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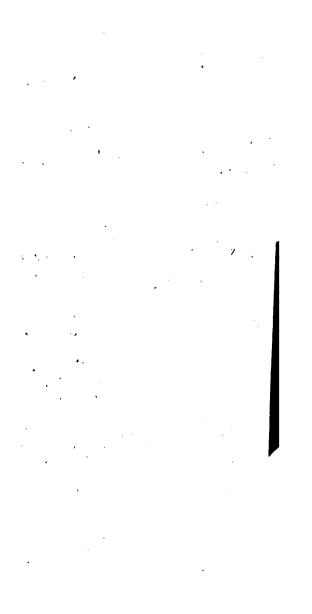
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Honos erit huic quoque pomo?

P O E M S

ATTEMPTED

In the STYLE of

MILTON.

B Y

Mr. JOHN PHILIPS.

With a new Account of his LIFE and WRIT; NGS.

LONDO'N:

Printed for T. DAVIES, in Ruffel-Street; T. LOWNDES, in Fleet-Street; and S. BLADON, in Pater. Nofter Row.

M.DCC.LXXVI.



:

THE

L I F E

O F

Mr. JOHN PHILIPS.

of a poet with pleasure, and reflected upon them with improvement, we are naturally apt to inquire into his life, the marner of his education, and other little circumstances which give a new beauty to his write ings, and let us into the genius and character of their author. To fatisfy this general inclination, and do some justice to the memory of Mr. Philips,

Α2

The LIFE of

we shall give the world a short according of him, and his few, but excell compositions.

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John Philips, one of those few p whose muse and manners were equ amiable, was born the 30th of Decen 1676 at Bampton in Oxfordshire. His ther, Dr. Stephen Philips, Arch-dea of Salop, was minister there, and his: being a boy of a most promising nati but of a tender constitution, was structed at home in the first rudime of grammar, and then fent to Wind ter-school. Here he presently discove the delicacy of his genius, his exerc being distinguished above those of 'school-fellows by a happy imitation the classics: He had a quick relist the force and elegance of their se ments as well as expressions, and not want either skill or industry to m them his own. In the mean time became the darling of the whole p

by the sweetness of his temper; and while the master, a rigid disciplinarian, dispensed, on account of his tenderness. with that strict observance of those rugged rules which was feverely exacted from the rest; the boys themselves were so far from murmuring at it, that they were even pleased with the distinction: though whilft they were at play he feldom joined with them, but generally retired then to his chamber. It was in these intervals chiefly that he read Milton: however, this was not before he was well acquainted with both Virgil and Homer, and the frequent imitations he found of these authors in Paradise Loft, falling in exactly with his own turn, hence he conceived an ardent passion for the English poet, and some small pieces which he composed at this time, shewed that he had imbibed a good share of Milton's style and manner before he left Winchester. Thus qualified he was removed to Oxford, in the beginning of the year 1694, and placed in Christchurch, at a time when that college was in the height of its reputation, by the excellent sense and spirit that flourished there, under the conduct of Dr. Aldrich. Here he was received with open arms into the company and acquaintance of the most distinguished wits, and as often as the statutes of the university, or the rules of his gaiety, called him to any public exercises, his performances were constantly the talk and admiration of all that heard them; and they were only heard, for he was not willing they should go any farther: fince how much foever they might please others, yet he was not thoroughly satisfied with them himself. Nor did those who knew and loved him best choose to distress his modesty, by pushing him in that point. It was this modesty, and the uncommon simplicity of his manners, that more particularly endeared

endeared him to them; and they were completely happy in the enjoyment of his conversation, in which his undisguifed fincerity was continually enlivened with a kind of chearfulness which innocence alone can give, heightened with a mirth that was wholly raised by a genteel and delicate raillery, without ever degenerating into ridicule. After he came to Oxford, Milton's muse became his chief delight; and the greatest part of his study for some years was laid out in tracing the steps by which that author grew to perfection. We are told, that there is not a fingle allusion in Paradise Lost, drawn from the thoughts and expressions of the Greek or Latin poet, which he could not immediately refer to; and that this was the way whereby he came to perceive what a peculiar life and grace their fentiments added to English poetry; how much their images raifed its fpirit, and what

A 4 weight

weight and beauty their works, when translated, gave to its language. He was likewise led, by the example of his darling Milton, to consult the works of our old English poets Chaucer and Spenfer. By these assistances he made himfelf absolute master of the true extent and compass of his mother-tongue, and we fee afterwards, in his writings, he did not scruple to revive any words or phrases which he thought deserved it. Yet this was done with that modest liberty which Horace allows of, either in the coining of new, or restoring of ancient expressions; and to that modesty it was owing that he succeeded so happily in this dangerous attempt. was this attempt made at all, till long after the time we are now speaking of for as the delight which Mr. Philip. took in reading the poets, was tha alone which first drew his attention to their works, so he continued reading purel'

purely for his pleasure; in this he gratiied his delicacy and improved his tafte, nd he aimed at nothing further. That elicacy which led him to study the best oets proved a sufficient check to his nodefty, and restrained him from formig any plan of appearing in public imself. Besides, he had no uneasy iirst after fame; indeed, the disposition f his mind was happily adapted to the inder frame of his body. How much ever he was struck with the majesty, re, and force of Milton's muse, yet he ad no share in the heat and passion of 1at author's temper. In this he feemed ntirely to be formed in Virgil's mould. hom he much loved and admired: ad as it is faid of Milton, that he could peat the best part of Homer; so Mr. bilips, we are informed, could do the me of Virgil; like the Roman, he had ambition to gratify, being best fitted. r nature for that which he was most

fond of, the quiet enjoyment of his muse, in the company of a few select friends of his own tafte and temper, and his acquaintance was among the best and politest of the university. But he feems to have had the highest delight in the friendship of Mr. Edmund Smith, the author of Phadra and Hippolytus. This gentleman (who was fellow-collegian with Mr. Philips) it is well known fat as unanxiously easy as he did, even in a much humbler fortune; and the bent of their studies lying the same way, they frequently communicated their thoughts to each other. This, no doubt, was as pleasant as any part of Mr. Philips's life, who had a foul capable of relishing all the finest enjoyments of fublime, virtuous, and elegant spirits. How much it affected Mr. Smith, he alone was able to express; nor perhaps could he have done it fo fully, had not the occasion of writing a poem to his friend's

friend's memory, impressed on him a rapturous fensibility of his own loss. In studying poetry, Mr. Philips was wholly attentive to whatever helped to preserve or raise its dignity, and by continually conversing with Milton and the Ancients, his ear became habituated to the harmony of their numbers. Besides, as he saw the art was removed from its proper standard, so he thought it had lost much of its true worth in English by the jingle of rhyme; which consequently was better avoided. He was fond of history and antiquities, and the accurate knowledge he had acquired, Especially in those of his own country, thews which way he spent a good part of his time; he made use of some part of this acquisition afterwards to enrich his poetry, where the extent of his reading this way, as well as his exact skill in applying it, is fet to the best advantage. It was the first design of his friends

friends to breed him to the profession physic, and though the very infirm st of his health would not suffer him pursue that plan they had laid out for hi yet his inclinations were very strong bent that way. He was passionate fond both of the history and philosop of nature. Indeed, next to his mu botany was his greatest delight as well accomplishment; and his own ill hea disabling him from applying his skill the care of another's, he determined recommend its usefulness to the wor This was the first motive which put h upon the thoughts of writing on t fubject, and this thought he executed the poem which he intitled Cyder. general design was formed long bef he left Oxford, though the particu plan was not fettled then, which he t us himself, he was directed in the che of, from the passion he had to do so honour to his native country. Howe

the foundation of it was laid in the university, and the first book composed there: but he was called to town before he had made any confiderable progress: in the fecond, which was perfected there, he exerted all the power of genius and art to make it complete, and it is one, if not the only, finished poem of that length extant in our language. must not omit to take notice, that the custom of smoking tobacco was highly in vogue when Mr. Philips came first to college, from the example of the celebrated Dean Aldrich, whose incessant use of it was an entertaining topic of discourse many years afterwards; concerning which the following story is related: A young student laid a wager with his chum that the Dean was at that instant smoking his pipe, viz. about ten o'clock in the morning. Away therefore he goes to the Deanry, where being admitted to the Dean in his study, he presently relates the occasion of his visit. To which the Dean replied in perfect good humour, You fee, Sir, you have lost your wager, for I am not fmoking, but filling my pipe. no wonder therefore that he fell in with the general taste, which recommended itself the rather to him as he felt some relief from it; he has descended to sing its praises in more than one place, and his Splendid Shilling owes fome part of its lustre to the happy introduction of a tobacco-pipe. This piece, the first of his that appeared in public, stole its way into the world without his privity, and being printed from no very correct copy, that induced him, though not till some time after, to give a genuine edition of it. He was little anxious what fate it met with among the generality. the manufcript had diverted the choice circle of his friends, and his aim in it reached no farther. This happened not long

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ing before the much famed action at lenbeim, in 1704, where the Duke of Marlborough gained that victory, which eservedly filled the world with his raises. The Earls of Godolphin and Halliax had eagerly fet Mr. Addison's pen to vork upon this occasion, and fired his petic faculty with the affured hopes of very extraordinary reward. On the ther side, their two competitors, Harley nd St. Fobn, afterwards Earl of Oxford nd Viscount Bolingbroke, pitched upon our author as perfectly capable of doing ustice to his country on this subject. While Mr. Philips was in town he reided in Mr. St. John's house, and has elebrated the kindness and generosity of his host in a Latin ode in Horace's nanner, which is undoubtedly a masterpiece. It is all of his that we have left n this kind, but from it we may form & udgment, that his writings in that lanuage were not inferior to those he has

left us in our own; and as Horace of his darling authors, we need no tion his ability to excel in his way, as that of his admired Virgil. Our a poem, intitled Bleinheim, was pu in 1705; and the next year he that upon Cyder; which, after his o was translated into Italian, by a man of Florence. His next defi that of writing a poem upon the rection, and the day of judgmen this he did not live to execute, ot he would very probably have ϵ upon a subject, for which he was adapted. That subject, indee only proper to be treated of folemn style, which he makes and by one whose just notions of and a true spirit of poetry, cou carried his reader, without a wilc fiasm.

[—]extra flammantia mænia mundi,

This is not obtruded upon the reader as i bare conjecture of our own, but we have the authority of Mr. Smith for it. who was undeniably a competent judge of the scheme which our author had laid down, and probably had feen the first rudiments of his design: but Mr. Philips's distemper encreasing obliged him to drop the pursuit of this, and all other views, besides that of his health. He had been long troubled with a lingering confumption, attended with an asthma, a painful disorder, and had suffered many severe conflicts under it, without betraying any discontent or uneasiness; the integrity of his heart still preserving the chearfulness of his spirits, and the singular goodness of his nature engaging his friends in the tenderest and most endearing offices to him on these occafions. By the advice of his Physicians he went to Bath, the summer before his death: here the ablest of the Faculty (by 18

whom he was generally beloved) readificance him their best assistance, and som present ease they did procure him, upon which he lest the place, though with small hopes of recovery. Upon his removal from Bath he went to Hereford where his mother was still living, and where the asthma returning in the winter put a period to his life, February 15, 1708, in the entrance almost upon the thirty-third year of his age. He was in terred in the cathedral-church of Hereford by his mother, who caused the following inscription to be put upon his grave-stone.

Mr. JOHN PHILIPS. 10 IOHANNES PHILIPS

Obiit 15 die Feb. Anno Dom. 1708. Ætat. suæ 32.

Cujus

Ossa si requiras, hanc Urnam inspice,
Si Ingenium nescias, ipsius Opera consule;
Si Tumulum desideras, Templum adi WestmonasteQualis quantusque Vir suerit, [riense:
Dicat elegans illa & præclara,
Quæ cenotaphium ibi decorat
Inscriptio.

Quàm interim erga Cognatos pius & officiosus,
Testetur hoc saxum
A MARIA PHILIPS Matre ipsius pientissima,
Dilecti Filii Memoriæ non sine Lacrymis dicatum.

20 The LIFE of

But besides this, a monument verected to his memory, in the placalled the Poets Corner in Westminsh Abbey, by Sir Simon afterwards La Harcourt, and Lord-Chancellor of E land. It is a neat Busto in profile, we this motto,

Honos erit buic quoque pomo. VIRO

And the following epitaph was wr by Dr. Friend, which has this very i gular merit, that we there see a very j great and at the same time a very j character expressed upon a monum without flattery.

Herefordiæ conduntur Ossa,
Hoc in Delubro statuitur Imago,
Britanniam omnem pervagatur Fama
JOHANNIS PHILIPS:

Qui Viris bonis doctifque juxta charus,
Immortale fuum Ingenium,
Eruditione multiplici excultum,
Miro animi candore,
Eximiâ morum fimplicitate,
Honestavit.

Litterarum Amoniorum sitim.

Quam Wintoniæ Puer sentire cœperat,
Inter Ædis Christi Alumnos jugiter explevit,
In illo Musarum Domicilio
Præclaris Æmulorum studiis excitatus,
Optimis scribendi Magistris semper intentus,
Carmina sermone Patrio composuit
A Græcis Latinisque sontibus feliciter deducta,
Atticis Romanisque auribus omnino digna,
Versuum quippe Harmoniam

B 3

Rythmo

The LIFE of

Rythmo didicerat.

Antiquo illo, libero, multiformi
Ad res ipsas apto prorsus, et attemperato,
Non Numeris in eundem serè orbem redeuntil
Non Clausularum similiter cadentium son
Metiri:

Uni in hoc laudis genere Miltono secundus

Primoque pœne Par.

Res seu Tenues, seu Grandes, seu Mediocre Ornandas sumserat,

> Nusquam, non quod decuit, Et videt, et assecutus est.

Egregius, quocunque Stylum verteret, Fandi author, et Modorum artifex.

Fas sit Huic,

Auso licèt à tuâ Metrorum Lege discede O Poesis Anglicanæ Pater, atque Conditor *Ch.* Alterum tibi latus claudere,

Vatum certe Cineres, tuos undique stipans
Non dedecebit Chorum.

SIMON HARCOURT Miles,
Viri benè de se, de quo Litteris meriti
Quoad viveret, Fautor,
Post Obitum piè memor,
Hoc illi Saxum poni voluit.

J. PHILIPS, STEPHANI, S. T. P. Archidiaconi Salop, Filius, natus est Bamptoniæ in agro Oxon. Dec. 30, 1676. Obiit Herefordiæ, Feb. 15, 1708.



A

P O E M

To the Memory of

Mr. JOHN PHILIPS.



P O E M

To the Memory of

Mr. JOHN PHILIPS.

Inscribed to the Hon. Mr. TREVOR.

By Mr. EDMUND SMITH.

SIR,

SINCE our Isis filently deplores

The Bard who spread her same to distant shores;

Since nobler pens their mournful lays suspend;

My honest zeal, if not my verse, commend;

Forgive the Poet, and approve the Friend.

Your care had long his fleeting life reftrain'd; One table fed you, and one bed contain'd; For his dear fake long reftless nights you bore While rat'ling coughs his heaving vessels tore; Much was his pain, but your affliction more.

A Poem to the Memory of
Oh! had no summons from the noisy gown
Call'd thee unwilling to the nauseous town,
Thy love had o'er the dull disease prevail'd,
Thy mirth had cur'd where bassled physick fail'd;
But since the will of Heaven his fate decreed,
To thy kind care my worthless lines succeed;
Fruitless our hopes, tho' pious our essays,
Yours to preserve a friend, and mine to praise.

Oh might I paint him in Miltonian verse,
With strains like those he sung on Glo'ster's herse:
But with the meaner tribe I'm forc'd to chime,
And wanting strength to rise, descend to rhyme.

With other fire his glorious Bleinheim shines,
And all the battle thunders in his lines;
His nervous verse great Boileau's strength transcends,
And France to Philips, as to Churchil bends.

Oh! various bard, you all our pow'rs controul, You now disturb, and now divert the soul: Milton and Butler in thy muse combine, Above the last thy manly beauties shine; For as I've seen when rival wits contend,

One gayly charge, one gravely wise desend;

This on quick turns and points in vain relies,

This with a look demure, and steady eyes,

With dry rebukes, or sneering praise replies.

So thy grave lines extort a juster smile,

Reach Builer's fancy, but surpass his style;

He speaks Scarron's low phrase in humble strains,

In thee the solemn air of great Cervantes reigns.

What founding lines his abject themes express, What shining words the pompous Shilling dress? There, there my cell, immortal made, outvies. The frailer piles which o'er its ruins rise. In her best light the comic muse appears, When she with borrow'd pride the buskin wears.

So when nurse Nokes to act young Ammon tries, With shambling legs, long chin, and foolish eyes; With dangling hands he strokes th'imperial robe, And with a cuckold's air commands the Globe; 30 A Poem to the Memory of

The pomp and found the whole buffoon difplay'd; And Ammon's fon more mirth than Gomez made.

Forgive, dear shade, the scene my solly draws,
Thy strains divert the grief thy ashes cause:
When Orpheus sings the ghosts no more complain,
But in his lulling music lose their pain:
So charm the sallies of thy Georgic muse,
So calm our forrows, and our joys insuse;
Here rural notes a gentle mirth inspire,
Here losty lines the kindling reader sire,
Like that sair tree you praise, the poem charms,
Cools like the fruit, or like the juice it warms.

Blest clime, which Vaga's fruitful streams improve.

Etruria's envy, and her Cosmo's love;

Redstreak he quasts beneath the Chianti vine,

Gives Tuscan yearly for thy Scud'more's wine,

And ev'n his Tasso would exchange for thine.

Rife, rife, Roscommon, see the Bleinheim muse, The dull constraint of monkish rhyme refuse; See o'er the Alps his tow'ring pinions foar,
Where never English poet reach'd before:
See mighty Cosmo's counsellor and friend,
By turns on Cosmo and the bard attend;
Rich in the coins and busts of ancient Rome,
In him hebrings a nobler treasure home;
In them he views her gods, and domes design'd,
In him the soul of Rome, and Virgis's mighty mind:
To him for ease retires from toils of state,
Not half so proud to govern, as translate.

Our Spenser, first by Pisan poets taught,
To us their tales, their style, and numbers brought.
To sollow ours now Tuscan bards descend,
From Philips borrow, tho' to Spenser lend,
Like Philips too the yoke of rhyme disdain;
They first on English bards impos'd the chain,
First by an English bard from rhyme their freedom gain.

Tyrannic rhyme, that cramps to equal chime, The gay, the fost, the florid and sublime;

32 A Poem to the Memory of

Some fay this chain the doubtful fense decides,
Confines the fancy, and the judgment guides;
I'm sure in needless bonds it poets ties,
Procrustes like, the ax or wheel applies,
To lop the mangled sense, or stretch it into size;
At best a crutch that lifts the weak along,
Supports the feeble, but retards the strong;
And the chance thoughts when govern'd by the close,
Oft rise to sustain, or descend to prose.
Your judgment, Philips, rul'd with steady sway,
You us'd no curbing rhyme the muse to stay,
To stop her sury or direct her way.
Thee on the wing thy uncheck'd vigor bore,
To wanton freely, or securely soar.

So the stretch'd cord the shackled dancer tries,
As prone to fall, as impotent to rise;
When freed he moves, the sturdy cable bends,
He mounts with pleasure, and secure descends;
Now dropping seems to strike the distant ground,
Now high in air his quiv'ring seet rebound.

Rail

Rail on, ye triflers, who to Will's repair
For new lampoons, fresh cant, or modish air;
Rail on at Milton's son, who wisely bold
Rejects new phrases, and resumes the old:
Thus Chaucer lives in younger Spenser's strains;
In Maro's page reviving Ennius reigns;
The ancient words the majesty compleat,
And make the poem venerably great:
So when the Queen in royal habit's drest,
Old mystic emblems grace th' imperial vest,
And in Eliza's robes all Anna stands confest.

A haughty bard, to fame by volumes rais'd,
At Dick's and Batson's, and thro' Smithfield prais'd,
Cries out aloud — Bold Oxford bard, forbear
With rugged numbers to torment my ear;
Yet not like thee the heavy critic foars,
But paints in fustian, or in turn deplores;
With Bunyan's style profanes heroic songs,
To the tenth page lean homilies prolongs;

34 A Poem to the Memory of

For far-fetch'd rhymes makes puzzled ange. And in low profe dull Lucifur complain; His envious muse, by native dulness curst Damns the best poems, and contrives the

Beyond his praise or blame thy works por Compleat where Dryden and thy Milton far Great Milton's wing on lower themes substand Dryden oft in rhyme his weakness his You ne'er with jingling words deceive the And yet, on humble subjects, great apper Thrice happy youth, whom noble Isis crow Whom Blackmore censures, and Godolphin of So on the tuneful Margarita's tongue. The list'ning nymphs, and ravish'd heroes But cits and sops the heav'n-born music bland bawl, and hiss, and damn her into some Like her sweet voice is thy harmonious so As high, as sweet, as easy, and as strong

Oh! had relenting Heav'n prolong'd h The tow'ring bard had fung in nobler lay How the last trumpet wakes the lazy dead,
How faints aloft the cross triumphant spread;
How op'ning heav'ns their happy regions show,
And yawning gulphs with slaming vengeance
glow,

And faints rejoice above, and finners howl be-

Well might he fing the day he could not fear, And paint the glories he was fure to wear.

Oh best of friends, will ne'er the silent ura
To our just vows the hapless youth return?
Must he no more divert the tedious day?
Nor sparkling thoughts in antique words convey?
No more to harmless irony descend,
To noisy fools a grave attention lend,
Nor merry tales with learn'd quotations blend?
No more in false pathetic phrase complain
Of Delia's wit, her charms, and her distain?
Who now shall God-like Anna's fame distuse?
Must she, when most she merits, want a muse?

36 A Poem to the Memory (

Who now our Twy/den's glorious fate so How lov'd he liv'd, and how deplor'd How while the troubled elements arou Earth, water, air, the stunning dinn re Through streams of smoak, and adverse so While every shot is levell'd at his sid How, while the fainting Dutch remotel And the fam'd Eugene's iron troops reti In the first front amidst a slaughter'd possible thing how the mound he dy'd near Grea.

Whom shall I find unbyass'd in disp-Eager to learn, unwilling to confute? To whom the labours of my soul discle Reveal my pleasure, or discharge my w Oh! in that heav'nly youth for ever en The best of sons, of brothers, and of fr He sacred friendship's strictest laws obe Yet more by conscience than by friendsh Against himself his gratitude maintain' By savours pass, not suture prospects g

Mr. John Philips. 37.

Not nicely choosing, tho' by all desir'd; Tho' learn'd, not vain; and humble, tho' admir'd: Candid to all, but to himself severe. In humour pliant, as in life austere. A wife content his even foul fecur'd, By want not shaken, or by wealth allur'd. To all fincere, tho' earnest to commend, Could praise a rival, or condemn a friend. To him old Greece and Rome were fully known. Their tongues, their spirit, and their styles his own: Pleas'd the least steps of famous men to view, Our author's works, and lives, and fouls he knew; Paid to the Learn'd and Great the same esteem, The one his pattern, and the one his theme: With equal judgment his capacious mind Warm Pindar's rage, and Euclid's reason join'd. Judicious physic's noble art to gain All drugs and plants explor'd, alas in vain! The drugs and plants their drooping master fail'd, Nor goodness now, nor learning ought avail'd:

Yet

38 A Poem to the Memory of

Yet to the bard his Churchill's foul they ga And made him fcorn the life they could no

Else could he bear unmov'd the fatal gi The weight that all his fainting limbs opp The coughs that struggled from his weary br Could he unmov'd approaching death sust Its slow advances, and its racking pain? Could he serene his weeping friends surve In his last hours his easy wit display, Like the rich fruit he sings, delicious in de

Once on thy friends look down, lamented And view the honours to thy ashes paid; Some thy lov'd dust in *Parian* stones enshr. Others immortal epitaphs design; With wit, and strength, that only yield to the Ev'n I, tho' slow to touch the painful string Awake from stumber, and attempt to sing Thee, *Philips*, thee despairing *Vaga* mour And gentle *Isis* soft complaints returns;

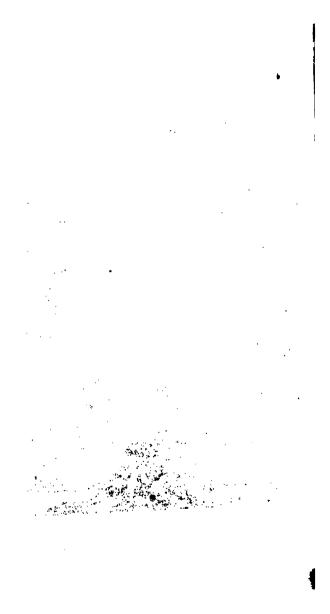
Mr. John Philips.

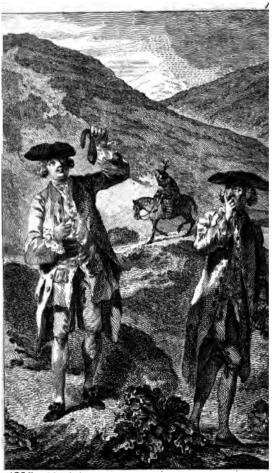
Dormer laments amidst the war's alarms;
And Cecil weeps in beauteous Tuston's arms:
Thee on the Po kind Somerset deplores,
And ev'n that charming scene his grief restores:
He to thy loss each mournful air applies,
Mindful of thee on huge Taburnus lies,
But most at Virgil's tomb his swelling forrows rise.

But you, his darling friends, lament no more, Display his fame, and not his fate deplore;
And let no tears from erring pity flow,
For one that's blest above, immortaliz'd below.

39.

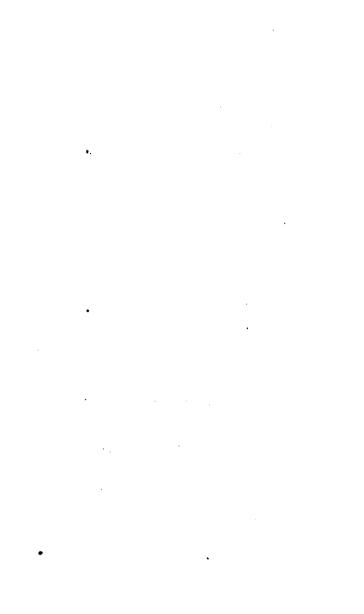






A.Walker del, et foulp.

THE SPLENDID SHILLING.



ТНЕ

SPLENDID SHILLING.

Things unattempted yet, in profe or rhime,
A shilling, breeches, and chimeras dire.

APPY the man, who void of cares and firife, In filken, or in leathern purse retains A Splendid Shilling: He nor hears with pain New oysters cry'd, nor fighs for chearful ale; But with his Friends when nightly mists arise, To Juniper's Magpre, or Town-Hall* repairs: Where, mindful of the nymph, whose wanton eye Transfix'd his soul, and kindled amorous stames, Clos, or Phillis; he each circling glass Wisheth har health, and joy, and equal love.

* Two poted Alchouses in Oxford, 1700.

Mean

Mean while, he smokes, and laughs at merry tak Or Pun ambiguous, or Conundrum quaint. But I, whom griping penury furrounds, And hunger, fure attendant upon want, With scanty offals, and small acid tiff (Wretched repast!) my meagre corps sustain: Then folitary walk, or doze at home In garret vile, and with a warming puff Regale chill'd fingers; or from tube as black As winter-chimney, or well-polish'd jet, Exhale Mundungus, ill-perfuming scent: Not blacker tube, nor of a shorter size Smokes Cambro-Briton (vers'd in pedigree, Sprung from Cadwalador and Arthur, Kings Full famous in romantic tale) when he O'er many a craggy hill and barren cliff, Upon a cargo of fam'd Cestrian cheese, High over-shadowing rides, with a design To vend his wares, or at th' Arvonian mart, Or Maridunum, or the ancient town

Yclip'd Brechinid, or where Vaga's stream
Encircles Ariconium, fruitful foil!
Whence flow nectareous wines, that well may vie
With Massic, Setin, or renown'd Falern.

Thus, while my joyless minutes tedious flow, With looks demure, and filent pace a Dun. Horrible monster! hated by Gods and men, To my aërial citadel ascends, With vocal heel thrice thund'ring at my gate, With hideous accent thrice he calls: I know The voice ill-boding, and the folemn found. What shou'd I do? or whither turn? amaz'd, Confounded, to the dark recess I fly Of woodhole; strait my bristling hairs erect Thro' fudden fear; a chilly fweat bedews My shudd'ring limbs, and (wonderful to tell!) My tongue forgets her faculty of speech; So horrible he feems! his faded brow Entrench'd with many a frown, and conic beard, And spreading band, admir'd by modern saints, Difastrous

Difastrous acts forebode; in his right hand Long scrolls of paper solemnly he waves, With characters, and figures dire inscrib'd, Grievous to mortal eyes; (ye Gods avert Such plagues from righteous men;) behind him sta Another monfter not unlike himself. Sullen of aspect, by the vulgar call'd A Catchpole, whose polluted hands the Gods With force incredible, and magic charms First have endu'd, if he his ample palm Should haply on ill-fated shoulder lay -Of debtor, strait his body, to the touch Obsequious, (as whilom knights were wont) To some inchanted castle is convey'd, Where gates impregnable, and coercive chains In durance strict detain him, till in form Of money, PALLAS fets the captive free. Beware, ye debtors, when ye walk, beware,

Beware, ye debtors, when ye walk, beware, Be circumspect; oft with insidious ken This caitiff eyes your steps aloof, and oft es perdue in a nook or gloomy cave, ompt to inchant some inadvertent wretch ith his unhallow'd touch. So (poets fing) rimalkin to domestic vermin fworn n everlasting foe, with watchful eye, ies nightly brooding o'er a chinky gap, rotending her fell claws, to thoughtless mice ure ruin. So her disembowell'd web frachus in a hall, or kitchen, spreads Divious to vagrant flies: fhe secret stands Within her woven cell; the humming prey, Regardless of their fate, rush on the toils Inextricable, nor will aught avail Their arts, or arms, or shapes of lovely hue; The wasp insidious, and the buzzing drone, Ind butterfly proud of expanded wings listinca with gold, intangled in her snares, Ifeless refistance make: with eager strides, he tow'ring flies to her expected fpoils; Then, with envenom'd jaws the vital blood

Drinks

Drinks of reluctant foes, and to her cave Their bulky carcaffes triumphant drags.

So pass my days. But when nocturnal shades This world invelop, and th' inclement air Persuades men to repel benumming frosts With pleasant wines, and crackling blaze of wood Me, lonely fitting, nor the glimmering light Of make-weight candle, nor the joyous talk Of loving friend delights; diftress'd, forlorn, Amidst the horrors of the tedious night, Darkling I figh, and feed with dismal thoughts My anxious mind, or fometimes mournful verse Indite, and fing of groves and myrtle shades, Or desp'rate lady near a purling stream, Or lover pendent on a willow-tree. Mean while I labour with eternal drought, And reftless wish, and rave; my parched threat Finds no relief, nor heavy eyes repofe: But if a flumber haply does invade My weary limbs, my fancy's still awake,

Thoughtful

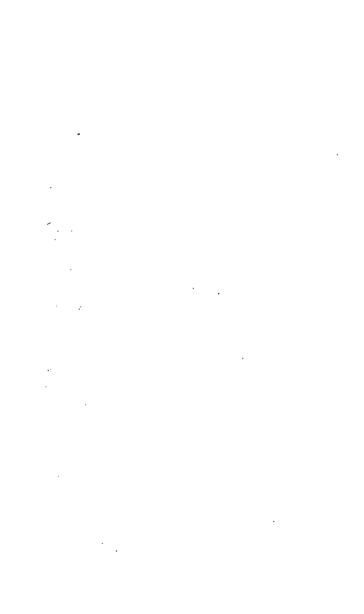
houghtful of drink, and eager, in a dream, pples imaginary pots of ale, vain: awake I find the fettled thirst ll gnawing, and the pleasant phantom curse. Thus do I live, from pleasure quite debarr'd. r taste the fruits that the sun's genial rays ture, John-Apple, nor the downy Peach. Walnut in rough-furrow'd coat secure. Medlar fruit delicious in decay: ictions great! yet greater still remain: Galligaskins that have long withstood winter's fury, and encroaching frosts, time fubdu'd, (what will not time fubdue!) horrid chasm disclos'd with orifice de, discontinuous; at which the winds us and Auster, and the dreadful force Boreas, that congeals the Cronian waves. multuous enter with dire chilling blafts. tending agues. Thus a well-fraught ship, ig fail'd fecure, or thro' th' Ægean deep,

Or the *lonian*, till cruifing near

The *Lilybean* shore, with hideous crush
On Scylla, or Charybdis (dang'rous rocks!)
She strikes rebounding, whence the shatter'd
So sierce a shock unable to withstand,
Admits the sea; in at the gaping side
The crowding waves gush with impetuous ra
Resistless, overwhelming; horrors seize
The mariners; death in their eyes appears,
They stare, they lave, they pump, they sw
they pray:

(Vain efforts!) still the batt'ring waves rush Implacable, till delug'd by the foam, The ship sinks found'ring in the vast abyss.







A W.T.

LEINHEIM.

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BLEINHEIM.

ROM lowand abject themes the grov'ling Muse Now mounts aërial, to sing of arms

Triumphant, and emblaze the martial acts
Of Britain's hero; may the verse not sink
Beneath his merits, but detain a while
Thy ear, O Harley*, (tho' thy country's weal
Depends on thee, tho' mighty Anne requires
Thy hourly counsels) since with ev'ry art
Thyself adorn'd, the mean essays of youth
Thou wilt not damp, but guide, where-ever sound,
The willing genius to the Muses seat:
Therefore thee sirst, and last, the Muse shall sing.

Long had the Gallic monarch, uncontroul'd,, Enlarg'd his borders, and of human force

D 3

Opponent

[•] This Poem was inscrib'd to the Right Honourable Ront Harky, Esq; 1705, then Speaker of the Honourable ouse of Commons, and Secretary of State.

Opponent flightly thought, in heart elate. As erft Sefestris, (proud Egyptian king, That monarchs harness'd to his chariot yokt. (Base servitude!) and his dethron'd compens Lasht furious; they in sullen majesty Drew the uneasy load;) Nor less he aim'd At univerfal fway: for: William's arm Could naught avail, however fam'd in war: Nor armies leagu'd, that diverfly affay'd To curb his pow'r enormous; like an oak, That stands secure, tho' all the winds employ Their ceaseless roar, and only sheds its leaves. Or mast, which the revolving spring restores: So flood he, and alone; alone defy'd The European thrones combin'd, and still Had fet at naught their machinations vain, But that great Anne, weighing th'events of war Momentous, in her prudent heart, thee chose, Thee. Churchill, to direct in nice extremes Her banner'd legions. Now their pristine won

Britons recollect, and gladly change native home for unaccustom'd air, other climes, where diff'rent food and foil id diftempers; over dank, and dry, journey toilsome, unfatigu'd with length arch, unstruck with horror at the fight bine ridges bleak, high stretching hills, nite with fummers fnows. They go beyond race of English steps, where scarce the sound nry's arms arriv'd; fuch strength of heart onduct, and example gives; nor small ragement, Godolphin, wife, and just, in merit, honour and success; rleigh, (fortunate alike to serve est of Queens:) he, of the royal store lidly frugal, fits whole nights devoid eet repose, industrious to procure ildier's ease; to regions far remote re extends: and to the British host ravag'd countries plenteous as their own.

D 4

And

And now, O Churchill! at thy wisht approach The Germans, hopeless of success, forlorn, With many an inroad gor'd, their drooping che New animated rouse; not more rejoice The miserable race of men, that live Benighted half the year, benumm'd with frosts Perpetual, and rough Boreas' keenest breath. Under the polar Bear, inclement sky. When first the sun with new-born light remov-The long incumbent gloom; gladly to thee Heroic laurel'd Eugene yields the prime, Nor thinks it diminution, to be rankt In military honour next, altho' His deadly hand shook the Turchestan throne Accurs'd, and prov'd in far divided lands Victorious; on thy pow'rful sword alone Germania, and the Belgic coast relies, Won from th' encroaching sea: that sword great & Fix'd not in vain on thy puissant side, When thee sh' enroll'd her garter'd knights amo

6

Illustrat

Illustrating the noble list; her hand
Assures good omens, and Saint George's worth
Enkindles like desire of high exploits.
Immediate sieges, and the tire of war
Roll in thy eager mind; thy plumy crest
Nods horrible; with more terrisic port
Thou walk'st, and seem'st already in the sight.

What spoils, what conquests then did Albion hope From thy atchievements! yet thou hast surpast Her boldest vows, exceeded what thy foes Could sear, or fancy; they, in multitude Superior sed their thoughts with prospect vain Of victory, and rapine, reck'ning what From ransom'd captives would accrue. Thus one lovial his mate bespoke; O friend, observe, sow gay with all th'accoutrements of war The Britons come, with gold well fraught they come Thus far our prey, and tempt us to subdue Their recreant force; how will their bodies stript inrich the victors, while the vultures sate

Their

Their maws with full repast! another warm'd With high ambition, and conceit of prowess Inherent, arrogantly thus presum'd; What if this sword, full often drench'd in blood Of base antagonists, with griding edge Should now cleave sheer the execrable head Of Churchill, met in arms! or if this hand, Soon as his army disarray'd 'gins swerve, Should stay him slying, with retentive gripe, Consounded and appal'd! no trivial price Should set him free, nor small should be my praise To lead him shackled, and expos'd to scorn Of gath'ring crowds the Britons' boasted chief.

Thus they, in sportive mood, their empty taunts And menaces express; nor could their prince In arms, vain Tallard, from opprobrious speech Refrain; Why halt ye thus, ye Britons? Why Decline the war? Shall a morass forbid Your easy march? Advance; we'll bridge a way Sase of access. Imprudent, thus t'invite

A furious

A furious lion to his folds! that boaft He ill abides, captiv'd in other plight He foon revisits Britanny, that once Resplendent came, with stretcht retinue girt, And pompous pageantry; O hapless fate, If any arm, but Churchill's, had prevail'd! No need fuch boafts, or exprobrations false Of cowardice; the military mound The British files transcend, in evil hour For their proud foes, that fondly brav'd their fate. And now on either fide the trumpets blew, Signal of onset, resolution firm Inspiring, and pernicious love of war. The adverse fronts in rueful conflict meet, Collecting all their might; for on th' event Decifive of this bloody day depends The fate of kingdoms: with less vehemence The great Competitors for, Rame engag'd, Cesar, and Pompey, on Pharsalian plains, Where stern Bellona, with one final stroke,

Adjudg'd

Adjudg'd the empire of this globe to one. Here the Bavarian Duke his brigades leads, Gallant in arms, and gaudy to behold. Bold champion! brandishing his Noric blade, Best temper'd steel, successless prov'd in field! Next Tallard, with his Celtic infantry Prefumptuous comes; here Churchill, not so prompt To vaunt, as fight, his hardy cohorts joins With Eugene's German force. Now from each van The brazen instruments of death discharge Horrid flames, and turbid streaming clouds Of fmoke fulphureous, intermixt with these Large globous irons fly, of dreadful hiss, Singeing the air, and from long distance bring Surprifing flaughter; on each fide they fly By chains connext, and with destructive sweep Behead whole troops at once; the hairy scalps Are whirl'd aloof, while numerous trunks bestrew Th' enfanguin'd field; with latent mischief stor'c Show'rs of granadoes rain, by fudden burst Difploding Disploding murd'rous bowels, fragments of steel,
And stones, and glass, and nitrous grain adust;
A thousand ways at once the shiver'd orbs
Fly diverse, working torment, and soul rout
With deadly bruise, and gashes surrow'd deep.
Of pain impatient, the high prancing steeds
Distain the curb, and slinging to and fro,
Spurn their dismounted riders; they expire
Indignant, by unhostile wounds destroy'd.

Thus thro' each army death in various shapes
Prevail'd; here mangled limbs, here brains and gore
Lie clotted; lifeless some: with anguish these
Gnashing, and loud laments invoking aid,
Unpity'd, and unheard; the louder din
Of guns, and trumpets clang, and solemn sound
Of drums o'ercame their groans. In equal scale
Long hung the sight, sew marks of sear were seen,
None of retreat: As when two adverse winds,
Sublim'd from dewy vapours, in mid sky
Engage with horrid shock, the russled brine

Roars

Roars flormy, they together dash the clouds. Levying their equal force with utmost race: Long undecided lasts the airy strife. So they incens'd: 'till Churchill, viewing where The violence of Tallard most prevail'd, Came to oppose his slaught'ring arm; with spee Precipitant he rode, urging his way O'er hills of gasping heroes, and fall'n steeds Rolling in death: Destruction, grim with bloo Attends his furious course. Him thus enrag's Descrying from afar some engineer, Dextrous to guide th' unerring charge, defign' By one nice shot to terminate the war. With aim direct the levell'd bullet flew. But miss'd her scope (for Deltiny withstood Th' approaching wound) and guiltless plough'd Beneath his courfer; round his facred head The glowing balls play innocent, while he With dire impetuous fway deals fatal blows Amongst the scatter'd Gauls. But O! beway

BLEINHEIM.

Great warrior, nor too prodigal of life, Expose the British safety: hath not Jour Already warn'd thee to withdraw! Referve Thyfelf for other palms. Ev'n now thy aid Eugene, with regiments unequal preft, Awaits: this day of all his honours gain'd, Delboils him. if thy fuccour opportune Defends not the fad hour: permit not thou So brave a leader with the vulgar herd To bite the ground unnoted. Swift, and fierce As wintry florm, he flies, to reinforce The yielding wing; in Gallic blood again He dews his reeking fword, and firews the ground With headless ranks : (so Ajax interpos'd His sevenfold shield, and screen'd Laeries' fon. For valour much, and warlike wiles renown'd. When the infulting Trojans urg'd him fore With tifted spears:) unmanly dread invades The French aftony'd; ftrait their useless arms They quit, and in ignoble flight confide,

Unfeemly

Unseemly yelling; distant hills return The hideous noise. What can they do? or, how Withstand his wide-destroying sword? or, where Find shelter thus repuls'd? behind with wrath Resistless, th' eager English champions press Chastifing tardy slight; before them rolls His current swift the Danube vast, and deep, Supream of rivers; to the frightful brink, Urg'd by compulsive arms soon as they reacht. New horror chill'd their veins: devote they faw Themselves to wretched doom; with efforts vain. Encourag'd by despair, or obstinate To fall like men in arms, some dare renew Feeble engagement, meeting glorious fate On the firm land; the rest discomsited, And pusht by Marlborough's avengeful hand, Leap plunging in the wide extended flood. Bands numerous as the Memphian foldiery That swell'd th' Erythræan wave, when wall'd The unfroze waters marvellously stood,

Observant

bservant of the great command. Upborne frothy billows thousands float the stream cumbrous mail, with love of farther shore; infiding in their hands, that sed'lous strive cut th' outrageous fluent: in this distress. 'n in the fight of death, some tokens shew fearless friendship, and their finking mates stain: vain love, tho' laudable! absorb'd a fierce eddy, they together found ie vast profundity; their horses paw ne swelling surge with fruitless toil: surcharg'd, nd in his course obstructed by large spoil. ne river flows redundant, and attacks he ling'ring remnant with unusual tide; hen rolling back, in his capacious lap gulfs their whole militia, quick immerst. when fome fwelt'ring travellers retire o leafy shades, near the cool sunless verge f Paraba, Brasilian stream; her tail f vast extension from her watry den,

£

A grifly

A grifly Hydra fuddenly shoots forth,
Insidious, and with curl'd envenom'd train
Embracing horridly, at once the crew
Into the river whirls; th' unweeting prey
Entwisted roars, th' affrighted slood rebounds.

Nor did the British squadrons now surcease. To gall their soes o'erwhelm'd; sull many self. In the moist element a scorching death,
Pierc'd sinking; shrouded in a dusky cloud. The current flows, with livid missive slames. Boiling, as once Pergamean Xansbus boil'd, Instam'd by Kulcan, when the swift-sooted son. Of Peleus to his baleful banks pursu'd. The straggling Trajans: nor less eager drove. Victorious Churchill his desponding soes. Into the deep immense, that many a league. Impurpled ran, with gushing gore distain'd.

Thus the experienc'd valour of one man, Mighty in conflict, rescu'd harrass'd pow're. From ruin impendent, and th' afflicted throne

Imperial

nperial, that once lorded o'er the world, uffain'd. With prudent stay, he long defer'd he rough contention, nor would deign to rout n host disparted; when, in union firm mbody'd they advanc'd, collecting all 'heir strength, and worthy seem'd to be subdu'd: fe the proud boasters sent, with stern assault. lown to the realms of night. The British souls. A lamentable race!) that ceas'd to breathe. In Landen-plains, this heav'nly gladsome air, xult to see the crouding ghosts descend Innumber'd; well aveng'd, they quit the cares If mortal life, and drink th' oblivious lake. Not so the new inhabitants: they roam Erroneous, and disconsolate; themselves accusing, and their chiefs, improvident If military chance; when lo! they fee, Thro' the dun mist, in blooming beauty fresh, Iwo lovely youths, that amicably walkt 3'er verdant meads, and pleas'd, perhaps, revolv'd

Anna's late conquests; * one, to empire born, Egregious Prince, whose manly childhood shew'd His mingled parents, and portended joy Unspeakable; + thou, his associate dear Once in this world, nor now by fate disjoin'd, Had thy prefiding star propitious shone, Should'st Churchill be! but Heav'n severe cut short Their springing years, nor would this isle should book Gifts so important! them the Gallic shades Surveying, read in either radiant look Marks of excessive dignity and grace, Delighted; 'till, in one, their curious eve Discerns their great subduer's awful mien. And corresponding features fair; to them Confusion! strait the airy phantoms fleet, With headlong haste, and dread a new pursuit; The image pleas'd with joy paternal smiles.

Enough, O muse; the sadly-pleasing theme

Leave,

^{*} Duke of Gloucester. + Marquis of Blandford.

eave, with these dark abodes, and re-ascend To breathe the upper air, where triumphs wait The conqu'ror, and fav'd nations joint acclaim. Hark, how the cannon, inoffensive now. Gives figns of gratulation; struggling crouds From ev'ry city flow; with ardent gaze Fixt, they behold the British Guide, of fight Infatiate; whilst his great redeeming hand Each prince affects to touch respectful. See How Prussia's King transported entertains His mighty guest; to him the royal pledge, Hope of his realm, commits, (with better fate, Than to the Trojan Chief Evander gave Unhappy Pallas) and intreats to shew The skill and rudiments austere of war. See, with what joy, him Leopold declares His great Deliverer; and courts t'accept Of titles, with superior modesty Better refus'd. Mean while the haughty King Far humbler thoughts now learns; descair, and fear Now first he feels; his laurels all at once Torn from his aged head, in life's extream. Distract his soul; nor can great Boileau's harm Of various founding wire, best taught to calm Whatever passion, and exalt the foul With highest strains, his languid spirits cheer: Rage, shame, and grief, alternate in his breaker But who can tell what pangs, what sharp remorf Torment the Boian prince? from native soil Exil'd by fate, torn from the dear embrace Of weeping confort, and depriv'd the fight Of his young guiltless progeny, he seeks Inglorious shelter, in an alien land: Deplorable! but that his mind averse To right, and infincere, would violate His plighted faith: why did he not accept Friendly composure offer'd? or well weigh, With whom he must contend? encount'ring fierc The Solymean Sultan, he o'erthrew His moony troops, returning bravely smear'd Wit With Paisim blood effus'd; nor did the Gaul Not find him once a baleful foe: but when. Of counsel rash, new measures he pursues. Unhappy prince! (no more a prince) he sees Too late his error, forc'd t' implore relief Of him, he once defy'd. O destitute Of hope, unpity'd! thou should'st first have thought Of persevering stedfast; now upbraid Thy own inconstant ill-aspiring heart.' Lo! how the Noric plains, thro' thy default Rife hilly, with large piles of flaughter'd knights. Best men, that warr'd still firmly for their prince Tho' faithless, and unshaken duty shew'd: Worthy of better end. Where cities stood. Well fenc'd, and numerous desolation reigns. And emptiness, dismay'd, unfed, unhous'd The widow, and the orphan strole around The defart wide; with oft retorted eye They view the gaping walls, and poor remains Of manfions, once their own (now loathfome haunts: Of birds obscene), bewailing loud the loss
Of spouse, or sire, or son, ere manly prime
Slain in sad conflict, and complain of sate
As partial, and too rigorous; nor sind
Where to retire themselves, or where appease
Th' afflictive keen desire of sood, expos'd
To winds, and storms, and jaws of savage beasts.

Thrice happy Albion! from the world disjoin'd By Heav'n propitious, blifsful feat of peace!

Learn from thy neighbours miseries to prize

Thy welfare; crown'd with nature's choicest gift.

Remote thou hear'st the dire effect of war,

Depopulation, void alone of fear,

And peril, whilst the dismal symphony

Of drums and clarions other realms annoys.

Th' Iberian scepter undecided, here

Engages mighty hosts in wasteful strife;

From diff'rent climes the flow'r of youth descends

Down to the Lustanian vales, resolv'd

With utmost hazard to enthrone their prince,

Gallic.

Fallic, or Austrian; havoc dire ensues, and wild uproar: the natives dubious whom They must obey, in consternation wait, Till rigid conquest will pronounce their liege. for is the brazen voice of war unheard In the mild Latian shore; what sighs and tears [ath Eugene caus'd! how many widows curse is cleaving faulcheon! fertile foil in vain! hat do thy pastures, or thy vines avail, eft boon of Heav'n! or huge Taburnus, cloath'd ith olives, when the cruel battle mows he planters, with their harvest immature? e, with what outrage from the frosty north, he early valiant Swede draws forth his wings battailous array, while Volga's stream ends opposite, in shaggy armour clad, er borderers; on mutual slaughter bent, hey rend their countries. How is Poland vext 'ith civil broils, while two elected Kings

Contend

Contend for fway? unhappy nation, left Thus free of choice! the English undisturb's With fuch fad privilege, submiss obey Whom Heav'n ordains supreme, with rev'rence Not thraldom, in fit liberty fecure: From scepter'd Kings, in long descent deri-Thou Anna rulest; prudent to promote Thy people's ease at home, nor studious less Of Europe's good; to thee, of Kingly rights Sole arbitress, declining thrones, and pow'. Sue for relief; thou bid'ft thy Churchill go, Succour the injur'd realms, defeat the hope Of haughty Louis, unconfin'd; he goes Obsequious, and the dread command fulfile In one great day. Again thou giv'st in char! To Rook, that he should let that monarch ke The empire of the ocean wide diffus'd Is thine; behold! with winged speed he ri-Undaunted o'er the lab'ring main t'assert

Thy liquid kingdoms; at his near approach
The Gallic navies impotent to bear
His volly'd thunder, torn, differer'd, scud,
And bless the friendly interposing night.

Hail, mighty Queen, referv'd by Fate to grace. The new-born age; what hopes may we conceive Of future years, when to thy early reign Neptune submits his trident, and thy arms. Already have prevail'd to th' utmost bound. Hesperian, Calpe, by Alcides sixt,

Mountain sublime, that casts a shade of length Immeasurable, and rules the inland waves!

Let others, with insatiate thirst of rule,
Invade their neighbours lands, neglect the ties. Of leagues and oaths; this thy peculiar praise. Be still, to study right, and quell the force. Of Kings persidious; let them learn from thee. That neither strength, nor policy resin'd, Shall with success be crown'd, where justice fails.

10

Thou, with thy own content, not for thyself,
Subduest regions, generous to raise
The suppliant knee, and curb the rebel neck.
The German boasts thy conquests, and enjoys
The great advantage; naught to thee redounds
But satisfaction from thy conscious mind.

Auspicious Queen, since in thy realms secure
Of peace, thou reign's, and victory attends
Thy distant ensigns, with compassion view
Europe embroil'd; still thou (for thou alone
Sussicient art) the jarring kingdoms ire,
Reciprocally ruinous; say who
Shall wield th' Hesperian, who the Polish sword,
By thy decree; the trembling lands shall hear
Thy voice, obedient, less thy scourge should bruise
Their stubborn necks, and Churchill in his wrath
Make them remember Bleinbeim with regret.

Thus shall the nations, aw'd to peace, extol Thy pow'r, and justice; Jealousies and Fears,

And.

And Hate infernal banish'd, shall retire

To Mauritania, or the Bactrian coasts,
Or Tartary, engend'ring discords fell

Amongst the enemies of truth; while arts
Pacific, and inviolable love
Flourish in Europe. Hail Saturnian days
Returning! in perpetual tenor run
Delectable, and shed your influence sweet
On virtuous Anna's head: ye happy days,
By her restor'd, her just designs complete,
And, mildly on her shining, bless the world.

Thus from the noify croud exempt, with ease, And plenty blest, amid the mazy groves, (Sweet solitude!) where warbling birds provoke The silent Muse, delicious rural seat Of St. John, English Memmius, I presum'd To sing Britannic trophies, inexpert Of war, with mean attempt; while he intent (So Anna's will ordains) to expedite

His

78 BLEINHEIM.

His military charge, no leifure finds
To string his charming shell; but when return'd
Consummate Peace shall rear her cheerful head,
Then shall his Charchill in sublimer verse
For ever triumph; latest times shall learn
From such a Chief to sight, and Bard, to sing.

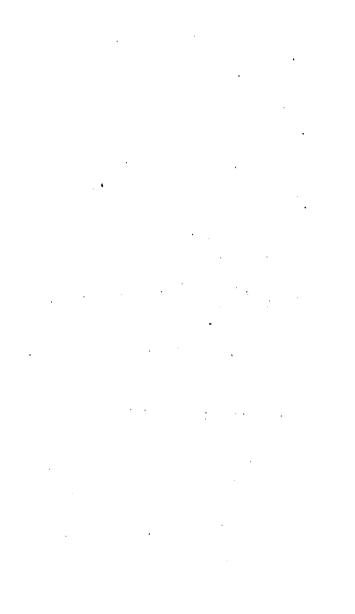
* He was then Secretary of War.

O D E

ΆD

Henricum St. John, Armig'

1706.



O D E

A D

Henricum St. John, Armig'

ſ.

Qui recisæ finibus Indicis
Benignus herbæ, das mihi divitem.
Haurire succum, et suaveolentes
Sæpe tubis iterare sumos;

II.

Qui folus acri respicis asperum
Siti palatum, proluis et mero,
Dulcem elaborant cui saporem
Hesperii pretiumque, soles:

F

III.

82 ODE ad HENRICUM

III.

Ecquid reponam muneris omnium

Exors bonorum? prome reconditum,

Pimplæa, carmen, desidésque

Ad numeros, age, tende chordas.

IV.

Ferri secundo mens avet impetu,

Quà cygnisormes per liquidum æthera,

Te, diva, vim præbente, vates

Explicuit venusinus alas:

v.

Solers modorum, seu puerum trucem, Cum matre slavâ, seu caneret rosas Et vina, cyrrhæis Hetruscum Rite beans equitem sub antris.

VI.

At non Lyzi vis generosior Affluxit illi; szpe licet cadum Jactet Falernum, sæpe Chiæ Munera, lætitiamque testæ.

VII.

Patronus illi non fuit artium

Celebriorum; fed nec amantior

Nec charus æquè. O! quæ medullas

Flamma fubit, tacitofque fenfus!

VIII.

Pertentat, ut téque et tua munera Gratus recordor, mercurialium Princeps virorum! et ipse Musa Cultor, et usque colende Muss!

IX.

Sed me minantem grandia deficit Receptus ægrè spiritus, ilia Dum pulsat ima, ac inquietum Tussis agens sine more pectus.

84 ODE ad HENRICUM

X.

Altè petito quassat anhelitu; Funesta planè, ni mihi balsamum Distillet in venas, tuæque Lenis opem ferat haustus uvæ.

XI.

Hanc fumo, parcis et tibi poculis Libo falutem; quin precor, optima Ut usque conjux sospitetur, Perpetuo recreans amore.

XII.

Te consulentem militiæ super
Rebus togatum. Macte! tori decus,
Formosa cui Francisca cessit,
Crine placens, niveoque collo!

XIII.

Quam Gratiarum cura decentium
O! O! labellis cui Venus infidet!

forte felix: me Maria erat (ah miserum!) videndo:

XIV.

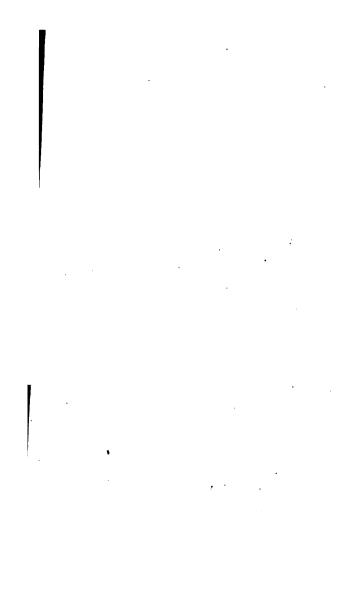
quæ me sidereo tuens la vultu per medium jecur ecit, atque excussit omnes inus ex animo puellas.

XV.

alla mentis spe mihi mutuæ que desit, nocte, die vigil piro; nec jam vina somnos revocant, tua dona, sumi.

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Henry St. John, Esquire.

1706.



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Henry St. John, Esquire *.

1706.

I.

Thou from *India*'s fruitful foil,

That dost that sovereign herb + prepare;
In whose rich sumes I lose the toil

Of life, and every anxious care:

While from the fragrant lighted bowl

I fuck new life into my foul;

* This piece was translated by the Reverend Thomas Newveome, M. A. of Corpus Christi College, Oxon.

† Tobacco.

II. Thou,

U.

Thou, only thou! art kind to view

The parching flames that I fustain;

Which with cool draughts thy casks subdue,
And wash away the thirsty pain,

With wines, whose strength and taste we prize,
From Latian suns and nearer skies.

III.

O! fay, to bless thy pious love,

What vows, what offerings shall I bring?

Since I can spare, and thou approve,

No other gift, O hear me sing!

In numbers Phabus does inspire,

Who strings for thee the charming lyre.

IV.

Aloft, above the liquid sky,

I stretch my wing, and fain would go

Where Rome's sweet swain did whilom sly;

And soaring, left the clouds below;

The Muse invoking to endue
With strength, his pinions, as he slew.

V.

Whether he fings great Beauty's praise,
Love's gentle pain, or tender woes;
Or choose, the subject of his lays,
The blushing grape, or blooming rose:
Or near cool Cyrrba's rocky springs
Macenas listens while he sings.

VI.

Yet he no nobler draught could boast,

His Muse or music to inspire,

Tho' all Falernum's purple coast

Flow'd in each glass, to lend him fire:

And on his tables us'd to smile

The vintage of rich Chio's isle.

VII.

Macenas deign'd to hear his fongs,

His Muse extoll'd, his voice approv'd;

To thee a fairer fame belongs,

At once more pleasing, more belov'd. Oh! teach my heart to bound its flame, As I record thy love and fame.

VIII.

Teach me the passion to restrain,
As I my grateful homage bring;
And last in *Phæbus*' humble train
The first and brightest genius sing.
The Muses favourite pleas'd to live,
Paying them back the same they give.

IX.

But oh! as greatly I aspire

To tell my love, to speak thy praise,
Boasting no more its sprightly sire,

My bosom heaves, my voice decays;

ith pain I touch the mournful string, nd pant and languish as I sing.

x.

aint nature now demands that breath,
That feebly strives thy worth to sing!
and would be hush'd and lost in death,
Did not thy care kind succours bring!
hy pitying casks my soul sustain,
and call new life in every vein.

XI.

'he fober glass I now behold,

Thy health, with fair Francisca's join,

Vishing her cheeks may long unfold

Such beauties, and be ever thine;

vo chance the tender joy remove,

While she can please, and thou canst love.

XII. Thus

XII.

Thus while by you the British arms

Triumphs and distant fame pursue;

The yielding Fair resigns her charms,

And gives you leave to conquer too;

Her snowy neck, her breast, her eyes,

And all the nymph becomes your prize.

XIII.

What comely grace, what beauty fmiles,
Upon her lips what fweetness dwells?
Not Love himself so oft beguiles,
Nor Venus self so much excels;
What different fates our passions share,
While you enjoy, and I despair?

XIV.

- Maria's form as I furvey,
 Her fmiles a thousand wounds impart;

 Each feature steals my soul away,
 Each glance deprives me of my heart.
- * Miss Mary Meers, Daughter of the late Principal of Nose College, Oxon.

:hasing thence each other Fair s her own image only there.

XV.

' my anxious breast despair, d sighing, hopes no kind return; or the lov'd relentless Fair night I wake, by day I burn. an thy gifts soft sleep supply, oth my pains, or close my eye.







E R. E M, I N BOOKS. Honos erit buic quoque Pomo? VIRG.



A.Walker del.et fe

ER. M, I N BOOKS. Honos erit buic quoque Pomo? VIRG.



HAT foil the apple loves, what care is due To orchats, timeliest when to press the fruits, Thy gift, Pomona, in Miltonian verse Advent'rous I prefume to fing; of verfe Nor skill'd, nor studious: but my native soil Invites me, and the theme as yet unfung.

Ye Ariconian knights, and fairest dames, To whom propitious Heav'n these blessings grants, Attend my lays, nor hence disdain to learn, How nature's gifts may be improv'd by art. And thou, O Mostyn, whose benevolence, And candor, oft experienc'd, me vouchsaf'd To knit in friendship, growing still with years, G 2

Accept

Accept this pledge of gratitude and love.

May it a lasting monument remain

Of dear respect; that, when this body frail

Is molder'd into dust, and I become

As I had never been, late times may know

I once was bless'd in such a matchless friend.

Whoe'er expects his lab'ring trees shou'd b
With fruitage, and a kindly harvest yield,
Be this his first concern, to find a tract
Impervious to the winds, begirt with hills
That intercept the Hyperborean blasts
Tempestuous, and cold Eurus' nipping force,
Noxious to feeble buds: but to the west
Let him free entrance grant, let Zepbyrs bla
Administer their tepid genial airs;
Naught fear he from the west, whose gentle wa
Discloses well the earth's all-teeming womb
Invigorating tender seeds; whose breath
Nurtures the Orange, and the Citron grove
Hesperian fruits, and wasts their odors sweet

Wide thro? the air, and diffant shares perfumes. Nor only do the hills exclude the winds: But when the blackning clouds in sprinkling show'rs. Distil. from the high summits down the rain Ryas trickling; with the fertile moisture cheer'd. The orchats smile; joyous the farmers see Their thriving plants, and bless the heav'nly dew. Next let the planter, with discretion meet, The force and genius of each foil explore; To what adapted, what it shuns averse: Without this necessary care, in vain He hopes an apple-vintage, and invokes Pomona's aid in vain. The miry fields, Rejoicing in rich mold, most ample fruit Of beauteous form produce; pleasing to sight, But to the tongue inclegant and flat. So nature has decreed: so oft we see Men passing fair, in outward lineaments Elaborate; less, inwardly, exact. Nor from the fable ground expect success

Nor from cretaceous, stubborn and jejune: The Must, of pallid hue, declares the soil Devoid of spirit; wretched he, that quaffs Such wheyish liquors; oft with cholic pangs, With pungent cholic pangs distress'd he'll roar, And toss, and turn, and curse th'unwholfom draught. But, farmer, look, where full-ear'd sheaves of rye Grow wavy on the tilth, that foil felect For apples; thence thy industry shall gain Ten-fold reward; thy garners, thence with store Surcharg'd, shall burst; thy press with purest juice Shall flow, which, in revolving years, may try Thy feeble feet, and bind thy falt'ring tongue. Such is the Kentchurch, such Dantzeyan ground. Such thine, O learned Brome, and Capel such, Willifian Burlton, much-lov'd Geers his Marfb, And Sutton-acres, drench'd with regal blood Of Ethelbert, when to th' unhallow'd feast Of Mercian Offa he invited came, To treat of spousals: long connubial joys

He promis'd to himfelf, allur'd by fair

Elfrida's beauty; but deluded dy'd

In height of hopes — oh! hardest fate, to fall

By shew of friendship, and pretended love!

I nor advise, nor reprehend the choice

Of Marcley-hill; the apple no where finds

A kinder mold: yet 'tis unsafe to trust

Deceitful ground: who knows but that, once more,

This mount may journey, and, his present site

Forsaking, to thy neighbour's bounds transfer

The goodly plants, affording matter strange

For law-debates * ? if therefore thou incline

To deck this rise with fruits of various tastes,

^{*} February the seventh, 1571, at fix o'clock in the evening, this hill roused itself with a rearing noise, and by seven the next morning had moved forty paces; it kept moving for three days together, carrying with it sheep in their cotes, hedge-rows and trees, and in its passage overthrew Kinnasson Chapple, and turned two highways near an hundred yards from their former position. The ground thus moved was about twenty-six acres, which opened itself, and carried the earth before it for four hundred yards space, leaving that which was passure in the place of the tillage, and the tillage overspread with passure. See Speed's Account of Herefordsbire, page 49, and Camden's Britannia.

Fail not by frequent vows t'implore fucces; Thus piteous Heav'n may fix the wandring gleba But if (for nature doth not there slike Her gifts) an happy foil flould be with-held: If a penurious clay should be thy lot. Or rough unwieldy earth, nor to the plough, Nor to the cattle kind, with fandy fromes And gravel o'er-abounding, think it not Beneath thy toil; the sturdy pear-tree here Will rife luxuriant, and with toughest root Pierce the obstructing grit, and restive marle. Thus naught is useless made; nor is there land, But what, of of itself; or else compell'd, Affords advantage. On the barren heath The shepherd tends his flock, that daily crop Their verdant dinner from the mossie tuff. Sufficient; after them the cackling goofe, Close-grazer, finds wherewith to ease her want. What shou'd I more? Ev'n on the cliffy height Of Penmenmaur, and that cloud-piercing hill,

Plinlimmon

Plinlimatio, from afar the araveller kens
Aftonish'd, how the goats their shrubby brouze
Onaw pendent; nor untrembling canst thou see,
How from a scraggy rock, whose prominence
Half overshades the ocean, hardy men,
Rearless of reading winds, and dashing waves,
Cut samphire, to excite the squeamish gust
Of pamper'd luxury. Then, let thy ground
Not lye unlabor'd; if the richest stem
Resuse to thrive, yet who wou'd doubt to plant
Somewhat, that may to human use redound,
And penury, the worst of ills, remove?

There are, who, fondly studious of increase, Rich foreign shold on their ill-natur'd land Induce laborious, and with fatning muck Besmear the rests; in vain! the nurshing grove Seems fair a while, cherish'd with softer earth: But when the alien compost is exhaust, dt's native poverty again prevails.

Tho' this art fails, despond not; little pains,

In

In a due hour employ'd, great profit yield. Th' industrious, when the Sun in Leo rides, And darts his sultriest beams, portending drou Forgets not at the foot of ev'ry plant To sink a circling trench, and daily pour A just supply of alimental streams, Exhausted sap recruiting; else false hopes He cherishes, nor will his fruit expect Th' autumnal season, but, in summer's pri When other orchats smile, abortive fail.

Thus the great light of heav'n, that in his consurveys and quickens all things, often proven Noxious to planted fields, and often men Perceive his influence dire; sweltring they root To grots, and caves, and the cool umbrage Of woven arborets, and oft the rills Still streaming fresh revisit, to allay Thirst inextinguishable: but if the spring Preceding shou'd be destitute of rain, Or blast septentrional with brushing wings

Sweep up the fmoky miss, and vapours damp,
Then woe to mortals! Titan then exerts
His heat intense, and on our vitals preys;
Then maladies of various kinds, and names
Unknown, malignant severs, and that soe
To blooming beauty, which imprints the face
Of fairest nymph, and checks our growing love,
Reign far and near; grim Death in different shapes
Depopulates the nations; thousands fall
His victims; youths, and virgins, in their flower,
Reluctant die, and sighing leave their loves
Unfinish'd, by insectious heav'n destroy'd.

Such heats prevail'd, when fair Eliza, last
Of Winchcomb's name (next thee in blood and worth,
O fairest St. John!) lest this toilsome world
In beauty's prime, and sadden'd all the year:
Nor cou'd her virtues, nor repeated vows
Of thousand lovers, the relentless hand
Of death arrest; she with the vulgar fell,
Only distinguish'd by this humble verse.

But

Dec.

But if it please the sun's intemp'rate force. To know, attend; whilft I of ancient same. The annals trace, and image to thy mind, How our fore-sathers, (luckless men!) ingul. By the wide yawning earth, to Stygian shades. Went quick, in one sad sepulchre inclos'd.

In elder days, ere yet the Roman hands Victorious, this our other world subdu'd, A spacious city stood, with armost walls Sure mounded, and with num'rous turrets crow Aerial spires, and citadels, the seat Of Kings, and heroes resolute in war, Fam'd Ariconium; uncontrol'd, and free, 'Till all-subduing Latian arms prevail'd. Then also, tho' to foreign yoke submiss, She undemolish'd stood, and ev'n till now Perhaps had stood, of ancient British art A pleasing monument, not less admir'd Than what from Attic, or Etruscan hands Arose; had not the heav'nly Pow'rs averse

Decreed her final doom: for now the fields Labour'd with thirst: Aquarius had not fired His wonted show'rs, and Sirius parch'd with heat Solftitial the green herb: hence gan relax The ground's contexture, hence Tartarian dregs. Sulphur, and nitrous spume, enkindling fierce. Bellow'd within their darksome caves, by far More difmal than the loud disploded roar Of brazen enginry, that ceaseless storm The bastion of a well-built city, deem'd, Impregnable: th' infernal winds, 'till now Closely imprison'd, by Titanian warmth Dilating, and with uncluous vapours fed, Difdain'd their narrow cells; and, their full ftrongth Collecting, from beneath the folid mass Upheav'd, and all her caftles rooted deep Shook from their lowest feat; old Vaga's stream. Forc'd by the fudden shock, her wonted track Forfook, and drew her humid train aflope, Crankling her banks: and now the low ring thy. And

The

10

And baleful lightning, and the thunder, voice Of anory Gods, that rattled folemn, difmaid The finking hearts of men. Where shou'd they turn Diffres'd? whence feek for aid? when from below Hell threatens, and ev'n Fate supreme gives signs Of wrath and defolation? vain were vows, And plaints, and suppliant hands to heav'n erect! Yet some to fanes repair'd, and humble rites Perform'd to Thor, and Woden, fabled gods, Who with their vot'ries in one ruin shar'd. Crush'd, and o'rwhelm'd. Others in frantic mood, Run howling thro' the streets, their hideous vells Rend the dark welkin; Horror stalks around, Wild-staring, and, his sad concomitant, Despair, of abject look: at ev'ry gate The thronging populace with hafty strides Press furious, and, too eager of escape, Obstruct the easy way; the rocking town Supplants their footsteps; to, and fro, they reel Astonish'd, as o'er-charg'd with wine; when lo!

The ground adust her riven mouth disparts, Horrible chasm; profound! with swift descent Old Ariconium finks, and all her tribes, Heroes, and fenators, down to the realms Of endless night. Meanwhile, the loosen'd winds Infuriate, molten rocks and flaming globes Hurl'd high above the clouds; 'till all their force Confum'd, her rav'nous jaws th'earth fatiate clos'd. Thus this fair city fell, of which the name Survives alone; nor is there found a mark, Whereby the curious passenger may learn Her ample fite, fave coins, and mould'ring urns, And huge unwieldy bones, lasting remains Of that gigantic race; which, as he breaks The clotted glebe, the plowman haply finds, Appall'd. Upon that treacherous tract of land, She whilome stood; now Ceres, in her prime, Smiles fertile, and with ruddiest freight bedeckt, The apple-tree, by our fore-fathers blood Improv'd, that now recalls the devious Muse,

Urging

Urging her destin'd labours to pursue.

The prudent will observe, what passions reign In various plants (for not to man alone, But all the wide creation, nature gave Love, and aversion): everlasting hate The Vine to Ivy bears, nor less abhors The Colewort's rankness: but with amorous twine-Clasps the tall Elm: the Pæstan Rose unfolds Her bad more levely, near the fetid Leck, (Craft of fout Britons,) and inhances thence: The price of her celeffial fcent: the Gourd. And thirsty Cucumber, when they perceive Th'approaching Olive, with refentment fly Her fatty fibres, and with tendrils creep Diverse, detesting contact; whilst the Fig. Contemns not Rue, nor Sage's humble leaf,. Close neighbouring: th' Herefordian plant Careffes freely the contiguous Peach. Hazel, and weight-refifting Palm, and likes T'approach the Quince, and the Elder's pithy frem; Uneasy, seated by funereal Yeugh,
Or Walnut, (whose malignant touch impairs
All generous fruits,) or near the bitter dews
Of Cherries. Therefore weigh the habits well
Of plants, how they affociate best, nor let
Ill neighbourhood corrupt thy hopeful graffs.
Would'st thou thy vats with gen'rous juice

fhould froth?

Respect thy orchats; think not, that the trees
Spontaneous will produce an wholsome draught.
Let art correct thy breed; from parent bough
A Cyon meetly sever: after, force
A way into the crabstock's close-wrought grain
By wedges, and within the living wound
Enclose the foster twig; nor over-nice
Resuse with thy own hands around to spread
The binding clay: ere-long their differing veins
Unite, and kindly nourishment convey
To the new pupil; now he shoots his arms
With quickest growth; now shake the teeming trunk,
H Down

Down rain th' impurpled balls, ambrofial fruit. Whether the Wilding's fibres are contriv'd To draw th' earth's purest spirit, and resist It's feculence, which in more porous stocks Of Cyder-plants finds passage free, or else The native verjuice of the Crab, deriv'd Thro' th' insix'd graff, a grateful mixture forms Of tart and sweet; whatever be the cause, This doubtful progeny by nicest tastes Expected best acceptance finds, and pays Largest revenues to the orchat-lord.

Some think, the Quince and Apple would combin In happy union; others fitter deem The Sloe-stem bearing Sylvan Plumbs austere. Who knows but both may thrive? howe'er, what los To try the pow'rs of both, and search how far Two different natures may concur to mix In close embraces, and strange offspring bear? Thou'lt find that plants will frequent changes try Undamag'd, and their marriageable arms

Conjoin with others. So Silurian plants

Admit the Peach's odoriferous globe,

And Pears of fundry forms; at diff'rent times

Adopted Plumbs will alien branches grace;

And menhave gather'd from the Hawthorn's branch

Large Medlars, imitating regal crowns.

Nor is it hard to beautify each month
With files of particulor'd fruits, that please
The tongue, and view, at once. So Maro's Muse,
Thrice sacred Muse! commodious precepts gives
Instructive to the swains, not wholly bent
On what is gainful: sometimes she diverts
From solid counsels, shews the force of love
In savage beasts; how virgin face divine
Attracts the hapless youth thro' storms and waves,
Alone, in deep of night: Then she describes
The Scythian winter, nor disdains to sing
How under ground the rude Riphean race
Mimick brisk Cyder with the brakes product wild;
Sloes pounded, Hips, and Scrvis' harshest juice.

Нг

Let

Let fage experience teach thee all the arts Of grafting and in-eyeing; when to lop The flowing branches; what trees answer best From root, or kernel: she will best the hours Of harvest, and seed-time declare; by her The diff'rent qualities of things were found. And fecret motions: how with heavy bulk Volatile Hermes, fluid and unmoift, Mounts on the wings of air; to her we owe The Indian weed *, unknown to ancient times. Nature's choice gift, whose acrimonious fume Extracts superfluous juices, and refines The blood distemper'd from its noxious falts : Friend to the spirits, which with vapors bland It gently mitigates, companion fit Of pleafantry, and wine; nor to the bards Unfriendly, when they to the vocal shell Warble melodious their well labor'd fongs.

Tobacco.

She found the polish'd glass, whose small convex Enlarges to ten millions of degrees The mite, invisible else, of Nature's hand Least animal; and shews, what laws of life The cheefe-inhabitants observe, and how Fabrick their mansions in the harden'd milk, Wonderful artiffs! but the hidden ways Of Nature wouldst thou know? how first she frames All things in miniature? thy specular orb Apply to well diffected kernels; lo! Strange forms arise, in each a little plant Unfolds its boughs: observe the slender threads Of first beginning trees, their roots, their leaves, In narrow feeds describ'd; thou'lt wond'ring say, An inmate orthat ev'ry apple boafts. Thus all things by experience are display'd, And most improv'd. Then sedulously think To meliorate thy stock; no way, or rule Be unaslay'd; prevent the morning star Assiduous, nor with the western sun

Н 3

Surcease

Surcease to work; lo! thoughtful of thy gain,
Not of my own, I all the live-long day
Consume in meditation deep, recluse
From human converse, nor, at shut of eve,
Enjoy repose; but oft at midnight lamp
Ply my brain-racking studies, if by chance
Thee I may counsel right; and oft this care
Disturbs me slumb'ring. Wilt thou then repine
To labour for thyself? and rather choose
To lie supinely, hoping Heav'n will bless
Thy slighted fruits, and give thee bread unearn'd?

'Twill profit, when the stork, sworn foe of snakes Returns, to shew compassion to thy plants, Fatigu'd with breeding. Let the arched knise Well sharpen'd now assail the spreading shades Of vegetables, and their thirsty limbs Dissever: for the genial moisture, due To apples, otherwise mispends itself In barren twigs, and for th'expected crop, Nought but vain shoots, and empty leaves abound

Whe

When swelling buds their od'rous soliage shed,
And gently harden into fruit, the wise
Spare not the little offsprings, if they grow
Redundant; but the thronging clusters thin
By kind avulsion: else the starv'ling brood,
Void of sufficient sustenance, will yield
A slender autumn; which the niggard sous
Too late shall weep, and curse his thristy hand,
That would not timely ease the pond'rous boughs.

It much conduces, all the cares to know
Of gard'ning, how to scare nocturnal thieves,
And how the little race of birds that hop
From spray to spray, scooping the costlict fruit:
Insatiate, undisturb'd. Priapus' form
Avails but little; rather guard each row
With the false terrors of a breathless kite.
This done, the timorous flock with swiftest wing
Scud thro' the air; their fancy represents.
His mortal talons, and his rav'nous beak.
Destructive; glad to shun his hostile gripe,

H. 4.

They

They quit their thefts, and unfrequent the fields.

Besides, the silthy swine will oft invade
Thy firm inclosure, and with delving snout
The rooted forest undermine: forthwith
Halloo thy furious mastisf, bid him vex
The noxious herd, and print upon their ears,
A sad memorial of their past offence.

The flagrant Procyon will not fail to bring
Large shoals of slow house-bearing snails that creep
O'er the ripe fruitage, paring slimy tracts
In the sleek rinds, and unprest Cyder drink.
No art averts this pest; on thee it lies,
With morning and with evening hand to rid
The preying reptiles; nor, if wise, wilt thou
Decline this labour, which itself rewards
With pleasing gain, whilst the warm limbec draws
Salubrious waters from the nocent brood.

Myriads of wasps now also clust'ring hang,

And drain a spurious honey from thy groves,

Their winter food; tho' oft repuls'd, again

They

They rally, undifinay'd: but fraud with ease
Ensnares the noisome swarms; let ev'ry bough
Bear frequent vials, pregnant with the dregs
Of Moyle, or Mum, or Treacle's viscous juice;
They by th' alluring odor drawn, in haste
Fly to the dulcet cates, and crouding sip
Their palatable bane; joyful thou'lt see
The clammy surface all o'er-strown with tribes
Of greedy insects, that with fruitless toil
Flap silmy pennons oft, to extricate
Their feet, in liquid shackles bound, 'till death
Bereave them of their worthless souls: such doom
Waits luxury, and lawless love of gain!

Howe'er thou may'ft forbid external force,
Intestine evils will prevail; damp airs,
And rainy winters, to the centre pierce
Of firmest fruits, and by unseen decay
The proper relish vitiate: then the grub
Oft unobserv'd invades the vital core,
Pernicious tenant, and her secret cave

Enlarges

Enlarges hourly, preying on the pulp
Ceaseles; mean-while the apple's outward form
Delectable the witless swain beguiles,
'Till, with a writhen mouth, and spatt'ring noise,
He tastes the bitter morsel, and rejects
Disrelisht; not with less surprize, than when
Embattel'd troops with slowing banners pass.
Thro' flow'ry meads delighted, nor distrust
The smiling surface; whilst the cavern'd ground,
With grain incentive stor'd, by sudden blaze
Bursts fatal, and involves the hopes of war,
In si'ry whirles; full of victorious thoughts,
Torn and dismembred, they alost expire.

Now turn thine eye, to view Alcinous' groves,.
The pride of the Pheacian ille, from whence,.
Sailing the spaces of the boundless deep,
To Ariconium precious fruits arriv'd:
The Pippin burnisht o'er with gold, the Moyle
Of sweetest honey'd taste, the fair Permain,
Temper'd, like comlick nymph, with rod and white.

Salopian

Salopian acres flourish with a growth Peculiar, styl'd the Oetley: be thou first This Apple to transplant, if to the name Lts merit answers, no where shalt thou find: A wine more priz'd, or laudable of tafte. Nor does the Eliot least deserve thy care, Nor John-Apple, whose wither'd rind, intrencht. With many a furrow, aptly represents Decrepid age, nor that from Harvey nam'd, Quick-relishing: why should we sing the Thrift, Codling, or Pomroy, or of pimpled coat The Russet, or the Cat's-Head's weighty orb, Enormous in it's growth, for various use Tho' these are meet, tho' after full repast Are oft requir'd, and crown the rich dessert? What, tho' the Pear-tree rival not the worth:

of Ariconian products? yet her freight

Is not contemn'd, yet her wide-branching arms.

Best screen thy mansion from the fervent Dog

Adverse to life; the wintry hurricanes

In vain employ their roar, her trunk unmov'd Breaks the strong onset, and controls their rage. Chiesly the Bosbury, whose large increase, Annual, in sumptuous banquets claims applause. Thrice acceptable bev'rage! could but art Subdue the stoating lee, Pomona's self Would dread thy praise, and shun the dubious strife Be it thy choice, when summer-heats annoy, 'To sit beneath her leasy canopy, Quassing rich liquids! oh! how sweet t'enjoy, At once her fruits, and hospitable shade!

But how with equal numbers shall we match The Musk's surpassing worth! that earliest gives Sure hopes of racy wine, and in its youth, Its tender nonage, loads the spreading boughs With large and juicy offspring, that defies The vernal nippings, and cold syderal blasts! Yet let her to the Red-streak yield, that once Was of the Sylvan kind, unciviliz'd, Of no regard, 'till Scudamore's skilful hand Improv'd

Improv'd her, and by courtly discipline
Taught her the savage nature to forget:
Hence styl'd the Scudamorean plant; whose wine
Who-ever tastes, let him with grateful heart
Respect that ancient loyal house, and wish
The nobler peer, that now transcends our hopes
In early worth, his country's justest pride,
Uninterrupted joy, and health entire.

Let every tree in every garden own
The Red-streak as supreme, whose pulpous fruit
With gold irradiate, and vermilion shines
Tempting, not fatal, as the birth of that
Primæval interdicted plant that won
Fond Eve in hapless hour to taste, and die.
This, of more bounteous instuence, inspires
Poetic raptures, and the lowly Muse
Kindles to lostier strains; ev'n I perceive
Her sacred virtue. See! the numbers flow
Easy, whilst, chear'd with her nectareous juice,
Hers, and my country's praises I exalt.
Hail

Hail Herefordian plant, that dost disdain All other fields! Heav'n's sweetest bleffing, hail! Be thou the copious matter of my fong, And thy choice Netter; on which always waits Laughter, and sport, and care-beguiling wit. And friendship, chief delight of human life. What shou'd we wish for more? or why, in quest Of foreign vintage, infincere, and mixt, Traverse th'extreamest world? why tempt the race Of the rough ocean? when our native glebe Imparts, from bounteous womb, annual recruits Of wine delectable, that far furmounts Gallie, or Latin Grapes, or those that see The fetting fun near Calpe's tow'ring height. Nor let the Rhodian, nor the Lesbian vines Vaunt their rich Must, nor let Tokay contend For fov'ranty; Phaneus felf must bow To th' Ariconian vales: And shall we doubt T'improve our vegetable wealth, or let The foil lie idle, which, with fit manure.

Will largest usury repay, alone Impower'd to supply what nature asks Frugal, or what nice appetite requires? The meadows here, with bat'ning ooze enrich'd. Give spirit to the grass; three cubits high The jointed herbage shoots; th' unfallow'd glebe Yearly o'ercomes the granaries with store Of golden wheat, the strength of human life. Lo, on auxiliary poles, the Hops Ascending spiral, rang'd in meet array! Lo, how the arable with Barley-grain Stands thick, o'ershadow'd, to the thirsty hind Transporting project! these, as modern use Ordains, infus'd, an auburn drink compose, Wholsome, of deathless fame. Here, to the fight, Apples of price, and plenteous sheaves of corn, Oft interlac'd occur, and both imbibe Fitting congenial juice; so rich the soil, So much does fructuous moisture o'er-abound! Nor are the hills unamiable, whose tops

To heav'n aspire, affording prospect sweet To human ken: nor at their feet the vales Descending gently, where the lowing herd Chew verd'rous pasture; nor the yellow fields Gaily' enterchang'd, with rich variety Pleasing, as when an Emerald green, enchas'd In flamy gold, from the bright mass acquires A nobler hue, more delicate to fight. Next add the Sylvan shades, and silent groves. (Haunt of the Druids) whence the earth is fed With copious fuel; whence the flurdy oak, A prince's refuge once, th'eternal guard Of England's throne, by sweating peasants fell'd. Stems the vast main, and bears tremendous war To distant nations, or with sov'ran sway Awes the divided world to peace and love. Why shou'd the Chalybes, or Bilboa boast Their harden'd iron; when our mines produce As perfect martial ore? can Imolus' head Vie with our faffron odors? or the fleece

Batic,

Bætic, or finest Tarentine, compare With Lemster's filken wool? where shall we find Men more undaunted, for their country's weal More prodigal of life? in ancient days, The Roman legions, and great Cafar found Our fathers no mean foes: and Creffy plains, And Agincourt, deep-ting'd with blood, confess What the Silares vigour unwithflood Cou'd do in rigid fight; and chiefly what Brydges' wide-wasting hand, first garter'd Knight, Puissant author of great Chandois' stem, High Chandois, that transmits paternal worth, Prudence, and ancient prowefs, and renown, T' his noble offspring. O thrice happy peer! That, blest with hoary vigor, view'st thyself Fresh blooming in thy generous son; whose lips, Flowing with nervous eloquence exact. Charm the wife Senate, and attention win In deepest councils: Ariconium pleas'd. Him, as her chosen Worthy, first salutes.

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Him on th' *Iberian*, on the *Gallic* shore, Him hardy *Britons* bless; his faithful hand Conveys new courage from afar, nor more The General's conduct, than his care avails.

Thee also, glorious branch of Cecil's line,
This country claims; with pride and joy to thee
Thy Alterennis calls: yet she indures
Patient thy absence, since thy prudent choice
Has fix'd thee in the Muses fairest seat*,
Where † Aldrich reigns, and from his endless store
Of universal knowledge still supplies
His noble care; he generous thoughts instills
Of true nobility, their country's love,
(Chief end of life) and forms their ductile minds
To human virtues: by his genius led,
Thou soon in every art pre-eminent
Shalt grace this isle, and rife to Burleigh's same.

^{*} Oxford.

⁺ Dr. Aldrich Dean of Christ-church.

Hail high-born peer! and thou, great nurse of arts, And men, from whence conspicuous patriots spring, Hanner, and Bromley; thou, to whom with due. Respect Wintonia bows, and joyful owns. Thy mitred offspring; be for ever blest. With like examples, and to future times. Prosicuous, such a race of men produce, As, in the cause of virtue sirm, may six. Her throne inviolate. Hear, ye Gods, this vow. From one, the meanest in her numerous train; Tho' meanest, not least studious of her praise.

Muse, raise thy voice to Beaufort's spotless fame,
To Beaufort, in a long descent deriv'd
From royal ancestry, of kingly rights
Faithful afferters: in him centring meet
Their glorious virtues, high desert from pride
Disjoin'd, unshaken honour, and contempt
Of strong allurements. O illustrious prince!
Othou of ancient faith! exulting, thee,
In her fair list this happy land inrolls.

Who can refuse a tributary verse
To Weymouth, firmest friend of slighted worth
In evil days? whose hospitable gate,
Unbarr'd to all, invites a numerous train
Of daily guests; whose board, with plenty crown'd,
Revives the seast-rites old: mean-while his care
Forgets not the afflicted, but content
In acts of secret goodness, shuns the praise,
That sure attends. Permit me, bounteous lord,
To blazon what tho' hid will beauteous shine,
And with thy name to dignify my song.

But who is he, that on the winding stream
Of Vaga sirst drew vital breath, and now
Approv'd in Anna's secret councils sits,
Weighing the sum of things, with wise forecast
Sollicitous of public good? how large
His mind that comprehends whate'er was known
To old, or present time; yet not elate,
Not conscious of its skill? what praise deserves
His liberal hand, that gathers but to give,

6 Preventing

Preventing fuit? O not unthankful Muse,
Him lowly reverence, that first deign'd to hear
Thy pipe, and skreen'd thee from opprobrious
tongues.

Acknowledge thy own *Harley*, and his name Inscribe on every bark; the wounded plants Will fast increase, faster thy just respect.

Such are our heroes, by their virtues known,
Or skill in peace, and war: of softer mold
The female sex, with sweet attractive airs
Subdue obdurate hearts. The travellers oft,
That view their matchless forms with transfent

glance,

Catch sudden love, and sigh for nymphs unknown, Smit with the magic of their eyes: nor hath The dædal hand of Nature only pour'd Her gifts of outward grace; their innocence Unfeign'd, and virtue most engaging, free From pride, or artifice, long joys afford To th' honest auptial bed, and in the wane

134

Of life, rebate the miseries of age. And is there found a wretch, so base of mind, That woman's powerful beauty dares condemn, Exactest work of Heav'n? He ill deserves Or love, or pity; friendless let him see Uneasy, tedious days, despis'd, forlorn, As stain of human race: but may the man, That chearfully recounts the females praise, Find equal love, and love's untainted sweets Enjoy with honour. O, ye Gods! might I Elect my fate, my happiest choice should be A fair and modest virgin, that invites With aspect chaste, forbidding loose desire, Tenderly fmiling; in whose heav'nly eye Sits purest love enthron'd: but if the stars Malignant these my better hopes oppose, May I, at least, the facred pleasures know Of strictest amity; nor ever want A friend, with whom I mutually may share Gladness and anguish, by kind intercourse

Of speech, and offices. May in my mind, Indelible a grateful sense remain Of favours undeferv'd!---O thou! from whom Gladly both rich and low feek aid; most wife Interpreter of right, whose gracious voice Breathes equity, and curbs too rigid law With mild, impartial reason; what returns Of thanks are due to thy beneficence Freely vouchfaft, when to the gates of death I tended prone? if thy indulgent care Had not preven'd, among unbody'd shades I now had wander'd; and these empty thoughts Of apples perish'd: but, uprais'd by thee, I tune my pipe afresh, each night, and day, Thy unexampled goodness to extol Defirous; but nor night, nor day suffice For that great task; the highly honour'd name Of Trevor must employ my willing thoughts Incessant, dwell for ever on my tongue. Let me be grateful; but let far from me В́е

Be fawning cringe, and false dissembling look. And fervile flattery, that harbours oft In courts and gilded roofs. Some loofe the band Of ancient friendship, cancel nature's laws For pageantry, and tawdry gugaws. Some Renounce their fires, oppose paternal right For rule, and pow'r; and others realms invade. With specious shews of love. This traiterous wrete Betrays his fov'ran. Others, destitute Of real zeal, to ev'ry altar bend, By lucre fway'd, and act the bafeft things To be styl'd honourable: th' honest man, Simple of heart, prefers inglorious want To ill-got wealth; rather from door to door A jocund pilgrim, tho' distress'd, he'll rove, Than break his plighed faith; nor fear, nor hope Will shock his stedfast soul; rather debarr'd Each common privilege, cut off from hopes Of meanest gain, of present goods despoil'd, He'll bear the marks of infamy contemn'd, Unpity'c

pity'd; yet his mind, of evil pure, oports him, and intention free from fraud. 10 retinue with observant eyes tend him, if he can't with purple stain cumbrous vestments, labor'd o'er with gold. zzle the croud, and fet them all agape; : clad in homely weeds, from envy's darts mote he lives, nor knows the nightly pangs conscience, nor with spectres' grisly forms. mons, and injur'd fouls, at close of day noy'd, sad interrupted slumbers finds. : (as a child, whose inexperienc'd age r evil purpose fears, nor knows,) enjoys ght's fweet refreshment, humid sleep sincere. nen Chanticleer, with clarion shrill, recalls e tardy day, he to his labors hies adsome, intent on somewhat that may ease healthy mortals, and with curious fearch amines all the properties of herbs. lils, and minerals, that th' embowell'd earth Displays, Displays, if by his industry he can

Benefit human race: or else his thoughts

Are exercis'd with speculations deep

Of good, and just, and meet, and th' wholsome

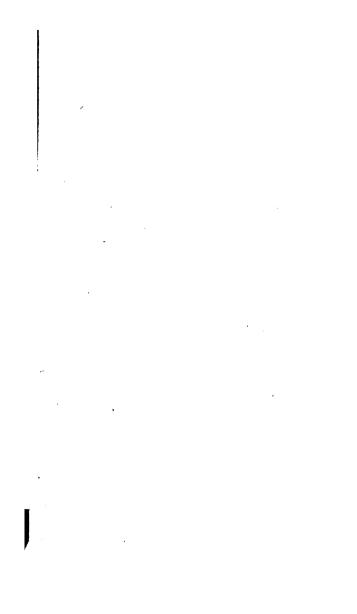
Of temperance, and ought that may improve
The moral life; not sedulous to rail,
Nor with envenom'd tongue to blast the same
Of harmless men, or secret whispers spread
'Mong faithful friends, to breed distrust and hate.
Studious of virtue, he no life observes
Except his own; his own employs his cares,
Large: subject! that he labours to refine
Daily, nor of his little stock denies
Fit alms to Lazars, merciful, and meek.

Thus facred Virgil liv'd from courtly vice,
And bates of pompous Rome fecure; at court
Still thoughtful of the rural honest life,
And how t'improve his grounds, and how himself:
Best poet! fit exemplar for the tribe

Of Phabus, nor less fit Maonides, Poor eyeless pilgrim! and if after these, If after these another I may name, Thus tender Spenser liv'd, with mean repast . Content, depress'd by penury, and pine In foreign realm; yet not debas'd his verse By fortune's frowns. And had that other bard *, Oh, had but he that first ennobled song With holy rapture, like his Abdiel been; 'Mong many faithless, strictly faithful found; Unpity'd, he should not have wail'd his orbs, That roll'd in vain to find the piercing ray And found no dawn, by dim fuffusion veil'd! But he --- however, let the Muse abstain, Nor blaft his fame, from whom the learnt to fing .In much inferior strains, grov'ling beneath Th' Olympian hill, on plains, and vales intent, Mean follower. There let her rest a-while, Pleas'd with the fragrant walks, and cool retreat.

Milton.

CYDER.



CYDER.

Α

P O E M.

BOOK II.

•

C Y D E R.

BOOK II.

Harcourt, whom th' ingenuous love of arts. Has carry'd from thy native foil, beyond. Th' eternal Alpine snows, and now detains. In Italy's waste realms, how long must we Lament thy absence? whilst in sweet sojourn. Thou view'st the reliques of old Rome; or, what Unrival'd authors by their presence made. For ever venerable, rural seats, Tibur, and Tusculum, or Virgil's urn. Green with immortal bays, which haply thou, Respecting his great name, dost now approach. With bended knee, and strow with purple slowers; Unmindful of thy friends, that ill can brook.

This long delay. At length, dear youth, return, Of wit, and judgment ripe in blooming years, And Britain's isle with Latian knowledge grace. Return, and let thy father's worth excite Thirst of pre-eminence; see! how the cause Of widows, and of orphans he afferts With winning rhetoric, and well argu'd law! Mark well his footsteps, and, like him, deserve Thy prince's savour, and thy country's love.

Mean-while (altho' the Massic grape delights
Pregnant of racy juice, and Formian hills
Temper thy cups, yet) wilt not thou reject
Thy native liquors: lo! for thee my mill
Now grinds choice apples, and the British vats
O'erflow with generous cyder; far remote
Accept this labour, nor despise the Muse,
That, passing lands, and seas, on thee attends

Thus far of trees: the pleafing talk remains,
To fing of wines, and autumn's bleft increase.
Th' effects of art are shewn, yet what avails
'Gainst

'Gainst Heaven? oft, notwithstanding all thy care
To help thy plants, when the small sruit'ry seems
Exempt from ills, an oriental blast
Disastrous slies, soon as the hind satigu'd
Unyokes his team; the tender freight, unskill'd
To bear the hot disease, distemper'd pines
In the year's prime; the deadly plague annoys
The wide inclosure: think not vainly now
To treat thy neighbours with meilisluous cups,
Thus disappointed. If the former years
Exhibit no supplies, alas! thou must
With tasteless water wash thy droughty throat.

A thousand accidents the farmer's hopes
Subvert, or check; uncertain all his toil,
'Till lufty autumn's luke-warm days allay'd
With gentle colds, insensibly confirm
His ripening labours: autumn to the fruits
Earth's various lap produces, vigour gives
Equal, intenerating milky grain,
Berries, and ky-dy'd Plumbe, and what in coat
K Rough,

Rough, or foft rind, or bearded husk, or shell Fat Olives, and Pistacio's fragrant nut,
And the Pine's tasteful Apple: autumn paint Ausonian hills with Grapes, whilst English plai Blush with pomaceous harvests, breathing sweet O let me now, when the kind early dew Unlocks th' embosom'd odors, walk among The well-rang'd files of trees, whose full ag'd st Dissue Ambrosial steams, than Myrrh, or Nar More grateful, or perfuming slow'ry Bean! Soft whisp'ring airs, and the lark's mattin for Then woo to musing, and becalm the mind Perplex'd with irksome thoughts. Thrice has

time,

Best portion of the various year, in which Nature rejoiceth, smiling on her works Lovely, to full perfection wrought! but ah, Short are our joys, and neighb'ring griefs dist Our pleasant hours. Inclement winter dwell. Contiguous; forthwith frosty blasts deface

The blithsome year: trees of their shrivel'd fruits Are widow'd, dreary storms o'er all prevail. Now, now's the time; ere hasty suns forbid To work, disburden thou thy sapless wood Of its rich progeny; the turgid fruit Abounds with mellow liquor; now exhort Thy hinds to exercise the pointed steel On the hard rock, and give a wheely form To the expected grinder: now prepare Materials for thy mill, a sturdy post Cylindric, to support the grinder's weight Excessive, and a slexile sallow, entrench'd, Rounding, capacious of the juicy hord. Nor must thou not be mindful of thy press Long ere the vintage; but with timely care Shave the goat's shaggy beard, lest thou too late · In vain should'st scek a strainer to dispart The husky, terrene dregs from purer Must. Be cautious next a proper steed to find Whose prime is past; the vigorous horse disdains K 2 Such Such fervile labours, or, if forc'd, forgets
His past atchievements, and victorious palms.
Blind Bayard rather, worn with work, and years,
Shall roll th' unwieldy stone; with sober pace
He'll tread the circling path 'till dewy eve,
From early day-spring, pleas'd to find his age.
Declining not unuseful to his lord.

Some, when the press, by utmost vigour screw'd, Has drain'd the pulpous mass, regale their swine With the dry refuse; thou, more wise, shalt steep Thy husks in water, and again employ The pondrous engine. Water will imbibe The small remains of spirit, and acquire A vinous slavour; this the peasants blithe Will quast, and whistle, as thy tinkling team They drive, and sing of Fusca's radiant eyes, Pleas'd with the medly draught. Nor shalt thou now Reject the Apple-Cheese, tho' quite exhaust; Ev'n now 'twill cherish, and improve the roots Of sickly plants; new vigour hence convey'd Will

Will yield an harvest of unusual growth.

Such profit springs from husks discreetly us'd!

The tender apples, from their parents rent By stormy shocks, must not neglected lie, The prev of worms: A frugal man I knew. Rich in one barren acre, which, fubdu'd By endless culture, with sufficient Must His casks replenisht yearly: He no more Desir'd, nor wanted, diligent to learn The various seasons, and by skill repel Invading pests, successful in his cares, Till the damp Librar wind, with tempers arm'd Outrageous, blufter'd horrible amidst His Cyder-grove: O'er-turn'd by furious blaffs. The fightly ranks fall proftrate, and around Their fruitage scatter'd, from the genial boughs Stript immature: Yet did he not repine, Nor curse his stars; but prudent, his fall'n heaps Collecting, cherish'd with the topid wreaths Of tedded grafs, and the fun's mellowing beams K 3 Rival'd Rival'd with artful heats, and thence procur'd A costly liquor, by improving time Equal'd with what the happiest vintage bears.

But this I warn thee, and shall always warn,
No heterogeneous mixtures use, as some
With watry Turnips have debas'd their wines,
Too frugal; nor let the crude humours dance
In heated brass, steaming with sire intense;
Altho' Devonia much commends the use
Of strengthning Vulcan; with their native strength
Thy wines sufficient, other aid refuse;
And, when th' allotted orb of time's compleat,
Are more commended than the labour'd drinks.

Nor let thy avarice tempt thee to withdraw
The priest's appointed share; with chearful heart
The tenth of thy increase bestow, and own
Heav'n's bounteous goodness, that will sure repay
Thy grateful duty: This neglected, fear
Signal avengeance, such as over-took
A miser, that unjustly once with-held

The clergy's due, relying on himself,
His sields he tended, with successless care,
Early, and late, when or unwish't for rain
Descended, or unseasonable frosts
Curb'd his increasing hopes, or, when around
The clouds dropt fatness, in the middle sky
The dew suspended staid, and left unmoist
His execrable glebe: Recording this,
Be just, and wise, and tremble to transgress.

Learn now the promise of the coming year

To know, that by no flattering signs abus'd,

Thou wisely may'st provide: The various moon

Prophetic, and attendant stars explain

Each rising dawn; ere icy crusts surmount

The current stream, the heav'nly orbs serene

Twinkle with trembling rays, and Cynthia glows

With light unfully'd: Now the sowler, warn'd

By these good omens, with swift early steps

Treads the crimp earth, ranging thro' fields and

glades

K 4

Offenfive.

Offensive to the birds; fulphureous death Checks their mid flight, and heedless while they Arain

Their tuneful throats, the tow'ring, heavy lead O'er-takes their speed; they leave their little lives Above the clouds precipitant to earth.

The woodcock's early visit, and abode Of long continuance in our temperate clime, Foretel a liberal harvest; he of times Intelligent, th' harsh Hyperborson ice Shuns for our equal winters; when our funs Cleave the chill'd foil, he backward wings his way To Scandinavian frozen summers, meet For his numb'd blood. But nothing profits more Than frequent fnows: O, may'ft thou often fee Thy furrows whiten'd by the woolly rain Nutriceous! fecret nitre lurks within The porous wet, quick'ning the languid glebe.

Sometimes thou shalt with fervent vows implose A moderate wind; the orchat loves to wave With

With winter winds, before the gems exert

Their feeble heads; the loosen'd roots then drink

Large increment, earnest of happy years.

Nor will it nothing profit to observe

The monthly stars, their pow'rful influence
O'er planted fields, what vegetables reign
Under each sign. On our account has Jove
Indulgent to all moons some succulent plant
Allotted, that poor helpless man might slack
His present thirst, and matter sind for toil.
Now will the Cerinths, now the Rasps supply
Delicious draughts; the Quinces now, or Plumbs,
Or Cherries, or the fair Thisbeian fruit
Are press to wines; the Britons squeeze the works
Of sedulous bees, and mixing od'rous herbs
Prepare balsamic cups, to wheezing lungs
Medicinal, and short-breath'd, ancient sires.

But, if thou'rt indefatigably bent

To toil, and omnifarious drinks wou'dst brew;

Besides the orchat, ev'ry hedge and bush

Affords

Affords affistance; ev'n afflictive Birch,
Curs'd by unletter'd, idle youth, distils
A limpid current from her wounded bark,
Profuse of nursing sap. When solar beams
Parch thirsty human veins, the damask'd meads,
Unforc'd display ten thousand painted slow'rs
Useful in potables. Thy little sons
Permit to range the pastures; gladly they
Will mow the Cowslip-posses, faintly sweet,
From whence thou artificial wines shalt drain
Of icy taste, that, in mid fervors, best
Slack craving thirst, and mitigate the day.

Happy *lërne**, whose most whosseme air
Poisons envenom'd spiders, and forbids
'The baleful toad, and viper, from her shore!
More happy in her balmy draughts, (enrich'd With miscellaneous spices, and the root
For thirst-abating sweetness prais'd,) which wide

* Ireland.

Extend

Extend her fame, and to each drooping heart Present redress, and lively health convey.

See, how the Belgæ, sedulous, and stout, With bowls of fat'ning Mum, or blissful cups Of kernel-relish'd sluids, the fair star Of early Phosphorus salute, at noon Jocund with frequent-rising sumes! by use Instructed, thus to quell their native slegm Prevailing, and engender wayward mirth.

What need to treat of distant climes, remov'd
Far from the sloping journey of the year,
Beyond Petfora, and Islandic coasts?
Where ever-during snows, perpetual shades
Of darkness, would congeal their livid blood,
Did not the Arctic tract, spontaneous yield
A chearing purple berry, big with wine,
Intensely fervent, which each hour they crave,
Spread round a slaming pile of pines, and oft
They interlard their native drinks with choice
Of strongest Brandy, yet scarce with these aids
Enabled

Enabled to prevent the sudden rot Of freezing nose, and quick-decaying feet.

Nor less the sable borderers of Nile,

Nor who Taprobane manure, nor they,

Whom sunny Borneo bears, are stor'd with streams

Egregious, Rum, and Rice's spirit extract.

For hore, expos'd to perpendicular rays,

In vain they covet shades, and Thrascias' gales,

Pining with Equinoctial heat, unless

The cordial glass perpetual motion keep,

Quick circuiting; nor dare they close their eyes,

Void of a bulky charger near their lips,

With which, in often interrupted sleep,

Their frying blood compels to irrigate

Their dry-furr'd tongues, else minutely to death

Obnoxious, dismal death, th' effect of drought!

More happy they, born in Columbus' world,
Carybbes, and they, whom the Cotton plant
With downy-sprouting vests arrays! their woods
Bow with prodigious nuts, that give at once
Celestial

Celestial food, and nectar; then, at hand
The Lemon, uncorrupt with voyage long,
To vinous spirits added (heav'nly drink!)
They with pneumatic engine ceaseless draw,
Intent on laughter; a continual tide
Flows from th' exhilerating fount. As, when
Against a secret cliff, with sudden shock
A ship is dash'd, and leaking drinks the sea,
Th' astonish'd mariners ay ply the pump,
Nor stay, nor rest, 'till the wide breach is clos'd:
So they (but chearful) unsatigu'd, still move
The draining sucker, then alone concern'd
When the dry bowl forbids their pleasing work.'

But if to hoarding thou art bent, thy hopes
Are frustrate, should'st thou think thy pipes will slow
With early limpid wine. The hoarded store,
And the harsh draught, must twice endure the sun's
Kind strengthning heat, twice winter's purging cold.

There are, that a compounded fluid drain

From different mixtures, Woodcock, Pippin, Moyle,

9 Rough

Rough Eliot, sweet Permain, the blended streate (Each mutually correcting each) create
A pleasurable medly, of what taste
Hardly distinguish'd; as the show'ry arch,
With listed colours gay, Ore, Azure, Gules,
Delights and puzzles the beholder's eye,
'That views the watry brede, with thousand show
Of painture vary'd, yet's unskill'd to tell
Or where one colour rises, or one faints.

Some Cyders have by art, or age, unlearn'd Their genuine relish, and of sundry vines Assum'd the slavour; one sort counterfeits The Spanish product; this, to Gauls has seem' The spankling Nectar of Champaigne; with the A German of thas swill'd his throat, and sword Deluded, that imperial Rhine bestow'd The generous rummer, whilst the owner, pless Laughs inly at his guests, thus entertain'd With foreign vintage from his cyder cask. Soon as thy liquor from the narrow cells

Of close press husks is freed, thou must refrain
Thy thirsty soul; let none persuade to broach
Thy thick, unwholsome, undigested cades:
The hoary frosts, and northern blasts take care
Thy muddy bev'rage to serene, and drive
Precipitant the baser, ropy lees.

And now thy wine's transpicuous, purg'd from all It's earthy gross, yet let it feed a while
On the fat refuse, lest too soon disjoin'd
From sprightly, it, to sharp, or vapid change.
When to convenient vigor it attains,
Suffice it to provide a brazen tube
Instext; self-taught, and voluntary slies
The desecated liquor, thro' the vent
Ascending, then by downward tract convey'd,
Spouts into subject vessels, lovely clear.
As when a noon-tide sun, with summer beams,
Darts thro' a cloud, her watry skirts are edg'd
With lucid amber, or undrossy gold:
So, and so richly, the purg'd liquid shines.

Now

Now also, when the colds abate, nor yet
Full summer shines, a dubious season, close
In glass thy purer streams, and let them gain,
From due consinement, spirit, and slavour new.

For this intent, the subtle chymist feeds Perpetual flames, whose unresisted force O'er sand, and ashes, and the stubborn flint Prevailing, turns into a fufil fea, That in his furnace bubbles funny-red: From hence a glowing drop with hollow'd feed He takes, and by one efficacious breath. Dilates to a surprizing cube, or sphere, Or oval, and fit receptacles forms For every liquid, with his plastic lungs, To human life subservient; by his means Cyders in metal frail improve the Moyle. And tasteful Pippin, in a moon's short year, Acquire complete perfection: Now they smoke Transparent, sparkling in each drop, delight Of curious palate, by fair virgins crav'd.

Bu

But harsher sluids different lengths of time

Expect: Thy slask will slowly mitigate

The Eliot's roughness. Stirom, firmest fruit,

Embottled (long as Priameian Troy

Withstood the Greeks) endures, ere justly mild.

Soften'd by age, it youthful vigor gains,

Fallacious drink! ye honest men beware,

Nor trust its smoothness; the third circling glass

Suffices virtue: But may hypocrites,

(That slyly speak one thing, another think,

Hateful as hell) pleas'd with the relish weak,

Drink on unwarn'd, 'till by inchanting cups

Infatuate, they their wily thoughts disclose,

And thro' intemp'rance grow awhile sincere.

The farmer's toil is done; his cades mature

Now call for vent, his lands exhaust permit

T' indulge awhile. Now solemn rites he pays

To Bacchus, author of heart-cheering mirth.

His honest friends, at thirsty hour of dusk,

Come uninvited; he with bounteous hand

L. Imparts.

Imparts his fmoking vintage, sweet reward Of his own industry; the well-fraught bowl Circles incessant, whilst the humble cell With quavering laugh, and rural jests resounds. Ease, and content, and undissembled love Shine in each face; the thoughts of labour past Encrease their joy. As, from retentive cage When fullen Philomel escapes, her notes She varies, and of past imprisonment Sweetly complains; her liberty retriev'd Cheers her fad foul, improves her pleasing song. Gladsome they quaff, yet not exceed the bounds Of healthy temp'rance, nor incroach on night, Season of reft, but well bedew'd repair Each to his home, with unsupplanted feet. Ere heav'n's emblazon'd by the rofy dawn Domestic cares awake them; brisk they rise, Refresh'd, and lively with the joys that flow From amicable talk, and moderate cups Sweetly interchang'd. The pining lover finds Present

Present redress, and long oblivion drinks Of cov Lucinda. Give the debtor wine: His joys are short, and few; yet when he drinks? His dread retires, the flowing glasses add Courage, and mirth: magnificent in thought. Imaginary riches he enjoys, And in the gaol expatiates unconfin'd. Nor can the poet Bacchus' praise indite. Debarr'd his grape: The Muses still require Humid regalement, nor will aught avail Imploring Phæbus, with unmoisten'd lips. Thus to the generous bottle all incline. By parching thirst allur'd: With vehement suns When dusty summer bakes the crumbling clods, How pleasant is't, beneath the twisted arch Of a retreating bow'r, in mid-day's reign To ply the sweet carouse, remote from noise, Secur'd of fev'rish heats! When th' aged year Inclines, and Boreas' spirit blusters frore, Beware th' inclement heav'ns; now let thy hearth L 2 Crackle

Crackle with juiceless boughs; thy lingring bloo Now infligate with th' apple's pow'rful streams. Perpetual show'rs, and stormy gusts confine The willing plowman, and December warns To annual jollities; now sportive youth Carol incondite rhythms, with fuiting notes, And quaver unharmonious; sturdy swains In clean array for ruftic dance prepare, Mixt with the buxom damfels; hand in hand They frisk, and bound, and various mazes weave Shaking their brawny limbs, with uncouth mien Transported, and sometimes an oblique leer Dart on their loves, sometimes an hasty kiss Steal from unwary lasses; they with scorn, And neck reclin'd, resent the ravish'd bliss. Mean-while blind British bards with volant touch Traverse loquacious strings, whose solemn notes Provoke to harmless revels; these among, A fubtle artist stands, in wondrous bag That bears imprison'd winds, (of gentler fort Tha 10

Than those, which erst Laertes' son enclos'd.) Peaceful they fleep; but let the tuneful fqueeze Of labouring elbow rouse them, out they fly Melodious, and with sprightly accents charm. 'Midst these disports, forget they not to drench Themselves with bellying goblets, nor when spring Returns, can they refuse to usher in The fresh-born year with loud acclaim, and store Of jovial draughts, now, when the fappy boughs Attire themselves with blooms, sweet rudiments Of future harvest: When the Gnossian crown Leads on expected autumn, and the trees Discharge their mellow burdens, let them thank Boon nature, that thus annually supplies Their vaults, and with her former liquid gifts Exhilerates their languid minds, within The golden Mean confin'd: Beyond there's naught Of health, or pleasure. Therefore, when thy heart Dilates with fervent joys, and eager foul Prompts to pursue the sparkling glass, be sure 'Tis

'Tis time to shun it; if thou wilt prolong
Dire compotation, forthwith reason quits
Her empire to consussion, and missule,
And vain debates; then twenty tongues at once
Conspire in senseless jargon, naught is heard
But din, and various clamor, and mad rant:
Distrust, and jealousy to these succeed,
And anger-kindling taunt, the certain bane
Of well-knit sellowship. Now horrid frays
Commence, the brimming glasses now are hurl'd
With dire intent; bottles with bottles class
In rude encounter, round their temples sty
'The sharp-edg'd fragments, down their batter'd
cheeks

Mixt gore, and cyder flow. What shall we say
Of rash Elpenor, who in evil hour
Dry'd an immeasurable bowl, and thought
T' exhale his surfeit by irriguous sleep,
Imprudent? him death's iron-sleep oppress,
Descending careless from his couch; the fall

ct his neck-joint, and spinal marrow bruis'd. r need we tell what anxious cares attend turbulent mirth of wine; nor all the kinds maladies, that lead to death's grim cave, ought by intemperance, joint-racking gout, estine stone, and pining atrophy, 11, even when the fun with July heats es the scorch'd soil, and dropsy all-a-float, craving liquids: Nor the Centaurs tale here repeated; how with lust, and wine am'd, they fought, and spilt their drunken souls feasting hour. Ye heav'nly Pow'rs that guard 2 British isles, such dire events remove from fair Albion, nor let civil broils ment from focial cups: May we, remote m the hoarse, brazen sound of war, enjoy · humid products, and with feemly draughts andle mirth, and hospitable love. oft, alas! has mutual hatred drench'd · fwords in native blood; too oft has pride, And L 4

And hellish discord, and insatiate thirst Of others rights, our quiet discompos'd. Have we forgot, how fell destruction rag'd Wide-spreading, when by Eris' torch incens'd Our fathers warr'd? what heroes, fignaliz'd For loyalty, and prowefs, met their fate Untimely, undeferv'd! how Bertie fell, Compton, and Granvill, dauntless sons of Mars. Fit themes of endless grief, but that we view Their virtues vet furviving in their race! Can we forget, how the mad, headstrong rout Defy'd their prince to arms, nor made account Of faith or duty, or allegiance fworn? Apostate, atheist rebels! bent to ill, With feeming fanctity, and cover'd fraud, Instill'd by him, who first presum'd t'oppose Omnipotence; alike their crime, th' event Was not alike; these triumph'd, and in height Of barbarous malice, and infulting pride, Abstain'd not from imperial blood. O fact Unparallel'd!

Unparallel'd! O Charles, O best of Kings! What flars their black difastrous influence shed On thy nativity, that thou should'st fall Thus, by inglorious hands, in this thy realm, Supreme and innocent, adjudg'd to death By those thy mercy only wou'd have sav'd! Yet was the Cyder-land unstain'd with guilt; The Cyder-land obsequious still to thrones. Abhorr'd fuch base disloyal deeds, and all Her pruning-hooks extended into fwords. Undaunted, to affert the trampled rights Of monarchy; but, ah! fuccessless she, However faithful! then was no regard Of right, or wrong. And this, once happy, land, By home-bred fury rent, long groan'd beneath Tyrannic sway, 'till fair-revolving years Our exil'd Kings, and liberty restor'd. Now we exult, by mighty Anna's care Secure at home, while she to foreign realms Sends forth her dreadful legions, and restrains The The rage of Kings: Here, nobly she supports Justice oppress'd; here, her victorious arms Quell the ambitious: From her hand alone All Europe fears revenge, or hopes redrefs. Rejoice, O Albion! sever'd from the world By Nature's wife indulgence, indigent Of nothing from without; in one supreme Intirely bleft; and from beginning time Design'd thus happy; but the fond desire Of rule, and grandeur multiply'd a race Of Kings, and numerous sceptres introduc'd, Destructive of the public weal: For now Each potentate, as wary fear, or frength, Or emulation urg'd, his neighbour's bounds Invades, and ampler territory feeks With ruinous affault; on every plain Host cop'd with host, dire was the din of war, And ceaseless, or short truce haply procur'd By havoc, and difmay, till jealoufy Rais'd new combustion: Thus was peace in vain Sough .

Sought for by martial deeds, and conflict stern:

'Till Edgar grateful, (as to those who pine
À dismal half-year night, the orient beam
Of Phabus' lamp) arose, and into one
Cemented all the long-contending pow'rs,
Pacific monarch; then her lovely head
Concord rear'd high, and all around diss'd
The spirit of love; at ease, the bards new strung
Their silent harps, and taught the woods and vales,
In uncouth rhythms, to echo Edgar's name.
Then gladness smil'd in ev'ry eye; the years
Ran smoothly on, productive of a line
Of wise, heroic Kings, that by just laws
Establish'd happiness at home, or crush'd
Insulting enemies in farthest climes.

See lion-hearted Richard, with his force

Drawn from the north, to Jewry's hallow'd plains!

Piously valiant, (like a torrent swell'd

With wintry tempests, that distains all mounds,

Breaking a way impetuous, and involves

Within its sweep, trees, houses, men) he press'd

Amidst

Book II.

Amidst the thickest battel, and o'er-threw What-e'er withstood his zealous rage; no pause, No stay of slaughter, found his vigorous arm, But th' unbelieving squadrons turn'd to slight Smote in the rear, and with dishonest wounds Mangled behind: The Soldan, as he sled, Oft call'd on Alla, gnashing with despite, And shame, and murmur'd many an empty curse.

Behold third Edward's streamers blazing high On Gallia's hostile ground! his right withheld, Awakens vengeance; O imprudent Gauls, Relying on false hopes, thus to incense 'The warlike English! one important day Shall teach you meaner thoughts: Bager of fight, Fierce Brutus' off-spring to the adverse front Advance resistless, and their deep array With surious inroad pierce; the mighty force Of Edward twice o'erturn'd their desperate King; Twice he arose, and join'd the horrid shock:

The third time, with his wide-extended wings, He sugitive declin'd superior strength,

Discomsited; pursu'd, in the sad thace
Ten thousands ignominious fall; with blood
The vallies float: Great Edward thus aveng'd,
With golden Iris his broad shield emboss'd.

Thrice glorious prince! whom fame with all her tongues

For ever shall resound. Yet from his loins New authors of dissension spring; from him Two branches, that in hosting long contend. For fov'ran fway; and can fuch anger dwell In noblest minds? but little now avail'd The ties of friendship; every man, as led By inclination, or vain hope, repair'd To either camp, and breath'd immortal hate, And dire revenge: Now horrid slaughter reigns: Sons against fathers tilt the fatal lance, Careless of duty, and their native grounds Distain with kindred blood; the twanging bows. Send show'rs of shafts, that on their barbed points Alternate ruin bear. Here might you see Barons, and peasants on th' embattled field Slain_

Slain, or half dead, in one huge, ghaftly heap Promiscuously amast: With dismal groans. And ejulation, in the pangs of death Some call for aid, neglected; fome o'erturn'd In the fierce shock, lie gasping, and expire. Trampled by fiery courfers; horror thus, And wild uproar, and defolation reign'd Unrespited: Ah! who at length will end This long, pernicious fray? what man has Fate Referv'd for this great work?—Hail, happy pring Of Tudor's race, whom in the womb of time Cadwallador forefaw! thou, thou art he, Great Richmond Henry, that by nuptial rites Must close the gates of Janus, and remove Destructive discord: Now no more the drum Provokes to arms, or trumpet's clangor shrill Affrights the wives, or chills the virgin's blood; But joy, and pleasure open to the view Uninterrupted! with presaging skill Thou to thy own unitest Fergus' line By wife alliance: from thee James descends, Heav'n's Heav'n's chosen fav'rite, first Britannic King.

To him alone hereditary right

Gave pow'r supreme; yet still some seeds remain'd

Of discontent; two nations under one,

In laws and int'rest diverse, still pursu'd

Peculiar ends, on each side resolute

To sty conjunction; neither sear, nor hope,

Nor the sweet prospect of a mutual gain,

Cou'd ought avail, 'till prudent Anna said

Let there be Union; strait with reverence due

To her command, they willingly unite,

One in affection, laws and government,

Indissolubly sirm; from Dubris south,

To northern Orcades, her long domain.

And now thus leagu'd by an eternal bond,
What shall retard the Britons bold designs,
Or who sustain their force; in union knit,
Sufficient to withstand the pow'rs combin'd
Of all this globe? at this important act
'The Mauritanian and Cathaian Kings
Already tremble, and th' unbaptiz'd Turk
Dreads

Dreads war from utmost Thule; uncontrol'd The British navy thro' the ocean vast Shall wave her double cross, t'extreamest climes. Terrific, and return with od'rous spoils Of Araby well fraught, or Indus' wealth, Pearl, and barbaric gold; mean-while the fwains Shall unmolested reap what plenty strows From well stor'd horn, rich grain, and timely fruits. The elder year, Pomona, pleas'd, shall deck With ruby-tinctur'd births, whose liquid store Abundant, flowing in well blended streams, The natives shall applaud; while glad they talk Of baleful ills, caus'd by Bellona's wrath In other realms: where-e'er the British spread Triumphant banners, or their fame has reach'd Diffusive, to the utmost bounds of this Wide universe, Silurian cyder borne Shall please all tastes, and triumph o'er the vine.

FINIS.



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9.



