

OLD SPELLING SHAKESPEARM As You Like It

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THE OLD-SPELLING SHAKESPEARE: Being the Works of Shakespeare in the Spelling of the best Quarto and Folio Texts Edited by F. J. Furnivall and the late W. G. Boswell-Stone.



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AS YOU LIKE IT

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INTRODUCTION AND NOTES

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As You Like It

INTRODUCTION

DATE

As You Like It was first entered in the Stationers' Register on August 4, 1600, together with Much Ado, Henry V, and Ben Jonson's Every Man in his Humour. To all of them the curious note 'to be stayed' was attached, and it is difficult to understand the reason for this: three of these plays were printed within a few months of this entry, but As You Like It made its first appearance in the Folio of 1623. The entry, however, forms a later limit for the composition of As You Like It, while an earlier limit is suggested by the fact that it is not mentioned by Meres in his famous enumeration of Shakespeare's works in his Palladis Tamia of 1598. There are many passages in the play which have been thought to bear a topical significance: of these the most important is the famous allusion to Marlowe,

Dead shepherd, now I find thy saw of might Whoever loved that loved not at first sight,'

in the fifth scene of the third act.

The second line of this couplet is a quotation from Marlowe's Hero and Leander which was printed in 1598. This goes to confirm the negative evidence supplied by Meres to fix 1598 as a lower limit. The reference to 'Diana in the fountain' has been thought to have been suggested by the erection of a statue of Diana in West Cheap in 1596: the description, however, is not an accurate one and this allusion cannot be accepted as proved when we consider how very frequently Diana was the figure chosen to ornament fountains in Elizabeth's time. Various editors have seen references to the statute prohibiting the use of

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oaths in plays, and to the penal laws against witchcraft which were drawn up in 1603 and 1605 respectively. These, again, are unsatisfactory, as the passages seem too general to be intended as conveying any distinct reference to particular laws: nor, indeed, would they prove anything as to the later date of the play even if they could be admitted. Nevertheless the Hero and Leander quotation, and the omission of mention by Meres together with the entry in the Stationers' Register combine to

settle the play's date within well-defined limits.

Turning to internal evidence the same conclusion is arrived at. Leaving aside the songs and the love-rhymes which Orlando indulged in, rhyme is comparatively scarce: double and light endings are by no means unusual: the diction is distinctly that of the second period where thought and expression are balanced. In fact, both the subject and treatment are in some ways akin to Much Ado about Nothing, and combined with the similar diction, and the simultaneous entry of the two plays in the Register, it is difficult to resist the conclusion that the two plays were written at no great distance of time apart from each other: it is perhaps to enquire too curiously' which preceded the other, but either the latter part of 1599 or the beginning of 1600 may be set down as the probable date of composition of As You Like It.

THE TEXT

No quarto edition of As You Like It exists: as has already been said the issue of one seems to have been contemplated, but the note 'to be stayed'—whatever its reasons may have been—appears to have been effective enough in this instance. The play first appeared in the Folio of 1623, where it is placed between the Merchant of Venice and the Taming of the Shrew. With practically one exception editors agree in regarding the text as unusually satisfactory in the famous edition of Heminge and Condell: and as this one exception produces nothing of any consequence to support his opinion, the reliability of the Folio version may be admitted. Such inaccuracies as 'Juno's swans,' the confusion between the statures of Rosalind and Celia, must be attributed rather to the author than the printer: while the ambiguity of time is merely an instance of a device which

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Shakespeare has freely availed himself of, namely, that of 'double time.'

Source

The plot of As You Like It is taken from Lodge's Rosalynde. which as its sub-title 'Euphues and his golden legacy' indicates, was written at a time when Euphuism was still rampant, and the name of the verbose hero was still a valuable asset. Pastoral sweetness and melodramatic action are blended together in this novel. Rosader, on account of his excellent parts and his large possessions, is hated by his brother Saladyne; the latter persuades him to wrestle at the court, hoping he will be killed. He comes off victor, however, and falls in love with Rosalvnde. Returning home to his brother, he is subjected to many indignities, and eventually flies to the forest of Arden. Thither also have gone Rosalynde, disguised as a page, under the name of Ganymede, and Alinda, now known as Aliena, the daughter of the usurper who is in power, both having been banished. Rosader meets Ganymede, and there is much discussion between them on the subject of love. He is persuaded to undergo a mock-marriage with her, and eventually all is revealed and is consummated in their marriage. Saladyne comes to the forest. exiled by the usurper, falls in love with and marries Aliena, after having been rescued from a lion by his brother and repented. A shepherd, Montanus, is in love with a shepherdess, Phæbe, who disdains him, but falls in love with Ganymede, and finding out the personality of the latter, marries her devoted admirer.

The true king is also in the forest, and happily witnesses the marriage of Rosader and Rosalynde: after which an army of the usurper comes to attack him, but is repulsed by his noble

friends, and the king enjoys his own again.

Here then is the outline of all the various stories that combine

to form the plot of As You Like It.

The characters of Jacques, Touchstone, William and Audrey are Shakespeare's independent creations. There are also several differences between novel and play, of which the following may be mentioned.

(1) In the play, Orlando is hated by his brother for his excel-

lence and manliness, while in the novel, greed is made to

play a stronger part.

(2) In the novel, Rosader is congratulated by the usurper on his success, and there is no marring note as there is in the play. He proceeds home with many boon companions, and resides there some time before proceeding to Arden.

(3) In the novel Alinda is banished by her father; in the

play she voluntarily accompanies her friend.

(4) The treatment of the forest scenes is almost radically different. In the play anything that may mar the pastoral harmony is dismissed; thus the attack of robbers on Aliena and Ganymede is not alluded to: while the fight at the end is avoided by the sudden repentance of the usurping duke. In the love-scenes between Orlando and Rosalynde, wit and humour, with an undercurrent of tenderness, are the prevailing note: in the novel these scenes are abundantly strewed with eclogues, and the conversation is of an entirely artificial turn, elaborate in simile with but little humour. In the play, the courtship of Oliver and Celia is rapidly passed over: in the novel it is given at much greater length.

For a more detailed comparison of the source and play, as well as for the text itself of Lodge's *Rosalynde*, the reader must be referred to Mr. W. W. Greg's edition in the 'Shakespeare

Classics.'

As You Like It is essentially one of the 'joyous comedies' which may be grouped with Much Ado and Twelfth Night. It is, in fact, the one to which this application is specially fit. In both of the other two plays of the group, sadness and even despair reigns at least for a time. In As You Like It, the forest of Arden seems magically to dispel the thoughts of adversity and misfortune, and a cheerful optimism, which cheerily rises above hardship and injustice, is the key-note of the play. The leading characters require no comment: Rosalind's only fault is that the prominence afforded her by the poet causes Celia to be dwarfed; a fact which readers who have been led to take a lively interest in her in the early part of the play can only regret. Her marriage with Oliver is one of the worst instances in Shakespeare of an artificial and conventional completion of a portrait which has been begun with so much promise. Jacques is an original

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conception of the poet: he cannot be said to be a very pleasing The famous 'seven ages' speech is justly admired; but it is rather for the language than the sentiments that this admiration is justified. Jacques is full of cheap cynical philosophy, which he is wholly unable to maintain when he meets with any one 'disputable': he perhaps approximates to the type of railer familiar to readers of early Jonsonian comedy. In the play he forms a useful foil to the manly cheerfulness of Orlando, and the happy contentedness of Rosalind, and each of these easily succeeds in putting him down, while he is a capital vehicle for the poet to express some good-natured satire on some of the foibles of the Elizabethan gallant. Touchstone is, perhaps, the first line of demarcation in the various stages of Shakespeare's clowns which may be traced in the change from Launcelot Speed to the sorrowful fool of King Lear: his devotion to his mistress endears us to him, while his fooling of the shepherd, and his famous divisions of the lie are genuinely humorous, and do more than make only the groundlings laugh.



PERSONS REPRESENTED.1

[The References are to 1st Speeches in each Scene. When an Actor is mute, the Scene in which he appears is given.]

Duke Senior, living in banishment, II.i.r, p. 17; vii.r, p. 28; V.iv.r, p. 73.

Duke FREDERICK, his brother, and usurper of his dominions, I.ii.136, p. 9; II. ii.1, p. 19; III.i.1, p. 34.

Lords attending on the banished Duke.

attending on the

Sons of Sir ROW-

Seruants to OLIVER.

LAND de BOYS.

banished Duke.

AMYENS (or AMIENS), II.i.18, p. 17; v.1, p. 25; vii. 173, p. 33; as a Mute, V.iv. p. 73.

IAQUES, II.v.9, p. 25; vii.12, p. 28; III.ii.241, p. 41;
iii.7, p. 46; IV.i.1, p. 54; ii.1, p. 60; V.iv.35, p. 74.

7st Lord, II.i.25, p. 18; vii.3, p. 28; 2nd Lord, II.i.65, p. 19; A Lord, IV.ii.2, p. 60.

1st Page, V.iii.6, p. 71; 2nd Page, V.iii.8, p. 71.

LE BEU, a Courtier attending upon FREDERICK, I.ii.90, p. 8.

7st Lord, attending on FREDERICK, II.ii.4, p. 19; 2nd Lord, of like estate, II. ii.8, p. 19.

CHARLES, Duke FREDERICKS Wrastler, I.i.87, p. 3; ii.183, p. 10.

OLIUER, I.i.27, p. 2; III.i.13, p. 34; IV.iii. 75, p. 63; V.ii.5, p. 68.

IAQUES, V.iv. 144, p. 77.

ORLANDO, I.i.r, p. x; ii.r53, p. 9; II.iii.r, p. 20; vi.4, p. 27; vii.88, p. 30; III.ii.r, p. 34; IV.i.27, p. 55; V.ii.r, p. 68; iv.3, p. 73.

ADAM, I.i.24, p. r; II.iii.2, p. 20; vi.r, p. 27; vii. 168, p. 33.

DENNIS, Li.80, p. 3.

A Clowne or Motley, named TOUCHSTONE, I.ii.53, p. 7; II.iv.2, p. 22; III.ii.12, p. 35; iii.1, p. 46; V.i.1, p. 66; iii.1, p. 71; iv.38, p. 74

Sir OLIUER MAR-TEXT, a Vicar, III.iii.60, p. 47.

CORIN, an old man, II.iv.19, p. 23; III.ii.xx, p. 35; iv.42, p. 50; V.i.57, p. 67; as a Mute, III.v. p. 50.

SILUIUS, a yong man, in loue with PHEBE, II.iv.20, p. 23; III.v.1, p. 50; IV.iii.6, p. 61; V.ii.78, p. 70; iv.17, p. 73.

WILLIAM, a country Clowne, in love with AUDREY, V.i. 13, p. 66.

An Actor, presenting HYMEN, V.iv.101, p. 76.

¹ The heading of the Dramatis Personæ in How a Man may choose a good Wife from a bad.—Hazlitt's Dodsley, ix. 4.

Persons Represented.

- ROSALIND (or ROSALINE), daughter to the banished Duke, I.ii.2, p. 5; iii.3, p. 13; for GANIMED, II.iv.x, p. 22; III.ii.81, p. 37; iv.x, p. 48; v. 35, p. 51; IV.i.3, p. 54; iii.x, p. 61; V.ii.x, p. 68; iv.5, p. 73.
- CELIA, daughter to FREDERICK, I.ii.1, p. 5; iii.1, p. 13: for ALIENA, II.iv.8, p. 22; III.ii.118, p. 38; iv.2, p. 48; IV.i.60, p. 56; iii.3, p. 61: as a Mute, III.v. p. 50; V.iv. p. 76.
- PHEBE, a Shepherdesse, beloued by SILUIUS, III.v.8, p. 50; V.ii.78, p. 70; iv.12, p. 73.
- AUDREY (or AWDRIE), a country Wench, III.iii.4, p. 46; V.i.3, p. 66; as a Mute, V.iv. p. 74.
- The Scenes supposed. Olivers orchard, I.i. pp. 1-5: Before Olivers house, II.iii. pp. 20-22: Before Duke Fredericks palace, I.ii. pp. 5-13: Duke Fredericks palace, I.iii. pp. 13-17; II.ii. pp. 19, 20; III.i. p. 34: The forrest of Arden, II.i. pp. 17-10; iv—vii. pp. 22-33; III.ii.—V.iv. pp. 34-78.
- The Time 1 embraced by the Play cannot be ascertained, the Interim between scenes ii. and iii., in Act III., being of indefinite duration. 10 Days are represented on the Stage, and 3 Interims elapse.
- Day 1, I.i. pp. 1-5: Day 2, I.ii,iii. pp. 5-17; II.i. pp. 17-19: Day 3, II.ii,iii. pp. 19-22: Interim of a few days: Day 4, II.iv. pp. 22-25: Day 5, II.v,vi,vii.; III.i. pp. 25-34: Interim of a few days: Day 6, III.ii. pp. 34-45: Interim: Day 7, III.iii. pp. 46-48: Day 8, III.iv.v.; IV.; V.i. pp. 48-67: Day 9, V.ii,iii. pp. 68-72: Day 10, V.iv. pp. 73-78.
- 1 We throw sc. iii. Act II., and sc. i. Act III. into Days 3 and 5 respectively, because the distance between the Duke's palace and Oliver's house may have been too great to allow Orlando to reach home before Day 3, the day after the wrestlingmatch, and for Oliver—sent for on Day 3—to arrive at the court before Day 5. Mr. Daniel bracketed these scenes under Days 2 and 3 respectively, as being out of place. For the rest, we follow his Time-Analysis in the New Sh. Soc.'s Transactions, 1877–79, pp. 150—162.

NOTICE

In the Text, black type (Clarendon or Sans-serif) is used for all emendations and insertions.

In the Notes 'F' means the First Folio of 1623, from which the text is edited. Fz, the Second Folio of 1632 (whose emendations are not treated as Shakspere's).

 \P in the Text, means that the speaker turns and speaks to a fresh person.

Words having now a different stress to the Elizabethan, are generally accented, for the reader's convenience, as 'exile,' &c. When -ed final is pronounst as a separate syllable, the e is printed ë.

As You Like It

[From the First Folio of 1623.]



Actus Primus. Scoena Prima.

OLIUERS Orchard.

Enter Orlando and Adam.

Oriando.

S I remember, Adam, it was vpon this fashion: My Father bequeathed me by will but poore a thousand Crownes; and, as thou faift, charged my brother, on his bleffing, to breed mee well: and there begins [4 my fadnesse. My brother laques, he keepes at schoole, and report speakes goldenly of his profit: for my part, he keepes me rustically at home, or (to speak more properly) staies me heere at home vnkept; for call you that 'keeping' [8 for a gentleman of my birth, that differs not from the stalling of an Oxe? His horses are bred better; for, besides that they are faire with their feeding, they are taught their mannage, and, to that end, Riders deerely hir'd: but I (his [12 brother) gaine nothing vnder him but growth, for the which his Animals on his dunghils are as much bound to him as I. Befides this nothing that he fo plentifully gives me, the fomething that Nature gaue mee, his countenance feemes to [16 take from me: hee lets mee feede with his Hindes, barres mee the place of a brother, and, as much as in him lies. mines my gentility with my education. This is it, Adam, that grieues me; and the spirit of my Father, which I [20 thinke is within mee, begins to mutinie against this feruitude. I will no longer endure it, though yet I know no wife remedy how to auoid it.

Adam. Yonder comes my Master, your brother. 24
Orlan. Goe a-part, Adam, and thou shalt heare how he will shake me vp! [ADAM draws back.

I, 2. fashion: My Father] fashion; my father Heath conj. fashion F.

I B JI. i. 1-26.

Enter OLIUER.

Oli. Now, Sir! what make you heere?

Orl. Nothing: I am not taught to 'make' any thing. 28

Oli. What mar you then, fir?

Orl. Marry, fir, I am helping you to 'mar' that which God made, a poore vnworthy brother of yours, with idlenesse.

Oliuer. Marry, fir, be better employed, and be naught a while!

Orlan. Shall I keepe your hogs, and eat huskes with them? What prodigall portion haue I spent, that I should come to such penury?

Oli. Know you where you are, fir?

Orl. O, fir, very well: heere in your Orchard.

Oli. Know you before whom, fir?

Orl. I, better then him I am before knowes mee. I [40 know you are my eldeft brother; and, in the gentle condition of bloud, you should so know me. The courtesse of nations allowes you my better, in that you are the first borne; but the same tradition takes not away my bloud, were there [44 twenty brothers betwixt vs: I have as much of my Father in mee as you; albeit, I confesse, your comming before me is neerer to his reverence.

Oli. What, Boy!

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Orl. Come, come, elder brother! you are too youg in this.

Oli. Wilt thou lay hands on me, villaine?

[ORL. seizes him by the throat.

Orl. I am no villaine: I am the yongest sonne of Sir Rowland de Boys; he was my Father; and he is thrice a [52 villaine that faies such a Father begot villaines! Wert thou not my brother, I would not take this hand from thy throat, till this other had puld out thy tongue for saying so: thou hast raild on thy selfe.

Adam. [coming forward] Sweet Masters, bee patient! for

your Fathers remembrance, be at accord!

Oli. Let me goe, I fay!

Orl. I will not, till I please: you shall heare mee! [60 My Father charg'd you in his will to give me good education:

you have train'd me like a pezant, obfcuring and hiding from me all gentleman-like qualities. The spirit of my father growes strong in mee, and I will no longer endure it: [64 therefore allow me fuch exercises as may become a gentleman, or give mee the poore allottery my father left me by testament! With that I will goe buy my fortunes.

Oli. And what wilt thou do? beg, when that is fpent? [68] Well, fir, get you in! I will not long be troubled with you: you shall have some part of your will: I pray you, leave me!

Orl. I will no further offend you then becomes mee for my good.

Oli. [to ADAM] Get you with him, you olde dogge!

Adam. Is 'old dogge' my reward? Most true, I have lost my teeth in your feruice. God be with my olde mafter! he would not have spoke such a word. [Ex. Orl. and Ad. 76

Oli. Is it even so? Begin you to grow vpon me? I will phyficke your ranckenesse, and yet give no thousand crownes neyther. Holla, Dennis!

Enter DENNIS.

Den. Calls your worship? 80

Oli. Was not Charles, the Dukes Wraftler, heere to fpeake with me?

Den. So please you, he is heere at the doore, and importunes accesse to you.

Oli. Call him in! [Exit DENNIS.] 'Twill be a good way; and to morrow the wraftling is.

Enter CHARLES.

Cha. Good morrow to your worship! 87 Oli. Good Mounsier Charles, what's the new newes at the

new Court?

Charles. There's no newes at the Court, Sir, but the olde newes: that is, the old Duke is banished by his yonger brother the new Duke; and three or foure louing Lords [92] haue put themselues into voluntary exile with him, whose lands and reuenues enrich the new Duke; therefore he gives them good leave to wander.

Oli. Can you tell if Rofalind, the Dukes daughter, bee banished with her Father? 3

Cha. O, no! for the Dukes daughter, her Cosen, so loues her, (being euer from their Cradles bred together,) that shee would have followed her exile, or have died to stay behind her. She is at the Court, and no lesse beloued of her Vncle [101 then his owne daughter; and neuer two Ladies loued as they doe.

Oli. Where will the old Duke liue?

Cha. They fay hee is already in the Forrest of Arden, and a many merry men with him; and there they liue like [106 the old Robin Hood of England: they say many yong Gentlemen flocke to him euery day, and fleet the time carelesty, as they did in the golden world.

Oli. What, you wrastle to morrow before the new Duke?

Cha. Marry, doe I, fir; and I came to acquaint you with a matter. I am giuen, fir, fecretly to vnderstand, that your yonger brother, Orlando, hath a disposition to come in disguis'd against mee to try a fall. To morrow, fir, I [114 wrastle for my credit; and hee that escapes me without some broken limbe, shall acquit him well. Your brother is but young and tender; and, for your loue, I would bee loth to foyle him, as I must, for my owne honour, if hee [118 come in: therefore, out of my loue to you, I came hither to acquaint you withall; that either you might stay him from his intendment, or brooke such disgrace well as he shall runne into; in that it is a thing of his owne search, and altogether against my will.

Oli. Charles, I thanke thee for thy loue to me, which thou shalt finde I will most kindly requite. I had my selfe notice of my Brothers purpose beerein, and haue by vnder-hand [126] meanes laboured to disting him from it; but he is resolute. Ile tell thee, Charles: it is the stubbornest yong sellow of France; full of ambition, an enuious emulator of euery mans good parts, a secret & villanous contriuer against mee [130] his naturall brother: therefore vse thy discretion; I had as liefe thou didst breake his necke as his singer! And thou wert best looke to't; for if thou dost him any slight disgrace, or if hee doe not mightilie grace himselse on thee, hee [134] will practise against thee by poyson, entrap thee by some

treacherous deuise, and neuer leaue thee till he hath tane thy life by some indirect meanes or other; for, I assure thee, (and almost with teares I speake it,) there is not one so young, [138 and so villanous, this day living! I speake but brotherly of him; but should I anathomize him to thee, as hee is, I must blush, and weepe, and thou must looke pale and wonder. 141

Cha. I am heartily glad I came hither to you. If hee come to morrow, Ile giue him his payment! if euer hee goe alone againe, Ile neuer wrastle for prize more: and so, God keepe your worship!

[Exit. 145]

Oli. Farewell, good Charles! Now will I stirre this Gamester! I hope I shall see an end of him; for my soule (yet I know not why) hates nothing more then he. Yet hee's gentle; neuer school'd, and yet learned; full of noble deuise; of all forts enchantingly beloued; and, indeed, so much in the [150 heart of the world, and especially of my owne people, who best know him, that I am altogether misprised! But it shall not be so long! this wrastler shall cleare all! Nothing remaines but that I kindle the boy thither; which now Ile goe about.

[Exit.

Actus Primus. Scæna Secunda Lawn before the Dukes Palace.

Enter ROSALIND, and CELLIA.

Cel. I pray thee, Rosalind, fweet my Coz, be merry! r
Ros. Deere Cellia, I show more mirth then I am mistresse
of; and would you yet I were merrier? Vnlesse you could
teach me to forget a banished father, you must not learne mee
how to remember any extraordinary pleasure.

Cel. Heerein I see thou lou'st mee not with the full waight that I loue thee. If my Vncle, thy banished father, had banished thy Vncle, the Duke my Father, so thou hadst [8 beene still with mee, I could have taught my loue to take thy father for mine: so wouldst thou, if the truth of thy loue to me were so righteously temper'd as mine is to thee. II

Rof. Well, I will forget the condition of my estate, to

reioyce in yours.

Cel. You know my Father hath no childe but I, nor none is like to haue: and, truely, when he dies, thou shalt be his heire; for what hee hath taken away from thy father [16 perforce, I will render thee againe in affection: by mine honor, I will! and, when I breake that oath, let mee turne monster! therefore, my sweet Rose, my deare Rose, be merry!

Rof. From henceforth I will, Coz; and deuise sports.

Let me fee: what thinke you of falling in Loue?

Cel. Marry, I prethee, doe, to make fport withall: but loue no man in good earnest; nor no further in sport neyther, then (with safety of a pure blush) thou maist in honor come off againe.

Rof. What shall be our sport, then?

Cel. Let vs fit and mocke the good houswife, Fortune, from her wheele, that her gifts may henceforth bee bestowed equally.

Rof. I would wee could doe so; for her benefits are mightily misplaced; and the bountiful blinde woman doth most mistake in her gifts to women.

Cel. 'Tis true; for those that she makes faire, she scarce makes honest; & those that she makes honest, she makes very illfauouredly.

Rof. Nay, now thou goeft from Fortunes office to Natures: Fortune reigns in gifts of the world, not in the lineaments of Nature.

Enter Clowne (TOUCHSTONE).

Cel. No? when Nature hath made a faire creature, may the not by Fortune fall into the fire? Though Nature hath given vs wit to flout at Fortune, hath not Fortune fent in this foole to cut off the argument?

Rof. Indeed, there is Fortune too hard for Nature, when Fortune makes Natures naturall the cutter off of Natures witte.

Cel. Peraduenture this is not Fortunes work neither, but Natures, who perceiueth our naturall wits too dull to reason I. ii. 12-48.]

of fuch goddeffes, and hath fent this Naturall for our whetftone; for alwaies the dulneffe of the foole is the whetftone of the wits. ¶ How now, Witte! whether wander you?

Clow. Mistresse, you must come away to your father.

Cel. Were you made the messenger?

Clo. No, by mine honor! but I was bid to come for you.

Rof. Where learned you that oath, foole?

Clo. Of a certaine Knight, that fwore by his Honour they were good Pan-cakes, and fwore by his Honor the Mustard was naught: Now, Ile stand to it, the Pancakes were naught, and the Mustard was good; and yet was not the Knight forsworne.

Cel. How proue you that, in the great heape of your

knowledge?

Rof. I, marry, now vnmuzzle your wisedome! 64 Clo. Stand you both forth, now: stroke your chinnes, and

fweare by your beards that I am a knaue!

Cel. By our beards (if we had them) thou art.

Clo. By my knauerie (if I had it) then I were; but it you fweare by that that is not, you are not forfworn: no more was this knight, fwearing by his Honor, for he neuer had anie; or, if he had, he had fworne it away before euer he faw those Pancakes, or that Mustard.

Cel. Prethee, who is't that thou means't?

Clo. One that old Fredericke, your Father, loues.

Cel. My Fathers loue is enough to honor him: enough! speake no more of him! you'l be whipt for taxation one of these daies.

Clo. The more pittie, that fooles may not speak wisely,

what Wisemen do foolishly.

Cel. By my troth, thou faiest true; for, since the little wit that fooles have was silenced, the little foolerie that wise men have makes a great shew. Heere comes Monsieur the Beu!

Rof. With his mouth full of newes.

Cel. Which he vvill put on vs, as Pigeons feed their young.

^{49.} and] Malone.
75. Cel.] Theobald. Ros. F.

Rof. Then shal we be newes-cram'd. Cel. All the better; we shalbe the more Marketable. 88

Enter LE BEAU.

¶ Bon-iour, Monsieur le Beu! what's the newes? Le Beu. Faire Princesse, you have lost much good sport. Cel. 'Sport'! of what colour? Le Beu. 'What colour,' Madame! How shall I aunswer 93

Rof. As wit and Fortune will. Clo. Or as the Destinies decrees.

Cel. Well faid! that was laid on with a trowell. 06

Clo. Nay, if I keepe not my ranke, . . .

Rof. Thou loofest thy old fmell.

Le Beu. You amaze me, Ladies! I would have told you of good wraftling, which you have loft the fight of. 100

Rof. Yet tell vs the manner of the Wraftling.

Le Beu. I will tell you the beginning; and, if it please your Ladiships, you may see the end; for the best is yet to doe; and heere, where you are, they are comming to performe it.

Cel. Well, 'the beginning,' that is dead and buried. Le Beu. There comes an old man, and his three fons, . . . Cel. I could match this 'beginning' with an old tale. 108 Le Beu. Three proper yong men, of excellent growth and

presence.

Rof. With bils on their neckes: 'Be it knowne vnto all

men by these presents.' Le Beu. The eldest of the three wrastled with Charles the

Dukes Wraftler; which Charles in a moment threw him, and broke three of his ribbes, that there is little hope of life in him: So he feru'd the fecond, and fo the third. Yonder [116] they lie; the poore old man, their Father, making fuch pittiful dole ouer them, that all the beholders take his part with weeping.

Rof. Alas! 120 Clo. But what is the 'fport,' Monsieur, that the Ladies

haue loft?

88. Enter Le Beau.] F (after 1, 83). 89. Bon-iour] Boon-iour F.

Le Beu. Why, this that I fpeake of.

Clo. Thus men may grow wifer euery day! It is the first time that euer I heard breaking of ribbes was 'fport' for Ladies.

123

Cel. Or I, I promise thee.

Rof. But is there any else longs to see this broken Musicke in his sides? Is there yet another doates upon rib-breaking? Shall we see this wrastling, Cosin?

Le Beu. You must, if you stay heere; for heere is the place appointed for the wrastling, and they are ready to

performe it.

Cel. Yonder, fure, they are comming. Let vs now flay and fee it!

Flourish. Enter Duke FREDERICK, Lords, Orlando, Charles, and Attendants.

Duke F. Come on! fince the youth will not be intreated, his owne perill on his forwardnesse!

Rof. Is yonder the man?

Le Beu. Euen he, Madam.

Cel. Alas, he is too yong! yet he looks fuccessefully.

Du. F. How now, daughter, and Coufin! are you crept hither to fee the wraftling?

Rof. I, my Liege, so please you give vs leave. 143

Du. F. You wil take little delight in it, I can tell you; there is fuch oddes in the man. In pitie of the challengers youth, I would faine disswade him, but he will not bee entreated. Speake to him, Ladies! see if you can mooue him.

Cel. Call him hether, good Monfieur Le Beu!

Duke F. Do so! Ile not be by. [Duke goes apart. Le Beu. Monsieur the Challenger, the Princesse cals for you!

Orl. I attend them with all respect and dutie. 153

Rof. Young man, haue you challeng'd Charles the Wraftler? Orl. No, faire Princesse; he is the generall challenger: I come but in, as others do, to try with him the strength of my youth.

Cel. Yong Gentleman, your spirits are too bold for your yeares. You have seene cruell proofe of this mans strength: if you saw your selfe with your eies, or knew your selfe with your iudgment, the seare of your adventure would counsel you to a more equall enterprise. We pray you, for [162 your owne sake, to embrace your own safetie, and give over this attempt.

Rof. Do, yong Sir! your reputation shall not therefore be misprised: we wil make it our suite to the Duke, that the wraftling might not go forward.

Orl. I befeech you, punish mee not with your harde thoughts; wherein I confesse me much guiltie, to denie so faire and excellent Ladies anie thing. But let your faire [170 eies, and gentle wishes, go with mee to my triall; wherein if I bee soil'd, there is but one sham'd that vvas neuer gracious; if kil'd, but one dead that is willing to be so: I shall do my friends no wrong, for I haue none to lament [174 me; the world no iniurie, for in it I haue nothing; onely in the world I fil vp a place, which may bee better supplied when I haue made it emptie.

Ros. The little strength that I have, I would it vvere with

you!

Cel. And mine, to eeke out hers!

Ros. Fare you well: praie heauen I be deceiu'd in you!

Cel. Your hearts defires be with you! 182
Char. Come, where is this yong gallant that is fo defirous

to lie with his mother earth?

Orl. Readie, Sir; but his will hath in it a more modest working.

186

Duk. F. You shall trie but one fall.

Cha. No, I warrant your Grace, you shall not entreat him to a fecond, that haue so mightile perswaded him from a first.

Orl. You meane to mocke me after: you should not have mockt me before: but come your waies!

Rof. Now Hercules be thy speede, your man!

Cel. I would I were inuifible, to catch the ftrong fellow by the legge!

[Wrafile. 194]

Rof. Oh excellent yong man!

Cel. If I had a thunderbolt in mine eie, I can tell who should downe. [CHARLES is thrown. Shout.

I. ii. 158-197.]

Duk. F. No more, no more! Orl. Yes, I befeech your Grace: I am not yet breath'd.	198 well 200
Duk. F. How do'ft thou, Charles? Le Beu. He cannot speake, my I Duk. F. Beare him awaie! [CHARLES is borne What is thy name, yong m	out.
Orl. Orlando, my Liege; the yongest sonne of Sir Rode Boys. Duk. F. I would thou hadst beene son to some man el	land 204
The world efteem'd thy Father honourable, But I did finde him ftill mine enemie: Thou fhould'ft haue better pleas'd me with this deede, Hadft thou descended from another house.	209
But fare thee well; thou art a gallant youth: I would thou had'ft told me of another Father! [Exeunt Duke Fred., Train, and Le B	
Cel. Were I my Father, (Coze,) would I do this? (Orl. I am more proud to be Sir Rolands fonne, His yongest sonne; and would not change that calling, To be adopted heire to Fredericke.)	213
Rof. My Father lou'd Sir Roland as his foule, And all the world was of my Fathers minde: Had I before knowne this yong man his fonne, I should have given him teares vnto entreaties,	217
Ere he should thus have ventur'd! Cel. Gentle Cosen, Let vs goe thanke him, and encourage him! My Fathers rough and envious disposition Sticks me at heart. ¶ Sir, you have well deserved:	221
If you doe keepe your promifes in loue But inftly, as you have exceeded all promife, Your Miftris shall be happie!	225
Rof. Gentleman, [Throwing a chain from off her neck round Weare this for me (one out of fuites with Fortune)	his.
That could give more, but that her hand lacks meanes! ¶ Shall we goe, Coze?	228
211. Exeunt Exit Duke F 215 Erederiche Fredricke	F.

Cel.	I.	¶ Fare you well, faire Gentleman! [Ros. & Cel. turn to	
Orl. Can I	not f	ay, 'I thanke you'? My better parts	
Are all throw	ne dov	wne; and that which here stands vp	
Is but a quint	ine, a	meere liuelesse blocke.	
Rof. He ca	ls vs b	ack: my pride fell with my fortunes;	233
He aske him	what I	he would. ¶ Did you call, Sir?	
		led well, and ouerthrowne	
More then yo	our en	Will you goe, Coze?	
	with	you! ¶ Fare you well!	237
1109. 11440	******	Exeunt Rosalind, Celia, and Clo	
Orl. What	paffic	on hangs these waights vpon my toong	
I cannot spea	ke to	her, yet she vrg'd conference.	
		hou art ouerthrowne!	
Or Charles, o	or fom	ething weaker, mafters thee.	241
		Re-enter LE BEU.	
Le Beu. G	Good S	ir, I do in friendship counsaile you	
To leave this	place	. Albeit you haue deseru'd	
High comme	endatio	on, true applause, and loue,	
		e Dukes condition,	24 5
		s all that you haue done. brous: what he is, indeede,	
		conceiue, then I to speake of.	
		ou, Sir; and, pray you, tell me this!	249
		was daughter of the Duke,	17
		he Wraftling?	
		his daughter, if we judge by manners	
		he taller 1 is his daughter:	253
		ter to the banish'd Duke,	
		by her viurping Vncle,	
		nter companie; whose loues e naturall bond of Sisters.	257
		that of late this Duke	-51
Hath tane di	fpleafi	are 'gainst his gentle Neece;	
Grounded v	oon no	other argument,	
237. Exeunt 241. Re-ente	y	.] Enter Le p. 16.	. 110,

I. ii. 229-260.]

But that the people praise her for her vertues, And pittie her, for her good Fathers sake;	261
And, on my life, his malice 'gainft the Lady	
Will fodainly breake forth! Sir, fare you well!	
Hereafter, in a better world then this,	265
I shall defire more loue and knowledge of you.	J
Orl. I rest much bounden to you: fare you well!	
[Exit LE	BEAU.
Thus must I from the smoake into the smother;	
From tyrant Duke, vnto a tyrant Brother.	260
But heavenly Rofaline!	[Exit.

Actus Primus. Scena Tertia.

A Room in the Palace.

Enter CELIA and ROSALINE.

Rof. Not one to throw at a dog.	e !
Cel. No, thy words are too precious to be cast away vpo	3 on

curs; throw fome of them at me! come, lame mee with reafons!

Rof. Then there were two Cosens laid vp; when the one should be lam'd with reasons, and the other mad without any. Cel. But is all this for your Father?

Rof. No, fome of it is for my childes Father. Oh, how full of briers is this working day world!

Cel. They are but burs, Cofen, throwne vpon thee in holiday foolerie: if we walke not in the trodden paths, our very petty-coates will catch them.

 \vec{R} \vec{O} . I could fhake them off my coate: these burs are in my heart.

Cel. Hem them away!

Rof. I would try, if I could cry 'hem,' and haue him.

Cel. Come, come, wraftle with thy affections!

Scena Tertia.] Scena Tertius. F. | stood) was thinking of Orlando.

So F. She (Theobald under- | father's child Rowe.

Rof. O, they take the part of a better wraftler then my felfe!
Cel. O, a good wish vpon you! you will trie in time, in dispight of a fall. But, turning these iests out of service, le vs talke in good earnest. Is it possible, on such a sodaine, [22] you should fall into so strong a liking with old Sir Rouland. yongest sonne? Ros. The Duke, my Father, lou'd his Father deerelie. 27 Cel. Doth it therefore ensue that you should loue his Sonne deerelie? By this kinde of chase, I should hate him, for my father hated his father deerely; yet I hate not Orlando. Ros. No, faith, hate him not, for my sake! Cel. Why should I not? doth he not deserue well? 32 Ros. Let me loue him for that, and do you loue him because I doe! Looke, here comes the Duke! Cel. With his eies full of anger.
Enter Duke Frederick, with Lords.
Duk. F. [to Ros.] Mistris, dispatch you with your safest haste, And get you from our Court!
Rof. Me, Vncle?
Duk. F. You, Cofen:
Within these ten daies if that thou beest found
So neere our publike Court as twentie miles, Thou dieft for it!
Rof. I doe befeech your Grace, Let me the knowledge of my fault beare with me!
If with my felfe I hold intelligence,
Or haue acquaintance with mine owne defires;
If that I doe not dreame, or be not franticke,
(As I doe truft I am not,) then, deere Vncle,
Neuer fo much as in a thought vnborne,
Did I offend your highnesse!
Duk. F. Thus doe all Traitors:
If their purgation did confift in words, They are as innocent as grace it felfe:
Let it fuffice thee that I trust thee not!
35. Enter Lords.] Enter Lords, F (after l. 32).
I. iii. 20-50.]

Rof. Yet your mistrust cannot make me a Traitor: Tell me whereon the likelihoods depends! Duk. F. Thou art thy Fathers daughter; there's enough Rof. So was I when your highnes took his Dukdome;	52 i.
So was I when your highnesse banisht him: Treason is not inherited, my Lord;	56
Or, if we did deriue it from our friends,	20
What's that to me? my Father was no Traitor:	
Then, good my Leige, miftake me not fo much,	
To thinke my pouertie is treacherous!	60
Cel. Deere Soueraigne, heare me speake!	
Duk. F. I, Celia; we staid her for your sake;	
Elfe had she with her Father rang'd along.	
Cel. I did not then intreat to haue her stay;	64
It was your pleasure, and your owne remorse:	
I was too yong that time to value her,	
But now I know her: if she be a Traitor,	
Why, fo am I! we still have slept together,	68
Rofe at an inftant, learn'd, plaid, eate together;	
And wherefoere we went, like Iunos Swans,	
Still we went coupled and inseperable.	
Duk. F. She is too fubtile for thee; and her fmoothnes,	72
Her verie filence, and her patiënce,	
Speake to the people, and they pittie her.	
Thou art a foole! she robs thee of thy name;	
And thou wilt show more bright, & seem more vertuous,	76
When she is gone. Then open not thy lips:	
Firme and irreuocable is my doombe,	
Which I have past vpon her: she is banish'd!	
Cel. Pronounce that fentence then on me, my Leige!	80
I cannot liue out of her companie.	
Duk. F. You are a foole! ¶ You, Neice, prouide your se	ite!
If you out-stay the time, vpon mine honor,	0
And in the greatnesse of my word, you die!	84
[Exeunt Duke, 6	$\mathfrak{G}c.$
Cel. O my poore Rofaline, whether wilt thou goe?	
Wilt thou change Fathers? I will give thee mine.	
I charge thee, be not thou more grieu'd then I am.	
73. her] per F. 84. Exeunt] ExitF.	

- C 71	
Rof. I have more cause.	88
Cel. Thou hast not, Cosen;	00
Prethee, be cheerefull! know'ft thou not, the Duke	
Hath banish'd me, his daughter?	
Rof. That he hath not.	
Cel. No? hath not? Rofaline lacks then the loue	
Which teacheth thee that thou and I am one:	92
Shall we be fundred? fhall we part, fweete girle?	
No! let my Father feeke another heire!	
Therefore deuise with me how we may flie,	
Whether to goe, and what to beare with vs:	96
And doe not feeke to take your change 1 vpon you,	
To beare your griefes your felfe, and leaue me out;	
For, by this heauen, now at our forrowes pale,	
Say what thou canft, Ile goe along with thee!	100
Rof. Why, whether shall we goe?	
Cel. To feeke my Vncle in the Forrest of Arden.	
Rof. Alas, what danger will it be to vs	
(Maides as we are) to trauell forth fo farre!	104
Beautie prouoketh theeues, fooner then gold.	
Cel. Ile put my felfe in poore and meane attire,	
And with a kinde of vmber fmirch my face;	
The like, doe you: fo shall we passe along,	108
And neuer ftir affailants.	
Rof. Were it not better	
(Because that I am more then common tall)	
That I did fuite me all points like a man?	
A gallant curtelax vpon my thigh,	112
A bore-speare in my hand; and, (in my heart	
Lye there what hidden womans feare there will,)	
Weele haue a fwashing and a marshall outside;	
As manie other mannish cowards haue,	116
That doe outface it with their femblances.	
Cel. What shall I call thee when thou art a man?	
Rof. Ile haue no worse a name then Ioues owne Page	
And therefore looke you call me 'Ganimed.'	120
But what will you be call'd?	
Cel. Something that hath a reference to my ftate:	
1 change (sc.) of Fortune. charge F2. 121. be] by F	,
1 change (sc.) of Fortune. charge F2. 121. be] by F	•

¹⁶

No longer <i>Celia</i> , but <i>Aliena</i> . Rof. But, Cosen, what if we affaid to steale The clownish Foole out of your Fathers Court?	124
Would he not be a comfort to our trauaile? Cel. Heele goe along ore the wide world with me; Leaue me alone to woe 1 him! Let's away, And get our Iewels and our wealth together; Deuise the fittest time, and safest way To hide vs from pursuite that will be made	128
After my flight! Now goe we in content,	
To libertie, and not to banishment! [Exeunt.	133
Actus Secundus. Scæna Prima.	
The Forrest of Arden.	
Enter Duke Senior; Amyens, and two or three Lords like Forresters.	,
Duk. Sen. Now, my Coe-mates and brothers in exile,	I
Hath not old custome made this life more sweete Then that of painted pompe? Are not these woods	
More free from perill then the enuious Court?	4
Heere feele we but the penaltie of Adam,	
The feafons difference; as, the Icie phange And churlish chiding of the winters winde,	
Which when it bites and blowes vpon my body,	8
Euen till I shrinke with cold, I smile, and say,	
'This is no flattery: these are counsellors That feelingly perswade me what I am:'	
Sweet are the vies of aduerfitie,	12
Which, like the toad, ougly and venemous,	
Weares yet a precious Iewell in his head:	
And this our life, exempt from publike haunt, Findes tongues in trees, bookes in the running brookes,	16
Sermons in stones, and good in every thing!	10
I would not change it.	
Amien. Happy is your Grace,	
1 woe = wooe. 132. we in] F2. in we F. 5. but] Theobald. not F. 18. I would not change it, happy F.	pton

[I. iii. 123-133; II. i. 1-18.

That can translate the stubbornnesse of Fortune Into so quiet and so sweet a stile. Du. Sen. Come, shall we goe and kill vs venison? And yet it irkes me, the poore dapled sooles	20
(Being natiue Burgers of this defert City) Should, in their owne confines, with forked heads Haue their round hanches goard. 1. Lord. Indeed, my Lord,	24
The melancholy <i>Iaques</i> grieues at that; And, in that kinde, fweares you doe more vfurpe Then doth your brother that hath banish'd you. To day, my Lord of <i>Amiens</i> , and my felfe,	28
Did steale behinde him, as he lay along Vnder an oake, whose anticke roote peepes out Vpon the brooke that brawles along this wood. To the which place a poore sequestred Stag	32
(That from the Hunters aime had tane a hurt) Did come to languish; and, indeed, my Lord, The wretched annimall heau'd forth such groanes, That their discharge did stretch his leatherne coat Almost to bursting, and the big round teares	36
Cours'd one another downe his innocent nofe In pitteous chase: and thus the hairie foole, Much marked of the melancholie Iaques, Stood on th'extremest verge of the swift brooke,	40
Augmenting it with teares. Du. Sen. But what faid Iaques? Did he not moralize this fpectacle? 1. Lord. O, yes, into a thoufand fimilies.	44
First, for his weeping into the needlesse ftreame; 'Poore Deere!' quoth he, 'thou mak'st a testament As worldlings doe, giuing thy sum of more To that which had too much:' then, being there alone,	48
Left and abandoned of his veluet friends; 'Tis right,' quoth he; 'thus miferie doth part The Fluxe of companie:' anon a carelesse Heard, Full of the pasture, iumps along by him, And neuer staies to greet him; 'I,' quoth Iaques,	52
The field the bost of the first of the field t	

'Sweepe on, you fat and greazie Citizens! 'Tis iust the fashion: wherefore doe you looke Vpon that poore and broken bankrupt there?'	56
Thus most inuectiuely he pierceth through The body of the Countrie, Citie, Court, Yea, and of this our life; swearing that we Are meere vsurpers, tyrants, and what's worse,	бо
To fright the Annimals, and to kill them vp, In their affign'd and natiue dwelling place. D. Sen. And did you leave him in this contemplation?	64
2. Lord. We did, my Lord, weeping and commenting Vpon the fobbing Deere. Du. Sen. Show me the place! I loue to cope him in these fullen fits,	
For then he's full of matter. 1. Lor. Ile bring you to him strait. [Executive 1. Lor. II.]	68 unt.
Actus Secundus. Scena Secunda.	

Enter DUKE FREDERICK, with Lords

Enter DURE PREDERICK, with Lords.	
Duk. F. Can it be possible that no man saw them?	1
It cannot be! fome villaines of my Court	
Are of confent and fufferance in this.	
I. Lo. I cannot heare of any that did fee her.	4
The Ladies, her attendants of her chamber,	
Saw her a bed; and, in the morning early,	
They found the bed vntreasur'd of their Mistris.	
2. Lor. My Lord, the roynish Clown, at whom so oft,	8
Your Grace was wont to laugh, is also missing.	
Hisperia, the Princesse Gentlewoman,	
Confesses, that she secretly ore-heard	
Your daughter and her Cofen much commend	12
The parts and graces of the Wraftler 1	- 2
That did but lately foile the fynowie Charles;	
, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	

^{59.} the F2. 10. Gentlewoman Centlewoman F. Wrast(e)ler is here made three syllables. [II. i. 55-69; ii. I-14.

S	
And she beleeues, where euer they are gone, That youth is furely in their companie. Duk. F. Send to his brother; fetch that gallant hi If he be absent, bring his Brother to me;	16 ther!
Ile make him finde him! do this fodainly! And let not fearch and inquifition quaile, To bring againe these foolish runawaies!	20 [Exeunt.
Actus Secundus. Scena Tertia.	
Before Olivers House.	
Enter Orlando and Adam, meeting.	
Orl. Who's there? Ad. What, my yong Mafter? Oh my gentle man Oh my fweet mafter! O you memorie	fter!
Of old Sir Rowland! why, what make you here? Why are you vertuous? Why do people loue you? And wherefore are you gentle, ftrong, and valiant?	4
Why would you be so fond, to ouercome The bonie prifer of the humorous Duke? Your praise is come too swiftly home before you. Know you not, Master, to some kinde of men,	8
Their graces ferue them but as enemies? No more doe yours: your vertues, gentle Master, Are fanctified and holy traitors to you.	12
Oh, what a world is this, when what is comely Enuenoms him that beares it! Orl. Why, what's the matter?	
Ad. O vnhappie youth Come not within these doores! within this roofe The enemie of all your graces liues:	n, 16
Your brother (no, no brother! yet the fonne Yet not the fon, I will not call him fon Of him I was about to call his Father)	20
21. Exeunt.] Exunt F. bonnie F. S. bonnie F. Jo. some seeme F	

II. ii. 15-21; iii. 1-21.] 20

Hath heard your praises; and this night he meanes	
To burne the lodging where you vie to lye,	
And you within it: if he faile of that,	24
He will have other meanes to cut you off:	
I ouerheard him, and his practifes.	
This is no place; this house is but a butcherie:	
Abhorre it, feare it, doe not enter it!	28
Orl. Why, whether, Adam, would'ft thou have me go?	
Ad. No matter whether, so you come not here.	
Orl. What! would'ft thou haue me go & beg my food,	
Or, with a base and boistrous Sword, enforce	32
A theeuish liuing on the common rode?	<i>J</i> –
This I must do, or know not what to do:	
Yet this I will not do, do how I can;	
I rather will fubiéct me to the malice	36
Of a diuerted blood, and bloudie brother.	5
Ad. But do not fo! I have five hundred Crownes,	
The thriftie hire I faued vnder your Father,	
Which I did store, to be my foster Nurse,	40
When feruice should in my old limbs lie lame,	40
And vnregarded age in corners throwne:	
Take that! and He that doth the Rauens feede,	
Yea, prouidently caters for the Sparrow,	44
Be comfort to my age! Here is the gold;	44
All this I giue you! Let me be your feruant!	
Though I looke old, yet I am ftrong and luftie;	
For in my youth I neuer did apply	48
Hot, and rebellious liquors in my bloud;	40
Nor did not with vnbashfull forehead woe,1	
The meanes of weaknesse and debilitie;	
TELL C 1 O1 1	52
Froftie, but kindely: let me goe with you!	J #
Ile doe the feruice of a yonger man,	
In all your bufinesse and necessities.	
	56
The conftant service of the antique world,	20
When feruice sweate for dutie, not for meede!	
Thou art not for the fashion of these times,	

Where none will fweate, but for promotion; And, having that, do choake their feruice vp,	бо
Euen with the hauing: it is not fo with thee.	
But, poore old man, thou prun'ft a rotten tree,	_
That cannot fo much as a bloffome yeelde,	64
In lieu of all thy paines and husbandrie.	
But come thy waies, weele goe along together;	
And ere we have thy youthfull wages spent,	
Weele light vpon fome fetled low content.	68
Ad. Mafter, goe on, and I will follow thee,	
To the last gaspe, with truth and loyaltie!	70
From feauentene yeeres till now almost fourescore,	
Here liuëd I, but now liue here no more.	72
At feauenteene yeeres, many their fortunes feeke;	
But, at fourescore, it is too late a weeke:	74
Yet fortune cannot recompence me better,	
Then to die well, and not my Masters debter. [Exeunt.	76

Actus Secundus. Scena Quarta.

The Forrest of Arden.

Enter Rosaline for Ganimed, Celia for Aliena, and Clowne, alias Touchstone.

Rof. O Iupiter, how weary are my spirits!

Clo. I care not for my 'fpirits,' if my legges were not wearie.

Ros. I could finde in my heart to disgrace my mans apparell, and to cry like a woman; but I must comfort the weaker vessell, as doublet and hose ought to show it selfe coragious to petty-coate: therefore, courage, good Aliena! 7

Cel. I pray you, beare with me! I cannot goe no further.

Clo. For my part, I had rather 'beare' with you, then beare you: yet I should beare no crosse, if I did beare you; for I thinke you haue no money in your purse.

Ros. Well, this is the Forrest of Arden.

^{71.} seauentene] seventeen Rowe. | 1. weary] Theobald (Warburseauentie F. ton). merry F.

II. iii. 60-76; iv. 1-12.]

Clo. I, now am I in Arden: the more foole I! when I was at home, I was in a better place; but Trauellers must be content.

Rof. I, be so, good Touchstone !

Enter CORIN and SILUIUS.

Look you, who comes here! a yong man, and an old, in folemne talke. Cor. That is the way to make her fcorne you still. 19 Sil. Oh Corin, that thou knew'ft how I do loue her! Cor. I partly gueffe; for I haue lou'd ere now. Sil. No. Corin, being old, thou canft not gueffe, Though in thy youth thou wast as true a louer 23 As euer figh'd vpon a midnight pillow: But if thy loue were euer like to mine, (As fure I thinke did neuer man loue fo,) How many actions most ridiculous, 27 Hast thou beene drawne to by thy fantasie? Cor. Into a thousand that I have forgotten. Sil. Oh, thou didft then nere loue so hartily! If thou remembrest not the slightest folly 31 That ever love did make thee run into, Thou hast not lou'd! Or if thou haft not fat as I doe now, Wearing thy hearer in thy Mistris praise, 3.5 Thou haft not lou'd! Or if thou haft not broke from companie, Abruptly, as my passion now makes me, Thou hast not lou'd! 39 O Phebe, Phebe, Phebe! Exit. (Rof. Alas, poore Shepheard! fearthing of thy wound, I have (by hard adventure) found mine owne. Clo. And I mine. I remember, when I was in loue, I

Clo. And I mine. I remember, when I was in loue, I broke my fword vpon a stone, and bid him take that for comming a night to Iane Smile: and I remember the kissing of her batler, and the Cowes dugs that her prettie chopt [46 hands had milk'd: and I remember the wooing of a peascod

^{16.} Enter...] F (after l. 15).30. nere] ne'er Rowe. neuer F. | would F.

instead of her, from whom I tooke two cods, and, giving her them againe, faid with weeping teares, 'Weare these for my fake!' Wee, that are true Louers, runne into strange [50 capers; but as all is mortall in nature, so is all nature in loue, mortall in folly. Rof. Thou speak'st wifer then thou art ware of. Clo. Nay, I shall nere be ware of mine owne wit, till I breake my fhins againft it. 55 Rof. Ioue, Ioue! this Shepherds passion Is much vpon my fashion. Clo. And mine; but it growes fomething stale with mee. Cel. I pray you, one of you question you'd man, If he for gold will give vs any foode: 60 I faint almost to death.) Holla, you Clowne! Clo. Rof. Peace, foole! he's not thy kinfman. Cor. Who cals? Clo. Your betters, Sir. Else are they very wretched. Rof. Peace, I fay! ¶ Good even to you, friend! 64 Cor. And to you, gentle Sir, and to you all! Rof. I prethee, Shepheard, if that love or gold Can in this defert place buy entertainment, Bring vs where we may reft our felues, and feed! 68 Here's a yong maid, with trauaile much oppressed, And faints for fuccour. Cor. Faire Sir, I pittie her, And wish, for her sake more then for mine owne. My fortunes were more able to releeue her; 72 But I am shepheard to another man, And do not sheere the Fleeces that I graze: My mafter is of churlish disposition, And little wreakes 1 to finde the way to heauen 76 By doing deeds of hospitalitie: Befides, his Coate, his Flockes, and bounds of feede, Are now on fale, and at our sheep-coat now, 80 By reason of his absence, there is nothing That you will feed on; but, what is, come fee,

¹ recks, cares.

And in my voice, most welcome shall you be! Ros. What is he that shall buy his slocke and pasture? Cor. That yong Swaine that you saw heere but erewhil	82
That little cares for buying any thing. Rof. I pray thee, if it fland with honeslie,	85
Buy thou the Cottage, pasture, and the slocke! And thou shalt haue to pay for it of vs. Cel. And we will mend thy wages. I like this place, And willingly could waste my time in it.	88
Cor. Affuredly the thing is to be fold: Go with me! if you like, vpon report, The foile, the profit, and this kinde of life, I will your very faithfull Feeder be,	92
And buy it with your Gold right fodainly. [Exeunt.	95
Actus Secundus. Scena Quinta.	
Another part of the Forrest.	
Enter Amyens, Iaques, & others.	
Song.	
Amyens. Vnder the greene wood tree,	
who loues to lye with mee, And turne his merrie Note	2
vnto the fweet Birds throte, Come hither! come hither! Heere shall he see	4
No enemie, But Winter and rough Weather.	8
Iaq. More, more! I pre'thee, more! Amy. It will make you melancholly, Monfieur Iaques. Iaq. I thanke it. More, I prethee, more! I can fuc melancholly out of a fong, as a Weazel fuckes egges. Mor I pre'thee, more! Amy. My voice is ragged: I know I cannot please you! Iaq. I do not desire you to please me; I do desire you fing. Come, more! another stanzo! Cal you'em 'stanzo's	re, 13 to
	-

Amy. What you wil, Monsieur Iaques.	17
Iaq. Nay, I care not for their names; they owe	
nothing. Wil you fing?	
Amy. More at your request, then to please my selfe.	20
Iaq. Well then, if euer I thanke any man, Ile thanke	
but that they cal complement is like th'encounter of	two
dog-Apes. And when a man thankes me hartily	, me
thinkes I haue giuen him a penie, and he renders me the	[24
beggerly thankes. Come, fing! ¶ and you that wil not,	hold
your tongues!	
Amy. Wel, Ile end the fong. ¶ Sirs, couer the w	
the Duke wil drinke vnder this tree. ¶ He hath bin al	I this
day to looke you.	29
Iaq. And I have bin all this day to avoid him. He is	
disputeable for my companie: I thinke of as many many	
as he, but I give Heauen thankes, and make no boast of t	
Come, warble, come!	33
Song. [Altogether h	PPTP
Who doth ambition shunne,	
and loues to live i'th Sunne;	35
Seeking the food he eates,	
and pleas'd with what he gets,	37
Come hither! come hither! come hither!	
Heere shall he fee, &c.	
Iaq. Ile giue you a verse to this note, that I made yeste	rday
in despight of my Inuention.	41
Amy. And Ile fing it.	
laq. Thus it goes: [The rest gather round	him.
If it do come to passe,	
That any man turne Asse,	45
Leauing his wealth and ease,	13
A stubborne will to please,	47
Ducdamè, ducdamè, ducdamè!	
Heere Shall he see	
Groffe fooles as he,	
And if he will come to me.	5 T
7 7 4 12	

Amy. What's that 'Ducdame'?

Iaq. 'Tis a Greeke inuocation, to call fools into a circle. Ile go fleepe, if I can; if I cannot, Ile raile against all the first borne of Egypt.

Amy. And Ile go feeke the Duke: his banket is prepar'd.

[Exeunt seuerally.

Actus Secundus. Scena Sexta. Another part of the Forrest. Enter Orlando & Adam.

Adam. Deere Mafter, I can go no further! O, I die for food! Heere lie I downe, and measure out my graue. Farwel, kinde mafter!

Orl. Why, how now, Adam! no greater heart in [4 thee? Liue a little! comfort a little! cheere thy felfe a little! If this vncouth Forrest yeeld any thing sauage, I wil either be food for it, or bring it for foode to thee. Thy conceite is neerer death, then thy powers. For my sake be [8 comfortable! hold death a while at the armes end! I wil heere be with thee presently; and if I bring thee not something to eate, I wil giue thee leaue to die: but if thou diest before I come, thou art a mocker of my labor. Wel said! thou look'st cheerely, and Ile be with thee quickly. Yet [13 thou lieft in the bleake aire. Come, I wil beare thee to some shelter; and thou shalt not die for lacke of a dinner, if there liue any thing in this Desert. Cheerely, good Adam! 16

¹ Wel said = Well done, that's right. Cf., e. g., Ant. & Cleo., F. IV. iv. 28.

Actus Secundus. Scena Septima. Another part of the Forrest (the same as in Sc. v.). A Table set out. Enter DUKE Sen., AMIENS, & Lords, like Out-lawes. Du. Sen. I thinke he be transform'd into a beaft: Ŧ For I can no where finde him, like a man. I. Lord. My Lord, he is but even now gone hence: Heere was he merry, hearing of a Song. Du. Sen. If he, compact of iarres, grow Musicall, We shall have shortly discord in the Spheares. Go feeke him! tell him I would fpeake with him! Enter IAQUES. 1. Lord. He faues my labor by his owne approach. Du. Sen. Why, how now, Monsieur! what a life is this, That your poore friends must woe 1 your companie? What, you looke merrily! Iaq. A Foole, a foole! I met a foole i'th Forrest, 12 A motley Foole; (a miferable world!) As I do liue by foode, I met a foole, Who laid him downe, and bask'd him in the Sun, And rail'd on Lady Fortune in good termes, 16 In good fet termes, and yet a motley foole. 'Good morrow, foole!' (quoth I.) 'No, Sir,' quoth he, 'Call me not foole, till heauen hath fent me fortune!' And then he drew a diall from his poake, 20 And, looking on it with lacke-luftre eye, Sayes, very wifely, 'It is ten a clocke: Thus we may fee' (quoth he) 'how the world wagges: 'Tis but an houre agoe fince it was nine, 24 And, after one houre more, 'twill be eleuen;

Lords] Lord F.

And fo, from houre to houre, we ripe, and ripe, And then, from houre to houre, we rot, and rot;

¹ woe = wooe.

And thereby hangs a tale.' When I did heare	28
The motley Foole thus morall on the time,	
My Lungs began to crow like Chanticleere,	
That Fooles should be so deepe contemplative;	
And I did laugh, fans intermission,	32
An houre by his diall. Oh, noble foole!	
A worthy foole! Motley's the onely weare!	
Du. Sen. What foole is this?	
Iaq. O worthie Foole! One that hath bin a Courtier,	36
And fayes, if Ladies be but yong, and faire,	Ū
They have the gift to know it: and in his braine,	
(Which is as drie as the remainder bisket	
After a voyage,) he hath strange places cram'd	40
With observation, the which he vents	-1 -
In mangled formes. O that I were a foole!	
I am ambitious for a motley coat.	
Du. Sen. Thou shalt have one.	
It is my onely fuite;	44
Prouided that you weed your better iudgements	77
Of all opinion that growes ranke in them,	
That I am wife. I must have liberty	
Withall, as large a Charter as the winde,	48
To blow on whom I please; for so fooles haue:	-1-
And they that are most gauled with my folly,	
They most must laugh. And why, fir, must they so?	
The 'why' is plaine as way to Parish Church.	52
Hee, that a Foole doth (very wifely) hit,	5-
Doth (very foolishly, although he smart)	
Seeme senselesse of the bob; if not,	
The Wife-mans folly is anathomiz'd	56
Euen by the fquandring glances of the foole.	5
Inuest me in my motley! Giue me leaue	
To fpeake my minde! and I will through and through	
Cleanse the foule bodie of th'infected world,	60
If they will patiently receive my medicine.	
Du. Sen. Fie on thee! I can tell what thou wouldst do).
Iaq. What, for a Counter, would I do, but good?	
Du. Sen. Most mischeeuous foule sin, in chiding sin:	64
38. braine] braiue (turned n) F. 48. Withall] Wiithall F. 64. sin] fin F.	,
29 [II. vii. 28	-64.
	-4,

For thou thy felfe hast bene a Libertine,	
As fenfuall as the brutish sting it selfe;	
And all th'imbossed fores, and headed euils,	
That thou with license of free foot hast caught,	68
Would'st thou disgorge into the generall world.	
Iaq. Why, who cries out on pride,	
That can therein taxe any prinate party?	
Doth it not flow as hugely as the Sea,	72
Till that the wearers verie meanes do ebbe?	
What woman in the Citie do I name,	
When that I fay the City woman beares	
The cost of Princes on vnworthy shoulders?	76
Who can come in, and fay that I meane her,	
When fuch a one as shee, such is her neighbor?	
Or what is he of basest function,	
That fayes his brauerie is not on my coft,	80
(Thinking that I meane him,) but therein fuites	
His folly to the mettle of my speech?	
'There then!' 'How then? what then!' Let me fee	wherein
My tongue hath wrong'd him: if it do him right,	84
Then he hath wrong'd himselfe; if he be free,	
Why, then my taxing, like a wild-goose, flies,	
Vnclaim'd of any man.—But who comes here?	
•	

Enter Orlando, with his sword drawn.

Orl. Forbeare, and eate no more!	
Iaq. Why, I have eate none yet.	88
Orl. Nor shalt not, till necessity be seru'd.	
<i>Iaq.</i> Of what kinde should this Cocke come of?	
Du. Sen. Art thou thus bolden'd, man, by thy diffres,	
Or else a rude despiser of good manners,	92
That in ciuility thou feem'st so emptie?	
Orl. You touch'd my veine at first: the thorny point	
Of bare diffresse hath tane from me the shew	
Of fmooth ciuility: yet am I in-land bred,	96
	-

^{72.} the] the F.
73. wearers] Singer. wearie F.
Till that the very very means do ebb Nope. Till that the very means do ebb Swynfen Jervis conj.
87. comes] F2. come F.

And know fome nourture. But forbeare, I fay! He dies that touches any of this fruite,	
Till I and my affaires are answered.	99
Iaq. And you will not be answer'd with reason, I must	dye.
Du. Sen. What would you have? Your gentlenesse	fhall
force,	
More then your force moue vs to gentlenesse.	
Orl. I almost die for food; and let me haue it!	
Du. Sen. Sit downe and feed, & welcom to our table!	104
Orl. Speake you so gently? Pardon me, I pray you!	
I thought that all things had bin fauage heere;	
And therefore put I on the countenance	
Of sterne command'ment. But what ere you are,	108
(That in this defert inacceffible,	
Vnder the fhade of melancholly boughes,	
Loofe and neglect the creeping houres of time,)	
If euer you haue look'd on better dayes,	112
If euer beene where bels haue knoll'd to Church,	
If euer fate at any good mans feaft,	
If euer from your eye-lids wip'd a teare,	
And know what 'tis to pittie, and be pittied,	110
Let gentlenesse my strong enforcement be!	
In the which hope, I blush, and hide my Sword.	
Du. Sen. True is it, that we have feene better dayes;	
And haue with holy bell bin knowld to Church;	120
And fat at good mens feafts; and wip'd our eies	
Of drops that facred pity hath engendred:	
And therefore fit you downe in gentleneffe,	
And take vpon command what helpe we haue,	124
That to your wanting may be ministred!	
Orl. Then but forbeare your food a little while!	
Whiles (like a Doe) I go to finde my Fawne,	
And giue it food. There is an old poore man,	128
Who after me, hath many a weary steppe	
Limpt in pure loue: till he be first suffic'd,	
(Opprest with two weake euils, age, and hunger,)	
I will not touch a bit!	
Duke Sen. Go finde him out!	132

And we will nothing wafte till you returne. Orl. I thanke ye; and be bleft for your good comfort	! Evi4
Du. Sen. Thou feeft, we are not all alone vnhappie:	Exi t.
This wide and vniuerfall Theater	136
Prefents more wofull Pageants then the Sceane	
Wherein we play in.	
Ia. All the world's a stage,	
And all the men and women meerely Players:	
They have their Exits and their Entrances;	140
And one man in his time playes many parts,	
His Acts being feuen ages. At first, the Infant,	
Mewling, and puking in the Nuries armes.	
Then, the whining Schoole-boy, with his Satchell,	144
And shining morning face, creeping like snaile	
Vnwillingly to schoole. And then, the Louer,	
Sighing like Furnace, with a wofull ballad	
Made to his Mistresse eye-brow. Then, a Soldier,	148
Full of strange oaths, and bearded like the Pard,	
Ielous in honor, fodaine and quicke in quarrell,	
Seeking the bubble Reputation	
Euen in the Canons mouth. And then, the Iustice	152
In faire round belly, with good Capon lin'd,	
With eyes feuere, and beard of formall cut,	
Full of wife fawes, and moderne infrances;	
And so he playes his part. The fixt age shifts	156
Into the leane and flipper'd Pantaloone,	
With spectacles on nose, and pouch on side,	
His youthfull hofe, well fau'd, a world too wide	
For his fhrunke fhanke; and his bigge manly voice	160
(Turning againe toward childish trebble) pipes	
And whiftles in his found. Last Scene of all,	
That ends this strange euentfull historie,	
Is fecond childishnesse, and meere oblinion,	164
Sans teeth, fans eyes, fans tafte, fans euery thing!	

Re-enter ORLANDO, with ADAM.

Du. Sen. Welcome! Set downe your venerable burthen, And let him feede!

II. vii. 133-167.]

Orl. I thanke you most for him. Ad. So had you neede, I fcarce can speake to thanke you for my selfe. Du. Sen. Welcome! fall to! I wil not trouble you As yet, to question you about your fortunes. Giue vs some Musicke! ¶ and, good Cozen, sing!	168
Song.	
Amyens. Blow, blow, thou winter winde!	
Thou art not fo vnkinde As mans ingratitude; Thy tooth is not fo keene,	174
Because thou art not seene,	
Although thy breath be rude.	178
Heigh ho! fing, heigh ho! vnto the greene holly: Most Frendship is fayning; most Louing, meere folly: Then, heigh ho, the holly!	180
This Life is most iolly.	182
Freize, freize, thou bitter skie!	
That doft not bight so nigh As benefitts forgot; Though thou the waters warpe, Thy sting is not so sharpe	184
As freind remembred not. Heigh ho! fing, &c.	188
Duke Sen. If that you were the good Sir Rowlands for	1,
(As you have whisper'd faithfully you were;	
And as mine eye doth his effigies witneffe, Moft truly limn'd, and liuing in your face,) Be truly welcome hither! I am the Duke	192
That lou'd your Father: the refidue of your fortune, Go to my Caue, and tell mee! ¶ Good old man,	* ^ 6
Thou art right welcome, as thy mafter is! ¶ Support him by the arme! ¶ Giue me your hand,	196
And let me all your fortunes vnderstand. [Exeunt.	199
170. to] too F. 181. Then,] Rowe. The F. 190, 191. were were] F.	j.).

Actus Tertius. Scena Prima. A Room in the Palace.

Enter Duke Frederick, Lords, & Oliver.

Du. F. 'Not fee him fince'? Sir, fir, that cannot be!	1
But were I not the better part made mercie,	
I fhould not feeke an abfent argument	
Of my reuenge, thou present. But looke to it!	4
Finde out thy brother, wherefoere he is!	
Seeke him with Candle! bring him, dead, or liuing,	
Within this tweluemonth, or turne thou no more	
To feeke a liuing in our Territorie!	8
Thy Lands, and all things that thou dost call thine,	
Worth feizure, do we feize into our hands,	
Till thou canst quit thee, by thy brothers mouth,	
Of what we thinke against thee.	12
Ol. Oh that your Highnesse knew my heart in this!	
I neuer lou'd my brother in my life.	
Duke F. More villaine thou! ¶ Well, push him out of dore	es †
And let my officers of fuch a nature	10
Make an extent vpon his house and Lands!	
Do this expediently, and turne him going! [Exeu	nt.

Actus Tertius. Scena Secunda.

The Forrest.

Enter Orlando, with a Paper.

Orl. Hang there, my verse, in witnesse of my loue!	I
And thou, thrice crowned Queene of night, furuey	
With thy chafte eye, from thy pale spheare aboue,	
Thy Huntresse name, that my full life doth sway!	4
O Rosalind! these Trees shall be my Bookes,	5
And in their barkes my thoughts Ile charracter;	
III. i. 1-18; ii. 1-6.] 34	

That euerie eye, which in this Forrest lookes, Shall see thy vertue witnest euery where. Run, run, Orlando! carue, on euery Tree, The faire, the chaste, and vnexpressive shee!

8

[Exit. 10

Enter Corin & Clowne.

Co. And how like you this shepherds life, Master Touchstone? Clow. Truely, Shepheard, in respect of it selfe, it is a [12 good life; but in respect that it is a shepheards life, it is naught. In respect that it is solitary, I like it verie well; but in respect that it is private, it is a very vild life. Now, in respect it is in the fields, it pleaseth mee well; but in [16 respect it is not in the Court, it is tedious. As it is a spare life, (looke you,) it fits my humor well; but as there is no more plentie in it, it goes much against my stomacke. Has't any Philosophie in thee, Shepheard?

Cor. No more, but that I know, the more one fickens, the worse at ease he is; and that hee that wants money, meanes, and content, is without three good frends. That the propertie of raine is to wet, and fire to burne. That good pasture [24 makes fat sheepe; and that a great cause of the night, is lacked of the Sunne. That hee that hath learned no wit by Nature, nor Art, may complaine of good breeding, or comes of a very dull kindred.

Clo. Such a one is a naturall Philosopher. Was't euer in Court, Shepheard?

Cor. No, truly.

Clo. Then thou art damn'd.

32

Cor. Nay, I hope, . . .

Clo. Truly, thou art damn'd; like an ill roafted Egge, all on one fide.

Cor. For not being at Court? Your reason!

36

Clo. Why, if thou neuer was't at Court, thou neuer faw'ft good manners; if thou neuer faw'ft good maners, then thy manners must be wicked; and wickednes is sin, and sinne is damnation. Thou art in a parlous state, Shepheard.

Cor. Not a whit, Touchstone! those, that are good maners at the Court, are as ridiculous in the Countrey, as the behauiour

of the Countrie is most mockeable at the Court. You told me, you falute not at the Court, but you kisse your [44 hands: that courtesse would be vncleanlie, if Courtiers were shepheards.

Clo. Inftance, briefly! come, inftance!

Cor. Why, we are still handling our Ewes; and their Fels, you know, are greasie.

Clo. Why, do not your Courtiers hands fweate? and is not the greafe of a Mutton as wholesome as the sweat of a man? Shallow, shallow! A better instance, I say; Come!

Cor. Befides, our hands are hard. 53 Clo. Your lips wil feele them the fooner. Shallow agen!

A more founder inftance, come!

Cor. And they are often tarr'd ouer with the furgery of our sheepe; and would you have vs kisse Tarre? The Courtiers hands are perfum'd with Ciuet.

Clo. Most shallow man! Thou wormes meate, in respect of a good peece of flesh, indeed! Learne of the wise, and perpend! Ciuet is of a baser birth then Tarre; the verie vncleanly fluxe of a Cat. Mend the instance, Shepheard! 62

Cor. You have too Courtly a wit for me: Ile rest.

Clo. Wilt thou rest damn'd? God helpe thee, shallow

man! God make incifion in thee! thou art raw.

Cor. Sir, I am a true Labourer: I earne that I eate, [66 get that I weare; owe no man hate, enuie no mans happinesse; glad of other mens good, content with my harme; and the greatest of my pride, is to see my Ewes graze, & my Lambes sucke.

Clo. That is another fimple finne in you, to bring the Ewes and the Rammes together, and to offer to get your liuing by the copulation of Cattle; to be bawd to a Bel-weather, and to betray a fhee-Lambe of a tweluemonth to a crooked- [74 pated, olde, Cuckoldly Ramme, out of all reafonable match. If thou bee'ft not damn'd for this, the diuell himselfe will haue no shepherds; I cannot see else how thou shouldst scape.

Cor. Heere comes yong Master Ganimed, my new Mistrisses

Brother.

Enter Rosalind, reading a Paper	
Rof. From the east to westerne Inde,	
no iewel is like Rofalinde.	82
Hir worth, being mounted on the winde,	
through all the world beares Rosalinde.	84
All the pictures, fairest linde,	
are but blacke to Rofalinde.	86
Let no face bee kept in mind,	0.0
but the faire of Rofalinde!	88
Clo. Ile rime you fo, eight yeares together; dinne	
fuppers, and fleeping hours excepted: it is the right?	Butter-
womens ranke 1 to Market.	
Rof. Out, Foole!	92
Clo. For a tafte:	
If a Hart doe lacke a Hinde,	
let him feeke out Rosalinde!	95
If the Cat will after kinde,	
fo, be fure, will Rosalinde.	97
Wintred garments must be linde,	
fo must stender Rosalinde. They that reap must sheafe and binde;	99
then to cart with Rofalinde!	101
Sweetest nut hath sowrest rinde,	101
fuch a nut is Rosalinde.	103
He that sweetest rose will finde,	100
must sinde Loues pricke, & Rosalinde!	105
This is the verie false gallop of Verses: why doe you	U
your felfe with them?	IIIICCC
Rof. Peace, you dull foole! I found them on a tree	e.
Clo. Truely, the tree yeelds bad fruite!	100
Rof. Ile graffe it with you, and then I shall graffe	
a Medler: then it will be the earliest fruit i'th country	y; for
you'l be rotten ere you bee halfe ripe, and that's the	e right
vertue of the Medler.	113
Clo. You have faid; but whether wifely or no,	let the
Forrest iudge!	

¹ ranke == file. rate Hanmer. Farme, I. xxviii. 134) Aldis Wright rack (a pace 'which is neither trot nor amble'.—Markham's Countrie [III. ii. 81-115.

Enter CELIA, with a writing.

Rof. Peace!	
Here comes my fifter, reading: ftand afide!	
Cel. [reads] Why should this a Defert bee? for it is vnpeopled? Noe!	118
Tonges Ile hang on euerie tree,	
that Shall civill Sayings Shoe:	121
Some, how briefe the Life of man	122
runs his erring pilgrimage,	
That the stretching of a span	
buckles in his fumme of age;	125
Some, of violated vowes	126
twixt the soules of friend and friend •	
But vpon the fairest bowes,	
or at everie sentence end,	129
Will I Rofalinda write,	130
teaching all that reade, to know	
The quintess ence of euerie sprite,	
Heauen would in little show.	133
Therefore, Heaven Nature charg'd,	134
that one bodie should be fill'd	
With all Graces wide enlarg'd:	
Nature presently distill'd	137
Helens cheeke, but not hir heart,	138
Cleopatra's Maiestie,	
Attalanta's better part,	
fad Lucrecia's Modestie.	141
Thus Rosalinde, of manie parts,	142
by Heauenly Synode was deuis'd;	
Of manie faces, eyes, and hearts,	T 4 14
to have the touches deerest pris'd.	145
Heaven would that shee these gifts should have,	147

Rof. O most gentle *Iupiter!* what tedious homilie of Loue haue you wearied your parishioners withall, and neuer cri'de, 'Haue patience, good people!'

118. a] Rowe.

138. hir] her Rowe. his F.

III. ii. 116-150.]

Cel. [to Clo. & Cor.] How now! backe, friends! Shep-

heard, go off a little! ¶ Go with him, firrah!

Clo. Come, Shepheard! let vs make an honorable retreit; though not with bagge and baggage, yet with fcrip and fcrippage.

[Exeunt CORIN & TOUCHSTONE. 155

Cel. Didft thou heare these verses?

Rof. O, yes, I heard them all, and more too; for fome of them had in them more feete then the Verses would beare.

Cel. That's no matter: the feet might beare ye verses. 159 Ros. I, but the feet were lame, and could not beare themselues without the verse, and therefore stood lamely in the verse.

Cel. But didft thou heare without wondering, how thy

name should be hang'd and carued vpon these trees?

Rof. I was feuen of the nine daies out of the wonder, before you came; for looke heere what I found on a Palme tree! [166 [Shewing the Paper] I was neuer fo berim'd fince Pythagoras time, that I was an Irish Rat, which I can hardly remember.

Cel. Tro 1 you who hath done this?

Rof. Is it a man?

Cel. And a chaine, that you once wore, about his neck. Change you colour?

Ro/. I pre'thee, who?

Cel. O Lord, Lord! it is a hard matter for friends to meete; but Mountaines may bee remoou'd with Earthquakes, and fo encounter.

Rof. Nay, but who is it?

177

Cel. Is it possible?

Rof. Nay, I pre'thee now, with most petitionary vehemence, tell me who it is!

Cel. O wonderfull, wonderfull! and most wonderfull wonderfull! and yet againe wonderful! and after that out of all hooping!²

Rof. Good my complection! doft thou think, though I am caparifon'd like a man, I haue a doublet and hose in my disposition? One inch of delay more is a South-sea of discouerie. I pre'thee tell me who is it, quickely, and speake apace! [187]

I would thou couldst stammer, that thou might'st powre this conceal'd man out of thy mouth, as Wine comes out of a narrow-mouth'd bottle; either too much at once, or none at all! I pre'thee take the Corke out of thy mouth, that I may drinke thy tydings!

Cel. So you may put a man in your belly.

Rof. Is he of Gods making? What manner of man? Is his head worth a hat? Or his chin worth a beard?

Cel. Nay, he hath but a little beard.

Rof. Why, God will fend more, if the man will bee thankful: let me flay the growth of his beard, if thou delay me not the knowledge of his chin!

Cel. It is yong Orlando, that tript vp the Wraftlers heeles, and your heart, both in an inftant.

Rof. Nay, but the diuell take mocking! fpeake, fadde brow and true maid!

Cel. I'faith, (Coz,) tis he.

Rof. Orlando?

205

Cel. Orlando.

Rof. Alas the day! what shall I do with my doublet & hose? What did he when thou saw'st him? What sayde he? How look'd he? Wherein went he? What [209 makes hee heere? Did he aske for me? Where remaines he? How parted he with thee? And when shalt thou see him againe? Answer me in one voord!

Cel. You must borrow me Gargantuas mouth first: 'tis a 'Word' too great for any mouth of this Ages size. To say 'I' and 'no,' to these particulars, is more then to answer in a Catechisme.

Ros. But doth he know that I am in this Forrest, and in mans apparrell? Looks he as freshly, as he did the day he Wrastled?

Cel. It is as easie to count Atomies as to resolue the propositions of a Louer; but take a taste of my finding him, and rellish it with good observance! I found him vnder a tree, like a drop'd Acorne.

Rof. It may vvel be cal'd loues tree, when it droppes

forth such fruite.

Cel. Giue me audience, good Madam! Rof. Proceed! 227 Cel. There lay hee, ftretch'd along, like a Wounded Knight. Ros. Though it be pittie to see such a sight, it well becomes the ground. Cel. Cry 'holla!' to the tongue, I prethee! it curuettes vnseasonably. He was furnish'd like a Hunter. Rof. O, ominous! he comes to kill my Hart. Cel. I would fing my fong without a burthen: thou bring'ft me out of tune. Rof. Do you not know I am a woman? when I thinke, I must speake. Sweet, say on! 238 Cel. You bring me out. Soft! comes he not heere? Rof. 'Tis he! flinke by, and note him! [CELIA and ROSALIND retire. Enter ORLANDO & TAQUES. Iaq. I thanke you for your company; but, good faith, I had as liefe haue beene my felfe alone. 242 Orl. And so had I; but yet, for fashion sake, I thanke you too for your focietie. *Iaq.* God buy 1 you! let's meet as little as we can. Orl. I do defire we may be better strangers. 246 Iaq. I pray you, marre no more trees with Writing Louefongs in their barkes! Orl. I pray you, marre no moe of my verses with reading them ill-fauouredly! 250 *Iaq. Rosalinde* is your loues name? Orl. Yes, Iuft. Iaq. I do not like her name. 253 Orl. There was no thought of pleasing you when she was christen'd. Iaq. What stature is she of? Orl. Iust as high as my heart. Iaq. You are ful of prety answers. Haue you not bin acquainted with goldsmiths wives, & cond them out of rings?

Orl. Not fo! but I answer you right painted cloath, from

whence you have studied your questions.

Iaq. You have a nimble wit: I thinke 'twas made of Attalanta's heeles. Will you fitte downe with me? and wee two will raile against our Mistris the world, and all our miserie.

Orl. I wil chide no breather in the world but my felfe,

against whom I know most faults.

Iaq. The worst fault you haue, is to be in loue.

Orl. 'Tis a fault I will not change for your best vertue. I am wearie of you.

lag. By my troth, I was feeking for a Foole, when I found

you.

Orl. He is drown'd in the brooke: looke but in, and you shall fee him!

lag. There I shal see mine owne figure.

Orl. Which I take to be either a foole, or a Cipher.

Iaq. Ile tarrie no longer with you: Farewell, good Signior Loue!

Orl. I am glad of your departure: Adieu, good Monfieur

Melancholly!

[Exit IAQUES. CELIA and ROSALIND come forward.

Rof. [aside to CELIA] I wil speake to him like a fawcie Lacky, and vnder that habit play the knaue with him. ¶ Do you hear, Forrester?

Orl. Verie wel! What would you?

Rof. I pray you, what i'ft a clocke?

Orl. You thould aske me 'what time o'day': there's no 'clocke' in the Forrest.

Ross. Then there is no true Louer in the Forrest; else fighing euerie minute, and groaning euerie houre, wold detect the lazie foot of Time as wel as a clocke.

Orl. And why not the fwift foote of Time? Had not that bin as proper?

Rof. By no meanes, fir: Time trauels in divers paces, with divers persons. Ile tel you who Time ambles withall, who Time trots withal, who Time gallops withal, and who he stands still withall.

Orl. I prethee, who doth he trot withal?

Ros. Marry, he trots hard with a yong maid between the contract of her marriage, and the day it is solemnizd: if the interim be but a sennight, Times pace is so hard, that it seemes the length of seuen yeare.

Orl. Who ambles Time withal?

Rof. With a Priest that lacks Latine, and a rich man that hath not the Gowt; for the one sleepes easily, because he cannot study; and the other liues merrily, because he feeles no paine: the one lacking the burthen of leane and [306 wasteful Learning; the other knowing no burthen of heauie tedious penurie. These Time ambles withal.

Orl. Who doth he gallop withal?

309

Rof. With a theefe to the gallowes; for though hee go as fofuly as foot can fall, he thinkes himfelfe too foon there.

Orl. Who staies it stil withal?

312

Rof. With Lawiers in the vacation; for they fleepe betweene Terme and Terme, and then they perceive not how Time moues.

Orl. Where dwel you, prettie youth?

316

Rof. With this Shepheardesse, my sister; heere in the skirts of the Forrest, like sringe vpon a petticoat.

Orl. Are you native of this place?

319

Rof. As the Conie that you fee dwell where shee is kindled.

Orl. Your accent is fomething finer then you could pur-

chase in so removed a dwelling.

Ros. I have bin told so of many: but, indeed, an olde religious Vnckle of mine taught me to speake, who was in his youth an inland man; one that knew Courtship too well, for there he sel in loue. I have heard him read many [327 Lectors 1 against it; and I thanke God I am not a Woman, to be touch'd with so many giddie offences as hee hath generally tax'd their whole sex withal.

Orl. Can you remember any of the principall euils that he

laid to the charge of women?

Rof. There were none principal: they were all like one another, as halfe pence are; euerie one fault feeming monftrous, til his fellow-fault came to match it.

335

Orl. I prethee, recount fome of them!

Ros. No, I wil not cast away my physick but on those that are sicke. There is a man haunts the Forrest, that abuses our yong plants with caruing 'Rosalinde' on their barkes; hangs Oades vpon Hauthornes, and Elegies on brambles; all [340 (forsooth) deifying the name of 'Rosalinde'. If I could meet that Fancie-monger, I would give him some good counsel, for he seems to have the Quotidian of Loue vpon him.

Orl. I am he that is fo Loue-shak'd: I pray you, tel me your remedie!

Rof. There is none of my Vnckles markes vpon you: he taught me how to know a man in loue; in which cage of rufhes, I am fure, you are not prisoner.

Orl. What were his markes?

Ros. A leane cheeke, which you haue not; a blew eie and funken, which you haue not; an vnquestionable 1 spirit, which you haue not; a beard neglected, which you haue not; (but I pardon you for that, for, simply, your hauing in beard [353 is a yonger brothers reuennew:) then your hose should be vngarter'd, your bonnet vnbanded, your sleeue vnbutton'd, your shoo vnti'de, and euerie thing about you demonstrating a carelesse desolation. But you are no such man; you [357 are rather point deuice in your accoustrements, as louing your selfe, then seeming the Louer of any other.

Orl. Faire youth, I would I could make thee beleeue, I Loue!

Ros. Me beleeue it! You may affoone make her that you Loue, beleeue it; which, I warrant, the is apter to do then to confesse she do's: that is one of the points in the which women still give the lie to their consciences. But, in [365 good sooth, are you he that hangs the verses on the Trees, wherein Rosalind is so admired?

Orl. I fweare to thee, youth, by the white hand of Rofalind, I am that he, that vnfortunate he!

Ros. But are you so much in loue as your rimes speak?
Orl. Neither rime nor reason can expresse how much!
Ros. Loue is meerely a madnesse, and, I tel you, deserves

³⁴¹ deifying] F2. defying F. 348. are] art F. vnquestionable = inconversable.

as wel a darke house, and a whip, as madmen do: and the reason why they are not so punish'd and cured is, that the Lunacie is so ordinarie, that the whippers are in loue too. Yet I professe curing it by counsel.

376

Orl. Did you euer cure any fo?

Rof. Yes, one; and in this manner. Hee was to imagine me his Loue, his Miftris; and I fet him euerie day to woe 1 me. At which time would I, being but a moonish youth, greeue, be effeminate, changeable, longing and liking, [381 proud, fantastical, apish, shallow, inconstant, ful of teares, full of fmiles; for euerie passion something, and for no passion truly any thing; (as boyes and women are, for the most part, cattle of this colour;) would now like him, now loath \(\frac{1}{385} \) him; then entertaine him, then for wear him; now weepe for him, then fpit at him: that I draue my Sutor from his mad humor of loue to a liuing humor of madnes; which was, to forfweare the ful stream of ye world, and to liue in a [380] nooke meerly Monastick. And thus I cur'd him; and this way wil I take vpon mee to wash your Liuer as cleane as a found sheepes heart, that there shal not be one spot of Loue in't! 393

Orl. I would not be cured, youth.

Ros. I would cure you, if you would but call me Rosalind, and come euerie day to my Coat,² and woe me.

Orlan. Now, by the faith of my loue, I will! Tel me

where it is!

Rof. Go with me to it, and Ile shew it you! and, by the way, you shal tell me where in the Forrest you liue. Wil you go?

Orl. With all my heart, good youth!

Rof. Nay, you must call mee Rofalind. ¶ Come, fister, will you go? [Exeunt. 404

¹ wee = wooe.

² Coat = cote, cottage.

Actus Tertius. Scæna Tertia. Another part of the Forrest.

Enter Clowne, Audrey; & IAques behind.

Clo.	Come	apace,	good	Audrey!	I wi	ĺ	fetcl	ı vp	your
				, Audrey?	am	Ι	the	man	yet :
doth my	y fimple	featur	e¹ con	tent you?					

Aud. Your 'features'! Lord warrant vs! what features? 4
Clo. I am heere with thee, and thy Goats, as the most
capricious Poet, honest Ouid, was among the Gothes.

(Iaq. [aside] O knowledge ill inhabited, worse then Ioue in a thatch'd house!)

Clo. When a mans verses cannot be vnderstood, nor a mans good wit seconded with the forward childe, Vnderstanding, it strikes a man more dead then a great reckoning in a little roome. Truly, I would the Gods hadde made thee poetical!

Aud. I do not know what 'Poetical' is: is it honest in deed and word? is it a true thing?

Clo. No, trulie; for the trueft poetrie is the most faining; and Louers are given to Poetrie; and what they sweare in Poetrie, may be said, (as Louers,) they do feigne.

Aud. Do you wish, then, that the Gods had made me

Clow. I do, truly; for thou fwear'ft to me thou art honeft: Now, if thou wert a Poet, I might have fome hope thou didft feigne.

Aud. Would you not have me honest?

Clo. No, truly, vnleffe thou wert hard fauour'd; for honeftie coupled to beautie, is to haue Honie a fawce to Sugar.

(Iaq. A materiall foole!) 27
Aud. Well, I am not faire; and therefore I pray the Gods

make me honeft.

Clo. Truly, and to cast away honestie vppon a foule slut, were to put good meate into an vncleane dish.

31

Aud. I am not a flut, though (I thanke the Goddes!) I am foule.

¹ feature = making, composition of verses.

Clo. Well, praifed be the Gods for thy foulnesse! sluttishnesse may come heereafter. But be it as it may bee, I wil marrie thee: and to that end, I have bin with Sir Oliver Mar-text, the Vicar of the next village; who hath pro- [37 mis'd to meete me in this place of the Forrest, and to couple vs.

(Iaq. I would faine fee this meeting.)

Aud. Wel, the Gods give vs ioy! Clo. Amen! A man may, if he were of a fearful heart, flagger in this attempt; for heere wee haue no Temple but the wood, no affembly but horne-beafts. But what though? Courage! As hornes are odious, they are necessarie. It [45] is faid, 'many a man knowes no end of his goods:' right; many a man has good Hornes, and knows no end of them. Well, that is the dowrie of his wife; 'tis none of his owne getting. Hornes? euen fo: poore men alone? No, no! [40] the nobleft Deere hath them as huge as the Rafcall. Is the fingle man therefore bleffed? No: as a wall'd Towne is more worthier then a village, so is the forehead of a married man more honourable then the bare brow of a Batchel- [53] ler; and by how much defence is better then no skill, by fo much is a horne more precious then to want. Heere comes Sir Oliver !

Enter Sir Oliver Mar-Text.

Sir Oliuer Mar-text, you are wel met! Will you dispatch vs heere vnder this tree, or shal we go with you to your Chappell?

Ol. Is there none heere to give the woman?

Clo. I wil not take her on guift of any man.

Ol. Truly, she must be given, or the marriage is not lawfull.

Iaq. [advancing] Proceed, proceede! Ile giue her. 64
Clo. Good euen, good Majter What-ye-cal't! how do you,
Sir? [Iaq. takes off his hat] You are verie well met: Goddild you for your last companie! I am verie glad to see you:
(euen a toy in hand heere, Sir:) Nay, pray be couer'd! 68

Iaq. Wil you be married, Motley?

Clo. As the Oxe hath his bow, fir, the horse his curb, and

the Falcon her bels, fo man hath his defires; and as Piger bill, fo wedlocke would be nibling. Iaq. And wil you (being a man of your breeding) married vnder a bufh, like a begger? Get you to churand haue a good Priest that can tel you what marriage this fellow wil but ioyne you together as they ioyne [Wainscot; then one of you wil proue a shrunke pannell, as like greene timber, warpe, warpe. Clo. I am not in the minde but I were better to bee married of him then of another: for he is not like to man me wel; and not being wel married, it wil be a good except for me heereafter to leaue my wife. Iaq. Goe thou with mee, and let me counsel thee!	72 be ch, is! 76 ad, 78 ar- rie
Clo. Come, fweete Audrey!	
We must be married, or we must liue in baudrey.	85
¶ Farewel, good Master Oliver! not,	
O fweet Oliver,	
O braue Oliver,	c.
Leaue me not behind thee!	89
but,	
Winde away,	02
Bee gone, I fay, I wil not to wedding with thee!	92
[Exeunt IAQUES, Clowne, and AUDR.	EY.
Ol. 'Tis no matter: Ne're a fantastical knaue of them	
fhal flout me out of my calling! [Exit.	
-	

Actus Tertius. Scæna Quarta. Another part of the Forrest. Before a Cottage.

Enter ROSALIND & CELIA.

Rol. Neuer talke to me! I wil weepe!	I
Cel. Do, I prethee! but yet haue the grace to	o confider that
teares do not become a man.	
Rof. But haue I not cause to weepe?	4

84. Clo.] Ol. F. 93. Exeunt . . . Audrey.] Exeunt. F (after l. 95).

III. iii. 71-95; iv. 1-4.] 48

Cel. As good cause as one would defire; therefore weepe!

Rof. His very haire is of the diffembling colour.

Cel. Something browner then Iudasses: marrie, his kisses are Iudasses owne children.

Rof. I'faith, his haire is of a good colour.

Cel. An excellent colour: Your Chessenut was euer the onely colour.

Rof. And his kiffing is as ful of fanctitie as the touch of

holy bread.

Cel. Hee hath bought a paire of cast lips of Diana: a Nun of winters sisterhood kisses not more religiouslie; the very yee of chastity is in them.

Rosa. But why did hee sweare hee would come this

morning, and comes not?

Cel. Nay, certainly, there is no truth in him.

Rof. Doe you thinke fo?

20

Cel. Yes; I thinke he is not a picke purse, nor a horse-stealer, but, for his verity in loue, I doe thinke him as concaue as a couered goblet, or a Worme-eaten nut.

Rof. Not true in loue?

24

Cel. Yes, when he is 'in'; but I thinke he is not 'in'. Rof. You have heard him fweare downright he was.

Cel. 'Was' is not 'is': befides, the oath of a Louer is no stronger then the word of a Tapster; they are both the [28 confirmer of false reckonings. He attends here in the forrest

on the Duke your father.

Ros. I met the Duke yesterday, and had much question with him: he askt me, of what parentage I was; I told [32 him, of as good as he; so he laugh'd and let mee goe. But what talke wee of Fathers, when there is such a man as Orlando?

Cel. O, that's a braue man! hee writes braue verses, [36 speakes braue words, sweares braue oathes, and breakes them brauely, quite trauers, athwart the heart of his louer; as a puisny Tilter, that spurs his horse but on one side, breakes his staffe like a noble goose: but all's braue that youth [40 mounts, and folly guides. Who comes heere?

Enter Corin.

23,000		
Corin. Miftreffe and Mafter, you have oft enqualities the Shepheard that complain'd of loue, Who you faw fitting by me on the Turph, Praifing the proud diffainfull Shepherdeffe	aired	44
That was his Miftreffe.		
Cel. Well, and what of him? Cor. If you will fee a pageant truely plaid, Betweene the pale complexion of true Loue, And the red glowe of fcorne and prowd difdaine, Goe hence a little, and I shall conduct you, If you will marke it.		48
Ros. [to Cel.] O, come, let vs remoue! The fight of Louers feedeth those in loue. ¶ Bring vs to this fight, and you shall say Ile proue a busic actor in their play!	[Exeunt.	52 54
Actus Tertius Scena Quinta		

Actus Tertius. Scena Quinta. Another part of the Forrest.

Enter SILUIA and PHEBE.

Sil. Sweet Phebe, doe not scorne me! do not, Phebe! Say that you loue me not, but say not so	I
In bitterneffe! The common executioner	
(Whose heart th'accustom'd sight of death makes hard)	4
Falls not the axe vpon the humbled neck,	
But first begs pardon: will you sterner be	
Then he that dies and liues by bloody drops?	

Enter Rosalind, Celia, and Corin, behind.

Phe. I would not be thy executioner:	8
I flye thee, for I would not injure thee.	
Thou tellst me, there is murder in mine eye:	
'Tis pretty, fure, and very probable,	
That eyes (that are the frailft, and foftest things,	12
Who shut their coward gates on atomyes)	
Should be called tyrants, butchers, murtherers!	
III. iv. 42-54; v. I-I4.] 50	

Now I doe frowne on thee with all my heart; And, if mine eyes can wound, now let them kill thee! Now counterfeit to fwound; why, now fall downe;	16
Or, if thou canst not, Oh, for shame, for shame,	
Lye not, to fay mine eyes are murtherers!	
Now shew the wound mine eye hath made in thee!	20
Scratch thee but with a pin, and there remaines	
Some scarre of it; Leane but vpon a rush,	
The Cicatrice and capable impressure	
Thy palme fome moment keepes; but now mine eyes,	24
Which I have darted at thee, hurt thee not,	·
Nor, I am fure, there is no force in eyes	
That can doe hurt.	
Sil. O deere Phebe,	
If euer (as that euer may be neere)	28
You meet in some fresh cheeke the power of fancie,	
Then shall you know the wounds inuisible	
That Loues keene arrows make!	
Phe. But, till that time,	
Come not thou neere me! and, when that time comes,	32
Afflict me with thy mockes! pitty me not!	
As, till that time, I shall not pitty thee.	
Ros. [advancing] And why, I pray you? Who might	be
your mother,	,
	36
Ouer the wretched? What though you haue no beauty,	
(As, by my faith, I fee no more in you	
Then, without Candle, may goe darke to bed,)	
Must you be therefore prowd and pittiless? Why, what meanes this? Why do you looke on me?	40
I fee no more in you then in the ordinary	
Of Natures fale-worke. ('Ods my little life,	
I thinke she meanes to tangle my eies too!)	4.4
No, faith, proud Miftresse, hope not after it!	44
'Tis not your inkie browes, your blacke filke haire,	
Your bugle eye-balls, nor your cheeke of creame,	
That can entame my fpirits to your worship.	48
	40

22. but] F2.

30. wounds] woulds (turned n) F. 37. haue] hau F.

¶ You foolish Shepheard, wherefore do you follow her, Like foggy South, puffing with winde and raine? You are a thousand times a properer man	
Then she a woman. 'Tis such fooles as you That makes the world full of ill-fauourd children:	52
'Tis not her glaffe, but you, that flatters her; And out of you she sees her selfe more proper	
Then any of her lineaments can show her.	56
¶ But, Mistris, know your selfe! downe on your knees,	
And thanke heaven, fasting, for a good mans love!	
For I must tell you (friendly) in your eare,	
Sell when you can: you are not for all markets!	бо
Cry the man mercy! loue him! take his offer!	
Foule is most foule, being foule, to be a scoffer.	62
¶ So, take her to thee, Shepheard! fare you well!	
Phe. Sweet youth, I pray you, chide a yere together!	
I had rather here you chide, then this man wooe.	1 566
Ros. Hees falne in loue with your foulnesse, ¶ & shee'l fall in loue with my anger. If it be so, as fast as she answer.	
thee with frowning lookes, ile fauce her with bitter words	
Why looke you fo vpon me?	٠.
Phe. For no ill will I beare you.	70
Rof. I pray you, do not fall in loue with mee!	/ -
For I am falfer then vowes made in wine:	
Besides, I like you not. ¶ If you will know my house,	
'Tis at the tufft of Oliues, here hard by.	74
¶ Will you goe, Sifter? ¶ Shepheard, ply her hard!	, ,
¶ Come, Sifter! ¶ Shepheardesse, looke on him better,	
And be not proud! though all the world could fee,	
None could be fo abus'd in fight as hee!	78
¶ Come, to our flocke!	
[Exeunt Rosalind, Celia, and Co	
Phe. Dead Shepheard! now I find thy faw of might:	
'Who ever lov'd, that lou'd not at first fight?'1	81
Sil. Sweet Phebe!	0
Phe. Hah! what faift thou, Siluiu	is?
Sil. Sweet Phebe, pitty me!	

^{79.} Exeunt... Corin.] Exit. F. | Ist Sestiad. Works, ed. Dycc,

1 Marlowe's Hero and Leander, | 1870, p. 281, col. 2.

Phe. Why, I am forry for thee, gentle Siluius. Sil. Where euer forrow is, reliefe would be:	84
If you doe forrow at my griefe in loue,	
By giving love, your forrow and my griefe	
Were both extermin'd.	0.0
	88
Phe. Thou hast my loue, is not that neighbourly?	
Sil. I would have you.	r-
Phe. Why, that were couetousness	ie.
Silvius, the time was, that I hated thee;	
And yet it is not, that I beare thee loue:	Q2
But fince that thou canft talke of loue fo well,	
Thy company, which erst was irkesome to me,	
I will endure; and Ile employ thee too:	
But doe not looke for further recompence	96
Then thine owne gladnesse, that thou art employd!	
Sil. So holy, and fo perfect is my loue,	
And I in fuch a pouerty of grace,	
That I shall thinke it a most plenteous crop,	100
To gleane the broken eares after the man	
That the maine haruest reapes: loose now and then	
A fcattred fmile; and that Ile liue vpon!	103
Phe. Knowst thou the youth that spoke to mee yere w	vhile?
Sil. Not very well, but I have met him oft;	
And he hath bought the Cottage, and the bounds,	
That the old Carlot once was Mafter of.	
Phe. Thinke not I loue him, though I ask for him!	108
'Tis but a peeuish boy; (yet he talkes well:)	
But what care I for words? (yet words do well.	
When he that speakes them pleases those that heare.)	
It is a pretty youth: (not very prettie:)	112
But, fure, hee's proud; (and yet his pride becomes him	:)
Hee'll make a proper man: the best thing in him	,
Is his complexion; and faster then his tongue	
Did make offence, his eye did heale it vp.	116
He is not very tall; (yet for his yeeres hee's tall:)	
His leg is but so so; (and yet 'tis well:)	
There was a pretty rednesse in his lip,	
A little riper and more luftie red	120
Then that mixt in his cheeke; 'twas iust the difference	120
Betwixt the constant Red, and mingled Damaske.	
	4-122
53 [III. v. 8a	1-122.

There be fome women, Siluius, had they markt him In parcells as I did, would have gone neere To fall in loue with him: but, for my part, I loue him not, nor hate him not; and yet	124
I have more cause to hate him then to love him:	
For what had he to doe to chide at me?	128
He faid, mine eyes were black, and my haire blacke;	
And, now I am remembred, fcorn'd at me:	
I maruell why I answer'd not againe:	
But that's all one; 'omittance is no quittance.'	132
Ile write to him a very tanting Letter,	
And thou shalt beare it: wilt thou, Siluiüs?	
Sil. Phebe, with all my heart!	
Phe. Ile write it ftrait;	
The matter's in my head, and in my heart:	136
I will be bitter with him, and passing short.	
Goe with me, Siluius!	Exeunt.
	in .

Actus Quartus. Scena Prima.

The Forrest of Arden. Before a Cottage, as in Act III. sc. iv.

Enter Rosalind, and Celia, and IAQUES.

Iaq. I prethee, pretty youth, let me be better acquainted with thee!

Rof. They fay you are a melancholly fellow.

Iaq. I am fo; I doe loue it better then laughing. 4
Rof. Those that are in extremity of either, are abhominable fellowes; and betray themselues to every moderne censure, worse then drunkards.

Iaq. Why, 'tis good to be fad and fay nothing. 8

Rof. Why then, 'tis good to be a poste.

Iaq. I have neither the Schollers melancholy, which is emulation; nor the Musitians, which is fantasticall; nor the Courtiers, which is proud; nor the Souldiers, which is [12 ambitious; nor the Lawiers, which is politick; nor the Ladies,

127. I have] F2. Have F. 1. be] F2. III. v. 123-138; IV. i. 1-13.] 54

which is nice; nor the Louers, which is all thefe: but it is a melancholy of mine owne, compounded of many fimples, extracted from many obiects, and, indeed, the fundrie [16 contemplation of my trauells, in which my often rumination wraps me in a most humorous sadnesse.

Rof. A Traueller! By my faith, you have great reason to be fad! I feare you have fold your owne Lands, to fee [20 other mens; then, to have feene much, and to have nothing,

is to haue rich eyes and poore hands.

Iaq. Yes, I have gain'd my experience.

Ros. And your 'experience' makes you fad: I had rather haue a foole to make me merrie, then experience to make me fad; and to trauaile for it too!

Enter ORLANDO.

Orl. Good day, and happinesse, deere Rosalind! Iag. Nay, then, God buy 1 you, and you talke in blanke Exit. verfe!

Rof. Farewell, Mounfieur Trauellor! looke you lifpe, and weare strange suites; disable all the benefits of your owne Countrie; be out of loue with your nativitie, and almost [32 chide God for making you that countenance you are; or I will fcarce thinke you have fwam in a Gundello! how now, Orlando! where have you bin all this while? You a louer! And you ferue me fuch another tricke, neuer come in my fight more!

Orl. My faire Rosalind, I come within an houre of my

promise.

Rof. Breake an houres promise in loue! Hee that will divide a minute into a thousand parts, and breake but a [41 part of the thousand part of a minute in the affairs of loue, it may be faid of him, that Cupid hath clapt him oth' shoulder, but Ile warrant him heart hole.

Orl. Pardon me, deere Rosalind!

Ros. Nay, and you be so tardie, come no more in my fight! I had as liefe be woo'd of a Snaile. Orl. 'Of a Snaile'? 48

17. my F2. by F. 26. Enter Orlando.] F (after 1. 23). 1 buy = be with.

Rof. I, of a Snaile; for though he comes flowly, hee carries his house on his head; a better ioyncture, I thinke, then you make a woman: besides, he brings his destinie with him.

Orl. What's that?

Ros. Why, hornes, which fuch as you are faine to be beholding to your wives for: but he comes armed in his fortune, and prevents the flander of his wife.

Orl. Vertue is no horne-maker; and my Rosalind is

vertuous.

Rof. And I am your Rofalind.

_ 59

Cel. It pleases him to call you so; but he hath a Rosalind

of a better leere then you.

Ros. Come, wooe me, wooe me! for now I am in a holy-day humor, and like enough to consent. What would you say to me now, and I were your verie, verie Rosalind? 64

Orl. I would kiffe before I fpoke.

Rof. Nay, you were better speake first; and when you were grauel'd for lacke of matter, you might take occasion to kisse. Verie good Orators, when they are out, they will spit; and for louers, lacking (God warne vs!) matter, the cleanliest shift is to kisse.

Orl. How if the kiffe be denide?

Rof. Then she puts you to entreatie, and there begins new matter.

Orl. Who could be out, being before his beloued Mistris? Ros. Marrie, that should you, if I were your Mistris; or I

fhould thinke my honeftie ranker then my wit. Orl. What, of my fuite?

77

Ros. Not out of your apparrell, and yet out of your 'fuite'. Am not I your Rosalind?

Orl. I take fome ioy to fay you are, because I would be talking of her.

Rof. Well, in her person, I say, 'I will not have you.'

Orl. Then, in mine owne person, I die. 83

Rof. No, faith, die by Attorney! The poore world is almost six thousand yeeres old, and in all this time there was not anie man died in his owne person (videlicet) in a loue cause. Troilous had his braines dashed out with a [87 Grecian club; yet he did what hee could to die before; and IV. i. 49-88.]

he is one of the patternes of loue. Leander, he would haue liu'd manie a faire yeere though Hero had turn'd Nun, if it had not bin for a hot Midsomer-night; for (good youth) [91 he went but forth to wash him in the Hellessport, and, being taken with the crampe, was droun'd: and the foolish Chronoclers of that age found it was 'Hero of Cessos'. But these are all lies: men haue died from time to time, and wormes haue eaten them, but not for loue.

Orl. I would not have my right Rofalind of this mind;

for, I protest, her frowne might kill me.

Rof. By this hand, it will not kill a flie! But come, now I will be your Rofalind in a more comming-on disposition; and aske me what you will, I will grant it.

Orl. Then love me, Rofalind!

Rof. Yes, faith, will I, Fridaies, and Saterdaies, and all.

Orl. And wilt thou have me?

Rof. I, and twentie fuch.

Orl. What faieft thou?

Rof. Are you not good?

Orl. I hope fo.

Rosalind. Why then, can one defire too much of a good thing? ¶ Come, fifter, you shall be the Priest, and marrie vs! ¶ Giue me your hand, Orlando! ¶ What doe you say, fifter?

Orl. Pray thee, marrie vs!

Cel. I cannot fay the words.

Rof. You must begin: 'Will you, Orlando . . .'

Cel. Goe to! ¶'Wil you, Orlando, have to wife this Rosalind?'

Orl. I will.

Rof. I, but when?

Orl. Why now; as fast as she can marrie vs.

Rof. Then you must say: 'I take thee, Rosalind, for wife.'

Orl. 'I take thee, Rofalind, for wife.'

Rof. I might aske you for your Commission. But I doe take thee, Orlando, for my husband: there's a girle goes before the Priest! and, certainely, a Womans thought runs before her actions.

Orl. So do all thoughts; they are wing'd.

Rof. Now tell me, how long you would have her, after you have poffeit her?

Orl. For euer, and a day!

Rof. Say, 'a day,' without the 'euer!' No, no, Orlando; men are Aprill when they woe, December when they wed: Maides are May when they are maides, but the sky changes when they are wiues. I will bee more iealous of thee, [133] then a Barbary cocke-pidgeon ouer his hen; more clamorous then a Parrat against raine; more new-fangled then an ape, more giddy in my desires then a monkey: I will weepe for nothing, like Diana in the Fountaine, & I wil do that [137] when you are dispos'd to be merry; I will laugh like a Hyen, and that when thou art inclin'd to sleepe.

Orl. But will my Rosalind doe so?

Rof. By my life, she will doe as I doe!

141

Orl. O, but she is wife!

Ros. Or else shee could not have the wit to doe this: the wiser, the waywarder: make the doores upon a womans wit, and it will out at the casement; shut that, and 'twill out at the key-hole; stop that, 'twill slie with the smoake out at the chimney!

Orl. A man that had a wife with fuch a wit, he might fay,

'Wit, whether wil't?'

Ros. Nay, you might keepe that checke for it, till you met your wives wit going to your neighbours bed. 151

Orl. And what wit could wit have to excuse that?

Rosa. Marry, to fay, she came to seeke you there. You shall neuer take her without her answer, vnlesse you take her without her tongue. O, that woman that cannot make her fault her husbands occasion, let her neuer nurse her childe her selfe, for she will breed it like a soole!

Orl. For these two houres, Rosalinde, I wil leave thee. Ros. Alas, deere loue, I cannot lacke thee two houres!

Orl. I must attend the Duke at dinner: by two a clock I will be with thee againe.

Ross. I, goe your waies, goe your waies! I knew what you would proue: my friends told mee as much, and I thought no lesse: that flattering tongue of yours wonne me:

 $^{^{1}}$ woe = wooe

'tis but one caft away, and fo, come, Death! Two o'clocke is your howre?

Orl. I, fweet Rofalind.

Rof. 'By my troth,' and 'in good earnest,' and 'so God mend mee,' and by all pretty oathes that are not dangerous, if you breake one iot of your promise, or come one minute behinde your houre, I will thinke you the most patheti- [171 call breake-promise, and the most hollow louer, and the most vnworthy of her you call Rosalinde, that may bee chosen out of the grosse band of the vnfaithfull! therefore beware my censure, and keep your promise!

Orl. With no lesse religion then if thou wert indeed my

Rosalind! fo, adieu!

Rof. Well, Time is the olde Iustice that examines all such offenders, and let Time try! adieu! [Exit ORLANDO. 179]

Cel. You have fimply mifus'd our fexe in your loue-prate: we must have your doublet and hose pluckt ouer your head, and shew the world what the bird hath done to her owne neast.

Rof. O coz, coz, coz, my pretty little coz, that thou didft know how many fathome deepe I am in loue! But it cannot bee founded: my affection hath an vnknowne bottome, like the Bay of Portugall.

Cel. Or rather, bottomleffe; that as fast as you poure affection in, it runs out.

Rof. No, that fame wicked Bastard of Venus, that was begot of thought, conceiu'd of spleene, and borne of madnesse; that blinde rascally boy, that abuses every ones eyes, because his owne are out, let him bee iudge how deepe [193] I am in love. Ile tell thee, Aliena, I cannot be out of the sight of Orlando: Ile goe sinde a shadow, and sigh till he come.

Cel. And Ile sleepe.

[Exeunt. 197

Actus Quartus. Scena Secunda. Another part of the Forrest.

Enter IAQUES and Lords, like Forresters.

Iaq. Which is he that killed the Deare?A Lord. Sir, it was I.	I
Iaq. Let's present him to the Duke, like a Romane Conquerour! and it would doe well to set the Deares horns vpo his head, for a branch of victory. ¶ Haue you no song Forrester, for this purpose? A Lord. Yes, Sir. Iaq. Sing it! 'tis no matter how it bee in tune, so it make noyse enough.	n 5, 6
Muficke.	
A Lord. Song.	
What shall he have, that kild the Deare? His Leather skin, and hornes to weare! [Then fing him home: the rest shall beare this burther Take thou no scorne to weare the horne!	
7. 0 0	3
And thy father bore it:	5
The horne, the horne, the lufty horne, Is not a thing to laugh to scorne! [Exeunt. 1	7
2, 7. A Lord.] Lord. F. For. Rowe. At l. 6 a Lord is addressed in his assumed character of a forester. See the Entry of Act II.	.]

Actus Quartus. Sceena Tertia. Another part of the Forrest.

Enter ROSALIND and CELIA.

Rof. How fay you now? Is it not past two a clock? and heere much Orlando!

Cel. I warrant you, with pure loue, & troubled brain, he hath t'ane his bow and arrowes, and is gone forth—to fleepe. Looke, who comes heere?

Enter SILUIUS.

Sil. My errand is to you, faire youth; My gentle Phebe did bid me giue you this: [Giues a Letter, Ros. reads it. I know not the contents; but, as I guesse, By the sterne brow, and waspish action 9 Which she did vse, as she was writing of it, It beares an angry tenure: pardon me! I am but as a guiltleffe meffenger. 12 Rof. Patience her felfe would startle at this letter, And play the fwaggerer. Beare this, beare all! Shee faies I am not faire; that I lacke manners; She calls me proud; and that she could not loue me 16 Were man as rare as Phenix. Od's my will! Her loue is not the Hare that I doe hunt: Why writes she so to me? Well, Shepheard, well, This is a Letter of your owne deuice. 20 Sil. No, I protest, I know not the contents: Phebe did write it. Come, come, you are a foole, And turn'd into the extremity of loue! I faw her hand: she has a leatherne hand, 24 A freestone coloured hand; I verily did thinke That her old gloues were on, but twas her hands She has a hufwiues hand; but that's no matter:

I fay, she neuer did inuent this letter;	128
This is a mans invention, and his hand.	
Sil. Sure, it is hers.	
Rof. Why, tis a boysterous and a cruell stile,	
A ftile for challengers; why, she defies me,	32
Like Turke to Christian: vvomens gentle braine	
Could not drop forth fuch giant rude inuention,	
Such Ethiop vvords, blacker in their effect	
Then in their countenance. Will you heare the letter?	36
Sil. So please you, for I neuer heard it yet;	
Yet heard too much of <i>Phebes</i> crueltie.	
Rof. She 'Phebes' me: marke how the tyrant vvrites!	39
[Reads] 'Art thou god to Shepherd turn'd,	
That a maidens heart hath burn'd?'	41
Can a vyoman raile thus?	
Sil. Call you this railing?	
Rof. [Reads] 'Why, thy godhead laid a part.	
War'st thou with a womans heart?'	45
Did you euer heare fuch railing?	
'Whiles the eye of man did wooe me,	
That could do no vengeance to me.'	48
Meaning me, a beaft.	
'If the scorne of your bright eine	
Have power to raise such love in mine,	51
Alacke, in me, what strange effect	
Would they worke in milde afpéct!	53
Whiles you chid me, I did love;	
How then might your praiers moue!	55
He that brings this love to thee,	
Little knowes this Loue in me:	57
And by him feale vp thy minde;	
Whether that thy youth and kinde	59
Will the faithfull offer take	
Of me, and all that I can make;	бі
Or else by him my love denie,	_
And then Ile studie how to die!'	63
Sil. Call you this chiding?	
Cel. Alas, poore Shepheard!	
Rof. Doe you pitty him? no, he deferues no pi	
Wilt thou loue fuch a woman? What! to make thee	67
IV. iii. 28-67.] 62	

an inftrument, and plaie false straines vpon thee! not to be endur'd! Well, goe your way to her, (for I see Loue hath made thee a tame snake,) and say this to her! That if she loue me, I charge her to loue thee; if she will not, I [71 will neuer haue her, vnlesse thou intreat for her. If you bee a true louer. Hence, and not a word! for here comes more company!

Enter OLIUER.

Enter OLIUER.	
Oliu. Good morrow, faire ones! pray you, (if you kn	
Where, in the Purlews of this Forrest, stands	76
A fheep-coat, fenc'd about with Oliue-trees?	
Cel. West of this place, down in the neighbor bottom,	
The ranke of Oziers, by the murmuring streame,	
Left on your right hand, brings you to the place.	80
But, at this howre, the house doth keepe it selfe;	
There's none within.	
Oli. If that an eye may profit by a tongue,	
Then should I know you by description;	84
Such garments, and fuch yeeres: 'the boy is faire,	~
Of femall fauour, and bestowes himselfe	
Like a ripe fifter: the woman low,	
And browner then her brother.' Are not you	88
The owner of the house I did enquire for?	00
Cel. It is no boaft, being ask'd, to fay we are.	
Oli. Orlando doth commend him to you both,	
And, to that youth hee calls his Rofalind,	00
He fends this bloudy napkin. ¶ Are you he?	92
Rof. I am: what must we vnderstand by this?	
Oli Some of my thame, if you will know of me	
Oli. Some of my shame; if you will know of me	-6
What man I am, and how, and why, and where	96
This handkercher was stain'd.	
Cel. I pray you, tell it!	
Oli. When laft the yong Orlando parted from you,	
He left a promife to returne againe	
Within an houre 1; and, pacing through the Forrest,	100
Chewing the food of fweet and bitter fancie,	
Loe, vvhat befell! he threw his eye afide,	
And, marke, vvhat obiect did present it selfe!	

¹ Two hours. See IV. i. 158, p. 58.

	104
And high top bald with drie antiquitie,	
A wretched ragged man, ore-growne with haire,	
Lay fleeping on his back: about his necke	
A greene and guilded inake had wreath'd it felfe,	108
Who with her head, nimble in threats, approach'd	
The opening of his mouth; but fodainly,	
Seeing Orlando, it vnlink'd it felfe,	
And, with indented glides, did flip away	112
Into a bush: vnder which bushes shade	
A Lyonnesse, with vdders all drawne drie,	
Lay cowching, head on ground, with catlike watch,	
When that the fleeping man should stirre; (for 'tis	116
The royall disposition of that beast,	
To prey on nothing that doth feeme as dead:)	
This feene, Orlando did approach the man,	
And found it was his brother, his elder brother.	120
Cel. O, I have heard him speake of that same brother:	
And he did render him the most vnnaturall	,
That liu'd amongst men!	
Oli. And well he might fo doe,	
For well I know he was vnnaturall.	124
Rof. But, to Orlando! did he leave him there,	124
Food to the fuck'd and hungry Lyonnesse?	
Oli. Twice did he turne his backe, and purpos'd fo;	
But kindnesse, nobler euer then reuenge,	128
And Nature, stronger then his iust occasion,	120
Made him giue battell to the Lyonnesse,	
Who quickly fell before him; in which hurtling,	
From miferable flumber I awaked.	w
Cel. Are you his brother?	132
Rof. Was't you he refcu'd?	
Cel. Was't you that did fo oft contriue to kill him?	
Oli. 'Twas I; but 'tis not I: I doe not shame	6
To tell you what I was, fince my conversion	136
So fweetly taftes, being the thing I am.	
Rof. But, for the bloody napkin?	
Oli. By and by.	

When from the first to last, betwixt vs two,
Teares our recountments had most kindely bath'd,
As, how I came into that Defert place;
In briefe, he led me to the gentle Duke,
Who gaue me fresh aray, and entertainment,
Committing me vnto my brothers loue; 144
Who led me inftantly vnto his Caue,
There stript himselfe, and heere vpon his arme
The Lyonnesse had torne some slesh away,
Which all this while had bled; and now he fainted, 148
And cride, in fainting, vpon Rofalinde.
Briefe, I recouer'd him, bound vp his wound;
And, after fome fmall space, being strong at heart,
He fent me hither, ftranger as I am,
To tell this ftory, that you might excuse
His broken promise, and to give this napkin,
Died in this bloud, vnto the Shepheard youth,
That he in fport doth call his Rofalind. [ROSALIND SWOOMS.
Cel. Why, how now, Ganimed! sweet Ganimed!
Oli. Many will fwoon when they do look on bloud.
Cel. There is more in it. ¶ Cosen! Ganimed!
Oli. Looke, he recouers!
Rof. I would I were at home!
Cel. Wee'll lead you thither.
¶ I pray you, will you take him by the arme?
Oli. Be of good cheere, youth! you, a man! You lacke a
mans heart.
Rol. I doe fo. I confesse it Ab firm a body would think
this was well counterfeited! I pray you, tell your brother
how well I counterfeited! Heigh-ho! 167
Oli. This was not counterfeit; there is too great testimony
in your complexion, that it was a passion of earnest.
Rof. Counterfeit, I assure you!
Oli. Well then, take a good heart, and 'counterfeit' to be
a man!
Rof. So I doe: but, yfaith, I should haue beene a woman
by right. 174
Cel. Come, you looke paler and paler: pray you, draw
homewards! ¶ Good fir, goe with vs!

Oli. That will I; for I must beare answere backe How you excuse my brother, Rosalind. Ros. I shall deuise something: but, I pray you, commen	
my counterfeiting to him! ¶ Will you goe? [Exeun	
Actus Quintus. Scena Prima.	
The Forrest of Arden.	
Enter Clowne and AWDRIE.	
Clow. We shall finde a time, Awdrie; patience, gentle Awdrie!	le
Awd. Faith, the Priest was good enough, for all the old gentlemans saying.	le
Clow. A most wicked Sir Oliver, Awdrie, a most vile Man	r-
text! But, Awdrie, there is a youth heere in the Forre	ſì
layes claime to you. Awd. I, I know who 'tis; he hath no interest in mee i	in
	9
Clo. It is meat and drinke to me to fee a Clowne: by m	
troth, we that have good wits have much to answer for; we shall be flouting; we cannot hold.	2
Enter WILLIAM.	
Will. Good eu'n, Audrey!	
Aud. God ye good eu'n, William!	
Will. And good eu'n to you, Sir! [Takes off his hat, I Clo. Good eu'n, gentle friend! Couer thy head, coue	-5 er
thy head! Nay, prethee, bee couer'd! How olde are you	u,
Friend?	
Will. Fiue and twentie, Sir. Clo. A ripe age. Is thy name William?	9
Will. William, fir.	
Clo. A faire name. Was't borne i'th Forrest heere?	
Will. I, fir, I thanke God! Clo. 'Thanke God!' a good answer. Art rich?	13
	5
To Enter William F (after 1 0)	

Clo. 'So, fo,' is good, very good, very excellent good; and yet it is not; it is but fo, fo. Art thou wise?

Will. I, fir, I have a prettie wit.

28

Clo. Why, thou faift well. I do now remember a faving: 'The Foole doth thinke he is wife, but the wifeman knowes himselfe to be a Foole.' The Heathen Philosopher, when he had a defire to eate a Grape, would open his lips when he [32] put it into his mouth; meaning thereby, that Grapes were made to eate, and lippes to open. You do loue this maid? 35

Will. I do, fir. Clo. Giue me your hand! Art thou Learned?

Will. No. fir.

Clo. Then learne this of me! 'To have, is to have.' For it is a figure in Rhetoricke, that drink, being powr'd out of [30] a cup into a glasse, by filling the one, doth empty the other. For all your Writers do confent, that ipfe is hee: now, you are not ipse, for I am he.

Will. Which 'he,' fir?

Clo. 'He,' fir, that must marrie this woman. Therefore, you Clowne, abandon, (which is in the vulgar, leaue,) the [45] focietie, (which in the boorish is, companie,) of this female, (which in the common is, woman;) which together is, abandon the fociety of this Female! or, Clowne, thou perishest; or, to thy better vnderstanding, dyest; or, (to wit) I kill thee, \[40] make thee away, translate thy life into death, thy libertie into bondage! I will deale in poyfon with thee, or in bastinado, or in steele; I will bandy with thee in faction; I will ore-run thee with policie; I will kill thee a hundred and fifty wayes! therefore tremble, and depart!

Aud. Do, good William! Will. God reft you merry, fir!

 $\lceil Exit.$

Enter Corin.

Cor. Our Mafter and Miftreffe feekes you; come, away, away!

Clo. Trip, Audry! trip, Audry! ¶ I attend, I attend! 50 $\lceil Exeunt.$

26. Clo.] Cle. F. 35. sir] sit F.	38. 53.	of] os F. policie] policy F2.	police F.

Actus Quintus. Scoena Secunda. Another part of the Forrest.

Enter Orlando & Oliver.

Orl. Is't poffible, that, on so little acquaintance, you should like her? that, but seeing, you should loue her? And, louing, woo? and, wooing, she should graunt? And will you perfeuer to enjoy her?

Ol. Neither call the giddinesse of it in question, the pouertie of her, the small acquaintance, my sodaine woing, nor her sodaine consenting; but say with mee, I loue Aliena; say with her, that she loues mee; consent with both, that we [8 may enioy each other! it shall be to your good; for my sathers house, and all the reuennew that was old Sir Rowlands, will I estate upon you, and heere liue and die a Shepherd.

Orl. You have my consent. Let your Wedding be to morrow! thither will I inuite the Duke, and all's contented followers. Go you, and prepare Aliena; for, looke you, heere comes my Rosalinde!

Enter Rosalind.

Rof. God faue you, brother!

Ol. And you, faire fifter! [Exit. Rof. Oh, my deere Orlando, how it greeues me to fee thee

weare thy heart in a fcarfe! Orl. It is my arme.

Ros. I thought thy heart had beene wounded with the clawes of a Lion.

Orl. 'Wounded' it is, but with the eyes of a Lady. 24
Rof. Did your brother tell you how I counterfeyted to

found, when he shew'd me your handkercher?

Orl. I, and greater wonders then that.

27
Rof. O, I know where you are: nay, tis true: there was

woing = wooing.

6. her] Rowe.

16. Enter Rosalind.] F (after l. 12).

neuer any thing so sodaine, but the fight of two Rammes,

and Cefars Thrasonicall bragge of 'I came, saw, and ouercame.' For your brother and my sister no sooner met, [31] but they look'd; no sooner look'd, but they lou'd; no sooner lou'd, but they figh'd; no sooner sigh'd, but they ask'd one another the reason; no sooner knew the reason, but they sought the remedie: and in these degrees have they made [35] a paire of staires to marriage, which they will climbe incontinent, or else bee incontinent before marriage: they are in the verie wrath of loue, and they will together. Clubbes cannot part them.

Orl. They shall be married to morrow; and I will bid the Duke to the Nuptiall. But, O, how bitter a thing it is, to looke into happines through another mans eies! By so much the more shall I to morrow be at the height of heart [43] heavinesse, by how much I shall thinke my brother happine, in

hauing what he wishes for.

Rof. Why, then, to morrow, I cannot ferue your turne for Rofalind?

Orl. I can live no longer by thinking. Rof. I will wearie you, then, no longer with idle talking. Know of me, then, (for now I speake to some purpose,) that I know you are a Gentleman of good conceit: I speake not this, that you should beare a good opinion of my know- [52] ledge, infomuch I fay I know you are: neither do I labor for a greater efteeme then may in some little measure draw a beleefe from you, to do your felfe good, and not to grace me. Beleeue, then, if you please, that I can do strange things: [56] I have, fince I was three yeare olde, converft with a Magitian. most profound in his Art, and yet not damnable. If you do loue Rosalinde so neere the hart as your gesture cries it out, when your brother marries Aliena, thall you marrie her. [60 I know into what straights of Fortune the is driven; and it is not impossible to me, if it appears not inconvenient to you. to fet her before your eyes to morrow, humane as the is, and without any danger.

Orl. Speak'st thou in sober meanings?

Rof. By my life, I do! which I tender deerly, though I fay I am a Magitian. Therefore, put you in your best aray;

bid your friends! for if you will be married to-morrow, you shall; and to Rofalind, if you will.

Enter SILUIUS & PHEBE.

Looke, here comes a Louer of mine, and a louer of hers. <i>Phe.</i> Youth, you have done me much vngentlenesse,	
To shew the letter that I writ to you.	
Rof. I care not, if I haue: it is my ftudie,	73
To feeme despightfull and vngentle to you:	15
You are there followed by a faithful shepheard;	
Looke vpon him, loue him! he worships you.	
Phe. Good shepheard, tell this youth what 'tis to loue!	77
Sil. It is to be all made of fighes and teares;	11
And so am I for Phebe!	
Phe. And I for Ganimed!	
Orl. And I for Rofalind!	81
Rof. And I for no woman!	01
Sil. It is to be all made of faith and feruice;	
And fo am I for Phebe!	
Phe. And I for Ganimed!	85
Orl. And I for Rofalind!	رت
Rof. And I for no woman!	
Sil. It is to be all made of fantafie,	
All made of paffion, and all made of wifhes;	89
All adoration, dutie, and observance, ¹	09
All humblenesse, all patience, and impatience,	
All puritie, all triall, all observance; ²	
And so am I for Phebe!	0.2
Phe. And fo am I for Ganimed!	93
Orl. And so am I for Rosalind!	
Rof. And so am I for no woman!	96
Phe. [to Ros.] If this be fo, why blame you me to loue y	
Sil. [to PHE.] If this be fo, why blame you me to love y	
Orl. If this be fo, why blame you me to love you?	ou:
Rof. Who do you speake to, 'Why blame you mee to	10110
you?'	101
you.	101
1 So F abedieuse Duos (Collier Labeireuse Diteon coni	

¹ So F. obedience Dyce (Collier obeisance Ritson conj. MS.).
2 So F. obedience Malone conj. 100. Speake to] speake too F.

Orl. To her, that is not heere, nor doth not heare.

Rof. Pray you, no more of this! 'tis like the howling of Irish Wolues against the Moone. [To Sil.] I will helpe you, if I can: [to Phe.] I would loue you, if I could. To morrow meet me altogether! [To Phe.] I wil marrie you, [106 if euer I marrie Woman, and Ile be married to morrow: [to Orl.] I will satisfie you, if euer I satisfied man, and you shall bee married to morrow: [to Sil.] I wil content you, if what pleases you contents you, and you shall be married [110 to morrow. [To Orl.] As you loue Rosalind, meet! [to Sil.] as you loue Phebe, meet! and as I loue no woman, Ile meet. So fare you wel! I haue left you commands.

Sil. Ile not faile, if I liue!

Phe. Nor I!

Orl. Nor I! [Exeunt. 114

Actus Quintus. Scæna Tertia. Another part of the Forrest.

Enter Clowne and AUDREY.

Clo. To morrow is the ioyfull day, Audrey; to morrow will we be married.

Aud. I do defire it with all my heart; and I hope it is no dishonest defire, to defire to be a woman of y^e world. Heere come two of the banish'd Dukes Pages!

Enter two Pages.

I. Pa. Wel met, honest Gentleman!

Clo. By my troth, well met! Come, fit, fit, and a fong!

2. Pa. We are for you: fit i'th middle!

1. Pa. Shal we clap into't roundly, without hauking, or fpitting, or faying we are hoarse? which are the onely prologues to a bad voice.

2. Pa. I faith, y'faith! and both in a tune, like two gipfies on a horse.

Song.

It was a Louer, and his laffe, With a hey, and a ho, and a hey nonino,	
That o're the greene corne feild did passe, In the spring time, the onely pretty ring time, When Birds do sing, hey ding a ding, ding:	10
Sweet Louers love the Spring.	19
Betweene the acres of the Rie, With a hey, and a ho, & a hey nonino, These prettie Country folks would lie, In spring time, &c.	22
This Carroll they began that houre, With a hey and a ho, & a hey nonino, How that a life was but a Flower In spring time, &c.	26
4 7 47 0 4 7 41 0 4 7	

And therefore take the present time! \frac{1}{With a hey, & a ho, and a hey nonino,}

For Loue is crowned with the prime

In spring time, & c.

30

Clo. Truly, yong Gentlemen, though there vvas no great matter in the dittie, yet yo note was very vntunable.

1. Pa. You are deceiu'd, Sir; we kept time, we lost not our time!

Clo. By my troth, yes! I count it but time loft, to heare fuch a foolish fong. God buy 2 you! and God mend your voices! ¶ Come, Audrie! [Exeunt. 38]

^{17.} ring] Edinburgh MS., and printed as the second stanza in F. Steevens conj. rang F.

1 And therefore . . . prime is

Actus Quintus, Scena Quarta. Another part of the Forrest.

Enter Duke Senior, Amyens, Iaques, Orlando, Oliver, Celia.

Du. Sen. Dost thou beleeue, Orlando, that the boy	1
Can do all this that he hath promifed?	
Orl. I fometimes do beleeue, and fomtimes do not;	
As those that feare they hope, and know they feare.	4

Enter Rosalinde, Siluius, & Phebe.

Rof. Patience once	more, whiles our	compáct is vrg'd!
[To DUKE] You fay, i		
You wil bestow her or	n Orlando heere?	

Du. Se. That	would	I, ha	dII	kingd	loms	to giu	e wi	th hir!	8
Rof. [to O RL.]	And	you	fay,	you	wil	haue	her,	when	Ι
bring hir?									

Orl. That would I, were I of all kingdomes King!	
Rof. [to PHE.] You fay, you'l marrie me, if I be willing	3
Phe. That will I, should I die the houre after!	12
Rol But if you do refuse to marrie me	

Roj. But, if you do refule to marrie me,
You'l giue your felfe to this most faithfull Shepheard?
Phe. So is the bargaine.
Ros. [to Sil.] You say, that you'l have Phebe, if she will?
Sil. Though to have her and death, were both one thing!
Rof I have promis'd to make all this matter even.

Roj. I have profits a to make an this matter even.	
Keepe you your word, O Duke, to give your daughter!	
¶ You yours, Orlando, to receive his daughter!	20
¶ Keepe you your word, Phebe, that you'l marrie me,	
Or elfe, refusing me, to wed this Shepheard!	

	rerunnig					
¶ Keen	e your wo	ord Silvi	ue that	t vou'l m	arrie her.	
					u1110 1101,	
If the r	efuſe me!	and from	n henc	e I oo		
II IIIC I	ciuic inc.	and no	II Helle	0 1 50,		

To make these doubts all euen. [Exeunt Ros. and Cella. Du. Sen. I do remember, in this shepheard boy,

Some liuely touches of my daughters fauour.

24

Orl. My Lord, the first time that I euer saw him,	28
Me thought he was a brother to your daughter:	
But, my good Lord, this Boy is Forrest borne;	
And hath bin tutor'd, in the rudiments	
Of many desperate studies, by his vnckle,	32
Whom he reports to be a great Magitian,	J-
Obscured in the circle of this Forrest	

Enter Clowne and AUDREY.

Iaq. There is, fure, another flood toward, and these couples are comming to the Arke. Here comes a payre of verie strange beasts, which, in all tongues, are call'd Fooles.

Clo. Salutation and greeting to you all!

Iaq. Good my Lord, bid him welcome! This is the Motley-minded Gentleman, that I have fo often met in the Forrest he hath bin a Courtier, he sweares.

Clo. If any man doubt that, let him put mee to my purgation! I haue trod a measure; I haue flattred a Lady; I haue bin politicke with my friend, smooth with mine enemie; I haue vndone three Tailors; I haue had foure quarrels, and like to haue fought one.

Iaq. And how was that tane vp?

Clo. 'Faith, we met, and found the quarrel was vpon the feuenth cause.

Iaq. How 'feuenth cause'? ¶ Good my Lord, like this fellow!

Du. Se. I like him very well.

Clo. God'ild you, fir! I defire you of the like. I preffe in heere, fir, amongft the rest of the Country copulations, to sweare and to forsweare; according as mariage binds and blood breakes: a poore virgin, fir, an il-fauor'd thing, [56 fir, but mine owne; a poore humour of mine, fir, to take that that no man else will: rich honestie dwels like a miser, fir, in a poore house, as your Pearle in your foule oyster.

Du. Se. By my faith, he is very fwift, and fententious. 60 Clo. According to the 'fooles bolt,' fir, and fuch dulcet difeases.

^{29.} daughter] daughrer F.

^{34.} Enter . . .] F (after I. 33).

Iaq. But, for the feuenth cause! How did you finde the quarrell on the seuenth cause?

Clo. Vpon a lye, feuen times remoued: (¶Beare your bodie more feeming, Audry!) ¶as thus, fir. I did dislike the cut of a certaine Courtiers beard: he fent me word, if I said his beard was not cut well, hee was in the minde it was: [68 this is call'd the Retort Courteous. If I sent him word againe, 'it was not well cut,' he wold fend me word, he cut it to please himselfe: this is call'd the Quip Modest. If againe, 'it was not well cut,' he disabled my iudgment: [72 this is called the Reply Churlish. If againe, 'it was not well cut,' he would answer, I spake not true: this is call'd the Reproofe Valiant. If againe, 'it was not well cut,' he wold say, I lie: this is call'd the Counter-checke Quarrelsome: and so to the Lye Circumstantiall, and the Lye Direct. 77

Iaq. And how oft did you fay, his beard was not well cut?
Clo. I durst go no further then the Lye Circumstantial,
nor he durst not giue me the Lye Direct; and so wee measur'd fwords, and parted.
81

Iaq. Can you nominate in order now, the degrees of the lye.

Clo. O fir, we quarrel 'in print,' by the booke; as you have bookes for good manners: I will name you the [85 degrees. The first, the Retort Courteous; the second, the Quip Modest; the third, the Reply Churlish; the fourth, the Reproofe Valiant; the fift, the Counterchecke Quarrelsome; the fixt, the Lye with Circumstance; the seauenth, the [89 Lye Direct. All these you may awoyd, but the Lye Direct; and you may awoide that too, with an 'If'. I knew when seven met themselves, one of them thought but of [93 an 'If'; as, 'If you saide so, then I saide so;' and they shooke hands, and swore brothers. Your 'If' is the onely peacemaker; much vertue in 'If'.

Iaq. Is not this a rare fellow, my Lord? He's as good at

any thing, and yet a foole.

Du. Se. He vses his folly like a stalking-horse, and, vnder the presentation of that, he shoots his wit.

Enter HYMEN, ROSALIND, and CELIA.

Still Musicke.

Hymen. Then is there mirth in heaven,	
When earthly things made eauen	TOS
Attone together. Good Duke, receive thy daughter!	103
Hymen from Heaven brought her,	
(Yea, brought her hether,)	100
That thou mightst ioune hir hand with his,	
Whose heart within his bosome is.	108
_Rof. [to Duke.] To you I give my felfe, for I am you	ırs!
[To ORL.] To you I give my felfe, for I am yours!	
Du. Se. If there be truth in fight, you are my daughte	er!
Orl. If there be truth in fight, you are my Rosalind!	112
Phe. If fight & shape be true,	
Why, then, my loue, adieu!	114
Rof. [To DUKE.] Ile haue no Father, if you be not he	:
[To ORL.] Ile haue no Husband, if you be not he:	
[To PHE.] Nor ne're wed woman, if you be not shee.	117
Hy. Peace, hoa! I barre confusion:	
'Tis I must make conclusion	
Of these most strange euents:	120
Here's eight that must take hands,	
To ioyne in Hymens bands,	
If truth holds true contents.	123
[To ORL. and Ros.] You and you, no crosse shall part:	
[To OLI. and CEL.] You and you, are hart in hart:	125
[To PHE.] You, to his love must accord,	T 0 7
Or haue a Woman to your Lord: [To CLO. and AUD.] You and you, are fure together,	127
As the Winter to fowle Weather.	T20
Whiles a Wedlocke Hymne we fing,	129
Feede your felues with questioning;	131
That reason, wonder may diminish	- 5 -
How thus we met, and these things finish!	133
	- 55

Song.

O blessed bond of boord and beas	134
'Tis Hymen peoples euerie towne,	
High wedlock then be honorëd!	137
Honor, high honor and renowne,	
To Hymen, God of euerie Towne!	139
Du. Se. O my deere Neece, welcome thou art to me!	
¶ Euen, daughter, welcome, in no lesse degree!	141
Phe. [to SIL.] I wil not eate my word: now thou art m	ine;
Thy faith, my fancie to thee doth combine.	143
Enter IAQUES DE BOYS, ORLANDOS Second Brother	
2. Bro. Let me haue audience for a word or two!	
I am the fecond fonne of old Sir Rowland,	
That bring these tidings to this faire assembly.	
Duke Frederick, hearing how that euerie day	147
Men of great worth reforted to this Forrest,	
Addrest a mightie power; which were on foote,	
In his owne conduct, purpofely to take	
His brother heere, and put him to the fword:	151
And to the skirts of this wilde Wood he came;	
Where, meeting with an old Religious man,	
After fome question with him, was conuerted,	
Both from his enterprize, and from the world;	155
His crowne bequeathing to his banish'd Brother,	00
And all their Lands restor'd to them againe,	
That were with him exil'd. This to be true,	
I do engage my life.	
Du. Se. Welcome, yong man!	159
Thou offer'st fairely to thy brothers wedding:	37
To one, his lands with-held; and to the other,	
A land it selfe at large, a potent Dukedome.	
First, in this Forrest, let vs do those ends	163
That heere vvere well begun, and wel begot:	- 3
And after, euery of this happie number	
That have endur'd threw'd daies and nights with vs,	
157. them] Rowe. him F. 164. vvere] vvete F	

Shal share the good of our returned fortune,	7
According to the measure of their states.	
Meane time, forget this new-falne dignitie,	
And fall into our Rufticke Reuelrie!	O
¶ Play, Muficke! ¶ And you, Brides and Bride-groomes all	
With measure heap'd in ioy, to'th Measures fall! 17	
Iaq. [to IAQ. DE B.] Sir, by your patience! If I hear	
you rightly,	
The Duke hath put on a Religious life,	
And throwne into neglect the pompous Court?	
2. Bro. He hath.	6
Iaq. To him will I: out of these convertites,	
There is much matter to be heard, and learn'd.	
[To DUKE] You, to your former Honor, I bequeath;	
Your patience, and your vertue, well deserues it. 18	0
[To ORL.] You, to a loue, that your true faith doth merit:	
[To OLI.] You, to your land, and loue, and great allies:	
[To Sil.] You, to a long, and well-deferued bed:	
[To Clo.] And you to wrangling; for thy louing voyage 18	1
Is but for two moneths victuall'd. So, to your pleasures!	3
I am for other, then for dancing measures. 18	6
Du. Se. Stay, Iaques, stay!	
Iaq. To fee no pastime, I: what you would haue,	
Ile ftay to know at your abandon'd caue. [Exit. 18]	0
Du. Se. Proceed, proceed! wee'l begin these rights,	9
As we do trust they'l end, in true delights. [A dance. 19]	
As we do truit they rend, in true dengins. [A dance. 19	A

EPILOGUE.

Ros. It is not the fashion to see the Ladie the Epilogue; but it is no more vnhandsome then to see the Lord the Prologue. If it be true, that 'good wine needs no bush,' 'tis true, that a good play needes no Epilogue: yet to good [195] wine they do vie good bushes; and good playes proue the better by the helpe of good Epilogues. What a case am I in, then, that am neither a good Epilogue, nor cannot infinuate with you in the behalfe of a good play! I am not [199] furnish'd like a Begger, therefore to begge will not become

mee. My way is, to coniure you; and Ile begin with the Women. I charge you (O women) for the loue you beare to men, to like as much of this Play as please 1 you! And [203 I charge you (O men) for the love you beare to women, (as I perceive by your fimpring, none of you hates them,) that betweene you, and the women, the play may please! If I were a Woman, I would kiffe as many of you as had [207 beards that pleas'd me, complexions that lik'd me, and breaths that I defi'de not: And, I am fure, as many as have good beards, or good faces, or fweet breaths, will, for my kind offer, when I make curt'fie, bid me farewell! [Exeunt. 211

211. Exeunt.] F2. Exit. F. 1 please = may please.

FINIS.



NOTES.

p. 8, I. ii. 91. 'Sport'! of what colour? Celia ridicules Le Beus pronunciation of sport as spot.

p. 23, II. iv. 35. Wearing = Wearying. p. 25, II. v 16. stanzo. 'Tiercet: m. A Song of triple Stanzoes, or

Stanzo of three verses.'-1611. Cotgrave.

p. 26, II. v. 48. Ducdame. 'Welshman,' a correspondent of the Pall Mall Gazette (Sept. 5, 1883, p. 2), wrote: . . . 'when Amiens asks, "What's that ducdame?" the dramatist at once sets Jaques into the cunning of the scene, by replying, "'Tis a Greek invocation, to call fools into a circle." Now, in point of fact, Jaques was but verbally repeating the self-same invitation which in the song he was parodying had been twice given in the vernacular, "Come hither, come hither"—"An' if he will come to me." For the "Greek" rendering which accompanied it was good honest Welsh—as nearly as the Saxon tongue could frame it. Its exact Cambrian equivalent is, "Deuwch (gy) da mi," "Come with (or to) me." It is jargon no longer. In early times the Sasnach, no doubt, often heard this "challenge" ("Come if you dare") shouted to him by the Cymri from the hill-top or the embattled crag. Hence it was perpetuated in the mimic warfare of their children's games. So that, instead of being the "jargon" it has been assumed to be, it had a distinct historic raison d'être.'

The Pall Mall Gazette for Sept. 10, 1883, p. 3, has the following communication from Professor Dowden: Among conjectures as to ducdame, I should be glad to let a conjecture of my own take its chance. Jaques has all day avoided the Duke; Amiens tells him the Duke is coming to drink under this tree, but he is "too disputable" for Jaques's company. Jaques's song ridicules the folly of the Duke's followers in Arden. What is the Folio's ducdame but the French duc damné, damned duke? It is "an invocation to call fools into a circle," because the Duke has gathered his followers around him in Arden, and presently they will encircle this tree. It is a "Greek invocation" because it is not Greek, nor Welsh either, but French, the speech of Arden. Jaques will sleep if he can; if he cannot, he will rail at the "first-born of Egypt." Why first-born? Because duke senior, the elder brother, is at

present the object of Jaques's spleen.

p. 29, II. vii. 55. Seeme senselesse of the bob. Theobald supplied Not Dyce (Collier MS.) read But to seem. Dr. to before seem. Ingleby thus explains ll. 53-57: 'Why does a fool do wisely in hitting a wise man? Because, through the vantage of his folly, he puts the wise man "in a straight betwixt two": to put up with the smart of the bob, without dissembling, and the consequential awkwardness of having to do so-which makes him feel foolish enough-or, to put up with the smart, and dissemble it, which entails the secondary awkwardness of the dissimulation-which makes him feel still more foolish. Taking the former alternative, the squandering glances of the fool"; taking the latter alternative, he makes a fool of himself in the eyes of almost everybody else. So the fool gets the advantage both ways.' - Shakespeare Hermencutics, 1875, pp. 81, 82. We understand Jaques to mean that a wise man, being (wisely, i. e. cleverly) hit, must (really like a fool) pretend it is no hit at all, but turn it off as a joke; otherwise, his folly would be at once apparent to all onlookers: the Fool would have made a fool of him. From 'And why' to 'bob' might be left out, so far as the argument is concerned. The wise man's object is to prevent his folly being made apparent to every one by the Fool. He therefore must laugh (and is thus a fool) when the Fool (then a wise man) does hit his folly.

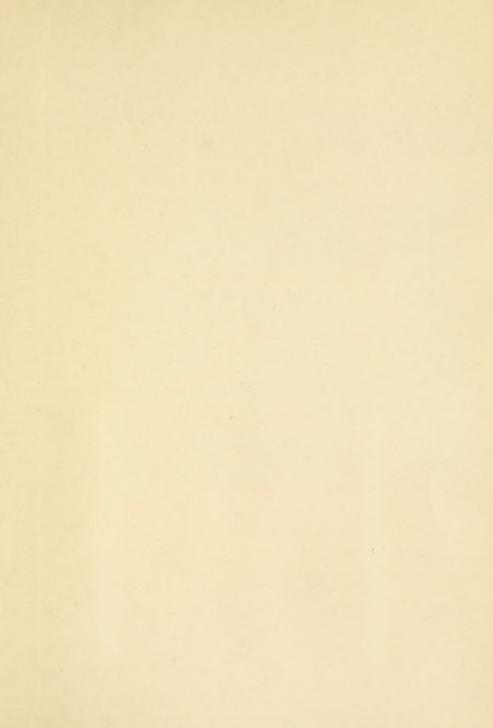
p. 39, III. ii. 186. a South-sea of discoverie. For of Warburton read off, i. e. from. But Rosalind compares the multitude of questions which Celia must answer to the vast South Sea, that offers the

widest range of discovery to explorers.

p. 55, IV. i. 29. We follow F2 in placing Jaques's exit here, believing, with Mr. Grant White, that Jaques flies the inevitable lovers' talk; and Rosalind mocks him till he is out of sight, pretending the while not to see Orlando, whose delay has piqued her.

P. 73, V. iv. 4. As those that feare they hope, and know they feare. That is: as those to whom fear suggests that they have nothing but hope to rely on, while they have distinct and abiding consciousness of fear. RICHARD CLAY & SONS, LIMITED,
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