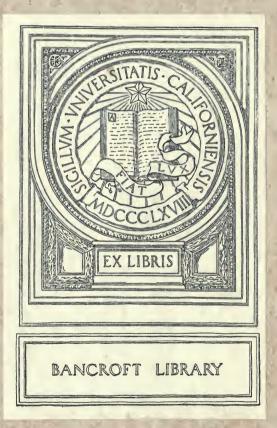


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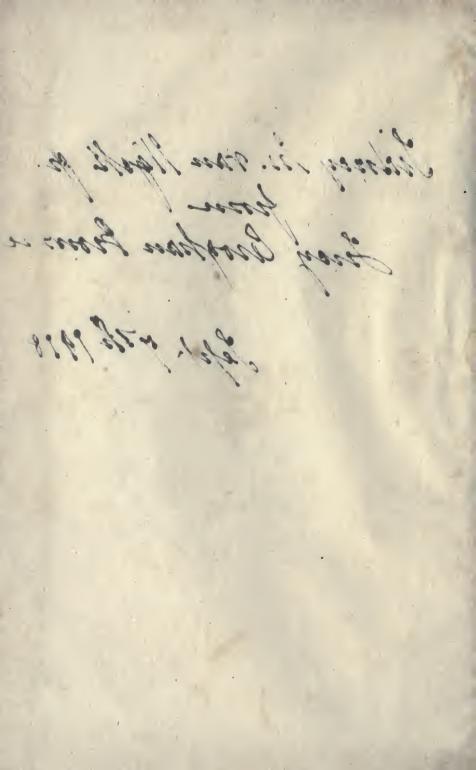
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LAWS

Te. S. Laws, statutes, etc.

OF THE

UNITED STATES,

IN RELATION TO THE

NAVY AND MARINE CORPS;

TO THE CLOSE OF THE SECOND SESSION OF THE TWENTY-SIXTH CONGRESS.

TOGETHER WITH

THE ACTS AND RESOLUTIONS OF CONGRESS, GRANTING MEDALS, SWORDS, AND VOTES OF THANKS, OR HAVING REFERENCE TO SPECIAL OBJECTS; ALSO, PRIVATE ACTS, FOR THE RELIEF OF INDIVIDUALS, ALPHA-BETICALLY ARRANGED: AND A TABLE OF APPROPRIATIONS AND EXPENDITURES, FOR THE NAVAL SERVICE, FROM 1791 TO 1840, BOTH YEARS INCLUSIVE.

TO WHICH ARE PREFIXED THE

CONSTITUTION OF THE UNITED STATES, AND A SYNOPSIS OF THE LEGIS-LATION OF CONGRESS, RESPECTING NAVAL AFFAIRS, DURING THE REVOLUTIONARY WAR.

WITH

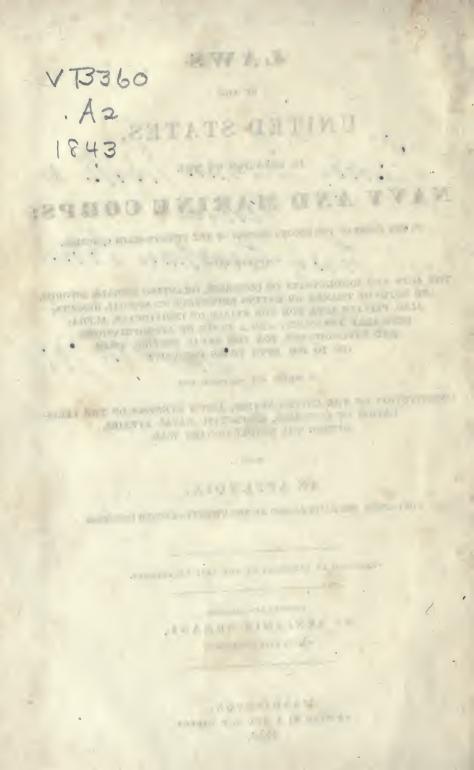
AN APPENDIX,

CONTAINING THE LAWS PASSED AT THE TWENTY-SEVENTH CONGRESS.

PUBLISHED BY AUTHORITY OF THE NAVY DEPARTMENT.

COMPILED AND ARRANGED ' BY BENJAMIN HOMANS, OF THE NAVY DEPARTMENT.

WASHINGTON: printed by J. and G. S. Gideon. 1843.



PREFACE.

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A compilation of naval laws was printed in 1826, but it by no means embraced all that had been passed anterior to that date; and as numerous other laws, having an important bearing upon the interests and operations of the service, have since been enacted, a new compilation was rendered very desirable, if not indispensable.

In the attempt now made, it has been thought advisable to embrace all the acts that have been passed, so that the reader might have a view of the whole legislation of Congress, concerning the naval establishment, from the formation of the Government. Although many of these laws are obsolete, they will serve to show the gradations through which the navy has risen to its present size.

All the acts of a special or private nature may be considered as obsolete, their provisions having been complied with soon after their approval. Their insertion here, however, has been thought appropriate, either to serve as precedents for future action, or to show what has heretofore been done in analogous cases.

The laws relating to the slave trade, having more or less connection with the operations of our naval forces, and defining the duties of commanders in their efforts to suppress it, have been inserted at length, although some of them make no allusion to public vessels; yet the frequent reference to previous acts seemed to call for the insertion of all.

The table of appropriations and expenditures has been compiled with great care from official documents, and exhibits the separate and aggregate amounts under each head. The statistical information it conveys will be valuable to the politician and the historian.

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PREFACE

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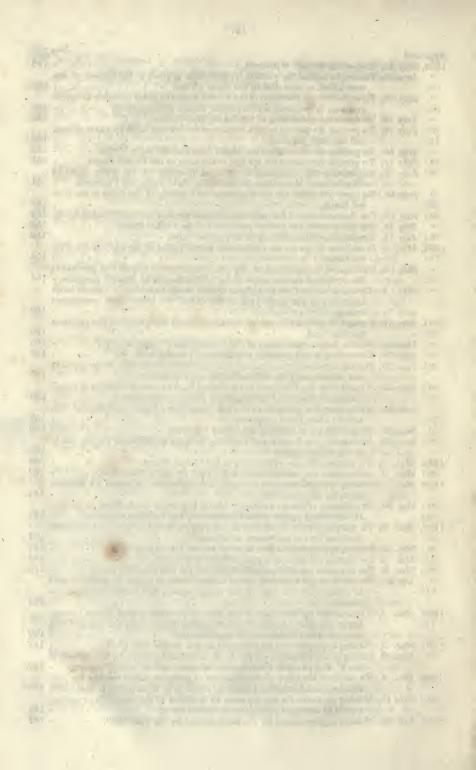
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CONSTITUTION

OF THE

UNITED STATES.

WE, the People of the United States, in order to form a more perfect union, establish justice, ensure domestic tranquillity, provide for the common defence, promote the general welfare, and secure the blessings of liberty to ourselves and our posterity, do ordain and establish this Constitution for the United States of America.

ARTICLE I.

SECTION I.

All Legislative powers herein granted shall be vested in a congress. Congress of the United States, which shall consist of a Senate and House of Representatives.

SECTION II.

The House of Representatives shall be composed of mem-Representatives, how chosen, bers chosen every second year by the people of the several States, and the electors in each State shall have the qualifications requisite for electors of the most numerous branch of the State Legislature.

No person shall be a Representative who shall not have at- Qualifications of tained to the age of twenty-five years, and been seven years Representatives. a citizen of the United States, and who shall not, when elected, be an inhabitant of that State in which he shall be chosen.

Representatives and direct taxes shall be apportioned among Apportionment the several States which may be included within this Union, or representatives and direct taxes. according to their respective numbers, which shall be determined by adding to the whole number of free persons, including those bound to service for a term of years, and excluding Indians not taxed, three-fifths of all other persons. The actual enumeration shall be made within three years after the first meeting of the Congress of the United States, and within every subsequent term of ten years, in such manner as they shall by law years.

The number of Representatives shall not exceed one direct. for every thirty thousand, but each State shall have at least one Representative; and until such enumeration shall be made, the State of New Hampshire shall be entitled to choose three, Massachusetts eight, Rhode Island and Providence Plantations one, Connecticut five, New York six, New Jersey four, Pennsylvania eight, Delaware one, Maryland six, Virginia ten, North Carolina five, South Carolina five, and Georgia three.

Vacancies, how filled.

Representatives choose officers &

When vacancies happen in the representation from any State, the Executive authority thereof shall issue writs of election to fill such vacancies.

The House of Representatives shall choose their Speaker bring impeach- and other officers; and shall have the sole power of impeachment.

SECTION III. -The Senate of the United States shall be composed of two

Senators from each State, chosen by the Legislature thereof,

be vacated at the expiration of the second year, of the second class at the expiration of the fourth year, and of the third class at the expiration of the sixth year, so that one-third may be

chosen every second year; and if vacancies happen by resigna-

tion or otherwise, during the recess of the Legislature of any State, the Executive thereof may make temporary appointments, until the next meeting of the Legislature, which shall

No person shall be a Senator who shall not have attained to

the age of thirty years, and been nine years a citizen of the United States, and who shall not, when elected, be an inhabi-

Immediately after they shall be assembled in consequence of the first election, they shall be divided as equally as may be into

The seats of the Senators of the first class shall

for six years; and each Senator shall have one vote.

Senate, how chosen.

Senators classed.

three classes.

then fill such vacancies.

Vacancies, how filled.

Qualification of Senators.

Vice President to preside.

Officers of Senate.

'Trial of imp'chments.

tant of that State for which he shall be chosen. The Vice President of the United States shall be President of the Senate, but shall have no vote, unless they be equally divided.

The Senate shall choose their other officers, and also a President pro tempore, in the absence of the Vice President, or when he shall exercise the office of President of the United States.

The Senate shall have the sole power to try all impeachments: when sitting for that purpose, they shall be on oath or affirmation. When the President of the United States is tried the Chief Justice shall preside: and no person shall be convicted without the concurrence of two-thirds of the members present.

peachment,

Judgment on im. Judgment in cases of impeachment shall not extend farther than to removal from office, and disqualification to hold and enjoy any office of honor, trust or profit, under the United States: but the party convicted shall nevertheless be liable and Effect of. subject to indictment, trial, judgment and punishment, accordto law.

SECTION IV.

The times, places and manner of holding elections for Sen-Elections, wh're ators and Representatives, shall be prescribed in each State by the Legislature thereof; but the Congress may at any time by law make or alter such regulations, except as to the places of choosing Senators.

The Congress shall assemble at least once in every year, and Congress assemsuch meeting shall be on the first Monday in December, unless they shall by law appoint a different day.

SECTION V.

Each House shall be the judge of the elections, returns and Elections, howqualifications of its own members, and a majority of each shall judged. constitute a quorum to do business; but a smaller number may Quorum. adjourn from day to day, and may be authorized to compel the attendance of absent members, in such manner, and under such Absent members penalties as each House may provide.

Each House may determine the rules of its proceedings, pun-Rules. ish its members for disorderly behavior, and with the concurrence of two-thirds expel a member.

Each House shall keep a journal of its proceedings, and from Journals to be time to time publish the same, excepting such parts as may in ed. their judgment require secrecy; and the yeas and nays of the Yeas and nays. members of either House on any question shall, at the desire of one-fifth of those present, be entered on the journal.

Neither House, during the session of Congress, shall, without Adjournment. the consent of the other, adjourn for more than three days, nor to any other place than that in which the two Houses shall be sitting.

SECTION VI.

The Senators and Representatives shall receive a compen-compensation. sation for their services, to be ascertained by law, and paid out of the treasury of the United States. They shall, in all cases except treason, felony and breach of the peace, be privileged ^{Privileges.} from arrest during their attendance at the session of their respective Houses, and in going to or returning from the same; and for any speech or debate in either House, they shall not be questioned in any other place.

No Senator or Representative shall, during the time for Members not apwhich he was elected, be appointed to any civil office under ^{pointed to office}. the authority of the United States, which shall have been created, or the emoluments whereof shall have been increased, during such time : and no person holding any office under the United States shall be a member of either House during his Officers of Govcontinuance in office.

SECTION VII.

Revenue bills.

Bills to be pre-sented to the President.

His powers over them.

Proceedings his veto.

Joint orders or approved by the President.

Powers of Congress-to lay taxeral welfare, duties uniform.

Borrow money.

Commerce.

Naturalization.

Bankruptcy.

Coin money. Weights & measures.

Counterfeiting.

Post roads.

Promote arts and

All bills for raising revenue shall originate in the House of Representatives; but the Senate may propose, or concur with, amendments, as on other bills.

Every bill which shall have passed the House of Representatives and the Senate, shall, before it become a law, be presented to the President of the United States; if he approve he shall sign it, but if not he shall return it, with his objections, to that House in which it shall have originated, who shall enter the objections at large on their journal and proceed to reconsider on it. If after such reconsideration two-thirds of that House shall agree to pass the bill, it shall be sent, together with the objections, to the other House, by which it shall likewise be reconsidered, and if approved by two-thirds of that House, it shall become a law. But in all such cases the votes of both Houses shall be determined by yeas and nays, and the names of the persons voting for and against the bill shall be entered on the journal of each House respectively. If any bill shall not be Bills to be laws returned by the President within ten days (Sundays excepted,) if not returned in after it shall have been presented to him, the same shall be a law, in like manner as if he had signed it, unless the Congress by their adjournment prevent its return, in which case it shall not be a law.

Every order, resolution, or vote to which the concurrence of resolutions to be the Senate and House of Representatives may be necessary (except on a question of adjournment) shall be presented to the President of the United States; and before the same shall take effect, shall be approved by him, or, being disapproved by him, shall be repassed by two-thirds of the Senate and House of Representatives, according to the rules and limitations prescribed in the case of a bill.

SECTION VIII.

The Congress shall have power to lay and collect taxes, dues, pay debts, gen- ties, imposts and excises, to pay the debts and provide for the common defence and general welfare of the United States; but all duties, imposts, and excises shall be uniform throughout the

United States:

To borrow money on the credit of the United States;

To regulate commerce with foreign nations, and among the several States, and with the Indian tribes;

To establish a uniform rule of naturalization, and uniform laws on the subject of bankruptcies throughout the United States:

To coin money, regulate the value thereof, and of foreign coin, and fix the standard of weights and measures;

To provide for the punishment of counterfeiting the securities and current coin of the United States;

To establish post offices and post roads;

To promote the progress of science and useful arts, by se-

curing for limited times to authors and inventors the exclusive science. right to their respective writings and discoveries;

To constitute tribunals inferior to the Supreme Court; To define and punish piracies and felonies committed on the Piracies, &c. high seas, and offences against the law of nations;

To declare war, grant letters of marque and reprisal, and Declare war and make captures. make rules concerning captures on land or water;

To raise and support armies, but no appropriation of money Raise armies. to that use shall be for a longer term than two years;

To provide and maintain a navy;

To make rules for the government and regulation of the land Rules and articles of war. and naval forces:

To provide for calling forth the militia to execute the laws Call out the miof the Union, suppress insurrections and repel invasions;

To provide for organizing, arming, and disciplining the mi- Organize and go-vern the militia. litia, and for governing such part of them as may be employed

in the service of the United States, reserving to the States re-

spectively, the appointment of the officers, and the authority Officers, militia. of training the militia according to the discipline prescribed by Congress;

To exercise exclusive legislation in all cases whatsoever, Exclusive legis-over such district (not exceeding ten miles square) as may, by of Government.

cession of particular States, and the acceptance of Congress, become the seat of Government of the United States, and to exercise like authority over all places purchased by the con-

sent of the Legislature of the State in which the same shall be, And over forts, for the erection of forts, magazines, arsenals, dock-yards, and arsenals, docks, other needful buildings ;-And

To make all laws which shall be necessary and proper for To make gener-carrying into execution the foregoing powers, and all other pow-pow'rs into effect ers vested by this Constitution in the Government of the United States, or in any department or office thereof.

SECTION IX.

The migration or importation of such persons as any of the Importation States now existing shall think proper to admit, shall not be slaves allow'd ull prohibited by the Congress prior to the year eighteen hundred and eight, but a tax or duty may be imposed on such importation, not exceeding ten dollars for each person.

The privilege of the writ of habeas corpus shall not be sus- Habeas corpus. pended, unless when in cases of rebellion or invasion the public safety may require it.

No bill of attainder, or ex post facto law, shall be passed. No capitation, or other direct tax, shall be laid, unless in Direct taxes.

proportion to the census or enumeration herein before directed to be taken.

No tax or duty shall be laid on articles exported from any State. No exportation No preference shall be given by any regulation of commerce duty. or revenue to the ports of one State over those of another: nor tween the States. shall vessels bound to, or from, one State, be obliged to enter, clear, or pay duties in another.

Attainder and ex post facto laws.

Navy.

Inferior courts.

Money, how dr'n from treasury.

No money shall be drawn from the treasury, but in consequence of appropriations made by law; and a regular statement and account of the receipts and expenditures of all public mo-

To be published. ney shall be published from time to time.

No title of nobility shall be granted by the United States: No nobility. and no person holding any office of profit or trust under them. shall, without the consent of the Congress, accept of any pre-Foreign presents sent, emolument, office, or title, of any kind whatever, from any king, prince, or foreign state.

SECTION X.

Powers denied to the States.

and titles.

No State shall enter into any treaty, alliance, or confederation; grant letters of marque and reprisal; coin money; emit bills of credit; make any thing but gold and silver coin a tender in payment of debts; pass any bill of attainder, ex post facto law, or law impairing the obligation of contracts, or grant any title of nobility. No State shall, without the consent of the Congress, lay any

imposts or duties on imports or exports, except what may be absolutely necessary for executing its inspection laws : and the nett produce of all duties and imposts, laid by any State on

Other powers denied to States.

imports or exports, shall be for the use of the Treasury of the United States; and all such laws shall be subject to the revision and control of the Congress. No State shall, without the consent of Congress, lay any duty Further denial of

powers to States. of tonnage, keep troops, or ships of war in time of peace, enter into any agreement or compact with another State, or with a foreign power, or engage in war, unless actually invaded, or in such imminent danger as will not admit of delay.

ARTICLE II.

SECTION I.

The Executive power shall be vested in a President of the United States of America. He shall hold his office during the term of four years, and, together with the Vice President, chosen for the same term, be elected as follows :

Each State shall appoint, in such manner as the Legislature thereof may direct, a number of electors, equal to the whole number of Senators and Representatives to which the State may be entitled in the Congress: but no Senator or Representative, or person holding an office of trust or profit under the United States, shall be appointed an elector.

The electors shall meet in their respective States, and vote & to elect a Pre-by ballot for two persons, of whom one at least shall not be an inhabitant of the same State with themselves. And they shall make a list of all the persons voted for, and the number of votes for each; which list they shall sign and certify, and transmit sealed to the seat of Government of the United States, directed to the President of the Senate. The President of the Senate shall, in the presence of the Senate and House of Representatives, open all the certificates, and the votes shall then be count-

President United States.

Electors, how appointed.

President.

Their vot's couned in Congress.

The person having the greatest number of votes shall be ed. the President, if such number be a majority of the whole number of electors appointed; and if there be more than one who have such majority, and have an equal number of votes, then the House of Representatives shall immediately choose, by bal- Representatives lot, one of them for President; and if no person have a majo- tors fail. rity, then from the five highest on the list the said House shall, in like manner, choose the President. But in choosing the President, the votes shall be taken by States, the representation Votes by States. from each State having one vote; a quorum for this purpose shall consist of a member or members from two-thirds of the States, and a majority of all the States shall be necessary to a choice. In every case, after the choice of the President, the person having the greatest number of votes of the electors shall be the Vice President. But if there should remain two or more Vice President. who have equal votes, the Senate shall choose from them by ballot the Vice President.*

The Congress may determine the time of choosing the elec- Election & meettors, and the day on which they shall give their votes; which ing of electors. day shall be the same throughout the United States.

No person except a natural born citizen, or a citizen of the Qualifications of United States at the time of the adoption of this Constitution, President. shall be eligible to the office of President; neither shall any person be eligible to that office who shall not have attained to the age of thirty-five years, and been fourteen years a resident within the United States.

In case of the removal of the President from office, or of his Removal, death, death, resignation, or inability to discharge the powers and duties of the said office, the same shall devolve on the Vice President, and the Congress may by law provide for the case of removal, death, resignation, or inability, both of the President and Vice President, declaring what officer shall then act as President, and such officer shall.act accordingly, until the disability be removed, or a President shall be elected.

The President shall, at stated times, receive for his services, Compensation of a compensation, which shall neither be increased nor diminished during the period for which he shall have been elected, and he shall not receive within that period any other emolument from the United States, or any of them.

Before he enter on the execution of his office, he shall take the following oath or affirmation :---

"I do solemnly swear (or affirm) that I will faithfully exe- Oath. cute the office of President of the United States, and will, to the best of my ability, preserve; protect and defend the Constitution of the United States."

SECTION II.

The President shall be commander-in-chief of the army and Powers and duties of the Presinavy of the United States, and of the militia of the several dent.

* This clause of the Constitution has been amended. See twelfth article of the amendments, page 14.

States, when called into the actual service of the United States : he may require the opinion, in writing, of the principal officer in each of the Executive Departments, upon any subject relating to the duties of their respective offices; and he shall have power to grant reprieves and pardons for offences against the United States, except in cases of impeachment.

He shall have power, by and with the advice and consent of Appointment of the Senate, to make treaties, provided two-thirds of the Senators present concur; and he shall nominate, and by and with the advice and consent of the Senate, shall appoint ambassadors, other public ministers and consuls, judges of the Supreme Court, and all other officers of the United States, whose appointments are not herein otherwise provided for, and which shall be established by law: But the Congress may by law vest the appointment of such inferior officers, as they think proper, in the President alone, in the courts of law, or in the heads of Departments. vacancies in of- The President shall have power to fill up all vacancies that

fice.

public officers.

Further powers sident.

may happen during the recess of the Senate, by granting commissions which shall expire at the end of their next session.

SECTION III.

He shall from time to time give to the Congress information and duties of Pre- of the state of the Union, and recommend to their consideration such measures as he shall judge necessary and expedient; he may, on extraordinary occasions, convene both Houses, or either of them; and, in case of disagreement between them, with respect to the time of adjournment, he may adjourn them to such time as he shall think proper; he shall receive ambassadors and other public ministers; he shall take care that the laws be faithfully executed, and shall commission all the officers of the United States.

SECTION IV.

Impeachment.

The President, Vice President and all civil officers of the United States, shall be removed from office on impeachment for, and conviction of, treason, bribery, or other high crimes and misdemeanors.

ARTICLE III.

SECTION I.

Judiciary, and te-nure of Judges.

The Judicial power of the United States shall be vested in one Supreme Court, and in such inferior courts as the Congress may from time to time ordain and establish. The judges, both of the Supreme and inferior courts, shall hold their offices during good behavior, and shall, at stated times, receive for their services a compensation, which shall not be diminished during their continuance in office.

SECTION II.

Powers of the Judiciary.

The Judicial power shall extend to all cases in law and equity, arising under this Constitution, the laws of the United States,

and the treaties made, or which shall be made, under their authority ;—to all cases affecting ambassadors, other public ministers, and consuls;—to all cases of admiralty and maritime jurisdiction;—to controversies to which the United States shall be a party;—to controversies between two or more States ; between a State and citizens of another State;—between citizens of different States; between citizens of the same State claiming lands under grants of different States, and between a State or the citizens thereof, and foreign States, citizens or subjects.*

In all cases affecting ambassadors, other public ministers and Jurisdiction of consuls, and those in which a State shall be a party, the Su-Supreme Court. preme Court shall have original jurisdiction. In all the other cases before mentioned, the Supreme Court shall have appellate jurisdiction, both as to law and fact, with such exceptions, and under such regulations, as the Congress shall make.

The trial of all crimes, except in cases of impeachment, shall Trials by Jury, be by jury; and such trial shall be held in the State where the said crimes shall have been committed; but when not committed within any State, the trial shall be at such place or places And where held. as the Congress may by law have directed.

SECTION III.

Treason against the United States shall consist only in levy-_{Treason}. ing war against them, or in adhering to their enemies, giving them aid and comfort. No person shall be convicted of treason unless on the testimony of two witnesses to the same overt act, or on confession in open court.

The Congress shall have power to declare the punishment No corruption of of treason, but no attainder of treason shall work corruption of blood. blood, or forfeiture, except during the life of the person attainted.

ARTICLE IV.

SECTION I.

Full faith and credit shall be given in each State to the pub-Acts of States aclic acts, records, and judicial proceedings of every other State. ^{credited.} And the Congress may by general laws prescribe the manner in which such acts, records and proceedings shall be proved, and the effect thereof.

SECTION II.

The citizens of each State shall be entitled to all privileges privileges of citizens and immunities of citizens in the several States.

A person charged in any State with treason, felony, or other Fugitives from crime, who shall flee from justice, and be found in another crimes to be de-State, shall, on demand of the Executive authority of the State from which he fled, be delivered up to be removed to the State having jurisdiction of the crime.

No person held to service or labor in one State under the Fugitive slaves to laws thereof, escaping into another, shall, in consequence of any be delivered up. law, or regulation therein, be discharged from such service or

* See Amendments-art. XI.

labor, but shall be delivered up on claim of the party to whom such service or labor may be due.

SECTION III.

New States

Territory

States.

New States may be admitted by the Congress into this Union ; but no new States shall be formed or erected within the jurisdiction of any other State; nor any State be formed by the junction of two or more States, or parts of States, without the consent of the Legislature of the States concerned, as well as of the Congress.

The Congress shall have power to dispose of and make all and other property of United States. needful rules and regulations respecting the territory or other property belonging to the United States; and nothing in this Constitution shall be so construed as to prejudice any claims of the United States, or of any particular State.

SECTION IV.

The United States shall guaranty to every State in this Union of Government. Protection of the a republican form of government, and shall protect each of them against invasion; and on application of the Legislature, or of the Executive, (when the Legislature cannot be convened) against domestic violence.

ARTICLE V.

The Congress, whenever two-thirds of both Houses shall this Constitution. deem it necessary, shall propose amendments to this Constitution, or, on the application of the Legislatures of two-thirds of the several States, shall call a convention for proposing amendments, which, in either case, shall be valid to all intents and purposes, as part of this Constitution, when ratified by the Legislatures of three-fourths of the several States, or by conventions in three-fourths thereof, as the one or the other mode of ratification may be proposed by the Congress; provided that no amendment, which may be made prior to the year one thousand eight hundred and eight, shall in any manner affect the first and fourth clauses in the ninth section of the first article; and that no State, without its consent, shall be deprived of its equal suffrage in the Senate.

ARTICLE VI.

Debts of former Government re cognised.

All debts contracted and engagements entered into, before the adoption of this Constitution, shall be as valid against the United States under this Constitution, as under the Confederation.

What constitutes the supreme law.

This Constitution and the laws of the United States which shall be made in pursuance thereof, and all treaties made, or which shall be made, under the authority of the United States, shall be the supreme law of the land; and the judges in every State shall be bound thereby, any thing in the Constitution or laws of any State to the contrary notwithstanding.

Oath of public officers.

The Senators and Representatives before mentioned, and the members of the several State Legislatures, and all Executive

Claims. Republican form

Amendments of

and Judicial officers, both of the United States, and of the several States, shall be bound by oath or affirmation, to support this Constitution : but no religious test shall ever be required as ^{No religious test.} a qualification to any office or public trust under the United States.

ARTICLE VII.

The ratification of the conventions of nine States shall be Ratification. sufficient for the establishment of this Constitution between the States so ratifying the same.

Done in Convention, by the unanimous consent of the States present, the seventeenth day of September, in the year of our Lord one thousand seven hundred and eighty-seven, and of the independence of the United States of America the twelfth. In witness whereof we have hereunto subscribed our names.

G. WASHINGTON, President, and Deputy from Virginia.

IN CONVENTION.

MONDAY, SEPTEMBER 17, 1787.

Resolved, That the preceding Constitution be laid before the United States in Congress assembled; and that it is the opinion of this Convention that it should afterwards be submitted to a convention of delegates chosen in each State by the people thereof, under the recommendation of its Legislature, for their assent and ratification; and that each convention, assenting to and ratifying the same, should give notice thereof to the United States in Congress assembled.

Resolved, That it is the opinion of this Convention, that, as soon as the conventions of nine States shall have ratified this Constitution, the United States in Congress assembled should fix a day on which electors should be appointed by the States which shall have ratified the same, and a day on which electors should assemble to vote for the President, and the time and place for commencing proceedings under this Constitution; that, after such publication, the electors should be appointed, and the Senators and Representatives elected; that the electors should meet on the day fixed for the election of the President, and should transmit their votes, certified, signed, sealed, and directed, as the Constitution requires, to the Secretary of the United States in Congress assembled; that the Senators and Representatives should convene at the time and place assigned; that the Senators should appoint a President of the Senate, for the sole purpose of receiving, opening, and counting the votes for President; and that, after he shall be chosen, the Congress, together with the President, should, without delay, proceed to execute this Constitution.

By the unanimous order of the Convention:

G. WASHINGTON, President.

IN CONVENTION.

September 17, 1787.

SIR: We have now the honor to submit to the consideration of the United States in Congress assembled, that Constitution which has appeared to us the most advisable.

The friends of our country have long seen and desired that the power of making war, peace, and treaties; that of levying money, and regulating commerce, and the correspondent Executive and Judicial authorities, should be fully and effectually vested in the General Government of the Union; but the impropriety of delegating such extensive trust to one body of men is evident: hence results the necessity of a different organization.

It is obviously impracticable, in the Federal Government of these States, to secure all rights of independent sovereignty to each, and yet provide for the interest and safety of all. Individuals entering into society must give up a share of liberty to preserve the rest. The magnitude of the sacrifice must depend, as well on situation and circumstances, as on the object to be obtained. It is at all times difficult to draw with precision, the line between those rights which must be surrendered and those which may be reserved; and, on the present occasion, this difficulty was increased by a difference among the several States, as to their situation, extent, habits, and particular interests.

In all our deliberations on this subject, we kept steadily in our view that which appears to us the greatest interest of every true American—the consolidation of our Union; in which is involved our prosperity, felicity, safety—perhaps our national existence. This important consideration, seriously and deeply impressed on our minds, led each State in the Convention to be less rigid on points of inferior magnitude than might have been otherwise expected; and thus the Constitution which we now present is the result of a spirit of amity, and of that mutual deference and concession which the peculiarity of our political situation rendered indispensable.

That it will meet the full and entire approbation of every State, is not perhaps to be expected; but each will doubtless consider, that, had her interest alone been consulted, the consequences might have been particularly disagreeable or injurious to others. That it is liable to as few exceptions as could reasonably have been expected, we hope and believe; that it may promote the lasting welfare of that country so dear to us all, and secure her freedom and happiness, is our most ardent wish. With great respect, we have the honor to be, sir, your excellency's most obedient and humble servants.

By the unanimous order of the Convention :

G. WASHINGTON, President.

His Excellency the PRESIDENT of Congress.

The United States in Congress assembled.

FRIDAY, SEPTEMBER 28, 1787.

Congress having received the report of the Convention lately assembled in Philadelphia,

Resolved, unanimously, That the said report, with the resolutions and letter accompanying the same, be transmitted to the several Legislatures, in order to be submitted to a convention of delegates chosen in each State by the people thereof, in conformity to the resolves of the Convention, made and provided in that case.

CHARLES THOMSON, Secretary.

AMENDMENTS.

Article the First.

Congress shall make no law respecting an establishment of Amendments to religion, or prohibiting the free exercise thereof; or abridging the freedom of speech, or of the press; or the right of the people peaceably to assemble, and to petition the Government for a redress of grievances.

Article the Second.

A well regulated militia being necessary to the security of a free State, the right of the people to keep and bear arms shall not be infringed.

Article the Third.

No soldier shall, in time of peace, be quartered in any house without the consent of the owner, nor in time of war but in a manner to be prescribed by law.

Article the Fourth.

The right of the people to be secure in their persons, houses, papers, and effects, against unreasonable searches and seizures, shall not be violated; and no warrants shall-issue but upon probable cause, supported by oath or affirmation, and particularly describing the place to be searched, and the persons or things to be seized.

Article the Fifth.

No person shall be held to answer for a capital or otherwise infamous crime, unless on a presentment or indictment of a grand jury, except in cases arising in the land or naval forces, or in the militia when in actual service, in time of war or public danger; nor shall any person be subject for the same offence to be twice put in jeopardy of life or limb; nor shall be compelled in any criminal case to be a witness against himself; nor be deprived of life, liberty, or property, without due process of law; nor shall private property be taken for public use without just compensation.

Article the Sixth.

Amendments to Constitution.

In all criminal prosecutions the accused shall enjoy the right to a speedy and public trial, by an impartial jury of the State and district wherein the crime shall have been committed, which district shall have been previously ascertained by law; and to be informed of the nature and cause of the accusation; to be confronted with the witnesses against him; to have compulsory process for obtaining witnesses in his favor; and to have the assistance of counsel for his defence.

Article the Seventh.

In suits at common law, where the value in controversy shall exceed twenty dollars, the right of trial by jury shall be preserved; and no fact tried by a jury shall be otherwise re-examined in any court of the United States, than according to the rules of the common law.

Article the Eighth.

Excessive bail shall not be required, nor excessive fines imposed, nor cruel and unusual punishments inflicted.

Article the Ninth.

The enumeration in the Constitution of certain rights shall not be construed to deny or disparage others retained by the people.

Article the Tenth.

The powers not delegated to the United States by the Constitution, nor prohibited by it to the States, are reserved to the States respectively, or to the people.

Article the Eleventh.

The judicial power of the United States shall not be construed to extend to any suit in law or equity commenced or prosecuted against one of the United States by citizens of another State, or by citizens or subjects of any foreign State.

Article the Twelfth.

The electors shall meet in their respective States, and vote by ballot for President and Vice President, one of whom, at least, shall not be an inhabitant of the same State with themselves; they shall name in their ballots the person voted for as President; and in distinct ballots the person voted for as Vice President; and they shall make distinct lists of all persons voted for as President, and of all persons voted for as Vice President, and of the number of votes for each; which lists they shall sign and certify, and transmit sealed to the seat of the Government of the United States, directed to the President of the Senate: the President of the Senate shall, in presence of the Senate and House of Representatives, open all the certificates, and the votes shall then be counted : the person having the greatest

number of votes for President shall be the President, if such Amendments to number be a majority of the whole number of electors appointed; and if no person have such majority, then, from the persons having the highest numbers, not exceeding three, on the list of those voted for as President, the House of Representatives shall choose, immediately, by ballot, the President. But, in choosing the President, the votes shall be taken by States, the representation from each State having one vote; a quorum for this purpose shall consist of a member or members from twothirds of the States, and a majority of all the States shall be necessary to a choice. And if the House of Representatives shall not choose a President whenever the right of choice shall devolve upon them, before the fourth day of March next following, then the Vice President shall act as President as in the case of the death or other constitutional disability of the President.

The person having the greatest number of votes as Vice President shall be the Vice President, if such number be a majority of the whole number of electors appointed; and if no person have a majority, then, from the two highest numbers on the list, the Senate shall choose the Vice President: a quorum for the purpose shall consist of two-thirds of the whole number of Senators, and a majority of the whole number shall be necessary to a choice.

But no person constitutionally ineligible to the office of President, shall be eligible to that of Vice President of the United States.

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ORIGIN, ETC.

OF THE

NAVAL ESTABLISHMENT

OF THE

UNITED STATES.

Resolved, That two battalions of marines be raised, consisting of one colonel, two lieutenant colonels, two majors, and other officers, as usual in other regiments; that they consist of an equal number of privates, with other battalions; that particular care be taken that no persons be appointed to offices, or enlisted into said battalions, but such as are good seamen, or so acquainted with maritime affairs, as to be able to serve to advantage by sea, when required; that they be enlisted and commissioned to serve for and-during the present war between Great Britain and the colonies, unless dismissed by order of Congress; that they be distinguished by the names of the first and second battalions of American marines.

1. *Resolved*, That all such ships of war, frigates, sloops, cutters, and armed vessels, as are, or shall be, employed in the present cruel and unjust war against the United Colonies, and shall fall into the hands of, or be taken by, the inhabitants thereof, be seized and forfeited to and for the purposes hereinafter mentioned.

2. Resolved, That all transport vessels in the same service, having on board any troops, arms, ammunition, clothing, provisions, or military or naval stores, of what kind soever, and all vessels to whomsoever belonging, that shall be employed in carrying provisions, or other necessaries, to the British army, or armies, or navy, that now are, or shall hereafter be, within any of the United Colonies, or any goods, wares, or merchandise, for the use of such fleet or army, shall be liable to seizure, and, with their cargoes, shall be confiscated.

3. Resolved, That no master or commander of any vessel shall be entitled to cruise for, or make prize of, any vessel or cargo, before he shall have obtained a commission from the Congress, or from such person or persons as shall be for that purpose appointed, in some one of the United Colonies.

In Congress, Nov. 10, 1775.

In Congress, Nov. 25, 1775.

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In Congress, Nov. 25, 1775. 4. That it be, and is hereby, recommended to the several legislatures in the United Colonies, as soon as possible to erect courts of justice, or give jurisdiction to the courts now in being, for the purpose of determining concerning the captures to be made as aforesaid, and to provide that alltrials, in such case, be had by a jury, under such qualifications as to the respective legislatures shall seem expedient.

5. That all prosecutions shall be commenced in the court of that colony in which the captures shall be made; but if no such court be at that time erected in the said colony, or if the capture be made on open sea, then the prosecution shall be in the court of such colony as the captor may find most convenient: *provided*, that nothing contained in this resolution shall be construed so as to enable the captor to remove his prize from any colony competent to determine concerning the seizure, after he shall have carried the vessel so seized within any harbor of the same.

6. That in all cases an appeal shall be allowed to the Congress, or such person or persons as they shall appoint for the trial of appeals; *provided* the appeal be demanded within five days after definitive sentence, and such appeal be lodged with the Secretary of Congress within forty days afterwards; *and provided* the party appealing shall give security to prosecute the said appeal to effect: and in case of the death of the Secretary during the recess of Congress, then the said appeal to be lodged in Congress within twenty days after the meeting thereof.

7. That when any vessel or vessels shall be fitted out at the expense of any private person or persons, then the captures made shall be to the use of the owner or owners of the said vessel or vessels; that where the vessels employed in the capture shall be fitted out at the expense of any of the United Colonies, then one-third of the prize taken shall be to the use of the captors, and the remaining two-thirds to the use of the said colony; and where the vessels so employed shall be fitted out at the continental charge, then one-third shall go to the captors, and the remaining two-thirds to the use of the United Colonies: *provided*, *nevertheless*, that if the capture be a vessel of war, then the captors shall be entitled to one-half of the value, and the remainder shall go to the colony or continent, as the case may be; the necessary charges of condemnation of all prizes being deducted before distribution made.

The Congress resumed the consideration of the rules and orders for the navy of the United Colonies, and the same being debated by paragraphs, were agreed to.

[Note.—As the rules and regulations of the navy, ordained by Congress prior to the adoption of the constitution in 1788, have been, in an approved form, enacted into a law of the United States, it is deemed unnecessary to insert them here. See the act of April 23, 1800; chap. 187, vol. 3.]

In Congress, Dec. 5, 1775.

In Congress, Nov. 28, 1775.

> *Resolved*, That in cases of re-captures, the re-captors have, and retain, in lieu of salvage, one-eighth part of the true value of the vessel and cargo, or either of them, if the same hath or

have been in possession of the enemy twenty-four hours; onefifth part, if more than twenty-four hours, and less than fortyeight hours; one-third part, if more than forty-eight, and less than ninety-six hours; and one-half, if more than ninety-six hours, unless the vessel shall, after the capture, have been legally condemned as a prize by some court of admiralty, in which case the re-captors to have the whole : in all which cases, the share detained, or prize, to be divided between the owners of the ship making the re-capture, the colony, or the continent, as the case may be, and the captors, agreeably to a former resolution.

Resolved, That a committee be appointed to devise ways and means for furnishing these colonies with a naval armament, and report with all convenient speed.

The committee appointed to devise ways and means for fitting out a naval armament, brought in their report, which, being read and debated, was agreed to as follows:

That five ships of 32 guns, five of 28 guns, three of 24 guns, making in the whole thirteen, can be fitted for the sea, probably by the last of March next, viz: in New Hampshire one, in Massachusetts Bay two, in Connecticut one, in Rhode Island two, in New York two, in Pennsylvania four, and in Maryland one.

That the cost of these ships, so fitted, will not be more than $66,666\frac{2}{3}$ dollars each, on an average, allowing two complete suits of sails for each ship, equal in the whole to $866,666\frac{2}{3}$ dollars.

That the materials for fitting them may be all furnished in these colonies, except the articles of canvass and gunpowder; and that, therefore, it will be proper the Congress direct the most speedy and effectual means of importing the said articles of canvass and powder; that of the former, 7,500 pieces will be wanted, and that of the latter, one hundred tons.

Resolved, That a committee be appointed with full powers to carry the said report into execution, with all possible expedition, (except what relates to canvass and powder,) at the expense of the United Colonies.

Resolved, That the committee for fitting out armed vessels, issue warrants to all officers employed in the fleet under the rank of third lieutenants.

Resolved, That the said committee be directed (as a secret committee) to give such instructions to the commander of the fleet, touching the operations of the ships under his command, as shall appear to the said committee most conducive to the defence of the United Colonies, and to the distress of the enemy's naval forces and vessels bringing supplies to their fleets and armies, and lay such instructions before the Congress when called for.

The committee, to whom it was referred to consider how the In Congress, share of prizes allotted to the captors ought to be divided be-January 6, 1776. tween the officers and men, brought in their report; which, being taken into consideration, was agreed to as follows:

In Congress, Dec. 22, 1775.

In Congress, Dec. 11, 1775.

In Congress, Dec. 13, 1775.

In Congress, Dec. 5, 1775. Distribution prize money. of

Resolved, That the commander-in-chief have one-twentieth part of the said allotted prize money, taken by any ship or ships, armed vessel or vessels, under his orders and command.

That the captain of any single ship, or armed vessel, have two-twentieth parts for his share, but if more ships or armed vessels be in company, when a prize is taken, then the twotwentieth parts to be divided amongst all the said captains.

That the captains of marines, lieutenants of the ships or armed vessels, and masters thereof, share together, and have three-twentieth parts divided among them equally, of all prizes taken when they are in company.

That the lieutenants of marines, surgeons, chaplains, pursers, boatswains, gunners, carpenters, the master's mates, and the secretary of the fleet, share together, and have twotwentieth parts and one-half of a twentieth part, divided among them equally, of all prizes taken when they are in company.

That the following petty warrant, and petty officers, viz: (allowing for each ship six midshipmen, for each brig four midshipmen, and each sloop two midshipmen, one captain's clerk, one surgeon's mate, one steward, one sailmaker, one cooper, one armorer, two boatswain's mates, two gunner's mates, two carpenter's mates, one cook, one cockswain, two sergeants of marines for each ship, and one sergeant for each brig and sloop) have three-twentieth parts divided among them, equally; and when a prize is taken by any ship or vessel, on board or in company of which the commander-in-chief is, then the commander-in-chief's cook or cockswain to be added to this allotment, and have their shares with these last mentioned.

That the remaining eight-twentieth parts and one-half of the twentieth part, be divided among the rest of the ship or ship's companies, as it may happen, share and share alike.

That no officer or man have any share, but such as are actually on board their several vessels when any prize or prizes are taken, excepting only such as may have been ordered on board any other prizes before taken, or sent away by his or their commanding officers.

In Congress, March 23, 1776.

In Congress, April 2, 1776.

January 25, 1776. of Congress be left to the naval committee. *Resolved*, That the inhabitants of these colonies be permitted to fit out armed vessels to cruise on the enemies of these United Colonies.

Resolved, That the direction of the fleet fitted out by order

The committee appointed to prepare the form of a commission, and instructions to commanders of private ships of war, brought in the same, which were read.

The commission being agreed to, is as follows:

The delegates of the United Colonies of New Hampshire, &c. Form of commis- to all to whom these presents shall come, greeting : Know ye, sion for private that we have granted, and by these presents do grant, license and authority to _____, mariner, commander of the____, call-____, of the burden of _____ tons, or thereabouts, belonging to _____ of _____, in the colony of _____, mount-

----- carriage guns, and navigated by ------ men, to fit ing out and set forth the said _____, in a warlike manner, and by and with the said _____ and crew thereof, by force of arms to attack, seize, and take the ships and other vessels belonging to the inhabitants of Great Britain, or any of them, with their tackle, apparel, furniture, and lading, on the high seas, or between high and low water marks, and to bring the same to some convenient ports in the said colonies, in order that the courts, which are or shall be there appointed to hear and determine causes, civil and maritime, may proceed in due form to condemn the said captures, if they be adjudged lawful prize; the said _____ having given bond, with sufficient sureties, that nothing be done by the said _____, or any of the officers, mariners, or company thereof, contrary to, or inconsistent with, the usages and customs of nations, and the instructions, a copy of which is herewith delivered to him. And we will and require all our officers whatsoever, to give succor and assistance to the said --------- in the premises. This commission will continue in force until the Congress shall issue orders to the contrary.

By order of Congress:

Attest -

-. President.

Resolved, That blank commissions for private ships of war, In Congress, and letters of marque and reprisal, signed by the President, be Commissions for sent to the general assemblies, conventions, and councils, or private armed committees of safety, of the United Colonies, to be by them etc. filled up and delivered to the persons intending to fit out such private ships of war, for making captures of British vessels and cargoes, who shall apply for the same, and execute the bonds which shall be sent with the said commissions, which bonds shall be returned to the Congress.

Resolved, That every person intending to set forth and fit Applications out a private ship or vessel of war, and applying for a commis- commissions writing, etc. sion or letter of margue and reprisal for that purpose, shall produce a writing subscribed by him, containing the name and tonnage or burden of the ship or vessel, the number of her guns, with their weight of metal, the name and place of residence of the owner or owners, the names of the commander and other officers, the number of the crew, and the quantity of provisions and warlike stores; which writing shall be delivered to the secretary of Congress, or to the clerk of the House of Representatives, convention, or council, or committee of safety, of the colony in which the ship or vessel may be, to be transmitted to the said secretary, and shall be registered by him; and that the commander of the ship or vessel, before the commission or letter of marque and reprisal may be granted, shall, together with sureties, seal and deliver a bond, in the penalty of five Bond, etc. thousand dollars, if the vessel be of one hundred tons or under, or ten thousand dollars, if of a greater burden, payable to the President of the Congress, in trust, for the use of the United Colonies, with condition in the form following, to wit: "The condition of this obligation is such, that if the above bounden

In Congress, April 2, 1776.

for

In Congress, April 3, 1776.

-. belonging to _____, of _____, in the colony of _____, mounting _____ carriage guns, and navigated by _____ men. and who hath applied for a commission, and letters of margue and reprisal, to arm, equip, and set forth to sea the said --, as a private ship of war, and to make captures of British vessels and cargoes, shall not exceed or transgress the powers and authorities which shall be contained in the said commission, but shall. in all things, observe and conduct himself and govern his crew, by and according to the same, and certain instructions therewith to be delivered, and such other instructions as may hereafter be given to him; and shall make reparation for all damages sustained by any misconduct or unwarrantable proceedings of himself, or the officers or crew of the said _____, then this obligation shall be void, or else remain in force :" which bond shall be lodged with the said secretary of Congress.

Resolved, That the marine committee be empowered to affix the names to each particular ship, and determine the vessel which each captain is to take command of.

Resolved, That the marine committee be directed to order August 5, 1776. the ships and armed vessels, belonging to the continent, out on such cruises as they shall think proper.

Resolved, That the marine committee be authorized and em-August 23, 1776. powered to purchase materials in all such parts of America, as they may think proper, for building more ships of war, and that , the said committee report to Congress a plan of the ships that should be built in addition to the present navy.

> Resolved, That the rank of officers of marines be the same as. officers of similar commissions in the land service:

That the commanders, officers, seamen, and marines, in the ficers, etc., of ma- continental navy, be entitled to one-half of merchantmen, transports, and store-ships, by them taken, from and after the first day of November, 1776, to be divided amongst them in the shares and proportions fixed by former resolutions of Congress:

That the commanders, officers, seamen, and marines, in the continental navy, be entitled to the whole value of all ships and vessels of war belonging to the crown of Great Britain, by them made prize of, and all privateers authorized by his Britannic majesty to war against these States, to be divided as aforesaid.

• Congress took into consideration the report of the committee relative to the navy: whereupon,

Resolved, That a bounty of twenty dollars be paid to the commanders, officers, and men, of such continental ships or vessels of war, as shall make prize of any British ships or vessels of war, for every cannon mounted on board each prize at the time of such capture; and eight dollars per head, for every main then on board, and belonging to such prize:

That the rank of the naval officers be, to the rank of officers naval and land in the land service, as follows :

In Congress, June 6, 1776.

In Congress.

In Congress,

In Congress, October 30, 1776.

Rank, etc., of ofrines.

In Congress. Nov. 15, 1776.

Bounty for captures.

Relative rank of officers.

Admiral

General, as a -

Vice Admiral - as a	- 1	Lieutenant General,	In Congress, Nov. 15, 1776.)
Rear Admiral - "	-	Major General,	1.011 10, 11106
Commodore - "		Brigadier General,	
Captain of a ship of 40 guns and upwards	-	Colonel,	
Captain of a ship of 20 to 40 guns	4	Lieutenant Colonel,	
Captain of a ship of 10 to 20 guns	-	Major,	
Lieutenant in the Navy	-11	Captain.	
	Rear Admiral - " Commodore - " Captain of a ship of 40 guns and upwards Captain of a ship of 20 to 40 guns Captain of a ship of 10 to 20 guns	Rear Admiral - " - Commodore - " - Captain of a ship of 40 guns and upwards - Captain of a ship of 20 to 40 guns Captain of a ship of 10 to 20 - guns -	Rear Admiral - " - Major General, Commodore - " - Brigadier General, Captain of a ship of 40 guns and upwards - Colonel, Captain of a ship of 20 to 40 guns Captain of a ship of 10 to 20 guns - Major,

Resolved. That the pay and subsistence of surgeons in the navy, be equal to the pay and subsistence of the lieutenants of the vessels to which they shall respectively belong.

Resolved, That the management of all business relating to the marine of these United States be vested in commissioners.

Resolved, That the marine committee be, and they hereby are, directed forthwith to cause the crews of vessels captured from the enemy to be confined on board prison ships, and supplied and treated, in all respects, in the same manner as the crews of vessels belonging to these United States, and captured by the enemy, are supplied and treated.

Congress took into consideration the report of the marine. In Congress committee, respecting the navy department : whereupon,

Resolved, That a board of admiralty be established, to superintend the naval and marine affairs of these United States. to consist of three commissioners, not members of Congress, and two members of Congress, any three of whom to form a board for the despatch of business; to be subject, in all cases, to the control of Congress:

That there shall not be more than one member of the said board, at any time, belonging to the same State:

That there shall be a secretary to the said board, to be appointed by Congress:

That the board have power to appoint a clerk to assist them. in the execution of the business of the department:

That the said board of admiralty be, and they are hereby authorized, empowered, and directed, to form proper plans for increasing the naval force of the United States, and for the better regulating the same, and lay them before Congress :

That they have the ordering and directing the destination of all ships and vessels of war; that they superintend and direct such navy boards as are now established, or may at any time hereafter be established by Congress; cause fair entries to be/ made, and proper accounts kept, of all business transacted by them; examine the accounts of the several navy boards, and all agents and other persons who have transacted, or may transact, any business relative to the marine department, where such accounts have not been finally settled; report the same to Congress, and make proper entries in their books, so that the whole matters may be comprehended in one view; keep an alphabetical and accurate register of the names of all officers of the navy

In Congress July 16, 1777.

In Congress, June 9, 1779.

In Congress, July 15, 1779.

Oct. 28, 1779.

In Congress, Oct. 28, 1779.

in the service of the United States, with their rank and the date of their commissions, which commissions shall be signed by the president of Congress, and countersigned by the secretary of the said board of admiralty; publish, annually, a register of all appointments; obtain regular and exact returns of all warlike stores, clothing, provisions, and all other necessary articles, belonging to the marine department; take the care and direction of all marine prisoners; execute all such matters as shall be directed, and give their opinion on all such subjects as shall be referred to them by Congress, or as they may think necessary for the better regulation and improvement of the navy of the United States; and, in general, to superintend and direct all the branches of the marine department:

That the said board shall sit in the place where Congress shall be held, and no member of the board shall absent himself, without leave of Congress, or the committee of the States, in the recess of Congress:

That all the proceedings of the said board shall be inspected by Congress, or a committee by them appointed for that purpose, as often as may be thought proper and convenient; and every member of Congress may have free access to the records and papers of the said board, excepting such as are in their nature secret:

That all navy and marine officers, and others, attending upon, or connected with, the admiralty department, be, and they are hereby, required and enjoined, to observe the directions of the said board, in all such other matters as they may be directed, or may tend, to facilitate the business of the department.

Resolved, That the salary of each of the three commissioners, who shall conduct the business of the board of admiralty, be fourteen thousand dollars per annum, and the salary of the secretary of the said board, be ten thousand dollars per annum; said salaries to be annually, or oftener, if Congress shall judge it expedient, revised and altered, agreeably to the appreciation of the continental currency.

In Congress, Nov. 16, 1779.

In Congress, Dec. 8, 1779.

In Congress, January 8, 1780.

In Congress, April 20, 1780. to appoint advocates for the purpose of taking care of, and managing, the maritime causes in which the United States are, or may be, concerned.

That the marine committee be authorized, from time to time,

Resolved, That all matters heretofore referred to the marine committee, be transmitted to the board of admiralty.

Resolved, That the marines of the navy of the United States, whilst doing garrison duty, be allowed the same subsistence moneys as are allowed to the officers and soldiers of the line of the army.

The board of admiralty reported the form of a commission for the naval officers in the employ of the United States, which was agreed to, as follows:

The United States of America in Congress assembled, to —, greeting.

Form of commission for naval officers.

We, reposing especial trust and confidence in your valor,

conduct, and fidelity, do, by these presents, constitute and appoint you to be _____ in the navy of the United States, to take rank from the _____; you are, therefore, carefully and diligently to discharge the duty of _____, by doing and performing all manner of things thereunto belonging. And we do strictly charge and require all officers, marines, and seamen under your command, to be obedient to your orders, as _____. And you are to observe and follow such orders and directions, from time to time, as you shall receive from Congress, a committee of the States, the board of admiralty, the commanderin-chief, for the time being, of the navy of the United States, or any other, your superior, officer, according to the rules and discipline of the navy and the usage of the sea. This commission to continue in force until revoked by Congress, or a committee of the States.

Witness _____, president of the Congress of the United States of America, at _____, the _____ day of _____, in the year of our Lord _____, and in the _____ year of our independence.

Entered in the admiralty office, and examined by the board. Attest _____, Secretary of the Board of Admiralty.

A report from the board of admiralty was read : whereupon, In Congress, August 7, 1780. Resolved, That any officer who, by virtue of his commission, or warrant, hath served, or hereafter shall serve, on board any ship of war, of twenty guns and upwards, belonging to the navy of these States, and shall thereafter serve in the same rank on board any other vessel of inferior force, such officer shall receive the same pay as he was entitled to when serving in a ship of twenty guns and upwards; any resolution to the contrary notwithstanding.

Resolved, That there be a Superintendent of Finance, a Se- In Congress, February 7, 1781. cretary of War, and a Secretary of Marine.

Resolved, That it shall be the duty of the Secretary of Marine to examine into, and report to Congress, the present state of the navy, a register of the officers, in and out of command, and the dates of their respective commissions; and an account of all the naval and other stores belonging to the department; to form estimates of all pay, equipments, and supplies, necessary for the navy; and, from time to time, to report such estimates to the Superintendent of Finance, that he may take measures for providing for the expenses, in such manner as may best suit the condition of the public treasury; to superintend and direct the execution of all resolutions of Congress respecting naval preparations; to make out, seal, and countersign, all marine commissions, keep registers thereof, and publish annually a list of all appointments; to report to Congress the officers and agents necessary to assist him in the business of his department; and, in general, to execute all the duties and powers specified in the act of Congress constituting the board of admiralty.

Resolved, That the care of the marine prisoners, heretofore entrusted to the board of admiralty, be transferred to the com-

In Congress, April 20, 1780.

In Congress, July 18, 1781. In Congress, July 18, 1781.

missary of prisoners, under the superintendence of the board of war.

That the seal of the admiralty be deposited with the secretary of Congress; and that he seal and countersign the like commissions as have heretofore been issued by the board of admiralty, by order of Congress, until a Secretary of Marine shall be appointed.

In Congress

On a report of a committee, consisting of Mr. Bland, Mr. August 29, 1781. Varnum, Mr. Duane, to whom were referred sundry motions. relative to the board of admiralty, the navy boards, and the mode of conducting the business of the navy:

> Resolved, That, for the present, an agent of the marine be appointed, with authority to direct, fit out, equip, and employ, the ships and vessels belonging to the United States, according to such instructions as he shall, from time to time, receive from Congress:

> That all prizes belonging to the United States be sold under his direction, and the produce deposited by him in the hands, of the Superintendent of Finance:

> That all accounts and demands for pay, and for all disbursements and expenses, respecting the said marine, be transmitted to the said agent for settlement and payment; and that he cause regular entries thereof to be made and kept:

> That he shall be allowed a salary at the rate of fifteen hundred dollars per annum, in full of all charges and expenses whatsoever; that he shall also be allowed a clerk, who shall receive, for his services, a salary at the rate of five hundred dollars per annum :

> That both the agent and clerk shall, before they enter into their respective offices, take an oath before the President of Congress, well and faithfully to execute the trust reposed in them, according to the best of their skill and judgment; and shall enter into bond, with good and sufficient surety, for the due and faithful performance of his office, which shall be lodged in the office of the secretary of Congress:

> That, as soon as the said agent shall enter into the execution of his office, the functions and appointments of the board of admiralty, the several navy boards, and all civil officers appointed under them, shall cease and be determined.

> And, lastly, that the registers, books, and papers, belonging to the admiralty and navy boards, or in their custody, shall be delivered over to the said agent, and preserved by him.

> Resolved, That, until an agent of marine shall be appointed by Congress, all the duties, powers, and authority, assigned to the said agent, be devolved upon, and executed by, the Superintendent of Finance:

> That as soon as the said superintendent shall take upon him the execution of the duties, powers, and authority, hereby devolved upon him, the functions and appointments of the board of admiralty, the several navy boards, agents, and all civil officers under them, shall cease and determine.

In Congress, Sept. 7, 1781.

Resolved, That the registers, books, and papers, belonging to the admiralty and navy boards, or in their custody, be delivered over to the said Superintendent of Finance, and preserved by him.

On a report of a committee, consisting of Mr. Connell, Mr. Randolph, and Mr. Carroll, to whom was referred a letter of the 17th of November last, from the Superintendent of Finance :

Resolved, That the powers vested by the resolutions of the Sth of February, 1780, in the board of admiralty, and navy board, respectively, in case of the loss of any ship or vessel of war, in the service of the United States, be vested in the Secretary of Marine; or until he be appointed and enter upon the execution of his office, in the agent of marine; except that neither the secretary nor agent of marine shall be authorized to sit in any court of inquiry.

Resolved, That it shall be the duty of the secretary or agent of marine to transmit to the United States in Congress assembled, the proceedings of courts martial, previous to the execution of any capital sentence which may be awarded.

Resolved, That the powers and duties hereby assigned to the secretary or agent of marine, be assigned to the Superintendent of Finance, to be exercised by him, until such secretary or agent of marine shall be appointed.

Resolved, That the power of negotiating the exchange of marine prisoners be henceforth vested in the agent of marine, who is hereby authorized to appoint a commissary for marine prisoners, to be subject to his orders and instructions.

On the report of a committee, consisting of Mr. Fitzsimmons, Mr. Peters, and Mr. Holten, to whom was recommitted their report, on a motion of Mr. Holten, respecting bonds given by commanders of private armed vessels:

Resolved, That the agent of marine, for the time being, be, and he is hereby, authorized and directed, whensoever complaints are exhibited of public abuses or private injuries committed by the captains or commanders of any privateers, or armed vessels, sailing under the authority of the United States, to cause such legal measures for obtaining redress, by means of the bonds given on taking out commissions for such privateers or armed vessels, for any abuses or injuries contrary to their instructions; or in violation of the maritime ordinances of the United States, or the laws and customs of nations, as to justice appertains; all prosecutions for private injuries, upon said bonds, to be at the risk and expense of the complainants, or the persons said to be aggrieved.

The agent of marine, to whom was referred a resolution of the House of Delegates, of the State of Virginia, of 26th of June, 1783, reported :

That although it is an object highly desirable to establish a respectable marine, yet the situation of the public treasury renders it not advisable to purchase ships for the present, nor until the several States shall grant such funds for the construction of

In Congress, July 24, 1782.

In Congress, June 2, 1783.

In Congress, Nov. 20, 1781.

In Congress, August 5, 1783.

In Congress, Sept. 7, 1781, In Congress, August 5, 1783.

ships, docks, and naval arsenals, and for the support of the naval service, as shall enable the United States to establish their marine upon a permanent and respectable footing.

Resolved, That Congress agree to the report.

In Congress, August 1, 1787. *Resolved*, That the commissioner of marine accounts, in settling the accounts of the officers, seamen, and marines, of the late navy of the United States, govern himself by the principles established for the line of the army, by the act of Congress of the 10th of April, 1780,* so far as the same relates to the allowance for depreciation; *provided*, that no officer, seaman, or marine, be entitled to the benefit of this resolve, who was not in service, or liable to be called into service, on the 10th of April, 1780.

In Congress, April 10, 1780.

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* Resolved, That when Congress shall be furnished with proper documents to liquidate the depreciation of the continental bills of credit, they will, as soon thereafter as the state of the public finances will admit, make good to the line of the army, and the independent corps thereof, the deficiency of their original pay occasioned by such depreciation; and that the money and articles heretofore paid or furnished, or hereafter to be paid or furnished, by Congress or the States, or any of them, as for pay, subsistence, or to compensate for deficiencies, shall be deemed as advanced on account, until such liquidation as aforesaid shall be adjusted; it being the determination of Congress, that all the troops serving in the continental army shall be placed on an equal footing: *provided*, that no person shall have any benefit of this resolution, except such as were engaged during the war, or for three years, and are now in service, or shall hereafter engage during the war.

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LAWS OF CONGRESS.

IN RELATION TO THE

NAVY AND MARINE CORPS.

AN ACT to regulate the time and manner of administering certain oaths.

SEC. 1. Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Repre-Form of oath to sentatives of the United States of America in Congress as- support the Consembled. That the oath or affirmation required by the sixth article of the Constitution of the United States shall be administered in the form following, to wit,-" I, A. B. do solemnly swear or affirm (as the case may be) that I will support the Constitution of the United States."

SEC. 4. And be it further enacted, That all officers appoint-red, or hereafter to be appointed, under the authority of the Uni-the United States ted States, shall, before they act in their respective offices, take appointed or to be the same oath or affirmation, which shall be administered by the person or persons who shall be authorized by law to administer to such officers their respective oaths of office; and such officers shall incur the same penalties in case of failure, as shall be imposed by law in case of failure in taking their respective oaths of office.

APPROVED, June 1, 1789.

AN ACT to establish an executive department, to be denominated the department of war.

SEC. 1. Be it enacted, &c., That there shall be an execu- secretary for the tive department, to be denominated the Department of War; department war, his duty, and that there shall be a principal officer therein, to be called the Secretary for the Department of War, who shall perform and execute such duties as shall from time to time be enjoined on, or entrusted to, him by the President of the United States, agreeably to the Constitution, relative to military commissions, or to the land or naval forces, ships, or warlike stores of the United States, or to such other matters respecting military or naval affairs, as the President of the United States shall assign to the said department, or relative to the granting of lands to persons entitled thereto, for military services rendered to the United States, or relative to Indian affairs : And furthermore, that the said principal officer shall conduct the business of the

1789.

said department in such manner as the President of the United States shall from time to time order or instruct.

APPROVED, August 7, 1789.

[So much of this act as vests in the Secretary of War the direction of naval affairs, repealed by act of April 30, 1798, establishing a Navy Department.]

AN ACT making an alteration in the flag of the United States.* [Altered, April 4, 1818.]

Alteration in flag of U. S.

Be it enacted, &c., That from and after the first day of May. anno Domini one thousand seven hundred and ninety-five, the flag of the United States be fifteen stripes, alternate red and white. That the Union be fifteen stars, white, in a blue field. APPROVED, January 13, 1794.

AN ACT to prohibit the carrying on the slave-trade from the United States to any foreign place or country.

Slave trade prohibited.

to be forfeited.

Persons fitting out, shall forfeit and pay \$2,000.

SEC. 1. Be it enacted, &c., That no citizen or citizens of the United States, or foreigner, or any other person coming into, or residing within, the same, shall, for himself or any other person whatsoever, either as master, factor, or owner, build, fit, equip, load, or otherwise prepare, any ship or vessel, within any port or place of the said United States, nor shall cause any ship or vessel to sail from any port or place within the same, for the purpose of carrying on any trade or traffic in slaves, to any foreign country; or for the purpose of procuring, from any foreign kingdom, place, or country, the inhabitants of such kingdom, place, or country, to be transported to any foreign country, port, or place, whatever, to be sold or disposed of as Vessels so fitted, slaves; and if any ship or vessel shall be so fitted out, as aforesaid, for the said purposes, or shall be caused to sail, so as aforesaid, every such ship or vessel, her tackle, furniture, apparel, and other appurtenances, shall be forfeited to the United States; and shall be liable to be seized, prosecuted, and condemned, in any of the circuit courts or district court for the district, where the said ship or vessel may be found and seized.

> SEC. 2. That all and every person so building, fitting out, equipping, loading, or otherwise preparing, or sending away, any ship or vessel, knowing, or intending, that the same shall be employed in such trade or business, contrary to the true intent and meaning of this act, or any ways aiding or abetting therein, shall severally forfeit and pay the sum of two thousand dollars; one moiety thereof to the use of the United States, and the other moiety thereof to the use of him or her who shall sue for and prosecute the same.

> SEC. 3. That the owner, master, or factor, of each and every foreign ship or vessel, clearing out for any of the coasts or king-

> * In Congress, June 14, 1777. Resolved, That the flag of the thirteen United States be thirteen stripes, alternate red and white ; that the union be thirteen stars, white, in a blue field, representing a new constellation.

doms of Africa, or suspected to be intended for the slave trade, and the suspicion being declared to the officer of the customs Foreign vessels by any citizen, on oath or affirmation, and such information intended for the being to the satisfaction of the said officer, shall first give bond give bond, with sufficient sureties to the Treasurer of the United States, that none of the natives of Africa, or any other foreign country or place, shall be taken on board the said ship or vessel, to be transported or sold as slaves in any other foreign port or place whatever, within nine months thereafter.

SEC. 4. That if any citizen or citizens of the United States Citizens of U. S. shall, contrary to the true intent and meaning of this act, take persons, for the on board, receive, or transport any such persons, as above de-purpose of selling them as slaves, as for the purpose of selling them as slaves, as for fit sech. aforesaid, he or they shall forfeit and pay, for each and every person so received on board, transported, or sold as aforesaid, the sum of two hundred dollars, to be recovered in any court of the United States proper to try the same ; the one moiety thereof to the use of the United States, and the other moiety to the use of such person or persons who shall sue for and prosecute the same.

APPROVED, March 22, 1794.

AN ACT to provide a naval armament. [Obsolete.]

Whereas, the depredations committed by the Algerine corsairs on the commerce of the United States render it necessary that a naval force should be provided for its protection :

that a havar force should be provided for an product of President of President U. S.SEC. 1. Be it therefore enacted, §·c., That the President of President U. S.the United States be authorized to provide, by purchase or oth- to provide four ships of 44 guns, erwise, equip and employ, four ships to carry forty-four guns and two ships of 36 guns each. each, and two ships to carry thirty-six guns each.

Sec. 2. And be it further enacted, That there shall be em- How officered. ployed on board each of the said ships of forty-four guns, one captain, four lieutenants, one lieutenant of marines, one chaplain, one surgeon, and two surgeon's mates; and in each of the ships of thirty-six guns, one captain, three lieutenants, one lieutenant of marines, one surgeon, and one surgeon's mate, who shall be appointed and commissioned in like manner as other officers of the United States are.

SEC. 3. And be it further enacted, That there shall be em- Warrant ployed, in each of the said ships, the following warrant-officers, how appointed. who shall be appointed by the President of the United States, to wit : one sailing-master, one purser, one boatswain, one gunner, one sail-maker, one carpenter, and eight midshipmen; and the following petty officers, who shall be appointed by the captains of the ships, respectively, in which they are to be employed, viz : two master's mates, one captain's clerk, two boatswain's mates, one cockswain, one sail-maker's mate, two gunner's mates, one yeoman of the gun-room, nine quarter-

and

1794.

1794.

sels.

President U. S. by this act.

Pay and subsistence.

Pay to petty of-ficers to be fixed

certaln sum.

Component parts of rations.

gunners, (and for the four larger ships) two additional quartergunners, two carpenter's mates, one armorer, one steward, one cooper, one master-at-arms, and one cook.

SEC. 4. And be it further enacted, That the crews of each Complement of of the said ships of forty-four guns shall consist of one hundred and fifty seamen, one hundred and three midshipmen and ordinary seamen, one sergeant, one corporal, one drum, one fife, and fifty marines: And that the crews of each of the said ships of thirty-six guns shall consist of one hundred and thirty able seamen and midshipmen, ninety ordinary seamen, one sergeant, two corporals, one drum, one fife, and forty marines, over and above the officers herein before mentioned.

SEC. 5. And be it further enacted, That the President of the United States be, and he is hereby, empowered to provide, force not exceed by purchase or otherwise, in lieu of the said six ships, a naval force not exceeding in the whole, that by this act directed, so that no ship thus provided, shall carry less than thirty-two guns; or he may so provide any proportion thereof, which, in his discretion, he may think proper.

SEC. 6. And be it further enacted, That the pay and subsistence of the respective commissioned and warrant officers be as follows: A captain, seventy-five dollars per month, and six rations per day: A lieutenant, forty dollars per month, and three rations per day; a lieutenant of marines, twenty-six dollars per month, and two rations per day; a chaplain, forty dollars per month, and two rations per day; a sailing-master, forty dollars per month, and two rations per day; a surgeon, fifty dollars per month, and two rations per day; a surgeon's mate, thirty dollars per month, and two rations per day; a purser, forty dollars per month, and two rations per day; a boatswain, fourteen dollars per month, and two rations per day; a gunner, fourteen dollars per month, and two rations per day; a sail-maker, fourteen dollars per month, and two rations per day; a carpenter, fourteen dollars per month, and two rations per day.

SEC. 7. And be it further enacted. That the pay to be alby the President. lowed to the petty officers, midshipmen, seamen, ordinary seamen and marines, shall be fixed by the President of the United States: Provided, That the whole sum to be given for the Not to exceed a whole pay aforesaid shall not exceed twenty-seven thousand dollars per month, and that each of the said persons shall be entitled to one ration per day.

SEC. 8. And be it further enacted, That the ration shall consist of, as follows: Sunday, one pound of bread, one pound and a half of beef, and half a pint of rice : Monday, one pound of bread, one pound of pork, half a pint of peas or beans, and four ounces of cheese: Tuesday, one pound of bread, one pound and a half of beef, and one pound of potatoes or turnips, and pudding: Wednesday, one pound of bread, twoounces of butter, or, in lieu thereof, six ounces of molasses, four ounces of cheese, and half a pint of rice: Thursday, one pound of bread, one pound of pork, and half a pint of peas or beans:

1794.

Friday, one pound of bread, one pound of salt fish, two ounces of butter or one gill of oil, and one pound of potatoes : Saturday, one pound of bread, one pound of pork, half a pint of peas or beans, and four ounces of cheese. And there shall also be allowed, one-half pint of distilled spirits per day, or, in lieu thereof, one quart of beer per day, to each ration.

SEC. 9. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That if When proceed-ings under this a peace shall take place between the United States and the Re- act shall cease. gency of Algiers, that no farther proceeding be had under this act.

APFROVED, March 27, 1794.

AN ACT to authorize the President of the United States, during the recess of the present Congress, to cause to be purchased or built, a number of vessels, to be equipped as galleys, or otherwise, in the service of the United States.

[Obsolete.]

SEC. 1. Be it enacted, &c., That the President of the Uni-ted States be, and he is hereby, authorized, during the recess of causenot exceed-ing ten vessels to the present Congress, if the same shall appear to him to be ne-be built or purcessary for the protection of the United States, to cause a num- chased.

ber of vessels, not exceeding ten, to be built or purchased, and to be fitted out, manned, armed, and equipped, as galleys, or To be equipped

otherwise, in the service of the United States; the officers and

men to be on the same pay, and to receive the same subsistence Pay and subsistence as in the as officers of the same rank and men are entitled to in the navy navy. of the United States.

SEC. 2. And be it further enacted, That the said officers Officers to be ap-pointed by the shall be appointed and commissioned by the President of the President, galleys United States, and the said galleys or vessels be stationed in to be stationed. such parts of the United States as he may direct.

SEC. 3. And be it further enacted, That there be appropria- \$80,000 appropri-ted, for the purpose aforesaid, the sum of eighty thousand poses of this act. dollars, to be paid out of the proceeds of any revenue of the United States, which now are, or hereafter, during the present session, shall be, *provided*, not being otherwise appropriated. And that the President of the United States be authorized to may take take on loan, of the Bank of the United States, or of any other money on toan. body politic or corporate; person or persons, the said sum of eighty thousand dollars, to be reimbursed, principal and interest, out of the said proceeds appropriated as aforesaid, according to such contract or contracts, which shall be made concerning the same.

APPROVED, June 5, 1794.

AN ACT supplementary to an act, entitled "An act to provide a naval armament."

[Obsolete.]

SEC. 1. Be it enacted, &c., That the President of the Uni-President author-ted States be authorized to continue the construction and equip-construction and

President the

1796. equipment three frigates.

\$688,888 82 appropriated therefor.

\$80,000.

served.

ment (with all convenient expedition) of two frigates of fortyof four, and one of thirty-six guns; any thing in the act, entitled "An act to provide a naval armament," to the contrary notwithstanding.

SEC. 2. And be it further enacted. That so much of the sum of six hundred and eighty-eight thousand eight hundred and eighty-eight dollars and eighty-two cents, which, by the act of June the ninth, one thousand seven hundred and ninety-four, was appropriated (to defray the expenses to be incurred pursuant to the act to provide a naval armament) as remains unexpended, as well as the sum of eighty thousand dollars which was appropriated for a provisional equipment of gallies, by the before recited act, be appropriated for the said purposes.

SEC. 3. And be it further enacted, That the President of the United States be, and he is hereby authorized, to cause to be Certain materials sold, such part of the perishable materials as may not be wantothers to be pre- ed for completing the three frigates, and to cause the surplus of the other materials to be safely kept for the future use of the United States.

APPROVED, April 20, 1796.

AN ACT providing a naval armament.

[Obsolete.]

SEC. 1. Be it enacted, &c., That the President of the United President may man and employ States be, and he is hereby, empowered, should he deem it expedient, to cause the frigates United States, Constitution and Constellation, to be manned and employed.

SEC. 2. And be it further enacted, That there shall be emcommis- ployed on board each of the ships of forty-four guns, one captain, four lieutenants, two lieutenants of marines, one chaplain, one surgeon, and two surgeon's mates; and in the ship of thirtysix guns, one captain, three lieutenants, one lieutenant of marines, one surgeon, and one surgeon's mate.

SEC. 3. And be it further enacted, That there shall be em-Warrant officers, ployed, in each of the said ships, the following warrant officers, by the President. who shall be appointed by the President of the United States,

to wit : one sailing-master, one purser, one boatswain, one gunner, one sail-maker, one carpenter, and eight midshipmen; and the following petty officers, who shall be appointed by the capby tains of the ships respectively, in which they are to be employed, viz: two master's mates, one captain's clerk, two boatswain's mates, one cockswain, one sailmaker's mate, two gunner's mates, one yeoman of the gun-room, nine quarter gunners, (and for the two larger ships two additional quarter gunners) two carpenter's mates, one armorer, one steward, one cooper, one master-atarms, and one cook.

SEC. 4. And be it further enacted, That the crews of each of the ships of forty-four guns shall consist of one hundred and fifty seamen, one hundred and three midshipmen and ordinary

three frigates;

their sioned officers.

Petty officers to be appointed the captains.

Crews.

SEC. 5. And be it further enacted, That the pay and sub-Pay and subsistence of the respective commissioned and warrant officers be as follows: A captain, seventy-five dollars per month, and six rations per day; a lieutenant, forty dollars per month, and three rations per day; a lieutenant of marines, thirty dollars per month, and two rations per day; a chaplain, forty dollars per month, and two rations per day; a sailing master, forty dollars per month, and two rations per day; a surgeon, fifty dollars per month, and two rations per day; a surgeon's mate, thirty dollars per month, and two rations per day; a purser, forty dollars per month, and two rations per day; a boatswain, twenty dollars per month, and two rations per day; a gunner, twenty dollars per month, and two rations per day ; a sailmaker, twenty dollars per month, and two rations per day; a carpenter, twenty dollars per month, and two rations per day.

SEC. 6. And be it further enacted, That the pay to be allow- President to fix ed to the petty officers, midshipmen, seamen, ordinary seamen, officers, &c. and marines, shall be fixed by the President of the United States: provided, That the whole sum to be given for the whole pay aforesaid, shall not exceed fifteen thousand dollars per month, and that each of the said persons shall be entitled to one ration per day.

SEC. 7. And be it further enacted, That the ration shall con-Ration, component parts of. sist of as follows: Sunday, one pound of bread, one pound and a half of beef, and half a pint of rice: Monday, one pound of bread, one pound of pork, half a pint of peas or beans, and four ounces of cheese: Tuesday, one pound of bread, one pound and a half of beef, and one pound of potatoes, or turnips and pudding: Wednesday, one pound of bread, two ounces of butter, or in lieu thereof, six ounces of molasses, four ounces of cheese, and half a pint of rice : Thursday, one pound of bread, one pound of pork, and half a pint of peas or beans: Friday, one pound of bread, one pound of salt fish, two ounces of butter, or one gill of oil, and one pound of potatoes: Saturday, one pound of bread, one pound of pork, half a pint of peas or beans, and four ounces of cheese; and there shall also be allowed one half pint of distilled spirits per day, or in lieu thereof, one quart of beer per day, to each ration.

SEC. 8. And be it further enacted, That the officers, non- By what rules to be governed. commissioned officers, seamen, and marines, belonging to the navy of the United States, shall be governed by the rules* for the regulation of the navy heretofore established by the resolution of Congress of the twenty-eighth of November, one thousand seven hundred and seventy-five, as far as the same may

* These rules are similar to those adopted by act, approved April 23, 1800.

1797.

1797.

The President lone in recess of the Senate.

Term of service.

Provision in case of wounds.

President may increase strength of the cutters.

Act making com-

Limitation of this act.

be applicable to the Constitution and laws of the United States. or by such rules and articles as may hereafter be established.

SEC. 9. And be it further enacted, That the appointment of may make the appointments a the officers to the frigates may be made by the President alone in the recess of the Senate; and their commissions, if so appointed, shall continue in force till the advice and consent of the Senate can be had thereupon at their next meeting which may happen thereafter.

SEC. 10. And be it further enacted, That the seamen and marines shall not be engaged to serve on board the frigates for a period exceeding one year; but the President may discharge the same sooner, if in his judgment their services may be dispensed with.

SEC. 11. And be it further enacted, That if any officer, noncommissioned officer, marine, or seaman, belonging to the navy of the United States, shall be wounded or disabled, while in the line of his duty in public service, he shall be placed on the list of the invalids of the United States, at such rate of pay, and under such regulations as shall be directed by the President of the United States. Provided always, That the rate of com-Limitation of the pensation to be allowed for such wounds or disabilities to a compensation in periodicion to be unowed for such woulds of disabilities to a case of wounds, commissioned or warrant officer shall never exceed, for the highest disability, half the monthly pay of such officer at the time of his being so disabled or wounded; and that the rate of compensation to non-commissioned officers, marines, and seamen, shall never exceed five dollars per month: And provided, also, That all inferior disabilities shall entitle the person so disabled to receive an allowance proportionate to the highest disability.

SEC. 12. And be it further enacted, That the President of the United States be, and he is hereby, authorized, if circumstances should hereafter arise, which in his opinion may render it expedient, to increase the strength of the several revenue cutters, so that the number of men employed do not exceed thirty marines and seamen to each cutter; and cause the said revenue cutters to be employed to defend the sea-coast, and to repel any hostility to their vessels and commerce within their jurisdiction, having due regard to the duty of the said cutters, in the protection of the revenue.

SEC. 13. And be it further enacted, That the compensapensation to their better to the first section of the act passed on the officers and men, tions established by the first section of the act passed on the sixth day of May, one thousand seven hundred and ninety-six, entitled "An act making further provision relative to the revenue cutters," be, and the same is hereby, continued and confirmed, on the terms and conditions of the said act, to the mariners and marines who are, or may be, employed as aforesaid.

SEC. 14. And be it further enacted, That this act shall continue in force for the term of one year, and from thence to theend of the then next session of Congress, and no longer.

APPROVED, July 1, 1797.

AN ACT to provide an additional armament for the further protection of the trade of the United States; and for other purposes.

[Obsolete.]

SEC. 1. Be it enacted, &c., That the President of the Uni-President author-ted States shall be, and he is hereby, authorized and empower-number of armed ed to cause to be built, purchased, or hired, a number of ves-sels, not exceeding twelve, nor carrying more than twenty-two and fitted out. guns each, to be armed, fitted out, and manned under his direction.

SEC. 2. And be it further enacted, That the number and Number grade of the officers to be appointed for the service of the said pay, subsistence, vessels shall be fixed by the President of the United States, as term of service, well as the number of mon of which the number difference. well as the number of men, of which the respective crews shall be composed, who, as well officers as seamen and marines, shall receive the same pay and subsistence, be entitled to the same advantages and compensations, be governed by the same rules and regulations, and be engaged for the same time and on the same conditions, as by an act of the United States, passed the first of July, one thousand seven hundred and ninety-seven, entitled "An act providing a naval armament," is ascertained and established, as fully as if the particular provisions of that act, having reference thereto, were herein inserted at large. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That the President of the United States be, and he is hereby, authorized to cause the term of enlistment of the seamen and marines, to be employed in any vessel of the United States, to be extended beyond one year, if the vessel should then be at sea, and until ten days after such vessel shall arrive in some convenient port of the United States thereafter; any thing contained in this act, or in the act intituled "An act providing a naval armament," to the contrary notwithstanding.

SEC. 3. And be it further enacted, That the officers of the During the recease of the Senate the aforesaid vessels may, during the recess of the Senate, be ap-President pointed and commissioned by the President alone.

SEC. 4. And be it further enacted, That the sum of nine \$950,000 approhundred and fifty thousand dollars be, and are hereby, appropriated, out of any moneys in the Treasury of the United States beyond the appropriations that may heretofore have been charged thereon, for the purpose of carrying the objects of this act into execution.

APPROVED, April 27, 1798.

AN ACT to establish an executive department to be denominated the department of the navy.

SEC. 1. Be it enacted, &c., That there shall be an Executive Secretary of the Navy-his duty. Department under the denomination of the Department of the Navy, the chief officer of which shall be called the Secretary of the Navy, whose duty it shall be to execute such orders as he shall receive from the President of the United States, relative

and

may appoint officers.

1798.

to the procurement of naval stores and materials, and the construction, armament, equipment, and employment of vessels of war, as well as all other matters connected with the naval establishment of the United States.

He may appoint clerks.

SEC. 2. And be it further enacted, That a principal clerk, and such other clerks as he shall think necessary, shall be appointed by the Secretary of the Navy, who shall be employed in such manner as he shall deem most expedient. In case of vacancy in the office of the Secretary, by removal or otherwise, it shall be the duty of the principal clerk to take the charge and custody of all the books, records, and documents of the said office.

SEC. 3. And be it further enacted, That the Secretary of the the books, &c., in the Navy be, and he is hereby, authorized and empowered, immediwar office, which relate to his de- ately after he shall be appointed, and shall enter upon the duties of his office, to take possession of all the records, books, and documents, and all other matters and things appertaining to this department, which are now deposited in the office of the Secretary of War.

Salary of the Secretary and his clerks.

He may take pos-

ession of

partment.

Part of the act establishing the repealed.

SEC. 4. And be it further enacted, That there shall be allowed to the Secretary of the Navy an annual salary of three thousand dollars,* payable quarter-yearly at the Treasury of the United States; and the respective clerks in the office of the said department shall receive the same compensation, and be subject to the same regulations, as are provided by an act, supplemental to the act establishing the Treasury Department, and for a further compensation to certain officers in the offices of the other executive departments.

SEC. 5. And be it further enacted, That so much of an act, War Department entituled "An act to establish an executive department, to be denominated the department of war," as vests any of the powers contemplated by the provisions of this act in the Secretary for the Department of War, shall be repealed, from and after the period when the Secretary of the Navy shall enter on the duties of his office.

APPROVED, April 30, 1798.

AN ACT to authorize the President of the United States to cause to be purchased, or built, a number of small vessels, to be equipped as gallies, or otherwise.

[Obsolete.]

President may provide ten gal-

SEC. 1. Be it enacted, &c., That the President of the United States be, and he is hereby, authorized, if the same shall appear to him necessary for the protection of the United States, to cause a number of small vessels, not exceeding ten, to be built, or purchased, and to be fitted out, manned, armed and equipped as gallies, or otherwise, in the service of the United States, the officers and men to be on the same pay, and to re-

* Salary increased, by act of March 2, 1799, to \$4,500 per annum; and by act of February 20, 1819, to \$6,000, commencing from January 1, 1819.

ceive the same subsistence, as officers of the same rank and 1798. men are entitled to in the navy of the United States.

SEC. 2. And be it further enacted, That the said officers officers shall be shall be appointed and commissioned by the President of the President in the United States alone during the recess of the Senate; and the met of the galsaid gallies or vessels shall be stationed in such parts of the lies. United States as he may direct.

SEC. 3. And be it further enacted, That there be appropria- \$80,000 approprited, for the purpose aforesaid, the sum of eighty thousand dollars, out of any moneys in the Treasury not otherwise appropriated.

APPROVED, May 4, 1798.

AN ACT to amend the act, intituled "An act providing a naval armament," and the act intituled "An act to authorize the President of the United States to cause to be purchased or built, a number of small vessels, to be equipped as gallies or otherwise."

[Obsolete.]

SEC. 1. Be it enacted, &c., That the President of the Uni-President may ted States shall be, and he is hereby, authorized, when he shall increase strength of revethink fit, to increase the strength of any revenue-cutter, for the nue cutters. purposes of defence, against hostilities near the sea-coast, to employ on board the same, at his discretion, not exceeding seventy marines and seamen; any thing in the act, intituled "An act providing a naval armament," to the contrary hereof notwithstanding.

SEC. 2. And be it further enacted, &c., That the President President may fix of the United States shall be, and he is hereby, authorized to fix therank, pay, and the degree of rank, and the rate of pay and subsistence, not ex- officers of small ceeding what is allowed upon the naval establishment, which lies. shall be granted and allowed to the officers who shall be duly

commissioned in the service of the United States on board of any small vessel or galley, which shall be fitted out under his orders, pursuant to the act, intituled "An act to authorize the President of the United States to cause to be purchased, or built, a number of small vessels, to be equipped as gallies, or otherwise ;" any thing therein to the contrary hereof notwithstanding.

APPROVED, June 22, 1798.

AN ACT to extend the privilege of franking letters and packets to the Secretary of the Navy.

Be it enacted, &c., That all letters and packets, to or from the Secretary of the Navy, shall be received and conveyed by post, free of postage, under the like restrictions and limitations as are provided respecting letters and packets to or from the heads of

the

the other departments of the Government, by the nineteenth section of the act, entitled "An act to establish the post office and post roads within the United States."

APPROVED, June 22, 1798.

AN ACT in addition to the act more effectually to protect the commerce and coasts of the United States.

[Obsolete.]

Captured armed vessels and goods

extend to capturted States.

Recaptured proing salvage.

Distribution prizes.

of

wholly to officers and crew.

ing may order a sale, &c.

paid into the pub-lic treasury. residue, and all allowances of salvage as aforesaid, shall be dis-

SEC. 1. Be it enacted, &c., That all such armed vessels as may be condemn- may be seized, taken and brought into any port of the United ed in the district States, in pursuance of the act, entitled "An act more effectually to protect the commerce and coasts of the United States," with the apparel, guns and appurtenances, of such vessels, and the goods and effects which shall be found on board the same. shall be liable to forfeiture and condemnation, and may be libelled and proceeded against in the district courts of the United States, for the district into which the same may be brought. Forfeiture not to Provided, that such forfeiture shall not extend to any goods or extend to captur-ed property of effects, the property of any citizen or person resident within the citizens or resi-dents in the Uni- United States, and which shall have been before taken by the crew of such captured vessel.

SEC. 2. And be it further enacted, That whenever any vesperty of citizens sel, the property of, or employed by, any citizen of the United be restored, pay- States, or person resident therein, or any goods or effects belonging to any such citizen or resident, shall be re-captured by any public armed vessel of the United States, the same shall be restored to the former owner or owners, upon due proof, he or they paying and allowing, as and for salvage to the re-captors, one-eighth part of the value of such vessel, goods, and effects, free of all deduction and expenses.

SEC. 3. And be it further enacted, That whenever any armed vessel, captured and condemned as aforesaid, shall have been of superior or equal force to the public armed vessel of the United States by which such capture shall have been made, the forfeiture shall be and accrue wholly to the captors : and in other cases, one-half thereof shall be to the use of the United Salvage to belong States, and the residue to the captors. And all salvage which shall be allowed and recovered upon any vessel, goods or effects re-captured, and to be restored, as aforesaid, shall belong wholly to the officers and crew of the public armed vessel of the United States by which such re-capture shall be made: Court condemn- and the court before whom any condemnation shall be had, as aforesaid, shall and may order the sale of the vessel, goods and effects condemned, to be made at public auction, upon due notice by the marshal of the district in which the same shall be: and all expenses of condemnation and sale being deducted from the proceeds, the part thereof which shall accrue to the Proceeds to be United States shall be paid into the public treasury, and the tributed to and among the officers and crews concerned therein, in the proportions which the President of the United States shall direct.

SEC. 4. And be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful Officers & crews for the President of the United States to cause the officers and sels, & c. to be crews of the versels so cantured and hostile persons found on confined. crews of the vessels so captured, and hostile persons found on board any vessel which shall be re-captured, as aforesaid, to be confined in any place of safety within the United States, in such manner as he may think the public interest may require; and all marshals and other officers of the United States are cute orders of the hereby required to execute such orders as the President may is- President. sue for the said purpose.

APPROVED, June 28, 1798.

AN ACT supplementary to the act, intituled "An act to provide an additional armament for the further protection of the trade of the United States; and for other purposes."

[Obsolete.]

SEC. 1. Be it enacted, &c., That the President of the United The President States shall be, and he is hereby, authorized to accept, in behalf selsoffered on the of the United States, of the proposals of any persons who shall offer and undertake to complete, provide and deliver, to the use, cause evidence of and upon the credit of the United States, on terms in his opin-the debt or obligation to be given ion advantageous or convenient, any vessel or vessels, now therefor. building, or to be built within the United States, of a model and size which he shall approve, and armed and equipped, or suitable to be armed for the public service : and upon the de. livery of the vessel or vessels, according to such proposals, or to the acceptance of the President of the United States, he may cause proper certificates, or other evidence of the debt or obligation of the United States incurred thereby, to be made and given at the Treasury Department, and which shall be there registered, to the use and benefit of the persons concerned : provided, That not more than twelve vessels, in addition to vessels. those already authorized, shall and may be procured, by virtue No more than 6 hereof: and provided, That not more than six per cent. per per cent. to be al-annum shall be allowed for any credit which shall be given lowed on credits. under this act. And all certificates of debt shall be redeemable at the will of Congress.

SEC. 2. And be it further enacted, That the vessels authorized by the act, intituled "An act to provide an additional armament for the further protection of the trade of the United States, and for other purposes," and those which shall be authorized by this act, shall be procured and accepted according to the following rates, as nearly as may be; that is to say: six Rates of the ships of them not exceeding eighteen guns each, and twelve of them cured or accept-not less than twenty, or exceeding twenty-four guns each, and six not less than thirty-two guns each; and the guns for each vessel to be of such calibre and weight of metal as the Presi-

The President United States.

employed, &c.

The

dent of the United States shall approve; any thing in the said former act to the contrary hereof notwithstanding.

SEC. 3. And be it further enacted, That the President of the may accept of BEC. 3. And be if further endited, that the President of the vessels given to United States may, at his discretion, accept of any vessel armed the use of the grand any matching to be armed of a model accept and equipped, or suitable to be armed, of a model, size and force proper for the public service, which any State, body politic or corporate, citizen or citizens of the United States, shall voluntarily offer and give, for the use of the United States, to increase the naval armament.

President SEC. 4. And be it further enacted, That the President of may regulate the rank, pay, &c., of the United States shall be, and he is hereby authorized to deber of men to be termine and direct, according to the rate of each vessel which shall be furnished or accepted in pursuance of this act, the rank, pay, and subsistence of the commissioned and warrant officers, who shall be appointed thereto; and the number of men to be engaged, and the pay to be allowed them, not exceeding the proportionable grades and allowances which are or shall be authorized by law for the navy of the United States. And all officers of the said navy, according to their respective ranks, shall be appointed in the manner prescribed by the act, intituled, "An act to provide a naval armament."

SEC. 5. And be it further enacted, That the President of the may vary the quo-tas of seamen, United States may, at his discretion, increase or vary the quotas of seamen, landsmen and marines, to be employed on board the frigates, and may permit a proportion of boys for them, and the other vessels of the navy of the United States, according to the exigencies of the public service.

APPROVED, June 30, 1798.

AN ACT for the establishing and organizing a Marine Corps. [Obsolete.]

SEC. 1. Be it enacted, &c., That in addition to the present military establishment, there shall be raised and organized a A corps of ma- corps of marines, which shall consist of one major, four captains, sixteen first lieutenants, twelve second lieutenants, fortyeight sergeants, forty-eight corporals, thirty-two drums and fifes, and seven hundred and twenty privates, including the marines who have been enlisted, or are authorized to be raised for the naval armament; and the said corps may be formed into as many companies or detachments as the President of the United States shall direct, with a proper distribution of the commissioned and non-commissioned officers and musicians to each company or detachment.

> SEC. 2. And be it further enacted, That the pay and subsistence of the said officers, privates, and musicians, shall be as follows, to wit: To a major, fifty dollars per month, and four rations per day; to a captain, forty dollars per month, and three rations per day; to a first lieutenant, thirty dollars per month, and three rations per day; to a second lieutenant, twenty-five

The President landsmen, &c.

Formation of it.

Pay and subsistence.

dollars per month, and two rations per day; and to the noncommissioned officers, privates and musicians, conformably to the act, entituled "An act providing a naval armament," as shall be fixed by the President of the United States: And the President of the United States shall be, and is hereby, author-President ized to continue the enlistment of marines, until the said corps cers in the recess. shall be complete; and, of himself, to appoint the commissioned officers, whenever, in the recess of the Senate, an appointment shall be necessary. And the enlistments, which shall be Enlistments, for made by virtue hereof, may be for the term of three years, subject to be discharged by the President of the United States, or by the ceasing or repeal of the laws providing for the naval armament. And if the marine corps, or any part of it, shall be ordered by the President to do duty on shore, and it shall be- If ordered to do duty on shore, come necessary to appoint an adjutant, paymaster, quartermas- staff officers how ter, sergeant-major, quartermaster-sergeant, and drum and fife- to be appointed. major, or any of them, the major or commandant of the corps is hereby authorized to appoint such staff-officer or officers, from the line of subalterns, sergeants and music, respectively, who shall be entitled, during the time they shall do such duty, to the same extra pay and emoluments, which are allowed by law to officers acting in the same capacities in the infantry.

SEC. 3. And be it further enacted, That the detachments of Detachment of the corps to be in the corps of marines, hereby authorized, shall be made in lieu lieu of the quotas of the respective quotas of marines, which have been establish-frigates, &c. ed or authorized for the frigates, and other armed vessels and gallies, which shall be employed in the service of the United States: And the President of the United States may detach and appoint such of the officers of this marine corps, to act on board the frigates, and any of the armed vessels of the United States, respectively, as he shall, from time to time, judge necessary; any thing in the act "providing a naval armament" to the contrary hereof notwithstanding.

SEC. 4. And be it further enacted, That the officers, non- They shall take commissioned officers, privates and musicians aforesaid, shall they shall be govtake the same oath, and shall be governed by the same rules erned. and articles of war, as are prescribed for the military establishment of the United States, and by the rules for the regulation of the navy heretofore, or which shall be established by law, according to the nature of the service in which they shall be employed, and shall be entitled to the same allowance, in case Allowance of wounds or disabilities, according to their respective ranks, as &c. are granted by the act "to ascertain and fix the military establishment of the United States."

SEC. 5. And be it further enacted, That the non-commis- Exemption from debts sioned officers, musicians, seamen and marines, who are or shall and contracts. be enlisted into the service of the United States; and the noncommissioned officers and musicians, who are or shall be enlisted into the army of the United States, shall be, and they are hereby exempted, during their term of service, from all personal arrests for any debt or contract.

1798.

may commission offi-

of

SEC. 6. And be it further enacted, That the marine corps, What duty they established by this act, shall, at any time, be liable to do duty shall be subject to in the forts and garrisons of the United States, on the sea coast, or any other duty on shore as the President, at his discretion,

APPROVED, July 11, 1798.

shall direct.

AN ACT to make a further appropriation for the additional naval armament.

[Obsolete.]

guns each.

now on hand.

Appropriation

\$600,000 appro- SEC. 1. Be it enacted, &c., That the sum of six hundred ships of not less thousand dollars shall be, and hereby is, appropriated, to enable than thirty-two the President of the United States to cause to be built, and equipped, three ships or vessels, to be of a force not less than thirty-two guns each, and of the dimensions and model which he shall deem most advantageous for the public service, as part of the additional naval armament authorized by law.

Disposal of the SEC. 2. And be it further enacted, That the timber and materials forships other materials belonging to the United States, proper for building and equipping the ships or vessels aforesaid, remaining in their several dock-yards, and elsewhere, may be employed under the direction of the President of the United States, in effecting the purposes of this act; or may be otherwise disposed of as he shall think best. And the sum hereby appropriated how to be paid. shall be paid out of any unappropriated money in the treasury.

APPROVED, July 16, 1798.

AN ACT to alter and amend the several acts for the establishment and regulalation of the Treasury, War, and Navy Departments.

[Obsolete.]

SEC. 1. Be it enacted, &c., That there shall be, in the department of the navy, an officer to be denominated accountant of the navy, who shall be charged with the settlement of all accounts for moneys advanced, and stores issued or distributed by or under the direction of the secretary of the navy, and who shall report from time to time all such settlements as shall have been made by him for money advanced or issued, for the inspection and revision of the accounting officers of the Treasury. And the compensation of the said accountant shall be a yearly salary of one thousand six hundred dollars.* And all letters and packages to and from said accountant, by mail, shall be free of postage.

SEC. 2. And be it further enacted, That the Treasurer of for the Navy De- the United States shall disburse all such money as shall have partment, on war- been previously ordered for the use of the department of the navy, by warrants from the Treasury, which disbursements

* Increased to \$2,000, by act of March 2, 1799.

Accountant òf the navy established.

His duty.

Compensation. Letters free.

The treasurer to disburse moneys rants, &c.

[This section repealed May 7, 1822, and all warrants from and after June 30, 1822, to be drawn by the Secretary of the Treasury, on the requisitions of the Secretaries of War and the Navy.]

SEC. 3. And be it further enacted, That all purchases, and Purchases contracts, for supplies or services for the military and naval ser-wide by the wide of the United States, shall be made by or under the direc-tion of the chief officers of the departments of war and the accounts to be settle with accounts or be settle with the settle of the account of the settle with the settle settle with the settle services as aforesaid, shall render their accounts for settlement thereof. to the accountant of the proper department for which such supplies or services are required; subject nevertheless to the inspection and revision of the officers of the Treasury in manner before prescribed.

SEC. 4. And be it further enacted, That it shall be the duty Purveyor of pubof the purveyor of the public supplies to execute all such or- ecute orders from ders as he may from time to time receive from the Secretary of the Secretaries of War or Secretary of the Navy, relative to the procuring and Navy. providing of all kinds of stores and supplies; and shall render his accounts relative thereto to the accountants of the proper departments, which accounts shall be subject to the inspection and revision of the officers of the Treasury as aforesaid.

SEC. 5. And be it further enacted, That the provisions of Provisions of forthe act passed on the eighth day of May, one thousand seven ed. hundred and ninety-two, intituled "An act making alterations in the Treasury and War departments," and the act passed on the twenty-third day of February, one thousand seven hundred and ninety-five, intituled "An act to establish the office of Purveyor of public supplies," so far as the same are repugnant to the provisions of this act, be, and the same are hereby, repealed.

SEC. 6. And be it further enacted, That all contracts to be Contracts relative to money, made by virtue of this act, or of any law of the United States, &c., to be lodged and requiring the advance of money, or to be in any manner ier's office. connected with the settlement of public accounts, shall be deposited in the office of the Comptroller of the Treasury of the

United States, within ninety days after their dates, respectively.

APPROVED, July 16, 1798.

AN ACT fixing the pay of the captains and commanders of ships and vessels of war of the United States.

[Obsolete.]

SEC. 1. Be it enacted, &c., That all the vessels in the ser-By what officers, vessels of the U. vice of the United States, mounting twenty guns and upwards, S. are to be combe commanded by captains; those not exceeding eighteen guns manded. (except gallies, which are to be commanded as heretofore provided by law,) by masters or lieutenants, according to the size of the vessel, to be regulated by the President of the United States.

and contracts to be

mer acts repcal-

Allowance to commanders of commander of the navy.

SEC. 2. And be it further enacted, That the pay of captains Pay and allow- commanding ships of thirty-two guns and upwards, be one hunand containe to captains and commanders, dred dollars per month, and eight rations per day; of captains commanding ships of twenty and under thirty-two guns, sev-

enty-five dollars per month, and six rations per day; of a master commandant, sixty dollars per month, and five rations per day; and of lieutenants, who may command the smaller vessels, fifty dollars per month, and four rations per day.

SEC. 3. And be it further enacted, That whenever any offisquadrons & the cer, as aforesaid, shall be employed in the command of a squadron, on separate service, the allowance of rations to such commanding officer shall be doubled during the continuance of such command, and no longer, except in the case of the com-

manding officer of the navy, whose allowance, while in service. shall always be at the rate of sixteen rations per day.

APPROVED, February 25, 1799.

AN ACT for the augmentation of the navy. [Obsolete.]

Six ships of not SEC. 1. Be it enacted, &c., That, under the orders of the less than 74 guns, President of the United States, and in addition to the naval SEC. 1. Be it enacted, &c., That, under the orders of the war of 18 guns, to armament already authorized by law, there shall be built be procured, &c.

within the United States, six ships of war, of a size to carry, and which shall be armed with, not less than seventy-four guns each; and there shall be built or purchased within the United States, six sloops of war, of a size to carry, and which shall be armed with, eighteen guns each, or not exceeding that force ;--all which ships and vessels shall be procured, manned and employed, as soon as may be, for the service of the United States : \$1,000,000 appro- and in part of the necessary expenditures to be incurred herein, a sum not exceeding one million of dollars shall be, and is hereby, appropriated, and shall be paid out of any moneys which shall be in the treasury of the United States not otherwise appropriated.

SEC. 2. And be it further enacted, That the President of force of the other the United States shall be, and he is hereby, authorized to augment, at his discretion, the force of any ship or vessel, now in the service, or building for the service, of the United States, by allowing an additional number of guns and men therein, beyond the established rate, and according to the respective size and capacity of such ship or vessel : and a sum not exceeding \$35,000 appropri- thirty-five thousand dollars shall be, and is hereby, appropriated to defray the expense of such augmentation, and shall be paid out of any moneys which shall be in the treasury of the United States not otherwise appropriated.

SEC. 3. And be it further enacted, That the President of the whose force has United States shall be, and is hereby, authorized to place on the may be placed on naval establishment, and employ accordingly, all or any of the vessels, which, as revenue cutters, have been increased in force,

and employed in the defence of the sea-coast, pursuant to the

priated.

The President may augment the vessels.

Revenue. cutters lishment.

APPROVED, February 25, 1799.

AN ACT authorizing the establishment of docks.

[Obsolete.]

Be it enacted, S.c., That two docks, for the convenience of Two docks to be erected. repairing the public ships and vessels, be erected in suitable places, under the direction of the President of the United States, and that the sum of fifty thousand dollars be appropriated to- \$50,000 appropriwards effecting this object, to be paid out of any moneys in the ated. treasury of the United States not otherwise appropriated.

APPROVED, February 25, 1799.

AN ACT authorizing the purchase of timber for naval purposes. [Obsolete.]

Be it enacted, &c., That the President of the United States shall be, and he is hereby, authorized to direct a sum not exceeding two hundred thousand dollars, to be paid out of any pro-moneys in the treasury not otherwise appropriated, to be laid chase timber or lands. out in the purchase of growing or other timber, or of lands on which timber is growing, suitable for the navy, and to cause the proper measures to be taken to have the same preserved for the future uses of the navy.

APPROVED, February 25, 1799.

AN ACT authorizing the augmentation of the Marine Corps.

[Obsolete.]

Be it enacted, &c., That the President of the United States Augmentation of the marine corps. shall be, and he is hereby, authorized to cause the marine corps in the service of the United States to be augmented, by the appointment and enlistment of not exceeding two first lieutenants; six second lieutenants, eight surgeons, [sergeants] one hundred and seventy privates, and eighteen drums and fifes, who shall be respectively allowed the same pay, bounty, clothing, and rations, and shall be employed under the same rules and regulations to which the said marine corps are or shall be entitled and subject.

APPROVED, March 2, 1799.

AN ACT for the government of the navy of the United States. [Repealed by act, approved April 23, 1800.]

SEC. 1. Be it enacted, &c., That the following rules and regulations be adopted and put in force, for the government of the navy of the United States.

1799. Duty of

manders.

Article 1. The commanders of all ships and vessels, belongcom- ing to the United States, are strictly required to show in themselves a good example of honor and virtue to their officers and men, and to be very vigilant in inspecting the behavior of all such as are under them, and to discountenance and suppress all dissolute, immoral, and disorderly practices, and also such as are contrary to the rules of discipline and obedience, and to correct those who are guilty of the same, according to the usage of the sea service.

2. The commanders of the ships of the United States, having on board chaplains, are to take care that divine service be performed twice a day, and a sermon preached on Sundays, unless bad weather, or other extraordinary accidents, prevent.

3. Any person who shall be guilty of profane swearing, or of drunkenness, if a seaman or marine, shall be put in irons until sober, and then flogged if the captain shall think proper; but if an officer, he shall forfeit two days' pay, or incur such punishment as a court martial shall impose, and as the nature and degree of the offence shall deserve.

4. No commander, for any offence, shall inflict any punishpunishment than ment upon a seaman or marine beyond twelve lashes upon his bare back with a cat of nine tails, and no other cat shall be made use of on board any ship of war, or other vessel belonging to the United States; if the fault shall deserve a greater punishment, he is to apply to the Secretary of the Navy, the commander-in-chief of the navy, or the commander of a squadron, in order to the trying of him by a court martial; and in the mean time he may put him under confinement.

> 5. The commander is never by his own authority to discharge a commission or warrant officer, nor to punish or strike him, but he may suspend or confine him, and shall report the case to the Secretary of the Navy, or commandant of a squadron, as soon as he arrives in port, if at sea, or if in port in ten days, in order that a court martial may decide on the offence.

6. The officer who commands by accident in the captain or ally commanding commander's absence, (unless he be absent for a time by leave,) shall not order any correction but confinement, and upon the captain's return on board he shall then give an account of his reasons for so doing.

> 7. The captain is to cause the articles of war to be hung up in some public place of the ship, and read to the ship's company once a month.

8. Whenever a captain shall enter or enlist a seaman, he tered on the ship's shall take care to enter on his books the time and terms of his entering, in order to his being justly paid.

> 9. The captain shall, before he sails, make return to the Secretary of the Navy a complete list of all his officers and men, with the time and terms of their entering, and during his cruise or station shall keep a true account of the desertion or death of any of them, and of the entering of others, and after the expiration of the time for which they were entered, and before any of them

Divine service.

Swearing and drunkenness be punished.

Commanders not to inflict a greater twelve lashes,-

Nor to discharge commission or warrant officers, Stc.

Officer occasionishment.

Articles of war to be hung up and read.

Seamen to be enbooks.

Return of officers and men to be made, &c.

are paid off, he shall make return of a complete list of the same, 1799. including those who shall remain on board his ship.

10. The men shall, at their request, be furnished with slops Men to be furthat are necessary, by order of the captain, and the amount delivered to each man shall be regularly returned by the purser, so that the same be stopped out of his pay.

11. All officers, not having commissions or warrants, (or ap- Who are petty ofpointed commission or warrant officers for the time being,) are ficers. termed petty, or inferior, officers.

12. Whenever any inferior officer, seaman, or other person, Petty officers and be turned over into the ship of a commander other than the over into another one with whom he entered, he is not to be rated on the ship's ship, not to be ra-

books in a worse quality, or lower degree or station, than he served in the ship he was removed from; and for the guide of the captain, he is to demand from the commander of the ship from which such person or persons were turned over, a list, under his hand, of his or their names, and the quality in which he or they served.

13. Any officer, seaman or other person, entitled to wages or wages and prize prize money, may have the same paid to his assignee, provided money may be the assignment be attested by the captain and the purser; but the captain or commander, of every vessel in the service of the United States is to discourage his crew from selling any part of their wages or prize money, and never to attest the letter of attorney until he is satisfied that the same is not granted in consideration of money given for the purchase of wages, or shares of prize money.

14. When any officer or other person dies, the captain is In case of death, forthwith to have his name entered on the books of the ship, entered on the in order to the wages being forthwith paid to his executors or books. administrators.

15. A convenient place shall be set apart for the sick or hurt Treatm'nt of sick and hurt men. men, to which they are to be removed, with their hammocks and bedding, when the surgeon shall advise the same to be necessary, and some of the crew shall be appointed to attend them, and keep the place clean; cradles and buckets with covers shall be made for their use, if necessary.

16. All ships furnished with fishing tackle, being in such Fishing. places where fish is to be had, the captain is to employ some of the company in fishing. The fish to be daily distributed to such persons as are sick, or upon recovery, provided the surgeon recommend it, and the surplus, by turns, amongst the messes of the officers and seamen, gratis, without any deduction of their allowance of provisions on that account.

17. It is left to the discretion of commanders of squadrons In case of exito shorten the allowance of provisions according to the exigence of provisions may of the service, taking care that the men be punctually paid for be shortened. the same; the like power is given to captains of ships acting singly, where it is deemed necessary; and if there should be a want of pork, the captain is to order three pounds of beef to be issued in lieu of two pounds of pork.

4

ply of provisions.

Warrant for sup- into port in want of provisions, the warrant of the commander of the squadron, or of a captain where there is no commander of a squadron present, shall be sufficient to procure the supply

18. If any ships of the United States shall happen to come

of the quantity wanted, from the agent or navy agent, at such port.

Provisions to be inspected.

19. The captains are frequently to cause to be inspected the condition of the provision, and if the bread proves damp, to have it aired upon the quarter deck, and other convenient places, and in case of the pickle being leaked out of the flesh casks, he is to have new pickle made and put therein, after such casks are repaired.

Clothes, etc., of 20. The captain shall cause the persons as shall die or be deceased, to be bedding, and other things, of such persons as shall die or be killed, to be delivered to their executors or administrators.

21. All papers, charter-parties, bills of lading, passports, and vessels to be pre- other writings whatsoever, found on board any ship or ships which shall be taken, shall be carefully preserved, and the originals sent to the court of justice for maritime affairs, appointed, or to be appointed, for judging concerning such prize or Persons destroy- prizes, and if any person or persons shall wilfully or negligently forfeit their prize destroy or suffer to be destroyed any such paper or papers, he or they so offending shall forfeit his or their share of such prize or prizes, and suffer such other punishment as they shall be

Penalty on steal-judged by a court martial to deserve ; and if any person or pering certain things sons shall embezzle or steal, or take away any cables, anchors,

sails, or any of the ship's furniture, or any of the powder, arms, ammunition, or provisions of any ship belonging to the United States, or of any prize taken by a ship or ships aforesaid, or maltreat or steal the effects of any prisoner, he or they so offending shall suffer such punishment as a court martial shall order.

22. When in sight of any ship, ships, or other vessels of the enemy, or at such other times as may appear necessary to prepare for an engagement, the captain shall order all things in his ship in a proper posture for fight, and shall, in his own person, and according to his duty, heart on and encourage the inferior officers and men to fight courageously, and not to behave themselves faintly or cry for quarters, on pain of such punishment as the offence shall appear to deserve for his neglect.

23. Any captain, officer, or other person, who shall not exerthimself, or who shall basely desert his duty or station in the ship, and run away while the enemy is in sight, or in time of action, or shall entice others to do so, shall suffer death, or such other punishment as a court martial shall inflict.

24. Any officer, seaman, mariner, or other person, who shall disobey the orders of his superior, or begin, excite, cause, or join in, any mutiny or sedition in the ship to which he belongs, or in any other ship or vessel in the service of the United States, on any pretence whatsoever, shall suffer death, or such other punishment as a court martial shall direct; and further, any person, in any ship or vessel belonging to the service aforesaid, who

Papers found on board of captured served.

money.

for Preparation fight.

Cowardice.

Mutiny and sedition.

shall utter any words of sedition and mutiny, or endeavor to 1799. make any mutinous assembly on any pretence whatsoever, shall suffer such punishment as a court martial shall inflict.

25. None shall presume to quarrel with or strike his superior Quarreling with, officer, on pain of such punishment as a court martial shall or-perior officer. der to be inflicted.

26. If any person shall apprehend he has just cause of com- To whom complaint, he shall quietly and decently make the same known to made known. his superior officer, or to the captain, as the case may require, who shall take care that justice be done him.

27. There shall be no quarreling or fighting between ship- Quarreling and fighting, etc. mates on board any ship belonging to the United States, nor shall there be used any reproachful or provoking speeches, tending to make quarrels and disturbances, on pain of imprisonment, or of such punishment as the captain or a court martial shall judge proper to inflict.

28. If any person shall sleep upon his watch, or negligently Neglect of duty. perform the duty which shall be enjoined him to do, he shall suffer such punishment as the captain or a court martial shall inflict.

29. All murder shall be punished with death.

30. All robbery and theft, not exceeding twenty dollars, shall Robbery & theft. be punished at the discretion of the captain, and above that sum as a court martial shall inflict.

31. Any master of arms, or other person of whom the like Master of arms duty may be required, refusing to receive such prisoner or prisoners, as shall be committed to his charge, or having received them shall suffer him or them to escape, or dismiss them without orders from his captain, the commander-in-chief of the navy, or the commander of a squadron, for so doing, shall suffer in his or their stead as a court martial shall order and direct.

32. The captains, officers, and others, shall use their utmost Duty of detecting endeavors to detect, apprehend, and bring to punishment, all ing offenders. offenders, and shall at all times readily assist all officers and others appointed for that purpose, in the discharge of such duty, when it is required, on pain of being proceeded against and punished by a court martial at discretion.

33. If any officer whatsoever, mariner, marine, soldier, or other Correspondence person, belonging to any ship or vessel of war in the service with enemies or of the United States, shall give, hold, or entertain, intelligence, to or with any enemy or rebel, without leave from the Government, commander-in-chief, or, in case of a single ship, from his captain, every such person so offending, and being thereof convicted by the sentence of a court martial, shall be punished with death.

34. If any letter or message from an enemy, or a rebel, be Letters or messaconveyed to any officer, mariner, marine, or other person, be- or rebels to be longing to any ship or vessel in the service of the United States, made known. and the person as aforesaid shall not, within twelve hours, having opportunity so to do, acquaint his superior or commanderin-chief with it; or if any superior officer, being acquainted

Murder.

Spies.

Supplying ene-mies or rebels.

Running away to ardly, etc.

Duty as to convoy.

Penalty on receiving merchandise on board.

therewith, shall not in convenient time reveal the same to the commander-in-chief, commander of a squadron, or other proper officer, appointed to take cognizance of such offence, every such person so offending, and being convicted thereof by the sentence of a court martial, shall be punished with death, or such other punishment as the nature and degree of the offence shall deserve, and according to the sentence of a court martial.

35. All spies, and all persons whatsoever who shall come or be found in the nature of spies, to bring or deliver any seducing letter or message from an enemy or rebel, or endeavor to corrupt any captain, officer, mariner, marine, or other person, in the fleet, to betray his trust, being convicted of any such offence by the sentence of a court martial, shall be punished with death, or such other punishment as the nature and degree of the offence shall deserve, and the court martial shall impose.

36. No person in a fleet, or in a single ship or vessel, shall supply an enemy or rebel with stores, money, victuals, arms, ammunition, or any kind of stores, directly or indirectly, upon pain of death, or such other punishment as a court martial shall think fit to impose, and as the nature and degree of the crime shall deserve.

37. Every person in or belonging to any ship or vessel in the enemy, etc., the service of the United States, who shall desert or run away with any vessel or boat, to the enemy or otherwise, or with any effects of the United States whatsoever, or yield up the same cowardly or treacherously, shall suffer death, or such other punishment as a court martial shall inflict.

> 38. 'The officers and seamen, etc., of all ships appointed for convoy and guard of merchantmen, shall diligently attend upon that charge without delay, according to their instructions, and whosoever shall be faulty therein, shall be punished as a court martial shall direct.

> 39. If any captain, commander, or other officer, of any ship or vessel in the service of the United States, shall receive or permit on board his vessel any goods or merchandise, other than for the sole use of his vessel, except gold, silver or jewels, and except the goods and merchandise of vessels which may be in distress or shipwrecked, or in imminent danger of being shipwrecked, or in order to preserve them for the proper owner, without legal orders from the naval department, every person so offending, being convicted thereof by the sentence of a court martial, shall be cashiered, and be forever afterwards rendered incapable to serve in any place or office in the navy service of the United States.

40. There shall be no wasteful expense of any powder, shot, of ammunition, or other stores, in the vessels belonging to the United States, nor any embezzlement thereof, but the stores and provisions shall be carefully preserved, upon pain of such punishment, to be inflicted upon the offenders, abettors, buyers and receivers, as shall be by a court martial found just in that-behalf.

Waste and embezzlement stores.

41. Every person in the navy who shall unlawfully burn or 1799. set fire to any kind of public property, not then appertaining Unlawfully set-to an enemy, pirate, or rebel, being convicted of any such of- property. fence by the sentence of a court martial, shall suffer death.

42. Care shall be taken in steering and conducting every Care to be used ship belonging to the United States, so that through wilfulness, in navigating. negligence, or other defaults, no ship be stranded or hazarded, upon pain that such as shall be found guilty therein be punished as the offence, by a court martial, shall be judged to deserve.

43. Every officer or other person in the navy, who shall Making a false knowingly make or sign a false muster, or procure the making or signing thereof, or shall aid or abet in the same, shall be cashiered, and rendered incapable of further employment in the navy service of the United States, and shall forfeit all the pay and subsistence money due him.

44. Every person guilty of mutiny, desertion, or disobedience Mutiny, deser-to his superior officer on shore, acting in the proper line of his dience on shore. duty, shall be tried by a court martial, and suffer the like punishment for every such offence, as if the same had been committed at sea, on board any ship or vessel of war in the service of the United States.

45. If any person, belonging to any ship or vessel of war in Offences on shore the service of the United States, shall, when on shore, on duty bitants. or otherwise, plunder, abuse, or maltreat, any inhabitant, or injure his property in any way, such person shall be punished as a court martial shall direct.

46. All faults, disorders, and misdemeanors, which shall be Punishment committed on board any ship belonging to the United States, not specified. and which are not herein mentioned, shall be punished according to the laws and customs in such cases at sea.

47. No court martial, to be held or appointed by virtue of Howa court mar-tial shall be comthis act, shall consist of more than thirteen, nor less than five posed. persons, to be composed of such commanders of squadrons, captains, and sea lieutenants, as are then and there present, and as are next in seniority to the officer who presides; but no lieutenant shall sit on a court martial held on a captain, or a junior lieutenant on that of a senior.

48. Every member of a court martial shall take the follow- Oaths of the court martial, ing oath: "I, A. B. do swear, that I will well and truly try and impartially determine the cause of the prisoner now to be tried, according to the rules of the navy of the United States-So help me God." Which oath shall be administered by the president to the other members, and the president himself shall be sworn by the officer next in rank; and as soon as the above oath shall have been administered, the president of the court is required to administer to the judge advocate, or person officiat-Judge advocate, ing as such, an oath in the following words: "I, A. B. do swear, that I will not, upon any account, at any time whatsoever, disclose or discover the vote or opinion of any particular member of this court martial, unless thereto required by

1799. and witnesses.

confirmed, etc.

Commander in

of

Misbehavior witnesses.

Authority of the ue after the vessel is lost.

In such case a court martial is to be held.

Wages to be continued.

an act of Congress-So help me God." And all the witnesses, before they be admitted to give evidence, shall take the following oath :-- "I, A. B. do swear, that the evidence I shall give in the cause now in hearing, shall be the truth, the whole truth, and nothing but the truth-So help me God."

sentences, court 49. The sentence of a court martial for any capital offence martial, in capital not be put in execution until it be confirmed by the commander-in-chief of the fleet. And it shall be the duty of the president of every court martial, to transmit to the commanderin-chief of the fleet, and to the head of the Navy Department, every sentence which shall be given, with a summary of the evidence and proceedings thereon, as soon as may be.

50. The commander-in-chief of the fleet, for the time being, chief may remit shall have power to pardon and remit any sentence of death. in consequence of any of the aforementioned articles.

SEC. 2. And be it further enacted, That if any person in the navy service, being called upon to give evidence at any court martial, shall refuse to give his evidence upon oath, or shall prevaricate in his evidence, or behave with contempt to the court, it shall and may be lawful for such court martial to punish such offender by imprisonment, at the discretion of the court; such imprisonment, in no case, to continue longer than three months; and that all and every person and persons who Perjury and sub- shall commit any wilful perjury in any evidence or examinaornation thereof tion upon oath at such court martial, or who shall corruptly procure or suborn any person to commit such wilful perjury, shall and may be prosecuted in any of the courts of the United States by indictment or information. And all and every person, lawfully convicted upon any such indictment or information, shall be punished with such pains and penalties as are inflicted for the like offences by the laws therein provided.

SEC. 3. And it is hereby further enacted, by the authority officers to contin- aforesaid, That, in all cases where the crews of the ships or vessels of the United States shall be separated from their vessels, by the latter being wrecked, lost, or destroyed, all the command, power, and authority, given to the officers of such ships or vessels, shall remain and be in full force, as effectually as if such ship or vessel was not so wrecked, lost, or destroyed, until they shall be regularly discharged from the service of the United States, or removed into some other of its said ships, or until a court martial shall be held to enquire into such loss of the said ship or vessel; and if, upon enquiry, it shall appear by the sentence of the court martial, that all or any of the officers, seamen, marines, and others, of the said ship or vessel, did their utmost to preserve, get off, or recover, the said ship or vessel, and after the loss thereof did behave themselves obediently to their superior officers, according to the discipline of the navy, and the said articles and orders hereinbefore established, then all the pay and wages of the said officers and seamen, or such of them as shall have done their duty as aforesaid, shall continue and go on, and be paid to the time of their discharge or death; and

every such officer or seaman who, after the wreck or loss of his 1799. said ship or vessel, shall act contrary to the discipline of the Punishment for navy, or the articles hereinbefore established, or any of them, discipline. shall be sentenced by the said court martial, and be punished, as if the ship to which he did belong was not so wrecked or destroyed.

SEC. 4. And be it further enacted, That all the pay and Prisoners' pay to wages of such officers and seamen of any of the ships of the United States as are taken by the enemy, and upon enquiry at a court martial shall appear, by the sentence of the said court, to have done their utmost to defend the ship or ships, and since the taking thereof to have behaved themselves obediently to their superior officers, according to the discipline of the navy, and the said articles and orders hereinbefore established, shall continue and go on as aforesaid, until they be exchanged and discharged, or until they shall die, whichever may first happen : provided always, that persons flying from justice shall be tried and punished for so doing.

SEC. 5. And be it further enacted, That all captured na-To whom prizes tional ships or vessels of war shall be the property of the United States; all other ships or vessels, being of superior force to the vessel making the capture, in men or in guns, shall be the sole property of the captors; and all ships or vessels of inferior force shall be divided equally between the United States and the officers and men of the vessel making the capture.

SEC. 6. And be it further enacted, That the produce of Distribution of prizes taken by the ships of the United States, and bounty for bounty. taking the ships of the enemy, be proportioned and distributed in the manner following, to wit:

1. To the captain actually on board at the time of taking any prize, being other than public or national vessel, or ship of war, three-twentieths of that proportion of the proceeds belonging to the captors.

2. If such captain or captains be under the immediate command of a commander-in-chief, or commander of a squadron, having a captain on board, such commander-in-chief, or commander of a squadron, to have one of the said twentieth parts, and the captain taking the prize, the other two-twentieth parts.

To the sea lieutenants and sailing-master, two twentieths.
 To marine officers, the surgeon, purser, boatswain, gunner, carpenter, master's mate, and chaplain, two-twentieths.

5. To midshipmen, surgeon's mates, captain's clerk, clergyman or schoolmaster, boatswain's mates, gunner's mates, carpenter's mates, ship's steward, sailmaker, master-at-arms, armorer and cockswain, three-twentieths.

6. Gunner's yeoman, boatswain's yeoman, quarter-masters, quarter-gunners, cooper, sailmaker's mates, sergeant of marines, corporal of marines, drummer and fifer, and extra petty officers, three-twentieths.

7. To seamen, ordinary seamen, marines and boys, seventwentieths. Distribution prize money and bounty.

Ships in sight, to share equally.

transmit list of of-

ficers and men.

not to share.

1799. 8. Any officer on board having more posts than one, is only of entitled to the share belonging to his superior office, according to the regulations aforesaid.

9. Whenever one or more ships of the United States are in sight, at the time of any one or more other ships as aforesaid

are taking a prize or prizes, or being engaged with an enemy. and they shall all be so in sight when the enemy shall strike or surrender, they shall share equally, according to the number of guns and men on board of each ship so in sight; but no privateer or armed ship, being in sight of a national ship of war at the taking of any prize, shall be entitled to any share in such prize or prizes.

10. Commanders of ships of war taking any prize are to Commanders to transmit, as soon as possible, to the naval department, a true list of the officers and men actually on board at the taking of such prize, inserting therein the quality of every person's rating; and the department aforesaid is to examine the said list by the ship's muster book to see their agreement, and is to grant certificates of the truth of such list transmitted, in order that the agents appointed by the captors make payment of the shares agreeably to this act.

11. In order to define the rights and privileges of command-When the com- ers-in-chief, commanders of squadrons, and captains, in relation to captures, no commander-in-chief, or commander of a squadron, shall be entitled to receive any share of prizes taken by the ships of war of the United States that are not put under his immediate command, nor of such prizes as may have been taken previous to such ship's being placed under his command, and until they have acted under his immediate orders; nor shall a commander-in-chief, or commander of a squadron, returning home from any station where he had the command, have any share in prizes taken by ships left on such station after he has got out of the limits of his said command.

12. Captains, sailing especially under orders from the navy acting department, are clearly to be understood as acting separately from any superior officer.

13. The bounty given by the United States on any national ship of war taken from the enemy, and brought into port, shall be for every cannon mounted, carrying a ball of twenty-four pounds or upwards, two hundred dollars; for every cannon carrying a ball of eighteen pounds, one hundred and fifty dollars; for every cannon carrying a ball of twelve pounds, one hundred dollars; and for every cannon carrying a ball of nine pounds, seventy-five dollars; for every smaller cannon, fifty dollars; and for every officer and man taken on board, forty dollars; which sums are to be divided agreeably to the foregoing articles.

Rates of salvage.

SEC. 7. And be it further enacted, That, for the ships or goods belonging to the citizens of the United States, or to the citizens or subjects of any nation in amity with the United States, if re-taken from the enemy within twenty-four hours,

Captains

separately.

Bounty.

the owners are to allow one-eighth part of the whole value for salvage; if after twenty-four hours and under forty-eight, one- Salvage. fifth thereof; if above that and under ninety-six hours, one-third part thereof; and if above that, one-half; all of which is to be paid without any deduction whatsoever, agreeably to the articles hereinbefore mentioned.

SEC. S. And be it further enacted, That every officer, sea- Allowance of half man, or marine, disabled in the line of his duty, shall be enti-disabled in the tled to receive for his own life, and the life of his wife, if a service. married man at the time of receiving the wound, one-half his monthly pay.

SEC. 9. And be it further enacted, That all the money ac-longing to the cruing, or which has already accrued, from the sale of prizes, public to be a shall be and remain forever a fund for the payment of the half the half pay, etc. pay to the officers and seamen who may be entitled to receive the same; and if the said fund shall be insufficient for this purpose, the public faith is hereby pledged to make up the deficiency: but if it should be more than sufficient, the surplus shall be applied as Congress may hereafter direct by law, to the making of further provision for the comfort of the disabled officers, seamen, and marines, and for such as may not be disabled, who may merit by their bravery, or their long and faithful services, the gratitude of their country.

SEC. 10. And be it further enacted, That the said fund Management of shall be under the management and direction of the Secretary of the Navy, the Secretary of the Treasury, and the Secretary of War, for the time being, who are hereby authorized to receive all such sums as the United States may be entitled to from the sale of prizes, and to invest the same, and the interest arising therefrom, in such of the six per cent. or other stock of the United States, as a majority of them from time to time shall determine to be the most advantageous; and it shall be the duty of the said commissioners to lay before Congress, every year, in the first week of their annual meeting, a minute and correct statement of their proceedings in relation to the management of said fund.

SEC. 11. And be it further enacted, That no rules or regu- Private rules to lations, made by any commander-in-chief, or captain, in the ser- act and the usagvice of the United States, for the stationing, designating of es of the sea serduty, and government of the fleet, or any of the crews of any ship of war, shall be at variance with this act, but shall be strictly conformable thereto; and that every commander-in-chief and captain, in making private rules and regulations, and designating the duty of his officers, shall keep in view also the custom and usage of the sea-service most common to our nation.

APPROVED, March 2, 1799.

the fund.

[An act, approved March 2, 1799, allows to the Secretary of the Navy a salary of \$4,500; and to the Accountant of the Navy Department a salary of \$2,000 per annum.]

AN ACT in addition to "An act for the relief of sick and disabled seamen."

SEC. 1. [Authorizes the President to direct the expenditure of moneys collected by virtue of an act, approved July 16, 1798, "for the relief of sick and disabled seamen."]

Secretary of the SEC. 2. The Secretary of the first day of Sep-Navy to deduct is, authorized and directed to deduct, after the first day of Sep-SEC. 2. The Secretary of the Navy shall be, and he hereby and the certs per is, authorized and threated to deduct, after the first day of Sep-month from the tember next, from the pay thereafter to become due, of the offi-pay of the navy. cers seamen and marines of the payy of the United States at cers, seamen, and marines, of the navy of the United States, at the rate of twenty cents per month, for every such officer, seaman, and marine, and to pay the same quarter annually to the Secretary of the Treasury, to be applied to the same purposes as the money collected by virtue of the abovementioned act is appropriated.

SEC. 3. The officers, seamen, and marines, of the navy of the navy, entitled the United States, shall be entitled to receive the same benefits to the benefits of and advantages as, by the act abovementioned, are provided for the relief of the sick and disabled seamen of the merchant vessels of the United States.

APPROVED, March 2, 1799.

AN ACT authorizing the President of the United States to fill certain vacancies in the army and navy.

[Obsolete.]

Be it enacted, &c., That the President of the United President authorized to make States shall be, and he is hereby, authorized to make apfill vacancies in pointments to fill any vacancies in the army and navy which the army and and army may have happened during the present session of the Senate. navy.

APPROVED, March 3, 1799.

APPROVED, April 22, 1800.

AN ACT fixing the rank and pay of the commanding officer of the corps of marines.

[Obsolete.]

Be it enacted, & c., That a lieutenant-colonel commandant shall be appointed to command the corps of marines, and shall be entitled to the same pay and emoluments as a lieucommanding offi- tenant-colonel in the army of the United States; any thing in cer of the marine the act for the establishing and organizing a marine corps to the contrary notwithstanding; and that the office of major of the said corps shall thereafter be abolished.

Rank and pay-of corps.

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Officers, seamen, and marines of the act of July 16, 1798.

AN ACT for the better government of the navy of the United States. SEC. 1. Be it enacted, &c., That, from and after the first day of June next, the following rules and regulations be adopted and put in force, for the government of the navy of the United States.

Art. 1. The commanders of all ships and vessels of war be-longing to the navy are strictly enjoined and required to show duct incumbent in themselves a good example of virtue, honor, patriotism, and on commanders. subordination, and be vigilant in inspecting the conduct of all such as are placed under their command; and to guard against. and suppress, all dissolute and immoral practices, and to correct all such as are guilty of them, according to the usage of the sea service.

Art. 2. The commanders of all ships and vessels in the Divine service & preaching. navy, having chaplains on board, shall take care that divine service be performed in a solemn, orderly, and reverent manner twice a day, and a sermon preached on Sunday, unless bad weather, or other extraordinary accidents prevent it: and that they cause all, or as many of the ship's company as can be spared from duty, to attend at every performance of the worship of Almighty God.

Art. 3. Any officer, or other person, in the navy, who shall Punishment be guilty of oppression, cruelty, fraud, profane swearing, drunk- certain scanda. enness, or any other scandalous conduct, tending to the destruction of good morals, shall, if an officer, be cashiered, or suffer such other punishment as a court martial shall adjudge: if a private, shall be put in irons, or flogged, at the discretion of the captain, not exceeding twelve lashes; but if the offence require severer punishment, he shall be tried by a court martial, and suffer such punishment as said court shall inflict.

Art. 4. Every commander, or other officer, who shall, upon signal for battle, or on the probability of an engagement, ne-Penalties on the glect to clear his ship for action, or shall not use his utmost ex-respect of attack ertions to bring his ship to battle, or shall fail to encourage, in and battle. his own person, his inferior officers and men to fight courageously, such offender shall suffer death, or such other punishment as a court martial shall adjudge; or any officer neglecting, on sight of any vessel or vessels of an enemy, to clear his ship for action, shall suffer such punishment as a court martial shall adjudge; and if any person in the navy shall treacherously yield, or pusillanimously cry for quarters, he shall suffer death, on conviction thereof, by a general court martial.

Art. 5. Every officer, or private, who shall not properly ob- Punishment for serve the orders of his commanding officer, or shall not use his not observing orutmost exertions to carry them into execution, when ordered to paring for battle. prepare for, join in, or when actually engaged in, battle; or shall at such time basely desert his duty or station, either then, or while in sight of an enemy, or shall induce others to do so, every person so offending shall, on conviction thereof by a general court martial, suffer death or such other punishment as the said court shall adjudge.

1800.Art. 6. Every officer, or private, who shall, through coward-Punishment for ice, negligence, or disaffection, in time of action, withdraw from, covardice, negli-gence, or disar or keep out of battle, or shall not do his utmost to take or defection. stroy every vessel which it is his duty to encounter, or shall not

do his utmost endeavor to afford relief to ships belonging to the United States, every such offender shall, on conviction thereof by a general court martial, suffer death, or such other punishment as the said court shall adjudge.

Papers to be pecting captures.

Art. 7. The commanding officer of every ship or vessel in transmitted res- the navy, who shall capture, or seize upon, any vessel as a prize, shall carefully preserve all the papers and writings found on board, and transmit the whole of the originals, unmutilated, to the judge of the district to which such prize is ordered to proceed, and shall transmit to the Navy Department, and to the agent appointed to pay the prize money, complete lists of the officers and men entitled to a share of the capture, inserting therein the quality of every person rating, on pain of forfeiting his whole share of the prize money resulting from such capture, and suffering such further punishment as a court martial shall adjudge.

Art. 8. No person in the navy shall take out of a prize, or ing a prize, or vessel seized as a prize, any money, plate, goods, or any part of persons on board her rigging, unless it be for the better preservation thereof, or absolutely necessary for the use of any of the vessels of the United States, before the same shall be adjudged lawful prize by a competent court; but the whole, without fraud, concealment, or embezzlement, shall be brought in, and judgment passed thereon, upon pain that every person offending herein shall forfeit his share of the capture, and suffer such further punishment as a court martial, or the court of admiralty in which the prize is adjudged, shall impose.

> Art. 9. No person in the navy shall strip of their clothes, or pillage, or in any manner maltreat, persons taken on board a prize, on pain of such punishment as a court martial shall adjudge.

> Art. 10. No person in the navy shall give, hold, or entertain any intercourse or intelligence to or with any enemy or rebel, without leave from the President of the United States, the Secretary of the Navy, the commander-in-chief of the fleet, or the commander of a squadron; or, in case of a vessel acting singly, from his commanding officer, on pain of death, or such other punishment as a court martial shall adjudge.

Art. 11. If any letter or message from an enemy or rebel from an enemy to be conveyed to any officer or private of the navy, and he shall not, within twelve hours, make the same known, having opportunity so to do, to his superior or commanding officer; or if any officer commanding a ship or vessel, being acquainted therewith, shall not, with all convenient speed, reveal the same to the commander-in-chief of the fleet, commander of a squadron, or other proper officer, whose duty it may be to take cognizance thereof, every such offender shall suffer death, or such other punishment as a court martial shall adjudge.

Penalty on pillag-

Intercourse with enemies and rebels.

Letter or message be made known.

Art. 12. Spies, and all persons who shall come or be found in the capacity of spies, or who shall bring or deliver any se- Spies shall suffer ducing letter or message from an enemy or rebel, or endeavor death. to corrupt any person in the navy to betray his trust, shall suffer death, or such other punishment as a court martial shall adjudge.

Art. 13. If any person in the navy shall make, or attempt to Mutiny and sedi make, any mutinous assembly, he shall, on conviction thereof tion. by a court martial, suffer death; and if any person as aforesaid shall utter any seditious or mutinous words, or shall conceal or connive at any mutinous or seditious practices, or shall treat with contempt his superior, being in the execution of his office; or, being witness to any mutiny or sedition, shall not do his ut. most to suppress it, he shall be punished at the discretion of a court martial.

Art. 14. No officer or private in the navy shall disobey the Disobedience of orders, & assault lawful orders of his superior officer, or strike him, or draw, or of a superior offioffer to draw, or raise, any weapon against him, while in the execution of the duties of his office, on pain of death, or such other-punishment as a court martial shall inflict.

Art. 15. No person in the navy shall quarrel with any other Quarreling. person in the navy, nor use provoking or reproachful words, gestures, or menaces, on pain of such punishment as a court martial shall adjudge.

Art. 16. If any person in the navy shall desert to an enemy Desertion. or rebel, he shall suffer death.

Art. 17. If any person in the navy shall desert, or shall entice others to desert, he shall suffer death, or such other punishment as a court martial shall adjudge; and if any officer, or other person belonging to the navy, shall receive or entertain any deserter from any other vessel of the navy, knowing him to be such, and shall not, with all convenient speed, give notice of such deserter to the commander of the vessel to which he belongs, or to the commander-in-chief, or to the commander of the squadron, he shall, on conviction thereof, be cashiered, or be punished at the discretion of a court martial. All offences, offences commitcommitted by persons belonging to the navy while on shore, ted on shore. shall be punished in the same manner as if they had been committed at sea.

Art. 18. If any person in the navy shall knowingly make the United States or sign, or shall aid, abet, direct, or procure the making or signing, of any false muster, or shall execute, or attempt, or countenance, any fraud against the United States, he shall, on conviction, be cashiered, and rendered forever incapable of any future employment in the service of the United States, and shall forfeit all the pay and subsistence due him, and suffer such other punishment as a court martial shall inflict.

Art. 19. If any officer, or other person, in the navy, shall, Improper navigathrough inattention, negligence, or any other fault, suffer any vessel of the navy to be stranded, or run upon rocks or shoals, or hazarded, he shall suffer such punishment as a court martial shall adjudge.

1800.

performance duty, etc.

Murder.

Duties in relation to convoy.

Penalty on receiving merchandise on board.

Burning, or destroying property.

Art. 25. If any person in the navy shall unlawfully set fire public to or burn any kind of public property, not then in the possession of an enemy, pirate, or rebel, he shall suffer death: and if any person shall, in any other manner, destroy such property, or shall not use his best exertions to prevent the destruction thereof by others, he shall be punished at the discretion of a court martial.

Art. 26. Any theft, not exceeding twenty dollars, may be punished at the discretion of the captain, and above that sum, as a court martial shall direct.

Art. 27. If any person in the navy shall, when on shore, plunder, abuse, or maltreat, any inhabitant, or injure his property in any way, he shall suffer such punishment as a court martial shall adjudge.

Theft.

Offences against people on shore.

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Art. 20. If any person in the navy shall sleep upon his Negligence in the watch, or negligently perform the duty assigned him, or leave of his station before regularly relieved, he shall suffer death, or such punishment as a court martial shall adjudge; or, if the offender be a private, he may, at the discretion of the captain, be put in irons, or flogged not exceeding twelve lashes.

Art. 21. The crime of murder, when committed by any officer, seaman, or marine, belonging to any public ship or vessel of the United States, without the territorial jurisdiction of the same, may be punished with death by the sentence of a court martial.

Art. 22. The officers and privates of every ship or vessel appointed as convoy to merchant or other vessels, shall diligently and faithfully discharge the duties of their appointment, nor shall they demand or exact any compensation for their services. nor maltreat any of the officers or crews of such merchant or other vessels, on pain of making such reparation as a court of admiralty may award, and of suffering such further punishment as a court martial shall adjudge.

Art. 23. If any commander or other officer shall receive or permit to be received, on board his vessel, any goods or merchandise, other than for the sole use of his vessel, except gold, silver, or jewels, and except the goods or merchandise of vessels which may be in distress, or shipwrecked, or in imminent danger of being shipwrecked, in order to preserve them for their owner, without orders from the President of the United States or the Navy Department, he shall, on conviction thereof, be cashiered, and be incapacitated forever afterwards for any place or office in the navy.

Waste, embez- Art. 24. If any person in the fact, any ammunition, provi-zlement, etc. of or fraudulently buy, sell, or receive, any ammunition, provisions, or other public stores; or if any officer or other person shall, knowingly, permit, through design, negligence, or inattention, any such waste, embezzlement, sale or receipt, every such person shall forfeit all the pay and subsistence then due him, and suffer such further punishment as a court martial shall direct.

Art. 28. Every person in the navy shall use his utmost exertions to detect, apprehend, and bring to punishment, all offend- Detection and apers, and shall, at all times, aid and assist all persons appointed prehension of offor this purpose, on pain of such punishment as a court martial shall adjudge.

Art. 29. Each commanding officer shall, whenever a sea- Muster rolls and man enters on board, cause an accurate entry to be made in the ship's books of his name, time, and term of his service; and, before sailing, transmit to the Secretary of the Navy a complete list or muster roll of the officers and men under his command. with the date of their entering, time and terms of their service annexed; and shall cause similar lists to be made out on the first day of every second month, to be transmitted to the Secretary of the Navy, as opportunities shall occur; accounting in such lists, or muster rolls, for any casualties which may have taken place since the last list or muster roll. He shall cause to be accurately minuted on the ship's books, the names of, and times at which any death or desertion may occur; and in case of death, shall take care that the purser secure all the property of the deceased for the benefit of his legal representative or representatives. He shall cause frequent inspections to be made into the condition of the provisions, and use every precaution visions. for its preservation. He shall, whenever he orders officers and detachd from the men to take charge of a prize, and proceed to the United States, ship to be furnishand whenever officers or men are sent from his ship for what-statements. ever cause, take care that each man be furnished with a complete statement of his account, specifying the date of his enlistment, and the period and terms of his service; which account shall be signed by the commanding officer and purser. He shall Rules to be hung cause the rules for the government of the navy to be hung up up and read. in some public part of the ship, and read once a month to his ship's company. He shall cause a convenient place to be set Treatment of the apart for sick or disabled men, to which he shall have them re-sick. moved, with their hammocks and bedding, when the surgeon shall so advise, and shall direct that some of the crew attend them and keep the place clean; and, if necessary, shall direct that cradles, and buckets with covers, be made for their use: and when his crew is finally paid off, he shall attend in per- Paving off. son, or appoint a proper officer, to see that justice be done to the men, and to the United States, in the settlement of the accounts. Any commanding officer, offending herein, shall be punished at the discretion of a court martial.

Art. 30. No commanding officer shall, of his own authority, Treatment of in discharge a commissioned or warrant officer, nor strike, nor pun- ferior officers and ish him otherwise than by suspension or confinement, nor shall he, of his own authority, inflict a punishment on any private beyond twelve lashes with a cat-of-nine-tails, nor shall he suffer any wired, or other than a plain, cat-of-nine-tails, to be used on board his ship; nor shall any officer who may command by accident, or in the absence of the commanding officer (except such commander be absent for a time by leave) order or inflict

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any other punishment than confinement, for which he shall account on the return of such absent commanding officer. Nor shall any commanding officer receive on board any petty officers or men, turned over from any other vessel to him, unless each of such officers and men produce to him an account, signed by the captain and purser of the vessel from which they came, specifying the date of such officer's or man's entry, the period and terms of service, the sums paid and the balance due him, and the quality in which he was rated on board such ship. Nor shall any commanding officer, having received any petty officer or man as aforesaid, rate him in a lower or worse station than that in which he formerly served. Any commanding officer, offending herein, shall be punished at the discretion of a court martial.

Master at arms.

Art. 31. Any master-at-arms, or other person of whom the duty of master-at-arms is required, who shall refuse to receive such prisoners as shall be committed to his charge, or having received them, shall suffer them to escape, or dismiss them without orders from proper authority, shall suffer in such prisoners' stead, or be punished otherwise at the discretion of a court martial.

Art. 32. All crimes committed by persons belonging to the Grimes not speci-navy, which are not specified in the foregoing articles, shall be punished according to the laws and customs in such cases at sea.

> Art. 33. All officers, not holding commissions or warrants, petty or who are not entitled to them, except such as are temporarily appointed to the duties of a commissioned or warrant officer, are deemed petty officers.

Art. 34. Any person entitled to wages or prize money may of have the same paid to his assignee, provided the assignment be attested by the captain and purser; and in case of the assignment of wages, the power shall specify the precise time they commence. But the commander of every vessel is required to discourage his crews from selling any part of their wages or prize money, and never to attest any power of attorney, until he is satisfied that the same is not granted in consideration of money given for the purchase of wages or prize money.

NAVAL GENERAL COURTS MARTIAL.

Art. 35. General courts martial may be convened as often Appointment of as the President of the United States, the Secretary of the Navy, or the commander-in-chief of the fleet, or commander of a squadron, while acting out of the United States, shall deem it necessary: provided, that no general court martial shall consist of more than thirteen, nor less than five, members, and as many officers shall be summoned on every such court as can be convened without injury to the service, so as not to exceed thirteen, and the senior officer shall always preside, the others ranking agreeably to the date of their commissions; and in no case, where it can be avoided without injury to the service, shall

Who are officers.

Assignment wages and prize money.

naval general courts martial.

more than one-half the members, exclusive of the president, be junior to the officer to be tried.

Art. 36. Each member of the court, before proceeding to trial, shall take the following oath or affirmation, which the Oath of members judge advocate, or person officiating as such, is hereby autho- of general courts rized to administer.

"I, A. B. do swear [or affirm] that I will truly try, without prejudice or partiality, the case now depending, according to the evidence which shall come before the court, the rules for the government of the navy, and my own conscience; and that I will not by any means divulge or disclose the sentence of the court, until it shall have been approved by the proper authority, nor will I at any time divulge or disclose the vote or opinion of any particular member of the court, unless required so to do before a court of justice in due course of law."

This oath or affirmation being duly administered, the President is authorized and required to administer the following oath Oath of the judge or affirmation to the judge advocate, or person officiating as advocate. such.

"I. A. B. do swear [or affirm] that I will keep a true record of the evidence given to, and the proceedings of, this court; nor will I divulge, or by any means disclose, the sentence of the court until it shall have been approved by the proper authority; nor will I at any time divulge or disclose the vote or opinion of any particular member of the court, unless required so to do before a court of justice in due course of law."

Art. 37. All testimony given to a general court martial shall All testimony to be on oath. be on oath or affirmation, which the president of the court is hereby authorized to administer, and if any person shall refuse Punishment for to give his evidence as aforesaid, or shall prevaricate, or shall fy, prevarication, behave with contempt to the court, it shall and may be lawful or contempt. for the court to imprison such offender at their discretion; provided, that the imprisonment in no case shall exceed two months: And every person who shall commit wilful perjury Perjury. on examination on oath or affirmation before such court, or who shall corruptly procure, or suborn, any person to commit such wilful perjury, shall and may be prosecuted by indictment or information in any court of justice of the United States, and shall suffer such penalties as are authorized by the laws of the United States in cases of perjury, or the subornation thereof. And in every prosecution for perjury, or the subornation thereof, under this act, it shall be sufficient to set forth the offence charged on the defendant, without setting forth the authority by which the court was held, or the particular matters brought, or intended to be brought, before the said court.

Art. 38. All charges, on which an application for a general Exhibition OF court martial is founded, shall be exhibited in writing to the proper officer, and the person demanding the court shall take care that the person accused be furnished with a true copy of Accused to be the charges, with the specifications, at the time he is put under furnished with a arrest, nor shall any other charge or charges, than those so ex-

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Treatment of an arrested officer.

Continuance of general courts martial:

To sit from day to day.

Pay and emoluments may be suspended.

Pardon and mitigation of punish ments.

Courts of inquiry may be ordered. hibited, be urged against the person to be tried before the court. unless it appear to the court that intelligence of such charge had not reached the person demanding the court, when the person so to be tried was put under arrest, or that some witness material to the support of such charge, who was at that time absent, can be produced; in which case, reasonable time shall be given to the person to be tried to make his defence against such new charge. Every officer so arrested is to deliver up his sword to his commanding officer, and to confine himself to the limits assigned him, under pain of dismission from service.

Art. 39. When the proceedings of any general court martial shall have commenced, they shall not be suspended or delayed. on account of the absence of any of the members, provided five or more be assembled; but the court is enjoined to sit from day to day, Sundays excepted, until sentence be given : And nomember of said court shall, after the proceedings are begun, absent himself therefrom, unless in case of sickness, or orders to go on duty from a superior officer, on pain of being cashiered. Art. 40. Whenever a court martial shall sentence any officer to be suspended, the court shall have power to suspend his pay

and emoluments for the whole, or any part, of the time of hissuspension. Art. 41. All sentences of courts martial, which shall extend

How sentences Art. 41. All sentences of counter instance, are to be given to the loss of life, shall require the concurrence of two-thirds of the members present; and no such sentence shall be carried into execution, until confirmed by the President of the United States; or, if the trial take place out of the United States, until it be confirmed by the commander of the fleet or squadron: All other sentences may be determined by a majority of votes, and carried into execution on confirmation of the commander of the fleet, or officer ordering the court, except such as go to the dismission of a commissioned or warrant officer, which are first to be approved by the President of the United States.

> A court martial shall not, for any one offence not capital, inflict a punishment beyond one hundred lashes.

> Art. 42. The President of the United States, or, when the trial takes place out of the United States, the commander of the fleet or squadron, shall possess full power to pardon any offence committed against these articles, after conviction, or to mitigate the punishment decreed by a court martial.

> SEC. 2. Art. 1. And be it further enacted, That courts of inquiry may be ordered by the President of the United States, the Secretary of the Navy, or the commander of a fleet or squadron, provided such court shall not consist of more than three members, who shall be commissioned officers, and a judge advocate, or person to do duty as such; and such courts shall have power to summon witnesses, administer oaths, and punish contempt in the same manner as courts martial. But such court shall merely state facts, and not give their opinion, unless expressly required so to do in the order for convening;

and the party, whose conduct shall be the subject of inquiry, shall have permission to cross-examine all the witnesses.

Art. 2. The proceedings of courts of inquiry shall be au- Proceedings to be thenticated by the signature of the president of the court and judge advocate, and shall, in all cases not capital, or extending to the dismission of a commissioned or warrant officer, be evidence before a court martial, provided oral testimony cannot be obtained.

Art. 3. The judge advocate, or person officiating as such, shall oaths of memadminister to the members the following oath or affirmation : bers and judge advocate.

"You do swear, [or affirm] well and truly to examine and inquire, according to the evidence, into the matter now before you, without partiality or prejudice."

After which, the president shall administer to the judge advocate, or person officiating as such, the following oath or affirmation :

"You do swear, [or affirm,] truly to record the proceedings of this court, and the evidence to be given in the case in hearing."

SEC. 3. And be it further enacted, That in all cases, where In case of loss of the crews of the ships or vessels of the United States shall be the vessel, the command of the separated from their vessels, by the latter being wrecked, lost, or officers shall redestroyed, all the command, power, and authority, given to the main in force. officers of such ships or vessels, shall remain and be in full force as effectually as if such ship or vessel were not so wrecked, lost, or destroyed, until such ship's company be regularly discharged from, or ordered again into, the service, or until a court martial shall be held to inquire into the loss of such ship or vessel; and if, by the sentence of such court, or other satisfactory evidence, it shall appear that all or any of the officers and men of such ship's company did their utmost to preserve her, and after the loss thereof behaved themselves agreeably to the discipline of the navy, then the pay and emoluments of such officers and men, or such of them as shall have done their duty as aforesaid, shall go on until their discharge or death; and every officer or private who shall, after the loss of such vessel, act contrary to the discipline of the navy, shall be punished at the discretion of a court martial, in the same manner as if such vessel had not been so lost.

SEC. 4. And be it further enacted, That all the pay and Pay of captives to emoluments of such officers and men, of any of the ships or continue. vessels of the United States taken by an enemy, who shall appear, by the sentence of a court martial, or otherwise, to have done their utmost to preserve and defend their ship or vessel, and, after the taking thereof, have behaved themselves obediently to their superiors, agreeably to the discipline of the navy, shall go on, and be paid them until their death, exchange, or discharge.

SEC. 5. And be it further enacted, That the proceeds of all To whom the ships and vessels, and the goods taken on board of them, which proceeds of prize shall be adjudged good prize shall when of equal or superior shall be adjudged good prize, shall, when of equal or superior force to the vessel or vessels making the capture, be the sole

authenticated.

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Distribution prize money.

Commanding officers.

Lieutenants,captain of marines, and master.

Chaplain, lieut. marines, surgeon rant officers.

Midshipmen, sur-

Petty officers.

Seamen.

Vessels in sight to share.

Bounty given for board an enemy's ship.

property of the captors; and when of inferior force, shall be divided equally between the United States and the officers and men making the capture.

SEC. 6. And be it further enacted, That the prize money. of belonging to the officers and men, shall be distributed in the following manner:

1. To the commanding officers of fleets, squadrons, or single ships, three-twentieths, of which the commanding officer of the fleet or squadron shall have one-twentieth, if the prize be taken by a ship or vessel acting under his command, and the commander of single ships two-twentieths; but where the prize is taken by a ship acting independently of such superior officer, the three-twentieths shall belong to her commander.

2. To sea lieutenants, captains of marines, and sailing masters, two-twentieths; but where there is a captain, without a lieutenant of marines, these officers shall be entitled to twotwentieths and one-third of a twentieth, which third, in such case, shall be deducted from the share of the officers mentioned in article No. 3, of this section.

3. To chaplains, lieutenants of marines, surgeons, pursers, purser, and war-boatswains, gunners, carpenters, and master's mates, two-twentieths.

4. To midshipmen, surgeon's mates, captain's clerks, schoolgeon's mates, etc. masters, boatswain's mates, gunner's mates, carpenter's mates, ship's stewards, sailmakers, masters-at-arms, armorers, cockswains, and coopers, three-twentieths and an half.

> 5. To gunner's yeomen, boatswain's yeomen, quartermasters, quarter gunners, sailmaker's mates, sergeants and corporals of marines, drummers, fifers, and extra petty officers, two-twentieths and an half.

> 6. To seamen, ordinary seamen, marines, and all other persons doing duty on board, seven-twentieths.

> 7. Whenever one or more public ships or vessels are in sight at the time any one or more ships are taking a prize or prizes, they shall all share equally in the prize or prizes, according to the number of men and guns on board each ship in sight.

No commander of a fleet or squadron shall be entitled to re-When comman-ders of squadrons ceive any share of prizes taken by vessels not under his immeare not entitled. diate command; nor of such prizes as may have been taken by ships or vessels intended to be placed under his command, before they have acted under his immediate orders; nor shall a commander of a fleet or squadron, leaving the station where he had the command, have any share in the prizes taken by ships left on such station, after he has gone out of the limits of his said command.

SEC. 7. And be it further enacted, That a bounty shall be each person on paid by the United States, of twenty dollars, for each person on board any ship of an enemy at the commencement of an engagement, which shall be sunk or destroyed by any ship or vessel belonging to the United States of equal or inferior force, the same to be divided among the officers and crew in the same manner as prize money.

SEC. S. And be it further enacted, That every officer, seaman, or marine, disabled in the line of his duty, shall be enti-Pensions to per-tled to receive for life, or during his disability, a pension from the service. the United States, according to the nature and degree of his disability, not exceeding one half his monthly pay.

SEC. 9. And be it further enacted, That all money accru- Money accruing ing, or which has already accrued, to the United States from the forever a fund for sale of prizes, shall be, and remain forever, a fund for the pay-ment of pensions and half pay, should the same be hereafter as may merit it. granted, to the officers and seamen who may be entitled to receive the same : and if the said fund shall be insufficient for the purpose, the public faith is hereby pledged to make up the deficiency; but if it should be more than sufficient, the surplus shall be applied to the making of further provision for the comfort of the disabled officers, seamen, marines, and for such as, though not disabled, may merit, by their bravery, or long and faithful services, the gratitude of their country.

SEC. 10. And be it further enacted, That the said fund Secretaries of the navy, treasury, shall be under the management and direction of the Secretary and war, to re-of the Navy, the Secretary of the Treasury, and the Secretary and invest to of War, for the time being, who are hereby authorized to re-which the U.S. ceive any sums to which the United States may be entitled to report to Confrom the sale of prizes, and employ and invest the same, and gress annually. the interest arising therefrom, in any manner which a majority of them may deem most advantageous: And it shall be the duty of the said commissioners to lay before Congress, annually, in the first week of their session, a minute statement of their proceedings relative to the management of said fund.

SEC. 11. And be it further enacted, That the act passed the Repeal of former second day of March, in the year one thousand seven hundred act. and ninety-nine, entitled "An act for the government of the navy of the United States," from and after the first day of June next, shall be, and is hereby, repealed.

APPROVED, April 23, 1800.

AN ACT in addition to the act, intituled "An act to prohibit the carrying on the slave trade from the United States to any foreign place or country."

SEC. 1. Be it it enacted, &c., That it shall be unlawful for Penatty on cit-any citizen of the United States, or other person residing within interest in vessels the United States, directly or indirectly to hold, or have any right stave trade. or property in, any vessel employed or made use of in the transportation or carrying of slaves from one foreign country or place to another, and any right or property, belonging as aforesaid, shall be forfeited, and may be libelled and condemned for the use of the person who shall sue for the same; and such person, transgressing the prohibition aforesaid, shall also forfeit and pay a sum of money equal to double the value of the right or property in such vessel, which he held as aforesaid; and shall also forfeit a sum of money equal to double the value of the interest which he may have had in the slaves, which at any

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Penalty on citizens serving in such vessels.

time may have been transported or carried in such vessel, after the passing of this act, and against the form thereof.

SEC. 2. And be it further enacted, That it shall be unlawful for any citizen of the United States, or other person residing therein, to serve on board any vessel of the United States employed or made use of in the transportation or carrying of slaves from one foreign country or place to another; and any such citizen, or other person, voluntarily serving as aforesaid, shall be liable to be indicted therefor, and, on conviction thereof, shall be liable to a fine not exceeding two thousand dollars, and be imprisoned not exceeding two years.

SEC. 3. And be it further enacted, That if any citizen of the United States shall voluntarily serve on board of any foreign ship or vessel, which shall hereafter be employed in the slave trade, he shall, on conviction thereof, be liable to, and suffer the like forfeitures, pains, disabilities, and penalties, as he would have incurred had such ship or vessel been owned or employed, in whole or in part, by any person or persons residing within the United States.

SEC. 4. And be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful vessels authoriz- for any of the commissioned vessels of the United States to ed to seize ves- seize and take any vessel employed in carrying on trade, busithis or the former ness, or traffic, contrary to the true intent and meaning of this,

or the said act to which this is in addition ; and such vessel, to-Vessels, tackle, gether with her tackle, apparel, and guns, and the goods or effects, other than slaves, which shall be found on board, shall be forfeited, and may be proceeded against in any of the district or circuit courts, and shall be condemned for the use of the officers and crew of the vessel making the seizure, and be divided in the proportion directed in the case of prize: And all persons interested in such vessel, or in the enterprise or voyage in which such vessel shall be employed at the time of such capture, shall be precluded from all right or claim to the slaves found on board such vessel as aforesaid, and from all damages or retribution on account thereof: And it shall moreover be the duty of the commanders of such commissioned vessels to apprehend and take Persons found on into custody every person found on board of such vessel so bo'rd to be appre-hended and con- seized and taken, being of the officers or crew thereof, and him or them convey, as soon as conveniently may be, to the civil authority of the United States in some one of the districts thereof, to be proceeded against in due course of law.

SEC. 5. And be it further enacted, That the district and circuit court to have cuit courts of the United States shall have cognizance of all acts and offences against the prohibitions herein contained.

SEC. 6. Provided, nevertheless, and be it further enacted, of That nothing in this act contained shall be construed to authorize the bringing into either of the United States, any person or persons, the importation of whom is, by the existing laws of such State, prohibited.

SEC. 7. And be it further enacted, That the forfeitures, of which shall hereafter be incurred under this, or the said act to

Citizens of U.S. serving on board foreign vessels.

sels contravening act.

ed.

veyed to U.S.

District and cirfences.

Construction the act.

Distribution penalties.

which this is in addition, not otherwise disposed of, shall accrue 1800. and be one moiety thereof to the use of the informer, and the One half to inforother moiety to the use of the United States, except where the to U.S. prosecution shall be first instituted on behalf of the United States, in which case the whole shall be to their use.

APPROVED, May 10, 1800.

AN ACT providing for a naval peace establishment, and for other purposes. [Obsolete.]

SEC 1. Be it enacted, S.c., That the President of the United The States be, and he hereby is, authorized, whenever the situation may cause to be of public affairs shall, in his opinion, render it expedient, to public vessels. cause to be sold, they being first divested of their guns and military stores, which are to be carefully preserved, all or any of the ships and vessels belonging to the navy, except the frigates United States, Constitution, President, Chesapeake, Philadelphia, Constellation, Congress, New York, Boston, Essex, Adams, John Adams, and General Greene; and also to lay up all the frigates thus to be retained, except such as are directed by this act to be kept in constant service in time of peace.

SEC. 2. And be it further enacted, That six of the frigates to Six of the frigates be retained shall be kept in constant service in time of peace, to be retained in constant service. and shall be officered and manned as the President of the United States may direct, not to exceed, however, two-thirds of the present complement of seamen, and ordinary seamen; the residue of the frigates to be retained shall be laid up in convenient ports, and there shall be permanently attached to each frigate, so laid up, one sailing master, one boatswain, one gunner, one carpenter, and one cook, one sergeant or corporal of marines, and eight marines; and to the large frigates twelve, and to the small frigates ten seamen; the sailing master shall have the general care and superintendence of the ship; and shall generally execute such duties of a purser as may be necessary. [Sec. 2 repealed in part March 27, 1804, and wholly, April 21, 1806.]

SEC. 3. And be it enacted, That, from and after the day component parts when the reduction of the navy shall take place as aforesaid, of a ration after the navy ration shall consist of as follows : on Sunday, four- the navy. teen ounces of bread, one and a quarter pound of beef, half a pound of flour, one quarter of a pound of suet, one half pint of distilled spirits; Monday, fourteen ounces of bread, one pound of pork, half pint of peas, one half pint of distilled spirits; Tuesday, fourteen ounces of bread, one pound of beef, two ounces of cheese, one half pint of distilled spirits ; Wednesday, fourteen ounces of bread, one pound of pork, half pint of rice, one half pint of distilled spirits; Thursday, fourteen ounces of bread, one and a quarter pound of beef, half pound of flour, quarter pound of suet, one half pint of distilled spirits; Friday, fourteen ounces of bread, four ounces of cheese, two ounces of butter, half pint of rice, half pint of molasses, one

President

Number of officers to be retained.

half pint of distilled spirits; Saturday, fourteen ounces of bread, one pound of pork, half pint of peas, half pint of vinegar, one half pint of distilled spirits.

SEC. 4. Be it further enacted. That the President of the United States retain in the navy service, in time of peace, nine captains, thirty-six lieutenants, and one hundred and fifty midshipmen, including those employed on board of the six frigates to be kept in service; and that he be authorized to discharge all the other officers in the navy service of the United States; but such of the aforesaid officers as shall be retained in the service, shall be entitled to receive no more than half their monthly pay during the time when they shall not be under orders for [Sec. 4 repealed, April 21, 1806.] actual service.

SEC. 5. Be it further enacted, That all the commissioned Four months extra pay allowed and warrant officers, who shall be discharged as aforesaid, shall be entitled to receive four months' pay, over and above what may be due to them respectively at the time of their discharge. APPROVED, March 3, 1801.

> AN ACT authorizing the sale of a piece of land, parcel of the navy yard belonging to the United States, in Charlestown, in the State of Massachusetts, to the proprietors of the Salem turnpike road and Chelsca bridge corporation.

> > [Obsolete.]

SEC. 1. Be it enacted, &c., That the Secretary of the Navy o convey a piece be, and he hereby is, authorized and empowered, by indenture of land to the Sa-of land to the Sa- of bargain and sale, in common form, to convey, in fee simple, to the proprietors of the Salem turnpike and Chelsea bridge corporation, by their proper name of incorporation, a certain piece of land, lying on the western corner, and being parcel of the navy yard belonging to the United States, in Charlestown, in the State of Massachusetts, containing fifteen square perches, or thereabouts, or so much thereof as is required to enable the said proprietors to lay out and make a turnpike road from Salem to Charlestown bridge, near Boston, according to the plan exhibited to Congress by the said proprietors.

Valuation to be ascertained by sons, and paid.

SEC. 2. And be it further enacted, That it shall be the duty ascertained by disinterested per- of the said Secretary, prior to the making the said conveyance, to cause the said piece of land to be valued by disinterested men, to be appointed in such manner as he shall agree with the said proprietors; the amount of which said valuation, being paid to the use of the United States, it shall then, and not before, be lawful for the said Secretary to make the aforesaid conveyance.

APPROVED, February 10, 1803.

AN ACT to provide an additional armament for the protection of the seamen and commerce of the United States.

[Obsolete.]

SEC. 1. Be it enacted, &c., That the President of the United President authorized to put into service four ves. States be, and he hereby is, authorized and empowered to cause to

discharged.

Secretary of the Navy authorized ration.

be built, or to be purchased (if the exigencies of the service shall 1803.require it) four vessels of war, to carry not exceeding sixteen guns sels of sixteen each ; to be armed, manned, and fitted out for the protection of guns each. the seamen and commerce of the United States in the Mediterranean and adjacent seas, and for other purposes, as the public service may require.

SEC. 2. And be it further enacted, That the sum of ninety- \$96,000 approprisix thousand dollars be, and hereby is, appropriated for the purpose aforesaid, out of any moneys in the treasury of the United States not otherwise appropriated.

SEC. 3. And be it further enacted, That the President of President authorthe United States be, and he is hereby, authorized and empow- ized to put into fifteen ered to cause to be built, a number not exceeding fifteen gun gun boats. boats, to be armed, manned, and fitted out, and employed for such purposes as in his opinion the public service may require ; \$50,000 appropriand that a sum, not exceeding fifty thousand dollars be, and ated for the purhereby is, appropriated for this purpose, out of any moneys in pose. the treasury of the United States not otherwise appropriated.

APPROVED, February 28, 1803.

AN ACT to prevent the importation of certain persons into certain States, where, by the laws thereof, their admission is prohibited.

SEC. 1. Be it enacted, &c., That, from and after the first day No negro, mulatof April next, no master or captain of any ship or vessel, or any to regro, mular of or person of other person, shall import or bring, or cause to be imported or into U.S. after brought, any negro, mulatto, or other person of color, not being a native, a citizen, or registered seaman, of the United States, or seamen, natives of countries beyond the Cape of Good Hope, into any port or place of the United States, which port or place shall be situated in any State which by law has prohibited, or shall prohibit, the admission or importation of such negro, mulatto, or other person of color; and if any captain or master aforesaid, or any other person, shall import or bring, or cause to be imported or brought, into any of the ports or places aforesaid, any of the persons whose admission or importation is prohibited as aforesaid, he shall forfeit and pay the sum of one Forfeiture. thousand dollars for each and every negro, mulatto, or other person of color aforesaid, brought or imported as aforesaid, to be sued for and recovered by action of debt, in any court of the How recovered. United States; one half thereof to the use of the United States, To be divided. the other half to any person or persons prosecuting for the penalty; and in any action instituted for the recovery of the penalty aforesaid, the person or persons sued may be held to special bail : provided, always, that nothing contained in this act shall be construed to prohibit the admission of Indians.

sec. 2. And be it further enacted, That no ship or vessel, arri-vessels having ving in any of the said ports or places of the United States, and prohibited having on board any negro, mulatto, or other person of color, not to be admit-ted to entry. being a native, a citizen, or registered seaman of the U States, or seamen natives of countries beyond the Cape of Good Hope

Forfeiture of vessel.

Duty of collectors and officers of vent admission.

as aforesaid, shall be admitted to an entry. And if any such negro, mulatto, or other person of color, shall be landed from on board any ship or vessel, in any of the ports or places aforesaid, or on the coast of any State prohibiting the admission or importation, as aforesaid, the said ship or vessel, together with her tackle, apparel, and furniture, shall be forfeited to the United States. and one half of the nett proceeds of the sales on such forfeiture shall inure and be paid over to such person or persons on whose information the seizure of such forfeiture shall be made.

SEC. 3. And be it further enacted, That it shall be the duty customs to pre- of the collectors, and other officers of the customs, and all other officers of the revenue of the United States, in the several ports or places situated as aforesaid, to notice, and be governed by, the provisions of the laws now existing, of the several States prohibiting the admission or importation of any negro, mulatto, or other person of color, as aforesaid. And they are hereby enjoined vigilantly to carry into effect the said laws of said States, conformably to the provisions of this act; any law of the United States to the contrary notwithstanding.

APPROVED, February 28, 1803.

AN ACT further to protect the commerce and seamen of the United States against the Barbary powers.

[Obsolete.]

SEC. 3. And be it further enacted, That the President of President authorized to employ a the United States, if he shall deem it necessary, shall be, and naval force in the he is hereby, authorized to cause to be purchased, or built, offi-Mediterranean.

cered, manned, and equipped, two vessels of war, to carry not more than sixteen guns each, and likewise to hire, or accept on loan, in the Mediterranean sea, as many gun boats as he may think proper.

APPROVED, March 25, 1804.

AN ACT in relation to the navy pension fund. [Obsolete.]

Money arising

from captures. SEC. 1. Be *it enacted*, 5^oc., That all the money accruing, or not already paid which has already accrued, to the U. States, from the capture of over, to be paid prizes authorized by law and which has a stated by law over, to be paid prizes authorized by law, and which has not already been paid to the Secretary of the Navy, the Secretary of the Treasury, and the Secretary of War, as commissioners of the navy pension

fund, shall be paid to the Treasurer of the United States.

SEC. 2. And be it further enacted, That it shall be the duty How the money SEC. 2. And be a further character, a receive all the money is to be disbursed of the Treasurer of the United States to receive all the money

so accruing, and to disburse the same pursuant to warrants from the Secretary of the Navy, countersigned by the accountant of ac- the navy; and a distinct quarterly account, of the moneys thus

received and disbursed, shall be rendered by the said Treasurer to the accounting officers of the treasury, in the same manner as is provided for other public moneys received by him.

by the treasurer.

Quarterly counts to be rendered.

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SEC. 3. And be it further enacted, That it shall be the duty 1804. of the accountant of the navy to receive and settle all accounts Accountant of whatever, in relation to the navy pension fund, and report, from ceive and settle time to time, all such settlements as shall have been made by all navy pension accounts, and rehim, for the inspection and revision of the accounting officers port the same. of the treasury, in the same manner as in other cases of publicaccounts.

SEC. 4. And be it further enacted, That the comptroller of Comptroller authorized to instithe treasury shall be fully authorized and empowered to direct tute suits for prze suits for the recovery of any sums now due, or which may money. hereafter be due, to the United States, for prizes as aforesaid, and to prosecute the same in the name of the United States, in the same manner as in other cases for the recovery of moneys due to the United States.

SEC. 5. And be it further enacted, That the commissioners Commissioners of the navy pension fund be, and they are hereby, authorized of the navy pen-sion fund may ap-to appoint a secretary, who shall perform all such duties in re-lisduty and emlation to the fund as they shall require of him; and shall re-oluments. ceive for his services a salary, not exceeding two hundred and fifty dollars per annum, to be paid quarter yearly at the treasury of the United States, and charged to the same fund.

SEC. 6. And be it further enacted, That the commissioners commissioners of the navy pension fund be, and they are hereby, authorized to make rules and for and directed to make such regulations, as may to them appear the admission of pensioners. expedient, for the admission of persons on the roll of navy pensioners, and for the payment of the pensions.

APPROVED, March 26, 1804.

AN ACT supplementary to the act, intituled "An act providing for a naval peace establishment, and for other purposes."

SEC. 1. Be it enacted, &c., That the President of the U. States Captain of navy be, and he is hereby, authorized to attach to the navy yard at to be attached to Washington, and to the frigates and other vessels laid up in or-vessels in ordi-dinary in the Eastern Branch, a captain of the navy, who shall ton. It washing have the general care and superintendence of the same; and ments. shall perform the duties of agent* to the navy department, and shall be entitled to receive, for his services, the pay and emoluments of a captain commanding a squadron on separate ser-

vice. And the President of the United States is hereby further who else are to authorized to attach permanently, to the said navy yard and beautraged and vessels, one other commissioned officer of the navy, who shall vessels in ordinareceive for his services the pay and emoluments of a captain ry at Washington commanding a twenty gun ship, one surgeon and one surgeon's mate of the navy, who shall be severally allowed for their services the same pay, rations, and emoluments, as are allowed to a surgeon, and to a surgeon's mate, in the army of the United States; one sailing-master, one head carpenter, one plumber, one head block-maker, one head cooper, two boatswains, two

* So much of this act as directs that the commandant of the navy vard at Washington shall also perform the duties of agent, repealed, July 10, 1832.

Proviso.

Repeal of a part of a former act.

1805.

gunners, one sailmaker, one storekeeper, one purser, one clerk of the yard, and, also, such seamen and marines as, in the opinion of the President, shall be deemed necessary: provided, that the number of seamen or marines shall not at any time be greater than what is at present authorized by the act to which this is a supplement.

SEC. 2. And be it further enacted, That that part of the act to which this is a supplement, which attaches to each frigate, laid up in ordinary, one sailing-master, one boatswain, one gunner, one carpenter, and one cook, one sergeant or corporal of marines, and eight marines, and to the large frigates twelve, and to the small frigates ten seamen, and which declares that the sailing-master shall have the care of the ship, and shall execute such duties of a purser as may be necessary, shall be, and hereby is, repealed.

APPROVED, March 27, 1804.

AN ACT to authorize the erection of a bridge across a mill-pond and marsh in the navy yard, belonging to the United States, in the town of Brooklyn, in the State of New York.

[Obsolete.]

President authormission for opensaid town.

Proviso.

Proviso.

boats.

Be it enacted, &c., That the President of the United States ized to grant per- be, and he hereby is, authorized, by a proper instrument in ing and improv- writing under his hand, in due form, to grant to such person or Brooklyn ferry, persons, or body corporate, by their proper name of incorpora-etc. in N. York, tion, as shall be authorized, by an act of the Legislature of the to erect a bridge State of New York to energy and improve a road from Brookacross a part of State of New York, to open and improve a road from Brook-the navy yard of the lyn ferry, in that State, along the shore of the Wallaboght, to Bushwick, to erect a bridge across the mill-pond and marsh, being part of the navy yard belonging to the United States, in the said town of Brooklyn, and to maintain such bridge under such restrictions, and on such conditions, as he shall prescribe: provided, nevertheless, that if, at any future time, it shall appear to the President of the United States that the property of the United States is injured by such bridge, he may revoke the permission granted by him for erecting the same. And provided, also, That no toll shall be demanded, at any time, for any article, the property of the United States, which may be conveyed to or for their use, over or across the said bridge, or from any person or persons employed in the said navy yard, who may pass or repass on the said bridge.

APPROVED, March 2, 1805.

AN ACT to appropriate a sum of money for the purpose of building gun boats. [Obsolete.]

Be it enacted, &c., That the sum of sixty thousand dollars \$60,000 appropriated, to be paid out of any ated for building be, and the same is hereby, appropriated, to be paid out of any money in the treasury not otherwise appropriated, for the purpose of enabling the President to cause to be built a number of 77

gun boats, not exceeding twenty-five, for the better protection of the ports and harbors of the United States.

APPROVED, March 2, 1805.

AN ACT in addition to an act, intituled "An act supplementary to the act providing for a naval peace establishment, and for other purposes."

[Obsolete.]

SEC. 1. Be it enacted, &c., That the second and fourth sections second & fourth of "An act providing for a naval peace establishment, and for sections of a for-mer act repealed. other purposes," be, and the same are hereby, repealed.

SEC. 2. And be it further enacted, That the President of President to keep the United States be, and he is hereby, authorized to keep in ac- in time of peace, tual service, in time of peace, so many of the frigates and other as he may frigates public armed vessels of the United States, as, in his judgment, proper. the nature of the service may require, and to cause the residue Rest to be laid up

thereof to be laid up in ordinary in convenient ports.

SEC. 3. And be it further enacted, That the public armed Armed vessels to vessels of the United States, in actual service, in time of peace, be officered and shall be officered and manned as the President of the United sident chooses. States shall direct; provided, that the officers shall not exceed Provise. the following numbers and grades, that is to say : thirteen captains, nine masters commandant, seventy-two lieutenants, and one hundred and fifty midshipmen; but the said officers shall receive no more than half their monthly pay, during the time when they shall not be under orders for actual service; and provided, farther, that the whole number of able seamen, ordinary seamen and boys, shall not exceed nine hundred and twentyfive ;* but the President may appoint, for the vessels in actual service, so many surgeons, surgeon's mates, sailing-masters, chaplains, pursers, boatswains, gunners, sailmakers, and carpenters, as may, in his opinion, be necessary and proper.

APPROVED, April 21, 1806.

AN ACT for fortifying the ports and harbors of the United States, and for building gun boats.

[Obsolete.]

SEC. 2. And be it further enacted, That a sum of money, \$250,000 appro-priated for build-not exceeding two hundred and fifty thousand dollars, in addi- ing gun boats for tion to the sums heretofore appropriated, shall be, and the same the protection of the harbors, etc., is hereby, appropriated, to enable the President of the United of the U.S. States to cause to be built and completed, a number of gun boats, not exceeding fifty, for the protection of the harbors, President authocoasts, and commerce of the United States; and the President rized to officer, is hereby authorized to officer, man, and equip, any part, or all, them, and equip of said gun boats, when he shall judge the same expedient, for ⁰⁰⁰ appropriated the purposes aforesaid; and a sum, not exceeding twenty thousand dollars, is hereby appropriated to defray any expense which may be incurred by officering, manning, and equipping, gun boats, as aforesaid.

* President authorized, March 3, 1807, to employ 500 additional seamen, etc.

SEC. 3. And be it further enacted, That the President of 1807. Armed vessels of the United States may direct any of the armed vessels of the the United States the United States United States to be sold, whenever he shall be of opinion that the discretion of the said vessel is so much out of repair that it will not be for the President. the interest of the United States to repair the same.

SEC. 4. And be it further enacted, That the several sums of out of what funds money hereby appropriated, shall be paid out of any money in the treasury of the United States, not otherwise appropriated.

APPROVED, April 21, 1806.

AN ACT to provide for surveying the coasts of the United States. [Repealed in part, April 14, 1818, and revived by act of July 10, 1832.]

SEC. 1. Be it enacted, &c., That the President of the U. States President autho-nized to cause a shall be, and he is hereby, authorized and requested, to cause a survey of coast of survey to be taken of the coasts of the United States, in which be made, and an shall be designated the islands and shoals, with the roads or accurate chart to places of anchorage, within twenty leagues of any part of the shores of the United States; and also the respective courses and distances between the principal capes, or head-lands, together with such other matters as he may deem proper for completing an accurate chart of every part of the coasts within the extent aforesaid.

SEC. 2. And be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful thorized to cause for the President of the United States to cause such examinabe made with re- tions and observations to be made, with respect to St. George's bank, and any other bank or shoal, and the soundings and currents beyond the distance aforesaid, to the Gulf stream, as in his opinion may be especially subservient to the commercial interests of the United States.

SEC. 3. And be it further enacted, That the President of rized to cause the United States shall be, and he is hereby, authorized and rebeemployed, and quested, for any of the purposes aforesaid, to cause proper and such of the pub- intelligent persons to be lic vessels as may intelligent persons to be employed, and also such of the public vessels in actual service as he may judge expedient, and to give such instructions for regulating their conduct as to him may appear proper, according to the tenor of this act.

> SEC. 4. And be it further enacted, That, for carrying this act into effect, there shall be, and hereby is, appropriated, a sum not exceeding fifty thousand dollars, to be paid out of any moneys in the treasury not otherwise appropriated.

APPROVED, February 10, 1807.

AN ACT to prohibit the importation of slaves into any port or place within the jurisdiction of the United States, from and after the first day of January, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and eight.

[See act, in addition to this, approved March 3, 1819.]

SEC. 1. Be it enacted, &c., That, from and after the first day of of January, one thousand eight hundred and eight, it shall not be Importation slaves into the U. lawful to import, or bring into the United States, or the territo-

Presidentalso auexaminations to spect to St. George's bank.

be prepared.

Appropriations -

to be paid.

be wanted.

President autho-

\$50,000 appropri ated.

ries therof, from any foreign kingdom, place, or country, any negro, mulatto, or person of color, with intent to hold, sell, or dispose of, such negro, mulatto, or person of color, as a slave, or to be held to service or labor.

SEC. 2. And be it further enacted, That no citizen or citi- Forfeiture of veszens of the United States, or any other person, shall, from and the slave trade. after the first day of January, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and eight, for himself, or themselves, or any other persons whatsoever, either as master, factor, or owner, build, fit, equip, load, or otherwise prepare, any ship or vessel, in any port or place within the jurisdiction of the United States, nor shall cause any ship or vessel to sail from any port or place within the same, for the purpose of procuring any negro, mulatto, or person of color, from any foreign kingdom, place, or country, to be transported to any port or place whatsoever, within the jurisdiction of the United States, to be held, sold, or disposed of, as slaves, or to be held to service or labor: and if any ship or vessel shall be so fitted out for the purpose aforesaid, or shall be caused to sail so as aforesaid, every such ship or vessel, her tackle, apparel, and furniture, shall be forfeited to the United States, and shall be liable to be seized, prosecuted, and condemned, in any of the circuit courts, or district courts, for the district where the said ship or vessel may be found or seized.

SEC. 3. And be it further enacted, That all and every per- Penalties for beson so building, fitting out, equipping, loading, or otherwise ing engaged in such expeditions. preparing, or sending away, any ship or vessel, knowing or intending that the same shall be employed in such trade or business, from and after the first day of January, one thousand eight hundred and eight, contrary to the true intent and meaning of this act, or any ways aiding or abetting therein, shall severally forfeit and pay twenty thousand dollars, one moiety thereof to the use of the United States, and the other moiety to the use of any person or persons who shall sue for, and prosecute the same to effect.

SEC. 4. And be it further enacted, If any citizen or citi-Forfeitures and zens of the United States, or any person resident within the penalties for imjurisdiction of the same, shall, from and after the first day of from Africa. January, one thousand eight hundred and eight, take on board. receive, or transport, from any of the coasts or kingdoms of Africa, or from any other foreign kingdom, place, or country, any negro, mulatto, or person of color, in any ship or vessel, for the purpose of selling them in any port or place within the jurisdiction of the United States, as slaves, or to be held to service or labor, or shall be, in any ways, aiding or abetting therein, such citizen or citizens, or person, shall severally forfeit and pay five thousand dollars, one moiety thereof to the use of any person or persons who shall sue for, and prosecute the same to effect; and every such ship or vessel, in which such negro, mulatto, or person of color, shall have been taken on board, received, or transported as aforesaid, her tackle, apparel, and furniture, and

sels fitted out for

1807.

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Slaves imported to regulations of the States.

Further penalties

the goods and effects which shall be found on board the same. shall be forfeited to the United States, and shall be liable to be seized, prosecuted, and condemned, in any of the circuit courts. or district courts in the district where the said ship or vessel may be found or seized. And neither the importer, nor any person to remain subject or persons claiming from or under him, shall hold any right or title whatsoever to any negro, mulatto, or person of color, nor to the service or labor thereof, who may be imported or brought within the United States, or territories thereof, in violation of this law, but the same shall remain subject to any regulations, not contravening the provisions of this act, which the Legislatures of the several States or territories, at any time hereafter, may make, for disposing of any such negro, mulatto, or person of color.

SEC. 5. And be it further enacted, That, if any citizen or to bring slaves in- citizens of the United States, or any other person resident within the jurisdiction of the same, shall, from and after the first day of January, one thousand eight hundred and eight, contrary to the true intent and meaning of this act, take on board any ship or vessel from any of the coasts or kingdoms of Africa, or from any other foreign kingdom, place, or country, any negro, mulatto, or person of color, with the intent to sell him, her, or them, for a slave, or slaves, or to be held to service or labor, and shall transport the same to any port or place within the jurisdiction of the United States, and there sell such negro, mulatto, or person of color, so transported as aforesaid, for a slave, or to be held to service or labor, every such offender shall be deemed guilty of a high misdemeanor, and being thereof convicted, before any court having competent jurisdiction, shall suffer imprisonment for not more than ten years, nor less than five years, and be fined not exceeding ten thousand dollars, nor less than one thousand dollars.

SEC. 6. And be it further enacted, That, if any person, or neighboring terri- persons, whatsoever, shall, from and after the first day of January, one thousand eight hundred and eight, purchase or sell any negro, mulatto, or person of color, for a slave, or to be held to service or labor, who shall have been imported, or brought from any foreign kingdom, place, or country, or from the dominions of any foreign state, immediately adjoining to the United States, into any port or place within the jurisdiction of the United States, after the last day of December, one thousand eight hundred and seven, knowing, at the time of such purchase or sale, such negro, mulatto, or person of color, was so brought within the jurisdiction of the United States, as aforesaid, such purchaser and seller shall severally forfeit and pay, for every negro, mulatto, or person of color, so purchased or sold as aforesaid, eight hundred dollars; one moiety thereof to the United States, and the other moiety to the use of any person or persons who shall sue for, and prosecute the same to effect: provided, that the aforesaid forfeiture shall not extend to the seller or purchaser of any negro, mulatto, or person of color, who may be sold or dis-

Penalties for buytories.

posed of in virtue of any regulation which may hereafter be made by any of the Legislatures of the several States in that respect, in pursuance of this act, and the Constitution of the United States.

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SEC. 7. And be it further enacted, That if any ship or ves- Vessels, having sel shall be found, from and after the first day of January, one may be seized, thousand eight hundred and eight, in any river, port, bay, or condemned. harbor, or on the high seas, within the jurisdictional limits of the United States, or hovering on the coast thereof, having on board any negro, mulatto, or person of color, for the purpose of selling them as slaves, or with intent to land the same, in any port, or place, within the jurisdiction of the United States, contrary to the prohibition of this act, every such ship or vessel, together with her tackle, apparel, and furniture, and the goods or effects which shall be found on board the same, shall be forfeited to the use of the United States, and may be seized, prosecuted, and condemned, in any court of the United States, having jurisdiction thereof. And it shall be lawful for the Pre-Naval force of U. sident of the United States, and he is hereby authorized, should ployed for that he deem it expedient, to cause any of the armed vessels of the purpose. United States to be manned and employed to cruise on any part of the coast of the United States, or territories thereof, where he may judge attempts will be made to violate the provisions of this act, and to instruct and direct the commanders of Commanders to armed vessels of the United States, to seize, take, and bring into into port, all vesany port of the United States, all such ships or vessels, and sels contravening moreover to seize, take, and bring into any port of the United act. States, all ships or vessels of the United States, wheresoever found on the high seas, contravening the provisions of this act, to be proceeded against according to law, and the captain, mas- Captains of such ter, or commander, of every such ship or vessel so found and vessels, if conseized as aforesaid, shall be deemed guilty of a high misde- fined and impri-meanor, and shall be liable to be prosecuted before any court of the United States, having jurisdiction thereof; and being thereof convicted, shall be fined not exceeding ten thousand dollars, and be imprisoned not less than two years, and not exceeding four years. And the proceeds of all ships and vessels, their tac- Proceeds of ves-kle, apparel, and furniture, and the goods and effects on board to be divided be of them, which shall be so seized, prosecuted, and condemned, tween U. S. and shall be divided equally between the United States and the of-men. ficers and men who shall make such seizure, take, or bring the same into port, for condemnation, whether such seizure be made by an armed vessel of the United States, or revenue cutters thereof, and the same shall be distributed in like manner, as is provided by law, for the distribution of prizes taken from an enewided by law, for the distribution of prizes taken than an arrival and any single set of the proceeds aforesaid, shall safe keep every negro, be kept safe, and mulatto, or person of color, found on board of any ship or vesses appointed set so by them seized, taken, or brought into port, for condem-by the States to receive them. nation, and shall deliver every such negro, mulatto, or person of color, to such person or persons as shall be appointed by the

1807.

pointed to overseers of the poor.

1807.

Account to transmitted governor.

to

Slaves not to be transported

Penalties.

Proviso.

Vessels of larger of the slaves for sale inserted in their papers.

respective States, to receive the same; and if no such person, or If no person ap- persons, shall be appointed by the respective States, they shall pointed to re-ceive, negroes to deliver every such negro, mulatto, or person of color, to the be delivered to overseers of the poor of the port or place where such ship or vessel may be brought or found, and shall immediately be transmit to the governor or chief magistrate of the State, an account of their proceedings, together with the number of such negroes, mulattoes, or persons of color, and a descriptive list of the same, that he may give directions respecting such negroes, mulattoes, or persons of color.

SEC. 8. And be it further enacted, That no captain, masin ter, or commander of any ship, or vessel, of less burthen than tons burthen, to forty tons, shall, from and after the first day of January, one be disposed of thousand eight hundred and in the first day of January, one thousand eight hundred and eight, take on board, and transport, any negro, mulatto, or person of color, to any port or place whatsoever, for the purpose of selling or disposing of the same as a slave, or with intent that the same may be sold or disposed of, to be held to service, or labor, on penalty of forfeiting for every such negro, mulatto, or person of color, so taken on board and transported, as aforesaid, the sum of eight hundred dollars: one moiety thereof to the use of the United States, and the other moiety to any person, or persons, who shall sue for, and prosecute the same to effect: provided, however, That nothing in this section shall extend to prohibit the taking on board, or transporting, on any river, or inland bay of the sea, within the jurisdiction of the United States, any negro, mulatto, or person of color, (not imported contrary to the provisions of this act.) in any vessel or species of craft whatever.

SEC. 9. And be it further enacted, That the captain, masburthen, sailing ter, or commander, of any ship or vessel of the burthen of forty coastwise, to the names tons or more, from and after the first day of January, one thousand eight hundred and eight, sailing coastwise, from any port in the United States, to any port or place within the jurisdiction of the same, having on board any negro, mulatto, or person of color, for the purpose of transporting them to be sold or disposed of as slaves, or to be held to service or labor, shall, previous to the departure of such ship or vessel, make out and subscribe duplicate manifests of every such negro, mulatto, or person of color, on board such ship or vessel, therein specifying the name and sex of each person, their age and stature, as near as may be, and the class to which they respectively belong, whether negro, mulatto, or person of color, with the name and place of residence of every owner or shipper of the same, and shall deliver such manifests to the collector of the port, if there be one, otherwise to the surveyor, before whom the captain, master, or commander, together with the owner, or shipper, shall severally swear or affirm, to the best of their knowledge and belief, that the persons therein specified were not imported, or brought into the United States, from and after the first day of January, one thousand eight hundred and eight, and that, under the laws of the State, they are held to service or labor;

whereupon the said collector or surveyor shall certify the same on the said manifests, one of which he shall return to the said Collector to cercaptain, master, or commander, with a permit, specifying there- tify manifest. on the number, names, and general description, of such persons, and authorizing him to proceed to the port of his destination. And if any ship or vessel, being laden and destined as aforesaid, shall depart from the port where she may then be, having manifests. without the captain, master, or commander, having first made out and subscribed duplicate manifests, of every negro, mulatto, and person of color, on board such ship or vessel, as aforesaid, and without having previously delivered the same to the said collector or surveyor, and obtained a permit, in manner as herein required, or shall, previous to her arrival at the port of her destination, take on board any negro, mulatto, or person of color, other than those specified in the manifests, as aforesaid, every such ship or vessel, together with her tackle, apparel, and Vessels to be for-furniture, shall be forfeited to the use of the United States, and captain to foreit may be seized, prosecuted, and condemned, in any court of the s1,000 for each United States, having jurisdiction thereof; and the captain, master, or commander, of every such ship or vessel, shall moreover forfeit, for every such negro, mulatto, or person of color, so transported, or taken on board, contrary to the provisions of this act, the sum of one thousand dollars, one moiety thereof to the United States, and the other moiety to the use of any person or persons who shall sue for, and prosecute the same to effect.

SEC. 10. And be it further enacted, That the captain, mas-Manifests to be ter, or commander, of every ship or vessel, of the burthen of delivered to offi-cers of customs forty tons or more, from and after the first day of January, one where such thousand eight hundred and eight, sailing coastwise, and hav- slaves coastwise ing on board any negro, mulatto, or person of color, to sell or landed. dispose of as slaves, or to be held to service or labor, and arriving in any port within the jurisdiction of the United States. from any other port within the same, shall, previous to the unlading or putting on shore any of the persons aforesaid, or suffering them to go on shore, deliver to the collector, if there be one, or, if not, to the surveyor, residing at the port of her arrival, the manifest certified by the collector or surveyor of the port from whence she sailed, as is hereinbefore directed, to the truth of which, before such officer, he shall swear, or affirm; and if the collector or surveyor shall be satisfied therewith, he shall thereupon grant a permit for unlading or suffering such negro, Pormit for unladmulatto, or person of color, to be put on shore, and if the captain, master, or commander, of any such ship or vessel being laden as aforesaid, shall neglect or refuse to deliver the manifest at the time and in the manner herein directed, or shall land or put on shore any negro, mulatto, or person of color, for the lecting to deliver purpose aforesaid, before he shall have delivered his manifest manifest, or land-ing negro. as aforesaid, and obtained a permit for that purpose, every such captain, master, or commander, shall forfeit and pay ten thousand dollars, one moiety thereof to the United States, the other

1807.

carried are

ing to be granted.

moiety to the use of any person or persons who shall sue for_p and prosecute the same to effect.

APFROVED, March 2, 1807.

AN ACT in addition to an act, intituled "An act in addition to an act, intituled 'An act supplementary to the act providing for a naval peace establishment, and for other purposes."

[Obsolete.]

President author ized to employ be *it enacted*, §·c., That the President of the United States **ized to employ be** *it enacted*, §·c., That the President of the United States **ized to employ be** *it enacted*, §·c., That the President of the United States **ized to employ be** *it enacted*, §·c., That the President of the United States **ized to employ be** *it enacted*, §·c., That the President of the United States **ized to employ be** *it enacted*, §·c., That the President of the United States **ized to employ be** *it enacted*, §·c., That the President of the United States **ized to employ be** *it enacted*, §·c., That the President of the United States **ized to employ ized to employ ized to employ ized to enacted**, §·c., That the President of the United States **ized to employ ized to employ ized to enacted**, §·c., That the President of the present na **ized to enacted**, §·c., That the President of the present na **ized to employ ized to enacted**, §·c., That the President of the present na **ized to employ ized to enacted**, §·c., That the President of the present na **ized to employ ized to enacted**, §·c., That the President of the present na **ized to enacted**, §·c., That the president of the present na **ized to enacted**, §·c., That the president of the present na **ized to enacted**, §·c., That the president of the present na **ized to enacted**, §·c., That the president of the present na **ized to enacted**, §·c., That the president of the present na **ized to enacted**, §·c., That the president of the present na **ized to enacted**, §·c., That the president of the present na **ized to enacted**, §·c., That the president of the present na **ized to enacted**, §·c., That the present na**ized to enacted**, §·c., Th

APPROVED, March 3, 1807.

AN ACT authorizing the employment of the land and naval forces of the United States, in cases of insurrections.

President to employ land and na-. val forces to quell insurrections.

Be it enacted, \mathcal{G}^{c} ., That in all cases of insurrection, or obstruction to the laws, either of the United States, or of any individual State or territory, where it is lawful for the President of the United States to call forth the militia, for the purpose of suppressing such insurrection, or of causing the laws to be duly executed, it shall be lawful for him to employ, for the same purposes, such part of the land or naval force of the United States, as shall be judged necessary, having first observed all the pre-requisites of the law in that respect.

APPROVED, March 3, 1807.

AN ACT to appropriate money for the providing of an additional number of gun boats.

[Obsolete.]

188 gun boats, be built and equip'd at the discretion k of the President.

SEC. 1. Be it enacted, §.c., That the President of the United States be, and he hereby is, authorized and empowered to cause to be built, or purchased, armed and equipped, a number not exceeding one hundred and eighty-eight gun boats, for the better protection of the ports and harbors of the United States, and for such other purposes as, in his opinion, the public service may require.

\$852,500 appro priated. SEC. 2. And be it further enacted, That a sum not exceeding eight hundred and fifty-two thousand five hundred dollars, be, and hereby is, appropriated, for this purpose, out of any moneys in the treasury not otherwise appropriated.

APPROVED, December 18, 1807.

AN ACT authorizing the employment of an additional naval force. [Obsolete.]

SEC. 1. Be it enacted, \mathcal{G}^{c} ., That, in addition to the frigates now employed in actual service, there be fitted out, officered and

so many of the public armed vessels, now laid up in ordinary, Gun boats and and gun boats, as, in his judgment, the public service may re- other public vesquire; and to cause the frigates, and other armed vessels, when prepared for actual service, respectively, to be stationed at such ports and places on the seacoast as he may deem most expedient, or to cruise on any part of the coast* of the United States, or the territories thereof.

SEC. 2. And be it further enacted, That, for the purpose President author-ized to employ of carrying the foregoing provision into immediate effect, the 300 additional President of the United States be, and he is hereby, authorized ^{midshipnen, and} 3,600 seamen and and empowered, in addition to the number of petty officers, boys. able seamen, ordinary seamen, and boys, at present authorized by law, to appoint, and cause to be engaged and employed, as soon as may be, three hundred midshipmen, three thousand six hundred able seamen, ordinary seamen, and boys, who shall be Enlistments to be engaged to serve for a period not exceeding two years ;† but be sooner dis-the President may discharge the same sooner, if, in his judg- charged. ment, their service may be dispensed with. And to satisfy the necessary expenditures to be incurred therein, a sum, not exceeding four hundred thousand dollars, be, and the same is \$400,000 approhereby, appropriated, and shall be paid out of any moneys in the treasury not otherwise appropriated.

APPROVED, January 31, 1809.

AN ACT further to amend the several acts for the establishment and regulalation of the Treasury, War, and Navy Departments.

[The 5th section of this act is still in force; the other sections are modified or repealed by act, approved March 3, 1817, "to provide for the prompt settlement of public accounts."]

SEC. 1. Be it enacted, &c., That all warrants drawn by the Warrants to be charged to the Secretary of the Treasury, or of War, or of the Navy, upon the distinct appropri-Treasurer of the United States, shall specify the particular appropriation or appropriations to which the same should be charged : the moneys paid by virtue of such warrants shall, in conformity therewith, be charged to such appropriation or appropriations, in the books kept in the office of the comptroller of the treasury, in the case of warrants drawn by the Secretary of the Treasury, and in the books of the accountants of the war or navy departments respectively, in the case of warrants drawn by the Secretary of War, or by the Secretary of the Navy; and the officers, agents, or other persons, who may be receivers of public moneys, shall render distinct accounts of the application of such Accounts to be moneys, according to the appropriation or appropriations under which the same shall have been drawn, and the Secretary of

1809.

priated.

rendered.

* Repealed, June 28, 1809.

+ Amended, May 15, 1820, so as to authorize the enlistment during the continuance of the service or cruise, not to exceed three years.

he reported to 1st of January annually.

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What permanent

To be submitted to the Senate.

President may appoint in recess of the Senate.

War and of the Navy shall, on the first day of January, in each and every year, severally report to Congress a distinct account of Expenditures to the expenditure and application of all such sums of money as Congress on the may, prior to the thirtieth day of September preceding, have been by them respectively drawn from the treasury in virtue of the appropriation law of the preceding year, and the sums appropriated by law for each branch of expenditure in the several departments shall be solely applied to the objects for which they are respectively appropriated, and to no other: provided, nevertheless, that, during the recess of Congress, the President of resident author the United States may, and he is hereby, authorized, on the apfrom one appro- plication of the Secretary of the proper department, and not otherwise, to direct, if in his opinion necessary for the public service, that a portion of the moneys appropriated* for a particular branch of expenditure in that department, be applied to another branch of expenditure in the same department; in which Special accounts case, a special account of the moneys thus transferred, and of thereof to be ren- their application, shall be laid before Congress during the first

week of their next ensuing session.

SEC. 2. And be it further enacted, That it shall be the duty Comptroller of of the comptroller of the Treasury, in every case where, in his the treasury authe settlement of and he is hereby authorized, to direct the auditor of the treasury, and the accountants of the war and navy departments, at

any time, forthwith to audit and settle, any particular account which the said officers may be respectively authorized to audit and settle, and to report such settlement for his revision and Annual statem'nt final decision. And the said comptroller shall also lay an anof certain delin- nual statement before Congress, during the first week of their laid before Con-session, of the accounts in the treasury, war, or navy departgress by the comp ments, which may have remained more than three years unsettled, or on which balances appear to have been due more than three years, prior to the thirtieth of September then last past, together with a statement of the causes which have prevented the settlement of the accounts, or the recovery of the balances due to the United States.

SEC. 3. And be it further enacted, That, exclusively of the agents authoriz- purveyor of public supplies, paymasters of the army, pursers of the navy, military agents, and other officers already authorized by law, no other permanent agents shall be appointed, either for the purpose of making contracts, or for the purchase of supplies, or for the disbursement in any other manner, of moneys for the use of the military establishment, or of the navy of the United States, but such as shall be appointed by the President of the United States, with the advice and consent of the Senate : provided, that the President may, and he is hereby authorized, in the recess of the Senate, to appoint all or any of such agents, which appointments shall be submitted to the

> * Certain heads of appropriation, from which transfers shall not be made, specified in a supplementary act, approved March 3, 1817. Other heads, to and from which transfers may be made, specified in act of May 1, 1820.

Senate, at their next session, for their advice and consent, and the President of the United States is hereby authorized, until otherwise provided by law, to fix the number and compensations of such agents : provided, that the compensation allowed Compensation not to exceed one to either shall not exceed one per centum on the public mo- per centum. neys disbursed by him, nor, in any instance, the compensation allowed by law to the purveyor of public supplies.

SEC. 4. And be it further enacted, That every such agent Agents to give bonds. as may be appointed by virtue of the next preceding section, and every purset* of the navy, shall give bond, with one or more [*See acts, Mar. sufficient sureties, in such sums as the President of the United 1, 1817. States may direct, for the faithful discharge of the trust reposed in him; and the paymaster of the army, the military agents, the purveyor of public supplies, the pursers of the navy, and the agents appointed by virtue of the preceding section, shall, whenever practicable, keep the public moneys in their hands, To keep the pubin some incorporated bank, to be designated for the purpose by hanks. the President of the United States, and shall make monthly Make monthly returns, in such form as may be prescribed by the treasury de-returns de partment, of the moneys received and expended during the preceding month, and of the unexpended balance in their hands.

SEC. 5. And be it further enacted, That all purchases and Purchases contracts for supplies or services which are, or may, according be made. to law, be made by or under the direction of either the Secretary of the Treasury, the Secretary of War, or the Secretary of the Navy, shall be made either by open purchase, or by previously advertising for proposals respecting the same : and an an- Annual nual statement of all such contracts and purchases, and also of ments to be laid before Congress. the expenditure of the moneys appropriated for the contingent expenses of the military establishment, for the contingent expenses of the navy of the United States, and for the discharge of miscellaneous claims not otherwise provided for, and paid at the treasury, shall be laid before Congress at the beginning of each year, by the Secretary of the proper department.

APPROVED, March 3, 1809.

AN ACT authorizing an augmentation of the marine corps. [Obsolete.]

SEC. 1. Be it enacted, &c., That the President of the United Augmentation of States shall be, and he is hereby, authorized to cause the marine the marine corps corps, in the service of the United States, to be augmented, by the appointment and enlistment of not exceeding one major, two captains, two first lieutenants, one hundred and eighty-five corporals, and five hundred and ninety-four privates, who shall be respectively allowed the same pay, bounty, clothing, and rations, and shall be employed under the same rules and regulations, to which the said marine corps are, or shall, be entitled and subject.

SEC. 2. And be it further enacted, That, from and after the Term of estabpassage of this act, all enlistments in the said corps shall be for lishments.

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the term of five years, unless sooner discharged, any law to the contrary notwithstanding.

APPROVED, March 3, 1809.

AN ACT concerning the naval establishment. [Obsulete.]

SEC. 1. Be it enacted, &c., That the President of the United President author- States, in the event of a favorable change in our foreign relations, ized to discharge frigates and armbe, and he is hereby, authorized to cause to be discharged from actual service, and laid up in ordinary, such of the frigates and public armed vessels as, in his judgment, a due regard to the public security and interest may permit.

SEC. 2. And be it further enacted, That so much of the Repeal of act in- first section of an act, entitled "An act to authorize the employment of an additional naval force," passed at the last session of Congress, as requires the public armed vessels to be stationed at such ports and places on the seacoast, or cruise on the seacoast of the United States, and territories thereof, be, and the same is hereby, repealed.

APPROVED, June 28, 1809.

AN ACT making an appropriation for the purpose of trying the practical use of the torpedo, or sub-marine explosion.

[Obsolete.]

\$5,000 appropriated.

Be it enacted, &c., That a sum not exceeding five thousand dollars be, and the same is hereby, appropriated, payable out of any money in the treasury not otherwise appropriated, to defray the expense which shall be incurred in any actual experiments, when the President of the United States shall deem it expedient to cause such experiments to be made, which shall be made under the immediate direction of the Secretary of the Navy, for the purpose of ascertaining with precision how far the torpedo, or sub-marine explosions, may be usefully employed as engines of war, who is hereby directed to report to Congress the result of the experiment with his opinion thereon.

APPROVED, March 30, 1810.

AN ACT establishing navy hospitals. [Altered and amended by act, approved July 10, 1832.]

SEC. 1. Be it enacted, &c., That the money hereafter colvy, treasury, and lected by virtue of the act, entitled "An act in addition to 'An Secretaries of naof commissioners act for the relief of sick and disabled seamen," " shall be paid to the Secretary of the Navy, the Secretary of the Treasury, and the Secretary of War, for the time being, who are hereby appointed a board of commissioners, by the name and style of commissioners of navy hospitals, which, together with the sum of fifty thousand dollars, hereby appropriated out of the unexpended balance of the marine hospital fund, to be paid to the commissioners aforesaid, shall constitute a fund for navy hospitals.

SEC. 2. And be it further enacted, That all fines imposed 1811. on navy officers, seamen, and marines, shall be paid to the com- Fines to be paid missioners of navy hospitals.

SEC. 3. And be it further enacted, That the commissioners Commissioners of navy hospitals be, and they are hereby, authorized and re- atsuitable places, quired to procure, at a suitable place or places, proper sites for for navy hospitals navy hospitals, and if the necessary buildings are not procured with the site, to cause such to be erected, having due regard to economy, and giving preference to such plans as, with most convenience and least cost, will admit of subsequent additions, as the funds will permit and circumstances require; and the commissioners are required, at one of the establishments, to pro. Asylum for disavide a permanent asylum for disabled and decrepid navy offi-seamen. cers, seamen, and marines.

SEC. 4. And be it further enacted, That the Secretary of Secretary of navy the Navy be authorized and required to prepare the necessary say rules for the government of the institution, and government of the institution, and government. report the same to the next session of Congress.

SEC. 5. And be it further enacted, That, when any navy Allowance from the wages and officer, seaman, or marine, shall be admitted into a navy hospital, the institution shall be allowed one ration per day commissioners. during his continuance therein, to be deducted from the account of the United States with such officer, seaman, or marine; and in like manner, when any officer, seaman, or marine, entitled to a pension, shall be admitted into a navy hospital, such pension, during his continuance therein, shall be paid to the commissioners of the navy hospitals, and deducted from the account of such pensioner.

APPROVED, February 26, 1811.

AN ACT concerning the naval establishment. [Obsolete.]

SEC. 1. Be it enacted, S.c., That the President of the United certain frigates States be, and he is hereby, authorized and empowered to cause to be repaired & to be immediately repaired, equipped, and put into actual service, sion. the frigates Chesapeake, Constellation, and Adams; and that a sum not exceeding three hundred thousand dollars be, and is Appropriation. hereby, appropriated for that purpose.

SEC. 2. And be it further enacted, That the officers and sea- Officers of the namen of the navy may be increased, so far as may be necessary ed accordingly. to officer, man, and equip the vessels so to be put into service, any law to the contrary notwithstanding.

SEC. 3. And be it further enacted, That the sum of two \$200,000 annualhundred thousand dollars, annually, for three years, viz : one ly for three years thousand eight hundred and twelve, one thousand eight hun-the purchase of dred and thirteen, and one thousand eight hundred and four-teen, be appropriated, towards the purchase and supply of a tain frigates. stock of every description of timber required for ship building, and other navy purposes; and that the first appropriation there-

1812.

How the sums appropriated are to be paid.

Gun boats to be distributed to be stances may require.

Pursers to be apthe approbation of the Senate.

of be made in the purchase of timber suitable for rebuilding the frigates Philadelphia, General Greene, New York, and Boston.

SEC. 4. And be it further enacted, That the sums herein specifically appropriated shall be paid out of any moneys in the treasury not otherwise appropriated.

SEC. 5. And be it further enacted, That, as soon as it shall used as circum-be deemed compatible with the good of the public service, the gun boats now in commission be laid up, and, with those not in commission, be distributed in the several harbors of the maritime frontier which are most exposed to attack, to be carefully kept and used as circumstances may require.

SEC. 6. And be it further enacted, That the pursers in the pointed by the President, with navy of the United States shall be appointed by the President of the United States, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate; and that, from and after the first day of May next, no person shall act in the character of purser, who shall not have been thus first nominated and appointed, excepting pursers on distant service, who shall not remain in service after the first day of July next, unless nominated and appointed as aforesaid. And every purser, before entering upon the duties of his office, shall give bond, with two or more sufficient sure-Fursers to give ties, in the penalty of ten thousand dollars,* conditioned faithfully to perform all the duties of purser in the navy of the

United States.

APPROVED, March 30, 1812.

AN ACT concerning letters of marque, prizes, and prize goods.

SEC. 17. And be it further enacted, That two per centum sale of prizes to be reserved. on the net amount (after deducting all charges and expenditures) of the prize money arising from captured vessels and cargoes, and on the net amount of the salvage of vessels and cargoes recaptured by the private armed vessels of the United States, shall be secured and paid over to the collector, or other chief officer of the customs, at the port or place in the United States at which such captured or re-captured vessels may arrive; or to the consul, or other public agent, of the United States, residing at the port or place, not within the United States, at which such To be invested captured or re-captured vessels may arrive. And the moneys ance of wounded arising therefrom shall be held, and hereby is pledged, by the dows and or Government of the United States as a fund for the support and maintenance of the widows and orphans of such persons as may be slain; and for the support and maintenance of such persons as may be wounded and disabled on board of the private armed vessels of the United States, in any engagement with the

enemy, to be assigned and distributed in such manner as shall hereafter by law be provided. †

APPROVED, June 26, 1812.

* Bond increased to \$25,000 by act, approved March 1, 1817.

+ See acts, approved Feb. 13, 1813, Aug. 2, 1813, and March 4, 1814.

Two per cent. on

for the maintenphans.

AN ACT to increase the navy of the United States. [Obsolete.]

SEC. 1. Be it enacted, & c., That the President of the United Four 74's and six 44's to be built & States shall be, and he hereby is, authorized, as soon as suitable equipped. materials can be procured therefor, to cause to be built, equipped, and employed, four ships, to rate not less than seventy-four guns, and six ships, to rate forty-four guns each.

SEC. 2. And be it further enacted, That there shall be em- complement of ployed on board each of the said ships of seventy-four guns officers on board the seventy-fours each, one captain, six lieutenants, one captain, one first lieutenant, and one second lieutenant of marines, one surgeon, one chaplain, one purser, and three surgeon's mates.

SEC. 3. And be it further enacted, That there shall be em- warrant officers ployed in each of the said ships, carrying seventy-four guns, on board the following warrant officers, who shall be appointed by the President of the United States : one master, one second master, three master's mates, one boatswain, one gunner, one carpenter, one sailmaker, and twenty midshipmen; and the following petty officers, who shall be appointed by the captains of the ships respectively in which they are to be employed, viz: one armorer, six boatswain's mates, three gunner's mates, two carpenter's mates, one sailmaker's mate, one cooper, one steward, one master-at-arms, one cook, one cockswain, one boatwain's yeoman, one gunner's yeoman, one carpenter's yeoman, ten quarter gunners, eight quartermasters, and one clerk; and one schoolmaster, also to be appointed by the captain.

SEC. 4. And be it further enacted, That the crews of each complements of of the said ships, of seventy-four guns, shall consist of two hun-men on board the dred able seamen, three hundred ordinary seamen and boys, ships. three sergeants, three corporals, one drummer, one fifer, and sixty marines.

SEC. 5. And be it further enacted, That the pay of the Pay of the school schoolmaster shall be twenty-five dollars per month, and two ra-master. tions per day.

SEC. 6. And be it further enacted, That the sum of two \$2,500,000 appromillions five hundred thousand dollars be, and the same is priated. hereby, appropriated, out of any moneys in the Treasury not otherwise appropriated, for the building and equipping of the aforesaid ships of war.

APPROVED, January 2, 1813.

AN ACT providing for navy pensions in certain cases.

[Renewed for the further term of five years, by act of April 16, 1818.]

Be it enacted, &c., That, if any officer* of the navy or ma-widows, etc., of rines shall be killed or die, by reason of a wound received in officers of the na-the line of his duty, leaving a widow, or, if no widow, a child to be placed, in certain cases, on or children, under sixteen years of age, such widow, or, if no the navy pension widow, such child or children, shall be entitled to receive half list.

* Extended to the widows and orphans of seamen and marines, by act approved March 4, 1814.

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the

upon death or intermarriage.

the monthly pay to which the deceased was entitled at the time of his death, which allowance shall continue for and during the Pension to cease term of five years; but in case of the death or intermarriage of such widow, before the expiration of the said term of five years, the half pay for the remainder shall go to the child or children of the said deceased officer : provided, that such half pay shall cease on the death of such child or children : and the money required for this purpose shall be paid out of the navy pension fund, under the direction of the commissioners of that fund.

APPROVED, January 20, 1813.

AN ACT regulating pensions to persons on board private armed ships. [See act of Aug. 2, 1813.]

The two per ct. reserved in the lectors and conpurposes.

Secretary of the navy to place certhe pension list.

Commanding officers to enter the names.

Collectors to transmit a transcript of journals to the navy.

SEC. 1. Be it enacted, &c., That the two per centum, reserved hands of the col- in the hands of the collectors and consuls by the act of June, lectors and con-suls, to be paid eighteen hundred and twelve, entitled "An act concerning letinto the treasury, ters of marque, prizes, and prize goods," shall be paid to the fund for certain treasury, under the like regulations provided for other public money, and shall constitute a fund for the purposes provided

for by the seventeenth section of the beforementioned act.

SEC. 2. And be it further enacted, That the Secretary of the tain persons on Navy be authorized and required to place on the pension list, under the like regulations and restrictions as are used in relation to the navy of the United States, any officer, seaman, or marine, who, on board of any private armed ship or vessel, bearing a commission of letter of margue, shall have been wounded, or otherwise disabled, in any engagement with the enemy; allowing to the captain a sum not exceeding twenty dollars per month; to lieutenants and sailing master, a sum not exceeding twelve dollars each per month; to marine officer; boatswain, gunner, carpenter, master's mate, and prize-masters, a sum not exceeding ten dollars each per month; to all other officers, a sum not exceeding eight dollars each per month, for the highest rate of disability, and so in proportion; and to a seaman, or acting as a marine, the sum of six dollars per month, for the highest rate of disability, and so in proportion; which several pensions shall be paid, by direction of the Secretary of

the Navy, out of the fund above provided, and from no other. SEC. 3. And be it further enacted, That the commanding etc., of officer of every vessel having a commission, or letters of marque wounded persons and reprisal, shall enter in his journal the name and rank of any officer, and the name of any seaman, who, during his cruise, shall have been wounded or disabled as aforesaid, describing the manner and extent, as far as practicable, of such wound or disability.

SEC. 4. And be it further enacted, That every collector shall ^{such} transmit, quarterly, to the Secretary of the Navy, a transcript of secretary of the such journals as may have been reported to him, so far as it gives a list of the officers and crew, and the description of wounds and disabilities, the better to enable the Secretary to 1813. decide on claims for pensions.

[Pensions granted to the widows and orphans of those killed, by act approved March 4, 1814.]

APPROVED, February 13, 1813.

AN ACT supplementary to the act for increasing the navy.

[Obsolete.]

SEC. 1. Be it enacted, &c., That the President be, and he is Six sloops of war hereby, authorized to have built six sloops of war, and to have ned, and equip-the same manned, equipped, and commissioned for service; and ped for service. that the President be authorized to have built, or procured, such Vessels also to be

a number of sloops of war, or other armed vessels, to be man-prepared for the ned, equipped, and commissioned, as the public service may require, on the lakes.

SEC. 2. And be it further enacted, That the President be, Officers to be apand he is hereby, authorized to appoint such officers, and to employ the number of seamen, which may be necessary for such vessels as are authorized by law to be put in commission, any law to the contrary notwithstanding.

SEC. 3. And be it further enacted, That, for the building or \$900,000 appropriated. procuring said vessels, and for the payment of two hundred thousand dollars for vessels already procured on the lakes, by direction of the President, the sum of nine hundred thousand dollars, out of any money in the treasury not otherwise appro-

priated, be, and the same is hereby, appropriated.

SEC. 4. And be it further enacted, That the sum of one \$100,000 approhundred thousand dollars be appropriated for the purpose of yard. establishing a dock yard, for repairing the vessels of war, in such central and convenient place on the seaboard as the President of the United States shall designate.

SEC. 5. And be it further enacted, That the President be, President may and he is hereby, authorized to contract for the building of any ding any of the 44 of the six forty-four gun ships authorized by law : provided, that The same to be the building be under inspection of an agent appointed by the under the inspec-Secretary of the Navy.

SEC. 6. And be it further enacted, That the President of Sale of gun boats authorized. the United States be authorized to sell, or dispose of, such and so many of the gun boats belonging to the United States, as may have become unfit for service, or as, in his judgment, may no longer be necessary to be retained by the Government.

APPROVED, March 3, 1813.

AN ACT for the regulation of seamen on board the public and private vessels of the United States.

SEC. 1. Be it enacted, & c., That, from and after the termina-After the war, cition of the war in which the United States are now engaged only to be em-with Great Britain, it shall not be lawful to employ on board lic or private serany of the public or private vessels of the United States, any vice of the United person or persons, except citizens of the United States, or persons of color, natives of the United States.

[813. SEC. 2. And be it further enacted, That, from and after the Naturalized citi- time when this act shall take effect, it shall not be lawful to may be employed employ, as aforesaid, any naturalized citizen of the United

States, unless such citizen shall produce to the commander of the public vessel, if to be employed on board such vessel, or to a collector of the customs, a certified copy of the act by which he shall have been naturalized, setting forth such naturalization, and the time thereof.

SEC. 3. And be it further enacted, That, in all cases of prito be furnished & vate vessels of the United States sailing from a port in the Uniously to the sail- ted States to a foreign port, the list of the crew, made as hereously to the sale tent brates to a foregree proof, he considered by the collector for the foreign voyages. to fore directed by law, shall be examined by the collector for the

district from which the vessel shall clear out, and, if approved of by him, shall be certified accordingly. And no person shall be admitted or employed as aforesaid, on board of any vessel aforesaid, unless his name shall have been entered in the list of the crew, approved and certified by the collector for the district from which the vessel shall clear out as aforesaid. And the said collector, before he delivers the list of the crew, approved Lists to be re- and certified as aforesaid, to the captain, master, or proper officer of the vessel to which the same belongs, shall cause the same to be recorded in a book, by him for that purpose to be idence in court. provided, and the said record shall be open for the inspection of all persons, and a certified copy thereof shall be admitted in evidence in any court in which any question may arise, under any of the provisions of this act.

SEC. 4. And be it further enacted, That the President of rections may be the United States be, and he hereby is, authorized, from time given by the Pre-sident with res- to time, to make such further regulations, and to give such diemployed in the rections to the several commanders of public vessels, and to the several collectors, as may be proper and necessary respecting the proofs of citizenship, to be exhibited to the commanders or collectors aforesaid : provided, that nothing contained in such regulations, or directions, shall be repugnant to any of the provisions of this act.

SEC. 5. And be it further enacted, That, from and after the faring persons on-ly admitted as time when this act shall take effect, no seaman or other seafarpassengers in A- ing man, not being a citizen of the United States, shall be adupon certain con- mitted or received as a passenger on board of any public or private vessel of the United States, in a foreign port, without permission in writing from the proper officers of the country of which such seaman or seafaring man may be subject or citizen.

SEC. 6. And be it further enacted, That, from and after the consuls and com- time when this act shall take effect, the consuls, or commercial mercial agents agents, of any nation at peace with the United States, shall be admitted (under such regulations as may be prescribed by the President of the United States) to state their objections to the proper commander or collector as aforesaid, against the employment of any seaman, or seafaring man, on board of any public or private vessel of the United States, on account of his being a native subject or citizen of such nation, and not embraced

Lists of the crews certified previ-

Certified copy ev-

Supplemental dipect to seamen U. S.

Proviso.

Seamen or seafaring persons onditions.

Interference of tain cases.

within the description of persons who may be lawfully em- 1813. ployed, according to the provisions of this act; and the said consuls, or commercial agents, shall also be admitted, under the present when the said regulations, to be present at the time when the proofs of proofs of eitzen-ship are investi-citizenship, of the persons against whom such objections may gated. have been made, shall be investigated by such commander or collector.

SEC. 7. And be it further enacted, That if any commander Penalty for ad-mitting persons of a public vessel of the United States shall knowingly employ, not qualified acor permit to be employed, or shall admit or receive, or permit into the service to be admitted or received, on board his vessel, any person of the U. States. whose employment or admission is prohibited by the provisions of this act, he shall, on conviction thereof, forfeit and pay the sum of one thousand dollars for each person thus unlawfully employed or admitted on board such vessel.

SEC. S. And be it further enacted, That if any person shall, Masters & owncontrary to the prohibitions of this act, be employed, or be re-sels ceived, on board of any private vessel, the master or com- \$500. mander, and the owner or owners, of such vessel, knowing thereof, shall respectively forfeit and pay five hundred dollars for each person thus unlawfully employed or received in any one voyage; which sum, or sums, shall be recovered, although such seaman or person shall have been admitted and entered in the certified list of the crew aforesaid, by the collector for the district to which the vessel may belong: and all penalties and penalties to be forfeitures arising under, or incurred by virtue of, this act, may recovered by acbe sued for, prosecuted, and recovered, with costs of suit by action of debt, and shall accrue and be, one moiety thereof to the use of the person who shall sue for the same, and the other moiety thereof to the use of the United States.

SEC. 9. And be it further enacted, That nothing in this act Foreign seamen contained shall be construed to prohibit any commander, or may be employed master, of a public or private vessel of the United States, whilst sets in in a foreign port or place, from receiving an American seaman Conditions. in conformity to law, or supplying any deficiency of seamen on board such vessel, by employing American seamen, or subjects of such foreign country, the employment of whom shall not be prohibited by the laws thereof.

SEC. 10. And be it further enacted, That the provisions of Provisions of this this act shall have no effect or operation with respect to the em-ployment, as seamen, of the subjects or citizens of any foreign izens or subjects nation which shall not, by treaty or special convention with the have not adopted Government of the United States, have prohibited, on board of its principles. her public and private vessels, the employment of native citizens of the United States, who have not become a citizen or subject of such nation.

SEC. 11. And be it further enacted, That nothing in this Nor to be a bar to act contained shall be so construed as to prevent any arrange- any treaty. ment between the United States and any foreign nation, which may take place, under any treaty or convention, made and ratified in the manner prescribed by the Constitution of the United States.

ers of private vesto forfeit

foreign ports.

1813. come a citizen.

citizenship

protections.

SEC. 12. And be it further enacted, That no person, who Residence of five shall arrive in the United States, from and after the time when years in U.S. ne-cessary to qualify this act shall take effect, shall be admitted to become a citizen a person to be- of the United States, who shall not, for the continued term of five years next preceding his admission as aforesaid, have resid-

ed within the United States, without being at any time, during the said five years, out of the territory of the United States.

SEC. 13. And be it further enacted, That if any person Penalty for forg- black to and the of a particular feit, or cause or procure to or be falsely made, forged, or counterfeited, any certificate, or evidence of citizenship, referred to in this act; or shall pass, utter, or use as true, any false, forged, or counterfeited certificate of citizenship, or shall make sale, or dispose of, any certificate of citizenship to any person other than the person for whom it was originally issued, and to whom it may of right belong, every such person shall be deemed and adjudged guilty of felony; and on being thereof convicted, by due course of law, shall be sentenced to be imprisoned and kept to hard labor for a period not less than three, or more than five, years, or be fined in a sum not less than five hundred dollars, nor more than one thousand dollars, at the discretion of the court taking cognizance thereof.

SEC. 14. And be it further enacted, That no suit shall be forfeiture under brought for any forfeiture or penalty incurred under the provivisions of this act, unless the suit be commenced within three years from the time of the forfeiture.

APPROVED, March 3, 1813.

AN ACT authorizing the President of the United States to cause to be built barges for the defence of the ports and harbors of the United States.

[Repealed, Feb. 27, 1815.]

SEC. 1. Be it enacted, §.c., That, for the protection of the President cause ports and harbors of the United States, the President shall cause to be built a number of barges for to be built, without delay, such number of barges as he may the protection of deem necessary, to be armed, equipped, and manned, as he bors of the U.S. may direct, of a size not less than forty-five feet long, and ca-

pable of carrying heavy guns.

SEC. 2. And be it further enacted, That, for the purpose priated for the aforesaid, the sum of two hundred and fifty thousand dollars be, and the same is hereby, appropriated, to be paid out of any money in the treasury not otherwise appropriated.

APPROVED, July 5, 1813.

AN ACT providing for the further defence of the ports and harbors of the United States.

[Obsolete.]

SEC. 1. Be it enacted, &c., That the President be, and he may cause hulks to be is hereby, authorized, whenever the same shall be deemed nesunk for greater is hereby, authorized, in hereby of any of the ports and security of ports cessary for the defence and security of any of the ports and harbors of the United States, to cause to be hired, or purchased, hulks, or other means of impediment to the entrance of the ships or vessels of the enemy, to be sunk with the consent of

No suit for any commenced in 3 vears.

\$250,000 appropurpose.

President and harbors.

SEC. 2. And be it further enacted, That, to defray any ex- \$250,000 appropense which may be incurred under this act, the sum of two hun- priated. dred and fifty thousand dollars be, and the same is hereby, appropriated, to be paid out of any moneys in the treasury not otherwise appropriated.

APPROVED, July 16, 1813.

AN ACT to amend and explain the act regulating pensions to persons on board private armed ships.

Be it enacted, &c., That the act, regulating pensions to per- ulating pensions, sons on board private armed ships, shall be construed to authorize the Secretary of the Navy to place on the pension list, under the restrictions and regulations of the said act, any officer, seaman, or marine, belonging to any private armed ship or vessel of the United States, bearing a commission of letter of marque, who shall have been wounded, or otherwise disabled, in the line of their duty as officers, seamen, or marines, of such private armed ship or vessel.

APPROVED, August 2, 1813.

AN ACT giving pensions to the orphans and widows of persons slain in the public or private armed vessels of the United States.

[Pensions granted under this act, renewed for the further term of five years, by act of April 16, 1818; and its provisions extended so as to embrace the widows, &c., of those who may have died in consequence of accident or casualty.]

SEC. 1. Be it enacted, &c., That if any officer, seaman, or ma- Officers, seamen, rine, serving on board of any private armed ship or vessel, bearing board private a commission of letter of marque, shall die, or shall have died dying, or having since the 18th day of June, in the year of our Lord 1812, by died, sc. by rea-reason of a wound received in the line of his duty, leaving a their widows or widow, or, if no widow, a child or children under sixteen years children to be of age, such widow, or, if no widow, such child or children, pension list, &c. of age, such widow, or, if no widow, such child or children, pension list, &c. athalf the month-shall be placed on the pension list by the Secretary of the Navy, ly pension to who shall allow to such widow, child, or children, half the of the deceased monthly pension to which the rank of the deceased would have would have enti-ted him under "An act the act mention-regulating pensions to persons on board private armed ships;" ^{ed}, for five years in case of the death or intermarriage of such widow before the widow, before, expiration of the term of five years, the half pay for the re-togo to the chil-mainder of the term shall go to the child or children of the de-tern.

mainder of the term shall go to the child or children of the de-ceased : *provided*, that the half pay shall cease on the death of hereby directed such child or children. And the several pensions, hereby di-rected, shall be paid by direction of the Secretary of the Navy, ded by the 17th out of the fund provided by the 17th section of an act, entitled act mentioned. "An act concerning letters of marque, prizes, and prize goods;" Any seaman or wy dying. Sec. or and from no other. SEC. 2. And be it further enacted, That if any seaman, or ma- nay officer of the

Construction of

vy dying, &c. or

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1814.

rine, belonging to the navy of the United States shall die, or if any 1814. years.

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&c. by reason of officer, seaman, or marine, belonging to the navy of the United wounds &c. their States, shall have died since the 18th day of June, in the year dren to receive of our Lord 1812, by reason of a wound received in the line of half the monthly pay, &c. for five his duty, leaving a widow, or, if no widow, a child or children under sixteen years of age, such widow, or, if no widow, such child or children, shall be entitled to receive half the monthly pay to which the deceased was entitled at the time of his death, which allowance shall continue for the term of five years; but in case

If the widow dies of the death or intermarriage of such widow, before the expiration for marries, be-fore, s.c. the hair of the said term of five years, the half pay for the remainder of pay to go to the the term shall go to the child or children of the deceased: pro-

vided, that such half pay shall cease on the death of such child The money to be paid out of the or children. And the money required for this purpose shall be navy pension paid out of the navy pension fund under the direction of the commissioners of that fund.

APPROVED, March 4, 1814.

AN ACT authorizing the President of the United States to cause to be built, equipped, and employed, one or more floating batteries, for the defence of the waters of the United States.

[Obsolete.]

Be it enacted, &c., That the sum of five hundred thousand \$500,000 appro- dollars be, and the same is hereby, appropriated, for the purpose priated for build-ing, equipping of building, equipping, and putting into service, one or more &c. one or more floating batteries, of such magnitude and construction as shall appear to the President of the United States best adapted to attack, repel, or destroy, any of the ships of the enemy which may approach the shores, or enter the waters, of the United States, and that the sum hereby appropriated shall be paid out of any moneys in the treasury not otherwise appropriated. APPROVED, March 9, 1814.

> AN ACT authorizing the appointment of certain officers for the flotilla service. [Repealed, Feb. 27, 1815.]

president The flotilla service.

SEC. 1. Be it enacted, &c., That the President of the Uniand senate au- ted States be, and he is hereby, authorized, by and with the thorized to ap-point four cap advice and consent of the Senate, to appoint four captains and tains and twelve twelve lieutenants, to be employed in the flotilla service of the employed in the United States, without rank in the navy, but with the same relative rank and authority in the flotilla service as officers of the same grade are entitled to in the navy of the United States.

SEC. 2. And be it further enacted, That the said captains Pay and subsis-tence of the cap- shall receive the pay and subsistence of a captain in the navy, tains and lieuten-ants : who are to commanding a ship of twenty and under thirty-two guns, and the be governed by lieutenants the same pay and subsistence as officers of the same ded for the navy. rank are entitled to in the navy of the United States, and shall be governed by the rules and regulations provided for the gov-

ernment of the navy.

SEC. 3. And be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful The President may appoint any for the President of the United States to appoint, in the recess

floating batteries, &c.

in the recess.

APPROVED, April 16, 1814.

AN ACT authorizing an augmentation of the marine corps, and for other purposes.

[Altered by subsequent laws, changing the organization of the corps.]

SEC. 1. Be it enacted, &c., That the President of the Uni- Marine corps to be augmented. ted States be, and he is hereby, authorized to cause the marine corps, in the service of the United States, to be augmented, by the appointment and enlistment of not exceeding one major, fourteen captains, twelve first lieutenants, twenty second lieutenants, sixty-one sergeants, forty-two drums and fifes, and six hundred and ninety-six privates, who shall be respectively allowed the same pay, bounty, clothing, and rations, and shall be employed under the same rules and regulations, to which the said marine corps are, or shall be, entitled and subject.

SEC. 2. And be it further enacted, That the adjutant, pay- The staff to be master, and quartermaster, of the marine corps, may be taken from the either from the line of captains or subalterns, and the said offi- balterns. cers shall respectively receive thirty dollars per month, in addi-pay. tion to their pay in the line, in full of all emoluments.

SEC. 3. And be it further enacted, That the President of President the United States be, and he is hereby, authorized to con-confer fer brevet rank on such officers of the marine corps as shall dis- cases. tinguish themselves by gallant actions, or meritorious conduct, or who shall have served ten years* in any one grade: provi- Proviso. ded, that nothing herein contained, shall be so construed as to entitle officers, so brevetted, to any additional pay or emoluments, except when commanding separate stations or detachments, when they shall be entitled to, and receive, the same pay and emoluments, which officers of the same grades are now, or hereafter may be, allowed by law.

SEC. 4. And be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful President SEC. 4. And be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful president may for the President of the United States, in the recess of the Sen appoint the offi-cers in the recess ate, to appoint any of the officers authorized by this act; which of the Senate. appointments shall be submitted to the Senate, at their next session, for their advice and consent.

SEC. 5. And be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful And of the navy. for the President of the United States, in the recess of the Senate, to appoint all or any of the officers of the navy authorized by existing laws; which appointments shall be submitted to the Senate, at their next session, for their advice and consent.

APPROVED, April 16, 1814.

* So much of this section as authorizes brevet rank for ten years service, repealed June 30, 1834.

Their

brevet certain

1814. AN ACT granting pensions to the officers and seamen serving on board the re-

Officers and seaabled, &c. to be placed on the pension list.

venue cutters, in certain cases. Be it enacted, &c., That the officers and seamen of the remen of the reve-nue cutters, dis- venue cutters of the United States, who have been, or may be, wounded or disabled in the discharge of their duty whilst cooperating with the navy, by order of the President of the United States, shall be entitled to be placed on the navy pension list, at the same rate of pension, and under the same regulations and restrictions, as are now provided by law for the officers and seamen of the navy.

APPROVED, April 18, 1814.

AN ACT to provide for the collection and preservation of such flags, standards, and colors, as shall have been, or may hereafter be, taken, by the land and naval forces of the United States, from their enemies.

[Completed.]

of SEC. 1. Be it enacted, &c., That the Secretaries of the War collect all flags, and Navy departments be, and they are hereby, directed to cause to be collected and transmitted to them, at the seat of the Government of the United States, all such flags, standards, and colors, as shall have been, or may hereafter be, taken, by the army and navy of the United States, from their enemies.

SEC. 2. And be it further enacted, That all the flags, standdisplayed in some SEC. 2. And be it further enacted, That all the flags, stand-public place, as ards, and colors, of the description aforesaid, which are now in the President the possession of the departments aforesaid, and such as may be hereafter transmitted to them, be, with all convenient despatch, delivered to the President of the United States, for the purpose of being, under his direction, preserved and displayed, in such public place as he shall deem proper.

> SEC. 3. And be it further enacted, That the sum of five hundred dollars be, and the same is hereby, appropriated, for the above purposes, out of any moneys in the treasury not otherwise appropriated.

APPROVED, April 18, 1814.

AN ACT concerning the pay of officers, seamen, and marines, in the navy of the United States.

[The pay of all commissioned officers except pursers, and of all warrant officers, changed by subsequent acts. Sec. 2 repealed Feb. 22, 1817.]

SEC. 1. Be it enacted, &c., That the pay and subsistence Pay, &c. of com-missioned and and of the respective commissioned and warrant officers be as folwarrant officers. lows : a lieutenant, other than a master commandant, or lieutenant commanding a small vessel, forty dollars per month and three rations per day; a chaplain, forty dollars per month and two rations per day; a sailing master, forty dollars per month and two rations per day; a surgeon, fifty dollars per month and two rations per day; a surgeon's mate, thirty dollars per month and two rations per day; a purser, forty dollars per month and two rations per day; a boatswain, twenty dollars per month and two rations per day; a gunner, twenty dollars per month and two rations per day; a sailmaker, twenty dollars per month and two rations per day; and that the pay to be allowed to the

Secretaries war and navy to &c.

Flags, &c. to be shall direct.

\$500 appropriated.

petty officers and midshipmen, and the pay and bounty upon enlistment of the seamen, ordinary seamen, and marines, shall Pay and bounty be fixed by the President of the United States: provided, that to seamen. the whole sum to be given, for the whole pay aforesaid, and for not to exceed the pay of officers, and that the amount of bounties upon en- ated in any year. listment of seamen and marines, shall not exceed, for any year, the amount which may, in such year, be appropriated for those purposes respectively.

SEC. 2. And be it further enacted, That the President be, Augmentation of and he is hereby, authorized to make an addition, not exceed- pay in cases. ing twenty-five per cent., to the pay of the officers, petty officers, midshipmen, seamen, and marines, engaged in any service, the hardships or disadvantages of which shall, in his judgment, render such an addition necessary.

APPROVED, April 18, 1814.

N. B.-This act does not fix the pay of carpenters ; but by an act, approved July 1, 1797, they are allowed the same pay and rations as boatswains, gunners, and sailmakers, and they have always received the same.

AN ACT authorizing the President of the United States to cause to be built, or purchased, the vessels therein described.

[Repealed, Feb. 27, 1815.]

SEC. 1. Be it enacted, &c., That, in addition to the present The President naval establishment, the President of the United States be, and cause to be built he is hereby, authorized to cause to be built, or purchased, not exceeding 20 manned, equipped, and officered, any number of vessels, not vessels, to carry from 8 to 16 guns. exceeding twenty, which, in his opinion, the public service may require, to carry not less than eight, nor more than sixteen, guns each.

SEC. 2. And be it further enacted, That, for the building, \$600,000 appro-or purchase, and equipping, of these vessels, the sum of six curing and equip-hundred thousand dollars be, and the same is hereby, appropriated, to be paid out of any money in the treasury not otherwise appropriated.

APPROVED, November 15, 1814.

AN ACT directing the staff officers of the army to comply with the requisitions of naval and marine officers, in certain cases.

SEC. 1. Be it enacted, &c., That it shall be the duty of the officers of the several officers of the staff of the army of the United States, to provide officers, seamen, and marines, of the navy of the cers, seamen, and marines, of United States, when acting, or proceeding to act, on shore, in the navy, when acting on shore co-operation with the land troops, upon the requisition of the with land troops, commanding naval or marine officer of any such detachment of the with rations seamen or marines, under orders to act as aforesaid, with ra- and camp equipage. tions, also the officers and seamen with camp equipage, according to the relative rank and station of each, and the military regulations in like cases, together with the necessary

certain

1815.

imbursed.

Quartermasters furnish commanding &c.

transportation, as well for the men as for their baggage, provi-1815. Proviso; the con- sions, and cannon : provided, nevertheless, that the contract tract price of the rations, which may be furnished, shall be reimbursed out of the appropriations for the support of the navy.

SEC. 2. And be it further enacted, That the respective of the army to quartermasters of the army shall, upon the requisition of the naval commanding naval officer of any such detachment of seamen officers, &c. with or marines, furnish the said officer, and his necessary aids, with horses, accoutrements, and forage, during the time they may be employed in co-operating with the land troops as aforesaid.

APPROVED, December 15, 1814.

AN ACT to alter and amend the several acts for establishing a navy department, by adding thereto a board of commissioners.

The President to a board of commissioners the navy.

The board to ap-1818.] The board to prepare rules and regulations

vessels.

nish estimates, &c.

SEC. 1. Be it enacted, &c., That the President of the Uniappoint three na-vy officers, who ted States be, and he is hereby, authorized, by and with the are to constitute advice and consent of the Senate, to appoint three officers of for the navy, whose rank shall not be below a post captain, who shall constitute a board of commissioners for the navy of the United States, and shall have power to adopt such rules and regulations for the government of their meetings as they may Powers and du-judge expedient : and the board, so constituted, shall be attachties of the board. ed to the office of the Secretary of the Navy, and, under his superintendence, shall discharge all the ministerial duties of said office, relative to the procurement of naval stores and materials, and the construction, armament, equipment, and employment, of vessels of war, as well as all other matters conpoint their secre. nected with the naval establishment of the United States. And tary: his salary the said board shall appoint their own secretary, who shall re-\$2,000 per an- ceive, in compensation for his services, a sum not exceeding The board also two thousand dollars per annum, who shall keep a fair record

appoints is own of their proceedings, subject at all times to the inspection of the clerks, under the of the United States, and the Secretary of the Navy, SEC. 2. And be it further enacted, That the said board of for commissioners, by and with the consent of the Secretary regulations unifor of the Navy, be, and are hereby, authorized to prepare such mity in the seve-ral classes of rules and regulations as shall be necessary for securing an uni-

formity in the several classes of vessels, and their equipments, and for repairing and refitting them, and for securing responsibility in the subordinate officers and agents; which regulations, when approved by the President of the United States, shall be respected and obeyed, until altered and revoked by the same authority; and the said rules and regulations, thus prepared and The board to fur- approved, shall be laid before Congress at their next session. It shall also be the duty of said board, upon the requisition of the Secretary of the Navy, to furnish all the estimates of expenditure which the several branches of the service may require, and such other information and statements as he may deem necessary.

- SEC. 3. And be it further enacted, That the officer of the The officer holding the oldest said board, holding the oldest commission, shall preside, and

each commissioner shall be entitled to receive, in compensation for his services, three thousand five hundred dollars per commission annum, in lieu of wages, rations, and other emoluments, as commissioner to naval officers; and all letters and packets, to and from the said receive \$3,500 commissioners, which relate to their official duties, shall be free Letters, &c.free. from postage.

SEC. 4. And be it further enacted, That nothing in this act Nothing in this shall be construed to take from the Secretary of the Navy his act to take from control and direction of the naval forces of the United States, control, &c. of the naval forces. as now by law possessed.

APPROVED, February 7, 1815.

AN ACT to repeal certain acts concerning the flotilla service, and for other purposes. [Obsolete.]

SEC. 1. Be it enacted, &c., That, from and after the first An act concern-day of April next, the act, entitled "An act authorizing the ing barges, and an act authoriz-President of the United States to cause to be built barges for ing the appoint-the defence of the ports and harbors of the United States," for the folilla passed the fifth day of July, in the year one thousand eight service, repealed. hundred and thirteen; also an act, entitled "An act authorizing the appointment of certain officers for the flotilla service," passed the sixteenth day of April, in the year one thousand eight hundred and fourteen, shall be repealed and cease to be in force.

SEC. 2. And be it further enacted, That the barges, and other Barges and other vessels, composing the flotilla establishment, (they being first di-vessels of the flotilla establishment, (they being first di-the flotilla establishment) establishment (t fully preserved,) shall be sold, or laid up, under the direction of the President of the United States, and the moneys arising therefrom paid into the treasury thereof.

SEC. 3. And be it further enacted, That all the commis- Officers and prisioned and warrant officers, and all the privates, who shall be vates discharged discharged in consequence of the repeal of the acts aforesaid, months pay, over shall be entitled to receive four months' pay, over and above what and above, &c. may be due to them, respectively, at the time of their discharge.

SEC. 4. And be it further enacted, That the President of The the United be, and he hereby is, authorized to cause all the authorized to armed vessels thereof on the lakes, except such as he may deem vessels on the necessary to enforce the proper execution of the revenue laws, or taid up, exto be sold, or laid up, as he may judge most conducive to the cept, &c. public interest; such vessels being first divested of their arma-

ment, tackle, and furniture, which are to be carefully preserved.

SEC. 5. And be it further enacted, That the act, entitled An act authori-"An act authorizing the President of the United States to cause zing the purchase to be built, or purchased, the vessels therein mentioned," pass-vessels, repeated. ed the fifteenth day of November, in the year one thousand

eight hundred and fourteen, be, and the same is hereby, re-pealed; and the President of the United States is hereby au-^{Vessels} acquired thorized to cause to be sold such of the vessels acquired under may be sold, &c.

President

The President authorized gunboats cause to be sold.

&c.

the said act as he may deem inexpedient to be retained in the public service ; and to cause the money arising therefrom to be paid into the public treasury.

SEC. 6. And be it further enacted, That the President of the United States be, and he is hereby, authorized to cause to to be sold, they being first divested of their guns and military stores, which are to be carefully preserved, such and so many

of the gunboats belonging to the United States, as, in his judgment, may no longer be necessary to be retained for the public service; and such of the warrant officers and privates, as may be

Warrant officers discharged in consequence of such sale, shall be entitled to reand privates dis- ceive four months' pay, over and above what may be due to charged, &c. en- them at the time of their discharge. months' pay, months' pay, over and above,

APPROVED, February 27, 1815.

AN ACT concerning the naval establishment.

Be it enacted, &c., That, in addition to the sums here-\$200,000 appropriated annually, tofore appropriated for that purpose, the sum of two hunfor three years, dred thousand dollars* be, and the same is hereby, appropriated. chase and supply annually, for three years, towards the purchase and supply of ery description of a stock of every description of timber, required for ship buildtimber. ing, and other naval purposes, to be paid out of any moneys in

the treasury, not otherwise appropriated.

APPROVED, March 3, 1815.

AN ACT in addition to an act, entitled "An act in relation to the navy pension fund." SEC. 1. Be it enacted, &c., That, in all cases of prizes, cap-

court.

Treasurer, &c.

tured by the public armed ships of the United States, which shall be sold under the order of the proper prize court, interlo-Proceeds of sales cutory or final decree, it shall be the duty of the marshal of the of prizes cap United States, making the sale, to pay the proceeds thereof into tured by public armed ships, to the registry of the proper court, within thirty days after such be paid by the sale shall be made and closed; and, immediately upon the payregistry of the ment into the registry of the proceeds as aforesaid, it shall be ty days, and the the duty of the clerk of the court to deposite the same in some elerk immediately to deposite bank, to be designated by the judge or judges of the court, subthe same in some ject to the order and distribution of the court as in other cases; nated by the and when the said prizes shall have been duly condemned, it judges of the health have been duly condemned, it shall be the duty of the court to direct the share of such prizes,

belonging to the United States, to be forthwith carried, in the When the prizes account with such bank, to the credit of the Treasurer of the the court is to di-United States on account of the navy pension fund; and cothe United States pies of the certificate of such deposite and credit shall be thereto be carried to the upon transmitted to the Treasurer of the United States and to

> * This sum, or the unexpended balance thereof, included in the act, approved. April 29, 1816, appropriating \$1,000,000 annually, for eight years, for the gradual increase of the navy.

the Secretary of the Navy, as soon as may be, by the clerk of 1816. such court; and the share of such prizes belonging to the cap. The share of the tors, deposited as aforesaid, shall be paid over to the parties en-titled, or to their authorized agent, or agents, upon the order of der of the court the proper court in term, or of the indee or indee of orling. the proper court in term, or of the judge or judges of such court in vacation.

SEC. 2. And be it further enacted, That it shall be the Marshals duty of the marshals of the several districts of the United States, their accounts in and of the clerks of the respective courts of the United States, in 60 days after to state and settle their respective accounts, in all cases of prizes final adjudication captured as aforesaid, specifying therein all costs and charges assigns a different taxed, claimed, and paid, by them, and to submit the same to time. the proper court having cognizance thereof, for examination and allowance, within sixty days after a final adjudication of such causes, unless a different time shall be assigned by such court; and thereupon, such courts in term, or any judge there- The courts in term, or any judge there- The courts in of in vacation, may proceed summarily to hear, examine, and vacation, may allow, the same accounts; and, after such allowance, one copy ine and allow the of the same accounts shall be filed among the records of the accounts, a copy court, and another copy shall be transmitted, by the clerk of the filed, and one sent to the Secre-court, to the Secretary of the Navy, within thirty days after the tary of the Navy. allowance thereof.

SEC. 3. And be it further enacted, That it shall the duty District Attorof the district attorneys, of the respective districts of the United to the Secretary States, to transmit to the Secretary of the Navy a statement of of the Navy a all prizes captured as aforesaid, which shall be libelled, con-zes captured, condemned or redemned, or restored, at each term of the district and circuit stored. courts, within their respective districts, as soon as may be, after the conclusion of each term, and to accompany such list with a schedule and invoice of the various articles composing the cargoes of such prizes.

SEC. 4. And be it further enacted, That the respective The courts emcourts of the United States, before whom a libel against any powered to issue prizes captured, as aforesaid shall be pending, or by whom a pel the marshals and distribution of such prizes shall the requisitions of have been awarded, shall have full power and authority, in the this act; exercise of their admiralty and maritime jurisdiction, to issue a monition, and other proper process, to compel the marshal and clerk to perform and obey the requisitions of this act; and upon And may sumthe complaint of the United States, or any person interested in marily hear and examine, and de-

the premises, summarily to hear and examine the same, and to cree according to make such award, order, and decree, therein, as to justice and ^{justice and law.} law shall appertain. And if the marshal or clerk shall wilful- The marshal or ly refuse, or unreasonably neglect, to perform and obey any of clerk, neglecting the requisitions of this act, the party so refusing, or neglecting, obey the requisi-tions of this act, shall further forfeit and pay, to the United States, the sum of forfeits 500 dolls.

five hundred dollars for every such refusal or neglect. SEC. 5. And be it further enacted, That there shall be al- The accountant of the Navy De-lowed, to the accountant of the Navy Department, for his extra partment allowed services in collecting, stating, and settling, the accounts of prize \$300 per annum for extra services money, belonging to the navy pension fund, the annual sum of in settling ac-

and

1816. three hundred dollars, to be paid quarterly-yearly, out of the counts of prize navy pension fund.

vy pension fund. by the court.

After accounts

vy. If the marshal or gainst.

subsistence, ceed full pay.

SEC. 6. And be it further enacted, That, whenever sales of Marshals to ac-count for sales of prizes captured as aforesaid, have been made before the passing prizes prior to of this act, and the proceeds thereof have not been paid into this act within six months, or the registry of the proper court, or finally distributed under its sooner if directed order it shall be the duty of the marshal who made the cal order, it shall be the duty of the marshal, who made the sale. within six calendar months from the passing of this act, or such shorter reasonable time as may be assigned by the court, or the judge or judges thereof, to pay into the registry of the court the proceeds of such sale, with a written account of the costs and . charges attending the same, and to submit the same account, for examination and allowance, to the court, or to the judge or Clerks to present judges thereof; and, in like manner, it shall be the duty of the fees and charges respective clerks of the district courts, within six calendar within 6 months, respective there of the passing of this act, or such shorter reasonable or sooner if re-months from the passing of this act, or such shorter reasonable quired by the time as may be assigned by the proper court, or the judge or judges thereof, to present to such court, or the judge or judges

thereof, for examination and allowance, a particular account of their fees and charges, in all cases of prizes captured as aforesaid, where such account has not been already presented and allowed; and, after such account shall be examined and allowhave been allow- ed, it shall be filed among the records of the court, and a copy

ed they are to be thereof, duly attested, shall be transmitted by the clerk of the sent to the sec-retary of the na- court to the Secretary of the Navy ; and if any marshal, or clerk, shall neglect, or refuse, to perform the duties herein required, he clerk neglect or may be proceeded against in the proper court, in the manner be proceeded a provided in the fourth section of this act.

SEC. 7. And be it further enacted, That, in cases where the In cases where allowance of the half monthly pay, which may now be granted, pay to officers, by law, to officers, seamen, and marines, disabled in the service rines, is not suff- of the United States, shall, in the opinion of the commissioners it of the navy pension fund, from the nature and extent of the may be increas-ed, but not to ex- disability, and the situation of the party disabled, be inadequate to his necessary subsistence, the said commissioners shall be, and hereby are, authorized, in their discretion, to increase such allowance to any sum not exceeding the full amount of the monthly pay to which the party so disabled was by law entitled in the said service.

APPROVED, April 16, 1816.

AN ACT for the gradual increase of the navy of the United States.

SEC. 1. Be it enacted, &c., That, for the gradual increase ated for eight of the navy of the United States, the sum of one million of gradual increase dollars per annum, for eight years, is hereby appropriated, ineight of the navy of the United States, the sum of one million of cluding the sum of two hundred thousand dollars per annum, for three years, or the unexpended balance thereof, appropriated by an act approved on the third day of March, one thousand eight hundred and fifteen, entitled "An act concerning the naval establishment." [This section repealed by act of 3d March,

\$1,000,000 per annum appropriof the navy.

1821, and \$500,000, annually, for six years appropriated in- 1817. stead.]

SEC. 2. And be it further enacted, That the President of President to cause nine ships the United States be, and he is hereby, authorized to cause to of not less than be built nine ships, to rate not less than seventy-four guns ⁷⁴, and twelve each, and twelve ships, to rate not less than forty-four guns than 44 guns, to be built including one seventy four and three forty-four guns ships of the built. each, including one seventy-four and three forty-four gun ships, authorized to be built by an act, bearing date on the second day of January, one thousand eight hundred and thirteen, entitled "An act to increase the navy of the United States;" and, in carrying this act into effect, the President shall be, and he is hereby, authorized, as soon as the timber and other necessary materials are procured, and the timber properly seasoned, to cause the said ships to be built and equipped; or if, in President his judgment, it will more conduce to the public interest, he cause the ships may cause the said ships to be framed and remain on the kept stocks, and kept in the best state of preservation, to be prepared stocks. for service in the shortest time practicable, when the public exigency may require them.*

SEC. 3. And be it further enacted, That, for the defence of President authothe ports and harbors of the United States, the President shall be procured the be, and he is hereby, authorized to cause to be procured the steam engines, steam engines, and all the imperishable materials necessary for equipping three building and equipping three steam batteries, on the most ap-steam batteries. proved plan, and best calculated for the waters in which they

are to act: and such materials shall be secured in the best man-Materials to be ner, to ensure the completing such batteries in the shortest time best manner, to practicable, when they, or either of them, in the opinion of the ensure the com-pleting the bat-President, may be required for the public service; and the Pre- teries in the sident is further authorized to cause to be completed, and kept The block ship in the best state of preservation, the block ship now on the leans to be comstocks near New Orleans.

SEC. 4. And be it further enacted, That the moneys ap-Moneysappropri propriated by this act shall not be transferred to any other ob- not to be trans-ject of expenditure, nor shall any part thereof be carried to the ferred to any other object, nor fund denominated the "surplus fund."

APPROVED, April 29, 1816.

AN ACT to repeal the second section of an act, entitled "An act concerning the pay of officers, seamen, and marines, in the navy of the United States."

[Obsolete.]

Be it enacted, &c., That the second section of an act, Second entitled "An act concerning the pay of the officers, sea- April 18, renealed men, and marines, in the Navy of the United States," passed repealed. the eighteenth of April, in the year one thousand eight hundred and fourteen, be, and the same is hereby, repealed.

APPROVED, February 22, 1817.

*The President authorized, by act of May 17, 1826, to suspend the building of one of the vessels authorized, by this act, and to cause the timber for the same to be laid up and secured.

may the

shortest time. pleted.

carried to the surplus fund.

section act of 1814,

1817. AN ACT making reservation of certain public lands to supply timber for naval purposes.

pal growth is.

ed to be réserved, unless, &c.

Proviso: rights of

sonment.

The Secretary of SEC. 1. Be it enacted, &c., That the Secretary of the Navy the Navy enjoin- be authorized, and it shall be his duty, under the direction of producing live the President of the United States, to cause such vacant and dar timbers to be unappropriated lands of the United States, as produce the live explored, and se-lections to be oak and red cedar timbers, to be explored, and selection to be made of tracts made, of such tracts or portions thereof, where the principal where the principal

growth is of either of the said timbers, as, in his judgment, may be necessary to furnish for the navy a sufficient supply of the The said Secretary shall have power to employ said timbers. such agent, or agents, and surveyor,* as he may deem necessary for the aforesaid purpose, who shall report to him the tracts by them selected, with the boundaries ascertained, and accurately designated, by actual survey or water courses, which report shall be laid before the President, which he may approve or reject, The tracts select- in whole or in part; and the tracts of lands, thus selected, with the approbation of the President, shall be reserved, unless otherwise directed by law, from any future sale of the public lands, and be appropriated to the sole purpose of supplying timber for the navy of the United States : provided, that nothing in this persons claiming section contained shall be construed to prejudice the rights of not to be preju- any person or persons claiming lands which may be reserved as aforesaid.

SEC. 2. And be it further enacted, That, if any person, or Persons cutting persons, shall cut any timber on the lands reserved as aforesaid, imber on the persons, shall cut any timber on the lands reserved as aforesaid, lands reserved, or shall remove, or be employed in removing, timber from the red cedar on oth-same, unless duly authorized so to do by order of a competent er public lands, officer, and for the use of the navy of the United States; or, if fine and impri- any person, or persons, shall cut any live oak or red cedar tim-

ber on, or remove or be employed in removing from, any other public lands of the United States, with intent to dispose of the same for transportation to any port or place within the United States, or for exportation to any foreign country, such person, or persons, so offending, and being thereof duly convicted before any court having competent jurisdiction, shall pay a fine not exceeding five hundred dollars, and be imprisoned not exceeding six months.

Vessels taking on board from lands resered.

SEC. 3. And be it further enacted, That, if the master, owntimber er, or consignee, of any ship or vessel, shall knowingly take on ved, &c. forfeit-board any timber cut on lands reserved as aforesaid, without proper authority, and for the use of the navy, or shall take on board any live oak or red cedar timber, cut on any other lands of the United States, with intent to transport the same to any port or place within the United States, or to export the same to any foreign country, the ship or vessel, on board of which the same shall be seized, shall, with her tackle, apparel, and furniture, be wholly forfeited.

SEC. 4. And be it further enacted. That if any timber as

* The power to employ agents and surveyor revoked by act, approved May 15, 1820.

aforesaid shall, contrary to the prohibitions of this act, be exported to any foreign country, the ship or vessel, in which the Exportation same shall have been exported, shall be liable to forfeiture, and to this act, sub-the captain or master of such ship or vessel shall forfeit and pay jects the vessel to a a sum not exceeding one thousand dollars. a sum not exceeding one thousand dollars.

SEC. 5. And be it further enacted, That all penalties and Recovery of pen-forfeitures, incurred for taking on board, transporting, or export-ing, timber, by force of this act, shall be sued for, recovered, of, according to and distributed, and accounted for, in the manner prescribed ed. by the act, entitled "An act to regulate the collection of duties on imports and tonnage," and shall be mitigated, or remitted, in the manner prescribed by the act, entitled "An act to provide for mitigating, or remitting, the forfeitures, penalties, and disabilities, accruing in certain cases therein mentioned."

APPROVED, March 1, 1817.

AN ACT supplementary to an act, entitled "An act concerning the naval establishment."

SEC. 1. Be it enacted, & c., That every purser, now in the Pursers to enter service, or who may hereafter be appointed, shall, instead of the into bond in the penalty of \$25, bond required by the act to which this is a supplement, enter 000 with two or into bond, with two or more sufficient sureties, in the penalty of

twenty-five thousand dollars, conditioned for the faithful distwenty-five thousand dollars, conditioned for the latinut dis-charge of all his duties as purser in the navy of the United Survey by the States, which said sureties shall be approved by the judge, or at-independent of the district. torney, of the United States for the district in which such purser shall reside.

Shan resulte. SEC. 2. And be it further enacted, That, from and after the as purser after first day of May next, no person shall act in the character of the lst of May, purser, who shall not enter into bond as aforesaid, excepting bond, excepting pursers on distant service, who shall not remain in service longer service, &c, nor than two months after their return to the United States, unless they, &c. they shall comply with the provisions of the first section of this act.

APPROVED, March 1, 1817.

AN ACT to amend and explain an "Act giving pensions to the orphans and widows of persons slain in the public or private armed vessels of the United States."

[Repealed by act of January 22, 1824; but rights under it are reserved.]

Repeated by act of January 22, 1924, but rights under it are reserved.] Be it enacted, §.c., That if any officer, seaman, or marine, Widows and belonging to the navy of the United States, shall die, or shall years of age, of have died, since the eighteenth day of June, in the year of our officers, seamen, and marines, de-Lord one thousand eight hundred and twelve, in consequence ceased, or dying of disease contracted, or casualties or injuries received, while June, 1812, while in the line of his duty, and which shall be satisfactorily proved in the line of to the commissioners of the navy pension fund, leaving a widow, half pay for five years. or, if no widow, a child or children, under sixteen years of age, such widow, or, if no widow, such child or children, shall be

1817.

1817.

If the to the children.

Proviso: as the cessation of the half pay.

pension fund.

entitled to receive half the monthly pay to which the deceased was entitled at the time of his death, which allowance shall widow continue for the term of five years; but, in case of the death or the half pay goes intermarriage of such widow, before the expiration of the said term of five years, the half pay, for the remainder of the term.

to shall go to the child or children of the deceased: provided, that such half pay shall cease on the death of such child or Money to be paid children. And the money required for this purpose shall be out of the navy paid out of the navy pension fund, under the direction of the commissioners of that fund.

APPROVED, March 3, 1817.

AN ACT to provide for the prompt settlement of public accounts.

SEC. 1. Be it enacted, &c., That, from and after the third Accountants' of day of March next, the offices of accountant and additional acand navy depart- countant of the department of war, the office of accountant of ments, and office of superintendent the navy, and the office of superintendent general of military general of mili-tary supplies, supplies, be, and they are hereby, abolished.

abolished. SEC. 2. And be it further enacted, That, from and after the said third day of March next, all claims and demands whatever, All accounts to be settled in the by the United States, or against them, and all accounts whattreasury depart-ment, after 3d of ever, in which the United States are concerned, either as debt-March, 1817. ors or as creditors, shall be settled and adjusted in the treasury department.

SEC. 3. And be it further enacted, That, from and after the comptroller third day of March next, in addition to the officers in the treatreasury depart- sury department, already established by law, there shall be the following officers, namely : four auditors, and one comptroller.

SEC. 4. And be it further enacted, That it shall be the duty of the first auditor to receive all accounts accruing in the treasury department, and, after examination, to certify the balance. and transmit the accounts, with the vouchers and certificate, to the first comptroller, for his decision thereon; that it shall be Duty of the se- the duty of the second auditor to receive all accounts, relative to the pay and clothing of the army, the subsistence of officers, bounties, and premiums, military and hospital stores, and the contingent expenses of the war department; that it shall be Duty of the third the duty of the third auditor to receive all accounts, relative to the subsistence of the army, the quartermaster's department; and, generally, all accounts of the war department, other than Duty of the 4th those provided for; and it shall be the duty of the fourth auditor to receive all accounts accruing in the navy department, or relative thereto; and the second, third, and fourth, auditors aforesaid, shall examine the accounts respectively, and certify the balance, and transmit the accounts, with the vouchers and certificate, to the second comptroller, for his decision thereon; Duty of the fifth and it shall be the duty of the fifth auditor to receive all accounts accruing in, or relative to, the department of state, the general post office, and those arising out of Indian affairs, and examine the same, and thereafter certify the balance, and trans-

Four auditors & one additional in the ment.

Duty of the first auditor.

cond auditor.

auditor.

auditor.

auditor

mit the accounts, with the vouchers and certificate, to the first 1817. comptroller, for his decision thereon : provided, that the Presi- Proviso: as to dent of the United States may assign to the second or third au- the additional acditor the settlement of the accounts which are now confided to countant. the additional accountant of the war department.

SEC. 5. And be it further enacted, That it shall be the Further duties of the auditors. duty of the auditors, charged with the examination of the accounts of the war and navy departments, to keep all accounts of the receipts and expenditures of the public money, in regard to those departments, and of all debts due to the United States on moneys advanced relative to those departments; to receive from the second comptroller the accounts which shall have been finally adjusted, and to preserve such accounts, with their vouchers and certificates, and to record all warrants drawn by the secretaries of those departments, the examination of the accounts of which has been assigned to them by the preceding section. And it shall be the duty of the said auditors to make such reports on the business assigned to them, as the secretaries of the war and navy departments may deem necessary, and require, for the services of those departments.

SEC. 6. And be it further enacted, That the said auditors Auditors to reshall, annually, on the first Monday in November, report to the port to the secre-Secretary of the Treasury the application of the money appro-sury. priated for the military and naval departments for the preceding year, which shall be laid before Congress, by him, with the annual statement of the public expenditure.

SEC. 7. And be it further enacted, That the Treasurer of The treasurer to the United States shall disburse all such moneys as shall have nev ordered for been previously ordered for the use of the war and navy depart- the use of the ments, by warrants from the treasury, which disbursements shall partments, &c. be made pursuant to warrants drawn by the secretary of the war and navy departments, respectively, countersigned by the second comptroller, and registered by the auditors, respectively. [This section repealed May 7, 1822.]

SEC. 8. [This section relates to the duty of the first comptroller, and first and fifth auditors, and has no reference to the business of the navy department.]

SEC. 9. And be it further enacted, That it shall be the duty Duty of the seof the second comptroller to examine all accounts settled by cond comptroller. the second, third, and fourth, auditors, and certify the balances arising thereon to the secretary of the department in which the expenditure has been incurred; to countersign all warrants drawn by the secretaries of the war and navy departments, which shall be warranted by law; to report to the said secretaries the official forms to be issued in the different offices for disbursing the public money in those departments, and the manner and form of keeping and stating the accounts of the persons employed therein; and it shall also be his duty to superintend the preservation of the public accounts, subject to his revision.

SEC. 10. And be it further enacted, That it shall be the duty First comptroller of the first comptroller to superintend the recovery of all debts to

superintend

1817. to the United States; to direct suits and legal proceedings, and the recovery of to take all such measures, as may be authorized by the laws, to all debts.

The provision navy ments.

Auditors empowered to administer oaths.

Secretary of the

&c.

The comptroller tween balances, Sec.

where have been reportsuccessive years.

Salary of the second comptroller and \$3,000 per ann.

enforce prompt payment of all debts due to the United States. SEC. 11. And be it further enacted, That the provision concontained in the tained in the second section of the act, passed the third March, the act of 3d of one thousand seven hundred and ninety-seven, entitled, "An tended in regard act to provide more effectually for the settlement of accounts to the accounts between the United States and receivers of public money," depart- which directs that, in every case where suits has been, or shall

be instituted, a transcript from the books and proceedings of the treasury, certified by the register, shall be admitted as evidence. be extended, in regard to the accounts of the war and navy departments, to the auditors respectively charged with the examination of those accounts, and that certificates, signed by them. shall be of the same effect as that directed to be signed by the register.

SEC. 12. And be it further enacted, That the auditors of the public accounts shall be empowered to administer oaths, or affirmations, to witnesses, in any case in which they may deem it necessary for the due examination of the accounts with which they shall be charged.*

SEC. 13. And be it further enacted, That it shall be the treasury to cause duty of the Secretary of the Treasury to cause all accounts of all accounts of the expenditure of public money to be settled within the year, of public money except where the distance of the places, where such expenditure within the year, occurs, may be such as to make further time necessary; and, in respect to expenditures at such places, the Secretary of the

Treasury, with the assent of the President, shall establish fixed First comptroller periods at which a settlement shall be required. And it shall to lay before be the duty of the first comptroller to lay before Congress, anby, a list of offi-cers failing to cers as shall have failed in that year to make the settlement re-make settlement, cers as shall have failed in that year to make the settlement required by law.

SEC. 14. And be it further enacted, That, in the annual to distinguish be- statement of all accounts, on which balances appear to have been due more than three years, which the comptroller is now required by law to make, he shall hereafter distinguish those accounts, the balances appearing on which shall, in his opinion,

be owing to difficulties of form, which he may think it equitable, Comptroller not shall be removed by an act of Congress; and where the debt-required to in- ors, by whom such balances shall have been due more than debtors three years, shall be insolvent, and have been reported to Coned insolvent 3 gress for three successive years as insolvent, the comptroller shall not be required, in such case, to continue to include such balances in the statement abovementioned.

SEC. 15. And be it further enacted, That the salary of the auditors comptroller, appointed by virtue of this act, shall be three thousand dollars per annum, and that of the auditors, each, three thousand dollars per annum.

* Swearing or affirming falsely, touching the disbursement of public money, or in support of any claim against the United States, punishable as wilful perjury, by act of March 1, 1823.

SEC. 16. And be it further enacted, That all letters and packages, to and from the comptroller and auditors hereinbe- Letters, &c. to fore mentioned, be conveyed free of postage, under the same cond comptoites regulations that are provided by law for other officers of Govern- and auditors, free. ment; and the Secretary of the Treasury is hereby authorized to assign the several sums appropriated for clerk hire in the offices of the accountant, additional accountants, superintendent general of military supplies, and accountant of the navy, to the officers hereby created, to which their respective duties shall be assigned.

APPROVED, March 3, 1817.

AN ACT to fix the peace establishment of the marine corps.

[Obsolete.]

SEC. 1. Be it enacted, &.c., That the peace establishment Number of offiof the marine corps shall consist of the following officers, non- cers, musicians, and privates. commissioned officers, musicians, and privates, viz: one lieutenant colonel commandant, nine captains, twenty-four first lieutenants, sixteen second lieutenants, one adjutant and inspector, one paymaster, and one quartermaster, to be taken from the said captains and lieutenants, seventy-three corporals, fortytwo drums and fifes, and seven hundred and fifty privates.

SEC. 2. And be it further enacted, That the President of The President to the United States cause the provisions of this act to be carried be carried into efinto effect on the first day of April next, or as soon thereafter as fect on the lst of circumstances will admit, and cause any supernumerary offi-pernumerary offi-cers to be discharged from the service of the United States; and charged, with 3 to all persons so discharged, there shall be paid three months' addition-al pay. additional pay.

SEC. 3. And be it further enacted, That the President of The President the United States may, in the recess of the Senate, appoint any of the officers in of the officers authorized by this act, which appointments shall the recess of the senate, &c. be submitted to the Senate, at their next session, for their advice and consent.

APPROVED, March 3, 1817.

AN ACT supplementary to an act, entitled "An act further to amend the several acts for the establishment and regulation of the treasury, war, and navy departments."

Be it enacted, &.c., That nothing contained in the act of the The President from third of March, one thousand eight hundred and nine, entitled making transfers "An act further to amend the several acts for the establishment for specified oband regulation of the treasury, war, and navy departments," jects to any other. shall be construed to authorize the President of the United States to direct any sum appropriated to fortifications, arsenals, armories, custom-houses, docks, navy yards, or buildings of any

1817.

sort, or to munitions of war, or to the pay of the army or navy, to be applied to any other object of public expenditure.

APPROVED, March 3, 1817.

AN ACT to establish the flag of the United States.

SEC. 1. Be it enacted, &c., That, from and after the fourth day of July next, the flag of the United States be thirteen horizontal stripes, alternate red and white : that the union be twenty stars, white in a blue field.

After the 4th of July, 1818, the SEC. 2. And be it further enacted, That, on the admission flag to be 13 of every new State into the Union, one star be added to the union of the flag; and that such addition shall take effect on

the fourth day of July then next succeeding such admission. APPROVED, April 4, 1818.

AN ACT to repeal part of the act, entitled "An act to provide for surveying

the coasts of the United States." SEC. 1. Be it enacted, &c., That so much of the third section of the act, passed the tenth day of February, one thousand eight hundred and seven, entitled "An act to provide for surveying the coasts of the United States," as authorizes the embelonging to the ployment of other persons in the execution of said act, than the army and navy to persons belonging to the army and navy, be, and the same is the hereby, repealed.

> SEC. 2. And be it further enacted, That all instruments and property of the United States, and all surveys, draughts, notes, charts, maps, and documents, in any wise belonging to the survey of the coasts, be deposited in such place as the President of the United States shall direct.

veys, draughts, charts, &c., to be deposited as the President directs.

Instruments, sur-

APPROVED, April 14, 1818.

AN ACT in addition to "An act giving pensions to the orphans and widows of persons slain in the public or private armed vessels of the United States."

Extended for the further term of five years, by act of April 9, 1824.

SEC. 1. Be it enacted, &c., That, in every case where a person has been put on the pension list, or granted a certificate of pension, by virtue of the first section of an act, passed the fourth day of March, in the year eighteen hundred and fourthe pension list teen, entitled "An act giving pensions to the orphans and wi-in virtue of the dows of persons slain in the public or private armed vessels of act of 4th March, the United States," the Secretary of the Navy be, and he is ed full monthly hereby, authorized, at the expiration of the term of five years, further term of for which any pension certificate shall have been granted as aforesaid, to allow the full monthly pension to which the rank

of the deceased would have entitled him for the highest rate of disability, and that such pension shall continue to such person

Persons put on 1814, to be allowfive years.

stars.

A star to be added for every new state.

surveying

coasts.

for the further term of five years: provided, that such pension 1818. shall cease on the death of such widow, child, or children.

SEC. 2. And be it further enacted, That if any officer, sea- Proviso: pension SEC. 2. And be it further endeted, That if any officer, sea- Proviso: pension man, or marine, shall have died since the eighteenth day of of widow. June, in the year eighteen hundred and twelve, in consequence Widows and chil-dren of officers, of an accident or casualty, which occurred while in the line of seamen, &c. who his duty on board a private armed vessel, leaving a widow, or, accidents in the service since list if no widow, a child or children under sixteen years of age, the service since 18th Secretary of the Navy be, and he is hereby, authorized to place be placed on the such widow, child, or children, on the pension list, and allow to such widow, child, or children, the same monthly pension as if the deceased had died by reason of wounds received in the line of his duty : provided, that all moneys paid by virtue of Proviso : the mothis act shall be paid out of the privateer pension fund, and no out of the privaother.

APPROVED, April 16, 1818.

RESOLUTION directing the completion of the survey of the waters of the Chesapeake bay, and for other purposes.

[Obsolete.]

Resolved, &c., That the President of the United States be, Surveys preparaand he hereby is, requested to cause to be resumed and com- tory to the estab-pleted the surveys heretofore commenced, preparatory to the lishment of two naval arsenals; and that, to the naval of- be resumed and ficers employed in this service, officers of the corps of engineers be joined, with instructions to prepare plans of the fortifications Plans of fortifica-necessary to be erected for the defence of such arsenals, with an mate of expense. estimate of the expense of erecting the same. And that the President be further requested to cause such a survey of the Chesa-Survey of the Chesapeake bay. peake bay to be made, as may be requisite to ascertain what points are necessary to be fortified for the protection of the commerce of said bay; and a report of the same, with a plan of Report with the works necessary to be erected, with an estimate of the ex-plan, &c. pense of the same, to be made to Congress in the first week of their next session.

APPROVED, April 20, 1818.

AN ACT in addition to "An act to prohibit the introduction [importation] of slaves into any port or place within the jurisdiction of the United States, from and after the first day of January, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and eight," and to repeal certain parts of the same.

SEC. 1. Be it enacted, §.c., That, from and after the passing of It shall not be this act, it shall not be lawful to import or bring, in any man-negroes, mulatner whatsoever, into the United States, or territories thereof, toes, sc. into the from any foreign kingdom, place, or country, any negro, mu-from a foreign latto, or person of color, with intent to hold, sell, or dispose of, manner whatev-any such negro, mulatto, or person of color, as a slave, or to be hold them as held to service or labor; and any ship, vessel, or other water slaves. craft, employed in any importation as aforesaid, shall be liable they are import-to seizure, prosecution, and forfeiture, in any district in which

teer fund.

United States.

it may be found; one half thereof to the use of the United Haif to the per-States, and the other half to the use of him or them who shall prosecute the same to effect.

SEC. 2. And be it further enacted, That no citizen or citi-No person to SEC. 2. And be it further charter, and or persons shall, equip vessels for zens of the United States, or any other person or persons shall, the ports of the after the passing of this act, as aforesaid, for himself, themselves, or any other person or persons, whatsoever, either as master, factor, or owner, build, fit, equip, load, or otherwise prepare, any ship or vessel, in any port or place within the jurisdiction of the United States, nor cause any such ship or vessel to sail from any port or place whatsoever, within the jurisdiction of the same, for the purpose of procuring any negro, mulatto, or person of color, from any foreign kingdom, place, or country, to be transported to any port or place, whatsoever, to be held, sold, or otherwise disposed of, as slaves, or to be held to service or vessels equipped labor; and if any ship or vessel shall be so built, fitted out. for the slave equipped, laden, or otherwise prepared, for the purpose aforesaid, every such ship or vessel, her tackle, apparel, furniture, and lading, shall be forfeited, one moiety to the use of the United Half to the per-States, and the other to the use of the person or persons who shall sue for said forfeiture, and prosecute the same to effect; and such ship or vessel shall be liable to be seized, prosecuted, and condemned, in any court of the United States having com-

petent jurisdiction.

SEC. 3. And be it further enacted, That every person or ed in fitting out persons so building, fitting out, equipping, loading, or othervessels for the persons so building, fitting out, equipping, loading, of other slave trade, &c. wise preparing, or sending away, or causing any of the acts subject to a fine comparing to be denoted with interview. subject to a fine aforesaid to be done, with intent to employ such ship or vessel five, nor less than in such trade or business, after the passing of this act, contrary to the true intent and meaning thereof, or who shall, in any wise, be aiding or abetting therein, shall, severally, on conviction thereof, by due course of law, forfeit and pay a sum not exceeding five thousand dollars, nor less than one thousand dollars; one moiety to the use of the United States, and the Half to the per- other to the use of the person or persons who shall sue for such forfeiture and prosecute the same to effect; and shall, moreover, be imprisoned for a term not exceeding seven years, nor less than three years.

SEC. 4. And be it further enacted, That, if any citizen or dents liable to a citizens of the United States, or other person or persons, rethan five, nor sident within the jurisdiction of the same, shall, from and after less than one thousand dollars the passing of this act, take on board, receive, or transport, from and to imprison- any of the coasts or kingdoms of Africa, or from any other forporting persons eign kingdom, place, or country, or from sea, any negro, mu-not held to ser-vice, &c. by the latto, or person of color, not being an inhabitant, nor held to laws of the Uni-service by the laws of either of the States or territories of the

United States, in any ship, vessel, boat, or other water craft, for the purpose of holding, selling, or otherwise disposing of, such person as a slave, or to be held to service or labor, or be aiding or abetting therein, every such person or persons, so offending, shall, on conviction, by due course of law, severally

for the &c.

son suing.

Persons concernlars.

son suing.

Imprisonment, &c.

Citizens or resifine of not more ted States, &c.

forfeit and pay a sum not exceeding five thousand, nor less than one thousand, dollars, one moiety to the use of the United Half to the per-States, and the other to the use of the person or persons who shall sue for such forfeiture, and prosecute the same to effect; and, moreover, shall suffer imprisonment, for a term not exceeding seven years, nor less than three years; and every ship or vessel, boat, or other water craft, on which such negro, mu-vessel, &c. for-latto, or person of color, shall have been taken on board, received, or transported, as aforesaid, her tackle, apparel, and furniture, and the goods and effects which shall be found on board the same, or shall have been imported therein in the same voyage, shall be forfeited, one molety to the use of the United States, and the other to the use of the person or persons who shall sue for, and prosecute the same to effect; and every such son suing. ship or vessel shall be liable to be seized, prosecuted, and condemned, in any court of the United States having competent jurisdiction.

SEC. 5. And be it further enacted, That neither the im- Slaves imported porter or importers, nor any person or persons claiming from or this act, to be under him or them, shall hold any right, interest, or title what- state or territorial soever, in or to any negro, mulatto, or person of color, nor to authorities may the service or labor thereof, who may be imported or brought into the United States, or the territories thereof, in violation of the provisions of this act, but the same shall remain subject to any regulations, not contravening said provisions, which the Legislatures of the several States or territories may at any time heretofore have made, or hereafter may make, for disposing of any such negro, mulatto, or person of color.

any such negro, mulatto, or person of color. SEC. 6. And be it further enacted, That if any person or Persons bringing persons whatsoever shall, from and after the passing of this from a foreign act, bring within the jurisdiction of the United States, in any holding, selling, manner whatsoever, any negro, mulatto, or person of color, such negro, &c. from any foreign kingdom, place, or country, or from sea, or as a slave, foreit shall hold, sell, or otherwise dispose of, any such negro, mul-tato, or person of color, so brought in, as a slave, or to be one thousand held to service or labor, or be in any wise aiding or abetting ject to imprison-therein, every person so offending, shall, on conviction thereof met. by due course of law, forfeit and pay for every such offence, a sum not exceeding ten thousand, nor less than one thousand, dollars, one moiety to the use of the United States, and the other to the use of the person or persons who shall sue for such Half to the perforfeiture, and prosecute the same to effect; and, moreover, son suing. shall suffer imprisonment, for a term not exceeding seven years, nor less than three years.

SEC. 7. And be it further enacted, That if any person or Persons holding, persons whatsoever shall hold, purchase, sell, or otherwise dis-buying, or selling, pose of, any negro, mulatto, or person of color, for a slave, or &c. brought as a slave, in any to be held to service or labor, who shall have been imported or way, from a fo-brought, in any way, from any foreign kingdom, place, or adjoining foreign distinguishing foreign distinguishing the state of the stat country, or from the dominions of any foreign state immediate. dominions, &c. ly adjoining to the United States, into any port or place within

1818.

1819.

Half to the person suing.

tend to the seller state, &c.

probandi Onus on the defendant.

the jurisdiction of the United States, from and after the passing of this act, every person so offending, and every person aiding or abetting therein, shall severally forfeit and pay, for every negro, mulatto, or person of color, so held, purchased, sold, or disposed of, one thousand dollars, one moiety to the use of the United States, and the other to the use of the person or persons who may sue for such forfeiture, and prosecute the same to effect, and to stand committed until the said forfeiture be paid :

Provisd: the for-provided, that the aforesaid forfeiture shall not extend to the feiture not to ex- seller or purchaser of any negro, mulatto, or person of color, or purchaser of who may be sold, or disposed of, in virtue of any regulations any negro, &c. which have been heretofore, or shall hereafter be, lawfully regulations of a made by any Legislature of any State or territory, in pursuance of this act and the Constitution of the United States.

SEC. 8. And be it further enacted, That, in all prosecutions under this act, the defendant or defendants shall be holden to prove that the negro, mulatto, or person of color, which he or they shall be charged with having brought into the United States, or with purchasing, holding, selling, or otherwise disposing of, and which, according to the evidence in such case, the said defendant or defendants shall have brought in aforesaid, or otherwise disposed of, was brought into the United States at least five years previous to the commencement of such prosecution, or was not brought in, holden, purchased, or oth-In failure of proof erwise disposed of, contrary to the provisions of this act; and the defendant to in failure thereof, the said defendant or defendants shall be adjudged guilty of the offence of which he or they may stand accused.

SEC. 9. And be it further enacted, That any prosecution, der this act may information, or action, may be sustained, for any offence unany time within der this act, at any time within five years after such offence shall have been committed, any law to the contrary notwithstanding.

SEC. 10. And be it further enacted, That the first six sec-The first six sec-tions of the act to which this is in addition, shall be, and the March, 1807 tions of the act to which this is in addition, shall be, and the ¹⁰ March, 1807, 1807, same are hereby, repealed : *provided*, that all offences commit-

ted under the said sections of the act aforesaid, before the passing of this act, shall be prosecuted and punished, and any forfeitures, which have been incurred under the same, shall be recovered and distributed, as if this act had not been passed.

APPROVED, April 20, 1818.

AN ACT extending the term of half-pay pensions to the widows and children of certain officers, seamen, and marines, who died in the public service.

Be it enacted, &c., That, in all cases where provision has Five years' addithe widows and been made by law, for five years' half pay to the widows and children of officers, seamen, and marines, who were killed in marines, killed battle, or died of wounds received in battle, or who died in the who died in ser- naval service of the United States, during the late war, the said provision shall be continued for the additional term of five

ty.

Prosecutions unbe sustained at five years.

in battle, &c. or vice.

years, to commence at the end of the first term of five years, in 1819. each case, respectively, making the provision equal to ten years'

half pay; which shall be paid in the manner, and out of the To be paid as defund, heretofore designated by law; and the said pensions shall &c. also cease for the reasons mentioned in the said law.

APPROVED, March 3, 1819.

AN ACT regulating the payments to invalid pensioners.

[This act has been supposed by many to refer only to Revolutionary pensioners; but by opinion of the Attorney General, it has been construed as applying to all invalid pensioners.]

Be it enacted, §.c., That, in all cases of application for the in applications payment of pensions to invalids, under the several laws of pensions the affipayment of pensions to invalids, under the several faws of pensions the affi-Congress granting pensions to invalids, the affidavit of two davit of two end bible surgeons, surgeons or physicians, whose credibility, as such, shall be cer- & & staing the continuance and tified by the magistrate before whom the affidavit is made, stat- rate of disability, ing the continuance of the disability for which the pension was the application originally granted, (describing it,) and the rate of such disability for payment fall-at the time of making the affidavit, shall accompany the ap- March, 1880, and plication of the first payment which shall fall due after the thereafter, & & fourth day of March navt and at the end of every two was the application. fourth day of March next, and at the end of every two and the applicant years thereafter; and if, in a case of a continued disability, it rate, &c. shall be stated at a rate below that for which the pension was originally granted, the applicant shall only be paid at the rate stated in the affidavit: provided, that, where the pension shall proviso: affidavit have been originally granted for a total disability, in conse- case of total dis-quence of the loss of a limb, or other cause which cannot, either in whole, or in part, be removed, the above affidavit shall not be necessary to entitle the applicant to payment: and pro-Proviso: this act vided, also, that this act shall not extend to the invalids of the invalids under revolution, who have been, or shall be, placed on the pension act 18th March, 1818. list, pursuant to an act of Congress, entitled "An act to provide for certain persons engaged in the land and naval service of the United States in the revolutionary war," approved the eighteenth day of March, in the year of our Lord one thousand nat. It should be eight hundred and eight.**

eighteen.]

APPROVED, March 3, 1819.

AN ACT to protect the commerce of the United States, and punish the crime of piracy.

[The 1st, 2d, 3d, and 4th sections of this act, continued for the further term of two years, by act of May 15, 1820; and the same sections continued without limitation, by act of Jan. 30, 1823. The 5th section continued indefinitely, by act of May 15, 1820.]

SEC. 1. Be it enacted, &c., That the President of the United The President authorized to em-States be, and hereby is, authorized and requested to employ so ploy the public many of the public armed vessels, as, in his judgment, the service may require, with suitable instructions to the commanders vessels and their crews from pirathereof, in protecting the merchant vessels of the United States, tical aggression. and their crews, from piratical aggressions and depredations.

. 1819. captured.

Merchant vessels

Vessels or boats attempted tors, &c.

tion.

Persons commitor found in the U. with death.

Limitation of this act.

SEC. 2. And be it further enacted, That the President of The President the United States be, and hereby is, authorized to instruct the authorized to inders of public subdue, seize, take, and send into any port of the United States, take and send in- any armed vessel or boat, or any vessel or boat, the crew whereof take and such any arrived vesser of boar, of any vesser of boar, the crew whereof sets, &c. which shall be armed, and which shall have attempted or committed have attempted any piratical aggression, search, restraint, depredation, or seizure, ratical aggression upon any vessel of the United States, or of the citizens thereof, or &c. upon any vessel of the context states, of of the ontaction therein, of vessel, and to re- upon any other vessel; and also to retake any vessel of the take vessels of the United States, or its citizens, which may have been unlawfully captured upon the high seas.

SEC. 3. And be it further enacted, That the commander of the U. S. own- and crew of any merchant vessel of the United States, owned def wholly or in part, by a citizen thereof, may oppose and defend may defend a against any aggression, search, restraint, depredation, or seizure, acc. by any armed which shall be attempted upon such vessel, or upon any other vessel other than a public armed vessel owned as aforesaid, by the commander or crew of any vessel of a nation armed vessel whatsoever, not being a public armed vessel of some capture the of nation in amity with the United States; and may subdue and fending vessel, fending vessel, in attoin in anney with the only also retake any vessel, owned as and retake vess capture the same ; and may also retake any vessel, owned as sets of the U.S., aforesaid, which may have been captured by the commander or &c.

crew of any such armed vessel, and send the same into any port of the United States.

SEC. 4. And be it further enacted, That whenever any vesfrom which pira-tical aggression, sel or boat, from which any piratical aggression, search, re-&c. has been first straint, depredation, or seizure, shall have been first attempted made, when ta- or made, shall be captured and brought into any port of the ken and brought interest into port, may be United States, the same shall and may be adjudged and conthe use of the U. demned to their use, and that of the captors, after due process S. and the cap- and trial, in any court having admiralty jurisdiction, and which

shall be holden for the district into which such captured vessel Sale and distribu- shall be brought; and the same court shall thereupon order a

sale and distribution thereof accordingly, and at their discretion. SEC. 5. And be it further enacted, That if any person or ting the crime of persons whatsoever shall, on the high seas, commit the crime pracy on the high persons whatsoever shall, on the high seas, commit the crime seas, if brought of piracy, as defined by the law of nations, and such offender s. to be punished or offenders shall afterwards be brought into, or found in, the United States, every such offender or offenders shall, upon conviction thereof, before the circuit court of the United States for the district into which he or they may be brought, or in which

he or they shall be found, be punished with death.

SEC. 6. And be it further enacted, That this act shall be in force until the end of the next session of Congress.

APPROVED, March 3, 1819.

RESOLUTION declaring the manner in which the vessels composing the navy of the United States shall be named.

Ships of the navy Resolved, &c., That all the ships of the navy of the United to be named by States, now building, or hereafter to be built, shall be named der direction of by the Secretary of the Navy, under the direction of the Presi-

dent of the United States, according to the following rule, to- 1819. wit: those of the first class shall be called after the States of 1st class, after this Union; those of the second class after the rivers; and those 2d after rivers. of the third class after the principal cities and towns; taking did after principal cities and towns; taking did after principal cities and towns. care that no two vessels in the navy shall bear the same name. No two of the same name.

APPROVED, March 3, 1819.

AN ACT in addition to the acts prohibiting the slave trade.

SEC. 1. Be it enacted, &c., That the President of the United The President States be, and he is hereby, authorized, whenever he shall deem armed vessels of it expedient, to cause any of the armed vessels of the United coasts of the U. States to be employed to cruise on any of the coasts of the S. and of Africa, United States, or territories thereof, or of the coast of Africa, or the acts of Con-gress prohibiting elsewhere, where he may judge attempts may be made to carry the importation on the slave trade by citizens or residents of the United States, of slaves. in contravention of the acts of Congress prohibiting the same,

and to instruct and direct the commanders of all armed vessels vessels unlawof the United States, to seize, take, and bring into any port of the transportathe United States, all ships or vessels of the United States, tion of negroes, wheresoever found, which may have taken on board, or which and brought into may be intended for the purpose of taking on board, or of trans- port.

porting, or may have transported, any negro, mulatto, or person of color, in violation of any of the provisions of the act,^{*} enti-(*Approved Mar. titled "An act in addition to an act to prohibit the importation^{2, 1807.)} of slaves into any port or place within the jurisdiction of the United States, from and after the first day of January, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and eight, and to repeal certain parts of the same," or of any other act or acts prohibiting the traffic in slaves, to be proceeded against accord-

ing to law: and the proceeds of all ships and vessels, their The proceeds of tackle, apparel, and furniture, and the goods and effects on board &c. to be divided of them, which shall be so seized, prosecuted, and condemn- s. and the caped, shall be divided equally between the United States and the tors, whether officers and men who shall seize, take, or bring, the same into revenue cutters. port for condemnation, whether such seizure be made by an armed vessel of the United States, or revenue cutter thereof: and the same shall be distributed in like manner as is provided as prizes.

by law for the distribution of prizes taken from an enemy. Provided, that the officers and men, to be entitled to one-half Proviso: officers of the proceeds aforesaid, shall safe keep every negro, mulatto, keep the negroes, and deliver them or person of color, found on board of any ship or vessel so to the marshal. seized, taken, or brought into port, for condemnation, and shall deliver every such negro, mulatto, or person of color, to the marshal of the district into which they are brought, if into a port of the United States, or, if elsewhere, to such person or persons as shall be lawfully appointed by the President of the United States, in the manner hereinafter directed, transmitting A descriptive list to the President of the United States, as soon as may be after to be transmitted such delivery, a descriptive list of such negroes, mulattoes, or persons of color, that he may give directions for the dis-

1819. authority.

The President ceive them, &c.

Bounty of \$25 for

treasury to cause paid.

District attorney to prosecute by fully imported.

into custody.

Informer entitled to him.

posal of them. And provided, further, that the commanders Proviso: officers of such commissioned vessels, do cause to be apprehended, and and crews of of-fending vessels to taken into custody, every person found on board of such vessel. be taken into cus-tody, and deliver- so seized and taken, being of the officers or crew thereof, and ed to the civil him or them convey, as soon as conveniently may be, to the civil authority of the United States, to be proceeded against, in due course of law, in some of the districts thereof.

SEC. 2. And be it further enacted, That the President of authorized to the United States be, and he is hereby, authorized to make for safe keeping, such regulations and arrangements, as he may deem expedient, support, and re-noval out of the for the safe-keeping, support, and removal, beyond the limits of U.S. of the ne-groes, &c. and the United States, of all such negroes, mulattoes, or persons of groes, ac, and the United States, of all such negroes, mulattoes, or persons of may appoint a color, as may be so delivered and brought within their jurisdicof Africa to re- tion : and to appoint a proper person or persons, residing upon the coast of Africa, as agent or agents for receiving the negroes, mulattoes, or persons of color, delivered from on board vessels, seized in the prosecution of the slave trade, by commanders of the United States' armed vessels.

SEC. 3. And be it further enacted, That a bounty of twenty-five dollars be paid to the officers and crews of the commisdelivered to the sioned vessels of the United States, or revenue cutters, for each

and every negro, mulatto, or person of color, who shall have been, as hereinbefore provided, delivered to the marshal or agent Secretary of the duly appointed to receive them : and the Secretary of the Treathe bounty to be sury is hereby authorized and required to pay, or cause to be paid, to such officers and crews, or their agent, the aforesaid bounty, for each person delivered as aforesaid.

SEC. 4. And be it further enacted, That when any citizen, the case of per- the district of any State or territory, as the case may be, that in or other person, shall lodge information, with the attorney for groes, &c. unlaw- any negro, mulatto, or person of color, has been imported there-

in, contrary to the provisions of the acts in such case made and provided, it shall be the duty of the said attorney forthwith to Upon the verdict commence a prosecution, by information; and process shall isof a jury, the sue against the person charged with holding such negro, nethe marshal to groes, mulatto, mulattoes, person or persons of color, so alleged to be imported contrary to the provisions of the acts aforesaid :

and if, upon the return of the process executed, it shall be ascertained, by the verdict of a jury, that such negro, negroes, mulatto, mulattoes, person or persons of color, have been brought in, contrary to the true intent and meaning of the acts in such cases made and provided, then the court shall direct the marshal of the said district to take the said negroes, mulattoes, or persons of color, into his custody, for safe-keeping, subject

to the orders of the President of the United States; and the into a bounty of former or informers, who shall have lodged the information, gro, &c. besides shall be entitled to receive, over and above the portion of the natives accruing penalties accruing to him or them, by the provisions of the acts in such case made and provided, a bounty of fifty dollars, for

each and every negro, mulatto, or person of color, who shall have been delivered into the custody of the marshal; and the Secretary of the Treasury is hereby authorized and required to 1820. pay, or cause to be paid, the aforesaid bounty, upon the certi- The Secretary of the treasury to ficate of the clerk of the court for the district where the prosecution may have been had, with the seal of office thereto an- to be paid, on the nexed, stating the number of negroes, mulattoes, or persons of clerk. color, so delivered.

SEC. 5. And be it further enacted, That it shall be the vessels captured duty of the commander of any armed vessel of the United under the provi-states, whenever he shall make any capture under the provi-sions of this act, to bring the vessel and her cargo, for adjudica- orteritory where tion, into some of the ports of the State or territory to which &c. such vessel, so captured, shall belong, if he can ascertain the same: if not, then to be sent into any convenient port of the United States.

SEC. 6. And be it further enacted, That all such acts, or Repugnant acts, parts of acts, as may be repugnant to the provisions of this act, repeated. shall be, and the same are hereby, repealed.

SEC. 7. And be it further enacted, That a sum not exceed- \$100,000 approing one hundred thousand dollars be, and the same is hereby, this law into efappropriated to carry this law into effect. fect.

APPROVED, March 3, 1819.

AN ACT in addition to the several acts for the establishment and regulation of the treasury, war, and navy departments.

SEC. 1. Be it enacted, &c., That it shall be the duty of the Secretary of the Treasury, to cause to be carried to the account of the surplus fund, any moneys, appropriated for the department of war, or of the navy, which may remain unexpended Unexpended moin the treasury, or in the hands of the Treasurer, as agent for approthose departments, whenever he shall be informed by the sec-pration has been retaries of those departments that the object for which the ap-carried to the surpropriation was made has been effected. And it shall be the duty of the secretaries of war and navy departments, to cause any balance of moneys drawn out of the treasury, which shall Balance of moremain unexpended, after the object for which the appropria-tion was made shall be effected, to be repaid to the treasury of been effected, to the United States; and such moneys, when so repaid shall be treasure the United States; and such moneys, when so repaid, shall be treasury.

carried to the surplus fund.

SEC. 2. And be it further enacted, That it shall be the duty secretaries of the Secretaries of the war and navy departments, to lay be-war and navy, to fore Congress, on the first day of February, of each year, a gress, annually, statement of the appropriations of the preceding year, for their statement of ap-departments, respectively, showing the amount appropriated propriations of under each specific head of appropriation, the amount expend-year, showing the amount balance. ed under each, and the balance remaining unexpended, either amount, balance. in the treasury, or in the Treasurer's hands, as agent of the war or navy departments, on the thirty-first December preceding : Secretaries to es-

and it shall be further the duty of the secretaries aforesaid, to timate the probaestimate the probable demands which may remain on each balance to be deappropriation, and the balance shall be deducted from the es-

of

123

timates of their departments, respectively, for the service of 1820.Accounts to be the current year; and accounts shall also be annually ren-annually render- dered, in manner and form as aforesaid, exhibiting the

fund.

iect.

· 'Appropriations

No

1809, amended.

appropriations for to another.

to another.

pended; balance, sums expended out of the estimates aforesaid, and the balance, if any, which may remain on hand, together with such information, connected with the same, as shall be deem-Unexpended mo- ed proper. And whenever any moneys, appropriated to neys in the hands the department of war, or of the navy, shall remain unexof the treasurer as agent of war pended in the hands of the Treasurer, as agent of either of

and navy depart-ments, for more those departments, for more than two years after the expiration than two years, of the calendar year in which the act of appropriation shall have to the surplus been passed, or to which it refers, it shall be the duty of the secretary of such department to inform the Secretary of the Treasury of the fact, and the Secretary of the Treasury shall thereupon cause such moneys to be carried to the account of Proviso: no trans- the surplus fund : provided, that when an act, making an ap-

fer to surplus propriation, shall assign a longer duration for the completion of tion of the time its object, no transfer of any unexpended balance, to the account pletion of the ob- of the surplus fund, shall be made, until the expiration of the time fixed in such act.

[SEC. 3 relates entirely to the War Department.]

SEC. 4. And be it further enacted, That nothing contained for the service of in the act of March third, one thousand eight hundred and transferred to an-nine, entitled "An act further to amend the several acts for the expenditure in a establishment and regulation of the treasury, war, and navy dedifferent year, un-der act 3d March, partments," shall be so construed, as to allow any appropriations whatever, for the service of one year, to be transferred to

another branch of expenditure, in a different year, nor shall any No appropria- appropriations be deemed subject to be transferred, under the of the treasurer, provisions of the abovementioned act, after they shall have been as agent, to be subject to trans-placed in the hands of the Treasurer, as agent of the war or fer under act of navy departments.

SEC. 5. And be it further enacted, That the abovemention-Act of 3d March, ed act of the third of March, one thousand eight hundred and nine, shall be, and the same is hereby, so amended, that the President shall be authorized to direct a portion of the moneys

appropriated for any one of the following branches of expendi-Branches of ex-ture in the military department, viz : for the subsistence of the war department, army, for forage, for the medical and hospital department, a portion of the for the quartermaster's department; to be applied to any one of which other of the abovementioned branches of expenditure in may, by the Pre-sident, be applied the same department : and that the President shall be, also, fur-

ther authorized, to direct a portion of the moneys appropriated Branches of ex-for any of the following branches of expenditure in the naval penditure in the department, viz: for provisions, for medicine and hospital a portion of the stores, for repairs of vessels, for clothing; to be applied to any one of which other of the abovementioned branches of expenditure in the sident, be applied same department; and that no transfers of appropriation, from or to other branches of expenditure, shall be hereafter made.

SEC. 6. And be it further enacted, 'That no contract No contracts to be made by the shall hereafter be made by the Secretary of State, or of the

treasury, or of the department of war, or of the navy, except under a law authorizing the same, or under an appropriation partments except adequate to its fulfilment; and excepting, also, contracts for the of a law, or an subsistence and clothing of the army or navy, and contracts by adequate appro-the quartermaster's department, which may be made by the cept contracts for secretaries of those departments.

SEC. 7. And be it further enacted, That no land shall be termster's de-purchased on account of the United States, except under a law Noland to be purauthorizing such purchase.

SEC. S. And be it further enacted, That it shall be the duty secretary of the of the Secretary of the Treasury to annex, to the annual esti- treasury to annex mates of the appropriations required for the public service, a mates, a state-statement of the appropriations for the service of the year which ations for the sermay have been made by former acts; and, also, a statement of vice of the year the sums remaining in the treasury, or in the hands of the and of sums in Treasurer as agent of the war and navy departments from the the treasury. Treasurer, as agent of the war and navy departments, from the

appropriations of former years, estimating the amount of those sums which will not be required to defray expenses incurred in a previous year, and showing the whole amount which will be subject to the disposition of the executive government in the year to which the estimates apply.

APPROVED, May 1, 1820.

AN ACT to limit the term of office of certain officers therein named, and for other purposes.

SEC. 1. Be it enacted, &c., That, from and after the pass- District attorneys collectors of cusing of this act, all district attorneys, collectors of the customs, toms, naval offinaval officers, and surveyors of the customs, navy agents, re- customs, navy agents, receivers, receivers of public moneys for lands, registers of the land offices, or public moneys, paymasters in the army, the apothecary general, the assistant registers of land apothecaries general, and the commissary general of purchases, ters, apothecary to be appointed under the laws of the United States, shall be tants, and com-appointed for the term of four years, but shall be removable of purchases, to from office at pleasure. from office at pleasure.

SEC. 2. And be it further enacted, That the commission of able at pleasure. each and every of the officers named in the first section of this officers, now in act, now in office, unless vacated by removal from office, or office, to cease otherwise, shall cease and expire in the manner following : all september, 1814, such commissions, bearing date on or before the thirtieth day of suing 30th Sept. September, one thousand eight hundred and fourteen, shall 1820. cease and expire on the day and month of their respective dates, which shall next ensue after the thirtieth day of September next; all such commissions, bearing date after the said thirtieth day of September, in the year one thousand eight hundred and If after 30th Sept. fourteen, and before the first day of October, one thousand eight ist oct. 1814, and before hundred and sixteen, shall cease and expire on the day and their dates ensu-month of their respective dates, which shall next ensue after 1821. the thirtieth day of September one thousand eight hundred and twenty-one. And all other such commissions shall cease and

subsistence, clothing, and quar-

chased for the U. S. except under

1820.

1820.expire at the expiration of the term of four years from their re-All others 4 years spective dates.

from their dates. SEC. 3. And be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful The President for the President of the United States, and he is hereby authoauthorized, from time to time, to rized, from time to time, as in his opinion the interest of the regulate and in-crease the sums United States may require, to regulate and increase the sums in bonds required for which the bonds required, or which may be required, by the the U.S. laws of the United States, to be given by the said officers, and

by all other officers employed in the disbursement of the public moneys, under the direction of the war or navy departments, shall be given; and all bonds, given in conformity with such regulations, shall be as valid and effectual, to all intents and purposes, as if given for the sums respectively mentioned in the laws requiring the same.

APPROVED, May 15, 1820.

AN ACT providing for the better organization of the treasury department.

["The powers and duties which are by law vested in, and required from, the agent of the treasury, transferred to, vested in, and required from, the solicitor of the treasury," by act of May 29, 1830.]

SEC. 1. Be it enacted, &c., That it shall be the duty of such An officer, to be designated by the officer of the treasury department as the President of the Uni-President, as a-gent of the trea- ted States shall, from time to time, designate for that purpose, sury, to superin- as the agent of the treasury, to direct and superintend all orrecovery of mo-ders, suits, or proceedings, in law or equity, for the recoverv of money, chattels, lands, tenements, hereditaments, in the name, and for the use, of the United States.

> [SEC. 2 relates to collectors, and other officers, who receive "the public money before it is paid into the treasury."

SEC. 3. And be it further enacted, That, from and after the 1820, officers em- thirtieth day of September next, if any officer employed, or burse public mo- who has heretofore been employed, in the civil, military, or na-neys, being de-linquent, in ren- val departments of the Government, to disburse the public modering account or ney appropriated for the service of those departments, respec-paying over, the tively, shall fail to render his accounts, or to pay over, in the roller to state and certify the manner, and in the times, required by law, or the regulations accounts, and the of the department to which he is accountable, any sum of mosury to proceed ney remaining in the hands of such officer, it shall be the duty warrant of dis- of the first or second comptroller of the treasury, as the case may

be, who shall be charged with the revision of the accounts of such officer, to cause to be stated and certified, the account of such delinguent officer, to the agent of the treasury, who is hereby authorized and required immediately to proceed against such delinquent officer, in the manner directed in the preceding section, all the provisions of which are hereby declared to be applicable to every officer of the Government charged with the disbursement of the public money, and to their sureties, in the same manner, and to the same extent, as if they had been de-Proviso: the a-scribed and enumerated in the said section: provided, nevergent, with appro theless, that the said agent of the treasury, with the approba-

the U.S.

After 30th Sept. ployed to distress.

tion of the Secretary of the Treasury, in cases arising under this 1820.or the preceding section, may postpone, for a reasonable time, retary of the trea-the institution of the proceedings required by this act, where, in pone proceedings his opinion, the public interest will sustain no injury by such &c. postponement.

SEC. 4. And be it further enacted, That if any person Persons aggriev-should consider himself aggrieved by any warrant issued under bill of complaint this act, he may prefer a bill of complaint to any district judge to a district judge, of the United States, setting forth therein the nature and extent of the injury of which he complains; and thereupon the judge aforesaid may, if, in his opinion, the case requires it, grant an The judge may injunction to stay proceedings on such warrant altogether, or uon. for so much thereof as the nature of the case requires; but no injunction shall issue, till the party applying for the same shall us bond and secugive bond, and sufficient security, conditioned for the perform- rity. ance of such judgment as shall be awarded against the complainant, in such amount as the judge, granting the injunction, Injunction not to shall prescribe; nor shall the issuing of such injunction, in any impair the lien of manner, impair the lien produced by the issuing of such warrant. And the same proceedings shall be had on such injunction as in other cases, except that no answer shall be necessary on the part of the United States; and if, upon dissolving the in-Damages, if ap-plication for the junction, it shall appear to the satisfaction of the judge who injunction was shall decide upon the same, that the application for the injunc- merely for delay. tion was merely for delay, in addition to the lawful interest which shall be assessed on all sums which may be found due against the complainant, the said judge is hereby authorized to add such damages as that, with the lawful interest, it shall not exceed the rate of ten per centum per annum on the principal sum.

SEC. 5. And be it further enacted, That such injunctions Injunction, either in or out of court. may be granted or dissolved by such judge, either in or out of court.

SEC. 6. And be it further enacted, That, if any person shall Persons aggrievconsider himself aggrieved by the decision of such judge, either judge, may apply in refusing to issue the injunction, or, if granted, on its dissolu- to a judge of the supreme court, tion, it shall be competent for such person to lay a copy of the who may grant proceedings had before the district judge before a judge of the who proceedings had before the district judge before a judge of the Supreme Court, to whom authority is hereby given, either to grant the injunction, or permit an appeal, as the case may be, if, in the opinion of such judge of the Supreme Court, the equity of the case requires it; and thereupon the same proceedings shall be had upon such injunction in the circuit court, as are prescribed in the district court, and subject to the same conditions, in all respects whatsoever.

SEC. 7. And be it further enacted, That the attorneys of Attorneys of the U.S. to conform e United States, for the several judicial districts of the United to instructions the United States, for the several judicial districts of the United to instructions States, in the prosecution of all suits in the same, in the name the treasury. and for the benefit of the United States, shall conform to such directions and instructions, touching the same, as shall, from time to time, be given to them, respectively, by the said agent

1820. of the treasury. And it shall, moreover, be the duty of each of Attomeys, at the the said attorneys, immediately after the end of every term of end of every the district and circuit courts, or of any State court, in which any a statement of suit or action may be pending, on behalf of the United States, and information under the direction of any district attorney, to forward to the said to the agent.

agent of the treasury a statement of the cases which have been decided during the said term, together with such information, touching such cases as may not have been decided, as may be required by the said officer.

Clerks of circuit SEC. 8. And be it further enacted, That it shall be the duty within 30 days of the clerks of the district and circuit courts, within thirty days after term, to for-ward a list of after the adjournment of each successive term of the said courts. and respectively, to forward to the said agent of the treasury, a list decrees entered, agent, of all judgments and decrees which have been entered in the showing the asaid courts, respectively, during such term, to which the United

States are parties, showing the amount which has been so adjudged or decreed for or against the United States, and stating Marshals, within the term to which execution thereon will be returnable. And terms, to make it shall, in like manner, be the duty of the marshals of the sevreturns to the real judicial districts of the United States, within thirty days beceedings on writs fore the commencement of the several terms of the said courts,

> to make returns, to the said agent, of the proceedings which have taken place upon all writs of execution, or other process, which have been placed in his hands for the collection of the money which has been so adjudged and decreed to the United States in the said courts, respectively.

Nothing in this SEC. 9. And be it further enacted, That nothing in this act right or remedy, contained shall be construed to take away, or impair, any right under preceding or remedy, which the United States now have, by law, for the covery of debts, recovery of taxes, debts, or demands.

APPROVED, May 15, 1820.

AN ACT authorizing the building of a certain number of small vessels of war. [Obsolete.]

Be it enacted, &c., That the President of the United States President authoresident autoo rized to cause to is hereby authorized to cause to be built, and equipped, any be built, five ves-sets of war, of number of small vessels of war (not exceeding five) which, in not more than ¹² his judgment, the public service may require; the said vessels

to be of a force not more than twelve guns each, according to the discretion of the President. And, for carrying this act into effect, the sum of sixty thousand dollars is hereby appropriated, to be paid out of any money in the treasury not otherwise appropriated.

APPROVED, May 15, 1820.

[Under this act, the schooners Alligator, Dolphin, Grampus, Porpoise, and Shark, were built.]

AN ACT to amend "An act making reservation of certain public lands for naval purposes," passed first March, one thousand eight hundred and seventeen.

Be it enacted, &c., That so much of the first section of the Power of the secretary of the na vy to appoint a act of Congress, passed on the first day of March, one thousand

act to impair any &c.

indoments

10 the

mount.

30 days

of execution.

guns each.

\$60,000 appropri ated for the obiect.

eight hundred and seventeen, entitled "An act making reser-1820. vation of certain public lands for naval purposes," as empowers gents and surveythe Secretary of the Navy to appoint an agent or agents and or repealed. surveyor, be, and the same is hereby, repealed; and the duties Duties to be perand services required by said section be performed, in future, by formed by sur-such surveyors of public lands as may be designated by the Pre- lands.

sident of the United States.

APPROVED, May 15, 1820.

AN ACT to continue in force "An act to protect the commerce of the United States and punish the crime of piracy," and also to make further provision for punishing the crime of piracy.

SEC. 1. Be it enacted, &c., That the first, second, third, and 1st, 2d, 3d, and 4th sections of fourth sections of an act, entitled "An act to protect the com- act of 3d March, merce of the United States and punish the crime of piracy," ¹⁸¹⁹, continued passed on the third day of March, one thousand eight hundred and nineteen, be, and the same are hereby, continued in force, from the passing of this act for the term of two years, and from thence to the end of the next session of Congress, and no longer. [Continued, without limitation, by act of Jan. 30, 1823.]

SEC. 2. And be it further enacted, That the fifth section of 5th section of act the said act be, and the same is hereby, continued in force, continued, as to as to all crimes made punishable by the same, and heretofore committed. committed, in all respects, as fully as if the duration of the said section had been without limitation.

SEC. 3. And be, it further enacted, That if any person Persons commitshall, upon the high seas, or in any open roadstead, or in any any ship or ves-haven, basin, or bay, or in any river where the sea ebbs and sel, or ship's comflows, commit the crime of robbery, in or upon any ship or ves- high seas, in a sel, or upon any of the ship's company of any ship or vessel, or suffer death. the lading thereof, such person shall be adjudged to be a pirate;

and being thereof convicted, before the circuit court of the Conviction in circuit district into which he shall be brought, or brought or found.

in which he shall be found, shall suffer death. And if any person engaged in any piratical cruise or enterprise, or being of in any piratical the crew or ship's company of any piratical ship or vessel, shall enterprize, and land from such ship or vessel, and, on shore, shall commit rob-bery, such person shall be adjudged a pirate; and, on convic- and to suffer death. tion thereof, before the circuit court of the United States for the Conviction in cirdistrict into which he shall be brought, or in which he shall be cuit court where found, shall suffer death : provided, that nothing in this sec- Proviso : states tion contained shall be construed to deprive any particular of jurisdiction, & State of its jurisdiction over such offences, when committed offenders not to be tried after acwithin the body of a county, or authorize the courts of the quittal. United States to try any such offenders, after conviction or ac-

quittance, for the same offence, in a State court.

SEC. 4. And be it further enacted, That if any citizen of Persons landing the United States, being of the crew or ship's company of any and seizing neforeign ship or vessel engaged in the slave trade, or any person groes or mulat-

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ing them on board and to death.

1820.

brought or found.

Persons forcibly ing to over to any other fer death.

cuit court where

whatever, being of the crew or ship's company of any ship or toes, not held to yessel, owned in the whole or part, or navigated for, or in behalf service, with in-tent to make of, any citizen or citizens of the United States, shall land, from them slaves, or any such ship or vessel, and, on any foreign shore, seize any bringing or carry- negro or mulatto, not held to service or labor by the laws of declared pirates, either of the States or territories of the United States, with insuffer tent to make such negro or mulatto a slave, or shall decoy, or forcibly bring or carry, or shall receive, such negro or mulatto, on board any such ship or vessel, with intent as aforesaid, such Conviction in cir- citizen or person shall be adjudged a pirate; and, on conviction cuit court where thereof, before the circuit court of the United States for the dis-

trict wherein he may be brought or found, shall suffer death. SEC. 5. And be it further enacted, That if any citizen of confining, detain-ing, or aiding to the United States, being of the crew or ship's company of any confine or detain foreign ship or vessel engaged in the slave trade, or any person vessels, or offer- whatever, being of the crew or ship's company of any ship or board, or, on the vessel, owned wholly, or in part, or navigated for, or in behalf high seas, or tide of, any citizen or citizens of the United States, shall forcibly water, transfer- of, any citizen or delain, or aid or abet in forcibly confining or detainship, or landing, ing, on board such ship or vessel, any negro or mulatto not held negroes, with in-tent, declared pi- to service by the laws of either of the States or territories of the rates, and to suf- United States, with intent to make such negro or mulatto a slave, or shall, on board any such ship or vessel, offer or attempt to sell, as a slave, any negro or mulatto not held to service as aforesaid, or shall, on the high seas, or any where on tide water, transfer or deliver over, to any other ship or vessel, any negro or mulatto, not held to service as aforesaid, with intent to make such negro or mulatto a slave, or shall land, or deliver on shore, from on board any such ship or vessel, any such negro or mulatto, with intent to make sale of, or having previously sold, such negro or mulatto, as a slave, such citizen or person shall be adjudged a pirate; and, on conviction thereof, Conviction in cir- before the circuit court of the United States for the district brought or found. wherein he shall be brought or found, shall suffer death.

APPROVED, May 15, 1820.

[By act of March 3, 1823, district courts of the United States shall have cognizance, where no circuit courts are holden.]

AN ACT to amend the act, entitled "An act to amend the act authorizing the employment of an additional naval force."

Be it enacted, &c., That the second section of the act, en-31st Jan. 1809, a-mended, so as to titled "An act authorizing the employment of an additional authorize enlist- naval force," passed on the thirty-first day of January, eighteen vice or cruise; hundred and nine, be, and the same is hereby, amended, so far as to authorize the enlistment of able seamen, ordinary seamen, and boys, during the continuance of the service or cruise for which they shall be enlisted; not, however, to exceed the period of three years.

APPROVED, May 15, 1820.

2d sec. of act of but not to exceed three years.

AN ACT to amend the act, entitled "An act for the gradual increase of the 1822. navy of the United States."

SEC. 1. Be it enacted, &c., That the first section of the act, 1st sec. of act of entitled "An act for the gradual increase of the navy of the ^{29th} April, 1816, United States," approved April twenty-ninth, eighteen hundred and sixteen, shall be, and the same is hereby, repealed.

SEC. 2. And be it further enacted, That, instead of the ap- \$500,000 perann. propriation therein contained, there shall be, and is hereby, ap- the gradual inpropriated, the sum of five hundred thousand dollars per annum, for six years, from the year eighteen hundred and twenty-one, inclusive, to be applied to carry into effect the purposes of the said act.

APPROVED, March 3, 1821.

AN ACT for the preservation of the timber of the United States in Florida.

Be it enacted, &c., That the President of the United President States be, and hereby is, authorized to employ so much of the employ the land land and naval forces of the United States as may be necessary to prevent the de-struction of, the timber of the United States in Florida; and public timber of the United States in Florida; and public timber of the United States in Florida; and public timber of the United States in Florida and public timber of the United States in Florida and public timber of the United States in Florida and public timber of the United States in Florida and public timber of the United States in Florida and public timber of the United States in Florida and public timber of the United States in Florida and public timber of the United States in Florida and public timber of the United States in Florida and public timber of the United States in Florida and public timber of the United States in Florida and the United States in Florida also to prevent the transportation or carrying away any such authorized to timber as may be already felled or cut down; and to take such preserve it. other and further measures as may be deemed advisable for the preservation of the timber of the United States in Florida.

APPROVED, February 23, 1822.

AN ACT further to amend the several acts relative to the treasury, war, and navy departments.

SEC. 1. Be it enacted, &c., That the second section of the 2d sec. of act of act, entitled "An act making alterations in the treasury and war 8th May, 1792, departments," passed the eighth day of May, seventeen hun-dred and ninety-two; the second section of the act, entitled 2d sec. of act of "An act to alter and amend the several acts for the establish- 16th July, 1798, ment and regulation of the treasury, war, and navy departments," passed the sixteenth day of July, seventeen hundred and ninety-eight; and the seventh section of the act, entitled "An act to provide for the prompt settlement of public ac- act of 3d March, counts," passed the third day of March, eighteen hundred and ¹⁸¹⁷, seventeen, be, and hereby are, repealed, from and after the thir- Repealed after 30th June, 1822, tieth day of June, eighteen hundred and twenty-two.

SEC. 2. And be it further enacted, That, on the day and on the 30th June, year last aforesaid, all moneys which may remain in the hands 1822, all moneys of the Treasurer of the United States, as agent of the war and hands of the weanavy departments, shall, under the direction of the secretaries of the war and navy those departments, respectively, be repaid into the treasury, and departments, to carried to the credit of the proper department upon the books of treasury, &c. the treasury.

SEC. 3. And be it further enacted, That all moneys appro-All moneys for priated for the use of the war and navy departments shall, from the use of the war and after the day and year last aforesaid, be drawn from the ments, to be

may

1822. of the secretaries of war and navy, &c.

treasury, by warrants of the Secretary of the Treasury, upon the drawn by warrant requisitions of the secretaries of those departments, respectively, of the secretary countersigned by the second comptroller of the treasury, and upon requisitions registered by the proper auditor.

SEC. 4. And be it further enacted, That so much of the so much of act said act of the third day of March, eighteen hundred and sevof 3d March, 1817, enteen, as is repugnant to the foregoing provisions, be, and is &c. repealed, &c. hereby, repealed, from and after the thirtieth day of June, eighteen hundred and twenty-two.

APPROVED, May 7, 1822.

Note .-- In the appropriation acts passed since the first session of the seventeenth Congress, inclusive, [1821-'22,] there is a proviso, that no money shall be paid to any person who is in arrears to the United States, until such person has paid into the treasury all sums for which he may be liable. The accounting officer, on demand of the party whose pay is withheld, is to report to the agent of the treasury, who is to order suit within sixty days. By act of Jan. 25, 1828, this proviso was changed into the form of a separate law.

AN ACT authorizing an additional naval force for the suppression of piracy.

[Obsolete.]

SEC. 1. Be it enacted, &c., That the President of the Unior construct ves-sels, to fit, equip, ted States be, and he hereby is, authorized to purchase or conand man them for struct a sufficient number of vessels, in addition to those now immediate ser-vice, for repress- employed, of such burthen and construction as he may deem ing pracy, and the fit, equip, and man the same for immediate tizens and com-merce of the U.S. service, for the purpose of repressing piracy, and of affording in the gulf of effectual protection to the citizens and commerce of the United Mexico, and seas And the Gulf of Mexico, and the seas and territories adjacent. SEC. 2. And be it further enacted, That the sum of one hunpriated to such dred and sixty thousand dollars be appropriated to meet the expenditure to be incurred as aforesaid, and paid out of any money in the treasury not otherwise appropriated.

APPROVED, December 20, 1822.

AN ACT in addition to "An act to continue in force 'An act to protect the commerce of the United States, and punish the crime of piracy,' and, also, to make further provision for punishing the crime of piracy.

made perpetual.

1st, 2d, 3d, and Be it enacted, &c., That the first, second, third, and fourth 4th sections of act of 3d March, 1819, sections of an act, entitled "An act to protect the commerce of the United States, and punish the crime of piracy," passed on the third day of March, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and nineteen, be, and the same are hereby, continued in force, in all respects, as fully as if the said sections had been enacted without limitation, in the said act, or in the act to which this is an addition, and which was passed on the fifteenth day of May, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and twenty.

APPROVED, January 30, 1823.

AN ACT concerning the disbursement of public money.

SEC. 1. Be it enacted, &c., That, from and after the passing public money to of this act, no advance of public money shall be made in any

President authorized to purchase ing iacent. \$160,000 approcase whatever; but in all cases of contracts for the performance of any service, or the delivery of articles of any description, for be made on conthe use of the United States, payment shall not [exced] ex-tracts. ceed the value of the service rendered, or of the articles deliv- exceed value of articles deliver'd. ered previously to such payment: provided, that it shall be lawful, under the special direction of the President of the United States, to make such advances to the disbursing officers of Advances may be the Government, as may be necessary to the faithful and prompt ing officers, and discharge of their respective duties, and to the fulfilment of the ployed on distant public engagements : and provided, also, that the President of stations. the United States may direct such advances, as he may deem necessary and proper, to such persons in the military and naval

service as may be employed on distant stations, where the discharge of the pay and emoluments, to which they may be entitled, cannot be regularly effected. SEC. 2. And be it further enacted, That every officer or Officers or agents

agent of the United States, who shall receive public money count which he is not authorized to retain, as salary, pay, or emolument, shall render his accounts, quarter-yearly, to the proper accounting officers of the treasury, with the vouchers necessary to the correct and prompt settlement thereof, within three months, at least, after the expiration of each successive quarter, if resident within the United States; and within six months if resident in a foreign country : provided, that nothing herein contained shall be construed to restrain the secretaries of any of secretaries may the departments from requiring such returns from any officer or require agent, subject to the control of such secretaries, as the public interest may require.

SEC. 3. And be it further enacted, That every officer or officers or agents agent of the United States, who shall offend against the provi- the preceding sions of the preceding sections, shall, by the officer charged promptly report-with the direction of the department to which such offending dent, & dismiss-officer is responsible, be promptly reported to the President of ed from the pub-the United States, and dismissed from the public service : pro-maybe continued vided, that in all cases where any officer, in default as afore-and the statisfacto-response of the statisfactor of the President for rily. said, shall account to the satisfaction of the President for rily. such default, he may be continued in office, any thing in the foregoing provision to the contary notwithstanding.

SEC. 4. And be it further enacted, That no security given No security given to, or obligation entered into with, the Government, shall be entered into with in any wise impaired, by the dismissing any officer, or from the government, to be impaired by failure of the President to dismiss any officer, coming under the dismissal or nonprovisions of this act.

APPROVED, January 31, 1823.

AN ACT in addition to the act, entitled "An act for the prompt settlement of public accounts," and for the punishment of the crime of perjury.

SEC. 3. And be it further enacted, That if any person shall Persons swearing falsely, shall suf-swear or affirm falsely, touching the expenditure of public mo- fer as for wiful ney, or in support of any claim against the United States, he jury.

1823.

quarter-

returns

1823.

or she shall, upon conviction thereof, suffer as for wilful and corrupt perjury.

APPROVED, March 1, 1823.

AN ACT respecting the punishment of piracy.

District courts to of piracy.

Be it enacted, &.c., That, from and after the passage of this take cognizance act, the district courts of the United States, in districts where nocircuit courts are holden, shall have cognizance of all cases arising under an act of Congress, approved May fifteenth, one thousand eight hundred and twenty, entitled "An act to continue in force an act to protect the commerce of the United States, and punish the crime of piracy; and, also, to make further provision for punishing the crime of piracy," and shall have the same power and jurisdiction therein, as the circuit courts of the United States, under the same act.

APPROVED, March 3, 1823.

RESOLUTION to direct the withholding of the compensation of certain prizeagents.

Compensation to certain prize agents.

Resolved, S.c., That, from and after the first day of July be withheld from next ensuing, no prize agent, who has not accounted for the prize moneys with which he has heretofore been entrusted for the benefit of the officers and crews of any public armed vessel or vessels of the United States, shall receive from the treasury of the United States any salary or compensation to which he may be entitled, until he shall have accounted for, or repaid into the treasury, all sums so entrusted to him for disbursement.

APPROVED, March 3, 1823.

AN ACT further extending the term of half pay pensions to the widows and children of officers, seamen, and marines, who died in the public service.

The term of half SEC. 1. Be it enacted, &., That in all cases where provi-pay pensions, to sion has been made by law for five years' half pay to the wiwho we of our dows and children of officers, seamen, and marines, who were the public ser-vice, extended. killed in battle, or who died in the naval service of the United States, during the late war; and, also, in all cases where provision has been made for extending the term for five years, in addition to the first term of five years, the said provision shall be further extended for an additional term of five years, to commence at the end of the second term of five years, in each case, respectively, making the provision equal to fifteen years' half pay; which shall be paid out of the fund heretofore provided by law: and the said pensions shall cease, for the causes mentioned in the laws providing the same, respectively.

SEC. 2. And be it further enacted, That, from and after the passing of this act, the act, entitled "An act to amend and explain an act giving pensions to the orphans and widows of persons slain in the public or private armed vessels of the United

States," passed March the third, one thousand eight hundred and seventeen, be, and the same is hereby, repealed : provided, Act of March, however, that nothing in this act contained shall be construed Proviso. to prevent the payment of any pension already granted, until the full expiration of the period thereof; nor to affect or impair the rights of any person or persons which may have accrued during the existence of the act hereby repealed, as aforesaid.

APPROVED, January 22, 1824.

AN ACT extending the term of pensions granted to persons disabled, and to the widows and orphans of those who have been slain, or who have died, in consequence of wounds or casualties, received while in the line of their duty, on board the private armed ships of the United States, during the late war.

[Extended for the further term of five years, by act of May 23, 1828.]

Be it enacted, &c., That the pensions of all persons, who Acts of 4th Mar. now are in the receipt thereof, under the provisions of the fol-1814, and 16th of lowing laws of the United States, or either of them, to wit : an April, 1818, exact passed March fourth, one thousand eight hundred and fourteen, entitled "An act giving pensions to the orphans and widows of persons slain in the public or private armed vessels of the United States;" and an act passed April sixteenth, one thousand eight hundred and eighteen, entitled "An act in addition to an act giving pensions to the orphans and widows of persons slain in the public or private armed vessels of the United States;" so far as regards persons receiving pensions from the fund arising from captures and salvage, made by the private armed vessels of the United States, be, and the same are hereby, continued, under the restrictions and regulations in the said acts contained, for and during the additional term of five years, from and after the period of the expiration of the said pensions, respectively : provided, however, that the said pensions shall Provise ; without alone be paid from the proceeds of the privateer pension fund, so recourse to U.S. called, and without recourse to the United States for any deficiency, (should such occur,) which may hereafter arise thereon : and provided, further, that no pension shall be paid to any such widow after her intermarriage, nor to any orphan children of such officer, seamen, or marines, after they shall have attained the age of sixteen years.

APFROVED, April 9, 1824.

AN ACT authorizing an examination and survey of the harbor of Charleston, in South Carolina, of St. Mary's, in Georgia, and of the coast of Florida, and for other purposes.

[Obsolete.]

Be it enacted, &c., That the Secretary of the Navy be, and The secretary of he is hereby, authorized to cause to be made, an examination the navy author-ized to have sur-and survey of the harbors of Charleston, in South Carolina, and veyed the har-bors of Charleston, in South Carolina, and veyed the har-bors of Charleston, in South Carolina, and survey of the harbors of Charleston, S. C. and St. Mary's, in Georgia, in reference to the expediency of estab- ton, S. C. and St. lishing a navy yard at either of those places, for the building Mary's in Georand repairing sloops of war and other vessels of an inferior purposes. class; and, also, to cause to be made and perfected an exami-

1824.

1824.

nation and survey of the harbor of Pensacola, and the coast of Florida, in order to ascertain the expediency of establishing a naval depôt at Pensacola, or at such place in the vicinity of it, as may be most advantageous to the United States; and that the sum of five thousand dollars be, and the same is hereby, appropriated, for the purposes aforesaid, out of any money in the treasury not otherwise appropriated.

APPROVED, May 26, 1824.

AN ACT to revive and extend the term of certain pensions which have expired by limitation.

Be it enacted, &c., That the pensions heretofore granted, and of the privateer paid out of the privateer pension fund, to the widows and orfor phans of such officers, seamen, and marines, as were slain, or their payment, re-vived and exten- died in consequence of wounds, or casualties, received, while in the line of their duty, on board the private armed ships of the United States, and the terms for the payment of which had expired by limitation, before the ninth day of April, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and twenty-four, be, and the same are hereby, revived and extended to such widows and orphans, with all the advantages, and in the same manner, as if their respective terms had not expired; subject to the provisions, restrictions, and limitations of an act, passed the ninth day of April, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and twenty-four, entitled "An act extending the term of pensions granted to persons disabled, and to the widows and orphans of those who have been slain, or who have died in consequence of wounds, or casualties, received, while in the line of their duty, on board the private armed ships of the United States, during the late war."

APPROVED, May 26, 1824.

AN ACT to authorize the building of ten sloops of war, and for other purposes.

[Obsolete.]

SEC. 1. Be it enacted, &c., That the President of the United number of sloops States be, and he is hereby, authorized to cause to be built, in addition to the present naval force of the United States, a number of sloops of war, not exceeding ten, to carry not less than twenty guns each, of such description and weight of metal as the President may direct; and that the sum of five hundred thousand dollars be, and the same is hereby, appropriated, for the aforesaid purpose, out of any money in the treasury not otherwise appropriated.

SEC. 2. And be it further enacted, That the President of The whole or a part of the vessels the United States be, and he is hereby, authorized to cause to the act for sup- be sold, at such time, and in such manner, as he shall judge pressing piracy, best for the public interest, the whole, or a part, of the vessels the public vessels which were purchased under the authority of the act, entitled upon lakes Erie, "An act authorizing an additional naval force for the suppres-

Pensions paid out the terms ded.

The President to cause to be built a of war, not ex-ceeding ten. sion of piracy;" also, the whole of the public vessels upon lakes 1825.Erie, Ontario, and Champlain, except the ships of the line sold, with the ex-New Orleans and Chippewa, now on the stocks, under cover, ships of the line New Orleans and at Sackett's Harbor. Chippewa.

SEC. 3. And be it further enacted, That the proceeds of Proceeds of such sales to be applied, under the direction of the President to the repairs &c. of the United States, to the repairs and building of sloops of of sloops of war. war, which have been, or may be, authorized to be built.

APPROVED, March 3, 1825.

AN ACT authorizing the establishment of a navy yard and depôt, on the coast of Florida, in the Gulf of Mexico.

[Obsolete.]

President of the Be it enacted, &c., That the President of the United States U.S. authorized be, and he is hereby, authorized to select and purchase a site to select a site for for a navy yard and denot, on the coast of Florida, in the Gulf depot, on the for a navy yard and depôt, on the coast of Florida, in the Gulf depot, on the coast of Florida. of Mexico, and to erect such buildings, and make such improvements thereon, as he may judge necessary for the accommodation and supply of the United States' vessels of war in that quarter; and that the sum of one hundred thousand dollars be appropriated, for effecting that object, out of any moneys in the treasury not otherwise appropriated.

APPROVED, March 3, 1825.

AN ACT more effectually to provide for the punishment of certain crimes against the United States, and for other purposes.

SEC. 1. Be it enacted, &c., That if any person or persons, Any person withwithin any fort, dock yard, navy yard, arsenal, armory, or maga- in any fort, who zine, the site whereof is ceded to, and under the jurisdiction of, the burn any dwell-United States, or on the site of any light-house, or other needful fer death. building belonging to the United States, the site whereof is ceded to them, and under their jurisdiction, as aforesaid, shall, wilfully and maliciously, burn any dwelling house, or mansion, house or any store, barn, stable, or other building, parcel of any dwelling or mansion house, every person, so offending, his or her counsellors, aiders, and abettors, shall be deemed guilty of felony, and shall, on conviction thereof, suffer death.

SEC. 2. And be it further enacted, That if any person of Any person wil-persons, in any of the places aforesaid, shall, wilfully and ma-fully setting fre to any arsenal, to liciously, set fire to, or burn, any arsenal, armory, magazine, be fined and im-prisoned. rope-walk, ship-house, warehouse, block-house, or barrack, or any store-house, barn, or stable, not parcel of a dwelling house, or any other building not mentioned in the first section of this act, or any ship or vessel, built or building, or begun to be built, or repairing, or any light-house, or beacon, or any timber, cables, rigging, or other materials for building, repairing, or fitting out, ships, or vessels, or any pile of wood, boards, or other lumber, or any military, naval, or victualling stores, arms, or other munitions of war, every person so offending, his or her counsellors, aiders, and abettors, shall be deemed guilty of felo-

prisoned.

1825.

Any offence com-

Murder on the with death.

Any offence committed on board

Proviso.

of Punishment seas, shall, by surprise or vioder.

ny, and shall, on conviction thereof, be punished by fine, not exceeding five thousand dollars, and by imprisonment and confinement to hard labor, not exceeding ten years, according to the aggravation of the offence.

SEC. 3. And be it further enacted, That if any offence shall mitted in any of be committed in any of the places aforesaid, the punishment of ces, the punish- which offence is not specially provided for by any law of the not provided for United States, such offence shall, upon a conviction in any in this or any other law of the court of the United States having cognizance thereof, be liable conviction in any to, and receive, the same punishment as the laws of the State conviction many toy and receively and participation participation of the state of the magazine, or other place, ceded as aforesaid, is situated, pro-laws of the state. vide for the like offence, when committed within the body of

any county of such State.

SEC. 4. And be it further enacted, That if any person or high seas, or in persons, upon the high seas, or in any arm of the sea, or in any sea, within the river, haven, creek, basin, or bay, within the admiralty and ma-jurisdiction of the river internet of the United States, and out of the jurisdiction of any particular State, shall commit the crime of wilful murder, or rape, or shall, wilfully and maliciously, strike, stab, wound, poison, or shoot at, any other person, of which striking, stabbing, wounding, poisoning, or shooting, such person shall afterwards die, upon land, within or without the United States, every person so offending, his or her counsellors, aiders, or abettors, shall be deemed guilty of felony, and shall, upon conviction thereof, suffer death.

SEC. 5. And be it further enacted, That if any offence any ship or vessel, belonging set belonging to the solution of any citizen or citizens of the United States, while lying in a u. s. while in port or place within the jurisdiction of any foreign state or jurisdiction of any sovereign, by any person belonging to the company of said ship, any person be or any passenger, on any other person belonging to the compalonging thereto, ny of said ship, or any other passenger, the same offence shall to be cognizable, by the proper be cognizable and punishable by the proper circuit court of the court of the U.S. United States, in the same way and manner, and under the same circumstances, as if said offence had been committed on board of such ship or vessel on the high seas, and without the jurisdiction of such foreign sovereign or state: provided, always, that if such offender shall be tried for such offence, and

acquitted or convicted thereof, in any competent court of such foreign state or sovereign, he shall not be subject to another trial in any court of the United States.

SEC. 6. And be it further enacted, That if any person or any person who, persons, upon the high seas, or in any arm of the sea, or in by any river, haven, creek, basin, or bay, within the admiralty and lence, attack any maritime jurisdiction of the United States, and out of the jurisship or vessel be-longing to the U. diction of any particular State, shall, by surprise, or by open S. or to any citi- force or violence, maliciously attack, or set upon, any ship or an intent to plun-vessel belonging in whole or part to the United States, or to any citizen or citizens thereof, or to any other person whatsoever, with an intent unlawfully to plunder the same ship or vessel,

or to despoil any owner or owners thereof of any moneys, goods, or merchandize, laden on board thereof, every person so offending, his or her counsellors, aiders, or abettors, shall be deemed guilty of felony; and shall, on conviction thereof, be punished by fine, not exceeding five thousand dollars, and by imprisonment and confinement to hard labor, not exceeding ten years, according to the aggravation of the offence.

SEC. 7. And be it further enacted, That if any person or of any person persons, upon the high seas, or in any other of the places afore- to kill, rob, &c. said, with intent to kill, rob, steal, commit a rape, or to do or perpetrate any other felony, shall break or enter any ship or vessel, boat or raft; or if any person or persons shall, wilfully and maliciously, cut, spoil, or destroy, any cordage, cable, buoys, buoy-rope, headfast, or other fast, fixed to any anchor or moorings, belonging to any ship, vessel, boat, or raft; every. person so offending, his or her counsellors, aiders, and abettors, shall be deemed guilty of felony, and shall, on conviction thereof, be punished by fine, not exceeding one thousand dollars, and by imprisonment and confinement to hard labor, not exceeding five years, according to the aggravation of the offence.

SEC. 8. And be it further enacted, That if any person or of any person persons, upon the high seas, or in any of the places aforesaid, goods, &c. knowshall buy, receive, or conceal, or aid in concealing, any money, ing the same to goods, bank notes, or other effects or things which may be the larceny. subject of larceny, which have been feloniously taken or stolen, from any other person, knowing the same to have been taken or stolen, every person, so offending, shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor, and may be prosecuted therefor, although the principal offender chargeable, or charged, with the larceny, shall not have been prosecuted or convicted thereof; and shall, on conviction thereof, be punished by fine, not exceeding one thousand dollars, and imprisonment and confinement to hard labor, not exceeding three years, according to the aggravation of the offence.

SEC. 9. And be it further enacted, That if any person of of any person persons shall plunder, steal, or destroy, any money, goods, who shall plun-merchandize, or other effects, from or belonging to any ship or stroy any money, vessel, or boat, or raft, which shall be in distress, or which longing to any shall be wrecked, lost, stranded, or cast away, upon the sea, or ship or vessel, &c. upon any reef, shoal, bank, or rocks, of the sea, or in any other place within the admiralty and maritime jurisdiction of the United States; or if any person or persons shall wilfully obstruct the escape of any person endeavoring to save his or her life from such ship or vessel, boat or raft, or the wreck thereof, or, if any person or persons shall hold out, or show, any false light, or lights, or extinguish any true light, with intention to bring any ship or vessel, boat or raft, being or sailing upon the sea, into danger or distress, or shipwreck; every person so offending, his or her counsellors, aiders, and abettors, shall be deemed guilty of felony, and shall, on conviction thereof, be punished by fine, not exceeding five thousand dollars, and im-

Of any master or him behind in any place.

States.

Proviso.

tion.

Forgery of letters wages.

prisonment and confinement to hard labor, not exceeding ten years, according to the aggravation of the offence.

SEC. 10. And be it further enacted, That if any master or commander of any ship or vessel, belonging in whole, or in sel belonging in part, to any citizen or citizens of the United States, shall, durto a citizen or ci- ing his being abroad, maliciously, and without justifiable s. while abroad, cause, force any officer, or mariner, of such ship or vessel, on who shall force shore, or leave him behind, in any foreign port or place, or re-on shore to leave fuse to bring home again all such of the officers and mariners, foreign port or of such ship or vessel, whom he carried out with him, as are in a condition to return, and willing to return, when he shall be ready to proceed in his homeward voyage, every master or commander, so offending, shall, on conviction thereof, be punished by fine, not exceeding five hundred dollars, or by imprisonment, not exceeding six months, according to the aggravation of the offence.

SEC. 11. And be it further enacted, That if any person of any person SEC. 11. And be it further enacted, That if any person wilfully, &c. set on persons shall, wilfully and maliciously, set on fire, or burn, ship or vessel of or otherwise destroy, or cause to be set on fire, or burnt, or on the high seas, otherwise destroyed, or aid, procure, abet, or assist in setting on or any am of the fire, or burning, or otherwise destroying, any ship or vessel of admiralty juris- war of the United States, afloat on the high seas, or in any arm of the sea, or in any river, haven, creek, basin, or bay, within the admiralty jurisdiction of the United States, and out of the jurisdiction of any particular State, every person so offending shall be deemed guilty of felony, and shall, on conviction thereof, suffer death : provided, that nothing herein contained shall be construed to take away or impair the right of any court martial to punish any offence, which, by the law of the United States, may be punishable by such court.

SEC. 12. And be it further enacted, That if any officer of any officer of SEC. 12. And be it further enacted, That if any officer the U.S. who is of the United States shall be guilty of extortion, under or by guilty of extorcolor of his office, every person so offending, shall, on conviction thereof, be punished by fine, not exceeding five hundred dollars, or by imprisonment, not exceeding one year, according to the aggravation of the offence.

SEC. 18. And be it further enacted, That if any person or ceive pension or persons shall falsely make, forge, or counterfeit, or cause or proprize money, or cure to be falsely made, forged, or counterfeited, or willingly aid or assist in falsely making, forging, or counterfeiting, any paper, writing, or instrument, in imitation of, or purporting to be, any letter of attorney, or other authority or instrument to * receive any pension, prize money, wages, or other debt or sum of money due, or to become due, from the United States; or shall forge or counterfeit, or cause or procure to be forged or counterfeited, or willingly aid or assist in forging or counterfeiting, the name or names of any of the holders or proprietors of any such * * * * * pension, prize money, wages, or other debt or sum of money as aforesaid, in or to any such pretended letter of attorney, authority, or instrument; or shall, knowingly and fraudulently, demand, or endeavor to

have or obtain, such * * * * pension, prize money, wages, or other debt or sum of money, or any part thereof, to be received or paid, by virtue of any such false, forged, or counterfeited letter of attorney, authority, or instrument; or shall, falsely and deceitfully, personate any true or real proprietor or * * pension, prize money, wages, * holder of such * or other debt or sum of money, as aforesaid, and thereby transferring, or endeavoring to transfer, * * * * * or receiving, or endeavoring to receive, the money of such true or lawful holder or proprietor thereof, or the money of such person or persons, really and truly entitled to receive such * * pension, prize money, wages, or other debt, or sum of money, as aforesaid, as if such offender were the true and lawful owner thereof, and entitled thereto; every person, so offending, shall be deemed guilty of felony, and shall, on conviction thereof, be Punishment punished by fine, not exceeding five thousand dollars, and by therefor. imprisonment and confinement to hard labor, not exceeding ten years, according to the aggravation of the offence.

SEC. 22. And be it further enacted, That if any person or of a person on persons, upon the high seas, or in any arm of the sea, or in any the high seas, &c. river, haven, creek, basin, or bay, within the admiralty juris- weapon with an diction of the United States, and out of the jurisdiction of any particular State, on board any vessel belonging in whole, or in part, to the United States, or any citizen or citizens thereof. shall, with a dangerous weapon, or with intent to kill, rob, steal, or to commit a mayhem, or rape, or to perpetrate any other felony, commit an assault, on another, such person shall, on conviction thereof, be punished by fine, not exceeding three thousand dollars, and by imprisonment and confinement to punishment. hard labor, not exceeding three years, according to the aggravation of the offence.

SEC. 23. And be it further enacted, That if any person or of any person guilty of conspipersons shall, on the high seas, or within the United States, racy, &c. wilfully and corruptly conspire, combine, and confederate, with any other person or persons, such other person or persons being either within or without the United States, to cast away, burn, or otherwise destroy, any ship or vessel, or to procure the same to be done, with intent to injure any person, or body politic, that hath underwritten, or shall thereafterwards underwrite, any policy of insurance thereon, or on goods on board thereof, or with intent to injure any person, or body politic, that hath lent or advanced, or thereafter shall lend or advance, any money on such vessel, on bottomry or respondentia, or shall, within the United States, build or fit out, or aid in building or fitting out, any ship or vessel, with intent that the same shall be cast away, burnt, or destroyed, for the purpose or with the design aforesaid, every person, so offending, shall, on conviction thereof, be deemed guilty of felony, and shall be punished by fine, not exceeding ten thousand dollars, and by im- Punishment. prisonment and confinement to hard labor, not exceeding ten years.

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tent with this, repealed. Proviso.

SEC. 25. And be it further enacted, That all acts, and parts All acts inconsis- of acts, inconsistent with the provisions of this act, shall be, and the same are hereby, repealed : provided, nevertheless, that all such acts, and parts of acts, shall be and remain in full force for the punishment of all offences committed before the passing of this act.

SEC. 26. And be it further enacted, That nothing in this Nothing in this act to be construed so as to de- act contained shall be construed to deprive the courts of the inprive state courts dividual States, of jurisdiction, under the laws of the several tion. States, over offences made punishable by this act.

APPROVED, March 3, 1825.

The remaining sections, and parts of sections, of this act, do not refer to military crimes.]

AN ACT supplementary to "An act for the gradual increase of the navy of the United States."

less thorized to be

The President to cause the build-is hereby authorized to cause the building of one of the ships, ships authorized authorized by the act for the gradual increase of the navy of of the navy to be suspended, & to to be laid up and secured. And he is hereby further authorizpurchase one not the ed, if, in his opinion, the same can be done on advantageous smallest class au- terms to the United States, to cause to be purchased,* for the built by that act. United States, a ship of not less than the smallest class authorized to be built by the said act; and for carrying such purchase into effect, the amount for which the purchase may be made may be paid out of the appropriation heretofore made for the

gradual increase of the navy of the United States.

APPROVED, May 17, 1826.

RESOLUTION directing surveys and estimates for dry docks.

[Obsolete.]

docks at certain navy yards.

Resolved, &c., That the President of the United States The President to cause an examination and accurate survey to be made, by a cause an exami-nation to be made skilful engineer, of a site for a dry dock, at the navy yard at for a site for dry Portsmouth, New Hampshire; Charlestown, Massachusetts; Brooklyn, New York; and Gosport, Virginia; and that such engineer be required to state the dimensions necessary for such docks, the advantages of each of the above named places for such establishment, the objections that apply to either, with a detailed estimate of the expense of a suitable site, and of constructing a dock at each of said places; and that the President be requested to communicate the same to Congress in the first. week of the next session.

APPROVED, May 22, 1826.

* Under the authority of this act, the frigate Hudson was purchased.

RESOLUTION directing the Secretary of the Navy to apply to the Government of Pennsylvania for jurisdiction over certain lands at the navy yard, — Philadelphia.

[Obsolete.]

Resolved, &c., That the Secretary of the Navy be directed to State of Pennsylrequest the Government of the State of Pennsylvania to cede to the U. S. certain the United States, jurisdiction over such lands as are owned by the United States, and improved for public purposes, at the navy yard, near Philadelphia.

APPROVED, January 24, 1827.

AN ACT to cede the jurisdiction of the territory occupied for a navy yard, in the county of Philadelphia, to the Government of the United States.

SEC. 1. Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the . Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, in General Assembly met, and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same, That all the jurisdiction, right, title, property and interest, of this Commonwealth, over, in, and to, the territory now in possession of the Government of the United States, and occupied as a navy yard, included within the present wall around the same, situate in the district of Southwark, in the county of Philadelphia, and bounded on the east side by the river Delaware, is hereby ceded and conveyed, together with all the buildings and appurtenances thereunto belonging, to the Government of the United States : pro*vided always, nevertheless*, That the cession hereby made shall continue in force so long as the same territory shall be used by the Government of the United States for the purposes of a navy yard, and no longer : And provided, also, That all process, civil and criminal, of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, shall extend into, and be effectual, within the territory hereby ceded, as if this law had not passed.

JOSEPH RITNER, Speaker of the House of Representatives. ALEXANDER MAHON, Speaker of the Senate.

APPROVED, the 29th March, A. D. 1827.

J. ANDW. SHULZE.

AN ACT for the gradual improvement of the navy of the United States.

SEC. 1. Be it enacted, §.c., That, for the gradual improve- \$500,000 appropriated for six ment of the navy of the United States, the sum of five hundred years annually. thousand dollars per annum, for six years, is hereby appropriated, to be applied as in this act prescribed, and as may, hereafter, be directed by law.

SEC. 2. And be it further enacted, That the President of President authothe United States be, and he is hereby, authorized to cause to be procured ship be procured, ship timber, suitable for the construction of vessels timber, suitable of the various classes now recognized in the navy of the United tion of vessels of States; and, also, the timber proper for the construction of different classes. steam batteries; and to take the proper measures for having the said timber duly seasoned and preserved, so as to be fit for immediate use.

SEC. 3. And be it further enacted, That the President of Measures to be the United States be, and he is hereby, authorized to take the pro-adopted to preserve the live oak timber growing on the lands timber, growing of the United States, and he is also authorized to reserve from the U.S. sale such lands, belonging to the United States, as may be

1827.

1828.

Two dry docks.

Marine railway

at Pensacola.

found to contain live oak, or other timber, in sufficient quantity to render the same valuable for naval purposes.

SEC. 4. And be it further enacted, That the President of the United States be, and he is hereby, authorized to cause to be constructed two dry docks, on the most approved plan, for the use of the navy of the United States, the one of said docks to be erected at some point to the south, and the other to the north, of the Potomac river.

SEC. 5. And be it further enacted, That the President of tor the repairs of the United States be, and he is hereby, authorized to cause the necessary examinations and inquiries to be made, to ascertain the practicability and expediency of erecting a marine railway for the repair of sloops of war, and other vessels of an inferior class, at Pensacola, and, if it shall appear, from such inquiry and examination, that such railway would be useful to the navy of the United States, and can be constructed at a reasonable expense, that he cause the same to be constructed on the most approved plan.

SEC. 6. And be it further enacted, That the President of thoroughly exam- the United States be, and he is hereby, authorized to cause the navy yards of the United States to be thoroughly examined. and plans to be prepared, and sanctioned by the President, for the improvement of the same, and the preservation of the public property therein; from which plans, no deviation shall hereafter be made but by his special order.

SEC. 7. And be it further enacted, That the money appropriated by this act shall not be transferred to any other object Annual reports to of expenditure, nor shall any part thereof be carried to the fund denominated the surplus fund; and annual reports shall be submitted to Congress of the expenditures under this act, and the measures taken to carry the same into effect.

APPROVED, March 3, 1827.

AN ACT to prevent defalcations on the part of the disbursing agents of the Government, and for other purposes.

No money appropriated to be paid

to be construed arising ry notes.

Be it enacted, &c., That no money hereafter appropriated prated to be paid to explaid to any person, for his compensation, who is in rears to the U.S. arrears to the United States, until such person shall have accounted for, and paid into the treasury, all sums for which he Proviso: nothing may be liable: provided, that nothing herein contained shall to extend to bal- be construed to extend to balances arising solely from the deances arising preciation of treasury notes received by such person, to be exciation of treasu- pended in the public service; but in all cases where the pay or salary of any person is withheld, in pursuance of this act, it shall be the duty of the accounting officers, if demanded by the party, his agent or attorney, to report, forthwith, to the agent of the treasury department, the balance due; and it shall be the duty of the said agent, within sixty days thereafter, to order suit to be commenced against such delinquent and his sureties. APPROVED, January 25, 1828.

Navy vards to be ined.

Money appropriated, not to transferred. be be submitted.

AN ACT to provide for extending the term of certain pensions, chargeable on the navy and privateer pension fund.

SEC. 1. Be it enacted, &c., That in all cases where provi- Where provision sion has been made, by law, for the five years' half pay to the by law, for half widows and children of officers, seamen, and marines, who were pay to widows and children of officers, seamen, and marines, who were pay to widows killed in battle, or who died in the naval service of the United officers killed in States during the last war; and, also, in all cases where provi- of certain pension has been made for extending the term for five years in ad-distance between dition to any term of five years, the said provision shall be dition to any term of five years, the said provision shall be further extended for an additional term of five years, to commence at the end of the current or last expired term of five years in each case, respectively; making the provision equal to twenty years' half pay; which shall be paid out of the fund. heretofore provided by law; and the said pensions shall cease for the causes mentioned, in the laws providing the same, respectively.

SEC. 2. And be it further enacted, That the pensions of all Pensions of all widows who now are, or who at any time within one year now, or who may last past have been, in the receipt thereof, under the provision of the following laws of the United States, or either of them, to wit: an act passed March the fourth, one thousand eight hun-thereof the following laws dred and fourteen, entitled "An act giving pensions to the or- or either of them, continued. phans and widows of the persons slain in the public or private armed vessels of the United States," and an act, passed April the sixteenth, one thousand eight hundred and eighteen, entitled "An act in addition to an act giving pensions to the orphans and widows of persons slain in the public or private armed vessels of the United States," so far as regards persons receiving pensions from the fund arising from captures and salvage, made by the private armed vessels of the United States, be, and the same are hereby, continued, under the restrictions and regulations in the said acts contained, for and during the additional term of five years, from and after the period of the expiration of the said pensions, respectively : provided, however, Proviso. that the said pensions shall be paid from the proceeds of the privateer pension fund alone, and without recourse to the United States for any deficiency, should such occur, which may hereafter arise thereon: and provided, further, that no such Provise. pension shall be paid to any such widow after her intermarriage had, or to be had, after she shall have become such widow. APPROVED, May 23, 1828.

AN ACT to increase the pay of lieutenants in the navy.

[Obsolete.]

Be it enacted, &c., That, from and after the passing of this Lieutenants to act, all lieutenants in the navy of the United States shall, in receive \$10 per month and one addition to the pay and emoluments now allowed them by law, ration per day, in addition. each receive ten dollars per month, and one ration per day.

APPROVED, May 24, 1828.

1828.

surgeons.

AN ACT for the better organization of the medical department of the navy of the United States.

The 4th and 5th sections of this act, and that part of the 3d which relates to pay, repealed by act of March 3, 1835, " to regulate the pay of the navy."]

SEC. 1. Be it enacted, &c., That, from and after the passing No person to receive the appoint- of this act, no person shall receive the appointment of assistment of assistant ment of assistant surgeon, unless ant surgeon in the navy of the United States, unless he shall examined by a have been examined and approved by a board of naval surgeons, who shall be designated for that purpose by the Secretary of the Navy Department; and no person shall receive the appointment of surgeon in the navy of the United States until he shall have served as an assistant surgeon at least two years. on board a public vessel of the United States, at sea, and unless, also, he shall have been examined and approved by a

board of surgeons constituted as aforesaid. SEC. 2. And be it further enacted, That the President of designate to eve-ry fleet or squad- the United States may designate and appoint, to every fleet or squadron, an experienced and intelligent surgeon, then in the moninated, "sur- naval service of the United States, to be denominated "surgeon of the fleet," who shall be surgeon of the flag ship, and who, in addition to his duties as such, shall examine and approve all requisitions for medical and hospital stores for the fleet. and inspect their quality; and who shall, in difficult cases, consult with the surgeons of the several ships, and make records of the character and treatment of diseases, to be transmitted to the navy department; and who, in addition to the compensation allowed to surgeons at sea, shall be allowed double rations while acting as surgeon of the fleet as aforesaid.

SEC. 3. And be it further enacted, That assistant surgeons, geons who have who shall have been commissioned less than five years, shall sioned less than each receive thirty dollars a month, and two rations a day; afsolution ress that enter receive when the service, they shall be entitled to an examination ceive each \$30 ter five years' service, they shall be entitled to an examination a month and 2 by a board of naval surgeons, constituted as aforesaid, and having been approved and passed by such board, they shall each receive an addition of five dollars a month, and one ration a day; and, after ten years' service, a further addition of five dollars a month, and one ration a day.

SEC. 4. And be it further enacted, That every surgeon who Every surgeon SEC. 4. And be it further enacted, That every surgeon who who shall have received his appointment, as is hereinbefore provided pointment as for, shall receive fifty dollars a month, and two rations a day; herein provided after five years' service, he shall be entitled to receive fifty-five dollars a month and an additional ration a day; and after ten years' service, he shall receive sixty dollars a month and an additional ration a day; and, after twenty years' service, he shall receive seventy dollars a month and the rations as last aforesaid. [See explanatory act, Jan. 21, 1829.]

SEC. 5. And be it further enacted, That every assistant sur-Every assistant surgeon, after ha-ying 'faithfully geon (after having faithfully served two years) shall, while in served for two actual service at sea, in addition to the usual compensation al-actual service at lowed him by law, receive double rations, and five dollars a sea, to receive month; and every surgeon in the navy, while in actual service

President may ron, an intelligent

sur-Assistant

per month and 2 rations a day.

at sea, shall also, in addition to his usual compensation, receive double rations, and ten dollars a month.

1831.

addition to the usual compensation.

APPROVED, May 24, 1828.

AN ACT to amend an act, entitled "An act for the better organization of the medical department of the navy," approved 24th May, 1828. [Obsolete.]

Be it enacted, §.c., That every surgeon, who was in the navy Exemption of at the time of the passage of the act for the better organization in the navy, for of the medical department of the navy, approved twenty-fourth to the alowance May, one thousand eight hundred and twenty-eight, shall be provided for by entitled to the additional pay and rations (according to length act of May, 1828, of service) provided for by the fourth section of that act, notwithstanding such surgeons may not have been examined, or received their appointments in the manner prescribed by the

APPROVED, January 21, 1829.

first section thereof.

-RESOLUTION in relation to the compensation of officers of the marine corps. [Continued by resolution of May 25, 1832, until altered by law.]

Resolved, &c., That the pay, subsistence, emoluments and Pay, &c. previous to April 1, 1829, allowances, received by the officers of the marine corps, previ-continued to Feb. ous to the first of April, eighteen hundred and twenty-nine, be, ^{28, 1831.} and the same is hereby, directed to be continued to them from that date up to the twenty-eighth of February, one thousand eight hundred and thirty-one.

APPROVED, May 29, 1830.

AN ACT to authorize the construction of three schooners for the naval service of the United States.

[Obsolete.]

Be it enacted, §c., That the President of the United States be, and he is hereby, authorized to cause to be built, equipped, atd. and employed in the naval service of the United States, three schooners,* not exceeding twelve guns each; and that the sum of eighty-seven thousand three hundred and sixty dollars be, and the same is hereby, appropriated, out of any moneys in the treasury not otherwise appropriated, for the purpose of carrying the foregoing provisions into effect.

APPROVED, February 3, 1831.

AN ACT to provide for the punishment of offences committed in cutting, destroying, or removing live oak, and other timber or trees, reserved for naval purposes.

SEC. 1. Be it enacted, §.c., That if any person or persons Any person cutshall cut, or cause or procure to be cut, or aid, assist, or be em- ing, ployed in cutting, or shall wantonly destroy, or cause or pro-

* The vessels built under the authority of this act, are the Enterprise, Boxer, and Experiment.

1831.

Any person cutting, or, &c.

to pay a fine triple the value.

Vessels employed in taking away timber,

to be forfeited;

Captain to fined.

Penalties, how to be sued for.

nalty.

cure to be wantonly destroyed, or aid, assist, or be employed in wantonly destroying, any live oak or red cedar tree or trees, or live oak, cedar or other timber, standing, growing, or being, on any lands of the other timber; or United States, which, in pursuance of any law passed, or hereafter to be passed, shall have been reserved or purchased for the use of the United States, for supplying or furnishing therefrom timber for the navy of the United States; or if any person or Any person re- persons shall remove, or cause or procure to be removed, or aid, moving the same, or assist, or be employed in removing, from any such lands which shall have been reserved or purchased as aforesaid, any live oak or red cedar tree or trees, or other timber, unless duly authorized so to do by order, in writing, of a competent officer, and for the use of the navy of the United States; or if any person or persons shall cut, or cause or procure to be cut, or aid. or assist, or be employed in cutting, any live oak or red cedar tree or trees, or other timber on, or shall remove, or cause or procure to be removed, or aid, or assist, or be employed in removing, any live oak or red cedar trees, or other timber, from any other lands of the United States acquired, or hereafter to be acquired, with intent to export, dispose of, use, or employ, the same in any manner whatsoever, other than for the use of the navy of the United States; every such person or persons so offending, on conviction thereof before any court having competent jurisdiction, shall, for every such offence, pay a fine not less than triple the value of the tree or trees, or timber so cut, destroyed, or removed, and shall be imprisoned not exceeding twelve months.

> SEC. 2. And be it further enacted, That if the master, owner, or consignee, of any ship or vessel shall, knowingly, take on board any timber cut on lands which shall have been reserved or purchased as aforesaid, without proper authority, and for the use of the navy of the United States; or shall take on board any live oak or red cedar timber cut on any other lands of the United States, with intent to transport the same to any port or place within the United States, or to export the same to any foreign country, the ship or vessel on board of which the same shall be taken, transported, or seized, shall, with her tackle, apparel, and furniture, be wholly forfeited to the United States; he and the captain or master of such ship or vessel, wherein the same shall have been exported to any foreign country against the provisions of this act, shall forfeit and pay to the United States a sum not exceeding one thousand dollars.

SEC. 3. And be it further enacted, That all penalties and forfeitures incurred under the provisions of this act shall be sued for, recovered, and distributed, and accounted for, under the directions of the Secretary of the Navy, and shall be paid over, one-half to the informer or informers, if any, or captors, where seized, and the other half to the commissioners of the navy Mitigation of pe- pension fund, for the use of the said fund; and the commissioners of the said fund are hereby authorized to mitigate, in whole, or in part, and on such terms and conditions as they shall deem proper, and order, in writing, any fine, penalty, or 1832. forfeiture, incurred under this act.

APPROVED, March 2, 1831.

RESOLUTION empowering the Secretary of the Navy to settle certain contracts, and to relinquish certain forfeitures.

Resolved, &c., That the Secretary of the Navy be empow- Certain contracts ered to relinquish and pay all forfeitures on contracts made by to be settled. the board of navy commissioners, when said forfeitures have arisen by the extension of the contracts, or where the contracts have been completed by the approbation of the board of navy commissioners, without any injury to the public service; and the Secretary of the Navy is empowered to fulfil all out-tracts, under cer-standing contracts where the time for their performance has tain circumstan-ces, to be fulfilled. been extended, or where the completion of said contracts has been prevented by unavoidable accident, and the public service has sustained no injury.

APPROVED, February 10, 1832.

AN ACT authorizing the revision and extension of the rules and regulations of the naval service.

Be it enacted, &c., That the President of the United States Board to be conbe, and he is hereby, authorized to constitute a board of naval officers, to be composed of the naval commissioners and two post captains, to meet at the seat of Government, whose duty it shall be, with the aid and assistance of the Attorney General, carefully to revise and enlarge the rules and regulations governing the naval service, with the view to adapt them to the present and future exigencies of this important arm of national defence, which rules and regulations, when approved by him and sanctioned by Congress, shall have the force of law, and stand in lieu of all others heretofore enacted.

APPROVED, May 19, 1832.

RESOLUTION respecting the pay of the marines.

Resolved, &c., That the pay, subsistence, emoluments, and Pay, &c. to be allowances of officers, non-commissioned officers, musicians, the same as prior and privates of the United States marine corps, shall be the same as they were previously to the first of April, one thousand eight hundred and twenty-nine, and shall so continue until they shall be altered by law.

APPROVED, May 25, 1832.

AN ACT further to extend the pension[s] heretofore granted to the widows of persons killed, or who died in the naval service.

SEC. 1. Be it enacted, &c., That in all cases, where provi Pensions heretosion has been made by law, for the five years' half pay to wi- fore granted to

stituted.

dows and children of officers, seamen, and marines, who were 1832. the widows of killed in battle, or who died in the naval service of the United certain persons States; and, also, in all cases where provision has been made term of 5 years.

То &c.

for extending the term for five years, in addition to any term of five years, the said provision shall be, and is hereby, further excommence, tended for an additional term of five years, so far as respects widows only, to commence at the end of the current or last expired term of five years in each case, respectively; which pension shall be paid out of the fund heretofore provided by law. And the pension herein continued shall cease for the causes

Shall cease for mentioned in the laws granting the same, respectively.

the causes men-SEC. 2. And be it further enacted, That the provisions of tioned. Provisions of this this act shall be extended to the widows of all those who may act to be extend- have died by reason of wounds received during the war. ed to.

APPROVED, June 28, 1832.

AN ACT to authorize the President of the United States to direct transfers of appropriation in the naval service, under certain circumstances.

[Renewed, without limitation, June 30, 1834.]

Be it enacted, &c., That, upon the application of the Secretary of the Navy, the President of the United States shall have authority, whenever, in his opinion, the unforeseen contingen-Transfers of ap- cies of the public service may require it, to direct that a part of propriations the next service the money appropriated for a particular branch of the naval service be applied to another branch of the said service; in which

special accounts case, a special account of the moneys thus transferred, and of of the moneys their application, shall be laid before Congress before its adof their applica- journment, if then in session, and during the first week of the next ensuing session, if such transfer be made in the recess of

> This act shall continue in force until the close of the next session of Congress, and no longer.

APPROVED, July 3, 1832.

AN ACT to finish the re-building of the frigate Macedonian. [Obsolete.]

Be it enacted, &c., That, for the purpose of finishing the rebuilding of the frigate Macedonian, the sum of two hundred and appro- seven thousand nine hundred and eighty-four dollars be, and the same is hereby, appropriated, out of any money in the treasury not otherwise appropriated.

APPROVED, July 10, 1832.

AN ACT to provide for paying certain arrearages for surveys made by naval officers, and for other purposes.

Commander navy yard Washington navy agent.

of

SEC. 3. And be it further enacted, That, from and after the at passage of this act, the commander of the navy yard at the city cease to act as of Washington, shall cease to act as navy agent; and that portion of the act of the twenty-seventh of March, one thousand eight hundred and four, which made it his duty so to do, shall

authorized.

transferred, and

Congress.

fore Congress.

\$207,984 priated.

be, and the same is hereby, repealed, and a separate and permanent agent shall be appointed as in other cases, in the same Permanent agent manner, entitled to the same compensation, and under the same to be appointed responsibilities, and to be governed by the same laws and regu-ment. lations which now are, or may hereafter be, adopted for other navy agents; and it shall be his duty to act as agent not only for the navy yard in this city, but for the navy department, under the direction of the Secretary thereof, in the payment of such accounts and claims as the said Secretary may direct.

APPROVED, July 10, 1832.

AN ACT to provide for rebuilding the frigate Java and the sloop Cyane.

Be it enacted, &c., That the sum of fifty thousand five hun- \$50,500 appropriated. dred dollars be, and the same is hereby, appropriated, payable out of any money in the treasury not otherwise appropriated. for the purpose of purchasing timber to rebuild the frigate Java and the sloop Cyane.

APPROVED, July 10, 1832.

AN ACT to provide iron tanks for the use of the navy of the United States. [Obsolete.]

Be it enacted, &c., That, for the purchase of iron tanks for the use of the vessels of war of the United States in commis- \$131,795 approsion, the sum of one hundred and thirty-one thousand seven hundred and ninety-five dollars be, and the same is hereby, appropriated, out of any money in the treasury not otherwise appropriated.

APPROVED, July 10, 1832.

AN ACT authorizing the construction of naval hospitals at the navy yards at Charlestown, Massachusetts, Brooklyn, New York, and Pensacola.

[Obsolete.]

SEC. 1. Be it enacted, & c., That the Secretary of the Navy Naval hospitals be, and he is hereby, authorized, under the direction of the Pre- to be constructed. sident of the United States, to cause to be constructed, for the use of the navy of the United States, proper hospitals at or near each of the following places, to wit: the navy yard at Charlestown, Massachusetts, the navy yard, Brooklyn, New York, and the navy yard Pensacola.

SEC. 2. And be it further enacted, That there be, and here- Appropriations. by is, appropriated, for the construction of such hospital at \$26,000. Charlestown aforesaid, twenty-six thousand dollars; at Brook- \$20,000. lyn aforesaid, twenty thousand dollars; and at Pensacola, thirty \$30,000. thousand dollars; to be paid out of any money in the treasury not otherwise appropriated.

APPROVED, July 10, 1832.

AN ACT to carry into effect the act to provide for a survey of the coast of the United States.

SEC. 1. Be it enacted, &c., That, for carrying into effect the

1832.

ated.

President authorized to use maps.

execution of said act.

Proviso.

act, entitled "An act to provide for surveying the coasts of the United States," approved on the tenth day of February, one \$20,000 appropri- thousand eight hundred and seven, there shall be, and hereby

is, appropriated, a sum not exceeding twenty thousand dollars, Act revived, and to be paid out of any money in the treasury not otherwise apcoasts of Florida. propriated; and the said act is hereby revived, and shall be

deemed to provide for the survey of the coasts of Florida, in the same manner as if the same had been named therein.

SEC. 2. And be it further enacted, That the President of charts, books, &c. the United States be, and he is hereby, authorized, in and about

and to employ the execution of the said act, to use all maps, charts, books, incertain persons in struments, and apparatus, which now, or hereafter may, belong to the United States, and employ all persons in the land and naval service of the United States, and such astronomers and other persons as he shall deem proper: provided, that nothing in this act, or the act hereby revived, shall be construed to authorize the construction or maintenance of a permanent astronomical observatory.

APPROVED, July 10, 1832.

AN ACT for the regulation of the navy and privateer pension and navy hospital funds.

SEC. 1. Be it enacted, &c., That the commissioners of the Commissioners directed to close navy pension and navy hospital funds be, and they are hereby, accounts as trusters indry pension and havy nospital times be, and they are hereby, tees of certain directed to close all their accounts as trustees of said funds, and funds, and to pay over balance to to pay over the balance of cash in their hands, and to assign treasurer of U.S. use of secretary over and transfer all the certificates of stock, and other property, of the payment, &c. belonging to said funds, and to the privateer pension fund, to Upon such as- the Treasurer of the United States, for the use of the Secretary transfer, commis- of the Navy, for the payment of navy and privateer pensions, sioners to be the out of the terms of the transfer, commis- of the terms of terms of leased and dis- and for expenditures on account of navy hospitals, et cetera; charged from all and as soon as said assignment and transfer shall be made, the

said commissioners shall be, and they are hereby, released and discharged from all further trust connected with said funds, and Secretary of the Secretary of the Navy be, and he is hereby, constituted the trustee of said funds; and as such, it shall be his duty to receive

Applications for applications for pensions, and to grant the same according to the terms of the acts of Congress in such case made and provided, and to direct and control the expenditures out of the navy hospital fund.

SEC. 2. And be it further enacted, That the balance of cash Certain moneys now on hand, and all moneys that may hereafter arise to said bank stock of U. pension funds from stocks redeemed, or from any other source, shall be immediately invested, under the direction of the Secretary of the Navy, in the bank stock of the Bank of the United States; and that the Secretary of the Treasury be, and hereby Secretary of the is, authorized to sell so much of the stock of the United States rized to sell stock in said bank, at the par value thereof, as said navy pension receive navy pen-funds will pay for, and to receive said navy pension fundsin payment thereof; the said bank stock to be held in the name of the Treasurer of the United States for the purpose aforesaid.

further trust.

trustee.

pensions.

S. bank.

sion funds in payment.

SEC. 3. And be it further enacted, That the Secretary of the Navy be, and he is hereby, authorized and required to cause Books to be openbooks to be opened, and regular accounts to be kept, showing kept, showing the condition of the navy and privateer pension funds, the re- condition of certain funds. ceipts and expenditures thereof, the names of the pensioners, and the dates and amount of their respective pensions, with a statement of the act or acts of Congress under which the same may be granted; and that he shall annually report to Congress an abstract, showing the condition of these funds in all these Abstract to be re-particulars, and the receipts and expenditures during the year; ported to Conand cause a similar account of the receipts and expenditures of gress annually. the navy hospital fund to be kept and reported to Congress, annually, in like manner, and at the same time, with the reports upon the pension funds.

SEC. 4. And be it further enacted, That the Secretary of the Navy shall be, and he is hereby, authorized to appoint a clerk, Clerk to be apwho shall perform all the duties which shall be required of him in relation to said funds; and shall receive as a full compensation for his services, and in lieu of all commissions or other allowances, a salary of one thousand six hundred dollars, to be salary \$1,600. paid quarter-yearly, out of the treasury of the United States.

SEC. 5. And be it further enacted, That all the powers con- Powers and duferred, and duties imposed by laws now in force, on the commissioners of the navy and privateer pension and navy hos- certain funds pital funds be, and they are hereby, transferred to the Secretary cretary of of the Navy; and all acts, and parts of acts, contrary to the provisions of this act, be, and they are hereby, repealed.

APPROVED, July 10, 1832.

AN ACT for the relief of the invalid pensioners of the United States.

Be it enacted, &.c., That an act, entitled "An act regulating the payments to invalid pensioners," approved the third day of Act of 3d March, March, one thousand eight hundred and nineteen, be, and the same is hereby, repealed.

APPROVED, July 14, 1832.

AN ACT concerning certain officers of the marine corps.

Be it enacted, &c., That the President of the United States Allowance be, and he hereby is, authorized to cause to be allowed and thorized to cerpaid to such officers of the marine corps, as have heretofore re- marine corps. ceived the brevet rank of majors in said corps, the amount of pay and emoluments to which they would have been entitled as commandants of separate stations, if said brevet rank had been recognized by the navy department: provided, that no Proviso. officer shall receive, under this act, more than the difference between the pay and emoluments actually received by them, and those to which their said brevet rank would have entitled them as aforesaid.

APPROVED, July 14, 1832.

1832.

navy.

1833.

AN ACT in addition to the act for the gradual improvement of the navy of the United States.

\$500.000 annually for 6 years.

SEC. 1. Be it enacted, &c., That, for the gradual improvement of the navy of the United States, the sum of five hundred thousand dollars, out of any money in the treasury not otherwise appropriated, be, and the same is hereby, appropriated, annually, for six years, from and after the third day of March, eighteen hundred and thirty-three, when the present appropriation expires.

To be applied as directed by act March 3, 1827.

SEC. 2. And be it further enacted, That the President of the United States be, and he is hereby, authorized and empowered to cause the abovementioned appropriation to be applied. as directed and prescribed by the act of the third of March. eighteen hundred and twenty-seven, to which this is in addition, the provisions whereof are hereby continued in force for the term abovementioned, and to be applied, also, to the purchase of other necessary materials, as well as timber, suitable for the construction of vessels of war.

Provision for pre-servation of live oak.

SEC. 3. And be it further enacted, That, in addition to the provisions now in force on the subject of the live oak growing on the public lands, it shall be the duty of all collectors of the customs within the territory of Florida, and the States of Alabama, Mississippi, and Louisiana, before allowing a clearance to any vessel laden, in whole or in part, with live oak timber, to ascertain satisfactorily that such timber was cut from private lands, or, if from public ones, by consent of the navy department. And it is hereby made the duty of all officers of the customs, and of the land officers within said territory and States, to cause prosecutions to be seasonably instituted against all persons known to be guilty of depredations on, or injuries to, the live oak growing on the public lands.

APPROVED, March 2, 1833.

AN ACT to improve the condition of the non-commissioned officers and privates of the army and marine corps of the United States, and to prevent desertion.

[The provisions of this act, so far as they relate to the marine corps, superseded by act of June 30, 1834, "for the better organization of the U. S. marine corps."]

SEC. 1. Be it enacted, &c., That, from and after the passage of this act, all enlistments in the army of the United States shall be for three years; and that the monthly pay of the noncommissioned officers and soldiers shall be as follows, to wit: to each sergeant major, quartermaster sergeant, and chief musician, sixteen dollars; to the first sergeant of a company, fifteen dollars; to all other sergeants, twelve dollars each; to each artificer, ten dollars; to each corporal, eight dollars; and to each musician and private soldier, six dollars; and that all enlistments in the marine corps shall be for four years, and that the Term of enlist-monthly pay of the non-commissioned officers and soldiers in said corps shall be as follows, viz: to each sergeant major and

Army: Term of enlistment, and pay.

Marine corps: ment, and pay.

quartermaster sergeant, seventeen dollars; to the drum major, fife major, the orderly sergeants of posts, and first sergeants of guards at sea, sixteen dollars each; to all other sergeants, thirteen dollars; to each corporal, nine dollars; to each musician, eight dollars; and to each private, seven dollars.

SEC. 2. And be it further enacted, That one dollar of the \$1 of monthly pay monthly pay of every musician and private soldier shall be re- to be retained, tained until the expiration of the two first years of their enlistment, when each shall receive the twenty-four dollars retained pay, which shall have so accrued: provided, he shall have served honestly and faithfully that portion of the term of his first enlistment.

SEC. 3. And be it further enacted, That every able bo-Bounty for re-endied musician or private soldier, who may re-enlist into his listment. company or regiment, within two months before, or one month after, the expiration of his term of service, shall receive two. months' extra pay, besides the pay and other allowances which may be due to him on account of the unexpired period of any enlistment.

SEC. 4. And be it further enacted, That every able bodied Pay of re-enlisted musician or soldier, who shall re-enlist into his company or re-men. giment, as specified in the third section of this act, shall receive his full pay, at the rate of six dollars per month, without any temporary deduction therefrom.

SEC. 5. And be it further enacted, That no premium to offi- Premiums cers for enlisting recruits; nor bounties to recruits for enlisting, ed. shall be allowed after the passage of this act.

SEC. 6. And be it further enacted, That no person who has No convict to be enlisted. been convicted of any criminal offence shall be enlisted into the army of the United States.

SEC. 7. And be it further enacted, That the seventh sec- 7th sec. act May tion* of the act, entitled "An act making further provision for ed. the army of the United States," passed on the sixteenth May, one thousand eight hundred and twelve, be, and the same is hereby, repealed, so far as it applies to any enlisted soldier, who shall be convicted by a general court martial of the crime of desertion.

APPROVED, March 2, 1833.

AN ACT to authorize the President of the United States to exchange certain lands belonging to the navy yard at Brooklyn, for other lands contiguous thereto.

Be it enacted, &c., That the President of the United States be, and he is hereby, authorized to execute a conveyance to the President may corporation of the village of Brooklyn, in the State of New ance. York, of the interest of the United States in certain lands forming a part of the navy yard at said village of Brooklyn, and de-

* The effect of this repeal is, to restore "the infliction of corporeal punishment by stripes or lashes," when ordered by sentence of a court martial for the crime of desertion

and bounties abolish-

1833.

1834. Condition.

signated in a petition from said corporation to Congress, on condition that said corporation convey a good title to the United States of such other property contiguous to said yard, and obtain releases to the United States of certain parts of said yard now in controversy, so that, in his opinion, the conveyances from said corporation shall be equally beneficial to the United States as the property granted to said corporation.

APPROVED, March 2, 1833.

AN ACT further to extend the term of certain pensions chargeable on the privateer pension fund.

Be it enacted, &c., That the pensions of all widows who under the acts of now are, or have been heretofore, in the receipt thereof, under March 4, 1814, the provision of the act entitled "An act giving pensions to the to be continued orphans and widows of persons slain in the public or private armed vessels of the United States," passed the fourth day of March, one thousand eight hundred and fourteen, and the act entitled "An act in addition to an act giving pensions to the orphans and widows of persons slain in the public or private armed vessels of the United States," passed the sixteenth day of April, one thousand eight hundred and eighteen, or either of said acts, so far as regards persons receiving pensions from the fund arising from captures and salvage made by the private armed vessels of the United States, be, and the same are hereby, continued, under the restrictions and regulations in the said acts contained, for and during the additional term of five years from and after the period of the expiration of the said pensions, respectively: provided, however, that the said pensions shall be paid from the proceeds of the privateer pension fund, and without recourse to the United States for any deficiency which may hereafter arise thereon, if any such there be: and provided, *further*, that no such pension shall be paid to any widow after her intermarriage had, or to be had.

APPROVED, June 19, 1834.

AN ACT for the better organization of the United States "marine corps."

Of what the corps shall consist.

SEC. 1. Be it enacted, &c., That, from and after the passage of this act, the marine corps shall consist of the following officers, non-commissioned officers, musicians and privates, viz. one colonel commandant, one lieutenant colonel, four majors, thirteen captains, twenty first lieutenants, twenty second lieutenants, one adjutant and inspector, one paymaster, one quartermaster, one assistant quartermaster, one sergeant major, one quartermaster sergeant, one drum major, one fife major, eighty sergeants, eighty corporals, thirty drummers, thirty fifers, and one thousand privates.

SEC. 2. And be it further enacted, That the said corps To the subject to shall, at all times, be subject to, and under the laws and reguof lations which are, or may hereafter be, established for the betgovernment the navy. Except when on ter government of the navy, except when detached for service service with the with the army by order of the President of the United States.

Pensions given longer.

Proviso.

Further proviso.

SEC. 3. And be it further enacted, That the officers, noncommissioned officers, musicians, and privates, shall take the Enlistments to be oath prescribed by law, and that all enlistments shall be for the for 4 years, and term of four years, during which period marines, so enlisted, from arrest for shall be, and are hereby, exempt from all personal arrest for debt or contract.

SEC. 4. And be it further enacted, That the officers of Rank of officers the marine corps shall be, in relation to rank, on the same footing as officers of similar grades in the army: *provided*, that no Proviso. officer of the marine corps shall exercise command over any navy yard or vessel of the United States.

SEC. 5. And be it further enacted, That the officers of the Pay and emolumarine corps shall be entitled to, and receive, the same pay, emoluments, and allowances, as are now, or may hereafter be, allowed to officers of similar grades in the infantry of the army, except the adjutant and inspector, who shall be entitled to the same pay, emoluments and allowances, as are received by the paymaster of said corps; and the non-commissioned officers, musicians, and privates, shall be entitled to the same pay, rations, clothing, and allowances, as they now receive.

SEC. 6. And be it further enacted, That the staff of said staff. corps shall be taken from the captains or subalterns of the corps.

SEC. 7. And be it further enacted, That the commissions Existing commisof the officers now in the marine corps shall not be vacated by this act, and that the President of the United States may, during the recess of the Senate, first by promotions according to rank, and then by selections, appoint the officers hereby authorized, which appointments shall be submitted to the Senate, at their next session, for their advice and consent.

SEC. 8. And be it further enacted, That the President be, President to preand he is hereby, authorized to prescribe such military regula- scribe regulations tions for the discipline of the marine corps, as he may, in his judgment, deem expedient.

SEC. 9. And be it further enacted, That so much of the Parts of former fourth section of an act, passed the sixth day of July, in the acts repealed. year one thousand eight hundred and twelve, entitled "An act making further provision for the army of the United States, and for other purposes," or of any other act as authorizes the President to confer brevet rank on such officers of the army, or of Brevet rank. the marine corps, as shall have served ten years in any one grade, shall be, and the same hereby is, repealed; and so much of the second section of an act passed the sixteenth of April, one thousand eight hundred and eighteen, entitled "An act regulating the pay and emoluments of brevet officers," as may be applicable to the clause herein above repealed, shall be, and the same hereby is, also repealed: provided, nothing herein shall affect any right already acquired by ten years' expired service to brevet rank.

SEC. 10. And be it further enacted, That all acts or parts All acts inconsis-

of acts inconsistent with the provisions of this act be, and the 1834. tent with this act same are hereby, repealed. repealed.

APPROVED, June 30, 1834.

The following are the acts herein referred to in the ninth section :

AN ACT making further provision for the army of the United States, and for other purposes.

SEC. 4. And be it further enacted, That the President is hereby authorized to Brevet rank may be conferred by confer brevet rank on such officers of the army as shall distinguish themselves by the President in gallant actions or meritorious conduct, or who shall have served ten years in any one grade : provided, that nothing herein contained shall be so construed as to entitle officers so brevetted to any additional pay or emoluments, except when commanding separate posts, districts, or detachments, when they shall be entitled to, and receive, the same pay and emoluments to which officers of the same grades are now, or hereafter may be, allowed by law.

APPROVED, July 6, 1812.

Brevet officers to receive pay, &c. of brevetrank only when on duty only with consent of the senate.

certain cases.

AN ACT regulating the pay and emoluments of brevet officers.

SEC. 1. Be it enacted, &c., That the officers of the army, who have brevet with a correspon- commissions, shall be entitled to, and receive, the pay and emoluments of their Brevet commis-brevet rank when on duty, and having a command according to their brevet sions hereafter rank, and at no other time.

SEC. 2. And be it further enacted, That no brevet commission shall hereafter be conferred but by and with the advice and consent of the Senate.

APPROVED, April 16, 1818.

Act of 20th June. 1832, prolonged for 5 years. AN ACT concerning naval pensions, and the navy pension fund.

SEC. 1. Be it enacted, &c., That all the provisions and benefits of the act of the twenty-eighth of June, one thousand eight hundred and thirty-two, entitled, "An act further to extend the pension heretofore granted to the widows of persons killed, and who died in the naval service," be continued for another term of five years to all those widows who have heretofore had the benefit of the same, and the same are hereby also extended to the widows of officers, seamen, and marines, who have died in the naval service since the first day of January, one thousand eight hundred and twenty-four, or who may die in said service, by reason of disease contracted, or of casualties by drowning or otherwise, or of injuries received while in the line of their duty, and the pensions of such widows shall commence from the passage of this act : provided, that every pension here-

by granted shall cease on the death or marriage of such widow. SEC. 2. And be it further enacted, That there be reimbia, to be reim- bursed to the navy pension fund, out of any money in the treasurv not otherwise appropriated, the cost of the stock of the Bank of Columbia, heretofore purchased by the commissioners of the said fund, and which now remains unredeemed by the said bank, together with interest thereon from the period at which said bank ceased to pay interest, to the time of the reimbursement, herein directed to be made; and at the period of said reimbursement, the said stock shall be transferred, by the Secretary of the Navy, to the Treasurer of the United States. APPROVED, June 30, 1834.

Proviso.

Cost of stock of bank of Columbursed.

AN ACT making certain allowances, and granting certain arrearages, to the captains and subalterns of the United States corps of marines.

SEC. 1. Be it enacted, &c., That, from and after the passage Act of March, of this act, the Secretary of the Navy be, and he is hereby, au-1827, extended to marine corps. thorized to extend the benefits of the act of March, one thousand eight hundred and twenty-seven, entitled "An act giving certain compensation to the captains and subalterns of the army of the United States in certain cases,"*to the captains and subalterns of the corps of the United States marines under similar cases.

SEC. 2. And be it further enacted, That the Secretary of Arrearage of pay the Navy be, and he is hereby, authorized to cause to be settled, cordingly. by the proper accounting officers of the department, all arrearages of pay and allowances which shall be found due the said captains and subalterns of the United States corps of marines from the period at which the act of March, one thousand eight hundred and twenty-seven, above referred to, went into operation, up to the passage of this act; and that the same be paid out of any moneys in the treasury not otherwise appropriated.

APPROVED, June 30, 1834.

* AN ACT giving further compensation to the captains and subalterns of the army of the United States, in certain cases.

SEC. 1. Be it enacted, &c., That, from and after the passing of this act, each captain and subaltern in the army shall be allowed one additional ration.

SEC. 2. And be it further enacted, That every officer in the actual command of a company in the army of the United States, shall be entitled to receive ten dollars per month additional pay, as compensation for his duties and responsibilities, with respect to the clothing, arms and accoutrements of the company, whilst he shall be in the actual command thereof: provided, That no subaltern officer who shall be in the performance of any staff duty, for which he receives an extra compensation, shall be entitled to the additional ration herein provided for.

APPROVED, March 2, 1827.

AN ACT to authorize the President of the United States to direct transfers of appropriations in the naval service, under certain circumstances.

Be it enacted, &c., That, upon the application of the Secretary of the Navy, the President of the United States shall have President may di-authority, whenever, in his opinion, the contingencies of the tween the close public service may require it, at any period between the close of ^{of} the year and the year, and the passage of the new naval appropriation bills, new naval appro-priation bills. to direct, that a part of the money appropriated for a particular branch of the naval service the former year, to be applied to another branch of the said service; in which case a special ac- Account thereof count of the moneys thus transferred, and of their application, Congress. shall be laid before Congress previous to its adjournment.

APPROVED, June 30, 1834.

AN ACT authorizing the purchase of live oak frames for a frigate and sloop of war, and for other naval purposes.

SEC. 1. Be it enacted, &c., That the Secretary of the Navy \$50,000 for frames be, and he is hereby, authorized to direct the procurement, in sloop of war.

1834.

\$40,000 for a store ship.

\$70,000 for two small vessels.

the usual mode, of a live oak frame for a frigate to be called the Paul Jones, and a live oak frame for a sloop of war to be called the Levant; and the sum of fifty thousand dollars is hereby appropriated, out of any money in the treasury not otherwise appropriated, for that purpose.

SEC. 5. And be it further enacted. That the sum of forty thousand dollars be, and the same is hereby, appropriated, out of any money in the treasury not otherwise appropriated, for the building of a naval store ship. [Completed.]

SEC. 6. And be it further enacted. That the sum of seventy thousand dollars be, and the same is hereby, appropriated, out of any money in the treasury not otherwise appropriated, for the building of two small vessels of war, to be rigged as brigs or schooners, at the discretion of the navy department.*

APPROVED, June 30, 1834.

\$181,000.

AN ACT to provide for rebuilding the frigate Congress.

Be it enacted, &c., That the sum of one hundred and eighty-one thousand dollars be, and the same is hereby, appropriated, out of any money in the treasury not otherwise appropriated, to rebuild the frigate Congress; and no part of said sum shall be carried to the surplus fund, notwithstanding any general provision in any other act to the contrary.

APPROVED, June 30, 1834.

AN ACT authorizing the Secretary of the Navy to make experiments for the safety of the steam engine.

[Obsolete.]

SEC. 1. Be it enacted, &c., That the Secretary of the Navy Secretary of the SEC. 1. Be it enacted, $\mathcal{G}^{*c.}$, That the Secretary of the Navy or test the be, and he is hereby, authorized and empowered to examine B. Phillips. and test the steam engine devised by Benjamin Phillips. of and test the steam engine devised by Benjamin Phillips, of Philadelphia, and to [employ] said Phillips, and such other persons as he may deem proper, to make the experiment.

SEC. 2. And be it further enacted, That a discretionary other improve power be vested in the Secretary of the Navy to examine and ments as he may test such other improvements in the same line or may heref test such other improvements in the same line as may hereaf-

> ter be presented, and for that purpose to employ such person or persons as he may deem proper; and that he report to Congress, as soon as may be, the result of any experiment made in pursuance of this act.

SEC. 3. And be it further enacted, That, for the purpose of ated for that pur- carrying this act into execution, the sum of five thousand dollars, out of any money in the treasury not otherwise appropriated, be, and is hereby, appropriated, and placed at the disposal of the Secretary of the Navy.

Approved, June 30, 1834.

* Brigs Dolphin and Porpoise built under authority of this section.

And to test such deem proper.

\$5,000 appropripose.

AN ACT to regulate the pay of the navy of the United States.

SEC. 1. Be it enacted, &c., That, from and after the passage Annual pay. of this act, the annual pay of the officers of the navy of the United States shall be as follows:

THE SENIOR CAPTAIN.

At all times when in service, four thousand five hundred dol- \$4,500 when in service. lars.

When on leave of absence, or waiting orders, three thousand \$3,500 when waiting orders. five hundred dollars.

ALL OTHER CAPTAINS.

When in command of squadrons on foreign stations, four \$4,000when commanding squadthousand dollars. rons.

When on other duty, three thousand five hundred dollars. When off duty, two thousand five hundred dollars.

COMMANDERS, OR MASTERS COMMANDANT.

When attached to vessels for sea service, two thousand five \$2,500 on sea serhundred dollars.

When attached to navy yards, or on other duty, two thou- \$2,100 at navy sand one hundred dollars.

When on leave of absence, or waiting orders, one thousand \$1800 when waiting orders. eight hundred dollars.

LIEUTENANTS.

Commanding, one thousand eight hundred dollars. On other duty, one thousand five hundred dollars. Waiting orders, one thousand two hundred dollars.

ASSISTANT SURGEONS.

Waiting orders, six hundred and fifty dollars. At sea, nine hundred and fifty dollars.

After passing and found qualified for promotion to surgeon, \$850 after passeight hundred and fifty dollars.

At sea, one thousand two hundred dollars.

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When stationed at navy yards, hospitals, rendezvous, and \$950 at receiving ships, nine hundred and fifty dollars.

After being passed and stationed as above, one thousand one \$1500 when passhundred and fifty dollars. ed.

SURGEONS.

For the first five years after the date of his commission, one \$1000 for first 5 years. thousand dollars.

For the second five years, one thousand two hundred dollars. \$1200 for second 5 years. For the third five years, one thousand four hundred dollars. \$1400 for third 5

For the fourth five years, one-thousand six hundred dollars. years.

After he shall have been commissioned as a surgeon twenty years. years and upwards, one thousand eight hundred dollars.

All surgeons of the navy under orders for duty, at navy one fourth inyards, receiving vessels, rendezvous, or naval hospitals, shall crease of pay, &c. have an increase of one-fourth of the foregoing amount of their respective annual pay, from the date of their acceptance of such orders.

All surgeons of the navy ordered to any of the ships or ves- One third ÍRcrease, &c. sels of the United States, commissioned for sea service, shall

\$1800 when commanding. \$1500 on other duty. \$1200 waiting or-

\$650 waiting orders. \$950 at sea.

\$1200 at sea.

navy yards, &c.

sioned 20 years.

duty.

\$3,500 on other duty. \$2,500 when off

1835.

respective annual pay, from the date of their acceptance of such

1835.

One half increase &c.

orders. All surgeons of the navy, ordered as fleet surgeons, shall have an increase of one-half of their respective annual pay, from the date of their acceptance of such orders.

CHAPLAINS.

When attached to vessels for sea service, or at navy yards, \$1200 when attached to vessels, one thousand two hundred dollars.

When on leave of absence, or waiting orders, eight hundred \$800 when absent on leave, &c. dollars.

PROFESSOR OF MATHEMATICS.

When attached to vessels for sea service, or in a yard, one thousand two hundred dollars.

SECRETARIES.

\$1000.	To commanders of squadrons, when commanding in chief,	
	one thousand dollars.	
\$900 .	To commanders of squadrons, when not commanding in chief, nine hundred dollars.	

SAILINGMASTERS.

\$1100.	Of a ship of the line, for sea service, one thousand one hun- dred dollars.
1000	XX71

When on other duty, one thousand dollars.

When on leave of absence, or waiting orders, seven hundred and fifty dollars.

SECOND MASTERS.

When attached to vessels for sea service, seven hundred and fifty dollars.

When on other duty, five hundred dollars.

When on leave of absence, or waiting orders, four hundred dollars.

PASSED MIDSHIPMEN.

\$750 when on duty. \$600 when wait-ing orders. On duty, seven hundred and fifty dollars.

Waiting orders, six hundred dollars.

WARRANTED	MASTERS	5' MATES.		
attached to vessels	for sea	service or at	navy	va

rds, When four hundred and fifty dollars.

When on leave of absence, or waiting orders, three hundred dollars.

MIDSHIPMEN.

CLERKS.

When attached to vessels for sea service, four hundred dollars.

When on other duty, three hundred and fifty dollars.

When on leave of absence, or waiting orders, three hundred dollars.

900.	Of a yard, nine hundred dollars.	
1900.	First clerk to a commandant of a navy yard, nine hundred.	
	dollars.	

\$1200.

\$1000.

\$750.

\$750.

\$500.

\$400.

\$450.

\$300.

#400.

\$350.

\$300.

To commanders of squadrons, captains of fleets, and com- \$500. manders of vessels, five hundred dollars.

BOATSWAINS, GUNNERS, SAILMAKERS, CARPENTERS.

Of a ship of the line, for sea service, seven hundred and fifty \$750. dollars.

Of a frigate for sea service, six hundred dollars.

When on other duty, five hundred dollars.

When on leave of absence, or waiting orders, three hundred \$360. and sixty dollars.

Officers temporarily performing the duties belonging to those officers temporaof a higher grade, shall receive the compensation allowed to duties. such higher grade, while actually so employed.

No officer shall be put on furlough but at his own request, lough. and all officers so furloughed shall receive one-half only of the pay to which they would have been entitled if on leave of absence.

If any assistant surgeon shall have been absent from the Rank of assistant under United States, on duty, at the time others of his date were certain circumexamined, he shall, if not rejected at a subsequent examination, stances. be entitled to the same rank with them; and if, from any cause,

his relative rank cannot be assigned to him, he will retain his original position on the register.

One ration per day, only, shall be allowed to all officers when Ration to officers attached to vessels for sea service.

SEC. 2. And be it further enacted, That no allowance shall No allowance for drawing bills, &c. hereafter be made to any officer, in the naval service of the United States, for drawing bills, for receiving or disbursing money, or transacting any business for the Government of the United States, nor shall he be allowed servants, or pay for servants, or clothing or rations for them, or pay for the same, nor shall any allowance be made to him for rent of quarters, or to pay rent for furniture, or for lights or fuel, or transporting baggage. It is hereby expressly declared that the yearly allowance provided in this act is all the pay, compensation and allowance, that shall be received under any circumstances whatever, by any such officer or person, except for travelling expenses when under orders, for which ten cents per mile shall be allowed.

APPROVED, March 3, 1835.

AN ACT authorizing the construction of a dry dock for the naval service.

Be it enacted, &c., That the Secretary of the Navy, under \$100,000 towards the direction of the President of the United States, be, and he dry dock in the is hereby, authorized to purchase a site, should it be deemed harbor of New York. most advisable, and to cause a dry dock for the naval service to be constructed, upon the most approved plan, in the harbor of New York or its adjacent waters; and that toward defraying the expense thereof, the sum of one hundred thousand dollars

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\$600.

\$500.

be, and the same is hereby, appropriated, to be paid out of any money in the treasury not otherwise appropriated.

APPROVED, March 3, 1835.

AN ACT making appropriations for the civil and diplomatic expenses of Government for the year 1836.

gress by the Ex- of the Secretaries of State, of the Treasury, of the War and ecutive Depart-Navy Departments, and of the Postmaster Constant SEC. 2. And be it further enacted, That it shall be the duties Secretary of the Senate, and Clerk of the House of Representatives, to lay before Congress, in lieu of the statement now required by law, during the first week in each annual session of Congress, a statement of the expenditures made by them respectively from the contingent funds of their respective departments and offices; that of the Secretary of State to include all. the contingent expenses of foreign intercourse, and of all the missions abroad, except such expenditures as are settled upon the certificate of the President; said statements to be abstracts of the accounts, with the names of all persons to whom payments have been made, and the amount paid to each.

APPROVED, May 9, 1836.

AN ACT explanatory of the act entitled "An act to prevent defalcations on the part of disbursing agents of the Government, and for other purposes."

Be it enacted, &c., That the act entitled "An act to prevent defalcations on the part of the disbursing agents of the Government, and for other purposes," approved the twenty-fifth of January, eighteen hundred and twenty eight, shall not be construed to authorize the pension of any pensioner of the United States to be withheld.

APPROVED, May 20, 1836.

AN ACT to provide for the enlistment of boys for the naval service, and to extend the term of the enlistment of seamen.

Boys may be enlisted.

"Other may be enlisted for 5 years.

pealed.

SEC. 1. Be it enacted, &c., That it shall be lawful to enlist boys for the navy, with the consent of their parents or guardians, not being under thirteen nor over eighteen years of age, to serve until they shall arrive at the age of twenty-one years; and it persons shall be lawful to enlist other persons for the navy, to serve for a period not exceeding five years, unless sooner discharged by direction of the President of the United States; and so much of an act entitled "An act to amend the act entitled 'An act to

So much of act authorizing the employment of all the solution of act authorizing the employment of all the solution as is inconsistent naval force,'" approved fifteenth May, one thousand eight hunact, shall be, and is hereby, repealed.

SEC. 2. And be it further enacted, That when the time of Any person service of any person enlisted for the navy shall expire, while

Act of Jan. 1828. not to apply to pensions.

lic interests, in which case the said officer may detain him until the vessel in which he shall be serving shall return to the United States; and it shall be the duty of said officer, immediately to make report to the navy department of such detention, and the causes thereof.

SEC. 3. And be it further enacted, That such persons as Persons detained to be subject to may be detained after the expiration of their enlistment, under laws,&c. of navy. the next preceding section of this act, shall be subject, in all respects to the laws and regulations for the government of the may, until their return to the United States, and all such per-enlist to receive sons as shall be so detained, and all such as shall voluntarily additional pay. re-enlist to serve until the return of the vessel in which they shall be serving, and their regular discharge therefrom in the United States, shall, while so detained, and while so serving under their re-enlistment, receive an addition of one-fourth to their former pay.

APPROVED, March 2, 1837.

AN ACT making appropriations for the naval service, for the year one thousand eight hundred and thirty-seven.

SEC. 5. And be it further enacted, That, under the laws President to pur-providing for the gradual improvement of the navy, the Presi- a durable nature. dent be authorized to cause articles of a durable character to be purchased for the armament and equipment, as well as for the building of vessels.

APPROVED, March 3, 1837.

AN ACT to change the titles of certain officers in the navy.

Be it enacted, &c., That, from and after the passage of this The titles of act, all "masters commandant" in the navy shall be taken to "masters 'commandant" changbe, and shall be called "commanders," and all "sailingmasters" ed to "commands shall be taken to be, and shall be called " masters :" but such ing-masters" to change of title shall not impair or in any way-affect the rank, "masters." pay, or privileges, of any master commandant or sailingmaster now in the service; and should they receive new commissions or warrants, they shall respectively take rank from the date of their present commissions.

APPROVED, March 3, 1837.

AN ACT for the more equitable administration of the navy pension fund.

SEC. 1. Be it enacted, §·c., That if any officer, seaman, or Half pay to wid-marine have died, or may hereafter die, in the naval service, ows and children leaving a widow, and, if no widow, a child or children, such men, and ma-widow, and if no widow, such child or children, shall be enti-mence from the

1837.

1837. tled to receive half the monthly pay to which the deceased time of death of would have been entitled, under the acts regulating the pay of such officer, &c.

the navy, in force on the first day of January, one thousand eight hundred and thirty-five, to commence from the time of the death of such officer, seaman, or marine; but in case of the death or intermarriage of such widow, the half-pay shall go to the child or children of such deceased officer, seaman, or marine: provided, that the half-pay granted to the child or children shall cease on their death, or on their attaining the age of twenty-one years.

SEC. 2. And be it further enacted, That the pensions which wounds, &c. to may have been granted, or which may hereafter be granted, to commence from they flave been glatter, or which have herearter be glatter, by the time of the officers, seamen, and marines, in the naval service, disabled by officer, &c. being wounds or injuries received while in the line of their duty, shall be considered to commence from the time of their being so disabled, and that the amount of pension to which said officers, seamen, and marines, may be entitled, shall be regulated according to the pay of the navy as it existed on the first day of January, one thousand eight hundred and thirty-five.

> SEC. 3. And be it further enacted, That all acts, and parts of acts, which may be inconsistent with the provisions of this act, be, and the same are hereby, repealed, so far as they may relate hereto.

APPROVED, March 3, 1837.

AN ACT to authorize the President of the United States to cause the public vessels to cruise upon the coast in the winter season, and to relieve distressed navigators.

Be it enacted, &c., That the President of the United States rized to cause the be, and hereby is, authorized to cause any suitable number of public vessels to public vessels, adapted to the purpose, to cruise upon the coast, ter for the relief in the severe portion of the season, when the public service will of distressed na- allow of it, and to afford such aid to distressed navigators as their circumstances and necessities may require; and such public vessels shall go to sea prepared fully to render such assistance.

APPROVED, December 22, 1837.

AN ACT to authorize the Secretary of the Navy to purchase a tract of land belonging to the heirs of John Harris, deceased, being within the limits of the navy yard in Charlestown, Massachusetts.

SEC. 1. Be it enacted, &c., That the Secretary of the Navy Secretary of the navy to purchase be, and he hereby is, authorized and required to purchase cercertain lands site tain lands situated within the limits of the navy yard in Charleslimits of the navy town, in the State of Massachusetts, said land being the protown and belong. perty of the heirs of John Harris, late of said Charlestown, deceased. John Harris.

SEC. 2. And be it further enacted, That the price and value Secretary of the secretary or the navy and said of said land may be fairly and justly estimated, the Secretary of three disinterest. the Navy is hereby authorized to agree with said heirs in se-

President autho-

for

Pensions

Acts repealed.

SEC. 3. And be it further enacted, That when the appraisal when said appraisal shall be shall be made known to the Secretary aforesaid, and a good and made known to sufficient deed of the same land shall be tendered or given to the acc'y of the navy, United States by the said heirs, then the Secretary of the Navy ficient deedgiven shall pay said heirs the amount of said appraisal, being the con- pay the amount sideration for the premises, out of any money in the treasury not otherwise appropriated.

APPROVED, March 3, 1839.

AN ACT making appropriations for the naval service for the year one thousand eight hundred and thirty-nine.

SEC. 2. And be it further enacted, That it shall be the duty see'y of navy unof the Secretary of the Navy, under the direction of the Presi- der direction of dent, to make preparations for, and to commence the construc- preparations for, tion of three steam vessels of war, on such models as shall be mence, the conmost approved, according to the best advices they can obtain, or stram vessels of to complete the construction of one such vessel of war, upon a war, or to com-model so approved, as in the construction of the provide the conmodel so approved, as in the opinion of the President shall be struction of one, best for the public interest, and most conformable to the demands of the President of the public service; and that, to enable the department to carry shall be best for into effect this requirement, a part of the sum already appropri-est & most con-formable to the ated for the gradual improvement of the navy, equal to the sum demands of the of three hundred and thirty thousand dollars, shall be, and is public service.

hereby, directed to be subject to the disposition of the department for this object, in case that amount can be diverted from that appropriation without a violation of existing contracts, and if that cannot be done consistently with the rights of contractors and the public interests, then so much of the said sum of three hundred and thirty thousand dollars as can be so diverted to this object, from the appropriation referred to, shall be subject to the disposition of the Secretary of the Navy for this purpose, and the residue of the said sum of three hundred and thirty thousand \$330,000 appro-dollars shall be, and the same is hereby, appropriated, and shall be and the same is hereby. be paid out of any money in the treasury not otherwise appro-rial now on hand, priated : and the said sum of three hundred and thirty thousand construction of dollars, to be expended in the manner in this section prescribed, said steam ven shall be in addition to any materials now on hand, applicable to the construction of the said steam vessels of war.

APPROVED, March 3, 1839.

AN ACT giving to the President of the United States additional powers for the defence of the United States, in certain cases, against invasion, and for other purposes.

[Obsolete.]

SEC. 1. Be it enacted, &c., That the President of the United President authorized to resist any States be, and he hereby is, authorized to resist any attempt attempt of Great on the part of Great Britain to enforce, by arms, her claim to her claim to entore ender the state of t

under oath. Proviso.

1839.

1840. authorized

by law, &c.

Congress.

exclusive jurisdiction over that part of the State of Maine which etusive jursdiic- is in dispute between the United States and Great Britain ; and, it or over the dis-muted territory. for that purpose, to employ the naval and military forces of the Naval and mili United States, and such portions of the militia as he may deem tary forces, and militia, placed at it advisable to call into service.

In the event of SEC. 4. And be it further enacted, That, in the event of tingencies provided for in this act, [an attempt vided for in this on the part of Great Britain to enforce her claim; or, actual into vasion of the territory of the United States.] the President of complete the pub-tic armed vessels the United States shall be authorized to complete the public now authorized armed vessels now authorized by law, and to equip, man, and

employ, in actual service, all the naval force of the United States. and to build, purchase, or charter, arm, equip, and man, such vessels and steamboats on the northern lakes and rivers, whose waters communicate with the United States and Great Britain. as he shall deem necessary to protect the United States from invasion from that quarter.

SEC. 9. And be it further enacted. That the several pro-This act to contine in force un-tine of days after visions of this act shall be in force until the end of sixty days 1st session next after the meeting of the first session of the next Congress, and no longer.

APPROVED, March 3, 1839.

AN ACT to continue the office of commissioner of pensions, and to transfer thepension business, heretofore transacted in the navy department, to that office.

SEC. 1. Be it enacted, &c., That the office of commissioner of commissioner of of pensions shall be, and the same is hereby, continued until pensions contin- of the fourth day of March, eighteen hundred and forty-three.

SEC. 2. And be it further enacted, That a commissioner of pensions shall be appointed by the President of the United States, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate; and that he shall execute, under the direction of the Secretary of War and the Secretary of the Navy, such duties in relation to the various pension laws as may be prescribed by the President.

SEC. 3. And be it further enacted, That the said commis-Franking privi-sioner shall receive an annual salary of two thousand five hunleges extended to dred dollars, and shall have the privilege of sending and receiving letters and packets by mail free of postage.

SEC. 4. And be it further enacted, That the pension business, siness transacted heretofore transacted in the navy department, shall be transferin the navy de-partment trans- red to the office of the commissioner of pensions, and that the ferred to the of- clerk now employed in that business be also transferred to that

APPROVED, March 4, 1840.

AN ACT making provision for the payment of pensions to the executors or administrators of deceased pensioners in certain cases.

SEC. 1. Be it enacted, S.c., That in case any male pensioner In case of a pensioner leaving shall die, leaving, children, but no widow, the amount of penchildren but no sion due to such pensioner at the time of his death shall be paid widow.

The office commissioner of March, 1843.

A commissioner to be appointed, How. His duties,

And salary.

The pension busioner pensions. office.

to the executor or administrator on the estate of such pensioner, for the sole and exclusive benefit of the children, to be by him distributed among them in equal shares, and the same shall not be considered as a part of the assets of said estate, nor liable to be applied to the payment of the debts of said estate in any case whatever.

SEC. 2. And be it further enacted, That in case any pen-sioner who is a widow shall die, leaving children, the amount of widow leaving pension due at the time of her death shall be paid to the executor or administrator for the benefit of her children, as directed in the foregoing section.

SEC. 3. And be it further enacted, That in case of the death In case of an pensioner leav-of any pensioner, whether male or female, leaving children, the ing children. amount of pension may be paid to any one or each of them, as they may prefer, without the intervention of an administrator.

APPROVED, June 19, 1840.

AN ACT making appropriations for the naval service for the year one thousand eight hundred and forty.

SEC. 3. And be it further enacted, That all appropriations, All appropriations of building, and all remaining balances of appropriations, heretofore made purchasing, refor building, rebuilding, replacing, purchasing, or repairing ves. pairing and arming vessels for the sels of war, or other vessels, for the use of the navy, or for the use of the navy, purchase of timber, ordnance, or any other articles for building, hereby transfer-arming, equipping, or repairing vessels of the navy, or for the of appropriation, repairs of vessels in ordinary, and repair, wear and tear of ves- to be expended, how. sels in commission, together with any materials which have been, or may be, collected under any of the said appropriations, be, and the same are hereby, transferred to one head of appropriation, to be called "the appropriation for the increase, repair,

armament, and equipment of the navy, and wear and tear of vessels in commission;" and the amount of said appropriation, and of such other as may be made hereafter for like purposes, and the materials which have been, or may be hereafter collected for the same, may be expended and used by the Secretary of the Navy, in building, replacing, arming, repairing, equipping, and employing any vessels which Congress may have authorized, or may hereafter authorize, to be built, rebuilt, purchased, or replaced, in such manner as the interests or necessities of the service may require.

SEC. 4. And be it further enacted, That it shall be the duty statements to be of the Secretary of the Navy to cause to be laid before Congress, the amounts of annually as soon after the beginning of each year as practica-pended the pre-ble, a statement of the amounts expended during the preceding for wages of mefiscal year for wages of mechanics and laborers employed in borers, employed building, repairing, or equipping, vessels of the navy, or in re- in building, re-ceiving and securing stores and materials for those purposes; and ping vessels of the navy description of the navy of the for the purchase of materials and stores for the same purposes; a statement of the cost or estimated value of the stores on hand, under this appropriation, in the navy yards at the commence-

the navy.

leaving children.

ment of the next preceding fiscal year; the cost or estimated value of articles received and expended during the year; and the cost, or estimated value, of the articles belonging to this appropriation which may be on hand in the navy yards at the close of the next preceding fiscal year.

SEC. 5. And be it further enacted, That whenever, in the opinion of the Secretary of the Navy; it shall be conducive to rials, &c. when the public interest to use any article of provisions, materials, or interest other stores, for a different appropriation from that under which public interest other stores, for a uniform appropriate and a service, it shall be may be used for they may have been purchased for the naval service, it shall be a different appro-priation from that lawful for him to authorize such use, and it shall be his duty to under which they certify to the Secretary of the Treasury the value or cost of the articles thus used; and the Secretary of the Treasury is hereby authorized and required to cause the proper officers of the treasurv to transfer the amount of such cost or value upon the books of the treasury, from the appropriation for which the articles may have been used, to the appropriation from which they may have been or may be taken, so that the actual expenditure under each may be accurately shown.

SEC. 7. And be it further enacted. That there be appropriated, from any money in the treasury not otherwise appropri-Survey of the ated, for the immediate survey of the coast from Apalachicola lachicola bay, to bay, to the mouth of the Mississippi river, for the ascertainment of the practicability of establishing a navy yard and naval station which shall best subserve the protection of the commerce of the Gulf of Mexico, the sum of ten thousand dollars, to be expended under the direction of the commissioners of the navy board.

SEC. S. And be it further enacted, That whenever the Preone head of ap-propriation to an-sident of the United States shall have authorized the transfer of other, to be re- any moneys from any head of the naval appropriations to other fers on the books heads of naval appropriations, as authorized by the act of Congress, approved thirtieth June, eighteen hundred and thirty-four, it shall be the duty of the Secretary of the Treasury, immediately after the naval appropriations for the year shall have been made, to cause all such transfers to be repaid, by re-transfers on the books of the treasury, so as to preserve for each appropriation the amount which were granted by Congress.

APPROVED, July 20, 1840.

[By inadvertence, the following law was omitted in its proper place.] AN ACT concerning public contracts.

SEC. 1. Be it enacted, &c., That, from and after the passage Congress to have of this act, no member of Congress shall, directly or indirectly, any public con-tract, under the himself, or by any other person whatsoever, in trust for him, or authority of the for his use or benefit, or on his account, undertake, execute, hold or enjoy, in the whole or in part, any contract or agreement hereafter to be made or entered into with any officer of the United States, in their behalf, or with any person authorized to make contracts on the part of the United States; and if any member of Congress shall, directly or indirectly, himself, or by any other person whatsoever, in trust for him, or for his use or

Transfers from one head of apof the treasury.

No member of U. S.

benefit, or on his account, enter into, accept of, agree for, under-1808. take, or execute, any such contract or agreement, in the whole, Penalty. or in part, every member so offending, shall, for every/such offence, upon conviction thereof, before any court of the United States, or of the territories thereof, having cognizance of such offence, be adjudged guilty of a high misdemeanor, and shall be fined three thousand dollars; and every such contract or agree- Fine \$3,000. ment as aforesaid shall, moreover, be absolutely void and of no effect: provided, nevertheless, that in all cases where any sum or Proviso. sums of money shall have been advanced on the part of the United States, in consideration of any such contract or agreement, the Money advanced same shall be forthwith repaid; and in case of refusal or delay to be repaid. to repay the same, when demanded, by the proper officer of the department under whose authority such contract or agreement with surveies, to shall have been made or entered into, every person so refusing or delaying, together with his surety or sureties, shall be forthwith prosecuted at law for the recovery of any such sum or sums of money advanced as aforesaid.

SEC. 2. And be it further enacted, That nothing herein Provisions of this contained shall extend, or be construed to extend, to any to incorporated contract or agreement, made or entered into, or accepted, by bills of exchange any incorporated company, where such contract or agreement members of Comshall be made for the general benefit of such incorporation or gress. company; nor to the purchase or sale of bills of exchange or other property by any member of Congress, where the same shall be ready for delivery, and for which payment shall be made at the time of making or entering into the contract or agreement.

SEC. 3. And be it further enacted, That in every such con- Members of Con-tract or agreement to be made, or entered into, or accepted as cepted by partiaforesaid, there shall be inserted an express condition that no from participa-member of Congress shall be admitted to any share or part of tion in public

such contract or agreement, or to any benefit to arise thereupon. SEC. 4. And be it further enacted, That if any officer of officers making the United States, on behalf of the United States, shall directly with members of or indirectly make or enter into any contract, bargain, or agree- Congress. ment, in writing or otherwise, other than such as are herein excepted, with any member of Congress, such officer so offending, on conviction thereof before any court having jurisdiction thereof, shall be deemed and taken to be guilty of a high misde- Fine \$3,000. meanor, and be fined in a sum of three thousand dollars.

SEC. 5. And be it further enacted, That, from and after the treasury, sc. to passing of this act, it shall be the duty of the Secretary of the make to Congress, to Congress, the secretary of War, Secretary of the Navy, and the statements of Destinger the secretary of the secretary of the statements of the secretary of the secretary of the secretary of the statements of the secretary of the secr Postmaster General, annually to lay before Congress, a state-by their department of all the contracts which have been made in their respective departments, during the year preceding such report, exhibiting in such statement the name of the contractor, the article or thing contracted for, the place where the article was to be delivered, or the thing performed, the sum to be paid for its performance or delivery, the date and duration of the contract. APPROVED, April 21, 1808.

1802.

RESOLUTIONS AND SPECIAL ACTS.

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RESOLUTION requesting the President to present a gold medal to Captain Thomas Truxtun; and respecting the conduct of Midshipman James Jarvis.

A gold medal to Capt. Truxtun.

Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the President of the United States be requested to present to Captain Thomas Truxtun, a golden medal, emblematical of the late action between the United States' frigate Constellation, of thirty-eight guns, and the French ship of war La Vengeance. of fifty-four; in testimony of the high sense entertained by Congress of his gallantry and good conduct in the above engagement, wherein an example was exhibited by the captain, officers, sailors, and marines, honorable to the American name, and instructive to its rising navy.

Praise of James man, &c.

And be it further resolved, That the conduct of James Jar-Jarvis, a midship- vis, a midshipman in said frigate, who gloriously preferred certain death to an abandonment of his post, is deserving of the highest praise, and that the loss of so promising an officer is a subject of national regret.

APPROVED, March 29, 1800.

RESOLUTION expressing the sense of Congress on the gallant conduct of Lieutenant Sterett, the officers and crew of the United States' schooner Enterprise.

Gallant conduct Resolved, S.c., 1 hat they entertain a the other officers, seamen, and marines, on board the schooner Enterprise, in the capture of a Tripolitan corsair of fourteen guns and eighty men.

A sword to Lieut. Sterett. Extra pay to other

Resolved, That the President of the United States be requested to present to Lieutenant Sterett a sword, commemorative of officers and men. the aforesaid heroic action; and that one month's pay be allowed to all the other officers, seamen, and marines, who were on board the Enterprise when the aforesaid action took place.

APPROVED, February 3, 1802.

AN ACT for the relief of the widows and orphans of certain persons who have died in the naval service of the United States.

Four months pay ing.

Be it enacted, &c., That the widows, if any such there be, allowed to wid-ows and children and in case there be no widow, the child or children of the offiof officers, &c. cers, seamen, and marines, who were in the service of the Unigent and Picker- ted States, and lost in the ship Insurgent and brigantine Pickering, shall be entitled to, and receive out of any money in the

treasury not otherwise appropriated, a sum equal to four months' 1804. pay of their respective husbands or fathers, as aforesaid.

APFROVED, April 29, 1802.

AN ACT for the relief of the captors of the Moorish armed ships Meshouda and Mirboha.

SEC. 1. Be it enacted, &c., That the sum of eight thousand \$8,594 50 appro-five hundred and ninety-four dollars and fifty cents, being one money due to the moiety of the value of the armed ship Meshouda, captured by Meshouda; and the frigate John Adams, commanded by Captain John Rod- \$738 25 for de-gers, and restored to the emperor of Morocco, be, and the same penses whilst the is hereby, appropriated for defraying the expense of prize mo- Meshouda was in ney due to the captors; and that the further sum of seven hun- the captors. dred and thirty-eight dollars and twenty-five cents be, and the same hereby is, appropriated for defraying the expenses incurred for the said ship, whilst in possession of the captors.

SEC. 2. And be it further enacted, That the further sum of \$5,000 appropri-five thousand dollars be, and the same hereby is, appropriated, tors of the Mupofor defraying the expense of prize money due to the officers ha: and crew of the frigate Philadelphia, commanded by Captain William Bainbridge, being one moiety of the value of the armed ship Mirboha, captured by the aforesaid frigate Philadelphia, and likewise restored to the emperor of Morocco.

SEC. 3. And be it further enacted, That the aforesaid sev- To be divided a-SEC. 3. And be it further enacted, That the aloresaid sev- to be under a eral sums shall be divided amongst the captors, respectively, in tors, according of the proportion already established by law, for the distribution of the principles of distributing prize prize money, and shall be paid out of any moneys in the trea- money. sury not otherwise appropriated.

APPROVED, March 19, 1804.

RESOLUTION expressive of the sense of Congress of the gallant conduct of Captain Stephen Decatur, the officers and crew, of the United States' ketch Intrepid, in attacking, in the harbor of Tripoli, and destroying, a Tripolitan frigate of forty-four guns.

Resolved, S.c., That the President of the United States be A sword to Capt. requested to present, in the name of Congress, to Captain Stephen Decatur, a sword, and to each of the officers and crew of other officers and the United States' ketch Intrepid, two months' pay, as a testimony of the high sense entertained by Congress of the gallantry, good conduct, and services of Captain Decatur, the officers and crew, of the said ketch, in attacking, in the harbor of Tripoli, and destroying, a Tripolitan frigate of forty-four guns.

APPROVED, November 27, 1804.

RESOLUTIONS expressive of the sense of Congress of the gallant conduct of Commodore Edward Preble, the officers, seamen, and marines of his squadron.

Resolved, S.c., That the thanks of Congress be, and the same Thanks to Come. are hereby, presented to Commodore Edward Preble, and Preble, officers through him to the officers, seamen, and marines, attached to

1808

A gold medal to Com. Preble.

A sword to other officers.

A months' pay to men.

of Deep regret

the squadron under his command, for their gallantry and good conduct displayed in the several attacks on the town, batteries. and naval force of Tripoli, in the year 1804.

Resolved, That the President of the United States be requested to cause a gold medal to be struck, emblematical of the attacks on the town, batteries, and naval force of Tripoli, by the squadron under Commodore Preble's command, and to present it to Commodore Preble in such manner as, in his opinion, will be most honorable to him : and that the President be further requested to cause a sword to be presented to each of the commissioned officers and midshipmen who have distinguished themselves in the several attacks.

Resolved, That one months' pay be allowed, exclusively of petty officers and the common allowance, to all the petty officers, seamen, and marines, of the squadron, who so gloriously supported the honor of the American flag, under the orders of their gallant commander, in the several attacks.

Resolved. That the President of the United States be also Congress for the requested to communicate to the parents, or other near relatives, mers and others. of Captain Richard Somers, Lieutenants Henry Wadsworth, James Decatur, James R. Caldwell, Joseph Israel, and Mid-

shipman John Sword Dorsey, the deep regret which Congress feel for the loss of those gallant men, whose names ought to live in the recollection and affections of a grateful country, and whose conduct ought to be regarded as an example to future generations.

APPROVED, March 3, 1805.

RESOLUTION respecting N. C. Nissen, Danish consul at Tripoli.

Resolved, S.c., That the President of the United States be requested to cause to be made known to Nicholas C. Nissen, esquire, his Danish majesty's consul residing at Tripoli, the high sense entertained by Congress of his disinterested and benevolent attentions manifested to Captain Bainbridge, his officers, and crew, during the time of their captivity in Tripoli.

APPROVED, April 10, 1806.

AN ACT remitting the duties payable on the importation of a monument to be erected in memory of the officers of the United States navy, who fell during the attack made on the city of Tripoli, in the year one thousand eight hundred and four.

Be it enacted, &c., That the duties payable, according to law, on the importation of a monument imported in the frigate Constitution from Italy, on account of the officers of the United. States navy, be, and they are hereby, remitted.

APPROVED, March 13, 1808.

RESOLUTIONS relative to the brilliant achievements of Captains Hull, Decatur, Jones, and Lieutenant Elliott.

Resolved, S.c., That the President of the United States be, A gold medal to and he is hereby, requested to present to Captain Hull, of the fri-Decatur, gate Constitution, Captain Decatur, of the frigate United States. Jones. and Captain Jones, of the sloop of war Wasp, each, a gold medal, with suitable emblems and devices; and a silver medal, A silver medal to with like emblems and devices, to each commissioned officer of the aforesaid vessels, in testimony of the high sense entertained by Congress of the gallantry, good conduct, and services, of the captains, officers, and crews, of the aforesaid vessels, in their respective conflicts with the British frigates the Guerriere and the Macedonian, and sloop of war Frolic; and the President is also A silver medal to requested to present a silver medal, with like emblems and de- relative of Lieuvices, to the nearest male relative of Lieutenant Bush, and one Funk. to the nearest male relative of Lieutenant Funk, in testimony of the gallantry and merit of those deceased officers, in whom their country has sustained a loss much to be regretted.

SEC. 2. And be it further resolved, That the President of An elegant sword to Lieut. Elliott. the United States be, and he hereby is, requested to present to Lieutenant Elliott, of the navy of the United States, an elegant sword, with suitable emblems and devices, in testimony of the just sense entertained by Congress of his gallantry and good conduct in boarding and capturing the British brigs Detroit and Caledonia, while anchored under the protection of Fort Erie.

APPROVED, January 29, 1813.

RESOLUTION requesting the President of the United States to present medals to Captain William Bainbridge, and the officers of the frigate Constitution.

Resolved, &c., That the President of the United States be, A gold medal to and he is hereby, requested to present to Captain William Bainbridge, of the frigate Constitution, a gold medal, with suitable emblems and devices; and a silver medal, with suitable em- A silver medal to blems and devices, to each commissioned officer of the said frigate, in testimony of the high sense entertained by Congress of the gallantry, good conduct, and services of Captain Bainbridge, his officers and crew, in the capture of the British frigate Java, after a brave and skilful combat.

APPROVED, March 3, 1813.

AN ACT rewarding the officers and crew of the frigate Constitution, and the officers and crew of the Wasp.

Be it enacted, &c., That the President of the United States be, and he is hereby, authorized to have distributed, as prize mo-Prize money: ney, to Captain Isaac Hull, of the frigate Constitution, his offi- \$50,000 to Capt. cers and crew, the sum of fifty thousand dollars, for the capture Hull, officers and crew. and destruction of the British frigate Guerriere: and the like sum, in like manner, to Captain William Bainbridge, his offi- \$50,000 to Capt cers and crew, for the capture and destruction of the British fri- cers and crew; gate Java: and the sum of twenty-five thousand dollars, in like

Hull,

1813.

1813. crew.

manner, to Captain Jacob Jones, of the sloop of war Wasp, \$25,000 to Capt his officers and crew, for the capture of the British sloop of war Frolic: and that the sum of one hundred and twenty-five thousand dollars, out of any money in the treasury not otherwise appropriated, be, and the same is hereby, appropriated for the purposes aforesaid.

APPROVED, March 3, 1813.

AN ACT to reward the officers and crew of the sloop of war Hornet ; and Lieutenant Elliott and his officers and companions.

President autho-Detroit. ated.

Be it enacted, &c., That the President of the United States rized to cause to be, and he is hereby, authorized to have distributed, as prize be distributed be, and the is hereby, duthenzed to have distributed be, and the is hereby, duthenzed to have distributed be, and the is hereby, duthenzed to have distributed, as prize money, to Capt. James Lawrence, late of the sloop of war Jas. Lawrence, Hornet, his officers and crew, or their widows and children, the his officers, and to twenty-five thousand dollars, for the capture and denet, for the Brit. struction of the British brig Peacock; and to Lieutenant Elliott, it his Peacock and his officers and companions or their widows and children. is brig Perceck, and his officers and companions, or their widows and children, To Lieut. Elliott, and his officers and companions, or their widows and children, his officers, and the sum of twelve thousand dollars, for the capture and destruc-companions, &c. the tion of the British brig Detroit; and that the sum of thirty-seven \$12,000 for the thousand dollars be, and the same is hereby, appropriated to the Detroit. \$37,000 appropri- purpose aforesaid, to be paid out of any money in the treasury not otherwise appropriated.

APPROVED, July 13, 1813.

AN ACT for the relief of the officers and crew of the late United States' brig Vixen. [See E. T. Satterwhite.]

Accountant Vixen on her last the officers and

Secretary of the due.

of SEC. 1. Be it enacted, &c., That the accountant of the navy the navy to as-sume the day of department be, and he is hereby, authorized and required to departure of the assume the day of the departure of the brig Vixen, from a port cruise, as the day in the United States, on her last cruise, as the day on which the on which the ac-counts are to be accounts of the officers and crew of the said brig shall be finally finally settled. settled and balanced: provided, that nothing herein contained herein to deprive shall be construed to deprive the said officers and crew of any crew of claims to claims to further payment than is allowed by this act, which further payment, may, on satisfactory proof, appear to be just.

SEC. 2. And be it further enacted, That the Secretary of the navy authorized Navy be, and he is hereby, authorized to allow and pay, unto to pay the officers the officers and crew of the said brig, such sum of money as, in sums as may be his judgment, may be due to them for their pay.

APPROVED, August 2, 1813.

RESOLUTIONS expressive of the sense of Congress of the gallant conduct of Captain Oliver H. Perry, the officers, seamen, marines, and infantry acting as such, on board of his squadron.

Thanks to Com. Perry, and men. officers

Resolved, S.c., That the thanks of Congress be, and the same are hereby, presented to Captain Oliver Hazard Perry, and through him to the officers, petty officers, seamen, marines, and infantry serving as such, attached to the squadron under his command, for the decisive and glorious victory gained on lake Erie, on the tenth of September, in the year 1813, over a Bri- 1814. tish squadron of superior force.

Resolved, That the President of the United States be request- Gold medals to ed to cause gold medals to be struck, emblematical of the ac-Elliott. tion between the two squadrons, and to present them to Captain Perry and Captain Jesse D. Elliott, in such manner as will be A silver medal to most honorable to them; and that the President be further requested to present a silver medal, with suitable emblems and devices, to each of the commissioned officers, either of the navy or army, serving on board, and a sword to each of the midship-A sword to Mid-men and sailingmasters who so nobly distinguished themselves shipmen, &c. on that memorable day.

Resolved, That the President of the United States be re-A silver medal to quested to present a silver medal, with like emblems and de-the nearest male vices, to the nearest male relative of Lieutenant John Brooks, of Brooks, and a the marines, and a sword to the nearest male relatives of Mid- sword to the nearest male relatives of Mid- sword to the shipmen Henry Laub and Thomas Claxton, jr., and to com-atives of Mid-municate to them the deep regret which Congress feel for the Claxton. loss of those gallant men, whose names ought to live in the recollection and affection of a grateful country, and whose conduct ought to be regarded as an example to future generations.

Resolved, That three months' pay be allowed, exclusively of Three months' the common allowance, to all the petty officers, seamen, ma- extra pay to petty officers and men. rines, and infantry serving as such, who so gloriously supported the honor of the American flag, under the orders of their gallant commander, on that signal occasion.

APPROVED, January 6, 1814.

RESOLUTION relative to the brilliant achievement of Lieutenants Burrows and McCall.

Resolved, S.c., That the President of the United States be A gold medal to requested to present to the nearest male relative of Lieutenant the nearest male William Burrows, and to Lieutenant Edward R. McCall, of the Burrows, and to brig Enterprize, a gold medal, with suitable emblems and de- a silver medal to vices; and a silver medal, with like emblems and devices, to other officers. each of the commissioned officers of the aforesaid vessel, in testimony of the high sense entertained by Congress of the gallantry and good conduct of the officers and crew in the conflict with the British sloop Boxer, on the fourth of September, in the year 1813. And the President is also requested to communicate Deep regret for to the nearest male relative of Lieutenant Burrows, the deep Burrows. regret which Congress feel for the loss of that valuable officer, who died in the arms of victory, nobly contending for his country's rights and fame.

APPROVED, January 6, 1814.

RESOLUTION relative to the brilliant achievement of Captain James Lawrence, in the capture of the British vessel of war the Peacock.

Resolved, &c., That the President of the United States be re- A gold medal to quested to present to the nearest male relative of Captain James relative of Capt.

12

1814.

Lawrence, a gold medal, and a silver medal to each of the com-Lawrence; and a missioned officers who served under him in the sloop of war silver medal to Hornet, in her conflict with the British vessel of war the Pea-

cock, in testimony of the high sense entertained by Congress of the gallantry and good conduct of the officers and crew in the Sense entertain-ed by Congress of Capture of that vessel; and the President is also requested to the loss of Capt. communicate to the nearest male relative of Captain Lawrence

the sense which Congress entertains of the loss which the naval service of the United States has since sustained in the death of that distinguished officer.

APPROVED, January 11, 1814.

RESOLUTION directing a sword to be presented to the nearest male relation of Midshipman John Clark.

Resolved, &c., That the President of the United States be A sword to the requested to present a sword to the nearest male relation of Midpearest male rel-shipman John Clark, who was slain gallantly combating the ative of Midshipauve of Mudship-man Clark, and enemy in the glorious battle gained on lake Erie, under the regret for his loss, command of Captain Perry, and to communicate to him thedeep regret which Congress feels for the loss of that brave officer.

APPROVED, February 19, 1814.

AN ACT for the relief of David Porter, and his officers and crews.

Portion of money accruing to U.S. crews.

same.

Be it enacted, &c., That so much of the net proceeds of the from sales of cer- forfeitures and penalties as have accrued to the United States from tain vessels, re-to the condemnation and sale of the following vessels and their car-Capt. D. Porter, goes, to wit : Le Duc de Montebello, Le Petite Chance, and L'Intrepide, condemned and sold by order of the district court

of the United States for the Orleans district, for violations of the laws of the United States, be, and the same are hereby, given up and relinquished in favor of Captain David Porter, and of the officers and crews by whom the said vessels were captured, as a compensation to the said David Porter, and the said officers and crews, for their zeal and activity in capturing the same: Capt. P. authori- and that the said Captain David Porter be hereby authorized to zed to receive receive, from the Secretary of the Treasury, the amount of the said net proceeds of the aforesaid sales, to be paid by the said Secretary of the Treasury out of any money not otherwise appropriated; and upon receiving the same, the said David Porter is authorized and instructed to distribute it amongst the said officers and crews, in the proportions, and agreeably to the regulations of the laws of the United States, for the distribution

> of prize money. APPROVED, April 13, 1814.

AN ACT authorizing the purchase of the vessels captured on lake Erie. SEC. 1. Be it enacted, &c., That the President of the United The Presid't autherized to cause States be, and he is hereby, authorized to cause to be purchased

the British vessels which were captured on lake Erie by the American squadron, on the tenth day of September, in the year sels captured on one thousand eight hundred and thirteen; and the sum of two to be purchased, hundred and fifty-five thousand dollars, in payment for the said \$25,000, in payment for the said \$25,000, in payment for the said \$25,000, in payment therefor, therefor, and \$25,000, in payment for the said \$25,000, in payment for or their heirs.

SEC. 2. And be it further enacted, That, for carrying into tors, &c. effect this act, a sum not exceeding two hundred and fifty-five \$255,000 approthousand dollars be, and the same is hereby, appropriated, to be purchase. paid out of any money in the treasury not otherwise appropriated.

SEC: 3. And be it further enacted, That there be allow-\$5,000 allowed to ed and paid to Captain Oliver H. Perry, out of any money dition to his share in the treasury not otherwise appropriated, in addition to his of prize money. share of prize money as commander of the ship Lawrence, the sum of five thousand dollars.

APPROVED, April 18, 1814.

RESOLUTIONS expressive of the sense of Congress of the gallant conduct of Captain Thomas Macdonough, the officers, seamen, marines, and infantry serving as marines, on board the United States' squadron on lake Champlain.

Resolved, &c., That the thanks of Congress be, and the same Thanks of Conare hereby, presented to Captain Thomas Macdonough, and, gress presented to through him, to the officers, petty officers, seamen, marines, and ough, officers, sea-infantry serving as marines, attached to the squadron under his splendid viet y on command, for the decisive and splendid victory gained on lake lake Champlain, Champlain, on the eleventh of September, in the year one thousand eight hundred and fourteen, over a British squadron of superior force.

Resolved, That the President of the United States be request-ed to cause gold medals to be struck, emblematical of the ac- Captains Macdo-tion between the two squadrons, and to present them to Captain ley, and Lieuten-Macdonough and Captain Robert Henley, and also to Lieuten-ormalia captain Robert Henley, and also to Lieuten-ormalia captain Robert Henley. ant Stephen Cassin, in such manner as may be most honorable commissioned of ficer, and a sword to them; and that the President be further requested to present to the midshipa silver medal, with suitable emblems and devices, to each of men. the commissioned officers of the navy and army serving on board, and a sword to each of the midshipmen and sailing masters, who so nobly distinguished themselves in that memorable conflict.

Resolved, That the President of the United States be re- A silver medal to quested to present a silver medal, with like emblems and de- the nearest male vices, to the nearest male relative of Lieutenant Peter Gamble, Gamble & Stansand of Lieutenant John Stansbury, and to communicate to them the deep regret which Congress feel for the loss of those gallant men, whose names ought to live in the recollection and affection of a grateful country.

Resolved, That three months' pay be allowed, exclusively Three of the common allowance, to all the petty officers, seamen, ma- pay additional to

among the cap-

1814.

months

1814. rines, and infantry serving as marines, who so gloriously supthe petty officers, ported the honor of the American flag on that memorable day. seamen, &c. APPROVED, October 20, 1814.

RESOLUTION expressive of the sense of Congress relative to the victory of the Peacock over the Epervier.

A gold medal to brig Epervier.

Resolved, &c., That the President of the United States be Captain Warring- requested to present to Captain Lewis Warrington, of the sloop ton; a silver me-ton; a silver me-dat to each com- of war Peacock, a gold medal, with suitable emblems and demissioned officer, vices, and a silver medal, with like emblems and devices, to the midshipmen, each of the commissioned officers, and a sword to each of the of the solution of their good con-midshipmen, and to the sailingmaster, of the said vessel, in tesductin the action timony of the high sense entertained by Congress of the gallantry and good conduct of the officers and crew, in the action with the British brig Epervier, on the twenty-ninth day of April, in the year one thousand eight hundred and fourteen, in which action the decisive effect and great superiority of the American gunnery were so signally displayed.

APPROVED, October 21, 1814.

RESOLUTION expressive of the sense of Congress relative to the capture of the British sloop Reindeer, by the American sloop Wasp.

war Reindeer.

Resolved, &c., That the President of the United States be A gold medal to Cape. Blakeley, requested to present to Captain Johnston Blakeley, of the sloop a silver medal to each commissid Wasp, a gold medal, with suitable devices, and a silver medal, officer, and sword with like devices, to each of the commissioned officers, and also to each midship man, &c., in tes- a sword to each of the midshipmen, and the sailingmaster, of timony of their the force of the sailing mater. timony of their the aforesaid vessel, in testimony of the high sense entertained action with the by Congress of the gallantry and good conduct of the officers and crew, in the action with the British sloop of war Reindeer. on the twenty-eighth of June, in the year one thousand eight hundred and fourteen; in which action determined bravery and cool intrepidity, in nineteen minutes, obtained a decisive victory, by boarding.

APPROVED, November 3, 1814.

RESOLUTIONS expressive of the high sense entertained by Congress of the gallantry and good conduct of Commodore D. T. Patterson, and Major D. Carmick, and of the officers, scamen, and marines, under their command, in the defence of New Orleans.

Resolved, δ ., That Congress entertain a high sense of the Congress entertain a high sense valor and good conduct of Commodore D. T. Patterson, of the of the valor of valor and good conduct of common art art attended, of the Com. Patterson, officers, petty officers, and seamen, attached to his command, officers, & men, for their prompt and efficient co-operation with General Jackson, in the late gallant and successful defence of the city of New Orleans, when assailed by a powerful British force.

Resolved, That Congress entertain a high sense of the valor Congress entertain a high sense and good conduct of Major Daniel Carmick, of the officers, non-

APPROVED, February 22, 1815.

1816.

Major Carmick, officers, and marines.

AN ACT authorizing the purchase of the vessels captured on lake Champlain.

Be it enacted, §.c., That the President of the United States The Preside anthorized to pur-be, and he is hereby, authorized to cause to be purchased the chase the British British vessels which were captured on lake Champlain by the vessels captured American squadron, on the eleventh day of September, in the plain, &c. year eighteen hundred and fourteen; and the amount of the the distributed as valuation of such captured vessels, when duly made and re- prizemoney, &c. turned to the navy department, shall be distributed as prize money, among the captors or their heirs.

APPROVED, March 3, 1815.

AN ACT for the relief of sundry persons in the service of the United States, in consequence of the destruction of their tools by fire at the navy yard.

SEC. 1. Be it enacted, &c., That the accounting officers of claims for losses the navy be, and they are hereby, directed to adjust and settle sustained by arti-ficers, &c. to be all claims for losses that have been sustained by artificers, me-adjusted and setchanics, and other workmen, in the employ and service of the United States, for tools and other articles essential to, and connected with, their trade and occupation, which have been destroyed by fire, in consequence of burning the buildings of the navy yard, in the city of Washington, and to cause to be paid over to such persons, respectively, the amount found due for such losses.

SEC. 2. And be it further enacted, That a sum not exceed- \$5000 appropriaing five thousand dollars be, and the same is hereby, appropria- ted. ted, out of any moneys in the treasury of the United States not otherwise appropriated, to carry into effect the objects of this act.

APPROVED, March 3, 1815.

RESOLUTION requesting the President to present medals to Captain Stewart and the officers of the frigate Constitution.

Resolved, &.c., That the President of the United States be, The President re-*Resolved*, G.c., That the President of the United States be, The President re-and he is hereby, requested to present to Captain Charles Stew-art, of the frigate Constitution, a gold medal, with suitable em-blems and devices, and a silver medal, with suitable emblems to each commis-and devices, to each commissioned officer of the said frigate, in sioned officer of testimony of the high sense entertained by Congress of the gal-suitution, for their lantry, good conduct, and services, of Captain Stewart, his of-conduct, &c. ficers and crew, in the capture of the British vessels of war the Cyane and the Levant, after a brave and skilful combat.

APPROVED, February 22, 1816.

1816.

The President regood conduct.

RESOLUTION requesting the President to present medals to Captain James Biddle, and the officers of the sloop of war Hornet.

Resolved, &c., That the President of the United States be. quest'd to present and he is hereby, requested to present to Captain James Bid-Capt. Biddle, and dle, of the sloop of war Hornet, a gold medal, with suitable a silver one to each commissive emblems and devices, and a silver medal, with suitable em-officer of sloop of blems and devices, to each commissioned officer of the said their gallanty & sloop of war, in testimony of the high sense entertained by Congress of the gallantry, good conduct, and services, of Captain Biddle, his officers and crew, in capturing the British sloop

of war Penguin, after a brave and skilful combat.

APPROVED, February 22, 1816.

AN ACT rewarding the officers and crew of the sloop of war Hornet, for the capture and destruction of the British sloop of war Penguin.

Be it enacted, &c., That the President of the United States ated, to be divided be, and he is hereby, authorized to have distributed, as prize among the cap-tors of the Pen-money, to Captain James Biddle, of the sloop of war Hornet, his officers and crew, the sum of twenty-five thousand dollars, for the capture and destruction of the British sloop of war Penguin; and that the sum of twenty-five thousand dollars, out of any money in the treasury not otherwise appropriated, be, and the same is hereby, appropriated for the purpose aforesaid.

APPROVED, February 28, 1816.

AN ACT placing certain persons on the list of navy pensioners.

Persons wounded ers.

SEC. 1. Be it enacted, &c., That the Secretary of the Navy at Darumoor pris- be, and he is hereby, authorized and required to place on the at Dartmoor prise be, and he is hereby, authorized and required to plate of an and he is hereby, authorized and required to plate at the widows and list of navy pensioners, those persons who were wounded at children of those Dartmoor prison, in England, in the month of April, 1815; placed on the list also, the widows and children of such as were killed, or who of navy pensiondied in consequence of wounds received, there; and that, in the allowance of pensions to the persons aforesaid, the regulations established by law, in relation to the placing persons on the list of navy pensioners, be observed.

SEC. 2. And be it further enacted, That this act shall be To take effect SEC. 2. And be to further charter, and be a from 6th April, construed to take effect from the sixth day of April, in the year 1815.

APPROVED, April 2, 1816.

AN ACT respecting the late officers and crew of the sloop of war Wasp.

Whereas, there is reason to apprehend that the sloop of war Wasp, an armed ship of the United States, and lately commanded by Captain Johnston Blakeley, is lost:

SEC. 1. Be it enacted, &c., That there be allowed and paid ¹² months' pay to the representatives of Captain Johnston Blakeley, and of each allowed to representatives of the officers and crew aforesaid, as is hereinafter directed, officers and crew twelve months' wages; and that there be paid to the aforesaid

\$25,000 appropriguin.

representatives, and to the survivors of said officers and crew, 1816. if such there be, the sum of fifty thousand dollars, to be \$50,000 to be disdistributed as prize money for the capture and destruction, by tributed as prizesaid sloop of war, of the British armed vessels Reindeer and Avon.

SEC. 2. And be it further enacted, That the distribution of How to be distrisaid wages and compensation shall be as follows, viz : one-third to the widow, and two-third parts to the children of the deceased; and in case there be no child, the whole to the widow; and if there be no widow, then to the child or children; and if there be neither widow nor child, then to the parent or parents; and if there be no parent, then to the brothers and sisters; and if there be neither brother nor sister, then such share or shares not claimed as aforesaid, shall be and remain part of the navy pension fund; and the sums aforesaid shall be paid out of any moneys in the treasury not otherwise appropriated : provided, that in all cases in which there shall be only one Proviso. child, the widow shall have an equal share with the child.

SEC. 3. And be it further enacted, That the Secretary Prize-agent to be of the Navy be, and he is hereby, authorized and required appointed. to appoint a prize agent, whose duty it shall be to disburse the moneys aforesaid, or to refund any balance thereof, under such rules and regulations as the said Secretary may prescribe; and that all moneys not claimed by virtue of this act within two Balance not years from the day when said sums shall be put at the disposal years, to be addof the said prize agent, shall be deemed and held a part of the fund. navy pension fund.

APPROVED, April 20, 1816.

AN ACT rewarding the officers and crew of the Constitution for the capture of the British sloop of war Levant.

Be it enacted, &c., That the President of the United States \$25,000 to be disbe, and he hereby is, authorized to have distributed as prize money. money, to Captain Charles Stewart, late of the frigate Constitution, his officers and crew, the sum of twenty-five thousand dollars, for the capture of the British sloop of war Levant; and that the sum of twenty-five thousand dollars, out of any money in the treasury not otherwise appropriated, be, and the same is hereby, appropriated for the purpose aforesaid.

APPROVED, April 26, 1816.

AN ACT providing for the distribution of one hundred thousand dollars among the captors of the Algerine vessels captured and restored to the Dey of Algiers.

Be it enacted, &c., That the sum of one hundred thousand \$100,000 to be as dollars be, and the same is hereby, appropriated, to be paid out prize-money. of any money in the treasury not otherwise appropriated, and distributed in the same proportions and under the same regulations as prize money is now by law directed to be distributed, among the captors of the Algerine vessels, captured by the

American squadron, under the command of Commodore Decatur, and afterwards restored to the Dey of Algiers.

APPROVED, April 27, 1816.

AN ACT for the relief of George T. Ross, Daniel T. Patterson, and the officers and men lately under their command.

captors.

\$50,000, accruing Be it enacted, G.c., That so much of the het proceeds of to U. States from the forfeitures and penalties, not exceeding fifty thousand dol-forfeiture of ves-Be it enacted, &c., That so much of the net proceeds of sels captured at lars, as has accrued to the United States by the condemnation Barrataria, relin-quished to the and sale of the vessels and their cargoes, which were taken near the island of Barrataria, on the western coast of Louisiana, on the sixteenth day of September, one thousand eight hundred and fourteen, by a land and naval force, under the command of Colonel George T. Ross and Captain Daniel T. Patterson, and which were condemned and sold by order of the district court of the United States for the Orleans district, for violation, of laws of the United States, be, and the same are hereby, given up and relinquished in favor of the said George T. Ross, and Daniel T. Patterson, and of their officers and men, for their zeal, activity, and courage, in capturing the same. And the Secretary of the Treasury is hereby authorized to pay to the said George T. Ross and Daniel T. Patterson, the amount of the said net proceeds of the said sales, not exceeding fifty thousand dollars, out of any money in the treasury not otherwise appropriated, to be distributed among the land and naval forces employed in the capture of the said vessels, in such proportions, and under such regulations, as the secretaries of war and navy, with the approbation of the President, shall prescribe and determine.

APPROVED, April 27, 1816.

AN ACT in addition to "An act for the relief of George T. Ross and Daniel T. Patterson, and the officers and men lately under their command."

Be it enacted, S.c., That, for the purpose of carrying into The Secretaries effect the act, entitled "An act for the relief of George T. of war and na-vy authorized to Ross and Daniel T. Patterson, and the officers and men lately appoint agents to under their command," the secretaries of war and navy are hereby authorized and required, by and with the approbation of the President of the United States, to draw, by their warrant, or warrants, from the treasury of the United States, out of any moneys therein not otherwise appropriated, by the said act, and to appoint an agent or agents to disburse the same, according to the true intent and meaning of the act aforesaid.

APPROVED, February 22, 1817.

AN ACT for the relief of the widows and orphans of the officers, seamen, and marines, who were lost in the United States' brig Epervier.

The widows and Be it enacted, &c., That the widows, if any such there be, orphans of offi-cers and men lost and in case there. be no widow, the child or children, if there

draw money, and disburse it, &c.

be no child, then to the parents or parent, and if there be no 1818.parent, then to the brothers and sisters, of the officers, seamen, in the Epervier, and marines, who were in the service of the United States, and months' pay ad-lost in the brig Epervier, shall be entitled to and receive, out of ditional, &c. any money in the treasury not otherwise appropriated, a sum equal to six months' pay, of their respective deceased relatives aforesaid, in addition to the pay due to the said deceased on the fourteenth day of July, one thousand eight hundred and fifteen, to which day the arrears of pay due the deceased shall be allowed and paid by the accounting officers of the navy department.

APPROVED, March 3, 1817.

BY THE PRESIDENT OF THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA.

A PROCLAMATION.

Whereas, an arrangement was entered into, at the City of Arrangement, in Washington, in the month of April, in the year of our Lord one American & Brithousand eight hundred and seventeen, between Richard Rush, to be maintained Esquire, at that time acting as Secretary for the Department of on the lakes.

State of the United States, for and in behalf of the Government of the United States; and the right honorable Charles Bagot, his Britannic majesty's envoy extraordinary and minister plenipotentiary, for and in behalf of his Britannic majesty; which arrangement is in the words following, to wit:

"The naval force to be maintained upon the American lakes, by his majesty and the Government of the United States, shall henceforth be confined to the following vessels on each side: that is—

"On lake Ontario, to one vessel not exceeding one hundred Lake Ontario."] tons burden, and armed with one eighteen pound cannon.

" On the upper lakes, to two vessels, not exceeding like bur- Upper lakes, den each, and armed with like force.

" On the waters of lake Champlain, to one vessel not ex- Lake Champlain. ceeding like burden, and armed with like force.

"All other armed vessels on these lakes shall be forthwith Other vessels to be dismantled. dismantled, and no other vessels of war shall be there built or armed.

"If either party should hereafter be desirous of annulling Stipulation may this stipulation, and should give notice to that effect to the months' notice. six other party, it shall cease to be binding after the expiration of six months from the date of such notice.

"The naval force so to be limited shall be restricted to such Naval force to be services as will, in no respect, interfere with the proper duties restricted, &c. of the armed vessels of the other party."

And whereas, the Senate of the United States have approv- Arrangement aped of the said arrangement, and recommended that it should be proved by Senate, se sanctioned by carried into effect; the same having also received the sanction Prince Regent.

1818.

and effect.

of his royal highness the Prince Regent, acting in the name and on the behalf of his Britannic majesty :

Now, therefore, I, James Monroe, President of the United Is of full force States, do, by this, my proclamation, make known and declare, that the arrangement aforesaid, and every stipulation thereof, has been duly entered into, concluded, and confirmed, and is of full force and effect.

> Given under my hand, at the City of Washington, this twenty-eighth day of April, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and eighteen, and of the independence of the United States the forty-second.

> > JAMES MONROE.

By the President :

JOHN QUINCY ADAMS, Secretary of State.

AN ACT authorizing the distribution of a sum of money among the representatives of Commodore Edward Preble, and the officers and crew of the brig Svren.

\$2,500 appropria-&c.

Be it enacted, &c., That the sum of two thousand five hunted as prize mo-nev among the dred dollars is hereby appropriated, out of any money in the representatives of treasury not otherwise appropriated; which sum shall be dis-Comm. Preble, treasury not otherwise appropriately, as prize money, among officers, & crew, the representatives of Commodore Edward Preble, deceased, their proportion and Captain Charles Stewart, the officers and crew of the brig value of the brig of war Syren, or to the representatives of such as may be dead, Transfer, captur-ed by the Syren, on account of their proportion of the sum of five thousand dol-

lars, the appraised value of the brig Transfer, captured by the said brig Syren, for a breach of the blockade of the port of Tripoli, in the year eighteen hundred and four, during the war carried on by the United States against that power; the said brig Transfer having been taken into the service of the United States by Commodore Edward Preble, commander of the blockading squadron; which brig was regularly condemned, as a good prize, by sentence of a court of admiralty.

APPROVED, February 4, 1819.

AN ACT to remit the duties on a sword imported to be presented to Captain Thomas Macdonough, of the United States navy.

Duties on the Be it enacted, &c., That the duties which have accrued, or to Capt. Macdo- which may accrue, to the United States, upon the importation nough, in behalf of a sword, to be presented to Captain Thomas Macdonough, Guerriere, remit- of the United States navy, in behalf of the petty officers, seated. men, and marines, who served on board the frigate Guerriere,

when she was lately under his command in the Mediterranean,

which sword is represented to be, or lately to have been, in the custody of the collector of the district of New York, be, and the said duties are hereby, remitted.

APPROVED, April 17, 1822.

AN ACT for the relief of sundry citizens of Baltimore.

Be it enacted, §.c., That, for the detention of the vessels sunk at the mouth of the harbor of Baltimore, in the month of sunk at Baltim'e, September, one thousand eight hundred and fourteen, there is paid just and shall be paid to the owners thereof, respectively, or to their le-gal representatives, such sums as shall be found just and rea-sonable, to be computed from the seventeenth of February, Navy may direct. one thousand eight hundred and fifteen, to the time when the said vessels were respectively delivered to their owners, and from thence to the termination of the period necessary to repair such injuries as were shown to have been done by sinking, and proof of which is exhibited in a copy of the original estimates, verified at Baltimore, by Thorndike Chase and John Snyder, on the twentieth day of February,** one thousand eight hundred and twenty; the several sums to be ascertained in such manner as the Secretary of the Navy shall direct; and which, when ascertained, shall be paid out of any money in the treasury not otherwise appropriated.

APPROVED, April 26, 1822.

AN ACT explanatory of an act for the relief of sundry citizens of Baltimore.

Be it enacted, &c., That the act, entitled "An act for the Former act to be relief of sundry citizens of Baltimore," shall be so construed construed to be as to refer to a copy of estimates verified at Baltimore by Thorn- mates verified on dike Chase and John Snyder, on the twenty-eighth day of the 92th instead of 20th February, one thousand eight hundred and twenty, instead of ¹⁸²². the twentieth day of February aforesaid.

APPROVED, May 7, 1822.

AN ACT rewarding the officers and crews of two gigs, or small boats, under the command of Lieutenant Francis H. Gregory, of the United States navy.

Be it enacted, S.c., That the President of the United States be, and he is hereby, authorized to have distributed as prize money to Lieutenant Francis H. Gregory, of the United States navy, and the officers and crews of two gigs, or small boats, under his command, or to their legal representatives, the sum of three thousand dollars, for the capture and destruction of a British gun-boat, called the Black Snake, in the river St. Law rence, on the nineteenth day of June, one thousand eight hun dred and fourteen, and that the said sum of three thousand dol-

* See explanatory act of May 7, 1822. Also, acts of May 29, 1830, and March 2, 1833.

1822

1830.

lars be, and the same is hereby, appropriated, for the purpose aforesaid, out of any moneys in the treasury not otherwise appropriated.

APPROVED, May 4, 1824.

AN ACT for the relief of the widows and orphans of the officers, seamen, and marines, of the sloop of war Hornet.

Certain relatives

Be it enacted, &c., That the widows, if any such there be, Certain relatives *Be it enacted*, *Gc.*, That the wildows, if any such there be, of the crew of the Homet, entitled and in case there be no wildow, the child or children; and if to six months, there be no child, then the parent or parents; and if there be pay, in addition there be no child, then the brothers and sisters of the officers, seamen, $10^{10,1220}$. and marines, who were in the service of the United States, and lost in the United States' sloop of war Hornet, shall be entitled to, and receive, out of any money in the treasury not otherwise appropriated, a sum equal to six months' pay of their respective deceased relatives, aforesaid, in addition to the pay due to the said deceased, on the tenth day of September last, up to which day the arrears of pay due the deceased shall be allowed and paid by the accounting officers of the navy department.

APPROVED, April 24, 1830.

AN ACT for the relief of sundry owners of vessels sunk for the defence of Baltimore.

Value to be ascertained,

testimony.

Compensation for worthy.

SEC. 1. Be it enacted, &c., That the third auditor of the treasury ascertain the value of the following vessels, at the time they were taken to be sunk for the defence of the city of Baltimore, in the year one thousand eight hundred and fourteen, to wit: the ships Thomas Wilson, Chesapeake, Adriana, Sciota, Temperance, Fabius, India Packet, Mars, and Nancy; brigs Aid, George, Swallow, Blanche, Sally, Eliza, Betsey, Father and Son, and Ann; schooners Scudder, Ann, Columbia, Enterprise, and Packet, and the sloop Rosanna; and to allow to the owners, respectively, the amount of twenty-five per cen-By disinterested tum on said valuation : provided, that in each and every case, the said valuation shall be duly established by full and competent disinterested testimony, and that the damages sustained in the vessels in question, by being sunk and raised exclusively, was to the full extent of the said per centum over and above all the amount or amounts heretofore received for said damages by said owners, or their legal representatives, respectively; That the vessels and provided, also, that the said vessels, at the time they were were seaworthy taken, were sound and sea-worthy, and would have remained sea-worthy at the return of peace in one thousand eight hundred and fifteen; and provided, also, that in no instance where any vessel is not proven to have been sea-worthy at the time she was taken to be sunk, shall a greater allowance be made vessels not sea- than will, with the money heretofore received for damage and detention of such vessel, and the value thereof at the time she was raised, with such rigging or other articles as have been sold or reserved by the proper owner, amount to the value of the 1832. vessel at the time she was taken to be sunk.

SEC. 2. And be it further enacted, That the amount so Appropriation. found by the third auditor shall be paid to the owners respectively, or to their legal representatives, by the Secretary of the Treasury, out of any money, not otherwise appropriated or be applied on debts due by them to the United States, as the case may be.

APPROVED, May 29, 1830.

AN ACT making appropriations for naval service for the year 1831.

For rebuilding and removing the monument, erected in the Removing monunavy yard at Washington, by the officers of the American navy, ment at navy to the memory of those who fell in battle in the Tripolitan war, a sum not exceeding twenty-one hundred dollars, to be expended under the orders of the Secretary of the Navy.

APPROVED, March 2, 1831.

AN ACT making appropriations for the support of Government for the year one thousand eight hundred and thirty-two.

For the purpose of defraying the expenses of a survey of the waters of Narragansett bay, to be made under the direction of survey of Narrathe Secretary of the Navy, with a view to ascertain the practicability and expediency of establishing a naval depôt therein, five thousand dollars.

For enabling the President of the United States to obtain, \$5,000. from the Norfolk Bridge Company, a release and conveyance Norfolk bridge, to the United States of the bridge over the southern branch of the Elizabeth river, between the navy yard and the dry dock, and of the road leading from the same to the southwestern side of said yard, the sum of sixteen thousand dollars : provided, the Secretary of the Navy shall be satisfied that the said \$16,000. sum does not exceed the value of the same : and provided, that the Attorney General of the United States shall be satisfied of the validity of the title, and that the right thus acquired will authorize the United States to remove the bridge, and to enclose the road within the navy yard.

APPROVED, May 5, 1832.

AN ACT to provide for completing the removal and erection of the naval monument.

Be it enacted, §•c., That, for the purpose of paying the workmen for renewing the inscriptions, and giving uniformity of color to the naval monument, its ornaments and statues, recently removed from the Washington navy yard to the Capitol square, a sum not exceeding two hundred dollars be, and the $^{2200}_{\text{ted.}}$ same is hereby, appropriated out of any money in the treasury not otherwise appropriated.

appropria-

APPROVED, July 14, 1832.

1833.

AN ACT for the relief of Thomas Holdup Stevens, and others. Be it enacted, &c., That the President of the United States

\$2000 to be distributed as prize money.

be, and he is hereby, authorized to cause the sum of two thousand dollars to be distributed, as prize money, to Captain Thomas Holdup Stevens, of the United States navy, and the other captors of a piratical felucca within the Colorados reef, in the West Indies, in April, eighteen hundred and twenty-three, which vessel was taken into the service of the United States: and that the said sum be, and the same is hereby, appropriated. for the purpose aforesaid, out of any moneys in the treasury not otherwise appropriated.

APPROVED; July 14, 1832.

A RESOLUTION for the relief of sundry owners of vessels sunk for the defence of Baltimore.

Resolved, &c., That the memorial of John S. Stiles, and the memorial of the other owners, of vessels taken and sunk for the defence of Baltimore during the late war, with the papers and documents referred to the Committee on Claims of the House of Representatives in the cases aforesaid, be referred to the third auditor for his decision, under the act of May twentysubject to super-nine, eighteen hundred and thirty, "for the relief of sundry usy of the navy. owners of vessels sunk for the defence of Baltimore;" which decision shall be subject to the supervision of the Secretary of the Navy.

APPROVED, March 2, 1833.

AN ACT for the relief of the widows and orphans of the officers and seamen who were lost in the United States schooner, the Sylph.

Be it enacted, &c., That the widows, if any such there be, Relatives allow ed a sum equal and in case there be no widow, the child or children, and if to 6 months' pay. there be no child, then the parents or parent, and, if there be no parent, then the brothers and sisters, of the officers and sea-

men who were in the service of the United States, and lost in the schooner Sylph, shall be entitled to, and receive, out of any money in the treasury not otherwise appropriated, a sum equal to six months' pay of their respective deceased relatives aforesaid, in addition to the pay due to the said deceased on the fifteenth day of August, one thousand eight hundred and thirtyone, to which day the arrears of pay due the deceased shall be allowed and paid by the accounting officers of the navy department.

APPROVED, March 2, 1833.

AN ACT to enable the President to make an arrangement with the Government of France in relation to certain French seamen killed or wounded at Toulon, and their families.

Whereas certain French seamen were unfo⁻tunately killed, and others wounded, by firing a salute from the American fri-

Memorial refer-red to 3d auditor for decision;

Preamble.

gate United States, in the harbor of Toulon, on the first day of May last, and whereas it is proper to manifest the sensibility, with which the disastrous accident is viewed by the Government of the United States, therefore,

SEC. 1. Be it enacted, &c., That the President of the United President to en-States be, and he is hereby, authorized and empowered to en- ter into arrange-m't with France ter into an arrangement with the Government of France for the to pay double payment of an annual sum of twice the amount receivable by wounded, and to the navy pensioners of the same or a similar class to the wound- killed. ed who survive, and to such relatives of those who were unhappily killed as aforesaid, as the President may deem it expedient to include in this provision, which said sum shall be paid on the earliest day practicable after the proposed arrangement shall be concluded, and on the same day in each year thereafter during the respective lives of the persons to whom granted.

SEC. 2. And be it further enacted, That a sum of money Appropriation for sufficient to enable the President to carry the aforesaid arrange- the purpose. ment into effect be, and the same is hereby, appropriated, to be paid out of any money in the treasury not otherwise appropriated.

APPROVED, June 28, 1834.

AN ACT making appropriations for the naval service for the year 1836.

SEC. 2. And be it further enacted, That the President of \$150,000 to ena-the United States be, and he hereby is, authorized to send out be the President a surveying and exploring expedition to the Pacific ocean and exploring expedi-tion to the South the South seas, and for that purpose to employ a sloop of war, seas, &c. and to purchase or provide such other smaller vessels as may be necessary and proper to render the said expedition efficient and useful, and for this purpose the sum of one hundred and fifty thousand dollars be, and the same is hereby, appropriated, out of any money in the treasury not otherwise appropriated, and in addition thereto, if necessary, the President of the Uni-Other means to ted States is authorized to use other means in the control of \$150,000 may be the navy department, not exceeding one hundred and fifty used by him. thousand dollars, for the objects required.

APPROVED, May 14, 1836.

1836.



ACTS

FOR THE RELIEF OF INDIVIDUALS.

ALPHABETICALLY ARRANGED.

FRANCIS W. ARMSTRONG. [Maintenance of fifteen Africans. See Taliaferro Livingston.]

1831, Feb. 25

ANDREW ARMSTRONG.

The proper accounting officers of the treasury authorized ¹⁸³⁴, June 30. and required to re-adjust the accounts of Andrew Armstrong, late navy agent at Lima, in Peru, and to allow him a commission of five per centum on moneys disbursed and stores distributed; the amount of damages paid by the said A. A. on bills drawn by him on the Secretary of the Navy, and protested for non-payment; the sum of \$4,279 68, paid for tobacco purchased of H. McCulloch, and delivered over to Philo White; and, also, the amount of \$3,595 15, in lieu of all other charges and expenses of clerk hire, stationery, and office rent, and his expenses and compensation during the time he was in Lima, in consequence of the protest of his bills on the Secretary of the Navy, and on his return to the U. S.

SEC. 2. The balance found due to said Armstrong upon the re-adjustment of his account, upon the principles herein directed, to be paid to him.

WILLIAM D. ACKEN.

The proper accounting officer of the Treasury Department 1834, June 30 to cause to be paid the sum of \$82 27 to William D. Acken, late agent for the preservation of timber on the public lands in Florida, in addition to the allowances already made by the Navy Department, and in full of all demands for contingent expenses on account of said agency.

JAMES BARRON.

That there be paid to James Barron, a captain in the navy 1822, May 7. of the U. S., the sum of \$70 20, being the amount of duties paid by the said Barron to the collector of New York, for certain models for spinning rope yarns, imported by the said Barron into the port of New York, in August, 1815.

The full and exclusive right granted to James Barron, his 1836, July 2. heirs, administrators, and assigns, for the term of fourteen

13

years from the 14th January, 1833, of making, constructing, using, and vending to others to be used, his improvement in the apparatus or machinery for manufacturing bottle corks, a description of which is given in a schedule annexed to letters patent granted to the said James Barron on the 13th January, 1819.

SEC. 2. Also, for the term of fourteen years from the 20th February, 1833, the full and exclusive right and liberty of making, constructing, using, and vending to others to be used, his improvement in the pump for air or water, a description of which is given in a schedule annexed to letters patent granted to the said James Barron for the same, on the 20th February, 1819: *provided*, that all rights and privileges heretofore sold or granted by said patentee, to make, construct, use, or vend the said improvements, or either of them, and not forfeited by the purchasers or grantees, shall enure to, and be employed by, such purchasers or grantees, respectively, as fully, and upon the same conditions, during the periods thereby granted, as for the term which did exist when such sale or grant was made.

SEC. 3. Any person who has bona fide erected or constructed any manufacture or machine, for the purpose of putting said improvements, or either of them, into use, after the expiration of said patents heretofore granted, or is now erecting or constructing any manufacture or machine for the purpose aforesaid, shall have and enjoy the right of using such improvement or improvements now erected or constructed, or now being erected or constructed.

JOSEPH BAINBRIDGE.

1822, May 7.

The accounting officers of the Treasury Department authorized and directed to allow Joseph Bainbridge, a captain in the navy of the U. S., the sum of \$5,697 42, in the settlement of his accounts: *provided*, the same shall not exceed the apparent balance now standing against the said Joseph Bainbridge.

HEIRS OF JOHNSTON BLAKELEY.

1823, Mar. 3.

The proper accounting officers of the Treasury Department authorized and directed to pass to the credit of the account of Johnston Blakeley, late a captain in the U. S. navy, the sum of \$3,028 64, being the amount of moneys advanced to the said Blakeley, before the first day of May, 1814, for the use of the U. S. navy.

CHARLES D. BRODIE.

1825, Mar. 3. The sum of \$1,000 to be paid to Charles D. Brodie, for his invention and services in stopping a leak in the bottom of the Delaware 74.

MARY J. BABBIT, mother of FITZ HENRY BABBIT. A pension of \$200 per annum, for the term of five years, to-

1833, Mar. 2.

commence on the 29th day of November, 1830, allowed, and to be paid semi-annually, out of the navy pension fund, to Mary J. Babbit, the mother of Fitz Henry Babbit, late a lieutenant in navy of the U. S., to cease, in case of the death of Mary J. Babbit, before the expiration of said term of five years.

Further extended for the term of five years from the 29th day 1836, July 2. of November last, provided she lives so long, otherwise, during her life.

EDWARD B. BABBIT.

The proper accounting officer of the Treasury Department 1833, Mar. 2. authorized and required, in the settlement of the accounts of Edward B. Babbit, a lieutenant in the navy of the U. S., to allow him a credit for the sum of \$781 50, being an amount received from the purser by him while acting as commander of the frigate Guerriere, in January, 1831, in the Pacific ocean, under the former regulations of the naval service, beyond the amount to which he was entitled according to the regulations digested and published in the year 1832.

FRANCIS BARNES.

In the settlement of the contract of Francis Barnes with the 1834, June 19. Board of Navy Commissioners, to supply whiskey for the use of the navy for the year 1831, the accounting officers of the treasury to allow him the sum of \$700 out of the amount charged him for the difference between the contract price and the sum paid by the navy agent at Baltimore, in the purchase of 20,000 gallons of whiskey, which said Barnes had failed to supply on a requisition under his contract.

NOAH and ADAM BROWN.

The Secretary of the Treasury authorized and directed to 1836, July 2. pay to Noah Brown, and the legal representatives of Adam Brown, the sum of \$5,030, being the amount of losses sustained by A. and N. B. upon the sale of treasury notes made by them in the years 1814 and 1815, under an agreement with the commissioners for building the steam frigate Fulton the first.

JOHN P. BRIGGS.

The Secretary of the Navy authorized and required to place 1837, Mar. 3. upon the list of invalid pensioners of the navy pension fund, at the rate of \$25 per month, to be paid out of said fund, John P. Briggs, late an acting surgeon on board of the ship Saratoga, who was wounded by a splinter, in the action with the British fleet on lake Champlain, on the 11th September, 1814; to commence on the 1st October, 1832.

> JAMES BASSETT. [March 3, 1839. See Jarius Loomis.]

MELANCTON W. BOSTWICK.

1840, July 20.

The Secretary of the Treasury authorized and required to cancel and annul a bond given by Melancton W. Bostwick, John Taylor, Chauncey Belding, Caleb Holmes, and Samuel Belding, bearing date the 6th August, 1814, in the penal sum of \$10,000; conditioned for the faithful conduct of Melancton W. Bostwick, a purser in the navy of the U. S., who perished in the brig Epervier.

WILLIAM C. BOLTON. See FINCH.

BENJAMIN F. BOURNE. See GEORGE JOHNSTON.

MARY CHEVER.

1814, April 12.

A gratuity of \$25 quarter-yearly, to be paid out of the navy pension fund, to Mary Chever, for and during her life, as a gratuity from Congress on account of the distinguished bravery and services of her two sons, John Chever and Joseph P. Chever, who were seamen on board the frigate Constitution, and who were slain at the capture of the British frigate Java.

JAMES H. CLARK.

1823, Mar. 3.

The accounting officers of the Treasury Department authorized and directed to allow James H. Clark the sum of \$816, in the settlement of his accounts; the same being the amount of money of which he was robbed in Marseilles, on the 3d December, 1815.

JOHN K. CARTER.

1824, May 21.

The proper accounting officers of the Treasury Department authorized to pass to the credit of John K. Carter such sum as shall be satisfactorily shown to have been the depreciation on treasury notes, advanced by the Government, and expended by him in the recruiting service, in the city of New York, from the 1st August, 1814, to the 1st May, 1815, taking for the rule of allowance the difference in value between the treasury notes so advanced, and the money current at par, in the city of New York, at the periods when the advances were made, and confining the allowances to the loss on the sums actually expended within the periods before mentioned.

1830, May 28.

ALEXANDER CLAXTON.

The Secretary of the Navy to pay to the person or persons who may be legally entitled to receive the same, or who may have legally paid the same, the taxable costs decreed to be paid by Alexander Claxton, a master commandant in the navy of the U. S., in the suit prosecuted by him against the English merchant ship James Mitchell, in the Superior Court of the District of East Florida; and a sum, not exceeding \$5,264 98, appropriated for the purpose. SEC. 2. The proper accounting officers of the Treasury Department authorized and directed to audit and allow the accounts of the said Alexander Claxton, for his reasonable expenses, incurred by him in and about the prosecution of his claim for salvage against the English merchant ship James Mitchell, in the Superior Court of the District of East Florida, so as that said expenses shall not exceed \$872 75; and the amount when ascertained, to be paid to the said Alexander Claxton.

The proper accounting officers of the Treasury Department 1833, Mar. 2. authorized and directed to allow to A. C., a captain in the navy of the U. S., in the settlement of his account, for his reasonable expenses incurred in and about the prosecution of his claim for salvage against the English merchant ship James Mitchell, in the Superior Court of the District of East Florida, in addition to the sum provided by the act to which this is a supplement, the further sum of \$637.

JOSEPH S. CANNON.

The Secretary of the Navy authorized and required to place 1831, Mar. 3. the name of Joseph S. Cannon on the navy pension list, at the rate of \$10 per month, payable from the 1st January, 1829.

WOLCOTT CHAUNCEY.

The proper accounting officers of the Treasury Department 1834, June 30. authorized to audit and settle the account of Wolcott Chauncey, now a captain in the navy of the U. S., on the principles of equity and justice; and to allow, in the settlement thereof, whatever loss may have been sustained by him from the sale of treasury notes received by him in the years 1814 and 1815, and applied to the public service under the direction of the Navy Department: *provided*, that the allowance so, as aforesaid, made, shall not exceed the sum of \$766 20.

HORATIO N. CRABB.

Horatio N. Crabb, a lieutenant of the marine corps of the U. 1834, June 30. S., allowed and paid, out of the funds appropriated for the naval service, for services performed by him for the quartermaster's department of the said corps, at the rate of \$15 a month, from June 25, 1830, to November 4, 1830; and from December 9, 1830, to November 30, 1831, each of said days included.

RICHARD DALE.

The proper accounting officers of the Navy Department au-1814, Jan. 11. thorized and required to settle and adjust the account of Richard Dale, and pass to his credit the amount of such sea stores as may have been furnished him by the U. S. while he was commander of the U. S. ship Ganges: *provided*, the said R. D. will relinquish all claims to the rations to which he may be entitled.

DANIEL DOBBINS. See RUFUS S. REED.

PENELOPE DENNY.

1826, May 16.

A pension of \$108 per annum, for the term of five years from the 9th November, 1822, allowed and to be paid, out of the navy pension fund, to Penelope Denny, the mother of James Denny, late a quarter-gunner in the navy of the U.S.; to cease in case of the death or marriage of the said P. D. before the expiration of said term.

SILAS DUNCAN.

1826, May 13.

The provisions of the joint resolutions of Congress, passed Oct. 20, 1814, entitled "Resolutions expressive of the sense of Congress of the gallant conduct of Captain Thomas Macdonough, the officers, seamen, and marines, and infantry serving as marines, on board of the U.S. squadron on lake Champlain," to be so construed and extended as to include the name of Silas Duncan, a lieutenant in the navy of the U.S., in testimony of the sense which is entertained by both Houses of Congress, of the distinguished gallantry and good conduct of the said Lieutenant Duncan, in an action with the enemy's forces, on the 6th September, 1814, on the same lake.

JOHN S. DEVLIN.

1833, Feb. 27. The proper accounting officers of the treasury directed to settle the accounts of John S. Devlin, quartermaster sergeant in

1836, July 1.

the U.S. marine corps, upon principles of equity and justice. The Secretary of the Treasury authorized to pay to John S. Devlin, quartermaster sergeant of the U.S. marine corps, the sum of \$190, being in full for extra services rendered in the capacity of clerk.

THOMAS DORNIN.

The sum of \$129 appropriated for compensation to Lieut. 1834, June 30. Thomas Dornin, for extra services in surveying the coast in 1827; the said sum having been carried to the surplus fund from a former appropriation.

JOHN DOWNES.

1835, Mar. 3.

The sum of \$1,080 appropriated, to be paid to Captain J. D. in reimbursement of the cost of presents to the native authorities in the Society and Sandwich islands, while commanding the squadron of the U.S. of the Pacific ocean.

The Secretary of the Treasury authorized and directed to 1840, July 20. allow to Captain John Downes, in the settlement of his account, the sum of \$723 60 with which he stands charged twice in his account at the Treasury Department, and cause the said sum of \$723 60 to be paid to the said Captain John Downes.

SUSAN DECATUR.

Mrs. Susan Decatur, widow of the late Commodore Stephen ¹⁸³⁷, Mar. 3. Decatur, to be paid, from the navy pension fund, a pension for five years, commencing from the 30th June, 1834, in conformity with the provisions of the act concerning naval pensions and the navy pension fund, passed 30th June, 1834; and be allowed from said fund the arrearages of the half-pay of a post captain, from the death of Commodore Decatur to the 30th June, 1834, together with the pension hereby allowed her; and the arrearage of said pension to be vested in the Secretary of the Treasury in trust for the use of the said Susan Decatur. The said pension to cease on her death or marriage.

JESSE E. DOW.

The sum of \$153 33 to be paid to Jesse E. Dow, for his 1839, Mar. 2. time and expenses in bearing despatches from Commodore Elliott, commanding the U. S. naval squadron in the Mediterranean, and from Mr. Kavanagh, our chargé d'affaires in Portugal, to the Navy and State Departments of the U. S.

LEONARD DENISON and ELISHA ELY.

SEC. 1. The Fourth Auditor of the Treasury to ascertain ¹⁸³², Mar. 28. the damages sustained, and the expenses incurred, by Leonard Denison and Elisha Ely, arising from the omission, on the part of the navy officer at Sacket's Harbor, to deliver, within a reasonable time, the whole of 1491 tons, 14cwt. 3qrs. and 5lbs. of the armament and naval stores at that station to them, after the 10th June, 1825, to be transported, under a contract made with the Navy Commissioners, to Brooklyn, in New York. SEC. 2. The damages and expenses so ascertained shall be subject to the supervision of the Secretary of the Navy : and when the amount shall be finally settled and adjusted, the same shall be paid.

ELISHA ELY. See L. DENISON and E. ELY.

JOHN B. FANNING.

The Secretary of the Navy authorized and required to ad-1824, May 19. just and settle the accounts of John B. Fanning, late a purser in the navy of the U. S., upon principles of equity and justice, and to make such allowances to the administrator of his estate, as, under the circumstances of the case, shall appear just and reasonable: *provided*, *however*, that no allowance shall be made by virtue of this act, beyond the balance now standing against said Fanning on the books of the Navy Department.

WILLIAM B. FINCH.

\$5,000 appropriated to enable the President of the U. S. to 1831, Mar. 2. allow compensation to Captain William B. Finch, for extra services and expenses in command of the sloop of war Vincennes, in the years 1829 and 1830; the accounts for such services and expenses to be settled under the direction of the President.

1833, Jan. 14.

William Bolton Finch, a post captain in the navy of the U. S., and Elizabeth B. Finch, his sister, both of the District of Columbia, respectively authorized, from and after the passage of this act, to take and use the sumame of Bolton; and the name of said William to be hereafter William Compton Bolton, and the name of the said Elizabeth, hereafter, to be Elizabeth Bolton; by which names, respectively, all acts and engagements done or made may be enforced, and have the same effect and operation in law, as if their names had originally been William Compton Bolton and Elizabeth Bolton.

Heirs of ROBERT FULTON.

1836, June 23.

The petition and papers of the heirs of Robert Fulton, referred to the Secretary of the Navy, to state an account between the U. S. and said heirs, by debiting them with all the moneys paid to the said R. F., and not settled on the books of the Treasury Department.

Second: To credit the said heirs with all moneys advanced or expended by the said Fulton, in and about the business of the U. S., committed to his care, or about which he had an agency.

Third: To credit the said heirs a compensation commensurate with the value and importance of the services rendered by the said R. F., to the U. S., in inventing a system of coast and harbor defence, and in testing its utility, so far as he was employed or engaged to render such services by the authorities of the U. S., or when such services were recognised as having been rendered for the U. S., previous to, or during, the late war with Great Britain.

Fourth: To credit the said heirs with the like compensation, for the services of the said R. F., for inventing and in superintending the construction of a steam frigate, at New York, during and after said war.

Fifth: To credit the said heirs with a just and equitable compensation, for the detention of the steamboat Vesuvius, at New Orleans, from the 30th December, 1814, to the 12th March, 1815, both days inclusive, being the time the said boat remained aground by reason of her being impressed into the service of the U. S., and grounded when in said service.

The said Secretary of the Navy authorized to take such further testimony as he shall think necessary, and ascertain what defence was made to the suit in favor of the U. S. against the representatives of R. F., in the southern district of New York, and what composed the items of set-off to the claim of the U. S.; and the said Secretary to report his proceedings at the next session of Congress.

JONATHAN M. FOLTZ.

The same pay allowed, from the 7th June, 1836, to the 9th 1839, Mar. 3. March, 1837, to J. M. Foltz, that was allowed to surgeon at the head quarters of the U. S. marine corps, who was relieved by him, by order of the Secretary of the Navy.

ELIAS GLENN.

The Secretary of the Treasury authorized to pay to Elias 1825, Mar. 3. Glenn the sum of \$100, in full for his services in taking depositions, at the instance and request of the late Secretary of the Navy.

FRANCIS H. GREGORY.

The proper accounting officers of the Treasury Department 1828, May 26. authorized and directed to audit and allow the account of Lieutenant Francis H. Gregory, late commander of the U. S. schooner Grampus, for expenses incurred by him in prosecuting, in the courts of the U. S., the suit in the case of the brig Palmira or Panchita, captured on the high seas for alleged piratical aggressions, and sent into the U. S. for adjudication; and the amount of said expenses, when ascertained, to be paid to the said Francis H. Gregory.

JOHN M. GAMBLE.

The Secretary of the Navy authorized and directed to cause 1836, July 2. to be paid to John M. Gamble, twenty-five cents for each ration furnished by him to seventeen seamen and four marines, together with six prisoners of war, under his command, when left by Commodore Porter in charge of prizes in the Pacific ocean, during the years 1813 and 1814.

SPENCER C. GIST.

The proper accounting officers of the Treasury authorized ¹⁸³⁹, Mar. 3. to settle and adjust the account of Spencer C. Gist, a midshipman in the navy of the U. S., for his services as an acting lieutenant on board the frigate Guerriere, Captain Thompson, in the Pacific ocean, from the 10th March, 1830, to the 28th December, 1831; and to allow him the extra pay and emoluments to which he may be entitled, over and above the amount already received by him as midshipman and acting sailingmaster of said ship; and the amount so found due to the said Spencer C. Gist to be paid.

SETH HARDING.

The Secretary of the Navy directed to place upon the navy 1807, Feb. 6. list of invalid pensioners of the U. S., Seth Harding, late a captain in the navy of the U. S., who has been so disabled in the line of his duty, while in service, that he is unable to support himself by labor; and who shall be entitled to receive one-half his monthly pay of a captain in the navy, to commence from the 1st January, 1804, agreeably to the provisions contained in the act, entitled "An act for the better government of the navy of the U. S."

JOHN HALL.

1818, April 20.

20. The proper accounting officers of the Treasury Department authorized and directed to credit John Hall, late a major of marines, with the sum of \$2,400, in the settlement of his accounts, the same being part of a sum of money deposited in the hands of the said Hall, for the purpose of purchasing supplies for the marines under his command, and of which the said Hall was robbed in Marseilles, in France.

SAMUEL F. HOOKER.

1818, April 20. The proper accounting officers of the Treasury Department authorized and directed to settle the claim of S. F. Hooker, of Sacket's Harbor, in the State of New York, for property taken and occupied for public use, at Sacket's Harbor aforesaid, and for a house and barn destroyed by the enemy during the late war, at Cape St. Vincent, or Gravelly Point, which had been rented by authority of the U. S. for barracks; and the sum which shall be found due shall be paid to the said Samuel F. Hooker: provided, it shall not exceed, in the whole, \$3,867 66.

1819, Feb. 15.

1823, Feb. 28.

The proper officers of the Treasury Department authorized and required to pay S. F. Hooker, the sum of \$785.

The Secretary of the Navy authorized and empowered to audit and settle, upon such principles as are applicable to contracts, the claims of S. F. Hooker, against the Navy Department of the U. S.; with authority, if he shall think proper so to do, to submit said claims to arbitration.

SEC. 2. The amount of the claims, when ascertained, to be paid, deducting whatever advances may have been made to the said Samuel F. Hooker, upon such claims.

JOHN H. HOLLAND.

1836, July 2.

The Secretary of the Treasury to pay to John H. Holland \$1,371 47, for his expense and charges incurred in the care, clothing, and subsistence of a number of Africans placed in his charge, as marshal of the eastern district of Louisiana, under the laws of the U. S. relative to the slave trade.

SEC. 2. The Secretary of the Navy to take and receive further testimony relative to so much of the account of said John H. Holland, as is embraced in the charges of Dr. James S. McFarlan for professional services and medicine, and allow a reasonable and just amount for the services actually rendered by said McFarlan, and medicine furnished said Africans; to report said amount, so allowed, to the Secretary of the Treasury, who is directed to pay said amount, so certified, to the said John H. Holland.

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BENJAMIN HEWITT.

The Secretary of the Navy authorized to examine and de-1839, Mar. 3. cide upon the claim of Benjamin Hewitt, agreeably to the provisions of the resolution of the 10th February, 1832, empowering the Secretary of the Navy to settle certain contracts and relinquish certain forfeitures, and to extend to him the full benefit of said resolution, if he finds and adjudges his case to be within the principle thereof.

GEORGE JOHNSTON.

George Johnston released from the effects of the judgment 1831, Mar. 2. obtained against him by the U. S., in the circuit court of the U. S. for the first judicial district, as one of the sureties of Benjamin F. Bourne, late a purser in the navy of the U. S.

The above act amended, so as to be deemed and construed 1832, July 14. to apply to a judgment recovered by the U. S. of America against George Johnston, as one of the sureties of Benjamin F. Bourne, late a purser in the U. S. navy, in the district court of the U. S. for the eastern district of Louisiana; the judgment intended in the said act having been obtained in that court against the said George Johnston as surety as aforesaid, but through mistake not being so referred to.

THOMAS AP C. JONES.

The proper accounting officers of the Navy Department, au-1816, April 26. thorized and directed to audit and settle the accounts of Thomas Ap Catesby Jones, a lieutenant of the navy of the U. S., and to allow him, in the settlement thereof, such credits as may be equitable and just.

The Secretary of the Navy authorized and directed to allow 1834, May 10. and pay to Thomas Ap C. Jones, out of the navy pension fund, as arrears of pension to which he is entitled on account of a permanent disability occasioned by a wound received by him in battle with the enemy during the last war with Great Britain, the sum of \$20 per month, from the 18th of July, 1815, to the 15th November, 1831, deducting therefrom any sum, accruing between these dates, which may have been paid him on account of the pension allowed him by the commisers of the navy pension fund, on the 31st July, 1828.

JOHN JUDGE. See JAMES TUCKER.

1836, July 1.

EZEKIEL JONES.

The proper accounting officers of the Treasury authorized to 1839, Mar. 3. allow to Ezekiel Jones, for his services as commander of the revenue cutter "Washington," while acting in conjunction with the navy of the U. S. in 1836, the same amount of pay as a lieutenant in the navy would be entitled to receive for like services, deducting therefrom the sum which he has already received therefor

EDMUND P. KENNEDY.

1819, Mar. 3.

The proper accounting officers of the Treasury Department authorized to audit and settle the account of Captain Edmund P. Kennedy, in such manner, and upon such terms, as may be reasonable and just.

SAMUEL KEEP.

1832, Mar. 15.

The proper accounting officers of the Treasury authorized and required to adjust and settle, upon the principles of justice and equity, the accounts and claims of the legal representatives of Samuel Keep, relative to a certain contract made on the Sth September, 1826, by the Board of Navy Commissioners of the one part, and the said Samuel Keep of the other part.

> SEC. 2. All moneys allowed to the legal representatives of the said Samuel Keep, on such adjustment and settlement, to be paid.

GEORGE LITTLE.

1807, Jan. 17. The proper accounting officers to liquidate and adjust, with George Little, the account of damages, interest and charges, in the case of the brig Flying Fish, captured by him while commander of the frigate Boston, in the service of the U.S., during the year 1799, and afterwards libelled in the district court of the U.S. for the district of Massachusetts; in which case judgment was ultimately rendered by the circuit court, in pursuance of a decision of the Supreme Court of the U.S.; and so much as may be necessary for satisfying the same, to be paid.

ERASTUS LOOMIS.

1816, Mar. 25. The proper accounting officers of the Navy Department authorized to adjust and settle the claim of Erastus Loomis, and allow him the pay and emoluments of a second lieutenant of marines, from the 1st August, 1814, to the 28th Dec. 1815; also, the expenses incurred by said Loomis, in consequence of a wound received by him whilst gallantly doing his duty on board the brig Eagle, in the action on lake Champlain, on the 11th Sept., 1814; the amount whereof shall be paid out of any money in the treasury not otherwise appropriated.

EDWARD LEE.

1826, Dec. 29.

The Secretary of the Treasury to pay to Edward Lee the sum of \$2,812 50, the value of 37,500 pounds of navy bread, which he contracted with Commodore Chauncey, to deliver at Sacket's Harbor, on or before the 1st Dec., 1813, for the use of the navy, and which, being examined by the proper officer, was left in possession of the said Lee, for the want of a convenient place to receive it into the public stores, and was thereafter accidentally destroyed by fire.

TALIAFERRO LIVINGSTON.

The Secretary of the Navy authorized to pay, out of an ap-1828, May 24. propriation of \$30,000 for the suppression of the slave trade, the claim of the administrator of the estate of Taliaferro Livingston, late U. S. Marshal for the district of Alabama, for the maintenance of sundry Africans captured in 1818: the said administrator to produce satisfactory evidence of the reasonableness of the charges of the said maintenance; and the sums received by the said Livingston for the hire of the said Africans, and for the labor performed for him by said Africans, if any, to be accounted for, and deducted.

TALIAFERRO LIVINGSTON and FRANCIS W. ARM-STRONG.

The Secretary of the Navy authorized to pay, out of the sum 1831, Feb. 25. appropriated for the suppression of the slave trade, the claim of the heirs of Taliaferro Livingston, late Marshal of the U. S. for the district of Alabama, for the maintenance of fifteen Africans, illegally imported into the U. S. in the schooners Louisa and Marino, in 1818: satisfactory evidence of the reasonableness of the charges for said maintenance to be furnished, and the sums received by the said Livingston for the hire of said Africans, and for the labor performed for him by them, if any, to be accounted for, and deducted.

SEC. 2. The same allowance to be made to Francis W. Armstrong, Marshal of the U. S. for the district of Alabama, for the time that the aforesaid fifteen Africans were kept by him, subject, in the settlement, to the same restrictions provided for in the first section of this act.

JOHN LACY.

The proper accounting officers of the Treasury authorized 1832, July 3. and required to audit, adjust, and settle, upon principles of justice and equity, the account of John Lacy, for losses said to have been sustained by him in consequence of the non-compliance on the part of the U. S. with the conditions of a contract into which the said John Lacy had entered with Captains Porter and Warrington, acting in behalf of the U. S., in the year 1824; and the amount ascertained to be due, to be paid to the said John Lacy, or to his legal representatives. The said accounting officers not to allow any estimate for salvage on account of the loss of the schooner Mary and Elizabeth.

JARIUS LOOMIS, and heirs of JAMES BASSET.

The sum of \$5,465 appropriated, to be distributed as prize 1839, Mar. 3. money, by the Secretary of the Navy, among the officers and crews, their, or either of their heirs, or legal representatives, of the gunboats numbered 149 and 154, who, in attempting to pass up the river Appalachicola, with a convoy of provisions and stores in the month of July, 1816, were attacked by a fort situated on said river, and occupied by a number of fugitive negroes and Indians; and who, in resisting said attack, blew up and destroyed said fort, with the greatest part of those by whom it was occupied.

ALEXANDER MURRAY.

1805, Jan. 31.

The proper accounting officers to liquidate and adjust with Alexander Murray, the account of damages, interest, and charges, in the case of the schooner Charming Betsey, recaptured by him while commander of the frigate Constellation, in the service of the U. S. during the year 1800, and afterwards libelled in the district court of the U. S., for the district of Pennsylvania, in which case judgment was ultimately rendered by the circuit court in pursuance of a decision of the Supreme Court of the U. S.; and so much as may be necessary for satisfying the same appropriated.

ISAAC McKEEVER.

1827, Feb. 8.

The proper accounting officers of the Treasury Department authorized to allow to Lieutenant Isaac McKeever so much of the proceeds of the forfeitures and penalties as have accrued to the U. S. from the condemnation of the vessels Marino and Louisa, and their cargoes, as may be necessary to cover his reasonable expenses in prosecuting the suits against the said vessels and cargoes, in the District Court of the U. S. for the District of Alabama, for the violation of the laws of the U. S.

JOHN H. MAGUIRE.

1834, May 10. The Secretary of the Treasury to pay to John H. Maguire, the sum of \$350, for investment of the navy pension fund, to the amount of \$140,000, in different stocks, to the acceptance of the Board of Commissioners of the navy pension fund, in the year 1831; being an allowance of one-fourth of one per centum on the amount so invested.

MERVIN P. MIX.

1835, Mar. 3.

The Secretary of the Navy to audit the claim of Mervin P. Mix, late a lieutenant in the navy of the U. S., for loss incurred by him on disbursing treasury notes for the recruiting service at New York, in the years 1814 and 1815; and authorized to credit said Mix any sum he may prove he has lost in said disbursement, not exceeding the sum of \$651 79: the Secretary of the Navy, before he shall make said credit, shall find that the said loss arose from the sale of said notes, under the orders of Commodore O. H. Perry, under whose command said Mix was employed in the recruiting service.

ELIZABETH MAYS, mother of WILSON MAYS.

1836, May 14. A pension of \$114 per annum, for the term of five years, from the 3d September 1834, allowed and to be paid, in halfyearly payments, out of the navy pension fund, to Elizabeth Mays, the mother of Wilson Mays, late a carpenter's mate in the navy of the U. S., to continue only during the life and widowhood of said E. M.

FRANCIS MALLABY.

The Secretary of the Treasury to pay to Francis Mallaby the 1839, Mar. 3, sum of \$392, for quarters to which he was entitled as sailingmaster at the U. S. navy yard at Brooklyn, from the 27th March, 1827, to the 31st December, 1830, inclusive; but which quarters were not furnished him, nor were there any part of that time any quarters that could have been assigned to him, as certified by Commodore Chauncey, then commander of the yard.

JOHN NICHOLSON.

The proper officers of the Treasury to settle and pay to John^{1831, Mar. 3.} Nicholson, Marshal of the eastern district of Louisiana, such sums as may reasonably be due, or may hereafter become due, to him, for the care, custody, maintenance, and clothing of such Africans as may have been brought into the port of New Orleans, and legally committed to his custody by order of the court of the U. S. for the said district.

JAMES NOBLE.

The proper accounting officers of the Treasury Department 1834, June 30. directed to audit and settle the claims of James Noble, to pay as acting lieutenant, from the 10th day of March, 1830, to 22d of August, 1831; and from 1st December, 1831, to the 14th February, 1832; upon the same principles upon which like claims were settled previous to the date of the order of the Navy Department in relation to such claims, and bearing date the 10th March, 1830.

ASHER PALMER.

The proper accounting officers of the Navy Department au-1816,April_26. thorized and directed to audit and settle the claim of Asher Palmer, for a small schooner captured by the British forces in the late war, while the same was in the service of the U. S., by ascertaining, or causing to be ascertained, the value thereof, in such manner as shall be reasonable and just. The amount, when so ascertained, to be paid to the said A. P.

Family of the late OLIVER H. PERRY.

From and after the 23d August, 1819, the following sums 1821, Mar. 2. be, and the same hereby are, settled, by way of annuity, payable, under the direction of the Secretary of the Treasury, half yearly, at the Treasury of the U. S., or at the loan office at Providence, at the option of the annuitants, on the widow and children of the late O. H. Perry, of the U. S. navy; that is to say:

On Elizabeth Perry, dowager of the aforesaid O. H. Perry, \$400 during her natural life: *provided*, that the said annuity shall cease and determine on the determination of her widowhood:

On Christopher Grant Perry, his eldest son, \$150:

On Oliver Hazard Perry, his second son, \$150: and

On Christopher Raymond Perry, his third son, \$150:

until the said Christopher Grant, Oliver Hazard, and Christopher Raymond, shall arrive at full age of twenty-one years respectively:

And on Margaret Perry, only daughter, and youngest child, of the said O. H. Perry, deceased, the sum of \$150, until she shall arrive at the age of twenty-one years aforesaid. In case the said Margaret shall have contracted any marriage on or before she shall reach the age of twenty-one years, aforesaid, then the said pension or annuity shall cease and determine on the day whereon the said marriage shall have been contracted, as aforesaid: and in case the said Margaret shall not have contracted any marriage on that day, or prior thereto, then the said pension or allowance shall continue to be paid until the marriage or natural demise of the said Margaret. In case any of the said children of the said O. H. Perry, deceased, shall die under lawful age as aforesaid, then, and in that case, the pension or annuity granted by this act, shall, in such case, cease and determine, in respect to such child so deceasing.

DANIEL T. PATTERSON.

1825, Mar. 3.

The proper accounting officers of the Treasury Department authorized and directed to pass to the credit of Captain Daniel T. Patterson, the sum of \$250, the amount with which he stands overcharged on the books of the Navy Department. The Secretary of the Treasury to pay to Captain Daniel T.

Patterson, of the navy of the U. S., \$3,391, for extraordinary expenses incurred when he commanded the U. S. squadron in the Mediterranean, in the years 1832, 1833, 1834, and 1835, in receiving and entertaining on board of his ship, the head officers of the Governments of the countries where the presence of said squadron was required for the general protection of the commercial interests of his Government, and for his extraordinary

1838, July 7.

BENJAMIN PENDLETON.

expenses in visiting the courts of those Governments.

The sum of \$4,763, appropriated for compensation to Captain Benjamin Pendleton, for moneys paid by him for cancelling the charter party, and outfit and demurrage of the brig Seraph, of Stonington, for his pay as a lieutenant of the navy, and for moneys paid by him to the ship keeper of the said vessel.

1831, Mar. 2.

THOMAS PAINE.

The proper accounting officers of the Treasury authorized 1832, Mar. 22. to pay to Thomas Paine, the sum of \$500, in full for two months and a half provisions lost in the revenue cutter Crawford, on the 16th March, 1829.

JOHN PERCIVAL.

The Secretary of the Treasury directed to pay to John Per- 1834, June 19. cival, master commandant in the U. S. navy, \$500, being the amount expended by said Percival while commanding the U. S. schooner Dolphin during a cruise in 1825 and 1826, to the Mulgrave and other islands in the Pacific ocean, to relieve a part of the crew of the whale ship Globe.

MATTHEW C. PERRY.

The sum of \$1,500 appropriated, to be paid to Matthew C. 1835, Mar. 3. Perry, master commandant in the navy of the U. S., for extra services and expenses incurred by him, while commanding the U. S. sloop of war Concord, in obedience to orders, and, more particularly, in the reception on board his ship of Mehemet Ali, the Pacha of Egypt, and a numerous suite.

FOXHALL A. PARKER.

The Secretary of the Treasury to pay to Captain F. A. Par-1837, Mar. 3.] ker, of the U. S. navy, the sum of \$200, for actual expenses incurred by him while commanding the Fairfield sloop of war, in the Mediterranean, during the year 1828, in carrying out Mr. Edward Wyer, bearer of despatches to the commander of the squadron, in the Mediterranean sea, by order of the Secretary of the Navy of the U. S.

CHARLES W. PICKERING.

The proper accounting officer of the Treasury authorized to 1837, Mar. 3. adjust and settle the account of Charles W. Pickering, a midshipman in the navy of the U. S., and to allow him the difference between the pay and emoluments of a lieutenant over that of a midshipman, for the period during which he performed the duties of a lieutenant on board the U. S. ship Falmouth, by order of her commander, Françis H. Gregory, in the Pacific ocean, in the year 1833; and the amount so found due to him to be paid.

JOHN RODGERS.

Under the peculiar circumstances of the case of an appeal, 1816, Feb. 25. taken by Commodore John Rodgers, from a decree of the U. S. circuit court for the district of Massachusetts, affirming that of the district court for the said district, to the Supreme Court of the U. S. in the case wherein John Donnell, of Baltimore, was libellant, and the said John Rodgers and John Smith were

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respondents, the U. S. will indemnify and save harmless any persons who may become sureties for the said John Rodgers, in a bond to respond the final judgment of the Supreme Court on the said appeal. This interposition on the part of the U. S. not to be considered as involving them in any other engagement or responsibility, than to indemnify and save harmless the said sureties from eventual loss, on account of such suretyship.

1818, April 11.

The proper accounting officers of the Treasury to settle the account of John Rodgers, for expenses actually incurred in the defence of a suit brought against him by John Donnell, of Baltimore, owner of the schooner Eleanor, and finally reversed in the superior court of the U. S., and pay him the sum of \$1,695 79.

RUFUS S. REED and DANIEL DOBBINS.

1816, April 27.

The proper accounting officers of the Navy Department authorized and directed to audit and settle the claim of R. S. R. and D. D., for the schooner "Salina," by ascertaining, or causing to be ascertained, the value thereof, in such manner and upon such terms as may be equitable and just. The amount, when so ascertained, to be paid to the said R. S. R. and D. D.

JOHN G. REYNOLDS.

1834, June 30.

John G. Reynolds, a lieutenant of the marine corps of the U. S. allowed and paid, out of the funds appropriated for the naval service, for services performed by him for the quartermaster's department of the said corps, at the rate of fifteen dollars a month, from August 1st, 1828, to April 30th, 1831.

The Secretary of the Navy authorized to cause to be paid to the said Reynolds the usual allowances made by the department in case of extra duty, as provost marshal of general court martial, and for such time as he, the said Reynolds, shall be able to prove such service to have been actually performed.

SAMUEL W. RUFF.

1836, June 14. The proper accounting officers of the Treasury authorized to audit and settle the account of Samuel W. Ruff, a surgeon in the navy of the U. S., and to allow him the pay and emoluments of a surgeon, in lieu of the pay and emoluments of an assistant surgeon, from the 4th April, 1831, up to the time of his appointment as surgeon in the year 1834; and the amount due to the said Samuel W. Ruff, upon such settlement and allowance, to be paid.

HENRY RICHARDSON.

1836, July 2.

72. The Secretary of the Navy authorized to pay to the legal representatives of Henry Richardson, deceased, out of the navy pension fund, the sum \$233 80, it being the amount due to the said representatives of Henry Richardson, deceased, a marine on board the U.S. sloop of war Wasp, under the act of Congress of the 6th April, 1816, and passed to the navy pension fund in consequence of not being claimed.

JOHN RUDD.

The sum of \$40, heretofore appropriated, and carried to the 1836, July 2. surplus fund, to be paid to Lieutenant John Rudd, for his proportion of prize money in virtue of the act entitled "An act for the relief of Thomas Holdup Stevens, and others," approved 14th July, 1832.

EDWIN T. SATTERWHITE.

The accountant of the Navy Department authorized and re- 1813, July 22. quired to assume the day of the departure of the U.S. brig Vixen from a port in the U.S. on her last cruise, as the day on which the account of said E. T. Satterwhite, the purser of said brig, shall be settled and balanced. And the accountant authorized to pay to the said E. T. S., such sum as may be due for pay and commissions, previous to the said day of the sailing of the brig Vixen from a port in the U.S., if in his judgment any such sum may be due. [See act of Aug. 2, 1813, page 176, "for the relief of the officers and crew of the late U. S. brig Vixen."]

The Secretary of the Navy authorized and required to ad-1814, Mar. 31. just and settle the accounts of E. T. Satterwhite, late a purser of the U.S. sloop of war Hornet, upon principles of equity and justice, and to make him such allowances as, under the circumstances of his case, shall appear reasonable.

THOMAS SHIELDS.

The Secretary of the Treasury authorized to cause to be paid 1822, May 7. to Thomas Shields, or his legal representative, the sum of \$1,693 10, in consideration of his loss of property to that amount, occasioned by burning the public store-house at the bay of St. Louis, by order of Lieutenant Jones, commanding the naval force of the U.S., stationed at that point, during the invasion of Louisiana by the enemy, in the winter of 1814 and '15.

ROBERT F. STOCKTON.

The proper accounting officers of the Treasury Department 1823, Mar. 3. authorized and directed to audit and allow the accounts of Lieutenant Robert F. Stockton, late commander of the U.S. schooner Alligator, for money paid and expenses incurred, or which may hereafter be incurred, by him, in any suit or suits instituted in the courts of the U. S., in the case of the schooner Jeune Eugenia, captured off the coast of Africa, by the said schooner Alligator, for an alleged violation of the laws prohibiting the slave trade; and in the case of the ship Marianna Flora, likewise captured on the high seas, for an alleged pirati-

cal aggression on the said schooner Alligator, while under the command of the said Stockton; and which vessels, respectively, were sent into the U.S. for adjudication.

SEC. 2. 'The amount of said expenses, when ascertained by the Secretary of the Treasury, to be paid to the said Robert F. Stockton.

JOHN S. STILES.

1825, Mar. 3.

The Secretary of the Navy authorized and directed to institute a re-examination of the case of the ship Fabius, the brig Aid, and the schooner Ann, formerly owned by George Stiles, now deceased; which vessels, during the late war, were sunk for the defence of the harbor of Baltimore. And further authorized to allow to the legal representative of said George Stiles, such sum as, with what has already been allowed, he, the said Secretary, shall deem a just and reasonable compensation for the detention of said vessels, from the 17th day of February, 1815, to the time when they were delivered to the owner, and from thence to the termination of the period necessary to repair the injury done to them by sinking; according to the intent and meaning of the act of Congress, passed on the 26th April, 1822, entitled "An act for the relief of sundry citizens of Baltimore ;" the said sum to be ascertained in such manner as the Secretary of the Navy shall direct, which sum, so allowed, shall be paid.

[See acts of April 26, 1822; May 7, 1822; May 29, 1830; and March 2, 1833; for the relief of sundry citizens of Baltimore."]

JAMES SCRIVENER.

1832, July 14. The proper accounting officers of the Treasury authorized and directed to pay to James Scrivener, late a seaman in the U. S. navy, or his legal representatives, the sum of \$37 50, in full of transportation money due him during the late war.

JOHN D. SLOAT.

The proper accounting officer of the Treasury Department 1833, Feb. 19. authorized and directed to settle the account of John D. Sloat, a master commandant of the navy, by allowing him a credit for the sum of \$478 79; being the amount of certain discounts on treasury notes, which has heretofore been suspended in consequence of the vouchers, once furnished by the said John D. Sloat, being now mislaid or lost.

1833, Feb. 20.

The sum of \$1,360 appropriated, to be paid to Master Commandant John D. Sloat, of the U. S. navy, being the amount of his account exhibited to the Navy Department for expenses incurred in entertaining on board the St. Louis, under his command, General Bolivar and several of his officers, at Guayaquil, in the year 1829; and General La Fuente, President of Peru and Major General Miller, of the Peruvian army, in the year 1830.

GEORGE W. STORER.

The sum of \$500 appropriated to indemnify Captain G. W. 1833, Mar. 2. Storer, of the U. S. navy, for the expenses of accommodating Commodore David Porter, Chargé d'Affaires of the U. S. at Constantinople, on board the U. S. ship Boston; and for the expenses of conveying George Porter, Consul of the U. S. at Tangiers, from Port Mahon to Tangiers; and of conveying Lieutenant Ebenezer Ridgway, Consul of the U. S. at Tripoli, and his family, from Port Mahon to Tripoli.

E. R. SHUBRICK.

The sum of \$1,300 appropriated, to be paid to E. R. Shu-1835, Mar. 3. brick, a master commandant in the navy of the U. S., being a reimbursement of extra and unavoidable expenses incurred by him while commanding the sloop of war Vincennes.

RICHARD SMITH.

The proper accounting officers of the Treasury authorized and 1836, April 9. directed to pass to the credit of Henry B. Tyler, executor of the last will and testament of Lieutenant Colonel Richard Smith, deceased, the sum of \$2,558 64, being the balance remaining unpaid to said Smith, of the moneys accruing to him under the provisions of an act of Congress approved on the 14th day of July, 1832, entitled "An act concerning officers of the marine corps."

RICHARD TAYLOR.

A yearly pension of \$300, from and after the 3d Sept., 1816, 1817, Mar. 1. allowed to Commodore Richard Taylor, in consequence of a total disability arising from a wound received from a conflict with the enemy in the Revolutionary war, while in the command of a flotilla in the waters of the Chesapeake, under a commission of captain in the navy from the State of Virginia; to be paid half yearly, out of the treasury.

THOMAS TURNER.

The commissioners of the navy pension fund authorized and 1819, Feb. 24. required to pay, out of the said fund, to the executors of Thomas Turner, deceased, for the benefit of the heirs and legatees of the said Thomas Turner, deceased, the sum of \$1,500; in consideration of services rendered by the said Thomas Turner, deceased, as accountant of the Navy Department, in receiving and settling all accounts respecting the said fund, and for which no compensation has heretofore been made. 1819, Mar. 2.

The proper accounting officers of the Treasury authorized and required, in the settlement of the accounts of John B. Timberlake, a purser in the navy, to allow him a credit of \$3,084 33; this sum having been drawn by the late Lieutenant John Trippe, while in the command of the U. S. schooner Enterprize, over and above his pay and emoluments, from the said John B. Timberlake, the purser of the said vessel.

SAMUEL TUCKER.

1821, Mar. 2.

The Secretary of the Navy directed to place upon the navy list of invalid pensioners of the U. S., Samuel Tucker, late a captain in the navy of the U. S., who is unable, by reason of age, to support himself by labor; and who, having, by his bravery and long and faithful services, merited the gratitude of his country, shall be entitled to receive a pension of \$20 a month, to commence from the 1st January, 1818, agreeably to the provisions contained in the act, entitled "An act for the better government of the navy of the U. S.,"

1833, Mar. 2.

1836, July 1.

DANIEL TURNER.

The sum of \$1,182 78 appropriated, to indemnify Captain Daniel Turner, of the U. S. navy, for the expense of conveying the Netherlands' minister, and his suite, from New York to Curaçoa, by order of the Secretary of the Navy, in the year 1828.

JAMES TUCKER and JOHN JUDGE.

The sum of \$1,500 to be paid to James Tucker and John Judge, in full consideration for the use of their patent in the construction of anchors for the navy of the U. S., and in full of all claims of the said James Tucker and John Judge against the U. S. for the use of said patent from the time of granting the same until its final termination.

DAVID VALENZIN.

1804, Mar. 26.

A sum, not exceeding \$2,665 70 appropriated, for the purpose of enabling the Secretary of the Navy to restore to the legal representatives of David Valenzin, deceased, the value of the property captured from him in the Mediterranean by the American squadron, in the year 1803. The value of the said property to be first duly ascertained by the proper accounting officers; and the person or persons applying therefor to exhibit due proof of his or their being the true legal representative or representatives of the said D. V.

SEC. 2. The Secretary of the Navy authorized and directed to cause to be liquidated and paid, the claims of those individuals who contributed to the maintenance and support of the said D. V. during his imprisonment, and who have defrayed the expenses of his interment; and the sum of \$500 appropriated for the purpose.

PHILIP F. VOORHEES.

The Secretary of the Treasury to pay to Philip F. Voorhees, ¹⁸³⁷, Mar. 3. the sum of \$600, in full for expenses incurred by him while commanding the ship John Adams, in the Mediterranean, during the years 1831 and 1832, in conveying our consuls to and from their consulates, and the Tripolitan ambassador from Malta to Tripoli, by orders from Commodores Biddle and Patterson.

ABRAHAM WHIPPLE.

The Secretary of the Navy directed to place upon the navy 1811,Dec. 12. list of invalid pensioners of the U. S., Abraham Whipple, late a captain in the navy of the U. S., who has been so disabled in the line of his duty, while in service, that he is unable to support himself by labor; and who shall be entitled to receive one half the monthly pay of a captain in the navy, to commence from the 1st January, 1810, agreeably to the provisions contained in "An act for the better government of the navy of the U. S."

JESSE WILKINSON.

The Secretary of the Navy to pay, content, and satisfy, to ¹⁸²⁸, May 26. the persons who may be legally entitled to receive the same, or who may have legally satisfied and paid the same, the damages and taxed costs decreed to be paid by Jesse Wilkinson, a master commandant in the navy of the U. S., to Don Pablo Daunes, by the District Court of the U. S., for the District of . Virginia, in the cause of the "U. S. of America, as well in behalf of themselves as of the officers and crew of the U. S. brig of war Spark, Jesse Wilkinson, Esq. commander, against the schooner Ninfa Catalana, her tackle, apparel, armament, and furniture." And the sum of \$13,239 48 appropriated for the purpose aforesaid.

CHARLES WILKES, JUNIOR.

The proper accounting officer of the Treasury to allow to 1830, May 5. Charles Wilkes, Junior, a lieutenant in the naval service of the U. S., and to any other person or persons with whom he may have contracted for the same, all such sums of money as he shall have paid, or, in the case of such other person or persons, he shall have contracted to pay them, for such astronomical and mathematical instruments, as by the letter of the Secretary of the Navy to him, dated 18th November, 1828, he was directed to procure for the exploring expedition to the Pacific ocean and South seas, on said accounting officer being furnished with satisfactory evidence that the respective articles are of the value

and quality specified in the contract therefor, and have been delivered to such person or persons as the Secretary of the Navy shall have directed. The amount to be allowed and paid for the said instruments, exclusive of the sums already paid by the Navy Department and Navy Agent at New York, not to exceed the sum of \$3,300.

JOHN A. WEBSTER.

1834, June 30. The Secretary of the Navy authorized and required to place the name of John A. Webster, late a sailingmaster in the navy of the U.S., on the navy pension list, at the rate of \$20 per month, payable from the 1st January, 1833.

MELANCTHON TAYLOR WOOLSEY.

1836, May 14.

One-third part, and no more, to be retained from the pay of Melancthon Taylor Woolsey, a captain in the navy of the U. S., from the time of the passage of the act of March 3d, 1835, regulating the pay of the navy, until the amount of arrears due from said Woolsey to the U.S. shall be discharged; any act or part of an act to the contrary notwithstanding.

1838, April 20.

The accounting officers of the Navy Department to settle the accounts of Melancthon T. Woolsey, on the principle of justice and equity, subject to the supervision of the Secretary of the Navy.

JAMES WILTBANK.

1836, June 23.

The proper accounting officers of the Treasury authorized and directed to audit and settle the account of the Rev. James Wiltbank, for services performed as acting chaplain of the navy, at the naval asylum and the navy yard at Philadelphia, and to allow him for the time he shall appear to have performed such services, the pay and emoluments of a chaplain in the navy of the U.S.; and the amount found due to the said Wiltbank, to be paid.

DUDLEY WALKER.

1839, Mar. 3.

The sum of \$158 52 to be paid to Dudley Walker, a purser in the navy, for advances made by him under authority of his commanding officer, to seamen who afterwards deserted from the U.S. schooner [ship] Saint Louis.

JOHN J. YARNALL.

-1817, Mar. 1.

The Secretary of the Navy required to adjust and settle the accounts of John J. Yarnall, deceased, late a lieutenant in the navy of the U.S., upon principles of equity and justice, and to make such allowances therein as, under the circumstances of the case, shall appear reasonable.

WILLIAM P. ZANTZINGER.

The Secretary of the Treasury to credit, on the account of 1833, Feb. 19. William P. Zantzinger, as purser of the U. S. ship Hornet, as of the date of said account, so as to stop accruing interest, the sum of \$3,306 41, the amount of loss sustained by him on the sale of \$35,800 of treasury notes to pay the officers and crew of said ship.

The proper accounting officers of the Treasury Department 1835, Jan. 27. authorized and required to allow to said Zantzinger, on settlement of his account an additional credit of \$2,570 76, being the difference between the cost of certain purser's stores left on the hands of said Zantzinger on the 4th October, 1829, when he was suspended from duty on board the U. S. ship Natchez, and the net amount of sales of the same stores at Norfolk, after the arrival of said ship at that port.

ERRATA.

Page 55-at top : insert the figures "1800."

64-at top : for " 800," read 1800.

79, 80, 81-Secs. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, and 6, should have been noted as repealed by subsequent acts.

87-last side note : for "establishments," read enlistments.

106-first line : for "quarterly-yearly," read quarter-yearly.

114-the side notes are lower than they should be.

119—under the title of the "act regulating the payments to invalid pensioners," insert [Repealed, July 14, 1832.] See page 153.

155-under title of act, insert [Obsolete.]

1

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1	Ma-				
Years.	Pay and subsist- ence.	Pay of superin- tendents, &c.	Provisions.	Medicines and hospital stores.	Building and rebuilding vessels.
1791				-	
1792	-	-	-	-	-
1793	-	-		-	
1794	~		о н	-	\$688,888 82
1795 1796	\$5,000		dollar trans		•
1797	105,000	and the second	and the second second		372,000
1798	216.679	-		144-9X-11-1	1,665,833
1799	947,837 19		\$431,726 30	\$42,750	1,494,496 10
1800	1,280,658 40	100 C	603,642 67	32,647 20	
1801 1802	1,269,250 60 81,719	-	597,101 37 20,000	31,647 20	259,004
1802	283,993	\$20,000 \$	157,360 20	7,700	190,575 210,425
1804	234,328	\$20,000 20,000 20,000 20,000	125,518 72	4,875	
1805	553,828	20,000 2	227,786 40	10,750	142,120
1806	291,119	20,000 8	157,254 34	7,500	
1807 1808	370,802 29		152,318 18	5,000	-
1808	368,048 1,323,077	20,000 AU	162,765 10 567,765	5,000 35,000	-
1810	718,115	for navy 0000 50,000 vition.	353,610 84	16,000	
1811	774,390	20,000 m d	385,330	30,000	-
1812	1,488,341	appropriations for ns ************************************	559,757	40,000	300,000
1813	1,668,000	000'00 000'00 000'00 000'00 1imated	775,000	100,000	3,400,000
1814 1815	2,579,341 1,358,364 50	30,000 upt	1,439,902 52 673,972 50	120,000	1,225,000
1816	1,142,015	30,000 dd	356,870	25,000	
1817	1,092,732	30,000	496,765	10,000	
1818	1,135,595	30,000	511,000	25,000	
1819	1,259,472 95	30,000 pop 30,000 spp 35,000 spp 25,000 u	446,915	44,850	-
1820 1821	989,320 983,325 25	35,000	415,187	36,000 32,000	60,000
1822	961,466	25,000) 르 36,450	337,831 287,258	32,000	10,000 100,000
1823	929,503 12	44,650	220,000	20,000	-
1824	1,029,935 51	48,500	300,000	25,000	-
1825	1,014,419 10	48,500	355,875	35,000	500,000
1826	1,117,105 75	52,240	421,739 75	49,000	350,000
$\frac{1827}{1828}$	1,285,316 50 1,396,504	58,031 50 59,102	579,148 54 505,000	50,000 28,200	201,350
1829	1,558,705 61	59,944 07	450,550	29,206 50	-
1830	1,499,827	57,680	479,528	31,500	-
1831	1,278,694	57,680	173,463	25,500	87,360
1832	1,409,927	58,530	429,175	25,000	258,484
$\frac{1833}{1834}$	1,445,000 1,487,244 21	57,330 61,180	460,000 450,000	35,000 40,000	341,000
1835	1,797,557 16	61,180	450,000	40,000	-
1836	2,318,017 16	68,340	782,263 75	41,100	150,000
1837	2,454,686	69,470	762,865	39,000	780,000
1838	1,312,000	69,770	600,000	75,000	-
1839 1840	2,352,625 64 2,250,000	44,000 74,620	600,000 620,000	75,000 75,000	-
	51,598,884 74	1,547,197 57	18,882,245 18	1,472,225 70	12,846,535 92

ABSTRACT of Appropriations and Expenditures for the

Naval Service, from 1791 to 1840, both years inclusive.

Gallies, junboats, id barges.	Repairs of ves- sels.		Gradual in- crease & im- provement, 	Ordnancc and ordnance stores.	Navy yards.	Hospitals magazines and docks
-			:			The second secon
-			-	-		
					-	
-	:				-	
-	:					-
-		-		- 1	-	-
-			1.00	-	-	
90 0001	-	-	10.0	-	-	-
00,000				-	-	-
- 24		\$20,000	-			\$50,0
-			-	- /	4940.000	-
	\$68,439 81				\$240,906 11,535 28	-
50,000	140,000		the second	\$15,000	28,741 37	
-	120,000			5,000	32,000	
60,000	375,000	-		-	40,000	-
270,000	300,000	-		50,000	40,000	-
852,500	333,093 28	87,500		360,554 60	40,000	
- 1	195,000	-	1- 11	50,000	40,000	a
-	445,000	-	-	150,000	40,000	-
-	150,000		-	75,000	55,000	-
	250,000	200,000	-	60,000	55,000	-
250,000	1,215,000 640,000	200,000		460,000	40,000 70,000	100.0
~00,000	1,500,000	200,000		300,000	70,000	100,0
	500,000	*128,774 15		300,000	130,000	
-	300,000		\$1,000,000	210,000	420,000	- 1
- 0	325,000	-	1,000,000	120,000	120,000	1
-	300,000	-	1,000,000	-	70,000	-
-	476,200	7,500	1,000,000	-	120,000	-
-	484,000	-	1,000,000	50,000	65,000	-
	375,000 408,000	10.000	500,000	25,000	14,450	-
	350,000	-1	500,000	20,000	162,000	
0	350,000	4.4	500,000	1,000	236,000	-
	450,000	0120120	500,000	35,000	265,000	
-	440,000	-	500,000	- 3 - 1	170,000	-
	450,000		500,000	35,000	231,700 72	-
-	510,000	100.00	500,000	50,000	105,000	-
	557,840 88	-	500,000	50,000 -	205,000	
-	770,380		500,000	30,000	180,500 272,250	
	615,400 662,477		500,000	10,000	413,595	147,5
	506,750		500,000	10,000	328,863	
	590,000	The set of the set	500,000	10,000	362,010	88,0
	983,500	No. 1 Contraction	500,000	15,000	344,115	132,7
-	1,065,000	- 0.0	500,000	64,900	807,625	64,6
-	1,250,000	-	500,000	72,000	540,400	152,0
-	1,200,000		500,000	65,000	360,500	114,1
-	1,000,000			65,000	186,500	35,2
-	1,000,000	-		65,000	110,250	24,2

ABSTRACT-

	A delana anna		6	
Years.	Contingent ex-	Total of appropria-	Total of expendi-	Miscellaneous ob-
1.6.	penses.	tions for navy pro-	tures for navy pro-	. jects.
-		per.	per.	
1791	-		1.00	-
1792	· •		1 1 1 1	(a) \$2,000
1793 1794		\$768,888 82		(a) 3,000
1795		p100,000 0w		
1796		5,000		
1797	-	477,000 .		(<i>a</i>) 10,000
1798	\$62,200	2,024,712		-
1799	283,600	3,450,409 .59		(b) 135,591 92
1800 1801	393,600 382,450	2,310,548 27 2,780,359 .17		$\begin{array}{ccc} (a) & 10,000 \\ (c) & 75,000 \end{array}$
1802	-	372,269.09		(0) 10,000
1803	42,875 68	956,095 25		16,948 37
1804	24,000	565,721 72		(d) 1,305,128 45
1805	46,951 02	1,476,435 42	1 70 · 100 m	22,000
1806	111,950	1,247,823 34		
1807	75,000	2,296,268 35	-	-
1808 1809	75,000 150,000	915,813 10 2,730,842	-	
1803	75,000	1,462,725 84		(e) 5,000
1811	100,000	1,674,720		-
1812	115,000	4,438,098		
1813	250,000	7,573,000		(f) 1,162,000
1814	622,700	8,086,943 52		$\begin{array}{c} (g) & 760,000 \\ (h) & 425,664 & 25 \end{array}$
1815	550,000	3,891,111 15		
1816 1817	300,000 350,000	3,783,885 3,544,497		$\begin{array}{cccc} (i) & 259,882 & 77 \\ (k) & 33,439 & 49 \end{array}$
1818	300,000	3,371,595		(k) 15,000
1819	311,000	3,695,937 75		(k) 29,803 60
1820	240,000	3,374,507		-
1821	200,000	2,488,156 25		150
1822	250,000	2,674,624	\$1,405,919 79.	-
1823	250,000	2,496,153 12	2,393,372 70	(<i>l</i>) 100,000
1824 1825	200,000	2,690,435 51 3,408,794 10	3,019,734 23	30,305 07 12,917
1825	205,000	3,345,085 50	3,084,318 55 4,315,046 88	44,812 50
1827	225,000	3,414,197 26	4,255,981 60	59,417 23
1828	245,000	3,600,156	4,031,118 48	58,360 68
1829	290,391 69	3,701,638 75	3,639,612 98	19,750
1830	260,000	3,809,415	3,215,784 95	19,341 48
1831	335,000	3,345,347	4,017,243 71	35,296 83
1832	255,000	4,169,688	3,846,541 49	19,636 76 18,816 73
1833 1834	300,000 299,000	3,642,943 4,228,434 96	3,854,640 94 3,875,731 75	65,438 40
1834	299,000	4,622,052 16	3,768,436 53	38,172,50
1836	324,600	6,186,455 91	5,572,614 99	(m) 164,355 86
1837	532,600	7,153,110	6,800,797 62	11,454 65
1838	453,000	4,749,420	6,126,368 69	13,199 96
1839	453,000	4,811,385 64	5,549,691 56	3,288 41
1840	453,000	4,672,120		
170.00	10,934,918 39	146,485,318 54	72,772,957 44	4,985,172 91

(For notes, see page 222.)

Continued.

- Marine	corps.	Aggregate for nav miscel	Balances unex-		
				pended on the	
Appropriations.	Expenditures.	Appropriations.	Expenditures.	lst January.	
air	100 M 100 M 100 M	The receiption			
(T		The second second			
-		\$33,327 50	\$570	, , ,	
		2,000	53 02	-	
		r 00 000 00	61 400 07		
D	Trans With the	768,888 82	61,408 97 410,562 03	\$707,479 85	
	and the second second	5,000	274,784 04	296,917 82	
		487,000	382,631 89	27,133 78	
And in case of the	100 - 10 - 10 - 10 - 10 - 10 - 10 - 10	2,024,712	1,381,347 76	131,501 89	
\$237,788 38	-	3,823,789 89	2,858,081 84	774,866 13	
162,405 22	-	2,482,953 49	3,448,716 03	1,740,574 18	
186,903 78		3,042,352 95	2,111,424	774,811-64	
		242,294	915,561 87	1,805,740 59	
91,778 75		1,144,797 46	1,215,230 53	791,897 72	
84,278 28 113,934 58	-	1,667,498 45 1,550,000	1,189,832 75 1,597,000	50,184 94 527,850 64	
94,318 10	and the second s	1,692,141 44	1,649,641 44	480,165 70	
132,796 12	and the second	2,429,564 47	1,722,064 47	45,000	
215,754 70	-	1,131,567 80	1,884,067 80	752,500	
186,060 50		2,916,902 50	2,427,758 80		
196,914 85		1;664,640 69	1,654,244 20	489,143 70	
195,554 05	-	1,870,274 05	1,965,566 39	499,540 19	
228,905 90	STATE DESIGN	4,304,669_60	3,959,365 15	404,247 85	
410,788_55		9,510,788 55	6,446,600 10	747,052 30 3,811,240 75	
552,967 35 270,685		8,174,910 ⁻ 87 5,258,686 25	7,311,290 60 8,660,000 25	4,271,111 02	
191,026		4,234,793 77	3,908,278 30	759,310 27	
236,662		3,814,598 49	3,314,598 49	910,833 49	
122,100	-,	3,508,695	2,953,695	1,320,333 47	
144,615 60	Them Send Labor	3,427,306 95	3,847,640 42	1,875,333 47	
225,433	(have not as	4,042,990	4,387,990	1,455,000	
220,936 81	1	2,709,243 06	3,319,243 06	1,110,000	
200,088 22	\$93,551 54	2,874,712 22	2,224,458 98	500,000	
226,331 50	213,812 33	2,822,484 62	2,503,765 83	1,150,253 24 1,491,392 20	
233,228 71 245,995 21	262,328 72 214,463 61	2,953,969 29 3,667,706 31	2,904,581 56 3,049,083 86	1,540,779 93	
236,292 81	291,991 92	3,748,985 23	4,218,902 45	1,999,567 39	
212,134	209,936 89	3,709,629 20	4,263,877 45	1,470,590 12	
182,706	208,041 20	3,838,748 52	3,918,786 44	905,120 90	
205,819 60	161,839 51	3,723,475 40	3,988,642 47	783,811 75	
217,733 14	226,824 10	4,316,000 47	3,239,428 63	1,171,630 12	
195,999 16	229,217 62	3,496,643 29	3,856,183 07	2,190,236 60	
196,248 77	210,703 30	4,465,573 53	4,947,718	1,801,029 58	
206,112 28	222,538 68	3,867,872 01	4,274,184 26	2,293,315 78 2,240,353 50	
284,500 01	233,031 59	4,578,373 37	4,613,656 45 4,209,835 94	2,797,962 79	
287,309 58	261,149 66	4,998,234 13 6,789,167 96	6,252,145 24	3,918,562 78	
438,856 19 294,079 38	315,159 74 332,670 81	7,470,057 60	7,891,364 32	4,830,410 09	
311,474 93	382,228 71	5,076,336 26	6, 9,867 22	5,554,739 13	
325,756 91	337,450 99	5,890,430 96	6,787,562 37	2,828,078 94	
318,462 01			•	2,322,885 31	
				De la la la la	
9,321,735 93	4,406,940 92	156,254,788 32	155,243,793 74	all a collect	

NOTES REFERRED TO IN THE FOREGOING STATEMENT.

* By act of March 3, 1815, the sum of \$200,000 annually, for three years, was appropriated for the purchase of timber; and the unexpended balance thereof was subsequently included in the appropriation for the gradual increase of the navy. The amount here stated is the portion of the \$600,000 that was expended.

MISCELLANEOUS APPROPRIATIONS.

(a) For support of revenue catters, then under the control of the Navy Department.

(b) \$117,591 92 for revenue cutters; \$18,000 for maintenance of French prisoners.

(c) Maintenance of French prisoners.

(d) \$1,000,000 "to protect the commerce and seamen of the United States against the Barbary powers."

(e) For experiments with the torpedo.

(f) \$1,000,000 "towards defraying the expenses of the navy during the year 1813," without specifying the heads applicable thereto; \$162,000 for prize-money.

(g) \$500,000 for floating batteries; \$260,000 for purchase of vessels captured on Lake Erie. (h) \$200,000 as prize-money for various captures.

(i) \$230,000 as prize-money.

(k) \$37,500 for purchase of medals and swords voted by Congress.

(1) \$50,000 for inclined plane, and \$50,000 for suppression of the slave trade.

(m) \$150,000 for exploring expedition.

REMARKS RELATIVE TO THE FOREGOING STATEMENT.

In 1802, '3, '4, '5, and '6, the appropriations were made in one gross sum, and are here divided among the several heads, in the proportions which, it is supposed, were required under each.

In 1806, the sum of \$600,000 was appropriated in gross, for arrearages of the naval service in 1804 and '5, and are here included in the appropriations for those years. The heads under which the proportions for 1804 were required, could not be ascertained; but for 1805, they have been divided according to a report from the Navy Department, dated December 5, 1805. (See State Papers, volume for Naval Affairs, page 140.)

Wherever appropriations have been made in one year for arrearages accruing in a former year, the sums have been added to the appropriations for the years during which the arrearages accrued.

The following are the amounts appropriated in one year, as arrearages accruing in former years:

1803,	-		\$179,975	09, car.	ried to	o 1802	
1806,		- + 1	600,000	00,	66	1804 and '5	
1813,	-		365,000	00,	66	1812	
1820,			443,050	00,	66	1819	
1830,			269,510	85,	66	1829	
1832,	-	- 44	80,000	00,	66	1831	

The column of "Aggregate for navy, marine corps, and miscellaneous," is taken from the annually published "Account of receipts and expenditures of the United States," and includes balances of old appropriations that have been carried to the "Surplus fund," after remaining unexpended two years, and which must be re-appropriated to be rendered available. These same balances having been once before appropriated, and included in the aggregate of former years, to include them again in the aggregate would render the apparent appropriations greater, by so much, than they really are. Wherever these items have occurred, they have been omitted in the columns under the appropriate heads. Amount of unexpended balances, carried to the surplus fund, and re-appropriated :

1806,	-	-	\$2,665	70,	and	again	in	1812.
1826,	-		122,794 4	12				
1827,	-	-	23,880	71				
1828,	-	-	10,765 2	22				
1829,	-	-	65,777 9	90				
1835,	-	-	50,699 8	39				

These two causes will account for any discrepancies that may be discovered between the "Total of appropriations for navy proper" and the "Aggregate of appropriations for navy. marine corps, and miscellaneous."

Prior to July 1, 1822, the expenditures for the naval service were reported in gross, and not under each specific head; hence, those for the navy alone, as contradistinguished from the marine corps and miscellaneous, could not be distinguished. This same remark will apply to the expenditures for the marine corps.

Prior to 1822, the naval constructors, superintendents, &c. (embracing the civil establishment of the several yards) were paid out of the appropriations for "improvement of navy yards." The sums estimated as necessary for this object, have been deducted from the latter appropriation, and placed in the column allotted to the former.

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TITLES OF ACTS.

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No. of Concession, Name

Appre	wed.			Pa	ge.
1841.	Aug.	1.	Making appropriation for the pay, subsistence, &c. of a home squadron		1
46			To provide for the payment of navy pensions		1
66			Making an appropriation for the purchase of naval ordnance and ord-		1
	pu	,	nance stores, and for other purposes		2
1842,	April	14.	Authorizing the construction of a war steamer for harbor defence		2
			For the relief of Francis G. McCauley		2
66	Aug.		Making appropriations for the naval service for the year one thousand		
		-,	eight hundred and forty-two, (extract)		3
66	Ano.	23.	Making an appropriation to supply a deficiency in the navy pension fund		3
64	Aug.	26.	To provide for publishing an account of the discoveries made by the ex-		-
		,	ploring expedition, under the command of Lieutenant Wilkes of the		
			United States navy -		4
46	Aug.	26.	To regulate the pay of pursers and other officers of the navy -		5
66			To establish and regulate the navy ration		7
66	Aug.		Authorizing the Secretary of the Navy to contract for the United States		
		~~,	the right to use Babbitt's anti-attrition metal -		8
66	Ang.	29.	For the relief of Thomas Brownell		8
66			For the relief of Henry Fry		9
66			For the relief of the legal representatives of Henry Eckford, deceased		9
66 °			For the relief of Isaac Hull -		9
44	Aug.		To re-organize the navy department of the United States -		10
66		31.	Concerning professors of mathematics in the navy of the United States -		12
66			To authorize the construction of a depôt for charts and instruments of the		
		·.,	navy of the United States		12
46	Ang.	31.	To regulate the appointment and pay of engineers in the navy of the U.S		13
1843,	Jan.		To continue the office of commissioner of pensions		14
46	Jan.		For the relief of Samuel Hambleton		15
46			For the relief of Benj. J. Totten		15
45			For the relief of Mary Crawford		15
46			Making appropriations for the naval service for half the calendar year		
		,	beginning the 1st day of January, and ending the 30th day of June,		
			1843, and for the fiscal year beginning the 1st day of July, 1843, and		
			ending the 30th day of June, 1844, (extracts)		16
66	March	3.	To provide for carrying into effect the treaty between Great Britain, con-		
		-,	cluded at Washington on the 9th day of August, 1842, (extract) -		17
66	March	3.	Authorizing the examination and survey of the harbor of Memphis in		
		,	Tennessee		17
66	March	3.	To modify the act entitled "An act to provide for the better security of		
		-,	the lives of passengers on board of vessels propelled in whole or in part		
			by steam," approved July 7th, 1838, (extract)		17
66	March	3.	Making appropriations for the civil and diplomatic expenses of Govern-		
		- ,	ment for the fiscal year ending 30th day of June, 1844, (extract) -		18
66	March	3.	For the relief of the legal representatives of Robert T. Spence -		19
46			For the relief of William Allen		20
66			For the relief of Robert Ramsay		20
**			For the relief of John Wolfenden		20
56			For the relief of Boyd Reilly		20

RESOLUTIONS.

				1.1
Appro	oved.		Pe	age.
1841,	Sept.	11,	In relation to the purchase of domestic water rotted hemp for the use of	
	-		the United States navy	21
"	Sept.	11,	Making it the duty of the Attorney General to examine into the titles of	
	-		the lands or sites for the purpose of erecting thereon armories, and other	
			public works and buildings, and for other purposes	21
1842,	Aug.	11,	To authorize the commission appointed to prepare rules and regulations	
			for the naval service to appoint a clerk	22
660	Aug.	31,	Authorizing experiments to be made for the purpose of testing Samuel	
			Colt's submarine battery, and for other purposes	22
1843.	Feb.	18.	To establish agencies for water rotted hemp	23

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Transfer of appropriations, laws authorizing, repealed	- 12
Travelling expenses, 10 cents per mile allowed to pursers for	- 5
Uniform, for engineers, to be prescribed	- 14

FOR THE RELIEF AND BENEFIT OF INDIVIDUALS.

Allen, William, to be placed on navy pension list	-	- 20	0
Babbitt's anti-attrition metal, purchase of patent right	-	8, 18	3
Brownell, Thomas, to be placed on navy pension list		- 8	3
Campbell, Ethan, invention of, to prevent explosion of steam boilers, to be tried		- 23	3
Colt, Samuel, facilities for testing submarine battery, to be rendered to -	-	- 22	z
Crawford, Mary, to be allowed lieutenant's widow's pension .		- 15	5
Easton, Thomas M.—see Ethan Campbell	-	- 23	3
Eckford, Henry, rent of land at Sacket's harbor, to be paid	-	- 9	-
Fry, Henry, to be placed on navy pension list			3

			1	age.
Hambleton, Samuel, \$970 81 allowed for office rent and clerk hire			- 0.	15
Hull, Isaac, amount paid to P. H. Green for timber, refunded -		0.21		9
McCauley, Francis G., the sum of \$742 09 to be paid to -	10 Jan 10	-	-	2
Quimby, Aaron-see Ethan Campbell	1.1	-		23
Ramsay, Robert, to be placed on navy pension list		-		20
Reilly, Boyd, patent right of, for application of gas, to be purchased		-	/ -	20
Spence, Robert T., relieved from liability, to amount of \$420 10, as	security	for	G. K.	
Spence, late purser		-	-	19
Totten, Benjamin J., allowed pay as acting lieutenant in 1833 -			-	15
Wolfenden, John, annual pension of \$108, for life, to be paid to -	4	-	-	20

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APPENDIX:

CONTAINING

THE LAWS RELATING TO THE NAVY, &c.,

PASSED BY THE TWENTY-SEVENTH CONGRESS.

AN ACT making appropriation for the pay, subsistence, &c., of a Home squadron.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That for the pay and subsistence, increase and repairs, medicines and contingent expenses, of two frigates, two sloops, two small vessels, and two armed steamers, to be employed as a Home squadron, the sum of seven hundred and eighty-nine \$789,310 approthousand three hundred and ten dollars is hereby appropriated, priated. to be paid out of any money in the Treasury not otherwise appropriated.

APPROVED, August 1, 1841.

AN ACT to provide for the payment of Navy pensions.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the sum of one hundred and thirty-nine thousand six \$139,666 06 ap hundred and sixty-six dollars and six cents is hereby appro- propriated. priated, to be paid out of any money in the Treasury not otherwise appropriated, for the payment of pensions and half-pay chargeable on the navy pension fund: Provided, That all Provise; pen-sions under act widows or children of all naval officers, seamen, or marines, 3d March 1837, now deceased, and entitled to receive or make proof of their of next session of Converting and Converting Conver pensions under the act of the third of March, eighteen hundred Congress. and thirty-seven, shall receive the same until the close of the next No widowor chilsession of Congress; but no widows or children of any naval offi- dren of any naval cer, seaman, or marine, who may hereafter die, shall be entitled officer, seaman,

to any pension by virtue only of any provision in the said act. may hereafter SEC. 2. And be it further enacted, That no officer, seaman, No officer, sea-or marine, entitled to a pension from the navy pension fund, shall receive pay who receives pay from the public treasury, shall receive more at the same time, from the said fund than is sufficient to make the whole amount or an afficer. from the said fund than is sufficient to make the whole amount er and an officer received from both the above named sources equal to the pay fixed by law for the grade to which the officer, seaman, or ma-

1841.

1842.

and

stores.

rine may belong, as an officer in the services in which he may be engaged during the year, so that no officer shall receive pay at the same time, both as a pensioner and an officer in service. APPROVED, August 16, 1841.

2

AN ACT making an appropriation for the purchase of naval ordnance and ordnance stores, and for other purposes.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, \$600,000 appro- That the sum of six hundred thousand dollars be paid, out of chase ordnance any moneys in the Treasury not otherwise appropriated. for ordnance the purpose of purchasing ordnance and ordnance stores for the use of the navy of the United States.

Secretary Navy SEC. 2. And be it further enacted, That the Secretary of authorized to apply \$50,000 there. the Navy is hereby authorized to apply a part of the sum here-SEC. 2. And be it further enacted, That the Secretary of of in making cer-tain experiments, in and hereby appropriated, not exceeding fifty thousand dollars, to the purpose of making experiments to test the value of improvements in ordnance, in the construction of steamers, and other vessels of war, and in other matters connected with the naval service and the national defence; and also to the purpose of defraying any charges left unpaid on account of experiments of the like character heretofore made by authority of law.

APPROVED, September 11, 1841.

AN ACT authorizing the construction of a war steamer for harbor defence.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Secretary of the Navy be, and he is hereby, author-

Navy authorized ized to enter into contract with Robert L. Stevens for the con-R. L. Stevens for struction of a war steamer, shot and shell proof, to be built principally of iron, upon the plan of the said Stevens: Pro-Proviso; not to vided, the whole cost, including the hull, armament, engines. exceed the aver- boilers, and equipment, in all respects complete for service, shall Missouri and Mis not exceed the average cost of the steamers Missouri and Mississippi.

> SEC. 2. And be it further enacted, That the sum of two hundred and fifty thousand dollars be, and the same is hereby, appropriated, out of any money in the Treasury not otherwise appropriated, towards carrying this law into effect.

APPROVED, April 14, 1842.

AN ACT for the relief of Francis G. McCauley

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, To be paid the That the Secretary of the Treasury pay to Francis G. Mchim on the settle. Cauley, a purser in the navy of the United States, the sum of ment of his ac seven hundred and forty-two dollars and nine cents, out of any money in the Treasury not otherwise appropriated; that being

Secretary of the to contract with a war steamer.

age cost of the sissippi.

counts.

the amount found to be his due on settlement of his accounts with the Treasury Department, in July, A. D. one thousand eight hundred and thirty-two.

APPROVED, June 22, 1842.

AN ACT making appropriations for the naval service for the year one thousand eight hundred and forty-two.

[EXTRACTS.]

Provided, That, till otherwise ordered by Congress, the offi- Proviso relative cers of the navy shall not be increased beyond the number in to the increase of officers. the respective grades that were in the service on the first day of January, eighteen hundred and forty-two, nor shall there be any further appointment of midshipmen until the number in the service be reduced to the number that were in service on the first day of January, eighteen hundred and forty-one, beyond which they shall not be increased until the further order of Congress.

Provided, That no part of this, or any former appropriation Provisoes relato that object, shall be applied to the construction of a dry dock tive to the con-at Brooklyn, except in payment for materials previously conat Brooklyn, except in payment for materials previously con-dry, tracted for and yet to be delivered, until a suitable place shall be selected in the harbor of New York, and the title to the land obtained, and a plan and estimate of the cost made, under the direction of the Secretary of the Navy, and approved by him and the President: And provided, also, That the Secretary of the Navy may, in his discretion, apply the sum of one hundred thousand dollars of the amount hereby appropriated, and any balance of former appropriations for the construction of a dry dock at Brooklyn, New York, to the construction of a floating dock at the same place; and if any part of this appropriation shall be expended upon the construction of a floating dock, as hereby authorized, the construction of the dry dock shall be suspended until the further order of Congress.

APPROVED, August 4, 1842.

AN ACT making an appropriation to supply a deficiency in the navy pension fund.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the sum of eighty-four thousand nine hundred and fifty- \$84,951, approone dollars be, and the same is hereby, appropriated, out of any the deficiency in money in the Treasury not otherwise appropriated, to supply the navy pension fund. any deficiency which may exist in the navy pension fund, for the payment of the semi-annual navy pensions which will be due on the first day of July, eighteen hundred and forty-two.

SEC. 2. And be it further enacted, That the act entitled Act of March 3, "An act to provide for the more equitable administration of the 1837, repealed. navy pension fund," approved March third, eighteen hundred and thirty-seven, be, and the same is hereby, repealed, from

1842.

Act of April 6,

and after the first day of July, eighteen hundred and forty-two; Pensions to be and all pensions to officers and seamen in the naval service regulated accord- shall be regulated according to the pay of the navy as it existed the navy on the on the first day of January, one thousand eight hundred and lst of January, thirty-five.

SEC. 3. And be it further enacted, That so much of an act Bas, partially re-pealed, and the entitled "An act directing the transfer of money remaining un-time for unclaim-claimed by certain pensioners, and authorizing the payment of ed money to re that the same at the Treasury of the United States," approved April of agents, extend-ed to 14 months. sixth, eighteen hundred and thirty eight, as requires pensions that may have remained unclaimed in the hands of pension agents for eight months to be returned to the Treasury, be, and the same is hereby, repealed, and that the time within which such pensions shall be returned to the Treasury, be, and the same is hereby, extended to fourteen months, subject to all the other restrictions and provisions contained in the said act.

APPROVED, August 23, 1842.

AN ACT to provide for publishing an account of the discoveries made by the Exploring Expedition, under the command of Lieutenant Wilkes, of the United States navy.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, Account to be That there shall be published, under the supervision and dipublished under the formation of the Joint Committee on the Library, "an account of the Joint Library the discoveries made by the exploring expedition, under the command of Lieutenant Wilkes, of the United States navy;" which account shall be prepared with illustrations, and published in a form similar to the voyage of the Astrolabe, lately published by the Government of France.

SEC. 2. And be it further enacted. That when such account shall have been written, and the illustrations for the same shall have been prepared, an advertisement shall be inserted in the papers publishing the laws of the United States, inviting proposals for printing one hundred copies of the same for the United States, to be delivered to the Librarian of Congress in a time, and at a price to be stipulated in such contract; and Contract to be the contract shall be made with, and given to, the person offering and giving sufficient assurance to perform the work at the lowest price; and, on such contract being made, the "account" shall be delivered to such contractor.

SEC. 3. And be it further enacted, That until other prorel history to be vision be made by law for the safe-keeping and arrangement of Patent Office, such objects of natural history as may be in possession of the Government, the same shall be deposited and arranged in the upper room of the Patent Office, under the care of such person as may be appointed by the Joint Committee on the Library.

APPROVED, August 26, 1842.

committee.

Proposals for 100 copies to be advertised for.

given to the lowest bidder, &c.

Objects of natu-

AN ACT to regulate the pay of pursers and other officers of the navy.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,

That all purchases of clothing, groceries, stores, and supplies All supplies for of every description for the use of the navy, as well for vessels made with the in commission as for yards and stations, shall be made with, and public money, under regulations out of, the public moneys appropriated for the support of the to be prescribed by the Executive. navy, under such directions and regulations as may be made by the Executive for that purpose; and it shall not be lawful Pursers, &c., not for pursers, or other officers or persons holding commission or stores to officers employment in the naval service, to procure stores, or any other or crew, on their own account. articles or supplies for, and dispose thereof to the officers or to the crew, during the period of their enlistment, on or for their own account or benefit; nor shall any profit or per centage upon No per centage stores or supplies be charged to, or received from, persons in stores, other than the naval service, other than those which are hereinafter pre-hereinafter prescribed.

SEC. 2. And be it further enacted, That it shall be the duty of the Executive to provide such rules and regulations for the tions for the purpurchase, preservation, and disposition of all articles, stores, and chase of stores, supplies for persons in the navy, as may be necessary for the safe and economical administration of that branch of the public service.

SEC. 3. And be it further enacted, That in lieu of the pay, Payof pursers. rations, allowances, and other emoluments authorized by the existing laws and regulations, the annual pay of pursers shall be as follows, viz: when attached to vessels in commission for Attached to vessea service, they shall receive-

sion.						lon.
For ships of the line	-	-	-	-	\$3,500	
For frigates or razees	-	-	-		3,000	
For sloops of war and s	teamers	of first	class	-	2,000	
For brigs, and schooners, and steamers, less than first						
class	-	- 011	· - · ·	-	1,500	
On duty at navy yards at Boston, New York, Nor-						
folk, and Pensacola	1. (-	-	-	2,500	At navy yards.
At Portsmouth, Philade	lphia, ar	nd Wa	shington	n -	2,000	
At naval stations within	the Úni	ted Sta	ates	-	1,500 /	t naval stations.
And in receiving ships				rk, and		
Norfolk -	-	-	- \		2,500 s	In receiving
And at other places	-	-	-	-	1.500	t other places,&
On leave or waiting or	larg the	anno	001 00 0	urraana	,	On leave.

On leave, or waiting orders, the same pay as surgeons.

And it is hereby expressly declared, that the yearly pay pro-vided in this act is all the pay, compensation, and allowance to be all their that shall be received, under any circumstances, by pursers, ex- compensation and allowan cept one ration each per day, when attached to vessels for sea except, &c. service, and except also for travelling expenses when under orders, for which ten cents per mile shall be allowed.

SEC. 4. And be it further enacted, 'That nothing in this Bonds heretofore act contained shall be construed to affect the bonds which have by this act.

Executive to

sels in commis-

allowance,

1842

Navy may de-

Rules, &c., to be laid before Congress.

Advances or loans of money, &c., unlawful.

Act to go into effect, when.

Pursers at cer assistant.

heretofore been given by pursers in the navy, but the same shall remain in full force and effect as if this law had not been passed; Secretary of the and the Secretary of the Navy is hereby authorized and required navy may de-mand new bonds. to demand and receive from them, or any of them, new bonds,

with sufficient sureties, in all cases in which he may consider Pursers neglect- the same necessary and expedient; and in case any purser shall give the same to neglect or refuse to give such new bond, it shall be the duty of the dismissed. the Executive to dismiss him forthwith from the service.

SEC. 5. And be it further enacted, That the rules and regulations which shall be made in conformity with the provisions of this act, shall be laid before Congress at their next session.

SEC. 6. And be it further enacted, That it shall not be lawful for a purser in the navy to advance or loan any sum or sums of money, public or private, or any article or commodity whatever, or any credit, to any officer in the naval service, under any pretence whatever.

SEC. 7. And be it further enacted, That the provisions of this act shall go into effect, within the United States, from the date of its passage; and in vessels abroad at the beginning of the quarter after its official receipt.

SEC. 8. And be it further enacted, That pursers attached tain stations, &c., to, and doing duty in, navy yards at Boston, New York, and Norfolk, and sea-going vessels of a larger class than sloops of war, shall be authorized to appoint a clerk or assistant, to be approved by the commanding officer of such yard or vessel; and the yearly compensation of such clerk shall be as follows. viz:

Clerk's compen- In a frigate, or navy yard at Boston, New York, and sation.

Norfolk -In a ship of the line

700 Said assistant or clerk shall have the privileges which are aland lowed to the clerk of the commanding officer; and each purser one ration, when, and clerk, while attached to vessels in commission, shall re-

\$500

ceive one ration per day. SEC. 9. And be it further enacted, That all stores of puron board ships in commission, shall be taken by the Govtaken by Govern- ernment at a fair valuation, under the direction of the Secretary of the Navy.

SEC. 10. And be it further enacted, That all acts or parts ent with this act, of acts which may be contrary to, or inconsistent with, the provisions of this act, shall be, and are hereby, repealed.

SEC. 11. And be it further enacted, That, from and after swains, gunners, and the passage of this act, the annual pay of the forward warrant officers of the navy of the United States shall be as follows :

For boatswains, gunners, carpenters, and sailmakers-

When on duty on board ships of the line, and in the three navy vards at Boston, New York, and Norfolk \$800 700 On other duty -

His privileges.

Pursers allowed clerks

Pursers' stores on board ships in ment.

Acts inconsistrepealed.

Pay of boatsailmakers.

for the first ten years, and after \$600.

SEC. 12. And be it further enacted, That whenever an offi-cer shall perform the duty of a higher grade, by order of the higher grade, by Secretary of the Navy, or the commander of a fleet or squadron, order, to receive or ship acting singly on foreign service, such officer shall be entitled to receive the pay of such higher grade during the time he performs the duty in that grade, and no longer; and no allowance shall be made for performing such service hereafter, unless so ordered.

APPROVED, August 26, 1842.

AN ACT to establish and regulate the navy ration.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the navy ration shall consist of the following daily allowance of provisions for each person :

One pound of salted pork, with half a pint of peas or beans; or one pound of salted beef, with half a pound of flour, and a Component parts quarter of a pound of raisins, dried apples, or other dried fruits; of the ration. or one pound of salt beef, with half a pound of rice, two ounces of butter, and two ounces of cheese, together with fourteen ounces of biscuit, one quarter of an ounce of tea, or one ounce of coffee, or one ounce of cocoa; two ounces of sugar, and one gill of spirits; and of a weekly allowance of half a pound of pickles or cranberries, half a pint of molasses, and half a pint of vinegar.

SEC. 2. And be it further enacted, That fresh meat may Fresh meat may be substituted for salt beef or pork, and vegetables or sour crout be substituted for for the other articles usually issued with the salted meats, allowing one and a quarter pounds of fresh meat for one pound articles. of salted beef or pork, and regulating the quantity of vegetables or sour crout, so as to equal the value of those articles for which they may be substituted.

SEC. 3. And be it further enacted, That, should it be ne- Soft bread, flour, cessary to vary the above described daily allowance, it shall be or fice may be lawful to substitute one pound of soft bread, or one pound of biscuit; wine for spirite substitute one pound of soft bread, or one pound of biscuit wine for spirite substitute. flour, or half a pound of rice, for fourteen ounces of biscuit; spirits, &c. half a pint of wine for a gill of spirits; half a pound of rice for half a pint of beans or peas; half a pint of beans or peas for half a pound of rice.

When it may be deemed expedient by the President of the Articles allowed United States, Secretary of the Navy, commander of a fleet or for each other in squadron, or of a single ship when not acting under the au- certain cases. thority of another officer on foreign service, the articles of butter, cheese, raisins, dried apples, or other dried fruits, pickles, and molasses, may be substituted for each other and for spirits: Provided, The article substituted shall not exceed in value the the same.

\$500

1842.

to be substituted

Proviso; value

1842.

In case of necesminished.

made for the diminution.

Commander to sity, &c.

Spirits not allowed to persons under one.

linquish spirits.

in money.

Act to take effect, when.

ent herewith repealed.

article for which it may be issued, according to the scale of prices which is or may be established for the same.

SEC. 4. And be it further enacted, That, in cases of nesity, daily allow-ance may be di- cessity, the daily allowance of provisions may be diminished or

varied by the discretion of the senior officer present in com-Payment to be mand, but payment shall be made to the persons whose allowance shall be thus diminished, according to the scale of prices which is or may be established for the same; but a commander report the neces- who shall thus make a diminution or variation, shall report to his commanding officer, or to the Navy Department, the necessity for the same, and give to the purser written orders, specifying particularly the diminution or reduction which is to be made.

SEC. 5. And be it further enacted, That no commissioned twenty- officer or midshipman, or any person under twenty-one years of age, shall be allowed to draw the spirit part of the daily ra-Others may re- tion; and all other persons shall be permitted to relinquish that part of their ration, under such restrictions as the President of the United States may authorize; and to every person who, by this section, is prohibited from drawing, or who may relinquish, the spirit part of his ration, there shall be paid, in lieu thereof, value to be paid the value of the same in money, according to the prices which are or may be established for the same.

SEC. 6. And be it further enacted, That the provisions of this act shall go into effect in the United States on the first day of the succeeding quarter after it becomes a law, and in vessels abroad on the first day of the succeeding quarter after its official Acts inconsist- receipt; and any acts and parts of acts which may be contrary to, or inconsistent with, the provisions of this act, shall be, and are hereby, repealed.

APPROVED, August 29, 1842.

AN ACT authorizing the Secretary of the Navy to contract for the purchase, for the United States, the right to use Babbit's anti-attrition metal.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, Authority to con- That the Secretary of the Navy be, and he hereby is, authorized to contract for the purchase, from the proprietor of the patented interest therein, for the United States, the right to use Babbit's anti-attrition metal in the construction of machinery and other work, subject to the ratification of Congress. APPROVED, August 29, 1842.

AN ACT for the relief of Thomas Brownell.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives To be paid a of the United States of America in Congress assembled, pension of \$10 a of the United States of America in Congress assembled, month, from the That the name of Thomas Brownell be placed upon the roll close of 1827, to of navy pensioners, and that he be allowed and paid a pension Oct, 1840. Oct., 1840,

tract for the pur-chase thereof.

of ten dollars per month, from the close of the year one thousand eight hundred and twenty-seven, to October, one thousand eight hundred and forty, for a disability received by him while in the discharge of his duty as master on board the Lawrence, under Commodore Perry, in the year one thousand eight hundred and thirteen.

APPROVED, August 29, 1842.

AN ACT for the relief of Henry Fry.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Secretary of the Navy be, and he is hereby, authorized and required to place the name of Henry Fry, of the city a month allowed. of Philadelphia, formerly a purser in the navy, on the list of invalid navy pensioners, and to pay him, at the rate of twenty dollars per month, to commence on the first of January, one thousand eight hundred and thirty-eight.

APPROVED, August 29, 1842.

AN ACT for the relief of the legal representatives of Henry Eckford, deceased.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That there be paid to the legal representatives of Henry Eck-ford, deceased, out of any money in the Treasury not otherwise maining on Henappropriated, the sum of three thousand seven hundred and ry Eckford's pre eighty-three dollars and ninety-seven cents, in full payment and satisfaction for any claims they, or the said Henry Eckford had, or may have, on account of the United States vessels New Orleans and Chippewa being suffered to remain on the prem. ises of the said Henry Eckford, for any length of time anterior to the first day of January, eighteen hundred and forty-two; and a further sum, at the rate of one hundred and ninety-one dollars sixty-two and one half cents, as long as the said United States vessel New Orleans shall remain at Navy Point.

APPROVED, August 29, 1842.

AN ACT for the relief of Isaac Hull.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Secretary of the Treasury pay to Captain Isaac Hull, To be paid \$604 of the United States navy, out of any money in the Treasury for live oak. not otherwise appropriated, the sum of six hundred and four dollars and eighty-four cents, being the amount paid by said Isaac Hull to Peter H. Green for certain live-oak timber, by order from the Navy Commissioners.

APPROVED, August 29, 1842.

Pension of \$20

Act of 7th February, 1815, re-pealed.

ment.

Chiefs of the bureaus to be appointed, how.

Secretary of the Navy to appoint the following

AN ACT to reorganize the Navy Department of the United States.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the act, approved February seventh, eighteen hundred and fifteen, entitled "An act to alter and amend the several acts for establishing a Navy Department, by adding thereto a board of commissioners," be, and the same is hereby, repealed.

SEC. 2. And be it further enacted, That there shall be at-Bureaus to be SEC. 2. And be it further enacted, That there shall be at-attached to the tached to the Navy Department the following bureaus, to wit: Navy Depart. 1. A bureau of Navy Yards and Docks.

2. A bureau of Construction, Equipment, and Repair.

3. A bureau of Provisions and Clothing.

4. A bureau of Ordnance and Hydrography.

5. A bureau of Medicine and Surgery.

SEC. 3. And be it further enacted, That the President of the United States, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate, shall appoint, from the captains in the naval service, a chief for each of the bureaus of navy yards and docks, and of ordnance and hydrography, who shall each receive a salary of three thousand five hundred dollars per annum, in lieu of all other compensation whatever in the naval service; and shall, in like manner, appoint a chief of the bureau of construction. equipment, and repairs, who shall be a skilful naval constructor; and shall also appoint a chief of the bureau of provisions and clothing, who shall each receive for his services three thousand dollars per annum; and shall, in like manner appoint, from the surgeons of the navy, a chief of the bureau of medicine and surgery, who shall receive for his services two thousand five hundred dollars per annum.

SEC. 4. And be it further enacted, That the Secretary of the Navy shall appoint the following clerks, to wit:

Office of the Shall receive for his services two thousand dollars per annum; one registering clerk, who shall receive for his services one thousand four hundred dollars per annum; three recording clerks, who shall receive for their services each one thousand dollars per annum; one principal corresponding clerk, who shall receive for his services one thousand five hundred dollars per annum; and two assistant corresponding clerks, who shall receive for their services each twelve hundred dollars per annum; one warrant clerk, who shall receive for his services twelve hundred dollars per annum; and one miscellaneous clerk, who shall receive for his services eight hundred dollars per annum.

Bureau of Navy

For the bureau of navy yards and docks one civil engineer, Yards and Docks, who shall receive for his services two thousand dollars per annum; one draughtsman, who shall receive for his services one thousand dollars per annum; one chief clerk, who shall receive for his services one thousand four hundred dollars per annum;

and two assistant clerks, one of whom shall receive for his services one thousand dollars per annum, and the other shall receive for his services eight hundred dollars per annum.

For the bureau of construction, equipment, and repairs, one Bureau of Con-assistant constructor and draughtsman, who shall receive for his ment, and reservices the sum of one thousand six hundred dollars per an- pairs. num; and four clerks, one of whom shall receive for his services fourteen hundred dollars per annum, and the others shall receive for their services one thousand dollars per annum each.

For the bureau of provisions and clothing, one chief clerk, Bureau of Pro-who shall receive for his services one thousand four hundred ing. dollars per annum; and two clerks, one of whom shall receive for his services one thousand two hundred dollars per annum, and the other shall receive for his services eight hundred dollars per annum.

For the bureau of ordnance and hydrography, one draughts-man, who shall receive for his services one thousand dollars per drography, and annum; and three clerks, one of whom shall receive for his services twelve hundred dollars per annum, and the others shall receive for their services one thousand dollars per annum each.

For the bureau of medicine and surgery two clerks, one of Bureau of Medwhom shall receive for his services twelve hundred dollars per icine and Surannum, and the other shall receive for his services eight hundred dollars per annum; and one assistant surgeon, who shall receive for his services not less than the highest pay of his grade in the service.

SEC. 5. And be it further enacted, That the Secretary of Duties to be disthe Navy shall assign and distribute among the said bureaus tributed among such of the duties of the Navy Department as he shall judge to be expedient and proper; and all the duties of the said bu- To be performed reaus shall be performed under the authority of the Secretary of the Secretary of the Secretary of the Secretary of the Navy, and their orders shall be considered as emanating of the Navy, &c. from him, and shall have full force and effect as such.

SEC. 6. And be it further enacted, That there shall be allowed to each bureau a messenger, who shall receive for his services a compensation not exceeding seven hundred dollars per annum.

SEC. 7. And be it further enacted, That the chief of each Franking privibureau hereby established, shall be authorized to frank all com- lege. munications from his bureau; and all communications to his bureau, on the business thereof, shall be free of postage.

SEC. 8. And be it further enacted, That the books, records, Papers of the and papers, now belonging to the office of the Navy Commis-sioners office to sioners, shall be distributed among the bureaus, according to be distributed. the nature of their duties respectively; and the Secretary of the Navy is hereby authorized to provide for each bureau such stationery to be books of record and accounts, and such stationery, as may be appropriated found necessary; for which purpose the sum of three thousand therefor. five hundred dollars is hereby appropriated, payable out of any moneys in the Treasury not otherwise appropriated.

1842.

gery.

Messengers.

1842.

carry this law in-

clerkships.

Authority to repealed.

SEC. 9. And be it further enacted. That the unexpended Appropriation to balance of the appropriation for clerks in the office of the Secretary of the Navy, and the unexpended balance of the appropriation for the Commissioners of the Navy, their secretary, and clerks, together with such additional sum as may be necessary to carry this law into effect, be, and the same are hereby, appropriated, out of any moneys in the Treasury not otherwise appropriated.

SEC. 10. And be it further enacted, That the Secretary of officers, not SEC. 10. And of a function of the without detriment to may, with their the public service, appoint, with their consent, officers of the consent, be ap-pointed to the navy, not above the grade of lieutenants, to perform the duties of any clerkship created by this act, (except as herein otherwise provided,) who shall receive each for their services not more than nine hundred dollars per annum, including their regular pay and rations; but the appointment of any officer in the navy to any of the offices or clerkships in this act, shall in no manner whatever interfere with his grade in the service.

SEC. 11. And be it further enacted, That all acts or parts transfer money of acts authorizing the President of the United States, or the priation to ano- Secretary of the proper Department, under his direction to relates to the Na- transfer any portion of the moneys appropriated for a particular vy Department, branch of expenditure in that department, to be applied to another branch of expenditure in the same department, be, and are hereby, so far as relates to the department of the navy, repealed.

APPROVED, August 31, 1842.

AN ACT concerning professors of mathematics in the navy of the United States.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, Entitled to mess That professors of mathematics in the navy of the United States with heutenants, shall be entitled to live and mess with the lieutenants of seagoing and receiving vessels, and shall receive such rations as lieutenants of the same ship or station shall receive.

APPROVED, August 31, 1842.

AN ACT to authorize the construction of a depot for charts and instruments of the navy of the United States.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled. That the Secretary of the Navy be, and he is hereby, author-Navy to contract ized to contract for the building of a suitable house for a depot of charts and instruments of the navy of the United States, on

Cost limited to a plan not exceeding in cost the sum of twenty-five thousand dollars.

SEC. 2. And be it further enacted, That the sum of ten thousand dollars be, and the same is hereby, appropriated, out

and receive rations as such.

Secretary of the therefor.

\$25,000.

\$10,000 appropriated.

of any money in the Treasury not otherwise appropriated, towards carrying this law into effect.

SEC. 3. And be it further enacted, That the said establish- Location. ment may be located on any portion of the public land in the District of Columbia which the President of the United States may deem suited to the purpose.

APPROVED, August 31, 1842.

AN ACT to regulate the appointment and pay of engineers in the navy of the United States.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Secretary of the Navy shall appoint the requisite num- Engineers to be ber of chief engineers and assistant engineers, not to exceed one appointed by the chief engineer, two first assistant, two second assistant, and three Navy. third assistant engineers for each steam ship of war, for the na- Number allowed. val service of the United States, who shall be paid, when in actual service, as follows:

To the chief engineer, fifteen hundred dollars per annum and one ration per day; to the first assistant engineer, nine hundred &c. dollars per annum and one ration per day; to the second assistant engineer, seven hundred dollars per annum and one ration per day; to the third assistant engineer, five hundred dollars per annum and one ration per day; the chief engineer shall be entitled to mess in the ward room of ships of war, and in all cases of prize money he shall share as a lieutenant; the first assistant engineer shall share as a lieutenant of marines; the second assistant engineer shall share as a midshipman; the third assistant engineer shall share as the forward officers; but neither the chief nor the assistant engineers shall hold any other rank than as engineers.

SEC. 2. And be it further enacted, That the Secretary of Firemen and coal the Navy shall be authorized to enlist and employ the requisite heavized. number of firemen, who shall receive, each, thirty dollars per month and one ration per day; and the requisite number of coal heavers, who shall receive, each, eighteen dollars per month and one ration per day; and the said firemen and coal heavers shall, in all cases of prize money, share as seamen.

SEC. 3. And be it further enacted, That the said chief en- Pay of engineers gineer and assistant engineers, when waiting orders, shall be paid as follows: to the chief engineer, twelve hundred dollars per annum; to the first assistant engineer, seven hundred dollars per annum; to the second assistant engineer, five hundred dollars per annum; to the third assistant engineer, three hundred and fifty dollars per annum.

SEC. 4. And be it further enacted, That the Secretary of Engineer in chief the Navy shall appoint a skilful and scientific engineer in chief, to be appointed. who shall receive for his services the sum of three thousand

Pay in service,

heavers

waiting orders.

1842.

Uniform for engineers, and rules for their govern-ment, to be prescribed.

Engineers subject to laws and navy.

Engineers, how appointed.

Depots of coal authorized.

1846.

dollars per annum, and shall perform such duties as the Secretary of the Navy shall require of him touching that branch of the service.

SEC. 5. And be it further enacted. That the Secretary of the Navy shall be authorized to prescribe a uniform for the said chief engineers and assistant engineers, and to make all necessary rules and regulations for the proper arrangement and government of the corps of engineers and assistant engineers, not inconsistent with the constitution and laws of the United States. The said engineers and assistant engineers shall be, in all reregulations of the spects, subject to the laws, rules, and regulations of the naval service, in like manner with other officers of the service.

> SEC. 6. And be it further enacted, That the said chief engineers shall be appointed by commission, and the assistant engineers shall be appointed by warrant from the Secretary of the Navy, in such form as he may prescribe.

> SEC. 7. And be it further enacted, That the Secretary of the Navy be, and he is hereby, authorized to establish, at such places as he may deem necessary, suitable depots of coal, or other fuel, for the supply of steam ships of war.

APPROVED, August 31, 1842.

AN ACT to continue the office of Commissioner of Pensions.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the office of Commissioner of Pensions shall be, and the Office continued until 4th March, same is hereby, continued until the fourth of March, one thousand eight hundred and forty-six.

SEC. 2. And be it further enacted, That a Commissioner of Pensions shall be appointed by the President of the United States, by and with the consent of the Senate, and that he shall execute, under the direction of the Secretary of War and the Secretary of the Navy, such duties in relation to the various pension laws as may be prescribed by the President; and also such duties in relation to the laws granting military bounty lands as may be assigned to him by the Secretary of War, with the sanction of the President.

Allowed a salary of \$2,500, and the franking privilege.

A commissioner

to be appointedhis duties.

> SEC. 3. And be it further enacted, That the said Commissioner shall receive an annual salary of two thousand five hundred dollars, and shall have the privilege of sending and receiving letters and packets by mail free of postage.

APPROVED, January 20, 1843.

AN ACT for the relief of Samuel Hambleton.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Secretary of the Navy be, and he hereby is, authori-zed to cause to be settled the account of Samuel Hambleton, be settled, and for office rent and clerk hire while he was on duty as purser in an account of access made him. the navy yard at Pensacola, in the years 1826, 1827, 1828, and 1829; and, in such settlement, to cause to be allowed to him at the rate of \$600 a year for clerk hire, and \$350 for house rent and office rent, from the 21st day of August, 1826. until sufficient accommodations were put up by the Government, at the said navy yard, for the accommodation of the purser with house and office room: Provided, That no greater sum shall be allowed, as a balance due to said Hambleton, on such settlement than \$970 81; and the Secretary of the Treasury is hereby authorized to pay to the said Samuel Hambleton such balance as may be found due to him on such settlement, out of any money in the Treasury not otherwise appropriated.

AFPROVED, January 28, 1843.

AN ACT for the relief of Benjamin J. Totten.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That there be allowed and paid to Benjamin J. Totten, of the United States Navy, out of any money in the Treasury not services otherwise appropriated, the difference of compensation between in the navy. a sailing master and a lieutenant in the navy, for the period during which said Totten acted as lieutenant on board of the United States schooner Dolphin, in the year 1833, by the temporary appointment of J. C. Long, commander; said Totten furnishing to the Navy Department satisfactory evidence of the fact.

APPROVED, March 1, 1843.

AN ACT for the relief of Mary Crawford.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That Mary Crawford, widow of David Ross Crawford, late of the United States Navy, be placed on the roll of pensioners, sion. and that there be paid to her such sum, as an annual pension, as she would have been entitled to receive had her late husband been a lieutenant in the service at the time of his death.

APPROVED, March 1, 1843.

Proviso.

To be paid for while

Allowed a pen-

1843.

1843.

AN ACT making appropriations for the naval service for the half calendar year beginning the 1st day of January and ending the 30th day of June, 1843; and for the fiscal year beginning the 1st day of July, 1843, and ending the 30th day of June, 1844.

[EXTRACTS.]

And the Secretary of the Navy is hereby directed to cause an examination to be made of the expediency, practicability, and probable expense of constructing a dry dock in the harbor of New York upon the plan of using, as an elevating power, the water of the Croton aqueduct, and of sufficient capacity to rebuild or repair a seventy-four gun-ship, and to cause an examination of any other plan or plans of a dry dock or floating dock in said harbor, deemed worthy by the Secretary to be reported upon, and to report the result of such examination, with his opinion thereon, to the next session of Congress. And all further expenditures under the appropriations heretofore made for the dry dock in said harbor shall be suspended until the first day of January next; and the sum of \$100,000 shall be, and the same hereby is, appropriated for the construction of a at floating dry dock at Pensacola, of capacity sufficient for the repair of frigates of the smaller class, and upon such plan as the Secretary of the Navy shall approve.

Provided, That all provisions and clothing, hemp, and other materials of every name and nature, for the use of the tation thereof, to navy, and the transportation thereof, when time will permit, shall hereafter be furnished by contract by the lowest bidder, as follows: the Secretary of the Navy shall advertise once a week for at least four weeks, in one or more of the principal papers published in the place where such articles are to be furnished, for sealed proposals for furnishing such articles, or the whole of any particular class of articles, specifying in such advertisement the amount, quantity, and description of each kind of articles to be furnished; and all such proposals shall be kept sealed until the day specified in such advertisement for opening the same, when they shall be opened by or under the direction of the officer making such advertisement, in the presence of at least two persons; and the person offering to furnish any class of such articles, and giving satisfactory security for the performance thereof, under a forfeiture not exceeding twice the contract price in case of failure, shall receive a contract for furnishing the same: and in case the lowest bidder shall fail to enter into such contract and give such security within a reasonable time, to be fixed in such advertisement, then the contract shall be given to the next lowest bidder, who shall enter into such contract and give such security; and that all such bids or proposals shall be preserved and recorded, and reported to Congress at the commencement of every regular session; and the same shall contain a true and faithful abstract of all offers made, embracing as well those which are rejected as those which are accepted; the said abstract shall embrace the

Dry dock New York,

at

Dry dock Pensacola.

Proviso: materials for the navy, and the transporcontract.

names of the party or parties offering, the terms proposed, the sums demanded, and the length of time the agreement is to continue. And, in case of a failure to supply the articles, or to perform the work, by the person entering into such contract, he and his sureties shall be liable for the forfeiture specified in such contract, as liquidated damages, to be sued for in the name of the United States, in any court having jurisdiction thereof.

APPROVED, March 3, 1843.

AN ACT to provide for carrying into effect the treaty between the United States and Great Britain, concluded at Washington on the ninth day of August, one thousand eight hundred and forty-two.

[EXTRACT.]

SEC. 6. And be it further enacted, That it shall be the Naval appropri-duty of the President of the United States, in execution of the plied to the exeprovisions of the eighth article of said treaty, to apply so much visions of the groof the naval appropriations as may be necessary therefor, to the article. preparation, equipment, and maintenance of the naval force therein stipulated to be employed on the coast of Africa by the United States.

APPROVED, March 3, 1843.

AN ACT authorizing an examination and survey of the harbor of Memphis, in Tennessee.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Secretary of the Navy be, and he is hereby, authori- and survey to be zed to cause to be made an examination and survey of the made with a view harbor of Memphis, in Tennessee, in reference to the expedi- ment of a naval ency of establishing a naval depot and yard for the building depot. and repairing steam-ships and other vessels of war at that place, and that he report to Congress the result of such examination and survey; and that the sum of three thousand dollars be, therefor. and the same is hereby, appropriated out of any money in the Treasury unappropriated, to defray the expenses of such examination and survey.

APPROVED, March 3, 1843.

AN ACT to modify the act entitled "An act to provide for the better security of the lives of passengers on board of vessels propelled in whole or in part by steam," approved July 7, 1838.

[EXTRACT.]

SEC. 5. And be it further enacted, That in execution of Experimental the authority vested in him by the second section of the joint trials of inventions to prevent resolution "authorizing experiments to be made for the pur- the explosion of pose of testing Samuel Colt's sub-marine battery, and for other &c., authorized. boilers, purposes," approved August 31, 1842, the Secretary of the Navy shall appoint a board of examiners, consisting of three

Approprtation

Rememorit Library

1843.

1843.

persons, of thorough knowledge as to the structure and use of the steam engine, whose duty it shall be to make experimental trials of such inventions and plans designed to prevent the explosion of steam boilers and collapsing of flues, as they may deem worthy of examination, and report the result of their experiments, with an expression of their opinion as to the relative merits and efficacy of such inventions and plans; which report the Secretary shall cause to be laid before Congress at its next It shall also be the duty of said examiners to examine session. and report the relative strength of copper and iron boilers of equal thickness, and what amount of steam to the square inch, when sound, is capable of working with safety; and whether hydrostatic pressure, or what other plan, is best for testing the strength of boilers under the inspection laws; and what limitations as to the force or pressure of steam to the square inch, in proportion to the ascertained capacity of a boiler to resist, it would be proper to establish by law for the more certain prevention of explosions.

APPROVED, March 3, 1843.

AN ACT making appropriations for the civil and diplomatic expenses of Government for the fiscal year ending the 30th day of June, 1844.

[EXTRACTS.]

For payment to Isaac Babbitt, of Boston, in execution of a of Babbitt's anti-atcontract made with him by the Secretary of the Navy for the purchase of Babbitt's "anti-attrition metal," pursuant to the act of Congress of the 29th of August, 1842, twenty thousand dollars; and the accounting officers of the Treasury are hereby authorized and directed, in the settlement of the accounts of Extre pay to the officers attached to the late surveying and exploring expe-officers of the ex-ploring expedi- dition to the Pacific ocean and the South seas, who were employed in the scientific duties, to allow and credit them with extra pay, equal to that allowed to the officers engaged in the service of the coast survey.

Coast survey.

Purchase

trition metal.

tion.

to the mode of carrying it on, &c.

For survey of the coast of the United States, including compensation of superintendent and assistants, one hundred thous-Proviso relative and dollars: Provided, That this and all other appropriations hereafter to be made for this work, shall, until otherwise provided by law, be expended in accordance with a plan of re-organizing the mode of executing the survey, to be submitted to the President of the United States by a board of officers, which shall be organized by him, to consist of the present superintendent, his two principal assistants, and the two naval officers now in charge of the hydrographical parties, and four from among the principal officers of the corps of topographical engineers; none of whom shall receive any additional compensation whatever for this service, and who shall sit as soon as organized. And the President of the United States shall adopt and carry into effect the plan of said board, as agreed upon by

a majority of its members; and the plan of said board shall cause to be employed as many officers of the army and navy of the United States as will be compatible with the successful prosecution of the work; the officers of the navy to be employed on the hydrographical parts, and the officers of the army on the topographical parts of the work; and no officer of the army or navy shall hereafter receive any extra pay, out of this or any future appropriations for surveys.

To defray the expenses of taking care of and preserving the Botanical and botanical and horticultural specimens brought home by the horticultural specimens brought squadron of the Exploring Expedition, under the direction and home by the Excontrol of the joint committee on the Library, twelve hundred ion. dollars.

For preparing and publishing charts, and otherwise carrying Charts of the exploring expediinto effect the act of August 26, 1842, for publishing an ac- experimentation. count of the discoveries of the Exploring Expedition, under the supervision and direction of the Joint Committee on the Library, twenty thousand dollars.

For defraying the expenses attending the conveyance and Transmission of forwarding by land, and of the receipt and delivery of mails, letters between letters and despatches, at and between Chagres and Panama, nama. including the compensation to an agent of the United States at each of said places for the above purposes, one thousand dollars, to be expended under the direction of the Secretary of State.

APPROVED, March 3, 1843.

AN ACT for the relief of the legal representatives of Robert T. Spence.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Secretary of the Treasury be, and he hereby is, au- A credit of \$420 thorized to allow to the legal representative of Robert T. ¹⁰, with certain interest, allowed. Spence a credit of \$420 10, with interest on \$245 10 thereof from the time that the United States calculated and recovered interest in the judgment obtained by them against the said representative, on account of the liability of her intestate as security of G. K. Spence, on a balance appearing upon the books of the Treasury Department to be due from the said G. K. Spence for treasury notes by him received in 1815, and like interest on \$175 thereof from the same time, provided that time be not anterior to the ninth day of November, 1819; and if it be, then from the said 9th day of November, 1819, upon a judgment in favor of the United States, and against the said representative, in a suit upon a bond executed by her intestate, as the security of the said G. K. Spence.

APPROVED, March 3, 1843.

19

1843.

Pension, \$5 a month.

Pension, \$5 a month.

AN ACT for the relief of William Allen.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled. That the Secretary of the Navy place the name of William Allen, of Portland, in the State of Maine, on the roll of invalid pensioners, at the rate of five dollars per month, to commence on the 1st day of January, 1839, and to be continued so, long as said Allen's disability shall continue to be total. APPROVED, March 1, 1843.

AN ACT for the relief of Robert Ramsav.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Secretary of the Navy be, and he is hereby, required to place the name of Robert Ramsay on the roll of navy pensioners, and to pay him a pension, at the rate of five dollars per month, to commence and be computed from the 30th day of December, 1827.

APPROVED, March 3, 1843.

An ACT for the relief of John Wolfenden.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled. To be paid an- That there be paid to John Working a sum of money, nually a sum not from any moneys not otherwise appropriated, a sum of money, annually, equal to the amount paid at the naval asylum at Philadelphia, for the support of a seaman in the service of the United States, but not exceeding one hundred and eight dollars; said payment to be made semi-yearly, and to continue during the life of said John Wolfenden.

APPROVED, March 3, 1843.

AN ACT for the relief of Boyd Reilly.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, Purchase of the That the Secretary of War and the Secretary of the Navy be, right to use in the and they are hereby, authorized and instructed to receive from army and navy and Boyd Reilly his patent right for the use of the different forms ratus for the ap-plication of vapor of apparatus invented by him for the application of gas, or to the human sys- vapor of any description, to the human system, which are at present in use, or may at any time hereafter be introduced into the hospitals of the army, the navy, and the penitentiary of the United States, and on board of the national shipping; and also to settle the amount of compensation due to him, on principles of equity-the sum awarded to be charged in equal proportions to the contingent expenses of the army and navy, or to hospital expenditures of each service-provided the same shall not exceed the sum of five thousand dollars.

APPROVED, March 3, 1843.

20

A RESOLUTION in relation to the purchase of domestic water-rotted hemp for the use of the United States navy.

Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That Purchase of dothe Secretary of the Navy be, and he hereby is, directed to mestic water-rotpurchase domestic water-rotted hemp for the use of the United navy, directed. States navy, so far as the same shall be found of suitable quality, and can be used beneficially to the service, having regard to the cost, strength, and durability of the article; and for that purpose shall cause purchases of such hemp to be made in the hemp-growing regions of the Union.

SEC. 2. And be it further resolved, That this joint resolu- to remain in force tion shall be and remain in force for the period of seven years for 7 years. from the passing thereof.

APPROVED, September 11, 1841.

JOINT RESOLUTION making it the duty of the Attorney General to examine into the titles of the lands or sites for the purpose of erecting thereon armories, and other public works and buildings, and for other purposes.

Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That Attorneygeneral it shall be the duty of the attorney general of the United States to make the ex-amination and reto examine into the titles of all the lands or sites which have port to the Presibeen purchased by the United States for the purpose of erect. ing thereon armories, arsenals, forts, fortifications, navy-yards, custom-houses, light-houses, or other public buildings of any kind whatever, and report his opinion as to the validity of the title in each case to the President of the United States.

2. Resolved, That it shall be the duty of all the officers of Title papers to the United States, having any of the title papers to the property be furnished to aforesaid in their possession, to furnish them forthwith to the eral. attorney general, to aid him in the investigation aforesaid.

3. Resolved, That no public money shall be expended upon Public money any site or land hereafter to be purchased by the United States and many site or land hereafter to be purchased by the United States and the expendence of the atfor the purposes aforesaid, until the written opinion of the attorney general shall be had in favor of the validity of the title, &c. and also the consent of the Legislature of the State in which the land or site may be, shall be given to said purchaser.

4. Resolved, That it shall be the duty of the district attor- District Attor-neys of the United States, upon the application of the attor- assistance. ney general, to furnish any assistance or information in their power in relation to the titles of the public property aforesaid lying within their respective districts.

5. Resolved, That it shall be the duty of the Secretaries of Secretaries of the Executive departments, upon the application of the attorney general, to procure any additional evidence of title which evidence; when, he may deem necessary, and which may not be in the posses-

dent.

1842.

Secretaries of Executive the Departments to apply to the State Legislatures for said lands, &c.

sion of the officers of Government; the expense of procuring which to be paid out of the appropriations made for the contingencies of the departments respectively.

6. Resolved, That it shall be the duty of the Secretaries of the Executive departments, respectively, under whose direction any lands for the purposes aforesaid may have been purchased, jurisdiction over and over which the United States do not possess jurisdiction, to apply to the legislatures of the States in which the lands are situated for a cession of jurisdiction; and, in case of refusal, to report the same to Congress at the commencement of the next session thereafter.

APPROVED, September 11, 1841.

JOINT RESOLUTION to authorize the commission, appointed to prepare rules and regulations for the naval service, to appoint a clerk.

Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of Employment of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That a temporary clerk the Secretary of the Navy be, and he is hereby, authorized, agreeably to his request, to employ a temporary clerk for the purpose of aiding the attorney general and himself in carrying into effect the resolution of the twenty-fourth May, eighteen hundred and forty-two, which requires of them the preparation of rules and regulations for the navy.

APPROVED, August 11, 1842.

JOINT RESOLUTION authorizing experiments to be made for the purpose of testing Samuel Colt's submarine battery, and for other purposes.

Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of Secretary of the the United States of America in Congress assembled, That Navy to render the Secretary of the Navy be, and he is hereby, instructed to render Mr. Samuel Colt facilities to test his submarine battery, rine battery, and to an extent which will settle the questions whether these or any other plan can, with ease and safety, successfully be employed as a power sufficient to destroy the largest class of ships of war when in motion passing in or out of harbor, without the necessity of approach within reach of shot from guns of the largest caliber; and whether continued operations of the destruction of one or more vessels can be effected with renewing the means under exposure of an advancing squadron; and whether the same can be used for the defence of a harbor without endangering the passage in or out of other than hostile Proviso: sum expense and result of these experiments: Provided, That the exceed \$15,000. sand dollars, to be taken from the fund appropriated by the act of eleventh of September, eighteen hundred and forty-one, for experiments connected with the naval service of the United States.

to test his submagress.

authorized.

SEC. 2. And be it further resolved. That the Secretary of the Navy be, and he is hereby, authorized to make such expe-rimental trial of the several inventions of Thomas M. Easton, the explosion of Ethan Campbell, Aaron Quinby, or either of them, or of other steam boilers, au-thorized. persons, to prevent the explosion of steam boilers, as may be necessary to test their value and utility as applicable for the purpose aforesaid to the steam ships of the United States; and the sum of six thousand dollars is hereby appropriated therefor ared. out of the fund heretofore named.

APPROVED, August 31, 1842.

JOINT RESOLUTION to establish agencies for water-rotted hemp.

Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Secretary of the Navy be, and he is hereby, authorized to Kentucky establish an agency in the State of Kentucky, and an agency Missouri. in the State of Missouri, for the inspection, test, and purchase of water-rotted hemp for the use of the American navy: Provided, That domestic hemp shall not cost more than foreign hemp of the same quality in the seaport towns of the United States.

APPROVED, February 18, 1843.

1843.

\$6.000 appropri-

Agencies to be established in and

Proviso.

to provide the first of the second se

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and at both other or and send here of some of the set of the se

