaskaskia, July 10, 1786 and shortly afterward settled at New Design, in the present county of Monroe. He was a prominent religious leader among the Baptists.

Robert Lemen, the oldest son of James, was reared at New Design. In 1805 he married Hester Tolin, and settled in Ridge Prairie, about four miles north of O'Fallon. Under the administration of John Quincy Adams he acted as Marshall for the State of Illinois. He also served as Justice of the Peace. In early times he acted as clerk of the Richland Baptist Church, and he was an original member of the Bethel Church, organized in 1809, of which he was clerk until 1845. He died in 1860.

Rev. Joseph Lemen was born in September, 1785, and was less than a year old when the family came to Illinois. He became a minister of the Baptist Church and settled in Ridge Prairie, north of O'Fallon and near the home of his brother, Robert. His wife was Mary Kinney, the youngest daughter of Joseph Kinney and a sister of William Kinney, who was once Lieutenant-Governor of Illinois. He traveled over this part of the country extensively, and organized a number of Baptist churches. He died in 1861.

Rev. James Lemen, Jr., was born in the New Design settlement, in 1787, and received a good education for that time under the guidante of Rev. John Clark, who was one of the most active and useful of the pioneer preachers of Illinois. Mr. Lemen was said to be the first ordained preacher in Illinois, born in the territory. He married Mary Pulliam in 1813, and settled in Ridge Prairie. He was a member of the Territorial Legislature at Kaskaskia, and also filled the same office after the organization of the state government. Twice he was a member of the state senate. He was also a member of the convention which framed the first constitution of the state. He died in February, 1870.

It should be mentioned that one cause of the removal of the Ogle and Lemen families to Illinois was their opposition to slavery. This was also the case with a number of other prominent families of the county who came at a later date. At that early day, half a century before there was any general agitation of the question, they became opposed to the system, liberated their slaves, and moved to a place where they believed they would be forever free from the curse of slavery.

JOHN T. LIENESCH

Although never residing within the city limits of O'Fallon John T. Lienesch was, perhaps, more loyal and interested in the city than many of its actual residents. He wrote a series of articles called, "My Early Memories" which were published in the O'Fallon Progress from July 11, 1935 to February 21, 1936. The Historical Committee has found these articles full of useful, interesting information, truly a source of material of great use. It is, indeed, wonderful that Mr. Lienesch saw fit to put down in written form his "Early Memories" and thus permit us to share them with him.

John T. Lienesch was born at Locust Grove Farm (now the home of his son, Ralph Lienesch) in Shiloh Valley Township in 1859 where he lived all of his life except for the fifteen years from 1892 to 1907 which were spent living on his uncle's farm not far away in O'Fallon Township

He was the son of George P. Lienesch who emigrated to this country from Ankum, Germany in 1839 arriving in St. Clair County about 1840. His mother, Mary Ann Thomas Lienesch, was the daughter of Colonel John and Isabella Kenny Thomas. Colonel Thomas came to St. Clair County with his parents in 1818.

In 1890, John Lienesch was married to Miss Ada R. McFarland of O'Fallon, daughter of David C. and Betty Ann Rayhill McFarland.

John Lienesch had many associations and connections with the people of O'Fallon and many of his fondest remembrances in the late years of his life were of events and people connected with O'Fallon. He died February 22, 1944 and is buried in Shiloh Cemetery.

John and Ada Lienesch had four children: John lives in Massachusetts, Charles in California, Ruth Lienesch Neill is a member of the East St. Louis Schools teaching staff, and Ralph resides on the old homestead.

HENRY MACE

Henry Mace was a well known pioneer in this vicinity. He was born in Virginia in 1776 and came to Illinois at a very early date. He was a tailor, and followed that trade at Kaskaskia where he first located. He married Drusilla Andrews, a daughter of James Andrews, who, with all his family, except Drusilla, were killed by the Indians. She was taken captive, and remained with them for over two years, when she was ransomed by the French at Kaskaskia. Later her uncle, Joseph Ogle, purchased her freedom and brought her to his home near O'Fallon. In retribution for her treatment by the Indians, the government gave her a large tract of land north of O'Fallon. She and her husband came to live on this land in 1810.

Henry and Drusilla Mace had one child, Elizabeth, who married James Tolley. Drusilla Mace died in early womanhood.

Henry Mace married a second time and had nine children, seven of whom grew to maturity. The daughters all married men of this vicinity, whose names are familiar to the older residents of O'Fallon—Hilt, Stites, Umbarger, Hart and Needles.

Mr. Mace's son, John, married Rebecca Wait and they made their home on the old homestead. John and Rebecca Mace had two sons. Eugene and Harry The boys grew to manhood on the old Mace farm. Eugene married Fannie Simmons, a daughter of Levi Simmons and to them two children were born; Clarence, and Alice (now Mrs. Cecil Nowland of East St. Louis). Eugene Mace died in 1951, the last grandson of Henry Mace.

John and Rebecca Mace during the period 1867 to 1878 subdivided some of their land and added three subdivision's to O'Fallon, namely: Mace's First, Second, and Third Additions to North O'Fallon.

THOMAS MACKIN

The "Mackin House", still a landmark in O'Fallon (corner First and Lincoln Avenue), was operated by Thomas Mackin for forty years. Mr. Mackin was born in Blan Castle, Ireland. When he came to O'Fallon in 1859 he worked for the Ohio and Mississippi Railroad. He married Catherine Linskey in Massachusetts in 1857 and they were the parents of eleven children. He served six years as a member of the Village Board.

Joseph Mackin, son of Thomas Mackin, was born in O'Fallon in 1875. He was a leader in the Democratic Party in O'Fallon. His political career made him known throughout the county as he was elected to various offices. At the age of 21 he was elected Collector of O'Fallon Township, an office he held for nine years. For 22 years he served as Deputy Recorder of Deeds and Deputy County Clerk of St. Clair County. He was County Central Committeeman of the Democratic Party for 12 years. In 1908, he assumed management of Mackin House and continued to operate the saloon until 1919 when he moved to East St. Louis. He married Miss Anna Reuter of Lebanon on March 2, 1908. He died April 23, 1954 survived by his widow and two sons, Jercme and Leo, of East St. Louis.

Thomas Mackin's daughter, Nan, married Lawrence Phillips, lived in O'Fallon for awhile but later moved to East St. Louis. His daughter, Loretto, (now deceased) married William Crowson. Miss Lucille Crowson lives with her aunt, Miss Rose Mackin. Miss Rose Mackin resided in the old family residence on East First Street until 1951 when she moved into a smaller house next door.

JAMES P. McGEEHON

James P. McGeehon, a native of Tennsylvania, came to this country in 1846. He married Rebecca Scott, a daughter of Winfield Scott and followed the carpenter's trade for some time. Later he practiced medicine for forty years.

His son, Brice, was born in 1855 and lived near and in O'Fallon all his life. He was a respected citizen and active in the affairs of the town. He was employed as a clerk in a store for 13 years and then engaged in the merchandise business with S. E. McGeehon for 10 years before retiring on account of health. He was appointed postmaster under President Harrison and again under President McKinley. Later he conducted a retail shoe business. His daughter, Oral, (Mrs. Clarence Bell) is a resident of O'Fallon.

Another son, Samuel E., was born in O'Fallon in 1869. He received his education in the local schools and was employed by the Terminal Railroad for six years. He



BRICE McGEEHON SHOE STORE

then returned to O'Fallon and worked for the E. Tiedemann Grocery Company until 1893 when he opened a grocery store of his own. He operated a store for many years in the building now occupied by the First Street Market. Mr. McGeehon was a member of the City Council for six years. He served as City Clerk of O'Fallon for eight years. He married Louisa Wittig in 1899 and they had three children. Elsworth. Evelyn (Mrs. Julius Schalter, Jr.), and Elizabeth (Mrs. Eugene Oulvey). Elsworth and Evelyn are residents of O'Fallon.

ANDREW MOLLES



MOLLES WAGON SHOP

Andrew Molles, a wagon maker, came to O'Fallon in 1868 and started a business on East State Street which he conducted for many years. He was born in Flums Canton St. Gall, Switzerland on February 25, 1840 and came with his parents, Ambrosius and Mary Molles to this country in 1848. The public schools of Belleville furnished his education. After leaving school he learned the wagon making trade and worked at this employment until he enlisted in 1860 in the Civil War—Company B, 12th Missouri Infantry. He served until 1864 when he was given his honorable discharge. He returned to Belleville and worked there until 1868 when he came to O'Fallon. He continued in his trade in O'Fallon until 1923 when he retired.

Mr. Molles married Barbara Pfiffner in 1873. He had

four sons and two daughters. His oldest sons, Henry, John, and Edward became Pharmacists. They are now deceased. His daughters, Mary and Ameia (Mrs. John F. Becker) live at the present time near Cross Roads, west of O'Fallon Mr. Molles died at the age of 86 years.

JOHN MUNIER

John Munier was born near O'Fallon on June 2, 1862, the son of H. P. and Anna Hesse Munier. After finishing his education in the public and parochial schools and the Belleville Commercial College he worked on his father's farm just east of O'Fallon until he was 24 years of age, operating a threshing machine for the neighboring farmers. In 1892, he came to O'Fallon having purchased a half interest in the creamery, located on North Cherry Street opposite the Evangelical Church, and owned at that time by Parker and Darrow. The name of the creamery was changed to Parker and Munier and later to Munier Brothers. At a later date the business was moved to West Second and Westwood Streets, and was known as the O'Fallon Creamery. Mr. Munier made butter, ice cream and other creamery products. In connection with the creamery he made ice and supplied most of O'Fallon. He sold the O'Fallon Creamery in 1922 to Mr. George Schwarz.

He served as a member of the village board from 1896 to 1902; tax collector for one year, and township clerk for five years.

On February 19, 1900, he married Miss Estella Krause, daughter of Dr. B. and Henrietta Blanck Krause. They had one son, Robert Munier. Robert Munier married Miss Helen Baum and they make their home in O'Fallon as does Mrs. Estella Munier, Mr. Munier's widow.

OGLE FAMILY

The first known settlement in Ridge Prairie, a few miles west of O'Fallon, was made by the Ogles in 1302. Captain Joseph Ogle was born in Virginia in 1741. He commanded a company of Virginia troops during the Revolutionary War, holding his commission from Governor Patrick Henry. He came to Illinois in 1785 and first settled in what is now Monroe County. In 1802 he moved to Ridge Prairie and located a short distance west of O'Fallon. He is said to have been the first Methodist in Illinois. During the early years of his residence he took part in several Indian fights. Captain Ogle was twice married. His first wife, Drusilla, had five children, and his second wife, Jemima Meiggs had four children. All the children were born in Virginia. They came to Illinois where they married and lived in the vicinity of O'Fallon. They reared large families and many of their descendants became prominent people of the area. Captain Ogle died on his farm in Ridge Prairie in 1821 at the age of eighty.

Benjamin Ogle, the oldest son, took part in several of the early Indian contests, in one of which he was wounded. He lived on a farm northwest of O'Fallon.

Another son, Joseph, married Lucinda Pulliam, daughter of John Pulliam, in 1804. They lived on a farm east of O'Fallon. He served in the Blackhawk War. He died in 1846.

Still another son. Jacob, married Elizabeth Teter and settled west of O'Fallon. He was a man of considerable intelligence and popularity and served for a number of years as Justice of the Peace. He and the Rev. James Lemen built a mill for grinding wheat and corn. This mill was situated on Ogle's creek, three miles north of O'Fallon, and was run by water power. Owing to the



RESIDENCE OF CAPT. JOSEPH OGLE

scant supply of water, the milling business was carried on for only a short time. Later he had a mill on his farm which was run by horse power. For many years this mill was patronized by the farmers of the community.

Of the daughters of Captain Ogle, Nancy married Larkin Rutherford, Prudence was the wife of Peter Casterline, Drusilla married William Porter, Polly became the wife of General James Moore, and Jemima married Rev. Charles Mathey, a resident of St. Clair County and a member of the Methodist ministry.

ADOLPH OHLENDORF, SR.

Adolph Ohlendorf, Sr., was born near Millstadt on February 28, 1870. He was the son of Henry and Matilda Shuck Ohlendorf. He was married on February 28, 1899 at Belleville to Miss Matilda Tecklenburg. They had two children: a daughter, Arta (Mrs. Theodore Sollis), and a son, Adolph, Jr.

In his young manhood he was employed by C. A. Monk of Belleville who was then in the implement business. He was much interested in this type of business and in 1904 came to O Fallon to open a hardware store and implement business in partnership with John A. Thomas. About 1920, he bought Mr. Thomas' interest in the business and was the sole owner. In 1926, he sold the hardware business to Walter Thomas and moved from East First Street to East Second Street. At this time he took his son, Adolph, Jr., into a partnership. Adolph, Jr., conducted the plumbing department of the business.

In 1946, Adolph, Jr. went into business for himself and is thus engaged at the present time. He carries a full line of plumbing, heating, and electrical appliances. He married Miss Susan Evanka of Collinsville, Illinois. They have one son, Robert, a law student at Washington University in St. Louis.

After his son left the firm, Mr. Ohlendorf found another partner, this time his son-in-law, Theodore Sollis. Mr. Ohlendorf maintained an interest in this partnership until his death in 1951.

Theodore and Arta Sollis, now operating the business as Sollis Hardware and Equipment, carry a full line of farm implements, hardware, electrical appliances and sporting goods. They have two daughters, Jacqueline, and Jo Ann.

MR. AND MRS. LOUIS PLAB

Mr. and Mrs. Plab came to O'Fallon in 1916. Mr. Plab conducts a well equipped service station on South Lincoln Avenue. He has been chairman of the Civilian Police since the end of World War II.

Mrs. Plab is a member of a family of early settlers in this vicinity. Her grandfather, Peter Weil, came from Germany about 1840 and settled on a farm of 40 acres of unimproved land about two miles southeast of O'Fallon. He cleared the timberland at night, as he worked for a neighbor farmer through the day. Throughout the years he acquired more land until he was the owner of six farms. In 1845, Peter Weil married Anna Pausch. They had twelve children, all of whom grew to adulthood and lived in the immediate area. One daughter, Susan, married Brice McGeehon and lived in O'Fallon. A son, Adolph, born in 1860, lived on the home farm until he retired from farming and came to live in O'Fallon. Adolph married Miss Anna Vitt from Iowa.

All of the children of Mr. and Mrs. Adolph Weil grew to adulthood on the farm of their grandfather. Three of the daughters live in O'Fallon, namely: Bertha (Mrs. Adolph Schilling); Erna (Mrs. Emil Scheibel), and Laura (Mrs. Louis Plab).

Mrs. Louis Plab has been very active in civic affairs of O'Fallon. She will be remembered for her work in decorating floats for the annual Homecoming Mardi Gras parades. She began this work for the first "Welcome Home" parade given in honor of the soldiers of World War I, and has continued to do this throughout the years with the exception of three years when it was turned over to a professional decorator. Mrs. Plab has served twice as president of the Woman's Club and has been chairman of many important committees. For eight years she has been chairman of the Home Service of the Red Cross.

FRANK POIGNEE

Frank Poignee was an important man in O'Fallon in the late 1860's and 70's. In 1865 he was appointed Deputy Assessor and was reappointed every year until he was elected Constable and chosen Justice of the Peace in 1871. When O'Fallon was incorporated as a village in 1874, Mr. Poignee became the first President of the Village Board and served two terms in that office. In 1875 and again in 1879 he was elected County Commissioner of St. Clair County.

Mr. Poignee was born in Bavaria in 1831 of German and French ancestry. When he was sixteen years of age he came with the family to America. They arrived in

New Orleans in April 1847, came by boat to St. Louis, and settled in the vicinity of O'Fallon where his father, Frank, bought a farm. He lived on his father's farm until his marriage to Salome Daehn in 1854. After a few years of farming for himself, he became a resident of O'Fallon where he lived until his death.

Mr. and Mrs. Poignee had eight children. Two sons, John and George, were employed at the Tiedemann Mill for many years. A daughter, Mary, (Mrs. John Martin) is the only living member of his family. She is ninety-two years of age and resides in O'Fallon with her daughter, Marie, (Mrs. Herhert Whitehead). Besides Mrs. Whitehead, two other grandchildren of Mr. Poignee living in O'Fallon are, Carl Poignee and Mrs. Mamie Schmidt, children of George Poignee.

PORTER FAMILY

Five generations of the Porter family have lived in the O'Fallon community. John Porter came from Ireland before 1800. He settled first at Cahokia and afterward located in the Ogle Settlement where he resided until his death. His son, William Porter, married Captain Ogle's daughter, Drusilla. James Porter, son of William and Drusilla Porter, married Mary Christy who had come from Ohio in 1830. Miss Christy was a sister of Andrew Christy, a member of the Wiggins Ferry Company, whose boats plied the Mississippi River for so many years.

Joseph Porter, son of James and Mary Christy Porter, was born in 1833 on a farm two miles northwest of O'Fallon. In 1863 he married Minerva Scott, a daughter of Isaac and Elizabeth Penn Scott and they had two sons, Christy and Scott, who grew to adulthood on their father's farm. Joseph Porter was one of O'Fallon's most highly respected citizens and a good man in every respect. He resided on the farm for more than seventy years after which he retired and moved to O'Fallon. Mrs. Porter's mother, Mrs. Elizabeth Scott, had built the residence in which the Wolfersberger-Meyer Funeral Home is now housed and lived there until her death. It was in this house that Joseph Porter and his wife lived when they moved to O'Fallon.

Scott Porter engaged in business in St. Louis and left O'Fallon in early manhood.

Christy Porter was connected with the Pullman Car Company for more than seventeen years when he left the r ice there and returned to O'Fallon to devote his time to the management of the Porters' land interests in O'Fallon and southeast Missouri.

In 1897 Christy Porter married Cora Lee Barnes of Minneapolis. Mrs. Porter became a leading member of the activities of women in the city. She is a charter member of the O'Fallon Woman's Club and gave much time and energy in promoting the establishment of the library. After Mr. Porter's death in 1933 she has continued to remain a resident of O'Fallon.

JEANNETTEE REISS

Miss Jeannette Reiss, treasurer of the Library Board and one time librarian comes from a family of old settlers in this vicinity. Her grandfather settled near Floraville on a land grant. Her father, Charles J. Reiss, came to Ridge Prairie Precinct at an early date and worked on several different farms in that vicinity. In 1866 he married Eva Dintelman and rented the Koch farm (near Independent Engineering) east of O'Fallon. Later he rented the Penn farm where he lived for many years. Part of the Penn farm was some of the land grant given to Drusilla Andrews Mace. Through marriage and purchase the land had been acquired by Joseph Penn. Mr. Reiss and his sons farmed the land owned by Joseph Penn. Mr. Reiss' son, William, now 86 years of age and living in Lebanon, remembers plowing and cultivating land up to what is now the outer portion of East State Street.

The Penn family during the period 1891 to 1906 subdivided some of their land and added four subdivisions to O'Fallon. Accordingly, with much of the acreage taken away from the farm, Mr. Reiss bought a farm northwest of O'Fallon from Andrew Begole and lived there until his retirement in 1910, when he moved to O'Fallon. Later, his son, Ferd Reiss, bought the remainder of the old Penn farm and farmed it until his death. Mrs. Ferd Reiss now lives at the location of the old Joshua Bond homestead at Vine and Madison streets.

RICHARD REMELIUS

Richard Remelius, son of Jacob and Abina Remelius, nee Stark, was born October 16, 1843 on the family farm five miles northeast of O'Fallon.

On October 19, 1861, at the age of 18 years, he enrolled as a private in Company "A", 22nd Regiment, Ohio Volunteer Infantry at St. Louis, Missouri. On August 9, 1864 he was transferred to Company "H" which was mustered out of service on November 18, 1864 at Victoria, Missouri.

Upon his return from the army, he farmed his father's land until 1874. On August 1, 1874, he entered the implement business in O'Fallon at the present site of the Remelius Building. He built the present building in 1878 which then became the R. Remelius Hardware and Farm Implement Store. He also served as constable of O'Fallon



REMELIUS HARDWARE STORE

Township from 1874 to 1894 and was well known as an auctioneer. He retired from business in 1907. Two sons, Charles E. and Martin, operated the hardware store until it was closed in 1912. They were one of the first local firms to operate a motor truck.

Mr. Richard Remelius was married to Bertha W. Loeffer in 1878. Mrs. Remelius died November 14, 1907 at the age of 57 years. Mr. Remelius died December 12, 1915 at the age of 72 years and is buried in the family private cemetery on his home site.

William Remelius operated a sheet metal and heating business at the above location (223 West First Street) from 1928 until his retirement in August 1949. This location has been in the Remelius family for the past 80 years and at present is owned by William Remelius.

William Remelius married Bertha Gaston and they have one son, Elton Remelius. Elton Remelius married Virginia Mantle and they as well as their daughter, Mrs. Nina Lee Pfeifer, her husband, James, and two daughters are residents of O'Fallon.

CHRIST SCHACHNER

Christ Schachner, born in St. Louis in 1859, came as a youth to O'Fallon and was employed by the Tiedemann Milling Company. He was an employee of that company for fifty-five years. At one time he left his work at the mill to operate the Commercial Hotel at the corner of Lincoln and State. His management made this a popular place and many of the older residents can recall the pleasant hours spent there. He operated the hotel for approximately three years and then returned to his work at the mill.

In 1882, he married Sophia Lucksinger in O'Fallon. Before Mrs. Schachner died in 1944, they had celebrated their sixty-second wedding anniversary. Although Mr. Schachner was 92 years of age when he died, he seemed never to grow old always being young in spirit and heart. His birthday celebrations were always happy occasions for a crowd of relatives and friends.

Mr. and Mrs Schachner had four children. All grew to adulthood in O'Fallon. Amelia married Fred Landwehr and moved to Lebanon. Walter L. is located in Los Angeles, California. Ann (Mrs. Edward Thomas) is an O'Fallon resident, as is Irma (Mrs. Al. Meckfessel), assistant cashier at the First National Bank.

He was one of the very early members of the O'Fallon Volunteer Fire Department and took an active part in all of its activities

CHARLES SCHAEFER

Charles Schaefer was born in St. Clair County on October 15, 1875, the son of Henry and Elizabeth Walter Schaefer. Between the time of leaving school and attaining his majority, he worked for his father. After his 21st birthday he farmed on his own accord until 1910. At that time he left the farm and came to O'Fallon to work for the firm of Ohlendorf and Thomas. In 1913, when the firm was incorporated he was taken in and made an officer of the corporation. Later he operated a grocery store with Arthur Schlinger. At a still later time he engaged in the painting business.

Mr. Schaefer married Miss Elizabeth Reno on October 28, 1896. They have three daughters: Irene, who married Leslie Bevirt; Elsie, an employee of the First National Bank; and Marie, a teacher in the local public schools. All are residents of O'Fallon. Mr. Schaefer has been seriously ill for an extended period of time.

DANIEL SCHAFER

The oldest established business in the history of O'Fallon was the Schafer Meat Market. It was in existence for 94 years and operated by four generations of the Schafer family, each occupying the same building which is still in good condition and occupied at the present time by Morton Studios. During the early times the Schafers did their own slaughtering, cut ice in the winter, and stored it for use in the meat market.

The first Mr. Schafer, Daniel, was a native of Germany and came to the United States in 1856. His wife followed him the next year. He opened the meat market in 1858 and combined butchering and farming as his vocations.

In 1888 Charles D. Schafer bought the meat market and grocery store from his father. Charles D. Schafer was born in O'Fallon Township on December 18, 1858.



SCHAFER MEAT MARKET

He was married on October 3, 1883 to Miss Emelie Schroeder at Summerfield, Illinois. They had two children, Dan A. and Wanda A. Schafer. He served his home town well. He was a member of the Republican County Central Committee, served as Assessor, Village Treasurer, Township Supervisor, member of the school board, and for ten years was chief of the volunteer fire department. He served as president of the fire department for many years and might be called "The Father of the Fire Department" for through his efforts and untiring work the department was held together during periods of discouragement.

Dan A. Schafer was born on November 27, 1885 and educated in the public schools of O'Fallon and Belleville Commercial College. He entered business with his father and finally took over complete management of it. He died in 1949 leaving the business to his son, Kenneth. Kenneth operated the store for three years after his father's death. He then closed the business and sold the building which had housed his family for so many years

Kenneth Schafer still continues the family heritage of working in the meat business. He was a meat cutter during his 15 months service in the U. S. Army during World War II, and now has a similar position at Scott Air Force Base. His wife is the former Aurelia Knerrer. He is an active member of the American Legion and a good worker in the Evangelical Church.

JULIUS A. SCHALTER

Julius A. Schalter, proprietor of a barber shop in O'Fallon for many years, was born in this city in 1866. He was the son of Adam and Rosa Simon Schalter, natives of Germany who came to O'Fallon at an early period. Adam Schalter followed the occupation of a cooper Julius learned the barber trade and for years conducted a popular shop-a gathering place for the men of the community. As a young man Mr. Schalter was keenly interested in sports. especially baseball, and played on the O'Fallon town team. Later he took an active part in politics and all of the town activities. He held the office of City Clerk for six years and served as City Treasurer for three years. He also served as a member of the Board of Education for three years. He married Catherine Landwehr in 1890 and they had three sons, Raymond, Edgar and Julius, Jr. Julius, Jr. is the only son presently living in O'Fallon and is employed as a city mail carrier. Julius, Jr. married Evelyn McGeehon, daughter of S. E. McGeehon, and they have one son. Robert Schalter.

PHILIP SCHILDKNECHT

Philip and Katherine Schildknecht came from Germany to this country in 1853. They came to O'Fallon in 1859 and Mr. Schildknecht engaged in the harness business.

Their son, Henry, learned this trade from his father after which he traveled extensively over the country working at his trade in larger cities. In 1879, he assumed his father's business in O'Fallon. His shop was a popular meeting place for the men of the community. Mr. Schildknecht was a good citizen and took an active interest in local projects. He served as City Clerk for two terms, Township Collector for eleven years, Township Clerk for four years, a member of the Board of Education for two years, besides acting as County Coroner and Postmaster. He also conducted an insurance agency and was a notary public. In 1878, he was united in marriage to Miss Emma Distler, daughter of John and Sarah Distler. To this union eight children were born: Philip, Charles, Claude, Essie, Olivia, Kate, Maud, and Mary. All except two of these children chose O'Fallon as a permanent residence.

Philip conducted a grocery store for many years and retired in 1945. He married Martha Whitehead and they have three children: Charles, Martha and Philip. Charles married Alma Thomas daughter of George and Julia Thomas, and they live in Worthington, Ohio. Martha married Robert Bode and they live in O'Fallon. Philip has operated a mortuary in the former home of Dr. H. T. Bechtold since 1949. He married Miss Frances Battoe in 1944.

Charles has a position in the postal service. He has served as rural mail carrier on Route No. 1 from the O'Fallon Post Office since November 1920.

Claude has employment with the Illinois Power Company and lives in Collinsville, Illinois.

Olivia, Kate, and Maud live in O'Fallon in the old homestead. Olivia waches art in the Maplewood Schools, and Maud is employed in St. Louis. Mary (Mrs. Mary Bertram) lives in Sparta, Illinois. Essic (deceased) passed away in 1954.

GUSTAVE A. SCHILLING

Gustave A. Schilling came to St. Clair County in 1868. He was born in Germany in 1848, the son of William Schilling, a professor in a Boys' School. In 1875, he married Christine Trefzer who lived in Shiloh Valley. After living on several farms in St. Clair County, they moved to the Smiley farm near O'Fallon. Mr. Schilling was a successful farmer, practicing scientific farming methods ahead of his time. He loved the land and good horses. He was a well informed person and served on the O'Fallon School Board for a number of years. He died in 1923 and his wife followed him in death in 1935 Of their eight children, three became O'Fallon residents, namely: Theodore, Carolina, and Adolph.

Theodore (now deceased) married Elizabeth Thomas. He was employed at the Eureka Range Company, and Tiedemann Milling Company. Their daughter, Theodora (Mrs. Chris Zinkgraf), is active in club and church work. Their son, Edwin, is District Supervisor of the Southwestern Bell Telephone Company, St. Louis.

Carolina (now deceased) married William Behrens. Their two daughters, Willia and Jessie (Mrs. Jessie Nold) operate Nold's Variety Shop in O'Fallon.

Adolph married Bertha Weil and is now retired. Their daughter, Helen, is employed by the Southwestern Bell Telephone Company in O'Fallon.

JOHN SCHNEIDER

John Schneider was born at Harrisonville, Illinois on February 9, 1883, the son of Nicholas and Maggie Bickelhaupt Schneider. He secured his early education in the schools of Waterloo, Illinois. After leaving school he took employment in a jewelry store and learned the jeweler's trade. Later he moved to Breese, Illinois and there worked at the same trade.

In 1903 he decided to make O'Fallon his home, came to this city, and opened a store which he is still conducting.

Mr. Schneider was married twice and both wives are now deceased. He first married Miss Flora Ahrens and they had two children, Anita and Flora. His second wife was Miss Helen Zinkgraf and they were the parents of three boys: Harry, John, and Carl. Their son, John, was killed in World War II and is buried in England. Harry is presently residing in Belleville, and Carl, who married Miss Faye Brasel, is an O'Fallon resident.

Mr. Schneider stands high in the estimate of the people of O'Fallon and has many friends. He served on the High School Board of Education for many years and was an officer and director of the O'Fallon Building and Loan Association for 41 years prior to his retirement from the board several years ago. For thirty-one years he has been commissioned as a Grand Lecturer by the Grand Masonic Lodge of Illinois. In his earlier years, Mr. Schneider took an active interest in athletics, particularly baseball and bowling. In past years he also was active in trap-shooting and was interested in the sport of hunting.

GEORGE SCHOBERT

George Schobert, who came to O'Fallon in 1912, was born in Trenton, Illinois in 1860. He married Mis Elizabeth Strube.

In 1913, he, with his four sons as partners, opened a business which included livery service, moving, storage, and the sale of coal, brick, and lime. The business satisfied a wide range of interests and was a decided success. They made a specialty of hauling and moving, serving well an area with a radius of 20 miles or more around O'Fallon. In 1917 the business was sold.

Albert and Erwin Schobert are the only sons now living in O'Fallon. George is deceased and Oscar Schobert moved to Belleville. Albert and Erwin served in World War I, returning to make O'Fallon their home.

Albert takes a prominent part in politics. He has served as Precinct Committeeman of the Republican Party for a number of years and is Deputy Fire Marshall for the State of Illinois. He married Mayme Bernhardt, daughter of Henry Bernhardt who was a long time resident of O'Fallon. They have one daughter, Jean, who makes her home in O'Fallon.

Erwin worked for some time at the Special Products Laboratory in O'Fallon and later conducted a service station. He is affiliated with the Democratic Party and has held several county offices among them Chief Deputy Probate Clerk. He is now the Clerk of O'Fallon Township. He married Florence Bohannon in 1919. Mrs. Schobert died in 1943. Their daughter, Ines (Mrs. Alex Clabia) resides in O'Fallon with her family.

CHARLES J. SCHUETZ

Charles J. Schuetz was born January 7, 1871 in Hungary. Early in life he came to this country and learned the trade of baker in St. Louis. He traveled over the country, working at his trade in many cities, and finally decided that O'Fallon would be the right place to locate permanently. He came to O'Fallon in 1898 and worked in a bakery for a few years, until in 1901 he opened a shop of his own. He knew his business thoroughly, he was well liked by his neighbors and friends, and his venture proved successful. He took an active part in the town's



SCHUETZ BAKERY

activities, especially the Home coming. He served as City Treasurer of O'Fallon.

In 1903 he married Anna Behrens, daughter of August Behrens, and they had three children, Wanda, Margaret, and Charles. Charles holds the position of Purchasing Agent for the Independent Engineering Co. He married Eve Smissoman of St. Louis and they have one child. Margaret was employed for many years by the Eureka Range Company and now holds a clerical position with the Board of Education. She married Lercy Yaeger, now deceased, and has two children. Wanda, now living in Chicago, married William Pickham and they have three children.

In February 1929, Mr. Schuetz retired after being in business for 28 years and leased the bakery and confectionery to Tony Machetta and Tony Banchi.

DR. JOHN B. SCRUGGS

Dr. John B. Scruggs was born in Cornishville, Kentucky in 1867. He received his early education in Cornishville and later at a college in Lexington, Kentucky. His medical training was received in The College of Physicians and Surgeons in St. Louis, Missouri. Upon graduating from that institution in 1898 he came to O'Fallon to begin his practice. His genial manner and friendliness soon won for him a place in the hearts of the people of O'Fallon and he established a large practice both in the town and the surrounding area. In 1899 he was married to Laura Begole, a direct descendant of Capt. Joseph Ogle and a member of a prominent family of this area. To this marriage one child was born, Ines, who is now Mrs. Elsworth Rea of O'Fallon. Several years after the death of his first wife, Dr. Scruggs moved to Belleville, where in 1925 he married Virginia Winkleman. He died in 1938.

JOHN SEDDON

John Seddon was born at Reeb Station in 1862 and attended the public schools there. He was the son of Isaiah and Lucy Davis Seddon, natives, respectively of England and Wales.

Mr .Seddon followed farming for ten years and afterward was engaged in the coal mining business. He learned the trade of hoisting engineer and in 1891 came to O'Fallon to work as an engineer in the Ridge Prairie Mine owned by Joseph Taylor. He served as president of the Village Board in 1900-02. He was elected as the first Mayor of O'Fallon in 1905 serving until 1909; and served in the same position from 1913 to 1915. He was a member of the Board of Directors of the O'Fallon Building and Loan Association for 28 years and served as president many of those years. He was active in the Baptist Church.

In 1887, he married Gertrude Eisloffel at Mascoutah. Their one daughter, Irene, married Carl Herzberger and lived in O'Fallon for a number of years. At the present time Mr. and Mrs. Herzberger are living in Alton, Illino's.

LEVI SIMMONS

Levi Simmons came to O'Fallon in 1858 and opened

a grocery store at the corner of State and Lincoln. He crected the present building now housing the bus station. The post office also occupied the building for a time.

Mr. Simmons became Police Magistrate in 1874 when the Village of O'Fallon was incorporated. He held this position for forty years. In 1861 he was elected Justice of the Peace. Later he served as Assessor and Supervisor. He was a member of the village board from 1886 to 1890 and was president of the board when the Town Hall was built. Mr. Simmons died in 1902.

Mr. Simmons married Sarah Houser ,a member of the pioneer Isaac Houser family. Their daughter, Fannie, married Eugene Mace. Another daughter, "Miss Annie" spent all of her life in O'Fallon.

ERNEST H. SMILEY

Ernest H. Smiley, son of Samuel and Jennie Simmons Smiley, was born in O'Fallon Township on May 25, 1865. He attended grade school at Ogle Creek, and later Smith Academy of St. Louis and the St. Louis School of Pharmacy from which he was graduated. For a number of years he conducted a drug store on the corner of State and Lincoln Avenue. In 1903 he organized the First National Bank and became its first president, an office he held until 1939. In 1939, he was elected Chairman of the Board and retained that position until his death in 1953.

Mr. Smiley was a leader in many business projects in O'Fallon. He was one of the organizers of the O'Fallon Electric Light Co. and an officer and director of that company until it was sold to the Southern Illinois Light and Power Company. He served as Director and Treasurer of the O'Fallon Building and Loan Association for over 50 years. He and his brother, Charles T. Smiley, were owners of the Smiley Brothers Telephone Company until it was sold to the Southwestern Bell Telephone Co. in 1947.

An extensive landowner, Mr. Smiley took an active interest in farming and was a pioneer in farm conservation practices. He was one of the leaders instrumental in the establishment of the Shiloh-O'Fallon Soil Conservation District, now a county-wide organization but originally the first such organization in Illinois.

Mr. Smiley was interested in politics. He served as Central Committeeman of St. Clair County for the Republican party, was a delegate to the 1920 Republican nominating convention, attended a number of national conventions, and served as treasurer for many years of the St. Clair Republican Committee. He served as treasurer of the O'Fallon Township school district from 1901 to the date of his death.

Mr. Smiley took an active part in the affairs of the First Methodist Church in O'Fallon. He was a trustee for many years. He contributed generously to the remodeling and enlarging of the church institution several years ago. The Education Building was dedicated in hls honor.

Mr. Smiley was never married. He died December 25, 1953 at the age of 88 years.



All members of the Schwarz Family appear on this picture. From left: Leonhard E., Matt K., George N., Rose (Mrs. Al Larson), Karolene (Mrs. Elsworth McGeehon), Henry, Mathias, Sr., and Caroline Schwarz.

MATHIAS SCHWARZ

The oldest existing business in O'Fallon is that of the Schwarz Furniture. They have operated in the same building for sixty years. The third generation of the Schwarz family is now in charge.

Mathias Schwarz was born in Wuertemberg, Germany, on May 13, 1860. His parents were John George and Rose Moessner Schwarz. He came to this country in 1873, to O'Fallon, where he finished his public school education. He was a pupil of Miss Amelia Carriel and was the oldest pupil participating in the parade given in her honor upon completion of 40 years of teathing in the O'Fallon Schools.

In 1883, Mr. Schwarz opened a saloon in O'Fallon and engaged in this business until 1890 when he sold his business and with his family took a trip to Germany, where he spent the year visiting friends and boyhood acquaintances. In the following year he returned to the United States and opened a retail shoe business at Anna, Illinois. He conducted this business until 1894, when he sold out, returned to O'Fallon, and bought the undertaking and furniture business of Charles Ruedlin.

Mr. Schwarz was particularly interested in sports. He organized the O'Fallon Turner Society, the main center of gymnastic sports in O'Fallon for over twenty years. He instructed the members in boxing, horizontal bars, weight lifting, trapeze, and rings. He was ever alive to the progressive interests of the city. He platted the Schwarz Addition to Glenview, served on the school board for several terms, was a director of the O'Fallon Building and Loan Association for 10 years, and was active in all civic enterprises.

He married Miss Caroline Huber on January 30, 1883. They had six children: Henry. Leonhard, Mathias, Jr., George, Rose, and Karolene.

Henry Schwarz passed the state examination at Peoria in 1902 and received a license as embalmer at the age of 14, the youngest person to be so licensed. He later left the business and operated the motion picture theater in O'Fallon for a number of years. George, selling his interest in the business (the sons had bought the business in 1919), bought the O'Fallon Creamery from John Munier. Leonhard and Mathias, Jr., continued in the furniture and undertaking business. Their manner of conducting funerals was most impressive and their ability as directors was recognized throughout the area. They carried on the business according to their father's high ideals.

In 1946, the undertaking business was sold to Wolfersberger and Meyer who conduct the business at the present time.

Leonhard continued in the furniture business until 1950 when the third generation took over. Leonhard and wife, Hazel Verbeek Schwarz, have two daughters. Nidra married Clarence Lurtz and LaDoris married Clyde Glenn. Mr. Lurtz and Mr. Glenn are now conducting the business of Schwarz Furniture.

Leonhard Schwarz's retirement from business has not lessened his vital interest in O'Fallon's growth. He has been associated with the Park Board since its organization and is now vice-president of that body. He has taken a prominent part in the projects of the Homecoming Association. He is chairman of the program committee of the O'Fallon Centennial.

Mathias, Jr., will always be remembered as a most

competent director of funerals. When the mortuary establishment was sold, Mat turned his attention to selling automobiles for a short time, but is now the Treasurer of the Southern Illinois Synod and Benevolent Corporation of the Evangelical and Reformed Church, a responsible and important position. He is chairman of the special events committee of the O'Fallon Certennial and has been instrumental in raising funds to mance the Centennial.

George Schwarz from a small beginning has expanded into one of the largest dairy processing firms in this part of the country. Farming is his nobby and he operates a stock farm and raises much of his own feed. He married Sue McFarland. Their three sons: Robert Jack, and William are corporate officers of Quality Dairy. The building in which they operate their business is a show place of the city and a credit to the industry and the community.

Henry married Louisa Schmidt and they have three children: Helen, Henry, Jr., and Edith. Helen married Raymond Schilling and is a resident of O'Fallon. Henry, Jr., is interested in the operation of the M & S Body Shop in O'Fallon and lives in New Baden. Edith married Mike Politis and now lives in Belleville.

Rose Schwarz married Al Larson and now lives in St. Louis. Karolene, who married Elsworth McGeehon, is a resident of O'Fallon. They have one son, William,

All the children of Mathias Schwarz have always taken a deep interest in all things tending to make O'Fallon a better city in which to live.

SAMUEL C. SMILEY



SAM SMILEY RESIDENCE

Samuel C. Smiley was born in Ridge Prairie in 1841. He was the son of Mathew and Mary Christy Smiley.

Mr. Smiley was engaged in farming until 1884, when he moved to O'Fallon and was interested in the Tiedemann Milling Company for several years. He soon retired but remained prominent in civic affairs. He was one of the promoters of the O'Fallon Electric Light Co. and was the manager for eight years. During the Civil War he served in the Union Army and afterward was a Representative for one term in the state legislature. He was twice married. His first wife, Jennie Simmons Smiley, was the mother of his four children, Ernest, Charles, Josephine (Mrs. George Remick) and Jennie (Mrs. W. T. Lee). Mr. Smiley's second wife was Miss Dehlia McGuire, He died in 1916.

JOSEPH TAYLOR

The history of O'Fallon would not be complete without a story of Joseph Taylor. He played an important role in the development of the city.

Mr. Taylor was born in Lancashire, England on February 8, 1840. His parents, Samuel and Allen (Spencer) Taylor, were also of English birth, and came to this country in 1865, being sent for by their son, Joseph.

Joseph Taylor worked in the coal mines in England and upon coming to the United States in 1860 worked for a time in the mines around Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania. He came to O'Fallon in 1866 and worked in the mines until 1874 when he bought the general store and saloon operated by Charles Gartside at Alma. In 1877, he purchased the Alma mine, in 1888 the Taylor mine; and in 1898, the Ridge Prairie mine. In August, 1903, Mr. Taylor opened St. Ellen mine which continues in active operation today These mines were operated under the firm name of Joseph Taylor Coal Co.

Mr. Taylor always took a great interest in his adopted city and did everything in his power to benefit O'Fallon. He was a stockholder and director of the First National Bank, director and treasurer of the O'Fallon Building and Loan Association; and one of the promoters and strong advocate of the light and power plant for O'Fallon. He served as Mayor for one term, 1909-1910, as City Treasurer for ten years, and was always interested in the welfare of the city. He operated a store selling general merchandise and a private bank operated by Mr. Henry Seiter of Lebanon occupied part of the store premises. He erected more than one hundred dwelling houses for his employees as well as building the Taylor Opera House.

Mr. Taylor married Mary Gartside in 1872. They had no children. He died in 1925. His nieces and nephew living in O'Fallon are: Sam Taylor, Mrs. A. B. Gordon, Miss Mary Taylor, and Mrs. Jessie Behrens.

JOHN A. THOMAS

John A. Thomas was a son of Anthony and Mary Kauffmann Thomas, and was born near Shiloh, September 8, 1877. He worked on the farm until 1904 when he came to O'Fallon and went into the farm implement business. For sixteen years he was associated with Adolph Ohlendorf, Sr., in the hardware and implement business under the firm name of Ohlendorf-Thomas & Co. In 1923 the firm dissolved the partnership and Mr. Thomas entered the heating and plumbing business which he conducted until his death in 1935.

Mr. Thomas was united in marriage on October 28, 1916 to Miss Edna Rhein of Belleville. They had three children, Lucille, (Mrs. Leroy Kruse of Mascoutah); Harold, who married Mildred Joseph, is a machinist at the O'Fallon Tool and Die Co.; and Gene, who lives at home with her mother, is saleslady and bookkeeper at Schwarz Furniture store.

Mr. Thomas died September 25, 1935 as a result of injuries received when struck by a car on Route 50 west of O'Fallon.

NICK THOMAS

Nick Thomas conducted a harness shop in O'Fallon

for many years. He was born in Germany in 1850 and came with his parents to this country in 1855. After receiving his education in the Belleville public schools, he learned the harness making business and opened a saddlery and harness shop in O'Fallon in 1894. His work was superior and he was well patronized by the community. In 1877 he married Louisa Huber of Caseyville Township. They have five children and four have become prominent residents of O'Fallon.

Walter Thomas owns and operates a well equipped hardware store. He married Frieda Weil who is deceased. Their son, Jack, is a partner in his father's business.

George Thomas operates an Electric and Gift Shop. He married Julia Braun. Their daughter, Marilyn, is a teacher of Home Economics in the Evanston Schools. Another daughter, Alma, married Charles Schildknecht and resides in Worthington, Ohio.

Edward Thomas conducts a real estate business. Perhaps his greatest contribution to O'Fallon lies in the subdivisions he has developed which have been a great incentive to the growth of O'Fallon. He married Ann Schachner. They have no children.

All the sons of Nick Thomas are public spirited and participate in all the activities of the city. They are members of the Chamber of Commerce, Rotary Club, and the Homecoming Association. George is a leader in the March of Dimes, both locally and in the St. Clair County chapter.

Mr. Thomas' daughters are Sophia (Mrs. William Hughes of Webster Groves, Missouri), and Elizabeth, widow of Theodore Schilling. Mrs. Schilling and her daughter, Theodora (Mrs. Chris Zinkgraf) are residents of O'Fallon.

CHARLES A. TIEDEMANN

Charles A. Tiedemann was born in Germany in 1833. He was a member of a highly educated and prominent



COOPER SHOP - TIEDEMANN MILL

family in Hanover. His grandfather was a Professor of Anatomy in Heidelburg University. His father was an officer in the army of Jerome Bonaparte and received from Napoleon I the Cross of the Legion of Honor.

Charles came to America in 1849 and apprenticed himself to Capt Julius Raith of Belleville as a wheel-wright and later went into partnership with him. In 1860, Mr. Tiedemann and his partner began work on the construction of a flour mill at O'Fallon. The mill was completed in 1861.

After President Lincoln's call for volunteers, Col. Raith responded and was killed in the battle of Shiloh. Mr. Tiedemann then bought out the interest of Col. Raith and tock into partnership Philip H. Postel. This partnership then conducted the business until 1876, when Mr. Tiedemann bought Mr. Postel's share of the business and continued to run the business as his own property until the time of his death in 1890.

After the death of the founder the business was incorporated in 1891 under the firm name of Charles Tiedemann Milling Company. The paid up capital was \$50,000 and the following officers were elected: Jennie Tiedemann, president; Samuel C. Smiley, vice-president; and Louis F. Fischer, secretary-treasurer.

In 1883, Mr. Tiedemann established a modern mill in Collinsville which was known as the Valley Mills. The mill at O'Fallon was known as the Richland Mills. The leading brands of flour produced by the mills were: Richland Lily; Richland Mills and Shiloh Valley.

On June 18, 1942, the mill property was sold to the Oberbeck Feed Co. of Highland, Illinois. The Oberbeck Feed Co. has continued to operate the property as a grain elevator and outlet for the sale of feed.

In 1867, Mr. Tiedemann was married to Miss Jennie Tiedemann. Of this union five children were born: Helene, Louisa. George W., Charles Edwin, and Ernestine. After their father's death, George and Edwin engaged in the milling business. They were prominent citizens of the town. George acted as president of the Milling Co., was a director of the First National Bank, and served as a member of the Board of Education. He was never married. He died in 1951.

Edwin was also a director of the bank, secretary and treasurer of the milling Co., Mayor of O'Fallon from 1915 to 1919, and an active member of the Evangelical Church. He died in 1950. In 1918, he married Mrs. Catherine Gruetzemaeher. Their daughter, Ruth, married Russell Warma who conducts a plumbing business in O'Fallon. Their son, Charles. lives on the Tiedemann farm in Shiloh Valley. This farm has been in the possession of the Tiedemann family for many years.

The daughters of Charles A. Tiedemann have also gained prominence in O'Fallon. Miss Helene was instrumental in the organization of the Woman's Club and served three times as president of the organization. She was especially interested in establishing a library for O'Fallon and gave much time and energy to this work. She was chairman of the library board from the time of its organization until the library was taken over as the responsibility of the city.

Miss Louisa was most active in church work, especially in the Sunday School. Misses Helene and Louisa continue to live in O'Fallon where their family has played such a big part in the growth and development of the community.

ERNST J. TIEDEMANN

Ernst J. Tiedemann was born in Germany in 1831. Ilis family background has been outlined in the biographical sketch of his brother. Charles A. Tiedemann. Ernst J. Tiedemann lived in Germany until he was 21 years of age. His education included a thorough preparation for a business career. He came to America in 1852 and settled in St. Clair County. He made his home in Belleville and served as a surveyor for the county. He surveyed the original town of O'Fallon when it was platted in 1854. He did surveying for the government in Nebraska and for several years lived in Nebraska and then Colorado.

In 1865 Mr. Tiedemann returned to O'Fallon to live and engaged in the mercantile business. His general store which handled groceries, dry goods, glassware, and hardware was popular with all the country side for miles around. It was the largest retail store in O'Fallon at that time.

He was married to Marie Bauman of Nebraska in 1862. Their sons, Charles F., Henry E., and Louis as well as their daughters assisted their father in the store until the elder Mr. Tiedemann's death in 1902. The family continued to earry on the business until the death of Mrs. Tiedemann in 1916 when the estate was settled. Charles F. Tiedemann bought the interests of the heirs, but later sold the store.

For a few years Louis conducted a grocery store of his own and later sold out to his brother, Henry E., who operated the store for a number of years. Henry E. Tiedemann died in 1929.

Four of the children of Ernst J. Tiedemann are still residents of O'Fallon: Lena, Louis, Sophie, and Martha Tiedemann. They live in the imposing residence at 218 West Washington which was built by their father in 1884.

A grandson, Alfred, son of Henry Tiedemann, is also an O'Fallon resident. He is an assistant cashier at the First National Bank.

B. J. VAN COURT

Benjamin J. Van Court was born in Mifflin County, Pennsylvania, December 19, 1820. The ancestors of his father, Benjamin Van Court, came from Holland. His mother, Mary Lindsey, belonged to an Irish family.

When 19 years old he left McVeytown, Pennsylvania and started west with his brother, Alexander The boys built a boat, the "A and B J Van Court" and floated down the Ohio River. At the mouth of the Ohio they fastened their boat to the tug "Smelter" and had just started the tow when the boat sank taking all the goods of the two brothers with it. The brothers then went to Rock Island, Illinois where they managed the "Rock Island House." In 1841 they moved to Portsmouth, Ohio where they continued the hotel business running the "Ann House." After two years, Benjamin returned to St. Louis and with T. V. Cannon, leased the National Hotel on the corner of Third and Market, which they operated until July, 1848, when he leased the Missouri Hotel, on the corner of Main and Morgan streets. This was the hotel where the state government of Missouri was organized in August 1821

Mr. Van Court operated the Missouri Hotel until 1850, after which he engaged in the real estate business. On

January 17, 1853 he married Miss Amelia Mittnacht of Baltimore. Their wedding journey was a trip to California where they remained until the spring of 1854. They returned to St. Louis and in 1856 came to O'Fallon where he purchased a farm east of town and opened a coal mine, Van Courts, which was operated for a number of years.

In 1883 the family returned to St. Louis and lived at 1801 Kennett Place. Mr. Van Court died July 23, 1899, survived by his widow and three daughters; Hallie (Mrs. Edwin Poindexter): Carrie Virginia (Mrs. H. G. Finley): and Amelia M. (Mrs. D. K. Reinhold).

MICHAEL WACHTER

Michael Wachter was a prominent business man in the early years of O'Fallon. He was born in Germany in 1831 and came to O'Fallon in 1867 after having lived in Lebanon for a few years. In O'Fallon he operated a bakery, a saloon, and a brickyard. The brickyard was located near the intersection of the B. & O. and Illinois Terminal Railroads. He was a member of the village board in 1876 and 1877. He was married in 1854. He had ten children, four of whom grew to maturity and remained as citizens of O'Fallon. His son, Henry, carried on his father's business and lived to be 88 years of age. He died in 1951. Mr. Wachter has a number of grandchildren living in O'Fallon. Four children of Katherine Wachter Obernuefemann are: Mrs. Josie Schmidt, Mrs. Alice Mantle, Mrs. Louise Huller, and Mike Obernuefemann. Another grandson is Ervin Schmitt, son of Josephine Wachter Schmitt.

WILLIAM G. WILLARD

In 1896 William G. Willard entered the range manufacturing business at his plant east of O'Fallon on the old Van Court property. He put up a small range works, designed by himself, and made from five to six ranges per day. From time to time he added to his factory until the



WILLARD'S STOVE FOUNDRY

plant turned out as many as two hundred and fifty ranges per day. He employed several hundred workers, as well as his seven sons.

Mr. Willard built twenty-three residences for his employees. He was loved by all his employees for they knew he had their interests at heart. He believed and lived up to the theory that a man should not devote his life to making money alone, but it should be his duty and his pleasure to be good to his workers and look after their comfort and welfare.

Mr. Willard's life story is more like fiction than fact. He was born in New Jersey on June 7, 1852. At the age of eleven he was hired out to a farmer. This work was hard and irksome. He ran away from his home and employer and made his way to the Jersey Canal where he worked as a mule driver. Later he did the same kind of work on the Eric Canal, driving mules from Syracuse to New York City. He worked in New York until he was fifteen and then came west to McLean County, Illinois, where he worked on a farm until he was eighteen years of age. He then came to St. Louis and was employed on the Eads Bridge then in the course of construction. This gave him his first experience in structural iron work. He later worked on the St. Charles, Missouri and the Rock Island, Illinois bridges.

In Rock Island, he and a young partner built a flat boat and started on a cruise down the Mississippi River. Their boat was equipped as a work shop and on the way down to St. Louis they did various kinds of work such as tinning, etc.

Upon their arrival in St. Louis the two young men began the manufacturing of wash wringers. After a year, Mr. Willard bought the interest of his partner and continued the business by himself. He did business on the installment plan and carried a stock of wringers, bed springs rugs, clocks, etc. In 1904 he bought a building at 219 Chestnut Street in St. Louis which was later used as a warehouse for ranges. At first, Mr. Willard sent out men with wagons to sell his ranges throughout the country side. Later he shipped ranges all over the country. In the O'Fallon Progress. issue of April 7, 1905, the following advertisement was noted: "W. G. Willard Steel Ranges, complete range with Japanned trimming \$15.00; nickel front \$16.00; full nickel trimming \$17.00. Send \$1.00 and I will ship a range to your freight office wherever you are for your examination. If you are satisfied remit the balance due."

Mr. Willard died in February 1919. His sons continued to operate the business for several years after his death. The business was discontinued in the late 1930's.

In 1869 Mr. Willard married Augusta Weber of St. Louis. They had nine children. Four sons. Wm. G., Joe, Nap, Ted and their families are residents of O'Fallon at the present time as is one daughter. Miss Albertina Willard. Another daughter, Dora, (now deceased) married Bernard Funk and their children reside in O'Fallon.

O'Fallon is a better city because of the Willard enterprise.



ryn Reinhardt, Eve Schuetz, Louise Scheibel, Pearl Keys, Mildred Schrameck, Russell Thoman, Second row, from left: row, from left: Earl Thompson, Edward Hasemann, M. K. Schwarz, T. W. Trammell, Milton Hillesheim, Leonard Voll-Chairmen of Centennial Committees: Front row, from left: Clarence Distler, Priscilla Gribler, Marcella Yaeger, Kath-Oscar Busch, John Keller, Wayne McKinley, Erwin Schobert, Irwin Yare, Clyde Glenn, Arthur Huller, Joseph Keck. Third mer, Carl McManemy, William Schmidt, Howard Van Buren.

Centennial Committees

EXECUTIVE . COMMITTEE

JOHN L. ANHEUSER, General Chairman

Born: Summerfield, Illinois, December 19, 1899. Parents: Jacob and Elizabeth Steuber Anheuser.

Education: Grade and High School, Rahe's Automobile

School, Kansas City, Mo.

Occupation: Merchant-Auto dealer, bottle gas and ap-

Presently serving as President O'Fallon Park Board.

Past Activities: Postmaster of O'Fallon for 19 years.

President and Secretary O'Fallon Civic Club President Rotary Club

President O'Fallon Eusiness Men's Assn. President St. Clare's Holy Name Society

HENRY M. HESSE, Advisory

Born: Lebanon, Illinois, January 31, 1910

Parents: Christ J. and Minnie Dressel Hesse.

Education: Graduate O'Fallon Township High School in 1928, Missouri Institute of Accountancy and Law, St. Louis. Mo.

Occupation: Comptroller, The G. S. Suppiger Co.

Presently serving as Mayor of O'Fallon. Has held this office since 1945.

Past activities: President Homecoming Assn.—1941 and 1942 President High School Board of Education,

> 1937 to 1945 and member, 1945 to 1949 President Church Council of Evangelical and Reformed Church

Past Master O'Fallon Lodge A. F. & A. M.

DELBERT C. CORBIER, Advisory

Born: O'Fallon, Illinois, May 24, 1918

Parents: Robert and Lillie Kendall Corbier

Education: Graduated O'Fallon Township High School in

Occupation: Carload Sales and Procurement Manager, Hunter Packing Company, East St. Louis, Illinois

Presently serving as President O'Fallon Homecoming Association, President O'Fallon Choral Singers, member O'Fallon Park Board, Junior Warden, O'Fallon Lodge, A. F. & A. M.

Past activities: Commander Fischer-Sollis Post No. 137, American Legion

> President O'Fallon High School Alumni Association

J. E. HINCHCLIFFE, SR., Secretary

Born: Williamson County, Illinois, October 29, 1892. Parents: William and Lucretia Mitchell Hinchcliffe

Education: Graduated Southern Illinois University, Carbondale, Illinois; McKendree College, Lebanon, Illinois; advanced study at University of Illinois, Champaign, Illinois and University of Chicago, Chicago, Illinois.

Taught in the public schools for 32 years. Superintendent of O'Fallon City Schools and Principal of the High School for 22 years, 1921-1943.

Occupation: Personnel Director, Independent Engineering Company, Inc.

Presently serving as Secretary of the O'Fallon Homecoming Association, Director of O'Fallon Choral Singers, and O'Fallon City Treasurer.

Past Activities: President Rotary Club

President Homecoming Association Past Master O'Fallon Lodge A. F. & A. M.

MERLE C. HESSE, Treasurer

Born: O'Fallon, Illinois, September 3, 1926

Parents: Barney and Agnes Hesse

Education: Graduated O'Fallon Township High School in 1944, Washington University in 1949.

Occupation: Accountant, St. Louis Chevrolet Division of General Motors, St. Louis, Mo.

Presently serving as treasurer of the O'Fallon Homecoming Association, vice president Churchmen's Brotherhood of Evangelical and Reformed Church,

Program Committee

Leonard E. Schwarz, Chairman John Hunter Priscilla Gribler Arthur Stein Margaret Busch Howard VanBuren Jack Louppe Melvin Rogers Maurice Heien

Advertising and Promotions

Committee

Irwin Yare, Chairman Warren Dale Thomas Adam Becherer Lucille Randel Walter W. Meiners William Morton Carl McManemy Bernard Fuchs

Special Events Committee

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Clarence Distler, Chairman Philip W. Schildknecht Frances Eckert Nellie Carroll Carrie McGee Tichenor Edward Hemmer

Annice Willard

Pageant Committee

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O. M. Randel Howard Glenn

Bushleaguer Committee

(Spensored by O'Fallon Fire Dept.)
Albur Retting, Chairman
Orville Friend
Forrest Schroeder
James Schroeder
Fred Andricks
Cletus Schau
Bernard Henry

Bonnetted Belles Committee

(Sponsored by P.T.A.)
Eve Schuetz, Chairman
Mildred Schrameck
Maxine Brockhahn
Betty Suever
Edna Hunter
Doris Hertenstein
Elaine Maibes
Gladys Fritz
Nidra Lurtz
Pearl Keys
Hazel Nave
Albertine Dressel
Ruby Keller
Marjorie Johannes
Nina Lee Pfeifer
Louise Scheibel
Ruth Warma
Margaret Thompson
Lois Andricks

Information, Registration, and Sale of Brochure

(Sponsored by Woman's Club)
Marcella Yaeger, Chairman
Francis Hesse
Loretta Trippel
Lucille Heien
Alice Marxer
Laura Plab
Irene Segraves
Betty Schmidt
Marian Hamm
Verna Schmidt

Eloise Bittles Old Timers Parade

(Sponsored by Kiwanis Club)
William Schmidt, Chairman
Carl McManemy
Wayne McKinley
Clyde Glenn
Truman Bailey
Joe Bittles
L. B. Sample

Grounds Committee

Leonard Vollmer, Chairman

Stand Erection and Locations
Oscar Busch, Chairman
Harry Klingelhoefer
Louis Fritz
Harold Wilt
Leonard Vollmer
Stanley Mullett
Fred Hangsleben
Cletus Schau

Lighting Streets and Park Ray Richardson, Chairman Richard Richardson Arthur Stein
Ray Scheibel
Leroy Hiles
Vernon Scheibel

Parking Streets and Park Melvin Rogers, Chairman Otto Jung Edward Funk

Policing City and Park
James Tiley, Chairman
Louis Plab
Ralph Lee Titter
Otis Hertzler
Cleon Dressel
Ruben Cavins
Eugene Ferguson

Maintenance, Repairs and Clean-Up John Keller, Chairman

Concessionss Committees

Earl Thompson, Chairman

Purchasing and Storekeeping
Joseph Keck and Les Proffit,
Co-Chairmen
John Haukapp
Joe Mayer
Philip Bell
Ralph Thomas
Ben Schmidt
Bernard Taylor

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Local Concessions Clyde Glenn, Chairman

J. S. Hill
Harry Keys
C. J. Lurtz
Ray Keller
Stanley Feist
Fred Hangsleben
Dorothy Clark
Russell Warma
Bernard Taylor
Helen Munier
Gene Thomas
Don Donato
Adolph Panz
Ollie B. Fink
William Sharp
Hap Bossler
Marcella Yaeger
Charles Kauffmann

Outside Concessions Walter W. Thomas, Chairman

-0-

Special Concessions

Darwin Huller

Committees

Ervin C. Schobert, Chairman

Auto Raffle
Wayne McKinley and Arthur J
Iluller, Co-Chairmen
John L. Anheuser
Laurene Anheuser
Dorothy McArdle
Ronald Anheuser
Kathryn Sidel
Joyce Anheuser
Agnes Becherer
Lucille Schmidt
Russell Nail
Mildred Huller
Betty Peter

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Shirley Huller Jack Lehman Jerry Wise Edwin Pfeiffer Oscar Munie L. R. McKinley Gloria McKinley Dean McKinley Leland McKinley Leroy Hammi Raymond Brockman Dorothy Scott Harry Klingelhoefer Elmer Gauch Wendell Thompson Helen Freivogel Victor Thoman Eleanor Thoman

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Priseilla Gribler, Chairman
Erna Scheibel
Alma Hesse
Lavinia Schwarz
Viola Lautz

Clara Obernuefemann Naomi Dressel Leola Titter Pearl Gribler Edna Hesse Thora Quinn Alma Heitman

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Dorothy Hartman
Linda Lehman
Dorothy Cavins
Irene Dunbar

Coal Raffle
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Anita Hasemann
Velma Porter
James Porter
Willard Nail
Robert Haukapp
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Walter Hauptman

Benjamin Klamin

Queen Contest

Maurice Reaka, Chairman

Barbara Little

Patsy Eck

Joan Shea

*Claudette Napier

Dorothy Scott

Virginia Armstrong

Norma Lee Warma

Darlene Moore

Milton Hillesheim, Chairman
Jacob Mueller
Leroy White
Albert Louis
Leo Lickenbrock
Joe Louis
Walter Hesse
Ferd Lampe

Games Charles Lowe, Chairman

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(Sponsored by O'Fallon Moonlighter Square Dancing Group)
Kathryn Reinhardt, Chairman Elaine Maibes
Vincent Maibes
Doris Hertenstein
Dan Hertenstein
Dorothy Schwarz
Mike Schwarz
Victor Reinhardt
Ray Scheibel

Wild Life Exhibit Committee (Sponsored by Sportsmen Club) Clifton Joseph, Chairman

Live Stock Exhibit, Four-H Clubs, Soil Conservation Committee

Howard VanBuren, Chairman Walter Gindler George Kurtz Kenneth Johnson William Bergmann Julius Runkwitz

Industry, Displays and Tours Committee Maurice Heien, Chairman Ray Richardson Jack Schwarz Elmer Keek

Children's Parade
Committee
(Sponsored by Rotary Club)
Clarence J. Lurtz, Chairman

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Rodeo Committee:
Walter Gindler, Chairman

Leland Reimann
Burrell Hoehner
Charles J. Schuetz
Hawley Canterbury
Harold Yaeger
O. M. Randel

Mardi Gras Parade

Committee

Clarence J. Lurtz and George
Fritz, Co-Chairmen
Elmer Keck
Warren D. Ihomas
Milton Hillesheim
Arthur Huller
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Henry Seipp, Sr.
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Alfred Tiedemann
Charles Etherton, Jr.
G. B. Gieser
Frances Bell
J. E. Hinchcliffe, Sr.
Margaret Egger
Merle Hesse

FINALE

This historical booklet represents the combined work of many people of O Fallon. Its contents were compiled, evaluated, and writ-

ten by the committee which also supplied material for the historical pageant to be staged here during the Centennial Celebration.

Feeling that much of the data would be lost unless preserved in some permanent form, the Program Committee very early suggested that information obtained by the Historical Committee be published in printed form.

The Historical Committee feels that this history is far from complete. No committee, however efficient, could record in so short time and in so short space, a complete account of O'Fallon's progress over the last century. The



Clarence Distler

O'Fallon's progress over the last century. The Committee has cried to check the material as closely as possible, but we know it would be almost impossible to present a book without some errors. Errors of omission and commission, misspellings, and oversights will be rectified and acknowledged in the next Centennial Booklet to be published in 2054. So if you feel slighted about anything, just make a note of it and contact the committee at that time.

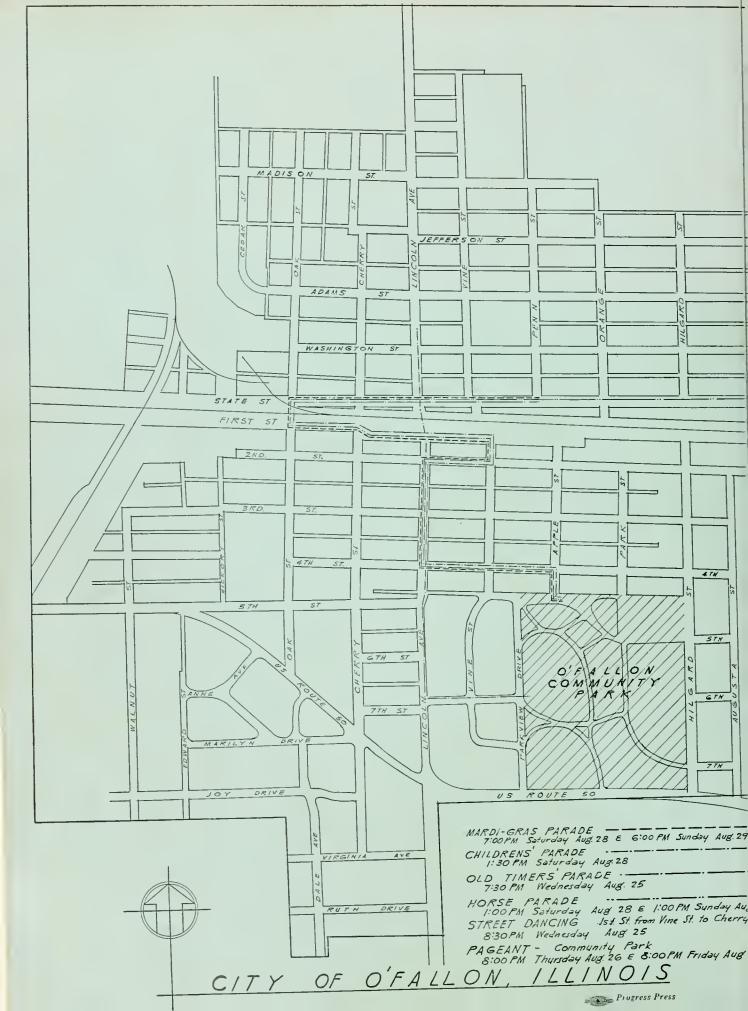
We wish to thank the many people who so kindly offered assistance, and furnished information and pictures that we might present, "The History of O'Fallon."

THE CENTENNIAL HISTORICAL COMMITTEE

CLARENCE DISTLER, Chairman
NELLIE CARROLL
CARRIE TICHENOR
FRANCES ECKERT
PHILIP SCHILDKNECHT
ANNICE WILLARD
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