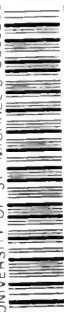


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THE POETICAL WORKS
OF
JOHN KEATS.



THE POETICAL WORKS

OF

J O H N K E A T S.

With Memoir, Explanatory Notes, etc.



LONDON:
FREDERICK WARNE AND CO.
AND NEW YORK.



MAY 21 1956

P R E F A C E.

EVERY year, since the death of Keats, has added to the number of those who appreciate and love his poems, and every new Edition of them has been welcomed by the Public.

The present one contains all the Poems published during the young poet's life: those in the "Literary Remains," gathered together after his death by his sympathetic editor, Lord Houghton; and several taken from papers and magazines to which Keats contributed.

The collection may therefore be considered complete, as only two or three short minor poems from his letters are not included; and two short poems, thought by Lord Houghton to be of very doubtful authenticity. Mr. Forman rejects these latter entirely, and the Editor cannot believe that they were written by Keats, the rich fruit of whose genius is contained in the present volume.



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PREFATORY MEMOIR.

“WHOM the Gods love die young,” was the belief of antiquity; and such seems to have been, in truth, the case when John Keats, the gifted and beloved, passed away in the dawn of his life, after singing a few brief songs—the promise of a glorious hereafter, destined never to be fulfilled. The tenderest interest hovers over the memory of this young poet. Next to Chatterton’s his name has become a spell to move the warmest pity and sympathy in English hearts, for his short life was not a happy one, and he died without knowing that he had won the laurel of immortality.

John Keats was born October 29th, 1795. His father had married the daughter of Mr. Jennings, a large stable owner on the Pavement, Moorfields, in whose employment he had originally lived. His mother was lively and very intelligent. Her son John had a strong affection for her; and we are told in Lord Houghton’s delightful “Life and Letters of Keats,” that once when she was ill, and the doctor had ordered that she should not be disturbed, the little boy of four years old kept watch outside her bedroom door for more than three hours, armed with an old sword, which he had somewhere picked up.

While still a very little fellow he was sent to school with his brothers George and Thomas to Mr. Clarke, of Enfield, the father of the Shakspearian Charles Cowden Clarke. This school was deservedly in high repute; and here Keats displayed remarkable

ability, though not of a plodding kind ; on the contrary, he was an active, spirited little fellow, desirous of rivalling hereafter the feats of a naval relative of his, who had served with Duncan at Camperdown. He learned rapidly, but was not industrious till a desire seized him to win the first prizes of the school, when he suddenly devoted himself to study with an ardour which threatened to injure his health. If he walked it was with a book ; and play he entirely abjured. His resolute perseverance was crowned with success. He won the prizes, and probably also, at the same time, gained the love and habit of study.

During the latter part of his residence under Mr. Clarke's care he read and translated a great deal of Virgil ; but he never learned Greek, and knew Homer only in the words of Chapman. The future poet, whose lines breathed the very spirit of the old classic myths, had gained his knowledge of them from Tooke and Lemprière.

Keats lost both parents while still in his early boyhood ; thus his whole life seems to have been chequered by sorrows. His mother died of consumption when he was about fifteen, and he is said to have felt the loss deeply and bitterly. He left school soon after, and was apprenticed to a surgeon at Edmonton, a man of some eminence, named Hammond.

His father had left eight thousand pounds, to be equally divided between his four children ; the elder of whom, after they were left orphans, was taken into the office of Mr. Abbey, their guardian, a London merchant. The distance between Edmonton and Enfield permitted Keats, after he was apprenticed, to continue his intimacy with the Clarks, in whose cultivated society his genius grew and developed. It was to them also that he was indebted for the loan of books. One day his friend Charles lent him, at his request, Spenser's " Fairy Queen ;" and that wonderful poem had on him the same effect it had produced on Cowley two

centuries before ; it awoke the dormant spirit of poetry, and his first production was an imitation of Spenser. His first published poem was, however, an "Epistle" addressed to his friend Mr. Felton Mathew, to whom he had been indebted for an introduction into some pleasant society.

At the termination of his apprenticeship he went to London, to walk the hospitals. Here he lived in the Poultry, and was introduced by Mr. Clarke to some of the literary celebrities of the day—to Leigh Hunt, Shelley, Haydon, Goodwin, and Mr. Ollier, the publisher and poet.

About this time Leigh Hunt was released from a two years' imprisonment, which he had undergone as the punishment of a libel on the Prince Regent, whom he had described in his paper, the *Examiner*, as an "Adonis of Fifty." The extreme severity with which this personality was punished roused much indignation amongst literary men. The period was one in which rival politicians used furious invective against each other ; and though Hunt cannot be acquitted of bad taste—setting loyalty entirely aside—he did but act after the ill fashion of his time. Keats was full of generous indignation on his behalf, and on his release from prison addressed to him a sonnet of eager sympathy. He also dedicated to him the first volume of his poems, which Mr. Ollier published entirely on account of the admiration he felt for them. Leigh Hunt was, in fact, the great encourager and instigator of Keats in his poetical labours ; and it is said that we owe "Endymion" and the "Revolt of Islam" to a friendly rivalry between Shelley and the young poet.

Lord Houghton relates, as an instance of the facility of Keats in composition, that "he was engaged with a lively circle of friends when the last proof-sheet" [of his Poems] "was brought in, and he was requested by the printer to send the Dedication directly, if he intended to have one. He went to a side table,

and while all around were noisily conversing, he sat down and wrote the sonnet, beginning—

“Glory and loveliness have passed away.”

This volume of poems, which appeared in 1817, fell unnoticed from the press, and Keats, ascribing his ill success to want of energy in his publisher, rather ungratefully, we think, quarrelled with Mr. Ollier.

Soon after, he sent two sonnets to the *Examiner*, on first seeing the Elgin Marbles.

Meantime he studied at least fairly well for his profession, as he passed his medical examination successfully. But when he engaged in the practice of medicine, the poet found that he could never be an efficient surgeon. He therefore conscientiously gave up his profession; thus ruining his prospects in a worldly sense, and throwing himself into a state of poverty, and of dependence on the precarious resources of literature, which Scott so aptly described as “a good stick, but a bad crutch.”

His warm championship of Leigh Hunt procured for him, naturally, the friendship of the brothers, who were editors of the *Examiner*, in which, and in the *Indicator*, they published several of his sonnets, and the “La Belle Dame Sans Mercy.” But the intimacy, as far as his worldly interests were concerned, was not advantageous to him. The Hunts belonged to an extreme political school, which was believed to entertain revolutionary projects, and had, consequently, a very strong party opposed to them; and party spirit, at that period, had reached a point of savagery that we can scarcely understand. Neither good taste nor charity restrained the pens of writers on either side, and it is quite possible that the cruel criticism of his great poem may have, in great measure, resulted from his intimacy with the Hunts.

Moreover the affectations and conceits of the literary coterie

or school which Hunt founded were very likely to injure, and, in fact, did in a degree injure the style of the young poet.

Amongst Keats's other literary friends were Mr. Dilke, the editor of the *Athenæum*; John Hamilton Reynolds, author of "The Garden of Florence"—a very charming poet, though little known, and brother-in-law to Hood; Godwin, the author of "Caleb Williams" and father of Shelley's second wife, Mary; Basil Montague, the *littérateur*, who was the friend and patron of Carlyle, Hazlitt, the celebrated painter, Haydon, and the artist, Severn. To the two latter Keats was greatly indebted—to the former, for suggestions, encouragement and support; to the latter, for the comfort of his last days. The publishers, Taylor and Hessey, were surely also of this list, as they were very substantial helpers in the production of "Endymion," for they advanced him a sum of money that he might continue his work free from pecuniary anxiety. And, thus aided, he began his chief poem in the beautiful Isle of Wight, where, by the advice of Haydon, he had gone to recruit his health. How he must have enjoyed the beauty of that lovely little island! And one understands at once how the line that has become proverbial—"A thing of beauty is a joy for ever"—originated, and, almost necessarily, opened the "Endymion"—begun in such a scene of miniature loveliness. But he did not remain in the island; the air was too relaxing and depressed him, and he carried his work to Margate. He had, at this time, through Hamilton Reynolds, made the acquaintance of Mr. Baily, afterwards Archdeacon of Colombo—then resident at Oxford and reading for the Church. Keats returned with him to Oxford, and Mr. Baily has given the following account of the manner in which they spent their time there:—"He wrote and I read—sometimes at the same table, sometimes at separate desks—from breakfast till two or three o'clock. He sat down to his task, which was about fifty lines a day, with his paper before him, and

wrote with as much regularity and apparently with as much ease as he wrote his letters. Indeed, he quite acted up to the principle he lays down: that if poetry comes not as naturally as the leaves of a tree, it had better not come at all. Sometimes he fell short of his allotted task, but not often, and he would make it up another day. But he never forced himself. When he had finished his writing for the day, he usually read it over to me or wrote letters till we went out for a walk." Mr. Baily spoke most warmly of the personal charm of Keats—of his simplicity and affectionate manner. The two friends soon after visited Stratford-on-Avon together; but in September Keats returned to Hampstead and again worked at his poem. It was finished at Burford Bridge in 1819, and placed in the publishers' hands the next spring. They were much pleased with it, and Haydon offered to supply as frontispiece a head of the poet, of which he had made a finished sketch, but it was not inserted.

Very great anxieties attended the completion of "Endymion." Keats was passionately attached to his brothers George and Tom, and Tom was then in very bad health. He, however, received much benefit by a visit to Devonshire, and George then resolved to emigrate to America, first marrying a young lady named Georgiana Wylie. Keats and his friend, Mr. Brown, accompanied the pair to Liverpool in the June of 1818, and from thence undertook a pedestrian tour to the Lakes and to the Highlands. Of this expedition he has left us some charming memorials in his sonnets and some small poems, one of which, "Old Meg," afterwards appeared in *Hood's Magazine*.

They also crossed over in the mail packet to Ireland, walked from Donaghadee to Belfast, and then crossed again to Scotland. In this last passage Ailsa Rock was constantly in their view, and Keats wrote his fine sonnet to it at Girvan.

The poet, altogether, had walked more than six hundred

miles; but, when at Inverness, he took a violent cold and ulcerated sore throat, and it became necessary that he should return home at once. Exposure to the weather and the inevitable privations of the journey had been too much for his delicate constitution. He therefore returned to England by sea. It is quite possible that his fatal illness may date from this tour of 1818. In Coleridge's "Table Talk," p. 184, we meet this remarkable account of Keats:—

"A loose, slack, not well-dressed youth met Mr. — and myself in a lane near Highgate. — knew him, and spoke. It was Keats. He was introduced to me, and stayed a minute or so. After he had left us a little way, he came back, and said, 'Let me carry away the memory, Coleridge, of having pressed your hand.'

"'There is death in that hand,' I said to —, when Keats was gone. Yet this was, I believe, before the consumption showed itself distinctly."

"Endymion" was very severely reviewed by Gifford in the *Quarterly*, and there spread a rumour after the young poet's death, that the unfairness and harshness of the article had induced the illness of which Keats died. This was a delusion; but there can be no doubt that so sensitive a man must have been much hurt by it. The review in *Blackwood* was disgraceful to that magazine. He was desired in it "to go back to his gallipots!" and told that it was a wiser and better thing to be a starved apothecary than a starved poet! In our day, such a view of poetry and such vulgar insolence are almost incredible.

Byron and Shelley both believed in the fatal effect of the *Quarterly Review* on Keats. But Lord Houghton tells us that they were mistaken. In his full and interesting Memoir of the poet he gives us a letter of Keats, in which is this remarkable passage:—
"Praise or blame has but a momentary effect on the man whose

love of beauty in the abstract makes him a severe critic on his own works. My own domestic criticism has given me pain without comparison beyond what *Blackwood* or the *Quarterly* could possibly inflict; and also when I feel I am right, no external praise can give me such a glow as my own solitary perception and ratification of what is fine." A man who could write thus, would scarcely be killed by a review. It injured only the public, who were thus deprived of the remainder of "Hyperion." (See advertisement to first edition, p. 236 of this volume.)

In this year, Keats had the sorrow of watching by the dying bed of his brother Tom; and nearly at the same time he met the lady who was his first and last love. She was an East Indian, the cousin of some friend of his—a woman of great personal attractions and talent.

His brother George, who had married and emigrated to America, returned to England for a short visit, and received his share (near 1,000*l.*) of what poor Tom left. John, the poet, received only 200*l.* His education had been expensive, and he had made very little by his poems, consequently he could have no hope of marrying yet; and his pain and disappointment at the result of his literary efforts (however bravely he bore it) must have been great. His vain and passionate love, and the loss of his favourite brother, also preyed on his strength.

One evening, on returning to his house late outside a stage-coach, he caught a severe chill, and was persuaded to go to bed. He had hardly lain down before he coughed slightly, and said, "There is blood in my mouth; bring me the candle; let me see this blood." He gazed at it, and then said, very calmly, "I know the colour of that blood—it is arterial blood—I cannot be deceived in that colour. That drop is my death-warrant. I must die."*

* "Life and Letters of Keats," by Lord Houghton, p. 289.

From this first attack, however, he recovered, and grew comparatively well and cheerful. He then went to reside in the family of the lady he loved, and here he began seriously to think of making provision for his future life; the most feasible prospect being that of becoming surgeon on board an East Indiaman.

In 1820 appeared "Lamia," "Isabella," "Eve of St. Agnes," and other poems. It was praised, but sold slowly.

Of these poems, and of "Endymion," Lord Jeffrey, in the *Edinburgh Review* of August, 1820, says:—

"We had never happened to see either of these volumes till very lately, and have been exceedingly struck with the genius they display and the spirit of poetry which breathes through all their extravagance. * * * * They are flushed all over with the rich lights of fancy, and are so coloured and bestrewn with the flowers of poetry, that even while perplexed and bewildered in their labyrinths, it is impossible to resist the intoxication of their sweetness or to shut our hearts to the enchantments they so lavishly present."

All readers of Keats will allow that this criticism was fair and impartial.

Change of climate was now declared to be the only chance remaining of saving the life of the gifted young poet. He had a faithful and sympathizing friend—Mr. Severn, the artist. This gentleman resolved to sacrifice his prospects at the dawn of his popularity in order to accompany and take care of the invalid.

On their arrival at Rome, after a boisterous voyage and a short stay at Naples, Dr. Clark (Sir James Clark), to whom Keats had a letter of introduction, procured him a lodging in the Piazza di Spagna, opposite his own house, and did everything that skill, ability, and generous sympathy could do to alleviate his sufferings and cheer his mind. But nothing could avail to save him. He knew he was dying, and once said, "I feel the daisies growing

over me." Just before his death he received a letter from the woman he loved, which he could not bear to read. It was placed by his desire in his coffin. He directed that the inscription on his grave should be—

"HERE LIES ONE WHOSE FAME WAS WRIT IN WATER."

A mournful line, revealing how bitterly his longing for fame had been disappointed.

Keats had a beautiful face: his eyes were large, blue, and expressive; his hair auburn.

His death, which occurred February 24th, 1821, caused much excitement in the literary world. Byron, who had at first disdained the young poet as of the "Cockney school," wrote feelingly now of him, and declared that "his fragment of 'Hyperion' seems actually inspired by the Titans, and is as sublime as Æschylus."

Shelley wrote in his honour his beautiful "Adonais," prefixing to it the following indignant protest against the wrongs done to his dead friend's genius:—

"John Keats died at Rome of a consumption, in his twenty-fourth year, on the 27th of December, 1821,* and was buried in the romantic and lonely cemetery of the Protestants in that city, under the pyramid which is the tomb of Cestius, and the massy walls and towers now mouldering and desolate, which formed the circuit of ancient Rome.

"The cemetery is an open space among the ruins covered in winter with violets and daisies. It might make one in love with death to think that one should be buried in so sweet a place.

"The genius of the lamented person to whose memory I have dedicated these unworthy verses, was not more delicate and fragile than it was beautiful, and where canker-worms abound,

* An error of the Poet both as to age and date.

what wonder if its young flower was blighted in its bud? The savage criticism on his 'Endymion,' which appeared in the *Quarterly Review*, produced the most violent effects on his susceptible mind; the agitation thus originated ended in the rupture of a bloodvessel in the lungs; a rapid consumption ensued, and the succeeding acknowledgments from more candid critics of the true greatness of his powers, were ineffectual to heal the wound thus wantonly inflicted.

"It may be well said, that these wretched men know not what they do. They scatter their insults and their slanders without heed as to whether the poisoned shafts light on a heart made callous by many blows, or one like Keats', composed of more penetrable stuff.

* * * * *

"Miserable man! you one of the meanest, have wantonly defaced one of the noblest specimens of the workmanship of God. Nor shall it be your excuse that, murderer as you are, you have spoken daggers, but used none.

"The circumstances of the closing scene of poor Keats' life were not made known to me until the elegy was ready for the press. I am given to understand that the wound which his sensitive spirit had received from the criticism of 'Endymion,' was exasperated by the bitter sense of unrequited benefits; the poor fellow seems to have been hastened from the stage of life, no less by those on whom he had wasted the promise of his genius* than those on whom he had lavished his fortune and his care. He was accompanied to Rome, and attended in his last illness, by Mr. Severn, a young artist of the highest promise, who I have

* "We do not know," says the editor of the *Literary Chronicle*, "to whom Mr. Shelley alludes; but we believe we may say that the City of London does not boast a bookseller more honourable in his dealings, or more liberal to rising genius or indigent merit, than the publisher of Mr. Keats' poems."

been informed almost risked his own life, and sacrificed every prospect to unwearied attendance upon his friend. Had I known these circumstances before the completion of my poem, I should have been tempted to add my feeble tribute of applause to the more solid recompense which the virtuous man finds in the recollection of his own motives. Mr. Severn can dispense with a reward from 'such stuff as dreams are made of.' His noble conduct is a golden augury of the success of his future career. May the unextinguished spirit of his illustrious friend animate the creations of his pencil, and plead against oblivion for his name !"

The poem contains the following exquisite lines, which are the best consolation for the mind pained by this sad record :—

He is made one with Nature ; there is heard
 His voice in all her music—from the moan
 Of thunder to the voice of night's sweet bird ;
 He is a presence to be felt and known
 In darkness and in light, from herb and stone,
 Spreading itself where'er that Power may move
 Which has withdrawn that being to its own ;
 Which wields the world with never wearied love,
 Sustains it from beneath, and kindles it above.

He is a portion of the loveliness
 Which once he made more lovely.

* * * * *

Go thou to Rome, at once the paradise,
 The grave, the city, and the wilderness ;
 And where its wrecks like shattered mountains rise,
 And flowering weeds and fragrant copses dress
 The bones of Desolation's nakedness :

Pass till the Spirit of the spot shall lead
Thy footsteps to a slope of green access,
Where like an infant's smile over the dead,
A light of laughing flowers along the grass is spread.

It is the grave of Keats, and there a brief time afterwards rested the heart of the poet, who had wept over the sad end of this "inheritor of unfulfilled renown."

The cemetery is on a grassy slope, amid the ruins of the Honorian walls; above it is the pyramid that Petrarch believed to be the tomb of Remus, but which has since been discovered to be that of a tribune of the people named Caius Cestius. Of late years the portion of the cemetery where Keats lies has been cut off by part of the new fortifications of Rome, and high grass almost concealed the poet's grave till 1875, when Miss Frere (the daughter of Sir Bartle Frere), General Sir Vincent Eyre, the American minister, Mr. Marsh, and some other lovers of Keats's work, repaired the decaying altar tomb, and placed on the wall near it a medallion portrait of the poet, the gift and the work of Mr. Warrington Wood. A subscription was also raised to place his bust in Westminster Abbey.

George Keats survived his brother twenty years, and died in Kentucky. He was a man of great integrity and literary tastes. After his brother's death, he paid all John Keats's debts and returned the money lent to him by Mr. Brown. Keats's sister Fanny married a Spanish gentleman, Señor Lanos, the author of "Don Esteban," "Sandoval, the Freemason," etc.

The beautiful poems of "Isabella," the "Eve of St. Agnes," and "Lamia," are by many readers preferred to the "Endymion."

"Isabella" was written as one of a volume of tales from "Boccaccio," to be published by Reynolds and himself. Its touching beauty and tenderness are as wonderful as the high imaginativeness of "Endymion," for at that period when he wrote it, Keats had

not met the woman for whom his love was an absolute torture. Would he have written it, in fact, *as it is*, if he had then loved Miss Fanny Brawne? We think it might have gained in passion, but not in tenderness. The volume designed was never published, and "Isabella" was added to Keats's second volume.

The "Eve of St. Agnes" is a wonderfully graphic and melodious poem. Founded on an ancient superstition, it has a strange charm for the imagination. The description of Madeline's Chamber, stanzas 24, 25, is unequalled for beauty of description; and the feast prepared for the fasting maiden, of fruits and syrups, jellies and sweets, in golden dishes and baskets of wreathed silver, adds a strange charm to the picture.

The serpent story of "Lamia" is in another measure, and we are told that Keats studied Dryden's versification before he wrote it. The effect of that study is certainly manifest in this his last poem, which is extremely melodious and finished in style.

It was just at this time that he undertook the almost impossible task of writing a drama, in singular conjunction with Mr. Brown. He was with his friend in the Isle of Wight, afterwards at Winchester with him, when their joint task was performed. Mr. Brown was to sketch the characters and subject of each scene; the poet was to write the poetry. There is something almost comic in the picture of the two friends sitting opposite each other and discussing and arranging this tragedy of "Otho the Great." Very naturally, by the time the fourth act was finished, Keats became dissatisfied with it and insisted on writing the fifth unassisted. It is certainly the best of the drama, which, on its completion, was offered to Elliston, the theatrical manager immortalized by Lamb. He accepted it for representation, and Kean was expected to take the principal character; but the project came to nothing, and the tragedy was never produced. It is strange that Elliston ever thought of its being performed, as it

seems little suited for the theatre, though there are some beautiful lines in it, and it is interesting to the reader.

But it seems to have given Keats a fancy for dramatic work, since soon afterwards he began an historical play by himself, the period chosen being the reign of Stephen, whose chivalrous character and dauntless valour would have rendered him an ideal hero ; while Maud's pride and arrogance afforded a striking contrast. But the young poet did not live to complete it—it remains only a striking fragment. He left it to complete the "Lamia"—the serpent woman appearing to have fascinated him. It was, as we have said above, his last complete work.

"Hyperion" had been finished up to its present state at the time the adverse reviews on "Endymion" appeared. It was begun after the death of his brother Tom, as Mr. Brown told Lord Houghton ; but, as we have seen, he gave it up. It is quite worthy of the praise bestowed upon it by Byron and Shelley. Hunt said of it in the *Indicator*, "'The Hyperion' is a fragment—a gigantic one, like a ruin in the desert, or the bone of a mastodon. It is truly of a piece with its subject, which is the downfall of the elder gods." The reception given to "Endymion" deterred Keats from finishing it, and he would never have published the fragment of his own free will. We have to thank his clever publishers for preserving it in print, and to regret that the folly or malice of his critics prevented its completion. The description of Saturn's grief—of the "Goddess of the infant world"—of Hyperion's palace and his entrance into it, are extremely fine, and are alone sufficient to show what we have lost.

Keats had much versatility. The man who was so great a master of his own language would probably be able to attain facility in others. He had begun, as we have seen, to learn Greek, and his studies of Italian seem not only to have rendered him proficient in the language of Tasso, but also to have inspired him with

much of the peculiar humour of the Italian poets. His friend, Mr. Brown, was more than a student of Italian, for he translated admirably Boiardo's "Orlando Innamorato." It was, probably, at the instigation of this friend that Keats began "The Cap and Bells," a poem in the *ottava rima*, and in the manner of Ariosto, fanciful, humorous and satirical.

It appears from a passage in the *Indicator* of August 23rd, 1820, that Keats did not intend to publish it in his own name, but in an assumed female one; for Hunt quotes a few stanzas from it, adding that it is written "by a very good poetess of the name of Lucy V. L., who had let him see her MS." It is probable, therefore, that the young poet did not care greatly for the poem, and would not risk his growing reputation by acknowledging it, at least, at first. We confess to not caring for it ourselves; the fairy imagery is scarcely as lovely and poetical as we might have expected from Keats; and if, as is most probable, he meant to satirise George IV. and his ministers in it, the allusions have lost all interest in the present day.

The Odes "To a Nightingale" and "To a Grecian Urn" were published in a periodical, entitled, the *Annals of the Fine Arts*, and he also wrote some dramatic criticisms in the *Champion*, a weekly paper to which his friend Reynolds had introduced him. They are bright and spirited, and, taken in conjunction with his letters, prove that had he lived and practised prose, he might have become as great a prose writer as he was a poet.

In character, Keats was habitually gentle; but he was possessed of considerable spirit and courage, and his indignation was instantly roused by any base or cowardly action. It is recorded that when he was writing "Endymion," he saw a butcher beating a little boy; he instantly took the part of the feebler, and gave the fellow a severe thrashing.

We need scarcely say that he was very susceptible and impres-

sionable—his poetry manifests it ; and his affection for his brothers, and passionate love, show that he had a warm and tender heart. His friends were devoted to him, and their friendship would not have been easily won.

To the world of readers the death of Keats was a loss indeed, for himself it must have been a release from much mental and physical suffering. He was almost entirely dependent upon his friends, and his love seemed as hopeless as it was passionate, for he saw no chance of marrying Miss Brawne unless he resumed and practised a profession he disliked.

His brief, hapless life—his exquisite genius—the modesty and even the bitterness of his self-given epitaph—have greatly endeared him to his countrymen, and the one name they, perhaps, hold most dear amongst the names of their national poets is that of Keats.

THE POETICAL WORKS

OF

JOHN KEATS.

Early Poems.

DEDICATION.

TO LEIGH HUNT, ESQ.

“What more felicity can fall to creature
Than to enjoy delight with liberty?”

SPENSER—*Fate of the Butterfly.*

GLORY and Loveliness have passed away ;
For if we wander out in early morn,
No wreathed incense do we see upborne
Into the east, to meet the smiling day :
No crowd of nymphs soft voiced and young, and gay,
In woven baskets bringing ears of corn,
Roses, and pinks, and violets, to adorn
The shrine of Flora in her early May.
But there are left delights as high as these,
And I shall ever bless my destiny,
That in a time when under pleasant trees
Pan is no longer sought, I feel a free,
A leafy luxury, seeing I could please
With these poor offerings, a man like thee.

POEMS.

“Places of nestling green for Poets made.”—*Story of Rimini.*

I STOOD tiptoe upon a little hill,
The air was cooling, and so very still,
That the sweet buds which with a modest pride
Pull droopingly, in slanting curve aside,
Their scanty leaved, and finely tapering stems,
Had not yet lost those starry diadems
Caught from the early sobbing of the morn.
The clouds were pure and white as flocks new shorn,
And fresh from the clear brook ; sweetly they slept
On the blue fields of heaven, and then there crept
A little noiseless noise among the leaves,
Born of the very sigh that silence heaves :
For not the faintest motion could be seen
Of all the shades that slanted o'er the green.
There was wide wand'ring for the greediest eye,
To peer about upon variety ;
Far round the horizon's crystal air to skim,
And trace the dwindled edgings of its brim ;
To picture out the quaint, and curious bending
Of a fresh woodland alley, never ending ;
Or by the bowery clefts, and leafy shelves,
Guess where the jaunty streams refresh themselves.
I gazed awhile, and felt as light, and free
As though the fanning wings of Mercury
Had played upon my heels : I was light-hearted,
And many pleasures to my vision started ;
So I straightway began to pluck a posy
Of luxuries bright, milky, soft and rosy.

A bush of May flowers with the bees about them ;
Ah, sure no tasteful nook would be without them !

And let a lush laburnum oversweep them,
And let long grass grow round the roots to keep them
Moist, cool and green ; and shade the violets,
That they may bind the moss in leafy nets.

A filbert hedge with wild briar overtwined,
And clumps of woodbine taking the soft wind
Upon their summer thrones ; there too should be
The frequent chequer of a youngling tree,
That with a score of light green brethren shoots
From the quaint mossiness of aged roots :
Round which is heard a spring-head of clear waters
Babbling so wildly of its lovely daughters,
The spreading bluebells : it may haply mourn
That such fair clusters should be rudely torn
From their fresh beds, and scattered thoughtlessly
By infant hands, left on the path to die.

Open afresh your round of starry folds,
Ye ardent marigolds !
Dry up the moisture from your golden lids,
For great Apollo bids
That in these days your praises should be sung
On many harps, which he has lately strung ;
And when again your dewiness he kisses,
Tell him, I have you in my world of blisses ;
So haply when I rove in some far vale,
His mighty voice may come upon the gale.

Here are sweet peas, on tiptoe for a flight :
With wings of gentle flush o'er delicate white,
And taper fingers catching at all things,
To bind them all about with tiny rings.

Linger awhile upon some bending planks
That lean against a streamlet's rushy banks,
And watch intently Nature's gentle doings :
They will be found softer than ringdoves' cooings.

How silent comes the water round that bend!
Not the minutest whisper does it send
To the o'erhanging shallows : blades of grass
Slowly across the chequered shadows pass.
Why, you might read two sonnets, ere they reach
To where the hurrying freshnesses aye preach
A natural sermon o'er their pebbly beds ;
Where swarms of minnows show their little heads,
Staying their wavy bodies 'gainst the streams,
To taste the luxury of sunny beams
Tempered with coolness. How they ever wrestle
With their own sweet delight, and ever nestle
Their silver bellies on the pebbly sand !
If you but scantily hold out the hand,
That very instant not one will remain ;
But turn your eye, and they are there again.
The ripples seem right glad to reach those cresses,
And cool themselves among the emerald tresses ;
The while they cool themselves, they freshness give,
And moisture, that the bowery green may live ;
So keeping up an interchange of favours,
Like good men in the truth of their behaviours.
Sometimes goldfinches one by one will drop
From low hung branches ; little space they stop ;
But sip, and twitter, and their feathers sleek ;
Then off at once, as in a wanton freak :
Or perhaps, to show their black and golden wings,
Pausing upon their yellow flutterings.
Were I in such a place, I sure should pray
That nought less sweet, might call my thoughts away,
Than the soft rustle of a maiden's gown
Fanning away the dandelion's down ;
Than the light music of her nimble toes
Patting against the sorrel as she goes.
How she would start, and blush, thus to be caught
Playing in all her innocence of thought.

O let me lead her gently o'er the brook,
Watch her half-smiling lips, and downward look ;
O let me for one moment touch her wrist ;
Let me one moment to her breathing list ;
And as she leaves me may she often turn
Her fair eyes looking through her locks auburne.
What next ? A tuft of evening primroses,
O'er which the mind may hover till it dozes ;
O'er which it well might take a pleasant sleep,
But that 'tis ever startled by the leap
Of buds into ripe flowers ; or by the flitting
Of divers moths, that aye their rest are quitting ;
Or by the moon lifting her silver rim
Above a cloud, and with a gradual swim
Coming into the blue with all her light.
O Maker of sweet poets, dear delight
Of this fair world, and all its gentle livers ;
Spangler of clouds, halo of crystal rivers,
Mingler with leaves, and dew and tumbling streams.
Closer of lovely eyes to lovely dreams,
Lover of loneliness, and wandering,
Of upcast eye, and tender pondering !
Thee must I praise above all other glories
That smile us on to tell delightful stories.
For what has made the sage or poet write
But the fair paradise of Nature's light ?
In the calm grandeur of a sober line,
We see the waving of the mountain pine ;
And when a tale is beautifully staid,
We feel the safety of a hawthorn glade :
When it is moving on luxurious wings,
The soul is lost in pleasant smotherings :
Fair dewy roses brush against our faces,
And flowering laurels spring from diamond vases ;
O'erhead we see the jasmine and sweetbriar,
And bloomy grapes laughing from green attire ;

While at our feet, the voice of crystal bubbles
 Charms us at once away from all our troubles :
 So that we feel uplifted from the world,
 Walking upon the white clouds wreathed and curled.
 So felt he, who first told how Psyche went
 On the smooth wind to realms of wonderment ;
 What Psyche felt, and Love, when their full lips
 First touched ; what amorous and fondling nips
 They gave each other's cheeks ; with all their sighs,
 And how they kissed each other's tremulous eyes :
 The silver lamp—the ravishment—the wonder—
 The darkness—the loneliness—the fearful thunder ;
 Their woes gone by, and both to heaven upflown,
 To bow for gratitude before Jove's throne.
 So did he feel, who pulled the boughs aside,
 That we might look into a forest wide,
 To catch a glimpse of Fauns, and Dryades,
 Coming with softest rustle through the trees ;
 And garlands woven of flowers wild, and sweet,
 Upheld on ivory wrists, or sporting feet :
 Telling us how fair, trembling Syrinx fled*
 Arcadian Pan, with such a fearful dread.
 Poor nymph—poor Pan—how he did weep to find
 Naught but a lovely sighing of the wind
 Along the reedy stream ! a half heard strain,
 Full of sweet desolation—balmy pain.

What first inspired a bard of old to sing
 Narcissus pining o'er the untainted spring ?

* Syrinx, a river nymph, who, flying from Pan, was turned into a reed. Fletcher alludes to this nymph :—

“ Pan, for her dear sake,
 Who loves the rivers' brinks, and still doth shake
 In cold remembrance of thy quick pursuit,
 Let me be made a reed, and ever mute,
 Nod to the water's fall, whilst every blast
 Sings through my slender leaves that I was chaste.”

In some delicious ramble, he had found
 A little space, with boughs all woven round ;
 And in the midst of all, a clearer pool
 Than e'er reflected in its pleasant cool
 The blue sky, here and there serenely peeping
 Through tendril wreaths fantastically creeping.
 And on the bank a lonely flower he spied,
 A meek and forlorn flower, with naught of pride,
 Drooping its beauty o'er the watery clearness,
 To woo its own sad image into nearness :
 Deaf to light Zephyrus it would not move ;
 But still would seem to droop, to pine, to love.
 So while the Poet stood in this sweet spot,
 Some fainter gleamings o'er his fancy shot ;
 Nor was it long ere he had told the tale
 Of young Narcissus, and sad Echo's bale.

Where had he been, from whose warm head out-flew
 That sweetest of all songs, that ever new,
 That aye refreshing, pure deliciousness,
 Coming ever to bless
 The wanderer by moonlight ? to him bringing
 Shapes from the invisible world, unearthly singing
 From out the middle air, from flowery nests,
 And from the pillowy silkiness that rests
 Full in the speculation of the stars.
 Ah ! surely he had burst our mortal bars ;
 Into some wondrous region he had gone,
 To search for thee, divine Endymion !*

* "Pale Phœbe, hunting in a grove,
 First saw the boy Endymion, from whose eyes
 She took eternal fire that never dies ;
 How she conveyed him, softly in a sleep,
 His temples bound with poppies, to the steep
 Head of old Latmos, where she stoops each night,
 Gilding the mountain with her brother's light,
 To kiss her sweetest."—FLETCHER—*Cynthia, or the Moon.*

He was a Poet, sure a lover too,
Who stood on Latmos' top, what time there blew
Soft breezes from the myrtle vale below ;
And brought in faintness solemn, sweet, and slow
A hymn from Dian's temple ! while upswelling,
The incense went to her own starry dwelling.
But though her face was clear as infant's eyes,
Though she stood smiling o'er the sacrifice,
The Poet wept at her so piteous fate,
Wept that such beauty should be desolate :
So in fine wrath some golden sounds he won,
And gave meek Cynthia her Endymion.

Queen of the wide air ; thou most lovely queen
Of all the brightness that mine eyes have seen !
As thou exceedest all things in thy shine,
So every tale, does this sweet tale of thine.
O for three words of honey, that I might
Tell but one wonder of thy bridal night !

Where distant ships do seem to show their keels,
Phœbus awhile delayed his mighty wheels,
And turned to smile upon thy bashful eyes,
Ere he his unseen pomp would solemnize.
The evening weather was so bright, and clear,
That men of health were of unusual cheer ;
Stepping like Homer at the trumpet's call,
Or young Apollo on the pedestal ;
And lovely women were as fair and warm.
As Venus looking sideways in alarm.
The breezes were ethereal, and pure,
And crept through half closed lattices to cure
The languid sick ; it cooled their fevered sleep,
And soothed them into slumbers full and deep.
Soon they awoke clear eyed : nor burnt with thirsting,
Nor with hot fingers, nor with temples bursting :

And springing up, they met the wond'ring sight
 Of their dear friends, nigh foolish with delight ;
 Who feel their arms, and breasts, and kiss and stare,
 And on their placid foreheads part the hair.
 Young men and maidens at each other gazed
 With hands held back, and motionless, amazed
 To see the brightness in each other's eyes ;
 And so they stood, filled with a sweet surprise,
 Until their tongues were loosed in poesy.
 Therefore no lover did of anguish die :
 But the soft numbers, in that moment spoken,
 Made silken ties, that never may be broken.
 Cynthia ! I cannot tell the greater blisses,
 That followed thine, and thy dear shepherd's kisses :
 Was there a Poet born ?—but now no more—
 My wand'ring spirit must no further soar.



SPECIMEN OF AN INDUCTION TO A POEM

Lo ! I must tell a tale of chivalry ;
 For large white plumes are dancing in mine eye.
 Not like the formal crest of latter days :
 But bending in a thousand graceful ways ;
 So graceful, that it seems no mortal hand,
 Or e'en the touch of Archimago's wand,
 Could charm them into such an attitude.
 We must think rather, that in playful mood,
 Some mountain breeze had turned its chief delight,
 To show this wonder of its gentle might.
 Lo ! I must tell a tale of chivalry ;
 For while I muse, the lance points slantingly
 Athwart the morning air : some lady sweet,
 Who cannot feel for cold her tender feet,
 From the worn top of some old battlement
 Hails it with tears, her stout defender sent :

EARLY POEMS.

And from her own pure self no joy dissembling,
 Wraps round her ample robe with happy trembling.
 Sometimes, when the good knight his rest would take,
 It is reflected, clearly, in a lake,
 With the young ashen boughs, 'gainst which its rests,
 And th' half seen mossiness of linnets' nests.
 Ah! shall I ever tell its cruelty,
 When the fire flashes from a warrior's eye,
 And his tremendous hand is grasping it,
 And his dark brow for very wrath is knit?
 Or when his spirit, with more calm intent,
 Leaps to the honours of a tournament,
 And makes the gazers round about the ring
 Stare at the grandeur of the balancing?
 No, no! this is far off:—then how shall I
 Revive the dying tones of minstrelsy,
 Which linger yet about lone gothic arches,
 In dark green ivy, and among wild larches?
 How sing the splendour of the revelries,
 When butts of wine are drank off to the lees?
 And that bright lance, against the fretted wall,
 Beneath the shade of stately banneral,
 Is slung with shining cuirass, sword, and shield?
 Where ye may see a spur in bloody field.
 Light-footed damsels move with gentle paces
 Round the wide hall, and show their happy faces:
 Or stand in courtly talk by fives and sevens:
 Like those fair stars that twinkle in the heavens.
 Yet must I tell a tale of chivalry:
 Or wherefore comes that knight so proudly by?
 Wherefore more proudly does the gentle knight,
 Rein in the swelling of his ample might?
 Spenser! thy brows are archèd, open, kind,
 And come like a clear sunrise to my mind;
 And always does my heart with pleasure dance,
 When I think on thy noble countenance:

Where never yet was ought more earthly seen
 Than the pure freshness of thy laurels green.
 Therefore, great bard, I not so fearfully
 Call on thy gentle spirit to hover nigh
 My daring steps : or if thy tender care,
 Thus startled unaware,
 Be jealous that the foot of other wight
 Should madly follow that bright path of light
 Traced by thy loved *Libertas* ; he will speak,
 And tell thee that my prayer is very meek ;
 That I will follow with due reverence,
 And start with awe at mine own strange pretence.
 Him thou wilt hear ; so I will rest in hope
 To see wide plains, fair trees and lawny slope :
 The morn, the eve, the light, the shade, the flowers ;
 Clear streams, smooth lakes, and overlooking towers.

CALIDORE.

A FRAGMENT.

YOUNG Calidore is paddling o'er the lake,
 F's healthful spirit eager and awake
 To feel the beauty of a silent eve,
 Which seemed full loth this happy world to leave.
 The light dwelt o'er the scene so lingeringly.
 He bares his forehead to the cool blue sky,
 And smiles at the far clearness all around,
 Until his heart is well-nigh overwound,
 And turns for calmness to the pleasant green
 Of easy slopes, and shadowy trees that lean
 So elegantly o'er the waters' brim
 And show their blossoms trim.
 Scarce can his clear and nimble eyesight follow
 The freaks and dartings of the black-winged swallow.

EARLY POEMS.

Delighting much, to see it half at rest,
Dip so refreshingly its wings, and breast
'Gainst the smooth surface, and to mark anon,
The widening circles into nothing gone.

And now the sharp keel of his little boat
Comes up with ripple, and with easy float,
And glides into a bed of water-lilies :
Broad leaved are they and their white canopies
Are upward turned to catch the heavens' dew.
Near to a little island's point they grew ;
Whence Calidore might have the goodliest view
Of this sweet spot of earth. The bowery shore
Went off in gentle windings to the hoar
And light blue mountains : but no breathing man
With a warm heart, and eye prepared to scan
Nature's clear beauty, could pass lightly by
Objects that looked out so invitingly
On either side. These, gentle Calidore
Greeted, as he had known them long before.

The sidelong view of swelling leafiness,
Which the glad setting sun in gold doth dress ;
Whence ever and anon the jay outsprings,
And sails upon the beauty of its wings.

The lonely turret, shattered, and outworn,
Stands venerably proud ; too proud to mourn
Its long lost grandeur : fir trees grow around,
Aye dropping their hard fruit upon the ground.

The little chapel with the cross above
Upholding wreaths of ivy ; the white dove,
That on the windows spreads his feathers light,
And seems from purple clouds to wing its flight.
Green tufted islands casting their soft shades
Across the lake ; sequestered leafy glades,

That through the dimness of their twilight show
Large dock leaves, spiral foxgloves, or the glow
Of the wild cat's eyes, or the silvery stems
Of delicate birch trees, or long grass which hems
A little brook. The youth had long been viewing
These pleasant things, and heaven was bedewing
The mountain flowers, when his glad senses caught
A trumpet's silver voice. Ah! it was fraught
With many joys for him: the warder's ken
Had found white coursers prancing in the glen:
Friends very dear to him he soon will see;
So pushes off his boat most eagerly,
And soon upon the lake he skims along,
Deaf to the nightingale's first under-song;
Nor minds he the white swans that dream so sweetly:
His spirit flies before him so completely.
And now he turns a jutting point of land,
Whence may be seen the castle gloomy and grand:
Nor will a bee buzz round two swelling peaches,
Before the point of his light shallop reaches
Those marble steps that through the water dip:
Now over them he goes with hasty trip,
And scarcely stays to ope the folding doors:
Anon he leaps along the oaken floors
Of halls and corridors.

Delicious sounds! those little bright-eyed things
That float about the air on azure wings,
Had been less heartfelt by him than the clang
Of clattering hoofs; into the court he sprang,
Just as two noble steeds, and palfreys twain,
Were slanting out their necks with loosened rein;
While from beneath the threat'ning portcullis
They brought their happy burthens. What a kiss,
What gentle squeeze he gave each lady's hand!
How tremblingly their delicate ankles spanned!

EARLY POEMS.

Into how sweet a trance his soul was gone,
 While whisperings of affection
 Made him delay to let their tender feet
 Come to the earth ; with an incline so sweet
 From their low palfreys o'er his neck they bent :
 And whether there were tears of languishment,
 Or that the evening dew had pearled their tresses,
 He feels a moisture on his cheek, and blesses
 With lips that tremble, and with glistening eye
 All the soft luxury
 That nestled in his arms. A dimpled hand,
 Fair as some wonder out of fairy land,
 Hung from his shoulder like the drooping flowers
 Of whitest Cassia, fresh from summer showers :
 And this he fondled with his happy cheek
 As if for joy he would no further seek ;
 When the kind voice of good Sir Clerimond
 Came to his ear, like something from beyond
 His present being : so he gently drew
 His warm arms, thrilling now with pulses new,
 From their sweet thrall, and forward gently bending,
 Thanked heaven that his joy was never ending ;
 While 'gainst his forehead he devoutly pressed
 A hand heaven made to succour the distressed ;
 A hand that from the world's bleak promontory
 Had lifted Calidore for deeds of glory.

Amid the pages, and the torches' glare,
 There stood a knight, patting the flowing hair
 Of his proud horse's mane : he was withal
 A man of elegance, and stature tall :
 So that the waving of his plumes would be
 High as the berries of a wild ash tree,
 Or as the wingèd cap of Mercury.
 His armour was so dexterously wrought
 In shape, that sure no living man had thought

It hard and heavy steel : but that indeed
It was some glorious form, some splendid weed
In which a spirit new come from the skies
Might live, and show itself to human eyes.
'Tis the far-famed, the brave Sir Gondibert,
Said the good man to Calidore alert ;
While the young warrior with a step of grace
Came up—a courtly smile upon his face,
And mailed hand held out, ready to greet
The large-eyed wonder, and ambitious heat
Of the aspiring boy ; who as he led
Those smiling ladies, often turned his head
To admire the visor arched so gracefully
Over a knightly brow ; while they went by
The lamps that from the high-roofed hall were pendent,
And gave the steel a shining quite transcendent.

Soon in a pleasant chamber they are seated ;
The sweet-lipped ladies have already greeted
All the green leaves that round the window clamber,
To show their purple stars, and bells of amber.
Sir Gondibert has doffed his shining steel,
Gladdening in the free and airy feel
Of a light mantle ; and while Clerimond
Is looking round about him with a fond
And placid eye, young Calidore is burning
To hear of knightly deeds, and gallant spurning
Of all unworthiness ; and how the strong of arm
Kept off dismay, and terror, and alarm
From lovely woman : while brimful of this,
He gave each damsel's hand so warm a kiss,
And had such manly ardour in his eye,
That each at other looked half staringly ;
And then their features started into smiles
Sweet as blue heavens o'er enchanted isles

EARLY POEMS.

Softly the breezes from the forest came,
 Softly they blew aside the taper's flame ;
 Clear was the song from Philomel's far bower ;
 Grateful the incense from the lime-tree flower ;
 Mysterious, wild, the far-heard trumpet's tone ;
 Lovely the moon in ether, all alone :
 Sweet too the converse of these happy mortals,
 As that of busy spirits when the portals
 Are closing in the west ; or that soft humming
 We hear around when Hesperus is coming.
 Sweet be their sleep. * * * * *

 TO SOME LADIES.

WHAT though while the wonders of nature exploring,
 I cannot your light, mazy footsteps attend ;
 Nor listen to accents, that almost adoring,
 Bless Cynthia's face, the enthusiast's friend :

Yet over the steep, whence the mountain stream rushes,
 With you, kindest friends, in idea I rove ;
 Mark the clear tumbling crystal, its passionate gushes,
 Its spray that the wild flower kindly bedews.

Why linger you so, the wild labyrinth strolling ?
 Why breathless, unable your bliss to declare ?
 Ah ! you list to the nightingale's tender condoling,
 Responsive to sylphs, in the moon beamy air.

'Tis morn, and the flowers with dew are yet drooping.
 I see you are treading the verge of the sea :
 And now, ah ! I see it—you just now are stooping
 To pick up the keepsake intended for me.

If a cherub, on pinions of silver descending,
 Had brought me a gem from the fretwork of heaven ;
 And smiles, with his star-cheering voice sweetly blending,
 The blessings of Tighe had melodiously given ;

It had not created a warmer emotion
 Than the present, fair nymphs, I was blest with from you,
 Than the shell, from the bright golden sands of the ocean
 Which the emerald waves at your feet gladly threw.

For, indeed, 'tis a sweet and peculiar pleasure
 (And blissful is he who such happiness finds),
 To possess but a span of the hour of leisure,
 In elegant, pure, and ærial minds.

ON RECEIVING A CURIOUS SHELL, AND A COPY
 OF VERSES, FROM THE SAME LADIES.

HAST thou from the caves of Golconda, a gem
 Pure as the ice-drop that froze on the mountain?
 Bright as the humming-bird's green diadem,
 When it flutters in sunbeams that shine through a fountain?

Hast thou a goblet for dark sparkling wine?
 That goblet right heavy, and massy, and gold?
 And splendidly marked with the story divine
 Of Armida the fair, and Rinaldo the bold?

Hast thou a steed with a mane richly flowing?
 Hast thou a sword that thine enemy's smart is?
 Hast thou a trumpet rich melodies blowing?
 And wear'st thou the shield of the famed Britomartis?

What is it that hangs from thy shoulder, so brave,
 Embroidered with many a spring peering flower?
 Is it a scarf that thy fair lady gave?
 And hastest thou now to that fair lady's bower?

Ah! courteous Sir Knight, with large joy thou art crowned;
 Full many the glories that brighten thy youth!
 I will tell thee my blisses, which richly abound
 In magical powers to bless and to soothe,

On this scroll thou seest written in characters fair
 A sun-beamy tale of a wreath, and a chain ;
 And, warrior, it nurtures the property rare
 Of charming my mind from the trammels of pain.

This canopy mark : 'tis the work of a fay ;
 Beneath its rich shade did King Oberon languish,
 When lovely Titania was far, far away,
 And cruelly left him to sorrow and anguish.

There, oft would he bring from his soft sighing lute
 Wild strains to which, spell-bound, the nightingales listened ;
 The wondering spirits of heaven were mute,
 And tears 'mong the dewdrops of morning oft glistened.

In this little dome, all those melodies strange,
 Soft, plaintive, and melting, for ever will sigh ;
 Nor e'er will the notes from their tenderness change ;
 Nor e'er will the music of Oberon die.

So, when I am in a voluptuous vein,
 I pillow my head on the sweets of the rose,
 And list to the tale of the wreath, and the chain,
 Till its echoes depart ; then I sink to repose.

Adieu, valiant Eric ! with joy thou art crowned ;
 Full many the glories that brighten thy youth,
 I too have my blisses, which richly abound
 In magical powers to bless and to soothe.



TO * * * *.

HADST thou lived in days of old,
 O what wonders had been told
 Of thy lively countenance,
 And thy humid eyes, that dance

In the midst of their own brightness ;
In the very fane of lightness.
Over which thine eyebrows, leaning
Picture out each lovely meaning :
In a dainty bend they lie,
Like to streaks across the sky,
Or the feathers from a crow,
Fallen on a bed of snow.
Of thy dark hair, that extends
Into many graceful bends :
As the leaves of Hellebore
Turn to whence they sprung before
And behind each ample curl
Peeps the richness of a pearl.
Downward too flows many a tress
With a glossy waviness ;
Full, and round like globes that rise
From the censer to the skies
Through sunny air. Add, too, the sweetness
Of thy honeyed voice ; the neatness
Of thine ankle lightly turned :
With those beauties, scarce discerned,
Kept with such sweet privacy,
That they seldom meet the eye
Of the little loves that fly
Round about with eager pry.
Saving when, with freshening lave,
Thou dipp'st them in the taintless wave ;
Like twin water-lilies, born
In the coolness of the morn.
O, if thou hadst breathed then,
Now the Muses had been ten.
Couldst thou wish for lineage higher
Than twin sister of Thalia ?
At least for ever, evermore,
Will I call the Graces four.

Hadst thou lived when chivalry
 Lifted up her lance on high,
 Tell me what thou wouldst have been ?
 Ah ! I see the silver sheen
 Of thy broidered, floating vest
 Covering half thine ivory breast ;
 Which, O heavens ! I should see
 But that cruel destiny
 Has placed a golden cuirass there ;
 Keeping secret what is fair.
 Like sunbeams in a cloudlet nested
 Thy locks in knightly casque are rested :
 O'er which bend four milky plumes
 Like the gentle lily's blooms
 Springing from a costly vase.
 See with what a stately pace
 Comes thine alabaster steed ;
 Servant of heroic deed !
 O'er his loins, his trappings glow
 Like the northern lights on snow.
 Mount his back, thy sword unsheath !
 Sign of the enchanter's death ;
 Bane of every wicked spell ;
 Silencer of dragon's yell.
 Alas ! thou this wilt never do :
 Thou art an enchantress too,
 And wilt surely never spill
 Blood of those whose eyes can kill.

TO HOPE.

WHEN by my solitary hearth I sit,
 And hateful thoughts enwrap my soul in gloom ;
 When no fair dreams before my " mind's eye " flit,
 And the bare heath of life presents no bloom ;

Sweet Hope! ethereal balm upon me shed,
And wave thy silver pinions o'er my head.

Whene'er I wander, at the fall of night,
Where woven boughs shut out the moon's bright ray,
Should sad Despondency my musings fright,
And frown, to drive fair Cheerfulness away,
Peep with the moonbeams through the leafy roof,
And keep that fiend Despondence far aloof.

Should Disappointment, parent of Despair,
Strive for her son to seize my careless heart;
When, like a cloud, he sits upon the air,
Preparing on his spell-bound prey to dart:
Chase him away, sweet Hope, with visage bright,
And fright him as the morning frightens night!

Whene'er the fate of those I hold most dear
Tells to my fearful breast a tale of sorrow,
O bright-eyed Hope, my morbid fancy cheer;
Let me awhile thy sweetest comforts borrow:
Thy heaven-born radiance around me shed,
And wave thy silver pinions o'er my head!

Should e'er unhappy love my bosom pain,
From cruel parents, or relentless fair;
O let me think it is not quite in vain
To sigh our sonnets to the midnight air!
Sweet Hope! ethereal balm upon me shed,
And wave thy silver pinions o'er my head!

In the long vista of the years to roll,
Let me not see our country's honour fade:
O let me see our land retain her soul,
Her pride, her freedom; and not freedom's shade
From thy bright eyes unusual brightness shed—
Beneath thy pinions canopy my head!

Let me not see the patriot's high bequest,
 Great Liberty ! how great in plain attire !
 With the base purple of a court oppressed,
 Bowing her head, and ready to expire :

But let me see thee stoop from heaven on wings
 That fill the skies with silver glitterings !

And as, in sparkling majesty, a star
 Gilds the bright summit of some gloomy cloud ;
 Brightening the half veiled face of heaven afar :
 So, when dark thoughts my boding spirit shroud,
 Sweet Hope, celestial influence round me shed,
 Waving thy silver pinions o'er my head.

February, 1815.

IMITATION OF SPENSER.

* * * *

Now Morning from her orient chamber came
 And her first footsteps touched a verdant hill
 Crowning its lawny crest with amber flame,
 Silv'ring the untainted gushes of its rill ;
 Which, pure from mossy beds, did down distil,
 And after parting beds of simple flowers,
 By many streams a little lake did fill,
 Which round its marge reflected woven bowers,
 And, in its middle space, a sky that never lowers.

There the kingfisher saw his plumage bright
 Vieing with fish of brilliant dye below ;
 Whose silken fins, and golden scales' light
 Cast upward, through the waves, a ruby glow ;
 There saw the swan his neck of arched snow,
 And oared himself along with majesty ;
 Sparkled his jetty eyes ; his feet did show
 Beneath the waves like Afric's ebony,
 And on his back a fay reclined voluptuously.

Ah! could I tell the wonders of an isle
 That in that fairest lake had placèd been,
 I could e'en Dido of her grief beguile ;
 Or rob from agèd Lear his bitter teen :
 For sure so fair a place was never seen,
 Of all that ever charmed romantic eye :
 It seemed an emerald in the silver sheen
 Of the bright waters; or as when on high,
 Through clouds of fleecy white, laughs the cœrulean sky.

And all around it dipped luxuriously
 Slopings of verdure through the glossy tide,
 Which, as it were in gentle amity,
 Rippled delighted up the flowery side ;
 As if to glean the ruddy tears, it tried,
 Which fell profusely from the rose-tree stem !
 Haply it was the workings of its pride,
 In strife to throw upon the shore a gem
 Outvieing all the buds in Flora's diadem.

* * * *



WOMAN ! when I behold thee flippant, vain,
 Inconstant, childish, proud, and full of fancies ;
 Without that modest softening that enhances
 The downcast eye, repentant of the pain
 That its mild light creates to heal again :
 E'en then, elate, my spirit leaps, and prances,
 E'en then my soul with exultation dances
 For that to love, so long, I've dormant lain :
 But when I see thee meek, and kind, and tender,
 Heavens ! how desperately do I adore
 Thy winning graces ;—to be thy defender
 I hotly burn—to be a Calidore—
 A very Red Cross Knight—a stout Leander—
 Might I be loved by thee like these of yore !

EARLY POEMS.

Light feet, dark violet eyes, and parted hair ;
 Soft dimpled hands, white neck, and creamy breast,
 Are things on which the dazzled senses rest
 Till the fond, fixèd eyes forget they stare.
 From such fine pictures, heavens ! I cannot dare
 To turn my admiration, though unpossessed
 They be of what is worthy—though not drest
 In lovely modesty, and virtues rare.
 Yet these I leave as thoughtless as a lark ;
 These lures I straight forget—e'en ere I dine,
 Or thrice my palate moisten : but when I mark
 Such charms with mild intelligences shine,
 My ear is open like a greedy shark,
 To catch the tunings of a voice divine.

Ah ! who can e'er forget so fair a being ?
 Who can forget her half retiring sweets ?
 God ! she is like a milk-white lamb that bleats
 For man's protection. Surely the All-seeing,
 Who joys to see us with his gifts agreeing,
 Will never give him pinions, who entreats
 Such innocence to ruin—who vilely cheats
 A dove-like bosom. In truth there is no freeing
 One's thoughts from such a beauty ; when I hear
 A lay that once I saw her hand awake,
 Her form seems floating palpable, and near ;
 Had I e'er seen her from an arbour take
 A dewy flower, oft would that hand appear,
 And o'er my eyes the trembling moisture shake.

Epistles.

TO GEORGE FELTON MATHEW.

“ Among the rest a shepherd (though but young
Yet hartned to his pipe) with all the skill
His few yeeres could, began to fit his quill.”

BROWNE—*Britannia's Pastorals.*

SWEET are the pleasures that to verse belong,
And doubly sweet a brotherhood in song ;
Nor can remembrance, Mathew ! bring to view
A fate more pleasing, a delight more true
Than that in which the brother Poets joyed,
Who with combinèd powers, their wit employed
To raise a trophy to the drama's muses.
The thought of this great partnership diffuses
Over the genius loving heart, a feeling
Of all that's high, and great, and good, and healing.

Too partial friend ! fain would I follow thee
Past each horizon of fine poesy ;
Fain would I echo back each pleasant note
As o'er Sicilian seas, clear anthems float
'Mong the light skimming gondolas far parted,
Just when the sun his farewell beam has darted :
But 'tis impossible ; far different cares
Beckon me sternly from soft “ Lydian airs,”
And hold my faculties so long in thrall,
That I am oft in doubt whether at all
I shall again see Phœbus in the morning :
Or flushed Aurora in the roseate dawning !

Or a white Naiad in a rippling stream ;
 Or a rapt seraph in a moonlight beam ;
 Or again witness what with thee I've seen,
 The dew by fairy feet swept from the green,
 After a night of some quaint jubilee
 Which every elf and fay had come to see :
 When bright processions took their airy march
 Beneath the curvèd moon's triumphal arch.

But might I now each passing moment give
 To the coy muse, with me she would not live
 In this dark city, nor would condescend
 'Mid contradictions her delights to lend.
 Should e'er the fine-eyed maid to me be kind,
 Ah! surely it must be whene'er I find
 Some flowery spot, sequestered, wild, romantic,
 That often must have seen a poet frantic ;
 Where oaks, that erst the Druid knew, are growing ;
 And flowers, the glory of one day, are blowing ;
 Where the dark-leaved laburnum's drooping clusters
 Reflect athwart the stream their yellow lustres,
 And intertwined the cassia's arms unite
 With its own drooping buds, but very white.
 Where on one side are covert branches hung,
 'Mong which the nightingales have always sung
 In leafy quiet : where to pry, aloof,
 Atween the pillars of the sylvan roof,
 Would be to find where violet beds were nestling,
 And where the bee with cowslip bells was wrestling.
 There must be too a ruin dark, and gloomy,
 To say " joy not too much in all that's bloomy."

Yet this is vain—O Mathew lend thy aid
 To find a place where I may greet the maid—
 Where we may soft humanity put on,
 And sit, and rhyme, and think on Chatterton ;

And that warm-hearted Shakspeare sent to meet him
 Four laurelled spirits, heaven-ward to entreat him.
 With reverence would we speak of all the sages
 Who have left streaks of light athwart their ages :
 And thou shouldst moralize on Milton's blindness
 And mourn the fearful dearth of human kindness
 To those who strove with the bright golden wing
 Of genius, to flap away each sting
 Thrown by the pitiless world. We next could tell
 Of those who in the cause of freedom fell ;
 Of our own Alfred, of Helvetian Tell ;
 Of him whose name to ev'ry heart's a solace,
 High-minded and unbending William Wallace.
 While to the rugged north our musing turns
 We well might drop a tear for him, and Burns.

Felton ! without incitements such as these,
 How vain for me the niggard Muse to tease :
 For thee, she will thy every dwelling grace,
 And make " a sunshine in a shady place :"
 For thou wast once a flowret blooming wild,
 Close to the source, bright, pure, and undefiled,
 Whence gush the streams of song : in happy hour
 Came chaste Diana from her shady bower,
 Just as the sun was from the east uprising ;
 And, as for him some gift she was devising,
 Beheld thee, plucked thee, cast thee in the stream
 To meet her glorious brother's greeting beam.
 I marvel much that thou hast never told
 How, from a flower, into a fish of gold
 Apollo changed thee ; how thou next didst seem
 A black-eyed swan upon the widening stream ;
 And when thou first didst in that mirror trace
 The placid features of a human face :
 That thou hast never told thy travels strange,
 And all the wonders of the mazy range

O'er pebbly crystal, and o'er golden sands ;
 Kissing thy daily food from Naiad's pearly hands.

November, 1815.

TO MY BROTHER GEORGE.

FULL many a dreary hour have I past,
 My brain bewildered, and my mind o'ercast
 With heaviness ; in seasons when I've thought
 No sphery strains by me could e'er be caught
 From the blue dome, though I to dimness gaze
 On the far depth where sheeted lightning plays ;
 Or, on the wavy grass outstretched supinely,
 Pry 'mong the stars, to strive to think divinely :
 That I should never hear Apollo's song,
 Though feathery clouds were floating all along
 The purple west, and, two bright streaks between,
 The golden lyre itself were dimly seen :
 That the still murmur of the honey bee
 Would never teach a rural song to me :
 That the bright glance from beauty's eyelids slanting
 Would never make a lay of mine enchanting,
 Or warm my breast with ardour to unfold
 Some tale of love and arms in time of old.

But there are times, when those that love the bay,
 Fly from all sorrowing far, far away ;
 A sudden glow comes on them, nought they see
 In water, earth, or air, but poesy.
 It has been said, dear George, and true I hold it
 (For knightly Spenser to Libertas told it),
 That when a Poet is in such a trance,
 In air he sees white coursers paw and prance,
 Bestriden of gay knights, in gay apparel,
 Who at each other tilt in playful quarrel,

And what we, ignorantly, sheet-lightning call,
Is the swift opening of their wide portal,
When the bright warder blows his trumpet clear,
Whose tones reach nought on earth but Poet's ear.
When these enchanted portals open wide,
And through the light the horsemen swiftly glide,
The Poet's eye can reach those golden halls,
And view the glory of their festivals :
Their ladies fair, that in the distance seem
Fit for the silv'ring of a seraph's dream ;
Their rich brimmed goblets, that incessant run
Like the bright spots that move about the sun !
And, when upheld, the wine from each bright jar
Pours with the lustre of a falling star.
Yet further off, are dimly seen their bowers,
Of which, no mortal eye can reach the flowers ;
And 'tis right just, for well Apollo knows
'Twould make the Poet quarrel with the rose.
All that's revealed from that far seat of blisses,
Is, the clear fountains' interchanging kisses,
As gracefully descending, light and thin,
Like silver streaks across a dolphin's fin,
When he upswimmeth from the coral caves,
And sports with half his tail above the waves.

These wonders strange he sees, and many more,
Whose head is pregnant with poetic lore.
Should he upon an evening ramble fare
With forehead to the soothing breezes bare,
Would he naught see but the dark, silent blue
With all its diamonds trembling through and through ?
Or the coy moon, when in the waviness
Of whitest clouds she does her beauty dress,
And staidly paces higher up, and higher,
Like a sweet nun in holy-day attire ?

Ah, yes ! much more would start into his sight—
 The revelries and mysteries of night :
 And should I ever see them, I will tell you
 Such tales as needs must with amazement spell you.

These are the living pleasures of the bard :
 But richer far posterity's award.
 What does he murmur with his latest breath,
 While his proud eye looks through the film of death ?
 " What though I leave this dull and earthly mould,
 Yet shall my spirit lofty converse hold
 With after times.—The patriot shall feel
 My stern alarum, and unsheath his steel ;
 Or, in the senate thunder out my numbers
 To startle princes from their easy slumbers.
 The sage will mingle with each moral theme
 My happy thoughts sententious ; he will teem
 With lofty periods when my verses fire him,
 And then I'll stoop from heaven to inspire him.
 Lays have I left of such a dear delight
 That maids will sing them on their bridal night.
 Gay villagers, upon a morn of May,
 When they have tired their gentle limbs with play,
 And formed a snowy circle on the grass,
 And placed in midst of all that lovely lass
 Who chosen is their queen,—with her fine head
 Crownèd with flowers purple, white, and red :
 For there the lily, and the musk-rose, sighing,
 Are emblems true of hapless lovers dying :
 Between her breasts, that never yet felt trouble,
 A bunch of violets full blown, and double,
 Serenely sleep :—she from a casket takes
 A little book,—and then a joy awakes
 About each youthful heart,—with stifled cries,
 And rubbing of white hands, and sparkling eyes :

For she's to read a tale of hopes and fears ;
One that I fostered in my youthful years :
The pearls, that on each glist'ning circlet sleep,
Gush ever and anon with silent creep,
Lured by the innocent dimples. To sweet rest
Shall the dear babe, upon its mother's breast,
Be lulled with songs of mine. Fair world, adieu !
Thy dales, and hills, are fading from my view :
Swiftly I mount, upon wide spreading pinions,
Far from the narrow bounds of thy dominions.
Full joy I feel, while thus I cleave the air,
That my soft verse will charm thy daughters fair,
And warm thy sons !" Ah, my dear friend and brother,
Could I, at once, my mad ambition smother
For tasting joys like these, sure I should be
Happier, and dearer to society.
At times, 'tis true, I've felt relief from pain
When some bright thought has darted through my brain :
Through all that day I've felt a greater pleasure
Than if I'd brought to light a hidden treasure.
As to my sonnets, though none else should heed them,
I feel delighted, still, that you should read them
Of late, too, I have had much calm enjoyment,
Stretched on the grass at my best loved employment
Of scribbling lines for you. These things I thought
While, in my face, the freshest breeze I caught.
E'en now I'm pillowed on a bed of flowers
That crowns a lofty cliff, which proudly towers
Above the ocean-waves. The stalks, and blades,
Chequer my tablet with their quivering shades.
On one side is a field of drooping oats,
Through which the poppies show their scarlet coats ;
So pert and useless, that they bring to mind
The scarlet coats that pester human-kind.
And on the other side, outspread, is seen
Ocean's blue mantle streaked with purple, and green.

Now 'tis I see a canvassed ship, and now
 Mark the bright silver curling round her prow.
 I see the lark down-dropping to his nest,
 And the broad winged seagull never at rest ;
 For when no more he spreads his feathers free,
 His breast is dancing on the restless sea,
 Now I direct my eyes into the west,
 Which at this moment is in sunbeams drest !
 Why westward turn ? 'Twas but to say adieu !
 'Twas but to kiss my hand, dear George, to you !

August, 1816.



TO CHARLES COWDEN CLARKE.*

ORT have you seen a swan superbly frowning,
 And with proud breast his own white shadow crowning ;
 He slants his neck beneath the waters bright
 So silently, it seems a beam of light
 Come from the galaxy : anon he sports—
 With outspread wings the Naiad Zephyr courts,
 Or ruffles all the surface of the lake
 In striving from its crystal face to take
 Some diamond water drops, and them to treasure
 In milky nest, and sip them off at leisure.
 But not a moment can he there insure them,
 Nor to such downy rest can he allure them :
 For down they rush as though they would be free,
 And drop like hours into eternity.
 Just like that bird am I in loss of time,
 Whene'er I venture on the stream of rhyme ;
 With shattered boat, oar snapt, and canvas rent,
 I slowly sail, scarce knowing my intent ;

* Celebrated for his Shakspearian studies and for his excellent edition (in conjunction with Mary Cowden Clarke) of the plays.

Still scooping up the water with my fingers,
In which a trembling diamond never lingers.

By this, friend Charles, you may full plainly see
Why I have never penned a line to thee :
Because my thoughts were never free and'clear,
And little fit to please a classic ear ;
Because my wine was of too poor a savour
For one whose palate gladdens in the flavour
Of sparkling Helicon :—small good it were
To take him to a desert rude, and bare,
Who had on Baiæ's shore reclined at ease,
While Tasso's page was floating in a breeze
That gave soft music from Armida's bowers,
Mingled with fragrance from her rarest flowers :
Small good to one who had by Mulla's stream
Fondled the maidens with the breasts of cream ;
Who had beheld Belphœbe in a brook,
And lovely Una in a leafy nook,
And Archimago leaning o'er his book :*
Who had of all that's sweet tasted, and seen,
From silv'ry ripple, up to beauty's queen ;
From the sequestered haunts of gay Titania
To the blue dwelling of divine Urania :
One, who, of late, had ta'en sweet forest walks
With him who elegantly chats, and talks—
The wronged Libertas—who has told you stories
Of laurel chaplets, and Apollo's glories ;
Of troops chivalrous prancing through a city,
And tearful ladies made for love and pity :
With many else which I have never known.
Thus have I thought ; and days on days have flown
Slowly, or rapidly—unwilling still
For you to try my dull, unlearned quill.

* See Spenser's "Fairy Queen."

Nor should I now, but that I've known you long ;
 That you first taught me all the sweets of song :
 The grand, the sweet, the terse, the free, the fine ;
 What swelled with pathos, and what right divine :
 Spenserian vowels that elope with ease,
 And float along like birds o'er summer seas ;
 Miltonian storms, and more, Miltonian tenderness ;
 Michael in arms, and more, meek Eve's fair slenderness.
 Who read for me the sonnet swelling loudly
 Up to its climax and then dying proudly ?
 Who found for me the grandeur of the ode,
 Growing, like Atlas, stronger from its load ?
 Who let me taste that more than cordial dram,
 The sharp, the rapier-pointed epigram ?
 Showed me that epic was of all the king,
 Round, vast, and spanning all like Saturn's ring ?
 You too upheld the veil from Clio's beauty,
 And pointed out the patriot's stern duty ;
 The might of Alfred, and the shaft of Tell ;
 The hand of Brutus, that so grandly fell
 Upon a tyrant's head. Ah ! had I never seen,
 Or known your kindness, what might I have been ?
 What my enjoyments in my youthful years,
 Bereft of all that now my life endears ?
 And can I e'er these benefits forget ?
 And can I e'er repay the friendly debt ?
 No, doubly no ;—yet should these rhymings please,
 I shall roll on the grass with twofold ease :
 For I have long time been my fancy feeding
 With hopes that you would one day think the reading
 Of my rough verses not an hour misspent ;
 Should it e'er be so, what a rich content !
 Some weeks have passed since last I saw the spires
 In lucent Thames reflected :—warm desires
 To see the sun o'erpeep the eastern dimness,
 And morning shadows streaking into slimness

Across the lawny fields and pebbly water ;
To mark the time as they grow broad, and shorter ;
To feel the air that plays about the hills,
And sips its freshness from the little rills ;
To see high, golden corn wave in the light
When Cynthia smiles upon a summer's night,
And peers among the cloudlet's jet and white,
As though she were reclining in a bed
Of bean blossoms, in heaven freshly shed.
No sooner had I stepped into these pleasures
Than I began to think of rhymes and measures :
The air that floated by me seemed to say
" Write ! thou wilt never have a better day."
And so I did. When many lines I'd written,
Though with their grace I was not oversmitten,
Yet, as my hand was warm, I thought I'd better
Trust to my feelings, and write you a letter.
Such an attempt required an inspiration
Of a peculiar sort—a consummation ;
Which, had I felt, these scribblings might have been
Verses from which the soul would never wean :
But many days have passed since last my heart
Was warmed luxuriously by divine Mozart ;
By Arne delighted, or by Handel maddened ;
Or by the song of Erin pierced and saddened :
What time you were before the music sitting,
And the rich notes to each sensation fitting.
Since I have walked with you through shady lanes
That freshly terminate in open plains,
And revelled in a chat that ceased not
When at nightfall among your books we got :
No, nor when supper came, nor after that—
Nor when reluctantly I took my hat ;
No, nor till cordially you shook my hand
Midway between our homes :—your accents bland
Still sounded in my ears, when I no more

Could hear your footsteps touch the grav'ly floor.
Sometimes I lost them, and then found again;
You changed the footpath for the grassy plain.
In those still moments I have wished you joys
That well you know to honour:—"Life's very toys
With him," said I, "will take a pleasant charm;
It cannot be that ought will work him harm."
These thoughts now come o'er me with all their might:
Again I shake your hand—friend Charles, good night.

September, 1816.

Early Sonnets.

I.

TO MY BROTHER GEORGE.

MANY the wonders I this day have seen :
The sun, when first he kist away the tears
That filled the eyes of morn ; the laurell'd peers
Who from the feathery gold of evening lean ;
The ocean with its vastness, its blue green,
Its ships, its rocks, its caves, its hopes, its fears—
Its voice mysterious, which whoso hears
Must think on what will be, and what has been.
E'en now, dear George, while this for you I write.
Cynthia is from her silken curtains peeping
So scanty, that it seems her bridal night,
And she her half-discovered revels keeping.
But what, without the social thought of thee,
Would be the wonders of the sky and sea ?

II.

TO * * * * *

HAD I a man's fair form, then might my sighs
Be echoed swiftly through that ivory shell
Thine ear, and find thy gentle heart ; so well
Would passion arm me for the enterprise :

But ah! I am no knight whose foeman dies ;
 No cuirass glistens on my bosom's swell ;
 I am no happy shepherd of the dell
 Whose lips have trembled with a maiden's eyes.
 Yet must I dote upon thee—call thee sweet,
 Sweeter by far than Hybla's honeyed roses
 When steeped in dew rich to intoxication.
 Ah! I will taste that dew, for me 'tis meet,
 And when the moon her pallid face discloses,
 I'll gather some by spells and incantation.

 III.

 WRITTEN ON THE DAY THAT MR. LEIGH HUNT
 LEFT PRISON.*

WHAT though, for showing truth to flattered state,
 Kind Hunt was shut in prison, yet has he,
 In his immortal spirit, been as free
 As the sky-searching lark, and as elate.
 Minion of grandeur! think you he did wait?
 Think you he naught but prison walls did see
 Till, so unwilling, thou unturn'dst the key?
 Ah, no! far happier, nobler was his fate!
 In Spenser's halls he strayed, and bowers fair,
 Culling enchanted flowers; and he flew
 With daring Milton through the fields of air:
 To regions of his own his genius true
 Took happy flights. Who shall his fame impair
 When thou art dead, and all thy wretched crew?

* Leigh Hunt, born 1784, was editor of the *Indicator*, and author of "Rimini" and other poems. He died 1859. He had been imprisoned on a charge of libel against the Prince Regent, whom he had called in his paper, the *Examiner*, "an Adonis of fifty."

IV.

How many bards gild the lapses of time !
 A few of them have ever been the food
 Of my delighted fancy—I could brood
 Over their beauties, earthly or sublime :
 And often, when I sit me down to rhyme,
 These will in throngs before my mind intrude :
 But no confusion, no disturbance rude
 Do they occasion ; 'tis a pleasing chime.
 So the unnumbered sounds that evening store ;
 The songs of birds—the whisp'ring of the leaves—
 The voice of waters—the great bell that heaves
 With solemn sound—and thousand others more,
 That distance of recognizance bereaves,
 Make pleasing music, and not wild uproar.

V.

TO A FRIEND WHO SENT ME SOME ROSES.

As late I rambled in the happy fields,
 What time the skylark shakes the tremulous dew
 From his lush clover covert ;—when anew
 Adventurous knights take up their dinted shields :
 I saw the sweetest flower wild nature yields,
 A fresh-blown musk-rose ; 'twas the first that threw
 Its sweets upon the summer : graceful it grew
 As is the wand that queen Titania wields.
 And, as I feasted on its fragrancy,
 I thought the garden-rose it far excelled :
 But when, O Wells ! thy roses came to me
 My sense with their deliciousness was spelled :
 Soft voices had they, that with tender plea
 Whisp'ered of peace, and truth, and friendliness unquelled.

VI.

TO G. A. W.

NYMPH of the downward smile, and sidelong glance
 In what diviner moments of the day
 Art thou most lovely? When gone far astray
 Into the labyrinths of sweet utterance?
 Or when serenely wand'ring in a trance
 Of sober thought? Or when starting away,
 With careless robe, to meet the morning ray,
 Thou spar'st the flowers in thy mazy dance?
 Haply 'tis when thy ruby lips part sweetly,
 And so remain, because thou listenest:
 But thou to please wert nurtured so completely
 That I can never tell what mood is best.
 I shall as soon pronounce which Grace more neatly
 Trips it before Apollo than the rest.



VII.

O SOLITUDE! if I must with thee dwell,
 Let it not be among the jumbled heap
 Of murky buildings; climb with me the steep,—
 Nature's observatory—whence the dell,
 Its flowery slopes, its river's crystal swell,
 May seem a span; let me thy vigils keep
 'Mongst boughs pavilioned, where the deer's swift leap
 Startles the wild bee from the foxglove bell.
 But though I'll gladly trace these scenes with thee,
 Yet the sweet converse of an innocent mind,
 Whose words are images of thoughts refined,
 Is my soul's pleasure; and it sure must be
 Almost the highest bliss of human kind,
 When to thy haunts two kindred spirits flee.

VIII.

TO MY BROTHERS.

SMALL busy flames play through the fresh laid coals,
And their faint cracklings o'er our silence creep
Like whispers of the household gods that keep
A gentle empire o'er fraternal souls.
And while, for rhymes, I search around the poles,
Your eyes are fixed, as in poetic sleep,
Upon the lore so voluble and deep,
That aye at fall of night our care condoles.
This is your birthday, Tom, and I rejoice
That thus it passes smoothly, quietly.
Many such eves of gently whisp'ring noise
May we together pass, and calmly try
What are this world's true joys,—ere the great voice,
From its fair face, shall bid our spirits fly

November 18, 1816.

IX.

KEEN, fitful gusts are whisp'ring here and there
Among the bushes half leafless and dry ;
The stars look very cold about the sky,
And I have many miles on foot to fare.
Yet feel I little of the cool bleak air,
Or of the dead leaves rustling drearily,
Or of those silver lamps that burn on high,
Or of the distance from home's pleasant lair ;
For I am brimful of the friendliness
That in a little cottage I have found ;
Of fair-haired Milton's eloquent distress,
And all his love for gentle Lycid drowned ;
Of lovely Laura in her light green dress,
And faithful Petrarch gloriously crowned.

X.

To one who has been long in city pent,
 'Tis very sweet to look into the fair
 And open face of heaven,—to breathe a prayer
 Full in the smile of the blue firmament.
 Who is more happy, when, with hearts content,
 Fatigued he sinks into some pleasant lair
 Of wavy grass, and reads a debonair
 And gentle tale of love and languishment?
 Returning home at evening, with an ear
 Catching the notes of Philomel,—an eye
 Watching the sailing cloudlet's bright career,
 He mourns that day so soon has glided by:
 E'en like the passage of an angel's tear
 That falls through the clear ether silently.

 XI.

ON FIRST LOOKING INTO CHAPMAN'S HOMER.

MUCH have I travelled in the realms of gold,
 And many goodly states and kingdoms seen;
 Round many western islands have I been
 Which bards in fealty to Apollo hold.
 Oft of one wide expanse had I been told
 That deep-browed Homer ruled as his demesne;
 Yet did I never breathe its pure serene
 Till I heard Chapman speak out loud and bold:
 Then felt I like some watcher of the skies
 When a new planet swims into his ken;
 Or like stout Cortez when with eagle eyes
 He stared at the Pacific—and all his men
 Looked at each other with a wild surmise—
 Silent, upon a peak in Darien.

XII.

ON LEAVING SOME FRIENDS AT AN EARLY HOUR.

GIVE me a golden pen, and let me lean
 On heaped-up flowers, in regions clear, and far ;
 Bring me a tablet whiter than a star,
 Or hand of hymning angel, when 'tis seen
 The silver strings of heavenly harp atween :
 And let there glide by many a pearly car,
 Pink robes, and wavy hair, and diamond jar,
 And half-discovered wings, and glances keen.
 The while let music wander round my ears,
 And as it reaches each delicious ending,
 Let me write down a line of glorious tone,
 And full of many wonders of the spheres :
 For what a height my spirit is contending !
 'Tis not content so soon to be alone.

XIII.

ADDRESSED TO HAYDON.*

HIGH-MINDEDNESS, a jealousy for good,
 A loving-kindness for the great man's fame,
 Dwells here and there with people of no name,
 In noisome alley, and in pathless wood :
 And where we think the truth least understood,
 Oft may be found a "singleness of aim,"
 That ought to frighten into hooded shame
 A money mong'ring, pitiable brood.

* B. R. Haydon, the celebrated historical painter, born 1786, died 1846.

How glorious this affection for the cause
 Of steadfast genius, toiling gallantly !
 What when a stout unbending champion awes
 Envy and Malice to their native sty ?
 Unnumbered souls breathe out a still applause,
 Proud to behold him in his country's eye.



XIV.

ADDRESSED TO THE SAME.

GREAT spirits now on earth are sojourning ;
 He of the cloud, the cataract, the lake,
 Who on Helvellyn's summit, wide awake,
 Catches his freshness from Archangel's wing :
 He of the rose, the violet, the spring,
 The social smile, the chain for Freedom's sake :
 And lo !—whose steadfastness would never take
 A meaner sound than Raphael's whispering.
 And other spirits there are standing apart
 Upon the forehead of the age to come ;
 These, these will give the world another heart,
 And other pulses. Hear ye not the hum
 Of mighty workings ?——
 Listen awhile, ye nations, and be dumb.



XV.

ON THE GRASSHOPPER AND CRICKET.

THE poetry of earth is never dead :
 When all the birds are faint with the hot sun,
 And hide in cooling trees, a voice will run
 From hedge to hedge about the new-mown mead ;

That is the Grasshopper's—he takes the lead
 In summer luxury,—he has never done
 With his delights ; for when tired out with fun
 He rests at ease beneath some pleasant weed.
 The poetry of earth is ceasing never :
 On a lone winter evening, when the frost
 Has wrought a silence, from the stove there shrills
 The Cricket's song, in warmth increasing ever,
 And seems to one in drowsiness half lost,
 The Grasshopper's among some grassy hills.

December 30, 1816.

XVI.

TO KOSCIUSKO.*

Good Kosciusko, thy great name alone
 Is a full harvest whence to reap high feeling ;
 It comes upon us like the glorious pealing
 Of the wide spheres—an everlasting tone.
 And now it tells me, that in worlds unknown,
 The name of heroes, burst from clouds concealing,
 And changed to harmonies, for ever stealing
 Through cloudless blue, and round each silver throne.
 It tells me too, that on a happy day,
 When some good spirit walks upon the earth,
 Thy name with Alfred's, and the great of yore
 Gently commingling, gives tremendous birth
 To a loud hymn, that sounds far, far away
 To where the great God lives for evermore.

* The illustrious Polish patriot and general. He was born 1750, and headed the Poles in their efforts to free themselves from Russia in 1794. After heroic efforts and a temporary success, (having defended Warsaw for two months against the united forces of Prussia and Russia ;) he was wounded and taken prisoner. At the end of two years' imprisonment he was released by the Emperor Paul, who offered him his sword ; but Kosciusko refused it, saying, "He had no need of a sword since he had no longer a country." Kosciusko died in exile in Switzerland, 1817.

XVII.

HAPPY is England ! I could be content
 To see no other verdure than its own ;
 To feel no other breezes than are blown
 Through its tall woods with high romances blent ;
 Yet do I sometimes feel a languishment
 For skies Italian, and an inward groan
 To sit upon an Alp as on a throne,
 And half forget what world or worldling meant.
 Happy is England, sweet her artless daughters ;
 Enough their simple loveliness for me,
 Enough their whitest arms in silence clinging :
 Yet do I often warmly burn to see
 Beauties of deeper glance, and hear their singing,
 And float with them about the summer waters.



XVIII.

ON THE ELGIN MARBLES.

My spirit is too weak ; mortality
 Weighs heavily on me like unwilling sleep,
 And each imagined pinnacle and steep
 Of godlike hardship tells me I must die
 Like a sick eagle looking at the sky.
 Yet 'tis a gentle luxury to weep,
 That I have not the cloudy winds to keep
 Fresh for the opening of the morning's eye.
 Such dim-conceived glories of the brain,
 Bring round the heart an indescribable feud ;
 So do these wonders a most dizzy pain,
 That mingles Grecian grandeur with the rude
 Wasting of old Time—with a billowy main
 A sun, a shadow of a magnitude,

XIX.

INCLOSING THE PRECEDING SONNET.

HAYDON ! forgive me that I cannot speak
 Definitively of these mighty things ;
 Forgive me, that I have not eagle's wings,
 That what I want I know not where to seek.
 And think that I would not be over-meeek,
 In rolling out upfollowed thunderings,
 Even to the steep of Heliconian springs,
 Were I of ample strength for such a freak.
 Think, too, that all these numbers should be thine ;
 Whose else ? In this who touch thy vesture's hem ?
 For, when men stared at what was most divine
 With brainless idiotism and o'erwise phlegm,
 Thou hadst beheld the full Hesperian shine
 Of their star in the east, and gone to worship them !

XX.

A DREAM,

AFTER READING DANTE'S EPISODE OF PAULO AND FRANCESCA.

As Hermes once took to his feathers light,
 When lulled Argus, baffled, swooned and slept ;
 So on a Delphic reed my idle sprite
 So played, so charmed, so conquered, so bereft
 The dragon world of all its hundred eyes ;
 And seeing it asleep, so fled away—
 Not unto Ida, with its snow-cold skies ;
 Nor unto Tempe, where Jove grieved a day—
 But to that second circle of sad hell,
 Where, 'mid the gust, the whirlwind, and the flow
 Of rain and hailstones, lovers need not tell
 Their sorrows. Pale were the sweet lips I saw ;
 Pale were the lips I kissed, and fair the form
 I floated with about that melancholy storm,

Sleep and Poetry.

“As I lay in my bed slepe full unmete
Was unto me, but why that I ne might
Rest I ne wist, for there n’as erthly wight
[As I suppose] had more of hertis ese
Than I, for I n’ad sicknesse nor disese.”—CHAUCER

WHAT is more gentle than a wind in summer?
What is more soothing than the pretty hummer
That stays one moment in an open flower,
And buzzes cheerily from bower to bower?
What is more tranquil than a musk-rose blowing
In a green island, far from all men’s knowing?
More healthful than the leafiness of dales?
More secret than a nest of nightingales?
More serene than Cordelia’s countenance?
More full of visions than a high romance?
What, but thee, Sleep? Soft closer of our eyes!
Low murmurer of tender lullabies!
Light hoverer around our happy pillows!
Wreather of poppy buds, and weeping willows!
Silent entangler of a beauty’s tresses!
Most happy listener! when the morning blesses
Thee for enlivening all the cheerful eyes
That glance so brightly at the new sunrise.

But what is higher beyond thought than thee?
Fresher than berries of a mountain tree?
More strange, more beautiful, more smooth, more regal,
Than wings of swans, than doves, than dim-seen eagle?

What is it? And to what shall I compare it?
 It has a glory, and naught else can share it :
 The thought thereof is awful, sweet, and holy,
 Chasing away all worldliness and folly ;
 Coming sometimes like fearful claps of thunder,
 Or the low rumblings earth's regions under ;
 And sometimes like a gentle whispering
 Of all the secrets of some wondrous thing
 That breathes about us in the vacant air ;
 So that we look around with prying stare,
 Perhaps to see shapes of light, ærial limning,
 And catch soft floatings from a faint-heard hymning ;
 To see the laurel wreath, on high suspended,
 That is to crown our name when life is ended.
 Sometimes it gives a glory to the voice,
 And from the heart up-springs, rejoice ! rejoice !
 Sounds which will reach the Framer of all things,
 And die away in ardent mutterings.

No one who once the glorious sun has seen,
 And all the clouds, and felt his bosom clean
 For his great Maker's presence, but must know
 What 'tis I mean, and feel his being glow :
 Therefore no insult will I give his spirit,
 By telling what he sees from native merit.

O Poesy ! for thee I hold my pen
 That am not yet a glorious denizen
 Of thy wide heaven—Should I rather kneel
 Upon some mountain-top until I feel
 A glowing splendour round about me hung,
 And echo back the voice of thine own tongue ?
 O Poesy ! for thee I grasp my pen
 That am not yet a glorious denizen
 Of thy wide heaven ; yet, to my ardent prayer,
 Yield from thy sanctuary some clear air,

SLEEP AND POETRY.

Smoothed for intoxication by the breath
 Of flowering bays, that I may die a death
 Of luxury, and my young spirit follow
 The morning sunbeams to the great Apollo,
 Like a fresh sacrifice ; or if I can bear
 The o'erwhelming sweets, 'twill bring to me the fair
 Visions of all places : a bowery nook
 Will be elysium—an eternal book
 Whence I may copy many a lovely saying
 About the leaves, and flowers—about the playing
 Of nymphs in woods, and fountains ; and the shade
 Keeping a silence round a sleeping maid ;
 And many a verse from so strange influence
 That we must ever wonder how and whence
 It came. Also imaginings will hover
 Round my fireside, and haply there discover
 Vistas of solemn beauty, where I'd wander
 In happy silence, like the clear meander
 Through its lone vales ; and where I found a spot
 Of awfuller shade, or an enchanted grot,
 Or a green hill o'erspread with chequered dress
 Of flowers, and fearful from its loveliness,
 Write on my tablets all that was permitted,
 All that was for our human senses fitted.
 Then the events of this wide world I'd seize
 Like a strong giant, and my spirit tease
 Till at its shoulders it should proudly see
 Wings to find out an immortality.

Stop and consider ! life is but a day ;
 A fragile dewdrop on its perilous way
 From a tree's summit ; a poor Indian's sleep
 While his boat hastens to the monstrous steep
 Of Montmorenci. Why so sad a moan ?
 Life is the rose's hope while yet unblown ;

The reading of an ever-changing tale ;
The light uplifting of a maiden's veil ;
A pigeon tumbling in clear summer air ;
A laughing schoolboy, without grief or care,
Riding the springy branches of an elm.

O for ten years, that I may overwhelm
Myself in poesy ; so I may do the deed
That my own soul has to itself decreed.
Then will I pass the countries that I see
In long perspective, and continually
Taste their pure fountains. First the realm I'll pass
Of Flora, and old Pan : sleep in the grass,
Feed upon apples red, and strawberries,
And choose each pleasure that my fancy sees ;
Catch the white-handed nymphs in shady places,
To woo sweet kisses from averted faces—
Play with their fingers, touch their shoulders white
Into a pretty shrinking with a bite
As hard as lips can make it : till agreed,
A lovely tale of human life we'll read.
And one will teach a tame dove how it best
May fan the cool air gently o'er my rest ;
Another, bending o'er her nimble tread,
Will set a green robe floating round her head,
And still will dance with ever varied ease,
Smiling upon the flowers and the trees :
Another will entice me on, and on
Through almond blossoms and rich cinnamon ;
Till in the bosom of a leafy world
We rest in silence, like two gems upcurled
In the recesses of a pearly shell.

And can I ever bid these joys farewell ?
Yes, I must pass them for a nobler life,
Where I may find the agonies, the strife

SLEEP AND POETRY.

Of human hearts : for lo ! I see afar,
 O'er sailing the blue cragginess, a car
 And steeds with streamy manes—the charioteer
 Looks out upon the winds with glorious fear :
 And now the numerous tramlings quiver lightly
 Along a huge cloud's ridge ; and now with sprightly
 Wheel downward come they into fresher skies,
 Tipt round with silver from the sun's bright eyes.
 Still downward with capacious whirl they glide ;
 And now I see them on a green hill's side
 In breezy rest among the nodding stalks.
 The charioteer with wondrous gesture talks
 To the trees and mountains ; and there soon appear
 Shapes of delight, of mystery, and fear,
 Passing along before a dusky space
 Made by some mighty oaks : as they would chase
 Some ever-fleeting music, on they sweep.
 Lo ! how they murmur, laugh, and smile, and weep :
 Some with upholden hand and mouth severe ;
 Some with their faces muffled to the ear
 Between their arms ; some, clear in youthful bloom,
 Go glad and smilingly athwart the gloom ;
 Some looking back, and some with upward gaze ;
 Yes, thousands in a thousand different ways
 Flit onward—now a lovely wreath of girls
 Dancing their sleek hair into tangled curls ;
 And now broad wings. Most awfully intent
 The driver of those steeds is forward bent,
 And seems to listen : O that I might know
 All that he writes with such a hurrying glow.

The visions all are fled—the car is fled
 Into the light heaven, and in their stead
 A sense of real things comes doubly strong,
 And, like a muddy stream, would bear along

My soul to nothingness : but I will strive
 Against all doubtings, and will keep alive
 The thought of that same chariot, and the strange
 Journey it went.

Is there so small a range
 In the present strength of manhood, that the high
 Imagination cannot freely fly
 As she was wont of old? prepare her steeds,
 Paw up against the light, and do strange deeds
 Upon the clouds? Has she not shown us all?
 From the clear space of ether, to the small
 Breath of new buds unfolding? From the meaning
 Of Jove's large eyebrow, to the tender greening
 Of April meadows? Here her altar shone,
 E'en in this isle; and who could paragon
 The fervid choir that lifted up a noise
 Of harmony, to where it aye will poise
 Its mighty self of convoluting sound,
 Huge as a planet, and like that roll round,
 Eternally around a dizzy void?
 Ay, in those days the Muses were nigh cloyed
 With honours; nor had any other care
 Than to sing out and soothe their wavy hair.

Could all this be forgotten? Yes, a schism
 Nurtured by foppery and barbarism,
 Made great Apollo blush for this his land.
 Men were thought wise who could not understand
 His glories: with a puling infant's force
 They swayed about upon a rocking-horse,
 And thought it Pegasus. Ah, dismal souled!
 The winds of heaven blew, the ocean rolled
 Its gathering waves--ye felt it not. The blue
 Bared its eternal bosom, and the dew
 Of summer nights collected still to make
 The morning precious: beauty was awake!

Why were ye not awake? But ye were dead
 To things ye knew not of,—were closely wed
 To musty laws lined out with wretched rule
 And compass vile : so that ye taught a school
 Of dolts to smooth, inlay, and clip, and fit,
 Till, like the certain wands of Jacob's wit,
 Their verses tallied. Easy was the task :
 A thousand handicraftsmen wore the mask
 Of Poesy. Ill-fated, impious race !
 That blasphemed the bright Lyrist to his face,
 And did not know it,—no, they went about,
 Holding a poor, decrepit standard out,
 Marked with most flimsy mottoes, and in large
 The name of one Boileau !*

O ye whose charge

It is to hover round our pleasant hills !
 Whose congregated majesty so fills
 My boundly reverence, that I cannot trace
 Your hallowed names, in this unholy place,
 So near those common folk ; did not their shames
 Affright you? Did our old lamenting Thames
 Delight you? Did ye never cluster round
 Delicious Avon, with a mournful sound,
 And weep? Or did ye wholly bid adieu
 To regions where no more the laurel grew?
 Or did ye stay to give a welcoming
 To some lone spirits who could proudly sing
 Their youth away, and die? 'Twas even so :
 But let me think away those times of woe :
 Now 'tis a fairer season ; ye have breathed
 Rich benedictions o'er us ; ye have wreathed

* A celebrated French poet and satirist. He wrote "L'Art poetique," "Le Lutrin," &c. "Boileau is the analogue of Pope," says Hallam, "in French literature. The 'Art of Poetry' has been the model of the 'Essay on Criticism.' Few poems more resemble each other." He was born 1636, died 1711.

Fresh garlands : for sweet music has been heard
 In many places ;—some has been upstirred
 From out its crystal dwelling in a lake,
 By a swan's ebon bill ; from a thick brake,
 Nested and quiet in a valley mild,
 Bubbles a pipe ; fine sounds are floating wild
 About the earth : happy are ye and glad.

These things are doubtless : yet in truth we've had
 Strange thunders from the potency of song ;
 Mingled indeed with what is sweet and strong,
 From majesty : but in clear truth the themes
 Are ugly cubs, the Poets' Polyphemes
 Disturbing the grand sea. A drainless shower
 Of light is poesy ; 'tis the supreme of power ;
 'Tis might half slumb'ring on its own right arm.
 The very archings of her eyelids charm
 A thousand willing agents to obey,
 And still she governs with the mildest sway :
 But strength alone though of the Muses born
 Is like a fallen angel : trees uptorn,
 Darkness, and worms, and shrouds, and sepulchres
 Delight it ; for it feeds upon the burrs
 And thorns of life ; forgetting the great end
 Of poesy, that it should be a friend
 To soothe the cares, and lift the thoughts of man.

Yet I rejoice : a myrtle fairer than
 E'er grew in Paphos from the bitter weeds
 Lifts its sweet head into the air, and feeds
 A silent space with ever-sprouting green.
 All tenderest birds there find a pleasant screen,
 Creep through the shade with jaunty fluttering,
 Nibble the little cupped flowers and sing.
 Then let us clear away the choking thorns
 From round its gentle stem ; let the young fawns,

SLEEP AND POETRY.

Yeaned in after times, when we are flown,
 Find a fresh sward beneath it, overgrown
 With simple flowers : let there nothing be
 More boisterous than a lover's bended knee ;
 Naught more ungentle than the placid look
 Of one who leans upon a closed book ;
 Naught more untroubled than the grassy slopes
 Between two hills. All hail delightful hopes !
 As she was wont, th' imagination
 Into most lovely labyrinths will be gone,
 And they shall be accounted poet kings
 Who simply tell the most heart-easing things.
 O may these joys be ripe before I die.

Will not some say that I presumptuously
 Have spoken ? that from hastening disgrace
 'Twere better far to hide my foolish face ?
 That whining boyhood should with reverence bow
 Ere the dread thunderbolt could reach it ? How !
 If I do hide myself, it sure shall be
 In the very fane, the light of Poesy :
 If I do fall, at least I will be laid
 Beneath the silence of a poplar shade ;
 And over me the grass shall be smooth shaven :
 And there shall be a kind memorial graven.
 But off, Despondence ! miserable bane !
 They should not know thee, who athirst to gain
 A noble end, are thirsty every hour.
 What though I am not wealthy in the dower
 Of spanning wisdom ; though I do not know
 The shiftings of the mighty winds that blow
 Hither and thither all the changing thoughts
 Of man : though no great minist'ring reason sorts
 Out the dark mysteries of human souls
 To clear conceiving : yet there ever rolls

A vast idea before me, and I glean
 Therefrom my liberty ; thence too I've seen
 The end and aim of Poesy. 'Tis clear
 As anything most true ; as that the year
 Is made of the four seasons—manifest
 As a large cross, some old cathedral's crest,
 Lifted to the white clouds. Therefore should I
 Be but the essence of deformity,
 A coward, did my very eyelids wink
 At speaking out what I have dared to think.
 Ah ! rather let me like a madman run
 Over some precipice ; let the hot sun
 Melt my Dedalian wings, and drive me down
 Convulsed and headlong ! Stay ! an inward frown
 Of conscience bids me be more calm awhile.
 An ocean dim, sprinkled with many an isle,
 Spreads awfully before me. How much toil !
 How many days ! what desperate turmoil !
 Ere I can have explored its widenesses.
 Ah, what a task ! upon my bended knees,
 I could unsay those—no, impossible !
 Impossible !

For sweet relief I'll dwell
 On humbler thoughts, and let this strange assay
 Begun in gentleness die so away.
 E'en now all tumult from my bosom fades :
 I turn full-hearted to the friendly aids
 That smooth the path of honour ; brotherhood,
 And friendliness, the nurse of mutual good.
 The hearty grasp that sends a pleasant sonnet
 Into the brain ere one can think upon it ;
 The silence when some rhymes are coming out ;
 And when they're come, the very pleasant rout :
 The message certain to be done to-morrow.
 'Tis perhaps as well that it should be to borrow

Some precious book from out its snug retreat,
 To cluster round it when we next shall meet.
 Scarce can I scribble on ; for lovely airs
 Are fluttering round the room like doves in pairs ;
 Many delights of that glad day recalling,
 When first my senses caught their tender falling.
 And with these airs come forms of elegance
 Stooping their shoulders o'er a horse's prance,
 Careless, and grand—fingers soft and round
 Parting luxuriant curls ; and the swift bound
 Of Bacchus from his chariot, when his eye
 Made Ariadne's cheek look blushinglly.
 Thus I remember all the pleasant flow
 Of words at opening a portfolio.

Things such as these are ever harbingers
 To trains of peaceful images : the stirr
 Of a swan's neck unseen among the rushes :
 A linnet starting all about the bushes :
 A butterfly, with golden wings broad parted
 Nestling a rose, convulsed as though it smarted
 With over-pleasure—many, many more,
 Might I indulge at large in all my store
 Of luxuries : yet I must not forget
 Sleep, quiet with his poppy coronet :
 For what there may be worthy in these rhymes
 I partly owe to him : and thus, the chimes
 Of friendly voices had just given place
 To as sweet a silence, when I 'gan retrace
 The pleasant day, upon a couch at ease.
 It was a poet's house who keeps the keys
 Of pleasure's temple. Round about were hung
 The glorious features of the bards who sung
 In other ages—cold and sacred busts
 Smiled at each other. Happy he who trusts

To clear Futurity his darling fame !
Then there were fauns and satyrs taking aim
At swelling apples with a frisky leap
And reaching fingers, 'mid a luscious heap
Of vine leaves. Then there rose to view a fane
Of liny marble, and thereto a train
Of nymphs approaching fairly o'er the sward :
One, loveliest, holding her right hand toward
The dazzling sunrise : two sisters sweet
Bending their graceful figures till they meet
Over the trippings of a little child :
And some are hearing, eagerly, the wild
Thrilling liquidity of dewy piping.
See, in another picture, nymphs are wiping
Cherishingly Diana's timorous limbs ;
A fold of lawny mantle dabbling swims
At the bath's edge, and keeps a gentle motion
With the subsiding crystal : as when ocean
Heaves calmly its broad swelling smoothness o'er
Its rocky marge, and balances once more
The patient weeds ; that now unshent by foam
Feel all about their undulating home.

Sappho's meek head was there half smiling down
At nothing ; just as though the earnest frown
Of over-thinking had that moment gone
From off her brow, and left her all alone.

Great Alfred's too, with anxious, pitying eyes,
As if he always listened to the sighs
Of the goaded world ; and Kosciusko's, worn
By horrid suffrance—mightily forlorn.

Petrarch, outstepping from the shady green,
Starts at the sight of Laura ; nor can wean
His eyes from her sweet face. Most happy they !
For over them was seen a free display

Of outspread wings, and from between them shone
The face of Poesy : from off her throne
She overlooked things that I scarce could tell.
The very sense of where I was might well
Keep Sleep aloof : but more than that there came
Thought after thought to nourish up the flame
Within my breast ; so that the morning light
Surprised me even from a sleepless night ;
And up I rose refreshed, and glad, and gay,
Resolving to begin that very day
These lines ; and howsoever they be done,
I leave them as a father does his son.

ENDYMION:

A POETIC ROMANCE.

“The stretched metre of an antique song.”

Inscribed to the Memory

OF

THOMAS CHATTERTON.

AUTHOR'S PREFACE.

KNOWING within myself the manner in which this Poem has been produced, it is not without a feeling of regret that I make it public.

What manner I mean, will be quite clear to the reader, who must soon perceive great inexperience, immaturity, and every error denoting a feverish attempt, rather than a deed accomplished. The two first books, and indeed the two last, I feel sensible are not of such completion as to warrant their passing the press; nor should they if I thought a year's castigation would do them any good; it will not—the foundations are too sandy. It is just that this youngster should die away; a sad thought for me, if I had not some hope that while it is dwindling I may be plotting, and fitting myself for verses fit to live.

This may be speaking too presumptuously, and may deserve a punishment; but no feeling man will be forward to inflict it: he will leave me alone, with the conviction that there is not a fiercer hell than the failure in a great object. This is not written with the least atom of purpose to forestall criticisms of course, but from

the desire I have to conciliate men who are competent to look, and who do look with a zealous eye, to the honour of English literature.

The imagination of a boy is healthy, and the mature imagination of a man is healthy ; but there is a space of life between, in which the soul is in a ferment, the character undecided, the way of life uncertain, the ambition thick-sighted : thence proceeds mawkishness, and all the thousand bitters which those men I speak of must necessarily taste in going over the following pages.

I hope I have not in too late a day touched the beautiful mythology of Greece, and dulled its brightness ; for I wish to try once more, before I bid it farewell.

Teignmouth, April 10, 1818.

BOOK I.

A THING of beauty is a joy for ever :
 Its loveliness increases ; it will never
 Pass into nothingness ; but still will keep
 A bower quiet for us, and a sleep
 Full of sweet dreams, and health, and quiet breathing.
 Therefore, on every morrow, are we wreathing
 A flowery band to bind us to the earth,
 Spite of despondence, of the inhuman dearth
 Of noble natures, of the gloomy days,
 Of all the unhealthy and o'er-darkened ways
 Made for our searching : yes, in spite of all,
 Some shape of beauty moves away the pall
 From our dark spirits. Such the sun, the moon,
 Trees old and young, sprouting a shady boon
 For simple sheep ; and such are daffodils
 With the green world they live in ; and clear rills
 That for themselves a cooling covert make
 'Gainst the hot season ; the mid-forest brake,
 Rich with a sprinkling of fair musk-rose blooms :
 And such too is the grandeur of the dooms

We have imagined for the mighty dead ;
 All lovely tales that we have heard or read :
 An endless fountain of immortal drink,
 Pouring unto us from the heaven's brink.

Nor do we merely feel these essences
 For one short hour ; no, even as the trees
 That whisper round a temple become soon
 Dear as the temple's self, so does the moon,
 The passion poesy, glories infinite,
 Haunt us till they become a cheering light
 Unto our souls, and bound to us so fast,
 That, whether there be shine or gloom o'ercast,
 They always must be with us, or we die.

Therefore, 'tis with full happiness that I
 Will trace the story of Endymion.
 The very music of the name has gone
 Into my being, and each pleasant scene
 Is growing fresh before me as the green
 Of our own valleys : so I will begin
 Now while I cannot hear the city's din ;
 Now while the early budders are just new,
 And run in mazes of the youngest hue
 About old forests ; while the willow trails
 Its delicate amber ; and the dairy pails
 Bring home increase of milk. And, as the year
 Grows lush in juicy stalks, I'll smoothly steer
 My little boat, for many quiet hours,
 With streams that deepen freshly into bowers.
 Many and many a verse I hope to write,
 Before the daisies, vermeil rimmed and white,
 Hide in deep herbage ; and ere yet the bees
 Hum about globes of clover and sweet peas,
 I must be near the middle of my story.
 O may no wintry season, bare and hoary,

See it half finished : but let Autumn bold,
 With universal tinge of sober gold,
 Be all about me when I make an end.
 And now at once, adventuresome, I send
 My herald thought into a wilderness :
 There let its trumpet blow, and quickly dress
 My uncertain path with green, that I may speed
 Easily onward, thorough flowers and weed.

Upon the sides of Latmos was outspread
 A mighty forest ; for the moist earth fed
 So plenteously all weed-hidden roots
 Into o'er-hanging boughs, and precious fruits.
 And it had gloomy shades, sequestered deep,
 Where no man went ; and if from shepherd's keep
 A lamb strayed far a-down those inmost glens,
 Never again saw he the happy pens
 Whither his brethren, bleating with content
 Over the hills at every nightfall went.
 Among the shepherds, 'twas believed ever,
 That not one fleecy lamb which thus did sever
 From the white flock, but passed unworried
 By angry wolf, or pard with prying head,
 Until it came to some unfooted plains
 Where fed the herds of Pan : ay, great his gains
 Who thus one lamb did lose. Paths there were many,
 Winding through palmy fern, and rushes fenny,
 And ivy banks ; all leading pleasantly
 To a wide lawn, whence one could only see
 Stems thronging all around between the swell
 Of turf and slanting branches : who could tell
 The freshness of the space of heaven above,
 Edged round with dark tree-tops ? through which a dove
 Would often beat its wings, and often too
 A little cloud would move across the blue.

Full in the middle of this pleasantness
There stood a marble altar, with a tress
Of flowers budded newly; and the dew
Had taken fairy phantasies to strew
Daisies upon the sacred sward last eve,
And so the dawned light in pomp receive.
For 'twas the moon: Apollo's upward fire
Made every eastern cloud a silvery pyre
Of brightness so unsullied, that therein
A melancholy spirit well might win
Oblivion, and melt out his essence fine
Into the winds; rain-scented eglantine
Gave temperate sweets to that well-wooing sun;
The lark was lost in him; cold springs had run
To warm their chilliest bubbles in the grass;
Man's voice was on the mountains; and the mass
Of nature's lives and wonders pulsed tenfold,
To feel this sunrise and its glories old.

Now while the silent workings of the dawn
Were busiest, into that self-same lawn
All suddenly, with joyful cries, there sped
A troop of little children garlanded;
Who, gathering round the altar, seemed to pry
Earnestly round as wishing to espy
Some folk of holiday: nor had they waited
For many moments, ere their ears were sated
With a faint breath of music, which e'en then
Filled out its voice, and died away again.
Within a little space again it gave
Its airy swellings, with a gentle wave,
To light-hung leaves, in smoothest echoes breaking
Through copse-clad valleys,—ere their death, o'ertaking
The surgy murmurs of the lonely sea.

And now, as deep into the wood as we

Might mark a lynx's eye, there glimmered light
 Fair faces and a rush of garments white,
 Plainer and plainer showing, till at last
 Into the widest alley they all passed,
 Making directly for the woodland altar.
 O kindly muse ! let not my weak tongue falter
 In telling of this goodly company,
 Of their old piety, and of their glee :
 But let a portion of ethereal dew
 Fall on my head, and presently unmew
 My soul ; that I may dare, in wayfaring,
 To stammer where old Chaucer used to sing.

Leading the way, young damsels danced along,
 Bearing the burden of a shepherd's song ;
 Each having a white wicker over-brimmed
 With April's tender younglings : next, well trimmed,
 A crowd of shepherds with as sunburnt looks
 As may be read of in Arcadian books ;
 Such as sat listening round Apollo's pipe,
 When the great Deity, for earth too ripe,
 Let his divinity o'erflowing die
 In music, through the vales of Thessaly :
 Some idly trailed their sheep-hooks on the ground,
 And some kept up a shrilly mellow sound
 With ebon-tipped flutes : close after these,
 Now coming from beneath the forest trees,
 A venerable priest full soberly,
 Begirt with minist'ring looks : always his eye
 Steadfast upon the matted turf he kept,
 And after him his sacred vestments swept.
 From his right hand there swung a vase, milk-white,
 Of mingled wine, out-sparkling generous light ;
 And in his left he held a basket full
 Of all sweet herbs that searching eye could cult :

Wild thyme, and valley-lilies whiter still
Than Leda's love, and cresses from the rill.
His aged head, crowned with beechen wreath,
Seemed like a poll of ivy in the teeth
Of winter hoar. Then came another crowd
Of shepherds, lifting in due time aloud
Their share of the ditty. After them appeared,
Up-followed by a multitude that reared
Their voices to the clouds, a fair wrought car,
Easily rolling so as scarce to mar
The freedom of three steeds of dapple brown :
Who stood therein did seem of great renown
Among the throng. His youth was fully blown,
Showing like Ganymede* to manhood grown ;
And, for those simple times, his garments were
A chieftain king's : beneath his breast, half bare,
Was hung a silver bugle, and between
His nery knees there lay a boar-spear keen.
A smile was on his countenance ; he seemed,
To common lookers on, like one who dreamed
Of idleness in groves Elysian :
But there were some who feelingly could scan
A lurking trouble in his nether lip,
And see that oftentimes the reins would slip
Through his forgotten hands : then would they sigh,
And think of yellow leaves, of owlets' cry,
Of logs piled solemnly. Ah, well-a-day,
Why should our young Endymion pine away !

Soon the assembly, in a circle ranged,
Stood silent round the shrine : each look was changed
To sudden veneration : women meek
Beckoned their sons to silence ; while each cheek

* The boy-cupbearer of Jupiter.

Of virgin bloom paled gently for slight fear.
Endymion too, without a forest peer,
Stood, wan, and pale, and with an awed face,
Among his brothers of the mountain chase.
In midst of all, the venerable priest
Eyed them with joy from greatest to the least,
And, after lifting up his aged hands,
Thus spake he : " Men of Latmos ! shepherd bands !
Whose care it is to guard a thousand flocks :
Whether descended from beneath the rocks
That overtop your mountains ; whether come
From valleys where the pipe is never dumb ;
Or from your swelling downs, where sweet air stirs
Blue harebells lightly, and where prickly furze
Buds lavish gold ; or ye, whose precious charge
Nibbled their fill at ocean's very marge,
Whose mellow reeds are touched with sounds forlorn
By the dim echoes of old Triton's horn :
Mothers and wives ! who day by day prepare
The scrip, with needments, for the mountain air ;
And all ye gentle girls who foster up
Udderless lambs, and in a little cup
Will put choice honey for a favoured youth :
Yea, every one attend ! for in good truth
Our vows are wanting to our great god Pan.
Are not our lowing heifers sleeker than
Night-swollen mushrooms ? Are not our wide plains
Speckled with countless fleeces ? Have not rains
Greened over April's lap ? No howling sad
Sickens our fearful ewes ; and we have had
Great bounty from Endymion our lord.
The earth is glad : the merry lark has poured
His early song against yon breezy sky,*
That spreads so clear o'er our solemnity."

* "The lark has sung his carol in the sky."—ROGERS (1820).

Thus ending, on the shrine he heaped a spire
 Of teeming sweets, enkindling sacred fire ;
 Anon he stained the thick and spongy sod
 With wine, in honour of the shepherd-god.
 Now while the earth was drinking it, and while
 Bay leaves were crackling in the fragrant pile,
 And gummy frankincense was sparkling bright
 'Neath smothering parsley, and a hazy light
 Spread greyly eastward, thus a chorus sang :

“ O thou, whose mighty palace roof doth hang
 From jagged trunks, and overshadoweth
 Eternal whispers, glooms, the birth, life, death
 Of unseen flowers in heavy peacefulness ;
 Who lov'st to see the hamadryads dress
 Their ruffled locks where meeting hazels darken ;
 And through whole solemn hours dost sit, and hearken
 The dreary melody of bedded reeds—
 In desolate places, where dank moisture breeds
 The pipy hemlock to strange overgrowth ;
 Bethinking thee, how melancholy loth
 Thou wast to lose fair Syrinx*—do thou now,
 By thy love's milky brow !
 By all the trembling mazes that she ran,
 Hear us, great Pan !

“ O thou, for whose soul-soothing quiet, turtles
 Passion their voices cooingly 'mong myrtles,
 What time thou wanderest at eventide
 Through sunny meadows, that outskirt the side
 Of thine enmossed realms : O thou, to whom
 Broad-leaved fig trees even now foredoom
 Their ripen'd fruitage ; yellow girted bees
 Their golden honeycombs ; our village leas

* A nymph of Arcadia, the daughter of the river Ladon. Flying from Pan, she was, at her own request, turned into a reed.

Their fairest blossomed beans and popped corn ;
 The chuckling linnet its five young unborn,
 To sing for thee ; low creeping strawberries
 Their summer coolness ; pent-up butterflies
 Their freckled wings ; yea, the fresh budding year
 All its completions—be quickly near,
 By every wind that nods the mountain pine,
 O forester divine !

“ Thou, to whom every fawn and satyr flies
 For willing service ; whether to surprise
 The squatted hare while in half-sleeping fit ;
 Or upward ragged precipices flit
 To save poor lambkins from the eagle’s maw ;
 Or by mysterious enticement draw
 Bewildered shepherds to their path again ;
 Or to tread breathless round the frothy main,
 And gather up all fancifullest shells
 For thee to tumble into Naiads’ cells,
 And, being hidden, laugh at their outpeeping ;
 Or to delight thee with fantastic leaping,
 The while they pelt each other on the crown
 With silvery oak apples, and fir cones brown--
 By all the echoes that about thee ring,
 Hear us, O satyr king !

“ O Harkener to the loud-clapping shears,
 While ever and anon to his shorn peers
 A ram goes bleating : Winder of the horn,
 When snouted wild-boars routing tender corn
 Anger our huntsman : Breather round our farms,
 To keep off mildews, and all weather harms :
 Strange ministrant of undescribed sounds,
 That come a-swooning over hollow grounds,
 And wither drearily on barren moors :

Dread opener of the mysterious doors
 Leading to universal knowledge—see,
 Great son of Dryope,*
 The many that are come to pay their vows
 With leaves about their brows !

“ Be still the unimaginable lodge
 For solitary thinkings ; such as dodge
 Conception to the very bourne of heaven,
 Then leave the naked brain : be still the leaven,
 That spreading in this dull and clodded earth
 Gives it a touch ethereal—a new birth :
 Be still a symbol of immensity ;
 A firmament reflected in a sea ;
 An element filling the space between ;
 An unknown—but no more : we humbly screen
 With uplift hands our foreheads, lowly bending,
 And giving out a shout most heaven rending,
 Conjure thee to receive our humble pæan,
 Upon thy Mount Lycean !”

Even while they brought the burden to a close,
 A shout from the whole multitude arose,
 That lingered in the air like dying rolls
 Of abrupt thunder, when Ionian shoals
 Of dolphins bob their noses through the brine.
 Meantime, on shady levels, mossy fine,
 Young companies nimbly began dancing
 To the swift treble pipe, and humming string.
 Ay, those fair living forms swam heavenly
 To tunes forgotten—out of memory :
 Fair creatures ! whose young children’s children bred
 Thermopylæ its heroes—not yet dead,

* Dryope, a nymph of Arcadia, the mother (Mercury was supposed to be the father) of Pan.



But in old marbles ever beautiful.
 High genitors, unconscious did they cull
 Time's sweet first-fruits—they danced to weariness.
 And then in quiet circles did they press
 The hillock turf, and caught the latter end
 Of some strange history, potent to send
 A young mind from its bodily tenement.
 Or they might watch the quoit-pitchers, intent
 On either side ; pitying the sad death
 Of Hyacinthus, when the cruel breath
 Of Zephyr slew him,*—Zephyr penitent,
 Who now, ere Phœbus mounts the firmament,
 Fondles the flower amid the sobbing rain.
 The archers, too, upon a wider plain,
 Beside the feathery whizzing of the shaft,
 And the dull twanging bowstring, and the raft
 Branch down sweeping from a tall ash top,
 Called up a thousand thoughts to envelope
 Those who would watch. Perhaps, the trembling knee
 And frantic gape of lonely Niobe,
 Poor, lonely Niobe ! when her lovely young
 Were dead and gone, and her caressing tongue
 Lay a lost thing upon her paly lip,
 And very, very deadliness did nip
 Her motherly cheeks. Aroused from this sad mood
 By one, who at a distance loud halloed,
 Uplifting his strong bow into the air,
 Many might after brighter visions stare :

* Hyacinthus, a young Greek prince, greatly favoured by Apollo. Zephyrus (the west wind) is fabled to have been jealous ; and one day, when Apollo was playing quoits with Hyacinthus, he blew the quoit thrown by the god on the head of the young mortal, who was killed by the blow. Apollo, greatly grieved, made a flower spring from the blood of his lost favourite, which is called Hyacinth, from his name. The flower was said to bear on its leaves the letters *Ai, Ai*, the last cry of Hyacinthus. Yearly festivals were instituted by the Spartans in memory of the nephew of their king.

After the Argonauts, in blind amaze
Tossing about on Neptune's restless ways,
Until, from the horizon's vaulted side,
There shot a golden splendour far and wide,
Spangling those million poutings of the brine
With quivering ore : 'twas even an awful shine
From the exaltation of Apollo's bow ;
A heavenly beacon in their dreary woe.
Who thus were ripe for high contemplating,
Might turn their steps towards the sober ring
Where sat Endymion and the aged priest
'Mong shepherds gone in eld, whose looks increased
The silvery setting of their mortal star.
There they discoursed upon the fragile bar
That keeps us from our homes ethereal ;
And what our duties there : to nightly call
Vesper, the beauty-crest of summer weather ;
To summon all the downiest clouds together
For the sun's purple couch ; to emulate
In minist'ring the potent rule of fate
With speed of fire-tailed exhalations ;
To tint her pallid cheek with bloom, who cons
Sweet poesy by moonlight : besides these,
A world of other unguessed offices.
Anon they wandered, by divine converse,
Into Elysium ; vieing to rehearse
Each one his own anticipated bliss.
One felt heart-certain that he could not miss
His quick gone love, among fair blossomed boughs
Where every zephyr-sigh pouts, and endows
Her lips with music for the welcoming.
Another wished, 'mid that eternal spring,
To meet his rosy child, with feathery sails,
Sweeping, eye-earnestly, through almond vales :
Who, suddenly, should stoop through the smooth wind,
And with the balmiest leaves his temples bind ;

And, ever after, through those regions be
 His messenger, his little Mercury.
 Some were athirst in soul to see again
 Their fellow huntsmen o'er the wide champaign
 In times long past ; to sit with them, and talk
 Of all the chances in their earthly walk ;
 Comparing, joyfully, their plenteous stores
 Of happiness, to when upon the moors,
 Benighted, close they huddled from the cold,
 And shared their famished scrips. Thus all out-told
 Their fond imaginations,—saving him
 Whose eyelids curtained up their jewels dim,
 Endymion : yet hourly had he striven
 To hide the cankering venom, that had riven
 His fainting recollections. Now indeed
 His senses had swooned off : he did not heed
 The sudden silence, or the whispers low,
 Or the old eyes dissolving at his woe,
 Or anxious calls, or close of trembling palms,
 Or maiden's sigh, that grief itself embalms :
 But in the self-same fixed trance he kept,
 Like one who on the earth had never stept.
 Ay, even as dead-still as a marble man,
 Frozen in that old tale Arabian.

Who whispers him so pantingly and close ?
 Peona, his sweet sister : of all those,
 His friends, the dearest. Hushing signs she made,
 And breathed a sister's sorrow to persuade
 A yielding up, a cradling on her care.
 Her eloquence did breathe away the curse :
 She led him, like some midnight spirit nurse,
 Of happy changes in emphatic dreams,
 Along a path between two little streams,—
 Guarding his forehead, with her round elbow,
 From low-grown branches, and his footsteps slow

From stumbling over stumps and hillocks small ;
Until they came to where these streamlets fall,
With mingled bubblings and a gentle rush,
Into a river, clear, brimful, and flush
With crystal mocking of the trees and sky.
A little shallop, floating there hard by,
Pointed its beak over the fringed bank ;
And soon it lightly dipt, and rose, and sank,
And dipt again, with the young couple's weight,—
Peona guiding, through the water straight,
Towards a bowery island opposite ;
Which gaining presently, she steered light
Into a shady, fresh, and ripply cove,
Where nested was an arbour, overwove
By many a summer's silent fingering ;
To whose cool bosom she was used to bring
Her playmates, with their needle broidery,
And minstrel memories of times gone by.

So she was gently glad to see him laid
Under her favourite bower's quiet shade,
On her new couch, new made of flower leaves,
Dried carefully on the cooler side of sheaves
When last the sun his autumn tresses shook,
And the tanned harvesters rich armfuls took.
Soon was he quieted to slumbrous rest :
But, ere it crept upon him, he had prest,
Peona's busy hand against his lips,
And still, a-sleeping, held her finger-tips
In tender pressure. And as a willow keeps
A patient watch over the stream that creeps
Windingly by it, so the quiet maid
Held her in peace : so that a whispering blade
Of grass, a wailful gnat, a bee bustling
Down in the bluebells, or a wren light rustling
Among sere leaves and twigs, might all be heard.

O magic sleep ! O comfortable bird,
 That broodest o'er the troubled sea of the mind
 Till it is hushed and smooth ! O unconfined
 Restraint ! imprisoned liberty ! great key
 To golden palaces, strange minstrelsy,
 Fountains grotesque, new trees, bespangled caves,
 Echoing grottoes, full of tumbling waves
 And moonlight ; ay, to all the mazy world
 Of silvery enchantment !—who, upfurled
 Beneath thy drowsy wing a triple hour,
 But renovates and lives ?—Thus, in the bower,
 Endymion was calmed to life again.
 Opening his eyelids with a healthier brain,
 He said : “ I feel this thine endearing love
 All through my bosom : thou art as a dove
 Trembling its closed eyes and sleekèd wings
 About me ; and the pearliest dew not brings
 Such morning incense from the fields of May,
 As do those brighter drops that twinkling stray
 From those kind eyes,—the very home and haunt
 Of sisterly affection. Can I want
 Aught else, aught nearer heaven, than such tears ?
 Yet dry them up, in bidding hence all fears
 That, any longer, I will pass my days
 Alone and sad. No, I will once more raise
 My voice upon the mountain-heights ; once more
 Make my horn parley from their foreheads hoar :
 Again my trooping hounds their tongues shall loll
 Around the breathed boar : again I'll poll
 The fair-grown yew tree, for a chosen bow :
 And, when the pleasant sun is getting low,
 Again I'll linger in a sloping mead
 To hear the speckled thrushes, and see feed
 Our idle sheep. So be thou cheered sweet,
 And, if thy lute is here, softly entreat
 My soul to keep in its resolved course.”

Hereat Peona, in their silver source,
 Shut her pure sorrow drops with glad exclaim,
 And took a lute, from which there pulsing came
 A lively prelude, fashioning the way
 In which her voice should wander. 'Twas a lay
 More subtle cadenced, more forest wild
 Than Dryope's lone lulling of her child ;
 And nothing since has floated in the air
 So mournful strange. Surely some influence rare
 Went, spiritual, through the damsel's hand ;
 For still, with Delphic emphasis, she spanned
 The quick invisible strings, even though she saw
 Endymion's spirit melt away and thaw
 Before the deep intoxication.

But soon she came, with sudden burst, upon
 Her self-possession—swung the lute aside,
 And earnestly said : “ Brother, 'tis vain to hide
 That thou dost know of things mysterious,
 Immortal, starry ; such alone could thus
 Weigh down thy nature. Hast thou sinned in aught
 Offensive to the heavenly powers ? Caught
 A Paphian dove upon a message sent ?
 Thy deathful bow against some deer-herd bent,
 Sacred to Dian ? Haply, thou hast seen
 Her naked limbs among the alders green ;
 And that, alas ! is death. No, I can trace
 Something more high perplexing in thy face !”

Endymion looked at her, and pressed her hand,
 And said, “ Art thou so pale, who wast so bland
 And merry in our meadows ? How is this ?
 Tell me thine ailment : tell me all amiss !
 Ah ! thou hast been unhappy at the change
 Wrought suddenly in me. What indeed more strange ?
 Or more complete to overwhelm surmise ?
 Ambition is no sluggard : 'tis no prize,

That toiling years would put within my grasp,
 That I have sighed for : with so deadly gasp
 No man e'er panted for a mortal love.
 So all have set my heavier grief above
 These things which happen. Rightly have they done :
 I, who still saw the horizontal sun
 Heave his broad shoulder o'er the edge of the world,
 Out-facing Lucifer, and then had hurled
 My spear aloft, as signal for the chase—
 I, who, for very sport of heart, would race
 With my own steed from Araby ; pluck down
 A vulture from his towery perching ; frown
 A lion into growling, loth retire—
 To lose, at once, all my toil-breeding fire,
 And sink thus low ! but I will ease my breast
 Of secret grief, here in this bowery nest.

“ This river does not see the naked sky,
 Till it begins to progress silverly
 Around the western border of the wood,
 Whence, from a certain spot, its winding flood
 Seems at the distance like a crescent moon :
 And in that nook, the very pride of June,
 Had I been used to pass my weary eyes ;
 The rather for the sun unwilling leaves
 So dear a picture of his sovereign power,
 And I could witness his most kingly hour,
 When he doth lighten up the golden reins,
 And paces leisurely down amber plains
 His snorting four. Now when his chariot last
 Its beams against the zodiac-lion cast,
 There blossomed suddenly a magic bed
 Of sacred dittany, and poppies red :
 At which I wondered greatly, knowing well
 That but one night had wrought this flowery spell ;

And, sitting down close by, began to muse
What it might mean. Perhaps, thought I, Morpheus,
In passing here, his owlet pinions shook ;
Or, it may be, ere matron Night uptook
Her ebon urn, young Mercury, by stealth,
Had dipt his rod in it : such garland wealth
Came not by common growth. Thus on I thought,
Until my head was dizzy and distraught.
Moreover, through the dancing poppies stole
A breeze, most softly lulling to my soul ;
And shaping visions all about my sight
Of colours, wings, and bursts of spangly light ;
The which became more strange, and strange, and dim,
And then were gulfed in a tumultuous swim :
And then I fell asleep. Ah, can I tell
The enchantment that afterwards befell ?
Yet it was but a dream : yet such a dream
That never tongue, although it overteem
With mellow utterance, like a cavern spring,
Could figure out and to conception bring
All I beheld and felt. Methought I lay
Watching the zenith, where the milky way
Among the stars in virgin splendour pours ;
And travelling my eye, until the doors
Of heaven appeared to open for my flight ;
I became loth and fearful to alight
From such high soaring by a downward glance :
So kept me steadfast in that airy trance,
Spreading imaginary pinions wide.
When, presently, the stars began to glide,
And faint away, before my eager view :
At which I sighed that I could not pursue,
And dropt my vision to the horizon's verge ;
And lo ! from opening clouds, I saw emerge
The loveliest moon, that ever silvered o'er
A shell from Neptune's goblet : she did soar

So passionately bright, my dazzled soul
Commingling with her argent spheres did roll
Through clear and cloudy, even when she went
At last into a dark and vapoury tent—
Whereat, methought, the lidless-eyed train
Of planets all were in the blue again.
To commune with those orbs, once more I raised
My sight right upward : but it was quite dazed
By a bright something, sailing down apace,
Making me quickly veil my eyes and face :
Again I looked, and, O ye deities,
Who from Olympus watch our destinies !
Whence that completed form of all completeness ?
Whence came that high perfection of all sweetness ?
Speak, stubborn earth, and tell me where, O where
Hast thou a symbol of her golden hair ?
Not oat-sheaves drooping in the western sun ;
Not—thy soft hand, fair sister ! let me shun
Such follying before thee—yet she had,
Indeed, locks bright enough to make me mad ;
And they were simply gordianed up and braided,
Leaving, in naked comeliness, unshaded,
Her pearl round ears, white neck, and orbéd brow ;
The which were blended in, I know not how,
With such a paradise of lips and eyes,
Blush-tinted cheeks, half smiles, and faintest sighs,
That, when I think thereon, my spirit clings
And plays about its fancy, till the stings
Of human neighbourhood envenom all.
Unto what awful power shall I call ?
To what high fane ?—Ah ! see her hovering feet,
More bluely veined, more soft, more whitely sweet
Than those of sea-born Venus, when she rose
From out her cradle shell. The wind out-blows
Her scarf into a fluttering pavilion ;
’Tis blue, and over-spangled with a million

Of little eyes, as though thou wert to shed,
Over the darkest, lushest blue-bell bed,
Handfuls of daisies."—"Endymion, how strange!
Dream within dream!"—"She took an airy range,
And then, towards me, like a very maid,
Came blushing, waning, willing, and afraid,
And pressed me by the hand: Ah! 'twas too much;
Methought I fainted at the charmed touch,
Yet held my recollection, even as one
Who dives three fathoms where the waters run
Gurgling in beds of coral: for anon,
I felt upmounted in that region
Where falling stars dart their artillery forth,
And eagles struggle with the buffeting north
That balances the heavy meteor-stone;
Felt too, I was not fearful, nor alone,
But lapped and lulled along the dangerous sky.
Soon, as it seemed, we left our journeying high,
And straightway into frightful eddies swooped;
Such as aye muster where grey time has scooped
Huge dens and caverns in a mountain's side:
There hollow sounds aroused me, and I sighed
To faint once more by looking on my bliss—
I was distracted; madly did I kiss
The wooing arms which held me, and did give
My eyes at once to death: but 'twas to live,
To take in draughts of life from the gold fount
Of kind and passionate looks; to count, and count
The moments, by some greedy help that seemed
A second self, that each might be redeemed
And plundered of its load of blessedness.
Ah, desperate mortal! I even dared to press
Her very cheek against my crowned lip,
And, at that moment, felt my body dip
Into a warmer air: a moment more,
Our feet were soft in flowers. There was store

Of newest joys upon that Alp. Sometimes
 A scent of violets, and blossoming limes,
 Loitered around us ; then of honey cells,
 Made delicate from all white-flower bells ;
 And once, above the edges of our nest,
 An arch face peeped,—an Oread as I guessed.

“ Why did I dream that sleep o’er-powered me
 In midst of all this heaven? Why not see,
 Far off, the shadows of his pinions dark,
 And stare them from me? But, no, like a spark
 That needs must die, although its little beam
 Reflects upon a diamond, my sweet dream
 Fell into nothing—into stupid sleep.
 And so it was, until a gentle creep,
 A careful moving caught my waking ears,
 And up I started : Ah ! my sighs, my tears,
 My clenched hands ;—for lo ! the poppies hung
 Dew-dabbled on their stalks, the ouzel sung
 A heavy ditty, and the sullen day
 Had chidden herald Hesperus away,
 With leaden looks : the solitary breeze
 Blustered and slept, and its wild self did tease
 With wayward melancholy ; and I thought,
 Mark me, Peona ! that sometimes it brought
 Faint fare-thee-wells, and sigh-shrilled adieus !
 Away I wandered—all the pleasant hues
 Of heaven and earth had faded : deepest shades
 Were deepest dungeons ; heaths and sunny glades
 Were full of pestilent light ; our taintless rills
 Seemed sooty, and o’erspread with upturned gills
 Of dying fish ; the vermeil rose had blown
 In frightful scarlet, and its thorns outgrown
 Like spiked aloe. If an innocent bird
 Before my heedless footsteps stirred, and stirred

In little journeys, I beheld in it
 A disguised demon, missioned to knit
 My soul with under darkness ; to entice
 My stumblings down some monstrous precipice :
 Therefore I eager followed, and did curse
 The disappointment. Time, that aged nurse,
 Rocked me to patience. Now, thank gentle heaven !
 These things, with all their comfortings, are given
 To my down-sunken hours, and with thee,
 Sweer sister, help to stem the ebbing sea
 Of weary life."

Thus ended he, and both
 Sat silent : for the maid was very loth
 To answer ; feeling well that breathed words
 Would all be lost, unheard, and vain as swords
 Against the encased crocodile, or leaps
 Of grasshoppers against the sun. She weeps,
 And wonders ; struggles to devise some blame ;
 To put on such a look as would say, *Shame*
On this poor weakness ! but, for all her strife,
 She could as soon have crushed away the life
 From a sick dove. At length, to break the pause,
 She said with trembling chance : " Is this the cause ?
 This all ? Yet it is strange, and sad, alas !
 That one who through this middle earth should pass
 Most like a sojourning demigod, and leave
 His name upon the harp-string, should achieve
 No higher bard than simple maidenhood,
 Singing alone, and fearfully,—how the blood
 Left his young cheek ; and how he used to stray
 He knew not where ; and how he would say, *nay*,
 If any said 'twas love : and yet 'twas love ;
 What could it be but love ? How a ringdove
 Let fall a sprig of yew tree in his path :

And how he died : and then, that love doth scathe
The gentle heart, as northern blasts do roses ;
And then the ballad of his sad life closes
With sighs, and an alas !—Endymion !
Be rather in the trumpet's mouth,—anon
Among the winds at large—that all may hearken !
Although, before the crystal heavens darken,
I watch and dote upon the silver lakes
Pictured in western cloudiness, that takes
The semblance of gold rocks and bright gold sands,
Islands, and creeks, and amber-fretted strands
With horses prancing o'er them, palaces
And towers of amethyst,—would I so tease
My pleasant days, because I could not mount
Into those regions ? The Morphean fount
Of that fine element that visions, dreams,
And fitful whims of sleep are made of, streams
Into its airy channels with so subtle,
So thin a breathing, not the spider's shuttle,
Circled a million times within the space
Of a swallow's nest-door, could delay a trace,
A tinting of its quality : how light
Must dreams themselves be ; seeing they're more slight
Than the mere nothing that engenders them !
Then wherefore sully the entrusted gem
Of high and noble life with thoughts so sick ?
Why pierce high-fronted honour to the quick
For nothing but a dream ?"—Hereat the youth
Looked up : a conflicting of shame and ruth
Was in his plaited brow : yet his eyelids
Widened a little, as when Zephyr bids
A little breeze to creep between the fans
Of careless butterflies : amid his pains
He seemed to taste a drop of manna-dew,
Full palatable : and a colour grew
Upon his cheek, while thus he lifeful spake.

"Peona! ever have I longed to slake
 My thirst for the world's praises: nothing base,
 No merely slumberous phantasm, could unlace
 The stubborn canvas for my voyage prepared—
 Though now 'tis tattered; leaving my bark bared
 And sullenly drifting: yet my higher hope
 Is of too wide, too rainbow-large a scope,
 To fret at myriads of earthly wrecks.
 Wherein lies happiness? In that which beck
 Our ready minds to fellowship divine,
 A fellowship with essence; till we shine,
 Full alchemized, and free of space. Behold
 The clear religion of heaven! Fold
 A rose-leaf round thy finger's taperness,
 And soothe thy lips: hist, when the airy stress
 Of music's kiss impregnates the free winds,
 And with a sympathetic touch unbinds
 Æolian magic from their lucid wombs:
 Then old songs waken from unclouded tombs;
 Old ditties sigh above their father's grave;
 Ghosts of melodious prophesyings rave
 Round every spot where trod Apollo's foot;
 Bronze clarions awake, and faintly bruit,
 Where long ago a giant battle was;
 And, from the turf, a lullaby doth pass
 In every place where infant Orpheus slept.
 Feel we these things?—that moment have we step
 Into a sort of oneness, and our state
 Is like a floating spirit's. But there are
 Richer entanglements, enthrallments far
 More self-destroying, leading, by degrees,
 To the chief intensity: the crown of these
 Is made of love and friendship, and sits high
 Upon the forehead of humanity.
 All its more ponderous and bulky worth
 Is friendship, whence there ever issues forth

A steady splendour ; but at the tip-top,
There hangs, by unseen film, an orb'd drop
Of light, and that is love : its influence,
Thrown in our eyes, genders a novel sense,
At which we start and fret ; till in the end,
Melting into its radiance, we blend,
Mingle, and so become a part of it,—
Nor with aught else can our souls interknit
So wingedly : when we combine therewith,
Life's self is nourished by its proper pith,
And we are nurtured like a pelican brood.
Ay, so delicious is the unsating food,
That men, who might have towered in the van
Of all the congregated world, to fan
And winnow from the coming step of time
All chaff of custom, wipe away all slime
Left by men-slugs and human serpentry,
Have been content to let occasion die,
Whilst they did sleep in love's elysium.
And, truly, I would rather be struck dumb,
Than speak against this ardent listlessness :
For I have ever thought that it might bless
The world with benefits unknowingly ;
As does the nightingale, upperched high,
And cloistered among cool and bunched leaves—
She sings but to her love, nor e'er conceives
How tiptoe Night holds back her dark-grey hood.
Just so may love, although 'tis understood
The mere commingling of passionate breath,
Produce more than our searching witnesseth :
What I know not : but who, of men, can tell
That flowers would bloom, or that green fruit would swell
To melting pulp, that fish would have bright mail,
The earth its dower of river, wood, and vale,
The meadows runnels, runnels pebble-stones,
The seed its harvest, or the lute its tones,

Tones ravishment, or ravishment its sweet,
If human souls did never kiss and greet ?

“ Now, if this earthly love has power to make
Men's being mortal, immortal ; to shake
Ambition from their memories, and brim
Their measure of content ; what merest whim,
Seems all this poor endeavour after fame,
To one, who keeps within his steadfast aim
A love immortal, an immortal too.
Look not so wildered ; for these things are true,
And never can be born of atomies
That buzz about our slumbers, like brain-flies,
Leaving us fancy-sick. No, no, I'm sure
My restless spirit never could endure
To brood so long upon one luxury,
Unless it did, though fearfully, espy
A hope beyond the shadow of a dream.
My sayings will the less obscured seem,
When I have told thee how my waking sight
Has made me scruple whether that same night
Was passed in dreaming. Harken, sweet Peona !
Beyond the matron-temple of Latona,
Which we should see but for these darkening boughs,
Lies a deep hollow, from whose ragged brows
Bushes and trees do lean all round athwart,
And meet so nearly, that with wings outrought,
And spreaded tail, a vulture could not glide
Past them, but he must brush on every side.
Some mouldered steps lead into this cool cell,
Far as the slabbed margin of a well,
Whose patient level peeps its crystal eye
Right upward, through the bushes, to the sky.
Oft have I brought thee flowers, on their stalks set
Like vestal primroses, but dark velvet

Edges them round, and they have golden pits :
'Twas there I got them, from the gaps and slits
In a mossy stone, that sometimes was my seat,
When all above was faint with mid-day heat.
And there in strife no burning thoughts to heed,
I'd bubble up the water through a reed ;
So reaching back to boyhood : make me ships
Of moulted feathers, touchwood, alder chips,
With leaves stuck in them ; and the Neptune be
Of their petty ocean. Oftener, heavily,
When love-lorn hours had left me less a child,
I sat contemplating the figures wild
Of o'er-head clouds melting the mirror through.
Upon a day, while thus I watched, by flew
A cloudy Cupid, with his bow and quiver ;
So plainly characterized, no breeze would shiver
The happy chance : so happy, I was fain
To follow it upon the open plain,
And, therefore, was just going ; when, behold !
A wonder, fair as any I have told—
The same bright face I tasted in my sleep,
Smiling in the clear well. My heart did leap
Through the cool depth.—It moved as if to flee—
I started up, when lo ! refreshfully,
There came upon my face, in plenteous showers,
Dewdrops, and dewy buds, and leaves and flowers,
Wrapping all objects from my smothered sight,
Bathing my spirit in a new delight.
Ay, such a breathless honey-feel of bliss
Alone preserved me from the drear abyss
Of death, for the fair form had gone again.
Pleasure is oft a visitant ; but pain
Clings cruelly to us, like the gnawing sloth
On the deer's tender haunches : late, and loth,
'Tis scared away by slow returning pleasure.
How sickening, how dark the dreadful leisure

Of weary days, made deeper exquisite,
By a fore-knowledge of unslumbrous night!
Like sorrow came upon me, heavier still,
Than when I wandered from the poppy hill:
And a whole age of lingering moments crept
Sluggishly by, ere more contentment swept
Away at once the deadly yellow spleen.
Yes, thrice have I this fair enchantment seen;
Once more been tortured with renewed life.
When last the wintry gusts gave over strife
With the conquering sun of spring, and left the skies
Warm and serene, but yet with moistened eyes
In pity of the shattered infant buds,—
That time thou didst adorn, with amber studs,
My hunting cap, because I laughed and smiled,
Chatted with thee, and many days exiled
All torment from my breast;—'twas even then,
Straying about, yet, cooped up in the den
Of helpless discontent,—hurling my lance
From place to place, and following at chance,
At last, by hap, through some young trees it struck,
And, plashing among bedded pebbles, struck
In the middle of a brook,—whose silver ramble
Down twenty little falls, through reeds and bramble,
Tracing along, it brought me to a cave,
Whence it ran brightly forth, and white did lave
The nether sides of mossy stones and rock,—
'Mong which it gurgled blithe adieu, to mock
Its own sweet grief at parting. Overhead,
Hung a lush screen of drooping weeds, and spread
Thick, as to curtain up some wood-nymph's home.
'Ah! impious mortal, whither do I roam?'
Said I, low voiced: 'Ah, whither!' 'Tis the grot
Of Proserpine, when Hell, obscure and hot,
Doth her resign; and where her tender hands
She dabbles, on the cool and sluicy sands:

ENDYMION.

Or 'tis the cell of Echo, where she sits,
 And babbles thorough silence, till her wits
 Are gone in tender madness, and anon,
 Faints into sleep, with many a dying tone
 Of sadness. O that she would take my vows,
 And breathe them sighingly among the boughs,
 To sue her gentle ears for whose fair head,
 Daily, I pluck sweet flowerets from their bed,
 And weave them dyingly—send honey-whispers
 Round every leaf, that all those gentle lispers
 May sigh my love unto her pitying !
 O charitable Echo ! hear, and sing
 This ditty to her !—tell her'——so I stayed
 My foolish tongue, and listening, half afraid,
 Stood stupefied with my own empty folly,
 And blushing for the freaks of melancholy.
 Salt tears were coming, when I heard my name
 Most fondly lipped, and then these accents came :
 ' Endymion ! the cave is secreter
 Than the isle of Delos. Echo hence shall stir
 No sighs but sigh-warm kisses, or light noise
 Of thy coming hand, the while it travelling cloys
 And trembles through my labyrinthine hair.'
 At that oppressed I hurried in.—Ah ! where
 Are those swift moments ? Whither are they fled ?
 I'll smile no more, Peona ; nor will wed
 Sorrow the way to death ; but patiently
 Bear up against it : so farewell, sad sigh ;
 And come instead demurest meditation,
 To occupy me wholly, and to fashion
 My pilgrimage for the world's dusky brink.
 No more will I count over, link by link,
 My chain of grief : no longer strive to find
 A half-forgetfulness in mountain wind
 Blustering about my ears : ay, thou shalt see,
 Dearest of sisters, what my life shall be ;

What a calm round of hours shall make my days.
 There is a paly flame of hope that plays
 Where'er I look : but yet, I'll say 'tis naught—
 And here I bid it die. Have not I caught,
 Already, a more healthy countenance ?
 By this the sun is setting ; we may chance
 Meet some of our near-dwellers with my car."

This said, he rose, faint-smiling like a star
 Through autumn mists, and took Peona's hand :
 They stept into the boat, and launched from land.

BOOK II.

O SOVEREIGN power of love ! O grief ! O balm !
 All records, saving thine, come cool, and calm,
 And shadowy, through the mist of passèd years :
 For others, good or bad, hatred and tears
 Have become indolent ; but touching thine,
 One sigh doth echo, one poor sob doth pine,
 One kiss brings honey-dew from buried days.
 The woes of Troy, towers smothering o'er their blaze,
 Stiff-holden shields, far-piercing spears, keen blades,
 Struggling, and blood, and shrieks—all dimly fades
 Into some backward corner of the brain ;
 Yet, in our very souls, we feel amain
 The close of Troilus and Cressid sweet.
 Hence, pageant history ! hence, gilded cheat !
 Swart planet in the universe of deeds !
 Wide sea, that one continuous murmur breeds
 Along the pebbled shore of memory !
 Many old rotten-timbered boats there be

ENDYMION.

Upon thy vaporous bosom, magnified
 To goodly vessels ; many a sail of pride,
 And golden keeled, is left unlaunched and dry.
 But wherefore this ? What care, though owl did fly
 About the great Athenian admiral's mast ?
 What care, though striding Alexander past
 The Indus with his Macedonian numbers ?
 Though old Ulysses tortured from his slumbers
 The gluttoned Cyclops, what care ? Juliet leaning
 Amid her window-flowers,—sighing,—weaning
 Tenderly her fancy from its maiden snow,
 Doth more avail than these : the silver flow
 Of Hero's tears, the swoon of Imogen,
 Fair Pastorella in the bandit's den,
 Are things to brood on with more ardency
 Than the death-day of empires. Fearfully
 Must such conviction come upon his head,
 Who thus far, discontent, has dared to tread,
 Without one muse's smile, or kind behest,
 The path of love and poesy. But rest,
 In chafing restlessness, is yet more drear
 Than to be crushed, in striving to uprear
 Love's standard on the battlements of song.
 So once more days and nights aid me along,
 Like legioned soldiers.

Brain-sick shepherd prince,

What promise hast thou faithful guarded since
 The day of sacrifice ? Or, have new sorrows
 Come with the constant dawn upon thy morrows ?
 Alas ! 'tis his old grief. For many days
 Has he been wandering in uncertain ways :
 Through wilderness, and woods of mossed oaks ;
 Counting his woe-worn minutes by the strokes
 Of the lone woodcutter ; and listening still,
 Hour after hour, to each lush-leaved rill.

Now he is sitting by a shady spring,
And elbow-deep with feverish fingering
Stems the upbursting cold : a wild rose tree
Pavilions him in bloom, and he doth see
A bud which snares his fancy : lo ! but now
He plucks it, dips its stalk in the water : how !
It swells, it buds, it flowers beneath his sight ;
And, in the middle, there is softly pight
A golden butterfly ; upon whose wings
There must be surely charactered strange things,
For with wide eye he wonders, and smiles oft.

Lightly this little herald flew aloft,
Followed by glad Endymion's clasped hands :
Onward it flies. From languor's sullen bands
His limbs are loosed, and eager, on he hies
Dazzled to trace it in the sunny skies.
It seemed he flew, the way so easy was ;
And like a newborn spirit did he pass
Through the green evening quiet in the sun,
O'er many a heath, through many a woodland dun,
Through buried paths, where sleepy twilight dreams
The summer time away. One track unseams
A wooded cleft, and, far away, the blue
Of ocean fades upon him ; then, anew,
He sinks adown a solitary glen,
Where there was never sound of mortal men,
Saving, perhaps, some snow-light cadences
Melting to silence, when upon the breeze
Some holy bark let forth an anthem sweet,
To cheer itself to Delphi. Still his feet
Went swift beneath the merry-winged guide,
Until it reached a splashing fountain's side
That, near a cavern's mouth, for ever poured
Unto the temperate air : then high it soared,

And, downward, suddenly began to dip,
As if, athirst with so much toil, 'twould sip
The crystal spout-head : so it did, with touch
Most delicate, as though afraid to smutch
Even with mealy gold the waters clear.
But, at that very touch, to disappear
So fairy-quick, was strange ! Bewildered,
Endymion sought around, and shook each bed
Of covert flowers in vain ; and then he flung
Himself along the grass. What gentle tongue,
What whisperer disturbed his gloomy rest ?
It was a nymph uprisen to the breast
In the fountain's pebbly margin, and she stood
'Mong lilies, like the youngest of the brood.
To him her dripping hand she softly kist,
And anxiously began to plait and twist
Her ringlets round her fingers, saying : " Youth !
Too long, alas, hast thou starved on the ruth,
The bitterness of love : too long indeed,
Seeing thou art so gentle. Could I weed
Thy soul of care, by heavens, I would offer
All the bright riches of my crystal coffer
To Amphitrite ; all my clear-eyed fish,
Golden, or rainbow-sided, or purplish,
Vermilion-tailed, or finned with silvery gauze ;
Yea, or my veined pebble-floor, that draws
A virgin light to the deep ; my grotto-sands,
Tawny and gold, oozed slowly from far lands
By my diligent springs ; my level lilies, shells,
My charming rod, my potent river spells ;
Yes, everything, even to the pearly cup
Meander gave me,—for I bubbled up
To fainting creatures in a desert wild.
But woe is me, I am but as a child
To gladden thee ; and all I dare to say,
Is, that I pity thee ; that on this day

I've been thy guide ; that thou must wander far
 In other regions, past the scanty bar
 To mortal steps, before thou canst be ta'en
 From every wasting sigh, from every pain,
 Into the gentle bosom of thy love.
 Why it is thus, one knows in heaven above :
 But, a poor Naiad, I guess not. Farewell !
 I have a ditty for my hollow cell."

Hereat, she vanished from Endymion's gaze,
 Who brooded o'er the water in amaze :
 The dashing fount poured on, and where its pool
 Lay, half asleep, in grass and rushes cool,
 Quick waterflies and gnats were sporting still,
 And fish were dimpling, as if good nor ill
 Had fallen out that hour. The wanderer,
 Holding his forehead, to keep off the burr
 Of smothering fancies, patiently sat down ;
 And, while beneath the evening's sleepy frown
 Glowworms began to trim their starry lamps,
 Thus breathed he to himself : " Whoso encamps
 To take a fancied city of delight,
 O what a wretch is he ! and when 'tis his,
 After long toil and travelling, to miss
 The kernel of his hopes, how more than vile :
 Yet, for him there's refreshment even in toil ;
 Another city doth he set about,
 Free from the smallest pebble-bead of doubt
 That he will seize on trickling honeycombs :
 Alas, he finds them dry ; and then he foams,
 And onward to another city speeds.
 But this is human life : the war, the deeds,
 The disappointment, the anxiety,
 Imagination's struggles, far and nigh,
 All human ; bearing in themselves this good,
 That they are still the air, the subtle food,

To make us feel existence, and to show
How quiet death is. Where soil is men grow,
Whether to weeds or flowers ; but for me,
There is no depth to strike in : I can see
Naught earthly worth my compassing ; so stand
Upon a misty, jutting head of land—
Alone? No, no ; and by the Orphean lute,
When mad Eurydice is listening to't ;
I'd rather stand upon this misty peak,
With not a thing to sigh for, or to seek,
But the soft shadow of my thrice-seen love,
Than be—I care not what. O meekest dove
Of heaven ! O Cynthia, ten times bright and fair !
From thy blue throne, now filling all the air,
Glance but one little beam of tempered light
Into my bosom, that the dreadful might
And tyranny of love be somewhat scared !
Yet do not so, sweet queen ; one torment spared,
Would give a pang to jealous misery,
Worse than the torment's self : but rather tie
Large wings upon my shoulders, and point out
My love's far dwelling. Though the playful rout
Of Cupids shun thee, too divine art thou,
Too keen in beauty, for thy silver prow
Not to have dipped in love's most gentle stream.
O be propitious, nor severely deem
My madness impious ; for, by all the stars
That tend thy bidding, I do think the bars
That kept my spirit in are burst—that I
Am sailing with thee through the dizzy sky !
How beautiful thou art ! The world how deep !
How tremulous-dazzlingly the wheels sweep
Around their axle ! Then these gleaming reins,
How lithe ! When this thy chariot attains
Its airy goal, haply some bower veils
Those twilight eyes ? Those eyes !—my spirit fails—

Dear goddess, help ! or the wide-gaping air
 Will gulf me—help !”—At this with maddened stare,
 And lifted hands, and trembling lips he stood ;
 Like old Deucalion mountained o'er the flood,
 Or blind Orion* hungry for the morn.
 And, but from the deep cavern there was borne
 A voice, he had been froze to senseless stone ;
 Nor sigh of his, nor plaint, nor passioned moan
 Had more been heard. Thus swelled it forth : “ Descend,
 Young mountaineer ! descend where alleys bend
 Into the sparry hollows of the world !
 Oft hast thou seen bolts of the thunder hurled
 As from thy threshold ; day by day hast been
 A little lower than the chilly sheen
 Of icy pinnacles, and dippedst thine arms
 Into the deadening ether that still charms
 Their marble being : now, as deep profound
 As those are high, descend ! He ne'er is crowned
 With immortality, who fears to follow
 Where airy voices lead : so through the hollow,
 The silent mysteries of earth, descend !”

He heard but the last words, nor could contend
 One moment in reflection : for he fled
 Into the fearful deep, to hide his head
 From the clear moon, the trees, and coming madness.

'Twas far too strange, and wonderful for sadness ;
 Sharpening, by degrees, his appetite
 To dive into the deepest. Dark, nor light,

* The hero Orion was blinded in his sleep by order of CEnopion, king of Chios, whose daughter he had asked in marriage. On awaking and finding what had happened to him, he followed a sound which led him to a forge. Here he placed one of the workmen on his shoulders, and made him guide him to a spot where the rising sun could be seen. The first ray that struck his face restored, as he had anticipated, his eyesight. The eagerness with which the blind giant must have longed for daylight is here used as descriptive of Endymion's passion.

The region ; nor bright, nor sombre wholly,
But mingled up ; a gleaming melancholy ;
A dusky empire and its diadems ;
One faint eternal eventide of gems.
Ay, millions sparkled on a vein of gold,
Along whose track the prince quick footsteps told,
With all its lines abrupt and angular :
Out-shooting sometimes, like a meteor-star,
Through a vast antre ; then the metal woof,
Like Vulcan's rainbow, with some monstrous roof
Curves hugely : now, far in the deep abyss,
It seems an angry lightning, and doth hiss
Fancy into belief : anon it leads
Through winding passages, where sameness breeds
Vexing conceptions of some sudden change ;
Whether to silver grots, or giant range
Of sapphire columns, or fantastic bridge
Athwart a flood of crystal. On a ridge
Now fareth he, that o'er the vast beneath
Towers like an ocean-cliff, and whence he seeth
A hundred waterfalls, whose voices come
But as the murmuring surge. Chilly and dumb
His bosom grew, when first he, far away,
Descried an orb'd diamond, set to fray
Old Darkness from his throne : 'twas like the sun
Uprisen o'er chaos : and with such a stun
Came the amazement, that, absorbed in it,
He saw not fiercer wonders—past the wit
Of any spirit to tell, but one of those
Who, when this planet's sphering time doth close,
Will be its high remembrancers : who they ?
The mighty ones who have made eternal day
For Greece and England. While astonishment
With deep-drawn sighs was quieting, he went
Into a marble gallery, passing through
A mimic temple, so complete and true

In sacred custom, that he well-nigh feared
To search it inwards ; whence far off appeared,
Through a long pillared vista, a fair shrine,
And, just beyond, on light tiptoe divine,
A quivered Dian. Stepping awfully,
The youth approached ; oft turning his veiled eye
Down sidelong aisles, and into niches old.
And when, more near against the marble cold
He had touched his forehead, he began to thread
All courts and passages, where silence dead
Roused by his whispering footsteps murmured faint :
And long he traversed to and fro, to acquaint
Himself with every mystery, and awe ;
Till, weary, he sat down before the maw
Of a wide outlet, fathomless and dim,
To wild uncertainty and shadows grim.
There, when new wonders ceased to float before,
And thoughts of self came on, how crude and sore
The journey homeward to habitual self !
A mad-pursuing of the fog-born elf,
Whose flitting lantern, through rude nettle-briar,
Cheats us into a swamp, into a fire,
Into the bosom of a hated thing.

What misery most drowningly doth sing
In lone Endymion's ear, now he has caught
The goal of consciousness ? Ah ! 'tis the thought,
The deadly feel of solitude : for lo !
He cannot see the heavens, nor the flow
Of rivers, nor hill-flowers running wild
In pink and purple chequer, nor, up-piled,
The cloudy rack slow journeying in the west,
Like herded elephants ; nor felt, nor prest
Cool grass, nor tasted the fresh slumberous air ;
But far from such companionship to wear

An unknown time, surcharged with grief, away,
 Was now his lot. And must he patient stay,
 Tracing fantastic figures with his spear ?
 " No !" exclaimed he ; " why should I tarry here ?"
 No ! loudly echoed times innumerable.
 At which he straightway started, and 'gan tell
 His paces back into the temple's chief ;
 Warming and glowing strong in the belief
 Of help from Dian : so that when again
 He caught her airy form, thus did he plain,
 Moving more near the while. " O Haunter chaste
 Of river sides, and woods, and heathy waste,
 Where with thy silver bow and arrows keen
 Art thou now forested ? O woodland Queen,
 What smoothest air thy smoother forehead woos ?
 Where dost thou listen to the wide halloos
 Of thy departed nymphs ? Through what dark tree
 Glimmers thy crescent ? Wheresoe'er it be,
 'Tis in the breath of heaven : thou dost taste
 Freedom as none can taste it, nor dost waste
 Thy loveliness in dismal elements ;
 But, finding in our green earth sweet contents,
 There livest blissfully. Ah, if to thee
 It feels Elysian, how rich to me,
 An exiled mortal, sounds its pleasant name !
 Within my breast there lives a choking flame—
 O let me cool it among the zephyr-boughs !
 A homeward fever parches up my tongue—
 O let me slake it at the running springs !
 Upon my ear a noisy nothing rings—
 O let me once more hear the linnet's note !
 Before mine eyes thick films and shadows float—
 O let me 'noint them with the heaven's light !
 Dost thou now lave thy feet and ankles white ?
 O think how sweet to me the freshening sluice !
 Dost thou now please thy thirst with berry-juice ?

O think how this dry palate would rejoice !
 If in soft slumber thou dost hear my voice,
 O think how I should love a bed of flowers !
 Young goddess ! let me see my native bowers !
 Deliver me from this rapacious deep !”

Thus ending loudly, as he would o'erleap
 His destiny, alert he stood ; but when
 Obstinate silence came heavily again,
 Feeling about for its old couch of space
 And airy cradle, lowly bowed his face
 Desponding, o'er the marble floor's cold thrill.
 But 'twas not long ; for, sweeter than the rill
 To its old channel, or a swollen tide
 To margin shallows, were the leaves he spied,
 And flowers, and wreaths, and ready myrtle crowns
 Up heaping through the slab : refreshment drowns
 Itself, and strives its own delights to hide—
 Nor in one spot alone ; the floral pride
 In a long whispering birth enchanted grew
 Before his footsteps ; as when heaved anew
 Old ocean rolls a lengthened wave to the shore,
 Down whose green back the short-lived foam, all hoar,
 Bursts gradual, with a wayward indolence.

Increasing still in heart, and pleasant sense,
 Upon his fairy journey on he hastes ;
 So anxious for the end, he scarcely wastes
 One moment with his hand among the sweets :
 Onward he goes—he stops—his bosom beats
 As plainly in his ear, as the faint charm
 Of which the throbs were born. This still alarm,
 This sleepy music, forced him walk tiptoe !
 For it came more softly than the east could blow
 Arion's magic to the Atlantic isles ;
 Or than the west, made jealous by the smiles

ENDYMION.

Of throned Apollo, could breathe back the lyre
To seas Ionian and Tyrian.

O did he ever live, that lonely man,
Who loved—and music slew not? 'Tis the pest
Of love, that fairest joys give most unrest ;
That things of delicate and tenderest worth
Are swallowed all, and made a seared dearth,
By one consuming flame : it doth immerse
And suffocate true blessings in a curse.
Half-happy, by comparison of bliss,
Is miserable. 'Twas even so with this
Dew-dropping melody, in the Carian's ear ;
First heaven, then hell, and then forgotten clear,
Vanished in elemental passion.

And down some swart abysm he had gone,
Had not a heavenly guide benignant led
To where thick myrtle branches, 'gainst his head
Brushing, awakened : then the sounds again
Went noiseless as a passing noontide rain
Over a bower, where little space he stood ;
For as the sunset peeps into a wood
So saw he panting light, and towards it went
Through winding alleys ; and lo, wonderment !
Upon soft verdure saw, one here, one there,
Cupids a-slumbering on their pinions fair.

After a thousand mazes overgone,
At last, with sudden step, he came upon
A chamber, myrtle walled, embowered high,
Full of light, incense, tender minstrelsy,
And more of beautiful and strange beside :
For on a silken couch of rosy pride,
In midst of all, there lay a sleeping youth
Of fondest beauty ; fonder, in fair sooth,

Than sighs could fathom, or contentment reach :
And coverlids gold-tinted like the peach,
Or ripe October's faded marigolds,
Fell sleek about him in a thousand folds—
Not hiding up an Apollonian curve
Of neck and shoulder, nor the tenting swerve
Of knee from knee, nor ankles pointing light ;
But rather, giving them to the filled sight
Officiously. Sideway his face reposed
On one white arm, and tenderly unclosed,
By tenderest pressure, a faint damask mouth
To slumbery pout ; just as the morning south
Disparts a dew-lipped rose. Above his head,
Four lily stalks did their white honours wed
To make a coronal ; and round him grew
All tendrils green, of every bloom and hue,
Together intertwined and trammelled fresh :
The vine of glossy sprout ; the ivy mesh,
Shading its Æthiop berries ; and woodbine,
Of velvet leaves and bugle-blooms divine ;
Convolvulus in streaked vases flush ;
The creeper, mellowing for an autumn blush ;
And virgin's bower, trailing airily ;
With others of the sisterhood. Hard by,
Stood serene Cupids watching silently.
One, kneeling to a lyre, touched the strings,
Muffling to death the pathos with his wings ;
And, ever and anon, uprose to look
At the youth's slumber ; while another took
A willow-bough, distilling odorous dew,
And shook it on his hair ; another flew
In through the woven roof, and fluttering-wise
Rained violets upon his sleeping eyes.

At these enchantments, and yet many more,
The breathless Latmian wondered o'er and o'er ;

Until, impatient in embarrassment,
He forthright passed, and lightly treading went
To that same feathered lyrist, who straightway,
Smiling, thus whispered : " Though from upper day
Thou art a wanderer, and thy presence here
Might seem unholy, be of happy cheer !
For 'tis the nicest touch of human honour,
When some ethereal and high-favouring donor
Presents immortal bowers to mortal sense ;
As now 'tis done to thee, Endymion. Hence
Was I in nowise startled. So recline
Upon these living flowers. Here is wine,
Alive with sparkles—never, I aver,
Since Ariadne was a vintager,
So cool a purple : taste these juicy pears,
Sent me by sad Vertumnus, when his fears
Were high about Pomona : here is cream,
Deepening to richness from a snowy gleam ;
Sweeter than that nurse Amalthea skimmed
For the boy Jupiter : and here, undimmed
By any touch, a bunch of blooming plums
Ready to melt between an infant's gums :
And here is manna picked from Syrian trees,
In starlight, by the three Hesperides.
Feast on, and meanwhile I will let thee know
Of all these things around us." He did so,
Still brooding o'er the cadence of his lyre ;
And thus : " I need not any hearing tire
By telling how the sea-born goddess pined
For a mortal youth, and how she strove to bind
Him all in all unto her doting self.
Who would not be so prisoned ? but, fond elf,
He was content to let her amorous plea
Faint through his careless arms ; content to see
An unseized heaven dying at his feet ;
Content, O fool ! to make a cold retreat,

When on the pleasant grass such love, lovelorn,
 Lay sorrowing ; when every tear was born
 Of diverse passion ; when her lips and eyes
 Were closed in sullen moisture, and quick sighs
 Came vexed and pettish through her nostrils small.
 Hush ! no exclaim—yet justly mightst thou call
 Curses upon his head.—I was half glad,
 But my poor mistress went distract and mad,
 When the boar tusked him : so away she flew
 To Jove's high throne, and by her plainings drew
 Immortal tear-drops down the thunderer's beard ;
 Whereon, it was decreed he should be reared
 Each summer time to life. Lo ! this is he,
 That same Adonis, safe in the privacy
 Of this still region all his winter-sleep.*
 Ay, sleep ; for when our love-sick queen did weep
 Over his waned *corse*, the tremulous shower
 Healed up the wound, and, with a balmy power,
 Medicined death to a lengthened drowsiness :
 The which she fills with visions, and doth dress
 In all this quiet luxury ; and hath set
 Us young immortals, without any let,
 To watch his slumber through. 'Tis well-nigh passed,
 Even to a moment's filling up, and fast
 She scuds with summer breezes, to pant through
 The first long kiss, warm firstling, to renew
 Embowered sports in Cytherea's isle.
 Look ! how those winged listeners all this while
 Stand anxious : see ! behold !"—This clamant word
 Broke through the careful silence ; for they heard
 A rustling noise of leaves, and out there fluttered
 Pigeons and doves : Adonis something muttered,

* Proserpine is fabled as having restored Adonis to life on condition that he should spend six months with her in Tartarus, and six months on earth with Venus. Thus the alternate return of summer and winter were allegorized.

ENDYMION.

The while one hand, that erst upon his thigh
Lay dormant, moved convulsed and gradually
Up to his forehead. Then there was a hum
Of sudden voices, echoing, "Come! come!
Arise! awake! Clear summer has forth walked
Unto the clover-sward, and she has talked
Full soothingly to every nested finch:
Rise, Cupids! or we'll give the bluebell pinch
To your dimpled arms. Once more sweet life begin!"
At this, from every side they hurried in,
Rubbing their sleepy eyes with lazy wrists,
And doubling over head their little fists
In backward yawns. But all were soon alive:
For as delicious wine doth, sparkling, dive
In nectared clouds and curls through water fair,
So from the arbour roof down swelled an air
Odorous and enlivening; making all
To laugh, and play, and sing, and loudly call
For their sweet queen: when lo! the wreathed green
Disparted, and far upward could be seen
Blue heaven, and silver car, air-borne,
Whose silent wheels, fresh wet from clouds of morn,
Spun off a drizzling dew,—which falling chill
On soft Adonis' shoulders, made him still
Nestle and turn uneasily about.
Soon were the white doves plain, with necks stretched out,
And silken traces lightened in descent;
And soon, returning from love's banishment,
Queen Venus leaning downward, open armed:
Her shadow fell upon his breast, and charmed
A tumult to his heart, and a new life
Into his eyes. Ah, miserable strife,
But for her comforting! unhappy sight,
But meeting her blue orbs! Who, who can write
Of these first minutes? The unchariest muse
To embracements warm as theirs makes coy excuse.

O it has ruffled every spirit there,
Saving love's self, who stands superb to share
The general gladness : awfully he stands ;
A sovereign quell is in his waving hands ;
No sight can bear the lightning of his bow ;
His quiver is mysterious, none can know
What themselves think of it ; from forth his eyes
There darts strange light of varied hues and dyes :
A scowl is sometimes on his brow, but who
Look full upon it feel anon the blue
Of his fair eyes run liquid through their souls.
Endymion feels it, and no more controls
The burning prayer within him ; so, bent low,
He had begun a plaining of his woe.
But Venus, bending forward, said : " My child,
Favour this gentle youth ; his days are wild
With love—he—but, alas ! too well I see
Thou know'st the deepness of his misery.
Ah, smile not so, my son : I tell thee true,
That when through heavy hours I used to rue
The endless sleep of this new-born Adon',
This stranger aye I pitied. For upon
A dreary morning once I fled away
Into the breezy clouds, to weep and pray
For this my love : for vexing Mars had teased
Me even to tears : thence, when a little eased,
Down-looking, vacant, through a hazy wood,
I saw this youth as he despairing stood :
Those same dark curls blown vagrant in the wind ;
Those same full fringed lids a constant blind
Over his sullen eyes : I saw him throw
Himself on withered leaves, even as though
Death had come sudden ; for no jot he moved,
Yet muttered wildly. I could hear he loved
Some fair immortal, and that his embrace
Had zoned her through the night. There is no trace

Of this in heaven : I have marked each cheek,
And find it is the vainest thing to seek ;
And that of all things 'tis kept secretest.
Endymion ! one day thou wilt be blest :
So still obey the guiding hand that fends
Thee safely through these wonders for sweet ends.
'Tis a concealment needful in extreme ;
And if I guessed not so, the sunny beam
Thou shouldst mount up to with me. Now adieu !
Here must we leave thee."—At these words up flew
The impatient doves, up rose the floating car,
Up went the hum celestial. High afar
The Latmian saw them minish into naught ;
And, when all were clear vanished, still he caught
A vivid lightning from that dreadful bow.
When all was darkened, with Etnean throe
The earth closed—gave a solitary moan—
And left him once again in twilight lone.

He did not rave, he did not stare aghast,
For all those visions were o'ergone, and past,
And he in loneliness : he felt assured
Of happy times, when all he had endured
Would seem a feather to the mighty prize.
So, with unusual gladness, on he hies
Through caves, and palaces of mottled ore,
Gold dome, and crystal wall, and turquois floor,
Black polished porticoes of awful shade,
And, at the last, a diamond balustrade,
Leading afar past wild magnificence,
Spiral through ruggedest loopholes, and thence
Stretching across a void, then guiding o'er
Enormous chasms, where, all foam and roar,
Streams subterranean tease their granite beds ;
Then heightened just above the silvery heads

Of a thousand fountains, so that he could dash
The waters with his spear ; but at the splash,
Done heedlessly, those spouting columns rose
Sudden a poplar's height, and 'gan to enclose
His diamond path with fretwork, streaming round
Alive, and dazzling cool, and with a sound,
Haply, like dolphin tumults, when sweet shells
Welcome the float of Thetis. Long he dwells
On this delight ; for, every minute's space,
The streams with changed magic interlace :
Sometimes like delicatest lattices,
Covered with crystal vines ; then weeping trees,
Moving about as in a gentle wind,
Which, in a wink, to watery gauze refined,
Poured into shapes of curtained canopies,
Spangled, and rich with liquid broideries
Of flowers, peacocks, swans, and naiads fair.
Swifter than lightning went these wonders rare ;
And then the water, into stubborn streams
Collecting, mimicked the wrought oaken beams,
Pillars, and frieze, and high fantastic roof,
Of those dusk places in times far aloof
Cathedrals called. He bade a loth farewell
To these founts Protean, passing gulf, and dell,
And torrent, and ten thousand jutting shapes,
Half seen through deepest gloom, and grisly gapes,
Blackening on every side, and overhead
A vaulted dome like Heaven's, far bespread
With starlight gems : ay, all so huge and strange,
The solitary felt a hurried change
Working within him into something dreary—
Vexed like a morning eagle, lost, and weary,
And purblind amid foggy, midnight wolds.
But he revives at once : for who beholds
New sudden things, nor casts his mental slough ?
Forth from a rugged arch, in the dusk below,

ENDYMION.

Came mother Cybele! alone—alone—
 In sombre chariot; dark foldings thrown
 About her majesty, and front death-pale,
 With turrets crowned. Four maned lions hale
 The sluggish wheels; solemn their toothed maws,
 Their surly eyes brow-hidden, heavy paws
 Uplifted drowsily, and nervy tails
 Cowering their tawny brushes. Silent sails
 This shadowy queen athwart, and faints away
 In another gloomy arch.

Wherefore delay,
 Young traveller, in such a mournful place?
 Art thou wayworn, or canst not further trace
 The diamond path? And does it indeed end
 Abrupt in middle air? Yet earthward bend
 Thy forehead, and to Jupiter cloud-borne
 Call ardently! He was indeed wayworn;
 Abrupt, in middle air, his way was lost;
 To cloud-borne Jove he bowed, and there crost
 Towards him a large eagle, 'twixt whose wings,
 Without one impious word, himself he flings,
 Committed to the darkness and the gloom:
 Down, down, uncertain to what pleasant doom,
 Swift as a fathoming plummet down he fell
 Through unknown things; till exhaled asphodel,
 And rose, with spicy fannings interbreathed,
 Came swelling forth where little caves were wreathed
 So thick with leaves and mosses, that they seemed
 Like honeycombs of green, and freshly teemed
 With airs delicious. In the greenest nook
 The eagle landed him, and farewell took.

It was a jasmine bower, all bestrown
 With golden moss. His every sense had grown
 Ethereal for pleasure; 'bove his head
 Flew a delight, half graspable; his tread

Was Hesperean ; to his capable ears
Silence was music from the holy spheres ;
A dewy luxury was in his eyes ;
The little flowers felt his pleasant sighs
And stirred them faintly. Verdant cave and cell
He wandered through, oft wondering at such swell
Of sudden exaltation : but, " Alas !"
Said he, " will all this gush of feeling pass
Away in solitude ? And must they wane,
Like melodies upon a sandy plain,
Without an echo ? Then shall I be left
So sad, so melancholy, so bereft !
Yet still I feel immortal ! O my love,
My breath of life, where art thou ? High above,
Dancing before the morning gates of heaven ?
Or keeping watch among those starry seven,
Old Atlas' children ? Art a maid of the waters,
One of shell-winding Triton's bright-haired daughters :
Or art, impossible ! a nymph of Dian's,
Weaving a coronal of tender scions
For very idleness ? Where'er thou art,
Methinks it now is at my will to start
Into thine arms ; to scare Aurora's train,
And snatch thee from the morning ; o'er the main
To scud like a wild bird, and take thee off
From thy sea-foamy cradle ; or to doff
Thy shepherd vest, and woo thee 'mid fresh leaves
No, no, too eagerly my soul deceives
Its powerless self : I know this cannot be.
O let me then by some sweet dreaming flee
To her entrancements : hither sleep awhile !
Hither most gentle sleep ! and soothing foil
For some few hours the coming solitude."

Thus spake he, and that moment felt endued
With power to dream deliciously ; so wound

Through a dim passage, searching till he found
 The smoothest mossy bed and deepest, where
 He threw himself, and just into the air
 Stretching his indolent arms, he took, O bliss !
 A naked waist : " Fair Cupid, whence is this ?"
 A well-known voice sighed, " Sweetest, here am I !"
 At which soft ravishment, with doating cry
 They trembled to each other.—Helicon !
 O fountained hill ! Old Homer's Helicon !
 That thou wouldst spout a little streamlet o'er
 These sorry pages ; then the verse would soar
 And sing above this gentle pair, like lark
 Over his nested young : but all is dark
 Around thine aged top, and thy clear fount
 Exhales in mists to heaven. Ay, the count
 Of mighty Poets is made up ; the scroll
 Is folded by the Muses ; the bright roll
 Is in Apollo's hand : our dazed eyes
 Have seen a new tinge in the western skies :
 The world has done its duty. Yet, oh yet,
 Although the sun of poesy is set,
 These lovers did embrace, and we must weep
 That there is no old power left to steep
 A quill immortal in their joyous tears.
 Long time in silence did their anxious fears
 Question that thus it was ; long time they lay
 Fondling and kissing every doubt away ;
 Long time ere soft caressing sobs began
 To mellow into words, and then there ran
 Two bubbling springs of talk from their sweet lips.
 " O known Unknown ! from whom my being sips
 Such darling essence, wherefore may I not
 Be ever in these arms ? in this sweet spot
 Pillow my chin for ever ? ever press
 These toying hands and kiss their smooth excess ?
 Why not for ever and for ever feel

That breath about my eyes ? Ah, thou wilt steal
Away from me again, indeed, indeed—
Thou wilt be gone away, and wilt not heed
My lonely madness. Speak, my kindest fair !
Is—is it to be so ? No ! Who will dare
To pluck thee from me ? And, of thine own will,
Full well I feel thou wouldst not leave me. Still
Let me entwine thee surer, surer—now
How can we part ? Elysium ! who art thou ?
Who, that thou canst not be for ever here,
Or lift me with thee to some starry sphere ?
Enchantress ! tell me by this soft embrace,
By the most soft complexion of thy face,
Those lips, O slippery blisses, twinkling eyes,
And by these tenderest, milky sovereignties—
These tenderest, and by the nectar-wine,
The passion”——“ O loved Ida the divine !
Endymion ! dearest ! Ah, unhappy me !
His soul will 'scape us—O felicity !
How he does love me ! His poor temples beat
To the very tune of love—how sweet, sweet, sweet.
Revive, dear youth, or I shall faint and die ;
Revive, or these short hours will hurry by
In tranced dulness ; speak, and let that spell
Affright this lethargy ! I cannot quell
Its heavy pressure, and will press at least
My lips to thine, that they may richly feast
Until we taste the life of love again.
What ! dost thou move ? dost kiss ? O bliss ! O pain !
I love thee, youth, more than I can conceive ;
And so long absence from thee doth bereave
My soul of any rest : yet must I hence :
Yet, can I not to starry eminence
Uplift thee ; nor for very shame can own
Myself to thee. Ah, dearest, do not groan
Or thou wilt force me from this secrecy,

And I must blush in heaven. O that I
 Had done it already ; that the dreadful smiles
 At my lost brightness, my impassioned wiles,
 Had waned from Olympus' solemn height,
 And from all serious Gods ; that our delight
 Was quite forgotten, save of us alone !
 And wherefore so ashamed ? 'Tis but to atone
 For endless pleasure, by some coward blushes :
 Yet must I be a coward !—Horror rushes
 Too palpable before me—the sad look
 Of Jove—Minerva's start—no bosom shook
 With awe of purity—no Cupid pinion
 In reverence veiled—my crystalline dominion
 Half lost, and all old hymns made nullity !
 But what is this to love ? O I could fly
 With thee into the ken of heavenly powers,
 So thou wouldst thus, for many sequent hours,
 Press me so sweetly. Now I swear at once
 That I am wise, that Pallas is a dunce—
 Perhaps her love like mine is but unknown—
 O I do think that I have been alone
 In chastity : yes, Pallas has been sighing,
 While every eve saw me my hair uptying
 With fingers cool as aspen leaves. Sweet love,
 I was as vague as solitary dove,
 Nor knew that nests were built. Now a soft kiss—
 Ay, by that kiss, I vow an endless bliss,
 An immortality of passion's thine :
 Ere long I will exalt thee to the shine
 Of heaven ambrosial ; and we will shade
 Ourselves whole summers by a river glade :
 And I will tell thee stories of the sky,
 And breathe thee whispers of its minstrelsy.
 My happy love will overwing all bounds !
 O let me melt into thee ; let the sounds
 Of our close voices marry at their birth ;

Let us entwine hoveringly—O dearth
 Of human words ! roughness of mortal speech !
 Lispings empyrean will I sometime teach
 Thine honeyed tongue—lute-breathings, which I gasp
 To have thee understand, now while I clasp
 Thee thus, and weep for fondness—I am pained,
 Endymion : woe ! woe ! is grief contained
 In the very deeps of pleasure, my sole life ?"—
 Hereat, with many sobs, her gentle strife
 Melted into a languor. He returned
 Entranced vows and tears.

Ye who have yearned

With too much passion, will here stay and pity,
 For the mere sake of truth ; as 'tis a ditty
 Not of these days, but long ago 'twas told
 By a cavern wind unto a forest old :
 And then the forest told it in a dream
 To a sleeping lake, whose cool and level gleam
 A poet caught as he was journeying
 To Phœbus' shrine ; and in it he did fling
 His weary limbs, bathing an hour's space,
 And after, straight in that inspired place
 He sang the story up into the air,
 Giving it universal freedom. There
 Has it been ever sounding for those ears
 Whose tips are glowing hot. The legend cheers
 Yon sentinel stars ; and he who listens to it
 Must surely be self-doomed or he will rue it :
 For quenchless burnings come upon the heart,
 Made fiercer by the fear lest any part
 Should be engulfed in the eddying wind.
 As much as here is penned doth always find
 A resting place, thus much comes clear and plain ;
 Anon the strange voice is upon the wane—

And 'tis but echoed from departing sound,
That the fair visitant at last unwound
Her gentle limbs, and left the youth asleep.
Thus the tradition of the gusty deep.

Now turn we to our former chroniclers.
Endymion awoke, that grief of hers
Sweet paining on his ear : he sickly guessed
How lone he was once more, and sadly pressed
His empty arms together, hung his head,
And most forlorn upon that widowed bed
Sat silently. Love's madness he had known :
Often with more than tortured lion's groan
Moanings had burst from him ; but now that rage
Had passed away : no longer did he wage
A rough-voiced war against the dooming stars.
No, he had felt too much for such harsh jars :
The lyre of his soul Æolian tuned
Forgot all violence, and but communed
With melancholy thought : O he had swooned
Drunken from pleasure's nipple ; and his love
Henceforth was dove-like.—Loth was he to move
From the imprinted couch, and when he did,
'Twas with slow, languid paces, and face hid
In muffling hands. So tempered, out he strayed
Half seeing visions that might have dismayed
Alecto's serpents ; ravishments more keen
Than Hermes' pipe, when anxious he did lean
Over eclipsing eyes : and at the last
It was a sounding grotto, vaulted, vast,
O'er studded with a thousand, thousand pearls,
And crimson-mouthed shells with stubborn curls,
Of every shape and size, even to the bulk
In which whales harbour close, to brood and sulk
Against an endless storm. Moreover too,
Fish-semblances, of green and azure hue.

Ready to snort their streams. In this cool wonder
Endymion sat down, and 'gan to ponder
On all his life : his youth, up to the day
When 'mid acclaim, and feasts, and garlands gay,
He stept upon his shepherd throne : the look
Of his white palace in wild forest nook,
And all the revels he had lorded there :
Each tender maiden whom he once thought fair,
With every friend and fellow-woodlander—
Passed like a dream before him. Then the spur
Of the old bards to mighty deeds : his plans
To nurse the golden age 'mong shepherd clans :
That wondrous night : the great Pan-festival :
His sister's sorrow ; and his wanderings all,
Until into the earth's deep maw he rushed :
Then all its buried magic, till it flushed
High with excessive love. "And now," thought he,
"How long must I remain in jeopardy
Of blank amazements that amaze no more ?
Now I have tasted her sweet soul to the core
All other depths are shallow : essences,
Once spiritual, are like muddy lees,
Meant but to fertilize my earthly root,
And make my branches lift a golden fruit
Into the bloom of heaven : other light,
Though it be quick and sharp enough to blight
The Olympian eagle's vision, is dark,
Dark as the parentage of chaos. Hark !
My silent thoughts are echoing from these shells ;
Or they are but the ghosts, the dying swells
Of noises far away ?—list !" —Hereupon
He kept an anxious ear. The humming tone
Came louder, and behold, there as he lay,
On either side outgushed, with misty spray,
A copious spring ; and both together dashed
Swift, mad, fantastic round the rocks, and lashed

Among the conches and shells of the lofty grot,
 Leaving a trickling dew. At last they shot
 Down from the ceiling's height, pouring a noise
 As of some breathless racers whose hopes poise
 Upon the last few steps, and with spent force
 Along the ground they took a winding course.
 Endymion followed—for it seemed that one
 Ever pursued, the other strove to shun*—
 Followed their languid mazes, till well-nigh
 He had left thinking of the mystery,—
 And was now rapt in tender hoverings
 Over the vanished bliss. Ah! what is it sings
 His dream away? What melodies are these?
 They sound as through the whispering of trees,
 Not native in such barren vaults. Give ear!

“O Arethusa, peerless nymph! why fear
 Such tenderness as mine? Great Dian, why,
 Why didst thou hear her prayer? O that I
 Were rippling round her dainty fairness now,
 Circling about her waist, and striving how
 To entice her to a dive! then stealing in
 Between her luscious lips and eyelids thin.
 O that her shining hair was in the sun,
 And I distilling from it thence to run
 In amorous rilllets down her shrinking form!
 To linger on her lily shoulders, warm
 Between her kissing breasts, and every charm
 Touch raptured!—See how painfully I flow:
 Fair maid, be pitiful to my great woe.

* The pretty fable of Arethusa has produced one of the most exquisite poems in our language—Shelley's "Arethusa." Alpheus, the river god, having become enamoured of her—she was a nymph of Diana's train—the goddess changed her into a fountain, and opened a secret passage under the earth for her waters, which rose again in the island of Ortygia, in Sicily. The river Alpheus followed her under the waves, and rose in the same island.

Stay, stay thy weary course, and let me lead,
 A happy wooer, to the flowery mead
 Where all that beauty snared me."—"Cruel god,
 Desist! or my offended mistress' nod
 Will stagnate all thy fountains:—tease me not
 With siren words—Ah, have I really got
 Such power to madden thee? And is it true—
 Away, away, or I shall dearly rue
 My very thoughts: in mercy then away,
 Kindest Alpheus, for should I obey
 My own dear will, 'twould be a deadly bane."—
 "O, Oread-Queen! would that thou hadst a pain
 Like this of mine, then would I fearless turn
 And be a criminal."—"Alas, I burn,
 I shudder—gentle river, get thee hence.
 Alpheus! thou enchanter! every sense
 Of mine was once made perfect in these woods.
 Fresh breezes, bowery lawns, and innocent floods,
 Ripe fruits, and lonely couch, contentment gave;
 But ever since I heedlessly did lave
 In thy deceitful stream, a panting glow
 Grew strong within me: wherefore serve me so,
 And call it love? Alas, 'twas cruelty.
 Not once more did I close my happy eyes
 Amid the thrush's song. Away! Avaunt!
 O 'twas a cruel thing."—"Now thou dost taunt
 So softly, Arethusa, that I think
 If thou wast playing on my shady brink,
 Thou wouldst bathe once again. Innocent maid!
 Stifle thine heart no more;—nor be afraid
 Of angry powers: there are deities
 Will shade us with their wings. Those fitful sighs
 'Tis almost death to hear: O let me pour
 A dewy balm upon them!—fear no more,
 Sweet Arethusa! Dian's self must feel
 Sometimes these very pangs. Dear maiden, steal

Blushing into my soul, and let us fly
 These dreary caverns for the open sky.
 I will delight thee all my winding course,
 From the green sea up to my hidden source
 About Arcadian forests ; and will show
 The channels where my coolest waters flow
 Through mossy rocks ; where, 'mid exuberant green,
 I roam in pleasant darkness, more unseen
 Than Saturn in his exile ; where I brim
 Round flowery islands, and take thence a skim
 Of mealy sweets, which myriads of bees
 Buzz from their honeyed wings : and thou shouldst please
 Thyself to choose the richest, where we might
 Be incense-pillowed every summer night.
 Doff all sad fears, thou white deliciousness,
 And let us be thus comforted ; unless
 Thou couldst rejoice to see my hopeless stream
 Hurry distracted from Sol's temperate beam,
 And pour to death along some hungry sands." —
 "What can I do, Alpheus? Dian stands
 Severe before me : persecuting fate !
 Unhappy Arethusa ! thou wast late
 A huntress free in"——At this, sudden fell
 Those two sad streams adown a fearful dell.
 The Latmian listened, but he heard no more,
 Save echo, faint repeating o'er and o'er
 The name of Arethusa. On the verge
 Of that dark gulf he wept, and said : " I urge
 Thee, gentle Goddess of my pilgrimage,
 By our eternal hopes, to soothe, to assuage,
 If thou art powerful, these lovers' pains ;
 And make them happy in some happy plains."

He turned—there was a whelming sound—he stept,
 There was a cooler light ; and so he kept

Towards it by a sandy path, and lo !
More suddenly than doth a moment go,
The visions of the earth were gone and fled—
He saw the giant sea above his head.

BOOK III.

THERE are who lord it o'er their fellow-men
With most prevailing tinsel : who unpen
Their baaing vanities, to browse away
The comfortable green and juicy hay
From human pastures ; or, O torturing fact !
Who, through an idiot blink, will see unpacked
Fire-branded foxes to sear up and singe
Our gold and ripe-eared hopes. With not one tinge
Of sanctuary splendour, not a sight
Able to face an owl's, they still are dight
By the blear-eyed nations in empurpled vests,
And crowns, and turbans. With unladen breasts,
Save of blown self-applause, they proudly mount
To their spirit's perch, their being's high account,
Their tiptop nothings, their dull skies, their thrones—
Amid the fierce intoxicating tones
Of trumpets, shoutings, and belaboured drums,
And sudden cannon. Ah ! how all this hums,
In wakeful ears, like uproar past and gone—
Like thunder-clouds that spake to Babylon,
And set those old Chaldeans to their tasks.
Are then regalities all gilded masks ?
No, there are throned seats unscalable
But by a patient wing, a constant spell,
Or by ethereal things that, unconfined,
Can make a ladder of the eternal wind,

And poise about in cloudy thunder-tents
 To watch the abysm-birth of elements.
 Ay, 'bove the withering of old-lipped Fate
 A thousand Powers keep religious state,
 In water, fiery realm, and airy bourne ;
 And, silent as a consecrated urn,
 Hold sphery sessions for a season due.
 Yet few of these far majesties, ah, few !
 Have bared their operations to this globe—
 Few, who with gorgeous pageantry enrobe
 Our piece of heaven—whose benevolence
 Shakes hand with our own Ceres ; every sense
 Filling with spiritual sweets to plenitude,
 As bees gorge full their cells. And, by the feud
 'Twixt Nothing and Creation, I here swear,
 Eterne Apollo ! that thy Sister fair
 Is of all these the gentlier-mightiest.
 When thy gold breath is misting in the west,
 She unobservèd steals unto her throne,
 And there she sits most meek and most alone ;
 As if she had not pomp subservient ;
 As if thine eye, high Poet ! was not bent
 Towards her with the Muses in thine heart ;
 As if the minist'ring stars kept not apart,
 Waiting for silver-footed messages.
 O Moon ! the oldest shades 'mong oldest trees
 Feel palpitations when thou lookest in :
 O Moon ! old boughs lisp forth a holier din
 The while they feel thine airy fellowship.
 Thou dost bless everywhere, with silver lip
 Kissing dead things to life. The sleeping kine,
 Couched in thy brightness, dream of fields divine :
 Innumerable mountains rise and rise,
 Ambitious for the hallowing of thine eyes ;
 And yet thy benediction passeth not
 One obscure hiding-place, one little spot

Where pleasure may be sent : the nested wren
 Has thy fair face within its tranquil ken,
 And from beneath a sheltering ivy leaf
 Takes glimpses of thee ; thou art a relief
 To the poor patient oyster, where it sleeps
 Within its pearly house.—The mighty deeps,
 The monstrous sea is thine—the myriad sea !
 O Moon ! far-spooming Ocean bows to thee,
 And Tellus feels her forehead's cumbrous load.*

Cynthia ! where art thou now ? What far abode
 Of green or silvery bower doth enshrine
 Such utmost beauty ? Alas, thou dost pine
 For one as sorrowful : thy cheek is pale
 For one whose cheek is pale : thou dost bewail
 His tears, who weeps for thee. Where dost thou sigh ?
 Ah ! surely that light peeps from Vesper's eye,
 Or what a thing is love ! 'Tis She, but lo !
 How changed, how full of ache, how gone in woe !
 She dies at the thinnest cloud ; her loveliness
 Is wan on Neptune's blue : yet there's a stress
 Of love-spangles, just off yon cape of trees,
 Dancing upon the waves, as if to please
 The curly foam with amorous influence.
 O, not so idle : for down-glancing thence
 She fathoms eddies, and runs wild about
 O'erwhelming watercourses ; scaring out
 The thorny sharks from hiding-holes, and frightening
 Their savage eyes with unaccustomed lightning.
 Where will the splendour be content to reach ?
 O love ! how potent hast thou been to teach

* Tellus, the Earth, was the most ancient of the gods after Chaos. She is represented, like Cybele, crowned with turrets ; but the allusion here is to the pressure of the ocean on the earth.

ENDYMION.

Strange journeyings ! Wherever beauty dwells,
 In gulf or eyrie, mountains or deep dells,
 In light, in gloom, in star or blazing sun,
 Thou pointest out the way, and straight 'tis won.
 Amid his toil thou gavest Leander breath ;
 Thou leddest Orpheus through the gleams of death ;
 Thou madest Pluto bear thine element ;
 And now, O winged Chieftain ! thou hast sent
 A moonbeam to the deep, deep water-world,
 To find Endymion.

On gold sand impearled

With lily shells, and pebbles milky white,
 Poor Cynthia greeted him, and soothed her light
 Against his pallid face : he felt the charm
 To breathlessness, and suddenly a warm
 Of his heart's blood : 'twas very sweet ; he stayed
 His wandering steps, and half-entranced laid
 His head upon a tuft of straggling weeds,
 To taste the gentle moon, and freshening beads,
 Lashed from the crystal roof by fishes' tails.
 And so he kept, until the rosy veils
 Mantling the east, by Aurora's peering hand
 Were lifted from the water's breast, and fanned
 Into sweet air ; and sobered morning came
 Meekly through billows :—when like taper-flame
 Left sudden by a dallying breath of air,
 He rose in silence, and once more 'gan fare
 Along his fated way.

Far had he roamed,

With nothing save the hollow vast, that foamed
 Above, around, and at his feet ; save things
 More dead than Morpheus' imaginings :
 Old rusted anchors, helmets, breast-plates large
 Of gone sea-warriors ; brazen beaks and targe ;

Rudders that for a hundred years had lost
The sway of human hand ; gold vase embossed
With long-forgotten story, and wherein
No reveller had ever dipped a chin
But those of Saturn's vintage ; mouldering scrolls,
Writ in the tongue of heaven, by those souls
Who first were on the earth ; and sculptures rude
In ponderous stone, developing the mood
Of ancient Nox ;—then skeletons of man,
Of beast, behemoth, and leviathan,
And elephant, and eagle, and huge jaw
Of nameless monster. A cold leaden awe
These secrets struck into him ; and unless
Dian had chased away that heaviness,
He might have died : but now, with cheered feel,
He onward kept ; wooing these thoughts to steal
About the labyrinth in his soul of love.

“What is there in thee, Moon! that thou shouldst move
My heart so potently? When yet a child
I oft have dried my tears when thou hast smiled.
Thou seemedst my sister : hand in hand we went
From eve to morn across the firmament.
No apples would I gather from the tree,
Till thou hadst cooled their cheeks deliciously :
No tumbling water ever spake romance,
But when my eyes with thine thereon could dance :
No woods were green enough, no bower divine,
Until thou liftedst up thine eyelids fine :
In sowing time ne'er would I dibble take,
Or drop a seed, till thou wast wide awake ;
And, in the summer time of blossoming,
No one but thee hath heard me blithely sing
And mesh my dewy flowers all the night.
No melody was like a passing sprite

If it went not to solemnize thy reign.
 Yes, in my boyhood, every joy and pain
 By thee were fashioned to the self-same end ;
 And as I grew in years, still didst thou blend
 With all my ardours : thou wast the deep glen ;
 Thou wast the mountain-top—the sage's pen—
 The poet's harp—the voice of friends—the sun ;
 Thou wast the river—thou wast glory won ;
 Thou wast my clarion's blast—thou wast my steed—
 My goblet full of wine—my topmost deed :
 Thou wast the charm of women, lovely Moon !
 O what a wild and harmonized tune
 My spirit struck from all the beautiful !
 On some bright essence could I lean, and lull
 Myself to immortality : I prest
 Nature's soft pillow in a wakeful rest.
 But, gentle Orb ! there came a nearer bliss—
 My strange love came—Felicity's abyss !
 She came, and thou didst fade, and fade away—
 Yet not entirely ; no, thy starry sway
 Has been an under-passion to this hour.
 Now I begin to feel thine orby power
 Is coming fresh upon me : O be kind,
 Keep back thine influence, and do not blind
 My sovereign vision.—Dearest love, forgive
 That I can think away from thee and live !
 Pardon me, airy planet, that I prize
 One thought beyond thine argent luxuries !
 How far beyond !⁷ At this a surprised start
 Frosted the springing verdure of his heart ;
 For as he lifted up his eyes to swear
 How his own goddess was past all things fair,
 He saw far in the concave green of the sea
 An old man sitting calm and peacefully.*

* Glaucus, the fisherman, who became a sea-deity. Keats has greatly altered the old myth of Glaucus and Scylla.

Upon a weeded rock this old man sat,
And his white hair was awful, and a mat
Of weeds were cold beneath his cold thin feet ;
And, ample as the largest winding-sheet,
A cloak of blue wrapped up his aged bones,
O'erwrought with symbols by the deepest groans
Of ambitious magic ; every ocean-form
Was woven in with black distinctness ; storm,
And calm, and whispering, and hideous roar
Were emblemed in the woof ; with every shape
That skims, or dives, or sleeps, 'twixt cape and cape.
The gulping whale was like a dot in the spell,
Yet look upon it, and 'twould size and swell
To its huge self ; and the minutest fish
Would pass the very hardest gazer's wish,
And show his little eye's anatomy.
Then there was pictured the regality
Of Neptune ; and the sea-nymphs round his state,
In beauteous vassalage, look up and wait.
Beside this old man lay a pearly wand,
And in his lap a book, the which he conned
So steadfastly, that the new denizen
Had time to keep him in amazed ken,
To mark these shādowings, and stand in awe.

The old man raised his hoary head and saw
The wildered stranger—seeming not to see,
His features were so lifeless Suddenly
He woke as from a trance ; his snow-white brows
Went arching up, and like to magic ploughs
Furrowed deep wrinkles in his forehead large,
Which kept as fixedly as rocky marge,
Till round his withered lips had gone a smile.
Then up he rose, like one whose tedious toil
Had watched for years in forlorn hermitage,
Who had not from mid-life to utmost age

Eased in one accent his o'er-burdened soul,
 Even to the trees. He rose : he grasped his stole,
 With convulsed clenches waving it abroad,
 And in a voice of solemn joy, that awed
 Echo into oblivion, he said :—

“Thou art the man ! Now shall I lay my head
 In peace upon my watery pillow : now
 Sleep will come smoothly to my weary brow.
 O Jove ! I shall be young again, be young !
 O shell-borne Neptune, I am pierced and stung
 With new-born life ! What shall I do ? Where go,
 When I have cast this serpent-skin of woe ?
 I'll swim to the sirens, and one moment listen
 Their melodies, and see their long hair glisten ;
 Anon upon that giant's arm I'll be,
 That writhes about the roots of Sicily :
 To northern seas I'll in a twinkling sail,
 And mount upon the snortings of a whale
 To some black cloud ; thence down I'll madly sweep
 On forked lightning, to the deepest deep,
 Where through some sucking pool I will be hurled
 With rapture to the other side of the world !
 O, I am full of gladness ! Sisters three,
 I bow full hearted to your old decree !
 Yes, every god be thanked, and power benign,
 For I no more shall wither, droop, and pine.
 Thou art the man !” Endymion started back
 Dismayed ; and, like a wretch from whom the rack
 Tortures hot breath, and speech of agony,
 Muttered : “ What lonely death am I to die
 In this cold region ? Will he let me freeze,
 And float my brittle limbs o'er polar seas ?
 Or will he touch me with his searing hand,
 And leave a black memorial on the sand ?

Or tear me piecemeal with a bony saw,
 And keep me as a chosen food to draw
 His magian fish through hated fire and flame?
 O misery of hell! resistless, tame,
 Am I to be burnt up? No, I will shout,
 Until the gods through heaven's blue look out!
 O Tartarus! but some few days ago
 Her soft arms were entwining me, and on
 Her voice I hung like fruit among green leaves:
 Her lips were all my own, and—ah, ripe sheaves
 Of happiness! ye on the stubble droop,
 But never may be garnered. I must stoop
 My head, and kiss death's foot. Love! love, farewell!
 Is there no hope from thee? This horrid spell
 Would melt at thy sweet breath.—By Dian's hind
 Feeding from her white fingers, on the wind
 I see thy streaming hair! and now, by Pan,
 I care not for this old mysterious man!"

He spake, and walking to that aged form,
 Looked high defiance. Lo! his heart 'gan warm
 With pity, for the grey-haired creature wept.
 Had he then wronged a heart where sorrow kept?
 Had he, though blindly contumelious, brought
 Rheum to kind eyes, a sting to human thought,
 Convulsion to a mouth of many years?
 He had in truth; and he was ripe for tears.
 The penitent shower fell, as down he knelt
 Before that careworn sage, who trembling felt
 About his large dark locks, and faltering spake:

"Arise, good youth, for sacred Phœbus' sake!
 I know thy inmost bosom, and I feel
 A very brother's yearning for thee steal
 Into mine own: for why? thou openest
 The prison gates that have so long opprest

My weary watching. Though thou knowest it not,
 Thou art commisssioned to this fated spot
 For great enfranchisement. O weep no more ;
 I am a friend to love, to loves of yore :
 Ay, hadst thou never loved an unknown power,
 I had been grieving at this joyous hour.
 But even now most miserable old,
 I saw thee, and my blood no longer cold
 Gave mighty pulses : in this tottering case
 Grew a new heart, which at this moment plays
 As dancingly as thine. Be not afraid,
 For thou shalt hear this secret all displayed,
 Now as we speed towards our joyous task."

So saying, this young soul in age's mask
 Went forward with the Carian side by side :
 Resuming quickly thus ; while ocean's tide
 Hung swollen at their backs, and jewelled sands
 Took silently their footprints :

" My soul stands

Now past the midway from mortality,
 And so I can prepare without a sigh
 To tell thee briefly all my joy and pain.
 I was a fisher once, upon this main,
 And my boat danced in every creek and bay ;
 Rough billows were my home by night and day,—
 The seagulls not more constant ; for I had
 No housing from the storm and tempests mad,
 But hollow rocks,—and they were palaces
 Of silent happiness, of slumberous ease :
 Long years of misery have told me so.
 Ay, thus it was one thousand years ago.
 One thousand years !—Is it then possible
 To look so plainly through them ? to dispel

A thousand years with backward glance sublime ?
To breathe away as 'twere all scummy slime
From off a crystal pool, to see its deep,
And one's own image from the bottom peep ?
Yes : now I am no longer wretched thrall,
My long captivity and moanings all
Are but a slime, a thin-pervading scum,
The which I breathe away, and thronging come
Like things of yesterday my youthful pleasures.

“ I touched no lute, I sang not, trod no measures
I was a lonely youth on desert shores.
My sports were lonely, 'mid continuous roars,
And craggy isles, and sea-mew's plaintive cry
Plaining discrepant between sea and sky.
Dolphins were still my playmates ; shapes unseen
Would let me feel their scales of gold and green,
Nor be my desolation ; and, full oft,
When a dread waterspout had reared aloft
Its hungry hugeness, seeming ready ripe
To burst with hoarsest thunderings, and wipe
My life away like a vast sponge of fate,
Some friendly monster, pitying my sad state,
Has dived to its foundations, gulfed it down,
And left me tossing safely. But the crown
Of all my life was utmost quietude :
More did I love to lie in cavern rude,
Keeping in wait whole days for Neptune's voice,
And if it came at last, hark, and rejoice !
There blushed no summer eve but I would steer
My skiff along green shelving coasts, to hear
The shepherd's pipe come clear from aerie steep,
Mingled with ceaseless bleatings of his sheep :
And never was a day of summer shine,
But I beheld its birth upon the brine :

ENDYMION.

For I would watch all night to see unfold
 Heaven's gates, and Æthon snort his morning gold
 Wide o'er the swelling streams : and constantly
 At brim of day-tide, on some grassy lea,
 My nets would be spread out, and I at rest.
 The poor folk of the sea-country I blest
 With daily boon of fish most delicate :
 They knew not whence this bounty, and elate
 Would strew sweet flowers on a sterile beach.

“Why was I not contented? Wherefore reach
 At things which, but for thee, O Latmian!
 Had been my dreary death? Fool! I began
 To feel distempered longings : to desire
 The utmost privilege that ocean's sire
 Could grant in benediction : to be free
 Of all his kingdom. Long in misery
 I wasted, ere in one extremest fit
 I plunged for life or death. To interknit
 One's senses with so dense a breathing stuff
 Might seem a work of pain ; so not enough
 Can I admire how crystal-smooth it felt,
 And buoyant round my limbs. At first I dwelt
 Whole days and days in sheer astonishment ;
 Forgetful utterly of self-intent ;
 Moving but with the mighty ebb and flow.
 Then, like a new-fledged bird that first doth show
 His spreaded feathers to the morrow chill,
 I tried in fear the pinions of my will.
 'Twas freedom ! and at once I visited
 The ceaseless wonders of this ocean-bed.
 No need to tell thee of them, for I see
 That thou hast been a witness—it must be
 For these I know thou canst not feel a drouth.
 By the melancholy corners of that mouth.

So I will in my story straightway pass
 To more immediate matter. Woe, alas !
 That love should be my bane ! Ah, Scylla fair !
 Why did poor Glaucus ever—ever dare
 To sue thee to his heart ? Kind stranger-youth !
 I loved her to the very white of truth,
 And she would not conceive it. Timid thing !
 She fled me swift as sea-bird on the wing,
 Round every isle, and point, and promontory,
 From where large Hercules wound up his story
 Far as Egyptian Nile. My passion grew
 The more, the more I saw her dainty hue
 Gleam delicately through the azure clear :
 Until 'twas too fierce agony to bear ;
 And in that agony, across my grief
 It flashed, that Circe might find some relief—
 Cruel enchantress ! So above the water
 I reared my head, and looked for Phœbus' daughter.
 Ææa's isle was wondering at the moon :
 It seemed to whirl around me, and a swoon
 Left me dead-drifting to that fatal power.

“When I awoke, 'twas in a twilight bower ;
 Just when the light of moon, with hum of bees,
 Stole through its verdurous matting of fresh trees.
 How sweet, and sweeter ! for I heard a lyre,
 And over it a sighing voice expire.
 It ceased—I caught light footsteps ; and anon
 The fairest face that morn e'er looked upon
 Pushed through a screen of roses. Starry Jove !
 With tears, and smiles, and honey-words she wove
 A net whose thraldom was more bliss than all
 The range of flowered Elysium. Thus did fall
 The dew of her rich speech : ‘ Ah ! art awake ?
 O let me hear thee speak, for Cupid's sake !

I am so oppressed with joy ! Why, I have shed
 An urn of tears, as though thou wert cold dead ;
 And now I find thee living, I will pour
 From these devoted eyes their silver store,
 Until exhausted of the latest drop,
 So it will pleasure thee, and force thee stop
 Here, that I too may live : but if beyond
 Such cool and sorrowful offerings, thou art fond
 Of soothing warmth, of dalliance supreme ;
 If thou art ripe to taste a long love dream ;
 If smiles, if dimples, tongues for ardour mute,
 Hang in thy vision like a tempting fruit,
 O let me pluck it for thee.' Thus she linked
 Her charming syllables, till indistinct
 Their music came to my o'er-sweetened soul ;
 And then she hovered over me and stole
 So near, that if no nearer it had been
 This furrowed visage thou hadst never seen.

" Young man of Latmos ! thus particular
 Am I, that thou may'st plainly see how far
 This fierce temptation went : and thou may'st not
 Exclaim, How then, was Scylla quite forgot ?

" Who could resist ? Who in this universe ?
 She did so breathe ambrosia ; so immerse
 My fine existence in a golden clime.
 She took me like a child of suckling time,
 And cradled me in roses. Thus condemned,
 The current of my former life was stemmed,
 And to this arbitrary queen of sense
 I bowed a tranced vassal : nor would thence
 Have moved, even though Amphion's harp had wooed
 Me back to Scylla o'er the billows rude.
 For as Apollo each eve doth devise
 A new apparelling for western skies ;

So every eve, nay, every spendthrift hour
 Shed balmy consciousness within that bower.
 And I was free of haunts umbrageous ;
 Could wander in the mazy forest-house
 Of squirrels, foxes shy, and antlered deer,
 And birds from coverts innermost and drear
 Warbling for very joy mellifluous sorrow—
 To me newborn delights !

“ Now let me borrow,
 For moments few, a temperament as stern
 As Pluto's sceptre, that my words not burn
 These uttering lips, while I in calm speech tell
 How specious heaven was changed to real hell.

“ One morn she left me sleeping : half awake
 I sought for her smooth arms and lips, to slake
 My greedy thirst with nectarous camel-draughts ,
 But she was gone. Whereat the barbed shafts
 Of disappointment stuck in me so sore,
 That out I ran and searched the forest o'er.
 Wandering about in pine and cedar gloom
 Damp awe assailed me ; for there 'gan to boom
 A sound of moan, an agony of sound,
 Sepulchral from the distance all around.
 Then came a conquering earth-thunder, and rumbled
 That fierce complain to silence : while I stumbled
 Down a precipitous path, as if impelled.
 I came to a dark valley.—Groanings swelled
 Poisonous about my ears, and louder grew,
 The nearer I approached a flame's gaunt blue,
 That glared before me through a thorny brake.
 This fire, like the eye of gordian snake,
 Bewitched me towards ; and I soon was near
 A sight too fearful for the feel of fear :

In thicket hid I cursed the haggard scene—
The banquet of my arms, my arbour queen,
Seated upon an uptorn forest root ;
And all around her shapes, wizard and brute,
Laughing, and wailing, grovelling, serpentine,
Showing tooth, tusk, and venom-bag, and sting !
O such deformities ! Old Charon's self,
Should he give up awhile his penny pelf,
And take a dream 'mong rushes Stygian,
It could not be so fantasied. Fierce, wan,
And tyrannizing was the lady's look,
As over them a gnarled staff she shook.
Oft-times upon the sudden she laughed out,
And from a basket emptied to the rout
Clusters of grapes, the which they ravened quick
And roared for more ; with many a hungry lick
About their shaggy jaws. Avenging, slow,
Anon she took a branch of mistletoe,
And emptied on't a black dull-gurgling phial :
Groaned one and all, as if some piercing trial
Was sharpening for their pitiable bones.
She lifted up the charm : appealing groans
From their poor breasts went suing to her ear
In vain ; remorseless as an infant's bier
She whisked against their eyes the sooty oil.
Whereat was heard a noise of painful toil,
Increasing gradual to a tempest rage,
Shrieks, yells, and groans of torture-pilgrimage ;
Until their grieved bodies 'gan to bloat
And puff from the tail's end to stifled throat :
Then was appalling silence : then a sight
More wildering than all that hoarse affright ;
For the whole herd, as by a whirlwind writhen,
Went through the dismal air like one huge Python
Antagonizing Boreas,—and so vanished.
Yet there was not a breath of wind : she banished

These phantoms with a nod. Lo ! from the dark
Came waggish fauns, and nymphs, and satyrs stark,
With dancing and loud revelry,—and went
Swifter than centaurs after rapine bent.
Sighing an elephant appeared and bowed
Before the fierce witch, speaking thus aloud
In human accent : “ Potent Goddess ! chief
Of pains resistless ! make my being brief,
Or let me from this heavy prison fly :
Or give me to the air, or let me die !
I sue not for my happy crown again ;
I sue not for my phalanx on the plain ;
I sue not for my lone, my widowed wife ;
I sue not for my ruddy drops of life,
My children fair, my lovely girls and boys !
I will forget them ; I will pass these joys ;
Ask naught so heavenward, so too—too high
Only I pray, as fairest boon, to die,
Or be delivered from this cumbrous flesh,
From this gross, detestable, filthy mesh,
And merely given to the cold bleak air.
Have mercy, Goddess ! Circe, feel my prayer !”

That curst magician’s name fell icy numb
Upon my wild conjecturing : truth had come
Naked and sabre-like against my heart.
I saw a fury whetting a death-dart ;
And my slain spirit, overwrought with fright,
Fainted away in that dark lair of night.
Think, my deliverer, how desolate
My waking must have been ! disgust, and hate,
And terrors manifold divided me
A spoil amongst them. I prepared to flee
Into the dungeon core of that wild wood :
I fled three days—when lo ! before me stood

Glaring the angry witch. O Dis, even now,
 A clammy dew is beading on my brow,
 At mere remembering her pale laugh and curse.
 "Ha! ha! Sir Dainty! there must be a nurse
 Made of rose leaves and thistledown, express,
 To cradle thee, my sweet, and lull thee: yes,
 I am too flinty-hard for thy nice touch:
 My tenderest squeeze is but a giant's clutch.
 So, fairy-thing, it shall have lullabies
 Unheard of yet; and it shall still its cries
 Upon some breast more lily-feminine.
 Oh, no—it shall not pine, and pine, and pine
 More than one pretty, trifling thousand years;
 And then 'twere pity, but fate's gentle shears
 Cut short its immortality. Sea-flirt!
 Young dove of the waters! truly I'll not hurt
 One hair of thine: see how I weep and sigh,
 That our heart-broken parting is so nigh.
 And must we part? Ah, yes, it must be so.
 Yet ere thou leavest me in utter woe,
 Let me sob over thee my last adieus,
 And speak a blessing: Mark me! Thou hast thews
 Immortal, for thou art of heavenly race:
 But such a love is mine, that here I chase
 Eternally away from thee all bloom
 Of youth, and destine thee towards a tomb.
 Hence shalt thou quickly to the watery vast;
 And there, ere many days be overpast,
 Disabled age shall seize thee! and even then
 Thou shalt not go the way of aged men;
 But live and wither, cripple and still breathe
 Ten hundred years: which gone, I then bequeath
 Thy fragile bones to unknown burial.
 Adieu, sweet love, adieu!"—As shot stars fall,
 She fled ere I could groan for mercy. Stung
 And poisoned was my spirit: despair sung

A war-song of defiance 'gainst all hell.
 A hand was at my shoulder to compel
 My sullen steps ; another 'fore my eyes
 Moved on with pointed finger. In this guise
 Enforcèd, at the last by ocean's foam
 I found me ; by my fresh, my native home.
 Its tempering coolness, to my life akin,
 Came salutary as I waded in ;
 And, with a blind voluptuous rage, I gave
 Battle to the swollen billow-ridge, and drave
 Large froth before me, while there yet remained
 Hale strength, nor from my bones all marrow drained.

“ Young lover, I must weep—such hellish spite
 With dry cheek who can tell ? While thus my might
 Proving upon this element, dismayed,
 Upon a dead thing's face my hand I laid ;
 I looked—'twas Scylla ! Cursed, cursed Circe !
 O vulture-witch, hast never heard of mercy ?
 Could not thy harshest vengeance be content,
 But thou must nip this tender innocent
 Because I loved her ?—Cold, O cold indeed
 Were her fair limbs, and like a common weed
 The sea-swell took her hair. Dead as she was
 I clung about her waist, nor ceased to pass
 Fleet as an arrow through unfathomed brine,
 Until there shone a fabric crystalline,
 Ribbed and inlaid with coral, pebble, and pearl.
 Headlong I darted ; at one eager swirl
 Gained its bright portal, entered, and behold !
 'Twas vast, and desolate, and icy-cold ;
 And all around—But wherefore this to thee
 Who in few minutes more thyself shalt see ?
 I left poor Scylla in a niche and fled.
 My fevered parchings up, my scathing dread

Met palsy half way : soon these limbs became
Gaunt, withered, sapless, feeble, cramped, and lame.

“ Now let me pass a cruel, cruel space,
Without one hope, without one faintest trace
Of mitigation, or redeeming bubble
Of coloured fantasy ; for I fear 'twould trouble
Thy brain to loss of reason : and next tell
How a restoring chance came down to quell
One half the witch in me.

“ On a day,
Sitting upon a rock above the spray,
I saw grow up from the horizon's brink
A gallant vessel : soon she seemed to sink
Away from me again, as though her course
Had been resumed in spite of hindering force—
So vanished : and not long, before arose
Dark clouds, and muttering of winds morose.
Old Æolus would stifle his mad spleen,
But could not : therefore all the billows green
Tossed up the silver spume against the clouds.
The tempest came : I saw that vessel's shrouds
In perilous bustle ; while upon the deck
Stood trembling creatures. I beheld the wreck ;
The final gulging ; the poor struggling souls :
I heard their cries amid loud thunder-rolls.
O they had all been saved but crazed old
Annulled my vigorous cravings : and thus quelled
And curbed, think on't, O Latonian ! did I sit
Writhing with pity, and a cursing fit
Against that hell-born Circe. The crew had gone,
By one and one, to pale oblivion ;
And I was gazing on the surges prone,
With many a scalding tear and many a groan,

When at my feet emerged an old man's hand,
 Grasping this scroll, and this same slender wand.
 I knelt with pain—reached out my hand—had grasped
 These treasures—touched the knuckles—they unclasped—
 I caught a finger : but the downward weight
 O'erpowered me—it sank. Then 'gan abate
 The storm, and through chill aguish gloom outburst
 The comfortable sun. I was athirst
 To search the book, and in the warming air
 Parted its dripping leaves with eager care.
 Strange matters did it treat of, and drew on
 My soul page after page, till well-nigh won
 Into forgetfulness ; when, stupefied,
 I read these words, and read again, and tried
 My eyes against the heavens, and read again.
 O what a load of misery and pain
 Each Atlas-line bore off !—a shine of hope
 Came gold around me, cheering me to cope
 Strenuous with hellish tyranny. Attend !
 For thou hast brought their promise to an end.

*“ In the wide sea there lives a forlorn wretch,
 Doomed with enfeebled carcass to outstretch
 His loathed existence through ten centuries,
 And then to die alone. Who can devise
 A total opposition ? No one. So
 One million times ocean must ebb and flow,
 And he oppressed. Yet he shall not die,
 These things accomplished :—If he utterly
 Scans all the depths of magic, and expounds
 The meanings of all motions, shapes, and sounds ;
 If he explores all forms and substances
 Straight homeward to their symbol-essences ;
 He shall not die. Moreover, and in chief,
 He must pursue this task of joy and grief*

*Most piously;—all lovers tempest-tost,
And in the savage overwhelming lost,
He shall deposit side by side, until
Time's creeping shall the dreary space fulfil:
Which done, and all these labours ripened,
A youth, by heavenly power loved and led,
Shall stand before him; whom he shall direct
How to consummate all. The youth elect
Must do the thing, or both will be destroyed."*

"Then," cried the young Endymion, overjoyed,
"We are twin brothers in this destiny!
Say, I entreat thee, what achievement high
Is, in this restless world, for me reserved.
What! if from thee my wandering feet had swerved,
Had we both perished?"—"Look!" the sage replied,
"Dost thou not mark a gleaming through the tide,
Of divers brilliances? 'tis the edifice
I told thee of, where lovely Scylla lies;
And where I have enshrined piously
All lovers, whom fell storms have doomed to die
Throughout my bondage."—Thus discoursing, on
They went till unobscured the porches shone;
Which hurryingly they gained, and entered straight.
Sure never since king Neptune held his state
Was seen such wonder underneath the stars.
Turn to some level plain where haughty Mars
Has legioned all his battle; and behold
How every soldier, with firm foot, doth hold
His even breast: see, many steeled squares,
And rigid ranks of iron—whence who dares
One step? Imagine further, line by line,
These warrior thousands on the field supine:
So in that crystal place, in silent rows,
Poor lovers lay at rest from joys and woes.

The stranger from the mountains, breathless, traced
 Such thousands of shut eyes in order placed
 Such ranges of white feet, and patient lips
 All ruddy,—for here death no blossom nips.
 He marked their brows and foreheads ; saw their hair
 Put sleekly on one side with nicest care ;
 And each one's gentle wrists, with reverence,
 Put cross-wise to its heart.

“ Let us commence,”

Whispered the guide, stuttering with joy, “ even now.”
 He spake, and, trembling like an aspen-bough,
 Began to tear his scroll in pieces small,
 Uttering the while some mumblings funeral.
 He tore it into pieces small as snow
 That drifts unfeathered when bleak northerns blow ;
 And having done it, took his dark blue cloak
 And bound it round Endymion : then struck
 His wand against the empty air times nine.
 “ What more there is to do, young man, is thine :
 But first a little patience ; first undo
 This tangled thread, and wind it to a clue.
 Ah, gentle ! 'tis as weak as spider's skein ;
 And shouldst thou break it—What, is it done so clean ?
 A power overshadows thee ! Oh, brave !
 The spite of hell is tumbling to its grave.
 Here is a shell ; 'tis pearly blank to me,
 Nor marked with any sign or character—
 Canst thou read aught ? O read for pity's sake !
 Olympus ! we are safe ! Now, Carian, break
 This wand against yon lyre on the pedestal.”

'Twas done : and straight with sudden swell and fall
 Sweet music breathed her soul away, and sighed

ENDYMION.

A lullaby to silence.—“ Youth ! now strew
These minced leaves on me, and passing through
Those files of dead, scatter the same around,
And thou wilt see the issue.”—’Mid the sound
Of flutes and viols, ravishing his heart,
Endymion from Glaucus stood apart,
And scattered in his face some fragments light.
How lightning-swift the change ! a youthful wight
Smiling beneath a coral diadem,
Out-sparkling sudden like an upturned gem,
Appeared, and, stepping to a beauteous corse,
Kneeled down beside it, and with tenderest force
Pressed its cold hand, and wept,—and Scylla sighed !
Endymion, with quick hand, the charm applied—
The nymph arose : he left them to their joy,
And onward went upon his high employ,
Showering those powerful fragments on the dead.
And, as he passed, each lifted up its head,
As doth a flower at Apollo’s touch.
Death felt it to his inwards : ’twas too much :
Death fell a-weeping in his charnel-house.
The Latmian persevered along, and thus
All were re-animated. There arose
A noise of harmony, pulses and throes
Of gladness in the air—while many, who
Had died in mutual arms devout and true,
Sprang to each other madly ; and the rest
Felt a high certainty of being blest.
They gazed upon Endymion. Enchantment
Grew drunken, and would have its head and bent.
Delicious symphonies, like airy flowers,
Budded, and swelled, and, full-blown, shed full showers
Of light, soft, unseen leaves of sounds divine.
The two deliverers tasted a pure wine
Of happiness, from fairy-press oozed out.
Speechless they eyed each other, and about

The fair assembly wandered to and fro,
 Distracted with the richest overflow
 Of joy that ever poured from heaven.

——“ Away !”

Shouted the new-born god ; “ Follow, and pay
 Our piety to Neptunus supreme !”
 Then Scylla, blushing sweetly from her dream,
 They led on first, bent to her meek surprise,
 Through portal columns of a giant size,
 Into the vaulted, boundless emerald.
 Joyous all followed, as the leader called,
 Down marble steps ; pouring as easily
 As hour-glass sand,—and fast, as you might see
 Swallows obeying the south summer’s call,
 Or swans upon a gentle waterfall.

Thus went that beautiful multitude, nor far,
 Ere from among some rocks of glittering spar,
 Just within ken, they saw descending thick
 Another multitude. Whereat more quick
 Moved either host. On a wide sand they met,
 And of those numbers every eye was wet ;
 For each their old love found. A murmuring rose,
 Like what was never heard in all the throes
 Of wind and waters : ’tis past human wit
 To tell : ’tis dizziness to think of it.

This mighty consummation made, the host
 Moved on for many a league ; and gained, and lost
 Huge sea-marks ; vanward swelling in array,
 And from the rear diminishing away,—
 Till a faint dawn surprised them. Glaucus cried,
 “ Behold ! behold, the palace of his pride !
 God Neptune’s palaces !” With noise increased,
 They shouldered on towards that brightening east.

At every onward step proud domes arose
 In prospect,—diamond gleams, and golden glows
 Of amber 'gainst their faces levelling.
 Joyous, and many as the leaves in spring,
 Still onward ; still the splendour gradual swelled.
 Rich opal domes were seen, on high upheld
 By jasper pillars letting through their shafts
 A blush of coral. Copious wonder-draughts
 Each gazer drank ; and deeper drank more near :
 For what poor mortals fragment up, as mere
 As marble was there lavish, to the vast
 Of one fair palace, that far, far surpassed,
 Even for common bulk, those olden three,
 Memphis, and Babylon, and Nineveh.

As large, as bright, as coloured as the bow
 Of Iris, when unfading it doth show
 Beyond a silvery shower, was the arch
 Through which this Paphian army took its march,
 Into the outer courts of Neptune's state :
 Whence could be seen, direct, a golden gate,
 To which the leaders sped ; but not half-raught
 Ere it burst open swift as fairy thought,
 And made those dazzled thousands veil their eyes
 Like callow eagles at the first sunrise.
 Soon with an eagle nativeness their gaze
 Ripe from hue-golden swoons took all the blaze,
 And then, behold ! large Neptune on his throne
 Of emerald deep : yet not exalt alone ;
 At his right hand stood winged Love, and on
 His left sat smiling Beauty's paragon.

Far as the mariner on highest mast
 Can see all round upon the calmed vast,
 So wide was Neptune's hall : and as the blue
 Doth vault the waters, so the waters drew

Their doming curtains, high, magnificent,
 Awed from the throne aloof ;—and when storm-rent
 Disclosed the thunder-gloomings in Jove's air ;
 But soothed as now, flashed sudden everywhere,
 Noiseless, submarine cloudlets, glittering
 Death to a human eye : for there did spring
 From natural west, and east, and south, and north,
 A light as of four sunsets, blazing forth
 A gold-green zenith 'bove the Sea-God's head.
 Of lucid depth the floor, and far outspread
 As breezeless lake, on which the slim canoe
 Of feathered Indian darts about, as through
 The delicatest air : air verily,
 But for the portraiture of clouds and sky :
 This palace floor breath-air,—but for the amaze
 Of deep-seen wonders motionless,—and blaze
 Of the dome pomp, reflected in extremes,
 Globing a golden sphere.

They stood in dreams
 Till Triton blew his horn. The palace rang ;
 The Nereids danced ; the Sirens faintly sang ;
 And the great Sea-King bowed his dripping head.
 Then Love took wing, and from his pinions shed
 On all the multitude a nectarous dew.
 The ooze-born Goddess beckoned and drew
 Fair Scylla and her guides to conference ;
 And when they reached the throned eminence
 She kist the sea-nymph's cheek,—who sat her down
 A-toying with the doves. Then,—“ Mighty crown
 And sceptre of this kingdom !” Venus said,
 “ Thy vows were on a time to Nais paid :
 Behold !”—Two copious teardrops instant fell
 From the God's large eyes ; he smiled delectable,
 And over Glaucus held his blessing hands.
 “ Endymion ! Ah ! still wandering in the bands

ENDYMION.

Of love? Now this is cruel. Since the hour
 I met thee in earth's bosom, all my power
 Have I put forth to serve thee. What, not yet
 Escaped from dull mortality's harsh net?
 A little patience, youth! 'twill not be long,
 Or I am skillless quite: an idle tongue,
 A humid eye, and steps luxurious,
 Where these are new and strange, are ominous.
 Ay, I have seen these signs in one of heaven,
 When others were all blind; and were I given
 To utter secrets, haply I might say
 Some pleasant words:—but Love will have his day.
 So wait awhile expectant. Pr'ythee soon,
 Even in the passing of thine honeymoon,
 Visit my Cytherea: thou wilt find
 Cupid well-natured, my Adonis kind;
 And pray persuade with thee—Ah, I have done,
 All blisses be upon thee, my sweet son!"
 Thus the fair goddess: while Endymion
 Knelt to receive those accents halcyon.

Meantime a glorious revelry began
 Before the Water-Monarch. Nectar ran
 In courteous fountains to all cups outreach'd;
 And plundered vines, teeming exhaustless, pleach'd
 New growth about each shell and pendent lyre;
 The which, in disentangling for their fire,
 Pulled down fresh foliage and coverture
 For dainty toying. Cupid, empire-sure,
 Fluttered and laughed, and oft-times through the throng
 Made a delighted way. Then dance, and song,
 And garlanding grew wild; and pleasure reigned.
 In harmless tendrils they each other chained,
 And strove who should be smothered deepest in
 Fresh crush of leaves.

O 'tis a very sin
 For one so weak to venture his poor verse
 In such a place as this. O do not curse,
 High Muses ! let him hurry to the ending.

All suddenly were silent. A soft blending
 Of dulcet instruments came charmingly ;
 And then a hymn.

“ King of the stormy sea !
 Brother of Jove, and co-inheritor
 Of elements ! Eternally before
 Thee the waves awful bow. Fast, stubborn rock,
 At thy feared trident shrinking, doth unlock
 Its deep foundations, hissing into foam.
 All mountain-rivers lost, in the wide home
 Of thy capacious bosom ever flow.
 Thou frownest, and old Æolus thy foe
 Skulks to his cavern, 'mid the gruff complaint
 Of all his rebel tempests. Dark clouds faint
 When, from thy diadem, a silver gleam
 Slants over blue dominion. Thy bright team
 Gulfs in the morning light, and scuds along
 To bring thee nearer to that golden song
 Apollo singeth, while his chariot
 Waits at the doors of heaven. Thou art not
 For scenes like this : an empire stern hast thou ;
 And it hath furrowed that large front : yet now,
 As newly come of heaven dost thou sit
 To blend and interknit
 Subdued majesty with this glad time.
 O shell-borne King sublime !
 We lay our hearts before thee evermore—
 We sing, and we adore !

“ Breathe softly, flutes ;
 Be tender of your strings, ye soothing lutes ;

Nor be the trumpet heard ! O vain, O vain ;
 Not flowers budding in an April rain,
 Nor breath of sleeping dove, nor river's flow,—
 No, nor the Æolian twang of Love's own bow,
 Can mingle music fit for the soft ear
 Of goddess Cytherea !
 Yet deign, white Queen of Beauty, thy fair eyes
 On our souls' sacrifice.

“ Bright-winged Child !
 Who has another care when thou hast smiled ?
 Unfortunates on earth, we see at last
 All death-shadows, and glooms that overcast
 Our spirits, fanned away by thy light pinions.
 O sweetest essence ! sweetest of all minions !
 God of warm pulses, and dishevelled hair,
 And panting bosoms bare !
 Dear unseen light in darkness ! eclipser
 Of light in light ! delicious poisoner !
 Thy venomed goblet will we quaff until
 We fill—we fill !
 And by thy Mother's lips——”

Was heard no more
 For clamour, when the golden palace door
 Opened again, and from without, in shone
 A new magnificence. On oozy throne
 Smooth-moving came Oceanus the old,
 To take a latest glimpse at his sheepfold,
 Before he went into his quiet cave
 To muse for ever.—Then a lucid wave,
 Scooped from its trembling sisters of mid-sea,
 Afloat, and pillowing up the majesty
 Of Doris, and the Ægean seer,* her spouse—
 Next, on a dolphin, clad in laurel boughs,

* Nereus, a deity of the sea. Doris was goddess of the sea. Nereus was endowed in a remarkable degree with the spirit of prophecy.

Theban Amphion leaning on his lute :
 His fingers went across it—All were mute
 To gaze on Amphitrite, queen of pearls,
 And Thetis pearly too.

The palace whirls
 Around giddy Endymion ; seeing he
 Was there far strayed from mortality.
 He could not bear it—shut his eyes in vain ;
 Imagination gave a dizzier pain.
 “ O I shall die ! sweet Venus, be my stay !
 Where is my lovely mistress ? Well-away !
 I die—I hear her voice—I feel my wing——”
 At Neptune’s feet he sank. A sudden ring
 Of Nereids were about him, in kind strife
 To usher back his spirit into life :
 But still he slept. . At last they interwove
 Their cradling arms, and purposed to convey
 Towards a crystal bower far away.

Lo ! while slow carried through the pitying crowd,
 To his inward senses these words spake aloud ;
 Written in starlight on the dark above :
*Dearest Endymion ! my entire love !
 How have I dwelt in fear of fate : 'tis done—
 Immortal bliss for me too hast thou won.
 Arise then ! for the hen-dove shall not hatch
 Her ready eggs, before I'll kissing snatch
 Thee into endless heaven. Awake ! awake !*

The youth at once arose : a placid lake
 Came quiet to his eyes ; and forest green,
 Cooler than all the wonders he had seen,
 Lulled with its simple song his fluttering breast.
 How happy once again in grassy nest !

BOOK IV.

MUSE of my native land ! loftiest Muse !
 O first-born on the mountains ! by the hues
 Of heaven on the spiritual air begot :
 Long didst thou sit alone in northern grot,
 While yet our England was a wolfish den :
 Before our forests heard the talk of men ;
 Before the first of Druids was a child ;
 Long didst thou sit amid our regions wild
 Rapt in a deep prophetic solitude.
 There came an eastern voice of solemn mood :
 Yet wast thou patient. Then sang forth the Nine,
 Apollo's garland :—yet didst thou divine
 Such home-bred glory, that they cried in vain,
 “ Come hither, Sister of the Island ! ” Plain
 Spake fair Ausonia ;* and once more she spake
 A higher summons :—still didst thou betake
 Thee to thy native hopes. O thou hast won
 A full accomplishment ! The thing is done,
 Which undone, these our latter days had risen
 On barren souls. Great Muse, thou know'st what prison,
 Of flesh and bone, curbs, and confines, and frets
 Our spirit's wings : despondency besets
 Our pillows ; and the fresh to-morrow morn
 Seems to give forth its light in very scorn
 Of our dull, uninspired, snail-paced lives.
 Long have I said, how happy he who shrives
 To thee ! But then I thought on poets gone,
 And could not pray :—nor can I now—so on
 I move to the end in lowliness of heart.

“ Ah, woe is me ! that I should fondly part
 From my dear native land ! Ah, foolish maid !

* Italy. It received the name from Auson, the son of Ulysses.

Glad was the hour, when, with thee, myriads bade
 Adieu to Ganges and their pleasant fields !
 To one so friendless the clear freshet yields
 A bitter coolness : the ripe grape is sour :
 Yet I would have, great gods ! but one short hour
 Of native air—let me but die at home."

Endymion to heaven's airy dome
 Was offering up a hecatomb of vows,
 When these words reached him. Whereupon he bows
 His head through thorny-green entanglement
 Of underwood, and to the sound is bent,
 Anxious as hind towards her hidden fawn.

" Is no one near to help me ? No fair dawn
 Of life from charitable voice ? No sweet saying
 To set my dull and saddened spirit playing ?
 No hand to toy with mine ? No lips so sweet
 That I may worship them ? No eyelids meet
 To twinkle on my bosom ? No one dies
 Before me, till from these enslaving eyes
 Redemption sparkles !—I am sad and lost."

Thou, Carian lord, hadst better have been tost
 Into a whirlpool. Vanish into air,
 Warm mountaineer ! for canst thou only bear
 A woman's sigh alone and in distress ?
 See not her charms ! Is Phœbe passionless ?
 Phœbe is fairer far—O gaze no more :
 Yet if thou wilt behold all beauty's store
 Behold her panting in the forest grass !
 Do not those curls of glossy jet surpass
 For tenderness the arms so idly lain
 Amongst them ? Feelest not a kindred pain,
 To see such lovely eyes in swimming search
 After some warm delight, that seems to perch

Dove-like in the dim cell lying beyond
Their upper lids?—Hist!

“O for Hermes’ wand,
To touch this flower into human shape!
That woodland Hyacinthus could escape
From his green prison, and here kneeling down
Call me his queen, his second life’s fair crown!
Ah me, how I could love!—My soul doth melt
For the unhappy youth—Love! I have felt
So faint a kindness, such a meek surrender
To what my own full thoughts had made too tender,
That but for tears my life had fled away!
Ye deaf and senseless minutes of the day,
And thou, old forest, hold ye this for true,
There is no lightning, no authentic dew
But in the eye of love: there’s not a sound,
Melodious howsoever, can confound
The heavens and earth in one to such a death
As doth the voice of love: there’s not a breath
Will mingle kindly with the meadow air,
Till it has panted round, and stolen a share
Of passion from the heart!”

Upon a bough
He leant, wretched. He surely cannot now
Thirst for another love: O impious,
That he can even dream upon it thus!
Thought he, “Why am I not as are the dead,
Since to a woe like this I have been led
Through the dark earth, and through the wondrous sea?
Goddess! I love thee not the less: from thee
By Juno’s smile I turn not—no, no, no—
While the great waters are at ebb and flow.
I have a triple soul! O fond pretence—
For both, for both my love is so immense,
I feel my heart is cut for them in twain.”

And so he groaned, as one by beauty slain.
The lady's heart beat quick, and he could see
Her gentle bosom heave tumultuously.
He sprang from his green covert : there she lay,
Sweet as a musk-rose upon new-made hay ;
With all her limbs on tremble, and her eyes
Shut softly up alive. To speak he tries.
" Fair damsel, pity me ! forgive that I
Thus violate thy bower's sanctity !
O pardon me, for I am full of grief—
Grief born of thee, young angel ! fairest thief !
Who stolen hast away the wings wherewith
I was to top the heavens. Dear maid, sith
Thou art my executioner, and I feel
Loving and hatred, misery and weal,
Will in a few short hours be nothing to me,
And all my story that much passion slew me ;
Do smile upon the evening of my days :
And, for my tortured brain begins to craze,
Be thou my nurse ; and let me understand
How dying I shall kiss that lily hand.
Dost weep for me ? Then should I be content.
Scowl on, ye fates ! until the firmament
Outblackens Erebus, and the full-caverned earth
Crumbles into itself. By the cloud-girth
Of Jove, those tears have given me a thirst
To meet oblivion."—As her heart would burst
The maiden sobbed awhile, and then replied :
" Why must such desolation betide
As that thou speakest of ? Are not these green nooks
Empty of all misfortune ? Do the brooks
Utter a gorgon voice ? Does yonder thrush,
Schooling its half-fledged little ones to brush
About the dewy forest, whisper tales ?
Speak not of grief, young stranger, or cold snails
Will slime the rose to-night. Though if thou wilt,

Methinks 'twould be a guilt—a very guilt—
 Not to companion thee, and sigh away
 The light—the dusk—the dark—till break of day !”
 “ Dear lady,” said Endymion, “ 'tis past :
 I love thee ! and my days can never last.
 That I may pass in patience still speak :
 Let me have music dying, and I seek
 No more delight—I bid adieu to all.
 Didst thou not after other climates call,
 And murmur about Indian streams ?”—Then she,
 Sitting beneath the midmost forest tree,
 For pity sang this ronndelay——

“ O Sorrow,
 Why dost borrow
 The natural hue of health, from vermeil lips ?
 To give maiden blushes
 To the white rose bushes ?
 Or is it thy dewy hand the daisy tips ?

“ O Sorrow,
 Why dost borrow
 The lustrous passion from a falcon-eye ?
 To give the glowworm light ?
 Or, on a moonless night,
 To tinge, on siren shores, the salt sea-spry ?

“ O Sorrow,
 Why dost borrow
 The mellow ditties from a mourning tongue ?
 To give at evening pale
 Unto the nightingale,
 That thou may'st listen the cold dews among ?

“ O Sorrow,
 Why dost borrow
 Heart's lightness from the merriment of May ?

A lover would not tread
 A cowslip on the head,
 Though he should dance from eve till peep of day—
 Nor any drooping flower
 Held sacred for thy bower,
 Wherever he may sport himself and play

“To Sorrow,
 I bade good-morrow,
 And thought to leave her far away behind;
 But cheerly, cheerly,
 She loves me dearly;
 She is so constant to me, and so kind:
 I would deceive her,
 And so leave her,
 But ah! she is so constant and so kind.

“Beneath my palm-trees, by the river side,
 I sat a-weeping: in the whole world wide
 There was no one to ask me why I wept,—
 And so I kept
 Brimming the water-lily cups with tears
 Cold as my fears.

“Beneath my palm-trees, by the river side,
 I sat a-weeping: what enamoured bride,
 Cheated by shadowy wooer from the clouds,
 But hides and shrouds
 Beneath dark palm-trees by a river side?

“And as I sat, over the light blue hills
 There came a noise of revellers: the riils
 Into the wide stream came of purple hue—
 ’Twas Bacchus and his crew!
 The earnest trumpet spake, and silver thrills
 From kissing cymbals made a merry din—
 ’Twas Bacchus and his kin!

Like to a moving vintage down they came,
 Crowned with green leaves, and faces all on flame;
 All madly dancing through the pleasant valley,

To scare thee, Melancholy!

O then, O then, thou wast a simple name!
 And I forgot thee, as the berried holly
 By shepherds is forgotten, when, in June,
 Tall chestnuts keep away the sun and moon:
 I rushed into the folly!

“ Within his car, aloft, young Bacchus stood,
 Trifling his ivy-dart, in dancing mood,
 With sidelong laughing;
 And little rills of crimson wine imbrued
 His plump white arms, and shoulders, enough white
 For Venus’ pearly bite:
 And near him rode Silenus on his ass,
 Pelted with flowers as he on did pass
 Tipsily quaffing.

“ Whence came ye, merry Damsels! whence came ye!
 So many, and so many, and such glee?
 Why have ye left your bowers desolate,
 Your lutes, and gentler fate?—
 ‘ We follow Bacchus! Bacchus on the wing,
 A conquering!
 Bacchus, young Bacchus! good or ill betide,
 We dance before him thorough kingdoms wide:
 Come hither, lady fair, and joined be
 To our wild minstrelsy!’

“ Whence came ye, jolly Satyrs! whence came ye!
 So many, and so many, and such glee?
 Why have ye left your forest haunts, why left
 Your nuts in oak-tree cleft?
 For wine, for wine we left our kernel tree;

For wine we left our heath, and yellow brooms,
 And cold mushrooms ;
For wine we follow Bacchus through the earth ;
Great God of breathless cups and chirping mirth !
Come hither, lady fair, and joined be
 To our mad minstrelsy !

“ Over wide streams and mountains great we went,
And, save when Bacchus kept his ivy tent,
Onward the tiger and the leopard pants,
 With Asian elephants :
Onward these myriads—with song and dance,
With zebras striped, and sleek Arabians' prance,
Web-footed alligators, crocodiles,
Bearing upon their scaly backs, in files,
Plump infant laughers mimicking the coil
Of seamen, and stout galley-rowers' toil :
With toying oars and silken sails they glide,
 Nor care for wind and tide.

“ Mounted on panthers' furs and lions' manes,
From rear to van they scour about the plains ;
A three days' journey in a moment done :
And always, at the rising of the sun,
About the wilds they hunt with spear and horn,
 On spleenful unicorn.

“ I saw Osirian Egypt kneel adown
 Before the vine-wreath crown !
I saw parched Abyssinia rouse and sing
 To the silver cymbals' ring !
I saw the whelming vintage hotly pierce
 Old Tartary the fierce !
The kings of Ind their jewel-sceptres vail,
And from their treasures scatter pearlèd hail ;
Great Brahma from his mystic heaven groans,
 And all his priesthood moans ;

Before young Bacchus' eye-wink turning pale.
 Into these regions came I following him,
 Sick-hearted, weary—so I took a whim
 To stray away into these forests drear
 Alone, without a peer :
 And I have told thee all thou mayest hear.

“ Young Stranger !
 I've been a ranger
 In search of pleasure throughout every clime :
 Alas, 'tis not for me !
 Bewitched I sure must be,
 To lose in grieving all my maiden prime.

“ Come then, Sorrow !
 Sweetest Sorrow !
 Like an own babe I nurse thee on my breast ;
 I thought to leave thee
 And deceive thee,
 But now of all the world I love thee best.

“ There is not one,
 No, no, not one
 But thee to comfort a poor lonely maid ;
 Thou art her mother,
 And her brother,
 Her playmate, and her wooer in the shade.”

O what a sigh she gave in finishing,
 And look, quite dead to every worldly thing !
 Endymion could not speak, but gazed on her ;
 And listened to the wind that now did stir
 About the crisped oaks full drearily,
 Yet with as sweet a softness as might be
 Remembered from its velvet summer song.
 At last he said : “ Poor lady, how thus long

Have I been able to endure that voice ?
 Fair Melody ! kind Siren ! I've no choice ;
 I must be thy sad servant evermore :
 I cannot choose but kneel here and adore.
 Alas, I must not think—by Phœbe, no !
 Let me not think, soft Angel ! shall it be so ?
 Say, beautifullest, shall I never think ?
 O thou couldst foster me beyond the brink
 Of recollection ! make my watchful care
 Close up its bloodshot eyes, nor see despair !
 Do gently murder half my soul, and I
 Shall feel the other half so utterly !
 I'm giddy at that cheek so fair and smooth ;
 O let it blush so ever ! let it soothe
 My madness ! let it mantle rosy-warm
 With the tinge of love, panting in safe alarm.
 This cannot be thy hand, and yet it is ;
 And this is sure thine other softling—this
 Thine own fair bosom, and I am so near !
 Wilt fall asleep ? O let me sip that tear !
 And whisper one sweet word that I may know
 This is this world—sweet dewy blossom !"—*Woe !*
Woe ! Woe to that Endymion ! Where is he ?
 Even these words went echoing dismally
 Through the wide forest—a most fearful tone,
 Like one repenting in his latest moan ;
 And while it died away a shade passed by,
 As of a thunder cloud. When arrows fly
 Through the thick branches, poor ringdoves sleek forth
 Their timid necks and tremble ; so these both
 Leant to each other trembling, and sat so
 Waiting for some destruction—when lo !
 Foot-feathered Mercury appeared sublime
 Beyond the tall tree-tops ; and in less time
 Than shoots the slanted hailstorm, down he dropt
 Towards the ground ; but rested not, nor stopt

One moment from his home : only the sward
He with his wand light touched, and heavenward
Swifter than sight was gone—even before
The teeming earth a sudden witness bore
Of his swift magic. Diving swans appear
Above the crystal circlings white and clear ;
And catch the cheated eye in wild surprise,
How they can dive in sight and unseen rise—
So from the turf outsprang two steeds jet-black,
Each with large dark blue wings upon his back.
The youth of Caria placed the lovely dame
On one, and felt himself in spleen to tame
The other's fierceness. Through the air they flew,
High as the eagles. Like two drops of dew
Exhaled to Phœbus' lips, away they are gone,
Far from the earth away—unseen, alone,
Among cool clouds and winds, but that the free,
The buoyant life of song can floating be
Above their heads, and follow them untired.
Muse of my native land, am I inspired ?
This is the giddy air, and I must spread
Wide pinions to keep here ; nor do I dread
Or height, or depth, or width, or any chance
Precipitous : I have beneath my glance
Those towering horses and their mournful freight.
Could I thus sail, and see, and thus await
Fearless for power of thought, without thine aid ?
There is a sleepy dusk, an odorous shade
From some approaching wonder, and behold
Those winged steeds, with snorting nostrils bold
Snuff at its faint extreme, and seem to tire,
Dying to embers from their native fire !

There curled a purple mist around them ; soon,
It seemed as when around the pale new moon

Sad Zephyr droops the clouds like weeping willow :
 'Twas Sleep slow journeying with head on pillow.
 For the first time, since he came nigh dead born
 From the old womb of night, his cave forlorn
 Had he left more forlorn ; for the first time,
 He left aloof the day and morning's prime —
 Because into his depth Cimmerian
 There came a dream, showing how a young man,
 Ere a lean bat could plump its wintry skin,
 Would at high Jove's empyreal footstool win
 An immortality, and how espouse
 Jove's daughter, and be reckoned of his house.
 Now was he slumbering towards heaven's gate,
 That he might at the threshold one hour wait
 To hear the marriage melodies, and then
 Sink downward to his dusky cave again.
 His litter of smooth semiluculent mist,
 Diversely tinged with rose and amethyst,
 Puzzled those eyes that for the centre sought ;
 And scarcely for one moment could be caught
 His sluggish form reposing motionless.
 Those two on winged steeds, with all the stress
 Of vision searched for him, as one would look
 Athwart the shallows of a river nook
 To catch a glance at silver-throated eels,
 Or from old Skiddaw's top, when fog conceals
 His rugged forehead in a mantle pale,
 With an eye-guess towards some pleasant vale
 Descry a favourite hamlet faint and far.

These raven horses, though they fostered are
 Of earth's splenetic fire, dully drop
 Their full-veined ears, nostrils blood wide, and stop ;
 Upon the spiritless mist have they outspread
 Their ample feathers, are in slumber dead,—

And on those pinions, level in mid-air,
Endymion sleepeth and the lady fair.
Slowly they sail, slowly as icy isle
Upon a calm sea drifting: and meanwhile
The mournful wanderer dreams. Behold! he walks
On heaven's pavement; brotherly he talks
To divine powers: from his hand full fain
Juno's proud birds are pecking pearly grain:
He tries the nerve of Phœbus' golden bow,
And asketh where the golden apples grow:
Upon his arm he braces Pallas' shield,
And strives in vain to unsettle and wield
A Jovian thunderbolt: arch Hebe brings
A full-brimmed goblet, dances lightly, sings
And tantalizes long; at last he drinks,
And lost in pleasure at her feet he sinks,
Touching with dazzled lips her starlight hand.
He blows a bugle,—an ethereal band
Are visible above: the Seasons four,—
Green-kirtled Spring, flush Summer, golden store
In Autumn's sickle, Winter frosty hoar,
Join dance with shadowy Hours; while still the blast,
In swells unmitigated, still doth last
To sway their floating morris. "Whose is this?
Whose bugle?" he inquires: they smile—"O Dis!
Why is this mortal here? Dost thou not know
Its mistress' lips? Not thou?—'Tis Dian's: lo!
She rises crescented!" He looks, 'tis she,
His very goddess: good-bye earth, and sea,
And air, and pains, and care, and suffering;
Good-bye to all but love! Then doth he spring
Towards her, and awakes—and strange, o'erhead,
Of those same fragrant exhalations bred,
Beheld awake his very dream: the gods
Stood smiling; merry Hebe laughs and nods;
And Phœbe bends towards him crescented.

O state perplexing! On the pinion bed,
 Too well awake, he feels the panting side
 Of his delicious lady. He who died
 For soaring too audacious in the sun,
 Where that same treacherous wax began to run,
 Felt not more tongue-tied than Endymion.
 His heart leapt up as to its rightful throne,
 To that fair shadowed passion pulsed its way—
 Ah, what perplexity! Ah, well-a-day!
 So fond, so beauteous was his bedfellow,
 He could not help but kiss her: then he grew
 Awhile forgetful of all beauty save
 Young Phœbe's, golden haired; and so 'gan crave
 Forgiveness: yet he turned once more to look
 At the sweet sleeper,—all his soul was shook,—
 She pressed his hand in slumber; so once more
 He could not help but kiss her and adore.
 At this the shadow wept, melting away.
 The Latmian started up: "Bright goddess, stay!
 Search my most hidden breast! By truth's own tongue,
 I have no dædale heart: why is it wrung
 To desperation? Is there naught for me.
 Upon the bourne of bliss, but misery?"

These words awoke the stranger of dark tresses:
 Her dawning love-look rapt Endymion blesses
 With 'haviour soft. Sleep yawned from underneath.
 "Thou swan of Ganges, let us no more breathe
 This murky phantasm! thou contented seem'st
 Pillowed in lovely idleness, nor dream'st
 What horrors may discomfort thee and me.
 Ah, shouldst thou die from my heart-treachery!
 Yet did she merely weep—her gentle soul
 Hath no revenge in it: as it is whole
 In tenderness, would I were whole in love!
 Can I prize thee, fair maid, all price above.

Even when I feel as true as innocence?
 I do, I do.—What is this soul then? Whence
 Came it? It does not seem my own, and I
 Have no self-passion or identity.
 Some fearful end must be: where, where is it?
 By Nemesis, I see my spirit flit
 Alone about the dark—Forgive me, sweet:
 Shall we away?" He roused the steeds: they beat
 Their wings chivalrous into the clear air,
 Leaving old Sleep within his vapoury lair.

The good-night blush of eve was waning slow,
 And Vesper, risen star, began to throe
 In the dusk heavens silvery, when they
 Thus sprang direct towards the Galaxy.
 Nor did speed hinder converse soft and strange—
 Eternal oaths and vows they interchange,
 In such wise, in such temper, so aloof
 Up in the winds, beneath a starry roof,
 So witless of their doom, that verily
 'Tis well-nigh past man's search their hearts to see;
 Whether they wept, or laughed, or grieved, or toyed—
 Most like with joy gone mad, with sorrow cloyed.

Full facing their swift flight, from ebon streak,
 The moon put forth a little diamond peak,
 No bigger than an unobserved star,
 Or tiny point of fairy scimitar;
 Bright signal that she only stooped to tie
 Her silver sandals, ere deliciously
 She bowed into the heavens her timid head.
 Slowly she rose, as though she would have fled,
 While to his lady meek the Carian turned,
 To mark if her dark eyes had yet discerned
 This beauty in its birth.—Despair! **despair!**
 He saw her body fading gaunt and spare

In the cold moonshine. Straight he seized her wrist ;
It melted from his grasp : her hand he kissed,
And, horror ! kissed his own—he was alone.
Her steed a little higher soared, and then
Dropt hawkwise to the earth.

There lies a den,

Beyond the seeming confines of the space
Made for the soul to wander in and trace
Its own existence, of remotest glooms.
Dark regions are around it, where the tombs
Of buried griefs the spirit sees, but scarce
One hour doth linger weeping, for the pierce
Of new-born woe it feels more inly smart !
And in these regions many a venom'd dart
At random flies ; they are the proper home
Of every ill : the man is yet to come
Who hath not journeyed in this native hell.
But few have ever felt how calm and well
Sleep may be had in that deep den of all.
There anguish does not sting ; nor pleasure pall :
Woe-hurricanes beat ever at the gate,
Yet all is still within and desolate.
Beset with plainful gusts, within ye hear
No sound so loud as when on curtained bier
The death-watch tick is stifled. Enter none
Who strive therefore : on the sudden it is won.
Just when the sufferer begins to burn,
Then it is free to him ; and from an urn,
Still fed by melting ice, he takes a draught—
Young Semele such richness never quaff
In her maternal longing. Happy gloom !
Dark Paradise ! where pale becomes the bloom
Of health by due ; where silence dreariest
Is most articulate ; where hopes infest ;

Where those eyes are the brightest far that keep
 Their lids shut longest in a dreamless sleep.
 O happy spirit-home ! O wondrous soul !
 Pregnant with such a den to save the whole
 In thine own depth. Hail, gentle Carian !
 For, never since thy griefs and woes began,
 Hast thou felt so content : a grievous feud
 Hath let thee to this Cave of Quietude.
 Ay, his lulled soul was there, although upborne
 With dangerous speed ; and so he did not mourn
 Because he knew not whither he was going,
 So happy was he, not the aerial blowing
 Of trumpets at clear parley from the east
 Could rouse from that fine relish, that high feast :
 They stung the feathered horse : with fierce alarm
 He flapped towards the sound. Alas, no charm
 Could lift Endymion's head, or he had viewed
 A skyey mask, a pinioned multitude,—
 And silvery was its passing : voices sweet
 Warbling the while as if to lull and greet
 The wanderer in his path. Thus warbled they,
 While past the vision went in bright array :

“ Who, who from Dian's feast would be away ?
 For all the golden bowers of the day
 Are empty left ? Who, who away would be
 From Cynthia's wedding and festivity ?
 Not Hesperus : lo ! upon his silver wings
 He leans away for highest heaven and sings,
 Snapping his lucid fingers merrily !
 Ah, Zephyrus ! art here, and Flora too !
 Ye tender bibbers of the rain and dew,
 Young playmates of the rose and daffodil,
 Be careful, ere ye enter in, to fill
 Your baskets high
 With fennel green, and balm, and golden pines,

Savory, latter-mint, and columbines,
Cool parsley, basil sweet, and sunny thyme ;
Yea, every flower and leaf of every clime,
All gathered in the dewy morning : hie

Away ! fly ! fly !

Crystalline brother of the belt of heaven,
Aquarius ! to whom king Jove has given
Two liquid pulse streams 'stead of feathered wings,
Two fan-like fountains—thine illuminings

For Dian play :

Dissolve the frozen purity of air ;
Let thy white shoulders silvery and bare
Show cold through watery pinions ; make more bright
The Star-Queen's crescent on her marriage night :

Haste, haste away !

Castor has tamed the planet Lion, see !
And of the Bear has Pollux mastery :
A third is in the race ! who is the third,
Speeding away swift as the eagle bird ?

The ramping Centaur !

The Lion's mane's on end : the Bear how fierce !
The Centaur's arrow ready seems to pierce
Some enemy : far forth his bow is bent
Into the blue of heaven. He'll be shent,

Pale unrelentor,

When he shall hear the wedding lutes a-playing.
Andromeda ! sweet woman ! why delaying
So timidly among the stars : come hither !
Join this bright throng, and nimbly follow whither

They all are going.

Danaë's Son,* before Jove newly bowed,
Has wept for thee, calling to Jove aloud.

* Perseus ; he delivered Andromeda from the sea monster, and wedded her.

Thee, gentle lady, did he disenthral :
 Ye shall for ever live and love, for all
 Thy tears are flowing.
 By Daphne's fright, behold Apollo !"

More

Endymion heard not : down his steed him bore,
 Prone to the green head of a misty hill.

His first touch of the earth went nigh to kill.
 "Alas !" said he, "were I but always borne
 Through dangerous winds, had but my footsteps worn
 A path in hell, for ever would I bless
 Horrors which nourish an uneasiness
 For my own sullen conquering : to him
 Who lives beyond earth's boundary, grief is dim,
 Sorrow is but a shadow : now I see
 The grass ; I feel the solid ground—Ah, me !
 It is thy voice—divinest ! Where ?—who ? who
 Left thee so quiet on this bed of dew ?
 Behold upon this happy earth we are ;
 Let us aye love each other ; let us fare
 On forest-fruits, and never, never go
 Among the abodes of mortals here below,
 Or be by phantoms duped. O destiny !
 Into a labyrinth now my soul would fly,
 But with thy beauty will I deaden it.
 Where didst thou melt too ? By thee will I sit
 For ever : let our fate stop here—a kid
 I on this spot will offer : Pan will bid
 Us live in peace, in love and peace among
 His forest wildernesses. I have clung
 To nothing, loved a nothing, nothing seen
 Or felt but a great dream ! O I have been
 Presumptuous against love, against the sky,
 Against all elements, against the tie

Of mortals each to each, against the blooms
Of flowers, rush of rivers, and the tombs
Of heroes gone ! Against his proper glory
Has my own soul conspired : so my story
Will I to children utter, and repent.
There never lived a mortal man, who bent
His appetite beyond his natural sphere,
But starved and died. My sweetest Indian, here,
Here will I kneel, for thou redeemèd hast
My life from too thin breathing : gone and past
Are cloudy phantasms. Caverns lone, farewell !
And air of visions, and the monstrous swell
Of visionary seas ! No, never more
Shall airy voices cheat me to the shore
Of tangled wonder, breathless and aghast.
Adieu, my daintiest Dream ! although so vast
My love is still for thee. The hour may come
When we shall meet in pure elysium.
On earth I may not love thee ; and therefore
Doves will I offer up, and sweetest store .
All through the teeming year : so thou wilt shine
On me, and on this damsel fair of mine,
And bless our simple lives. My Indian bliss !
My river-lily bud ! one human kiss !
One sigh of real breath—one gentle squeeze,
Warm as a dove's-nest among summer trees,
And warm with dew at ooze from living blood !
Whither didst melt ? Ah, what of that !—all good
We'll talk about—no more of dreaming. Now,
Where shall our dwelling be ? Under the brow
Of some steep mossy hill, where ivy dun
Would hide us up, although spring leaves were none ;
And where dark yew-trees, as we rustle through,
Will drop their scarlet berry cups of dew ?
O thou wouldst joy to live in such a place ;
Dusk for our loves, yet light enough to grace

Those gentle limbs on mossy bed reclined :
For by one step the blue sky shouldst thou find,
And by another, in deep dell below,
See, through the trees, a little river go
All in its mid-day gold and glimmering.
Honey from out the gnarled hive I'll bring,
And apples, wan with sweetness, gather thee—
Cresses that grow where no man may them see,
And sorrel untorn by the dew-clawed stag :
Pipes will I fashion of the syrinx flag,
That thou mayst always know whither I roam,
When it shall please thee in our quiet home
To listen and think of love. Still let me speak ;
Still let me dive into the joy I seek—
For yet the past doth prison me. The rill,
Thou haply mayst delight in, will I fill
With fairy fishes from the mountain tarn,
And thou shalt feed them from the squirrel's barn.
Its bottom will I strew with amber shells,
And pebbles blue from deep enchanted wells.
Its sides I'll plant with dew-sweet eglantine,
And honeysuckles full of clear bee-wine.
I will entice this crystal rill to trace
Love's silver name upon the meadow's face.
I'll kneel to Vesta, for a flame of fire ;
And to god Phœbus, for a golden lyre ;
To Empress Dian, for a hunting spear ;
To Vesper, for a taper silver clear,
That I may see thy beauty through the night ;
To Flora, and a nightingale shall light
Tame on thy finger ; to the River-gods,
And they shall bring thee taper fishing-rods
Of gold, and lines of Naiads' long bright tress.
Heaven shield thee for thine utter loveliness !
Thy mossy footstool shall the altar be
'Fore which I'll bend, bending, dear love, to thee :

Those lips shall be my Delphos, and shall speak
 Laws to my footsteps, colour to my cheek,
 Trembling or steadfastness to this same voice,
 And of three sweetest pleasurings the choice :
 And that affectionate light, those diamond things,
 Those eyes, those passions, those supreme pearl springs,
 Shall be my grief, or twinkle me to pleasure
 Say, is not bliss within our perfect seizure ?
 O that I could not doubt !”

The mountaineer

Thus strove by fancies vain and crude to clear
 His briared path to some tranquillity.
 It gave bright gladness to his lady's eye,
 And yet the tears she wept were tears of sorrow ;
 Answering thus, just as the golden morrow
 Beamed upward from the valleys of the east :
 “ O that the flutter of this heart had ceased,
 Or the sweet name of love had passed away.
 Young feathered tyrant ! by a swift decay
 Wilt thou devote this body to the earth :
 And I do think that at my very birth
 I lisped thy blooming titles inwardly ;
 For at the first, first dawn and thought of thee,
 With uplift hands I blessed the stars of heaven.
 Art thou not cruel ? Ever have I striven
 To think thee kind, but ah, it will not do !
 When yet a child, I heard that kisses drew
 Favour from thee, and so I kisses gave
 To the void air, bidding them find out love :
 But when I came to feel how far above
 All fancy, pride, and fickle maidenhood,
 All earthly pleasure, all imagined good,
 Was the warm tremble of a devout kiss—
 Even then, that moment, at the thought of this,

ENDYMION.

Fainting I fell into a bed of flowers,
 And languished there three days. Ye milder powers,
 Am I not cruelly wronged? Believe, believe
 Me, dear Endymion, were I to weave
 With my own fancies garlands of sweet life,
 Thou shouldst be one of all. Ah, bitter strife!
 I may not be thy love: I am forbidden—
 Indeed I am—thwarted, affrighted, chidden,
 By things I trembled at, and gorgon wrath.
 Twice hast thou asked whither I went: henceforth
 Ask me no more! I may not utter it,
 Nor may I be thy love. We might commit
 Ourselves at once to vengeance; we might die;
 We might embrace and die: voluptuous thought!
 Enlarge not to my hunger, or I'm caught
 In trammels of perverse deliciousness.
 No, no, that shall not be: thee will I bless,
 And bid a long adieu."

The Carian

No word returned: but love-lorn, silent, wan,
 Into the valleys green together went.
 Far wandering, they were perforce content
 To sit beneath a fair lone beechen tree;
 Nor at each other gazed, but heavily
 Pored on its hazel cirque of shedded leaves.

Endymion! unhappy! it nigh grieves
 Me to behold thee thus in last extreme:
 Enskied ere this, but truly that I deem
 Truth the best music in a first-born song.
 Thy lute-voiced brother will I sing ere long,
 And thou shalt aid—hast thou not aided me?
 Yes, moonlight Emperor! felicity
 Has been thy meed for many thousand years;
 Yet often have I, on the brink of tears,

Mourned as if yet thou wert a forester ;
 Forgetting the old tale.

He did not stir

His eyes from the dead leaves, or one small pulse
 Of joy he might have felt. The spirit culls
 Unfaded amaranth, when wild it strays
 Through the old garden ground of boyish days.
 A little onward ran the very stream
 By which he took his first soft poppy dream ;
 And on the very bark 'gainst which he leant
 A crescent he had carved, and round it spent
 His skill in little stars. The teeming tree
 Had swollen and greened the pious charactery,
 But not ta'en out. Why, there was not a slope
 Up which he had not feared the antelope ;
 And not a tree, beneath whose rooty shade
 He had not with his tamed leopards played :
 Nor could an arrow light, or javelin,
 Fly in the air where his had never been—
 And yet he knew it not.

O treachery !

Why does his lady smile, pleasing her eye
 With all his sorrowing ? He sees her not.
 But who so stares on him ? His sister sure !
 Peona of the woods ! Can she endure ?—
 Impossible—how dearly they embrace !
 His lady smiles ; delight is in her face ;
 It is no treachery.

“ Dear brother mine !

Endymion, weep not so ! Why shouldst thou pine
 When all great Latmos so exalt will be ?
 Thank the great gods, and look not bitterly ;
 And speak not one pale word, and sigh no more.
 Sure I will not believe thou hast such store

Of grief, to last thee to my kiss again.
Thou surely canst not bear a mind in pain,
Come hand in hand with one so beautiful.
Be happy both of you! for I will pull
The flowers of autumn for your coronals.
Pan's holy priest for young Endymion calls;
And when he is restored, thou, fairest damsel,
Shalt be our queen. Now, is it not a shame
To see ye thus,—not very, very sad?
Perhaps ye are too happy to be glad:
O feel as if it were a common day;
Free-voiced as one who never was away.
No tongue shall ask, whence come ye? but ye shall
Be gods of your own rest imperial.
Not even I, for one whole month, will pry
Into the hours that have passed us by,
Since in my arbour I did sing to thee.
O Hermes! on this very night will be
A hymning up to Cynthia, queen of light;
For the soothsayers old saw yesternight
Good visions in the air,—whence will befall,
As say these sages, health perpetual
To shepherds and their flocks; and furthermore,
In Dian's face they read the gentle lore:
Therefore for her these vesper-carols are.
Our friends will all be there from nigh and far
Many upon thy death have ditties made;
And many, even now, their foreheads shade
With cypress, on a day of sacrifice.
New singing for our maids shalt thou devise,
And pluck the sorrow from our huntsmen's brows.
Tell me, my lady queen, how to espouse
This wayward brother to his rightful joys!
His eyes are on thee bent, as thou didst poise
His fate most goddess-like. Help me, I pray,
To lure—Endymion, dear brother, say

What ails thee?" He could bear no more, and so
Bent his soul fiercely like a spiritual bow,
And twanged it inwardly, and calmly said :
" I would have thee my only friend, sweet maid !
My only visitor ! not ignorant though,
'That those deceptions which for pleasure go
'Mong men, are pleasures real as real may be :
But there are higher ones I may not see,
If impiously an earthly realm I take.
Since I saw thee, I have been wide awake
Night after night, and day by day, until
Of the empyrean I have drunk my fill.
Let it content thee, Sister, seeing me
More happy than betides mortality.
A hermit young, I'll live in mossy cave,
Where thou alone shalt come to me, and lave
Thy spirit in the wonders I shall tell.
Through me the shepherd realm shall prosper well ;
For to thy tongue will I all health confide,
And, for my sake, let this young maid abide
With thee as a dear sister. Thou alone,
Peona, mayst return to me. I own
This may sound strangely : but when, dearest girl,
Thou seest it for my happiness, no pearl
Will trespass down those cheeks. Companion fair .
Wilt be content to dwell with her, to share
This sister's love with me?" Like one resigned
And bent by circumstance, and thereby blind
In self-commitment, thus that meek unknown :
" Ay, but a buzzing by my ears has flown,
Of jubilee to Dian :—truth I heard !
Well then, I see there is no little bird,
Tender soever, but is Jove's own care.
Long have I sought for rest, and, unaware,
Behold I find it ! so exalted too !
So after my own heart ! I knew, I knew

There was a place untenanted in it :
 In that same void white Chastity shall sit,
 And monitor me nightly to lone slumber.
 With sanest lips I vow me to the number
 Of Dian's sisterhood ; and, kind lady,
 With thy good help, this very night shall see
 My future days to her fane consecrate."

As feels a dreamer what doth most create
 His own particular fright, so these three felt :
 Or like one who, in after ages, knelt
 To Lucifer or Baal, when he'd pine
 After a little sleep : or when in mine
 Far underground, a sleeper meets his friends
 Who know him not. Each diligently bends
 Towards common thoughts and things for very fear ;
 Striving their ghastly malady to cheer,
 By thinking it a thing of yes and no,
 That housewives talk of. But the spirit-blow
 Was struck, and all were dreamers. At the last
 Endymion said : " Are not our fates all cast ?
 Why stand we here ? Adieu, ye tender pair !
 Adieu !" Whereat those maidens, with wild stare
 Walked dizzily away. Pained and hot
 His eyes went after them, until they got
 Near to a cypress grove, whose deadly maw,
 In one swift moment, would what then he saw
 Engulf for ever. " Stay !" he cried, " ah, stay
 Turn, damsels ! hist ! one word I have to say :
 Sweet Indian, I would see thee once again.
 It is a thing I dote on : so I'd fain,
 Peona, ye should hand in hand repair
 Into those holy groves, that silent are
 Behind great Dian's temple. I'll be yon,
 At vesper's earliest twinkle—they are gone—

But once, once, once again—." At this he pressed
His hands against his face, and then did rest
His head upon a mossy hillock green,
And so remained as he a corpse had been
All the long day ; save when he scantily lifted
His eyes abroad, to see how shadows shifted
With the slow move of time,—sluggish and weary
Unto the poplar tops, in journey dreary,
Had reached the river's brim. Then up he rose,
And, slowly as that very river flows,
Walked towards the temple grove with this lament :
" Why such a golden eve ? The breeze is sent
Careful and soft, that not a leaf may fall
Before the serene father of them all
Bows down his summer head below the west.
Now am I of breath, speech, and speed possest,
But at the setting I must bid adieu
To her for the last time. Night will strew
On the damp grass myriads of lingering leaves,
And with them shall I die ; nor much it grieves
To die, when summer dies on the cold sward.
Why, I have been a butterfly, a lord
Of flowers, garlands, love-knots, silly posies,
Groves, meadows, melodies, and arbour roses ;
My kingdom's at its death, and just it is
That I should die with it : so in all this
We miscall grief, bale, sorrow, heartbreak, woe,
What is there to plain of ? By Titan's foe
I am but rightly served." So saying, he
Tripped lightly on, in sort of deathful glee ;
Laughing at the clear stream and setting sun,
As though they jests had been : nor had he done
His laugh at nature's holy countenance,
Until that grove appeared, as if perchance,
And then his tongue with sober seemlihed
Gave utterance as he entered : " Ha !" I said,

“King of the butterflies ; but by this gloom,
And by old Rhadamanthus’ tongue of doom,
This dusk religion, pomp of solitude,
And the Promethean clay by thief endued,
By old Saturnus’ forelock, by his head
Shook with eternal palsy, I did wed
Myself to things of light from infancy ;
And thus to be cast out, thus lorn to die,
Is sure enough to make a mortal man
Grow impious.” So he inwardly began
On things for which no wording can be found ;
Deeper and deeper sinking, until drowned
Beyond the reach of music : for the choir
Of Cynthia he heard not, though rough briar
Nor muffling thicket interposed to dull
The vesper hymn, far swollen, soft and full,
Through the dark pillars of those sylvan aisles,
He saw not the two maidens, nor their smiles,
Wan as primroses gathered at midnight
By chilly-fingered spring. “ Unhappy wight !
Endymion !” said Peona, “ we are here !
What wouldst thou ere we all are laid on bier ?”
Then he embraced her, and his lady’s hand
Pressed, saying : “ Sister, I would have command,
If it were heaven’s will, on our sad fate.”
At which that dark-eyed stranger stood elate
And said, in a new voice, but sweet as love,
To Endymion’s amaze : “ By Cupid’s dove,
And so thou shalt ! and by the lily truth
Of my own breast thou shalt, beloved youth !”
And as she spake, into her face there came
Light, as reflected from a silver flame :
Her long black hair swelled ampler, in display
Full golden ; in her eyes a brighter day
Dawned blue and full of love. Ay, he beheld
Phœbe, his passion ! joyous she upheld

Her lucid bow, continuing thus : “Drear, drear
Has our delaying been ; but foolish fear
Withheld me first ; and then decrees of fate ;
And then ’twas fit that from this mortal state
Thou shouldst, my love, by some unlooked-for change
Be spiritualized. Peona, we shall range
These forests, and to thee they safe shall be
As was thy cradle ; hither shalt thou flee
To meet us many a time.” Next Cynthia bright
Peona kissed, and blessed with fair good night :
Her brother kissed her too, and knelt adown
Before his goddess, in a blissful swoon.
She gave her fair hands to him, and behold,
Before three swiftest kisses he had told,
They vanished far away !—Peona went
Home through the gloomy wood in wonderment.

L A M I A,

PART I.

UPON a time, before the fairy broods
Drove Nymph and Satyr from the prosperous woods,
Before King Oberon's bright diadem,
Sceptre, and mantle, clasped with dewy gem,
Frighted away the Dryads and the Fauns
From rushes green, and brakes, and cowslip'd lawns,
The ever-smitten Hermes* empty left
His golden throne, bent warm on amorous theft :
From high Olympus had he stolen light,
On this side of Jove's clouds, to escape the sight
Of his great sunmoner, and made retreat
Into a forest on the shores of Crete.
For somewhere in that sacred island dwelt
A nymph, to whom all hoofèd Satyrs knelt ;
At whose white feet the languid Tritons poured
Pearls, while on land they withered and adored.
Fast by the springs where she to bathe was wont,
And in those meads where sometimes she might haunt,
Were strewn rich gifts, unknown to any Muse,
Though Fancy's casket were unlocked to choose
Ah, what a world of love was at her feet !
So Hermes thought, and a celestial heat
Burnt from his wingèd heels to either ear,
That from a whiteness, as the lily clear,

* Mercury.

Blushed into roses 'mid his golden hair,
 Fallen in jealous curls about his shoulders bare:
 From vale to vale, from wood to wood, he flew,
 Breathing upon the flowers his passion new,
 And wound with many a river to its head,
 To find where this sweet nymph prepared her secret bed.
 In vain ; the sweet nymph might nowhere be found,
 And so he rested, on the lonely ground,
 Pensive, and full of painful jealousies
 Of the Wood-Gods, and even the very trees.
 There as he stood, he heard a mournful voice,
 Such as once heard, in gentle heart, destroys
 All pain but pity : thus the lone voice spake :
 " When from this wreathed tomb shall I awake !
 When move in a sweet body fit for life,
 And love, and pleasure, and the ruddy strife
 Of hearts and lips ! Ah, miserable me !"
 The God, dove-footed, glided silently
 Round bush and tree, soft-brushing, in his speed,
 The taller grasses and full-flowering weed,
 Until he found a palpitating snake,
 Bright, and cirque-couchant in a dusky brake.

She was a gordian shape of dazzling hue,
 Vermilion-spotted, golden, green, and blue ;
 Striped like a zebra, freckled like a pard,
 Eyed like a peacock, and all crimson barred ;
 And full of silver moons, that, as she breathed,
 Dissolved, or brighter shone, or interwreathed
 Their lustres with the gloomier tapestries—
 So rainbow-sided, touched with miseries,
 She seemed, at once, some penanced lady elf,
 Some demon's mistress, or the demon's self.
 Upon her crest she wore a wannish fire
 Sprinkled with stars, like Ariadne's tiar :

Her head was serpent, but ah, bitter-sweet !
 She had a woman's mouth with all its pearls complete :
 And for her eyes : what could such eyes do there
 But weep, and weep, that they were born so fair ?
 As Proserpine still weeps for her Sicilian air.
 Her throat was serpent, but the words she spake
 Came, as through bubbling honey, for Love's sake,
 And thus ; while Hermes on his pinions lay,
 Like a stooped falcon ere he takes his prey :

“ Fair Hermes, crowned with feathers, fluttering light,
 I had a splendid dream of thee last night :
 I saw thee sitting, on a throne of gold,
 Among the Gods, upon Olympus old,
 The only sad one ; for thou didst not hear
 The soft, lute-fingered Muses chanting clear,
 Nor even Apollo when he sang alone,
 Deaf to his throbbing throat's long, long melodious moan.
 I dreamt I saw thee, robed in purple flakes,
 Break amorous through the clouds, as morning breaks,
 And, swiftly as a bright Phœbean dart,
 Strike for the Cretan isle ; and here thou art !
 Too gentle Hermes, hast thou found the maid ?”
 Whereat the star of Lethe not delayed
 His rosy eloquence, and thus inquired :
 “ Thou smooth-lipped serpent, surely high inspired !
 Thou beauteous wreath, with melancholy eyes,
 Possess whatever bliss thou canst devise,
 Telling me only where my nymph is fled,—
 Where she doth breathe !” “ Bright planet, thou hast said,
 Returned the snake, “ but seal with oaths, fair God !”
 “ I swear,” said Hermes, “ by my serpent rod,
 And by thine eyes, and by thy starry crown !”
 Light flew his earnest words, among the blossoms blown.
 Then thus again the brilliance feminine :
 “ Too frail of heart ! for this lost nymph of thine,

Free as the air, invisibly, she strays
About these thornless wilds ; her pleasant days
She tastes unseen ; unseen her nimble feet
Leave traces in the grass and flowers sweet ;
From weary tendrils, and bowed branches green,
She plucks the fruit unseen, she bathes unseen :
And by my power is her beauty veiled
To keep it unaffronted, unassailed
By the love-glances of unlovely eyes,
Of Satyrs, Fauns, and bleared Silenus' sighs.
Pale grew her immortality, for woe
Of all these lovers, and she grieved so
I took compassion on her, bade her steep
Her hair in weird syrops, that would keep
Her loveliness invisible, yet free
To wander as she loves, in liberty.
Thou shalt behold her, Hermes, thou alone,
If thou wilt, as thou swearest, grant my boon !"
Then, once again, the charmèd God began
An oath, and through the serpent's ears it ran
Warm, tremulous, devout, psalterian.
Ravished, she lifted her Circean head,
Blushed a live damask, and swift-lipping said :
"I was a woman, let me have once more
A woman's shape, and charming as before.
I love a youth of Corinth—O the bliss !
Give me my woman's form, and place me where he is.
Stoop, Hermes, let me breathe upon thy brow,
And thou shalt see thy sweet nymph even now."
The God on half-shut feathers sank serene,
She breathed upon his eyes, and swift was seen
Of both the guarded nymph near-smiling on the green.
It was no dream ; or say a dream it was,
Real are the dreams of Gods, and smoothly pass
Theii pleasures in a long immortal dream.
One warm, flushed moment, hovering, it might seem

Dashed by the wood-nymph's beauty, so he burned ;
Then, lighting on the printless verdure, turned
To the swooned serpent, and with languid arm,
Delicate, put to proof the lithe Caducean charm.
So done, upon the nymph his eyes he bent
Full of adoring tears and blandishment,
And towards her stept : she, like a moon in wane,
Faded before him, coverèd, nor could restrain
Her fearful sobs, self-folding like a flower
That faints into itself at evening hour :
But the God fostering her chilled hand,
She felt the warmth, her eyelids opened bland,
And, like new flowers at morning song of bees,
Bloomed, and gave up her honey to the lees.
Into the green-recessed woods they flew ;
Nor grew they pale, as mortal lovers do.

Left to herself, the serpent now began
To change ; her elfin blood in madness ran,
Her mouth foamed, and the grass, therewith besprent,
Withered at dew so sweet and virulent ;
Her eyes in torture fixed, and anguish drear,
Hot, glazed, and wide, with lid-lashes all sear,
Flashed phosphor and sharp sparks, without one cooling tear
The colours all inflamed throughout her train,
She writhed about, convulsed with scarlet pain :
A deep volcanian yellow took the place
Of all her milder-moonèd body's grace ;
And, as the lava ravishes the mead,
Spoilt all her silver mail, and golden brede ;
Made gloom of all her frecklings, streaks and bars,
Eclipsed her crescents, and licked up her stars :
So that, in moments few, she was undrest
Of all her sapphires, greens, and amethyst,
And rubious-argent : of all these bereft,
Nothing but pain and ugliness were left.

Still shone her crown ; that vanished, also she
 Melted and disappeared as suddenly ;
 And in the air, her new voice luting soft,
 Cried, " Lycius ! gentle Lycius !" — Borne aloft
 With the bright mists about the mountains hoar
 These words dissolved : Crete's forests heard no more.

Whither fled Lamia, now a lady bright,
 A full-born beauty new and exquisite ?
 She fled into that valley they pass o'er
 Who go to Corinth from Cenchreas' shore ;
 And rested at the foot of those wild hills,
 The rugged founts of the Peræan rills,
 And of that other ridge whose barren back
 Stretches, with all its mist and cloudy rack,
 South-westward to Cleone. There she stood
 About a young bird's flutter from a wood,
 Fair, on a sloping green of mossy tread,
 By a clear pool, wherein she passionèd
 To see herself escaped from so sore ills,
 While her robes flaunted with the daffodils.

Ah, happy Lycius ! — for she was a maid
 More beautiful than ever twisted braid,
 Or sighed, or blushed, or on spring-flowered lea
 Spread a green kirtle to the minstrelsy :
 A virgin purest lipped, yet in the lore
 Of love deep learned to the red heart's core :
 Not one hour old, yet of sciential brain
 To unperplex bliss from its neighbour pain ;
 Define their pettish limits, and estrange
 Their points of contact, and swift counterchange
 Intrigue with the specious chaos, and dispart
 Its most ambiguous atoms with sure art ;
 As though in Cupid's college she had spent

Sweet days a lovely graduate, still unshent,
And kept his rosy terms in idle languishment.

Why this fair creature chose so fairly
By the wayside to linger, we shall see ;
But first 'tis fit to tell how she could muse
And dream, when in the serpent prison-house,
Of all she list, strange or magnificent :
How, ever, where she willed, her spirit went ;
Whether to faint Elysium, or where
Down through tress-lifting waves the Nereids fair
Wind into Thetis' bower by many a pearly stair ;
Or where God Bacchus drains his cups divine,
Stretched out, at ease, beneath a glutinous pine ;
Or where in Pluto's gardens palatine
Mulciber's* columns gleam in far piazzian line.
And sometimes into cities she would send
Her dream, with feast and rioting to blend ;
And once, while among mortals dreaming thus,
She saw the young Corinthian Lycius
Charioting foremost in the envious race,
Like a young Jove with calm uneager face,
And fell into a swooning love of him.
Now on the moth-time of that evening dim
He would return that way, as well she knew,
To Corinth from the shore ; for freshly blew
The eastern soft wind, and his galley now
Grated the quaystones with her brazen prow
In port Cenchreas, from Egina isle
Fresh anchored ; whither he had been awhile
To sacrifice to Jove, whose temple there
Waits with high marble doors for blood and incense rare.
Jove heard his vows, and bettered his desire ;
For by some freakful chance he made retire

* Vulcan.

From his companions, and set forth to walk,
Perhaps grown wearied of their Corinth talk :
Over the solitary hills he fared,
Thoughtless at first, but ere eve's star appeared
His fantasy was lost, where reason fades,
In the calmed twilight of Platonic shades.
Lamia beheld him coming, near, more near—
Close to her passing, in indifference drear,
His silent sandals swept the mossy green ;
So neighboured to him, and yet so unseen
She stood : he passed, shut up in mysteries,
His mind wrapped like his mantle, while her eyes
Followed his steps, and her neck regal white
Turned—syllabing thus, “ Ah, Lycius bright,
And will you leave me on the hills alone ?
Lycius, look back ! and be some pity shown.”
He did ; not with cold wonder fearingly,
But Orpheus-like at an Eurydice ;
For so delicious were the words she sung,
It seemed he had loved them a whole summer long .
And soon his eyes had drunk her beauty up,
Leaving no drop in the bewildering cup,
And still the cup was full,—while he, afraid
Lest she should vanish ere his lip had paid
Due adoration, thus began to adore ;
Her soft look growing coy, she saw his chain so sure :
“ Leave thee alone ! Look back ! Ah ! Goddess, see
Whether my eyes can ever turn from thee !
For pity do not this sad heart belie—
Even as thou vanishest so I shall die.
Stay ! though a Naiad of the rivers, stay !
To thy far wishes will thy streams obey :
Stay ! though the greenest woods be thy domain.
Alone they can drink up the morning rain :
Though a descended Pleiad, will not one
Of thine harmonious sisters keep in tune

Thy spheres, and as thy silver proxy shine?
So sweetly to these ravished ears of mine
Came thy swift greeting, that if thou shouldst fade
Thy memory will waste me to a shade:
For pity do not melt!"—"If I should stay,"
Said Lamia, "here upon this floor of clay,
And pain my steps upon these flowers too rough,
What canst thou say or do of charm enough
To dull the nice remembrance of my home?
Thou canst not ask me with thee here to roam
Over these hills and vales where no joy is,—
Empty of immortality and bliss!
Thou art a scholar, Lycius, and must know
That finer spirits cannot breathe below
In human climes, and live: Alas! poor youth,
What taste of purer air hast thou to soothe
My essence? What serener palaces,
Where I may all my many senses please,
And by mysterious sleights a hundred thirsts appease?
It cannot be—Adieu!" So said, she rose
Tiptoe with white arms spread. He, sick to lose
The amorous promise of her lone complain,
Swooned, murmuring of love, and pale with pain.
The cruel lady, without any show
Of sorrow for her tender favourite's woe,
But rather, if her eyes could brighter be,
With brighter eyes and slow amenity,
Put her new lips to his, and gave afresh
The life she had so tangled in her mesh:
And as he from one trance was wakening
Into another, she began to sing,
Happy in beauty, life, and love, and everything,
A song of love, too sweet for earthly lyres,
While, like held breath, the stars drew in their panting fires.
And then she whispered in such trembling tone,
As those who, safe together, met alone

For the first time through many anguished days,
Use other speech than looks ; bidding him raise
His drooping head, and clear his soul of doubt,
For that she was a woman, and without
Any more subtle fluid in her veins
Than throbbing blood, and that the self-same pains
Inhabited her frail-strung heart as his.
And next she wondered how his eyes could miss
Her face so long in Corinth, where, she said,
She dwelt but half retired, and there had led
Days happy as the gold coin could invent
Without the aid of love ; yet in content
Till she saw him, as once she passed him by,
Where 'gainst a column he leant thoughtfully
At Venus' temple porch, 'mid baskets heaped
Of amorous herbs and flowers, newly reaped
Late on that eve, as 'twas the night before
The Adonian feast ; whereof she saw no more,
But wept alone those days, for why should she adore ?
Lycius from death awoke into amaze,
To see her still, and singing so sweet lays ;
Then from amaze into delight he fell
To hear her whisper woman's lore so well ;
And every word she spake enticed him on
To unperplexed delight and pleasure known.
Let the mad poets say whate'er they please
Of the sweets of Fairies, Peris, Goddesses,
There is not such a treat among them all,
Haunters of cavern, lake, and waterfall,
As a real woman, lineal indeed
From Pyrrha's pebbles or old Adam's seed.
Thus gentle Lamia judged, and judged aright,
That Lycius could not love in half a fright,
So threw the goddess off, and won his heart
More pleasantly by playing woman's part,
With no more awe than what her beauty gave,

That, while it smote, still guaranteed to save.
 Lycius to all made eloquent reply,
 Marrying to every word a twinborn sigh ;
 And last, pointing to Corinth, asked her sweet
 If 'twas too far that night for her soft feet.
 The way was short, for Lamia's eagerness
 Made, by a spell, the triple league decrease
 To a few paces ; not at all surmised
 By blinded Lycius, so in her comprised.
 They passed the city gates, he knew not how,
 So noiseless, and he never thought to know.

As men talk in a dream, so Corinth all,
 Throughout her palaces imperial,
 And all her populous streets and temples lewd,
 Muttered, like tempest in the distance brewed,
 To the wide-spreaded night above her towers.
 Men, women, rich and poor, in the cool hours,
 Shuffled their sandals o'er the pavement white,
 Companioned or alone ; while many a light
 Flared, here and there, from wealthy festivals,
 And threw their moving shadows on the walls,
 Or found them clustered in the corniced shade
 Of some arched temple door, or dusky colonnade.

Muffling his face, of greeting friends in fear,
 Her fingers he pressed hard, as one came near
 With curled grey beard, sharp eyes, and smooth bald crown,
 Slow-stepped, and robed in philosophic gown :
 Lycius shrank closer, as they met and passed,
 Into his mantle, adding wings to haste,
 While hurried Lamia trembled : " Ah," said he,
 Why do you shudder, love, so ruefully ?
 Why does your tender palm dissolve in dew ?"
 " I'm wearied," said fair Lamia . " tell me who

Is that old man? I cannot bring to mind
 His features :—Lycius ! wherefore did you blind
 Yourself from his quick eyes ?” Lycius replied,
 “ ’Tis Apollonius sage, my trusty guide
 And good instructor ; but to-night he seems
 The ghost of folly haunting my sweet dreams.”

While yet he spake they had arrived before
 A pillared porch, with lofty portal door,
 Where hung a silver lamp, whose phosphor glow
 Reflected in the slabbed steps below,
 Mild as a star in water ; for so new,
 And so unsullied was the marble hue,
 So through the crystal polish, liquid fine,
 Ran the dark veins, that none but feet divine
 Could e’er have touched there. Sounds Æolian
 Breathed from the hinges, as the ample span
 Of the wide doors disclosed a place unknown
 Some time to any, but those two alone,
 And a few Persian mutes, who that same year
 Were seen about the markets : none knew where
 They could inhabit ; the most curious
 Were foiled, who watched to trace them to their house :
 And but the flitter-winged verse must tell,
 For truth’s sake, what woe afterwards befel,
 ’Twould humour many a heart to leave them thus,
 Shut from the busy world of more incredulous.

PART II.

LOVE in a hut, with water and a crust,
 Is—Love, forgive us !—cinders, ashes, dust ;
 Love in a palace is perhaps at last
 More grievous torment than a hermit’s fast :

That is a doubtful tale from fairy land,
 Hard for the non-elect to understand.
 Had Lycius lived to hand his story down,
 He might have given the moral a fresh frown,
 Or clenched it quite : but too short was their bliss
 To breed distrust and hate, that make the soft voice hiss.
 Besides, there, nightly, with terrific glare,
 Love, jealous grown of so complete a pair,
 Hovered and buzzed his wings, with fearful roar,
 Above the lintel of their chamber door,
 And down the passage cast a glow upon the floor.

For all this came a ruin : side by side
 They were enthronèd, in the even-tide,
 Upon a couch, near to a curtaining
 Whose airy texture, from a golden string,
 Floated into the room, and let appear
 Unveiled the summer heaven, blue and clear,
 Betwixt two marble shafts :—there they reposed,
 Where use had made it sweet, with eyelids closed,
 Saving a tithe which love still open kept,
 That they might see each other while they almost slept ;
 When from the slope side of a suburb hill,
 Deafening the swallow's twitter, came a thrill
 Of trumpets—Lycius started—the sounds fled,
 But left a thought, a buzzing in his head.
 For the first time, since first he harboured in
 That purple-lined palace of sweet sin,
 His spirit passed beyond its golden bourne
 Into the noisy world almost foresworn.
 The lady, ever watchful, penetrant,
 Saw this with pain, so arguing a want
 Of something more, more than her empery
 Of joys ; and she began to moan and sigh
 Because he mused beyond her, knowing well
 That but a moment's thought is passion's passing bell.

“Why do you sigh, fair creature?” whispered he:
“Why do you think?” returned she tenderly:
“You have deserted me;—where am I now?
Not in your heart while care weighs on your brow:
No, no, you have dismissed me; and I go
From your breast houseless: ay, it must be so.”
He answered, bending to her open eyes,
Where he was mirrored small in paradise:
“My silver planet, both of eve and morn!
Why will you plead yourself so sad forlorn,
While I am striving how to fill my heart
With deeper crimson, and a double smart?
How to entangle, trammel up and snare
Your soul in mine, and labyrinth you there
Like the hid scent in an unbudded rose?
Ay, a sweet kiss—you see your mighty woes.
My thoughts! shall I unveil them? Listen then!
What mortal hath a prize, that other men
May be confounded and abashed withal,
But lets it sometimes pace abroad majestic,
And triumph, as in thee I should rejoice
Amid the hoarse alarm of Corinth’s voice.
Let my foes choke, and my friends shout afar,
While through the thronged streets your bridal car
Wheels round its dazzling spokes.”—The lady’s cheek
Trembled; she nothing said, but, pale and meek,
Arose and knelt before him, wept a rain
Of sorrows at his words; at last with pain
Beseeching him, the while his hand she wrung,
To change his purpose. He thereat was stung,
Perverse, with stronger fancy to reclaim
Her wild and timid nature to his aim:
Besides, for all his love, in self-despite,
Against his better self, he took delight
Luxurious in her sorrows, soft and new.
His passion, cruel grown, took on a hue

Fierce and sanguineous as 'twas possible
 In one whose brow had no dark veins to swell.
 Fine was the mitigated fury, like
 Apollo's presence when in act to strike
 The serpent—Ha, the serpent! certes, she
 Was none. She burnt, she loved the tyranny,
 And, all subdued, consented to the hour
 When to the bridal he should lead his paramour.
 Whispering in midnight silence, said the youth,
 "Sure some sweet name thou hast, though, by my truth,
 I have not asked it, ever thinking thee
 Not mortal, but of heavenly progeny,
 As still I do. Hast any mortal name,
 Fit appellation for this dazzling frame?
 Or friends or kinsfolk on the cited earth,
 To share our marriage feast and nuptial mirth?"
 "I have no friends," said Lamia, "no, not one;
 My presence in wide Corinth hardly known:
 My parents' bones are in their dusty urns
 Sepulchred, where no kindled incense burns,
 Seeing all their luckless race are dead, save me,
 And I neglect the holy rite for thee.
 Even as you list invite your many guests;
 But if, as now it seems, your vision rests
 With any pleasure on me, do not bid
 Old Apollonius—from him keep me hid."
 Lycius, perplexed at words so blind and blank,
 Made close inquiry; from whose touch she shrank,
 Feigning a sleep; and he to the dull shade
 Of deep sleep in a moment was betrayed.

It was the custom then to bring away
 The bride from home at blushing shut of day,
 Veiled, in a chariot, heralded along
 By strewn flowers, torches, and a marriage song.

With other pageants : but this fair unknown
Had not a friend. So being left alone
(Lycius was gone to summon all his kin),
And knowing surely she could never win
His foolish heart from its mad pompousness,
She set herself, high-thoughted, how to dress
The misery in fit magnificence.
She did so, but 'tis doubtful how and whence
Came, and who were her subtle servitors.
About the halls, and to and from the doors,
There was a noise of wings, till in short space
The glowing banquet-room shone with wide-arched grace.
A haunting music, sole perhaps and lone
Supportress of the fairy-roof, made moan
Throughout, as fearful the whole charm might fade.
Fresh carved cedar, mimicking a glade
Of palm and plantain, met from either side,
High in the midst, in honour of the bride :
Two palms and then two plantains, and so on,
From either side their stems branched one to one
All down the aisled place ; and beneath all
There ran a stream of lamps straight on from wall to wall.
So canopied, lay an untasted feast
Teeming with odours. Lamia, regal drest,
Silently paced about, and as she went,
In pale contented sort of discontent,
Missioned her viewless servants to enrich
The fretted splendour of each rook and niche.
Between the tree-stems, marbled plain at first,
Came jasper panels ; then, anon, there burst
Forth creeping imagery of slighter trees,
And with the larger wove in small intricacies.
Approving all, she faded at self-will,
And shut the chamber up, close, hushed and still,
Complete and ready for the revels rude,
When dreadful guests would come to spoil her solitude.

The day appeared, and all the gossip rout.
 O senseless Lycius ! Madman ! wherefore flout
 The silent-blessing fate, warm cloistered hours,
 And show to common eyes these secret bowers ?
 The herd approached ; each guest, with busy brain,
 Arriving at the portal, gazed amain,
 And entered marvelling : for they knew the street,
 Remembered it from childhood all complete
 Without a gap, yet ne'er before had seen
 That royal porch, that high-built fair demesne ;
 So in they hurried all, mazed, curious and keen :
 Save one, who looked thereon with eye severe,
 And with calm-planted steps walked in austere ;
 'Twas Apollonius : something too he laughed,
 As though some knotty problem, that had daft
 His patient thought, had now begun to thaw,
 And solve and melt :—'twas just as he foresaw.

He met within the murmurous vestibule
 His young disciple. " 'Tis no common rule,
 " Lycius," said he, " for uninvited guest
 To force himself upon you, and infest
 With an unbidden presence the bright throng
 Of younger friends ; yet must I do this wrong,
 And you forgive me." Lycius blushed, and led
 The old man through the inner doors broad-spread ;
 With reconciling words and courteous mien
 Turning into sweet milk the sophist's spleen.

Of wealthy lustre was the banquet-room,
 Filled with pervading brilliance and perfume :
 Before each lucid panel fuming stood
 A censer fed with myrrh and spiced wood.
 Each by a sacred tripod held aloft,
 Whose slender feet wide-swerved upon the soft

Wool-woofed carpets : fifty wreaths of smoke
 From fifty censers their light voyage took
 To the high roof, still mimicked as they rose
 Along the mirrored walls by twin-clouds odorous.
 Twelve sphered tables, by silk seats insphered,
 High as the level of a man's breast reared
 On libbard's* paws, upheld the heavy gold
 Of cups and goblets, and the store thrice told
 Of Ceres' horn, and, in huge vessels, wine
 Came from the gloomy tun with merry shine.
 Thus loaded with a feast the tables stood,
 Each shrining in the midst the image of a God.

When in an ante-chamber every guest
 Had felt the cold full sponge to pleasure pressed,
 By minist'ring slaves, upon his hands and feet,
 And fragrant oils with ceremony meet
 Poured on his hair, they all moved to the feast
 In white robes, and themselves in order placed
 Around the silken couches, wondering
 Whence all this mighty cost and blaze of wealth could spring.

Soft went the music the soft air along,
 While fluent Greek a vowelled undersong
 Kept up among the guests, discoursing low
 At first, for scarcely was the wine at flow ;
 But when the happy vintage touched their brains,
 Louder they talk, and louder come the strains
 Of powerful instruments :—the gorgeous dyes,
 The space, the splendour of the draperies,
 The roof of awful richness, nectarous cheer,
 Beautiful slaves, and Lamia's self, appear.
 Now, when the wine has done its rosy deed,
 And every soul from human trammels freed,
 No more so strange ; for merry wine, sweet wine,
 Will make Elysian shades not too fair, too divine.

* Leopard's.

LAMIA.

Soon was God Bacchus at meridian height ;
 Flushed were their cheeks, and bright eyes double bright :
 Garlands of every green, and every scent
 From vales deflowered, or forest-trees branch-rent,
 In baskets of bright osiered gold were brought
 High as the handles heaped, to suit the thought
 Of every guest ; that each, as he did please,
 Might fancy-fit his brows, silk-pillowed at his ease.

What wreath for Lamia ? What for Lycius ?
 What for the sage, old Apollonius ?
 Upon her aching forehead be there hung
 The leaves of willow and of adder's tongue ,
 And for the youth, quick, let us strip for him
 The thyrsus, that his watching eyes may swim
 Into forgetfulness ; and for the sage,
 Let spear-grass and the spiteful thistle wage
 War on his temples. Do not all charms fly
 At the mere touch of cold philosophy ?
 There was an awful rainbow once in heaven :
 We know her woof, her texture ; she is given
 In the dull catalogue of common things.
 Philosophy will clip an angel's wings,
 Conquer all mysteries by rule and line,
 Empty the haunted air, and gnomed mine—
 Unweave a rainbow, as it erewhile made
 The tender-personed Lamia melt into a shade.

By her glad Lycius sitting, in chief place,
 Scarce saw in all the room another face,
 Till, checking his love trance, a cup he took
 Full brimmed, and opposite sent forth a look
 'Cross the broad table, to beseech a glance
 From his old teacher's wrinkled countenance,
 And pledge him. The bald-head philosopher
 Had fixed his eye, without a twinkle or stir

Full on the alarmed beauty of the bride,
Brow-beating her fair form, and troubling her sweet pride
Lycius then pressed her hand, with devout touch,
As pale it lay upon the rosy couch :
'Twas icy, and the cold ran through his veins ;
Then sudden it grew hot, and all the pains
Of an unnatural heat shot to his heart.
“ Lamia, what means this ? Wherefore dost thou start ?
Know'st thou that man ? ” Poor Lamia answered not.
He gazed into her eyes, and not a jot
Owned they the love-lorn piteous appeal :
More, more he gazed : his human senses reel :
Some hungry spell that loveliness absorbs ;
There was no recognition in those orbs.
“ Lamia ! ” he cried—and no soft-toned reply.
The many heard, and the loud revelry
Grew hush ; the stately music no more breathes ;
The myrtle sickened in a thousand wreaths.
By faint degrees, voice, lute, and pleasure ceased ;
A deadly silence step by step increased,
Until it seemed a horrid presence there,
And not a man but felt the terror in his hair.
“ Lamia ! ” he shrieked ; and nothing but the shriek
With its sad echo did the silence break.
“ Begone, foul dream ! ” he cried, gazing again
In the bride's face, where now no azure vein
Wandered on fair-spaced temples ; no soft bloom
Misted the cheek ; no passion to illumine
The deep-recessed vision :—all was blight ;
Lamia, no longer fair, there sat a deadly white.
“ Shut, shut those juggling eyes, thou ruthless man !
Turn them aside, wretch ! or the righteous ban
Of all the Gods, whose dreadful images
Here represent their shadowy presences,
May pierce them on the sudden with the thorn
Of painful blindness ; leaving thee forlorn,

In trembling dotage to the feeblest fright
 Of conscience, for their long offended might,
 For all thine impious proud-heart sophistries,
 Unlawful magic, and enticing lies.
 Corinthians ! look upon that grey-beard wretch !
 Mark how, possessed, his lashless eyelids stretch
 Around his demon eyes ! Corinthians, see !
 My sweet bride withers at their potency.”
 “ Fool !” said the sophist, in an under-tone
 Gruff with contempt ; which a death-nighing moan
 From Lycius answered, as heart-struck and lost,
 He sat supine beside the aching ghost.
 “ Fool ! Fool !” repeated he, while his eyes still
 Relented not, nor moved ; “ from every ill
 Of life have I preserved thee to this day,
 And shall I see thee made a serpent’s prey ?”
 Then Lamia breathed death breath ; the sophist’s eye,
 Like a sharp spear, went through her utterly,
 Keen, cruel, perçant, stinging : she, as well
 As her weak hand could any meaning tell,
 Motioned him to be silent ; vainly so,
 He looked and looked again a level—No !
 “ A Serpent !” echoed he ; no sooner said,
 Than with a frightful scream she vanishèd :
 And Lycius’ arms were empty of delight,
 As were his limbs of life, from that same night.
 On the high couch he lay !—his friends came round—
 Supported him—no pulse, or breath they found,
 And, in its marriage robe, the heavy body wound.*

* “ Philostratus, in his fourth book *de Vita Apollonii*, hath a memorable instance in this kind, which I may not omit, of one Menippus Lycius, a young man twenty-five years of age, that going betwixt Cenchreas and Corinth, met such a phantasm in the habit of a fair gentlewoman, which taking him by the hand, carried him home to her house, in the suburbs of Corinth, and told him she was a Phœnician by birth, and if he would tarry with her, he should hear her sing and play, and drink such wine as never any drank, and no man should

molest him ; but she, being fair and lovely, would live and die with him, that was fair and lovely to behold. The young man, a philosopher, otherwise staid and discreet, able to moderate his passions, though not this of love, tarried with her awhile to his great content, and at last married her, to whose wedding, amongst other guests, came Apollonius ; who, by some probable conjectures, found her out to be a serpent, .a lamia ; and that all her furniture was, like Tantalus' gold, described by Homer, no substance but mere illusions. When she saw herself descried, she wept, and desired Apollonius to be silent, but he would not be moved, and thereupon she, plate, house, and all that was in it, vanished in an instant : many thousands took notice of this fact, for it was done in the midst of Greece."—BURTON'S *Anatomy of Melancholy*, part 3, sect. 2, memb. 1, subs. 1.

ISABELLA; OR, THE POT OF BASIL.

A STORY FROM BOCCACCIO.

I.

FAIR Isabel, poor simple Isabel !
Lorenzo, a young palmer in Love's eye !
They could not in the self-same mansion dwell
Without some stir of heart, some malady ;
They could not sit at meals but feel how well
It soothèd each to be the other by ;
They could not, sure, beneath the same roof sleep
But to each other dream, and nightly weep.

II.

With every morn their love grew tenderer,
With every eve deeper and tenderer still ;
He might not in house, field, or garden stir,
But her full shape would all his seeing fill ;
And his continual voice was pleasanter
To her, than noise of trees or hidden rill ;
Her lute-string gave an echo of his name,
She spoiled her half-done broidery with the same.

III.

He knew whose gentle hand was at the latch,
Before the door had given her to his eyes ;
And from her chamber-window he would catch
Her beauty farther than the falcon spies ;
And constant as her vespers would he watch,
Because her face was turned to the same skies ;
And with sick longing all the night outwear,
To hear her morning-step upon the stair.

IV.

A whole long month of May in this sad plight
Made their cheeks paler by the break of June :
"To-morrow will I bow to my delight,
To-morrow will I ask my lady's boon."
"O may I never see another night,
Lorenzo, if thy lips breathe not love's tune."
So spake they to their pillows ; but, alas !
Honeyless days and days did he let pass ;

V.

Until sweet Isabella's untouched cheek
Fell sick within the rose's just domain ;
Fell thin as a young mother's, who doth seek
By every lull to cool her infant's pain :
"How ill she is," said he, "I may not speak,
And yet I will, and tell my love all plain :
If looks speak love-laws, I will drink her tears,
And at the least 'twill startle off her cares."

VI.

So said he one fair morning, and all day
His heart beat awfully against his side ;
And to his heart he inwardly did pray
For power to speak ; but still the ruddy tide
Stifled his voice, and pulsed resolve away—
Fevered his high conceit of such a bride,
Yet brought him to the meekness of a child :
Alas ! when passion is both meek and wild !

VII.

So once more he had waked and anguishèd
A dreary night of love and misery,
If Isabel's quick eye had not been wed
To every symbol on his forehead high ;

She saw it waxing very pale and dead,
 And straight all flushed ; so, lisped tenderly,
 " Lorenzo !"—here she ceased her timid quest,
 But in her tone and look he read the rest.

VIII.

" O Isabella, I can half perceive
 That I may speak my grief into thine ear ;
 If thou didst ever anything believe,
 Believe how I love thee, believe how near
 My soul is to its doom : I would not grieve
 Thy hand by unwelcome pressing, would not fear
 Thine eyes by gazing ; but I cannot live
 Another night, and not my passion shrive.

IX.

" Love ! thou art leading me from wintry cold,
 Lady ! thou ledest me to summer clime,
 And I must taste the blossoms that unfold
 In its ripe warmth this gracious morning time."
 So said, his erewhile timid lips grew bold,
 And poesièd with hers in dewy rhyme :
 Great bliss was with them, and great happiness
 Grew, like a lusty flower in June's caress.

X.

Parting they seemed to tread upon the air,
 Twin roses by the zephyr blown apart
 Only to meet again more close, and share
 The inward fragrance of each other's heart.
 She, to her chamber gone, a ditty fair
 Sang, of delicious love and honeyed dart ;
 He with light steps went up a western hill,
 And bade the sun farewell, and joyed his fill.

XI.

All close they met again, before the dusk
 Had taken from the stars its pleasant veil,
 All close they met, all eves, before the dusk
 Had taken from the stars its pleasant veil,
 Close in a bower of hyacinth and musk,
 Unknown of any, free from whispering tale.
 Ah! better had it been for ever so,
 Than idle ears should pleasure in their woe.

XII.

Were they unhappy then?—It cannot be—
 Too many tears for lovers have been shed,
 Too many sighs give we to them in fee,
 Too much of pity after they are dead,
 Too many doleful stories do we see,
 Whose matter in bright gold were best be read;
 Except in such a page where Theseus' spouse*
 Over the pathless waves towards him bows.

XIII.

But, for the general award of love,
 The little sweet doth kill much bitterness;
 Though Dido silent is in under-grove,
 And Isabella's was a great distress,
 Though young Lorenzo in warm Indian clove
 Was not embalmed, this truth is not the less—
 Even bees, the little almsmen of spring-bowers,
 Know there is richest juice in poison-flowers.

XIV.

With her two brothers this fair lady dwelt,
 Enrichèd from ancestral merchandize,

* Ariadne.

And for them many a weary hand did swelt
 In torchèd mines and noisy factories,
 And many once proud-quivered loins did melt
 In blood from stinging whip ;—with hollow eyes
 Many all day in dazzling river stood,
 To take the rich-ored driftings of the flood.

XV.

For them the Ceylon diver held his breath,
 And went all naked to the hungry shark ;
 For them his ears gushed blood ; for them in death
 The seal on the cold ice with piteous bark
 Lay full of darts ; for them alone did seethe
 A thousand men in troubles wide and dark :
 Half-ignorant, they turned an easy wheel,
 That set sharp racks at work, to pinch and peel.

XVI.

Why were they proud ? Because their marble founts
 Gushed with more pride than do a wretch's tears ?
 Why were they proud ? Because fair orange-mounts
 Were of more soft ascent than lazar stairs ?
 Why were they proud ? Because red-lined accounts
 Were richer than the songs of Grecian years ?
 Why were they proud ? again we ask aloud,
 Why in the name of Glory were they proud ?

XVII.

Yet were these Florentines as self-retired
 In hungry pride and gainful cowardice,
 As two close Hebrews in that land inspired,
 Paled in and vineyarded from beggar-spies ;
 The hawks of ship-mast forests—the untired
 And panniered mules for ducats and old lies—
 Quick cat's-paws on the generous stray-away,—
 Great wits in Spanish, Tuscan, and Malay.

XVIII.

How was it these same ledger-men could spy
 Fair Isabella in her downy nest?
 How could they find out in Lorenzo's eye
 A straying from his toil? Hot Egypt's pest
 Into their vision covetous and sly!
 How could these money-bags see east and west?
 Yet so they did—and every dealer fair
 Must see behind, as doth the hunted hare.

XIX.

O eloquent and famed Boccaccio!
 Of thee we now should ask forgiving boon,
 And of thy spicy myrtles as they blow,
 And of thy roses amorous of the moon,
 And of thy lilies, that do paler grow
 Now they can no more hear thy ghittern's tune.
 For venturing syllables that ill beseem
 The quiet glooms of such a piteous theme.

XX.

Grant thou a pardon here, and then the tale
 Shall move on soberly, as it is meet;
 There is no other crime, no mad assail
 To make old prose in modern rhyme more sweet;
 But it is done—succeed the verse or fail—
 To honour thee, and thy gone spirit greet;
 To stead thee as a verse in English tongue,
 An echo of thee in the north-wind sung.

XXI.

These brethren having found by many signs
 What love Lorenzo for their sister had,
 And how she loved him too, each unconfines
 His bitter thoughts to other, well-nigh mad

That he, the servant of their trade designs,
 Should in their sister's love be blithe and glad,
 When 'twas their plan to coax her by degrees
 To some high noble and his olive-trees.

XXII.

And many a jealous conference had they,
 And many times they bit their lips alone,
 Before they fixed upon a surest way
 To make the youngster for his crime atone ;
 And at the last, these men of cruel clay
 Cut Mercy with a sharp knife to the bone :
 For they resolvèd in some forest dim
 To kill Lorenzo, and there bury him.

XXIII.

So on a pleasant morning, as he leant
 Into the sunrise, o'er the balustrade
 Of the garden-terrace, towards him they bent
 Their footing through the dews ; and to him said,
 " You seem there in the quiet of content,
 Lorenzo, and we are most loth to invade
 Calm speculation ; but if you are wise,
 Bstride your steed while cold is in the skies.

XXIV.

" To-day we purpose, ay, this hour we mount
 To spur three leagues towards the Apennine ;
 Come down, we pray thee, ere the hot sun count
 His dewy rosary on the eglantine."
 Lorenzo, courteously as he was wont,
 Bowed a fair greeting to these serpents' whine ;
 And went in haste, to get in readiness,
 With belt, and spur, and bracing huntsman's dress.

XXV.

And as he to the courtyard passed along,
 Each third step did he pause, and listened oft
 If he could hear his lady's matin-song,
 Or the light whisper of her footstep soft ;
 And as he thus over his passion hung,
 He heard a laugh full musical aloft ;
 When, looking up, he saw her features bright
 Smile through an indoor lattice, all delight.

XXVI.

"Love, Isabel !" said he, "I was in pain
 Lest I should miss to bid thee a good morrow :
 Ah ! what if I should lose thee, when so fain
 I am to stifle all the heavy sorrow
 Of a poor three hours' absence ? but we'll gain
 Out of the amorous dark what day doth borrow.
 Good-bye ! I'll soon be back."—" Good-bye !" said she :
 And as he went she chanted merrily

XXVII.

So the two brothers and their murdered man
 Rode past fair Florence, to where Arno's stream
 Gurgles through straitened banks, and still doth fan
 Itself with dancing bulrush, and the bream
 Keeps head against the freshets. Sick and wan
 The brothers' faces in the ford did seem,
 Lorenzo's flush with love. They passed the water
 Into a forest quiet for the slaughter.

XXVIII.

There was Lorenzo slain and buried in,
 There in that forest did his great love cease ;
 Ah ! when a soul doth thus its freedom win,
 It aches in loneliness—is ill at peace

As the break-covert bloodhounds of such sin :
 They dipped their swords in the water, and did tease
 Their horses homeward, with convulsed spur,
 Each richer by his being a murderer.

XXIX.

They told their sister how, with sudden speed,
 Lorenzo had ta'en ship for foreign lands,
 Because of some great urgency and need
 In their affairs, requiring trusty hands.
 Poor girl ! put on thy stifling widow's weed,
 And 'scape at once from Hope's accursed bands ;
 To-day thou wilt not see him, nor to-morrow,
 And the next day will be a day of sorrow.

XXX.

She weeps alone for pleasures not to be ;
 Sorely she wept until the night came on,
 And then, instead of love, O misery !
 She brooded o'er the luxury alone :
 His image in the dusk she seemed to see,
 And to the silence made a gentle moan,
 Spreading her perfect arms upon the air,
 And on her couch low murmuring, " Where ? O where ?"

XXXI.

But Selfishness, Love's cousin, held not long
 Its fiery vigil in her single breast ;
 She fretted for the golden hour, and hung
 Upon the time with feverish unrest—
 Not long—for soon into her heart a throng
 Of higher occupants, a richer zest,
 Came tragic ; passion not to be subdued,
 And sorrow for her love in travels rude.

XXXII.

In the mid-days of autumn, on their eves
The breath of winter comes from far away,
And the sick west continually bereaves
Of some gold tinge, and plays a roundelay
Of death among the bushes and the leaves,
To make all bare before he dares to stray
From his north cavern. So sweet Isabel
By gradual decay from beauty fell,

XXXIII.

Because Lorenzo came not. Oftentimes
She asked her brothers, with an eye all pale,
Striving to be itself, what dungeon climes
Could keep him off so long? They spake a tale
Time after time, to quiet her. Their crimes
Came on them, like a smoke from Hinnom's vale;
And every night in dreams they groaned aloud,
To see their sister in her snowy shroud.

XXXIV.

And she had died in drowsy ignorance,
But for a thing more deadly dark than all;
It came like a fierce potion, drunk by chance,
Which saves a sick man from the feathered pall
For some few gasping moments; like a lance,
Waking an Indian from his cloudy hall
With cruel pierce, and bringing him again
Sense of the gnawing fire at heart and brain.

XXXV.

It was a vision. In the drowsy gloom,
The dull of midnight, at her couch's foot
Lorenzo stood, and wept: the forest tomb
Had marred his glossy hair which once could shoot

Lustre into the sun, and put cold doom
 Upon his lips, and taken the soft lute
 From his lorn voice, and past his loamed ears
 Had made a miry channel for his tears.

XXXVI.

Strange sound it was, when the pale shadow spake ;
 For there was striving, in its piteous tongue,
 To speak as when on earth it was awake,
 And Isabella on its music hung :
 Languor there was in it, and tremulous shake,
 As in a palsied Druid's harp unstrung ;
 And through it moaned a ghostly under-song,
 Like hoarse night-gusts sepulchral briars among.

XXXVII.

Its eyes, though wild, were still all dewy bright
 With love, and kept all phantom fear aloof
 From the poor girl by magic of their light,
 The while it did unthread the horrid woof
 Of the late darkened time—the murderous spite
 Of pride and avarice—the dark pine roof
 In the forest—and the sodden turfed dell,
 Where, without any word, from stabs he fell.

XXXVIII.

Saying, moreover, " Isabel, my sweet !
 Red whortle-berries droop above my head,
 And a large flint-stone weighs upon my feet ;
 Around me beeches and high chestnuts shed
 Their leaves and prickly nuts ; a sheepfold bleat
 Comes from beyond the river to my bed :
 Go, shed one tear upon my heather-bloom,
 And it shall comfort me within the tomb.

XXXIX.

“ I am a shadow now, alas ! alas !
 Upon the skirts of human nature dwelling
 Alone : I chant alone the holy mass,
 While little sounds of life are round me knelling,
 And glossy bees at noon do fieldward pass,
 And many a chapel-bell the hour is telling,
 Paining me through : those sounds grow strange to me,
 And thou art distant in Humanity.

XL.

“ I know what was, I feel full well what is,
 And I should rage, if spirits could go mad ;
 Though I forget the taste of earthly bliss,
 That paleness warms my grave, as though I had
 A seraph chosen from the bright abyss
 To be my spouse : thy paleness makes me glad ;
 Thy beauty grows upon me, and I feel
 A greater love through all my essence steal.”

XLI.

The Spirit mourned “ Adieu ! ”—dissolved, and left
 The atom darkness in a slow turmoil ;
 As when of healthful midnight sleep bereft,
 Thinking on rugged hours and fruitless toil,
 We put our eyes into a pillowy cleft,
 And see the spangly gloom froth up and boil,
 It made sad Isabella’s eyelids ache,
 And in the dawn she started up awake ;

XLII.

“ Ha ! ha ! ” said she, “ I knew not this hard life.
 I thought the worst was simple misery ;
 I thought some Fate with pleasure or with strife
 Portioned us—happy days, or else to die ;

But there is crime—a brother's bloody knife !
 Sweet Spirit, thou hast schooled my infancy :
 I'll visit thee for this, and kiss thine eyes,
 And greet thee morn and even in the skies."

XLIII.

When the full morning came, she had devised
 How she might secret to the forest hie ;
 How she might find the clay, so dearly prized,
 And sing to it one latest lullaby ;
 How her short absence might be unsurmised,
 While she the inmost of the dream would try.
 Resolved, she took with her an aged nurse,
 And went into that dismal forest-hearse.

XLIV.

See, as they creep along the river side,
 How she doth whisper to that aged dame,
 And, after looking round the champaign wide,
 Shows her a knife. "What feverous hectic flame
 Burns in thee, child?—What good can thee betide,
 That thou shouldst smile again?" The evening came,
 And they had found Lorenzo's earthy bed ;
 The flint was there, the berries at his head.

XLV.

Who hath not loitered in a green churchyard,
 And let his spirit, like a demon-mole,
 Work through the clayey soil and gravel hard,
 To see skull, confined bones, and funeral stole ;
 Pitying each form that hungry Death hath marred,
 And filling it once more with human soul ?
 Ah ! this is holiday to what was felt
 When Isabella by Lorenzo knelt.

XLVI.

She gazed into the fresh-thrown mould, as though
 One glance did fully all its secrets tell ;
 Clearly she saw, as other eyes would know
 Pale limbs at bottom of a crystal well ;
 Upon the murderous spot she seemed to grow,
 Like to a native lily of the dell :
 Then with her knife, all sudden, she began
 To dig more fervently than misers can.

XLVII.

Soon she turned up a soiled glove, whereon
 Her silk had played in purple fantasies,
 She kissed it with a lip more chill than stone,
 And put it in her bosom, where it dries
 And freezes utterly unto the bone
 Those dainties made to still an infant's cries :
 Then 'gan she work again ; nor stayed her care,
 But to throw back at times her veiling hair.

XLVIII.

That old nurse stood beside her wondering,
 Until her heart felt pity to the core
 At sight of such a dismal labouring,
 And so she kneeled, with her locks all hoar,
 And put her lean hands to the horrid thing :
 Three hours they laboured at this travail sore ;
 At last they felt the kernel of the grave,
 And Isabella did not stamp and rave.

XLIX.

Ah ! wherefore all this wormy circumstance ?
 Why linger at the yawning tomb so long ?
 O for the gentleness of old Romance,
 The simple plaining of a minstrel's song !

Fair reader, at the old tale take a glance,
 For here, in truth, it doth not well belong
 To speak :—O turn thee to the very tale,
 And taste the music of that vision pale.

L.

With duller steel than the Perséan sword
 They cut away no formless monster's head,
 But one, whose gentleness did well accord
 With death, as life. The ancient harps have said,
 Love never dies, but lives, immortal lord :
 If Love impersonate was ever dead,
 Pale Isabella kissed it, and low moaned.
 'Twas love ; cold—dead indeed, but not dethroned.

LI.

In anxious secrecy they took it home,
 And then the prize was all for Isabel :
 She calmed its wild hair with a golden comb,
 And all around each eye's sepulchral cell
 Pointed each fringed lash ; the smeared loam
 With tears, as chilly as a dripping well,
 She drenched away : and still she combed, and kept
 Sighing all day—and still she kissed and wept.

LII.

Then in a silken scarf—sweet with the dews
 Of precious flowers, plucked in Araby,
 And divine liquids come with odorous ooze
 Through the cold serpent-pipe refreshfully—
 She wrapped it up ; and for its tomb did choose
 A garden-pot, wherein she laid it by,
 And covered it with mould, and o'er it set
 Sweet Basil, which her tears kept ever wet.

LIII.

And she forgot the stars, the moon, and sun,
 And she forgot the blue above the trees,
 And she forgot the dells where waters run,
 And she forgot the chilly autumn breeze ;
 She had no knowledge when the day was done,
 And the new morn she saw not : but in peace
 Hung over her sweet Basil evermore,
 And moistened it with tears unto the core.

LIV.

And so she ever fed it with thin tears,
 Whence thick, and green, and beautiful it grew,
 So that it smelt more balmy than its peers
 Of Basil-tufts in Florence ; for it drew
 Nurture besides, and life, from human fears,
 From the fast-mouldering head there shut from view :
 So that the jewel, safely casketed,
 Came forth, and in perfumed leaflets spread.

LV.

O Melancholy, linger here awhile !
 O Music, Music, breathe despondingly !
 O Echo, Echo, from some sombre isle,
 Unknown, Lethean, sigh to us—O sigh !
 Spirits in grief, lift up your heads, and smile ;
 Lift up your heads, sweet Spirits, heavily,
 And make a pale light in your cypress glooms,
 Tinting with silver wan your marble tombs.

LVI.

Moan hither, all ye syllables of woe,
 From the deep throat of sad Melpomene !
 Through bronzed lyre in tragic order go,
 And touch the strings into a mystery ;

Sound mournfully upon the winds and low ;
 For simple Isabel is soon to be
 Among the dead : she withers, like a palm
 Cut by an Indian for its juicy balm.

LVII.

O leave the palm to wither by itself ;
 Let not quick winter chill its dying hour !
 It may not be—those Baälites of pelf,
 Her brethren, noted the continual shower
 From her dead eyes ; and many a curious elf,
 Among her kindred, wondered that such dower
 Of youth and beauty should be thrown aside
 By one marked out to be a noble's bride.

LVIII.

And, furthermore, her brethren wondered much
 Why she sat drooping by the Basil green,
 And why it flourished, as by magic touch ;
 Greatly they wondered what the thing might mean :
 They could not surely give belief, that such
 A very nothing would have power to wean
 Her from her own fair youth, and pleasures gay,
 And even remembrance of her love's delay.

LIX.

Therefore they watched a time when they might sift
 This hidden whim ; and long they watched in vain ;
 For seldom did she go to chapel-shrift,
 And seldom felt she any hunger-pain ;
 And when she left, she hurried back, as swift
 As bird on wing to breast its eggs again ;
 And, patient as a hen-bird, sat her there
 Beside her Basil, weeping through her hair.

LX.

Yet they contrived to steal the Basil-pot,
 And to examine it in secret place :
 The thing was vile with green and livid spot,
 And yet they knew it was Lorenzo's face :
 The guerdon of their murder they had got,
 And so left Florence in a moment's space,
 Never to turn again. Away they went,
 With blood upon their heads, to banishment.

LXI.

O Melancholy, turn thine eyes away !
 O Music, Music, breathe despondingly !
 O Echo, Echo, on some other day,
 From isles Lethæan, sigh to us—O sigh !
 Spirits of grief, sing not your "Well-a-way !"
 For Isabel, sweet Isabel, will die ;
 Will die a death too lone and incomplete,
 Now they have ta'en away her Basil sweet.

LXII.

Piteous she looked on dead and senseless things,
 Asking for her lost Basil amorously ;
 And with melodious chuckle in the strings
 Of her lorn voice, she oftentimes would cry
 After the pilgrim in his wanderings,
 To ask him where her Basil was ; and why
 'Twas hid from her : " For cruel 'tis," said she,
 " To steal my Basil-pot away from me."

LXIII.

And so she pined, and so she died forlorn,
 Imploring for her Basil to the last.
 No heart was there in Florence but did mourn
 In pity of her love, so overcast.

And a sad ditty of this story borne

From mouth to mouth through all the country passed :
Still is the burden sung—"O cruelty,
To steal my Basil-pot away from me!"

Agnes mentioned in the 'Nobis quoque peccatoribus'
cf. History of the Mass - O'Brien p. 352.
Feast Jan. 20.

THE EVE OF ST. AGNES.

I.

ST. AGNES' EVE—Ah, bitter chill it was !
The owl, for all his feathers, was a-cold ;
The hare limped trembling through the frozen grass,
And silent was the flock in woolly fold :
Numb were the Beadsman's fingers, while he told
His rosary, and while his frosted breath,
Like pious incense from a censer old,
Seemed taking flight for heaven, without a death,
Past the sweet Virgin's picture, while his prayer he saith.

II.

His prayer he saith, this patient, holy man ; ^a
Then takes his lamp, and riseth from his knees, ^h
And back returneth, meagre, barefoot, wan, ^a
Along the chapel aisle by slow degrees : ^h
The sculptured dead, on each side, seem to freeze, ^h
Imprisoned in black, purgatorial rails : ^c
Knights, ladies, praying in dumb orat'ries, ^h
He passeth by ; and his weak spirit fails ^c
To think how they may ache in icy hoods and mails. ^c

III.

Northward he turneth through a little door, ^a
And scarce three steps, ere Music's golden tongue ^h
Flattered to tears this aged man and poor ; ^a
But no—already had his death-bell rung ; ^h
The joys of all his life were said and sung : ^h

THE EVE OF ST. AGNES.

His was harsh penance on St. Agnes' Eve :^c
 Another way he went, and soon among ^h
 Rough ashes sat he for his soul's reprieve,^e
 And all night kept awake, for sinners' sake to grieve ^l

iv.

That ancient Beadsman heard the prelude soft ;
 And so it chanced, for many a door was wide,
 From hurry to and fro. Soon, up aloft,
 The silver, snarling trumpets 'gan to chide :
 The level chambers, ready with their pride,
 Were glowing to receive a thousand guests :
 The carved angels, ever eager-eyed,
 Stared, where upon their heads the cornice rests,
 With hair blown back, and wings put cross-wise on their breasts.

v.

At length burst in the argent revelry,
 With plume, tiara, and all rich array,
 Numerous as shadows haunting fairily
 The brain, new stuffed in youth, with triumphs gay
 Of old romance. These let us wish away,
 And turn, sole thoughted, to one lady there,
 Whose heart had brooded, all that wintry day,
 On love, and winged St. Agnes' saintly care,
 As she had heard old dames full many times declare.

vi.

They told her how, upon St. Agnes' Eve,
 Young virgins might have visions of delight,
 And soft adorings from their loves receive
 Upon the honeyed middle of the night,
 If ceremonies due they did aright ;
 As, supperless to bed they must retire,
 And couch supine their beauties, lily white ;
 Nor look behind, nor sideways, but require
 Of Heaven with upward eyes for all that they desire.

VII.

Full of this whim was thoughtful Madeline :
 The music, yearning like a God in pain,
 She scarcely heard : her maiden eyes divine
 Fixed on the floor, saw many a sweeping train
 Pass by—she heeded not at all : in vain
 Came many a tiptoe, amorous cavalier,
 And back retired ; not cooled by high disdain,
 But she saw not : her heart was elsewhere :
 She sighed for Agnes' dreams, the sweetest of the year.

VIII.

She danced along with vague, regardless eyes,
 Anxious her lips, her breathing quick and short :
 The hallowed hour was near at hand : she sighs
 Amid the timbrels, and the thronged resort
 Of whisperers in anger, or in sport ;
 'Mid looks of love, defiance, hate, and scorn,
 Hoodwinked with fairy fancy : all amorn,
 Save to St. Agnes and her lambs unshorn,
 And all the bliss to be before to-morrow morn.

IX.

So, purposing each moment to retire,
 She lingered still. Meantime, across the moors,
 Had come young Porphyro, with heart on fire
 For Madeline. Beside the portal doors,
 Buttressed from moonlight, stands he, and implores
 All saints to give him sight of Madeline,
 But for one moment in the tedious hours,
 That he might gaze and worship all unseen ;
 Perchance speak, kneel, touch, kiss—in sooth such things
 have been.

X.

He ventures in : let no buzzed whisper tell :
 All eyes be muffled, or a hundred swords

Will storm his heart, Love's fev'rous citadel :
 For him, those chambers held barbarian hordes,
 Hyena foemen, and hot-blooded lords,
 Whose very dogs would execrations howl
 Against his lineage : not one breast affords
 Him any mercy, in that mansion foul,
 Save one old beldame, weak in body and in soul.

Angelica a maid

XI.

Ah, happy chance ! the aged creature came,
 Shuffling along with ivory-headed wand,
 To where he stood, hid from the torch's flame,
 Behind a broad hall-pillar, far beyond
 The sound of merriment and chorus bland :
 He startled her ; but soon she knew his face,
 And grasped his fingers in her palsied hand,
 Saying, " Mercy, Porphyro ! hie thee from this place ;
 They are all here to-night, the whole bloodthirsty race !

XII.

" Get hence ! get hence ! there's dwarfish Hildebrand ;
 He had a fever late, and in the fit
 He cursed thee and thine, both house and land :
 Then there's that old Lord Maurice, not a whit
 More tame for his grey hairs—Alas me ! flit !
 Flit like a ghost away."—" Ah, gossip dear,
 We're safe enough ; here in this armchair sit,
 And tell me how"—" Good Saints ! not here, not here ;
 Follow me, child, or else these stones will be thy bier."

XIII.

He followed through a lowly arched way,
 Brushing the cobwebs with his lofty plume,
 And as she muttered, " Well-a—well-a-day !"
 He found him ^{self} in a little moonlight room,
 Pale, latticed, chill, and silent as a tomb.

“ Now tell me where is Madeline,” said he,
 “ O tell me, Angela, by the holy loom
 Which none but secret sisterhood may see,
 When they St. Agnes’ wool are weaving piously.”

XIV.

“ St. Agnes ! Ah ! it is St. Agnes’ Eve—
 Yet men will murder upon holy days :
 Thou must hold water in a witch’s sieve,
 And be liege-lord of all the Elves and Fays,
 To venture so : it fills me with amaze
 To see thee, Porphyro !—St. Agnes’ Eve !
 God’s help ! my lady fair the conjuror plays
 This very night : good angels her deceive !
 But let me laugh awhile, I’ve mickle time to grieve.”

XV.

Feebly she laughèd in the languid moon,
 While Porphyro upon her face doth look,
 Like puzzled urchin on an aged crone
 Who keepeth closed a wondrous riddle-book,
 As spectacled she sits in chimney-nook.
 But soon his eyes grew brilliant, when she told
 His lady’s purpose ; and he scarce could brook
 Tears, at the thought of those enchantments cold,
 And Madeline asleep in lap of legends old.

XVI.

Sudden a thought came like a full-blown rose,
 Flushing his brow, and in his pained heart
 Made purple riot : then doth he propose
 A stratagem, that makes the beldame start :
 “ A cruel man and impious thou art :
 Sweet lady, let her pray, and sleep, and dream
 Alone with her good angels, far apart
 From wicked men like thee. Go, go !—I deem
 Thou canst not surely be the same that thou didst seem.”

XVII.

“ I will not harm her, by all saints I swear,”
 Quoth Porphyro : “ O may I ne'er find grace
 When my weak voice shall whisper its last prayer,
 If one of her soft ringlets I displace,
 Or look with ruffian passion in her face ;
 Good Angela, believe me by these tears ;
 Or I will, even in a moment's space,
 Awake, with horrid shout, my foemen's ears,
 And beard them, though they be more fanged than wolves
 and bears.”

XVIII.

“ Ah ! why wilt thou affright a feeble soul ?
 A poor, weak, palsy-stricken, churchyard thing,
 Whose passing-bell may ere the midnight toll ;
 Whose prayers for thee, each morn and evening,
 Were never missed.” Thus plaining, doth she bring
 A gentler speech from burning Porphyro ;
 So woeful, and of such deep sorrowing,
 That Angela gives promise she will do
 Whatever he shall wish, betide her weal or woe.

XIX.

Which was, to lead him, in close secrecy,
 Even to Madeline's chamber, and there hide
 Him in a closet, of such privacy
 That he might see her beauty unespied,
 And win perhaps that night a peerless bride,
 While legioned fairies paced the coverlet,
 And pale enchantment held her sleepy-eyed.
 Never on such a night have lovers met,
 Since Merlin paid his Demon all the monstrous debt.

XX.

“ It shall be as thou wishest,” said the Dame :
 “ All cates and dainties shall be stored there

Quickly on this feast-night : by the tambour-frame
 Her own lute thou wilt see : no time to spare,
 For I am slow and feeble, and scarce dare
 On such a catering trust my dizzy head.
 Wait here, my child, with patience ; kneel in prayer
 The while : Ah ! thou must needs the lady wed,
 Or may I never leave my grave among the dead."

XXI.

So saying, she hobbled off with busy fear.
 The lover's endless minutes slowly passed ;
 The dame returned, and whispered in his ear
 To follow her ; with aged eyes aghast
 From fright of dim espial. Safe at last,
 Through many a dusky gallery, they gain
 The maiden's chamber, silken, hushed, and chaste ;
 Where Porphyro took covert, pleased amain.
 His poor guide hurried back with agues in her brain.

XXII.

Her falt'ring hand upon the balustrade,
 Old Angela was feeling for the stair,
 When Madeline, St. Agnes' charmed maid,
 Rose, like a missioned spirit, unaware :
 With silver taper's light, and pious care,
 She turned, and down the aged gossip led
 To a safe level matting. Now prepare,
 Young Porphyro, for gazing on that bed ;
 She comes, she comes again, like ringdove frayed and fled.

XXIII.

Out went the taper as she hurried in ;
 Its little smoke, in pallid moonshine, died :
 She closed the door, she panted, all akin
 To spirits of the air, and visions wide :

No uttered syllable, or, woe betide !
 But to her heart, her heart was v^ouble,
 Paining with eloquence her balmy side ;
 As though a tongueless nightingale should swell
 Her throat in vain, and die, heart-stifled, in her dell.

XXIV.

A casement high and triple-arched there was,
 All garlanded with carven imag'ries
 Of fruits, and flowers, and bunches of knot-grass,
 And diamonded with panes of quaint device,
 Innumerable of stains and splendid dyes,
 As are the tiger-moth's deep-damasked wings ;
 And in the midst, 'mong thousand heraldries,
 And twilight saints, and dim emblazonings,
 A shielded scutcheon blushed with blood of queens and kings.

XXV.

Full on this casement shone the wintry moon,
 And threw warm gules on Madeline's fair breast,
 As down she knelt for heaven's grace and boon ;
 Rose-bloom fell on her hands, together prest,
 And on her silver cross soft amethyst,
 And on her hair a glory, like a saint :
 She seemed a splendid angel, newly drest,
 Save wings, for heaven :—Porphyro grew faint :
 She knelt, so pure a thing, so free from mortal taint.

XXVI.

Anon his heart revives : her vespers done,
 Of all its wreathed pearls her hair she frees ;
 Unclasps her warmed jewels one by one ;
 Loosens her fragrant bodice ; by degrees
 Her rich attire creeps rustling to her knees :
 Half-hidden, like a mermaid in seaweed,
 Pensive awhile she dreams awake, and sees,
 In fancy, fair St. Agnes in her bed,
 But dares not look behind, or all the charm is fled.

XXVII.

Soon, trembling in her soft and chilly nest,
In sort of wakeful swoon, perplexed she lay,
Until the poppied warmth of sleep oppressed
Her soothed limbs, and soul fatigued away ;
Flown, like a thought, until the morrow-day ;
Blissfully havened both from joy and pain ;
Clasped like a missal where swart Paynims pray ;
Blinded alike from sunshine and from rain,
As though a rose should shut, and be a bud again.

XXVIII.

Stolen to this paradise, and so entranced,
Porphyro gazed upon her empty dress,
And listened to her breathing, if it chanced
To wake into a slumberous tenderness ;
Which when he heard, that minute did he bless,
And breathed himself : then from the closet crept,
Noiseless as fear in a wide wilderness,
And over the hushed carpet, silent, stept,
And 'tween the curtains peeped, where, lo ! how fast she slept

XXIX.

Then by the bedside, where the faded moon
Made a dim, silver twilight, soft he set
A table, and, half anguished, threw thereon
A cloth of woven crimson, gold, and jet :
O for some drowsy Morphean amulet !
The boisterous, midnight, festive clarion,
The kettledrum, and far-heard clarionet,
Affray his ears, though but in dying tone :
The hall-door shuts again, and all the noise is gone.

XXX.

And still she slept an azure-lidded sleep,
In blanched linen, smooth, and lavendered,

THE EVE OF ST. AGNES.

While he forth from the closet brought a heap
 Of candied apple, quince, and plum, and gourd ;
 With jellies soother than the creamy curd,
 And lucent syrups, tinct with cinnamon ;
 Manna and dates, in argosy transferred
 From Fez ; and spiced dainties, every one,
 From silken Samarcand to cedared Lebanon.

XXXI.

These delicats he heaped with glowing hand
 On golden dishes and in baskets bright
 Of wreathed silver : sumptuous they stand
 In the retired quiet of the night,
 Filling the chilly room with perfume light.
 " And now, my love, my seraph fair awake !
 Thou art my heaven, and I thine eremite :
 Open thine eyes, for meek St. Agnes' sake,
 Or I shall drowse beside thee, so my soul doth ache."

XXXII.

Thus whispering, his warm, unnerved arm
 Sank in her pillow. Shaded was her dream
 By the dusk curtains :—'twas a midnight charm
 Impossible to melt as iced stream :
 The lustrous salvers in the moonlight gleam ;
 Broad golden fringe upon the carpet lies :
 It seemed he never, never could redeem
 From such a steadfast spell his lady's eyes ;
 So mused awhile, entailed in woofed fantasies.

XXXIII.

Awakening up, he took her hollow lute—
 Tumultuous,—and, in chords that tenderest be,
 He played an ancient ditty, long since mute,
 In Provence called, " La belle dame sans mercy :"

Close to her ear touching the melody ;
 Wherewith disturbed, she uttered a soft moan :
 He ceased—she panted quick—and suddenly
 Her blue affrayed eyes wide open shone :
 Upon his knees he sank, pale as smooth-sculptured stone.

XXXIV.

Her eyes were open, but she still beheld,
 Now wide awake, the vision of her sleep :
 There was a painful change, that nigh expelled
 The blisses of her dream so pure and deep
 At which fair Madeline began to weep,
 And moan forth witless words with many a sigh ;
 While still her gaze on Porphyro would keep ;
 Who knelt, with joined hands and piteous eye,
 Fearing to move or speak, she looked so dreamingly.

XXXV.

“ Ah, Porphyro !” said she, “ but even now
 Thy voice was at sweet tremble in mine ear,
 Made tuneable with every sweetest vow ;
 And those sad eyes were spiritual and clear :
 How changed thou art ! how pallid, chill, and drear !
 Give me that voice again, my Porphyro,
 Those looks immortal, those complainings dear !
 Oh leave me not in this eternal woe,
 For if thou diest, my love, I know not where to go !”

XXXVI.

Beyond a mortal man impassioned far
 At these voluptuous accents, he rose,
 Ethereal, flushed, and like a throbbing star
 Seen 'mid the sapphire heaven's deep repose ;
 Into her dream he melted, as the rose
 Blendeth its odour with the violet,—
 Solution sweet : meantime the frost-wind blows
 Like Love's alarum pattering the sharp sleet
 Against the window-panes ; St. Agnes' moon hath set.

XXXVII.

'Tis dark : quick pattereth the flaw-blown sleet :
 "This is no dream, my bride, my Madeline !"
 'Tis dark : the iced gusts still rave and beat .
 "No dream, alas ! alas ! and woe is mine !
 Porphyro will leave me here to fade and pine.
 Cruel ! what traitor could thee hither bring ?
 I curse not, for my heart is lost in thine,
 Though thou forsakest a deceived thing ;
 A dove forlorn and lost with sick unpruned wing."

XXXVIII.

" My Madeline ! sweet dreamer ! lovely bride !
 Say, may I be for aye thy vassal blest ?
 Thy beauty's shield, heart-shaped and vermeil dyed ?
 Ah, silver shrine, here will I take my rest
 After so many hours of toil and quest,
 A famished pilgrim,—saved by miracle.
 Though I have found, I will not rob thy nest
 Saving of thy sweet self ; if thou think'st well
 To trust, fair Madeline, to no rude infidel.

XXXIX.

" Hark ! 'tis an elfin-storm from fairy land,
 Of haggard seeming, but a boon indeed :
 Arise—arise ! the morning is at hand ;
 The bloated wassaillers will never heed :
 Let us away, my love, with happy speed ;
 There are no ears to ear, or eyes to see,—
 Drowned all in Rhenish and the sleepy mead :
 Awake ! arise ! my love, and fearless be,
 For o'er the southern moors I have a home for thee."

XL.

She hurried at his words, beset with fears,
 For there were sleeping dragons all around,

At glaring watch, perhaps, with ready spears—
 Down the wide stairs a darkling way they found.
 In all the house was heard no human sound.
 A chain-drooped lamp was flickering by each door ;
 The arras, rich with horseman, hawk, and hound,
 Fluttered in the besieging wind's uproar ;
 And the long carpets rose along the gusty floor.

XLI.

They glide, like phantoms, into the wide hall ;
 Like phantoms, to the iron porch, they glide ;
 Where lay the porter, in uneasy sprawl,
 With a huge empty flagon by his side :
 The wakeful bloodhound rose, and shook his hide,
 But his sagacious eye an inmate owns :
 By one, and one, the bolts full easy slide :
 The chains lie silent on the footworn stones ;
 The key turns, and the door upon its hinges groans.

XLII.

And they are gone : ay, ages long ago
 These lovers fled away into the storm.
 That night the Baron dreamt of many a woe,
 And all his warrior-guests, with shade and form
 Of witch, and demon, and large coffin-worm,
 Were long be-nightmared. Angela the old ;
 Died palsy-twitched, with meagre face deform,
 The Beadsman, after thousand aves told,
 For aye unsought-for slept amongst his ashes cold.

NOTE.—“St. Agnes' Eve was kept by our ancestors, much as Hallowe'en was by the Scots, as a period of divination, or seeking a knowledge of futurity. After fasting the whole day, upon going to bed an egg was filled with salt and eaten, which occasioned a great thirst. The vessel the maiden dreamed of drinking from signified, according to situation and circumstances, who would be her husband.”—HONE'S *Everyday Book*.

H Y P E R I O N.

A FRAGMENT.

ADVERTISEMENT TO THE FIRST EDITION OF THIS POEM.

IF any apology be thought necessary for the appearance of the unfinished poem of "Hyperion," the publishers beg to state that they alone are responsible, as it was printed at their particular request, and contrary to the wish of the author. The poem was intended to have been of equal length with "Endymion," but the reception given to that work discouraged the author from proceeding.

Fleet Street, June 26, 1820.

BOOK I.

DEEP in the shady sadness of a vale
Far sunken from the healthy breath of morn,
Far from the fiery noon, and eve's one star,
Sat grey-haired Saturn, quiet as a stone,
Still as the silence round about his lair ;
Forest on forest hung about his head
Like cloud on cloud. No stir of air was there,
Not so much life as on a summer's day
Robs not one light seed from the feathered grass,
But where the dead leaf fell, there did it rest.
A stream went voiceless by, still deadened more

By reason of his fallen divinity
Spreading a shade : the Naiad 'mid her reeds
Pressed her cold finger closer to her lips.

Along the margin-sand large footmarks went,
No further than to where his feet had strayed,
And slept there since. Upon the sodden ground
His old right hand lay nerveless, listless, dead,
Unscathed ; and his realmless eyes were closed ;
While his bowed head seemed list'ning to the Earth,
His ancient mother, for some comfort yet.

It seemed no force could wake him from his place ;
But there came one, who with a kindred hand
Touched his wide shoulders, after bending low
With reverence, though to one who knew it not.
She was a Goddess of the infant world ;
By her in stature the tall Amazon
Had stood a pigmy's height : she would have ta'en
Achilles by the hair and bent his neck ;
Or with a finger stayed Ixion's wheel.
Her face was large as that of Memphian sphinx,
Pedestalled haply in a palace court,
When sages looked to Egypt for their lore.
But oh ! how unlike marble was that face !
How beautiful, if sorrow had not made
Sorrow more beautiful than Beauty's self !
There was a listening fear in her regard,
As if calamity had but begun ;
As if the vanward clouds of evil days
Had spent their malice, and the sullen rear
Was with its stored thunder labouring up.
One hand she pressed upon that aching spot
Where beats the human heart, as if just there,
Though an immortal, she felt cruel pain :
The other upon Saturn's bended neck

She laid, and to the level of his ear
 Leaning with parted lips, some words she spake
 In solemn tenour and deep organ tone :
 Some mourning words, which in our feeble tongue
 Would come in these like accents—O how frail
 To that large utterance of the early Gods !
 “ Saturn, look up !—though wherefore, poor old King ?
 I have no comfort for thee, no, not one :
 I cannot say, ‘ O wherefore sleepest thou ?’
 For heaven is parted from thee,* and the earth
 Knows thee not, thus afflicted, for a God ;
 And ocean, too, with all its solemn noise,
 Has from thy sceptre passed ; and all the air
 Is emptied of thine hoary majesty.
 Thy thunder, conscious of the new command,
 Rumbles reluctant o’er our fallen house ;
 And thy sharp lightning in unpractised hands
 Scorches and burns our once serene domain.
 O aching time ! O moments big as years !
 All as ye pass swell out the monstrous truth,
 And press it so upon our weary griefs
 That unbelief has not a space to breathe.
 Saturn, sleep on :—O thoughtless, why did I
 Thus violate thy slumbrous solitude ?
 Why should I ope thy melancholy eyes ?
 Saturn, sleep on ! while at thy feet I weep !

As when, upon a trancèd summer night,
 Those green-robed senators of mighty woods,
 Tall oaks, branch-charmèd by the earnest stars,
 Dream, and so dream all night without a stir,
 Save from one gradual solitary gust
 Which comes upon the silence, and dies off,
 As if the ebbing air had but one wave ;

* By the rebellion of his sons, Jupiter, Neptune, and Pluto.

So came these words and went ; the while in tears
 She touched her fair large forehead to the ground,
 Just where her falling hair might be outspread
 A soft and silken mat for Saturn's feet.
 One moon, with alteration slow, had shed
 Her silver seasons four upon the night,
 And still these two were postured motionless,
 Like natural sculpture in cathedral cavern ;
 The frozen God still couchant on the earth,
 And the sad Goddess weeping at his feet :
 Until at length old Saturn lifted up
 His faded eyes, and saw his kingdom gone,
 And all the gloom and sorrow of the place,
 And that fair kneeling Goddess ; and then spake,
 As with a palsied tongue, and while his beard
 Shook horrid with such aspen-malady :
 " O tender spouse of gold Hyperion,*
 Thea, I feel thee ere I see thy face ;
 Look up, and let me see our doom in it :
 Look up, and tell me if this feeble shape
 Is Saturn's ; tell me, if thou hear'st the voice
 Of Saturn ; tell me, if this wrinkling brow,
 Naked and bare of its great diadem,
 Peers like the front of Saturn. Who had power
 To make me desolate ? whence came the strength ?
 How was it nurtured to such bursting forth,
 While Fate seemed strangled in my nervous grasp ?

* Hyperion was one of the Titans—the children of Earth and Heaven sprung from Chaos. They are spoken of as the elder gods. The names of the chief of them were, Oceanus, Hyperion, Iapetus, and Ophion, males ; and Themis, Mnemosyne, and Eurymone, females. Hyperion was the original *sun-god*, and was represented with a more glorious beauty than that of Apollo, who succeeded him. Of the Titans, Ophion and Eurymone reigned on Olympus, till they were dethroned by Saturn and Cybele. Milton alludes to them :—

“ And fabled how the serpent, whom they called
 Ophion, with Eurymone (the wide
 Encroaching Eve, perhaps,) had first the rule
 Of high Olympus—thence by Saturn driven.”

But it is so ; and I am smothered up,
 And buried from all godlike exercise
 Of influence benign on planets pale,
 Of admonitions to the winds and seas,
 Of peaceful sway above man's harvesting,
 And all those acts which Deity supreme
 Doth ease its heart of love in. I am gone
 Away from my own bosom : I have left
 My strong identity, my real self,
 Somewhere between the throne, and where I sit
 Here on this spot of earth. Search, Thea, search !
 Open thine eyes eterne, and sphere them round
 Upon all space : space starred, and lorn of light ;
 Space regioned with life-air ; and barren void ;
 Spaces of fire, and all the yawn of hell.
 Search, Thea, search ! and tell me, if thou seest
 A certain shape or shadow, making way
 With wings or chariot fierce to repossess
 A heaven he lost erewhile : it must—it must
 Be of ripe progress—Saturn must be King.
 Yes, there must be a golden victory ;
 There must be Gods thrown down, and trumpets blown
 Of triumph calm, and hymns of festival
 Upon the gold clouds metropolitan,
 Voices of soft proclaim, and silver stir
 Of strings in hollow shells ; and there shall be
 Beautiful things made new, for the surprise
 Of the sky-children ; I will give command :
 Thea ! Thea ! Thea ! where is Saturn ?”

This passion lifted him upon his feet,
 And made his hands to struggle in the air,
 His Druid locks to shake and ooze with sweat,
 His eyes to fever out, his voice to cease.
 He stood, and heard not Thea's sobbing deep ;
 A little time, and then again he snatched

Utterance thus : " But cannot I create ?
 Cannot I form ? Cannot I fashion forth
 Another world, another universe,
 To overbear and crumble this to naught ?
 Where is another chaos ? Where ?"—That word
 Found way unto Olympus, and made quake
 The rebel three.*—Thea was startled up,
 And in her bearing was a sort of hope,
 As thus she quick-voiced spake, yet full of awe :

" This cheers our fallen house : come to our friends,
 O Saturn ! come away, and give them heart ;
 I know the covert, for thence came I hither."
 Thus brief ; then with beseeching eyes she went
 With backward footing through the shade a space :
 He followed, and she turned to lead the way
 Through aged boughs, that yielded like the mist
 Which eagles cleave upmounting from their nest.

Meanwhile in other realms big tears were shed,
 More sorrow like to this, and such like woe,
 Too huge for mortal tongue or pen of scribe :
 The Titans fierce, self-hid, or prison-bound,
 Groaned for the old allegiance once more,
 And listened in sharp pain for Saturn's voice.
 But one of the whole mammoth-brood still kept
 His sov'reignty, and rule, and majesty ;
 Blazing Hyperion on his orb'd fire
 Still sat, still snuffed the incense, teeming up
 From man to the sun's God ; yet unsecure :
 For as among us mortals omens drear
 Fright and perplex, so also shuddered he—
 Not at dog's howl, or gloom-bird's hated screech,
 Or the familiar visiting of one

* Jupiter, Neptune, and Pluto.

Upon the first toll of his passing-bell,
Or prophesyings of the midnight lamp ;
But horrors, portioned to a giant nerve,
Oft made Hyperion ache. His palace bright
Bastioned with pyramids of glowing gold,
And touched with shade of bronzed obelisks,
Glared a blood-red through all its thousand courts,
Arches, and domes, and fiery galleries ;
And all its curtains of Aurorian clouds
Flushed angerly : while sometimes eagle's wings,
Unseen before by Gods or wondering men,
Darkened the place ; and neighing steeds were heard,
Not heard before by Gods or wondering men.
Also, when he would taste the spicy wreaths
Of incense, breathed aloft from sacred hills,
Instead of sweets, his ample palate took
Savour of poisonous brass and metal sick :
And so, when harboured in the sleepy west,
After the full completion of fair day,—
For rest divine upon exalted couch
And slumber in the arms of melody,
He paced away the pleasant hours of ease
With stride colossal, on from hall to hall ;
While far within each aisle and deep recess,
His winged minions in close clusters stood,
Amazed and full of fear ; like anxious men
Who on wide plains gather in panting troops,
When earthquakes jar their battlements and towers.
Even now, while Saturn, roused from icy trance,
Went step for step with Thea through the woods,
Hyperion, leaving twilight in the rear,
Came slope upon the threshold of the west ;
Then, as was wont, his palace-door flew open
In smoothest silence, save what solemn tubes,
Blown by the serious Zephyrs, gave of sweet
And wandering sounds, slow-breathen melodies :

And like a rose in vermeil tint and shape,
In fragrance soft, and coolness to the eye,
That inlet to severe magnificence
Stood full blown, for the God to enter in.

He entered, but he entered full of wrath ;
His flaming robes streamed out beyond his heels,
And gave a roar, as if of earthly fire,
That scared away the meek ethereal Hours
And made their dove-wings tremble. On he flared,
From stately nave to nave, from vault to vault,
Through bowers of fragrant and enwreathed light,
And diamond-paved lustrous long arcades,
Until he reached the great main cupola ;
There standing fierce beneath, he stampt his foot,
And from the basements deep to the high towers
Jarred his own golden region ; and before
The quavering thunder thereupon had ceased,
His voice leapt out, despite of godlike curb,
To this result : " O dreams of day and night !
O monstrous forms ! O effigies of pain !
O spectres busy in a cold, cold gloom !
O lank-eared Phantoms of black-weeded pools !
Why do I know ye ? why have I seen ye ? why
Is my eternal essence thus distraught
To see and to behold these horrors new ?
Saturn is fallen, am I too to fall ?
Am I to leave this haven of my rest,
This cradle of my glory, this soft clime,
This calm luxuriance of blissful light,
These crystalline pavilions, and pure fanes,
Of all my lucent empire ? It is left
Deserted, void, nor any haunt of mine.
The blaze, the splendour, and the symmetry,
I cannot see—but darkness, death and darkness.
Even here, into my centre of repose,

The shady visions come to domineer,
Insult, and blind, and stifle up my pomp.
Fall!—No, by Tellus and her briny robes!
Over the fiery frontier of my realms
I will advance a terrible right arm
Shall scare that infant thunderer, rebel Jove,
And bid old Saturn take his throne again.”
He spake, and ceased, the while a heavier threat
Held struggle with his throat but came not forth;
For as in theatres of crowded men
Hubbub increases more they call out “Hush!”
So at Hyperion’s words the Phantoms pale
Bestired themselves, thrice horrible and cold
And from the mirrored level where he stood
A mist arose, as from a scummy marsh.
At this, through all his bulk an agony
Crept gradual, from the feet unto the crown,
Like a lithe serpent vast and muscular
Making slow way, with head and neck convulsed
From over-strained might. Released, he fled
To the eastern gates, and full six dewy hours
Before the dawn in season due should blush,
He breathed fierce breath against the sleepy portals,
Cleared them of heavy vapours, burst them wide
Suddenly on the ocean’s chilly streams.
The planet orb of fire, whereon he rode
Each day from east to west the heavens through,
Spun round in sable curtaining of clouds;
Not therefore veiled quite, blindfold, and hid,
But ever and anon the glancing spheres,
Circles, and arcs, and broad-belted colure,
Glowed through, and wrought upon the muffling dark
Sweet-shaped lightnings from the nadir deep
Up to the zenith,—hieroglyphics old,
Which sages and keen-eyed astrologers
Then living on the earth, with labouring thought

Won from the gaze of many centuries :
 Now lost, save what we find on remnants huge
 Of stone, or marble swart ; their import gone,
 Their wisdom long since fled. Two wings this orb
 Possessed for glory, two fair argent wings,
 Ever exalted at the God's approach :
 And now, from forth the gloom their plumes immense
 Rose, one by one, till all outspreaded were ;
 While still the dazzling globe maintained eclipse,
 Awaiting for Hyperion's command.
 Fain would he have commanded, fain took throne
 And bid the day begin, if but for change.
 He might not :—No, though a primeval God :
 The sacred seasons might not be disturbed.
 Therefore the operations of the dawn
 Stayed in their birth, even as here 'tis told
 Those silver wings expanded sisterly,
 Eager to sail their orb ; the porches wide
 Opened upon the dusk demesne of night ;
 And the bright Titan, frenzied with new woes,
 Unused to bend, by hard compulsion bent
 His spirit to the sorrow of the time ;
 And all along a dismal rack of clouds,
 Upon the boundaries of day and night,
 He stretched himself in grief and radiance faint.
 There as he lay, the Heaven with its stars
 Looked down on him with pity, and the voice
 Of Cœlus, from the universal space,
 Thus whispered low and solemn in his ear :
 “ O brightest of my children dear, earth-born
 And sky-engendered, Son of Mysteries
 All unrevealed even to the powers
 Which met at thy creating ; at whose joys
 And palpitations sweet, and pleasures soft,
 I, Cœlus, wonder how they came and whence ;
 And at the fruits thereof what shapes they be,

Distinct and visible ; symbols divine,
 Manifestations of that beauteous life
 Diffused unseen throughout eternal space :
 Of these new-formed art thou, oh, brightest child !
 Of these, thy brethren and the Goddesses !
 There is sad feud among ye, and rebellion
 Of son against his sire. I saw him fall,
 I saw my first-born* tumbled from his throne !
 To me his arms were spread, to me his voice
 Found way from forth the thunders round his head !
 Pale wox I, and in vapours hid my face.
 Art thou, too, near such doom? vague fear there is :
 For I have seen my sons most unlike Gods.
 Divine ye were created, and divine
 In sad demeanour, solemn, undisturbed,
 Unruffled, like high Gods, ye lived and ruled :
 Now I behold in you fear, hope, and wrath ;
 Actions of rage and passion ; even as
 I see them, on the mortal world beneath,
 In men who die.—This is the grief, O Son !
 Sad sign of ruin, sudden dismay, and fall !
 Yet do thou strive ; as thou art capable,
 As thou canst move about, an evident God ;
 And canst oppose to each malignant hour
 Ethereal presence :—I am but a voice ;
 My life is but the life of winds and tides,
 No more than winds and tides can I avail :
 But thou canst. Be thou therefore in the van
 Of circumstance ; yea, seize the arrow's barb
 Before the tense string murmur.—To the earth !
 For there thou wilt find Saturn, and his woes.
 Meantime I will keep watch on thy bright sun,
 And of thy seasons be a careful nurse.”
 Ere half this region-whisper had come down,

* Saturn.

Hyperion arose, and on the stars
Lifted his curved lids, and kept them wide
Until it ceased ; and still he kept them wide :
And still they were the same bright, patient stars.
Then with a slow incline of his broad breast,
Like to a diver in the pearly seas,
Forward he stooped over the airy shore,
And plunged all noiseless into the deep night.

BOOK II.

JUST at the self-same beat of Time's wide wings
Hyperion slid into the rustled air,
And Saturn gained with Thea that sad place
Where Cybele and the bruised Titans mourned.
It was a den where no insulting light
Could glimmer on their tears ; where their own groans
They felt, but heard not, for the solid roar
Of thunderous waterfalls and torrents hoarse,
Pouring a constant bulk, uncertain where.
Crag jutting forth to crag, and rocks that seemed
Ever as if just rising from a sleep,
Forehead to forehead held their monstrous horns ;
And thus in thousand hugest fantasies
Made a fit roofing to this nest of woe.
Instead of thrones, hard flint they sat upon,
Couches of rugged stone, and slaty ridge
Stubborned with iron. All were not assembled ;
Some chained in torture, and some wandering.
Cœus, and Gyges, and Briareüs,
Typhon, and Dolor, and Porphyryon,
With many more, the brawniest in assault,
Were pent in regions of laborious breath ;
Dungeoned in opaque element, to keep
Their clenched teeth still clenched, and all their limbs

Locked up like veins of metal, cramped and screwed ;
Without a motion, save of their big hearts
Heaving in pain, and horribly convulsed
With sanguine feverous boiling gurge of pulse.
Mnemosyne was straying in the world ;
Far from her moon had Phœbe wandered ;
And many else were free to roam abroad,
But for the main, here found they covert drear.
Scarce images of life, one here, one there,
Lay vast and edgeways ; like a dismal cirque
Of Druid stones, upon a forlorn moor,
When the chill rain begins at shut of eve,
In dull November, and their chancel vault,
The Heaven itself, is blinded throughout night.
Each one kept shroud, nor to his neighbour gave
Or word, or look, or action of despair.
Creüs was one ; his ponderous iron mace
Lay by him, and a shattered rib of rock
Told of his rage, ere he thus sank and pined.
Iäpetus another ; in his grasp,
A serpent's plashy neck ; its barbed tongue
Squeezed from the gorge, and all its uncurled length
Dead ; and because the creature could not spit
Its poison in the eyes of conquering Jove.
Next Cottus : prone he lay, chin uppermost,
As though in pain ; for still upon the flint
He ground severe his skull, with open mouth
And eyes at horrid working. Nearest him
Asia, born of most enormous Caf,
Who cost her mother Tellus keener pangs,
Though feminine, than any of her sons :
More thought than woe was in her dusky face,
For she was prophesying of her glory ;
And in her wide imagination stood
Palm-shaded temples, and high rival fanes,
By Oxus or in Ganges' sacred isles.

Even as Hope upon her anchor leans,
So leant she, not so fair, upon a tusk
Shed from the broadest of her elephants.
Above her, on a crag's uneasy shelf,
Upon his elbow raised, all prostrate else,
Shadowed Enceladus ; once tame and mild
As grazing ox unworried in the meads ;
Now tiger-passioned, lion-thoughted, wroth,
He meditated, plotted, and even now
Was hurling mountains in that second war,
Not long delayed, that scared the younger Gods
To hide themselves in forms of beast and bird. /
Not far hence Atlas ; and beside him prone
Phorcus, the sire of Gorgons. Neighbour'd close
Oceanus, and Tethys, in whose lap
Sobbed Clymene among her tangled hair.
In midst of all lay Themis, at the feet
Of Ops the queen all clouded round from sight ;
No shape distinguishable, more than when
Thick night confounds the pine-tops with the clouds :
And many else whose names may not be told.
For when the Muse's wings are air-ward spread,
Who shall delay her flight ? And she must chant
Of Saturn, and his guide, who now had climbed
With damp and slippery footing from a depth
More horrid still. Above a sombre cliff
Their heads appeared, and up their stature grew
Till on the level height their steps found ease :
Then Thea spread abroad her trembling arms
Upon the precincts of this nest of pain,
And sidelong fixed her eye on Saturn's face :
There saw she direst strife ; the supreme God
At war with all the frailty of grief,
Of rage, of fear, anxiety, revenge,
Remorse, spleen, hope, but most of all despair.
Against these plagues he strove in vain ; for Fate

HYPERION.

Had poured a mortal oil upon his head,
 A disanointing poison : so that Thea,
 Affrighted, kept her still, and let him pass
 First onwards in, among the fallen tribe.

As with us mortal men, the laden heart
 Is persecuted more, and fevered more,
 When it is nighing to the mournful house
 Where other hearts are sick of the same bruise ;
 So Saturn, as he walked into the midst,
 Felt faint, and would have sunk among the rest,
 But that he met Enceladus's eye,
 Whose mightiness, and awe of him, at once
 Came like an inspiration ; and he shouted—
 "Titans, behold your God !" at which some groaned ;
 Some started on their feet ; some also shouted ;
 Some wept, some wailed, all bowed with reverence ;
 And Ops, uplifting her black folded veil,
 Showed her pale cheeks, and all her forehead wan,
 Her eyebrows thin and jet, and hollow eyes.
 There is a roaring in the bleak-grown pines
 When Winter lifts his voice ; there is a noise
 Among immortals when a God gives sign,
 With hushing finger, how he means to load
 His tongue with the full weight of utterless thought,
 With thunder, and with music, and with pomp :
 Such noise is like the roar of bleak-grown pines ;
 Which, when it ceases in this mountained world,
 No other sound succeeds ; but ceasing here,
 Among these fallen, Saturn's voice therefrom
 Grew up like organ, that begins anew
 Its strain, when other harmonies, stopt short,
 Leave the dinned air vibrating silverly.
 Thus grew it up : " Not in my own sad breast,
 Which is its own great judge and searcher out.

Can I find reason why ye should be thus :
Not in the legends of the first of days,
Studied from that old spirit-leaved book
Which starry Uranus with finger bright
Saved from the shores of darkness, when the waves
Low-ebbed still hid it up in shallow gloom ;
And the which book ye know I ever kept
For my firm-based footstool :—Ah, infirm !
Not there, nor in sign, symbol, or portent
Of element, earth, water, air, and fire,—
At war, at peace, or inter-quarrelling
One against one, or two, or three, or all
Each several one against the other three,
As fire with air loud warring when rain-floods
Drown both, and press them both against earth's face,
Where, finding sulphur, a quadruple wrath
Unhinges the poor world ;—not in that strife,
Wherefrom I take strange lore, and read it deep,
Can I find reason why ye should be thus :
No, nowhere can unriddle, though I search,
And pore on Nature's universal scroll
Even to swooning, why ye, Divinities,
The first-born of all shaped and palpable Gods,
Should cover beneath what, in comparison,
Is untremendous might. Yet ye are here,
O'erwhelmed, and spurned, and battered, ye are here !
O Titans, shall I say ' Arise ?'—Ye groan :
Shall I say ' Crouch !'—Ye groan. What can I then ?
O Heaven wide ! O unseen parent dear !
What can I ? Tell me, all ye brethren Gods,
How we can war, how engine our great wrath !
O speak your counsel now, for Saturn's ear
Is all a-hungered. Thou, Oceanus,
Ponderest high and deep ; and in thy face
I see, astonied, that severe content
Which comes of thought and musing : give us help !"

So ended Saturn ; and the God of the Sea,
 Sophist and sage, from no Athenian grove,
 But cogitation in his watery shades,
 Arose, with locks not oozy, and began,
 In murmurs, which his first-endeavouring tongue
 Caught infant-like from the far-foamèd sands :
 " O ye, whom wrath consumes ! who, passion-stung,
 Writhe at defeat, and nurse your agonies !
 Shut up your senses, stifle up your ears,
 My voice is not a bellows unto ire.
 Yet listen, ye who will, whilst I bring proof
 How ye, perforce, must be content to stoop :
 And in the proof much comfort will I give,
 If ye will take that comfort in its truth.
 We fall by course of Nature's law, not force
 Of thunder, or of Jove. Great Saturn, thou
 Hast sifted well the atom-universe ;
 But for this reason, that thou art the King,
 And only blind from sheer supremacy,
 One avenue was shaded from thine eyes,
 Through which I wandered to eternal truth.
 And first, as thou wast not the first of powers,
 So art thou not the last ; it cannot be :
 Thou art not the beginning nor the end.
 From chaos and parental darkness came
 Light, the first-fruits of that intestine broil,
 That sullen ferment, which for wondrous ends
 Was ripening in itself. The ripe hour came,
 And with it light, and light, engendering
 Upon its own producer, forthwith touched
 The whole enormous matter into life.
 Upon that very hour, our parentage,
 The Heavens and the Earth, were manifest :
 Then thou first-born, and we the giant-race,
 Found ourselves ruling new and beauteous realms.
 Now comes the pain of truth, to whom 'tis pain ;—

O folly ! for to bear all naked truths,
 And to envisage circumstance, all calm,
 That is the top of sovereignty. Mark well !
 As Heaven and Earth are fairer, fairer far
 Than Chaos and blank Darkness, though once chiefs ;
 And as we show beyond that Heaven and Earth
 In form and shape compact and beautiful,
 In will, in action free, companionship,
 And thousand other signs of purer life ;
 So on our heels a fresh perfection treads,
 A power more strong in beauty, born of us
 And fated to excel us, as we pass
 In glory that old Darkness : nor are we
 Thereby more conquered, than by us the rule
 Of shapeless Chaos. Say, doth the dull soil
 Quarrel with the proud forests it hath fed,
 And feedeth still, more comely than itself ?
 Can it deny the chieftdom of green groves ?
 Or shall the tree be envious of the dove
 Because it cooeth, and hath snowy wings
 To wander wherewithal and find its joys ?
 We are such forest-trees, and our fair boughs
 Have bred forth, not pale solitary doves,
 But eagles golden-feathered, who do tower
 Above us in their beauty, and must reign
 In right thereof ; for 'tis the eternal law
 That first in beauty should be first in might :
 Yea, by that law, another race may drive
 Our conquerors to mourn as we do now.
 Have ye beheld the young God of the Seas,*
 My dispossessor ? Have ye seen his face ?
 Have ye beheld his chariot, foamed along
 By noble wingèd creatures he hath made ?
 I saw him on the calmèd waters scud,

* Neptune.

HYPERION.

With such a glow of beauty in his eyes,
 'That it enforced me to bid sad farewell
 To all my empire : farewell sad I took,
 And hither came, to see how dolorous fate
 Had wrought upon ye ; and how I might best
 Give consolation in this woe extreme.
 Receive the truth, and let it be your balm."

Whether through pozed conviction, or disdain,
 They guarded silence, when Oceanus
 Left murmuring, what deepest thought can tell?
 But so it was, none answered for a space,
 Save one whom none regarded, Clymene ;
 And yet she answered not, only complained,
 With hectic lips, and eyes up-looking mild,
 Thus wording timidly among the fierce :
 " O Father, I am here the simplest voice,
 And all my knowledge is that joy is gone,
 And this thing woe crept in among our hearts,
 There to remain for ever, as I fear :
 I would not bode of evil, if I thought
 So weak a creature could turn off the help
 Which by just right should come of mighty Gods ;
 Yet let me tell my sorrow, let me tell
 Of what I heard, and how it made me weep,
 And know that we had parted from all hope.
 I stood upon a shore, a pleasant shore,
 Where a sweet clime was breathed from a land
 Of fragrance, quietness, and trees, and flowers.
 Full of calm joy it was, as I of grief ;
 Too full of joy and soft delicious warmth ;
 So that I felt a movement in my heart
 To chide, and to reproach that solitude
 With songs of misery, music of our woes ;
 And sat me down, and took a mouthèd shell
 And murmured into it, and made melody—

O melody no more ! for while I sang,
 And with poor skill let pass into the breeze
 The dull shell's echo, from a bowery strand
 Just opposite, an island of the sea,
 There came enchantment with the shifting wind,
 That did both drown and keep alive my ears.
 I threw my shell away upon the sand,
 And a wave filled it, as my sense was filled
 With that new blissful golden melody.
 A living death was in each gush of sounds,
 Each family of rapturous hurried notes,
 That fell, one after one, yet all at once,
 Like pearl-beads dropping sudden from their string :
 And then another, then another strain,
 Each like a dove leaving its olive perch,
 With music winged instead of silent plumes,
 To hover round my head, and make me sick
 Of joy and grief at once. Grief overcame,
 And I was stopping up my frantic ears,
 When, past all hindrance of my trembling hands,
 A voice came sweeter, sweeter than all tune,
 And still it cried, ' Apollo ! young Apollo !
 The morning-bright Apollo : young Apollo !'
 I fled, it followed me, and cried ' Apollo !'
 O Father, and O Brethren, had ye felt
 Those pains of mine ; O Saturn, hadst thou felt,
 Ye would not call this too indulged tongue
 Presumptuous, in thus venturing to be heard."

So far her voice flowed on, like timorous brook
 That, lingering along a pebbled coast,
 Doth fear to meet the sea : but sea it met,
 And shuddered ; for the overwhelming voice
 Of huge Enceladus swallowed it in wrath :
 The ponderous syllables, like sullen waves
 In the half-glutted hollows of reef-rocks,

Came booming thus, while still upon his arm
He leaned ; not rising, from supreme contempt :
“ Or shall we listen to the over-wise,
Or to the over-foolish giant, Gods ?
Not thunderbolt on thunderbolt, till all
That rebel Jove’s whole armoury were spent,
Not world on world upon these shoulders piled,
Could agonize me more than baby-words
In midst of this dethronement horrible.
Speak ! roar ! shout ! yell ! ye sleepy Titans all.
Do ye forget the blows, the buffets vile ?
Are ye not smitten by a youngling arm ?
Dost thou forget, sham Monarch of the Waves,
Thy scalding in the seas ? What, have I roused
Your spleens with so few simple words as these ?
O joy ! for now I see ye are not lost ;
O joy ! for now I see a thousand eyes
Wide glaring for revenge !”—As this he said,
He lifted up his stature vast, and stood,
Still without intermission speaking thus :
“ Now ye are flames, I’ll tell you how to burn,
And purge the ether of our enemies ;
How to feed fierce the crooked stings of fire,
And singe away the swollen clouds of Jove,
Stifling that puny essence in its tent.
O let him feel the evil he hath done ;
For though I scorn Oceanus’s lore,
Much pain have I for more than loss of realms :
The days of peace and slumberous calm are fled ;
Those days, all innocent of scathing war,
When all the fair Existences of heaven
Came open-eyed to guess what we would speak :
That was before our brows were taught to frown,
Before our lips knew else but solemn sounds ;
That was before we knew the wingèd thing,
Victory, might be lost, or might be won.

And be ye mindful that Hyperion,
 Our brightest brother, still is undisgraced—
 Hyperion, lo ! his radiance is here !”

All eyes were on Enceladus's face,
 And they beheld, while still Hyperion's name
 Flew from his lips up to the vaulted rocks,
 A pallid gleam across his features stern :
 Not savage, for he saw full many a God
 Wroth as himself. He looked upon them all,
 And in each face he saw a gleam of light,
 But splendor in Saturn's, whose hoar locks
 Shone like the bubbling foam about a keel
 When the prow sweeps into a midnight cove.
 In pale and silver silence they remained,
 Till suddenly a splendour, like the morn,
 Pervaded all the beetling gloomy steeps,
 All the sad spaces of oblivion,
 And every gulf, and every chasm old,
 And every height, and every sullen depth,
 Voiceless, or hoarse with loud tormented streams :
 And all the everlasting cataracts,
 And all the headlong torrents far and near,
 Mantled before in darkness and huge shade,
 Now saw the light and made it terrible.
 It was Hyperion :—a granite peak
 His bright feet touched, and there he stayed to view
 The misery his brilliance had betrayed
 To the most hateful seeing of itself.
 Golden his hair of short Numidian curl,
 Regal his shape majestic, a vast shade
 In midst of his own brightness, like the bulk
 Of Memnon's image at the set of sun
 To one who travels from the dusking East :
 Sighs, too, as mournful as that Memnon's harp
 He uttered, while his hands contemplative

He pressed together, and in silence stood.
 Despondence seized again the fallen Gods
 At sight of the dejected King of Day.
 And many hid their faces from the light :
 But fierce Enceladus sent forth his eyes
 Among the brotherhood ; and, at their glare,
 Uprose Iäpetus, and Creüs too,
 And Phorcus, sea-born, and together strode
 To where he towered on his eminence.
 There those four shouted forth old Saturn's name ;
 Hyperion from the peak loud answered, " Saturn !"
 Saturn sat near the Mother of the Gods,
 In whose face was no joy, though all the Gods
 Gave from their hollow throats the name of " Saturn !"

BOOK III.

THUS in alternate uproar and sad peace
 Amazèd were those Titans utterly.
 O leave them, Muse ! O leave them to their woes ;
 For thou art weak to sing such tumults dire :
 A solitary sorrow best befits
 Thy lips, and antheing a lonely grief.
 Leave them, O Muse ! for thou anon wilt find
 Many a fallen old Divinity
 Wandering in vain about bewildered shores.
 Meantime touch piously the Delphic harp,
 And not a wind of heaven but will breathe
 In aid soft warble from the Dorian flute ;
 For lo ! 'tis for the Father of all verse.
 Flush everything that hath a vermeil hue,
 Let the rose glow intense and warm the air,
 And let the clouds of even and of morn
 Float in voluptuous fleeces o'er the hills ;

Let the red wine within the goblet boil,
Cold as a bubbling well ; let faint-lipped shells,
On sands, or in great deeps, vermilion turn
Through all their labyrinths ; and let the maid
Blush keenly, as with some warm kiss surprised.
Chief isle of the embowered Cyclades,
Rejoice, O Delos, with thine olives green,
And poplars, and lawn-shading palms, and beech,
In which the Zephyr breathes the loudest song,
And hazels thick, dark-stemmed beneath the shade :
Apollo is once more the golden theme !
Where was he, when the Giant of the Sun
Stood bright, amid the sorrow of his peers ?
Together had he left his mother fair
And his twin-sister sleeping in their bower,
And in the morning twilight wandered forth
Beside the osiers of a rivulet,
Full ankle-deep in lilies of the vale.
The nightingale had ceased, and a few stars
Were lingering in the heavens, while the thrush
Began calm-throated. Throughout all the isle
There was no covert, no retired cave
Unhaunted by the murmurous noise of waves,
Though scarcely heard in many a green recess.
He listened, and he wept, and his bright tears
Went trickling down the golden bow he held.
Thus with half-shut suffused eyes he stood,
While from beneath some cumbrous boughs hard by
With solemn step an awful Goddess came,
And there was purport in her looks for him,
Which he with eager guess began to read
Perplexed, the while melodiously he said :
“ How cam'st thou over the unfooted sea ?
Or hath that antique mien and robed form
Moved in these vales invisible till now ?
Sure I have heard those vestments sweeping o'er

The fallen leaves, when I have sat alone
In cool mid-forest. Surely I have traced
The rustle of those ample skirts about
These grassy solitudes, and seen the flowers
Lift up their heads, as still the whisper passed.
Goddess ! I have beheld those eyes before,
And their eternal calm, and all that face,
Or I have dreamed."—" Yes," said the supreme shape,
" Thou hast dreamed of me ; and awaking up
Didst find a lyre all golden by thy side,
Whose strings touched by thy fingers, all the vast
Unwearied ear of the whole universe
Listened in pain and pleasure at the birth
Of such new tuneful wonder. Is't not strange
That thou shouldst weep, so gifted ? Tell me, youth,
What sorrow thou canst feel : for I am sad
When thou dost shed a tear : explain thy griefs
To one who in this lonely isle hath been
The watcher of thy sleep and hours of life,
From the young day when first thy infant hand
Plucked witless the weak flowers, till thine arm
Could bend that bow heroic to all times.
Show thy heart's secret to an ancient Power
Who hath forsaken old and sacred thrones
For prophecies of thee, and for the sake
Of loveliness new born."—Apollo then,
With sudden scrutiny and gloomless eyes,
Thus answered, while his white melodious throat
Throbbled with the syllables : " Mnemosyne !
Thy name is on my tongue, I know not how ;
Why should I tell thee what thou so well seest ?
Why should I strive to show what from thy lips
Would come no mystery ? For me, dark, dark,
And painful vile oblivion seals my eyes :
I strive to search wherefore I am so sad,
Until a melancholy numbs my limbs ;

And then upon the grass I sit, and moan,
 Like one who once had wings. O why should I
 Feel cursed and thwarted, when the liegeless air
 Yields to my step aspirant? why should I
 Spurn the green turf as hateful to my feet?
 Goddess benign, point forth some unknown thing:
 Are there not other regions than this isle?
 What are the stars? There is the sun, the sun!
 And the most patient brilliance of the moon!
 And stars by thousands! Point me out the way
 To any one particular beauteous star,
 And I will flit into it with my lyre,
 And make its silvery splendour pant with bliss.
 I have heard the cloudy thunder: Where is power?
 Whose hand, whose essence, what divinity
 Makes this alarum in the elements,
 While I here idle listen on the shores
 In fearless yet in aching ignorance?
 O tell me, lonely Goddess, by thy harp,
 That walleth every morn and eventide,
 Tell me why thus I rave, about these groves!
 Mute thou remainest—Mute! yet I can read
 A wondrous lesson in thy silent face:
 Knowledge enormous makes a God of me.
 Names, deeds, grey legends, dire events, rebellions,
 Majesties, sovran voices, agonies,
 Creations and destroyings, all at once
 Pour into the wide hollows of my brain,*
 And deify me, as if some blithe wine
 Or bright elixir peerless I had drunk,
 And so become immortal."—Thus the God,
 While his enkindled eyes, with level glance
 Beneath his white soft temples, steadfast kept
 Trembling with light upon Mnemosyne.

* Mnemosyne was the goddess of memory.

Soon wild commotions shook him, and made flush
 All the immortal fairness of his limbs ;
 Most like the struggle at the gate of death ;
 Or liker still to one who should take leave
 Of pale immortal death, and with a pang
 As hot as death's is chill, with fierce convulse
 Die into life : so young Apollo anguished :
 His very hair, his golden tresses famed
 Kept undulation round his eager neck.
 During the pain Mnemosyne upheld
 Her arms as one who prophesied.—At length
 Apollo shrieked ;—and lo ! from all his limbs
 Celestial * * * * *
 * * * * *

Miscellaneous Poems and Sonnets.

ODE TO A NIGHTINGALE.

I.

My heart aches, and a drowsy numbness pains
My sense, as though of hemlock I had drunk,
Or emptied some dull opiate to the drains
One minute past, and Lethe-wards had sunk :
'Tis not through envy of thy happy lot,
But being too happy in thine happiness,—
That thou, light-wingèd Dryad of the trees,
In some melodious plot
Of beechen green, and shadows numberless,
Singest of summer in full-throated ease.

II.

O, for a draught of vintage! that hath been
Cooled a long age in the deep-delved earth,
Tasting of Flora and the country green,
Dance, and Provençal song, and sunburnt mirth.
O for a beaker full of the warm South,
Full of the true, the blushful Hippocrene,
With beaded bubbles winking at the brim,
And purple-stained mouth ; — ~~taste~~. *tactile response*
That I might drink, and leave the world unseen,
And with thee fade away into the forest dim :

III.

Fade far away, dissolve, and quite forget
What thou among the leaves hast never known,
The weariness, the fever, and the fret
Here, where men sit and hear each other groan ;

Where palsy shakes a few, sad, last grey hairs,
 Where youth grows pale, and spectre-thin, and dies ;
 Where but to think is to be full of sorrow
 And leaden-eyed despairs,
 Where Beauty cannot keep her lustrous eyes,
 Or new Love pine at them beyond to-morrow.

IV.

Away ! away ! for I will fly to thee,
 Not charioted by Bacchus and his pards,
But on the viewless wings of Poesy,
 Though the dull brain perplexes and retards :
 Already with thee ! tender is the night,
 And haply the Queen-Moon is on her throne,
 Clustered around by all her starry Fays ;
 But here there is no light,
 Save what from heaven is with the breezes blown
 Through verdurous glooms and winding mossy ways.

V.

I cannot see what flowers are at my feet,
 Nor what soft incense hangs upon the boughs,
 But, in embalmed darkness, guess each sweet
 Wherewith the seasonable month endows
 The grass, the thicket, and the fruit-tree wild ;
 White hawthorn, and the pastoral eglantine ;
 Fast fading violets covered up in leaves ;
 And mid-May's eldest child,
 The coming musk-rose, full of dewy wine,
 The murmurous haunt of flies on summer eves.

VI.

Darkling I listen ; and, for many a time
 I have been half in love with easeful Death,
 Called him soft names in many a mused rhyme,
 To take into the air my quiet breath ;
 Now more than ever seems it rich to die, —

*Fulcherum
 hinc.*

To cease upon the midnight with no pain,
 While thou art pouring forth thy soul abroad
 In such an ecstasy !

Still wouldst thou sing, and I have ears in vain—
 To thy high requiem become a sod.

VII.

Thou wast not born for death, immortal Bird !
 No hungry generations tread thee down ;
 The voice I hear this passing night was heard
 In ancient days by emperor and clown :
 Perhaps the self-same song that found a path
 Through the sad heart of Ruth, when, sick for home,
 She stood in tears amid the alien corn ;
 The same that oft-times hath
 Charmed magic casements, opening on the foam
 Of perilous seas, in fairy lands forlorn.

VIII.

Forlorn ! the very word is like a bell
 To toll me back from thee to my sole self !
 Adieu ! the fancy cannot ~~cheat~~ so well
 As she is famed to do, deceiving elf.
 Adieu ! adieu ! thy plaintive anthem fades
 Past the near meadows, over the still stream,
 Up the hill-side ; and now 'tis buried deep
 In the next valley-glades :
 Was it a vision, or a waking dream ?
 Fled is that music :—Do I wake or sleep ?



ODE ON A GRECIAN URN.

I.

THOU still unravished bride of quietness,
 Thou foster-child of silence and slow time,
 Sylvan historian, who canst thus express
 A flowery tale more sweetly than our rhyme :
 What leaf-fringed legend haunts about thy shape
 Of deities or mortals, or of both,
 In Tempe or the dales of Arcady?
 What men or gods are these? What maidens loth?
 What mad pursuit? What struggle to escape?
 What pipes and timbrels? What wild ecstasy?

II.

① Heard melodies are sweet, but those unheard
 Are sweeter; therefore, ye soft pipes play on;
 Not to the sensual ear, but, more endear'd,
 Pipe to the spirit ditties of no tone!
 Fair youth, beneath the trees, thou canst not leave
 Thy song, nor ever can those trees be bare;
 Bold lover, never, never canst thou kiss,
 Though winning near the goal—yet, do not grieve;
 She cannot fade, though thou hast not thy bliss,
For ever wilt thou love, and she be fair!

III.

Ah, happy, happy boughs! that cannot shed
 Your leaves, nor ever bid the spring adieu;
 And, happy melodist, unwearied,
 For ever piping songs for ever new;
 More happy love! more happy, happy love!
For ever warm and still to be enjoyed,
For ever panting, and for ever young;
 All breathing human passion far above,
 That leaves a heart high-sorrowful and cloyed,
 A burning forehead, and a parching tongue.

MIND +
LUTEBOY CHASES
GIRLMAN
+
WIFE

IV.

Who are these coming to the sacrifice ?
 To what green altar, O mysterious priest,
 Leadest thou that heifer lowing at the skies,
 And all her silken flanks with garlands drest ?
 What little town by river or sea shore,
 Or mountain-built with peaceful citadel,
 Is emptied of this folk, this pious morn ?
 And, little town, thy streets for evermore
 Will silent be ; and not a soul to tell
 Why thou art desolate, can e'er return.

V.

O Attic shape ! Fair attitude ! with brede
 Of marble men and maidens overwrought,
 With forest branches and the trodden weed ;
 Thou, silent form, dost tease us out of thought
As doth eternity : Cold Pastoral !
 When old age shall this generation waste,
Thou shalt remain, in midst of other woe
Than ours, a friend to man, to whom thou sayest,
"Beauty is truth, truth beauty,"—that is all
 Ye know on earth, and all ye need to know.

ODE TO PSYCHE.

O GODDESS ! hear these tuneless numbers, wrung
 By sweet enforcement and remembrance dear,
 And pardon that thy secrets should be sung
 Even into thine own soft-conched ear :
 Surely I dreamt to-day, or did I see
 The wingèd Psyche with awakened eyes ?
 I wandered in a forest thoughtlessly,
 And, on the sudden, fainting with surprise,

Saw two fair creatures, couchèd side by side
 In deepest grass, beneath the whispering roof
 Of leaves and trembled blossoms, where there ran
 A brooklet, scarce espied :

'Mid hushed, cool-rooted flowers, fragrant-eyed,
 Blue, silver-white, and budded Tyrian,
 They lay calm-breathing on the budded grass ;
 Their arms embraced, and their pinions too ;
 Their lips touched not, but had not bade adieu,
 As if disjointed by soft-handed slumber,
 And ready still past kisses to outnumber
 At tender eye-dawn of Aurean love :
 The wingèd boy I knew ;
 But who wast thou, O happy, happy dove?
 His Psyche true !

O latest born and loveliest vision far
 Of all Olympus' faded hierarchy !
 Fairer than Phœbe's sapphire-regioned star,
 Or Vesper, amorous glowworm of the sky ;
 Fairer than these, though temple thou hast none,
 Nor altar heaped with flowers ;
 Nor virgin-choir to make delicious moan
 Upon the midnight hours ;
 No voice, no lute, no pipe, no incense sweet
 From chain-swung censer teeming ;
 No shrine, no grove, no oracle, no heat
 Of pale-mouthed prophet dreaming.

O brightest ! though too late for antique vows,
 Too, too late for the fond believing lyre,
 When holy were the haunted forest boughs,
 Holy the air, the water, and the fire ;
 Yet even in these days so far retired
 From happy pieties, thy lucent fans,
 Fluttering among the faint Olympians,

I see, and sing, by my own eyes inspired.
 So let me be thy choir, and make a moan
 Upon the midnight hours ;
 Thy voice, thy lute, thy pipe, thy incense sweet
 From swungèd censer teeming ;
 Thy shrine, thy grove, thy oracle, thy heat
 Of pale-mouthed prophet dreaming.

Yes, I will be thy priest, and build a fane
 In some untrodden region of my mind,
 Where branched thoughts, new grown with pleasant pain,
 Instead of pines shall murmur in the wind :
 Far, far around shall those dark clustered trees,
 Fledge the wild-ridged mountains steep by steep ;
 And there by zephyrs, streams, and birds, and bees,
 The moss-lain Dryads shall be lulled to sleep ;
 And in the midst of this wide quietness
 A rosy sanctuary will I dress
 With the wreathed trellis of a working brain,
 With buds, and bells, and stars without a name,
 With all the gardener Fancy e'er could feign,
 Who breeding flowers, will never breed the same ;
 And there shall be for thee all soft delight
 That shadowy thought can win,
 A bright torch, and a casement ope at night,
 To let the warm Love in !

FANCY.

EVER let the Fancy roam,
 Pleasure never is at home :
 At a touch sweet Pleasure melteth,
 Like to bubbles when rain pelteth ;
 Then let winged Fancy wander
 Through the thought still spread beyond her

Open wide the mind's cage-door,
She'll dart forth, and cloudward soar.
O sweet Fancy! let her loose;
Summer's joys are spoilt by use,
And the enjoying of the Spring
Fades as does its blossoming;
Autumn's red-lipped fruitage too,
Blushing through the mist and dew,
Cloyes with tasting: What do then?
Sit thee by the ingle, when
The sear faggot blazes bright,
Spirit of a winter's night;
When the soundless earth is muffled,
And the caked snow is shuffled
From the ploughboy's heavy shoon;
When the Night doth meet the Noon
In a dark conspiracy
To banish Even from her sky.
Sit thee there, and send abroad,
With a mind self-overawed,
Fancy, high-commissioned:—send her!
She has vassals to attend her:
She will bring, in spite of frost,
Beauties that the earth hath lost;
She will bring thee, all together,
All delights of summer weather;
All the buds and bells of May,
From dewy sward or thorny spray;
All the heapèd Autumn's wealth,
With a still, mysterious stealth:
She will mix these pleasures up
Like three fit wines in a cup,
And thou shalt quaff it:—thou shalt hear
Distant harvest-carols clear;
Rustle of the reapèd corn;
Sweet birds antheming the morn:

And, in the same moment—hark !
'Tis the early April lark,
Or the rooks, with busy caw,
Foraging for sticks and straw :
Thou shalt, at one glance, behold
The daisy and the marigold ;
White-plumed lilies, and the first
Hedge-grown primrose that hath burst ;
Shaded hyacinth, always
Sapphire queen of the mid-May ;
And every leaf, and every flower
Pearled with the self-same shower.
Thou shalt see the field-mouse peep
Meagre from its cellèd sleep ;
And the snake all winter-thin
Cast on sunny bank its skin ;
Freckled nest-eggs thou shalt see
Hatching in the hawthorn-tree,
When the hen-bird's wing doth rest
Quiet on her mossy nest ;
Then the hurry and alarm
When the beehive casts its swarm ;
Acorns ripe down-pattering,
While the autumn breezes sing.

Oh, sweet Fancy ! let her loose ;
Everything is spoilt by use :
Where's the cheek that doth not fade,
Too much gazed at ? Where's the maid
Whose lip mature is ever new ?
Where's the eye, however blue,
Doth not weary ? Where's the face
One would meet in every place ?
Where's the voice, however soft,
One would hear so very oft ?

At a touch sweet Pleasure melteth
 Like to bubbles when rain pelteth.
 Let, then, winged Fancy find
 Thee a mistress to thy mind :
 Dulcet-eyed as Ceres' daughter,
 Ere the God of Torment taught her
 How to frown and how to chide ;
 With a waist and with a side
 White as Hebe's, when her zone
 Slipt its golden clasp, and down
 Fell her kirtle to her feet,
 While she held the goblet sweet,
 And Jove grew languid.—Break the mesh
 Of the Fancy's silken leash ;
 Quickly break her prison-string,
 And such joys as these she'll bring.
 Let the winged Fancy roam,
 Pleasure never is at home.



ODE.

BARDS of Passion and of Mirth,
 Ye have left your souls on earth !
 Have ye souls in heaven too,
 Double-lived in regions new ?
 Yes, and those of heaven commune
 With the spheres of sun and moon ;
 With the noise of fountains wondrous,
 And the parle of voices thund'rous ;
 With the whisper of heaven's trees
 And one another, in soft ease
 Seated on Elysian lawns
 Browsed by none but Dian's fawns ;

Underneath large bluebells tented,
Where the daisies are rose-scented,
And the rose herself has got
Perfume which on earth is not ;
Where the nightingale doth sing
Not a senseless, trancèd thing,
But divine melodious truth ;
Philosophic numbers smooth :
Tales and golden histories
Of heaven and its mysteries.

Thus ye live on high, and then
On the earth ye live again ;
And the souls ye left behind you
Teach us, here, the way to find you,
Where your other souls are joying,
Never slumbered, never cloying.
Here, your earth-born souls still speak
To mortals, of their little week ;
Of their sorrows and delights ;
Of their passions and their spites ;
Of their glory and their shame ;
What doth strengthen and what maim.
Thus ye teach us, every day,
Wisdom, though fled far away.

Bards of Passion and of Mirth,
Ye have left your souls on earth !
Ye have souls in heaven too,
Double-lived in regions new !

LINES ON THE MERMAID TAVERN.*

SOULS of Poets dead and gone,
 What Elysium have ye known,
 Happy field or mossy cavern,
 Choicer than the Mermaid Tavern?
 Have ye tippled drink more fine
 Than mine host's canary wine?
 Or are fruits of Paradise
 Sweeter than those dainty pies
 Of venison? O generous food!
 Drest as though bold Robin Hood
 Would, with his maid Marian,
 Sup and bowse from horn and can.

I have heard that on a day
 Mine host's signboard flew away,
 Nobody knew whither, till
 An astrologer's old quill
 To a sheepskin gave the story—
 Said he saw you in your glory,
 Underneath a new old-sign
 Sipping beverage divine,
 And pledging with contented smack
 The Mermaid in the Zodiac.

Souls of Poets dead and gone,
 What Elysium have ye known,
 Happy field or mossy cavern,
 Choicer than the Mermaid Tavern?

* The place frequented by Shakspeare. Ben Jonson, and the poets of the Elizabethan age.

ROBIN HOOD

TO A FRIEND.

No! those days are gone away,
And their hours are old and grey,
And their minutes buried all
Under the down-trodden pall
Of the leaves of many years!
Many times have winter's shears,
Frozen North, and chilling East,
Sounded tempests to the feast
Of the forest's whispering fleeces,
Since men knew nor rent nor leases.

No, the bugle sounds no more,
And the twanging bow no more;
Silent is the ivory shrill
Past the heath and up the hill;
There is no mid-forest laugh,
Where lone Echo gives the half
To some wight, amazed to hear
Jesting, deep in forest drear.

On the fairest time of June
You may go, with sun or moon,
Or the seven stars to light you,
Or the polar ray to right you;
But you never may behold
Little John, or Robin bold;
Never one, of all the clan,
Thrumming on an empty can
Some old hunting ditty, while
He doth his green way beguile
To fair hostess Merriment,
Down beside the pasture Trent;

For he left the merry tale
 Messenger for spicy ale.

Gone, the merry morris din ;
 Gone, the song of Gamelyn ;
 Gone, the tough-belted outlaw
 Idling in the "grenè shawe ;"
 All are gone away and past !
 And if Robin should be cast
 Sudden from his turfèd grave,
 And if Marian should have
 Once again her forest days,
 She would weep, and he would craze :
 He would swear ; for all his oaks,
 Fall'n beneath the dockyard strokes,
 Have rotted on the briny seas ;
 She would weep that her wild bees
 Sang not to her—strange ! that honey
 Can't be got without hard money !

So it is : yet let us sing,
 Honour to the old bowstring !
 Honour to the bugle-horn !
 Honour to the woods unshorn !
 Honour to the Lincoln green !
 Honour to the archer keen !
 Honour to tight little John,
 And the horse he rode upon !
 Honour to bold Robin Hood,
 Sleeping in the underwood !
 Honour to maid Marian,
 And to all the Sherwood-clan !
 Though their days have hurried by
 Let us two a burden try.

TO AUTUMN.

I.

SEASON of mists and mellow fruitfulness, *a*
 Close bosom-friend of the maturing sun ; *b*
 Conspiring with him how to load and bless *a*
 With fruit the vines that round the thatch-eaves run ; *b*
 To bend with apples the mossed cottage-trees, *c*
 And fill all fruit with ripeness to the core ; *d*
 To swell the gourd, and plump the hazel shells *e*
 With a sweet kernel ; to set budding more, *b*
 And still more, later flowers for the bees, *c*
 Until they think warm days will never cease, *d*
 For Summer has o'erbrimmed their clammy cells. *e*

II.

Who hath not seen thee oft amid thy store ? *a*
 Sometimes whoever seeks abroad may find *b*
 Thee sitting careless on a granary floor, *a*
 Thy hair soft-lifted by the winnowing wind ; *b*
 Or on a half-reaped furrow sound asleep, *c*
 Drowsed with the fume of poppies, while thy hook *d*
 Spares the next swath and all its twinèd flowers : *e*
 And sometimes like a gleaner thou dost keep *c*
 Steady thy laden head across a brook ; *d*
 Or by a cider-press, with patient look, *d*
 Thou watchest the last oozings hours by hours. *e*

III.

Where are the songs of Spring ? Ay, where are they ?
 Think not of them, thou hast thy music too—
 While barred clouds bloom the soft-dying day,
 And touch the stubble-plains with rosy hue ;

Then in a wailful choir the small gnats mourn
 Among the river shallows, borne aloft
 Or sinking as the light wind lives or dies ;
 And full-grown lambs loud bleat from hilly bourn ;
 Hedge-crickets sing ; and now with treble soft
 The redbreast whistles from a garden croft ;
 And gathering swallows twitter in the skies.

—◆—

ODE ON MELANCHOLY.

L → river of forgetfulness.

I
 No, no, go not to Lethe, neither twist
 Wolf's-bane, tight-rooted, for its poisonous wine ;
 Nor suffer thy pale forehead to be kissed
 By nightshade, ruby grape of Proserpine ;
 Make not your rosary of yew-berries,
 Nor let the beetle, nor the death-moth be
 Your mournful Psyche, nor the downy owl
 A partner in your sorrow's mysteries ;
 For shade to shade will come too drowsily,
 And drown the wakeful anguish of the soul.

II.

But when the melancholy fit shall fall *a*
 Sudden from heaven like a weeping cloud, *b*
 That fosters the droop-headed flowers all, *a*
 And hides the green hill in an April shroud. *b*
Then glut thy sorrow on a morning rose, *c*
Or on the rainbow of the salt sand-wave, *d*
Or on the wealth of globed peonies ; *e*
 Or if thy mistress some rich anger shows, *c*
 Imprison her soft hand, and let her rave, *d*
 And feed deep, deep upon her peerless eyes *e*

III.

She dwells with Beauty—Beauty that must die ;
 And Joy, whose hand is ever at his lips
 Bidding adieu ; and aching Pleasure nigh,
 Turning to poison while the bee-mouth sips : *tactile*
 Ay, in the very temple of Delight *mayer*
 Veiled Melancholy has her sovran shrine,
 Though seen of none save him whose strenuous tongue
 Can burst Joy's grape against his palate fine ;
 His soul shall taste the sadness of her might,
 And be among her cloudy trophies hung. |

LA BELLE DAME SANS MERCY.*

AH ! what can ail thee, *Keats' poems.* wretched wight,
 Alone and palely loitering ?
 The sedge is withered from the lake,
 And no birds sing.

Ah ! what can ail thee, wretched wight,
 So haggard and so woe-begone ?
 The squirrel's granary is full,
 And the harvest's done.

* This poem appeared originally in the *Indicator*, and was thus praised by Leigh Hunt :—“The union of the imaginative and the real is very striking throughout, particularly in the dream. The wild gentleness of the rest of the thoughts and of the music are alike old, and they are also alike young ; for love and imagination are always young, let them bring with them what times and accompaniments they may.” The verses were suggested to Keats, Leigh Hunt tells us, by an old poem bearing the title of “*La Belle Dame Sans Mercy*,” which is to be found in Chaucer's works ; and it is a translation (attributed to him) from the celebrated French poet Alain Chartier, secretary to Charles the Sixth and Seventh. The present poem was signed at its original publication *Caviare*, in allusion doubtless to Hamlet's words, which have become proverbial. Keats' poems then were actually “*Caviare to the multitude*,” but the “whirligig of time” has “brought its revenges.”

POEMS AND SONNETS.

I see a lily on thy brow,
 With anguish moist and fever-dew ;
 And on thy cheek a fading rose
 Fast withereth too.

I met a lady in the meads,
 Full beautiful—a fairy's child ;
 Her hair was long, her foot was light,
 And her eyes were wild.

I set her on my pacing steed,
 And nothing else saw all day long ;
 For sideways would she lean and sing
 A fairy's song.

I made a garland for her head,
 And bracelets too, and fragrant zone ;
 She looked at me as she did love,
 And made sweet moan.

She found me roots of relish sweet,
 And honey wild, and manna-dew ;
 And sure in language strange she said,
 I love thee true.

She took me to her elfin grot,
 And there she gazed and sighèd deep ;
 And there I shut her wild sad eyes—
 So kissed to sleep. *With kisses faint.*

And there we slumbered on the moss,
 And there I dreamed, ah ! woe betide,
 The latest dream I ever dreamed,
 On the cold hill-side.

I saw pale kings and princes too,
 Pale warriors—death-pale were they all ;
 Who cried, " La Belle Dame Sans Mercy
 Hath thee in thrall !"

I saw their starved lips in the gloom,
 With horrid warning gapèd wide ;
 And I awoke, and found me here
 On the cold hill-side.

And this is why I sojourn here,
 Alone and palely loitering :
 Though the sedge is withered from the lake,
 And no birds sing.



STANZAS.

FROM THE "LITERARY GAZETTE," 1829.

IN a drear-nighted December,
 Too happy, happy tree !
 Thy branches ne'er remember
 Their green felicity ;
 The north cannot undo them
 With a sleepy whistle through them,
 Nor frozen thawings glue them
 From budding at the prime.

In a drear-nighted December,
 Too happy, happy brook !
 Thy bubblings ne'er remember
 Apollo's summer look ;
 But, with a sweet forgetting,
 They stay their crystal fretting.
 Never, never petting
 About the frozen time.

Ah, would 'twere so with many
 A gentle girl and boy !
 But were there ever any
 Writhed not at passèd joy ?
 To know the change and feel it,
 When there is none to heal it,
 Nor numbèd sense to steel it,
 Was never said in rhyme.



THE HUMAN SEASONS. ✓

FOUR Seasons fill the measure of the year ;
 There are four seasons in the mind of man :
 He has his lusty Spring, when fancy clear
 Takes in all beauty with an easy span.
 He has his Summer, when luxuriously
 Spring's honeyed cud of youthful thought he loves
 To ruminatè, and, by such dreaming high,
 Is nearest unto heaven ; quiet coves
 His soul has in its Autumn, when his wings
 He furleth close ; contented so to look
 On mists in idleness—to let fair things
 Pass by unheeded as a threshold brook.
 He has his Winter, too, of pale misfeature,
 Or else he would forego his mortal nature.



ON A PICTURE OF LEANDER.

COME hither, all sweet maidens, soberly,
 Down-looking, aye, and with a chastened light,
 Hid in the fringes of your eyelids white,
 And meekly let your fair hands joinèd be,
 As if so gentle that you could not see,
 Untouched, a victim of your beauty bright,
 Sinking away to his young spirit's night,
 Sinking bewildered 'mid the dreary sea :
 'Tis young Leander toiling to his death ;
 Nigh swooning, he doth purse his weary lips
 For Hero's cheek, and smiles against her smile.
 O horrid dream ! see how his body dips
 Dead heavy ; arms and shoulders gleam awhile :
 He's gone ; up bubbles all his amorous breath !



TO AILSA ROCK.

HEARKEN, thou craggy ocean pyramid !
 Give answer from thy voice, the sea-fowls' screams !
 When were thy shoulders mantled in huge streams ?
 When from the sun was thy broad forehead hid ?
 How long is't since the mighty power bid
 Thee heave to airy sleep from fathom dreams ?
 Sleep in the lap of thunder or sunbeams,
 Or when grey clouds are thy cold cover-lid ?
 Thou answerest not, for thou art dead asleep !

Thy life is but two dead eternities—
 The last in air, the former in the deep ;
 First with the whales, last with the eagle-skies—
 Drowned wast thou till an earthquake made thee steep,
 Another cannot wake thy giant size.



ON VISITING THE TOMB OF BURNS.

THE town, the churchyard, and the setting sun,
 The clouds, the trees, the rounded hills all seem,
 Though beautiful, cold—strange—as in a dream,
 I dreamèd long ago, now new begun.
 The short-lived paly Summer is but won
 From Winter's age, for one hour's gleam ;
 Though sapphire-warm, their stars do never beam :
 All is cold Beauty ; pain is never done :
 For who has mind to relish, Minos-wise,
 The Real of Beauty, free from that dead hue
 Sickly imagination and sick pride
 Cast wan upon it ! Burns ! with honour due
 I oft have honoured thee. Great shadow ! hide
 Thy face ; I sin against thy native skies.



WRITTEN IN BURNS'S COTTAGE.

THIS mortal body of a thousand days
 Now fills, O Burns, a space in thine own room,
 Where thou didst dream alone on budded bays,
 Happy and thoughtless of thy day of doom !
 My pulse is warm with thine own Barley-bree,
 My head is light with pledging a great soul,

My eyes are wandering, and I cannot see,
 Fancy is dead and drunken at its goal ;
 Yet can I stamp my foot upon thy floor,
 Yet can I ope thy window-sash to find
 The meadow thou hast trampèd o'er and o'er,—
 Yet can I think of thee till thought is blind,—
 Yet can I gulp a bumper to thy name,—
 O smile among the shades, for this is fame !

OLD MEG.

OLD MEG she was a gipsy,
 And lived upon the moors ;
 Her bed it was the brown heath turf,
 And her house was out of doors.
 Her apples were swart blackberries,
 Her currants, pods o' broom ;
 Her wine was dew of the wild white rose,
 Her book a church-yard tomb.

Her brothers were the craggy hills,
 Her sisters larchen trees ;
 Alone with her great family
 She lived as she did please.
 No breakfast had she many a morn,
 No dinner many a noon,
 And, 'stead of supper, she would stare
 Full hard against the moon.

But every morn, of woodbine fresh
 She made her garlanding,
 And, every night, the dark glen yew
 She wove, and she would sing.

And with her fingers, old and brown,
 She plaited mats of rushes,
 And gave them to the cottagers
 She met among the bushes.

Old Meg was brave as Margaret Queen,
 And tall as Amazon ;
 An old red blanket cloak she wore,
 A chip-hat had she on :
 God rest her agèd bones somewhere !
 She died full long ago !



WALKING IN SCOTLAND.

THERE is a charm in footing slow across a silent plain,
 Where patriot battle has been fought, where glory had the gain ;
 There is a pleasure on the heath, where Druids old have been,
 Where mantles grey have rustled by, and swept the nettled green ;
 There is a joy in every spot made known in times of old,
 New to the feet although each tale a hundred times be told ;
 There is a deeper joy than all, more solemn in the heart,
 More parching to the tongue than all, of more divine a smart,
 When weary steps forget themselves upon a pleasant turf,
 Upon hot sand, or flinty road, or sea-shore iron surf,
 Toward the castle or the cot, where long ago was born
 One who was great through mortal days, and died of fame unshorn.
 Light heather-bells may tremble then,—but they are far away ;
 Wood-lark may sing from sandy fern,—the Sun may hear his lay ;
 Runnels may kiss the grass on shelves and shallows clear,—
 But their low voices are not heard, tho' come on travels drear ;
 Blood-red the sun may set behind black mountain peaks,
 Blue tides may sluice and drench their time in caves and weedy
 creeks,

Eagles may seem to sleep wing-wide upon the air,
 Ring-doves may fly convulsed across to some high cedared lair,—
 But the forgotten eye is still fast lidded to the ground,
 As palmer's that with weariness mid-desert shrine hath found.

At such a time the soul's a child, in childhood is the brain,
 Forgotten is the worldly heart,—alone it beats in vain !
 Aye, if a madman could have leave to pass a healthful day,
 To tell his forehead's swoon and faint when first began decay,
 He might make tremble many a one, whose spirit had gone forth
 To find a Bard's low cradle-place about the silent north !

Scanty the hour, and few the steps, beyond the bourn of care !
 Beyond the sweet and bitter world,—beyond it unaware !
 Scanty the hour, and few the steps,—because a longer stay
 Would bar return and make a man forget his mortal way !
 O horrible ! to lose the sight of well-remembered face,
 Of Brother's eyes, of Sister's brow,—constant to every place,
 Filling the air as on we move with portraiture intense,
 More warm than those heroic tints that pain a painter's sense,
 When shapes of old come striding by, and visages of old,
 Locks shining black, hair scanty grey, and passions manifold !

No, no,—that horror cannot be ! for at the cable's length
 Man feels the gentle anchor pull, and gladdens in its strength :
 One hour, half idiot, he stands by mossy waterfall,
 But in the very next he reads his soul's memorial ;
 He reads it on the mountain's height, where chance he may sit
 down,
 Upon rough marble diadem, that hill's eternal crown.
 Yet be his anchor e'er so fast, room is there for a prayer,
 That man may never lose his mind in mountains black and bare ;
 That he may stray, league after league, some great birthplace to
 find,
 And keep his vision clear from speck, his inward sight unblind.

STAFFA.

NOT Aladdin magian
Ever such a work began ;
Not the wizard of the Dee
Ever such a dream could see.
Not St. John, in Patmos' Isle,
In the passion of his toil,
When he saw the churches seven,
Golden-aisled, built up in heaven,
Gazed at such a rugged wonder,
As I stood its roofing under.
Lo ! I saw one sleeping there,
On the marble cold and bare ;
While the surges washed his feet,
And his garments white did beat
Drenched about the sombre rocks ;
On his neck his well-grown locks,
Lifted dry above the main,
Were upon the curl again.
"What is this ? and what art thou ?"
Whispered I, and touched his brow ;
"What art thou ? and what is this ?"
Whispered I, and strove to kiss
The spirit's hand, to wake his eyes ;
Up he started in a trice :
"I am Lycidas," said he,
"Famed in funeral minstrelsy !
This was architected thus
By the great Oceanus !—
Here his mighty waters play
Hollow organs all the day ;
Here, by turns, his dolphins all,
Finny palmers, great and small,

Come to pay devotion due,—
 Each a mouth of pearls must strew !
 Many a mortal of these days,
 Dares to pass our sacred ways ;
 Dares to touch, audaciously,
 This cathedral of the sea !
 I have been the pontiff-priest,
 Where the waters never rest,
 Where a fledgy sea-bird choir
 Soars for ever ! Holy fire
 I have hid from mortal man ;
 Proteus is my Sacristan !
 But the dullèd eye of mortal
 Hath passed beyond the rocky portal :
 So for ever will I leave
 Such a taint, and soon unweave
 All the magic of the place."
 So saying, with a Spirit's glance
 He dived !

BEN NEVIS.

"When on the summit a cloud enveloped him, and sitting on the stones, it slowly wafted away, showing a tremendous precipice into the valley below, he wrote these lines."

READ me a lesson, Muse, and speak it loud
 Upon the top of Nevis, blind in mist !
 I look into the chasms, and a shroud
 Vapourous doth hide them,—just so much I wist
 Mankind do know of hell ; I look o'erhead,
 And there is sullen mist,—even so much
 Mankind can tell of heaven ; mist is spread
 Before the earth, beneath me,—even such,

Even so vague is man's sight of himself!
 Here are the craggy stones beneath my feet,—
 Thus much I know that, a poor witless elf,
 I tread on them,—that all my eye doth meet
 Is mist and crag, not only on this height,
 But in the world of thought and mental might!



TEIGNMOUTH.

“In hopes of cheering you through a minute or two, I was determined, will he nill he, to send you some lines, so you will excuse the unconnected subject and careless verse. You know, I am sure, Claude's ‘Enchanted Castle,’ and I wish you may be pleased with my remembrance of it.” *March, 1818.*

DEAR Reynolds as last night I lay in bed,
 There came before my eyes that wonted thread
 Of shapes, and shadows, and remembrances,
 That every other minute vex and please :
 Things all disjointed come from north and south,—
 Two Witch's eyes above a Cherub's mouth,
 Voltaire with casque and shield and habergeon,
 And Alexander with his nightcap on ;
 Old Socrates a-tying his cravat,
 And Hazlitt playing with Miss Edgeworth's cat ;
 And Junius Brutus, pretty well, so so,
 Making the best of's way towards Soho.

Few are there who escape these visitings,—
 Perhaps one or two whose lives have patent wings,
 And thro' whose curtains peeps no hellish nose,
 No wild-boar tushes, and no Mermaid's toes ;
 But flowers bursting out with lusty pride,
 And young Æolian harps personified ;

Some Titian colours touched into real life,—
The sacrifice goes on ; the pontiff knife
Gleams in the Sun, the milk-white heifer lows,
The pipes go shrilly, the libation flows :
A white sail shows above the green-head cliff,
Moves round the point, and throws her anchor stiff ;
The mariners join hymn with those on land.

You know the "Enchanted Castle,"—it doth stand
Upon a rock, on the border of a Lake,
Nested in trees, which all do seem to shake
From some old magic-like Urganda's Sword.
O Phoebus ! that I had thy sacred word
To show this Castle, in fair dreaming wise,
Unto my friend, while sick and ill he lies !

You know it well enough, where it doth seem
A mossy place, a Merlin's Hall, a dream ;
You know the clear Lake, and the little Isles,
The mountains blue, and cold near neighbour rills,
All which elsewhere are but half animate ;
There do they look alive to love and hate,
To smiles and frowns ; they seem a lifted mound
Above some giant, pulsing underground.

Part of the Building was a chosen See,
Built by a banished Santon of Chaldee ;
The other part, two thousand years from him,
Was built by Cuthbert de Saint Aldebrim ;
Then there's a little wing, far from the Sun,
Built by a Lapland Witch turned maudlin Nun ;
And many other juts of aged stone
Founded with many a mason-devil's groan.

The doors all look as if they oped themselves,
The windows as if latched by Fays and Elves,

And from them comes a silver flash of light,
As from the westward of a Summer's night ;
Or like a beauteous woman's large blue eyes
Gone mad thro' olden songs and poesies.

See ! what is coming from the distance dim !
A golden Galley all in silken trim !
Three rows of oars are lightening, moment whiles,
Into the verd'rous bosoms of those isles ;
Towards the shade, under the Castle wall,
It comes in silence,—now 'tis hidden all.
The Clarion sounds, and from a Postern-gate
An echo of sweet music doth create
A fear in the poor Herdsman, who doth bring
His beasts to trouble the enchanted spring—
He tells of the sweet music, and the spot,
To all his friends, and they believe him not.

O, that our dreamings all, of sleep or wake,
Would all their colours from the sunset take :
From something of material sublime,
Rather than shadow our own soul's day-time
In the dark void of night. For in the world
We jostle,—but my flag is not unfurled
On the Admiral-staff,—and to philosophize
I dare not yet ! Oh, never will the prize,
High reason, and the love of good and ill,
Be my award ! Things cannot to the will
Be settled, but they tease us out of thought ;
Or is it that imagination brought
Beyond its proper bound, yet still confined,
Lost in a sort of Purgatory blind,
Cannot refer to any standard law
Of either earth or heaven ? It is a flaw
In happiness, to see beyond our bourn,—
It forces us in summer skies to mourn,
It spoils the singing of the Nightingale.

Dear Reynolds! I have a mysterious tale,
 And cannot speak it; the first page I read
 Upon a Lampit rock of green sea-weed
 Among the breakers; 'twas a quiet eve,
 The rocks were silent, the wide sea did wave
 An untumultuous fringe of silver foam
 Along the flat brown sand; I was at home
 And should have been most happy,—but I saw
 Too far into the sea, where every maw
 The greater on the less feeds evermore.—
 But I saw too distinct into the core
 Of an eternal fierce destruction,
 And so from happiness I far was gone.
 Still am I sick of it, and though, to-day,
 I've gathered young spring-leaves, and flowers gay
 Of periwinkle and wild strawberry,
 Still do I that most fierce destruction see,—
 The Shark at savage prey,—the Hawk at pounce,—
 The gentle Robin, like a Pard or Ounce,
 Ravening a Worm,—Away, ye horrid moods!
 Moods of one's mind! You know I hate them well.
 You know I'd sooner be a clapping Bell
 To some Kamschatkan Missionary Church,
 Than with these horrid moods be left i' the lurch.



IN A LETTER FROM DEVONSHIRE TO HAYDON.

“I have enjoyed the most delightful walks these three fine days, beautiful enough to make me content.”

I.

HERE all the summer could I stay,
 For there's a Bishop's Teign,
 And King's Teign,

And Coomb at the clear Teign's head ;
 Where, close by the stream,
 You may have your cream,
 All spread upon barley bread.

II.

There's Arch Brook,
 And there's Larch Brook,—
 Both turning many a mill ;
 And cooling the drouth
 Of the salmon's mouth,
 And fattening his silver gill.

III.

There's a wild wood,
 A mild hood,
 To the sheep on the lea o' the down,
 Where the golden furze,
 With its green, thin spurs,
 Doth catch at the maiden's gown.

IV.

There's Newton Marsh,
 With its spear-grass harsh,—
 A pleasant summer level ;
 Where the maidens sweet
 Of the Market street,
 Do meet in the dark to revel.

V.

There's Barton rich,
 With dyke and ditch,
 And hedge for the thrush to live in ;
 And the hollow tree
 For the buzzing bee,
 And a bank for the wasp to hive in.

VI.

And O and O,
 The daisies blow,
 And the primroses are wakened ;
 And the violets white
 Sit in silver light,
 And the green buds are long in the spike end.

VII.

Then who would go
 Into dark Soho,
 And chatter with dank-haired critics,
 When he can stay
 For the new-mown hay,
 And startle the dappled crickets?



“ There’s a bit of doggerel ; you would like a bit of botheral.”

I.

WHERE be you going, you Devon maid ?
 And what have ye there in the basket ?
 Ye tight little fairy, just fresh from the dairy,
 Will you give me some cream if I ask it ?

II.

I love your hills and I love your dales,
 And I love your flocks a-bleating ;
 But oh, on the heather to lie together,
 With both our hearts a-beating !

III.

I’ll put your basket all safe in a nook ;
 Your shawl I’ll hang on a willow ;
 And we will sigh in the daisy’s eye,
 And kiss on a grass-green pillow.

DAWLISH FAIR.

OVER the hill and over the dale,
 And over the Bourne to Dawlish,
 Where ginger-bread wives have a scanty sale,
 And ginger-bread nuts are smallish.



ACROSTIC.

GEORGINA AUGUSTA KEATS.*

G IVE me your patience, sister, while I frame
 E xact in capitals your golden name ;
 O r sue the fair Apollo and he will
 R ouse from his heavy slumber and instil
 G reat love in me for thee and Poesy.
 I magine not that greatest mastery
 A nd kingdom over all the realms of verse,
 N ears more to heaven in aught, than when we nurse
 A nd surety give to love and brotherhood.

A nthropophagi in Othello's mood ;
 U llysses stormed, and his enchanted belt
 G low with the Muse, but they are never felt
 U nbosomed so and so eternal made,
 S uch tender incense in their laurel shade
 T o all the regent sisters of the time
 A s this poor offering to you, sister mine.

K ind sister ! aye, this third name says you are ;
 E nchanted has it been the Lord knows when ;
 A nd may it taste to you like good old wine,
 T ake you to real happiness and give
 S ons, daughters, and a home like honeyed hive.

* His brother George's wife. This acrostic is taken from Mr. Forman's Edition.

ODE TO APOLLO.

I.

IN thy western halls of gold,
When thou sittest in thy state,
Bards, that erst sublimely told
Heroic deeds, and sang of fate,
With fervour seize their adamantyne lyres,
Whose cords are solid rays, and twinkle radiant fires.

II.

Here Homer with his nervous arms
Strikes the twanging harp of war,
And even the western splendour warms,
While the trumpets sound afar :
But, what creates the most intense surprise,
His soul looks out through renovated eyes.

III.

Then, through thy Temple wide, melodious swells
The sweet majestic tone of Maro's lyre :
The soul delighted on each accent dwells,—
Enraptured dwells,—not daring to respire,
The while he tells of grief around a funeral pyre.

IV.

'Tis awful silence then again ;
Expectant stands the spheres ;
Breathless the laurelled peers,
Nor move, till ends the lofty strain,
Nor move till Milton's tuneful thunders cease,
And leave once more the ravished heavens in peace.

V.

Thou biddest Shakspeare wave his hand
 And quickly forward spring
 The Passions—a terrific band—
 And each vibrates the string
 That with its tyrant temper best accords,
 While from their Master's lips pour forth the inspiring words.

VI.

A silver trumpet Spencer blows,
 And, as its martial notes to silence flee,
 From a virgin chorus flows
 A hymn in praise of spotless Chastity.
 'Tis still! Wild warblings from the Æolian lyre
 Enchantment softly breathe, and tremblingly expire.

VII.

Next thy Tasso's ardent numbers
 Float along the pleasèd air,
 Calling youth from idle slumbers,
 Rousing them from Pleasure's lair :—
 Then o'er the strings his fingers gently move,
 And melt the soul to pity and to love.

VIII.

But when *Thou* joinest with the Nine,
 And all the powers of song combine,
 We listen here on earth :
 The dying tones that fill the air,
 And charm the ear of evening fair,
 From thee, great God of Bards, receive their heavenly birth.

Feb. 1815.



HYMN TO APOLLO.

GOD of the golden bow,
And of the golden lyre,
And of the golden hair,
And of the golden fire,
Charioteer
Round the patient year,
Where—where slept thine ire,
When like a blank idiot I put on thy wreath,
Thy laurel, thy glory,
The light of thy story,
Or was I a worm—too low creeping for death?
O Delphic Apollo!

The Thunderer grasped and grasped,
The Thunderer frowned and frowned;
The eagle's feathery mane
For wrath became stiffened—the sound
Of breeding thunder
Went drowsily under,
Muttering to be unbound.
O why didst thou pity, and beg for a worm?
Why touch thy soft lute
Till the thunder was mute,
Why was I not crushed—such a pitiful germ?
O Delphic Apollo!

The Pleiades were up,
Watching the silent air;
The seeds and roots in Earth
Were swelling for summer fare;
The Ocean, its neighbour,
Was at his old labour,
When, who—who did dare

To tie for a moment thy plant round his brow,
 And grin and look proudly,
 And blaspheme so loudly,
 And live for that honour, to stoop to thee now?
 O Delphic Apollo!



ON * * * *

THINK not of it, sweet one, so;—
 Give it not a tear;
 Sigh though mayst, and bid it go
 Any—any where.

Do not look so sad, sweet one,—
 Sad and fadingly;
 Shed one drop and only one—
 Oh! 'twas born to die!

Still so pale? then, dearest, weep;
 Weep, I'll count the tears,
 For each I will invent a bliss
 For thee in after years.

Brighter has it left thine eyes
 Than a sunny rill;
 And thy whispering melodies
 Are more tender still.

Yet—as all things mourn awhile
 At fleeting blisses;
 Let us too; but be our dirge
 A dirge of kisses.

LINES.

UNFELT, unheard, unseen,
 I've left my little queen,
 Her languid arms in silver slumber lying :
 Ah ! through their nestling touch,
 Who—who could tell how much
 There is for madness—cruel, or complying ?

Those faery lids how sleek !
 Those lips how moist !—they speak,
 In ripest quiet, shadows of sweet sounds :
 Into my fancy's ear
 Melting a burden dear,
 How " Love doth know no fullness, nor no bounds."

True !—tender monitors !
 I bend unto your laws :
 This sweetest day for dalliance was born !
 So, without more ado,
 I'll feel my heaven anew,
 For all the blushing of the hasty morn.

1817.



ON A LOCK OF MILTON'S HAIR.

" I was at Hunt's the other day, and he surprised me with a real authenticated lock of Milton's hair. I know you would like what I wrote thereon, so here it is—as they say of a Sheep in a Nursery Book." *Jan.* 1818.

CHIEF of organic numbers !
 Old Scholar of the Spheres !
 Thy spirit never slumbers
 But rolls about our ears

For ever and for ever !
 O what a mad endeavour
 Worketh He,
 Who to thy sacred and ennobled hearse
 Would offer a burnt sacrifice of verse
 And melody.

How heavenward thou soundest !
 Live Temple of sweet noise,
 And Discord unconfoundest,
 Giving Delight new joys,
 And Pleasure nobler pinions :
 O where are thy dominions ?

 Lend thine ear
 To a young Delian oath—ay, by thy soul,
 By all that from thy mortal lips did roll,
 And by the kernel of thy earthly love,
 Beauty in things on earth and things above.
 I swear !

When every childish fashion
 Has vanished from my rhyme,
 Will I, grey gone in passion,
 Leave to an after-time
 Hymning and Harmony
 Of thee and of thy works, and of thy life ;
 But vain is now the burning and the strife ;
 Pangs are in vain, until I grow high-rife
 With old Philosophy,
 And wed with glimpses of futurity.

For many years my offerings must be hushed ;
 When I do speak, I'll think upon this hour,
 Because I feel my forehead hot and flushed,
 Even at the simplest vassal of thy power,

A lock of thy bright hair,—
 Sudden it came,
 And I was startled when I caught thy name
 Coupled so unaware ;
 Yet at the moment temperate was my blood—
 I thought I had beheld it from the flood !



FRAGMENT OF AN ODE.

TO REYNOLDS, MAY, 1818.

“It is impossible to know how far knowledge will console us for the death of a friend, and the ‘ill that flesh is heir to.’ With respect to the affections and poetry, you must know by a sympathy my thoughts that way, and I dare say these few lines will be but a ratification. I wrote them on May-day, and intend to finish the ode all in good time.”

MOTHER of Hermes ! and still youthful Maia !
 May I sing to thee
 As thou wast hymnèd on the shores of Baiæ ?
 Or may I woo thee
 In earlier Sicilian ? or thy smiles
 Seek as they once were sought, in Grecian isles,
 By bards who died content on pleasant sward,
 Leaving great verse unto a little clan ?
 O, give me their old vigour, and unheard
 Save of the quiet primrose, and the span
 Of heaven and few ears,
 Rounded by thee, my song should die away
 Content as theirs,
 Rich in the simple worship of a day.



ON INDOLENCE.

“They toil not, neither do they spin.”

I.

ONE morn before me were three figures seen,
 With bowèd necks, and joinèd hands, side-faced ;
 And one behind the other stepped serene,
 In placid sandals, and in white robes graced ;
 They passed, like figures on a marble urn,
 When shifted round to see the other side ;
 They came again ; as when the urn once more
 Is shifted round, the first green shades return
 And they were strange to me, as may betide
 With vases, to one deep in Phidian lore.

II.

How is it, Shadows ! that I knew ye not ?
 How came ye muffled in so hush a mask ?
 Was it a silent, deep-disguisèd plot
 To steal away, and leave without a task
 My idle days ? Ripe was the drowsy hour ;
 The blissful cloud of summer-indolence
 Benumbed my eyes ; my pulse grew less and less ;
 Pain had no sting, and pleasure's wreath no flower :
 O, why did ye not melt, and leave my sense
 Unhaunted quite of all but—nothingness ?

III.

A third time passed they by, and, passing, turned
 Each one the face a moment whiles to me ;
 Then faded, and to follow them I burned
 And ached for wings, because I knew the three ;
 The first was a fair Maid, and Love her name ;
 The second was Ambition, pale of cheek,
 And ever watchful with fatiguèd eye ;
 The last, whom I love more, the more of blame
 Is heaped upon her, maiden most unmeek,—
 I knew to be my demon Poesy.

IV.

They faded, and forsooth ! I wanted wings :
 O folly ! what is love ? and where is it ?
 And for that poor Ambition ! it springs
 From a man's little heart's short fever fit ;
 For Poesy !—no,—she has not a joy,—
 At least for me,—so sweet as drowsy noons,
 And evenings steeped in honied indolence ;
 O, for an age so sheltered from annoy,
 That I may never know how change the moons,
 Or hear the voice of busy common-sense !

V.

And once more came they by ;—alas ! wherefore ?
 My sleep had been embroidered with dim dreams ;
 My soul had been a lawn besprinkled o'er
 With flowers, and stirring shades, and baffled
 beams :
 The morn was clouded, but no shower fell,
 Tho' in her lids hung the sweet tears of May ;
 The open casement pressed a new-leaved vine,
 Let in the budding warmth and throstle's lay ;
 O shadows ! 'twas a time to bid farewell !
 Upon your skirts had fallen no tears of mine.

VI.

So, ye three Ghosts, adieu ! Ye cannot raise
 My head cool-bedded in the flowery grass ;
 For I would not be dieted with praise,
 A pet-lamb in a sentimental farce !
 Fade softly from my eyes, and be once more
 In masque-like figures on the dreamy urn ;
 Farewell ! I yet have visions for the night,
 And for the day faint visions there is store ;
 Vanish, ye Phantoms ! from my idle spright,
 Into the clouds, and never more return !

THE EVE OF SAINT MARK.

(UNFINISHED.)

UPON a Sabbath day it fell ;
Twice holy was the Sabbath-bell,
That called the folk to evening prayer ;
The city streets were clean and fair
From wholesome drench of April rains ;
And, on the western window panes,
The chilly sunset faintly told
Of unmatured green valleys cold,
Of the green thorny bloomless hedge,
Of rivers new with spring-tide sedge,
Of primroses by sheltered rills,
And daisies on the aguish hills.
Twice holy was the Sabbath-bell :
The silent streets were crowded well
With staid and pious companies,
Warm from their fire-side orat'ries ;
And moving, with demurest air,
To even-song, and vesper prayer,
Each archèd porch, and entry low,
Was filled with patient folk and slow,
With whispers hush, and shuffling feet,
While played the organ loud and sweet.
The bells had ceased, the prayers begun,
And Bertha had not yet half done
A curious volume, patched and torn,
That all day long, from earliest morn,
Had taken captive her two eyes,
Among its golden broideries ;
Perplexed her with a thousand things,—
The stars of Heaven, and angels' wings,
Martyrs in a fiery blaze,
Azure saints and silver rays,

Moses' breastplate, and the seven
Candlesticks John saw in Heaven,
The wingèd lion of St. Mark,
And the Covenantal Ark,
With its many mysteries,
Cherubim and golden mice.

Bertha was a maiden fair,
Dwelling in th' old minster-square ;
From her fire-side she could see,
Sidelong, its rich antiquity,
Far as the Bishop's garden wall ;
Where sycamores and elm-trees tall,
Full-leaved, the forest had outstript,
By no sharp north-wind ever nipt,
So sheltered by the mighty pile.
Bertha arose, and read awhile,
With forehead 'gainst the window-pane.
Again she tried, and then again,
Until the dusk eve left her dark
Upon the legend of St. Mark.
From plaited lawn-frill, fine and thin,
She lifted up her soft warm chin,
With aching neck and swimming eyes,
And dazed with saintly imag'ries.

All was gloom, and silent all,
Save now and then the still foot-fall
Of one returning homewards late,
Past the echoing minster-gate.
The clamorous daws that all the day
Above tree-tops and towers play,
Pair by pair had gone to rest,
Each in its ancient belfry-nest,
Where asleep they fall betimes,
To music and the drowsy chimes.

All was silent, all was gloom,
 Abroad and in the homely room :
 Down she sat, poor cheated soul !
 And struck a lamp from the dismal coal ;
 Leaned forward, with bright drooping hair
 And slant book, full against the glare.
 Her shadow, in uneasy guise,
 Hovered about, a giant size,
 On ceiling-beam and old oak chair,
 The parrot's cage, and panel square ;
 And the warm angled winter-screen,
 On which were many monsters seen,
 Called doves of Siam, Lima mice,
 And legless birds of Paradise,
 Macaw, and tender Av'davat,
 And silken-furred Angora cat.
 Untired she read, her shadow still
 Glowered about, as it would fill
 The room with wildest forms and shades,
 As though some ghostly queen of spades
 Had come to mock behind her back,
 And dance, and ruffle her garments black.
 Untired she read the legend page,
 Of holy Mark, from youth to age,
 On land, on sea, in pagan chains,
 Rejoicing for his many pains.
 Sometimes the learnèd eremite,
 With golden star, or dagger bright,
 Referred to pious poesies
 Written in smallest crow-quill size
 Beneath the text ; and thus the rhyme
 Was parcelled out from time to time :
 —“ Als writith he of swevenis,
 Men han beforne they wake in bliss,
 Whanne that hir friendes thinke him bound
 In crimpèd shroude farre under grounde ;

And how a litling child mote be
 A saint er its nativitie,
 Gif that the modre (God her blesse !)
 Kepen in solitarinesse,
 And kissen devoute the holy croce.
 Of Goddes love, and Sathan's force,—
 He writith ; and thinges many mo
 Of swiche thinges I may not shew.
 Bot I must tellen verilie
 Somdel of Saintè Cicilie,
 And chieflie what he auctorethe
 Of Saintè Markis life and dethe : ”

At length her constant eyelids come
 Upon the fervent martyrdom ;
 Then lastly to his holy shrine,
 Exalt amid the tapers' shine
 At Venice,—

1819.



TO FANNY.

PHYSICIAN Nature ! let my spirit blood !
 O ease my heart of verse and let me rest ;
 Throw me upon thy Tripod, till the flood
 Of stifling numbers ebbs from my full breast.
 A theme ! a theme ! great nature ! give a theme ;
 Let me begin my dream.
 I come—I see thee, as thou standest there,
 Beckon me not into the wintry air.

Ah ! dearest love, sweet home of all my fears,
 And hopes, and joys, and panting miseries,—
 To-night, if I may guess, thy beauty wears
 A smile of such delight,
 As brilliant and as bright,

As when with ravished, aching, vassal eyes,
 Lost in soft amaze,
 I gaze, I gaze!
 Who now, with greedy looks, eats up my feast?
 What stare outfaces now my silver moon?
 Ah! keep that hand unravished at the least;
 Let, let the amorous burn—
 But, pr'ythee, do not turn
 The current of your heart from me so soon.
 O! save, in charity,
 The quickest pulse for me.

Save it for me, sweet love! though music breathe
 Voluptuous visions into the warm air,
 Though swimming through the dance's dangerous wreath;
 Be like an April day,
 Smiling and cold and gay,
 A temperate lily, temperate as fair;
 Then, Heaven! there will be
 A warmer June for me.

Why, this—you'll say, my Fanny! is not true:
 Put your soft hand upon your snowy side,
 Where the heart beats: confess—'tis nothing new—
 Must not a woman be
 A feather on the sea,
 Swayed to and fro by every wind and tide?
 Of as uncertain speed
 As blow-ball from the mead?

I know it—and to know it is despair
 To one who loves you as I love, sweet Fanny!
 Whose heart goes flutt'ring for you every where,
 Nor, when away you roam,
 Dare keep its wretched home,
 Love, love alone, his pains severe and many:
 Then, loveliest! keep me free,
 From torturing jealousy.

Ah ! if you prize my subdued soul above
 The poor, the fading, brief pride of an hour ;
 Let none profane my Holy See of love,
 Or with a rude hand break
 The sacramental cake :
 Let none else touch the just new-budded flower
 If not—may my eyes close,
 Love ! on their last repose.



TO ———.

WHAT can I do to drive away
 Remembrance from my eyes ? for they have seen,
 Aye, an hour ago, my brilliant Queen !
 Touch has a memory. O say, love, say,
 What can I do to kill it and be free
 In my old liberty ?
 When every fair one that I saw was fair
 Enough to catch me in but half a snare,
 Not keep me there :
 When, howe'er poor or parti-coloured things,
 My muse had wings,
 And ever ready was to take her course
 Whither I bent her force,
 Unintellectual, yet divine to me ;—
 Divine, I say !—What sea-bird o'er the sea
 Is a philosopher the while he goes
 Winging along where the great water throes ?
 How shall I do
 To get anew
 Those moulted feathers, and so mount once more
 Above, above
 The reach of fluttering Love,
 And make him cower lowly while I soar ?

Shall I gulp wine? No, that is vulgarism,
 A heresy and schism,
 Foisted into the canon-law of love ;—
 No,—wine is only sweet to happy men ;
 More dismal cares
 Seize on me unawares,—
 Where shall I learn to get my peace again ?
 To banish thoughts of that most hateful land,
 Dungeoner of my friends, that wicked strand
 Where they were wrecked and live a wreckèd life ;
 That monstrous region, whose dull rivers pour,
 Ever from their sordid urns unto the shore,
 Unowned of any weedy-hairèd gods ;
 Whose winds, all zephyrless, hold scourging rods,
 Iced in the great lakes, to afflict mankind ;
 Whose rank-grown forests, frosted, black and blind,
 Would fright a Dryad ; whose harsh herbage meads
 Make lean and lank the starved ox while he feeds ;
 There bad flowers have no scent, birds no sweet song,
 And great unerring Nature once seems wrong.

O, for some sunny spell
 To dissipate the shadows of this hell !
 Say they are gone,—with the new dawning light
 Steps forth my lady bright !
 O, let me once more rest
 My soul upon that dazzling breast !
 Let once again these aching arms be placed,
 The tender gaolers of thy waist !
 And let me feel that warm breath here and there
 To spread a rapture in my very hair,—
 O, the sweetness of the pain !
 Give me those lips again !
 Enough ! Enough ! it is enough for me
 To dream of thee !

VOX ET PRÆTEREA NIHIL.

These beautiful lines appeared in the *Indicator*, on January 19th, 1820, with the signature XXX. Mr. Buxton Forman believes them, we think rightly, to be by Keats, judging from internal evidence. "Their manner," he says (in his Preface to his large and excellent Edition of Keats's Works), "Their manner is absolutely identical with that of the best parts of the poem" (of *Endymion*), "and if Keats did not write it, there were two men living at the time who might, as far as manner goes, have written any page of *Endymion*—a conclusion which few critics, if any, will be prepared to adopt."

OH! what a voice is silent. It was soft
 As mountain echoes, when the winds aloft
 (The gentle winds of summer) meet in caves;
 Or when in sheltered places the white waves
 Are 'wakened into music, as the breeze
 Dimples and stems the current: or as trees
 Shaking their green locks in the days of June:
 Or Delphic girls, when to the maiden moon
 They sang harmonious pray'rs: or sounds that come
 (However near) like a faint distant hum
 Out of the grass, from which mysterious birth
 We guess the busy secrets of the earth,
 —Like the low voice of *Syrinx*, when she ran
 Into the forests from *Arcadian Pan*:
 Or sad *Enone's*, when she pined away
 For *Paris*: or (and yet 'twas not so gay)
 As *Helen's* whisper when she came to *Troy*,
 Half shamed, to wander with that blooming boy,
 Like air-touched harps in flowery casements hung:
 Like unto lovers' ears the wild words sung
 In garden bowers at twilight: like the sound
 Of *Zephyr*, when he takes his nightly round
 In *May*, to see the roses all asleep:
 Or like the dim strain which along the deep

The sea-maid utters to the sailors' ear,
 Telling of tempests or of dangers near.
 Like Desdemona, who (when fear was strong
 Upon her soul) chanted the Willow song,
 Swan-like before she perished ; or the tone
 Of flutes upon the waters heard alone ;
 Like words that come upon the memory
 Spoken by friends departed ; or the sigh
 A gentle girl breathes when she tries to hide
 The love her eyes betray to all beside.



A PROPHECY

TO HIS BROTHER GEORGE IN AMERICA.

“If I had a prayer to make for any great good, next to Tom’s recovery, it should be that one of your children should be the first American Pcet. I have a great mind to make a prophecy ; and they say that prophecies work out their own fulfilment.” *Oct. 29th, 1818.*

’Tis the witching hour of night,
 Orbèd is the moon and bright,
 And the stars they glisten, glisten,
 Seeming with bright eyes to listen—
 For what listen they ?
 For a song and for a charm,
 See they glisten in alarm,
 And the moon is waxing warm
 To hear what I shall say.
 Moon, keep wide thy golden ears—
 Hearken, stars ! and hearken, spheres !—
 Hearken, thou eternal sky !
 I sing an Infant’s lullaby,
 A pretty lullaby.

Listen, listen, listen, listen,
 Glisten, glisten, glisten, glisten,
 And hear my lullaby !
 Though the rushes that will make
 Its cradle still are in the lake—
 Though the linen that will be
 Its swathe, is on the cotton tree—
 Though the woollen that will keep
 It warm, is on the silly sheep—
 Listen starlight, listen, listen,
 Glisten, glisten, glisten, glisten,
 And hear my lullaby !

Child, I see thee ! Child, I've found thee
 Midst of the quiet all around thee !
 Child, I see thee ! Child, I spy thee !
 And thy mother sweet is nigh thee !
 Child, I know thee ! Child no more,
 But a Poet evermore !
 See, see, the lyre, the lyre,
 In a flame of fire,
 Upon the little cradle's top
 Flaring, flaring, flaring,
 Past the eyesight's bearing.
 Awake it from its sleep,
 And see if it can keep
 Its eyes upon the blaze—
 Amaze, amaze !
 It stares, it stares, it stares,
 It dares what no one dares !
 It lifts its little hand into the flame
 Unharm'd, and on the strings
 Paddles a little tune, and sings,
 With dumb endeavour sweetly—
 Bard art thou completely !
 Little child
 O' th' western wild,

Bard art thou completely !
 Sweetly with dumb endeavour,
 A Poet now or never,
 Little child
 O' th' western wild,
 A Poet now or never !

STANZA.

Written by Keats at the end of Canto 2, Book 5, of Spenser's "Faerie
 Queene."

IN after time a sage of mickle lore,
 Ycleped Typographus, the giant, took
 And did refit his limbs as heretofore,
 And made him read in many a learnèd book,
 And into many a lively legend look ;
 Thereby in goodly themes so training him,
 That all his brutishness he quite forsook,
 When, meeting Artegall and Talus grim,
 The one he struck stone blind, the other's eyes woxe dim.

PLAYFUL LINES.

FROM A LETTER TO REYNOLDS, JULY 31ST, 1818.

HENCE Burgundy, Claret and Port ;
 Away with old Hock and Madeira,
 Too earthly ye are for my sport ;
 There's a beverage brighter and clearer.
 Instead of a pitiful rummer,
 My wine overbrims a whole summer ;

My bowl is the sky,
And I drink at my eye,
Till I feel in brain
A Delphian pain.—
Then follow, my Cains, then follow ;
On the green of the hill
We will drink our fill
Of golden sunshine,
Till our brains intertwine
With the glory and grace of Apollo !
God of the meridian,
And of the east and west,
To thee my soul is flown,
And my body is earthward pressed.—
It is an awful mission,
A terrible division ;
And leaves a gulph austere
To be filled with worldly fear.
Aye, when the soul's fled
To high above our head,
Affrighted do we gaze
After its airy maze,
As doth a mother wild,
When her young infant child
Is in an eagle's claws.—
And is not this the cause
Of madness?—God of song,
Thou bearest me along
Through sights I scarce can bear ;
O let me, let me share
With the hot lyre and thee,
The staid Philosophy,
Temper my lonely hours,
And let me see thy bowers
More unalarmed !

HUSH, HUSH!

I.

HUSH, hush! Tread softly! hush, hush, my dear!
 All the house is asleep, but we know very well
 That the jealous, the jealous old bald-pate may hear,
 Tho' you've padded his night-cap—O sweet Isabel!
 Tho' your feet are more light than a Faery's feet,
 Who dances on bubbles where brooklets meet,—
 Hush, hush! soft tip-toe! hush, hush, my dear!
 For less than a nothing the jealous can hear.

II.

No leaf doth tremble, no ripple is there
 On the river,—all's still, and the night's sleepy eye
 Closes up, and forgets all its Lethean care,
 Charmed to death by the drone of the humming May-fly;
 And the moon, whether prudish or complaisant,
 Has fled to her bower, well knowing I want
 No light in the dusk, no torch in the gloom,
 But my Isabel's eyes and her lips pulped with bloom.

III.

Lift the latch! ah, gently! ah, tenderly—sweet!
 We are dead if that latchet gives one little clink
 Well done!—now those lips, and a flowery seat—
 The old man may sleep, and the planets may wink;
 The shut rose shall dream of our loves and awake
 Full-blown, and such warmth for the morning take,
 The stock-dove shall hatch her soft twin-eggs and coo,
 While I kiss to the melody, aching all through!

FAERY SONGS.

I.

SHED no tear! oh shed no tear!
 The flower will bloom another year.
 Weep no more! oh weep no more!
 Young buds sleep in the root's white core.
 Dry your eyes! oh dry your eyes!
 For I was taught in Paradise
 To ease my breast of melodies—
 Shed no tear.

Overhead! look overhead!
 'Mong the blossoms white and red—
 Look up, look up. I flutter now
 On this flush pomegranate bough.
 See me! 'tis this silvery bill
 Ever cures the good man's ill.
 Shed no tear! Oh, shed no tear!
 The flower will bloom another year.
 Adieu, adieu!—I fly, adieu!
 I vanish in the heaven's blue—
 Adieu! Adieu!

II.

AH! woe is me! poor Silver-wing!
 That I must chant thy lady's dirge,
 And death to this fair haunt of spring,
 Of melody, and streams of flowery verge,—
 Poor Silver-wing! ah! woe is me!
 That I must see
 These blossoms snow upon thy lady's pall!
 Go, pretty page, and in her ear
 Whisper that the hour is near.

POEMS AND SONNETS.

Softly tell her not to fear
 Such calm favonian burial !
 Go, pretty page ! and soothly tell,—
 The blossoms hang by a melting spell,
 And fall they must ere a star wink thrice
 Upon her closèd eyes,
 That now in vain are weeping their last tears
 At sweet life leaving, and these arbours green,—
 Rich dowry from the Spirit of the Spheres,—
 Alas ! poor Queen !



SONG OF FOUR FAIRIES.

FIRE, AIR, EARTH, AND WATER,

SALAMANDER, ZEPHYR, DUSKETHA, AND BREAMA.

Salamander.

HAPPY, happy glowing fire !
Zep. Fragrant air ! delicious light !
Dus. Let me to my glooms retire !
Bre. I to green-weed rivers bright !
Sal. Happy, happy glowing fire !
 Dazzling bowers of soft retire,
 Ever let my nourished wing,
 Like a bat's, still wandering,
 Faintly fan your fiery spaces,
 Spirit sole in deadly places.
 In unhaunted roar and blaze,
 Open eyes that never daze,
 Let me see the myriad shapes
 Of men, and beasts, and fish, and apes,

Portrayed in many a fiery den,
 And wrought by spumy bitumen
 On the deep intenser roof,
 Archèd every way aloof.
 Let me breathe upon their skies,
 And anger their live tapestries ;
 Free from cold and every care
 Of chilly rain and shivering air.

Zep. Spirit of Fire ! away ! away !
 Or your very roundelay
 Will sear my plumage newly budded
 From its quillèd sheath, all studded
 With the self-same dews that fell
 On the May-grown Asphodel.
 Spirit of Fire—away ! away !

Bre. Spirit of Fire—away ! away !
 Zephyr, blue-eyed fairy, turn,
 And see my cool sedge-buried urn,
 Where it rests its mossy brim
 'Mid water-mint and cresses dim ;
 And the flowers, in sweet troubles,
 Lift their eyes above the bubbles,
 Like our Queen, when she would please
 To sleep, and Oberon *will* tease—
 Love me, blue-eyed Fairy ! true.
 Soothly I am sick for you.

Zep. Gentle Breama ! by the first
 Violet young nature nurst,
 I will bathe myself with thee,
 So you sometimes follow me
 To my home, far, far in west,
 Beyond the nimble-wheelèd quest
 Of the golden-browèd sun.
 Come with me, o'er tops of trees,
 To my fragrant palaces,
 Where they ever floating are

Beneath the cherish of a star
 Called Vesper, who with silver veil
 Ever hides his brilliance pale,
 Ever gently-drowsed doth keep
 Twilight for the Feyes to sleep.
 Fear not that your watery hair
 Will thirst in drouthy ringlets there
 Clouds of storèd summer rains
 Thou shalt taste, before the stains
 Of the mountain soil they take,
 And too unlucent for thee make.
 I love thee, crystal Fairy, true!
 Sooth I am as sick for you!

Sal. Out, ye aguish Fairies, out!
 Chilly lovers, what a rout!
 Keep ye with your frozen breath,
 Colder than the mortal death!
 Adder-eyed Dusketha, speak!
 Shall we leave these, and go seek
 In the earth's wide entrails old
 Couches warm as theirs are cold?
 O for a fiery gloom and thee,
 Dusketha, so enchantingly
 Freckle-winged and lizard-sided!

Dus. By thee, Sprite, will I be guided!
 I care not for cold or heat;
 Frost and flame, or sparks, or sleet,
 To my essence are the same;—
 But I honour more the flame.
 Sprite of Fire, I follow thee
 Wheresoever it may be,—
 To the torrid spouts and fountains,
 Underneath earth-quakèd mountains;
 Or, at thy supreme desire,
 Touch the very pulse of fire
 With my bare unlidde eyes.

Sal. Sweet Dusketha! paradise!

Off, ye icy Spirits, fly!

Frosty creatures of the sky!

Dus. Breathe upon them, fiery sprite!

Zep. }
Bre. } Away! away to our delight!

Sal. Go, feed on icicles, while we
Bedded in tongue-flames will be.

Dus. Lead me to those fervorous glooms,
Sprite of Fire!

Bre. Me to the blooms,

Blue-eyed Zephyr, of those flowers

Far in the west where the May-cloud lowers;

And the beams of still Vesper, when wind, are all wist,
Are shed through the rain and the milder mist,

And twilight your floating bowers.

1819.

EXTRACTS FROM AN OPERA.

O! WHERE I one of the Olympian twelve,
Their godships should pass this into a law,—
That when a man doth set himself in toil
After some beauty veiled far away,
Each step he took should make his lady's hand
More soft, more white, and her fair cheek more fair.
And for each briar-berry he might eat
A kiss should bud upon the tree of love,
And pulp and ripen richer every hour,
To melt away upon the traveller's lips.

* * * * *

DAISY'S SONG.

I.

The sun, with his great eye,
Sees not so much as I;

And the moon, all silver, proud,
Might as well be in a cloud.

II.

And O the spring—the spring !
I lead the life of a king !
Couched in the teeming grass,
I spy each pretty lass.

III.

I look where no one dares,
And I stare where no one stares ;
And when the night is nigh,
Lambs bleat my lullaby.

* * * *

FOLLY'S SONG.

When wedding fiddles are a-playing,
Huzza for folly O !
And when maidens go a-Maying,
Huzza, &c.
When a milk-pail is upset,
Huzza, &c.
And the clothes left in the wet,
Huzza, &c.
When the barrel's set abroach,
Huzza, &c.
When Kate Eyebrow keeps a coach,
Huzza, &c.
When the pig is over-roasted,
Huzza, &c.
And the cheese is over-toasted,
Huzza, &c.

When Sir Snap is with his lawyer,
 Huzza, &c.
 And Miss Chip has kissed the sawyer,
 Huzza, &c.

* * * * *

Oh, I am frightened with most hateful thoughts—
 Perhaps her voice is not a nightingale's,
 Perhaps her teeth are not the fairest pearl;
 Her eye-lashes may be, for aught I know,
 Not longer than the May-fly's small fan-horns;
 There may not be one dimple on her hand,
 And freckles many! Ah! a careless nurse,
 In haste to teach the little thing to walk,
 May have crumpled up a pair of Dian's legs,
 And warped the ivory of a Juno's neck.

* * * * *

SONG.

I.

The stranger lighted from his steed,
 And ere he spake a word
 He seized my lady's lily hand,
 And kissed it all unheard.

II.

The stranger walked into the hall,
 And ere he spake a word
 He kissed my lady's cherry lips,
 And kissed 'em all unheard.

III.

The stranger walked into the bower,—
 But my lady first did go,—
 Aye hand in hand into the bower
 Where my lord's roses blow.

IV.

My lady's maid had a silken scarf
 And a golden ring had she,
 And a kiss from the stranger, as off he went
 Again on his fair palfrey.

* * * * *

Asleep ! O sleep a little while, white pearl !
 And let me kneel, and let me pray to thee,
 And let me call Heaven's blessing on thine eyes,
 And let me breathe into the happy air
 That doth enfold and touch thee all about,
 Vows of my slavery, my giving up,
 My sudden adoration, my great love !

1818.



SONG.

THE DOVE.

I HAD a dove, and the sweet dove died ;
 And I have thought it died of grieving ;
 O, what could it grieve for ? its feet were tied
 With a single thread of my own hands weaving ;

Sweet little red feet, why should you die ?
 Why should you leave me, sweet bird, why ?
 You lived alone in the forest tree,
 Why, pretty thing ! would you not live with me ?
 I kissed you oft and gave you white peas ;
 Why not live sweetly, as in the green trees ?



SPIRIT SONG.

SPIRIT here that reignest !
 Spirit here that painest !
 Spirit here that burnest !
 Spirit here that mournest !
 Spirit ! I bow
 My forehead low,
 Enshaded with thy pinions !
 Spirit ! I look,
 All passion-struck,
 Into thy pale dominions !

Spirit here that laughest !
 Spirit here that quaffest !
 Spirit here that dancest !
 Noble soul that prancest !
 Spirit ! with thee
 I join in the glee,
 While nudging the elbow of Momus !
 Spirit ! I flush
 With a Bacchanal blush,
 Just fresh from the banquet of Comus !



FRAGMENTS.

TO REYNOLDS.

“I was led into these thoughts, my dear Reynolds, by the beauty of the morning operating on a sense of idleness. I have not read any books—the morning said I was right. I had no idea but of the morning, and the Thrush said I was right, seeming to say—(*Letter to Reynolds, Feb. 1818*)—

O THOU whose face has felt the Winter's wind,
 Whose eye has seen the snow clouds hung in mist
 And the black elm tops 'mong the freezing stars !
 To thee the Spring will be a harvest time.

O thou whose only book has been the light
 Of supreme darkness, which thou feddest on
 Night after night, when Phœbus was away !
 To thee the Spring shall be a triple morn.
 O fret not after knowledge ! I have none,
 And yet my song comes native with the warmth.
 O fret not after knowledge ! I have none,
 And yet the evening listens. He who saddens
 At thought of idleness cannot be idle.
 And he's awake who thinks himself asleep.

WHERE'S the Poet ? show him ! show him,
 Muses nine ! that I may know him.
 'Tis the man who with a man
 Is an equal, be he King,
 Or poorest of the beggar-clan,
 Or any other wondrous thing
 A man may be 'twixt ape and Plato ;
 'Tis the man who with a bird,
 Wren, or Eagle, finds his way to
 All its instincts ; he hath heard
 The Lion's roaring, and can tell
 What his horny throat expresseth,
 And to him the tiger's yell
 Comes articulate and presseth
 On his ear like mother-tongue.

MODERN LOVE.

AND what is love ? It is a doll, dressed up
 For idleness to cosset, nurse, and dandle ;
 A thing of soft misnomers, so divine
 That silly youth doth think to make itself

Divine by loving, and so goes on
 Yawning and doting a whole summer long,
 Till Miss's comb is made a pearl tiara,
 And common Wellingtons turn Romeo boots ;
 Then Cleopatra lives at number seven,
 And Antony resides in Brunswick Square.
 Fools ! if some passions high have warmed the world,
 If Queens and Soldiers have played deep for hearts,
 It is no reason why such agonies
 Should be more common than the growth of weeds.
 Fools ! make me whole again that weighty pearl
 The Queen of Egypt melted, and I'll say
 That ye may love in spite of beaver hats.

FRAGMENT OF THE "CASTLE BUILDER."

* * * * *

TO-NIGHT I'll have my friar—let me think
 About my room,—I'll have it in the pink ;
 It should be rich and sombre, and the moon,
 Just in its mid-life in the midst of June,
 Should look thro' four large windows, and display
 Clear, but for gold-fish vases in the way,
 Their glassy diamonding on Turkish floor ;
 The tapers keep aside, an hour and more,
 To see what else the moon alone can show ;
 While the night-breeze doth softly let us know
 My terrace is well bowered with oranges.
 Upon the floor the dullest spirit sees
 A guitar-ribbon and a lady's glove
 Beside a crumple-leavèd tale of love ;
 A tambour-frame, with Venus sleeping there,
 All finished but some ringlets of her hair ;

A viol, bow-strings torn, cross-wise upon
 A glorious folio of Anacreon ;
 A skull upon a mat of roses lying,
 Inked purple with a song concerning dying ;
 An hour-glass on the turn, amid the trails
 Of passion-flower ;—just in time there sails
 A cloud across the moon,—the lights bring in,
 And see what more my phantasy can win.
 It is a gorgeous room, but somewhat sad ;
 The draperies are so, as tho' they had
 Been made for Cleopatra's winding-sheet :
 And opposite the steadfast eye doth meet
 A spacious looking-glass, upon whose face,
 In letters raven-sombre, you may trace
 Old " Mene, Mene, Tekel Upharsin."
 Greek busts and statuary have ever been
 Held, by the finest spirits, fitter far
 Than vase grotesque and Siamesian jar ;
 Therefore 'tis sure a want of Attic taste
 That I should rather love a Gothic waste
 Of eyesight on cinque-coloured potter's clay,
 Than on the marble fairness of old Greece.
 My table-coverlits of Jason's fleece
 And black Numidian sheep-wool should be wrought,
 Gold, black, and heavy, from the Lama brought.
 My ebon sofas should delicious be
 With down from Leda's cygnet progeny.
 My pictures all Salvator's, save a few
 Of Titian's portraiture, and one, though new,
 Of Haydon's in its fresh magnificence.
 My wine—oh good ! 'tis here at my desire,
 And I must sit to supper with my friar.

* * * * *

“ Under the flag
Of each his faction, they to battle bring
Their embryo atoms.”—MILTON.

WELCOME joy, and welcome sorrow,
Lethe's weed and Hermes's feather ;
Come to-day and come to-morrow,
I do love you both together !
I love to mark sad faces in fair weather ;
And hear a merry laugh amid the thunder ;
Fair and foul I love together :
Meadows sweet where flames are under,
And a giggle at a wonder ;
Visage sage at pantomime ;
Funeral and steeple chime ;
Infant playing with a skull ;
Morning fair, and shipwrecked hull ;
Nightshade with the woodbine kissing ;
Serpents in red roses hissing ;
Cleopatra regal-dressed ;
With the aspic at her breast ;
Dancing music, music sad ;
Both together, sane and mad ;
Muses bright and muses pale ;
Sombre Saturn, Momus hale ;
Laugh and sigh, and laugh again ;
Oh ! the sweetness of the pain !
Muses bright and muses pale,
Bare your faces of the veil ;
Let me see ; and let me write
Of the day and of the night—
Both together :—let me slake
All my thirst for sweet heart-ache ;
Let my bower be of yew,
Interwreathed with myrtles new ;
Pines and lime trees full in bloom,
And my couch a low grass-tomb.

SONNETS.

TO CHATTERTON.

O CHATTERTON ! how very sad thy fate !
 Dear child of sorrow—son of misery !
 How soon the film of death obscured that eye,
 Whence Genius mildly flashed and high debate.
 How soon that voice, majestic and elate,
 Melted in dying numbers ! Oh ! how nigh
 Was night to thy fair morning. Thou didst die
 A half-blown flow'ret which cold blasts amate.
 But this is past : thou art among the stars
 Of highest heaven : to thy rolling spheres
 Thou sweetly singest : nought thy hymning mars,
 Above the ingrate world and human fears.
 On earth, the good man base detraction bars
 From thy fair name, and waters it with tears.

TO BYRON.

BYRON ! how sweetly sad thy melody !
 Attuning still the soul to tenderness,
 As if soft Pity, with unusual stress,
 Had touched her plaintive lute, and thou being by,
 Hadst caught the tones, nor suffered them to die.
 O'ershadowing sorrow doth not make thee less
 Delightful : thou thy griefs dost dress
 With bright halo, shining beamily,
 As when a cloud the golden moon doth veil,
 Its sides are tinged with a resplendent glow,
 Through the dark robe oft amber rays prevail,
 And like fair veins in sable marble flow.
 Still warble, dying swan ! still tell the tale,
 The enchanting tale, the tale of pleasing woe.

TO SPENSER.

SPENSER ! a jealous honourer of thine,
 A forester deep in thy midmost trees,
 Did, last eve, ask my promise to refine
 Some English, that might strive thine ear to please.
 But, Elfin-poet ! 'tis impossible

For an inhabitant of wintry earth
 To rise, like Phœbus, with a golden quill,
 Fire-winged, and make a morning in his mirth.

It is impossible to 'scape from toil
 O' the sudden, and receive thy spiriting :
 The flower must drink the nature of the soil
 Before it can put forth its blossoming :
 Be with me in the summer days, and I
 Will for thine honour and his pleasure try.

OH ! how I love, on a fair summer's eve,
 When streams of light pour down the golden west
 And on the balmy zephyrs tranquil rest
 The silver clouds, far—far away to leave
 All meaner thoughts, and take a sweet reprieve
 From little cares ; to find, with easy quest,
 A fragrant wild, with Nature's beauty drest,
 And there into delight my soul deceive.
 There warm my breast with patriotic lore,
 Musing on Milton's fate—on Sydney's bier—
 Till their stern forms before my mind arise :
 Perhaps on wing of Poesy upsoar,
 Full often dropping a delicious tear,
 When some melodious sorrow spells mine eyes.

TO A YOUNG LADY WHO SENT ME A LAUREL CROWN.

FRESH morning gusts have blown away all fear
 From my glad bosom,—now from gloominess
 I mount for ever—not an atom less
 Than the proud laurel shall content my bier.
 No! by the eternal stars! or why sit here
 In the Sun's eye, and 'gainst my temples press
 Apollo's very leaves, woven to bless
 By thy white fingers and thy spirit clear.
 Lo! who dares say, "Do this"? Who dares call down
 My will from its high purpose? Who say, "Stand,"
 Or "Go"? This mighty moment I would frown
 On abject Cæsars—not the stoutest band
 Of mailèd heroes should tear off my crown:
 Yet would I kneel and kiss thy gentle hand!

TO THE NILE.

"The Wednesday before last, Shelley, Hunt, and I, wrote each a Sonnet on the River Nile; some day you shall read them all." *Feb.*, 1818.

SON of the old moon-mountains African!
 Stream of the pyramid and Crocodile!
 We call thee fruitful, and that very while
 A desert fills our seeing's inward span.
 Nurse of swart nations since the world began,
 Art thou so fruitful? or dost thou beguile
 Those men to honour thee, who, worn with toil,
 Rest them a space 'twixt Cairo and Decan?
 O may dark fancies err! They surely do;
 'Tis ignorance that makes a barren waste
 Of all beyond itself. Thou dost bedew
 Green rushes like our rivers, and dost taste
 The pleasant sun-rise. Green isles hast thou too,
 And to the sea as happily dost haste.

AFTER dark vapours have oppressed our plains
 For a long dreary season, comes a day
 Born of the gentle South, and clears away
 From the sick heavens all unseemly stains.
 The anxious month, relievèd from its pains,
 Takes as a long-lost right the feel of May,
 The eye-lids with the passing coolness play,
 Like rose-leaves with the drip of summer rains.
 The calmest thoughts come round us—as of leaves
 Budding—fruit ripening in stillness—autumn suns
 Smiling at eve upon the quiet sheaves,—
 Sweet Sappho's cheek,—a sleeping infant's breath,—
 The gradual sand that through an hour-glass runs,—
 A woodland rivulet,—a Poet's death.

Jan. 1817.

WRITTEN ON THE BLANK SPACE OF A LEAF AT THE END OF
 CHAUCER'S TALE OF "THE FLOWRE AND THE LEFE."*

THIS pleasant tale is like a little copse :
 The honied lines so freshly interlace,
 To keep the reader in so sweet a place,
 So that he here and there full-hearted stops ;
 And oftentimes he feels the dewy drops
 Come cool and suddenly against his face,
 And, by the wandering melody, may trace
 Which way the tender-leggèd linnè hops.
 Oh ! what a power has white simplicity !
 What mighty power has this gentle story !
 I, that do ever feel athirst for glory,
 Could at this moment be content to lie
 Meekly upon the grass, as those whose sobbings
 Were heard of none beside the mournful robins.

1817.

* Mr. Clarke had fallen asleep over the book, and on waking, found it on his lap with this addition.

WHEN I have fears that I may cease to be
 Before my pen has gleaned my teeming brain,
 Before high-pilèd books, in charact'ry,
 Hold like full garnerers the full-ripened grain ;
 When I behold, upon the night's starred face,
 Huge cloudy symbols of a high romance,
 And feel that I may never live to trace
 Their shadows, with the magic hand of chance ;
 And when I feel, fair creature of an hour !
 That I shall never look upon thee more,
 Never have relish in the faery power
 Of unreflecting love !—then on the shore
 Of the wide world I stand alone, and think,
 Till Love and Fame to nothingness do sink.

1817.

ON LEIGH HUNT'S POEM, THE "STORY OF RIMINI."

WHO loves to peer up at the morning sun,
 With half-shut eyes and comfortable cheek,
 Let him, with this sweet tale, full often seek
 For meadows where the little rivers run ;
 Who loves to linger with that brightest one
 Of Heaven—Hesperus—let him lowly speak
 These numbers to the night, and starlight meek,
 Or moon, if that her hunting be begun.
 He who knows these delights, and too is prone
 To moralise upon a smile or tear,
 Will find at once a region of his own,
 A bower for his spirit, and will steer
 To alleys, where the fir-tree drops its cone,
 Where robins hop, and fallen leaves are sear.

1817.

ON THE SEA.

It keeps eternal whisperings around
 Desolate shores, and with its mighty swell
 Gluts twice ten thousand caverns, till the spell
 Of Hecate leaves them their old shadowy sound.
 Often 'tis in such gentle temper found,
 That scarcely will the very smallest shell
 Be moved for days from whence it sometime fell,
 When last the winds of heaven were unbound.
 Oh ye! who have your eye-balls vexed and tired,
 Feast them upon the wideness of the Sea;
 Oh ye! whose ears are dinned with uproar rude,
 Or fed too much with cloying melody,—
 Sit ye near some old cavern's mouth, and brood
 Until ye start, as if the sea-nymphs quired!

Aug. 1817.

WRITTEN BEFORE RE-READING KING LEAR.

O GOLDEN-TONGUED Romance with serene lute!
 Fair plumèd Syren! Queen! if far away!
 Leave melodizing on this wintry day.
 Shut up thine olden volume, and be mute,
 Adieu! for once again the fierce dispute,
 Betwixt Hell torment and impassioned clay
 Must I burn through; once more assay
 The bitter-sweet of this Shakespearian fruit.
 Chief Poet! and ye clouds of Albion,
 Begetters of our deep eternal theme,
 When I am through the old oak forest gone,
 Let me not wander in a barren dream,
 But when I am consumèd with the Fire,
 Give me new Phoenix-wings to fly at my desire.

Jan. 1818.

FROM RONSARD.

FRAGMENT OF A SONNET.

NATURE withheld Cassandra in the skies
 For more adornment, a full thousand years ;
 She took their cream of Beauty's fairest dyes,
 And shaped and tinted her above all peers :
 Meanwhile Love kept her dearly with his wings,
 And underneath their shadow filled her eyes
 With such a richness that the cloudy Kings
 Of high Olympus uttered slavish sighs.
 When from the Heavens I saw her first descend,
 My heart took fire, and only burning pains—
 They were my pleasures—they my Life's sad end ;
 Love poured her beauty into my warm veins. . . .

ANSWER TO A SONNET BY J. H. REYNOLDS, ENDING—

“Dark eyes are dearer far
 Than those that mock the hyacinthine bell.”

BLUE ! 'Tis the life of heaven,—the domain
 Of Cynthia,—the wide palace of the sun,—
 The tent of Hesperus, and all his train,—
 The bosomer of clouds, gold, grey, and dun.
 Blue ! 'Tis the life of waters—ocean
 And all its vassal streams : pools numberless
 May rage, and foam, and fret, but never can
 Subside, if not to dark-blue nativeness.
 Blue ! gentle cousin of the forest-green,
 Married to green in all the sweetest flowers—
 Forget-me-not,—the blue-bell,—and, that queen
 Of secrecy, the violet : what strange powers
 Hast thou, as a mere shadow ! But how great,
 When in an Eye thou art alive with fate !

Feb. 1818.

TO HOMER.

STANDING aloof in giant ignorance,
 Of thee I hear and of the Cyclades,
 As one who sits ashore and longs perchance
 To visit dolphin-coral in deep seas.
 So thou wast blind !—but then the veil was rent ;
 For Jove uncurtained Heaven to let thee live,
 And Neptune made for thee a spumy tent,
 And Pan made sing for thee his forest-hive ;
 Aye, on the shores of darkness there is light,
 And precipices show untrodden green ;
 There is a budding morrow in midnight ;
 There is a triple sight in blindness keen ;
 Such seeing hadst thou, as it once befel,
 To Dian, Queen of Earth, and Heaven, and Hell.

1818.

O THAT a week could be an age, and we
 Felt parting and warm meeting every week,
 Then one poor year a thousand years would be,
 The flush of welcome ever on the cheek :
 So could we live long life in little space,
 So time itself would be annihilate,
 So a day's journey in oblivious haze
 To serve our joys would lengthen and dilate.
 O to arrive each Monday morn from Ind !
 To land each Tuesday from the rich Levant !
 In little time a host of joys to bind,
 And keep our souls in one eternal pant !
 This morn, my friend, and yester-evening taught
 Me how to harbour such a happy thought.

To ——. *

LIFE'S sea hath been five years at its slow ebb ;
 Long hours have to and fro let crept the sand ;
 Since I was tangled in thy beauty's web,
 And snared by the unglowing of thine hand.
 And yet I never look on midnight sky,
 But I behold thine eyes' well memoried light ;
 I never gaze upon the rose's dye,
 But to thy cheek my soul doth take its flight ;
 I cannot look on any budding flower,
 But my fond ear, in fancy at thy lips,
 And harkening for a love-sound, doth devour
 Its sweets in the wrong sense :—Thou dost eclipse
 Other delights with thy remembering,
 And sorrow to my darling joys dost bring.

WHY did I laugh to-night ? No voice will tell :
 No God, no Demon of severe response,
 Deigns to reply from Heaven or from Hell.
 Then to my human heart I turn at once.
 Heart ! Thou and I are here, sad and alone ;
 I say, why did I laugh ? O mortal pain !
 O Darkness ! Darkness ! ever must I moan,
 To question Heaven and Hell and Heart in vain.
 Why did I laugh ? I know this Being's lease,
 My fancy to its utmost blisses spreads ;
 Yet would I on this very midnight cease,
 And the world's gaudy ensigns see in shreds ;
 Verse, Fame, and Beauty are intense indeed,
 But Death intenser—Death is Life's high meed.

1819.

* A lady whom he saw for some few moments at Vauxhall.

TO SLEEP.

O SOFT embalmer of the still midnight !
 Shutting with careful fingers and benign,
 Our gloom-pleasèd eyes, embowered from the light,
 Enshaded in forgetfulness divine ;
 O soothest Sleep ! if so it please thee, close,
 In midst of this thine hymn, my willing eyes,
 Or wait the amen, ere thy poppy throws
 Around my bed its lulling charities ;
 Then save me, or the passèd day will shine
 Upon my pillow, breeding many woes ;
 Save me from curious conscience, that still lords
 Its strength, for darkness burrowing like a mole ;
 Turn the key deftly in the oiled wards,
 And seal the hushèd casket of my soul.*

1819.

* The rough draft of this sonnet is to be seen in the fly-leaf of the "Paradise Lost," that contains Keats's Notes on Milton—published in the American Magazine "The Dial." It is as follows :—

"O soft embalmer of the still midnight,
 Shutting with careful fingers and benign
 Our gloom-flush'd eyes embower'd from the light ;
 As weariness in darkness is divine,
 O soothest sleep, if so it please thee, close
 My willing eyes in midst of this thine hymn,
 Or wait the amen ere thy poppy throws
 Its sweet dark dews o'er every pulse and limb,
 Then shut this hushed casket of my soul,
 And turn the key round in the oiled wards,
 And let it rest until the snow has stole,
 Bright——"

The rest is illegible and unfinished. The version in Keats's own copy of "Endymion" only differs from the text in the substitution, in the eighth line, of the epithet "dewy" for "lulling."—LORD HOUGHTON.

ON FAME.

FAME, like a wayward girl, will still be coy
 To those who woo her with too slavish knees,
 But makes surrender to some thoughtless boy,
 And dotes the more upon a heart at ease ;
 She is a gipsy,—will not speak to those
 Who have not learnt to be content without her ;
 A Jilt, whose ear was never whispered close,
 Who thinks they scandal her who talk about her ;
 A very Gipsy is she, Nilus-born,
 Sister-in-law to jealous Potiphar ;
 Ye love-sick Bards ! repay her scorn for scorn ;
 Ye Artists lovelorn ! madmen that ye are !
 Make your best bow to her and bid adieu,
 Then, if she likes it, she will follow you.

1819.

ON FAME.

“You cannot eat your cake and have it too.”—*Proverb.*

How fevered is the man, who cannot look
 Upon his mortal days with temperate blood,
 Who vexes all the leaves of his life's book,
 And robs his fair name of its maidenhood ;
 It is as if the rose should pluck herself,
 Or the ripe plum finger its misty bloom,
 As if a Naiad, like a meddling elf,
 Should darken her pure grot with muddy gloom ;
 But the rose leaves herself upon the briar,
 For winds to kiss and grateful bees to feed,
 And the ripe plum still wears its dim attire ;
 The undisturbèd lake has crystal space ;
 Why then should man, teasing the world for grace,
 Spoil his salvation for a fierce miscreed ?

1819.

IF by dull rhymes our English must be chained,
 And, like Andromeda, the Sonnet sweet
 Fettered, in spite of painèd loveliness ;
 Let us find out if we must be constrained,
 Sandals more interwoven and complete
 To fit the naked foot of poesy ;
 Let us inspect the lyre, and weigh the stress
 Of every chord, and see what may be gained
 By ear industrious, and attention meet ;
 Misers of sound and syllable, no less
 Than Midas of his coinage, let us be
 Jealous of dead leaves in the bay wreath crown ;
 So, if we may not let the Muse be free,
 She will be bound with garlands of her own.

1819.

THE day is gone, and all its sweets are gone !
 Sweet voice, sweet lips, soft hand, and softer breast,
 Warm breath, light whisper, tender semi-tone,
 Bright eyes, accomplished shape, and lang'rous waist !
 Faded the flower and all its budded charms,
 Faded the sight of beauty from my eyes,
 Faded the shape of beauty from my arms,
 Faded the voice, warmth, whiteness, paradise—
 Vanished unseasonably at shut of eve,
 When the dusk holiday—or holineight
 Of fragrant-curtained love begins to weave
 The woof of darkness thick, for hid delight ;
 But, as I've read love's missal through to-day,
 He'll let me sleep, seeing I fast and pray.

1819.

TO FANNY.

I CRY your mercy—pity—love!—aye, love!
 Merciful love that tantalises not,
 One-thoughted, never-wandering, guileless love,
 Unmasked, and being seen—without a blot!
 O! let me have thee whole,—all—all—be mine!
 That shape, that fairness, that sweet minor zest
 Of love, your kiss,—those hands, those eyes divine,
 That warm, white lucent, million-pleasured breast,—
 Yourself—your soul—in pity give me all,
 Withhold no atom's atom or I die,
 Or living on, perhaps, your wretched thrall,
 Forget, in the mist of idle misery,
 Life's purposes,—the palate of my mind
 Losing its gust, and my ambition blind!

1819.

HIS LAST SONNET.*

BRIGHT star! would I were steadfast as thou art—
 Not in lone splendour hung aloft the night,
 And watching with eternal lids apart,
 Like Nature's patient, sleepless Eremite,
 The moving waters at their priestlike task
 Of pure ablution round earth's human shores,
 Or gazing on the new soft fallen mask
 Of snow upon the mountains and the moors—
 No—yet still steadfast, still unchangeable,
 Pillowed upon my fair love's ripening breast,
 To feel for ever its soft fall and swell,
 Awake for ever in a sweet unrest,
 Still, still to hear her tender-taken breath,
 And so live ever—or else swoon to death.†

* This was written in a copy of Shakespeare's Poems given to Mr. Severn a few days before.

† Another reading:—

“Half-passionless, and so swoon on to death.”—LORD HOUGHTON.

OTHO THE GREAT.

A TRAGEDY IN FIVE ACTS.



DRAMATIS PERSONÆ.

OTHO THE GREAT, *Emperor of Germany.*

LUDOLPH, *his Son.*

CONRAD, *Duke of Franconia.*

ALBERT, *a Knight, favoured by Otho.*

SIGIFRED, *an Officer, friend of Ludolph.*

THEODORE }
GONFRID } *Officers.*

ETHELBERT, *an Abbot.*

GERSA, *Prince of Hungary.*

An Hungarian Captain.

Physician.

Page.

Nobles, Knights, Attendants, and Soldiers.

ERMINIA, *Niece of Otho.*

AURANTHE, *Conrad's Sister.*

Ladies and Attendants.

SCENE: *The Castle of Friedburg, its vicinity, and the
Hungarian Camp.*

TIME, *One Day.*

OTHO THE GREAT.

ACT I.

SCENE I.—*An Apartment in the Castle.*

Enter CONRAD.

So, I am safe emergèd from these broils !
Amid the wreck of thousands I am whole ;
For every crime I have a laurel-wreath,
For every lie a lordship. Nor yet has
My ship of fortune furled her silken sails,—
Let her glide on ! This dangered neck is saved,
By dexterous policy from the rebels' axe ;
And of my ducal palace not one stone
Is bruised by the Hungarian petards.
Toil hard, ye slaves, and from the miser-earth
Bring forth once more my bullion, treasured deep,
With all my jewelled salvers, silver and gold,
And precious goblets that make rich the wine.
But why do I stand babbling to myself ?
Where is Auranthe ? I have news for her
Shall——

Enter AURANTHE.

Auranthe. Conrad ! what tidings ? Good, if I may guess
From your alert eyes and high-lifted brows.
What tidings of the battle ? Albert ? Ludolph ?
Otho ?

Conrad. You guess aright. And, sister, slurring o'er
Our by-gone quarrels, I confess my heart
Is beating with a child's anxiety,
To make our golden fortune known to you.

Auranthe. So serious ?

Conrad. Yes, so serious, that before
I utter even the shadow of a hint
Concerning what will make that sin-worn cheek
Blush joyous blood through every lineament,
You must make here a solemn vow to me.

Auranthe. I pr'ythee, Conrad, do not overact
The hypocrite. What vow would you impose ?

Conrad. Trust me for once. That you may be assured
'Tis not confiding in a broken reed,
A poor court-bankrupt, outwitted and lost,
Revolve these facts in your acutest mood,
In such a mood as now you listen to me :
A few days since, I was an open rebel,—
Against the Emperor had suborned his son,—
Drawn off his nobles to revolt,—and shown
Contented fools causes for discontent,
Fresh hatched in my ambition's eagle-nest ;
So thrived I as a rebel,—and, behold !
Now I am Otho's favourite, his dear friend,
His right hand, his brave Conrad !

Auranthe. I confess
You have intrigued with these unsteady times
To admiration. But to be a favourite !

Conrad. I saw my moment. The Hungarians,
Collected silently in holes and corners,
Appeared, a sudden host, in the open day.
I should have perished in our empire's wreck,
But, calling interest loyalty, swore faith
To most believing Otho ; and so helped
His blood-stained ensigns to the victory
In yesterday's hard fight, that it has turned
The edge of his sharp wrath to eager kindness.

Auranthe. So far yourself. But what is this to me
More than that I am glad ? I congratulate you.

Conrad. Yes, sister, but it does regard you greatly,

OTHO THE GREAT.

Nearly, momentarily,—aye, painfully !
Make me this vow——

Auranthe. Concerning whom or what ?

Conrad. Albert !

Auranthe. I would inquire somewhat of him.
You had a letter from me touching him ?
No treason 'gainst his head in deed or word !
Surely you spared him at my earnest prayer ?
Give me the letter—it should not exist.

Conrad. At one pernicious charge of the enemy
I, for a moment-whiles, was prisoner ta'en
And rifled,—stuff ! the horses' hoofs have minced it !

Auranthe. He is alive ?

Conrad. He is ! but here make oath
To alienate him from your scheming brain,
Divorce him from your solitary thoughts,
And cloud him in such utter banishment,
That when his person meets again your eye
Your vision shall quite lose its memory,
And wander past him as through vacancy.

Auranthe. I'll not be perjured.

Conrad. No, nor great, nor mighty ;
You would not wear a crown, or rule a kingdom.
To you it is indifferent.

Auranthe. What means this ?

Conrad. You'll not be perjured ! Go to Albert then,
That camp-mushroom—dishonour of our house.
Go, page his dusty heels upon a march,
Furbish his jingling baldric while he sleeps,
And share his mouldy ration in a siege.
Yet stay,—perhaps a charm may call you back,
And make the widening circlets of your eyes
Sparkle with healthy fevers.—The Emperor
Hath given consent that you should marry Ludolph.

Auranthe. Can it be, brother ? For a golden crown
With a queen's awful lips I doubly thank you !

This is to wake in Paradise ! Farewell,
 Thou clod of yesterday !—'twas not myself !
 Not till this moment did I ever feel
 My spirit's faculties ! I'll flatter you
 For this, and be you ever proud of it ;
 Thou, Jove-like, struck'st thy forehead,
 And from the teeming marrow of thy brain
 I spring complete Minerva ! But the prince—
 His highness Ludolph—where is he ?

Conrad. I know not
 When, lackeying my counsel at a beck,
 The rebel lords, on bended knees, received
 The Emperor's pardon, Ludolph kept aloof,
 Sole, in a stiff, fool-hardy, sulky pride ;
 Yet, for all this, I never saw a father
 In such a sickly longing for his son.
 We shall soon see him ; for the Emperor
 He will be here this morning.

Auranthe. That I heard
 Among the midnight rumours from the camp.

Conrad. You give up Albert to me ?

Auranthe. Harm him not !
 E'en for his highness Ludolph's sceptry hand,
 I would not Albert suffer any wrong.

Conrad. Have I not laboured, plotted—— ?

Auranthe. See you spare him :
 Nor be pathetic, my kind benefactor !
 On all the many bounties of your hand,
 'Twas for yourself you laboured—not for me !
 Do you not count, when I am queen, to take
 Advantage of your chance discoveries
 Of my poor secrets, and so hold a rod
 Over my life ?

Conrad. Let not this slave—this villain—
 Be cause of feud between us. See ! he comes !
 Look, woman, look, your Albert is quite safe !

In haste it seems. Now shall I be in the way,
And wished with silent curses in my grave,
Or side by side with 'whelmèd mariners.

Enter ALBERT.

Albert. Fair on your graces fall this early morrow !
So it is like to do, without my prayers,
For your right noble names, like favourite tunes,
Have fallen full frequent from our Emperor's lips,
High commented with smiles.

Auranthe. Noble Albert !

Conrad (aside). Noble !

Auranthe. Such salutation argues a glad heart
In our prosperity. We thank you, sir.

Albert. Lady

O, would to Heaven your poor servant
Could do you better service than mere words !
But I have other greeting than mine own,—
From no less man than Otho, who has sent
This ring as pledge of dearest amity ;
'Tis chosen, I hear, from Hymen's jewel'ry,
And you will prize it, lady, I doubt not,
Beyond all pleasures past, and all to come.
To you, great duke—

Conrad. To me ! What of me, ha ?

Albert. What pleased your grace to say ?

Conrad. Your message, sir !

Albert. You mean not this to me ?

Conrad. Sister, this way ;

For there shall be no "gentle Alberts" now, [*Aside.*

No "sweet Auranthes !"

[*Exeunt* CONRAD and AURANTHE.

Albert (solus). The duke is out of temper ; if he knows
More than a brother of a sister ought
I should not quarrel with his peevishness.

Auranthe—Heaven preserve her always fair!—
 Is in the heady, proud, ambitious vein;
 I bicker not with her,—bid her farewell;
 She has taken flight from me, then let her soar,—
 He is a fool who stands at pining gaze!
 But for poor Ludolph, he is food for sorrow:
 No levelling bluster of my licensed thoughts,
 No military swagger of my mind,
 Can smother from myself the wrong I've done him,—
 Without design, indeed,—yet it is so,—
 And opiate for the conscience have I none! [Exit.

SCENE II.—*The Court-yard of the Castle.*

Martial Music. Enter, from the outer gate, OTHO, Nobles, Knights, and Attendants. The Soldiers halt at the gate, with Banners in sight.

Otho. Where is my noble herald?

Enter CONRAD, from the Castle, attended by two Knights and Servants. ALBERT following.

Well, hast told

Auranthe our intent imperial?

Lest our rent banners, too o' the sudden shown,
 Should fright her silken casements and dismay
 Her household to our lack of entertainment.

A victory!

Conrad. God save illustrious Otho!

Otho. Aye, Conrad, it will pluck out all grey hairs;
 It is the best physician for the spleen;
 The courtliest inviter to a feast;
 The subtlest excuser of small faults;
 And a nice judge in the age and smack of wine.

Enter from the Castle, AURANTHE, followed by Pages holding up her robes, and a train of Women; She kneels.

Hail my sweet hostess! I do thank the stars,
 Or my good soldiers, or their ladies' eyes,
 That, after such a merry battle fought,
 I can, all safe in body and in soul,
 Kiss your fair hand and lady fortune's too.
 My ring! now, on my life, it doth rejoice
 These lips to feel 't on this soft ivory!
 Keep it, my brightest daughter; it may prove
 The little prologue to a line of kings.
 I strove against thee and my hot-blood son,
 Dull blockhead that I was to be so blind;
 But now my sight is clear; forgive me, lady.

Auranthe. My lord, I was a vassal to your frown,
 And now your favour makes me but more humble;
 In wintry winds the simple snow is safe,
 But fadeth at the greeting of the sun:
 Unto thine anger I might well have spoken,
 Taking on me a woman's privilege,
 But this so sudden kindness makes me dumb.

Otho. What need of this? Enough, if you will be
 A potent tutoress to my wayward boy,
 And teach him, what it seems his nurse could not,
 To say, for once, I thank you. Sigifred!

Albert. He has not yet returned, my gracious liege.

Otho. What then! No tidings of my friendly Arab?

Conrad. None, mighty Otho.

[*To one of his Knights, who goes out.*

Send forth instantly

An hundred horsemen from my honoured gates,
 To scour the plains and search the cottages.
 Cry a reward to him who shall first bring
 News of that vanishèd Arabian,—
 A full-heaped helmet of the purest gold.

Otho. More thanks, good Conrad; for, except my son's,
 There is no face I rather would behold
 Than that same quick-eyed pagan's. By the saints,
 This coming night of banquets must not light
 Her dazzling torches; nor the music breathe
 Smooth, without clashing cymbal, tones of peace
 And indoor melodies; nor the ruddy wine
 Ebb spouting to the lees; if I pledge not,
 In my first cup, that Arab!

Albert. Mighty monarch,

I wonder not this stranger's victor-deeds
 So hang upon your spirit. Twice in the fight
 It was my chance to meet his olive brow,
 Triumphant in the enemy's shattered rhomb;
 And, to say truth, in any Christian arm
 I never saw such prowess.

Otho. Did you ever?

O, 'tis a noble boy!—tut!—what do I say?
 I mean a triple Saladin, whose eyes,
 When in the glorious scuffle they met mine,
 Seemed to say, "Sleep, old man, in safety sleep;
 I am the victory!"

Conrad. Pity he's not here.

Otho. And my son too, pity he is not here.
 Lady Auranthe, I would not make you blush,
 But can you give a guess where Ludolph is?
 Know you not of him?

Auranthe. Indeed, my liege, no secret——

Otho. Nay, nay, without more words, dost know of him?

Auranthe. I would I were so over-fortunate,
 Both for his sake and mine, and to make glad
 A father's ears with tidings of his son.

Otho. I see 'tis like to be a tedious day.
 Were Theodore and Gonfrid and the rest
 Sent forth with my commands?

Albert. Aye, my lord.

OTHO THE GREAT.

Otho. And no news! No news! 'Faith! 'tis very strange
He thus avoids us. Lady, is 't not strange?
Will he be truant to you too? It is a shame.

Conrad. Wilt please your highness enter, and accept
The unworthy welcome of your servant's house?
Leaving your cares to one whose diligence
May in few hours make pleasures of them all.

Otho. Not so tedious, Conrad. No, no, no,—
I must see Ludolph or the—what's that shout?

Voices without. Huzza! huzza! Long live the Emperor!

Other voices. Fall back! Away there!

Otho. Say, what noise is that?

[ALBERT *advancing from the back of the Stage, whither he
had hastened on hearing the cheers of the soldiery.*

Albert. It is young Gersa, the Hungarian prince,
Picked like a red stag from the fallow herd
Of prisoners. Poor prince, forlorn he steps,
Slow, and demure, and proud in his despair.
If I may judge by his so tragic bearing,
His eye not downcast; and his folded arm,
He doth this moment wish himself asleep
Among his fallen captains on yon plains.

Enter GERSA, in chains, and guarded.

Otho. Well said, Sir Albert.

Gersa. Not a word of greeting?
No welcome to a princely visitor,
Most mighty Otho? Will not my great host
Vouchsafe a syllable, before he bids
His gentlemen conduct me with all care
To some securest lodging—cold perhaps!

Otho. What mood is this? Hath fortune touched thy
brain?

Gersa. O kings and princes of this fev'rous world,
What abject things, what mockeries must ye be,

What nerveless minions of safe palaces,
 When here, a monarch, whose proud foot is used
 To fallen princes' necks as to his stirrup,
 Must needs exclaim that I am mad forsooth,
 Because I cannot flatter with bent knees
 My conqueror !

Otho. Gersa, I think you wrong me :
 I think I have a better fame abroad.

Gersa. I prythee mock me not with gentle speech,
 But, as a favour, bid me from thy presence ;
 Let me no longer be the wondering food
 Of all these eyes ; prythee, command me hence !

Otho. Do not mistake me, Gersa. That you may not,
 Come, fair Auranthe, try if your soft hands
 Can manage those hard rivets, to set free
 So brave a prince and soldier.

Auranthe (sets him free). Welcome task !

Gersa. I am wound up in deep astonishment !
 Thank you, fair lady. Otho ! emperor !
 You rob me of myself ; my dignity
 Is now your infant ; I am a weak child.

Otho. Give me your hand, and let this kindly grasp
 Live in our memories.

Gersa. In mine it will.
 I blush to think of my unchastened tongue ;
 But I was haunted by the monstrous ghost
 Of all our slain battalions. Sire, reflect,
 And pardon you will grant, that, at this hour,
 The bruised remnants of our stricken camp
 Are huddling undistinguished, my dear friends,
 With common thousands, into shallow graves.

Otho. Enough, most noble Gersa. You are free
 To cheer the brave remainder of your host
 By your own healing presence, and that, too,
 Not as their leader merely, but their king ;
 For, as I hear, the wily enemy

Who eased the crownet from your infant brows,
Bloody Taraxa, is among the dead.

Gersa. Then I retire, so generous Otho, please,
Bearing with me a weight of benefits
Too heavy to be borne.

Otho. It is not so ;
Still, understand me, King of Hungary,
Nor judge my open purposes awry.
Though I did hold you high in my esteem
For your self's sake, I do not personate
The stage-play emperor to entrap applause,
To set the silly sort o' the world agape,
And make the politic smile ; no, I have heard
How in the Council you condemned this war,
Urging the perfidy of broken faith,—
For that I am your friend.

Gersa. If ever, sire,
You are my enemy, I dare here swear
'Twill not be Gersa's fault. Otho, farewell !

Otho. Will you return, prince, to our banqueting ?

Gersa. As to my father's board I will return.

Otho. Conrad, with all due ceremony, give
The prince a regal escort to his camp ;
Albert, go thou and bear him company.
Gersa, farewell !

Gersa. All happiness attend you !

Otho. Return with what good speed you may, for soon
We must consult upon our terms of peace.

[*Exeunt GERSA and ALBERT with others.*]

And thus a marble column do I build
To prop my empire's dome. Conrad, in thee
I have another steadfast one, to uphold
The portals of my state ; and, for my own
Pre-eminence and safety, I will strive
To keep thy strength upon its pedestal.
For, without thee, this day I might have been

A show-monster about the streets of Prague,
 In chains, as just now stood that noble prince :
 And then to me no mercy had been shown,
 For when the conquered lion is once dungeoned
 Who lets him forth again, or dares to give
 An old lion sugar-cakes of mild reprove ?
 Not to thine ear alone I make confession,
 But to all here, as, by experience,
 I know how the great basement of all power
 Is frankness, and a true tongue to the world ;
 And how intriguing secrecy is proof
 Of fear and weakness, and a hollow state.
 Conrad, I owe thee much.

Conrad. To kiss that hand,
 My Emperor, is ample recompense
 For a mere act of duty.

Otho. Thou art wrong ;
 For what can any man on earth do more ?
 We will make trial of your house's welcome,
 My bright Auranthe !

Conrad. How is Friedburg honoured !

Enter ETHELBERT *and six Monks.*

Ethelbert. The benison of heaven on your head,
 Imperial Otho !

Otho. Who stays me ? Speak ! Quick !

Ethelbert. Pause but one moment, mighty conqueror !
 Upon the threshold of this house of joy.

Otho. Pray, do not prose, good Ethelbert, but speak
 What is your purpose.

Ethelbert. The restoration of some captive maids,
 Devoted to Heaven's pious ministries,
 Who driven forth from their religious cells
 And kept in thralldom by our enemy,
 When late this province was a lawless spoil,

Still weep amid the wild Hungarian camp,
Though hemmed around by thy victorious arms.

Otho. Demand the holy sisterhood in our name
From Gersa's tents. Farewell, old Ethelbert.

Ethelbert. The saints will bless you for this pious care.

Otho. Daughter, your hand ; Ludolph's would fit it best.

Conrad. Ho ! let the music sound !

[*Music.* *ETHELBERT raises his hands, as in benediction of OTHO. Exeunt severally. The scene closes on them.*

SCENE III.—*The Country, with the Castle in the distance.*

Enter LUDOLPH and SIGIFRED.

Ludolph. You have my secret ; let it not be breathed.

Sigifred. Still give me leave to wonder that the Prince
Ludolph and the swift Arab are the same ;
Still to rejoice that 'twas a German arm
Death doing in a turbaned masquerade.

Ludolph. The Emperor must not know it, Sigifred.

Sigifred. I prythee, why ? What happier hour of time
Could thy pleased star point down upon from heaven
With silver index, bidding thee make peace ?

Ludolph. Still it must not be known, good Sigifred ;
The star may point oblique.

Sigifred. If Otho knew
His son to be that unknown Mussulman
After whose spurring heels he sent me forth,
With one of his well-pleased Olympian oaths,
The charters of man's greatness, at this hour
He would be watching round the castle walls,
And, like an anxious warder, strain his sight
For the first glimpse of such a son returned—
Ludolph !—that blast of the Hungarians,

That Saracenic meteor of the fight,
That silent fury, whose fell scymitar
Kept danger all aloof from Otho's head,
And left him space for wonder.

Ludolph.

Say no more.

Not as a swordsman would I pardon claim,
But as a son. The bronzed centurion,
Long toiled in foreign wars, and whose high deeds
Are shaded in a forest of tall spears,
Known only to his troop, hath greater plea
Of favour with my sire than I can have.

Sigifred. My lord, forgive me that I cannot see
How this proud temper with clear reason squares.
What made you then, with such an anxious love,
Hover around that life, whose bitter days
You vex with bad revolt? Was 't opium,
Or the mad-fumèd wine? Nay, do not frown,
I rather would grieve with you than upbraid.

Ludolph. I do believe you. No, 'twas not to make
A father his son's debtor, or to heal
His deep heart-sickness for a rebel child.
'Twas done in memory of my boyish days,
Poor cancel for his kindness to my youth,
For all his calming of my childish griefs,
And all his smiles upon my merriment.
No, not a thousand foughten fields could sponge
Those days paternal from my memory,
Though now upon my head he heaps disgrace.

Sigifred. My Prince, you think too harshly—

Ludolph.

Can I so?

Hath he not galled my spirit to the quick?
And with a sullen rigour obstinate.
Poured out a phial of wrath upon my faults.
Hunted me as the Tartar does the boar,
Driven me to the very edge o' the world,
And almost put a price upon my head?

Sigifred. Remember how he spared the rebel lords.

Ludolph. Yes, yes, I know he hath a noble nature
That cannot trample on the fallen. But his
Is not the only proud heart in his realm.
He hath wronged me, and I have done him wrong ;
He hath loved me, and I have shown him kindness ;
We should be almost equal.

Sigifred. Yet for all this,
I would you had appeared among those lords,
And ta'en his favour.

Ludolph. Ha ! Till now I thought
My friend had held poor Ludolph's honour dear.
What ! Would you have me sue before his throne
And kiss, the courtier's missal, its silk steps ?
Or hug the golden housings of his steed,
Amid a camp whose steelèd swarms I dared
But yesterday ? and, at the trumpet sound,
Bow, like some unknown mercenary's flag,
And lick the soilèd grass ? No, no, my friend,
I would not, I, be pardoned in the heap,
And bless indemnity with all that scum,—
Those men I mean, who on my shoulders propped
Their weak rebellion, winning me with lies,
And pitying forsooth my many wrongs ;
Poor self-deceivèd wretches, who must think
Each one himself a king in embryo,
Because some dozen vassals cried, My lord !
Cowards, who never knew their little hearts
Till flurried danger held the mirror up,
And then they owned themselves without a blush,
Curling, like spaniels, round my father's feet.
Such things deserted me and are forgiven,
While I, least guilty, am an outcast still,—
And will be, for I love such fair disgrace.

Sigifred. I know the clear truth ; so would Otho
see,

For he is just and noble. Fain would I
Be pleader for you—

Ludolph. He'll hear none of it ;
You know his temper, hot, proud, obstinate ;
Endanger not yourself so uselessly.
I will encounter this thwart spleen myself,
To-day at the Duke Conrad's, where he keeps
His crowded state after the victory.
There will I be, a most unwelcome guest,
And parley with him, as a son should do
Who doubly loathes a father's tyranny ;
Tell him how feeble is that tyranny ;
How the relationship of father and son
Is no more valued than a silken leash
Where lions tug adverse, if love grow not
From interchangèd love through many years.
Ay, and those turreted Franconian walls,
Like to a jealous casket, hold my pearl—
My fair Auranthe ! Yes, I will be there.

Sigifred. Be not so rash ; wait till his wrath shall pass,
Until his royal spirit softly ebbs,
Self-influenced ; then, in his morning dreams
He will forgive thee, and awake in griet
To have not thy good-morrow.

Ludolph. Yes, to-day
I must be there, while her young pulses beat
Among the new-plumed minions of war.
Have you seen her of late ? No ? Auranthe,
Franconia's fair sister, 'tis I mean.
She should be paler for my troublous days—
And there it is—my father's iron lips
Have sworn divorcement 'twixt me and my right.

Sigifred (aside). Auranthe ! I had hoped this whim
had passed.

Ludolph. And, Sigifred, with all his love of justice,
When will he take that grandchild in his arms,

That, by my love I swear, shall soon be his?
 This reconcilment is impossible,
 For see—but who are these?

Sigifred. They are messengers
 From our great emperor; to you, I doubt not,
 For couriers are abroad to seek you out.

Enter THEODORE and GONFRID.

Theodore. Seeing so many vigilant eyes explore
 The province to invite your highness back
 To your high dignities, we are too happy.

Gonfrid. We have no eloquence to colour justly
 The emperor's anxious wishes.

Ludolph. Go. I follow you.

[*Exeunt THEODORE and GONFRID.*

I play the prude: it is but venturing—
 Why should he be so earnest? Come, my friend,
 Let us to Friedburg castle.

ACT II.

SCENE I.—*An Ante-chamber in the Castle.*

Enter LUDOLPH and SIGIFRED.

Ludolph. No more advices, no more cautioning;
 I leave it all to fate—to any thing!
 I cannot square my conduct to time, place,
 Or circumstance; to me 'tis all a mist!

Sigifred. I say no more.

Ludolph. It seems I am to wait
 Here in the ante-room;—that may be a trifle.
 You see now how I dance attendance here,
 Without that tyrant temper, you so blame,

Snapping the rein. You have medicined me
 With good advices ; and I here remain,
 In this most honourable ante-room,
 Your patient scholar.

Sigifred. Do not wrong me, Prince.
 By heavens, I'd rather kiss Duke Conrad's slipper,
 When in the morning he doth yawn with pride,
 Than see you humbled but a half-degree !
 Truth is, the Emperor would fain dismiss
 The nobles ere he sees you.

Enter GONFRID, from the Council-room.

Ludolph. Well, sir ! what ?

Gonfrid. Great honour to the Prince ! The Emperor,
 Hearing that his brave son had re-appeared,
 Instant dismissed the Council from his sight,
 As Jove fans off the clouds. Even now they pass.
[*Exit.*

[*Enter the Nobles from the Council-room. They cross
 the stage, bowing with respect to LUDOLPH, he
 frowning on them. CONRAD follows. Exeunt.*

Ludolph. Not the discoloured poisons of a fen,
 Which he who breathes feels warning of his death,
 Could taste so nauseous to the bodily sense,
 As these prodigious sycophants disgust
 The soul's fine palate.

Conrad. Princely Ludolph, hail !
 Welcome, thou younger sceptre to the realm !
 Strength to thy virgin crownnet's golden buds,
 That they, against the winter of thy sire,
 May burst, and swell, and flourish round thy brows,
 Maturing to a weighty diadem !
 Yet be that hour far off ? and may he live,
 Who waits for thee, as the chapped earth for rain.

Set my life's star ! I have lived long enough,
 Since under my glad roof, propitiously,
 Father and son each other repossess.

Ludolph. Fine wording, Duke ! but words could
 never yet

Forestall the fates ; have you not learnt that yet ?
 Let me look well : your features are the same ;
 Your gait the same : your hair of the same shade ;
 As one I knew some passèd weeks ago,
 Who sung far different notes into mine ears.
 I have mine own particular comments on 't ;
 You have your own, perhaps.

Conrad. My gracious Prince,
 All men may err. In truth I was deceived
 In your great father's nature, as you were.
 Had I known that of him I have since known,
 And what you soon will learn, I would have turned
 My sword to my own throat, rather than held
 Its threatening edge against a good King's quiet :
 Or with one word fevered you, gentle Prince,
 Who seemed to me, as rugged times then went,
 Indeed too much oppressed. May I be bold
 To tell the Emperor you will haste to him ?

Ludolph. Your Dukedom's privilege will grant so
 much. [*Exit* CONRAD.

He's very close to Otho,—a tight leech !
 Your hand—I go. Ha ! here the thunder comes
 Sullen against the wind ! If in two angry brows
 My safety lies, then Sigifred, I'm safe.

Enter OTHO and CONRAD.

Otho. Will you make Titan play the lackey-page
 To chattering pigmies ? I would have you know
 That such neglect of our high Majesty
 Annuls all feel of kindred. What is son,—
 Or friend,—or brother,—or all ties of blood,—

When the whole kingdom, centred in ourself,
 Is rudely slighted? Who am I to wait?
 By Peter's chair! I have upon my tongue
 A word to fright the proudest spirit here!—
 Death!—and slow tortures to the hardy fool
 Who dares take such large charter from our smiles!
 Conrad, we would be private. Sigifred,
 Off! And none pass this way on pain of death!

[*Exeunt* CONRAD and SIGIFRED.]

Ludolph. This was but half expected, my good sire,
 Yet I am grieved at it, to the full height,
 As though my hopes of favour had been whole.

Otho. How you indulge yourself! What can you
 hope for?

Ludolph. Nothing, my liege; I have to hope for
 nothing.

I come to greet you as a loving son,
 And then depart, if I may be so free,
 Seeing that blood of yours in my warm veins
 Has not yet mitigated into milk.

Otho. What would you, sir?

Ludolph. A lenient banishment.

So please you, let me unmolested pass
 This Conrad's gates to the wide air again.
 I want no more. A rebel wants no more.

Otho. And shall I let a rebel loose again
 To muster kites and eagles 'gainst my head?
 No, obstinate boy, you shall be kept caged up,
 Served with harsh food, with scum for Sunday drink.

Ludolph. Indeed!

Otho. And chains too heavy for your life:
 I'll choose a gaoler whose swart monstrous face
 Shall be a hell to look upon, and she——

Ludolph. Ha!

Otho. Shall be your fair Auranthe.

Ludolph. Amaze! Amaze!

Otho. To-day you marry her.

Ludolph. This is a sharp jest !

Otho. No. None at all. When have I said a lie ?

Ludolph. If I sleep not, I am a waking wretch.

Otho. Not a word more. Let me embrace my child.

Ludolph. I dare not. 'Twould pollute so good a father !

O heavy crime !—that your son's blinded eyes
 Could not see all his parent's love aright,
 As now I see it ! Be not kind to me—
 Punish me not with favour.

Otho. Are you sure,

Ludolph, you have no saving plea in store ?

Ludolph. My father, none !

Otho. Then you astonish me.

Ludolph. No, I have no plea. Disobedience,
 Rebellion, obstinacy, blasphemy,
 Are all my counsellors. If they can make
 My crooked deeds show good and plausible,
 Then grant me loving pardon, but not else,
 Good gods ! not else, in any way, my liege !

Otho. You are a most perplexing, noble boy.

Ludolph. You not less a perplexing noble father.

Otho. Well, you shall have free passport through the
 gates.

Farewell !

Ludolph. Farewell ! and by these tears believe,
 And still remember, I repent in pain
 All my misdeeds !

Otho. Ludolph, I will ! I will !

But, Ludolph, ere you go, I would inquire
 If you, in all your wandering, ever met
 A certain Arab haunting in these parts.

Ludolph. No, my good lord, I cannot say I did.

Otho. Make not your father blind before his time ;
 Nor let these arms paternal hunger more

For an embrace, to dull the appetite
 Of my great love for thee, my supreme child !
 Come close, and let me breathe into thine ear.
 I knew you through disguise. You are the Arab !
 You can't deny it. [Embracing him.]

Ludolph. Happiest of days !

Otho. We'll make it so.

Ludolph. 'Stead of one fatted calf
 Ten hecatombs shall bellow out their last,
 Smote 'twixt the horns by the death-stunning mace
 Of Mars, and all the soldiery shall feast
 Nobly as Nimrod's masons, when the towers
 Of Ninevah new kissed the parted clouds !

Otho. Large as a God speak out, where all is thine.

Ludolph. Ay, father, but the fire in my sad breast
 Is quenched with inward tears ! I must rejoice
 For you, whose wings so shadow over me
 In tender victory, but for myself
 I still must mourn. The fair Auranthe mine !
 Too great a boon ! I pr'ythee let me ask
 What more than I know of could so have changed
 Your purpose touching her ?

Otho. At a word, this :

In no deed did you give me more offence
 Than your rejection of Erminia.
 To my appalling, I saw too good proof
 Of your keen-eyed suspicion,—she is naught.

Ludolph. You are convinced ?

Otho. Ay, spite of her sweet looks.
 O that my brother's daughter should so fall !
 Her fame has passed into the grosser lips
 Of soldiers in their cups.

Ludolph. 'Tis very sad.

Otho. No more of her. Auranthe—Ludolph, come !
 This marriage be the bond of endless peace !

[*Exeunt.*]

SCENE II.—*The entrance of GERSA'S Tent in the Hungarian Camp.**Enter* ERMINIA.

Erminia. Where—where—where shall I find a messenger?
 A trusty soul—a good man, in the camp?
 Shall I go myself? Monstrous wickedness!
 O cursed Conrad! devilish Auranthe!
 Here is proof palpable as the bright sun!
 O for a voice to reach the Emperor's ears!
[*Shouts in the Camp.*

Enter an HUNGARIAN CAPTAIN.

Captain. Fair prisoner, you hear these joyous shouts?
 The King—aye, now our King—but still your slave,
 Young Gersa, from a short captivity
 Has just returned. He bids me say, bright dame,
 That even the homage of his rangèd chiefs
 Cures not his keen impatience to behold
 Such beauty once again. What ails you, lady?

Erminia. Say, is not that a German, yonder? There!

Captain. Methinks by his stout bearing he should be;
 Yes—it is Albert; a brave German Knight,
 And much in the Emperor's favour.

Erminia. I would fain
 Inquire of friends and kinsfolk,—how they fared
 In these rough times. Brave soldier, as you pass
 To royal Gersa with my humble thanks,
 Will you send yonder knight to me?

Captain. I will. [*Exit.*

Erminia. Yes, he was ever known to be a man
 Frank, open, generous; Albert I may trust.
 O proof! proof! proof! Albert's an honest man;
 Not Ethelbert the monk, if he were here,
 Would I hold more trustworthy. Now——

Enter ALBERT.

Albert. Good gods!
 Lady Erminia! are you prisoner
 In this beleagured camp? or are you here
 Of your own will? You pleased to send for me.
 By Venus, 'tis a pity I knew not
 Your plight before, and, by her son, I swear
 To do you every service you can ask.
 What would the fairest——?

Erminia. Albert, will you swear?

Albert. I have. Well?

Erminia. Albert you have fame to lose.
 If men, in court and camp, lie not outright,
 You should be, from a thousand, chosen forth
 To do an honest deed. Shall I confide——?

Albert. Aye, anything to me, fair creature. Do;
 Dictate my task. Sweet woman,——

Erminia. Truce with that.
 You understand me not; and, in your speech,
 I see how far the slander is abroad.

Without proof could you think me innocent?

Albert. Lady, I should rejoice to know you so.

Erminia. If you have any pity for a maid
 Suffering a daily death from evil tongues;
 Any compassion for that Emperor's niece
 Who, for your bright sword and clear honesty,
 Lifted you from the crowd of common men
 Into the lap of honour,—save me, knight!

Albert. How? Make it clear, if it be possible,
 I, by the banner of Saint Maurice, swear
 To right you.

Erminia. Possible!—Easy. O my heart!
 This letter's not so soiled but you may read it;—
 Possible! There—that letter! Read—read it.

[*Gives him a letter.*

OTHO THE GREAT.

ALBERT (*reading.*)

"TO THE DUKE CONRAD,—Forget the threat you made at parting and I will forget to send the Emperor letters and papers of yours I have become possessed of. His life is no trifle to me; his death you shall find none to yourself."

(*Speaks to himself.*) 'Tis me—my life that's pleaded for!

(*Reads.*)

"He, for his own sake, will be dumb as the grave. Erminia has my shame fixed upon her, sure as a wen. We are safe. AURANTHE."

A she-devil! A dragon! I her imp!
 Fire of hell! Auranthe—lewd demon!
 Where got you this? Where? when?

Erminia. I found it in the tent, among some spoils
 Which, being noble, fell to Gersa's lot.

Come in, and see. [*They go in and return.*]

Albert. Villainy! Villainy!

Conrad's sword, his corslet and his helm,
 And his letter. Caitiff, he shall feel—

Erminia. I see you are thunderstruck. Haste, haste away!

Albert. O I am tortured by this villainy.

Erminia. You needs must be. Carry it swift to Otho;
 Tell him, moreover, I am prisoner
 Here in this camp, where all the sisterhood,
 Forced from their quiet cells, are parcelled out
 For slaves among these Huns. Away! Away!

Albert. I am gone.

Erminia. Swift be your steed! Within this hour
 The Emperor will see it.

Albert. Ere I sleep:

That I can swear. [*Hurries out.*]

Gersa (without). Brave captains! thanks. Enough
 Of loyal homage now!

Enter GERSA.

Erminia. Hail, royal Hun!

Gersa. What means this, fair one? Why in such alarm?

Who was it hurried by me so distract?
 It seemed you were in deep discourse together;
 Your doctrine has not been so harsh to him
 As to my poor deserts. Come, come, be plain.
 I am no jealous fool to kill you both,
 Or, for such trifles, rob th' adorned world
 Of such a beauteous vestal.

Erminia. I grieve, my lord,
 To hear you condescend to ribald-phrase.

Gersa. This is too much! Hearken, my lady pure!

Erminia. Silence! and hear the magic of a name—
 Erminia! I am she,—the Emperor's niece!
 Praisèd be the heavens, I now dare own myself!

Gersa. Erminia! Indeed! I've heard of her.
 Pr'ythee, fair lady, what chance brought you here?

Erminia. Ask your own soldiers.

Gersa. And you dare own your name.
 For loveliness you may—and for the rest
 My vein is not censorious.

Erminia. Alas! poor me!
 'Tis false indeed.

Gersa. Indeed you are too fair:
 The swan, soft leaning on her fledgy breast,
 When to the stream she launches, looks not back
 With such a tender grace; nor are her wings
 So white as your soul is, if that but be
 Twin picture to your face. Erminia!
 To-day, for the first day, I am a king,
 Yet would I give my unworn crown away
 To know you spotless.

Erminia. Trust me one day more,
 Generously, without more certain guarantee
 Than this poor face you deign to praise so much;
 After that, say and do whate'er you please.
 If I have any knowledge of you, sir,
 I think, nay I am sure, you will grieve much

To hear my story. O, be gentle to me,
For I am sick and faint with many wrongs,
Tired out and weary-worn with contumelies.

Gersa. Poor lady!

Enter ETHELBERT.

Erminia. Gentle Prince, 'tis false indeed.
Good morrow, holy father! I have had
Your prayers, though I looked for you in vain.

Ethelbert. Blessings upon you, daughter! Sure you look
Too cheerful for these foul pernicious days.
Young man, you heard this virgin say 'twas false,—
'Tis false I say. What! can you not employ
Your temper elsewhere, 'mong these burly tents,
But you must taunt this dove, for she hath lost
The Eagle Otho to beat off assault?
Fie! fie! But I will be her guard myself;
I' the Emperor's name. I here demand
Herself, and all her sisterhood. She false!

Gersa. Peace! peace, old man! I cannot think she is.

Ethelbert. Whom I have known from her first infancy.
Baptized her in the bosom of the Church,
Watched her as anxious husbandmen the grain,
From the first shoot till the unripe mid-May,
Then to the tender ear of her June days,
Which, lifting sweet abroad its timid green,
Is blighted by the touch of calumny!
You cannot credit such a monstrous tale?

Gersa. I cannot. Take her. Fair Erminia,
I follow you to Friedburg,—is't not so?

Erminia. Aye, so we purpose.

Ethelbert. Daughter, do you so?
How's this? I marvel! Yet you look not mad.

Erminia. I have good news to tell you, Ethelbert.

Gersa. Ho! ho, there! Guards!
Your blessing, father! Sweet Erminia,

Believe me, I am well nigh sure—

Erminia.

Farewell!

Short time will show.

[*Enter Chiefs.*

Yes, father Ethelbert,

I have news precious as we pass along.

Ethelbert. Dear daughter, you shall guide me.

Erminia.

To no ill.

Gersa. Command an escort to the Friedburg lines.

[*Exeunt Chiefs.*

Pray let me lead. Fair lady, forget not

Gersa, how he believed you innocent.

I follow you to Friedburg with all speed.

[*Exeunt.*

ACT III.

SCENE I.—*The Country.*

Enter ALBERT.

Albert. O THAT the earth were empty, as when Cain
 Had no perplexity to hide his head!
 Or that the sword of some brave enemy
 Had put a sudden stop to my hot breath,
 And hurled me down the illimitable gulf
 Of times past, unremembered! Better so
 Than thus fast-limed in a cursèd snare,—
 The white limbs of a wanton. This the end
 Of an aspiring life! My boyhood past
 In feud with wolves and bears, when no eye saw
 The solitary warfare, fought for love
 Of honour 'mid the growling wilderness;
 My sturdier youth, maturing to the sword,
 Won by the syren-trumpets, and the ring

Of shields upon the pavement, when bright-mailed
 Henry the Fowler passed the streets of Prague.
 Was't to this end I louted and became
 The menial of Mars, and held a spear,
 Swayed by command, as corn is by the wind?
 Is it for this, I now am lifted up
 By Europe's thronèd Emperor, to see
 My honour be my executioner,—
 My love of fame, my prided honesty,
 Put to the torture for confessional?
 Then the damned crime of blurting to the world
 A woman's secret!—though a fiend she be,
 Too tender of my ignominious life;
 But then to wrong the generous Emperor
 In such a searching point, were to give up
 My soul for foot-ball at hell's holiday!
 I must confess,—and cut my throat,—to-day?
 To-morrow? Ho! some wine!

Enter SIGIFRED.

Sigifred. A fine humour——

Albert. Who goes there? Count Sigifred? Ha! ha!

Sigifred. What, man, do you mistake the hollow sky
 For a thronged tavern, and these stubbed trees
 For old serge hangings,—me, your humble friend,
 For a poor waiter? Why, man, how you stare!
 What Gipsies have you been carousing with?
 No, no more wine; methinks you've had enough.

Albert. You well may laugh and banter. What a fool
 An injury may make of a staid man!
 You shall know all anon.

Sigifred. Some tavern brawl?

Albert. 'Twas with some people out of common reach;
 Revenge is difficult.

Sigifred. I am your friend;
 We meet again to-day, and can confer

Upon it. For the present I'm in haste.

Albert. Whither?

Sigifred. To fetch King Gersa to the feast.
The Emperor on this marriage is so hot,
Pray heaven it end not in apoplexy!
The very porters, as I passed the doors,
Heard his loud laugh, and answered in full choir.
I marvel, Albert, you delay so long
From these bright revelries; go, show yourself,
You may be made a duke.

Albert. Ay, very like.

Pray, what day has his Highness fixed upon?

Sigifred. For what?

Albert. The marriage. What else can I mean?

Sigifred. To-day. O, I forgot, you could not know;
The news is scarce a minute old with me.

Albert. Married to-day! To-day! You did not say so?

Sigifred. Now, while I speak to you, their comely heads
Are bowed before the mitre.

Albert. O! monstrous!

Sigifred. What is this?

Albert. Nothing, Sigifred. Farewell!
We'll meet upon our subject. Farewell, Count!

[*Exit.*

Sigifred. To this clear-headed Albert? He brain-turned!
'Tis as portentous as a meteor. [Exit.

SCENE II.—*An Apartment in the Castle.*

*Enter, as from the Marriage, OTHO, LUDOLPH, AURANTHE,
CONRAD, Nobles, Knights, Ladies, &c. Music.*

Otho. Now, Ludolph! Now, Auranthe! Daughter fair!
What can I find to grace your nuptial day
More than my love, and these wide realms in fee!

Ludolph. I have too much.

Auranthe. And I, my liege, by far.

Ludolph. Auranthe! I have! O, my bride, my love!
 Not all the gaze upon us can restrain
 My eyes, too long poor exiles from thy face,
 From adoration, and my foolish tongue
 From uttering soft responses to the love
 I see in thy mute beauty beaming forth!
 Fair creature, bless me with a single word!
 All mine!

Auranthe. Spare, spare me, my lord; I swoon else.

Ludolph. Soft beauty! by to-morrow I should die,
 Wert thou not mine. [They talk apart.]

1st Lady. How deep she has bewitched him!

1st Knight. Ask you for her recipe for love philtres.

2nd Lady. They hold the Emperor in admiration.

Otho. If ever king was happy that am I!
 What are the cities 'yond the Alps to me,
 The provinces about the Danube's mouth,
 The promise of fair sail beyond the Rhone;
 Or routing out of Hyperborean hordes,
 To these fair children, stars of a new age?
 Unless perchance I might rejoice to win
 This little ball of earth, and chuck it them
 To play with!

Auranthe. Nay, my lord, I do not know——

Ludolph. Let me not famish.

Otho (to Conrad). Good Franconia,

You heard what oath I swear, as the sun rose,
 That unless Heaven would send me back my son,
 My Arab,—no soft music should enrich
 The cool wine, kissed off with a soldier's smack;
 Now all my empire, bartered for one feast,
 Seems poverty.

Conrad. Upon the neighbour plain
 The heralds have prepared a royal lists;
 Your knights, found war-proof in the bloody field,
 Speed to the game.

Otho. Well, Ludolph, what say you?

Ludolph. My lord!

Otho. A tourney?

Conrad. Or, if 't please you best——

Ludolph. I want no more!

1st Lady. He soars!

2nd Lady. Past all reason.

Ludolph. Though heaven's choir
Should in a vast circumference descend
And sing for my delight, I'd stop my ears!
Though bright Apollo's car stood burning here,
And he put out an arm to bid me mount,
His touch an immortality, not I!
This earth, this palace, this room, Auranthe!

Otho. This is a little painful; just too much,
Conrad, if he flames longer in this wise
I shall believe in wizard-woven loves
And old romances; but I'll break the spell.
Ludolph!

Conrad. He'll be calm, anon.

Ludolph. You called?

Yes, yes, yes, I offend. You must forgive me;
Not being quite recovered from the stun
Of your large bounties. A tourney, is it not?

[*A senet heard faintly.*]

Conrad. The trumpets reach us.

Ethelbert (without). On your peril, sirs,
Detain us!

1st Voice (without). Let not the abbot pass.

2nd Voice (without). No!

On your lives!

1st Voice (without). Holy father, you must not.

Ethelbert (without). Otho!

Otho. Who calls on Otho?

Ethelbert (without). Ethelbert!

Otho. Let him come in.

Enter ETHELBERT *leading in* ERMINIA.

Thou cursed abbot, why
 Hast brought pollution to our holy rites?
 Hast thou no fear of hangman, or the faggot?
Ludolph. What portent—what strange prodigy is this?
Conrad. Away!
Ethelbert. You, Duke?
Erminia. Albert has surely failed me!
 Look at the Emperor's brow upon me bent!
Ethelbert. A sad delay!
Conrad. Away, thou guilty thing!
Ethelbert. You again, Duke? Justice, most noble
 Otho!

You—go to your sister there, and plot again,
 A quick plot, swift as thought to save your heads;
 For lo! the toils are spread around your den,
 The world is all agape to see dragged forth
 Two ugly monsters.

Ludolph. What means he, my lord?

Conrad. I cannot guess.

Ethelbert. Best ask your lady sister
 Whether the riddle puzzles her beyond
 The power of utterance.

Conrad. Foul barbarian, cease;
 The Princess faints!

Ludolph. Stab him! O, sweetest wife!

[*Attendants bear off* AURANTHE.]

Erminia. Alas!

Ethelbert. Your wife?

Ludolph. Ay, Satan! does that yerk ye?

Ethelbert. Wife! so soon!

Ludolph. Ay, wife! Oh, impudence!
 Thou bitter mischief! Venomous bad priest!
 How dar'st thou lift those beetle brows at me—
 Me—the prince Ludolph, in this presence here,

Upon my marriage-day, and scandalize
 My joys with such opprobrious surprise?
 Wife! Why dost linger on that syllable,
 As if it were some demon's name pronounced
 To summon harmful lightning, and make yawn
 The sleepy thunder? Hast no sense of fear?
 No ounce of man in thy mortality?
 Tremble! for, at my nod, the sharpened axe
 Will make thy bold tongue quiver to the roots,
 Those grey lids wink, and thou not know it, monk!

Ethelbert. O, poor deceivèd Prince! I pity thee!
 Great Otho! I claim justice——

Ludolph. Thou shalt have 't!
 Thine arms from forth a pulpit of hot fire
 Shall sprawl distracted? O that that dull cowl
 Were some most sensitive portion of thy life,
 That I might give it to my hounds to tear!
 Thy girdle some fine zealous-painèd nerve
 To girth my saddle! And those devil's beads
 Each one a life, that I might every day
 Crush one with Vulcan's hammer!

Otho. Peace, my son;
 You far outstrip my spleen in this affair.
 Let us be calm, and hear the abbot's plea
 For this intrusion.

Ludolph. I am silent, sire.

Otho. Conrad, see all depart not wanted here.

[Exeunt Knights, Ladies, &c.]

Ludolph, be calm. Ethelbert, peace awhile.
 This mystery demands an audience
 Of a just judge, and that will Otho be.

Ludolph. Why has he time to breathe another word?

Otho. Ludolph, old Ethelbert, be sure, comes not
 To beard us for no cause; he's not the man
 To cry himself up an ambassador
 Without credentials.

Ludolph. I'll chain up myself.

Otho. Old abbot, stand here forth. Lady Erminia,
Sit. And now, abbot! what have you to say?
Our ear is open. First we here denounce
Hard penalties against thee, if 't be found
The cause for which you have disturbed us here,
Making our bright hours muddy, be a thing
Of little moment.

Ethelbert. See this innocent!

Otho! thou father of the people called,
Is her life nothing? Her fair honour nothing?
Her tears from matins until even-song
Nothing? Her burst heart nothing? Emperor!
Is this your gentle niece—the simplest flower
Of the world's herbal—this fair lily blanch'd
Still with the dews of piety, this meek lady
Here sitting like an angel newly-shent,
Who veils its snowy wings and grows all pale,—
Is she nothing?

Otho. What more to the purpose, abbot?

Ludolph. Whither is he winding?

Conrad. No clue yet!

Ethelbert. You have heard, my liege, and so, no
doubt, all here,

Foul, poisonous, malignant whisperings;
Nay open speech, rude mockery grown common,
Against the spotless nature and clear fame
Of the princess Erminia, your niece.
I have intruded here thus suddenly,
Because I hold those base weeds, with tight hand,
Which now disfigure her fair growing stem,
Waiting but for your sign to pull them up
By the dark roots, and leave her palpable,
To all men's sight, a lady innocent.
The ignominy of that whispered tale
About a midnight gallant seen to climb

A window to her chamber neighboured near,
 I will from her turn off, and put the load
 On the right shoulders; on that wretch's head,
 Who, by close stratagems, did save herself,
 Chiefly by shifting to this lady's room
 A rope-ladder for false witness.

Ludolph. Most atrocious!

Otho. Ethelbert, proceed.

Ethelbert. With sad lips I shall:
 For, in the healing of one wound, I fear
 To make a greater. His young highness here
 To-day was married.

Ludolph. Good.

Ethelbert. Would it were good!
 Yet why do I delay to spread abroad
 The names of those two vipers, from whose jaw
 A deadly breath went forth to taint and blast
 This guileless lady?

Otho. Abbot, speak their names.

Ethelbert. A minute first. It cannot be—but may
 I ask, great judge, if you to-day have put
 A letter by unread?

Otho. Does 't end in this?

Conrad. Out with their names!

Ethelbert. Bold sinner, say you so?

Ludolph. Out, hideous monk!

Otho. Confess, or by the wheel—

Ethelbert. My evidence cannot be far away;
 And, though it never come, be on my head
 The crime of passing an attaind upon
 The slanderers of this virgin—

Ludolph. Speak aloud!

Ethelbert. Auranthe, and her brother there!

Conrad. Amaze!

Ludolph. Throw them from the windows!

Otho. Do what you will!

OTHO THE GREAT.

Ludolph. What shall I do with them?
 Something of quick dispatch, for should she hear,
 My soft Auranthe, her sweet mercy would
 Prevail against my fury. Damned priest!
 What swift death wilt thou die? As to the lady
 I touch her not.

Ethelbert. Illustrious Otho, stay!
 An ample store of misery thou hast;
 Choke not the granary of thy noble mind
 With more bad bitter grain, too difficult
 A cud for the repentance of a man
 Grey-growing. To thee only I appeal,
 Not to thy noble son, whose yeasting youth
 Will clear itself, and crystal turn again.
 A young man's heart, by Heaven's blessing, is
 A wide world, where a thousand new-born hopes
 Empurple fresh the melancholy blood:
 But an old man's is narrow, tenantless
 Of hopes, and stuffed with many memories,
 Which being pleasant, ease the heavy pulse—
 Painful, clog up and stagnate. Weigh this matter
 Even as a miser balances his coin;
 And, in the name of mercy, give command
 That your Knight Albert be brought here before you.
 He will expound this riddle; he will show
 A noon-day proof of bad Auranthe's guilt.

Otho. Let Albert straight be summoned.

[*Exit one of the Nobles.*]

Ludolph.

Impossible!

I cannot doubt—I will not—no—to doubt
 Is to be ashes!—withered up to death!

Otho. My gentle Ludolph, harbour not a fear;
 You do yourself much wrong.

Ludolph.

O, wretched dolt!

Now, when my foot is almost on thy neck,
 Wilt thou infuriate me? Proof! Thou fool!

Why wilt thou tease impossibility
 With such a thick-skulled persevering suit?
 Fanatic obstinacy! Prodigy!
 Monster of folly! Ghost of a turned brain!
 You puzzle me,—you haunt me, when I dream
 Of you my brain will split! Bold sorcerer!
 Juggler! May I come near you? On my soul
 I know not whether to pity, curse, or laugh.

Enter ALBERT and the Nobleman.

Here, Albert, this old phantom wants a proof!
 Give him his proof! A camel's load of proofs!

Otho. Albert, I speak to you as to a man
 Whose words once uttered pass like current gold;
 And therefore fit to calmly put a close
 To this brief tempest. Do you stand possessed
 Of any proof against the honourableness
 Of Lady Auranthe, our new-spousèd daughter?

Albert. You chill me with astonishment. How's this?
 My liege, what proof should I have 'gainst a fame
 Impossible of slur? [OTHO rises.

Erminia. O, wickedness!

Ethelbert. Deluded monarch, 'tis a cruel lie.

Otho. Peace, rebel-priest!

Conrad. Insult beyond credence!

Erminia. Almost a dream!

Ludolph. We have awaked from!

A foolish dream that from my brow hath wrung
 A wrathful dew. O, folly! why did I
 So act the lion with this silly gnat?
 Let them depart. Lady Erminia!
 I ever grieved for you, as who did not?
 But now you have, with such a brazen front,
 So most maliciously, so madly, striven
 To dazzle the soft moon, when tenderest clouds
 Should be unlooped around to curtain her,

OTHO THE GREAT.

I leave you to the desert of the world
 Almost with pleasure. Let them be set free
 For me! I take no personal revenge
 More than against a nightmare, which a man
 Forgets in the new dawn. [Exit LUDOLPH.

Otho. Still in extremes! No, they must not be loose.

Ethelbert. Albert, I must suspect thee of a crime
 So fiendish—

Otho. Fear'st thou not my fury, monk?
 Conrad, be they in your safe custody
 Till we determine some fit punishment.
 It is so mad a deed, I must reflect
 And question them in private; for perhaps,
 By patient scrutiny, we may discover
 Whether they merit death, or should be placed
 In care of the physicians.

[Exeunt OTHO and Nobles, ALBERT following.]

Conrad. My guards, ho!

Erminia. Albert, wilt thou follow there?
 Wilt thou creep dastardly behind his back,
 And shrink away from a weak woman's eye?
 Turn, thou court-Janus! thou forget'st thyself;
 Here is the duke, waiting with open arms

Enter Guards.

To thank thee; here congratulate each other;
 Wring hands; embrace; and swear how lucky 'twas
 That I, by happy chance, hit the right man
 Of all the world to trust in.

Albert. Trust! to me!

Conrad (aside). He is the sole one in this mystery.

Erminia. Well, I give up, and save my prayers for
 Heaven!

You, who could do this deed, would ne'er relent,
 Though, at my words, the hollow prison-vaults
 Would groan for pity.

Conrad. Manacle them both !

Ethelbert. I know it—it must be—I see it all !

Albert, thou art the minion !

Erminia. Ah ! too plain—

Conrad. Silence ! Gag up their mouth ! I cannot bear
More of this brawling. That the Emperor
Had placed you in some other custody !

Bring them away. *[Exeunt all but ALBERT.]*

Albert. Though my name perish from the book of
honour,
Almost before the recent ink is dry,
And be no more remembered after death
Than any drummer's in the muster-roll !
Yet shall I season high my sudden fall
With triumph o'er that evil-witted duke !
He shall feel what it is to have the hand
Of a man drowning, on his hateful throat.

Enter GERSA and SIGIFRED.

Gersa. What discord is at ferment in this house ?

Sigifred. We are without conjecture ; not a soul
We met could answer any certainty.

Gersa. Young Ludolph, like a fiery arrow, shot
By us.

Sigifred. The Emperor, with crossed arms, in thought.

Gersa. In one room music, in another sadness,
Perplexity everywhere !

Albert. A trifle more !

Follow ; your presences will much avail
To tune our jarred spirits. I'll explain.

[Exeunt.]

ACT IV.

SCENE I.—AURANTHE'S *Apartment.*

AURANTHE and CONRAD *discovered.*

Conrad. Well, well, I know what ugly jeopardy
We are caged in ; you need not pester that
Into my ears. Prythee, let me be spared
A foolish tongue, that I may bethink me
Of remedies with some deliberation.
You cannot doubt but 'tis in Albert's power
To crush or save us ?

Auranthe. No, I cannot doubt.
He has, assure yourself, by some strange means,
My secret ; which I ever hid from him,
Knowing his mawkish honesty.

Conrad. Cursed slave !

Auranthe. Ay, I could almost curse him now myself.
Wretched impediment ! Evil genius !
A glue upon my wings, that cannot spread,
When they should span the provinces ! A snake,
A scorpion, sprawling on the first gold step,
Conducting to the throne high canopied.

Conrad. You would not hear my counsel, when his life
Might have been trodden out, all sure and hushed ;
Now the dull animal forsooth must be
Intreated, managed ! When can you contrive
The interview he demands ?

Auranthe. As speedily
It must be done as my bribed woman can
Unseen conduct him to me ; but I fear
'Twill be impossible, while the broad day
Comes through the panes with persecuting glare.
Methinks, if 't now were night I could intrigue

With darkness, bring the stars to second me,
And settle all this trouble.

Conrad. Nonsense! Child!
See him immediately; why not now?

Auranthe. Do you forget that even the senseless door-posts
Are on the watch and gape through all the house?
How many whisperers there are about,
Hungry for evidence to ruin me.—
Men I have spurned, and women I have taunted?
Besides, the foolish prince sends, minute whiles,
His pages—so they tell me—to inquire
After my health, entreating, if I please,
To see me.

Conrad. Well, suppose this Albert here;
What is your power with him?

Auranthe. He should be
My echo, my taught parrot! but I fear
He will be cur enough to bark at me;
Have his own say; read me some silly creed
'Bout shame and pity.

Conrad. What will you do then?

Auranthe. What I shall do, I know not: what I would
Cannot be done; for see, this chamber-floor
Will not yield to the pick-axe and the spade,—
Here is no quiet depth of hollow ground.

Conrad. Sister, you have grown sensible and wise,
Seconding, ere I speak it, what is now,
I hope, resolved between us.

Auranthe. Say, what is 't?

Conrad. You need not be his sexton, too: a man
May carry that with him shall make him die
Elsewhere,—give that to him; pretend the while
You will to-morrow succumb to his wishes,
Be what they may, and send him from the Castle
On some fool's errand; let his latest groan
Frighten the wolves!

Auranthe. Alas! he must not die!

Conrad. Would you were both hearsed up in stifling lead!

Detested——

Auranthe. Conrad, hold! I would not bear
The little thunder of your fretful tongue,
Tho' I alone were taken in these toils,
And you could free me; but remember, sir,
You live alone in my security:
So keep your wits at work, for your own sake,
Not mine, and be more mannerly.

Conrad. Thou wasp!
If my domains were emptied of these folk,
And I had thee to starve——

Auranthe. O, marvellous!
But, Conrad, now be gone; the host is looked for;
Cringe to the Emperor, entertain the lords,
And, do ye mind, above all things, proclaim
My sickness, with a brother's saddened eye,
Condoling with Prince Ludolph. In fit time
Return to me.

Conrad. I leave you to your thoughts.

[*Exit.*

Auranthe (sola). Down, down, proud temper! down,
Auranthe's pride!

Why do I anger him when I should kneel?
Conrad! Albert! help! help! What can I do?
O, wretched woman! lost, wrecked, swallowed up,
Accursèd, blasted! O, thou golden Crown,
Orbing along the serene firmament
Of a wide empire, like a glowing moon;
And thou, bright sceptre! lustrous in my eyes
There—as the fabled fair Hesperian tree,
Bearing a fruit more precious! graceful thing,
Delicate, godlike, magic! must I leave
Thee to melt in the visionary air,

Ere, by one grasp, this common hand is made
 Imperial? I do not know the time
 When I have wept for sorrow; but methinks
 I could now sit upon the ground, and shed
 Tears, tears of misery. O, the heavy day!
 How shall I bear my life till Albert comes?
 Ludolph! Erminia! Proofs! O heavy day!
 Bring me some mourning weeds, that I may 'tire
 Myself as fits one wailing her own death:
 Cut off these curls, and brand this lily hand,
 And throw these jewels from my loathing sight,—
 Fetch me a missal, and a string of beads,—
 A cup of bittered water, and a crust,—
 I will confess, O, holy Abbot!—How!
 What is this? Auranthe! thou fool, dolt,
 Whimpering idiot! up! up! and quell!
 I am safe! Coward! why am I in fear?
 Albert! he cannot stickle, chew the cud
 In such a fine extreme,—impossible!
 Who knocks?

[*Goes to the door, listens, and opens it.*

Enter ALBERT.

Albert, I have been waiting for you here
 With such an aching heart, such swooning throbs
 On my poor brain, such cruel, cruel sorrow,
 That I should claim your pity! Art not well?

Albert. Yes, lady, well.

Auranthe. You look not so, alas!

But pale, as if you brought some heavy news.

Allert. You know full well what makes me look
 so pale.

Auranthe. No! Do I? Surely I am still to learn
 Some horror; all I know, this present, is
 I am near hustled to a dangerous gulf,
 Which you can save me from,—and therefore safe,

OTHO THE GREAT.

So trusting in thy love ; that should not make
Thee pale, my Albert.

Albert. It doth make me freeze.

Auranthe. Why should it, love ?

Albert. You should not ask me that,
But make your own heart monitor, and save
Me the great pain of telling. You must know.

Auranthe. Something has vext you, Albert. There
are times

When simplest things put on a sombre cast ;
A melancholy mood will haunt a man,
Until most easy matters take the shape
Of unachievable tasks ; small rivulets
Then seem impassable.

Albert. Do not cheat yourself
With hope that gloss of words or suppliant action,
Or tears, or ravings, or self-threatened death,
Can alter my resolve.

Auranthe. You make me tremble ;
Not so much at your threats, as at your voice,
Untuned, and harsh, and barren of all love.

Albert. You suffocate me ! Stop this devil's parley,
And listen to me ; know me once for all.

Auranthe. I thought I did. Alas ! I am deceived.

Albert. You are not deceived. You took me for
A man detesting all inhuman crime ;
And therefore kept from me your demon's plot
Against Erminia. Silent ? Be so still ;
For ever ! Speak no more ; but hear my words,
Thy fate. Your safety I have bought to day
By blazoning a lie, which in the dawn
I'll expiate with truth.

Auranthe. O cruel traitor !

Albert. For I would not set eyes upon thy shame ;
I would not see thee dragged to death by the hair,
Penanced, and taunted on a scaffolding !

To-night, upon the skirts of the blind wood
That blackens northward of these horrid towers,
I wait for you with horses. Choose your fate.
Farewell!

Auranthe. Albert, you jest; I'm sure you must.
You, an ambitious Soldier! I, a Queen,
One who could say,—Here, rule these Provinces!
Take tribute from these cities for thyself!
Empty these armouries, these treasuries,
Muster thy warlike thousands at a nod!
Go! conquer Italy!

Albert. Auranthe, you have made
The whole world chaff to me. Your doom is fixed.

Auranthe. Out, villain! dastard!

Albert. Look there to the door!
Who is it?

Auranthe. Conrad, traitor!

Albert. Let him in.

Enter CONRAD.

Do not affect amazement, hypocrite,
At seeing me in this chamber.

Conrad. Auranthe?

Albert. Talk not with eyes, but speak your curses out
Against me, who would sooner crush and grind
A brace of toads, than league with them t' oppress
An innocent lady, gull an Emperor,
More generous to me than autumn sun
To ripening harvests.

Auranthe. No more insult, sir!

Albert. Ay, clutch your scabbard; but, for prudence
sake,
Draw not the sword; 'twould make an uproar, Duke,
You would not hear the end of. At nightfall
Your lady sister, if I guess aright,
Will leave this busy castle. You had best

Take farewell too of worldly vanities.

Conrad. Vassal!

Albert. To-morrow, when the Emperor sends
For loving Conrad, see you fawn on him.

Good even!

Auranthe. You'll be seen!

Albert. See the coast clear then.

Auranthe (as he goes). Remorseless Albert!

Cruel, cruel wretch! [*She lets him out.*]

Conrad. So we must lick the dust?

Auranthe. I follow him.

Conrad. How? Where? The plan of your escape?

Auranthe. He waits

For me with horses by the forest-side,
Northward.

Conrad. Good, good! he dies. You go, say you?

Auranthe. Perforce.

Conrad. Be speedy, darkness! Till that comes,
Fiends keep you company! [*Exit.*]

Auranthe. And you! and you!

And all men! Vanish!

[*Retires to an inner Apartment.*]

SCENE II.—*An Apartment in the Castle.*

Enter LUDOLPH and Page.

Page. Still very sick, my lord; but now I went,
And there her women, in a mournful throng,
Stood in the passage whispering; if any
Moved 'twas with careful steps, and hushed as death.
They bade me stop.

Ludolph. Good fellow, once again
Make soft inquiry; pr'ythee, be not stayed
By any hindrance, but with gentlest force
Break through her weeping servants, till thou com'st

E'en to her chamber-door, and there, fair boy,—
 If with thy mother's milk thou hast sucked in
 Any divine eloquence,—woo her ears
 With plaints for me, more tender than the voice
 Of dying Echo, echoed.

Page. Kindest master !

To know thee sad thus, will unloose my tongue
 In mournful syllables. Let but my words reach
 Her ears, and she shall take them coupled with
 Moans from my heart, and sighs not counterfeit.
 May I speed better ! [*Exit Page.*]

Ludolph (solus). Auranthe ! My life !
 Long have I loved thee, yet till now not loved :
 Remembering, as I do, hard-hearted times
 When I had heard e'en of thy death perhaps,
 And—thoughtless !—suffered thee to pass alone
 Into Elysium !—now I follow thee,
 A substance or a shadow, wheresoe'er
 Thou ledest me—whether thy white feet press,
 With pleasant weight, the amorous-aching earth,
 Or thro' the air thou pioneerest me,
 A shade ! Yet sadly I predestinate !
 O, unbenignest Love, why wilt thou let
 Darkness steal out upon the sleepy world
 So wearily, as if Night's chariot wheels
 Were clogged in some thick cloud ? O, changeful Love,
 Let not her steeds with drowsy-footed pace
 Pass the high stars, before sweet embassy
 Comes from the pillowed beauty of that fair
 Completion of all-delicate Nature's wit !
 Pout her faint lips anew with rubious health ;
 And, with thine infant fingers, lift the fringe
 Of her sick eye-lids ; that those eyes may glow
 With wooing light upon me ere the morn
 Peers with disrelish, grey, barren, and cold !

OTHO THE GREAT:

Enter GERSA and Courtiers.

Otho calls me his Lion,—should I blush
To be so tamed? so——

Gersa. Do me the courtesy,
Gentlemen, to pass on.

1st Knight. We are your servants.

[*Exeunt Courtiers.*]

Ludolph. It seems then, sir, you have found out the
man

You would confer with;—me?

Gersa. If I break not
Too much upon your thoughtful mood, I will
Claim a brief while your patience.

Ludolph. For what cause
Soe'er, I shall be honoured

Gersa. I not less.

Ludolph. What may it be? No trifle can take place
Of such deliberate prologue, serious 'haviour.
But, be it what it may, I cannot fail
To listen with no common interest;
For though so new your presence is to me,
I have a soldier's friendship for your fame.
Please you explain.

Gersa. As thus:—for, pardon me,
I cannot, in plain terms, grossly assault
A noble nature; and would faintly sketch
What your quick apprehension will fill up;
So finely I esteem you.

Ludolph. I attend.

Gersa. Your generous father, most illustrious Otho,
Sits in the banquet-room among his chiefs;
His wine is bitter, for you are not there;
His eyes are fixed still on the open doors,
And ev'ry passer in he frowns upon,
Seeing no Ludolph comes.

Ludolph.

I do neglect.

Gersa. And for your absence may I guess the cause?

Ludolph. Stay there! No—guess? More princely you must be

Than to make guesses at me. 'Tis enough.

I'm sorry I can hear no more.

Gersa.

And I

As grieved to force it on you so abrupt;

Yet, one day, you must know a grief, whose sting

Will sharpen more the longer 'tis concealed.

Ludolph. Say it at once, sir! Dead—dead?—is she dead?

Gersa. Mine is a cruel task: she is not dead,
And would, for your sake, she were innocent.

Ludolph. Hungarian! Thou amazest me beyond
All scope of thought, convulseth my heart's blood
To deadly churning! *Gersa*, you are young,
As I am; let me observe you, face to face:
Not grey-browed like the poisonous *Ethelbert*,
No rhumèd eyes, no furrowing of age,
No wrinkles, where all vices nestle in
Like crannied vermin,—no! but fresh, and young,
And hopeful featured. Ha! by heaven, you weep!
Tears, human tears! Do you repent you then
Of a cursed torturer's office? Why shouldst join—
Tell me,—the league of devils? Confess—confess—
The lie!

Gersa. Lie!—but begone all ceremonious points
Of honour battailous! I could not turn
My wrath against thee for the orbèd world.

Ludolph. Your wrath, weak boy? Tremble at mine,
unless

Retraction follow close upon the heels

Of that late 'stounding insult! Why has my sword

Not done already a sheer judgment on thee?

Despair, or eat thy words! Why, thou wast nigh

Whimpering away my reason! Hark ye, sir,
 It is no secret, that Erminia,
 Erminia, sir, was hidden in your tent,—
 O, blessed asylum! Comfortable home!
 Begone! I pity thee; thou art a gull,
 Erminia's last new puppet!

Gersa.

Furious fire!

Thou mak'st me boil as hot as thou canst flame!
 And in thy teeth I give thee back the lie!
 Thou liest! Thou, Auranthe's fool! A wittol!

Ludolph. Look; look at this bright sword;
 There is no part of it, to the very hilt,
 But shall indulge itself about thine heart!
 Draw! but remember thou must cower thy plumes,
 As yesterday the Arab made thee stoop.

Gersa. Patience! Not here; I would not spill thy
 blood

Here, underneath this roof where Otho breathes,—
 Thy father,—almost mine.

Ludolph.

O, faltering coward!

Enter PAGE.

Stay, stay; here is one I have half a word with.
 Well? What ails thee, child?

Page.

My lord!

Ludolph.

What wouldst say?

Page. They are fled!

Ludolph.

They! Who?

Page.

When anxiously

I hastened back, your grieving messenger,
 I found the stairs all dark, the lamps extinct,
 And not a foot or whisper to be heard.
 I thought her dead, and on the lowest step
 Sat listening; when presently came by
 Two muffled up,—one sighing heavily,
 The other cursing low, whose voice I knew
 For the Duke Conrad's. Close I followed them

Thro' the dark ways they chose to the open air,
And, as I followed, heard my lady speak.

Ludolph. Thy life answers the truth!

Page. The chamber's empty!

Ludolph. As I will be of mercy! So, at last,
This nail is in my temples!

Gersa. Be calm in this.

Ludolph. I am.

Gersa. And Albert, too, has disappeared;
Ere I met you, I sought him everywhere;
You would not hearken.

Ludolph. Which way went they, boy?

Gersa. I'll hunt with you.

Ludolph. No, no, no. My senses are
Still whole. I have survived. My arm is strong—
My appetite sharp—for revenge! I'll no sharer
In my feast; my injury is all my own,
And so is my revenge, my lawful chattels!
Terrier, ferret them out! Burn—burn the witch!
Trace me their footsteps! Away!

[*Exeunt.*]

ACT V.

SCENE I.—*A part of the Forest.*

Enter CONRAD and AURANTHE.

Auranthe. Go no further; not a step more. Thou art
A master-plague in the midst of miseries.
Go,—I fear thee! I tremble, every limb,
Who never shook before. There's moody death
In thy resolvèd looks! Yes, I could kneel
To pray thee far away! Conrad, go! go!—

There! yonder, underneath the boughs I see
Our horses!

Conrad. Ay, and the man.

Auranthe. Yes, he is there!

Go, go,—no blood! no blood!—go, gentle Conrad!

Conrad. Farewell!

Auranthe. Farewell! For this Heaven pardon you!

[*Exit* AURANTHE.]

Conrad. If he survive one hour, then may I die
In unimagined tortures, or breathe through
A long life in the foulest sink o' the world!
He dies! 'Tis well she do not advertise
The caitiff of the cold steel at his back. [*Exit* CONRAD.]

Enter LUDOLPH and Page.

Ludolph. Missed the way, boy? Say not that on your
peril!

Page. Indeed, indeed, I cannot trace them further.

Ludolph. Must I stop here? Here solitary die
Stifed beneath the thick oppressive shade
Of these dull boughs—this even of dark thickets—
Silent,—without revenge?—pshaw! bitter end,—
A bitter death—a suffocating death,—
A gnawing—silent—deadly, quiet death!
Escaped?—fled?—vanished? melted into air?
She's gone! I cannot clutch her! no revenge!
A muffled death, ensnared in horrid silence!
Sucked to my grave amid a dreamy calm!
O, where is that illustrious noise of war,
To smother up this sound of labouring breath,
This rustle of the trees!

[AURANTHE shrieks at a distance.]

Page. My lord, a noise!

This way—hark!

Ludolph. Yes, yes! A hope! A music!

A glorious clamour! How I live again! [*Exeunt.*]

SCENE II.—*Another part of the Forest.*

Enter ALBERT (wounded).

Albert. Oh! for enough life to support me on
To Otho's feet!

Enter LUDOLPH.

Ludolph. Thrice villainous, stay there!
Tell me where that detested woman is,
Or this is through thee!

Albert. My good Prince, with me
The sword has done its worst; not without worst
Done to another,—Conrad has it home!
I see you know it all!

Ludolph. Where is his sister?

Enter AURANTHE.

Auranthe. Albert!

Ludolph. Ha! There! there! He is the paramour!—
There—hug him—dying! O, thou innocence,
Shrine him and comfort him at his last gasp;
Kiss down his eyelids! Was he not thy love?
Wilt thou forsake him at his latest hour?
Keep fearful and aloof from his last gaze,
His most uneasy moments, when cold death
Stands with the door ajar to let him in?

Albert. O that that door with hollow slam would close
Upon me sudden! for I cannot meet,
In all the unknown chambers of the dead,
Such horrors!

Ludolph. Auranthe! what can he mean?
What horrors? Is it not a joyous time?
Am I not married to a paragon
“Of personal beauty and untainted soul?”
A blushing fair-eyed purity? A sylph,
Whose snowy timid hand has never sinned

Beyond a flower plucked, white as itself?
 Albert, you do insult my bride—your mistress—
 To talk of horrors on our wedding-night!

Albert. Alas! poor Prince, I would you knew my
 heart!

'Tis not so guilty——

Ludolph. Hear! he pleads not guilty!
 You are not? or, if so, what matters it?
 You have escaped me, free as the dusk air,
 Hid in the forest, safe from my revenge;
 I cannot catch you! You should laugh at me,
 Poor cheated Ludolph! Make the forest hiss
 With jeers at me! You tremble—faint at once,
 You will come to again. O cockatrice,
 I have you! Whither wander those fair eyes
 To entice the devil to your help, that he
 May change you to a spider, so to crawl
 Into some cranny to escape my wrath?

Albert. Sometimes the counsel of a dying man
 Doth operate quietly when his breath is gone:
 Disjoin those hands—part—part—do not destroy
 Each other—forget her!—Our miseries
 Are equal shared, and mercy is——

Ludolph. A boon
 When one can compass it. Auranthe, try
 Your oratory; your breath is not so hitched
 Ay, stare for help! [ALBERT *dies.*

There goes a spotted soul
 Howling in vain along the hollow night!
 Hear him! He calls you—sweet Auranthe, come!

Auranthe. Kill me!

Ludolph. No! What? Upon our marriage night?
 The earth would shudder at so foul a deed!
 A fair bride! A sweet bride! An innocent bride
 No! we must revel it, as 'tis in use
 In times of delicate brilliant ceremony:

Come, let me lead you to our halls again !
 Nay, linger not ; make no resistance, sweet ;—
 Will you ? Ah, wretch, thou canst not, for I have
 The strength of twenty lions 'gainst a lamb !
 Now—one adieu for Albert ! Come away ! [*Exeunt.*]

SCENE III.—*An inner Court of the Castle.*

Enter SIGIFRED, GONFRID, and THEODORE, meeting.

1st Knight. Was ever such a night ?

Sigifred. What horrors more ?

Things unbeliev'd one hour, so strange they are,
 The next hour stamps with credit.

1st Knight. Your last news ?

Gonfrid. After the page's story of the death
 Of Albert and Duke Conrad ?

Sigifred. And the return
 Of Ludolph with the Princess.

Gonfrid. No more, save
 Prince Gersa's freeing Abbot Ethelbert,
 And the sweet lady, fair Erminia,
 From prison.

1st Knight. Where are they now ? Hast yet heard ?

Gonfrid. With the sad Emperor they are closeted ;
 I saw the three pass slowly up the stairs,
 The lady weeping, the old abbot cowl'd.

Sigifred. What next ?

1st Knight. I hate to think on 't.

Gonfrid. 'Tis with fate.

1st Knight. One while these proud towers are hush'd as death.

Gonfrid. The next our poor Prince fills the arch'd rooms
 With ghastly ravings.

Sigifred. I do fear his brain.

Gonfrid. I will see more. Bear you so stout a heart ?

[*Exeunt into the Castle.*]

SCENE IV.—*A Cabinet, opening towards a Terrace.*

OTHO, ERMINIA, ETHELBERT, and a Physician, discovered.

Otho. O, my poor boy! My son! My son! My Ludolph!
Have ye no comfort for me, ye physicians
Of the weak body and soul?

Ethelbert. 'Tis not in medicine,
Either of heaven or earth, to cure, unless
Fit time be chosen to administer.

Otho. A kind forbearance, holy abbot. Come,
Erminia; here, sit by me, gentle girl;
Give me thy hand; hast thou forgiven me?

Erminia. Would I were with the saints to pray for you!

Otho. Why will ye keep me from my darling child?

Physician. Forgive me, but he must not see thy face.

Otho. Is then a father's countenance a Gorgon?
Hath it not comfort in it? Would it not
Console my poor boy, cheer him, heal his spirits?
Let me embrace him; let me speak to him;
I will! Who hinders me? Who's Emperor?

Physician. You may not, Sire; 'twould overwhelm
him quite,
He is so full of grief and passionate wrath;
Too heavy a sigh would kill him, or do worse.
He must be saved by fine contrivances;
And, most especially, we must keep clear
Out of his sight a father whom he loves;
His heart is full, it can contain no more,
And do its ruddy office.

Ethelbert. Sage advice;
We must endeavour how to ease and slacken
The tight-wound energies of his despair,
Not make them tenser.

Otho. Enough! I hear, I hear.
Yet you were about to advise more,—I listen.

Ethelbert. This learned doctor will agree with me,
That not in the smallest point should he be thwarted,
Or gainsaid by one word ; his very motions,
Nods, becks, and hints, should be obeyed with care,
Even on the moment ; so his troubled mind
May cure itself.

Physician. There are no other means.

Otho. Open the door ; let's hear if all is quiet.

Physician. Beseech you, Sire, forbear.

Erminia. Do, do.

Otho. I command !

Open it straight ;—hush !—quiet !—my lost boy !
My miserable child !

Ludolph (indistinctly without). Fill, fill my goblet,—
here's a health !

Erminia. O, close the door !

Otho. Let, let me hear his voice ; this cannot last ;
And fain would I catch up his dying words,
Though my own knell they be ! This cannot last !
O let me catch his voice—for lo ! I hear
A whisper in this silence that he's dead !
It is so ! Gersa ?

Enter GERSA.

Physician. Say, how fares the Prince ?

Gersa. More calm ; his features are less wild and flushed ;
Once he complained of weariness.

Physician Indeed !
'Tis good,—'tis good ; let him but fall asleep,
That saves him.

Otho. Gersa, watch him like a child ;
Ward him from harm,—and bring me better news !

Physician. Humour him to the height. I fear to go ;
For should he catch a glimpse of my dull garb,
It might affright him, fill him with suspicion
That we believe him sick, which must not be.

OTHO THE GREAT.

Gersa. I will invent what soothing means I can.

[Exit GERSA.]

Physician. This should cheer up your Highness ;
weariness

Is a good symptom, and most favourable ;

It gives me pleasant hopes. Please you, walk forth

Upon the terrace ; the refreshing air

Will blow one half of your sad doubts away. [Exeunt.]

SCENE V.—*A Banqueting Hall, brilliantly illuminated, and set forth with all costly magnificence, with Supper-tables laden with Services of Gold and Silver. A door in the back scene, guarded by two Soldiers. Lords, Ladies, Knights, Gentlemen, &c., whispering sadly, and ranging themselves ; part entering and part discovered.*

1st Knight. Grievously are we tantalised, one and all ;
Swayed here and there, commanded to and fro,
As though we were the shadows of a sleep,
And linked to a dreaming fancy. What do we hear ?

Gonfrid. I am no seer ; you know we must obey
The Prince from A to Z, though it should be
To set the place in flames. I pray, hast heard
Where the most wicked Princess is ?

1st Knight. There, sir,

In the next room ; have you remarked those two
Stout soldiers posted at the door ?

Gonfrid. For what ?

[*They whisper.*]

1st Lady. How ghast a train !

2nd Lady. Sure this should be some splendid burial.

1st Lady. What fearful whispering ! See, see,—Gersa
there !

Enter GERSA.

Gersa. Put on your brightest looks ; smile if you can ;

Behave as all were happy ; keep your eyes
 From the least watch upon him ; if he speaks
 To any one, answer, collectedly,
 Without surprise, his questions, howe'er strange.
 Do this to the utmost,—though, alas ! with me
 The remedy grows hopeless ! Here he comes,—
 Observe what I have said,—show no surprise.

Enter LUDOLPH, followed by SIGIFRED and PAGE.

Ludolph. A splendid company ! rare beauties here !
 I should have Orphean lips, and Plato's fancy,
 Amphion's utterance, tonèd with his lyre,
 Or the deep key of Jove's sonorous mouth,
 To give fit salutation. Methought I heard,
 As I came in, some whispers,—what of that ?
 'Tis natural men should whisper ; at the kiss
 Of Psyche given by Love, there was a buzz
 Among the gods !—and silence is as natural.
 These draperies are fine, and being a mortal,
 I should desire no better ; yet, in truth,
 There must be some superior costliness,
 Some wider-domèd high magnificence !
 I would have, as a mortal I may not,
 Hangings of heaven's clouds, purple and gold,
 Slung from the spheres ; gauzes of silver mist,
 Looped up with cords of twisted wreathèd light,
 And tasselled round with weeping meteors !
 These pendent lamps and chandeliers are bright
 As earthly fires from dull dross can be cleansed ;
 Yet could my eyes drink up intenser beams
 Undazzled ;—this is darkness,—when I close
 These lids, I see far fiercer brilliances,—
 Skies full of splendid moons, and shooting stars,
 And spouting exhalations, diamond fires,
 And panting fountains quivering with deep glows.
 Yes—this is dark—is it not dark ?

Sigifrea. My lord,
'Tis late ; the lights of festival are ever
Quenched in the morn.

Ludolph. 'Tis not to-morrow then ?

Sigifred. 'Tis early dawn.

Gersa. Indeed full time we slept ;
Say you so, Prince ?

Ludolph. I say I quarrelled with you ;
We did not tilt each other,—that's a blessing,—
Good gods ! no innocent blood upon my head !

Sigifred. Retire, Gersa !

Ludolph. There should be three more here :
For two of them, they stay away perhaps,
Being gloomy-minded, haters of fair revels,—
They know their own thoughts best.

As for the third,
Deep blue eyes, semi-shaded in white lids,
Finished with lashes fine for more soft shade,
Completed by her twin-arched ebon-brows ;
White temples, of exactest elegance,
Of even mould, felicitous and smooth ;
Cheeks fashioned tenderly on either side,
So perfect, so divine, that our poor eyes
Are dazzled with the sweet proportioning,
And wonder that 'tis so,—the magic chance !
Her nostrils, small, fragrant, fairy-delicate ;
Her lips—I swear no human bones e'er wore
So taking a disguise ;—you shall behold her !
We'll have her presently ; ay, you shall see her,
And wonder at her, friends, she is so fair ;
She is the world's chief jewel, and, by heaven !
She's mine by right of marriage !—she is mine !
Patience, good people, in fit time I send
A summoner,—she will obey my call,
Being a wife most mild and dutiful.
First I would hear what music is prepared

To herald and receive her ; let me hear !

Sigifred. Bid the musicians soothe him tenderly.

[*A soft strain of Music.*]

Ludolph. Ye have none better? No, I am content ;
'Tis a rich sobbing melody, with reliefs
Full and majestic ; it is well enough,
And will be sweeter, when ye see her pace
Sweeping into this presence, glistened o'er
With emptied caskets, and her train upheld
By ladies habited in robes of lawn,
Sprinkled with golden crescents, others bright
In silks, with spangles showered, and bowed to
By Duchesses and pearlèd Margravines !
Sad ! that the fairest creature of the earth—
I pray you mind me not—'tis sad, I say,
That the extremest beauty of the world
Should so entrench herself away from me,
Behind a barrier of engendered guilt !

2nd Lady. Ah ! what a moan !

1st Knight. Most piteous indeed !

Ludolph. She shall be brought before this company,
And then—then—

1st Lady. He muses.

Gersa. O, Fortune ! where will this end ?

Sigifred. I guess his purpose ! Indeed he must not
have

That pestilence brought in,—that cannot be,
There we must stop him.

Gersa. I am lost ! Hush, hush !

He is about to rave again.

Ludolph. A barrier of guilt ! I was the fool,
She was the cheater ! Who's the cheater now,
And who the fool ? The entrapped, the caged fool,
The bird-limed raven ? She shall croak to death
Secure ! Methinks I have her in my fist,
To crush her with my heel ! Wait, wait ! I marvel

My father keeps away. Good friend—ah ! Sigifred ?
Do bring him to me,—and Erminia,
I fain would see before I sleep—and Ethelbert
That he may bless me, as I know he will,
Though I have cursed him.

Sigifred. Rather suffer me
To lead you to them.

Ludolph. No, excuse me,—no !
The day is not quite done. Go, bring them hither.

[*Exit SIGIFRED.*]

Certes, a father's smile should, like sunlight,
Slant on my sheavèd harvest of ripe bliss.
Besides, I thirst to pledge my lovely bride
In a deep goblet ; let me see—what wine ?
The strong Iberian juice, or mellow Greek ?
Or pale Calabrian ? Or the Tuscan grape ?
Or of old Ætna's pulpy wine-presses,
Black stained with the fat vintage, as it were
The purple slaughter house, where Bacchus' self
Pricked his own swollen veins ! Where is my page ?

Page. Here, here !

Ludolph. Be ready to obey me ; anon thou shalt
Bear a soft message for me ; for the hour
Draws near when I must make a winding up
Of bridal mysteries—a fine-spun vengeance !
Carve it on my tomb, that, when I rest beneath,
Men shall confess, this Prince was gulled and cheated,
But from the ashes of disgrace he rose
More than a fiery dragon, and did burn
His ignominy up in purging fires !
Did I not send, sir, but a moment past,
For my father ?

Gersa. You did.

Ludolph. Perhaps 'twould be
Much better he came not.

Gersa. He enters now !

Enter OTHO, ERMINIA, ETHELBERT, SIGIFRED, and *Physician*.

Ludolph. Oh! thou good man, against whose sacred
head

I was a mad conspirator, chiefly too
For the sake of my fair newly wedded wife,
Now to be punished!—do not look so sad!
Those charitable eyes will thaw my heart,
Those tears will wash away a just resolve,
A verdict ten times sworn! Awake—awake—
Put on a judge's brow, and use a tongue
Made iron-stern by habit! Thou shalt see
A deed to be applauded, 'scribed in gold!
Join a loud voice to mine, and so denounce
What I alone will execute!

Otho. Dear son,
What is it? By your father's love, I sue
That it be nothing merciless!

Ludolph. To that demon?
Not so! No! She is in temple-stall,
Being garnished for the sacrifice, and I,
The Priest of Justice, will immolate her
Upon the altar of wrath! She stings me through!—
Even as the worm doth feed upon the nut,
So she, a scorpion, preys upon my brain!
I feel her gnawing here! Let her but vanish,
Then, father, I will lead your legions forth,
Compact in steelèd squares and spearèd files,
And bid our trumpets speak a fell rebuke
To nations drowsed in peace!

Otho. To-morrow, son,
Be your word law; forget to-day——

Ludolph. I will,
When I have finished it! Now,—now, I'm pight,
Tight-footed for the deed!

Erminia. Alas! Alas!

Ludolph. What angel's voice is that? Erminia.
Ah! gentlest creature, whose sweet innocence
Was almost murdered; I am penitent.
Wilt thou forgive me? And thou, holy man,
Good Ethelbert, shall I die in peace with you?

Erminia. Die, my lord?

Ludolph. I feel it possible.

Otho. Physician?

Physician. I fear he is past my skill.

Otho. Not so!

Ludolph. I see it—I see it—I have been wandering!
Half mad—not right here—I forget my purpose.
Bestir—bestir—Auranthe! Ha! ha! ha!
Youngster! page! go bid them drag her to me!
Obey! This shall finish it! [*Draws a dagger.*

Otho. Oh, my son! my son!

Sigifred. This must not be—stop there!

Ludolph. Am I obeyed?

A little talk with her—no harm—haste! haste!

[*Exit PAGE.*

Set her before me—never fear I can strike.

Several voices. My lord! My lord!

Gersa. Good Prince!

Ludolph. Why do ye trouble me? out—out—away!
There she is! take that! and that! no, no,
That's not well done—where is she?

[*The Doors open. Enter PAGE. Several Women are seen grouped about AURANTHE in the inner Room.*

Page. Alas! My lord, my lord! they cannot move
her!

Her arms are stiff—her fingers clenched and cold.

Ludolph. She's dead!

[*Staggers and falls into their arms.*

Ethelbert. Take away the dagger.

Gersa. Softly ; so !

Otho. Thank God for that !

Sigifred. It could not harm him now.

Gersa. No !—brief be his anguish !

Ludolph. She's gone ! I am content. Nobles, good night !

We are all weary—faint—set ope the doors—

I will to bed ! To-morrow——

[*Dies.*

THE CURTAIN FALLS.

KING STEPHEN.

A DRAMATIC FRAGMENT.

ACT I.

SCENE I.—*Field of Battle.*

Alarum. Enter King STEPHEN, KNIGHTS, and Soldiers.

Stephen. If shame can on a soldier's vein-swoll'n front
Spread deeper crimson than the battle's toil,
Blush in your casing helmets! for see, see!
Yonder my chivalry, my pride of war,
Wrenched with an iron hand from firm array,
Are routed loose about the plashy meads,
Of honour forfeit. O that my known voice
Could reach your dastard ears, and fright you more!
Fly, cowards, fly! Gloucester is at your backs!
Throw your slack bridles o'er the flurried manes,
Ply well the rowel with faint trembling heels,
Scampering to death at last!

1st Knight. The enemy
Bears his flaunt standard close upon their rear.

2nd Knight. Sure of a bloody prey, seeing the fens
Will swamp them girth-deep.

Stephen. Over head and ears.
No matter! 'Tis a gallant enemy;
How like a comet he goes streaming on.
But we must plague him in the flank,—hey, friends?
We are well breathed—follow!

Enter Earl BALDWIN and Soldiers, as defeated.

Stephen. De Redvers!
What is the monstrous bugbear that can fright
Baldwin?

Baldwin. No scarecrow, but the fortunate star
Of boisterous Chester, whose fell truncheon now
Points level to the goal of victory.
This way he comes, and if you would maintain
Your person unaffronted by vile odds,
Take horse, my Lord.

Stephen. And which way spur for life?
Now I thank heaven I am in the toils,
That soldiers may bear witness how my arm
Can burst the meshes. Not the eagle more
Loves to beat up against a tyrannous blast,
Than I to meet the torrent of my foes.
This is a brag—be 't so,—but if I fall,
Carve it upon my 'scutcheoned sepulchre.
On, fellow soldiers! Earl of Redvers, back!
Not twenty Earls of Chester shall brow-beat
The diadem. [*Exeunt. Alarum.*]

SCENE II.—*Another part of the Field.*

*Trumpets sounding a Victory. Enter GLOUCESTER, KNIGHTS
and Forces.*

Gloucester. Now may we lift our bruised visors up
And take the flattering freshness of the air,
While the wild din of battle dies away
Into times past, yet to be echoed sure
In the silent pages of our chroniclers.

1st Knight. Will Stephen's death be marked there my
good Lord,
Or that we give him lodging in yon towers?

Gloucester. Fain would I know the great usurper's fate.

Enter two CAPTAINS severally.

1st Captain. My Lord !

2nd Captain. Most noble Earl !

1st Captain. The King——

2nd Captain. The Empress greets——

Gloucester. What of the King ?

1st Captain. He sole and lone maintains

A hopeless bustle 'mid our swarming arms,

And with a nimble savageness attacks,

Escapes, makes fiercer onset, then anew

Eludes death, giving death to most that dare

Trespass within the circuit of his sword !

He must by this have fallen. Baldwin is taken ;

And for the Duke of Bretagne, like a stag

He flies, for the Welsh beagles to hunt down.

God save the Empress !

Gloucester. Now our dreaded Queen :

What message from her Highness ?

2nd Captain. Royal Maud

From the thronged towers of Lincoln hath looked down.

Like Pallas from the walls of Ilium,

And seen her enemies havocked at her feet,

She greets most noble Gloucester from her heart,

Intreating him, his captains, and brave knights,

To grace a banquet. The high city gates

Are envious which shall see your triumph pass ;

The streets are full of music.

Enter 2ND KNIGHT.

Gloucester. Whence come you ?

2nd Knight. From Stephen, my good Prince—Stephen !
Stephen !

Gloucester. Why do you make such echoing of his name ?

2nd Knight. Because I think, my lord, he is no man,
But a fierce demon, 'nointed safe from wounds,

And misbaptizèd with a Christian name.

Gloucester. A mighty soldier!—Does he still hold out?

2nd Knight. He shames our victory. His valour still
Keeps elbow-room amid our eager swords,
And holds our bladed falchions all aloof.

His gleaming battle-axe, being slaughter-sick,
Smote on the morion of a Flemish knight,
Broke short in his hand; upon the which he flung
The heft away with such a vengeful force
It paunched the Earl of Chester's horse, who then
Spleen-hearted came in full career at him.

Gloucester. Did no one take him at a vantage then?

2nd Knight. Three then with tiger leap upon him flew,
Whom with his sword swift drawn and nimbly held,
He stung away again, and stood to breathe,
Smiling. Anon upon him rushed once more
A throng of foes, and in this renewed strife,
My sword met his and snapped off at the hilt.

Gloucester. Come, lead me to this man—and let us move
In silence, not insulting his sad doom
With clamorous trumpets. To the Empress bear
My salutation as befits the time.

[*Exeunt GLOUCESTER and Forces.*]

SCENE III.—*The Field of Battle. Enter STEPHEN unharmed.*

Stephen. Another sword! And what if I could seize
One from Bellona's gleaming armoury,
Or choose the fairest of her sheavèd spears!
Where are my enemies? Here, close at hand,
Here come the testy brood. O, for a sword!
I'm faint—a biting sword! A noble sword!
A hedge-stake—or a ponderous stone to hurl
With brawny vengeance, like the labourer Cain.
Come on! Farewell my kingdom, and all hail
Thou superb, plumed, and helmeted renown!

All hail ! I would not truck this brilliant day
To rule in Pylos with a Nestor's beard—
Come on !

Enter DE KAIMS and KNIGHTS.

De Kaims. Is 't madness, or a hunger after death,
That makes thee thus unarmed throw taunts at us
Yield, Stephen, or my sword's point dips in
The gloomy current of a traitor's heart.

Stephen. Do it, De Kaims, I will not budge an inch.

De Kaims. Yes, of thy madness thou shalt take the
meed.

Stephen. Darest thou ?

De Kaims. How, dare, against a man disarmed ?

Stephen. What weapons has the lion but himself ?
Come not near me, De Kaims, for by the price
Of all the glory I have won this day,
Being a king, I will not yield alive
To any but the second man of the realm,
Robert of Gloucester.

De Kaims. Thou shalt vail to me.

Stephen. Shall I, when I have sworn against it, sir ?
Thou think'st it brave to take a breathing king,
That, on a court-day bowed to haughty Maud.
The awèd presence-chamber may be bold
To whisper, There's the man who took alive
Stephen—me—prisoner. Certes, De Kaims,
The ambition is a noble one.

De Kaims. 'Tis true.

And, Stephen, I must compass it.

Stephen. No, no,

Do not tempt me to throttle you on the gorge,
Or with my gauntlet crush your hollow breast,
Just when your knighthood is grown ripe and full
For lordship.

A Soldier. Is an honest yeoman's spear

Of no use at a need? Take that.

Stephen.

Ah, dastard!

De Kaims. What, you are vulnerable! my prisoner!

Stephen. No, not yet. I disclaim it, and demand
Death as a sovereign right unto a king
Who 'sdains to yield to any but his peer,
If not in title, yet in noble deeds,
The Earl of Gloucester. Stab to the hilt, De Kaims,
For I will never by mean hands be led
From this so famous field. Do you hear! Be quick!

[*Trumpets. Enter the Earl of CHESTER and
Knights.*

SCENE IV.—*A Presence Chamber. Queen MAUD in a Chair of
State the Earls of GLOUCESTER and CHESTER, Lords, Attendants.*

Maud. Gloucester, no more. I will behold that Boulogne:
Set him before me. Not for the poor sake
Of regal pomp and a vain-glorious hour,
As thou with wary speech, yet near enough,
Hast hinted.

Gloucester. Faithful counsel have I given;
If wary, for your Highness' benefit.

Maud. The Heavens forbid that I should not think so,
For by thy valour have I won this realm
Which by thy wisdom I will ever keep.
To sage advisers let me ever bend
A meek attentive ear, so that they treat
Of the wide kingdom's rule and government,
Not trenching on our actions personal.
Advised, not schooled, I would be; and henceforth
Spoken to in clear, plain, and open terms,
Not side-ways sermoned at.

Gloucester. Then, in plain terms,
Once more for the fallen king—

Maud. Your pardon, brother,

KING STEPHEN.

I would no more of that ; for, as I said,
'Tis not for worldly pomp I wish to see
The rebel, but as dooming judge to give
A sentence something worthy of his guilt.

Gloucester. If't must be so, I'll bring him to your presence
[*Exit* GLOUCESTER.

Maud. A meaner summoner might do as well.
My Lord of Chester, is 't true what I hear
Of Stephen of Boulogne, our prisoner,
That he, as a fit penance for his crimes,
Eats wholesome, sweet, and palatable food
Off Gloucester's golden dishes—drinks pure wine,
Lodges soft?

Chester. More than that, my gracious Queen,
Has angered me. The noble Earl, methinks,
Full soldier as he is, and without peer
In counsel, dreams too much among his books.
It may read well, but sure 'tis out of date
To play the Alexander with Darius.

Maud. Truth! I think so. By Heavens, it shall not last!

Chester. It would amaze your Highness now to mark
How Gloucester overstrains his courtesy
To that crime-loving rebel, that Boulogne——

Maud. That ingrate!

Chester. For whose vast ingratitude
To our late sovereign lord, your noble sire,
The generous Earl condoles in his mishaps,
And with a sort of lackeying friendliness
Talks off the mighty frowning from his brow,
Woos him to hold a duet in a smile,
Or, if it please him, play an hour at chess——

Maud. A perjured slave!

Chester. And for his perjury,
Gloucester has fit rewards—nay, I believe,
He sets his bustling household's wits at work
For flatteries to ease this Stephen's hours,

And make a heaven of his purgatory ;
Adorning bondage with the pleasant gloss
Of feasts and music, and all idle shows
Of indoor pageantry ; while syren whispers,
Predestined for his ear, 'scape as half-checked
From lips the courtliest and the rubiest
Of all the realm, admiring of his deeds.

Maud. A frost upon his summer !

Chester. A queen's nod
Can make his June December. Here he comes.

* * * * *

THE CAP AND BELLS ; *

OR, THE JEALOUSIES.

A FAERY TALE. UNFINISHED.

I.

IN midmost Ind, beside Hydaspes cool,
There stood, or hovered, tremulous in the air,
A faery city, 'neath the potent rule
Of Emperor Elfinan ; famed ev'rywhere
For love of mortal women, maidens fair,
Whose lips were solid, whose soft hands were made
Of a fit mould and beauty, ripe and rare,
To pamper his slight wooing, warm yet staid :
He loved girls smooth as shades, but hated a mere shade.

II.

This was a crime forbidden by the law ;
And all the priesthood of his city wept,
For ruin and dismay they well foresaw
If impious prince no bound or limit kept,
And faery Zendervester overstept ;

* "This Poem was written subject to future amendments and omissions : it was begun without a plan, and without any prescribed laws for the super-natural machinery."—CHARLES BROWN.

"There are beautiful passages and lines of ineffable sweetness in these minor pieces, and strange outbursts of individual fancy and felicitous expressions in the 'Cap and Bells,' though the general extravagance of the poetry is more suited to an Italian than to an English taste."—JEFFREY, *Letter to LORD HOUGHTON*, Aug. 1848.

They wept, he sinned, and still he would sin on,
 They dreamt of sin, and he sinned while they slept ;
 In vain the pulpit thundered at the throne,
 Caricature was vain, and vain the tart lampoon.

III.

Which seeing, his high court of parliament
 Laid a remonstrance at his Highness' feet,
 Praying his royal senses to content
 Themselves with what in faery land was sweet,
 Befitting best that shade with shade should meet :
 Whereat, to calm their fears, he promised soon
 From mortal tempters all to make retreat,—
 Aye, even on the first of the new moon
 An immaterial wife to espouse as heaven's boon.

IV.

Meantime he sent a fluttering embassy
 To Pigmio, of Imaus sovereign,
 To half beg, and half demand, respectfully,
 The hand of his fair daughter Bellanaine ;
 An audience had, and speeching done, they gain
 Their point, and bring the weeping bride away ;
 Whom, with but one attendant, safely lain
 Upon their wings, they bore in bright array,
 While little harps were touched by many a lyric fay.

V.

As in old pictures tender cherubim
 A child's soul thro' the sapphired canvas bear,
 So, thro' a real heaven, on they swim
 With the sweet princess on her plumaged lair,
 Speed giving to the winds her lustrous hair ;
 And so she journeyed, sleeping or awake,
 Save when, for healthful exercise and air
 She chose to *promener à l'aile* or take
 A pigeon's somerset, for sport or change's sake.

VI.

"Dear Princess, do not whisper me so loud,"
 Quoth Coralline, nurse and confidant.
 "Do not you see there, lurking in a cloud,
 Close at your back, that sly old Crafticant?
 He hears a whisper plainer than a rant:
 Dry up your tears, and do not look so blue;
 He's Elfinan's great state-spy militant,
 His running, lying, flying footman too,—
 Dear mistress, let him have no handle against you!

VII.

"Show him a mouse's tail, and he will guess,
 With metaphysic swiftness, at the mouse;
 Show him a garden, and with speed no less
 He'll surmise sagely of a dwelling-house,
 And plot, in the same minute, how to chouse
 The owner out of it; show him a"— "Peace!
 Peace! nor contrive thy mistress' ire to rouse!"
 Returned the Princess, "my tongue shall not cease
 Till from this hated match I get a free release.

VIII.

"Ah, beauteous mortal!" "Hush!" quoth Coralline,
 "Really you must not talk of him, indeed."
 "You hush!" replied the mistress with a shine
 Of anger in her eyes, enough to breed
 In stouter hearts than nurse's fear and dread:
 'Twas not the glance itself made Nursey flinch,
 But of its threat she took the utmost heed;
 Not liking in her heart an hour-long pinch,
 Or a sharp needle run into her back an inch.

IX.

So she was silenced, and fair Bellanaine,
 Writhing her little body with ennui,

Continued to lament and to complain,
 That Fate, cross-purposing, should let her be
 Ravished away far from her dear countree ;
 That all her feelings should be set at nought,
 In trumping up this match so hastily,
 With lowland blood ; and lowland blood she thought
 Poison, as every staunch true-born Imaian ought.

X.

Sorely she grieved, and wetted three or four
 White Provence rose-leaves with her faery tears,
 But not for this cause ;—alas ! she had more
 Bad reasons for her sorrow, as appears
 In the famed memoirs of a thousand years,
 Written by Crafticant, and published
 By Parpaglion and Co., (those sly compeers
 Who raked up ev'ry fact against the dead,)
 In Scarab Street, Panthea, at the Jubal's Head.

XI.

Where, after a long hypercritical howl
 Against the vicious manners of the age,
 He goes on to expose with heart and soul,
 What vice in this or that year was the rage,
 Backbiting all the world in ev'ry page ;
 With special strictures on the horrid crime,
 (Sectioned and subsectioned with learning sage,)
 Of faeries stooping on their wings sublime
 To kiss a mortal's lips, when such were in their prime.

XII.

Turn to the copious index, you will find
 Somewhere in the column, headed letter B.,
 The name of Bellanaine, if you're not blind ;
 Then pray refer to the text, and you will see
 An article made up of calumny

Against this highland princess, rating her
 For giving way, so over fashionably,
 To this new-fangled vice, which seems a burr
 Stuck in his moral throat, no coughing e'er could stir.

XIII.

There he says plainly that she loved a man !
 That she around him fluttered, flirted, toyed,
 Before her marriage with great Elfinan ;
 That after marriage, too, she never joyed
 In husband's company, but still employed
 Her wits to 'scape away to Angle-land ;
 Where lived the youth, who worried and annoyed
 Her tender heart, and its warm ardours fanned
 To such a dreadful blaze her side would scorch her hand.

XIV.

But let us leave this idle tittle-tattle
 To waiting-maids and bedroom coteries,
 Nor till fit time against her fame wage battle.
 Poor Elfinan is very ill at ease ;
 Let us resume his subject if you please :
 For it may comfort and console him much
 To rhyme and syllable his miseries ;
 Poor Elfinan ! whose cruel fate was such,
 He sat and cursed a bride he knew he could not touch.

XV.

Soon as (according to his promises)
 The bridal embassy had taken wing,
 And vanished, bird-like, o'er the suburb trees,
 The Emperor, pierced with the sharp sting
 Of love, retired, vexèd and murmuring
 Like any drone shut from the fair bee-queen,
 Into his cabinet, and there did fling
 His limbs upon a sofa, full of spleen,
 And damned his House of Commons, in complete chagrin.

XVI.

"I'll trounce some of the members," cried the Prince,
 "I'll put a mark against some rebel names,
 I'll make the Opposition-benches wince,
 I'll show them very soon, to all their shames,
 What 'tis to smother up a Prince's flames.
 That ministers should join in it, I own,
 Surprises me!—they too at these high games!
 Am I an Emperor? Do I wear a crown?
 Imperial Elfinan, go hang thyself or drown!

XVII.

"I'll trounce 'em!—there's the square-cut chancellor,
 His son shall never touch that bishopric;
 And for the nephew of old Palfior,
 I'll show him that his speeches made me sick,
 And give the colonelcy to Phalaric;
 The tiptoe marquis, moral and gallant,
 Shall lodge in shabby taverns upon tick;
 And for the Speaker's second cousin's aunt,
 She sha'n't be maid of honour,—by heaven that she sha'n't!

XVIII.

"I'll shirk the Duke of A.; I'll cut his brother;
 I'll give no garter to his eldest son;
 I won't speak to his sister or his mother.
 The Viscount B. shall live at cut-and-run;
 But how in the world can I contrive to stun
 That fellow's voice, which plagues me worse than any,
 That stubborn fool, that impudent state-dun,
 Who sets down ev'ry sovereign as a zany,—
 That vulgar commoner, Esquire Biancopyny?

XIX.

"Monstrous affair! Pshaw! pah! what ugly minx
 Will they fetch from Imaus for my bride?

Alas ! my wearied heart within me sinks,
 To think that I must be so near allied
 To a cold dullard fay,—ah, woe betide !
 Ah, fairest of all human loveliness !
 Sweet Bertha ! what crime can it be to glide
 About the fragrant plaitings of thy dress,
 Or kiss thine eyes, or count thy locks, tress after tress ?”

XX.

So said, one minute's while his eyes remained
 Half lidded, piteous, languid, innocent ;
 But, in a wink, their splendour they regained,
 Sparkling revenge with amorous fury blent.
 Love thwarted in bad temper oft has vent :
 He rose, he stampt his foot, he rang the bell,
 And ordered some death-warrants to be sent
 For signature :—somewhere the tempest fell,
 As many a poor fellow does not live to tell.

XXI.

“ At the same time, Eban,”—(this was his page,
 A fay of colour, slave from top to toe,
 Sent as a present, while yet under age,
 From the Viceroy of Zanguebar,—wise, slow
 His speech, his only words were “ Yes,” and “ No,”
 But swift of look and foot and wing was he,)—
 “ At the same time, Eban, this instant go
 To Hum the soothsayer, whose name I see
 Among the fresh arrivals in our empery.

XXII.

“ Bring Hum to me. But stay—here, take my ring,
 The pledge of favour, that he not suspect
 Any foul play, or awkward murdering,
 Tho' I have bowstrung many of his sect ;
 Throw in a hint, that if he should neglect

One hour the next shall see him in my grasp,
 And the next after that shall see him necked
 Or swallowed by my hunger-starved asp,—
 And mention ('tis as well) the torture of the wasp."

XXIII.

These orders given, the Prince, in half a pet,
 Let o'er the silk his propping elbow slide,
 Caught up his little legs, and, in a fret,
 Fell on the sofa on his royal side.
 The slave retreated backwards, humble-eyed,
 And with a slave-like silence closed the door,
 And to old Hum thro' street and alley hied ;
 He "knew the city," as we say, of yore,
 And for short cuts and turns, was nobody knew more.

XXIV.

It was the time when wholesale dealers close
 Their shutters with a moody sense of wealth,
 But retail dealers, diligent, let loose
 The gas (objected to on score of health),
 Conveyed in little soldered pipes by stealth,
 And make it flare in many a brilliant form,
 That all the powers of darkness it repell'th,
 Which to the oil-trade doth great scaith and harm,
 And supersedeth quite the use of the glow-worm.

XXV.

Eban, untempted by the pastrycooks,
 (Of pastry he got store within the palace,)
 With hasty steps, wrapped cloak, and solemn looks,
 Incognito upon his errand sallies,
 His smelling-bottle ready for the alleys ;
 He passed the hurdygurdies with disdain,
 Vowing he'd have them sent on board the galleys ;
 Just as he made his vow it 'gan to rain,
 Therefore he called a coach, and bade it drive amain.

XXVI.

"I'll pull the string," said he, and further said,
 "Polluted jarvey ! Ah, thou filthy hack !
 Whose springs of life are all dried up and dead,
 Whose linsey-woolsey lining hangs all slack,
 Whose rug is straw, whose wholeness is a crack ;
 And evermore thy steps go clatter-clitter ;
 Whose glass once up can never be got back,
 Who prov'st, with jolting arguments and bitter,
 That 'tis of modern use to travel in a litter.

XXVII.

"Thou inconvenience ! thou hungry crop
 For all corn ! thou snail-creeper to and fro,
 Who, while thou goest, ever seem'st to stop,
 And fiddle-faddle standest while you go ;
 I' the morning, freighted with a weight of woe,
 Unto some lazar-house thou journeyest,
 And in the evening tak'st a double row
 Of dowdies, for some dance or party drest,
 Besides the goods meanwhile thou movest east and west.

XXVIII.

"By thy ungallant bearing and sad mien,
 An inch appears the utmost thou couldst budge ;
 Yet at the slightest nod, or hint, or sign,
 Round to the curb-stone patient dost thou trudge,
 Schooled in a beckon, learnèd in a nudge,
 A dull-eyed Argus watching for a fare ;
 Quiet and plodding, thou dost bear no grudge
 To whisking tilburies or phaetons rare,
 Curricles, or mail-coaches, swift beyond compare."

XXIX.

Philosophizing thus, he pulled the check
 And bade the coachman wheel to such a street,

Who, turning much his body, more his neck,
 Louted full low, and hoarsely did him greet :
 " Certes, monsieur were best take to his feet,
 Seeing his servant can no further drive
 For press of coaches, that to-night here meet,
 Many as bees about a straw-capped hive,
 When first for April honey into faint flowers they dive."

XXX.

Eban then paid his fare, and tiptoe went
 To Hum's hotel ; and, as he on did pass
 With head inclined, each dusky lineament
 Showed in the pearl-paved street, as in a glass ;
 His purple vest, that ever peeping was
 Rich from the fluttering crimson of his cloak,
 His silvery trousers, and his silken sash,
 Tied in a burnished knot, their semblance took
 Upon the mirrored walls, wherever he might look.

XXXI.

He smiled at self, and, smiling, showed his teeth,
 And seeing his white teeth, he smiled the more ;
 Lifted his eye-brows, spurned the path beneath,
 Showed teeth again, and smiled as heretofore,
 Until he knocked at the magician's door ;
 Where, till the porter answered, might be seen,
 In the clear panel more he could adore,—
 His turban wreathed of gold, and white, and green,
 Mustachios, ear-ring, nose-ring, and his sabre keen.

XXXII.

" Does not your master give a rout to-night ?"
 Quoth the dark page. " Oh, no !" returned the Swiss,
 " Next door but one to us, upon the right,
 The *Magazin des Modes* now open is
 Against the Emperor's wedding ;—and, sir, this

My master finds a monstrous horrid bore ;
 As he retired, an hour ago I wis,
 With his best beard and brimstone, to explore
 And cast a quiet figure in his second floor.

XXXIII.

“Gad ! he’s obliged to stick to business !
 For chalk, I hear, stands at a pretty price ;
 And as for *aqua vitæ*—there’s a mess !
 The *dentes sapientie* of mice,
 Our barber tells me too, are on the rise,—
 Tinder’s a lighter article,—nitre pure
 Goes off like lightning,—grains of Paradise
 At an enormous figure !—stars not sure !—
 Zodiac will not move without a slight *douceur* !

XXXIV.

“Venus won’t stir a peg without a fee,
 And master is too partial, *entre nous*,
 To”—— “Hush—hush !” cried Eban, “sure that is he
 Coming downstairs,—by St. Bartholomew !
 As backwards as he can,—is ’t something new ?
 Or is ’t his custom, in the name of fun ?”
 “He always comes down backward, with one shoe”—
 Returned the porter—“off, and one shoe on,
 Like, saving shoe for sock or stocking, my man John !”

XXXV.

It was indeed the great Magician,
 Feeling, with careful toe, for every stair,
 And retrograding careful as he can,
 Backwards and downwards from his own two pair :
 “Salpietro !” exclaimed Hum, “is the dog there ?”
 He’s always in my way upon the mat !”
 “He’s in the kitchen, or the Lord knows where,”—
 Replied the Swiss,—“the nasty, whelping brat !”
 “Don’t beat him !” returned Hum, and on the floor came pat.

XXXVI.

Then facing right about, he saw the page,
 And said : " Don't tell me what you want, Eban ;
 The Emperor is now in a huge rage,—
 'Tis nine to one he'll give you the rattan !
 Let us away ! " Away together ran
 The plain-dressed sage and spangled blackamoor,
 Nor rested till they stood to cool, and fan,
 And breathe themselves at th' Emperor's chamber door,
 When Eban thought he heard a soft imperial snore.

XXXVII.

" I thought you guessed, foretold, or prophesied,
 That 's Majesty was in a raving fit ? "
 " He dreams," said Hum, " or I have ever lied,
 That he is tearing you, sir, bit by bit."
 " He's not asleep, and you have little wit,"
 Replied the page ; " that little buzzing noise,
 Whate'er your palmistry may make of it,
 Comes from a plaything of the Emperor's choice,
 From a Man-Tiger-Organ, prettiest of his toys."

XXXVIII.

Eban then ushered in the learnèd Seer :
 Elfinan's back was turned, but, ne'ertheless,
 Both, prostrate on the carpet, ear by ear,
 Crept silently, and waited in distress,
 Knowing the Emperor's moody bitterness ;
 Eban especially, who on the floor 'gan
 Tremble and quake to death,—he fearèd less
 A dose of senna-tea or nightmare Gorgon
 Than the Emperor when he play'd on his Man-Tiger-Organ.

XXXIX.

They kissed nine times the carpet's velvet face
 Of glossy silk, soft, smooth, and meadow-green,

Where the close eye in deep rich fur might trace
 A silver tissue, scantly to be seen,
 As daisies lurked in June grass, buds in green ;
 Sudden the music ceased, sudden the hand
 Of majesty, by dint of passion keen,
 Doubled into a common fist, went grand,
 And knocked down three cut glasses and his best ink-stand.

XL.

Then turning round, he saw those trembling two :
 "Eban," said he, "as slaves should taste the fruits
 Of diligence, I shall remember you
 To-morrow, or next day, as time suits,
 In a finger conversation with my mutes,—
 Begone!—for you, Chaldean! here remain ;
 Fear not, quake not, and as good wine recruits
 A conjurer's spirits, what cup will you drain?
 Sherry in silver, hock in gold, or glassed champagne?"

XLI.

"Commander of the Faithful!" answered Hum,
 "In preference to these, I'll merely taste
 A thimble-full of old Jamaica rum."
 "A simple boon!" said Elfinan ; "thou mayst
 Have Nantz, with which my morning-coffee's laced."
 "I'll have a glass of Nantz, then,"—said the seer,—
 "Made racy—(sure my boldness is misplaced!)—
 With the third part—(yet that is drinking dear!)—
 Of the least drop of *crème de citron*, crystal clear."

XLII.

"I pledge you, Hum! and pledge my dearest love,
 My Bertha!" "Bertha! Bertha!" cried the sage,
 "I know a many Berthas!" "Mine's above
 All Berthas!" sighed the Emperor. "I engage,"
 Said Hum, "in duty, and in vassalage,

To mention all the Berthas in the earth ;—
 There's Bertha Watson,—and Miss Bertha Page,—
 This famed for languid eyes, and that for mirth,—
 There's Bertha Blount of York,—and Bertha Knox of Perth."

XLIII.

"You seem to know"—"I do know," answered Hum,
 "Your Majesty's in love with some fine girl
 Named Bertha ; but her surname will not come,
 Without a little conjuring." "'Tis Pearl,
 'Tis Bertha Pearl ! What makes my brains so whirl ?
 And she is softer, fairer than her name !"
 "Where does she live ?" asked Hum. "Her fair locks curl
 So brightly, they put all our fays to shame !—
 Live?—O ! at Canterbury, with her old granddame."

XLIV.

"Good ! good !" cried Hum, "I've known her from a
 child !
 She is a changeling of my management ;
 She was born at midnight in an Indian wild ;
 Her mother's screams with the striped tigers blent,
 While the torch-bearing slaves a halloo sent
 Into the jungles ; and her palanquin,
 Rested amid the desert's dreariment,
 Shook with her agony, till fair were seen
 The little Bertha's eyes ope on the stars serene."

XLV.

"I can't say," said the monarch ; "that may be,
 Just as it happened, true or else a bam !
 Drink up your brandy, and sit down by me,
 Feel, feel my pulse—how much in love I am !
 And if your science is not all a sham
 Tell me some means to get the lady here."

“Upon my honour!” said the son of Cham,
 “She is my dainty changeling, near and dear,
 Although her story sounds at first a little queer.”

XLVI.

“Convey her to me, Hum, or by my crown,
 My sceptre, and my cross-surmounted globe,
 I’ll knock you”—“Does your majesty mean—*down?*
 No, no, you never could my feelings probe
 To such a depth!” The Emperor took his robe,
 And wept upon its purple palatine,
 While Hum continued, shamming half a sob,—
 “In Canterbury doth your lady shine?
 But let me cool your brandy with a little wine.”

XLVII.

Whereat a narrow Flemish glass he took,
 That since belonged to Admiral De Witt.
 Admired it with a connoisseuring look,
 And with the ripest claret crownèd it;
 And, ere the lively bead could burst and flit,
 He turned it quickly, nimbly upside down,
 His mouth being held conveniently fit
 To catch the treasure: “Best in all the town!”
 He said, smacked his moist lips, and gave a pleasant frown.

XLVIII.

“Ah! good, my Prince, weep not!” And then again
 He filled a bumper. “Great Sire, do not weep!
 Your pulse is shocking, but I’ll ease your pain.”
 “Fetch me that ottoman, and prithee keep
 Your voice low,” said the Emperor; “and steep
 Some lady’s-fingers nice in Candy wine;
 And prithee, Hum, behind the screen do peep
 For the rose-water vase, magician mine!
 And sponge my forehead,—so my love doth make me pine.

XLIX.

“Ah, cursèd Bellanaine!” “Don’t think of her,”
 Rejoined the Mago, “but on Bertha muse;
 For, by my choicest best barometer,
 You shall not throttled be in marriage noose;
 I’ve said it, Sire; you only have to choose—
 Bertha or Bellanaine.” So saying, he drew
 From the left pocket of his threadbare hose
 A sampler, hoarded slyly, good as new,
 Holding it by his thumb and finger full in view.

L.

“Sire, this is Bertha Pearl’s neat handy-work;
 Her *name*, see here, *Midsummer, ninety-one.*”
 Elfinan snatched it with a sudden jerk,
 And wept as if he never would have done,
 Honouring with royal tears the poor homespun;
 Whereon were broidered tigers with black eyes,
 And long-tailed phesants, and a rising sun,
 Plenty of posies, great stags, butterflies
 Bigger than stags,—a moon,—with other mysteries.

LI.

The monarch handled o’er and o’er again
 These day-school hieroglyphics with a sigh;
 Somewhat in sadness, but pleased in the main.
 Till this oracular couplet met his eye
 Astounded: *Cupid, I do thee defy!*
 It was too much. He shrunk back in his chair,
 Grew pale as death, and fainted—very nigh.
 “Pho! nonsense!” exclaimed Hum, “now don’t despair:
 She does not mean it, really. Cheer up, hearty—there!”

LII.

“And listen to my words. You say you won’t,
 On any terms, marry Miss Bellanaine;

It goes against your conscience—good! Well, don't.
 You say you love a mortal. I would fain
 Persuade your honour's highness to refrain
 From peccadilloes. But, Sire, as I say,
 What good would that do? And, to be more plain,
 You would do me a mischief some odd day,
 Cut off my ears and hands, or head, too, by my fay!

LIII.

“ Besides, manners forbid that I should pass any
 Vile strictures on the conduct of a prince
 Who should indulge his genius, if he has any,
 Not, like a subject, foolish matters mince.
 Now I think on 't, perhaps I could convince
 Your Majesty there is no crime at all
 In loving pretty little Bertha, since
 She's very delicate,—not over tall,—
 A fairy's hand, and in the waist why—very small.”

LIV.

“ Ring the repeater, gentle Hum!” “ 'Tis five,”
 Said gentle Hum; “ the nights draw in apace;
 The little birds, I hear, are all alive;
 I see the dawning touched upon your face;
 Shall I put out the candles, please your Grace?”
 “ Do put them out, and, without more ado,
 Tell me how I may that sweet girl embrace,—
 How you can bring her to me.” “ That's for you,
 Great Emperor! to adventure, like a lover true.”

LV.

“ I fetch her?”—“ Yes, an't like your Majesty;
 And as she would be frightened wide awake
 To travel such a distance through the sky,
 Use of some soft manœuvre you must make,
 For your convenience and her dear nerves' sake;

Nice way would be to bring her in a swoon,
 Anon, I'll tell what course were best to take ;
 You must away this morning." " Hum ! so soon ?"
 " Sire, you must be in Kent by twelve o'clock at noon."

LVI.

At this great Cæsar started on his feet,
 Lifted his wings, and stood attentive-wise.
 " Those wings to Canterbury you must beat,
 If you hold Bertha as a worthy prize.
 Look in the Almanack—*Moore* never lies—
 April the twenty-fourth,—this coming day,
 Now breathing its new bloom upon the skies,
 Will end in St. Mark's Eve ;—you must away,
 For on that eve alone can you the maid convey."

LVII.

Then the magician solemnly 'gan to frown,
 So that his frost-white eyebrows, beetling low,
 Shaded his deep green eyes and wrinkles brown
 Plaited upon his furnace-scorchèd brow :
 Forth from his hood that hung his neck below,
 He lifted a bright casket of pure gold,
 Touched a spring-lock, and there in wool or snow,
 Charmed into ever freezing, lay an old
 And legend leavèd book, mysterious to behold.

LVIII.

" Take this same book,—it will not bite you, Sire ;
 There, put it underneath your royal arm ;
 Though it's a pretty weight it will not tire,
 But rather on your journey keep you warm :
 This is the magic, this the potent charm,
 That shall drive Bertha to a fainting fit !
 When the time comes don't feel the least alarm,
 But lift her from the ground, and swiftly flit
 Back to your palace. * * *

LIX.

“What shall I do with that same book?” “Why, merely
Lay it on Bertha’s table, close beside
Her work-box, and ’twill help your purpose dearly ;
I say no more.” “Or good or ill betide,
Through the wide air to Kent this morn I glide !”
Exclaimed the Emperor. “When I return,
Ask what you will,—I’ll give you my new bride !
And take some more wine, Hum ;—O heavens ! I burn
To be upon the wing ! Now, now that minx I spurn !”

LX.

“Leave her to me,” rejoined the magian :
“But how shall I account, illustrious fay !
For thine imperial absence ? Pho ! I can
Say you are very sick, and bar the way
To your so loving courtiers for one day ;
If either of their two archbishops’ graces
Should talk of extreme unction, I shall say
You do not like cold pig with Latin phrases,
Which never should be used but in alarming cases.”

LXI.

“Open the window, Hum ! I’m ready now !”
“Zooks !” exclaimed Hum, as up the sash he drew,
“Behold, your Majesty, upon the brow
Of yonder hill, what crowds of people !” “Where ?
The monster’s always after something new,”
Returned his Highness, “they are piping hot
To see my pigsney Bellanaine. Hum ! do
Tighten my belt a little,—so, so,—not
Too tight,—the book !—my wand !—so, nothing is forgot.”

LXII.

“Wounds ! how they shout !” said Hum, “and there,—
see, see !

Th' ambassador's returned from Pigmio !
 'The morning's very fine,—unccommonly !
 See, past the skirts of yon white cloud they go,
 Tinging it with soft crimsons ! Now below
 Those sable-pointed heads of firs and pines
 They dip, move on, and with them moves a glow
 Along the forest side ! Now amber lines
 Reach the hill top, and now throughout the valley shines."

LXIII.

"Why, Hum, you're getting quite poetical !
 Those *nows* you managed in a special style."
 "If ever you have leisure, Sire, you shall
 See scraps of mine will make it worth your while,
 Tit-bits for Phoebus !—yes, you well may smile.
 Hark ! hark ! the bells !" "A little further yet,
 Good Hum, and let me view this mighty coil."
 Then the great Emperor full graceful set
 His elbow for a prop, and snuffed his mignonette."

LXIV.

The morn is full of holiday ; loud bells
 With rival clamours ring from every spire ;
 Cunningly-stationed music dies and swells
 In echoing places ; when the winds respire,
 Light flags stream out like gauzy tongues of fire ;
 A metropolitan murmur, lifeiful, warm,
 Comes from the northen suburbs ; rich attire
 Freckles with red and gold the moving swarm ;
 While here and there clear trumpets blow a keen alarm.

LXV.

And now the fairy escort was seen clear,
 Like the old pageant of Aurora's train,
 Above a pearl-built minster, hovering near ;
 First wily Crafticant, the chamberlain,

THE CAP AND BELLS.

Balanced upon his grey-grown pinions twain,
 His slender wand officially revealed ;
 Then black gnomes scattering sixpences like rain ;
 Then pages three and three ; and next, slave-held,
 The Imaian 'scutcheon bright,—one mouse in argent field.

LXVI.

Gentlemen pensioners next ; and after them,
 A troop of winged Janizaries flew ;
 Then slaves, as presents bearing many a gem ;
 Then twelve physicians fluttering two and two ;
 And next a chaplain in a cassock new ;
 Then Lords in waiting ; then (what head not reels
 For pleasure ?)—the fair Princess in full view,
 Borne upon wings,—and very pleased she feels
 To have such splendour dance attendance at her heels.

LXVII.

For there was more magnificence behind :
 She waved her handkerchief. “ Ah, very grand ! ”
 Cried Elfinan, and closed the window-blind ;
 “ And, Hum, we must not shilly-shally stand,—
 Adieu ! adieu ! I'm off for Angle-land !
 I say, old Hocus, have you such a thing
 About you,—feel your pockets, I command,—
 I want, this instant, an invisible ring,—
 Thank you, old mummy !—now securely I take wing.”

LXVIII.

Then Elfinan swift vaulted from the floor,
 And lighted graceful on the window-sill ;
 Under one arm the magic book he bore,
 The other he could wave about at will ;
 Pale was his face, he still looked very ill :
 He bowed at Bellanaine, and said—“ Poor Bell ;

Farewell ! farewell ! and if for ever ! still
 For ever fare thee well !"—and then he fell
 A laughing !—snapped his fingers !—shame it is to tell !

LXIX.

"By 'r Lady ! he is gone !" cries Hum, "and I—
 (I own it)—have made too free with his wine ;
 Old Crafticant will smoke me. By-the-bye !
 This room is full of jewels as a mine.
 Dear valuable creatures, how ye shine !
 Sometime to-day I must contrive a minute,
 If Mercury propitiously incline,
 To examine his scrutoire, and see what's in it,
 For of superfluous diamonds I as well may thin it.

LXX.

"The Emperor's horrid bad ; yes, that's my cue !"
 Some histories say that this was Hum's last speech ;
 That, being fuddled, he went reeling through
 The corridor, and scarce upright could reach
 The stair-head ; that being glutted as a leech,
 And used, as we ourselves have just now said,
 To manage stairs reversely, like a peach
 Too ripe, he fell, being puzzled in his head
 With liquor and the staircase : verdict—*found stone dead.*

LXXI.

This as a falsehood Crafticanto treats ;
 And as his style is of strange elegance,
 Gentle and tender, full of soft conceits,
 (Much like our Boswell's), we will take a glance
 At his sweet prose, and, if we can, make dance
 His woven periods into careless rhyme ;
 O, little faery Pegasus ! rear—prance—
 Trot round the quarto—ordinary time !
 March, little Pegasus, with pawing hoof sublime !

THE CAP AND BELLS.

LXXII.

Well, let us see,—*tenth book and chapter nine*,—
 'Thus Crafticant pursues his diary :—
 "'Twas twelve o'clock at night, the weather fine,
 Latitude thirty-six ; our scouts descry
 A flight of starlings making rapidly
 Towards Thibet. Mem. :—birds fly in the night ;
 From twelve to half-past—wings not fit to fly
 For a thick fog—The Princess sulky quite ;
 Called for an extra shawl, and gave her nurse a bite.

LXXIII.

" Five minutes before one—brought down a moth
 With my new double-barrel—stewed the thighs
 And made a very tolerable broth—
 Princess turned dainty, to our great surprise,
 Altered her mind, and thought it very nice :
 Seeing her pleasant, tried her with a pun,
 She frowned ; a monstrous owl across us flies
 About this time,—a sad old figure of fun ;
 Bad omen—this new match can't be a happy one.

LXXIV.

" From two to half-past, dusky way we made,
 Above the plains of Gobi,—desert, bleak ;
 Beheld afar off, in the hooded shade
 Of darkness, a great mountain (strange to speak),
 Spitting, from forth its sulphur-baken peak,
 A fan-shaped burst of blood-red, arrowy fire,
 Turbaned with smoke, which still away did reek,
 Solid and black from that eternal pyre,
 Upon the laden winds that scantily could respire.

LXXV.

" Just upon three o'clock a falling star
 Created an alarm among our troop,

Killed a man-cook, a page, and broke a jar,
 A tureen, and three dishes, at one swoop,
 Then passing by the Princess, singed her hoop :
 Could not conceive what Coralline was at,
 She clapped her hands three times and cried out ' Whoop !
 Some strange Imaian custom. A large bat
 Came sudden 'fore my face, and brushed against my hat.

LXXVI.

" Five minutes thirteen seconds after three,
 Far in the west a mighty fire broke out,
 Conjectured, on the instant, it might be,
 The city of Balk—'twas Balk beyond all doubt :
 A griffin, wheeling here and there about,
 Kept reconnoitring us—doubled our guard—
 Lighted our torches, and kept up a shout,
 Till he sheered off—the Princess very scared—
 And many on their marrowbones for death prepared.

LXXVII.

" At half-past three arose the cheerful moon—
 Bivouacked for four minutes on a cloud—
 Where from the earth we heard a lively tune
 Of tambourines and pipes, serene and loud,
 While on a flowery lawn a brilliant crowd
 Cinque-parted danced, some half-asleep reposed
 Beneath the green-faned cedars, some did shroud
 In silken tents, and 'mid light fragrance dosed,
 Or on the open turf their soothèd eyelids closed.

LXXVIII.

" Dropped my gold watch, and killed a kettledrum—
 It went for apoplexy—foolish folks !—
 Left it to pay the piper—a good sum—
 (I've got a conscience, maugre people's jokes)
 To scrape a little favour ; 'gan to coax

Her Highness' pug-dog—got a sharp rebuff—
 She wished a game at whist—made three revokes—
 Turned from myself, her partner, in a huff;
 His Majesty will know her temper time enough.

LXXIX.

“She cried for chess—I played a game with her—
 Castled her King with such a vixen look,
 It bodes ill to his Majesty—(refer
 To the second chapter of my fortieth book,
 And see what hoity-toity airs she took).
 At half-past four the morn essayed to beam—
 Saluted, as we passed, an early rook—
 The Princess fell asleep, and, in her dream,
 Talked of one Master Hubert, deep in her esteem.

LXXX.

“About this time,—making delightful way,—
 Shed a quill-feather from my larboard wing—
 Wished, trusted, hoped 'twas no sign of decay—
 Thank Heaven, I'm hearty yet!—'twas no such thing:—
 At five the golden light began to spring,
 With fiery shudder through the bloomèd east;
 At six we heard Panthea's churches ring—
 The city all his unhived swarms had cast,
 To watch our grand approach, and hail us as we passed.

LXXXI.

“As flowers turn their faces to the sun,
 So on our flight with hungry eyes they gaze,
 And, as we shaped our course, this, that way run,
 With mad-cap pleasure, or hand-clasped amaze;
 Sweet in the air a mild-toned music plays,
 And progresses through its own labyrinth;
 Buds gathered from the green spring's middle-days,
 They scattered,—daisy, primrose, hyacinth,—
 Or round white columns wreathed from capital to plinth

LXXXII.

“Onward we floated o’er the panting streets,
That seemed throughout with upheld faces paved;
Look where we will, our bird’s-eye vision meets
Legions of holiday; bright standards waved,
And fluttering ensigns emulously craved
Our minute’s glance; a busy thunderous roar,
From square to square, among the buildings raved,
As when the sea, at flow, gluts up once more
The craggy hollowness of a wild reefèd shore.

LXXXIII.

“And ‘Bellanaine for ever!’ shouted they;
While that fair Princess, from her wingèd chair,
Bowed low with high demeanour, and, to pay
Their new-blown loyalty with guerdon fair,
Still emptied, at meet distance, here and there,
A plenty horn of jewels. And here I
(Who wish to give the devil her due) declare
Against that ugly piece of calumny,
Which calls them Highland pebble-stones, not worth a fly.

LXXXIV.

“Still ‘Bellanaine!’ they shouted, while we glide
’Slant to a light Ionic portico,
The city’s delicacy, and the pride
Of our Imperial Basilic; a row
Of lords and ladies, on each hand, make show
Submissive of knee-bent obeisance,
All down the steps; and as we entered, lo!
The strangest sight—the most unlooked for chance—
All things turned topsy-turvy in a devil’s dance.

LXXXV.

“’Stead of his anxious Majesty and court
At the open doors, with wide saluting eyes,

Congées and scrape-graces of every sort,
 And all the smooth routine of gallantries,
 Was seen, to our immoderate surprise,
 A motley crowd thick gathered in the hall,
 Lords, scullions, deputy-scullions, with wild cries
 Stunning the vestibule from wall to wall,
 Where the Chief Justice on his knees and hands doth crawl.

LXXXVI.

“Counts of the palace, and the state purveyor
 Of moth’s-down, to make soft the royal beds,
 The Common Council and my fool Lord Mayor
 Marching a-row, each other slipshod treads ;
 Powdered bag-wigs and ruffy-tuffy heads
 Of cinder wenches meet and soil each other ;
 Toe crushed with heel ill-natured fighting breeds,
 Frill-rumpling elbows brew up many a bother,
 And fists in the short ribs keep up the yell and pother.

LXXXVII.

“A Poet, mounted on the Court-Clown’s back,
 Rode to the Princess swift with spurring heels,
 And close into her face, with rhyming clack,
 Began a Prothalamion ;—she reels,
 She falls, she faints ! while laughter peals
 Over her woman’s weakness. ‘Where,’ cried I,
 ‘Where is his Majesty ?’ No person feels
 Inclined to answer ; wherefore instantly
 I plunged into the crowd to find him or to die.

LXXXVIII.

“Jostling my way I gained the stairs, and ran
 To the first landing, where, incredible !
 I met, far gone in liquor, Hum,—

So far so well,—

For we have proved the Mago never fell

Down stairs on Crafticanto's evidence ;
And therefore duly shall proceed to tell,
Plain in our own original mood and tense,
The sequel of this day, though labour 'tis immense !”

* * * * *

No mors was written.

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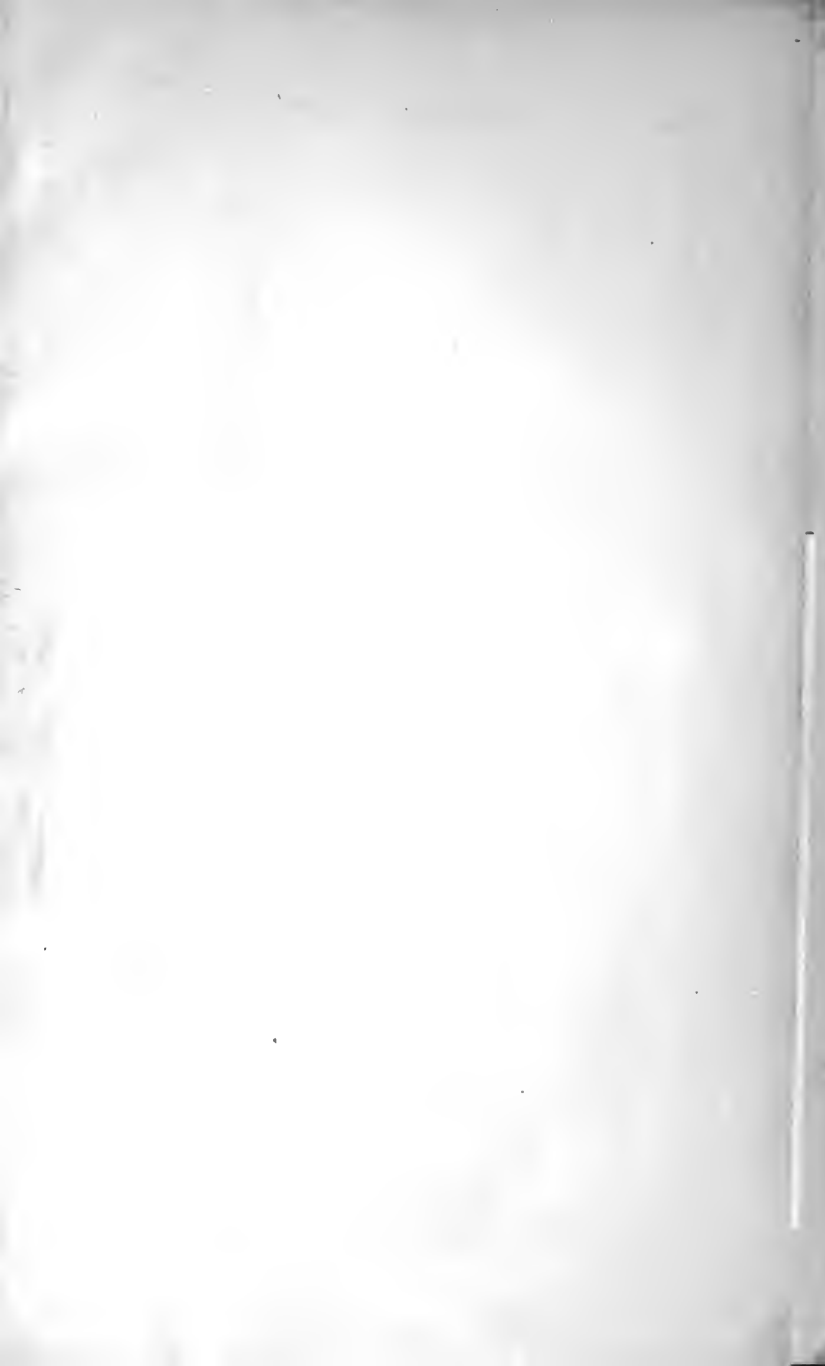
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