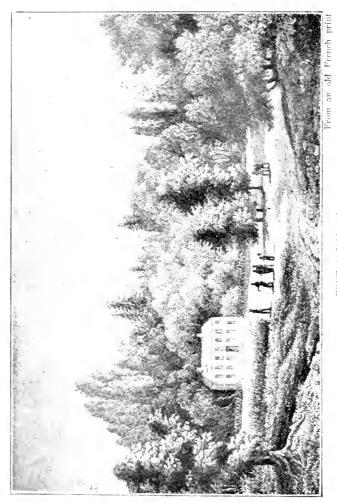




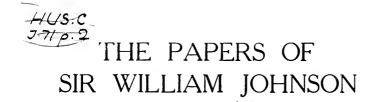


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FORT JOHNSON



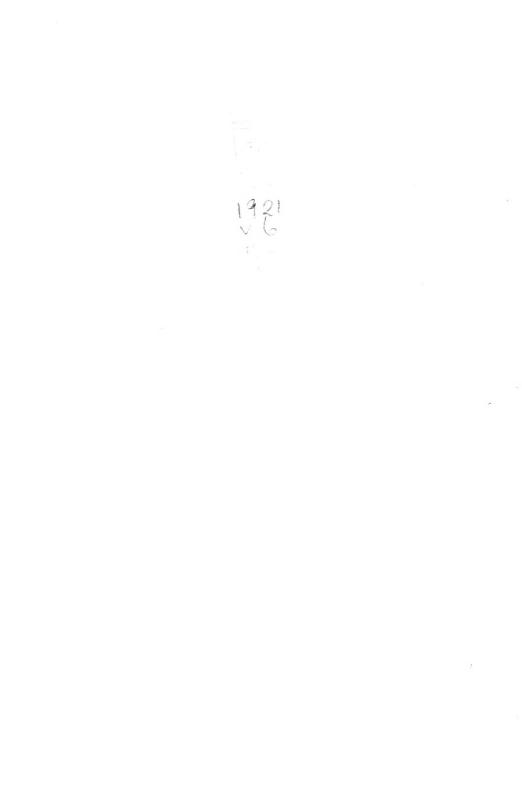
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ALEXANDER C. FLICK Ph.D., Litt.D. Director and State Historian

VOLUME VI

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PREFACE

A leading event in the papers which comprise volume VI of this series is the congress of Fort Stanwix, held in the autumn of 1768 to establish a boundary between the Indian hunting grounds and the white settlements. At that meeting a large stretch of country was ceded to the Crown for a considerable sum of money and opened to private purchase and occupation, while the land to the westward of the line was reserved for the use of the Indian nations. That treaty was the last of several efforts of the English government to delay the entire absorption of Indian lands by the migration of the colonists, and one of the last to appease the resentment of the Indians over crimes committed against them by frontiersmen. It was one of the many honorable undertakings which signalized the long superintendency of Sir William Johnson. The unsuccessful attempt of Lord Hillsborough, secretary for colonial affairs, to alter the cession obtained by Johnson is exhibited here. At the same time criticism mixed with the spirit of party assailed Johnson's Indian policy with growing intensity.

The rumbles of the approaching Revolution, first heard in the excitements caused by the Stamp Act, were again more than audible when it was plain that the ministry intended to preserve enough of Charles Townshend's import acts to convince the Americans of their subordination to Great Britain. January 1, 1769, a new nonimportation agreement went into effect, and from that day the reverberations of the contest are increasingly distinct in Johnson's correspondence.

As will be seen, to fix a boundary between the Indians and the settlements was by no means to put a stop to land speculation. On the contrary, the contraction of the area of wild lands open to occupation seemed to sharpen the competition for their pos-

Preface

session, and to quicken the spirit of trespass on the country reserved to the native tribes. The purpose of the Susquehanna Company to take possession of lands at Wyoming, Pa., by virtue of claims based on the Connecticut charter of 1662 and a fraudulent Indian deed procured at the Albany Congress of 1754, showed no abatement. The culmination of the persistent Wyoming encroachment is found in the history of the Revolution. A dispute over which the Superintendent of Indian affairs could exercise a more effective influence concerned the Kayaderosseras patent. This grant, obtained in 1708 by wrongful extension of a deed from the Mohawks for a small tract, was made to embrace from 500.000 to 700.000 acres between the Mohawk river and the Hudson. Indian dissatisfaction, revealed in many threats, prevented sales and settlement, making the tract of little value to the heirs. The year 1768 saw a voluntary reduction of the extravagant claim and the end of an old quarrel.

Of interest is the contention between people of Kinderhook and the Manor of Claverack, involving a matter of military organization, as well as the extent of the manor. Military reorganization held a place of prominence in the administration of Sir Henry Moore; and one feature was the appointment of Johnson to the post of brigadier general of militia, his district comprehending all the settlements in the colony north of the Highlands.

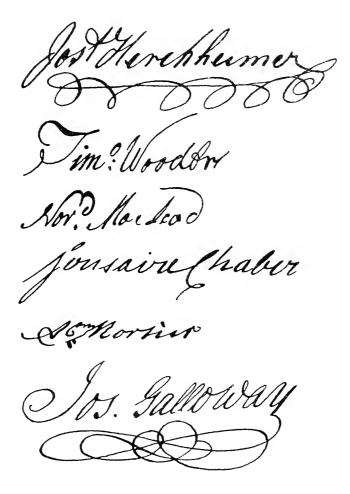
The year 1768 witnessed the abandonment by the British government of the plan for control of Indian trade through commissaries stationed at the army posts Ontario, Niagara, Fort Pitt, Detroit, Fort Chartres and Michilimackinac. The disfavor of the traders toward regulations which prohibited their residence in the Indian villages undermined the system; and the impatience of the home government at the liberal donations which commissaries bestowed on the western Indians led to its surrender. The settler's hunger for new lands and the Indian's rapacity for the bounty of the Crown were two of the distinguishing passions of the period. Little is recorded concerning the renewed experiment of throwing the direction and cost of the trade on the colonial governments. The growing antagonism of the colonies toward the Indians and their opposition to expenditure on the Indians' account were little appreciated by the ministry. As little did London penetrate the designs of France and Spain in the Mississippi country and rightly value the commerce to which men of those nations clung with the utmost tenacity.

The rise of new industries in the province of New York reveals itself in the Johnson papers, notably in the story of Peter Hasenclever, a pioneer iron manufacturer and promoter of other industries. Particularly impressive is the glimpse one gets of the beginnings of the great copper enterprises on the shores of Lake Superior. The national character of these papers is brought out as the reader surveys the widening power and influence of the great Indian commissioner.

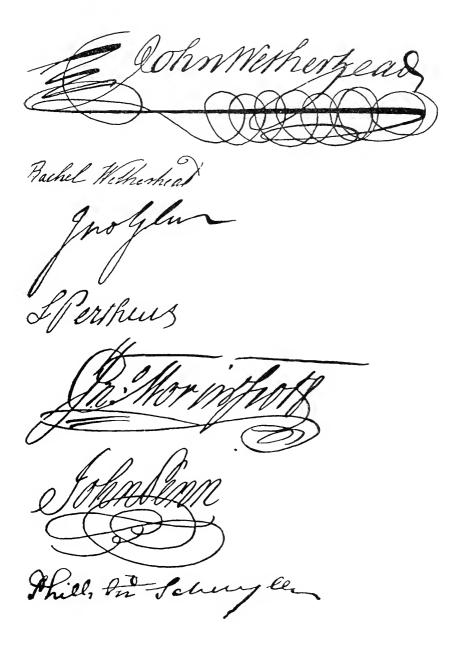
The correspondence included in volume VI embraces many of General Gage's letters, which it will be admitted, are superior in good temper to those of some of his predecessors in high command. Johnson's interesting correspondence with clergy of the Church of England is continued, and will prove a valuable addition to the literature of religion in America.

In editing the materials of this volume for publication it is a pleasure to acknowledge again the scholarly services of Dr Richard E. Day of the Division of Archives and History.

> ALEXANDER C. FLICK Director, Division of Archives and History, and State Historian



¹ Autograph of Timothy Woodbridge damaged and that of Philip Schuyler destroyed by fire. Signed letter of John Penn in volume IV.



J: Brown Wm Smith Thomas B. Chandler Jamis Telyhining Mempen John Stua

SIR WILLIAM JOHNSON PAPERS

FROM ABRAHAM ROSENCRANTZ

A. L. S.

Stonar [abia Dec. 13, 1767]

NOBILISSIME VIR.

Literas vestras human'tate et [suavitate] infertissimas, accepi die eodem datas atqu ex iis non Sine Singulari voluptate percepi, intentionem laudabilis vestrae Societatis Diem Scti Johannis Divinis Caeremoniis Celebrandi me autem vacatum esse munere Sacro fungendi. Gratias pro benevola invitatione ago maximas, nihilque in votis habeo, quam ut melius versatus essem in lingua Anglicana, Humanitas autem vestra jubet me Sequi mandato vestro. Quibus, Cum Cordiale Salutatione vobis vestraeque Honoratissimae Familiae se commendat, ad omnia officia paratus

> Nobilissimo viro Humilissimus Servus ABRM ROSENCRANTZ

INDORSED: Epistola Reverendi

Domini Rosencrantz— Arabiae Petreae

Translation

Stone Arabia, Dec. 13, 1767

Most noble Sir:

I received your very courteous and gracious letter on the day it was written, and thus learned with singular pleasure of the purpose of your worthy lodge to observe St John's Day with sacred ceremonies, and that I shall not be occupied with divine service. I return you many thanks for the kind invitation, and wish nothing more than that I were better acquainted with the English tongue. But your courtesy bids me obey your command. So with hearty good wishes to you and your most esteemed family, I commend myself to you, in readiness for any service. Most noble Sir.

> Your most humble Servant ABRM ROSENCRANTZ

INDORSED: Letter of the Rev. Mr Rosencrantz at Stone Arabia

FROM THOMAS GAGE

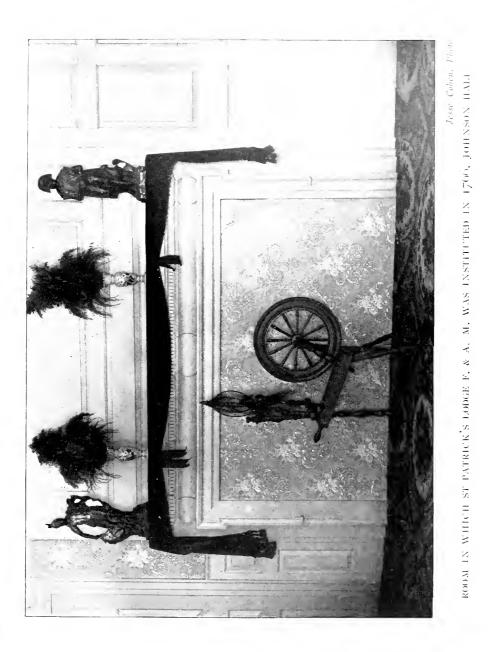
In the Johnson Calendar, p. 380, is listed a letter of December 14th from General Thomas Gage, New York, saying that the Cherokees, sent up the river, will probably land at the Manor or Claverack on account of ice near Albany, reciting some murders by Indians and advising payment of an old demand made by a French trader on account of arms taken by Colonel Bradstreet at Oswego. (Printed in *Doc. Hist. N. Y.* 2:890-91; Q, 2:516-17.)

FROM JOHN WATTS

A. L. S.

New York 14th. Decr. 1767

Lord Adams Ambassadors delivred me your favour of 17^{th} . Ult: & toll me they had five Pounds paid them at Schenectady by your Ordr, which I have included in my Draught for their Expences, & will pay it to any person, you will please to appoint — Your Letter says they apply'd to you for £ , the Sum left blank, but I believe the Men are honest enough, to do you justice, especially as they pay Nothing for it, Lord Adam, as I understand paying the Bill of View — I am sending your Indians appointed for the pensilvania Line home, they Sail to morrow, but the Weather looks so Wintry (Snowing fast) tis a doubt Whether they will reach Albany by Water — Our friend Allen says these Indians from first to last have cost [] fifteen hundred pounds, Near twelve hundred dollars being distributed [among] them, by way of pay for their Attendance besides presents & maintain[]] — Three of the



Chiefs are gone another rout by Land — [] Score Cherokees are here too on their way to you to make peace [with the Six] Nations, You will have a grand Levee—Mr Allen says [] collect from the Onondago Chief you sent, the heart burnings [the Shawnese,] Delawares &c: are as much against the Six Nations as the [] packet yet — Wo'd it not be well to settle the Quits [] Collector in going on — I am allways

Addressed:

To

S^r. Will. Johnson Barr^{tt} Johnson Hall Mohawks River to the care of M^r Monier at Albany —

FROM MARK FEELY

A. L. S.

New York 15th. December 1767.

ĺ] the Raven King, the Bearer, and others, bound for [Johnson-] hall. I take an Opportunity of troubling you with these Lines. - [I made] bold to write to you, about twelve months agoe, and another, about [l months. wherein I mentioned that I engaged as Clerk or assistant [John] W Smith Esq^r. and to his father, who is Judge, where I have [contin]ued since I had the honour of seeing you .- However my Income, or [salary] is not Sufficient to enable me, to purchase a larger personal [] (as I am at present circumstaced) than moderate quantities of [1 and Toddy. — Therefore in Order to make better [provision]s, for the maintainance of any Child, my wife Should get [1 decease. would willingly embrace any better Opportunity, if [1 more than Shooting the Squirrils at Fort Johnson — [trou]ble

Y¹⁵. JN⁰. WATTS

you now, with a long History, But Sincerely & humbly prays [think] of me, when any good Opportunity should []. Your Honour's much obliged & most obed' Humble Serv'.

MARK FEELY

ADDRESSED: To

The R^t. Honble Sir William Johnson Bar^t. at

Johnson-Hall

FROM JOHN PENN

Copy 1

Phila^a. the 15th, of Dec. 1767.

Sir,

I rec^d. last week an alarming letter from His Ex^{cy} . Maj. Gen. Gage acquainting me of the intelligence he had rec^d. from all quarters of the dissatisfaction of the Indians & their ill-disposition towards us on acc^t. of the injuries done them by the frontier people of Virginia & the encroachments made on their lands & that you are apprehensive of an immediate rupture with them unless some measures are fallen upon, to pacify them. I tho't proper to trouble you with a letter on this occasion that I might inform you of the steps I propose to take on the part of this gov^t. for removing the people who are settled on their lands & that you may have an opportunity of communicating to the Indians our intentions.

As neither the proclamations which Gov. Fauquiere & myself have issued for that purpose nor the threats of military execution made in the two last summers by parties of the King's troops have had the desired effect upon those lawless people, I design to lay this interesting matter before the Assem^y, who are to meet by their own adjournment on the 4th. of next month & shall

¹ In Library of Congress, Force Transcripts.

recommend it to them to frame such a law as will be sufficient to enable me with the aid of the King's troops to compel those intruders to pay strict obedience to the civil authority by immediately abandoning their illegal settlements. But as I fear the severity of the weather in the Winter season will render it impossible to execute this service effectually till the spring I hope you will in the mean time find it in your power to quiet the minds of the indians with assurances that we will use our most earnest endeavors to remove all causes of their discontent, tho' it is past a doubt that these intruders have rec^d, considerable encouragement in their settlement from some of the Delawares & Shawanese & particularly from an Indian called the White Mingo¹ whatever they may pretend to the contrary. It were greatly to be wished that the scheme which has been long in agitation at home for establishing a boundary line between the Indian Country & the several Colonies had been fully completed some time ago. The Indians would, I am persuaded have had no reason at this time to complain of our settling on their unpurchased lands; since they would no doubt have been fully paid for all the Country they relinquished to us within that boundary. Nor is it probable that any of our people would have carried their settlements beyond such a line while so extensive a country contiguous to us remained uncultivated.

The several Indians deputed by the Six Nations to attend the surveyors² in running the division line between Penn. & Maryland returned here from that service about a fortnight ago before the surveyors had fully completed their business. They had proceeded with the line 11 miles over the Monongahela when the Indian chiefs made a sudden stop & would not consent to proceed with them one step farther saying they were directed by their nation not to go beyond the warriors path leading to the Cherokee Country. The surveyors not being able to prevail on

¹ John Cook, Kanaghragait, a Seneca chief.

² Charles Mason and Jeremiah Dixon, by whom "Mason and Dixon's line " was run.

them to attend them to the end of the line about 25 miles further which they could easily have run out in 8 or 10 days, were obliged to leave their work unfinished & return with all their instruments. I am very sorry for this disappointment yet the commissioners were very kind to the Indians on their return to this town where they continued 10 days. They satisfied them fully for their services by giving among the 15 men & 2 women upwards of 870 dollars including the cost of a few rifle guns, besides the small presents which were made to them from time to time before they joined the surveyors & while they attended them amounting to at least $\pounds130$ in value.

They all left this town last week on their return home having my passports with persons to conduct them & to defray their expenses. The 3 Onondagoes proceeded through Bethlehem by a strait route to their own country — the rest chose to go by the way of New York & Albany & are under the care of Mr. Hugh Crawford. One of the Mohawks, named Jacob died on the road & was brought to this town & decently buried. The Commissioners have for his services, sent to his widow by Mr. Crawford 40 dollars which they have directed him to deliver in to your hands for her use.

I have the honor to be, with great regard,

Sir.

Your most obd¹ humble servant.

John Penn.

SIR WM. JOHNSON. Bart.

FROM TIMOTHY WOODBRIDGE

[

wait on you In [order to obtain a renunciation] of the Mohocks [respecting claims to] Lands on this side [of the Hudson river]

¹ Several lines missing.

There is an objection [] may be That The Mohocks do [] people should purchase Lands of the []kannuck Tribe on the east side of Said [Hudson] River They will here after Lay Their [claim] To such purchased Lands.

For my own part I am Satisfied That the Mohocks never did claim any right in the Lands east of Said River: I remember I once motioned this same affair To you at Johnsons Hall and had some expectation That you would at some assembly of the Mohocks have favour'd These Indians with a cirtificate from them disclaiming as [] Said. I begg the favour That They may be fur[nished] with a determination of the Mohocks in this Matter. I wonder The Governor & Council of New York have not proceeded To a Consideration of the petition of our Indians prefered Last Spring.

The Indians conclude nothing will be done after all Their Trouble and expence and have desired me To prepare To send once more To the Ministry at home the difficulty They meet with from the Government

ſ

]obedient

Humble

TIM^o. WOODBRIDGE

To SIR: WILL^M JOHNSON Bar^t.

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FROM THOMAS GAGE

In the Johnson Calendar, p. 380, is listed a letter of December 16th from General Thomas Gage, New York, concerning expenses incurred in sending the Cherokee deputies to Johnson Hall. (Printed in *Doc. Hist.* N. Y. 2:891-92; Q, 2:517.)

]

1

FROM JOHN WELLES

A. L. S.

Quebec Decr. 16th. 1767.

Since your favour of the 21st. Feb^y. 1766 I have [not been] honoured except a few lines by M^r Antill.

I should be very unhappy could I have the least [] tion to think I had forfeited your Esteem.

Multiplicity of business in your Department (which [I] should be sorry to interrupt mal à propos) I flatter myself may be the occasion of your long silence, altho it is industriously set in another light, as I have particularly informed M^r Claus.

I now beg leave to congratulate you on Sir Johns return, hoping that his Voyage &c has been agreable & answered both his & your Expectation, & also to acquaint you, that I have entirely left Montreal & am now a resident of this City, in partnership with Mr Geo: Allsopp a person of the most extensive Correspondence of [any] one in this Province without exception. this circum[stance] was occasioned by a Brother of his, who was obliged [to leave] the country on Account of his] & (who we expect the sep^r ill-state of health [llos) my having been packet will bring news [always on the most intimate & friendly [him, as he lived in the year 1762 at Montreal [expects by every packet to have his suspension [his being reinstated into all his Employm^{1s}.] ess will of course devolve on me, doubt [1 have taken advantage. on my remaining [liness as since my separation with [Matthew Wade a] lways thought, & Experience now convinces me, that it was much better [] of what I had, & look about me, than to rush [] myself in] is impossible Debt, at this very precarious & [] for however for to support the expenses of a [I might appear, I was far from [1 constantly employed in diving into & making [] with the nature & quality of the Different stap[] Imports & Exports of this Province. I have now as [] as any person in the Province, if it pleases God to [] success my Industrious Endeavours, & am determined [] shall be spared to cultivate & improve it. Added [] on as good Terms as I could wish with Gov^r. Carleton [] Justice & Attorney Gen¹. as well as both Civil & mil[itary I] shall make my own Interest the Chief study, from my [experience? which] I have purchased not at the cheapest rate.

I have already a share in a Pot & Pearl[ash] & the Gov^r. has been kind enough to give us the use of [l to Erect our works in & has offered us a Lease of them [1 renewable, in Case the King has not occasion for [1 case, we are to be reimbursed all the money laid [] & Immoveables, which is a very great advant [] works are under cover, fine large Chimneys [1 Furnaces & Calcining Ovens, ready built, [] of the River, so that we can role our Ash [1 Board only, on board a Vessel. the fre[nch 1 into a way of saving their Ashes, not-with] collect one day with another from 40[] a 6^d. halifax p^r Bushel. You will [Liberty taken in entering into 1] to it, was your repeated assurances tow]ards me, & having heard that Many of [your tenants] reap great advantages from that Article wish] I had all the ashes produced amongst your I] that they make no use off.

If I could with propriety, I would beg leave [to make] sir William a tender of the best & most Grateful services my poor abilities are capable of, in case an occasion may offer in this part of the World, as nothing would give me a more real, & sensible pleasure than the having it in my power to render a gratefull Return for the many favours received, hoping still for a Continuance of your favour & Protection I beg leave to remain with my best Compliments to your family.

> Most Respectfully Sir Your Obed^t. & Most hble servant JOHN WELLES.

ADDRESSED: To

The Hon^{ble}. Sir William Johnson

Bar^t.

at Johnson Hall in the County of Albany

JOURNAL OF CONFERENCE WITH INDIANS

$D.^1$

[Fort Pitt, December 17?, 1767]

]

had acquainted me with all [] meeting. He then spoke on an other [] I spoke in behalf of our Nations, and I assure you [] that it is contrary to our Judgments and inclinations [] any quarrel or difference with the English, and nothing [] give us greater pleasure than to hear that the great [Men?] will settle those disputes before they come to an open quarrel that we may enjoy a long and lasting Peace to follow our Hunting for the Support of our Families. He gave the Belt

I then returned them thanks for the open and free manner in which they had communicated to me the business that was to be transacted at the Meeting intended to be held in the spring. I told them they were sensible every Step had been taken by the commander in chief and Sir William Johnson to drive those people that had made Settlements in their Country, out of it that they had been driven twice by the Officers and Soldiers sent

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¹ A fragment. In handwriting of Alexander McKee.

from Fort pitt for that purpose, That I thought both the Six Nations and ['1]

] when they knew those [

settled] by any Authority, but were a Sett[

people who had fled their Country to seek a living in the Woods — that they might be assured, His Majesty wo^d. not suffer any of his subjects to take any part of their Country wthout his making them a Satisfaction for it. That they had often experienced His Majestys pitty for, and generous disposition towards them and all the Indian Nations by the many presents that they had, and were daily receiv^g. from his Officers, That their Conduct on this occasion shewed a Want of gratitude, as well as want of understanding in them. On which I gave them a large Belt.

On the 16th & 17th, of December, they took leave of Captⁿ. Edmonston and myself, and returned to their several Villages. INDORSED IN DIFFERENT HAND: Journal of George Croghan Esg. 1767

TO SAMUEL AUCHMUTY

$Df.^2$

Johnson hall December 18th. 1767.

Sir

L

I have Just had the favor of yours of the 19th. ult^o with the inclosure, the Subject of which you will find I have Anticipated in my Letter of the 2^d. inst which I wrote to you in consequence of one I received from the Rev^d. M^r. Cooper, and therefore I need not Say any thing farther thereon but to inform you that Just now I received a Joint Letter from D^r. Smith and M^r. Barton recommending the Reverend M^r Murray of Reading as

1

¹ Several lines missing.

 $^{^{\}mathrm{2}}$ In Library of Congress, Washington, D. C. In handwriting of Guy Johnson.

a Missionary here, my Answer to which Acquaints these Gentleman, with the previous recommendation of M^r. Seabury, and my approbation of that Gentleman in case the Society have not already made Choice of another. —

In my Answer to Mr Cooper to which I referred you in my last, I gave him an account of what I had proposed in favor of the Mission for Johnstown Namely that In case the Society did not incline to take upon them the Whole burthen of the Expence I would (rather than so necessary a thing should fail) augment the Missionarys Sallary with an Addition of £30 ster 7 Ann, and also give him a House & Glebe of 20 Acres I flatter myself the Society do not intend that after the Great Expence I have been at already I should be subjected to much more, but nevertheless shall make that Addition if Necessary, and besides contribute all in my power to a Mission^{ys} satisfaction or to promote the interest of his family for which doubtless means might be found, if they inclined to Lands &ca but these Advantages cannot be so easily described within the bounds of a Letter, and therefore, if, as you Propose, it will suit Mr Seaburys convenience to Visit this place either by Sled this Winter or early in the Spring he will then be better able to Judge for himself, and I am persuaded I shall find him intirely agreable to me ----

I have the Establishment amongst the Lower Mohocks Much at heart, and earnestly wish for a Good Resident Missionary & School Master to be fixed there. It is the Door to the rest as they Express it, and whatever is done With the Upper Nations must be begun with these people, who have formerly been instructed in the Religion of the Church of England, and express great concern that they have been so long neglected. I see M^r Brown is still continued in the Societys Ann^l. publicatⁿ as Mission^y there, but he does not serve —

In short none but a Resident will Answer, and pity it is that such has not been yet procured, — If D^r Barclays house & farm could be purchased it would in the end prove a Saving but such a Situation & Establishment as has been proposed there, would not be stinted if duly considered. —

I see in the Ann¹. publication that a Mission is mentioned for Schenectady at £30 Str \tilde{r} Ann. to which the Protestant Inhabitants have told me they would make an Addition I have mentioned it to D^r Smith in favor of M^r Murray whom he recommended to me and I think it Should not be neglected.— There are now Four Good Churches Viz Albany, Schenectady the Mohocks & mine at Johnstown these last of most material importance and the rest objects extremely worthy attention but at present all Neglected, and if they continue much longer in this State I fear it will be found needless hereafter to take any steps in behalf of the Church at these places. —

Edward Riggs whom you propose as a Schoolmaster must without doubt be a man well Qualified for the Task and would be usefully Employed under a Missionary or even at present until one is appointed, and therefore I am inclined to think he deserves to be employed But he, or any other person who comes must be greatly distressed thro' the Want of any proper House or Lodging, there being no place in the Neighbourhood fit for the purpose and any place that could be procured will be held at a dear rate so that the purchase of Dr. Barclays place should be strongly recommended, or till that is done perhaps M^{rs}. Barclay will agree to rent it for these Uses, The Tenant now in it pays as I understand £10 P Ann — and I dare say it would be Let out at a moderate rent if hired for a purpose for which it is peculiarly calculated. & was first intended by the Indians please to favor me with your thoughts & intentions on these several heads and be assured of the Sincerity and Esteem with which I am

Sir &ca

The Rev^d D^R. Auchmuty

INDORSED: December 18th 1767 -

To Dr. Auchmuty.

.1

TO WILLIAM KELLY

$Df.^1$

[Johnson hall, Dec^r. 18th. 1767]

1

[Cap^t. John] son gave me your favor of the [30th November and acquainted] me with his having answered your [subject] of your Misapprehensions. —

[] concerned to find that a Gentleman for [] so much esteem should have been led from [] an accident to suppose any alteration in my [sentime]nts, there being no sufficient motive on either [] Such a Supposition, and if there had been such [I should] not have hesitated to assign the cause —

By your Letter which I have now received I am [I hear that a matter which from your conceptions of it [1 concern has been removed, because it would [| pain to] which I think that a Friend should lye under any [dis tance on whc was capable of removing, and altho' [my] Multiplicity of you wrote which you now hint at [] my Memory Might business since that period)] no occasion to harfor a time have affected [] Esteem — and that bour any doubts of the [lons on that head I Sensible of the Sincerity [have the Like [frien]dly correspondence and Acquaint-] of the regard with which I am ance Dear Sir

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¹ In handwriting of Guy Johnson.

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TO HENRY MOORE

$Df.^1$

[Johnson hall, Dec. 18, 1767]

answer it] must Express my [

] family have not received the [hoped for, from your Late Tour. —

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ſ

[] whatever is done for the relief of the Indians [the subj]ects of their complaints may come too late [I have hitherto] with infinite pains thrown Obstacles in the [way of their] own Congresses at which they attended to Concert [] for uniting against us, but I [cannot] expect the like Success for the time to come [unless they] meet with the promised redress very soon.—

From what you say concerning the Militia I am [apprehen]sive that One of your Letters must have miscarried] Subject.- In mine of the 30th. of May I] of my plan of which I have the gave you] I now inclose it Sepapleasure to find you [rately with very little [] Regiment of Horse may] Manner I have provery easily be formed [posed and I cannot [] prove of Much use to l vou my best thanks for this Frontiers. and [] Family as well as the your Attention to my [] The Plan proposed is so other persons of my [evidently well [1 of these Exposed frontiers, &] I earnestly wish it may be for Establishing [If your Excellency will theresoon put into [fore [] to be made out, the [1] time to enable the [

¹ In handwriting of Guy Johnson.

Each of the Reg[iments] and I have Experienced] distance both with regard to] Disciplining or Assembling them [I] Settlements encrease fast where [1 the Regiments will be large in a lit 1 that to Divide them as nearly as possible 1 & South would be] Forms of the several Tracts the easiest and best [does not app ear] and the boundarys of the Sev¹. Regi-] as are remarkable in the Country, ---ments,] East Bounds of the Next Regiment to the] is Limitted by the West Line of that To[i] North & South) and can Extend North [] patented Lands & South to the Nor[l Settlements which with Cobus Kill [l form a Seperate Regiment, [1 may Extend as far North & S[outh] Grants do, but I believe I have] to prevent any Mistakes which might ſ I Understood that [] & the Survey returned to [days to be able Write to the [to] north of [1 ĺ 1 I am with all Imaginable Esteem Sir. Your Excellencys &ca.

A SCHEME FOR MILITIA ORGANIZATION

In the Johnson Calendar, p. 381, is listed under December 18, Sir William Johnson's scheme for forming the militia to the westward of Albany into six regiments; transmitted to Sir Henry Moore. This paper was destroyed by the fire, but it is printed in the Third Annual Report of the State Historian, 1897, p. 880–81. It is followed in the Calendar by Johnson's memorandum of the number of men in each of the companies of the Schenectady battalion and of the grouping of these companies in the proposed new regiments, on back, two memoranda, one about the decision of the Oneidas touching a line to be run from Cosbys Manor, the other about the formation of a new county extending from the west bounds of Schenectady to the upper settlements or Fort Stanwix. Also destroyed by fire, but printed in the Third Report of the State Historian, p. 886. In the Third Report, p. 786–886, are printed returns, muster rolls, commissions and recommendations for 1762–1768, belonging to the State Library collection of Johnson papers, which were destroyed by fire.

TO WILLIAM SMITH

$Df.^1$

Johnson hall December 18th. 1767.

I have had the pleasure of your and Mr. Bartons Joint Letter of the 25th. ultimo concerning Mr Thompson, & your now recommending Mr. Murray for the Mission here, by which I find that My Letter in answer to yours about the before Mentioned Gentleman has Miscarried. — at the Same time I am to inform you that Doctor Auchmuty & the Reved. Mr. Cooper have so Strongly recommended Mr Seaberry to me for this place that I have left it to them to Consult that Gentleman on removing hither in case the Society have not already procured one, which Dr. Burton informed me they would Look out for — Your recommendation of Mr. Murray would be a Sufficient inducement to me to wish for a Gentleman of his Worth and Qualifications, had not these Steps been previously taken, but there is one particular circumstance which I cannot help Mentioning, that might render his residence at the Mohocks less eligible Namely, his being unmarried — the Single State which might in many other cases prove an Advantage to a Clergyman has a contrary effect amongst most of our Indians, who whether from some former errors committed amongst them or from some other Cause. cannot help entertaining Suspicions injurious to the Character of such a person, which must consequently Lesson his influence amongst them, and altho' a decent deportment might in time

Sir

¹ In Library of Congress, Washington, D. C. In handwriting of Guy Johnson.

overcome this opinion Yet I have all along thought it best to begin such Establishm¹, with Such Men as they would embrace without entertaining such prejudices. But as I find by the Societys Annual publication that they have agreed to appoint a Missionary for the protestant Inhabitants at the Town of Schenectady not far from hence at the rate of £30 str \Im Ann. to which sev¹, of the Inhabitants told me they would make a handsome addition. I imagine that Situation might prove Acceptable to M¹. Murray in which case I presume the Affair may be easily settled to his Satisfaction, and if a Letter from me will be thought necessary you may freely command me thereon —

A Mission in that Town, a proper Establishment of a Mission and School at the Mohocks, with the Mission to be Established on my Estate (which last would have a great Effect on the Many Indians of different Nations who are almost constantly about me) would produce the happyest consequences In this Country at the Same time that it Would prove the Surest Means of diffusing knowledge amongst the Six Nations and preparing the More distant Indians for receiving the Lights of the Gospel. These, and the Establishment to the Southward shall ever meet with the strongest encouragement from me, and I have lately wrote on these points to D^r Auchmuty & Sev^I, other Gentlemen of the Church wherein I have likewise made a proposal towards a provision for an Episcopate in this Country, which seems to me highly necessary for the interests & well Government of the Church & for promoting every Laudable purpose of Religion —

Be pleased. Sir, to Communicate whatever may be necessary on these heads to M^r Barton for whom I have a great Esteem, & to be Assured of the Sincere regard with which I am

Sir

& ca

The REV^D. D^{R} . Smith

INDORSED: December 18th 1767 -

To the Rev^d D^r Smith Philadelphia

PETITION OF TRADERS TO GEORGE CROGHAN

D. S.

[Pittsburgh, December 18, 1767]

[Traders of Pittsbu]rgh Humbly sheweth —

1

ſ

[That your] Petitioners having Agreeable to the Directions of] Licences to Trade at this place and furthe [Cargloes for that purpose in Expectation that nished [the Trade [among] Indians should Center here, but to their filnd the Trade much Decayed of late, Owing great [] into the Indian Country without any to a Number 1 Lawfull Authority [] and there inveigle and no doubt Impose on the Indians [deltriment of the fair Trader, More particularly at Redstone [Creek where] a Number of Lawless persons have lately forced a Settle[ment and opened] a Trade at one half the Rates agreed upon by the Com[missary of] Indian Affairs and the chiefs of the Indian Tribes at this [post] Your Petitioners are informed by a Credi-] are solely under the Directions ble Author that [of Col^o. Crisip who makes [] Inviting Indians to different parts of the Country and [] them, Inviting and encouraging them to Trade with [] people, it is very well known that the Murder of Delaware Chief was intirely owing to the [same Col^o. Crisip —

[Your] Petitioners fearing a total Stagnation of Trade [con]sequences may Attend such practises pray that [] with his Excellency — the Honourable [Major General] Gage and the Honourable Sir William [Johnson] stop to such practises for the future [and your Petitioners as in duty] bound will ever pray &C^a for Baynton Wharton & Morgan

John Campbell

INDORSED: The Petition of the Indian Traders of Pittsburg to George Croghan Esq^r the 18th Dec[

EDWARD COLE TO GEORGE CROGHAN

A. L. S.¹

Fort Chartres Decr. 19th 1767

1

DEAR SIR

Yours of the 18th of Oct^r I received [a few] days past. You Doubt not I was Surpris^d: [at] my accounts being refused, for not being properly Certified, had your letters or Sir Williams Instructions, been as full as this above, they never would have wanted these formallitys but haveing answered all these points fully in former letters to you and Sir William, Shall refer you to them, if ever they get to hand [they] have been twice up as far as the [Cherokee] Fort², a man falling Sick the first [time, &] Indians fireing on them the Second [obliged] them to return, tho' I hope they will [now goe] Safe as the faithfull Silver heels takes [them under] his charge — I hope you will [now find my] Accounts, Sufficiently certified if they [are not please] to Send me the necessary formes [that they may] be wright for the future.

The Smiths you [hope behave well and do] their duty, how far they [would do the Latter if they had] Tools I can be no

¹ Burned portions supplied from the copy printed in Collections of the Illinois State Historical Library, 16:147–48, ed. C. W. Alvord and C. E. Carter.

² Fort Massac, on the Ohio river below the mouth of the Cherokee (Tennessee) river.

Judge at [present, it is but] Little they can do without [belloweses, none have] they nor none can I get, I did [obtain liberty for them] to work Some time in the Fort, but [that was put] a Stop too, being but one bellowes, [it was] wanted for Garrison use. Mr [Phyn brought] two pair with him, have applyed [to Coll^o Reed] for one, he says they are so bad [they cannot be] mended in this Country, and [Wither their own] will Ever be Sent I cant Say, as [they tell me] they were at Fort Pitt when [they left it] and that if they'd had a Batt[aux, they could] have brought them to the [Mesissipi, and] I could have easily Sent [for them.]

You wish Some Stop [could be put to] French traders going [out into the Indian] Country, So do I with [all my hart but unless] the Posts are Established [I mentioned in my former letters,] the mouth of the River [Illinois,] the cherokee Fort & Post Vinsent [it never] can be prevented, that being done [and all] peltrys obliged to be bonded for an [English] post, and a duty or prohibiton Laid on all French [goods,] landed on this Side would in a great measure through the Trade into our hands, make our Influence much greater with the Indians, and the monys arising from the dutys of the peltry, and French goods, would go far towards paying the Expence of the Country, besides a much Larger consumption for British manufacturies.— But these are Considerations [for the] Great, not, for a triffing Comm^y [Subject] to the orders of every *Rank*.

[I] dare say You will be able in your [Voyage to] Detroit to find out the Belts [I mentioned] pasing among the Indians, and prevent [any thing being] attempted in the Spring.

I am Sorry [the House you mentioned] was obliged to Stop pay [ment, but as they did it with] So much reputation, [it can be no prejudice] to their Trade or Carrecters, [but reather Give] them more weight than [ever, you may] Depend that whatever is in [my power to] render them Service, I shall [not be backward] So long as I remain here, and [wither ever] I shall get away God knowns, [for notwithstan^g] the repeated Letters I have wrote [for liberty] to go down and Settle my affairs, [or leave] to resigne, can get no [answer to them] neither from you or Sir William.

I am Extreemly obliged [to you for the kind] offers you make me of ren[dering me Service.] believe I shall soon be [obliged, to Accept] them, if I cant get [liberty to down soon] pray Sir Interest your[self for me in this affair] and let me once more [Smell Salt water if for] ever so Short a time, [I am D^r Sir Your most ob^t Ser^t]

[EDW^D COLE]

FROM THE EARL OF SHELBURNE

L. *S*.¹

Whitehall Decber. 19th. 1767.

(Nº.5)

Sir,

Your Letters N^o. 4 and 5, with the State of the Trade, Politicks & Proceedings of the Indians in the Northern District, have been duly received and laid before The King; And I have great Pleasure in conveying to you His Majesty's entire Approbation of the zeal and Attention with which you persevere in the Discharge of your Duty.

The Completion of a Boundary Line between the several Provinces and the Indian Hunting Grounds, being a Matter so essential for the Preservation of Peace and Harmony with those People; I was in hopes to have sent you by this Conveyance positive Instructions for effecting this necessary Work without Loss of Time. But as so many different Interests are concerned in this Affair, The Lords Comm¹⁵. of Trade have been obliged to postpone their Report for a few Days in order that such a final Determination may be taken upon it as will be liable to no future

¹ In Public Record Office, C. O. 5.225. p. 27, London, England,

Objection. — You may therefore expect by the first Packet such Instructions on this Head as will enable you to set about it very early in the Spring; and in the mean time you will do well to convey the proper Intelligence to the different Tribes of Indians concerned, that they may be ready to co-operate with you in bringing it to a Conclusion.

I am &c^a.

Shelburne.

Sir Will^M. Johnson

LORD SHELBURNE TO THOMAS GAGE

Extract

Dated, Whitehall 19th December 1767

"I was in hopes to have been able to have communicated to you by this Packet His Majesty's intentions relative to the running of the Boundary Line between the several Provinces which have not yet compleated it, and the Indian Hunting Grounds, This being a Work so essential for the preservation of peace with those [people] But as several different interests [which re]quire to be well weighed, are [concerned] in this Matter, it has been 1 to delay the final determination found [] for a few days; In the mean [time I have] ſ] of this, and written to Sir William Johnson [1 tribes of Indians for the com [ing directing [] early in the Spring [] he shall recieve Instructi [ons for the] purpose by the next Pack [et.]

FROM THOMAS GAGE

In the Johnson Calendar, p. 381, is listed a letter of December 20th from General Thomas Gage, New York, stating substance of his letters to Governors Penn and Fauquiere regarding encroachments on Indian land and of Governor Penn's reply. (Printed in *Doc. Hist. N. Y.* 2:892; Q, 2:517-18.)

FROM JOHN FRENCH

A. L. S.

Fort George New York Decr. 21st 1767 -

Colonel Vaughan on his departure from hence left a power of Attorney with me to sue out a Patent for the Lands he purchased on the Mohawk River, and to do whatever else might be necessary; in consequence of which, I apply'd to Mr Colden who assured me that he would take the necessary steps for obtaining a return of the Survey as soon as possible, A tedious Illness has prevented my making any inquiry about this matter 'till very lately, when to my] great surprize I found that nothing] I have had much uneasiness on this had been done [1 good Friend Mr Vaughan would account [] from me ever Assistance in my power naturally [] suspect me of a want of Attention to his İ. Affairs from this delay, [] me that if the dis-] the patents of Livingston & Van tance on the River [Horne can be ob]tain'd and a line run West from the [Colden & Van Horn to the Patent of R[udolph] Stally, or otherwise if a Survey of the River [be] made from the mouth of Inchannanado¹ R[iver to] the North East corner of Rudolph Stally [] the corners of Livingston & Hekemyer's Patent [] would be sufficient to enable him to make] Return. I take the liberty Sir to send you] inclosed a Sketch of that part of the Country] shall be infinitely obliged to you if you] pleased to give directions to the Surveyor w] the lines mentioned by Mr Colden if] Winter, and I shall be very ready 1 extraordinary rate on Account of the [1

¹ Nowadaga creek, in the town of Danube, N. Y., W. M. Beauchamp, Aboriginal Place Names of New York, p. 93.

] year, Your attending such Bussiness at this [Influence on this oc[] the highest obligation and I have [] be with the greatest Respect — Sir Your most obedient and very humble Servant, **JOHN FRENCH** INDORSED: New York [1 M^r. French [1 a Map FROM JOHN JOHNSTON A. L. S. [December 22, 1767] [1 Gratitude humbly Acknowledges ſ] which I have Received from [Your hands –] present Oblidges me Still to Implore]sented Aid & if in Your Your power Your ĺ ſ 1] By Report that the Smith who Sir [1 ted at Misshanamokana is Discharged from Service if Your honour should & judge it Good [] readely Embrace the taken his place —

[]ld make it my Study to Oblidge the Indians to [the ut]most of my power: which prehaps might [] Redound to my Credit —

I am Oblidg^d at present to Disclouse [pr]esent Necessity and know no other person [] do it to but Sir william as I am at present [] distress for about fifteen pounds haveing to [] a presshing unreason-

1 Submissairly Beging if that able Un Considerate [it was Convenient [] help me at this time and as Soon as possable [] it my Study and Endeavour to] our Condecending kindness and par-I Iming to Incroach on Your wonted Linety don [] from him who will and Ever Shall [Sincear in any Enterprize or under [taking] our shall Dure so] Devot^d. and hum^{le} Serv^t long as Life [JOHN JOHNSTON ſ

1 Bartt.

TO DANIEL BURTON

$Df.^1$

Iohnson hall Decr. 23^d. 1767 —

Sir/

Altho' I Wrote You Since the receipt of your favor of February last, Yet the inportance of the Subject and my own ardent desire for promoting the interests of Religion in this Country are Sufficient inducements for my Saving Something more at this time.

On my Sons return from England I found that he had not been so happy as to procure a Missionary for this place, but he informed me that ve. Society were endeavouring to procure one fit for the purpose, since Which the Clergy of New York have recommended the Rev^d. M^r Seabury of Westchester as a Very proper person, to which I have agreed provided your enquirys concerning one have not hitherto met with Success, & that Mr. Seabury who has a family finds the allowance made by the Society with the Addition I have proposed Adequate to his Subsistence, wch I hope he may from the Extraordinary good Character I have of him — About the same time I received Letters

¹ In Library of Congress, Washington, D. C. In handwriting of Guy Johnson.

& a pamphlet in favor of an Episcopate in America, the reasonableness of which on the footing proposed must appear evident to all Denominations, and therefore can require Little Strength from me — It is much desired by Numbers of the Most respectable persons in the Colonies who are Members of the Church of England & the difficulty we now Experience in procuring Clergymen for Missionarys &c here evidently shews the Want of such an Establishment, the present Necessity for receiving Ordination in England preventing many Young Men (otherwise well Qualified) from taking Orders, which alone would be a powerfull Argument in favr. of an Episcopate without enlarging on the many other Advantages to be derived from it, its necessity towards the Well Government of the Church, & the Influence it must have towards promoting true Religion amongst the Natives-from a Just Expectation of which I have in a Late Letter requested Dr. Auchmuty to Signify my Intentions of Granting for ever toward the Support of an Episcopate 20,000 Acres of Choice Lands out of a Grant for which I am now sollicitting his Majesty (as the first Indn. Tract I ever applied for) in case I succeed according to my hopes, the Indⁿ. purchase of the Whole of which Tract (about 100,000 Acres) cost me already upwards of £2000 tho' intended as a Present by the Indians.- I formerly offered my Interest to Obtain a Tract from the Ind^s. towards the Support of Missionaries, which I shall be ready at any time to do with his Majestys Approbation, and I doubt not to Succeed in such Manner as to procure a handsome Grant for Religious purposes. -

'The Present State of the Church of England particularly hereabouts must give concern to all Sincere professors of that Communion, and I fear it has in some degree Suffered thro' want of knowledge of this interior part of the Country, the North. & North West parts of the Province of New York comprehend an Extensive Tract of Country which in general in point of Soil Yields to None on the Continent & is much Superior on that head as well as from the Salubrity of the Air to the Neighbouring

Parts.— It Commands two Important Communications the one by a River & Lakes from Albany Northward to Montreal, the other Westward by the Mohock River to the 5 Great Lakes & the Interior Most Valuable part of the Indian Country which River is already settled in Length above 100 Miles West of Albany With These Advantages there can be no Doubt of its becoming within a few Years a very Thick Settled & Valuable Country, & it is as Obvious that all its Inhabitants, from the little Religion now amongst them would shortly become Members of the National Church (as many of them now are) as well as that the Gospel would soon be spread by means of this Communication amongst the sev¹. Indian Nations to which this is the General Rout if Missionarys are timely appointed of that Church which it is the Interest & in my Opinion the duty of the Nation to Countenance & promote by every Opportunity, at present there are Good Churches of Stone erected at Albany, Schenectady, My Village of *Johnstown*, and that of the *Mohocks*, for one of them Mr Brown was appointed, & is Still continued in the Society's Ann¹. Publication, but from sev¹. disagreements &ca will not be able to Succeed in this Country - the City of Albany & Town of Schenectady each require a Resident Clergyman, & the latter the Church of England Men of which have erected a Good Church at their own Expence have been promised a Missionary. — The Church which I have erected at Johnstown I have already pointed out the Necessity of as well with regard to Indians as Whites & I hope that will be soon Settled, & that the Society will agree to a SchoolMaster there in which case, one shall be procured. The Church at the Mohocks has always been a Mission, but being united to Albany from whence it is distant 40 Miles, & where the Missionary generally resided, the Ind^s. could receive little Improvement, at present, they have none at all, & the whole Nation has of late repeatedly complained to me therein, and lamented that they are so far Neglected- This Nation tho' at present Weak in Number, is the first of the Confederacy in Rank, & as it is called by them,

the Door to the Six Nations, so is it the only Certain channell by which we can convey Instruction-with any Success, to the Rest, & from them to the powerfull Nat^s, of the Lakes &ca, add to this that the Mohocks, & their Neighbours the Oneidas, have been both instructed & initiated into the Christⁿ Religion, and all the former, as well as many of the latter were bred in the principles of the Chh of England of which they are very Tenacious. What a fine prospect is therefore opened to us thro' these people, & What a pity it is to suffer them to be longer Neglected! The Establishment of a Good Missionary & proper Catechist & School Master amongst them is therefore deserving Imediate attention, but unless such are Residents. their Appointm^t will be to Small purpose, & to render them at all Convenient the late Dr. Barclays house & farm is highly requisite. The Mohocks insist that they were Assured when they gave the Grant that it should ever be applied to that purpose, however Mr. Barclay by Obtaining a Patent for it Secured it to his family, & it is now Let to a Farmer at £10 7 Ann. (Rents bearing no proportion to the Purchase of Lands here) But his heirs from a Sense of the Intentions of the Indian Donors will Sell the House which is of Stone, 2 Storys in height with a Very Good farm of Clear Land adjoining thereto for £500 N York currency, altho' the real Value as such Lands are sold here would be £1000. Thus for £290 Ster. the Society could become vested of a Valuable Settlement for that Important Mission, which with a Moderate Sallary would render a Missionary easy in his circumstances, & make it worth acceptance of a Man of Merit & Character ----

I am persuaded that I need not farther to enlarge upon, or recommend these Important Objects, having the Satisfaction to See the Zeal of the Society directed to them. But from the deplorable Wants of both Whites & Indians, the Amazing Prospect which the Proposed Establishments afford us, as well as some other circumstances which renders this the most Critical period I ardently wish to see them put into immediate Execution — As you will lay this Letter before the Society I have only to Express my sincere regard for them & assurances of endeavouring all in my power to become a Usefull a Member for promoting their Important, & Worthy designs & requesting the honor of their thoughts, or directions on these Subjects I remain with perfect Esteem Sir &ca

D^R BURTON

INDORSED: Decr. 23^d 1767

To Dr Burton Sec^y. to the Society &ca concern^g Missions —

TO SAMUEL JOHNSON

$Df.^1$

Johnson hall December 23^d. 1767

Sir/

Since my last of the 1st of this Ins^t. I was favored with yours of the 2^d. of November inclosing Doctor Gales Letter to whose Ingenuity, Abilities, & Character I could not refuse the Satisfaction he requires concerning the plant which D^r. Haller considers as Efficacious in the Cure of the Venereal disorder, touching which I must acknowledge the Truth of D^r Gales information having been communicated by me tho' without any View to my Names being Mentioned as I Since found it was —

M^r Kalm an Injinious Botanist from Sweden, on a tour thro' this Country for obtaining Usefull Subjects in the Way of his Study in the Year² applied to me for advice & Countenance to Enable him to prosecute his design, which he readily obtained with a Protection & Escorts of Indians that enabled him to go as far as the Great falls of Niagara, this deemed a bold Under-

¹ In Library of Congress, Washington, D. C. In handwriting of Guy Johnson.

² Peter Kalm visited Johnson in 1749 and again in the following year.



REV. DR SAMUEL JOHNSON

taking, in a Conversation with this Gentleman on his return concerning the Many Medicinal plants, which are Used with Great Success by the Indians, I took occasion to mention that which is the subject of this Letter, & Gratified his enquirys about it with an Exact description of the plant & an acct of its Extraordinary Effects by which means I Understand it Came to the Knowledge of D^r Haller how far that Eminent Physician has been enabled to describe it I cant tell I shall therefore readily give D^r Gale all the Information I can, as well as procure him the plant when the Season permits, heartily wishing it may thro' his Means be introduced & found beneficial to the publick in the Cases he describes.

This plant as near as I can at present recollect has very white Fibrous Roots & Grows in the Stalk to about 2 feet in heighth bearing a flower the Cup of which is in the form of a bell, and of a fine Blue Colour, it Grows only in Cold Swampy Grounds, and is to be found in Many parts of this Country particularly on one part of my Estate, from whence I furnished Mr. Kalm with the Specimen, The Indians use it both as a Decoction & Lotion they boil the Root, the Juice of which they Drink washing the parts Likewise with the Liquid, they also use it with great Success in Disorders of the Bowells, but in very Stubborn Venereal Cases they add to it another Root, which with the former I shall fully describe in the Manner required & also procure this for Dr Gale as soon as possible in the Spring, for at present we have Two feet of Snow hereabouts, so that it cannot be had.— and this must at present apologize, for the imperfect description I have given of it .---

There are Many Simples in this Country which are I believe unknown to the Learned, Notwithstanding the Surprizing Success with which they are administred by the Indians, this induces me to wish that Gentlemen of the Faculty had an Opportunity of Examining them and ascertaining their Effects. As I don't doubt obtain^g any Discoveries of that Nature from the Indians, I shall readily communicate them to D^r Gale, who may make what use he pleases of my Informations, altho' I very much doubt my ability for such descriptions as require some knowledge of a Science with which I am unacquainted — Please to Comunicate this, With My Compliments to that Gent. & be Assured that I am with much Esteem Sir

&ca

D^R. Sam^l. Johnson

INDORSED: Decr. 23^d. 1767

To D^r. Sam¹ Johnson with an Accot of an Indⁿ. Plant for D^r. Gale of Killingworth.

LORDS OF TRADE TO EARL OF SHELBURNE

In the Johnson Calendar, p. 381–82, is listed a copy of a leiter of December 23d from the lords of trade, at Whitehall, to the Earl of Shelburne, considering evidences of Indian discontent, proceedings preliminary to running a boundary line, the course of this line as described by the Indians and the advantages of its establishment, advising that orders be sent to Sir William Johnson to settle this boundary and that in the survey no opportunity be created for encroachments in the Cherokee country. Signed, Clare, Soames Jenyns, Ed. Eliot, Wm. Fitzherbert and Thomas Robinson. (Inclosed in Shelburne's letter of January 8, 1768, to Johnson.) (Printed in *Doc. rel. to Col. Hist. N. Y.* 7:1004–5.)

TO THOMAS GAGE

In the Johnson Calendar, p. 382, is listed a letter of December 24th to General Gage on the grounds and extent of Indian resentment, the Kayadarosseras patent, the inapplicability of the common law to the redress of Indian grievances, the crime of the Saguinam Indians, complaints of the Delawares, the coming of the Cherokee deputies and increase of salaries. (Printed in Doc. Hist. N. Y. 2:893-95; Q. 2:518-19.)

FROM ABRAHAM MORTIER

A. L. S.

New York 24th Decr 1767

According] to Your desire by your Letter to me] I take the Oppurtunity of conveying I] Thousand Pounds New York Curr^y [with the several Bills, I have paid of [paying M^r Adams the Ballance due [] 11th Septr. last) amots to $\pounds 182:12:6$ stg as \Re enclos]'d the Warrant & Receipts, & have given I] Credit for the Amount being $\pounds 3633:10.1\frac{1}{2}$] on me for the whole or any part [1 best Suits You, will always meet [1 Please to be] Sight, as I then have Notice so good to draw [ten derd for payment, when I am of them [] pay them on being tendred for [I L] long without News from England [1 was brought] to bed even with the September Mail. [l truly Wish you many three days ago, with a [] great Regard happy [Your most Obedient and most Humble Servant AB^M. MORTIER] by Sir William Johnson Baronet on M^r. [1 Warrant of 11 Sepr. 1767. Sterling 1 of 20 Oct^d in fav^r of John Farrel for ł 124..4.81/2£212:14.6 [currency] 1 10 Nov^r in favor of John Muffat for 72..8.5 £124.3.Cy] 21 D°. In favor of Dan¹ Claus for £50 Cy 29..3.4 Ł 1 26 D°. In favor of John Wetherhead ł 2

£340:12 C ^y	198.	13.	8
[] D°. In favor of John Farrel			
for £ 300 C ^y	175.	_	
[] Philip Schuyler of Albany £1000 C	Cy 583.	. 6.	8

£1182..16..91/2

TO THOMAS GAGE

In the Johnson Calendar, p. 382, is listed a letter of December 26th to General Gage on the arrival of Lieutenant Roberts, sent as a prisoner from Michilimackic, the commandant's interference with trade, the advisability of Robert's return to his post in the spring and propriety of indemnifying him for the expenses of his journey. (Printed in *Doc. Hist.* N. Y. 2:895-96; Q. 2:519-20.)

FROM A C. CUYLER

A. L. S. [Albany, Decr. 28, 1767] 1] [] Liberty to recommend Mr Low I ſ] you in what ever you please 1] was Asked to joyn Some Gentⁿ [] to Sign a Petition Directed to you beging ſ 1 Mr Rogers Bills pay'd and also were 1 those Bills intended to git the Same] were Advised by our friends not to joyn] for fear of geting your Displeasure if Offer'd 1 therefore must take the Liberty to ask your Advise] Affair; we are Convinced of your good will] respects, & we return you our humble] have already done; your Directions []d by us---] are near finish'd & Shall be Sent] few days-I remain with respect Į Your most Obediant Humble Servt. A C CUYLER

FROM HENRY CUYLER

A. L. S. Green bush 28th. Dec^r. 1767

[My brother] in law M^r. Isaac Low informs [me that] he has ask'd the favour of transacting [your] business in N. York, a lm^t, would be proper to have a which as it often is of [security for the [per]formance, if therefore you should think to] send him your Commands, I shall (with I lyou) be sponsible for the execution. ſ ſ Vanl Schaak has sent me a bill of [drlawn on you by M^r. Benj: Roberts [in favor of Je] hu Hay endorsed to me, should] acceptance but have not had an opp^y L] that I may negociate itſ] Season, and am with Beg leave to wish you [the g [reatest]

> Sir Your most Obe[dient Servant] HENRY [CUYLER]

To Sir W^M. Johnson B^t

ADDRESSED:

To

Sir William Johnson Bar^t Johnson Hall

FROM JOHN DUNCAN

A. L. S.

Schenectady Decr. 28th. 1767

Sir

In Opening the Mail from York, a letter [] you happend to be fast to it, by Which the [seal] is Broke, I inclose the Seal of the Mail to [you to] Shew how it came, I hope to have the [pleas] ure of waiting on you in a few days, in [the] Mean time wish You the full Enjoym^t. of [all the] pleasures the Season Affords, And Am

> Dear Sir Your Most Obed¹. Humble Serv¹.]ws John Duncan¹] one] Sir W™. Johnson

> > FROM THOMAS SHIPBOY

L. *S*.

[Albany, Decr. 28, 1767]

[] you have your Acco^t with [me] York Cur^{cy}, & if Conveniant [would be] Oblig'd to you to send it \mathfrak{P} bearer [M^r. DeLa]ncey, as I have a Large sum to pay [Next Week] and Cannot Raise Cash to answer it, [Your com]pliance with this, shall be ever Acknow[ledged] Dear sir your Sincair Friend &

to

Most obed^t. Hb^e serv^t

THOS SHIPBOY

ADDRESSED:

[Sir Will]iam Johnson

at

Johnson's Hall

₽ favr of
 Mr De Lancey

THOMAS SHIPBOY TO GUY JOHNSON

L. *S*.

Albany [Dec^r. 28, 1767]

[] you have your Acco^t with me [] York Cur^{cy}. & if Conviniant, would [be ob]lig'd to you,

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¹ Postmaster at Schenectady.

to send it 🖗 bearer M^r De [Lancey, as I] have a Large sum to Pay Next Week [and Cannot] Raise Cash Suffisient to Discharge [it. Your Co]mpliance with this will Greatly [] I wish you the Compliments of the [] Season & am Dear sir your

Sincair Friend & most Obd¹ Hb^e servt THO. SHIPBOY ADDRESSED: To Cap¹. Guye Johnson at Fort Johnson P fav^r of M^r De Lancey

FROM JOHN STEVENSON

A. L. S. [Albany, Dec^r. 28, 1767]

[] 23^d. Ultimo I Rec^d. M^r. Cartwrights [] have according to your desire taken [the liberty to] draw on you in his fav^r. for the Amou^t. [] sent you being £47..9..6 in honouring [which] you will greatly oblidge me I am for [James] Stevenson

> Sir Your Most Obed^t. & Humble Serv^t. JOHN STEVENSON

FROM DANIEL CAMPBELL

A. L. S.

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[Schenectady, Dec^r. 29, 1767]

] M^r. Cartwright 6 Strong Buck Skins dressd in] is best as you wanted them for the Use of your] I am verry Sorry I Could not do my Self the

[] last Monday — at the Prossesion — I had a [] day — which prevented my going up [I have nothing] further to add at present — than that I [] Sir With Great Respect Your most Obed^t & Verry humble Servant DANIEL CAMPBELL

[SIR WILLIAM JOHN] SON Baronet

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FROM JOHN WETHERHEAD

A. L. S.¹

[New York, December 29, 1767]

] l] this will Sufficiently [ſ] the Whole by this Opputunitey [1 be but Shall be able to Send [] be wanted — I have not time [] that I am with the greatest Truth & [Sir Your most Hble & Obed Servant JOHN WETHERHEAD ADDRESSED: Honble Sir William [Johnson] **Johnson** Hall Barrells Pork to the Care of M^r John Van Eps

FROM GEORGE CROGHAN D. S.²

the aforesaid George Croghan] amount] of Four Thousand] as is in his power to make out,

¹ "About pork sent and to be sent," Johnson Calendar, p. 382.

² "Account of sundry losses and expenses from 1757 to 1767," Johnson Calendar, p. 383. Undated.

w]aging War against his Britannick [Majesty] seizing and distroying the Effects of the] in their Country Thirteenth day of May GEO: CROGHAN

INDORSED:

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] Acco^t

to M^r Trent

JOHNSON'S FIELD OFFICERS

In the Johnson Calendar, p. 383, is entered an undated document which was destroyed by fire: names of the field officers of Colonel (Sir William) Johnson's regiment, on the back, some business memoranda. It apparently belongs to 1767.

MAP OF MILITIA DISTRICT

In the Johnson Calendar, p. 383, is listed a map, mutilated and nearly effaced, of the country between the Mohawk river and the Normans kill, showing the number of men which it would furnish to the militia. (Probably 1767.)

FROM THE KAYADEROSSERAS PROPRIETORS¹

[1767]

Sir/

We had lately a meeting of the principal part of the Kayadorosseres Proprietors, when Mr. Beekman communicated to them the Conference he lately had with you upon the Subject of an Accommodation with the Indians, as to the Disputes subsisting between them and us, with Regard to the Boundaries of that Patent.

This matter having occasioned frequent Complaints on the part of the Indians; and the Proprietors being disposed to satisfy them by a reasonable and moderate cession of some part of what they nevertheless look upon to be their undoubted Right, desired M^r. Beekman to treat with you upon the Subject. And

¹ In the New York Public Library, New York City.

being at the same time persuaded that you could not but be disposed, considering your office, to further any measures that might tend to an amicable accommodation of any Dispute between the Indian nations and the Crown Patentees, they had some Reason to expect your Interposition for bringing about this Settlement: And as you was kind enough to tell M^r. Beekman that nothing on your Part should be wanting to that End: We, who are a Committee for the Proprietors, beg Leave to signify, that the Proprietors confide in that Declaration and have desired us to trouble you with these Proposals —

In what is now offered we would not be understood to act under the Influence of any apprehension. That our Title, or the Boundaries of the Patent can be doubtful, when that, and the Indian Deeds we have are compared together— And we cannot but think it extremely clear That our Western Station upon Schenectady River is fixed with the greatest Precision, at about five miles above Abeels Patent: yet notwithstanding this as the Proprietors are desirous that the uneasiness of the Indians should be removed, They rather incline to give up part of their Right, that they may enjoy the Rest in peace —

If therefore the Indians who make this Claim, will by a proper instrument in writing to be devised on both Sides quit all future Pretence of Right or Claim to the Lands comprehended within this Patent, the Proprietors consent to Release to them or for their use all that part of the Land which lies to the Westward of a Line from Tuictenondo Kill¹ to the northwestermost head of Kaydorosseres Kill, beginning opposite to that part of the Kill at forty Chains to the Westward of the West Bank of Tuictenondo Kill and if that Creek tends in any Part to the Westward of that Line then to leave to Kayaderoseres all that part of the Creek and the Lands West of such Part of the Creek within forty Chains from the West Bank thereof.

As we are assured You must wish to see this Controversey with the Indians happily terminated; We beg that you would

¹ North Chuctenunda, in Fulton and Montgomery counties.

iay this Proposal before them, and if it appears to be reasonable, we rely upon your Endeavours to make it effectual, to the final and lasting Settlement of this Dispute— We would beg the favour of your answer as soon as may be convenient.

In order that the Indians may be convinced that the Proprietors intend to carry this Proposal into Execution, we inclose a Copy of the Vote taken at their meeting, which appears to be unanimous as to all that were present.

We are Your humb: Serv^{ts}.

INDORSED: Copy of letter to S^r. W^m Johnson

ALEXANDER MCKEE TO GEORGE CROGHAN

A. L. S.¹

[I] very sorry to find by your favour that you have [been] Indisposed. and should be very glad if you could come up: If not I must request the favour of you [to] settle matters, that I am go down; with the return of the first convoy. If there is to be any Accomodation with the Indians I dare say the Delawares, most of them will be fond of it as a great many of them were much against the War.

I have Acquainted M^{rs}. R-t-n with what you [desired] She is well & desire to be remembered to you be so good as write my father first oppertunity [] him know I am well. M^r. Hutchins presints his [co]mpliments.

> I am D^r Sir Your very Humble Servant ALEXANDER MCKEE

[]AN Esq^r. ADDRESSED: To George Croghan Esq^r.

at

Fort Bedford

¹Not dated; probably earlier than 1768.

AN ONEIDA AGREEMENT

$D.^1$

[1767] 2] I in America [l last made a purchase for [] the Oneida Indians of a 1] Land which in the Indian deed] is thus described to wit Beginning [for [East Side of Segaghquitna³ at about thr [ee mi]les distance from the South Side of the Mohawks River and running from thence due South twenty English Miles then [1 South Eighty degrees East twenty Miles [] or less to the patented] the Bounds of the Several patents Lands thence [] the Line of a Tract commonly called Cosby and [Manor to Segaghquitna aforesaid thence along the said Creek to the place of Beginning including all Vacancies Containing by Estimation about one hundred and fifty Thousand [, | ²] I 1 Know Ye that We do by [1 for and in behalf of the said Oneida Indians that the said Mistake may be rectified in the Survey and pa[tent of] said Tract] as and for the first of Land And that a South [] Tract shall in that part be the Course of the [] the said Tract as if the same had be expressed in the said Deed In Witness [] have hereunto 1 day of set our hands & Seals [in the Year of our [1 Seven hundred and Sixty Seven⁴ Sealed signed & delivered in presence of ---

⁴ Not otherwise dated.

¹ In the Johnson Calendar, p. 382, this paper is thus described: "consent by the Oneida Indians to the rectification of the boundary specified in the Indian deed of a tract south of the Mohawks River conveyed to Governor Henry Moore. (Not dated or signed.)"

² Several lines missing.

³ Sauquoit creek in Oneida county.

PLAN OF ROBERT ROGERS

D.

1] ſ some triffling [1 for] Come to Necessaries [Market the [1 the Chain or] Declaration of path of [] Amiacable intentheir peacable Disp osition] Request to the tions towards us and [] into their Respective Commandant is that Trade rs Countrys that their Wiv [es and] Children, old men Friends] Supply^d. with such things as having & Country [been long [accus] tomed to the Use off --- they Cannot Com-| Patiently Subsist with out --fortably [But I forbear any one of the Least Sensib 1 Mav Imagin somthing of the pain & Chagr[rin] that a Commandant must feel when he find [s him] self obblidged to Answer that he Cannot permit Traders to Come Nearer to them then this Garrison and if they want Goods they Must Come hither for them and what must be the Consternation the Uneasiness the Displeasure, and Resentment of the tribes & Nations when their Chiefs Return with this UnExpected Malencholy but Possitive Answer [who] Can Answer for the Measures they may Take in th[ose] Circumstances and will not a Neighbouring Amb [1 1] l inroads] and Encroachments I trouble] to his Britanic Majesties [

already] have done it and are doing it Daily] before —

[[[1767]

¹ Several lines missing.

[] will add no more upon this Head the Point [] clear & obvious that it Needs not be Enlarg^d or insisted

> I Shall Conclude the Whole I have to Say with the following Queries, in the Speedy Judicious & wise Decision of which I think the British Interest Materially Concearned (Viz).

- Querie 1. is it the Interest of Great Brittain to Keep the Teretories and Possessions in North America ceeded to her by the last treaty or to Give up or Neglect a Part of them and Suffer a Neighbouring Nation to becom Possess^d of any Fortified in the Same
- Querie 2^d is it the Interest of Great Britain to secure and if Possible increase her trade of Furr & peltery with the Savages or to Suffer that Branch of trade to be Curtail^d or to Dwindle and fall into the hands of her Enemies
- Querie 3^d is not the Largest Chanel of the Furr & Peltery Trade in North America so Circumstanced & Situated that the Security and increase of it Greatly Depends upon the Due Regulation & wise Managment of Indian Affairs at the Post of Michillimackinac

[ſ 15] I] trade in these [Michillimackinac [1] Execuof any Other that [tive officers for [] from time to time and th[Querie 6 Would it not Contribute to [1 Not only to Keep the post of Michillimackinac] with a Sutable Number of Brave Men I 1 but to Send into and Station in this

¹ Query 4 burned away.

Country [] of Light Troops who might March upon any [] to its out post, to be Employ^d in Exploring the [awing the Savages & Making fresh Discoveries

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Querie 7 Since it is in fact true, and Can be Supp[orted by] a Multitude of Witnesses the French at Michill-[imackinac] St. Josephs the Green Bay St. Maries and] this Country where they are Lurking other [and w[alking up] & down are an indolent Sloathfull Sett of V[agabonds] ill disposd to the English and having great influen [ce] over the Savages are Continually Exiting their [] lealousies and stiring up their Hatred and Revenge against us, Ought they not then fo] as Speedyly as Possible to be Removed out of the Country for the Better Security of British Subjects and British Trade ---

> 1 Number of Indians to Michilli [mackinac] by them to Prevent their trading] since they already have sendling out traders to Post on Lake] & Michigan and into the Country of the 1 which Acts are Menifest Encroachments

upon the teretories & trade of Great Britain ---

Ought not the Government to pay a Serious and Speedy Attention to these Encroachments and Enter upon Some Effectual Measures to Prevent them —

if the Above Queries be answered in the affirmative as they Certainly Must the following Plans Seem Absolutly Necessary to Gain the Great and Valuable Ends hinted at and proposed by them (Viz)

Which is Humbly submitted to the better Judgment of his Majesty and the Government of Great Britain who at all times have Consulted the Interest of his

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¹ Several lines missing.

Majesties Subjects but more Especially at this Glorious Period of the British Annals (Viz)

That Michillimackinac and its Dependencies Should be Erected into a Civil Goverment ---

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Injurious and [] Country by
openi [ng] to enter & encroach
upon [] the friendship of many
Savages [] Enmity rage & Brutal
Revenge [] his Majesties Subjects
in this part of [] known that the Revenge
of a Savage is not [] or Justice but falls at
Random upon the [] with any ways related
to or Connected with [] whom he has Received
a Real or Suppos ^d In[jury]	

It should also be Considered that the Sum [1 Thousand Pound is not the whole loss that Great [Britain] must suffer by Such a Restriction for what Ever [1 British Manufacturies or puts a stop to those Employ[ed] by which British Subjects Decently Subsist & in [crease] their substance may be Justly Estimated a Pub[lic] or National Loss, now according to the above Estimate such a restriction of trade will Annually hinder [the] Sale of Forty Five Thousand Pounds 1 in Quebec of Goods chiefly of British worth [Man[ufacture] and as it must Hinder the Sale of them then] will also hinder the importing them from Í London to Quebec & from thence to Michillimackinac an 1 that proportion Effect our Shipping or Naval in[] 1 and in America it must Immedially turn out [1] 1 ſ] that by such Employments [

gre]atly increase their substance cons]equently add to the Riches of the Nation] So that upon the whole the Clear Profits of

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¹ Several lines missing.

[] lost by such a restriction of trade ought not to be Estimated more than one half of the real loss it must be to the Nation —

It should be observed the Profits of this trade does not Come to British subjects in Cash but what is much better in Furr & peltry all which are to be manufactured and turned perhaps to ten times their original Value before they Come to the Highest Market —

I Cannot but think what has Been said is abundantly sufficient to Convince Every one that it is greatly for the interest of Great Britain not to Restrict the Indian Trade to the Post of Michillimackinac but to Extend it open & Free with all reasonable Encouragement to the Several Out Posts that have heretofore been looked upon Dependent upon it, and that have for Many Years since been Annually supply^d from it and Even to Extend it further if Possible into the Interiour Country to tribes & Nations of Savages at Present unknown —

It will here only subjoin that same National Advantages May arrise and those not []

Governor and one who 1 is Pritty Obvious from what has [] Governor many on] at a Great Distance from the Many Occasions [Case Since my arrival at this [Garrison] I Repeated Belts & Messages to Visit the Indians [on their Vilages and has been absolutly oblidged [1 at which times one may be oblidged to leave [] to one no ways Known to Indian Affairs which [] Absolutly Necessary to have a Second well Exper[ienced] as well with the Manners of the Indians so Like [wise with] the Nature of the Trade of this Country, one [1 friend to Civil | Expence to Power and to trade who need be [the Goverment then Having the Sec] of Ranger with a Moderate Allowance for C[1 in the

¹ Several lines missing.

Governors Absence ----

If to this plan it should be Objected that the [] of Small Garrisons and Post to the Westward under the [] of Regular troops would answer all the purposes of the [] it is plain they Cannot from many Obvious Reasons [] Regular Troops who must be Often Changed Can Nev[er] [²]

] one for their [

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] Experience in these things and who [

] by and Make it the Business of their [

These Small Garrisons being weak and at a Great Distance one from another and under the Command of Inferiour Officers are liable to be Surprized or taken by force at all times by the Savages Numb¹⁵. of Whom are allways Dispos^d. to Commit such Depredations as a Savage Heroism or for Plunder as happen^d in the Last Indian War 1763 —

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¹ Several lines missing.

the S[] him to Visit the Indians at a Distance | Quarrils and Wars among the Savages w [hich] Disadvantageous to the publick & to trade] to Remove incroachments of the french & Spanish [] other Grievancies that May Occur at the Out Post Its] Teretories — For the futur preventing of which a] the intentions of the French & Spaniards of [1 the Indians between Lake Superiour an Lake [] and the River Mississippi to Trade with them [1 their Villiges or Settle their Habitation on the [1 the Said Rivir which they Actually are Attempting a [t this] time by Sending Belts] to that purpose with & Messages amongst the [large presents to induce [1 1]] and many other Dangers [ſ] being of trade of this Distance [slituated part of his Majesties Dominions] absolutely Necessary that a Body [I] or Rangers well Disciplined be fix [1 district under the Command of the Gover[nor] three or More Companies as Shall Seem [lry, with power to Detach them to any Post [In it May be Needful or to Station a part of [the]m on those Parts of the Frontiers most Exposd to the Encroachments Mentioned above, at Proper Seasons of the Year Such as the Mouth of the Ouis[cons]ing where it Joyns the Mississippi where the Said Encroachments are Notorious or other Such Places That the Governor & his Counsel Should Report in all Civil

Matters or in Affairs Rilating to the Indians to the King & Counsel and that a fixed Sum should be allowed annually for Presents to the Indians to Keep them peacable and well Dispos^d. towards his Majesties Just & Mild Government Such as shall be though Reasonable & Adequate for a Post to which More then

¹ Several lines missing.

one third of the Indians on the Continent Resort besides many Other Nations to the Westward as far Even as the Pacific Ocean that [1 1] Nine Keggs of [] One Kegg of Flints [ten Kegs of British [] four Casses of Iron w [ire? 1 Two Cases of Guns Two Bales of Brass Kettles Two Cases of looking Glasses & Combs &c. Five Bales of Manufacturd Carrot Tobacco Twelve Baggs of Shot & Ball One Box of Silver work & wampum Which Goods at the lowest Value at Ouebec Amount to £450 Sterling P Canoe prime Cost £4500[0 of 100 Canoes 1 To Which I may also add the Price of the Canoes together with the Wages of Upwards of an 1000 Men which are Annually employ'd in this trade beween spring and Harvest to Navigate Sd Canoes £95.10 for Each Canoe 955[0 1 Wages of Clerks or Commins Employ'd in Said trade Computed at about 3888 1 Carried Over 58438 1 1 I 1 with the I the] Said Goods from] side to] from Albany about 1740...0...-[in order to be

¹ Several lines missing.

Provisions such as Beef Pork

Biscuit & Peas &c

about

720..0..-

Prime Cost & Total Expence of 100 Canoes to 60898..00..-Michillimackinac So Shall the Total amount of the Merchandize with the outfitt and Expences arrises to Sixty Thousand Eight Hundred & Ninety Eight Pounds in Case the trade be Open & free to the Different out Posts & these Regulated properly by the Commandant or Governor of Michillimackinac So that the whole may by equally Divided, as in the time of the French which I have not Reason to think is Exaggerated — On the Other Hand if trade is to be Confind. to this fort Only and the Traders not allow^d. to go beyound it ten Canoes will be sufficient which without Making any Differance in the Prime Cost of Goods & Ex-£ 6089..16..0 pences Will Amount to 1] ſ Annually [] the prime Cost of those Goods [] & transporting] Ouantity that it them from thence [will take [provided the trade be free] and Open to said posts In the next place the number of [1 of Goods that will be sufficient to supply the post of M [ichillimackinac] provided the Trade is confined to that & no Traders suff[ered to] make sale of their Goods at the out Posts ----List of Posts and the Canoes Necessary to Supply [1 Canoes in Lake Huron Saguenaum Bay I 1 Machidash & River au Sable ſ 1 In Lake Michigan La Grand River and a few small Posts depending] Saint Josephs & its Dependencies ſ] Milwatee Ī 1

¹ Several lines missing.

La Bay & its Dependencies In Lake Superiour on the South Side	3[[]
Saint Maries]]
La Point Chagouamigan including Saint Ance Lafo		-
du Lac la River Serpent & Petit Ouinehpeek	8[
	68[
Carried Over		
[1]
[large] Canoes		
[which is] Equal to		4
[] On the Interiour parts of the coun	try	
1 to the West & N West of Lake Su	periour	
[] Six small Canoes equal to		3
[] Small D ^o Equal to		1
River du Beuf and la River Onipique		
three Small Canoes Equal to		11/2
Fort La[] Five Small D ^o . Equal to		$2\frac{1}{2}$
La Biche three Small D ^o . Equal to		11/2
Fort Dauphin three Small Dº. Equal to		11/2
Dupais five Small D ^o . Equal to		21/2
Laprari five small D°. Equal to		21/2
To the Sioux		2
if the foregoing Posts are all		
Supply ^d . Agreable to the above plan I am		
Well Informed that no more than About		
Six Canoes would be Annually Consumed		
at Michillimackinac		6
		~ ~

Large Canoes

One Hundred Canoes will not be more than Sufficient for the Annual Consumption if this Trade be Extended under Proper Regulations to the Out posts the load for one of Which when

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¹ Several lines missing.

made up in Montreal into Bales of about Ninety Pounds French Weight for the Convenience of Carying them Round the falls & passed on the Awawa¹ or North River [] the Rout to Michillimackinac is as follows —

²] is chiefly with [| Recourse there who [] Supply^d. From thence with [1 as to those Indians] South Westerly Banks who live at [of Lake [Erie] or Regulations to the] Such a Number of Pack Contrary [Horses w[ill] that way from Philadelphia to Detfroit] Goods as will be Sufficient to Supply [] reasonably Suppose but that the Trader will [] Submit to Such a Constraint as he is Saved 1 his bonds given to the Commissary at Fort Pitt from [] a Prospect of making a quick and Advantagious Return for his Goods, the Very same is the Case at Mamee where Pontiac has taken up his Residence [1 two Winters Past he certainly will make no scrup[le of] stoping such a Number of Canoes passing between Detroit and the Illinois as are sufficient to supply his] Band — This being the case [tri]vial Injury or Inconveniency can arrise to [1 the Savage or the State by Restricting Indian [trade] to Detroit

And to Avoid Repetitions upon this Subject [] much the Same holds true of fort Pitt and the Posts at the Illinois the Savages Depended upon those posts for supplys of Goods are Either so near to them that they Can Easily Repare thither —

] supply them [

Phi]ledelphia to Pittsburg, from Pittburg] from both those posts to the Illinois or from

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² Several lines missing.

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¹ Ottowa.

1 Fort Chartres, a trade is also Carryed on from] Boats down the Ohio by which Many Savages] Supplyd &c —

It need not surely be Repeated that the Case [of] Michillimackinack is Very Differant, this is the l or Frontier British Post in America, it is or ought to be a Barrier to all that may Come Westerly North Westerly or South Westerly to the Pacifick Ocean it is or ought to be a Beacon from which a most Extensive and as yet unknown Territory is watched & obeserved

it is or ought to be a Store House fraught with all Manner of Necessaries for the Constant Supply of almost innumerable Bands tribes & Nations of Savages Savages Remov^d. from it five six & Eight Hundred and Some a Thousand Leagues who Cannot Annually Nor Ever in their lives Visit it as a Market, they Must Loose one Years Hunt to Make A sale of another they Must leave their famelies Distress^d & Starving, their Country & Substance Naked and Exposd. to Enemies and perhaps perish themselves with Hunger and want on their way, Savages long accustom^d to have traders Annually with supplies in their Respective Countries [1]

1 Absolutely Necessary [Subsisting with any Comfort [l or accident they must often [] if Traders are not among them or Near [1 the Loosing or Breaking a Hatchet or two | Lay a whole famely under Great inconvenience [month together, the Spoiling of a small [Quantity l the break ing a Spring of a gunlock &c may be [] of Destroying a whole seasons Hunt and of D[istressing] and Sterving a Numerous famely; whence tis Ea[sy to] infer that Confining trade to the Post of Michillimackinac will greatly Diminish our trade Even with those Savages that will still Depend upon it for their

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¹ Several lines missing.

Supplys [for the] Savage Can trade only in Proportion to his indust[ery] and success in Hunting, nor is it difficult to Coll[ect] bad Tendencies, Such a Confinment of trade must [] by Exasperating and procuring the ill will of th[ose] Savages who have been accustomed (and their Fathers before them) Annually to Expect Traders with Supplys of such Articles as they wanted their Hunting Grounds or winter Quarters will not the Necessitous distressed and hungry Savage conclude that this hurt & ruin [] [1]

] be added that it is utterly [

] many of those Savages who are within the] that would be dependant on Michillimackinac

] trade Confind. to that only) to Carry their [furs & pelltry there first many of them have not & [Conveyencies Secondly Many Others must Leave their wives & Children to Starve & Perish in their absence and lastly the Situation and Circumstances of Some Nations and tribes are Such that were they obblidged to Carry to the Single Market of Michillimackinac the Produce of their Years hunt or any part of it, they must leave their wifes & Children not only in a distress^d Starving Condition but Liable Every day & Hour to becom slaves and their Whole Country & substance be left a Prey to Neighbouring Savages, the Differant Nations and tribes are now often at war with Each other and it is Very Certain these Animossities would increase Greatly when they Come to have different Connexions, Seperate Channels of trade and as it were Opposite interests, I Cannot but think what has been Said is Sufficient to Convince any one that the above Estimate of the Odds between Confining the trade to the Post of Michillimackinac only and Extending it free and open to the out posts at present Dependent upon it, Neither pertial nor improbable and that Such a [1] Annually []

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¹ Several lines missing.

Six and Eight hundred [] West Nor West and Sou West [1 Say what Valuable Discoveries [1 this Means, and at any rate the [] Other Europian Nation from [] Considerable footing in th[1 Might be Detrimental to us, it would [] of British Subjects acquainted with the River [| Plains and passes of the Country in a Good [] who would serve for Guides & Conductors in Case of [] Emergincy it would give us an Oppertunity of [] in some good Measure the Temper & Resolution [1 the Savages with regard to us] it would be as was hinted before from time to time [a probable means of [Concilliating and Attaching great Numbers of [savages] to the British interest who upon any Occasion [would] prove our steadfast friends & Faithfull Allies —

Now the Case with regard to the other [] Posts Below is Very Differant and no One Reason off[ers] for Extending the trade to the Out Posts Can with any Strength or Propriety be urged for Either of them.

To begin With Oswego There is no Savages Dependant upon that Post for a Supply of Necessaries or whose Furr & Peltry Comes to that Market but What at almost any Season may Easily Repair [']

[] and be supply^d, with what [ever they have occasi]on for, and indeed the trade with the [] Oswego is now Very inconsiderable and if

] three or Four Branches it would not be worth

] while to Go after either of them, so that no ill

[] can follow from a Restriction of trade [to] that Post, nor is the Case of Niagara widly Differant From that of Oswego the trade with the indians indeed is larger, but there are no Savages who are Originally Supply^d. from that Post or

¹ Several lines missing.

that Make it their Usual Market, but what may Repare to it at all seasons of the year in a Very short time and Return again to their Hunting Grounds or places of Residence, or in Case of any Emergency may send a Band of their Young men or Warriours and be Quickly supply^d, with WhatEver they have Occasion for. Indeed there is no out Post beloning to Niagara So Considerable that any Trader would Chuse Regularly to attend and supply it were he permited or desired to do it as therefore No great Disadvantage to the trader or inconvenience to the Savages if any at all. Can arise from a Restriction of trade to this Post. there Can I think be no Solid objection why such Restrictions Should not take Place there—And as to Detroit the Case Differs very little from that [1 1] I Shillings of [] loose Annually about [] Hundred Pounds] intirly fall on the ſ part of his Majesties Subjects [in the Province] of Quebec Perticularly within the District [1 of Montreal who Chiefly depend on this Branch of Commerce for their Support -1 seem Pertial to Some. This Estimate perhaps [but as I am Confident it is verv [1 the truth So I am Perswaided it will be approv^d. of by [such] as are tolerable Acquainted with the Situation of [1 Michillimackinac with regard to the out Post above Mentioned and to the Several Nations Tribes & I 1 Indians trading to them — In the first Place it Should be [1 that if the trade be confined to Michillimackinac few if any Indians from the west [1 1] ſ

] Spaniards will, who [

-] of the Sioux and at [
-] Michigan so that we shall wholly [lose the

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¹ Several lines missing.

trade of (?)] Thirty Thousand Indians which we [] it be Extended to the out Posts and there Properly [] would be of the utmost Moment, but it is not all, we [should] also loose their Friendship and their Attachment to the French & Spaniards would becom Stronger so that we Should have them For our most dangerous & Implaccable Enemies.—

Secondly we not only wholly loose the trade of such Numbers of Savages by a Confinement of trade to Michillimackinac but those Nations Tribes & Bands that will continue to Supply themselves from that Post will not trade near so largely, perhaps Not More then two thirds of the Value Annually that they would do were Traders allow'd to Visit & supply them at their Hunting Ground or Winter Quarters —

The reason of this is plain the presence of the Traders With a Supply of Such Articles as the Savage wants, Excites and encourages him to Greater industery & assiduity in Hunting it Annimates men Women & Children to Exert themselves to the utmost for the procuring of what they Can upon the spot immediatly Barter For Such things as will be Usefull or Ornemental to them —

INDORSED: Plan for a New Governm^t. by M^r. R—¹ Anno 1767 —

FROM TOBIAS SHADDICK

L.

We are in [great]
We Indians have always [] among us —
The great M[en] been wanting to purchase
our [] distantly & underhanded
with [] being careless & easy & not

¹ In the Canadian Archives, Vol. IX, p. 459–71, Ottawa, Can., is a collection of papers and letters relative to Rogers' conduct and designs at Michilimackinac.

looking [1 have brought ourselves into] an Opinion we always this difficulty [1 of our Nation to act retaind that it was in [according to their own Laws & [and not to be govern'd & dictated by other Nations, especially [| in electing our King or Sachem & dethroning him if [1 for — It always has been a Custom among [to crown our Sachem, upon Conditon of his strictly adhear l to the good of the Nation & advice of his Friends-[1 bv breaking any of the Laws or Customs of the Nation he forfeits his Sachemship — In former times Sachems have been deposited on their breaking the Laws & Customs of the Indians - And we think we have gone according to the Laws & Customs of our Nation in dethroning this our Sachem; and have always accepted the Laws & Customs of our Nation as good & wholsome ---Those that endeavor to git our Lands from us say, it is not in the Power of the Nation to dethrone the Sachem- As it was in the Power of the Nation to put him in; we think it is in the Power of the same to turn him out - We have always had Enemies who begun about 60 years ago, as Your Honour may see by the Copy of the Grant inclos'd — [lted anv] or any thing of that nations [Counsel] of the Nation; till this [] wise — Those Gentlemen] begun to plot about who [] and then 60 years ago: did [no & then a great Man [lent, whose Design is to git from us [] & they think, now they have almost accomplish'd [] end, in gitting the Advantage of us by this present Sachem ---

This is only to inform his Honour, how craftily they have work, [] endeavouring to rob us poor Indians of our Land —

As the Rev^d M^r Graves, has been our great Friend, [] in many Instances appear'd studious for the good of the Indians — I have always put great Confidence in him and to lose such a Friend is a very great loss — the Indians have been dec^d. so often, that they grow jelious — when M^r. Graves petioned Home for a School to be set up among us it was granted — And M^r Graves perhaps not understanding that M^r Cross was an Enemy to us, appointed him to have the Care & Inspection of it. But as M^r Cross has prov^d. himself an Enemy to the Indians they wou'd be glad to have nothing to do with him — Since M^r Graves appointed him, s^d Cross has bought of the Sachem the best Spot of fishing ground they have — and so we think it is best to have to do w^h him as little as possible.

We should have been glad to have rec^d M^r Cross as Over-Sier, if we cou'd have done it w^h Safety to ourselves, & the rather because we were unwilling to Affront or disobliege M^r Graves — It is not from any Prejudice against M^r Graves or Slight of the Favour Your Honour shew'd us relating to that Affair that [

will consider with [1 It is J[write to vour Hon^r. as often I for I that we shou'd not trouble you [] Letters - But] us to inform — His the Extravigant [Creditors have seized all [] and he says, as he is] the Indians — cheif of the ruined, he intends to [ruin? Land, that the Indians [] in Possession of are upon sale — I suppose Your [Honour] has rec^d a Letter sent some time ago — And I [see] no Method, that will be so effectuall,] for If your Honour will please to conas sending [sider us, and give us advice in this critical Juncture, we shall be greatly obblig'd to Your Honr-for we depend upon, and act nothing of importance without the Consent & Advice of Your Honour

From your very humble Servent

TOBIAS SHADDICK

1

P. S. The Bearer Thomas Koyse can inform His Honour the State of the Indians —

ADDRESSED: To His Excellency Sr. William Johnson att Johnson Hall Pr. Thomas Coyhu

INDORSED:

Narraganset Papers 1767¹

FROM JOHN WATTS

[1767]

[I have] taken great pains to get the Scretary of State and board [of trade to settle] the Natural boundary that Sir W^m Johnson could settle [] the Indians but as yet can get nothing done Every one here is [] out of Humour with the Americans

I shall Breafast with my L^d Shelborne on Thursday morning in order to talk over this affair of the Indian Boundary and press that orders may be given to Sir W^m Johnson about it and at the same time get the Grant for his land made out, which I have alredy laboured more to get done, then any thing of my own for a long time

My L^d President² is seldom well enough to attend Committees and when he is the Ministers cannot Without which he does not choose to pass it. But I hope soon to succeed. They do not seem much to see the Necessity of agreeing to this boundary or the advantage of it, Notwithstanding Sir W^m has wrote so much to the Scretary of state and board of trade on this Subject and I have so often Sollicited it

¹ In later hand.

² Lord Chatham.

This Paragraph is in consequence of my writing to Mr Penn¹ on these heads I have also wrote in the most pressing terms to Coll Barre² on the subject and requested he would [show] my letter to My L^d Shelbourn, and tell him he would much indear himself to the Americans if he would to his former favors add] serving us in a matter so nearly concerned the peace and welfare of his Majestys subjects in this part of the world. I should not have Itak len the freedom with my L^d but had no W small marks [of] his favor when I was in England INDORSED: Paragraph of a Letter from the Honble Mr. Penn Proprietor of Pensilvania. transmitted by Mr. Watts. ---AN ACCOUNT FOR POSTAGE, TEA ETC. D^{3} 22 Postage of 2 letters......75 ſ 20 D^s of Sundry Letters at different times 1 ſ July 5 9 hogs w^t 669..... [5..] Dec^r. lan^y 28 Sundries & bill parcells.....v. 7..17 27.3 p. Ribbon....v. 2...5-Feby March 221 Cw^t Shot.....v.. 2...3-1/2 Cwt Gun powder.....v.. 7..-.-14 English Ells Checks. .3/5....v. 2..7.10 1767 3 11¹/₂th Deer leather.....10s v.. 5..15 Jany

68.9 .43/4

¹ Thomas Penn, in England.

² Lieutenant Colonel Isaac Barre, adjutant general under Wolfe in 1759, member of parliament from 1761 to 1790.

³ This fragment is calendared under 1767.

			63.17.6 63.13.9
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INDORSED: for	Col Stores		

INDORSED: for Col. Stores personal

TO JOHN PENN

In the Johnson Calendar, p. 383, is a letter of January 2d, 1768, to Governor J. Penn, concerning legislation by Pennsylvania in behalf of Indian rights, the proposed boundary and a small gratuity ordered for the widow of Jacob. Destroyed by fire.

FROM NORMAND MACLEOD

A. L. S.¹

[Niagara, January 3, 1768]

which in fact is [escape going to jail. He told [] we scarcely believed him when [1 came here with him is the Bearer [Batoe men who were cast 1 to give him 3 Dollars and [I] entirely on your Bounty, I [1 if he Brought the [13 strings of Wampom] he passes through that [Mrs.] Mac Its and then give them to you [Leod sends you her kindest [1 1 I [NORMAND] MAC LEOD

FROM THOMAS GAGE

A. L. S^2

New York January 4th. 1768.

DEAR SIR,

I herewith inclose you a letter with an Account, and some other papers annexed, Which I have lately received from Montreal, they relate to a Sum said to be due to a Merchant of that place, for some fusils belonging to him, that were taken out of a Store at Oswego, by order of Colonel Bradstreet; These papers

¹ "Captain Normand MacLeod about the mysterious behavior of Mr Magra, jealousy between the Senecas and the Messesagas, the consequences of hostilities, Mr Chabiere, the interpreter and smith, the Indian desire for gunpowder, the birth of a daughter, and the Indian who brings the letter."—Johnson Calendar, p. 383.

² In Harvard College Library, Cambridge, Mass.

have been referred to the Colonel; and I likewise inclose you his Certificate, and a letter I have recieved from him upon this Subject, from whence it wou'd appear that the fusils in question were actually taken out of the Store at Oswego for the use of the Indians, that they were the property of the people who claim payment for them, and that they have not as yet been paid for: I think therefore, as their being taken for the use of the Indians, brings this Account within Your Department, It will be as well for You to adjust this Matter, and pay the people a reasonable price for those Arms, I mention this, As the rates charged for them have been objected to by Col.º Bradstreet in a former letter from him to Me upon this Subject, and that indeed the charge seems high- What the Colonel observes in his letter concerning the date of their delivery, can only be a mistake on their part, As it makes no difference in the reality, or Reasonableness of their Demand, Whether it was in 1763, or 64, that the fusils were taken.

I am with great Regard,

Dear Sir, Your most Obedient Humble Servant. THO^s, GAGE

SIR WILLIAM JOHNSON Bart;---

INDORSED: New York Janry. th. 1768

Genr^l Gages letter wth Sundry Enclosures —

FROM JOHN WETHERHEAD

In the Johnson Calendar, p. 383, is a letter of January 4th from John Wetherhead, New York, about drafts received from Johnson, Major Rogers's conduct toward Mr Roberts, articles to be brought from England, bonds sent in care of Billy Benson and honey sent by Mrs Wetherhead. Destroyed by fire.

FROM THE EARL OF SHELBURNE

In the Johnson Calendar, p. 383, is a letter of January 5th from the Earl of Shelburne, Whitehall, signifying the King's pleasure that Johnson, in concert with the commander in chief and the governors concerned, establish a boundary between the several provinces and the Indian tribes. (Printed in *Doc. rel. to Col. Hist. N. Y.* 8:2.)

TO THOMAS BARTON

$Df.^1$

Johnson hall Jany 5th. 1768 -

DEAR SIR

I have been favored with yours of the 2^d. ult^o. and I am glad to find that my last removed those Apprehensions which I do assure you, you causelessly entertained for no failure of Correspondence on my part can be attributed to any other causes than the Nature of my Avocations and my having been far from home for sometime before I wrote my last Letter to you.

I am glad to hear of the progress of William of which you have sent me such good specimens, the nature of his Genius Which you have so Judiciously discovered seems best adapted to Arithmetick & such Studys as require more of Application than Abilities, & I doubt not he may become a good Usher, Transcriber & a through your kind attention to him — I am also well pleased that you have weaned him from those *Athletick Exercises* which I know he was fond of, and which in the present Age intitle the Champion to no other Prizes than such as you mention. —

You may recollect that I formerly proposed besides the Establishment at the Mohawks that Another might in a little time be formed in your Quarter, or nearer the Ohio, and I doubt not that in the Meantime a Small School at Lancaster might have its

¹ In Library of Congress, Washington, D. C. In handwriting of Guy Johnson.

advantages, and prove an Introduction thereto I can mention the Matter but whether it is worth your attention unless properly established I can't Say.—

I am pleased that you approve of my Letters to the Society.— The influence which a Clergyman at Johnstown must have on the Neighbouring Whites as well as Indians induced me to describe the Character I thought would best answer to promote the interests of our Religion, the Exterior Deportment of the Clergy in these parts has been such that the Least appear^{ce} of Levity in a Clergyman (tho' otherwise well Qualified) would infallibly ruin his credit with the Whites, whilst one of that Light which as the Witty Butler observes

The Nose of Saint, like Bagpipe Drone,"

Would never succeed to advantage amongst the Indians. In short the Man for this place should be of the Mean between the Two Characters Laborious in the discharge of his duty & Exemplary in his Life, Such a Man I dare believe M^r Murray to be from your good recommendation, But as I have the other day fully answered yours & D^r. Smiths Joint Letter in one to him which I requested he would communicate to you, I shall for Brevity sake referr you thereto for an Answer as you have doubtless received it Ere now.—

I thank you for the Extract you gave me from the Society Letter, which was the first I had heard of it, I have now wrote them pretty fully and it gives me infinite satisfaction to hear of such an Allowance as they propose with the late D^r Barclays House and Farm which are worth much more than the Heirs ask for them, will make a competent Establishment for that important purpose, and place that Mission upon a respectable footing to promote which I shall Chearfully contribute all my endeavors And as the Six Nations with their Numerous Allies the Western Indians, are the people whose consequence & conduct are most interesting to the Northern Colonies as well as the Mother Country, so I am of opinion that the Progress of Religion will

be best promoted by this Institution amongst the Mohocks, who are called the Door to the rest. thro whom the other Nations will receive instruction, and the more distant Tribes now Strangers to all Religion, will after their Example be in time allured to embrace Christianity.— all this we may reasonably hope for, and therefore the first Steps to such an important Acquisition for the Interests of Both Church, and state, are by no means to be Neglected. / I received Mr. Popham's Letter, from which & your recommendatⁿ of him I should be very glad to encourage him, as far as I could, but notwithstanding the advantages which might in time be derived from such Manufactorys, I fear he cannot expect much Success here for altho' this Country settles fast yet the people are now and will be for many years in such Circumstances as will prevent them from giving much encouragement thereto and from the Expence of setting up & carrying them on here the people find European Goods much Cheaper, than any that can be made in the Country, excepting their own Coarse Manufactures neither is it by any means convenient for me to go to the Expence that may be necessary for setting it on foot.-

I received the Sample of M^r. Simons Work, and should be glad to give him encouragemt. If I had occasion for Articles in his way. Capt Johnson thanks you heartily for the concern you Express for his late misfortune, and desires to be kindly remembered to you.

Be assured, Sir, of the Satisfaction It will give me to see you again here, whenever it will Suit your conveniency, and of the Esteem with which I always am

Sir,

&ca

The Rev^d. M^{R} . Barton

INDORSED: Jany 5th 1768

To the Rev^d. M^r. Barton

TO THOMAS GAGE

 $Df.^1$

[Johnson Hall, January 5, 1768]

²]

tedious & Expensive]] a Letter from Gov^r. Penn] of your Letter as mentioned] and of his intentions to] preventing these Intrusions] Government, and I hope] the same Steps, tho' I have sulccess because I apprehend numbler of these Intruders that there 1 who if they would not] to discountenance them at] which they cannot be] me that they are] these the most] in y^e. like Manner 1

TO FRANCIS FAUQUIER ETC.

In the Johnson Calendar, p. 384, are listed the following papers, which were destroyed by fire: a letter of January 6th from John Arbo, Bethlehem, secretary to the Moravians, concerning the labors and missions of the Brethren, the Christian Indian settlement at Wiealusing and the Greenland history by David Cranz, of which a copy is transmitted to Johnson (printed in *Doc. Hist. N. Y.* 4:374–75; Q, 4:236–37); a list dated the 7th of names of persons for filling the vacancies in the 2d battalion

¹ "Regarding expenses of the Cherokee deputies' journey and of their meeting with the Six Nations, Gov. Penn's intention to prevent intrusions on Indian lands and the like duty of Gov. Fauquiere."—Johnson Calendar, p. 383.

² Several lines missing.

(printed in 3d Rep't State Historian, p. 885); a letter of the 8th from R. Cartwright, Albany, regarding articles sent in care of Lieutenant Pfister, pork to be furnished by Mr Campbell of Schonectady, cattle expected from New England and a report that Sir John will be set up for a seat in the Assembly; promising the support of the Cuylers, Hansens and others to Sir William's candidate; one of the 8th to Sir H. Moore, considering the deficiency of the tract north of the Mohawk, Lord Holland's disappointment, the difficulty of bringing the Oneidas to a further concession, Mr French's letter concerning Colonel Vaughan's land and improvements in the militia; and one of the 8th to Lieutenant Governor Fauquiere on Colonel Cressap's interference with Indian matters, propriety of referring Indians to Johnson for redress of grievances, causes of Indian discontent, the settlements about Redstone creek, the promised action of Governor Penn and the necessity of checking encroachments on Indian lands.

TO JOHN GLEN ESQ^R.

D. S.¹

Johnson Hall 8 Day Jany 1768

This is to Certify that the Bearers Peter Hare Hendrick Vosburgh and John Wemp has been Twenty two days each employed by Me in His Majesties Service as Battoe Men when I went to Meet the Indians at Oneida Lake last September

W Johnson

Johnson Hall 8 Day Jan^y. 1768

To JOHN GLEN Esq^r. In Schenectady

Recieved Albany November 9^h 1768 from Colo: Bradstreet the Sum of thirteen pounds four Shillings In full for the within certificate

F^r. me Corn^s. Wendell

£.13..4

Nº. 8

¹ In the New York Historical Society, New York City.

Nov:9 1768 £ 13-4

INDORSED: ¹ Sir W^m. Johnson — Celebrated in American Colonial History Indian Agent of his Brittanic Majesty — Vide Stone's "Life of Brandt."

INDORSED: ¹ Sir William Johnson Celebrated in American Colonial History for his influence upon the natif Indians. Indian Agent of H.M. the King George of Great Britain.

TO RICHARD PETERS

 $Df.^2$

Johnson hall, Jany 8th 1768.

DEAR SIR

By Last post I was favored with your Letter of the 14th ult^o. and I beg you will not think of any Neglect of Correspondence, as I cannot but readily excuse you for the reasons you assign, and from my prepossessions in your favor.

I am Glad to find that you parted with the Indians on such good terms notwithstanding the Mercenary disposition of some of them who have been corrupted by persons amongst us that were ignorant how to deal with them. But it gives me concern to find that they refused to Continue the Line³ so far as was desired, altho' I can easily account for it at this time from the universal discontent prevailing amongst them, the Injuries they have met with on the frontiers, the Intrusions upon their Lands, and the Jealousy they entertain (which our own conduct, and the Artifices of French still amongst them tend to confirm) of

¹ Later indorsement.

² In American Antiquarian Society, Worcester, Mass.; in handwriting of Guy Johnson. The letter signed is in the Historical Society of Pennsylvania, Philadelphia, Pa. It has suffered some injury.

³ The boundary between Pennsylvania and Maryland.

our intending to push into their Country, and deprive them of their Liberties, but I have great reason to think that the good treatment these Deputys met with from you, will tend to your settling these points in a more agreeable manner hereafter when a more favorable opportunity may offer.

The Indian Chief¹ with whom you had the conversation Suppressed part of what he might have informed you. The Discontent being much more general than he represented, Nay, more than I ever met with, previous to a Rupture, in which I fear it must end, for their Grievances are so many; and they have been so long put off with promises of Redress, and Establishments in their favor, that they no longer rely on us, and their Suspicions are increased inasmuch as our power by the possession of Canada is become more alarming to them. So that we have now Enemys waiting an opportunity of falling upon us much more numerous than formerly - people who before knew us only by name.- A Great part of this we owe to Interested French Incendiaries and as much to our own Slights since the Reduction of the French Territory, and the avidity manifested by all Ranks of people for pushing into their Country, at all Events this, they were told would be the forerunner of a Gen¹ plan to destroy or Enslave them, to which their natural Jealousy gave easy belief, Whereas had we enjoyed these Advantages with Moderation, and avoided all insults, & schemes against their propertys which but confirm their Apprehensions We should within a very few Years have overcome their doubts. and being once possessed of their Good opinion might have advanced our Settlements, Trade, and all other our Interests without any risque or disappointment.

The Delawares too have not, nor will they pretend to have the Least right to the Lands you mention in the presence of the Six Nations, but Indians when they disapprove of any step, are apt to place the objection on some of their neighbours.— Those

¹ "Onondaga Indian" in the letter of the Pennsylvania Historical Society.

Virginians &c who have intruded whether under these fallacious pretences, or not, will — doubtless on a Rupture fall a Sacrifice to their temerity & Disobedience of Government, but Justice to the Indians & humanity to these people requires some imediate Steps to be taken for removing these, and preventing those Evils with which their and such like Conduct now threatens the whole Frontier, & the Indian Trade, of which these persons seem either ignorant or insensible, and therefore I hope the Gov^T. &c will take the necessary steps with that dispatch which the case appears to require, and I cannot think it may be better done than by a Law of the Nature which you describe particularly by Strengthening the Civil & Military powers, without which I fear it will not be effectual —

It affords me particular Satisfaction to find that the Governor, and the Gentlemen Commissioners are satisfied with my Endeavors hitherto for the interests of Pensilvania And they may be always assured of every consistent Exertion of my Influencc for its advantage on any future occasion.

I am Extremely sensible of the polite & friendly manner in which you have communicated their sentiments, and I persuade myself you will be assured of the Sincerity and real Esteem with which I am always

Dear Sir

&c

The REV^D.

Peters.

FROM WILLIAM SMITH

A. L. S.¹

Philada. 8th. Jany 1768

Hon^d. And worthy Sir/

I am favored this Day with your kind Letter of Dec^r. 18th and shall communicate it to M^r Barton.

M^r. Murray, whose Residence is at Reading, happened to be this Day in Town, & M^r Croghan says he is just setting off to:

¹ In Library of Congress, Washington, D. C.

New York; so that I can only write a few Lines, to thank You for all your Condescension in Answering our Letter, and all your Zeal for the Church, which stands in Need of such Friends as you.

I observe you say Nothing of the Mission to be opened on your own Estate, which was what M^r Murray had chiefly in View — The Mission & School among the Indians was not what he so much desired, & I wish M^r Seabury's Temper & Prudence may answer for it. For he will Need full as much of Both as he has ever yet exercised in his Life.

M^r Murray begs you will acquaint me what the exact Subscription would be at Schenectady if you think that the best Situation for him; or What it would be on your own Estate, if you prefer him to that; & whether any Substantial Men in Schenectady, if that should be the Place, would undertake to see the Subscription well paid. He knows that on your Estate, you will answer, for the Appointments to be made.

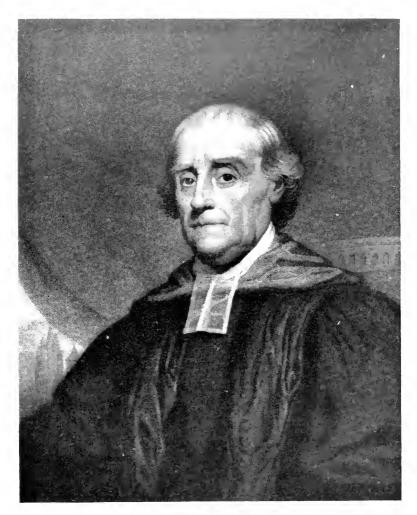
M^r Murray has wrote to the Society to acquaint them that this Matter is in Agitation. When I am favored with your next he can take his Determination, & humbly requests you would write to Schenectady as you kindly offered. I am, with the highest Esteem

Hon^d Sir

Your most obedient & obliged Humble Servt WM. SMITH

ADDRESSED: To The Hon^{ble}. Sir William Johnson Bar^t. Favor of Geo:Croghan Esq^r Johnson Hall

INDORSED: Philadelphia Janr^y. 8th. 1768 — The Revr^d. Doctor Smiths Letter rec^d. ₩ y^e. Express Feb^{ry}. 28th.



REV. DR WILLIAM SMITH

FROM HENRY MOORE

In the Johnson Calendar, p. 384, is listed under the date January 9th a letter from Sir Henry Moore, New York, on the proposed reorganization of the militia, the division of the province into two military districts, the one north of the Highlands to be under Johnson's command, the proposed partition of the tract north of the Hudson among Mr. Hasenclever, Mr Schuyler, General Gage, Johnson's friends, and Lord Holland, and proceeding relative to Schoharie tract. (Wrongly dated by Governor Moore, 1767.) Destroyed by fire.

FROM THOMAS BROWN

A. L. S.¹

Albany Jan 10th 1768

Sir /

The unhappy State of my present Circumstances cannot be altogether unknown to you, & the Justice & Tenderness due to a Family depending upon my Endeavours, call upon me to use every possible Means of extricating myself & them from Want.

And where shall I apply or what can I do to effect it? Malice & Cruelty have Jointly been made use of against me, & even now while I am making Application for your benevolent offices, perhaps my Enemies have been before me, & shut the Door to them.

I do not pretend to have been faultless, nor can I accuse myself with anything so criminal as ought to deprive me altogether of y^r Favour & Protection.

I removed every Objection but one against me at the Convocation of the Clergy when I was before them, which likewise has since been cleard up. The last was an Ill Office done me from a Quater very little expected. As to the Truth of what I assert, I appeal to the words of D^{rs} Auchmuty & Cooper to m^r Gamble.

¹ In Library of Congress, Washington, D. C.

If you will afford me for my Family's Sake y^r Countenance, My Life & future Conduct shall convince you, how much it will always be my Study to merit it; when it proves otherwise, let this stand as a Monument against me.

The Favours in y^r Power, that I would with the greatest Difference point out, are either a Recommendation to Gov^r Sharp of Maryland, who has promis'd me his Protection on y^r Recommendation, or an Appointment to the Care of the Mohawk Castle's.

I shall take up no more of y^r. Time than to assure You I shall ever remain

 $\mathbf{S}^{\mathbf{r}}$

Y^r grateful, humble and oblidged Servant T: Brown

To $S^{R} W^{M}$ Johnson

INDORSED: Alb^y. 10th Janr^y. 1768 Parson Browns letter

FROM GAVIN COCHRANE ETC.

In the Johnson Calendar, p. 384, under date of the 11th is listed a letter from Captain Gavin Cochrane, New York, on letters expected from England, Philadelphia opinion regarding Indian wrongs, proper action in South Carolina toward Indian interests, Lord Adam Gordon's people and the settling of 300 families on Indian lands at Redstone creek; with postscript of January 15; also, dated the 13th, extract from a message to the Governor from the Assembly of Pennsylvania, setting forth the advantages of the proposed boundary between white and red men and asking that the sentiments of the House may be communicated to General Gage and Sir William Johnson. Both destroyed by fire.

FROM SAMUEL AUCHMUTY

A. L. S.¹ New York Jan^{ry}. 13th 1768.

Sir

I am extremely obliged to you for your two last favors of the 2^{d} & 18^{th} Ult. They both came to hand but a few days ago. The satisfaction you express on reading Dr Chandlers peice gives me great pleasure. I think it is well calculated, and wish it may be read much at Home. It is impossible for the established Church to thrive in America, without a head. It is in fact at present in a State of persecution, unaided, unassisted even by those from whom it has a right to expect patronage & Countenance.

Your goodness in mentioning the necessity of an Episcopate to his Majesty's Ministers will, I flatter myself, give some weight to the requests of the Clergy on that head. Now I am upon this Subject, permit me Sir, to return you my sincere Thanks for your generous Offer towards the support of one, or more American Bishops. I shall execute the honor you have done me with faithfulness and dispatch; and do not doubt, but that his Grace of Canterbury, & his Lordship of London, to whom I shall Communicate your generous intention, will fall upon some method to render it effectual, for the laudable purpose you intend it.

In your favor of the 18th Ult you mention an application made by D^r Smith, & M^r Barton. The Gentleⁿ they mention is a Stranger to me. Upon inquiry however, I find, that tho' somewhat advanced in Years he has but lately been in Orders; and from the Name I conclude he must have been bred a Dissenter, and therefore can know but little of Church matters; and consequently, not so well qualified for your purpose as the Gentle-

¹ In Library of Congress, Washington, D. C.

man Dr Cooper and myself have taken the liberty to recommend. Since the receipt of your Letter, I have had a visit from Mr Seabury, and informed him of the Contents. He desires that I would present his best respects to you, and inform you, that he intends to pay you a visit in the Spring, provided the Society have not appointed another person for your place, which we shall know long before then. Dr Cooper & myself are still of the same mind, that he is every way, the best calculated of any Clergyman we know of, to set down on a new mission. I am very confident, that the Society will give a handsome Salary to a Missionary, at Johnstown; and will not expect that you should be at any further expence, except a small voluntary annual Subscription, if that be thought necessary. The Secretary in one of his last Letters Assures me, that the Society are very desirous of having your Church, Schenectady, & the Mohawks, supplied with Missionaries; and that they will not stick at any expence to do it, if proper persons for the purpose can be found: Nay, he goes further, and says, that if any of their Missionaries are willing to remove to any of the above mentioned places, they may, with my Consent; and they may assure themselves that if they do they will be handsomely provided for; I flatter myself therefore, that it will not be much longer before the Mohawks are provided for, especially as Mr Barton informs me, that the Society have actually agreed to purchase Dr Barclays House and farm for a Missionary, & School Master. This Step I have earnestly recomended to them, and therefore have some reason to think that his Information is true — But we can'ot be much longer in the Dark about these matters, as three packets, and several Merchantmen are dayly expected. I make no doubt but that upon their arrival, which is impatiently expected, I shall hear every particular from the Society on this and other Matters; which information, I shall do myself the honor to transmit to you by the first Opportunity.

M^r Brown is still on the list, thro' the carelessness of the Clerks. His dismission I have by me. What will become of the unfortunate Imprudent Man, I know not. Your observation about Residents is strictly just. It is impossible a Missionary can be of much service who resides only part of his time, with his Congregation. This fundamental error for the future must be avoided.

If the Society agree to purchase D^r Barclays house, would it not be eligible immediately to employ Riggs, as the Man bears a good Character, and let him take possession of it, till a Missionary is appointed? I am very sure if you think he can be usefully employed as a School Master, that the Society will approve of it, and give him a sufficient Salary. The Man seems well disposed, has not much Ambition, therefore I think it will be a pity to loose him. But this I must submit to your better judgment. If M^r Bartons information should not turn out true, I will then apply to M^{rs} Barclay, and see whether she will let me the House for the Societys use, as recommended by you.

Thus Sir, rather than delay answering your last favors, till some information arrives from Home, I have ventured to write these few hasty Scrawls, which you will be pleased to excuse as I have not at present any time to correct, or Copy. I will now detain you no longer; but beg that you will accept of the Compliments of the Season, and assure yourself that I have the honor to be with great respect and esteem,

Sir,

Your much Obliged and Most Obedient Servant SAMUEL AUCHMUTY

P. S.

You may depend upon my doing every thing in my power for Schenectady.

Sir William Johnson —

INDORSED: January 13th 1768. From D^r. Auchmuty.

FROM MATTHEW GRAVES

A. L. S.¹

New London Jany 14 1768

Sir

I most gratefully acknowledge your very signal Favor of y^e. 19th of last Sep^r., which shou'd have been sooner observ'd, had not a new, unprecedented Machination been devised against y^e poor Narraganset Indians by y^e. Assembly; w^{ch}. was in few words, to sell as much of their Lands, as wou'd clear their Sachem of all his Debts. It was mention'd--voted-executed. They apply'd to me, I sent y^m. to M^r. Robinson,² their Lawyer, who, as I told them about three years ago, is their real & worst Enemy. I never lik'd his dark Letters, told them to take care of him, & y^t. I wou'd having nothing to do with him, nor them if they were directed by him. In short he deluded them so much, y^t. they wrote very improper Letters to me, telling me they only desir'd me to preach.

However seeing y^e. Storm gathering they came & own'd their Error & desir'd my Advice: Go, said I, to M^r. Robinson, desire him to consider y^e. Grievances & draw up y^r. State of y^e. Case. They went, & he refus'd. They then acknow'd y^e. Equity of my Opinion & left themselves to my Direction.

Hearing y^e Collector of Newport, Squire Robinson commiserated their Misfortunes & spoke friendly to them, I wrote a Letter of thanks to him for his Humanity & desir'd his Interest in their behalf. He told me wou'd serve them. Permit me to transcribe his own Words — M^r. Johnston (a Lawyer in Newport) has upon my Recommendation undertaken y^e. Affair.

¹ In Library of Congress, Washington, D. C.

² Matthew Robinson.

When he has prepar'd a State of their Case, I will peruse it, & adopt it as near as I can to y^e. Temper & Genius of y^e. great, before whom it is to go. Having been for some time past pretty conversant with y^e. iniquitous Proceedings of this Governm^t. I shall not fail to expose to view their Oppression of this People. With this agreeable Letter y^e. Indians brought me one from their Lawyer stuft with Equivocations, Falsehoods & Lies, w^{ch}. I scorn'd to answer. I read it to them, gave them a charge not to go near their old Lawyer, to get y^e. State of y^e. Case, M^r. Robinson's Assistance, give a full Power to Tobias Shattock, who waited lately upon y^r. Hon^r. & as you advis'd to go home wth. y^e. Affair. He is now here going to New York, whence y^e. ship sails in three or four Weeks. I have recommended him to M^r. Ogilvie, to whom I have sent this Letter to be convey'd to Johnson-hall.

I need not tell you how very necessary a Letter from you will be in behalf of ye. distress'd Indians. & What seasonable Relief it will procure to their Case (to use yr. own Words) to mention ye. Case to his Majesty's Ministers, & recommend it to their Attention. I receiv'd a Letter lately from Mr. Occom. & begin to be jealous of him his Words are few & cool. Besides he has given ye. Petition, I drew up to ye. King & Council for ye Nahantic Tribe to General Lyman, a great Favorite to this Colony, therefore no Friend to ye. plunder'd Indians. I wrote a long, sharp Letter to Mr. Occum, & told him plainly, he seem'd to be more studious to get Money than to vindicate his People, & vt unless he gave better proofs of his Integrity to them, I wd. pray for him, but drop his Correspondence & our Intimacy. Besides he says ye. Bishops wou'd not ordain him, I believe ye. reverse, for ye. Secretary told me, he shou'd, if he sincerely desir'd it. But I wish I may be wrong, & Occum prove faithful. I hope you'll pardon my Prolixity arising from my conscientious Concern for his Majesty's Subjects, harrass'd, plunder'd & abus'd by a seditious, mutinous & iniquitous People. O for a King's Governor for Rhode Island & Connecticut, & a Bishop to

direct & support his Clergy! That y^{e.} Lord may bless & preserve his Majesty, direct his Hon^{le}. Council, restore & establish Peace, Unanimity & Love at home; & also bless you with sound Wisdom, Wealth & Health is y^e. hearty Prayer of

S^r.

Y^r. Hon^{rs}. most dutiful obedient & very hum^{le}. Serv^t

MATT. GRAVES

To ye. hon^{le}. S^R. WILL^M. JOHNSON &ca

INDORSED: New London 14 Janr^y. 1768 The Revr^d. M^r. Grave's Letter relative to Indian Greiviances —

TO BENJAMIN FRANKLIN ETC.

In the Johnson Calendar, p. 385-86, are listed the following paper which were destroyed by fire: a letter of January 14th from John Wetherhead, New York, mentioning the arrival of the packet and asking Sir William on his visit to York to make the writer's house his home: from Montreal, the 15th, memorial of merchants and citizens of the province of Quebec to Guy Carleton, lieutenant governor and commander in chief, drawing attention to their rights under the British constitution and the King's proclamation of 1763, asking that the sale of spirituous liquors to the Indians be restricted and declaring that officers, commanders and commissaries of posts should not be allowed to interfere with passports from his Majesty's governors; from Montreal, the 15th, orders and regulations respecting the Indian trade and duty of commissaries, issued by Sir William Johnson, with criticisms by traders and citizens; a letter of the 19th, Philadelphia, from the committee of correspondence of the House to Benjamin Franklin and Richard Jackson, agents for the province of Pennsylvania at the court of Great Britain (copy), acquainting with proceedings for stopping encroachments on Indian land and punishing the authors of the massacre of Indians at Conestogo and Lancaster, also with the opinion of the House that a boundary should be at once established between settlements and the native tribes (printed in Collections of Illinois State Historical Library, 16:156-58); one of the 22d to Peter Hasenclever, agreeing with the opinion that the country is not ripe for manufactures, discussing the division of the new land grant and inclosing an account of expenses in making the purchase; one of the 22d to Joseph Galloway, discussing measures of the Pennsylvania government for removing Indian discontent, Indian reprisals, difficulties of legal redress, wrongs committed by frontier inhabitants and the need of a fixed boundary; one of the 22d to General Gage about arms taken in 1764 for the use of the Indians, a congress with the confederacies, accounts brought by Mr Croghan, the bell at Niagara desired by the Hurons and unjust aspersions on Mr Hay; one of the 22d to J. French, secretary to Governor Moore, about the survey of Colonel Vaughan's lands, objection by the Conajoharee Indians to the dimensions of the tract and the license to practise law promised by the Governor to Hendrick Frey; one of the 22d to Sir H. Moore on the plan for the militia and his own appointment to a command. Mr Hasenclever's and Lord Holland's share in land to be divided, the Scohare tracts and Mr Ranslaer's caveat, the Michl Byrne tract at Scohare and John Brachan's triangle near Conaioharee: one of the 22d to Benjamin Kissam, repeating the answer of the Mohocks to the offer of the Kayadarosseras patentees and asking that a map to represent their patent be furnished; one of the 22d to Mr Gamble about delayed correspondence and cash remitted in Mr Croghan's care; a letter of the 24th from Hugh Wallace, New York, concerning Major Goreham's salary and bills, Captain Howard's account, a vessel from Dublin, English news, newspaper flattery of General Lyman, and candidates for the Assembly, including Phil Livingston, James Delancey, John Scott, John Cruger jun. and Jacob Walter; one of the 25th from John Wetherhead, New York, about books and letters from abroad and Sir William's expected visit to New York; and one of the 26th from R. Cartwright, Albany, concerning an order for flour and pork.

PHYN AND ELLICE TO JELLES FONDA

A. L. S.

Schenectady 21st. Janry. 1768

DEAR SIR

We are fav^d. with yours [] have sent you by the bearer Six fine drest skins a $16/8^d$ is $\pounds 5$ ---

We will be glad to [] you here for Severall reasons,

[p]articularly ab^t. Battoemen, Wheat &c^a. [] Ginsang we have ordred from New York so that you can see it. We are

> Dear Sir Your Most Hle serv^{ts} PHYN & ELLICE

[[[] you seel a parcell] Skins for Wheat]uld be glad —] FUNDA
INDORSED:	Mis ^s Phinn and Elles there Letter to Jelles Fonda

and the Price of the Leather

TO THOMAS BROWN

$Df.^1$

Johnson hall Jany 28th 1768

Sir/

I Cannot but feel for the distresses you describe which I wish I knew how to relieve agreable to my Inclinations. You are already sensible in a Great measure of my sentiments on this head, and you may be assured that Ill natured representations shall not operate with me to your Prejudice. — But you must be sensible that from the nature of the almost general Prejudice conceived against you, the affair can be no Secret, and the Clergy might Justly condemn one for a recommendation of a Gentleman so Circumstanced without their knowledge, or approbation.

I am not so uncharitable as to doubt your future Conduct the Misfortune is that the prejudices of so many people, which have

¹ In Library of Congress, Washington, D. C. In handwriting of Guy Johnson.

doubtless Exaggerated many particulars against you, are too far Spread so that not only My recommendation may be called In Question but myself blamed for taking upon me to Introduce a Gentn of your function to another Colony who has fallen under Censure here, — I do not mention this as an Excuse for declining so to do, but that I know evil report of a Clergyman will not be for any length of time confined to one Colony, the consequence of which is obvious — As to the care of the Mohawk Castles it is already provided for, so that nothing can be done in that way, and from what I have already observed, as well as from your own serious reflections thereon you will be able to Judge how far I can take the other part of your request on me whilst affairs are so circumstanced

I heartily wish I could give you a more favorable Answer at this time as my inclination would Lead me to do you any consistent service for the improvement of your circumstances. The REV^D, M^B, BROWN

INDORSED: Janr^y. 29th. 1768 Letter to the Rev^d. M^r.

Brown at Albany

HENDRICK FREY'S BILLS

In the Johnson Calendar, p. 386, is listed the following paper which was destroyed by fire: Hendrick Frey's bills to Sir William Johnson for surveying between the two Canada creeks, dated November 15, 1766; receipted Canajoharry, January 29, 1768.

> FROM THOMAS GAGE A. L. S.¹ New York Jan^{ry}. 31st. 1768

Dear Sir,

Mr. Penn will probably acquaint you of the Proceedings in his Government respecting Indian Affairs; but I take the first

¹ In the New York Public Library, New York City.

opportunity to inform you of the Advices transmitted me from thence The assembly have sent a Bill to the Governor, Inflicting the Penalty of Death on those who are settled, or any who shall settle on any Lands in the Province, not purchased from the Indians; unless they remove in thirty Days after legal and regular Notice given them to remove. The Bill is Sent back with some Alteration, which the Gov^r. Says they can have no objection to; and hopes it will be soon passed into a Law that will effectually answer the good Purpose intended by it. I hear nothing from Virginia, but if Gov^r. Penn acts with me in the Spring, I think there will not be one Settler remaining on the Waters of the Monongahela.

Whilst the Legislature has been taking Such Pains to remove a Just Cause of Complaint of the Indians, a Villain Named Frederick Stump, a German living on Penn's Creek, has committed a most barbarous and unprovoked Murther of ten Indians Men Women and Children. Every Means that could be thought of was taken to apprehend the Murtherer the Moment that the News got to Philadelphia, but whether the Magistrates will Succeed in it or not May be doubted.

I Mentioned to you in a former Letter that the Establishing of Governments in the Interior Country was under the Consideration of the Board of Trade, so that we may expect orders concerning that Matter and Many other important Points respecting this Country, which the Said Board had likewise under their Consideration.

I am to acknowledge Your Letter of 22^d. Ins^t: by M^r Croghan inclosing an Account of Commissio^{ns}: Pay and Disbursements made at Fort Pitt. If I had had the vouchers to see the different charges, and on what account incurred, it would be easy to determine by what Department they should be paid. The three articles transmitted in this account for fitting out Ind^{ns}. for the Ilinois, the charge of the officer Commd^g. at Fort Pitt, and for removing the settlers from Redstone & cheat river appear to be extraordinary, and indeed enormous expences, but M^r Croghan tells Me, that Many other Expences are Mixed with those; which he does not know, how can be Separated as they are all included in One Account and Voucher. I shall write immediately to the Commander of Fort Pitt on the subject of Expenses contracted there.

M^r. Hay's Case has turned out as I imagined it would The demand of the Bell from Niagra I imagine proceeds from the Priest of Detroit, it is of little use where it is, but if a Government is established at Detroit, a Multiplicity of Religions will also be established, and perhaps occasion as much Confusion as any thing else and each will claim a prior Right to the Bell, if it is given away; not without some Reflections should it be given to Papists.

I am Dear Sir,

Your Most Obedient, humble Servant, THO^s. GAGE

S^R. W^M. JOHNSON Bar^t:

FROM DANIEL BURTON

In the Johnson Calendar, p. 386, is listed a letter of February 1st from Daniel Burton, at Westminster, (Secretary of the Society for Propogating the Gospel), inquiring what is suitable compensation for a missionary to the Indians (printed in *Doc. Hist. N. Y.* 4:376; Q, 4:237).

FROM MATTHEW GRAVES

A. L. S.¹

N. London Feby. 1st 1768.

Sir/

The growing Troubles of y^e. Indians oblige me to write to you again — The Hon^{ble}. M^r. Robinson, while Collector at Newport, had engag'd one M^r. Johnson to draw out a State of

¹ In Library of Congress, Washington, D. C.

ve. Indian Case, & had Assurance of his Integrity: this he acquainted me of I told him, Mr. Johnson was able, but unsteady - He said he had fixt him, & it shou'd be immediately done. His Words are — "He has undertaken ye Affair Besides ye. strongest Professions of Sincerity I have his further Security for his Attachment to them (ye Indians) of their Interest wth. respect to this Colony is one & ye. same." - In short I sent an Indian to Mr. Johnson, who waited four days, but in vain, then ye indian School master, who waited as long in vain — in short Mr. Robinson left Newport & Johnson ye, poor Indians. I advis'd to take ye, papers out of Johnson's hands whence ye. Case was to be drawn, wch. were got after much trouble, all worn & scarce legible. I must add, this Johnson was King's Attorney, & now he thinks to be reinstated by his Treachery to ye. Indians, & base Friendship to several of ye. great (I had almost said wicked) Men at Newport & others his Neighbors. & Mr. Robinson having remov'd he has laid aside all his Promises. However I have order'd Tobias Shattock to sail New York for London, assuring him I wou'd write to yr. Honr., who wou'd consider ye. Affair & endeavor to relieve them. Now Sr. as several dread ye. Indian's going home & do all they can to embarrass the design --- as they know ye. Influence & will unite & strengthen their European Forces, I hope you'll condescend to send ye. State of their Case home with a Letter to some of ye. Nobility. This will rout their Allies & settle ye, poor Indians on a solid Foundation.

I have dispatch'd an Indian with a Letter to M^r. Robinson, & press'd y^e. Continuance of his Interest, & to write in their Favor. I wish I had proper Power. My bowels yern for y^e. plunder'd Indians — they are plunder'd of their Land, we of our Glebe & our Church torn down & converted into a Tavern by y^e. same people. The Indian waits to carry this with y^e. other to N. York. I pray God continue you for y^e. Good of his Church, y^e. Interest of his Majesty, & y^e. Relief of y^e. distrest; & y^t. you'll pardon this Scrole & Freedom is y^e. earnest Request of

Sr. Yr. Hon¹⁵. most obedient & most oblig'd, humb^{le}. Serv^t.

MATT GRAVES

To y^e. Hon^{le}. S^R. WILLIAM JOHNSON &ca

INDORSED: New London 1st. Febry 1768 The Revr^d. M^r. Graves letter

FROM HENRY BOSTWICK

A. L. S.¹

[London, February 2, 1768]

²]

] had an [

] you on the Subject of certain mines supposed to be upon Lake Superiour; And you seemed anxious to know what truth there might be in such reports, or what might be the Nature of such mines if any there be; I use the freedom to inform you by this what Progress I and my concerns have

made in this Affair, having allways proposed to communicate to you any discoveries that we should make, which it has not been in my power to do sooner for reasons that you will see hereafter.

In the Beginning of last Summer Mons^r. Cadotte and I made some Excursions into that lake for the purpose of discoveries, where our Success far exceeded our most sanguine expectations, and the reception we met from the Indians was the best possible. They, when once they knew our Errand, inviting us in the most cordial manner by their Cheifs (with whom we com[municated]

[

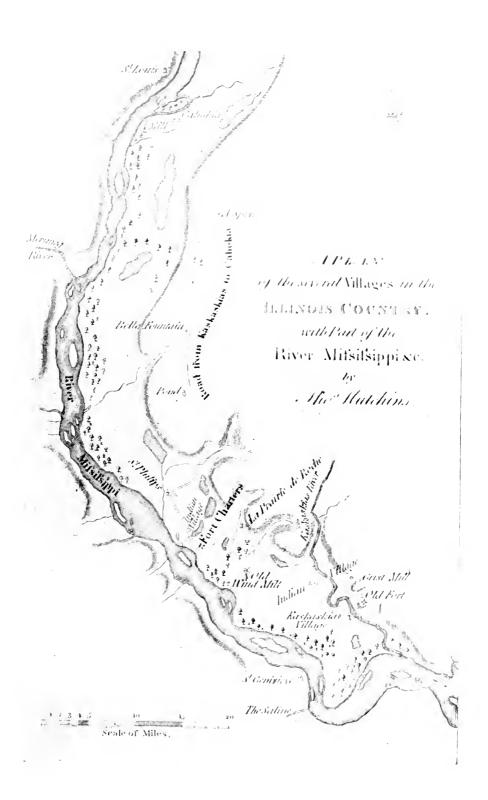
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¹ In the State Library are two copies of the Bostwick letter, which suffered injury from the fire. The remains of the two are combined in the matter here printed.

² Lines burned off.

on the subject) to come upon such an under[1 which they invited us in the most pressing [1 made several discoveries to us which [1 [] promising Aspect. This circumstance [] seeming so fond of our coming] affair made both Mr. Cadotte 1] ſ] to pass your way, An in that period of the Affai [r] for if it had fallen into other [] rendered the whole abortive.---On my Arrival [1 Application to certain Gentlemen [1 of Parliament, others Merchants of [] from The Samples I produced and the Acc so far approved of the prospects, as [1 to the King in Council for a Royal [Such Mines in Lake Superiour 1 or shall hereafter discover, which [before his Majesty's Secretaries of [] 1 Board of Trade, where it hitherto [Approbation - And shall be [] if it. I vours As allso that has the good fortune to meet vou would [] in it. Or in case you don't choose] friend that youll be pleased [1 Which L I am authorized by all the [to offer to you by this] beginning of our consulta [tion] such Proletter [posal v^e offer [] made use of [] converse [] I] And if you'll per[]] lhereof to write to Mr. Joshua Re] London he will correspond with you [] L] of the parties here. I have the honor [1 ſ

¹ Lines burned off.



1 Gentlewith the greatest Respect for myself and the [men concerned

Sir

Your most Obed^t & most Humble Serv^t.

HENRY BOSTWICK

As the Grant may not be made out before the Season [me to leave England on act of my other Business, [1] intend taking out with me two skillful Miners for further discoveries as well as ascertaining the value of those allready made And should be glad of your opinion & Authority how far it may be proper to work any thing we may meet worth while, before the grant arrives.

ADDRESSED: To The Honourable Sir William Johnson Baronet His Majesty's Sole Superintendant of Indian Affairs in North America At Johnson Hall

FROM GEORGE CROGHAN

A. L. S.

[New York, February 2, 1768]

I] Nine Indians Murd[1 ſ [Stump and] his Acomptices at a place Calld. penns [Creek] in Cumberland County pensylvaine [1 on the West] Miles above harriss Ferry²— Side Susquahenna About [[An]d by a Leter I have from Phill I [lea]rn that the Goverment has oferd [£]200 Reward to have him aperehended butt Dispair of his being given up by the Fronteer pople-

I find the Gineral has still the Same fears of a Rupter this Spring with [the] Indians & I have Nott Indaverd [to] Lesen

² Harrisburg.

1]

¹ Lines burned off.

them Butt he Seems Much [em]barrised & as if he Did Nott] to Do --know [] Nov^{br}. packett brought Governer [Franklin] a Ł Short Leter from his [father] [inform]ing him that he had] & v^e aSembly from [1 him of the 1 ſ] by y^e. Dc^{br}. packett [Boundry, that he blived a Colony [] & the Ilinioes wold Take place] the Dc^{br}. packett he wold Write [& [L on those Subjects Yesterday Sir Henry Moor Tould [1 that he wold] or begining of May whether he be up with you in [had [] orders from home or Nott & that [Expected the patentees of the Kiader [] wold putt itt] affair with the Mohocks So in his power to [th [] he wants to Trust himself in [1 Mediator on that occation [1 and this Day M^r. Kisam & [] Come to Me & Talk^d. af 1 the affair they are] Ramson to Wate [to 1] L ſ them that [11 have any thing to Do] Sir Henry Moor on y^e ocation [] the A Sembly of pensylvanie has [v] oted a Sume for Condoling with ye. Indians on ye. Gunestoga Afair & for the Dallaways & Shannas Butt I Cant be purtickler on that Head till I go to Phill^a. for w^h. place I Sett out Tomorrow & will Write you fully on this Subject and Every thing else that Comes to my knoledge [P]ese to present my Complem^{ts}. to Sir John [Cap]ts Johnson & Clause &] Me Dear Sir with Great Ladys & M^r. Burins [1 ł your Most Obeident

and Most Humble Servant

¹ Lines burned off.

TO THOMAS PENN $Df.^1$

Johnson Hall Feb. 5th 1768.

DEAR SIR

Since I had the pleasure of writing to you last I had the favor of your Duplicate of July last with the Postscript of Sept^r 12th. wherein you inform me of his Majestys having referred my Case to the Attorney General with orders to draw a Grant to be passed for the Land & of your friendly intentions farther in my behalf for all which I give you my most sincere thanks.

In answer to the information you desire concerning the Lands I beg to observe that I had some reason to hope that his Majesty would have been graciously pleased to Mitigate the fees, in consideration of my great Losses & Expences, & for the other reasons I had before given, this I must have considered as a particular Grace & favor, for it is in my power at present to obtain a Grant for it in this Province on paying the fees but as the case now stands I shall not presume to sollicit any thing which may be deemed disagreable, & therefore beg the favor of you to take out the Grant & pay the fees, as you have been pleased to offer, & I shall most thankfully repay you the Ammount. I am not informed whether it is his Majestys pleasure to Grant me the whole of my Indian purchase, agreable to the survey last transmitted, or only according to the Survey first sent which was in fact a mistake. I could wish that his Majesty would Graciously please to Grant the Whole, as it is a very fair & Expensive purchase, however in this point I beg you will act as seems best to yourself.

From the very kind intentions expressed in your last, It is unnecessary for me to recommend farther the affair of my pay,

¹ In American Antiquarian Society, Worcester, Mass.; in handwriting of Guy Johnson.

expences & Losses, persuaded that you will give me your kind assistance therein, & I believe they will appear very reasonable, when it is considered that my retiring from Business & all Domestic pursuits, when my affairs were in the most promising situation has Severely affected my private fortune; That my Income since has never been half what it was before my appointment, & that my Acting in a Regular Military Capacity brought on me a Considerable additional Charge foreign to my Civil Commission & which is always allowed for to Gentlemen that Command Armys, but was it otherwise, the peculiar Circumstances of my Situation renders the demand Just and reasonable, and altho thro' Length of time I may not be reimbursed for the Moneys formerly advanced by order for the Service particularly the debt owing to me from this province, it may nevertheless produce some consideration & strengthen my pretensions in other respects by demonstrating how much I have been a Loser by the Service, whilst I have totally neglected the many fair opportunitys which my situation & interest afforded me of acquiring a Landed property from the Indians, and am now without a foot of Land in the Country, but what I bought from Patentees sev¹. years before I had any office under the Government.

Whether his Majesty will consider the Premises in a Pecuniary, or be pleased to honor me with any farther marks of his Approbation is humbly submitted to him, but to a friend I cannot help Repeating these heads which are so sensibly felt by me & must greatly prejudice my affairs, & I think myself peculiarly happy in such a Friend as you, Sir, to whom I can communicate them freely, & on whose Judgment I can rely for their being placed in the most advantagious Light. As You are doubtless early advised of American News, I need not to say more than that Indian affairs appear in the worst situation, and they seem only to have postponed not laid aside their designs, to which they find daily fresh provocations. Lt. Gov. Penn writes me that a German on his Frontiers has lately Murdered Ten Indians in Cool Blood & transmitted to me all the particulars. He is using all his endeavors to apprehend the Murderer but I fear he has got out of his reach.

A more unlucky affair could scarcely have happened at this Critical period, when they are so discontented. On the arrival of the 6 Nations I shall do my utmost to convince them that it was a private Act for which the Offender will Suffer death, & shall do all I can to ward their resentment from falling on the innocent.

From the present unhappy Disposition of the Indians I find they cod. not be prevailed upon to go the full Extent of your boundary with Maryland, however I am very glad to hear that it appears on the Whole so much to the advantage of Pensylvania which as far as is in my power I shall always promote, & I shall receive particular pleasure from every occasion I have of testifying my Obligations & the Real Esteem with which I always am Dear Sir.¹

The Honble. T. PENN Esqr.

My son requests I should offer you his best Compliments & sincere thanks for your Intentions in his favor, and I beg you will accept of mine on the same occasion.

HENRICK MERCKEL JUN'R'S ACCOUNT

D. *S*.

[February 6, 1768]

[]liam Johnson Bar ^ı .
	To Hendrick Merckel jun ^r . D ^r
[] Sundry Gall ^s . of Rum delivered to
[] John Wolf Barlet, as p ^r . annexed Bill

¹ In the Library of Congress is a Force Transcript of the letter sent to Penn, which has, with slighter points of difference, the following:

Your most obe^d

hum^{ble} Ser^t

Wm. Johnson

)	Sir William Johnson Fapers	
] lb. of Vermillion as p ^r . order	16.
] Rendering the pledge of Thomas an Indian, as p ^r . order	} 19.
]ox & 2 Cows, deliver'd to S ^r . John Johnson Cap ⁿ . Guy Johnson & Capt ⁿ . Clauss, as p ^r . annexed Certificat of Capt ⁿ . Clauss	} 13. 5.
] to Joseph 14 Victuals & Drink 3/6	£16.13.6 17.6
	Rec ^d the above Acc ^u .] all Demands Henrich merckel Jun ^r	£17.11.0

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FROM GEORGE CROGHAN

L. S.

[Philadelphia, February 7, 1768]

1] ſ] I got here and brought [ſ 1] Rheumatism, — I wrote your hon^r. from [New York]] that one Frederick Stump and his servant had [1 Indians drunk and then murder'd them, ten in [1] men women and children. They were taken by [1 Í] young fellow one Captⁿ. Patterson who had for-] the provincial Service, and deliver'd merly [1 |] who had been received the chief to the Sheriff in []hend these murderers, and bring Justice's Warrant to [them to Philadelphia []amination,— the Justices of the] not suffer the Sheriff to obey Peace for the County [the Warrant but com[mit]ted them to the County Prison from] were rescued by a number of people whence in Six [] in the middle of the day. this, has caused from the [

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¹ Lines burned off.

<pre>very [] between the Assembly and Governour — a [] dispute about the Murder of the Conesto [] charging the Governor with a negle [] Lands for the purpose of [Nations and Ohio Indians,— (and I [soon as this happens, I shall inform you [I have not been able to see the Governor [will soon. I am very sorry for these disputes, as [should not be a a day lost in doing something with [Indians, and those on Susquehannah. The re[Murders on the Frontiers, and the want of power in [Government to bring the Murderers to punishment [bring on hostillities, unless some attonement can[the Indians; by Condoling, and giving present [</pre>	go
in the Spring. Please to present my compliments to [and all the Gentlemen and Ladies — and [with great Respect,— your Honour's [And Most []]]

FROM JOHN TABOR KEMPE

A. L. S.

London 7th: February [1768]

I arrived here on the 16th. of last Month, but a few [] before Lord Hilsborough entered into the new Office of Secretary for [] &c. and I had scarcely Time to rest a Day and deliver your [] [] Shelburne before the Business of the Colonies was out of his [] [] I suppose has been the Reason, why my Lord said very little [and] of my not hearing from him since — Lord Hilsborough I

¹ Lines burned off.

] has not mentioned to me your Letters have [11 to Lord Shelburne, nor have I] any Conversation with him on any Thing, that could have been the [l any of them, yet Sir my Thanks are due to you for the kind [1 in which you interrested yourself in my Affair, and which you]mit me here to repeat — This Change was unlucky E for me, but [] [] try has been unsettled so long, that I cannot say it was altogether l by me — I have been unlucky too in not finding Lord Adam [] Town, he is in Scotland busy about the ensuing Election [1 the Letters at his House, and was informed he would soon [] I cannot yet say whether my Sollicitations will have [1 for Effect, and having nothing to inform you in Politicks] Consequence, except that it is not thought the present ſ] will continue long without some Alterations, I haste Ł] I am to [

with great Respect

Dear Sir Your much obliged humble Serv^t. J. T. KEM[PE]

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[SIR WILLIAM JOHNSON] Baronet.

FROM JAMES PHYN

A. L. S.

[Schenectady, February 8, 1768]

] with your Letter inclosing [

ac]cepted in the manner we always meant.

[] much crouded with Company, & some urgent Business
 [] M^{rs} Ellice & me Home a Friday Night I hope will excuse
 [] ting upon You that Morning at the Hall
 [] take the liberty to inclose You a list of those Indian

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¹Lines burned off.

Goods [] now by Us, shou'd any of them be suitable, we will esteem any [or]der a singular favour those Articles which You may require [] be had from M^r Campbell or us shou'd it be agreeable, we will lay in [] Albany on the best terms in our Power.

I come now to informe You that when we was in N York [] enough to effect a settlem^t with our friend J D & at that [] tollerable good Security, but as none of the Money he []ome in before next Summer we shall be something [] up the remainder of our English remittances, we therefore [] our government what Part of the anex^d Bills [] of April as we can purchase St^r. Bills Now [¹]

[Much Service to our affairs to know [I have the honor to be With perfect esteem [

> Sir Your most Obed^t & mo[st] Hum^e Servant JAMES [PHYN]

TO PHILIP SCHUYLER

A. L. S.²

Johnson Hall 8th. Febry. 1768

Sir/

I am induced to trouble You now on behalf of the Best Indian of the Mohawks, Who last Summer had a Sorrel Mare (with White Mane & Tale, and a good pacer) Stole from him (As he since understands) by a New England Man, and, on hearing a few days ago from some of the Mohawks returning that way from their Hunt that She was in the possession of a Man living at, or near Saraghtoga Lake, applyed to me to make an Enquiry, And as I am unacquainted that way, and well

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¹ Lines burned off.

² In the New York Public Library, New York City.

knowing that you would not Suffer a thing of that kind to pass unnoticed, I take the liberty to request You will order an Enquiry to be made about it, and if possible to let y^e. Indⁿ. named *Abraham*, take her home with him, which will greatly please him, & oblidge Sir

> Y^r. Welwisher & Humble Servant W Johnson.

Co^L. PHILL: SCHYLER INDORSED: Sir W^m. Johnson 8th Feb^r. 1768 No. 988

FROM JOHN WETHERHEAD

[New York, February 8, 1768]

1] I] making [l]] woud he ben to get it [] I] will do, if you do not forbid me --- [ſ 1] Mr Roberts woud have gone up to Johnson[I 1] Collins, but I find He does not go. I am told He I] his Accounts Settled with the General, it has been Ī ſ] consequence of Col Croghan being there He goes up] Settled & then, as I understand the Matter ĺ] will pay your draft for the Amount ſ They go on very Slowly with your Patent at the office] them done as speedily as possible — I] I shall be glad to receive your Agreable Command[s ſ &ca] [] M^{rs} Wetherhead joins me in best Respects to you [1 Remain Sir Your most Obliged Hble Servant JOHN WETHERHEAD.

¹ Lines burned off.

A. L. S.



GENERAL PUILLP SCHUYLER From painting in Schuyler Mansion, Albany, N. Y.

FROM JOHN WETHERHEAD

A. L. S.

[New York, February 8, 1768]

 [
] will take care to be [
]

 [
] He desires me to bring the petition [
]

 [
] He desires me to bring the petition [
]

 [
] When the Councill sets & after that I will haunt [them]

 [
] Devill till the finish it for me [
] makes such

 a cursed Noise I cant say more than that [
] Respects

 to Sir John &c
 Sin John &c

Sir your most Obliged Humble Servant

John Wetherhead

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ADDRESSED: To the Honorable Sir William Johnson B^t Johnson Hall with 611 Tea to the Care of M^r Cartwright

ALEXANDER MC KEE TO GEORGE CROGHAN

A. L. S.

[Fort Pitt, February 13, 1768]

] having murdered [] and Scalping them, is known to all the [

] in this Country.

The Indians are very much alarm'd at it,— I have [] them on the Occasion, and used every Argument in [] []er to make then easy on that head,— They were [] enough of us before, and very discontented; but

¹ Lines burned off.

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this [] of Stumps, has made the Warriors of the different nations [lous, as they say, the English are certainly determined [ke War on us, or otherwise they would not Scalp our [11e-the Scalping those Indians is worse than murdering [] They come here from all parts of the Country enquiring [] I have heard from Sir William Johnson. the General [1 l or of Philadelphia — or whether you are coming up [I L shall continue to do everything in my power to [1] quiet till you come up — and the sooner you come, ſ 1 Warriors of those Tribes have sent Belts to the the [] them to come to the plains of Scioto Incil of their own, next month — and they] Six Nation Warriors at Venango lturning home] day [1]] away at this time [] in their suspicions — that we want [] Some of the lower Shawan 1 that the Tribes living on the Ouabache, seem [1 incensed against the English, for having fixed [1 their Country, and threaten to plunder next sp[ring.] the Indians that went with Mr. Phyn, and are [returned?] confirm the Account the Shawanese gave me, and [ł these Accounts prove true, the communication [1 Ohio will be shut up. I have nothing more at present to inform [but that most of the Shawanese and Delawares [1 are here, - and propose waiting hereabouts to see [] they say, they will stay till the Middle of M [] then they say, they must attend their own [Western nations. I am, Sir [1

¹ Lines burned off.

FROM JOHN WETHERHEAD

[New York, February 15, 1768]

] with the Writts for a New []urday Night & now they are [] which He must have done with al[

] finished on Wednesday or Thurday I then will ſ] Business — for the Small Patent I immediately [] Petition to the Governor mean, as to the other [withe Name of the parties as you [1 laid it before the Councill on Wednesday last, the Conideration [1 left to a Commitee, who will determine this week, but [1 l tells me there is no Doubt but it will be Complyd ſ with Hugh Gaine will send you all the Votes of the Assembly] as Soon as He Can get them done by next [You will be pleased to excuse the liberty I take in Sending you] Warrant of Survey for Col Croghans Lands, the [] to Mr Fry, for that is my order vou will be pleased [from Croghan & tell him He [] about it as quikly as possible, I understand He wants the [] finished, by the Time the Governor goes up wch will certainly [] beginning of May at the farthest.

[] Mr Roberts Stays Here as I understand, waiting for your [] letters in Answer to what the Generall has wrote you concerning []

My wife joins me in Respects to you & Sir John & remain [] Truth

Sir Your most Obliged Hble Servant

John Wetherhead

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A. L. S.

¹ Lines burned off.

SAMUEL WHARTON TO GEORGE CROGHAN

A. L. S.

[February] 16th 1768 A. M.

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] be at the entire Disposal of [Sir William] ٠Ľ] the Money² is to be paid to his I] He shall think proper to draw them. 1 carrying a great Point? Persons, who opposed it, were Mr. Allen & Mr [Joseph] [Fox] this Occasion They thunder'd forth their] Oratory, to show, That three hundred pounds gh] & That it was unparliamentary & impolitick I 1 Persons, but their Own Commisⁿ. dispose of them But their Rhapsody was in Vain, as [1 & the significant Members were determined to demonstrate [11d. Their high Opinion of the Abilitys & Honor [of Sir] William and That not a Moment Ought to be [I] He was enabled to remove the Indian Discon[tent] [Manner, as He thought proper, both to the 1] & On the Ohio. ſ] every Man be now convinced of the ill Disposi-F People here toward the Indian Depart [ment] 1 that They would do every Thing in their Power 1] had passed the House - Mr. Chief Justice [Allen] declaimed again (as they knew the Gov^r. could] was a Mony Bill) — That a Message 1 to the Governor & He should be I

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¹ Lines burned off.

 $^{^{2}}$ £2500 voted as a present of condolence to the Indians by the Pennsylvania assembly.

1 William --- Whether it would be ſ 1 Commissioners in Time for ĺ ſ 1 the 1] ſ might have an Opportunity of [] of these persons — That It coud [] therefore He drew the following Paragraph [1 to the Message² — (which He just brought [1 might shew it to you) --- Videt. "It would give us pleasure would the [Time this & the Treaty admit of transmitting [sending Commissioners to attend it (the [Treaty) were done And shold He (Sr William) advise you [made by your Honour of the practicabili [ty Meesure We think it will be right & neces 1 But otherwise We have so perfect a C[onfidence in that Gentlemans good Disposition toward [1 Province And great Knowledge in Indian [That We have no Doubt He will Every Thing [Terms, That is necessary in Meting those [1 presents & reconciling as far as is in his [1 Nations to their former Alliance & Friendsh [ip Government &c" It is the Determination of the House, [should have the Sole Disposition of the [1 would mortify Our Friends, That carried [] the Governor or any of his Commis 1 Him, as to attempt to get H[]] it was practicable to [I therefore earnestly [1 1] I 1 Service.] most indigested scrawl ſ

¹ Lines burned off.

² Message of the Pennsylvania assembly to the governor.

] & cannot possibly go Out to

I am with real Regard Y^{rs} Assuredly &c

S WHARTON

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ADDRESSED:

To

George Croghan Esq^r

near

Philad.

p^r. Oliver —

FROM JOHN BROWN

A. L. S.

[Niagara 17th] Febry 1768.

I did myself the honor of writeing []4th Jan^{ry} after the Arrival of M^r Magra at [] that Gentleman since his being here seem'd []form'd no Settled plan, Some days ago he told [] he wish'd to return down the Country Captⁿ [] has procured an Indⁿ to go alongst w^t him, who [] Bearer of this,— I readyly agreed to his returning [

] appeard to me that there was no method of doing [] Service without runing a risque of affronting him [] doubt Captⁿ M^cLeod informs you of every thing [] knows relative to Ind^{ns} I understand that Some [jealou]sy Still Subsists betwixt the Senecas & missesagaes [] far it is political or not I will not pretend to [] both nations are so near Neighbours to us [] wish they lived in harmony

I am with great respect

Sir Your most Obed^ı and Most humble Serv^ı. John Brown son.

[] JOHNSON. INDORSED: [] Indⁿ. Express March 22^d.

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FROM GEORGE CROGHAN

A. L. S.

[Philadelphia, February 17, 1768]

F Ho]use of Assembly [1 [1 House had Sent up to the [1Mony Bill for £3000] Kings use 2500 pds. of wh. was [pounds [1 putt into your Honors Hands [con]dolances presents for the Six Nations [and the] ohio Indians, the other 500 was [1 be Resarved to pay for Takeing up Stump and other Charges on that Head — and this Morning the Governor Tould Me he was Going to pass itt & that He wold Write to you on the Subject

On this Ocation there Has been Very High Disputes in the House of aSembly [] Cheffe Justus M^r. Allen & M^r. Joseph Fox [insi]sted that the Mony was two Much [] that what Ever Sume was Granted [] be Lay^d. out in the province by [commi]ssioners of thire own y^e. other [] to powerfull & Declair^d. that [] & Manidgement of this [] Nott Intierly under your [] Wold Grant Nothing.

[1] that He and his Council [] of this Mater in thire own []

Dureing those Disputes Boath [] to Me to Know when y^e. Six Nati[ons] you att y^r. house or German Flatts [] them att fardest by y^e. first of M[arch²] that there was Nott a Day to be L[] adviseing your

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¹ Lines burned off.

 $^{^2}$ Johnson held a meeting from March 4th to the 12th with the Six Nations, Canadian Indians and Cherokees.

³ Joseph Galloway, of Philadelphia, speaker of the Pennsylvania assembly, 1766–74.

Honor what they had [] In all this affair Mr. Gallaway² who Le[ads the] Quaker party has behaved with the [] Respect to your Honor and the] that the publick Derive from yr. Deadvan par[tment] and your old aquaintance Mr. Sam: W[harton] and his famaly & Connections has [] been Idle and they are the first & [] party heer Either in the Meeting] or att Elections Nothing in thire [] been Wanting to Shoe those who [] be well aquanted with Maters the [] the Department whilst under [] prudent Direction w^h. has b[] to Some old pretended I 1] I

[] Says your Honor May [] Meshers as you Judg. fitt []ocation when Ever you plase [] Draw for the Mony on Sight [] what I have Larn they Expect that []rt is to be Given to y^e. Six Nations [] part to those att ohio but No [d]oubt the Spaker has Inform^d. you [] his Leter w^h. I now Send you

I am prepairing a Mesidge for the Governor to Send to the Ohio Indians [to] be Delivered by Mr. McKee att his own Requst on Acount of ye. Murder committed by Stump & his Servant Capt. Thomas McKee as Soon as Stump [] Committed this Murder Went up to [Fort] Agusta to Spake to ye. Indians on [Susque]hannah & found them Much [Ited & Treatening to take Incident [] Stay^d. two Days with them [] Every thing in his power [] Esey Till Some further [] fallen on 1] 1 observes is very uncom the News of the Murder by [Stump] to ohio the 27th of Jan^y I thought itt My Duty to Write [J

Some a Count of the party Disputes [] this ocation that you Might be [] how the poples opinion

¹ Lines burned off.

] your Department. I have No view of Stand Resp predussis - your honor in feavor of [one] or Against the other the facts are [] Related them & fer My own part I] No Rason to Love Either More th [an] Sutes my ſ Convenancy or answers a [Good] to the Service I am Imploy^d. in under y^e [] for they have boath att Times used Me] was in thire power butt as I have Re[1 the Į. Sentiments of boath att Pres [] I Make No Doubt Butt y^r. honor [] Me by y^e. Return of this Express to Request the feaver of you to Send []ious ſ how to act as I wold [] any Disputes with any people] Intierly under your [Γ 1 1] what Ever part you will] ow in feaver of them] & order them to Deliver Me Y^e. Goods 1 [Ł] Time] its Imposable to Gett Goods from [ſ up and for My own part [] Nott for any Consideration] thing of the province Mony putt [] hands have [& if agreeable to y^r. honor [] be Glad you wold Write v^e. Governor [] Spaker to Send Commisioners to Ohio] the Goods Given to the Indians [] Honor will ſ Excuse My Takeing up [] much of y^r. Time with this Long Leter [] Convey My Sentiments in a few words Jut to Avoid Reflections from A [] Dont Love Me w^h. is in y^r. power [] Me from in the Mode I] have Wrote the Gineral & Inclose you Preposed [Leter to him for y^r. perruseal [] M^r. Gallaway

[] Leter to him for y^r. perruseal [] M^r. Gallaway Deliverd Me his Leter [] honor I Must think Itts a Leter informing you what has been Done [] Respect y^r. honors [] & Most Hum^{ble} Serv

] the Vocher [

¹ Lines burned off.

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[]count and the Silver [] [] the Box of Silver Ware wh[] []ner Examins & itt Sutes you [] order paid the first parsel I Sent []as Jany & you paid Me for them £72:3:9 []£174:5:3 is what Should be in y^e Box.

GEORGE CROGHAN TO THOMAS GAGE

L. S.¹

[Philada. February 17, 1768]

[] Governor Penn [] [] by the Assembly, for Three Thousand [Poun]ds, to be laid out in Presents to the Indians, and put into Sir William Johnson's hands to Condole with the different Nations, who has had some of their People Murdered on the Frontiers of this Government.

Governor Penn is about sending a Message by M^r. Hutchins to Fort Pitt, to be delivered by M^r:M^c:Kee to the Shawanese, Delawares and Six Nations there, in Order to make them easy till further Measures can be taken; Which Messages I Am preparing for the Governor.

By the last Advices from the Frontiers, Numbers of the Outsettlers, are removing down into the interior Settlements of this Province, for fear of an Indian War, and the People who rescued Stump and his Servant, out of Carlisle [] has him yet in their Custody and tis [] deliver him up. [] Leter I have from M^r: M^c:Kee at Fort Pitt [] that come there [] [²]

time, he says, there are several [] of the Senecas, and

¹ In the State Library are remains of two copies of the Croghan letter. Saved portions of the one are used to supplement the other in the matter here printed.

² Lines burned away.

1 Country, to hunt this Winter other tribes come] uncommon. The News of Stumps having Murdered ten Indians near Penn's Creek reached Ohio the 27th. Januarv. by four Indians sent from the great Island in Sasquehannah [to] inform the Western Nations of that unlucky affair.

I have had another Letter from Mr Mc:Kee, who has been up] the Indians were Murdered by at Fort Augusta [Stump,- he says, that the Indians thereabout [1 the great Island Village were much [] on that Occasion:] immediately on the frontier Inhabi and threatned to [] stayed there two Days and had a Mee[ting with] them, after which, they seemed mol] Minds, and promised him, they [1 Measures of their own, till their] and the Six Nations were [] acquainted with this unfortunate affair.]

I am [

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His Excellency The Honourable [I 1 lor Copy INDORSED: E

l letter to Genr^l Gage

FROM NORMAND MACLEOD

A. L. S.

Niagara, February 17, 1768]

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1] [] Drunken manner and has told me [1 ſ] behav'd so unbecoming the Character of a Gentleman ſ] take much notice of him as one of us. 1 has done some Mischief amongst the Indians on his] reporting at all the Castles on his way that there wa**v** [ling up the Mississippy who are to conquor is a French

¹ Lines burned off.

this Country in Spring. [] of News came to my ears by a Seneca Call'd Sa'go'isence who men [] to one of the Traders when a little in Liquor; upon my hearing [his ha]ving said so, I immediately sent for him, and asked him in presence [] a Seneca Chief who he came by such a piece of Intelligence [] a great deal of prevarication, that the News was sent by you [] them by a white man, who came Express from you with [] [] ga Indian, and had a Dutch man for his Interpreter.

[] the Indian that it was all a Lye, and that the Man who propagated [] story was a lying fellow and ought not to be believed. In the [] M^r. Magra was sent for to Capt. Browns, where being question'd [] the above intelligence, he deny'd every thing, saying how could [] any Such News when he could not talk any Indian language. l talk English, and his Interpreter can talk both English] no more about this affair only the man and Indian that acted as his Interpreter [] Month lives at Thomson's; Captain Magra's agreement with [] the Dutchman has in writing) is Curious enough. Magra [1 in your Employment in spring, if there's no Vacancy [1 way you are to get him the Command of one of [at present you Only allow him £50 sterling [] you too much with so bad a Subject. [the Senecas and the] Messesagas will go to loggerheads in spite of [] which may be bad, and a

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The 30th of January Mac Carty came [] him if he would Chuse to be Employed [] me nothing could please him more. The [] pritty well for the Messesagas when theres no [] he is a very bad Interpreter for the Senecas, [] Cordially, and I have often been told he knows very [] Wabacommegat has been here and got his cagg of [] Senecas are a parcel of lying Rascals, My

¹ Lines burned away.

] me to Contradict so great a Man. modesty [I wish the Parliament would put your Department on Ition, as at present the powers of we Commissare are L] There is sort of News here only the white fish not [has in [] which is no Small loss to this place in General,] in particular, we lost our Doctor about but to [] two night Vomiting of Blood. twenty ago or Mrs MacLeod and her Daughter Joins me in kindest respects I] and Sir John

I am

Sir

Your most Obedient

Most Humble Servant

NOR^D. M[ACLEOD]

P. S. As M^r Magra is so communicative [Order'd the Indian not to allow him to [not to believe one Word he says, I [of legans and a Shirt the rest [

here.

ADDRESSED: To

> The Honourable Sir William Johnson Bt. Johnson hall.

> > FROM GEORGE CROGHAN

A. L. S.

Phill. Feb. 18, 1768

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I] a petision from the [traders] att Detroit to be Layd. L [before] your Honor & if you have any [1 to Write ther petisions I Deliverd you them on this Subject or to [] Johnson Hall plese to Send them [to] Me when [P Berrer if Conveinent & I will [for]ward them

I Spoke to you About Killbuck [] [Ne]gro w^h. was Given up in 59 by Gineral [Stan]wix & he then promist pay for

¹ Lines burned off.

] the Gineral & obtain^d a Recept him [1 [] he in 60 apply^d. to Gineral Monckton [1 and L Likewise was promist pay & obtain^d. [] Recept wh. he Lay^d. before you when att y^e. less [] & brought an order to Me to See to [] him Satisfy^d. by y^e. Goverm^t. of Maryland [y^t govern]ment will Do Nothing in itt he [] tianly Intitled to be paid & I fear [] Nott he will pay himself Some [] for he is Capable of Doing Much] to Lett Me know what [] I am Dear Sir with ł] most obeident Humble F ſ 1

TO THOMAS GAGE

$Df.^1$

Johnson Hall, Feb. 18, 1768.

[D^r Sir/]

[Your favor of the 31st ulto arrived here whilst I laboured under an attack of my old disorder which] prevented me [from answering it 'till now,---] two, or three days before, I [received a Letter from L^t] Gov^r Penn with an accot of his proceed^s [in Indian] Affairs together with the particulars of the barbarous [Murder] committed by Fredk Stump as mentioned in your Letter [which] I consider as one of the most dangerous accidents that [could have] happened at this period and I much fear that the [Lawless] Gentry on the frontiers will render it worse by Screening [the] Murderer, or contributing to his Escape. ---The Effects of [this] additional act of Cruelty may better be foreseen than [preven]ted, The Indians of Onoghquagey have already wrote to [me] upon it, in Consequence of belts sent thro' the Six Nations [with] the News, and they say that some of their people, the [Tusca]roras who were hunting in that Country are witheld [from] Returning by the White people least

¹ In handwriting of Guy Johnson.

the News should be [too soon] propagated, in consequence of which they are very [uneasy] and desire a pass to fetch them away, this detention [of these] Indians as it will doubtless be misinterpreted by the [Confederacy] will increase their resentment, and the Indians [Justly remark in] their Letter that altho' the Affair may be ["Smoothed over in] Council, their minds cannot be healed in [the present disposition they] are." —

[I wish the Establishments] of the Governments you [mention may not make things much worse,] as I have reason [to fear they will, I have often observed that nothing of that kind could be undertaken, with due regard to Policy until all prejudices were removed, a firm Tranquility Established and the Indians previously consulted thereon,—The Very report of the Intended Colony on Ohio advertised by Lieut Webb, was made a Considerable Cause of the late] Indian War, and the [Indians have already heard of these] Intended Governmts under [the most unfavorable¹] Circumstances.

Lieut Roberts being [] his long journey in much want of Cash [] he may if I apply for it receive the] incurred since sending in my last being [Am 1 M^r Mortier to deduct so much out of my [l be glad that that is settled for him, and believe [] occasion for it. — As for the Disbursements [] I have Vouchers for the Whole Excepting [] to have been incurred by order ofCapt. Murray² [] which was said to be in your Secre-] no objection to the payment thereof in w^h. tarys of case [1

The Ammot of Drafts on me fr [] at present in my hands is £4852. [] I have a petition from the Traders [] Interest with you that the same [] apprehended that Rogers had [] Cash or Goods, & what

¹ Portions burned off are supplied to this point from an extract made before the fire, now printed in *Collections of the Illinois State Historical Library*, 16:171–72, ed. C. W. Alvord and C. E. Carter.

² At Fort Pitt.

they [] them to be for the good [] of your Answer [] [1]

Gen^l Gage

INDORSED: Feby 18th 1768 To General Gage

TO HENRY MOORE

 $Df.^2$

[Johnson Hall, Feb. 18, 1768]

1] I Land or you will 1 the Deed I] I find that Altho the Whole tract was to [1 I] [4 equal Shares Yet³] Mr Lawyer is very desirous I] Two persons more, one for Three & the other] thousand Acres, which would greatly Lessen the 4 1 & therefore I have told him that if he takes in any I] Asociates he should give them Land out of his I] Share, and indeed I think it ought to be so. ſ As You know the Ammot of the Indian purchase⁴ & [T now send down the Accot of Subsequent Expences, by I 1 favor of you to inform me the Ammot of the Whole I] fees &ca included F] the fees for the three Shares shall be sent down [together with the Names necessary to be inserted³] I wrote your Excell^{cy} the 22^d. ult^o. in answer to your fav^r.]th concerning the Militia and hope shortly to be Ł] with your farther Commands F I am in daily expectation of the arrival of the [1 to

treat with the Cherokees, but the late [] [mur]der committed in Pensylvania will I fear [] quence Imagin-

¹ Lines burned off.

² In handwriting of Guy Johnson.

³ Crossed out in the original.

^{*} The Lawyer tract in Schoharie county, N. Y.

able to our Affairs as [l their discontents are almost general [with us, which I have [] of their intended Congresses L

TO THOMAS PENN

$Df.^2$

[Johnson Hall, February 18, 1768]

] indisposed with [ſ] which has Visited me often of late years [1 now somewhat recovered.

1 bloody Transaction gives me no small uneasiness 1 happened at the most unfortunate period, when ſ lians had no occasion for a fresh instance of Cruelty ſ] their resentment, insomuch that I fear all [lors to protract their designs, and prevent their Associations [1 prove ineffectual. I heartily wish you may be able to

lhend the Murderer, and am very glad to hear of the [] sures you are taking, for the relief of the Indian [grie] vances the necessity for which appears daily more obvious.

Since the receipt of your Letter I find that the Six Nations] received Belts and Messages Setting it forth in the] Light, on which occasion I have received a Letter 1 Indians at Onoghquagey informing me of it, & from [] Tuscaroras who were hunting not far from the that [] Murder was committed have been detained by place [] people to prevent the News from Spreading amst] This Gives the 6 Nations much addit¹. concern] Tuscaroras has desired A pass to go & fetch them] of opinion that they should be dismissed [1

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² Lines burned off.

¹ In handwriting of Guy Johnson.

as I expect the Six Nations Daily [] Deputys I shall on their 1] I

FROM JOHN WETHERHEAD

In the Johnson Calendar, p. 388, is entered a letter of the 19th from John Wetherhead to Johnson about letters inclosed and letters to be despatched by the general. Destroyed by fire excepting signature, phrase of courtesy and address.

FROM JOHN FRENCH

A. L. S.

[February 22,] 1768

[1]] Governors Directions I beg [ſ | inclosed Commission. As I would not [l vou with the other] officers you have been pleased Commissions appoint^g to recommend [to Sir Henr]y, I have taken the liberty to put 1 to your Secretary Col. Johnson, which I hope them [] with your approbation. I have the honor to [1 the greatest Respect

Sir.

Your most obliged and obedient humble Servant **JOHN FRENCH.**

ADDRESSED:

 T_0

the Honorable Sir William Johnson Bar^t Johnson Hall

¹ Lines burned off.

FROM THOMAS GAGE

A. L. S.¹

New York Feby. 22^d. 1768.

DEAR SIR,

The December Mail from England is arrived, and I have by that opportunity received a Letter from Lord Shelbourne, wherein he acquaints me of His Majesty's Intentions relative to the running of a Boundary Line between the Several Provinces which have not yet compleated it, and the Indian hunting Grounds: That as several different Interests were concerned in this Matter, it had been found Necessary to delay the final Determination on this head for a few Days. But his Lordship adds "In the mean time I have written to Sir William Johnson, acquainting him of this, and directing him to prepare the Several Tribes of Indians for the Completion of this Matter early in the Spring, assuring him that he shall receive Instructions for that Purpose by the Next Packet. The Letter you will receive herewith I suppose to be the Letter which His Lordship mentions to have written you.² This Sort of Boundary seems far different from that which you have taken notice of in some Letters to me, and which Mr. Croghan first explained to me: But it is the only Boundary which ever seemed to be intended or thought of by His Majesty's Ministers in the Course of their Correspondence with me on the Subject of a Boundary. This Plan has been also extended to the Southward, and compleated by Georgia, North, and South Carolina.

I inclose you a Copy of a Letter which I received yesterday, from M^r: Croghan; which will inform you of what is doing by the Province of Pensylvania in Indian Affairs. There are different Reports about Stump and his Accomplice, some say he is still kept Prisoner by those who rescued him to be delivered

¹ In Harvard College Library, Cambridge, Mass.

² In Doc. Rel. to Col. Hist. N. Y., 8:2.

up upon Terms respecting the Place of his Tryal, others say he is at Liberty.

I am to beg of you to forward the inclosed by an Express to Niagara, there are Letters for Detroit &c^a which the Commander of Niagara may forward from thence.

I am with great Regard

Dear sir, Your Most obedient, humble Servant, THO^s, GAGE

SIR WILLIAM JOHNSON Baronet.---

INDORSED: New York Febry. 22d. 1768

Genr^I. Gages Letter ₩ Express —

FROM PETER HASENCLEVER

A. L. S.

[New York], 22 feby 1768

Sir

I had the Honour to write to you the 15 Instant to []ferr; Sundry affairs have detained me this morning [] post is upon its departure, & have only one moment [] to tell you that I have Seen General Gage, who [] me that he would have only 18000 acres & pay his proper [] Sir Henry Moore our Governor will pay for My [Lor]d Holland. So that this affaire is Settled.

According to some Poletics, the whole Ministery [] be Changd, the Duc of Bedford¹ at the Helm, M^r G Granville² []sellor of the Treasoury. Lord Sandwhich³ Secretarry [] state; however theese things are not Sure until settn¹¹.⁴

¹ John Russell, fourth Duke of Bedford.

² George Grenville, author of the stamp act of March 22, 1765.

⁸ John Montagu, Earl of Sandwich, later first lord of the admiralty.

⁴ Septennial elections evidently.

] Chathum as appears maintains his ground. I am] the sinceerest Respect & attachement

> Dear Sir Your most obedient & most humble servant PETER HASENCLEVER

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GEORGE TURNBULL TO THOMAS GAGE

Extract

[Detroit, February 23, 1768]

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1] [] Michillimackinac [1 Indians of St Joseph I which was too true [] letters we have received from Traders at that Place, [1 that Rogers had been there l been often insulted by the Indians some Months, but [he determined to go and winter at Kikiki some days march to the Westward of St Joseph. That soon after his arrival there, he was knocked on the head, and all his goods plundered, The Inhabitants and Traders at St Joseph wants much to lay the blame on the Savages intirely who they say declared at a Council held at the House of one Louis Chevallier, that they would not suffer any English man to to come near the Place, We are informed that Major Rogers had Recommended his Namesake to said Chevallier, which perhaps he may imagine gives him Sufficient Authority to Counsel with Indians, if requires very little penetration to Trace the French Policy through every part of their Transactions, and they want to enhance the Trade to themselves if they can.-

The 7th Instant We Received Letters from some of [People at Miamis, acquainting us that one Hambach [formerly a Volunteer in the 1st Battⁿ 60th Reg^t was [that Place the 19th of Jan^{ry}: by five Potowatamies [

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¹ Lines burned off.

had lodged three or four days with [1 where his merchandise [j 1] ſ Traders that 1 Indians, there is a Possibility [come from some of the French [Service, who are certainly there [But it is as likely that the Inhabitants [had a Share in it, particularly Mr Che vallier made mention of before; he is a leading [Indians, and much Indebted to said [refused last Summer to come to Detroit [1 him.

TO GEORGE CROGHAN

$A. L. S.^{2}$

Johnson Hall Feby. 29th 1768

DEAR SIR

I am so circumstanced at present, that I have only time to acknowledge the receipt of y^r . Several letters of the 2^d , 7^{th} ., 17^{th} ., & 18^{th} . Ins^t \oplus Express, & to let You know that I shall answer them fully by the next Post, When I hope I shall be able to inform You of something favourable having been done at Home relative to my Department.

That no time may be lost at this Critical Juncture, I would have you dispatch a Message imediately to the Six Nations living along the Ohio, the Shawanese, Delawares, & Such other Tribes in that part of the Country as have had any of their People killed by ours since the Peace, to meet you at Fort Pitt as Soon as possible.

I expect a great Number of the Six Nations here in two Days,— Several of the Canada Indians have been attending some time, and a large Body from *thence*, are (by y^e. report

¹ Lines burned off.

² In Newberry Library, Chicago, Ill.

of two Runners yesterday Arrived) within a Days March of this place, So that I hope to open the Congress in two or 3 days, and shall finish as soon as I possibly can wth. propriety the consumption of provisions for such Numbers, and the difficulty of getting it being so great.

please to present my compliments to Messrs. Baynton & Wharton, and apologize for my not writing them now, & let them know I shall do myself the pleasure of answering their freindly & polite letters next Saturday.—

> I am Y^{rs} & W J —

G CROGHAN Esq^r.—

M^r. & M^{rs}. Prevost &ca are well, — I have got y^e Warr^t. of Survey for y^e Tract of y^e. Lakes, & shall get Fry to run it as soon as possible.— this Day the Election at Schenectady for a Member begins, and a thursday that at Albany, which also adds something to my trouble.

TO JOSEPH GALLOWAY

$Df.^1$

[Johnson Hall, February 29, 1768]

2] [Ass]embly for presents [of which I have Illoway, I think this a been likewise advised 11] much obliged to you for the opinion very seasonable] the application of it in which you may you Express in [] all be solely guided by my regard for the rest assured [] of the Province, at the same time I must interests and [observe from the prest. dispositⁿ. of the Ind^s. that no [1 or Gratification will Avail unless the conduct of the frontier]tants should change or that by a Vigorous Exertion of] restrained from Murders, Encroach-Sound Laws [

¹ In handwriting of Guy Johnson.

² Lines burned off.

ments & outrages in future, [] have some reason to hope will be the case from those Lately enacted. presence of Commissioners from Pensylvania would be very [ł to me upon this occasion, but many of the Indians being [alrea]dy arrived & the whole expected within 3, or 4 days at 1st it will be impossible to have them here in Sufthe [] happens luckily at this period that so great ficient [& Gen¹. a [congre]ss is to be held as it will enable me to assure] of the detestation your Government maniso many] & of their farther intentions to fests for such Acts [punish the Guilty Authors [] I shall take care to enlarge you have received, however I in a proper manner sho^d. Boat on the Ohio were not Murdered of the Six Nation Confederacy. But my regard [1 province, and my desire to apply its Money [promote the ends for which [] that altho' the Tribes and [] 1 appear to be [1] I] with a [] as the the rest will not attempt any [] 1 the whole Confederacy have been greatly [1 sometime past, which from the accots I Indians who are already come to this place [] particularly by the Murder of the Wh] 1 and therefore in their present disposition & from a [] of their power & Influence, I am of opinion that [be done towards preventing the effects of their r] we can more effectually convince them of the purity of [1 by our future Justice and good treatment for [1 & from my desire to more Effectually to Serve the [1 think that any sum less then £1300 Pen^a. Cur rency 1 much impression & therefore I have given direc 1 to that Ammount, which I shall deliver to such [] such manner, as will best conduce to the pro 1

¹ Lines burned off.

the Indians that your province is innocent, of [Individuals of which you are desirous to give them [The shortness of the time would not admit [Money for the purchase of the Pres[ent by the next opportunity and instruct [to Say to those in your Quarter [Sum may be given in Like [I shall [of my [

TO JOHN PENN

$Df.^2$

[Johnson Hall, Feb. 29, 1768]

1] E [1 the 18th inst. [] last met from the [] of £2500, was Voted for presents to the I] were pleased to make Subject to my Draughts.]plication of this money is a point in which the ſ] are concerned which I shall always interests of []mined since I am honored with the gladly promote [disposal of it to render [] effectual for the purposes it was granted on which I shall [] my real sentiments as its Sincere Welwisher and as the [] of my office requires. After thanking you for the Intimat^{ns}. you gave [1 sentments of the House.- First I must observe that altho' this] properly applied may prove of great Service at this I] the preventing of Murders and encroach-Iuncture [ments in future & remov^g [] ter as speedily as possible by

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¹ Lines burned off.

² In handwriting of Guy Johnson.

the help of good Laws []usly inforced will be the principal Security against the []ent of the Indians now at the highest pitch from repeated [] of ill treatment from Sundry persons in the Colonies.

] to the division of the Money I should remark I] Indians in your own Neighbourhood ought that [doubtless to [] are they dependants upon the Six Nations to whom [both in Numbers and interest and] considered as Guided by them, in all public Acts [particularly [the Senecas who?] are upwards of 1000 fighting Men. & have [] must be strongly exasperated at the] this occasion provided. I 1]

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but M^r Crog[

about Fort Pitt [

What I have observed arising from [] & disposition of the Indians & my desire [1 best Services on the occasion, I cannot think [] will Answer any purpose this Way, and I shall [] A present to that Ammount on behalf of the Prov[] accompany with every measure in my power for [] convincing them how much your Government dete] Cruelty, as well as your resolutions to prosecute & punish the [This present I purchase Myself as the Time will not [] drawing for it, but shall do so Shortly in the m[1 You may always rely on My best endeavors [] of

Pensylvania, and I shall be glad to hear from [You mention or on any occasion being always [Sir &ca

¹ Lines burned off.

TO PHILIP SCHUYLER

A. L. S.¹ Johnson Hall 29th. Feb^{ry} 1768

Sir/

An Express from Genr¹. Gage who Arrived here last night, left y^e. enclosed amongst a parcel of others, & went away about ten of the Clock in y^e. night. —

I take the first opertunity by one of the Philadelphia Expresses now returning to Send it You. —

Having been Yesterday informed of Your being unanimously requested to Serve as Member for the Citty & County by the Principal People of Albany, & of y^r. Acquiessence thereto. I have only to congratulate You thereupon & to assure You of my approbation of their Choice. & that I am Sir Y^r. Welwisher & verry Humble Serv^t.

W Johnson

PHILLIP SCHYLER² Esq^r.---

INDORSED: Sir W^M Johnson Feb: 29th 1768 N°. 989

FROM GEORGE CROGHAN

A. L. S.³

[Philla March the 1st 1768]

[DEER SIR]

[Sence I Wrote you] Last by Express [a Servant of M^r] Whartons from Fort pitt [brought Me] two Letters & packets of [Acounts &] vouchers from Co^{II} Cole which [I have] Ex-

³ Portions burned away are supplied from a copy made before the fire, printed in *Collections of the Illinois State Historical Library*, 16:178–81, ed. C. W. Alvord and C. E. Carter.

¹ In the New York Public Library, New York City.

² Philip Schuyler represented Albany county in the general assembly of 1768–69.

amined & find properly Certify^d [by Co^{ll}] Read amounting to neer £11000 p^{ds} [Co^{ll} Cole] Drue a Bill on Me fer the amount [w^h I] Did Nott Chuse to accept Butt tould M^r Wharton I wold Send y^e. Acounts & vouchers to y^r honor & Regust you to Send them [an] order on his Excelancy fer y^e. Mony [M^r] Wharton preposed to Send an Express [att] his Expence therefore I agreed to itt [I blive] they are in Great Want of Mony [and] will Write you by thire Express.

[I] find by Co^{II}. Coles Leters that he is [Nott] well plesed with Receiveing any [Instruc]tions from y^{T} honor threw My [hands and] I blive when you perruse his [Leters you] will be of my opinion & I Can ashure you when] I Wrote him Last Sumer [by y^{T} honours orders] I Did itt with Great [Causion & Respect the I find he has Taken itt amiss its True I Did Inform him that the Gineral thought his Last March Acounts very High & beg^d of him] to Lesen the Expence [fer the futer if posable] w^h I think I had in Charge [from your honour.]

I Must therefere Requst the [feaver of you] what Ever orders you May have [to Send Co^{ll}] Cole for the futer that you will [Write him] your Self as I Blive he thinks I [am Makeing] Myself two busey in his Depertment.

I Sent to Co^{II} Cole one Barnay [Boner and Boner and] his Man two Gunsmiths by y^r hon[ers orders] and thire touls follow^d them Last [Sumer tho] Co^{II} Cole Complains they were Nott [arived] and I observe that Co^{II} Cole has Nott [Made] any Charge in his acounts fer [thire Salery] w^h was to be $\pounds 100$ Ster^g \Re anum So [that unless] your Honer will att thire pay to [M^r Coles] abstract I Supose I must Louse y^e. [Mony] as I am ingag^d fer itt if y^r honer [think itt] will be Regular to att thire pay [plese to order] itt into M^r Whartons hands with [the Rest.]

I have Received a Leter from [M^r M^cKee a Copy] of w^h I inclose you by w^h [you will See what] a Noise the Murder & Scalping [the Ten Indians by] Stump & Servant [has Made to the Westwerd] I Raly begin [to fear the Consequence. the Dallaway & Shannas I know to be a proud & hasty pople Rash & Inconsideratt whare they aperehend themselves Insulted and thire is No prospect of] this Government [being able to give] them thet Satisfaction [w^h Might] Convince them that this Murder [was Nott] Commited with Desine fer the [perbetraters] of itt is Nott Likely to be [brought] to Justus, and I fear it will [Nott be] a Small Expence that will Make them an attonment in presents.

I Expect your honors orders very Soon [to go] to fort pitt and am att a Loss [how to] act, I am Sencable on this [ocation] if I am to Call y^e Indians together [they] will bring as Great a Number as [they] posably Can unless they Determine [to] attend a Meeting of thire own which [they] Cartainly have in agitation & if that [Meeting] Takes place I fair Hostilitys will [be the] Consequences.

the Expence of y^r honors Depertment [att the Dif]erant posts has been So High [that I am] Determind to Make None on [my part Butt] Such as you & y^e. Gineral [thinks absoulatly] Nesery & unavoidable [and Requst orders on] that Head by the [Return of this Express and Instructions fer My Conduct & in purticklor what I am to Do Should thire own meeting] Take place [before I gett to Fort pitt.]

after I parted your honor [Last fall after our] Return from the New England [bath I Ingag^d] G: franklin Gov penn M^r peters & [M^r Gallaway &] others to Write to thire frends in [England to] use thire Intrest with the Ministrey [to adopt] the Gineral boundry & Send y^r honour [orders to] Confirm & Ratifye itt. w^h they have [Don Lord] Shelburn agrees & See y^e. utility of itt [So Dose Lord] Clair (with this objection that he Dose [nott know where] the mony will Come from to pay the [Expence as he] Says itt may Cost £100.000 p^{ds}) they [have hunted] all the offises & Cant find one Leter [from y^r] honor that Menshons one word [about itt.] Lord Shelburn Says had you Recommended [itt] in any of y^r Leters that orders wold [have been] Sent you by the Decem^{br}. packitt. Inclos^d [I send] you abstracts of two Leters from old M^r. [franklin]

to M^r Gallaway & M^r Tho. Wharton on [the Subject] Shurly M^r Pownal Could Nott [have Supresst y^r] Leters I know he Neaver was [fond of the plan.]

I am Sir with Great [Respect y^r honors] Most [obedient & Most Humble Servant]

[GEO: CROGAN.]

To the Hon^{ble} [Sir William Johnson Barr^t]

[PS. I aply^d to M^r Peters & Requested he wold Consult Governor Penn & fix the Sume w^h they preposed to pay] the Six Nations [for the Lands] which the Conistoga [Indians] Lived on when the Ware Murdred [as your] honor Desierd Butt have Nott [had any] answer on that Head therefore [I supose] they have or will write you [on] the Subject themselves. G: C:

INDORSED: [Philadelphia March 1st 1768 M^r Croghans Letter # Express rec^d 13th] Ansrd 14th 1768

FROM ISAAC VROOMAN AND OTHERS

A. L. S.

[Schenectady, Mar. 1, 1768]

1 l 1 has gained the E lectady. What I Sir John] & Capt] acknowledgment for the iminint [Johnson have performed towards [] End². The Cause of the public the Cause of [] this Township unacknowledged by M^r Schermerhorn³ [] the event of this Election strictly dependant. We [] to assure you Hond Sir that your espousal of our [] we sincerely beleive to be that of the public) will always [] minds the highest sense of the obligation, which we shall [] our abilities do

¹ Lines burned off.

² The election of Jacobus Mynderse to the assembly.

⁸ Ryer Schermerhorn, of Schenectady.

extend be on every occasion ready to testify [] to requit & remain

Hon^d Sir

Your most obedient & very humble Servants

Isaac Vrooman	Daniel Campbell
John Sanders	Tobyus Ten Eyck
Jacobus Mynderse	Abraham Fonda
Jacobus Van Slyck	Necolaes van petten
Gerret A Lansingh	Harmanus Bradt
JNº B V Eps	Samuel A. Ooth
Joseph Yates	Frereck Van Petten

ADDRESSED:

To

Hond Sir

Your most obedient & very humble Servants

CREAN BRUSH'S RECEIPT TO JOHN WETHERHEAD

A. D. S.

[]ved from M^r. Wetherhead the sum of Eleven pounds
 [] shillings, for the Receiver General's fees on
 []tificates of Michael Byrne & others, & John
 [Brackan]. New York 2^d March 1768.

Crean Brush

FROM THOMAS B. CHANDLER

A. L. S.¹

Elizabeth-Town March 4th. 1768

Sir.

Your most obliging Letter of Dec^r. 5th. with which You condescended to honor me, came to hand about a Month after its Date; and nothing can excuse my neglecting so long to acknowledge my Receipt of it, but the Impropriety of writing before I

¹ In Library of Congress, Washington, D. C.

had seen your Letter to D^r. Auchmuty, to which You was pleased to refer me. This Pleasure I was not able to obtain untill within a few Days, when I made a Visit to my Friends in New-York.

I am unable to express the strong Obligations all the Friends of an American Episcopate are under, to so generous a Benefactor — to so respectable and powerful a Patron of its Cause. Notwithstanding all the great Things You have done, in another Way, for this Country, I am fully persuaded that none of the Actions of your Life will render your Name more venerable and amiable to Posterity, than this Princely Donation. True Greatness of Mind and Excellence of Character are more certainly discovered in substantial Acts of Generosity and Benevolence, than in the pompous and glittering Exploits of an Heroe and Conqueror.

It gives me the utmost Pleasure to find that the *Appeal* meets with the Approbation of so good a Judge, and, while You so warmly espouse the *Cause* of an American Episcopate, that You are not dissatisfied with the *Manner* in which it has been defended in my Pamphlet. I have always been of Opinion that a cool and dispassionate Manner of treating any Subject, is the best — and I have always been of Opinion, that the most unexceptionable Manner of writing will not satisfy or solence an unreasonable Party. In this latter Opinion I am likely to be confirmed by fresh Evidence.

A general Clamour and Combustion is now making by the Dissenters of the City of New-York and some of the Counties, in Order to prepare the Way for the ensuing Election. The *Appeal* is made the grand Engine of this Mischief, which is alledged as a Proof that a general Plot has been laid by the Church People to erect an Episcopal Tyranny in this Country, and to force from the Dissenters the Tithes of their Estates. And the Cry of *no Bishops* is sounded forth as loudly, by the Managers of the Party, as it ever was by their Predecessors in the Mother-Country. It is to no Purpose to deny the Charge, and to refer to the *Appeal* for the Proof of it; since the Body of the



REV. DR THOMAS B. CHANDLER



Dissenters are determined not to read it, and to believe as best suits the Turn. But, with all their Arts, they will probably fail in the Business of the Election.

In Order to keep up this Spirit of Opposition to the Church, a general Attack upon the Appeal is projected, in which the ablest Hands are to be employed. A Pamphlet is already published against it in Philadelphia, which I have not yet seen --another is gone to the Press in Boston¹— a third, I am told, is going forward in Connecticut - one is also said to be prepared in New York - and besides all this, I am threatened with a weekly Paper, the Publication of which will probably commence after the Election. I am not in the least terrified with these Threatenings. I think I can deal with all their Reasonings and Arguments; and as to their Railings &c, I am determined to give myself no Concern about what every innocent & honest Man ought to despise. When they begin to publish, I shall put out an Advertisement to the Public, assigning the Reasons for which I chuse not to engage in a weekly Altercation, but at the same Time giving Assurances, that when I see the Amount of the whole, not a single Argument shall escape me, and if I cannot shew its Weakness, I will confess its Force. In the Defence, I am resolved to maintain the same good Temper, with which I sat out in the Appeal.

I ask Pardon for breaking in upon You with so lengthy an Epistle, and beg Leave to subscribe, with great Truth and Sincerity, Sir

> Your most respectful much obliged and very obedient Servant THOMAS B. CHANDLER

SIR W^M. JOHNSON, Bar^t. INDORSED: Elizabeth Town March 4th. 1768 Doctor Chandlers Letter rec^d the

6th June at Fishers Island.

¹ Dr Charles Chauncy, pastor of the First Church in Boston, was the author of a pamphlet in opposition to Dr Chandler's views.

FROM FRANCIS WADE

A. L. S.

Philada, 4th, March 1768

I have taken the liberty of writeing several [you within these six months past and hav Ì so fortunate as to be fav'd with an answer [] 1 I Can no longer atribute to miscarriage of my [the last I deliver'd to the particular Care [] 1 person going your way, I am Extreamly Unhapy [at a loss to Account for your long silence [ling able to Charge myselfe with hav^g. done [ling to draw on me your displeasure

I am fully sensible of the many favours Im your hands and always thought myselfe 1 to have it in my power to make a return] to my Earnest desires, I Cannot at pres^t] the Cause of so great a Change towards me] it proceeds from a missrepresentation of] Character & Conduct - I defie any person] to Charge me with Ingratitude or disresp^t.] any of your famely, on the Contrary it lys my greatest pleasure to have it in 1 to serve you & them since the first time] the honour of your Acquaintance and] I have always discharg'd the trust Ifaction, hav^g never before] to meet with so much of 1 Conduct which I would fain hope is not the Case being [1] goodness on other Occasions as well] I have always Endeav'd to Act on [motives, which if I have been so unfortunate [1

I

I

short off must hope for your future []
to inform me wherein I have offended []
pointed out to me may be the means of []
myselfe in such a manner as to regain you []
This I most Earnestly request []
the great reason to Exspect from your []
on all Occasions hitherto in serving the []
the more Emboldend to make this resquest []
readiness on many other Occasion to for []
offences, & much more so as I am at the []
loss Immaginable to know in what ma[]
have offered, on the whole I shall Esteem it []
the greatest favours youl gratifie me in []
request which shall always be Esteem'd and []
fav ^r Confer'd on	

Dear Sir

Your Welwish^r. & most oblig'd [FRAN[

Sir Will[™]. Johnson

ADDRESSED: To The Honble Sir W^m. Johnson Barn^t.

> at Johnson Hall

PROCEEDINGS OF A PEACE CONGRESS

In Doc. Rel. to Col. Hist. N. Y., 8:38-53, is an account of Johnson's proceedings, March 4-12, at Johnson Hall, with Indians, including the Six Nations, Caghnawageys and the seven confederate nations of Canada and deputies sent by the Cherokees to conclude peace with northern nations.

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TO GEORGE CROGHAN

 $Df.^1$

[Johnson Hall, Mar. 5, 1768]

] in hope by [

1] wrote you more fully

²]

] coming in so fast ever since, that I

vent] ure to write these few Lines and inclose your

] for Meeting the Indians at Fort Pitt. There are

] above 700 including 17 Chiefs from Canada,] I opened the Congress, from which I have reason

1 that the Peace will be well settled with the Cherokees & the Indilans sent home in a much better temper than they] out.

I have heard from & answered L^t Gov^r. Penn and] Galloway & Shewn them that £1300, is the Least can be ſ given [] Indians here on behalf of the Province, which Sum would [] made but a Small figure had they not been called] business,-Those Ind^s. who are Inferior to & dependdown [] Six Nations, would not undertake any publick Act ant [] the privity & consent of the Majority particularly of [the Senec]as, who are not a little enraged at the Loss of the White [Mingo³. The] remainder you can Lay out to the best advantage [] Wharton as you desire he having goods at Fort Pitt, [] the Gov^r. & Speaker that you sho^d. dispose of the remain^g £1200 [] for a present for the Tribes in [

] subject I w^d. write you, as you will find in y^r. Instructions] them Gents who ought to be at Liberty to send Commis^{rs} [

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¹ In handwriting of Guy Johnson.

² Lines burned off.

³ Kanághoragait.

[Indians to be particular in the Ceremonys ĺ] acquaint them with 1] with an Accot of the [Majestys intire approbation of [] to Indian affairs I Last transmitted [1 concerning the Boundary Line by next Pacquet. The Traders Petition wh] with those before in my hands, I shall Ans 1 present hurry is over.

TO THOMAS GAGE

$Df.^2$

[Johnson Hall, Mar. 5, 1768]

1]

] brot me yr favr of

] the 22^d ulto. with the

] and also a Letter from Lord Shelburne

] the receipt of my last with some remarks and] proposed for my Department which have been honored

[] Majesty's approbation, and his Lordship assures me that [] receive by next Pacquet Instructions for settling the boundary to which end he directs me to give the Indians notice [] they may be in readyness in the spring. The Nature of this boundary he has not Explained, that which was formerly desired [] mentioned to me by the Ministry was That measures should [] taken with the Consent & concurrence of the Indians to Ascertain a fixed boundary for the Lands to be reserved to them, & where no settlement whatever should be allowed, on this I sounded the Indians who agreed to it, and they were promised a Very handsome return for what they

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¹ Lines burned off.

² In Guy Johnson's handwriting.

should give up to the Province [In] this Light the Matter has been hitherto understood, should it [] otherwise from his Lordship Letter to you I must beg to [] with the particulars Least on calling them together [] meet with an unexpected disappointment.

[Amongst] the sev¹. reports concerning Stump, one is that] rescued him have since enabled him to make his I] of that Government, these lawless men will ſ] that at Last nothing but Military force ſ] Province has Voted £2500 for Condoling ſ] committed therein part of which [ſ 1 | Pennsylvania ſ 1] ſ This []] whose request [] were so sullen that [out of their head, they omitted per [forming² when they came to answer me, a Circumstance [trifling in appearance is nevertheless a well [1 discontent and dissatisfaction by those acqua]] However this day In consequence of a private [their Chiefs to whom I spoke on that occasion [] and performed that Ceremony which they had [] I have forwarded your Pacquet for Ontario by [that for Niagara, by another, both trusty hands []

One Express would not undertake it as Oswego is [out of the Way as they are now obliged to travel.

² They omitted the ceremony of taking the axe out of heads of the English. See Doc. Rel. to Col. Hist. N. Y., 8:40-41.

¹ Lines burned off.

TO MAYOR OF SCHENECTADY

$Df.^1$

[Johnson Hall, Mar. 5, 1768]

ľ 2] ſ] am glad to find [m any persons Gentlemen of that place [] Son in Law] upon that occasion. have been instrumental thereto [Any cause wherein the real interests of that Township] rights of its Inhabitants is concerned shall [ſ 1 meet with such countenance as I can give it, from my good] its prosperity.— ſ

] My Son and Son in Law, return you their best thanks] polite notice which you have taken of their conduct in

] Election and I remain with much Esteem,

Gentlemen,

Your most Obed^t. humble Servt

TO JOHN WATTS

$Df.^1$

[Johnson Hall, Mar. 5, 1768]

²] I] Of December, or not, I [1 accot of mine agt that province E l can add the £5 which I advanced the Farmers] are Still here, & Yesterday I opened the [congress with up]wards of 700 of the Six Nations & Some Chiefs from] I believe that they will agree to a peace with the] I don't know as yet what to say as to our Southern [] mention of the Onondaga Chiefs declara-Affairs, as [tions that the [] Delawares, &ca were as much against

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¹ In handwriting of Guy Johnson.

² Lines burned off.

the 6 Nations as the [ple] 'tis' all a Sham invented to throw it off one Nation upon [] for these Ind^s. are both dependant upon & much inferior [] Nations, and indeed the whole have been for some time past [l under the utmost discontent, and forming Plans for revenge [1 the late barbarous Murder of the Ten Indians in Pennsylvania] greatly encreased That Province has Voted £2500 give] the Ind^s. on the part of that Governhalf of w'ch [ment after Condoling [] Losses, but I have reason to think that they are not to [] contented, nor can they be thoroughly persuaded that [] on their Lands, and the many late Murders would [un]punished unless we had a Gen¹. design agt their Lives & [] that every offender would not have escaped in a [] Laws and Government if it was the act of an [] good Laws are now passed in Pennsylvania & [] that he is doing all he can to appre-] I fear that the persons who hend those [I protecting or concealing [] 1] L

FROM JOHN WETHERHEAD

A. L. S.

[New York, Mar. 5, 1768]

¹]] this Week] fresh packed which] for Cash which is £73] will I have likewise put on bourd him] M^r Collison have sent you 2 lb fine dutch] for not having Sent it Sooner—all the] on board Pemberton — Your Patents are not] three will be done this Week as I got the Warrants

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¹ Lines burned off.

I] fryday last from the Governor, they have nothing] finish them as expeditiously as they Can & as Mr Kempe I 1 thing else to do & is a very industrious Man there will be [] but at All the other publick offices they are a pack of ſ] or else they delay in order to pick your Pockets of ſ Money — I have paid £11.12 for the 2 Warrants ſ] for Im since imagining it was an Imposition, which I [] it was generally allowed, I thought it would be but [best to pay it [] a good deal Surprisd Mr Roberts does not pay me, I have [depended upon your Letters, which I mentiond to you [l shoud be glad you woud be pleasd to write the Generale [1 necessary, in order that Roberts may be moved to pay [] in this to you with great Freedom, because I am Sure [] take it amiss---] been & still am anxious to hear from you having heard] violent Attack of your Disorder, I flatter, l [] well again, which I assure you is the sincere] Your most obliged Hble Servant [John Wetherhead To ADDRESSED: the Honorable Sir William Johnson Bart Johnson Hall by Capt Pemberton

TO SAMUEL WHARTON

$Df.^1$

[Johnson Hall, March 5, 1768]

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]ledging the receipt

] of the 18th ult^o. I am] have so happily extricated yourself out of

which your Losses in Trade had involved you

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¹ In Guy Johnson's handwriting.

² Lines burned off.

] that within the Time alloted you will be able I] advantagious returns from your Indian Trade I] Have been advised by Mr Galloway, & since by the Gov^r ſ] which was Voted for Condoling with the Indians & ſ ling them to your province, on this Subject I answered both ſ] Gentlemen and observed that £1300 was the least which could [1 in a present this Way as the Tribes in your Quarter are much [infer]ior in Numbers and Importance to the six Nations on whom they [] dependant, and without whose advice they will not undertake [] publick act against your Frontiers particularly without that [1 Senecas, who have lost some of their Nation in the late bloody] are proud, resentfull, Lukewarm to us and have been] Chief cause of the late Indian War.-considered [] provided the present, and now send Instructions to [Mr Croghan] respecting his condolance at Fort Pitt and direct-] the remain^g £1200, in a present for that purpose ing [] as to leave it in his power to take up these Goods] less he will, & I have ment^d. it in my Leter seeing you have a Cargo, at that [ob]liged to you for your offers of Negotiating the [1 time was so short, Great part of the [] obliged to take the present up on my own Credit [] the commiss^{rs}. [1] I] that [of my represen 1 will send me this [1]

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Yesterday I opened [the congress? and more are coming in, I am hopeful [much desired by the Cherokees, & also to [undertaking any thing rash in consequence [Cruelty, by a proper disposition of the pres[your Province, and the Steps I shall take to [Conduct and sentiments in the most advantag[

¹ Lines burned off.

and I think it Lucky that the [to be here to meet the Cherokee Deputys, for [down on purpose on the Province accot £1300 [Little figure or impression on them.

FROM JOHN BLAIR¹

A. L. S.²

Williamsburg March 10th. 1768.

Sir William

Yesterday I received your Letter of Jany. 8th. to our late worthy Lieutenant Governor³ (who departed this Life the 2^d. Instant) which I laid before the Council this day who advised me to lay it together with General Gage's Letter, before our Assembly who are to meet on Thursday the 31st. Instant for their Consideration of what we can do to disposses these bold opposers of the Kings Proclamation and all Orders of Government here in consequence thereof. I am likewise to send you a Power under our Seal as you desire, desired to transact with the Indians under your Department at the General Congress to be held this Summer of all the Matters of their Complaints, and we desire you will assure them that this Government are resolved to keep the Chain of Freindship with them ever bright, and to do them strict Justice to the utmost of our power in punishing their unjust Offenders when they can be apprehended and duely convicted of their Offence.

I am likewise to acquaint you that I have just received a Letter from Lord Shelburne with his Majesty's Orders to run the Boundary Line between us and the Indian hunting Grounds, of which Letter I now inclose you a true Copy, as it was read in Council today. You will perceive that we are directed to ap-

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¹ President of the council and commander-in-chief of Virginia.

² In the New York Public Library, New York City.

³ Francis Fauquier, lieutenant-governor of Virginia, 1758–68, died in March, 1768.

point Commissioners and no doubt Surveyors &c. for that Service, in conjunction with your Self and Mr. Stewart Superintendent of Indian Affairs in the Southern Department, to whom I send another Copy of his Lordships Letter on this Occasion that you may consider together of a proper time for this Service which requires all possible dispatch. We think too (if you approve of it) it may be necessary that you bring some of the head Men of the Indians concerned to Witness the Just Performance. Upon timely notice of your determination we will be ready with our Commissioners &c. to go upon the Service; but we are under a great difficulty how rightly to understand his Majesty's Orders, As to our begining at Colo. Chiswell's Lead Mines there is no difficulty; but as Pensylvania runs considerably more Westward than Maryland does, we are at great uncertainty where to End our Line, nor do we know what Course it will be: but the Point for Ending it being known, we must set off by guess and by two or more Lines without marking, compute the true Course and then begin again and run and mark the true Course so found.

I am Sir

Your most Obedient humble Servant JOHN BLAIR

P. S.

perhaps you can clear up our doubt where to End our Line which we hope is at the South West Corner of Pensylvania.

FROM JAMES CUSICK

A. L. S.

[Schenectady, 10] March 1768

[] Sir

The Gentlemen & Traders of this Town is so Good as to tell me The will Write to New York to General Gage To Supply

them With Carriages and keep the Sluices in good Order at Fort Stanwix as the have been Detained very Lately Much in there Passages Backwards & forwards Sqire Camble & M^r Farrel in Perticular, As M^r Farrels Father is In New York and Know him to be a good friend of mine he will do to the Utmost of his Power for me

Sr

if you will be so Good as to Give me a few Lines to General Gage I think You will Make me a man [] more as Long as I Live [] God sake Help me with a few Lines [] General Gage Knows me Very Well [] will not be Backward with [] be so kind it [1]

FROM ABRAHAM VAN EPS

A. L. S.

Coghnawago Mar 12th 1768

Hon^d S^r.

Have an inclination to Sell my Land or part of Lot number one — There is two or three men has a mind to buy Sum part of my Shere — But I Dont chuse To do it without Giving You the first offer of it — for it Lays Verry Convainunt for You And if You woul chuse to purches all my Part I would Let it go to You Sheaper of [] hundred pounds then to any one Else hope Youl Answer me with the Bearer

> I am And Remain Your Humble Serv^t. Авганам Van Eps

ADDRESSED: To The Honrable S^r. William Johnson att Johnson Hall

¹ Lines burned off.

FROM THE EARL OF HILLSBOROUGH

In Doc. Rel. to Col. Hist. N. Y., 8:35–36, is a letter of March 12th from the Earl of Hillsborough on the boundary line, affairs in Johnson's department that are to be arranged, Chabert Joncaire's treacherous behavior, Rogers' bad conduct, and a map whereon is delineated the boundary proposed by the board of trade. This map is shown in a copy opposite to p. 30 of the above-named volume.

FROM THOMAS GAGE

A. L. S.¹

New York March 13th 1768

DEAR SIR,

I have been favored with your Letters of the 18^{th} : and 28^{th} : Feb^{ry} and 5^{th} : of March. It's said, but by what authority I can't tell except the Agent of this Province who writes it, that the Appointment of the new Government is for the present laid aside.

The Money you desire will be paid Lieu^t. Roberts and Managed in the Manner you point out to me. Captain Maturin had the Voucher for the Sum paid at Fort Pitt, and has transcribed the same to you by the hands of M^r. Croghan.

With respect to the Reasons given by the Traders for discharging Major Roger's Draughts, I can't admit them to be valid, No man will give Money or Goods for Bills unless he thinks, or is made to believe, that the Person who draws them is empowered so to do, and the Same Reason may be given for Paying the Bills drawn by every Commander or Commissary at any of the Posts, who shall be wicked enough to defraud the Government, and such an Example would encourage all the Traders to advance them, to an unlimited Credit.

Your Letter of 28th. Feb^{ry}. only acknowledges the Receipt of the Letters sent you by Express from hence.

I now come to your Letter of the 5th. of March and that you

¹ In Harvard College Library, Cambridge, Mass.

may be exactly informed of what Lord Shelburne wrote to me concerning the Boundary I transmit you an Extract from his Letter relating thereto. His Lordship says the running of a Boundary Line between the Several Provinces which have not vet compleated it, and the Indian hunting Grounds. From hence I have concluded that those Provinces who have not yet done it, should do it in the same Manner as those who have compleated it. Georgia, South and North Carolina, are the only Provinces who have yet fixed their Boundarys, but I have not heared of any Gratuity given by the Crown to the Indians for any Tracts they may have yielded at the Settling of said Boundarys. Nor do I imagine that the Crown means any more should be done in this respect, when the other provinces who have hitherto neglected it shall fix their Several Boundarys. But that certain Limits should be fixed by Mutual agreement. I understand that the Indians allow the Province of Pensylvania to extend some Miles West of the Ohio, but The Lands between the furthermost Settlements and the Ohio being yet unpurchased, they are not to be Settled till they are purchased Now if all the Lands still unpurchased within the Limits allowed by the Indians to belong to Pensylvania are to be purchased. The Ouere is, who is to pay for them at the settling of the Boundary? If the Crown admits Mr. Penn's Claim, it is not reasonable to suppose she will make the Purchase and make M^r. Penn a Present of the Lands, and M^r. Penn as far as I have heared, but it's only Hearsay, never designed more than to purchase those Lands by Degrees, as fast as he should find means of Settling them. And as for the other Provinces it was much in the same way. Particulars petitioned to purchase Lands of the Indians tho' within the allowed Limits of the Provinces. Private People always became the Purchasers, I know no Instance except at first settling of a Province, where the Crown has purchased any large Tracts. And I always conceived the Intent of the general Boundary was, that the Indians were to fix the Point to which they allowed the Jurisdiction of each Province to extend, beyond which, they would not suffer any Purchases to be made, but reserve all beyond it to themselves and Posterity. That the unpurchased Lands within the Limits were to remain unsettled as their Property till they should be purchased and to be sold by them as People should purchase them.

I only give you the Ideas I had formed of the Intention in drawing these Boundary Lines. If you have received Accounts more clear and explicit, whereby the Crown intended to purchase at once all the unpurchased Lands belonging to the Indians to the Points that shall be agreed upon, as the Limits of the Several Provinces, you must certainly be right in your Conjectures on this Subject.

I have heared nothing Since my last worth Communicating. There are Letters lately arrived at Philadelphia from Fort Pitt, but I hear of Nothing Material from thence.

I am with great Regard,

Dear Sir,

your most obedient humble Servant, THO^s. GAGE

Sir W^M. Johnson Bar^t.

INDORSED: New York March 13th. 1768

General Gages Letter

FROM DRAPER S'N WOOD

A. L. S.

Albany 13 March 1768

Sir.

On Receipt of your Letter of the first Inst which I received on the 4th of the same I immediately applied to Capt Schylor D Q M Gen for six Wag as I cou'd spare six Load of Provisions since which time no Wag^s he has sent to me he says they cou'd not be got I have also wrote presingly to York for more provisions as we have but little heord I am with Profound Respect Sir

Your Most Obedient Humble Servant

Draper S^N Wood

D Commissary

INDORSED:

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Comy of Provisions

TO THOMAS GAGE

$Df.^1$

[Johnson Hall, March 14, 1768]

[2] [] pleasure of writing to you [] of the Indians with whom I have [] maters, I shall as soon as I get rid of them all inclose you the principal parts [] proceedings from which You will See that they have [been thorough]ly discontented, and I heartily wish that they may [thor]oughly satisfied. —

What I had formerly said to them as well my private [after their last arrival has induced them to agree to [a pea]ce with the Cherokees & they have Subscribed to an [lment on parchment to be deposited with me as a Testimony [after having gone thro' all their own Forms on that [lon. The number of the Ind^s. present was 760, besides which [T have come here Since amongst whom were some of the [Ins of those lately murdered in Pennsylvania the news of [1 reached the 6 Nations on their way to this place, and had very] them to return home on this occasion I condoled nigh [

¹ In handwriting of Guy Johnson.

² Lines burned off.

] behalf of the publick in general & afterwith them [wards on that of []vania in particular, and having informed them of the Laws they had [1 that Province for removing encroachments and of the other Steps [1 taking for their redress, I at last brought them to be better I tho' I apprehend they are not fully satisfied in their Minds [] the last Murder will be an Introduction to what] suggested, especially as they had heard of the Rescue 1 l Joined to those I held in public to the present [J 1]] &ca since Six Nations 1 on Ohio [I took care to [Light to them,---I have been So hurried [] with their many demands, discourses &ca [that I have only time at present to add that [1 TO JOSEPH GALLOWAY $Df.^2$ [Johnson Hall, Mar. 1, [14?] 1768] ſ 1 I l since my last to] congress being now ended I Judge 1 a few Lines on that Subject, tho' the

] trouble which they give previous to their

] and the necessary pacquets which must be prepared] delay will not permit me to be particular.

The Northern Indians have at Length given peace to the Cherokees []pied Some days of the Congress, the re-

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¹ Lines burned off.

² In handwriting of Guy Johnson.

publlick and private Conferences and mainder was spent in condoling with them [] reconciling them to the Late Murders &ca committed in [Pen]sylvania My public Trans-] their Chiefs have at actions & private discourses [Length produced as good an effect as [had any reason to hope for, and I believe that they will take [no] rash Steps in Consequence thereof provided care is taken [ł to remove any remaining Grievances and prevent [l like for the time to come, otherwise their engagements cannot 1 on. As the Spirit of resentment will take fire with I] it receives hereafter from the discontent they disthe [] the late Act of Cruelty, Such deeds tho' they covered [] being seldom forgotten by persons of their may [disloposition who at bottom apprehend the ſ] with some difficulty (considering my Worst things [] an Extract to L^t Gov^r Penn, of the present [] Transactions relative to the affairs I] him for £1300 - the I] best manner l 1] ſ

FROM JOHN WETHERHEAD

A. L. S. [New York, March 14, 1768]]] M^r Roberts tells Me he has]] power to get your 2 Patents] but in Vain, the Drafts were immediately] attorney Generales Clerk, but it Seems Mr Duane] to transact all kinds of Business of this sort by] before the patents are engrossed, there is to be a

¹ Lines burned off.

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] Copy from Duane that they are just & right, but Mr ſ] has been so very busy from Monday to fryday Night ſ] the Election that He has not had an Opportunity here [of examing [] drafts over till Saturday & that is the Sole] which I hope you will excuse, for I am Cause of his [] shoud imagine the Delay is owing really uneasy least [to Some Negligence in our [] which I assure you upon my ling to Mr Duane's Honor is not the Case; but is wholly [not examing the Dfts of the Patents before [I believe] tha it will be the best way for me to putt them in a little Box send] them by Pemberton or Van Allen who both sail ſ] great Seal is to be put to them, they this Week for [will be too bulky for [] press to take up — We have hed the Strangest piece of work with Our Election

] knew - I Suppose you have heard that Scott was a] by the Whole presbyterian Party, the Candidate [] Dutch English Scotch partys Seceeders,¹ & the Assisted by his 2 Brothers [] Smith² & Livingston,³ with all their Influence; Every lowlive [] scheme was made use of in Scotts favour when everything [] in an alarm that there was an Intention of [] that Scott & nobody but him coud prevent it, his [] the End they proposed, that it Spirited the [] them their Disapointment in] other Schemes full as improper I] enemies but [1 ſ 4] I]]]] by [from a Dangerous [Influence which I am pretty con [l

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In Short the Lawyers are nonsuited [egregiously outwitted themselves & may [

⁴ Lines burned off.

¹ A sect of the Presbyterian Church.

² William Smith.

³ William Livingston.

Same Opposition & Spirit against them; I dont [the people in generale look as if they had got into [1 or rather, as if they had got quit of Fetters, by which they [1 Chaind down by fear of opposing any Schemes which those [1 bears, Mess Smith, Scott & Livingston, took it into their] Through in this City; On the Other Hand Heads [you cant conceive th[] in the Countenances of them-1 confounded & selves & their party, they hang th ashamed & I hope, nay I am pretty confident [1 reputable part of the People here, will Very Soon associate 1 them in their present humiliating Circumstances -----I I have at last met with a Negro Wench who will [1 Suit you very well, but £70 is the price of her, her Child [1 ¹ with, if you are willing to give So much [1 is you woud let me know by return of the post; She Can Cook 1 Any kind of House Work & has really a very good L 1 Can find deserves it well; the Sole Reason her Charac] is because she breeds too fast — Master [My Wife joins me in best Respects to you [I 1

I shall be Glad to receive your Agreable Commands [Truth —

> Sir Your most Obed^t JOHN [WETHERHEAD]

TO THE EARL OF SHELBURNE

In the Johnson Calendar, p. 390, is listed a letter of March 14th to the Earl of Shelburne, expressing gratification at the King's approval, relating the murder of 10 Indians in Pennsylvania and treating the subject of Indian relations and the projected boundary (printed in *Doc. Rel. to Col. Hist. N. Y.*, 8:36–38). Much injured by fire. On the same page is a letter of the 14th to the lords of trade, reporting the murder of 10 Indians by an inhabitant of Pennsylvania, the congress with 760 Indians, the peace between the Six Nations and Cherokees and steps toward fixing a boundary between Indians and settlements (printed in *Doc. Rel. to Col. Hist. N. Y.*, 8:53–54). Injured by fire.

¹ Illegible.

JAMES DOWNE'S RECEIPT TO JOHN WETHERHEAD

A. *D*.

[] 5th Marc]h 1768 of M^r. John Wetherhead the Sum [] due to John Tabor Kempe Esq^r. as [attorney general¹] of New York for a Draft of Letters [Patent to John Brackan for 280 acres of¹] Land in the County of Albany

JAMES DOWNE'S RECEIPT TO JOHN WETHERHEAD

A. *D*.

[15th March 1768] of Mr. John Wetherhead the Sum [of £54] Fees due to John [Tabor Kempe ²]

TO JOHN PENN

Df^3

[Johnson Hall, March 15, 1768]

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] I have had the Congress ſ] and I have the pleasure to l] the pains I took amongst the Indians I] has produced a more favorable disposition in [ſ 1 than before, which is as Much as I could possibly] to remove their discontent totally when we consider ſ 1 Nature & Number of their Grievances was more than Ŧ] done, nor cant it be expected 'till they Expericould [ence the change in us,--- I inclose you that part of the proceedings which relates to the affair in your Province the rest containing

¹ Words supplied from the Johnson Calendar.

 $^{^{2}}$ The patent was to Michael Byrne and 17 others for 18000 acres of land.

³ In Guy Johnson's handwriting.

] proceedings on behalf of the Cherokees having no Ł Connection [] it.— The disagreeable news of the late Murder reached the] Nations on their way hither as well as that the Mur-L I rescued, which had Like to have occaderers had [] on their arrival their discontent sioned them to return [] affair was considered by was but too Visible, and [1 which their them as an Introduction to something Natural Jealousy has long caused them to [l but the pains I took in private with the Chiefs to whom [Ined the Acts lately passed by the Province & the Steps [] where taking for the future prevention of Murders 1 together with the Light in which I placed the ſ] Province, produced as good an effect as I l] and brought them in the end to a] I am hopefull they 1]] The Number [besides which 70 [1 to the deceased, these [1 laid out the Sum intended in such pres their Wants it has proved a very agreable [I now draw on you in favor of the Ammount being and Suppose that [] this time enabled to proceed to Fort Pitt agreable [1 I have sent him to treat with the Ind^s. in that Qu[arter to put a period to that disagreable business which [1 to the utmost of my power & Influence to conclude [1 manner for the peace of the province.-I am so hurried at this time in sending of the Cherokee Delegates by the way of Fort Pitt & [

large Number of the Six Nation & Canada In[dians who] are to escort them Home, that I have only []

¹ Lines burned off.

² Blank space.

You of my readiness to Serve Your Family [] & that I am, Sir & ca. P S. A Gentleman from Connecticut [] with me yesterday, told me that that [] determined to Send an Agent Home [] Sollicit the Susquahana Affair.

FROM GUY CARLETON

L. S.¹

Quebec 16th. March 1768.

Sir.

I thought it needless to trouble You with an Answer to your Letter of 21st May last, untill I could transmit the Sentiments of the trading People of this Province upon your Regulations for the Indian Trade, which for that Purpose had been Communicated to them, the very instant they came to my Hand; it was some Time before I received the Observations thereupon, which are herewith inclosed,² and tho' they contain some improper Expressions, which I by no Means approve, yet I thought it more expedient to convey the same in their own Words, that you might the better Judge of the Arguments used by themselves —

The Point, they seem principally to rest upon, is the Restraint of trading at the Forts, and 'tis indeed the very general Opinion of all those I have conversed with that the Trade to the Upper Country must inevitably be ruined, if that Regulation be continued; it is confidently Asserted, the number of Canoes, to be sent up this Year will fall very short of what was usual in former ones, and are likely still to decrease, so that probably in a short Time, that valuable Branch of Commerce will dwindle to Nothing —

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¹ In Burton Historical Collection, Detroit, Mich.; collected and published by C. M. Burton.

² Dated January 15, 1768. Destroyed by fire in Capitol. See extract from Johnson Calendar.

The People here are also very desirous as you will observe by the annexed Petition, that the Vending of Spirits to the Savages, Destructive of their Species, as well as of the Trade itself, should be restricted within the most moderate Bounds; And herein I am perfectly disposed to concur with the neighbouring Provinces, in every Measure, You may Point out as necessary to bring about so desirable an end, as agreeable to natural Justice, with Respect to the Savages, to whom this Trade is destructive, as it is to the Common Interests of the Colonies, for the Preservation of the Peace and general Tranquility of the Country, as well as of the very Trade itself —

In Justice however to the Merchants and People concerned in the Trade of this Province, I am to assure you, that I never heard one of them cast the least Reflection upon You, or speak of you otherwise, than in terms of the greatest Deference and Regard; they readily believe those Regulations have been made with the best Views to serve the Public, but they are Confident the End proposed thereby has not been answered, and therefore Request, as all Human Institutions savours of Imperfections, this, which was intended for a Benefit, may be carefully revised, and that if experience, of which they consider themselves as the Examples, Demonstrates the same to be erroneous, that they may be rectified and amended —

With Respect to the Canadians, when I make use of that Appellation, it is entirely confined to those who inhabit the present Limits of the Province and in no Shape regards those, who, encouraged by the French Government, have settled at Detroit, the Illinois, or other Places, for the Sake of Colonisation, and by the Peace are become the King's Subjects;— or those extra Provincials, who have expatriated themselves, to give a Loose to their own vitious Inclinations, against whom from Time to Time very severe Ordinances have been issued by the French Governors and Intendants, proscribing them as a Nuisance to Society, and Directing them to be seized and imprisoned, wherever met with, and of this Class, are the Bandits whose Names you transmited to the Commander in Chief, at least, as I am here credibly informed; That loose and disorderly persons, like these, may prove the Authors of Mischief, I no ways doubt, but living without the Bounds of my Jurisdiction, it cannot lie with me to Remedy the Abuse Should any actually belonging to this Province seek to excite Troubles, or to promote Confusion, Upon proper and well authenticated Proofs of such evil Intention, every legal Method shall be employed, whoever they are or may be, to bring them to condign Punishment, in order to deter others from treading in the same Steps —

Before I leave this subject, I must further assure you, that as I never heard Sir William Johnson's name used, but where some Mention has been made of his Services to the State, You may rest Satisfied, that in whatever I have had Ocassion to write thereupon to the King's other Servants, or Yourself, my sole View has been to promote this Service and the public Welfare; I thought it a Duty incumbent upon me to point out a Mistake, at least as it appeared to me, which bears hard upon that Part of the King's Subjects committed to my Charge; after all the best and wisest of Ministers have erred, and Points that wear the fairest Appearance in Speculation, when reduced into Practice, are found inconvenient, To the aforementioned Motives, I am therefore persuaded, You will only impute whatever I have said or done here in, and not to any want of that perfect Regard and Esteem for Yourself, with which I ever am

Sir

Your most Obedient Humble Servant

GUY CARLTON

Honble. Sir Will^m Johnson Bar^t. Supert. for Indian affairs etc.

INDORSED: Quebec 16th March 1768 From L^t Gov. Carlton with an inclosure

FROM JOHN WETHERHEAD

A. L. S.

[16th] March 1768

[1 l] Accompany Bill [l send vou what remains] who will Sail in 2 or 3 days from Į [] one or both of the Patents, if I can but get I] carried the Certificates to M^r Banyar yesterday [] at Home, shall call upon him today in order to I] his Clerks to finish the Engrossing as speedily as [] the mean Time I take the Liberty to Send you the Enclosd ſ] I have already paid — the Surveyor Generale has not] with his Account, nor indeed I have not Seen him Since l] as Soon as it appears I shall pay as likewise all the Rest] is but One Person in the City can make the Letter Press ſ] has been Sick in bed for these 2 Months past, but & he [is now better [] he will do yours the first Thing he shall undertake, So that [] Send it you next Week — For the Mean Time you will give [] to Subscribe myself with great Sincerity & Truth

Sir Your most Obed Hble Servant

John Wetherhead

[] shall be punctually & [] you will do me the pleasure to Send — Pray Sir William have you No more [] &^{ca}. [] JOHNSON B^t

¹ Lines burned off.

ACCOUNT OF JOHN WETHERHEAD

D.

[March 16, 1768]

[
¹ 11.7 2.6	1]
£113. 3.1 8	
······································	

£113.11.1

[] board Captain Pemberton's Sloop, except the Wax which [] to the Care of Richard Cartwright [] will bee Sent by the Next Sloop the Man I was to have it from

FROM JOHN WETHERHEAD

A. L. S.

[New York 17th] March 1768

] a little] I have] you ordered me to] The Account of which you have] which you will be so Kind as Give me] Now I have nothing further to send except] all of Muscovedo Sugar, which as yet I cannot] with to my Satisfaction, all I have Seen in Town] horrid bad, I dont think it worth the Carriage] I can purchase any tor'orable good I will not fail] Send it you — Inthemean Time shall be happy

¹ Matter burned off.

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] your further Commands & in the Mean time I] remain most Sincerely ſ Sir Your most Obed Hble Servant **JOHN WETHERHEAD**] Oyl 5/ l £1.12 [1 4] whiting 6 ſ £2.2 To ADDRESSED: the Honorable Sir William Johnson B^t Johnson Hall P Capt Pemberton with a Jugg of Oyl & a Kegg of whiting 1th 1768 INDORSED: L ſ] heads Letter

FROM GEORGE CROGHAN

L. *S*.

[Philada. March 18, 1768]

[] was favoured with your Letter [Ing your Instructions to proceed to Fort Pitt,] Letters I have received from Thomas [McKee & ?] his Son,— no Time Ought to be lost, before I arrive [] shall therefore this Day leave this Place. I] your Instructions I waited on Governor Penn and ſ al Commissioners and strongly urged the Propriety of] Commissioners, to represent the Province at the Treal [] I am informed by the Speaker, That the Gentlemen [] named by the General assembly, for that Service [Irday, and chose rather to submit the whole affair [1 6

]ducting this Conference your Honour may be as-] that I shall in every Respect, pay the strictest Atten-]ur Instructions and use my utmost address, for] his Majesty's Interest;— as well as placing the] this Province, in the most advantageous Light.] least Doubt, But as so many Indians have] Congress was opened,— You will be able] entirely to your Satisfaction and] chiefs were arrived from Canada;—] Y^r advice, *back* the Mohocks,] the six Nations for the Good]

] Shawanese and

It gives me great Pleasure [from Lord Shelburne, To the Representatives [

FROM WILLIAM LUPTON

A. L. S.

[New York, March 19, 1768]

Sir/

The inclosed (from Col^o. Massy) Is Just Come to hand, from Cape fare, Captⁿ Eaton in a Schooner from Dublin being obliged to put in there in Great distress l left Dublin the 10th. Nov^r. Was Eight weeks on this Coast ſ] during their Distress & want of provision I am [told] the Lives of the Whole Crue was preserved by a hhd Beans, which I supose are the Beans Col^o. Massy Mentions] my letter for you the Captⁿ. is Expected in from the ſ | Every day and should it be otherwise than Above ľ ľ] write you the first opportunity, Believe he ſ] for Dublin in about five Weeks, and Shod you [

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¹ Lines burned off.

com]mands for Col^o. Mass'y, it wo^d give me a pleasure

I am Sir

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Your Most Obd^t. Hum^{ble}. Serv^t.

WILLIAM LUPTON

FROM CORNELIUS GLEN AND A. C. CUYLER

A. L. S.

[Albany, March 21, 1768]

] the Bills of Cap^t. Rogers are] Suppose will be included in Your] therefore must beg the favour of you, with a] as wee are greatly Distress^d. for Some Money] on our Departure for Michelmakina and] glad if our Bill could be Settled before wee Lieve] will be About the first week in April, when wee] waite on You for your Commands on our way up]try.

Wee Remain with Esteem Your Most Obidie [] Humble Servants

> Cornelius Glen A C Cuyler

] the you Last

] to promise

] M^r. Gerrit Van Santie

] In Lue of two

] Capⁿ. Claus which

] r Memory Should
] will please to

] Opp^y. for
] Occasion

Jidge me

FROM SAMUEL JOHNSON

A. L. S.¹ Stratford, N. E. Mar 21. 1768

S^R.

It was a long time after the Date of your very obliging Letter of Dec^r. 1. before I received it: upon which, I immediately wrote your unhappy Case to D^r. Hull, (as he is here called.) from whom I have had no reply, till this week, his Son was here, who tells me his Father has ever since been unable to write, by reason of a long disorder in his Eyes, but by him he assures me your Complaint is of the same Nature with that he has been used to Cure. M^r. Kilby when he was as here had the like Disorder, & was at length, after all other means failed, to his great surprize cured by this uncouth old man.— I hope you will find your self cured by D^r. Magra's means; if not, perhaps it may be worth the while to try this man. I pray God you may find some effectual Releif from that tormenting Disease!

D^r. Gale is vastly obliged to you for your kind Letter relating to the Medicine he inquired after, which I conclude he has before now very gratefully acknowledged.— M^r. Nichols also desires me to express his humble thanks for your inquiry about his Negro.

I am very glad you so well approve of D^r. Chandler's performance, which, one would think no reasonable man could find much fault with: It is however most furiously & venemously attacked in parker's paper, by some who hope to gain their point by meer dint of Clamour.—I hope however D^r. Chandler's good Sense & good Nature will finally gain the victory over Madness & Malice; especially under the powerful patronage of S^r. William Johnson.—

The Clergy & every good Churchman are under inexpressible Obligations to you for pleading our Cause with the Secretary of State, (in which I humble hope you will persevere,) & especially,

¹ In Library of Congress, Washington, D. C.

for the truly generous & noble Donation you propose & offer by D^r. Auchmuty.— May God Almighty abundantly reward it with his choicest Blessings both on you & your's!— I humbly beg your candid Acceptance of a little English Grammar & a couple of plain Sermons I lately published. And with my hearty & thankful Complements to S^r. John, I remain, S^r.

with the greatest Esteem & Gratitude,

your most obliged & most obedient humble Servant

SA. JOHNSON

To the Hon^{ble}. S^R. WILLIAM JOHNSON.

P. S. A worthy young Clergyman who was Chaplain to the Regiment at Cape Britton, has been with me, who travelled round by Quebec & Montreal & down thro' the Country by Lake George. He says the Condition of multitudes in all those large Countries is deploreable for want of Clergymen & a Bp to preside & take Care of the Affairs of Religion.— I wish to Heaven it may be possible for you to influence the new Secretary of State & Lords of Trade &c. that might induce the Governm¹. to provide for the Interest of Religion in all those parts, where a Bp might be introduced with the least Clamour: who however, I imagine would be best situated for the whole, near you at Albany or Schenectady.

INDORSED: Stratford March 21st 1768 Doctor Sam¹ Johnsons Letter

TO JOHN BROWN

A. L. S.¹

Sir

I take the earliest opertunity (by this Express) of acknowledging the receipt of your favour of the 4th. Ult^o. together wth the

¹ In British Museum, Additional Manuscripts 21678. fo. 100, London, England.

Several letters accompanying it, all of which I have forwarded by Post &ca.

I was a perfect Stranger to M^r. Magra having never seen him before he called at my house, when he told me that he was oblidged to leave York with y^e. greatest Expedition to avoid being arrested for Debt, and that he did not know where to go out of the Way of Danger, unless to some of the Posts, upon w^{ch}. I told him there were then Ind^s. at my House who would for a Small Matter conduct him to Osswego, or Niagra. he chose the latter, as he said he was acquainted wth. Cap^t. Mac Leod, so left this. of late I find the Genr^I. has been informed of Something, which has induced him I believe to send some directions concerning him to You.— I must request the favour of y^r. sending the Express back as soon as you conveniently can.

I enclose You the last Philadelphia paper for y^r. amusement, the X^{br}. Mail is arrived & brings little or no news, I am so hurried by Numbers of Indians ab^t. me, and 4 different Expresses to dispatch that I have only time to assure You of my good Wishes

> & that I am truely Your verry Humble Serv^t

> > W Johnson

Capt. John Brown —

INDORSED: Le^r from Sir Wm Johnson no date rec^d 26 March 1768 Ans^d 28th Relative to a Magra —

TO JOHN BROWN¹ $A_{.} L_{.} S_{.}^{2}$ Iohnson Hall March 23^d. 1768

Sir

Yesterday a Seneca Indian, (who accompanied that unaccountable Man Magra as far as Conajohare where he gave him the slip) delivered me y^r favour of the 17th. Ulto, on asking him y^e reason of his being so long by the way, answered it was Magras fault, that they could with great difficulty get him along.

I sent you a pacquet of letters by one Johnston the beginning of this Month, w^{ch}. I hope y^u, have received Safe 'ere now, I beleive you had thereby directions concerning Magra, As he is come away, you are rid of any further trouble concerning him,

The Bearer tells me that he see him destroy a Pacquet of letters which he brought from Niagra, at y^e house of one Dygert a Publican near to the German Flatts, w^h, I think with the rest of his conduct whilst with you plainly shews him a bad man.

As the Jan^{ry}. Pacquet has been some time expected & by her some thing Interesting, I purpose detaining y^e. Express a Couple of Days in hopes of being able to send you something new, for here we have nothing of moment to write our freinds.

24th. My letters by the Post are Just arrived, but no Pacquet, so that I have only to conclude with my hearty wishes for y^r. Welfare, & to assure you that

I am

Sir

Y^r. most Obedient

& verry Humble Serv^t

W Johnson

Cap^t. Brown —

INDORSED: Sir W^m. Johnson

23^d March 1768 Relative to a Magra

¹ Captain in command of Fort Niagara.

² In British Museum, Additional Manuscripts 21678. fo. 98, London, England.

FROM SAMUEL WHARTON

A. L. S.

[Philada.] March 23^d 1768

I am much obliged to you for your kind Favor of the [5th] this month; and for your friendly Hopes, That my Partners] "may make advantagious Returns from the Indian [Country," [] Manner in Which your Honor has divided the Grant [] this Government, is perfectly agreeable to both Branches of [] Legislature-; and They are confident. That their [Do]nation to the Indians, Under your Auspices, --- will have [] happy Effect, of conciliating their Regards to the Province, [] Your directing M^r. Croghan" to lay Out the remaining £1200 [] a Present. in such Manner, as to leave it in his Power [take up the Goods from Me, Is a very strong additional [ins]tance of your Honor's favorable Disposition towards my [par]tners and self.

[] am very thankfull to you for your information respecting]
[the Boundary and I trust the January Packet, will
[] you ample Orders On that Head.

[] to your Desire, I inclose you the Copies of the
[] which passed between M^r. MacLane¹ & D^r. Franklin
[] dary as mentioned in the Doctor's Letter to Me—
Which [] That in the constant Mutation of Ministers,
[] had been forgot.

] I would present his Compliments] That as soon as the Packet arrives,

He proposes to do Himself the Pleasure of writing to you [] Himself, He shall have an agreable Subject to write On.

If your Honor should have any thing decissive by the next [] respecting the Boundary.— May I presume to ask the []

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¹ Dr Lauchlan Maclane, an under-secretary to Lord Shelburne. He had lived in Philadelphia.

a few Lines from you relative to it?— I am going to [] soon and therefore must request, if you will be so condescending to honor me with Them,— That you will be pleased to inclose

[] Letter to Thomas Wharton, Merch^t. In Philadelphia. I took the Liberty of writing to you On the 20th Instant [] Then sent a small Box, directed to the care of M^r. Wetherhead [] forwarding — inclosing Grafts of the best Fruits in this Prov[ince] Such as. The Carnation,—May Duke & very rich Red Heart, [] The best Christian, Cheshire & a variety of other choice Pears, [] Newington & Other Peaches &c.

I hope M^r. Witherhead sent the Box by the first Sloop to [] as I persuade myself a Collection of such extraordinary Fruits [] acceptable to You.

Our Frontiers are again in the greatest Commotion and D 1 after M^r. Croghan had left the City, He received Letters by [] Some of his Friends in Cumberland County, informing [] 1 Black Bous¹ had associated and resolved, [should be suffered to go to Fort Pitt,--- That [] should be held With the Indians, and []] Violence would be offered to his Pers 1 Upon Receipt of those Letters, [1 Wilkins and inclosed Him [

[] Time acquainted Him That as Lieutenant Batt.² [] to proceed in a few Days with a small Detachment to Fort Pitt, He would tarry [] Lancaster for Them. [] soon as Colonel Wilkins got the Letter, He communi [cated] it to Governor Penn and On Friday Morning next, M^r. Batt, with a Party of 35 men, set off for Pittsburgh. Should the *Black Boys* be so rash, as to attempt any Injury to M^r. Croghan. The Conflict must be fatal, as They are so Numerous

¹ A lawless company, formed by James Smith, which destroyed the traders' goods near Fort Loudon in March, 1765.

² Lieutenant Thomas Batt, of the 18th Regiment.

and M^r. Batt's Detachment so small.— But I trust, the more sober & discreet Inhabitants, may influence Them to Quietude.

I am with great Truth & Respect

Sir Y^r. most Obedient And faithfull Servant

 $\mathsf{SAM^L} \ W \mathsf{HARTON^1}$

] bespoke a Dozen of the best Cotton]. They shall be well bleached and] Every Respect for you.] to M^r. Witherhead, in about ten] SW] Johnson

FROM THOMAS BARTON

A. L. S.²

Lancaster, March 25th. 1768-

WORTHY SIR,

I acknowledge, with much Gratitude, the Favour of your polite Letter of the 5th. of January, which I did not receive till very lately. I deem myself peculiarly happy in being honoured with your Friendship, & shall make it the Study of my Life to improve the good Opinion you are pleased to entertain of me — Would to God, I had it in my Power to evince, by more than Words, the Sincerity of that Affection & Esteem, which I feel for you! My Prayers & good Wishes are the best Offering I can make you; And this, poor as it is, I have the Pleasure to think, will always be acceptable to a generous Mind.

I am sorry that William should be the Bearer of this Letter —

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¹ Samuel Wharton, of Philadelphia, was an active figure of the Revolution and member of the Continental Congress in 1782–83.

² In Library of Congress, Washington, D. C.

But ever since the turbulent & disordered State of the Back Counties, occasioned by the Murder committed upon several Indians by one Stump, & the Rescue of that Villain, & the lawless insolent Behaviour of some of the Inhabitants, in Consequence thereof, he has relaxed in Application to Study, been uneasy in Mind; and from the most diligent, contented, happy Lad, is become the most dissatisfied, sullen, careless Creature imaginable - He immediately sollicitted Leave to return Home - I used every Argument to prevail with him to remain here for Six Months longer, as he had begun the Elements of Geometry, in Order to learn Surveying, which I thought might be of Advantage to him: & which he would soon have understood - But notwithstanding his Situation in my own Family (which I hope he will do me the Justice to own, was comfortable & easy) I could not succeed with him; And having an Opportunity of consulting with Mr. Croghan, who is here at present, we have judged it prudent to indulge his Caprice, & to let him pay a Visit to his Friends & Native Home-Colonel Croghan thinks he will be glad, after some little Time, to come back ---Should that be the Case, he shall again have free Admission into my House, & be welcome to every good Office I can render him —

M^r. Croghan, who ordered M^r. Simon, upon William's first Coming, to furnish him with Necessaries, has received his Bill for Cloaths, Books, Schooling &c.— As for his Boarding & Lodging there are no Demands — I could wish to have him restored to you a little more advanced in Learning; but at present he seems to think that he is got to the *Ne plus ultra* of Science, & that he is most learned Man in America — Had he staid a little longer, he might perhaps have been at the Head of his Nation — He takes with him his Copper-plate and Books, which I hope he will make Use of, that he may not lose any Thing of what he has acquired.

M^r Croghan tells me you intend to send little Peter Abroad for his Education — If you will commit him to my Care, he shall be treated as one of my own Children — And I have no Doubt of being able to answer your most sanguine Expectations with Regard to Morals & Learning — I should be glad, if by this, or any other Method, I could evidence with what Sincerity, I am,

> Worthy & dear Sir, Your very affectionate, and Most obedient humble Servant THO BARTON

The Hon^{ble}. SIR WILLIAM JOHNSON Baronet INDORSED: Lancaster March 25th 1768 M^r. Bartons Letter

TO HORATIO SHARPE

L. S.¹

Johnson Hall March 25th. 1768

Sir

The Bearer Cap^t. Ogden has made me a Visit on the Subject of your letter of August last concerning the disposal of the Lands of the Mantrickes² lying in your Province. Since the receipt of which letter I find that these Indians have an inclination to dispose of their Rights there, and as they are for the most part removed, and that it will be for the Advantage of the Colony, I cannot but greatly approve of it, as I do of Cap^t. Ogden as their Attorney to transact that business, So that you will please to lay the Same before your Assembly agreable to the proposal contained in your Letter.— I need not to recommend y^e making them a handsome Compensation for the Sale, as doubtless it will, be dusty³ attended to.— But in answer to your Queries must add, That such sale may be made by Cap^t. Ogden at Annapolis in the presence of such Persons as you shall direct,

¹ In the Maryland Historical Society, Baltimore, Md. A draft in the New York State Library suffered considerably from fire.

² Nanticokes.

³ "Duly" was written presumably.

at which time the purchase Money may be paid to him in trust for the Indians, Whom I shall direct to Assemble for his return at Otseningo, or some Convenient place, where He shall in the presence of the Whole Tribe, & an Officer of my Department distribute the Money Justly amongst them, taking two Setts of proper Receipts, The One to be sent to you, & the other to be lodged in my Secretarys office, After which, they can never think of laying any future Claim to the Tract.

I have now furnished Cap^t. Ogden with a Short power in my name for Negotiating this Matter, and I shall take such further Steps herein as may be necessary, so soon as the purchase is made.— I am with great truth

Sir

Your most Obedient & Very Humble Servant.

W. JOHNSON.

The Honorable

L^T. GOVERNOR SHARPE — INDORSED: Sir W^m. Johnson 1768

> Given to me in 1833 by Horatio Ridout Esq. of Annapolis in 1833 R. Gilmor

> > FROM BENJAMIN KISSAM

 $^{\cdot}A.$ L. S.

[28] March 1768.

[]cluded to give M^r. Peter Remsen a Power of [attorney] to settle the Disputes with the Indians concerning [] Kayadorosseres, which he proposes to do sometime the next Month, and we are now getting full Powers signed by the Proprietors to enable him to compleat it —

As we would gladly save as much time as possible in forwarding the Division of the Patent, so the Proprietors have concluded in the mean while to publish the proper Notices in the papers, that are prepartory to a Partition — They mean no more by this Step than to save time; and I just thought proper to mention this to you that it might give no uneasiness upon a Supposition that we had given over any further Treaty with the Indians upon the Subject. We hope the method we are now taking will succeed and bring the matter to final Conclusion some how or other —

I am

Your most obedient and very humble Serv^t

Benj[№]. Kissam

ADDRESSED:

To

Sir William Johnson Kn^t at Johnson Hall in the County of Albany

PETITION OF THE LUTHERAN CONGREGATION

D.

[Stone Raby, March 29, 1768] His Excellency [] Baronet, Brigadier General [] the Millitia in the Northern District &c &c

We the Petitioners of the Lutherian Congregation [] of Stoneraby, Martin Nestel Andrew Dillenbagh W[] & Dewald Nelles; for and in the Name of the whole Congreg[ation] having Consulted with one Accord to make our humble Supp[lication] to His Excellency for and Advice in the greatest Distress wherein [] Congregation is this present Time for we know not how to Counsel our Selfs in this most important Affairs with our Enemies the Calvinists in the afore Said place, about our Church land which we have had in Possession this 35 Years without any Disturbance, now it Seems Since all the Old partners of our Syde are Dead, and gone out of this World and none alive but one of the Calvinist Syde, Named John Snell he is going on in Such a Shameful Manner to Destroy our Religion of the afore Said place, with Writings where we never was told of we never had any Such Thoughts Since the Land was Divided and lots drawn by both parties, that there could be any difference afterwards, Since the Land was given by the 28 partners of the afore Said Stone-raby Pattent for Church Land to both parties forever now there is but 4 alive of our Lutherian Congregation which have been present this Twenty Years ago when John Snell and Some of our Congregation jointly agreed and employed Hendk. Frey Esqr Dec^d to Survey the land, and Accordingly it was done to both parties Satysfaction, now this insurrection Arrived of the above Named John Snell, and therefore we the Whole Congregation beseeching His Excelency to Grant us this humble request in what Manner in this Hour of Temptation we ought to behave, and if it will [1 1

INDORSED: Ī I

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] by the 29th of March 1768

FROM SAMUEL WHARTON

A. L. S.

[Philada. April 3d 1768]

Mr Croghan sent the Bearer from Lancaster to my Care; and] Our City, I kept Hiz as He was very desirous of [a few Days here.] returns to the Mohocks Counting by the Way of New York and He goes from Hence in use Land Stage [thither] where, I have recommended Him, to the Care of [] Deems & desired Him to procure Him a] first Sloop to Albany. passage in [I am Sir with great Respect

v^r. most Obedient & faithfull Servant

SAM^L WHARTON

FROM THOMAS GAGE

A. L. S.¹

New York April 4th 1768

DEAR SIR,

I have received your Letter of the 16th. March and am glad you have got so well thro' the very troublesome Business that must have taken up so much of your time for Months past. The Cherokees who return to South Carolina by Sea are arrived, and I am told very highly pleased with the service you have done for them as M^r. Croghan is gone to Fort Pitt, he will be at hand to treat of the Peace between the Delawares, Shawnese &ca and the Cherokes Deputys who I understand have taken the route of the Ohio from your House.

Our own Affairs particularly since the Murders committed upon the Indians by the German² in Pennsylvania, must doubtless have given you as much trouble to settle and to pacify the Indians as the Peace of the Cherokees. You will have heared of M^r. Pen's Proclamation in Consequence of the Law, passed to remove the Settlers from their Encroachments. Whether it will have the desired effect unless backed by a Military Force is perhaps a doubt, if it has not, I shall certainly push the removing them by Main Force. M^r. Croghan stopped at Lancaster upon Intelligence that some of the Banditti upon the Frontiers threatened his Life, and the Seizing of all the Goods he should carry up with him an officer and 30 Men are marched from Philadelphia to escort him.

You inclosed me two Accounts from M^r. Cole stationed at the Ilinois; the one from Sep^t. 1766 to March 1767, the other from March to Sep^t. 1767. making about a compleat year, and

¹ In Harvard College Library, Cambridge, Mass.

² By Frederick Stump, near Harris Ferry, Pa.

both together amounting to £10,742 7^s 11^d. This is realy so monstrous an Account that I hardly know what can be done with it, I ought to give Some Reasons why Such an enormous Expence should be incurred in one year at the Ilinois, when Missilimakinak and the Detroit together, at the time that prudent People commanded there, did not cost more hundreds than the Ilinois has cost Thousands and I can see no Reason why Money is to be lavished so profusely at that Place More than at other Places. all the Reason I can procure for it is, that the Savages are numerous and may destroy all the Provisions in the Country, of which the same may be said respecting the Situation of the Detroit. I wish you could furnish me with same good Reasons to serve as a just Pretence in the Warrant to be granted, to answer M^r. Cole's Draughts for the granting so considerable Sums for the use of one single Post.

I am with great Regard,

Dear Sir,

Your most obedient humble Servant,

THO^S. GAGE.

Be so good to give the Inclosed for Cap^t. Spicemaeker, to M^r. Roberts, to carry with him to Missilimakinak. He set out from hence for your House some Days ago. T: G:

SIR W^M. JOHNSON Bar^t. INDORSED: New York April 4th. 1768

> Genr^l. Gages Letter, wth. one for Cap^t. Spiesmaker

TO JOHN WATTS

 $Df.^1$ [Johnson Hall, April 5, 1768] I] favor of the 7th Ulto for several l severe Attack of my old Disorder ſ] Answering sooner, I am now a little, and Itter. The Cold I got during the late Congress] brought on my Complaint for as there were near 800 ſ] was frequently obliged to Sit with them for sev¹, hours] the Snow in my Court Yard -- but their together [1 You had been a Letter in Arrear but you Affairs are [Judged [lht in not being on punctilio with me, who] friends.--never am so I have given M^r. Wetherhead orders [] the Money transmitted by M^r. Allen, which please [] his hands .----The Embassy he mentions to have sent to me boundary Line, is (I believe) a Mistake, that [1 not take place 'till I receive farther orders, which [ſ] next pacquet as the Secretary of State writes me ſ] once settled to mutual satisfaction will be a lenting many Land disputes if strictly adhered to [] I can do for you at any time concerning I] command me in, Its a pity such a Tract] remain unsettled. I] would offer for the final ſ I] I have used much I] Apprehension ſ 2]] safely as a public [strict Integrity amongst [] take upon me [1

¹ In handwriting of Guy Johnson.

² Lines burned off.

the Grand of Good of Goat dutand hand & Second Sucen Detes? Faith to be all to them this the shine wind on the any wind forcome cikman fin van Dan ann bidger man puller Peter fauconnien. Horahiandr Solannis Suffer, the Sugar Soris Horahiande Shin He we her Token Sathan and samson & or oughton in their Colicon presented to our Cight Such and wellbeired journe Oward Simond for bus ant for the States Harton in Americo and our aminate of the handle Informace have Trayd our trant and forfirmaion in all that Bast of Band, ilmake Woing and foing an the founty of altrano called Kaya Derofices alias uce to choirough Beginning at a Car on Schonschland Cover ale Pirce inice Distant from the outhwesterly four of the sounds of nerhaind the Stadling the outhor diney fine fifer Stent alle Granted to having Marinon Och Sauconnin and other thence along the Stichow flady River westate to the Southeastally when of a Caten Lably quality to wat is a appear thene along the bastily houthing gwesting ine. of the SWiaciam apples Catont Down to the above Siver theme to-Choundrady Cround on the Southeas Herly connor of the S Cattent on the D' Cliver soc along the Gasting his thinky gwester & sound's Fer Cown to the River agains thous a long the Frien up worthing to South castoring cours of a hast of tend Later grands to Evene , n will son " to other Bleet and soe along the Land Catter From the Souther don if corner though the S Schonscht Dy Quive thomas fontinning Fo _

KAYADEROSSERAS PATENT, 1708. FIRST PART

sev^r. Proprietors (some of them now [Lay any Claim to what is released. Th[point, & ought to be so with any Man in[I know there are people capable of placing [

tho' a very false light, which has given me less [had in endeavoring to compass the ends of the [now no longer an Affair of the *Mohocks* alone, [Nations interest themselves warmly in it, and at [Meeting have made it a public Grievance in [Nevertheless whatever is about to be done for the [of the Affair in any consistent manner I shall [in to the utmost of my Influence —

I Expect the pacquet will bring [News, and hoping to hear from you remain [and Esteem D^r. Sir

Yours ever/

TO HENRY MOORE

$Df.^1$

[Johnson Hall, April 6, 1768]

] with near 800 Indians so occupied my l] not attend to any business 'till it was over, and] Sitting out in my Court Yard in very bad Weather ſ] me a Painfull Disorder which as yet confines me to] I have given the Colonel & other field Officers their | Preparing of the Captains and Commissions, and [Subalterns to be recommended [] Excellency for Commissions .-- On Examination I find that [the bo] unds of the Albany Regiment was too limitted, and Should [1 beyond the Libertys of that City as far North as Halfmoon [1 of Coll Schyler,² Which may require the alteration of two] Words, I was not, nor am I as yet acquainted with the ſ

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¹ In handwriting of Guy Johnson.

² Philip Schuyler, who was to command a new regiment.

ſ] of that Gentlemans Regiment, or of any you may have] to the Southward of the City of Albany but have wrote F for [] of them &ca To Express the particular divisions occasioned [] Situation of Some of the Regiments so as] dispute would have required more Words to admit of no [] I think it best that the Colonels than the Commission [Settle this which I shall [] General Orders fully explaining it.] I beg Leave to recommend Hend^k M. Roseboom for] Majority of Albany, and Peter B. Vroman Jun^r. for the] just Vacant in the Scohare Regiment, and at the] Extremely Necessary to recommend to your Itment of an Adjutant General for the l as I] properly conducted without 1 Liberty to mention 1] ł concerning [] should be but two to a Reg]] the Custom of a pair [1 but amongst them, and creat [is drawn up.— My bad State of health [to take a Journey Shortly to the Sea Coast for the benefit of [1 gladly have avoided if possible,-- As I have h] Seeing You here this Spring I wish it could be [1 departure.--- I shall return as quickly [as Circumstances] Permit and during My Absence Col I who will manage the Affairs of the Indⁿ Department [1 receive your Commands, and Execute your Orders. Should It so happen that I am deprived of the pleasure of a personal [I with you I must request that you will do me the honor to make] Coll Johnson will attend you, But it use of my [would afford me a more sensible [to render you my

¹ Lines burned off.

personal Services if the state of [] would permit as I am with the most perfect Esteem

Sir &ca

TO JOHN PENN

 $Df.^1$

[Johnson Hall April 6, 1768]

] Extracts from the proceedings at] Indisposed occasioned as I believe] the Several Congresses which from the]ians was obliged to be held out of Doors in the Snow.] drawn for the Ammount as by my last I now] a List of the Goods & Presents delivered to the Indians] satisfaction, and I hope they will be found to have been]plyed.

The Tuscaroras who came thro' your Province in] 1766 to Joyn their people to the Northward have] as well as before applied earnestly for some reimbursement] Horses &ca which were taken from them by the frontier]bitants of Pennsylvania concerning which I formerly You — M^r Tho^s. M^cKee is well Acquainted with the] particulars of that Affair so that he can give any] Information towards their obtaining some restitution

] Losses.

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ACCOUNT OF JOHN WETHERHEAD

A. D. [New York, April 6, 1768]] Wetherhead] £3.14.] 15/ 1.16. –] Candles Viz^t

¹ In handwriting of Guy Johnson.

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182	Sir William Johnson Papers	
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[] Doz of plain d ^o a 12/	12. –
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[] Slop bowl 8/ Teapot 16/ Milkpott 6/	
[Sugarpot 7/] Cupps & Saucers with Handles	1.17. – 2.10. –
	Teapott	1
l] bowl 5/ Milkpott 7/	1 6
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1.6 [] 3.10. 1 ſ] Box for the pap Cartage Paid $(\frac{1}{2})$ for a Box from Phil l 1 ſ I Sent a Letter Press for you by Capn Van 6 Allen wch I forgott to Charge it £80 [1

ADDRESSED: The Honorable Sir William Johnson B^t £80 — 10½ On board Capt Philip Lansings' Sloop

FROM JOHN WETHERHEAD

A. L. S.

[New York, April 7, 1768]] ulto in Consequence of which] yet ready, according to the] you will find right & the Rect of] on board Pemberton, who will go very Soon] had the Patents, which the Governor has] ready — As Lansing is just agoing off []] to assure you that I am most Sincerely Sir Your Most Hble servant

John Wetherhead

ADDRESSED:

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To

The Honorable Sir William Johnson Bart Johnson Hall

p Capt Lansing

TO THOMAS GAGE

 $Df.^1$

Johnson-Hall April 8th 1768

DEAR SIR

[Since] my last of the 14th ult^o I have had [a very sev]ere attack of a Disorder something different from [any] I felt before which confined me to my bed for several days as it does still to my Room I attribute it to the severe Cold I caught during the late Congress, being obliged as the Indians were near 800, to meet them & Sit for several hours together amidst the snow in my Court Yard,— This indisposition prevented my Answering your favor of the 13th ult^o sooner.

I now inclose you an Extract of the proceedings at the late Congress² and also transmit my Acct of pay, [& of such] Disbursements &ca as are come to hand to the 24th of March, for which I beg you will favor me with a Warrt.

Whenever the Traders apply to me again concerning Major Roger's Draughts I shall acquaint them with your reasons for not admitting them.

I thank you for the Extract of Lord Shelburnes [Letter] concerning the Boundary Line which corresponds [a good deal] with that to me; I do not know how they [have settled the] Carolina & Georgia boundarys, but You [will find in the] Proceedings I send you that the Chero[kees have complained to the] Six Nations at my House [that the Line was very disadvantageous to them which induced the others to speak to me about the boundary to be settled for them, in manner as you will find in the Extract.] As the Indians inte[nd to cede Lands to the Provinces they] will certainly expect a handsome [return.

¹ In Guy Johnson's handwriting. Burned portions supplied from a copy made before the fire, printed in *Collections of the Illinois State Historical Library*, 16:237–40, ed. C. W. Alvord and C. E. Carter.

² In Doc. Rel. to Col. Hist. N. Y., 8:38–53.

they have no thought of doing with' a Gratuity & Indeed from all I could] discover this was intended [& M^r Croghan on his return from] England mentioned it as declared to [him by the Lords of] Trade. M^r Penn will I am certain make [them a] reasonable acknowledgment for what they [add within] his Limits, as for the rest of the Colonies concerned which are all Royal Governments (Maryland excepted & that can be little concerned) The Government need [not be] a Loser by purchasing for them, as it will be afterwards readily paid by the People who will take it up, besides, [that] by purchasing at once all within certain Limits, mu[ch trouble] and Confusion will be saved in future, and the Transact[ions of] Individuals for Small Tracts often attended with disputes [will cease.]

I have a Letter from Lieut Governor Carleton¹ [with] a Petition from the Traders to him, and their remarks [upon the] Regulations I made for the Indⁿ Trade. The Petition [sets forth] What they call their rights, the Proclamation [for the free] open Trade & that the Regulations are equally [hurtfull] to both themselves & Indians, That the Comd^g [Officers, or] Commiss^{rs} ought not to presume to stop or alter [the intent of a] Pass, their Remarks are contained [under sev¹ Articles] amongst which they find great [fault with giving an accot] of their Goods &ca to the Commiss [ys That the same Reasons] by which the Permission [is given to go North of Lake Huron &ca will hold good South of L. Erie, &ca That every person with a Gov^{rs} pass ought to be permitted to go where he pleases without Molestation &c. This is the Substance & is as much as to say that every Trader be at Liberty to go where, & do as he pleases, for in the first place the Proclamation for the Free Trade] Subjects them never [theless to Certain Restrictions to be] made for that purpose, which [have been fully approved] of by his Majesty and myself directed [to persist] therein, In the Next place the indulgence to those Northward of Lake Huron, arose from their own Representa [tions,] of the Peculiar

¹ Letter of Carlton to Johnson, March 16, 1768.

circumstances of those Indian nations often in [Want] in a Co[untry] covered with deep Snow, which must greatly retard their marching & often render it impracticable, Circumstances by no means attending the rest of the Indians, and as to Governors passes they were designed to Express the post for Trade & the permission for Leaving the Province, & can by no means Extend In my opinion to protect them in a Country where his Majesty has thought proper to Subject them to restrictions as the very Tenor of the passes Exp[ress.] The fact is that if Traders are allowed in the Indⁿ Country the same Libertys enjoyed by Commerce in established Governments & with Civilized Nations it will often be productive of very different Consequences, to the destruction of Liberty & property too, arising from the Peculiar circumstances of the Indians the defects in our Laws for their redress, & the impracticability for them to obtain [it] in case the Laws made that provision for their relief which some of the most Learned of that Profession declare they do not.

But as extravagant Gain will often tempt people to overlook [Consequ]ences, & run all hazards I have long thought it best to [Wave every] part wich co^d possibly be dispensed with, and [Last fall] Signified my thoughts & Resolutions thereon to [the Secretary] of State, and indeed they have no reason to [Complain for at the] time they first represented these as Grievances [there was no Comiss^y or other officer of] the Department [Established at Michilimackinack, and since Rogers arrival there they have had free Liberty to go where they pleased. In conseguence of what I wrote home on this head I have so far moderated the Regulations as to Admit their going into the Indian Country as in the inclosed Extract On which I shod be glad to have your Sentiments as well as] with regard to the Pro[hibition of Rum beyond the posts, or the Limitting the Quantity for [each Canoe, which the Traders are in generall very desirous to have settled, and [indeed I believe it would be for] the best, if the Ind^s. agreed to it.

The very extraordinary Expence attend [ing the Commissaryship] at the Ilinois, & the Assertions of the Commiss^y that [he cannot] retrench them, inclines me to withdraw that officer [from] thence, Leaving proper Interpreters with the Command [ing] Officer which will prove a saving, at least tryal [can be] made whether we cannot do without a Comiss^y at [that place] please to favor me with your advice & direction theron.

M^r Magra mentioned in a Note from you some time ago, [is now] in this Neighbourhood being returned from Niagara [in a very] distressed condition & talks of goin to Canada. I am [a Stranger] to his Affairs and do not know what to do with him.

The Bad State of my health makes me agreable [to advice] to resolve on taking a Journey to the Sea Side, in order to try what [effect that] Air may have towards restoring it.— As my stay will [be uncertain] Lieu^t. Johnson, Dep^y for this District will receive your [Commands] & discharge the business of the department here in my [absence,] I would willingly avoid this Journey did it not appear [absolutely] necessary & that I have hopes of returning [with a larger] share of health.— L^t Roberts tells me he took [the liberty to] mention his Losses & Expences to you, on which occasion you was pleased [to referr it to me, I] therefore insert them in mine, and hope you [will find them reasonable.]

[His Excell^{cy} GEN^L GAGE]

INDORSED: [Johnson Hall 8th April 1768 Letter to Genr¹ Gage wth sundry Enclosures.]

TO HUGH WALLACE

$Df.^1$

Johnson Hall April 8, 1768

] you for your Last favor, which my] me Congress with about 800 Indians, and

¹ In handwriting of Guy Johnson.

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] ever since prevented me from Answering [ſ Major Gorham has since rectified his Accot of ſ]nts for the ballance of which I now give you a Draft 1 I add £16 for the Marble Slab, I am ashamed to have ſ [neglected?] [] thank you for the accot you have given me of the [vessel] you send to Dublin, and am Obliged to Mess¹⁵ Iningham for the Compliment they made me of the Grev [freight [] Picture — As to the Election affairs you wrote] now entirely Settled. I have some reason to think about [] could have carried it for this County without much]ty, but neither myself or Sir John had the least I] of his Setting up as a Candidate. I expect [1 News by the Pacquet which is to bring me some ſ] dispatches, at present there is nothing new from ł Ittled all Affairs between the Northern Indians ſ [] not without much difficulty, the former being [] Success & their known Superiority in War [l settled the affair of the late barbarous l] Pennsylvania, which would l] frontiers in a Sudden War; but l] the Snow & Wet of my ſ 1] FROM JOHN WETHERHEAD A. L. S. [New York April 11, 1768]] send you the pickled oyst [ers] I] Account of which you have enc[ſ] Long to excessive Cold that Now [l] Seems Settled & appears as if it would be] Send you the Lobsters in a few Days - the Man l Bucketts & as soon as they are finished I will Send them ſ] Sent the Spices under the Care of M^r Cartwright who l I] to you by a Safe hand least they shoud be filched

¹ Lines burned off.

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] is excessive Scarce in town, all I coud get is 3 to which] when the Ships arrive from London I will Send you more] think it necessary —

The Enclosd Letter for you has been sent me by Doct^r Auchmuthy [] much obligd to you Sir if you will be kind enough to give the Enclosed [] Byrne who I am told is at Johnson Hall, shoud He be gone [] be so kind as Send it to Him by the first Oppertunity [] Packetts for the Ministry Still lay by me; as there is no Packett [] People seem to think she is driven by bad Weather to the [] there is a fine Ship agoing to London on Wednesday Next [] a good Mind to Send them by Her, but as you ordered me to [] the Packett I dont know what to do —

[] mind to send your 2 patents by Pemberton, I have just now [] the Secretarys office, but the Clerks have not yet registerd them [] that Business this Day or tomorrow morning & that I may be [] ready by tomorrow afternoon, I wish to God they were [] will appear to you as if I was trifling about them [] for you on Wednesday Morning, by [] Time I remain with Sincere Regard

>] most Hble Servant [JOHN] WETHERHEAD

ACCOUNT OF JOHN WETHERHEAD

A. D.

New York the 11th April 1768

] Johnson Bar^t.

Bo ^t . of John	Wetherhead			
] Oysters with the	he Keggs	£4	_	
] on a 30/		1	2	6
]ggs a $20/$			10	

£5.12.6

]berton

FROM JOST HERCHHEIMER¹

A. L. S.

[Burnets Field] Aprill ye 12th 1768

] Send you the List of the Officers
] Opointed to Be in this Battalion
] have Layed it Out to the Best of our
] lage Whome whe thought was fitt[ed]
] that Business —
] more at Presend But Remain your
Frind and Hum^{ble} Servend

JOST HERCHHEIMER

FROM THOMAS BATEMAN

A. L. $S.^2$

Boston, Lincolnshire, April the 14th 1768

May it please Your Excellency

I most humbly beg the favour of you to indulge me in the liberty of addressing Your Excellency on the following occasion. My Noble and much honoured Friend, Lord Adam Gordon, when I had the pleasure of seeing him last summer, expressed his wishes that I would go over into America; adding that Your Excellency much wanted a Clergyman at Johnson Hall; and that your Son, during his stay in England, had endeavoured to procure one without success. His Lordship said he would make enquiry in a Letter he should write to your Excellency, by the two persons who went over from hence, to veiw his Lordships lands there, the latter end of last year, if you had yet procured one; but he afterwards told me he forgot: And as those persons

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¹ Johan Jost Herkimer, father of General Nicholas Herkimer.

² In Library of Congress, Washington, D. C.

upon their return hither informed me Your Excellency still wanted one, and as I know his Lordship does not like writing unless when he is in some measure obliged to it; I flatter myself Your Excellency will pardon my having presumed to take the liberty of acquainting you myself, that I should be extremely proud of the honour of coming over into America under Your Excellency's Patronage and of serving you in the capacity of a Clergyman, either in your own family or elsewhere as you shall chuse, and upon such terms and conditions as you shall graciously be pleased to propose.

It may perhaps be agreable to Your Excellency to be informed of the following perticulars relating to me: viz that I am in my thirty second year, have taken the Degree of Master of Arts at the University of Cambridge am very active and healthy, have been married above seven years but have had no children; that I do now, and have for more than nine years last past, taught the Free Grammar School in this town, and should this Proposal so far meet with your Excellency's approbation as to induce me to come over, I would, if required, open an Academy for the Instruction of young Persons in writing, Arithmetick and, such as desired it, in the Classics, the most useful branches of the Mathematics and Natural Philosophy; sending over before hand such Testimonials from Persons of Learning and Rank, perticularly Lord Adam Gordon, as I hope would satisfy Your Excellency both with respect to my Abilities and Character.

I beg at the same time to inform Your Excellency that the only motive for my making this proposal is the uncertain Prospect I have of Preferment at home, for want of Friends, and the excessive dearness of every necessary of life in this Country, which renders it necessary for me to undertake more Duty than I shall be able to perform many years longer, in order to live agreably to the Education and Character of a Clergyman.

Lord Adam Gordon from the report the two abovementioned persons made of the situation of his lands, and their great distance from a navigable River, apprehended his making a Settlement upon them, as he proposed, would be attended with too great an expense; and therefore entirely droped the design, notwithstanding the great numbers of persons who declared themselves ready to embark. As I was the person concerned for his Lordship on the occasion, I can affirm with certainty, that above fifty Persons out of this neighbourhood chiefly Husbandmen, Hemp and flax dressers &c &c with their Families, would have embarked in his Lordship service upon very reasonable terms; and are yet desirous of doing it in that of any other person of Property in America, who should chuse to engage them; all sober, honest, industrious people; induced to such a Proposal merely by the distress of the times, and the intollerable hardships the laborious people in this country are obliged to undergo to get a Living.

The foreign to the Subject of this Letter, I hope Your Excellency will excuse my mentioning it, as perhaps either Yourself or some of your Friends in America may think it worth while to give encouragement to these People to come over and settle in the country.

Should Your Excellency be pleased to deem this Letter deserving of an answer by honouring it with one the first opportunity, you would highly oblige

> May it Please Your Excellency Your Excellency's Most Obedient and Most Humble Servant THOMAS BATEMAN

ADDRESSED: To His Excellency

Sir William Johnson Baronet

At Johnson Hall

In the Province of New York

North America

Single Sheet Paid Postage

INDORSED:

April 14th 1768 From the Rev^d. M^r Bateman

FROM THE EARL OF HILLSBOROUGH

In Doc. Rel. to Col. Hist. N. Y., 8:57-58, is a letter of April 15th from the Earl of Hillsborough announcing the King's concurrence in the opinion that Johnson's plan for the regulation of trade should give way to management by the colonies, a resolution to break up unnecessary military posts, and an increase of salary for Johnson and Superintendent Stuart.

EARL OF HILLSBOROUGH TO THE GOVERNORS

In the Johnson Calendar, p. 392, is listed, under date April 15, Whitehall, a circular letter of Hillsborough to the governors in America, informing them that the regulation of Indian trade will be left to the colonies. (This copy is addressed to the Governor of West Florida and marked: Duplicate.) (Printed, somewhat abbreviated, in *Doc. rel. to Col. Hist. N. Y.*, 8:55-56.)

FROM GEORGE PHYN

A. L. S.¹

Mobile 15th April 1768

Sir

I would much rather [be thought] troublesome, than deficient in showing [and] acknowledging that Respect and attention, [which] your goodness and friendly behavior to me, so much deserves. From that motive therefore, you have now the trouble of this Letter, which, from the circuite I have taken in joining my Regm^t might, from a more able pen be filled with entertaining & perhaps usefull subject. However without ceremonie, I shall take the liberty to give you my sentiments of the very extensive Country I have so latly passed through.

That the lands on the Ohio River are generally Rich & beautifull, covered with variety of fine timber, is indisputable; and they are likewise plentifully watered by a number of commodeous Rivers & creeks: But notwithstanding these advantages

¹ Words burned away supplied from a copy made before the fire, printed in Collections of the Illinois State Historical Library, 16:242-45, ed. C. W. Alvord and C. E. Carter.

of nature, I cannot reconcile [to myself] the propriety of making [settlements] there, were the Indians even to [admitt] of it. The River Ohio can really only [be said to] be navigable from the braking up of the Winter to the month of June, except with very small canoes, and the Prodigeous land carriage to the sea coast from Fort Pitt, must, but bring a very small profit to the Planter. Should they take the Port of New Orleans, for by no other communication can we carry produce to sea, the distance is too great, as the whole summer months would be employed in such a Voyage, besides it is a forreign Port.

The acquisition of the Country of the Illinois I am affraid will turn out to be but of small advantage to us; we by no means command the Indian Trade there; as the French & Spanish Subjects can go & does, without interuption among the Indians every where, in the Country; owing to there not being Posts made at the mouths of these Rivers leading [to their Towns] particularly the Illinois [River & Ohio: But] really at present it is not very [material, for as] long as New Orleans is in the [hands of an]other Power, the whole produce of [that country] must center there, For our Merchants [will] always dispose of their Peltry or whatever the Country produces at Orleans, because they get as good a price there, as if they were to ship them off. So little attention has been paid in order to render the Country in any means serviceable to us, for the expence it costs in keeping it; that you would emagine pains had been taken to enduce the Inhabitants to remove from our side. There is no settled administration of justice, but the whole depends upon the mear will & fancy of the Off^r Commanding the Troops; and whose disposition is displeasing to all Ranks under his command, as well as an ensaciable desire to get money by any means ever so low. It's displeasing to me to give such a Character of [a Man of his] Rank,¹ but I am affraid it [will be found to be too]

¹ Lieutenant Colonel John Reed, of the 34th regiment, in command at Fort Chartres.

just, and from the treatment [the] French inhabitants there received, [most of them] has left us; And those who remains [seems] to be in a state of suspense whether to go off, or waite for a more favorable change. About Fort Chartres, where there was on our taking possession of that Country, a very pretty settlement, there is not now three family's, & them wretchedly poor At the Village of Kaskaskia there is indeed several, who supports themselves chiefly by Hunting & in performing Voyages to & from New Orleans, but none of those would I believe, remain, if their property & interest were not so materially concerned The Inhabitants of the Village of Caho which lyes about forty miles above fort Chartres are circumstanced in the same manner: But sure I am had that Country fallen under [the Command & inspection of a sencible] & moderate Man, [we would have had, many] of the French settlers [come over to us] in place of Deserting us.

In general the lands of the [Illinois are] pretty good, and no doubt capable [to produce] many necessary articles, if proper [attention] is paid to the Climate; yet perhaps there is not a River in the World, for its extent, [less] supplied with water falling into it; which induces me to believe it will never be thoroughly settled unless on the banks of the Rivers. And that will never happen with any advantage to England, unless we can procure the Ideal Island of New Orleans; I call it Ideal, because we have never yet been able to find water enough along the North East side of it, to transport a Canoe into Lake Ponchartrain, Except for about two months of the Year when the Missisippi overflowes its banks, and furnishes many [Gully's of the same sort with Water. Yet could we find a] passage, for even small craft, [to go to sea, the] Country of the Illinois would [be worthy of] attention: But had we the [Island of] New Orleans, that Country in a [very] short time would I believe be equal to any of our Colonies. At present we are allowed the free Navigation of the River Missisippi, but the Spaniards may prevent us from Landing & we cannot Anchor a Vessell in the River, but is obliged to make them fast alongside the Bank to trees. And from the Ibberville *where the Island of Orleans begins*, to the Town, it is near two hundred miles.

From the above confused scetch you may easily conjecture what the Illinois will turn out to be. The only Port for exportation, a foreign one, lyable to be put under many regulations to our dissadvantage, besides the encroachments they have it in their power [to make, to the pre]judice of our Colonie. [On the other hand] were we in possession [of New Orleans we] would have a fine har [bour in the Bay] of Mexico, & secure to ourselves [the produce] of a large & Extensive Country, [happy in a] Luxurient Soil, and which would [not] fail to be cultivated from the River Illinois to the Sea,; And by the cultivation of the Fertile lands of the Missisippi, the Sea coast of this province would be of consequence and y^e. Ports of Pensecola & Mobile would become I do believe flowrishing places of Trade when on the conterary, they will remain inconsiderable in every Respect, and only a Reseptacle for Men of broken fortunes.

But I have dwelt too long on this subject, to one who knows these circumstances much better, and who can judge with much more accuracy & perspecuity, than I dare pretend to. [The Court Martial] for the Tryal of Major Far[mer¹ has been sitting] ever since my arrival in the [Province.] I heared the whole prosecution when [I was at] Pensacola, And there was not one [Evidence] said a thing in support of any of the many & heavy charges exhibited against him. And if I may be allowed to judge, I think Major Farmer has been greatly injured, by the mear surmise & chimera of a mans brain.

Give me leave Sir to congratulate you on the safe arrival of Sir John, to whom I beg you will present my most Respectfull Compliments, as also to Cap^t. Claws and Cap^t. Johnson and their Families.

General Haldimand is well and made very kind enquiry for

¹ Major Robert Farmar, tried in West Florida on charges of malfeasance, was acquitted on all counts.

you, and expressed the satisfaction he had in hearing from you.

I am sure I have tired your pacience & ought to be ashamed for troubling you with so long a Letter, but your known Goodness embolden'd me. Who has the Honor to be Sir your much Oblieged and very Obedient Serv¹.

Geo Phyn

[INDORSED: Mobile 15th April 1768 From Lieut Phyn to S^r W Johnson.]

FROM EDWARD COLE

A. L. S.

Fort Chartres Apl. 18th: 1768

Dear Sir

I have this day wrote to M^r. Croghan incloseing my Accounts for the last Six months which he doubtless Will forward to you and to which I refer you,— I think there is an absolute Necessity of Establishing a Post, at Post Vincennt, and to have Some one there in the Indian department its being the great path throu which all the Northward Indian pass, and a great place of Trade.

There is now here M^r. Rumsey who was formerly in the 42^d. Reg^t. and came with Cap^t. Sterling when he took posession, he is now a going to Post Vincennt, I hav desired him to make all the observations he possible can with regard to the Trade being Carried on there, and the behavour of the Indians, I doubt not he would gladly accept of any Employment for that place from his Knowledge of the Country and being well Acquainted with the Manners & Customes of Indians [____] benefit might arrise from [____] Certain Intelligence and puting [____] to the Illicit Trade carryed on [____] Ouabach and preventing bad people Sowing Sedition among the

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Nations by haveing Such a person there. My Compliments to Sir John and your Family and belive me to be

> D^r. sir With the Utmost Respect Your mos^t Obe^t. Hum^e. Serv^t.

EDW^D: COLE

INDORSED: Fort Chartres 18 April 1768

Comis^{ry}. Coles Letter ----

FROM THOMAS GAGE

A. L. S.¹

New York April 18th 1768

DEAR SIR,

I return you Thanks for your Letter of the 8th Ins^t in which came the Proceedings of your late Congress², an Acc^t of Disbursements during said Congress & from Sep^t to March. Also an Acc^t of Pay to sundry off^{rs}. of your Department and Disbursements at the Posts. Warrants will be issued to discharge the two Accounts.

The Perusal of the Proceedings I must confess has given me some Pleasure. The Indians have set forth their Grievances with sense, Firmness and Temper, and I am so convinced of the Justice of many of their Complaints, that I most sincerely hope they will meet with the Redress that is so justly due to them and I will do every thing which depends upon me to obtain it for them.

It will not be possible to make Regulations Necessary to be adhered to in carrying on the Indian Trade which shall coincide with the Humour or views of every Trader, Such as the King has thought proper to make must of Course be observed, whatever

¹ In Harvard College Library, Cambridge, Mass.

² With the Six Nations, Canadian Indians and Cherokees, March 4–12.

may be the opinion of the Canada Traders respecting them. The orders you have given to Mr. Roberts are certainly very proper, and will be of use if properly executed, Tho' we must expect Complaints of Partiality to some People more than others, for every Trader will conceive himself equaly entitled to the Benefit of the order, and that his Conduct and Character are as irreprochable as his Neighbours. It was this that occasioned M². Walker's Complaint to the Secretary of State, some of his vagabonds being refused Permission to go into the Indian Country, when Capt. Howard had permitted a few Traders upon the Application of the Indians, to winter amongst them. If you can get the Indians to agree to it, a total Prohibition of Rum beyond the Posts, would undoubtedly produce very Salutary Effects. If that can't be brought about, a Limitation is the next best thing that can be done, and if the Indians can be induced to desire it, and fix the Qauntity they would have Sent in each Canoe, the Measure in my opinion should be immediately adopted and as soon as you shall settle it. I will Send orders to the Commanders accordingly.

I have already acquainted the Commander at Fort Chartres that I should not longer pay regard to his Certificates for Indian Expences, and therefore to be cautious of what he certifies and if you please to withdraw the Commissary from thence I shall protest the Commander's Bills if he does not retrench, the Expences and that very considerably. I have ordered Colonel Reed up to Fort Pitt and the Command there will be left with Captain Forbes. Affairs go but ill on at such an immense Distance, and I have found it Necessary also to order the Commissary of Provisions to be removed. The Indian Expences of that Place equal the rest of your Department without any visible Cause for it. At first taking Possession of Posts extraordinary Expences may be necessary, but there is no Reason to continue them.

The Sooner M^r. Magra goes to Canada the better, a very indifferent Subject, and I am glad he was Stoped at Niagara for he might have done Mischief in going forward. I am certain he would have done no Good.

Tho' pleased with the Expectations of seeing you in these parts, I am much concerned at the Cause of your Journey. You will do very right to try every Experiment you are advised to towards the Restoration of your Health. Bathing in the Sea has in many Cases done wonders and I hope you will meet with all the Benefit you expect from it.

I am Dear Sir with great Regard

Your most obedient, humble Servant, THO^s, GAGE,

SIR W^M. JOHNSON Bar¹. INDORSED: April 18th 1768

From Gen¹. Gage

N. B. a Second rec^d. of the same date.

FROM THOMAS GAGE

A. L. S.¹

New York April 18th 1768

DEAR SIR,

Since writing my first Letter of this Date the Packet is arrived with the Jan:^{1y} Mail after an extraordinary long Passage and I send you by Express a Letter from Lord Shelburne which came under my Cover, on the subject of the Boundary Line to be run between the Provinces and the Lands of the Indians. As the Letter from the Lords of Trade to Lord Shelburne point out the Limits of this intended Boundary, of which you have no doubt a Copy inclosed in your Letter from His Lordship, I need not trouble you with it in this Letter. I am only now to trouble you for your advice and opinion concerning the best and most expeditious manner of putting this general Plan into Execution, and as I am directed to convey the Necessary Intelligence to the

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¹ In Harvard College Library, Cambridge, Mass.

several Governors as soon as possible, that they may cooperate in a Measure so essential for the Security of the Provinces with Cordiality and Dispatch, you will be so good to acquaint me if there is any thing essential which you are desirous I should recommend to them in general, or to any particular Governor.

I conceive that New-York, Pensylvania and Virginia are the only Provinces concerned in this Business, but that we are not to settle what Parts of these new Lands are to be assigned to this or that Province. That would be a work we should never End, for we could never bring the Governors to agree to any certain or fixed Limits between their respective Claims of Territory.

Nothing further occurrs to me at present so I will not detain the Express

I am with great Regard,

Dear Sir,

Your most obedient, humble Servant, THO^s. GAGE

SIR WM. JOHNSON Bart.

INDORSED: April 18th 1768

From Gen¹. Gage with a Pacquet from the Ministry N B. another rec^d. of the same date

FROM HENRY MOORE

A. L. S.

New York April 18^h. 1768.

S[₽].

I am this Moment favor'd with your letter of the 8th Ins^t. & shall order the Commissions mention'd in it to be made out immediately; Whatever new Regulations you shall think necessary to be made for the new Plan we have adopted, I shall readily consent to, & as I expect no assistance from any other quarter I beg the favor of you to communicate your Sentiments freely to me.— I am extremely concern'd to find that your health is so bad, & beg that your Journey to the Sea Coast may not be deferr'd on my Acc'.; If I can make my Expedition to the Mohawk River & return again by the latter end of June, it is all I propose, I would therefore contrive to take such an opportunity as to meet you then if it would suit your conveniency; I must therefore beg you will let me know, at what time you propose to come this way, & that you will command any Services I am capable of offering, for the conveniencies either of your Journey or Residence among us: Mr Wetherhead desir'd I would inform you that your Papers & Patents should be sent up by Pemberton, but I understand that he is saild without them, notwithstanding they have been ready for some time; I only mention this that you may see the Delay has not been occasion'd by the Offices through which they were to pass. I am with the greatest Regard & Esteem

> S^r Y' most Obed^t. & hum^{ble} Ser^t. H: Moore

INDORSED: N York Apl. 18th 1768

From S^r Henry Moore Bart Gov^r of N York. Ans^d April 23^d.

TO JOHN BLAIR

 $Df.^1$

[Johnson Hall, April 23, 1768]

] your Letter of the 10th ult^o. in] your late Worthy L^t. Governor whose death]] glad to find your resolutions in consequence of] persuade myself they will be attended with the wished for]nces and thereby the dangers with which the frontiers]reatned thro' the Violence & misconduct of a few, happily

¹ In handwriting of Guy Johnson.

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] to Effect which all my Efforts and Influence shall be em-Last Month I Accomodated matters with the ployed. ler I could on account of the late Indians in the best [Murder of Ten of them in the [lvince of Pennsylvania &ca and also procured a peace for the [Cherokees?] Which was subscribed to in my presence [ł who attended Exceed^g 800 Indians, but my fatigue with the Cold I caught upon that [1 threw me into a severe fitt of Illness which obliges me to go [] Side for the recovery of my health, I am hopefull that I [] able to return before any steps are taken regarding the [] should it prove] act all Indian otherwise Col. Guy Johnson my Depy, [affairs during my absence, has directions [] affair of the Boundary seems not rightly understood,] I received from the Ministry long since, & from] of my Depy^s. from London 1 boundary sho^d, be settled in such Manner] Ind^s, in addition to that already] Cession they were to have a] only terms the Northern 1] 1 the Ind^s. [troublesome business [I find by the Extract [Line run between Marvland & Pennsylvania [That line being a private affair between [no Connection with the Indians they [Apprized of it Least they might entertain unjust Suspicions [I have not heard [Stuart as yet about it but imagine from the [Claims of the Northern Indians that they will [those under that Gentlemans direction to hal Northw^d of North Carolina, at Least [I shall do my utmost to procure the [

¹ Lines burned off.

Line for your Province so as to terminate at the [of Pennsylvania, but from the difficulty of Explain^g these | without a thorough knowledge of [the Country I should be glad you would Send me [Survey at least of the frontiers from N. Carolina to Pennsylvania] cannot be procured here, th' very necessary [L Affair, as to the time & manner of which [Lord Shelburne [receive full Instructions by next [1 shall be made acquainted [delay I had [Dispatches from which [1 Amongst which [1 1]] the Lords of Trade will [] very far to the Southwd Yet as the Cherokee]way Riv^r. to which they have Extended best not to Extend the Claim of the Northern Ind³.] that River Seeing it is Liable to some dispute of which] write Mr Stuart accordingly who will take such Measures 1 for within his District-I shall Endeavor to get 1 the most Advantageous Manner 1 from thence to the S. W. Corner of Pennsylvania] & the Ind^s. shall be 1 Advised to come to the Treaty,- The Anguish occa-] a variety of Complaints arising from sioned by an [former fatigues &ca force me by [] Physicin to go to the Salt Water but I hope to be able [1 within 3 Months. before which the Ind^s. cannot be Assembled [l the meantime you will please to Communicate any points necessary to Coll. Johnson to whom [] you will transmit the Map or Survey before mentioned.---

I am,

&ca

¹ Lines burned off.

TO GUY CARLETON

In the Johnson Calendar, p. 392, is listed a draft of a letter, dated April 23, to Sir Guy Carleton, considering the objections of traders to trade regulations, aspersions on the commissaries, the charter of Indian traders and the sale of liquor to Indians. The fire badly injured this paper, which originally was difficult to decipher in many places by reason of erasures, interlineation and marginal insertions.

TO THOMAS GAGE

$Df.^1$

[Guy Park, April 23, 1768]

] the 4th Inst arrived I was Very

] of Answering it, but having Just recovered]eed on my Journey I was this day] by your Express with your favors of the] the inclosures.—

[] Lord Shelburne has inclosed me a Copy of the Letter from [] Lords of Trade which is a recital of y^e several reports transmitted to them at different times with regard to the Limits therein described they are pretty Exact, except their beginning at Owegy,² which on a reperusal of my Letters to their Lordships they will find was not so Easily agreed to, there being much opposition made to it by some of the Nations on accot of their Tribes living within them Limits Nevertheless I hope to obtain their general agreement to it at the final settlement of these matters.

The only method I know of for carrying this Plan [] Execution will be to Assemble all the Indians concerned [] which Number besides the Six Nations & the Senecas of Ohio the Shawanese, & [Del]awares, tho their dependents should be considered, as some [] lands actually belonged to them formerly and as their [] *Pennsylvania* and *Virginia*, makes their perfect [] necessary—at the same time

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¹ In handwriting of Guy Johnson.

² See map in v: 286 from Doc. Rel. to Col. Hist. N. Y., 8: opposite 31,

I think the Governm ^{ts} . [] are those you hav [] no concern in it) should b	e
[] consulted on such points as may affect them & [] may if the	
]
will be avoided and afterwards []
the Limits so agreed []
Province may Enact Laws []
making it felony to any who []
encroaching beyond them, I cannot []
to be done by the Colonies []
be Transacted by the SuperIntendant []
doubtless Write upon these heads to the Govern[]
concerned, as I purpose to do, I have already rece[]
from M ^r Blair who at present holds the []
of Virginia relative thereto wch I have answered []
And desired a Map or Survey of that frontier, as I sh[]
of the rest, it being Extremely necessary at the Set[]
the Affair with the Indians;— that Province is desi[]
its Line terminate at the S. W. corner of Pennsylvania []
will be agreed to, as to determining the parts to []
to this or that Province I am intirely of your opinion []
be very difficult to bring it to a Conclusion, however if the Vin	
ginia [] where I have Mentioned, it may be adjusted	d
with [] taking the parts which fall witin their	ir
respective [
The Provinces can be soon Consulted but []
Least three Months to Assemble all the [1
which time I am in hopes I shall be []
it, if not my Dep ^y here w[1
Likewise transact all other []
At present I cannot []
necessary Excep[]

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¹ Lines burned off.

[] much of the []] of your Opinion that []] of your Opinion that []] tions for the Indian Trade agreable to [] [] Trader. The General Interests of [] the Security of Peace on the frontiers is what alone [] sued. My Deputy has directions to address you [] heads, and is acquainted with all the Affairs of the Departmt.

M^r Cole's account is great indeed, and since I find by one [____] Letters that there is no Prospect of his retrenching I think it best to withdraw him, as to what may be given as Reasons [___] admitting them unless the Securing the Numerous Tribes in that Quarter to our interest, preventing them from withdrawing, and receiving & entering into Treatys with So many Nations who [___] before strangers to us, or something like that may be Considered [___] such and the Governmt. may be advised that such Expences [___] will Abate for the future.

I am advised to go by way of N England for the benefit of Exercise in travell^g by Land, & so to the East [l of Long Island, or some place that way in order to enjoy [1 the benefit of the Air as well as some Ease & Retirement It [1 be a real pleasure to me could I wait upon you, but in case] deprived of an Opportunity, The Affairs of the Deł 1 such a Manner in the hands of Coll Johnson partment [] myself nothing will be neglected, and you will that I [be pleased [] this or on any other Subject to signify Be assured Dear Sir, that I am always your thoughts [] Regard l

Your &ca

¹ Lines burned off.

FROM THOMAS GAGE

A. L. S.¹

New York 25th April 1768

DEAR SIR

You will receive some Letters from Missilimakinak, which came here last Night by way of Fort Pitt. I find by my own from that Quarter that Major Rogers is apprehended. and as he must be tryed, M^r. Roberts should have notice to appear as an Evidence against him in Support of what he accused Him of in his Letter to M^r. Guy Johnson Copys of which have been transmitted to the Secretary of State. He should also endeavor to procure all other Evidence that can in any Shape tend to prove Major Rogers's Designs of Treason by abandoning and Deserting his Post and retiring to the French and Indians, after plundering all the Traders. Also his Intrigues and mismanagement of the Indians, and Disobedience of his orders and Instructions. The Bills he has drawn of which a List may be got will prove the last part.

I have a Letter from Cap^t. Turnbull² of which I mean to send you some extracts by next Opportunity; The mail is making up for the Packet and I have not time to say more at present, but that I find the Indians on the Lakes are troublesome and something must be done to make them quiet. Major Rogers lays strong accusations against M^r. Roberts. I hope he will have no more Quarrells with the Commanders of the Posts.

I am with great Regard

Dear Sir,

Your most obedient,

 $Hum {\rm ble} \ servant,$

THO^s. GAGE

SR: WM JOHNSON Bart.

¹ In Harvard College Library, Cambridge, Mass.

² Captain George Turnbull, of the 60th regiment, in command at Detroit.

INDORSED: New York Apl 25th 1768

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From Gen¹. Gage with inclosures concer^g M¹ Rogers

TO HENRY MOORE

$Df.^1$

Schenectady April 25th 1768

] this place on my Way to the sea] favor of the 18th inst and am much obliged] Approbation of my Choice of Officers, and for your] New Arrangements to me.—

My present hurry will not permit me to write fully on [] points Col. Johnson who is apprized of my sentiments will [] communicate any thing necessary and will inclose [] a List of those Capts, & Subalt^{ns}. whom I beg leave to recom^d. [] to your Excell^{cy}.—

My Indisposition has reduced me so low that Ι am Ordered to lose no time in going to the Salt Water, with which] necessitated to Comply tho' it deprives me of the pleasure) you for sometime as my Rout will be thro' N England I 1 Islands about New London, where I shall endeavor to be] as possible, in order to relax after the hurry & fatigue] lately undergone, I shall probably be absent 2, or 3 [mon]ths, and it would afford me singular pleasure if I could] my return, but if this is inconvenient Col Johnson meet [] thing needfull on your Excell^{cys} arrival will [lwise Write you forthwith Concerning the Boundary ł] my Dispatches Just received his Majesty orders me ſ] will please to signify your thoughts to him on the] before you. I] Mr Van Ranslaer has had the promised I ſ] from your Excell^{cy} to Consist

¹ In handwriting of Guy Johnson.

] of Horse will be Vacant I far North as the [the Colonels Commissions, [Necessary, they had best [which I shall Issue & hope you [On these and all other Subjects [Your Excelley, I have only to regret th[at present as not only to deprive me of an op

enlarging upon them. but also of the pleasure [Myself from Your Excell^{cys}. Visit about this time [Permit me, Sir, to assure you of the Sense I [Obliging favors which I would gladly acknow [ledge every opportunity that Offers, and that I am [utmost Esteem

Sir, &c

Miles 8

Route to New London

From Albany to Fitchs	
Kinderhook Mills	
Hogebooms	
Lovejoys at Nobletown	
Then over the Taconick Mountain	
to Capt Spurrs at Egremont, but	
Barrington which is near it is	
a be tter Stage .	
Thence to the No[]	
Sheffield []	
[1]	

¹ Lines burned off.

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FROM THOMAS GAGE

A. L. S.¹ New York May 3th- 1768

Sir,

I have received your Letter of 23^d. of April from Guy Park where you received the Express with your Letters by the last Packet with the Jan^{ry} Mail.

Sir Henry Moore has seen Lord Shelburne's Letter to me with the Report of the Board of Trade to His Lordship on the subject of the Boundary Line to be run to divide the Limits of the Provinces from the Indian hunting Grounds. And is of opinion that the Province of New-York is not concerned in it. The Line as described in the Report is to begin at Owegy. No mention is made about the Western Boundarys of New York Province or hinted that it extends to Owegy. and I believe there is no doubt that the whole Line from Owegy to some Miles below Fort Pitt will fall within the Province of Pensylvania and if Maryland has nothing to claim within the Tract to be ceded by the Indians on the Settlement of the Limits, it appears that the whole Tract will be divided between Pensylvania and Virginia.

All Nations who have Pretensions should certainly be consulted and treated with on this occasion which may prevent Disputes with any of the Nations in time to come.

Tho' there may be Differences between the Provinces about their respective Limits, with each other, yet with respect to the Indians, the Line is so bounded by Rivers, that there seems Nothing left to Dispute with them unless it may be in the Line to be drawn from the West Branch of Susquehanna to Kittaning unless some Natural Marks shall be found to describe that part

¹ In Harvard College Library, Cambridge, Mass.

of the Boundary in such manner as not to admit of Doubt or Chicane. Disputes may arise about it hereafter. Whether the Provinces will enact Such Laws as you mention to make it Felony for any Persons to encroach beyond the Boundary Line, is doubtfull particularly with respect to Virginia, Pensylvania has already done something of the kind and may do it again, but if they do not put the Laws in Force, they had better make none and all the good I can foresee from the present Boundary is, that it will stop the Clamors of the Indians for a short time. The Crown will be put to an immense Expence which the Provinces should bear. the wound is only skinned over and not probed to the Bottom. If means are not fallen upon to protect the Indians in their Persons and Propertys, it matters little where the Boundarys are fixed. The frontier People have now transgressed them, have neither been effectualy removed or punished for their Encroachments. and when the proposed Limits shall be fixed, I despair not of living long enough to hear that they have transgressed them also.

The Provinces concerned I imagine will not hesitate to send Commissarys to attend the running of the Line and to ratify the Agreement in such Manner as shall be required As to the Line of Virginia terminating at the S: W: Corner of Pensylvania, I apprehend that to be a Matter between the two Provinces, the Indian Boundary is to run down the Ohio as far as the great Kanahwa, and the Country between that River and the sea I understand is to be ceded by them, to the English in general. it matters not to them to which Province it is to be distributed.

It would be proper to make some Conjecture of the sum that will be wanted to finish these Transactions before it is immediately demanded, as the Contractors should have notice to prepare for Such a Demand and it may be worthy Consideration whether the Indians should be paid at once or in different Payments we must expect a great deal of Debauchery amongst them as long as the Money lasts, and little hunting. And I fear that we shall find it difficult to restrain the Traders from going amongst them, who will be tempted to risk every thing as long as the Indians have a Penny left to spend.

I am with great Regard,

Dear Sir,

Your most obedient, humble Servant,

THO^S. GAGE

SIR W^M JOHNSON Baronet, INDORSED: May 3^d 1768

> From Gen¹. Gage with a pacquet from the Sec^y of State.

In the Johnson Calendar, p. 393, is listed, under Burnets Field, May 6, Colonel John Jost Herchheimer's return of persons chosen for officers of his battalion (erroneously dated May 6, 1767; printed in the Third Annual Report of the New York State Historian, p. 848.)

REPRESENTATION OF THE LORDS OF TRADE

D. S.

[*May* 7, 1768]

[] King's most Excellent Majesty May it please your Majesty,

In obedience to your Majesty's Commands, signified to Us by the Earl of Hillsborough, One of Your Majesty's principal Secretaries of State, in his Lordship's Letter of the 20th of February last, we have taken into Our Consideration the humble Petition of certain persons, whose Names are thereunto subscribed, praying for the Reasons therein contained, that your Majesty would be graciously pleased to make a Grant to them of all Mines discovered, or to be discovered in the Country adjacent to [Lake] Superior; and having been attended by [] and heard what they had to [] their petition we beg []

¹ Lines burned off.

Article of great [] Manufactures and Com 1 Kingdom; and as there is gr[eat reason?] to believe from the] the Country described in the peti [tion] Reports [that it does abound with Mines [of] Copper Ore of a very rich and valuable Quality, we are of Opinion, that [would be very adviseable to give reasonable Encouragement to the discovery and working of such Mines to persons of Substance] under such Restrictions and Reg[ulations] and Ab[as shall be judged expedient for [your] Majesty's Interest and] But as the System, adopted [Adv Majesty's Proclamation [October 1763, does [1] Country [Establishment [l 1] I]pear, from the Represenl of the present Temper and [Ition of the Indians, to be in a precarious state, and to make it prudent to avoid all Measures, that can possibly operate to encrease the Jealousy and Discontent of the Savages, we are humble of Opinion, that any Determination upon the prayer of this Petition should be suspended for the present, and that Copies of it should be transmitted to the Commander in Chief of your Majesty's Forces in America and to Sir William Johnson,² with direction to make a full Enquiry into the Facts alleged and the practicability of the proposals made in the said Petition, and to report their Opinion, what Effects the Execution of this Measure would probably have as to your [1 Interests with respect to the [] biting that Country, and by]ght be induced to [] l 1] would be nec the Advantages 1

¹ Lines burned off.

² See letter of Johnson to the Earl of Hillsborough, December 20, 1768, Doc. Hist. N. Y., 2:920-23; Q, 2:533-34, and Doc. Rel. to Col. Hist. N. Y., 8:140-42.

] in Case your Majesty the Proposals made by [1 further Consideration think [should [Which is most adviseable to comply therewith. [humbly Su[1 CLARE¹ Whitehall May 7th. 1768 SOAME JEN[YNS] I. Dyson W^M. FITZ[HERBERT] I INDORSED: of Trade dated May 7th. 1768. on a Petition for a Grant of Copper Mines near Lake Superior.

FROM BAYNTON, WHARTON & MORGAN

A. L. S.

Philada. May 8th 1768

One of us expected to have been in New York immediately after the Receipt of your last Favor, In Respect to [Coles two Accounts.— But He was taken very ill and [1 Ever since been confined to his Chamber ;--- Wherefore We] to Mr Marturin, The General's Secretary, to know Whether his Excellency the General would be pleased to give Us a Warrant for the Amount of Them, as We were in extreme Want of [Money.] - Just Now, We have been favored With] M^r Maturin, Wherein He is pleased to an Answer [] upon Receipt of your Letter addressed the inform Us [] Subject and He seems inclinable to General Upon [grant a Warrant [1 William Johnson for the Amount of those Dis[burse]ments,- You must Therefore settle With Sir] the availing yourselves of the Warrant, William [] For as the Money is made payable to Sir When [] signs Only, The Authority for receiving it, William [] Him." Must [

¹ Robert Nugent, Viscount.

knows Our Situation. We shall not There-1 with a Repetition of Our very urgent ly — But Only beg, as a most singular] will be pleased, if practicable, by the 1 To be so kind as to send Us your] of the General's Warrant And That you will transmit your Letter and Order to Us, [ł Cover to Robert Leake Esquire Commissary General of [] There to be left, Until called for, as One of Us shall [1 of this Week, proceed to New York to receive the Money. We have no News as yet from Mr. Croghan. We are with the highest Respect & Esteem Sir Yr. most Obedient And much **Obliged** Servant BAYNTON WHARTON & MORGAN] SON, Bar^t. ł INDORSED: From [] Wharton &c concerng Cash &c Answei, 23d, Inst. FROM WILLIAM NEWTON A. L. S. New York 9th. May 1768 This Morning the two Inclosed Warrants [17.7 & £1397.6.41/4 Sterling came to hand, which Mr. [Mortier(] who is gone a little way out of Town) desired me to [you by this Post with the Receipts, which I have [lingly done; he has paid on your Account, since that [mitted to You, Your drafts in favor of Mr. Wetherhead for £100] Wallace £130.1.71/4 Mr Phyn £112:11.41/2 Cury. & to Dan¹ Campbell [100 Sterling. I am, with great Regard Sir.

> Your most Obedient & most Humble Servant W^M NEWTON

INDORSED:] ł returned y^e. I Ansrd. June 7th.---A RETURN OF OFFICERS D. [May 9, 1768] 1] [[Capts] Lieut^s. Ensigns ſ I 1 Petrus V. Der Caleb Truax Volger I 1 1 Swits John R. Myn- Harmanus A. 1 derse V.Slvck Wimpel Jacob A. Vroo- Barent l 1 L Mvnderse man Bradt Carel H: Toll Theunis Swart John M: Myn- Garret N. Vee-Samuel I 1 V Slyck derse der Beptist Nicholas P. Walter Iohn I Is: Wendel Veeder Vrooman [lder³. ſ Myndert Wim- Harmanus H: Samuel Tyms Wendel pel] 68.— Ret^d. May 1769 ſ Wilson John Brown ſ And^w. Mc- Benjⁿ. Young Farlin | Slyck Ab^m Outhout Ab^m. G. Lan- Law^{ce}. ſ Mynsingh derse] V Slyck John Vrooman John ſ Van Arent Albertse Vorst Jun^r. Vedder. INDORSED: I Regmts of Militia ----

¹ As shown by the Johnson Calendar, the lines burned off indicated a return of the officers to have commissions under Colonel Jacobus V. Slyck for the township of Schenectady.

FROM JOHN WETHERHEAD

A. L. S.

New York 10th May 1768

] your kind favour of the 4th April, but Į 1 this month: The Contents of which have] I have Sent your Letters which Came by [1 [Cartwri]ght, desiring him to keep them till you returned] to Send them with all possible Expedition | Hall; The Packett arrived here on Thursday Morning] thence forward in a Sloop with a fair Wind, & I] Albany — if I have Erred in this particular, imagine [I am sorry for it, but I assure you Sir I acted for the best & New] what to do about them; I will write up to Capt Guy about I Post — They Seem to be Letters from private hands by ſ 1: there were but 2 of them: One from the same person the] from by the last packet, & the other was directed vou [Manner to you, so that I hope neither of them are of in a [] as to make you Uneasy for the Want of them--so much [] have this Day Sent me the Enclosed Letter from the Post ſ office where [] I cant learn from the Office; but least it should have come from [] the Liberty of Sending it to you] Sir William you will not according to your Directions be Angry with me, your 2 pattents are [] but not yet Sent, they go by Capt Farrell, who I have for Some [l for that purpose, the Old Gentleman positively Says he will go [1 Days - it is very true they have been ready for Some Time] Sent to you immediately; but the Cause of past [the Delay, I will [] as I can, even to my own prejudice —] Governors, nor that of Any of it has however neither [] it to your Satisfaction, when the Offices; I will however [I shall have the []bee on your Return to Johnson Hall, to think Evil of me, for I really do not [till [I 1 last week, & have at last Met



JOHN WILKES

(· · ·

] I have purchased

to Run an imprudant Risk of [

I

On Fryday I received a Letter [| | had Sent you Accounts to the Amount of [| | into my hands as soon as possible as he has [| | of the Money; I shall therefore be very much obliged [] his Request as Soon as Convenient, in order that I may [] my own Acceptance for the Above Money — I wish with [] was done, I have Bills upon² for £1000, all payable the [] of what has been laying in my Counter ever since January [] of them away & have been obligd to pay them all myself [] hard, However the Colonell coud not help the Disapointment [] blame him in the least; He tells me he is very well & will []

There is not a Syllable of News by the packetts, only that [Wilkes] is pardoned by the Interposition of the Duke of Bolton or Bedford [] which — I forgott to tell you that I received a Letter from M^r[Kempe] which I likewise Sent enclosd to Cartwright on fryday last [] doing excessive well & doubts not but He Shall Succeed in [] beyond his Wishes; Lord Hillsborough has behaved to him [] & has really espoused his Interest, so that I think he is []

I am afraid of being too late for the post so must [wishing you most Sincerely all imaginable Advantages [to the Eastward, I am only sorry we are not to See you [Ourselves — I remain most Sincerely

Sir Your most obliged [] JOHN [WETHERHEAD] ADDRESSED: To

> The Honorable Sir William Johnson Bar^t to the Care of M^r Chew, post Master in New London

1

¹ Lines burned off.

² Croghan is the name omitted.

FROM J. DE BERNIERE

A. L. S.

New York, May 13th 1768

As I am shortly going to leave america [I take] this opportunity to return you my [sin]cere thanks for the civilitys you were pleased to shew me I go directly to London [] should be happy to execute any commands [you] may please to honour me with.

As I find it is vain to search longer [for] the lands I am entitled to by his Majestys mandamus, I propose representing to] Hilsborough (who was so kind as to get [my [I my disappointment, oweing to the [] any value being already occupied; [authority would be with his Lord-[] able I should take it Sir [favour] that you would write him a few lines only to assure [him of] the truth of that assertion, & of my [inability] to profit by the favour he] on me, as I have reason to hope his was pleasd to [Lord] will make me amends by other means. Sir as you are most capable of judging of [the] propriety of my request to you. I have [] to beg that you will pardon my [1 if its improper, & if not the favour of [compliance. I have the honour to

> Subscribe myself [with] the utmost [Respect] Sir Your Very [& humble Ser[vant]

1

INDORSED: N York May 13th. 1768 -

M^r. Berniers Letter rec^d. by M^r. Croghan June 14th. 1768 on Fishers Island I would answer it but heard he was Sailed

J DE BERN[IERE]

LIST OF PERSONS RECOMMENDED FOR OFFICERS

In the Johnson Calendar, p. 393, is entered a list of persons recommended for captains and subalterns in the new regiments of militia foot raised for the western parts of Albany county (printed in *Third Annual Report of State Historian of New York*, p. 890–91). The original was much injured by fire. The indorsement is as follows:

> May the 14.th 1768 Return to Sir H: Moore of 'officers for Col. Vanderheydens Vanslyk's Johnson's & Claus's Regim.^{ts}—

[

[

FROM JOHN WETHERHEAD

A. L. S.

[New York May 14, 1768]

] from New London & in Consequence

] adressed to Mr Chew, least you Shoud

Vessell arrives - I have Sent you 2 lb Rappee

] Constable tells me vou will remain Some Time

[] a good Deal of Difficulty I have got you 2 Doz Old
[Lisbon?] a private Gentleman upon Condition I replace it with
[] Madeira, wch I have agreed to do rather than you
Shoud be [] I think it darnd extravagant at the Same
Time [not] help myself, as there is no Such thing in this City as
old Lisbon [] Very few private Gentlemen have it.—

I am very glad to hear from my Friend Constable, that we] you this Way on your Return; I shall may have hopes [be happy to See you Sir William [] insist on your remaining with me all the Time you stay here; I am told [T been a little frightened at the Thoughts of being plagued with & living too fast - do not be afraid Sir a great [1 William — I live like [] You shall have every thing your heart Can wish for; but no [eat] or drink what you do not chuse — & I think if you Stay with me [] be teazd with any Company but Such as you will like to See it might [1

you Suspect at a publick House or at Lodgings; but while I write] of your extreme Delicacy you will probably be mak-] about Trouble &c^a — Shoud this be the ing Some [Case — permitt me to tell [| that too with the utmost Cordiality — that my House is at your [1 that I shall Consider it as an honour to have you with me; my Wife [I I shall not be happy if you go any where Else — If this [1 confute your Scruples - Come & See - I know well your] to Severall of your friends, who wish you presence |] Jaunt on the Sea Bass banks & all as well as they do [| Clergy say it will be for the Good of your soul that [] Thoughts of Business for as long a Time as you] kind you have yet amongst a parcell of] will hinder any Benefit you 1 in endeavouring your Cure [] think of spending all your Time amongst [the "canting, hypocritical Yankys"] a little of it for a few men & Christians []

yourself ----

I yesterday Saw Colonel Robinson, He tells [me the government is] going to Send over a Regiment of Light Dragoons in [] Riots, which are expected; it Seems the Bostonians threaten [] of Sport, provided the Duty Acts are not repealed immediate[ly] the Remonstrances they have already Sent home to the Throne [] See the Consequence & if it does not turn out to their Satisfaction [] informd they intend to Ship all the Commissioners home to England [] M^r James Otys, who is at present a presbyterian Moderator, will [] of the Boston Forces, in order to put the above Quicotism in Execution

There is a Certain M^r Peter Remsen here who teazes my [] where you are and what you are doing it Seems he is Attorney for the [] great patent, he goes up to Settle that Matter with the Indians [] Governor, he has been bother-

¹ Several lines missing.

ing my head this Morning with a [| Plans — He Says He yesterday met with a prize --- Vizt a patent [l the Great One, which expressly mentions the Canada Creek or Kill] Tweghtoninde Creek which makes the Bounds of their] where that Creek empties itself into the Patent Virtu Mohawk, So that now [] their bounds indisputably Ascertaind: between the forementioned [1 the whole Mchawke Nation & that they will not give up an [1 thev have all along claimed from the Head of Saraytoga Creek [of Canada Creek, which they insist was always calld Twegh [] in their Patent. So that he has Settled the whole Matter [1 I believe I shall go up with the Governor on about the [1 what I can make of the Affair of the Vac] 1 provided the Indians will be Steady in [] I have already wrote up to have the [they should be agreed with about the [1 the Governor has all along prom [1 they will not Sell it to [1]

FROM JOHN WETHERHEAD

[] a Letter for you at the post office Charged £2.18.2 from some part of the [] I have ordered them to Send it up by this Post to Johnson Hall

TO JAMES DUANE A. L. S.²

New London 15th. May 1768

Sir

Your favour of the 9th. Ins^t. I received at this place, and am to inform You that the Ill State of my health for some time past, oblidged me to leave home in hopes of recovering it in some

¹ Several lines missing.

² In the New York Public Library, New York City.

measure by a Relaxation from business, Exercise & change of Air, Diet &^{ca}., and as I cannot (with any prospect of Success) think of returning soon enough to procure You the necessary Evidence in the Affair of Klock, I must request that the Trial be postponed till the next Court, when, I shall be properly prepared, and appear myself as an Evidence against him in such Matters as will shew him not only a bad Man but a verry dangerous Person. If you have anything farther to add on that Subject, or on any other, I shall be glad to have the pleasure of a line from You.

> As I am Sir, Your Welwisher & verry Humble Servant

> > W Johnson

JAMES DUANE Esq^r.—

FROM JOHN STUART

A. L. S.

[Charles] Town 17th May 1768

[] I am to return you my Thanks for your favour [] March with a Copy of such Part of the Congress []late to the Bussiness of the Cherokees and Duplicate of the Treaty signed by the Parties, all which were safely delivered to me by M^r Watts, who with Ouconnastotah and Corrinnah arrived here the 28th Ultimate and proceeded on their Journey home the 5th Instant.

Ouconnastotah expressed a gratefull Sense of your kind Treatment, and is throughly convinced that his Nation is indebted to your Influence for the Peace which they have obtained from the Six Nations and Seven confederate Tribes of Canada. and here permit me to acknowledge an Obligation for the Civilities shown him and my Friend Attakullahkulla [] the Latter will be successfull in his Negotiation [] the Shawnese Delawarrs & Mingos; espescially [] accompanyed by an Escort of his new Friends, [] treat under the Media-

Ih Inhabitants of all the Protion of M^r Croghan. vinces [] governable and blind to their own [1 Rupture with the Indian [led & the greatest 1] do not attend to [It is but very lately that [the Province of Virginia, [to the Cherokee Nation for 1 Murthered in cool Blood, without [of Provocation by some Inhabitan of that Province in 1765, and you m how difficult a Matter it has been to I Indians from taking Revenge in that [unprovoked and inhuman Murther of ten 1 Indians by Stump must have given you [but I hope the Measures you have pursued [the bad Consequences, which otherwise might [been expected from it. The overhill Cherokee Towns continharrassed by Parties of the Western Indians [& piankishaws and other Tribes from [and western Lakes, who kill red and [indiscriminatly. On the 17th ultimate 1 and scalped two Traders & wounded [say that those Indians have killed in [in the Woods. The small Hatchet, wh mentioned at the Congress [has killed and taken [They also [1] ł 1 I received a Letter from John [Blair the President] of Virginia, covering Copy of a [1 Earl of Shelburne, containing His Majestys [tive to

¹ Several lines missing.

the Continuation of the boundary Line [] to the Westward of that Province, and for to [corres]pond with you and me upon that Service. I [im]mediatly despatched Directions to M^r Cameron Commissary in the Cherokee Nation to make those Indians acquainted with his Majesty's said Order and to agree upon a certain Time to meet the Commissioners of Virginia at Colnel Chisswell's Mine in order to proceed upon said Service, when I receive an Answer from M^r Cameron I shall communicate to you their determination with respect to the Time. I acquainted the Cherokee Warriors of this Matter at their return from New York, which gave them great Satisfaction.

The Letter you mention which you did me the Honour to write me of 24th April 1767 never [] to Hand. If in future you will be pleased to address [] Letter for me to Mess¹⁵ Reade & Yates Merchants at N York [or Capta]in Maturin the General's Secretary, it [] ly be safely forwarded to me

FROM SAMUEL AUCHMUTY

New York May 21th. 1768

Sir

I was in great hopes I should before this have had the honor of delivering you the inclosed with my own hands; but being disappointed, I now deliver them to our Friend M^r Witherhead, who promises to forward them by the first opportunity.

The Letter from the Society I dare say will be agreeable to you. If it should contain any determination concerning the late

 $A. L. S.^1$

¹ In Library of Congress, Washington, D. C.

D^r Barclays House, you will oblige me by leting me know what it is. The Secretary in his Letter to me is silent on that subject.

I hope Your Tour to the Eastward has intirely restored your Health; for the continuance of which you have Sir, the sincere prayers of Your much obliged &

Most Ob^t humble serv^t

SAMUEL AUCHMUTY.

Sir W[™] Johnson

l

INDORSED: N York May 21st 1768

]

Doctor Auchmutys Letter

FROM JOHN WETHERHEAD

A. L. S.

[New York,] 22 May 1768

] pleasure of receiving your very Agreable [orders] to which you may be Assurd I will [Post & desire him to Send me down Mr [mav transmit them to You - Tho' As I wrote him [the same purport. I am in hopes I Shall hear from [Affair in a few Days - I am a good deal Surprisd [Received the Articles I Sent you, they were putt on bourd [Capt. Lattimers] Sloop 2 Days after I received your Orders] sail immediately — they were directed & He told me f to Mr Chew, to whom [I a le]tter desiring him to forward them to you immediately provided [you did] not happen to be at New London at the Time of his Arivall [l taken Notice of your Orders by this Letter, you may be [1 every Article Shall be Sent you by the Very first Sloop, which] Day look about ---I

[The] Governor is gone up to Albany this Morning by Land along [with Billy] Bayard — He Stays a Day or two at Albany & then goes up [to Johnson] Hall, He will finish his Business there & from thence go up to [] in order to take a View of the Country on both Sides the [Mohawk] river -- He Seems to be very happy to think He Shall be able to settle the] Affair of the Kaiaderosseras patent, but hinted 1 the Patentees must moderate their Lines & not to me [sol farr, however Will Smith has been very make them | busy with him & I] He has influenced the Governor Something in the favour of [the patentees by] what He Shewed me upon the Map. He means to let them [from Canada Creek to the Head of Sayondaga Creek [] Small patents already settled, Viz, Wi 1 from the] North & so go to Head of Sayondaga Creek [the falls on hudsons [river] will be a large Vacancy to be] This I find is [ļ ſ] I I but He made me no very well pleased to have [Reply.

I have a packett from your friend [Doct'r Auchmuty] I will Send it by the Sloop, as it is [____] Postage — So till I write you again with [____] to Subscribe myself with great Truth

Sir Your most Obed^t Servant

John Wetherhead

ADDRESSED:

To

The Honorable Sir William Johnson Bar^t at Mr Chew's posmaster in New London

TO BAYNTON, WHARTON AND MORGAN

A. Df. S.¹

New London May 23^d 1768

Gentlemen

Your favour of the 8th Cur^t was delivered to me yesterday by an Express from Johnson Hall.

I am extremely sorry for the Disappointments you have met with in y^r dealings with M^r Cole, owing chiefly to the Irregular method he at first pursued.

I now flatter myself, that, as his last Acc^{ts} were Vouched by the Commd^g officer, there will be no objection made by the General to the Granting a Warr^t for the Amt of both but depend upon it that such large, Acc^{ts} will not be allowed of for the time to come.

I shall write the Generai again by the Next Post from Hence, for a Warr^t, w^h, according to the Form kept up by him must be made payable to me or my Assigns, then the Warrant, with Sets of Receipts will be sent by M^r Mortier to me to Endorse & Sign, & as that will occasion some delay, & Probably a disadvantage to You (which I would by all means in my power prevent, I now enclose You an order on M^r Mortier, & Shall write him also on the Subject, So that I am hopefull You will not longer be disappointed but receive the Money as scon as the Warrants are granted, which would afford me much Satisfaction, as I am with much Esteem

BAYNTON, WHARTON & MORGAN INDORSED: N London May 23^d 1768 Letter to Baynton Wharton & Co & Abr^m Mortier Esq^r wth Copy of an order on the latter

¹ From a copy made before the fire, printed in Collections of Illinois State Historical Library, 16:290-92.

TO ABRAHAM MORTIER

Sir

M^r Edward Cole Comis^{1y} for Indⁿ Trade at the Ilinois Drew upon me some time ago favour of Messrs Baynton Wharton & Morgan Merc^{1s} of Philadelphia, for the Am^t of two halfyears Acc^{1s} to the 25th Sept^{br} last, these Acct^s are now in General Gages possession As Soon as he passes Warrants for the payment of them, I shall sign one & the receipts here. As the above mentioned Gentlemen must have Suffered a good deal of inconveniency by the Detention of so considerable a Sum for so long a time, I have (in order to enable them to receive it as soon as possible) now given them a Draft upon You for that Sum, w^h I hope You will soon be enabled to discharge. I shall be glad to hear that my last letter from hence got safe to y^r hands, and also that You provide the most portable Cash for paying to my Son the Ball: of my Acc^t wth you. I am with the most cordial Esteem

ABR^M MORTIER Esq^r

least I should fall short here of money, I have drawn upon Y^r fav^r Mr Wetherhead for £100 w^h Please to Send me in York Bills

ORDER ON ABRAHAM MORTIER

$Copy^1$

New London, May 23d 1768

Sir

Please to pay unto Mess^{rs} Baynton Wharton & Morgan of Philadelphia, or to their order, the Amount of M^r Edward Coles two halfyears Acct^s of Disbursements to Ind^s, His own

¹ In Johnson's handwriting.

Salary as Comis^{ry} there, & that of the Smith Interpreters &^{ca} to the 25th of last September, & that, as Soon as convenient, after General Gage has granted Warrants for the Same; & charge it to Acc^t of Your Humble Serv^t.

WJ.

Copia Vera Abr™ Mortier Esqr

FROM JOSEPH GALLOWAY

A. L. S.

Philadelphia, May 24 1768

[1] have received your Favors of Feb. 29th. and [March 11th.?] giving an Account of the Disposition of [the Indi]ans and the good Effects which the Presents of [con]dolance from this Government Produced. The Pains you have taken in convincing them of our Friendship and Generosity towards them are very Obliging and I am in Hope, that through the Means of your friendly Influence and Endeavours, they will be prevailed on not to resent the many Injuries done them by the rash People of this Province, notwithstanding the extreme Inactivity of the Government to do them that Right which Justice and sound Policy so manifestly dictate.

I rejoice much to hear from Dr Franklin that Orders are transmitted to you for immediately [ling the Boundary Line. In his Letter of Mar [ch 13th he] says. "On the Receipt of your M^r] Jackson¹ and my self waited on Letter of Jany. Lord Hillsbo [rough the new] secretary for American Affairs;] the contents, pressing the necessi [ty and [I the orders] already sent to Sr. William [settling] the Affair of the I his Lordship] ²] and urge the Executive [1

¹ Richard Jackson, agent for Pennsylvania in London.

² Several lines missing.

In the same [Government begins to grow [of Indian Affairs, and of main [taining Indian Country, and it is now [talking Measure to abandon the Posts, demo[lishing such as the Colonies may think fit to [own Expence, and also to return the Ma[nagement of] their own Indian Affairs into the Hands [of the respec] tive Provinces as formerly. What the RI is uncertain, Counsels here being so continu ally I have wrote my Sentiments on the Subj[ect Extract to Dr. Franklin, Suggesting many [inconven]iencies which will attend abandon ing the posts in the Indian Country and leaving the [Indians the Influence of the French & Spaniards [among and near them; and Reasons to [the probability of the Colonies maintaining [of their several Limits. And as to [I must fear, whatever Share there [by the Respective Provinces, There [in-] conveniencies attending the ta king] from under a general Di rection] As to [] ment in Regard to [I beg Leave [] Lawrence Esq^r to whom ſ]sed.1] sincerely wish you all the Success] the important Affair of Settling the l and am with Real Regard & Esteem Sir Your most Obedient & very humble Servant Jos. GALLOWAY

¹ "Mentioning the payment to Thomas Lawrence of Johnson's draft on the province" (of Pennsylvania), Johnson Calendar, p. 394.



THE EARL OF HILLSBOROUGH

FROM WILLIAM NEWTON

A. L. S. New York 30^h May 1768

Your letter of the 14th Instant, did not reach me [] 18th I now acknowledge the Receipt of it with the warrants Granted by General Gage in your favor with [] Receipt for the same.

Your favor dated the 23^d of this Month from New [Lon]don I recēd Yesterday Your draft on me to Mess^{rs} Baynton &c will be duly honoured.

Your Son when he calls for it, shall be Paid the Ballance [] your Account with me in Paper Money, As to Cash in Specie [] has been remitted here since the New Contract all the [Mon]eys I receive on Account of the Extraordinarys of the service []ed by the Contractors agent by Bills of Exchange, and Paper []y is the Chief received for the Bills they draw, and that very [] the whole in Jersey Bills, Your bill for £100 to M^r Wetherhead [] this Morning in Ten Pound Bills agreable to your desire

I am with the greatest respect and Esteem

Sir,

Your most Obedient & most

Humble Servant

M^r Mortier going into the Country this Morning has [] Letter but I would not let the Opportunity [] awarding it to you, as also of Enclosing you three Receipts for the general [] come to my Hands in your favor for £10[] Currency, Equal to £6266:7:111/4 for M^r Cole |] I have the Honour to be with great Re[] Sir.

> Your most Obedient [] most Humble Servant

> > W^M NEWT[ON]

FROM JOHN WETHERHEAD

A. L. S.

[New York, 30] May 1768

[] kind favour of the 23^d. Instant, covering [a draft on M^r Mortier which] I shall get Cash for today & dispose of it as [] you ordered me to Send you by Cairport, new [] Store & will be Sent by Capt Kelly who Sails the [as also] those you now order; I must be obliged to wait [] no other vessell here for New London, by him I shall also [] all which I hope will Come Opportunely—

] Cartwright finding you were to Stay Some Time at Ł New London [sent] me down the Letters which Came for you by the last packett, [I will] take the Liberty of transmitting them to you by this Opportunity. [I] am a good deal Surprisd I have not had a Line from Guy Johnson [1 Col Croghan's Accounts - Mr Wharton is come to Town with Bills Consequence of More Accounts) to the drawn on [Amount of £1197, which I am sorry [it is] not in my power immediately to Answer until I have an Order for the Money] M^r Wharton Seems in Some distress for Want of it; however Sir dont let that [] for As M^r Wharton assures me the Coll^o must before now be Safe [at] Johnson Hall, a few Days will Certainly give me & Mr Wharton relief par lticular as I fancy Mr Croghan will take Care the Matter] M^r Wharton has taken all the pains in the is met. World to persuade M^r [] & the generall to pay the Money, which they Say they have laying [] it would be irregular, they will not do it without an Order from] Johnson, either of which will do-

[] part of your Letter in which you Say you will Come to York, [gave us great] pleasure; but as you go on, you disapoint us again [] tion why you Shoud not Come, I do not nor will not accept [] therefore insist on your Coming this Way & if possible I [] Albany — My Wife is in the Powts about it & says [] Trip, She dont belive you will Come att all [] you & in the Mean Time remain

> [] Sir Your most Obliged Hble Servant JOHN WEATHERHEAD

ADDRESSED: To

The Honorable Sir William Johnson Bar' at M^r Chew's postmaster in New London ^(†) Capt Kelly

FROM JOHN WEATHERHEAD

A. L. S.

[New York 31 May 1768]

] post Yesterday — The present is to l l ordered me to Send, except the White] so short Notice it will be finished on Thursday Beaver] Opportunity for New London - I hope all those] opportunely & be to your Satisfaction - My Wife you of which She beggs your Acceptance, has putt [1 your own Eating -- Good She tells me She [Glocester Cheese is Scarce at present [imported in the fall - I have Sent you 2 half Cheeses of different [1 of which are very extraordinary, but they are the best I can meet There] is a Vessell below from Bristol, with Cheeses with. on board, but I can't [] Enclosed you have a packett I mentiond to you before from [Doctor] Auchmuty who desires his Respects may be made agreable to you, he [would have] Sent you the Letter it contains before, but that He did not think it [1 to putt you to the Expence of Postage & besides he flatterd himself [he would have] the pleasure of Seeing you here, as He wants Very much to enjoy [1 private with you — I have given him Hopes that he will enjoy

that [] pray Sir, do not let us all be disapointed—
I have enclosed you [10 pound] Bills, the Rest are all Small Curry Bills I therefore do not Send them [] likewise
2 Books & some Medicines I receive from London last week
[] in great haste but with the most Sincere Regard Sir Your most Obedient Hble Servant

John Wetherhead

FROM ELEAZAR WHEELOCK

A. L. S.¹

Lebanon May 31. 1768

Sir

May it please Your Excellency, accept my Apology for so long neglect to wait upon You at New London, as Duty and Gratitude required as a Testimony of Respect due to Your Merit from our Whole Country and especially from me.

Mv Son on his late Return from Mount Johnson, informed me of Your proposed Journey, and raised my Hope & Expectation of the Honour & Pleasure of Waiting upon You in Your Passage. Soon after, I heard that through Your Mistake of the Road, you had passed thro' Hebron; on which I determined, as Soon as My Hands could be discharged of Some important Affairs, to Wait upon You at New London; but before I could get ready for it, a Report was current that a Post had been With You, on an Affair which required your Speedy Return; and also that You had actually returnd. and before that Report Was contradicted, Mundins, one of My onoida Boys, (who has been very infirm ever since he has lived with Me) was taken With Vomiting Blood; and for several Days, Physicians were Apprehensive he would bleed to Death, however that was Stoped, but it has left him in So low a state that his Life is now almost dispaird of. Not-

¹ In Library of Congress, Washington, D. C.

withstanding, Yesterday I had determined to prosecute my Design to pay My Respects to You at New London; but before I Was quite ready to mount my Horse, a Gentleman came in and advised me that you had left New London, and Was gone to Fishers Island. And Now, whether I shall have more than the Pleasure of desiring to do You Honour in Your Tour into these Parts, must dpend upon its consistancy with Your Plan. And however that May be, I pray Your Excellency to beleive, that the Recovery of Your Health (which I understand your Excellency had chiefly in View in this Journey) The long protracting your Important Life for glorious Purposes to the Kingdom of the great Redeemer, as Well as to the Crown of Great Britain. And that a Glorious Reward of all your toil in Your important Station of Life, may await your Excelly beyond Time, is the sincere, and ardent Wish & Prayer of, May it please Your Excellency

Your Most Obedient,

and Most Humble Servant

Eleazar Wheelock

SIR WILLIAM JOHNSON Baron¹. INDORSED: Lebanon May 31 1768

Doctor Wheelocks letter

WILLIAM ALLEN TO JOHN WATTS

A. L. S.

[Philadelphia ?¹]

Our Quakers are not a little offended with our Sir W^m. Johnson, and are drawing representations again England, which, though they will not contain truth, yet [will] be full of Malice and scandal. If you could give him of this affair that he may be inabled to confute their matter, it will be a friendly and kind part, for our

¹ Entered in Johnson Calendar under May, 1768.

] will indeavor to raise the whole nest of Hornets op]position, at home, again him, I always, am Dear Sir, Your Very Affectionate &ca

WM ALLEN

FROM THOMAS BARTON

In the Johnson Calendar, p. 394, is listed a letter from Rev. Thomas Barton, supposed to have been written in May, 1768, concerning William (Johnson's) studies, the spirit of violence in the colonies, and the devastation of the Indian town of Conestogo; asking to be appointed overseer of the Indian plantation (printed in *Doc. Hist. N. Y.*, 4:381-83; Q. 4:240-41).

MARYLAND HOUSE OF DELEGATES TO HORATIO SHARPE¹

Copy 2

[May, 1768 ?]

To His Excellency [Horatio Sharpe Governor] Over the Province of Maryland

The humble Address, of The [House of Delegates] May it Please Your Excellency

We have Tacken That Part of [your Excellency's Speech with the] Papers which have been Laid before Us relative to the Maryland Indian[s and from thence and on the] Best Inquirey We have been Able to macke We cannot discover That any of Them [except those who petitioned are] Desirous of removing from This Province — We find, That by an Act of Assembly maid in The Y[ear 1704 reciting that] It Was just that the Indians should have A convenient dwelling Place, A Tract of Land on Na[nticoke River was] Appropriated to the Use of the Nanticoke Indians Their heirs and Successors forever Under a [Provision "that it

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¹ Inclosed in letter of Horatio Sharpe to Johnson, June 27, 1768.

² Much matter burned off is supplied from a duplicate in the New York State Library, a paper which is likewise considerably injured.

should] Be Lawfull for any Person or Persons That had formerly Tacken Up and Obtained any Grants from [Lords Baltimore] for any Tracts or Percels of Land Within the boundaries Thereof Upon the Indians Deserting or [leaving the said] Land to Enter, Occupy, and Enjoy the Same"-That by an Other Act, Passed, in The Year [1711 three thousand] Acres of Land, on broad Creeke in Nanticoke river Were directed to be Laid Out by Commissioners, [valued by a Jury] And Paid for by the Publick, and "That when the same should be Laid out and Paid for by the [Publick as aforesaid the same should] be to the Use of the Nanticoke Indians So Long as they [should occupy the same and afterwards] Should be disposed, of as the Generall Assembly of this Province should direct" — That the [Commissioners appointed] By the Last mentioned Act caused the Three thousand Acres of Land to be Laid out, and Valieued, and] of Their Proceedings, into the Provincial Court, ſ Office Where it now remains of record, by Which it Appears] Several Owners and Proprietors and Was the Valued, in the Whole To 60,000^{||} of Tobacco, Which To-] Eight hundred and Eightey Pounds of gether [Tobacco for Improvements Maid on Part of the Land, and Expen[ded in the] Surveying and Valueing Thereof Was as, Appears by the Assembly Proceedings, in the Year 17[11 allowed by And Assessed, on the Public. by the Papers Laid before us it Appears the riversion in 1664 acres [Part of the Land described] In said Act of 1704 is Claimed, by the heirs of Coll Ryder Under Grants made many Ye ars before said Act;] But it does not Appear in any Manner That he or any Other Person hath Ever received any [Satisfaction therefor] And, That the reversion in Sume Other Parts of the Nanticoke Tract, is Claimed [under Grants to Col^o. William Emall] Maid Since the Year 1704, We conceive, it to be clear, from the Purview of the said [recited Acts and of one other Act of] Assembly maid in The Year 1723 for quieting the Possession of the Indians (inhabiting on Nanticoke and Choptank) Rivers, That the Intention of the Legislature was Nothing More Then [to provide for and secure to those People] A Dwelling Place and the Means of a Comfortable Subsistan[ce so long as they should incline to remain] Among Us and Therefore [to permit such of them as are now left, who appear to be very] Few to Sell the Land¹ Wold be directly Contrary to the Intention of Those [Laws not] Be for the Intrest of the Indians Themselves, to be Purmitted to do so, nor [] To the Public and to Individuals— A Coppey

ACCOUNT OF THE NANTICOKE INDIANS WITH AMOS OGDEN D.[May, 1768?]

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For 60 Days Service [Septr. 25. For Expences To Maryland ſ For 15 Days Service @ [1768 March 15 For Expences To Sr. Wm. Johnson [For 19 Days Service @ Pr. Diam [1 8 For Expences To Maryland Apr^{II.} T For 26 Days Service @ Pr. Diam [21 For Expences To Maryland 17 [1 May For 35 Days Service @ Pr. Diam Amounting the Whole to 155 Days at 5/ Pr. Diam 15 [38 £96 9 7 Expences coming up here - 4 £100 9 7 INDORSED: Nanticoke Indian Acc

¹ See Doc. Rel. to Col. Hist. N. Y., 8:119.

LIST OF OFFICERS

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[[[]]]]	[May? 1768] 3 ^d . thuenes Eitenson tomas Eckenson J ^u thunes swart marthunes Zihle
[]man		9th. Isaac Vroman
[] Dicks		Jones Vroman
[]hauck		Adam Vroman
[] thuenes Vrooman		adam Kreiselin
johanes Becker J ^u		4 th . Jacob Cahl
Johanes Schefer J ⁿ		Jacob hence
William Enders		Johanes Werner
[] Dominick J ^u .		Jacob Weithman
Christian Schefer pitter Sneeden Johanes Lawyer Ju [Joh]annes h. Lawyer		
[]nes Camp J ^u		
[] Schefer		
Laucks		
] braun		
[David] becker	,	
]ker		
[] Ju		

] Ju

[&]quot;"List of names, being apparently a return of the company officers of Col. Jacob Sternberger's regiment of Albany county militia; all the entries have been crossed out except the companies of David Becker and Isaac Vroman."-Johnson Calendar, p. 395.

A MEETING OF PETITIONERS

D. S.

[London, June 2,1 1768]

[] petitioners for a Grant of [mines about Lake Superior in North] America at the Crown and [] [] Wednesday the 4th of May in the Evening M^r Samuel Touchet

S^r John Lindsay

M^r Henry Bostwick

M^r John Townson

Mr Joshua Readshaw

M^r Alexander Baxter Jun^r

Capt. George M^c Doughall

M^r Alexander Baxter

M^r John Cruikshank

M^r Martin Kuyck Van Microp

M^r Francis Eyre

 $M^{\rm r}$ Touchet read a Letter from $M^{\rm r}$ Chace Price impowering him to act for him —

 M^r Cruikshank read a Letter from M^r William Neate impowering him to act for him

M^r Touchet also declared he had Authority to answer for S^r Edward Walpole M^r Thomas Allan, and M^r Baker John Littlehales

M^r Bostwick also declared that he answered for M^r Cadot M^r Chin and M^r Henry his Associates in America — Resolved

Resolved

That a Supplemental Petition be delivered forthwith to the King in Council —

¹ The meetings were held on May 4th and June 2d, and the minutes attested by the chairman, Samual Touchet, on June 12th.—Johnson Calendar, p. 395.

Resolved

That it is the Opinion of this General Meeting that a Committee be appointed for Solliciting the said Petition and Iment of the Petitioners other Affairs -And the following] were appointed for the Purposes - viz - Mr Alexander] Francis Eyre, Sr. John Lyndsay, Mr Samuel Touchet Little]hales, Mr. Martin Kuyck Van Microp John] Townson and Mr Joshua Readshaw] them be a Quorum.— 1] the hands of Messrs [] their said Subscriptions [1 Resolved That Mr Samuel Touchet [I Committee untill it shall be resolved [1 Meeting Resolved That the Names of the Committee [J writing be given into the said Bankers and the [1 Money be signed by the Chairman and two more G 1 the Committee Resolved That the above Resolution be Copied and [the Committee or the Quorum and sent to Each Member Adjourned till Summond 1 1 Chairman of the Comm I 1] I Mr Edward Walpole M^r Samuel Touchet Mr B. I. Littlehales Mr Francis Evre M^r William Neate Mr Robert Hunter Mr Henry Bostwick

¹ Lines burned off.

- M^r Alexander Baxter
- M^r John Tounson
- Mr Thos. Law for Ch: Townshend Esqr¹
- M^r Alexander Baxter
- M^r George M^cDoughall
- M^r John Cruikshank
- M^r Thomas Allen
- Mr Joshua Bradshaw
- Mr M. K. Van Microp

The Minutes of the 4th of May were read and confirmed M^r Eyre and M^r Touchet reported that they had waited upon Lord Gower with the Supplemental Petition to the King and Council, and that the same was referrd to the Lords of Trade M^r Touchet having read the Resolutions take the 4th of May relative to the Deposit it was unanimously resolved that Twenty five pounds on Each share be paid into the Hands of Mess^{rs} Biddulph and Cocks Bankers at Charing Cross within one Month from this date in the Names of the Committee, and that M^r Touchet be desired to send a Copy of this Resolution to Each Member —

A Sketch of Instructions to M^r Bostwick being read [and] approved it was referr'd to the Committee to draw up a []ingly, and that they be called together for that [] as M^r Bostwick shall have Engaged his Adjourn'd till Summoned [] foregoing Minutes are attested to [] INDORSED: Resolves of a Com[] concerned in the M[] of Lake Superior May 4th, 1768 —

¹ Charles Townshend, the English statesman and originator of the tea tax, died September 4, 1767. His estate may have possessed an interest in the Lake Superior copper enterprise.

SUPPLEMENTARY PETITION

D. S.

[London, June 2, 1768]

The Kings most Excellent Majesty in Councill —

The Humble Petition of Henry Bostwick of the Province of Canada in North America Merch¹ but now of London Merchant on behalf of himself and Twenty others whose Names are hereunto Subscribbed

Sheweth

That Your Petitioners lately presented a Petition to Your Majesty humbly praying that Your Majesty would be Graciously pleased to grant unto Your Petitioners, all Mines Minerals and Metals already discovered and hereafter to be discovered in about and under Lake Superior in North America and the Islands therein and the Countrys all round the said Lake within the Distance of Sixty miles thereof, and of any and Every part thereof. And that Your Petitioners might be incorporated with all the usuall Powers or such Powers as to Your Majesty in Your Royall Wisdom and Goodness shall seem meet

That Your Majesty was pleased to referr the said Petition to the Right Honourable the Lords Commissioners for Trade and Plantations and the Merits of the said Petition coming on to be heard before Their Lordships on the 21st day of this instant April the further hearing thereof was adjourned That Your Petitioners desirous that so valuable a Discovery should not be lost to Your Majesty and Your Kingdoms by way of Supplement to their former Petition hereby submit to take such Grant under such a reasonable Reservation of a Share of the Ores to be raised, and under such Regulations and Restrictions as to Your Majesty shall seem proper — That Your Petitioners are also desirous and submit to take such Grant under the particular Proviso or Condition that if any Person or Persons shall hereafter Really and Truly discover any Mine or Mines within the said District of Sixty miles, and not part of any Mine or Mines, discovered or to be discovered by Your Petitioners or their Successors or Agents or lying or being within Four Miles of [] thereof, that then it shall and may be lawfull to and for [] Person or Persons to work the same upon such Tenor and Conditions or in such way as Your Majesty shall by any Grant Deed or Instrument think proper to Grant or Declare of or concerning the same.

> Your Petitioners therefore most humbly pray Your Majesty that You woud be Graciously pleased to Grant to Your Petitioners all Mines Minerals and Metals discovered or to be discovered round Lake Superiour within the Distance aforesaid under such Reservations Regulations & Restrictions as aforesaid or in such other Way and Manner as to Your Majesty shall seem proper —

> And Your Petitioners as in Duty bound shall Ever pray &c Signed by

		Henry Bostwick
		John Chinn
Henry	Boswick	for BAPTISTE CADOTT
		Alexander Henry
		Alexander Baxter Jun'
		George M ^c Doughall
		Edward Walpole
		John Lyndsay
		CHAUNCEY TOWNSEND
		Chace Price
		Samuel Touchet

Joshua Readshaw Alexander Baxter William Neale Francis Eyre Thomas Allan John Cruikshank John Townson B I Littlehales Martin Kuyck Van Microp

REILAND for a share reserved

Persons admitted since the above was presented

LAILAN MACLEAN ROBERT HUNTER CHACE PRICES Brother

INDORSED: A Petition to His Majesty from Henry Bostwick & others —

FROM MARK FEELY

A. L. S.

New London Sunday 5th. June 1768

As M^r. John W. Smith (for whom I Transact business in New York (with becoming Character) since I had the Honour of seeing you) has not at present business sufficient for him to incourage me any longer. I therefore upon hearing of your being at New London made bold to come to see you. And at same time most humbly request your Interest or Recommendation to my Employm¹. [] my part of the Continent or Elsewhere. Otherwise I am Inclined to go Shortly on Board a Vessel at Norwalk, few miles off, which is bound for Liverpool, from thence to Dublin where [Sir] W^{m_3} former friendship shall be forever acknowledged by

Your Honours much obliged & most

humble & Obed¹. Serv¹.

MARK FEELY

please to excuse New London Ink

ADDRESSED:

The Honble Sir W^m Johnson Bar^t.

Present.

Τo

FROM FRANTZ RUPPERT

A. L. S.

[Philadelphia] June 5th. 1768.

] here and found Col: Croghan gone to new] Baynton and presented my Papers but as the [York] was sealed, Mr. Baynton advised me to send the papers New York And Mr. Baynto wrote to Mr. Croghan and papers], but I have not yet heard what is come of the Papers ſ] you, if you please, to send me a Bill for the 145 Pounds ſ] Captain Noarth in Philadelphia, who is to transmit the] Carolina if the Bill don't come during my stay same] White before I go on Account of the here but I shall [Money. I have considered about I and I think Daniel Feil should stay and instruct the young [better. My Book will soon be done. Pray Sir be as expedicious [as possible in sending the Bill. I am

Sir

Your most humble and mot obedient Servant

FRANTZ RUPPERT

] JOHNSON Bart.

ſ

ADDRESSED: To The Honorable Sir William Johnson Bart at M^r Chew's postmaster New London T Capt Kelly INDORSED: June 5th. 1768 France Ruperts Letter

FROM DANIEL CAMPBELL

A. L. S.

Schenectady the 6th June 1768

[I must] Acknowledge the Receipt of your favour of the [] Inclosing me your Bill on Abraham Mortier for $\pounds 342.17.2$ out of which have paid Mess^r Phyn & [Ellice] $\pounds 125.9.5\frac{1}{2}$ which pays them the full Balance due [] for what Indian Goods you had from them this [spri]ng — I should have done my Self the Honour [to] have Wrote you Sooner but for want of an Opportunity [] had the pleasure of hearing Several times that you [were re]covering your health fast — I wish Sincerely from [heart] that — you may benniff much by this Jaunt —

I Expect Shortly to Set out with [my] Wife — for the Spring — which you was at last Summer, [for the rec]overy of my health I hope we Shall have the [] of Seeing you there. at your return Comeing [] I shall not truble you about any news from []— Inform you then what I Could [I] must beg leave to return you [] the Promotion you gave [] to Add that [] []

INDORSED: Major Campbells Letter June 6th. 1768 —

THOMAS GAGE TO JOHN BROWN

Extract 1

New York, June 6th. 1768

I thank you for the Copy, you have sent me of M^r. Chabert's Letter, which I shall forward to S^r. W^m. Johnson, He has some Suspicions of that Gentleman's Conduct, with regard to Indian Affairs, and knows best in what light to look upon his Intelligence of those Matters.

I hear Belts have been sent to many of the uper Indien Nations, to hold themselves in readiness to Act, some of them so remote that we have little or no knowledge of them, and I have reason to think these Belts were sent from the Six Nations; (Your Neighbours the Senecas) at the head of them in League with the Shawanese and Delawars; but I beleive matters have been so well managed, that there is little fear of things coming to any length, and almost a certain prospect of all remaining quiet.

INDORSED:

Gen¹ Gage New York 6 June 1768 on hearing Belts have been sent to many of the upper Indian Nations, to hold themselves in readyness to Act, but believes nothing will happen, Of M^r. Chabberts Letter, that S^r. W^m. Johnson has some reason to suspect that Gentlemans Conduct That Major Rogers is secur'd in Irons at Mich^{nac}: to be sent down &c:-- Of Colours &c.

¹ In British Museum. Additional Manuscripts 21678. fo. 108. London, England.

FROM EDWARD CHINN

A. L. S.

Montreall June 10th: 1768

I received a Letter from M^r Henry Bostwick dated London March the 24^{th} : 1768, Wherein He says He had wrote You and desired an Answer may be sent, directed for him to my Care in Montreall.

As I have received no such Letter from You, and it may turn out an Affair of Consequence I thought proper to write You, fearing the Letter may have miscaryed.

I Expect M^r. Bostwick will soon be in Montreal, on his Way to Michilimakinac and shall be much obliged to You, if You will Enclose Him a Letter under Cover to me by Return of the Post.—

> I have the Honour to be Sir Your most Obed hble Ser^t.

Edward Chinn

FROM L. MACLEANE

A. L. S.

London 10th. June 1768

I beg leave to recommend to your good offices the Bearer of this letter M^r. Francis Bostwicke, Agent for several Gentlemen in an Adventure which if thought for the publick Advantage in general must be of great Service to the Back Settlements of America in particular. I mean the Discovery and Working of Mines on Lake Superior.

I should be extreamly happy to be honoured with your Commands, if at any time fortune should put it in my poor power to be of the least Utility to You in this part of the World; being with the utmost truth and Esteem

> Sir Your most obedient humble Servant L. MacLEANE

FROM THE EARL OF HILLSBOROUGH

In Doc. Rel. to Col. Hist. N. Y., 8:74, is a letter of June 11th from the Earl of Hillsborough, conveying the King's satisfaction with Johnson's success in the peace congress held by him in the preceding March.

FROM ABRAHAM MORTIER

A. L. S.

New York 13th, June 1768

] of the 7th Instant is Just come to I] three Receipts for your draft in 1 lactory, Your Son Sir John Called on me] and I immediately paid him the ballance] account, and delivered him up the several Bills] your Account, I I inclose you your draft in favor of Mess¹⁸. Baynton [Wharto]n and Morgan with their Receipt thereon. 1 must] you with the Inclosed Third Receipt, which I] beg you will please to sign and return me. I am with great Regard and Esteem Sir Your most Obedient and most Humble Servant ABM... MORTIER Just now paid your Iril last in favor of I 1 for $\pounds 100 - Cur^y$ l] Charged to a New Acco^t. On His Majesty's Service ADDRESSED: To Sir William Johnson Baronet at New London

FROM JOSEPH CHEW

A. L. S.

N London Wens'day 11 °Clock [June 15, 1768]

[Your missive] got over Very well in ab^t. [1 and I Send Powers back this [1 that you may have the ling over when it suits you tomorrow ---Advantage [] shall send to Mr Harris and let him know [that you] are Coming over - and am sorry his house [is] not more Convenient --- you know mine & [I am] sure tis Clean and] and two Chambers above we have two Rooms [stairs where [by] the Assistance of your Matrass we Can [put] up two Beds which is intiraly at [your] service and you Cannot make M^{rs} Chew [] so happy as to use it in the] as You would your own — and sorry same [] Very Sorry I am with that, its not in [my L power] to offer and Provide you with [1 the Products in of my Garden — however [your own stores you'l] Confident youl be more Comfortable be at no [] be provided in the House [| will Į be no disapointment to [] today to get [1 so happy as to see you [] to Recover your health] and Respectfully — I Dear sir

> Your most [] most Hbl^e S[ervant]

> > Jos Chew

ADDRESSED: To The Hon^{ble}. S^r. William Johnson Bar^t.

at

Fishers Island

ACT FOR GRANTING COMPENSATION TO THE NANTICOKE INDIANS

Copy 1

[Annapolis June 18, 1768]

1

An Act for granting To the Nanticoke Indians [

Whareas, the greatest Part of the Tribe of the Nanticoke [Indians have] Deserted the Lands in this Province, Apropriated by former act of Assembly for their [use and ceased?] [to Occupy the] Same, and the few that Remains by their Petition to this general assembly [Prayed that they might have] [permission to] Dispose of their right to the Said Lands or that Sume Compensation Should be maid [thereto as] They are desirous of Totally Leaveing this Province and Going to Live with [their Brethren who have incorporated] Themselves with the five nations and that they have Given A Power of Attorney to [a certain Amos Ogden to dispose] Of the Said Lands for them and to Execute a release and Acquittance therefor which Power Appears [to be Confirmed and] Approved by Sir William Johnson, his Majesteys Superintendent of Indian affairs for the Northern de[partment, And Whereas] Robert Darnall and Sarah his wife Henry Steele and Ann his wife and, John Henry and Dorothy his wife ([which said Sarah] Ann and Dorothy are the coheiresses of Collo John Ryder deceased) have by their Petition Set forth to this [General Assembly] That one Tract of Land Called the reserve originally on the fifteenth day of May 1665, granted to [a certain John Anderton] for Eight hundred Acres another Tract Called Handsell on the Thirteenth day of July, in the Same Ye [ar Granted to a] Certain Thomas Tayler for Seven hundred acres and one Other Tract Called Bartholomews Close [on the th Dav of Novem]ber 1695 granted to A Certain Thomas Hicks for 164 acres Lies within

¹ Inclosed in letter of Horatio Sharpe to Johnson, June 27, 1768.

the boundaries [of a large Tract of Land laid out for the said] Indians by Virtue of an act of Assembly [made in the] Year 170[4, entituled an Act for Ascertaining] The bounds of a Certain Tract of Land to the Use of the Nanticoke Indians So long as they Shall Occupy [and live on the same] And that, the Said Three Small Tracts of Land, Became by Purchis and Devise the right of the S[aid Collonel John Rider] and the Reversion thereof is now in the Said Petitioner and Prayed the Said Lands had been heretofore [12] Ancestors for the Publick Account that the Publicke money might be now Applyed to Purchase a [12] Clame to the Said Land for their Use, which this Generall Assembly have thought reasonable [to grant]

And, Whareas the Said Amos Ogden hath in behalf of the said Indians Off[ered to take the Sum] Of Six hundred and Sixty Six Dollars and Two thirds of a dollar for a Release of right and [of Claim] of the Said Nanticoke Indians as Will to the Aforesaid Three Tracts of Land as to Three Thousand [Acres lying on Broad] [Creek] Somerset Countey, by an act maid in the year 1711 Entitled an act to Impower [Commissioners to appoint and Cause] To be Laid out Three thousand acres of Land on Broad Creek in Somerset County I for the Use of the Nanticoke Indians] So long as they Shall Occupy the Same Which Said Three Thousand acres having [been paid for by the Publick] When the Said Indians Shall Cease to Occupy, is by the Said Last Recited [Act to be disposed of as the General Assem]bly Shall direct and Appoint

Be it Therefore Enacted by [the Right Honourable the Lord Proprietary by and with the Advice] And Consent of his Lordships Governor and the Upper and Lower Houses of As[sembly and the Authority of the Same that] The Committee Appointed This Present Session of Assembly to inspect the [Accounts and Proceedings of the] Commissioners Appointed by Virtue of the act for the Payment of the Pub[lick Claims

for emitting Bills of Credit] And for Other Purposses Therein mentioned, are hereby directed and required to [pay to the said Amos Ogden for the Use of] The Said Nanticoke Indians the Said Six hundred and Sixty¹ Dollars and [two thirds of a Dollar out of the Bills] of Credit now in Office belonging to the Countary in full Satisfaction for the Said Tribe of [Nanticoke Indians] Their Clame to the Said Land and to Tacke his receipt for the Same Which Payment Shall to all Vest the Said Robert Darnall and Sarah his wife Henry Steele and Ann his Wife and John H[enry and Dorothy his] Wife with the Same Right of Entry in and Claim to the Said Three Tracts of Land Called the [Reserve, Handsell] and Barth olomews Close as if the Said Indians had totally Deserted and guitted Claime to the Same, any Other act of Assembly to the Contrary Notwithstanding²

I Allen. And be it further Enacted [Levin Gale and Henry Steele are [and they or any two of them are impowered to make Sale of the [aforesaid Three] Thousand Acres of Land lying on Broad Creek as aforesaid by way of [1 to the highest bidder (giving at least two Months Notice of such Sale [in the] Maryland and Pensylvania Gazettes) the whole together or divided into parcels as shall best Suit the Purchasers and make a Convevance or Convevances thereof; the said Sale to be made at twelve Months Credit if required by any of the purchasers, they paying Interest from the Time of Sale and giving Bond or Bonds with Sureties to be approved by the said Commissioners, to the Treasurer of the Eastern Shore for the Time being for the Use of this Province which Bond or Bonds or Money Arising [from] the Sale (if any of the Purchasers should Choose to pay the Money) the said Commissioners shall return and pay to the said Treasurer and take his receipt for the same, and shall also

¹ This should be sixty-six.

² To this point missing portions are supplied from a duplicate. From this point the duplicate alone exists, and is therefore used.

return the said Receipt to the next General Assembly after such Sale as well as an Account of their Proceedings and Expences therein which Expences together with a Commission of Five per Cent on the Money for which the said Lands shall be sold shall be paid to the said Commissioners out of the Bills of Credit in the Office belonging to the Country and they the said Commissioners shall then be fully discharged of their said Trust and [

[be]half of the right Honble [the Lord Propri]etary of this Province [] Law Hor^o Sharpe

Copy 🖗 R G Hiselin Cl Sec^{rys} Office

INDORSED: Copy of an Act for granting to the Nanticokes a Compensation for certain Lands in Maryland

> Papers regarding the Nantiockes of Maryland & the Narragansets & Mohigans of New England

ACTS OF SEPTEMBER 5TH AND OCTOBER 3D, 1704.

Copy 1

An Act for Ascertaining [] Shall Occupy, and Live upon the Same — September 5 [1704]

It beaing Most Just that the [] Province Should have A Conveneant dwelling Place in this there native Coun[try] And Oppressions of the English More Espesially the Nanticoke Indians in dorchest[er county] In Peace and Concord with

¹ Inclosed in letter of Horatio Sharpe to Johnson, June 27, 1768.

the English And in all Matters Obedience to the government [] And deligates of this Present General Assembly, tharefore do Pray That it May be Enacted.

And be it Enacted by The Queens Most Excellent Majesty by and [with the] Consent of hir Majestys Governor Council and Assembly of this Province, and the Authority of [1 The Land, Laying and beaing in Dorchester County and on the North Side of Nanticoke river, butt] followeth begining at the Mouth of Chickawan creek and running Up the Said creek bounded. Therewith to the head Of the Same and from the head of Said Main branch With a Line drawn to the head of a branch issuing West fork of Nanticoke known by the Name of frances Andertons branch bounded Tharewith to] It falls into the Said Northwest fork the Mouth of [and from thence down The afforesaid northwest fork bounded 1 River and so down the main river to, the Mouth ſ of the Afforesaid Chickawan Crick - Shall [] 1 and Assured Unto Panayash and [And Chearge and Their heirs and Successers for ever any Law Usage Custom or Grant to The Contrary [notwi]thstanding to be held of the Lord Proprietary and his heirs Lord Proprieterry | Province Under the Yearly rent of One or Lord [beverskin to be Paid to his Said Lordship and his hars [1 This Province by the English Used to be Paid Provided always that it Shall or may be [] Person or Persons that hath formerly Taken Up and Obtained any Grants from the Lord Ba [ltimore] Grantes or Parcels of Land Within the Aforesaid boundaries Upon the Indians, desert [1 Said Land to Enter Occupy and injoy the Same any Thing in this Law to The Contrary

An Act Declaring That the Grantees of Lands Lying [] Action of Trespass Against, Such Persons as Cut Timber off Their Lan[ds] Same of the Indians October 3th 1704 —

Be it hereby Enacted, and Declared by the Queens most Excell¹ [Majesty] That the falling Mauling and Carrying away of Timber or [] Person or Persons Upon Pretense of having bough[t the] Unlawful Pretence Whatsoever on or from off any Lands [] Any Other Person have in him her or them The fee be Judged, Deemed [] ever Shall Purchis and receive fall maul or carrey away Timber as Aforesaid [] Trespassers and Shall be Liable to Action, or Actions of Trespass and [Tried] Their Damages Accordingly as if The Grantee or Patentee Aforesaid Did Ac[tually] Land, and had Improved it any Law act of Assembly or Usage to The Contrary N[otwithstanding]

FROM THOMAS GAGE

L. S.¹

New York June 20th 1768.

Sir,

As Major Rogers is ordered down to Montreal, in order to take his trial upon several accusations preferred against him, in which number, that of "Disobedience of his orders and Instructions during the time of his Command at Misilimakinak, and lavishing away money amongst the Savages contrary to his Orders" is comprehended; I am to desire of You, to forward as soon as you conveniently can, to M: Cramahe Deputy Judge Advocate in North America, a Copy of your Instructions² to Major Rogers, for his guidance in his transactions with the Indians, as likewise a List of the several Bills he has drawn upon You. And I wou'd be obliged to you at the same time, if you wou'd ascertain what you recollect relative to the actual delivery of Hopkin's³ letter to the Major, and any Conversation that

¹ In Harvard College Library, Cambridge, Mass.

² See "Instructions etc.," June 3, 1766, v: 238–39.

³ Colonel Joseph Hopkins, of Hispaniola, who had quit the British service for the French. The letter in which he invited Rogers to follow his example is printed in *Doc. Rel. to Col. Hist. N. Y.*, 7:993–94. Other documents relating to Rogers' designs appear in 7:988–92.

passed betwixt you at the time. Which particulars You will be so good to note down, and send them, with the other papers, to M^r: Cramahe at Montreal, or Quebec.

> I am with great Regard Dear Sir

Your most Obedient humble Servant

THO^S. GAGE

SIR WILLIAM JOHNSON B¹.

INDORSED: New York June 20th 1768.

From Gen¹ Gage to S^r. W^m. concerning Maj^r. Roger's Trial.

FROM JOHN WETHERHEAD

A. L. S.

[New York 20] June 1768

1 the Enclosed Letters, one of which] Enclosed to me from John Van Allen of Albany [ſ Mr Roberts] On Saturday night by the post, you will be [pleased to let me know] whether I must pay the Bill Roberts] You will See he Says you are has drawn on me [indebted to him a Balance [] he Supposes you have paid me for his Account which is £167 [] was to have paid me before he left York, but afterwards wrote [I m]ight depend you woud Send me an Order on the Generall for, but [I am a] pt to Suspect that was a little premature, Since I find by [a] letter from my Friend Col Guy Johnson, that you had only Recommended [the] Account of Mr Roberts's Expence to the Generall, but that the [] coud not be paid till the Generall shoud Signify his own [ap] probation of the Accounts - I Shall however be greatly obliged [to] you Sir to acquaint me whether you have heard any thing from [the] Generall about the Allowance of those Accounts - but I flatter [myself with the belief]

I shall have the pleasure of Seeing you here yourself, I [T you Mr Roberts's Letter in Case you Should resolve to [return] immediately without coming this Way - which I hope will not [be the] Case, for I want much to See you & I doubt not but if possible [you will] give me that pleasure

In the mean Time I remain with Sincere Regard Sir Your most Obliged Hble Servant

John Wetherhead

Sir] John — I hope to Come to see him — this [1 1 asking for him & will wait 2 or 3 Days [1 Way ----He Says He wants very much [1 ADDRESSED: To

The Hon^{ble}. Sr. William Johnson Bar^t.

at

Fishers Island

DANIEL CLAUS TO JOSEPH RAYMOND

Copu

[Montreal, June 21, 1768¹]

ſ] principaux Chefs du Saut St [Lous pleinl pouvoir et authorise le sieur Joseph [Raymond] a Montreal, de faire Un Exacte recensement] les habitans qui sont dans [la Seigneurie] des sauvages Iroquois prenant de la Chute [1 lieux de profondeur et Sur la ligne parallelle [avec] Riviere, toujours a distance de deux lieux de [profond]eur du lac, et mesurer les Terres qui Seront a propos] leur avantage & le sieur Raymond me Donnera [une] copie dudit Ressensement & sera satisfait de ses peines [et] Soins, de plus je L'authorise de se faire Donnera tous les habitans leur Contracts et derniere quittance afin de me Rendre Comte de leur revenus par an, et Retirera leur rentes & lots et ventes tout les ans guand elles] il sera payé a Deux Sols par livre C est seront dans [

¹ The date when the document was delivered to Sir Guy Carleton. The date of authorization to Raymond was October 9, 1767.

a dire a dix pour cent [] approuvance En tout Ce quil pourra faire de juste & equitable pour leur avantage. fait a Montreal Le 9^e 8^{bre}. 1767

Signé Sur l'original qui a eté delivré a Son Excellence Monsieur le General Carleton Le 21 Juin 1768.

Dan. Claus

Depy to S^r W. Johnson

] Deliberation of the principal Chiefs of Sault S¹. Louis [fu]ll Power & Authority to Mr. Joseph Raymond Sworn [of] Montreal to make an exact Roll of all the Inhabitants [of the] Seigneurie of the Iroquois, taking (running) from the Rapids [leagues] in Depth in a parallell Line with the [river] [keep]ing the Distance of two Leagues in Debt [from the lake] and River, & so lay out such Farms as may be [1 & proper for their Use, Mr. Raymont will [give me a copy] of said Roll, for w^{ch}. Trouble & Care he [will be repaid] And I do further Authorize him to in- [1 Lease & their last] pay And to give me Receipt, so that he may [Acco^t. of their [] their Rents & Lots et Ventes] w^{ch}. he is to be paid 2 sols \mathfrak{P} [ſ 1] of every thing he [] ſ To ADDRESSED:

The Honorable Sir William Johnson Bar¹

THOMAS GAGE TO JOHN BROWN

Extract ¹

New York 21st. June 1768

I am to Acknowledge the Receipt of your Letter of the 24th. May; And I am Obliged to You, for the information You

¹ From a letter to Captain John Brown, in command of Fort Niagara. In British Museum. Additional Manuscripts 21678. fo. 110, London, England.

therein gave Me, relative to Indian Affairs. I am entirely of your Opinion, that it is much for our Interest, that Jealousys Should be kept up amongst the Indians; by which we may be Umpires in their disputes, and probably they will be fearfull of Attempting anything against us, as long as they continue distrustfull of Each other; The Letter You mention concerning Chabert's proposals, is in the hands of Sir William Johnson, who I doubt not will pay due Attention to it — INDORSED: Rec^d 31 July & Ans^d

> 2^d Aug¹ 1768 Gen¹ Gage 21 June 1768 That the Brunswick may call at Ontario, if not retard her too long to take in Stores & Artillery for Oswegatchie. Of Carpenters at 10^s a day being sent up to Cut Ship Timber, Of Contracting the Fort, Demolishing the other Works, of Returns, Abstracts of pay &c.---

FROM HORATIO SHARPE

L. S.

Annapolis [June 27, (22?) 1768]

Sir

The General Assembly h [] 24th of last Month I communic [ated] two Letters You were pleased to fav [] the first of May 1767 & the 25th of March [1768] together with a Petition subscribed by the Tribe called Nanticokes desiring that an Act might pass impowering them to sell the Lands which were heretofore appropriated by the Legislature of this Province to the Use of that Tribe. In Consequence of my recommending this Affair to their immediate Consideration the Lower House of Assembly appointed a Committee to examine into the Nature of those Indians Claim & on their making a Report presented to Me the [How] ever on my sending them [in] favor of the Persons who had a [reversionary right to] part of the Land in case the [Nanticokes should] relinquish it interesting themselves [lness the Members agreed to accept an [offer] which Mr Ogden had thought fit to make on behalf of the Indians & a Bill was accordingly framed for granting him the Sum he required which was a few Davs afterwards pass't into a Law & I herewith send You a Copy of it. The Assembly agreed likewise to defray the Expence which had been occasioned by Mr Ogden's & the Indian's coming down last Year from Otsiningo to treat with those that lived in this Province. I intended to have wrote to You by Mr Ogden but he was so impatient to get away immediately after the Act pass't & he had received the Dollars, that I had not leisure at that time, but I presume that [1 advised You of his Proceedings [] in what manner 1 hither was concluded - I am the Business [Sir

> Your most ob[humble Servant

> > HOR^A. SHARPE

1

The Honble $S^{\scriptscriptstyle R}$ William Johnson

INDORSED: Maryland 22^d. June

1768 —

Gov^r. Sharps Letter

wth. Enclosures —

FROM JOSEPH CHEW

A. L. S.

[New London, June 29, 1768]

] last at the Town of Windsor] Assembly of the Sons of Liberty] summond Joshua Elderkin before them

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Acco^t, how he Came to import] worth of Breches patten Buckles 1 are articles Prohibited by their Resolves 1 to appear and they adjourned for laking a Resolve that if at that] he did not give & make full Satisfaction ack nolidgement he Should answer it] they then & there I am] to the Resolution of assisting] in Boston— I Expect to] tomorrow and shall have the which] you Shall be informed of.] arrived who says all] yesterday by the Rain which] before 11 °Clock [1 day] Family Very well- I informed | of your last Extrodinary kindness and we 1 you with our most sincere thanks &] if Ever we are so happy as to be able to make] your many and Repeated Favours demand of] shall be made with a Gratitude not met with] day in these times—I Could fill this sheet [with ex] pressions of Gratitude and thankfullness — and] others with wishes for the Establishment of your] but you time is of two much Consequence to be] with things of this sort I will therefore only] heart will forever Retain the former and pour] and desires for the Latter - I met with] at midletown on my Return who had been at] and by the Aco^t he gave me am Very much] found the Roads in Bad order — however] at or near the springs and that by the [time this rea] ches you — you will have found the good] — I Really have a great Opinion] and wish you would Persevere in

[] I made Doct^r. Moffatt Very [by] Col¹ Hamlin of the] ADDRESSED: To The Hon^{ble}. Sir William Johnson Bar¹ at Johnson Hall To The Care of the post Master at Albany who will forward it where Sir William is INDORSED: M^r. Chews Letter July 1768

FROM WILLIAM KELLY

A. L. S.

New York June 30th. 1768

Since I had the pleasure to receive your [] letter of the 18th. of December in Answer to mine of the 24th of November [nothing has] occur'd of consequence enough to trouble you with, and I always [l it was a Species of persecution to address letters merely [] a Gentleman whose time is so very much taken up with public [matters]; Therefore permit me to tender you my hearty wishes for a [] the recovery of your health and at same time to request as a l will not the trouble to acknowledge the receipt give vourself 1 no more than to convince you, that I wish to keep the 1 bright; And that the Man who will write to his friend] say is not lazy, tho' he may be troublesome.] long in expectation of the pleasure of seeing you] it mean to disappoint your Friends. When you I] and but a small Family; And

when I assure you Sir, that nothing can afford myself and it,

[] than your taking a Bed with us, during your stay; I shall hope [] Let me request the favor that you will present my best Compliments [] Sir John, Col^o Croghan, Cap^{tns}: Johnson and Claus, being with [] regard.

> Dear Sir Your most O[] most [] [WILLIAM KELLY]

FROM JOHN WETHERHEAD

A. L. S.

New York the 30 June 1768

[acknowle]dge the Receipt of your kind favour [from] New London & am Sorry to find we [shall not have the] pleasure of your good Company as we [] I flatter myself it will not be long before [] that pleasure—I am glad to find you have [] Mr Wharton as to his Demand on Col Croghan, but [I am a go]od deal disapointed the Colonel has not wrote me [when he] will be here as I have engagd for the payment of a good deal of Money on his Account on the Strength of What He wrote me by Sir John; but as I have heard nothing from him Since, imagine he is upon the Road hither —

I am to acquaint you that I have last week receivd a dft upon you from M^r Michael Byrne at Ontario dated the 9th Instant at 6 D^s Sight \tilde{t} £92.1.3 for which Sum I will debit your Account if you please to give me Orders for so doing & shall be much oblig'd to you Sir to mention it to [me] by the first Opportunity, in order that I may write M^r Byrne accordingly—As to your two patents, they are gone up already but notwithstanding all the fees were paid Some Time Since, they are delay'd Sealing, on Account of Some Mistakes about Peter Sarvis's patent, which Mistake has been Set to Rights since

the Governor's Arrivall - if you remember Sir you desird me to present a petition in the Names of the Sundry persons [me]ntiond in your Letter to me, which was accordingly done. [The peti]tion was passed & the Survey has been returnd into it] Seems everything is now ready for the Offices to the [] that Nobody has orders to pay the fees ---proceed [con founded this patent with the other the Governor [two & they [] till such Times as they Shoud be Satisfied I which I never had any Orders about from you]paid fees for those two first patents as you w]as explaind when the Governor came] Seald — However Sir Harry 1 vou have Sent me 1] a Syllable said about paying [of Sarvis belongs to; the Man [] £20,000 of your's in my hand I woud [not pay 1 untill I receive your Orders for that purpo[se vou will let me know what I am to do about [glad you would let Sir Harry Moore know that [] about it, for If I may be allowd to judge [] he certainly thinks I have both Orders & money [for 1 for he insists upon it that you have wrote him So & that [1 to me for what was necessary, by which I Suppose he means] He sent for me this Morning to know how he was to ſ direct [] He Seems a little displeas'd about your having 1 to Send him the Names for the patent of One So long] purchased at Schoharrie 2 Years ago, I M^r Lawyer [think I remem [ber that] purchase—He tells me Lawyer lodged] Mr Colden a long Time ago & the Money in the [] to him at Johnson Hall about] was owing to your Neglect in that he made a formall [the Delay, which he not furnishing the [] Says you are concerned in that & all other patents [] from the Indians-I told him I must write to you [] might depend I woud mention it to you & that I] it would not rest with you-Sir Harry

(en[tre nous)] greatly dissatisfied with Something or other [at Johnson Hall (?)] he Vows he will never more go up when you [are away (?)] that when he arrivd neither the Indians nor anv [1 that the Indians were prevented from Settling [the Kaiaderosseras dispute] by means of undue Influence — He Savs [Come down & that he will have the Ind lians I they may be brought to just [terms He has a right to do, as the [Ministry (?) Indian Department into [the While of the [them [1 the Indians] woud not be persuaded to Sell [the Intervening Lands to persons] who went up with him to purchase them-Resolutions &ca being a little surprisd 1 of his own Accord mention those Matters to me] of Saying my Sentiments very freely to Any] in my Side—I told his Excellency that as to Man [the [Kay]ad^s patent I was no further acquainted with it than ſ] sthat as to the Intervening Lands I knew of no body who [has a] right to purchase them but myself & that I woud att all [times endea] vour to Support that Right — for that upon his own Recommendation [of] that Affair to you 2 years ago, the Indians then gave me [a prom]ise that Nobody but myself Shoud have them — that I had [] understood they coud Sell their own property to whoever they [or coud let it alone at their Option --- that As they lookt upon [themselves] as bound in honour to Sell to none but myself - I shoud always] myself as bound in honour to my Associates & in Interest [to myself] to purchase them whenever they Shoud think it good to Sell [] should take every fair Method to prevent their Selling to others [] I flatterd myself his Excellency woud not consider any Influence [1 which I shoud consider as necessary to Support my own Right [shoud] be happy if He coud prevail on You to come down at the

[time] that He Shoud issue his Orders to the Indians to come down [] He might be convinced that the Indians were not influenced [] but their own Deliberations as a Nation of] was in their own Disposall, for that I was con-People [] the Same people either at New york or Johnson fident [Hall [] - I likewise told him, that if any person was Indians as to the intervening Lands, it must be I I] done, was to remind them of their promise []oud be able to prevail on them to keep their I] down or not --- this is the Substance I] will please to keep to yourself] think proper I

[JOHN WETHERHEAD]

BILL OF FREDERICK VISCHER

A. D. S.

June 1768

Sir William Johnson Beronet Dr.

To Fradrick Vesher

To going Express to New London by Order of				
Cor ^l Guy Johnson	£	8	0	0
To one Day Detained there		0	10	0
To the hire of a Horse 2 Day at 4/		0	8	0

£ 8 18 0

FRADRICK VESHER

INDORSED: Frederick Vischers

[Acc^t.] going as an Express £ 8..18 -

FROM JOSEPH CHEW

A. L. S.

New London July 13th. 1768

The inclosed Letter Came in the last [mail] from New York I suppose by mistake.

am just Returned from Windam where I went in order to Execute the matter with our Good friend Col^o Fitch which was Committed to my Care by M^r Wharton to whom I have this day wrote and Returned the Papers left with me.

On my Arrival at Norwich last Monday on my Way to Windam I found Col^o, Putnam [and several others - they were pretty Cautious [however I was informed they were in a few [] to be joyn'd by Cap^t Little and Some others [when] important matters were to be taken into [consider ation we dined together and I gave them [lning but there was not much said Except by [Colonel Putnam] who declared he would not yet give up [] as the Poltronns in Boston had — after I [I] fell in Company with one of the Lieut [Gov. Trumbulls sons] who told me the Cause of l was that they were well Convinced I was one of s^r William Johnsons [1 who was the greatest Obstacle to their [His] interest with that of his friends had [over set General] Lymans Plan and Pre-] Granted — and many other vented any new Colony [] to trouble you with --- this things which would be [Person young M^r [1 and I was formerly well acquainted and Riding [a] few miles together Brot him to inform me that [Colonel] Putnam had some thoughts of going to England [1] did not know but he would determine that after [& Sail with him three or four days in [] Ship belonging to Norwich which ship is [1

Loaded and tis said will sail tomorrow — [] the same Vessell that Brought over the English [] M^r Trumbull was Violent against a [] Commiss^r Cust^o House Officers &c and]] himself when I mentioned a Bisshop [] them who had wrote in Favour of that [] I told him I hoped he would not [] wished well to it as I thought [] the thing two far — no [he] I wish I had the [] [] fact and the sentiments of the Country

] other matters but it would far Exceed the] of a Letter—at Windam Col^o Dyer made] inquiry when & how the line was to be Run

between the Indians and the Colonys to all which I [in] formed him I was intirely ignorant—Col^o Fitch tells [me] that Dyer says if the Susquehanna & Delaware [Com] panys Purchaises fall within the Line now to be Run he is for making no more applycations for Grants or Charters — but Directly settle the Land by Virtue of the Indian Deed and in this way he shall give his Advice — but I did not hear that the Col^o had Resolved to move with the first party [or] be otherways Concerned then by Advice —

Colº Fitch desired me to present [his] best Respects to you and sincere wishes for your [hea] lth - Mrs Chew and my Little Family are [Except the Little Boy who has] this day or two wch Doct Moffatt says had a smart [is owing [to his] teeth --- if he Could speak he would I am the wishes of the Rest of us for the recovery [ſ 1 and if our Fervent Desires are [] the springs will Compleat the the Almilghty of his infinite Mercy Grant I Sent vou by the last post [] so every week the Boston Papers-] Great township we have had no intiligence from [] last Post — I beg the Favour of my [1 L Respects to sr John and Col^o. Croghan [whom I] have as much

Esteem for as one man Can [have for] another and am with heart filled with [] Respect and Gratitude Dear Sir Your most Obed [] most Hble servant

Jos. Chew

The Honble SR. WILLIAM JOHNSON

INDORSED: Joseph Chew's letter July 1768

FROM JOHN MORIN SCOTT ET AL.

L. *S*.

New York, July 13, 1768

We are sorry to find that the [trea]ty with the Indians for setling the Dispute between [them] and the Proprietors of Cayoderoseras Patent, provd []; and that their Claims were such as our Agent [Mr. Rem]sen could not think himself at Liberty to accept of [] as we are sincerely & heartily dispos'd to make every [reasonable] Concession that can be desired of us to accommodate [the differ]ences relative to said Patent: we do not yet [] meeting with the Success which the Uprightness [of our inten]tions may appear to merit.

>] not indeed conceive ourselves in the Situation] for the Purchase of a Right; but as] Gratuity to extinguish an Indian Claim] esteem to have been long since out] mean in Short to be at perfect

Peace with the Indians by procuring [public Release of all Claims & Pretences to [within the Limits of our Patent according to our [so that no Controversy may remain concerning [unless the Crown should think proper to dispute [Extension of the Patent; which we cannot imagine [

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ever be the Case. — Nor can we help flattering [ourselves] that the Indians, whatever may be their Conception [] the Point of Right, will, from innate Principle[s of] common Justice, prefer those who already es[teem the] Lands to belong to them, to any other Purchaser [] this View M^r. Peter Remsen (assisted by M^r. Isaac [Low)] returns to the Treaty with full Powers to strike [a] Bargain with the Indians which he sha[] proper.

As we conceive the Success of [] Attempt will depend greatly upon the [] Friendship with which you have [] honor us on the Subject we [

] to you for an Exertion of your [] over the Indians, to enable M^r. Peter Remsen to [a] Bargain with them, as favourable to us all as [will be] consistent with your own Ideas of Justice.

We are

Sir

Your Most Obed^t. Hbl^e. Servants

[New Yor]k July 13th 1768 Sir William Johnson Baronet JN°: MORIN SCOTT BEN J^N: KISSAM JOHN OGILVIE DIRCK LEFFERTS EVERT BANCKER RICH^D: BANCKER ADRIAN RENAUDET ANTHO VAN DAM JOHN BEEKMAN CORNELIS TIEBOUT THOMAS CLARK ADR^N: BANCKER JUN^r: CORNELIUS CLOPP

INDORSED: From [] & the rest of the Committee for Kayadarosseras ♥ M^r, P. Remsen their Agent. THOMAS GAGE TO GUY JOHNSON

A. L. S.¹ New York July 18th. 1768.

Sir,

Your Letter of the 5th: Inst: confirms many Reports that there has been Commotions amongst the Savages in all parts. No doubt Belts have been sent amongst them by French and Spaniards, and those Sent last Fall by the Senecas or others of the Six Nations have operated greatly to incense them against us. By Letters just arrived from Missilimakinak, they had received advice from the Ottawas of Arbre Croche² that a Number of War Canoes had been discovered: and they suspected that the St Joseph, Chippewas and other Indians with some French &c. were on their way to do Mischief, and that the Six Nations were expected up there. This last I conclude proceeds from the Belts and Messages sent last Fall. The Cherokees in their war Excursions on the Ohio and ouabache have killed some People, And brought in Eight white Scalps and two French Men Prisoners. Some of the Scalps Supposed to be English.

The Behavior of the Traders with respect to the Chippewa Chief is a vilanous Instance of their Rapacity and little Care what Mischief they do for the Sake of a little present Gain. you may depend upon all the Assistance in my power to give you towards bringing them to Punishment; but the Laws in these respects are so very deficient it is always a difficult Matter to punish them.

I have Spoke to M^r. Leake concerning the Provision who tells me that he Sends it only to Schenectady from whence Sir William Johnson orders it to be carried on as he wants it. You

¹ In Harvard College Library, Cambridge, Mass.

² An Ottawa village on the northwest shore of the lower peninsula of Michigan.

will therefore be so good to order Such Quantitys to the German Flatts as you Judge there will be occasion for.

I am with great Regard,

Sir, Your most obedient, humble Servant, THO^s. GAGE

GUY JOHNSON Esq.,

INDORSED: N York July 18th. 1768.

From Gen¹. Gage to Coll Guy Johnson D. Ag^t.

FROM SIR HENRY MOORE

L. S.

Fort George July 18th 1768

Sir

I have lately had another application from the Patentees of the Kanyaderosseras Land, who have delegated two Persons from hence with Power to treat again with the Indians concerning the settlement of the dispute between them; They expect that the Survey which I order'd to be made will be compleated by the time these Deputies arrive at Albany by which means the contending Parties will be able to fix their lines with more certainty [11] of course to enter into an Agreement which [11] be lasting.

They desire that I would recommend [matter] strongly to you and hope [] Assistance in your Power [] [] of what has been men[tioned in the Secretary of] State's letter to

me, for (after [the disappointment (?)] I have so lately met with), I sh[all] to send home a satisfactory Acc[] proceeding which I am sorry to [] my power at present, While I was at Your Ho [use] ask'd for the Indian Records, but [was told that] they theywere lock'd up, which I th [ought a] little extraordinary as there were no [] motives for this last excursions of m[ine] transact Business with the Indians [] I desir'd to see was the Result of [] which was held upon this very [dispute] years ago, and beg the favor of you [] have an Attested Copy of that []

The Meeting [] at the time M^T Living[ston was secretary for] Indian Affairs [] of this city []

[Your pres]nce here is thought absolutely [necessar]y, and I shall be very glad to assure you personally, that I am with great truth and Esteem

Sir

Your most Obedient and humble Servant —

H: MOORE.

INDORSED: Sir H. Moore's Letter wth. an Enclosure —

TO THE EARL OF HILLSBOROUGH

In the Johnson Calendar, p. 396–97, is listed a letter of July 20th to the Earl of Hillsborough, reviewing Johnson's course under the plan of 1764 for Indian affairs,¹ considering the proposal to commit to the colonies the charge of Indian expenses, stating the causes of increase in expenses, including French liberality toward the Indians, English ill treatment and the spread of English settlements, also the cause of the war in 1763, promising to work under any plan and pointing out the need of an ampler allowance for expenses in the northern department than in the southern. (printed in *Doc. Hist. N. Y.* 2:896–904; Q. 2:520–24 and *Doc. rel. to Col. Hist. N. Y.* 8:82–87.)

¹ See Doc. Rel. to Col. Hist. N. Y., 7:634-41.

FROM JOSEPH CHEW

A. L. S.

New London July 20th. 1768

The inclosed Came by the last post from Philadelphia you will see by the Papers how the Assembly of Maryland have treated Lord Hillsbroughs letter and Commands - I immagine many other provinces will follow their steps and will all without doubt meet with the same Chaistisement as is [des]igned for Boston. - from whence we have not [an]y Particular inteligence, as I forward you the [pape]rs must Refer you to themthe weather [for] this six or seven days has been Extreemly hott [If] that had been the Case while you was here [you] would have had a Better Chance of trying [the sea] Water-hope that of the springs will have [led for Effects and Remove Every Complaint [l last Fryday Evening with Capt Oliver, when [lyour health in a Bumper of good Madeira [the Caplt. have desired me to present their] you-Mrs. Chew and Little Fan 1 their best Respects and Could l sure he would offer his as it is I will do it for him with [my own sincere Respects and most Earnest []] vour Recovery — I shall Write in a day [1 the Care of M^r Weatherhead by a Vessell [in the mean time I am with great Truth [1 Respect Dear sir Your most Obed^t [

Jos CH[EW] The post from Boston brings nothing new pl[ease to present] my Best Respects to s^r. John my [] friend, Col^o Croghan & M^r Wharton — the [] To J. D — & M^r

Most Hble [

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Goddard when put [] office at Boston on Monday & go by [] The Hon^{ble} SIR WILLIAM [] INDORSED: [] Jos. Chew [] wth. Sundry Papers

TO THOMAS GAGE

$Df.^1$

Johnson hall July 20th. 1768

I arrived here the 15th Inst after almost three months absence, and whether owing to the Change of Air or Exercise I find myself much improved in health.—

I often wished to have had it in my power to have seen you at N. York, but the plan I had laid down & the rest & retirement which I so much Wanted would not admit me to that pleasure & induced me to take the Springs in my Way back, to try their effect on my Legs, which I do not find much better. — Mr Johnson has communicated Your Correspondence during my absence and I am very glad to find that what has been done proves agreable to you. Your favor of the 11th of this Inst to him came to hands to day, as also that from Mr Blair concerning [İ. Boundary. I think I have only to do with the [gener]al Line between the English, and Indians, & that all [l of a Provincial Nature must be Settled in the Manner [1 Observed, — A Mistake has been made by which the [pro]posed by the board of Trade to the Northward of Owegy²] far as I can See has been occasioned by its not] Settled at the Congress in 1765 (as I find Mr 1) The Indians did not meet me at that [Blair I only took that opportunity [] I might [] 1

¹ In handwriting of Guy Johnson.

² See above To Thomas Gage, April 23, 1768.

The Indians will not be [] Boundary will be defeated [] must be so obvious that an Explanation [] did not think it was requisite with regard to [] & if it was [] that it should not restrict this Province in pur[chasing] he will alter this Opinion, as it is contrary to the [] Boundary.—

I have received Letters from the [] with a Reform of the Indian Department which M^r [| has Mentioned to you on which there is Subject for [1 It places the Management of the Indian Trade in [the] the Colonies, with a View to a saving and [1 that they were guilty of Notorious Errors at a time when [the Indians] had reason to, & did actually fear them. It Supposes] period when their opinion is so much Changed the [into a] security that they will take more pains & be at more expense than

This was always a troublesome part of my [1 present Change has originated with the Merchants [1 the Hardships of Restrictions &ca the Government before the Last War do not f] of Attention to Indian Affairs. & are now tired of the [Expenses] for Trade, but the Necessity ofa] under [connections with them were enlarged & [The moderate Expences of Former [Connection with Ind^s & th 1 of the Colon lies] 1 I 1

After the reduction of Canada the [formed with so many powerfull Nations [rendered the Department more necessary

I cannot help observing that besides the Limitting [expen]ces in the present Reform, the Extent and business of [the] Two Departments does not appear to have been duly weighed The Northern District was always considered to Exceed the other

lus

Very Much as it really does, and whilst the Secy of State writes me to retrench all the Establishments &ca regarding the Indⁿ. Trade I do not See any provision made for My Deputys sallaries, who had their Offices without a View to the Trade & Antecedent to it, and who are so necessary to the Department that it cannot be carried on without them. Neither is there any mention made of Smiths or Interpreters, and the £3000 F Ann is a Sum too Small for presents & Incidental Expences to pay them out of it, an Addition of £1000 7 Ann might as the Affairs of Trade are placed in other hands, have in some Measure Answered & defrayed the [sa]llaries of the Officers Necessary and this might be taken with the [strictest] reason & propriety from the Southern Districts allowance, I [be much Obliged if you will represent what you think best 1 to the Sec^y of State that something may be done, for if I am [to continue] in Office, or do any service I would pay the people out of [my own sallary rather than want those Assistances that are absolutely [| necessary, and I hope to hear from you on these Subjects & to know whether I sh^d not remove the Comissarys [1 an Acct of Pav & Disbursemt^s, which co^d. not come down in time [order payment for it,- I have made out a [l it will be necessary to give the Ind. for their [1 Moderate as I could in the [] he is a very good Judge of [1 1 1

Cheap purchase for such [

The people about Canajoharie [taking away the Materials of that Foirt applied to me requesting Liberty to remove [to serve them as a Church, I hope you will have [Indeed, I told them when I had that fort built [the Garrison was Withdrawn. & that we had no [might apply it to their own Use.

The Cheweigh Chief with his party (who Mr Johnson Wrote vou cod. not get a passage from Niagara) is however Since come

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here, & has buisness of importance which he will Speak upon Tomorrow, There are Likewise arrived Sev¹. Ind^s. from the Upper Nations, on all which Subjects I hope to write you by next post.—

I shall send the papers you require to the Judge Advocate in Canada.

TO HENRY MOORE

L. S.¹

Johnson Hall July 20th. 1768

Sir

I have been favoured with your Excellencys Letter of the 2^d. Ins^t., and am very sorry that y^e. retirement so necessary to the restoration of my health, & the Rout which a Swelling in my Leggs induced me to take in my way back has deprived me of the pleasure of Seeing You at New York.

Before my return I received sundry dispatches from the Secretary of State, & amongst them a report of the Board of Trade,² of which doubtless you have a Copy, with an Arrangement which I apprehend proceeded from the representation of the inutility of Comissarys of Trade (According to the Plan of the Board when Lord Hillsborough presided at it) from its being in some respects impracticable to establish them in such a manner as would have answered the End of their Institution. The Management of the Trade is therefore committed to the Colonies, from an expectation that they have profited by the Experience of former misconduct, w^{ch}. seems to be well known to Government, and which I heartily wish may no longer exist.

As I shall carefully avoid invading a Province Committed to Others, I flatter myself there will be no danger of any interfering or clashing of Authority. The Concerns of Trade being entirely seperated from the powers & Dutys of the Superintendants over

¹ In British Museum, Additional Manuscripts 22679. fo. 42, London, England. The draft of this letter much injured.

² Doc. Rel. to Col. Hist. N. Y., 8:19-34.

Indian Affairs & Transactions, which are distinct in their Nature, and under such peculiar Circumstances as to be only executed by an Officer on the part of the Crown On one Uniform & General System according to y^e. repeated Sense of Government. Whatever Matters require the Provinces to be consulted, it shall be done, and as in these, and all other particulars I never did, nor ever shall lose sight of the general intentions of my appointment, so I shall direct my Care, Influence & Experience to the general good, at the same time that I shall be always happy in serving the Interests of this Province. It would give me great pleasure to Attend your Excellency in Council at this time & to Communicate my thoughts on the Management of the Indian Commerce, but as absolute necessity compelled me to go abroad during a Summer when not only the Affair of the Boundary & ye. many discontents to the Westward required my presence, but also when an Important Embassy from the powerfull Nation of the Chippawacs was Expected on Matters of the greatest consequence, and as the Cheif of that Nation is here at my House, I must of course despair of Attending. Did not this last circumstance demand my Attendance, the uncertainty of my health, but above all the preparations necessary for so Important a Congress, & the Steps to be imediately taken to appease the Disorders to the Westward must of course deny me the pleasure of paying you my personal Respects.

I am very sorry to hear you mention that the most material Objects of your late Journey have not answered your Expectations, as I find that the Land purchases have been all perfected, & persuade myself that Co^I. Johnson would have given you, or have received any information preparatory to the Boundary, which was all that could then be done, as that is to be settled at a General Congress with me, which is only delayed by the distance of the Shawanese, Delawares & Ohios, when due regard will be paid to all Titles, & when I think it would be necessary that New York send Commissioners to be present, as the rest of the Colonies purpose to do, some of whom are now on their way.—

As to the Mohawk dispute about Kayadarosseras I had at the repeated desire of the Patentees promised my Assistance & Influence with the Indians to have the same Settled in an Amicable way, as I persuaded myself the Government would be verry well Satisfied if the Indians were so, which I signified to his Majestys Secretary of State, & in conformity thereto, I instructed my Deputy to give Mr. Remsen' the Agent from the Patentees all reasonable Countenance & favour towards Settling that Matter in the way most desired by the Owners, but I find that neither they nor he could agree, & that he declined any farther terms 'till he had consulted the Patentees. The other affair regarding Klock, as it was in the Attorney Generals hands, I did not conceive that any thing could be done in it at my House, & therefore the papers relative to that affair were not left out. I observe that Your Excellency called him down there, & that he has brought an Extraordinary charge against Mr. Livingston.

From the tenor of some of y^r. Excellencys letters I had some reason to doubt of your coming up at that time. Ever since I came home I have been verry much, & verry necessarily occupied on other Matters but from what little attention I have been able to give those Affairs I realy cannot discover, the management you hint at, but find everry thing done which I expected, possible had I been at Home that Influence which I think I have, might (without having been unduly exerted) have operated more in favour of the Patentees. I shall therefore be extremely glad that you would clear it up to me. In the mean time I am much oblidged to your good opinion of my intentions, which I am confident will always appear Consistent with the Dutys of my Office, & the strictest disinterestedness & integrity.

The Indians of Stockbridge have been with me during my late Tour, and are verry earnest to have their Land Dispute enquired into in pursuance of his Majestys Order² You may

¹ Peter Remsen

² See letter of Sir Henry Moore to the lords of trade, August 12, 1766, Doc. Rel. to Col. Hist. N. Y., 7:849-51.

recollect that the Land was Judged to be comprehended within the Bounds of the Massachusets Bay, but since claimed by M^r. Ranslear. I have told them that I would mention it to Your Excellency, & let them know your Answer.

> I am with perfect Esteem Your Excellencys Most Obedient & verry Humble Servant

> > W JOHNSON

INDORSED: S^r. W^m. Johnson July 20 1768

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FROM AMOS OGDEN

A. L. S.

[Reading Town, New Jersey, July 20, 1768]

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I have disposed [of Nanticoke Indian lands to the amount] l at Johnson of Two hundred and fifty Pounds and [1 Will admit at which hall Within four or five [] My Proseading on this Ocation. Time shall [I am With the Greatest [1 Your Honnours Most Obedent & very hum 1 Amos Ogden To SIR WM. JOHNSON Bart. On his majestys Service ADDRESSED: To Sir William Johnson Bar¹. at Johnson Hall Readingtown Jersey INDORSED : July 20th. 1768 ---Cap^t. Amos Ogden —

TO JOHN WETHERHEAD

A-Df. S.

Johnson Hall, July 20th. 1768

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[I ac]knowledge the receipt of y^r. last, [to Understand that you purpose paying us a Visit [will always be verry agreable to me & my Family & Wish [we may at] the same time have the pleasure of M^{rs}. Wetherheads Company.

I arrived here 3 days ago, & finding the intended genr¹.] near, have sent Mr. Adems (who is well Congress [acquainted with the [prese] nts I shall want) to purchase as soon as possible the Quantity of Goods wh. I shall want, & I directed him to take from You all that [you] have or can spare of Such, but I fear y^r. Absence may prove some [disapointment.— The 2 Patents are at length come to hand [be glad to receive from You the Acc^t. of Expences w^h. attended ling them, as also the State of my Acc^t, with You.---] Gov^r. soon on the Subject of the other Patents. I shall [The list of Names [sent] you to insert in the Petition of wh. Number Peter Servis is princp¹. [] the 5th. part of that purchase made by me of the Oneidaes, when the [1 came here, & of wh. he, the Genrl. Mr. Hasenclever &ca were to] I am ready to pay my Share when called for, have or y^e Pattent is finished. [As I advan] ced the purchase money for the Whole, also for ye. Survey, of wh. [part] near Six Hundred Pounds due to me, there will be but a [1 to advance.— I would have You deliver in the names w^h. [1 that purpose imediately, that no delay may be pleaded for [1 the I am hopefull that has been done already, when y^r. presented] behalf, as this may probably miss you, I shall not add [l I am Yrs. &ca. W J ---

Adems £197 Curcy. being ye. am¹. of L¹. Roberts] to deliver up to M^r. Adems, when he pays y^e. money] discharge of wh. I now Send You £92.1.2 Curcy.

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FROM JAMES GRAY

A. L. S.

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Stockbridge, July 22^d, 1768

[] name Perhaps you are a Stranger [] you with this, on an Affair which perhaps [] justly think me verry Impertinent to meddle with [no]ways concerns me or my Particular friends, neither [] in your Government — My having a Pot-Ash [] Store for the Same in New-Canaan, has given me a [ge]neral acquaintance with the Inhabitants and lands adjoining [w]here there has been last week Such (to me) Uncommon Mus[ter]ings I cannot refrain writing you a Short Sketch of them,

The People Assembled in Diverse places and the Companies thus Assembled proceeded to the Choice of Officers, whose] understand are or will be return^d, to you for names [Commissions, ---This by Some might be calld, Doing well, had they made Choise [of] those who were fitt Or the Most fitt Among them, But [in]stead of that they have acted in Several Instances Intirely [the re]verse; for a Sample Ile Mention Only One Company [] one Phillip Frisby is Chosen Captain,] One Quallification by Nature or forwho has not [] under Officers are the verry tune for a Captain.] wonder Since those who Dregs of Human nature [chose them are of the Same [] part of the Body Assembled being a Drunken [offsco]uring of the world ---How fitt Such persons [] officers I leave you to Judge —] Among them that are men of [] would 1 who would appear Do Honour to Commissions [] Serve Some of his [to Impose upon you with this [] leave to Introduce my self to] you I was An Officer in the Servise [you [1 whole of the last war, And am known at [Stockbri]dge by the

Name of Maj^r. Gray, And as for [] people in New Canaan there is not Any party or Person that I am under Obligations Or Attachment to, One more than Annother, it being my Interest to Stand well with them all in Order to get their Ashes, for which reason I shall be Oblig^d, if my writing this may be ever a Secret from them —

> I am S^r. with the greatest respect & Esteem Your most Devoted H^{ble}, Ser^t,

> > JAMES GRAY

To

S^r. William Johnson

P: S: I might have Mention^d, that one or two of the Companies were Compos^d, of a Faction where party Spirrit were the only principles they Acted upon in their Votes for Officers —

ADDRESSED: To The Hon^{ble}, S^r, William Johnson Bart: att

Johnson Hall

TO HECTOR THEOS. CRAMAHE

 $Df.^1$

[Johnson Hall, July 23, 1768]

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These Instructions [merely regarded his conduct toward] the Indians.— At [his departure he was very desirous of] Some Latitude in the Article of Ex[penses, which I did] not then nor Since think myself Justified [in granting] him, but on the contrary during a long [conversation] gave him such Verbal Orders

¹ In handwriting of Guy Johnson. Words burned away supplied from a copy printed in *Journals of Major Robert Rogers*, p. 249–50, ed. F. B. Hough.

as I apprehended [would have] been a Sufficient Caution to him to Avoid S[uch Expenses] and I make no doubt he had the like from the Commander in C[hief] As I [could not accept] of his Bills, I Did not keep them in my hands, [consequently] I cannot be Exact as to their Ammount, but [to the] very best of my recollection the Whole of his [drafts] upon me for Indian Expences Since May 17[66(?)] is ab^t. £5000 N York Curr^y wch were chiefly [said to be] incurred in the Months of June & July of that Y[ear] As to the Information which the Gen¹ desires I should [give] you concerning the delivery of Hopkins's Letter¹ and [the] Conversation that passed thereon, I am to tell you that Major Rogers was at that time gone to [his post] That I inclosed the Letter to him, [

[] has been such as to bring him into [his present] situation.

I am

HECTOR THEO⁵. CRAMAHE ESQ^R.

ACCOUNT OF LOSSES

D. S.²

[Philadelphia, July 23, 1768]

[] Oath which he took on the Holy Evangelists of A[Imighty God] depose and say, That the Goods Charged in the above [account] Hundred and ninety four pounds Eleven shillings and s[] Indian Country under the Care of Hambaugh Vandervelden and [] amounting to Two Thousand One Hundred and eighty five Po[unds] farthing which they have given in the above Account is the whole [] therefrom Whereby a Loss of One Thousand

³ Several lines missing.

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¹ In Doc. Rel. to Col. Hist. N. Y., 7:993.

² "Losses sustained by Abraham Mitchel, James and Thomas Dundass & Co. by means of Indian depredations."—*Johnson Calendar*, p. 397.

four Hundred and [eight] one penny Farthing did arrise thereon by the Indians seizing th [] Country And this Affirmant & Deponent further say that it is out of [his power] exact Account as the Indians seized all the Books and Papers [] Prisoner And further this affirmant & Deponent say not [] sworn at Philad^a. the Day & Year aboves^d [] Witnesseth my hand & Seal

IS. JONES MAYOR

ACCOUNT OF SALES

D. S.¹

[Philadelphia, July 23, 1768]

]	90	10	°]
] Vandervelens ½ part] company to Detroit	833		_
	£3202 392		
] 1768	£3594	11	4
Errors] Excepted Abrª. Mitchell			

James & Thomas Dundas

AN ACCOUNT WITH ABRAHAM MITCHELL

In the Johnson Calendar, p. 397, is entered an account of Isaac Vandervelden & Frederick Hambugh & Co. with Abraham Mitchell, dated Philiada., July 23. Destroyed by fire.

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¹ "Sales of the skins of the company [Mitchel, Dundass & Co.] brought from Detroit by Isaac Vandervelden."—Johnson Calendar, p. 397.

² Several lines missing.

TO JOHN GLEN

A. L. S.

Johnson Hall July 27th. 1768

[] y^{rs}. concerning y^e. provisions, and am [] that I purpose holding the Genr¹ Congress at [Fort Stanwix], to which place I would have Sixty barrels of [flour] 50, of Pork, & Six of Rice Sent as Soon as y^u. please [the] Remainder to be left at Co¹. Harkemers until farther [ord]ers, & that under Cover.— and let that which is left [at] Fort Stanwix be put under Cover at the Fort.— I shall want a good tight Boat to carry [] Myself & Company up there as I cannot ride on horseback

[] there will also be a Number of tight boats wanted to carry [] up the Present, which as it will be verry large, will take [] a good many Boats, these Should all be ready by the [] Middle or 20th. of August at farthest.—

Yrs. W I ---

[To MAJOR] GLEN

INDORSED: July 27th. 1768 —

Letter to John Glen Esqr concerning Boats & Provisions

TO SAMUEL AUCHMUTY

 $Df.^1$

Johnson hall July 28th. 1768.

Sir,

I owe you many Apologies for my remissness in Not Answering a former Letter of yours besides your favor of the 21st of

¹ In Library of Congress, Washington, D. C. In handwriting of Guy Johnson.

May which last I received whilst in New England, and neglected Answering till my return home, as I did many others, having dedicated that Journey to the recovery of my health, to retirement and relaxation from buisness which I wanted, and am likely to want So long as I live, — A Severe Indispositon occasioned by Cold Contracted in attending the Congress last Spring to make peace between the Northern Indians and Cherokees, occasioned My Journey to New England & prevented my Answering your former Letter. —

I am Sorry to observe that the Letter you sent me from the Society did not contain any thing concerning the late Dr. Barclay's house, they Express however a great desire to establish the Missionaries which they Expected would have some Success here when as they say the Clergy "had some kind of Assurance that a larger Sallary than usual would have been allowed on such an Occasion", and desire My Information concerning the Allowance proper for a Missionary for this Department. I shall Write them as soon as possible being at present greatly & Necessaryly hurried in preparations for the Boundary which by his Majestys Orders I am to settle between the British Colonies and the Sev!. Indian Nations, but at present must observe that with regard to the Mission at the Mohocks, having the Care of that and the Conajoharee Village, I think a Glebe & £70 Ster P Ann would do, and would encourage a Worthy Man in the Discharge of a Duty, which would, have for its Object, much More than the Indians — When Drs. Barclay & Ogilvie were there, I know they had a large Number of Regular Church People (if not Communicants) part of Whom now are without Divine Worship & the rest go many Miles to attend the Service with other Denominations of Christians, at present the Number of Whites are greatly increased, and did not the Subject exceed the bounds of a Letter, I could Sufficiently demonstrate the absolute Necessity there is for Seizing upon the flying Moment, the only one which may ever offer. ----

During my late Stay in New England I met with sufficient reasons for Justifying my Opinion, — the Superior Zeal of all Dissenters would make them formidable were their Numbers less. I don't mean to find fault with Modes of faith but I plainly perceive that under a Mask of a very different Nature many are endeavoring to Weaken & hope to Annihilate the Church of England, which I think deserves, and demands protection and Indulgence, should they Succeed, their present principles, and the History of former times furnish us with suffict authority for Judging what may be Expected both by the Clergy & Professors of that Religion especially in such a Country as this is. - Albany is I find provided for, And the same Arguments which I have made use of in fav^r. of the Speedy Establishment of a Mission for the Mohawks will in a great Measure operate in favor for Schenectady & Johnstown, as to the last, it is a place where there are Sev¹. Indians constantly & many hundreds Occasionally. - Schenectady indeed will not have for its Object the Indians, but it is hard that people whose Zeal has induced them to lay out the Utmost they can in purchasing Ground & building a Good Church Should meet with so Severe a disappointment, when in a very few Years, they will be enabled to defray the Whole Expence of a Clergyman - As to Johnstown besides the Church wch was built at a large expence I have Just finished a Snug house for a Clergyman, but have heard nothing lately of $[M^r Seaberry^1]$ One. I wish you wo^d.

¹ Erased. In a letter of October 1, 1768, to Dr Daniel Burton, Mr Seabury wrote: "With regard to the mission at Johnson Hall, Sir William hath not sufficiently explained himself. The greatest allowance that he hath proposed is £30 Sterling per ann, besides a House and 20 acres of Glebe; this with the Society's Salary, would be insufficient, considering the great numbers of Indians, that must be occasionally entertained by the Missionary, if he would acquire or support any Influence among them. It is moreover uncertain what Provision would be made in Case of S^r. Williams Death. . . I have a Wife and five Children." Society for the Propagation of the Gospel in Foreign Parts. B series. Vol. 2. New York, 1759–82. Part II. Transcript in Library of Congress, Washington, D. C.

Inform me about him. and also concerning the School Master you proposed for the Mohocks, as they ardently wish for them.----

The Offer I made regarding Lands for the Service of the Church would I persuade myself if its Value was Justly known in England have been Seriously Considered Any other proof which I can give of my Zeal on so laudable an Occasion shall not be wanting — At present I can only Express my desire to hear from you on these Subjects and My Assurances of being always

D^r Sir &ca

INDORSED: July 28th 1768 ----

To the Rev^d. D^r Auchmuty

GORDON FORBES TO THOMAS GAGE

Extract

[Capta] in Forbes¹ 34th Reg¹: to General Gage.

Dated Fort Chartres, Ilinois 28th July, 1768

I have the honor to acquaint Your Excellency that I have just recieved a Letter from One of my Correspondents at S¹: Vincent, in which he says that the Indians of the Village were just arrived with Nine English Scalps, and Eight Horses Loaded with Peltry &ca &ca They Attacked a Hunting Party upon the Shawanese² River that left that Place in April last, killed and Scalped most of them, and on the 3^{d.} Instant Attacked a Party of Virginia Hunters upon the Green River which empties itself into the Ohio about Thirty Leagues below the falls. Killed One Man and took another Prisoner, who made his escape and came to this place; I hear their Chiefs intend coming here to beg Peace and forgiveness; I shall detain them Prisoners till Your Excellency's Pleasure be known, or they deliver me the Men that committed the Murders.

¹ Captain Gordon Forbes, successor to Lieutenant Colonel John Reed as commandant at Fort Chartres.

² The Cumberland river.

TO WILLIAM FRANKLIN

In the American Antiquarian Society, printed by C. H. Lincoln in Transactions, 11:48-49, is a draft of a letter of July 28th to William Franklin, mentioning Johnson's return from the seaside, examining the new system of management of Indian trade, based on colonial control, and hinting that New Jersey should be represented at the treaty for settling the boundary line.

TO JOSEPH GALLOWAY

$Df.^1$

Johnson hall July 28th 1768.

Mr Wharton delivered me your kind favor of [the 24th] of May whilst I was at the Sea Coast of [N E]ngland to endeavor to recover some health and Strength after a dangerous indisposition which reduced me to the lowest Extremity, and as Ease. Change of Air, & retirement from that Bustle which I am here always involved in were the principal Causes of my Journey, I omited answering any Letters till my return, which I dare say will Apologize for my Silence

I have received Ample Orders Concerning the Boundary Line; which only waits the Arrival of those Indians from the Southward, who from their Vicinity to the Settlements &ca should be partys to the Treaty [As] for the Subject of the rest of vour Letter vou must F] since have heard that amongst other American [manage]ments, the Management of Trade is Committed [to the] Care & Charge of the Several Colonies, the Superintend[ents' salaries are] Encreased and a Small Limited Ann¹ Allowance fixed [paying the 1 Expences of Indian Affairs, part [] Expected, accordtrans mit me, and your [ing to the Extracts 1 with Mine, that J ł

Confined to the difrection

¹ In handwriting of Guy Johnson.

with regard to the Trade, [will be found to require an Atten[and Expensive a Nature, that there [apprehend the Colonies will hardly be [Unity of Measures, and proportion of Expen[ses which the whole may be thrown into Con[fusion.] INDORSED: Speaker of Pennsylvania Assembly

TO PETER MIDDLETON

Df.

Johnson hall July 28th 1768.—

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I did not receive your favor of the [] till three days ago, owing to its having [] by the Way of New London. —

I have heard often of Mr Upton, who if I mistake not was to have had some Concern in Lord Hollands share in the Tract purchased by me 2 years ago for some Noblemen & Gentlemen on the N Side, of the Mohock River above the German flatts, or else, in one made at the same time South of that River, A Large purchase was lately made When the Gov^r, was at my house of a Tract Lying between the Delaware [and] Susquehanna, perhaps his Concerns may be there. — [I am] really at a Loss where it lies, — The Governor, or some [] N York (perhaps Mr Kelly may be able to give [you the In] formation concerning it, which when I am [better acqu]ainted with, I shall Gladly] Information regarding the Soil, or give you any] ary to M^r. Uptons interest. — [ſ] I should have of not get enough even [l & Relaxation from Business.] Vain endeavoring to obtain. -- [] Seemed the most private, but those [] Soon found me out, and I could not [1 Tho Visited by Numbers I did not see [1

he was probably afraid my Morals might [to Loose for him ----

I Shall be always glad to See [from you, as I am

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Dr Sir &ca

FROM ANDREW LEWIS¹ AND THOMAS WALKER²

L. S.

[Shamokin, July 29, 1768]

[In consequence] of your Letter of the 23^d. of April to John [Blair the] President of the Council of Virginia, we were direct] as Commissioners at a Congress therein appointed I 1 this Time & Place. As we could get no further to [In [telligence] concerning this affair either from white people or Indians (for of the latter we have seen several) we thought [it] expedient to consult you & for that purpose have wrote [the Post, but as we thought it not improbable that that Letter might miscarry or be long on the road we have concluded to send this by express. We purpose to stay about this place till we receive your further Instructions which we hope will be [so]on being under an absolute necessity of attending at a Congress [to] be held with the Cherrokees at Chiswell's mines on the borders [of] north Carolina about the 25th of Octr. If you] other place more convenient for this should think [expected Congress, [than] Shamokin we had rather attend at it than return [without] carrying some satisfactory account to], provided we can be discharged our President [] Business by the last of September. from this [] Cap^t. John Doudy was here pre-The bearer our [] hunt; & we not being able to find paring for his [

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¹ General Andrew Lewis, of Virginia, a celebrated Indian fighter and revolutionary patriot.

² Dr Thomas Walker, of Virginia, explorer.

any other [agreed to send him with this letter] the Journey have given him sixteen [Ł Ì that you will generously [] I 1 To The Hon'ble SIR WILLIAM JOHNSON B 1 INDORSED: Ans^d. 18th Aug^t, by a Letter to Mr Thos. McKee ---ACCOUNT OF JOHN DE PEYSTER A. D. S. [July 30, 1768] Sr. W^m Johnson D^r To Jnº De Peyster 1767 ſ 11 To fyles by Andries Wimp £1 7 0 July 30 To 50 of Lath Nails 2 10 0 £3 17 0 Sr above you have a Small Acc¹. I am With Respect Sr. Your Humb Sarv INº DE PEYSTER ADDRESSED: To Sir W^m Johns[on] Att Jo[hnson Hall] John Depeysters Acc^t INDORSED: £3..17..-PRESENTS TO INDIANS

Extracts of a letter to General Gage from the Ilinois

July, 1768

The immence Expence attending the Indian Department must be a considerable Burthen to the Crown if all the other Nations,

¹ Apparently written by the commandant at Fort Chartres, Captain Gordon Forbes, of the 34th regiment.

on the Continent are so plentifully Supplyed as those in this Neighbourhood — I have for some time observed that the more Presents they receive, the oftner they Return, and are less contented; and that their chief dependance rests more upon his Majesty's Bounty, than their own industry; for while they are supplied with Necessary's, and Provisions, they never move from their Village, but beging and hanging upon the Inhabitants, which gives them such a habit of Idleness (particularly the four Tribes in this District) that they are by the constant use of Spirituous Liquors become Effeminate and Debilitated: so much that nothing can be apprehended, from such a Dasterdly Race of Cowards, who impute, the bounty they Receive, [proceeds] from fear not of Love.—

The Commissary I believe Acts for the best, and takes [] the greatest pains to keep them in our Intrest, which is [easily] as the French at present have no occasion for their Service, [and] gives them Presents but of small Value.—

As it may be necessary to give them presents Annualy,] should be purchased at the lowest Prices, and could be bought considerably under the price, the Government is at present Charged with. Vizt. Lead that is Charged 25 Sols pr: wt [could] be had for 17, Spirits Issued at fifteen Livers could be procured at eight or Nine pr: Gallon. Blankets. Strouds, and all other Articles in proportion, which would con-] Publick Expence.— Please pardon siderably reduce [this [which] I would not have offered, but the distance we are here from [the] World, conceals many things from your knowledge [which] cannot be divin'd without some Information, 1 my duty to discover Abuses, that I hope to be I] without falling under the Character of an [of In [former]

INDORSED: Extract of a Letter from the Ilinois, to Genr¹. Gage

FROM JOHN WETHERHEAD

A. L. S.

July, 17681

[] of the 23^d Ult^o. by Capt Trent & Observe [] M^r Roberts's Draft on you ₱ £30 & among [] for your kind promise to Send me down the £167 [] that Gentleman's old Account with me — I have by this [] Sent M^r Byrne's Df on you to Col Croghan, desiring him [to de]liver it to you, because it ought to be a Voucher to you of the [mon]ys being paid — by Col Croghan's desire I have Also Sent him Coll Campbell's Certificate in M^r La Bute's favour for £85.14.3¾ he tells me the money is in your hands

You may assure yourself Sir I will Send you the Sea Water as Soon as it can be got — I have Sent yesterday to Sea by one of the Pilate boats on whose Return I shall get it & will then Send it according to your Directions — if that Shoud fail — I am next week going a few Leagues out to Sea & shall take Care to get it myself & on my Return purpose to come up to Johnson Hall Shoud you therefore want any thing else, you may depend I will take Care to bring it up with me —

Harry Van Schaack acquaints me that He Shall Very Soon return from Detroit to Albany & Shall leave our Concerns in the hands of M^r Edward Mumford or M^r Allan M^c Dougall — do permitt me Sir to ask the favour of you to write a Letter to M^r Jehu Hay recommending both of the above persons to his friendship and protection — As I have already felt the happy Effects of your [] Mentioning to him of my Affairs, during M^r Van Schaack's [] there — if you will be So obliging as to mention Mr Mumford [] Hay, I Shall be perfectly easy & satisfied that I shall []d End of that troublesome &

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& that you will Send it by him.

¹ An indorsement which has been burned off indicated that the letter was written in July 1768.

] will begg Leave to remind you unfortunate Concern of the patent I mentiond to you [1 the Name of Peter Sarvis & his Associates - please [] Governor that you had not orderd me to pay for it & [] your Government these are the ffees ----£312.10 £12.10 🗟 M ł 100 £ 4 ₩ M 1 l 1 ₩ M 125 ſ 75 ſ] Mr Banyar will not be paid for [ļ of Brackens, he Says you promised [you Concerning the Matter - I have p[he had long ago & the other day demanded [1 So that I took a fresh Receipt & now Send it you [to be paid £5 for the Small patent, which he tells me [1 pay him no more than £1.10, which is the proportion of [1 for As the other offices dont charge more - I see no Cause [1 him a present of £3.10 for nothing - this I have insisted [1 I shall force him to comply with my own Terms'- I have paid] for the other patent of 18000 Acres a £5 ſ I remain with Sincere Regard & Esteem Sir Your most Obliged Hble Servant **IOHN** WETHERHEAD ADDRESSED: To The Honorable Sir William Johnson Bt att Kinderhockspaw

🕆 Capt Trent

¹ It is shown by the Johnson Calendar, p. 398, that this discussion relates to Mr Colden's charges.

FROM DANIEL CLAUS

A. L. S.

Montreal 3^d. Aug^t. 1768.

] last of 22^d. Ult^o. I have been at Ouebec to Ĩ] Gov^r. Carleton ab^t. some Indⁿ Matters concerning [the bound'] aries of their Lands, which I hope now will by [the Sepr.] Sess^s. be settled in their favour. The Gov^r. asked [me at] the same time whether you did not give me any [papers] relative to Majr. Rodgers Affr. I told him you was [not] returned from the Seacoast when I left home, he is an entire Stranger to his last Plot with the Frenchman [and] I could give him no particulars as I knew but a little [about] it and y' by hear say. Chief Justice Hay told me [that] in Common Law the Affid^t. could not hurt him.- [R]odgers wants to prolong his Tryal upon several pre[tences] and desires to be tried by a civil Court, which [Mr.] Hay told me he would endeavour to evade by having [his cr]ime changed Mutiny (he standing now indicted [for hig]h Treason a Crime under the Cognizance of the [civil law)] and the former under that of the] The Governour asked me if I knew abt. Military [the late Alterations [in the Dep]artment I replied I did some-] be very glad to continue me in his thing, he told [] persuade M^{rs}. Claus to live here. I told Province [] thing ab^t. it as yet expecting to hear him [] as being but just arrived before [] the whole Managem^t I am confident he knows but [ł And I am told S^t. Luc Le Cor[ne] this Spring in his] River told it in Confidence to an Jaunt up the [] that the King had thanked you for your [Ł dis missed you, and gave the Managem^t to [others. I told the]

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¹ Words supplied from an extract in *Journals of Major Robert Rogers*, p. 250–51.

Ind^{ne}. that spoke to me ab¹. it (one of them [] that so far from that the King confirmed you [in your de]partm¹. augmented your Salary, and thinking [matters of trade(?)] too triffing & incompatible when compared with [] Affairs of the Ind^{ns}. committed the former into [the] of the Provinces, which only they were to con[cern them]selves ab¹. and by no means interfere with the [] which pleased the Ind^{ns}. to hear.

One of the Gov¹⁵. Confidants told me, that the [expenses] of that Trip amounted very high (Perthuis [] 100 Doll¹⁵. by it:) and he having lately received [] General Gage by no means to incurr any Ind [expenses on] the Crowns Acco¹. as they would not be paid, [] him to a Stand how to get them paid, his provi [] wretchedly poor as to defray them; His pr[esents] are generally very improperly bestowed, [] he gave last year to a parcell of Lazy [vagabonds] great Jealousies of the better deserv[ing] Trouble to make them easy. S¹ Luc[] formerly in the Indⁿ. Service, [and] expect I believe to be employ[] but they will find themselves [] cant lavish away []

] Master; There is now a general] The upper Indⁿ. Nat^s. as well as the] the French will soon retake this Country]dustriously spread by some french Emisaries] with an Acco^t. of the Disturbances at Boston] the flighty Frenchman in Canada cannot

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con[ceal his] inward Satisfaction those Riots give him when [he] asks the Detail of them of an Englishman, notwithstand^g. [they] are published every week in the Quebec Gazette in their [own] Language.

Mr. Gale the Bearer of this who hurrys [down] on Accot.

his Companion M^r Livingston who is going []try for Mr. French' place, obliges me to send this with [] writing to any Body near the River where fore must [ł you will remember me to all and that I intend to [by next post. I could wish Sr. John would take the I] of Canada this fall. By a Letter recd last Saturday [1 Maj^r. Dan^l Campbell of 22^d Ult^o. I saw with the utmost [1 your Return from the springs in health, w^{ch} I hope to [1 confirmed from home by next post.

[I rem]ain with Duty & tenderest Regard

Hond. Sir

Your Obedient Son

DAN. CLAUS

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] ab¹. Potters] relating to] with Ind^{ns}. in great parties,

] never Saw white people before.

] find he will be down

] ported in his [

FROM JOSEPH CHEW

A. L. S.

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New London August 4th. 1768

I have a Letter from our Friend M^r Wharton [which tells] me you had Reached Albany the 14th of July [I] hope in a Better state of health than when [you] left new London which which gives me the most [] pleasure — I was in great Pain & Really [feard] Very much for you on Acct. of the Continual [you have] had and the Dismal accounts I heard of [you on the] road — but God of his infinite mercy be praised [] you have got over them, and I hope he will

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[] of my Earnest Solicitation for the Perfect [restora]tion of your health —

When I wrote you last I was not able [1 Particular with Regard to the Sons of [Licentious] ness in Boston — it seems those Gentry [] Easie at seeing 1 of Commissioner any Branch of the Customs [] on the 11th. of July they Remain in their Great [the house] of John Williams Esqr Inspector made a [] a Probability of more [[general inspected they Summon'd him to appear before them the Next] morning had printed Bills of which [the day [enclosed is a] Copy put up in Every Part of the [town ł it seems this Couragious band did not [at the Place appointed and Mr. Williams [Spirited behavour prevented their [insolence to him --- I also inclose you [Print or Carractature of the 17 Gentlemen¹ for Complying with the Kings Requisition [you'l plainly Perceive how those per[sons are] treated who would be Loyall & Decent. M^r Harrison the Collector [I his Lady Son & Daughter arrived here [Mr Harrison is not Recover'd from [Received in his Breast by a Brut Assault on the Officers of the Customs it is imposible to point out [matters thier when Government [an End and where Every one [Neighbour — where it [scoundrill or Villian [] a Bell Crying Fire &ca and then direct I

¹ Seventeen members of the Massachusett's House of Representatives had voted to rescind the circular letter of the House to the assemblies of the other colonies sent in protest against the revenue acts and the method of enforcement. See Narrative and Critical History of America, 6:42-45.

1 what object he Pleases-a Fine tion this and from which Some of 1 Very Gentry who have incouraged these things] not free from the Terrors of -- yet all] in the Clammour against Acts of Parliment 1-I have not heard how the Sons of Liberty in this Colony Propose to behave when matters Come to a Period which surely they will soon but am informed one smith of New York has [1 his Letters amongst them on Religious affairs [1 the Dismal Consequences of a Bishop — I hope Soon [be able to tell you which of the Smiths this [is] [M^r Harrison desired me to present [] Respects to you and Sir John and wishes] been so happy as to have been in New [London] while you had been here - I] the Boston Papers Every week and have [1 to do so - Mrs Chew who is [1 desires her best Compliments [hear your health is better than when you left us - I hope after you [over the great Bussiness your absence from 1 must occasion I shall have a Line from [will only just say my whole & intire de [pendence is] upon your kindness and goodness, and that [I will be the most Greatfull Person Living [things Could I say on this subject but am [to trouble you - have just heard that [Arrived last Wensday at New York — the [her you will have before this gets to hand [my best Respects to Sir John Col^o. Johnson [Croghan and our other Friends, and am [most dutifull Regard & most sincere wish [health and happiness

Dear Sir Your [[

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The Hon^{ble} SIR WILLIAM JOHNSON

Boston July 16th. 1768

[This] is to inform the Publick that John Williams Esq^r (who tho Born in America [has] taken a Commission for Inspector General [of] his Majestys Customs in America, and thereby become an Actor in the Conspiracy [form]ed against his native Country) has promised to meat the Friends of Liberty this [] at 12 °Clock at the Town House where Every person is desired to attend who has any [con]cern for the Public Welfare.

God Save the King

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] with the News Papers

TO THOMAS GAGE

 $Df.^1$

Johnson Hall Aug^t. 5th. 1768.

DEAR SIR

Since mine of the 20th ult^o. I have received your favor of the 18th. to M^r. Johnson. The Chipweigh Chief who notwithstanding the Obstructions given to his Journey, at last found means to come down has had sev¹. Conferences with me, the purport of his Journey was to inform me of the discontents to the Westward & of Belts which he declares have come from the Misisipi thro' all their Nations, that some had already accepted of them, & that the Chipeweights waited his return to know what Steps they should take. I have given him sev¹. Speeches to deliver to his people, and a handsome present to carry Home to them — According to my accounts The Western Indians seem afraid & apprehensive of the Six Nations, & this corresponds likewise with M^r. Chabert's Letter which you transmitted, tho' I do not place much Confidence in his Opinion, or proposals, because I cannot help thinking that his Wishes are unfavorable to us, as I know

¹ In American Antiquarian Society, Worcester, Mass.; in the handwriting of Guy Johnson.

the Attachment of these people to their Countrymen, & besides have rec^d, so many accots of his Infidelity, which surely cannot all be goundless, -- The time begins to draw near for the Gen¹. Congress to Settle the Boundary as I presume the Shawanese &c (if they come at all) Are now on their way & as I hear that the Commiss^{1s} from sev¹, of the Governments are Set out. There are some points I would willingly settle previous thereto - In the first place whether for the reasons I have given in a former Letter I ought not to continue the Line from Owegy, so as to form a Boundary between this Province & them, & whether those Provinces, (viz¹. N Jersey & Maryland) who are not actually concerned in it, ought not to send Commissioners, as it may be necessary that all the Governments Enact Laws for preventing any of their People from Transgressing the Line, invited by the Quality of the Soil, &c altho' some of them may not border upon it & also with regard to the Sentiments of the Governors which seem to be that the Boundary of each Province should be particularly settled altho' I think it is Inconsistent with the Original design & impracticable at the Congress --- please to favor me with your advice & thoughts hereupon — The long dispute abt Kayadarosseras is at Length brought to a Conclusion, the late Attempt to Settle it when the Gov^r, was here in my absence having proved ineffectual. Their Agent not agreeing to the offers made by the Ind^s & Not having produced any Original Deed -- The Patentees therefore Applied again & Sir H Moore Wrote abt it & the Ind^{s.} Wearied out in Waiting for redress from home, & having had the Deed I ment^d, produced to them have been at length induced to Relinquish their title to that patent, the Attorneys paying them 5000 dollars.¹

His Excellency

 $Gen^{\scriptscriptstyle L}\;Gage$

Your most obdt humble servant, WILLIAM JOHNSON.

¹ In the Library of Congress is a Force Transcript of the letter sent to Gage, which, with slighter points of difference, has the following:

I am dear Sir

TO HENRY MOORE

A. L. S.¹

Johnson Hall August 5th. 1768

Sir

Amidst a great deal of hurry I have Just time to acquaint Your Excellency that in consequence of the Arrival of the Patentees Attorneys & agreable to your Letter of the 18th. Ult^o., I called the Mohawks, & again laid the Affair of Kayadarosseras before them, and having just received the Survey of the Creek Which has been returned by y^e. Surveyor upon Oath, and the Attorney having brought up with him an Original Indian Deed not before produced. I was enabled to recommend the Matter to the Indians in such a light as at last produced their consent to relinquish their pretensions to the Patent², according to the Survey made by which the head of Kayadarosseras does not appear Scituated so much to the Advantage of the Patent as was Supposed, And the Indians accordingly executed a Release. The Patentees paying them 5000 Dollars, & Releasing such Tracts as were affected by the Patent.

The Attorneys having requested a copy of the Proceedings, are now furnished with one, which, I suppose You will see, the Hurry in my Office now, & the Absence of my Clerk, would not afford time for a Copy, that, w^{ch}. the Att^{ys}. Got, was taken out of the Records by themselves, and Examined by my Deputy, but Should you want one, I shall send it as soon as possible, — I hope this Dispute is now happily terminated, as the Indians appear Satisfied thro' my Assurances, by the producing an Original Deed & by being able to Judge with certainty of the head of the Creek.

¹ In British Museum. Additional Manuscripts 22679. fo. 44, London, England.

² The patent of Kayaderosseras is preserved in the office of the clerk of Saratoga county at Ballston Spa, N. Y., according to A. W. Holden's *History of the Town of Queensbury*.

As to the papers &^{ca}. locked up, I realy did not apprehend that they would have been wanted. I should have been glad that they were better known & more publick, I locked my study without any particular Motive, it is my constant practice when I go from Home, (w^{ch}. is but Seldom) and I did not conceive that any old Transactions were necessary to an Amicable Settlement. Complaints were formerly exhibitted against Kayadarosseras One of which, I remember was in 1754, at Albany, but since v^e receipt of Your letter I have not been able to make a thorough search in the Commissioners Minutes, who then had the Management of Indian Affairs, which, I had then for some time declined, & did not reassume 'till I had the Royal Appointment, and I must Observe that their Minutes were in general kept on loose sheets of paper, not entered fairly in Books, that many of those Entrys were so Illegible, & the Orthography &ca. so bad that some of them are at present unintelligible, & altho' I collected all that I could & had them bound into Volumes, I have never been able to find the Whole, so that there are Chasms of above a Year in some places, but if you mean this Meeting of 1754. As it was before the Governor & Council, it will doubtless be found on their Minutes.¹

The Mohawks (greatly alarmed at a Survey made thro their low lands at y^e . time y^y . Excellency was up here) have most carnestly requested that some Method be fallen upon to Secure their Village & planting grounds to them & their Posterity, So as it may not be in the power of any of them to dispose of property therein, I judge it necessary to recommend this to Your Excellencys Attention, as in case it can be done, it will prove highly agreable to them, & ease their present doubts.

¹ Johnson resigned the Indian agency on July 5, 1751. Wraxall's abridgment of records of Indian affairs ends with records of that year. In 1752 Wraxall was appointed secretary of Indian affairs. In 1753 he was secretary of the meeting at New York, June 12–16, between Governor Clinton and Mohawks, and in 1754 of the Albany congress, June 19–July 11. From May 15, 1755, until his death in 1759 he prepared the records of Indian affairs with little interruption. Johnson received the appointment of superintendent of Indian affairs on April 14, 1755,



JOSEPH BRANT

In my last I gave You the reasons which prevent my Attendance in Council, & I persuade myself they will be deemed a Sufficient Apology, but, whatever may be Judged necessary with regard to my Opinion on the Subject You have mentioned shall be freely Communicated by me, as I am with much Esteem

> Sir Your Excellencys Most Obedient & Verry Humble Servant

> > W JOHNSON

I am so hurried at present that I wrote the first page of this letter before I discovered that I had begun on y^e. wrong side. — His Excellency Sir HENRY MOORE Bar^t. INDORSED: S^r. W^m. Johnson Augst. 5th. 1768. Sir H M's writing.

FROM JOHN BROWN

In the Johnson Calendar, p. 398, is listed a letter of the 5th from Jno. Brown, Schonactady, inquiring about Mr Murray, saying that the congregation would be willing, if he be suitable and approved by Johnson, to pay him $\pounds 40$ a year and mentioning the rivalry of the Presbyterians. (Printed in *Doc. Hist. N. Y.* 4:383; Q, 4:241.)

FROM ROBERT ADEMS

A. L. S.

New York 7th. August 1768

[DEAR] SIR

I was honored with yours of the 27th. & 31st. Ulto. last Night, and shall make it my study to fulfill your Orders in every particular as far as in my power lies — At the same time am afraid I shall not be able to Compleat your Memd^m. of Goods for the Congress, owing to the Scarceity of some of the principal Articles viz^t. Blankets, Aurora, Fuzees, Silver Lace for the Coats & Hatts, the rest of the Articles have almost ready. I Expect the Answer of a Letter from Philadelphia [] last Wednesday) to morrow, and if any [disappoint]ment in procuring the above Goods shall imediately sett off, and you may [be] assured Sir, that I will not delay an [] than is necessary. The Pacquet is not yet Arrived tho' Sail'd above 12 Weeks. I desired [Mr] Phyn to send 30# Black & 15# White Wa [mpum] which hope you have received, & am with [the] greatest respect.

Sir William Johnson Bar^t.

sir

Your Most Obed [

Humble servant

ROBT. ADEMS

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SIR WILLIAM JOHNSON Bart.

FROM THOMAS GAGE

A. L. S.¹

New York August 7th: 1768

Sir,

I have received your Letter of the 20^{th} July with the Account inclosed. M^r Croghan should confine himself to his own Accounts, and not have Dealings with other People's Expenditures. A man nothing more than a Canadian Vagabond sends in an Acc^t: of £900. which belongs to M^r. Croghan & M^r. Cole. Col^o. Reed² has also certified it, as he has done every thing brought to him: I formerly told you that I should recall that

¹ In Harvard College Library, Cambridge, Mass.

² Lieutenant Colonel John Reed, of the 34th regiment. For a brief description of his rule while in command of Fort Chartres, see *Great Britain and the Illinois Country*, p. 60 by C. E. Carter.

officer from the Ilinois, He is now on his way to Philadelphia and Since his leaving Fort Chartres, People have talked and wrote. I send you an Extract of a Letter which I lately received from thence concerning Indian Expences, and the Prices paid for the Goods.

Captain Maturin will settle with M^r: Adams the Cash wanted for the Purchase of the Presents for the ensuing Congress, and also your Accounts transmitted. The Contractors Agents have not a sufficient Quantity of Cash in hand to answer these Demands, but will draw as fast as possible for it.

The Board of Trade forgot this Province entirely in their Report concerning the Boundary with the Indians which if fixed, must not be passed either by Purchase or otherwise and I apprehend also that Sir Henry Moore will soon be of that opinion.

The Noise and Complaints of Indian Expences have been so great, that the Reform made in that Department does not surprize. I have some time expected that the whole would have been laid aside, and every Post withdrawn. The only Posts now to be maintained are Missilimakinac, Detroit, & Niagara with Forts Pitt and Chartres. The two last vet under Consideration whether to be abandoned or not. The Posts are the great and constant Drains of Cash for Indian Presents. The two last I have mentioned, equal the Expences of half the rest of your whole Department. There are no Posts to the Southward and much is saved from that Circumstance: but the Nations there are very Numerous. I should think it best that a new staff Necessary for your Department, agreeable to the present Reform, should be made out, and then transmitted home. with proper Remarks on the Necessity of such an Establishment, omitted in the Report of the Board of Trade. This would be thought more regular at home and agreeable to their Forms of having Estimate of Expences.

With respect to Fort Hendrick, it is best to let the Indians do what they please with it, as you formerly promised them, when the Garrison should be withdrawn. I am glad the Chippewa Chief has found his way to you notwithstanding the Efforts of the Traders to prevent it. They are a vile Race, and we shall see soon how finely the Provinces will manage them.

The Commissarys for the Trade ought certainly to be removed; as soon as the Service will permit. I don't find that any Resolutions have yet been taken here respecting the affairs of the Indian Trade. They will probably be postponed till the Meeting of the Assembly which has been, for certain Reasons it's supposed prorogued till Setpember.

I am very glad to hear your Health is Mended by the Tour you have lately taken. Another Jaunt to the Springs May recstablish you quite. They are not far from you, and you would be always within Call.

I am with great Regards,

Dear Sir, Your most obedient, humble Servant,

THO^S. GAGE.

SIR W^M. JOHNSON Bar^t. INDORSED: N York Aug^t 7th. 1768

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From Gen¹. Gage

FROM JOHN WETHERHEAD

A. L. S.

New york the 7th August 1768

[] your very Agreable Favour the Contents [] very much Obliged to you for the Money [] to pay me, the Dfts & receipts Shall be Sent you [by Adems] to whom I shall deliver them the Instant the Money [] but I am Sorry to tell you there is Some Difficulty about [] Its of a Frenchman wch are included in Col Croghan's Acc'. [for] which Reason the Generall has not yet

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paid Mr Adams any [money] - I waited on that great Man Mr Maturin on Fryday by [Mr] Adams's desire to desire to know the Meaning of this Conduct [] told me the rest of the Accounts woud undoubtedly be paid, but [he coud] not tell what the Generall woud do about the Fenchman's Acct.] mentiond for that Col Croghan had no Right to let] Scoundrell have Such a Summ — however I that [fancy he will [recon]sider of it - I likewise waited on the Governor about the [] Patent for Peter Servis & others & read that part of your Letter to [him] wch respected the Money due to you from the Patentees; the [Governor] told me it was very true, but that Lord Holland was to [lyou & that He expected the Next packett would bring orders] Somebody from his Lordship for the Money - I ſ then desird [he would] immediately issue orders for the Patent to be prepared [which he] accordingly did & I carried them to M^r Colden & as I shall [] of yours in my hands I will pay him his fees which [] £125 & shall push the rest through as fast as [The amount] of the Fees for the Whole patent will be [] Mr Colden at £5 £125 1 ± 4 100 l I 13 75

I am much obliged to you [1 She would most cordially accept of [both be away at the Same Time --- I but have been detained from time to time [My good friend Col Croghan — because I had giv I would pay all his Drafts now --- I thought it would [1 appearance to go away till those Matters were Cleard up [1 I coud by no means do untill I coud either See him or R[eceive] Money from him, besides I had a good deal of Money to [T Own Account & it would make me uneasy to be absent] Circumstances, especially as it is partly for Bills I] by Mr Van Schaack for Severall Articles for the drawn [

Use of [] which He tells me He has purchased at Detroit in order to [] with Larger Remittances in good Bills — however I shall [] have the pleasure of Seeing you & in the mean Time rem [ain] with the greatest Sincerity & Truth

Sir you most Obliged Hble Ser[

JOHN WETHERHEAD

I Sent you a Cask of Sea Water by M^r Phyn, who promised me to take Care & forwar [d] I took it up myself at a distance from the [Land] fancy you will find it exceeding good — I w [] but was afraid they woud be [] I will be much obliged to You Sir, if you [] a few Days ago — Moses M Hays & [] Notes of hand of the [] I remember right []

[] remitt me the Money to pay [] [I under]stand they did not return the Notes [] the payments please likewise to let [] M^r Graham will wait till he comes to town [] for his protested Bill —

TO ANDREW LEWIS

$Df.^1$

[August 8, 1768]

I have had the favor of your & $M^{r,2}$ [] Letter from Harris's ferry, and am sorry to find that you have through some mistake been misled with regard to the time & place for holding the Gen¹. Congress. It was intended to have been held about the latter end of July but the Dispatches to M^r. Croghan for Calling the Shawanese and Delawares upon that occasion, having missed of him on the Road, the Message to the Indians was

¹ In handwriting of Guy Johnson.

² The other Virginia commissioner was Thomas Walker.

greatly retarded So that it will be [] Weeks yet before they can come to the place of [] which will be at or about Fort Stanwix on the [Mohawk] River, as the most convenient place for the [] of those Nations of Indains who are interested [] Line, & who only wait the Arrival of [the Shawanese in] order to come to the place appointed: [] My House, I expect [] hand, after which I []

FROM DANIEL CLAUS

A. L. S.

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Montr¹. 10th Aug^t 1768

] will have delivered you my Letter of ſ] wth. one inclosed from Gen¹. Carleton, I [-1 in my first forgot to mention that Mr Chinn on my Arrival [1 Enquired of me whether you had this Spring reced a Letter from [Henry] Bostwick then in London who with one Baxter came from Michilimakc. last summer and went to England last fall concerning a Mine in Lake Superior I told him I heard of such a Letter but knew not the particulars, he then said he wrote to vou abt, it from hence as being one concerned in s^d. Affr. & would be very glad to hear your Sentiments abt. it & begd of me to mention it in my Letter. Said Bostwick with one Mr. Baxter from London came last fall from the upper Countries where the latter had been since the Time Rodgers went there, & as its said sent by the Board of Trade to make some Remarks abt Indⁿ. Trade &ca. At the same time took a View of a very rich Copper Mine on Lake Superior, a Sample of w^{ch}. Ore I showed] 3 or 4 year ago with a near guess Estimate of Exattend the working & Transporting it to pences that] Baxter took a Sample of s^d. Ore home with Market [] by a Letter from Bostwick To Chin it was him and [] be very rich and no Less than 16 Gentlⁿ. most found [entered] into a Society to carry on the work [1 I

among themselves to advance any Sum [purpose,] the same and taking a desiring at the same time [] at arrived from London but [Share [or by New york he is [] approved immediately and that it must Bostwick & Chinns Bro Henry his Son in Law the Ind^{ns}, thereabouts & are to be have been discoveries ab^t. the Mine last wint [are very favourable & encouraging [doubtless belongs to the Gang as he [Cadot I hear will be down this Fall [give some Acco^t. ab^t it, I wish it may [in the young Mans way; I hear he und[erstands the] Indⁿ. Language prittily every one that [] gives him an unexceptionable Character [] sincerely attached to the Engl^{sh}. Interest [] several proofs. Many Politicians here will have it [that Rogers] could not be touched & that Roberts brought into a Scrape; 1 to know how Hopkins letter was [they [Rodgers in his Grinning way makes [his Confinem^t. & tells the Merch^{ts}. him he would soon retun to his [his Crime I hear is now changed [for Mutiny, Embezzelling His [Majestys (?) Suspicion of corresponding with [Goddart is subpoena'd to be a [Second Crime and a heavy [more ab^t. Rodgers [Expence than he does his being de [his [I

[] influence with the Indians ab^t. Lake Michigan [] think ought not be passed unnotised. [he^t] being certainly the only Englishman allowed [by] Every Body to be best beloved & regarded by those Nations, & he flatters himself to keep them in our Interest with as little Expence as any Body whatsoever w^{ch} he says must be done in appearing among them in the Character he hitherto did when with a little Rum and Tobacco he woud do more than others with Loads of presents, but was he to appear in a public Character the Expence certainly must be great as those Nations were more sanguine in their Expectations from a person representing a Nation than any Ind^{ns} he knew.

Lt. Pauli of the Roy!. Amns. told me in Confidence when at Quebec, that he took a Notion of making some Discoveries towards finding out a Northwest passage by a Journey to the westward of Lake Superior, having made it his study for some time passt to make himself acquainted with the Discoveries made by several Nations at Sea particularly those of the Russians w^{ch}. latter gave him great Encouragement & in a manner promised him Success: I could not pretend to give you all his Reasons of succeading in his Scheme but I thought them plausible enough, he would certainly be fitter and more adopted for such a thing than Rodgers being more able [] observations & 1 than the latter. sketches of a Country hitherto [He said he would soonest [] it with your Appro-] Body else's as being most bation & Sanction [compatible with [] such a thing in case of Success [] immortal honor to the Encourager] such a Discovery & he said he woud [if he did not find a passage [confining Roberts upon [him, where upon Gen¹. Gage [inclosing the Crime must have [1 as it only came lately to his [

¹ James Stanley Goddard.

would have kept Roberts under an [] to stand his Tryal, but as soon as Roberts [came] down he would order it to be done im[] I find wont have time to take a Copy [of] this Scrawl M^r. Wade being ready to embark so beg [] excuse my sending it as it is; My Compli[ments] wait on all the family & remain with [all due] Respect & Duty Hon^d. Sir

Your Obedient [

DAN CLAUS.

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To The Hon^{ble} S^R W^M. Johnson Bar^t.

&ca. &ca. &ca.

FROM THOMAS PENN

A. L. S.

[Margate, August 11, 1768]

Sir/

I am now here with my family some of whom are 1 to bath in the Sea, but could not let the Packet sail without informing [you] that, a meeting of the Attorney and Sollicitor General was appointed to [con]sider your Grant the Sollicitor never came, being engaged to attend a [ution on some of Mr. Wilkes affairs, but the Attorney told me he [was at] a loss what to do with your associates, as they stood interested in [the grant], and proposed its being granted to you and them, I told him I could [not resolve] him, and desire you will immediately inform me, whether [] contented to receive it so, or have any conveyance from them, that [send] me an authentick coppy of, when he will advise a grant to be [1] intend to take notice of any Indian right, nor any customs [] are to be observed in granting Lands, but

those names [] face of the Deed he could not avoid taking notice of them [] thanks for the good offices you have done us with the [] refer you to my next for an answer to your Letter [] Dear Sir Your most affectionate and obedient servant

Τήο Ρένν

ADDRESSED: For

Sir William Johnson Bar^t. at Johnson Hall New York

FROM NORMAND MACLEOD

A. L. S.

Niagara 12th August 1768

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I

Yesterday I receiv'd your disagreeable [] which has intirely spoiled all my Schemes and left [me] destitute of Bread. Yet I hope if Sir William, can in any way employ me so as to aford a Comfortable Living for my Wife and Family that he will not forget me, and I hope that is still in his power, if not, I am to be pittyed.

As to Indⁿ. News there's none, the Commandant and I have not put up our Horses well together and he is very happy at being rid of an Indⁿ. Commissary but sorry for the loss of his Interpreter.

M¹⁵. Mac Leod begs her best respects may be acceptable

I am

Sir Your most Obedient Humble Servant

NOR^D. MAC LEOD

] JONSON bart

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FROM JOHN WETHERHEAD

A. L. S.

New York 12th August 1768

] of writing you on Monday last & Now Sitt down ſ lines] to accompany the Enclosed Memorandum, wch ſ 1 of this Town has wrote in my Counting house, Mr [] Easily find out — it greatly hurts the Meaning of []able Things about you me to hear any Man Say [because I know you dont deserve it from [person — McAdam Swears you and H Wallace have Used him very ill about this Bill for £200 etc. He is now gone to the Generall to make a Complaint of it to him & He further tells me He will lay his Complaints before the Lords of the Treasury at home if he Cant get immediate redress here, for that you have received the Money long ago & Unjustly deprive him of it ---M^c Adam appears in a Hell of a Passion about this Affair ---but I believe He is a very passionate Man — I can say no more about this Matter than that allowing it to be true - I was very confident Hurry of Business --- your Indisposition --- a perhaps Inadvertancy might be the Occasion of no Answer being received by Hugh Wallace — but that I insisted there was no Design in you to delay the Payment of that Bill provided Mr. Gorham had a Right to draw it - As a Stranger to the Transaction [1] coud Say no more - I am pretty confident you know how to justifie [vour]self about it --- I shoud be glad (if you think it] Answer concerning this Affair proper) to receive [& in the mean Time remain with Sincere [1 to Truth Sir Your most Obliged Hble Servant

John Wetherhead

] Philadelphia

] the Generall, but I am told it will be paid

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INDORSED: N York 12th. August 1768

M^r. Wetherheads Letter ab¹. M^c. Adem Ansnd. 22^d

FROM JOSEPH CHEW

A. L. S.

New London Augst. 15th. 1768

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By the master of a Vessell who arrived [1 Day from Halvfax we here that two Regiments [1 there imbarguing for Boston; where they [1 Come into many Resolves &ca one is not to import any more goods of any kind whatever from Great Britain untill the year 1770 and never to be concerned in importing any that are lyable to a Duty ----I Suppose this Resolve only means English Goods w^{ch}, are to pay dutys those of France, Holland are I daresay out of the Question as they are [pre]judicial to Great Britain --- another Resolve [is to] print 500 Copys of the Commission Granted] Board of Commissioners — which are to be] thro the Colony, that the inhabitants] what acts the British Parliment take upon [themselves to p]ass — as I have Regularly Sent you the papers] by Every Post you will there see] spirit of the people — in the last] you'l see the Great & 1 attacked from Several l he will declyne the be joyns the 1 Submissive as any well Taught [] we are Very 1 it Cannot be Long now long without any [before we [1 they will Receive the news of the Commis[sioners being] drove from the Town of Boston [] not heard how the Sons of Liberty in this [] behave upon the Report of the troops going [to] Boston — but make no Doubt but I shall In [] or two — I was not very well when I be[gan this] Letter which I was oblidged to lay by untill [] the 17th on account of a most Violent pain [in] my Ears & head so bad as to Confine me to [my] bed for two days — the Post will be in, [in] Hours and I will inclose the papers & [] if he Brings any thing Private —

I find these land schemers [1 Colonisers, Sons of Liberty; or what you [] to Call them seem to take hold of some pieces of Intiligence in the papers about [Indian] affairs — and not only Lessen the Con[sequence of] the Nations but the usefullness and [those who the Crown have most [1 & Charged with the Care of [plainly that I know []] are Glances at you [worth Conseque 1 I] 1

[] I hear open against you or that [] which looks like it — tho I am more [] you do not want or stand in need [of an] Advocate or Defender of you or your [ac]tions — but I Should never bear with my [] let them pass unnoticed —

I was detirmined to have wrote to Col^o. Croghan by this post but being Very unwell and M^{rs} Chew making a muster last night Prevents me She was this morning put to bed with a daughter and tho. Very unwell I am sure if she knew I was writing to you She would present her Compliments — I will write to the Col^o. by the Next Post to him and all our Very good friends I beg my best Respects and hope [you]'l Accept the Same and Every wish I am [capa]ble of for your health and hapiniss and [am] with great truth

> Dear sir Your most Obed & Most sincere Hble serv^t.

> > Jos Chew

FROM JOHN WATTS

A. L. S. New York 15th. Aug^t. 1768

DEAR SIR

Welcome Home again, why did you not call & see us in your return — Are you shy of Head Quarters & Governors your friends I am sure you need not be shy of

M^r. Allen has apply'd to me & I have applyd to the Gov^r. to know the time appointed for the Indian Boundary Congress, the Gov^r. thinks it the latter end of this Month, M^r Allen some time in Sept^r., for my part I am totally ignorant of the Matter, Can you inform me in time when the Philad^a. Commissioners ought to be up that I may communicate it to one enquiring friend — I wrote a few Lines to Cap^t. Johnson in your absence to have an Eye on Northampton, to keep it clear of the immense Jaws of the Kayaderosseros that will otherwise devour all — pray Thank him for his answer with my Compliments — The May packet just arriv'd but Nothing New, Mobbing & Confusion are no more News, [] is come, well

Y^{rs}. allways

JNº. WATTS

ADDRESSED: To S^r. Will. Johnson Barr^t Johnson Hall, Near Mohawks River to the Care of M^r. Monier

Rec^d forwarded 19th Aug^t 1768 J. Monier

JOHN WILKINS TO THOMAS GAGE

Extract

Lieu^t. Colonel Wilkins, to General Gage, about 150 Miles below the Ohio Falls, 15th: August 1768,

A Canoe has just now met me from Fort Chartres in 16 Days, and by Letters & I find that about 26 Indians have cutt off a Boat and Crew sent out by Baynton Wharton & C°. to kill Buffalo at or near the Ouabache, only One Man escaped A Young Man is hear in the Canoe who with Six others and as many Horse Load of Skins &c coming from the Natches fell in with the same Party of Indians who killed all but himself, about 100 Miles from the Ouabache, they took him Prisoner and told him they were Miamis and that the Man that made His Escape above mentioned; Shot One of their Warriors before he went of.

INDORSED:

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dated below Ohio falls 15th Augt 1768.—

[Willia]m McAdam Informs me That Joseph Gorham [has dr]awn Bills on him, which will be returned on [] with protest As William McAdam has not [been] able to obtain payment of Gorhams Bill on you [] Sterling due Early in may, last off this [] Hugh Wallace wrote to Sir William Johnson [] times on this Subject without receiveing [a satis] factory Answer—

A WARRANT FOR PAYMENT

In the Johnson Calendar, p. 399, is listed, under New York, August 16, General Thomas Gage's warrant to Abraham Mortier for paying £6998, 15s, 10d New York currency, to Sir William Johnson. Destroyed by fire.

TO THE EARL OF HILLSBOROUGH

In the Johnson Calendar, p. 400, is listed a letter of the 17th to the Earl of Hillsborough, communicating intelligence received at the Chipeweigh congress of French and Spanish machinations, discussing colonial management of Indian trade, Major Rogers's Indian policy, the Kayadarosseras settlement, the New York-Indian boundary, the need of deputies and interpreters and a proper allowance for them. (printed in *Doc. Hist. N. Y.* 2:904-8; Q, 2:524-26 and *Doc. rel. to Col. Hist. N. Y.* 8:93-96.)

SPEECH OF PUANT CHIEF

The Speech of the P[uant Chief at Missilimackn]ac the 20th August 1760 ---

Father I live at a great dista Eighty Leagues, But far as It is I have under to renew my friendship with my Fathers the Engl Let them know that the Jaring Nations at War The Country where I live, have Tryed to get some of [1 Men to Joine them in a war, not Only Against each other] Against you, which I have always prevented. And] the cause of some blood being spilt, And I which [desire no Trad[ers] Be Suffered to go into their Country (meaning the Pottowa [] & others about S^t. Josephs) by which means they will be br [] to know their duty, and Bring in their hunt to this place a [] (There I lost something for want of an English Interpreter, as [the] French Woman I was Oblidged to Employ Would not Say [anything] to the Disadvantage of the French, But by what [I could make] out It was this that the French and Spaniards are [every Method, in their power, not only to draw all [] trade to the Missisippy, but to set them at War again [st 1 Be asured that none of my people will ever be un Father, and he never Shall have reason to Comp[lain this you may Depend on) But I am Sorry to Say [deceived by some of our Fathers Commanding [proml ised, not only by Word, but by Writing [Lied, but was as Sacred as this [the Great Chiefs) meaning [and the four other [I

]them, We would be glad to [

ls, And what We may depend on the English I] Character of not telling lies I hope We are ſ] to be Deceived by our Fathers who are their not [most dutfull [chil]dren (he then Deleivred the Belt ---

My answer was as follows

[I am] Well Pleased to find that the Great King beyond the great Lake your Father and mine has Such Obedient Children & good Subjects as you are, And he shall know it as I will write to the great Chiefs the General and Sir William Johnson what you have Said, And as to the presents promised you, it was very possible they Might be lost coming over the Great Lake] Cannoes Coming over those little Lakes which or [] Happened, as I have met with sometimes has [losses of that kind myself, B[] shew you that your Fathers never told lies Intentionally but [your Beeing deceived was Occasioned by the above Accidents [1 Altho I was a Stranger to all those promises, as well as to Intry, Yet I woud as far as was in my power make L those promises Good And you must be Contented with what things [] able to buy at this time (which they ware well Satisfied [thanked me kindly] her Chiefs who brought the letter with the belt from I chiefs] stood up and made a Speech much to the Same ſ sen]sible as the former Which required much the ł a]ddition only, He wanted to know if I wo[1 l] ſ

]ly in the Spring as they want [

] what my Opinion [

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FROM ROBERT LEAKE

A. L. S.

New York 22^d Augⁱ. 1768

HON^{BLE} SIR

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I have the honor of Yours of the 13th Inst, and if it be faulty few are less ceremonious or Punctillious with friends or strangers than myself, it is true time has elaps'd since I did myself the pleasure of writing but my reasons were, that I would not be troublesome about the once flattering prospect of part of the Lands bought from the Natives, at the time then fed by others

Our friend M^r Croghan Judged right in regard to the necessity of sending a Deputy to the Illinois, but mentioned it too late, as M^r M^cMillan set out from Fort Pitt on the 20th of last Month for that place, I have a very great regard for M^r Byrne and wish it were in my power to serve him but most of the Deputies have been, and soon will more of them be reduced, some of them are got into Bread and others much to and at a loss to maintain themselves I had their case much at heart, perhaps more than my own, and have as yet suffer'd for it, but I am not intimadated by the woud be greats here, I wish [every] One, if it was only for their own honour [would be] Just, I do not mean any part to You, I ever [am with great] esteem, Hon^{ble} Sir

Your most Obed^t hble Servant

 Rob^{T} Leake

INDORSED:

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M^r. Leakes Letter concerng M^r. Byrns

TO THOMAS BATEMAN

$Df.^1$

Johnson hall Aug¹. 24th 1768 —

Sir,

I received your Letter of April last at my return from an Excursion to the seaside for the recovery of my health.— Altho' strangers to each other, yet, I persuade my self that your Character & Qualifications would be found Agreable here, and I should be happy in being the Means of providing for you more Agreable to your self and should invite you to this Country, pro-

¹ In Library of Congress, Washington, D. C.

vided I was certain that the Encouragement you may meet with would ans^r. your Expectations, to Explain this Matter I am to inform you that this New Country tho' it improves fast is as yet poor --- That the Dissenters compose the Majority of the people, tho' they would not long remain so could those of the Church of England afford to maintain Clergymen.- The Mission at Albany is lately filled up, & others intended for Schenectady The Mohocks, and my Settlement,-at Schenectady the few Members of our Church purchased a piece of Ground and have built a good Stone Church, but are not able as yet to maintain a Clergyman The Society therefore will give one £30 ster 7 Ann & they will add to it a House with about £40 # Ann N York Money — As to my own place I have already laid out So much on Improvements, and for the encouragement of Tenants, that it is not in my power to do as much for a Clergyman as I could wish, Such as it is I shall tell you .-- I have built a neat Stone Church at a new Village within half a Mile of this place, and have Just compleated a Neat Snug House for a Clergyman at a Small distance from it, to which I shall add 50 Acres of good Land mostly improved - The Society's allowance will be £30 ster P Ann, and I shall contribute as much to it as with Fees &ca will make it up £60. Ster. or thereabts. which will increase within a little time, and with the Glebe may Make it a tolerable foundation, and probably the Society may be persuaded to Augment it.-- Thus have I fairly told you what maybe Expected, at prest If either this place, or Schenectady will Suit your purpose I shall be glad to hear from you, very soon or to see you

I am sorry to hear from you that L^d. Ad^m Gordon has dropped his design of making the Settlement to the Westw^d. of this place as the Lands are good, in Gen¹. and the Situation not so inconvenient as may be imagined from a Cursory View at an Improper season other Tracts having been Purchased within these few Months adjacent to it Which begin already to get Settled & will make it Valuable & indeed the whole Country encreases very fast in population & Improvemt. My Lands here are generally

Let in fee at a Shilling an Acre, or £5 Str 7 Ann for 100 Acres, the first five Years rent free, such parts as I have sold, I have had from £100 to £200 N York Money for each hundred Acres, One part of my Estate has above a hundred familys now upon it, and should some of your industrious Neighbours, (Men who could come over & Settle at their own Expence) offer themselves, I would to encourage the Settlement, Let the first 20, or 30 familys have Lands on the Most reasonable Terms, or should they be incline to purchase I would sell them some very good Lands from £12 to 20 ster 7th hundred Acres. Some of These Lands are Situate within 5 Miles of the Mohock River & 25 of the Town of Schenectady to which they can carry their produce on Sleds in the Winter within the Compass of half a Day .--If these proposals Sho^d. Suit any of your Neighbours they may be assured that I should give them the preferrence to many who offer themselves,- I shall be glad to have your Answer on these Subjects as Soon as possible and am Sir,

&ca

The Rev^d. M^{R} . Bateman

INDORSED: Aug^t. 26th 1768 — To the Rev^d. M^r. Tho^s. Bateman A. M. at Boston in Lincolnshire England

TO THOMAS GAGE

 $Df.^1$

Johnson-Hall Aug¹ 24th 1768

Dear Sir,

[Since] my last of the 5th Inst I have had the pleasure of receiving yours of the 7th and 14th. The Accot you mention produced by M^r Croghan for £900. I sent down by M^r Adems, & do not positively recollect at present, farther about it than that

¹ Burned portions supplied from a copy printed in Collections of Illinois State Historical Library, 16:383–86, ed. C. W. Alvord and C. E. Carter.

the Frenchman who brought it was employed by Croghan & Cole on Sundry Messages & Services.

The Extract you transmitted me contains in Gen! a very Just State of the Affairs at the Ilinois. The more Indians get, the more they will Expect nevertheless there is a necessity for Expences, and nothing Can be done with them without it but, in that point Judgment is required, when it shall be incurred. and how favors shall be dispensed. I have taken notice of Coll Reeds Certifying Expences, and Cannot but observe that Gentlemen whatever their sentiments of Indians are previous to their going to the Outposts, seem to alter them when there, & to Consider [all] Expences incurred as Extremely necessary to the Publick Service. [Major] Roger's Accots having been most Amply Certified by [all the] Officers as absolutely necessary, the contrary to the [private] opinion of some of them as Signified by Letters to me [has furnished] the Traders concerned with many Arguments for [their being paid,] and makes some very clamorous on that [Subject. The heavy] Expences incurred at the Ilinois at a time [when the strictest Oeconomy was] recommended induced me to [direct that Mr Cole should be removed had no Reform taken place. From our present Extensive Alliances & Connections with the Indians, from their own Natural disposition & prejudices] and from the proceedings of our [Artful Lurking Enemys, it is necessary] that some men should remain in different [quarters over & besides] the Deputys to transact Indian [Affairs, & to Counteract] those disturbers of the peace whether Whites or Indians. [It is as] Certain that they cannot be there to any purpose [without] Expence, but it should be moderate, arising from the [nature &] Absolute Necessity of the Service, how long the present [Reform] will for the reasons I have given be deemed safe, or Ellig[ible] every man, acquainted with these matters can Judge. I [have] sent the necessary papers to Canada, tho' I apprehend they will not be of much Importance, as I gave Rogers but few Instr [uctions,] and had no Conversation with, or opportunity of Seeing him [since] his departure for his post. I find it is presupposed that [he cannot] be hurt, if so, and that means are not fallen upon to [prevent] him from having it in his power to prosecure his designs, [we] shall probably find him in a little time realizing his [plan] on some of our Frontiers, for the Indignities which [(as he takes it)] he has met with Will but Whet him on to obtain [Revenge.]

The Comiss^{ys} have all received Orders to [make up their] Accots to the 25th of September after which [they are to be] discontinued, but on a farther consideration [of the matter I] apprehend it may be necessary to keep [them to the March following,] least anything might happen, [which might give the Provinces] occasion to say that they [had not suffict time to fall] upon a plan for Sup[plying their places. If you think I am] right please [let me know.

I have likewise taken notice to the Secy of State of the omission of the Province of N York in the boundary, & Shewn why it ought to now be settled, but as an Answer cannot be expected in due time, I think it best not to omit the opportunity which will so shortly offer for settling it, Submitting it to his] Majesty for confirmation. The [Season being now] far advanced, and the Virginia Commissioners [obliged to] Attend a meeting on the borders of N Carolina, the [latter] end of October, and no news of the Shawanese & Delawares I think it best to direct the Messengers, who waits their arrival in the Senecas Country, to come down with the Six Nations & any others at hand, so as to meet me at Fort Stanwix about the 16th of September. Indeed I very much doubted from what I had heard of the coming of the Shawanese &c as their Chiefs went from Mr Chrogan at Fort Pitt amongst the Misisipi Nations, and altho' I should have been glad that they were present, I can see no particular necessity for it, as the Six Nations are the undoubted Owners, and as such Considered by all the rest, who at a former meeting with me promised to pay due submission to whatever the 6 Nations shod agree upon regarding it.

The Chipeweigh Chief Spoke of belts lately sent thro' the Nations, and of French & Spanish Officers as he Called [them] who actually came amongst them gave large presents [to the] Indians with the Strongest Assurances of a War [in the Spring] and that such persons were busied in [persuading the] Indians to go over the Misisipi, where they were [Assured that the] English were compleatly hemmed in above [& below the Ilinois.

I have] now with me sev¹ Misisagas [on much the same Errand, with] corroborating Intelligence. [I have in a Letter to Lord Hillsborough Shewn the Necessity of an Augmentation of the Sum proposed by an Addition of $\pounds1000$ Ster P A. for the necessary Depys & other Officers,¹ I therein said that I sho^d Transmit an Estimate thereof to you which I now do, requesting the favor of you to make such use of it as you shall think proper, for there is no conducting the Affairs of the Indⁿ Departm^t with^t the few necessary assistants Included therein.]

[His Excell^y Gen¹ Gage]

INDORSED: [Augt. 24th 1768] To Gen¹. Gage

TO JOHN PENN

Df.² Johnson hall Augt, 24th 1768 —

Sir

I did not receive your favor of the 6th Inst till two days ago, as M^r Johnson acquainted you with the Cause of the delay of the Boundary, I have only to inform you that as the Chiefs of the Shawanese &ca went from Fort Pitt amongst the Misisipi Nations, I apprehend I cannot Expect them at the Congress, I have therefore directed the Messenger who waits their Arrival at Chenussio to Come down forthwith with the Six Nations and the rest in order to Meet me at Fort Stanwix, at the head of the Mohock River, on or about the 18th of September. This is by

¹ In Doc. Rel. to Col. Hist. N. Y., 8:93-96.

² In American Antiquarian Society, Worcester, Mass.; in handwriting of Guy Johnson.

much the most Elligible & convenient place on many acc^{1s}. and I shall be glad to See the Gentlemen Commissioners at my House previous to my departure which will be about the 15th. of Septb^r.—

I could have wished to have had the Shawanese &ca present, and possibly some of them may yet come in time, if not, as they declared to me before that they would pay all due submission to such settlement as the Six Nations would agree to I cannot think their presence very Necessary

The Honble

LT GOV^R PENN.

1

TO THOMAS PENN

Df.

Johnson hall Aug¹. 24th 1768

[

The 5th. of Feby last I wrote you a long letter which I hope you received, since which I have had a Severe Illness, and have been obliged to go for 3 months to the Sea Coast of New England for the recovery of my health which prevented me from Ans^g. Your Letter of the 13th Feby till now —

As to the Affair of the boundary of which you speak, it was allways my Intention to endeavor to obtain that Tract between the Forks of Susquehannah Northward & across to y^e. Delaware on a Supposition that the Government would have no objection to it provided the Indians can be brought to agree thereto.

In your last letter speaking of these Lands you Say "which neither myself nor the Indians could wish to take from you" I do assure you Sir this hurt me a good deal, as it seemed to suppose me an opposer of your [inter]ests The Reverse of which has been my conduct on many occasions insomuch that I have acquired many Enemys thereby particularly in N England, which however cannot Shake my [] Notwithstand^g the pain I felt from the perusal of that part of your letter I am [] to Judge of it more favorably and [] be

persuaded that every consistent proposal [meet with my Strongest recommendation [1 my best endeavors in all points shall be [1 which will be held at ſ]] for me to add to them [out the Grant &ca I leave [] if his Majesty does not incline on [] &ca to Mitigate the fees, shall th]] you whatever you may advance upon [The Bounds agreable to the Survey last [] is what I wish for, the former Survey being [] which I before Explained, but in this as in every [] pray [] you think best which will add to the ma [ny 1 Obligations already conferred on Sir &ca As you are well Acquainted with the Reform of the Indian Departm^t. with regard to the Management of Trade, I need only Express my Wishes that it may answer the Expectations of Govt - Tho' I have great doubts abt it as this is a very critical Period & our Opponents at the Misisipi are busy all over the Country in drawing the Ind^s. into their Interests ----I shall Write you so soon as the Line is settled, & in the mean time beg to hear from you —.

FROM ADAM GORDON

 $A. L. S.^1$

Preston Hall August 25th 1768

My dear Sir William —

As I find, that severall Letters, from my friends in America, never come to my hands, I conclude that many of mine, to them,

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¹ In possession of Hall Park McCullough, Hall Farm House, North Bennington, Vt.

share the same fate — I am therefore glad, of a sure and safe method of conveying this, to New York, by the Hon^{ble}: Major Bruce¹ of the royall Americans, whom I beg to make known to you, and your family; and to recommend him, to your good offices, and kind Protection.— He is Brother to the Earl of Elgin, who has made it his request to me, in a very warm manner, that I should give the Major, some Letters to my friends on Your Continent: and in presenting him to your family, & John Watts's, I do him *speciall* service.

The last letter you have favoured me with, is dated in Nov^r 1767 — & I have ansr: of the 26th Octr same year My last from your Son is 21st Novr 1767 - I return you my best thanks for all of them - and I am most particularly in your debt --- for the clear, candid and sensible state of the Carrying Place — & what might attend a settlement there in the present situation of things --- which are really so confused, & aukward, I confess. I lose hopes of seeing them mend in America - & therefore, I drop all present intentions, of doing anything there - and sorry I am to say, I think we are just as bad at home -. Lord Hillsboro, to be sure, is a sensible, clear headed, active, painstaking Man — but all that will not do, without a permanent administration, and a settled Plan for America-& I despair to see either. Your last by the men, I sent out, I received in Course - but the Confusions in America, & the Expences of fitting out our Colonists, have scared both the Duke of Atholl & me - and we are determined, to suspend for some time, any Plans, or intentions, either of us had formed, in that quarter of the Globe - at same time, I would wish to continue in Possession of the Land, you procured for me² --- if it can be held, without any imediate very considerable outlay - other ways, I will dispose of it, to whom, & in what manner, you shall like best.

Lord Botetourt, an old Peer, with a demolished fortune, has gott the Government in Chief, of Virginia; and comes out,

¹ Major Thomas Bruce.

² Near the German Flats, in the Oneida county.

to reside in Person, without any L^t Gov^r named - which makes it an excellent income ---. But, the taking it away, from General Sr Jeff: Amherst, has made great noise, as well amongst civill, as the military men - to the last of wch:, it has lately, been usually given to:- Troops are on their passage to Boston - absent officers, all under the rank of General ones, are ordered to their posts - and things wear the face of confusion -. God knows only, how they will end - I for my share, am not sorry, my Corps is in Jamaica — and as I have given up Parliament, and am settled to my mind, in the Country, with a Woman, I love and honour — I believe, I shall sitt still quietly here, till I am called upon - in which Event, I shall always hold myself ready, to move, to whatever corner, or climate, my Duty, in my station, may call me to.¹ I have given the Major a few lines, to vour Son - for him, I shall ever retain, the most cordial friendship - I never knew a better hearted young man - and if ever in life, I can do him any service or procure him, or his friends, any satisfaction, He may freely command me - and if it has been my fortune, to have done anything obliging to him, his gratitude, and sensibility of it - has more than overpaid me-.

I am exceedingly sorry, to hear, of the accidents which 2d befallen, Capt Clause & honest Guy, & hope they have gott quite over them — & that their Ladies, & young folks thrive, & enjoy all the blessings, I sincerely wish them—.

A paragraph from new London, intimating that you had lately been ill in health, alarmed me, and, I shall not be intirely easy, on that score, untill I hear from yourself, or Sir John — that you are recovered — Your health & preservation is of much Publick utility; but like other good things — your Value will never be justly estimated till the Want of your assiduity, uprightness, exertion be *severely* felt — by those, who may survive you — & judge by comparison — of past men, & past measures.— the

¹Lord Adam Gordon became a major-general May 25, 1772, a lieutenant-general August 29, 1777.

² Manuscript blotted.

seeds of the different forrest trees, you sent me, are all come up above ground; and if I wanted a Memorandum, of you, would daily afford me one — for I am seldom a whole day without visiting them — I beg of you, to send me some every year particularly evergreen — & hard wood of any species.— any ship from N. York — to Glasgow or Leith, will bring them me — I amuse my self, very well here — I never will ask for any thing in America — but if I was pitched upon, I would accept any office, where I could believe, my attention could be of use — I should not much relish any military employ there at present.—

The Dutchess of Atholl,¹ tho unknown to you, desires her best wishes — to you & Sir John — do lett me hear from you soon — my direction is at this place, near Dalkeith North Britain, having now no house in England,— & no intentions of leaving my farm here soon.— pray remember me Kindly, to all your family, & to any body who asks after me — and believe me, my Dear Sir William, with the utmost truth and regard — Yours most faithfully & warmly, whilst

AD: GORDON

فاستشدوه وتوجر والم

Hon^{ble} S^r. W^m. Johnson B^r.

ADDRESSED: To

The Hon:^{ble} Sir William Johnson Bar^t &ca &ca &ca Johnson Hall

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N: York
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p^r favour of The Hon^{le} Major Bruce.

INDORSED: Lord Adam Gordons Letter Aug ² 25th 1768

¹ Lord Adam Gordon's wife.

² Torn by seal.

FROM HUGH GAINE

In the Johnson Calendar, p. 400, is listed a letter of the 26th from Hugh Gaine, New York, offering to complete the work undertaken by the late Mr Weyman, of printing the Indian prayer book and saying that the Rev. Mr Ogilvie will assist. (Printed in *Doc Hist. N. Y.* 4:384-85; Q, 4:242.)

EXPENSES OF INDIAN DEPARTMENT

D. S.¹

Johnson Hall, August 27th 1768

Estimate of the Sallarys of Officers whose continuance are absolutely necessary for the Management of Indian Affairs in which is included the Super Intendants Sallary, and the Contingent Sum lately established.

The Sallary of the Super Intendant as now established £1000 Str ⊕ Ann. with £3000 Str ⊕ A for presents to the several Con- federacys and other Contingent expences of the Department is Annually	£4000	
Three Deputys to be continued, One for the		
Northern, Another for the Middle, and a		
Third for the south ⁿ . District of the De-		
partment, at £200 Str 🖗 A. each is	600	
Five Interpreters of the different Languages		
at £60 Str # Ann is	300	
One Gun, and Blacksmith with Assistants	100	
-		
Annual amot of the whole	£5000	
-		

N. The Secretary which is a most necessary Officer is not included herein, as he has been usually paid out of the Rect of the Quitrents of this Province. One of the Deputys has been

¹ In Public Record Office, C. O. 5.86. p. 351, London, England.

always in the Department.— The others were found indispensably necessary after the reduction of Canada extended our Interests & encreased our Connections & Alliances, & the Multifarious dutys of the Indⁿ. Department in the different Quarters cannot be conducted without them.— The absolute necessity there is for the few Interpreters proposed is as Obvious, And were Smiths allowed at the principal posts it would greatly contribute to the satisfaction of the Indians, tho' by this Estimate Only one is mentioned with proper Assistants to remain in the most convenient place.— The fourth Deputy for Nova Scotia not included in this Estimate was a late Appointment in consequence of a Letter from his Grace the Duke of Richmond, the necessity of continuing this Officer is however humbly Submitted.—

W. Johnson

INDORSED: List of Officers proposed to be kept by S^r. W^m. Johnson as necessary for the Indian Department, according to the late Reform made therein — In Major Gen^l. Gage's (N°. 13) of Sept^r. 9th 1768.

FROM JOHN BROWN

A. L. S.

Schonactady, 27th of August 1768

1

1

as some business calls me down to New York [sooner] then I Expected, makes me take the liberty [of] writeing this Letter, that when it Suits your Honour, I shall be extreamly glad to receive your recommendary Letter to Doctor Auchmuty, and any other Commands which Your Honour pleases to Send me I shall Obey with the greatest pleasure and am with the Most Grateful respects ---

Hond. Sir Your Most Obliged Hum:^{le} Servant INº: BROWN 1 that Lives on the Land of Colonel Broadstreet Land l] which he will Sell them at 15/ Sterling pr gun I ſ] Sorts if [] shall go down and get them his] man as been here since and says he may Let them go ſ ADDRESSED : To the Honorable Sir William Johnson Bart at Johnson Hall

FROM HENRY MOORE

L. *S*.

Fort George August 27th 1768

Sir

I have taken the first opportunity which has offer'd of writing to you since the Copy of the Minutes of the late proceedings concerning the Kayaderosseras Patent has been shew'd to me, and I have seen with some surprize as well as concern, that I am there represented in a very different light from what I could possibly have imagin'd any Person could have view'd me in, who was a Witness to my late Transactions with the Indians at your house —

The confusion I am tax'd with [] into the debate on Account of my [] Falls at Fort Miller [l] unfaithfully interpre[since I came [answerable for the designs [] of other People, When Mr [Remsen] upon the line of the Patent being [ľ head of the Kayaderosseras Creek, and [1 thence continued due North instead of [] as it is mention'd there, an objection was [] by the Indians

on Account of such a line [taking] in too great a quantity of] propos'd another line, Upon this Land, and they [I desi[red to] know to which of the Falls the Indians [1 the line should be drawn, giving it as [] opinion that I apprehended there wo very little difference between a line [] from the head of the North line] M^r Remsen to Fort Miller, and [L l drawn] in the Patent to the from the Northerly line [] To this a reply was [F[alls] that the In [dians] I

] which was then Apprehended [L every Step in my Power to bring this matter to an Amicable Settlement, and my Journey was no Secret to any of the Inhabitants of this Province - As You were so polite as to offer me your house although the ill State of your health oblig'd You to be absent at the time I should be there, I wrote to Coll Johnson to inform him of the day I propos'd to set out from this Town and stay'd five days at Albany before I proceeded farther, and having agreed upon a Day with him for our meeting the Mohawk Indians at Johnson Hall, I went on to the little Falls at Canajoharie, You may imagine how much I must have been surpriz'd in passing through the Indian Village at Canajoharie to find that none of the Indians [1 of my Arrival in that part of [] receiv'd any notice] at Your [] directed them to]-ing to the Village of the [I]-ed to meet them; when I a [rrived] Hall I found that I was likewise [an] unexpected Guest there, but by [the] Authority You had given me, I took [pos]-session of Your house together with [the] Gentlemen who accompany'd me, but [acknowledge to You that I could not but [be] very sensible of this additional mark of disrespect to me, and was in the first emotion it occasion'd tempted to set out again for Albany and send direction [to] the Indians to meet me there, Noth [ing pre]-vented it but my Apprehensions [that an] ill natur's World might [censure you for] an indignity offer'd me at [your house in] Your Absence, and sup[pose that it was] done by Your dir[ection] shewing the []

1

ling my question propos'd to them dently appear'd not only to me but to all those who were present that the Indians did not come there to hear proposals made to them, but to require a Complyance with certain demands, and from that moment I saw it very plainly that no agreement would take place. But as I was no way interested in this dispute than as a public Officer. I thought it incumbent on me to have my proposal made to the Indians, after having first desired Coll Schuyler to draw the line in question upon the Map, that my intention might be sufficiently explain'd, (and it did not appear to make a difference of more than 4 or 5000 Acres according to the Plan then before us, which was not an Object of any consideration in a contest for so large a [This was done and upon the [1d) 1] to Fort Edw[ward] that they were ready to [

relative to the People [] part, Nothing more] they Sollicited in the least on [was [] they had at but the Negotiations went on in 1 matter of Fact and can first propos'd; This is a [1 that were in the Room; I must be attested by [beg the [erefore] that You will let me have some explana [tion] of the Confusion since said to be introdu[ced] for there was not the least mention of any whilst I was present, This I can] upon Remsen's leaving the Room in [the] averr Rude manner You must have heard, [] to know of the Indians (as I could [] that he was gone away) what Sum [they] demanded for the purchase of [T ation requir'd, to this they [answered that] they would leave that] and myself, and [] whatever [L 1

[] many thanks for the pains I had [] to settle this matter, and for the regard [I] had express'd for their Interests, which they desir'd strongly to recommend to my Protection and hop'd that I would on every other occasion shew myself as much their Freind as I had done in the present case; Can it be suppos'd after this that the expression here made could proceed from them? or that they would be induc'd to thank me for the disappointment they had just Suffer'd? The Reflection which must naturally arise on such a question is too obvious to stand in need of any Comment —

I have been likewise under some difficulty to explain what is mean't by the Indians being now call'd in a [1 manner] subsisted, and should be to settle a dispute which [] pointing out the impropriety [Occasion [l for many Years past [this province have always] get it Vacated here if they [Notwithstanding the [] now acknowledge the] Claim, and that the purchase justness of the] regularly made from their Ancestors, was [] they were desirous of Confirming, You [may] whif Remember that when I was at Your House two Years ago the Indians made a form[al] Complaint to me in Your presence of] injustice done to them, by a Claim be [ing] set I up to so large a Tract of Land, wh[ich] they declar'd their An-] nor would they consent to the cestors had [se[tling of] it by our People as they had [] a Consideration for it; The [se] were immediately tr [ansmitted to the] Secretary of State [] an Answer [had [I] entirely to ourselves for some [after we came there, neither did any of the Indians belonging

to the Mohawk Castle make their Appearance till some time next day notwithstanding their Vicinity and the Appointment made which I have already mention'd —

This treatment I believe You will allow to be not only *improper* but *indecent*, and it was thought so by those who were with me;

- If therefore the impropriety mention'd alludes to any of these transactions, or to my having been oblig'd to give notice to the Indians of Canajoharie personally for the approaching Meeting I shall readily joyn with them in acknowledging it; if it is intend[ed to] convey any other meaning, I should I] to have it explain'd, because [the highest Authority, [] the Indians to Ass[emble] 1 I his Service, which [] be call'd together either] any other part of the Province [l can be so weak as to impose on [I making them believe that such a [] would be improper takes the most [effica] cious steps to create a disaffection a [mong] them, and to prejudice that Service which every good Subject is bound to support.

I am with great truth and

Regard

Sir

Your most Obedient humble Servant [

THOMAS GAGE TO JOHN BROWN

L. S.¹

New York, 29th: August 1768

1

Sir

I Am to acquaint you, that a New Plan has lately been adopted at home relative to the Management of Indian Affairs upon this Continent, the chief alteration which it is necessary for you to be acquainted with, is that the Management of the Trade is taken from the Superintendant, and is put under the direction of the several Provinces, who are to bare respectively

¹ In British Museum. Additional Manuscripts 21678, fo. 114, London, England.

the Expences attendant thereon. This Regulation which seems intended to lessen the Expences of the Indian Department, will render the Residence of the Commissary's at the Forts unnecessary, as they were appointed thereto for the better Regulation of Trade only, and puts an end to all Articles of Expence there, as none can well offer, but for the purpose of Commerce, with which the Command^g Officer has now nothing to do, further than to give Protection to the Traders, to keep up Order, and Regularity, and to prevent the Indians meeting with any ill treatment; You will be pleased to pay Attention to this: And tho' I Am to suppose that Sir William Johnson has acquainted those acting under him, of these New Regulations, yet I think it necessary to explain this matter to You, in Order that no Expences whatever. may for the future be contracted at the Fort under Your Command, and that you may not be led to certifie any. As from this Period no funds being assigned for such Expences, they must of course be rejected.

I Am,

Sir,

Your Most Obedient Humble Servant,

Tho^s Gage

CAPTAIN BROWN or Officer Commd^g Niagara Rec^d at Niag^a the 22^d Oct^r. 1768 J B INDORSED: Gen^l. Gage 29 Aug^t 1768. That a New Plan is adopted for the Management of Indian Affairs, by which the Residence of Comissarys at the Forts become unnecessary &c:---

SPEECH OF LA FORCE AND OTHER OTTAWAS

D. S.

Speech of Le Force, And all the Ottaway Chiefs delivered at Michilimackina 30th August 1768

Father no doubt but you have heard that this fort was taken and some people killed Some years ago, but that the Officers with the most of the Garrison was Safely Carried to Montreal & Delivered to the great Man there by us He Treated us kindly & used us like Children and we have ever Since been Treated by our fathers, in the Same way, and we are Sensible we have had much kindness, more then any other Nation We are now Come to tell you that as Long as you remain here you and your Garrison Shall always Sleep in Safety, that we will watch over you, And If any bad news is hered amongst any of the Villiages you shall be informed of it Immediately as we are a check to all the Nations, whose harts are not True to the English, we do not think that they ever will Attempt any thing against you as It will be deficult to do It without our knowledge therefore, as we are your Obedient Children, we expect to be used as Such, And that you will give [us] from time to time, when we Come to see you Some Rum [Ision Pipes Tobacco & Ammunition, We dont expect [] But your Children must not go away dry or [1 they Come Out of pure Affection to See their father [1 that our Commander has don any thing to displease []. we hope that you will behave in Such a [1 continued here for a long time, it is very disa [greeable] as soon as we Become Acquainted with our fathers he is taken away from] wish & pray, that this may not be the us. and we Case as we are [greatly] Pleased & Satisfied with your Behavor to us, and wish y ou to Stay Amongst us a long time ---Delivered their belt ----

My Answer was

That the great men below was very sensible [

I

Post-War Period, 1763–1774

of their good behaviour with respect to the Garrission they con [veyed] to Montreal. And their Attachment & obedience to their fathers every [where] And that I was ordered to look upon them as dutiful childr [en and] use them Kindly. And had it not been my orders I was incl[ined] to do so, for I was in Montreal when they came there with [] And knew the whole of that affair, And that their conduct [1 since has merited the esteeme of their father, But they m[ust not] expect he cou'd maintain them in time of profound peace] his Childern were at liberty to hunt, And none to ſ mol[est them] That the great trouble & expence in bringing] Over the great lake And Accidents & losses stores [which [often] makes them not only dear, but sometime very] which was the case now, And that their 1] That they wou'd take as much [care However I will give your child [1 1 them hungry, And the great [1 Honour, And should have the things which they I] me, And something to drink in their required [castles when they gott [ho]me. ---

When they display'd their colours at parting I gave them a Salute of five Guns, after which they went off with the greatest Satisfaction and well in high spirits what is very remarkable, though they had liquors enough, there was not one of them drunk during the three days the staid here, I must Observe upon the whole, that the Indians in general which I have seen here, behave much better than our own Six Nations. —

B. GLASIER

FROM THOMAS FLOOD

A. L. S.

[August 31, 1768]

Honrd Sir

I hope you will pardon the [] Libertys I take in trubleing you w^d Not a [] it but my hard fortune bringes me to it althow I Never Expectd it in these parts how Ever as there is know prospitt of any thing to be done in this Said of the water & tow toyelsem to my Best benefacturs which] me & vu my Insure v^r Silf this Shall is present Death [be the la[st] Recurse to yr Honrd - Althow if fortun feavers I shall Once More I hope have the happy [1 of Seeing yu & y¹³. in Health & Prosperity—I am Very bear in Close 1 Mr Camble in Shinecdy took my at present by & [] had them Made up for him Silf while I Close for [1 Fort Edward while y^u wear away I brought Mr was [[Adems?] Acct: to him & to Dunkn^s but w^d. Not pay the 1^{ce} of the Acc^t at the first Reat Under M^r Adams B[a] h[and?] because they thought I was out of yr Imp[loy 1 I hope by god & yr Assistance to Seett of about the End of Sep^{br}

from y^r Ever will wisher & Dutyfull Sv^t THO^s FLOOD ADDRESSED: To the Honourable Sir William Johnson Bar^t Johnson Hall INDORSED: [] Thomas Floods letter August 31st 1768

FROM HENRY MOORE

A. L.

Fort George August 31, 1768

Sir—

The Boundary line between the Colonies and the Indians, having been already settled as far to the Northward as Owegy, I apprehend that there will be no obstruction to the Confirmation of that line at the approaching Congress, but nothing has as yet been determin'd on in regard to this Province; I could not learn from Coll: Johnson what Plan you had form'd for our Western Boundary, and as he seem'd so little prepar'd [on] the Subject

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I said but little to him and [assur]'d myself that I should have a] Interview with You at New York [1'd and that we might then [] Sentiments to [1 1 Iurisdiction of [extend as far as the run into the Ocean yet no line [] any Lands within] have not actually been purthose Boundaries [chas'd [from the] Indians, I should therefore imagine [1 must be a matter of indifference to th [em] where that line of Jurisdiction should [be] run, if no Claim is founded on it to] Lands it will comprehend, and at the [same] time it will be of advantage to Indians [that] the Legislature of the Province should [be] able to take cognizance of Crimes com [mitted] within those Limits, which would [be a] further protection to them; I would [] observe that if the divid-] to near to the purchases of [ing line [made, it must necessarily [be detrimen]tal to the Indians] Province will [I 1 make p 1

] with the Geography of that part [of the] Country, F to propose any particular line, neither have I any Charts that I could depend on, and can therefore only recommend it to You from the knowledge You have of the Country and the People with whom you are to transact Business to get the best terms You can for the Province. Our Communication with Lake Ontario, must be settled in such a manner as to allow of no disputes or interruption hereafter. The Kings Service absolutely requires it, The meeting of our Assembly having been fix'd for the beginning of September, and the Congress (as I was inform'd) to be held the latter end of August, No Commissaries could be appointed by them to assist at it, nor do I imagine they would have nam'd any, if they [] Setting; My health] present there, neither do I [will not [would be any neces [sity] ł

absence, which [] under Your prudent [] make no doubt but that v 1 Majestys Service, and regard for [1 advantages which the Colonies in [general] and this province in particular [may] derive from the intended meeting, we engage you to exert all the influece You have among the Indians on the present occasion;-The Members of His Majestys Council have desir'd me to apply to You flor the Plan You had laid down for the Indian [trade] & Your Observations on those parts of it [which] had met with the greatest Success, [] be glad to have this as soon as vo[u conveni]ently could send it.] opportunity of laying it before that I mav ſ] of Assembly as early as [l] with great truth & [INDORSED: Augt. 31st 1768

From S^r H Moore Bart.

TO PETER REMSEN

 $Df.^1$

Johnson hall Septr 1, 1768

The Proprietors of the Patent of Hansen² have []d to me, representing that they are apprehensive they may be [deprived?] of their Lowland or of part thereof which would greatly Suffer by a Line drawn from fixed points on the Mohawk River, & as it is the only Valuable part of their Patent.—

This not having been effectually done whilst you was here. The release being only in general Terms, altho' a case so circumstanced as to require a particular Mention of its bounds, It is therefore my duty to remind you of this in Justice to the good intentions of the Indians who have likewise Spoke to me abt it

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¹ In handwriting of Guy Johnson.

² See Calendar of Land Papers, p. 101.

& who by all means expect that the Low Land on the River [will be] secured to the people who have so long possessed it, and which you promised to do when here, I have [____] that Confidence in the Equity of the proprietors [of the] Kayadarossoras that I make no doubt they will [____] Low Land aforementioned as soon as possible to the present [____] I remain

Sir

&ca

FROM THOMAS GAGE

A. L. S.¹

New York Sep¹. 3^d. 1768.

Dear Sir

I am favored with yours of 27th. Ul^{mo}: inclosing a List of Officers Necessary for your Department, according to the New Reform made therein, which I shall transmit home by the Packet which sails in about Eight Days.

Major Rogers' Accounts have been certified in the Manner you mention contrary to the private opinion of some, and by others of whom I shall give no opinion; but the Traders must apply elsewhere, for I can do Nothing with their Draughts. Rogers's Assurance and Cunning I perceive to have gained upon Many People, but if those who have made Affidavits and Declarations against him appear at his Tryal, and make good their Allegations, I can't think he will escape unhurt.

I don't perceive that the Provinces will be able to fix upon any Regulations for the Trade, till their Assemblys meet; and may be proper to keep your Commissarys some time longer till their Resolutions are taken. I observe from the Tenor of your Letter, that you Judge the same expences should be incurred now in your Department, as before the Change made in the Management of the Trade, for you deem it Necessary to have People in the different Quarters besides the Deputys to trans-

¹ In Harvard College Library, Cambridge, Mass.

act Indian Affairs. I must confess that it has puzzled me to find out how the Expences of Trade and Negotiations with the Indians were to be separated and unless the Provinces appoint Commissarys to reside at the Posts in the Manner your's have done to make Presents occasionaly to the Indians, Expences will in some Shape be incurred at the Post by the Crown. I wish they were all demolished and the French Settlers at the Detroit and the Ilinois sent down the Country.

I don't doubt that your Intentions concerning the Boundary of New York will meet with Approbation, and I wish the Indians of Ohio were ready for the Congress as the more of them present at it, the better it would be. I am surprized the Provinces are so very indifferent about so material a Transaction. Gov^r. Franklin only whose Province is little concerned is gone up. I don't find that Sir Henry Moore has even thought of appointing Commissioners, and Virginia might have appointed others, altho' those first Nominated are obliged to attend the Cherokee. I have heared Nothing of the Intentions of Pensylvania in this respect.¹

The Belts Mentioned by the Mississagaes, I should have said Chippewas, is very probable, and I fear that we shall always be liable to such Inconveniences as long as the French are within the Reach of the Indians.

I am with great Regard,

Dear Sir, Your most obedient humble Servant, THO^s, GAGE

S^R: W:^M Johnson Bar^t. INDORSED: 7^{br}. 3^d. 1768

Genr^{l.} Gages Letter

¹ At the proceedings at Fort Stanwix Governor William Franklin, of New Jersey, was the only governor present. Virginia and Pennsylvania were represented by commissioners.

FROM PETER REMSEN AND ISAAC LOW

L. S.

[New York, September 6, 1768]

We have the Pleasure to acquaint you that we the Patentees of Cayoderoseras here, well pleas'd with [] Proceedings, and ready to ratify & confirm the same in [the most] ample Manner. —

We should have sent up the Money to discharge the Note] was kind enough to take of us for the Ballance due ſ to [the In] dians at once; but being obliged to send a Deed we] Lands, quite to Philadelphia to be exepromis'd [] Parties there; we waited untill we cuted by some could send that and [the m]oney together; which we now do] Patentees in this Quarter) (at least the Proportion [] on M^r M^c. Crea for by Mr. Simon Remsen, who] the Patentees in Albanythe remaining Ballance [] will accompany the Bearer, And we expect that [to] you are fulfill'd to your intire and see that our [] always entertain a gratefull Satisfaction [] us to accommodate so old a Dis-Sense of your [1 the most profund Respect Sir pute [Your Most Obliged] Most Hble, Servs:

> Peter Remsen [Isaac Low]

TO HUGH GAINE

In the Johnson Calendar, p. 401, is a letter of the 8th to Hugh Gaine about the expense of completing the printing of the Indian prayer book and making 400 copies. (printed in *Doc. Hist. N. Y.* 4:386; Q, 4:243.)

THOMAS GAGE TO THE EARL OF HILLSBOROUGH

Extract 1

(Nº. 13)

New York Sept: 9th 1768.

My Lord,

I have the honor to transmit your Lordship a List of the Officers, with an Estimate of their Salarys, which Sir William Johnson judges absolutely Necessary for conducting the Affairs of his Department; by which the Expence thereof, will amount to one thousand Pounds, more than the Sum fixed by the Board of Trade. He also mentions, that from our present extensive Alliances, and Connections with the Indians, their own natural Disposition and Prejudices, and from the Proceedings of Artfull and lurking Enemies; it is necessary People should remain in different Quarters, besides the Deputys, to transact Indian Affairs, in order to counteract those Disturbers of the Peace, whether Whites or Indians. That it is certain, they can not be there without Expence, but it should be moderate, arising from the Nature and absolute Necessity of the Service.

It is hoped that the Provinces will be at those Charges, by appointing Commissarys to reside at the Posts and Forts, in the Manner the Superintendant has practiced, without this, Expences will be incurred by the Crown, as long as there are Forts in the Indian Country, The distant Indians accustomed to transact all Business there, will still haunt the Forts, on many Pretences, of Business with the Commanders, whether on the Subjects of Trade or Negotiation, and they are never to be turned away, without some Present. Sir William Johnson will be desired to obviate these Inconveniences as much as in his Power, and when the System which the Provinces shall adopt respecting the Trade shall be known, it seems necessary, that he should form some Plan for the part of the Indian Management committed to his Charge, that shall as much as possible coincide with theirs.

¹ In Public Record Office. C. O. 5.86. p. 343, London, England.

PROCEEDINGS OF COUNCIL

D. S.¹

[At] a Council held at Fort George in the City of New York, on Friday the Ninth day of September 1768.

Present

His Excellency Sir Henry Moore Baronet Captain General &c M^r. Horsmanden

M^r. Watts

M^r. De Lancey

- M^r. Reade
- Mr. Smith Junr:
- M^r. Cruger.

His Excellency was pleased to observe to the Board, that Mr: Penn Lieutenant Governor of the Province of Pensilvania. was expected in this City, in his Way to the Congress soon to be held with the Indians for the Setlement of a Boundary Line between them and his Majesty's Colonies; and that Mr. Penn he was informed, intends at this general Meeting of the Indians to purchase of them, in Behalf and at the Expence of the Proprietaries of that Province, such part of the Lands to be ceded by the Indians, as may fall within the Province of Pensilvania. [which] Mr. Penn supposes doth extend Northward so [far as to include] the forty third Degree of North [ern Latitude, whereas the] Northern Limits of that Province [are by the Charter expressly confined to] the [Beginning of the forty third Degree, and if extended to the End of the said Degree of Northern Latitude, would not only greatly] contract the Limits of this [Province, but by breaking in] upon many Ancient and valuab[le settlements under] this Government, be productive of great [Dissatisfaction] and Uneasiness among the possessors of the [Soil.]

The Record of the Charter or Letters Patent [from] King Charles the Second in the thirty third Year of his Re[ign] to

¹ Words burned off are supplied from the Council Minutes, 26:125-26.

William Penn Esq^r. for the Province of Pensilvania [was] then Read, in which the Lands thereby granted, are described in the Words following:

"All that Tract or Parte of Land in America [with] all the Islands therein contained, as the same is [bounded] on the East by Delaware River from twelve Mile[s distance] Northward of New Castle Towne, unto the three [and fortieth] Degree of Northern Latitude, if the said River [doth extend] soe farr Northwards, But if the said Riv[er shall not] extend so farr Northward, then by the [said River soe farr] as itt doth extend, and from the [Head of the said River] the Easterne Bounds are [to be determined by a] Meridian Line [to be drawne from the Head of the said] River [unto the said three and fortieth Degree, the said Land to extend Westward five Degrees in Longitude to be computed from the said Eastern Bounds, and the said Lands to be] bounded on the North by the Beginning [of the] three and fortieth Degree of Northern Latitude, and on the South by a Circle drawn at Twelve Miles Distance from New Castle Northwards and Westwards, unto the Beginning of the fortieth Degree of Northern Latitude, and then by a Streight Line Westwards to the Limitts of Longitude above mentioned."

His Excellency having required the Advice of the Board thereupon; and the Council being of Opinion that such Purchase, if effected, may greatly prejudice the Rights of the Crown; therefore unanimously advise his Excellency to apprize Sir William Johnson of the Information he has received, and strongly to recommend it to him, as his Majesty's Superintendant of Indian Affairs, to interpose and prevent, if attempted, the Purchaseing of any Lands in behalf of the Proprietaries of the province of Pensilvania, to the [Northw] ard of the Beginning of the three and fortieth Degree [of Northern] Latitude, the utmost Extent of that Province; [until his Majesty's] Pleasure shall be known.

Exam^d By]

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FROM JOHN WATTS A. L. S. New York 10th. Septr. 1768

Dear Sir

As no mortal when he begins an intercourse with your Kings Princes & great Men, knows where the Expence will end, I shall take it as a favour (tho I know at the same time the request to be superfluous) if Gov^r. Penn sho'd want any money you will be so kind as to put him a way to supply his Demands either by Bill on this place or philad^a. & I will take care the Money shall be punctually paid agreable to his Draughts, the only Motive for my mentioning this to you is Gov^r. Penns being an entire Stranger both to the Country he will be in & the Mode of raising Money in it—

I wrote to you a fortnight or more ago about this grand Treaty, but his presence will render any answer to my Letter unnecessary.

I am with great truth —

Dr. Sr.

Y^r. Most Humb^e.

Serv^t.

JNº. WATTS —

INDORSED: Septbr. 10th. 1768 — M^r. Watt's Letter & Gov^r. Penn —

FROM FRANCIS WADE

A. L. S.

Philada. 11th Septembr. 1768

[DEAR S]IR

I have taken the oport^y. of M^r. John [Penn's] going your way to send you some of the [ma]gnola seeds, I am told they'l answer to sow this month or next, however you Can try part this fall & part in the spring the low ground answers best for them —

I have procured some of the plants against next spring which

I Can send up in tubs with Earth about them & theyl soon bear

I have now the pleasure of inform^g. you I found all my famely & affairs well at my return I hope by return of the bearer to have the pleasure of hear^g. of yours & famelys [we]lfare as well as your success in the Intended [Con]gress, if you Chuse to have any other sort [of see]ds or plants from this quarter I Can [] ready suply you with them & shall [be gl]ad of the oport^y. of serv^g. you in that [or any] other matter here & am with due regards

> Dear Sir Your most Obligd & most Obed^t. Hble Serv^t. FRAN^s. WADE

]Baron^t.

FROM GOLDSBROW BANYAR

A. L. S.

New York 12th: September 1768

I intended to have wrote you by Mr Harper but he went away unexpectedly. His Bonds to French and Brush gave him much Trouble French's Creditors at last consented I should take in Satisfaction of mine and Mr. Clarke's Debt the 14,000 Acres he had left undisposed of Mr. Brush sold one half of what he was to have to Harper himself, and the other half 8000 Acres finally came by Purchase into the Hands of Harper and my own-I should have had no Concern in it at all, had I not been desirous to settle the above Debt in a Manner that might be satisfactory to Mr. Clarke However considering the Goodness of the Soil I am in hopes a speedy Settlement will be made and the Lands become of some Value I was apprized before I engaged in it of the Claim of Mr. Penn, and suspected but did not know his Intentions to purchase at the approaching Treaty the Lands as far Northward as he construes the Proprietaries claim to extend, which is so far as to include [the] 43^d degree of Northern Latitude,¹ whereas [the gra]nt itself expressly con-

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¹ See letter of Johnson to Thomas Penn, August 24, 1768, also Proceedings of Council, September 9, 1768.

fines them to [the begin]ning of that Degree, which [from the Equator terminates [Degree is marked on the Maps [] the 42^{d} . and of Course the] The Place named I l River. The Governor I] he will [] of M^r. Penn's Intentions [l to such Claim, laid the ma[tter before the] Council, who in a Minute cont[aining a] Description of Mr Penn's Grant] advised his Excellency to recommend [to] you to interpose and prevent (sho[uld it be] attempted) any Purchase in Behalf [of the] Proprietaries Northward of the Begin[ning] of the 43^d. Degree of Northern Latitude [until] his Majesty's pleasure shall be known. It is not likely the Crown will indu [lge Mr] Penn in going beyond the strict Con[struction] of his Grant, nor is there any Foundat [ion] that I can see for the 1 for Harper and those interested in Claim. Tis best [] that the Petitions for the whole $250,000^{1}$ that [] are passed the Council, or perhaps they [Γ 1 have found some Obstacle to their Gra[nt. Not] that the Council are at all dispo[sed] may imagine to favour so un [reasonable a] Claim, but they might have ch [osen to] suspend the Matter, which [] I am of Opinion gives] Minute on this Subject wi[into [not that I doubt your dispo[in your Power, as seen the pernicious [you [1 would ensue from [] so many m[J] much [1 I

[]Presents the Indians are to re[ceive] [] the Design may be to fix a Line of [] Property, and at once to put an End to all [] Disputes about Lands betwen them and us Should this be the Case, I cannot doubt but some considerable Personages at home have it in view to avail themselves of so fair an Opportunity of obtaining

¹ See Calendar of Land Papers, p. 464, and Calendar of Council Minutes, p. 537–38.

large Grants — and this I think the more probable as the Line however it may be setled is to await the Confirmations of the Crown; you will see then the Necessity of taking Care of yourself in the Purchases you have already made - I wish you all the Success in this Treaty your most sanguine hopes can suggest, which if intended in the Light I view it in will if successful be the most important [l any ever made with that People; [] only to settle a Line, beyond] Whites shall not settle, leaving the which [] on this side the Line in the Indians, an [L 1 course the old Disputes about irregular [] Purchases, still subsisting, deserves not either the Trouble or the Expence] it. In any Event however I must beg that will [[you] will do all you can for the Benefit of [lerned in the Oriskene & Sadaqueda¹ [1 I am Dear Sir William Your affectionate and obed^t.

Servant

Gw Banyar

ADDRESSED: To On his Majesty's Service The Hono^{ble} Sir William Johnson Baronet

at

Fort Johnson or

elsewhere.

INDORSED:

1768

[Banyars] Letter

TO THOMAS GAGE

 Df^2

Johnson Hall Septr. 12th. 1768.

Dear Sir

I am just favored with yours of the 3^d . inst and have directed the continuance of the Commissarys for a little time longer to

¹ Sauquoit.

² In American Antiquarian Society, Worcester, Mass.; in handwriting of Guy Johnson.

enable the Provinces to Make some necessary provision of that kind, tho' I very Much doubt whether they will do any thing attended with Expence,— There are so many inconsistencies and such difficulties in the Way to their ever Acting on one proper plan (and no other will answer) That I apprehend the Government will soon be convinced of its inutility.—

I do not mean that the Same Expences should be incurred now that the Trade is to be Managed by the Provinces, all I propose is the Depy^s. and the Very few Interpreters mentioned in the Estimate which I sent you,— The reasonableness & necessity of having some powers besides in the different quarters, will I fear appear too soon, but as the Government have now Settled the Matter, That is as I conceive it left to the discretion of the Colonies with regard to Trade, who ought to see the Necessity there is for their makg such Appointments;—I am however persuaded that all these things sho^d. be under one Gen!. Super Intendence, and I believe that a proper representative of the Matter, and a due Attention given to the Subject by his Majesty & the Ministry would produce the Same opinion at Court

I am in hopes that I shall meet with at least some of the Ohio's.

Sir H Moore by a Letter I have Just now received desires me to do what I can for this Province & Excuses himself from coming up I have likewise a Letter from L^t Gov^T. Penn; Informing me that he will be here in 2 or 3 days with 4 or 5 of his Council, Governor Franklyn & His Chief Justice have been here some days, and I purpose to set out the 15th Inst, as I Expect the Indians at Fort Stanwix abt. the 20th.—

Rogers appears very Confident of coming off with Success, and Certainly amuses the Trading people with various Storys. He told M^r Gale that like another Columbus, he was confined & illtreated for his services to the Country — Vanity is one his principal foibles.

The Traders think the Governmt will immediately pay their Accots if refused here —

Whatever you may think of farther on any of these or other Subjects you will please to Write me to Fort Stanwix

I am always,

with great Truth & Regard Dear Sir, &c

Gen^l. Gage

TO JOHN PENN

$Df.^1$

Johnson hall Sept^r 12 1768

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I was favored Last night with your Letter of the [] Inst and am very glad to find that I shall have the pleasure of Seeing you at the Congress. From the reports I have had since my last to you, I was induced to fix upon tomorrow for proceeding on my Journey but altho' it is necessary I should be at Fort Stanwix before the Ind^s. are met shall postpone my Journey till Thursday the 15th hoping by that time to have the pleasure of Seeing You, and your Company, here, if not, Shall give directions for your accomodation along the Road, in the best manner the Country affords.—

Your first days Journey from Schenectady should [be] to Mr. Hendrick Freys near Canajoharee which [] 38 Miles, Your next to Shoemakers [] Upper End of the German flatts would be about [] From thence to Fort Stanwix is 40 which [] performed by Water and I shall See [] for you at the flatts, that will [] to Fort Stanwix in Two days. I apprehend [] bedding with you [] []

You may easily [Caghnawaga which is about [shall Likewise leave directions for [From hence you can go to John Nich [House near the little falls, within a few [German flatts. This last rout you will [

¹ In handwriting of Guy Johnson.

take in case You should chuse to come in a [I or indeed any other Carriage. I heartily wish you & the Gentlemen you a Safe & Speedy Arrival & remain with great regard Sir. INDORSED:

> Septbr. 12th. 1768 Sent by Mr. Wetherhead

FROM HUGH WALLACE

A. L. S.

New York 12 Sepr. 1768

DEAR SIR

So many people have lately gone from hence to attend you at the Congress that youll learn all the News we have here by them, so I shall not take up v^r, time on that Acco^t.—

We have lately sent us by a Friend [at] Montreal two Bills on you vizt [Capt] Speismaker's Bill of 1st. August, with an [acc^t.] certified at Michilimac. annexed

£413] Amo^t. - 11 .8 106 [Benjamin] Roberts on you same date.... 7 2 £519 19 10 ſ] be so good as to order the [1 here as soon as you possibly can, if they are not to [I 1 lett me know it by a Line, that I may [them returned properly.

I am with much Esteem

Dr Sir

Yr. most obedient &

verry hume Servt.

HUGH WALLACE

SIR WILLIAM JOHNSON Bart. 1br. 12th. 1768 INDORSED:

> Mr. Wallaces Letter wth some Acc.ts.

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Post-War Period, 1763–1774

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Post-War Period, 1763-1774

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Post-War Period, 1763-1774

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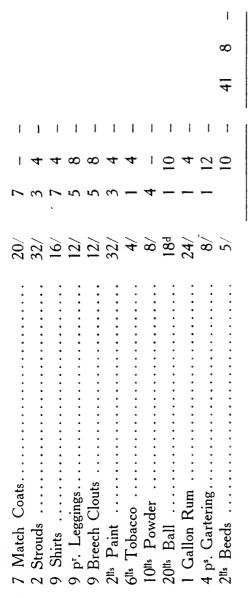
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ACCOUNT OF BAYNTON, WHARTON AND MORGAN-Continued



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] full for the foregoing Acc^t] and three Receipts of this Tenor BAYNTON, WHARTON & MORGAN 16

of One thousand [Currency of New York by which [said Baynton Wharton and Morgan [of Gordon Forbes Esquire of his Majestys 34th Reg[iment to different Tribes and Nations of Indians at different [his Majestys Service — vizt.

EDW^D C[OLE]

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- First To two partys of the Vermillion and Kaskaskia Indians, who [came] the Black Fly, in Consequence of a Message Sent to them by Me [1 into the Truth of a report which was spread abroad that they had re[ceived] a Belt to Strike their Fathers the English .---
- To the Black Dog a Chief of the Piorias and Sundry 2ndly Parties of his N[ation] who came here on their Return from their Winters Hunt to take th [eir Fa] thers the English by the hand agreeable to their usual Custom with [their] late Fathers the French - Signifying - That as they had now brought their Trade to the English, they expected and begged the same Encouragement which they were used to receive from their late Fathers the French
- 3rd To a Chief and Tribe of the Missouris, who returned from their Wint[er] Hunt, and expressed their firm Attachment to their Fathers the English and to Confirm their Speech made in March last, and also to acquaint Us that as Peace was now Established on the Missouri River. they intend [l 1

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and other Indians living at and around l] their Fathers the English by the Hand,] Resolution to live in Peace and and declare [promote it throughout all the Coun[try.] They begged that as they had brought a Considerable Share of their Trade to this Side they might receive Sincere Marks of our Friendship for them.- To the Piorias living at Pain Court, who had returned from their Hunt and had waited thus Long, knowing the Concourse of Indians which had resorted at that Season to brighten the Chain of Friendship with their Fathers the English - On which Errand, they now also came and to Express their firm Attachment to Us - They also begged a Mark of our Friendship and peaceable Disposition toward them.---

- 6^{thly} To the Chief of the Osages with a large Party of warriors who came to Trade and ask our Advice how to Act in Consequence of the Spanish Commandant, having demanded their English Colours from them, which they had planted in their Village and were determined to preserve— They assured Us that in Consequence of the Insult offered to them by the Spaniards, that they would return early with their whole Summers Hunt and Bring []
- 7^{thly} To La luche and Tomar[to beg the Means, where with to [their firm Attachment to our Interest —
- 8^{thly} To Seven Chiefs of the Putowatamies, with their Sa[] bring back the two Prisoners named Stewart (& his Wife) taken [] Young Men from this place in April last — They expressed a Sin[cere detest]ation of such an Act and to Convince their Fathers the English that [they] had done everything in their Power, to wipe of the Stain, and that [no ill] Consequences might ensue, they humbly implored foregiveness — Promised faithfully that nothing of the Kind should hereafter happen — That in

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regard to some former imprudent Acts which their Young [Men] had Committed, they begged that they should be forever forgotten — [] hoped this Instance, will convince their Fathers the English of their Penitence and detestation of the Act And begged to receive a Convincing Token of their Forgiveness to Shew their people on their return —

9thly

To the Black Dog Chief of the Piorias who with great part of his Nation came to acquaint us that they were going out on their Summer Hunt on the Grand Prairie, to provide Meat for their Old Men, their 1 lly those who came to ſ] Friendship with the English such trade] with us as might tend to the and to [] they were egregiously imposed on Advantage [by the French and Spaniards [who] came among them.---To a Chief of the Arcanzas and one of his Warriors, who came to know whether or not the Report which the French had Spread, concerning the English Fort having fallen into the River was True, in Consequence of which they had carried their Skins home -- But now demanded to know, whether they may hereafter come and Trade with Us on the Same Terms with the rest of their Brethren. For assurance where of they begged a Token to carry to their Nation .---

12^{thly} To Pondiac and his Attendants, who came to Visit his Fathers the English — He had Wintered on the Wabash and had now Come to see all his Brethren the Indians in this Country and to know their Sentiments and Dispositions in General, And that if he found any bad reports amongst them, he might warn them to Shut their Ears against all bad Birds — As he intended not to return to Detroit

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- 13th To the Grand Chief of the Osages together [1 agreeable to their [] with a Considerable [1 Example of their future Intentions - They say the] Nations intend soon to take their Fathers the English by [the hand] and for the Future to bring their Trade to this Place. On [] Passage here the Spanish Commandant a Second Time demanded [their] Colours and the Wampum they had received with] they left with him on his Promise that he them [would bring them [to the] English in Person in two days. and there deliver his Speech in [] of Both parties - They flattered themselves that their Fathers [the] English would Consider them agreeable to their Promise in the last Speech, that they would be entitled to their Notice in proportion to the Trade they brought amongst Us. —
- 14thly To sundry Chiefs and Partys of Ottaways and Chippaways, who came to assure Us of their firm Resolution to Maintain and Promote Peace to the utmost of their Power, betwen all the Indian Nations and the English

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[[] different Nations of Ind

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] into any League [against Us]

Goods charged in the foregoing [one thousand] Six hundred and one p[ounds ten shillings and sixpence] of the Province of N [] by my App [] from Mess¹⁸. Baynton Wharton & Morgan by Edward Cole Esquire [] Affairs and were delivered by him and my Self at various Times [] Tribes and Nations of Indians as particularly Specified in the foregoing [cer]tificate under the Hand of the said Edward Cole Esq¹. — Which Expen[ses were] absolutely Necessary to be made for the Benefit of his Majestys Service

In Testimony whereof I have hereunto set my Hand GORDON FORBES Cap^t. 34th R[egt]

FROM THE EARL OF HILLSBOROUGH

In Doc. Rel. to Col. Hist. N. Y., 8:91-92, is a letter of August 13th from the Earl of Hillsborough, asking Johnson to examine into and report on a petition for a grant of copper mines circumjacent to Lake Superior, and inquire into the probable attitude of the Indians toward the grant.

FROM THOMAS GAGE

A. L. S.¹

New York August 14th 1768.

Dear Sir,

I have just received your's of the 5th Ins^t:, whether the Belts mentioned by the Chippewa Chief, to have gone amongst the western Nations, are those which were passed thro' the Nations the Beginning of the Winter, or any new affair, he has not explained. There was no doubt a stir amongst them, and the French Traders will invent Lyes, and excite them to Mischief, as long as they remain Neighbours to us, and that there is a Competiton for the Trade between them and the English Traders. I have ordered all the French Traders to be Seized who are found on our Side of the Mississippi; and have given Notice thereof to Don Ulloa², that he may publish his orders, to prohibit either Traders or Hunters from transgressing their Boundarys, by coming into His Majesty's Territorys.

I have heared Nothing from the Province of Jersey concerning the Business of the Boundary, as I did not write to the Gov^r. of that Province about it. But Governor Sharpe laid my

¹ In Harvard College Library, Cambridge, Mass.

² Antonio de Ulloa, Governor of Louisiana, 1764–68.

Letter to him before the Council of Maryland who did not apprehend their Province to be any ways affected by running the Line as described in the Report of the Board of Trade and had nothing to communicate upon the subject. Both the mentioned Provinces ought no doubt to pass Laws to prevent the Transgression of the Boundarys could People transgress them immediately from their Jurisdiction^s, which I apprehend will not be the Case, as they must go into other Provinces before they can reach the Boundary.

The omission of the Province of New-York should be remarked to the Secretary of State, which I mean to do by first Opportunity. And in this affair, which is meant to be general, that Province ought to be included; or more work will remain to be done hereafter, if not finished now. You may depend upon it that no Province will abide by any Boundary that shall be settled at this Congress between the Provinces respectively, tho' their respective Governors should agree upon it. and in my opinion you would give yourself very needless Trouble, in trying to settle more than a Boundary between the Indian's Lands and the Provinces in general.

I am very glad the affair of Kayaderosseras is at length accomodated. Be so good to Send the Papers about Rogers to Gov^r. Carleton as soon as possible. Major Rogers is arrived at Montreal, and they only wait the Evidences from Missilimakinac to begin his Tryal.

I am with great Regard,

Dr. Sir,

Your most obedient humble Servant,

THO^s. GAGE

S^R. W^M. Johnson Bar^t.

INDORSED: N York Aug. 14th. 1768 From Gen¹. Gage

FROM NATHAN WHITING

A. L. S.

New Haven Sep^r 15, 1768

[DEAR] SIR

Tis with pleasure I take the opportunity by M^r Chew to Express the satisfaction I had in hearing you got safe home & found yourself better for your Excursion. It would have given me real pleasure to have waited on you in this Town, had it been agreable to you to have taken this Rout; I had not the oppertunity to spend so much time with you at New London as I intended.

Col^o Fitchs affairs dont admit of his waiting on you at this time. Should you have it in your power to render him any service I am sure you [wou]ld not want any thing I can say [to induc]e you. I am so well convinced [of your] benevolent disposition, that I [] perswaded of your readiness [] Man of Col^o Fitchs merit. after those who have a prior right to S^r W[illiam] Johnsons favour are served by him if tis in his power to oblige me in the land way, I shall gratefully Acknowledge the obligation. I am with real Esteem

sir William Your most Obedient humble servant

NATHAN WHITING

S^R W^M. JOHNSON Bar^t. INDORSED: [] Col Whiting's Letter

FROM WILLIAM O BRIEN

A. L. S.

New York, Sepr. 16th 1768

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DEAR SIR,

I take the opertunity of Governor Penn's departure for your part of the World to pay my respects to you.

There is a M^r. Bostwick who came recommended strongly to us from our friends in England, & they beg'd [us] to use our Interest with you to [be] kind enough to assist him in [the] business that he might [] to lay before you — He went [away from] this place before I cou'd [] but I hope this will be [] with you to influence you in his behalf.

I was in hopes to have seen you [in] New York but hope to hear, [as] I was disappointed in the pleasure of seeing you, that your tour [was] of that service to you that Every one who has the honor of knowing you wishes.

Among whom no one can be with more sincere [] & respect D^r. s^r.

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Your most [

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1 1768

INDORSED:

[M^r O]Briens Letter ⊕ Gov^r. Penn

FROM HUGH GAINE

In the Johnson Calendar, p. 402, is listed a letter of September 17th from Hugh Gaine, in New York, sending a memorandum, found among Mr Weyman's papers, on the cost of Indian prayer books and agreeing to finish the work satisfactorily. (Printed in *Doc. Hist. N. Y.* 4:386–87; Q, 4:243.)

TO HENRY MOORE

L. S.¹

Fort Stanwix Septr. 20th. 1768.

Sir

I am very Glad to find that your Excellencys Letter of the 27th. ult^o. explains the hints you gave in a former Letter of dissatisfaction at the Transactions at my House during my Absence, the Rather as it is in my Power to shew you wherein you have been deceived, and induced to Express your Self so Very unfavourably both of men and measures.

In the first place what seems to introduce the Subject in your Letter of the 27th. ulto. is a Resentment unjustly entertained from a Misconstruction or misaplication of some words in the late minutes, where the Indians speak of a seeming Confusion that arose from different Opinions and proposals, I do not know how Gentlemen unacquainted with the Indian Idioms and the manner of drawing their inferences may Conceive them, but I do assure you, I did not View them in that Light, nor can I think that they Reflected in the least upon you, they the Indians have indeed sinse Observed to me that they took notice of much heat on Both sides, and as some of them understand a Little English, and that they were never Accustomed to see any degree of warmth on subjects of that nature in publick meeting they were induced to Call it a Confusion; 'tho I am perswaded they did not mean by that any Reflection on you Sir, but I spoke Generally as to the disagreement of Opinion on the Subject;-I do not apprehend there will be Occasion to appeal to any of the By standers regarding the Affair if there is I am under no apprehensions of any thing they can say to my prejudice nor (by all that I can understand) to that of my Officers. but waving this,

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¹ In British Museum, Additional Manuscripts 22679. fo. 46, London, England. A draft in Johnson's handwriting, considerably injured by fire, is in the State Library.

I Shall proceed to State the proceedings from your Excellencys setting out for my House and doubt not that on Cool Reflection you will be satisfied with my Explanation of these matters unless prejudiced in a manner I Cannot suppose.

On Receiving the Certain Account of your intentions to leave York Col Johnson agreable to my Instructions sent a string of wampum and a message to the Indians of Oghgaugey to Call them immediately here and to the Conajoharras to Remain at home in readiness to attend on the first Summons, the like directions were given personally to the Mohawks all this was formerlly and Regularly done as can (if occasion required) be proved, to have brought them down before you arrived would have been attended with much trouble and unnecessary Expence which the Crown does not approve, neither I beleive would the province incline to defray it besides it was needless as it plainly and fully appears that the several tribes could and actually did attend in due time and in regular succession, the one arriving as the Bussiness with the other was nearly terminated, so that in this Col^o. Johnson acted very Judiciously.

On Arriving at his House you appointed a time to meet him at my house and proceeded to the little falls, the day following he Received an Account that you had not Reached the Stage you proposed and Consequently Could not be back at the time appointed notwithstanding which he set out the day fixed on (altho he had much Bussiness to do did not Expect to meet you) and arrived at the Hall within about half an hour after yourself as the Gentlemen who Accompanied you informed him had he been much later what I have asserted which I believe is the truth might have apologised for it he had the day before sent orders to my Butler to prepare for your Reception, which I am told he did your entertainment indeed might have (from the Circumstances of the Country and our distance from Market) fallen short of your Expectations and my inclynations but this I should immagine you would Excuse

Col Johnson was too well acquainted with the forms of the Indians to bring them to meet you immediately on your arrival,

had he brought them they would have told you that they declined doing bussiness on the day of your Arrival, and you then agreed to meet them the next morning which was according done, it hurt me much to find your Exeellency Observe that you was an unexpected guest at my House I hope that what I have related will shew that you were neither an unwelcome or an unexpected guest there, and that you met with no unnecessary or Other delay when there, on the Contrary every thing was Conducted with Rather too much rapidity on which head I must Remarke that whosoever has any affairs to transact with Indians, must know their forms and in some measure comply with them, and to our Ignorance, negligence and Hauteur in these points we must attribute the little esteem they have for us. I beg Sir that you will not so far misunderstand me as to imagine this a Reflection upon any Part of your Conduct which was very Excusable as you Could not be acquainted with these matters and I think Colo. Johnson was to blame in not telling you more freely how you should have acted the I am fully Perswaded that his Respect for your Character Checked him too much throughout the whole proceedings, this Sir every impartial bystander took particular notice of, my Reason for mentioning this is to Explain the Pecular Turn of Indians, who on not finding what they say committed word for word to writing then Read before the Chief &ca with the omission of other little forms might induce them to say since that they were now met in a Proper manner, tho for my Part I only conceive them to be words of Course often made use of as a Compliment to me their Superintendant without any intention of Reflecting upon the character or Conduct of others.

As to the proposal of a line to Fort Miller it had been made by Col. Johnson himself before your Arrival but the Indians Objected to it you had been calculating the Quantity of land within these bounds and Observed that there were Gentlemen ready to purchaise the Remainder when the Indians withdrew to a Room upstairs in my house to Consult on an answer to Remsens proposial, you desired Col Johnson to go & Recomend that line to them adding that you declined proposing it in pub-

lick meeting till you knew whether they would agree to it or not Col Schyler was likewise sent upstairs to him to desire the proposal to be made which he did fairly and litterally according to your desire by Mr Butler the Interpreter all which Can be proved upon oath, as well as that the Indians would not agree to it for Very sensible reasons which they then gave, all which Coll Johnson reported to you on his coming into the Council Room, and notwithstanding the light in which the proposing it twice within a few minutes would have been Viewed, it would have been again Repeated had not Mr Remsen declared positively that he would not accept of it a Circumstance which I daresay you Recolect and here I Cannot help Expressing my Concern for the unjust Suspicions you Expressed both at my house before several Persons, at new York and now in your letter concerning the Honesty of my Officers, which notwithstanding any insinnuations to the Contrary will appear unimpeachable. I am Perswaded that Mr. Butler acted as a faithfull interpreter he is a Sworn Officer of my department, a man of a Very fair Character, and of as much Integrity as any Person at New York: The Affair of Klock I shall Speak of hereafter, but in this place I have only farther to Explain the two points that seem so disagreable to your Excellency, and first as to the Confusion the Indians Spoke of which you say "Occasioned none whilst you was with the Indians" I must here observe, that had it created ever so much they would not have told you of it they would have acted accordingly, and Remarked it afterwards, such is their disposition, but I have already assured your Excellency and I again Repeat it that I did not neither do I imagine it as a Reflection upon any Part of your Conduct or good Intentions. but arising from their Observation of the warmth and difference of Opinion produced on their behalf and on that of the Patentees.

As to the words that they were now Called in a proper manner I have to add in Answer that they Could not mean to find fault with your having desired the Conajoharees to come down, as they had been long advised to hold themselves in readiness and more I have already shewn would have been improper, and at last when they came it was in consequence of a message sent to them by two Indian Messengers Sent by Col Johnson during the time you were engaged about Kayadarosseras and I have before Observed and again assure you that I have heard such things said before and Conseder them as words of Compliment which it is natural Enough for them to pay their Superintendants Summons. thus have I as far as time and my present hurry will permit answer'd these points and I hope Satisfactorily Shewn that your Excellency has been under Some Error with Regard to your Reception at my House and that you met with no unnecessary delays there, that the words in the Records did not bear the Explanation you hinted at and that the Conduct of my Officers was unimpeachable and I flatter my Self that my Character and behavour has been always such as to entitle me to belief, and that my Assertions are well founded and will meet with a favourable reception from your Excellency it only Remains for me to say something generally as to the Affair of Kayadarosseras and Klock, as to the first the Indians always say they were overreached and wronged by that patent and they made several Complaints of it at deferent times but the often Represented here and at home, nothing was done in it Neither was there any Probability of it from my letters and best accounts. the Indians spoke of it to your Excellency when here in 1766 with a Veiw to your pusshing the Proceedings at Law in this case - the like they did in that of Klock there was no Other manner in which you could have served them otherwise perswade my Self they might have relied on speedy relief, His Majestys Ministers (as your Excellency informs me) were doubtless pleased with your Espousing their interests and recommended it to you. In the mean time the Patentees applied to me for the Amicable settlement of the affair, which I thought it my duty to promote, sensible it would be most agreable to the Crown and accordingly wrote the Secretary of State to that effect acquainting him with my intention from whome I have sence received answer declaring his Majestys Royal approbation of all my Measures.

M^r Klocks affair was in the attorney Generals Hands and His Majestys Minister informed me that you would receive orders to push the Suit. Last autumn your Excellencey could not come up to perfect the several Sales of lands as you intended a Circumstance you regreted in your letters and promised to be up for that purpose the Ensueing Spring, Early in which I Received a Letter from the Committee of Kayadarosseras informing me that they would send up M^r Remsen fully impower'd as their agent, I promised him all my assistance and instructed my Deputy accordingly and as to Klocks affair I had not the least Reason to suppose that your Excellency would have had it in your power at a meeting at my house to have brought him to the punishment due to his repeated Villainys, and Consequently that nothing would be done therein.

I Cannot Conclude without Expressing my great concern at finding that you have thro mistake fallen into an Error of which you are desireous of accusing me or my Officers, the Rather as Col Johnson found himself under the Necessity of explaning several of these particulars to you when at my House at which time you assured him, (as he says) you were undeceived. I am not Conscious how or why a difference of Opinion should have arisen since.

If your Excellencey has preserved a Copy of your letter of the 27th ult^o. and will Consult the two last pages you may from what I have asserted and from what can be proved by the Testimony of Sundry Persons Conceive how much it hurt me to find you besides your other charges to insist on the impropriety and indecencey of your treatment.

Some Prejudice founded on a Misconstruction of words or Actions on your first arrival at my House must have occasioned your Judging so unfavourably and lead you in the End of your letter to suppose me Ignorant of Duty of Office, which I wish Every Officer of the Crown had Equally at Heart, and took Equal pains to discharge as they ought.

I know the Extent of a Governors Authority¹ and wish all men paid equal Regard to it I know at the Same time that the Superintendancy over the Indians was created and designed to be in Indian affairs independant thereof, and for this I can produce good Authority for which good reasons were assigned ---Nevertheless should the Service require the attendance of the Indians at any Place on the Continent and that the province will defrav their Expences I shall recomend it to them to attend and I hope my Conduct is and has been such that no man can be so weak as to suppose me capable of Creating a Disaffection amongst the Indians nor should I suffer it to pass with impunity from any Subject; I am still unwilling to apply that part of your letter to my Self, tho I think the words made use of require an Explanation beyond any thing of which you have Complained. However Sir you may be assured notwithstanding the severity of your letter the Concern it has given me shall never operate to the prejudice of the publick Service, but that with a thorough reliance on his Majestys protection and the Expectations of your more Favourable Opinion I Remain

> Sir Your Excellencys most Obedient and Most Humble Serv^t.

> > W JOHNSON

His Excellency

S^{R.} HENRY MOORE Bar^t. INDORSED: S^r. W. Johnson Sep^t. 20 1768.

¹ Sir Henry Moore's jealousy of encroachments on his authority is illustrated in a letter of March 5, 1768 to the Earl of Shelburne, *Doc. Rel.* to Col. Hist. N. Y., 8:16–17.

FROM THOMAS MOFFATT

A. L. S. New London Sep^{tr}. 21st 1768

If in so considerable a space of time as since You left N London I could have thought myself capable of communicating any thing material agreable pertinent or useful I would not surely have been so long in acknowledging the very great pleasure I enjoyd while You was here nor or expressing the desire I have of knowing that your visit upon the Sea Coast has been useful to Your Health so useful that it may induce You to return next July which is the prime season for drinking and bathing in the Sea. Here is nothing moving or engaging but the circumstances of the Province and Town of Boston which really seem now to be brought to a point or the alternative of Resistance or Submission the first would be Phrenzy and the latter after so much bluster would blot the Escutcheon of their Illustrious and very Valorous Attchievments. Every hour brings new rumours and Surmises not worth repeating to You. By a letter of last post Mr Harrison the Collector informs me [that]] Family in consequence of the Distractions there His [embarks for London as Sunday last [1 two Reg^{ts}. with a Company and train of [artillery are] every instant expected there from Halifax [] friday at Newport I see a] that Gov^r Bernard had receivd letter from [] orders to come to London with ſ 1 and the Choice of [1 returning to Boston or of being otherwise [1 and that He would embark early in October [] be at home soon after the meeting of [Parliament] Since this there are Ships of late Passages at [] from London which agree in] vigorous and serious measures the adoption of [] two Ships of the Line frigates and L^d Howe [

Sir

transports [] with three Reg^{ts} from Ireland are orderd to [] Boston. These tidings and steps occasions [many] town meetings in which it is said to have been resolv^d first to seek the Lord by General fasting prayer and Humiliation and then to Assemble the Convention of Ninety two to determine upon what is to be done in the present difficulty and Distress. You will be so good as to excuse [my] covering the enclos^d for M^r Chew and also to offer my Compliments to Sr John Johnson from

> S^r Your most Obedient [] most humble S[] THOMAS MOFF[ATT]

S^R WILLIAM [JOHNSON]

TO JOHN BLAIR

 $Df.^1$

Fort Stanwix Septr 25th 1768

Sir

Since my last The Commissioners from your Province² arrived at my House and are now with me at this place in daily Expectation of the Arrival of the Indians.— I at first judged it best to Call the 6 Nations down without delay as fearing that the Miscarriage of a pacquet which occasioned the postponing the Congress from July unto this Month might have prevented my seeing the Shawanese & Delawares, but having now certain accots of their Approach, I Judge it Necessary that Col. Lewis & M^r. Walker sho^d Stay altho' it may prevent their attending the proposed Congress to the Southward, because it might appear odd to the Indians & would defeat the Object of their Journey here.— I have farther to observe that I am pretty cer-

¹ In American Antiquarian Society, Worcester, Mass.; in handwriting of Guy Johnson.

² Virginia.

tain the Northern Confederacy will insist on their Rights & Claims South of the Kanhawa River, and may possibly (in case such Claims are admitted) agree to a more favorable Line than that proposed by the Lords of Trade to Extend from Carolina N. to the Mouth of Kanhawa that therefore I am of Opinion, it were best to deferr coming to a Conclusion with the Cherokees till we hear what will be done at this Congress which will I hope be terminated within a fortnight, and during which my best endeavors shall be made use of for obtaining an Advantagious & Satisfactory boundary.—

As the Commis¹⁵. Write you by this opportunity I have only to add that I am with perfect Esteem

Sir &c

The honble

JOHN BLAIR Esq^r.

TO JOHN STUART

$Df.^1$

Fort Stanwix Sepr. 25th 1768

Since I wrote you the Virginia Commiss¹⁵. arrived at my house & proceeded for this place where we are now all Waiting the Arrival of the Indians now on the Road.— The 6 Nations could have been here ere now but as I received Advice that the Shawanese & Delawares were Near at hand I Judged it best to Wait a few days, & thought it best that the Virginia Commiss¹⁵. remained Likewise altho they might be thereby disabled from attending the proposed Meeting to the southward.—

The Miscarriage of a pacqt wch of necessity postponed the Congress from July to this Month, was a little unlucky but I hope it will be Satisfactorily carred on Now. I have the Strongest reasons for thinking that the 6 Nations will insist on their Title to the Lands as far South as the Cheroke River, which if allowed of, it is possible [they] may be induced to grant a

¹ In handwriting of Guy Johnson.

more favorable boundary [than] that proposed by the Map from Carolina North to [the mouth] of Kanhawa — This is worthy Consideration [] opinion that it may be better to deferr [] fixed Conclusion with the Cherokees concerr^g, [] Event of the Congress here is known [] you my thoughts hereon, [] preparing for the business []

FROM DANIEL CLAUS

A. L. S.¹

Wmsburg 26th. Septr. 1768

Upon your favour of the 18th Augt. web lay in Montreal several days before my Return from Aughquisasne I prepared immediately setting off fr home and acquainted Gen¹. Charleton & Colo Iones of my going to the Congress you was to hold at Fort Stanwix this Month. And accordingly engaged Philip and 4 Caghnawy. Indns. to come with me over the Lakes, & last Thursday evening arrived at my house. I intended to proceed immediately from hence in order to meet [you] at Fort Stanwix, but finding on my Arrival that little [Nan]cy had laboured under a severe course of Sickness this time [1 and was still so ill as to be feared she would not be able [] it out much longer. I could not think of leaving [] 1 under such Circumstances, and therefore let the were desirous of seeing you proceed without me ning; at the same time detaining Philip that [] should mend a little I would set off with him [attend] the Con-] probability of the gress, but to my Sorrow I ap] allmost wore down to childs Recoverey [1 the Rest & if necessary give a Skeleton [his Assistance in any thing he may be want [1 return without the rest they having ye. Boat to [1

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¹ Words burned off in paragraph 3 are supplied from an extract printed in Journals of Major Robert Rogers, p. 251–52, ed. F. B. Hough.

that brought me over. There came likewise with [young lad named Thom of ab^t. Twenty who was [Prisoner the Shawanese since a Boy of 5 or 6 years old, he s[M^r. Hay sent him with a Packet for you to Niagara [last Spring where he was taken up and sent by [to Montreal Pris^r. I released him from the M[there where he was confined as a Vagrant.

Perthuis by his Letter wants to know when he may [for the Money Gen^l. Gage ordered to be paid him [of Two Frenchmen at Montr^l. who Col Bradstreet [some Arms &c^a from in 1764 w^{ch}. he is empower [

The Officers from Michil^c that are [to prosecute] Maj^r. Rodgers were not arrived when I left [Montreal, but] hourly expected, If they arrived [the prisoners could] not come before the Court having been oblidged [to begin a] Salivation a little before I came a [way. The principal] paper that is wanted from you [is Potter's affidavit, you] having the Original; I [brought Hopkin's letter back,] & left Rodgers's original; [acknowledged the receipt of it as] none but original [papers may be produced before a Court Martial sitting on such] Occasions, Col¹ Jones promised to take good Care [of it]

The day I left Montreal an Officer was sent [] d^r. of Gen¹. Carlton to Carillon & Riviera au Lievre [] Leagues up the Ottawa River to choose spots convenient for posts to inspect Indⁿ. Trade thereabouts as far as the Limits of the Province goes; And as to regulating Trade without the Prov^{ce}. I hear he has consulted S^r. Henry More ab¹. it.—

I wish you a Satisfactory Conclusion of the Congress & safe Return home. M^{rs}. Claus & Johnson join me in Compliments to you & Bro^{rs}. S^r. John & Guy And am with tender Respect

Hond Sir

Your Obedient son

DAN CLAUS

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FROM THOMAS MOFFATT

A. L. S. [N. London, September 28, 1768]

Sir

As in my last I mentioned somewhat of the temper and Complexion of Boston so now from good intelligence I may add that ten days ago Gov^r Bernard communicated in Council that He was duly advised from White Hall that a Body of the Kings troops were orderd from Halifax to Boston and might be daily expected and would be joind by several Regiments from Great Britain and Ireland with a Squadron of Ships of war. This intelligence notwithstanding of their Seeking the Lord in Prayer &c and of having voted & resolv^d to resist and fight and of having the Concurrence and Aid of Seventy members of the Committee of Safety who met in Convention last Thursday — The Good and antient Town has determined not to fight but *Taper off as easy and small as possible*. Captⁿ Bruce publickly reports that Otis Rowe and Hancock will be requird to embark in the Rose Ship of War for London.

I hope to hear by M^r Chew that Your Journey upon the Sea Coast and Your Bathing at the mineral Springs in your way Home has been very serviceable to You [If an]y Regular Physician has explord and [analyzd] these mineral waters it would be [____] satisfaction to me If I could be infor [med of their] Quality and Contents. I am

> S^r Your most Obedient Humble Servant

> > THOMAS MOFFATT

TO HENRY MOORE

$Df.^1$

Fort Stanwix Septr. 28th 1768

I have had the favor of your Excell^{cys} Letters of the 31st. Aug^{t.} and the 10th. of this Inst. which my Journey to this place prevented me from Answering. I wrote you the 20th Inst. from this place and am now to Answer your last Letters —

The Boundary Line so far as Owegy was only talked off with the Indians, but I am hopefull that I shall be able to get that and all other Boundarys advantageously settled at the Congress.—

It was not in Coll. Johnsons power to inform you concerning the Continuation of the Line West of this Province, as I never fixed upon any, it was my Intention to Obtain as Much Land as I possibly could, and agreable to such Boundary as would be most Advantagious to the Province, and agreable to the Indians according as the [line] could be best agreed on at the Treaty, this is the [] way of acting with success. As I have] the Lands on the provinc¹. [1 always, & [lded to boundary Line were to be considered as [the Crown, without this the [] would be of little utility.—

[] Extended its Grants so far into [farther West cannot be [] the Grants [[best Judgment, and [

It will be at Least as much as [

of.- The Communication to [Lakes

be undisputed, and Likewise the posts now [occupied hope for more that way.—

I have received and perused the [Minute of Council] which accompanied you favor of the 10th [] Stranger

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¹ In handwriting of Guy Johnson.

to the Subject, and had I never been ad [] It was my intention to take part[icular] Care of the Interests of this Province and guar[d them] against such an unreasonable Claim, being [entirely] of opinion with you and the Gentlemen of [the] Council thereon, and I hope it will appear that [in] this and every other matter, I shall Shew myself [] Friend to this Province, without prejudice to that G[eneral] Interest which is the Imediate Object of my duty

The State of the Carrying place here [] grossly misrepresented to vou. The Indians [do not carry] on their backs or with Horses, nor over [] for many years past, There are [Germans] have [here & have done so for some years [| Horses & Carriages for that purpose than they [l and as a farther confirmation [1 Certificate from the] has committed the [] resided there I] Mav [15 [months]

[] having inquired of me whether [] any Goods or Peltry over the Carrying place [and] desired my Answer in Writing I do Certify that [since] I came to Command and reside at this place which was the 27th [of June] 1767 — No Indians have either offered themselves or their Horses neither have they been employed in the Transportation of Goods or peltry over this Carrying place, but the same have been carried by some Germans who have long resided here & are Supplyed with Horses & Carriages for that purpose —

> Witness my hand &ca 30th Sept^r. 1768

Galland L^t. Comd^g at Fort Stanwix [I sha]ll be glad your Excell^{cy} will Let me know [] was that gave you the above information as it may be disagreable to the

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[] hereafter — The Report can be [] Whole Neighborhood if Necessary — INDORSED: [] To S^r H Moore B^t.

FROM JAMES PHYN

A. L. S.

Schenectady 28th September 1768

Last night your esteem'd favour of the 25th came to hand [in] consequence of which I now send You what Part of Your mem^{dm} I [can] procure, the Maderia I have taken from M^r Clinch in [ho]pes it may prove more agreeable than what I have, being at [pre]sent the same as Tices, Neither Taunton ale, nor any kind of [cheese] are to be got in Town, in the leu of Lemons I am obliged to [] Limes & extremly glad that was in my Power, some time [ago I] wrote to N. Y. for a cheese for my own Use, shou'd it come in [I] find opp^{ty} will send it up Inclosed I send a List of [for]ward & Clench being in Albany prevents my making [l not knowing what he will charge [] which comes to hand for you or any of the Gentlemen] carefully forwarded on receipt likeways any [l the Post directed to my Charge. I have [Respects] to Colo¹. Johnson who I imagine is seldome at a loss for a few jovial friends to welcome in the [] I must likeways trouble You to remember me to sir John, Colol [Claus] &ca And I have the honor to be

Sir

Your most Obed¹ & Hum^e Serv¹ JAMES PHYN The Hon^{ble} SIR WILLIAM JOHNSON Bar¹. ADDRESSED: To The Honorable Sir William Johnson Baronet At Fort Stanwix

FROM SAMUEL AUCHMUTY

A. L. S.¹

New York Sepr. the 30th. 1768

Sir

Since the receipt of your last favor of the 28th of July. I have received a Letter from the Secretary of the Society; & now have the pleasure to inform you that they have agreed to purchase the late Dr Barclay's House and Land in the Mohawks Country. "to be applied to such Uses as you shall recommend." No Order for drawing for the money accompany's the Letter, but as there are Monies here due to the Society. I do intend if they can be commanded to procure them, and pay Mrs Barclay as soon as possible. I have desired Mrs Barclay to Order the present Tenant to remove as soon as he can, as the place is for the future to be intirely under your Care. for the use of the Indians - I conclude if a missionary is not soon to be procured, that you will think it adviseable to fix a sedate good School Master on the Spot. He can make use of the House, till it's wanted for a missionary & then it would be no great expence to build him a small Tenement on part of the farm, & allot him a small Garden & a pasture for a Cow: however these things you Sir, will be the best Judge of. If a School Master should be im'ediately wanted, & you can'ot procure one, upon Notice. I will use my best endeavors to find One.

It gives me great concern that a proper person can'ot yet be procured for your Town: except M^r Murray of Reading who has leave I find to remove either to Johnson-hall, or Schenectady, should be tho't of. I have no knowledge of the Gentleman, therefore can say nothing to it — The People of Schenectady by M^r Brown have applied to me for advise I have told that Gentleman that they must first determine what to do concerning M^r Murray (as he must be approved of before he settles

¹ In Library of Congress, Washington, D. C.

among them) before any thing further can be done. If M^r Murray should not be agreeable, the best thing they can do will be to fix upon a Young Gentleⁿ of good Character, and send him Home for Orders; which, considering the sterling Salary, what the people will give — and the situation of the place, I conceive can easily be procured. Perhaps they might find one already in orders that would prefer their Country, to the Land of Opression & Oliverian Tyranny. When once they come to a resolution concerning M^r Murray, I will serve them to the best of my power. I should greatly rejoice to see their Church in a flourishing condition. I have frequently mentioned their Charter to the Gov^r; he has promissed it, but as yet it is not done. I have now sent M^r Brown to him, he will inform you of what passed between them.

We have lost the good Arch-bishop of Canterbury, the best Friend the American Church had Your generous proposal of giving a valuable Tract of Land to the Church, I mentioned to his Grace & beged to be advised in what manner it was best to act in the Affair &c — His Death has prevented an Answer, which I still flatter myself will soon come from his Lordship of London, as the American papers I conclude will fall into his hands.

The Affair of an American Bishop moves very slow. It is however to be hoped that the Eyes of the Ministry will 'ere long be opened; and that they will think both sound policy, Justice, and Gratitude, oblige them to comply, with the repeated request of his Majesty's dutiful, and Loyal Subjects, the members of the Church of England in America; who now, in the Eastern Governments are in a state of Oppression and Danger, because they will not join in such measures as are destructive of all Government, and tend to open Rebellion. I say nothing of our Government, because the Wretches here, who in their hearts are Republicans, can only bark but not bite. I hope the period is not far off when every one will receive their deserts. I must beg your pardon for intruding so much upon your time — And shall only add, that you have my most sincere prayers for your health and happiness.

> I have the honor to be, Sir Your much Obliged & most Ob^t hble servt

> > SAMUEL AUCHMUTY.

P. S. Your goodness will excuse the haste in which this is wrote. M^r is now waiting for it.

SIR WILLIAM JOHNSON.

INDORSED: N York Septr 30th. 1768 From D^r Auchmuty

> Wrote him the begin^g of Sept^r. & Ans^d. this the 20th October.

FROM JONCAIRE CHABERT

A. L. S.

du Detroit ce 30^e septembre 1768

Monsieur

jai l'honneur de vous asurer de mes respect par lauccation de monsieur st Claire toute parest asée tranquil, m^r hay qui aloit vous voir est arrivée qui a relachéz de niagara, il m avoit promis de sinterreser aupres de vous pour moi pendant mon appsence pour aler vous demender permission de monter au detroit mes canot (ier)s qui matendoit au fort levis menger pour cinquante jour de vivres et deserter il me mouiller cinque et un balot men perdire six et six Baril de marchan [dise] séche amon retourd a montreal je fus [obli]jai d'acheter des vivres d en gajer des [hommes et] dalers promtement au secour de mes efets [Ils avoient] défaitte le Balot en plein champ et avoit pris ce quil

avoit vouslu malhuereuxement pour moi tous mes angajai Etoit pavez d'avance je me rendit a niagara ouje trouvée le Bonhomme a guaster hesche avec plusieur autre chef et guierrier je demende a m^r le commandant sil vous loit me permettre de parlers au chef chez(lui?)il me dit quil aloit parlers a m^r le commisaire il se promener lontemp, je mapersu Bien que sa leurs paresest suspects, cependant je dit a ces messieurs je ne suis que le porte vois de monsieur le chevallier de jonson ils y consentire il fire venir des Espece d interprets pour cent dout voir sije ne parlest pas contre le bien du service, qu'ante juparlée je dit a ces homme qui Ecouter antandé vous Bien ce que jai dit il me repondire oui je leurs dit dit lée an anglois a ces messieurs il repondit l'on peut pas mieux parlers, je fut aublijai deré[peter] ceque javoit dit au sauvage les chef vou[lant] mareter me barere le chemin dissant qu [ils furent] maitre de moy pour me metre a cana[n souagon?] je leurs repondit quil navoit ja ma[is] [d5] autoritee surmoi quil ny avoit [que] le Chevalliers de jonson qui Etoit mestre de moy il fur jusquaux bout du portage pour mareter il me dire quil navoit rien pour ce couvrire quon ne leurs avoit rien donner a nigara je leur donne dix livres depoudre quatre couverte vint livres de balle quatre chemisse quatre paire de mitasse et vn minot de pois un petit baril d'Eaudevie il me parure bien content jarrivee au detroit le (15?) septtembre toute les afaire Etoit finis il y avoit des francois qui m avoit gardé cent et quel[ques] paquet l'on leur dit que je ne viendroit jamois dans ce poste il prire party de vendre leur peltrie meme m^r tournebot et mr hai il est vrais quil fut bien surprie quant iarivée

Tous ces afaire la mon hach [ev]é deme ruiner je ne pa pu faire de retour cependans monsieur jai anvoyer a plusieurs il ny a cun nomée [J]ohn lees, qui est venu ici qui arrivoit de l'ondr que je doit il a cependant Eû vint paquet il y a du [____] il est arrivée dans le temp que j avoit tous [____] anvoit je lui dit que je savoit, qu il Etoit [de L]ondre sil mus marquez

14

a qui ja [voit affaire?] je lui an auroit anvoyer comme aux autre il menace davoir une ordre de monsieur gage pour me faire mettre an prison a montreal il n'en seroit pas plus avancé quante il aurat hachevée de me ruiner et ma famille je travaille pour payer ces messieur et ne sont til pas content francois ribot de l'ondre qui ma volée seize ceint louis sterlin cela ait prouvée par un mémoir de son asociez quil a sermentee au gref a quebec il se nome jan jenisson vous voyez Monsieur comme je suis écrasse le s^{rs}. lees m ecris de niagara je me flatte encore que apres reflection fait sur la protection que le gouvernment [et] vous aye accordé, vous commencerez de travailler autrement et ne tarderez pas de rendre justice a un sujet du roy dangleterre je nantant pas ce que cela veut dire

je vous suplis de vouloir bien macorder vôtre protection decrire a monsieur le general ga [ge] que cela metroit ma femme et mes anfants davoir un morecaux de pains et quil sero [it] [hon]teux a mon aje de me voir trainer le lo[ng ?] [le] lac e servir de jouette a toute une po [pulation?] jesper monsieur que vous [vou]drez bien le faire par charritée pour ma famille et nous vous an auron une Eternelle au aubligation et ne cesserons de faire des veux pour vôtre conservation le jours que la barque partis m^r lees ettoit anbarquez, sûr les minuit il vint un homme hurtée à la porte la fille lui ouvrit il avoit une couverte an paquet comme un homme qui arrive de voyeage et me demendat la fille lui dit que je dormes il dit quil avoit, des lettre de Consequence a me remetre remeté le moi il ne le voulu pas dissant quil ne pouves pas les remetre a d'autre la fille antras dans la chambre, nous reveilla je dit de mon lit memetée ces lettre a cette fille et vous reviendréz demain il persi[s]tas [dis]a[n]t que non quil ne les donneroit [qu'à] moi alors je sautée an place an [jur]ant, je pris mon Epee et ouvris [la] porte l'homme ce sauvat il v an avait un au dehors et la la voeiture au bors de l'Eaux a ce que ma dit un sauvage qui Etoit campée a cautée je né pas ancorre receu ces pretendu lettre la barque cest amsablée a Cent d'osquez il ont tous sauvée, tous parest Estre

tranquil, sil ny avoit pas d Eaudevie sela seroit ancorre mieux

jai l honneur destre avec un profond respect Monsieur

> Votre tres humble et tres obeisant serviteur

> > JONCAIRE CHABERT

INDORSED: Le Detroit 30th 7br. 1768 from M^r. Jean Coeur

Translation

Detroit, September 30th, 1768

Sir:

I have the honor to assure you of my respect by favor of Mr St Clair. Everything appears quiet enough here. Mr Hay, who was going to see you, has arrived having stopped on his way from Niagara. He had promised me to interest himself in my behalf with you. During my absence, in the visit I made to you seeking permission to go to Detroit, my boatmen who were awaiting me at Fort Levis ate fifty days' provisions and deserted. They let fifty-one packs get wet and robbed me of six besides six barrels of dry goods. On my return to Montreal I was obliged to buy provisions, to engage men and to set out promptly for the recovery of my property. They had opened the pack[s] in the open field, and taken what they pleased. Unfortunately for me, all my employees were paid in advance.

I betook myself to Niagara, where I found the worthy Guasterax(?) with several other chiefs and warriors. I asked the commandant if he would permit me to speak to the chief at his house. He told me that he was going to speak to the commissary. They walked together for a long time. I easily perceived that it seemed suspicious to them, However, I said to those gentlemen, "I am only the mouthpiece of Chevalier Johnson." They consented and sent for some sort of interpreters, without doubt in order to see that I said nothing contrary to the good of the service. When I had spoken, I said to those men who were listening, "Did you understand perfectly what I said?" They replied, "Yes". I said to them, "Say it in English to these gentlemen." They replied one could not have spoken any better. I was obliged to repeat what I had said to the Indians. The chiefs, desirous of arresting me, barred the way, saying that they were my masters and could put me [1 I replied to them that they never had any authority over me and that none but Chevalier Johnson was my master. They went to the end of the carry to stop me. They told me that they had nothing to cover themselves with, and that nothing had been given to them at Niagara. I gave them ten pounds of powder, four blankets, twenty pounds of ball, four shirts, four pair of mittens and a bushel of peas and a keg of brandy. They appeared to me well satisfied.

I arrived at Detroit the (15th?) of September. All business was over. There were Frenchmen who had kept for me more than a hundred packs. They were told that I should never enter that post. They decided to sell their peltry, even Mr Turnbull and Mr. Hay. It is true, they were quite surprised when I arrived.

All these circumstances there have completed my ruin. I have not been able to make a return. Still, sir, I have sent to several. There is but one named John Lees, who came here from London, whom I owe. He has however had twenty packs. two [months?] ago. He arrived, at the time when I had sent everything away. I told him that I knew that he was from London. If he had informed me with whom I was dealing, I would have sent to him as well as to the others. He threatens to obtain an order from Mr. Gage for putting me in prison at Montreal. He would not be any farther ahead when he had quite ruined me and my family. I am working to pay these gentlemen, and they are not satisfied. Francis Ribot from London, who stole from me sixteen hundred louis sterling --that is proved by a declaration of his partner, which he has sworn to at the register's office at Quebec - he calls himself John Jenison. You see, sir, how I am weighed down. Mr Lees writes me from Niagara. Still I flatter myself that after reflection on the protection which the government [and] you have granted, you will begin to work in a different way and will not hesitate to do justice to a subject of the king of England. I don't know what that means.

I beg you to grant me your protection, to write to General Gage, that he may put my wife and children in the way to have a bit of bread, and that it would be shameful at my age to see me dragging out my life along the lakeside, to be the laughing stock to the entire rabble. I hope, sir, that you will do it in pity for my family, and we shall be under an everlasting obligation to you and shall pray unceasingly for your preservation.

The day that the boat left and Mr Lees set out, at midnight, a man came and pounded on the door. The girl opened it. He had a blanket rolled up as a man would who had been traveling; and asked for me. The girl told him that I was asleep. He said that he had letters of importance to deliver to me. "Deliver them to me." He refused, saying that he could deliver them to no one else. The girl entered the room, waked us up. I said from my bed, "Deliver those letters to this girl, and you will return tomorrow." He persisted in saying no, that he would give them to me alone. Then I leaped out [swearing], seized my sword and opened the door. The man fled. There was another outside, and their boat on the water, as an Indian told me who was camping on the shore. I have not yet received those pretended letters.

The barge ran on a sandbank at Sandusky. They saved everything. All appears quiet. If there were no brandy, it would be still better.

I have the honor to be with profound respect, sir,

Your very humble and very obedient servant

JONCAIRE CHABERT

INDORSED: Detroit, 30th 7ber, 1768 from Mr Jean Coeur

FROM DANIEL CLAUS

A. L. S.

Williamsburg 30th Septr. 1768

I thought it my duty to acquaint [you] by the earliest opportunity of the Death of [] Nancy your grandchild who expired last [nig]ht ab^t. a quarter after Midnight in as easy and [composed] a Manner as in our Trouble gave us some [sat]isfaction; her Mother bears the loss of her child [with] more Fortitude and Resignation than I expected [] the little one would not be a Moment without her [] if she could help it & in a Manner drew her [last] breath in her Arms, w^{ch} made me apprehend [] the loss of her child much harder than I

We intend to interr the child by [] this noon as Doctor Constable thinks the [] be kept longer on] of her Bowells thro the Account of a Swelling [long [] under.] as composed as at pre[ſ 1 to join you by next Week.— Both [1 Mrs Claus and M^{rs} Johnson join me [] Respect to You and Love to their Brother.

I remain

honored Sir Your Obedient [

] Dan Claus

P. S. Yours & Bro^r Guys Letters of 5 Inst. came to hand last Tuesday.

TO THOMAS GAGE

$Df.^1$

Fort Stanwix 30th Sepr 1768

² which I My last was of the you have received, on the 19th Inst I arrived at this place with Gov^r. Frankland &ca since which Gov^r. Penn &ca campe up,by the Way I had the pleasure to receive an Express with a Letter informing me that the Shawanese & Delawares would be here and that some of them were actually arrived at Chenussio.this has retarded the 6 Nations who wd. otherwise have come down without them, however I am in hopes that the Whole will be here in 5, or 6 days. The Mohocks and a large body of the Oneidas, with several from the Susquehanna, are already come, whose presence might be dispenced with till all are met as it occasions a great Consumption of provisions --- about 80 of the Stockbridge Ind^s. [] 3 days ago who have no business here, tho' I find [] invited by the 6 Nations, I shall get rid of [as pos]sible.---] Way I had the pleasure of your Letter I I sh]all Mention the Withdrawing [Ontario in the best manner I can [| have already heard of it [lained at A Garrison ſ] Of some proper [] It would not meet with [1 may be occasion for it) and [] Consumed, or applyed to other [By a Letter I have Just received [I find that the Shawanese had stopped [] Chipeweighs who were going against the [] I likewise received some other Informations [1

¹ In handwriting of Guy Johnson.

² A blank space in the manuscript.

the Assurances daily given the Indians that [the French] will make War upon us very soon, a Copy of [] I inclose you, I hope to be able to inform you [] Arrival of the Whole at this place within a few [] and remain with the most perfect Re[]

Dear Sir

In the body of the Letter I forgot to mention that I have recd some Intelligence from a Delaware I think I may credit the particulars of which I also inclose. INDORSED: [] Gen¹. Gage

FROM PETER HASENCLEVER

A. L. S.

New York the 30 Sept^r 1768

DEAR SIR

If it is a great while that I have not had the Honour to pay my respects to you I beg you will not attribute it to my Negligence, but to a number of Fatalitys, & to the Cruel & treacherous Treatement of my [] partners in the Iron works, which Protested my Bills which I drew for their account, to the amount of £9150 Ster under a False & frivolous pretence, that I had not Send them an acct of my Transactions which I can prove I did by every Packet .-- however they now See the Unjustice which they have done me, & have payd part of the Bills,] I have redrawn Those which returnd, with 20prC^t ſ exchange, which they must pay. had Damages for [my Conduct not been [such] that my Credit had been So well Establishd here, my Situation [] have been verry Melancholly for some time; however [Ited So that every body has Shewn me more honour [& friend]ship then what I could Expect & Deservd. The]bble which I have

taken to promote trade & [1 this Country has been re-] ingratitude & Diswarded by my Partners [honour, they Send out [] by whom they Supersede me,¹ who by his [] part what I had Erected. & that just at [] all the works to perfection & was] & the profits the works would render I have had this year 4 Furnaces in Blast, 3 of which [1 and 12 Forges, I have Kept however a Set of worcks und [1 1 Furnace & 4 Forges, in order to Shew the difference between] & Capacity. these Worcks are Called Charlotten-] is Carried on by my Germains & makes burg, that [every week 28 to 30 T[on of] Pigg Iron; When Two Furnaces under the Direction of the Age[nt whom] the Company has Send, make only 28 to 29 Ton together for w[hich] they Use 7560 Bushels of Shar Coal every week more & 50400 II] the People under my Direction at Charlottenore burg do, my [] will Soon Cry out Pater Peccavi and I hope to Conv[ince] them by evident proves, that they have] it is their duty to give me done me Unjustice, [Satisfaction, they are due [] by Ballance of more 1 Private Exacc^t Curr^t, £8535, & £2166 [pences Since I am in America, & Severall ot [l of the same Amount. & Still they Treat me Ill but [1 & Justice will plead for me.- I propose [] of Land On the Mohawk River for the Comiss^{rs} [] rec^d their answer that I can take my Determin 1 not do any thing in haste which Should [] but I do not doubt or I shall [propose to leave this Country Next [] 1 Snow I intend to do myself the [1 to you Next Winter. To Morrow [1] Pensilvania. Maryland [I Ifairs Seem to be embroild much again & the S'] and again. Some days ago Papers of Ly begin [

¹ See Doc. Rel. to Col. Hist. N. Y., 7:890 and 8:35.

were Stuck up which [threat]hened to any Person Distruction who Should Let his Ship or [] Ships to transport Troops to Boston. The Major Tore them Down & the Governor & Councile issued a Proclamation offering £50 for the Discovery of the writer, & to the Discoverer his Majestys Pardon, Such times as the Present are Disagreable, the People At Boston are to Violent, More Moderation would perhaps have a Better effect. but our Genious is to Carry every thing by force, it is Just that the Americans Should defend their Prerogative but with more Circumspection, I have told many [l the Convention of importing no dry goods, would be regar[ded in] England as a Scar Crow, & have not the same effect [as] before Since they know to well in England, that America-[is not] Capable to Manufacture her owne Cloaths in Short [we make] ourselves redicolous to endeavour to inspire fear l none. I could wish that our Great Men] had a true Comprehension of this Country] Prophetic Spirit to See by Visions in futurity] Lodges as well in Palaces as in Cotages] of what Importances this Country 1 Sometimes alone in the Evening 1 reflections, & build Palaces and fine Gardens in deserts which are now Covered [1 trees and inhabited by Bears Wolfes and other wild Animals

trees and inhabited by Bears Wolfes and other wild Animals [] other night I made a Computation, between the North [American] Trade with great Britain, & the South Ame^r trade. [] Terra Firma¹ & Peru with Spain. I found that the first Surp[assed] the Last in real advantage to the Possessors. altho [y^e] Fleets from the Kingdom of Mexico & the Ships from ter[ra] firma & Peru import annually to the amount of 12 [to] 14 Millions of Dollars in Spain, which are unladen [at] the Port of Cadix. but the greatest part of this Treas[ure] Circulates over the whole Univers, which is not the

¹ See map, La carta universale della terra ferma etc. in Narrative and Critical History of America, 2:223 and p. 169.

] between England & Noth: Aa:. her Woolens Case [] a real Treasure She receves the & Linnens and [] Carry on the whole Trade value & Keeps it. betwixt South Am^{ca} & [Spain] & I may Say near a Thousand Vessels great & Sma [ll are] employ'd in the British trade with] of People do not Subsist by it, & what Am^{ca}. wh] Sailours. This Letter is to Confind to ex[aĺ ł & therefore will only add that N America is of [imporl tance to Great Britain, then what our 1 Can Comprehend. I beg to Continue [] & Friendship & I am with great [1

Dear Sir

]

1

Your [

SIR W^M JOHNSON B[aronet]

INDORSED: M^r. Hasenclevers Letter 8^{br}. 1768

FROM BENJAMIN PRICE

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A. L. S.

Montreal 30th. Septr. 1768

I am Sorry to be put to the disagreeable necessity of troubling you with this and the inclosed from M^r. Joseph Sanguinet of this Place. he at present is disturbed by his Creditors who are not Sattisfied that his Bill Drawn by Major Rob^t. Rogers on you is still in Safety for them.

The said Bill has been assigned to me sometime agoe for the benifitt [of] the whole Creditors and if I am rightly inform'd amounts to full as much [as] he Owes, I spoke to Captain Claus when I saw him last at quebec and desired the Bill might returned with Such answer as your Honor could [give] thereto but I fear it Slipt his memory.

I now beg you will be pleased to deliver it to M^r Samuel Stringer [of] Albany with Such answer as you can give to the same, he will [and Sattisfaction of [in thier Breasts that [to them In excusing [the Honor to]] here for the peace of the young man] as I aprehend some doubts arise] have sold the Bills unknow] will much oblige me who have]

Sir

Your most Obedient and most Humble Servant BENJ^N. PRICE

TO GUY CARLETON

 $Df.^1$

[Fort Stanwix, October 1, 1768]

Lieut Roberts Commissary of Indⁿ. Trade at Michilimackinac being ordered to Montreal as a prosecutor of Major Rogers, and having when last there been Arrested at the suit of one Morrison on accot of an Act done in the discharge of his duty which he tells me he Once had the honor to lay before you Which may yet be depending I Judged it necessary to give him a few Lines to you, Sir, to remind you of the Affair and of the promises which he informs me you were pleased to make him thereon.

The Whole particulars of the Case he can more fully Explain, The Sum of it as he has laid it before me is That Morrison traded at Toronto contrary to the regulations, was at the request of all the Traders at Niagara Sent for by him, when he pleaded Ignorance of these regulations gave bond to him to observe them & was dismissed without Loss of Time or property,— notwithstanding which L^t Roberts was Since arrested [] for being the Means of Removing him [I have] only farther to Observe that the Kings proclamatⁿ [] the Trade to all his Subjects Subjected [] restruct^{ns}. That these restrictions were [] Trade when Lord

¹ In handwriting of Guy Johnson.

Hillsboro' [appr]oved by his Majesty, as []
[] which I did in part []
[]
under these circumstances [
Deserves undoubtedly to forfeit []
at a place where no post or Officer [
papers in L ^t Roberts's possess ⁿ . will far[
Upon the Whole I make no doubt of your [
L ^t . Roberts that Countenance and Support, which [
the Circumstances & the Authority by which [
he will appear to de	serve.—	

I am Waiting at this place, the [arrival] of the Indians with whom I am to Settle a boun[dary] Line between his Majestys Subjects & them, There [] here the Gov^r. of N Jersey, & of Pennsylvania, [the] Commissioners from Virginia &ca &ca in order to give Ass[urance] on the part of their Govts of their Abiding by w^t. [shall] be entered into, — about 400 Indians are already [] and I expect above 1000 more of the Upper Nations with the Shaw[anese] & Delawares in 3 or 4 Days after which the Con[gress] will be opened, when I hope to Settle these m[atters to] his Majestys satisfaction, and the publick [] I shall be always Glad to hear from [Your Excellency] being with perfect Esteem

Sir

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INDORSED:

I

FROM JONCAIRE CHABERT

A. L. S.

au Detroit ce l^r octobre 1768

MONSIEU

jai l'honneur de vous représenté que les anglois et francois vont aus commerce ou il leurs ploit il demende a m^r. le commendans ou a m^r. hai des permission on leurs refusse il parte toujours et fond Bien leurs afaire il revien on ne leurs dit rien je an Eûsse Bien foit au[ssi] mes comme jai toujours sû obeire [je suis] restée constamen tous ces jensse [me re] tire mes credit cela me fait un tres tor [t] [consi]derable, il mes du gros a [Montre?]al perssonne ne me paye [et ceux à] qui je doit me demende moi qui voudroit faire honne[ur] a mes dette, je suis bien ambaraass[é]. Monsieur, il ny a donc que vous a qui Joré l'honneur une grace vous seul aurait mestre de me lacorder

si vous jugiéz apro[po]s de me permestre dalers au yvernement a sandosquez vous me metré an Etat dans pécher de criez apres et je maquitres prontement si Monsieur m accorde set permission, comme la saison est avancée, je priroit Monsieur de menv[oyer] la permission, par le premier courier p[our] que je peut y allez an traine jai l honneur destre avec un profond [respect] Monsieur

> Votre tres hu[mble et] tres obei[ssant]

> > JONCAIRE [CHABERT]

INDORSED: Le Detroit 1st 8^{br}. 1768 Mons^r. Chabert Jean Coeurs Letter

Translation

Detroit, this 1st of October, 1768

I have the honor to represent to you that the English and the French go trading wherever they please. They ask the commandant or Mr Hay for permission; it is refused, they proceed just the same and do a good business; they return, nothing is said to them. I would have done so too; but, as I have always known how to obey, I have constantly remained here. All those people withdraw their credit from me, which works me a considerable injury. I will wager much that at [Montreal ?] nobody will pay me, while those to whom I owe demand [payment] from me. I, who would like to discharge my debts honorably, am much embarrassed. Sir, You are the only one, then, from whom I shall have the honor [to ask] a privilege you alone have power to grant me.

If you judged it fitting to permit me to go and winter at Sandusky, you would save me from crying in vain for payment and I should promptly pay my debts. If you give me this permission, as the season is advanced, I would beg you to send the permission by the first messenger, so that I can go there at once.

I have the honor to be with profound [respect,] sir,

Your very hum[ble and] very obedient [servant] IONCAIRE [CHABERT]

FROM JACOB W^s. JOHNSON

A. L. S.

Fryday Evening Octobr 7th 1768

I am just now return'd to the Fort I should have come sooner but incidental things prevented — I Shall be ready [] Dei, to wait on your Excellency on the morrow at what [time] & place your Excellency shall please [] order my attendance.

Jacob Ws. Johnson

] Johnson &c.

I

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] know by the

FROM DANIEL CAMPBELL

A. L. S.

[Schenectady, October 9, 1768]

[Your] favour of the 2^d Ins^t. have had the Pleasure of Receiving [] Friday by Captain Jacobs who Arriv'd here that day with his party — & yesterday they Set out for Albany. agreeable to your order have advanced them Sixty pounds much to their Satisfaction I applied for the three days Provisions but did not Reci. for above One day — being no more [in] this Town — I wrote to M^r Van sant at Albany to advance [the] Remainder — I mention those Circumstances that [in] Case you might fall short, of Provisions that you [wou]ld write in time to get them from Albany —

I Extraimly happy to know that [the con]gress is like to be Settled so much to your Satisfaction [l be so advantagious to the Publick Good in [assure you almost] Indians not Coming So Every Body here was greatly [Soon as was Expected [] that the Indians are much] turn out to the Ruin of this [displeasd. Trade, & the Settlement of [all this] 1 this Place is just Arrivd [from Boston] upward of two weeks-] being among the better Sort of People he |] upon his first Coming to Town, [1 ſ high Strain, as if Boston Could frighten all [1 but on the News being of the two Reg[iments] from Hallifax] from the Town. being down on the Bay a those Great Heroes Soon Altered [] Speech & was as] Even before the Mild as if thy had got a [Troops had landed ---1 Respectfull Compliments Mrs Campbell begs [

to you & Colⁿ Johnson [] Dear Sir with Great Respect your Obedient humble [] DANIEL [CAMPBELL]

FROM THOMAS GAGE

A. L. S.¹

New york Octr. 10th 1768.

DEAR SIR,

I have received your favor of 12^{th} Sept., but there being nothing for me to Answer, I have not troubled you with any Letters at a Time when you must have had so much Business upon your Hands.

This will probably Meet you on your Return home from the Congress, and the inclosed Extract of Letters from Cap¹. Forbes² at the Ilinois, and Lieu¹. Col⁰. Wilkins³ in his way to Fort Chartres, will inform you of the occasion of my writing by this Post.

From the Circumstance mentioned by Cap^t. Forbes of the Indians carrying away some Loads of Peltry after they had Murthered the White People, I apprehend they are the same Murthers of which M^r. Watts the Cherokee Interpreter sends advice: and adds, that the White People instead of hunting Buffalo for the use of the Garrison of Fort Chartres, which he conceives they were only employed to do by Captain Forbes, have been killing Deer Bear and Beaver, on the Indians hunting Grounds. Captain Forbes Design of Seizing the Indians when they come to make Excuses for these Murthers, does not seem to me the proper way to obtain Satisfaction, as it has an appearance of a Breach of public Faith. It Strikes me in that Light, but you will know best in what Sense the Indians look upon Such Methods to obtain Satisfaction.

The Western Indians going to war against the Cherokees, seem to Spare neither White or Red People who fall in their

¹ In Harvard College Library, Cambridge, Mass.

² Captain Gordon Forbes, of the 34th regiment.

³ Lieutenant Colonel John Wilkins, of the 18th regiment, commander of Fort Chartres, 1768–69.

Way, - and Some of the war Partys of the Cherokees have acted in the same way. And it is pretty plain, that the Navigation of the Ohio is become very unsafe. The Indians of the Ouabache, Miamis, Pouteatamies, and some Tribes of the Chippewas, which last killed the Boat Crew last year, are those who are principaly concerned in committing Hostilities upon the Ohio. It is highly Necessary to take every Step that can contribute to put an End to them, and to obtain Satisfaction for What has passed. They make much Noise when any of their People are killed and it gives us a great deal of Trouble and creates large Expences to make them Satisfaction. We cannot let these Murthers pass unnoticed, and I should be glad you would be so good immediately to take Such Measures as appear to you the most efficacious, to bring these People to Reason. Mr. Hay' will have informed you what he has done at the Detroit respecting the Murthers of last year on the Ohio, and the killing the Traders at St. Joseph and the Miamis the last winter.

You will hear of the Commotions at Boston, they are a most turbulent seditious People. Two Regiments are landed there from Halifax,² and two more ordered from Ireland. I am obliged to go there to see into the State of Affairs, and propose Setting out from this Place after tomorrow.

I am with great Regards,

Dear Sir,

Your most obedient, humble Servant,

THO^S. GAGE

 S^R : W^M : Johnson Bar^t:

INDORSED: N York October 10th. 1768

From Gen¹. Gage with inclosures.—

¹ Jehu Hay, commissary at Detroit.

² The 14th, 29th and part of the 59th, nearly a thousand men.—Justin Winsor, Narrative and Critical History of America, 6:45.

FROM THE EARL OF HILLSBOROUGH

In the Johnson Calendar, p. 403-4, is listed a letter of October 12th from Lord Hillsborough, Whitehall, considering the new Indian trade arrangement, requiring adherence to the Board of Trade's estimate of expenses, declaring that, if the expense of running the boundary line is to be £10,000, the colonies must provide for it, agreeing to the extension of the line northward of Owegy to include the province of New York, showing why the plan of 1764 for trade regulation is impracticable and approving that now proposed by the Board of Trade. (Printed in Doc. Hist. N. Y., 2:908-11; Q, 2:526-28 and Doc. rel. to Col. Hist. N. Y., 8:101-3.)

FROM L. PERTHUIS

A. L. S.

[au Montreal, October 12^e, 1768]

]SON general

ſ

Comme je doite aler chercher Largean du sr Cazeaux Et adémare jé Lonnheur de vous Marquier Lasomme quilliats a Chaque personne Douze Cents Cinquant trois livre douze sol au sr Cazeaux Et neuf Cents soixent E quelque au sr ademare que jevous prie bien d avoire la bontez de [mettre] dan vos Compt pour nouyork afin que cette [some] vous soite parvenue Lorceque jorez Lonheur [de passer] chevous pour Ce sujay [J'ai] Lonnheur destre avec un profonrespecte

Monsieur

[Votre] Humble E tres obeisen [serviteur] L PERTHUIS

Translation

[Montreal, October 12, 1768]

[SIR WILLIAM JOHN] SON, General

As I am to collect the money owed to Mr Cazeau¹ and Mr

¹ By Colonel John Bradstreet for army stores taken at Oswego August 27, 1763.

Ademare, I have the honor of indicating to you the sum due to each person. Twelve hundred fifty-three livres and 12 sols to Mr Cazeaux and nine hundred sixty and some odd [sols] to Mr Ademare, which I pray you to have the goodness to [put] in your accounts for New York in order that this [money] may be in your hands when I shall have the honor to stop at your house on this business.

[I have the] honor to be with profound respect,

Sir,

Your humble and very obedient [servant]

L. Perthuis

TO THOMAS GAGE

$Df.^1$

[Fort Stanwix, October 13, 1768]

My last was of the 30th ulto. since which [I have] been detained here waiting for the upper Nations [1 Nevertheless are still behind, occasioned by the death of a Seneca Chief, on which account they halted to perform the Ceremony of Condolance.— There are however at this time above 900 Indians here which is unlucky tho' an Unavoideble Circumstance, and occasions such a Consumption of Provisions that had I not bought up sev^I head of cattle & a Ouantity of Corn &c timelier we shod have been distressed on that account. before the Whole could arrive which from w^t. I can hear will be near 3000. The Nations present are the Mohocks, Oneidas, Tuscaroras, Delawares, Nanticokes, Conovs &ca. Those on their Way are the Senecas, Cayugas, Onondagas, Shawanese &ca from Ohio, Col. Lewis one of the Virginia Commiss^{rs}. [is] to attend the Meeting which is to be held on the [borders] of that Province, and Governor Penn [] tired of attending so long talks of going down [1

¹ In handwriting of Guy Johnson.

Especially as the conduct of the [] render it] Government. I am hownecessary that the 1 will be come in about the ever well [I Many friends [upon a Method for With [drawing the French traders] from Amongst the Indians¹ [provided he was Authorized by [Command of a party of the Militia for that purpose [deal with regard to the Detroit Militia wh think might be made usefull on that & many [other] Occasions if under the Command of one of [his Majesty's(?)] Natural born Subjects, and I would take the [recommending him to you for that Station, shou[ld you] think it necessary .-- One material advantage [of then under the Command of an Englishman & [the Convincing the Indians that they were [bound to] Obey us, a Circumstance they now doubt very much and have been [taught that] another is, That there are some occasions in which] are better calculated for our Service than other [T for instance they can be Successfully em[ployed in] bringing in their Own Renegadoes, which [] of difficulty to our people & perhaps could not be done [with the Indians, who would not be [1 French and altho Sev¹. of the [reluctance at first, within [A man who has some person [they would be reduced [1 -selves on being 1 I shall [ŀ I INDORSED: To General Gage.

¹ Lieutenant McDougal, according to the Johnson Calendar, proposed to employ the Detroit militia on this service.

FROM JOHN POWNALL

In the Johnson Calendar, p. 404, is listed a letter of October 13th from John Pownall, Whitehall, informing that Johnson's dispatch to the Earl of Hillsborough has been received and will be laid before the King at the first opportunity. (printed in *Doc. Hist. N. Y.*, 2:911–12; Q, 2:528.¹)

FROM HENRY BOSTWICK

A. L. S.

[Montreal, October 14, 1768]

] waited on You to shew You the Petition we have I] the King and Council for a Grant of Mines I] about Lake Superior - Altho' You accepted of one Share therein, the time was so very short You coud not Examine the Papers I was desired by the Committee to shew You and You referrd me to Captain Claus. Who You Apprehended I should meet at Montreall for further Communication of the same, and of such other Proceedings therein as was thought necessary — I did not meet Captain Claus therefore send You a Copy of the Proceedings and the Meetings held at London, and the Resolutions together with the Names of all the Gentlemen concerned - In the Instructions I have received from the Committee, I am desired to make such Preparations for the Ensuing Year, in this Province, as to carry the Work into Execution without any Retardment.

As I have such a Discretionary power invested in me I wou'd choose to take Every Step for the mutual Good of the Concern — and as it was thought a Reference² may possibly be sent You

¹ The draft of this letter, which is a circular form, in the Public Record Office, shows that the same acknowledgment of dispatches and explanation of delay in answering were sent to General Gage and Governors Moore, Franklin and Penn.

² See Earl of Hillsborough to Johnson, Doc. Rel. to Col. Hist. N. Y., 8:91–92, and Johnson to Earl of Hillsborough, idem, 140–42.

before the Grant woud be acquired. if such a Reference has been sent, or should come, beg You woud be as Expeditious as possible in making Your Report thereto, and advising me thereof at Montreall; that I may have every thing in readiness to set off upon the first breaking up of the Ice — so that may avail Ourselves of the next Year

I think it necessary at the same time to assure You []] when I went into Lake Superiour to make those] the Indians were extreamly well Satisfy'd, and] amongst them for that purpose, and] ready and willing to assist me in] to give me a perfect Know[ledge of]] That []

[] by the first Parties from England to hear [] and although we were apprehensive that a [reference] woud be sent to You; We had great Expectations of [] our Grant Confirmed without that Reference —

As soon as I receive any Letter from the Committee I shall communicate to You their Proceedings —

I beg You woud by the first Opportunity let me know Your Opinion upon the whole, and as some of the Gentlemen concern'd have the Honour of Your Acquaintance, I am well assured They or the Committee woud be glad to hear from You, if You think of writing to the Committee please to send it directed for them under Cover to some other Person who will be carefull in the delivery of it — I shall be glad to hear from You Every Opportunity, and if You can point out any Methods that You think will be for the mutual Advantage of the Concern I beg You woud write them to Me —

I have the Honour to be

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I

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Sir

Your most Obed^t hble Serv^t

HENRY BOSTWICK

LAND ACCOUNT WITH GRACE COSBY

D.

[Account current of Oliver Delancey, James Jauncey, Goldb. Banyer and Peter Remsen with Miss¹ Grace Cosby]

[New York, October 15, 1768]

[bou]ght of Miss Grace Cosby [att]orney to Sir William Johnson for } £6000				
[] Land more Bought of Ditto 500				
£6500				
[bala]nce Over paid Miss Grace Cosby by [Oli]ver Delancy, James Jauncey, Golw. Banyer Peter Remsen 1150. 8. 91/2				
£7650. 8. 9 [1/2]				
[Aug. 1 By Cash paid Miss Cosby [By Cash paid to the Indians [Agreement with Sir [William Johnson] By a Defeciency in the 21000 Acres of [3000 Acres a 5/8½ Curr ^y . ♥ [By Cash paid for the Quit Rents due on 180[00 acres] of Land from 1 st . Janu ^y . 1734 till 1 st [Aug. 1762] Being 28 Years & 7 Months a 29/2 By Cash paid for the Quit Rents due on 2000 Acres of Land from 1 st Augu ^s . 1735 till 1 st Aug ^t . 1762 Being 27 Years @ 29/2				
Aug ^t . 1 By Cash paid for a Mortgage due to Sir Peter Warren St ^r . £662. 3. –				

¹ The Honorable Mrs Cosby.

	Interest on the Above Mortgage for 11 Years & 3 months 5 ⊕ C ^t .		372.9.	
	Advanced a 80 ⅌ Co		1034.12. 827.1[]
1762				
Aug ^t . 1	Ballance Over paid Miss Grac	-	-]
	Mess Oliver Delancy, Jan			1
	Gold ^b . Banyer & Peter [Interest due from Au[gust 1, 1			1
	is 6 Years 2 [months	1]
			[]
	FROM DAVID VAN DER H	IEYDEN		
	A. L. S.			

Albany, Octr: 15th: 1768.

These waits on you with my sincere regard [] serve to Inform you that I this Day Rec^d: the Enclosed Letters [under] Cover from my son Jacob, at Montreal; who informs me that [they] purport to beg the favour of you to return a Bill which Major Rogers drew on your Hon^r. for £1070 10s. N York Curr^{cy}: Dated at Michel^c: 9th: July 1767. Payable to Mons^r. Sanguinett. and that if you return it "that I will have it Protested & sent to him \mathfrak{P} first Conveyance; which he says he does for a friend in Quebec." As there is nothing that I can gather from his letter to my satisfaction I forthwith forward them to you, with this Assurance, that if I can be of any service to you either in this, or any other matter none can be more willing than Hon^d: Sir

Your most Obedient Your most Obedient Humble Servant DAVID VAN DER HEYDEN INDORSED: David Van Derheydens Letter 8^{br} 15th 1768 —

MEMORIAL OF ELEAZER WHEELOCK

In the Johnson Calendar, p. 404, is listed, under Lebanon, October 16, a memorial of Eleazer Wheelock of Lebanon in Connecticut, founder and director of the Indian Charity School, to Sir William Johnson and Governors Sir Henry Moore, Benjamin (should be William) Franklin and John Penn, convened at Fort Stanwix: stating the object and foundation of the school, his desire to extend the work among the Onondages and Tuscaroras, and introducing the Rev. Ebenezer Cleveland and Allen Mather, who will represent this cause at the congress. (printed in Doc. Hist. N. Y., 4:388-89; Q, 4:244-45.)

FROM DANIEL CAMPBELL

A. L. S.

[Schenectady, October 17, 1768]

10 o Clock in the morning

] I had the pleasure of Receiving yours of the 14th ſ Agreeable to which Shall puncitually Observe your [direct]ions as I have not the whole of what you ordered I am Immediately going to Albany - to purchase Such Articles as will Compleat the order

by the Express I now Send 10 yeards of Scarlet Shallom (no Bunting to be had) Mr Clench has not any of the madera wine, you write for to Spare [He] has only a few gallons, at present, for the Use of the 1 I have Some of my] I will Send — I shall own that is midleing Good [do my Self the pleasure [of writing] more fully by the Battoes as I shall not [longer(?) detain the] Express - I am in the mean time Dear

> Sir with Great Respect Your most Hble & Humble Servant DANIEL CAMPBELL

1 INDORSED: 1 8^{br} 17th, 1768

1

FROM JACOB W'S JOHNSON AND DAVID AVERY

In the Johnson Calendar, p. 404, is listed a letter, dated Fort Stanwix, October 17, from Jacob W's Johnson and David Avery, missionaries, asking that the Indians may be secured in their lands for the better propagating of the Gosepl among them. (printed in *Doc. Hist.* N. Y. 4:390– 91; Q, 4:245–46.)

FROM DANIEL CAMPBELL

A. L. S.

I

[Schenectady, October 18, 1768]

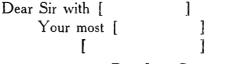
[] Henry Pecke & John Post I Send you Two Battoes [] p^r the Inclosed Invoice Amounting to £573.18.6 one [] Gallons is in two handed One, I have not Charged the [men's] Wages being Something at a loss to know whether it might not be paid as all the Other men are — if So you'd [be] pleased to let M^r Adams give a Certificate

I was verry Happy in having [Some] good English Cheese by me which I had for my own, [] & a Barrell Limes, & as I had them not to dispose of [hav]ing Still plenty for the use of the House) I must Request [the] favour of your Accepting them — there is only two Cheep [] Limes — if I had, had, them for Sale I Should have Charged [in] the Account.

I was not Able to Compleat the 500 [1 1 this Place & Albany Could not now make [you have got all that was in [1 among those,] Sorry I Could 28 verry large fine [Malderia Wine to be as Good not get Some 1 Used of the Same I I I of News here worth mention [] Through this Town Yesterday by [1 I believe the happies man in the [1

tired with the Noise, of Indians at For stan[wix all here greatly affraid, that this long Congress [means to Impair your health much, as the fatigue [Certain must be more than Can well be Immagind [Sincerly that it may not do you any harm

M^{rs} Campbell has not [] got the Young Son — or Daughter — but Expecting to [] to pieces Everry day — You are in fair way of [] the pipe of Wine — She begs to join in com[pliments] to You and am



DAN [IEL CAMPBELL]

]

]

1

1

P. S. I beg my most respectfull Compliments to Governor Franklin & all Friends in General

FROM GEORGE CROGHAN

A. L. S.

Onidea vilidge Tuesday

Evening $\frac{1}{2}$ past five [October 18, 1768]

About an hour Ago I gott hear and to My Surprise found None of the Great pople had Arrived the Cheeffs of this plase Inform^d. Me that they Expected them or the Most part hear tomorrow

I then Deliverd your Mesidge to the Cheefs hear & Made them Dispatch a Mesinger on horse back with itt to meet the Great Body who is to Ride all Night Which I flater Myself he will Do, as I have promisd to pay him

I have Infern^d. them that the Cheeffs from Onidea was to be att Fort Stanwix Tomorrow by 12 A Clock and that there was No Stop to be Made [at] this place Nor Condoling Till the

444

ſ Come Together when you wold [1 that Ceromony, & have Desierd [this Castle to be Ready] with the others as Soon as [] Will Ł Stay hear Till they [] this & if I [l 1 I On his Majestys Service ADDRESSED: To the Honorable Sir William Johnson Barr^t. att

Fort Stanwix

FROM JOHN BROWN

In the Johnson Calendar, p. 405, is listed a letter of October 19th from Jno. Brown Schonactady, mentioning his pleasure and that of the vestry at a letter received from Johnson. (printed in *Doc. Hist. N. Y.* 4:387; Q, 4:244.)

FROM JACOB W'S JOHNSON

In the Johnson Calendar, p. 405, is listed a letter of October 20th from Rev. Jacob W's Johnson at Fort Stanwix to Sir William Johnson, Governor Franklin, and Rev. Mr Peters, Chief Justice Smyth, Colonel Johnson and others, explaining his toast of the day before to the King, declaring his loyalty and also his purpose to resist tyranny. (printed in Doc. Hist. N. Y. 4:392-93; Q, 4:246-47.)

FROM JOHN BRADSTREET

A. L. S.

[Albany Octr. 20, 1768]

M^r. Glen sent me Your letter desiring Sixty Barrells of Provisions to be sent You to Fort Stanwix,—there was but forty Eight in Store, which I order'd to be forwarded as soon as possible; and least you might have Occasion for more directed the Commissary to send for more immediately, which he says he did; should it arrive I shall immediately forward it to You: I am extremely sorry you are so much distress'd upon this Account.

I am

Sir

Your most obedient humble Servant JNº BRADSTREET

FROM DANIEL CAMPBELL

A. L. S.

Albany the 21st October 1768-

] Sir

Your favour of the 17th Ins^t: have Just Came to hand by my young man — I was four miles below this Place, on Board of a Sloop going for New York — I have detaind the Sloop untill I Return

In my letter of the 10th. I informed You [that] I was not I have got a few & two pairs of Christian Blankets, which I hope mav Answer — Since the [1 Could not be had --among the Strouds Sent up there [pair] Black & 4 Red which will make an Assortment I also Send you 1000 Dollars. I have] young Man strict orders to get Some Good honest ſ] the Charge of this money & goods & at the] to give him positive directions to loose ſ] I hope to be back from [1 I be favoured with any your Commands before my Return I I] person who manages my Business in my [absence]. The Invoice of the Goods [] go by the Battos.---I am Dear Sir with the [Respect your most Obed [1 Humble Servant

DANIEL CAMPBELL

SIR WILLIAM JOHNSON Baronet

ſ

ADDRESSED: To The Honourable Sir William Johnson Baronet at Fort Stanwix

FROM JOHN GLEN

A. L. S.

1

I

[Schonectady, October 21, 1768]

[] Received your favor a yesterday [] I immideatly sent express to Co¹. Bradstreet I am Sorry there is no more provisions at Albany as I would have [] it up with the Otmost Dispatch []am much Oblige to you for have letting Co¹ Butler Buy the Land for us. & that [you] have Spoke to the Indians about [] I would have Beg'd the favor of you [] agree with the Indians for me. But [] Certain you have To much Business [] with Such a Number of Indians.

I am Your Most Obed^t and Most Humble Servant JNO GLEN

FROM JACOB W'S JOHNSON

In the Johnson Calendar, p. 405, is listed a letter of October 22d from Rev. W's Johnson, at Fort Stanwix, expressing apprehension of injury from the Senecas. (printed in *Doc. Hist. N. Y.* 4:393; Q, 4:247.)

TO THE EARL OF HILLSBOROUGH

In the Johnson Calendar, p. 405, is listed a letter of October 23d, written at Fort Stanwix, to the Earl of Hillsborough, mentioning obstacles to the boundary settlement interposed by the French and Spaniards, the delayed attendance of Shawanese, Delawares and Senecas, the great consumption of food, Indian dissatisfaction, work of French and Spanish agents and their scheme for a Misisipi congress. (printed in *Doc. Hist. N. Y.* 2:912–15; Q, 2:528–30 and *Doc. Rel. to Col. Hist. N. Y.* 8:104–6.)

FROM JOHN LEVINE

A. L. S.

[New York, October 23, 1768]

[] Johnson Hall the 7th Ult^o. which did not [come] to hand till the 17th: when it was in vain [to ex]pect to see you, as you must then be set [out] for the Congress.

you can hardly conceive how extreamly mortifying it was to me to receive so very polite an Invitation at a time too late to accept it, This, Sir, is but one of many such pranks, Madam Fortune has play'd me; by robbing me of happiness intended me by my better Genius. Tho' this I belive will satisfy her, as she cou'd not injure me more than, by detaining yr: letter, deprive me of the Honour you design'd me & perhaps of being encircled in the Ivory arms of some Lovely Princess of the Woods." whose ample [for]tune and lively agreeable conversation [woud] Crown the rest of my days. F 1 the greatest happiness I expect [] that of continuing in l esteem; which I shall ever possession [] have the honour to [I great truth

[

FROM JOHN WOLF BARELETT

A. L. S.

[Stoneraby, October 24, 1768]

1

Sir

[]ve bin acusd of Takeing and Stealing of Wheat out of my Mill by William markell he hath bin three times to Justice klock to make his Complant and Justice klock — Sent me Word to com to him Wich I went to his house Amedeately and he told me that the Said Markell had made his Complant against me that he had fell Several Pounds of flower to Short in a Sack of of Wheat that Was Ground att my mill but he Said that the Said markell att Every Deferent time had told a Deferent Story and that he had a old Grudg aganst me he [sen]t him of Without any Sadisfaction and [still] he Makes itt his business to brake my [] and Corrocter as much as he Can Sir [Yo]ur Excelence Will Receve this [] my Complant hopeing to Git []

> Your hum^e: Sar^{vt}. [JOHN] WOLF BARELETT

ADDRESSED: Mr:

Sr: William Johnson these

THE TREATY OF FORT STANWIX

In Doc. Rel. to Col. Hist. N. Y., 8:111-34, are printed the proceedings of Johnson with the Six Nations and dependent tribes at Fort Stanwix from October 24th to November 6th. Pages 135-37 have the deed, signed by six chiefs and representatives of New Jersey, Virginia and Pennsylvania, Johnson attesting, which fixed a boundary between the northern colonies and the Indians. It is accompanied by Guy Johnson's map.

FROM JOHN BRADSTREET

A. L. S.

[Albany, October 25, 1768]

[There] is about Seventy Barrells of Provisions arriv'd from New York, which will be forwarded to you as soon as possible; it will be but a small help and I am really sorry for it: I do not hear of any more coming; but if any Should come in time You may depend on its being sent You without loss of time. I am

> sir Your Most Obedient humble Servant JNº BRADSTREET

INDORSED: [] 1768

[Brad]streets letter

FROM JACOB W'S JOHNSON

In the Johnson Calendar, p. 405, is listed a letter of October 30th from Jacob W's Johnson, at Fort Stanwix, to Sir William Johnson, Governor Franklin, Colonel Grahoon (Geo. Croghan?) and Colonel Butler, asking that the Indians, specially the Onoida's may be preserved in the possession of their lands, in order that they may be reached by missionaries and teachers. (printed in *Doc. Hist. N. Y.* 4:394; Q, 4:248.)

LETTERS OF JACOB W'S JOHNSON

In the Johnson Calendar, p. 406, are listed two letters, the first of October 31st, the second undated, written by Rev. Jacob W's Johnson at Fort Stanwix. The first is to the chiefs of the Six Confederate Nations, announcing that the Rev. Dr Eleazer Wheelock, of Lebanon, is about to set up a college for the Indians, under the patronage of the King, the Earl of Dartmouth and others and proposing that the Indians furnish a site on or near the Mohawk (printed in *Doc. Hist. N. Y.* 4:395; *Q*, 4:248–49). The second to Johnson, asking that the Indians be informed that illness keeps him away from the congress. (printed in *Doc. Hist. N. Y.* 4:391–92; Q, 4:246.)

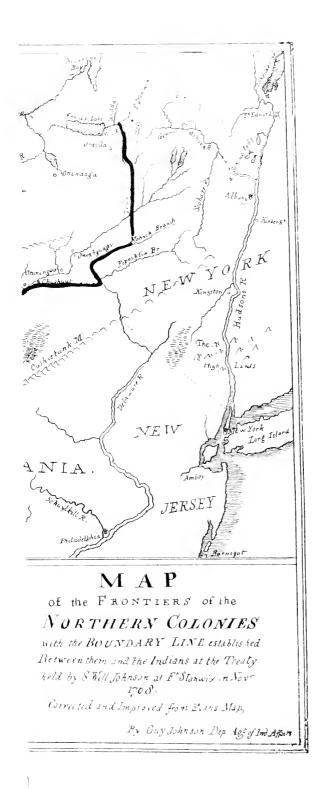
THOMAS GAGE TO LORD HILLSBOROUGH

Extract

Boston, 3^d Nov^r. 1768

[Your] Lordship has transmitted me a Petition of Henry Bostwick and others to the King for a Grant of some Copper mines near Lake Superior, together with a Representation from the Lords of Trade to His Majesty on the said Petition—

There is no doubt that there are Copper Mines in the Country round Lake Superior, and in some parts large Bedds of rich Copper Ore, very near the Surface which may be dug with great Ease. It is Supposed that these Bedds of Copper would be soon Exhausted, & Notwithstanding they lye so near the Surface, it is apprehended unless the Ore is also strongly Im-



pregnated with particles of Gold, it would not answer the Expence to work them. In the time of the French one La Ronde had a grant of Mines near Lake Superior, which ruined him in a Short time. And when I was at Montreal an English Merchant gave me a lump of Copper Ore brought from one of the Bedds near Lake Superior, desiring I would grant him permission to dig as much as he could of it, and bring it down. The merchant was desired to make a Calculation of all the [expenses] that must Attend the Undertaking, and to See] would answer even on a Supposition that I] he should dig nothing but pure [copper ſ] He returned in a few 1 ſ

INDORSED: [] Gage to L Hillsborough Dated Boston 3^d Nov^r. 1768

FROM RACHEL WETHERHEAD

A. L. S.

New York Novem^r 8: 1768

Sir

I take the pleasure of writing these few lines which I hope you are safe arrived before this time from a tedious and troublesome journey which I hope you have got no cold by it I received a Letter from M^r Wetherhead a few days ago wherein he desires me to send the wench and two children which you spoke for some time ago and accordingly i have sent her and she bears a very extraordinary character which I hope she will turn out a good servant to so worthy a Master I have sent you a half dozen of Bottles of Virgin honey which I hope you will accept of small as it is and a Barrell of Oysters When M^r Wetherhead went from home he said he would not stay above three weeks But Sir I think it has been a long three weeks but I hope it will be now pretty near at an end

> I am Sir your most Obedient and humble Servant RACHEL WETHERHEAD

[Sir] W^M Johnson

INDORSED: New York [] & &

M^{rs} Wetherhead [] wth. a Wench & 2 [children] rec^d. 20th. Nov [1768] Ansrd. y^e. 9th. Decb^r.

FROM THOMAS MOFFATT

A. L. S.

N London Nov^r 9th 1768

Sir

By M^r Chews letters I have the pleasure of knowing that You are in better health than when here which I hope will still continue to amend: and perhaps another Tour to N London in the most proper season for Sea bathing would contribute to confirm and compleat.

By the insinuations in publick prints and private letters there appears a probability of Your Friend G Murrays coming into N England with a principal command Civil and Military

The Regiments from Ireland are said to be arrived in Boston — where all seems Quiet awaiting the Kings pleasure or the determination of parliament concerning their future civil establishment about which since the Dissolution of their [Great] General Court a variety of Opin[ions] are now current which tidings [from] White Hall will sooner or [later] with more certainty than all [our speculation (?)] on that subject. Yesterday [] with Her Son Joseph [] well in Town and was told the [] was very well at home —

M^r Stewart the Col[lector] Captⁿ Oliver and a few others [here] wish You health and every felicity as doth

> S^r. Your most Obedient and most Humble Servant THOMAS MOFFATT.

In commemoration of the popish plot I had some windows broke but cannot ascribe it to the []or Cause of *Liberty* as it is gene[rally] resented and prosecution will [be] against the Assailants by the []

1

INDORSED: Novbr. [

Doctor Moffatt rec^d. 23^d.

TO THOMAS GAGE

 $Df.^1$

Johnson hall Novr. 13th, 1768

Sir/

Since the receipt of your Letters of the 10th. ult^o My time has been so totally engrossed with the Indians & the Affairs of the Treaty that I had Scarcely a Moment To myself, and indeed from the many difficultys, delays, and obstructions I could not take upon me to Write with absolute Certainty concerning the Issue of my proceedings,

The Indians had several belts of a very dangerous Tendency amongst them, The distance of time since the first proposal of the boundary, and the Artifices practised upon them since, with a Variety of other concurring circumstances had made the boundary to appear in a very [different] Light to the Indians than

¹ In handwriting of Guy Johnson.

before, & consequently rendered [it a work] of much difficulty,— The Upper Nations were [] the way, performed several Condolances and [] Meetings together This retarded the [and greatly incre]ased the expence, particularly in the [] above 1000 of them were Assembled for [] in who together made abt 3100, so that I was necessitated to buy up all the [cattle I could] procure for them also Corn pease flour &ca

As I only returned here Yesterday [] it is but in my power to inform you that notwithstanding the many difficulties and delays I had to Struggle with The Line is at length settled beyond my expectations, & more favorably than was proposed by the Crown, They [have] executed a Deed of Cession to his Majesty, and I have reason to think are returned home in a much better disposition than they came out with — The particulars I am necessitated to deferr for the present, but I shall as soon as possible lay them before you, together [with] the Material part of my Transactions, and [shall] be very happy to find that they meet with your []

I now enclose As many of y^e [accounts for y^e] half Year, as are come to my hands, for y^e [] I will be glad to have y^r. Warrant, & I shall [] Post the Acc^t. of Expences w^h. attended the [Congress]

1

INDORSED: Nov. [

To General Gage

THOMAS GAGE TO JOHN BROWN

Extract 1

Boston Nov^r. 13th. 1768.

Sir William Johnson has found it necessary to continue his Interpreters & Smiths some time longer. When he shall dis-

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¹ In British Museum. Additional Manuscripts 21678. fo. 118, London, England.

charge them, it will be very proper that one of each be retained at Niagara and some trifling Presents admitted of from the Officer Commanding to the Savages, of which more will be said at a proper time.

INDORSED: 2 Gen¹ Gage dated 13 Nov^r. 1768 Boston rec^d 20th & Ans^d 23^d Janry

1769 Relative to Vessels burnt, that proper Precaution has not been taken, by having a Guard, and that triffling presents from the Commanding Officer to the Savages will be admitted off.

FROM SAMUEL AUCHMUTY

A. L. S^{1}

New York November 14th. 1768-

WORTHY SIR

Your two last favors of the 24th Sep^r & the 20th Octo^r came safe to my hand. I am extremely glad to find that the Society's letter was agreeable to you. I am very sure that that venerable & good Body, will do everything that may be recommended by you for the benefit of the Indians your way; and I am very solicitous that some worthy Clergymen may be sent among them, before their ² Religious principles are debauched by the stupid Bigots that Wheelock is continually turning too go among them. The great and cruel Difficulty the Church of England labors under, in regard to Ordination, is a terrible Impediment to the progress and increase of the Church. This the Dissenters well know, and therefore exert all their Interest to prevent com'on Justice being done to the Established Religion of the

¹ In Library of Congress, Washington, D. C.

² A word blotted in the manuscript.

Realm - Policy one would imagine, were there no other Motives, would induce his Majestys Ministers to consent to an American Episcopate; but it seems they are either ignorant of good policy, or are determined not to indulge his Maivs best Subjects in their Just & legal requests. History can'ot parallel a greater or more cruel hardship. Excuse this digression, which flows from a heart deeply sensible of the danger the Church is exposed to, from the cruel treatment it receives from those, whose duty it is to patronize and protect it --- The Salaries the Society offer for missionaries I think too small, considering the Services they will have to perform: however, I make no doubt but, that they may be augmented, if proper persons could be found. Since the receipt of your Letters, I have seen mr Seabury, & Dr Cooper and myself have prevailed upon him to pay you a visit this fall, provided he can in any manner leave his Family. He undoubtedly is the fitest Man I know to begin a mission having sufficient Abilities, Constitution, Zeal and firmness for such an undertaking Should he be induced to settle with you, or at Schenectady, I make no doubt but that his example would be followed by Others soon. I can'ot yet think that Murray will do for Schenectady - perhaps I may be wrong. I wish their could be a popular preacher found for that place.

In my last, I mentioned to you my Determination to pay M^{rs} Barclay the £500 as soon as the money can be called in. I have since stired in the Affair, and I hope long before the Spring to have the Deeds in my possession. I am glad you approve of my plan for having a School Master fixed on part of the farm & wish that we had one now ready. The person I mentioned to you formerly is, I believe setled for the present at the High Lands — I have some Memorandum concerning him which I will endeavor to find, & will write to him. In the interim shall be looking out for another, as several will be wanted. I wish the Society had also mentioned what Salary they were willing to allow to a School Master; however their silence on this head ought not to retard the settling one or more as soon as possible. I am very confident that they will give whatever you may think a quantum meruit.

In one of your Letters you are kind enough to mention that poor unhappy man Browne. I hardly know what to say on the Subject. That he has been very imprudent is beyond doubt; and that he owns his failings, & is very solemn in his protestations of amendment is also certain: but how or in what manner to recommend him is a difficulty that neither Dr Cooper nor myself. (his only Friends among the Clergy) can well tell. We Commiserate the Man, pity his Family, and if we can serve him consistent with our Characters we will do it. If therefore some general Character of his late decent behavior, & your hopes of his being useful for the future, should appear under your hand, we will also give him a letter that may be of some little service to him. The poor man is now starving; if he only could procure a Curacy in Virginia it would be bread for him - Upon the whole a few lines from you in his favor will I hope be well bestowed, & they shall be backed by Dr Cooper & myself. The man has Abilities & may yet turn out a useful man. He has bit sufficiently upon the Bridle which it's to be hoped will reclaim Him. I am extremely obliged to you for the account you have given me of one of Wheelocks Cubs - Surely such Wretches ought not to be suffered to go among the Indians. Such independent fire-brands are wicked eno' to kindle a Civil War. With your permission the acct shall be transmitted to the Society ----They will then see the absolute Necessity of sending Missionaries &c, if they have not already, among the Indians - They will then see in what ma'ner the good people have been gulled out of their money to serve a dirty biggotted ¹ Enemies both to Church and State. I have mentioned the Affair to numbers of Gentleⁿ, concealing your Name, who are amazed at the Impudence & Ignorance of the Fellow, & are of opinion that the Gov^r ought to be informed of it, which I can'ot take upon myself to do, without your leave.

¹ Word blotted.

Thus Sir, I have hastily answered the Substance of your two last Letters; and most heartily wish that something more material than writing was done. I have great expectation that M^r Seabury will be able, after conversing with you, effectually to serve the glorious Cause, you have so much at heart. Be assured that it is constantly uppermost in my mind, and that no pains nor trouble on my part shall be wanting to bring the proposed Scheme to perfection. I hope you have had a happy Meeting with the Indians, and have agreeable setled all matters with them.—

With most sincere respects & prayers for your Health; I have the honor to be; Worthy Sir,---

Y^r much obliged Obed^t Serv^t

SAM^L AUCHMUTY.

INDORSED: from D^r. Auchmuty Nov. 14, 1768.

TO ABRAHAM MORTIER

Df.

[Johnson Hall, November 14, 1768]

I wrote you in September last before I set out for Fort stanwix requesting you would send me a Parcel of Dollars for to pay the Indians with, a long with the goods for the Cession of Land they were to make to the Crown, and as M^r Adams had Received but about £8000 Cur^{cy} out of the £10,000 sterling which I then wrote the General would be about the sum I should want for that purchaise, I had reason to Expect you would answer my Demand, but I never had even a Line from you on the Subject, which distressed me greatly and Obliged me to set every Engine to work on my own Credit to get between four and five thousand pounds in Dollars, nay I was obliged to Borrow 3000 Dollars from the mohawks money which M^r Remsen then paid them for Kayadarosseras — By M^r Adams I now send my last half years Acco^{ts}. the amount of which [I] would have paid to M^r Adems as soon as [the] General grants his Warrant for the same [] that you will be in Cash to answer [] of the other Acco^t. against I] which will be in about a week or [ſ 1 that of the Late Treaty [] I am sorry to say it 1 I I am [1 Your most [] Humble s[ervant] INDORSED: Letter [] ₩ Mr. Ad[ems]

CERTIFICATE FOR JOHANNIS PETRY AND OTHERS

A. D. S.¹

Johnson Hall Novbr. 15th. 1768

[[[] Certify that Johannis Petry] y ^e . carrying place]own, 166 loads at 3 P	£24	18	
[]y 55 load at 3 🕀	8	5	-
[[] Petry 52 loads at 3 🕀] Petry 30 loads at 3 🕀	7 4	16 10	-
[[[]one riding, was carrying pre]sent for the Ind ^s . the Boats, carri]age, &ca. to & from Fort Sta ly] my Orders —	£45 nwix	9	
INDORSED	: July 18 th . 1770 B t the within [] My Hand £459	W. Jof	INSON	4

¹ Document in handwriting of Guy Johnson; the signature Sir William's.

FROM THE EARL OF HILLSBOROUGH

In the Johnson Calendar. p. 406, is listed a letter of November 15th from the Earl of Hillsborough, at Whitehall, regarding the mischiefs wrought among the Indians by French subjects, an inclosed copy of his Majesty's speech at the opening of Parliament, with the addresses of both Houses, and the birth of a princess. (printed in *Doc. Hist. N. Y.* 2:916-17; Q. 2:530-31 and *Doc. Rel. to Col. Hist. N. Y.* 8:109.)

FROM JOSEPH CHEW

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[Albany, November 17, 1768]

ſ] vesterdav [1 [] find as he Lays by the [1 his Backside but M: Cartwright [I has had a severe Fever this I believe to [] and that he now Lays the Blame on [] Fundys horse in Order to Excuse himself [for] not taking the Vomit at the Hall - Our Noble]ident held out untill this morning when he was ſ. [ob]liged to take a dose and Can you believe me after throwing out and Discharging almost half [] Hhd he settled the matter with a Large Glass [] old Nants — and about a pound of Fine Corn'd Beef

we sent our horses of this morning to Poughkeepsy by Master Jack and Shall go down [] Sloop with Col^o. Croghan] it being the best Road to & M: Adams to that [New London & that [] the Colony — I was this day Brot to by []ster who lives near the House we used to [] he is I find a great Son of Liberty and] he got nothing from me that will [ſ 1 I have heard from New London and [] Family were well about fourteen davs [] Ill before that time Since my] making them Very Happy [1 I

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A. L. S.

Should be a wretch [1 1] L grieves and distresses me [] Return I have] you are the only at present [man of this age who [] distresed under your protection from the [] of doing them service without any other [] assisting them] Prayers you'l live long only if Heaven h [ears to injoy that pleasure [] sure you feel on such occasions ----] may be the Case no man on Earth wishes and that [] with greater Zeal and Fervencey then or d[Dear sir Your most Oblid [1 & most Obed^t s[1 Jos Chew P S Colº Fitch begs his best Compliments to you - there is a Little sloop bound from here to New London that will sail in about 10 days I have desired Mr. Cartwright to put the Trunk on Board of him -I have been greatly mo [rtified over leaving] the Hall without wishing m [iss Molly Tell] her so it was Really owing [in that time [1 Τo ADDRESSED: The Hon^{ble} Sir William Johnson Bar^t. Favour Mr Wall Iohnson Hall

¹ Several lines burned away.

FROM JAMES PHYN

A. L. S.

Schenectady 17th November 1768

I I had the pleasure of your favour 12th Inst. & imedly on] went over the Town to try for Dollars, I am sorry to say my [endea] vours have proved but unsuccessfull the people either not [hav]ing 'em or being but little inclin'd to Oblige. altho' I intimate [d the] purpose I was collecting them for, in short I have gote a [pro]mise of abt. 300 which will only be exchanged for N Y. C: youll [therefore] be pleas'd to examine your Cash & send me to that amot. in [York] Bills. I have desir'd Monier & Cartwright to look out [] Albany when I hear from them will write again that you [l a sum equal to whats expected there, at present we 1 out of Cash otherway shou'd apply it on the present [1.] weeks since I return'd from N. Y & has the I] you that our affairs in the upper Countries L] well as times goes, I imagin few connec-[] more fortunate. I beg Leave to return you my best thanks for so friendly an enquiry [1 am sensible your time is engaged to conclude With [1 imaginable respect Sir Your much Obliged & very Hum 1 IAMES PHYN A Strong S-ly Wind & Colol Croghan Adams &c yet in Albany

The Henbe Sir WM. Johnson

INDORSED: [James] Phyns Letter Novb^r. 17th 1768

FROM JOHN WETHERHEAD

A. L. S.

[Albany Novr. 17,] 1768

[] some other Articles [sent] forward to morrow to M^r Phyn & I [] Thing will be to your Satisfaction —

The Bearer of this M^r Wall, has applyd to me for an Introduction to you — it Seems he is very anxious to be employed by you in the Capacity of a School Master; As I am an entire Stranger to him, you will know best what to Say to him, as you will very Easily find out his Qualifications if he has any —

Our poor Friend Fitch's Backside has been most Miserably Clapper Clawd in his Journey hither, he is however much better & we all Set out to morrow I shall be happy to hear you enjoy Such a State of Health & Happiness As I Sincerely wish you— In hopes of which I begg Leave to Subscribe myself

Dear Sir Your most Obligd hble Servt

John Wetherhead

Sorry I did not take Leave of Miss Molly — I begg Sir [] be pleasd to Assure her, that it was not for want of [] the Effect of Stupidity or Something very []

INDORSED: Mr. Wetherheads letter

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Novbr. 17th 1768

TO SAMUEL AUCHMUTY

$Df.^1$

Johnson hall Novr. 18th 1768.

Sir,

My last was of the 20th. ult^o. from Fort Stanwix since which I have beyond my Expectations Settled the boundary Line, considering the many obstructions it met with and the humour the Indians have been in thro' the belts they have received from the Spaniards & the endeavors of their Crafty Agents the French,— The new England Mission^{yrs}. mentioned in my last were very busy in persuading the Ind^s. to refuse to make an advantagious Cession, but to keep their Lands for the purposes of Religion, They Memorialled me to the same effect & publickly declared they had given & wo^d. give all the Obstruction in their power to it, of which I think I Informed you in my last. —

I hope to hear from you soon on the Subject of my former Letters &ca being at present to inform you that I have set on foot a Collection from the Governors & Gentlemen who attended the Treaty for the finishing Schenectady Church to the Amt of abt £60, which will Sufficiently answer the purpose, and hope your Endeavors will be successfull in obtaining a Clergyman for them —

The Indians of Conajoharee have some amongst them well Qualified to read prayers, & seem very desirous of having a Church, where they might occasionally have divine service when the Mohock Mission is established. With this View they have set aside some Money & purpose to appropriate as much as they can of the produce of their hunting, but as that will be tedious, they have sollicitted Me to endeavor to obtain a Collection for enabling them to finish the Work, a request which I could not refuse & accordingly resolved to mention it to you, that I might

¹ In Library of Congress, Washington, D. C. In handwriting of Guy Johnson.

be informed whether you think it practicable to raise something for them by application to the Congregation at N. York or otherwise — This if put in practise must give them a very favorable opinion of the people, and the Donation would be directed to a very laudable purpose, as these poor people have some knowledge of Christianity & a Strong Inclination to be better informed to which a fixed place of Worship would greatly contribute by encreasing their attention to the dutys of Religion & inspiring them with a reverential awe naturally created by places set apart for these purposes.—

Please to inform me whether you think such a thing Practicable, as also concerning the subject of my last and be assured that I always am with great Esteem

Sir &ca

The Rev^D. D^R Auchmuty.

INDORSED: Nov^r 18th. 1768 —

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To D^r Auchmuty concern^g the build^g a Church at Conajoharee.

FROM DUDLEY DAVIS

A. L. S.

Schenectady Novr. the 18th. 1768 ----

[

I take the Liberty to send the Bearer hereof to Endeavour to gett the Cherry planks Conveyd to M^r. Funday's, that I may have them brought hither as soon as possible, being much in want of some Furniture.

I hear the English Church here is soon to be finish'd and as the Bearer is an Excellent Workman an Irishman and a protestant, I beg Leave to Recommend him for the Carpenters work of it, and will Engage he will do it as well and as Cheap as any person, he has view'd it already — I heartily Congratulate you on your Safe return home, & am Sir, with due Respect, your

> Most Humble & obedient Servant DUDLEY DAVIS

] servants to Assist the Bearer

Τo

ADDRESSED:

Sir William Johnson Bar^t. Johnson Hall

Memorandum of Indian address on back:

- 1st glad to see me at my fire & bid me Welcome Home
- 2^d letting me know y^e leaves were so long & think they could not hear w^t. was s^d. at F Stanwix
- 3^d Clear my Eyes to See y^m. Clearly & to open my Ears —
- 4th. to remind me of y^e old agreement, that when Br^s. Met & Saw a hole on ye others Cloaths he gave him a patch to Mend it also Some powder to kill birds &ca. Abraham at Chenangey, Arent, an Elderly Man lives at Chughnut

TO THOMAS GAGE

$Df.^1$

[Johnson Hall, November 18, 1768]

[] the desire of the Gentlemen Signified [the in]closed Letter from L^t. Roberts I send it You [] with the Copy of a Letter from Ensign Robert Johnston to me, not with a View to his prejudice but to Shew the Sentiments he formerly conceived of Rogers, I find that *Ainse* the Interpreter, who I have always understood to be a good Man, of much Influence amst the Indians is now in Jail loaded with Irons, on a Charge of M^r. Bostwick that he was present & busy in the

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¹ In handwriting of Guy Johnson.

plundering his goods at Michilimackinac altho' he has (as I am informed) Certificates of his good behavior at that time.- I know there are sev!, french men Whom the Traders have sworn to be aiding & Assisting in both Robberies and Murders during the Indian War who have hitherto escaped with Impunity, If Ainse is of that number he deserves no favor, but should it appear that at this distance of time he has been arrested to invalidate his Testimony, on accot of the Weight of [his] Evidence agt Rogers, and that people busied themselves [in Rogers] behalf thro' an Apprehension that they should [1 Money unless he was acquitted, I think the [l and that the Man deserves Relief. [1 favour I take the liberty to [being only meant to 1 that ſ 1 I 1 ſ of this [] parts of my Transactions [] Next post. — My great hurry [from Fort] Stanwix has I find occasioned l vour Letter of the 10th ulto. with inm] Ilinois &ca on the subject of closures [which I likewise [1 Information about the same time.-It is impossible to prevent the Nations about the Ouabache from being Guilty of some disorders so long as the Spaniards or rather the French their Agents have that Inter[est] with them which they now actually have, at the sam [e time] Such acts of Violence are not to be borne with, and some Measures sho^d be imediately taken to check them.

As the Chiefs of the Shawanese, & Delawares [attended] the Late Treaty, and as the former in particular [] Much Intercourse & Connection with those you m[ention] I have spoke to them & the rest generally at the [] & now as they return home by this route, I ha[ve] Spoke to them on these Subjects, with belts to [] to be Communicated to all their Con[nections in such a] Manner as may I hope be paid rega[rd to.] that can occurr to me, shall be

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] regard paid to whatever you [ſ] I perfectly agree with [1 to Fort [apprehend [ſ] unless we are [prepared to] put our threats into immediate execu-

[The Indians, who are natur]ally a Cool people untion. accustomed to utter [their] Sentiments with much Warmth, do usually consider a [threat] as a Declaration of War, & in general act accordingly and shod we fail of accompanying our Words with Actions they acquire fresh Courage & fury from the Suppositon that We are afraid, or unable to Attack them, for amongst themselves should one Nation affirm they are angry with another, hostilities always ensue if the partys are able to Commit them & they are too Apt to Judge of others by them-[Common Justice without Aiming at a Compliment selves. obliges me here to observe That altho' I wod not be understood to Condemn Gentlemen whose slender knowledge of these Matters occasioned very different sentiments, your conceptions herein have been always Consistent with sound policy, and displayed a Superior Judgment in these Affairs, the effects of which the public feel the benefit of.²]

I hope you find Matters go on quietly at Boston, I believe you know my Sentiments of these people. They never expected that the Government would have adventured to [find] fault with their conduct & their Mortification is equal [to their] disappointment.

INDORSED: To Gen¹. Gage with inclosures concern^g Major Rogers.-

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¹ Several lines burned off.

² Crossed out in the manuscript.

TO JAMES JEFFREYS

$Df.^1$

Johnson hall Nov^r 18th. 1768.

Sir

I heartily Sympathize with you on the Melancholy event of M^{rs}. Cosbys death, a Lady for whom I had a very high esteem, on whose account as well as from the Amiable Character of her Surviving Connections I shall most willingly do Lady Fitzroy & yourself any offices of friendship within the Compass of my power.

Eight days ago Doct^r Shuckburgh delivered me your favor of May last together with the power of Attorney & other papers relative to the Estate of the late Mrs. Cosby of which I shall take due notice, and shall as soon as possible set about the Settlement of your Affairs here, at present being newly returned from holding a Treaty with the northern Indians for settling a Boundary Line which I have at length advantageously effected between them, and the Colonies, and having many dispatches & lists to make up for the Ministry in consequence thereof I cannot be so particular as I could wish, I must however observe that you will find by my Letter to Mrs. Cosby of the 12th March 1765 there is a Necessity for your Settling the Affair of the Mortgage & Quit rents, or of paying the ballance to Mr De Lancey, You will likewise find that there was a deficiency of 3000 acres, Returned by the late Survey of the Tract computed to be 21000 perhaps on a ReSurvey the deficiency may not prove so Great, or probably it is made up by the quantity on the other Side of the River occasioned by its bending to the Northward so that the Two Tracts tho' differing in Extent may make 42000 acres, & I see by ye acct. of Fees sent me that the one is larger than the other - If so, & that Mr DeLancev

¹ In American Antiquarian Society, Worcester, Mass.; in handwriting of Guy Johnson.

will buy the remainder which he was once desirous of doing it can make no difference, - I understand that the right to the Tract on the south Side, opposite that already purchased by M^r De Lancey, is in M^r. Wm Cosby who is incapable of business, This is the opinion of the Lawyers at New York which I communicated to Mrs. Cosby who in Answer assured me that she had the advice of Council in her favor, - Mr De Lancev in a Letter to me in 1765 says "I am still determined to make the Purchase of the other side but find she [Mrs. Cosby] Can't make a Title for the same as it is now circumstanced during her Sons Life, nor afterwards unless Lady Augustus & the Duke of Grafton first Convey to her their right of reversion to W^m. Cosbys Lands as one of them is heir to his Estate after his death & she has no Title in them." I find also by Gov^r Cosbys Will that he Conveyed that Tract on the South side to his Son Wil-You will therefore please in case it is still meant to liam. dispose of the South side of Cosbys Mannor to do what is needful for making out the Title, and also to inform me as Speedily as possible whether you mean to Settle the Affair of the Mortgage & debts in England.

I have at present only time to add that I shall be happy in Executing any Services for the advantagious Settlement of your affairs in America, & that I am with most respectfull Compliments to Lady FitzRoy,

> Sir, Your most obedt & most humble Servt.

P. S. I find on a second perusal of the power of Attorney to me that in the Recital M^{rs} Cosby is said to have Made her Will the 4th day of March whereas the date of the Will is the 4th day of May, I don't know how far this might operate agt the Power according to the Strictness of Law, & shall be glad you'll consider it.

JAMES JEFFREYS Esq^r.

FROM PETER MIDDLETON

A. L. S.

N. York 18th Nov. 1768

]] ago I troubled you with a Letter [} M^r Uptons Mandamus for 20000 Acres¹ [you you was so kind as to give me an Answer. l you can now since the late Acquisition of territory answer this also on the same Subject with some Prospect of serving my Freind. S^r. Harry [has] never yet located Mr Uptons Lands, nor pointed out a Place, except in a Purchase on the South [1 the Mohawks River, where he must have not only paid the Indian Purchase, but given also a Gratuity to the original Patentees. should be extremely obliged to you, could you point out a] where I could locate with Advantage for [1 Ĩ Upton; He has send me a Power of Attorney [for] that purpose. Pray is it fair to ask if the [] for the Property] that Congress; Or if the of the Soil acquired [At this Distance, & among Petitioners are to [1 People, it is hard for me to find out so many] Uptons Mandamus; And I should a] oblige him thro your Means [L acknowledge your Service in [l as I receive I 2] be so kind as to [I Dear [1 Your [PETER [MIDDLETON] Τo ADDRESSED: The Hon^{ble} Sir William Johnson Bart. att Johnson Hall

¹See Calendar of Land Papers, p. 379, 466 and 487.

² Several lines missing.

TO THOMAS PENN

 $Df.^1$

Johnson Hall Nov. 18th 1768.

Dear Sir

I have had the favor of yours of the 11th. Augt. from Margate and embrace the first Opportunity since My return from holding the Treaty at Fort Stanwix to Acquaint you that after a Great Struggle & more difficulty than can be conceived by those who were not Eye Witnesses I have at length in the Settlement of the boundary Line procured for you a very advantagious Cession, which altho' Less than I could wish was more than I had reason to Expect from the ill humour the Ind^s have been put in by the French & Spaniards who had sent them belts & an Invitatⁿ. to a Meeting at the Misisipi where they were about going when my Message reached them. The New Englanders were very busy in private to oppose this & two Missionarys sent by Dr Wheelock of Connecticut came up & not only delivered me a mem¹, to restrict the Provinces, & not Suffer the boundary to go far North or West but to reserve those Lands for the purposes of Religion, but also busied themselves much amongst the Oneidas whose property the Susquehanna is to prevent them from granting any Lands that way, this the Missionarys avowed in the presence of Mr. Peters Nephew & sev¹. other Gentlemen I need not to describe the boundary as Gov^r. Penn has done it e're now, but I flatter myself that under all the Circumstances of opposition it met with, & from the disposition the Ind^s were in, it will prove agreable to you.

I have likewise got declarations from them in fav^r. of your Interest, which are inserted in my transactions now sent to Lord Hillsborough, wherein the sum of my publick Congresses are inserted, but the private meetgs. with the Chiefs where most points are discussed & setled could not be entred & if they had it would have been too Voluminous. The rest of the boundary

¹ In American Antiquarian Society, Worcester, Mass. In Guy Johnson's handwriting.

I have obtained more favorable for the Crown than was prescribed to me, in the settlement of which I acted to the best of my Judgment and hope it will be approved of --- My last to you was of the 24th Augt wherein I entirely submitted the manner of my Grant &c to your Judgment & acquainted you that if the patent fees were not remitted I should most thankfully pay you without delay whatever Expences attended it,-Your last favor mentions a difficulty arising from the number of Associates with me in the Tract. These persons were only named in Conformity to the Practice in this Colony of having a Name for every 1000 acres which a patent is reputed to Contain, & therefore if His Majesty will be graciously pleased to grant it to me alone, I think it will be best, otherwise to me & to my associates. Some of them are dead since obtaining the Deed & some not at present in America, but I make no doubt of obtaining Releases from them whenever I receive the Grant. However, a Grant to myself, or if that won't be done to me & associates without naming them wod. I think be most adviseable, but this is entirely submitted to you, requesting that you will do in it whatever is thought best with w^{ch} I shall be perfectly satisfied, and ever preserve in Remembrance your friendship on this occasion. I think I have some little pretensions to be sollicitous about this Tract as It is My first Application, & the only Indn. Grant I have ever availed myself of notwithstanding the many opportunitys which offered for acquiring a Large Interest in Lands, & as I have already laid out so much money upon it, as well as upon the establishing people in a Wild remote Country ---

I know you will Excuse the freedom of my troubling you still farther on this head as I am fully persuaded of your friendship of which I shall always retain the most Gratefull sense being with the most perfect regard, Dear Sir,

Your most Affectionate,

& obliged humble Servt¹

The Hon^{ble} T. PENN Esq^r.

¹ In the Library of Congress is a Force Transcript of the letter, bearing Johnson's signature.

FROM JOHN WETHERHEAD

A. L. S.

[Albany, November 18, 1768]

1

] the Content of this Letter Surprizes me ſ Mr. Roberts] complains that I had injurd his Credit & ſ] Injurd you & the Service, by denying] drawn upon You payble at my payment of [house - I believe Sir [that you will] remember the Circumstances of that Bill - but least you Shoud [not] I will now take the Liberty of relating to You all I know about [the] Matter & shall leave it to Yourself to Judge of my Conduct in the matter — While You was at New London a Gentleman from Quebeck came to Newyork & presented the Said Bill to me for payment; to which I answerd that as I had no Advise either from vou or Mr Roberts concerning that Bill, it was impossible for me to honour it, till I had wrote You concerning the Matter, as I thought it imprudent for me to undertake the Payment of Monies on your Account without Your Orders — I accordingly wrote you & the Instant I had your Answer [I] sent to Mr Richard Sharp with whom the Bill was left by the [Quebeck] Gentleman, to Acquaint him that I was ready to pay it & [accord]ingly it was paid to Mrs. Sharp, in Mr Sharp's ab-] I remember about it -- Your own sence— This [Good Sense will easily discover [whether] my Caution was improper or not —

This accompanys the Negro Wench & her Children — also [] Oysters & a Box of Honey, which I begg your kind [] I have likewise inclosd you the Votes of the Assembly [] to Assure you of my Ardent Wishes for your [] that I am with great Truth Dear Sir Your most Obliged hble Serv^t

John Wetherhead

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TO THE EARL OF HILLSBOROUGH

In the Johnson Calendar, p. 407, is listed a letter of November 18th to the Earl of Hillsborough, regarding the claims of the Six Nations and the Cherokees, the policy which he pursued at the Fort Stanwix congress, the continuation of the boundary north of Owegy, the necessity of keeping faith with the Indians and expenses of the congress. (printed in *Doc. Hist N. Y.* 2:917-19; Q, 2:531-32 and *Doc. rel. to Col. Hist. N. Y.* 8:110-11.)

FROM HUGH GAINE

In the Johnson Calendar, p. 407, is listed a letter of November 19th from Hugh Gaine, New York, mentioning cost of binding and printing Indian prayer book, a set of Hutchinson's *History of Massachusetts Bay*, scarcity of gilt 4to Bibles and the agreement to import no British goods before spring. (printed in *Doc. Hist. N. Y.* 4:396; Q, 4:249.)

FROM DANIEL CAMPBELL

A. L. S.

Schenectady 19th November 1768

[

1

I am Extraimly happy in hearing that you Are Once More got back in Good health to Johnson Hall, after Nine Weeks long fatiuge & Truble at Fort Stanwix

It is with Inexpressible pleasure that I Can Inform you, that on my Arrival from New York I Found my Wife Safe delivered of a young Son, & God be praised Both Mother & Child in a fine Way, the Boy is much a Cleverer little Fellow than what I Could expect Considering—to be the produce [of a] Shatterd Constitution, which has had Some hard Knocks in []

Upon my first Comeing to New [York I] found. Some Invious Persons who Cant for Speen and [] bear that Applause should be given to One whose [] Character is so General & Amiable as that of Sir [] You must that Some People gave [] Congress that the Indians were much displeased & woud [Expence] would be great without being Able to Accomplish your plan [] manner as if they was affraid of a mis[carriage]

I happened One day to be [] with M^r. Banyar & we had some private discourse — [] this matter & when I informed him What a great advantage [it] Would be to the Crown & the Public in General, the [Really great] Service you was now Being in Compleating — in Settleing [the] Line & the Vast Territory You had Purchased from the Indians it Seemed to give him great pleasure, as he Said it would [be] a disappointment to Some who wished otherways, I am [] that M^r Banyar has the greatest Respect Immaginable [] by his Seeming So happy at the Inteligence, I gave him.

I Could not help being War] first Arrival at York to find how a Report so Void [] should gain Such Credit & being Consious of [I took] the liberty of Inserting a paragraph in [1 though it might be Some little Check, upon [1 a Report — Mr Philip Living [ston¹] of Assembly Informed me that th ł Affairs — I mean that [1 [1 of the Trade youll find in their Answer [to the Governor's] Speech where they Say they will make & provide [for the Regulation of the Trade when Such time [as] they have before them the Superintendant plans,² you will verry Easily discover their meaning by this ---

M¹⁵ Campbell begs her most Respectfull Compliments — I am — Dear

> Sir with the Utmost Respect Your most Obedient & most humble Servant DANIEL CAMPBELL

¹ Speaker of the assembly.

² See Journal of the Votes and Proceedings of the General Assembly of the Colony of New York, from 1766 to 1776, 3d November, 1768.

] JOHNSON Barronet I Schenectady Novbr. 19th 1768 INDORSED: Major Daniel Campbels Letter Ans^r. A memorandum on back of letter to write Mvn[1 for Damask— [1 Blankets of red [1 & blew y^e. other [1 to perthuit & [1

TO WILLIAM ALLEN

$Df.^1$

[Johnson Hall, November 20, 1768]

[

] Public business requiring Gov^r. [Penn] ſ [to return home s]uddenly in the midst of my great hurry [at] Fort Stanwix I had it not then in my power to answer your favor of the 10th September, but the Gov^r. was so kind as to promise that he would apologize for it, he will have doubtless informed you of the circumstances regarding Mr. Coxe's affair, I can only express my concern that it was not in my power to conferr any favor upon him suitable to my esteem for your recommendation His application being for a restitution for Losses antecedent to the Indian War of 1763, which was the only one they could be prevailed upon to grant any Lands for, this was all they agreed to at the Congress in 1765², nor would they listen to any thing farther, in so much that altho' I flatter myself I could carry a matter of that nature as far as any Man with them yet had I attempted it at the late Treaty it would have given great obstruc-

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¹ In handwriting of Guy Johnson.

² See Doc. Rel. to Col. Hist. N. Y., 7:740, Article 9 of treaty.

tion [to] the General Object in View, if it did not produce worse [consequ]ences. Mr. Cox expressed his concern that by [] in a hurry he had not brot. Power of Attorney [] necessary papers, Mess^{rs}. Wharton & Trent [were the persons who had formerly [Itained in 1763 properly vouched [| Nature of any private Ł 1 doubtless [l after a variety of delay I l it a Work of as much diffi[culty as I have] ever experienced — I am happy that [] so advantagious a Grant² for M^r Penn.] proposed by the Government, I had F part[icular (difficulty?)] in Effecting this as it lay in the Neighbourhood [of] many Indian Settlements, and was deemed the p[roperty] of a Nation very Cunning & Selfish, who w[ere] practised upon by many to oppose it, and inde[ed the] Time elapsed since they were first Spoke to conc[erning] a Boundary, had made them all View it in [a very] indifferent and disadvantagious Light.-

Be persuaded, Sir, that I shall be always [stand ready to] offer you, or yours any services within the Co[mpass] of my power, and that whenever your Le[isure will] permit you to favor me with your agrea[ble (company?)] it will afford a Sensible pleasure to []

-	Your very Aff[]
	And Most []
] Allen Esq ^r .	

INDORSED: [

478

¹ Several lines missing.

² Doc. Rel. to Col. Hist. N. Y., 8:121.

TO THOMAS GAGE

$Df.^1$

[Johnson Hall, November 20, 1768]

] off my last of the [

1

[[

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ſ

] from Niagara with Letters [] inclosed order issued by Capt Brown.

You will please to recollect that Sometime ago I wrote you. that I thought it best not to remove the officers of Trade too suddenly, but to continue them to next March to give the Colonies time to form necessary Establishments, otherwise they might in case of any disturbances alledge that the removals were made before their Legislatures had time to make the Necessary provision, of all which you were pleased to approve, in consequence thereof I directed them to retrench as much as possible but continue in office till farther orders,- Now as they can't possibly stay without provisions &ca I think it best to direct Mr Leod &ca 1 flour &ca to give occasionally when Necesto buy [sary until you will [please] to give Orders for their receiving] I am on the subject I would provisions till March, [desire the favor of you to [] whether you think best that the Comissys. Interpreters & Smiths Should be directed to | March, and whether it should be Withdraw [general to Extend [] or not as Some are at a great] fully advised thereof the better. distance [] very warmly on Some of these ſ Subject [] Cession to the King [l 1 ſ **INDORSED:** I L 1 the Comissys ſ

]

1

¹ In handwriting of Guy Johnson.

TO EYRE MASSY

$Df.^1$

[Johnson Hall, November 20, 1768]

ſ] pleasure of your Letter of [1] February at a time when I was [ſ 1 by Indians who attended a Treaty for establishing a peace between the Northern Nations & the Cherokees which at that time prevented me from Answering you, and the Cold I caught upon that occasion brought on a return of a bilious Complaint with which I have been troubled for some Years & which was so Severe that I was necessitated to go to the Sea Coast of Connecticut for the Recovery of my health.- There I spent near 3 Months, and at my return was obliged to go to your old Fort Stanwix to hold a Treaty with the Northern Ind^s, for Settling a Boundary Line between them & the sev¹. Colonies, at this Treaty 3200 Indians attended, and after much difficulty I at length effected it and obtained a very great and Valuable Cession of Territory to his Majesty from thence I am but returned Ten days, and in looking over some Letters [1 that yours Still remained as I apprehend unanswered [1 particular I mention to you to Shew you I have [1 about and employed since the rect of it and [to] apologize for my omission of writing sooner [] pleasure that I hear of your having [²] you upon Occasion [I 1 ſ 3] to Stop a Carriage [] there running away

[] only a triffing defect.— I thank [you for the horse beans] you sent me, as much as if I had [] went to a better use for the Vessell had [] Extraordinary long passage which reduced [those on] board

¹ In handwriting of Guy Johnson.

² Evidently a congratulation of Massy on his marriage.

³ The Johnson Calendar indicates that an accident to Guy Johnson was mentioned here.

to a starving Condition and M^r Lupton [] that their lives were Solely preserved by the beans,¹ [] it will give you pleasure to hear this.—

Sir John had not the pleasure of Seeing you. [He] would have been very happy to have met with the opportunity, As to myself it would give me infinite pleasure to Visit my friends and] you, the Satisfaction I should have I hope I need not [in seeing you [] My Chosen Ones but besides those] to a Life spent in much fatigue, & infirmities [the Ang [uish caused] by the Shot in my Thigh, which grows daily [more] Troublesome I am so occupied with public] Affairs that I can hardly Think of going I] and should I undertake such a Voyage [] Connections here would call me [of consequence part with m[1 as it is I still flatter] in one or another [myself [] seeing you [] ²] I [1] ever in securing [[] and increasing their prejudices against] they now avail themselves in drawing away I], and hope to profit still more by it in case of a General Rupture, These Schemes³ give me infinite trouble to Counteract.— The first good opportunity that offers in the Spring I purpose to send you some American Trifles of one kind or another If I can serve you in anything here pray command me In the Meantime I hope to hear from you occasionally which

will ever afford a Sensible pleasure to him who is always Dear Massy

> Your Affectionate friend & very humble Servt

INDORSED: Col. Eyre Massy Dublin —

¹ See letter from William Lupton to Johnson, March 19, 1768.

² Several lines missing.

³ Spanish and French activities among the Indians.

TO THOMAS MOFFATT

$Df.^1$

[Johnson Hall, November 20, 1768]

1

] you during [

[] apologize for my not answering [your favor] of Sept^r. 28th &ca as my time was then [] intirely occupied with the Negociation with the Indians concerning the boundary & Cession to his Majesty that I had not a Moments Leisure

I have since happily effected that troublesome business, but being newly returned home & having Many pacquets and dispatches to make up, I am not yet disengaged from business —

I heartily thank you for your agreable Correspondence, & for the particulars you have communicated concerning the Affairs to the Eastward, Agreable to my Expectations by our last accots I find that since the Arrival of the General, and the Troops, matters go on quietly, You, who are so near them can best Judge of these matters, and whether it is likely to continue.—

My Journey to the Seaside was of great service [] I can't Say much for the Spring tho' I have [] Many instances are produced of its [] effects in Rheumatick pains & Sev¹. [] can't reach my disorder, it seems to be [] I believe as yet been properly analyz'd, [] there, or wherever any [] & that by a regular [2]

INDORSED: [] Tho^s. Moffatt N London.

[

¹ In handwriting of Guy Johnson.

² Several lines missing.

TO WILLIAM OBRIEN

$Df.^1$

[Johnson Hall, November 20, 1768]

[] M^r. Penn was so suddenly [called away] on affairs of his Government at a time [I] was so greatly hurried that I had it not in my power to thank you for your Letter by him —

I have Since happily effected a very difficult Negociation with the Indians at the Treaty at Fort Stanwix, and altho some years had Elapsed since a boundary line was first proposed, which Joined to many other causes, had placed it in a very disadvantagious Light in their Eyes, I at length obtained a very advantagious Boundary and Cession to his Majesty.

M^r. Bostwick overtook me as I was proceeding on my late Journey, and I have since had letters from the Secretary of State &ca concerning his Affairs which are now under consideration, and you may be persuaded that I shall pay a particular regard to y^r. recomendatⁿ. [on] this as well as on any other occasion.—

I am much obliged to your kind Wishes that [] Tour sho^d. prove of Service to me, I really [] benefit from it, but being called upon [] and persuaded to make another [] frontiers deprived me of the happiness [] the Society of my Friends [] []

INDORSED: [

] O Brien Esq

¹ In handwriting of Guy Johnson.

FROM RICHARD SHUCKBURGH

A. L. S.

N. York 20th. Novr. 1768

Dear Sir

Your Letter to L^d . Hillsborough I have retaind till advice f^m . You whether I shoud put it on board one of the Trading Ships bound f^m . hence to London or wait for y^e. Return [of] the Kings Pacquet, there being none here [at] psent or any Expected till next Month as by [the] last advice f^m . England there was none in [100] there being y^e 12 Sept. ult^o.

If M^r. Preston shoud not have inform'd you concerning the Spectacles I sent by him, I [must] Acquaint you that the Division of y^e Glasses [is] not an Accidentall crack, but the original design [of the] Optician who made them, & y^e Light is different []cted above & below, you must take care [] heavy & very wide on y^e Temples that [they do not] fall of to secure them long on the Nose [it is neces]sary to have a piece of double thread [] of y^e Spectacles over ye Nose & secured [] Peruke—

Gov^r. Carleton is made full Governour [of Canada] Gen^l. Murray tis said is coming over to N [England] with his Reg^t. this is reported, Gen^l. Gage [] Expected every Day with his Staff they are lik[to] have a desperate Passage if they are in y^e So[und] between Rhode Island & New York this Day being [] Stormy wth. Snow.

You'll find by our Assemblys A [nswer] to the Gov^{r's}. Speech that whenever his Excellency [] be pleasd to lay before them the Plans pursued [by] the Superintendants of Indⁿ. Affairs, they will [] them their most serious consideration wth. pru[] measures agreable to y^e Circumstances of y^e Colony [] I cant construe this part of their Answer nor [] how much of Indⁿ. affairs are to be put in the [ir] hands as they are to settle boundaries &c by Act of Assembly, Jn^o Delancy is the member for West[chester] having got y^e Superiority over Morris in y^e S[crutiny] which they say makes agst. Scot who is Scrutinizing [] Jauncy one of y^e members for N. York

Be pleasd [] my Comp^{lts}. to S^r. Joⁿ. Col. Claus & Johnson [] familys I am as ever Y^r. most [] most Obed^t. Serv^t R^D. [SHUCKBURGH] P. S. Richards & Kimble are Expected f^m. London every Day I must refer to Gaine's Paper for News [] INDORSED: N York Novb^r. 20 [] Doctor Shuckbur[]

FROM JOHN MONIER

A. L. S.

[Albany, November 21, 1768]

I am favoured with your Letter of the 19^{th} , in answer to which, I have left about 120 Bushels of Corn more or less, the Price is 4/ I cant let it go under, when I consider my loss in drying, the storage and other charges thereon. should you be determined to take this Corn I will be glad of an answer soon, to prevent the Sale of any more of it here, I am very respectfully

Sir

Your Obedient Servant

JN^o. Monier

On His Majestys service

ADDRESSED: To

Sir William Johnson Bar^t.

At Johnson Hall INDORSED: [] 21 Novbr. 1768 []iers Letter []d

FROM MICHAEL BYRNE

A. L. S.

[Fort Ontario, November 23, 1768]

]

1

] commanding this Post, no [date

[] Informs me, that the Direction of the Trade for [out of] the Hands of Sir William Johnson, and that [] Governors must Settle the Same, no Expence being to be [incurred] on acc^t. of that Department for the future, at the Posts.

The following is an Extract from a letter of Captⁿ. Browns Dated Niagara the 6th. Nov^r. 1768. to Lieu^t. Grant commanding here

You must have been informed of the losses of both vessels on Lake Erie, the one Burned by Indians, & the other run a Shore in Sandusky Bay, on her way to Detroit, with Polson & M^cCan on Board. this obliged Me to Send off Poynton¹ with four Batteaus loaded with Flower to relieve that Garrison. I inclose you a Coppy of Orders rec^d. from below, but \mathfrak{P} sume you have them from head Quarters.

The last Paquet was concerning the management of the Indian Trade, being taken out of the hands of the Supper Intendant and put into the care of the Several Provences, the General wrote [me] that all Expences on that acc^t . must now Cease; on which [] I aquainted the whole Department in Publick Orders [] that they could not even draw for Provisions. this is all the publicity [] I have at \mathfrak{P} sent to trouble you with.

Notwithstanding those letters [in absens] of Orders from Captⁿ. Brown, to Lieu^t. Grant, I am [drawing for?] Provisions, Nor in anny respect, curteled or Impeded [] in the Duty of the Department, as I think propper []

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¹ Lieutenant Brereton Poynton, of the 60th regiment.

to act as usual, the best I can, til I have your [] Spring, which I beg you to aquaint [] I am to Stand or fawl, if the latter [] that []

[MICHAEL BYRNE]

I

FROM R. CARTWRIGHT

A. L. S.

[Albany, November 23, 1768]

[] baggage belonging to the Wench [] [] was not quite full I put in 6 hund^d. Oysters [] and ordered the man to leave 200 hund^d at each of your daughters & 2 hund^d. at S^r. Johns, hope the are Come safe to hand.

The memorandum you sent me Could not be got here Sent by Capt Bloodgood to New York who promis'd to have them Sent imediately. M^r. Adams also ask'd by whom it was Sent and promised to hasten the goods.

I told them if they met one Burgher an oyster man not to send up any Oysters as I Could get them here Cheaper & better. they met him & he is this day Arived. Shall put up 2 hhhds. to morrow and forward them to Van Eps and if I Can get Some Opened Shale put up a Cag for y^r. own Eating

Weatherhead and all the rest of the Gentlemen were [] the Waggon Set out with the wench and [] away till Saturday P. M. Collⁿ. Fitch [] went by water to Pockeipsie and [] there [] manner of respect []

ADDRESSED: To

I

The Hon^{le}. Sir William Johnson Baro^t. Johnson Hall TO JOHN BROWN

A. L. S.¹

Johnson Hall Novbr 24th. 1768

Sir/

M^r. De Coangre delivered me v^r. favour of the 26th. of Octbr.— Capt. MacLeod had my Orders to Discontinue acting in his Office after ye. 24th. of Septbr. which was in consequence of the Secretary of States letter to me, that from the greatness of the Expence, that part of my Department regarding Trade shall be committed to the charge & care of the Colonies, but not till ye. Several Reductions could be conveniently made, however with a view to a saving, I Issued the first Orders You refer to, but on further recollection & consulting the Commander in Cheif. He agreed with me that it was better to continue them longer, to give time to the Colony Assemblys to make some provision in their Stead, As the Lords of Trade particularly observe in their Report that if there appeared any ill consequences in the Change it should not be recommended, I therefore gave the After Orders you likewise refer to, and as some Mistake might possibly have arisen concerning the General Orders depriving the Officers of the Department of Provisions &ca., I have now wrote to the General about them, and also directed Capt. MacLeod to purchase provisions &^{ca} till his farther pleasure is known, as it would be attended wth. a needless Expence to keep Officers there if disabled from discharging their Duty as must be the case without former Allowances.

I thank you for the Intelligences you gave me I had before heard that a Gentleman received a letter from you, giving him an Acc¹. that the Boston was burned by the Indians, which from y^r. letter to me Seemed a Matter of doubt or an unpremeditated Act².

¹ In British Museum, Additional Manuscripts 21678. fo. 120, London, England.

² See Gage to Brown, November 13, 1768.

I forwarded the letter you inclosed to the Commander in Cheif imediately.—

I am Sir Your Most Obedient Humble Servant W JOHNSON

Capt. Brown —

INDORSED: Sir W^m Johnson dated 24 Nov^r 1768 Rec^d 10 Jan^{ry} Ans^d 23^d D^o 1769 Relative to Cap^t: M^c: Leods discontinuing his Offices of the Indian Trade being left to the Colonies &c: —

FROM DANIEL CAMPBELL

A. L. S.

Schenectady the 24th November 1768

I had the pleasure this Morning of Receiving your favour of the 22^d Instant by M^r Brown, and am Extraimly much Obliged to you for your kind Congratulation on the birth of my Son, M^{rs} Campbell & the Child are daily gaining Ground — I Send by the Bearer the piece of Crimson damask — which I bought from M^r Sanders Conditional provided you did not like it to be Returned this is the Only p^s In Town of this kind — there is no Cloth [] Scarlet in One Side & Blue in the other — Neither is there [] fine Blue flennel Such as you wanted to be had in this [] have Sent you White which is fine—.

I have Supper fine Green [] Colour & two kinds mixed Colours — Cloths or [] Imported from England — as Also Some fine Bath [] Used for Settout Coats. I have not had [] Assortment of Shop Goods Your Account Current Shall be [] next Opportunity — M^{rs} Campbell begs [] Respectfull Compliments to You I am Dear Sir with [great] Respect Your most humble & Obedient Serv[ant]

Daniel Campbell

SIR WILLIAM JOHNSON Baronet

INDORSED: [] Novb^r. 24 1768

Major Daniel Campbells Letter — Ansrd.

BILL OF DANIEL CAMPBELL

A. D.

Schenectady the 24th November 1768

Sir William Johnson Baronet Bought from			
Daniel Campbell			
4 Yards fine White flennel	4/3 £0170		
1/2 ditto Crimson Velvet	0180		
1 piece Crimson damask	4100 £5150		

TO THOMAS GAGE

In the Johnson Calendar, p. 408, is listed a letter of November 24th to General Gage, sending a copy of the Indian deed of cession, considering rival claims of Six Nations and Cherokees, the New York-Indian boundary, difficulties of the settlement at Fort Stanwix, obstruction offered by N England missionaries, and their motives. (printed in *Doc. Hist.* N. Y. 4:397-98; Q, 4:249-50.)

TO HENRY MOORE

A. $Df.^1$

[Johnson Hall, November 24, 1768]

My great Hurry would not permit me to [] your Excellencys favour of the 18th Ult^o. by Co^l. Scott to whom I shewed all the Civility in my power at so remote a place as Fort Stanwix. —

[I have since been favoured with yours of the 13th. Ins^t. concerning the Lands in which Lord Holland has a Share, and have now wrote fully to M^r . Banyar to negociate the Affair for me at New York, as well as that of Lawyers for the Scohare Tract, the part I take in the former will be as you before discribed it on the Map Sent me about 25500 Acres²]

I now take the earliest opertunity I could since my return home to inform You that I have after a Variety of troubles & Obstructions at length settled the Boundary Line and obtained a verry valuable & extensive Cession for his Majesty, a Copy of the Deed I now inclose, as also [of the] Transactions at one of the most Material Congresses [to which] the Deed refers. —

The trouble I had both before & at the Treaty, [(at the open]ing of which was three thousand & Eight Indians [, and more came in] afterwards) was inexpressible, So long [a space had elapsed] between the first proposal to y^e. Indians [and the arrival of orders] for Settling the Line, that they [began to consider it as an Imposition and of] dangerous consequences to themselves. The Subject [has been] known for some time and the Spaniards [] French Agents have been ever since [] them up to Arms, so that [] and humour, wch greatly retarded the Negociations []

¹ There is a longer draft in the hand of Guy Johnson, from which some burned portions in the present copy are supplied and by means of which this is completed.

² Crossed out in the original.

a variety of Congresses both [Publick & Private] [by Day. As the Lands far down [1 affect them, they were verry bount [iful] but in proportion Northward, and approached their own 1 1 the Difficulties increased, particularly as the [Ł so much interested therein, at the Same time I 1 Missionaries came to Fort Stanwix strongly rec[ommended] by M¹. Wheelock of Connecticut and busied th [emselves] verry much on the pretended Score of Religion, to [prevent] the Indians from granting an Advantagious Bou[ndary] and had the Modesty to deliver in a Memorial to me [praying] that the Boundary might not be extended to the Westward but reserved for their Missions & for the purposes of [Religion.] They likewise publickly declared to Several Gentlemen [there] that they had gone to Oneida & given it all the Obs[truction] they could before the Congress, & would continue [to do so] However I got over all these Difficulties, and at [length] Obtained the Line from Owegy East to De[laware] and up the Same to opposite to where Tianad[erha falls] into Susquehanna, from thence to & up the [West side of] Tianaderrah,1 & its West Branch, & thence [to the Mouth] of Canada Creek, at Wood Creek [up]] to the enclosed] little Sketch, and as I found that they would [not continue the] Line from Canada [in such a Manner as I could] Wish for the Creek Advantage of this province [1 that it should stop there by Mutual Consent till his Majesty's [l is known] I flatter myself that all things [] the Line will be] Least I am perfound advantagious for this [suaded it is as favorable as [] been obtained by any Man under the Circum[stances] mentioned, and as only 2 Nat^s are particularly [concerned] the farther continua[tion of] I hope by the time His Majestys plea [sure is the Line signified to have] it in my power to continue [it more advantagiously than] they inclined to at the [Treaty, should his

¹ The Unadilla,

Majesty require] it to be Closed [as the Indians themselves desire]

1] [] you of the [Mohaw]ks desire touching [] [] and you will now see that the Indians ha ſ] reserved their sev¹ Villages & Lands adj [oining] []h other as happened to fall within the L[ine] ſ [The M]ohocks as well as all the Six Nations have expres[sed] their earnest desire that these be effectually secured to them by Law and I persuade myself that you will take the proper Steps for obtaining a Law of the Colony as well for the due observance of the Boundary Line as for the Confirming those Villages & Lands to the Mohocks & their Posterity which will tend greatly to the Reputation of this Province amongst the Indians. I am with the Greatest Truth & Esteem

Sir

Your Excell^{cys} &ca

INDORSED: [Sir] Harry Moore Bar^t. Copy of the Deed of Cession []tract from the Treaty at F^t Stanwix Sketch of the boundary Line proper to Shew to y^e. 2 Mohawk Villages —

TO HENRY MOORE

$Df.^2$

[Johnson Hall, November 24, 1768]

] and I now give [that]] have this seperate Letter. The plan for the Management of Trade &ca prepared by the

I he plan for the Management of I rade &ca prepared by the Board of Trade in 1764 & approved by his Majesty, was what

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¹ Several lines missing.

² In handwriting of Guy Johnson.

I was principally governed by in that branch but, as this Plan was never fully inforced or established by proper Authority and as Some Complaints came from Canada, & elsewhere concerning some parts I never attempted to put the Whole in force, and softened many Articles which appeared disagreable here, I gave the Commissaries from time to time Instructions in Writing which Varied according to Circumstances, but as the Regulations which I prepared for the Year 1767, are of the Most general Nature I herewith inclose you a Copy of them which will Shew the principal points I Judged most necessary for attention at that time.

The Restriction of the Trade to the posts was grounded on the following reasons, That it was notorious that Men engaged [in a] profession whose sole Object was Gain, would be more apt [to com]mit frauds when under No Authoratative Inspection [than] otherwise, That Experience had shewn that many] Traders (too many of wch are composed of [of the [I had actually been guilty of the worst being very avaracious & Sev^l. of [led E & w^d, risque not only the public [Ì 1]] & better Government but some [] Confiscated, esteemed than ours, w | Expect more That we had experienced [Instances of the Like nature That [] of insisting] tedious to on Satisfaction we shod. [Mention being a Gen¹. War on the [frontiers]

That the Assertion of the Canada Traders that [the Indians] could not conveniently come to Trade at our Posts, [] the same time they Assert that they might come [] to the Capitals perhaps 1000 Miles still farther to Comp[] a fraud was so far absurd, & calculated to Weaken the C[ommissaries'] powers who as Judges on the Spot could best determine [] Matter in dispute & were intended by

¹ Several lines missing.

the Gov^t. to insp[ect] these matters. That a very few Nations North of [Lake Superior] &ca were so circumstanced as to] Hyvernements.— That require Traders at the [the frame & policy of our Gov^t. so diff^t from the [French, do] not Justify our granting those Indulgences wch they sometimes did to [their traders] neither are the cases parallel, for sev¹. of their places of Trade were Royal [| & a much greater Numb^r. were farmed out for certain terms at a high rate to [men of ability & of Influence with] The Ind^s. who were answerable for their Conduct whilst others [paid to the Govt no Less than [] permission for a single Canoe to some places [] command^{ts}. at the Outposts had a power of punishing [frauds] wch at once reconciled the Ind^s. and [which] of our Constitution no British off [icer That it was] oppressed Exercise.] | st [] by a [

] of the event we might be [

[little power &] little inclination to punish Offenders, []less both they expect Justice, and those distant pe[ople having] no other means, & being naturally of a very Revengefull disposition are on the Slenderest occasions easily provoked to an Imediate Retaliation, and as they seldom stop at the first act of Cruelty, an Indian War may be the consequence which in good policy we should guard against, by removing the Cause & Confining the Trade to places of Security where it Can be properly Inspected, and Wrongs prevented or redressed, rather than expose our Frontiers & the Traders in general for the Sake of a few Individuals to the Caprices or Resentment of an Ungovenable Savage people.

These were the Sum of my Thoughts & opinion on that Subject and they were perfectly agreable to the Sentiments of his Majesty & his Ministers, as I believe they will be to every disinterested person who is conversant in these Matters. I know

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¹ Several lines missing.

not whether they will be of any use to you but I offer them ingeniously heartily wishing I may have reason to alter them. Besides the Commissarys at the posts, there were Interpreters and Smiths, who worked Gratis [both very necessary persons, and indeed the Last [in pa]rticular had been kept up by this Province before the [Super In] tendancy, and are always ex-] yet far from being pected by the Indians.¹] I disengaged from the hurry [I Indians now about me so that I cannot [11d any thing farther occur,] I should be happy to [] ſ

INDORSED: []ry Moore [] the Regulat^{ns}. for Trade in 1767 and remarks on that subject.

FROM JAMES PHYN

A. L. S.

Schenectady 24th Novem^r 1768

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ſ

I am favour'd with yours of the 21st & much concern'd that [you] appologize, for not answering my last letter on receipt, [of m]ine, that I possibly can think any Commands from you [a trou]ble I am too sensible of the Business which goes thorough [your] own hands, to look for such punctuality, as few of my Letters [req]uires imediate answers, & many of them no answer at all, And [as] to giving me trouble I am So far from thinking any thing You [are] pleased to employ me in as a trouble, that every opp^y I have [for render]ing you any litle service I regard as a principle satisfaction [] pleasure.

I am Promised 200 Dollars in Albany, Squire Sanders [is the person] who has the 300, he is now over the River but I [] he will Accept of any Mony as I shall engage to [] I receive whats most agreeable to him So

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¹ Crossed out in the manuscript.

that [] upwards of £200 & I will bring up the same [] day, At which time shall furnish a State of the Acc^t. you require.

] to N Y desir'd me to send up some Shoes & I] a part of which order is now Forwarded to Col^o] Battea, of Hans Petris, together with the Check, Clause [l order'd some Stryp'd flanell to be sent more than F] beleieving it will be suteable for the Negro You [] if its not agreeable may be return'd. Wenches [] which dont fitt, the reason of likeways any of the [my not sending more of [] is that by first Sloop I expect a quantity when we [] pick out the best & largest. I am inform'd the Indian Interpreter De Co[agnie] will soon be with You from Niagara, will you give [1 to inclose you his Bill on you favr. Edward Po[llard] & at the same time to request youll at settli 1 include the Amot or any part thereof a [s far as in your] power, As it will] I have experienced so much be like recovered [of Your goodness [] nothing to doubt of your] consistent. I have the Honor willingness, as far as is to be with esteem

Sir

Your much Obliged & very Hum^e serv^t.

JAMES PHYN

[

] JOHNSON [Bar]t

INDORSED: Mr. Phyns Letter wth. a Draft favr of Pollard from De Coaugne for $\pounds 240..2..41/_2$

FROM DUDLEY DAVIS

A. L. S.

Schenectady Novr. 25th 1768

I was favor'd with yours, by M^r. Sutton, and the next day saw M^r. Brown, who told me, Sutton shoud do the Carpenters work of the Church, and that he had always Intended it, please to Accept my hearty thanks for your kind Interposition in this Affair, and also for the Cherry boards, & Lett me Assure you, had I thought you was so buisy, I shou'd have postponed my Sending

In the Postscript of your favor, you mention, you Supposed, I was in Joke, with regard to M^{rs} Harris's Land, I assure you, quite the Contrary, I have not seen a place in America so much to [my] Liking, and if (as Coll^{II}. Johnson, and sev^{II}. Others []e) it is but Sixteen miles from this Town, [] Good Road, can very Easily be made [] Answer well, and the rather As I shoud entirely run into [] think that place very fit, and which [will not] prevent my doing any other Business, []] not remove my family there, but keep a h[ome or a] part of one in this Town

I must Confess, I have but very Little hopes of the Law Business here, at least for a very Considerable Length, of time, and such as may be is of so low and mean a Sort, that no Gentleman or man of Character, or good Principles, can brook it, at Least I cannot; neither did I ever like the pro[fession] nor shoud any thing but my present very distr[essing] Circumstances (Occasioned Solely by my Un[happy] Connection with M^r. French) and an Encreas[ing] family induce me, again to take it up —

As the Governor had Assured [] Serve me if in his power, I thought [] Little things might be had, That [] as Deputy Surrogate [] [di]vision of this County, The Sh[]

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&c; for the two former I wrote to his Excellency some time since, and reminded him of his promise to me, the Result of which was, a Letter from his Secretary, which I Consider as a refusal, tho' it was Couch'd in very Genteel Terms, and it has since been hinted to me, his refusing was owing to something he said, he had heard, from the Late Mr. French: on This I have wrote to him again, to shew my Innocence & the distress I have mett, entirely thro' the means of Mr. French, and as it is not in my power to go to York, am now preparing the whole Proceedings, ab Initio, between Mr. French and me, which I shall send to a Friend to be laid before the Governor, & which will [clea]rly shew me in every thing, a faultless, Unlucky [sufferer], and instead of Censure, deserve real Pity, being [by m]ore than a Year's most Severe fatigue of [mind], reduced, with my family, almost to [1 the Case, and must have long since [been] ruined but for the great Hum[anity] l of that Humane and worthy man [] & Supposing all the Affairs Settled, w^{ch}. I have [] besides my Loss of time and Labor, I shall be [] at Least to the Amount of Six hundred pounds [1

This, Tho' hard, I can and do forgive [but] one act of his, which I take the Liberty to mention [is] hardly to be forgiven; I have near Seven hundred pounds Sterling in the East India Company's Cash at Beng[al,] which bears int^t. at 8 per Cent^m., and a Gentleman one M^r. Gore, is Indebted to me Six hund^d. & Seven [ty] five pounds Sterling, and on both of these, the [re is] sev^{II}. Years Interest due, and in November 17 [1 wrote to my Attorney in London to Call both [l remitt the Interest and Principal to me, for [purpose sent] & these with sev^{II}. the necessary powers & [Letters I made up in [l sent them to York, to be forwarded [] but by mistake, they were [1] had the least Line or acc^t. [Ł rulined in the Pacquet, so that I have Just [reason] to think, he Certainly Opened & Suppress'd [them], and the rather as when he

was questioned about [the] pacquet, he said he had sent it but coud not tell the Captain or Ships Name

The Consequence of this, I sensibly feel having (after severe hardships for sev^{II}. months past) a long and Severe winter to Struggle thro', with my family, which, as I am not able to make the Necessary provision, I must Expect will be very Difficult, & tho' I have sent home full powers & Instructions last month, I cannot Expect a return or answer before June or July next, but if I can weather untill then, hope to have it in my power to go [on with] any thing I undertake, properly—

Lieut'. Frazer inform'd me that Woman [] part with her Concern for a Triffle, [] Lease for ever of that & y^r. 500 Acres, at an easy Rent, [] Borrowing a Little from some friend, [] a Small beginning, untill I can gett a Supply of [] to Enable me to go on properly, and more largely —

I beg your pardon for this Long Ep[istle]

& am Sir, with due Esteem & Respect

Your Oblidged & most

Obed^t. Servant

DUDLEY DAVIS

M^{rs}. Davis Joins me in Compliments and Respects [That Lady is always very Liberal (rather profuse with) her favors to me, an Instance of which I had last [1 fort-1 big night, in her presenting me with a Young [enough for a Soldier, which tho' it was a [ł Unseasonable) my Circumstances Consider ['d 1 refuse, and (if you will go my halves, he [] Campbells Son and Heir for anoth] Affair and my being 1 Kidnev Gravel this [] prevented my paying my with which [Respects to you. INDORSED: Wednesday [1 From M^r. Dudley Davis

FROM BENJAMIN HUMPHREYS

A. L. S.

1 ſ] so oblidging as to take [ſ 1 1 to) and keep it till tis in my Power ſ 1 you the Cash (which hope twill not be long) [] Sent home by the Dutchess of Gordon for ſ S]terling which as Soon as tis arriv'd Shall Send I] it to You and Likewise Every other Gentleman I] am Indepted too. ſ I Return you my Sincere thanks for the kind Reception met

with at your house: hoping you & S^r. John Conn^{ll}. Johnson & all your friends Enjoy your health

& Remain

Yr. Most humble Serv^t BENJ^N. HUMPHREYS

New York Nov^r. 27/68

ADDRESSED: S^r. Will^m. Johnson Johnsons H[all] Priv^t

FROM ROBERT ADEMS

A. L. S.

[New York, November 28, 1768]

Sir

I got here last Thursday after a disagreeable passage of Six days, and the next day was honored with Yours by Franck a $\frac{1}{4}$ after two with the Letters herein Mentioned.

The General being not yet returned, I apply'd to M^r. Charles M^cEvers for some Money untill the Warrants were Granted, which he readily complyed to and gave me £2900. by which

¹ Several lines missing.

means I am enabled to pay M^r. Croghan & Funda. As the Gen^l. is to be in Town a friday or Saturday at farthest shall stay here untill then, but shall send off what things [] you wrote for [Indian corn] is now Scarce having got but 300 Bush[el] comes in before the Sloop Sails, shall endeavour to [get the] remainder.

The late Grand Affair which You so happily Settled, has so greatly Astonished your greatest Enemies that they are Scarcely recovered the Shock.

I have just now delivered your Letters to Cap^t. Davis who Sails this Afternoon, (Weather permitting) for London. I am afraid I shall not be able to get any Dollars, 30 thous^d. being sent of Yesterday for the pay of the Troops at Boston but shall procure what Gold I can. I am with the greatest respect sir William Johnson Bar^t.

sir

Your Most Obedient Humble servant Rob^т. Адемs

[] JOHNSON Bar^t. INDORSED: N York 28th. Novb^r. 1768

M^r. Adem's Letter —

FROM DANIEL CAMPBELL

A. L. S.

[Schenectady] the 28th November 1768

ſ

[I had] the pleasure of Receiving yours of the 25th & 27th last Night agreeable to which I Send you the Inclosed Articles — I Cou'd get no better Yellow Flannel then this which I had from M^r Mynderson

I here Inclose you Pattrons Numbered & Priced — which please to keep by you, & Such as You Chuse only mentiond, the Number & Colour from which I Can Send them —

I also Send you two Silver Buttons I have Also Silver Chain - which would Match those Buttons - Gold Buttons I have none nor is there any in [town] I have plenty of mohair Basket] Used much, by this Post I have Buttons which [1 Blue Cloth of One Side & wrote to York [] will be up Soon — I have Scarlet On the other [] morning - & met with One been Out about [] its painted, Prusian Blue & which has been [] the Owner demands £10 for it I shall Seens [give [1 the best workman, the Iron & [l as Soon as I meet with an Opportunity [] Balance due me Inclosed is your Account [$£3468...14...03/_4$, those Articles [day are not Included in this Account — Youll find [last Account delived you on June 23d 1767 amounted to £10 [1 drawn Out in two Separate Accounts-Should you Not] the form of this One Right - please to point out Ł a [nv] Other Method & it Shall be Immediately done I have not gave you the perticulars of Every Articles as Every thing of any Consequence. I always furnished you with [the] bill of percals - I hope upon Examination you. [will] find it Right - I Cant get more than One # [| Beeds Shall Send to Albany — & endeavor to get [1 there — I am Glad I happned to have a [] Orranges by me there is no lemmons [M^{rs} Campbell joins [] best Compliments & am Dear Sir [William] Your most Hble & Obedt Sert.

INDORSED: [

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Major Campbells Letter wth. his Acc^t.

FROM GEORGE CROGHAN

A. L. S.

[New York, November 28, 1768]

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the General is Nott yett Return^d. from Boston the Rason of his Stay is owng to Some of the Transports from Ireland Nott being arive^d. Butt is Expected the Last of this Week.

I have Seen Sir Henry Moor twist Sence I Came hear, & Din^d. with him yesterday he has Inquierd of Me after y^r. State of Helth after y^r. Great Fetauge in the Most affectionat Maner and Likewise after Co^{II}. Johnson and all the famelys So that No person Could Imgagen Butt the Strictest frendshipe Subsisted between you he aproves of all the purchess Made & Talkes of Writeing y^r. honor & fixing a [Time] this Winter to go to Johnson Hall [] the Indians to acknoledge the Deeds [] has prest^d Me to go with him he []] Duchess of Gordon goes up this [] to pay you a Viset

[] yesterday w^h. S[ays] that the [] from falmoth the 12th of oc^{br}. there is [] werth menshoning the peple of Boston [] quieet Butt Grumbling So is a party [hear. The] asembly has been Siting Some Time But [] Nothing they have been Busied on Acou[nt] of Some Scrutanys in the Late Ellections

Sir Henry Moor & his Council Wants M[uch] to have a plan from you fer Manidging the Indian Trade to Lay befere the asembly, w^h. plan he [] they will adopt Imeadatly

Shold the General Come to Town before I [Leave] this will See him, and Write your honor [] by M^r. Adems

Plese to present My Complim^{ts}. to Sir J[ohn] Coll. Johnson

& Co^{ll}. Claose the Ladys & Gentl [] with you and Blive Me Dear Sir with [] Respect your Honors Most [] and Most H[]

Geo[rge Croghan]

To the Hon^{ble}.

SIR WILLIAM JOHNSON Barrt.

INDORSED: [] M^r. Croghans Letter

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FROM ABRAHAM MORTIER

A. *L*. *S*.

[New York, November 28, 1768]

[

days] ago I was Favour'd with your [of the 14th] l instant, by Mr Adams your letter [of Sept]ember I also receiv'd] £5000 in Dollars. This was desiring me to send [not in my Power to do, and I have in my former letters to you in answer to Yours to me to send you money up the Country Acquainted you that I was bound by my Instructions not to Issue any money in my hands but by Warrants directed to me from the Commander in Chief of His Majesty's Forces, and not to Risque the Transporting money from place to place without his Special Orders, as all moneys I receive from the Contractors Agents is on Account of the Paymaster Gen¹ and when in my hands becomes his property, and is Subject to his Orders & Instructions to me which I am not at liberty to dispose of in any other manner than I am thereby directed [being] Accountable to the publick for the same [] I am to him, for the performance of which [] ample Security.

I am extremely Sorry you should be [] distres'd, & that you have more trouble [] paid than any other Department [] I cannot Accuse myself of being [in any way] reasons neither [] knowledge what demand you [] General to carry on the Service, when [] Adams the £8000. Currency on your [] the Generals Order.

I shall as soon as I receive the General's Warrant pay M^r Adams the Amount that [] and have given the Contractors Agent notice [] to be prepared for your further Demand, [as] I keep very little money by me to Answer the Extrary Services of the Forces, but receive it of him for the Generals Warrants for that Service [as it] comes to hand.

I am with great Regard

Sir

Your most Obedient and most Humble Servant AB^M MORTIER

SIR WILLIAM JOHNSON Barn^t.

Mortier Esq^r. Anno Domini 1768 bad paper to write upon¹

INDORSED: Mr. Mortiers letter

Ansrd.

FROM RICHARD SHUCKBURGH

In the Johnson Calendar, p. 409, is listed a letter of November 28th from Dr Richard Shuckburgh, N. York, concerning Indian prayer books which Mr Gaine is printing and the advantage of sending to England those that require morocco binding. (printed in *Doc. Hist. N. Y.* 4:398–99; Q, 4:250–51.)

¹ In Johnson's hand.

FROM JOHN BRADSTREET

A. L. S.

[Albany, November 29, 1768]

] thanks for You[r

Indians in the Affair of the L[ands] [obtain'd:- Colonel Croghan tells me they have inserted a Clause in their agreement with the Crown at the late Congress secureing to such person such Lands as they at that time gave Deeds: You'l oblige me in sending the Words of that Article as

I may perhaps be able to make some thing out of it to my advantage & of some of my friends of which I shall take the liberty to inform You.

Col. Croghan has had with me some further conversation on the affair of the Flatts; and I have by the last Post receiv'd full information that that affair may be [transac]ted with the greatest] first propos'd; should You at Security in the [proper] to enter upon it & think it [l anv] Your h ouse 1 present I will do myself the [I am I

1 Coll. Bradstreet INDORSED: - 1

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FROM JAMES TILGHMAN¹

A. L. S.

Philadelphia Novr. 29th 1768

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We are collecting dollars with all possible dispatch in order to fulfill our Engagements on Account of the Indian purchase and I am in great hopes we shall nearly accomplish our Quantity

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¹A commissioner from Pennsylvania at the Fort Stanwix treaty.

in time however you may depend upon having the full Sum in time tho its very probable we maybe obliged to Make up some deficiency with half Jo^s. as the dollars are extremely scarce I must again [] my very sincere thanks for the Civilities we received at Fort Stanwix And as I am thoroughly sensible of the great pains you were at in transacting the Propietary purchase, I shall endeavour to impress on them due [] of the obligations they are under to you on [that occ]asion. As I think you told us the Indians chose [to treat with] the Propietarys themselves and not the Crown [for Pennsylvanie] Lands, It may be proper to mention [] yourself as I shall. I most heartily wish []

Y^r Most Ob^t Servant

JAMES TILGHMAN

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NSON

INDORSED:

[

] letter] y^e. purchase money Ans^d. 21st Dec^r.

FROM JOHN CONSTABLE

A. L. S.

[Schenectady, December 4, 1768]

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ſ

[] expect will be next Saturday [] encouraged him to undertake inoculation at Ten Shillings a piece, which will put it in the Power of most people to use successfully I hope so salutary a Means but to such as your Honor shall point out as real Objects the Expence shall be lessened to the bear value of the Drugs used. He has had much Experience under me and carries with him Cautions & Directions but if your Honor woud please to shew him the Pamphlet on Inoculation it might assist him in directing the Diet.

I wish your Honor may not neglect the Use of your Pills too long as the least Threats of your Distemper should be noticed and every Means timely used to prevent a Fit You will I hope excuse this Hint and believe me with greatest respect your very hble and

> obedient Servant JOHN CONSTABLE

ADDRESSED: To Sir William Johnson Bart att Johnson Hall Albany

FROM THOMAS GAGE

A. L. S.¹

New-York Decr. 4th. 1768.

DEAR SIR,

It is time I should return you Thanks for your Letters of Sep^t. 30^{th} and 13^{th} Oct^r. which were transmitted to Boston where I received them. In the first you inclosed a Paper of Intelligence given you by a Delaware Indian from the Ilinois, with a Speech to the Indians of S^t. Joseph's, said to have been delivered by a French-Man in the Name of the Spaniards. The Letters from the Indian Country are constantly full of the Machinations of the French and Spaniards and Disaffection of the Indians. The Indians must be sensible already of the false assurances given in the above Speech and I trust it will have no bad Consequence.

I am glad you acquainted the Indians with our Design to withdraw the Garrison of Ontario. This Province has not yet taken any Resolution concerning that Post. So I must wait Some time longer before the Garrison is ordered to remove. I am informed the heavy Artillery and Stores are carried away.

What you propose to me in your Favor of 13th. Oct^r. concerning Lieu^t. M^cDougal, I think may be very usefull tho' it will require a good deal of Management to bring the Detroit Militia to execute all our Designs. I shall consider in what Manner Lieu^t. M^cDougal can be appointed to that Command

¹ In Harvard College Library, Cambridge, Mass.

without Clashing with other Appointments in the upper Country, which must be avoided if it is possible, but I mean to follow your Advice in this Affair, as far as I can.

I am with great Regard,

Dear Sir,

Your Most obedient Humble Servant,

THO^S. GAGE

S^R: W^M: JOHNSON Bar^t.

INDORSED: N York Decbr. 4th. 1768

Genr¹ Gages Letter

FROM ROBERT ADEMS

A. L. S.

[New York, December 5, 1768]

Inclosed you have a List of Sundrys sent on Board the Capt^s. Pemberton and Roseboom, the former Sailed from this last Wednesday & the latter on Saturday.

The General returned last thursday Evening, but has granted no Warrant yet, however Expect it soon as I am to wait on him today. the 2 Hogsheads of Oysters which You Ordered, M^r. Cartwright had sent for before I got to Albany which hope you have received. there is now a Vessel come in with Indian Corn but cannot buy any, as the Albany Sloops are all gone there [] as soon as I receive the Money [] first Sloop

that Sails either for Poughkee[psie] I am with the greatest respect

Sir William Johnson Bar^t.

Sir

Your Most Obedient Humble servant

 Rob^{T} Adems

]N Bar^t.

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INDORSED: M ^r . Rb ^t . Adems Letter			
w th . a Memord ^m . of Stores			
Memorandum of Stores			
[]			
[] Molasses			
[] Barrels Loaf Sugar			
[] dº. Brown dº.			
,3 Boxes Spermacittae Candles			
No. 2 a Teirce w th . Gammons			
4 a Cask of Taunton Ale			
5 a Keg w th . Cheese			
6 a Box w th . Pickled Oysters			
7.8.10 three Kegs w th . Pickles			
12 & 13 two Casks w th . red Port			
15 a Case w th . Brandy			
16 a dº. w th . Geneva			
300 Bushels Ind ⁿ . Corn			
On Board of Roseboom			
2 Hogshds rum			
12 Barrels Syder			

FROM THOMAS GAGE

A. L. S.¹

New york Decr. 5th 1768

DEAR SIR,

On my Arrival at this Place from Boston on the first Ins^t:, I was favored with your Several Letters of the 13^{th} : 18^{th} : and 20^{th} : of Nov^r:.

The two Accounts transmitted in the first will be settled as fast as possible

The Inclosures in your Letter of the 18th: of Nov^r. with other Letters and Advices which I have received, do indeed astonish me exceedingly. As I find an Affair of Justice on a Person accused of the most heinous Crimes, is turned into an Affair of

¹ In Harvard College Library, Cambridge, Mass.

Party and Faction. It is not now the time for any People concerned in the Prosecution or Defence of Major Rogers to prefer any thing against him or for him. Every thing they had to say should have been laid properly before the Court-Martial, and Nothing Said afterwards, as it can be of no use. What you observe concerning *Ainse* is very just.

I hope your Representations to the Shawnese and Delawares concerning the Behavior of the Indians on the ouabache, will have all the good Effects that may be expected from the Connections between them and that an effectual Stop will be put to the too frequent Murthers the Savages of the Ouabache have been guilty of.

The order given out at Niagara transmitted in your Letter of the 20th. Ul^{mo}: was very precipitate, but I think it was explained before to Cap^t. Brown, that the Indian officers were to remain some time longer; however it must be remedied if not already done.

It is certainly absolutely Necessary to keep up Smiths and Interpreters at the great Posts, and I apprehend the Board of Trade meant they should and gave a certain Sum for all Indian Expences in which the Pay of those officers were to be included.

> I am with great Regard, D^r Sir Your most obedient humble Servant,

> > THO^s. GAGE

Sr: W^M: Johnson Bar^t.

INDORSED: N York Decbr. 5th. 1768

Genr^l. Gages Letter

FROM THOMAS GAGE

L. *S*.¹

New york Decr. 5th 1768.

DEAR SIR,

I had the honor to receive your Letter of 24^{th} . Ulmo on the 3^{d} Ins^t: together with Some Extracts of the Transactions at the late Treaty with the Indians at Fort Stanwix, and a Copy of the Indian Deed of Cession to His Majesty.

I congratulate you very sincerely, that after the infinite Pains and trouble you have had in bringing this difficult Business to a Conclusion, you have at length Settled it so much to your Satisfaction and I doubt not equally Satisfactory to the Indians and the Several Provinces concerned.

It is to be hoped that the fixing of the Boundary at the Cherokee River will not be the Occasion of future Quarrells with the Southern Indians; for whatever Pretensions the Six Nations May have to the Territorys claimed by them on that Side, if our Provinces should ever pretend a Right to those Lands in Consequence of this Cession of the Six Nations, it seems most probable that a Quarrell will ensue with the Southern Nations, who by no Means admit of these Claims of the Six Nations. This Circumstance was taken Notice of in the Report of the Board of Trade on the Subject of the Boundary.² Therefore I trust, notwithstanding the present Cession that proper Care will be taken to prevent the Provinces from availing themselves of it to the Prejudice of the Southern Nations; so as to be productive of Quarrells with them.

I always apprehended those Missionaries whom you mention, had Lucre more at Heart than Religion, and I find their Hipocrisy is now laid open and hope you will entirely defeat their Projects, You certainly ought to make known their Practices

¹ In Harvard College Library, Cambridge, Mass.

² Doc. Rel. to Col. Hist. N. Y. 8:19-34.

and discover their Hipocrosy, that the Pulick may not be deceived by their Artifices.

Proper Laws should no doubt be now thought of to preserve the late Treaty inviolable, that the Indians may have no further Cause of Complaint for Trespasses on their Lands. They should be clear and explicit and Severe Penalties inflicted on all who transgress them, but after all, if they are not better executed than the rest of the Laws, they will be of little use.

I have not yet had time to peruse the Extract of the Treaty which you have been So good to transmit me, but have seen enough to be Satisfied of the Trouble you have had, and the Difficultys you had to encounter.

I am with great Regard,

Dear Sir,

Your most obedient humble Servant

THO^S. GAGE

SR: WM: JOHNSON Bart:

INDORSED: N York Decbr. 5th, 1768

Genr¹. Gages Letter

FROM HUGH WALLACE

A. L. S.

New York [December 5, 1768]

I had the honor to receive yours from Fort Stanwix, & to hear by Col^o. Croghan that you were safe returned & had finished the Congress which was verry important greatly to the satisfaction of all Sides, & much to your own honor, which makes me verry happy, as the Friendship you have shewn me, makes me look on myself as interested in every think that happens you —

I hope you will now be able to give orders for paying the Bills I mentioned to you before vizt. Cap' Spicemakers Bill of

[] August last for Indian Presents	£413118
[] Bill for an Interpeter	63176
[] B. Roberts's Bill on you dated	£477 92
[] last	106 72
[] have lain long in my Hands [£583164

[] have lain long in my Hands [so that I hope you will do [

I received a Letter last [Lieut.] Galland at Fort Stanwix, in which [of great damage done him by the Ind[ians, who have] killed and carryed off Three good Cows, & a M[are] & Colt from him, burned all the Fences [] his garden, all the Pickett of the Fort [l one of the Houses in the Fort. I hope it will be in your power to pay this poor good Man for his Horses & Cows, I have spoke to Gen¹ Gage about it, & he says it rests with you to do it, & put it in your Ac-] thinks the poor Man ought to be paid [counts [I find Mr. Galland has wrote you about [] & I knew your readyness to assist a g[ood] Man in distress will plead 1 M^r Galland, so shall say no more strongly [of [

We have not a word of News [] Packett hourly expected. I am [] D^r Sir Y^r [] []

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SIR WILL JOHNSON Bart INDORSED: New York [

> Hugh Wallaces Letter wth. some Acc^{ts}. amt^g. to £583..16..4 Ansrd. 10b^r. 12th. that I wd lay his Acc^t. before y^e. genr^l. as

Soon as I rec^d. it, & when Ansrd. by him, would pay it imediately. I sent him a paragraph of Cap^t. Spicemakers letter, promising to Send me y^e. Acc^t. from Montreal¹

FROM DANIEL CAMPBELL

A. L. S.

Schenectady the $6^{th} D$ [ecember]

Enclosed is the accounts of the Heyson Tea & Crimson Velvet your pleasure Slay will be finished the latter End of this Week, this morning I have been Speaking with M^r Vandersson the House Painter to know his price he Says if its done plain — it will Cost 30/— & if you have your Arms on the Backe it will Cost 50/— if your approve of the latter — please to Send me, One of those papers which I Saw Laying in your study that your Arms were printed [] by which I belive he will be Able to make [some]thing like it — I have wrote to Montreal Concering [] parts — As Yet no Opportunity offers to get the []

I am Dear Sir with Great Respect your most humb^e

Cespect your most numb

Servant

DANIEL CAMPBELL

[] Baronet INDORSED: [] Major Campbells letter wth. some Articles

¹ Indorsement in Johnson's hand.

FROM RICHARD PETERS

A. L. S.¹

Philadelphia 6 Decr 1768

HONOURD and DEAR SIR

I had so many friends at New York, and it is probably the last time that I shall have an Opportunity of seeing them, that it took me up ten days to Satisfy the demands of friendship. Since I came here Arrears of Business & a close attention to my Pastoral Duty have engagd me entirely.

I now set down to thank you, Dear Sir, for the many kindnesses you was pleased to do to me.² We have all a very deep Sensibility of your goodness and shall esteem it the greatest happiness of our Lives to give you our testimonies of it.

M^r Penn shall be fully made acquainted wth your attention to his Interest & the prudence & Zeal with which you transacted that part of the Business in which he was concerned.

I leave it to M^r Tighlman as being properly within his Department to inform you of the preparations making for the getting and sending by Col. Francis the Sum stipulated to be put into your hands. He has already wrote to you, & every thing is going forward as well as it possibly can.

I have been so happy as to engage two young men of good Parentage & Education, having been brought up here under our own Eye & in our own Academy. They are Youths of the German Nation turned of twenty years pious well stored with human Literature & disposd to be useful in the promotion of Religion amongst the Indians. They will very easily learn the Indian Language they already speak both German & English they will conform to the Service of the Church of England & if they prove agreable & have your Recomendations they will apply for Orders in the Church & go over to the Societys dis-

¹ In Library of Congress, Washington, D. C.

² Richard Peters was one of the commissioners from Pennsylvania present at the Fort Stanwix congress.

posal. This I think is a great matter & I esteem myself peculiarly fortunate in finding these two worthy young Students.

I am obligd to Mr Muylenberg for this expeditious Provision One is his own Son M^r Peter Muylenberg¹ who has had a double Education both here & in Germany. The other is one M^r Christian Streight² who last week took his Batchelors Degree at our Commencement. Please to let me know particularly when I shall send them to you & where you chuse they shud be, y^t I may inform the Society at home & that our Letters may be of one & the same Tenor. I have communicated this Matter to D^r Smith but as he is not at home I cannot shew him this Letter. I will talk further with him on the Subject & get him to joyn with me in a Letter to you when we are favourd with your Sentiments about these two Persons how you will dispose of them & when you woud have them come to you.

My very hearty & affectionate Regard will always attend M^r Guy Johnson whose cheerfulness & goodness to us has made Impression that time will not efface but dispose us to love him & esteem him always. M^r Clause is likewise thanked very heartily & desird to accept of our sincere & kindest remembrance. May God pour his peculiar Blessings on you & continue you a general Blessing to your Country & a particular happiness to your Connections.

I am

Hon^d & D^r Sir Very sincerely Y^{rs}.

RICHARD PETERS

INDORSED: 6th. Dec^r. 1768

From the Rev^d. M^r Peters

¹ Later, a general in the Revolution and member of the 1st, 3d and 6th congresses.

² Christian Streit (Streyt), who is classified as Swedish Lutheran, was graduated at the College of Philadelphia in 1768. He served congregations in Pennsylvania, South Carolina and Virginia.

GENERAL GAGE'S WARRANT

In the Johnson Calendar, p. 410, is listed, under New York, December 6th, General Thomas Gage's warrant to Abraham Mortier for paying £7200, 17s, 4d to Sir William Johnson; and under December 7th his warrant to pay £905, 17s, 61/4d. Both destroyed by fire.

FROM JOHN BROWN

In the Johnson Calendar, p. 410, is listed, under Schenectady, December 6th, a letter from John Brown about ceiling the church and other details of its completion (printed in Doc. Hist. N. Y. 4:399-400; Q, 4:251).

TO JOHN WATTS

$Df.^1$

[Johnson Hall, Dec. 6, 1768]

] Gov^r. Penn, who was called away [so soon from Fort Stanwix] by the Affairs of his Province that I had] to Answer it being then, as well as ever since,] beyond expression by the Indians, of whom] at Least assembled about 3100, The Greatest number [that] has ever be known to meet in these parts, and altho' [one] of the principal Nations came much out of

[hu]mour, having been invited by the French & Spanards [to] a Meeting Near the Misisipi, to obstruct the Treaty I had so long proposed, yet I at last Succeeded in Obtaining a Very Advantagious boundary & Cession to the Crown, of which you are doubtless more particularly acquainted as I sent a Short Abstract to Sr H Moore with [a] Copy of the Deed of Session — I got as favorable a boundary as possible for this province, but you know the Settlements & Purchases had already Extended so [far] to the Westward, and was come so close to their very [villages?] that much could not be expected that way] they were for Limitting it very much to & as I [

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¹ In handwriting of Guy Johnson.

the [westward]. I Judged it best after running it from Susquehanna along [Tiananderha] to Canada Creek at Wood Creek to Stop there [] open 'till his Majestys pleasure be [known. Possi]bly I may be enabled to obtain a] the 2 Nations who are [1] for y^e. Susquehanna Lands but [] proprietors of Pennsylv^a. a very [and [] Ind^s. that the purchase money, (10,000 Do[llars) l paid them imediately after the return of [from the Congress, this effectually answer [] purpose, and I] much to his advantage. am happy that every thing [I am hardly yet disengaged from the [occasioned by the Treaty & my Long absence [] Shall be] assure you very Glad to hear from you, & in the [that I am always most Sincerely Your most Obe I

& very humble [

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TO JOHN BRADSTREET

$Df.^2$

[Johnson Hall, Dec. 7, 1768]

I

] favor of your [

that my little services in the late Land affairs [] to you.— The Indians have at the late [] settling the Boundary line excepted all their [] Lands and also all such Lands as they had at that [time] agreed to dispose of, I inclose you a Copy of [that] part of their Speech and the same is likewise inserted [in] the Deed of Cession wch they Executed to his Majesty.—

The Mohocks repeatedly applied to me that their Lands

¹ Several lines missing.

² In Guy Johnson's handwriting, excepting two brief interlineations.

there might be effectually secured to them, and the Governor has had it under Consideration of which [1 told Col. Croghan to inform you.— According as the Indians settled it at the late Treaty it is to be secured by some Act of the Legislature to them & their heirs for ever; done in Several of the other Colonies — in which case as I take it they will be barred from disposing but not from Leasing of their property, This point requires consideration, and might be inlarged upon, at present I have only time to add my Assurances of [l you my best Assistance on the affairs you Mention [1 they Shall be thought elligible, and that I shall [] glad to see you at my House on these or any Jother occasions.---As I am

FROM RICHARD PETERS

A. L. S.¹

Philadelphia 7th Decr 1768

My dear Sir

I have had a great deal of discourse with M^r Murray on the Subject of the Liberty he has given him, by the Society to remove to Schenectady. He is lately married and with a good & reputable Family of this City. She is a Sister of M^r John Ross an eminent Lawyer of a long standing here. He has numerous Relations & has taken his Wife with him to Reading, where his Mission now is. He is as I told you not overburdend with Zeal but is a Gentleman of good Sense & sprightly Conversation — he is about or near 40 years of Age and well furnished with Learning. He desires to know something about the Congregation of Schenectady, what or if any Subscription is made for the Missionary by the Members of that Church. whether there be an House or Plantation appropriated to the Church. He thinks he coud render himself useful & agreable to you and the Congregation & if he can get his Wifes Consent

¹ In Library of Congress, Washington, D. C.

to remove there he shoud think himself happy. He desires to know these particulars that they may be mentiond to his Wife & her Relations who will be loath to part with her.

If any thing occurs to you wherein I can do the Church any Service, or contribute to your Comfort, or promote the Knowledge of sober useful Religion to my old Acquaintances among the Indians it will give me a very great pleasure. Please to remember me to such of the Indian Chiefs as they occasionally come to visit you. I am

> My much Honourd & Dear Sir Your most affectionate humble Servant

> > **RICHARD PETERS**

M^r Murray has a Scotch Accent

ADDRESSED:

To

The Honourable Sir William Johnson Baronet at Johnson Hall above Albany in New York

INDORSED:

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From the Rev^d. M^r Peters.

FROM MICHAEL BYRNE

A. L. S.

[Fort Ontario, Dec. 9, 1768]

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[] Place tho there has been more Indians here [than] was known to come the three past, I have not been []ded in carrying on the business of my Duty, for the Departm[]. The Commanding Officer Lieut. Grant a Good officer, and a [] man, I Imagen confideing in Me, gives me a Discretionary [to give provisions to Indians as I think necessary, which I believe [l continued to me, if Not countermanded, by Orders from the General] Niagara, See in My last, Extracts from Captain Browns letters to Lieut. [Grant] Comanding this Post, as I have no certainty to continue in this Service [l than the 24th March next I beg you will remember to inform me before [that] time, whether I am to be, or Not to be, a Servt. to the Crown under you, or to [| Province under who, Either of which, I lave Soly to your better Judgment [and] continued kindness. Ever present to a gratefull Mind in Me.--Or if you, only, under God, by whome I have & Still doe live like a Gentlmⁿ [] not procure me an Employ, under the King or Government here, I would [glad] ly goe & live in your Neibourhood, within the distance of half a days [1 or walk to your House, from thence return at Night, Even to a indiff [erent] place, that I could with propperty call my Home, where I could [] and Spitt in My Owne Asshes.-I know that I am as good a [man?] as any in the Province, and if I had a place, I could call my [own I] would creep, & Improve, by degrees, rise Errect & be a nown [substan] tive, and consequently independent & contented, which is the [ł point in view to happiness, if anny this Side the Grave. 1 ſ not Expect to heer from you, or yours, this winter, please make] them, they have my all good wishes. My Mind ſ] belive Me Dear Sir Ever to be Your is [acknowledging faithful, and I

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TO THOMAS GAGE

$Df.^1$

[Johnson Hall, Dec. 9, 1768]

[]te you Sev¹ Letters the last of which [] 24th of November with inclosures which I hope you have [] and that this Will find you returned to New York — I now inclose you the Acct of Expenses attending the late Treaty for the Am^t of wch I beg the fav^r of y^r Warr^t. which tho' at first View it may seem large will on a due Consideration of the length of time attending it, the Number of Indians, and the Great Extent and Value of the Cession be found Very Moderate;

This goes by Major Gorham who amongst other things tells me that there are about 6000 stand of French arms lying useless & spoiling in the Arsenal at Halifax some part of which if occasionally given out to the Ind^s. of Nova Scotia would be very seasonable & acceptable to them and would create a Saving of Expence which I submit to Your Consideration.—

I have lately received a Letter from the Earl of Hillsborough inclosing me a Copy of a Report of the board of Trade, with Memorials &ca relating to an application [for] a Grant of the Mines about Lake Superior, & desiring [] opinion] find that the Same is laid before you for yours which if favorable, the Affair will be []th Settled, & some persons of consequence in England [concerned in] I should be glad to hear from you [it. [1 if we agree in sentiments in the matter [1 be soon Settled with the Ind [ians] 1 1 1 the Quantity and Value [1 Lieut Patt Sinclair [] concerning His

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¹ In handwriting of Guy Johnson.



Servant who was killed [] requesting that he may have some allow[ance] I submit it to your consideration whether [] him any or what Sum as a Restitution for []

Just as I had ended this I reced [] from Michilimackinac wherein Capt [Glasier] me some particulars of the Artifices of the [French and] Spaniards, (corroborating w^t. I have often wrote upon) of discoveries he had made concer[ning Rogers'] Schemes to the Westward, &ca &ca but I need [not] particularize these Matters as I suppose he [] them in the Letter to you which I send by Major [Gorham]

FROM HENRY BOSTWICK

A. L. S.

[Montreall, Dec. 10, 1768]

[] since which time he []] letter came to hand, or whether a Reference [is come] to You from England— If such Reference is [not come] to Your Hands I apprehend the Affair is finished [] and shall take Measures accordingly. If a Reference [has] been sent You, I shall govern myself from the Report [you] are pleased to make and Your Directions, so that the Company's concerns may be carried on with Oeconomy and to the best advantage.

On my Arrival at Montreall I was ordered to attend at the Tryall of Major Rogers, and to give Evidence of what I knew concerning him, when in the Course of the Tryall I was asked to give the Character of Joseph Hans,¹ a Frenchman, who resided at Michilimakinac when the Fort was cut off in the Year 1763 — I doubt not but You have heard a Character of him before, but least it shou'd have slipt Your Memory I here Enclose You a Copy of my Affidavit, which was left with

¹ Joseph Louis Ainse.

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General Gage by the Generals Desire, at the time We arrived from Michilimakinac, as he intended to make an Example of those who behaved ill - I likewise send You the [substance] of the Affidavit that was made against him by [Casper] Cosmer, a Corporall in the Royall American Regiment [1 the Massacre that was committed in the Fort [| Expecting to be call'd to Account for hill ill¹ [| Fort of] coming, and went Michilimakinac as soon as [to St Joseph [] S^t. Josephs and [L ſ 1 into the Fort who told [] obliged to take him up and [

Soon after I left Michilimakinac [] He came into the Fort and has lived [] Behaviour by being made Kings [] been brought to Montreall. and Intro[duced to] M^r Roberts, and M^r Goddard, as a Man of [] Reputation —

In Consequence of the Aff [idavit] him he was committed to Prison, but from [] that has been given him. He is adm [itted] the Chief Justice is of Opinion that he may [] for says he any Person committing a Crime [without the] Limits of a Provence cannot be tryed for [] Provences whatever, so that all beyond the [] Provences is an Asylum for Villany —

Hans at present draws his Prov[ision as] Indian Interpreter— And although I [] to do him an Injury, Yet I think for [] as well as the General Good, I shou'd [] Man, not to Endeavour to prevent [

] at Michilimakinac — Capt Spie[smacher] very little knowledge of him [] can be their Reasons for Sup[] they do, astonishes [] known to themsel[] []

Your most Obed^t Hble Ser^{vt}

HENRY BOSTWICK

¹ "For his ill" was evidently intended.

Deposition of Henry Bostwick now residing at Montreall in the Province of Quebec who Testyfieth and saith that on the Second day of June 1763 He this Deponent being at his House at Michilimakinac Louis Joseph Hans, a French Resident at said place came into the Garret of said House with a great number of Indians in a forceable Riotous manner in which Garret this Deponent then was concealed for fear of the Indians and the said Hans with the said Indians did then and there Feloniously and Fraudulently take Steal and carry away from [I Deponent, a great Quantity of Indian Corn Peletries [1 Merchandise, to the amount of several Thousand pounds] deponent being in fear that the said Indians woud 1 kill [him]ed the said Hans to interpose in his Favour, and [Indians from doing this Deponent any Injury [] the said Hans made Signs to an] this Deponent, as this Deponint then Indian [] Indian did then attempt to kill ſ [him] Court asked h bad one. 1 ¹When the Disturbance [1 the Year 1763 I had just come off [] refresh me on hearing a Noise that was [1 to the Window, and 1 Soldiers of the there saw the Indians [Garrison - I put my Mus[quet] Window with an intention to have fired [but was prevented by a Soldier who was in [] me — and we attempted to get out a back way, [1 was and to find our Officers, on going I found [Comrades who was Tomyhawk'd, laying] and saw the Fort full of Indians and Fr[enchmen?] in running from House to House - I took who was tomyhawk'd and carryed him ſ un 1 way into a House near to Mr Bostwicks 1 mv Shirt and tying up the Wounds of my ſ ſ 1

¹ Casper Cosmer's deposition follows.

I looked through a Window where I w 1 done in the Fort — and there I saw Hans [l very busy in taking away the Napsacks, [] belonging to the] go into Mr Bost-Soldiers — And I saw Hans [wicks House and come [1 with Goods which he carrved to his own [1 One Load he came out with was Stroud [l lead a Soldier out of another [House 1 the Indians as a Prisoner ADDRESSED: To Sir William Johnson Bart. at Iohnson Hall INDORSED: Montreall 1 From M^r [Bostwick]

TO DANIEL BURTON

 $Df.^1$

Johnson hall Decr. 10th 1768.

Sir/

I had the pleasure of receiv^g your letter of the 20th June in Sept^r. Just before I set out to Hold the General Treaty with the Northern Indians for settling a boundary line between them and the American Colonies, and as my Stay there was much longer than I expected, and the trouble and difficulties which attended it engrossed my whole time I was obliged to deferr an answer until my return home.

I am very happy to find from your Letter that the Reverend Society have agreed to the purchase of y^e late D^r Barclays Farm &ca & that they approve of my little endeavors here on behalf of Religion, and I must request that they will accept of my most respectfull regards, and Sincerest Wishes for the success of their pious designs.—

¹ In Library of Congress, Washington, D. C. In handwriting of Guy Johnson.

Whilst I rejoyce at every establishment they make for the Christianizing the Indians, and encreasing the Members of the Church of England, I cannot help lamenting the unhappy disadvantages under which it labours thro' the Want of an Episcopate in America. The reasonableness of such establishm^t. and the distresses which are occasioned thro' this want have been so fully described that I need not to enlarge upon them but I become daily more Sensible of these truths from the conduct of those of other denominations, whose religious principles are so far from being adapted to our constitution, that they cannot omit any opportunity of raising and strengthening themselves till they finally acquire a Superiority in all Matters Religious & Civil the event of which may be easily foreseen, and a Variety of disputes perhaps a Religious War in future can only be prevented by giving the Established Religion such present countenance and Support, as there is no reason to think they will ever make a bad use of, for (different from the Views of others) They will have all they want in possessing their own Religion, according to its Rights and Institutions.-- In short we cannot have a Clergy here without an Episcopate, & This want as it has occasioned many to embrace other persuasions, will oblige greater Numbers to follow their Example of which the Dissenters are very sensible, and by pretended fears of Episcopal power, as well as by Magnifying their own Numbers and Lessening ours give it all possible opposition,- The fund they lately raised in England will Answer various purposes, They have long had an Eye on part of Pennsylvania in virtue of an Absurd Claim. and they seldom Lose sight of a favorite Object, of which I shall give a recent Instance.

The late Treaty for the boundary line was thought the only Salutary Measure for preventing disputes about Encroachments I received his Majestys Orders for the Settlement of it, & the same was much desired by the Colonies concerned Nevertheless Missionaries came up from N England with a View to obstruct it, One of them strongly recommended to Me by M^r Wheelock of Connecticut with his Collegue Memorialled me that the Line should not be Extended to the North or West, but reserved for the purposes of their Religious Plan, previous to which they went amongst the Oneidas, and used all the Arguments in their power to dissuade them from agreeing to the Line proposed, & afterwards on sev¹. occasions publickly avowed they had done so, in the presence of Sevl. Gentlemen of Character who attended the Treaty to whom they declared that they wod, still continue to give it all the Obstruction in their power in which they were as good as their Words tho' I prevailed over all their Artifices, obtained a Secure boundary & an Advantagious & Extensive Cession of Lands to the Crown. - The Arguments they made use of in private amongst the Ind^s. their misrepresentations of our Religion, & the Extraordinary private Instructions of Mr. Wheelock of wch I am accidentally possessed would shew them in a very odd Light, I write this for the Societys information knowing at the same time that if it were public it would draw upon me a great deal of Scurrility of which they are but too Liberal, whenever their Schemes are attacked, or laid open to the publick.

I think I have now fallen upon a Measure for obtain^g. a Very handsome & Valuable Tract for the purposes of Religion in this Province — Some Gentlemen having applied to purchase a Very large Tract of Land adjoyning to my Estate here & Extending from the rear of the Patented Lands near Conajoharee to Sacondaga, (a Branch of Hudsons within 12 miles of the Mohock River) I became concerned with them with a View to obtaining a Part in So Valuable a situation for the use of the Church and have settled the purchase, my Share in Which cost £100 & is about 20,000 acres There are many Gentlemen who wo^d. now give a large Sum for the Indian purchase & take out the Patent themselves, but as I have reason to think that the Society have interest enough to obtain the Kings Grant for it with a remission of the high fees paid here on taking out Patents, & that as I presume they might obtain it free of Quit rent, or on some slender Acknowledgment, I will in case they can obtain his Majestys Grant freely make a Gift of the Indian purchase to be Vested in the Society until the appointment of an Episcopate, & then to go towards a Provision for that Establishment,- If this is approved of I will send them a full Description of the Land to enable them to take out the Grant, and I am sensible from its Quality and situation it will Yield at Least £100 Ster P Ann within 10 Years probably in much Less time, Whenever the boundary Line is closed to the Northward a Larger Tract may be obtained but this is so much better situated that it is more imediately worth attention.— I find it is extremely difficult if not impracticable to Get Clergymen here to Supply the Missions, I wish M^r Seabury may incline to accept of one, of them, Another difficulty arises about School Masters who are Extremely necessary particularly that at the Mohocks, & Conaioharee but I find none who are in the Least Qualified that wd. undertake that Office for Less than abt. £25 Str 79 A. however as I write to Dr. Auchmuty on this Subject I may for the present decline adding say^g anything farther than that I am with Sincere regard

Sir

&ca

D^R D BURTON

INDORSED: Dec^r. 10th 1768 —

To Dr D Burton

TO THOMAS GAGE

In the Johnson Calendar, p. 410, is listed a letter of December 10th to General Gage, introducing Mr Adair, who has prepared a manuscript on the "Manners Customs and History of the Southern Indians, tending to prove their descent from the Hebrews." (printed in *Doc. Hist. N. Y.* 4:400-1; Q, 4:251-52.)

FROM JOHN MONIER

A. L. S.

[Albany, Dec. 11, 1768]

about 12 this day your Man brot me your Letter of Yesterday, — The Schenectady Mail I sent off Yesterday Evening by M^r Tobias Ten Eyck who was desired to leave it with M^r. Phyn, but wether it contained any Letters for you I know not. I saw but one Letter for you this time, which came from Philadelphia which Letter I inclosed to you with two Newspapers and desired M^r. Ten Eyck likewise to leave them at M^r. Phyns.—

We are at present threadbare of News, when anything Transpire, I shall take pleasure in Communicating it.

> I remain with great respect Sir

> > Your most hu Servant

JNº. MONIER

P. S. its now a little after One O Clock the man setts off

FROM ABRAHAM MORTIER

A. L. S.

New York 11th Dec 1768

The two Enclos'd Warrants were sent [from] the Generals Office on Saterday last, & [I take] the earliest Opportunity of Transmitting them together with the Receipts to be sign'd

[]ual. You may depend on my giving M^r [Adems] all the Dispatch in my power on all [occas]ions.

I am with great Regard

Sir

Your most Obedient and Most Humble Servant

Ab^M. Mortier

[] Barr^t. INDORSED: [] wth. Enclosures Ansrd.

FROM DANIEL CAMPBELL

A. L. S.

Schenectady the 12th December 1768

[]ting with any Return Slays, & having half a load of [] Clauss. I have Hired the Bearer Abraham Groat to take [] loadg for which I am to pay him Twenty Shillings [] of which, I have Charged you & the Remainder to Colⁿ [Claus] Inclosed is the Bill of Parcel Amounting to []9..5 I Should have waited longer for Return Slays but [] Weather Seems to Change. the Roads may Soon be impassable & the Iron probibly much wanted —

M^r M^c Farlan is Arrived from York [yes]terday — he left four Sloops — all Froze up in the River [28] miles below Albany — at a Place Called Looningburg. [] Pemberton You have all your Winter Stores [] Quantity of Indian Corn being one of thos Sloops I Sopose this [] heard before this — M^{rs} Campbell begs [her re]spectfull Complements. & am Dear Sir Your [] obedient Servant

DANIEL CAMPBELL

INDORSED: [] £16..[] Ansrd. 1

FROM RICHARD SHUCKBURGH

A. L. S.

New York 12th Decr. 1768

Dear Sir

I propose to write to M^r. Jeffries by Cap^t Richards who sails in about a fortnight or three Weeks for London I schoud be glad if you coud furnish me with any thing to Say to him relative to the Power of Attorney &c I gave you from him or if you woud be pleasd to let me know whether you have wrote to him concerning them; else I can only [men]tion my delivering of them. I hope this may find you and all at the Hall well [] likewise those at the River to whom [be pleased] to make my Comp^{lts}. from your

Most obligd humble Serv^t.

]

RICH^D SHUCKBURGH

INDORSED: 12th. Dec[] From D^r Shuck[Ans^d. 22^d.

FROM JOHN BRADSTREET

A. L. S.

[Schenactady, Dec. 13, 1768]

ſ]] of the [1] extract of the late Treaty, received with the [] the tenor thereof I am of Opinion which [] have no objections to the Indians [ling L me a Deed of Gift instead of the [lmon Deed given) I shall be able to [] the Lands granted me, confir'd by [his] Majesty free of all Office Fees & Ouit [Rents] Should I succeed, the precedient [may] Serve for another.

I believe the Treaty when ratify'd by [his] Majesty will be consider'd as securing [the] Flatts &a. to the Savages in the Ided — It is probable the New York manner [[assem]bly, by some late resolves, will be dissolved¹ [1 so nothing can be done in the matter [] and all things] to let slip So good an opperconsider'd it would [] certainly fall into other hands tunity as [] — when good Slaying comes [I] great regard & esteem pleasure to wait on [ſ I I

TO JOHN BRADSTREET

$Df.^2$

[Johnson Hall, Dec. 16, 1768]

[] delivered me your favor of the [13th inst. in answer to] my last with the inclosure, — I suppose [] you mean to apply for a Grant of free of Fees, [] are those already treated about a Deed [] could probably be obtained but I have a recent instance [] Crowns disapprobation of such like Deeds, as they [thou]ght it a dangerous precedent should any Man of influence amst the Ind^s, hereafter avail himself thereof by taking up [] Large Tracts for that purpose. —

The late Treaty when ratified will doubtless be considered as an effectual Security to the Indians of their dwelling places Flats, & Circumjacent Lands and I don't apprehend that [the present] Assembly will do any thing in it if the Cession is to be

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¹ The assembly was dissolved on January 2d, 1769, Governor Sir Henry Moore in his closing speech denouncing certain resolves of the assembly as "flatly repugnant to the laws of Great Britain."

² In handwriting of Guy Johnson.

so Short. [nei]ther indeed can I see what can be done on the [] you propose for sometime for reasons on wch I shall [] at our Meeting ['when I shall farther enlarge on and explain all these matters, and shall be very glad of the opportunity of seeing you here as I am with great Esteem]

Sir

TO THOMAS GAGE

$Df.^2$

[Johnson Hall, Dec. 16, 1768]

[] had the honor of writing you on the [9th inst. I] have had the pleasure of your 2 Letters of the [10th October? and] of the 4th Inst. and I am glad to find by the [one last menti]oned that you approve of what I took the liberty [of propo]sing concerning the Detroit Militia,—

I hope that any Affair of party arising from the [late] proceedings agt. Major Rogers may totally Subside, [if not], it will be easy to See what keeps it up,- the Gentlemen concerned in the prosecution not having the same inducements to do him a prejudice as himself and sundry others have to Manifest his Innocence & induce the publick to deem the whole as a Malicious attack upon a Man of worth. Every thing that could possibly occurr to me was said to [the] Shawanese and Delawares as well at the Treaty, as at my house, and it appeared to have made a good impression on [them] from their Answers and observations on what I had said [to] them, And I gave them at their return Some additional [prese]nts, & sent them away as well Satisfied with the Whole of [the] Transactions as was in my power, for Notwithstanding their [dependency?] on the six Nations, their perfect accordation to the boundary] in which Pennsylvania & Virginia are much ſ

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¹ Crossed out in the manuscript.

² In handwriting of Guy Johnson.

1 their Vicinity.- I sent the Interpreter back [] with orders to Capt McLeod to purchase I] Should be known, and I presume provisions [you will [] these Matters as Capt Brown, seems to think [] the receipt of fresh ord[ers 1 I ¹That & other [] cannot be Transacted [] through you was the] on so as to give any attention at very lowe[st all to [Indian 1 the Crown are Satisfied that some] I am convinced they will never be able to Atten [tion] 1 Establishments or at so low a Rate as I do [ſ

I am much obliged to your kind Con[gratulation on the] Conclusion of the late Treaty, which I endeavor [ed 1 advantagious to the Crown & publick as it [] I flatter myself that the proceedings which reg[ard the] Continuation of the boundary to the Cherokee [River can have] no ill Effect, what I have done is only Vesting [the claim of] the Northern Ind^s. (which wo^d. always hang over th[at country) in the] Crown, — The Cherokees in my presence [and at my house many] Years ago, claimed no farther, & all the other N [ations have] ever considered that as the Six Nation bounds, [but should it] Now be viewed otherwise, The Principal Claim is [removed, and] the Crown has only to settle with the Southern [Indians concerning] it, and should they refuse to give it up, It [is in his majesty's] power to prevent the Colonies from availing [themselves of the] late Cession in that Quarter, till it can [be done with safety] and the Common Consent of all who have [just pretensions to it] which I believe will be easily] The Commissioners on the part of obtained [] that good Laws shall be E[nacted I ł 1 boundary these should

¹ This passage to the end of the paragraph seems to relate to the new scheme of managing Indian trade.

] appear[] I] Zeal, It would Exceed [1 ſ] to relate the many Arguments to] weaken the Chh of England which the] ingeniously repeat afterwards, I have made the [Society for] propagat^g the Gospel, and sev¹. of the Clergy &ca [acquaint]ed with a good deal of their Conduct — The objects they [have in] View and the Civil & Religious preeminence they are [ally establishing demands the timely attention of those [whose] business it is to promote the National Church, & secure its [rig]hts & priviledges. ---

TO PETER MIDDLETON

$Df.^1$

[Johnson Hall, Dec. 16, 1768]

] yours of the 18th ult^o.

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[

1 I was now enabled to Serve your] With that View I am to inform you friend [] boundary settled as far as it regards this] from Delaware North to Tienaderha Creek Province [at Susquehanna[, up] that Creek & its Westerly branch, & thence to Canada Creek [at] Wood Creek West of Fort Stan-] Lands now Vacant Ceded wix. and of Course there [to the Crown eastward of that boundary & extending as far as to the patented Lands & late purchases but tho' the Lands so Vested in the Crown are of Large Extent, yet the Exact Quantity cannot be ascertained, neither can a Location be described until the Course of Tienaderha Creek is taken by Survey,- As I presume that this Province will (as the rest purpose to do) Survey the Courses of their Boundary the Nature & Extent of the Vacancy will then be fully known, [Then] Mr. Upton may apply for his Tract in such part [] as shall appear to be

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¹ In handwriting of Guy Johnson.

best, and on which occasion I [will] give you every advice & Assistance necessary, as I shall [if] any other place may be discovered Vested in the [Crown which] will Answer his purpose.—

[pur] chase of the Whole Tract Ceded to his Majesty [] in his Name & by his Authority, In what [] whole be granted, I am as yet quite unacquainted [] the View of a [] []

FROM RICHARD PETERS

A. L. S.¹

Philadelphia 17th Decr 1768

Honourd & Dear Sir

I cant let M^r M^c Clay go with out repeating to you what I said at large in a letter last week, that I have a very high Sense of, and thankfulness to you for, the many Instances of Goodness & friendliness that you shewed me at Fort Stanwix y^t the Proprietors are acquainted with the Zeal & faithfulness you exercised in your Negotiations for them which must endear you very much to them.

I woud be obliged to you for your Answer to the Points relating to the Two young men & M^r Murray of whom I wrote at large by the Post.

I have but just time to let you know how much I love & esteem you & how gratefully my heart beats towards you. I am

D^r Sir

Your affectionate humble Servant RICHARD PETERS

INDORSED: Philadelphia Decb^r. 17th. 1768 —

¹ In Library of Congress, Washington, D. C.

FROM THOMAS GAGE

A. L. S.¹

New York Decr. 19th 1768.

DEAR SIR,

I have received your Favor dated Nov^r. 9^{th²} which I imagine a Mistake, and that was wrote on the 9th Ins^t. tho the Date does not appear to be Material.

The Account of the Expences incurred at the late Treaty shall be paid as fast as the Contractors can procure Cash, which they have had Difficulty to do. The Expences created at Boston in order to procure Quarters for the Troops ordered thither, with the Sum required for the Expences of the Indian Treaty, has occasioned an Extraordinary Demand for Cash at a time when it is very Scarce.

Major Goreham⁸ has talked to me about the French Arms in the Arsenal at Halifax, and I think what you propose respecting them would be the best way of disposing of them to save New Expences.

The inclosed Paper contains an Extract of my Letter to L^d. Hillsborough concerning the Mines about Lake Superior, which I conceive to be a Project started by some to draw in others. It is not in Nature that such a Project could answer, did the Mines ever produce Virgin Copper in Lieu of Ore.

To pay People for all Damages they may receive from Indians is impossible, and the Traders might with the Same Reason demand Payment for the Goods plundered by the Indians upon the Ohio, as Lieu^t. Sinclair demand Payment for his Servant.

Cap^t. Glazier has transmitted Copys of some Indian Speeches, and Mentions that French People pass his Post in their way to

¹ In Harvard College Library, Cambridge, Mass.

² December 9th in the Johnson Calendar.

³ Major Joseph Gorham, deputy superintendent of Indian Affairs in Nova Scotia.

the Mississippi where he hears the Spaniards are collecting a Set of Banditti, but referrs me to you for many particulars. The Troops Sent up by the Spaniards are mostly deserted, and it is not improbable they enlist all the Vagabond French they can find.¹

I send some Letters for the Posts under your Cover which I beg the favor of you to Send Express to Niagara as soon as possible, as the answer I get from Niagara, will determine the Measures to be taken in the Spring, to send Provision to the Detroit, for I have yet no certain Accounts whether the Schooner run on shore at Sandusky will be of use or not the next year.

I am with great Regard,

Dear Sir, Your most obedient, humble Servant,

Tho^s. Gage

S^R: W^M: JOHNSON Bar¹. INDORSED: N York Decb^r. 19th. 1768

> Genr^l. Gages Letter wth. an Enclosure

GENERAL GAGE'S WARRANT

In the Johnson Calendar, p. 411, is listed, under December 20th, New York, General Thomas Gage's warrant to Abraham Mortier for payment to Sir William Johnson of £21,923, 2s, $31/_2$ d, New York currency, for the expenses of the Fort Stanwix treaty, including £17,932, 7s, $91/_2$ d paid to the Six Nations for territory; account appended. Destroyed by fire.

TO THE EARL OF HILLSBOROUGH

In the Johnson Calendar, p. 411, is listed a letter of the 20th to the Earl of Hillsborough on the abundance and richness of Lake Superior

¹ For a French opinion of the Spanish soldiers arriving at New Orleans, see Collections of the Illinois State Historical Library, 11:183, ed. C. W. Alvord and C. E. Carter.

copper ore, costs of mining and conveying and measures for obtaining the Indians' consent to mining enterprises. (printed in *Doc. Hist. N. Y.* 2:920-23; Q, 2:533-34 and Doc. rel to Col. Hist. N. Y. 8:140-42, under date of the 23d.)

TO SAMUEL AUCHMUTY

$Df.^1$

Johnson-hall Decr. 21 st. 1768.

DEAR SIR

I thank you for your Letter of the 14th ult^o. in Answer to mine of Sept^r. and October last, and I hope you have since received my last of the 18th Nov^r.

I find with Concern that nothing is yet done touching an American Episcopate, and I think nothing can be effectual till that point is carried, as I plainly perceive that we cannot have a Clergy That is we cannot have as many as are necessary for performing the duties of Religion till then which alone and without considering any other wants, is a very Serious point. - I think it is a very great hardship & that so modest and reasonable a demand in favor of the National Church deserves an imediate Indulgence.— I have now wrote to the Society another Long Letter wherein I have urged this and given them many reasons for shewing that such an Establishment however it may be represented will be the only means of preventing future disputes as the National Church wants only its Just Rights, properly secured. Whereas others whose Objects are power & preeminence Civil & Religious will on Seeing its Weak & defenceless State endeavor its destruction, to Compass which, means will finally be prosecuted that must drive its professors to despair & perhaps end in a Religious Quarrell which of all others ought to be avoided & guarded against - I have likewise mentioned the late Conduct of the Missionaries who were endeavoring to

¹ In Library of Congress, Washington, D. C. In handwriting of Guy Johnson.

obstruct the proceedings at the late Treaty and you are at Liberty to make what use you please of it which you may do without mentioning Names as so many Gentlemen of Rank attended the Treaty that it might have come from any of them, & altho' I defy the utmost of their Malice, I would rather if possible avoid the Scurrility which I know they are capable of uttering whenever their Conduct is exposed to the public. I wish I had leisure to enlarge on this as I have besides wt. I before informed you discovered that they have endeavored in several discourses to place the Chh of England in the most disagreable Light before the Ind^s & have made use of very Extraordinary arguments to that Effect to some Indians who have been educated down the Country, are Good Protestants & capable if necessary of proving it on them, I have likewise become master of Mr Wheelocks private Instructions to the Missys which are of a very Extraordinary nature - I have now Made the Society another advantagious offer, and I hope they will avail themselves of it as it is now in their power, — It is of a Tract very near this place being part of a larger One lately Treated for with the Indians in which I took a Share containing 20,000 acres (The Indⁿ. purchase of which is about £100.) meerly with a View to the Offer I now make them of that Ouantity clear of the Indⁿ. purchase to be Vested in the Society for the use of Missionaries &ca until the appointment of a Bishop, & then to go towards his Support, provided they will Apply for & obtain his Majestys Grant for it, which I am persuaded they have interest Enough to obtain on a very reasonable Lay perhaps with^t. fees or Quitrent. and if it is managed with any Care will produce above £100 Str P Ann in less than 8 Years.

The Rev^d. M^r Peters has Just informed me by Letter that he has found 2 very promising German Youths who understand the English Language & have been well educated who are desirous of taking Orders & Coming as Missionarys ams^t. the Ind^s. — he proposes that they should first come up here & Learn the Indian Language, & has great hopes from their abilities and Inclination for that Charge, I should be glad to have your

thoughts upon it The Allowce. made for the Mission or what other1 In Writing to the society concerning the Missions & Schools here I mentioned that I should be more particular in my Letter to you, but I am really at a Loss what to say Whilst the Three approved Missions, at Schenectady, Fort Hunter and Johnstown remain vacant and what is Worse, no prospect of their being speedily filled. Mr Seabury's Character has prejudiced me much in his favor, and I Wish for an Interview with him as it might I apprehend terminate in his settling hereabouts .-- I have mentioned to the Society that I do not think any Men properly qualified for School Masters can be found for Less than About £25 Str. 7 Ann.- On looking over the Abstract of the Societys proceeds. I find Some (such as Mr Newton at Ripton & M^r Gibbs at Simsbury &ca) at £30 # A I should think that Gent on that Salary would Gladly come to where a better provision was made for them, but as you can best know their Affairs & Character I Just mention it for your Consideration

D^R. AUCHMUTY. INDORSED: Dec^r. 21st. 1768

To D^r Sam^l. Auchmuty.

TO RICHARD PETERS

$Df.^2$

Johnson-hall Decr. 21st 1768.

DEAR SIR,

I Sincerely thank you for your Letters of the 6th and 7th. of this Month and am heartily glad that you arrived safe and in health at Philadelphia.

¹ The sentence not completed.

² In Library of Congress, Washington, D. C. In handwriting of Guy Johnson. The letter, dated 23d, is in the Historical Society of Pennsylvania, Peters Manuscripts, Philadelphia, Pa.

Give me Leave to Express the high Satisfaction I have received from the Very obliging and Friendly Sentiments you entertain of me and of my late Conduct, and to assure you that M^r. Penn may always command my best services and that I highly esteem his and your friendship.

M^r. Tilghman has wrote me that he is preparing the Cash. I beg you will offer him by best Compliments with the Letter herewith Transmitted I shall make the Indians easy about it until Col: Francis's¹ arrival.—

I am glad to hear that you have found out two Youths So promising as you describe who would take Orders and become Missionaries, I wish they were already ordained as the Missions in this Neighbourhood Vizt. Schenectady, The Mohocks, and Johnstown are Still Vacant, and none as yet found to fill them, whilst those of other denominations are making hasty Strides to attain to that Influence which will contribute to their other interested Views,- I suppose you mean that the Young Men should reside this way for some time and learn Some of the Language, & afterwards go over for Orders, and I am at a Loss to know whether The Society will not allow them w^t. is made² Now for the Mohock Mission or w^t, allowance else if any but I suppose These points are or can be easily settled and I shall be glad to see the Gentlemen & shall recommend them to the Mohocks &ca where they can Learn the Language, and Should the now Vacant Missions be filled up before they take Orders, I am certain that the Society will agree to Some farther Establishments or make them an allowance as Itinerants throughout the Six Nations where Men of Zeal and Abilities are greatly wanted, and where they might be assured of my friendship and Countenance.—

With regard to M^r. Murrays removal I understand the Protestants of Schenectady have wrote him, giving an Acct of what Terms he might expect there, The Society allows £40 Str

¹ Turbutt Francis, of Philadelphia.

² In the letter, "part of what is made."

 \mathfrak{P} Ann, and I have heard the Inhabitants say¹ they believed they could procure a house & make an Addition of £40 N York Currency to his Sallary, and I suppose there would be Some other advantages. —

Col Guy Johnson desires I would Express his Most Grateful Acknowledgments for the particular & friendly mention you have made of him and sincerely Wishes you & the Gentlⁿ who were at F^t Stanwix Health & happiness, Col. Claus, is Also greatly obliged to you for your kind remembrance of him and offers you his Most sincere regards.

For my own part be assured that I shall always be happy in your Agreable Correspondence, and in hearing that you enjoy that health & felicity which I most sincerely Wish you as

I am always Dear Sir,

I have not had a Line from any of the Gent that attended the Treaty till the Rect. of yours & of that from M^r Tilghman. The REV^D. M^R PETERS INDORSED: Dec^r. 21st 1768

To the Rev^d. M^r Rich^d. Peters

TO JAMES TILGHMAN

$Df.^2$

Johnson hall Decr. 21st. 1768

I am favored with your Letter of the 29th ult^o. [] cordially thank you for your very obliging and [frien]dly Expressions concerning my Conduct at the late Treaty, assuring You that I shall take great pleasure [in] serving Mr Penn or his friends on any occasion —

I am glad to find that the Cash is collecting and [sh]all make the Indians easy until the arrival of it [The] Word^s. wch you referr to when the Ind^s. say they will treat with [the] Pro-

¹ In the letter, "one of the Vestry Men Say."

² In handwriting of Guy Johnson.

prietors for Lands within Pennsylvania are inserted in the proceedings I have transmitted [to the] Secretary of State ----

[I healrtily wish you well and shall always be with] Sir, &c l

FROM BENJAMIN ROBERTS

A. L. S.

[Quebeck, Dec. 22, 1768]

ſ 1 broke his Word, yet [] Submission as that he should be forg [1 Swits, the Attorney would [] sued this post he General assures me too Seems to be a Friend of [Morrison?1] pray Send me the 1 from Niagara least Original pass &c Which [I may again be deceived by p[rofessed friends?]

Never was such a party place as Canada, at Montreal [1 is an assembly one rule is; none of Walker's² family or [any] that Speak with him there can be none here the Judges [T the first place, there is the Honorable Capt: Duff's Lady she [has not] yet been at Any of the Governors routs he gives One every fort[night] where you may dance or play cards till 9 or 1 little tea or Negus & then retire 10 oClock drink parties run high Against the Governor & Judge at Montreal 1 for bailing Our interpreter Ainse, the every body ſ Agrees [that] a General pardon was given to every body concerned in the Indian War. when the peace was made by Bradstreet as well as in a Speech made by General Gage at Montreal to the Ottawas when they brought down Etherington

I mentioned to you that Perthui intended going to your house & to send me money by him he does not go 'till the Lakes [are frozen

]

I

¹ Who had brought a suit against Roberts.

² Justice Thomas Walker.

I lare so Scarce here the ſ 1 Starved man buried ſ] M^r. Dr [] Agent Victualer for [] provisions the Indians of Lorette distress] I have given them several Dollars since are in [1 3 lb of bread Costs 8d. Str & is yet so my [scarce the Bakers [] customers to an Allowance] report prevail here that L^t. Sinclair has been ſ rob'd in [] Lake Erie, by the Indians of every thing he had with [him] & that he is returned to Detroit] find I shall be asked, being a Deputy of yours ſ a) ffairs that concern the Indians here. I have as to Act in [yet declined [taking] any Indian affairs of this Government on me without your [dire]ctions.

An order has been kept a good private from the Soldiers however [] lately got Wind, which has gained much ill will to General Gage. "No officer is to employ a Soldier to work for him without paying him 6^d. P day"

I hope you are in perfect State of good heath & that you and all your family meet with every Blessing this life affords hearing of which would overpay all the disagreeable moments I have pass'd in this party Country.

> I am Sir Your most affectionate humble Servant

> > **B.** Roberts

To S^R. W^M. JOHNSON Baronet ADDRESSED: To Sir William Johnson Baronet at Johnson Hall INDORSED: Quebec 22^d. Decb^r [] L^t. Roberts' Letter rec^d 22^d. Janr^y. 1769

TO RICHARD SHUCKBURGH

$Df.^1$

[Johnson Hall, Dec. 23, 1768]

[] your Letter of the 12th. [] M^r Jeffries Affair, To whom I wrote every [thing] then say on the Matter above a fortnight ago [promising] him to take the necessary Steps as soon as, [] and to do every thing in my power for his [inter]est — I also explained to him the doubts concerning the late M^{rs} Cosbys title to the South part of the Mannor [] There are sev¹. Tracts laid down in the Map under the name of Cosby, some of w^{ch} may possible be now in other hands. I sh^d. therefore be glad you'd make enquiry w^t. they now actually possess.

I have been very busy almost continually Since I saw you from the Several pacquets & dispatches I had to make up and the other buisness occasioned by my Long absence, and have at this time a parcell of Ind^s. about me so that I have not time to say much to you.

Pray write me whatever News is brought by the Pacquet, I am always glad to hear you are Well, and with my kind Compliments & those of the family to all of yours I remain your Sincere friend

& very humble Servt.

EXTRACT FROM COLONEL BRADSTREET'S ACCOUNTS

D.

[Albany, December 24, 1768]

[provisions (?) to] Fondas for Sir W^m. at 15/ £4.10.[] for carrying D^o. to D^o. at 15/ 4.10.[] for carrying D^o. to D^o. 15/ 2.5.-

¹ In handwriting of Guy Johnson.

[2] Men with Commissary Bearns to	
	Oswego at 100/	15
[] 5 Men with Commissary Roberts	
	to Niagara £9	54
[] & 5 Men with Provisions for Sir	
	W ^m . to Fondas at 15/	4.10
[] Peck & 8 Men with D°. to D°. 15/	6.15
[] De Graff & 2 Men with D°. to D°. $15/$	2.5
[] V Patten & 2 Men with D°. to D°. 15/	2. 5
[] Potman and 8 Men with D°. to D°. 15/	6.15
[] and 5 Men with D°. to D°. 15/	4 [10]
[] and 8 Men with D°. to D°. 15/	6 [15]
[] Dance and 14 Men with D°. to	_
	Fort Stanwix 48/	36
[] and 14 Men with D°. to D°. $48/$	36
[] Van Eps and 11 Men with Dº.	
	to Harkemans at 36/	21 [12]
[] and 7 Men with D°. to D°. $36/$	12.12
[]rt Wimple and 66 Men with D°.	
	from Sir W^{ms} . to Fort Stanwix 48/	160.16
[] Glen for 3 New Oil Cloths &	
	Cords to cover the Powder	10. 8
[] Detained 4 Days each at 4/	3.4
[] Dance and 8 Men with Provi-	
	sions to Fort Stanwix at 48/	21.12
[] Trips from Harkeman's to Dº.	
	each Trip at 4/ p ^r . Day	36. –.–
[] Detained 17 Days at 4/	30.12.[1]
[] Wimple and 14 Men with Provi-	
	sions to D° 48/	36. –.–
[] and 11 Men with D°. to D°. $48/$	28.[16]
[] lstine and 11 Men with D°. to D°. $48/$	28.16
[d	letain]ed by Sir W ^m . Johnson at Fort	
	Stanwix 51 Days 4/	10. 4
[] 51 D°. d°.	10. 4

Post-War Period, 1763-1774

51 D°. d°. 10.4.-I L 51 D°. d°. 10. 4.-1 ſ 10.[4.-]] 51 D°. d°. ĺ [10. 4.-]1 51 Dº. dº. ſ I I 1 To Adam Smith Dº.] To Mathise V: Derheyden Dº. ſ] To David Sopus and 5 others for collecting [] had been left by the Indians that were 1 bringing them to Schenectady each 6 Days [Carriages To Douw Fonda for carrying 28 Loads of Provisions to and from Johnson Hall at 5/ [l To Volckort Veeder for 3 D°. of D°. to D°. at 5/ 1 To Abraham Fonda for 16 D°, of D°, to D°. at 5/] To Peter Hansen for 4 D°. of D°. to D°. at 5/ ſ 1 To Barnet B Wimp for 3 D°. of D°. to D°. at 5/ [] To Barnet M: Wimp for 27 D°. of D°. to D°. at 5/] To Abraham Veeder for 1 D°. of D°. to D°. at 5/] To Cornelius Smith for D°. of D°. to D°.] at 5/ ſ To Arent Smith for 3 D°. of D°. to D°. at 5/ [1

TO LAUCHLAN MACLEANE

$Df.^1$

[Johnson Hall, Dec. 24, 1768]

[] Bostwick had not an opportunity [] me your favor of June last till Just [before my de]parture for holding the Treaty concerning the [bound]ary Line at Fort Stanwix, and the Variety []ness and Trouble I had during my long Stay there [toge]ther with many other matters I had to dispatch Since [my] return last Month deprived me of the pleasure of answering [] Sooner,— You may be Assured that M^r. Bostwick and the Gentlemen concerned in the

¹ In handwriting of Guy Johnson.

Application for the Mines, shall meet with all the Countenance, advice, and Assistance which it is in my power to afford them, and I by this opportunity transmit my Opinion to the Earl of] the expediency of that plan agreable to Hillsboro' [his Majesty's Order [as sign]ified to me by his Lordship in which [with] the proviso that the Expence may not be too great I am of [the] opinion that it may be practicable to obtain [the consent] of the Indians & advantagious if such measures are afterwards pursued as [I have ther]ein taken the Liberty to recommend in gen¹. terms.— [] doubt but that sev¹. Objects of Value might be [1 with Success in this Country if due care [] the Affections of the Ind^s. to afford them [avoid giving] them any umbrage [] 1 ſ to Gentlemen [as well as most of [] Capacity and little or no] now occurrs to me as it has observation [frequently [] persuaded a Great advantage would be [derived] as well as to his Majestys Interests here, if [] as I heartily wish it were in good hands,--- If you [] readily make you acquainted with it on your [] a Line signifying your Inclinations to be in [formed on the] subject, and I shall take it kindly if you will [] any Services in my power here in return for your [] offers of the Like nature, as I am

FROM GEORGE CROGHAN

A. L. S.

Philla. Dcbr. 25th 1768

I aply^d. to Docter Evens an able Phisision in this place fer the Broom [] fer you and he has prepair^d. [] time as Directed In the Recept. which [I] Send you by M^r. Picken with the Docters Leter to Me and he will gett [M] ore

w^h. I will Take up with Me [w]hen I go About the begining 1 and hope you will Receive a benifitt from itt of Feb^y [

I have Received by Capt. Forbes¹ from [Fort] Chartres M^r. Coles Acounts A [moun] ting to £2156 butt No Leter [1 only a Draft on Me for [lnt.

I Wout Truble your honor w att present Mr. Cole Writes Mr. [Wharton that] he will by Way of New] a full acount of his Department orlance [

There is No Late accounts from F[ort Chartres?]

I am Dear Sir with Great Respect your

Most obedient & Most Humble Servant

GEO: CROGHAN

To the Honble. SIR WILLIAM JOHNSON Barrt.

Mr. Croghans Letter wth. an Enclosure

TO HENRY BOSTWICK

$Df.^2$

[Johnson] Hall Decr. 28th. 1768

ſ my relturn from holding the late Treaty at [Fort Stanwix] last month I was favored with yours of the [14th of Octolber, and a few days ago with that of the 10th. of this [month,] the former of which from the sev^I. dispatches I had [to make] up at my return and the great resort of Indians on [recent] occasions I could not sooner answer.--- upon my [arriv]al at home I found a Pacquet from His Majestys [secretary] of State referring to me the consideration of your [pro]posal (as you expected) in consequence of a Report of

¹ Captain Gordon Forbes, of the 34th regiment, former commandant at Fort Chartres.

² In handwriting of Guy Johnson.

[the] Lords of Trade¹ a Copy of which with other papers were likewise transmitted to me, desiring My report thereon [wi]th that of the Commander in Chief previous to any farther [pro] ceedings .- I have given this Subject as much attention [as] the time would permit me and have now transmitted [my] Opinion to his Majesty thereon to the best of my Judgmt. [the] Sum of which is that provided, [] appears to be an Object worthy attention as I have [] was after due Consideration of the distance & other [circumstances] attending its situation on which I cod. not pretend to determine with any certainty. I am of opinion that [| & Explaining the affair to the Chiefs of the Ind^s. [may be prosecuted, and that it may be continued [of] the Indians, if no Settlements beyond [] the Works be attempted. and they treated [] I have more fully explained I 1 1 and I ma] Matter, and have] with the Expences attending it [I] that I persuade myself there wil] in the farther prosecution of this business The affidavit & Accot you transmit me c[oncerning Ainse] is verv strong, Nevtheless I must observe [l of the Canadians at that time there hardly con[sidered themselves] as British Subjects, and possibly some of [] Circumstances of affairs then ha[] measure compelled to do what they [1 take it upon me to say that] help remarking that there were [some that is [who] during those Troubles acted even a m[ore] described. who have not [have they taken [T a Mans Ignorance [] of War, the Circum-] his future good Conduct and stances [] for the particulars you have comdeservings, [th]at Man which I shall take into farther municated [

¹ Representation of the Lords of Trade, May 7, 1768, supra.

[considerati]on, the determination concerning which will be [] others.— With regard to the Mines you will doubtless [] in the Spring from England, I shall be glad to contribute to [suc]cess by any means in my power, as well as to have [your] farther thoughts thereon not having at present Leisure [to] add more than that I am

&ca

TOOLS FOR THE INDIAN DEPARTMENT

$D.^1$

Memorandum of Tools and Materials much wanted by the Smith of the Indⁿ. Department at Niagara Dec^r. 28th. 1768 1 pr. Bellows 1 scrue plate for Britch pins 1 Large shears 1 Oz. Borax 1th Iron wire 1/211 Binding wire 1th Glue 3 Doz files of all sortes Iron and Steel Memorandom of Tools & Material Which is Wanting For Capt. Mc. Leods Niagara 1 Bellows 1 Schruplate for Bridgepins 1 Large Sheairs 1 Oz. Burrax 111 Iron Wier 1/211 Binding Wier 1th Glue 3 Dozd files of all Sorts Iron & Steel ----

¹ The two memoranda are separate documents in the Johnson Calendar. The second was inclosed in McLeod's letter of January 4, 1769.

DESCRIPTION OF THE BOUNDARY OF THE PENNSYLVANIA PURCHASE

Copy

1 in the said Country [] of the River Sasquehanna [] the said boundary Line down the said [1 thereof till it comes opposite the Mouth of a [Creek called by] the Indians Awandae and across the River [| Creek on the South side thereof and along the Range [of the] Hills called Burnets Hills by the English and by [the] Indians.

¹on the North side of them [1 head of a Creek which runs into the West Branch [of the] Susquehanna which Creek is by the Indians called Tiadag[hton] and down the said Creek on the south Side thereof [to the said West Branch of Susquehanna then crossing the said River and runing up the same on the South side thereof the several Courses thereof to the fork of the said River which lies nearest to a place on the River Ohio called Kittanning and from the said Fork by a strait Line to Kittanning aforesaid and then down the said River Ohio by the several Courses thereof to where the Western Bounds of the said province of Pennsylvania crosses the same River and then with the said Western Bounds² [1

] a Tract of [

] 1

] from the Six Nations

] Deed bearing Date

ld Day of October One thousand

[seven] hundred & fifty eight and then with the [1 Bounds of that tract to the River Sasquehanna and crossing the River Sasquehanna to the Northern Boundary Line of another

I

¹ A vacant place in the manuscript.

² Compare this description with one in Doc. Rel. to Col. Hist., 8:136.

Tract of Land purchased from the Indians by Deed bearing Date the 22^d . [] 1749 and then with that Northern Boundary Line to the River Delaware at the North side of the Mo[uth] of a Creek called Lechawacsein then up the said Ri[ver] Delaware on the West side thereof to the Intersection by an East Line to be drawn from Owegy aforesaid to said River Delaware and then with that East L[ine] to the Beginning at Owegy aforesaid

> True Copy JAMES TILGHMAN Sec []

EXEMPLIFIED COPY OF THE DELAWARE GRANT¹ TO MR PENN
[]

ľ

ſ

] blankets Six Duffel [

] Kettles We therefore in Gratitude

] Present as wel in Consideration of the

] Grants made by our said Ancestors Predecessors ſ as of the said several Goods [l before mentioned the Receipt whereof we do hereby Acknowledge Doe by these presents for [our] Heirs and Successors Grant Remise Release for ever guitclaim unto the said William [Penn] Heirs and Assigns all the said Lands [l between the said two Rivers of Delaware and Sasquehannah from Duck Creek to the Mo[untains] on this Side Leehay and all our Estate] Title Interest Property Claim and Deman 0] ver in and to the same or any part [] So that neither We nor any of us nor [] Person or Persons in the behalf] shall or may hereafter lay any claim of any [I 1 man and Op[] do acknowledge that] divers Deeds of [sale] read under [the] We Hands and Seals of the former [] Chiefs

¹ Certified by Charles Brockden, recorder of deeds for Philadelphia.— Johnson Calendar. See III:794–95, 802–6, 815–16, supra.

of the Delaware Indians our [Ancestors] and Predecessors who were Owners of [] between DeLaware and] by which Deeds they have Sasquehanna [granted [and con]veyed unto William Penn Proprietor and] Governour in Chief of the Province of ſ Pen[nsyl]vania and to his Heirs & Assigns all and singular their Lands Islands Woods & Water situate between the said two Rivers of Delaware and Sasquehannah and had recvd full Satisfaction for the same And we doe further acknowledge that we are fully content and satisfied with the said Grant And Where [] the Commissioners or Agents of the said William [Penn 1 1 E any of them [ment of the Same. In] hereunto set our Hands & Seals [this]

```
the Seventeenth Day of September[
                                               Jour Lord One
thousand Seven hundred [and eighteen]
                                       Sassoonam his 🕅
                                                           mark
          ]and Delivered
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                                       Pohekais 3 his
          all but Pokehais and
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        ]awmaman who were
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                                        Ayyamaikan
absent) in the presence of
                                                        his mark
W. Keith1
                                        Ghettypeneemap
                                        Opekasseh his
                                                            mark
Jonat Dickinson
                                        Pepawmaman his 2 mark
     Preston
Job. Assheton
Anth<sup>o</sup> Palmer
Indian ( Sam Son to Essepenaikes
            Peter Pokehais's Nephew or Oweaykoman
Indian G
             mark ______ conk or Toby
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             his ,mark
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                      cenam
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                     lappis or Andrew
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          and delivd by Pokehais[
                                       ]omaman in the Presence
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            ]es Logan, Neeshala [ ] or Andrew, Nedawaway
of [
                                            ] David Evans
          Assheton, Clem<sup>t</sup>· P [
or
                                       ] 13<sup>th</sup>. May 1728
                           Re
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                                                                 1
                          ] Office in Pat. Book [
ſ
                                Witnesseth my Hand
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٢
                  s<sup>d</sup>. Office
                                           C. Brockden Rec[order]
Indorsed: Exemplified Copy
           of the Delaware Grant
           to Mr. Penn of Lands
            Between Delaware and
            Susquehanna Rivers
                Dated 17 Sept<sup>r</sup> 1728.
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¹ Sir William Keith, deputy governor of Pennsylvania.

A REGISTER OF COMMISSIONS

In the Johnson Calendar, p. 412, is entered, undated, a register of military commissions issued by Sir Henry Moore for Albany county, Sir William Johnson, brigadier general (copied out of the Military Book, and inclosed in Henry Van Schaack's letter of November 24th, 1769). The manuscript was much injured by the fire, but is printed in the *Third* Annual Report of the State Historian of New York, p. 887–89.

FROM JAMES RIVINGTON

A. L. S.

[N. York, Jan. 1,] 1769

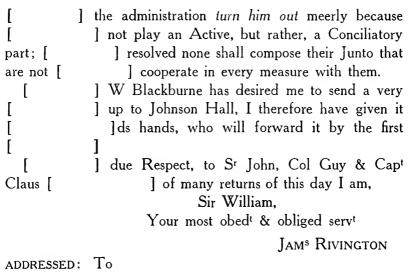
[] pacquet is arrived is not to be con[] that she brings no sort of interesting [news] most certain.

] Senate will not meet till the 16th of this Ł [month. T]he Delay is attributed to the unprepared [1 of the Ministry to meet the Representatives [of the peo]ple loaded with petitions & remonstrances [on the score] of Grievances. It seems to have been the [determi]ned resolution of the prince not to indulge the [petition]ers in their favorite object, a Dissolution of the [parlia] ment. The first Charles was teased [until] he Signed Wentworths Death Warrant, that Conces [sion] the third George now Contemplates deeply upon, know [ing it] cost his predecessor's life. All the people about the [throne] are high prerogative asserters, and protest against [the g]ratification so eagerly sollicited, which makes it [a very] doubtfull point, and yet, if he does not yeild, great [stride]s will be taken towards a Democracy. Indeed, Sir [Willi]am, the Mother Country has not been so much dis[1 Abdication, as it is at present.

[The] revenue Acts would not be repealed if the Ministry [] must do something in this Session to save appearances, could stand [] without a revocation of them.

[The Chan] cellor¹ will give up the Seals at the End of the

¹ Charles Pratt, Lord Chancellor Camden.



S^r W^m Johnson Bar^t at Johnson Hall

FROM JOHN WETHERHEAD

A. L. S.

[New York, Jan. 2, 1769]

[1] M^r Kimpe tells me that the Ministry [2] Seem resolvd to enfor[ce] Obedience to [2] from the Colonies — Our Assembly it Seems [2] up with a high Hand & have made Some [flaming resolves] tomorrow they will be dissolved in Consequence of [2] This I am really Sorry for because they will render [themselves] obnoxious to the Ministry & involve us in Scenes of C[2]

I ought to begg your pardon for not Sending [your acc^t. It] is intirely owing to my Ill State of Health — You may [____] Assurd Sir you shall have it \mathfrak{P} next post — In the meantime if there be any thing in the World I can Serve you,

¹ Several lines missing.

do be [] have your Commands & Assure Yourself that I shall a [lways be] with the Sincerist Regard to Truth Sir your Most Obed^t Servant

John Wetherhead

My Indispositon has prevented me Calling on S^r H Moore about your Affair but will wait upon him to morrow & shall acquaint with the Result P Next

The Hon^{ble} Sir William Johnson $B^{\rm r}$

TO JOHN PENN

$Df.^1$

[Johnson] hall Jany 3^d 1769

Last] Night Mr. McClay arrived here with the money ſ and] delivered me your favor of the 17th ult^o. [in consequ]ence of which I shall imediately call the Chiefs [of each] Tribe to meet me at the most convenient place [] I shall make the fairest and most Satisfactory distribution [and shall transmit ample Acquittances on their parts [1 your Satisfaction. This is the only way it can be done & I Id it necessary to inform you of it, as it must necesſ sarily [be] attended with some Expence which I shall defray on the [par]t of the Proprietaries, and transmit you the amount [whic] h will be as small as I can possibly manage it.---

I take this opportunity of returning you many thanks [for] the polite & friendly manner in which you have Expressed [your]self concerning my Conduct towards the Proprietaries [] late Treaty, and you may be assured that I shall [be on] all Occasions sincerely disposed to their interest, and [] in any opportunity of Testifying the perfect [] with which I am

Sir

¹ In handwriting of Guy Johnson.

TO RICHARD PETERS

A. Df. S.¹ Johnson Hall, Janr^{y.} 3^d. 1769

Dear Sir/

Your most friendly and agreeable letter of the 17th. Ult^o. was delivered to me last night by M^r. M^cClay, together with y^e. Money for the Six Nations, which shall be paid to them as Soon as I can conveniently Assemble a few Cheifs of Each Nation to come and receive it. The Misfortune of it, is that on those Occasions many more will come than are called or necessary, wich must create an unavoidable Expence. but this the Proprietors may be assured of, that the greatest Oeconomy shall be used by me You are sensible that there is no calling those People² on any business without Expence, & this could only have been prevented by paying them the money at y^e. time the Deed was executed. —

As I have wrote you fully on y^e. Subjects of y^r. former letter, I have only to Assure You of my warmest wishes for y^r. Health & Welfare, & that I am most sincerely & Affectt^y. Y^{rs}.

WI

The REVR^D. M^R. PETERS

(different writing)

The Indians of Conajoharee (The upper Mohock Village) are now very sollicitous to have a Church erected at that place, they have contributed to it already a handsome Sum as much as they could Afford, and have pressed me to endeavor to obtain Contribut^{ns}. for compleating it, I have accordingly Mentioned it to D^r Auchmuty to endeavor to obtain Something from his Congregation, and as they have desired it from a very favorable Expectation they Entertain of those of your City I could not

¹ In Library of Congress, Washington, D. C. The letter, torn in several places, is in the Historical Society of Pennsylvania, Peters Manuscripts, Philadelphia, Pa.

² In the letter, "such Mercenary People."

avoid Mentioning it to you. I believe it will be needless to remark to you that this their pious inclination deserves encouragement, & that any Assistance they may now receive, will hereafter reflect Credit on & afford real pleasure to those who animated with the same Charitable sentiments May contribute to this Infant Foundation¹—

INDORSED: Janr^y. 3^d. 1769 To Parson Peters ₩ M^r. Mac Clav

TO WILLIAM SMITH

In the Johnson Calendar, p. 412, is listed a letter of January 3d to the Rev. William Smith, concerning Mr. Murray, two young men mentioned for orders, lands for a church, effects of the new boundary on land grants, Sir William's desire to serve Mr Smith and Mr Barton and his election as a member of the Philosophical Society². (printed in *Doc. Hist. N. Y.* 4:401-2; Q, 4:252.)

TO THOMAS GAGE

$Df.^{3}$

[Johnson hall] Jany 4, [1769]

[] had the favor of your Letter of the 19th of [December. I] acknowledge the mistake of the date of my [] mention which should have been the 9th. Dec^r.

I have sent off your Letters for Niagara by a very [] hand, and have heard that the Schooner which ran [asho]re at Sandousky has been since got off by cutting away [] Upper Works &ca & is arrived at Detroit, I suppose that [the] Speeches Capt Glasier has transmitted are the same with [those] he sent me, I inclose you an Extract of every thing material in

Adieu ——

¹ The letter has in addition the following: "I have sent for M^r. Munro of Albany to come up next Sunday & administer y^e Sacrament to a Number of old Communicants of both Mohawk Villages at their desire."

² Founded by Benjamin Franklin.

⁸ In handwriting of Guy Johnson.



BENJAMIN FRANKLIN

his Letter,—you will find by it that the Letters [] La Rain which he says contained matter of importance are mislaid and are not come to hands. — The Substance of [their] Intelligences are of much the same Nature with [rega]rd to the Spaniards & French as those I have had [and] continue to receive from different quarters. - I wrote [Lieut Sin]clair somewhat to the effect mentioned in yours, as I am [of the] same way of thinking, and I should not have mentioned [1 the last time but that I have been well assured [that that] Gentleman, had taken upon him at one of the posts [my] Conduct as unjust for not paying him, and to [extraordinary Language which it is not his interest [1] you thanks for the Extract of your Letter I 1 Lake Superior, and I agree with you I] Answering the [expectations] ſ 1] of some of their proj [ect 1 there, & by persons wh taking effe[ctual the Indians] from being imposed upon] as for the rest I observed that I or illt reated 1 & that the Ore was very Rich, [1 ſ of persons in Canada had totally failed [the wages] here of Battoemen & the prices of Labour were [lower in this] Country than they are at present, That the ol[l of] & that Transportation were great which I explain with regard to the Ouantity of the Ore [an Object that would answer the Expence I [could not take] upon me to Answer with Certainty.¹-

FROM THE EARL OF HILLSBOROUGH

In Doc. Rel. to Col. Hist. N. Y., 8:144–45, is a letter of January 4th, 1769, from the Earl of Hillsborough, in which the boundary line established by the Fort Stanwix treaty is disapproved, and Johnson is advised to discontinue discussion of the plan of trade proposed in 1765 and since discarded.

¹ Compare Johnson's letter of December 23d, 1768, to the Earl of Hillsborough, Doc. Rel. to Col. Hist. N. Y., 8:140-42,

FROM NORMAND MAC LEOD

A. L. S.

[Niagara, Jan. 4, 1769]

] that was here two days

] from the Senecas and Chip-

[pewas]ation, he was about telling me the mean [] other Messesaga Soberer than him came in [and put an end?] to his discours by telling him he spoke too much [the]y both set off and I have not seen any of them [w]ere offended at not being able to come to my House,

[w]ere offended at not being able to come to my House, [No Ind]ian at present can, as the Centry at the small Fort [in whi]ch I live, has Orders to allow no Indian to come in] it was no great Matter as I could come to them [when] they wanted me.

[The post] Market of which I had the pleasure of acquainting [you some] time ago, is likely to be of bad consequence. The [Indians a]re very angry at being stoped in the Fort and having [as they] Say their Vanison forced from them by the Soldiers, who [have no]thing to give them but bread in return and that in small [] which they do not like, as they often want Shirts [] and other Cloathing for their Meat which a Soldiers [] afford to give them. The Indians are not allowed [to make a] present of the least bit of meat to any Trader, nor []ed to keep a piece for their own eating; Whatever [] must be sold at the place appointed for the Market. [] a Seneca head Warrior was here about ten Days [ago thrown in] to a most violent passion at being stop'd from [] Town and threatned to go to war immediately.] that tho' strictly Sober he Cryed like a Child [] nor speak for a long time, because the [sentry] Bayonet to him when he offer'd to go to] there is not an Indian that comes] Dissatisfyed at the usage th[] ſ 1 of my present [| People in] the good of the power [

I

] I wish M^r. Service [] how to act, for at present Decouaigne [I am [1 The Bearer Ca, run, da, wa, ne can g[ive 1 Method of] sort of a treating the Indians at this p[ost.] which he is to fellow, I have given a belt [deliver you. Enclosed I send you a list of Tools &ca. wan [ted 1 which I hope you'll be so good as send if the d[epartment 1 at this place. I hope you will be kind enough to send som [e flour] as all the provisions the Indians and Smith [l is to be returnd in flour if it is not I shall [] Breach of promise, and be obliged to make the [lown expence which I can not well afford. Mrs. MacLeod Sends you her kindest respects [1 wishing you the Compts. of the season with many retur [ns I am Sir Your Most Obedient [1 Most Humble Ser^t NORD. M [AC LEOD]

To The Hon^{ble}. Sir William Johnson

TO HENRY MOORE

$Df.^1$

[Johnson] hall Jany 4th 1769

[] favor of the 19th ult^o. came to [] [] answered by last post. [] am Glad to find that you purpose to be here at the time you mention as the sledding is then generally very good and I [] that you may not be prevented by the Sitting [of the] Assembly. I shall [] agreable to your desire, call Just as many Chiefs [of the] Nations concerned as are

¹ In handwriting of Guy Johnson.

necessary so as to be here by [the] 9th or 10th of next Month to attend you in order to perfect [] Sales vou mention^d. The Indians of both the Mohock [villa]ges, are soon called, but my reason for mentioning the 9th [or 10th of] February is on Account of the old Sachems of Onoghquagey l cannot well be here before that time on acct ł] and the depth of Snow in the Woods.-of the [Agreable to the Estimate you are now pleased to send] the fees due on the Schohare purchase. I have ſ] enabled M^r. Banyar to pay my Share now [] Patent may be taken out and also to pay whatſ] the fifth of the Oneida purchase as I ever [heartily [] patents were out. 1 ſ with most perfect Esteem, Sir,

&ca

THOMAS GAGE TO THE EARL OF HILLSBOROUGH Extract ¹

(Nº. 21)

New York Janry 5th: 1769

My Lord,

I inclose your Lordship a Paper, which contains an Account of all the Expences that have attended the late Indian Treaty, as well for Presents to the Indians for the Tract of Country they have ceded, as for the Maintaining them at Fort Stanwix, and other Expences during the Negotiation. A very large District becoming now the Property of the Crown, which will fall into the Provinces of New York, Pensylvania and Virginia, Adventurers in Land who used to purchase Tracts of the Savages, might now purchase of the Crown; and be a means to indemnify the Crown, for the Expence of this Treaty, independent of the Quit-Rents. I speak of the Lands which shall be added to New York and Virginia, The Tracts which fall within the Limits of Pensylvania, as yet unpurchased by the Proprietarys of that Province, can be only settled with the Proprietarys.

¹ In Public Record Office, C. O. 5.87, p. 5, London, England.

EXPENSES OF FORT STANWIX TREATY Contemporary Copy ¹

Copy/

Sir William Johnson's Account of the Expence of the Indian Congress lately held with them for the Settlement of the Indian Boundaries.

1768		
Novem ^r .	To what Paid to the Six Nations &ca in Publick for	£10,460 73
	the Cession of Land they	aro, 100 1)
	made to the Crown	
	To Presents; and Provisions)	
	bought on the Spot for the	
		2,32825
	use of the Indians, not in-	2,72027
	cluded in the above	
	To Robert Leake Esqr. Com-	
	missary General of Stores	
	and Provisions. His Ac-	
	count of Provisions sent	
	from Albany to Schenec-	
	tady (Between 25th: May	
	and 24 th : of October 1768)	
	for the use of the several	
	Nations of Indians, which	
	lately met in Congress at	750 4 5
	Fort Stanwix 46,6031/2	758 45
	Rations at 3 ³ / ₄ Sterling p ^r :	
	Ration £728 3 7	
	The Expence	
	of Trans-	
	porting said	
	Provisions } 30	
	from Albany	
	to Schenec-	
	tady	
	Sterling	£13,546141

¹ In Public Record Office, C. O. 5.87, p. 13, London, England.

INDORSED: Copy

Sir William Johnson's Account of the Expence of the Indian Congress, lately held with them for the Settlement of the Indian Boundaries.— Am^t. £13,546..14..1 Sterling In Gen¹. Gage's (N°. 21) of 5th. Jany. 1769 Inclosure 1st.

FROM HUGH WALLACE

A. L. S.

New York 7 Jany 1769.

I received your favour of 12 Dec^r. & [thank you] for the Bill sent me for Cap^t Roberts [draft on] you, which I now inclose you with a [receipt for] the same. & I hope the Acco^{ts}. [] you of Cap^t Spicemaker will enable [you to] send me a Bill for that demand.

Since I wrote you about L^t. Galland [I have recei]ved a Letter from him, full of the [most] gratefull acknowledgements for your [____] & generosity to him & he has also [let General] Gage know how kind you had been, [___] Affair is at an End

The Packett is arrived, & but verry little [except bad] News. The Kings Speech verry tart [the minis]try seem determined to put an End [to American] Claims of being free from the Parliament they will tax us, [] time — severall Changes in the M[inistry. Sir] Jeffry Amherst¹ is again reinstated, [] by many that he will be sent out [] as Generall & Com^r. in Chief & that Gen[¹. Gage will] be

¹Amherst, nonresident Governor of Virginia, was removed in 1768, and succeeded by Lord Botetourt.

recalled — Youll no doubt hear [] assembly in dissolved,² & that there is [more] than 8 Candadites — 4 of the *Delancy* or [Church] & 4 of the Livingstonian or Dissinting [party]

You have no doubt heard of Col¹ Phi[lip] Schuylers arbitrary, & overbearing, bul[lying] manner here, & how Jacob Walton [] & they were bound over. I assure you [] behaved verry odley here, & I am told [you] & the Indian Congress with some dis[respect. (I?)] got into his Company, & introduced [] about that Affair, but his tone was [] By God his Bones would have pa[id for]

I think you ought to ex[ert yourself] he should not be] write you, to beg if you had no returned [(choice?) in pa]rticular, you would get Sir John [returned] & I now repeat the same. I am [wlould give great] sincere Friends, amongst which pleasure to many [I take [the freedom] to rank myself — & as you have] your power to send who you please for] Co. I wish you would stop Colo Schuylers ſ [election] you might send a fitter Man that poor [1 for Schenactady. If these hints dont [meet your] Approbation, I beg they may not meet [your dis]pleasure, & that youll attribute them to [the dic]tates of a Heart strongly attached to you [& will] believe me verry truly.

> D^r Sir Y^r. obliged & obed^t Serv^t

HUGH WALLACE

[] cts to [] all y^e family [] N Bar^t.

² On January 2d.

FROM JOHN TABOR KEMPE

A. L. S.

[New York] January 9th 1769.

You have doubtless heard of a Claim my Wifes [1 to an immense Tract of Land granted by Charles the [1st to Sir Rob]ert Heath his Attorney General extending from the 31st to the [36th degre]e of North Latitude inclusively, and Westward from [] the Atlantic Ocean to the South Sea. Settlements were [made by Lor]d Maltravers, afterwards Earl of Arundel,¹ who was Charles [] generalissimo in his war with Scotland, which with the [1 Troubles prevented his farther Attention to it. Afterwards [1 1696 Mr. Coxes Great Grandfather, who had purchased fi]tted out two Ships, and embarqued a great L] be provided at a very great Number of [Expence, with all kinds of [] well for improving the Lands as defending themselves [entered] & sailed a good Way up the River Mississippi [l of the Country for the King by fixing up the Kings [places, but were drove off by a Detachment of [1 sent by M^r. Ibberville² from the Illinois — [coun try to the East of the Mississippi continued in the [ltil the late Peace — Mr. Coxe not being [a subject] of France, was obliged to desist from any after Attempts of settlement having sunk [] in that I have mentioned, and many others by L[ater] for exploring the Country, and not being able to obtain [] of the Public, tho he was often promised it by Wm. 3^d.

At the last Peace the Family hoped to receive [Original Rights, and made Dispositions for solliciting []

1

¹ Thomas Howard, second Earl of Arundel, at one time styled Lord Maltravers.

² Pierre Le Moyne, Sieur d' Iberville, founder of Louisiana.

but by Negligence of their Agents nothing was done [1 induced Mr. Coxe my Brother in Law to visit England [himself] he went just before me, and is there yet. We had] with it while I remained in England it being much [] obsolete Claim, which the Government treated as a] and I left it much unsettled ---ought not to [By the last Pacquet he writes me, that [the government] had determined to recommend him to his Magisty for [a grant of] One hundred thousand Acres of Land in this Province [1 Lieu of his surrendring his Claim, which they look on as [1 a Compensation for the Losses the Family has sustained [1 spirited Attempt which can be made appear to be [1 Two hundred Thousand Pounds stg. besides the Loss of [1 Adverse to a Contest with the Governme[nt he had] determined to accept of this Offer poor as it is, com[pared] to his Losses, or the Extent of the Territories he claim [s remaining Difficulty is where to locate this Gra[nt with] advantage for himself and the rest of the [Family. 1 I reckon myself one being entitled to an [1 Wife. He desires me to endeavor to fix [from any Person here, having attempted for [] discover a good Location for only 5000 Acres for [1

Mandamus, but in vain.

am sensible I should do but little Justice to your Ĩ dispolsition could I have the least doubt of your kind L if] in your Power, (the Case of the Family which I [have] stated is hard) yet I ought to appologize for the Liberty [of insis]ting if you know where this Grant can be located] that you would do me the Favor to inform me, L [The mandam] us is not yet come so that there will be Time] the properest Location. I fear the Grant for [] in one Piece, that having been the usual must be [Course on [mandam]us's, the fearing there will be great Difficulty in [locating] at this day so large a Tract of valuable Land 1 to him if possible to procure the Liberty of Ιſ

taking it up [] Parcels. Pardon the Liberty I have taken in giving [you this] Trouble

I am

With great Respect Dear Sir Your much obliged & most humble Servant

J. T. Kempe

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FROM JOHN WETHERHEAD

A. L. S.

[New York, Jan. 9, 1769]

& pay Accounts ever since [] write my Letters— []

I had proposd writing you a very [] extraordinary Behavior of Phil Schuyler [1 & Collonel of a Regiment of Militia,; However [1 Doctor Auchmuthy came to acquaint me he had [written you a letter] & Showd me the Copy --- the Letter was Sent by the 1 the Warrants to Albany &c^a for the Election Explress of a [New assembly] I hope to God you will have received this] you with Some Facts which you Letter before [may Safely re[ly on concerning] the above bullying, courageous Gentleman — Indeed [nothing] me more than that you Shoud fix upon Such a person, w[ho would be a] paltry Tool & meer Machine of a Faction in this Town [] vour Avowd Enemies & are eternally doing every thing in their] to poison the Minds of People here, with] Nay, which great Numbers Prejudices (which you [know you do not deserve) against [you] & your Family - yet you have fixed upon him to be a Colonel [under] Your Command --- Schuylers Conduct in the House has Certainly [made] him the laughing Stock of every body, except the Faction of

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[] Presbiterians So far we will laugh at him — but there is [] of his Conduct in the Assembly, which points immediately to y[our family] which I cannot help taking Notice of & which I will leave you [to] resent as you think proper — It is Said here that during the last Election at Schenectady or Albany Some of your Family were [] & made some Oposition or did Something to contradict Some illegal or unfair Measures which were taking by Schuyler the Sheriff¹— out of Resentment for This, Coll Schuyler Made a Motion in the house [²]

> Sir] John to be member for Albany gives me half so much

> > 1 if you have a mind — do

] Sir John & convince the Rascally Party of

your Influence [] to See the Time when Sir John will make a Shining [Judge? in this] Province & we conceive it will be of Service to him to begin [] Assembly — the Sooner the better —Am I impertinent S^r William [] Zeal I have for you & your Family — Nay I know [] Sir I do but Speak the Language of thousands [] have Some Reason to believe you will be wrote to by Some old [] of yours here upon the Subject — I will throw in my Mite also

No Man loves you better — nor is more impatient at any Hint to your disadvantage — Damn them All — a pack of hipocritical, Cheating, Lying, canting, illdesigning Scoundrells — how we wd have them all between our Finger & Thumb here in this City — & I am not the least afraid but we Shall Carry our Election All Hollow against the Miscreants — Notwithstanding all the Sly Endeavours of that Snake in the Grass — Will Smith — Your Brother Councill³— O Tempora O Mores And notwithstanding the 3 hour Harangue of J. M. Scott the other Day

I

¹ Hermanus Schuyler, sheriff from June 1761, to October 1770.

² Several lines missing. Schuyler's motion was to prevent members of the council from interfering in elections.

³ William Smith jr, the Historian.

in which he told the Mob, that the Church of England had fixed on a Design to extirpate all other Denominations of Christians & that unless they woud all rise up like One Man & Stick close to him, they woud Soon have their Steeples puled down & their pulpitts & Pews burnt [in] the Streets — whilst Rage, Disapointment & Dispair, made him [] like a Calf — Oh! Jimmy Thompson — Jimmy Thompson Oh! except [] diverting & Ridiculous to the Bystanders

¹[I arrived here St. John's day, when there was a grand procession of the whole fraternity, and a very excellent sermon preached by Dr. Auchmuthy, at Trinity Church, on the occasion. At the same time a collection was made for the city, which I think amounted to £200. Would you think it - but it is true - that the Presbyterians immediately labored to convert this charitable affair to the disadvantage of the church of England, and the part which they take in the election ensuing? Will Smith and W. Livingston, got an old rascally sermon, called "Masonry the sure Guide to Hell," reprinted and distributed it with great assiduity, ... and there is, this day, an extraordinary lodge held on the occasion in order to consult means to resent the affront.] Seems 9 [1 Stick by] of the City [] Occasion in them & there is this [1 the Schemes of order to Consult [] & I hope they ever that disperate Party [| Rights of will do whilst they choose to [Mankind —

I have not Time to say any more than that I [the greatest Sincerity, & Truth

Sir Your most Obed^t Servant

John Wetherhead

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INDORSED: New York Jan^{ry} 9th. 1769 M^r Wetherheads letter

¹ The following paragraph is supplied from an extract printed in W. L. Stone's Life and Times of Sir William Johnson, 2:318.

FROM JOSEPH CHEW

A. L. S.

[New] London 11th Janry 1769

The Susquehanna Company pay not [the least] Regard to what Col^o Fitch and I have [| many of them was mentioned by the [Indians] in Councill at Fort Stanwix - they [say that] Great part of their Purchaise (which was [abso]lutely lands within the Charter of the [Colo]ny of Connecticut) is now within the line [settled] by you between | Colonys and as they shall now the Indians and I respects with the Indians they determine have no [to [settle] the land and for that purpose at this late [mee]ting at Hartford made provision for Fifty [l to go of this winter to lay out a Number [of to]wnships, Cut & pre-1 five hundred Settlers are pare Roads &ca and [to set down [] lands Early in the spring — M^r Goddard [win]ter from Philadelphia is now in this [] tills me there's many People in [] Concerned in this] the Best information. I Can get — Company [golod Number in New York and [£ Some of them say they dont know but that the Right of Juris [diction is in] the province of pensilvania and so [belongs to Mr] Penn — but that the Right of Soil is [1 in the Colony of Connecticut Free from [] or Incumbrances whatsoever — and they [1 that made] the purchaise Colony with the Consent of which [1 Chiefly independants from the Indians — these [of the true stamp

By Vessell from York [] are informed that the General Assembly of [] is Disolved — Some of the Whig party [] wrote to their Friends here that the desente [rs are] now determined to Exert themselves and [the] Election would be the warmest ever known

] should oppose the Church with all their [1 I sincerely hope they may meet with an [| disopointment — and that those who] to the Church may not only Carry their [] that Citty but in Every County in the [the Kings Speach is []hand you will have it before this re[aches you. The] Gentry who have taken such Libertys h[ere] something alarmed, and] if there Should be any news from I immag [ine] have it in the papers which I [1 i. only add that I am with [] for your health and Happiness

Dear Sir

Your most Obed^t. & most Hble serv^t.

Jos Chew

[Mrs] Chew desires me to present her best Compliments [to] You —

it seems by the Papers that Sir Jef^y. Amherst has Come to as the saylers Say] SIR WILLIAM JOHNSON

FROM SAMUEL WHARTON

A. L. S.

[Philada.] January 11th 1769

[] Day I was honored with your very kind [] the 29th Ultimo;—For Which I beg leave to [] you my warmest Thanks.

[] my self very happy and under the strongest [] for the Friendship you entertain for Me and [] of Service You so unreservedly tender Me, — [which] I assure You Sir, it will ever be my highest []tion, to merit the Continuance of.

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[Eage]rly seizing every Opportunity to testify my Gratitude,
] in the least express my cordial Attachment to Your
] and Family, I please myself, in the Anticipation
] agreable Office

[It wou]ld have yielded Me great Satisfaction, could I [have] waited on You at Johnson Hall, before my [] from America; But for the Reasons I [] in my last Letter, I found it impossible [] I persuade myself, You will be so [excu]se it.

[extre]mely condescending and Obliging, [] let you know, Whether I would [] mention Me to his Lordship Or to [] take the Freedom of []

propitious to American matters And as t[

his Removal And I shall have a strong rec[

Letter from Captain Pownal, To his Brother, [the secretary] of the Plantation Office, I am inclined to think, [] your Honor would be so kind, as to mention Me "in [] favorable Manner" (pray pardon my presumption in [] your very obliging Words) To the Board of Trade, []

avail me more, Then to his L....d....p;— But I hu[mbly] submit to Yourself, Which would be best or most agr[eeable to] You —

If you could however, with any propriety give Me a [] to the Duke of Grafton, I am assured, as He is consid[] *Premier* of the Ministry, It would be of the greatest Us[efulness] to Me.

The Earl of Shelburne, When He was at the Head of [the] Southern Department, approved of the Restitution and [asked?] a Memorandum from Doctor Franklin to forward [the] Business, Which the Doctor informed Me of, in O[ne of] his Letters. His Lordship [] out of the Administration,¹ But Yet, if I was intro[] Him by your Honor,

¹ "Instigations to remove Lord Shelburne fell daily from the King."— Duke of Grafton's *Memoirs*.

] it would be of unspeakable Use I am convinced, [to Me.

I am ashamed to be thus explicit, But the [affectionate] Manner, In Which you have been pleased [to inform me] of your Inclination to serve Me, will I [flatter myself apologise] for it; And for my soliciting You [to suggest, that my Partners and self, were the only British Merchants who have seconded the Kings measures by our Traffick at the Illinois Country] and Our Losses consequent thereof.¹

[Dr Coxe and] his associates sent a Petition to his] Philadelphia, Three weeks before it was known] Boundary was obtained at Fort Stanwix ſ] consequence before They knew, Whether a] procured or Not. Cession [lat a Copy of their petition and I assure You,

] not contain One single Fact.

] with pleasure I know you will hear and There-1 the Liberty of informing You, That Mr. fore [Peters [has] evidenced his great Regard for Truth and Justice, [by] his writing to the Proprietor, a faithfull and circum[stan] tial account of the Claims of the Merchants. Who I 1 Traders in 1754 and of their unjust Expectation [Part of the Grant, Which is made to the Sufferers [in 1763.] In short. He has acted consistently with [his char] acter of an upright Clergyman & firm Friend.

[I have a]ttentively adverted to your Honor's Reasons [for not?] furnishing Me, with the Minutes, relative to [Governor] Penn and his Councellors' Answers to the Ques [tions] to Them,] you for and will concerning the Retribution,--[follow your Advice [1

[The Assembly is now] setting. But the Governor has not 1 "Condescension" (as Sir H. Moore ſ

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¹ Burned portions of this paragraph supplied from an extract made by Professor Clarence E. Carter, of Miami University, Oxford, Ohio, before the fire.

] in permitting Them to [ſ 1 and Whenever He does [] I have [the leading Members of the Imprac[ticability of regu]lating a Commerce without the Jurisdiction [] The Confusion and Consequences, That m[ust l result from Traders going to the Indian [Villages in] all the different Colonies, under dissimilar [Regulations] &c, and withal, if They] pay for the building do engage in it, They must [& supporting Trading House [s and cara] vansaries &c —

The Requisiton from the Governor of South Caro[lina to] his Assembly, To garrison Fort George and Fort C[Letters from thence advise, was merely for the Indian [] And That the Assembly, considering it, in that Light [1 it, As you will observe by their Answer to the Gove [rnor 1 Colonel Scott was in this City about Three Weeks [ago was very inquisitive of every Person He conversed [with] (Who were many, as He dined with Abundance of [and had much Respect showed to Him) in resp[ect to] Our Trade with Great Britain, The Number of [1 Inhabitants, The Quantity of cleared Land in [] The Nature of our Taxes, The state of our p[ublic] Funds, The plan of our late Loan Office [] Amount of our Exports and Imports And in [short] was diligent in the Investigation of every [Particular?] Which related to the police] Connexion with Great Britain, of this Gover [nment] conjectured, He was in the Character Wh] Enquirer, But I rather apprehend [1 L of Materials, in Order to figure [with] gone to the [] 1 ſ a great Pannick among [1 the moderate] That from the present sensible People with [Temper of [Great Britain?] all her American Children,] will be considered and Whether dutifull [involved in One [common] Predicament --- Which God forbid? [It is sai]d, some late Letters from London mention, [1

first Step, which will be persued by Parli[ament] will be to abrogate the Charter of Boston. [Colonel] Scot told me, That Gov^r. Bernard¹ had lost [Credit with the G.... I's Family, as They found [1 penurious (giving Them Teneriffe Wine - [1 at Dinner) — and They did not hesitate to say, That [1 made, They believed, Representations home mulch from Passion and Resentment.] waiting for the arrival of the November packet F 1 proceed in the One, which is Now at New York I for] Falmouth; And as I am much engaged in prepa[rations for] my Voyage, I have Now only Time to add,] most ardently wish the perfect Restoration of [your health] and That I shall esteem it the greatest [1 Me, to be honored with a Letter Now and [], being most respectfully and with

the greatest Regard

Y^r faithfull Fr^d. and much obliged Servant

Sam^l. Wharton

] the two, Which I [now inclose]

FROM NORMAND MACLEOD

In the Johnson Calendar, p. 413, is listed a letter of January 12th from Normand MacLeod, at Niagara, acknowledging letters and mentioning Captain Brown's visit to little Niagara, MacLeod's method of obtaining bread, a freshet at the Geneseeo Castle and a belt given to Grant's Indian. (Wrongly dated 1768.)

[

Sir

¹ Sir Francis Bernard, Governor of Massachusetts, 1760–69.

TO THOMAS WHARTON

 $Df.^1$

Johnson hall Jany 12th 1769

Sir,

Agreable to M^r Sam^l Whartons request I [here] with inclose to you, Certified Copys of Accounts [dep]osited in my Office,—

I have not heard from him in Answer to my [] of the 29th ult^o. and therefore imagine he may be [] England, in which case you will please to send [] after him,

I am

Sir

[]t Moment I received a letter [from] M^r. Samuel Wharton dated [] Decb^r. INDORSED: [] To M^r. Tho^s. Wharton wth. Copys of Acc^{tts}.

TO THOMAS GAGE

 $Df.^2$

Johnson hall Jany 13th 1769.

DEAR SIR,

Since my last of the 4th Inst I had the favor of yours of the 2^d. with the Vouchers of M^r Croghans former Accot & accompanying a pacquet from Lord Hillsborough on the Subject you mention, concerning which I am intirely of your opinion about the difficulty of Ascertain^g. the respective Quotas of the Colonies, concerned or of obtaining a Reimbursement of the money

¹ In handwriting of Guy Johnson.

² In American Antiquarian Society, Worcester, Mass.; in handwriting of Guy Johnson.

from them — tho' it was impossible that I should have foreseen the intentions of the Crown respecting this, the Com^{rs}. did not come impowered to pay any of the purchase and the dispatch with which it was to have been carried into execution would not admit of adjusting these Matters,—as the Grant was to the Crown & would increase the Revenue I thought the Crown sho^d. purchase it, and altho' I suppose the Provinces might have disagreed about the purchase & thereby protracted the settlement of the Line & disappointed the Indians at the Meeting, yet am I persuaded that those acquainted with the value of the Cession will allow that there are many persons who would gladly pay the whole ammount of the Expence for the fifth part of it.

I should think that if the Government did not Consider the Quit rent as an object of Sufficient Value, they can easily be reimbursed by Sale of part, or by subjecting each Grant to some fine &c

I believe it will be pretty soon found necessary for the Crowns continuing some farther expence or attention to the Affairs of Commerce with the Indians, as I apprehend that the presumption of a Colony attention to these matters may not be altogether relied upon, for the rest, the Estimate I sent you to be transmitted to the Secy of State was so very low, its establishments so few, and the additional Sum so very little beyond that directed by the Crown that it is impossible to diminish it, without laying aside the affairs of the Indians & I imagine the Government will be so sensible of this that it will be approved of, ---Lord Hillsborough desires that after Consulting with you, on the Subject I shd. transmit an Estimate of what I think the State of the Service in the Departm^t. may require to be laid before his Majesty for his Consideration, as this is already done & that we may soon expect the result, I must beg the favor of your Advice respecting the rest as the Commissarys &ca must be called away, and every thing laid aside at a Critical period unless the Consideration of these Matters should manifest the necessity there is for wait^g. his Majestys farther orders.

Gen^l. Gage

NOTICE TO THE TOWN OF SCHENECTADY

D. S.

[Jany.] 14th 1769

[Advert]izement

[] Freemen and Freeholders of the Town [] Schenectady —

I having received a Writ issued out of the Court of Chancery of the Province of New York to me directed for the Election of a Representitive for the said Township of Schenectady, Do by Virtue thereof and in Pursuance of the Directions of an Act of the Governor Council and General Assembly of the said Province of New York, Give this Publick Notice to all the Freeholders and Freemen of the said Township of Schenectady that I intend to hold the said Election on Monday the twenty third day of January Inst. at Nine O Clock in the Forenoon of the same Day at the Dwelling House of Robert Clench of the said Township at which time and Place all and every the Freemen and Freeholders of the said Township of Schenectady are hereby warned to assemble and meet together to elect and choose by Plurality of Voices one able & sufficient Freeholder of my Bailwick to be the Representitive for the said Township pursuant to the Directions of the above mentioned Act and of Another Act of the Governor Council and General Assembly aforesaid in that Case made & provided

HAR. SCHUYLER Sheriff

NOTICE TO THE CITY AND COUNTY OF ALBANY

D. *S*.

[Advertis] ement

the 14th January 1769

[] the Freemen and Freeholders of the City [and] County of Albany —

I, having received a Writ issued out of the [Cou]rt of Chancery of the Province of New York to me directed [for] the Election of Representitives for the said City and County of Albany. Do by Virtue thereof and in Pursuance of the Directions of an Act of the Governor Council and General Assembly of the said Province of New York, Give this Publick Notice to all the Freeholders and Freemen of the said City and County of Albany that I intend to hold the said Election on Thursday the twenty Sixth day of January Inst. at nine of the Clock in the forenoon of the same day at the City Hall of the said City of albany at which time and Place all and every the Freemen and Freeholders of the said City and County are hereby warned to assemble and meet together to elect and choose by Plurality of Voices two able sufficient Freeholders of my Bailiwyck to be the Representatives for the said City and County of albany Pursuant to the Directions of the above mentioned Act And of another Act of the Governor Council and General Assembly aforesaid in that Case made and provided

HAR. SCHUYLER Sheriff

FROM RICHARD CARTWRIGHT

A. L. S.

[Albanny] 15 Jany. 1769 11 O Clock

HON^D. SIR

I this moment rec^d. yours. as Soon as Snow Comes shall send you Poultry. at Present theres none to be had. the Sloops Came up last week and Delivered y^r. things at the Dock and Ever Since its Quite Summer. Nothing fresh to be had on any terms. Shall order the wigg as you direct. the Assembly disolved and the Writts for a new Election Came up last night.

at New York the Strongest Election ever known all in uproar & Confusion already. how it will be here is not known yet. the Sheriff detains your man to take up Some Advertisements & LetPost-War Period, 1763–1774 587

ters. if any thing is intended of any new representatives from the Mohawks the Sooner we Can know it the better. I am with all Due respectfull Esteem Hon^d Sir Your most Obed hum^e Serv^t R CARTWRIGHT

Our Court opens on tuesday Judge Livingston Comes up by] to try the Criminal [ĺ J 1] since your [I 1 JOHNSON Barrot. ſ ADDRESSED: To The Honle. Sir William Johnson Bart at Iohnson Hall INDORSED: Jan Mr. Cart 1 Ans^d. 1

FROM JOHN WATTS

A. L. S.

New York 16th. Jany. 1769

Major Gorham deliver'd me your favour of 6th. Ult. he is turning his face again to the old Country it seems & yesterday took his leave of America once more

M^c. Clay your Dollar Man got back two or three days ago, he had a labrious jaunt for want of Snow, it seldom deserts a Traveller as it did him, so far North at this Season, Albany will feel the severe effects the absence of it will produce, if it does not return again, frequent thaws in Winter are the ruin of this Country, a Uniform season of frost & Snow from New Year to the last of february wo'd improve This Climate much, — The Proprietary Agents were put to it to raise so much Silver, I was lucky enough to collect near One half of it by Bill on philad^a. when Nothing else wou'd do it.— It is reported here I dont know upon what foundation, that the Crown has paid or is to pay the Expence of all the pensilvania Boundary or back Line, except the Gore or Line you agreed for, more Than the Line The Crown propos'd to [have] comprehended — then¹ thousand Dollars is a bountifull price []etch, unless its' extensive indeed —

The Election here is [twol of the late Members James De Lancey & Mr. Walton will be It back again, with the old Mayor M^r. Cruger, a fourth² they threaten the Council with mighty Matters if [] apprehend their threats weigh much [1 ſ] independent The Majority I] more irksome to them as they please [than it [1 1 with v[ſ 1 I have a late Letter from Lord Adam he says his friends upbraid him with his friendship for America - Lord Drummond had a Letter of recommendation from him to you, the Seeds &c you sent him prosper well ---S^R WILL JOHNSON Barr^{tt} ADDRESSED: To Sr. William Johnson Barrtt at Johnson Hall, Near Mohawks River ---To the care of M^r. Monier Albany forwarded by Inº. Monier 22d Jany 1769

¹ Ten thousand dollars, the amount paid by the Proprietors of Pennsylvania to the Indians for lands in 1768.

² The New York assemblymen chosen in 1769 were John Cruger, James De Lancey, Jacob Walton and James Jauncey.

TO PHILIP SCHUYLER

A. L. S.¹ Johnson Hall Janr^y 17th. 1769

Sir/

I have Just received a Joint letter from You & M^r. Ten Eyck² wherein You Express a desire for what Interest I have at the ensuing Election, which You do me the honour to think of Importance.

As I did not apprehend that I should have had any reason to retract the Sentiments I formerly conceived of You,³ It is not with out some concern that I have been given to Understand by Sundry Persons that You have at N York taken such libertys with my Character & Animadverted upon My Conduct in such a Manner as (if the proof is well founded) I cannot help taking notice of, My Information on this Head is but Just received & therefore I have taken the earliest opertunity of communicating it to You, as I would by no means condemn any Gentleman unheard, & that You may be enabled to Assure me that the charge is without foundation, or otherwise as the case realy is, So as I may Govern myself as I ought on such an Occasion.—

I might have been silent on this Subject but that it is neither my Inclination to Suffer any Man to treat me Ill with Impunity, nor too readily to admit such a Charge against a Person for whom I have had an Esteem, and one who could have had no Motive or foundation for treating me as has been represented.—The Candour and plainness with which I have mentioned this Matter to You will doubtless induce You to Satisfy me as Soon as possible In the Manner I am inclined to believe You can, & indeed it would appear Unaccountable in me to view it in any positive

¹ In the New York Public Library, New York City.

² Jacob H. Ten Eyck and Philip Schuyler were members of the 30th and the 31st assembly, 1768-69, and 1769-75.

³ See letter of February 29th, 1768, from Johnson to Schuyler.

light before I heard from You As I believe the only Error I was guilty of at the late Treaty¹ was my neglecting to Send away or bind over those Missionaries who attended then for their unprecedented Conduct of which I have good proofs in my Hands., Having in every thing else so conducted myself that I have reason to rejoice at the good Success with which I terminated so difficult and important an undertaking, so that the report that you have faulted my Conduct and accused me of Misrepresenting the behaviour of those Missionaries is verry Improbable, and shall not have its full weight with me until the receipt of your Answer determines me upon the Subject.

I had almost forgot to mention that it is conceived, that the attempting to get a Law to prevent the Members of the Council from Voting Intermeddling &^{ca} was levelled at Me, however Unusual or Extraordinary such a Step may appear, the Success of this event has rendered any application for my little Interest unnecessary, but altho You are mentioned on this Occasion I am inclined to Suspend my belief on this as well as the rest

You will please to assure M^r. Ten Eyck of my Freindship, and do me the Justice to belive that my not giving You a Satisfactory Answer on the Subject of your Application is owing to the Causes I have already mentioned.

I am, Sir

Your most Humble Servant

W Johnson

INDORSED: Sir William Johnsons Letters — Jan^r. 17^h 1769 N°. 990

¹ The treaty of Fort Stanwix, from October 24th to November 6th, 1768, to fix a boundary line between the Indian lands and the colonies. See Doc. Rel. to Col. Hist. N. Y., 8:111-37.

FROM RICHARD CARTWRIGHT

A. L. S.

[Albany, Jan^y. 20, 1769]

[] d. yours here is nothing Certain [] of the old ones — in Case of An Election [] Some of Abraham Cuyler with Phil [Schuyler] but nothing Certain as yet Concluded [] believe Most People wait to hear from you []s not what will be agreed on

[] Court. this day ends the Jury brought in a [verdict of ma]nslaughter. for Legget. who Shot a man at Claverack. two Irishmen Condemned for Robbing []ch man I write this among Clouds of tobacco [no]ise & Confusion. if you intend anything let us know as soon Possible I am with great Esteem

Hond. Sir

Your most obed^t. & Very hum^e Serv^t.

R. Cartwright

-] 8 o Clock
-] kind Comp^{1s}
 -] make your resolve
 -] us know

ADDRESSED: To

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The Honle Sir William Johnson Barot.

Johnson Hall

at

FROM AMOS OGDEN

A. L. S.

[Reading Town, New Jersey, Jan. 20, 1769]

moslt Lasure part of the Season I] to have Such further Instructions ſ] lands¹ as my be Nessarey for that ſ ly be a Probability that the Tennants Purpose [] Will Give Moore for them, then A on the [ld the Governor Should not chuse to thousand [] be Offerd, Weather in this case, I may Give as [be at Lib[erty to dispose] of them at the best Aduantage ---m]y Return to Weyomee I found the weather So] most Impossible to git up the river to Sever [Settle with the [] winter,— But Shall not Neglect to have it done Earley [Pleas to Let my directions be Under cover [] Duff at the Post Office in New Brunswick.] Congratulate your Honour, on the happy conclusion ł 1 ſ And Am With the greatest Esteame and Respect Sir William Your Most Obedient and verey humle Servant AMOS OGDEN N Jersey Jan^{rey}. 20th 1769 INDORSED: Cap^t. Ogdens Letter .concerning ye. Nanticoke Lands —

¹ The Nanticoke lands in Maryland.

FROM DANIEL CAMPBELL

A. *L*. *S*.

[Schenecta] dy the 22^d January 1769

] pleasure of Receiving your favour of yesterday with ſ [a packe]t of letters which Shall be forwarded by the Post] to thank you for the Bill of £1500 on Mr. Mortier] Came in a good time to Answer a Sum which I was ſ] at New York — as yet the letters are not Arrivd I] thy do Shall forward them by the first Opportunity] got you a Set of the best Harnises that Can be [alt Albany — M^r Willett makes them as good as what [alt New York provided his has but the Brass work [1 Necessary to Compleat them Our News here relating to Election [] is So Confused — that I am at a loss to give a distinct [] the proceedings in this little place. the people in [since] the last Election has been giddy with their Success [lved thir licentious not unlike the Restless Spirit [of ancient?] Rome, On Receiving your letter last Monday [jointly wrote you I Sent for a few of [shewdl your letter & to Consult up] that twelve of [there would be any Oppo[sition] Our party Accordingly [] hoped we Should have no truble [1 We Recommended Mr] to Inform you was that Some days Mynderse [bef [ore] that M^r Schermerhorns party knowing thy C[ould | Selves — was to Set up Isaac Vroman one] endeavor to devide our Interest. & by that of [] door for them Selves to walk in - but to return means [] proposed M^r Mynderse Mr Glen made Answer [1 Billet for it. which was a verry modest pro[posal 1 Mr Schermerhorn an Equal Chance where he [] against him.

however of Course we woud not [I Isaac Vroman Was present all the time & ind [] Glen & Some More of that party had been at [1 & was Just Returned] Imediately discover by Mr the Same day we me [t Vroman that he [] person & that he was Acting a part that [a come outer?] Thursday Night Ended & nothing ag reed to] Friday — a good many of the livelong frinds [] by being Set up by M^r Vroman l 1 Not being present the Night before 1 ſ then on [] A great] Vroman to know from many of our party [1 l I means whilst we were] of M^r Schermerhorns party] from them both or otherways M^r.] get in unless he was put in by the others] a Shame it would be to him hereafter to be a turn] Coat — he made No Other Answer but that he I ven]ture let the Consequence be what it would woud [night] Ending & nothing Agreed to ----E On Saturday those that was Affronted [ing the preceeding meetings — Assembly with present --- at Vrolman & M^r Schermerhorns party — at One Vro-F lerd us at M^r Clenchs. that as M^r mans House [Vroman & [Mr Mynder]se was of the Same party --- that they Should [draw] & as M^r Vroman was One of the] been Against M^r Schermerhorn. Trustees¹ & has [(Altho now Acting a [] part) We Came to an Agreement in writing that [] billet for it — which thy did & M^r Mynderse has [Assembly man, so that all that Can be Said [] party that knowing they Could do Nothing [] One of ther own party — it was Six [] before we

¹ Trustees for the Township of Schenectady.

brocke up from Company. I Shewed [] here] Obligations to who I Assure you as well [] Town & thy beg'd you for your warm 1 L Night that I am a fraid] my Meaning out 1 of this [] but that the IC] & Tuesday you Old Members will be in [have been looked for h[ere] Fonday Reported 1 M^r Van Eps had his that you told him you w[Boat Ready & Cuting a [1 the Shore this News went to Albany like lightning [] in great Suspence for Several days & Expectations [1 to put in Some Gentleman from your place] the Mohawk River which would be no more [] this long letter I am afraid before vou [you will be tired Enough. 1 No more than] Compliments that M^{rs} Campbell begs her [& am Dear Sir with Respect Yo 1 I DA NIEL CAMPBELL

FROM JAMES TILGHMAN

A. L. S.

Philadelphia Jan. 22^d. 1769

I reced your favor of the 3^d ult by M^r M^c Clay [] the receipt of ten thousand dollars the Proprietery purchase [] late Purchase of the Indians at Fort Stanwix. And M^r [de]livered Me the Indemnification signed by Mr Peters and [] which I am obliged to you. I was in good hopes the [] could have been at Johnson Hall at the time appointed [] of their money And that an End would have been [] the affair But since it So happens that some of their [principal] men must be called together to receive the money, I l intire confidence that in this as in other Instances [malke the Proprietary expence as light as possible. For [] whole it will be an expensive affair, tho I must [think] the purchase a very advantageous one, except it [l very much embarrassed by the Yankeys. However, [soon as they will they will find People in possession [1 their darling Object. There are at this Instant [a number] of Houses building on that Tract which has [for the Proprietarys above a month ago. l under the direction of Amos Ogden and some [] and I flatter myself youl think the Step [] I am yet in hopes those strange wrong headed people will come to a better] very unjust wild Project aside. Sence [

M^r Croghan showed me a Power of Attorney [from Montour 1 for him the Securing the title to the Land at the [place on the Sus]quehanna called French Margarets for which I g ot a] writing of Preference at Fort Stanwix As I [understand the] Place is to be disposed of for the Use of his Mother] I would willingly become the Purchaser of his ſ] Preferrence as I can have the Opportun [ity adv antage of] adding some more good Land in that quarter to it] be pleased to set a reasonable Price E] to me the writing I gave him upon it And ha I will remit you the m[oney or] if you chuse to write to Mr it would Croghan to treat with me 1 do as well. Let it be just as you think [1 The Proprietary purchase money and expence of s[urveying and] Patenting will amount to near twenty pounds per hun[dred acres] and I think it will be the same thing to the [1 1 to dispose of it before, as after it is purchased of [I am persuaded youl believe I do not want to [you any favor in the Price of the Land. I decla[re that I do not] any reasonable expectation of your [deviating] have from the line of your Trust nor do I sure

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you would not ask me a gr eater price l to have it at a lower Price than another [] thing is done in the matter the better, as the [certainly be upon it in the Spring if it be not [1 before. If you do not chuse to dispose of it in the [1 tion, I will very readily do you any Service I can [] securing it. This Purchase was an Object I had in [Fort Stanwix and Spoke to Mr Croghan to obtain [it for me] if it lay in his way Youl be pleased to give [me the] favor of an answer by the first Post

[M^r M^c] Clay informs me he met with or heard of several of] people in Your parts who were embarking in the ł] scheme I trust that whenever it lays in your way ſ] discourage us much as possible the pretensions of peop]le which you well know to be so very groundless [If you s]hould at any time have any matter to execute here youll freely command me not only as a Proprietary [but in] my private capacity as a person who retains] Sense of your Civilities at Fort Stanwix] my compliments to Sir John Col^o. Johnson] and tell Guy, my advice to him is not I ſ

early]

Iam

Yr most obedient & verv hble Servant

JAMES TILGHMAN

ſ 1 JOHNSON

INDORSED:

L Ansrd. [16th] Feby. 1769 by Mr. Croghan —

FROM JOHN BROWN

A. L. S.

Niagara 23^d Jan^{ry} 1769

On] the 9th Inst, I had the honor of receiving I ſ 1 of the 24th November and 8th December by] De Coaugne, and three days agoe yours of the [lber by Indians, by the same Conveyance [] Letter from the Commander in Cheif in which [ls me that The Officers of the Indian Department [p]osts have been Continued for some time [t]han was first proposed, The Provinces concernd [fu]ture Manadgement of the Indian Trade having [not tak] en any Resolutions, or made any Regulations [for tak]ing it on, according to the System that []nted, therefore desireing that provisions []d to them as usual, which] - I can only add that there [was im T the order given out at this place [1 as Possible. in The Commander in Cheifs own words [1 29th August; and I have [] Same, or Contrary order und [] received by the Indians under I Allow me to thank you in [] manner for your] for this place, and to beg care in forwarding [] forward the Inclosed, and beleive me that you will [] the outmost respect F Sir Your Most Obedient humble Servant

JOHN BR[OWN]

1

P. S. We have no news here of any [

FROM DANIEL CAMPBELL ET AL.

A. L. S.

Schy the 23^d January 1769 9 ° Clock at Night

M^r Campbell has Inform'd you that Every thing was [agreed] to by all parties — M^r Vroman has Revolted — [] Our Side & has Espoused M^r Schermerhorn party [] a most Vile mark, & in Short has been guily [] many dirty Actions, that its Increditable to belive []

We have the Greatest part of M^r Schermerhorn [I Against us — & a few disafacted people of our [1] party - In the Agreement we have Secured Ł Six [] Opposit party — to Vote for us which they] the [Articels?] they ought to be have done [On our Side. but we Cant [reckon?] upon them — John Glen Cornelous Cuyler & Abraham [Van Eps are] three of them We have wrote Sir John Colⁿ Claus [1 the head — We Cant well Inform you how the Election will go] well then a way with the Election - but in all [from [your Interest Appears here Therefore beg leave Your [Honor will] Send us down Such Votes — as you know of [] here Inclosed you A list of their names or w] you dont know them All 1 We Are Sir with Great truth we have Just to Add [

& Respect

Your most Obedient

servts

Daniel Camp[bell] JNº B V Eps Jacobus Mynders JNº. Brown John Sand[ers] Tobyas Ten [Eyck] And^w. M

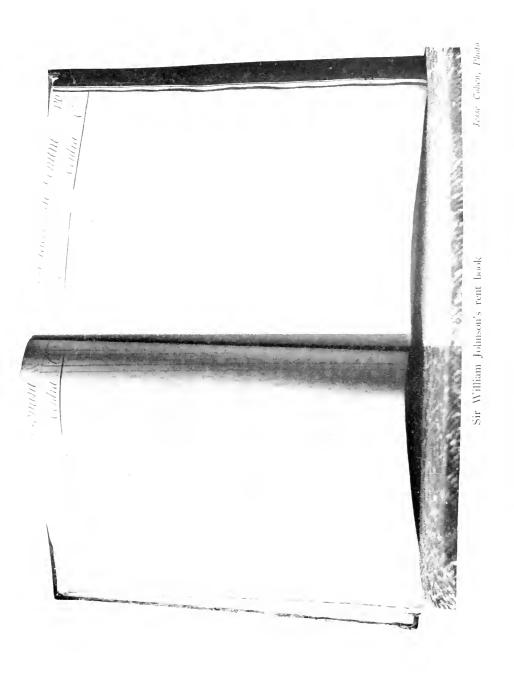
SIR WILLIAM JOHNSON Baronet

FROM JELLIS FONDA

A. *L*. *S*.

[Cach] newago 23^d Janury 1769

ſ | Hendrick Vrooman arived [ni]ght from Schonectady with [litings of Ba^t. Vrooman & By] here from Barents Sone he [has no] ł Minde to Sell But I will [] more go to him and Perswed [] to Do it as I thinck it will Best — for if he Does not Sell [L 1 High Intrest will Ete op the] I will Come in with them [] sonne as I Can get Bar^t to go Cap^t. Conine has Bene [It Buying that Place some thime []et is now in the way I will Indever [out. As my Dere leather I [not get from 1 3 thimes for it so I got albany afther [] Vrooman for to pick out [I belst five nation Skins By [] as you may See the ſ inc]losed in a Letter to me [ł 1 the Inclosed Letter] Jacobes mind[er whom was to [,] I Send the Incl[sons success the Dere Leather [] I thinck it is Der] But that I Remane [1 Dutifull Humbe Ser 1 JELLIS F[ONDA]



FROM THOMAS GAGE

Dear Sir,

I thank you for your Favor of the 4th Ins^t. and for dispatching my Letters to Niagara. The Extract you transmitted from Cap^t. Glazier's Letter is much in Substance to his Reports to me.

As there are continually Reports Spread in the upper Country, which are as often transmitted to us, of the Intrigues of the French and Spaniards to excite the Indians to make war upon the English it is proper to know if any Proofs can be had, that these Transactions of the French and Spaniards are done by Authority and with the Consent or orders of the Governor of Louisiana. Nothing so easy as for the foreign traders to go amongst the Nations, and Say to them just what they please, and it is Natural they should endeaver, by Authority too, to gain as many Nations to their Interests as they can; with which we can have no Reason to reproach them, as we aim at the same thing. Indians who generaly Magnify may construe these Endeavors to the exciting them to commit Hostilities. And when they find we listen too eagerly to their Tales, if they have no true Intelligence to give us, they invent News; so that it is not easy to discover whether they relate Truth or Falsehood. And besides, I am of opinion they would be glad to embroil us with the French, for our Quarrells are the Indian Harvests. I mention thus much to you because if any Proofs can be had that the French or Spaniards have by the authority of their Superiors, endeavored to persuade the Savages to strike the English. The King's Ministers would make Serious Representations upon it to the French Court. I have received the Strongest Assurances from Don Ulloa before He and his Spaniards were sent away from New Orleans, in the late Revolt, which happened there,

¹ In Harvard College Library, Cambridge, Mass.

and also from Mons^r. Aubry, of their Desire to Maintain the Peace in the upper Country, as consistent with our Mutual Interests. And the latter had published a Severe Proclamation against any French Traders who Should come into His Majesty's Territorys, or any Persons who should excite the Savages to Mischief.

> I am with great Regard, Dear Sir,

> > Your most obedient humble Servant,

> > > THO^S. GAGE

S^R. W^M. JOHNSON Bar^t.

INDORSED: Janry. 23^d. 1769

Genr¹. Gages Letter

FROM THOMAS GAGE

A. L. S.¹

New York Jan^{ry}. 23^d. 1769.

DEAR SIR,

I have received yours of the 15th. Ins^t: and am to acquaint you, that I learn by the Packet which arrived on the 18th., that the Estimate of the Deputys Interpreters &c^a. proposed by you to be added to your Department is gone home, tho' nothing as yet determined upon it, but a Decision is promised very soon.

What Methods will be taken by the Crown to recover the Money expended in the late Indian Purchase, I can't say, but I think Adventurers in Lands who before purchased of the Indians May now purchase of the Crown independent of the Quit Rents.

With respect to the Commissarys &c^a. being called away on which you ask my opinion, I see no better Method, as Lord

¹ In Harvard College Library, Cambridge, Mass.

Hillsborough Says very positively that the sum allowed in the Report of the Board of Trade is not to be exceeded, than immediately to discharge every officer who can be spared, and pay the rest out of the ± 3000 allowed to Indians for Presents; who have lately received such large Quantitys of Presents, as to admit of our being very Sparing in Presents for some time to come.

They were so busy in Parliamentary Business when the last Letters left England, that Many less Affairs could not be attended to. The Affairs of America were coming under Examination, and it's Said the House is unanimous to support the Rights of Great-Britain. You will see the King's Speech with the Addresses of both Houses in the publick Papers.

I am with great Regard,

Dear Sir, Your most obedient humble Servant

Tho^s. Gage

S^{R.} W^M. JOHNSON Bar^t.

INDORSED: N York Janry. 23^d. 1769

Genr¹. Gages Letter

FROM NORMAND MACLEOD

A. L. S.

Niagara, 23^d Jan^{ry} 1769

] before Yesterday I had the pleasure of I 1 of the 30th Dec^r. by two Oneidas. I Cap¹] Brown has receiv'd some orders from the Genſ] Department; as it was last night in Garrison eral [1 the Commissary and others Belonging to the I] should act and receive provisions &ca. as Indian [] now you have receiv'd my letters, one formerly. I] for a free Market the other with the order [] Passes. That same enclos'd a coppy of the [

market, as I formerly had the pleasure [ting you, is likely to be productive of no good.] four days ago Ca, nun, da, wee, a a Chief of the [] that has allwavs been in the French interest, came [being stopt at the Market the Soldiers began to lay [hands on] the Vanison, and carry it away as usual without [your leave or with you leave, some throwing down [lbread others an]d his fair a Charge or two of Gun Powder, at last [Spouse got out of humour and seized a [| each with which they began to Clout the Soldiers. 1 the I Traders interfering stoped the Indian & squa w l much mischief, however M^r. Canun, dawee, a orders to let him pass to the lower Town, told [] was time for the Indians to take care of [English began to use] war and said he would them very ill it was [] the hearing of M^r [soon get [I 1 ſ Traders that their [1 five Nations, which [] but that I would Soon] Wa,mi,na,bo, Jou. in-I] if he do and I find it of any [tended [1 acquaint you with the same and [] The provisions the Officers of the Depart [ment] for stoping them was] provisions I gave the in force will be mad[Ind^{ns}. in and since [] be return'd to the Kings store at this place, [] 600th of flour which I hope you'll be so good [] here as soon as Convenient in Spring.

If there's a Blacksmith to be at this Post when [] ment of the Department is Changed, it will be [] for whoever has the care of the Department then, [] with an other Shop, all manner of tools, Iron [] Decouaigne desires me to Mention to you that [] Bearer sent two Blankets to Molly: I hope Sir [] as Secure me the £147..11.. due me by him. I have [] of his Speeches to the Indians since I had the pl[easure] to you

about them, but if I yet find any Certain [] made any such Speeches, I shall send him Exp[1 1 The place I am at present lodged in, since the [New Fort is very inconvenient for my Business as [1 to come within the Small Fort and consequently [1 prevents my having them little tête a [têtes] in which the most Commonly unboso [m themselves l reason I have Some thoughts of rem oving] I will not be so lyable to be pest [ered by the] Commandants who know not [hing of] own, but as this will be all [] sixty pound; I do not [1 1 I 1 the Geneseeos will cost [1 I] are to pay them for their trouble I] here but not Much.] be kindly remember'd to you ſ I am Sir Your Most Obedient and Most Humble Servant NORD. MAC LEOD

If you have no Service for me (which I hope you []] I hope you'll be kind enough to think of me when [the pro]vinces make their appointments if they make any []] appointments or if they intend to employ Gentlemen and []] the]m a Comfortable living

[] you keep Capt Johnson I mean Colonel GuyJohnson [] or he is Groun very lazy for of late Iseldom [] pleasure of hearing from him

FROM JOHN WETHERHEAD

A. L. S.

[New York, Jan. 23, 1769]

1] ſ 1 today & will for another [] interested in this Affair Cause [ſ] there will be two men [1 the Contest is the Church against the [| Independents -those infamous hipocritical] who have for some Years ruled this Province [] & want Still further to aggrandize themselves [] Expence of the Religious Liberty of every [] Denomination of Christians, but more especially [the Church] of England & the Dutch Church, but Thank God [we shall do for them this Trip — if the Devill done [I am greatly disapointed that I have not heard from [] about Sir John — next post will Certainly bring me [1 of his being Member for Albany —

I have got you the Enclosd Account from M^r M[]] the Silver Smith about Churchplate — you may Speculate []] it & let me know what you resolve upon & I will get []] the Business done as Cheap as I can — in my Opinion []] will be no necessity of having them So very large as is mentiond in the paper —

I have this Day acepted a Bill P £100 at 20 D° S^t. drawn upon you payable at my house, which M^r Roberts tells me he has advised you of —

Till next post I remain with the greatest Truth

Sir Your most Obliged Hble Servant

John Wetherhead

] take Care about] Bill

L

ſ

¹ Several lines burned away.

FROM DANIEL CLAUS

A. L. S. [W'msburg, Jan. 24, 1769]

ſ 1 l sent him on from Schenectady [as far [1 fit to go he took] in the Morning with [mſ ł] lodge here to Night when from above. Col^o [] Desire we shall (notwithstanding agreable to [] proceed & show ourselves at the intended the [fro[lic] I am with due Respect Hond sir

Your Obedient [] Dan. Claus

I shall deferr writing to Canada till next post.

To The Hon^{ble} S^R W^M. JOHNSON Bar^t. &^c. &^c. &^c.

FROM JOSEPH CHEW ETC.

In the Johnson Calendar, p. 415, is listed a letter of January 24th from Joseph Chew, New London, concerning Colonel Dyer's application to the General Assembly for a deed of the Susquehanna lands, exclusion of dissenters from the Seneca and Onondaga country, the fear in Boston of a lord chief justice's warrant, and a rumor that Lord George Sackvile will succeed (Governor) Barnard. (printed in *Doc. Hist. N. Y.* 4:402-3; Q, 4:253.) Also a letter of the 25th to Rev. Dr Auchmuty about a person (Philip Schuyler) who desires Johnson's political support, the suddenness of the election notice, the prospect of a short session and progress of the Church of England in New York. (printed in *Doc. Hist.* N. Y. 4:403-4; Q, 4:253.)

r. The

TO HUGH WALLACE

$Df.^1$

Johnson hall Jany 25th 1769

] had the favor of your Letter of the 7^{th²} I I imagine as well from the Tenor of his Majestys speech] other circumstances that matters are drawing near] and I wish it may be such a one as is consis[tent] I [with the] Just rights of both partys. -- I have heard of the] of your Election at York and some of my friends] given me some of the particulars you Menhave [] regard to Phil: Schuyler — When he first tion [] Conduct was such as admitted of no objecset up tion. I never heard of these [parti]culars till the other day; at which time I received [1 Letter from him & the other Candidate requesting [my in] terest again, on which I imediately wrote him as I ought []d to the reports I had heard, which he has denyed [led to Explain away, however think it [to take] the first opportunity of a personal L] writes in such a manner that I think l] Justifiable in me to Condemn [1 to the present Election utterly impractica [ble] Exthe roads are] remarkably bad & tensive County [] are very sensible of the go 1 ſ he³ has not the least inclination [to have a seat in the House] I am very sensible of the Cordiality [1 you mention the Consequences tha [t would have] ensued had, that Gent taken Libe[rties in your] presence, with my Character,4--- I kn [ow from what] Quarter, they must have origi-

nated [] selfish Views of that party, Think

¹ In handwriting of Guy Johnson.

² A blank space that would accommodate several lines occurs here.

³ Sir John.

⁴ See Wallace's letter of January 7th.

| Conduct has been such that I may [ł Criticism & the proceedings at the late Tre aty 1 Variety of difficulties & Obstructions will [] when every thing but the memory of their [1 will be worn out of remembrance - H[ad anyone] perhaps but myself presided at the late T[reaty those] Missionaries¹ would have] or sent down as prisoners been bound over to [for daring in [defiance of his Majesty's] Order & of the desire & Interests of the Colonies to tye up [1 not only endeavor privately to persuade the In[dians] should not be Extended farther than [1 West, but even to] was but a part of their Memorial me I interest ed] that time yet I hear [power to I 1]ly notice was given or Candi [dates] You know they are very Scarce [in this young country] here there is little or no Choice, as the] abilities of the Inhabitants are so much [1. I hear of no Competitors at present for the [1 Myndertse has again carried it for Schenectady [1 be honest and inoffensive, the others who have [1 offered for that Borough are troublesome Men [haps little or no Superiority of Abilities - but we may do [better] another time, - Altho' my Son has hitherto declined [to be set] up, he is very happy to find that his friends are So [pre]possessed in his favor, and I do assure you that I take [1 hints on that & every other Subject of your Letter in the [best] part, and am not only much obliged to you for your [com]municating them at this time, but shall consider every [ce in future as the result of your friendly regards [and] pay them all the attention that time & circumstances [per]mit of, being with much Esteem & Sincerity

D^r Sir &ca

¹ Jacob W's Johnson and others.

TO CADWALLADER COLDEN

In the Johnson Calendar, p. 415, is listed a letter of January 26th to Lieutenant Governor Colden on intrusting Indian regulation to the colonies, changes in Indian policy compelled by the reduction of Canada, obstructions to the boundary treaty, necessity of marking the boundary line, election of Myndertse and compensation for Colden's losses. (printed in *Doc. Hist. N. Y.* 2:923-26; Q, 2:534-36.)

TO PHILIP LIVINGSTON, JR.

$Df.^1$

[Johnson h] all Jan^y. 26th 1769

[] very Sorry to hear (by your favor of the [Sir] Henry Moores indisposition, and heartily [wish for his spe]edy recovery. — The Weather hitherto has [been so rem]arkably unfavorable that we have had little [sledd]ing a Circumstance very Unusual at this Season, [] have had Severe frost for the last Three or four [] a fall of Enow may be expected, to succeed them, so [that] I am hopefull his Excellency may be enabled to [under] take the Journey in order to his being here at the [meeting] he has been pleased to appoint when the Indians will [be] ready to Attend.—

Please to offer my best respects, to Sir Henry, [I may soon hear of his perfect Recovery.—

I am Sir,

Your Most Obed^t.

& very humble Servt

1

¹ In handwriting of Guy Johnson.

TO THOMAS MONCRIEFFE

$Df.^1$

[Johnson Hall, January 26, 1769]

1 ſ] safe arrival in hospitable [] made you run the at parting with your [1 I have much esteem for Gorham, and Gauntl[et] Number of your friends -----[I can] easily conceive that Your Tour was very Expensive,] in the way of serving yourself in some good I wish [] but I know of no good place Vested in the ſ 1 and the Lands ceded by the Indians at the Crown [late Treaty [are] rather too remote to be of much imediate Value, How[ever there] are some purchases, which were in Agitation before [the] Treaty was concluded, in one of which should you incline to the Expence of the Indian Purchase of] I think I could get you a tollerably good Locayour [tion.

The Several Reports I have lately received of Phil. Schuy[ler's] conduct towards me are so Correspondent that I have [written] him him upon it and altho in his Answer he appears very desirous [of] Clearing up Matters to my satisfaction, I find it will be necessary for me to have some little conversation with him whenever I meet with an opportunity as his Letter sufficiently shews that he has been Led into some Capital errors rela[ting] to part of my late conduct, which he spoke of in the Assembly however, I shall suspend my thoughts for a little time, as I [am un]willing to Suppose that a Man whom I never injured, who has twice sollicitted for my Interest which I had freely promised him would hardly have [2] I may have which to [2] inconsiderable, has been

¹ In handwriting of Guy Johnson.

² Several lines missing.

acquired [honesty] and a fair reputation which [sacrifice meerly] to party, satisfied with the [] of opinion of many Unbiassed Men, It will give me [very] little concern that my Services or endeavors for the publick are Willfully Mistaken, or Misrepresented by others.

I hear that you are likely to have a hot Election which I suppose will be over before you receive this Letter, and probably as you say there will be work for Shillelas, as there are many hands at York who are skilled in the use of a piece of Timber as they term it.

Be assured Dear Moncrieffe of my sincere friendship, and if you approve of what I proposed, or that anything else offers in my power. I shall Serve you with pleasure as I am always with great regard

Your &ca

Sir John, Guy & Claus &ca desire to be kindly remembered to you

INDORSED: Jan^y 26th 1769 To Major Moncrieffe.

gone

TO JOHN WATTS

Df.

Johnson hall, Jany 26th 1769

I have just received your favor of the 16th [] indeed very extraordinary at this Season, and [] scarcely no Sledding, hitherto, So that I don't wonder [M^r M^c]ay found the Journey tedious, but the frost which [] had for some days past will I hope bring on Snow and [] the roads, your remarks upon the Weather are very [] indeed we generally enjoy a Uniform Season of frost & Snow [from a]bout Christmas 'till the beginning of March, and it [] as well for the preservation of the

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Grain as for the [] and Convenience of the Inhabitants.

] believe it was difficult enough to raise the Quanſ tity [of doll]ars necessary for the proprietary purchase, I have [not he]ard of the Crowns intentions to pay the expence you mention [Lord] Hillsborough I now find expected each Colony concerned would pay its [] From what I had before heard the Pennsylvania [purcha]se as a proprietary Province] of the Proprietaries, and was to be made at the [as the Line proposed by the [l comprehended a very Large Tract before unpossessed, and [1 farther Addition I procured takes in a most Valuable [Tract of Country, These duly considered together with the] Indian prices of late Years, and the difficulties 1 the Northward from the Neighbourattend^g.] it appear to be a very hood of so many [1 that you were likely to moderate purchase, [1 the Council I think nothhave a Warm Election [ing of, tho' I [lsons & one Gent in particular was] since denyed his knowing any thing very [] but I have some reason to th [ink] ł 1 ſ] of which altho' I very I have fairly acqui[] prostitute to bad purposes seldom [] deprive me, but I despise all [I] Canreputation by which it has been obtain [if] they had didates offered that I have heard of [the state of the Roads & Shor [t notice would] not have permitted one half of the freeholders [1 County being so very Extensive, I be[lieve the Council?] would have no inclination for such a disp[ute with the House?] tho' all such bodies as have not Certain L[imits to their] Authority have ever been fond of encroach [ing upon their] Neighbours .---

FROM SAMUEL WHARTON

A. L. S.

Philada. January 26. 1769

[Sir]

In closed you have Colonel Coles' Draft [upon] M^r. Croghan for Two thousand One hundred and [fifty] six pounds, 17/51/4 New York Currency, Which I [mus]t beg the Favor of your Honor to expedite the pay [me]nt of, all in your power, As I shall not have any [Mon]ey remitted to Me, Until this Draft is paid.

Colonel Croghan has the Accounts & Vouchers.

I set Off for the packet On Monday Next and shall [by] all Opportunitys communicate to you from England [w]hatever is entertaining or important.

[I] beg my respectfull Regards to Sir John, Colonel Clause and all the Family and with the warmest [wi]shes for the Continuance of your Health.

> I am Sir very respectfully Y^{r.} truly Obliged Fr^d. SAM^L WHARTON

[The Honorable SIR] WILLIAM JOHNSON Baronet.

ADDRESSED: To The Honorable Sir William Johnson Baronet his Majesties sole agent & Superintendant of Indian Affairs # favor of at M^r Croghan Johnson Hall INDORSED: Philadelphia 25th Janry 1769 M^r S^I Whartons Letter wth Coles Draft for £ 2156..17..51/4

[Congw]ayadoraou ON BACK: [Cos konw]ayadorea [ongh] Turtle Tribe [Ko]nwayadorecongh [a Plerson who Attracts [the] general Respect

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FROM PHYN AND ELLICE

A. L. S.

Schenectady 30th. January 1769

ſ Being hard press'd for some money [1h we owe, & Excha pretty low, we take the liberty [to] request your assistence as far as may be convenient [in] paying the Bills we hold on the Indian department when that sutes if as convenient for you we wou'd be glad to receive drafts on N: York as we have most part of the Money to remit there

We beg leave to assure you that necessity only urges us to write you on this Subject

We have the honor to be with true esteem

Sir

Your most Obed^t & Much Obli^d. Hume servts

PHYN & ELLICE

I]onb^e. SIR W^M. JOHNSON

INDORSED: Janry, 30th, 1769

Mr Phyns Letter Ansrd, Febry, 15th. & gave a Draft on Mortier for £1000 ----

FROM JOHN TABOR KEMPE

A. L. S.

New York 31st. January 1769

I have your Favor of the 29 Dec^r. last by [which I] understand that only the Proprietors here agreed to release [the lands] at Connajoharie to the Indians, and that Klock [has] refused and still refuses: I should be inclined therefore [] that the Bill in Chancery proposed will be ineffectual to [], as it would have been, had he once engaged so to do

The Method you mention by Act of the Legislature [if it be] obtained, will be entirely effectual, and indeed I have [] Opinion it was the only one that could be followed [] disputes of this Nature with the Indians, which would [] safe, for if there should be by Infancy or otherwise [an incap]acity in any of the Proprietors to release, or any of [them should] refuse, the Act of the other will not conclude them [and the contr]oversy will thereby be kept open; besides the Doubt [whether the] Indians are to be considered as Aliens, incapable [] Thing by such Release, which may afford Room []

His Excellency Sir Henry Moore, departing to Morrow [for Johnson] Hall, I could not delay giving you my Sentiments on this Subject by that Opportunity [] may concert such Measures, as will terminate in the [] of Legislation. I have the Honor to be

Sir

Your most obedient & most humble Servant

I. T. KEMPE

[

] Baronet

ALEXANDER MURRAY TO MATTHEW LYNE

In the Johnson Calendar, p. 416, is listed a letter of January 31st from Rev. Alexander Murray, Reading, to Matthew Lyne, explaining why he can not take the Schenectady mission. (printed in *Doc. Hist. N. Y.* 4:406-7; Q, 4:255.)

FROM PETER MIDDLETON

A. L. S.

[N. Y] ork 1st. Febry 1769

[hon]oured with your obliging Answer [] find M^r Upton anxious to have his [lands located] I have embraced an Offer from Col: [Croghan for loca]ting it on a Purchase made by him [on the Sus]quehana, which the Col: assures me is a [very advanta]geous one. I have accordingly wrote to the [Colonel now on] his Way for your Hall that I should be [] M^r Uptons Lands in that Purchase.

[] also for the first Time applied to the Gov^r.
[] in that Purchase with the Col^s. Consent [

surgeon?] General under your Command & by Com[mission from] Gen¹. Shirley. I have got a Certificate of [1 of Service from G¹. Gage, And I have taken [the liberty] of referring his Excellency to you for my [amlong the N. Englanders in that Character [] no Compensation by those] godly Gentry. was ever made to either If the Gov^r. thinks I [] such a Grant in Consequence of that Com[mission from] G¹. Shirley: And if you] where I should have no Indian could point out [Purchase to [] would just save me so much Money [and do not dou]bt that I shall make you a low Bow] if you think this Location which [Col. Crog-L han is so] obliging as to offer will be all [1 then thank you for your good [offices in behalf] of my Petition I am Dr S[1

yours most [sincerely]

ADDRESSED: To

Hon^{le}. Sir William Johnson Bar^t.

at

Johnson Hall

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FROM HUGH GAINE

In the Johnson Calendar, p. 416, is listed a letter of February 2d from Hugh Gaine, New York, informing that the Indian prayer books are in the hands of the binders, that he will try to get good morocco binding in New York and Rev. Mr Ogilvie wishes copies for friends in England. (printed in *Doc. Hist. N. Y.* 4:405; Q, 4:254.)

FROM FERRALL WADE

A. L. S.

Philadelphia February 4th 1769

I most Humbly beg your pardon for being [] troublesome to you, but my Dear sir, my present unhappy state of Dependance for Every Morsel I put in my Lips, sets me Allmost Distracted all this brought on through the Inconsiderateness of Youth, without your Assistance I am Ineviatably Gone for Ever, Oh save me if You possibly Can, at Least Let me hear from You. believe me to be My

> My Dear Sir William Your Most Oblidged Most Obedient but Most Unfortunate Humble Servant FERRALL WADE

M^r. Croghan will [] you my former ADDRESSED:

To

The Honble Sir William Johnson Bar^t. Johnson Hall

FROM DANIEL CAMPBELL

A. L. S.

Schenectady the 6th February 1769

[The Governor] the Duches of Gordon & Colⁿ Morriss Arrived Yesterday [Al]bany, & Dined at M^r Cartwright — they have Sent word [] Clench that they intended to be up this Night, but [l her Grace will heardly Venture Out Such a Cold [as your letters are not Yet Come up this length [] Inclose you a letter I Received from Mr Moore I l a full Account of the Election, it will give you [pleas] ure to find 1 Honour — I have that your Country men Came off [Sent out to Inquire after [1 in order to have Sent You a Ouarter — but there [] to be had — I dont think the Governor [] longer here than one night — I am

> Dear Sir with Great Respect your most

ect your most

humble Ser^t

DANIEL CAMPBELL

[

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] JOHNSON Baronet

ACCOUNT WITH JOHN WETHERHEAD

A. D.

New York 7th. Feby. 1769

[Sir] William Johnson Bart. in Acct. with John W [etherhead]

]d this day	140	12	0
] Parcells Sent by Pemberton	113	11	1
]sent 🔁 Cap ^t . Lancing	80	0	101/2
]by Kelly	29	16	41/2
]y Capt. Lattimer	6		—
] Medicins the 30 th . Dec ^r . last	2	8	-
] for Sir John's things the 31st. do	3	5	-
] for Methiglin		9	3
] Apples sent on Board the Ship Bishop of oznabrug by or order of Sir John			
the 31 st . of Dec ^r . last] Tea & Cannisters the 8 th . Feb ^y . last	4	16	-
sent by Collison		7	2

[] Ebbetts42/the 18th &[] paine for a slider 24/28th. March	lact	3	6
)			0
[paid] receiver General for 2 patents the 2 ^d . d ^o .	11	16	
[pa]id Att ^y . Generals fees d ^o .	59		_
[pai]d for 5 Keggs oysters, Nuttmeg &cª. Sent	س	10	,
by Pemberton	5		6
[pai]d for fire Works 60/ postage of letters 10/	3	10	-
$\begin{bmatrix} \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\$	I	5	101/4
[C]ap ^t . Tho ^s . Miller for Sir John		18	
[] Postage of letters at sundry times this			
month	1	1	2
[] Sir H. Moore	231	-	
[] inclos'd in a letter by Cap ^t . Kelly	70		-
[] Byrnes Esq ^r . his Draf ^t . on you	92	1	3
[pai]d M ^r . Banyar patent fees	73	-	_
[paid] Alex ^r . Colden's fees	67	17	2
[ca]rriage of 7 Cannisters Snuff 🕆 post from			
Phila		3	7
[] Roberts Df ^t . on me	30	-	_
[] of 2 Parcells from Phil ^a .		4	_
[] Clarks Register fees	2	12	-
[]ldin in full	23	12	6
[] 2 Children	70	_	-
by M ^{rs} . Wetherhead on acc ^t . of			
Wench	6	9	1
	134	14	101/4
1767			_
Dec ^r . 30 By Cash for your Draft on Abram	[M	ortie	er]
1768			
Jan ^y . 28 By d ^o . for your Df ^t . on d ^o .	[]
April 4 By d ^o . your Df ^t . on d ^o .	[]
April 27 By d ^o . ^{Apr} hands John Watts Esq ^r .	[]
May 30 By d ^o . for your Df ^t . on A Mortier			
Esq ^r .	[]
Balance in fav. J. W.	[]

INDORSED: Febr^y. 7th. 1769 M^r. Wetherheads Acc^t. Ball to him £208..-.1³/₄

FROM OLIVER DELANCY ET AL.

In the Johnson Calendar, p. 416, is listed a letter of February 8th from Oliver DeLancey, Jas. Jauncey, Peter Remsen and Gw. Banyar, New York, stating a claim against Mrs Cosby's estate and asking Johnson to certify in order that it may be recovered in England. (printed in *Doc. Hist. N. Y.* 2:926; Q, 2:536.)

FROM PETER REMSEN

A. L. S.

New York February 8, 1769

I have Received yours the 20th. January last [] you desire a Release for the Low Lands of Hansens [pat]ent.¹ I do Suppose it Can be but Trifling, if any, [I ha]ve Spoke to Some of the Genlemen Concern'd, They []ed me to give a Quit Claim on the Old power, [] shall get one drawn and Send it to you in the Spring. as I Shall be up there then I believe if [you] over Look the Quit Claim you will find that all their pretences is included in that —

I Shall buy you Such negroes when I have an Opportunity as you will Approve of, and Shall [let] you Know

I am

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]

Sir

Your most Obedient Hum^{le} Serv^t.

Peter Remsen

| Know the persons Names

] you would have Conveyed

¹ See Johnson to Remsen, September 1, 1768.

ADDRESSED: To Sir William Johnson Barn^t.

at

Johnson Hall

INDORSED:

Ansrd.

FROM DANIEL CAMPBELL

A. L. S.

Schenectady the 10th. February 1769

[You have] desired me to purchase Some Lotts for you pro-] got reasonable, I have a verry fine Lott vided thy [] feet Square — Duch Measure on a Corner [] & Good New high fence there is an Old House on [Round the Whole, it would make [] Lotts — I was Once fully determined to Build on it my[self] But, Altered my mind - as I thought it too far from the [river?] on Account of loading Battoes & now as I am [deltermin'd to Build in the Spring — if it was agreeable [] I would Exchange for your lott & pay you the diff[erence] Which if you knew my lott I would leave You [] price your Self. if you would Incline to build two [con venient frame Houses on the lott, it Could be done at [1 Expence I Can buy Boards here for Seven pence [inc]h thick, but | will Equally Answer there laying now in the [] will bring above three \mathfrak{P} C^t. your purpose. as [] Build - I inclose you a little ps of I could [paper by which you will know where my [1 the Hous would be perhaps Doctor Con[stable] Assured that Houses are Some Obstitule but [] Interst of £150 a year So plenty here to be [1 lott. So that you Sinke would hire him a good [] it laying dead in this House three times this Sum [when leisure will per [mit] be much Obliged to] a fine Season you write me a few lines - a [for getting Home the timber & other] for Building —] I Cant live with any & indeed I find by my Family [

Ease or Conveniency [] & on the Other hand the Wife] Women are naturely fond of making is at me daily [Some App [] must get my hands in the mortar — if it were [only] but to Satisfy her - Yesterday I [1 Harnish, which I hope you Received Mrs [joins me in Compliments & am Dear [1 with great [1 most hu [DANIEL CAMPBELL] SIR WILLIAM JOHNSON 1 INDORSED: I Ansrd. 20th. Ins^t.

FROM EDWARD COLE

A. L. S.

[Fort Chartres Feby 12th 1769]

[DEAR SIR]

Yours the 26th. of July last came to [Ha]nd the 12th. of December last. I Imeadiately dischar^d [a]ll the Subordinate officers Under me, and Hartily Wish these alterations may, *Turn* out for the best I am in Hopes that I shall be able to Leave this Country, in two or three months at Farthest — I Shall Loose no time to wait on you — and Flatter myself I Shall be able to give you a more Satisfactiry account, of the Indians in this part of the world, then has been in my power to do heretofore.

And Doubt not if any thing Should happing — [wh]erein I might be of Service. You will be as [Mind]full of me as formerly And be assured I [Shall] ever Retain a Grateful Sence of the Many [Favours] I have Received from You — My best [Compliment] to Sir John. and your Family [and believe me] to be D^r. Sir with the utmost [Esteem]

Your most ob^t.

Hum¹ Serv^t

[Edw^d Cole]

INDORSED: [Fort Chartres, Feby 12th 1769 Coms^{ry} Coles letter] FROM JOHN WETHERHEAD

A. L. S.

New York the 13 Feby 1769

ĺ] I Still find myself deprive of any of] & am uneasy least you Shoud be unwell l] the Case tho, but Shoud be very happy to ſ] with any Commands you shall be pleasd to receive [honour me [with. I take] the Liberty to Sending the Enclosed under Cover to you [] which I begg the favour of you to Send to him by your [] & when it Shall Suit Mr Teice to Send me any Money [] wrote him to pay it to you, I flatter myself you will take [the tro]uble to receive it for me ----I have this Day paid M^r Robertss Bill [] ₩ £100 & as He orders me to apply to you for Ballance of his Acc^t. [I ta]ke the Liberty of Sending it up to you, as well as his Letter for [your] Satisfaction — I begg my best Respects to all friends & am just [lry to drink your Health, with a parcell of jolly Fellows who [] keeping my Birth Day believe me to with great Truth

Your most Obliged Hble Servant

JOHN WETHERHEAD

TO THE EARL OF HILLSBOROUGH

In the Johnson Calendar, p. 416, is listed a letter of February 15th to the Earl of Hillsborough, concerning the withdrawal of the department officers from the posts, the policy of committing Indian affairs to the colonies, the boundary settlement, a method of reimbursement to the Crown for costs of the Indian cession and a former plan from the Lords of Trade for regulating Indian affairs. (printed in *Doc. Hist. N. Y.* 2:928-32; Q, 2:537-39 and *Doc. rel. to Col. Hist. N. Y.* 8:150-53.)

FROM HENRY BOSTWICK

A. L. S.

[Montreall Feb. 16, 1769]

] of the 1st ultimo and am much obliged

] done me in communicating to me [the report which]

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You made to his Majesty, respecting the [copper?] and am not in the least Doubtfull of its []ed Success.

l regard to the Mines agreable to Your Request I] of them as far as I know — When I went into Lake I [Superior]ke those Discoveries, I took up Several Samples of Oar [] Places which I carried to England, and they] Particularly at the River Onatanagun were much [on the South Side [] I saw a Rock of Copper which most of it Maleable, and [wh]at shews itself out of the side of] how far it goes into the the hill, appears to be about [Hill I cannot pretend to say [] not try — A Little beyond this place is the River called [1 where the French did once attempt a Work but the Command [eing with the Master Miner there did nothing.

[] of Lake Superior at a Place on the Map [] [] of pure Copper growing out of the Ground, in the form [] one of which weighd about Three pounds, and is kept [gr]eat Curiosity, this is what I have seen, but from Report [there are oth]er Places where Pure Copper is found.— I have had [descrip]tions from Indians that they have seen a Mine, they [] Iron I have not as yet had time to go to see it and

Iron I have not as yet had time to go to see it and
 These Mines are mostly Situated on the Side
 Carriage Excepting at Niagara.—

[mation made when I was in England of the] Transportation of Necessarys that may be] to be carryd as at present woud amount] the Method we have plannd [____]

and make [

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Upon it I could [

instruc]tions I

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received when I left [England]

M^r Henry Bostwick

Sir

The Gentlemen concerned [in a petition to the King in] Councill for a Grant of Mines round Lake S[uperior] appoint us the Committee for the Manageme[nt]

And as you have declared Your intentions [1 it is incumbent upon us to give You some [instructions for] Your Government — We imagine You'll thi[nk 1 to secure passage from Falmouth to New York [consist | ently can after Your Arrival there, You [will wait on¹] inform him of the Application and of the [] a Copy of the Petition, which You may acqua[1 with the Approbation of the Duke of Grafton [1 The President of the Councill The Secretary [] other Great Officers of State. For the [We shall inclose to Falmouth directed for [| Copys of the Minutes of our several Meetings [not to mention the Business You are upon [After you] go up to the Lake You'll Endeavour to se [cure the] Friendship and Assistance of the Indians [by presents] to such as have been or may be most [] Otherwise in the Distribution whereof ſ] the whole does not Exceed Fifty Pounds ſ We depend much upon You [] all Matters in Your Province, upon the [] another Year, that we may set to [1 the Grant. which we have little [] us constantly advised of [] Safety and S[1 ſ] Obliged to] that may be attempted from I I]tage.] the last Fall that I could get no farther ſ l] the Mines than I have already Comunicated ĺ] knowing whether I was arrived from England ſ] particulars from Michilimakinac [The gen]tlemen concerned in England thought I should] the Lake last Fall so that I cannot Expect to have I I] them till they receive mine by the way of Ouebec

¹ "Sir William Johnson," doubtless.

] from a Gentleman Concerned not of the Committee
] Pownall is become a Proprietor and tis thought so]nd, they apprehend there will be no Difficulty
I re]ceive any Intelligence I shall Communicate it
] have the Honour to be Sir

Your most Obed^t. Hble Serv^t HENRY BOSTWICK

INDORSED: Montreal, Feb^{ry}. 16th. 1769 M^r. Bostwicks Letter concerning y^e. Mine¹

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TO THE EARL OF SHELBURNE

$Df.^2$

Johnson hall Feby 16th. 1769.

The Notice with which your Lordship honored [my son] when in England, [the favorable manner in which you [were ple]ased to Express yourself concerning me to him,] [evide]nces I have had of your Lordships favor and pa[tronage]uy claim my most gratefull Acknowledgments, w[] me to express my Gratitude to your Lordship whether [] Office, or not, on all such occasions as do not interfere with [your] more material Engagements and I cannot be more [ob]liged than by your accepting of this as a Small Testimony [of] the Sense I retain of your Lordships friendship.

I am almost without a Subject to Write upon, as your Lordship must be doubtless acquainted with all the News from these parts, as well as the late Transactions in my Departm^t. [] the Settling of the boundary line, in a manner more advantagious than was even proposed to me, Notwithstanding [I foun]d the Indians much less disposed towards it, than when [it was] first

¹ In Johnson's hand.

² In handwriting of Guy Johnson.

mentioned to them.— The Reform of the Departm^t. [of Indi]an Affairs by putting the Regulation of Trade into [l of the Colonies was hitherto delayed to give them time ne]cessary Establishments and avoid the ill [1 which must attend the Withdrawing the Commissaries [1 before others were appointed to Succeed them, but Inothing has] been as yet done therein by the Colonies, the [1 renders it now Necessary to call []ll I hope be more favorable [That amongst such a Variety [l little understood, regular corre 1 to be formed, and thereby the ends of [Mr Saml Wharton an emine [nt] Philadelphia is Just gone for England [1 the Traders who suffered by the Indian War [] of his friends have I understand the honor to [1 to your Lordship, and he is very desirous I [] him to you I therefore take this opportun ity of] with his request which I do the more Willing [ly as it is in] my power to assure your Lordship that he] well Acquainted with American affairs [is a [1 those of a Commercial Nature, and has had [] of informing himself in the Indian Trade an l other] many persons matters relative to their Affairs.-- Thf who go from hence, and by profess [ing knowledge] of all these matters may often if attended to imp[ose on those] in power to the prejudice of the publick, that [] extremely cautious how I offered any thing in [favor of those] of whose Experience in these Affairs I was not [therefore hope that my knowledge of this Gentleman joyned [] will apologize 1 for my freedom on this occasion [A Correspondence with a Man in this [1 be of little entertainment to your Lord [ship time any] your indulgence thing occurred worthy your [to Communicate it [1 occasion that offered] the sincerity with which I for Expressi[ng

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TO JAMES TILGHMAN

$Df.^1$

Johnson hall Feby 16th. 1769

[] had not Leisure to Write imediately on the [] of your favor of the 22^d. ult^o. as the Dutchess of [Gordon] Sir Harry Moore, & much Company were then here,

You may be assured that the final Settlement [of] the purchase shall be conducted with as much Oeconomy [as is] possible, I am only sorry that there is occasion for any, [It it is unavoidable.--- I hope that so valuable a purchase may not be disturbed by Yankee pretensions but where Land is the Object they are apt to feel bold and I have received intelligence that at a late Meeting at Hartford provision was made for 50 men to go this Winter lay out Townships & Cut roads, & that 500 Settlers would take possession of the place Early in the Spring. I have also heard that Col. Dyer applied [to] the Assembly for a Deed for those Lands, which it was [thou]ght they would decline granting, but it is Expected [that] many Pennsylvanians particularly those of the [] religious persuasion wth some Yorkers & Jersytites were assisting & concerned with You will please to Communicate this to Gov^r. Penn ſ 1] my best Compliments and wishes that such Intrusion I [may be] timely prevented, I am glad that you have] proper persons to take possession, and imagine] may be easily kept out if not encouraged by I ſ] frontiers.

 [
] Tract you may freely Command any good

 [
] obtaining it, I think it should be [
]

 directed M^r Croghan when that is done to settle the Affair
]

 [
] Means, the preference of any

 [
] that you never mean to ask any

 [
] Complied Consistent with My Trust,

 [
] command me to the Extent of it.—

¹ In handwriting of Guy Johnson.

Mr. McClays information was [very | Numbers of people from hence were upon [] Susquehanna project but in a late Tour I made [] Country I had an opportunity of Conversing [] of them, & by many arguments on the Subject [prevented some hundreds I am certain from [] it, and shall chearfully do all in my power [] any thing that may affect the Just Rights [] Interests of the Proprietaries .---I am much obliged to you for your [kind offers] of service and in return desire vou may co] in any thing wherein I can testify how m [uch I am] Sir Your Sincere Fr [iend] & verv h] The family desire their

Compliments, & Guy

thanks you for y^r advice which

he will take into consideration ----

INDORSED: [

] To Ja^s. Tilghman Esqr.

TO THOMAS GAGE

$Df.^1$

Johnson hall Feby 17th. 1769 ---

DEAR SIR

I Wrote you a few Lines at the Departure of the Gov^r from hence and Apologized for my not being able at that time to Answer your two favors of the 23^d Ult^o— What you observe in your favor in Answer to mine of the 4th ult^o. concerning the nature of the reports of the French Intrigues to the Westward &ca is very reasonable and I believe many of them arise from Motives of Trade, and that the Ind^s may in Sev^I. Instances

¹ In American Antiquarian Society, Worcester, Mass.; in handwriting of Guy Johnson,

Exaggerate especially as it passes thro' so many hands. At the same time there are so many Accots in which both Tradrs. and Ind^s. agree and which exactly correspond with the conduct and Secret practices of the french before the late War, that I am induced to think these practices May be in some Instances more than Connived at, Besides as War is what may be expected sooner or later It would seem good policy in our Neighbours to Alienate the Affection of our Indians and keep up a Spirit of discontent amongst them, that they might be the easier prevailed on in case of a Rupture to fall upon our Frontiers which would be greatly for the advantage of the Enemy, If this is their Object which is not improbable, the French Court will according to Custom, disavow the fact. and endeavor to Amuse us with Orders to Governors &ca &ca till matters are ripe for Execution,- In case of a War the French will Certainly endeavor to Create a diversion in America, They have many good Friends in it, and the Indians wod be of great service to them, an Attack on the back of the Settlements would cause a great Alarm, give some Check to our privateering, & have Many other Effects advantagious to an Enemy admitting that they cannot Strike any Effectual blow with a fleet or Army - But Supposing all this is in some degree improbable, We ought surely to guard against any attempt that can possibly be made by an enterprising people, by Counter acting all endeavors whether by Authority or otherwise that tend to promote a defection of the Ind^s. from our Interests, and how this is to be effectually done without proper persons in the Indian Country I am at a Loss to say,--- The Difficulties of obtaining such proofs as May be deemed suffict to ground a Representation to the French Court You must be sensible, from the doubts that May arise concerning Indian Intelligence, and the Caution made use of to prevent any of our Whites from being Eye Witnesses,- This must be chiefly grounded on Reports & Corroborating Circumstances, which I shall make it my business to enquire farther into.

I have Letters from Lord Hillsborough corresponding with

those you Mention in your answer to mine of the 15th ulto.¹-I don't know how else I cod, have acted than as I did in the purchase, Tho' many Individuals wod. have given double the Sum for the 4th part of the Cession The province Claims &ca wod. have rendered the adjustment of their Quotas an Endless Work & perhaps the Congress with the Expence attending it wod have been for nothing. I have been thinking that a Small fine on each 1000 acres to be granted, hereafter equivalent to the rate lately paid for the Indian purchase w^d. soon reimburse the Crown, & so I wrote to Lord Hillsborough,- As to the Officers of the Department I am entirely of your Opinion, to remove all those who have had the Management of the Trade, &ca, and pay the Deputys Necessary & Interpreters out of the Sallary allowed until, they determine concerning the Estimate, Tho' I can't find that the Colonies have come to any Material resolutions on their parts, and Considering their remarkable backwardness in Money Matters on More alarming occasions I do not Expect they will give it much attention.-- I hear that our Assembly have committed this matter to the Albany Representatives.

Lord Hillsboro' transmitted me His Majestys Speech As he says by the Kings order, with the Addresses of both Houses. They Seem Warm & determined, I suppose the next pacquet will give us the Event of their deliberations.—As the Orders are positive that the Sum mentioned in the late Regulation sho^d. not be exceeded, whilst at the same time they seem to rely on the Provinces, that they will with my Advice & Assistance "adopt such regulations for the commercial part as will improve the Trade & fix the affection of the Savages" which I am sorry there is little reason to expect, I think that your Signifying to the Colonies concerned in the Indⁿ. Trade That the Commissaries Interpreters and Smiths have been hitherto kept up to give them time to settle a plan for Supplying their places as the service requires, but that they will be dismissed at all Events, by the 25th of March or what time you think best, Such Notice wo^d, Spurr them

¹ The draft of this letter bears date, January 13th.

on to some proper Resolutions, or enable the Gov^t. to Judge Where the fault lay. I hope you will Excuse me for proposing this, as what appears to me to be in some degree necessary, and that you will please to inform me to what time you think it best they sho^d. be paid up, or whether you imagine an Exception necessary as to any of the Officers of Trade or Interpreters at any of the Posts.

As M^r Croghan is going down the Country I take the opportunity of sending the accts of Expences at Fort Pitt Which I was not able to obtain before, I also send you the Vouchers that you may Judge farther of them as they are pretty high & many of them are Orders of the Com^{d3} Officer there, I also Transmit the Acct of Expences at Ilinois which I have Just received, which altho' Less than heretofore are still very high, M^r. Crogan will dismiss the Com^y &ca there at whatever day you shall think best as they are within his District. GENL GAGE

INDORSED: Feb^y. 17th. — 1769 To Gen¹. Gage. —

TO SAMUEL WHARTON

 $Df.^1$

Johnson hall Feby. 17th. 1769

I Just Snatch a Moment to thank you for []st Letter and to Apologize for my not being able [to wr]ite you more fully as I am so much hurried in []aking up Letters & Settling some Accots with M^r. Croghan who is impatient to go off tomorrow and is to Convey this to you in which I inclose according to my promise a Letter to Lord Shelburne, wherein I have done Justice to your knowledge of American affairs, & I flatter myself that if it is of no other Service to you it will shew his Lordship the advantagious opinion I entertain of you.— I have observed to his Lordship that there are so many go from

¹ In handwriting of Guy Johnson.

hence who affect a thorough knowledge of every thing on this side the Water that I Shod, by No means take upon me to introduce a Gentleman to one in power, unless I could Safely speak of him as I have done of you. -- The Dutchess of Gordon, Sir H. Moore [] were here the other day when the Sev¹. purchases [were] perfected. -

It is impossible for me at this time [to do] more than that I wish this may find you safe [] England, and that I shall shortly give you [] Letter meantime I am

&ca

FROM F. SPIESMACHER

A. L. S.

Quebec 18th Febry 1769

SI]R ſ

ſ

Agreeable to my promise I now take the liberty to enclose you a Journal of My Transactions with the Indians during the Time I had the honor to Command at Michilimak. which I Flatter Myself will meet with your approbation

I am with great Respect Sir Your Most obeidient & Most Humble Servant F Spiesmacher] JOHNSON Barnt INDORSED: Quebec 18th. [1 Capt. Lt. Spicem[]

1

ł

wth. his Journal [

Comd^t. at Michi

rec^d. 18th. april

634

то Ј. т. кемре

$Df.^1$

Johnson hall Feby 25th. 1769

About the time of his Excell^{cy} the Gov^{rs}. arrival [] the favor of yours of 31st January, but as there [] good deal of Company here at the same time & [mu]ch business to do, some things escaped my Memory & [I] had not leisure for others amongst the rest the affair [of] the Release to the Indians of Conajoharee, which I must do by Letter. —

I apprehend the Legislature can have no reasonable Objection to a Law so necessary, and am Sorry to hear that there is so little prospect of releif from Chancery but as I don't what Steps May have been taken against Klock I should be glad of your Information in that particular

TO PETER MIDDLETON

Df.

Johnson hall Feby 25th. 1769

[] received your favor of the 1st. inst some days [] During the Governors Stay here the purchase [was ef]fected, in which M^r. Upton is to have a Share [I spo]ke to his Excell^{cy} on the Subject of your own affair [] is of opinion that the Council will not agree to [trans]mit your Mandamus there, if so there is no way for [you] but your coming in on the footing of a purchaser.

Should the General require anything from me regarding your Services, be assured that I shall do you Justice in [th]at particular, but I apprehend that that is needless

TO THE EARL OF HILLSBOROUGH ETC

In the Johnson Calendar, p. 417, is listed a letter of February 25th to the Earl of Hillsborough, considering French and Spanish interest in

¹ In handwriting of Guy Johnson.

exciting Indian discontent and disturbance, condemning the disputes created by turbulent zealots in this country and expressing pleasure at the time of the King's speech and the addresses of Parliament (printed in Doc. Hist. N. Y. 2:932-34; Q, 2:539-40 and Doc. rel. to Col. Hist. N. Y. 8:153-54). Also a letter of the 25th to Messrs De Lancey, Jauncey, Banyar and Remsen about an alleged deficiency in an estate conveyed by the late Mrs Cosby (printed in Doc. Hist. N. Y. 2:934; Q, 2:541). Also a letter of the 25th from Matthew Lyne and three others, church wardens, Schenectady, about disappointment in obtaining the services of Mr Murray and the success of the dissenters in drawing away members (printed in Doc. Hist. N. Y. 4:405-6; Q, 4:255). Also, p. 417-18, a letter of the 26th from Oliver DeLancey, New York, sending an extract from a letter from Lady Warren in which she complains of a suit brought by Abraham Sterling, who married a sister of Sir William, as legatee of Sir Peter Warren, believing Sir William to be in debt to the estate (printed in Doc. Hist. N. Y. 2:934-35; Q. 2:541).

FROM DANIEL CAMPBELL

A. L. S.

Schenectady the 26th. February 1769

] favoured with yours of Yesterday - your House is Certainly [] Situated by being in the midle of Town & a Corner Lott. lll I bought for £165 & ten pounds of a present on good [] Expence of two journes to York to Attend the Court [1 the Intailment Dockid (I think the Lawyars Call it) [st]and me in more than Two Hundred pounds - & is Reckond [1 Cheapest bargin Ever was made, my fence Cost me more 1 ten pounds - Mr Tyne paid for a Lott of Just the I Same [di]mentions £340 - I dont think the Situation of his is] then mine then £50 — two days ago I was more [Speaking [1 John Farley — about buying his House & lott which [] Same bigness of yours and in as good a Stand [for busin]ess as any in Schenectady. its the House 1 John Farley next door to Caleb Backer & Just [ſ] Ogdons House, with a little Expence it Cou'd

[]ble, good House there is three Rooms and []hin with a little Barn & I believe Some fruit Trees. I got him down to three [] of Opinion he will take £250 — which w[] great bargain — he has to Consult his mo[] but Necessity makes him incline to part with [] is only two Houses between yours & his —

If I Can Agree with [] will give you his House & lott & also my lott. yours. which you may be E Assur'd will be an [| Exchange for yours — then by Cuting my lott [] make two good lotts of 50 feet by] will have three Lotts. Other-100 In depth — [wise I will give £25 [] & if any person Says its worth more, I will give it [] not Stand Prizing with you, as 1 Nother — I hope there will be a what I would [possibility [1 Over Next Thursday — & then we Can Settle the ma[tter some] Way — When I Came down I made Some In [quiry] the Dollars & Could find So few that it wo[uld not be worth] While to Collect them. I Shall try 1 Albany — the Reason of their being So again [1 So few of them Coming from New [Camp] I bell is much Obliged to you for your Condisending [1 the Exchange & begs his Compliments to You

The draft on New York will be [] Acceptible & of great Service to me, as I intend []ng going to Yorke very Soon - any Commands that [1 have there it will give me Infinit happiness [1 transact them longer then ten for you, I dont purpose Staying [days — & will go down in the [| Sloop or perhaps a | Sloop — I Remember horseback & Come up in [] good Opportunity to to here you mention you would [bring up Some money ----

The post is not yet Arrivd here [kind that I Remember only a report [post brought last money from York [] News of any] Collison the] is that the December Pacquet was detained to [] over the Declaration of wars, as it was looked on [] credible I am Dear Sir with Great

Respect your most humble Servant

DANIEL CAMPBELL

]SON Baronet

TO JOHN WETHERHEAD

A. L. S.

Johnson Hall, Febry. 26th. 1769

I have now before me Y^r. Several letters [1 Some with, & Some without Date, and I am [surpr]ised to find you] do Assure You that I did not receive more of mine, [wrote you Several (at least []) Since y^r. return from the Land of Pumpkins, [] or some foul play is Shewn to] from others, as well as to those of many of mine to [Mine to You for I [ha]ve ever been remarkable for punctuality in my [cor]respondence, considering the Multiplicity of business always flowing upon me. - I congratulate You [1 Your Success in the late Election, but am Surprised at Ph. Livingstons meaness to come in for his Brothers Mannor. lor Shift indeed.-F

You referred me to Co¹. Claus for some particulars [men]tioned in yrs. to him, He did once run it over here to me] my head was full of business, and have not seen him [since] to get another reading of it, so that I realy dont remember [the af] fair, but imagine it was about Land, if so, I beleive] Sinsons Letter, (which, with a Small draft he lately ſ 1) will answer the same End, if not, & that You] me know y^r. desire, I will render You any ſ] way within my power. — Inclosed [1 Draft on Mr. Mortier for ye. 2 Sums which [mentions in his letter of y^e. 22^d. Decb^r. from [l to

ſ

£187	716111/4 Cure ^{cy} .——	
[] Mr. Adems, who keeps my Books []
verry	7 busy about his Potash	
[]
Col.	Croghan Who I suppose [] you
rega	rding Land Affairs, as []	purchases
mad	e by the governour []	
I	come now to trouble You with [] whi	ch I hope
you	will execute as Soon as []	
] st	The Inclosed Deed to have Examined by a Law[yer]
	part thereof Should require Amendment or []
	to make it firmer, & agreable to Law pleas[] &
	then get Gaine to Print of 80 pair of []
	Strong Paper as Soon as possible, I having []
	Occasion for them.—	
2ª.	To get a Ball made & gilt, also a Weathercock	-
	the] Iron work necessarry to fix em, they are to b	
	tioned] to the Building, wh. is a Wooden Chun	
	b[uilding at] Conajohare, of 50 feet long, by 32	
	that [] require them to be large or Hea	-
	finis[hed] to have them packed safe, & sent up h	by a Care-
24	ful [hand]	1
3ª.	To procure for me about 30 Pounds of the [& finest live Feathers, cost what they will, []] by be-
	speaking them in time.—] by be-
	3 Hundred weight of best Shingle Nails	
	3 Hundred D ^o ., of such as are used in boardir	ıg
	2 Hundred D°. of Flooring Nails	T
	1 C ^t . of Lathing Nails — 6 Iron [2 thousand of Inch & 1/2 Sprigs — 4 Outs []
4^{th} .	2 thousand of min $\alpha \neq_2$ Spring — 4 Outs [2 thousand of 2 Inch D ^o . 20 p. [I
	A Bell w ^h . I wrote for some time ago, ab ^t . 15	[]
	2 Boxes of Window glass Cont ^g . 200 [
	Half a Hundred of Whiting for making [1
		L

I beleive I have given [] one time, So Shall] you I am with kind add nothing [] resp[

Y[

1 [W IOHNSON]

P. S. Six large grind Stones, fitt for grinding coarse Tools, as Axes &c. Mr. W[ETHERHEAD]

FROM RICHARD CARTWRIGHT

A. L. S.

[Albanu, 2] March 1769

[I take the] Liberty of Inclosing your Accot. by Mr] Bennet and if Convenient, Should be extreemly [] you'l please to send the Cash by him I have [] a receipt in full at the bottom of the Acco^t.

I Can Asure you nothing but urgent necessity could induce me to trouble you at this time.

Should have waited on you in Person but have got an ugly bite of dog on my leg which Confines me to my house

Moffet Came from N York Just now Says the Packet Arived last thirsday no news transpirs Should any Packets Arive from England for you Shall Send an Express up with them

Bennet will Deliver you a pair billiard balls I got them of Mrs. Pemberton he being gone to boston I know not the Cost shall get a pr. new as soon as I Can from N York & Also the feathers. Excuse this Scrawl being in haste & believe me

Hond. Sr

Your most Obed^t humble serv^t

R CARTWRIGHT.

leen anything of

] or is it likely I Shall

] I Can am told he

] Apear in publick

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ADDRESSED: To The Hon^{le}. Sir William Johnson Baro^t at

p^r. faviour of m^r. Bennet Johnson Hall

FROM VOLCKERT P. DOUW

A. L. S.

Albany March 2th 1769

[Dear Si]r/

I here Inclose You a Copy of a draft of Coll. Geo. Craghan on Your Honour for one hundred Seventy one pound Eight Sch and Six pence Which draft is due to the Estate of Joseph White deseased Messrs Martin G. V. bergen Geo. Wray And my Self being Executors to that Estate We Would be Obliaged to Your Honour to order payment for the Same, I am With the most Esteem

> Sir Your most Obedient And Very Hum^e. Serv^t. VOLCKERT P. DOUW

] JOHNSON Barr^t.

ADDRESSED:

ſ

The Hon^{ble}. Sir William Jonson Barrt.

Att

To

Johnson Hall

J Darby

INDORSED: Alb^y. 2^d. March 1769 Volgert P. Douw Esg^{rs}. Leter wth. Coppy of a Draft for £171..8..6

GENERAL GAGE'S WARRANT ETC.

In the Johnson Calendar, p. 418, are listed two papers, dated March 8th and 9th, which were destroyed by the fire. They are General Thomas Gage's warrant to Abraham Mortier for paying Sir William Johnson £3863, 16s, 6d, New York currency, for department expenses at Fort Chartres and Pitt, and George Croghan's receipt to Abraham Mortier for 9659 127/224 dollars.

SOLOMON HUTCHISON ET AL. TO HENRY MOORE

Contemporary Copy 1

[Spencertown, March 12, 1769]

[May it] please your Excellency

We beg leave to acquaint you Sir That a few days ago Colo. Renslaer, Col^o Schuyler and M^r Blecker were out here and delivered us the inclosed Commissions of which we Accepted, thincking it an honour to Serve in So respectable a Province as this, and more particularly under your Excellency; but upon further consideration we find that we cannot consistant with our own interest or the interest of the Community we belong to Serve; for the Commissions Set forth that we are to Serve "in the Regiment of Militia for that part of the Manner of Renslaer thy lves at Claverack" We beg leave to Assure yr Excellency that this part of the Commissions only is exceptionable & that the Same motives that influences the Inhabitants of this Township for Petitioning Your Excellency to remain in the Albany Militia Regiment, induce us to reject the Honour of the inclosed appointments. We are Sensible Sir that this method of resignation is a little out of form but we chuse it (& we hope your Excellency will pardon the liberty) least if we were to do it through an other channel our conduct might be represented in an unfavourable light and we thereby loose an Oppertunity of Expressing Our thanks for the Honor that was intended for us & of testifying the respect with which

We are

Sir &c This was Signed by Six people they all Sent their Commissions on his Majestys Service

¹ Original in New York Colonial Manuscripts, 95:97.

ADDRESSED:

To The Hon^{ble}.

> Sir William Johnson Baronet Johnson Hall

FROM JOHN WETHERHEAD

A. L. S.

New york 13th March 1769

I] had the pleasure of your most Acceptable colvering your Draft on Mr Mortier for I £187.16.111/4 [] & for which I am much oblig'd to you-I only [wish you had de] claired yourself a little with Respect of Mr Roberts's [1 Manner he does, without giving any Advice, for my [1 Governmint in future --- You have now an Instance of [the necessi]ty of it --for this Morning there has been presented to me [1 Draft of Mr Roberts # £200 this Currency a 15 Ds. Sight [on] you, payable with Hugh Wallace or Daniel Campbell Esgr [of Sc]henectady, which Dft Mr Wallace will not Accept & there being [the grea]test Reason in the World to imagine Mr. Campbell will [also re]fuse & fearing least your Service or that of the Crown [would] be prejudiced in Case the Bill Shoud be returnd under [protes]t; which would have been the Case provided Some person Shoud [not] prevent it-these Considerations have induced me to accept [] Draft entirely at my own Risk, for your Honor & that of [Mr] Roberts & in order to prevent any ill Consequences a Protest [might] be attend with --- permitt me therefore to request the favour [of you] to remitt me the Above Sum as Speedily as your Convenience [will] permitt & give me Such directions for my future Conduct in [such] Cases, as will prevent all Difficulties & show you disaprove [of Mr] Roberts drawing Bills in this Vague] any other person, do be So kind as Manner either [] yourself, when you Write him give him a Lecture [again —

ſ 1 taken due Notice of the Memorandum vou have been [1 the Whole of its Contents will be Sent you by a [] this week for Albany, except the Bill, which [] Fairfield, & indeed I do not yet l expect it in a little time hence & as know for [1 to you — You may be Assurd I ſ led before a Lawy[er] & if any Alterations Shall be thought [1 & it Shall be printed & Sent as Soon [1 to you Good Sir for what you Say abo [ut] was for you to locate for me in Such a p[] you Shoud think best & I must beseech you [] as Soon as you come to] of the Tract, which you be Acquainted with [will have from Coll [Butler? when] he returns from taking a View of it, which will [] the Time you will receive this Letter — The Tr[uth is] that I am totally unacquainted with those Ma[tters. The] Information to be had here, is by no means to be [] & As M¹ Croghan & Coll Johnson Assures me I may h[ave it] located in any part of the Tract where I choose. I] glad to be guided in that particular by One who [] better than myself & if you coud Spare time to ing [uire when] Collo Butler returns — neither He nor any other p[erson] to deceive you in any Questions you may ask about [1 When Coll^o Croghan was here he gave me a D M^{rs}. Shehan, praying the Governor for a Divorce, [1 I have laid before his Excellency, who tell me He can do ſ] that the Only Way He can think of to obtain it, will [] Application to the Assembly — As I under-] to Coll^o Butler — I begg vou will stand the Acquaint him [] Chooses to try the Assembly - I will do it for H[im 1 Shall meet, which will be the 4th Next Month [1 My Wife joins me in best Respects to you [l

pleased to Assure Miss Daily & Grace of m

Post-War Period, 1	763–1774	645
to Serve them in any thing in my yourself that I am with great Truth]
Sir You]
_	[]
ADDRESSED: To		
The Hon ^{ble} . Sir William		
Sole Superintendent of l		
	Joh	nson Hall.
ACCOUNT OF JOHN WETHERHEAD	WITH GILBE	RT FORBES
D.		
[New]	York, March	16, 1769]
-		
[John Wetherhead] Bot. of the Est.		
[] 800		£2613. 4
[] d°	(a) $111/2^{d}$	
[] Locks	18/	116
[] d° d°	17/	114. –
[] d° d°	7/	1 8. –
[] d° d°	5/6	12
[] of the hinges	3/	110. –
[] d°	1/6	15
[] 11/2 Inch Brads	5/3	10. 6
[] 2 Inch d ^o	7/3	14. 6
[C]artage		1

£41.. 0. 2

Cash Sr W^m Johnson B^t. on board Staats Sloop

A PASS TO SCIENTIFIC MEN

In the Johnson Calendar, p. 418, is entered, under New York, March 17, a pass given by General Thomas Gage to Messrs Danforth and Willard, professors of mathematics, permitting them to observe the transit of Venus in Lake Superior; addressed to the officers commanding at Fort Ontario, Niagara, Fort Erie, Detroit and Misilimakinak. (printed in Doc. Hist. N. Y. 4:407-8; Q, 4:256.)

BILL OF JOHN WETHERHEAD

D.

New york 17th March 1769

[Sir Will]iam Johnson Bar^t.

Bot. of John Wetherhead

[] of Steel of Perry Hays & Sherbrook as Acct.	£2
[6 grind]stones of George Ball as p ^r . acc ^t .	4.15.3
[] G. Duykink for Glass & Whiting as pr. Acct.	8
[] of Gilbert Forbes as p ^r . acc ^t .	410.2
[Cloth & feath]ers of Alex ^r . Willson as p ^r . acc ^t .	3.17.7
[Cas]h paid Cartage for Grind Stones & Steel	1

£59.14.-

BILL OF ALEXANDER WILSON TO JOHN WETHERHEAD

D. S.

New york 17 March 1769

[John] Wetherhead	
	Bot of Alexander Wilson	
[]lb feathers @ 2/5 Per Pound	3-12-6
[] yds tocloath @ 1/10	4–7
		£3-17-1

[Cart]ege 6^d

£3-17-7

6

[Received] Same time the Contents in full

ALEXANDER WILSON

BILL OF GERARDUS DUYKINCK TO JOHN WETHERHEAD D. S. New York 17th March 1769 John] Wetherhead

 Bot of Gerardus Duyckinck

 []glass 9 by 7 100 ft Each 76/ £7..12..

 [whi]ting

£8..0..-

[Receiv] ed the Above Contents

DUYCKINCK

BILL OF GEORGE BALL TO JOHN WETHERHEAD

D.

[New York ? March 17 1769]

[John] Wheatherhead

Bot. of George Ball

[March] 7th.

I

[

6 Grindstones W^t Vizt 14..2..15 @ £6/10 £4..15..3

BILL OF PERRY HAYES & SHERBROOKE TO JOHN WEATHERHEAD

D.

New york March 17 1769

[John] Wetherhead

Bot. of Perry Hayes & Sherbrooke] Steel A C Nº. 3 80/ £2..-..-

FROM HENRY BOSTWICK

A. L. S.

Montreall March 18th. 1769

[I h]ad the Honour to write You the 16th of February, and I then sent a Copy of the Instructions that were given me, by the Committee, when I left England - I at the same time acquainted You with the Situation of the Mines, on Lake Superiour, that are come to my Knowledge --- By the last Pacquet from England I received a Letter from the Committee, dated novem^r 2^d 1768 wherein they advise me to prepare for a Voyage to the Lake: and to take with me a Man who understands Mining to be ready for Mr Baxter, who will come from England with Miners and proper Implements.- They add - From many Circumstances they have little doubt of obtaining the wish'd for Charter - I intend Early in the Spring, to proceed agreable to their Directions but before my Departure, shall be glad if You will Honour me with a Letter, and give me Your Sentiments and Advice — And, if You shou'd think it Right, to give such Directions to Those, who are immediatly under your Authority, that there may be no hindrance in pursuing [the] business I am on --- I am well perswaded a Letter from [You] may be of great Advantage — I likewise by the last [receilved a Letter from M^r Alexander Baxter, who tells me that M^r Pownall 1 to us — I shall continue to advise and M^r Fitzh erbert? You of Ever[ything that] comes to my Knowledge relative thereto an [d have the] Honour to be

Sir

Your most Obed^t hble Ser^t.

HENRY BOSTWI[CK]

FROM JOHN WETHERHEAD

A. L. S.

New york the 18 March 1769

I]f writing you the 13th Instant in Answer to] of the 27 Ult^o. in Obedience to which I now ſ Send [St]aats who Sails this Day for Albany. All the Articles [in your me]morandum, except the Weather Cock, Ball] belonging to them, which are not yet finished & the [] be next Week. So that you may be assured of ł having [1 Sent you the very first Vessell; As all] purchased at Cash price & some of them those Things [already paid for [I hop e the prices will be agreable to you, for your Satisfaction [I send] you the Originall Bills of Parcells — The Deed you Sent [1 will be finished next week & the Sheets Sent # the Next Vessell [along] with 500 Indian Prayer Books which Mr Gaine tells me will] all bound by the Middle of the Week — So You ſ] quit of this Commission which you See Sir I am [imagined woud be So [very] troublesome & am ready for your Next, when ever you Shall desire to honour me with it - Your deed has been laid before [Mr] Kempe & has undergone Severall Alterations, it was very unguarded [as it] Stood in the paper you Sent, what you Call Conditions, were not [1 Such: but left you to the Mercy of your Tenants which I Suppose [you] did not intend — however all that Latitude Stands corrected [by] the Alterations made & I believe you will be perfectly Safe [] the Instrument as it now Stands — I have now to acquaint you that all the Petitions I have] to the Governor & Councill for the Issuing Warſ rants of Survey I] Severall Tracts purchasd of the Indians to the Southward [of the M]ohawk River, have been rejected or I believe rather postpond [until there] be a Sufficient

Proof or Evidence produced that those [lands were] actually agreed for before the Cession to His Majesty [bounda l ry Line - Notwithstanding the Governor has [1 that the Fact was So. Yet because the Indian [| February last at Your House, the Councill do not [lsed to grant till they Can See a Sufficient [] being actually agreed for before the [] this Difficulty I shall on Wednesday Next lay before the Cou[ncil] will put that Transaction in a clear Light [] my Affadavit Shoud not be Satisfactory [] Such a Certificate under your own hand conc you think will Satisfie the Board - for it is [| M^r Kempe & myself are concerned, but all the Other [] of the Mohawks River are in the Same Predicament [] from the Indian Deeds that they were all actually [before the] Cession — Let me therefore again begg of you Sir to [1 Matter & write me by the first Opportunity what mu[st be done] to Sett those Things to rights - Since all the Petitions will] till then, unless my Affidavit will Answer the End. wh[ich I] doubt because I am a Party concerned — At the Same [time I] presented the Above Petition — I gave the Governor One in the [] Preston¹ & 42 Others Named with their Associates for Some Land [north] Side of the Mohawk River -- This Petition is granted, but [1 that is only granted for the 43 Names actually mentioned [1 there be more than 43 thousand Acres (exclusive of the 13] 1 acres which Mr Banyar tells me, He, Mr Isaac Lowe & [1 in that Purchase, you must not fail Sending me down [1 Opportunity, as many more Names as there are 1000 Acres at] mentioned 56 or 57 thousand — This I mention to you ſ] M^r Banyar, who tells me He will write you on at [Mond[ay] a particular Account of the Expences of Brack abeen] desird from me ----

¹ Lieutenant Achilles Preston. See Calendar of Land Papers, p. 469.

My Wife joines me in best Respects to you [Family — I begg you will believe me to be most Sinc[Sir Your most faith[]]

John [Wetherhead]

ADDRESSED: To

The Hon^{ble} Sir William Johnson Bart.

at

Johnson Hall

CERTIFICATE OF JOHN SIEGFRIED GEROCK

A. D. S.

New York, March 20, 1769

[] may Certify All whom it Concerns, that the bearers thereof, viz. [] Uleric, Jacob Moore, & John Fagh, of this City, [are] Members of our German Evangelical Congregation, and as Such [] lately received the holy Sacrament of the Lord's Supper in []n with others; In Witness whereof I the Subscriber, [from wh]om they received the same, Set my hand & Name, [New Yo]rk, this 20th of March A. D. 1769

JOHN SIEGFRIED GEROCK, A. M.

Minister of the german Lutheran Church

RECEIPT TO ABRAHAM MORTIER

In the Johnson Calendar, p. 419, is listed, under date of March 20th, Johnson's receipt to Abraham Mortier for 54,807 44/56 dollars, equal to £12,788, 9s, 8d sterling, expenses of the Fort Stanwix treaty. Destroyed by fire.

TO OLIVER DELANCEY

In the Johnson Calendar, p. 419, is listed a letter of March 20th to Oliver DeLancey, stating Johnson's relations with the estate and legatees of Sir Peter Warren and denying indebtedness. (printed in *Doc. Hist.* N. Y. 2:935-37; Q, 2:542.) A copy in the New York State Library is dated May 4th, 1769.

]

TO THOMAS GAGE

 $Df.^1$

Johnson hall March 22^d. 1769

[DEAR] SIR

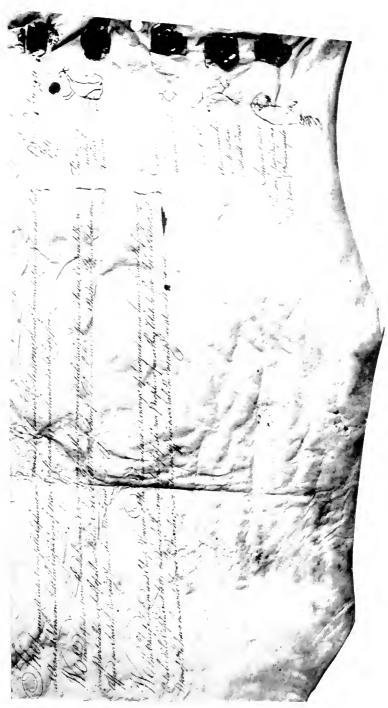
I have had the favor of your Letter of the 13th [ult^o] with the inclosures, and have ordered the [] advertisements to be set up at proper places, as to the [] Accot of Transportation I shall.²

By my Letters from the Secy of State by the last pacquet I find that his Majesty declines the large Cession of that part of Ohio extending to the Cherokee River, & would have it given up to the Ind^s as a proof of his regard,³ for my part I could not foresee any ill consequences or impropriety in getting from the Northern Nations all their Claims in that Quarter, If it had never been done the Virginians would nevertheless have pushed [se] ttlements there, at present I must manage the affair [the] best way I can, by making the Surrender of that [part of] the Cession the effect of his Majestys regard for [their in]terests, but Should the Virginians after it is [] the Crown, begin Settlements upon it the [Indians will] think Strangely of the Affair & it may create trouble. As for the consideration of any or [] may be incurred at the posts it is diff[icult] about it, within a little time we may [] certainty all I can say now is, That I] if any of the Commandants have opportun[] to make them competent] & that as the Amt of Expences & Judges in matters [presents must dep[end on] Circumstances, I believe it will be impossible [] them.— A great deal of Skill is

¹ In handwriting of Guy Johnson.

² A vacant space is found here in the manuscript.

⁸ See Lords of Trade to the King, Doc. Rel. to Col. Hist. N. Y. 8:158-63.



A Treaty between Sir William Johnson and Delawares

] distribution of presents to know to whom, required in [[on what] occasion, & of what kind they should be made] money may be lavished to little purpose, [Thing effectually will require a large Sum [] and the Ilinois, Fort Pitt, Niagara, Detroit and Michilimack [inac are] the places where Expences are Most necessary [scanty Allowance for the Expences of my Dep[artment l verv hardly enable me to go through the ordin[ary] them. more it can't do, but possibly the [] see the necessity of Augmenting it.— [] that it may be doubted if the Govern [ments will] go to any trouble, or Expence, it] know that the Commissaries are to m Itely, and I think they might pay the be withdrawn [Interpreters [and s] miths, which this Province always did till the [the esta]blishment of the Indian Department

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[Fort Pitt, March 24, 1769]	£1 10 76		$\pounds 410$	1 5 –	210	28	2	8 4	315	315	12
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		Indi]an Chief 3000 Council Wampum				ves			Clouts]s]1 Blades

BAYNTON, WHARTON AND MORGAN AGAINST THE CROWN

D. S.

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BAYNTON, WHARTON AND MORGAN AGAINST THE CROWN --- continued

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 Delivered to Shawanese	2 Blankets	2 Strouds	2 Shirts	2 pr Leggins	2 th Powder	5 th Lead	2 Knives	1/2 th Paint	Delivered 6000 Council Wampum	Delivered to a Susquehannah Chief —	1 Stroud	1 Blanket	1 Shirt	1 pr Leggins	1ª Powder	2 th Lead	2 Knives
 27.									28	Decemr. 3 ^d .							

	V2 th Paint	
4th	Delivered to two Cayuga Indians	
	a Blankets	
	2 Shirts	
	2 Britch Clouts	
	5 th Lead	
	1 th . Paint	
6 th	Delivered At a Meeting of the Chiefs	
	20th Powder	
	50th Lead	
	60 th Tobacco	
	3 Stroud f	
	Blankets	
] Baynton, Wharton & Morgan for [sundries]] Order of the Commanding Officer and	
comm	commissary] at Fort Pitt —] Chiefs who came on Business	

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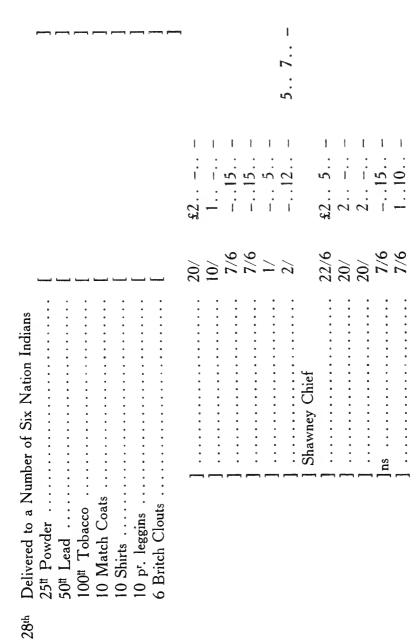
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Post-War Period, 1763–1774

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BAVNTON. WHARTON AND MORGAN AGAINST THE CROWN --- continued



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BAYNTON, WHARTON AND MORGAN AGAINST THE CROWN continued] 1/10	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·]lout] Kettle 1 2 6	Jum 12/ 3] two Indians Murdered by their own People	Jnk]ouds]]]]]	1 Friends of the Above Indians]]	
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Sir William Johnson Papers

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		28	4th.								5th	7th.				
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BAYNTON, WHARTON AND MORGAN AGAINST THE CROWN continued	Delivered to several Partys of Indians 🖗 Order —	30 th Powder	100 th Lead	500 Flints	2 Rifled Guns 150/	4 th Paint	•	•		7	Delivered to the Red Hawks Family-	3 Blankets	Shirts	3 pr. Leggins	4 Strouds	10th Powder	20 th Lead	Delivered to the White Min[go]	5# Powder	
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Sir William Johnson Papers

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INDORSED: Mr. Alexdr. McKees Acc¹. £674..13..4 to March 25th. 1769 FROM THE EARL OF HILLSBOROUGH

L. S.¹

(N°:9)

Whitehall 24th. March 1769.

Sir,

As the Lords Commissioners for Trade and Plantations, to whom your proceedings with the Six Nations and their Allies, and those of M^r: Stuart with the Southern Indians touching the Boundary Line are referred, have not yet made their Report² upon this important Business, I have only at present to acquaint you that I have received and laid before The King your Letter N^o: 6, containing your sentiments upon the proposition for opening Mines on the Coasts of Lake Superior,³ upon which proposition no resolution has yet been taken.

I am &c

Hillsborough

SIR WILLIAM JOHNSON.

INDORSED: Dra¹: to Sir William Johnson White hall 24th: March 1769. (N°. 9) Ent^d.

¹ In Public Record Office, C. O. 5.70, p. 347, London, England.

² In Doc. Rel. to Col. Hist. N. Y., 8:158–63.

³ In Doc. Rel. to Col. Hist. N. Y., 8:140-42.

TO BENJAMIN ROBERTS

$Df.^1$

[Johnson Hall, March 24, 1769]

²] ſ Letter an [] conceived у[] the tenor of 1 Much deceived, as that l] I wrote to you as I did I] without any apprehension that you] a Construction upon it — On the contra [ry]] Concerned on your account but It was ſ You know that the Duration of your Off [ice]] uncertain, and that for some time past,] the Commissaries would not be continued,] them up as long as I could, but by my last l [] was a Necessity for imediately complying with] Orders, for altho' his Majesty seems sensible ſ Advantages that would have been derived from of the [due execution of the plan, the Expence & difficulties attending it, obliges it to be set aside at this time altho' I laid the considera-] before the General, he tion of the posts of most [] all of, and Orders are given thinks it necessary to accordingly. I cant [] any Objection to your going] your Affairs, but I dont see how to Michilimackinac [] Capacity you require, I wish it could. it can be [] Assured that as I am concerned at the 1 necessity of your run which I ge

[LIEUT] ROBERTS .---

¹ In handwriting of Guy Johnson.

² Several lines missing.

FROM HENRY VAN SCHAACK

A. L. S.

[Kinderhook, 24th] March 1769

In the year 66, in my way up to Detroit. I had the honour of conversing [with you on the] subject of Militia appointments for this Township; as I propose for the future to make [my] residence I am more interested in its prosperity than ever, this leads me to inform [you that the principal People here have been a good alarmed with reports that Col^o Renselaer should] Commissions for ten Companies in his posseshave [sion to be distributed among his friends, Should this prove [1 has every thing to dread from a Person with whom Nine tenths of the Community are [at Var]iance. Therefor appointments through that interest will ever be disagreeable to almost ſ lt.

The People to the Eastward of us who have settled in Tounships on the untested lands [have express]ed their uneasiness to me that People among them without property or Character [] Commissions to be obtained through the above interest: they will, I believe Sir, inform you [of their] apprehentions. Upon the whole Sir you would do a most Acceptable piece of Service [to the com]munities down this way if you would be pleased to interest yourself so far in their [behalf that no] appointments of this kind might take place without they fell upon Such [as have] property weight and Influence in the respective Townships.

I am

with the Greatest respect Sir Your most Obedient and very humble servant H V SCHAACK] to a man, were greatly] opposition the last Elections] Interfering — In future] you may depend

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FROM JOHN MONIER

A. L. S.

Albany 26th March 1769

I am to acknowledge the Receipt of your favour of the 16th Current.— I was sure that there was no Lands Vested in the Crown, untill your Treaty last fall at Fort stanwix, but I was willing to know wether I coud come in for a Location, as my Authority was from the King, altho' I am content to wait the Event of the disposal of those Lands.— As I have given M^r. Leake 21 Guineas for the Kings writ I hope as a Reduced Commissary that I may be considered, provided I knew the right Channel for Application, it will however feel, if not appear Opressive shoud we not succeed.

I Return you a great many thanks for your kind offer of 3000 Acres as a Purchaser, & I remain very Respectfully

Sir

Your most humble & Obliged Servant JN°. MONIER

PS Your Express bro¹. me your Pacquet at 2 P M, and was dispatched in one hour

[SIR WILLIAM JOHNSON] Bar^t.

INDORSED: Alb^y. 26th March 1769 M^r. Moniers Letter

FROM HENRY BOSTWICK

A. L. S.

Montreal March 30th 1769

By the last Pacquet I received a Letter from the Committee [of the Lake] Superior Company wherein they inform me that M^r [Samuel] Touchett had by there Consent wrote to Colonel Croghan [offering] him a Share therein — in Consequence of which I inclose [_____] for that Gentleman and beg You

Sir to let it be forwarded [l not known where to direct to him - In the Letters I did myself [the hon]our to write You the 16th ulto. and 18th inst enclosing You in the] a Copy of my Instructions. I desired You would be pleased to [transmit?] to me any particular Method how You woud have the [Indian]s treated with and at same time desired You to give me Your [Ind Opinion in the Affair of the Mines — I have Orders [from the] Committee to prepare two Cannoes immediatly for the I l and Advice that they will by the first Vessels in the Spring [necessarys for the Undertaking — By the March Pacquet I have a Letter from the Committee which will bring an [1 the Report You have made to his Majesty and a Confirmation 1- When I receive it I will immediatly I acquaint You and [] before my Departure give me a Letter relative to the [] Your Advice for the Undertaking — I have the Honour [1 Sir Your most Obed^t hble Serv^t

HENRY BOSTWICK

ADDRESSED: To S^r. William Johnson Bar^t. at Johnson Hall near Schanectidy INDORSED: [] [] April Ans. April 26th.

TO SIR HENRY MOORE

 $Df.^1$

Johnson hall March 30th. 1769

ſ

I should have wrote you Sooner after your [depart] ure from hence, but that I was not enabled to [comply] earlier with your

¹ In handwriting of Guy Johnson.

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Excellencys desire that I sho^d. [recom]mend some Justices to be inserted in the Commission [of] the peace, a List of whom I now take the Liberty to [in]close you, and I May venture to assure you that they are such persons as I think best Qualified for that trust; before I made this return there was not a Single Majestrate from Caghnawaga to Schenectady which is 25 Miles, I hope those I have recommended will meet with your approbation

A few days ago I received a Letter with a Pacquet [from] M^r. Livingston inclosing me the Militia Commissions which Shall be delivered out & returns made of them as Soon as possible. I take the Liberty to observe [tha]t as it may be Inconvenient & Expensive to several of [the] Officers to go to Albany or Schenectady to take the Oaths this difficulty [mig]ht be removed by your Excellencys issuing a Dedimus [potes]tat^m. [] this way before whom they might be qualified [This is] intirely Submitted to your consideration

INDORSED:

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wth. an Alteration promis^g to Send \mathcal{P} Next Post a List of Persons fitt for the Comsⁿ. of the Peace

FROM BENJAMIN ROBERTS

A. L. S.

[Quebec, March 30, 1769]

[not been fav]ord with an Answer to Any of Letters to you
[]my duty to Correspond with you my present
[]ded & Oppress'd by parties & unsupported all
[] Eve of going 300 Leagues to gather my Effects to
[]
[]tes as Soon as Ainses tryal was Over I set out
for this [] time enough to Close the Eyes of a very
22

particular friend who []ed have Sacrificed his life or fortune for Me.

] you a Short Account of Ainses Tryal. The found] much fault with the Justices Judge in his Charge [for not taking Bail as twas [beyon d the Jurisdiction of that Court, assured them tho they should [1 throw it Out this was repeated two days Bostwick withdrew [] murmured very much. & I am told were going to enter [against the] Judge, both Military & Civill seemed discontent it did] was all the Young mans friends, however on the] bill to be found & desired the young man Thursday [to provide his Wit nesses ling He was Obliged to Send to Quebeck for Capt Spice [macher] & others who were all Supona'd before, but the Judge [] Quebeck not intending a tryal

[Ainse] was Arraigned for Stealing a bag of Indian [corn] Property of Bostwick

] to the Court beginning at the time of his leaving Ł] that the French knew of the Massacre I 1 did not Celebrate the fete de Dieu¹ Ission was to happen. Bostwick said [1] Clerk to See what ²[1 ſ] hid himself behind Some Indian [Corn 1 into his Garret] Garret & Ainses & take Away his Corn & [peltries] of Corn that Step father's Garret & threw [Sheltered him & fearing he should [] to Ainse whose back was to him going with a bag [of corn. He] threw down the Corn & made a Sign to An Indian [1 room to come & Kill him, & then Went Away, that the [Indian] made a Stroke at him with a Tomahawk, which he I 1 ran behind another Indian who kept him a prisoner aft[

¹ The capture of Michilimackinac by the Ojibwas occurred on Thursday, June 2, 1763.

² See letter of Henry Bostwick to Johnson, December 10, 1768.

who adopted him. Bostwick Swore he was thoroughly Acquai[nted with] & Customs of the Indians tho he Could not understand their [language] was more expressive than Any words Could be, he told the Court [that] Ainse & he were in the Strictest friendship that always [] a very good young man. he Swore he never told any Fr[enchman the] Story least the should Kill him. also swore he was not the [least] the scene but as composed as ever he was in his life. [] pounds worth of Effects

Fortin who was then Kings Interpreter Swore he [knew Ainse] from his Infancy to be a very good young man that he had Scured L^t Lesslie Bostick & others thſ prisoners in this [] began the Slaughter & were the most Blood thirsty [] have forced in & Killed the prisoners but Ainse tried [] for the Indians had their tomahawks lifted to Kil .] Could not have saved the lives he did or with [] without the Voluntary assistance of Ainse [1 Bosticks Clerk arrived as the [Ainse produced [

in full Councill if Ainse [] he would have Killed Bostwick only for [call]ed upon to Know what the Could understand [] the all said it seem'd to require a person to be []ief []roved Ainse going to Detroit & doing every thing

[for the] good of the Service & that twas Capt Etherington desired [] dangerous an undertaking nobody else would go

[] that Ainse had not appeard in Any English Garrison [] the taking of Mackinak till he saw him at Montreal that he [] were very poor before that time & were rich since, Several [] family to be extraimly poor were to this day, that after [] gave Ainse some of their old Cloths, that he hired himself []ng man that Season & that the next year he Cut Cord [wood] since, then went to Fort Chartres & returned to S^t. Josephs

dants passport M^r. Goddard prove he heard Ainses Step [father Bo]stwick for Speaking ill of Ainse who had Saved his [life 1 Bostwick did not Contradict ſ 10 o'Clock till 5 in the evening, we near two] the Judges Charge to the Petty Jury hours [he desired them [] they should find Ainse guilty it Could not affect [] when these were at Stake Jurors were very tender [] guilty, I did not like that hint however the Jury [] Verdict not Guilty 1 more Steady resolution or Sentiment therein L] the Jurisdiction of the Court, as parties L] were at Makinak, likewise twould l than be under the f 1 1 was expence of doing good [I Its very hard this young Man [] near 50 half Johannes he has not a [1 & one Stuart I brought down on Rogers's tryal [] up again & pay their expences here which I think [1 no instructions from you on these heads The traders has memoriald the Governor [1 provisions for Securing & recovering Debts in the Upper] giving a kind of a plan. that their shall be two] reside at Mackinak who for large Sums Judges [must have a [lury and] to be without appeal. no rum to be allow'd for Sale at [traders] to be allow'd to Winter where they please provided they behave properly. There is no provision made for th[] Indian department. the Governor told me he intended [] I find by him he is in hopes of its being Annex'd to th[he has wanted me to give him a plan but I have ex[] French have refused to sign the plan given in

I shall have Occasion to draw on you for about [£200 and] beg you to be so kind to Order M^r. Mortier to Accept i [] will take a Bill, without it is directed to York []

I

I can't but feell the greatest uneasiness in n[ot 1 M^r. Johnson Notwithstanding I remain with [| your family

Sir

Υſ

INDORSED: L^t Roberts Letter

FROM FERRALL WADE

A. L. S.

Philadelphia March 30th. 1769

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1

Coll^o. Croghan was so good as to Deliver [you a] letter of mine, in which I humbly Implored [yours] and Familys pardon]id, sir it has been such as for my past Ingratitude []st Opening in a Generous soul, hardly to merit the [but my Dear sir William, Your whole Life has been a Conline of Exalted Actions and Acts of Genorosity tinual [dont [for] God sake Exclude one of the most Deplorable of the human Race, words can but faintly Express my [re]pentance, had I a thousand years to Live, I would [thin]k it to short to Merit your forgiveness [Imagine] me prostrated at your feet bathing them [with] my tears, to Implore your Com-] your soul would Melt. passion, I am Oh sir, my Own Conscience [m]e so in the face, that] face you. Altho' its One it would be Impossible [] at this side the Grave, withof the happinys [] My Dear sir, I am Lost, I have no out Your [Ing to put me in Any kind of [lls One that []ld go Round to provide for me in any of the back [them without [Ible Necessity of seeing 1 ſ] Met to me sir, it would be a greater [with, for how Could I App[

Offended, I most Humbly [] Mercy, and beleive me to be with the G[] for my past Folly. My Dear sir Wi[] Your Most Humble Obedient but Un[] Humble servant FERBALL WADE

ADDRESSED:

To

The Honourable Sir William Johnson Bart. Johnson Hall

A PETITION FROM KINDERHOOK

Contemporary Copy¹

Kinderhook

To His Excellency Sir Henry Moore Baronet Cap General and Commander in chief of the Province of New York & Territories thereon depending in America vice Admiral of the Same.] Petition of the Subscribers on Behalf of themselves & the principle freeholders and Inhabitants of the Township of Kinderhook in the County of Albany

Humbly Sheweth

That your Petitioners on behalf of themselves & a very great Majority of the principal Freeholders & Inhabitants of the Township of Kinderhook beg leave to address your Excellency upon the Following Subject. That your Petitioners possess a Tract of Land on the East Side of Hudsons River which they and their Progenitors have occupied in uninterrupted Tranquility Since the Year 1686 the date of their Patent, that the extensive claims lately set up by John Van Renslaer Esq^r., the present Proprietor of Claverack, greatly interfere with the interest of your Petitoners under the Said Patent as well as wth

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¹ Original in New York Colonial Documents, 95:99.

the Interest which some of your Petitioners have in a Subsequent Patent to wit that of Mawiginanck¹ to Stephen Bayard and others that Your Petitioners have hitherto rested easy in full confidence that the justice of their Titles could not be impeached by those enormous claims but they cannot help being alarm'd at a circumstance which may hereafter prejudice your Petitioners or their Decendants. The [] of their apprehensions is that a number of Militia Commissions [have] lately been issued Said to be for the appointment of a Regiment [for that] Part of the Manor of Renslaer that lies at Claverack [1 truth most of the Persons to whom the Said Commissions [reside on lands of which there is not an Acre admitted [1 Claverack, the greater part of it the claimed by Col^o. [Van Renslaer is the] possession of and claimed by a great number] Several Townships, Some other part of it being [] & claimed by them both as Proprietors] and a very large part being claimed by the Crown as [] That as these Commissions] Persons to whom they are are couched in S[uch granted to [] of Claverack, they not only tend] your Petitioners and others & to draw off induce them to hal | Proprietor of Claverack, and to raise a general Rep[utation in] favour of his claim; but by becoming matter of [] may hereafter be construed as Evidences of the Same [1 Government respecting the extent of Claverack to the [1 Disadvantage not only of your Petitioners and their [1 & the Persons now occupying the Said controverted Land [but] also to the rights of the Crown. Your Petitioners in Con [templation] of these evils and others which must Necessarely result to them [from] such a measure are extreamly alarmed & confiding in [the] Impartiality & equity of your Excellency's Administr [ation] they cannot help thinking that your Excellency has [been] induced to Grant the Said Commissions thro Some

¹ See Calendar of Land Papers, p. 249.

misin [formation] which your Petitioners conceive must have proceeded f[rom the] said John Van Renslaer Esq^r or his Agents. And as [your] Petitioners conceive your Excellency did not intend that [any] constructions Should be drawn from the Said Commiss[ions in] favour of *a disputed Title* to the Detriment of other [] which will inevitably be the case if these Commi[ssions are] Suffred to remain as they now are.

		Your Petitioners therefor []	
		for these Reasons & as th[]	
		depending & many m[]
		hereafter be comman[]	
		controverted Lands	1	
		your Petitioners [1]
		receive no Pr[T	
		the Said Co[mmissions	-	Ì
		recalled [1	ĺ
		[1
INDORSED:	[.]	-	
		from Kinderhook. —		
		1769		

FROM ALLAN GRANT

A. L. S.

[Ontario, April 3] 1769

As it had been the Custom befor the [] Department was Established to the Out posts, [to acqu]aint you with every thing Relative to them [] you order'd M^r Byrne & all the department [] the Country, I believe the Indians will miss him [very] much, & I think it would be very unpolitick []t every thing from them all at once, if the [comm] anding Officer was allowed to give to the leding [] of them some Tobaco pipes & a few Drames, & in [] had a Smith in the Garrison, to allow him [to wor]k for them now & then it might be the [1 to keep them in better temper, however I [be very spar-] untill I hear ing in advancing on account of [from you or the General [on this] head, for fear it would be out of my [poc]ket in these times of economy [Mr Byrne] intends setting off this afternoon he'll [I with our news I have the Honour to [| Respect Sir Your most Humb: & most Obt. Sert. Allan Grant 1 L INDORSED: Mr. Byrne, rec^d. 11th of May. Ansrd. 24th. May 1769 by Andreas Wemple Smith & Interpreter

who Set of this Day from hence

ACCOUNT OF JOHN WETHERHEAD

A. D.

New York 3^d. April 1769

Sir William Johnson Bar^t. Bot. of John Wetherhead £50 1 Pipe Madeira Wine 32 3 6 1 Hhd: Spirits 2tcs (?) 117 Galls. @ 5/6 2 Barrells Muscuvado Sug^r 2.1.12.19 N. 1. 2.0.26.19 2. 4.2.10.38 1.10 N^t. @58/ 12 6 6 4.1.0

1 Barrel Loaf Sug ^r . Nº. 3 112 ^{tis}	at 12 ^d 1/2	5	16	8
3 Empty Casks @			6	
500 Bushells of Indian Corn	" 4/	100		
half Measuring of d°.			18	9
Short Charg'd on a wench as p ^r .				
Enclos'd acc ¹⁵		7	10	
6tt. Sup ^r . fine Hyson Tea	@28/	8	8	
611. Soushong d°.	" 18/	5	8	
2 Cannisters	6/		12	
2 Boxes Chocolate 5011 @ 1/91/2 Boxe	es 4/	4	13	9
Iron Work Spindle & Cross	15			
Weather Cock, Ball & Star	4	10		
a Large Box			12	
Cash paid for Gilding & painting	3	4		
[] Il Virginia Rattle Snake Root			12	
Cartage			10	
[Che]shire Cheeses w ^t . 54ll. @	10 ^d .	2	5	
		£254	16	2

FROM JAMES ADAIR ETC.

In the Johnson Calendar, p. 420, are listed these letters: one, undated, from James Adair, attributing to Johnson's commendation his pleasant reception by Sir Henry Moore and reverend and learned people (in New York) and asking Johnson's patronage and a letter to Lord Hillsborough in behalf of his Indian Essays and histories (printed in *Doc. Hist. N. Y.* 4:413-15; Q, 4:259-60); and, under Rye, the 3d, one from John Rand to Rev. Dr Auchmuty, rector of Trinity Church in New York, with regard to leaving a school at Rye in order to teach at Fort Johnson, his preparation for holy orders and his employment by the Society for Propagating the Gospel in Foreign Parts (printed in *Doc. Hist. N. Y.* 4:408-9; Q, 4:256-57.)

TO CADWALLADER COLDEN

In the Johnson Calendar, p. 420, is listed a letter of the 4th to Lieutenant Governor Colden on the management of Indian trade, the pretense of patriotism in free governments and the proposal to erect Johnson's e fate into a manor. (printed in *Doc. Hist. N. Y.* 2:937–38; Q, 2:543.)

FROM JOHN WETHERHEAD

A. L. S.

New York the 4 April 1769

I received your very Acceptable favour of the [lng your Dft on M^r Mortier # £200 which Cannot be [for want] of Cash. as neither Mr Mortier nor the Contractors [1 as vet Can get any - I have taken due Notice of all [1 of your Memorandum, which Shall be complyd with, part [of which were] Sent yesterday by Van Allen's Sloop & the Rest as] fast as I can meet with them to my Satisfac-Shall [tion, as yet [I can ne]ither procure Irish Beef nor Pickled Cod — I have been very [ly least I shoud not have it in my Power to procure the Indian [corn] at the Time I received your Order there was none in town -- & Since that [time all we] have had come in, Was from Maryland and Virginia for which [) would not abate a farthing of 4/ $\overline{\mathfrak{P}}$ Bushell & the Corn absolutely [the wor]st I ever Saw, not even worth 3/ I therefore wrote to Some friends [in the] Jerseys & have got your Quantity of very fine Corn from thence [1 Above price of 4/, which tho very high is really better by 50 P C [than] the Southern Corn — Mr Gaine has sent you the Physick Books [in] the Same package you will find 2th Snake Root; by this [oppor]tunity you will receive the Weather Cock, Ball & Iron Work for [the church], but it will be 3 Weeks before I can Send the Bell - the [l at fairfield, is now here --- He tells me he has been Sick for [ł long time & that is the Reason of the Delay in that Article [You ma]y Assure yourself I will Send it to you the Instant it comes] ----

Since writing the Above I find M^r Agar has made a [in Sending you Snake Root instead of the Virginia [Snake Root, of which I now Send you 1th & if you have [or Use for the other, you will please to Send it back [

1

1

1

1

Opportunity, as Agar has agreed to take it again [There is a most Surprising Person lives in the Jersies [time had as Surprising a Success in radically [curing dropsical] Disorders — This Man's Performances have been [1 the Phisicians here think the Government I l of Purchasing the Secret from him [| Complaint to be Some-] woud take an Opportunity of coming thing of this [] weather will render it Safe & pleasant for 1 Verv near Shrewsbury you & try what the [which is a very [] Country very near the Hook, the Fish [1 off from it- If you Can make it Conven [ient] to come down, I flatter myself you will [have reason] to be glad of the Hint I give you - I woud] considering this as merely a Scheme in me to] no person breathing will be more get you happy than [I to have] you here - Yet let me at the Same time Assure [vou] that what I tell you about this person is] I therefore Wish you woud have So Matter [much Regar [d for] the Publick & Your Friends as to come &] if you will not believe what I say about take a [this Ma[tter] The Journey alone will undoubtedly unbend your] to the Benefit of your Health - it was Said I l vou woud not come hither because of Some last Apprehen[sion] that you would be induced unavoidably to be in [town?] In Answer to this, You need not Stay here above an h our unless you] Choose it — You may live as retire as you Wish for as [] & without Partiallity I am Sure 1 in that Part of the Jersies as vou will be every [] or any other part of the you possibly coud be [Continent — please to let me [] Resolutions about this Matter & beleive me to be [with] Regard to Truth Your most Obliged Friend & [

JOHN WETHER [HEAD]

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FROM SAMUEL AUCHMUTY

A. L. S.¹

New York April the 6th. 1769

Worthy Sir —

M^r Munro tells me that he sets of early to Morrow Morning for Albany, I could not consent to let so favorable an Opportunity pass, without troubling you with a few hasty Lines —

I am first to thank you; for the kind notice you was pleased to take of my Letter to you concerning M^r S——r;² and, am perfectly satisfied with your obliging Answer: but this permit me to assure you, that from the best intelligence I can collect, he is equally a Friend to you, your Family, & the established Church. You, I dare say know the Man and his Communications.

Assure yourself, that I am doing all in my power to procure not only a Missionary for Schenectady, but also one for you; & School Master for the Mohawks &c — Inclosed you will receive a Letter, I have received, from a School-Master at Rye, with a postscript from the Clergy-man there; if you approve of the Man, whose Character is very good, I will immediately send him up, & after acquainting himself with the Manners & Dispositions of the Indians & other Inhabitants, I will if requested, send him Home for holy Orders. He may immediately take possession of D^r Barclay House &c as the Deeds are drawn, & part, if not the whole of the purchase Money will be paid next Month.

The people of Schenectady have applied to me, and I flatter myself it will not be long before I shall be able to assist them. They shall have my warm Friendship, and Advice.

M^r Seabury Wife being very unwell of late, has prevented his paying his respects to you; but, I hope as she is now delivered of her Burden, he will be able soon to do it. I have no late

¹ In Library of Congress, Washington, D. C.

² Colonel Philip Schuyler.

Advices from the Society of any Consequence. Their Secretary I fear eats too much roast Beef & pud'in.

Our good, & sensible Friend Banyar, I suppose acquaints you with our political proceedings — few of which are worthy of Notice — for fear he has omitted writing to you by the post, I will just mention to you that the Church party prevails in the Assembly — M^r Cruger the late Mayor, a good Friend to us, is chosen Speaker by a great majority, and it's tho't that the requisiton for his Maj^{ys} Troops will be complyed with. I this day dined with the Governor — He seems outwardly well pleased, & flatters himself that, He and his Assembly will agree well. Time will evince this. We impatiently wait the Arrival of a packet, when we shall know in what Manner the Commons have proceeded upon American Affairs — How they ought to proceed every well wisher to the British Constitution already knows, and God grant that they may know as much. —

I am in the Midst of moving & hurry, to the parsonage house, which my people have at last tho't fit to build for me. They have done it completely. It being the best House in the City; you will therefore readily excuse the haste this is wrote in; & be assured that I am, worthy Sir

Y^r much ob: Fr^d & Serv^t S: AUCHMUTY

Sir W^M Johnson

p. S. It is generally tho't that p: Livingston the late Speaker will be obliged to decamp, as he not a resident in the Manor which he represents — If the Matter is pushed he certainly must go to the right about — With all my heart — That party though added & assisted by the learned in the Law loose ground dayly. Your Answer to the inclosed as soon as convenient to you will be very acceptable.

INDORSED: N York April 6th. 1769 — Doctor Auchmutys letter wth an Enclosure — FROM JOSEPH CHEW

A. L. S. [N.]London Ap. 6th 1769

[DEAR] Sir

I was not at home last week or [I] should have had the Papers forwarded they are now [sent] as well as those for this week — the first adventurers to Susquehanna are just Returned I have [] Col^o. Dyers son who tells me that the High [sheriff] of Northhampton County if I Remember — went []d Burnt their huts and Drove them off

Next munday there is to be a Grand [meet]ing at which they say they shall make [pro]vision for marching five hundred men who [with] their friends in Pensilvania will be a force [sufficient] to Take & keep possession of the lands [This] Colony have letters from their agent Mr. [Johnson¹] of the 3^d of Jan^{ry} he says they have [nothing] to hope for from the present Temper of [the peop]le in England — that it was the] that the seat of Government would be General [[removed] from Boston to Salem this is not [lle to the Bostonians — M^r stuart our Collector lately made [a seizure] of 28 Hhds of Rum said to belong to [1 of the Saltonstalls - a few nights ago the [] in which] whole Carryed of it was stored was Broke open] Justice of the Peace for a the Colector applyed to [] it, who Refered him to the Superior Warrant to s Cou[rt then] sitting at Norwich, who did not Choose [1 it untill they advise with the General assembly who are to be Chose next we [ek] to meet the 12th. of may — so you'l] Pretty good time is allowed for getting [1 ſ out of the way ----

¹ Richard Jackson and William Samuel Johnson were agents of Connecticut in England. Johnson's letter of January 3d is printed in Massachusetts Historical Society, 5, Collections, 9:304.

Since my last [1 the misfortune to Loose our Little 1 Born last summer M^{rs} Chew and my Girl [Boy have been Very unwell thank God ſ] now Better — the Garden seeds [somel fruit trees the willow slips &ca are [and will go the first wind to New [York to] Mr Wetherheads Care - I wish it [were in my] Power to tell you with what { 1 I am Dear Sir Your most Obed serv^t. **JOS CHEW** [Mrs] Chew desires me to present

[her] best Compliments and Respects [to y]ou. []^{le} Sir William Johnson Barⁱ

TO AN UNKNOWN PERSON

A. L. S.¹

Johnson Hall April 9th. 1769

Sir/

I am much oblidged to You for Your kind Information, & shall not mention a word of it to Mankind, I dont know what land Barnt M. Wemp has with the Mill, but I always understood he had but 7 Acres, if that be so, then I look upon it, that he Would have (at y^e. rate he was offered) for Each Acre Fifty Seven pounds, Six Shillings, & Eight pence & A Hundred pounds for the Mill which is rotten & not worth So much.— Now, I will tell you openly what my Design is, that is, to build a good Mill with 2 pair of Stones on that Creek, as I have a right thereto, that Mill building, wont cost me above £300 So that I should only throw away so much more money if I was to buy that of Wemps, for Example, was I to buy Wemps Land & Mill for £550, I must be at the Expence of building another new Mill w^h. would cost me as I before observed at Least £300

¹ In the Pierpont Morgan Library, New York City.

— So that the whole would Cost me £850, Instead of £300, by $w^{\rm h}.$ I would loose £550 —

If Barnt Vroman will Sell his Land or Right in Coghnawagey to me, He must be of, or on in Ten Days, as after that, I shall look upon my promise Void, having other Calls for the money w^h. is now ready, this be pleased to tell him if you think proper. —

I have not any Bills, nor have not had for Some time, If I had you Should be verry welcome to one, perhaps Co¹. Claus has, or Co¹. Johnson. I wish You well & am yours Sincerely

W JOHNSON

INDORSED: The Honeorbell SirW^m. Johnson Letter about Bart. M. wemps Lands 1769

April

FROM JOSEPH CHEW

A. L. S.

New London 11th April 1769

[DEAR] SIR

This day is the Grand meeting of [the] Susquehanna Company at Hartford as soon as I [hear] what they have determined upon will advise you — Col^o Dyer I am informed was lately for taking Possession and keeping the Same by a Strong hand I should immagine that many things are against that method and that this is all noise and Bluster in some of the Hero's — who in my Opinion will neither Risque being Carryed to jail in Pensilvania or being sent for to England [as] Disturbers of the peace of the Colonys —

M^r Wetherhead has sent an advertisement to be published here incouraging people to settle upon Some of the lands in the late [pur]chases made at Fort Stanwix — I wish to [

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] your sentiments of the matter — I have sent [to] the Care of Mr Wetherhead a few trees of [] kinds of Fruit and a Number of slips [for graftin]g your Common Wild Cherry & Plumbs [for] the English Cherrys and Plumbs and the wild thorn for the Pears — by the same op[portunity] M^{rs} Chew has sent you a set of African Table [] a few sweet meets — and I have put up [] of the best Garden seeds I know of in America

The dismising or Expelling W[ilks] from the House of Commons is a matter V[ery] disagreable to the Sons of Liberty — at No[rwich] they made some Bustle about a meeting [] very few assembled — Col^o putman [] to have deserted the Cause.

M^{rs} Chew desires me [to] present her Compliments and Respects to you [] hope you will acept of mine and be Assur'd t[] am most sincerely & Respectfully Dear sir

> Your most Obed¹ Most Hble S[] Jos [CHEW]

The Hon^{ble} SIR WILLIAM JOHNSON Bar^t. ADDRESSED: To The Hon^{ble.} Sir William Johnson Bar^t

Johnson Hall

INDORSED: [] wth. a list [of]

FROM HARRY MUNRO

In the Johnson Calendar, p. 421, is a letter of the 12th from Rev. Harry Munro, at Albany, explaining his inability to wait on the Indians at Easter and saying that he can give them Trinity Sunday or the Sunday before Whitsunday and mentioning the choice of Mr Cruger as Speaker in the Assembly and Dr Chandler's appeal. (printed in *Doc. Hist. N. Y.* 4:409-10; Q, 4:257-58.)

FROM PETER REMSEN

A. L. S.

New york April 13th. 1769

Just this moment I Bought at Vandue [a] Negro Boy of about 19 years of Age for £51. I have had no opportunity to purchase one before for you he is Call'd by the man whom he lived with a Good Nature and very Willing fellow, hope he will give Sattisfaction. I Shall purchase another, if I Can meet with a good one to my Liking, I have Sent him to the Care of Richard Cartwright in Albany who I have Desired to Send him to you

I am

Sir

Your most Hum^b. Serv^t.

Peter Remsen

Boy's Name is []NSON Bar¹. ADDRESSED: To Sir William Johnson Baro¹ at Johnson Hall Please the Negro man the bearer to S^r Wm Johnson With this Letter as fast as possible he Comes from P Remsen — INDORSED: M^r. P. Remsens letter concerning a Negroe Ansrd. 25th. May

TO THOMAS GAGE

 $Df.^1$

Johnson hall April 14th. 1769

I am favored with your Letter of the third Instant and am entirely of your opinion as to the conduct which may be expected

¹ In handwriting of Guy Johnson.

from the frontier Inhabitants particularly the Virginians - I was sensible that they were about to push Settlements & would do so in Virtue of their old Claim That of the Cherokees I had great reason to think could not be made out, but in case one Set of Indians were to be disobliged, I Judged it least dangerous that it shod. be them than the Northern Indians who are more capable of shewing their resentment, & more inclined to do so, besides I thought that whatever pretensions the former might now have, it could easily be settled to their satisfaction.- I am very Sensible that the Frontier people will meet with but too much encouragement from persons in the provinces, and that whatever Laws are made will fail in the Execution for reasons that are obvious, but I am at present most concerned as to the additional Cession from the Orders I have to acquaint the Indians in the [best] manner I can that his Majesty declines it thro' regard [for] their interest, after which If Settlements are nevertheless] it I leave you to Judge of what may be the Is with regard to the Indians, I should therefore] your opinion whether under these Circumstances gov]ernment may not be acquainted) it is [1 signify to them [Itys declining it to the Indians .---1 INDORSED: ſ To Gen¹. Gage .--gone

TO SIR HENRY MOORE

 $Df.^1$

Johnson hall April 14th. 1769

Agreable to my last I take the liberty to transmit your Excellency The Names of some persons whom I Judge best Qualified for the Magistracy here, Several of whom have been in the Commission for Sometime, and for the rest they are I believe such as are most fitting, and from their Scituations best calcu-

¹ In handwriting of Guy Johnson.

lated for the Duty, — I have confined myself herein to the Mohock River, and Settlements next to it, which was I think what you desired, & I hope that the whole will be agreable to you

INDORSED: [] Bar^t. Gov^r. of N. York with an inclosure — Gone —

FROM JOHN STUART

A. L. S.

[Charles Town, Apr. 14, 1769]

Sir,

By last Vessell fr [om New York?] with your Letter of 20th February [] dated 24th April 1767, and I] my thanks for the Information conta [ined begg vo 1 the arrangements and mode of transacting [l in vour Department, my Affairs were con 1 much in the same Manner & the Appointing [] officers were exactly Similar I employed but [] Deputies and Six Commis-] \oplus annum & the Latter at 10/ saries the former at [₩ diem — I am [] Opinion that the same Number of Deputies are still necessary, upon which subject I wrote to My Lord Hillsborough who acquaints me that it was Submitted to his Majesty but that no Expence or appointment whatsoever will be approved of which may occasion an Excess of the Sum estimated & provided by parliament.

None of the Letters mentioned by you ever reached my hands, which I think must be owing to the want of an established post from New York to this place, and it is probable that all your Letters lye [] your Line as far [] good, as thereby we are g[] Claims of both Nations for such part of [] Lands as the Cherokees have already or may hereafter cede: but the Province of Virginia have not

failed to avail themselves of your purchase in Oposition to the Claims of the Cherokees, and in Virtue thereof are making Settlements beyond the Line pointed out in the Report of the Board of Trade,¹ and agreable to the Kings Orders, Ratified by me in october Last at a Congress of the Cherokees, What appears very Extraordinary is that during a Correspondence of three years with the Lieutenant Governor & president of Virginia on the Subject of a Boundary Line, when the pretensions of the Indians were Explained in many Letters they never made the Least objection to the Line proposed, till after it was Ratified by Express orders from Home. Lord Botetourt wrote me about it in Decem^r last by Col. Lewis and Doctor Walker, and Says, "By the Line you have Ratified with the Cherokees, you have determined a great Body of Land, Ceded to this Province by the Northern Indians at the Late Congress held by Sir William Johnson, to be Cherokee Hunting Grounds." I 1 and Vir[] Cherokees of [

] they claim beyond the [] Southward of the Cherokee [] Creeks and Chickasaws reach [] of their Towns. I have laid the whole Ma[tter before his] Majesty with Copies of my Correspondence [] the Subject. In Ratifying the Line with [] Indians I did not consider myself as Auth[orized] to deviate in any Respect from that pointed [out] by the Board of Trade, His Majesty's orders [were] Signified by the Earl of Hillsborough being [] & Specifick —

The Western Indians did not [] the Cherokee Hunting Grounds last Winter as usual I am convinced of the Justice of your observation [that] the Reform of the Commissaries will render it less practicable to influence & direct the Conduct of the Distant Nations and our Intelligence especially in this District must be very defective, as there are not any posts or officers whose duty it is to inform me of all Transactions, in any Nation within it I have had no late Intelligence concerning the Negotiations of Thomas King

¹ See Doc. Rel. to Col. Hist. N. Y., 8:22 and map, opp. 31.

this by Villbuck and these who decompanyed that purpose the same having been with whom they well pay and ince . be of cion ince two proper marches and the to the Bros sides , " for themselves and in whole of these Station by achon Chowmany and a constant multi alle her bies this will be the carefully 1763 . (replication rate to a france, De for themanter, cum in Colone & tellum une corneage juile, Congritudity and all the assign to write It. In Sustimony where in I Seal al Timy Pros 1. Abovemint Vager which are by pretty It. Goliman neor fiall, the and 13. cur 11 in 1966. Tim tin 1. M.

The message to the Northern Indians concerning the Catawbas, from the Cherokees was very Malicious [] [] of their own Weakness [want] them to Join their nation which [the Catawbas] are averse to, it is probable the former [have taken] this method to induce them. I am Extremly [glad that] you contradicted the Message sent by the [] Canadian Indians

Whenever you are pleased to honor me with a Letter it will come safe by being directed to Mess^{rs} Reade & Yates by whose favour this will be forwarded I am with most sincere Esteem

sir

Your most obedient and most humble Servant

JOHN STUART

SIR WILLIAM JOHNSON Bar^t.

INDORSED: Charlestown 14th. April 1769 M^r. Stuarts letter

FROM JOHN ALBERT WEYGAND

A. L. S.

New York April 16th 1769

I have been Told that one Eliah Rollins has engaged Himself, either in your, or in one of your Sons in Law Service as a Gardener. This M^r Rollins has been obliged to Leave New York, on Acc^t of His Debts, & I have a Bond of Him too, for the Sum of £30 this Curr^{cy}. This Money belongs to the Estate, left by one M^r Wolff, & I am the Executor thereof. He gave me a Mortgage upon his House, but M^r Nich¹s Bayard has taken the House in Possession on Acc^t of the Ground Rent due to Him, & which dues Amount to a Considerable Sum; For this Reason the Mortgage is now of no Benefit to me, & am now without Security, & therefore I should be obliged to pay this

Money to the Heirs out of my own Pocket, if in case I should not get this Money of Mr Rollins. However [1 know Mr Rollins is a Man of very honest [prin]ciples, & would fain have paid every Body [1 had been in his Power. And therefore [I would] very humbly intreat you by this to be so kind as to speak once to M^r Rollins [1 this Affair, & to ask Him wheater He would [] give you Leave to deduct yearly a certain Sum of His Wages, & to pay to me Such 1 in order to discharge his Bond of the £30 But Mr Rollins should oblige me more, if [he] could get the Money in] at once the sooner the better for order to pay off the [] some Money soon to the Childeren. I am I must [the only one of His Creditors that k [nows] where He is, & I shall keep it as a Secret [that] He may not be mollested by one or the [other] I recomend myself into Your good Faith & am with great Respect allways

Sir

Your most Obedient Hum[ble 1 IOHN ALBERT WEYG [AND] I. S. Minister of the 1 Church ſ P. S. I begg a thousand Pardon of Your [1 for giving this Trouble & to m[I a Clerk that made so mann I] of English Phrases. I promiss my So pay my Respects person[I To your Your Execellency [1 propere Apologies To the Hon^{ble} ADDRESSED: Sir William Johnson Baronet &c. &c. &c. Johnson's Hall] M^r. Weygands INDORSED: i. Letter

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BILL OF JOHN LONEY

A. D.

The Honorable Sir W^m Johnson Barn^t.

To John Loney Dr

April ye 17th 1769

	To a pair of Shoes for Sir W ^m of		S	D
	His own Calves Skin	£0	9	0
	To another pair Dº	0	9	0
12^{th}	To a pair Soal'd for andrew	0	3	0
	To a pair Soal'd & Heel'd for Cork	0	4	0
	Frank			
17th	To a pair Soal'd & Heel'd for Cooper	0	4	0
10։հ	To a pair Soal'd & Heel'd for Jacob	0	4	0
	To a pair Soal'd & mended for Quashey	0 1	3	6
	To Mending the Chair Harness	0	4	0
	To Mending the Chair Collor	0	1	0
	To Soaling one Shoe for Jacob	0	1	6
	To D° one Shoe for Cork	0	1	6
	To Soaling & heeling a pair for Flora	0	3	0
	To Mending a pair for Little Juba	0	1	0
		£2	8	6

A DEDIMUS POTESTATEM

In the Johnson Calendar, p. 421, is listed, under New York, April 17, a writ of Governor Henry Moore, empowering Sir William Johnson, Guy Johnson and Hendrick Fry Junior to administer to militia officers in Albany county the oaths of allegiance and supremacy, oaths of abjuration, etc. Destroyed by fire.

FROM JOSEPH CHEW

A. L. S.

New London April 18th. 1769

last wensday the 12th Inst. was held [at] the meeting house in Hartford a Grand meeting [of] the Susquehannah Adventurers, without doubt [thi]s Assembly was Opened by a Prayer that the [Lor]d would be with and assist his saints & Elect [peop]le and send the proprietors and inhabitants of [Penn] silvania from the lands they have set their [hear] ts upon — I am informed after much debate [that] Colo Dyers making it Clearly appear that great [part] of Susquehannah River Absolutely lay within [the Colo]ny of Connecticut they determined *Forthwith* [] with a Body of five hundred horse drive the [Pennsylv] anians from and settle them Selves at Wioming [Colo] Dyer on Accot. of his being so much concerned [with publ]ick Bussiness does not Command this body [nor] Can I hear who is to be the Chief - perhaps [lan is to do as the Children of Jacob did [when there?] was no Judge in Israel that which is [right in] their own Eyes. with the papers] an Advertisement which Mr Wethersent you] Fitch to have published and desired [head [1 it to me he proposed to sell a part at 4/ york money per Acre, I have informed [him he] may just as well ask 5/ for it and] soon get it Col^o Croghan has also Sent me that he [1 Advertisement which I have inserted in our I] I Was in hopes When I Left Johnson Hall to paper [have] the happiness of being there again before this [1 but my friend Beverley Robinson has been so [a Coming here without whose Assistance I [can] not Finish some Affairs, and the Loss I [met with] about three weeks ago of a Very fine [horse by] the Botts which to me at present is [almost] not to be Replaced — has prevented [] that Journey — I have wrote to Mr [Wetherhead] to ask him how he Came to have Colo [Whitting's?] Name Mentioned in the Advertisement

Reason for this was the Colo writing to [1 few days agoe when he Says He has [the happiness 1 to know whether I had --of hearing from you [] you were always so much ingaged I wrote him [] that you had Very Little time [1 vour Friends — I have not seen [1 sinse his Return] proposials from you which [ld I hear he [to have had a sight of — as some Very [peolple have l vou would let applyed to me to know on what [vour lands ----

the Resolution of the Parliament to put [the] laws in force with Regard to the american trade [makes] this a pretty Favourable Oppertunity for [secur]ing of Lands many People Choosing to Retire [to their] Farms Reather then Run any Further Risque. [The] Council of the Massachusetts Government have [receiv]ed from England Six Letters wrote by Gov^r. Barnard¹] were laid before the House of Commons [and] which at Present make no small Noise [in t]he antient Town] think will be pubof Boston — these Letters some [lished in the papers if they [are] not I will procure a Copy and Send you [by the] Next Post - Mrs Chew desires me to [prese] nt her best Respects to you I hope you [will] acceipt of mine and of Every wish my heart [Intain for your health and happiniss and I [am mo]st Respectfully

Dear sir

Your most Obed & most Hble serv^t.

Jos Chew

] S^r William Johnson

Ansrd. 6th. May

INDORSED: [

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¹ Sir Francis Bernard, Governor of Massachusetts, 1760–69.

FROM JEREMIAH HOGEBOOM ET AL.

D. S.

Claverack April 18th 1769

To the Honourable S^r W [illiam Johnson]

Colonel in Chieff for the County [of Albany] The Humble Petition of us the Subscribing []

Inhabitants of Claverack in the County of Albany Humbly Sheweth

that whereas we Are Informed that N[ew] officers are to be Instituted. As our Country is much Incre[ased] it is not to be Supposed that Your Honour can be Acqua[inted] with the people in General throughout Our County, we [] it Our Duty to Acquaint Your Honour that we, And [] More Joyning With Us Humbly beg Leave to Recomme[nd] M^r Johonnis Plass, Living in the Lower part of Cla[verack] to be our Captain Because he is One of the Ablest Hereab[out, not] Doubting of his Loyalty, Wherefore we Humbly Beg Y[] Approbation, And Mean wile take the freedom as Loy[] to Ascribe Ourselves —

Hond. Sr. Your Honours most Obedient

And most Humble

Servants

[eremiah Hogebo[om] Sarronemus Halen Stephen Fonda Jacob Bont Jun^r Gorge Cook Corlelis Va [1 Jacob Ja [Peter Ja [1 Abrah 1 Gar [1 l J 1 ſ

sen []rk I ner [] rner ſ] Halenbeek I 1 Halenbeek In Rees | Rees las Rees ſ lhan Rees Ju^r | Rees l] Herder ſ]n Cudney ſ las Becraft Jur lan Becraft] Leik ſ Bont 1 [] Bresie [Everts] ſ] Everts l] Carter I]nt l]hens ſ]cox Ju^r []ox l]ox [] 1 On his Majesties [Service To ADDRESSED: The Honourable Sr William Johnston Bart. at Johnston Hall

TO HENRY VAN SCHAACK

A. L. S.¹

Johnson Hall, April 19th. 1769.

Sir

A few days ago I was favoured with your Letter of the 24th Ult^o. upon the Subject of Militia Appointments regarding the Township of Kinderhook &ca.

I have heard that Col. Ranslear had got a Regimt. there but I dont know it of a Certainty, as if so it was not 'thro any means of mine, or with my knowledge, I have indeed heard of the Apprehensions of many Persons in that part of the Country concerning the Use he might make of Such Authority, and I am not Ignorant that it must be disagreable to many Persons there for v^e reasons You mention. I have no concern with regard to any Appointment that Gentleman may obtain, but as it may affect Several Respectable People whom I wish verry well, and would be glad to oblidge in any manner in my power, but certain it is that where there is a Variance between an Individual and a large Number of his Neighbours, an appointment of that nature is not likely to put an End to it. & that Persons of Weight and Interest who are otherwise duely gualified should be preferred to all others. I am heartily concerned to find that You apprehend this is not likely to be the Case, and therefore as I am heartily disposed towards the People of your Neighbourhood I shall willingly do all I can to prevent any abuses of Authority or partial Appointments; the I should observe to You that as I presume the Commissions were transmitted to Col. Ranslear by the governour who Doubtless therein acted as he thought for the best. He may not chuse that the same is interfered with.

A proper Representation of the Affair from those aggreived will therefore best Justify any proceedings in the Matter in which

¹ In Newberry Library, Chicago, Ill. The draft, somewhat injured by fire, is in the New York State Library.

case I shall be happy in Contributing to their Redress wheresoever it shall be necessary. being a Welwisher of the public in general, and of the People thereabouts in particular, as also Your Hearty Freind

& verry Humble Servant

W. Johnson,

P. S. As to the Matter of the late Election w^h. is the Subject of your Postscript, the notice was so Short that had any new Candidates been disposed to set up, time w^d. Scarcely permit it.— The Persons returned Sollicitted my Interest by letter, & I knew of no others inclined that way, Should I on any future Occasion require it I persuade myself of the Freindship of y^r. Neighbourhood, As private Interest Should in no wise govern me in any Such Case where the public Welfare is concerned.

INDORSED: Johnson Hall 19th April 1769 Sir William Johnson Baronet Answered 18th June 1769.

to

Henry Van Schank¹

CERTIFICATE OF JOHN SIEGFRIED GEROCK

A. D. S.

[New York, April 20, 1769]

These are to Certify All whom it Concerns that the bearer, George Deybertsyer, a Member of our German Evangelical Church in this City has received the holy Sacrament of the Lords

¹ A later indorsement.

Supper on the 26th of March last, being then Easter day; I say he received it in comunion with others from Me the Subscriber. Witness my hand & Name, New York, d. 20th. of April

A. D 1769.

John Siegfried Gerock, Minister of the German Lutheran Church.

present

E

I

] Wachsel 26ª Apl?]

INDORSED:

George Deybertsyer of the City of New York Chimney sweeper

Nat.

20th. April 1769

FROM SAMUEL STRINGER

A. L. S.

Albany 20th Aprl. 1769

With my Letter the other Day, I forgot to forward the Seeds which [] Send to you; therefore I have made them up in a small paper Parcell, w^{ch}. [you] will receive with this. The Pill Box contains, only one Seed of the Scammony [] It is of the Vine Kind, & shoud be put in the warmest part of the Garden, [] defended at the same time from the violence of the Summers Sun. It [] & flourishes very well in England; I hope it may come up.

[]dly. Part of a Pod of the Cassia Fistularis, with plenty of Seeds; it is from [] West Indies. The Pod is a Curiosity,¹

[]ly. Some Pesimmon Seeds. The Pesimmon is an agreeable fruit, after [] bit with the Frost, but before, it is extremely astringent, & upon being [] purses up the Mouth in a surprising manner. They are something []

¹ Omitted words followed.

Medlar — They are excellent for Hogs, & easily cultivated

The Seed of the Centaurium Minus, or Centaury; each little Pod contains [an im]mensity of seed, almost as fine as Dust. The Herb grows spontaneously [in Eng]land in old Lands, that are worked out, & Commons. It woud not be [] the flower Garden when in bloom, set aside its medicinal use []

I am mor & more persuaded that your Case is not Dropsical, but [] you woud ask M^r. Gras opinion about Lime Water, without [] hint of its being recommended, or mentioned to you; you might [use] of your Legs, with the pains, & discouleration, as if you [] Scorbutial, which woud be the best method of knowing [] Instrument of so much good, as to point out a remedy to restore you to your Health, it woud give great [] to him who is, with great Respect

Sir

Y^r. most Obed^ı. and Very Hum^e. Ser[

SAM^L STRINGER

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ADDRESSED: To

INDORSED:

Sir William Johnson Bar^t.

at

Johnson Hall

To care of M^r. Jn^o. B. Van Eps at Schenectady [Dr St]ringers letter

Ansrd. 27th.—

FROM TIMOTHY WOODBRIDGE

A. L. S.

Stockbridge 20th of April 1769.

The fame of your Patten, the goodness of the Land, or the goodness of the Landlord, or both, have greatly excited the people, in this part of New England, To become purchasers, 23

and Settlers Thereon It is lately, that I have heard, you had a disposition To make sale, of any parts of your lands; neither do I know it yet, To be a fact, but by common report. A number of people in this, and the adjacent Towns, lately applyed To me; The list of Names containing near fifty men, and Those informed me, that They intended, the Company should be fill'd up, To Sixty, which is the ordinary number, in New England, for the settlement of a Tract of Land, of six miles Square; which is here called a Township —

People are generally fond, of Meathods which They are used To. In all our Modulations, in Settleing people, is in what we call Townships, when Settled are Incorporated, into Towns, with the previledges, and franchises, [1 Towns: Those Settlers here, are always, held To make [su]ch a number of Settlements, as is prescribed. To [bui]ld a meeting house, and To maintain the Gospel [and wors]hip in the Town. The grantors giving a Suitable [quantity] of Land, for the encouragement of the first settled [] Minister, and a further quantity, for the support [lol. And by such a regulations, our Towns will [l a wilderness, more] such rules, are not Uniformly, and beautifull [observed.

appllying To me, for assistance, in making] Township, of you, if the Terms [knowing that I have had some personal acquaintance with you 1 To write on Their behalf. I would according L ſ] of Those people, have waited upon you, had it not [been for] want of better health, They have however dir [ected two] of Their company, Messr^s Pixley, and Willard [to wait] on you, To See what may be done in the affair [1] And with respect To the Company, applying Thus [Sir I can Say, That I am personally acquainted with [1 of Them, and know them To be persons, of very fair [charac]ters, and good Interests: and if They should be Su[ited] with a Tract of Land, and would become purchas[ers]

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and Settlers, are able To make payment, and wo[uld] soon build up a respectable Town.

And Sir: if you have any peculiar, Spot for the [laying] out such a Township, which is not yet disposed [of,] I would begg the favour, That the people whom [Pixley] and Willard, represent in this affair, might have [the re]fusal of it, until the matter may be gone into by [the] company, engaged in the affair.

I am Honourable S^r. with the greatest Esteem

your very obedient, Humble

Serv^t. TIM^o. WOODBRIDGE

To Sir: William Johnson

ADDRESSED: To the Honourable

Sir: William Johnson Bart.

Johnsons Hall.---

FROM SAMUEL STRINGER

A. L. S.¹

Albany 21st. Aprl. 1769

Mr. Vanderheyden Just rec^d, your Letter of 18th. Inst. [and as] he is immediately going off desired me to write to you.] Pemberton is not yet come up, but is momently L expected, [We] shall find no other Difficulty in forwarding the] Battoes, about which you have men-Corn. than [1 They are not to be got here, tiond nothing in your & I believe must be orderd [to be] made, at Schenectady, as they make them cheaper there [than] here; if you approve of it, please to send orders to Jnº. Van Eps to have [them ma]de & sent down, as soon as possible, & acquaint me at [the same] time, as the most expeditious way - [As] cheap a method as any, will be to take Waggons from [let] them carry the Corn all the way to the Lake before [they lo]ad, otherwise they must be

¹ Regarding the conveyance of corn to Montreal.-Johnson Calendar.

detained for the Battoes, [not proceed as fast as they; & if you were to depend [on wago]ns at the Different places where they woud be wanted,] a disapointment, & the Corn be delayd. Mr. Vander [heyden] his method the best, & takes Waggons from Schenectady [| himself, because he has been greatly imposed upon live on the road. You'll please to inform me which [1 I am Sr. Yr. most Obed^t. Serv^t. SAM^L, STRINGER ADDRESSED: To On His Majts Service Sir William Johnson Bart. To Care of In^a. at V: Eps Esqr. at Johnson Hall Schenectady [INDORSED:] Letter ſ Ansrd, 27th, Inst,-

FROM HUGH GAINE

In the Johnson Calendar, p. 422, is listed a letter of the 22d, New York, from Hugh Gaine, saying that 283 Indian prayer books have been sent, morocco for binding must be got in Boston, he sends a set of the laws of last session and will obtain Bayle's General Dictionary from London as soon as "we are permitted to import any Goods from that Part of the World." (printed in *Doc. Hist. N. Y.* 4:411-12; Q, 4:258-59.)

FROM THOMAS GAGE

A. L. S.¹

New York April 23^d. 1769.

Dr: Sir,

I have received your's of the 14th: Ins^t:, The Settling on Lands below the Canawa will be a ticklish Business every way for if the Six Nations give up their Right to them we shall Sooner or

¹ In Harvard College Library, Cambridge, Mass.

later have a Quarrell with the Cherokees about them. If the Government is determined to maintain the Boundarys ascertained by the Board of Trade, The Lands in Question at least our Claim to them from the Cession Made at the late Treaty at Fort Stanwix,¹ must be given up agreeable to the orders of Government, which will annull in part the Claims set forth by the Colony of Virginia. The Claims of that Colony are transmitted home, and I apprehend Some Resolution will soon be taken about them, and put you out of doubt how you Should act.

I am sorry the Indians are in such Distress for Food as you represent, if they must absolutely receive Assisstance from us, the best way and I apprehend the cheapest Method, will be to purchase Corn on the Mohock River. Nothing relative to the Provision affairs will for the future go through the Commissary General, but for the Troops; or any stores erected or Provision Sent but to such Places where the Troops are or shall be posted so that such Provisions as May hereafter be wanted, will be a Charge to your Department, independent of all Military Expenditures of Provision. I now Make Returns home every Six Months to the Treasury and Pay-office of the Provisions issued throughout the Continent. What is issued to struggling Indians or at proper Times to Nations who go to the Posts where the Troops are Stationed, Must go on as usual, there is no Means to change the Method usualy practiced in that Respect.

I transmit you an Extract of an Account Sent me by Colonel Bradstreet, which seems entirely to belong to your Department. These Expences I suppose were incurred on Account of the late Treaty so May be settled but Some of the People make large Demands for Detention, and I would beg to know, whether they have made these Demands Themselves, or if you have certified their Services and what you know concerning these several

¹ Compare maps opposite page 30 and page 136, vol. 8, Doc. Rel. to Col. Hist. N. Y.

Demands, as to the Manner in which the Services are ascertained to have been performed by the Claimants.

I am with great Regard,

Dear Sir,

Your most obedient, humble Servant,

THO^S. GAGE

 $S^{\mathtt{r}} \colon W^{\mathtt{m}} \colon Johnson \ Bar^{t}.$

INDORSED: April 23^d. 1769.

From General Gage.

TO SAMUEL AUCHMUTY

$Df.^1$

Johnson Hall April 26th 1769

Dear Sir

I was lately favored with your Letter of the 6th Inst in Answer to one of mine wrote long since, on the Subject of the person you Mention of whose Sentiments I entertain Much the same Thoughts with yourself, and altho I know of no Reason he can have for any personal Dislike to me, or mine Yet I can easily believe from his communications (as you Observe) That he might be induced to take Libertys with both until he meets with proper Treatment.—

I am Glad to hear of your Assiduity in endeavoring to procure the Missionaries &ca, tho' much concerned to find the difficulties that have hitherto prevented your Success,— I was almost in despair of procuring Schoolmasters from Below, and therefore having Met with Two persons Well Qualified & recommended for that Charge, I have lately agreed with the one for the Mohocks & the other for Johnstown which I hope will be no disappointment to the person whose Letter you inclosed I have

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¹ In Library of Congress, Washington, D. C. In handwriting of Guy Johnson.

been as yet obliged to put the Schoolmaster into the Fort at the Mohocks, as the Gen^t. in M^r. Barclays house has not had warning wch it is necessary he sho^d.

Since the last I mentioned I have had no Letters from the Society, I hope their Zeal will not abate in so reasonable & necessary an Attention to the Church, which if timely Succoured & Supplyed with Pastors will flourish, otherwise it will fall Speedily to decay, & in a few Years Cease to Exist here.—

I thank you for the News & politicks & am very happy to find that your Affairs are now circumstanced as you represent, You have a respectable body at N York who will Support their credit & that of the Church so long as they Continue Unanimous, and Shew a laudable Zeal in favor of their Religion & its professors.— it must be a Sensible Mortification to the persons you mention to find that they are disappointed of ruling as they used to do but whatever Changes may have been produced by the late Election, I apprehend it is as yet hard to tell what the present Assembly will do in these Cases.—

It is matter of much concern to me to find that After building a Church & Parsonage house & being at other great Expences to forward the Establishmt of a Missionary where he is so much Wanted, I should still be without one.—

If the person you Mention would Settle as a Catechist & Schoolmaster at Conajohare he wo^d. be of great Service there & might Soon Learn the Language after which the Society wo^d. probably Settle him as a Missionary on his taking Orders —

The Rev^D. D^R. AUCHMUTY INDORSED: April 26th 1769 To D^r. Auchmuty.

TO HENRY BOSTWICK

$Df.^1$

Johnson hall Apl. 26th 1769

I have received your Letter of the 30th. ult^o. on the Subject of your intended tour with the inclosure for M^r. Croghan whom I daily expect here — I also received your Letters of 16th Feb^y & 18th of March, which I Answered.—

I wish it was in my power to give you More particular advice respecting your Journey, but your knowledge of the Country and of the places where the Ore has been found Most promising with the Assistance of a Good Miner must best direct you. as well in the Choice as in other particulars,— Any Mine adjacent to the Lake should certainly be preferred on accot of the Expence of Land carriage, which must be great.—

With regard to the Indians, until his Majestys pleasure is signified in the Affair, it will be impossible for me to give directions, otherwise than that I think it highly [ne]cessary to preserve good Order between them & the Men you [ta] ke up, & to prevent them from disobliging the Indians, [] this you have doubtless thought of. as to the Indians [neces-1 intended, sary to give them the Strongest Assurances that [but what must prove for their [] that if they will countenance & protect you, they [pro]fit from it in many respects, taking care at the [same time not to] make them any] perform, observing to promises but such as you [] receive from it, will depend them that the [on themselves [] encourage it & as it prospers.

INDORSED: To Mr. Henry Bostwick.

¹ In handwriting of Guy Johnson.

FROM DANIEL CAMPBELL

A. L. S.

Schenectady the 27th April 1769

[DEAR] SIR

When I was at New York I was happy in Meeting with a [] Shaving Equipage. Altho it has been Usd a little but unluckily [] in bringing it up the looking Glass got Brook. by [] Sir John Mans I now Send it to You & beg You will [] me the favour to Accept. of it: Such as it is, I Cou'd [] have wishd it were more Elegan.

An Odd Accident happend [] Your pipe of Wine] Albany in (the forty pound One) — In Coming [One Isaac Swits's Waggon, by Some Misman [age] ment the driver broke the head of the Pipe & lossd [1 34 Gallons. I Can make him bear the loss as it was [1 Charge, besides its the Custom — I belive its hardly [worth whille to Send you up the Remainder, which is now [1 unless You Approve of it Shou'd you not [] I will keep it & Credit you with the £40 poor Harry Van Schaack keeps Close in his own House & I] Application for the Bennifit of belive Intends to [the Insolvent [] this has been Expected for this two Years past —

I am Dear Sir with [] Respect your most obedient humble [] DANIEL CAMPBELL SIR WILLIAM JOHNSON Baronet INDORSED: [] Daniel Campbel Esq^{rs} Letter Ansrd.

the 29th. 1769

TO PHILIP LIVINGSTON, JR.

Df^1

Johnson hall April 27th 1769

I have the favor of your Letter with the Dedimus Potestatem & I am perfectly Satisfied with the persons and shall see that it is duly Executed which will be Saving some Trouble & Expence to the officers who are to be qualified. If it was not giv^g you too much Trouble I sh^d, be glad to have a Copy of the Oaths &ca as they are administred at present.

Please to offer my best Compliments to his Excellency and be Assured that I am, Sir,

> Your hearty Wellwisher & very humble Servt

TO JOHN BRADSTREET

$Df.^1$

Johnson hall April 28th. 1769

Since my last to you concerning the time when the Survey of the Line was to begin I have heard nothing of certainty on that subject, but one thing has occurred which I think may prove of some use to you, more especially as I understand you are likely to have a dispute with Hardenbergh.—

I have at different times had occasion to look over Sundry old papers in the hands of the Esopus Ind^s. Some of which contained the purport of Meetings between Hardenbergh and them, and wherein they fully declared their Aversion to the Line he was desirous to run,— I don't find that there are any papers on that Subject in my Office but I think it would be very Necessary for you to apply to the Indians in whose hands they remain for a Sight of them which they will not refuse, this you may easily effect and I believe you will find they contain some [ma]tters

¹ In handwriting of Guy Johnson.

Necessary for your Information which was the [occ]asion of this Letter from

Sir

&ca

INDORSED: [] To Coll John Bradstreet

FROM JOHN GLEN

A. L. S.

Schenectady 28 April 1769

I have received your favor last night. the battoos of the Crown are all unfit for Service I have Bought Two Good battoos & have Supply'd A Sufficint number of Tools to man them & got Two waggons which was to Carry them over to Albany to Morrow morning to Be Deliver'd to M^r. Stringer at Albany to whom I have wrote what I sent him, I now set of to Cagnawagie to Begin to run the out Lines of Cayaderossara with the Deputy Senior General

> I am Your Most Obed^t. & most Humble Ser^t

> > JNO GLEN

[ADDRESSED :] JOHNSON Bar^t.

On his Majestys Service

To

Sir William Johnson Bar^t.

at

Johnson Hall

BILL OF JOHN GLEN, JR.

D.

[October 28, 1769]

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[] John	son Bar ^ı .
	Dr	To John Glen Jun ^r .

		~	u
Aprill	To 2 Battoos @ £7.10	£15 0	0
	To 4 oars @ 2/6	0 10	0
	To 6 Seting poles @ 1/6	0 9	0
	To 6 Common pad ^s @ 1/2	0 7	0
	To 2 Scoups @ 9d	0 1	6

INDORSED: Sir William Johnson Act £16.7.6

Amiel —

SPEECH OF MASSIGGIHASH AND OTHERS¹

D.

[Detroit, April 28, 1769]

Massiggihash [l after they had done they returned some Compli[ments the Manner they were recev'd & said they had [& would be glad two or three french people [] would [1 the Commanding officer & the Captⁿ. of the Vessells [1 Went with them to Captⁿ. Turnbulls [where in presence?] of The Commanding Officer L^t M^c Alpine L^t [1 Capt Robinson, Captⁿ Gage L^t Abbott, Ensign Duncan, C[

they spoke as follows

¹ Twenty-two other Chippewas. See following paper.

Father

You have always told us to listen to you with both ears [] this has been a reccommendation at all time. Father

It has always been our ancient Custom to speak to one another & I suppose it is the will of the great Spirit. Father

Our Father on the other side the great Lake recommended it to us to have Compassion on one another, & to take care of the Vessell with us, & to be always good friends. A String of W. [] Compass the Number of

The Chippawas take you fast by the hand where [] & all Your people —

We Salute the King the General & Sr. William Johnson.

 $[\]$ was right to say, go to Detroit & take care of our Children Father

Take Compassion on us poor little Chippawas who are establish'd near the Vessell.

Father

When we had our former Father there ([L. S.]) he asked a piece of Land of us which we gave him, as he had [said] let us live in friendship & help one other —

Father

Our Children even are worthy Compassion & we beg youl have Compassion on them.

Father

L. S. had Compassion on us & the Land he Cultivated we

Father,

We beg What we say may [] String may remainhere with [] our Father may be inform'd thatwe beg he w[] back. this demand is even from theChildren, for [] Signify to us to guard that Vessell

if he dont come, [] may not go well in the end if he does not come.

Father

Our Men Woemen & Children regret him, if he dont [] we shall be lost, there will by & by be but little game to [] shall be obliged to leave the place we are now establish'd at Father,

We Love you all & love the Vessell, & it not for [] dislike to any of you, but we beg you will make this demand for us. There is some french people there who are worthy of Compassion & they may remain & join us in this demand.

A Branch of eight Strings

[Detroit, April 28, 1769]

1

Father,

You have more sence than we, we know nothing we have heard some of our Brothers from Shagwamigon' will come here [with Beaver] []

SPEECH OF MASSIGGIHASH AND ANSWER

Contemporary Copy²

One another [

Look upon us with Comp[assion] The Chippawas take you fast by [] We Salute the King And the General [] Detroit & take care of our Children Father Take Compassion on us poor little Chippawas who are [] When we had our former Father there (Lieut Sinclair) he Ask [] we gave him, as he had said let us live in

friendship with Our []

¹ Point Chagouamigon (Chequamegon, Wisconsin), on Lake Superior.

² Copy of the preceding document, with Captain Turnbull's answer. See following paper.

Father

Our Children even are worthy compassion and we beg you'll []

Father

Lieu^t. Sinclair had Compassion On us & the Land he Cultivated we p[____] reason we gave him even the Trees — Father

We beg what we say may be put in Writing & this String may remain here [] & the General & our Father may be Informed that we beg he may send Lieu^t. [Sinclair back] this demand is even from the Children, for what does it signify to us to guard [that vessel] if he does not Come, besides things may not go well in the end if he does not C[ome]

Our Men Women and Children regret him, if he does not come back we shall [] will by and by be but little Game to Kill and we shall be Obliged to leave the [] Are now establish'd at. We love you all and love the Vessell, And it's not for any dislike to any of You, but you will make this Demand for us, There is some French people there who are worthy Compassion & they may remain & Join us in this Demand.

A Branch of eight Strings You have more sense than we, We Know nothing. We have heard Some of [] from Shagwanigon will Come here with Beaver to get what they are passion [ately fond] of Rum.

Answer

You Spoke truth when You Said you had been desired to listen with both your ears, and it was Customary for us to Speak to One Another.

It has likewise been desired that you would live in friendship with all his Majestys Subjects as your happiness depends upon it A String of Six Rows

I look on you with Compassion and when You are in Necessity do what I can to [ease] you, Besides this His Majesty is at a Great expence in paying a Smith and Interpreter [for] your Service. The [] in

England; And [] very Glad of He wou'd Return provid 1 1 People of the Vessel never Hunt, so that they can not make [it scarce, and] before [ther] was a Vessell there, You did not receive the same benefits [you have] done since-[We know] you have been of Service at Different times in getting the Vessel up the [rapids for which] reason Your present Necessitys have been Considered, and you shall have [a] little Cloathing for your Children, and A little Rum & Vermillion for your young Men but it is expected you'll Continue to live with Capt. Robison & all his Majesty's Subjects in the same friendly manner You have done heretofore [&] Not Expect things from him that he has not in his power to give; Always keeping [in] Your Minds the Solemn engagements you have entered into at Different times with Your Father Sir William Johnson — A String of ten Rows

Massigihash then Returnd many thanks saying our words went to their H[eart] and we should have no Reason to find the least fault with their behaviour, and [their] Intention was to live in the same friendly manner with us that they had hitherto done.

Some of their people was then Interogated regarding some things they s[hould] have said about Belts coming this year from the Hurons in the name of the Six Nat[ions] Shawnese & Delawares, But they said they had not made such Report neither did [they] Know any thing of the Kind —

INDORSED:1 Speech of a Cheif

of the Chippawaes at Detroit April 28th. 1769 —

¹ In Johnson's hand.

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SPEECH¹ AND CONFERENCE

D.

[Detroit, April 29, 1769]

Children

You Spoke truth when [you said you had been] desired to listen with both y[our ears and it was] Customary for us to speake to one another

Children

It has likewise been [desired that you] would live in friendship with all His Majestys [subjects] as Your happiness depends upon it.

A String of Six Rows ---

Children.

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I look on you with Compassion and when you are in necessity do what I can to ease you besides this his Majesty is at a great expence in paying a Smith & Interpreter for your Service—

The Vessell is not kept there for us alone she is to carry provision to support those who bring you your Cloathing & Amunition &c consequently ought to be as dear to you as us.

1

]mands the Vessell a present has it not in his
] much as the late Commander as he is not
] you expect it from him; but his intention is

[] in peace and friendship with you, and any [] that you are of to him in assisting him will always be recompensed. Children.

The String shall remain here according to your desire and the Gen¹. shall be acquainted with it.

We have heard of M^r . Sinclairs arrivall at N: York and Perhaps in Some months hence We may hear of his arrivall in England. and we can assure you that every body here woud be

¹ Speech of Captain George Turnbull.

very glad He woud return Provided it is agreeable to him Children.

As to the Game the people at the vessell never hunt so that they can not make it Scarce & before there was a Vessell there, you did not receive the same benefits you have done Since — Children.

We know you have been of Service at different times in getting the Vessell up the rapids for which reason your present neces-] have a little Cloathing sitys [for your Children [1 your young Men. But it is expected y] with Capt Robinson & all his majestys] you have done heretofore, Subjects in the sa[me] not in his power to give; & not expect things [always keeping in Your [] Solemn engagements you have] vour father S^r W. Johnson. enter'd into at different [A String of ten rows ---

They returnd many thanks saying our words went to their Heart & we should have no reason to find the least fault with their behavior, & that their intention was to live in the same friendly manner with us that they had hitherto done.

Some of their people was then Interogated regarding some things they should have said about Belts coming this year from the Hurons in the Name of the Six Nations shawanese & Delawares, but they said they had not made such report neither did they know any thing of the kind —

>] fourteen of the most Considerable]d of the reason of the movements they] saying they were much surpriz'd what

[] saying they were much surprized what could [] professed great friendship for all his Majestys [] from the preparations they saw they were alarmd that [] had been made of them they were ready to vindicate themselves. That instead of being concernd or knowing of any [] design, they were never more quiet, that they had not taken the precautions necessary for such an undertaking not having 200 Ball in their Village & believ'd the other Nations had as little

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FROM JAMES ADAIR

In the Johnson Calendar, p. 422, is listed a letter of April 30th from James Adair, N York, thanking for favor toward a production on the "Origin of Ye Indian Americans" and attributing General Gage's coolness to the supposed Stuart principles of the work. (Printed in *Doc. Hist.* N. Y. 4:412-13; Q, 4:259.)

FROM JOHN BRADSTREET

A. L. S.

Albany 30th. April 1769

Give me leave to return you my [th]anks for Your obliging favor of [ye]sterday.— The information contain'd [the]rain is of such consequence that [I] shall send of to find the Esopus Indians [t]hat have the papers, although I had sent a few days sence thither upon this business. Permit me to trouble you with the information I have collected on this Affair.

The Patentees at York, I am told, [ta]lk Big; their numbers are great, and [I] do expect they will not be idle — I have [put] it to them, either to leave it to the Govrnor & Council or bring it on in the [law?] in June next. I have now possession [be]tween the two Branches by a Settlement,¹ [] shall in a few days have more.

I had People to View my Lands between [the Susque]hanna & Mohawk Branch, who give a bad [account] of great part of it, having many [moun]tains.

[] Governor has apply'd to the Assembly for [] to finish the Lines, which they will [] go on soon.

[The Albany corpor]ation have Petition'd for a New [charter & to be] conferm'd in their claim to the [Mohawk Flatts.] I think the Governor must [we]ll of your last Treaty. [] Sir

Your obli'd & Obed^t.

]mble Servant [John] Bradstreet

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¹ See Calendar of Land Papers, p. 500 and 1034 (Index).

FROM DANIEL CAMPBELL

A. L. S.

Schenectady the 30th April 1769

I was favoured with yours this day, as to the Lott of John Farley the old Woman will not give hir Consent that it Should be Sold — & She is Intituled to hir third part durring hir own life — at the Same time I dont look on it any great Bargain as Houses & lotts is now Sold I immagin in about One Year more, there will be great bargains to be got here of Houses as many people are Intending to leave this plaice & Settle on the Big Patent — as Soon as it is laid Out — In the main time, I shall Credit you with £210 the price which I was to have for Farlys Lott & any House that may be Sold Cheap I Shall Inform you of the price & their Situation

this week I begin to pull down the Old House — I have agreed with my masons [in] the lump & have hired three Carpenters Each to [ins]tant of November — verry Reasonable, Some of []dent Hand me three shillings p^r day The Doctor has Hired M^r Og[] goes Out this Week

I am Dear Sir with great

Respect your most

Humble & Obedient S [

DANIEL CAMPBELL

1

SIR WILLIAM JOHNSON Baronet

INDORSED:

[] [letter] ab^t. a Lot Ansrd. 6th. May

SPEECHES OF INDIANS AND OF LOUIS CHEVALLIER

[Saint Joseph, Mai 1er 1769]

[] que la qui goir [] Dont il étoit [] Scavoir Lotonee et Cest d[] qui étoit pour Lamuser Le [] nomé obaquona qui L a asasinee

Le premier Jours Du moy mais 1769 Sont venus et ont antré Ché Le Cieur Lo[uis] Chevalier qui Est La maison affligé [] avec vn Colier De porseline Comme a la Coutume pour prier au affligé Davoir pitiée d eux et de leur pardonné Leur Insolance et Leur meurtre —

En disant que C étoit Laudevie qui leur avoit été versé qui Leurs avoit fait Cela il Sont même venus trouvé Les Chefs Sauvage du vilage des poux de Saint Josephe pour venir parler avec eux au afligé mais il nont point voulus disant mes frere nous ne voulons point nous meler De vos afaire puis que vous avé [Voici] La Reponce que Leur [fit] monsier Chevalier et Les austre afligé et monsieur Detaillis grand Interprete de Saint Josephe

Toute vos belle parolle ne feront point Revenir mon fils que vous avé tué Jay toujours eu pitiée de vous austre et de vostre vilage et il ny En a pas Seulement aucun De vous autre qui ne me doive --- Vous etes venus Lautone passée par deux fois Diferant me Demander mon fils pour hiverner avec vous austre pour vous aporter vos besoins [1 Davoir pitiée De vous aut [re] de vos femmes et de vos Enfant [s] Je panse En me Répétant Encore C[ela] que Ce ceroit Encore pour me tuer vous me ditte que Cest Laudevie qui est Cause que vous mavé tuer et que Ceux qui ont tué mon fils etoit Soux Celuv qui vous a donne de De laudeviee ne vous a point dit de tuer personne Je Cest quil avoit dormis et Ensuitte il avoit été fumer la pipe Ché mon fils apres il a Refourné a la Cabanne Charché Son quastete et la bien quaché Sous Sa Couvertes [1

a plantée Son quasteste [qui a ?] sauté [| Lors quil L a veu tombé a taire il a Redoublé vn autre Segon Coup afin dachever De le Défaire et ne Se Sont point Contanter de Celas il ont poursuivis Le forgeront pour Le tuer ausis et Lont poursuit Jusqua quil Sest Jetté a la nage et quil aye traversé la riviere - il ne Se Sont point Contanter Encore de Celas il ont pillé des marchandise detraite quil y avoit Ché luy C est a dire Couvertes vermillon Chemise et meme Jusquau peltrit quil avoit treter vous mavé tuer parce que] il qui vous [1] Davoir pitiee de vous [1 vous me ma et de Donner La vie au [meurtrier ?] et davoir pitiée De luv Son Crime est trop noir pour pouvoir luy pardoner et Je ne peut point Luy pardonner et luy donner la vie - Nous autre francois nous scavons que nous avont des Superieurs audesus de [nous] mais vous autre Sauvage vous Croyé denan pas avoir et vous pansé que tout vous est permis. Comme Cest Langé qui nous Coman Commande aujourd huy améné luy le meurtrier et allé luy parler il En ferat Cequil Jugeras apropos pour Cette éffét 1 I ſ

1 devote aubiesanse

LOUIS CHEVALLIER

[Je] Sertifie avoir Interpreter Le presant [C]onseil mantionée Sidesus a Saint Josephe [le] 1 mais 1769-

PIERRE DENO DETAILLY

Translation

[Saint Joseph, May 1, 1769]

1 F 1 of whom it was that Laguigois |] to wit in the autumn and this [which was to amuse him, the [] named Obaquona who assassinated him.

The first day of the month of May, 1769 [came and entered the house of Mr Louis Chevallier, the house which is

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afflicted, with a belt of wampum, according to custom to beg the afflicted man to take pity on them and forgive their insolence and murder, saying that it was the brandy supplied to them which had caused that. They even besought the Indian chiefs of the village of the Pottawatamies of Saint Joseph, to come with them and speak to the one in affliction; but they refused, saying, "Brothers, we will not mix in your affair, since you have []

This is the reply which M. Chevallier and the others afflicted and M. Détaillis, chief interpreter of St Joseph, made to them: "All your fine words will not bring back my son whom you killed. I have always felt pity for you and your village, and there is not a single one of you that is not indebted to me — You came at two different times last autumn to ask of me that my son might winter among you in order to satisfy your needs. [

] to take pity on you, your wives and your children. I think in repeating that to me your purpose must be to kill me. You tell me that the brandy was the cause of your killing my son, and that those who killed my son were drunk. The one who gave you brandy did not tell you to kill anybody. I know that he¹ had slept and afterward had been to smoke a pipe at my son's place. Later he returned to his cabin to get his tomahawk and carefully concealed it under his blanket [He] planted his tomahawk, which glanced off, When he saw him fall on the floor, he dealt him a second blow to finish him. They did not content themselves with that, but pursued the blacksmith to kill him likewise and chased him until

he threw himself into the water and swam across the river. They were not satisfied even with that. They stole the trading goods which were at his house, that is, blankets, vermillion, shirts and even peltry which he had received in trade.

You have killed me because [] [and ?] who [] you [beg ?] me to take pity on you [] and grant life to the [murderer ?] and have pity on him. His crime is too black for pardon, and I can

¹ The murderer.

not pardon him and grant him life. We Frenchmen know that we have superiors over us, but you Indians believe you have none and you think that everything is permitted in your case. As Langé¹ commands us at present, take the murderer to him and go speak to him. He will do about it what he will judge proper in this matter. [with] devout obedience

LOUIS CHEVALLIER

I certify that I interpreted the present council mentioned above at Saint Joseph. May 1, 1769

PIERRE DENO DETAILLY

SPEECH OF THE CHIEFS OF THE VILLACE OF ST JOSEPH²

[May 1, 1769]

Mon pere [] nous vous parlons aujo [urdhuy] Depaix que nous vous eu [Souvéné vous mon pere que [vous nous avez dit] que vous avié Ranverser notre plère] et que aujourd huy que C'etoit vous qui [êtes devenu] notre véritable pere mon pere nous vous avont dit En vous p[riant] que nous naviont pas desprit mon pere Jetoit partis pour aller Eng] Comme un homme que plure nous av [ons] Rancontre en notre Route vos Jeune [gens] qui ont arété à nous et qui nous ont versee d[e 1 Laudeviee voila pourquoy Ce malheur [est] arivé quand nous avont beü nous navont plus desprit Sy il ny avoit point d aude [vie] nos Jeune Jenn Seroit tranquille et ne ferée Jamais de mauvé afaire quaned nos Chefs ont été Che vous vous nous avé dit que vous etiez pour fair Lapaix et pour metre toute Chose tranguill [] et qui []

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¹ Possibly for *l'anglais*, the Englishman, the commandant at an English post.

 $^{^2}$ Evidently a letter, to be presented to an English officer in command of a post.

bonne afair [] ont fait quelqus [nous vous] priont de leur pardonner [et d'avoir] pitiée d eux] Lorsque nous Sommes venus de [ſ l nous avont] Cheffe nous ont Dit ne pluroit passé auposte vincaine] mort nous iront vous voir et natribues [p]oint point []r entre vous autre Celas au anglois quar vous vous été [Les quiquapot man ont dit dememe ausy bien que Les piant et Les miamis et mascoutin nous vous priont De nous pardonné ausy bien que tout Cest nation que nous vous nomons leur nom Sy desus nous Somes En attandant votre Reponse mon pere Vos Serviteurs

mintere Layovois naquoibis pattot pain ta Couraine Coitenév Le Chien noire

[Speech 1 INDORSED: Chiefs of the S^t. Joseph [the 1st May 1769

Translation

Father: [] we speak to you to [day 1 of peace which we [1 Remember, father. that [you have told us] that you had overthrown our [father] and that now you had become our real father. Father, we have told you, when we made our petition, that we had no understanding.

Father, I had set out for [] as a man who is full of grief, when we met on our way your young [people], who stopped with us and poured out some brandy. That explains why this unfortunate affair happened. When we have been drinking, we no longer know anything. If there were no brandy, our young people would be quiet, and would never do an evil thing. When our chiefs were with you, you told us that you were for making peace and putting everything in quiet shape.

[May 1, 1769]

1

] and who [] have done some [] and who [ĺ profitable business we] pray you to ſ pardon them [and to take] pity on them.] When we came from [ſ we passed Post Vincent] chiefs said to us, Mourn not for that death. We shall come to see you. Do not charge that to the English, for you have [] among yourselves. The Kickapoos said the same, likewise the Puans, the Miamis and the Mascoutins. We beg you to pardon us, as do all those nations which are named above. We are, awaiting your reply, father,

Your servants

FROM JOSEPH CHEW

A. L. S.

New London May 3^d. 1769

I hope before this time the box [see]ds & and the Trees are Safe Arrived and [if] the weather is as severe with you as with [us,] I am sure they are full Early I Grafted [] Barrell of trees this day and shall do many more tomorrow w^{ch} . I hope in the Fall to send to you and my other friend — I have also only just begun my Garden and I am in General as Early as any person with one

We have not one word of news more than what you will find in the papers. I have Constantly Sent you and shall Continue [to] do so while I Remain here — I wrote Very [late]ly to Col^o. Croghan — as I am Really [a]shamed and nothing but my Distress shoud [] me to hint my Situation to you — [The] Susquhanna Gentry I am inform'd have [] and I believe much after the same [manner] the Children of Jacob did when [] take possession of the Fertile land [of Canaan?] but am Very doubtfull whether [] will direct and Council them as [] people [] but they [deter]mined to sit Right down

ſ] will dare to say one word to them — be pleased [to make my] Respects Acceptable to Sr John Col [Johnson] Mr Adams and our friends - my [1 Fanny present their best Respects to y] offer Everv wish my heart Can Contain [health and happiness and am most [Dear sir Your obed^t. Hble Serf Jos C[HEW] the Box was directed to you & Containd a Bundle of Seeds some dry'd fruits Directed to Sir WILL Citron 1 pots of sweetmeets a few West India potatoes a Bundle of Books for Col^o. Johnson a Bundle of Garden & for S^r John a Bundle of Flower seeds \int & Col^o. [Johnson] a Paper Bundle with 6 Table [I a Bundle of Fruit Trees D° of Willows the man Left a Bundle that was for] The Hon^{ble} Sir [1 Τo ADDRESSED: The Hon^{ble} sir William Johnson Bar^t at Johnson Hall INDORSED': New London 3d May 1769 - Letter from Mr. Joseph Chew

¹ In Johnson's handwriting.

FROM WILLIAM GAMBLE

A. L. S.

Albany the 3^d May 1769.

Worshipful Brother/

There has been a Petition preferred to the Ineffable Lodge by Brother David Smith an House wright, Freeholder and Inhabitant of this place, whom we know to be a good Blue Master and well Qualified for the higher degrees; we can further recommend him as a person of an unblemished Character: we therefore conformable to the Rules of the Lodge request Your Suffrage or Negation as soon as convenient —

The two Brothers March & Batchellor who were at the Funeral of B^r. Deniston are going up to Morrow to Finish the [church] at Conejoharie — They humbly request that you would recom[mend] them to Colonel Croghan — they have a promise from him already [but] as the Colonel has employed one M^r Collins, they apprehend his [employ]ment may be attended with some detriment to them — Their [] Sobrity would justify anything I could say in their favour []t them to your own goodness and am

with utmost respect Sir Your affectionate Brother and most Obliged humble Servant

W: GAMBLE M^r. In: L:

INDORSED: Alb^y. May 3^d 1769 M^r. Gambles Letter

FROM JAMES RIVINGTON

A. L. S.

New York May 3, 1769

[Sir] William

[] Series of Embarrassments has locked [] from the world for two years past. []t length restored to Bussiness and happily []d with an excellent Wife whom I lately [ma]rried, I presume to hope I may still con[trib]ute to the laudible purpose of amu[sin]g your time at Johnson Hall with the [more] interesting occurrances of the [gr]eat World.

[M^r] O brien told me you were disgusted [wit]h my sending too many of the literary [pu]blications from England; to avoid [a rep]etition of that fault permit me to [lon of such] worthy of a place in your articles as come from [] esent few are to be mentioned, Library. Rolbertson, Author of the History of Scotland, [published his History of the fa[mous] Emperor Charles the 5th of Spain &c; You [] already have Lord Littleton's His [tory of Hen]ry the 2^d, An Octavo Edition of [1 Churchill's & a pocket Edition of [lhs are to be had with some new plays and the Annual Reg[ister] the last and] should any of these be agreable several preceding [[I will] send them up; an Historical Accoun[t of the] Campaigns in America in 2 Vol^s [] by a Captain, 1 who served under [[ef] frey Amherst from whose papers and plan[s it] is published, will be in my han[ds] soon.

The Spirit of Discontent to an un[popu]lar Administration occasions gre[at] distraction at home, The landed & C[ommer]cial Interest are opposed to each other [the] former has a large Majority in parl[iament] the latter out of doors; the want of the [] orders for Goods from hence pinch[es the] manufacturers which begets a p[] spirit amongst

¹ Captain John Knox's Historical Journal. . . 1757, 1758, 1759, and 1760.

1 have lately broke out into Riot that sett of people, [an [d in Man] chester, where some lives have been [sacri] ficed to repel it, this is a prelude to [the anar] chy which must soon be general in [the coun]ties that depend on the American trade] if the Colonists derive any relief [from com]mer-Ł cial Grievances it will be wrested from Government [1 insuperable Strugglings [] indigent and numerous] Hostilities betwixt the Otto [mans] & the Rus-Body [sians, howsoever distant [from] Albion, will notwithstanding, produce [a qu]arrell betwixt England & France, whose [lal Support are called in by the Conten[ding] parties, the former by the Czarina the [latt]er by the Sultan, our folks it seems,] treaty of Commerce, Agreed to an article in [[for furn]ishing the Muscovite with twelve [line of b]attle Ships a requisition has been [ma]de of them with a Declaration, in case [of r]efusal, that all future Commerce betwixt [the] nations shall cease. Besides, that old [ad]versary the Gaul taking advantage of our [disu]nited state avails himself of our [dis] tractions and the minister of Versailes [has] lately adopted a lofty insolent Tone [at St.] James's.

[This] is the best State I can colle[ct of our] [| Country I beg leave to submit it to [your] perspicuous Judgment and I am, [with] humble Respects to Sir John,

Sir William

Your most faithfull and most obedient Humble serv^t

IAM^s RIVINGTON

ADDRESSED: To

Sr W^m Johnson Bar^t

Johnson Hall

1

INDORSED: ſ dated May 3^d. 1769

rec^d. it 16th. Ins^t.

Ans^d. 26th May

A ROYAL ORDER

D. S.¹

At the Court at S^t. James's the 3rd day of May 1769 Present The King's most Excellent Majesty in Council.

Whereas there was this day read at the Board a Report from a Committee of the Lords of His Majesty's most Honourable Privy Council dated the 24th. of last Month, upon considering the Draught of a Grant (prepared by Mr. Attorney and Mr. Sollicitor General, from His Majesty to Sir William Johnson Baronet and his Heirs, of a certain Tract of Land on the North side of the Mohawk River, conceded and granted to him by the Indians of the six United Nations their Allies and Dependants, His Majesty taking the same into Consideration was pleased with the Advice of His Privy Council to approve of the said Draught of a Grant, (which is hereunto annexed) and to Order as it is hereby Ordered, That the Right Honourable the Earl of Hillsborough, one of His Majesty's principal Secretaries of State do cause a Warrant to be prepared for His Majesty's Royal Signature to pass a Grant under the Great Seal of Great Britain according to the said Draught.

STEPH: COTTRELL

JOHN BRADSTREET'S ACCOUNT OF HARDENBERGH'S PATENT A. D.

[*May* 4, 1769]

Hardenberghs Patent was Granted April 20, 1708. As late as in or about the year 1740, Henry Woaster of Stamford in Connecticut Survey'd Said Patent, by Order of the Patentees, as

¹ In Public Record Office, C. O. 5.26. p. 29, London, England.

far as the Popaughton,¹ and it was consider'd at that time (as M^r. Charles Webb was inform'd) that the Patent extended to the Said Popaughton and no farther. As said Woaster was on the Survey Some where about Cushy tonk, the Savages took his Compass from him & carry'd it to Esopus, and the Patentees Settled the affair with the Indians and the Survey was compleated to the Popaughton. Some time after this, Said Woaster and another Man was Employ'd by the Patentees to Run a line from the head of the Popaughton to the Mohawk Branch² which falls into the Delaware and to the head of Said Branch; and the Surveyer, took a Canoe and went down Said Branch Setting his Compass now & then to the Forks.

In or about the year 1747 Ebenczer Woaster, Brother to the Said Woaster above mention'd, was employ'd by the Patentees to divide Said Patent as far as the Popaughton and from its head to the Mohawk Branch; but for some reasons or other there was no actual Survey beyond the Popaughton although all the Lands between that & Mohawk Branch was laid by him down on the Map, as M^r. Webb was inform'd by said Woaster.

[In] 1753 The above mention'd Charles Webb [was] employ'd by Some Gentlemen in New York [] about 72,000 Acres between the Popaughton and Mohawk Branches at the End ne[] Forks, which was the first actual Survey [] of those Lands; and M^r. Webb believes w[] without having seen but one Indian du[ring] the time of his Surveying Said Lands wh[o] told him that he, the Indian, would go [] tell the Indians and drive them of. M^r. Bartholemy Vroman of Schore, aged [] years, Says,

that in the Year 1739 he was [] employ'd by One Lincy (sherriff of Albany) [] with some Indians to View the Lands betw[een] the first & Second Branches of Delaware,

¹ Pepachton, East Branch of Delaware river, W. M. Beauchamp, *Aboriginal Place Names of New York*, p. 53. Also Guy Johnson's Map, *Doc. Hist. N. Y.*, 4:660.

² West Branch of Delaware river, *Ibidem*.

a[] that he at that time heard the Indians say that Hardenberghs Patent extended to [] first Branch only and that the Lands [] between the two Branches were then unso[ld] and what Hardenberg claim'd he bough[t] from the Mehecanders or River Indians [and] not from the proper owners the Onidas [] and that the Popaughton was the pla[ce] of residence of the Indians on the first [] Branch of Delaware.

Mr. Isaac Vroman aged 56 Years, says [about the year 1740, he in Company with [] others went to] Branches of Delatake a View of the Lands on [ware and at the first [] he found Henry Woaster] Benjⁿ. Hunt & one Boss, a man w Surveyor [] the Said Woaster arm from Esopus; and while he was [sent for the Indian [s] just by the Place which was call'd ſ 1 and on their arrival he Woaster [1 to go with him to View the Land [l the head of the] was going to make a Survey of Second Branch [the Lands between the first & second Branches and that the head of the Second Branch was the Bounds of Hardenberghs Patent; upon which the Indians made answer, that the Bounds of Hardenberghs Patent extended no farther then where they then were at the first Branch and forbid Said Woaster to Survey any farther and went Home much dissatisfied: and further adds Said Woaster, then shew'd him a Map of a Survey he had made some time before of the Lands as far as the first Branch, Saying he was of Opinion that the whole of Hardenberghs Patent was already Survey'd and laid out, but that he was directed by the Patentees to make the Second Branch the Bounds. Yet he did not take the Patent in that light; but as he soon after left him the Said Woaster does not know if he Survey'd between the two Branches or not; and that the Popaughton was the place where the Indians liv'd and not the Branch. Mr. Sias Swart Aged 56, Says in the Year 1735 he was employ'd with his Waggon & Horses by Doctr. Shuckburgh to carry Baggage & Stores to the first Branch

of the Delaware and in Company with them was a Captain Borrow, who was employ'd to judge of a Mine that was about 60 Yards beyond the first Branch of Delaware, when was present [the] Indians (Onida Chiefs) nam'd Sat and [lury, who told said Swart & the [1 that all the Lands between the two Branches of Delaware was [1 Land and that Hardenberghs Pa[tent] extended to the first Branch] that the Onidas has given the River [only; [1 Indians leave to Sell so far - and Mr Swart adds, that a report was there th[at] Gov^r. Cosby had the promise of the Land between the two Branches of Delawa [re] including the] but suppose M^r. Cosbys death, Mine above Mention'd [which happen'd soon after, put an end to the Affair.

It is necessary the Onidas should let me know what they have to say in this affair and that they should send to the River Indians for all they can say of the Matter and let me know that also. I ha[ve] wrote to Col. Butler to Speak to the[m] on this Subject.

DECLARATION OF THE ESOPUS INDIANS

D.

Declaration of the Esopus Indians Viz,

- 1st That their Ancestors Sold Lands to Hardenbergh of Esopus as far as a Village of theirs call'd Pacpacton and no farther.
- 2. That all the Lands Northerly of that Village of Papacton or first Branch of Delaware belongs to the five Nations.
- 3. That many disputes happend between their Ancestors & Hardenbergh; on the latters saying the former had sold the Lands to him as far as the Second Branch of Delaware;

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and that these disputes were sometimes before the Magistrates of Esopus & committed to writing; which papers, two Years this autumn, they shew'd Sir William Johnson, who ordered Copys of them to be taken and that on their return to Esopus the present Hardenbergh ask'd them why they went to Sir William Johnsons with the papers as he had no business with them as they were Esopus Indians, and ask'd for the papers which they deliver'd him thinking no harm, which he has not returnd

4^h. Jacob Hagan Esopus Indian, Says, his father without the consent of the other Indians, sold Hardenbergh some Lands between the first & Second Branch of Delaware although he knew it belong'd to the five Nations, they farther say, when Hardenbergh had the Land [survey'd], they Survey'd it no farther than the first [branch] of Delaware & put up heaps of Stones as [] their Boundry, some of which are to [] the Indians threw into the River []

INDORSED:

L

Esopus Indians concerning the Lands the Sold to Hardenbergh

FROM JOHN JOHNSTON

A. L. S.

[Kiuga] May 4th. 1769

With my Sincear Respects to Sir William hopeing you will pardon me at this time

I am at present at Kiuga at my Arrival was Oblidged to Give them a reason for my misfortunate Departure from home and the most barbarous most Cruel treatment I received from my ungratfull women and her Confederate Friends. they one and all head men and warriours & women desired I would tarry with them as they were well aqquanted with me beged I would remain as a Smith I Being well acquanted in the art of Gun work axes hoes &c, and that Your honour was pleased to Give them Your unalterable promise to furnish them with one this Spring: this being I beleive Sir at this time the most of their Errand.

I told them as to my tarrying with them I was Very willing as it wholey depended as Your honour thought proper and that Diligently to Serve them: they thank¹: me and Said they would apply to Your honour without Delay —

I Can Sir Solemly declair that for some time past I was drove to the utmost Extreames of of dispair and that by a most Barbarous Incensed Cruel woman and Confedrate friends of the Same []etion, which realey I bleive was a formed Design [to] drive me to Excess of Ligour and had to my Sorrow [the] desired Effect I have Sir resolutely abandoned [the] same as Poyson both for Soul and Body I Cannot [1 the thoughts of it I cannot but at time [] the Ill treatment that I have undeservinly [] from her and her Children] in Clineing Each to usurp undutyafter I brought [] when I furthur think of the Untold [full [1] by some days travel Gone through as hunger Cold [] to make them happy [1 for Such [] de as in my Life I for the future of not bringing [] Since I marryed I Bleive Your honour never [] Deceitfull Set one and all of the fam [ily 1 is not [if Your Honour Should [1 Establish a Smith hear as they are in a I for the want of one as the most of them h [ave no] axes or hoes to use if Your honour Should [] of Your wonted Leinety and Goodness to] I shall make it my Study to the utmost to [1 SL Your Instructions and diligently to please [] as in my Power; I have Sir a Very Good pair [of bellows?] home which Cost me ten pounds in York w [hich] to have them the Cost] & my Brother has Left a pair at my will be Six pounds [1] me to dispose of for ten pounds all Sir I sh [house [be Some files Iron and Steal and Immed [] if Your honour is willing to Set up a Pit of [charcoal?] prepair for work and if possably I shall [] to help the People of Connutasago as it [] distance from hear I Conclude with my [1 Your honours most Obed^t, hum^{le}, Serv^t JOHN JOH[NSTON]

P. S.

Sir Prehaps I may be of Service if [] should present it Self being in [] Country I forgot the day of the month [] the Letter without date To ADDRESSED:

The Hon^{le} Sir William Johnson Ba^t.

TO JOSEPH CHEW

$Df.^1$

Johnson hall May 5th 1769

1/

I

As you are not ignorant of my business & the almost continued hurry in which I live you will readily Excuse my Omitting sometimes the Answering your Letters and you will be at the same time assured that notwithstanding it is not at all times in my power to Write you, your Correspondence is nevertheless very agreable to me & I thank you for your punctually in keeping it up & transmitting the sev¹. Articles you have done from time to time, desiring a continuance of them

Indeed I have had very little to Write from hence at least very little Satisfactory and I delayed for some time Writing in hopes that I might be able to give an Accot of Something to your advantage, which would have Yielded me real pleasure, but the plan on which the Department is now put affording no Vacancy, & nothing else as yet occurring in which I could serve you as I had Wished, I would no longer delay sending you a few Lines Altho I cannot promise for their Yielding you much [sat]isfaction.- As Matters are circumstanced I see with

¹ In handwriting of Guy Johnson.

[you] that Your Situation at N London must be very [unpleasa]nt, & Notwithstanding I can't yet Serve you [] I should be glad of an Opportunity of telling [] at present in my power [] undertake the Journey, or come by water, [] the Subject, & heartily wish I could do so []ge & my own Inclinations INDORSED: [] Letter to M^r J[]

TO THOMAS GAGE

 $Df.^1$

Johnson hall May 5th. 1769

Dear Sir/

I have had the favor of yours of the 23d ult^o and I am glad to hear that some Resolutions are likely to be taken soon respecting the Claims of Virginia, as it will direct me with regard to the Execution of his Majestys Orders which cannot safely be performed till I hear something farther on that Subject —

There is no Corn to be had on the Mohock River last Year having proved very unfavorable to that Grain, As the fund for the expences of the Department is so very scanty, there can be very little if any allowed for the purchase of provisions, Indeed the Whole Sum applied to any particular purpose would be by no means too much if the Affections and fidelity of the Indians are to be well secured.

I have perused the Extract of Colonel Bradstreets Accot^s, and do recollect that all or most of the Charges were Certified by me for the affairs of the Department, & the Transportation of provision previous to & during the Treaty at Fort Stanwix,— Since the receipt of it I have not had Sufficient Leisure to Examine it thoroughly but I recollect that Several of the persons therein mentioned were necessarily [retai] ned for the Issuing & the Care

¹ In handwriting of Guy Johnson.

of goods & provisions, bringing Grain &ca from [the] German flatts and several other Services which were [unavoida]ble If it is necessary to enquire particularly into each [] shall be done on the return of my Clerk from N York [] within a few days, I have at present only to [] always with great regard

Dear Sir &ca

INDORSED: [] To General Gage.—

FROM JOHN TABOR KEMPE

A. L. S.

[New Yor]k 5th. May 1769

I have the Honor to inclose you [the charges against] George Klock filed by Order of the Governor and Councill [in July, 1767 in] Consequence of your Letter to his Excellency of the 1 Notice of Trial for the next Circuit Court 1st of [] to you I will countermand the at Albany, tho [Notice, having nothing tha[1 but this one Cause — The Charges against him are the best [1 General Order given me by the Governor in Council, which was [1 a Common Disturber of the Peace — I have added as you will] Charges respecting his Mal Practices with the ſ] Bottom of the Paper inclosed Indians — I have [a Note of what is Barratry by our [1 it might serve as a Clue to you in collecting the necessary Proofs. 1 absolutely necessary that these General Charges should be sup-] of many Facts, and as it is impossible a ported by [Person can defend himself [] general Charges, it is equally necessary he should have timely Notice of [1 particular Facts we intend to prove against him - Will you be pleased Sir to furnish me with a List of the Facts to be proved against him, th[at I] may give his Attorney Notice, and if he had Notice sent him of them it would not be amiss — Be pleased also to inform me what Number of Subpœnas [] Tickets you may probably want for the Witnesses, and I will take care to send them, I would have sent them now but I dont know whether the Trial will now be convenient to you, and I wish to save unnecessary Expences — If you will be pleased to let your Clerk Arange the Facts to be proved, with the Witnesses Names, and the Substance of what they can each say, under each particular Head, so that I can have it when I come to Albany, it will be of very great Service, in the mean Time I must request the Note of the []

with great Respect

Sir

your most Obedient humble Servant

J. T. KEMPE.

The Circuit Court opens at Albany on Tuesday the 27th. of June next —

TO RICHARD PETERS

$Df.^1$

Johnson-hall May 5th. 1769

Dr. Sir,

I thought it very necessary to inform you that I have received advice from N England that at a Meeting of the Susquehanna Adventurers at Hartford on the 12th of last Month It was resolved that a body of 500 Horse Should forthwith move to Pennsylvania, to drive away any persons settled within what they call their Claim there, and Settle themselves on the Susquehanna. I have not heard who is to lead this Body, but I thought it not Amiss to give you the particulars which came to my hands

¹ In Library of Congress, Washington, D. C. In handwriting of Guy Johnson.

for the Governors information, as these people are so eager for Lands that it is not improbable they may put this plan into Execution, in which case a timely advice of their intentions may be of use.— I am sorry I have heard no more of the Two Young Gent you mentioned neither have I heard any thing farther of a Minister for my place or the other Missions which gives me No Small concern, as I perceive the Church is losing some Very fair opportunitys of becoming great & respectable in these parts, and in that I have expended a great deal of Money in building a Church, & Parsonage House & preparing as comfortable a place for a Missionary here as could be Expected in any part of the Country.

Pray offer my best Compliments to the Governor and be Assured that I always Am Dear Sir

> Your Affectionate friend & very humble Servt.

The Church at Conajohare is in a fair way of being soon finished to which your Kind endeavors in its behalf as M^r. Croghan tells me, will greatly contribute The REV^D. M^R PETERS

INDORSED: May 5th. 1769 To the Rev^d. M^r Richard Peters.—

FROM ANDREW TRUAX

A. L. S.

Schonectady May 5th. 1769

Sir

William Johnson

As I am Sickley And am a going to the Spring for my health I hope I Shall be Excused for not Coming to you at this time but the officers under me will wait on you in order to be qualified Who are Thomas Brower Bancker oldest Leutenant Petrus Van Der Volge youngest, And Caleb Truax Ensign, I am Respectfully

> Your Most Humble Ser¹ ANDREW TRUAX

ADDRESSED: To

Sir

William Johnson

at

Johnson Hall

FROM DANIEL BURTON

A. L. S.¹

Abingdon street, Westminister, May 8th 1769

Sir,

I have received the favour of your letter of the 10th of December last, & am desired to give You the strongest assurances. that the Society have the most grateful sense of your very obliging attention to their affairs in general, & particularly of your very generous offer of a large & valuable tract of land in America, to enable them to carry on their pious designs. Our President, the Arch Bishop has deliverd a Memorial concerning this matter to Lord Hilsborough to have his opinion & direction about presenting a petition to his Majesty for the grant of the said lands: And I have deferred returning an answer to your letter for some time, in hopes of being able to give a more full & satisfactory answer concerning the success of It: I have not yet received any further instructions; But think it my duty to acquaint You with what has been done, least we should seem chargeable with inattention to an affair of that great importance, or of disrespect to so generous a friend & Patron, as You evidence yourself to be.

¹ In New York Historical Society, New York City.

The Society having hopes, that no Obstructions will be thrown in their way, desire that You will be pleased in the mean time to send a description of the lands to be applyed for.

We are very willing to allow a Salary of £25 per annum to a School-master among the Mohawks, & hope You will be able to procure a worthy & good man for that department.

The Purchase of M¹⁵ Barclay's house & farm being now completed, the disposal of it is entirely left to Ycu, to apply to such uses, as you shall think most proper & conducive to the purposes intended: And I am desired to inform You, that the Society will be ready to concur in every measure, that You shall think proper & recommend, as far as their abilities will enable them.

I am with the most sincere respect

Your most Obedient

& very humble Servant

D BURTON

To S^R W^M JOHNSON Bar^t.

FROM JOHN WETHERHEAD

A. L. S.

New York the 8th May 1769

[The acco]ount Mr Adams has given me of your Indisposition for some [time] past, has really given me a great deal of Concern — That you [wo]ud Suffer your Health to waste away in the Manner you do & [lin]ger out your Life in pain & Misery, when by a little Alluviation from Business, Change of Air & gentle Exercise you might be very greatly relieved — is very astonishing to me — for God's sake have you made a Vow to Sacrifice yourself & all the Comforts you ought to enjoy at your Time of Life to the Ease & Happiness of the Indians? I very well know the Dilicacy of your Sentiments on that Head — but pray Sir William have you not people enough about you to take Care of them in your Absence — certainly They woud take a

very particular Pleasure in exerting themselves on an Occasion So much for the Advantage of all your Connections as that of preserving your Health & Life - I am afraid of being thought impertinent, but I coud wish it was in my Power to prevail on you to take a Jaunt to Shrewsberry for a while - I'm certain you woud almost immediately find the Advantage of it --- The beautifull Situation of the Place, with the Amusements of Fishing & fowling, which No place on this Continent is better calculated for, woud make your Time pass pleasantly & woud make you Use Such gentle Exercise as may be necessary for you. without being plagued with more Company than yourself woud Chuse — Give me Leave therefore Sir to prevail on you to try the Experiment & come down as Soon as you Can with Convenience to yourself & if you Shoud resolve to do So, wch I will flatter myself will be the Case - I must insist upon your being at my House, where I Assure you Sir you Shall meet with a Cordial Welcome — I live in an Airy pleasant part of the Town & have Rooms to Spare for you without the least Inconvenience to myself or family during your Stay here - & Shall think it my Duty to do every [thing] in my Power to contribute to your Comfort & Happiness — do let [me hear] from you on this Head & in the mean time Assure yourself [that I am] with great Truth & Sincerity

Sir your most Obliged Hble Servant JOHN WETHERHEAD

ADDRESSED: To

remem]berd

I

I

The Honorable Sir William Johnson Bar^t Johnson Hall

₩ Favour of M^r Adams

1

FROM JOHN BRADSTREET

A. L. S.¹

Albany 10^h. May 1769.

Sir

I have had some of the Esopus Indians with me, and take the liberty of enclosing You their declaration. They say Colonel Class Copy'd their papers — as I dont expect to come at the original ones, I beg you will be so good to desire the Colonel to try to find them if he Copy'd them.

M^r. Shuckburgh is here & confirms in a great measure Swarts declaration.

The Assembly have not as Yet granted the money for finishing the Survey, but it was still expected they would.

The Corporation have dropt their intended Petition for a New Charter as Colonel Renselar & others were going to enter Caveats against it on Account of Ferrys.

By the last Accounts from Home, there are great discontent & confusion; I wish it was well over or ended.

I sincerly wish You health & happyness being

Sir

Your Most Obedient

&

very humble Servant

JNº BRADSTREET

SIR WILLIAM JOHNSON, Bart.

INDORSED: Co¹. Bradstreets Letter with an Enclosure Dated 10th. May 1769 rec^d. 15th. & Ansrd. 17th. Inst. ———

¹ In the New York Public Library, New York City.

FROM NORMAND MACLEOD

A. L. S.

[Niagara May 10, 1769]

acquaint you [

] As to the News from

1

] particulars in the enclos] last winter been Saying that the] were very bad and that they were ł 1 Indians espetially the Messisagas, have such] as they are fondest of not to proceed to ad [vised] Merchts. at Detroit desiring all Detroit [their boats to [stop] of their intending not to go farther than Fort Erie. 1 the Carrying place between twenty and thirty Boats who are [1 the above mentioned Fort. It is reported from the Miamis [la body of Shawanese is arrived there with a great nomber [1 which they say they are to live upon during the time they 1 Detroit, whither things will turn out as bad as F reported at Detroit [I know] not, but this I know that the stoping of the boats will make [trad 3?] uneasy, as at the Season for Trade the Indⁿ. goods will be [1 at Detroit.

I formerly had the pleasure of acquainting you with [1 atongot a Seneca Chief Said about the Shawanese and [1 if they strick against us things will turn out as he told me Ther is a Chief of the Senecas of Geneseeo Call'd Se.vou.wal 1 I have always had great dependance, and as he has been late] the Shawanese, I have Sent Mr. Decouaigne for him ſ in order [to] bring him in here in hopes that he will tell me the] if he is not at the Castle Decouaigne has orders whole [to bring in [] or As,con,she,an of whom I also have a good Opinion, and [from] whom I expect to hear all the News amongst them. I ho [pe] some of them will be here in eight or nine days, when I ha [ve] spoke to him or them I will immediately leave this place, if [L

L

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I

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]

] Verchere¹ may have [

MonItreal was dated in October] been amongst the above mentioned] Chabiere has brought up all the flour In] for what end he knows best but it that [can't [1

] or Nanebeaujou the Chippawa Chief that ſ] sent him by the Shawanese is not yet come promised [according to pro mise] word that he'll be here in a few days, if he is not, he is certainly [1 Grande Riviere to Catch the boats going for Detroit he was [1 that began the last Indian War, if he comes in Soon and loo[ks suspicious] I have some thoughts of inviting him to your House.] you will be kind enough to secure me the money that I payed for [Couai]gne the sum is now £148..1..0 which if you do not be good enough [] me I will certainly lose it which would be too great a loss for So poor [1 as a $\frac{1}{2}$ pay C. L^t.

The Sutlers Servant at Fort Erie has Just informed me that two [or three days ago] he was told by a favorite Indian that the Indians on the south [ern] Side Lake Erie (meaning the Shawanese, Delawars and Ohio Senecas [) were making ready their death Hammers, he then desir'd the man] His Name on a piece of paper and give it him to [] Says the Indian, I am not which the man did, no to be of the party that is to take Fort Erie but this paper I will give to one of my Friends who is to be of the party and you must immediately go with him when he shows you this paper with your Name on it, he will use you well and not kill you,] take you prisoner, but Says the Indian you but [must not tell one word of what I say to any of the great Men either here or at Niagara, This] Speech don't mean

¹ A former French officer, later an interpreter for the English at Detroit.

peace. M¹⁵. MacLeod Joins me in best respects to you with Comp¹⁵. to Rodecaughke the Farmer I Am Sir

> Your Most Obedient Humble Servant Nor^D MAC LEOD

TO JAMES ADAIR

In the Johnson Calendar, p. 424, is listed a letter of May 10th to James Adair, consenting to the dedication of a book to Johnson, with subscriptions. (Printed in *Doc. Hist. N. Y.* 4:415-16; Q, 4:260-61.)

TO HENRY MOORE

$Df.^1$

Johnson hall May 11th. 1769

[DEAR SI]R

I am Just favored with your Excellencys Letter of the 23^d ult^o. before which I received and Answered M^r Livingstons Letter with the Dedimus Potestatem which you was pleased to Order, & which from its Tenor will be a Saving of much Trouble & Expence to the Militia Officers both now & hereafter,

I am much obliged to you for the honor you intend to conferr on my recommendation of some persons for the Magistracy, and I shall on all such occasions act with that caution & prudence of Choice necessary to merit the continuance of your favor & approbation As I am with perfect Truth & Esteem

Sir

[SIR HENRY] MOORE

INDORSED: [] To Sir H Moore Bart.

¹ In handwriting of Guy Johnson.

FROM BENJAMIN ROBERTS

[Sir]

[Your] favor of the 24 Ult^o. I rec^d. the 8th on my Arrived here, it [made me] much more happy to find I had not forfeited your Esteem [than if It h]ad been an Order to reinstate me in my Office it came just [time eno]ugh to bear up my Spiritt under the disagreeable Situation I am [now in] Surrounded by Enemies & threatned with assassination

My Letters were detained in Montreal by M^r. Goddard who was told [I was] on my Way up & I was waiting in Expectation of them at Quebeck [that] I might there decide what Course to take

I sent some Letters by Colonel Prevost inclosing the regulations [ma]de here & advising you of my Draft for £100 York payable at the [hou]se of John Weatherhead.

The day before yesterday I waited on Colonel Jones to let him Know of [my] Arrival. I there saw Rogers. I left the house first. He Overtook me [about] 200 yards from the House he asked me how I did & then told me [he wa]nted to Speake to me. he had in his right hand a Stick with a Dart in [it, and a] long Spike in the feril, with which he Opposed my going farther [and aske]d me if I would give him Satisfaction for bribing Potter to Swear [his life] Away. I told him when he was at Liberty I would make him [give me] Satisfaction for the ill usuage I had received from him a Mackinak. [He said] he had a Case of pistols in his pocket under his Coat & catched hold to [them,— said] I must immediately take one & fire it in the Street with him. [I answered] I would Chuse my Own Arms & place that the people were beginning [to

¹ Burned portions supplied from *Journals of Major Robert Rogers*, ed. F. B. Hough, for a part of this letter.

gather and if he] was a Brave man he would not Speak loud or we [would be hindered. He] asked me to meet him at the Mill outside the [Recollect Gate. I told h] im I would at 5 the next morning but he desired it [should be at 10 o'clock] & alone. I said I could not trust myself to such [a man, who I heard had] neither honor or Courage, he made use of [many invectives. I asked him] Smiling what became of all that Valour [when he and I was on a footing, and he] acknowledged himself a Coward & [begged my pardon. He told me he'd blow my] brains out & not give me [any fair chance for my life, for he'd kill me whenever he could. I all along could not forbear laughing, to see how he trembled, fumbling under his coat] with One hand for his pistols & with the O[ther shaking his stick. He was pale] as death with his teeth Gnashing, I desired him not to [oppose my going about my] business says he do you laugh in my face he put his hand [to my face] & threatned to pull my nose. I told him he had better [let this alone that if I] Had my Sword on or even he thought my Limbs as Strong [as his, he would not] dare to insult me, but that he was now very Brave with hi[s pistols and a spear against] a Naked man, he went of & I went to Mr. Goddard & prov[ided myself; but] somebody hearing he had been twice to look for me at my Lodging ['s and that he stop'd] me in the Street let M^r. Frobisher, who is my Friend know of [it and he told Colonel] Jones, who sent for Rogers & threatned to put him in Close c[onfinement if he] did not give his Word & honor he would neither give nor re [ceive a chalenge] from me, or insult me in Any wise. he sent the Town Major [to me to exact] my promise threatning to put me in Arrest if I refused it. I pro[mised I would not] accept of or Send him a Challenge, the next morning I went to [the ground at the] hour, but he was not there, I was told he was Walking the Ramp[arts However he] gave Out he had pulled my nose & made me go down on my [knees in the street] to promise I would go Out with him that he had been in the Field & [I did not appear that] now he would give me no fair play for my

life; I went to Colonel [Jones yesterday and] told him the affair he said he had before witnesses made Roge[rs give his word of honor] he would not go in my way, that twas I that insulted him [as he was walking by] my door. I desired he might keep the other side of the Street, [that he was a Rascal] he Answered twas as free for him as for me & called me [a puppy and that I challenged him].

Think how disagreeable my Situation oblidged to car [ry pistols in my pocket and be] on my Guard against A man who Colonel Jones won [t believe carrys arms, notwithstanding] all that is said every body seem prepossessed in his favor, [What then can I expect, if any] Accident should happen

I have received a Letter dat 24 Apl from General [Sir Guy Carleton?] he finds Ainse's presecution was Mali[cious reinstate him at Michilim ackinac] if he thinks him] What he shall Chuse to take upon an Object, w himself to [] till now been at a great loss not Knowing ſ Potter?] & also another I brought what to do about [down. I have had him all the Winter [lork p^r day. they were both promised to be taken back again. I Oblidged to take them back again at my Expence which I think 1 hard as I now have nothing but a Chance for my Ł half pay. a little [] to take me up & there discharged Costs me £60 S6. Could I have kept the [of Commissary or Agent without medling with traders or Indians led have procured me respect, but I am not] I should find that Johnson instructed what to do has made any Expence in my absence [l it is to be paid or what is to be done with the Tools &^c. 1 shall set off in a few days sell off my Baggage & return as quick as [1 & hope the have the pleasure of seeing you in July.

[I] am very much Oblidged to you for your offer of including me in [] purchase. as the utmost of my wishes was always to have a retreat [in your] Neighbourhood, I should be much oblidged to you also, if a location [] be had for my half pay Land, the Governor promised me a place [New] England Land that is joined y^r province

The Indians are beginning to be very troublesome many] them that we are going to abandon report spread [the Country to the French [1 Situation of my affairs would allow me to Stay below. I would not [| Voyage. As the Governor here has not yet undertaken Any [the Expence of Indian Affairs nor can I hear has [] thing. I fancy a little time may make things revert] there is nothing so disagreeable as when a man [] bring things to regular Course, & has been at [all at a sudden a Stop put to him & [1 nothing I remain With the most [1 Welfare 1 humble Servant

[Benjamin Roberts]

INDORSED: Montreal 11th. May 1769 Lt. Robert's Letter —

FROM SAMUEL STRINGER

A. L. S.

Albany 11th. May 1769

I have just time to acquaint you that, tomorrow [wee]k since I sent off the Battoes with the Corn, which [1 there in small parcells, but good, & sent a young [livles with me to see them clear of the Carrying [place between] Fort Edward & the Lake. I gave him [] provide at the necessary places, cariages, [lev the whole at one trip)] I sent from here, so that they together with three []. I hope they will by tomorrow [might [1 the place they are to stop at after [1 as the Charge of the Boats, goes [M^r Vander]heyden, to send the Indians

[], the best method, as their [] to Montreal woud be [] them have as far to []

ADDRESSED: To

Sir William Johnson Bar^t. at Johnson Hall

TO WILLIAM GAMBLE

 $Df.^1$

Johnson hall May 12th. 1769

I am favored with yours concerning the admission of David Smith into the Ineffable Lodge [and] have been always of opinion that we should as far as in us Lay endeavor to keep up the body by the admission of the Most respectable persons we could find, but the Character you have given of the Candidate & the Information I have had that March & Batchellor intend going to the West Indies Induce me to give my Suffrage for the petitioner *Smith* who I hope will approve himself a worthy Brother.—

I have recommended the Two Brothers you Mention to L^t Prevost, and shall do the same to Col Croghan, that when they have done Working at Conajohare where they now are, he may employ them if he has any business in their Way, & I shall be glad to serve them as [much] as Lies in my power,

I am with great Regard

FROM THE EARL OF HILLSBOROUGH

In the Johnson Calendar, p. 424, is listed a letter of May 13th from the Earl of Hillsborough, at Whitehall, informing that the King will accept the cessation of lands south of the Ohio below the Kanawa, fixes the Virginia line near the Kanawa, delays action on the Indian grants to

¹ In handwriting of Guy Johnson.

traders and to Mr Croghan and desires Johnson to reconcile the Indians to the new plan of managing trade. (printed in *Doc. Hist. N. Y.* 2:938-39; Q, 2:543-44 and *Doc. rel. to Col. Hist.* N. Y. 8:165-66.)

FROM HUGH WALLACE

A. L. S.

[New York, May 15, 1769]

Dear Sir

I had the favour of y[our letter of January 25th] which I delayed answering, hoping [____] Your Accounts being passed that [___] have had an order for the Bills on [____drawn by] Cap' Spicemaker, I hope I shall now [__] receive your order for that Sum, so its [___] Consequence to me to get rid of the Person [____] from whom I had the Bills & who tea[ses] me every day about them —

You'll no doubt hear that Col^o Schuyler & M^r. Walton went out with Pistolls but did no more, as Friends interposed — Col^o Schuyler has been much more moderate this Session than last — The Delancy Interest prevails in the house greatly, & they have give y^e Livingston Interest prooff of it, by dismissing P: Livingston [] the House, as a non resident its said he will be returned again & again, & so become another Wilkes []

[]^y fancy in a manner [] but it wont pass. now [] in Albany County & a Bridge o [ver] brought in & strongly supported by [Schu]yler — as its reckoned a private Jebb —

I am greatly obliged to you fur y^r. kind [] in regard to Lands. & heartily thank you [] the 2000 Acres got for me near Lord Holland [] should be glad to have the Deed & Cost of it, that [I mi]ght pay you — & if you think it worth my while to have 2000 Acres of the Lands in the rear of your Estate, please lett it be made out for me, & located in a goed Spott — Nothing new here of any kind — You'll see Letters of Gen¹ Gage & Gov^r Bernards published,¹ will do neither honor — the the latter has the honor of a Baronett.

My Compl^{ts} to all your family I am w^h sincere Regard D^r Sir

Y^r. most obed Serv^t

Hugh Wallace

SIR WILL JOHNSON Bar^t. Johnson Hall.

FROM JOSEPH CHEW

A. L. S.

Hartford May 16th. 1769

I have been Some days from New London [] in the Course of my Tour fell in here at the General Ellection, where there has been a Remarkable dispute between the Council and Assembly in the choice of a Lieu^t. Governor there not being any one properly Voted for by the freeman — after three days debate they have appointed M^r. Trumbull² the [for]mer Deputy Governor — the Letters from the [Sec]retary of State M^r Johnson the Colony agent in [Lon]don are to be Read this day, if I Can Collect any [thi]ng worth informing you of, will let you know it [] the next post.

Mason³ who has had the dispute [with] the Colony in behalf of the Mohigan Indians [late]ly arrived from London with Orders from the [Solicitor] of the Treasury to the Board of Commissioners [to ass]ist him with money and direct their [minis]ter to put his papers Witnesses &ca in proper [] for which purpose he arrived at New London the [] fore I left it — and it is said that Mason as [soon as] these Affidavits &ca are taken and the Case [is sta]ted is directly to Return to Eng-

¹ See Narrative and Critical History of America, note, 6:84.

² Jonathan Trumbull.

³ John Mason. See Collections of the Connecticut Historical Society, Pitkin Papers, 19:177–78, 274–76. For Mohegan case, Idem, p. 300 (Index).

allarms our Pious Gentry Very much & [land [1 limits to Mason and his friends [] the Customs inform'd me that [four regiments are] Expected from England at Hallyfax Every day — that one of those [] go to New Port — the other three being [] to keep good orders in the great Town inclosed is A part of an [paper which I believed might not be a miss I] vou --- it will make Me Extreemly Happy [] Hear from you and know the state of your Health which God Almighty in his] Grant may be perfectly Restored — M^{rs} infinite [1 the Little Boy and Girl were pretty well when Chew [Ι[1 New London I am sure their best Respects and] are always Offer'd to and for you and I am w Respectfully and truely m Dear sir Your most O[1 Most H[1 Jos CH[EW]

the select men of the Town of Boston have prottested against General M^c Kay for not marching the troops out of the Antient Town before their General Election —

ADDRESSED: To The Hon^{ble}. Sir William Johnson Bar^t. Johnson Hall

TO JOHN BRADSTREET

Df.

Johnson Hall May 17th. 1769

I have had the favour of Yours of the 10th Cur^t. with the Inclosure delivered to me the 15th. by Doctor Shuckburgh with whom I had a good deal of discourse on the Subject of the dispute between you & Hardenbergh, & I think there are some Anecdotes worthy Notice, I shall mention one, Viz^t. His being present in 1734 when the Chiefs of Scoharee Seth & Hance Ury &ca Summoned the Esopus or Delawares to a Meeting, & told them that if ever they attempted to Sell any Lands Westward of Catskill Hills they would destroy them, or in their own Words hunt them up like Deer. I think it would not be amiss to talk with him on the Subject, [Wh]en many more things might occur to him.

A few Days ago I had the Chiefs of the Mohawks [here] with whom I spoke on that Subject they seemed [unacqua]inted therewith, Except one called *White Hance* [who said] that he had always heard, that from the Head [of the Delawa]re (which comes from a little Lake called [Pepachton?]) to the Westward was the property of [] that the Delawares had no right over [] by his Description must be the Paupaghton Branch, this Man is []

I have this Moment examined a B l who is reckoned sensible. His Father was the [1 Oneida called Aguiota & their Oracle in all mat [ters] I expected to have heard something material from [] disapointed. for he knows no more about it, than to [his Father often say that the Lands on the East Side was the property of the River Indians or Delawares Thomas King at Home He would readily go to, & S[peak to] them River Indians &ca about it & clear up the Aff [air.] very knowing that way I have] Subject some few years ago, & heard him talk larg declare in the warm [est] that his Nation the Oneidas were] from the East Branch of Delaware the right owners [] of it to whom they pleased, but he is Westwards & [not returned fr [om the] Cherokee Country whither He & others escorted [the deputies] of that Nation last year.- I do not] Coppys to be taken of them papers which recollect [the [Esopus Indians] shewed me Except the Article of Agree

 ment be[tween
] General Nicols which were falling to

 pieces [
] also Coppied, I shall have them looked

 for [
] to you. I wish you Success, & am tru[

 [
]

sir

FROM JOHN STEVENSON

A. L. S.

Albany 18th. May 1769

I am favoured with Yours of the 11th. Ins^t. by M^r. Wemp and according to your Order send you the Bill inclosed of the Iron, Steel and Files Sent by him the Files I bought not haveing any of my own

My Brother desires his best respects to you I am

Sir

Your Most Obed¹.

and Humble

Serv^t

JOHN STEVENSON

ADDRESSED:

To

The Honourable Sir William Johnson Baronett att

Johnson Hall

PLAN FOR INDIAN TRADE

D.

[New York, May 19, 1769]

That this Colony impose a Duty of one Shilling Currency per Gallon on all Rum or distilled Liquor sold at Niagara, (and three per Cent on all dry Goods sold at Niagara) and Detroit. That the Colonies of Pennsylvania and Quebec do the like —

That the Duties arising on all Goods sold at either of the

above Places, be applied for supporting of the Trade there, in such manner as shall be directed by Acts of this Colony —

That the Colony of Quebec impose a Duty of 'on all Rum or distilled Liquor sold at Carrilon, and a Duty of ' per Cent on all dry Goods sold at Carrilon, Missilimackinack and any other Post where there is a Garrison

That the Colonies of Pennsylvania and New York pass a like Act

That the Duties arising on all Goods sold at either of the above places or $\mathfrak{P} \mathfrak{P}$ such other Post where there is a Garrison be applied for supporting the Trade there, in such manner as shall be directed by the Colony of Quebec.

That the Colony of Pennsylvania [im]pose a Duty of ¹ per Gallon on all [Rum] or other distilled Liquor sold at Pittsburgh [and a] Duty of ¹ per Cent on all dry [Goods] sold at Pittsburgh, Illinois or any [other] Post where there is a Garrison [] Colonies of Quebec and New York pass a like Act

That the Duties [arising from] sold at either of the above places [] place or post where there is a [Garrison be] applied for supporting the Trade [in] such manner as shall be directed [by the] Colony of Pennsylvania —

That an Act be passed by [each of] the three mentioned Colonies to prohib[it Rum] or other distilled Liquor being carrie[d any] farther than Niagara, Pittsburgh an [d] (excepting a certain allowance to the [traders] and their Servants for their own use) [and these] Acts provide for one or more Commiss[ioners for] each of said Colonies, with whom all [such traders] shall enter their Goods, and give Secur[ity for] paying the Duties, that such comm[issioners or] Commissioner in the Colony of New York [shall] transmit all the Duties he receives [from] Traders going to Trade at any of [the posts] under the

¹ Blank in the original.

direction of Pennsylvania [or Quebec] to the Commissioners or Commissi[oner of said] Colonies —

That the Commissi[oners of Quebec] and Pennsylvania do the [] to New York and to each [other.]

Friday 19th. of May 1769

The House resolv'd — that they will Make [prov]ision to enable his Excell^y. to defray the Expence [of] keeping one Interpreter & two Smiths at Niagara [and] Detroit untill the first day of Jan^y. next, provided [the] whole Expence does not exceed £150.

FROM JOHN LONEY

A. L. S.

[May] the 20 in the year 1769

Sir william Johnson Bearnot with L [] unworthy servant am now oblidge to [trou]ble your honour because I Cannot help [myse]lf I heave lede all the monney out for [leather?] that I had now I Come to you honour [] begg that your honour would help me with [] small trifel that I geave least

[[] shillings for seamer fennel] the french man shoues	£2 0	86 11 90
[V		£3	86
[I our]	unworthy servan JOHN LONEY paid	2	18 –
		£	10 6

ACCOUNT OF POSTAGE

	A. D. S.
[1769] between 1 May 1768 & 21 May

		New Yo	rk Cu	rren	су
[Colonel] Croghan		18: 5:10			
	191.8				
	266. –				
	37.8				
	4.16				
	14. –				
	6.16				
	9.8				
	4.16				
		dwt ^s G ^s			• •
Packets	65.8	5998 at 3 ^d sterling is	£12	16	10
Colonel Claus					
Letters	6.16				
	26.16				
	9.8				
	3.8				
	3.8				
	20. –				
	4.16				
	13.8				
	9.8	Just			
	12 9	dw ^t 110 at 3 ^d sterling is	£2	7	2
	12.0	TTO at 3 ^e sterling is	2.2	/	4

Colonel Johnson Letters 3.8 17.8 6.16 3.8 6.16 14. -4.16 dwt Gs 5.8 61..8 at 3^d sterling is £1 6 3 I] 1768 June 27th John [] d^{wt} G^s 1769 May 15th Walter Grace a Letter 8.16 [1 JNº. MONIER A separate memorandum on verso

 6 Calf Skins 6 [⊕] 2 d°. 1 Kip Skin 1 Cow Skin 1 Cow Side 1 Kip 1 D°. a parcel of p^s. 	£1 16 - 10 12 8 15 9 16 5
6 Dollars for Alb ^y . leather	£5 11 2 8 12

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FROM JOSEPH CHEW

A. L. S.

New London May 22^d. 1769

On my Return from Hartford I found [your] kind Letter of the 5th of may and wish [that I] was master of words to make you a proper acknowledgement for your great goodness & regard for me while I Live & I hope my Family after me will in word and deed never forget you [I] hope to have the pleasure and happiness [of] seeing you well at Johnson Hall About [thre]e weeks from this time — am Very sorry [the] trees had not got] well put up I think there is to hand thoh they were [no danger [but] they will Live They were shipt the [1 of April by one Jones who alter'd his [voya]ge and it was 10 davs before I knew [] inclosed is the Rece^t. Cap^t Caulkins gave [to] him who Left this the Very day with [1 wind for New York

You will by this post Receive [the Bo]ston papers for the 1 on Accot. of my Absense in last Fortnight that [] is a New London paper with [Col. Croghans] the [& M^r. Wetherheads Advertisem^t. 1 the most August House of assembly [1 Connecticut about the time I] Uncas the Indian sachem [lerally. assembly dispatched two of their members [1 Condole with the Indians and as [sist in the choice?] of a new sachem ¹] the Opposite Interest to Masons with a design to [] Indians Could not be Brought into it party] they did no see any great Benefit they [1 I from the last — Ocum² Talk't to them [own way that the Children of Israel did [] without a king as with one and that Everv [] Family had no use for one I am infor[med that all] the Indians Except three were for Masons [] the Case and upon the Commiss¹⁵ from

¹ The missing word may be "strengthen" or "support."

² Samson Occum, missionary.

[the assembly] Charging them with Ingratitude and telling [them that] they would not have had an Inch of Land [if the Colony had not interfer'd, and taken it out of [1 the Indians said it was Very true but wh[at] was it to them if the Colony keep it thems [elves.] one of them said if he should his] Neighbours Cow in the mire and pull her by Chance [[out, he] Supposed it was a kind action but did [not 1 the Cow would belong to him because he [saved her] Life what the] but believe it will not be assembly will say to [Very agreable [] day going to hartford and if there] will advise you — M^{rs} Chew beg[s l her] Contain are for your best Respects and all the wish [health and h [appiness] with great Respect]

The Hon^{ble} SIR WILL^M. JOHNSON

ADDRESSED: To

The Honnourable Sir William Johnson Bar¹. Johnson Hall

[Received of] Joseph Chew two Bundles of trees one Box and [one pa]per Bundle directed to the Hon^{ble.} Sir William [John]son Bar^t. and one paper Bundle for John Wetherhead [] all which the Danger of the Seas Excepted I promise to deliver to the said Jn^o. Witherhead Esq^r in New [Yor]k he paying freight for the Same According to [cus]tom — New London April 20th. 1769

SAMUEL CALKINS

[1 Bu]ndle of Fruit Trees Mailed

 [1 Bu]ndle of Willow Do & Directed

 [1 Box]

 [1 paper] Bundle

 W^m Johnson

 Bar^t.

 [1 paper] Bundle for John Wetherhead Esq

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FROM NORMAND MAC LEOD

A. L. S.

Niagara 22^d May 1769

The Vessel is arrived from Detroit and [] that the Indⁿ. alarum is subsided and that all is [q]uietness again, the inhabitants have built a Small [fort the] other side of the River oposite to the old Fort [Cap^t.] Trumbull has given them two piece of Cannon. [I am] recovering from my Ague and hope to leave this in [day]s

> I am Sir

> > Your Most Obedient and Most Humble Ser^t.

> > > NOR^D. MAC LEOD

ADDRESSED:

On His Majesty's Service

To

The Hon^{ble}. Sir William Johnson Bar^t. &^{ca}, &^{ca}. &^{ca}.

at .

Johnson Hall

WARRANT FOR THE ROYAL GRANT

D. S.¹

May 22^d, 1769

(Begins:) Our Will and Pleasure is that you prepare a bill for our Royal Signature to pass our Great Seal of Great Britain in the words or to the effect following vizt.

(The grant is then quoted²)

¹ In Public Record Office, C. O. 324,42. p. 118, London, England. ² See *infra*.

 (Ends:) And for so doing this shall be your warrant.
 Given at our court of St James's the 22^d. day of May 1769 In the ninth year of our reign.
 By His Majesty's

Command.

HILLSBOROUGH.

To our ATTORNEY and SOLICITOR GENERAL

Patent Rolls.

(The same grant is enrolled on the Patent Rolls. 9th George III under date of 8 June.)

A DRAFT OF A GRANT

D. S.¹

May 22^d, 1769

George the third by the Grace of God of Great Britain France and Ireland King Defender of the Faith &c To all Men to whom these present Letters Patent shall come Greeting Whereas by a certain Grant or Deed Poll bearing date on or about the 27th day of December in the year of Our Lord one thousand seven hundred and sixty. Brant alias Araghijvadeeka and divers others Native Indians calling themselves Sole and absolute Proprietors of Conajohare in the County of Albany and Province of New York in Consideration of the Love Goodwill and Regard which they had and bore towards their Affectionate Brother and Friend the Honourable Sir William Johnson alias Warraghüyagey of the Mohawks Country in the County of Albany and Province of New York aforesaid Baronet as well as in Justice and gratitude to him for the many welltimed Supplies and Credit he had formerly given to their people many of whom being Dead since and those living unable to make him a proper recompence any other way for and in the Name of their most Gracious Sover-

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¹ In Public Record Office, C. O. 5.26. p. 31, London, England.

eign King George the Second Did Give Grant and Confirm and for ever Quit Claim unto the Said Sir William Johnson Baronet George St. Cheap James Rogers Dennis Madden, John Johnson William Johnson Peter Fiax Michael Russell Wilhellmus Russell Paul Reiter Philip Hendrick Klyne, John Spangenburgh Lucas Veder, Lawrence Eman Michael Gallenger Matthias Link Hem Ury Creet George Ham George Ham Junior Peter Cooley John Johnson Peter Service Christopher Service Francis Rupert Adam Rupert Hannis Wert Anndreas Snyder Conradt Creitzburger Conradt Smith Jonathan French Jacob Pickle Hannis Wolf Barlet Augustus Eikler Jacob Sefer, Johannis Alt Bastain Steenmyer Stephen Hipp George Hipp Peter Frederick and their Associates All Inhabitants of the Mohawks Country his and their Heirs and Assigns for ever All that Tract or parcel of Land situate lying and being on the North side of the Mohawk River near to the Conajohare Castle and beginning at the North Westerly Corner of the Rear Line of a patent or Tract of Land purchased by the late Tiddy Mc Gin and others and lately Surveyed by his Widow Sarah Mc Gin which Corner or beginning is on the Bank of a Creek or Kill called by the Indians Dekayowaronwe and about thirteen Miles from the Mohawk River which Creek falls into the said Mohawk River about 200 vards below Fort Hendrick or Conajohara Castle thence running from the said North Westerley Corner of the said M^c Gins Rear Line North fifty Eight West to the West Bank of another Creek or Kill called by the Indians Devoghtoraron by the Christian Canada Kill at Burnets Field from thence down along the west side of the said Creek or Kill to the Lands patented by the White people so down to the Mohawks River then round the several Tracts of Land already patented within the above mentioned two Creeks and taking in all the Vacant Land between the said two Creeks from the Rear Line guite to the Mohawk River as described on the Back of the said Deed by the Indians themselves to prevent any Disputes containing about Eighty thousand Acres with all the woods underwoods Trees Timber Feedings Pasture Meadows

Marshes Swamps ponds pools Ways Passages Water Watercourses Rivers Rivulets Runs and Streams of Water also All the Mines Minerals or Ore of what kind soever standing growing being or to be found in or upon any part or parcel thereof and all other the Heredits and Appurtenances to the said Tract and parcel of Lands belonging or in any wise appertaining And the Reversion and Reversions Remainder and Remainders Rents Issues and Profits thereof and of every part and parcel thereof and All the Estate Right Title Interest Property Possession Claim and demand whatsoever of them and each and every of them either in Law or Equity of in and to the aforesaid Tract or parcel of Lands or any parcel thereof To Have and to Hold the said Tract or Parcel of Land and all and singular other the premises aforesaid with their and every of their Hereditaments and Appurtenances given granted and Released as aforesaid unto their Trusty and Welbeloved Friend the Honourable Sir William Johnson Baronet and Associates his and their Heirs and Assigns to and for his and their Sole Use and only proper use Benefit and Behoof for ever Absolutely without any manner of Condition Now Know Ye that We for and in Consideration of the Faithful Services rendered unto us by the said Sir William Johnson and of Our Grace and Favor and Meer Motion have given granted Ratified and Confirmed and by these presents Do for Us Our Heirs and Successors Give Grant ratify and Confirm unto the said Sir William Johnson and his said Associates his and their Heirs and Assigns for ever All that the said Tract and parcel of Land and all and singular other the premises Described or Comprized in the said recited Grant with their and every of their Rights Members and Appurtenances with all the Woods Underwoods Trees Timber Feedings Pastures Meadows Marshes Swamps Ponds Pools Ways Passages Waters Watercourses Rivers Rivulets Runs and Streams of Water Also all the Mines Minerals or Ore of what kind soever being or to be found in and upon any part or parcel thereof And all other the Hereditaments and Appurtenances to the said

Tract and parcel of Lands belonging or in any wise appertaining and the Reversion and Reversions Remainder and Remainders Rents Issues and profits thereof and of every part and parcel thereof And all the Estate Right Title Interest Property Possession Claim and Demand whatsoever of us Our Heirs and Successors of in and to the aforesaid Tract or parcel of Lands or any part thereof To Have Hold and Enjoy the said Tract and parcel of Land and all and singular other the premises aforesaid with their and every of their Appurtenances, unto the said Sir William Johnson and his said Associates his and their Heirs and Assigns To and for the only proper Use and behoof of him the said Sir William Johnson and his said Associates His and their Heirs and Assigns for ever Yielding and Paying therefore unto Us Our Heirs and Successors two Beavers Skins to be delivered at Our Castle of Windsor on the First day of January in every Year And Also the Fifth part of all Gold and Silver Ore which shall from time to time be found upon the said Tract or parcel of Land Clear of all Charges In Witness whereof We have Cause these Our Letters to be made patent Witness Ourself at Westminister the dav of In the Ninth year of Our Reign And in the Year of Our Lord One thousand seven hundred and sixty nine.

INDORSED: Order in Council 3^d May 1769. Inclosing Dra^t. of a War^t. to pass the Great Seal for a Grant of Land, to Sir William Johnson & his Associates, on the Mohawk River. FROM SAMUEL KIRKLAND

A. L. S.

[Fort Stanwix, May 25, 1769]

[

by []honwakha's Brother & am [] who desired my assistance in deliver^g a Sp[eech] ground.— they are now resolutely & unanimously [] farther sale of spiritous liquor at this place [] will soon begg your Honours advice & influence.

This Morn^g rece^{vd}. Intelligence from Niagara (by [1 Schenactady direct from thence) that the trading Boats are] in consequence of an Express from Detroit, which ſ] Inhabitants there have all be taken themselves to [1 shelter - an insurrection from the Indians is hourly [] tis also reported y^t Cap^t. Hopkins¹ (formerly of ye 45th Regt) no [w] french service, is actually entered the Missisippi wh a Army [& Indians ---- intends to retake Elenoa, Mishilimacknac [1 this correspondnd wh the Report current among the India whatever Truth there may be in it Your Honour will best [1 & time fully disclose .----

A few days since a proposal was made at Onoide by Kanagh [] & Nicholas to apprehend & secure me in order to carry on th[eir] own designs to better advantage. upon this enquiry was made []] shoud be done w^h the Minister when apprehended & at their com[]] this taking dis & alarming some from the upper Castle (whe[reupon?]] Nicholas with some Others propos'd burying or flinging under [ground] for the present the whole Design of apprehending the Minister. & I have been since informed it will not likely take place — the Counsil fire is perhaps by this time kindled at onondage I thot

¹ Joseph Hopkins, of Maryland, formerly a captain in the 18th British regiment.



SAMUEL KIRKLAND

proper to give your Honour this Intelligence & should [be] Glad it may not be disclos'd lest it shoud injure & obstruct y^e pro[____] of the glorious Cause in which I have embarked. Your Hon^{rs} ever obed^t & obligd humble [___]

S. KIRKLAND

To S^r. W^m JOHNSON Barn^t.

FROM SAMUEL STRINGER

A. L. S.

Albany 25th. May 1769

Your favour of the 19th. Ins^t. I received the night before last, [& as] you have desired, herewith send you a Box of the Pills, according [to] Lord Tremblestones Receipt —

I was very sorry that I missed the opportunity of the Waggon that took Gamble to Schenectady, where I promised myself the happiness of seeing you the Day of the consecration of the Church there; & unluckily, I arived there the next day just after you left it, & happend to see Frank, to whom I deliverd [] Rings. The one with the Motto was for yourself, & clumsey enough it is; the other I think is pretty near the Directions [] gave me. The Ring which you gave for the measure, [the] Silver Smith, thro' a mistake melted, but is to make an [other] in the room of it —

The Battoes are not yet returnd, but I expect [them] daily— I hope to be at S^t. Patricks next Thursday

& I remain with the greatest Respect

Sir

Y^r. most Obed^{t.}

Hum^e. Serv^t.

SAM^L. STRINGER

] Bar^t.

ſ

TO THOMAS GAGE

$Df.^1$

Johnson Hall May 26th 1769.

DEAR SIR.

I have Just received 2 Alarming Letters the one from $[M^r]$ Hay^{2}] the late Comis^y at Detroit the other from Capt MacLeod³ The purport of them corresponds nearly with some reports & rumours that have lately prevailed, & tho' I hope they may prove groundless yet it is necessary you Should know that Intelligence has been received at these posts that the Shawanese, Delawares, Mingos of Ohio associated with the Powtewatamies, Chippeweighs &ca intend to break out, that the Shwanese have brought a Great number of Cattle to the Miami River which they Say they are to live on during the Siege of Detroit the Inhabitants of which Settlement as Mr Hay Writes are so much alarmed that they have brought a good part of their Effects and provisions into the Fort with some of their Women and Children. The Panies first received intelligence of it which they communicated to their Masters, and some Indians have advised the Traders they most regarded not to proceed to Detroit the Consequences of which is that they have resolved to go no farther than Fort Erie & Capt MacLeod Writes that between 20 & 30 Batteaus now at the carrying place are come to that resolution, this may have bad effects in case the Indians at not really disposed to do mischief as is represented, the faliure or Scarcity of Goods at the Season when they come with their peltry &c in full expectation of a plentifull Market will produce much discontent amongst them. I have also received an Indian Speech from Detroit made in the presence of Capt Turnbull &c in favor of

¹ In American Antiquarian Society, Worcester, Mass.; in handwriting of Guy Johnson.

² Erased in the original.

³ At Niagara.

⁴ Are.

Capt Sinclair & full of Wants a Copy of which I dare Say you will receive from him by this opportunity. I have also a Letter from Capt Robinson Comd^g a Vessell on the Lake requesting some Allowance to Gratify the Indians whose Assistance are necessary to get up his Vessell & representing that they were accustomed to receive many favors from Capt Sinclair such as condemned Pork &ca which he cannot afford them, thro' the Want of which they may be discontented.

Capt MacLeod only waited the return of De Couagne the Interpreter whom he had sent to procure farther Intelligence of the Indians designs, & would then set out, I delayed last half years Accots, Waiting for his but it not yet coming I am obliged to inclose my Accot without it, as many are importunate for money, I have Seen Several of the Upper Nations within these few days who have told me of the discontents to the Southward &ca & say that Goods are sold very dear which is the pretext made use of by some of the Nations, but as I purpose in a little time going up to the 6 Natⁿ. Country I expect to obtain more particular information in these matters which T shall Communicate.

His Excell^{cy} Gen^L Gage

TO JOSIAH DEANE AND WALLACE HEARD

Df.¹

Johnson hall May 26th. 1769.

[GENTLEM]EN

In Consequence of my promise on your application to me for Lands I am now to inform you that you may now have the Quantity of Land you require laid out on six miles Square or Such form as may best answer provided we agree on the Terms, which from the Nature & Value of the Land I expect and am Certain I can dispose of at a Dollar an Acre, but if divided into

¹ In handwriting of Guy Johnson.

Small Tracts I could sell the Greatest part of it from 20s to 25s York Currency, but as my Intention is to convert it into Cash as Soon as I can and that I would chuse to See Townships soon formed for the Gen¹. Advantage of the Country I now make this proposal that notwithstanding I have fixed on disposing of these Lands at 8s York Curry 7 Acre, which is as low as they can be afforded at, I will nevertheless for the Speedy encouragement of such Settlements as are proposed make Sale of and give good Sure [ti]tle to the first Gentlemen who have applied (for one [Town]ship of the Quantity required) provided they Settle first [there]on, and that with at Least 30 families without delay,] N York Currey P Acre or £25 of that Curry [lt £18 Connecticut Money by the Hundred Acres, and [1 Gent who first applied to me from N England decline [1 I will Sell one Township to any of the other parties [1 to me at the like rate of $5^{\circ} \oplus$ Acre provided they [1 imediately in manner aforementioned, and this [rlate at which I shall dispose of any part

I hope that what I have [I sh]all expect your Ans^r. without delay

> I am Gent Your hearty Well-Wisher []

INDORSED: To Mess¹⁵. Josiah Deane & Wallace Heard of Richmond in Massachusets concern^g Lands.—

TO JAMES RIVINGTON

Df^1

Johnson hall May 26th 1769

I thank you for your Letter of the 3^d. instant and am heartily glad to hear that you have Extricated yourself out of these

¹ In handwriting of Guy Johnson.

difficulties which for a time obscured You,-I Congratulate you on your Marriage so much to your domestic satisfaction assuring you that I shall be always glad to hear from you, and to be occasionally Amused with the productions of the press thro' your Means as Usual;- I have probably observed to Mr. O Brien that I had received a great many Pamphlets on different Subjects, many of which had very small share of Merit, but I by no means blame you, as they were for the most part on party Subjects which you might naturally Conceive would excite Curiosity or contribute to Amuse in this retired part of the World, but I think it best (as you have proposed) that you Acquaint me occasionally with any Works of reputation that come to your hands from which I shall Select such as I want, I should be glad you'd send me [Lord] Littletons History of Henry the 2^d. and the Annual Regist^{rs}. [from] 1761 to the last publication. Col Guy Johnson wrote you lately for Wilks & Churchills Works for himself [and] he would be glad you would also Send him Lord Lyttleton's] the Registers for 1766, 67 & 68.

[I am] obliged to you for the Sevl. particulars of news [con]tained in your Letter, but am very Sorry to [1 the prevailing Spirit of Discontent both at [] for whatever good consequences it may [] Matters it must Weaken Govt [principles amongst the Lower] have very bad Effects,-I am hopefull that we Shall Soon find [] it is Wanted and the Unhappy differences [1 Country happily accomodated on Terms] The next pacquet will probably bring us of [] on these & other Subjects ----1

INDORSED:

]

To M^r. Rivington

TO HUGH WALLACE

Df^1

Johnson hall May 26th 1769

I am favored with yours of the 15th. inst and am [hear]tily sorry that it is not yet in my power to Answer Capt Spiesmachers bills, as the Accots of my Department to the last half year ending 25th March are not all come in So that I have not been able to send my Gen¹ Accot to New York but as I expect to do so in a few days You may be assured that I shall lose no time afterwards in remitting you a bill for the payment.

I have heard of the proposed Duel you Mention, as to Col Schuylers being more moderate I fancy it may be accounted for. That party Visibly droops and will lose their Spirit with their Influence — And I think it is time for them —

Albany County is certainly by much too Large, but the manner in which it is proposed to be divided is in many respects extremely inconvenient, and would prove disagreable to almost all the Inhabitants, The only rational boundary that has appeared to me & all I have conversed with, would be at the [west] bounds of the Township of Schenectady which is a [well] known place where there is a Good Natural boundary [which] could not interfere with any property or create the [least confusion], as this proposed must do. I suspect that this & the Bridge affair were done by a few to serve some particul^r. purpose [I have] not as yet calculated the Expence of [you] are to have [ac]res Near the German flatts, but shall do so soon 1 You will find that this Land is Extremely selttle. As to the Tract to the Northward [more than 2000 Acres, perhaps [] chuse that Quantity and I shall 1 L

ſ

1

¹ In handwriting of Guy Johnson.

FROM ISAAC SWITS

A. L. S.

May 27th 1769

[A] greeable to your orders Directed to Col^o David Vanderheyden [the co]mmanding officer of Albany Militia, I Send you Inclosed [a return] of the City of Albany Companys as the old Return [] and Lickwise having annexed the Companys at [Kin]derhock Coatsackie & Katt Kills that you might see [] Number of them, Having forward you¹ orders to [Col]^o Stephen Van Ranslar of Renslar Wyck and to [Co]l^o John Van Ranslar whome was to forward them [to] the Next Commanding officer of the Militia doun [the] River, as Lickwise sent a Copy to Col^o Phillip Schuyler the Commanding officer of the Reg^t. of Militia up the River Lieu^t Dirik Ten brook, of the Company of Trup having tould me that he [decl]ined his Commission

> I am with much Esteem your Very humble serv^t.

> > ISAAC SWITS

JOHN BRADSTREET TO GEORGE CROGHAN

A. L. S.

Albany 29^h. May 1769

Your favor of the 23^d. Instant I have receiv'd this moment with the Enclosures for which I am much oblig'd to you. From Hardenberghs own papers out of the Records of Esopus and some late Evidence I am in a fair way of coming at the whole Transaction as it begins to look greatly against the Patentees.

I find by Cap^t Brown from Neagara that an Indian War is certain and its more than probable Detroit has been attack'd some time — The want of provisions will, I fear, be the loss of

¹ This should be "your."

that Place [and] Michilimaanc - as to the Poor [I on the Frontiers God preserve [I shall take care of the Map [] you desire] wish you health & happyness at you[r witlh Success, but I do not think you []g in the farming way if the []an a War — the public will [1 I am truly your most **Obedient** Servant

[JOHN] [BR]ADSTREET

INDORSED: Alb^y. 29th. May 1769 Col. Bradstreets Letter to Co^l. Croghan

FROM JOSEPH CHEW

A. L. S.

Hartford May 29th. 1769

The day after I wrote you from New [London] I Came here where I hope to finish my Bussiness [and] Return tomorrow, Col^o. Dver & the Susquhanna Comp^a [l laid in a Memorial to the General Assembly of [the] Colony now setting in this town, praying them [to pre]sent to the adventurers of that Company a Deed of Lease [] and Quit Claim of all the Right Title Claim or demand [the Colon]v have to or upon the Lands on the River Susguhanna [1 has been so well mannaged as to pass in the uper [house] and was only Negatived by three Voices in the [| House who I am informed are now applyed to, to [1 their Vote have a Conference by a Committee with [] or do something more in the Affair — if they should [1 it will be got through both Houses notwith [standing] the Opposition it has met with from Gov Fitches [1 those who are here Called the old Administration [1 Affair, the Assembly ought by no means to [1 that

by doing it they may invole the [Colony in an ex]pensive dispute with Mr. Penn give it [] Vexation, when theres not the least] from it, that it is a private undertaking Very Romantick and what the [Colony] or assembly of it had best have nothing to [do with] I informed you sometime ago that a Numb[er] had set out on a second Expedition under the [] direction of Maj^T Durkee one of them Ret[urned] Yesterday with Letters to Dyer and the Comite [] says they that are already on the spott are [] about 260 men and others are dayly Coming [] that the Major has built a Block house and [] imployed in Clearing the Lands and plant-] that they are Resolved not to be Removed ing [] but may soon send of the people he has f[by [Wioming — It appears as if something [l serious would Come of this Affair soon

in all the Letters Mr John [son the] Colony agent has wrote he gives Very full [] What has passed between him and Lord [Hillsborough] in one of his last he says his Lordship had [] with a pretty Long Audience — at w[hich he said] he did not like the Revenue Acts [1 looking upon them as prejudicial to C 1 had the Americans behaved properly [they would have] been Repealed—but while the C[olonies] [] Right of parliment to make La[ws] Acts would Remain and that a Due Observance of [them] and all others passed by the Parliment should take [place] in all his Majestys Dominions if the whole [] Fleet and army were imployed for that purpose and [that] this was the detirmination of all the Kings servants

our Commite seem to be much imbarrass'd by the Demands of the Custom House Officers for Writs of Assistance agreable to an Act of Parliment — this is made to the superior Court who are all of the Council and who have found Excuses or means to wave the affair for many months — they now want to find out a method to get directions from the Assembly who

I dont doubt Will be Equally Cautious and keep out of the]- whether it is this affair or whether [1 inteligence from Maj^r Durkee is not such as they [out. or what I don't know; but Mr Dyer looks [grave for this two or three days past — and has [| some Long Conferences with his freind Ledlie [] vou saw at New London and others of the party [Colo. Whit]ing is now here I] informed him of what you gave vour Compliments [said with [regard to] the Land he Exprest his thanks to and] you in Very warm termes and will write you by this or the next Post - Colo [Fitch] desires me to give his best Compliments to you [He] will also write to you as soon as he gets to [New] London — from whence you shall hear fr[om] me soon after which I hope personally to [l you with how much Respect and truth I am

> Dear Sir Your Very Obed¹. Most Hble Serv[

> > Jos Chew

1

your old friend Col^o. putman has got all the Susqu[ehanna] Adventures upon his Back for saying here a d[ay or] two ago that it was a foolish wild goose scheme Col^o Dyer &ca say he is Bribed by M^r Pe[nn]

The Hon^{ble} Sir William Johnson Bar^t

FROM J. W. JOHNSON

A. L. S.

Groton May 29th 1769 N.L.C.¹

[I] have tho't good to write a Line [to] your Excel^{1y}. Relateing to the Susquehana [] affair — Praying that Cause may have a proper Tryal not by lawless violence but by

¹ New London, Connecticut.

the Law of equity & Right Lest it throw the Goverments which ought to be at peace among themselves as we[ll] as with the mother Country into a ferment to the Consequence be ill on all hands.

I have no Interest to Serve in the Case onely [as] it concerns the common good & peace of [this] country to which I am a hearty frind [] no bigot to any party religious civil [or] commercial no I heartily wish well to []mankind & have a feeling concern for [] Ind^{ns} & others — I Suppose this if [] the fredom Is agreeable to the sentem^{1s} [of your] Excellency therfore sir you will not [] the one against the other nor [fail to(?) re]strein the Ind^{ns} from Intermed[dling in the] affair — I am sir

 y^r very Hum^{le}

obliged ser^t

J W JOHNSON

ADDRESSED:

Τo

Sir William Johnson Bar^t Johnson Hall

FROM JOHN WETHERHEAD

A. L. S.

New York the 29th May 1769

I had the pleasure of writing to you \mathcal{P} M^r Adams since which am Sorry to find myself deprivd of your agreable Favours & the more So, as I am afraid Indisposition is the Cause of your Silence — the Chief Errand of the present is to acquaint you that M^r Roberts has wrote me by the last post, that He has again drawn upon you payable at my house \mathcal{P} £100, dated the 3^d of May of which he Writes me He has advised you in order that you may give me the proper Directions; but as this Gentlemen has in more Instances than One, forgott to give the necessary Advices, I thought proper to write you about it & Shall wait your Orders concerning this [bill]— it has not yet appeard —

but when it does I will not [accept]t it, until I have your Orders for So doing, & shall acquaint the Holder of the Bill that I have | your Sentiments, which I begg wrote this Day to [you will be pleased to let me [receive] by Return of the Post for my Government - Mr Roberts [wri]tes me that it is a very long time Since he heard from you [or an]y of the family & is at a great Loss to know his Destination [] I have not forgott the Bill, I wrote to the founder last [expect it down every Moment, when I get it - I will take [it you by the first Sloop & As Soon as I can meet [land pickled Cod I will Send you a Couple of Barrells, but [1 you woud come & Eat it fresh - Sea Bass & black fisch [1 Coming to catch them at Shrewsberry, I hope you [lt them if your health will by any Means permitt you to come down, which I again most cordially assure [you] will give me very great Pleasure & in the mean time [1 with Sincere Esteem & Regard

Sir your most hble Servant

John Wetherhead

ADDRESSED: To The Harble Sin W/111

The Hon^{ble} Sir William Johnson Bar^t.

at

Johnson Hall

1

INDORSED: [Mr. Wetherhead

FROM WILLIAM GAMBLE

A. L. S.

Albany the 30th May 1769.

[] Sir

I was rejoiced to hear from M^r. Tice that you were well, and all at the Hall —

I beg leave to remind you of the Clerkship [] the new County which from the Publication in the Newspaper [see]ms likely to be erected shortly; as I know of nothing more []able for such a body as me, your recommendation to the [Gove]rnour will greatly add to the many obligations I am [alre]ady under to your goodness, being with unalterable [gra]titude

Sir

Your most humble and most Obedient Servant

WILLIAM GAMBLE

[]^r Stringer will[St Patr]icks Lodge next [] I refer you [] concerning the []

INDORSED: Alb^y. 30th. May 1769 M^r Gambles Letter

FROM PETER SILVESTER

A. L. S.

Albany the 30th. May 1769.

I received your favor dated Yesterday by Cap^t. Tice and have procured out of the Clerks office here copys of the Rolls containing the present mode of Administring Governmental Oaths which I now transmit to you — The hurry the person is in to return who takes them & the Short notice prevents me delivering them in the manner I intended which was to have had them engrossed neatly on parchment fit for Subscribing by the Gentlemen to be qualifyed —

[I] Conceive the Commissioners for laying out new roads or
[closing?] Old ones &c have power to take away gates that
[are] Inconvenient or obstructions to passengers passing the
[ro]ads provided they conform to the respective acts of the
[] the Subject But am at present of opinion that [the most

elig]ible way is to enter a Complaint to the Grand Jury [] Gates as being nusances which if they Indict [or]der them to be removed — the more that Complaint [] will be noticed

> I am Sir Your most Obedient and very Humble Servant

> > **P** SILVESTER

GUY JOHNSON TO JELLES FONDA

An autograph letter from Guy Johnson to Jelles Fonda, dated May 31, 1769, was sold on November 12th, 1907 by Henkels in Philadelphia, in the J. I. Cohen sale.

FROM PETER SILVESTER

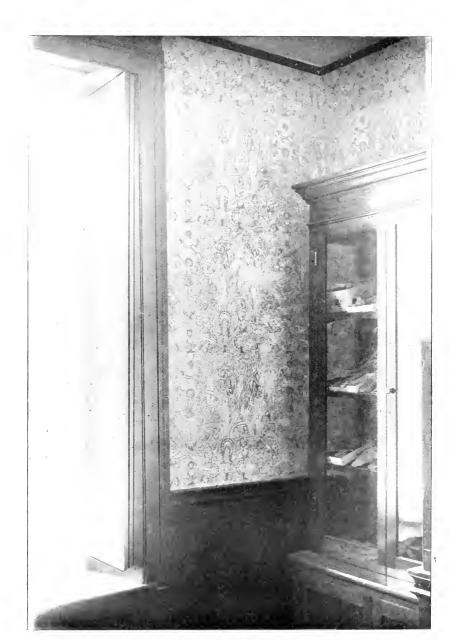
A. L. S.

Albany the 31st. May 1769

I received your letter this morning of vesterdays [wro]te respecting a bond in my hands from Karman & Walter to Jacob Tramper the sum due thereon exclusive of costs will be more than the sum they mention to you --- as may appear on a calculation from the state of it Inclosed - several writs having issued agt. them a good while past But as neither of them have been as yet taken that I know of the cost will be about 30s at this day ---It is very satisfactory to me that you become answerable for the demand &c and for so Short a space of time I cannot think it will be any way [less] acceptable to my client who lives at a Great distance from this place & therefore I have not an Oppy. [of] asking his consent — There being nothing disadvantage ous to his Interest But the loss of a little time I think [1 Safely close with the proposal, especially as his Debt is [1 rendered Indisputably secure I am Sir

Your most obt. & very Humble Servant

P SILVESTER



Jesse Cohen, Photo Ghost Room, Second Floor, Fort Johnson, at Akin, N. Y.

Current	
William Tremper v	of Pen-
Martin Walter & Michael Kerman	26 th of £2[]
Martin Walter & October 1759 for the Co	ondition
Michael Kerman J October 1759 for the Co	

Memorandum of payments endorsed on the back of the bond 26th. Ap^l. 1761. Rec^d of Martin Walter £10.0.0 and the Interest until this day oc^r. 26 1762 Rec^d. of D^o. Twelve Shillings Interest Ap^l. 26, 176-

The exact year I cant tell by the bond then the Interest paid wholly to that

RETURN OF OFFICERS¹

D.

[May 1769] 1 I Second D°. First Lieut^s. Ensigns [1 John Brouwn Andew Benjamin ſ 1 Young McFarlin] Slyck Abr^m. Oothout Abraham G. Louwrance ſ Mynderse Lansingh Abraham Swits Arent Albertse [Harma]nus Arent V. Vedder V.Slyck Petten

¹ For the 2d battalion of foot under Colonel Jacobus Van Slyck, to complete a former deficient return. Printed in *Third Annual Report of the State Historian of New York*, p. 892.

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E	Johnson,	(Sir)	William,	bart.
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