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## THE

## POETICAL WORKS

OF

## CHARLES G. HALPINE

(MILES O'REILLY).

CONSISTING OF
ODES, POEMS, SONNETS, EPICS, AND LYRICAL EFFUSIONS WHICH HAVE NOT HERETOFORE BEEN COLLECTED TOGETHER.

WITH
A Biographical Sketch and Explanatory Notes.

EDITED BY
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## PREFACE.

Turs is not intended to be a complete collection of the poetical works of Charles G. Halpine. Some of these are already before the public in "Miles OReilly His Book" and "Baked Meats of the Funeral," from which it is not desirable to copy them, as much of their significance, in many instances, depends upon their connection with the prose matter with which they are interwoven. It would be impossible, if it were desirable, to make any extended extracts from those two books without explanations that wonld render this compilation eumbersome. Some of his earlier productions have been taken from. the volume entitled "Lyries by the Letter H," which he published in the year 1854, and which is out of print, but the great body of the following effusions are now for the first time collected. They are followed by notes describing the circumstances under which some of them were written, and giving personal reminiscences of the author that will grow in interest daily.

The habits, mode of thought, manner of work, and many individual peculiarities, although of no import-
ance when they concern an unknown person, are of interest to the public when they affect a great man, one of the bright lights of his day and generation; and that Charles G. Inalpine was a great man, a brilliant genius, and an uncommon intellect, his contemporaries have conceded, and posterity will confirm ly more deliberate decision. The success of one laborer in the literary vineyard encourages others, and the life under consideration is a wonderful example of the effect of lard work when mited with great gifts; for it is a remarkable fact that this talented writer invariably denied that he possessed any peculiar genius, and attributed his snceess simply to hard work and indomitable energy. His career is well worth studying to all those who are wearily toiling along the same hard path, and even the sketel of it which can be given in the narrow limits of this volume teaches a valuable lesson.

That this collection will not be as full as it should be is accomnted for by the suddemness of the decease of the anthor, by the confusion in which his papers were necessarily left, and by the haste with which circumstances have compelled this compilation to be made. For the same and other reasons, no attempt has been made at classification, and it may be that omitted poems will have to be added at the last moment. General IIalpine had never been in the habit of collecting or preserving his works; his pen was so busy, his brain so fertile, his time so fully oceupied,

## Prefuce.

that such an attempt would have been a severe tax upon him; and although he had before his death commenced getting together his poetical efforts, the collection, so far as it had proceeded, being incomplete and unfinished, was of little assistance. Although his memory was wonderful, yet his writings were so voluminous that he actually could not remember them all. For any deficiencies, therefore, this explanation must be the excuse of

The Editcr.

## BIOGRAPHICAL SKETCH.

Charles G. Halpine was born near the town of Oldcastle, in the county of Meath, Ireland, in the year 1829. His father, the Rev. Nicholas J. Halpine, was an Episcopal clergyman of the Established Church, and a man of extraordinary abilities. A remarkable aptitude for literature, and especially that peculiar branch of it connected with the life of a journalist, existed in the family. The father was editor of the Dublin Evening Mail, and an uncle, Wm. Henry Halpine, was proprietor and editor of the Cheltenham Mail. Charles G. Halpine was the favorite son of his father, and early gave evidences of those abilities which brought him such distinguished honor in later years. At as early an age as the rules of the college allowed he was admitted to Trinity, from which he subsequently graduated with distinction, having won the affection of his fellow-stndents and the respect of his instructors. Subsequently he commenced the study of medicine, and obtained a superficial but not thorough knowledge of that science, when he surrendered it for the more congenial pursuit of journalism. He contributed to the Irish, and subsequently to the English press, spending several years in London; but feeling that his talents were kept down by the want of a proper opportunity, he determined upon emigration to the United States.

He came alone to this country, although he had been married some years previous to his departure from England; but so soon as he was fairly established, he sent for his young wife, who joined him immediately. He established himself in Boston, where for some years he was comected with the Boston Post, and subsequently became leading editor of a paper called the Carpet Bag, which had but a short existence in spite of the talent of its conductors, who were Mr. Shillaber (known under the sonbriquet of Mrs. Partington), Dr. Shepley, and Chas. G. Halpine. After its failure he removed to New York, where he became associate editor of the Times, with Henry J. Raymond, and shortly afterward acquired an interest in the New York Leader, with John Clancy. To this latter paper he deroted his best efforts; he not only furnished the political matter, but gave sketches and stories, which were so well appreciated that the circulation of the Leader rapidly increased from a few hundred to eleven thousand, and it became a power in the land. At that period he commenced to exhibit his talent for fictitious inventions; and, under a wager that he would produce a sensation at a time when literary matters were excessively dull, he wrote a long account of the resuscitation of Ilicks, the pirate, who was executed on Bedloc's Island a short time before. By this production, which was most adroitly done and complete in all minutize of detail, for which his medical knowledge furnished a good basis, he attained his object, and not only set the city wild with excitement, but originated a blind suspicion which was not allayed for many years.

He did not, however, restrict his pen to any single
journal, but contributed to almost all of importance that were published in the metropolis-a story for one, an editorial for another, a poem for a third, on any subject and in various styles adapted to each publication. In fact, his very first article for the American press appeared in the Tribune ; and it was shortly after his arrival, when he was strongly alive to the wrongs of his native country, and naturally sympathetic with the down-trodden of every land, that he wrote for that journal a famous poem, the authorship of which has long been falsely attributed to Mr. Greeley, containing the lines,

> "Tear down the flaunting lie, Half mast the starry flag,
> Insult no sunny sky With hate's polluted rag."

This remarkable versatility has led to the charge against him that he possessed no literary conscience. But this accusation was most false. His temper, it is true, was mercurial, and his views would occasionally vary, but he never prostituted his powers to sustain a lie or to do an injustice. He had no control of many of the papers for which he contributed, and was required to furnish matter that accorded with the riews and purposes of each, and so far he had to modify his own sentiments; but nothing that he ever wrote was in a bad canse or for an unworthy object, and his course of action was invariably the best that he could follow under the circumstances; but when he was his own master, and in such publications as he controlled, his conduct was guided by the highest sense of duty, often at great pecuniary loss to himself, and invariably to the
disgust of those who would have warped him to their meaner views. When the war against the Union broke out he laid down the pen and took up the sword. Giving up all his counection with the press, surrendering the liberal income which his literary gifts secured to him, he accepted the moderate pay of a lieutenant in the Sixty-ninth Regiment, commanded by Colonel Corcoran. He rapidly mastered the details of military service, and his peculiar talents led to his promotion to the staff of General Hunter, with whom he served throughout the greater part of the war. His duties as adjutant general, both with General David IInnter, and subsequently with Major General Halleck when he was general in chief, were very arduous. Not only did he have the preparation of all the official correspondence, but he had to perform much literary work for the papers in moulding the public mind to military necessities. At that period the North was in uncertain humor, and the government had to feel its way carefully, and watch, and, so far as in its power lay, guide, public opinion. In his capacity as adjntant general he prepared for General Hunter's signature the first order ever issned directing the enrollment of a negro regiment, for which he was honored by the rebels by being included in the outlawry which was declared against that intrepid soldier, and which directed the immediate execution of both general and adjutant, if they were captured.

Both the commanding officers with whom General Halpine had served recognized his eminent merits, and strongly urged upon the government that his rank should be advanced, but the Secretary of War utterly
ignored their applications, and left this patriot to the last a simple major. The reason for this action the party most affected by it could never clearly understand, but he supposed it was due to some informality ; that the application was addressed to the President instead of to the Secretary of War, or for some other such trivial error, if error it could be called; for his final interview with the great organizer of the war dispelled many of his prejudices, and cansed a thorough revulsion of sentiment toward one whom he regarded as his enemy for political reasons. His eyesight, which was always weak, having failed from exposure and excossive labor, he had twice sent in his resignation, accompanied with the certificate of the surgeon that farther service would probably result in total blindness. These resignations were not accepted, although a furlough was granted him on the latter-a furlough which, before it was half expired, he surrendered, that he might accompany General Hunter in his perilous expedition down the Shenandoah Valley. When that expedition returned, after enduring incredible hardships, he again applied to be permitted to resign, and obtained an honorable and complimentary acceptance of his resignation at once. The last of his doubts were removed when, in spite of his earnest support of M'Clellan as the presidential candidate of the Democrats against Abraham Lincoln, he was breveted lientenant colonel, colonel, and brigadier general.

Few men sacrificed more for the cause; few men made less by it. If he had been a son of the soil he could have done no more, and was baptized in fire and blood as an American. Forever afterward he regarded
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himself as a citizen by birthright and inheritance instead of by adoption, for he had helped to save what came to others in the natural way and by accident. He had "paid a great price," and was entitled to all the rights of one "born free." His last connection with the army was under General Dix in the city of New York, where he had the congenial duty of arresting and punishing bounty swindlers. The frequenters of Lafayette Hall had deep canse to lament his fearlessness, nnwearying resolution, and irrepressible energy. He worked night and day to bring the rascals to their deserts, and his skill in ferreting out fraud and in hunting down corrupt politicians which he had obtained in other walks of life was of vast service to him.

It was while he was on the staff of General Dix that the articles from his pen in the daily papers, exposing the corruptions of the municipal goverument, attracted the attention of the Citizens' Association, which had then just inangurated its reform movements in that city. As soon as he was released from the army, application was made to him to assume the condnct of The Citizen newspaper, which had been started by the Association. He accepted the position, and finally purchased the entire journal and conducted it until the time of his death. He nsed it not only as a vehicle for reform in municipal affairs, but as an organ in party politics. With its aid and his own exertions he built up under the name of the Democratic Union an organization opposed to political corruption, and strengthened it by his personal popularity till it became more powerful within the sphere of its action than Tammany Hall itself. But, even when giving the larger part of his at-
tention to The Citizen, he still found time to contribute many articles to other papers. One of his earliest connections with the press was as French translator for the Herald, and from that period to the close of his career he had relations of the most intimate character with that journal and its editor, who from the first appreciated his remarkable and striking genius.

Such is a brief outline of his career as a journalist. His success as a politician was equally brilliant. In London he had connected himself with the "Young Ireland party." In this country his first essay in politics was as the private secretary of Stephen A. Douglas, and by virtue of that position he became identified with the leading political events of that exciting period. In consequence of his position toward Douglas, he naturally became the embassador between him and Buchanan in the negotiations for a settlement of their difficulties. The cunning sage of Wheatland, however, deceived him and his employer, and never did he forgive the baseness of that treachery toward the beloved leader of the Frecsoil faction. It rankled in his heart, and he could not help expressing it when a thoughtless Republican Senate were offering incense on the grave of a double-dyed traitor-a traitor to his friends and his country.

For many years he was a member, and of course a most actively influential one, of the Tammany Hall General Committee. He was soon engaged in a reform movement, and his object of attack was no other than Fernando Wood, so notorious as the organizer and leader of corruption in the city of New York, and who, by his skillful combinations, maintained a bad eminence in that city. The struggle was fierce and bitter, but
courage and honesty conquered duplicity and venality, and Halpine lived to rout his opponent and break his power. His admission to the army removed him in a great measure from the political arena; but no sooner was he free from military duties and trammels than he returned to an employment that gave especial scope to his talents. His fertility of resource was wonderful, his combinations beautiful and effective, and his grasp of the entire subject most masterly. At the period of his return to civil life, Tammany Hall had again fallen into the slough of iniquity, and, true to his nature, he commenced a battle against an organization that had once been his political home. The first brilliant success of this new combination was his own election to the Registership, a very lucrative office, against an adverse majority on other candidates of nearly fifty thousand. This was quickly followed by other triumphs, and at the time of his decease he was elaborating schemes and perfecting plans which would have rendered inevitable the defeat of his adversaries in the then approaching election.

But Charles G. Halpine was more than a journalist, more than a politician; he was a poet and an author whose writings were entitled to no mere fleeting popularity. So occupied was he, however, that he had neglected putting the great body of these productions in permanent form. He was so hidden under the impersonality of newspaper literature that he was hardly known to the public at large until the year 1862, when he assumed the nom de plume of Miles O'Reilly. His assumption of this soubriquet was merely accidental, and the rank of "private in the Forty-seventh New

York," instead of a similar place in the Sixty-ninth, to which he had belonged, came from the fact that the Forty-seventh was the only Irish regiment at Hilton Head at the date of his military lyrical effusions, and it was essential to his purpose to assume the character of an ignorant but well-meaning Irishman. His series of amusing poems referring to matters at Beaufort-or pretending to be connected therewith-were an immense success, and made his soubriquet a household word throughout the land-far more so than his own true appellation. But it is not generally known that they were writteu with a praiseworthy object, and for the good of the service. They were followed by his imaginary banquets and other fancy sketches, the force and purpose of which can only be fully appreciated by politicians versed in the mysteries of New York politics.

These entertaining and amusing poetic effusions, although so effective, were the least finished of his metrical efforts. Many of his amatory sonnets were exquisite as works of art, and in their delicacy and force of sentiment. He never ignored the passion which rules the world, but never made it gross or prominent. His admiration for woman was too pure and refined to make such a degradation of her possible to his thoughts or pen. Many of the finest of these are almost lost to the world, and are only preserved in albums and scrapbooks, his life being too full to allow him time to attend to the collection of his productions. Even more beautiful than his love-songs were his poems in memory of the dead who fell in the War for the Union. These were the natural outpourings of his heart; as no
soldier crippled, sick, or out of work, ever applied to him in vain for assistance, so his regard for the dead was simple reverence. The poem on the dedication of Gettysburg is thrilling, and only surpassed in vigor by the grand lines of his latest work in commemoration of the Irish Legion-a work which gives evidences of greater capacity than he had then developed, and was the promise of even a higher career for the future, had his life not been brought to its sudden termination. The circumstances under which most of his productions were presented had possibly made him occasionally careless, and it was only for a worthy occasion that he exerted his full powers.

He had a slight knowledge of law, having been admitted to the bar, and having for some time held the position of assistant district attorney ; but his knowledge was not thorough, and was rarely, except in this instance, put to any practical use. His mastery of a subject or a profession was, by the aid of his powerful memory, easy and rapid; but, unless he had sounded it to the bottom, he laid it aside entirely.

As for the circumstances of his death, although most deplorable, they are perfectly simple of explanation.

- He had always suffered at times from insomnia, or want of ability to sleep. It had been his habit to write without cessation for many hours, often for several days and nights in succession, without rest, until his brain was in so nervously excited a condition that sleep was absolutely banished. Then a nervine or sudorific was absolutely necessary to prodnce a normal condition of his system. At times he took opiates, but of late he had used ether or chloroform. His medical studies
gave him some knowledge of the power of these dangerous drugs, he had seen them applied to Mrs. Halpine when suffering from violent hysterical attacks, and he used them upon himself to produce lethargy and sleep, or even to dull pain.

For some two weeks before his death he had been in perfect health, in excellent spirits, and in capital working condition. Early in the last week of his life he had written his poem commemorative of the Irish Legion, and on his final Saturday he was at the office of The Citizen until about two o'elock, in gayer humor and more genial mood than usual, although he was invariably a charming companion. Later he was attacked with violent pain in the head, and he had recourse to ehloroform. The apothecary, by a well-intentioned but unfortunate error, gave him a diluted article which had no effect, and which he detected as deficient in strength. Then he sent for more, and muder the delusion that it also was weak or adulterated, while it was actually of full strength, inhaled too much of it and beeame insensible. Thus, by a mere aceident, a most important life was taken away from the public at its period of greatest usefulness. He died ere more than half his natural term of activity had rum, at the age of thirty-nine, at a period when his faculties were in their most perfect development.
Such is a brief outline of the life and death of a man who had few equals amoug his contemporaries. The details are meagre, the statements bald, but they are such as our limits will alone permit. The description of the character of him who has gone from among us is far more difficult; friendship and affection may guide
the pen, but will scarcely prove equal to the task; they will fail not from claiming too much, but by doing too little for one who had great talents, many virtues, and few faults. With the public he was a favorite, among his intimates he was beloved. He had a thousand qualities to win estcem, not one to canse dislike or even coldness. His imperfections, and they were but as the spots on the sun, brought suffering to himself alone. He possessed the largest generosity, the strongest affection, the most faithful friendship, the most unsullied honor, and not a single meanness. He was candid, straightforward, honorable, and upright ; contact with the world had not dimmed the purity of his soul. He was kind, thoughtful, gentle, considerate to those under him, frank and honest with his comrades.
Charles G. Halpine from his earliest youth possessed a power of fascination, was surrounded with an atmosphere of electrical sympathy which it was impossible for man or woman to resist. He won his way to erery heart without an effort. Kind to others, he never forgot a kindness to himself; open and frank, he recognized honesty and openness in others. He had a wouderful gift for creating friendship, and never in the course of his laborions life did he fall into difficulty but some one was near who gladly reached him a helping hand. If wronged, he was easily appeased. He was generous to an adversary, was merciful to those who were down: and never, in all his many contests and bitter political feuds, did " he strike below the belt," take an unfair advantage, or pursue a victory into revengefuluess. He died almost without an enemy, and the press minted as with one voice in expressions of affection to his memory.

* It was innate with him, a part of himself that he could not escape from, to oppose fraud, venality, and corruption. Whether he was contending for reform in city politics, or ferreting out bounty swiudles, or guarding against the corruptions of the quartermaster's departments, he was only obeying a law of his existence. He was once offered a fortune by a quartermaster at Hilton Head, when he was adjutant general, and he had but to shut his eyes and come home rich. The govermment had utterly ignored his services, and he was retained against his will in the army, and prevented from earning a suitable income by his independent exertions. It was a sore temptation, or would have been to most men, but he simply ordered the tempter under arrest, and presented charges at Washington. So he could at any time have made terms with his political opponents in this city, and secured any office he wanted; and yet he never swerved from his course, nor even hesitated as to his action.

He was generous to a fault. Appeals for charity were almost irresistible, although he might have little evidence that the object was worthy. In this, as in many other matters, he was a representative-a hightoned and noble one-of his race. Lively, kind-hearted, grateful, extravagant, versatile, inconsequent, mercurial, easily guided by his friends, he was a thorough Irish gentleman. Endowed with a wonderful memory, facile as wax to acquire an impression, like adamant to retain it, and possessed of a superior classical education, he had the groundwork for his genius to go upon.

The style of his writings has been praised, but in reality he cared nothing for style. He worked for a pur-
pose. He used his pen to carve out a certain result, and wonderful was the skill with which he proceeded. This perception was intuitive, and the most effective plans seemed to present themselyes of their own volition. He made no pretense to fimish and adorn his style, and rarely read his productions except to correct the proof. But he was wonderfully fertile in argument and exhanstless in variety of mode of presenting a point. The most remarkable evidence of his ability to effect a purpose, even when that purpose was an entire revulsion of public sentiment, is furnished by his song "Sambo's Right to be Kilt." That was written to accustom the Irish-who had so great a prejudice against a negro that they did not like him even to be killed in the company of white soldiers-to the idea of negro regiments. Its effect was as astonishing as its arguments were manswerable. Regiments of blacks were directly and indirectly a necessity of Northern success, and their possibility was mainly due to the wondronsly skillful pen of General Halpine.

We have endeavored to give a slight insight into the character of the deceased from the point of riew of one who knew him intimately, who understood him thoroughly, and with whom he was in perfect sympathy; but the pen is feeble that attempts this last act of friendship. No power can bring the bright glance into the eye that is dull forever ; the smile to the lip that is silent and closed; the glow to the cheek that is cold as marble. No words can describe the fascination of his presence, nothing explain the force of his persuasive eloquence, more powerful in conversation than in dec-
lamation. The death of no single individual in the community would have reached so far, touched so many hearts, and affected so many interests. His activity had ramified into a thousand directions, and allied him with hundreds of public matters, until his death became a national calamity.

## THE POETICAL WORKS

OF
CHARLES GRAHAM HALPINE.

## POETICAL WORKS, ETC.

## A VESPER HYMN. ${ }^{1}$

The evening bells of Sabbath fill The dusky silence of the night,
And through our gathering gloom distill Sweet sparkles of immortal light; Such hours of peace as these requite
The labors of the weary week; When thus, with souls refreshed and bright,
Forgiveness of our sins we seek!
Oh! help us, Jesus, to conform Our spirits, thoughts, and lives to thine!
Beyond this earthly strife and storm,
Oh! make Thy star of Love to shine !
When we are sinking in the brine
Of doubt and care-oh come, that we,
As Peter did, may safe resign
Our sinking helplessness to thee !
Thy Godhood-whence all glory flows-
'Thou didst not scruple to abase,
To rescue from undying woes
The sons of a rebellious race!
Who can, unmored, unweeping, trace
Thy meek obedience to His will,
Whose sole appointed means of grace
Thon didst, even to the Cross, fulfill!
Our wayward footsteps wander wide, Pursuing Joy's delusive rays;
And, in our hours of health and pride,
Too oft from Thee our spirit strays;
But soon descend the darker days,
When youth and strength their lustre hide,
And, journeying through a pathless maze,
We turn to our neglected Guide !
B

Lead back, oh Lord! thy wandering sheej, Oh, guide us gently to thy fold!
Instruct us all Thy laws to keep, And unto Thine our lives to monld! For we are weak, and faith grows cold-
Nor ever sleep the Tempter's powers;
Thou art our only stay and hold-
Through Thee alone can hearen be ours :
A darker shade, a denser gloom Descends on all the folded flowers,
While, silent as the voiceless tomb,
Above them roll the midnight hours:
To-morrow's dawn, and their perfume
Again will fill their glowing bowers-
Lord, after death so bid us bloom,
Where no frost chills, no tempest lowers !

## ON RAISING A MONUMENT TO THE IRISH LEGION. *

To raise a column o'er the dead,
To strew with flowers the graves of those
Who long ago, in storms of lead,
And where the bolts of battle sped,
Beside us faced our Southern foes;
To honor these-the unshriven, unhearsed-
To-day we sad survivors come,
With colors draped, and arms reversed,
And all our souls in gloom immersed,
With silent fife and mufled drum.
In mournful guise our banners wave,
Black clouds abore the "sun-burst" lower;
We mourn the true, the roung, the brave.
Who for this land that shelter gave,
Drew swords in peril's deadliest hour-
For Irish soldiers, fighting here
As when Lord Clare was bid adrance.
And Cumberland heheld with fear
The old green bamer swinging clear
To shied the broken lines of France.
We mourn them ; not because they died
In battle, for our destined race,
In every field of warlike pride,
From Limerick's wall to India's tide. Have horne our flag to foremost place:

As if each sought the soldier's trade, While some dim hope within him glows,
Before he dies, in line arrayed,
To see the old green flag displayed For final fight with Ireland's foes.

For such a race the soldier's death Seems not a cruel death to die,
Around their names a laurel wreath,
A wild cheer as the parting breath, On which their spirits mount the sky :
Oh, had their hope been only wonOn Irish soil their final fight,
And had they seen, ere sinking down,
Our Emerald torn from England's crown, Each deal face would have flashed with light!
But vain are words to check the tide Of widowed grief and orphaned woe:
Again we see them by our side,
As full of youth, and strength, and pride
They first went forth to meet the foe:
Their kindling eyes, their steps elate,
Their grief at parting hid in mirth;
Against our foes no spark of hate-
No wish but to preserve the state
That welcomes all the oppressed of earth.
Not a new Ireland to invoke-
To guard the flag was all they sought;
Not to make others feel the yoke
Of Poland, fell the shot and stroke
Of those who in the Legion fought :
Upon our great flag's azure field
To hold unharmed each starry gem-
This cause on many a bloody field,
Thinned out by death, they would not yield-
It was the world's last hope to them.
0 ye, the small surviving band,
Oh Irish race wherever spread,
With wailing voice and wringing hand,
And the wild kaoine of the old dear land,
Think of her Legion's countless dead!
Struck out of life by ball or blade,
Or torn in fragments by the shell,
With briefest prayer by brother made,
And rudely in their blankets laid,
Now sleep the brave who fought so well.

Their widows-tell not them of pride, No laurel checks the orphan's tear;
They only feel the world is wide,
And dark, and hard-nor help nor guide-
No husband's arm, no father near;
But at their woe our ficlds were won,
And pions pity for their loss
In streams of generous aid should run
To help them say "Thy will be done,"
As bent in grief they kiss the Cross.
Then for the soldiers and their chief
Let all combine a shaft to raise-
The donble type of pride and grief,
With many a sculpture and relief
To tell their tale to after days;
And here will shine-our prondest boast
While one of Irish blood survires-
"Sacred to that unfaltering host
Of soldiers firm a distant coast,
Who for the Union gave their lives:
"Welcomed they were with generous hand;
And to that welcome nolily true,
When War's dread tocsin filled the land,
With sinewy arm and swinging brand,
These exiles to the rescue flew;
Their fealty to the flag they gave, And for the Union, daring death,
Foremost among the foremost brave,
They welcomed victory and the grave
In the same sigh of parting breath."
Thus be their modest history penned,
But not with this our love must cease;
Let prayers from pions hearts ascend,
And o'er their ashes let us blend
All fends and factions into peace:
Oh men of Ireland! here mite
Around the graves of these we love, And from their homes of endless light
The Legion's dead will bless the sight.
And rain down anthems from abore!
Here to this shrine by reverence led,
Let Love her sacred lessons teach;
Shoulder to shoulder rise the dead.
From many a trench with battle red,
And thas. I hear their ghostly speech:
"Oh for the old earth, and our sake, Renounce all fends, engendering fear, And Ireland from her trance shall wake, Striving once more her chains to break When all her sons are brothers here.

I see our Meagher's plume of green Approving nod to hear the words, And Corcoran's wraith applands the scene, And bold Mat. Murphy smiles, I weenAll three with hands on ghostly swords-
Oh for their sake, whose names of light Flash out like beacons from dark shores-
Men of the old race! in your might.
All factions quelled, again unite-
With yon the Green Flag sinks or soars !

## AFTER THE BATH. ${ }^{3}$

a pioture in water culors.
Her skin is moist, and cold, and pink, But warm and red the lips I press,
And all her beanty seems to shrink Compacter in her clinging dress;
While o'er her shoulders to the hip, O'er swelling bust and far adown,
In trailing gold the tresses drip Which form at night her braided crown.

No more her eyes in languor swim, But kindle with coquettish strife,
And every pulse in every limb
Seems throbbing into radiant life ;
Her cheek hath caught a ruddier stain, And her small feet in sand that sink
Are marble-white, with many a vein Down to the almond-nails of pink.

Her teeth are white as the flashing surf, Her eyes are blne as the bay in calm,
And her breath to the new-mown clover turf Is a rival in its fragrant balm;
Oh happy sea that has held her form, Oh happy sands by her white feet pressed-
With her beanty the whole bright scene is warm, Her beauty of gesture, and face, and breast !

Proudly she stands in her scarlet dress.
And my eves give a quiver and then grow dim
As I gaze on her infinite loveliness
Of delicate color and rounded limb;
And the bright blue bay with its flitting sails, And the silver sands, and the rocks of brown,
And the woods that are dark on the distant hills.
And the broad green meadows that slope adown,
All seem but a frame for my lady bricht-
A frame not worthy her matchless grace-
IIer lips of red, and her eves of light,
And the wonderful chaim of her winsome face;
Oh, here let me lie and die at her feet,
Let my sonl in its sighs for her pass away-
For my life hath its climax, and death were sweet
With her eyes gazing down on me here to-day !
My senses swoon into blissful trance
As her small, cool fingers touch my palm,
And through all of my veins the currents dance
As I feel on my cheek her breath of balm;
All the springs of my life are in her control,
For thongh faces more perfect I know full well-
In rich, womanly beauty of body and soul
There are none to compare with my seaside belle.
The brown rocks glow as she bounds along,
And the black weeds thrill in the silver spray.
And the lirds in the blue sing a gladder song
As my lady walks by the shining bay;
The waves that have shrined her glowing form
Have been hmmanized by the saintly tonch,
And will spare for her sake in the next great storm Some prond ship from their clutel.

## THE MAN OF THMEESCORE. ${ }^{4}$

A PIILOSOPIIC R.ANT.
Never grieve that youth flies!
So the wise
Mortal cries.
All the pleasure of life
In this one maxim lies.

Our youth is most dear ;
But does not the lover
A pleasing pain suffer,
And is not his smile ever steeped in a tear?
Never grieve, etc.
To love is to see
New charms every hom ;
But is there a bower
Where sweet roses bloom that a thorm will not be?
Never grieve, etc.
Our spring time departs-
Let us langh and not rage;
For the laughter of age
Brings the sunshine of youth once again to our hearts.
Never grieve, etc.
Sixty summers have fled-
Poor, idle, and gay,
I am wasting away-
But you can not find thirty gray hairs in my head.
Never grieve, ete.
With a girl to adore,
My godson, at twenty,
Is satisfied plenty-
My grandmother lives, and I'm glad at threescore.
Never grieve, etc.
Some people.assever,
As I have been told,
That the world's growing old;
But, to my eyes, the world is more merry than ever.
Never grieve, etc.

## Old Momus, whose birth

May be traced back for ages,
Still laughs on om pages,
And reigns o'er us all as the monarel of mirth.
Never grieve, etc.
Would not grief be destroyed
Could we rest us content
That our pleasures are spent,
And that, though we have lost them, they have been enjoyed?
Never grieve, etc.

If my limbs grow so weak
That I can not walk fast,
Then I hope at the last
That the end of my term will be reached the less quick.
Never grieve, etc.
And whene'er Death is pleased
To forbid our delay.
Let us hasten away
As an epicure runs from a fast to a feast!
Never grieve that youth flies!
So the wise
Mortal cries;
All the pleasure of life
In this one maxim lies.

## FAREWELL TO CLUB COMPANIONS.

Adien to the glory of bachelor parties,
The looseness of latch-keys, the cards, and the cup;
Old Hymen has caught me-so farevell, my hearties !
The game, as we say in the rulgate, is up.
No more shall my voice, when 'tis mellowed by sherry,
Troll out the wild glee of the "Grape and the Boar ;"
Henceforward, without me, be social and merry,
My voice shall be heard in your circle no more.
Yet sometimes, when Joy her white curtain is flinging
Between your rapt eyes and the shadows of care-
When gaming, and dancing, and drinking, and singing
Usurp the bronze of the giant Despair-
Let memory paint me as once, in your midlle.
I brimmed a full glass to the toast of "The Fair:"
When, with trumpet and gong, the cornopean and fiddle,
We made the dull folk of our neighborhood stare.
Oh, of lymen beware! Like a lion he's waiting
To pounce on the careless who sannter along:
Ile sends a young Cupid, who. langhing and prating.
Decoys us away with a smile and a song:
He leads up a path that is bordered with roses.
A garden with every thing beautiful rife;
At the end of the vista a Venus reposes-
We clasp her-and Hymen has noosed us for life:

Henceforward the fair one, whose mystical beanty Entranced every fibre and thrilled every bone,
Is ours by the law, and our business and duty
Becomes to love her, and to love her alone;
But, you see, to the heart so abhorrent is bondage,
It hates becanse right what twonld love were it wrong;
And the path, all so green in our youth and our fond age
Grows thorny, and tedions, and dreary, and long.
I'm married, alas! and, of comse, I am happy-
The married, yon know, they must "all happy be ;"
But I think of the nights when we "bowsed at the nappy,"
And drop a few tears in my third cup of tea;
No more shall the polka's bewildering gyrations
Inspire the warm lips till they whisper of love;
I must sit down sedately and shun such temptations,
With my thonghts-or my eyes, at least-fastened above!
And don't, if you call-this for my sake, remember !-
Don't whisper a word of the nights we have had;
Declare I was always as cold as December,
A youth much religious, and gentle, and sad;
A man who detested all noise and confusion,
Who cried that a polka was flagrant and vain,
And would never permit even the slightest infusion
Of brandy or wine the pure element stain.
Above all, not a word of the girl of the ballet
You found in my rooms when you called rather late;
Never venture a hint abont Laura or Sally-
Be silent, in mercy, and "mum" abont Kate !
But tell her I loved still to linger and dandle
The whole evening long o'er religion and tea:
Describe me a pattern young man, and a model
Of all that a husband shonld properly be!


## LINES

ON READING IN A LETTER FROM PARIS THAT ${ }^{6}$ LOUIS NAPOLEON SPENDS IIS EVENINGS EITHER PLAYING BACKGAMMON WITH THE EMPRESS, OR EXAMINING THE PRIVATE REPORTS OF THE CHIEF OF POLICE."

Spirit of him who drove afar Rebellion's hydra-headed brood, And quenched the torch of civil war In tides of foreign blood!
'Thou, in whose ears the dying groans: Of old Tradition ever sounded,
Thon, at whose step the reeling thrones, Of Europe fell confounded:

Spirit of him whose mind did forge It once the weapon and the chain-
The prince of princes, and the scourge
Of all who were too weak to reign;
Behold this jackal of renown,
Who from your name its glory snatches.
This mannikin beneath your crownThis "king of shreds and patches !"

France weeps beneath the idiot sway Of shaveling priests and jeweled fools;
The Cross of Honor is the pay For Tyranny's most abject tools;
The land that couched the freest lance Now fears the informer's sightless arrow:
'The eagle of imperial France
Has dwindled to a sparrow !
And he who staggered to a throne Through broken oaths and civic broil.
Who sought his perjury to atone
By drenching red the Roman soil ;
This dwarf, tricked out with seven-league boots, Thiș king of thimble-rigging science-
'This rat, who gnaws the hoarded fruits
Designed to foster lions.
This perjurer, robber, murderer, all-
Religion's curse and manhood's jibe.
Whose only battle is a ball,
Whose only victory is a bribe-
This rushlight that would be a star (Oh, Jupiter: Immortal Ammon:')
Foregoes the glorious game of war For one of mild backgammon.

His bulletins police reports. IIis aid-de-camp the monsing spro,
Falsehond the passport to his courts, Itis life one long-continned lie:
And this was all the First did win ,By Titan toil and daily battles.
And such " the pea that now within 'The giant's helmet rattles!"

QUAKERDOM.<br>THE FORMAL CALL.

Throngh her forced, abnormal quiet, Flashed the sonl of frolic riot,
And a most malicious langhter lighted up her downcast eyes;
All in vain I tried each topic,
Ranged from polar climes to tropic-
Every commonplace I started met with yes-or-no replies.
For her mother-stiff and stately,
As if starched and ironed lately-

* Sat erect, with rigid elbows bedded thus in curring palms;

There she sat on guard before us,
And in words precise, decorons,
And most calm, reviewed the weather, and recited several psalms.
How without abruptly ending
This my visit, and offending
Wealthy neighbors, was the problem which employed my mental care;
When the butler, bowing lowly,
Uttered clearly, stiffy, slowly,
"Madam, please, the gardener wants you"-Hearen, I thought, has heard my prayer.
"Pardon me!" she grandly uttered;
Bowing low, I gladly muttered,
"Surely, madam!" and, relieved. I turned to scan the danghter's face:
Ha ! what pent-up mirth outflashes
From beneath those penciled lashes!
How the drill of Qnaker custom yields to Nature's brilliant grace. •
Brightly springs the prisoned fountain
From the side of Delphi's mountain
When the stone that weighed upon its buoyant life is thrnst aside ;
So the long-enforced stagnation
Of the maiden's conversation
Now imparted five-fold brilliance to its ever-varying tide.
Widely ranging, quickly changing,
Witty, winning, from beginning
Uuto end I listened, merely tlinging in a casual word;
Eloquent, and yet how simple!
Hand and eye, and eddying dimple,
Tongne and lip together made a music seen as well as heard.

When the noonday woods are ringing, All the birds of summer singing, Suddenly there falls a silence, and we know a serpent nigh :

So upon the door a rattle
Stopped our animated tattle,
And the stately mother found us prim enough to suit her eye.

> MY TOAST. ${ }^{5}$
> "the first, last, and only girl y eter lotto."

Her hair is like a field of wheat
By autumn tinged with glistening yellows;
Her clear blonde face is always sweet,
Her little waist is romd and neat,
And plump her bust, and small her feetCome, boys! "To Lucie Ellice !"

Her gentle hauds of tapering white-
The rings that touch them make me jealous!
Her ripe red lips are with smiles bedight,
Her large blue eyes have a swimming light.
And her fair soft skin with health is brightWe drink to Lucie Ellice:

Elastic as the delicate rine
That sways in June from the rineyard trellis;
Her step is dainty, her tonch is fine,
And her breath is sweet as the perfumed wine
Which the rotarist kisses before the shrineEven such is Lncie Ellice!

And then her voice! You mayhap have heard.
As dawu in the East to crimson mellows
(While the dews on the roses are yet unblurred.
And the gossamer wel on the grass unstirred).
The song of the lark as aloft it whirred-
'Twas the roice of Lneie Ellice!
And her soul-'tis a spirit of subtle flame.
That kindles and sottens, illumes and mellow: :
'Tis an essence pervading and thrilling her frame.
And 'tis from it her wonderful gentleness came-
Her grace, and her beanty, and all that I name.
When we drink to Lacie Ellice!

But Fortune is cruel, and Lave is blind- . Cruel and blinded the fables tell us;
For with hearts revolting are hands resigned,
And the flowers are sundered that should have twined,
And darkly we drift on the path assigned,
As I drift from Lucie Ellice!
Oh, give me a ruff that once tonched her throat,
And I ask no gems from a royal palace;
Give me a ribbon that once did float
Where the swelling lines her form denote,
Then send me to die in some land remote, My last thought-" Lucie Ellice!"

But why should I offer so pure a toast
To the grosser ears of my feasting fellows?
To have seen her but twice is all my boast ;
so back to our euchre, and call the host,
And that lad shall be king who can drink the most To the health of my Lacie Ellice !

## BELLE OF THE BALL.

Oh, Lady of Kinsa !
Dear girl of my heart,
With your teeth of cut pearl
Where the crimson lips part;
And a breast o'er whose white hills
With beauty aglow
The blue veinlets wander
Like streams throngh the snow.
How prond is her glance, Yet how kindly to all,
As they halt in the dance
For my Belle of the Ball.
My Lady of Kinsa !
How royal her grace,
Yet how bright and how gentle,
And winsome her face;
And her eyes, large and blue,
Are as soft as a fawn's,
And her smile is as genial
As midsummer dawns;

And her wealth of brown hairSee its hues rise and fall,
Golden, chestnut, and fairIn my Belle of the Ball.
My Lady of Kinsa !
In silver and green,
By the sceptre of beanty
A trne lrish queen;
As she raises her train,
For the dancers are fleet,
See how small in their white
Satin buskins her feet ;
Oh ! to be but caressed
By the white arms that fall
To the partner now blessed
By my Belle of the Ball!
My Lady of Kinsa!
The clover that dips
To the scythe has no perfume
To equal your lips;
And your little pink ears
Crown an ivory neck
Which the jewels of empire
Might worthily deck;
And your voice is as bland
As the murmur of streams,
And the touch of your hand
Is the thrill of my dreams;
And I glow in each pulse
As I bow to the thrall
Of my beauty of Kinsa-
My Belle of the Ball.


## TO SIIERIDAN.

FROM ONE WHO LOVES HIM VEBY DEAELY.
Phil Sherry was of knightly build.
A soldier of renown,
Il is sabre flashed on many a field,
His flag o'er many a tow;
And when the limbs to weakness grow
Now filled with youthful flame.
Our children's children yet shall glow
To bold l'hil sherry's name.

With stormy oath and bugle-blast, And eyes of kindling fire,
When the skies of war were overcast, And hope inight well expire,
Our Phil with gleaming hand and heel Led on his fiery flock,
And the victor foe would turn and reel
Beneath his desperate shock.
Who has not heard, with tears and smiles,
Of the hot and headlong ride,
When, after twenty galloping miles,
He checked the rebel tide?
And how, when Lee was brought at length
To final bay or flight,
"Twas Phil that hurled our final strength,
And won our final fight?
Oh, gallant leader of the brave,
Whose fame for aye endures,
Soil not the crest that victory gave
By work that is not yours.
Leap in the saddle once again,
Let your wild plumes outflow.
Nor help to crush the beaten men
Who.sank beneath your blow.
To baser hands, to meaner souls, Resign the odions task-
'Tis love this passionate cry controls, "Tis for your fame I ask.
I want you still an image high, Niched in my heart-its king;
Oh, once more let your pennons fiy, Let " boots and saddles" ring !"
You were not framed - the soul God placed
Within your fiery clay-
That rarest gift of heaven to waste
In the wranglings of to-day ;
The base intrigues, the ready lies, The cold and coward hates-
The barb that in the darkness flies, The pitfall at the gates.
These form the politician's trade-
Too base for yon to know;
To fight deceit you were not made-
You need a manlier foe;

And I tell you, Phil, I'd rather seek For friends in the foes we fought, 'Than trust any " loyal" Southern sneak

Whom success to our side has brought.

TO RAYMOND ON HIS TRAYELS. ${ }^{6}$
Oh, your boat is at the pier,
And your passage has been paid,
But before yon go, my dearest dear,
Accept this serenade!
For with friendliness we burn,
And rejoicing come the rhymes
To toast the health and safe return
Of him who rules the Times!
To toast the health and safe return
Of him who rules the Times.
If we all could get away
From this town of cares and frets,
To wander ronnd the Elysées,
And kiss the gay grisettes,
Such skedaddling there would be
As was never known before-
Ten thousand steamers out at sea, And not a man on shore!

Ten thousand steamers out at sea,
And not a man on shore!
But oh! delusive dream,
For us no chance remains;
Mere drudges of the desk we seem,
With dall and throbbing brains;
But, though we must stay at home
To earn the painfol dimes,
Let us all rejoice that he can roam-
Our brother of the Times!
Let us all rejoice that he can roamOur brother of the Times!

Oh, safely may he sail,
And saifely sail he back;
His virtue like a proof-of-mail,
To ward oft each attack;

No beauty of the Boulevard, Or nymph of other climes,
To win eveu half a thought's regard
From him who rules the Times!
To win even half a thought's regard
From him who rules the Times !
Were I Marble of the World,
Or young Bennett debonair,
Do you think I'd see his sails unfurled, And not his voyage share?
By this wine-cup in my hand,
By my hope of famous rhymes,
My foot should quit Manhattan strand
With him who rules the Times!
My foot should quit Manhattan strand
With him who rules the Times!

## THE TWO VOICES.

FIRST VOICE.
Of all light troubles to heart or head, The lightest of troubles are from the dead.

SECOND YOICE.
False teacher, no! All griefs I crave, Save the grief that whispers me from the grave.

FIRST VOICE.
The grave is silent, and death is dumb;
No hint of reproach from the dead may come.
SECOND VOICE.
The living accuse us of folly or crime, But the white ghosts whisper us all the time.

FIPST VOICE.
The living can witness with threatening eyes, But never a witness from death may rise.

SECOND TOICE.
Cruel and coldly your thoughts keep track, But I'd give my life could the dead come back.

FIRST VOICE.
A source of division, of care, and dread-
Why seek to recall the now happy dead?

SECOND VOLCE.
To breathe a few farewell words in the ear,
"In heaven try forgive any wrongs done here."
first voice.
Regrets for the dead can but torture the heartWhether living or dead, you were forced to part.

SECOND YOICE.
Living, thongh seas might between us roll,
We wonld still have communion of soul with sonl.
FIRST YOICE.
And your life would wither, your head turn gray.
With the sorrows that Destiny cast in your way:
SECOND VOICE.
Oh, sainted and loved! conld I call back thine, How gladly the burden of life I'd resign !

FIRST VOICE.
The living may change, but the dead abide In the passion that crowned them as they died.

SECOND VOICE.
Had the years estranged us and changed the heart,
It were gentle; bnt death tore us roughly apart.
FIRST VOLCE.
But a living change were a little woe;
The love that died loving must ever glow.
SECOND VOICE.
Oh, friend! that was thought in a kiudlier reinAll my joys in the grave of the dead remain.

FIRST VOICE.
The sonl is immortal-the body dies;
The dead smile down pity with holy eves.
SECOND VOICE.
I try to beliere it-to see the dead stand As my guardian angel in God's bright land.

## FIRST VOICE.

So think! And, thinking it, henceforth move
That the dead behohling yon may approve.

## SECOND VOICE.

I shall try, my friend; but a cold, dumb pain Swims up from the soul to the clouded brain; And I'd give-had I power-all beneath the sky For the dead to revive, and myself to die :

## A BREEZY DISSERTATION.

Two breezes in the forest met A little way from town,
The one was blowing up to it, The other blowing down;
They whispered kindly through the trees, Through foliage, branch, and fork-
And that one was a country breeze, And this was from New York.

They tossed the crimson leaves about, And whirling danced around,
They langhed to see the forest rout Fall eddying to the ground;
To shaking nests and stripping boughs, And such like sports they fell,
Till, tired at last, one said," Suppose What each has seen we tell."
The country breeze-the sweeter far- .
Full pleasantly replied,
"I've driven upon my clondy car O'er landscapes far and wide.
I've seen the harvest gathered home By ruddy men and maids,
I've cooled me in the cascade's foam, And slept in quiet glades.
"But most of all I loved to force My way through those old woods,
Upon whose murmurs, warm and hoarse,
No human voice intrudes;
'Tis pleasant, too, to breast the top Of yonder snow-clad hills,
Then down into the valleys drop, And chase the flying rills.
"O'er lakes that slumbered in the sun Like mirrors broad and bright,
My path has been a pleasant one
Of perfume and of light.

And now I seek the city-there
I hear are glorıous thing:-
Come, tell to me, my sister fair, Where you hare spread your wings."
So loudly then the other sighed, She made the branches sway;
The squirrel, perching overhead,
Affrighted, leaps away:
"Oh, sister! bless'd hath been your lot ; Far different mine hath been;
Now hear my tale, and you will not Desert the forest green.
" Condemned by fate, I wandered round Yon pile of smoky brick,
And men and mud were all I found, And both have made me sick;
The towering chimneys volumed forth A choking cloud above,
And, looked I south, east, west, or north, I saw not aught to love.

- I fanned the cheek of brilliant girls, And kissed away-their paint;
I danced through many a dandy's curls, And eanght their soiling taint ;
From wretehed rooms and filthy streets One reeking vapor rose,
And, mingling with these city sweets, The sound of shrieks and blows.
" At every corner hideous men With curses rent the air-
Creatures whom neither tongue nor pen To paint in full would dare;
I heard the wife's expiring shriek As the wretch drove home his knife.
And saw some seenes I dare not speak In yonder city's life."
The country breeze would hear no moreAway the sisters fled;
The wood shook down oer each a crown Of foliage, brown and red:
And now round some primeral lake. O'er hills and pastures bare.
Their freshening tlight those breezes takeWould I were with them there!


## A CALIFORNIAN DITTY.

When lovely Araminter Jones-
She always was a gadder-
Did marry, then I took my bones
To the Seeraw Neeradder.
My pick it seemed to hare a charm,
So quickly did I pocket
Enough to buy a jolly farm,
To build a honse and stock it.
The gold became my child apace, And I did rock its cradle,
And for to clean its yaller face
I used both pan and ladle.
And day by day the bright sun rolled Above a larger treasure,
And day by day, in gathering gold, I took a wilder pleasure.

The miners called me stingy Sam
Becanse I played no euchre,
But yet I was not then, nor am The slave of filthy lucre.
There's no man that can see the heart,
The bosom has no winder,
Else had they seen, from gold apart, The love of Araminter.

I vowed revenge against that prigHer husband, he-Joe Slammers;
He is a cove as wears a wig,
Is lame, and squints, and stammers.
I swore that Mrs. S. some day
Should envy me prodigions;
I'd live beside her, and display
What might have been her riches.
I'd lend her husband money, and
I then would prosecute him:
Were he in that auriferous land.
'Twould be no sin to shoot him.

For this it was I drove my stakes Away on Feather River-
Lord! but I had the ager shakes, And suffered from my liver:

At length, with forty thousand clear, I shipped among the sailors;
One April day I landed here, And went into a tailor's.

I told him that I wanted all, My clothes of brightest colors,
The largest patterns-mothing smallThey eost two hmdred dollars.

With brooches and with golden chains, And rings upon my fingers,
I looked, as do upon the plains, Them gandy birds-flamingers.

I started off, as luck did liap, To see my Araminter-
I seed her in a widder's cap, A-sittin' at the winder !

She told me that her husband, Joe. The very morn of marriage, Itad tripped and broke his precions neck A-gittin' in the carriage.

And how. although she bid me go When the night was dark and clammy.
She always loved me more than Joe.
And then she called me "Sammy !"

## DELMONICO'S DREAM.?

mis apology and explanation to royal phelps and the grortsmex's oleb for sheridan's troct oft of seisox.

Alas! my sin hath found me out,
For, while away, mhappy man!
My caterer served unseasoned trout To bold Plil Sheridan:
And Roosevelt frowns, and Brady smiles.
And yomg " Jim Bemett." too, was there.
And Russell Young, and l'rivate Miles,
With Raymond in the chair.

Since then, on all the winds about
The arch of heaven my crime is blown-
"'Tis he that cooked the unseasoned tront-
'Tis he, and he alone!"
That murdered fish pursues my sight,
Flapping its tail, and cries "False host!"
And, starting in cold sweats at night,
I see the troutly ghost.
Then other sights awake my fears, For soon the Sportsmen's Club are out,
With gaffs, breech-loaders, rods, and spears, In vengeance for the trout!
For pardon, mercy, vain to wish,
For still they cry-that vengeful train-
"Remember, Del, this piteous fish
Was out of season slain!"
"In silver brook, in lilied pool, Beneath brown boulders jutting out,
Where trees and tumbling rills were cool,
Dwelt happily our trout;
A speckled beanty for his bride,
In orange silk and silver lawn,
With not one care beneath the tide
Except to love and spawn!
" But as on Denmark's royal prop,
Taking his orchard-sleep at noon,
False Claudins crept, and down did drop
The leprous hebenoon-
So on our trout's unguarded hour
(Who deemed our game-laws were not vain)
Thy poacher crept, and songht the bower
Where dwelt this happy twain.
"How gleam their silver sides below,
How calm the kiss of throbbing gills,
As o'er the bank, with caution slow,
Thy peering poacher wheels!
One splash! the bride remains-but oh !
She sees the gaff her lord impale,
And now in weeds of troutly woe
She wags her futile tail.
"From March through all the breezy spring,
When violets first are leaping out,
'Twas thine, with flies upon the wing,
'To tempt and slay our trout.

But-in November! oh, 'tis worse Than all the crimes at which men flout :
And cursed be he with Cromwell's curse
Who kills unseasoned trout!
"'The glorious summer days were thine. Their crimson dawns and skies of blne,
With supple rod, and curling line,
And flies of varied hne-
Yea! till September browned the corn.
Rounding the goldeu pumpkins out,
'Twas thine-without reproach or scorn-
To chase the speckled tront.
"But thon hast done a deed of woe That sets' a blister on thy fame, If enstom hath not brazed it so

That it be dead to shame;
A deed that blurs the modest grace, llucks off the rose, bids virtue donbt: For it was here, Del, in this place, Yon served mseasoned trout!"

From dreams like this I panting startOh, will the morning never come?
And through the long, still night my heart
Beats like a Southern drum!
Spare me! 'tis at my caterer's door
The fanlt should lie, and not at mine,
And on mseasoned tront no more
Shall breakfast gnest of mine!
For I a sportsman am, as true
As Barrett, Beebe, or Seth Green,
And Walton's pleasure oft pursue
Where Islip's ponds are seen.
Besides-and let each Cockner swell,
Who loves not sport, accept this reason-
That bad for health, in taste and smell,
Are tront when out of season:
By order of
Major Gen. DELMONICO.
Commanding Caterer of Cow York.
Miles O'Rehly,
Asst. Bottle Opener and Chief of Staff:

## MY BROKEN MEERSCHAUM.

Old pipe, now battered, bruised, and brown,
With silver spliced and linked together,
With hopes high up and spirits down,
I've puffed thee in all kinds of weather ;
And still upon thy glowing lid,
'Mid carving quaint and curious tracing,
Beneath the dust of years half hid,
The giver's name mine eye is tracing.
When thou wert given we were as one,
Who now are two, and widely sundered--
Our feud the worst beneath the sun,
Where each believed the other blundered.
No public squall of anger burst
The moorings of our choice relation-
'Tis the dumb quarrel that is worst,
Where pride forbids an explanation.
Old pipe! had then thy smoky bowl
A tongue that could to life have started-
Knowing the secrets of my soul,
In many a midnight hour imparted-
Thy speech, perchance, had then reknit
The ties of friendship rudely sundered,
And healed the fend of little wit,
In which each thinks the other blundered.


## A DOLLAR IN HIS POUCH.

'Tis pleasant, when our friends are rich, To meet them day by day,
Or good or ill, no matter which, Provided they can pay;
But is there one-you answer notWho would or could avouch
Esteem for one who hadn't got A dollar in his pouch?
'Tis pleasant with our friends to dine, To see them well arrayed,
To bumper them in costly wine For which themselves have paid;

To smoke with them, to drive about, Share cup, caress, and couchBut could we know a man without A dollar in his pouch?
'The bride will love the pleading swain Who holds at his command
A handsome honse, a goodly train Of equipage and land;
But should his fortme cease to smile, Even love away will slouch-
Why can't the creature show a pile Of dollars in his pouch?

On sea, on shore, they seem to say He is rich, and can't be dull;
The gold within his porte-monnaie. They think, can fill his skull.
Let mammon reign, let genius rot, Let wit, love, valor crouch-
Poor deril, if he has not got A dollar in his ponch.

If Christ again should visit earth, A man of toil and care,
Howeer divine, whateer his worth. How, think you, would he fare?
Hence with this ragrant ! thrust him out!
Some swindler, I dare vouch-
Think you God's Son would come withont A dollar in his ponch?

## AN ACROSTIC BIRTHDAY OFFERING. ${ }^{8}$

Here on her happy day of birth,
Encireled by the loves and laughter.
No other thoughts but peace and mirill
Resounding from the gilded rafter,
It is no easy task to trace
Each trait of figure, voice, and gesture-
The Eastern beanty of the face,
The large dark eres, the regal grace,
And all the rich, good taste of resture.

A woman with all graces crowned, Grand in her style, yet keenly tender, Necding a care we rarely render Even where our love is most profomdShe pines for Italy's classic ground.
Beneath her dark Circassian lashes Each impulse in her eyes is shown;
No feeling moves her but outflashes,
Needing uo words or spoken tone,
Even as we gaze, to make it known;
The flashing glance and changing cheek, These show her varying thoughts, and eloquently speak!


## JAMES GORDON BENNETT, Jr. ${ }^{9}$

Och, Jim avic! you've done the thrick, Our chord of manhood sthriking;
An' now you stand before the land Our young and laureled Viking.
An' it isn't bekase you won the race, An' bate all them others hollow,
But, stameh and thrue to yom hardy crew,
You didn't say " go," but " follow !"
No men would you ask to face a task
That yon dodged from your wealthy station,
An' this was the part that has touched the heart Of this great Yankee nation.

## THE KNIGHT'S ADDRESS. ${ }^{10}$

on orowning the lady of his choice as queen of love and beatts, at THE GRAND TOURNAMENT IN ST. CHARLES COUNTY, MARYLIND.
The old chivalric days are gone When beauty was by prowess won; But still-though lost the feudal cause, Its knightly faith and courteons lawsWe here yet strive to keep aglow

The old chivalric tone of feeling, Thus crowuing beauty's radiant brow;

At beauty's feet thus humbly kneeling.
Oh, lady! in the good old time
Your fame had lived in minstrel rhyme;

Aud gallant knights, in gilded steel From tossing plume to weaponed heel, With lance in rest and whirling sword, To win your smile had dared all chancesRepaid even by your slightest word, Or by one flash of your bright glances.

But, ah! the fendal cause is lost,
And palms must now with gold be crossed ;
And trade, and toil, and Yankee greed
To knightly faith and lore succeed;
But beauty still retains her power,
And knightly faith yet warmly lingers
Where IIistory - in this darkest hour-
Writes the "Lost Canse" with nervons fingers.
1 crown thee, lady, as my queen,
The loveliest earth has ever seen;
My sole regret that on your brow
The chaplet which I ofter now
Is not the crown of royal light,
Which beauty such as yours should wear,
And that, for your dear sake, your knight
Has had no olden risks to dare.


## IIONOR THE BRAVE.

Honor the brave who battle still For Irish right in English lands:
No rule except their quenchless will,
No power save in their naked hands;
Who waged by day and waged by night.
In groups of three or bands of ten,
Our savage, undespairing fight
Against two hundred thousand men.
No pomp of war their eyes to blind,
No blair of music as they go,
With just such weapons as they find, In desperate onset on the foe.
They seize the pike, the torch, the scythe-
Unequal contest-but what then?
With steadfast eyes and spirits blithe They face two hundred thousind men.

The jails are yawning through the land, The scaffold's fatal click is heard,
But still moves on the scanty band, By jail and scaffold undeterred.
A moment's pause to wail the last Who fell in freedom's fight, and then,
With teeth firm set, and breathing fast,
They face two hundred thousand men.
Obscure, unmarked, with none to praise Their fealty to a trampled land;
Yet never knights in Arthur's days For desperate cause made firmer stand.
They wage no public war, 'tis true;
They strike and fly, and strike-what then ?
'Tis only thus these faithful few Can front tivo hundred thousand men.

You call them ignorant, rash, and wild ;
But who can tell how patriots feel
With centuries of torment piled
Above the land to which they kneel?
And who has made them what we find-
Like tigers lurking in their den,
And breaking forth with fury blind
To beard two hundred thousand men?
Who made their lives so hard to bear
They care not how their lives are lost?
Their land a symbol of despair-
A wreck on ruin's ocean tossed.
We, happier here, may carp and sneer, And judge them harshly-but what then ?
No gloves for those who have as foes
To face two hundred thonsand men.
Honor the brave! Let England rave Against them as a savage band:
We know their foes, we know their woes,
And hail them as a hero band.
With iron will they battle still, In groups of three or files of ten,
Nor care we by what savage skill
They fight two hundred thousand men.

## TO FORSYTHE FROM O'REILLY.

SUGGESTED BY THE REOENT DEPLORABLE FREQUENCY OF MATRIMONAL CASUALTIES TO YOUNG OFFICERS OF OUR ACQUAINTANCE

They fall, my friend! the young, the prond, The gay, the festive chisses fall-
An orange wreath instead of shrond,
A ring in lieu of Minié ball ;
The men who faced a battle's roar
Now yield to ruffled chemisettes,
And lion hearts bow down before
Some twilled, frilled pair of pantalettes.
And we, who with them marched and sle, t,
Sharing advance, retreat, attack-
When revel on "salt horse" we kept, Coffee, hard bread, and apple-jack-
Shall we not heare one pitying breath For these our comrades as they go,
Not happy to a sudden death, But doomed to lingering lives of woe?
" "Twas their own fault," the crnic cries; "For if a moth will seek the Hame,
And scorch his wing matil he dies,
Is it moth, or lamp, or both we blame?"
Ah! true, my friend; but think how long
These hapless moths through War's dark night
(When rains were chill, and winds were strong)
Had pushed their cold and lonely flight.
So when, at last, they saw the gleam, And felt the warmth of woman's eves.
Who blames them if they dreamed the dream Which every moth in dreaming dies?
They were the yonngest. tenderest kids,
And saw no snake beneath the flowers,
Nor knew that under Beanty's lids
Dwelt bolts of more than Whitworth powers.
And now, my friend, with moaning sore,
They yield the latch-ker, and resign
The sacred corkscrew which of yore
In every pocket used to shine;

And henceforth, it is known to each Of this once gay and festive band, It matters not what rank they reach, Their wives are in supreme command.
For them the idle badge of power, The strap with bar, or leaf, or bird-
But on the wives to whom they cower Far higher brevets are conferred;
The throated frill, the scented glove, The crimson lip, the throbbing breast-
These high commissions, signed by love, What slave of Hymen dares contest?

Ah! no; unhappy, it was theirs To ride unhturt through fields of strife;
But now-like rabbits caught in snaresEach comrade yields him to a wife.
And henceforth epaulette or sash, Or chapeau-bras, or baldric bright,
Are nothing more than empty trash-
-Their rank and file (not wives) to fight.
For higher than all flags that float, Or all the stars on straps conferred,
Is woman's deathless petticoat, And woman's last appealing word!
In vain they strive-our comrades oldAgainst the sway when first 'tis felt, 'Tis beanty's dower as slaves to hold The heart that once her power could melt.
And so they fall-the young, the prond, The gay and festive cusses fall-
An orange wreath instead of shroud, A ring in lien of Minié ball ;
The men who faced a battle's roar Now yield to broidered chemisettes, And fion hearts bow down before Some twilled, frilled pair of pantalettes.

## ONLY SOME RELICS.

A ring she wore-a jewel that pressed The maiden beanty of her breast.
A glove our happy hands once drew
From her small fingers reined with blue.

A ribbon that around her throat
Loved in the dallying winds to float.
A golden clasp, that once had known
The silken pressure of her zone.
A little slipper with blue rosette,
In which her fairy foot was set.
And one brown tress, through happy years
Shading the shell-films of her ears-
These, and an ivorytype's dull stain,
Are all of our dear one that now remain;
All the dear relics that are left
Of her by whose loss our hearts are cleft;
Leaving the world a dim, dead space
Of cares and duties with little grace-
A dull, dead level of weary years,
In which no blossoming joy appears;
No girl with teeth like the rows of corn
When you strip the ear as the summer is born:
And tresses of changing gold and brown, Over shoulders of ivory shaken down;
And lips in whose arched and crimson bow All the fluishing balms of the tropics glow;

And over whose dimpled cheeks, like light
And shade over meadows, the thoughts take flight:
Winged by her innocent, dancing eves.
With coyness and coquetry, smiles and sighs.
Her voice was the hum of a summer wind
When it breathes through a lattice with roses twinel :
Her sonl was as pure, as unsullied and white.
As the chanting seraphs in robes of light:
And the kindness that dwelt in her heart. I deem.
Of the heaven she now dwells in was some stray gleam.
Oh, loved and lost! our soul's adored!
Our dove with silver wings-our bird!
Beanty embodied, and joy, and peace.
Whose breath had a cliam bidding sorrow cease.

Best gift that heaven to bless us gave, We cast this chaplet on thy grave.


## PHILADELPHIA. ${ }^{11}$

volee of the boys in blue.
Be merciful to the South-
Not with the empty word in your mouth,
But merciful be-let your actions tell-
To the men who were beaten, but fought so well :
Be merciful to the South!
Be generons to the South,
Gentle in deed, and in word of month ;
For no craven brand on the forehead shines
Of the men who met us in volleying lines,
And fought for the flag of the South.
Be tender and just to the South,
For famine, and slaughter, and hunger, and drouth
They have suffered, who made such a gallaut fight
For a cause that was wrong - but they thought right-
Be just to the beaten South!
Be just, and be something more,
Now that the hot days of battle are o'er ;
For brothers we were in the glorious past,
And brothers again we must be at last-
Be merciful to the South!
We are all here once more,
The terrible days of our conflict o'er ;
And again the old flag floats elate
O'er the capital dome of each sister state
In the East, North, West, and South!
Let us join hands once more,
Renewing the vows that our fathers swore;
Forgetting all strife save the lesson it taught,
And meeting as reconciled brothers ought-
A reconciled North and South.
Errors on both sides were,
But for these-they are past, and we have no care;
Let a sponge glide over the hideous years
Of terror and bloodshed, havoc and tears,
Dividing the North and South.
C 2

One destiny holds us yet, We have common hopes and a common debt;
For England was false to us both alike,
And against her power with strong arms should strike
The reconciled North and South.
Oh, 'tis a glorious hour,
That joins us again in imperial power ;
And long o'er the land of the free and the brave
May the Pine and Palmetto united ware-
Fit emblems of North and south.
Again, like two parted friends,
With our quarrel fought ont, the hatred ends:
And none more welcome this happy day
Than the Boys in Blue and the Boys in Gray.
Who fought for the North and the Soutl.

## THE HOUSEHOLD TOMB.

The shafts of disappointment fall
Where most we build our pride,
And now the dearest loved of all
Their little ones had died;
The tears they shed in silence fell
Like rain-drops throngh the gloom,
And into him they lored so well
They reared this household tomb.
The little bird whose tender wing Grew weak in winter tide.
Who seemed to strengthen in the spring,
And soared in summer's pride-
Grew fainter as the autum fell
On summer's withering bloom,
And unto him they loved so well
They built this houselold tomb.
IIe lad a trick in smmy hours
To seek the garden walks,
And pluck from out the radiant flowers
The withered buds and stalks;
He bore them in as if to tell
That canker-worms consume,
And soon to him. beloved so well.
They reared this household tomb.

The church hath massive iron gates, Six days 'tis cold and dim,
Till Sabbath fills the silken seats, And the organ swells the hymn;
Slall there a blazoned pillar tell A child's so common doom?
Ah! no; for him, beloved so well, They bnilt a household tomb.

On the mantle-piece all old and worn, Where his childish toys are laid,
Where the withered buds he placked were borne, In the room where oft he played-
A kneeling statue sheds a spell
Of prayer around the room,
And the little boy they loved so well Has thus a household tomb.

Oh, friend, I've seen the tear-drops shine, And watched your quivering lip,
I've felt your arm clutch closer mine When a bright boy chanced to trip
Across our path, and though there fell No tear, nor word of gloom,
I knew your spirit bowed before That little household tomb.

But, comfort! There's a higher sphere Where the earth-lost reunite;
The spirit of your boy seems near, To prompt each word I write;
He says he shares the loved ones' mirth When they gather in the room,
And smiles down on the silent hearth, Even from the household tomb.


## IRELAND AND THE SOUTH.

THE BOY'S IN GREEN TO THE BOYS IN GLAY.
Air: "The Wearing of the Green."
Ring out from erery steeple,
Call the clans from every fold,
We're a democratic people,
And our faith we mean to hold;

## The Poetical Works of

We're for mercy to the beaten foe, For brothers we have been,
And what oppression is we know,
All we who wear the Green-
Ay, what oppression is we know, $11 l$ we who wear the Green-
In our very bones what it is we know, We boys who wear the Green.

We have felt it in our sire-land, With its whip our backs are scored;
Of the South we'll make no Ireland Scourged with famine and the sword:
'Tis true they tried the rebel game. But punished they have been,
And I rather think we've done the same, All we who wear the Green-
We ourselves have done the very same, All we who wear the Green,
And we hope again to do the same, We boys who wear the Green.

Oh, manhood's proudest duty Is to fight for manhood's faith ;
And true courage has a beanty That not even crime can seathe;
Into chaos they plunged headward, bovs: Their guilt we do not sereen:
But our Emmet and Lord Edward, hoys. Did hikewise for the Green-
Ay! Sheares, and Orr, and Edward, bors. Were rebels for the Green;
Wolfe Tone, and Bond, and Edward, bors, Did likewise for the Green!

And the day is not far distant When our equal boast shall be
That our country's crown is glistened With Grant, Farragut, and Lee:
By Stonewall Jackson's front of flame. And Sherman swift and keen,
And Meagher, who led on to fame Us boys who wear the Green-
'Tom Meagher, whose brigade of fame All wore the plumes of Green;
And Sheridan, whose deathless name Prochams he wears the Green!

So "Mercy" be the countersign, And "Iloffman" the paroleLet the bugles ring along our line, And the drums for battle roll.
And the cry shall swell from every mouth, And on our flags be seen,
We're for mercy for the rebel South, "We rebels of the Green"-
We've a fellow feeling for the Sonth, We rebels of the Green-
The boys who wore the Gray down South, We boys who wore the Green.

## A LITTLE RHYME OF LITTLE THINGS,

FOR VERY LITTLE PEOPLE.
A curious thing it were to know, And knowledge worth the winning,
How very big a fact may grow
From quite a small beginning;
Tom treads on Freddy's tender toe,
And gives a curse, and then a blow
That sets poor Tommy spinning;
Next knives are drawn, and blood must flow,
And Freddy to the gallows go
For homicidal sinning;
And yet a corn upon the toe-
A corn was the begiming.
A ripened apple fell one day
Where a wise man was walking-
An accident, as some would say,
Not worth a moment's talking;
But-in a philosophic way-
That apple called a mind in play
That was not easy balking;
The secret of mechanics lay
Enshrined therein-'twas heaven's own ray
To us in darkness walking:
Yet trifles such as these, we say,
Scarce merit serious talking.
An idle man sat down one night
Before a boiling kettle,
And plugged the spout exceeding tight
With some soft kind of metal;

Off went the lid! a common sight,
But unto him 'twas different quite,
For he resolved to settle
What force this boiling water might
Possess? and so there came to light
The steed of tireless mettle;
The locomotive lay that night
Within a tap-room kettle.
A Yankee youth-a sturdy chapWas partial to kite flying,
And just to see what chance would hap,
A fork he took, and tying
The prongs above the peak, the trap
Canght, caged, and tamed the thunder-clap!
A fact now patent, lying
In the electric wires which lap
Our comntry, and will soon enwrap
All climes and oceans lying
Upon the broad earth's mighty map-
So much for his kite flying!
So don't despise the little things
Which happen daily romen us,
For some of them may chance take wing:
To startle and astomen us.
Trace back the greatest deed-it springs.
From trifles which no poet sings-
Some trifling change, which found us.
Prepared to grasp and mount its wings :
Then with our fame the wide earth rings.
And Fate's high liand hath crormed ns,
Because we watched those little things
Which she made happen round us.

## TIIE BETTER CIIOICE.

Too little do we gaze on Nature's face-
Too mneh have dwelt in colleges and towns,
Where man pursues the miserable race
Of wealth and mere book-learning. The muse frowns
On him whose footsteps oer the breezy downs:
Seldom have pressed; our need is solitude.
For the harsh dissonance of the city droms
Those dreams of virtue, loveliness, and good.
Whicle in the hreast of youth, howerer stifted, brood.

Let us arise, and shake away the dust
Of brick and parement from our flying feet,
All former visions from remembrance thrust,
And even forget that once we trod the street.
$\mathrm{U}_{\mathrm{p}}$ in the mountains haply we may meet
Those glorious fancies that still shun the throng;
The rill's wild music, tremulous and sweet,
Will lend a softer cadence to our song,
The cataract's curbless strength may teach us to be strong.
And flowers, and perfumes, and untainted air,
And forest green with dark cathedral glooms,
And the fleet birds, whose mission is to bear
Nature's true music on their outspread plumes,
And mossy banks, and overhanging blooms
Of trailing honeysuckle-these shall teach
Ow tongues to breathe the passion that consumes
The inmost spirit ; and we shall learn a speech
Wide-general enongh all human hearts to reach.
All forms of art are transient, and they die Even with the folly which conferred their birth.
Fashion deceives, but Nature can not lie
While the wide ocean cradles the green earth.
False are the echoes of conventional mirth,
Falser the semblance of conventional woe,
Mere puppet feelings cherished in the dearth
Of genuine passion; for a while they glow
Like paint on death's shronk cheek-there is no life below.
The couch of relvet and the damask fold
May give luxurious languor some brief ease,
And mirror'd walls and cornices of gold
Afford good shelter, and a while may please :
But look again, and tell me where are these?
A heap of tatters and a tottering wall!
Not so this mossy bank, these sheltering trees;
Nor fades the sun, nor does the green hill fall,
Nor fails the bright still pool to mirror back the whole.
Forms, books, and customs are the chains that bind
Our hearts to wretchedness. Whoe'er would be
Strong in himself, these fetters cast behind
And seek the desert-limbs and reason free!
There let him ponder of his destiny,
Survey the mountain shrine, the starlit dome,
Hear Nature's prompting voice: "All this for thee
Was made and is sustained; it is thy home;
Be true to your own life, and here earth's monarch roam !"

Oh, false conceit! self-baffling avarice !
That strives to grasp the mental riches earned
By former toilers! Be assured of this-
No ray of thought that erst in Goethe burned,
Through pedant-channel can to you be turned.
Each hand must pluck its individual fruit.
Books are the grave where knowledge is inurned :
No second blossom from their clay can shoot;
Yourself must sow the seed-let them manure the root.
And we have idled our best years away
In gathering dead leaves. There yet is time
To plant a better harvest, such as may
In part compensate for wasted prime.
And though no forest, leafy and sublime,
Our wintering sun can hope to shake abroad,
Still may we graft some creepers that will elimb
Round our old age, enlivening the green sod,
And breathing grateful praise to the benignant God.
Oh, mother earth! to us estranged too long
Have been thy beanties-not by our own will,
For with a passion blind as it was strong
Have we adored thy purity, and still
Would, ere the years our destiny fulfill,
Drink thy inspiring eloquence; nor thon
This tardy homage to thy throne repel-
Clonds may not always linger on heaven's brow,
And let the future speak the fervor of our vow.

## DUET FOR TIIE BREAKFAST-TABLE.

ROMANTIC HUSBANID.
Thou art my love! I have none other But only thee-but only thee.

SENSIILE WIFE.
Now, Charles, do stop this silly bother, And drink your tea-your cooling tea.

ROMINTIC HUSBANI.
Your eyes are diamonds, gems refined.
Your teeth are pearl, your hair is gold-
SENSIDLE WIFE.
Oh nonsense now! I know you'll find
Your cutlets cold-exceeding cold.

ROMANTIC HUSBAND.
Where'er thon art, my passions burn;
I envy not the monarch's crown-
SENSIBLE WIFE.
Put some hot water in the urn, And toast this bread, and toast it brown.

ROMANTIC HUSBAND.
Had I Golconda's wealth, I say,
'Twere thine at will-'twere thine at will-

SENSIBLE WIFE.
Then let me have a check to pay
The dry-goods bill-that tedious bill!
ROMANTIC HUSBAND.
Oh, heed it not, my trembling flower ;
If want should press us, let it come-
SENSIBLE WIFE.
And, apropos, the bill for flour
Is quite a sum-an unpaid sum.
ROMANTIC HUSBAND.
So rich in love, so rich in joy,
No change our cup of bliss can spill-
SENSILLE WIFE.
Now do be quiet! You destroy
My cambric frill-my well-starched frill.
ROMANTIC HUSBAND.
Ha! senseless, soulless, loveless girl, To sympathy and passion dead!

SEXSIBLE WIFE.
A moment since I was your "pearl," Your " only love"-at least you said.

ROMANTIC HUSBAND.
l spoke it in the bitter jest
Of one his own deep saduess scorning-
SENSIBLE WIFE.
Well, candor is at all times best :
I wish yon, sir, a fair good morning :
5

## THE NYMPH OF LURLEIBERGH.

In Lurleiberglı's deep shadowed vale,
Where all the Rhine's bue waters meet,
A maiden sat, as fair and pale
As were the lilies at her feet;
Her hair in wild profusion flowing
From roses richly wreathed above
To hide the gentle bosom, glowing
With mingled thoughts of fear and love.
Oh, Nymph of Lurleibergh ! thy lute.
Why stands it thus untouched and mute?
What pensive shadows cloud thine eye.
And cheat the moments as they fly ?
Thou art too young, too fair for pain
To dim the smile or wring the brain :
Too pure thou seem"st for thought of iil,
Yet sad thou art, and pensive still.
Yea, thou art sad, although no tear
Bedews thy silken-fringed lid,
And all the more will sorrow sear
When thas in mute endurance hid.
Thine eyes are fixed upon the river.
As past thy feet its waters roll.
And, swift as are its ripples. quirer
The tides of feeling in thy soul.
Oh, Nymph of Luleibergh! the crown
Of flowers you wear will wither soon,
The lute's harmonions chords will slack.
And youth, once flown, comes never back;
The gushing waters, pure and sweet.
That pour their tribute to the feet.
Soon pass the bowers of trellised rine.
And perish in the stormful brine.
We should not waste in tears the homs
Of youth, that all too fleetly flow:
In spring the fields are decked with flowers,
And wintry age is capped with snow:
And thou art in the spring of being.
And thon shouldst be as light and gay
As is the lark when upward fleeing
To bathe his pinions in the ray
That calls the bluebell from the meadow.
And steeps the hill in sultry shatow:

That bathes the morning lake in fire, And tips with gold the village spire. I too have felt the hopeless void Of pleasures lost when most enjoyed, And learned, alas! that tears are vain To wash such memories from the brain.


## THE PARTING KISS.

JUliet.
One kiss before yon go, lore, One kiss before we part,
Indeed you do not know, lore, The sadness of my heart.
The dawn that wakes the birds, love, To joy, is pain to me;
I hear your farewell words, love, Nor care how bright it be.
Oh, softly down the stream, love, Let your light oars be driven,
For I have dreamt a dream, lovePerchance a warning given!
I dreamt my brother stood, love, And saw our parting kiss;
It can not bode us good, love, Be sure, forget not this!
Nor must thon yet forget, love, At nightfall to return,
When o'er the parapet, love, You see my signal burn.
Adien! we may not stay, love; Cease not to think of me;
And throngh the weary day, love, I'll pray for night and thee.

ROMEO.
Oh, hush! your fears are vain, love, Nor sire nor brother near;
Indeed I may remain, love, There is no danger here.
The prying dawn delays, love, As loth to break our bliss;
He did but peep to win from thee The fond, the parting kiss.

The willows, bending deep, love, In prudent awe look down:
They will not raise their heads to peep Lest you, my love, should frown.
The birds are all asleep, loveOh, chide not my delay;
For where thon art not is my night, Where'er thou art, my day.

Alas! the spell is riven, love, I hear the bells afar;
Dost thou not see in heaven, love, Yon dimly-fading star?
When in the dewy eve, love, It rises o'er the hill,
You'll see my shallop on the stream, And hear my bugle shrill.

Adien! it is the dawn, love, I must-I must away;
The fading star hath gone, love, The birds awake the day.
To part at all is pain, love, To thee and me; I wish-
But, till we meet again, love, Oh, keep my parting kiss.

## ORIGINAL SIN.

RECOLIECTIONS OF A BERMON ON THIS TENT BY THE REF. DR, BELLOWE, SENT TO A LADY EQUALLY REMARKABLE FOR HER HEAUTY, WIT, BENETOLENCF, AND THE INTEREST SIIE TOOK IN FAST HORSES AND DEMOCRATIC POLITICS.

My dear Mrs. Blank, for the excellent sermon You led me to hear, I your debtor remain:
And revolving the subject has made me defermine To sift the discourse into language more plain.
Four pastor in me has now found a disciple Who means to go into religion and wint
But, in case he shonld fail, in the words of the Bible. Impute his mishap to "original sin!"
That "man is not perfect" the excelleut Bellows Undonbtedly proves, and I boldly maintain :
Whenerer yon show me "a prince of good fellows." Ilis sius will keep pace with the size of his brain.

Your men of small natures are prim and decorons, To prudery's domain their brief steps they confine, While the "big hearted Indians" who truly rule o'er us, Can't bring down their strides to the limiting line.
But woman! dear woman! the excellent Bellows, In all his discourse, breathed no word about her;
He was fearful, perhaps, Mrs. B. would grow jealous, And therefore thought better that point to defer.
But that woman is perfect in all things becoming A womanly nature, he could not deny,
And assuredly not, if this sermon while humming, He chanced on our pew to direct his staid eye.
I heard his discourse with a kind of mixed notion That "the bliss" he described was allied to our pew;
And whenerer he spoke of "the need of devotion," I felt most devontly-attracted to you.
That heaven has rewards "both in here and hereafter" For those who 'tend meeting, I felt to be plain ;
For a pleasanter goblet of dreams than I quaffed there Was never poured out-labeled "Fancy's Champagne."
Oh, ne'er while I live be that sermon forgottenIt made an impression no years can efface;
Your parson's the best horse I know of to trot on, When girdling our loins for eternity's race.
"Two thirty" we got it-the dull nags we "dish 'em," Ne'er turning a hair, and ne'er casting a shoe;
And the "Bloomingdale Road" which leads up to Elysium, I am firmly convinced has its start from your pew.

## STAMPING OUT. ${ }^{12}$

Ay, stamp away! Can you stamp it out-
This quenchless fire of a nation's freedom?
Your feet are broad and your legssare stout,
But stouter for this you'll need 'em !
You have stamped away for six hundred years,
But again and again the old cause rallies,
Pikes gleam in the hands of our mountaineers,
And with scythes come the men from our valleys;
The steel-clad Norman, as he roams,
Is faced by our naked gallowglasses,
We lost the plains and our pleasant homes,
But we held the hills and passes.

Aud still the Jeltane fires at night, If not a man were left to feed 'em, By widows' hands piled high and bright, Flashed far the flame of freedom.

Ay, stamp away! Can you stamp it out, Or how have your brutal arts been baffled?
You have wielded the power of rope and kuout, Fire, dungeon, sword, and scaffold.
But still, as from each martyp's hand The fiery cross fell down in fighting,
A thousand sprang to seize the brand, Our beltane fires relighting.
And ouce again throngh Irish nights, $\mathrm{O}^{\circ} \mathrm{er}$ every dark hill redly streaming.
And numerons as the heavenly lights Our rebel fires were gleaming.
And though again might fail that flame, Quenched in the blood of its devoted,
Fresh chieftains rose, fresh clansmen came. And again the old flag floated.

That fire will burn, that flag will float, By virtue nursed, by valor tended,
Till with one fierce clatch upon your throat Your Moloch reign is ended.
It may be now, or it may be then,
That the hour will come we have hoped for ages.
But, failing and failing, we try again,
And again the contlict rages.
Our late, thongh hot, is a patient liate,
Deadly and patient to catch yon tripping,
And your years are many, your crimes are great.
And the sceptre is from you slipping.
But stamp away with your brutal hoof,
While the fires to scorch you are upward clearing,
For with bloody shuttles, the warp and woof
Of your shroud the Fates are wearing.


## THE LISPER AND BOOTH.

"Come tell me, girls, and tell me trinth,
Why are yon all so in love with Booth?
"I Ias he given you filters or mixed love-powders: In your breakfast coffice or luncheon chowders:"

Fast came the answer, clear and crisp, From a young, plump blonde with a lovely lisp:
"I'm thure, Mither Mileth, we love him tho, Becauth he ith Booth-iful, you know !"
I caught the lisper and kissed her there:
" Kith me muth ath you pleath, bnt don't wumple my hair;
"And fondle me, Mileth, juth ath muth ath you will, If you only won't wuffle my Bwathells fwill !"
so I drew her aside, and, with kiss and whisper,
There were high old times between Miles and the lisper;
And—let Booth be "looothiful" or no,
"Twas a beantiful girl that called him so.

## THE OLD GREEN FLAG.

"The Fenian canse is dead," they say;
"Clean crushed by Seward's craven sway!"
"Tis dead-that is, for the present day-
'Twill rise again.
That canse, in Irish lore appears
Has lived for full seven hnndred years-
Oft quenched in blood, and quenched in tears, It rose again.
The dying sire bequeathed his sword
To sons who then their life-blood poured,
And o'er their sons the Green Flag soared-
'Twill soar again.
The Irish mother, as she pressed
The warm, full nipple of her breast,
Thus lullabied her babe to rest-
" "Twill rise again."
Despite rope, dungeon, famine, chains,
And bills of penalties and pains,
For all with Irish in their teins, It rose again.

From Silken Thomas trace its flow
To Hngh O'Neil and Owen Roe;
And thongh Lord Edward felt the blow, It rose again.

And though Wolfe Tone in prison died.
And Emmet was siain on Liffy's side,
Despite all England's power and pride,
It rose again.
It crossed the sea. The Irish race.
Uprooted from their dwelling-place,
Came here new destinies to face-
It rose again.
"Eternal hatred of the fue-
Eternal warfare, blow for blow,
Till England's power in the dust lies low"-
This rose again.
"While Irish blood through our veins is led,
For the Cause and Flag shall our blood be shed.
Till the Green, high soaring above the Red. Floats free again."

Despite of Seward's truckling fears,
And Irish slaves, with mocks and jeers
For those who hold the faith of years,
'Twill rise again.
By suffering taught to help the weak-
For all the oppressed of earth we speak-
For all the oppressed some hope we seek
To rise again.
Oh, generous, proud, and gallant race-
So often rash, so rarely base-
Sure as the bright sun holds her place,
'Twill rise again.
The old Green Flag, the good old Cause.
Despite the check of cramping laws,
Shall yet obtain the world's applause
When risen again,
Wherever England's flag may float,
Or slaves may wear her scarlet coat,
Leap, Fenians! at the tyrant's throat,
And try again.
The great héart of the land, we claim, Is thrilled with sympathetic flame,
For they, as we. hate England's name-
'Twill rise agam.

For perjured faith—for foulest blows
Struck when the rebel standard rose-
England, even here, a deep debt owes:
'Twill rise again.
Let Seward curve his craven knee,
Yet, while America is free,
The flag we bore across the sea
Shall rise again--
Will rise despite all human power-
Will flame abroad in time's full hour-
Till, high in air, o'er field and tower, It floats again.

But, brethren, till that hour shall come,
Be busy with your hands-but dumb;
Nor speak till told by the rolling drum
"It floats again."
" It floats- the good old Green Flag floats
Once more in the face of the scarlet coats"-
Then fiercely and full at your foemen's throats
Spring once again.
God of our Fathers! God of Peace!
Grant us from factious feuds release,
For never until these shall cease
Can the old Flag rise again.

## LINES ON THE RUSSO-TURKISH WAR.

So far as I can reason down
The complex Eastern question,
A Turkey done exceeding brown
Would suit the Czar's digestion.
Be trussed it must with bayonets first,
And peppered well with powder,
Then, sliced out into provinces,
'Twill make a famous chowder.
Poor Turkey can not bear a yolk,
Though turkey-eggs bear pullets,
Nor can the sultan see the joke Of making his eggs bullets.
Though he bas got a hundred wives, He dearly loves Moll Davia,
And Galatz is the kind of "gal"
He wouldn't part to save you.
D

Thongh men-shake-off the Russian wiles, Still Men-tshi-koff is great, sir,
And the Dardan-elles are crooked miles, Although they call them "Strait," sir:
The sultan in his harem sits
While things go harum-scarum ;
He gets in-sultin' messages,
And can not choose but bear em.
'The Turk appeals to God and Truth, But suffers ne'ertheless he,
For Gortschakoff, beside the Pruth At Jassy, gives him Jessy.
With Gortscha-koff and Mentechi-koff
His breast has got a-stuffin',
And, if he can not shake them off,
These koffs will nail his coffin.
The czar is clad in costly furs
From Vashka and Yikaka,
While Turkey's sole defense from koffs Is Redschid Ali Pacha.
The sultan to the I'rophet praysNo profit comes a-near him;
And though his Porte be called snblime, It has no strength to cheer him.
He prays to Mecca, but he finds The mecha-mism rusty ;
His prayer can not molock the gate, And so the Porte grows crusty:
llis viziers put their visors down.
And will not face the tussle;
Ahas! the faithful Mussnlmans
llave neither brain nor muscle.
Dis-turbin" hands his turban tonel,
His hookah it is hooked, sir,
And soon before a Cossack fire
Will Turker's goose be cooked. sir.
His Mamelukes to mammy look.
Nor are for battle pressing;
llis pachas of a dozen tails -
Hare tales the most distressing.
His dragomans can't drag a man
To fight-the Turks ain't stupid :
His emuchs are as impotent
For Mars as eke for Cupid.

There's not a man in his divan In honor's van will die, sir;
Before the storm that Bruin brews The Turkey soon must fly, sir.
The Turks gave shelter to Kossuth-
For this esteemed their sonls are:
May they ne er know a Hungary day, Partitioned as the Poles are.
May Allah and the Christian's God Confound unchristian czars, sir,
And may the Turkish moon be girt
With bright Colnmbian stars, sir.


## TO LAURA.

We mnst not show the hidden bower,
Where love's high feasts are holden ;

- We must not let another see

The secret flower, perfumed and golden,
That twinkles on the shadowy lea
For thee and me,
Dear Lamra.
We must not show the priceless gem
That gleams in pleasure's casket ;
No jealous eye its light may see,
Lest those who envy us should ask it,
Or question how it came to be
With thee and me.
Dear Lanra.
We must not show the hidden spring
Where passion cools its fever ;
We must not let the slightest sound
Betray our joy, but be forever
Mute as the woods that wave aromnd Our hallowed ground, My Laura.

Oh, could we flee, like doves, afar
From custom's iron bondage,
To some rich isle in the Southern Sea,
There in the wood's enwoven frondage,
With all our beings linked, to be
Unwatched and free,
Dear Laura.

Still, in the world be cold, reserved, With social fetters laden;
The humble minstrel, what were he To win the heart of this proud maiden?
But there are hours-thank heaven there be-
For thee and me,
My Laura.
I would not change my pride of song
For all a prince's treasure ;
Not all the wealth beneath the sea
Could yield its lord such passionate pleasure
As when, upon the shadowy lea,
I pluck the golden flower with thee,
And kiss the gem which none may see
Save thee and me,
My Latra.

## AT THE SEA-SIDE.

The bay lay sobbing at our feet,
The night was dark, and warm, and calm,
We felt the throbbing pulses beat
Each in the other's palm.
Behind ns, crested on the bank, Were great hotels a-gleam with lights.
Where youth and beauty, wealth and rank. Held revel through the nights.
But round us all was hished and darkNo sound except the sobbing bay-
No light, save when some phosphor-spark Flashed upward in the spray.
There on the rocks we talked of loveAn old, lost love-till on my breast
Her head, like some oerwearied dove, Came fluttering down to rest.

Between us and the anchored light That marks the shoal beneath its lee.
We watched the white and ghostly flight Of. schooners ont to sea.

We talked of freighted ships, that sailed From bays like this with no retum:
We talked of many hopes that failed
To reach the promised bourne.

We sat, recalling all the pastThe march and camp in prairie lands, Our canvas cities rising fast

Along the Southern sands.
Our canters through the scented pine, The halts in many an orange grove,
The wreaths of yellow jessamine That round our heads we wove.
And then came up, in sad review, Full many a frieud in battle slain,
And all the war that either knew Before us passed again.
And tremulous grew the clasping palm, And gentlier sank the fair dear head,
And o.er our souls a deeper calm Than o'er the bay was spread-
A calm of pained and softened thought, A tender trance of vanished years-
A ghostly mirror, quaintly wrought, In which the past appears.
And still, as sadder grew the theme, Her hand crept closelier into mine,
And on my breast, in deeper rest, I felt her head decline.
Oh, dark blue bay, with your anchored light, Your belt of hills and your silver shore,
For the freighted hearts relaunched to-night, What liarbor has Fate in store?

WASHINGTON'S BIRTHDAY, 1865. ${ }^{13}$
an appeal to the patriotic and benevolent for a goldier's home.
Forever past the days of gloom-
The long, sad days of doubt and fear-
When woman, by her idle loom,
Heard the dread battle's nearing boom
With claspéd hands and straining ear ;
While each new hour the past pursues
With farther threat of loss and pain,
Till the sick senses would refuse
To longer drink the bloody news
That told of sons and brothers slain.

The days of calm at length are won,
And, sitting thens, with folded hand. We talk of great deeds greatly done, While all the future seems to run

A silvery tide o'er golden sands.
With pomp the votive sword and shield
The saviors of the land return,
Ind while new shrines to peace we build,
(on our great bamer's azure field
Yet larger constellations burn.
Who bore the flag-who won the day:
The young, prond manhood of the land.
Called from the forge and plow away,
They seized the weapons of the fray
With eager but untutored hand;
They swarmed o'er all the roads that ked
To where the peril hotliest burned-
By night, by day, their hurrying tread
Still southward to the struggle sped,
Nor ever from their purpose turned.
Why tell how long the contest hung,
Now crowned with hope, and now depressel.
And now the varying lalance swung,
Until, like gold in furnace flung,
The troth grew stronger for the test ?
"Twas our own blood we had to meet;
'Twas with full peers our swords were crossed.
Till in the march, assault, retreat,
And in the school of stem defeat,
We learned snceess at bloody cost.
Oh. commades of the camp and deck.
All that is left ly pitying Fate
()f those who bore through fire and wreek.

With sinewy arm and stubborn neek.
II is flag whose birth we celebrate-
Olb, men, whose names forever bright
On history's golden tablet graved-
By land, by sea, who waged the fight.
What guerdon will you ask to-night
For service done, for perils braved?
The charging lines no more we see.
No more we hear the din of strife.
Nor under every greenwonl tree.
Stretehed in their life's great agony.
Are those who wait the surgeons knife:

No more the bloodied stretchers drip,
The jolting ambulances groan ;
No more, while all the senses slip,
We hear from the soon silent lip
The prayer for death as balm alone.
And ye, who on the sea's blue breast, And down the rivers of the land,
With clonds of thunder as a crest,
Where still your conquering prows were pressed,
War's lightnings wielded in your hand-
Ye too, released, no longer feel
The threat of battle, storm, and rock--
Torpedoes grating on the keel,
While the strained sides with broadsides reek,
And turrets feel the indenting shock.
Joint saviors of the land, to-day
What guerdon ask you of the land?
No boon too great for you to pray-
What can it give that could repay
The men we miss from onr worn band?
The men who lie in trench and swamp,
The dead who rock beneath the ware -
The brother-sonls of march and camp-
Bright spirits-each a shining lamp,
Teaching how nobly die the brave.
And thou, Great Shade! in whom was nursed
The germ and grandeur of our land-
In peace, in war, in reverence first,
Who tanght our infancy to burst

- The tightening yoke of Britain's hand-

Thou, too, from thy celestial height
Will join the prayer we make to-day-
"Homes for the crippled in the fight,
And what of life is left made bright
By all that gratitude can pay."
Teach these who loll in gilded seats,
With nodding plume and jeweled gown.
Boasting a pedigree that dates
Back to the men who swayed the fates When thou wert battling Britain's crown,
That, ere the world a century swims
Through time, this poor blue-coated host,
With brevet rank of shattered limbs,
Will swell to fame in choral hymns,
And be of pride the prondest boast.

## The Poetical Works of

Homes for the heroes we implore-
The brave, who limbs and vigor gave
That-North and South, from shore to shore,
One free, rich, boundless country o'er-
The flag of Washington might wave;
The flag that first-the day recall-
Long years ago, one summer morn,
Flashed up o'er Independence Hall,
A metear-messenger to all
That a new nation here was born.
Oh, wives and daughters of the land.
To every gentler impulse true,
To yon we raise the invoking hand:
Take pity on our stricken band, These demigods disguised in blue.
More sweet than coo of pairing lirds Your voice when urging gentle deeds,
And power and beanty clothe her words-
A west wind through the heart's thrilled chords When woman's roice for pity pleads.
To yon I leave the soldier's doomYour glistening eyes assure me right;
()h think, through many a night of gloom,

When round you all was light and bloom,
And he preparing for the fight,
The soldier bade his fancy roam Far from the foc's battalions proud-
From camps, and hot steeds' charging foam,
And fondly on your breast at home
The forehead of his spirit bowed.
Oh, by the legions of the dead, Whose ears even yet our love may reach-
Whose souls, in fight or prison fled,
Now swarm in column overhead, Winging with fire my faltering speech-
From stricken fields and ocean eaves I hear their woice and cry instead:
"Gazing upon our merriad graves,
Be generons to the crippled braves Who were the comrades of the thead."

Our canse was holy to the height
Of holiest canse to manhood given :
For peace and liberty to smite,
And while the warm hood bounded bright. For these to die, if called by heaven.

The dead are cared for: in the clay
The griming skull no laurel seeks;
But for the wounded in the fray,
It is through my weak lips to-day
The Order of the Legion speaks.


HURRAH FOR GORDON GRANGER.
Come, boys, a toast : our pride and boastTo friends a joy, to fear a stranger;
Brim every glass, and let it pass-
The health of Gordon Granger !
His manly grace of form and face Marle women bless our stalwart ranger ;
Her sparkling eyes, her tenderest sighs Were all for Gordon Granger.
Each rebel lass, to see him pass, To loyalty the sight would change her ;
For "Union" she would henceforth be With winsome Gordon Granger.
We turned to hear his voice of cheer
On many a field of death and danger;
The rebel foe soon came to know
Our yells for Gordon Granger.
No finer clay, for feast or fray, Since the Babe Divine lay in the manger,
Has blessed the earth, than had its birth With General Gordon Granger.

So here's his health ! Long life and wealth, And years of peace exempt from danger
Forevermore - so prays his corps-
Be round our Gordon Granger.

## MA NORMANDIE.

FROM THE FRENCH OF BERANGER.
When hope buds forth in vernal prime,
And winter flies on sunny wings
Far from our country's lovely clime, And June her fresh, warm radiance flings ;

When Nature's bloom again we see, And swallows skim the jocund earth, I love to visit Normandie-

It is the country of my birth.
I have seen the Sivitzer's scenery, His cottage home and glaciers;
The unclouded skies of Italy,
Sweet Venice and her gondoliers:
Where'er I roamed or chanced to be,
I cried, "There is no place on earth
So dear to me as Normandie-
It is the country of my birth."
There comes a time to all, alack:
When every day-dream flies away,
And when the wearied sonl falls back
To memories of a brighter day.
When my cold Muse nor warble free
Her songs of love or songs of mirth.
I'll seek fresh fire in NormandieIt is the comntry of my birth.

## THE MIDNIGHT WATCH.

"Tis late-but thus I mused and read. While all around in slumber nod:
() Night! to those who will but heed, Thon art the sermon-time of God!
Our honse is hushed-a smouldering fire
Bums low within the glowing grate,
And one by one the lamps expire-
Fit time to meditate.
How hushed! The morning breeze eroke: A thrill of terror-ghostly-dim!
The grim clock deals some fearful strokes On Time's outspreading cherubim.
The muffled Hours, with hurving feet. Still bear to the eternal gate
Reproachful thonghts-:in offering meet-From those who meditate.
No somul save when the wainscot monse
Or crumbling cinder lids us start-
sepulehral silence in the house.
And turmoil in the sleepless leart.

Oh, dreams of youth! ye seem to creep In formless rapors from the grate Round one to whom the eternal sleep, Comes welcome, if not late!


## MILES ON THE WHITE FAWN. ${ }^{14}$

A fairy scene of colored light, Of gorgeous dress and magic changes,
Where still the gazer's dazzled sight From beauty to new beauty ranges. Now rings the music clear and higl, Now seems to die-now swells in clangors;
Voluptuons visions fill the eye,
And thrill the pulse with tropic languors.
A dream grotesque, supremely warm,
A whirling swarm of fancies devious;
The central figure-woman's form-
Elastic, languishing, lascivious.
The arching thigh, the rounded calf,
Ankles and feet of tapering lightness-
Plump bosoms, too unveiled by half,
And waving arms of marble whiteness.


## THE PARTING.

Sadly from my host I parted, Stiff he was, but genial-hearted, And a tear unbidden started As I lingeringly delayed.
There the mother stood before us, Prim as ever, and decorous, But her eve a meaning bore us Kinder than her tongue conveyed.

Round the supper-room the glowing Logs a fitful light were throwing, While the night-breeze, hoarsely blowing,

Murmured through the circling trees.
"Friends, adieu! I must oppóse you;
Ill repaid the debt he owes yon,
If your guest should now expose you
Unto drafts so rude as these."

Cruel Laura seemed delighted
At my leaving-"Ill requited
Lore," I thought, and ret she lighted
Me, departing, to the door.
Suddenly-of no use saying
How-the breeze, a frolic playing,
Blew the light out, and delaying Grew more pleasant than before.
Dank and cold the midnight drizzle-
"One adien! I hear the whistle!"
Something seemed to strive and wrestle,
And we tore ourselves apart.
What took place I have an inkling,
For my ear was smartly tingling,
And another soul seemed mingling, Lip-conducted, throngh my heart.


## A MORNING SERENADE.

FRON THE FREXCH.
Rose, the red sun peeps o'er the hill,
Oh quit your conch's soft retreat ;
Dost thon not hear the village bell
Chime forth the hour when we shonld meet?
The crowded town no pleasure yields.
Then hie with me-oh, hie aw:ar,
And, wandering throngh the flowery ficlds,
W'ell pass in love the summer's day.
Come, Rose, the fields with flowers are crowned,
My arm thy gentle prop shall be;
Witl loving mature all around,
We too will love more tenderly:
The woodbine bower the limet shields, And there it sings the livelong day:
Then haste-oh, haste thee to the fields,
Where homs, like moments, glide away:
In rustic form our life to mond.
Well rise when dawn's first glances peep.
And evening s shadows on the wold
Shall herahd our untroubled sleep.
Perchance to thee this prospect yields
But tedions days and weary hours;
Or dost thon love the scented fichds.
'The song-birds and the breezy bowers?

## Charles Graham Halpine.

She comes ! the town no more appears;
Oh, hateful city, fare thee well;
Where Art her lifeless beauty rears,
But genuine passion dare not dwell.
Rose, let us quit Parisian noise
For sweet seclnsion far away,
Our moments crowned with rustic joys,
Our love increasing day by day.

## THE LAST APPEAL.

Brethren, 'tis the last appeal
Of human woe to outraged heaven ;
God witness for us that we feel
Reluctant all to draw the steel, But what hope else to us is given?
The bonds of social concord riven, We try the last appeal.
Brethren, on! one stubborn fight, And peace for evermore shall be;
The red sea's wave will soon unite
Above the vanquished hosts of Miglt,
And conquest lead us into thee, Dear Canaan of liberty,

Where God protects the Right.
Brethren, Power's triumphant heel Hath struck us oft, but now we turn, And they who wronged us soon shall feel The spell that lies in patriot zeal Their bonds to break, their threats to spurn :
The victor's wreath and martyr's urn
Await this last appeal.

## THE MINER'S DREAM.

I lie all cold and lonely
Beneath an elm at night,
When the stars are shining only,
And the glow-worm twinkles bright;
I sleep where the star-gleams quiver,
And my restless memories roam
Away from the golden river
To my boyhood's happy home.

## The Poctical Works of

The golden dream is fleeting
Away from my troubled sight,
And my heart with hope is beating
As I see the cottage light;
My old rude cot before me,
Where in by-gone hours I dweli
Ere the clouds of life came o.er me,
When no care my bosom felt.
And I see my mother smiling
With a faint, uneasy mirth,
While my father's hands were piling
The fagots on the hearth ;
And they whisper ever lowly-
Yea, I think I hear my name;
It was breathed in accents holy,
And a tear-drop with it came.
The golden sands are gleaming
In the ruddy flush of dawn,
The golden sun is beaming,
And my mighty dream is gone;
But ever and forever
In my sleep my wild thoughts roam
Away from the golden river
'To my boyhood's happy home.

## THE WIDOWER'S CHRISTMAS.

Oh Christmas night! thy spectral hand ontreaches.
Drawing aside the curtain of the years ;
Let us give gifts, let us make happy speeches.
If but to hide-to hide the blinding tears.
Oh Christmas night! again the table glistens
With gold and errstal, and the wine is red:
But my heart's ear in throbbing silence listens:
For her sweet voice-my beautiful, my dead:
Oh Christmas night! the children.gladly screaming.
Dance in young rapture round the lighted tree:
And thus I watch them while my soul is dreaming-
Dreaming of her mine eyes no more may see.
Oh Christmas night! again thy feast retmrning,
Darker by contrast makes my darkness be.
And all thy lamps seem funeral torehes burning
For the dear face I never more may see.

## BLACK LOYALTY.

LET THE TRUTH OF HISTORY BE PRESERVED.
Nigh a million of lives we have spent, And three billions of dollars or more, That each fetter in twain should be rent, And the slave-horn be heard never more; Full six years we háve given to the Black. And the thing was undoubtedly right:
Now suppose, just to alter the tack, We devote half an hour to the White?
When the South, in its hour of mad pride, At Fort Sumter let drive the first shot,
Neck and heels our poor Sambo was tied, And the North held one end of the knot;
But our hold we let go at the sound, For both hands we required in the figlit.
And the war for the Black was then found Quite a tough job of work for the White.
Well, we fought-ay, for four years we fought. Pouring out lavish treasure and life-
Did the Black then arise as he ought, Cleaving northward with torch and with knife?
All his masters were far from his track, Under Johnston and Lee in the fight;
There was nothing to hold the Black back
From assisting his champion, the White.
Did he aid us when bleeding we stood
To chase from him slavery's dreams,
Or to Lee sent he clothing and food, Harness, powder, equipments, and teams?
We all know that in one single state
$\Lambda$ revolt would have ended the fight,
So no more of their "loyalty" prate, For the Black rebs were worse than the White.
The White rebels came with a cheer, Their bayonets aslant and aglow,
While the Black rebels slunk in the rear. Assisting (and freely) our foe;
Phillips, Sumner, and men of that school, May click-clatter from morning till night,
But if Black or White rebels must rule, Then, by heaven! count me in for the White.

It would sicken a $\mathbf{a}$ og, this vile cant
That we hear of "Black loyalty" now,
And I notice the twaddlers who rant
On the sulject were far from the row;
But since cold has been Lee's latest gun, And since Johnston stacked arms after fight,
We are told "by Black valor" we won"-
'Tis all humbug to laurel the White.
To the Black rebel glory and power,
To the White rebel chains and disgrace;
Oh, madness, and worse, rules the hour-
We are false to faith, wisdom, and race!
To my heart with yon, Longstreet and Hill.
Johnston, Lee-every man in the fight-
You were rebels, and bad ones, but still
You share my misfortune--you're White.

## THE QUAKER COQUETTE.

Dear coy coquette, but once we met-
But once, and yet 'twas once too often,
Plunged mawares in silvery snares, All vain my prayers her heart to soften ;
Yet seemed so true her eves of blue. Veined lids and longest lashes under.
Good angels dwelt therein, I felt,
And could have knelt in reverent wonder.
Poor heart, alas! what eve conld pass
The anburn mass of curls caressing
Her pure white brow, made regal now
By this simplicity of dressing.
Lips dewy, red as Cupid's bed
Of rose-leares shed on Mount Hrmettue,
With balm imbued they might be wooed,
But ah! coy prude, she will not let us.
No jewels deck her radiant neck-
What pearl would reck its hue to rival?
A pin of gold-the fashion old-
A ribbon-fold, or some such trifle;
Amb-beauty chief! the lily's leaf
In dark relief sets off the whiteness
Of all the breast not reiled and pressed
Bencath her collar's Quaker tightness.

And milk-white robes o'er snowier globes,
As Roman maids are drawn by Gibbon,
With classic taste are gently braced
Around her waist beneath a ribbon;
And thence molled in billowy fold
Profuse and bold-a silken torrent-
Not hide, but dim each rounded limb,
Well turned, and trim, and plımp, I warrant.
Oh, Quaker maid, were I more staid,
Or you a shade less archly pious;
If soberest suit from crown to boot
Could chance nproot your Quaker bias,
How gladly so, in weeds of woe,
From head to toe my frame I'd cover,
That in the end the convert "friend"
Might thus ascend-a convert lover.


## BLESSING THE SHAMROCK.

God's blessing and his holy smile
On the emblem-leaf of Erin's Isle, Our green immortal shamrock.
From Irish hills, though far away,
Throngh this bright Westem land we stray,
From every leaf there comes a ray
Of the olden light-of the olden day, While gazing on the shamrock.

Saint Patrick found upon the sod This emblem of our triple God, And taught us by the shamrock The mystery of our creed divine, How one in three distinct may shine, Yet three in one, as leaves, combine, And their joint blessings intertwine-
:Tis a lesson from the shamrock.
And the three virtnes which are dear
To Irish hearts are emblemed here
Within our three-leaved shamrock :
Fidelity, that knows no end
To country, sweetheart, faith, or friend;
Courage, that no reverse can bend;
And hospitality-all blend
Their types within the shamrock.

So may Heaven's blessings, choice and chice.
Bedew each petal of thy leaf,
Our own immortal shamrock;
And mayest thou, in this Western clime,
As long ago, in Ireland's prime,
Be emblem of a faith sublime
In God and Country, through all time,
Our green and glorions shamrock. ,
And may our proud and ancient race, Uprooted from the dwelling-place

Where grew this votive shamrock,
Still keep this night, where'er they fly,
Sacred to memories dear and high
Of the land where all our kindred lie
In the green graves, made beauteons by Thick verdure of the shamrock.

God bless the old dear spot of earth-
God bless the green land of our birth,
Where grew this bunch of shamrock :
And blessings on this generous land, Which welcomes with a lavish hand,
Each year, the sad and stricken band
Of exiles from the silver strand
Where grows the saintly shamrock.

## THE LAST RESORT.

Written puring a freshet of steam-boat explosions.
A dramatist declared he had got
So many people in his plot
That what to do with half he had
Was like to drive him drama-mad.
"'The hero and the heroine
Of course are married-very fine!
But with the others what to do
Is more than I can tell-cim you ?
Ilis friend replied: " "Tis hard to say.
But yet I think there is a way.
The married couple thank their stars.
And half the 'others' take the cars;
The other half you put on board
A racing steam-boat-take my word.
'Ther'll never tronble you again."
The dramatist resumed lais pen.

## LOAFING AS A FINE ART. ${ }^{15}$

My friend, my chmm, my trusty crony, We were designed, it seems to me, 'To be two happy lazzaroni, On sumshine fed and maccaroni, Far off by some Sicilian sea.
From dawn to ere in the happy land, No duty on us but to lie-
Straw-hatted on the shining sand.
With bronzing chest, and arm, and handBeneath the blue Italian sky.
There, with the mountains idly glassing Their purple splendors in the sea-
To watch the white-winged vessels passing
(Fortunes for busier fools amassing), This were a heaven to you and me.
Our meerschaums coloring cloudy brown, Two young girls coloring with a blush,
The blue wares with a silver çrown,
The momtain shadows dropping down, And all the air in perfect hush-
Thus should we lie in the happy land, Nor fame, nor power, nor fortune miss-
Straw-hatted on the shining sand,
With bronzing chest, and arm, and handTwo loafers conched in perfect bliss.


## A MAINE-LAW LYRIC.

With thickest growth of beard his face
Was matted in a ghastly smile;
His hat preserved the faintest trace
Of what was ouce a shapely tile;
His elbows glimmered through his coat,
His trowsers needed tailor's care,
His boots they were not of a pair,
And through them you his toes might note.
He only said, "It is the tipple, The tipple 'tis," he said;

- He murmured, "Go it like a cripple, And go it till yonr dead."


## The Poetical Works of

He raised his hand at dewy morn, He raised it far into the night, And, in a tone of mandling scorn, The temperance party he would slight ;
He drank his glass, and called for more,
With trembling fingers searching out
For dimes within the tattered clout
Which once the name of pocket bore.
He only said, "It is the tipple, The tipple 'tis," he said;
Hè murmured, "Go it like a cripple, And go it till youre dead."
And ever as the lamp grew dim,
And brandy lay beyond his reach,
He saw pale spectres glare at him,
And mutter fiercely each to each.
Oh, they were hours to freeze the soul,
When those blue corpses o'er him bent,
And to convey the moral meant,
Each fiend upheld a glittering bowl.
He only said, "It is the tipple, The tipple 'tis," he said;
He murmured, "Go it like a cripple. And go it till yon're dead."
There is within some granite walls
A high and hideous wooden thing,
And in its floor a door that falls
Obedient to a secret spring;
Ar, groan and shriek: With cries and tears,
Merey of earth and heaven demand,
A wife's red blood is on your hand-
Your kindest gift to her for years.
So ends the ballad of the tipple: Be warned, and pray, and think :
The tap is Mother Murder's nippleYou suck blood as you drink.


## JANETTE'S ILAR.

"Oh, loosen the snood that you wear, Janette,
Let me tangle a hand in your hair, my pet."
For the world to me had no daintier sight
Than your hrown hair veiling your shoulders white,
As I tangled a hand in your hair, my pet.

It was brown with a golden gloss, Janette,
It was finer than silk of the floss, my pet,
'Twas a beautiful mist falling down to your wrist,
'Twas a thing to be braided, and jeweled, and kissed-
'Twas the loveliest hair in the world, my pet.
My arm was the arm of a clown, Janette,
It was sinewy, bristled, and brown, my pet,
But warmly and softly it loved to caress
Your round white neck and your wealth of tressYour beautiful plenty of hair, my pet.
Your eyes had a swimming glory, Janette,
Revealing the old, dear story, my pet-
They were gray, with that chastened tinge of the sky,
When the tront leaps quickest to snap the fly,
And they matched with your golden hair, my pet.
Your lips-but I have no words, Janette-
They were fresh as the twitter of birds, my pet,
When the spring is young, and the roses are wet
With the dew-drops in each red bosom set,
And they suited your gold-brown hair, my pet.
Oh, you tangled my life in you hair, Janette,
'Twas a silken and golden snare, my pet,
But, so gentle the bondage, my soul did implore
The right to continue your slave evermore,
With my fingers eumeshed in your hair, my pet.
Thus ever I dream what you were, Janette,
With your lips, and your eyes, and your hair, my pet ;
In the darkness of desolate years I moan,
And my tears fill bitterly over the stone
That covers your golden hair, my pet.

## LES HIRONDELLES.

A captive on Africa's shore,
A warrior laden with chains,
Cried alond, "I behold ye once more, As ye fly from the frozen plains,
Ye swallows, whom Hope, in despite Of this fierce-glowing climate, pursues :
From France ye have taken your flight-
Of my home do ye bring me no news?

## The Puetical Works of

" Three summers I've begged that ye might Recall the fond wishes that stray
To that vale where in dreams of delight My youtl glided swiftly away;
To the river whose winding waves foam 'Neath lilac bowers, scenting the breeze:
Ye have perched on my old cottage-homeHave ye nothing to tell me of these?
"Perchance your young nestlings were born 'Neath the roof where I welcomed the day ;
Ye have pitied my mother's heart torn
By the love which can never decay :
Thongh dying, she hopes that each hour My step on the silence will break;
She listens, and fast her tears showerOf her love have ye nothing to speak?
"My sister! perelance she is wed; Hare ye seen the gay youth who in throngs
At the feast of her bridal were met, And welcome her marriage with song.: :
And those, my companions of yore, Who lived throngh the combats we fought-
Do they dwell in the village once more? Oh, of so many friends know ye nanglt:
" It may be the stranger's foot presses The graves in the rale where they sleep;
My home a new master possesses, My sister but living to weep:
No prayers that for me wing to heaven. And torture and fetters below:
Your silence perchance is but given To spare me this burden of woe."


## TO AZRA.

We meet once more: the early hoom
Of passion perished in its pride.
And slumbers in a foreign tomb.
Berond a dark and stormy tide:
The young Erangel faded fast
From its ethereal form of clay;
That sea of anguish-but tis past.
And we have met once more to-day: .

Thy cheek with paler tinge imbued-
Thine eyes-ah! where their mirthful glance?
A sense of former pain subdued
Breathes o'er thy gentle countenance.
My heart : how bright, in older days,
The smile that played from brow to chin.
But now, as through a setting haze,
The sun peeps sadly from within.
Thy voice is changed : no more its tone
From music's ocean may emerge ;
Thy laugh is mingled with a moan,
Thy words of hope resound a dirge;
And ever through thy gay discourse
Some thread of suffering winds along -
A clew that leads with mystic force
'To the deep fount of sadder song.
Love lives-perhaps in purer form-
But ah! the magic thrills no more;
The shipwrecked pilgrim of the storm
May prize his chance-directed shore.
But from its desolate cliffs his eye
Will range in vain the circling seas,
And picture a more brilliant sky,
A lovelier land, that once was his.
Thy hand! time was its faintest touch,
Like sacred fire, lit up my frame;
Those dreams of youth, those hours had much
That memory fondly loves to claim.
I dreamed my soul lay soft and hushed
As was the sod beneath thy feet;
It gave its flowers, and they were crushed-
And once again, once more we meet.
Henceforth the world may smoothlier pass.
But life's one star shines cold and dim;
Thongh Fortune prove a sea of glass,
O'er which our lives uninjured swim,
Far better were the storm, the strife
Which overcast our earlier suns:
There is a record kept in life
Where love but stamps his signet once.
The lip that quickest wings the jest
Is first to breathe the secret sigh;
The laugh that rings with freshest zest
But chokes the floodgates of the ere;

The heart, like Egypt's queen of old, Ne'er lets its misery see the light ;
But o'er the deadly asp we fold The garments of the gala night.
And months-ay, long. unsolaced years Have found me reckless, loveless, wild-
A man who is not, but appears
The living jest at which he smiled.
There is a pleasure born of pain,
When all its outward signs depart,
A triumph when the steadfast brain Floats calmly o'er the struggling heart.
Forbear thy early fire to feign,
Nor weep that I am colder grown :
With less of joy and less of pain,
The heart assumes a temperate tone;
Can prayers or tears revive the flowers
Which in the past have shrunk and died?
Can we recall the golden hours
Whose waves are in the etemal tide?
The Hand that wrote the Persian's fall,
"Weighed, wanting, worthless, east aside,"
The dark hand on the glittering wall
Was but the tonchstone of his pride;
Adversity-another hand-
Revealed thy falsehood and my fate;
Long years of sorrow, a strange land, Aud a reunion given too late.

- THE STARS OF MEMORY.

In retrospection's dream we see
The waste of years that stretch afar Into the dim eternity,

With here and there a shining star:
Sweet stars of memory beaming o'er
The sepulchres of perished hope.
And backward iurn we more and more.
As gloomier paths before ns ope.
We turn to sce the memoried sky
Grow rudly in the youthful dawn;
We watch the glorious shadows fly
Across the lake and o'er the lawn:

## Charles Graham Halpine.

The evening clouds are turned to gray, Though streaked by many a crimson bar, And darkness comes, yet, in its way,

Lifts up to heaven full many a star.
It lifts-but not the star of morn, Whose pale beams merge in fuller light,
When flowers and birds seem newly born, And freshened by the dews of night ;
That loveliest light, forever set,
No second morrow bids arise,
And sadly, vainly, we regret
The lustre that has left our skies.
The Past was as an easy road
That led us down a hill of flowers.
Where every opening vista showed
But brighter streams and greener bowers.
We reach at length the barren plain Where man contests the race of life;
We join the straggle, feel the pain, Yet love the excitement of the strife.

We love the strife that makes the tide Of passion swell within the heart;
Nor deem we, in our youthful pride, Ambition's pulse can eer depart;
We love it while our hearts are strming With high romance and ancient love;
We love it while our hopes are young. And paint a brighter scene before.

But, as we wander on and on, And weary of the loveless life,
We turn to find the flowers are gone Beneath the mailéd hoofs of strife;
We wake to know that manhood brings The pain that finds no balm in tears;
We wake to know that memory stings: We wake to mourn the by-gone years.
The stubborn soul is loth to quit The dream that it hath made its god.
And-forced to own its misery-yet
Pursnes the path it once hath trod;
Looks romd it, with a careless eye, On others equally mubless'd,
And pinions every struggling sigh Within the portals of the breast.

We wander on: the early hope
In which, beyond the sultry plain,
We saw serener vistas ope,
Experience proves is filse and rain;
Forever with a lengthening chain, Forever with a darker pall, We jommey to the grave in pain, And see our fellow-bondsman fall.

Pride checks the tear, and with a frown Would chase the phantom Grief alway ;
The snows of age come thickening down.
And chill and bleaker grows the way:
We speak what we wonld fain unsay,
But pricle steps in with ready ant,
And in a semblance of the gay
We veil the sorrows of the heart.
Amid the gloom, we gladty turn
Where none may mock our silent tears,
To where the stars of memory burn
Above the joys of other years;
And Fancy in the dusk uprears The radiant forms of perished worth,
Which we have borne on flowery hier-.
And laid within the lap, of earth.
O stars of Memory ! ever shine.
And brighter as onr years decay:
Still shed your influence divine To cheer us on onr lonely way.
Bright stars of Alemory ! shine forever. Like beacons o"er the tronbled main,
Until in Lethe's tranquil river
We have ablution of all pain.

## SPIRIT RAPPING.

O. TIIE INTRODLCTION INTO TIIE MASS.DOLESETTS LIEGISLATERE OF A BILL DOR
the "AtPidRESSION OF SPIRITVAL, MANIFESTATLONS."
"De par le Roi! Defense a Dien
De faire miracles en ce licu."
What! pass a statnte to dispatch ‘em!
It is a proposition rare;
Imprison-hang-when you first eatch cm,
The bodiless spirits of the air?

Despise all reason-hear no question-
The scourge of legal power is thine;
Condemn-and then ('twill aid digestion)
Say grace before you dine.
Of old, when glorious Galileo Announced the planetary plan,
A pope-a sacerdotal Leo-
Declared his doctrine under ban;
But, though the Church affirmed his error,
The world has since his truth averred ;
And, in despite of condign terror,
The spirits will be heard.
When Franklin raised his brawny arm
To rob the lightning's callow nest.
When little thunder-gods did swarm
Reneath the electric mother`s Jreast,
Why did no Yankee pope arise
To bid the impions hand withdraw,
Spreading an agis o'er the skies
Of Massachusetts law :
O Liberty! thou splendid word,
We do adore thy clap-trap name;
'Tis revenenced wheresoever heard,
But riolated just the same.
Shall men with narrow brows and hearts Forbid our spiritual fatith?
Rap! rap! from the dull table startsIt lends a spur to death.

No! by the hallowed rights we wrung In years of blood from Britain's land-
No! by the stars-heaven's cressets-hung
In the blue dome that spans our land,
We will not yield to Yankee drill-
We scorn and hate its idiot ban-
With force of intellect and will, We claim the rights of man.

The right to hope, the right to pray,
The right of conscience and of rest,
The right to choose whatever way,
Unhurting others, suits us best.
We reaffirm, in reverent awe,
This heresy which Knox began,
That conscience towers o'er human lawThat God is more than mañ.

AN OLD MAXIM REYERSED.
"Et arma cedunt togæ," Said a Roman of renown ;
"When the din of war is over, Arms yield unto the gown."

But this motto Jeff reverses; For, arrayed in female charms,
When the din of war is over, In his gown he yields to arms.


THE ISLANDS THAT AWAIT US.
Come, brothers, fill! To-night we will
Give joy its longest tether;
Take hands around-let music sound-
We're exiles here together.
For fatherland we draw the brand-
We failed, but do not falter;
Some other day again we may
Fling fire on Freedom's altar.
The toast to-night is one of light. Let's drink ere time belate us:
Come, brim the glass. and let it pass-
"The islands that await us!"
There's Cuba lies in sumniest skies.
By Spanish thraldom trampled,
Her treasure spent, and blood besprent.
Her wrongs are unexampled;
But exiled sons with Yankee gins
Can make the tyrants ramish,
For once well teach these grandees each
The way to "walk it Spanish!"
The one Lone Star shall not be far From our unsullied cluster.
The Southern queen shall yet be seeli Arrayed in Northern lustre.

There's Ireland. too-'tis rain to rue
The doom impriated on her:
Some day well make. or we mistake.
That very curse her honor.

The green shall spread above the red
When Saxon blood is under, And old John Bull, at Liverpool,

Be waked by Yankee thunder.
The Eastern queen in starry sheen With her of the Antilles, 'The Yankees' banner floating high O'er shamrocks and o'er lilies.

Then, brethren, fill-pledge heart and will-
Our calse we'll try and gain, too.
The exile's name shall reach a fame No king's could e'er attain to.
In France at first was freedom nursed, But there, so wild and skittish,
She fell a prey one luckless day
To Spaniards and the British;
But here with growth surpassing both, Majestic in her status,
And to her sod, so help us God!
We'll bring the "isles that wait us."

## FOND AND FOOLISH.

My Lydia, do you never miss, Since grown of late so prim and mulish,
The drive, the dinner, and the bliss
Of being very fond and foolish?
The game we played was one of cost-
Good cause, no doubt, for your retreating;
But, ah! the joys forever lost-
The dear, wild, passionate thrills of meeting !
I always went an hour too soon-
The clocks were wrong, my head was dizzy;
Your whispered words, "The square at noon"-
Each object kept my fancy busy.
That mantle-yes, it is her own;
I rum-oh, pooh! my eyes deceive me;
That bonnet-it is hers alone;
Not hers! good heavens! my senses leave me.
The air grew dense, my pulse was high,
I counted steps or plucked at brambles;
The exulting fountain seemed to cry,
"No more shall Lydia share your rambles."

A thousand shooting hints of fear
Suggest-but no, ther can't discover ;
And yet, past noon, and she not here-
Was ever such unhappy lover:
This swely is her step, her height,
The same white Cashmere round her flowing ;
She nears-ah! lovelier to my sight
Than Venus with her locks out-blowing.
I fly to meet her at the gates-
" Welcome, and welcome beyond measiure:
Our carriage at the corner waits.
And now for five dear hours of pleasure."
The fields were green, the flowers were sweet ;
Each rose-you gave a kiss to win it.
And said, "Onir cottage was as neat
As any nest of any limet;"
The silver tray-a flask of wine,
Then, all too soon, your visit orer.
And back to town, your hand in mine.
Again you parted from your lover.
These pleasures do you never miss, My Lydia, now so prim and mulish,
The drive, the dinner, and the bliss Of being very fond and foolish?
The game we phayed was one of cost-
Good eanse, no doubt, for your retreating:
But, all: the bliss forever lost-
The dear, wild, passionate joys of meeting.

## A HYMN TO THE TYPES.

Oh silent myriad army, whose true metal Ne'er flinched nor blenched before the despot Wrong?
Ye brethren, linked in an immortal battle
With time-grown Falsehoods, tyrannous and strong!
Fragments of strength and heanty lying idle.
Lach in its place until the aprointed day
Then, swift as wheels the squadron to the biridle.
le spring into the long, compact array.
Obedient, self-contained, and self-contented.
Like veteran warrors in the mingled broil.
lach giving help where just his help is wanted.
Nor seeking more than his due share of toil:

Striving not, vainly, each to be a leader, Your capitals are captains of the file, The crown you aim at, to inform the reader, And help old Truth on for another mile.
What wondrous dreams of beauty may be flying Unwinged, muttered, throngh your silent mass !
Even as a prism, in some deep grotto lying, Until the informing soul of Genius pass,
Filling the cavern with a light as tender As that which breaks from Iove's half downeast eyes;
Then the cold gem awakes to rainbow splendor,
Where, couched in moss, beside the fount it lies.
Oly what a burst of glory when ye mingle Your bloodless hands in the support of truth-
When to your banded spell the pulses tingle Of tottering age and fiery-visioned youth !
What power and strength when ye stand up united
Beneath the master-spirits' guiding sway;
A thonsand lamps at one lone star lighted,
'Turning the night of error into day.
Yc are the messengers, all earth pervading, Who speak of comfort and communion still-
Planks of a mighty ship, whose precious lading Is man's just reason and his heart's fond will-
Launched on the stream of time, our thoughts are drifted Far, far adown our children-peopled shore,
And the gay pemnon of our hope is lifted When him it cheered through life it cheers no more.
Unmarshaled army! earth is still a wonder-
A bright God's wonder, all too little known;
Star-eyes above us and the green sod moder, Oceans of beanty girdling every zone;
And man himself, whose deep heart throbs forever
Wiih passionate longings, and the fierce unrest
Of hopes that struggle in a vain endeavor
To hear themselves by other lips confess'd.
Ye are the mightier tongues we have invented To bear our utterance ever and allwhere;
Our hearts into a thonsand hearts transplanted, A multiplied existence ye confer.
Falsehood, with bloodshot eyes, awoke from shmber, And glared in balefisl terror on your birth ;
Meek-fronted Truth enrolled you in her number, And cried, " $I$ am not without swords on earth!"

Ye are true types of men. When disunited, The world las nothing feebler or more vain;
But when one animating thought has lighted The dim recesses of each heart and brain,
The mass rolls onward with a steady motion, Warned by your beacon from the rock of Death,
The breath of Knowledge sweeps the stagnant ocean, And men rise up like billows at its breath.

Ye are the swords of Truth-the only weapon
That Truth should wield in this protracted war:
Ye are the rocks of Knowledge that we step on,
In thonght's bright firmament, from star to star:
I see an angel winged in every letter,
Even as man's soul is hid within his clay:
I see a prisoner with his broken fetter
Emerging out of darkness into day.
Unspeakahle ye are! We have created
A new existence than our own more firm;
Our life and hopes into your life tronslated, Enjoy a being that shall know no term.
The phowman's frolic song still kindles gladnes:
Within the heart, though care has gnawn its core.
And bright eyes weep at his recorded sadness
Who sleeps where pride and envy sting no more.
Exen as the marble block contains all beanty
Enshịined in darkness and the outward linsk.
Which the warm sculptor, with love-prompted duty.
Shall make to shime, through darkness and through durk.
Into the day of loveliness, ye treasure
All forms of thonght and song in your mate sphere:
Our pen the chisel, and our rhyme the measure By which we make the inborn god appear.

Would that my heart were wider-tongued and deeper.
Nor mored involved in cares of meaner place,
Then would I mow down, like a sturdy reaper.
The erop of thought that rises from the "case."
Flowers of bright songs, and fruit of mellow reason.
And many a peeping bad of infant 'Truth.
Aly sonl should garner in its summer season,
And steep in dews of a perpetual youth.
But ah! mute types, are ye not all too often
Constrained to serve at some musolaced toil-
To harden hearts that ye would love to suften.
And help to swell where ye would still the broil?

Even so with me! My dreams of song are hurried
Like moon-ray flashes throngh the drifting storm, And all that God made noble in me buried

In wants I share in common with the worm.


OUR CZAR AND THE SULTAN.
a lybig of "civilization."
Why should we love the heathen Turk, And hate the Christian czar,
While Russia is in wealth and work "More civilized" by far?
Her bamer bears the Holy Cross Wherewith our creed is signed,
While Turkey's pachas only toss Their horse-tails to the wind.

Why hate the czar, and pray for him Whose grim seraglio walls
Hold beanties that are growing dim, His conculines and thralls?
Why hate the czar, and wish success To one who dares to libel
Our telegraph and priuting-press, Our cotton goods and Bible?
The czar is "civilized," of courseHe writes it on his banner-
A Christian praying till he's hoarse
In the devoutest manner;
One wifc alone he has to kiss,
As in church menbers seemly,
And in his walk of life he is
"Respectable-extremely."
The sultan hath a stud of wives,
And sultans have, they tell us,
An awkward trick of taking lives
From all obnoxious fellows.
Their headlong passions will not brook
To mingle farce with fury,
And wring from death the killing joke
Of "murder done by jury."
The " march of intellect" is quite
A march beyond their drilling;
They never made a "proselyte"
${ }^{\circ}$ By one judicions shilling;

$$
\text { E } 2
$$

Deficient much in legal skill And "organized starvation," They never mixed a patent pill For Turkish "melioration."

In fact, we say, with deep regret, But truth must be our sure hope,
The sultan is some ages yet
Behind the kings of Europe:
Ile has not got the royal blood Which festers so divinely
In men not made of common mud, But porcelain, painted finely.

He has not got the Russian knout Wherewith the mums were beaten, Nor Austria's axe-grown fat, no doubt, On all the flesh it has eaten:
No guilt-extracting guillotine.
As France has got to cure hers:
But, worst of all, and deadliest sin.
He has no "Tritish jurors."
He thinks kings should, against all taste, IIave nothing underhand meant,
Whereas all know the crown is placed Above the tenth commandment ;
For we believe that monarchs are Exempt from keeping promise,
Especially the queen and czarGod keep their armies from us.

Then why, we ask-what mysteries lurk That we are so excited,
While burglar Niek and goodman Tiurk Are getting matters righted?
A friend suggests some twaddling cant Of "justice and humanity !"
Such trifles ought not, and they shain't, Impede our Christianity.
We mean to save the Turkish souls By cleaving skulls asunder.
Destroy them as we did the Poles, And profit ly the plunder;
We mean to give them Gospel light By piercing lights and livers,
When dead and at the judgment seat They'll then be "true believers."

But if, with merely human hearts, We ask, "How goes the war?"
One hoarse-tongued execration starts Against the butcher czar;
There reeks a clond from Poland's sod That takes a giant form,
A mangled thongh immortal god, Much wasted, but yet warm.

And from the plains of IIungary Another cloud ascends-
Hearen! what a fury-frenzied eye Upon the North it bends!
A woman form-a Juno shapeQueen mother of the gods-
A woman! but her shoulders drip, Plowed red with Russian rods.

Lo! watch them-watch them evermore Until the rite be done;
High up in air their lips convergeThat kiss hath made them one.
From that embrace they quickly turn, Their cloud-hands pointing north.
And in their eyes the lightnings burn Which soon shall thunder forth.

God speed the mion, sealed in blood, Of Freedom and Despair !
God speed the cause of human right Whenever and where'er!
God speed the Turk! God speed the Pole! God speed who'er will fight
With sword and word, heart, brain, and hand, For man's eternal right.


## ROMANCE AND ECHO.

It rains-it rains-the slimy street
Is silent, though a hundred feet
In eager hurry homeward beat-
(Coz why? they all wear rubbers.)
We hurry homeward, there to meet
The tender ones, who long to greet
Papa and husband-oh!'tis sweet!
(Wife scolds, and baby blubbers.)

The skies have all their clonds amassed, But sunshine waits us. and will last
When we into our homes have passed.
(I wouldn't like to risk it!)
So rain-tears there, no entting blast
Of angry words ; the hours as fast
As moments fly ; we find at last-
(Weak tea and leathern biscuit.)
What tongue describe, what pen portray
The transports which, at close of day,
The working head and hand repay:
(Due bills, sour looks, and twaddle!)
O Seraphina: soon I pray,
With thee to bless my onward way,
Our home, though humble, shall be gay-
(There was a man called "Caudle!")
I do not smoke, was never "tight,"
And, while your beanties charm my sight,
Ill find the marriage burden light-
(As soldiers find their knapsacks:)
And home returning night by night,
Your eyes, the hearth, and all things bright,
Oh, will you not my toils requite?
(With piekled pork and flapjacks!)


## THE WELL-DRESSED M.IN.

My poor old coat, my holy coat, But not like that of Treves,
With pain ineffable I note
Your frayed and wasted sleeves.
Time was, my coat, that I in you
Right claintily began
To take of life a jorial riew-
I was a well-dressed man.
My laundress called, her pay required.
I paid-my morning eall:
Attired in thee, till fairly tired, I danced at rout and ball ;
The ladies smiled, and, as I passed. The pleasing whisper ran.
"That's Mister Miles. he's rather filst, But such a well-dressed man!".

My tailor's bill was much behind, And I for board was bored.
But still the landlady was kind, And still mein schneider scored;
"He feared to press, but could I pay ?"
'Twas thus the rogue began:
She "really could not turn away
So sweetly dressed a man."
I drove abroad and drank my wine, Match-making mothers sought me.
And many a maiden fair and fine Flushed red to think she'd canght me.
With tongue and pen I played my part, To dazzle was my plan:
None eer could deem an aching heart In such a well-dressed man.

But ah : it is the utmost pound That kills the patient camel,
And to my terror soon I found My debits I could not trammel.
My tailor's "tick" grew short, and quick
A liundred duns began ;
One suit of clothes had sared all suits Against the well-dressed man.
I'm beggared now, but you'll adlow It was a sad temptation
Obscure to live, while clothes can give Respect and social station.
It could not last, my folly's past, I've learned a wiser plan-
By hand and brain I'll be again
A (paid for) well-dressed man.


SPECLAL ORDERS, A., No. 1. ${ }^{16}$
Headquarters Department of the South,) Hilton Head, S.C., March 25, 1863 . '
With her charming looks
And all her graces, Miss Mary Brooks,

Whose lovely face is
The sweetest thing we have seen down here
On these desolate islands for more than a year,

## The Poetical Works of

Is herehy appointed an extra aid On the staff of the general commanding,
With a captain of cavalry's strap and grade.
And with this most definite understanding-
That Captain Mary,
Gay and airy,
At mine each day, until further orders.
To Colonel Halpine shall report
Four special duty at these headquarters;
And Captain Mary
(Bless the fairy !)
Shall hold herself, npon all oceasions, Prepared to ride
At the adjutant's side,
And give him of flirting his regular rations;
And she sha'n't ramoose
With the rounglings loose
Of the junior staff, such as Hay and Skimer,
But, galloping aromd, she shall sing
iike an everlasting lark on the wing:
And she shan't keep the adjutant late for dimner.
The chief quartermaster of department
Will give Captain Mary a riding garment-
A long, rich skirt of a comely hue-
Shot silk, with just a suspicion of blue-
A gipsy hat, with an ostrich feather.
A veil to protect her against the weather.
And delicate gauntlets of prale buft leather:
Her saddle with silver shall all be studded,
And her pony-a somrel-it shall be blooded:
Its shoes shall he silver. its bridle all ringing
With bells that shall hamonize well with her singing :
Aud thus Captain Mary,
Gay, festive. and airy,
Each moming shall ride
At the adjutant's side.
And hold herself ready, on all fit occasions,
To give him of flirting his full army rations.
By command of
MAJOR GENERAL, !), HENTER.
Eir. W. Smiti, Assist. Adjt. General.
Official copy:
Cunc. Cr. Ihmpine, Lieut. Col. and Assist. Adjt. General Tenth
Army Corps and Dept. of the south.

## ROOSEVELTLANA. ${ }^{17}$

OUR BOY BOB.
He angles in all sorts of ways
For fish and lobby operators,
Now hooking speckiled trout he strays, Now spearing railroad corporators;
At times with worms he baits his hook, Or trolls along with whirling gudgeons,
Then gives the wondering world a look
At Brennan, Blunt, and such curmudgeons.
His rod hath slain full many a carp,
His line hath played full many a salmon,
And, though our aldermen are sharp,
They can't bluff him with any gammon.
His art the scaly prey commands.
His landing-net they enter gayly,
And then, backed up by Mr. Sands,
He hunts for politicians sealy.
His specs are bright, his eyes are blue,
He knows all kinds of fies and hackles,
IIe knows the Hackley contract too, And each new scheme of plunder tackles;
To Boole a blight, and-bitterer yet-
The Tammany folk would like to flay him;
All's fish that comes within his net,
And when they're hooked he likes to play' 'em.
His barb hath stuck in Southern "drums,"
He knows the pulling force of turbot,
Ant each new civic fraud that comes,
It gives him pleasure to disturb it ;
The ravenous pikes he doth purstie,
Taking, when baked, on plates their measure:
And the still more rapacious crew
Of councilmen have felt his pressure.
He makes the deadly fox-fly swing
On silken line in circles o'er us,
Or sings-as only he can sing-
Leading the new reforming chorus!
The triple brass of Blunt gires way
Before his pen's two-hundred-pounder ;
Then, rocking in some quiet bay,
He picks up cod, bass, bream, and flounčer.

The portly and white-clookered throng
Opposed to Brennan and such cattle,
Fur once, we sav, have not gone wrong
In choosing him to fight their battle;
All scaly fish with baited bribes
He oft hath struck with barbed incisions, And of all sealy, slimy tribes,

The slimiest are the politicians.

## RIME OF YE SEEDIE PRINTEERE MAN゙.

It is a seedie printeere man,
And he stoppeth one of three-
" By thy unshorn beard and fevered eve. Now wherefore stopp'st thon me?
"For Jullien"s band doth play to-night. And I must hence away ;
The fiddles they are deftly tunedDost hear Herr Koenig phay ?"
He holds him with his grimy hand"More copy" he doth cry;
"Hold off! thon grizzly printeere man," The rictim makes reply:

He holds him with his fevered ese-
"More copy" it must come;
My printeeres they are standing still"The editeere is dumb.
The editecre he sat him down, Ilis tears they quickly ran.
While thus spake in the scedie one. The red-eyed printeere man:
*'The papeeres must to-morrow out. To-morrow be on hand,
And you are our chief editeereMore copy we demand.
"The Times comes out at early dawn. The Tribune follows soon.
The Evening Post, and the Express,

- They will be ont hy noon."

The editeere let fall a tear As he heard the lond bassoon.

Lo! Jullien to the daïs monnts-
A bearded wight is he ;
With bugle-blow before him go
The merrie minstrelsy.
But still the steadfast printeere man
"More copy" cries aloud,
And ye broken-hearted editeere
Withdraws him from the crowd.
"God save thee, wretched editeere!
What 'devils' plague thee thus?"
He ground an answer through his teethIt sounded like a cuss.

All night that wretched editeere Before his desk did sit ;
In vain for him had Mr. Brough A free admission writ.
"More copy" still the "devils" cryHe can not choose but make it ;
And when his weary task is done, He bids the "devil" take it.

Next morning, when the sheet appeared, The public laughed amain;
They little thought the little jokes Had cost such mickle pain.

He wrote like one that had been dunned For copy, all forlorn ;
A less harmonious Democrat
He rose the morrow morn.


## THE RHYMER'S RITUAL.

Of all the kinds of snobbish rhyme
That fail to please or tickle us,
The worst and most ridiculous
Is when yonng bards be-tickle us
Whith "tears" they shed "in early time."
The poet's task, when understood,
Is not with pain to fetter us,
And dolefully be-letter us;
It is to tonch and better us
With glintings of a gentler mood.

## 114 <br> The Poetical Works of

What cares a steam-electric age
For narratives Byronical?
It rather loves to chronicle
some witty thing laconical,
Flung lightly down upon the page.
We all have griefs enough to spare
Without a man inditing'em,
And metrically writing em;
The wiser plan is slighting em-
A hearty laugh can conquer care.
A grain of Burns is worth a mint
Of Byron's dolorosity ;
Tom Hood's immense jocosity
Beats Milton's ponderosity-
True wit has alway s wisdom in ${ }^{\circ}$.
In youth each inexperienced fool
Adores the hyperbolical,
The Sne-Dumas-Sand-Ganlical Creations melancholical-
The writings of the "thrilling school."
'Tis strange that while of real grief We all have such immensities.
Men still should have propensities
For reading wild intensities
Of agonies beyond betief.
For me, I will not read the stuff Of German tales-too deep a bit,
That will not let me sleep a bit; If eer we want to weep a bit, Our lives are tragical enough.
I'd rather think the lines I pemed Made one hour pass more cheerily, More lightly and less wearily, Than know that readers drearily Went blubbering on from end to end.

## MNNIE, MY DOLL-WIFE.

She is fair as a peach, She is light as a feather,
And more tmeftul her speech
Than all song-birds together:

Her face is delicions, Bright, modest, and clear,
And she fills all the wishes
Of eye, heart, and ear.
O'er her brow, in the wind, Little curls toss and clamber,
While the thick hair behind
Is of chestnut with amber;
Her dark eyes are seen
Ever kindling or dimming,
As a falcon's now keen,
Now in tenderness swimming.
Then her lips-ah! mon Dieu!
Curving, crimson, and scented,
As if made with a view
But to drive ns demented.
Little chin, rosy cheek, Each hath got its own dimple, And her whole features speak

A soul arch and yet simple.
How slender her throat,
And how white beyond telling!
While her bust you may note
Into womanhood swelling-
Like a bud, newly graced
As the sun-rays unfold it;
While so small is her waist,
In spanned hands you may hold it.
In her little doll's boot-
At least such is my notion-
Her superb Arab foot
Seems a poem of motion;
Like a deer in her pace,
And in beauty abonnding,
Every motion a grace,
As if music were sounding.
My little doll-wife,
Had we two come together
When the year of my life
Was in early spring weather,
Not a doll-wife wert thon,
But a wife warm and glowing,
To whose young heart, even now,
My sonl's currents are flowing.

To a little doll's cot, Set in flowers, I wonld sue you-
Even the sunlight should not
Too unguardedly woo you;
There, with ribbons and toys,
Roses, jewels, and dances,
I would ask for no joys
But to bask in your glances.
So, when weary my life-
Heart and brain, ear and vision-
Of the long, paltry strife
Which we think is ambition,
In my little doll's cot
And her arms I might hide me,
And, while brightening her lot,
Find the peace else denied me.

TO THE CHIEF JUSTICE: FROM MILES OREILLLY. ${ }^{13}$
"Incedimus per ignes, suppositos cineri doloso."
Guardian of liberty and right, Of law and justice in the land, Hold the scales firm with even hand: For thou must either greatly stand, Calm as a Fate, with purpose grand,
Or sink beyond all reach of light.
Down to the deep foundation-stones On which our country's pillars rest, Propping the roof once brightly pressed By stars-beneath which many a guest Came in to share the banquet bless'd
Of liberty-our temple groans.
Groans in this earthquakes helpless loss
(The war was nothing, and is past);
But the temple groans with tremors vast.
Seeing the sacred things, amassed
By our great fathers; rudely cast
Down to the dust as worthless dross.
'Tis thine to bid the storm be o'er-
A right almost too great for speech-
"Tis thine the sacred vessels each
To lift again ; 'tis thine to teach
Lessons of love that yet may reach
And knit all sections as of yore.

High towering o'er the vulgar train, By rage and greed of gain debased, Thy lines in loftier planes are placed; And with thy heart to justice braced, Faction may all her thunders waste
Against thy calm decrees in vain.
It is no common thing to sit, Clothed as thou art with power so great, Balancing points of subtlest weight Between the ruler of a state And a cabal's unscrupling hate :
Thy place in history here is writ.
I know thee well : thy life's proud lot, A struggle vehement and long, With soundest heart and judgment strong, Against whate'er to thee seemed wrong:
Now raised by virtue o'er the throng, Thy record must receive no blot.
Hold the scales even; firmly stand In thy great office, guarding law ; Round thee thy sacred ermine draw ; Pluck Justice from Hate's ravening maw;
And, grandest sight the world e'er saw, Let one man's firm soul save the land.

## TO FENTON. ${ }^{19}$

AN EARNEST ORY AND PRAYER FOR OUR ENDANGERED TAX LFYY.
That bill, O Fenton! spare;
Let not thy veto fly;
The child of many a prayer-
Say, would'st thou have it die?
Brittle and bright as glass,
It is both "rich and rare;"
But, Fenton, let it pass-
Thy veto pray forbear.
For months, when short of cash,
. We've dreamed about this bill,
Hoping-perhaps 'twas rash-
That it our fobs would fill.
When tailors pressed us hard,

- Or we for board were bored,

We did all fears discard-
This bill would swell our hoard.

## 118 The Poctical Works of

But now, in ghastly fear,
We hear dark rumors fly-
Forgive this foolish tear, But let that bill go by.
Ten thousand humble men Depend on it for bread,
And should it fail-oh! then Their woes be on thy head.
The nabobs of the Leagne, Their purses dense with gold,
Weave round thee an intrigue That levy to withhold;
But think, ere flies the dart Making that bill a corse,
LIow shrill through many a heart The barb its way will force.

Grant that there are some "steals"Some "big steals," if you will-
Which Greeley's pen reveals In this unhappy bill;
Yet think of all the poor, Unpaid-for, honest toil,
And what they must enduse, If you this bill shall foil.
Let thy assent be girenSign, sign thy potent name,
And to the gates of heaven Our tongnes shall waft thy fame.
Sign that financial bill, No single item touch,
And, by thy bomnteons will. Save us from Famine's elutel.
(5 ct. stamp,)
Given this 1st day of May, 1868, from our royal reat on the chains in the City Hall Park, MILES OTREILLY.
Special Pleader and Spokesman for the great [npaid of our City Govermment.


WEBSTER.
Gone! and the world mar never hear again
The grand old music of thy wondrons speech.
Striking far decper than the mind can reach
lito the hearts and purposes of men.

Gone! and the helm that in thy Roman hand
Drove the stout ressel through the blinding storm,
Scarce to a feebler guidance will conform
When wares beat high, and ropes break strand by strand.
Gone! we are like old men whose infant eyes
Familiar grew with some rast pyramid;
Even as we gaze, earth yawns, and it is hid-
$A$ long, wide desert mocks the empty shies.


## NOT A STAR FROM THE FLAG SHALL FADE.

Air: "Oh! a rare old plant is the ivy green."
Och ! a rare ould flag was the flag we bore, "Twas a bully ould flag, an' nice;
It had sthripes in plenty, an' shtars galore'Twas the broth of a purty device.
Faix, we carried it Sonth, an' we carried it far, An' around it our bivonacs made;
An' we swore by the shamrock that never a shtar From its azure field should fade.

Ay, this was the oath, I tell you thrue.
That was sworn in the sowls of our Bors in Blue.
The fight it grows thick, an' our boys they fall.
An' the shells like a banshee scream;
An' the flag-it is torn by many a ball,
But to yield it we never dhream.
'Though pierced by buflets, yet still it bears
All the shtars in its tatthered field,
An' again the brigade, like to one man swears,
"Not a shtar from the flag we vield!"
'Twas the deep, hot oath, I tell you thrue.
That lay close to the hearts of our Boys in Blue.
Shure, the fight it was won, afther many a year.
But two thirds of the boys who bore
That flag from their wives and sweethearts deur
Returned to their homes no more.
Ther died by the bullet-disease had power, An' to death they were rudely tossed;
But the thonght came warm in their dying hour,
"Not a shtar from the flag is lost!"
Then they said their pathers and ares through,
An', Jike Irishmen, died-did our Boys in Blac.

But now they tell us some shtars are gone, Torn out by the rehel gale;
That the shtars we fought for, the states we won, Are still out of the Lnion's pale.
May their sowls in the dioul's hot kitchen glow Who sing such a lyin' shtrain;
By the dead in their graves, it shall not be soThey shall have what they died to gain! All the shtars in our flag shall still shine through The grass growing soft o'er our Dead in Blue:

## FEMININE ARITHMETIC.

LAURA.
On me he shall ne'er put a ring,
So, manma, 'tis in vain to take trouble,
For I was but eighteen in spring,
While his age exactly is double.
mamma.
He is but in his thirty-sixth year,
Tall, handsome, good-natured. rich, witts.
And should you refuse him, my dear,
May you die an old maid without pity.
LAURA.
His figure, I grant you, will pass,
And at present he's young enough plentr:
But, when I am sixty. alas!
Will not he be a limdred and twenty?

## LA sUIssesse AU BORD DU LAC.

The flowers have breathed their sweetest perfumes here.
And night approaches us with noiseless feet ;
The lake is sparkling, and the air is clear-
The peace of evening shadows our retreat.
Oh, dearest home-oh, hapre, happy lot-
Sweet home, in our hearts thou shalt never be forgot.
Come, my compraions, let us dance and sing-
A lovely evening crowns the glorions day-
Come, let us make the mountain echoes ring
With songs of joy and many a tender lay.
Oh, dearest home-oh, happy, happr lot-
Sweet home, in our hearts thon shait never be forgot.

# By the moon shimmering through the silent woods, <br> I know my love will not be absent long; <br> Hark! from across the bright lake's silent floods <br> I hear his voice re-echo back my song. <br> Oh, dearest home-oh, happy, happy lotSweet home, in our hearts thou shalt never be forgot. 

## AdIEU TO THE PRINCESS PICCOLOMINI.

on an action againgt tie pringesb plocolomini for her board bill.
The wonderful Princess Piccolomini
Onght to hare paid for her hog and hominy ;
Onght to have paid for her beer and brandy,
Mutton, and beef, and molasses candy ;
Either herself should have paid for her victuals
(This shirking your hoard bill much belittles),
Or the dandy snobs who her favor prayed for-
These should have seen that her grub was paid for:
Yes, the enchanting Piccolomini
Should have shelled out for her hog and hominy, And never compelled Mr. Hawley Clapp
To pull and haul up the fishy chap,
Who was seized on a writ "ad satis cap,"
Though'tis certain that he never owed a rap-
Nary a red for the hog and hominy
Munched and crunched by the Piccolomini ;
Nary a cent for the beer and brandy,
Oysters, and eggs, and molasses candy,
Puddngs, and pies, and lobster salads,
Gorged by our fat little queen of ballads!
Large in her feet was the Piccolomini,
Fat were her feet, and her hog and hominy ;
Waddling around with a lazy looseness,
Lavishing smiles with a rank profuseness,
Doing snobs out of gigs and ponies,
Quizzing them next to her bosom cronies-
A very dear lady was Piccolomini,
And dear to Clapp was her hog and hominy ;
Dear to the public her dubious singing,
And dear were the bonquets her friends kept flinging.
She looked like a dropsical female Jew sick,
And scaly, indeed, was her scale of music.
One victim still wanders around the Academy,
Sighing, "Alas ! all the gifts she had of me."'
I

## IN PLEASANT HOURS.

In pleasant hours, the merriest toy
That e'er made time roll lightly-
A living, animated joy,
That flitted round us brightly;
We thought not courage lay beneath
Those lips of pouting coral-
We little guessed that beauty's wreath
But hid the heroine's laurel.
Yet, in the hour of peril tried,
The gentle heart grew fearless;
Her eyes still beamed with hope and pride
When all looked dark and cheerless.
Then loudly let her praises ring,
And may her name be legion,
Who soared on love's menfaltering wing
Throngh sorrow's darkest region.

## PAREPA ROSA.

as seng by jodge join r. idrady-witit mmenae effect!

- Air: "The Groves of Blarney."

Och ! of song a fountain,
An' of charms a mountain,
'There's no prima-donna
Can wid her compare;
For she is the sweetest,
An' the most completest,
From her golden girdle
To her nut-brown hair.
She's the gorgeous sposa
Of the Signor Rosa,
An' she does ontralue him
By a hundred pounds.
Sure her smile is gracious,
An' her bust is spacions,
Like a milk-white reserroir
「An', throth! that's what it is, the darlint-an' may God bless her :an' it for the same! An' may he look down upon her. an' be good to her !]

Of all silvery sounds.

Heardier voice a minute:
Like a lark or limet,
How the warble bubbles up
From her purty throat ;
An' now hear it fallin',
Like an echo callin',
Flickerin' gently downward
From some hills remote.
Then again it rises, An' wid joy surprises, For her love an' rapture Find in song relief;
An' it now sinks lowly
Into prayer most holy, Or now swells in rondeanx
[Though I don't meself rightly know, upon me conscience! what sort of a thing a "rondean" is, whin it's at home]

Of melodions grief.
When I think o' dyin',
An' me sperit flyin'
To that high Olympus
Where good gossoons go-
Where, their harps a-holdin',
An' wid cymbals golden,
All the proud immortals
Into music flow-
Och! the future taskin', It is then I'm askin',
"Shall we hear Parepa
In that shinin' throng?"
For if her sweet singin'
Through all heaven's not ringin',
Earth can whip the Nine Muses
[Ay, faix ! an'a dozen or two of them little cherubims and seraphims who "continnally do ery," as poor Father Muleahy-God rest him: -tould me long ago at sunday-school]

In the line o' song.
Philharmonic Night, Academy of Music.


## THE BROKEN HEART.

from tie french.
Her heart was broken ; day by day
She wasted silently away,

And o er her large dark eyes there grew
A film of leaden-colored hue;
Her step was languid, slow, and weak.
A hectic fever flushed her cheek,
Seldom and little did she speak.
And he to whom her faith was vowed, Her husband-by the world allowed
A kind, good-natured, easy man-
O'er all his present conduct ran
To see if he had given her aught
To cause this apathy of thought,
This tearful silence, sorrow fraught.
At length she spake one dewy morn :
"Adolphe, you wonder why forlorn
I pensive sit from day to day,
And pine in solitude away;
Dear hnsband, I will tell thee all : My neighbor, Madame D'Argental, Has got-I have not-a new shawl."

## NEW YORK IN A SNOW COAT.

In Gotham, though no more it rained. Full ankle deep the slush remained, Till all our pants, with mud engrained, Flapped round our insteps heavily.
But Gotham saw another sight
When the snow fell at dead of night,
Enrobing noiselessly in white
The squalor of her scenery.
For soon the wind began to blow,
And drifting fell the virgin snow,
"Till, white as Greeley's coat, the row
Of streets diverging mazily.
By dextrous blacks and grooms arrayed,
Wंas harnessed every equine jade,
While bells a merry music made,
And sledges slipped on ringingly.
'Then wheels rolled oft' from every 'bns, Then rose to heaven the ery and "enss." While Bowery bors enjoych the muss lin Broadway raging fearfully.

Then shook the street with sledges riven,
Then rushed the eight in tandem driven,
While faster than the bolts of heaven
Flashed the snow-ball artillery.
Full many a bonuet, pink and blue, Full many a nose of ditto hene, Changed color as the missiles flew And hit them-oh! so stingingly.
But pleasure dies when keenest felt, And snow, when most enjoyed, will melt, And they who ride, and they who pelt,

Beneath the drift lie peacefully.


## THE TURQUOIS BROOCH.

They tell us of a precious stone
Which changes with the wearer,
And, moved by sympathy alone, Grows lustreless or fairer ;
Thus, if the loved one's bosom grieve, Its azare glory flies,
But if to joy that bosom heave,
'Tis bright as summer skies.
So, Mary, is my soul to thee,
By thee illumed or saddened,
O'ercast if thou look'st moodily,
And bright if thou art gladdened;
Thou, like the turquois to my pain,
Unlike to my unrest,
For, Mary, thou hast never ta'en
My spirit to thy breast.


## A PALPABLE PARODY.

'Tis the last golden dollar, Left shining alone;
All its brilliant companions
Are squandered and gone.
No coin of its mintage
Reflects back its hue,
They went in mint-juleps, And this will go too.

## The Poeticul Works of

I'll not keep thee, thon lone one, Too long in snspense;
Thy brethren were melted,
And melt thon to pence.
I ask for no quarter.
I'll spend and not spare,
Till my poor empty pocket Lie centless and bare.

So soon may I follow
When friendships decay,
And from beggary's last dollar
The dimes drop away.
When the Maine law has passed, And the groggeries sink,
What use would be dollars
With nothing to drink?

## THINE EYES OF BLUE.

from the frencl.
Thine eyes of blue, the heaven's own late,
Thy soft eyes thrill my fevered pulse;
The light that lies within thine eyes
Hath blinded me to all things else.
Love at a single word may bloom.
The quick heart blossoming fair and free;
One glance may gild the future's gloom,
And now thy bright eves shine on me.
Thine eyes of blue, etc.
And canst thon ask me why my cheek,
Where thon art not, grows pale and wan?
Why sadness that I can not speak
Surrounds my path when thou art gone?
Thine eyes of blue, etc.
And, farther, canst thou wish to know
What change comes o'er me when we meet,
And why my pallid brow will glow,
And why my quivering pulses beat?
Thine eves of Due, the hearens own hue.
Thy soft eyes thrill my fevered pulse;
The fire that lies within thine eres
lath blinded me to all thinge el-e.

## SOME WISDOM IN DOGGEREL.

We know not why nor how it is, Yet find it every hour,
'Twixt Fortune and her sister Mis There's most unequal power.
How quickly in our noon of pride May clouds obscure the sun;
How rapidly we fling aside The wealth so hardly won.
'Tis so where'er we turn our foot, And sad it is to write it ;
A whole long summer plumps the fruit, An hour of frost can blight it.
What are Dame Fortune's thousand smiles Against Miss Fortune's frown?

- The ship has sailed a thousand milesOne shock-she settles down.
'Tis so in love, tis so in fame, In all we prize on earth ;
The priceless jewel of a name Untarnished from our birth,
One moment's folly, passion, haste-
The name is ruined-gone!
So easy 'tis-so quick we waste The wealth so hardly won.
Even love-the sweetest flower that stirrel In all life's gloomy vale,
An angry breath, a hasty wordIt sickens in the gale.
O Life ! to Death thy hour-glass toss, Let all its sands outrun ;
We can not daily bear the loss
Of joys so dearly won.


## CHANT OF THE NO-KAMI.

to be learned by all admirers of the dapanebe prinofe.
To pronounce the name of a Japanese,
Give a cough and hiccough, a grunt and sneeze, Then finish the whole with a whistle, and, blame me:
If that ain't the name of some grand No-Kami.

They are clad in petticoats made of silk, And they drink no lager, but whey and milk; 'Their money goes down to the tenth of a cent, And they carry two swords-one straight, one bent.
Namoo Amida they call their God, And they enter his churches with feet unshod; But their God of Wealth is called 1)ai Gak, And his altars never full worshipers lack.
At Nagasaki their foreign trade
With Dutchmen and Chinamen long was made: Camphor, and coffee, and porcelain rare, And trays of their much-vaunted lacquer-ware.
Copper, and wax, and rice they sell; In heary silk goods they bear the bell; And whenever they chance to fall into disgrace. Then they rip themselves open before your face.
For this they carry the second sword; Ind whene'er they're in debt, or default, or bored, Or get a toothache, or make a slip, They open their bowels, and let things rip.
So honor the Japanese night and day, With congenial blacking-pots strew their was:
And if to admire them you fail, don't blame me, For this is the song of a Jap No-Kami.

## THE BACCHANTES.

Say, art thon sad? our golden cup With precious balm is laden;
A world of joy in every drop For man, and, eke, for maiden.
Its scent ontries the rosy ties That in our tresses clnster;
The light that lies within our cyes Grows pale beside its Instre.
Our zones ungirt, our pulses warm, Our thoughts at random roaming.
Wilt thou refuse the fragrant charm, Wilt thou refuse it foaming?
Its seent outvies the rosy ties That in our tresses cluster;
The light that lies within our eves Grows pale beside its lustre.

## INDIFFERENCE. ${ }^{20}$

Through days, and nights, and weary years
I struggle on, through hopes and fears, If "hopes" are called those spectres gaunt That, like bog-lanterns, flare and flaunt

Before the way-worn trav'ler's face, Yet vanish as he nears.

And for her sake, whose lightest breath
Could give me strength to cope with death, And overcome where now I die-
Whose face downlooketh like the sky,
While trembling I await her grace, Yet not a word she saith.

She knows the purposes I frame,
And sees them fail me, aim by aim-
She sees wild passions tear my heart.
While foes and snares around me start,
Yet her sweet breath, that might me save, But serves to fan the flame.

She sees me captured by their wiles,
And tortured till my soul reviles
The God who made me-sees me when
The demons drag me down ; and then.
While in their toils I writhe and rave, Looks calmly on-and smiles.
$\qquad$
ADIEU.
Oh, heed him not, if rhymer prate
Of parted love and endless woe;
True love would scorn to babble so,
And grief is inarticulate,
Or with a hoarse and broken flow
It rushes, murmuring, to its fate-
That ocean which, or soon or late,
Receives the wreck of all we know,
Or be it love, or be it hate.
Oh, heed him not. The spirit bowed
With grief sincere was ne'er so loud.

But if to say in simple praise That I will ne'er forget you, friends, Though at the earth's remotest ends I pass my long unsolaced days:
That, when the erening shade descends, And high and bright the fagots blaze,
My faithful heart your forms shall raise,
While memory the curtain rends
That Time would drop o'er earlier days-
If this content you, 'tis sincere,
Though vouched by neither oath nor tear.


ONE DEAD SURE TIIING. ${ }^{21}$
Air: "The Groves of Blarney."
It is John B. Haskin Will hereafter bask in
The smiles of Johnsing. who is named An-drew: For 'twas John B. Haskin
Did succeed the task in
Of the "Ninth Resolution" putting squarely through.
And whatever you ask in The name of Haskin-
Be it place in the Customs, or what else he begs-
There's no need of maskin'
That; if axed by Haskin,
You'll be sure to get it-just as sure as eags !


## Motto of The Mass. ${ }^{2}$

I've seen enough of life, although Not yet berond my prime;
With men of all sorts, high and low.
I've mingled in my time.
When but a boy it came to pass
That, thrown upon the town,
I found the motto of the mass
Was, "Kick him when he"s down."
And every year since then hath given
Fresh proofs of this decree.
But, whether made in hell or heaven, The doctor's disagree.

I only know the fact is so, And-smile at it or frown-
The art of life seems in the strife To kick whoever's down.
Young Leon in his twentieth year Had friends, God wot : a heap;
Their friendship may have been sincereIt surely was not cheap;
He came of age, spent all he had, And, wandering through the town,
Neglected, hungry, well-nigh mad, Was kicked when he was down.
Poor Edith, too, the loveliest gir] That ever charmed our sight,
Of beauty's crown the fairest pearl, And good as she was bright-
Alas! she fell; let scandal tell
The tale to all the town;
Aloud proclaim a sister's shame, And kick her when she's down.
With high and low, but chiefly so Among the rulgar great,
This motto rules, and all are fools Who dare its truth debate.
Oh, brothers! Earth were paradise,
And hearen without a frown,
Could we uproot such social lies As " Kick him when he's down."


TLME. ${ }^{23}$
Time rolls away, and bears along A mingled mass of right and wrong; The flowers of love, that bloomed beside
The margin of his summer tide;
The weeds of passion, drenched and torn
From dripping banks, and headlong borne
Into that unhorizoned sea
Which mortals call eternity.
Noiseless and rapid as a dream
Forever flows the widening stream,
While every wave or transient hour
Heares up a weed and takes a flower.

The Isle of Life, that seemed to be $\Lambda$ continent infinity, Grows bleaker, narrower, day by day, And channeled by a salter spray.
Like shipwrecked men, who closelier flock
To the bare summit of the rock When the loud storm that wrecked them flings Some loftier billow from his wings, We climb from youth's wave-rippled strand, With hearier heart and feebler hand, Up the gray rock of age, whose peak
Time's hungry billows, mounting, seek.
There, from the barren top, espy
A girth of tears-an ashen sky;
Bowed heads, cold hearts, and palsied feet
To Age's pinnacle retreat,
While the dull tide that swells below Pursues them with a sullen flowThe rock is hid, the wares beat high, And, lo! an Ocean and a Sky.

## FIERY ELOQUENCE. ${ }^{24}$

the pictube of one we know.
His mind throws out its own discourse,
Not checked nor helped by rule or form ;
He utters by instinctive force
An eloquence deep, terse, and warm ;
He is not fimciful, nor strains
For words or thoughts beyond his reach-
A molten fury of the veins
Glows through his lens of crystal speech.
He grasps and crushes into mould
Whate'er can serve his headlong need,
The weapon may be brass or gold,
But it must make the rictim bleed.
Imagination's powers of flight
Are harnessed to his glowing wheel-
Sunward or hellward, wrong or right,
He will not think-he can but feel.
He lives in pain, in fierce desire,
Or vain regret for perished joy;
His aspirations have the fire
Which tortures, but will not destroy :

He is Prometheus chained again
Amid the elemental strife-
The scomges and the crowns of men Are emblemed in his fitful life.
His joys are full luxmiant flowers, Though nurtured on a mouldering root,
Though watered by the bitterest showers, And bearing a most bitter fruit.
Keen shafts of sarcasm now he huls, Now pathos trembles in his tone, And, in his passionate tide, he whirls All souls that hear him with his own.

## FAUGH $\Lambda$ N BEALLACH. ${ }^{25}$

bong of taf irish brigade.
Where glory's beams are seen, boys,
To cheer the way, to cheer the way,

- We bear the emerald green, boys,

And clear the way, and clear the way.
Where life-blood torrents gush, boys, In battle fray, in battle fray,
The bold brigade-men rush, boys, And clear the way, and clear the way.
That home where valor first, boys, In all her clarms, in all her charms,
Roused up the souls she nursed, boys, And called to arms, and called to arms-
That home was surely worth, boys, The years we've known, the years we've known.
Since treachery drove us forth, boys,
To fight alone, to fight alone.
Oh who, while memory's given, boys,
That hour forgets, that hour forgets,
'Tis like the sun in hearen, boys,
That never sets, that never sets;
When England's legions, dying,
Oh day of joy, oh day of joy,
Before our flag were flying At Fontenoy, at Fontenoy.
And what is Sarsfield's meed, boys,
Whose conquering smile, whose conquering smile.
Inspired each martial deed, boys,
To right our isle, to right our isle?

Hlis memory still is bright'ning
From day to day, from day to day, As when his sword of lightning

Led on the fray, led on the fray.
Then here's to Sarsfield's glory-
A bumper round, a bumper round-
And may his deathless story
For aye be found, for aye be found
A star our country's tomb in-
A star of light, a star of light,
Whose radiance may illumine
Her final light, her final light.

## MATRIMONIAL COMPLACENCY:. ${ }^{6}$

Since Grace and I were double, I'd have the world to know,
We've been a goodish couple, As goodish couples go ;
To no ecstatic passion Our present hearts respond.
But you know'tis out of fashion For couples to be fond.
I thought her once angelicA fairy she did seem-
There is not now a relic Of that diviner dream;
Her dress is more than costly, Her taste in music fine,
She eats-and it is vastly, As other people dine.
Nor am I now her hero-
The worshiped one alone;
A matrimonial Nero
She seems to think me grown:
A brute, should I refuse her
That dear, swcet Cashmere shawl;
Worse than a brute I use her
If kept in town the fall.
Cigars are her abhorrence.
She hates the sight of wine,
And no presmuption warrants
A friend brought home to dine;

She won't believe 'tis business That keeps me late at night, And on the slightest dizziness I am condemned as "tight."
But still, despite this trouble, These little puffs of woe,
We make a goodish couple, As goodish couples go;
To no ecstatic passion Our present hearts respond,
But you know 'tis out of fashion For conples to be fond.

## "OH, YOUNG GEORDIE SANDERS."

Oh, young Geordie Sanders came over the sea, And of all the good consuls the goodest is he; And, save his credentials, he letters had none-
He sailed on a sudden, and sailed all alone;
So faithful to truth and his country was he,
No "harder" American e'er crossed the sea.
He staid not to see would the Senate conform,
But crossed the Atlantic through shine and through storm;
And when the new consul at London arrived,
He showed his credentials, and then was received;
For never before did America send
A consul unworthy the name of a friend.
So boldly he entered upon his new place, That we thought that our Senate would never disgrace Its fame and traditions by raising its voice Against our executive's favorite choice; But when in the Senate his name was received, The Cabinet party arose and upheaved.
But Sanders, we know, is an excellent "Hard," And the Cabinet "Softs" did him therefore discard ; And, when he was named, all the Senate arose Tike a parcel of Turks at the sight of their foes.
"There are Soft Shells in Gotham, done utterly brown, Who would gladly be consul to famed London town."
The Cabinet issued its orders to vote, And the Senate reluctantly opened its throat; It took down the pill, and it threw up its eyes, And "No" to the name of George Sanders replies,

Though the Democrats whispered, "The slaves of Freesoil llave resolved to take e'en this last bit of spoil."

But Marcy and Cushing, 'twas they pulled the wires, And 'tis Marey, we know, that the Senate inspires:
For he hates even more than he hates me, the bard,
The welfare or name of a " national Hard;"
And so they refused-though the vote was absurd -
While the poor craven Cabinet said not a word.
There was reveling that night 'mid the Cabinet clan-
Davis, Cushing, and Marcy concocted the plan-
There were oysters for all, and Champagne for the crowd
Who the name of the consular "Hard" disallowed;
So luckless was Sanders sent over the sea,
Have you e'er heard of consul was treated as he?


IRISH ASTRONOMY. ${ }^{27}$
a VERITABLE MXTH, TOUCHING THE CONGTELLATION OF O'RIAN, IGNORANTLY AND FALSELY BPELLED ORION.
O'Ryan was a man of might Whin Ireland was a nation,
But poachin' was his heart's delight
And constant oecupation.
He had an ould militia gun,
And sartin sure his aim was;
He gave the keepers many a run, And wouldn't mind the game laws.
St. Pathrick wanst was passin' by O'Ryan's little houldin',
And, as the saint felt wake and dhry,
He thought he'd enther bould in.
"O'Ryan," says the saint, "arick!
To praich at Thurles I'm goin',
So let me have a rasher quick,
And a dhrop of Imnishowen."
"No rasher will I cook for you
While betther is to spare. sir,
But here's a jug of mountain dew,
And there's a rattlin' hare, sir."
St. Pathrick he looked mighty sweet,
And says he, "Good luek ittind you,
And, when you're in your windin' sheet,
It's up to heaven I'll siud you."

O'Ryan gave his pipe a whiff-
"'Them tidin's is thransportin',
But may I ax your saintship if
'There's any kind of sportin'?"
St. P'athrick said, "A Lion's there,
Two Bears, a Bull, and Cancer"-
"Bedad," says Mick, "the huntin's rare;
St. Pathrick, I'm your man, sir."
So, to conclude my song aright, For fear I'd tire your patience,
You'll see O'Ryan any night
Amid the constellations.
And Venus follows in his track Till Mars grows jealous raally,
But, faith. he fears the Irish knack
Of handling the shillaly.


TO A.FRIEND. ${ }^{28}$
Dear friend and honored, though thy words be rough,
I take them kindly, for I know them true;
And that thy heart, an icicle to view,
Is warm, and made of penetrable stuff.
Little, perchance, had the world cause to chide,
Had I, emerging from youth's glittering gate
Into the riotous strength of man's estate,
Found such a friend to cheer me and to guide.
'Tis easy to condemn, and hard to spare;
And blood is hot, and pleasures will allure;
And cloaked hypocrisy wonld fain insure
Its own good name by branding those who err.
I have my sins as thick as April showers-
Some virtues also, if I know my heart ;
And something tells me that my latter part
Of life may choke the weeds and feed the flowers.
I have been grateful for whatever good
Was strewn along my path-not overmuch!
I never yet with acrimonious tonch
Probed the diseases of another's blood.
My hand was free while it had aught to give;
I neer oppressed when chance conferred the power ;
And I have struggled many a prayerful hour
A worthier and more useful life to live.

If wrong were offered me, I never stopped
To curse my foe, to grumble, or to writhe, Although beneath misfortune's glittering seythe
My dearest hopes, like crimson poppies, dropped.
Still struggling on to a diviner goal, Though gored by thorns and tumbling into quags.
Nor ever hesitates, nor ever flags
The fixed resolve that centres in my soul ;
For life is but a struggle of weak will
With intellectual purpose, and the rod
Which chastens pride is in the hands of God,
Who does not always smite nor wholly kill.
From the high hope which filled my boyish heart Ne'er have my eyes been lured, hor have I lost Faith in the future, and, though tempest-toss'd
I still steer firmly by the early chart.
Should that be right, my voyage prospers well :
Should that be wrong, I perish, and no more-
Another wreck upon a thankless shore;
But of the issue let the future tell.

## WEARIE PEN.

I weary of my pen, And write not of mine own accord;
It was my slave, and I was happy then ;
'Tis now my lord.
I weary of the themes
Which the gross multitude pursue;
Who writes for bread must bid all higher dreams His last adieu.

Hamess the antelope,
Burden his lack mutil it bleeds-
Trample his fiery spinit, and then hope
His former speed.
Bid the lush country yield
Not amnual gift, hut daily boon-.
A fungus growth defiles the morning field,
And rots ere noon.

We squander sterling thought
On frivolous feuds and foolish cares ;
The harvest of our life becomes inwrought, And choked with tares.

Oh for song's dredal prime, When, wandering o'er the plains afoot,
The shepherd minstrel tuned the spear of timeHis shield, a lute.

Ay, there were giants then,
Gentle as strong, and good as bold-
A stalwart race of freedom-loving men Were those of old.

Their blood ran red and warm Through healthy pulses, and they found
Infinite loveliness of hue and form, Of taste and somd.

Their souls in music bathed, Freedom inspired their highest hymns;
No mummy-cloths of a dead custom swathed 'Iheir vigorous limbs.

And yet in every age
There must be themes to tonch the heart:
We have the self-same passions, joy and rage, But lack their art.

We pore o'er books. They trod Mountain, and vale, and sounding shore;
They make their spirits intimate with God And nature's lore.

As falls the levin-scaith On the young oaks that clothe a hill,
We have been stunted by our want of faith And resolute will.

To Nature false, our eyes
See nothing beautiful; we warm
And stamp with social currency the lies Of frand and form.

Where passion throbbed high words, With beggar whine the age complains;
Gone the red glory of controlling swords,
And Mammon reigns.

Life grows a stagnant pool,
Green with the dregs of trade and toil, Youth's pure ideals of the beautiful Are Lucre's spoil.

I weary of the pen,
And write not of mine own accord; It was my slave, and I was happy then :

Alas! 'tis now my lord.


## A PICTURE IN WATER-COLORS.

'Twas a bright expanse of water
Where the Quaker's gentle daughter
Every summer morning sought her
Bath of beauty, light, and grace;
Quite a fleet of drifted lilies
Danced above the mimic billows,
And a sereen of drooping willows
Curtained close the bathing-place.
In my skiff at random floating,
Rod and line but nothing noting-
Ah! what subtle charm had boating
Since the bathing-place was known ;
I across the lake was drifted,
While with life my fancy gifted
Every lily-shoulder lifted,
White and dimpled as her own.
"Ah! how clear!" I muttered, eying
Many a colored pebble lying
Far below, and vainly trying
On some book to fix my thought ;
"Now some good breeze hither winging,
Set yon silver curtain swinging.
Coolness to the bather bringing,"
But the good breeze answered not.
Homeward o'er the meadows tripping,
All the lovelier for her dipping.
Soon I saw the maiden skipping,
Who said archly, when we met.
"Friend, thon hast grown fond of boating ;"
And my weak heart quailed on noting
The maticious laughter floating
In the eyes of my coquette.

## EPIGRAM

TO A YOUNG LADY WHO ASKED FOR HIS NAME IN HER ALBCM.
You ask for my name! Ah! dear madam, you palter
With the hopes I have felt, as you well understand.
If you wish for my name, it is yours at the altar :
I'll give you my name when you give me your hand.

THE OLD YEAR AND THE NEW.
The good old Year hath run his race, And the latest hour draws near; The cold dew shines on his hoary face, And be hobbles along with a listless pace, To his lonely and snow-covered resting-place In the northern hemisphere.
See how his stiff joints faint and shrink
As the cold breeze whistles by ;
He hath a bitter cup to drink
As he watches the sand in his hour-glass sink,
Standing alone on the icy brink
Of the gulf of eternity.
His scanty robe is wrapped more tight
As the dim sun dwindles down;
And no stars arise to cheer the night
Of him whose temples they once made bright,
When crimson roses and lilies white
Half hid his golden crown.
He reels-he slips-no power at hand
To check him from tumbling o'er;
The hour-glass clicks with its latest sand,
And each movement falls like the stroke of a brand
On one already too weak to stand-
He falls-he is seen no more.
And, lo ! in the east a star ascends,
And a burst of music comes-
A young lord, followed by troops of friends,
Down to the broad equator wends,
While the star that travels above him bends
O'er a sea of floating plumes.

And Hope springs up from the couch of Care, Her eyes are full of the softest fire,
A light burus round her golden hair,
And her bosom is soft, and oh, how fair !
As she clasps the boy, and presses him there, As once she had pressed his sire.
On every hill the bonfire glows.
And clarions blend with the beating drum:;
The yellow crocus disparts the snows,
And the river, freed from its bondage, flows,
While sparrows chirp, and the shrill cock crows
As the New Year hitherward comes.
His glittering mail he flings aside,
And we see a robe of the brightest green;
And the velvet green but serves to hide
The erimson vest of the richer pride
He dons in the brilliant summer tide
When he weds his Harvest Qneen.
But time rolls on ; and the New Year turns
His wearying feet to the frozen north;
The sun each day more dimly burns, And the mother earth each day inums
Her summer brood, while the cold winds spurns The victor it heralded forth.
And again the Old Year treads alone
To the north, bereft of friends:
He totters along to the frozen zone,
With an icicle in each marrowless bone,
And the hoarse wind buries his dying groan
As another star ascends.
Then kindly think of the dying year-
The joys, the hopes, and the love he nursed ;
Let fall a tear on his narrow bier ;
For, although not perfeet, yet much I fear
That he was the best we shall ever see-
God grant he may prove the worst.


## A BROADWAY BELLE.

I saw her in the window-
She was fairest of the fair ;
I thought it was no sin to Kneel down before her there.

Her dress was brightest, fullest, That e'er by zone was bound ;
And her fan-it was the coolest
That e'er shed fragrance round.
She turned around-bat slowly, With a cold, unfeeling grace, Although a himdred lowly Adored her radiant face;
Her hair was dark as the winglets By the raven's brood unfurled,
And pearls were mixed in the ringlets
Above her bright brow curled.
There were brilliant toys around her Of velvet and of silk,
As fair as those which bound her
White shoulders-white as milk;
Her eyes were bright, but rayless ;
They lacked the rital spark;
And lovely-could I say less?
The mind-the soul was dark.
"Oh, loveliest of the gentle And fair!" I did repeat,
"Behold me! I have bent all My passions to thy feet;
Grant-and the boon entrances
Your poet, bard, and slave-
One of the kindly glances
For which all lovers crave."
Thus rapt in mystic wonder I stood before the shrine,
When a voice like summer thuoder Disturbed this dream of mine.
It cried, "I am astonished
That to gain her smile you strive ;
Henceforward be admonished-
That thing is not alive!"
"Oh, creature of wax and leather, Of pulleys, and wheels, and bran,
Changeless in change of weather,"
It was thus my answer ran-
"No blame to you, not being human, For your eyes of umpitying blue; But I've knelt to a score of live women, Brainless, lovely, and heartless as you."

## THINGS TIIAT I SEEN $\Lambda$ ND HEERD IN BUCKIN'HANI PALICE

while clanin' the windies in the red dhrawis'-boos.
by garland o'balloran, deputy assistant geb-deptty glazier
I was clanin' the windies
In Buckin'ham Palice,
An' I thought o' the shindies
O' Russians and Allies,
Whin into the room, wid a brow full of gloom,
An' a bottle of goold-it was filled with perfume-
Held up to her nose-pop! past me she goes-
The queen! an'I thrembled in, undher me toes,
But she didn't perceive I was undher the eave,
So I thought I'd just watch her a while, ere I'd leave,
For it struck me as odd that her queenship should grieve.
She flopped in a chair
Which the flonky put there,
An' she "pished" an" she "pshawed" wid a wanderin" air,
That was half of it anger an' half was despair ;
An' the great Koh-i-noor, that was fixed on her brow,
Wid the rubies set romnd it, flashed blood-like enow;
An' over her sonl, in that dark hour of dole,
The red land of Care dhrove his merciless plow,
While she thonght of her sins an' the big Russian row :
$\Lambda \mathrm{n}$ ' the gem on her brow grew too hot to retain it
Whin she thought of the millions she butchered to gain it;
An', through the thick mist that was chokin' her eye,
The ghost of her famine-killed sisther went by.
In Ireland 'twas famine-in India 'twas slaughter,
An' every where, every where blood ran like wather.
Well, still, while I looked-shure I thought I was booked
'To that place where there's nothin' but kangaroos cooked.
For an ould man came in-he was ugly as sin,
Wid the dismalest grin round his fat double chin:
An' he tucked up his coat-tails an' backed to the fire.
An' he looked at the queen half in pity, half ire ;
An' she rocked in her chair, an' she tapped wid her toes
On the earpet of velvet that blushed like a rose,
An' she didn't seem plaised with the double-chimed man.
But he talked quite familiar, and thos his words ran:
"Good-day, my Queen Vic. Have you suffered a thrick?
For you're lookin' by no means good-naychured or slick."
" Oeh ! indeed an' I'm sick, an' I ean't ate a pick, An' I'm perishin' quick; my legs isn't as thick As your highly respectable goold-headed stick."
"No, nor more nor a half-not a sign of a calf?" An' I knew by his laugh he was tippin' her ehaff (For she's fat as a puncheon: an' dimner, an' luncheon, An' breakfasht, an' supper, it takes beef to stop her, An' plenty of that-gravied, spicy, and fat ;
An' rich wine and porther must flow at her ordher-
I'm tellin' no lies, sir, 'tis the doctors advise her).
"Now tell me what's wrong," sez he;
"Don't keep me long," sez he,
"For I'm dhry, an' I think
That I'd much like a dhrink."
"Take your time, my ould briek," sez she;
"Don't be so quick," sez she,
"An' I'll make a clane breast, for my throubles is thick," sez she;
"I ordhered the pick of my sojers to lick,
Bate, wallop, an' kick that oukd thievin' rogue Nick;
I thought he'd eut his stiek whin he heard the first click
Of my bombs, an' my rifles, an' other sueh thrifles;
But he didn't do it, an' I'm like to rue it,
An' God knows at all how I'll ever get through it."
"Och! eonshume the ould rogne, wid his Cossacky brogue;
Him an' Prussia'll collogue, as wid kings 'tis the vogue,
An' the Austriches too-they'll be into the stew,
An' ferment in the brew; an', 'tis every way thrue,
My lady, your queenship, that things does look blue,
An' no wondber you feel just as bad as you do."
"Och ! that ain't the worst of it-
Only the first of $i$ it.
Come, I'll tell all, or I fear I shall burst of it.
There's wan Lewy Nap-
He's a hang-gallows chap,
An' the likes of him, rightly, should take off his cap
To the likes of meself; but that's not like to hap,
For he eribbed at a throne, an' has made it his own,
An' has gathered an' keeps at a place called Boolone
(From whence they can see Dover Lights an' Folkstone)
An army of men that are just wan to ten
(I mane ten to wau-but my senses is gone)
Of the whole of $m y$ force-cannon, footmen, an horse ;
An' that ould Aberdeen-he's a dirty spalpeen-
But keep (an' she winked) what I tell you'between
Yourself and the bedpost-you know what I mean.

Well, he came in wan day," sez she,
"Wrigglin" his way," sez she,

- An' I knew by his mug that he meant no child's play," sez sl e.
"'Sez he, 'Mrs. Vic,' sez he,
'Dhress yourself quick.' sez he ;
- I've asked Lewy orer, wid lis wife-"fammy cover,"

Is at l'aris we say-an' they'll soon be at Dover.
They re now on their way,
So look afther the tas,
For you know we must make a most sumpshis display:
Get some nice oysther stews, bully-beef and ragoos.
Wid a bushel of frogs for the d-d parler roos!
They're fond of what's nice-must I bid you go twice :"
An' his thin fingers clutched themselves up like a vice.
'Conshumin' the bit.' sez I,
'At the table Ill sit.' sez I,
'Wid the beggar-born chap
That they call Lewy Nap;
If he come, he must dine at the scullery tap.
But who axed him to come? sez I;
'Why, are you dumb?' sez I.
'Do you know, my ould buck, that you're undher my thumb?' sez I.
'Your majesty-why,' sez he. "he's your ally', sez he:
'Besides, though to get them away I did thry' sez he,
'In the camp at Boolone, in that wan camp alone-
Which looks so convayniently orer Folkstone-
He has ten times ten thonsand of French flesh an bone:
An' the French flesh an' bone is all weaponed and ready.
Its thrainin' is good, an' its practice is steady,
An' London is richer, an' not half so far,
As that murtherin' Cronstadt that's owned be the Czar.'
'My ally he is not.' sez I.
For ny blood it was hot ; sez I-
'An' as for Eugenie,' sez I, 'is she fit to be seen,' sez I,
'Wid a regular queen ?' sez I-'it's meself I mean,' sez I.
Then he flew in a rage, an' he made me engage
To take all soorts of thumble for the parley-roo comple:
An' whin Iewy is come, we must bate the big dhrmo.
An' play thrumpet an' fife in an emulons sthife.
Ta do honor to monseer an' his thrallop of a wife."
"'Then how goes the fightin" ?" sez he:
" Itave you done the inditin'," sez he.
"Of thim motes that took nime men a month in the writin". "sez he.
"Have thim ould diplomats." sez. he,
"'That's as cmmin' as cats," sez he.
"scared the Bear of the North wid their parchment flats?" sez he.
"Och! good luck to their souls, wid their protocoals!
Shure their rigmaroles were so full o' holes
That the rats and the bats slipped in it an' out, An' the Austriches echoed the Prussians' shout, An' it gives me the gout to think what they're about; For, to my eyes, its every where jumble and rout.
They're all tellin' lies, throwin' dust in my eyes,
An' the man that lies deepest 'tis him that is wise."
"What started the war? What are you fightin' for Wid your highly respectable consin the Czar?
Do your sympathies lurk wid the infidel Turk?
An"why, wid ould Nick, don't you make it short work?
Shure each school-boy repeats that Britannia, she beats
All creashin to smash wid her sojers and fleets?"
"Nabocklish! No!" sez she; "I wanst thonght so," sez she;
"The historians blow," sez she: "but it ain't no go!" sez she,
"As I feel very keenly, an' much to my woe," sez she.
"I sent Charley Napier, who knows how to steer
First rate, as I hear, an' he wint rery near
To the Cronstadt pier ; but he thouglit it looked queer, An' he cum back here wid a flay in his ear.
An' he swears it was all the Reform Club beer
That muddled his head whin he solemnly said
That he'd pull the Czar's lug in St. Petersburg,
Or be off to hell
In a three weeks' time.
An', indeed, 'twould be well
If he'd make the fact chime
Wid his plighted promise. A good riddance from us!
Thin there's ould Dundas," sez she; "to my thinkin' an ass," sez she;
"Not worth his grass," sez she: "but let that pass," sez she.
"Shure he talked like a Nelson, or some other red-hell-son,
Of tundher and blood," sez she, " whin he swore that he could," sez she,
"Take some jaw-breakin' town," sez she.
"I could never get down," sez she.
"It was built by a basthard, I think,
An' called afther the dasthard, I think;
It ends wid a ' pol,'" sez she,
" An' is girt wid a wall," sez she ;
An' up to this time we re not shure of its fall," sez she;
"So I sent Lord Raglan, wid the juke for his flagman-
Not the 'Iron Juke,"" sez she, "wid a nose like a hook," sez she,
"Whose ould brazen cloak an" whose murdherin' look," sez she,
"Upon Hyde Park corner, is a caution and warner
To any dead nigger not to swell any bigger

Than his breeches will hould," sez she, "lest he burst and get cowld," sez she,
"As ould Boney did do at the famed Watherloo," sez she.
"Arrah! what 'nd he say, could he only look through
From the high place or low place he's now gone unto, An' find us allied to the young Parleyvoo?
It was Cambridge's juke for the serimmage I took;
An' now here's a sayerit-but swear on the book
That you'll never divulge it by hook or ly crook-
For you'd ruin me sthraight, an' my throne 'ud be shook.
"Shure to fear" I began
That they'd ax my ould man-
He's field-marshal, they say," sez she.
"An' I know he's dhrawn pay," sez she,
"This many a day," sez she.
"An' he made a new hat from the skin of a cat, An' L've heerd, an', indeed, even Punch owns to that, That the hat bids defiance to milithary seience
To pass or to peer it, or even come near it,
In the way of a shed," sez she, "for a sojer's head," sez she ;
"But he's tendher an' weakly," sez she,
"An' of late somewhat sickly," sez she,
"Wid a bad rheumatiz," sez she,
"In that sword-arm of his," sez she.
"He tuk ill the first night that we heerd of the fight ;
An', since Inkermann," sez she, "no mortal can," sez she.
"Describe what he feels from his head to his heels;
He's in a cold sweat till it makes his sheets wet, An' he's shiv'rin an' shakin', and his bones they are achin'. An' he's thremblin' an' sore to his very heart's core.
An' he's worn out intirely, an' worried what's more.
He's a soldier thrne," sez she,
"An' at Chopham Review," sez she,
"I seen him to do," sez she,
"Things to make yon look blue," sez she.
" Au" he's ravin' quite, by day and by night,
To be into the fight, as is proper an' right:
An' he swears that he'd kill," sez she-
"If it worn't for the accident that he happens to be ill," sez she-
"Ould Mentschikotf" an' the Prince I'op-em-ott,
Liprandi, an' Luders, an’ Count Orloff';
But he says he can not think of it until he cures his cough.
Oeh! his pains is erucl; hes as wake as wather gruel ;
An'shonld any wan hint-in speeches or print-
That the man who does quartherly dhraw." sez she.
"In aceordions wid milithary law," sez she,
> "'The highest pay
> Should take part in the fray,
> Och! he'd faint away
> From the blessed light of day !
> Me poor Albert 'ud fall, rowled up in a ball, His bowels 'ud turn into wather an' gallAn' I know widows' caps don't become me at all."

"Well, now, Mrs. Vic"-
An' his eye had a thrick
As cunnin' an' knowin' as a cat's that is goin',
Whin the cook's asleep, wid the softest creep,
To lick fresh butther-" if you let me, I'll utther
Some good advice," sez he, "an' think over it twice," sez he.
"Go an' make your ould man," sez he,
"Just as soon as he can," sez he,
"Cure the rheumatiz," sez he,
"In that sword-arm of his," sez he,
"Or he'd betther resign," sez he,
"His uniform fine," sez he,
"An' fall out o' the line," sez he.
"Och! but, thin, the pay ?" sez she,
"It 'ud go asthray," sez she,
"An' that's not at all afther Albert's way," sez she.
"Resign that too," sez he,
"For, betune me an' you," sez he,
"Whin the people see," sez he,
"(Betune you an' me)," sez he,
"Their gallant field-marshal to rheumatiz partial
Whin colors are flyin', an' thousands are dyin'
For a shillin' a day round Sevastopol's Bay,
'They'll begin to compare the sick gentleman's pay
Wid the throoper's who dashed through the thick of the fray,
Where bullets were whizzing an' sabres did play
On casque an' cuirass, an' the min fell like grass,
While the field-marshal-Balaam-like-sat on his ass,
An' prayed for the foes he was bound to oppose
From the top of his head to the root of his toes.
Let him give up his place wid whatever of grace
Can bé possibly lint to so dirty a case,
Or the very ould wimin will spit in his face,
An' the childher, God bless 'em ! throw dirt at his grace.
Inniskilling's an' Grays, lrish Lancers and Bays-
Whatever poor wreck of them's left in these days-
The men, not of rank, who dhrove spurs in the flank
Of their chargers, an' dashed up the canmon-plowed bank,
While the grape an' cross-fire mowed them down rank by rank;

Never haltin', though reelin', but formin' and wheelin' Again an' again, wid diminishin' min, While the pulks of the Cossackry erowded the glin.
No end to their labors-no rest for their sabres-
Blood-spatthered, they could not be known by their neighbors.
An' still by sheer steel, strength of hand, heart, an' heel,
Though shatthered, disordleered, invincible still,
Through a long lane of fire-through a laygion of foes-
Grimly forced to retire-the Light Caralry goes.
They've left-au' what thin?-just three fourths of their min 'Io fat the next harrest in Inkermann's glin ;
But the colors they bore, thongh bedabbled with gore, Still wave o'er the remnant returnin' once more.
What a sight there will be, should they ever come back.
An' the field-marshal-partial to a timely attack
Of the rhemmatic fayver-should fall in their thrack:"
What more there was said, Shure, no more than the dead
Do I know, for I chanced to lane formard my head,
An' the queen gave a scream an' the man gave a start,
An' I judged it was best for meself to depart.
Deputy Glazier's Room, Buckin'ham Palice,?
London, December 4, 1554 .

## WOMAN'S RIGHTS.

Oh, ladies, will you hear a truth, Of late too seldom told to yon,
Nor deem-he begs it of your ruth-
The writer over-bold to you ;
For, by the pulses of his yonth,
He never yet was coll to you,
And therefore 'tis in sober sooth
That he would now unfold to you
What may-apart from rhythmic tlights-
Be called the smm of "Woman's Rights."
For you the ealm sequestered bowers,
For us to kncel and sue to you;
Your feet upon the path of flowers
We struggle still to strew to yon;
For you to drop the healing showers Of kindness-gentle dew to you-
On failing health and wasted powers-
The task is nothing new to yon-
"Oh, these, indeed"- tis Love indites-
"'These are unquestioned Woman's Rights."
All hail! we cry, the stormiest hours, If thus a joy we woo to you;
For us, of life's drugged bowl, the sours, If so the sweets ensue to yon.
When many a heary hap was ours, Fond retrospection flew to you;
Good husbands and unstinted dowers, And smiling babes accrue to you;
And, ret me ask, what maiden shights
These latter-mentioned " Woman's Rights?"
The faithfulness, the grace, the high,

- Pure thonghts of life we gain by you;

The vision of a softer eye, The finer touch attain by you;
Weak hopes that unto death are nigh Out-leaning, we sustain by you;
And when misfortune sweeps the sky, Our anchored hearts remain by you.
Long davs of toil and feverish nights
Would ill repay these "Woman's Rights."
Why quit the calm and holy hearth That is hearen's antepast to us,
To face the sterner scenes of earth, The troubles that are cast to us?
Why change your soul's unsullied mirth For woes that rush so fast to us.
That we would daily curse our birth Were not your sphere at last to us-
That sphere of home. which well requites
The loss of these unsexing rights.

## AN OLFACTORY ODE IN PRAISE OF NEW YORK CLEANLINESS.

BY OUR POET WITH A COLD IN IIS IIEAT.
Thank heaven! the crisis, The terror is past,
And the sense they call smelling Hath perished at last:
And the anguish of smelling
Is over at last.

Sadly I know
Of one sense I'm forlorn,
But with pleasure and profit The loss may be borne;
With profit and pleasure
That loss may be borne.
And I walk so composedly Now through the street,
That any beholder Might fancy my feet
Were treading on roses All fragrant and sweet.
The stifling and choking, The odors and stenches,
Are quieted now;
The olfactory wrenches,
That maddened my brow, Are gone. Ah! those homible, Ilorrible stenches:
The sickness-the nauseaThe pitiless pain,
Have ceased with the smelling That maddened my brain;
With the smell of the garbage That rose to my brain.
And, oh ! of all odors, That odor the worst-
The odor commingled Of smerkrant accursed;
The odors of fish And of satuerkraut accursed-
That torture no more In my nostril is nursed.
And, ah! let it never Be foolishly said
That I am regretting The cold in my head;
The cold whence this numbness Of smelling is bred.
For now I walk happily. Fearless of any
Diversified odors-
Althongh there are many ;
For my nostril is choked. And I care not for :uyy.

And happy am I with
A cold in my head!
The dank exhalation
From garlage-heaps bred, The sewerage and filth

Upon which hogs are fed, Never trouble me, bless d With a cold in my head.

## A PUNGENT CONSIDERATION OF THE VARIOUS TRADES AND CALLINGS.

Of all the trades that men may call Unpleasant and oftensive,
The editor's is worst of all,
For he is ever pen-sive;
His leaders lead to nothing high, His columms are unstable,
And though the printers make him pie, It does not suit his table.
The carpenter-his course is plane, His bit is always near him;
He angers every hour of gain, He chisels-and none jeer him ;
He shaves, yet is not close, they say ;
The public pay his board, sir';
Full of wise saws, he bores away,
And so he swells his hoard, sir.
St. Crispin's son-the man of shoes,
Has awl things at control, sir ;
He waxes wealthy in his riews,
But ne'er neglects his sole, sir ;
His is, indeed, a heeling trade;
And when he comes to casting
The toe-tal profits he has made,
We find his ends are lasting.
The tailor, too, gives fits to all,
Yet never gets a basting;
His cabbages, however small,
Are most delicious tasting;
His goose is heated-happy prig!
Unstinted in his measure;
He always plays at thimble-rig,
And seams a man of pleasure.
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## The Poetical Worls of

'The farmer reaps a fortune plump,
Though harrowed, far from woe, sir;
IIis spade forever proves a trump,
His book is I've-an-hoe, sir;
Howerer corned, he does not slip;
'Though husky, never hoarse, sir;
And in a plowshare partnership
lle gets his share, of course, sir.
The sailor on the giddy mast-
Comparatively master-
Has many a bulwark romnd him cast To wave away disaster;
Even shrouds to him are full of life, Ilis mainstay still is o'er him,
A gallant and a top-gallant crew Of beaux esprits before him.
The sturdy Irish laborer picks And climbs to fame-'tis funny :
He deals with none but regular bricks, And so he pockets money;
One friend sticks to him (mortar tis) In hoodden gray, unbaftled,
He leaves below an honest name When he ascends the scaffold.

The printer, though his case be hard, Yet stick not at his hap, sir ;
'Tis his to canonize the bard, And trim a Roman Cap, sir.
Some go two-forty-what of that? He goes it by the thousand;
$\Lambda$ man of form, and fond of fat, IIe loves the song I now send.

The engine-driver, if we track
lis outward semblance deeper,
Has got some very tender traits-
He ne'er disturbs the sleeper:
And when you switch him as he goes.
He whistles all the londer ;
And should you brake him on the wheel, It only makes him prouder.
1 lamelhed this skift of rhymes upon The trade-winds of the Muses, Through pungent seas ther"ve borne it on. The boat no rudder uses:

So masticate its meaning once,
And judge not sternly of it-
You'll find a freight of little puns,
And very little profit.


## THE FERRY-BOAT.

Let them rave of the bowers that are leaming with roses,
Where young lovers whisper the moonlight away,
But the seene that I fix for my eourtship discloses
Attractions, though public, more brilliant and gay.
What care I for walks in the leaf-shaded alleys,
For kisses in hay-fields, and sighs on the hill;
For love is but love in the streets or the valleys,
And all that it needs is an intimate will.
Oh, give me a merry short trip on the ferry,
With I aud my fair in a corner ensconced;
'Mid the lustling and bustling, the jostling and tussling,
We sit unobserved, in our own dreams entranced.
It is exquisite, very, that trip on the ferry-
The roar of the wheels in a fine double bass
To the tenor of whispers from dear rosy lispers, With love in their hearts, but reproof on each face.
What countless sensations! What men from all nations Are erowded and jammed in the one little boat!
There are German and Spanish, Dutch, Irish, and DanishOur ark is a species of Babel afloat.

But still it is merry, that trip on the ferry, With I and my fair in a corner enseonced;
'Mid the crowd of stock-brokers and Joe Miller jokers. We sit mobserved, in our own dreams entranced.

The chains rattle loudly, the steam whistles prondly, The wheels beat the water, the furnaces flame;
Some laggards, belated, are gibed at and rated, While some make a jump, but fall short of their aim;
And there on the ferry, like straws in iced sherry,
They stick half way up, ealling fiercely for aid;
While the lncky ones, laughing, and sneering, and chafting,
Are straight to New York from the Fulton conveyed.
'Tis dangerous, very, that jump for the ferry.
But what's it to us in our corner enseonced;
If a fool likes to do it, why then let him rue it -
We sit mobserved, in our own dreams entranced.

What is life but a ferry-a dismal one, very-
It starts from the cradle, its goal is the grave;
And yet we can make it, if rightly we take it,
A sweet, pleasant trip o'er a sun-gilded wave.
With a partner to cheer us, a friend sitting near us,
With Iruth for our pilot and Fame for our fire,
We can make it as pleasant as this is at present,
And what more delightful could mortal desire?
A transient, but merry trip over the ferry-
The joy that it gives from its briefness enhanced-
With the hustling and bustling, the jostling and tussling.
Well sit unobserved, in our own dreams entranced.

## COMPOSITION DUETT.

> nomeo (the romantic man).

In my dreams beneath a willow, I heard thee cry "Depart!"
fubbs (the matter-of-fuct individual).
" $A$ nd an ice-cream of Vanilla Was not colder than thy heart."
roneo.
Ah! Love's fever, how imperionsHow the passionate pain exalts:

FUBES.
"Fever, really ! Are you serious? Try a dose of Epsom salts."
romeo.
Laura Liddowe! Lama Liddowe: Thou hast ta'en thy lover's life.
fubus (indignantly).
"Would you make the maid a widow Who his never been a wife?"
p.omeo.

When I'm dead, I pray thee gather
Flowers to deek my lowly bed-
jubis.
"Pooh! I say-the girl wouk rather One live bean than fifty dead."

FOMEO.
Laura Liddowe, might a flowery
Band our hearts together bindFublis (urgently).
"Say yon'll fix a handsome dowry, And I guarantee her kind."

комео.
Shine, ye stars-ah! shine above her ;
Bear my passions in your beams-
fubds (indignantly).
"Tell her plumply that you love her,
And have done with idle dreams."
noneo.
Wilt thou have me? Say, my fairest Queen; for thus my fancy dubbs-

FUBBS (gloriously).
" I would simply say, ' My dearest,
Will you be my Mrs. Fubbs?'"


## LE PRINTEMPS.

from the frencl of desangier.
Youths and maidens, come, The skies are bright above,
Blow the fife and strike the drum-
Let us sing of love.
The thick leaves orerhead
Will fling a shadow deep
Over the ferny bed
On which we sit or sleep.
Thanks to their pulses high,
And the high sun, bright as gold,
Phillis becomes less shy
As Colin becomes more bold.
Agnes would believe
That love's delicious glow
Her breast will never heave When violets cease to blow.

## 158 The Poctical Works of

Spurning the restraint Imposed ly fashion's goddess,
Hearts their bondage break, lleaving breasts the bodice.

Season, sweetly strung. How thy genial charm
Makes the mother young, And makes the daughter warm.

Now the dotard feels
A thrill of new desire,
O'er the husband steals
The lover's former fire.
The river. murmuring on, The lambs that frisk and fling.
The sky, whose clouds are goneAll nature seems to sing.
Every hom that rolls Leads us near the time When to our wintry sonls The year will have no prime.

Therefore, youths and maidens, come. While the skies are bright aboveBright, and warm. and rast above Blow the fife and strike the drum. And let us sing of love.

## MY SOUTHWARD WINGING ORIOLE.

The fiding sumset's golden liglit
Was glancing over town and river.
When flashed a vision on my sight.
One moment seen, yet fixed forever.
On memory's retina still glows
That picture, all my heart entrancing:
The rosy mouth-the brow of snow.
The blue eyes in sweet dalliance dancing.
The dimples in her soft chin set.
Her maiden smile serene and peaceful.
And those brown locks-ah! never yet
Were tendrits of the vine more gr:aceful.

She came in robes of Quaker hue, Such livery as the fawns inherit;
But then her bonnet's dazzling blue Gave hint of her celestial spirit.
" Great heavens!" I cried; "sweet sunny South, Your praise-all poets well may rhyme it,
If such bright flowers as yonder monith Are native to this glowing climate?
" But no; this fresh and jovous face, This eye, from which gay faney sallies,
This artless and yet winning grace All speak of Northern hills and valleys.
"The languid beanties hereaway, Who half the year for cool air stifle,
Their features lack the subtle play Which leares this face without a rival."

And thus I thonght, and thus I dreamed, Your life in various colors painting;
Now Hope's blest ray upon me beamed, Now left me in the darkness fanting.

Ah! well, these dreams are idle allMere shadows-and we chase them blindly :
But yet my pulses rise or fall Just as I find you cross or kindly.
Ind still on memory's retina glows Thy picture, heart and brain entrancing ;
The rosy mouth-the brow of snow, And those small feet just made for dancing.

Ne'er may the future bring regret
For these bright dreams which now caress me,
But, long in golden circle set,
May this fair image smile to bless me.

BARON RENFREW'S BALL. ${ }^{29}$
'Twas a grand display was the prince's ball,
A pageant or fète, or what yon may call
A brilliant coruscation,
Where ladies and knights of noble worth
Enchanted a prince of royal birth
By a royal demonstration.

Like queens arrayed in their regal guise,
They charmed the prince with dazzling eves,
Fair ladies of rank and station,
Till the floor gave way, and down they sprawler.
In a tableaux style, which the artists called
A floor-all decoration.
At the prince's feet like flowers ther were laid, In the brightest bouquet ever made,

For a prince's choice to falter-
Perplexed to find, where all were rare, Which was the fairest of the fair

To cull for a queenly altar.
But soon the floor was set aright,
And Peter Cooper's face grew bright,
When, like the swell of an organ, All hearts beat time to the first quadrille.
And the prince confessed to a joyous thrill
As he danced with Mrs. Morgan.
Then came the waltz-the Prince's Own-
And every bar and brilliant tone
Had music's sweetest grace on :
But the prince himself ne'er felt its charm
Till he slightly clasped, with circling arm,
That lovely girl, Miss Mason.
But ah! the work went bravely on,
And meek-eyed I'eace a trophy won
By the magic art of the dancers;
For the daring prince's next exploit
Was to leagne with scott's Camilla Hoyt,
And overcome the Lancers.
Besides these three, he deigned to yield
His hand to Mrs. M. B. Field.
Miss day, and Miss Van Buren;
Miss Russell, too, was given a place-
All beanties fanous for their grace
From Texas to Lake Huron.
With Mrs. Kernochan he "lanced,"
With Mrs. Fdward Cooper danced,
With Mrs. Belmont capered:
With fair Miss Fish, in fariry rig,
He tripped a sort of royal jig.
And next Miss Butler firored.

And thus, 'mid many hopes and fears, By the brilliant light of the chandeliers,

Did they gayly quaff and revel ;
Well pleased to charm a royal princeThe only one from old England since

George Washington was a rebel.
And so the fleeting hours went by,
And watches stopped-lest Time should fly-
Or that they winding wanted;
Old matrons dozed, and papas smiled, And many a fair one was beguiled

As the prince danced on. undaunted.
'Tis now a dream-the prince's ball, Its vanished glories, one and all,

The scenes of the fairy tales;
For Cinderella herself was there, And Barnum keeps for trial fair
The beautifnl slipper deposited there
By his highness the Prince of Wrales.


## THE CRUSADER SONG.

from the pusbian.
Before the holy image
I thrice have bent to-night,
And, having paid my orisons,
Now rush to join the fight;
The fight of faith and fatherland,
For this I rush afar-
My life and lance for Russia, My fealty to the Czar.
My sword-the only heritage My valiant fathers left,
Hath bit the flesh o. Sweden, And many a Tartar cleft.
Too long in shameful idleness
The rusting blade hath lain,
And now it longs for blood to cleanse
The dull, corroding stain.
From the summit of the Balkan
Our brethren stretch their hands;
They pray to us to rescne them-
Their prayers become commands.

We feel for them, we'll fight for them, For God and us they bleed;
The weaponed strength of Russia goes To strike for Russia's creed.
The memories of our Church are twinel Romd Kiew's white-bastioned crest,
The loveliest and the brightest town
That ever Turk oppressed.
Those memories are consecrate, And shadow forth the doom
Which gathers strength in silence, And will quickly burst in gloom.
The cross of pain, the spear of might, On these our strength we cast;
The hand of God protected both In ages long o'erpast;
Think you our hearts so soon forget 'lle sires for whom we mourn:
Their sons shall bear the flag of faith As it by them was bome.
We go to break the Moslem's pride. To crush his ereed aceursed;
Then welcome be the Holy War, And let its tempest burst.
Be this our victor battle-cry
As east and south we press-
"The God that blesses Russia, And the Czar the Russians bless !"

## SONG: PHILANTHROPIC AND PIRATICAL.

We've borne too long the idiot wrong of Cnba's tyrant masters.
And tamely ta'en from shattered Spain dishonors and disasters.
The camel's back at length will crack-nor are we like dumb cattle: Our patient strength has failed at length-peace only comes hy hattle. Ring out the hells! on bamer swells, in Freetom"s hreezes blowing : To arms and up! this bitter enp is filled to overthowing.

Nor pray nor speak, but let us seek redress in tones of thmuder : They slew our brave who went to save the land they rob and plunder. Around the Moro's grim façade the soul of Lopez wanders.
And Crittenden-a glorions shade-heside him walks and ponders. () God of leace! that such as these like dogs should be garrotedChoked out of life by spanish beasts-tierce, bloody, and besotted.

To arms and up! we brim the cup to rengeance and to glory !
By Western zeal let "Old Castile" be taught a different story ;
Let Spanish Dons now learn for once how great the power they've slighted;
By guns and swords, not pens and words, must Cuba's wrongs be righted.
They're chained our men, they've seized our ships, their yoke around us twining;
Our "stars" are in a long eclipse-we'll bring them forth more shining.
What pulsing starts from youthful hearts to hear the tocsin pealing !
Their glittering eyes, their fierce replies, betray the inward feeling-
The hidden thirst of vengeance, nursed through years of mute restraining.
Hurra! that torrent forth has burst, no more in meek complaining.
The "One Lone Star" shall not be far from our immortal cluster ;
The Southern Queen shall soon be seen arrayed in Western Instre.
Then, brethren, up ! one parting cup to Washington and Jackson ; Onr sprouting tree of liberty no Spaniard lays an axe on.
By Freedom's God! our lavish blood shall water it to blossom;
No foul garrote shall press our throat, though balls may pierce our bosom.
Ring out the bells ! our bamer swells, in Freedom's breezes blowing; To arms and up! this bitter cup is filled to overflowing.

## A WALL STREET USURER ON RUSTIC BLISS.

second ode-fifth book of horace.
"Beatus ille qui procul negotiis."
He is bless'd who, far from city toil,
As those who lived in elder time,
Furrows his own paternal soil,
Unstained of all usurions crime.
The trumpet's voice he will not heed,
Nor billows raging fierce and lond;
He shuns the bar where suitors plead,
He shuns the portals of the proud.
Around the poplar's lofty tops
He twines the creepers of the vine,
Or with his pruning sickle lops
The boughs that yield no generous wine;
Or in the lonely valley sees
His herds of cattle wandering far,
Or stores the honey of his bees
In chestnut bowl and crystal jar.

## 164

 The Poetical Works ofOr shear's his sheep, or, in the hours
When her bright brow old Autumn rears,
Adorned with mellow fouits and flowers,
How gladly will he pluck the pears,
And the rich, gushing grape, that vies
With purple, as a gift and charm
To those benignant deities
Who guard from blight his little farm.
He sleeps beneath some aged oak, Or in the tangled meadow lies,
While waters leap from rock to rock,
And woodland song-birds fill the skies.
And fomtains flow with mummuring streams,
Inviting sleep and blissful dreams.
But when old Winter, grim and hoar:
With rain and snow o'erfloods the soil,
With dogs he hmots the sarage boar Into his interwoven toil;
The hungry thmsh may vainly seek To shm his net; the timorous hare,
And the wild crane, whose pinions seek

- A foreign clime, reward his care.

Amid such tramquil sports as these
We might forget-oh! blissful rest-
Those harassing anxieties
Which lore entails on every breast.
Children, a wife to tend the house
(Such as the Sabine mothers give),
A sumburnt and industrions spouse-
Even such in old Apulis live-
Who piles the hallowed hearth on high
With blazing fagots, bright and dry,
As home her weary husband turns
To where the cottage beacou burns.
In wicker sheds she shuts the kine,
'Their milk delicious to the taste.
And, drawing forth her finest wine, Prepares the unbought and temperate feast.
Oh ! not the richest feast that e el For king was spread could please me more:
Nor dainty fishes, sweet and ratre. Nor pheasants brought from India's shore :
Not all the banquet wealth allows
A keener relish eonld attain .
'Than olives gathered from the boughs, And sorrel growing on the plain,

Or mallows-food of all the best To keep us free from inward harm;
Or the young lamb, with which I feast The guardian god who shields my farm.
In such a life, how sweet to see
The well-fed sheep returning home,
And weary oxen, droopingly,
With an inverted ploughshare come,
While numerons laborers join their mirth
Around our happy household hearth.
The usurer Alpheus, sick of gain,
To turn a country farmer bent,
Thas sang the pleasures of the plain,
And vowed to quit his cent per cent ;
But Avarice comes-the sweet dream flies,
And back once more to Rome the veteran usurer hies.

## LETTER FROM JOHN BULL, ESQ., TO JEREMIAH SLY, ESQ., COTTON BROKER, NEW YORK.

We are fighting for the Turks, Jerry Sly, Jerry Sly ;
We are fighting for the Turks, Jerry Sly; We are fighting for the Turks, And bombarding Russian works, But a hidden purpose lurks in our eye, Jerry SlyYes, a hidden purpose lurks in our eye.
If the Turks were let alone, Jerry Sly, Jerry Sly;
If the Turks were let alone, Jerry Sly,
Where were Franky Joseph's throne?
Wouldn't Hungary have her own?
And would Poland longer groan in her chains, Jerry Sly?
And would Poland hopeless groan in her chains?
Wouldn't Italy be up. Jerry Sly, Jerry Sly?
Wouldn't Italy be up, Jerry Sly?
Where would revolution stop?
"Tis a hydra-headed crop;
Into England it might pop, as you know, Jerry Sly, And the queen would have to hop, as yon know.
For a week or something more, Jerry Sly, Jerry Sly ; For a week or something more, Jerry Sly,

We heard the cannon roar
All along Silistria's shore,
But no volley did we pour for the Turks, Jerry Sly?
But we hoped that all was o'er with the Turks.

Oh ! we helped the Turks a deal, Jerry Sly, Jerry Sly ;
Aberdeen declares a deal, Jerry Sly;
We held back their "headlong zeal,"
Gave the Cossacks time to heal
The bites of Turkish steel, as you know, Jerry Sly ;
'Tis a dangerous thing is zeal, as yon know.
The Crimea we will take, Jerry Sly, Jerry Sly, When the Russ is not awake, Jerry Sly ;

And the Baltic we will make
Just a little English lake,
Where the queen a cruise can take, with her spouse, Jent Slr.
(Lord of heaven, some pity take on her spouse!)
Thus we're fighting for the Turks, Jerry Sly, Jerry Sly :
To the Turks we give our aid, Jerry Sly, Jerry Sly ;
To the Turks such precious aid. Jerry sly,
That their soldiers we delayed,
Beating back the Russian raid,
While long protocols we made-they're in print-Jerry Sly :
No one reads them, I'm afraid, though in print.
Then we sent them Lord Dundas, Jerry Sly, Jerry Sly;
Sent them Admiral Dundas, Jerry Sly,
Saying, "Let the Russians pass!"
(He's a hoary, driveling ass,
Who, unless the sea were glass, wouldn’t budge, Jerry Sly.)
So Sinope came to pass, as we judge.
As Sebastopol was strong, Jerry Sly, Jerry Sly,
And we hate to fight the strong. Jerry Sly;
We did with coward wrong
To marmed Odessa throng-
By the rules of war 'twas wrong, as is said. Jerry Sly-
But her courage made her strong: so we flel.
Thus we're fighting for the Turks, Jerry Sly;
We are fighting for the Turks,
And bombarding Russian works.
But a hidden purpose lurks in our eve, Jerry Sly-
$\Lambda$ most sinister purpose hurks in our eve.

## - THE AUTHOR'S RITUAL.

Who'er would desire to write a book
In days of such severe morality.
Let him even upon this precept look:
That to tell the truth is a plump rascality.

The world so virtuous now has grown
That cant is the only way of wooing it,
The dog don't object to steal the bone,
But barks when he's righteously kicked for doing it.
If to please the crowd you only write, Declare that your readers are all seraphim ;
That this is the only age of light,
And that all before with guilt were very dim.
Declare that if ever the angels trod
A sinless earth, they now are treading it;
That your fathers deserved the wrath of God,
And you wonder he took so long in shedding it;
Bit that, now the world is filled with saints, Your strongest praise than their worth is fainter ;
The brighter each portrait the artist paints,
Why, the more the painted appland the painter.
In fact, 'tis the readiest thing on earth
To win your way by fulsome flattery;
But make of a foible of vice your mirth, And its friends indict yon for tort and battery.

Declare that each woman is now as pure
As the new-fallen snow on the Himalayas;
That never did queen with more regal mien
Or dignified footstep skim a daïs;
Declare that the moon and each starry world
Grows dim in the blaze of her eyes' full lustre-
That the tendril vine has more neatly curled
Since it borrowed the grace of her ringlet's cluster.
Declare to the men they are brave and just, Fulfilling in peace each ordination-
That they nerer are plagued with wine or lust,
Nor find in mammon the least temptation ;
Declare that each man who pretends to faith
Devoutly feels what his tongue professes;
That truth gives her sanction to all he saith,
And that virtue his every action blesses.
In short, if you will but tell lies enough, Giving each grown babe his toy of coral,
You may sell a heap of the baldest stuff That ever a parson dubbed as "moral!"
To "hold up the mirror" is not your part-
The likeness then would be far too real ;
The world from its own foul face would start-
You must give it a rainbow-hned ideal.

TIIE OLD BACHELOR'S NEW YEAF.
Oh, the spring hath less of brightness
Every year,
And the snow a ghastlier whiteness
Every year;
Nor do summer blossoms quicken,
Nor does autumn frnitage thicken
As it did—the seasons sicken

- Every year.

It is growing cold and colder
Every year.
And I feel that İ am older
Every year;
And my limbs are less elastic,
And my faney not so plastic-
Yea, my habits grow monastic
Erery year.
'Tis becoming bleak and bleaker'
Every vear,
And my hopes are waxing weaker
Every year;
Care I now for merry daneing,
Or for eyes with passion glancing?
Love is less and less entrancing
Every year.
Oh, the days that I have squandered
Every year,
And the friendships ridely sundered
Every year :
Of the ties that might have twined me,
Until time to death resigned me,
My infirmities remind me
Every year.
Sad and sad to look before us
Every year,
With a hearier shadow o'er us
Every year ;
To behohl each blossom faded.
And to know we might have made it
An immortal garland, br:ided
Round the year.

Many a spectral, beckoning finger, Year by year,
Chides me that so long I linger, Year by year ;
Every early comrade sleeping
In the church-yard, whither, weeping,
I-alone unwept-am creeping
Year by year.


## In MEMORIAM.

qeeen fariety-a sietcif from life.
A summer twilight, soft, serene,
When-led by one, her earliest vassal-
The poet first beheld the queen
Of many hearts and Carbon Castle.
An oral face, the eyes as clear
As star-gleams on a fountain dashing;
The brows where pleasant thoughts appear
Forever varied, changing, flashing.
A wealth of beanty seldom seen,
A regal grace of form and gesture;
And-as might well befit a queen-
Some silken opnlence of vesture.
A queen by right of power to reign,
Her sceptre hid in flowers that wreathe it,
For crown a royalty of brain,
With a true woman's heart beneath it.
Eyes black and luminous, searching out
The very soul's recondite essence;
And ease which sets at ease all doubt,
Even of the timid, in her presence.
Oh, armory of a woman's wit, With side-arm smiles from floor to rafter,
I've seen a thousand facts submit
Before her fire of Minié langhter.
Sweet langhter, silvery as the strain
Which the lark sings when heavenward going ;
Prismatic bubbles of the brain
In currents mnsical outflowing.
II

Ah me! the long, calm summer eve, The dusky twilight closing round us;
The porch wherein her words did weave
New meshes to the net that bound us.
The very breezes seemed to move
On tiptoe, dallying with her graces;
The fomtains in the dark alcore
Shot starward up with listening faces.
She sings-and not the oriole's throat
Pours flusher mnsic summer mornings ;
Each gesture of the hand or foot
Is instinct with most subtle warnings.
A garland from Titania's bower,
Where twice the same leares never enter,
Save only one unvarying flower-
The rose of kindness in the centre.
A crown of jetrels or a ring
In different lights each moment changing :
A fancy ever on the wing.
To novel scenes and topics ranging.
The fairy rooms, the glittering queen,
The many splendors seattered round us:
The rich good taste which ruled, I ween.
Where that sweet summer evening found $n$ :
The ebony casket of cigars-
On each brown tube a memory lingers:
That night beneath the watching stars
No sweeter contrast to white fingers.
Peace to that casket I have said.
And peace be with the golden-throttled
small flasks in which lay iced and hind
The sun-wines they are dust who bottled.
The echoes floating, fluttering yet,
From all dear nooks of memory starting;
The talisman-" We once have inet
And parted, neither glad for parting :"
No cloud this haleyon memory screen,
Raze rather all that leads or follow:
And let this evening with our gucen
Be still her faithful vassal's solatee.

## SECOND BOOK OF HORACE, SLXTEENTH ODE.

freely tranglated by charles broaddent.

## TO WIDESWARTH.

Wideswarth, the man who sails on the wide ocean When a dark tempest has obscured the moon, And not a star shines throngh the fierce commotion

Of warring clouds along the horizon strewn-
No light to guide his vessel-will he cease
To ask of heaven the one great boon of peace?
Thrace prays for peace when ber wild lances shiver Amid the shock of battle, and for peace
The Mede, whose shoulders wear the graceful quiver,
Prays to the gods-but it is not for these;
Not by rich gems the treasure can be bought,
Gold crowns and purple can dffect it not.
'Tis not in ancient pride or regal treasure
To win us rest; nor can the arm of law
Eject grim care from the abode of pleasure,
Nor bid it from the inmost heart withdraw;
Around the gilded roof grief wings its flight,
Even like an owl amid the noonday light.
The man has peace who, happy on a little, Sits down contented to his frugal board;
Who knows and feels that Fortunc's gifts are brittle, Nor like a miser seeks to swell his hoard;
Him neither care nor avarice will keep
From days of joy and nights of gentle sleep.
Why do we change our country for another, That glows perchance beneath a brighter sun?
Can we escape ourselves, or can we smother The griefs that with us o'er the wide earth run?
Swift as the stag, and with the whirlvind's force,
They climb the ship, and ride beside the horsc.
A mind well based ne'er questions of the morrowIt feels the present, and enjoys the hour;
Nor asks the future for its share of sorrow-
'Twill come one day, and we must bide its power.
Even then a smile will gild the gloomy strife,
And mingle sweetness in the cup of life.

Fate snatched away Achilles ere his glory
In its meridian brilliancy had shone;
'lithonus wept that he grew old and hoars,
And lived, though all that he hath loved were gone;
And Time with grartial hand may give to me
Some joy or hope that it denied to thee.
A hundred flocks bleat sound your happy dwelling,
Sicilian heifers low, and horses neigh;
liich purple robes, of costly odors smelling.
Enwrap you round; while on my humble way
Fate hath bestowed a smaller' 'state-some wit,
And a contempt for those who laugh at it.

A BLOONER LYRIC,
"most musical, most ablascholy."
Oh, ladies, list the ditty sung-
A doleful ditty, very-
About a Bloomer fair and young-
They called her Mrs. Perry;
Who, qutite regardless of the law, Did leave her spouse-oh, hearens!
She wore the pants, and panted for
The lawless love of Levins. Bow, wow: wow:

In Monson, Mass., the luckless sponse (Made lueky by the riddance)
Proprieted a virtious honse (That is to say, he did once);
But Lerins Clongh, with brass enough To make a copper kettle,
On Mrs. l'. (ah! woe is me!) His lewd regard did settle.

Bow, wow, wow:
And she did say monto herself,
"Shall I, the slave of daty,
Be laid upon the matron shelf
To waste away my heauty ?
No, no. Henceforth I hear command.
Though prim Miss Prudence quarrels:
I've worn my lushand's brecehes, and I'll make a breath of morals."

Bow, wow, wow.

So, like a "high, strong-minded wife," She told him her intention,
Prepared to face his jealous strife Against her vow's infraction ;
But he (oh! what a brute is man!)
Cried, "If we may be sundered-
I'm very poor-but yet I can
Afford to pay a himdred."
Bow, wow, wow.
So let us drink to Mr. P.
Both in Champagne and Sherry-
May each be-Bloomered husband be As fortunate as Perry.
And may the nanghty girls, who wear The manly pants and braces,
Ne'er be embraced by manly arms, Nor kissed by bearded faces. Bow, wow, wow.

And here's a glass to Mrs. P.A full-fledged Bloomer, very-
Who found a way at least to make Her dolefill husband merry.
And may all wives, who lead their lives At sixes and at sevens,
Exchange a husband's honest love For such a scamp as Levins. Bow, wow, wow.

## NEW YORK CRYSTAL PALACE.

Ye wha direct the Exhibition,
An' manage a' things wi' precision, Mock na a simple bard's petition,

Wha's pouch is bare,
An' yet wad like to feast his vision
On yon big fair.
'Tis true I'm but a poortith wight, Come here to wrastle and to fight
For roof an' hearth, claes an' bite;
My voice is sma',
But no afeard to crack the right
Afore ye $a^{\prime}$.

Thongh fifty cents be sma' to you, A mere card-counter, like eneugh,
There's mony an honest lad wad rue
'That sma' amount;
His bairns' bellies maun be fu',
An' triffes count.
If yours were like a kintra show,
To which but aince we speer to go.
Your bonnie charge, though far frae low,
I wad na shun;
I'd in, an' tak the foremost row,
An' see the fun.
But yours is nae sic feckless play
That ane can ken it in a day,
Unless, in a bewildered way,
He gapes an' glowers;
Sic wark demands an' wad repay
Saxscore o' hours.
An' horr, I ask, can chiels afford, Wha's gains are sma' an' labor hard,
A muckle sum that should be shared
Wi' his wee bodies?
I'm fearel they'd lack for bed an' board.
An' shoes an’ duldies.
Forbye, in an industrial tilt.
Though ither flags be bonnier gilt,
Wha's banner should gang first in till't
Unless o those
Wha's joints hae crack'd, wha's sweat was spilt
Ifore it rose?
What hae the rich, the dizzen'd crowd.
In a' the place to mak them prond?
They've neither welded, wove, nor plow'd.
Nor bleard their een,
Whyles Labor may proclaim aloud,
"The show is mine!"
"Frae deep fomndation e'en to dome, 'The glitt'rin' aisles through which you roan,
The gallery that, light as foam.
O'er a’ expands,
The palace an' its treasures come
Frae these rough hands."

Let Sedgwick now-a sonsy man-
Tell the directors o' his plan, An' say, "Though wrangly we began, 'Tis time to truckle;
A thousand mickle soon outrun The fivescore muckle."

Here folk frae ilka clime are met-
A wae-disposed, monarchic set-
A' peerin' roun', if they can get
(Lang may they need them: :)
Some proofs to say that "Labor yet
Wins nocht frae Freedom."
Ye may despise us an' ye will,
But we're the els mann foot your bill;
The "Upper Ten" hae looked their fill,
An', should you flout us,
I'm feared ye'll hae an empty till
At least without us.
An' what for no should we na win,
Some points demand it out an' in?
The stummocks o' us workin' men
Are easy suarlin',
But ower the whirligig we grin
Like Sternie's starlin'.
Let Sedgwick tak anither thought:
Kickshaws to labor's wame are naught,
Nor can we pay the prices sought
By those bright lasses
Frae whom mysel', yestreen, I bought
Twa jelly glasses.
Dupont an' Davis-soldiers baith-
I swear till ye, upon my aith,
That, though ye aft hae grappled death
Wi' sabres carvin',
Ye wadna bide the risin' wrath
O'downright starvin'.
I'm done; nor care I now a flea
If high or low you gar it be;
But this I swear, nae doit frae me
Your nieves shall mortar,
Till into your big house the key
Is "Cash-one quarter."

## THE EVERGLADES WITHDRAW:

SENATORS YULEE AND MALLOEY TAKLN゙G LEAYE,
As they rose to take their leare
Of the old familiar hall,
Their manly sides did heave
In the bitterness of gall ;
'Twas a sad and gloomy hour
To men so framed as they,
For, besides their loss of place and power,
They also lost their pay;
Yes, besides their loss of place and power,
They also lost their pay:
As they view the frescoed hall,
Still loth to quit their mates,
In the filtered beams that fall
Through the blazoned shields of state,
Though no argument for love
Of our common flag ther sought,
Yet the sunlight streaming from above
This Union lesson tanght -
Yea, the blessed sunlight from above
This Union lesson taught :
"As the smn, supreme and bright,
Shining equally on all,
Poureth down a common light
On this crystal-covered hall,
So our Union-orb of orbs-
Sheds a glory fixed and true,
Though the shield of every state absorls Some beams of different he;
Though the shield of every state absorbs Some beams of varied line.
" Would you tear the temple down, Change our blessing to a bane,
And plack from nationhood the crown
It cost so much to gain?
If no imner voice mpraids,
If no patriot promptings warn,
Back to your swamps and everglades
Where alligators swarm-
Those Indian-haunted swamps and glades Where alligators swarm.
"We may hearken to your call, And take pity on your fate, When the monsters round yon crawl, And the red men lie in wait;
Some relief we may afford-
But tempt us not too far;
A thousand years have not restored The Pleiads' wandering star--
The six bright sisters have ignored That sad, repentant star.
"Now "go, if go you must ; We fling the portals wide;
Go, if you think your quarrel just, And dare its trial bide;
Our Union's dome beneath
We miss no single star,
No weapons shall our hands unsheath Your homeward way to bar-
Twine for yourselves a separate wreath, And shine a single star.
"Of many flowers and vines
In glittering contrast, now
The garland of the Union shines
On freedom's radiant brow;
The bud you gave take down,
But think of this and heed-
To-day 'tis portion of a crown,
To-morrow but a weed-
To-day 'tis part of Freedom's crown ;
Remored-a worthless weed."

The two grew pale and thin, And they trembled in their shoes;
Yea, every inch of quivering skin Exuded icy dews;
But to treason they were pledged, Thongh they found the trial sore, And, as nearer to the door they edged, They blubbered more and more ;
To Disunion as they nearer edged, :
Her features shocked them more.
At last they fled away
Into darkness- to their fate.
God speed them! we can only pray,
And save them ere too late;
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H 2

And God save all the weak Who, from some fancied wrong,
Throw off-not knowing what theer seekThe buckler of the strong-
The Union's bond to sever seek, The buckler of the strong.


TEN YEARS TOO L.ITE.
I own thy beanty once did thrill My every vein with living fire, My soul lay subject to thy will.

To kill with frowns-with smiles inspire;
But passion calms its headlong tide, And youthful dreams will dimmer grow
When met with that unticlding prideSuch as was yours ten years ago.

One heedless word can oft destroy
The hope to which a soul is clinging :
The tender flower of love and jor
Can brook no storm across it winging.
So, lady, let us both forget
The thonght "tis only pain to know.
And meet as though we neer had met
In that past life-" ten years ago."


BIRTII OF THE BATTLE YEAR.
OMENS OF EIGIITEEN SIXTY-ONE.
Gloomy and dark was the night, when a Fate Clanored, and loudly, ontside the gate :
"(1pen and fling the Dead Year ont-
Wcleome the New with a festal shout!
'Tis a ruddy child, with dimpled limbs.
And eyes that no care or sorrow dims:
Welcome it, then, with cheers and hrmis-
Welcome the young New lear!"
Never a laugh through the castle rang.
But the bolts shot back with a heary clang:
The flickering lamps gave a wan hue light
As the hast mashed in from the sleety night;

And around the couch of the dying year,
With faces reflecting both sorrow and fear,
Gathered the waiters from far and near-
Not a smile for the young New Year.
Beueath black rafters, curving down
O'er a floor of black and walls of brown,
Stretched on a pallet, with struggling breath,
The Old Year sought the escape of death ;
While around him stood, in a mute, sad ring,
Many who only had felt his sting,
But who feared some more evil and hideous thing
In the reign of the young New Year.
"Fling wide the carred and ponderous door:
Lift him gently, and walk before,
Ye with the hoods and rods of white;
Carry him out into empty night;
For the clock betokens the midnight hour,
And his death-knell tolls in the ivied tower-
This moment, for weal or woe, to power
Ascends the young New Year.
"Dark Fate, with clouds and shadows capped,
In whose wide mantle, close enwrapped,
The young New Ycar is hither borne,
Hath the world cause to smile or mourn?
What say the omens of his reign?
What do the Destinies ordain-
Is it peace or battle, joy or pain?
Speak for the young New Year."
No word the dark, mute Fate let fall
As. her shadow flitted across the wall;
But, bending over the racant couch,
One moment she appeared to crouch;
Then, rising, towering higher and higher,
Seen by the light of the flickering fire,
Just on her exit the lamps expire-
Sad sign for the young New Year.
"Trim the lights afresh till they all burn bright; Fill the wassail bowl for one festal night; Burn larger logs till the flames reveal
Those shapes which the shadows now conceal;
Let the oldest flagons of wine be brought,
And the best old stories our fathers taught,
And the songs that were dearest in youth be sought
To welcome the young New Year."

So passed the night in a feverish dream, In pleasures that had a hectic gleam :
For beneath the gayest smile, thus forced, Cold tremors of terror thilled and coused;
And the groined roof, curving grimly down O'er a floor of black and walls of brown, lad a mystical threat-a prophetic frownAs we toasted the young New Year.

When morning dawned and the shadows fled, We drew the curtains, and round the bed All gathered to see what the Fate had left To replace the Old Year, of life bereft. "Twas a sickly child, of a wam, pale face, With many a mutter and strange grimace-
"'Tis a poor exchange we have had in place Of the dead and gone Old Year."

But let's make the hest of the evils known-
Let the boldest front to the foe he shown;
For still in the heart of the nation dwells:
A pulse that true to the L'nion swells;
And perhaps the omens we now dephore,
Heralding carnage from shore to shore,
May be lessons merely, and nothing more.
Designed for the young New Year.
So bring the garlands and deck the couch,
Let the prophets of good their faith aronch:
Let every foreboding of eril fade,
And the lirth of this ominons year be made
So joyous and festive. with song and wine.
That, even though coming with ill desigu.
The purpose of wrong it may yet resign-
Thus we drink to the young New Year.

## TIHIRTY YEARS OLD

'Twas twelve o'clock, and the honse was lushed:
The fire was low-twas wintry weather:
The mirror with hurid light was flushed,
And the very chairs seemed to creep together.
I sat and thought, in a dreamy way.
Of dear old friends and dear ohd places.
And romed me gathered an odd array
Of ohd, fantastic, friendly faces.

Sitting alone in my easy-chair, Slippered and gowned for a night of leisure,
Suddenly came a step on the stair,
Halting and slow as an old man's measure.
Twisting aronnd with a nervous start As I heard the door-knob click and rattle,
You could hear the beatings of my heart
As I braced myself for a burglar battle.
Nearer and nearer the footsteps grew;

* Holding my breath, I braced my sinews ;

Slower it came as closer it drew-
"'Tis death," I muttered, "‘ if this continues.
Come!" I cried, with a nerrous twinge;
And opening stealthily, half way shrinking,
'The door revolved on its silver linge,
And my heart the while kept sinking-sinking.
In then popped an old white head, Curiously wrinkled, curiously ruddy :
"Old Father Time I am called." he said; "May I pay yon a visit in your study ?"
I laughed: " Oh ho! no burglar this!
Welcome, old Time, thon doubt-dissolver ;
But it's well for you, by Jove it is, That I hadn't my hand on a Colt's revolver."

Bitterly smiled the wrinkled manBitterly smiled as in sad derision:
" Killing old Time is an easy plan, Which thousands appear to have made their mission.
But yon," and here he grimly bowed, The grimmest of all grim smiles dispensing.
"Are neither so hot-brained, nor half so loud As you were when the race was first commencing.
"You've learned, I guess, that the world is not A bowl in which only sweet things mingle;
That pleasure and pain are the common lot, Which seldom or never approach us single;
You are tanght that words do not always show The heart's sincere and true confession;
And you've learned to scan the straight-laced man, Who is londest and longest in fair profession."
"So far, all's well; but more remains: You must now take care of the dollars dirty ;
A man should have something to show for his pains By the time he turns the stile of thirty.

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Get you a wife!" At that fearful thought, Waking, from out my chair I started;
"Copr:" my printer's devil cried, And my rision of Time was a thing departed.


SIMILES.
One asked me where the sunlight grem, And where it never dies?
In silence then I pointed to
The hearen in sylvia's eyes.
Another, where the moon doth go
When paled by morning's glare?
"Gaze-gaze on Sylvia's breast of snow. You'll see the moonlight there."
A third said, where doth Virtue rest? Then forth my words did start:
"In Srlvia's face ron'll find express'd The goodness of her heart."
In seareh of beauty, grace, and wit, No longer vainly stray,
Seek Sylvia's shrine, and at her feet
Your humblest homage pay.


## NEW VERSION UF JOHN BROWN,

AS OHORESED WITH IMMENSE EFFECT BY THE TIIAD RUODE IST.AND NEGEO MINSTRELH, ATTACHED TO THE TENTH ATMY CORPS, M.LRCI $30,156{ }^{\circ}$.

Words by Rev. M. A. French, LL.D. ; Music by Smiff.
[Ye first verse recites ye entirely trimmphal manner of General Foster's entry into Port Royal Harbor, theremnto adding ye attitnde in which ye general returned to Norft Caroliny.]
John G. Foster, oh ! he brought his body South,
John G. Foster, oh! he bronght his hody South,
But Johmy has gone homeward with his fingers in his mouth. As we go marching on.
Sing [chorns led by yat distinguished soldier-man, Brigatier General E. E. Potter]
Sing Glory, glory hallelujah, etc., etc.
[Verse Second, chanted after ye mamer of a dirge br ye Brigatier General Ledler, with ye starred, red shoulder-strapis, sets forth ye
object which brought ye great General Foster South, and reflects unbecomingly on ye powers of ye second Big Ingin Potter as a pleader.]
John G. Foster, oh ! for Charleston he was hot,
John G. Foster, oh! for Charleston lie was hot,
He gave his case to Potter, but yc pleader went to pot,
And Hunter marched him on.
Sing [chorus led by ye man with starred, red shoulder-straps, and illustrated with recriminating variations by ye great soldier-man Potter]
Sing Glory, glory hallelajah, etc., etc.
[Verse Third pays ye homage of derout admiration to ye unsurpassed and magnificent qualities of ye members of ye great Conqueror

- Foster's staff'-all ye members of ye staff, without exception, joining in ye chorus at ye top of their voices, but none others singing. Chorus led by Sirgeon Snelling, ye medical director.]
John G. Foster, oh ! had a brilliant staff,
John G. Foster, oh ! had a brilliant staff',
But honest Uncle David, oh ! he couldn't stand their chaff,
And so he marched them on.
Sing [chorus led with a will by Lientenant Colonel Francis Darr, ye chief commissary, who has pledged himself to issue extra rations of ye beverage known as " B . Whisky" to every one outside ye staff itself who will join in ye above verse]
Sing Glory, glory hallelujal, etc., etc.
[Verse Fourth recites, with a vigor and terseness that is refreshing, ye action taken by ye real Big Ingin of ye department, otherwise known as ye "Uncle David," and which action was communicated to ye brilliant staff aforesaid, as his high appreciation of ${ }^{\circ}$ their many excellent qualities, by ye fierce little man y'clept Major E. Worthington Smiff, with two effs.]
"Git out of my department," was our Uncle David's cry,
"Git out of my department," was our angry uncle's cry,
"Away to John G. Foster by the first conveyance fly,
And say I'm marching on."
Sing [chorus led by ye gay and festive Fessenden, with accompaniments of high old equestrian feats by ye boy Skimer and ye Acting Assistant Adjutant General Sealy, Acting Deputy Commodore Kinzie playing a break-down on ye banjo, and dancing ye same, while ye agent of Adams's Fxpress chimes in with ye appropriate melody of a Hebrew's labial and dental harp]
Sing Glory, glory laallelujah, etc., etc.
[Verse Fifth is of ye deeply and touchingly pathetic kind, all the chief mourners having wet red cotton kerchiefs applied to their streaming eyes-the youth Samuel stockton giving an occasional mop with his own wipe to ye streaming visionary orbs of General Seymour, whose hands are oceupied in playing re Dead March of Saul on a flute specially muftled for ye occasion by Lieutenant Colonel J. F. Hall, P.M.G.-meaning Provider of XIusical Gear for the Department. Several cullud pussums enter while this chorns is going, squeeze the red cotton kerchiefs into buckets, which are then carried down to ye good ship "John Faron." and there presented to ye great soldier-man E. E. Potter, in a neat speech, delivered in Congo dialect by ye boy "Congress," who has been retained for this ceremony.]
For John G. Foster, boys, we drop our tender tears,
And for the staff of Foster, boys, we shed sererial tears:
They've gone up in a big balloon, and won't come down for years. As we go marching on.
Sing [chorus led by Major Snmiff, in a pair of blue soldiers' pants, fitting miraculonsly round his flanks]
Sing Glory, glory hallelujah,
Glory, glory hallelujah,
Glory, glory hallelujah,
As we go marching on.
Headquarters, Hilton Head, S.C.



## OMAHONY OF THE COMERAGIIS. ${ }^{30}$

an initation of the ancient ibish, from the works of the fotr yastets.

* Give me your hand, O'Mahony ;

Come to my heart, O'Mahony;
Friend of my soul. O'Mahony-
Chief of the Comeraghs !
Great have your toils been, O'Mahony :
Long has your watch been, OMalhony;
Soon we will rest, O'Mahony-
Rest on the Comeraghs.
Let the dogs bark, O'Mahony ;
Snarl at your heels, O'Mahony:

- Snarling and barking, OMahony-

Chief of the Comeraghs !
This they can prove, O'Mahony-
All they can prove, OMahony-
They are not fit peers for O'Iahonv,
Chief of the Comeraghs!

Black are the monntains, O'Mahony, Sivift are the streams, O'Mahony,
Fruitful and green are the valleys,
Far hid in the hashed Comeraghs.
Gray are the rocks, o'Mahony,
Golden the furzes, O'Mahony,
And purple and drooping the heather bells, Clothing the Comeraghs.

Wildly the eagles, O'Mahony,
Scream o'er the peaks, O'Mahony,
Where the soft clouds of the morning
Stoop to the Comeraghs;
There we will rest, O'Mahony-
Rest on some ledge, O'Mahony,
Looking far down, O'Mahony-
Down from the Comeraghs.
Thousands of smoke-wreaths, O'Mahony,
Curling up bluely, O'Mahony,
From the thatched roofs beneath us,
Couched in the Comeraghs,
These we will waken, O'Mahony--
Waken with bugles, O'Mahony,
When our old hanner goes homeward,
Ahd visits the Comeraghs.
High on that ledge, O'Mahony,
Soon the green banner, O'Mahony,
"Sim-burst and harp" far flashing,
We'll give to the Comeraghs:
While thick through the valleys, O'Mahony,
Swarm all the trie men, O'Mahony,
Shouting and pushing to join us,
Iligh up on the steep Comeraghs.
Oh, by the God of all battles!
Oh, by the great God of battles !
The spirits of Hugh and Tyrconnell
Will smile on the Comeraghs.
By the ghosts of Kildare and of Lucan,
By the blood of O'Niel and Lord Edward,
By Emmet and Tone, our lost leaders,
We'll meet on the Comeraghs !
And then, like a torrent, O'Mahony, Bursting down headlong, O'Mahony,
With fair Tipperary before us.
Behind us the grim Comeraghs,

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Our land shall be free, O’Mahony-
Free as the eagles, O'Mahony,
Swooping and screaming in circles
Round the peaks of the great Comeraghs.


## A TOAST AND A CHEER.

Gather round me, friends and comrades, Let us drink a wassail bowl
"To the gentle hearts that love us, 'To the pure and good of soul."
Life is short, too quickly passing, And each year seems but a day-
Then accept each flying moment, And enjoy it while we may.

What is sorrow met with courage?
For it can not bring disgrace,
And misfortune soon will vanish
If yon look it in the face.
The coward shrinks and shivers
When the clonds their shadors cast ;
The brave man trusts in God alone, And struggles to the last.

What matter if dull slanders' tooth Hath fastened on thy name.
Or vears of labor find thee still lithont a golden fame?
'Time settles with us, one and all: So pay no worldly toll,
But drink "to those who love us."
To the pure and good of soul.

## LABOR'S WAR SONG.

${ }^{T} \mathrm{P}$, brethren, up! The world is not so bad as some would make it.
Although we till a stubbon lot,
The plow of toil can break it ;
And wheat-a sea of amber-froth-
White apple bloom and blushiug cherries.
Will soon replace the thistle growth
And bitter bramble-herries.

For life's a field-a goodly field, Where skill and long endeavor
Can make the barren wilderness
Her Eden bower forever.
Wherever Reason bids you go, Be prompt and firm to follow;
Never build a house on Age's snowTradition is but hollow.
With eyes that never shon the light,
Even thongh it show your past mischances,
Ride down the phantom blood of night
With troops of gallant fancies.
For life's a fight-a stubborn fight,
Where hope and fresh endearor
Can orercome the host of Care Forever and forever.

Should sorrow hem yon in tipon
Some bleak and lonely mountain,
Ne'er sigh for the forsaken lawn
And willow-shaded fomtain ;
But on the lightning-shivered top,
Learn of the eagle self-reliance,
And let the whirlwinds, as they drop,
Bear down your bold defiance.
For life's a fight-a gallant fight,
Where heart and strong endearor
Shall win the palm and wear the palm Forever and forever. -
Besieged in Wrant's despised retreat,
And with resource but scanty,
Fling over half you'd like to eat,
That men may think you've plenty;
'Twas thus the Goth was driven from Rome, And 'tis a maxim broadly Roman,
Whate er the tears that fall at home,
Langh lond before your foeman.
For life's a siege-a long-drawn siege, A fierce protracted trial,
Where fate forever gives the palm
To hope and self-denial.
Should those yon befriended in distress
Forget yon-'tis the fashion--
Ne'er let them know their worthlessness
Had power to more your passion ;

Be cool, and smile; the war of life
Again may place you far above them;
And, should you chance to meet in strife,
Then prove how much you love them.
For life's a fight-a varying fight,
Defeat and vietory liended,
Though wrong may triumph for a while,
Right wins ere all is ended.
Should she who shared your summer lot
Now shun your cold caresses,
Oh, blame her not-oh, hurt her not,
But loose her golden jesses;
She never loved: no power on earth
Can change a woman's true affection,
Nor is the laggard falcon worth
A moment's sad dejection.
Forget her frailty in the fight
Where brain and bold endeavor
Still win at will a changeless crown
Forever and forever.
Avoid the fruitless strife of ereed-
You can not turn or guide it :
Let heaven award the victor's meed,
And priest with priest decide it;
Believe that life is Heeting breath.
Be just to man and lore your neighbor,
And take this ritual for your faith-
"Truth, temperance. and labor;"
And thas the clonds of wrong that veil
The heaven of life will sever.
And the palm he his who wears the mail
Of faith and firm endeavor.


TRANSLATIONS FROM IIOR.ICE-NO. NI.
BOOK lH., ODE XXI. VERY FREELY TRANSLATED BY CHARLES HROADBENT.
Thon precious cask, sealed up on the same morning
Mine eyes first opened to the sum's bright ray.
My dusty cellar-bin so long adorning,
Come forth, and shed your fragrance on my way.
Whether you lold within you food of quarrel.
Or wit, or love, or gentle sleep, or play,
Come from your shelf, my old and trusti- harrel.
We ll tap your side on this anspicious day.

Descend! for Wideswarth comes, and would inspect thee;
Pour forth a flood of rich and mellow wine;
Ilis soul will not Maine-ławishly reject thee,
Though it has drunk the music of the Nine.
Old Cato's iron virtue is recorded,
When full of thee, more tenderly to shine,
And many a careworn spirit is rewarded
By the soft stimulant it finds in thine.
You ease the cares, and fears, and secret sorrows, Even of the wise, with each inspiring drop;
The trembling soul from you fresh courage borrows,
And weak men cry to wealthy tyrants "Stop!"
Inspired with thee, the coward fears no longer, For thon monto him art a sturdy prop;
And poor men bow not down mito the stranger,
But call them truly either knave or fop.
Come, Father Bacchus, and thou, Cyprian goddess. If in good humor, come, and bring along
The Graces. each with an ungirdled bodice-
Come to the wine-cup and the gladdening song.
Come; and with mirth, and reveling, and dancing,
We'll drive away whatever doleful seems,
Until bright Phebus, oer the mountain glancing, Outshines our light in his more plenteous beams.


## THE SOUVENIR.

Ah: lady, howsoe'er it fall In Time's protracted race,
No flowers are needed to recall Thy pure and gentle face.
Within my heart thy image lives Throngh all life's busy hours,
While hope a greater perfume gives Than e'er was breathed by flowers.
But thanks for the memorial sent, The leaf and pansy too,
So neatly and so sweetly blent Within the ribbon blue.
When fades from erery leaf the tint, Yet prized by me the same;
My beating heart shall proudly hint
From whence the leaflets came.

Fit emblems of our summer hours, Without a clond o'ercast,
The ribbon with its yotive flowers shall well recall the past-
lecall me to the beach of sand Where still the breakers shine, And the gentle lady from whose hand This pansy passed to mine.

## TO A WEALTHY AMATEUR CRIFIC.

NOT AT ALI SCPPOSED TO BE WRITTEN BY LORD BYRON.
They tell me 'tis decided yon condemn :
Yon may be wrong, or I, perhaps, too rain;
I have no power the critie-power to stem,
Nor, though I had, should 1 incur the pain:
Far casier is it for me to contemn
You and your censure, as you scorn my strain.
My verse, it seems, calls forth your moral fears.
And o'er each page you shed "Peeksniflian" tears.
I wrote-still scribble-and for this hare lost some idle hours and your eitcemed esteem :
Nor do I yet regret what it hath cost.
Nor your sharp stricture as conclusive deem:
No tender flower that withers in the frost,
No milksop minstrel in a sickly dream,
I still can sleep, walk, dance, and drink and dine.
Read your critiques-and some are really fine.
Your pen is of your life a thing apart-
It is my whole existence. Yon may gain
An hotr"s amusement from the scribling art-
I write for bread: and if this be a stain
Upon my muse's 'scutcheou, ask your heart What could you do shoukd fortune not remain
You friend as now? Is this conclusion right-
I cat and seribble; you would starve and write:
You will proceed in rour ungnerdoned way.
Condemning fifty and jernsing one:
For me, so long as publishers will pay.
I own my course of rhyming but begnn.
Scalp, as you will-no leniener, I pray:
I neither hate a critic nor a dun:
Both, to be sure, are necessary evils-
had at the hest, but not entirely devils.
"My rerses are mequal." Be it so.
The world itself is full of woe and weal :
My pen still follows where my feelings flow.
And, good or bad, I speak the thing I feel.
As the muse wills it, why the jade may go ;
I own no snaffle, and i use no heel;
The sparined Pegasus just takes her leisure,
Nor e'er for business will forego her pleasure.
I have no more to say-yet scribble still, Eking out lines as spimers do their Hax;
I had not lived till now conld eritics kill (What rhyme will serve? Oh tell me, John G. Eaxe!
In words, I know, thou hast a pretty skill-
Areh wielder of the jingling lingiad axe.
See! conjured thas by him, their master-spirit
Rhymes hap into my lines soon as his name they hear it.)
And so farewell, my critic. I have brought
A friend to help me in the dire distress
Of that last stanza, where I else was caught
In what the world calls "an infernal mess."
Pour out your vials; let each sentence, fraught
With seorn and hatred, down upon me press;
I wait with meekest patience your review,
But, for the present, wish you well. Adien !


## SYLVİA.

Oh fly, my heart, to Sylvia fly, And tell her that I pine-I dieThat every breath is but a sigh
Of grief-of pain-for love's desires. Oh! tell her that so fondly shrined
Within my heart her image kind,
'To all beside my soul is blind,
And love consumes me with its fires.
Oh! tell dear Sylvia that my brain Awakes to life and hope again, And thonghts that long have dormant lain
Come rushing at a headlong pace.
Oh say, my heart, that she alone
Has taught thee seerets long unknown,
And all my soul to her has flown-
The queen of beauty, love, and grace.

Return, my heart, from Sylvia's arms, Ind say responsive lose alarms
Her breast-so fair from virgin charm: And bids me to her bosom fly.

My passion knows no purer blis-,
No love-no other life but this:
One hour of heaven in Sylvia's kis:One warm embrace of love-then die:

## OLDEN MEMORIES.

Once again, with memory toving, Brings a vision of the past-
Every ofden will employing, Opening treasures rich and rast.
Comes the early passion, seeming All a world of rapturons blise,
Boyhood's youthful hopes and dreaming Crowned and radiant with a kiss.

Sorrowing pass in endless number Shadowy files of marching sears,
Buried in perpetual slumber, Dimmed and stained with bitter tear:.
Falls, in gentle dalliance, longing Oer the mirror of my hrain
One fond shape, and round it thronging.
Love and hope awake again.
Ah! that phantom let me follow; Nothing ean its place supply:
All succeeding hopes are hollowDust and ashes to the eve.
Gone the glorions inspiration, Girdling life with passion's zone,
Leaving but the dull staguation Of the heart when all is known.

Panting. longing for the highest, And condemned to sigh in vain,
Seeing hopes that seemed the nighest Yanish like a ghostly train :
Little left to make exertion Worth the labor of its cost-
All that is a weary version Of the perished and the lost.

Oh ! in many a night of sorrow, When the hours have no relief, And the darkness seems to borrow Deeper shadows from our griefThen again, with memory toying, Comes the vision of the past,
And on these our thoughts employing, Daylight breaks on us at last.


## THEATRICAL GINGERNUTS.

In the upper crust ring there's a gay little clique, Who greatly admire one another,
And who go to the theatre once in a week
To splurge it and kick up a bother.
They hire a cheap box, and within it they crowd Till as full as a bandbox they're packed it,
And they laugh and tell stories so noisy and loud That the whole of the house is distracted.
"The Gingernnt Club" they are happily called, And a gingerbread crew yon will find them;
By frowns of impatience and raps unappalled, No restraints of decornm can bind them;
They grin and they smirk, do these small upper "crust," ()n a mutual plan of admiring,

And you'd think, as you watehed them in pain and disgust, 'Taras the honse, not the box, they were hiring.


## THE MARCHIONESS.

A summer languor dreaming o'er her face, A look half smile-yet breathing half a sigh-
Her step an echo whispering every grace,
The stately marchioness sweeps grandly by.
I form that no rude gesture ever mars,
Its glowing beauty radiant in repose;
Warm as the sumbeam-tranquil as the stars-
Chaste as the lily-sensuons as the rose.
A brow as clear as April morning air,
A mild gray eye of rich and lustrous hue:
Soft waving tresses of dark auburn hair,
And shell-shaped ears, small and vein-penciled bhe. 18

## The Poetical Worls of

Lijs, rivaling Cupid's roseate bed of flowers, Stand sentry at a gate of glistening pearl:
A voice like melodies of childhood's hours Bridging the lust years of the budding girl.

I vesture regal as an Orient queen,
A single jewel flashing vainly bright, Seeking to rival with its brilliant sheen

Her swan-like bosnm, pure and ivory white.
ifer motion was one grand harmonious swell Of charmed music when the eye is fair ;
And as she walked, a fragrant incense fell
From garment perfumes to anoint the air.
Ah! life, that lingered in that placid look
Like dreams of smset on some antumn dar-
Ah ! grief, my very soul its God forsook,
And in her smile passed all content away.
Fair marchioness, to every memory dear,
A glance of Eden's symmetry was given
To thee, to show how angels-even here-
Are found and draped to fill the choirs of hearen.


## COOL OF THE EVENING.

Lady, it bat little mattersMatters least of all to you-
Whether I am warm or callons. False to love, or fond and trne.

Be assured you need not fear meNe'er to you a pledge I'll break;
For the plain and simple reason That I have no pledge to make.

All the sighs to you I ofter Shall be passionate and sincere;
Only when you hear them, tell me. For I ton might like to hear.

Blame not that my eres will kindle Gazing on a beateons form-
Hearen has saved yon from the insult Of such glancer, keen and warm.

Madam, from your thoughts dismiss me, Cease to rail against my name;
Time has been when you grew careless, And 'twas my care saved your fime.
I am careful, when not eager, Where to love would be a task;
And chaste as Joseph when temptation Woos me in an ugly mask.
Therefore silence, and forget me, Or my memory, at last,
May present some startling picture: sketched and painted in the past.


## THE MYSTIC VOICE.

Earth is a realm of ceaseless change,
Where forms are merged in fresher forms; .
And still the beantiful and strange
Are cradled in destructive storms;
For Nature's alchemies impart
New life to all transmuted things,
And lend the flesh-decaying heart
The external spirit's tireless wings.
The sordid shrine, whose vestal fire
Burns dim within the grosser frame,
May perish, but the rays aspire,
And reach once more from whence they came.
We pass, as through the entrancéd flood,
From Egypt's toil to Canaan's bloom,
And witl the sacrifice of blood
We find new life beyond the tomb.
Still, through the vast and deepening void,
Like sentient flames the spirits come-
Eternal, changeless, undestroyed,
And speaking, though the grave be dumb.
Within the sonl their rital spell
Reveals the fount from whence it rose-
The beautiful-the terrible-
The strange preamble to the close.
And thou whose soul with ardor filled
Hast seen the fire and heard the roice, For whom the future field is tilled,

And waits the harrest, make thy choice.

It lie. before thee; struggle, strive, Thou canst not beat conriction back ; Weak fugitive from higher life, Eternal wings pursue thy track.

Alı ! traitor soul, for whom in vain The veil of hearen was drawn aside, As if to give thy cleansed brain An ampler scope, a steadier guide-
Thou slave of sense, still madly haled Across the unfroitful waste of years-
Thou stagnant ship, whose white sails. furlerl, Rot idly, dropping stagnant tears.
Awake! Bevond the impassive grave The spheres of being spread afar, Circle on circle, wave on wave, An ocean, where each freighted star
Is as a bark that bears along,
From suffering to the blissful shore,
The beautiful, the good, and strong.
Their term of sad probation o'er.
Earth dies, and heaven with purer light
Prepares to eluthe our mystic orb:
Bright spirits move in riewless flight To cheer the dying, and absorb
The falsehoods which have mingled still Their pain in life's enchanted bowl ;
Heaven's only keys are human will,
A striving lore, an earnest suml.


## A DRINKING SONG.

Oh! here's to the wine-the ruby wine,
That touches the lips with bloom,
Like a purple fire consuming care.
And lighting our darkest glom.
It gladdens the heart with rosy light-
May its glory neer decline :
For our sonls are ghad and our hopes are bright
While quaffing the purple wine.
Then here's to the wine-the flashing wine.
As it beadeth the cup of jor.
And, king like, mounts upon Reason's throne.
Making dull sense its tor.

Oh, it claspeth the hand of our fainting soul, With passion lights the eyes,
And radiant from out the burning bowl
We see young Love arise.
Then here's to the wine-the deathless wine; No kingly jewels surpass
The liquid rubies which flash and shine
In the depths of each brimming glass.
All praise we give to the nectar sweet, All praise to the bearing vine-
Praise to the board at which true friends meet, And praise to the purple wine.


## THE RUBY RING.

Dear brother, when the listless pen sways idly in my wearied fingers,
And round my throbbing heart and brain
No ray of brighter fancy lingers,
I catch the sparkle of the stone
That speaks of friendship undecaying,
And straight the clonds aside are thrown-
A fresher light is round me playing.
They say that talismans of old Protected from all hidden dangers:
That spirits lay within the gold,
At once protectors and avengers.
The ring you gave, like these, may prove
The bane of grief, the somree of pleasure :
For all is pleasing that can move
Remembrance of an absent treasure.
Like friendship's fire, the brilliant toy, Deep set in memory's golden circle,
Throws back the ruddy beam of joy,
And in the dullest night will sparkle.
The ring, like memory-endless bothIts warmth from out my heart is getting,
And, like myself, of foreign growth, Rejoices in a Yankee setting.
My muse-a woman, and you know The female lieart inclines to jewels-
Whene'er she wants " full speed" to go, Her engine at the ruby fuels.

The pistons of alternate rhyme
Move up and down with steady motion ;
The train of thought, defying time,
speeds on through earth, and air, and ocean.
The Koh-i-noor in Britain's crown
Is India's blood-mark set upon her ;
The sapphire clasp of beauty's gown
Perchance was purchased by dishonor.
The miser's gold is dim with tears,
And rusted thick with cent. per centage ;
My ring, then, clearly it appears,
O'er these can claim immense adrantage.
The lips, by Cyprian Venus planned,
Convey love's telegraphic greeting,
But friendship meets us hand to hand,
To feel how either's pulse is beating;
And on that hand this ring I hold,
As prized as talisman by dervis,
And may that hand be foul and cold
When'tis not warmly at thy service.


## TO NEA.

I never dreamed that yon could love me, And now tis time we part:
You are too fair, and far too high above me-
I may not reach thy heart.
On different paths our feet must press:
You, bound for pleasure's blossomed altar :
While o'er the hills, with heavier stress, My fainting footsteps falter.
Alas: the hopes my soul that haunted
In the now spectial past;
You the sole treasure that my spirit raunted,
My first love and my last ;
This single passion filled my lreast,
Throngh all my manhooi burning clearer :
And Fame I measured by the test-
To thee it brings me nearer.
But gone-all gone the glorions vision :
Shadows across it fall:
And time has taught me, with its chill precision.
The lessou taught to all:

That love, like other mortal things,
Grows weary of protracted waiting,
And that it rends its shining wings
Against the rough world grating.
I've learned the work more fully now,
But still, till memory perish,
Your image, with its radiant brow,
My faithful heart shall cherish ;
And wheresoe'er your fate be cast, In shade or sunshine, gloom or lustre,
Borne from the friendships of the past, My thoughts shall romd thee clnster.
With all a lover's eager care
I watch thy happy lot,
Praying for thee a fortune fairMyself perhaps forgot.
And still I feel through all my strife
Thy holy inflnence gliding-
Thon art tine loadstar of my life,
My soul from earth diriding.


THE FERRY-BOATS OF GOTHAM.
The ferry-boats of Gotham, How glorionsly they glide,
With lamps of red and lamps of blue, Across the starless tide;
Through long defiles of blazing light On each street-studded shore;
No sound to break the hush of night Except the paddles' roar.
Around the Island City lie, Encircling block and mart,
Vast ships that rear against the sky A forest-growth of art;
And girdled thas with winged might-
Though now the wings are furled-
Manhattan is, what Venice was,
The Sea-Queen of the world.
Oh, ferry-boats, the argosies That tyrants lannched of yore,
To bring them gold, and gems, and spice From India's plundered shore,

Neer knew a freight so rich as this, That humbly, day by day,
To Brooklyn homes and social ease
From business ye convey.
Let Russia launch her birds of prey
Against the Crescent Moon,
And butcher in Sinope's Bay
The conroy of Batoon;
Let France and England, holding back, Deny the aid they swore,
Until the sea that once was Black,
Grow red with Turkish gore.
But ye, undaunted ferry-boats, Your pathless course pursue, Nor any nobler nary floats. Nor manned by hearts more true ;
Your mission is to spread content.
Love, joy, and wealth to bear-
Odd's life! I haven't got a cent
To pay my blessed fare.


## TIIE FIRST OF MAY.

The first of May, the first of May,
What lying poet called it gay?
There is the very devil to pay,
And no pitch hot, on the first of May.
The house I took a twelvemonth since.
And furnished fit to lodge a prince-
That cheerful house 1 quit to-day.
Because it is the first of May.
My carpets all are tom to shreds,
We have not where to lay our heads;
The heds are all menserewed, and we
Are "screwed" as tight as men can be.
Our new piano, new no more.
In fragments lies mon the floor ;
Onr Chima service, once so neat,
Now helps to pave the langhing street.
" Nlas!" I cry in ntter grief,
"Would hearen I were an Arab chief:
He roams about mented places.
And camps in every green oasis."

The wagoner's alone can say
The festival is truly gay;
The scallawags get a fortniglt's pay
For working on the first of May.


## A LOS'T LOVE.

The glory of the dream is past,
The sweet illusion melts in air',
And, calmly facing a despair,
I whisper, 'tis the last-the last-
'The last and most divinely fair,
The brightest, sumiest, and the last.
All forms of life, with rapid eye,
To seize, to ponder, and survey ;
To watch the scales tmrn either way,
And every truth to test and try-
To try, and yet how far we stray
When judging that for which we sigh !
Your friendship in its gilded bark
Glides on as calmly as before ;
But my impetuous fancy bore
A helmless boat beyond the mark,
And on a far surf-whitened shore
The wreck beats, drifting through the dark.
Henceforth we meet with less to dread,
And less to hope on either side;
Yon balanced on a holy pride,
And I on that which serves insteadA stubborn jealonsy to hide
The wound which most of all hath bled.

## THE REJECTED.

He bowed his head as if the chords Of life had smapped in twain ;
I could not catch his hurried words, But they sounded full of pain;
His eyes were lit with a feverish fire,
His cheek had a hectic stain,
And as he stooped to kiss my hand,
IIis tears fell down like rain.
I 2
$202 \quad$ The I'oeticul Works of

We met once more in after lears, When I-another's bride-
IIad learned to measure by my tears
The costliness of pride.
Amid the gay, unheeding crowd, Chance threw us side by side:
He seemed the wreck of a noble heart Whose hope had early died.
The unforgotten look returnedThe sad, impassioned look;
It seemed to pierce my very soul, And read it as a book.
He bowed his head and strove to smile: Alas! I could not brook
'To know how worthless all I gained. And see what I forsook.


TIIREE OF US AT THE FOUNTAIN. by wideswarth.
Come, Broadbent, Creyton, sit ye by my side.
And view yon colum with its foamy crest
Upspringing from the frog pond's glassy tide.
To fall again in suow upon its lreast.
()h, it is very beautiful : and mark

The golden glow it borrows fiom the west. As the red smight dwindles to a spark. And ferered day simks languidly to rest. Yet that hourse measure sadly fills my earMy soul with dark emotions is oppressed: A roice comes mingling with the murmur hereA stern and solemn woice that may not jestWideswarth. it says, tis thus yon vainly climb.
To fall as flat as this upon the tide of rhyme.

## THE FOUNTAIN ON BOSTON COMMON.

 to charies brombent and prifessor wideswarth, by pati. creyton.The heart of childhood is a virgin soil
All bright with hirds, and brooks, and smmy showers-
A paralise, whose vernal wines and flowers
The hounds of youthful folly spurn and spoil.
And mamhood tears it with the plow of toil.

And builds thereon a city-towers of pride,
And temples for its idols, side by side,
And streets jarred with the crash of life's turmoil ;
But noble souls like yours, oh honored friends, One pure bright fountain in the midst will leare,
All green-begirt. like this, which now, at eve,
A liquid silver willow heavenward tends,
Its murmurous branches in the moonlight blends, And to the peaceful scene a sweet enchantment lends.

## THE FOUNTAIN.

to widebwarth and creyton, by charles broadblet.
Green wooded fountain, with how glad a rush -
Thou leapest up from the surrounding clay,
Cleaving toward heaven thy rainbow-colored way,
And gleaming brightly in the crimson flash
Spread oer the west! Anon the starry hush
Of night will lull thee, and thy drifted spray
No more shall fall, like an alighting fay,
On the dry leaves now reveling in thy gush!
Say, friends, if Love's rich fountain eer shall fail
To fling its freshening waters from the heart,
In sorrow's night shall its lond tide depart,
And its bright plumage cease to fan the gale,
Shall we, who shared its noontide, ever know
That Love, like it, has but a summer flow?


## THE OPIUM DREAM.

BY AN EATER OF THE DRUG.
The shadows gather deeper round, They come with a tumultnous sound Of mittering thunder, and they swim Above me, o'er me, faint and dim. A thousand forms of speechless dread Flap on with slow wings o'er my head, And slowly stooping-while their eyes
Dilate to an umatural size-
Let fall a ghastly funeral gleam
Upon their own self-conjured dream.
They come ! They sail from darkness out, A hideous and fintastic ront-

Red eyes in every formless head,
Red clots upon the ghastly dead,
Red robes on every sweltering corse,
Red squadrons, rider, rein, and horse-
They leap from the walls and fill the air,
Their flying garments fan my hair-
God! what an iey tonch was there:
Old wrinkled women, in russet clad, Advancing silently and sad-
Old wrinkled women, whose gleaming eves
Ilint of immortal agonies,
l'eeping from mader each shadowy hood
Like phosphor sparks in a rotten wood.
Stealthy and silent the beldames all Creep up the perpendienlar wall, And, turning, drop in my lidless eyes Their own uns eakable agonies.
()h, tide of doult and utter woe, Ilorrible tide, that lies below
The unsounded sea of waking thought-
Dim tide with every monster franght-
While others, nor more pure nor strong,
Ilear in their sleep the seraph's song,
And mount, as ne er awake they rose.
Superior to our common woes-
What weird, magnetic spell is thine,
That drags me to your hateful brine
Whene'er my wearied lietson lowers
Her strained hands from the burning oar- ?


## VENICE'S NEW CHANCE.

The hands that moved on Freedom's clock
Already strike the appointed hour;
The toesin somds, the people flock,
Majestie in their banded power.
Italia wakes! From town to town The lealers cry "To arms! obey us!"
The Austrian sword, the papal crown,
Reel on the verge of chaos.
Up! all who bear the Latin heart;
Up! all who love the vengeful jor:
Let your fierce wrath like lightning dart
Tpon the tyrants, and destrox:

Up! from the Tiber to the Arve;
Let Insurrection's tocsin toll,
While weaponed arms united carve A path for the free soul.
Let Anstria's cut-throat legions learn

* 'To fecl and fear the Roman rage;

Let the fierce pontiff's eves discern The dawn of the millennial age.
Tell fratricidal France her hordes
No more shall bid Italia weep;
Reap a full harrest with your swords, And garner what you reap!
Up, Latins! by the foulest wrongs
That ever suffering manhood bore;
By ruffian steel and priestly thongs Imbued in patriot gore;
By every scaffold through the land: By dungeons, vault, and leprons spr-
Up! up! and with an armed hand strike down this living lie.
No more be scourged by priestly cords, No more be ruled by foreign steel, No more be robbed by foreign lordsArise! the tyrants reel.
Expect no merce, breathe no sigh In this last desperate throe for life;
Let "Death or Victory !" be the cry, And war unto the knife.


## TO LAURA-SINGING.

A breathless hush is in the hall, A silence deep as death;
The scolptured cherubs on the wall Appear to hold their breath, While floating forth in silvery strain Thy voice rings clear and high,
Now filled with passion's rapturons pain, Now lost in sorrow's sigh.

Ah: Lady Lamra, such a tone
As thine is seldom heard;
So lightly breathed, so quickly flown, And yet how deep it stirred

Those chords of feeling that have lain U'umoved and silent long,
Now roused again in heart and brain By thy awakening song.
Thy thoughts into the musie flow, And mingle with its tide,
And thou dost share the poet's woe, Or feel the poet's pride.
Thy genius, like the crystal spring, Reflects each passing form,
If rosy boughs above it swing, Or drifts the wintry storm.
I're heard, and yet again would hear The music of thy tongue:
Entranced in pleasure, eye and ear. My*soul upon thee hung.
Thy voice, like the old Itebrew's rod Sitretched o'er the prisoning sea,
Rolls back the dark and shadowy flood. Making our spirits free.

## OH, WANTON WIND.

Oh, wanton wind, world-kissing kind.
Thy zephyrs twined my Latra's tresses;
Bathed lip and hand with fragrance bland.
And even fanned those deep recesses
Where love is seen-warm couched, serene-
A rose-leaf dropped on summer billows.
Oh, heedless wind, to heanty blind.
Where couldst thou find more tempting pillow:?
The lily bell, whose anthers tell
The time so well, by you set ringing;
The rival rose, wherein repose
Queen Mab, and those minto her clinging-
The riolet sweet, the daisy neat-
should I rejeat each fragrant blossom-
Oh, careless wind, cotald all combined
So please the mind as Lanras bosom:
Insensate still: hence-hence and fill
The idle sail of yon bright ressel ;
And yet-ah stay ! ere hence you stray.
Leave me, I pras, your right to ne-tle :

Give me to seek her damask cheek,
And, whispering, speak what thon ne'er dreamest ; For me to lie one moment nigh

Her heart, and die, were bliss supremest.


ADVERTISEMENT EXTRAORDINARY. ${ }^{32}$
Lost, a politician's wallet, Portmomaie, or what-you-call-it, And the happy man who saw
What the fate that did befall it May on Rufus Anorews draw
For a place-a sinecure-
Worth two thousand dollars sure ;
Yea, to this smug sum each year
He can "read his title clear."
'Twas a pocket-book mysterious,
Filled with papers jocund, serions,
Business, social, patriotic,
Journalistic and erotic;
Plans of caucus and Conrention
siwelled its bulk beyond dimension :
Every kind of scrip and docket
Found its place in Thurlow's pocket ;
But the book is lost, and we
Search for its recovery.
It contained a note from Greelet,
Asking Therlow "if he really
Had decided as to who
Should be suddenly, put through
For Bill Seward's vacant shoe?
Grieley was prepared to take it
If all right 'my lord' could make it ;
And he then no more would tramp
In the wake of any scamp;
But he wanted 'Yes' or ' No,'

* That he might be governed so."

Then there came a note from Raymoni,
With a sort of oblique aim and
Purpose cautiously suppressed:
He in Paris wished to rest,
And for consul would be glad
If Lond Thunlow's aịl he had:

- The prospects of the times were bad-

Very dismal, very sad;
But whate'er the Times conld do Of service-zealons, constant, true-
Lord 'Tuurlow might make up his mind
IIe ever in its page should find,
If he to Sewarid a word would slip
For Raymond's Paris consulship."
And next there came-that we should pen it-
A sharp, clear note from J. G. Bexvett :
" French mission wanted-circulation
Larger than any in the nation-
Why is the weak, dull Daytos sent
'To where wit rates at cent. per cent.,
With Pexvington for his secretary,
Who, when they spak French, answers ' Nary ?'
The administration then may sway
The Herald's inflnence day by day.
And Therlow, without cost of dollar.
Become 'a gentleman and scholar.'.
This note from Cummags-short and sweet-
"The Wrorld, my lord. is at your feet:
It.: empty columns gaje to find
The astnte impress of your mind;
But don't let Cameros dispose
Of all the jobs in army clothes.
Rations and weapons, transportation-
The royal profits of the nation-
Without remembering mine and me.
Stanchest of all your friends, A.C."
Dozens of other pap ers were
Confided to the lost book's care.
111 equally of weight with those
The drift of which we here disclose.
Now who, by any "crook" or "hook."
Con find for ins this wondrous book.
And gain at W'eed an "inside" look?
Who can reveal to after ages
The curious secrets of its pages.
And let us know how Turbow noted
The schemes which round his path have ploated?

## MY DOVE IN HER NEST.

" Nay, your wine will make me heady;
We have ta'en enough already;
Let us go while we are steady;
Do not stir-I know my way."
So I lit my chamber candle,
sought my room, and turned the handle-
Lady togs, from ruff to sandal,
Loose across the lomger lay.
" Hearens!" I cried, alarmed and shaken,
"Surely I have been mistaken;
If the sleeping beauty waken,
What excuse for me remains?"
Fear the dangerous joy enhances,
Love with eager step advances-
Oh, the dreams, the langnors, trances,
Throbbing in my dove's young veins.
Blissful watch above her keeping,
Angels guard their sister sleeping-
Would they wake her should a peeping,
Bearded mortal ope the door?
Cautiously a pace adrancing,
Round the rose-silk draperies glancing-
Oh ! the sight divine, entrancing,
Haunts my dreams for evermore.
Flushed as May's young wealth of roses,
Lanra on the conch reposes,
And the billowy snow discloses
Outlines worth a sculptor's note :
Tresses loose-a golden wonder-
Crimson lips that smile asunder,
And one small hand creeping under
The crisp lace which fringed her throat.
Now a kiss were easy stealing,
But I dared not trust the feeling,
For my very soul seemed reeling
In the fullness of her view;
So I bowed my head and blessed her, l'rayed the angel host to rest her,
Softly said, " Sweet dreams, fair sister!"
And from that small heaven withdrew.

## A brace of sonnets,

DEDICATED TO PROFEGSOR WIDESWARTH BY CHARLES MROAIDENT.

## I.

Oh, Wideswarth! Feebly in these latter days
We seek to build the imperial somnet's throne,
Monarch of verse and poesie: the tone
Of modern converse ill can reach the lays
Which bound old Petrareh with immortal hay:
And gave him o'er this rlyythm to rule alone.
Milton, who drank his spirit, and made known
To our rough tongue the harmony that plays
And lightens oer the undivided thought
Of this intensest poetry, hath shown
How near the rude Norse utterance may be brought
To the soft music in Italia wronght.
And thon-alas! to mockery sometimes prone-
A portion of the melody hast caught.

## II.

And I have listened gladly to thy strain,
And thrilled in spirit to the solemn swell
Of music poured from out the rosy shell
Which some pale muse had tonehed-nor touched in wain-
With her white feet when wandering on in pain
Of.meditation through the sea-worn cell;
Her white brows.knit, and crowned with asphodel
Gathered by moonlight on the breezy plain
Which skints Parnassus: and I wondered how
Thy soul could deem so lightly of the spell
With which Apollo had adorned thy brow
(Still uiggard to my praver and earnest vow)
As to enweare the silken-threaded muse

- With darning-cotton, such as housewives nse.


## TIIE TROPIC BIRD.

Not of our forests art thou! Here the cold
Of winter soon would mar
Thy glittering plumage-from afar, From lands of gold.

And from the streams that roll along beneath The quivering lotus bowers,
Where spreads the palm, and amaranthine flowers In blushing wreath
Aye greet the kisses of the Eastern dawn, Comest thou to us, bright bird.
I envy not his heart who, all unstirred, Can look upon
Thy glittering wing, nor give his fancy rein
To tropic shore and glowing sky,
streams, temples, woods, and with a sigh
Receive it back again.
For me, I look on thee, and in a dream,
Before the gazing eye,
The gorgeous pageant of the East rolls by On Ganges' stream.

* Gem-studded gatleys, and the crimson slaves:
(Their tunics woven o'er
With sapphire studs and braids of yellow ore).
The cedar waves
Her emerald boughs above them; and on high,
Throned on the ivory poop,
The swarthy sultan, with a hoop
That well might buy
Our barren kingdoms on his ample brow;
And those young Georgian girls-
The raven tresses looped with sparkling pearls-
Before him bow,
All duteous to his nod. The silver oars
Flash as they hurry on
The peopled argosies! 'Tis gone!
The purple shores
Are silent, sare the speechless melody
Poured from the myrtle bowers.
What is't to me that here the hours
Of daylight flee?



## A VALENTINE.

TO DOLLY B——, TEN YEARS OLD.
On this pleasant day, dear Dolly, When, from young Love's lips, Touched by sweet Saint Valentine, The bond of silence slips;

Now, when tis allowed us
All om hearts to bare
At your modest maiden shrine, Thius I kneel and swear :
"Hear and heed me, Dolly,
I pledge my love to-day,
And when you come to womanhood, Oh, then the debt repay."
The bright glad hours of girlhood, The frolie soul that trips
On silvery feet o'er rosy paths-
The pure and langhing lips;
The golden curls, the mantling blush,
The blue and sindess eyes-
Oh, never may the future bid
A cloud o.er these arise.
"But hear and heed me, Dolly, I pledge my heart to-day, And when you come to womanhood, Oh, then the debt repay."

Each year, while ripening beanty
Gives roundness to your form;
When the heart now full of gayety
Grows softer and more warm;
When your blush hath deeper meaning,
And your eyes are darker hoed,
Again, before yom altar-shrine,
This pledge shall be renewed:
"so hear and heed me, Dolly.
My heart is thine to-day.
And when you come to wom:mhood.
Oh, then the debt repay."

## MY SOUL IS SAD.

NEW VERSION.
My soul is sad! Oh, quickly bring
The cup I yet can love to drain,
And let its fragrant sweetness fling
Delicions langnor romd my brain.
If in this heart one joke remain.
The cmp shall charm it into line:
If there he any balm for pain,
It is-it is in glorions wine.

But bid the cup at first be mild, Nor let its strength come on too soon;
I tell thee, waiter, I have smiled
At least a dozen times since noon.
And now I ask of thee a boon
(Here-take this quarter for your trouble)-
Do you observe a double moon,
Or is it I that now "see double?"


## MORE LIGHT.

More light-more light-more light !
This is the cry of unhappy humanity,
This is the prayer of poor blinded humanity,
Groping in passion, in pain, and inanity
Round the bleak walls of the prison of vanity-
Every where seeking a ray of divinity,
Every where finding the terrible trinity !
Darkness, and dolor, and doubt inexpressible-
Numbness, and dumbness, and pain inexpressible-
Doubts irrepressible, woes mendurable,
Tears that fall laughingly, smiles that are sorrowful;
Longings and gleams of superior existences,
Voices that whisper from infinite distances-
Mystical distances-sonl-haunted distances-
Beauty that flings back the folds of a cerement,
Skeletons veiled in the garments of merriment,
All that is exquisite, all that is wonderful,
Earth a vast theatre, over and under full-
Full to the brim of discordant existences,
Matter and spirit, and powers and resistances-
Every where opposites: anguish and levity,
Mortal reality, hoped immortality,
Art for long years, and man's life but a brevity.
Oh, in this shadowed and whispering night,
This mystical stage with its curtain of night,
Grant us Thy wisdom-Thy comfort-Thy light-
Grant us more light, or we perish.


## PHILIP AND I.

You, asking me how Philip fared,
Received reply that he and I, Some years ago, had said good-by,
Sínce which I neither knew nor cared.

It was a peevish answer, spoken In bitter sorrow and regret That such a brilliant, brightly set As was our friendship, should be broken.
Shattered with purpose fell and strong, Without the warning of a wordAn exrow whistling through a bird, Even while her throat was full of song.
Happy ber fate! The spirit winging
Ere sense of treachery or pain
Can reach conception in the brain,
She dies within the act of singing.
So the shrill shaft which sudden cast
Our dream of friendship to the ground,
Of its dread coming gave no sound,
But smote and shattered-and was past.
One moment in amaze I stood,
Thinking-it can but be in jest !
Another, and within my breast
The laboring heart gave sobs of blood.
Less happy than the bird. I live
'To know the treachers, bear the pain,
And feel that on this earth again
Such friendship I no more can give.
So to your quest how Philip fared,
I made reply that he and I,
Some years ago, had said good-by.
Since which I neither knew nor cared.

FORENSIC ELOQUENCE-A PORTRAIT.
"What is the secret of your friend Brady's success?"-Query in a mitate letter:

Not with fast-flashing vollers of vain speech
Fired off at random, and revealing naught
Bnt verbiage used to hide the want of thought-
Mere summer-thunder-the kind schoolmen teach-
And never to a definite purpose wrought;
But with most apt precision, and a tongue
Linked in such hamony with the weighing brain
That every phrase is balanced there again.
Dropping like gold on truth's own tonchstone rungResults arrived at by a perfect chain:

Quick sympathy with every trait and tonch Reflected in the natures round him bronght, And an assimilating power of thonght
So like our own, we let it pass for such, Priding ourselves as teachers when but taught.
One other power-an undecaying flame Of human charity-soft, religious warmth; Never was wreck but tells him of some storm;
And, pitying what his judgment yet must blame,
He sees God's image in the meanest form.
These are the weapons wielded by my friend-
These, and an orderly, analytic mind,
Grouping strong facts beneath the heads assigned,
And making all to one conclusion tend:
Ears to the deaf, and eyesight to the blind.


## A VISIT.

Ah me! how time doth gallop now
With headlong stride and pace;
But yesterday thy youthful brow,
And gentle girlish face,
Were set in memory like a gem
Worn in some queenly diadem.
How changed to me the picture seems
In tinting, shape. and air ;
The child I thought of in my dreams
Now smiles a woman fair;
And while her graceful form I see,
The past seems but an hour to me.
A light heart glows within thee still,
Though not exempt from pain;
And Nature, in her task to fill,
Let all thy youth remain,
And gave thee, with a woman's form,
A charm to keep all friendship warm.
Since last in by-gone years we met,
How many hopes are fled!
What joys we think of with regret,
To all save memory dead;
But with our being still will dwell
The magic of their holy spell.

## 216 The Poetical Worles of

Thus may the future yet reveal New joys to equal those, And o'er our spirits too may steal

The bliss of calm repose,
Coming like gentle summer showers
To give new life to drooping flowers.


## THE TROOPER TO HIS MARE.

Old girl, that hast borne me far and fast On pawing hoofs that were never loth, Our gallop to-day may be the last For thee or for me-or perchance for both. As I tighten your girth, do you nothing daunt-

Do you catch the hint of our forming line?
And now the artillery move to the front,
IIave you never a qualm, Bay Bess of mine?
It is dainty to sce you sidle and start
As you move to the battle's clondy marge,
And to feel the swells of your wakening heart
When our cavalry bugles sound a charge.
At the scream of the shell and the roll of the drum
You feign to be frightened with skittish glance.
But up the green slopes where the bullets hum,
Coquettishly, darling, I've known you dance.
Your skin is satin, your nostrils red,
Your eyes are a bird's or a loving girl's;
And from delicate fetlock to dainty head
A throbbing rein-cordage around you curls.
Oh, joy of my soul! if you they slay,
For triumph or ront I little care ;
For there is not in all the wide valley to-day
Such a dear little bridle-wise, thorough-bred mare.


## BREVET RANK. ${ }^{32}$

to the senators of the tinted statta
To Sheridan's heroes and Sherman's men,
And the bull-dogs of Grant who drove Lee from his den.
Give brevet promotions of honor ; and then
Find some forl detective, some leprous spr,
His labers a loathing, his life but a lie,

Some wretch who hath plamed half the crimes he exposed. Chief plotter himself of the plots he disclosed,
And place on his shonlders-not cowhide thongs,
But the brevet which rightly to honor belongs;
And when this yon have done, will your brevets then
On Sheridan's heroes and Sherman's men,
And the bull-dogs of Grant who drove Lee from his den, Sit prondly as trophies they won in the fray,
Or shrivel to shameful mementoes away?
Oh, think of it, senators! Thousands have died, Pouring out their young lives in an eager tide, While to win this prize of honor they vied; And this prize-past price-can yon now degrade To a badge of the mouchard's odious trade? If the spy hath done well, pay him store of gold-
By thonsands, or fifties of thonsands told;
Or should you lack means his reward to defray, Take all that we have-our last dollar of pay, But leave us the honor our swords have won
As a glory to boast, not a shame to shun; Nor bid sheridan's heroes and Sherman's men, And the bull-dogs of Grant who drove Lee from his den, On their straps, as a blistering symbol to bear, What this human sleuth-hound is free to share.


GENERAL ORDERS OF THE CITIZEN.
GENERAL ORDER NO. Y.
A paragraph to make one laugh Should be of ten lines just a half; A trivial theme-a brilliant stream Of verbiage, metaphor, and dreamSuch as this paragraph, I deem.
A stirring song is never long, But must be fiery, terse, and strong, With much of thought, not fully wrought,
But in quick glimpses shown and cangh: :
Such are the rules Bob Burns has taught.
A good critique shond ever seek
To check the prond and help the weak;
Not swayed by fame, nor prone to blame-
Calm, energetic-never tame-
And free from mercenary shame.
K

A tale or sketch shonld never fetch Its hero from thy hand, Jack Ketch; Though for a time the tide of crime Roll down white-crested and sublime, It leaves a track of venomed slime.

In short, be brief. Each added leaf Is so much to your reader's grief: The point is gone; the lightming shone And dies while yet we labor on ; True wit ne'er knows a second dawn.
Observe these rules, and mock the schools Of composition taught ly fools. Briefness and wit together fit, And fly, like l'arthians, when they hitThe urchins are too wise to sit.

By order of the Editor commanding. John Jones, Lieut. Col. and A.A. (r.

## thuth in parenthesis, or the fortuie-il $\operatorname{coter}$.

I love-oh, more than words can tell (Your ninety thousand golden shiners);
You draw me by a nameless spell
(As California draws the miners);
You are so rich in beanty's dower
(And rich in several ways beside it).
Had I your hand within my power
(Across a banker's draft to gnide it),
No care my future life coukd dim
(My tailor, too-what joy to him!).
Oh, should you change your name for mine
(I've given my name-on bills-to twenty).
Existence were a dream divine
(At least so long as eash was plenty);
Onr home should he a sylran grot
(Bath, hilliard, smoking-room, and larder),
And there, forgetting and forgot
(My present need, Id live the harder).
Our days should pass in fresh delights
(Lethargic days, but roaring nights).
Oh say, my young, my fawn-like girl
(She's old enough to be my mother).
Let "Yes" o erleap those gates of pearl
(My laughter it is hard to smother);

Let lips that Love hath formed for joy
(For joy if they her purse resign me)
Long hesitate ere they destroy
(And to a debtor's jail consign me)
The heart that beats but to adore
(Yourself the less, your fortune more).
Consent-consent, my priceless love (Her price precise is ninety thousand);
I swear by all around, above
(Her purse-strings now, I feel, are loosened),
I have not loved yon for your wealth
(Nor loved at all, as I'in a simner);
Oh bliss! you yield; one kiss by stealth!
(I'm sick-that kiss has spoiled my dinner);
Now early name the blissful day
(My duns grow clamorous for their pay).

## THIIRD ODE, FOURTH BOOK OF HORACE.

Him on whose humble birth a gentle light,
O Muse! you shed, no wrestling-prize may win,
No war-steed bear him in the trimpll bright,
Nor shall his voice be heard above the din
Of arméd hosts ; for hım no laurel springs
From threats hurled back on subjugated kings.
But where through Tibur's vale sweet waters flow,
Amid dense bowers of thickly shadowing leaves,
There shall his brow beneath dark ivy glow
As his wild harp the Eolian measure weaves;
For queenly Rome hath deigned to hear his song,
Nor envy dares to do him farther wrong.
Oh, gentle Mnse, whose fingers modulate
The dulcet music of the golden shell-
Thou whom from dumb fishes even canst create
Such notes as from the dying cygnet swell, It is your gift that I can tonch the lyre,
While those who pass me hearken and admire.
'Tis by thy gift-oh bounteons beyond measureThat I to strangers as a bard am known;
Yea, that I live, and that my songs give pleasure (If please they do), the praise is thine alone,
For thou hast given his all of poet-fire
To thì poor stringer of the Roman lyre.

## IGDRASLL.

The tree of life, that shone so fair
In spring's alternate shine and shower, What bitter fruit its branches hear-

How soon 'tis stripped of leaf and flower.
As if athwart the sheltering glade
Had swept the pestilent simoom;
Nor ever more beneath its shade
shall riolet ope or primrose bloom.
No more beneath its spreading leaves
Shall weary lambs at noontide throng,
While overhead the limet weaves
The silken tenor of his song.
No more the pale and sorrowing moon
Her dewy tears above it weep;
No more at night's unbroken noon
Shall Muse beneath its branches sleep.
For blight hath fallen on bud and leaf,
And tmod its fruitful sap to gall,
And, mildewed in the showers of grief,
It totters to an early fall.
The bongh the redbreast used to love
Now nightly hears the owlet hoot-
The locust guaws the leaves above,
The cankerworm is at the root.
Then shall it fall, and leave behind No record of the brighter past,
Uprooted by the idle wind.
And whirled away mon the blast.
Forfend it, Ileaven! a soil too warm Hath mursed this plagne : tramsplant it now
Where drifting rain and eddying storm
May purge the root and eleanse the bongh.
And Ilope-who long had listened mute-
Now raised her azure eyes and smited;
She whispered low of future froit,
And pointed to the distant wild.
Oh. hear it thither; trust in God;
Have faith in my prophetic words-
Again 'twill epread its arms abroad, And shelter its deserted birds.

## THE FENLAN SCARE.

Half in terror, half in wonder, Johmny Bull, with open mouth, Just begins to feel the blunder Of his favor to the Sonth;
And he sees, wherever turning His distranght and haggard view, Minatory meteors burning

In our banner's field of blue ;
And within the panorama
Which foretells his flag's eclipse,
Ile beholds the Alabama
And her kindred pirate-ships;
And he sees the Fenians reaching
'To assault him in his lair-
And, his own bad conscience preaching, This explains " the Fenian scare."


## AN ANTI-MAINE-LAW LYRIC.

 Air: "The Old Oaken Bucket."How dear to the heart is the bottle of brandr,
When fond recollection presents it to view,
As it stood in the cupboard, so neat and so handy, With its neck tapered off, and its belly of blue!
The old cottage walls are now crumbling to pieces, As I, who am old, must soon crumble myself,
But ah! every woe and embitterment ceases When I think on the bottle that stood on the shelfThe big-bellied bottle-the taper-necked bottle-

The bottle of brandy that stood on the shelf.
The loosely-corked bottle, I held it a treasure.
For often, when weary I came from the field,
I found it the source of an exquisite pleasureSuch pleasure as brandy and weariness yiehl.
In a moment I seized it, and, hastily bringing Some spice from the closet, I mixed me a bowl, And soon was my weariness changed into singing, And the dust of my labor was washed from my soul
By the big-bellied bottle-the taper-necked bottle-
The bottle of brandy that stood on the shelf.

How sweet from the thin crystal brim to receive it. As I turned up my finger and moistened my lijs:
Not a fountain of diamonds could tempt me to leave it. Nor all the coll water that lies under ships:
And still, though in Maine is my present location. And although 'tis a good one for gathering pelf,
As fancy reverts to the ruby temptation. I sigh for the bottle that stood on the shelf-
For the big-bellied bottle-the loosely-corked bottleThe gurgling blue bottle that stood on the shelf.

## PARTANT POUR LA SYRIE.

 FROM THE FRENCH.Dunois, the young and gallant, For Syria sailing soon, Prayed to the Virgin Mary That she would grant his boon :
"Grant, Mary, thou who sarest, Immortal Queen!" he cried,
"That I may be the bravest. And win the loveliest bride."

Upon her shrine engraven
His prayer forever shone,
And, with his lord to battle,
Dunois rushed bravely on:
And, to that good oath steady,
This charging cry he gave:
"Love to the fairest lady, And honor to the brave!"

His lord cried, "All the triumph Is thime. Dmois, I swear;
And as you have given me conquest.
Thy fortune is my care.
My danghter Isabelia,
Thon shalt wed her to-night-
She is the fairest maiden.
And yon the bravest knight."
At the altar of the Virgin
Their nuptial troth they plight-
Oh, blessed is the mion
Where hands and hearts mite.

And all who thronged the chapel
This benediction gave-
"Love to the fairest lady,
And honor to the brave !"


## NINTH ODE OF HORACE, THIRD BOOK.

freely translated by charles broadbent.

## A DUET BETWEEN HORACE AND LYDIA.

horace.
Whilst thou wert mine, and round your bosom tender
No youth more lored his happy arms might fold, I envied not the Persian monarch's splendor,

More proud of thee than he of all his gold.
LYDIA.
Whilst thon with warmer fire adored no other, Nor Lydia bowed to Chloe's hated name, I envied not Rome's Ilia, our great mother, Proud of thy love as she of her son's fame.* horace.
The Cretan Chloe now commands my duty,
Skillful in song, and mistress of the lyre,
For whom, if Fate but spared her shining beauty,
I would not dread this moment to expire.

## LTDIA.

Calais, of Thurian Orynthus descended, Inflames my passion with love's fiery breath; Were his life spared when my brief days were ended, Twice, and that gladly, would I suffer death.

HORACE.
What if our love returned, and, remited, Our spirits beat in harmony and hope?
If Chloe of the golden locks be slighted, Would Lydia's arms to me, repentant, ope?

## LYDIA.

Though he yon star's rich lustre is excelling, Yon, light as cork, and passionate as the storm, With you, my love, should he my happy dwelling,

And in your grave would I resign my form.

* Romulus, son to Ilia.

A COLLEGE SONG.
Well, the world goes round forever, Whether we are sad or gay,
Floats the clond and rolls the river, Though we pine our lives away; Night usurps the throne of day,
And, when morning's lances quiver O'er the mountains, flies away.
But returns at sunset ever-
Earth alternates night and day, Grave and gay.
If the world so little care us, Why should we regard the world?
Still her flowery meadows bear us, And the star-tent is unfurled;
Even the stars from heaven are hurled:
And the grasp of death will tear us
From the tree round which we curled-
From the tree of life will tear us,
Round which our affeetions curled-
From the world.
Comrades, soon the world will leave us Stranded on the shores of time;
Years of all our joys bereave ns, Age is like the serpent-slime, Staining roses in their prime;
Every day will deeper grieve us. Every parting hour will chime
A knell for the sweet hopes that leare ns Buried in the by-gone timeHear it chime.
Comrades, seize the passing moment
Lent us by eternity;
Use it wisely. for 'tis so lent,
As a drop from out the sea,
Rolling backward instantly;
Age adrances, gray and low bent
As the wares of pleasmre flee:
Drives us to our latest moment,
To the dread eternity-
To that vast and trackless sea,
Orer which the clonds are low bent,
And meomed shadows flee.

## FOURTH ODE, FIRST BOOK OF HORACE.

Once more, thank heaven, the western breeze is sounding, And Winter yields to Spring's delightful sway ;
The skiffs, long moored in ice, are bounding O'er the bright waters of the rippling bay ;
The flocks we stall-fed seek the tender clover, The plowman quits his fire and yokes his team,
The snowy robes that lately covered over
The swelling uplands melt into the stream.
Now, by sweet moonlight, Venus and the Graces O'er the green sod the flying dancers urge;
The Cyclops toil in their appointed places, And fiery Vulcan labors at his forge;
Now let the myrtle wreath be placed upon ns, And all the flowers that earliest brave the cold:
Now let us offer sacrifice to Faumus In shady groves, the firstling of om fold.
Pale Death, with equal step, is seen approaching The peasant's hat and palace-home sublime,
And the dark flood of age so fast encroaching, Forbids us fix our hope on distant time;
Darkness and death, oblivion of the spirit, Soon from our brow shall tear the shining crown :
The grave is all from Nature we inherit, And Pluto there in silence binds us down.
In that cold mansion, farewell the dominion Of jovial cheer, the wine-cup, and the song;
Love in its gloom neer bathes his rosy pinion. Nor grants his pleasures to the ghostly throng.
Nothing can please that erstwhile did excite you, Nor from your face remore the heavy frown;
Not even can Laura's tender glance delight you, She now the toast and beauty of the town.

## AN EXILES GRAVE.

He sleeps, and o'er his humble grave No gilded trophy meets the view, And yet the man beneath was true, Just, resolute, and brave.

He paid his folly's farthest debtInurn it with his mortal part !
Ilis qualities of mind and heart
Will long survive him yet.
Oh, friends, it is a bitter thing
To die alone in a wide land,
Without a friend, without a hand.
Or hope, or help to bring:
To know our bones may never rest
In the green valleys of our youth-
To feel that many a foul untruth
Our memory may molest.
IIe bared against a vengeful foe
The steel to freedom consecrate, And died, the rictim of a hate

That spares nor high nor low.
For there are ways of killing men
Beside the sword, the axe, the rope-
Great hearts will break when lost to hope.
And yet no blood be seen.
In simplest guise, and borne by some
Who knew his worth-his will to bless-
ILe presses, as our noblest press,
The conch of martyrdom.
Peace to his soul! Let him who ne'er
IIath felt the long-protracted pains,
The life in death of prison-chains,
Speak lowly and beware.
Let him who ne'er was gagged. and torn
From home and kindred far away-
Who hath not steeped from day to day
His bread in tears of scorn,
Let him be mnte, or meekly pray.
Thus kneeling on the grassy sod-
"'Tliy sore temptations, known to Gool.
Have washed thy sins amay."


WE MIGHT IIAVE BEEN.
There is a whisper ringing clear
In every sleepless listener's ear-

A whisper of but scanty cheer,
And heard more clearly year by year-
" Yon might have been-you might have been."
Breathing throughont the hush of night, It shuns companionship and light; A knell, a blessing, and a blight, We profit if we hear aright,
"You might have been-you might have been."
As memory hids the past arise,
The soaring hopes that swept the skies (Each in its narrow grave now lies), We hear, and not with tearless eyes,
"You might have been-you might have been."
We might have played a nobler game,
Fssayed and reached a worthier aim,
Had less of grief and more of fame,
Nor heard, as from a tongue of flame,
". You might have been-you might have been."

## FOURTH BOOK OF HORACE, THIRTEENTH ODE.

FREELY TRANSLATED BY OHARLES BROADBENT.
The gods have heard my prayer, girl,
The gods have heard my prayer;
For thou art old, yet still dost wish To be reputed fair.
You drink the rosy wine, girl, And coo like any dove,
With your half-tipsy, husky voice, The tender hymn of love.
The butterfly of love, girl, Still shuns the withered tree;
His home is in the summer bower, And such is not for thee.
Your foul and straggling teeth, girl, The wrinkles on your brow,
The elf-locks of your whitening hair Can little please him now.
Nor purple robes restore, girl,
Nor gems bring back the age
Which winged Time in passing wrote On History's open page.

## The Poetical Works of

Oh ! where is beauty gone, girl ? The grace? the bloom?-what part
Hast thou of her remaining now Who once o'erswayed my heart?

Next to Cynara wert thou
In wit, and form, and face,
But the gods removed Cynara
Ere time destroyed her grace.
But the gods preserved Vestina
To rival the raven's years,
And that glowing youth should mock the torch Now quenched in time and tears.

WIDOWOLOGY PIILOSOPHIZED.

## I.

Oh! none of yom boarding-sehool misses,
Your sweet, timid ereatures for me,
Who rave about Capid and blisses.
Yet know not what either may be.
I don't feel at all sentimental,
Nor care I for Byron a rap-
But give me a jolly and gentle
Young widow, in weeds and a cap.

## II.

To her I would offer my duty. For, in truth, all belief it exceeds-
How vastly the blossom of beauty
Is heightened by peeping from "weeds."
She is armed cap-a-pie for the struggle,
To her cap I a captive belong;
And the wink of her magical ogle
Is a challenge to courtship and song.
III.

The tremors of girlhood are orer.
Love's blossom has ripened to fronit :
And her "first love" asleep mander clover.
Is the soil where ny passion takes root.
'Tis pleasant to know " the departed
Was tenderly cared to the last."
And that she will not die broken-hearted
If I should pop oft just as fast.

## IV.

Her temper is never so restive-
Her duty she knows-and a shape
Is never so sweetly suggestive
As when it is muffled in crape.
The maid wears one ring when she marries,
In proof she all others discards,
While the widow-wife wiselier carries
A pair of these marital guards.

## V.

So none of your boarding-school misses,
Your sweet, timid creatures for me,
Who rave about Cupid and blisses,
Yet know not what either may be.
I don't feel at all sentimental,
Nor care I for Byron a rap-
But give me a jolly and gentle
Young widow, in weeds and a cap.

## UNCLE THAD STEVENS.

Gnarled and tongh from seventy winters, A gritty, grisly, bitter "Rad"-
Thongh our Union fall to splinters, Here's to Pennsylvania Thad:
Brown his wig, but green his vigor, Angry often, never sad-
Full of wit and prone to rigor, Here's to Pennsylvania Thad!
Though lame his leg, his mind is rapid, And all the House is. hushed and glad
When, to squelch some talker rapid, Rises Pemnsylvania 'Thad.
He's in candor a believer ; All may know the thought he had;
For no mealy-mouthed deceiver Is our wrinkled Uncle Thad.

Into epithets he rushes: All are "traitors" or are " mad"-
All who dare to cross the wishes Of our Pennsylvania Thad.

Thad, we like you; you are able;
And the biggest brick that we have had
In our lond congressional Babel
Is our Pennsylvania Thad.
Spite of age, he still is human, And while to man he is not bad,
Oh dear! a good man to a woman-
The kindliest man is Uncle Thad.
Naked truth for him hath charms:
And for the negroes, like a "Rad,"
And for their right to "be in arms,"
Nobly fought our Uncle Thad.
Go it, my old shoulder-hitter !
For, though we think your logic bad, You're just as brilliant as yon're bitter-
Here's to Peunsylvania Thad!

## TIIE HILL OF KILLENARDEN.

Though time effaces memory,
And griefs the bosom harden,
I'll ne'er forget, where'er I be,
That day at Killenarden:
For there, while faner reveled wide,
The summer's day flew o'er me:
The friends I loved were at my side, And Irish fields before me.

The road was steep; the pelting showers
Had cooled the sod beneath us:
And there were lots of mountain flowers,
A garland to enwreath us.
Far, far below the landscape shone
With wheat and new-mown mendows.
And as o'erhead the clonds flew on,
Beneath swept on their shadows.
Oh, friends, heyond the Atlantic's foam
There may be nobler mountains,
And infour hew far Western home
Green fields and brighter fountains;
But as for me, let time destroy
Nll dreams, but this one pardon,
Aud barren memory long enjoy
That day on Killenarden.

## THE LIFE CHASE.

They started when the morning blushed
Above the wave,
Earth, in its dewy freshness, hushed
As is the grave;
They started whence a torrent rushed
Down from the hill,
And many a flower their footprints crushed,
On hurrying still.
A rosy child-the quarry-tripped
Adown the vale;
Fach dew-drop from the rose he sipped,
And lily pale;
Oft in the crystal stream he dipped,
Nor thought of fear,
But, merry-eyed and cherry-lipped,
Made music there.
He recked not that he was pursued--
So youth is blind,
But mocked the dull decrepitnde
That lagged behind;
He sought the covert of a wood,
And loudly laughed,
"Old huntsman of the fearful mood,
I scorn thy shaft."
Nor frowned nor smiled the huntsman old,
But tottered on ;
His eyes were keen, his hands were cold,
His visage wan;
A drapery of darkness rolled
Around his form,
And still he chased through wood and wold,
Through shine and storm.
When evening o'er the mountains came,
The child grew weak;
Gone the rich vigor of his frame,
And pale his cheek;
But the huntsman's eyes are still aflame,
And decp his breath- .
Life is that huntsman's dying game,
That huntsman, Death.

## THE DIFFERENCE. ${ }^{33}$

When the news of Jim Lane's suicide Was bruited through the city.
Some few-a very few men sighed
"Dear me! oh, what a pity!"
But when the news "Lane has not died"
Fell sadly on the city,
Then all the town, like one man. cried
"Dear Savior! what a pity!"


## LECOMPTON'S BLACK BRIGADE. ${ }^{34}$

A BONG OF THE CHARLESTON CONVENTION.
Single-handed, and surrounded by Lecompton's black brigade. With the treasury of a nation drained to pay for hireling aid:
All the weapons of corruption-the bribe, the threat, the lie-
All the forces of his rivals leagued to make this one man die.
Yet smilingly he met them, his heart and forehead bare.
And they quailed beneath the lightnings of his blne erees sudden glare.;
For all behind him thronging the mighty people came.
With looks of fiery eagerness and words of lealping flame-
"A Dueglas and a Douglas!" Hark to the people's cry,
Shaking the earth beneath their feet, And thundering throngh the skr.
(rooked and weak, but envions as the witches of Macheth. Came old and gray buchaxas a-hungering for his death :
And full of mortal strategr, with green and rhemmy eves.
Juhs shmell-he of Ilomas-each poisoned arrow tries.
With cold and stony visage, lo! Breckismbat is there.
While old Joe Lane keeps flourishing his rusty sworl in :ir:
But still the "Little Ginst" holds ummored his fearle-w way.
While the great waves of the people behind him rock and waly-
" $A$ Docglas and a Dorglas:
No hand but his ean guide.
In such a strait, our ship of state
A"ross the stormy tide."

A poisonots reptile, many-scaled and with most subtle fang, Crawled forward Caleb Cushing, while behind his rattles rang; And, monnted on a charger of hot and glossy black, The Alabamian Yancey dashes in with fell attack: Lo! Bayard is aroused, and quits his favorite cards and dice, While Jeff Davis plots with Bigler full many a foul device; But, smiling still, against them all their One Foe holds his own, While londer still and louder the cry behind has grown-

> "A Dovglas and a Douglas, Who every base trick spurns;
> The people's will is sovereign still, And that to Douglas turns."

Half horse, half alligator, here from Mississippi's banks 'The blatant Barre caracols and spurs along the ranks;
From Arkansaw comes Burrows, with his "toothpick" in its sheath, While that jaundiced Georgian, Jackson, shows his grim and ugly teeth;
And Barispale barks his bitterest bark, and curls his stunted tail, And snarls like forty thousand curs beneath a storm of hail;
But smiling now-almost a laugh-the Douglas marches on, White many million roices rise in chorus like to one-
"A Douglas and a Douglas!"
Londer the war-song grows:
"God speed the man who fights so well Against a thousand foes."
Long and fierce was the encounter beneath the burning sky,
Fierce were the threatening gestures-the words rang shrill and high;
In a struggle most protracted, after seven and fifty shocks,
Like those old gigantic combats in which Titans fought with rocks
(And with "rocks," but of a different kind, no doubt Buchanan fought),
This first pitched battle of the war unto its end was brought ;
And smiling still, with stainless plume and eye as clear as day,
'The "Little Giant" held his own through all that murderous fray:
"And a Douglas and a Douglas!"
Still londer grows the roar
'Which swells and floats from myriad throats Like waves on some wild shore.
Oh : a cheer for Colonel Flournor, who to help onr chief did press, May memory perish if his name we cease to love and bless!
And a cheer for all the good and true who faced the music's note,
Who seized old Ilydra* in his den, and shook him by the throat.

* i. e., The too domineering spirit of the Slave Power, which expected the Northern delegations to accept whatever candidate and platform the South demanded.

Though our country stand forever, from her record neer will fade The glory of that combat with Lecompton's black brigade ;
And when June comes with her roses, at Baltimore we'll crown The "Little Giant," who has met and struck corruption down.

So a Dolglas and a Docglas!
While hearts have smiles and tears,
Your name will glow, your praise shall flow.
Through all the coming years.

## TIIE LYRIC OF TWEDDLE HALL. ${ }^{25}$

Who killed the Democracy ?
"It was I," said P'ete Cagger,
"With my poisonous dagger-
It was I killed Democract:
And who helped him to do it?
"It was I," said D'ri. Ogden,
"'Twas an act by a log done,
And I helped him to do it."
And who held the blood-basin?
"It was I," said sim Tilden :
"When the red blood was spilled in,
It was I held the basin."
And wholl have to pay for it?
"Alas!" eried the "Central,"
"I feel in my ventral
And heart that I'll pay for it."
And wholl keep the soul quieted?
"I'll gladly," sighed Cassidy,
"Pay the priest for a mass a day
To keep its sonl quieted."
And wholl have revenge for it?
"We, we," yelled the young men-
"Bold, honest, and strong men,
We'll have deep revenge for it,"
And wholl write its epitaph?
"Woe's me," sang O"Reilly,
"It was hutchered most vilely,
But Ill write its epitaph."

When and where shall we bury it? "We'll do that next Norember, With our watchword 'Remember !'-
Oh, most nobly we'll bury it."
What may mean this "Remember ?"
"Cagger's yoke to shake off, man,
As we should have done Hoffiman
When he ran last Norember." A
Can't the thing be " made nice," boys ?
" No; we'll fight as we've chosen
Till a hot place is frozen-
Then we'll fight on the ice, boys."
Dare yon beat the state ticket?
"To disgrace we're not wedded,
And we'll go 'double-headed,'
Just to beat that state ticket."
What! let Radicals win, bovs?
"Ay, we'll vote for the devil
Till we get this thing level-
We'd let Beelzebnb win, boys."
Are you all of this thinking?
"All! all!" cried the masses :
"Too long we ve been asses,
But we now do tall thinking."

- Will yon hold to this pledge, boys?
"Ay, so help us our Sarior!
All our future behavior
Shall be true to this pledge, boys."
What! no bargain or compromise?
"Ererlastingly damn any
Man who, with Tammany,
Talks of a compromise."
Then you hoist the black banner?
"Ay, it's war to the knife-
It is now life for life,
And we hoist the black banner."
Against odds you'll be fighting?
" 'Gainst ' the deck and the devil,'
Till we get this thing level,
We'll do nothing but fighting."


## 236 - The Poetical Works of

Don't you fear old Pete Cagger :
"Pooh! the red-faced, wee fellow,
With his wig of bright yellow-
We'll just ${ }^{1}-\mathrm{p}-\mathrm{p}-\mathrm{p}-\mathrm{p}$ 解 at Pete Cagger.
"GIVE ME GUANO OR GIVE ME DEATH:"36
Jerry Black to Joknson.
Alack! alack! poor Jerry Black, Do you call yourself a man, oh, Yet on the President go back

For a dunghill of guano?
Your bnst let Cloacina hold, While Clio will record your
Foul name, as one who Freedom sold For so much penguin's ordure.


## TO UNCLE SAM. ${ }^{37}$

A Cry from the amerioan boldiers in moentjoy prison, near pttlin.
Air: "The Wearing of the Green."
Oh, Uncle Sam, and did yon hear
The news that's going round?
Protection in yom starry flag No longer can be fonnd;
For Seward he is England's tool,
A truckler cold and mean,
And he ontlaws every citizen
Whoever wore the green.
Oh, as citizens-Americans-
We gloried in the name,
And on many a field our blood we sheel
To guard yom flag of fame:
But to-day we lie in bonds, as if
Mere felons we had been:
The only charge ilat England brints,
"These hoys were for the green."
We are citizens twice over,
By the law and by the sword.
By adoption and by service-
But onr clams are now ignored.

Say, Uncle Sam, is this your wish, And do you really mean
That you've outlawed all your faithful sons Whose birth was of the green?

We have had no trial-every prayer For justice is refused ;
Never heard of our accusers, Nor of what we are accused.
But England, grimuing, holds us here In bondage close and keen,
While Seward smiles, and says no word To save the boys in green.
Say, Uncle Sam, did England earn Our Seward's wish to please,
When her pirates drove your peaceful flag Of commerce from the seas?
And it was from her great arsenals The South was armed, I ween,
While we were fighting on your sideWe boys who wear the green.
Oh, if we are not citizens, Then-for your own fair fame-
Disclaim us quickly, openly,

- And save your flag from shame.

But if citizens you think us yet (And nade so twice we've been),
Bid Seward write: "Release at once Our boys who wear the green."

## THE PRESIIENT TO CONGRESS. ${ }^{38}$

Air: "Yankee Doodle Dandy."
General Orders, No. 1.
Headquarters in the White Honse, January 31, 186i.
I.

Andy Johnson is my name,
Tennessee my nation,
"Swinging round" it is my game, And President my station.
Yankee Doo may squirm and screech, Yankee Doodle Dandy,
But Yankee Doodle won't impeach His " great plebeian," Andy.
II.

Uncle Thad is drunk or mad When he the scheme proposes,
For heaven's own plan made me the man To be your "second Moses :"
Let Ashley rave and Phillips preach, Yankee Doodle Dandy,
But Wall Street can not yet impeach The " second Moses;" Andy.
III.

It seems that I'm the "anvil" now, And Congress is "the hammer ;"
The sparks of fight fly far and bright, And deafening is the clamor ;
But no "dead duck" by hunter struck Yankee Doodle Dandys
So far can reach as to impeach The "circle-swinging" Indy."

## IV.

I had better, p'r'aps, have shat my month Than Congress so have pelted;
Perhaps too quickly for the south My bowels may have melted:
But "twas a generous fault, you'll own, Yankee Doodle Dandy.
And not enongh to cost his throne 'To your fepentant Andy.
V.

You've stripped me of my dearest power'To use it none were braver :
Exen Mrs. Cobb can't get a job Of pardoning now to save her ;
I'm only President in name. Yankee Doodle Dandy,
Then why impeach, and blast the fame Of the once " most pop'lar" Andy"?
VI.

I can't appoint the man I want To aidl my re-election;
My spoils are lost, and, tempest-tossed. My friends are in clejection.
I nominated men of fame, Yankee Doodle I andy,
Sut the Senate wond confinn a mane That so much as smells of Andy.
VII.

And once--'twas in the Cleveland scrape,
When the boys required a preacher-
My private Miles, wid his "winnin' smiles,"
Seduced even Father Beecher !
But worse to keep than to seduce, Yankee Doodle Dandy,
For Beech., as never did my " goose,"
Took wings and fled from Andy.
VIII.

Along the railroads, near and far, With patriot resolution,
I left " the flag with every star,"
Likewise " the Constitution."
I dill the level best I could, Yankee Doodle Dandy,
But "by fantastics misunderstood" Is the epitaph of Indy.
IX.

Impeach me if you think 'twill pay-
But it won't pay, I'll be bound, sirs ;
For, driving things this reckless way,
Yon'll drive 'em in the ground, sirs.
The people may have thought me wrong, Yankee Doodle Dandy,
But a punishment too long and strong Will win them back to Andy.
By order of the Commander-in-Chief,
MIIES O'REILLY,
Asst. Adjt. Gen. and Chief of Simmers.
A true copy:
Wright Rives, Colonel and A. D. C., U. S. A.


## ST. TAMMANY'S TERROR.

Ah! I sicken contemplating
Next election day-
Sicken with a sad forewarning
That, when comes that fatal morning,
Fifty thousand freemen waiting, All will block my way;
Yes, my heart sinks contemplating
Next election day.

Ah: my heart grows full of terror-
Terror of the fray-
And my mind is busy shaping
Some small loop-hole for escaping-
'Scaping from the fatal error
Of provoking such a day ;
Yes, my blood congeals with terror.
Thinking of that fray.
Ah: my heart is sore with sighing "Were I safe away !"
But my wish must fall unheeded.
Now the sacrifice is needed-
I must do my public dying On election day;
And my heart is full of sighing "Were I safe away !"
Ah! my heart is pained with thinkingThinking of lost sway-
Thinking of a city plundered, Party bonds and friendship sundered.

All the honest voters shrinking From my side away;
Yes, my heart is pained with thinking Of next election day.

> "MANHOOD AG.MNST THE MACHINES. ${ }^{3 \%}$
> A ir: "The Wearing of the Grecn."
> Oh, brothers dear, and did you hear
> The woful news to-day?
> The "Lunch Club" of the City Hall
> Aspire to boundless sway.
> So Comolly, he must die the death.
> And Hardy not be scen.
> Nor Walsh, nor any other hoy
> That ever wore the green; For Sweeny of the black mustache.
> And Hoffinan of the brown. And 'Tweed with no mustache at all. Now clain to own the town.
> These princes of Mustachiodom-
> Their spirits black and brown-
> Now cham that they, and they alone.
> Are masters of the town:

So Waterbury he must fall Beneath their guillotine,
In favor of A. Oakey Hall, Who cursed the Irish green.

And the children of the Rhineland Were cursed by him, I ween,
But now we all must vote for Hall, Both German boys and green.

But before we own the "Lunch Clnb"
Has arrived at boundless sway,
We'll have a rising of the pikes
On next election day.
Our beltane fires we'll kindle,
As in Ireland they were seen,
When Ireland's sons, in 'minety-eight, Were rising for the green.

And the heroes of the black mustache,
The no mustache, and brown,
Will find, before the fight is o'er, They do not own the town.

Oh, against the grim Excise Law,
And to crush the Tammany " Ring,"
And against an Albany Police
Our flag abroad we'll fling;
For the people's rights we stand arrayed-
An army grand, I ween,
As Sarsfield led at Fontenoy
Beneath the Irish green.
And we mean to win the battle; For among ns here are seen
The Germans and the native-born, And the boys who wear the green.
We have chieftains tried and gallant
As ever faced a foe-
The "Big Judge" and the "Long Judge"
Arm-in-arm we see them go;
Smith Ely, too, and Billy Walsh,
Are brigadiers, I ween,
While the color-bearer of otur line
Is Miles, who wears the green.
So Sweeny, Tweed, and Hoffman now
May fairly set it down,
The "Lmen Club" reign is orer,
And we bors have won the town.
16
L

## sOON WE'LL HAVE THE UNION BACK.

CAMPAIGN SONFG: M'CLELKAN AGAINST LINCOLN.
Air: "The Hunters of Kentz:cky."
Good people all, both great and small, I sing a tale of pity, My hand I fling across the string,

And waken up the ditty;
A ruined land that once was grand Is not a joking matter,
Though Abe, we know, the more our we,
The more his jokes he'll chatter :

- Oh, M'Clellan,

Georgie B. M ${ }^{6}$ Chellan,
Shall we have the Lnion back:
Tell us "Mac"-M'Clellan.
All evils sure we could endore,
Thrice all the ills we suffer,
Conld we but glance on any chance
Our Union to recover;
There gleams one way a flash of day.
But one bright bow of promise-
Good Lord, alack! just give us " Mac."
An' take Abe Lincoln from ns!
Oh, M'Clellan.
Georgie B. M Clellan.
The one to bring the Union back
Is ouly "Mac"- I •Clellan.
Then not a rag of our old flag
Shouk ever part asunder;
"Fair terms of peace if you will cease-
If not, we"ll give you thmeder !"
A million swords to back our words
Bencath M'Clellan gleaming.
And soon, you know, Jeff D. and Co..
For France they would he stemming.
Oh, M•Clellan.
Georgie B. M Clellan,
Soon we'll have our prisoners hack
Under Mac-M Mellan.
The people all, hoth great and small.
Except the sons of " shodely,"
Are on the track for Little Miac-
'They're with him soul and body:

For well they know the nation's woe Can never be abated,
Till in command of all the land
Our chief we have instated.
Oh, M•Clellan,
Georgie B. M'Clellan, The Union will come leaping back Under Mac-M'Clellan.


## EPIGRAM BY THE COLLECTOR.

Around my neck he placed his wing,
And cooed and billed as doves may sing-
This treacherous and dull bird;
While yet his beak, with bloody art,
IIe strove to fasten in my lieart-
This vulture-Judas Hulburd.


JOHN MORRISSEY MY JO, JOHN. ${ }^{40}$
AN EARNEST ORY AND PRAYER THAT ILE MAY NOT BE CORREPTED BY HIS ASSOOLATIONS IN CONGRESS.
John Morrissey my jo, John, When first I kemned ye weel,
Your airms were like twa iron flails,
Your hands like slugs o' steel ;
But now ye've gaithered pelf, Johm, An' to Congress ye maun go,
Where they fight less fairly than yourself, John Morrissey my jo.

John Morrissey my jo, John, Wi' braid and monly breast,
Ye hae faced fu' mony a mon, John,
To try which mon was best;
There were tough knocks fairly dealt, John,
But to Congress now ye go,
Where they gouge an' strike below the belt, John Morrissey my jo.

John Morrissey my jo, John,
We hae played an' drank thegither,
An' fu' mony a "tiger" fight, John,
We hae had wi' ane anither;

Oh, at cheatin' still ye mocked, John, But to Congress now ye go,
Where the dice are cogged and th:e cairds are stocked, John Morrissey my jo.
John Morrissey my jo, John, Wi' grief our hearts are stirred, For still to friend an' foe, John, Your bond was aye your word ;
But I fear ye'll learn to lie, John, When to Congress now ye go,
For twad tak a saint to resist the taint, John Morrissey my jo.
John Morrissey my jo, John. On your good pluck ye relied,
An' against no pitted foe, John,
The "hocussing game" ye tried ;
But ye'll find it "hocus" all, John, When to Congress now ye go,
An' we fear frae your high stand ye ll f:lll, John Morrissey my jo.

John Morrissey my jo, John, These politicians deal
From a faro-box false-bottomed Wi' springs o' patent "steal."
Will your seruples never melt. John. When to Congress now ye go?
Can ye deal the same square game ye dealt, John Morrisey my jo?

John Morrissey my jo, John, It ne'er was kemed your plan
To kick a fatlen foe. John, Or spurn a helpless man :
But ye'll find a different rule, John, When to Congress now ye go.
For they kick the south, having gagged its mout?. John Morrissey my jo.
John Morrissey me jo, John, My heart in terror beats,
For you've got into uneo companyA gang o' pateut cheats.
Ye hae fought an' gambled fair, John. But to Congress now ye go,
An' I fear they may cormpt you there, John Morrissey my jo.

FERNANDO'S CARD. ${ }^{41}$ TO THE VO'TERS OF THE NINTH CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICT,<br>The royal prince who reigns in hell Has been maligned in varions matters, And now would have the people tell<br>How silly they regard such clatters.<br>He asks your votes; 'tis not for pelf,<br>But to rebuke all saints and sages<br>Who say the archangels and himself<br>llave not been cronies through all ages.

FOURTII CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICT. 42
Our theatres with "Box and Cox"
Were crammed from pit to rafter,
But now the farce of "Cox and Fox"
Fills the whole town with laughter.


## A BUMPER TO GRANT.

first gun of tife lyrioal campaign.
Air: "Benny Havens, oh !"
Come, fill your glasses, fellows,
And stand up in a row,
On a presidential drinking
We are going for to go;
Let ns have no more sobriety-
At least no more to-night-
While for President Ulysses Grant
We take our foremost flight.
Oh, for President Ulysses
Let every glass be bright-
May he rule the country he has saved, And God defend the right.
His hand is soft to meet a friend,
And mailed to meet a foe-
He's the Mississippi River horse,
lesistless as its flow ;
lle's the conqueror of leaguered towns,
And victor in the field-
No foe has ever grappled Grant
That was not forced to yield.

So to President Llysses
Brim every glass to-night,
May he rule the country he has saved, And God defend the right.

In the world to-day no prouder name Is borne on any breeze,
And with Grant to steer the ship of state, Our flag shall rule the seas;
No "dominion" shall be north of us, And south of us no foe-
Our stars and stripes in the Canadas, And likewise Mexico.

For with President Ulysses
There'll be few who care to fight-
May he rule the comntry he has saved,
And God defend the right.
No more shall Irish officers
In English dungeons pine,
No more shall seward's endless notes
In endless terror whine;
We'll assert our place of nationhood.
And take our proper rank,
With iron-clads to guard our shores;
And bullion in the bank:
All this when Grant is President,
To whom our faith we plight-
May he rule the comntry he has sared.
And God defend the right.
Oh, the Queen of the Antilles
Must be wooed and must be won,
With her groves of palm and orange
Flashing brightly in the stm;
And our brethren of the beaten states.
Who suffer wrong to-day,
Will find a generons hand held out
When Grant has come to sway ;
For generons is Ulyses
To the men who felt his might-
May he rule the country he has saved. And God defend the right.

We are sick of old Thad Stevens,
We are sick of Butler too;
Sick of Kelly, Ashley, Sumner,
Aud that God-forsaken crew.

Let the men who faced the music
When the storm rau high and hard, All join to make Ulysses Grant

Our captain of the guard.
For with candidate Ulysses We can make the bulliest fight
To rule the country he has saved, And God defend the right.

Then old John Bull at Liverpool
Will some day wake and groan,
Finding Farragut at anchor
And his ports wide open thrown:
"Settle up your Anglo-rebel bills, And quickly, if you please,
For General Grant is President,
And I command the seas."
To this we pledge Ulysses,
Aitd to him we drink to-night -
May he rule the country he has saved, And God defend the right.

- So, boys, a final bumper,

While we all in chorms chant-
" For next President we nominate Our own Ulysses Grant."
And if asked what state he hails from,
This our sole reply shall be,
" From near Appomattox Court-honse,
With its famous apple-tree."
For 'twas there, to our Ulysses,
That Lee gave up the fight-
Now, boys, "To Grant for President,
And God defend the right."


## A STORM BREWING.

"You are growing masculine, my dear," Said a husband to his wife;
"You are disimproving with every year Since you became my wife."
"A bitter thing of yourself you have said," Was the lady's answer true;

* For an angel you thought me when I was wedWhat has changed me to be a slirew?
" And if I have now a harder heart, 'Tis in order my griefs to bear';
For when husbands forget what is manhood's part. Then the wives for themselves must eare."


## A PRESIDENTIAL WARNING.

Air: "Ould Ireland, you're my darling."
Mnsha, Andie dear, I mightily fear
That your chance is ashleep-can you wake it?
For the Faymian vote
Seward gripped by the throat,
An' clane ont of its boots did shake it.
The gallant O'Nale
He did impale
The wrong side of the Canada bordhers :
An' the Faymians wor shtopped,
An' their rations wor lopped,
Undher Grant's imperative ordhers.
Faix! Seward and Shpeed-
Who detest you indeed-
May well ehoke with malieions hughter ;
For, while this is the deed
Of Bill Seward an' Shpeed.
It is Johnson the Faynians are afther.
Sind Seward away,
Clane across the say,
To them English he loves so dearly :
An' that yon are for Pat-
If youll only do that-
The Faynians will recognize elearly.
But in ease yon don't,
Or you can't or won't-
Though they like yon. an' like your notions-
The Faymians, I fear.
May start off right here,
To the Radieals payin' devotions.
An' then Neward an shpeed-
Who detest yon indeed-
Nay well choke with malicions langhter ;
For, while this is the deed
Of Bill Seward an'shpeed.
It is Andie the Faymians are afther.

I am for yon, my boy,
My jewel an' joy,
Till a sartain warm raygion is frozen ;
And if my friendship firm
Could prolong your term,
Faix ! the chair you now fill you might doze in ;
But these Faynians grand
Are a hot-headed band,
An' they think they wor thrated unfairly ;
An' if somethin' ain't done
To cut short their fun,
Och, their votes will be cast mighty quarely.
An' then Seward an' Shpeed-
Who detest you indeed-
Their midriff's may shplit wid laughter ;
For, while this is the deed
Of Bill Seward an' Shpeed,
It is Johnson the Faynians are afther.


CHURCH, CAGGER, AND PIPER. ${ }^{43}$
Poor dead "Regularity,"
Claiming our charity,
Lies in a plight most horrid-
Mangled all sadly,
Lifeless, and badly
Gashed in the breast and the forehead.
Who used the dagger?
With insolent swagger,
"'Twas I,"says Pete Cagger,
Of the murder a bragger-"
"'Twas I used the dagger."
And who'll have to pay for it?
Who'll rue the day for it?
Who'll have to do all the weeping?
"We, we," said the Regencr;
"We a grim legion see
On to arenge her sweeping."
And think you that Cagger, Who now has the swagger
Of a bravo who slays for his stipend, Will still be a bragger
Of using the dagger
When the time to avenge her has ripened?
L 2
"No," said Deas of the Central,
Slow patting his ventral.
As if in each entrail
An agony rose which half rent it ;
" İe who killed 'Regularity,'
Pete Caggel the carroty,
That man without charity,
You'll find him the first to repent it.
" In each I'residential
Convention, essential
We found the strong aid she supplied us;
Oh, deed of dark horror! -
At Charleston, but ior her
The South would our seats have denied us.
"It was Church held the basin,
That grim anti-mason,
He caught her, and gagged her. and bound her ;
But 'twas Peter who killed her,
'Twas his dagger spilled her
Most imnocent life-blood around her.
"Assisted by Piper,
That venomous viper,
In secret the plan was agreed on;
But now in blank terror
They see their mad error,
And fear is the fool they must feed on."
These men without charity
Killed " Regularity;"
Yonder small carroty
Man used the dagger:
" Down with Old Tammany !
Butcher her-damn any
Man who can't sham any
Love for Pete Cagger."
Pete is not mendable-
Salable, rendible,
Prone to assumption,
Wanting in gunption.
Playing Old Nick with the Central;
Cornixg must stop him,
Richmone close crop him,
Snub and subdue him,
Wholly medo him,

Or Tamany Hall will yet give to the Central
A punch in that region which doctors call ventral-
A twinge in each kidney, and membrane, and entrail-
Just to make it remember
That, after November,
The war-path before us,
The Wigwam's flag o'er us, Knives and tomahawks ready,
Our warriors all steady,
We can whip such Old Fogydon till it begs charity,
And surrenders each wretch who assailed "Regularity."


## LINES TO A CONGRESSMAN. ${ }^{44}$

Air: "Jeanneite and Jeannot."
You are roting the wrong way,
Oh my Congressman of note;
Yon spoke against it t'other day,
But now it has your vote.
You're on this and t'other tack,
Alternating like my thymes,
And in wain we try your course to track
Through the columns of the Times.
When you wear a Johnson coat, In the Philadelphia style,
Then you're sure to cast a Radical vote,
Howe'er the House may smile ;
Let whatever happen hap,
Disregarding all advice,
Oh, you turn your coat and turn your cap
As jugglers change their dice.
Now if I were in your seat, I would make an open rule,
One day with the Johnson men to meet,
And the next with the Stevens school;
Consistency 'twould give,
And we should not think you mad
If each odd day "Conservative,"
Each even day a "Rad."
Take an almanac for guide,
And your prospects will improve;
Heed not although Le Blonde deride,
And the House with langhter move.

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With this odd and even rule
We may guess at your "posish,"
While now yon're neither hot nor cool.
Neither cabbage, meat, nor fish.

## VOICE OF THE ARMI.

A CAMPAIGN SONG FOP M'Clellan againet lingols.
Air: "Scots wha hae v"' Wallace bled."
Comrades of the tented field, Who the flag would never yield, Making of your breasts a shield Where the pennon flew-
Men who have with steady breath
Rushed on lines of blazing death,
Thus a wounded brother saith-
"'To yourselves be true!"
Faithful to the nation's chief,
Work he bliss or work he grief.
'Till the hour of just relief,
When our rotes we fling :
If he err, not ours to heed;
If he err, 'tis ours to bleed-
This the soldier's simple creed.
And to this we cling.
But, at length, the hour is here.
When with soldier conscience clear.
We in judgment may appear
On his hatefnl thrall ;
Past respect for his high place
Bids us only veil the face-
Shrinking lack from the disgrace.
rad and silent all.
Turn, oh comrades of the tent-
()f the flag with bullets rent-

Of the field with blood hesprent.
Turn to brighter skies.
see, with soldier brow and hand.
Smpathizing, calm, and grand,
( hosen chief of all the land,
Our own 11 Clellan rise.

Let no ribald king or clown
Lie away onr chief's renown-
Strike the coward scoffers down ;
Teach them what they are.
Bats and owlets dread the dawn, Cowards, plunderers-all the spawn
Far from our dread work withdrawn-
Strive his way to bar.
Vain their efforts, brother tried-
Sharer of our woe and pride,
"Little Mac," our friend and gnide,
Our watchword and our star.
Ilail him, drums, with glad alarms-
Hail him with your fiery charms-
All the din of battling arms-
Ye his music are.

SOLEMN POLITICAL DEATII-BED.
LAST WORDS OF FERNANDO WOOD TO LIIS BROTHER LIENRY WOOD, OF WOOD'S NEGRO MINSTRELS.

Bring the fiddle, bones, and banjo-play a dirge, my brother Hen, For I feel that I'm a goner, down among the deadest men;
In the Limbo, drear and dismal, where lost politicians roast,
They are stoking up the furnace for the brownest kind of toast;
And I feel it in my bones, Hen,
And hence are all my moans, Hen,
That the toasting-prongs are ready,
And the white heat sure and steady,
The hungry imps all grinning,
And the cooks prepared for skimning,
While I feel myself the victim doomed to feed this hungry host.
Well, I played my last card boldly, but the Wigwam trmmped my trick,
And when I heard the ticket named, that moment I grew sick.
On that instant flashed before me all my dark and hideous past,
And I heard them in the Limbo cry, "We'll get our own at kast."
You may think it was some "Birds," Hen,
Who chirped those fatal words, Hen,
But no ; I felt them wreathe me
From the deep, fierce pit beneath me,
Like serpents coiled and hissing,
Their forked fangs never missing,
And I know 'tras Limbo shouted, " Oh , we'll get our own at last."

Since the game at length is over, and my bully hand played ont. Of the past and its achievements I begin to feel a doubt :
Perhaps it had been better had I played a squarer game-
Been less false and heartless to my friends, less selfish in my aim;
But it's now too late to think, Hen,
I can only cower and shrink, Hen,
For they're piling up the fagots,
And I see some fiery maggots
Wriggling upward to receive me
When the last puffs, panting, leave me-
Throngh all my limbs political I feel the creeping flame.
No use to sigh or struggle, 'tras a bold, bad game I played-
No private ties, no public ties to break was I afraid;
still my loaded dice threw sixes, and my dupes paid out their geld,
And my coat-sleeve had an open moutli the ace and king to hold.
Oh, the tricks were easy won, Hen,
And my dupes so nicely done, IIen,
That I stood knee-deep in clover.
While long years and years rolled over:
Cheating all the fools around me,
Breaking all the bonds that bound me,
Impassive as a granite rock-as bloodless and as cold.
But after all, perhaps there are some surer cards to play:
It is not wise all friends we hare to use and fling away :
There may be policy in faith and folly in deceit-
I think, had I a partner now, I'd try hard not to cheat.
But the knowleige comes too late. Hen,
Comes while the yawning gate, Ilem,
Revolves on fiery hinges,
And the red heat redly tinges
The fiery hands extended
To tell me life is ended-
They have found an "altered insoice," which they tangle round my feet.

Well, I had some friends at one time-the Irish. warm and true,
And the Germans, who, for many a year, my standard would pursue:
Lord! in our seeret lodges, our encampments, and grim sehools.
Ilow we of the Know-Nothings used to mock these generons fools!
'Twas a desperate game to play. Ilen,
But it won for many a day. Hen;
Too monstrous for beliering,
"Twas the easiest thing deceiving;
Secret oaths in seeret mattered.
False professions loudly uttered-
These were the stock in trade with which I duped the generons fools.

No matter. Let your tears, Hen, for other griefs be kept ;
At Lorenzo Shepard's funeral a thousand good men wept;
Against my schemes of rapine he taxed his glorions mind,
Till his great soul shattered the weak ease in which it moved enshrined:

But not a tear for me, Hen, This weakness mnst not be, Hen ; If I lived for self, and perish With none my name to cherishFalse, hating men and hated, To long oblivion fated-
The King of Terrors nears me, and to death I stand resigned.
When I'm dead and in my coffin, under fifty thonsand nailsWhen the Nerrs, released from mortgage, my cruel yoke assailsWhen even Plumb and Brisley, Tom Hen Ferris and Ben Ray, Regard me as a played-out dog who has no future day-

Oh, then I ask of you, Hen,
To this last office true, Hen,
With Mer. Brewer to deposit
The papers in that closet;
Romen my coffin-edge and borders Hang my full Know Nothing orders-
Cold as clay must be the nearest I can come to Henry Clay.
So bring the bones and banjo-play a requiem, Brother Men, For I feel that I'm a goner, down among the deadest men ;
In the Limbo, drear and dismal, where lost politicians roast,
They are stoking up the furnace for the brownest kind of toast ;
And I feel it in my bones, Hen,
And hence come all my moans, Hen, That the toasting-prongs are ready, And the white heat sure and steady,
The hungry imps all grinming,
And the cooks prepared for skimning,
While I feel myself the victim doomed to feed this hmogry host.


## TWEEDLEDUII AND TWEEDLEDEE. ${ }^{45}$

That eternal cocklorum old jamboree
Betwixt II. Greeleygrum and T. Weedledee
Has burst out again worse than ever, you see,
And they're deep in a high old sparring spree,
And eross-buttocking other to such a degree
That it forms a sight for all Christians to see.

But the public, I notice-that's you and me-
Have to bear all the blows of the sparring spree
Betwist H. Greeleygrum and T. Weedledee.
T. Weedledee blows on a mighty horn,

And blows with a vengeance, as sure as you're born ;
And crows like a rooster who finds in the morn
Six new pullet wires and a bushel of corn
Lying loose near his dunghill; and crows to warn
All the rest of creation, with loftiest scorn,
That they neither must tread on his pullets or corn.
While II. Greeleygrum, from his sanctum's height,
Puts on his whole armor to face the fight,
And cries to Sid. Gay, "Where my coat of white
Gleams in the battle, be sure all your might
Is directed to doing some grierous despite
To that elderly rooster who still will write
llis letters and paragrajhs, keen and bright,
Against me and mine, and against truth and right.
Above the initials, so hateful to me.
Which mark out the old man known as T. Weedledes."


## THE 11EALTII BILL. ${ }^{46}$

 A TALK EETWEEN TWO REPUDS AT ALBANT."Shall we pass this great bill for the public health ?" "Why, that is no longer the question :
But shall endless sources of power and wealth.
And unlimited chances of public stealth-
On the cholera-plea and the public health-
Be secured for our party's digestion?"
${ }^{-}$. And if to our party this power is to glide,
And these chances of wealth be won for us?"
"Why, the next question, then, we have got to deci!?
1s this: Shall we make it 'an equal divide'
Betwixt the Weed-Seward and the Radieal side.
Or give all to Lord Thurlow or Horace?"
"The senate think Weed should be given the whole.
And the Board of Police therefore packed on:
But the bully Assembly's as hack as a coal,
And the Radical rascals say "Thurlow's control
Is already too great for the good of his sonl. And theyre down like (old ceratels on Tom Actom."
"So between them the Health Bill is dragged either way, And all kinds of fools" errands is sent on ?"
"Why, yes; but yon'll find they'll agree some fine day
Not to lose such rich chances for pickings and pay;
And the IIealth Bill-at least so I heard Lyman sayWill be given to Lord Horace throngh Fenton."


## THE TRIBUNE'S PRESIDENTIAL PHILOSOPHY.

Soon forget the bread that's eaten, And let policy be shown;
Don't take Seward, or we're beatenTake some nimy quite unknown.
Take some fossilized curmudgeon, One with no obstreperous brains, And we'll hook the popular gudgeon, Ay , and cook it for our pains.
Let us get our Bates all ready, And go cruising near the Banks;
Years of service, stanch and steady, We'll repay with-many thanks.
Gratitude with us is gammon, But we'll win the spoils we wish, Chase-ing that Ohio Salmon, Or enjoying New York Fish.
Give us some old daneing dervis, Just a puppet for our wire;
Seward has done too much serviceHas more brains than we desire.
Give us some old dumb curmudgeon, One who neither writes nor prates,
And we'll hook the public gudgeon, If some Weed don't snarl our Bates.

"MR. JOHNSON'S POLICY OF RECONSTRUCTION."
bome comment from the boys in blue.
"His policy," do you say?
By heaven, who says so lies in his throat!
"Twas our policy, boys, from our muster-day,
Through skirmish and bivouac, mareh and fray"His policy," do you say?

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"His policy"-do but note!
'Tis a pitiful falsehood for you to say.
Did he bid all the stars in our banner float?
Was it he shouted Union from erery throat
Through the long war's weary day?
"His policy"-how does it hap?
Has the old word "Union" no meaning, pray ?
What meant the "U. S." upon every cap-
Upon every button, belt, and strap?
"Twas our policy all the way.
"His policy?" That may do
For a silly and empty political lrag;
But twas held by every Boy in Blue
When he lifted his right hand. stanch and true,
And swore to sustain the flag.
We are with him ${ }^{*}$ none the less-
He works for the same great end we songht ;
We feel for the South in its deep distress,
And to get the old Union restored we press-
"Twas for this we enlisted and fought.
Be it his or whose it may.
'Tis the policy, bors, that we aror;
There were noble hearts in the ranks of gray,
As they proved on many a bloody day,
And we wonld not oppress them now.
"Let us all forgive and forget:"
It was thus Grant spoke to General Lee.
When, with wounds still raw and hayonets wet.
The chiefs of the two great armics met
Beneath the old apple-tree.


## RING RHYMES. ${ }^{47}$

Ho, brothers! drawn from many lands.
Who drive the plane or swing the hammer-
Beneath whose swift and knotted hands
Onr shops and ship-rards clamor.
Ho ! all who live by thinking brow.
By tonch of art or strain of sinew-
Rise, hothers! rise and swear a vow
That the foul ling-rule, rampant now, No longer shall in power contimue.

Choked sewers of filth and streets of mireThese to King lest a premium proffer ;
And the young, and the old, and the weak expire,
That the Ring may fill its coffer.
And who are these men who can thns afford
To plnnder and spurn our princely village?
See this beetle-browed, skulking, and ruffian horde,
Who, when true men sprang to the musket and sword,
Remained home here to organize pillage.
They hase seized all posts of power and pride,
They mock as vain our passionate struggle,
Conscious how well is fortified
Their rule of theft and juggle.
They think us weak, for they know how long
We have borne their sway of shame and plander-
Up, brothers, now against the wrong;
Up, in one effort fierce and strong,
And rend their villainons Ring asunder.
Up, for our city's tarnished fame-
Let justice urge and manhood quicken ;
Up, ere we grow quite dead to shame, With moral palsy stricken ;
Up, and hunt down this brood of Theft,
As bloodhounds bay the wolf's hot hannches;
Up, ere of all we prize bereft;
Up, and-if nothing else be left-
Let's swing the rogues on gallows-branches.

## "OUR BIG THING ON ICE."'

Air: "Tim Donnelly, the Giant."
Snccess to yon, big Mike Connolly, So burly an' so defiant,
You're twice bigger than ould Tim Donnelly, That was onr great "Irish giant."
Your heart is big, an' your brain is big-
Out o' jail you're onr "biggest big thing."
And 'tis Big Judge Mike, wid his big shtick,
That'll break the Tammany " Ring."
So long life to you, Big Mike Connolly, So jovial an'so defiant, Yon're twice bigger than ould Tim Donnelly, That was our great " Irish giant."

It was our Big Mike, wid his big shtick, That gave the "Excise" its Lolus,
An' he"s taught Tom Acton many a trick In spite of all lis poliss.
It's him that shmites for the poor man's rights,
It's to him that wid hope they cling,
An' it's his big fist into smothers will twist The "Lunch Club" an' its "ring."

Och, bully for you, Judge Connolly, So plucky an' so defiant,
Youre twice bigger than ould Tim Donnelly.
That was our great " Irish giant."
John A. Kemnedy calls you "blatherin' Mike," An' the Tammany leaders curse you,
But the more at you, Mike, such haythins sthrike, The more in our hearts well uurse you.
Och, yonll fill the place wid most mortial grace, An' yon'll do the hangin' highly;
But I want you to shwear (for I'm undher a scare)
That yon ill never hang Miles O'Reilly.
Now, good luck to you, Big Mike Comnolly.
It's well you may be defiant,
For you've twice the shtuff of Tim Donnelly, That was our great "Irish giant."
And here's a glass to you, Billy Walsh, My king of the bonld Fourth Warders;
It's you that can shtump, an' it's you that ll jump
Like a li'n over 'Tammany's bordhers.
You're of dacint shtock-you have brains an pluck-
You have faith-you have youth an' honor-
An' I wouldn't, 'tis thrue, whin he meets wid yon.
For a five-dollar bill be Bill Comor.
So I dhrink to you, Billy, in good poteen.
My king of the bould Fourth Wiarders.
For it's you that can shtmmp, an' it's you that 'll jump Like a lin over 'Tammanys bordhers.

Come round me, ma bouchals, come all of you near me.
For, faix! I'm the hoy that can faithfnlly sing
All the blessin's-stand back there, and let the hors hear me-
All the blessin's we get by supportin" the "Ring."
Sure we see our "ring-masthers." wid gorgens imspection.
From the hoighths of gilt coaches on labors surver:
An' we get a month's work-comin' on near election-
A-clanin' the sewers for two dollars a day.

Look at Brennan. 'Time was he was " Mat" when we met him, An' so civil he always 'nd bow whin we'd pass;
An', och ! many's the good game o' "mnggins" we bet him, Whin he sould us bad rum at three coppers a glass.
But since by our votes to the "Ring" he was lifted, On the Bloomindale Road he's a palace, they say;
And the flapjacks he ates must wid goold-dust be sifted, An' poor divils like us must keep ont of his way.
An" there's Charley Cornell-God be wid the time, Charley, Whin dressed in your butcher-sleeres, blood to the edge,
Yourself and bould Terry-now Aldherman FarleySat down wid us boys to a game of "ould sledge."
But it's now you're worth millions-an' how did you get it? Didn't our votes first give you a sate in the " Ring?"
But we're honest and poor-and you sthrive to forget it, An' the door in our faces, if callin', yon'd fling.
An' there's Pether B. Shweeny-they say he is wiser, An' cuter, an" darker than most in the "Ring;"
To the whole of them chickens he plays the adviser, And shows how to cover their eggs wid their wing.
By me sow, little Pether, the day will come hoppin' That for all your "ring shwindles" you'll get what's your due;
An' aich three in the Park will be gayly ont croppin' Wid a rope and a noose for such spalpeens as you.
Look at Tweed-holy Father! Bill Tweedie-look at him; Did you ever see feedin' like that in your life?
Like a Suffolkshire pig when you stuff him and fat himAn' I guess-like the pig-he's just fit for the knife.
Musha Tweedie, ahagur! 'tis you have soft weather, It was we tuned your pipes and we taught yon to sing;
Do you mind o' the time we wor "bunkers" together, Before you grew rich, fat, and proud in the "Ring?"

An' there's Boole! Oh, be jabers ! the scoundbrelly Blue-nose Has brought all his brothers to share in the swag;
He has houses, seven-thirties, and greenbacks, and few knows The size of the "stale" he has tied in his bag.
"An' the moment," he says, "that they shtop him from thievin', He'll to C'anady carry his bones and his purse."
May the divil go wid him our counthry when leavin'On the black British spy be the Irishman's curse.
Och, boys! shall the rule of these villains contimeShall we still be the slaves o' the rognes we despise?
These trauneens who use neither brain-work nor sinew, And forget us the moment we help them to rise?

By the Church of Ardagh and the great Cross of Cashel,
To the dioul both themselves and their tickets well fling,
Let us thry a new game-just for fun, bors-and smash all.
The schaimes, an' the heads, an' machines $0^{\circ}$ the " Ring."

Avi: "The Shan f"an Voght."
Och, Fernandy Wood, the bould, It is he has got a bould
On the rotes an' the affections of the Mozart choir ;
An' they'll sing. as he expects, All the chimes that he directs,
An' they'lf only eall their sowls their own at his desire.
Now Fernandy Wood, he made
Wid Cornell an' Tweed a thrade,
Sellin' out his Mozart chickens, feathers, bones, an’ hide, On a promise that they shonld Make himself, Fernandy Wood, Their mayor in next December, let whaterer else betide.

An’ for this Fernandy shwore
To do up a little chore
In the sindin' of Cornell to the Sinate o' the shtate,
Where Charley, shpry an' firm.
Might extind his little term,
An' fix up some other matthers on the lobby-shlate.
An' for this bonld Charley then
Shwore to carry "Brother Ben"
To the Sinate by the power o' cash the Wigwam wields;
While Weed might oust Laimbeer,
Placin' Stewart there this year,
An' put 'Thomas Murphy snugly in the place o' Tom C. Fields.
An' sure Breman was to take,
As his private " little rake."
The Law Department, placin' Joln E. Derlin on the shelf;
And this- to Weed's abhorrence-
He might give to A. R. Lawrence.
As the nominee of George Law and his very noble self.
'Twas the purtiest little plot
Ont of-somewhere that is hot-
But Fernandy, as he oulder grows is proner still to gabble;
An' so it cmm-by-an'-by-
That this saycret threaty shly
Was developed in the Merahd to "the outside haythin rabble."

Whereupon blue murdher rose
'Twixt Fernandy's friends and foes,
An', faix: Weed was in a corner, an' Cornell was much the same;
For the Tribune axed the blood
Both of Weed and Benjie Wood,
An' the Herald vowed to fight to death agin the schaime.
Upon this Fernandy fine
Sinds for Daniel M. O'Brine,
To whom he had pledged the Mozarts in Cornell's disthrick;
An' says he, " My bully Dan,
Such an' such things are my plan,
So in favor of Cornell, Dan, you must back out quick."
"Divil resayve the fut I'll back
From the sinatorial thrack,"
Shpakes ont the brave O'Brien, more courageous nor a brick;
"You have pledged my elevation
By the Mozart nomination,
An' 'tis I will be next senator from my disthrick."
Then Fernandy, mad wid rage, Findin' flatthery wouldn't assuage,
Shwore a pistil-ball should whistle through O'Brien his heart,
If to tell he ever dared
The bad bargain thas declared,
An' by which Fernandy hoped again as mayor to shtart.
"Now, by this an' by that," says Dan,
"You're mistaken in your man,
If yon hope to frighten any boy who is called O'Brien;"
An' wid that right off he goes,
Writes an' signs a full expose,
An' wid this has put a tombstone on Cornell's design.
So Fernandy's cake is dough,
An' the bould Bill Tweed's also,
An' the onld man's bnsy writin' dodgin' letthers o' denial ;
An' the sea for 'Thomas Murphy
Now looks tempest-black an' surfy,
An' Stewart in his cockle-boat doesn't dare to make a thrial.
And the galliant "Brother Ben,"
Down among the deadest men,
Is decayin' like a stale jack-pike the honest fish-wife shpurns;
While o'er him, high in air,
As the emblems o' despair,
Gleam the banner and bright sabre of the brave young Col. Burns.

As to Brennan-faix, 'tis he
Is the cowed-est man yon'd see,
While of Lawrence an' his roined hopes he still is fiercely stormin':
An' for corporation counsel,
I'll bet tulips agin grounsel
That the next to fill the place will be our own bould Dick O'Gorman.
Oh, brothers-one an' all-
Let us organize this fall,
An' charge agin the Ring-chiefs in resistless line ;
An' for leaders let us take-
Plucky, honest, wide-awake-
Just such candidates for every place as Daniel M. O'Brien.

Air: "Tune the old cow died of."
Musha, boys, did yez hear the news?
Sure Ben Wood is tuk bad wid "the blues."
An' Fernandy's turned all soorts o' hues
That a shkin from the rainbow conld borrow,
Since he heerd that the bargain or thrade
Wid Cornell an' the "ould man" he made
Has gone up in a big balloon
Twist higher nor is the moon, An' himself an' poor Ben must sup) sorrow.
For Ben sees, howsumdever he turns,
The victhory lanin' to Burns,
While all kinds o' hard kickin's an shpurns
Are haped on Fernandy's alliance;
An' Karl Sprackensic Bryant O'Dutch
Isn't popilar-not overmuch-
An' Mat Brennan's attimpts to conthrol
How the people shall vote at the poll
Are met wid most haynious defiance.
An' Cornell! Sure the scoundhrel O'Brine
Has just wheeled all the boys into line,
An' bad luck to the hope or the sign
Of poor Charley's election this minnit ;
For the Tribunes had somethin' to say
In gettin' Dane ont o' the way :
An' no dodges or "Aliany thricks"
That the "ould man's" so famions to fix
Can now sind poor Cornell to the Sinate.
As to Fields-well, the thing was too plain
That it lay between him an M'Lane,
An' so poor 'Tommy Murply in wain

Spinds the profits he made upon shoddy ;
For the boys go M'Lane-nothin' shorter-
Neglectin' "the snorer and snorter,"
Tom Fields, who, in somnolent riot,
So oft broke the dignified quiet
Of our state sinatorial body.
An' to me, who am fond o" the "Ring,"
An' to Brennan an' Shweeny, who cling,
An' believe public theft is the thing
'That our boys shonld admire an' remember-
Faix! I'm sick at the heart whin I look
At the figures that's writ in the book;
For to me it 'nd seem, darlin's dear,
That the "Ring" chance looks mortially queer,
An' will die the first week in December.
An', boys, should that sad hour approach,
Trick me dacintly into a coach,
An' sind me, withont reproach,
Away to the Jarseys hidin';
An' sind Brennan, an' Shweeny, anı Bradley along,
An' let A. Oakey Hall swell the mournin' throng,
For the town will be then far too hot and too sthrong
For such jockeys as them to abide in.

Air (with a reeitative chorus): "Ould Ireland, you're my jewel, sure."
Och, boys, hurra! now comes the day
The "Ring's" rank rule for smitin';
We'll make smithereens o' their foul " machines," An' sind their schaimes at-kitin';
An' this shall be the song for me,
Corruption's bulwark stormin'-
" Hurra! hurra! we win the day, Wid Hecker and Richard O'Gorman ;"
May the Ould Boy cling to yer thievin' "Ring," An' the plunder yez pocketed handy;
But ye've dhrained the cup, an' the game is all up
For that everlastin' (judgment-by-default-allowin' John E.
Develin and his congaynial partner in all soorts o' villainies,
that pucker-faced, stiff-dickied ould rapparee an' scallywag in gineral)-
Sure av coorse I mane Fernandy.
The "Ring" goes down-we'll clear" the town Of all the brood o' Brennans;
An', faix ! Charley Cornell, an' Tweed as well,
shall fly before our pennons.

Their day is past, an' we'll see the last
O' their crew to Jarsey swarmin',
Afeard to be caught, an' be hung as they ought,
By Hecker an' Richard 0'Gorman.
"God grant it soon" is the only chune
That honest men can be singin',
"That from every three in the Park we may see
Some plundher-fed ' Fing'-rogue (an', ly me sow!! whin I say thim words, Terry Farley, it isn't a hundhred miles away from your mother's son that my mind's eve is wandherin*, an' it's thinkin' I am what a purte corpse you'd make)-
Some plundher-fed villain swingin'."
Ay, an' then there's Boole-that Blne-nose tool-
'An' his pack o' rapayshis brothers.
Who have gorged their fill at the public till
Until aich o' thim nearly smothers.
Och, we'll sind them back on the Canada thrack, The Faynians behind thim swarmin';
All such scamps we'll put down, an' dhrive out o' the torm.
Undher Hecker an' Richard O'Gorman.
Wirra, boys! it will be a nate sight to see
How the flight o' those Booles will quicken
Whin behind thim, hot sweep, two or three inches deep.
A few Faymians their bayonets (an' sure the world knows there's no nater nor purtier weapon than a bagnet. an it " only a pity the bright point of it should ever be soiled in the corrupt bodies of such varmints) -

- A few Faymians their bayonets are stickin'.

Then rents will come down, an' throughout the town
There will be a proud day of enjoyment :
For wages will rise, an' the loaf grow in size, An' no lack there will be of emplorment.
As our taxes decrease, all the blessin's of peace
Our hearts an' our hopes will be wamin';
An' we'll have a good time, in our city sublime, Undher Hecker an' Richard O'Gorman.
"To the dionl we fling all the rogues of the 'Ring,'" Is the cry both of palace an' shamtr,
An' next month we'll inmu, takin' aich in his turn,
John E. Develin (that corporation connsel ours, who seems to think he is paid for no other living thing than to find out how we can be chayted an' plundhered, an then employ his friend Fiedds to do the job, an' divide fair wid all consamed afther that)-
John E. Develin an' Sheik Fernamely.

## GRAND DEMOCRATIC CHOWDER.

In our city aquarium's shining bound, Fish of all species eujoy free quarter,
Poking with cold snouts romnd and round The crystal walls of their limpid fortress.
Fish with the biggest eyes are here;
With fins-the pectoral, anal, dorsal ;
Scales that like proof of mail appear, And wide mouths gaping for every morsel.
Over the pebbles and shining sand,
Down on the bottom they grope and wander ;
Next their little air-bladders expand,
And up they shoot as of sunlight fonder.
In through the stems of the cool green reeds, Under the lilies and pendent mosses,
Still the sub-aqueous play proceeds,
While porgies and pikes have their joys and crosses.
In our city aquarium all the choir
Of fish have particular flies to follow ;
Hackles and cocktails many desire,
While palmers, well oiled, nearly all will swallow.
Lady-bird flies are a tempting bait;
With duns, blue, or brown, your sport will be meager;
But with spinners or governors all are elate, And for shiners-the yellow, yon'll find them eager.

But the day of our sport was a clondy day,
And the fly we used of a new description;
Senator-fly it is called, they say,
And its use shall be told without color or fiction.
Never had anglers such royal sport
As we all can have when it comes in season,
For the fishes their destiny seem to court,
And rise at this fly as if reft of reason.

## FOURTH SENATORIAL DISTRIC'T.

Dropping a senator-fly called Fourth,
Tied to a string, just above the surface.
Lo! from the east, south, west, and north,
Numberless fishes rise up, all nervons.

Mather, of Albany, first is found Poking his hangry nose above water ;
He carries an old hotel-key round,
And his carpet bag shows him a sealy squatter.
Jacob L. Smith, like a pike, we see Feeding all round on emigrant minnows;
William M. Tweed, and a rockfish he, Floats on his supervisorial sinews.
Moneghan Pete works his gudgeon fins.
Watching the fly, in hopes to earn it ;
While Alderman Stephens to work begins, Looking the stoutest of all red gumet.

Bob Livingston Linn would be glad to win, And swims on his belly, a marshal flounder ;
lichard T. Compton, we count him in
As a fine iced cod, "' many years a rounder:"
Hughey Boy Smith is a trout of mark,
Prompt to assume the stage of action ;
While Winne Dick is a lawyer shark,
Who to win would enlist in whaterer faction.
Bold Johmny Shea is a fine fat carp,
Red in the gills, and stout, and posted;
Kivlin Tom is a pickerel sharp
Who will one day or other get hooked and roasted.
John Y. Sarage is long and grim,
Best of sub-aqueons swordfish fighters-
And such were the fish who appeared to swim
'Neath the eye and the fly of the present writer's.
Romd and round in a whill they go,
Working their gills in a fishy smother,
Making their glutinous eyeballs glow.
And biting like devils at each and other.
sides are peeled and the flesh is bare,
Fins are lopped from our liquid cattle;
Scales and skin from each other they tear,
And rage is the rule of the fisly battle.

## FIFTII SENATORIAL DISTRICT.

Dropping a tly of ano her kind-
Senator Fifth-alhove the water,
Wagging their tails and going it hlind,
lufinite victims rise up for slanghter.

Smith Ely rises-a senator eel,
Tough as his leather this deep-sea conger ;
And Fields, though his chance has improved a deal, We're afraid has to wait a little longer.

Chubb Theodore Tomlinsson don't look bad, And with sardine sance might be made taste pleasant;
Sam Webster we think quite a promising shad, But shadowed (though under the gas) at present.
Jim Reilly could hardly be taxed to rise
For so small a bait, and he well may brag it;
But Winthrop, Chanler, if only wise,
Can hook all the rest with it Chanler's maggot.
Round and round they wriggle and dart, Bending the reeds and scattering the water,
Spry in their spines and terribly smart, Every one eager the other to slanghter.
With months wide open and goggling eyes, Fins in bedlamite motion working,
All for the Fifth Senatorial rise,
While their tails and their heads have a crazy jerking.

## SIXTH SENATORIAL DISTRICT.

Soon with a new senatorial fly
Called the Sixth on om line suspended,
With mnch "speculation" in his eye,
A sleek mud-turtle at once ascended;
Schell by name, with a shell on his back,
Snapping-voracions beyond all telling ;
At valuing forts or flies not slack,
But afraid of snells since his fatal Snelling.
Wheeler John like a weakfish rose,
Irresolute whether to pass or besiege it ;
Dunham J. Crain poked a tautog nose,
But hadn't the spring in his tail to reach it.
Philip W. Engs made a bully leap-
A sort of big drum not easily beaten;
While the catfish Baldwin, though lying deep,
Has a faith that this fly will by him be eaten.
John T. ffoffman, whose birth we ascribe
To the big-headed species of sculpin finners,
And Livingston Bob of the Sheepshead tribe-
These both on our fly hope to make their dimners.

So round and round in an endless coil, Biting and fighting, they dart and splutter;
Their chance of success is not worth the toil,
But their play may give somebody bread and butter.

## SEIENTH SENATORIAL DISTRICT.

Last of om flies for the present week, Seventh Senatorial we now exhibit-
A fly which all Mackerells eagerly seek, While the squidfish Connolly jumps to crib it.
That Dick feels sure you can see at a glance-
He dallies and dandles, appearing listless;
While the luminons sunfish Johnny Vance Is advancing claims which appear resistless.
That perch of a Peck, if we take his word, Guarantees to return us double measure ;
And the herring P. G. Moloney is heard Proclaiming the fly to be his at pleasure.
The mullet M'Spedon to win is boundA fish full of humor, provoking langhter;
While the tipsy-fish Rutherford squirms around, But a cocktail fly is the one he's after.
Like a jolly fat halibut. Bartlett Smith Plashes around with uneasy jerkings;
Harry Genet shows his bottom and lith By biting the tail of Hosea Bream Perkins.
Noal A. Chirds, an audacions dace.
Has the thick, hard scales of the old-school hunkers;
And Masterson Pete, in his fireman face, Shows a clear descent from the line of bunkers.
Round and round in a whirl they go, Working their gills in a fishy smother,
Making their glutinous eveballs glow.
And biting like devils at each and other.
Sides are peeled till the bones lie bare.
Fins are lopped from our liquid cattle :
Scales and skin from each other ther tear, And rage is the rule of the fisly battle.

## ST, TAMMLINY AND TIE NABOBE.

Oh, there was a delusion. in the good days of old.
That party was an army with soldiers enrolled;

There were privates with muskets, and sergeants on pay, And captings with epaulettes both gallant and gay, Singing tooral-liooral, etc.
In the good times we speak of promotion was won
By a record of friendship and services done;
Men marched in the ranks ere they rode in the van,
And the purse was no object-we looked at the man, Singing tooral, etc.
Oh, shoulder to shoulder right onward we press'd, All passions but envy had room in each breast; Heart beating to heart, every thought seemed to blend,
And each looked to the banner which all would defend,
Singing tooral, etc.
Yes, trimmph and sorrow, joy, anger, and pride,
We shared with the brothers who marched by our side ; When the bugle was heard, erery soldier took arms, And the world had no prize to give treachery charms, Singing tooral, etc.
But a new light has dawned on political war,
And 'tis now "Will it pay?" ere yon say who you're for ;
"Tis no longer "What, he! my old friend wants my aid;
He shall have it." Ah no; the game's otherwise played, Singing tooral, etc.
This course was all wrong, as some big nabobs say,
Who have kindly agreed o'er our lives to bear sway;
The man counts for nauglt till we see how he stands
In the matter of rent-roll, stock-jobbing, and lands,
Singing tooral, etc.
These nabobs have shirt-fronts with diamonds a-gleam,
And their Verzenay bubbles, an amber-hued stream;
Grand junction, commercial politicians they are,
And in "selling for cash" each man shines like a star, Singing tooral, etc.
They sit in gay rooms under glass chandeliers, And each bulbons-nosed squatter at Tammany sneers; Oh, they look with big eyes on political jobs,
And then rattle the tin in their corpulent fobs, Singing tooral, etc.
Big chunks of a golden humanity these,
Fat ingots with heads swelled as big as a cheese ;
They twiddle their thumbs as they dream of their checks, And tis they hold the people ker-chuck by the necks, singing tooral, etc.
(ireedy handlers of bullion. bold signers of linls,
Immense in the matter of cleaning out tills;
The masses are asses--so Nature ordains,
For we all know that cash is the measure of brains, Singing tooral, etc.

The only grand key to which Fortune accords The power of revolving in popular wards, Is a key made of gold by some nabob applied, Which will give access free to the jam-pots inside, singing tooral, etc.
Oh, no more we'll look down to the leaders of wards,
But we'll all raise our eyes to these "national" lords:
They wear leather medals to which we bow low,
And at Charleston they'll make a splendiferons show, Singing tooral, ete.

No man in this eity could righteonsly dare
Over grandees like these to atpire to be mayor ;
So they sail up North River the land to inspect,
And a mayor they"ll "import"-whom, of conrse. we "ll elect.
Singing tooral, etc.
All the papers will spend full two thirds or a half Of their space to extol this auriferons ealf;
Times, Herald, and Tribune will bless the hright day:
And the Leader will kneel, singing hal-le-lu-jar,
And tooral, etc.
So, in view of this new mule, all rising young men
Who have done party service-don't do it again ;
For, until things are changel, this no longer can be
To party promotion the ladder and key,
singing tooral, etc.
But change a lad cheek for good value. and run.
Or find a rich wife who will pay for your fun:
Either get rich or scem rich, for both will arail,
And you may join the nabobs-if not put in jail,
Ninging tooral. ete.
So down with all weakness of friendly regard:
To cheat-for the first time-we know may he hard:
But whocer to cheat perseveringly tries,
Oh, hell find cheating come just as easy as lies,
Singing tooral, etc.
So lurra for the nabobs, and long may they reign :
Wo kiss their kind whip, and we cuddle the chain:

We'll pull down the Wigwam, and choke the big spring,
While the praise of "commercial transactions" we sing, Singing tooral, etc.
But perhaps, ere the Wigwam a ruin is found,
Ere we take our farewell of the old hunting ground,
Just to hear the last echo 'twill fling from its roof,
Of this rhymed invocation 'tis well to make proof,
Singing tooral, etc.

## THE APOTHEOSIS OF JAY COOKE.

IHurra! hurra! I heard them say,
Hurra for the Cooke who is christened Jay-
A greater old joker than Rabelais.
May his name be great, and his purse expand,
And his fame and his shadow fill the land;
For 'tis he has proved, in a manner as yet
Defying all skill but his alone,
That of all great blessings, a national debt
Is the jolliest blessing that ever was known.
Our Jay like a jay-bird well may crow,
For a thousand millions of dollars or so,
To this side or that, like a ball, he can throw;
And it is by the skill of this mighty Cooke
That our last seven-thirties all "got took;"
And of all the nations that ever were known,
The richest and greatest is now our own ;
And of all the cooks in the moneyed line,
"Doing things up brown" with a crisp that is fine,
There is never a chef, we swear by the book.
That can equal our own immortal Cooke.
His discovery acts like a Brandreth's pill
For the cure of all forms of national ill;
And the londer he cries as we nearer sink
To the verge of bankruptey's dreadful brink-
"Oh, go it, ye cripples! your cares forget;
Plange deeper in blessings-that is, in debt ;
To pay what you owe, and to pay as you go-
These are old fogy notions our age below;
But believe with me, and never forget,
That the way to be blessed is to rush into debt.
At the cautions of fogy financiers scoff,
Never bother your head about paying it off;
18 M 2

But keep borrowing still, with a greedy clutch, For of blessings you never can have too much; And of all the blessings the world knows yet. The greatest, I swear, is a national debt."

Oh, crown him with greenbacks, and let his heir A chaplet of ten-cent currency wear;
And down from his shonlders, broad and tall,
Let a mantle of bonds (seven-thirties) fall:
And place in his hands a baton, rolled
With the thimest film or foil of gold;
And-with this for his seeptre a sorcerer's roul-
Let his feet with brazen shoes be shod-
Shoes like to Mercury's, wing combined,
To show the flight that our wealth is taking;
And brazen, to typify the mind
That a "blessing" of our great curse is making.

## NEW YORK IN A NUTsiledL.

the net cracked and aet-ritiotsly migrsted.
Ye curious Yankees, who, alas!
Desire to visit Gotham,
Attend unto the dangers as
We presently shall show them :
And ere with bodies safe and sonnd
You lameh mpon the Soumd, sirs,
Get mp upon our Pegasus,
And peg with us around, sirs.
The city stands upon an isle
Or sand-bank called Manhattan ;
It is a place given wholly up
To brandy, silk, and satan.
Its people love the broad Broadway,
The "narrow path" they seoft" at :
Their worship now is the cholera ghoul, And Schultz is their chief prophet.
The city's statutes are as dead
As statues made of plaster:
Its strects are Moeked-in Astor Place
Can neither horse nor ass stir.
In Peard Street there are pearl-ous vaults.
Down which we turn pearl-divers;
And Bleeeker is a bleaker street
For basengers and drivers.

In Amity no friendship is, In Bond Street no security,
In Grand Street nothing great or grand, In Water Strcet no purity;
In Broome there's not a broom at work, Dry Dock is quite a puddle;
In Carroll Street no carol sounds, And Congress is a muddle.
The street called Gay is very sad ; Both Am and Catharine plague you;
The very name of Hague Street gives A Cockney bard the h'-ague.
In Dey Street we are like to die, Gramercy Place is pert, sirs,
And Chestnut Street and Cherry make $\Lambda$ dessert we desert, sirs.

There's Bayard' Street—but not, like him, Sans peur et sans reproche, sirs;
And in Attorney Street you find A tourney-coach to coach, sirs.
In Rose I never saw a rose Except a colored woman,
And Clement Street and Mersey are Most thoroughly inhuman.

In Greene Street not a blade of grass, In Eountain uot a pailful;
The streets, with bales and boxes piled, Become each day more baleful;
A walk through Varick Street would give A varic-ose complaint, sirs,
And White Street is as black a place As ever mud did paint, sirs.

Our streets are piled with piles of brick, And "bricks" go staggering by them;
The rotten shingles covering pits With cautious feet we try them.
Our rich men's faces tell their wealthTen thousand for each wrinkle,
And on a ten times wizened face Each lady's glance will twinkle.
These ladies all are thin and tall, Large-eved and pale-refined, too;
Superbly dressed-and for the rest, Ask them, if you've a mind to.

Some people say they have a way
False calves and busts of padding,
And their teeth are sought and ecmplexions bought
When they take their daily gadding.
Oh, Muse of mine! thy classic foot Once wore a golden sandal,
But thon hast fallen on punning ways, And $c!$ it is a s(c)andal.
Thy thoughts are turned to quiddities, The tortured langnage teasing,
For he who once but lived to please, Has now to live by pleasing.

## POLITICAL OPIUM DREAM.

WRITTEN, AFTER SWALLOWING THREE DOVER'S POWDERS, BY TLE POICE OF TIIE "PEWTER MUG."
In weary, nervous plight, one night
I sighed and panted for the light,
While buzzing in my ear a clear
Shrill whisper breathed these words of fear :
Fermando Wrood had fortr-one thousand,
Vowed and swore he had forty-one thousand.
Swore that he owned full forty-one thousand-
Forty-one thousand votes.
I groaned and could not sleep; a deep
And dread unquiet made me keep
Still asking, soon or late, their fate;
Then came the dream I now relate.
$\Lambda$ vision it was of the forty-one thonsand,
All that is left of the forty-one thonsand.
The wretched remains of the forty-one thousand-
Forty-one thousand votes.
Suppose some giant "bore" of yore
Had found a gimlet more and more
Gigantic than himself, and he
Nine miles in height-ciremmference three.
Suppose the tool so found aromed
He turned and twisted in the ground,
Working to let some daylight throngh
On Kaftir Land or Timbuetoo.
Sueli was the tortuous pit. mulit
By any cheery ray of day,

Down which a winding, slippery stair
Curled, black and dismal as despair.
Still from the dripping walls there falls
An ooze of death; each step appalls
As giddily I wound around
This monstrous corkscrew under ground.
Each step new echoes woke, which broke
Like booming guns from battle smoke,
And, stifling for fresh air, the stair
Seemed leading down to-you know where.
Before me strode a guide, with wide
Funereal drapery loosely tied
Round head and waist; a bull's-eye lamp
Shot sickly rays through dark and damp.
At length we reached a hall, where all
A thousand galleries met, and yet
In each five yards of corridor
Stood in the dripping walls a door.
At one my grim guide paused, and caused
A door, which opened with a spring,
Back on its rusty hinge to swing-
And I beheld a hideons thing.
Alack and alack for the forty-one thousand,
Hither had come the forty-one thousand,
All that was left of the forty-one thousand-Forty-one thonsand votes.

There is a low vanlt, bare and square
(Blue burned the lamp in the stagnant air):
I saw green lizards sprawl and fall
On drizzly floor from slimy wall,
While ranged around the room, in gloom
More deep than any earthly tomb,
A score of coffins stood on end-
" Political corpses," said my friend.
Corpses they were of the forty-one thousand, Wretchedest wreck of the forty-one thousand, All that were left of the forty-one thousand-Forty-one thousand votes.

Each bore a brazen plate, to state
The name, style, station, natal date
Of the "clean beat" who groaned within
This mortal sentry-box of $\sin$.

Advancing to the first accused,
My guide tapped lightly ; the lid burst
Wide open, and, as back it flew,
The ghastly tenant stood in view.
Done to death were the forty-one thousand, Boxed in wood were the forty-one thousand, All that was left of the forty-one thousand-Forty-one thousand votes.

I'rotruding from the clothes-there flows
A shroud round each, from head to toes-
I saw and recognized a nose
such as the people's chairman blows.
And, tapping round from shell to shell, Each lid wide open slowly fell,
Revealing in this charnel hive
'The following " beats" entombed alive.
Buried alive of the fortr-one thousand,
Princes and sheiks of the fortr-one thousand,
Diddled remains of the fort $y$-one thousand-Forty-one thousand votes.

Here galorious Dick had a hue of blue,
Mottled and streaked in the parts in view;
And brother Ben made a grand display
Of "prond flesh" turning to decay.
Dick Schell looked bad in his white pine shell,
And the weary Drake had an ancient smell;
Cold sweat from wretched Ben Fairchild flows,
And Bill M'Intyre made us hold our nose;
For "gamy" were they of the forty-one thousand-Forty-one thousand rotes.

The featmres of monkey Gid were hid
By the shroud which he drew when his coffin-lid
Flew back, and General Hiram he
Was as "hi" as a corpse on the gallows-tree.
Myriads of malt-worms, fed and hred
In Seventh Wrard bully Riley's head:
And charming Brownell looked almost as grisly
As the skin-peeled corpse of poor Billy Brisly.
'Tlese were the whole of the forty-one thousand, All that is left of the forty-one thonsand,
Nary a more of the forty-one thomsand-
Forty-one thousand roters.
"Where is the chief?" I said; "for dead I know he must be." Every head
In all that ghastly crew was raised,
And fury from their eyeballs blazed.
Each from beneath his shroud, with proud
And angry gesture, drew to view
Some limb or portion of the chief, Now made " political hung beef."
Ben Fairchild had the hand which planned
So many "city diddlings" grand;
Gid Tucker had his rights-the lights,
Bile-duct, and spleen, to chew o' nights.
Legs, head, and breast went round ; each found
His only solace under ground;
While Brandy Sour was glad to risk it
Upon the baser parts and brisket
Of him who owned the forty-one thousand, Boasted and swore he had forty-one thousand, Swaggered and lied about forty-one thousand--Forty-one thousand votes.
I sickened, and my brain, with pain
And nausea, felt a nervous strain.
"Avaunt!" I cried; and, with a clang, Back every coffin-cover rang.

## A sONG FOR WHITE MEN.

Old Abe is good to crack a joke,
Heigh-ho, heigh-ho!
His fun in stories he can poke,
Heigh-ho, says I;
But there's never a joke that he can crack
Will help him to beat our Little Mac,
For we all go Mac blind-
Jolmny, fill up the bowl.
The " nigs" for Abe the best may do, Heigh-ho, heigh-ho!
He is patron saint of all their crew,
Heigh-ho, says I;
But we, unfortunates, who are white,
Yet for the nigger have to fight--
Oh, we all go Mac blind--
Johny, fill up the bowl.
"We've broken the Rebellion's back," Heigh-ho, heigh-ho!
Bill Seward swears he heard it crack, Heigh-ho, says I;
IIe swore 'twas broken three years ago, But we see the tide of slaughter flow,

And we all go Mac blind-
Johnny, fill up the bowl.
No end of the war can ever come, Heigh-ho, heigh-ho!
We shall hear the roll of the murdrous drum.
Heigh-ho, says I,
Until at the head of affairs we place
The chosen chief of the martial race,
And we all go Mac blind-
Johnny, fill up the bowl.
Four millions of dollars every day, Heigh-ho, heigh-ho!
For this nigger war we are forced to pay,
Heigh-ho, says I ;
And there's never a hope, in Lincoln's track, Of winning our good old Union back,

So we all go Mae blind-
Johmy, fill up the bowl.
For liberty of speech and press, Heigh-ho, heigh-ho !
For outraged rights we seek redress, Heigh-ho, says I;
The lettre de cachet and Bastile
Are things to make every freeman feel
We should all go Mac blind-.
Johnny, fill up the bowl.
To Sherman, Farragut, and Grant,
Heigh-ho, heigh-ho!
Who our flag o er conquered cities plant. Heigh-ho, says I,
We fill the bumper and pledge the toast,
And to give them the aid they need the most.
We all go Mac blind-
Johnny, fill up the bowl.
With Mae at the head of onr weaponed clans.
Heigh-ho, heigh-ho:
No "political dodges" would mar their plans.
Heigh-ho, says I';

And therefore Farragut, Sherman, Grant, Declare "that Mac is the chief they want,"

And we all go Mac blind-
Johnny, fill up the bowl.
To all our heroes in the field, Heigh-ho, heigh-ho!
Knowing how to die, but not to yield, Heigh-ho, says I,
We fill the bumper and pledge the toast, And to give them the aid they need the most, We all go Mac blind-

Johnny, fill up the bowl.


WAR DEMOCRATIC VIEW OF M‘CLELLAN'S NOMINA-
TION.
"He will immediately take steps to bring about a cessation of hostilities." Chicago Platform.
Private O'Reilly, solus:
Air: "Ould Ireland, you're my darling."
May I niver taste bite nor sup to-night,
But I joy to hear the story,
For the rebels'll catch in $M$ 'Clellan their match, An' we'll soon have "payce" wid glory.
Such "steps" he will take as'll make 'em awake To a sinse of their situation,
An' wid thrayson dead on a bloody bed,
Of the war we shall have " a cessation."
Chorus of soldiers :

> Air: "Yankee Doodle."

That's the kind of talk for us,
That's the peace we covet-
Treason dead on a bloody bed,
And our starry flag above it.
Private O'Reilly, as before:
Little Mac's the man wid a wholesome plan
For an airly "payce" attainin';
Wid threble might to purshue the fight, Decisive thriumphs gainin'.
We do hate an' abhor every form o' warWe but fight for conciliation,
An' with thrayson dead on a bloody bed, Of the war we shall have "a cessation."

Chorus of soldiers, as before:
That's the kind of talk for us, That's the peace we covetTreason dead on a bloody bed, And the stars and stripes above it.
Private O'Reilly, as before:
Oeh ! the hour is nigh to see them fly
In wild confusion seattlered,
From their broken lines an' their murdherin' mines,
An' their earthworks torn an' tatthered.
Wid a fiery brand in wan stout hand,
An' an olive-branch in the other,
They will all eome back undher ${ }^{\text {• }}$ Little Mac,"
$A n$ 'we'll have an end o the bother.
Chorus of soldiers, as before:
That comes home to the Southern heart, That's the way to strike it-
The brand in hand if you still withstand, The olive-brancls if you like it.


## HURRA FOR ANDY JOHNSON.

A ir: "Ould Ireland, you're my jexce, sure."
Oeh, Andy, you're my jewel, shure,
For you our liearts are sighin';
"Tis your thrue aim that bags the game,
An'sets the feathers flyin'.
Full many a duck your shot has sthruek,
As you make your sportin' journer,
But-ourselves between-shure there never was seen
Sueh a clip as you gave John Forney.
Och, Andy dear, some people here,
They say that your thrade was a tailor's.
An' 'twas this, no less, makes you give, I guess,
Suels fits to them Jacolin railers.
Go on, my hoy ! our counthrys joy
Is at stake upon your succeedin';
Let the Jacobins rave till aich wher-faced knave
Is choked up wid the renom he's breedin".
You are on the right thrack to win for us hack-
For shure love is a powerful magnet-
The union of hand and of heart in the land,
Which these rognes would thranstix wid a bagnet.

Och, Andy, dear, your friends are here, Down far in the sowls o' the people;
An' if we had our say, all who'd bar your wayFaix! they'd swing from ould Thrinity's stheeple.

To bring back the states within our gates As sisthers, we thought was our sole end.;
The Union, twas for that we bled in the war-
Not to make o' the South a new Poland.
But now these rogues who do the collognes
In the sinate-from which the Lord save us !-
Shure they cry, it is said, that the Union is dead, Just as loud as did ever Jeff Davis.
But, Andy, dear, while you are here, Onr Union no power can sever;
An', despite all their clack, we shall soon have it back, An' the onld flag shall float forever.


## THE ALDERMAN'S GHOST.

being a spiritual manifestation from a member of the defunct CORPORATION OF NEW YORE KNOWN IN LOCAL HISTORY AS "THE FORTY THIEVES."

Hurra for Judge Edmonds! I have had A mystical manifestation;
I saw last night-don't think me madA ghost from the Corporation.
It came to my room-'tis truth I tellAnd rapped upon the table;
Alive, it loved the table well,
And dead, as well as it's able.
Said I, while I felt each sinew heave, And the dew on my forehead gather,
Is that the spirit of Mother Eve, Or the ghost of a city father?
The table stood up like a fighting-cock, And danced with a glee satanic;
It rapped with force of a thunder-shock, "The spirit is aldermanic."

How did you die? Come tell me smack-
Was it eating turtle-somp, or
An overdose of the canvas-back?
"I died of Peter Cooper;

An overdose of the canvass too"
('The spirit a pun was sharp at);
The table here delirious grew,
And rolled over and over the carpet.
How fare you now in the spirit-land?
Are you melancholic or merry?
Have you got any good fat jobs on hand$A$ railroad or a ferry?
"I find the spirits are regular bricks, Nor the place of fat jobs barren;
I'll sell the monopoly of the Styx, And oust the ferryman, Charon."
Have you got a lobby ring up in the skies, Or are your briberies mental?
Is there any mayor in his strength to rise With a veto transcendental?
"I taste, as ever I did, the sweets Of jobs the most nefarious;
And I mean to appoint to cleanse the streets A mystical Arcularius."
God help the spirits, then. I criedIs there no one to guard or care 'em ?
If one were to think of suicide,
Such a thonght as this would scare him;
For, bad as it is on earth below-
And it makes our heart-strings quiver-
Just think of an aldermanic woe
Inflicted up there forever.


NEBRASKA AND KANSAS.
Air: "Eliza, my darling, you knoz-you knou."
The Arabs are happy-no doubt, no donbt-
The Arabs are happ-and why?
It ain't that they scamper about, about,
Just as free as the clouds in the sky.
"Tis hecause they ain't worried, and scmrried, and hurried
With cries of "Nehraska" and "Kansas:"
They lie moder palm-trees, enjoving the balm breeze.
And sing the "sweet moon" in sweet stanzas.
Icelanders are happr-no doubt, no doubtIcelanders are happ-and why?
It ain't that for train-oil they shont, they shout, And sulug in their snow hovels lie.
"Tis because that "Nebraska" (to rhyme that's a task, ah : But else I must tear up my stanzas)
Has never perplexed them, and wofully vexed them, Nor care they a seal-skin for "Kansas."
The Fejees are happy-no doubt, no doubtThe Fejees are happy-and why ?
"Taint because our friend Kimball, with tabret and cymbal, Exalted their mermaid on high ;
"Tis because (every man says) "Nebraska" and "Kansas" Don't frighten them out of their lives;
They have dwellings of coral, and (wise men and moral) They sport with their salmon-tailed wives.
But we are unhappy - no doubt, no doubtBut we are most wretched-and why?
'Tis becanse we are deafened, and crippled, and sparined With buncombe, and bosh, and " my eye."
We offer a passage, a horse, and an ass each, To these Quixotes and sleek Sancho Panzas
Who share our communion, yet tilt at the Union, If they'll put for "Nebraska" and "Kansas."

## bOB SMITH, OF FULTON STREET.

a ballad of regonstrection and rehabilitation.
Hail, Bobbie Smith, mine ancient friend, My harp hath sung your matchless garments
Long years before I southward went
To fight them cussed secession varmints.
You're on the square, my bully Bob,
Your honest faith no traffic smothers,
And, when I want a clothing job,
I'll deal with you before all others.
I like yon, Bob. Your clothes I find Just like your friendship-warm and lasting ;
No mean thought ever crossed your mind,
Its shadow on your actions casting.
One price you ask-small profit sought-
And men must give the price or leave it ;
I write of you my honest thought,
And those who read had best believe it.
Go in, my Bob, and make and sell
Your clothes till covering all creation ;
The friends who know you love you well,
And you have friends throughout the nation.

Deal with our erring brethren South
Kindly and well-for still they're cranky;
And put this saying in their mouth-
"At least there is one honest Yankee."

THE CRY IS MAC, MY DARLIN*.
Air: "Oh, my Nora Creina, dear."
Mac, my darlin', proud I am
'To hear that you've been nominated;
Last we met at Antietam,
Where yon the rebel might abated;
In the Seven Days' fight I stood
Beside you on the hills an' meadows,
And while our brave bors poured their blood.
We know your heart iwas throblin' wid us.
Oh, my captain, dear an' thrue.
The coward tongues that would ignore you
Are base as false-thank Hearen ther re few :-
Your soldiers thrust you an adore you.
Abe may crack his jolly jokes
Oer bloody fields of" sthricken battle,
While yet the ebbin' life-tide slimokes
From men that die like butchered cattle :
He, ere yet the guns grow cold,
'To pimps an' pets may crack his stories-
Your name is of the grander mould,
And linked wid all our brightest glories.
Oh, my general. loved an’ thrue.
The lyin' tongues that would defame you
Are base as false-thank Hearen ther're fen : For as our chosen chief we chaim you.

They say-these dogs of currish heart,
W'ho never heard a Minié whistle-
Youd let the Union drift apart
Like down-flakes from a shaken thistle;
They say, oh captain-but the words
stick in our throats-we can't adjust em-
But lift to heaven our dinted swords.
An" answer only this, "We thrnst him."
les, oh friend of rights an' laws,
Despite the sneers of fool or craven.
Where hearts beat highest for the eause.
You have your home, your shrine and haven.

Wid patient toil an' pityin' breast
You sought your soldiers' blood to threasure,
Nor ever tried the cruel test
How much we could endare to measure.
They feared you, for they saw our love;
To win success they would not let you;
But while the white stars shine above,
The boys you led will ne'er forget you.
Yés, our captain, prized an' thrue,
Desert you we would perish rather ;
Thank Heaven the hearts are not a few
That call you brother, friend, and father.
"THERE'S NO SUCH WORD AS FAIL, BOY'S."
by one of the rank and file.
Air: "The low-backed car."
M'Dowell's day is over-
A true and gallant man,
With a heart as lig as a bullock's heart,
-Bnt wanting a head to plan.
Now brighter hours are dawning, And brighter hopes we hail,
For with young M'Clellan to lead our lines, There's no such word as fail-

There's no such word as fail, boys-
There's no such word as fail;
For with young M'Clellan to lead our lines,
There's no such word as fail.
No fault against M•Dowell, No blame have we to urge,
He wasn't a red-tape martinet,
That soldiers' pest and scourge.
Warm-hearted was M‘Dowell,
His courage proof of mail,
But he did belong to that luckless class
Who do know how to fail-
Who do know how to fail, boys, As witness all our men,
But with young M'Clellam to leacio our lines,
We'll try the game again.
Virginia's western counties Resomnd M‘Clellan’s name,
Philippi, Grafton, Romney, are
The first-fruits of his fame.

And̉ soon the lurid halo
Of the rebel flag shall pale,
For M ${ }^{\text {c Clellan }}$ belongs to the chosen class
Who don't know how to fail-
Who don't know how to fail, boys,
Who won't know how to fail-
Who couldn't be taught, at whatever price.
The will or the way to fail.
So burnish up your weapons, boys,
And keep your powder dry,
Bull Run will have done us a deal of good
When next the game we try.
One fair, square chance but give ns, boys,
And youll see the rebels quail,
For our leader is now of the chosen class
Who don't know how to fail-
Who don't know how to fail, bors,
Who won't know how to fail,
And who can not be tanght, at whaterer price,
The will or the way to fail.


## LIVE-OAK GEORGE.

Here's to the man who of birth never boasts,
Who has girdled with commerce our seas and our coasts,
On whose flag the old sun never ceases to shine.
From the east to the west, from the pole to the line.
Live-oak George,
Live-oak George,
IIe'll make the politicians
All their spoils disgorge.
He ne'er to the mean arts of tondying flew,
He kept himself clear of the caucusing crew-
Relied on his worth and the will he had shown.
That Americans still should America own.
Live-oak George,
Live-oak George,
He soon will make the Galphin crew Their spoils disgorge.

When poor, and a boy, he came into onr town.
The Albany Regency trampled us down :
But the old fogy trants have now to give way
To the king of the steam-boats-the man of the day.

Live-oak George,
Live-oak George,
"Tis he will make the harpy crew
Their gains disgorge.
He sought for no place and he courted no clique-
If him they desired, it was their place to seek-
It was stanch Pennsylvania the first that did draw
Her sword from the scabbard for honest George Law.
Live-oak George,
Live-oak George,
'Tis he will make old parties
All their gains disgorge.
But others have followed, and others will come, Like soldiers to roll-call of fife and of drum;
For the man that among us most voters can draw,
Oh! who should he be but our Live-oak George Law?
Live-oak George,
Live-oak George,
He'll make some foreign monarchs
All their pride disgorge.
Then bumpers around to the man of the day-
The "grip" and the "word," and let fate have its way;
All true men around the prond standard will draw,
Which, in famed fifty-six, bears the name of George Law.
Live-oak George,
Live-oak George,
Like one of his own clippers,
Into port he'll surge.
Then here's to the man who has made himself all
That wealthy, respected, and honored we call ;
Too long, under soldiers and lawyers, we saw
Our country degraded-we'll now try George Law.
Live-oak George,
Live-oak George,
'Tis he will make the Galphin crew Their gains disgorge.

## SONG OF THE NATIONAL DEMOCRACY.4*

To the Albany chiefs the War Democrats spoke,
Ere you play the old game, there are slates to be broke ;
Your words are all right if they only were true,
But beneath the war flag you've a Copperhead crew.
so fill up the eup, be it brandy or bier, Resurrect the war-hatchet and sharpen the spear;
In Novemher we'll have an almighty big row, And to Copperhead doctrines be-well, if we bow.

Dean Richmond his stomach may pat, and may pinch
Lis, jolly red nose till it lengthens an inch :
But he can't make us think his profesions are true
While he sails his war ship with a Copperhead crew.
So fill up the cup, whisky, claret, or bier.
Resurrect the war-hatchet and sharpen the spear: There are braves on the war-path prepared for a row, And to Breckimidge doctrines be-well, if we bow.
The bold Pete de Cagger, with mystery big,
May adjust each stray hair in his amber-hued wig,
But his arts, thongh potential, are well understood--
If his platform be honest, why mons he with Wood?
So fill up the cup-things look certainly queer-
Resurrect the war-hatchet and sharpen the spear:
With the lords of the "Central" we re in for a row.
And to Richmond and Cagger be-well, if we bow.
To the tenets of Donglas we tenderly cling,
Warm hearts to the canse of our comntry we bring :
To the flag we are pledged-all its foes we abhor-
And we ain't for the " nigger," bont are for the war.
so fill up the eup-pleasant tipple is bier-
Resurrect the war-hatchet and sharpen the spear :
With the Abany chiefs we are in for a row,
And their sceptre well break, or their heads they shali how.
It may suit the subservient old War Horse to say
He is " willing to follow where l'cte leads the way ;"
That, with gavety, he as blank paper will rield
llimself to the power which the Regency wield.
Oh , so great doth your gayety. Pudy. appear.
That we drink your good health in a bumper of hier :
And after November's slate-smashing grand row.
Well, with gayety. make you our very best bow.
Such things do for some folks, but don't do for ns,
Who for Pruyn, Cagger. Cassidy, don't care a cuss:
To the flag we are pledged-all its foes we ahor-
And first, last, all the time, we are in for the war.
So fill up the eup-heakthy dridking is bier-
Resmrect the war-ase and sharpen the spear :
ln the Wigwam, next April. all fartions well hush.
And for new men to lead well go in with a rush.

The platform of Logan, Grant, Gillmore, and Dix
Is better than any that managers fix:
*Our flag in its glory! our Union restored, And, till treason cries quarter, no sheath to the sword!"

So fill up the cup with much better than bier,
The big spring is bubbling, its waters are clear-
Democracy's fountain-and thus at its brink,
"To the memory of Douglas" with bowed heads we drink.


## A DEMOCRATIC RALLY.

- Bring forth the ancient standards, the old time faith renew, March all and march together, brothers tried and ever true;
Fall in and take your places, call the roll, and let us hear
Who are for us, who against us, in the strife that draws anear.
Now Treason stands with bloody hands, Her long-worn mask discarded,
And we are they by whom to-day The Union must be guarded.

Forget all past dissensions in the greatness of the hour ;
For Union let the Empire State send forth a voice of power ;
When rillains league to do a wrong, let the true combine for right,
And we'll soon choke ont the mutiny which traitors would incite.
Revealed, opposed, their plot disclosed, Treason shall sink confomnded ;
No servile strife, with torch and knife, Shall through our land be hounded.

Oh. brothers, rally to the flag, for ours the glorions mission,
True to the bond that Jackson sealed to banish all division;
A common fame, a common name, a common good to cherish,
These are the rights which freemen claim content for these to perish.
No frantic hordes with reeking swords
Our sister states shall phunder ;
And they whose thought first hatched the plot,
Its wreck let them lie under.
Come all who love our fatherland, and reverence each name
shouted from Freedom's hill-tops in the morning of our "fame;
On Treason let the Empire State be first to place a brand,
And foremost of all cities let the Empire City stand.
Let all combine who will not join
In treason's foul communion,
And let our shont ring boldly out
For nationhood and Union.

The good and great of every state will hail our restoration.
New York once more shall take her place as vanguard of the nation:
East, West, and Gouth-a thrill, a cheer. our victor war-cry pealing,
Shall rouse again in all true men the old time's holy feeling.
Our ship of state will ride elate,
In Union's harbor anchored,
And future days shall live to prase
The peace New York hath conquered.


## SENATOR TOM ON CLAMS. ${ }^{49}$

From the cool bosom of the sand,
Washed by the flood and ebbing tide,
These savory bivalves come to hand,
And form the theme of Develin's pride.
More sweet than venison's roasted haunch, Or birds of paradise stewed with yams,
Are these rare bivalves of Long Branch-
This precious breed of Develin's clams.
These female clams, from sand and foam.
Rise up exemplars to our life;
For they are always found at home,
As shonld be each domestic wife.
No bills for dry goods do they launch, Nor diamonds-whether true or shams-
These prudent bivalves of Long BranchThese rarely prudent Develin clams.
Seldom. if ever, do they talk;
Their months with maiden pride they close ;
Nor ever in the moonlight walk
Too long and late with clammy beans.
Their love is pure, their hearts are stanch.
They are just as imnocent as lambs-
These coy, young bivalves of Long Branch'This precions breed of Develin's clams.

No crinoline enshronds their limbs.
Nor penciled lash, nor paint's endeavor.
But each in the pure water swims.
"A thing of beanty and joy forever."
Ther never quit their native ranche,
Hotels of cost in summer wooing-
These patient hivalves of Long Branch, They live in bliss, and die in stewing.

No "rats" or " mice" are in their beard, They never like promiscuous gadding,
And in their plumpness, who has heard Of any " artificial padding?"
Their simple souls no fear can blanch, They envy not their prettier neighbors-
These simple bivalves of Long Brauch, Whose bake now claims our Develin's labors.
To Weed, whose pen with bolder lines Our lady-clams can paint more truly, My feebler pen the task resigns Of picturing all their virtues fully. To him-yet vigorous, fresh, and stanch, sound in the chest, and head. and hams,
I leave these bivalves of Long BranchThis dear sweet brood of Develin's clams.


## SENATOR GWIN TO BUCHANAN.

Air: "When first I knew thee, warm and young."
When first I knew thee, gray and old, Such treachery gleamed about thee-
So heartless wert thou, and so cold, That instinct bade me doubt thee.
I knew thee false in every trait, A rain and cruel master,
But hoped that bonds of common hate To me would tie thee faster.

But go, deceiver, go,
No tears my grave may water
Like those which ever flow
O'er Broderick's bed of slaughter.
Whien every tongue to freedom born Denounced thy party treason,
I found in this prevailing scorn
For faith in thee fresh reason-
" He must be true, for all are foes
Except the slaves of custom ;
The leper with the leprous goes,
And therefore we may trust him."
But go, deceiver, go,
Bright and Fitch will leave thee later,
And Bigler, with despairing throe,
Confess he served a traitor.

And yet, J. B., the time is near When even Slidell shall leave thee;
And Davis, seized with ghastly fear,
To death and ruin heave thee;
Missouri Greene shall kick thee down, Bayard thy bones will batter, And puffs from Constitution Browne Will lose their power to flatter.

But go, 'tis vain to curse, And weakness to upbraid thee.
Hate can not wish thee worse
Than Black Lecompton made thee.
Even now, though still some months are left For public pay and booty.
Thy minions, of all pride bereft,
Yet scorn their abject duty.
Augustus Schell, that veriest slave
Of all the slaves beneath you,
Will throw no flower upon your grave-
With naught Jout curses wreathe you.
But go; the task was thine
Our land to rend asunder ;
And many a vote of mine
You bought for so much plunder.
Even Breckinridge, who on bent knee
Thy favor now importunes,
Shall curse the day he linked with thee
His erstwhile lucky fortunes.
And on our country's record-page
Thy name, in scarlet letters,
Shall glisten to the latest age,
With Arnold's linked in fetters.
But go, thou poor old man;
'Tis IIeaven from ruin kept her :
And now, beneath thy country's ban,
Resign her sullied sceptre.


THE SEVENTH TO JOHN COCIIRANE.
Accept, olt prince of phrases round,
This token of esteem profound
From those you made your care-
From those to whom, with generous harid,
In words that made each heart expand,
Fou tendered "princely fare.

High was the summons, great the need, And splendid the reward decreed

To all-so said your pen-
Who'd share the task of rendering praise
To Washington, and those "stern days
Which tried the souls of men."
Those dreary days of gloom and want, Discomfort plenty, rations scant,

Long marches, and hard fighting-
Your splendid art recalled the whole,
And verily you tried each soul
Witl hunger sharp and biting.
Kuee-deep in mud, no welcome given, Drenched with the frozen sleet of hearen,

No roof-no tent prorided;
No drop to drink-no food to eatShivering and starving in the street,

Cold, hungry, and derided.
As thus we slept upon our arms,
Thinking of home's deserted charms-
The comforts ranished from us-
There rose before each grateful mind, With sweetest memories entwined, Your highly " princely promise."
And then we vowed, in whispers low, Some fitting presents to bestow
(You're cute, but we'll be cuter)-
These slop-bowls, tea and coffee kettlesThis set of plate our debt half settles, Cast in the most appropriate metals Of nickel, brass, and pewter.
So take them, Cochrane, and you'll find In this tall coffee-pot enshrined

- Promotion coming faster:

A testimonial which repeats
That the great Lodge of Healthy Beats-
The Clean, the Dead, Past Grands, and Sweets-
Admiring your astounding feats,
Without once rising from their seats-
On the first ballot-the first choice-
Without even one dissenting voice--
Have roted you Grand Master.

## GRAND ROUT OF THE NABOBS.

CONTINEATION OF THE ILLAD BY ANOTHER HAND. SERMONS AND GODA-WATEZ NEEDED.
Time-Early morning. Scene-Parlor in the Fifth Avenue Hotel. Cigarstumps, empty Champagne bottles, and Vigilant-Salamander-Safe-Commit-tee-men lying loose around. Enter the chaplain of the mocement with a tray of cocktails. He surreys the room and sings:
()h, the nabobs came down like the wolf on the fold.

And their noses were purple, their shirt-studs were gold
In political life every man strove to shine,
And the liquor they quaffed it was Verzenay wine.
Like young sprouts of asparagus, sappr and green.
At the Everett, a month since, these nabobs were seen;
But, like frostbitten pumpkins, all wilted and blue.
They now turn up their toes in the Fifth Ave-noo.
For St. Tammany's trumpet aronsed a great host,
And.the spirit of manhood rebelled at their hoast;
Mere toadstools of luere, the growth of a night.
These nabobs have wilted beneath the dawn's light.
Here lie Sam and Cisco-with nostrils all wide-
No more with the nabobs allowed to abide:
And, wearied from langhing at all that has been,
Lo! here sleeps the red-bearded Indian serene.
And Baldwin, the polywog pale-face, lies there;
And Forrest, all withered in wintry despair ;
And Coleman-these three, stiff' as icicles lie,
With a very big Verzenay drop in each eye.
And the spirits of Wolfe weak and sluggishly flow, While that resolute gentleman. Sammy Barlow (A jolly good fellow-the harder his lot),
Feeps eternally asking of Sherman "Witts what?"
Now gone all the golden delights of their dream, And rainly may hubble the Verzenay stream :
For with headaehe and nausea, awakening in laste,
Each but finds in his month a green coppery taste.
And in rain to rekindle their hopes and their lives Are political cocktails commingled by Ives:
Though the Herakl has bitters and WVolfe offers gin, Yet the feast was too deep for their cure to begin.

Oh, bitter the wails in all boudoirs select
For the mighty fine hopes in their enterprise wrecked;
And at Washington many the shrugs and ahems
At the brittle success of onr " national gems."
For " national men" in the true sense were they, No local affinities hampered their sway;
And "gems" were they also-sharp, brilliant, and nice, Though, as Phelps will declare, "not at all beyond price."
Now the prospects of Dix they have all gone to grass, And Ike Townsend insists he be written an ass; scoffers leer when they talk of the mammonite squad. And the Verzenay movement is stiff as a clod.
For control of the morement its starters may whistle, The Verzenay nabobs have fizzed their last fizzle; Extingnish the lights, fold their hands, close their eyesUnregarded it lived, and uncared for it dies.


## WHO KILLED THE NABOBS?

Oh, who killed the nabobs?
""Twas I," said the Leader ;
"You may count me the pleader
Whose words killed the nabobs-"
And this, gentle reader,
This sheet is the leader.
Who first raised the nabobs?
'Twas Sam. Wolfe, and Cisco,
All jolly and brisk, oh !-
'Twas they raised the nabobs,
Who now lie as solemn
And flat as this column.
To whom gave they trouble?
"Oh, to me," says the Herald;
"My lungs I imperiled
Inflating their bubble;
'Twas a stiff operation
Each morning's inflation."
For whom did they do this?
"Oh, for Sam, Wolfe, and Cisco,
All jolly and brisk, oh!
Who yet have to rue this,
And a fourth man, quiescent, Who by proxies was present."

N 2

What shroud will best suit them?
"Oh pshaw :" ery the masses,
"They are but dead asses:
Just bundle and loot them;
Collapsed, and in flat case,
They'll fit in a hat case."
And their grave? "None is needed;
Lock them up with a sermon
In the safe of Watts Sherman,
And leave them unheeded;
We are sick of the trouble
And fuss of this bubble."
Now wholl toll the bell?
"I'll do it," said Baldwim,
"If properly called on,
I'll toll it ont well-
My last act of devotion
To dead hopes of promotion."
And who for the nabobs
A headstone can carve us?
"I'll do it," said Jarvis,
" Hic jacet the nabobs;
The stereotyped model
Requiescat in-twaddle."
Wholl bury the fellows?
"Oh I," answered Ires-
${ }^{6} I$, the friend of their lives-
Their inflater-their bellows;
Let me, late their teacher,
In death be their preacher."
Who'll give the responses?
" I'll do it." cries Leary,
Brisk, jovial, and cheery,
${ }^{6}$ Ill give the responses :
I am knee-deep in clover
since their fizzle is over."
Who'll turn undertaker?
"I'll do it," said Coleman,
A dismal hut droll man.
"I'll play mute and waker;
But, to keep the wake frisky,
Give me snnff, pipes, mal whisky."

## EPITAPH.

"'They lived-a world's wonder
Of folly and weakness;
But, whipped into meekness,
They cared and went under.
Their Verzenay bubbled,
Their poor brains grew muddled;
Their pamphlet a fizzle,
Their rallies a mizzle;
Their funds a delusion,
Their plans all confusion ;
No friends to abet them,
No friends to regret them;
Neglected and scouted,
Pasquinaded and flouted;
With golden pretensions
Of shrunken dimensions,
And headache and sickness-
Oh, blame not the quickness
With which-just as fast as Jack Robinson whistled-The Verzenay-Vigilant Fizzlers have fizzled."


## THE RING-STAMIP FATAL.

Just stay where you are-you had betther far,
Than attimpt to breast the tornado
Which the Ring chiefs know is to lay them low, Despite all their false bravado.
The storm's on the wing, an' aich craft o' the Ring
Will find it a roarer an' wrecker ;
While to ricthory sails, undher favorin' gales,
The popilar ship-John Hecker.
Just so sure as you're born. "a receipt for the corn"
Next election the Ring will be findin',
And wid Hecker's strong will in conthrol of our mill-
Faix! we'll do some almighty grindin'.


## THE NIGHT RIDE OF ANCIENT ABE.

Not a drum was heard, not a party cry-
We were all most terribly flurried,
As, with kindling horror in heart and eye,
Old Abe to the rail-cars we hurried.

We hurried him quickly, at dead of night,
A disguise o'er his long limbs throwing.
By the struggling moonbeam's misty light, And a bull's-eye dimly glowing.

No nseless pageant or pomp we had, But with Sumner's cloak atound him,
And eanny Sim Cameron's cap of plaid, 'To put throngh in the dark we bound him.

Few and short were the words he said, As we looked in his face of sorrow,
But sadly we thought of the row to be made
In the Herald and Times of the morrow.
We thonght, as we jostled him into the car Without either cheer or ovation,
What a langh there would be when the news spread afar Of the Rail-splitter's ass-ass-ination.

We started the train, and the hero was off, Evading each Plug-Ugly sentry ;
But, Lord! how the heathen will guffaw and scoft At this new kind of " national entry."

Gayly the Post of the plot may make light. And talk of the "Tooley Street tailors."
But, snugly installed in the mansion of white, The Rail-splitter laughs at all railers.

THE ANCIENT ABE.
Air: "The Shan V'an Vocht."
"Let us up and do or die,"
Says the ancient Abe:
"Let us up and do or die," Says old Abe:
" We will rear our bamer high
As the stars are in the shy,
And our enemies shall fly;
Says the ancient the.
Then to Washington he flew,
Did the ancient the-
Then to Washington he flew, Did old Abe;

And he swore by black and blue
All seceders to "put through,"
And the forts to man anew,
Did the ancient A be.
Has he kept his solemn row,
Has the ancient $\Lambda$ be?
Has he kept his solemn vow,
Has old Abe?
By the Lord! we see him bow
At the shadow of a row-
"Tis an ugly case of "cow"
With the ancient Abe.
For without a camon fired
By the ancient Abe-
Not a gun or cracker fired
By old Abe-
Ie has peacefully retired,
Grauting all the South desired,
Siuking down as it aspired,
Has the ancient $A$ be.
"Major Anderson's to blame,"
Cries the aucient Abe;
"It is he that is to blame,"
Says old Abe;
And thins to hide the shame
Of a heart that is not "game,"
He befouls that honored name, Does the ancient Abe.

Oh, f:iends, we've had enough Of this ancient Abe-
Much more than was enough Of old Abe;
He is made of such weak stuff,
The South beats his game of bluff,
And I fear they'll ride him roughRide the ancient Abe.

Let us watch, and wait, and pray For the ancient Abe-
For our country let us pray, And for Abe:
Let us help him if we may,
When he falters on the way,
Giide him back when gone astrayPoor bewildered Abe.

For though all the saddest fates
Link with ancient Abe-
All the most despairing fates
Link with Abe-
He is captain in the gates
Of these grand United States,
And must be till time abates-
Hapless ancient Abe.
Let us therefore, though we squirm
Under ancient Abe-
Though we writhe, and groan, and squirm
Under Abe-
Let us all stand true and firm,
Of his courage nurse the germ,
And in patience bear the term
Of the ancient Abe.


## PHILADELPHIA.

Air: "The Hunters of Kentucky."
In politics a fear intense
Has seized on friend and foe, sir ;
The farorite seat is on the fence,
The favorite word, "Lie low, sir ;
Our pea beneath the thimbles keep.
Not telling where it lurks,"
And the cry is, "See before you leap
How Philadelphia works!"
For it's all a problem,
Prob-prob-problem,
'Tis all a problem
Ilow Philadelphia works.
The Johnson men pretend to feel
The game is theirs alone, sir,
While the "Rads" proclaim the winning deal
Is safely made their own, sir.
Lord Greeley's face is full of glee.
While haymond sguirms and shirks.
And the prodent ones cry, " Wait and see
How Philadelphia works."
For here is the problem.
Prob-prob-problem-
A mixed and curions problem
Hlow l'hiladelphia works.

The Blairs, who pull the wires and threads,
Have plunged into the business
With a zeal which gives to cooler heads
A sort of swimming dizziness.
They have seized the boat from stem to stern, And are fighting it like Turks,
While the older liands stand back to learn
How Philadelphia works.
For a ticklish problem, Prob-prob-problem, 'Twould be for any one to guess How Philadelphia works.
Has Johnson nerve to make the fight
A fight to the bitter end, sir?
Has he the pluck his foes to smite,
And foster every friend, sir?
If he have, his star may yet arise
O'er the Radical glooms and murks,
And a child may tell with a glance of the eres
How Philadelphia works.
For this is the true problem, Prob-prob-problemThe kernel of the problem How Philadelphia works.
But if he let the Copperheads guide,
And keep seward as chief in office,
And hold in their seats of power and pride
The fanatic knaves who scoff ns,
Then riddled will be his official cloak
With Radical knives and dirks,
Aud none need ask-save by way of a joke-
How Philadelphia works.
For this is the problem, Prob-prob-problemThe body and boots of the probleni How Philadelphia works.

## THE NEW "SPIKE" FOR POLITICAL GUNS. ${ }^{50}$ Air: "Tillikins and his Dinah."

When a gmo opens sharp on the Tammany crew, And they don't know, to save them, what next they shall do, Straight for Taylor (Fort Ganseroort, James B.) they will strike, And they use his big body in place of a "spike,"

Singing tonal-li-ooral, etc.

Oh Taylor, dear Taylor, thou henchman of Weed, Assist us, thy partners, in this hour of need;
To Raymond repair, and to Greeley make moan,
And command them to let your co-workers alone.
Singing tooral-li-ooral, etc.
Make Greeley forget how you poisoned his cup
When Evarts and he for the Senate were up-
When Owen, Sim Draper, and all of your breed,
Cut his throat on the sly at the bidding of Weed.
Singing tooral-li-ooral, ete.
There's a "Cork-in" the Herald-a cork that won't budge For Anse of the Atlas or Nelson the judge;
With silver'tis fastened as tight as you please,
And when drawn, out flows pure "Aqua Peter de Griese," Singing tooral-li-ooral, etc.
To say we're against you you know is all fudge, For Owen is brother to Miathew the judge; A Democrat this-a Republican that-
And 'tis hard if, between them, they ean't eatch the fat, singing tooral-li-ooral, etc.
There are more city bonds, and the time is not far. When such friends as are useful can have them at par: You will be our "dear Doty," and may make a strike, If the guns that now rex us you only can spike.
singing tooral-li-ooral, etc.
"West Washington Market" to our aid you owe, And Fort Ganseroort-a job not yet finished, you know: Still, Matthew must pass on that very big clam. And to let Mathew now be amoved were a shame, Singing tooral-li-ooral, ete.
So Taylor, dear Taylor, to Greeley repair,
And caution him sharp of his course to take care;
As for Raymond-we know you lave stoek in the Times. You must therefore spike that. or forfeit the dimes.
singing tooral-li-ooral, etc.

## Mysterious verses fron a pink-Eyed Balid.

The Dead-Beat Club in silence had spent the afternom.
for election day was coming-for some, alas! too sonn.
All things appeared unsettled, suel numbers in the fiehd.
And they feared. withont harmony, ther would be forced to yield.

Then up spake Richard Connolly-"I'll take him by the hand; Well make some nice arrangement, and save this fated land. 'lis the most distressed district that ever yet was seen, And the oniy way to save it is by wearing of the green."

Then Charley Baker said "Agreed; this thing we have to do; And to fix the matter, Sweeny, well leave it all to yon. Let's have a joint committee-get Moloney to back down-"
"The very thing," said Richard; "we Beats can do him brown;
For I'll step up to Moloney, and I'll take him by the hand,
And treat him with such favors as no mortal can withstand;
I'th show him, if we both must run, defeat is plainly seen,
And I'll do Moloney easy by a wearing of the green."
They met-that hopeful party-at the hotel kept by Hank,
And while Dick and P. G. treated, their mutaal rounders drank ;
The committee were in session-Charley Baker, from a hat, Drew forth a little paper near where Fernando sat.
Then a smile came o'er Wood's features - he took Sweeny by the hand,
Saying, "Dick's the Union candidate-now, Peter, will you stand?
But, although it's the worst district that ever yet was seen,
I believe that Dick can win it by a wearing of the green."
The Dead-Beat Club are jolly now each week-day afternoon,
For election day is over, and Dick is high-per-coon ;
At Mataran's they gather-Charley Baker in the chair-
And they drink to l'atrick Henry, who acted on the square.
There Dick Connolly meets Moloney, and takes Hughy by the hand, Saying "How does Bricks John Murphy, and how does Bradley stand?
Mine is the gayest district that ever yet was seen,
And the only way I won it was-a wearing of the green."


## FANDANGO'S APOTHEOSIS.

a dam from the detch (i.e. hecker) dikeg.
Whien we use the word "dam" in the following song, We mean such a "dam" as the Croton Dam,
Or such dams as the beaver builds along
The quiet shores of the Aquietam;
And it is in this sense-this pious sense-
We desire to be clearly understood-
When we cry, with a fervor most intense,
"Everlastingly dam Fandango Wood."
20

His mustache is white, and his wig is brown,
Ilis heart is the hue of a buried nigger,
And, walking abroad, he delights the town
With the grace of his lank pretentious figure;
And so this time, boys, in the Croton sense-
Not the beaver, be it understood-
We cry with a zeal that is most intense,
"Everlastingly dam Fandango Wood."
His mechanical manners have all the grace
Of a patent gallows or steam garroter;
His dollars and crimes run a high old race,
Though each crime is by odds the swiftest trotter:
And so this time, boys, in the beaver sense-
Not the Croton, be it minderstood-
We cry, with a ferror most intense,
"Everlastingly dam Fandango Wood."
"There lived a man"-so a story said-
"Who was, in his own bad olden time,
From head to heel, and from heel to head,
And in marrow and ritals, one living crime."
But away with the sickening picture hence:
He is nothing like this, be it understood.
Whom we mean when we cry, with a zeal intense,
"Everlastingly dam Fandango Wood."


SONG TO THE SONS OF ST. TAMMANY.
Ho! treaders of the war-path, Who round these council-fires
Now gather on the battle eve As gathered oft your sires-
Ho: all whose hands have lifted
The hanner-spears of states,
And heard the war-dance cireling, while The foe was at the gates-
All ye who stand with corered heads Before the highest chief,
And neer have stooped except to help, A hapless brother's grief-
All ye on whose high foreheads
(More than diadem's renown)
The crimson eap of Liberty
Hath rested as a crown-

All ye who unto Freedom
Bear consecrated lives,
Up! and against this golden lie Unsheathe your vengeful knives.
Up! and against this wretched fraud Of proud and boastful wealth, Show that the good old Jackson blood Still flows in ruddy health.

Down with the spawn of venal tradeThese squatters, make them start-
Who hold in breast a money-bag Where true men hold a heart.
Send on your shouts to Washington, Where the Great Father dwells,
And let him hear from fearless lips
This tale which manhood tells.
We tell these men who brag of gold That, though their gains were piled
Higher than highest pyramid On which the sun hath smiled, There is not one of us would shake Their leprous hands to win
The aggregate stock-plunder Of their boast and of their sin.

## HORACE GREELEY AS HEROD.

Seward has bit the bloody dust, To cold oblivion fated;
Ben Wade now sleeps as sleep the just, And Bates has been abated.
Above the early grave of Banks
The old Bay State is sighing,
And Hate through philanthropic ranks
In fiery car is flying.
The Keystone over Cameron's grave Sends up a wailing clangor;
Kentucky Clay, the wild and brave,
Is dumb and white with anger ;
Ohio Chase is cold and stiff
As pig on hook of grocer;
And dead as any hippogriff,
John C., of Mariposa.

They lie all round-the killed and cold In friendly weeping watered;
The badly hurt, the dead, the sold, The massacred and slaughtered;
But still they all, with latest breathThe last light of life's taper-
Charge IIorace Greeley with their death, And curse his fatal paper.
Meantime in coat of ancient white, And boots of dubious pattern,
And breeches very short and slight, And necktie of the slattern,
That mild but philosophic man Bears all his honors meekly,
While thunders in the partr-van His myriad-ntteranced weekly.
He talks of Abe-of honest AbeThat chief of Western Vandals-
And, just as mother might her babe, His candidate he dandles.
That sucking statesman must be fed On pap that he has tasted,
And not a thought in Abe's old head On other men be wasted.
But still New York for Seward weeps, And never seems to weary,
And one loud cry of anger sweeps From Montauk Point to Erie.
"A bolt! a bolt! no Western craft Shall steal our Seward's thunder;
Better to build another craft. And let the ship go under."
In fact, our philanthropic friends Are in a peek of tronble,
And, ere recrimination ends, Clean burst will be their bubble.
Split into factions, soon will blaze The flames that now are lambent-
Young Sam again his head will raise. And Gerrit smith grow rampant.
But llorace smiles a placid smileSerene, sublime, rictorious;
No shouts of wrath can stir his bile-Revenge-revenge is glonous.

The man whose friendship Seward banned, Long service ill requiting,
Has got at length the upper hand
By steady, ceaseless fighting.
Long life to all our gallant sons Who fight to hold their own,
And fame to him who, slighted once, His power at length hath shown-
Who stays at watch through weary years, Giving no cry or frown,
Then sudden on the stage appears, And strikes his wronger down.

May Horace Greeley's fame expandThe way his wrongs were rightedAnd may the moral sweep our land, In every home recited,
Until the old white hat and coat Become in song and story
Themes ringing in the minstrel's throatParts of a hero's glory.


## THE BALLAD OF LORD LOVELL.

A new edition, as sung by the cleris in the street department.
Manse Lovell jumped into an avenue car,
With his seven-shooting pistol jumped he-
"Now I'm off," he exclaimed, "to fake part in the war, And I'll fight on the side of Dix-ee,

> Ee-ee,

And I'll fight on the side of Dix-ee."
"Oh, where are you gwine," John A. Kennedy said, "Oh, where are you gwine," said he;
"For you know you late swore by your honor and head
To have nothing to do with Dix-ee, Ee-ee,
But to live in New York peaceablee."
" My parole I don't vally," Manse Lovell replied,
"Not a cuss-not a rush," said he;
"But as soon as I'm down on the Southering side,
You shall see, sir, what then you shall see,
See-see,
You shall hear, sir, and often, from me.
"My salary's drawn to the rery last dayI've spoiled the Egyptians," sez he;
"And now I make off with my plunder and pay
To enlist on the side of Jeff D.,
Dee-dee,
And before me 'Abe's minions' shall flee."
From the bold Street Department there rises a wailAll the clerks there are sad as can be;
And they ask, "Do you think Captain Smith too will fail To return from his home in Dix-ee,

Ee-ee,
To return from his home in Dis-ee."
Gus Purdy, and Ryer, and O'Brien have "the blues,"
Johnny Richardson's sad as can be;
But old Jonathan Trotter says, "Bully good news;
God prosper the cause of Dix-ee,
Ee-ee,
And send to the South victoree."
Fernando looks on with a muscnlar grin,
And the aldermen smile full of glee;
For they see a good chance to get Shepherd Knapp in, If Gus Smith stays away in Dix-ee, Ee-ee,
If Gus Smith don't return from Dix-ee.


## MY SAMBO OF THE KOM-HERAUS. ${ }^{51}$

Give me your hand, my Sambo, Come to my heart, my sambo, Friend of my soul, my Sambo,

Great chief of the Nix-kom-herans.
Long are your heels. my sambo,
Crisp is your wool, my Nambo,
Fragrant and rich is your odor,
Oh chief of the Nix-kom-heraus.
Trust not Fred Donglass, my Sambo,
Trust not to Greeler, my sambo,
Trust not Ward Beecher or Tilton.
Great chief of the Nix-kom-herans;
But trust your own Raymond. my Sambo,
Who'll never desert you, my Sambo,
While yonre good for a vote or a dollar,
Oln chief of the Nix-kom-herans.

You shall marry us white folk, my Sambo, We'll marry you black folk, my Sambo, You shall eat with us, vote with us, sleep with us,

Great chief of the Nix-kom-herans;
And the whites of the South, my Sambo, Shall have nary a right, my Sambo, Which a Nig shall be bound to respect, if Not pleasing the Nix-kom-heraus.


SAMBO A BAD EGG.
You're a bad investment, my Sambo,
You're nice, but don't pay, my Sambo,
And so yon may go to the-hot place
Befitting each Nix-kom-heraus.
Your skin is nigrific, my Sambo,
And your heeis they are long, my Sambo,
And your wool has a horrible odor,
And your shin-bones are Nix-kom-heraus.
Get back to your kennel, my Sambo, There grovel and rot, my Sambo,
Take off your bhe coat and equipments,
For the war was all Nix-kom-herans.
You had nothing to fight for, my Sambo, And yon gallantly won it, my Sambo,
With your blood and yonr labors you won it-
Enjoy now your Nix-kom-heraus.
Yon may work for us white folk, my Sambo, Black boots and shake carpets, my Sambo,
Steal chickens and do some whitewashing
When our kitchens are Nix-kom-heraus;
But you can not vote with us, my Sambo.
You had nothing to fight for, my Sambo,
In the war, and you gallantly won it-
Hip! hip! for the Nix-kom-herans.

## THE BOARD OF CONTROL PROGRAMLME. ${ }^{52}$

Abolish the mayor, and abolish the Boards Of Aldermen, Comecilmen, Supervisors;
For our city and county have tempting hoards, And Albany's teeth are sharp incisors.

Abolish all powers that are not of our Church;
There are no honest men that are not in our party ;
And both Weed and the Wigwam well leave in the lurch,
" Played out" just as clean as a hand at ecarté.
This, now, is the programme derised by the saints
Who fight under Waldo's immaculate banner ;
Aud if true be the picture that great artist paints,
The millennium will come in this very brief manner.
For the Board of Control will have plenary power
To make good honest men of all rognes in our borders, And all vices and crimes will expire the same hour That our city is placed under Albany orders.
For of all pions towns-not excepting sing singWe all know that Albany's far the most pious, And that "lobby corruption" or "schemes of the Ring" Must vamose right away when Saint Fenton is by us.
So hip, hip, and hurra for the Board of Control !
The earth is the Lord's and its fruits for his people ;
We shall purify Gotham with Albany's soul, Aud whoever objects-let him swing from the steeple.
To Saint Waldo we bend-to King Greeley we bow, Who to absolute rule in this bill will have risen;
For their Board of Control is-I solemnly swowThe biggest darned thing ever seen out of prison.
That we need great reforms in our corporate life,
These columns of ours have been faithful recorders;
But this wholesale lack-slashing with Albany's knife
Is just killing the patient to cure his disorders.


LYRICS OF ALBANY. ${ }^{53}$
LEPROSY GOMEWHERE-WHERE IS IT?
Unhappiest of all mortal men.
We pity Glenn, we pity Glemn,
For fast he lies in the lion's den,
With a hundred and thirty injured men
All erying aloud for the blood of Glemn.
The courage of a thousand men
Shone bright in Glenn. shone bright in Glenn, When, bearding the amimals in their den,
He first with tongne, and then with pen.
Gave ont his indictment, and signed it Glenn.

But, alas! a derision to gods and men
Hath grown poor Glemn-our piteous Glenn !
He is shmmed as are Eastern lepers when
Their leprosy is thick; and then
How they worry and madden the soul of Glenn !
But this point is strange, and a thing for men
To ponder about in regard to Glenn ;
For he swears" 'tis seven score of leprous men
Who are driving out one untainted, when
Our Albany fathers shall banish Glenn."
Now who are the lepers? the beasts in their den,
Or only poor Glenn-or only Glenn?
Have we found seven score of leprous men?
Or is there but one, to whose tainted ken
All others appear as diseased as Glenn?
Delavan House, Albany, April 9, 1868.

## CORPORATION COUNSEL CHARGERS (THEY CHARGE HIGH) ON THEIR METTLE.

"Next heat!" the circus-master cried; The Mayoralty-men rode out; While trooping from the other side Dashed in a second rout.
"The Corporation Counselship, What knight the prize can win ?"
And eagerly, with trip and slip, .The candidates rode in.

Came "Glorious Dick" most glorious, Exalted, trne, and wise;
And Tom C. Fields uproarious To win and wear the prize.
Elijah Ward on tiptoe stood,
And seemed his way to grope,
While George G. Barnard's marriage mood Was full of joy and hope.
Came Bainbridge Smith, who means to hatch This egg beneath his wing;
Came Sam J. Tilden, sure to catch Whate'er the fates may fling.

Came Malcolm Campbell, hot in tiew Of all the chances round;
And ex-Recorder Frank Tillou, On "high" achievements bound.

Came Tomlinson of lofty claims,
A bright and shining ember;
And So-and-so Morange-whose names We really can't remember.
Came Greene C. Bronson, he whose son Angustus Schell hath spared;
And John E. Develin, on a roan, Which kicked, and pranced, and reared.

Their riding was not of the best, Their horses were not Arabs, And all, with lances couched in rest, Looked fierce and wild as Caribs.
They seemed a grim and ghastly crerr, Each pledged to be victorions,
While all kept steadily in tiew The dripping scalp of "Glorious."

So with elatter, dust, and jingle, O'er the sawdust and the tan,
Mounted double, riding single, Went this legal caravan,
In cotton tights and spangles, Much like scarecrows on the wing,
And with bells around their ankles Which Tom Carroll strove to ring.


MAYORALTY NAGS AND RIDERS.
With a jingle, jingle, jingle, O'er the sawdust and the tan,
Mounted double, riding single,
Comes the Wigwam earavan-
In cotton tights and spangles,
Their buskins duly chalked,
And with bells around their ankles.
In they cantered, rode, and walked.
"Prize one," which Pantaloon brought forth,
Was labeled " "ity Mayor"-
A gandy thing of little worth-
A gilded pewter chair:

The cushion stuffed with nettles, The back all rough with spikes-
"Now, horsemen, to your mettles!" Out cantered the three Ikes.

Ike Fowler, brown and burly, On a stallion trotted out;
Isaac Townsend, grim and surly, In a sudden fit of gout ;
Ike Bell, who best of all succeeds In coloring meerschaum clay-
All these dashed out on bitted steeds, Impatient for the fray.

Came Father Kennedy along, His scalping-knife was keen ;
Came John R. Briggs, serene and strong, With brave and courtly mien.
Came John Kerr, with a bottle Of good ale beneath liis arm ;
And Whitlock (Ben), whose throttle From good ale ne'er suffered harm.

Came Wilson Hunt, reformer fine; Came Tiemann-room for Dan;
And Father David Valentine
Kept pricking to the van.
Came true and tried Judge Ingraham, Our bench's pride and boast ;
Came Gunther, happy as a clamBy Teutons talked of most.

Came Royal Phelps, with royal "cheek;" James Lee, true, frank, and plain;
Came Charley Secor, who may seek Dan Tiemann's place in vain;
Came Havemeyer, who has mire enough For any city pickle;
And, last of all, broad, red, and bluff, Our old friend, Andie Mickle.
And with jingle, jingle, jingle, O'er the sawdust and the tan,
Mounted donble, riding single, Passed the Mayoralty caravan,
In cotton tights and spangles, Their bnskins duly chalked,
And with bells around their ankles, Which kept tinkling as they walked.

And alfter James Mahoney
Gallops William A. Turnure
On a stout New-England pony-
Not so fast, but very sure.
Patrick Henry follows after,
With a name to win applanse:
While Tom B. Tappan's laughter
Argnes gayly for his cause.
Ed Donnelly, since he failed to mocr His fortune at Sing Sing,
Thinks governing our city poor Would be the next best thing.
Dan Norris grows defiant
In the safeness of his schemes;
While Martin Lather Bryant Is called "Governor" in his dreams.

But of all the straw and real men, Including Simeon Meyer,
Who ficrcely to be one of Ten Doth labor and aspire-
Overlooking all preceding names, Commend us at a pinch
To our own belored. immortal JamesThe namesake of Judge Lyneli.
So with Democratie jingle, O'er the plowed and beaten tan,
Mounted donble, riding single,
Sweeps the Almshonse cararan;
Through hoops of colored paper
Each one jumps on riding ont,
And at each more lofty caper
The applauding andience shont.

## A SQUADRON OF MOUNTED SAILORS-THE MIARINE COLRT.

"Now clear the ring for other bouts"The ostlers change the scenes:
And, heralded with laughing shouts, Ride in the horse marines.
"Marine Court Judgeship"-come and see The Ingms who pursue
Poor Albert Thompson ( ${ }^{*}$ with a $p{ }^{\prime \prime}$ ), And seek to put him through.

Here's Wally Cone, with Frenchy phiz And long Zouave mustache;
The Sunday Times his charger is-
He makes it feel the lash.
Comes Winthrop Chanler dashing through, A good and gallant claimant,
And Mr. R. C. Downing, who Believes in "prompt cash payment."

Comes Bob E. Livingston, half dead With keeping up a canter;
Comes Charley Shea, whose pleasant head Is full of joke and banter.
John Anderson-no consin he To "Solace John, my joe;"
And old Dan Clarke, whose policy Is still to rail and blow.

Comes Richard Winne, who would win If worth were most regarded,
And poor 'Tom Pearson, who appears
Among the long discarded.
On comes M‘Gregor-Johnny D.Astride a brace of ponies, And Art Delaney mounted on Two asses-his dear cronies.

Cardoza dozes on his mule, Dick Clark grows thin and paler, While nine parts of a decent hope Are left for Dan B. Taylor.
'Tis a sight to make outsiders Split their sides with fun and spleen,
For ne'er were seen such riders
As this troop of horse marines.
So round the column passes
O'er the sawdust and the tan,
On their piebalds and their asses,
Each one striving for the ran;
On their mules, giraffes, and geldings,
Trot and prance these riders bold,
And their spangles, tights, and beltings
Are most " gorgeous to behold."

## MAGNIFICENT SUPREME COURT EVOLUTIONS.

A louder bell hath tinkled, These horsemen stand aloof, While the ring is raked and sprinkled To record anew each hoof.
"Supreme Court Jndgeship" is the cry, And, cantering from the stable,
On four black chargers, stepping high,
Come athletes proud and able.
Judge Rooserelt leads the squadron-
From the fight he does not flinch ;
He never made a bad run,
And is "game" in every inch.
John E. Burrill rides behind him.
With his tomahawk on edge,
But Leouard's lance will find him-
William II. hath made the pledge.
Ambrose Pinney is the fourth man -
Of this more than common group ;
But Rooserelt, riding in the van, May distance yet the troop.
He has bottom and good breeding,
But if fall and fade he must,
The blow that lays him bleeding
Will be Leonard's kniglitly thrust.
Tinkle, dinkle, jingle, jingle,
O'er the sawdust and the tan,
With no common herd to mingle
Deign this sn-preme cararan.
They somersault and straddle, Pironette, and leap, and fling.
Then, with one foot on the saddle,
Each man bows and quits the ring.


## BILL OF ANOTHER WEEK゙S ENHIBITION.

Thus the entertainment closes
For at least the present week;
Let the candidates coment noses,
And surver extents of cheek.

* Immediately or sooner,

When convenience prompts the same,
Our lyrical harpooner
Will go round for other game.
For senators, assembly-men, And other such small deer,
For all the tribe who now and then Turn up to tempt his spear-
For the big fish and the little fish, The minnows and the whales-
The fish with very scaly sides, And the fish with golden tails;

For horny beasts, which much abound, For birds of changing wing,
Each tenant of our hunting-ground, Each quaffer of the spring ;
For squatter game (to make it pack Immediately or sooner)
We mean to send upon the track Our lyrical harpooner.

## CATTLE OF THE BOARD OF SUPERVISORS—GRAND FANCY DANCE AND MASQUE.

Clear the ring for Supervisors!
The candidates are few,
And hoard their hopes as misers Hoard their gains from common view.
They are masked and thickly painted, Quaintly dressed in odd attire,
But with some we are acquainted, And the rest-we may inquire.
Him with cloak of purple border, James B. Nicholson, we guess;
Douglas 'Taylor, next in order, Wears the sachem's Indian dress;
Bob H. Ellis is no slattern
In the tights which fit him well ;
And that dress of Chinese pattern Must hide Charley G. Cornell.
By the Lord! there goes Tom Adams
On his milk-white steed; he's some;
Pay attention, girls and madams,
Boys and men, pay heed to Tom.

Not a bolder rider prances
In the Democratic ring ;
Not a truer man adrances
For the bouquets which ye fling.


## MUSTERING OF THE CLANS. <br> I.

Call out the city regiments, every chieftain and his clan; Place the sinewy First Warders, with Pat Curry in the van; Let Miner lead the Sappers of the Second's bold brigade, While M'Carthy's ensign o'er the Third Artillery is displayed: The Fourth will come with fife and drum, the reteran Purser leading, All feuds forgot, and but one thought-the duty of succeeding.

## II.

The Fifth Zonaves, with Savage, come with eager spring and bound. Swart veterans of many fights, and ever faithful fonnd;
The Sixth has archers grim and stanch, and numerous as the seaDemocracy's knight-errants, never known to halt or flee:
The Serenth is bold, and well may hold its place among the best. When the gallant Rynders conches his deadly lance in rest.
III.

Comes on the Eighth, an Indian tribe, with Delaran commanding; Biggest of all big Indians, his martial breast expanding;
And marches steadily the Ninth, a battery masked and mortal.
With Kennedy to open fire on every hostile portal.
With stirring tones the Tenth Dragoons, led by the War IIorse. enter: The Eleventh appears-its grenadiers, with Kelly, form the centre.

IV゙.
And next to these, with bugle-blow and crmbals pealing glorions. Led on by Yance, the Twelfth advance, resistless and rictorious: The Thirteenth Voltigeurs file in with Mitchell, prompt for action. liesolved to conquer open foes, and quell each private faction. A roar of drums-the Fourteenth comes, a sea of plumes and sabres: Fill high and toast this noble host; with them John Kelly labors.

## V.

With flashing helmets, golden belts, and swords of glittering lustre.
The Chassenrs of the gay Fifteenth around Ike Fowler cluster.
Hart leads the Sixteenth Ritlemen, most dangerous under coter :
In all beth-fighting skirmishes these braves are bound to suffer.
With ringing sjurs, and shout which stirs our blood, the Sevententh rallies:
Now Chanler leads, now Smith succeeds as champion of its sallies.
VI.

Room for the Eighteenth chivalry ! Ed Cooper rides along, While fierce and fast as winter waves his men behind him throng. Room for the Nineteenth Legion, with Herrick at its head, Four lientenant colonels fighting to be colonels in his stead. The Twentieth Ward in sweet accord lifts up its oriflamme, With Nelson J., the lion-lord, and Peter B., the lamb.
VII.

The Twenty-first is never cursed with envy's base appeal ;
There Froment leads his infantry-a wall of fire and steel. The Twenty-second, a border Ward, to border feuds a prey, Hath draped its flags in mourning for the young man passed away; Cound William Henry's early tomb each weeping chieftain stands-
The jadge, Ward, Nick, and Pete, and Helk across his grave strike hands.
VIII.

Then, brothers, rally round the flag, the old-time faith renen: March all, and march together, soldiers tried and ever true; Fall in and take your places, call the roll and let us hear Who are for us, who against us, in the strife that draws anear.
Our ship of state will ride elate, in Union's harbor anchored,
And future days will live to praise the peace New York hath conquered.

## HOFFMAN, DEAR.

Musha, Hoffman, dear, the thing looks queer-
The machine doesn't rum to ordher ;
An', despite the Ring's riews, we're not willin' to lose
Your sarvices as Recordher.
'Tis a bully ould place, which we think yon grace,
Arrayed in the judge's armine;
An' 'twould make us despair if we saw you med mayor'
As the tool of the Lobby-Ring varmin.
An' so, John 'T., we'll let you be,
Till your terrum expires, the Recordher;
An' when played is that game, we'll examine your claim
To another "posish" in its ordher.

## BIG THING HOFF. HAS HAD.

Thirty thousand a year you've been makin' clear
For more years than we care to reckon;

* An' to warn you back from the mayoralty thrack, All the fingers o' friendship beckon.
21
○ 2
"Don't go into it, Hoff, or your head goes offDon't be fooled by the Ring to do it,"
Is the cry o' your friends, wid no selfish ends,
" Or but once, an' for life you'll rue it.
An' should you, Hoff, at this warnin' scoff,
Never blame the thrue men who have killed you,
For you'll soon be found to a powdher ground,
Just as fine as if Hecker had milled you."


## CAN ANY ONE FIND US A SPEAKER?

by octr city poick.
Say, have we a Bowrbon among us?
Who struck Billy Patterson-say?
These queries, which formerly stung us, Are passing like moonshine away.
'Tis now-and our hope becomes weaker
From hearing it evening and morn-
Can any one find us a Speaker?
And where was "the tailor's son" born?
God knows that of talk they have plenty,
But never a Speaker is there ;
At Washington, candidates twenty
Tuck ap their coat-tails for "the chair."
There is Banks, full of beans and benignity,
But another is Fuller, we feel ;
While Richardson stands on his dignity.
And Wheeler kecps watching the wheel.
At Albany things are no better-
"Young Sam" holds his own at the game,
Though Prince John has indited a letter
To prove IIard and soft are-the same.
A dozen, like Barkis, "are willin'"
To take the responsible toil,
While Seward and his " little villain"
With sharp sticks are after the spoil.
By just such another queer caper
The Almshonse directors are floored-
There is Oliver, smith. and sim Draper,
Who wish to "preside" at the Board.
Let us deputize Brauch as a secker.
Let him mont on his crocodile steed.
And search throngh the world for a Speaker
To help us along in our need.

Yes, Branch is the hope that we stand on,
'Tis he that has proved of "our chief"
That the brand on his cradle was Brandon,
Despite his good " mother's belief."
If Branch will not act as our seekerIf he will not answer our prayer-
We may give up all hope of a speaker, And-write a complaint to the mayor.

The mayor-who, of course, feels his hosses (They kill about thirty a day,
Which accounts for the cheapness of sausage)Complains of the stones of Broadway.
But all questions grow fainter and weaker, And the public ignore them with scom,
While they ask, Can you find us a Speaker? And where was the tailor's son born?

Is there no spirit-rapper can tell us Where "speakers" are now to be found?
A curse on the chance that misfell us, For " speakers", used once to abound.
Let us pick out a sensible "talker,"
For business is pressing us hard,
And the Central American Walker
Has played Parker French his trump card.
Of England-whose envoys have tramped on Our rights as a neutral-we ask
That her crimp-sergeants Mathew and Cramptou Be quickly recalled from their task.
And Denmark-we'll soon make her meekerHer claim for "Sound Dues" is unsomd:
If you only will find us a Speaker, By the Lord! we can whip them all round.

Branch swears on his family Bible That "the chief" is a Cockney and bore;
Poor Briggs is arrested for libel, And horses are killed by the score;
Nicaragua Walker (related
To "Hookey") calls on us in vain,
And, though England is londly berated, Her criminal envoys remain.

Oh give us, we beg yon, a Speaker, Our bliss then would reach the sublime;
We will bumper him round in a beaker, And wish him a jolly good time.
"A Speaker at Washington needed"Advertise, for that is the mode:
Oh say, shall onr prayer be meheededOld hoss, " will saltpetre explode?"


PSALMS OF IMPEACHMENT.
UANTICLE II.-ACCORDING TO THE PEOPHET MIT.FS,
Air: "Jeamnette and Jeannot."
"Put it through at railroad speed," Bottled Butler fiercely cries;
"For unless we haste, I fear indeed Our farce of trial dies.
Bring the ropes and tie him tight, Bind his feet and gag his month,
Or we else may lose our sovereign right .
To rob and rule the South-
May lose our job
To rule and rob, Chain, whip, and starve the South.
"Seize the country by the throat, Force the black dose through its lips,
For, unless we cast the negro vote,
Away our sceptre slips.
Every bridge behind is gone,
No retreat for us remains;
We must either perish oue by one,
Or bind the land in chains;
A desperate band,
Forlorn we stand,
And no retreat remains.
" As to Johnson, who hath been
An "obstruction" in our path.
Let him taste the rapid guillotine Of Radicals in wrath.
Fling aside restraints of law,
At each oath and duty scolt.
And if Chase to aid we can not draw:
Then drag his ermine off-
Ar: quick indeed.
' At railroad speed,'
Well drag his ermine off.
"Since the South is fairly floored, Men like us may show their teeth :
Let the negro wield a flaming sword,
And cast away the sheath.
Revolution is our end;
Throw disguise off-give it month;
And our bayonet-rule shall soon extend
O'er North as well as South-
Black swords and votes
At white men's throats
In North as well as South.
"Is it true that through the war, Of all rebels-meanest, worst-
Were the black men we were fighting for; To break their chains aceursed?
In no rebel state they rose
To assist us in the fray,
While they labored hard to feed our foes,
And give them arms and pay;
But now, alack!
We need the black
To prop our tottering sway.
"So let black ex-rebels reign O'er their white ex-rebel lords,
For without them all our plots are vainWithout their rotes and swords:
But with Johnson stricken down, The Supreme Court bound in chains,
Oh, we Jacobins shall wear the crown
While breath of life remains-
Ay, rule the land
With Marat's hand
While breath of life remains.
"So on with railroad speed,"
The sarage Butler cries;
" For, innless we haste, I fear indeed Our farce of trial dies.
Bring the ropes and quench the light,
Bind his hands and gag his month,
For if Johmson wins, we lose the right
To rob and rule the South-
Yea, lose our job
To rule and rob
Both North as well as South."

## BOTTLED BUTLER'S SCREECHING IMPEACHING SPEECH.

With a voice in which mingles a hiss as of asps, With the squeal of a pig, and the grating of rasps,
And the drone of a bagpipe, the bottled one gasps,
And splutters, and raves of impeachment.
He charges all crimes, from the highest e er known,
To the lowest and meanest-as mean as his own
(And on crimes Bottled Ben as an expert is known)-
Against Johnson when urging impeachment.
But of all "bogus babies," unboned and ungristled,
And of all merry tunes by "the dying cow whistled,"
And of all the vile fizzles that ever were fizzled,
Commend us to Butler's impeachment.
Such a weed-erop of Radical nightshade and wrath, Of political stinkweed and partisan froth,
No mower hath mowed in a single wide swath
As Ben Butler when urging impeachment.

## MILES RUNS FOR REGISTER.

Say, here! How is it, misther-
Are you for the Boy or no? For he's bound to be Re-gisther,

Let the wind blow high or low.
All the Germans an' the Irish here
For him have dhrawn the skean,
For Von Halpine trinks zwei lager bier,
And Miles he "wears the green."
All the Germans, etc.
He's " too young?" Your granny's sisther!
I tell you 'tisn't so ;
An' he's bound to be Re-gisther,
Let the wind blow high or low.
All the Celtic and the Tenton rote
Are friends of his, I ween,
For Von Halpine selpeist mit pretzel brodt,
And Miles on mild poteen.
All the Celtic, etc.
Oh, the Wigwam wants a glvsther
For to purge away her ills.
So we'll make him our Re-gisther.
An' he ll bate eren Radway's prills.

All the girls are for him ; this is how
That wondher came to pass-
Von Halpine liebt ein blond-e frau,
And Miles an Irish lass.
All the girls, etc.
May my tongue be all a blisther
If I tell a lie to you,
For he's bound to be Re-gisther, And we all must put him through.
Oh, he suits the men of every race,
This gossoon undefiled-
Von Halpine schpeist mit Schweitzer kaase,
An' the Boy on p'raties biled.
Oh, he suits, etc.
So here's to Hans von Halpine,
And to Miles who wears the green;
Fill your can and dhrink it all, man,
Or in Rhine wein or poteen;
For Miles he fit mit Sigel,
And mit Asboth trinks poteen;
And you can't find Halpine's equal
For "a-wearing of the green."
For Miles, etc.


## A FRAGMENT. ${ }^{54}$

Oh, more than tongue hath power to speak,
Or my hand the skill to pen it,
I long, I burn, I strive, I seek
Promotion to the Senate.
For this Lord Thurlow hath my praise, For this I let him run my paper,
For this I work through weary days, And waste the midnight taper.

## MORTON MUST GO.

The mayor at last has found a way
To get out Morton; this his plan:
With a new Directory, they say,
He will commence at the letter A , Proceed in regular course to $Z$,
Skipping one M. by the rule of three ;

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 The Poctical Works ofAnd, should the new Directory fail, An army-list he will next assail ; Then get a navy-book, and try
Each "salt" that is laid up high and dry,
Until at last the opposing board,
From weariness no longer able
To lay the new names on the table, Owns itself bored and fairly floored,

And"lets him spin his man."


## TO JUDGE M ${ }^{4}$ CUNN. ${ }^{55}$

[Ye poet complimenteth his hero on belligerent parentage.]
M' $\mathrm{Cunn}, \mathrm{I}^{6} \mathrm{Cumn}$, you son of a gin,
You'll be the death of us ere yon've done;
At honest old Abe you first poked fun,
And now with M'Clellan you've just begun,
While high up promotion's high ladder you run,
My sweet-scented beauty, M ${ }^{\circ}$ Cunn, $\mathrm{I}^{\prime}$ Cunn.
[He entreateth him, for reasons assigned, to be less facetious.]
M'Cunn, M'Cumn, will you erer have done,
Or is it but now that you've just begun?
Here we laugh till the tears down our noses run.
While at soldier and sage you keep poking your fun,
You charming young creature-rou wonderful one,
My bright, gushing hero,
M'Cunn, M‘Cunn.
[Ye poet payeth due homage to ye splendor of his hero's appearance.]
$\mathrm{M}^{6} \mathrm{Cumn}, \mathrm{M}^{6} \mathrm{Cumn}$, rou're enough to stum-
You're a sight for all nervous old ladies to shm,
While, flashing and dancing beneath the sum.
Clear down to your elbows your epaulettes rum,
Each spire of the butlion alive with the fun
Of its wouderful wearer, M•Cunn, M ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ mm.
$\mathrm{M}^{6} \mathrm{Cumn}, \mathrm{M}^{6} \mathrm{Cum}$, you'd better have done.
Or an end will be put to your rollicking fun:
The romances you tell are enough to stun,
As round from hotel to hotel you rm:
Nor does crery one see that youre ouly in fun,
My young cancus hero.
M'Cum, M:Cumı.

## GENERAL HALLECK.

"Who raised the price of pork and mutton-pies? Who filled our butcher-shops with large blue flies?" Quick our Committee on the War replies,
"'Twas Halleck."
"Who should be blamed for Gotham's filthy streets?
And for our markets filled with poisonons meats?"
Quick answers these Congressional Dead Beats,
"Blame Halleck."


## GASTRUNOMIC.

Dear Philadelphia! when I view
Thy streets, and think of what thou art-
Thy terrapin, in soup or stew-
And learn that from thee I must part,
I do protest against the deed
With streaming eve and watering mouth,
And swear it is no "knightly meed"
That sends Meade wandering to the South.


TO MARY.
Thon bounding river,
I fly thy tranquil shore;
Farewell! Oh, never
Shall I behold thee more.
Ye rocks, ye woods that quiver
To echo's plaintive cry,
Farewell forever-
We part, and part for aye.
Thou shady grotto,
In raptures deep and true,
When near to Mary,
How quick the moments flew.
Thy dark retreat, all lonely,
Where mystery ever dwells,
Was to me only
Full of delicions spells.

Days when we were glad,
Ye fleet away like dreams-
Days when we were sad,
Oh, how long each seems;
Far from my own loved Mary, Forever serered wide-
Dark, dark and dreary,
Time rolls its sudden tide.
Oh valley, fairest,
Dear valley of my youth-
Oh Mary, dearest,
Thee have I loved in truth.
Ye rocks, ye woods that quiver
To echo's plaintive ery,
Farewell forever-
We part, and part for aye.

HOLLAND GIN.
The brandy hath a beaming hue,
But no one knows what it is made of;
Though red itself, it makes us "blue"-
A thing the doctors are afraid of.
Sweeter far the Holland gin,
Which looks as clear as bubbling water,
But yet turns out, when taken in,
Intoxication's subtlest daughter.
Oh, my darling IIolland gin-
My deadly-dromken, resinous Holland-
Brandy's hue
Is bright to view,
But strength is thine, my beaded Holland.
The pure French brandy would not linrt,
But here with snch foul trash they mix it-
One half is ritriol, t'other dirt,
And that's the toper's "ipse dixit."
Oh, the IIolland gin for me,
so purely bright and so transparent,
That even a dronken ere could see
A dead fly or the slightest hair in't.
Yes, my sparkling Holland gin-
My imocently-colored Holland-
Clear to riew
As mountain dew
Art thou, my most destructive Holland.

Yet still in one point both combine
To poison, sicken, and distract us,
So that it proves the same, in fine,
If either or if both attacked us.
Beggary, horror, falsehood, woe,
To still more grievous crimes expanded,
Are now retailed with every " go"
Across the groggery counter handed.
Oh, my brandy, devil's blood;
And sin, pale sister unto brandy ;
Brain and heart
Alike depart
From him who worships gin or brandy.

## N O T E S.

## Note 1, page 25.

A VESPER HYMN.
This composition was fond among the posthumons papers of the deceased. The circumstances under which it was prepared were not known to his friends, and it had no tille; but its sentiments seemed peculiarly appropriate to the occasion of its first publication, which took place immediately after the author's sudden demise, and the title of Vesper Mymn was then attached to it. Indorsed on it, however, was the following sentence, in the handwriting of General Halpine, "Dedicatel to the lady at whose request these hasty lines were written, with the warnest and most grateful wishes of the author for her health and happiness. C. G. H."

Note 2, page 26.
on faising a monument to the ridil legion.
This was the last poetical production of the pen of the anthor. Its title explains the occasion of its composition-the preparation of a suitable monument to Irish valor displayed during the war for the Union.

Note 3, page 29.
after the bath.
The composition of this poem exemplified in a remarkable manner the wonderfil poetical fluency of the writer. He had written the first two verses when in the country, and with the exhilaration of beholding the beautiful vision which he was depicting fresh upon him; he wrote the last verse at the Citizen office, late one afternoon subsequently, and read it to the editor of this volume, saying it was either very good or very bad. The gentleman addressed ridiculed the closing sentences as absurdly and abrnptly extravagant, and
made fun of the closing paragraph, until he feared his associate's feelings were a little hurt, although the latter usually took such affairs very good-humoredly. General Halpine handed the poem, which consisted of the first, second, and last verses only, to the compositors, and left the office to walk home. By the time he had reached Canal Street, however, he had become inspired, and, returning to the office, sat down, and in a few minutes wrote the four additional verses, making it one of the most beautiful of his love sonnets.

Note 4, page 30.
the man of threescore.
A translation from the French.
Note 5, page 36.
my toast.
This was written as a tribute to the grace and beanty of a charming and fascinating niece of the editor of this work, at whose home General Halpine had met her on two occasions, when he was much struck with her peculiar and unusual style of beauty. The name, Lucie Ellice, was sufficiently altered to conceal the individuality of the person addressed, withont greatly changing the sound. The publication of the piece in the Citizen led to the contribution of sereral others, some by the writer of this, and others by different persons, winding up unexpectedly with one from a new and unknown Lucie Ellice of the South. The series caused a good deal of ammsement and excitement in literary circles at the time of its publication.

Note 6, page 40.
to raymond on his travels.
A dinner was given at Delmonico's to Henry J. Rarmond, the well-known editor of the New York Times, on the ere of his departure for Europe. Many of the prominent editors and anthors of the day were present, and comntless good things were said. Charles 1. Hana presided in the happiest manner, and so many capital speeche: were made that it was felt desirable to have some report made of the meeting. This labor was placed upon Italpine's shoulders of course. and he passed the residue of the night in writing ont the accomnt. Next morning he came into the room of the editor of this work and commencel reading the song. which he had put in the shape of a serenade into the month of his hearer. He had covered fifty pages
of foolscap, besides composing half a dozen verses of poetry, between two o'clock at night and six in the moruing. The report of the dinner can be found in the number of the Citizen of July 13, 1867.

Note 7, page 46.
DELMONICO'S DREAM.
At a dinner given to General Sheridan by General Halpine, at Delmonico's, the caterer had served trout at a time when, by the laws of nature and man, they were utterly out of season. The fish were sent away from the table untouched, the breach of law and good taste was strongly condemned by the public press, the matter was taken up by the Sportsmen's Club, and Mr. Delmonico was compelled to explain that they had been served without his knowledge, and during his absence from the city, and that such an occurrence shonld not happen again. It was in the course of the controversy that this poem was written.

Note 8, page 50.
AN ACROSTIC Birthday offering.
Addressed to Mrs. James Gordon Bennett, a lady for whose beauty, talents, and uncommon intellectual cultivation General Halpine had the deepest respect and admiration.

Note 9, page 51.
JAMES GORDON BENNETT, JR.
In commemoration of the ocean yacht race, that plucky contest in which Mr. Bennett carried off the prize.

Note 10, page 51.
the rinight's address.
Written on the occasion of crowning a lady Queen of Beanty and Love at a tournament at which he was not present, the words of the ode to the contrary notwithstanding.

## Note 11, page 57.

PHILADELPHIA.
Written at the time of the attempt in Philadelphia by the conservative leaders of the Republican party to form a new party by a coalition of loyal Sonthern War Democrats and moderate Republicans. A lamentably unsuccessful effort.

## Note 12, page 69. <br> stamping out.

There appeared in the London Times, at the commencement of the Fenian insurrection, a vindictive and bloody suggestion to put down the Fenian rising as the cattle plague had been arrested, that is, by stamping it out, or destroying every animal attacked with the disease-a bloody and brutal proposition, unparalleled on the page of history. The article read as follows, and the poem was a reply to it: "We must starmp out the fires of this Fenian insurrection, and quench its embers in the blood of the wretches who are its promoters."

Note 13, page 77. washingtov's blethdat.
These lines were written by General Halpine as the poet of the day on the first amnual celebration of the inauguration of the Military Order of the Legion, held in the Academy of Music, Philadelphia, on the 22d day of February, 1866. The meeting was presided over by Major General Cadwallader, and many of the most prominent officers of the army were present.

Note 14 , page 83. MILES ON THE WHITE FAWN.
A spectacular drama, exhibiting much of female chaims unadorned, produced at Niblo's Garden, in New York City,

Note 15, page 91.
LOAFING AS A FINE ART.
Addressed to the editor hereof, and eliciting a reply which was published in a subsequent number of the Citizen.

Note 16, page 109.
SPECIAL ORDERS, A., No. I.
This was written when the author was adjutant general to Dlajor General Hunter, and was published for distribution among the staft officers. The young lady referred to was a great favorite with them. and expressed no displeasure orer the harmless pleasantry at the time; but when it was afterward inserted in the columns of the Citizen, her family took offense, and General Halpine expressel to the editor of this volume his intention of changing the name, and this
depriving the damsel of her only chance for immortality. As he forgot to carry out this fell design, however, the piece is left as it was originally written.

## Note 17, page 111. <br> personal.

It is almost superfluons to say that this poem refers to the editor of this volume. The persons spoken of are Mathew T. Bremman, who was city comptroller; Orison Blunt, who voted himself a testimonial out of the people's money in consideration for his public services; Nathaniel Sands, agent of the Citizen's Association, of which the writer was one of the fomnders; A. J. Hackley, who had a questionable contract with the municipal government for street cleaning ; and F. I. A. Boole, who was city inspector, and spent a million in not cleaning the streets. Most of these gentlemen were supposed to hare cause to bear the "Boy Bob" in lasting, but not friendly remembrance for his attempts, by the aid of the Citizen's Association, to reform the municipal government.

> Note 18 , page 116.
> To the Chief JUStice.

Addressed to Chief Justice Salmon P. Chase, when presiding in the Senate over the impeachment trial of President Andrew Johmson, at a time when every effort was being made by the Republican press to force a conviction as a party measure, and when it was feared that the accused would not have an impartial hearing.

## Note 19, page 117. <br> TO FESTON.

The New York City tax levy had been passed by the Legislature, and was awaiting the signature of Governor Fenton, when this jocose effusion was written. There was a rumor that the governor would veto the measure, and leave the city withont any government for the ensuing year, and with all the outstanding claims against it unpaid. The members of the Union League Club had recommended the governor to pursue this unusual and dangerous course, but he was finally convinced by the humorous arguments of Miles O'Reilly, and signed the bill.

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338 Notes.

Note 20, page 129. INDIFFERENCE.
On the manuscript of this piece was found, in the handwriting of (ieneral Halpine, the expressive and appropriate word "Twaddle."

Note 21, page 130.
ONE DEAD SURE THING.
John B. Haskin is a New York politician, and the song refers to a resolution complimentary to President Jolnnson, which he introduced into a Democratic Consention.

Note 2.2, page 130.
motto of the mass.
There was indorsed on the revised manuscript of this poem. in the handwriting of the deceased author, the words "Social and refleetive."

Note 23, page 131.
TIME.
Indorsed by the author "Reflective."
Note 24, page 132.
FIERY ELOQIENCE.
Indorsed by the anthor "Reflective: boyish-a revised cony."
Note 25, page 133.
FAEGII AU beallach.
The author characterizes this as "Extremely borish."
Note 26, page 134.
MATRIMONIAL COMPLACENCY.
Indorsed "Feminine: bovish."
Note 27, page 1 26.
IRASH ASTRONOMT.
Manuscript indorsed "Boyish."
Note 28. page 137. To A FRiEND.
Indorsed " P'athetic and philosophical."

Note 29, page 159. baron renfrew's ball.
Descriptive of a public ball given to the Prince of Wales, on his visit to this country, at the Academy of Music, in the city of New York. The ladies referred to are Mrs. Senator Morgan and other leading belles of New York society. The reference to the breaking away of the floor applies to an actual occurrence-an accident that fortunately resulted in no injury to any one, and not eren in any considerable interruption to the festivities. On the occasion referred to the benerolent Mr. Peter Cooper took special charge of the prince.

Note 30, page 184.
o'mahony of the comeraghs.
O'Mahony, an intimate friend of the author, was the first Head Centre of the Fenian organization ; but factions subsequently broke out, accusations of neglect and malfeasance were brought against Mr. O'Mahony by his enemies, and a new wing of the party was formed under Mr. Roberts. General Halpine had full confidence in O'Mahony, in his good intentions and his entire sincerity, and wrote this effusion at the time when the difficulties referred to were rife, and as an expression of his opinion.

Note 31, page 207.

## ADVERT1SEMENT EXTRAORDINARY.

Mr: Thurlow Weed, while returning from Washington to New York, had his pocket picked in the cars. The varions allnsions are to the events of the day in which he and others were, or were snpposed to be, mixed up. Mr. Andrews was then surveyor of the port under Mr. Weed's recommendation ; Mr. Greeley, it was supposed, would like a place in the Cabinet; Henry J. Raymond preferred a foreign mission, as did also Mr. James Gordon Bennett, or, at least, such were the suspicions of the public. The Cummings referred to was Mr. Alexander Cummings, then proprietor of the World, which at that time was a pious Republican newspaper.

Note 32, page 216.
BREVET RANK.
This refers to Lafayette C. Baker, Stanton's wretehed tool and spy, at the time it was proposed to brevet him brigadier general for his infamous, albeit, where honestly performed, necessary services-
services which civilized nations scarcely class with bravery in the field of battle, and usually pay for in so much hard money. Fortunately the effort to convert a spy, who was not popularly regarded as peculiarly scrupulous, into a hero, failed.

## Note 33, page 232. <br> the differesce.

There was an unfounded report circulated through the press. at about the time these lines were written, to the effect that General James Lane, of Kansas, had committed suicide. The beanty of this piece consists in its truth.

Note 34, page 232.

## lecompton's black brigade.

This was written while the author was closely allied to Stephen A. Douglas politically, and refers to the Democratic Convention which met at Charleston, and which was adjourned to Baltimore in consequence of the violence of the Sonthern leaders, who were then initiating their morements toward secession-morements which resulted later in rebellion. The references are to men prominent at the time in polities, many of whom were distinguished subsequently in the stringgle to destroy the Union.

Note 35, page 234.
TIIE LYRIC OF TWEDDLE HALL.
The Democratic organization in the city of New York, founded br General Halpine, John Y. Sarage, and Nelson J. Waterbury, in oppnsition to Tammany Hall, had applied for and been refused recognition by the State Convention, and, in consequence of this indignity. had resolved on political rengeance. Cagger and Cassidy were heads of the Albany Regency, Samuel J. Tilden was chairman of the State Committee, and the "Central" referred to was the Central hailroad. which up to that time had been used to heln the Democracy.

Note 36, page 236.
GIVE ME GLANO OR GITE ME DE.NTI.
Jeremiah Black, attorney general of the United States. declined to defend the President of the United States when on trial of impeachment unless he could obtain the aid of the govermment in enforcing clams held ly certain of his clients to an island of guanoa cutions phase of the impeachment trial of Andrew Johmson, which
will live in history with an odor worthy of the subject, and not of sanctity.

Note 37, page 236.
TO UNCLE SAM.
England having abused this country for suspending the Habeas Corpus Aet during the terrible struggle for the Union, herself suspended that "great palladium of freedom" in consequence of a few Fenian riots, and imprisoned Irishmen, naturalized American eitizens, whom she suspected of complieity in Fenian plots, on their revisiting the land of their birth.

Note 38, page 237.
the president to congress.
This was written at the time when the impeachment of Andrew Johnson was threatened. The quotations are mainly from speeches made by him in his famous tour through the eountry. Uncle Thad is Thaddeus Stevens; Ashley is the representative in Congress who first proposed impeachment; Phillips is Wendell Phillips; Mrs. Cobb, a lady popularly aceused of being a successful place and pardon broker. The "Cleveland serape" was the movement for a new party, to which the assent of Henry Ward Beecher was obtainedan assent that he hastily recalled.

Note 39, page 240.

## MANHOOD AGAINST THE MACHINES.

A politieal sereed referring to local New York combinations. The "Lunch Club" consists of the Tammany leaders who dine daily at the City Hall, but, it is simple justice to add, at their own expense. The references are to Michael Connolly, the "big judge;" John Hardy and Billy Walsh, ex-aldermen; Nelson J. Waterbury, the "long judge," formerly district attorney; Smith Ely, supervisorleaders of the Democratic Union, the organization opposed to the dietation of Tammany Hall in eity polities ; and to Peter B. Sweeny, chamberlain; John T. Hoffman, mayor; William M. Tweed, supervisor, deputy street commissioner, and state senator ; A. Oakey Hall, distriet attorney-the head men of Tammany, and constituting its saered "Ring."

Note 40, page 243.
JOHN MORRISSEY MY JO, JOIN.
Mr. Morrissey was elected as fitting representative of New York City in Congress, and these lines were written in his honor. He was a pngilist and gambler, but it was reported that he would not cheat, and always "fought fair."

## Note 41, page 245.

FERNANDO'S CARD.
The virtuons Fernando Wood announced in a card his desire for re-election to Congress solely as a public refutation of the calumnies heaped upon him by his enemies.

Note 42, page 245.
FOURTH CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICT.
S. S. Cox and John Fox, New York politicians, were both aspirants for a seat in Congress from this district.

Note 43, page 249.
CHURCII, CAGGER, AND PIPER.
The references are to Sanford E. Church, Peter Cagger. S. B. Piper, Dean Richmond, president of the New York Central Railroad. and Erastus Corning, who were members of the New York state Democratic General Committee, and some of whom belonged to what was known in polities as the Albany Regeney.

Note 44, page 2.51.
hines to a congressman.
Refers to IIenry J. Raymond, editor in chief of the New York Times.
Note 45, page 25.
TWEEDLEDUM AND TWEEDLEDEE.
Refers to the newspaper controtersies between Horace Greeley and Thurlow Weed. "Sid. Gay" is sidney Howard Gay, then managing editor of the Tribune.

Note 46, page 250.
the nealth mill.
This was a measure of reform carried by the Citizen's Association. with the help of the liepublicans, to take the control of sanitary
matters in the city of New York from a body of political inspectors, several of whom testified before a legislative committee that they considered "hygiene" to be a "bad smell" or a "collection of dirty" water," and give it to a medical board. Reference is made to Thomas C. Acton, president of the Metropolitan Board of Police, and Iy̧man Tremaine, attorney general.

Note 47, page 258.
RING RHYMES.
This collection of fugitive poetical screeds refers to political matters in the city of New York, and to the great contest which the author waged as Head Centre of the Democratic Union Organization against the Tammany Hall clique, popularly described as the "Ring." These references can only be understood by persons well versed in that greatest of mysteries, New York politics, and to such it would be a work of supererogation to explain them. The following short and condensed statement may be worth the type it requires. On the side of the Democratic Union were Michael Connolly, nicknamed the " Big Judge;" William Walsh, a Fourth Ward ex-alderman; Daniel M. O'Brien, candidate for the state Cenate, and smith Ely, superrisor. And opposed to them were Matthew T. Breunan, then city comptroller, subsequently deprived of power. and shelved on the Board of Police Commissioners ; Charles G. Cornell, street commissioner; Terence Farley, alderman, and city contractor on very profitable jobs; 1'eter B. Sweeny, brains of Tammany Hall, subsequently made city chamberlain; William M. Tweed, supervisor, and later a very fat pluralist, great executive officer of the combination; Francis I. A. Boole, a low scamp from Canada, city inspector, and later a lunatic; Fernando Wood, absolute owner of an organization called Mozart, which he ran as a tender or an opponent to Tammany, according as either paid him best; Thomas C. Fields, state Senator, montllpiece of the "Ring." To explain all the allusions in this and other political effusions, the space of a volume would be required.

Note 48, page 289.
SONG OF THE NATIONAL DEMOCRACY.
Written when it was proposed to nominate General Dix for govemor of the State of New York. Richmond, Pruyn, Cagger, and Cassidy were members of the controlling political Democratic clique called the Albany Regency. Elijah F. Purdy, city supervisor, was nicknamed the "War Horse."

Note 49, page 292.
SENATOR TOM ON CLANIS.
John E. Develin, corporation counsel, was celebrated for giving delightful clam-bakes. On a certain occasion Senator Thomas Murphy was invited to one of these famous entertainments, and this song is supposed to have been written to express his appreciation of the particular dainties that were put before him.

Note 50, page 303.
the new "spike" for political gexs.
James B. Taylor was connected with the two greatest swindles ever perpetrated against the city of New York-that of West Washington Market and of Fort Gansevoort - and it was said he had bonght an interest in the New York Times, to prevent that paper exposing him. The references are to Owen W. Breman, Republican Commissioner of Charities and Corrections, brother of Matthew T. Breman, Democratic comptroller, who had to pass on the Fort Gansevoort matter; Anse was Anson Herrick, editor of the Atlas ; Peter Griese was the name of a "dummy" on a railroad bill before the Legislature, and supposed to stand for Peter B. Sweeny; Nelson was Nelson J. Waterbury, head of the opposition to Tammany Hall, and Doty was the fictitions name of a subscriber to eity bonds, which were given to him at par when they were selling in market above par, and was supposed to stand for an eminent Democratic judge.

Note 51, page 310.
MY SAMLO OF THE KOM-HERAUS.
This and the next song were first published in the Citizen under the pretense that they were written by Hemry J. Raymond. and as a specimen of his style, in retaliation for the publication in the Times of a fictitions letter purporting to come from Miles O lieilly.

Note 52, page 311.
TIE HO.JRT OF CONTROL PROGR.MIIE.
A bill was introduced into the Republican Legislature at Albany to cure the evils of New York City polities by putting the municipal government into the hands of a Board of Control. This scheme was manly promoted by Waldo Hutchigss, a Republican wire-puller.

## Notes.

Note 53, page 31?.
lyrics of albany.
Mr. Glenn, a member of Assembly, denounced his associates for receiving bribes, bnt failed to prove his case, and was forced to resign.

Note 54, page 327.
A frigment,
attributed by Miles to Henry J. Raymond-a performance of which the latter has never yet been able to see the joke.

Note 55, page 328.
to JUDGe mbednn,
refers to the famons adventures of the eminent Judge $\mathrm{M}^{\circ} \mathrm{Cumn}$, of the New York Superior Court, when he donned his spurs and sallied out to the war, where he won high renown in an extremely limited period. P?

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