

## THE

## POETICAL WORKS

## OF

## WILL. SHENSTONE. <br> WITH

THE LIFE OF THE AUTHOK,
AND
A DESCRIPTION OF THE LEASOWES.


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## LomDon:

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## PREFACE.

AGREAT part of the Poetical Works of Mr. Shenftone, particularly his Elegies and Paftorais, are (as he himelf exprefies it) " The exact trantcripts of the fituation of his own mind," and abound in frequent allufions to his own place, the beautiful fcene of his retirement from the world. Exclufively, therefore, of our natural curiofity to be acquainted with the hiftory of an author whofe Works we perufe with plealure, fome fhort account of Mr. Shenftone's perional character, and fituation in life, may not only be agreeable, but abfolutely neceffary, to the reader', as it is impofinble he thould enter into the true fpirit of his writings, if he is entirely ignorant of thofe circumitances of his life, which fornetimes fo greatly influenced his reflections.

I could wifh, however, that this tank had been allotted to fome perfon capable of performing it in that mafterly manner which the fubject fo weil deferves. To confefs the truth, it was chiefly to prevent his Remains from falling into the hands of any one fill lefs qualified to do him jufice, that I have unwillingly ventured to undertake the publication of them myfelf.

Mr. Shentone was the cldeft fon of a plain uneducated gentleman in Shropthire, who farmed his own efate. The father, femfible of his fon's extraordinary capacity, reiolved to give him a learned education, and fent him a cummener to Pembroke College in Oxford, defigning him fo: the church ; but though he had the moft awtul notions of the widdom, power, and goodnefs, of God, he never coud be perfuaded to enter into orders. In his private opinions he adhered to no particular feet, and hated all reli itions difputes. But whatever were his own fentiments, he always fhewed great tendernefs to thole who differd from him. Tendemefs, indeed, in cyery fenfe of the word, was his peculiar charavierific ; his fiemds, his domeftics, his poor neighbours, all daily ewperienced his banevolent turn of mind. Indeed, this virtue in him was often carried to fuch excels, that it fometimes bordered upon
weakners; yet if he was convinced that any of thofe ranked amongt the number of his friends had treated him ungeneroully, he was not eafily reconciled. He ued a maxim, however, on fuch occafions, which is worthy of being obferved and imitated: "I never," faid he, "s will be a revengeful enemy; but I cannot, it is not in my nature to be half a friend." He was in his temper quite unfufpicious; but if fufpicion was once awakened in him, it was not laid afleep again without difficulty.

He was $n 0$ economift the generofity of his temper prevented him from paying a proper regard to the ufe of money: he exceeded, therefore, the bounds of his paternal fortune, which before he died was confiderably incumbered. But when one recollects the perfect paradife he had raifed around him, the hofpitality with which he lived, his great indulgence to his fervants, his charities to the indigent, and all done with an effate not more than three hundred pounds a year, one fhould rather be led to wonder that he left any thing behind him, than to blame his want of economy. He left, however, more than fufficient to pay all his debts, and by his will appropriated his whole eftate for that purpole.

It was perhaps from fome confiderations on the narrownel's of his tortune that he forbore to marry, for he was no enemy to wedlock, had a high opinion of many among the fair fex, was fond of their fociety, and no franger to the tendereft impreflions. One, which he received in his youth, was with difficulty furmounted. The lady was the firbject of that fiveet paitoral, in fourparts, which has been fo univerlally admired; and which, one would have thought, mult have fubdued the loftiet heart, and foftened the moft obdurate.

His perfon, as to height, was above the middle ftature, but largely and rather inelegantly formed: his face feemed plain till you converfed with him, and then it grew very pleafing. In hisctrefs he was negligent even to a fault; though, when young, at the univerfity, he was accounted a beau. He wore his own
kair, which was quite grey very early, in a particular manner; not from any affectation of fingularity, but from a maxim he had laid down, that, without too lavifh a regard to fafhion, cvery one hould drefs in a minner moft fuitable to his own perfon and figure. In fifurt, his faults were only little blemifhes, thrown in by Nature, as it were, on purpofe, to prevent him from rifing too much abore that level of imperfection allotted to humanity.

His charatter, as a writer, will be diftinguifhed by fimplicity with elegance, and genius with correctuefs. He had a fublimity equal to the highelt attempts; yee, from the indolence of his temper, he chofe rather to amufe himfelf in culling flowers at the foot of the mount, than to take the trouble of climbing the more arduous fteeps of Parnaffus: but whenever he was difpofed to rife, his fteps, though natural, were noble, and always well fupported. In the tendernefs of Elegiac Poetry he hath not been excelled; in the fimplicity of Paftoral, one may venture to fay, he had very few equals. Of great fenfibility himfelf, he never failed to engage the hearts of his readers; and, amidft the niceft attention to the harmony of his numbers, he always took care to exprefs, with propriety, the fentiments of an elegant mind. In all his writings his greateft difficulty was to pleafe himfelf. I remember a paffage in one of his Letters, where, fpeaking of his Lovefongs, he fays, -" Some were written on occafions a good deal imaginary, others not fo; and the reafon there are fo many is, that I wanted to write one good fong, and could never pleafe myfelf." It was this diffidence which occafioned him to throw afide many of his pieces before he had beftowed upon them his laft touches. I have fuppreffed feveral on this account; and if, among thofe which I have felected, there fhould be difcovered fome little want of his finifhing polifh, I hope it will be attributed to this caufe, and, of courfe, be excufed: yet I flatter myfelf there will always appear fomething well worthy of having been preferved: and though I was afraid of inferting
what might injure the character of my friend, yet, as the $\mathbb{R}$ etches of a great mafter ale always valuable, I was unvilling the public fhould lofe any thing material of fo accomplifhed a writer. In this dilenma it will eafily be conceived that the talk I had to perform would become fomewhat difficult; how I have âcquitted myfelf the public muff judge. Nothing, however, except what he had already publifhed, has been admitted without the advice of his molt judicious friends; nothing altered without their particular concurrence. It is impoffible to pleafe every one; but'tis hoped that no reader will be fo unreafonable as to imagene that the Author wrote folely for his amufement : his talents were vaiious; and though it may perhaps be ailowed that his excellence chiefly appeared in fubjects of tenderne?s and fimplicity, yet he frequently condefcended to trifte with thofe of humour and drollery : thefe, indeed, he himfelf in fome meafure degraded, by the title which he gave them of Levities; but had they been entirely rejected, the public would have been deprived of fome jeux d'ef rits, excellent in their kind; and Mr. Shenttone's character as a writer would have been but imperfectly exhibited.

But the talents of Mr. Shenftone were not confined merely to portry.; his character, as a man of clear judgment and deep penetration, will beft appear from his Profe Works; it is there we mutt fearch for the acutenefs of his underftanding, and his profound knowldge of the human lieart. It is to be lamented, inderd, that fome things here are urfinifhed, and can be regarded only as fragments: many are left as fingle thoughts, but which, like the fparks of diamonds, hhew the richnefs of the mine to which they beleng; cr, like the foot of Hercules, difoover the uncommon frength and extraordinary dimenfions of that hero. I have no apprehenficn of incurring blare from any one for preferving thefe valuable renainis; they will difcover to every reader the Author's fentiments on feveral important fubjects; and there can be very few to whom they will not impart many thoughts which they would never perhaps have been ${ }_{l}$ able to draw fiom the fource of their own reflections.

But I believe little need be faid to recommend the writings of this gentleman to public attention. His character is already fufficiently eftablifhed; and if he be not injured by the inability of his editor, there is no doubt but he will ever maintain an eminent ftation among the beft of our Englifh writers.
R. DODSIEY.


## A PREFATORY ESSAY ON ELEGY.

$\mathrm{I}^{\mathrm{T}}$ is obfervable that difcourfes prefixed to poetry, are contrived very frequently to inculcate fuch tenets as may exhibit the performance to the greateft advantage: the fabric is very commonly railed in the firft place, and the meafures by which we are to judge of its merit are afterwards adjufted.

There have been few rules given us by the critics concerning the fructure of Elegiac Poetry ; and far be it from the author of the following trifles to dignify his own opinions with that denomination; he would only intimate the great variety of fubjects, and the different ftyles * in which the writers of Elegy have hitherto indulged themfelves, and endeavour to fhield the following ones by the latitude of their example.

If we confider the etymology of the word, $\dagger$ the epithet which Horace gives it, $\ddagger$ or the confeffion which Ovid makes concerning it, $\|$ I think we may conclude thus much, however, that Elegy, in its true and genuine acceptation, includes a tender and querulous idea; that it looks upon this as ite peculiar characteriftic, and fo long as this is thoroughly furtained, admits of a variety of fubje:ts, which, by its manner of treating them, it renders its own : it throws its melancholy ftole over pretty differentubjects, which, like the dreffes at a funeral proceffion, gives them all a kind of foltmn and uniform appearance.

It is probable that Elegies were written, at firft, upon the death of intimate friends and near relations; celebrated beauties, or favourite miltreffes; beneficent governors and illuftrious men: one may add, perhaps, of all thofe who are placed by Virgil in the laurel grove of his Elyfum, (Vide Hurd's Differtation on Horace's Epifte)

Quique fui memores alios fecere merendo.
After thefe fubjects were fufficiently exhaufted, and

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## A PREFATORY ESSAY ON ELEGY. Xi

 the feverity of fate dilplayed in the molt affecting infances, the poets fought occafion to vary their complaints, and the next tender fecies of forrow that prefented itfelf was the grief of abient or neglected lovers ; and this indulgence might be indeed allowed them, but with this they were not contented: they had obtained a fmall corner in the province of love, and they took advantage, trom thence, to overrun the whole territory: they fung its fooils, triumphs, ovations, and rejoicings*, as weil as the captivity and exequies that attended it: they gave the name of Elegy to their plealantries as well as lamentations, till at laft, thro" their abundant fondnefs for the myrtle, they forgot that the cyprefs was their peculiar garland.In this it is probable they deviated from the original defign of Elegy; and it fhould feem tlat any kind of fubjects, treated in fuch a manner as to diffufe a pleafing melancholy, might far better deferve the name, than the facetious mirth and libertine feltivity of the fuccefsful votaries of Love.

But, not to dwell too long upon an opinion which may feem, perhaps, introduced to favour the follow. ing performance, it may not be improper to examine into the ufe and end of Elegy. The moft important end of all poetry is to encourage virtue. Epic and Tragedy chiefly recommended the public virtues; Elegy is of a feecies which illuftrates and endears the private. 'There is a truly virtuous pleafure comnected with many penfive contemplations, which it is the province and excellency of Elegy to enforce: this, by prelenting fuitable ideas, has difcovered fweets in melancholy which we could not find in mirth, and has led $u s$, with fuccers, to the duifty urn, when we conld draw no pleatire from the fparkling bowl. As Pattural convers an idea of fimplicity and imnocence, it is in particular the tank and merit of Elegy to fhew the innocence and limplicity of rual life to advantage ; and that in a way diftinet from Paftoral, as much as the plain but judicious landlord may be inagined to fur-

811 A PREFATORY ESSAY ON ELEGY. pafs his tenant both in diguity and underfanding. It mould alfo tend to elevate the more tranquil virtues of humility, difintereftednefs, fimplicity, and innocence : but then there is a degree of elegance and refinement no way inconfiftent with thefe rural virtues, and that raifes Elegy above that merum rus, that unpolifhed rulficity, which has given our Paftoral writers their highelt reputation.

Wealth and fplendour will never want their proper weight; the danger is left they fhould too much preponderate: a kind of poetry, therefore, which throws its chiof influence into the other fcale, that magnifies the fweets of liberty and independence, that endears the honeit delights of love and friendihip, that celebrates the glory of a good name after death, that ridicules the futile arrogance of birth, that recommends the innocent amuiement of letters, and infenfibly prepares the mind for that humanity it inculcates ; fuch a Lind of poetry may chance to pleare; and if it pleate, thould feem to be of fervice.

As to the ftyle of Elegy, it may be well enough determined from what has gone before: it fhould imitate the voice and language of grief; or, if a mttaphor of drefs be more agreeable, it thould be fimple and diffure, and flowing as a mourner's reil. A verfification, therefore, is defirable, which, by indulging a free and uncomfrained exprefion, may admit of that fimplicity which Elegy requires.

Heroic metre, with alternate rhyme, feems well enough adapted to this fpecies of poetry; and, however exceptionable, upon other occafions, its inconveniencies appear to lole their weight in thorter Elegies, and its advantages feem to acquire an additional importance. The world has an admirable example of its beauty in a collection of Elegies* not long fince publifned, the product of a gentlemen of the mofr exact tafte, and whoie untimely diath merits all the tears that Elegy can thed.

[^2]> A PREFATORY ESSAY ON ELEGY.

It is not impoffible that fome may think this metre too lax and prodaic; others, that even a more difiolute variety of numbers may have fuperior advantages : and in favour of thele laft might be produced the example of Milton in his Lycides, together with one or two recent and beautiful imitations of his verfification in that monody. But this kind of argument, I am apt to think, muft prove too much, fince the writers I have in view feem capable enough of recommending any metre they fiall chufe; though it mult be owned alfo, that the choice they make of any is at the fame time the frongeft prefumption in its favour.

Perhaps, it may be no great difficulty to compromife the difpute. There is no one kind of metre that is diftinguithed by rhymes, but is liable to fome objection or other. Heroic verfe, where every fecond line is terminated by a rhyme, (with which the judgment requires that the fenfe fhould in fome meafure a!fo terminate, ) is apt to render the expreffion either fcanty or conftrained; and this is fometimes oblervable in the writings of a poet lately deceafed, though I believe no one ever threw fo much fenfe together, with fo much eafe, into a couplet, as Mr. Pope: but as an air of conlfraint too often accompanies this metre, it feems by no means proper fur a writer of Elegy.

The previous rhyme in Milton's Lycides is very frequently placed at fich a ditlance from the following, that it is often dropt by the memory (much better employed in attending to the fentiment) before it be brought to joinits partner; and this feems to be the greatef objection to that kinl of verfification : but then the peculiar eafe and varicty it admits of are, no doubt, fuincient to overbalance the objection, and to give it the preference to any other, in an Elegy of length.

The chief exception, to which Aanza of all kinds is liable, is, that it breaks the fenle too regularly when it is continued through a long poem; and this may be, pe.caps, the fault of Mr. Waller's excellent panesy: sic. Eut if this fault be leis difcumble in imaier
xiv A PREEATORY ESSAY ON ELEGY. compofitions, as I fuppofe it is, I flatter myfelf that the advantages I have before mentioned, refulting from alternate rhyme, (with which itanza is, I think, conneited, may at leaft, in fhorter Elegies, be allowed to out-weigh its imperfections.

I fhall fay but little of the different kinds of Elegy. The melancholy of a lover is different, no doubt, from what we feel on other mixed occafions. The mind in which love and grief at once predominate is foftened to excefs. Love elegy, therefore, is more negligent of order and defign, and, being addreffed chiefly to the ladies, requires little more than tendernefs and perpicuity. Elegies that are formed upon promifcuous incidents, and addeffed to the world in general, inculcate fome fort of moral, and admit a different degree of reatoning, thought, and order.

The Author of the following Elegies entered on his fubjects occafionally, as particular incidents in life fuggefted, or difpofitions of mind recommended them to his choice. If he defcribes a rural landfcape, or unfolds the train of fentiments it infipired, he fairly drew his picture from the fpot, and felt very fenfibly the affestion he communicates; if he fpeaks of his humble fled, his flocks and his fleeces, he does not counterfeit the fcene, who having (whether through choice or neceffity is not material) retired betimes to country folitudes, and fought his happinets in ruralemployments, has a right to confider himielf as a real flepherd. The Hlocks, the meadows, and the grottos, are his own, and the embellithment of his farm his fole amufement. As the feutiments, therefore, were infpired by Nature, and that in the earlier part of his life, he hopes they will retain a natural appearance, diffufing at leaft fome part of that amufement which, he frcely acknowledges, he received from the compofition of them.

There will appear, perhaps, a real inconfiftency in the moral tenour of the feveral Elegies, and the lubfequent ones may fometimes feem a recantation of the preceding. The reader will fearcely impute this to overfight, but will allow that mens' opinions, as well as tempers, vary; that neither public nor private, active nor fpeculative, life, are unexceptionably hajpy, and confequently, that any change of opinion concerning them may afford an additional beauty to poetry, as it gives us a more friking reprefentation of lile.

If the Author has hazarded, throughout, the ufe of Englifh or modern allufions, he hopes it will not be imputed to an entire ignorance, or to the leaft dif $\rightarrow$ efiem of the ancient learning. He has kept the ancient plan and method in his eye, though he builds his edifice with the materials of lis own nation. In other words, through a fondnefs for his native couns. try, he has made ule of the flowers it produced, tho, in order to exhibit them to the oreater advantage, he has endeavoured to weave his garland by the bett model he could find ; with what luccels, beyond his own amufement, muft be left to judges lefs partial to lima than either his acquaintance or his friends.-If any of thofe thould be fo candid as to approve the variety of fubjects he has chofen, and the tendernefs of felltinment lu has endeavoured io imprefs, lue begs the metre alfo may not be too fuddenly condemned. Tle public ear, habituated of late to a quicker meafure, may perhaps confider this as heavy and languid ; but an objection of that kind may gradually lofe its force, if this mealure fould be allowed to fuit the nature of Elegy.

If it thould happen to be confidered as an objection with others, that there is too much of a moral caft diffufed througl the whole, it is replied, that he the deavoured to animate the poetry fo far as not to render this objection too obvicis, or to rifk excluding the fafhionable reader; at the fame time never deviating from a fixed principle, that poetry without inorality is but the bloffon of a fruit-tree. Poetry is, indeed, like that Species of plants which may bear at once buth fruits and bloffoms ; and the tree is by no means in perfection without the former, however it nay be cmbellifhed by the flowers which furround it.

## ADVERTISEMENT

TO THE READER.

$T^{0}$ this edition is fubjoined (for the fake of thofe readers to rwbom it may not prove unwelcome) an explanation, or, ratber, in mof places, a liberal imitation, of all the Latin infcriptions and quotations througbout tbis Work, by Mr. Hull. That gentleman's rvell-known friend/bip for Mr. Shenfone, and willingnefs to oblige, being bis fole inducements to this (as be chufes to bave it called) trifling addition, the editor thinks it no more than a juft return of gratitude to let bis purcbafers know to whom they are bebolden for it. Se it remembered, horwever, that it was executed in a conntry retirement, rebere our eminent tranflotors of the Clafics avere not at band to be confulted.

## A DESCRIPTION OF THE LEASOWES.*

 The Seat of the late William Sbenfone, Efq.BY R. DODSLEY.

THE Leafowes is fituate in the parifh of Hales Owerr, a finall market town in the county of Salop, but furrounded by other counties, and thirty miles from Shrewfbury, as it is near ten to the borders of Shropmire. Though a paternal eftate, it was never difinguifhed for any peculiar beauties till the time of its late owner. It was referved for a perion of his ingenuity both to difcover and improve them, which he has done to effectually, that it is now confidered as amongft the principal of thole delightin] fcenes which perfons of taite, in the prefent age, are defirous to fee. Far from violating its ratural beauties, Mr. Shenftone's only fudy was to give them their full effect; and although the form in which things now appear be indeed the confequences of much thought and labour, yet the hand of Art is 110 way vifible either in the flape of ground, the difpolition of trees, or (which are here fo numerous and itriking) the romantick fall of his cafcades.

But I will now proceed to a more particular defcription. About half a mile thort of Hales Owen, in your way from Birmingham to Bewdley, you quit the great road, and turn into a green lane on the left hand, where, defcending in a winding manner to the bottom of a deep valley, finely fhaded, the firft object that occurs is a kind of ruinated wall, and a fmall gate, within an arch, infcribed, "The Priory Gate." Here, it feems, the company fhould properly begin their walk, but generally chufe to go up with their horfes or equipage to the houfe, from whence returning, they defcend back into the valley. Paffing through a finall gate at the bottom of the fine fwel. ling lawn that furrounds the houle, you enter upon a

[^3] winding path, with a piece of water on your right. The path and water, overfhadowed with trees that grow upon the flopes of this narrow dingle, render the fcene at once cool, gloomy, folemn, and lequeftered, and form fo friking a contraft to the lively icene you have juft left, that you feem all on a fudden landed in a fubterraneous kind of region. Winding forward down the valley, you pals befide a fmall root-houle, where, on a tablet, are the lines:
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\begin{aligned}
& \text { "6 Here, in cool grot and mofly cell, } \\
& \text { "We rural Fays and Fair.es dwell; } \\
& \text { "6 } 1 \text { ho' rarely seen by mortal eye, } \\
& \text { "6 When the paje moon, aicending high, } \\
& \text { "S Darts thro yon' limes her quiv'ring beams, } \\
& \text { "We frifk it i,ear theie cryftal fremms. } \\
& \text { "Herbeams, reflected from the wave, } \\
& \text { "A ford the light our revels crave; } \\
& \text { " The turf, with daifies brcider d o'er, } \\
& \text { © Exceeds, we wot, the Parian floor; } \\
& \text { "Nor yet for artful itrains we call, } \\
& \text { "Gut liken to the water's fall. } \\
& \text { "6 Would you then take our tranquil fcene, } \\
& \text { "Be sure your bofomsbe ferenc, } \\
& \text { "s Devoid of hate, cevoid of frite, } \\
& \text { "s Devoid of all that poifons life; } \\
& \text { as And much it vails you in their place } \\
& \text { "To graft the love of human race. } \\
& \text { "And tread with awe t efe favour"d bowers, } \\
& \text { "s Nor wound the fhrubs nor brulte the Aowers; } \\
& \text { "so may your path with fweets ahound, } \\
& \text { "So may your couch with reat be crown'd! } \\
& \text { "Butharm betide the wajuard fuain } \\
& \text { "Who dares our hallew'd haunts rrotane!" }
\end{aligned}
$$
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Thefe fentiments correfpond as well as poffble with the ideas we form of the abode of Fairies, and, appearing deep in this romantick valley, ferve to keep alive fuch enthuliaftic images while this fort of fcene continues.

You now pafs through the Priosy Gate before mentioned, and are admitted into a part of the valley fomewhat different from the former, tall trees, high irregular ground, and rugged fcars. The right prefents you with, perhaps, the molt natural, if not the moft ftriking, of the many cafcades here found; the left with a floping grove of caks; and the centre with a pretty circular landfcape appearing through the trees, of which Hales Owen fteeple, and other objects at a diftance, form an interefing part. 'The leat beneath

A DESCRIPTION OF THE LEASOWES. XIX the ruinated wall has theie lines of Virgil infcribed, fuiting well with the general tenour of Mr. Shenitone's late fituation:

> "Riparumpue turos ef prata recentia ri:is "Incolimus t"

You now proceed a few paces down the yalley to annther bench, where you have this cafcade in front, which, together with the internal arch, and other appendages, make a pretty irregular pi¿ture. I mult obferve, once for all, that a number of thefe protempore benches (two ftumps with a tranfverle board) feem chiefly intended as hints to frectators, left, in paifing curforily through the farm, they might fuffer any of that immenfe variety the place furnithes to efcape their notice. The fream attending us, with its agreeable murmurs, as we defcend along this pleafing valley, we come next to a fmall feat, where we have a floping grove upon the right, and on the left a friking vifta to the freeple of Hales Owen, which is here feen in a new light. We now defcend farther down this fhady and fequetiered valley, accompanied on the right by the fame brawling rimulet running over pebbles, till it empties itfelf into a fine piece of water at the bottom. The path here winding to the left, confoums to the water betore mentioned, running round the foot of a fmall hill, and accompanying this femicircular lake into another winding valley, fonicwhat more open, and not lefs pleafins, than the former: however, before we enter this, it will be proper to mention a feat about the centre of this water-fcene, where the ends of it are loft in the two vallies on each fide, and infrunt it is invifibly connected with another piece of water, of about twenty acres, open to Ni. Shenflone's, but not bis property. This lait was a performance of the monks, and part of a prodigious clain of firh-ponds that belonged to Hales Abbey. The back ground of

> + MMTATION.

We dwe:l in thady groves,
And leek the growes with comug freams refrenid, AEd Trate tie verdant Lulks,

I fpeak of all this as already finimed; but, through fome misfortune in the mound that pounds up the water, it is not completed.

We now leave The Priory upon the left, which is not meant for an object here, and wind along into the other valley: and here I cannot but take notice of the judgment which formed this piece of water; for although it be not very large, yet, as it is formed by the concurrence of three vallies, in which two of the ends are hid, and the third it fcems to join with the large extent of water below, it is, to all appearance, unbounded. I muf confels I never faw a more natural bed for water, or any kind of lake that pleafed me better; but it may be right to mention, that this water, in its full extent, has a yet more important effect from Mr. Shenftone's howfe, where it is feen to a great advantage. We now, by a pleafing ferpentine walk, enter a narrow glade in the valley, the flopes on each fide fincly covered with oaks and beeches, on the left of which is a common bench, which affords a re. tiring place fecluded from every eye, and a fort refpite, during which the eye repoles on a fine amphitheatre of wood and thicket.

We now proceed to a leat beneath a prodigiounfy fine canopy of fpreading oak, on the back of which is this infoription:

> "Huc ades, O Melibre! caper tibi falvus et hrdi;
> "Et fi quid ceffare fotes, requieice fub umbra."

The picture before it is that of a beautiful homefcene ; a sinail lawn of well varied ground, encompafied with hills and well-grown vaks, and embellimed with a calt of the piping Faunus, amid trees and Mrubs on a
+IMITATION.
Hither, O Melibxus! bend thy way;
Thy herds, thy tioats, fecure trom harm, refore;
Ir hap:y leiture ferve awhile to thay,
Fere reit thy Hmbsteneath thefe mady boughs.

A DESCRIPTION OF THE LEASOWES. XXI flope upon the left, and on the right, and nearer the eye, with an urn thus incribed:

> "Incenio et amicitiz
> "Gvielmi Somersille."

> And on the oppofite fide,
> "G. S. poivit,
> "6 bibisa fpargens lacrima favillam
> " Vutis amici."

The frene is enclofed on all fides by trces; in the middle only there is an opening, where the lawn is continned, and winds out of fight.

Here entering a gate, you are led through a thicket of many forts of willows, into a large root-honte, infrribed to the Right Honourable the Earl of Stamford. It feems that worthy peer was pretent at the frrt opening of the cafcade, which is the principal object from the root-houle, where the eye is prefented with a fairy vifion, conffing of an irregular and romantick fall of water, very unufual, one hundred and fifty yards in continuity; and a very ftriking fcene it affords. Other cafcades may poffibly have the advantage of a greater defcent and a larger torrent; but a more wild and romantick appearance of water, ard at the fame time frictly natural, is what I never faw in any place whatever. This fcene, tho comparatively fmall, is yet aggrandized with to much art, that we forget the quantity of water which flow's through this clofe and overnaded valley, and are fo much tranfported with the intricacy of the icene, and the concealed height from whence it flows, that we, without reflection, add the idea of magnificence to that of beauty. In hort, it is not but upon reflection that we find the fream is not a Niagara, but 1ather a water-fall in miniature; and that the fame artifice, upon a larger fcale, where the large trees, innead of timall ones, and a river, inftead of a rill, would

[^4]xxii A DESCRIPTION OF THE LEASOWES. be capable of forming a fcene that would exceed the utmolt of our ideas. But I will not dwell longer upon this inimitable fcene; thoie who would admire it properly muft view it, as furely as thofe that vies it mult admire it beyond almolt any thing they ever faw.

Proceeding on the right-hand path, the next feat affords a fcene of what Mr. Shenftore ufed to call his Foreft ground, confifting of wild green flopes peeping through dingle, or irregular groups of trees, a confufed mixture of favage and cultivated ground, held up to the eye, and forming a landfcape fit for the pencil of Salvator Rofa.

Winding on befide this lawn, which is over-arclsed with fireading trees, the eye catches, at intervalo, over an intermediate hill, the fpire of Hales chusch, forming here a perfect obelifk, the urn to Mr. Somerville, $E^{2} c$. and now paffing through a kird or thicket, we arrive at a natural bower of almof circular oaks, infcribed in the manner following:

> "6 To Mr. DODSI, I Y.
> "Come then, my Friend! thy fyivan tafe difplay";
> " Come hear thy Faunus tune his rultick lay:
> "Ah! rather come, and in thefe delis difown
> is The care of other ftrains, and tune thine own."

On the bank above it, amid the fore-mentioned flrubs, is a ftatue of the piping Faun, which not on= Iy embellifhes this fcene, but is alfo feen from the court before the houfe, and from other places: it is furrounded by venerable oaks, and very happily fituated. From this bower alio you look down upon the fore-mentioned irregular ground, fhut up with trees on all fides, except fome few opening to the more plealing parts of this grotefque and hilly country. The next little bench affords the firft, but not molt Itriking, view of The Priory. It is, indeed, a fmall building, but feen, as it is, beneath trees, and its extremity alio hid by the fame, it has in fome fort the dignity and folemn appearance of a large edince.

Paffing through a gate, we enter a finall open grove, where the firf feat we find affords a picturetque view,

A DESCRIZTION OF THE LEASOWES. XXiir through trees, of a clump of oaks at a diftance, overAnadowing a little cottage upon a green hill; re thence immediately enter a pertcet dome, or circular temples, of magnificent beeches, in the centre of which it was intended to place an antique altar, or a Ratue of Pass. The path ferpentizing through this open grove, leads us by an eafy afcent to a fmall bench with this motio,

> "Nympharumque elidum nemus " Seves cum faty is chori " Secernant populo." $\dagger$ HOR.
which alludes to the retired fituation of the grove. There is allo feen, through an opening to the left, a pleaing landfcape of a diftant hill, with a whited farm-houfe upon the fummit: and to the right hand a beautiful round flope, crowned with a clump of large firs, with a pyramidal feat on its centre, to which, after no long walk, the path conducts us.

But we firlt come to another view of The Priory, more advantageous, and at a better diftance, to which the eye is led down a green flope, through a feenery of tall oaks, in a moft agreeable manner ; the grove we have juft paffed on one fide, and a hill of trees and thickst on the other, conduting the eye to a narrow opening through which it appears.

We now affend to a fmall bench, where the circumjacent country begins to open; in particular, a glafshoufe appears between two large clumps of trees, at about the diftance of four miles; the glafs-houfes in this country not ill refembling a diftant pyramid. Alcending to the next feat, which is in the Guthick form, the fcene grows more and more extended; woods and lawns, hills and vallies, thicket and plain, agreeably intermingled. On the back of this feat is the following infcription, which the Author told me that he chofe to fix here, to fupply what he thought fome want of life in this part of the farm, and to keep up the fpectator's attention till he came to fcale the hill beyond:

+ EXPLANATION.
---Niay the cool erove, And gay ajrembied nymphs with fylvons mix'd Conteaf are ficin the world!
- Shepherd, would thou here obtain
- Pleafure unalloy'd with pain,
"Joy that fuits the rural sphere?
- Gentle shepherd! lend as ear.
- Learn to relifa calm delipht,
- Verdant vales and fountains bright,
- Trees that nod on floping hills,

6 Caves that echo, tinkling rills.

- It theu eanft no chamm difclofe
-In the fimpleit bud that blows,
- Go, forfake thy plain and fold,

6 Join the crowd, and toil for zold.

- Trannuil pleafures never cloy;
- Ea-im cacis tumultuous joy;
- Ab but love - for love infpires
- Fonder wifhes, warmer fires.
- Love and all it 's Joys be t'ine--
- Ye: ere tholl the reins refign,
- Hear what Reafon feems to lay,
- Hear attentive, and otey.
"Crimfon ieaves the rofe adorn,
" But beneath them lurks a thom;
"Fai: and flow'ry is the brake,
" Iet it hides the 'veagefiul fnake.
"Think no: fie, whofe empty pride
"Dares the Beecy garb deride,
of Think not me whio, digit and vain,
"Scorns the fheep can love the fiwain.
"Artlefs deed and fimple ctrefs.
" M.rk the chofen mepherdefs;
"t houfhis hy decency entroild,
"well conceu'd and frecly told:
" Senfe that fruas each confcious tir,
at Wia that falls ere wall aware;
"Generous fity, prone to figh
4 If her kid or lambkin die.
"I Let not licie, let not pride,
- Draw thee from fueh cha'ms afide;
"Have not t' ofe their rroner iphere?
"6 Gentle rafions trimmph here.
as see! to fweeten tiyy repoic,
"I he blol" "m buds, the fountain flows;
"s Lo! to crown thy healthful board,
"Al! thit milk and truits atord.
"Sset: no more---the rett is vain;
"Plenfure ending fuon in pain;
"Ap,uish lightly gilded o'er;
"Cluse thy wifle, and reek no more."
And now paffing through a wicket, the path winds up the back part of a circular green hill, difcovering little of the country till you enter a clump of fately firs upon the fummit. Over-arched by thete firs is an ofagonal leat, the back of which is fo contrived as to form a table or pedeital for a bowl or goblet, thus infrived-

6 5o d! fri:a3t ruand The Virehis !"

A DESCRIPTION OF THE LEASOWES. XXV This facetious infcription, being an old Shrophire health, is a commemoration of his country friends, from which this part of Shrophive is divided: add to this, that the Wrekin, that large and venerable hill, appears full in tront, at the difance of about thirty miles.

The fcene is a very fine one, divided by the furs into feveral compartments, each anfivering to the oftagonal feat in the centre; to each of which is allotted a competent number of friking objects to make a complete picture. A long ferpentine fream wafhes the foot of this hill, and is loft benind trees at one end, and a bridge thrown over at the ohher. Over this the eje is carried from very romantick homefcenes to very beautiful ones at a diftance. It is impoffible to give an idea of that inmenfe variety, that fine configuration of parts, which engage our attention from this place. In one of the compartments you have a fimple feene of a cottage, and a road winding behind a farm-houle half covered with trees, upon the top of forne wild foping ground; and in another a vies of the town, appearing from hence as upon the fhelving banks of a large piece of water in the flat. Suffice it to fay, that the hill and vale, plain and woodland, villages and fingle houfes, blue ditant mountains that fkirt the norizon, and green hilis romantically jumbled, that form the intermediate ground, make this fipot more than commonly friking-Nor is there to be feen an acre of level ground through the large extent to which the eye is carried.

Hence the path winds on betwixt two fmall benches, each of which exhibits a plealing landfcape, which cannot eifape the eye of a connoiffeur.

Here we wind through a fmall thicket, and foon enter a cavity in the hill, filled with trees, in the centre of which is a feat, from whence is cifcovered, gleaming acrofs the trees, a confiderable length of the ferpentine fream before mentioned, ruming under a llight ruftick bridge to the right: hence we aicend in a kind of Gothick alcore, locking down 2

XXVi
A DESCRIPTION OF THE LEASOWE. llope, fided with large oaks and tall beeches, which together overarch the fcene. On the back of this building is found the following

## INSCRIPTION.

"s o you that bathe in courtlye blyffe, "O or toyle i- Fortune's giddy fpheare,
"Do not tuo ranllye deeme amyite
"Of him that bydes contented here.
" Nos yet difdeigne the riffet froale
"6 Whici o'er each careleffe lymbe he flyngs;
"6 Nor yet deryde the beechen bowle
"In whyche he quatis the lympid forings.
"f Forgive him if at eve or dawne,
"s Devoide of worldlye cark, he !ray,
" or all befide fome flo: erye law se
" He wate his inoffecifive daye.
"so may he pardonne fraud and ftrife,
"If fuci in courtie haunt he fee;
" For faults there beene in bufye life
"From whyche thefe peaceful Eienses are free."
Below this alcove is a large floping lawn, finely bounded, croffed by the ferpentine water before mentioned, and interfperfed with fingle or clumps of oaks at agreeabie difances. Further on the ficene is finely varied, the hills rifing and falling towards the opuofite concavities, by the fide of a lung winding vale, with the molt gracetul confufion. Annong other ficenes that form this landicape, a fine hanging wood, backed and contrafted with a wild heath, interfected with crofs roads, is a very confiderable object. Near adjoining to this is a feat, from whence the water is feen to advantage in many different ftages of its progrefs ; or where (as a poetical friend once oblerved) the proprietor has taken the Naiad by the hand, and led her an irregular dance into the valley.

Proceeding hence through a wicket, we enter upon another lawn, beyond which is a new theatre of wild haggy precipices, hanging coppice ground, and fmooth round hills between, being not only difierent, but even of an oppofite character, to the ground from which we palfed. Walking along the head of this lavn, we come to a feat under a fpreading beech, with this

INSCRIPTION.
"f Hoc erat in votis: modus agri non ita magnus, "Hortus ubi, et teeto vicinus jugis aqux fors, "Et paulum fylve fuper his foret. Auctius atque " Dii melius fecere."

IMITATION.
This was my wifs----an humble fpot of ground, A garden well difpos'd, and tenc'd around;
A buts ang fountain, to my dwelling nigh, With Cryind treatiures tror C , and never dry; The wilole defended by a modeft wood ... This was my wifh..-my wifh the gods allow'd, And e'eubeyond tinat wifh indulgently bellow'd.
In the centre of the hanging lawn before you is ditcovered the houfe, half hid with trees and buines: a little hanging wood, and a piece of winding water, infues through a noble clump of large oaks and fpreading beeches. At the diftance of about ten or twelve miles Lord Stamford's grounds appear, and beyond thefe the Clee hills in Shropfhire. The fcene here confifts of admirably-varied ground, and is, I think, a very fine one. Hence paffing ftill along the top of the lawn, we crofs another gate, and behind the fence begin to defcend into the valley. About half way down is a fmall bench, which throws the eye upon a near feene of hanging woods and fhaggy wild declivities, intermixed with fmooth green flopes and fcenes of cultivation.

We now return again into the great lawn at bottom, and foon come to a feat, which gives a resser view of the water before mentioned, between the trunks of high over-fhadowing oaks and beeches, beyond which the winding line of trees is continued down the valley to the right. 'Гo the left, at a difance, the top of Clent hill appears, and the houle upon a fivell, amidft trees and bufhes. In the centre, the eye is carried by a fideling view down a length of lawn, till it refts upon the town and fipire of Hales, with fome pieturefque and beautiful ground rifing be. hind it.

Somewhat out of the path, and in the centre of a noble clump of fately beeches, is a feat infcribed to Mr. Spence in thefe words:

JOSEPHO SPENCE,<br>exa:niv noftro Critoni;<br>cuidica: evellet<br>Mvfarvin onaivin et Gratiarvm chorvs,<br>dicat amicitia.<br>1758 *

We now, through a fimall gate, enter what is called The Lover's Walk, and proceed immediately to a feat where the water is feen very advantageoully at full length; which, though not large, is fo agreeably fhaped, and has its bounds fo well concealed, that the beholder may receive lefs pleafure from many lakes of greater extent. The margin on one fide is fringed with alders, the other is overhung with moft flately oaks and beeches, and the middle beyond the water prefents the Hales Owen icene, with a group of houfes on the llope behind, and the horizon well finged with the wood. Now winding a few paces round the margin of the water, we come to another fimall bench, which prefents the former fcene romewinat varied, with the addition of a whited village among trees upon a hill. Proceeding on, we enter the pleafing gloom of this agreeable walk, and come to a bench beneath a fpreading beech that overhangs both walk and water, which has been called The Aifignation Seat, and has this infeription on the back of it:

> "Nerine Galatea! thymo mini dulcior Hyblx,
> © Candidior cygnis, hedera tormofior alba!
> "Cum primum palti repetent prefepia tauri,
> " Siquaturi Corjdonis habet te cura, venito.f"
> * explanation.
> Decicated by friendthip
> to JOSEPHSPENCE, our mort exceilent Crito, "itom
> the unanimcus confent of eve Muse and lirace made choice of
> to be fo ditinguimed.

$$
\dagger \text { IMITATION. }
$$

[^5]A DESCRIPTION OF THE LEASOWES. xXIX Here the path begins gradually to afcend beneath a depth of fhade, by the fide of which is a finall buhbling rill, either forming little peninfulas, rolling over pebbles, or falling down fmall cafcades, all under cover, and taught to mummur very agreeably. This very foft and penfive fcene, very properly ityled The Lover's Walk, is terminated with an ornamented urn, infcribed to Mifs Dulman, a beautiful and amiable relation of Mr. Shenftone's, who died of the fmall-pox, about twenty-one years of age, in the following words on one flue :

> Peramabili fus conforbina M. n .

> On the other fide :
> Ah! Maria!
> pveliarvm elerantinima! ah Flore venvfatis abrepta, vale!
> hev quanto minvs eft evan reliquis verfari, quam tvi meminiffet.

The afcent from hence winds fomewhat more fteep. ly to another feat, where the eye is thrown over a rough fcene of broken and furzy ground, upon a piece of water in the flat, whofe extremities are hid behind trees and flrubs, amongft which the houfe appears, and makes, upon the whole, no mpleafing picture. The path ftill winds under cover up the hill, the freep declivity of which is fomewhat eafed by the ferpentine fiveep of it, till we come to a fmall bench, with this line from Pope's Eloifa:
" Divine oblivion of low-thoughted Care!"
The opening before it prefents a folitary fcene of trees, thickets, and precipice, and terminates upon a green hill, with a clump of firs on the top of it.

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \text { t EXPLANATION, } \\
& \text {--Sacred to the memory } \\
& \text { of } \\
& \text { a mort amiable kinfwoman. } \\
& \text { An! Miria! } \\
& \text { moit elegant of nymphs! } \\
& \text { fnatcad from us } \\
& \text { in thy bloom of beasty, } \\
& \text { ah! farewell! } \\
& \text { How much infcriour } \\
& \text { is the living converfation } \\
& \text { of others } \\
& \text { to the bare remembrance } \\
& \text { of thee! }
\end{aligned}
$$

xxx A DESCRIPTION OF THE LEASOWES.
We now find the great ufe as well as beauty of the ferpentine path in climbing up this wood, the finf feat of which, alluding to the rural fcene before it, has the following lines from Virgil :
"Speluncr, visicue lacus, hic frigida Tempe,
"s Mugitufque Donum, molleflue fub arbore fomnit + "
Here the eye, looking down a flope beneath the ipreading arms of oak and beech trees, pafies firt over fome rough furzy ground, then over water to the large fiwelling lawn, in the centre of which the honfe is difcovered among trees and thickets: this forms the fore ground. Beyond this appears a fwell of walte furzy land, diverfified with a cottage, and a road that winds behind a farm-houfe and a tine clump of tress. The back fcene of all is a femicircular range of hills, diverffied with woods, feenes of cultivation, and inclofures, to about four or five miles diftance.

Still winding up into the wood, we come to a flight feat, openirg through the trees to a bridge of five piers, croffing a large piece of water at about half a mile's diftance. The next feat looks down from a confiderable height, along the fide of a fteep precipice, upon irregular and plealing grouns. And now we turn upon a fudden into a long itraight-lined walk, in the wood, arched orer with tall trees, and terminating with a finall ruftic building. Though the walk, as I faid, be ttraight-lined, yet the bafe riles and falls fo agrecably, as leaves no room to cenfure its formality. About the middle of this avenue, which runs the whole length of this hanging wood, we arrive unexpectedly at a lolty Gothic feat, whence we look down a flope, more confiderable than that before mentioned, through the wood on each fide. This view is indeed a fine one, the eye firlt travelling down over well-variegated ground into the valley, where is a + MMIFATION.

[^6]A DESCRIPTION OF THE LEASOWES. xXxi Iarge piece of water, whofe floping banks give all the appearance of a noble river. The ground rom hence rifes gradually to the top of Clent hill, at chree or four miles difance; and the landfcape is enriched with a view of Hales Owen, the laie Lord Dudley's houle, and a large wood of Lord Lyttleton's. It is imporifible to give an adequate defcription of this view, the beauty of it depending upon the great variety of objects and beautiful fhape of ground, and all at fuch a diftance as to admit of being feen diftinctly.

Hence we proceed to the rultic building before menfiontd, a flight and unexpentive edifice, formed of rough unhewn itone, commonly called hee The Temple of Pan, having a trophy of the Tibia and Syrins, and this infeription over the entrance:
© 6 pan primus calamos cera conjungere plutes "6 Edccuit; Pan curat oves, oviumque maciarcot ."
Hence mounting once more to the right through this dark umbrageous walk, we enter at once upon a lightfome high natural terrace, whence the eye is thrown over all the fcenes we have feen before, together with many fire additional ones, and all beleed from a declivity that approaches as near a precipace as is agreeable. In the middle is a feat with this midription:

Divini gloria rvris!॥
To give a better idea of this, by far the moft magnificent icene here, it were, perhaps, beft to divide it into two diftinct parts- the noble concave in the fron, and the rich valley towards the right. - In regard to the former, if a boon companion couid en, large his idea of a puncli bowl, ornamented within witis all the romantic fcerery the Chinefe ever yet deviled, it would, perhaps, afford him the highelt idea he could poffibly conceive of earthly happinets: he wculd certainly wifh to fwim in it. Suffice it to fay, that the horizon, or

XXXii A DESCRIPTION OF THE LEASOWES. hrim, is as finely varied as the cavity. It would be idle here to mention the Clee hills, the Wrekin, the Welfh mountains, or Cær Caradock, at a prodigious diftance; which, though they finif the fcene agreeably, fhould not be mentioned at the Lealowes, the beauty of which turns chiefly upon diftinguifhable fcenes. The valley upon the right is equally enriched, and the oppefite fide thereof well fringed with woods, and the high hills on one fide this long winding vale rolling agreeably into the hollows on the other. But thefe are a kind of objects which, though really noble in the furvey, will not frike a reader in defcription as they would a fpectator upon the fpot.

Hence returning back into the wood, and croffing Pan's Temple, we go directly down the flope into another part of Mr. Shenftone's grounds, the path leading down through very pleafing home fcenes of well-haped ground, exhibiting a moft perfect concave and convex, till we cone at a feat under a noble beech, prefenting a rich variety of tore ground, and at perhaps half a mile's diftance, the Guthic alcove on a hill well covered with wood, a pretty cottage under trees in the more diftant part of the concave, and a farm-houfe upon the right, all picturefque objects.

The next and the fubfequent feat affords pretty much the fame fcenes a little enlarged, with the addition of that remarkable clump of trees called Frankly Beeches, adjoining to the old family-feat of the Lyttletons, and from whence the prefent Lord Lyttleton derives his title.

We come now to a handfome Gothic fcreen, backed with a clump of firs, which throws the eye in front full upon a cafcade in the valley, illuing from beneath a dark thade of poplars. The houfe appears in the centre of a large fwelling lawn, bufred with trees and thicket. The pleafing variety of eafy fwells and hollows, bounded by feenes lefs fmooth and cultivated, affurds the moft delightful picture of domeftic retirenent and trançuillity.

A DESCRIPTION OF THE LEASOWES. Xxxiii
We now defcend to a leat encloled with landiome pales, and backed with firs, inlimbed to Lord Lyttleton. It prefents a beautiful view up a valley contracted gradually, and ending in a group of molt magnificent oaks and beeches. The right-hand fide is enlivened with two friking calcades, and a winding ftream feer at intervals between tutts of trees and woodland. To the leit appears the hanging wood already mentioned, with the Gothic ficreen on the lope in the centre.

Winding ftill downwards, we come to a finall feat, where one of the offices of the houte, and a view of a cottage on very high ground, is feen over the tops of the trees of the grove in the adjacent valiey, giving. an agreeable inftance of the abrupt ineqriality of ground in this romantick well-variegated country. The next feat thews another face of the fame valley, the water gliding calmly along betwixt two feeming groves without any cafcade, as a contraft to the former one, where it was broken by cafcades: the fcene very tignificantly alluded to by the motto,

> "Rura mini, et regni placeant in vallibus amnes, "Flumina amem, filvarque inglorius! $f$ "

We defcend now to a beautitul gloomy fcene, called Virgil's Grove, where on the entrance we pals by a fmall obelifk on the right-hand, with this infcription:

> P. Virgilio Marıni
> Lapis inte cym lvco ticer efo.\|l

Before this is a flight bench, where fome of the fame objects are feen again, but in a different point of light. It is not very eafy either to paint or defcribe this delightful grove: however, as the former has been
t MMITATION,
Woods, vales, and ruming freams, my mind enchant;
I he wouds add itreams inglorious let me haunt.
I he wouds and itreams inglorious let me haunt.

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \text { If EXPLANATION. } \\
& \text { To } \\
& \text { P. Virgilus Ma:o } \\
& \text { This ooendk } \\
& \text { and Erove } \\
& \text { is confeirated?. }
\end{aligned}
$$

[^7]xXXIV A DESCRIPTION OF THE LEASOWES. more than once attempted, I will hope to apologize for an imperfect defcription, by the difficulty found by thofe who have aimed to 登etch it with their pencil. Be it, therefore, firft obferved, that the whole fcene is opaque and gloomy, confifting of a fmall deep valley or dingle, the fides of which are enclofed with irregular tufts of hazel and other underwood, and the whole overfhadowed with lofty trees rifing out of the bottom of the dingle, through which a copious fream makes its way through mofly banks, enamelled with primoles, and variety of wild wood fowers. The furt leat we approach is thus inferibed :

> Celeberrimo Pcta IACOBO JHOMSON, Prope foates ille non fafiditos G. S.
> Sedem hanc ornavit*.
> "Que tibi, qux tali reddam pro carmine dona?
> "Nam neque me tantum venientis fibilus autri,
> "Nec vercuifa juvan:t flućtu tam lit:ora, nee qua
> "Saxufas ioter decurrunt flumana vallest."

This feat is placed upon a feep bank or the edge of the valley, from which the eye is here drawn down into the flat below, by the light that glimmers in front, and by the found of various cafcades, by which the winding ftream is agreeably broken. Oppofite to this feat the ground riles again in an eafy concave to a kind of dripping fountain, where a fmall rill trickles down a rude isich of rock-work, through fern, liverwort, and aquatick weeds, the green area in the middle, through which the fream winds, being as well flaped as can be imagined. After falling down thefe calcades, it winds under a bridge of one arch, and then cmpties itlelf into a fnall lake which satches it

* EXPLANATION.
io the
mu'h celeb ated Poet
JhMES ?HOMSON,
I his feat was placed
near his favourite fprings
by w. S.


## + ImITATION.

How fhal! I thank :h, Mufe, fo form'd to pleafe? For not the whilp'rings of the fuuthern brteze, Nor banks fill beateo by the breaking wave, Nor limpid iills that pebbly vallies lave,
Xitld ruch delight--.....

A DESCRIPTION OF THE LEASOWES. XXXV a little below. This terminates the icene upon the right; and after thefe objects have for fome time amufed the fpectator, his tye rambles to the left, where one of the moft beautiful cafcades imaginable is feen, by way of incident, through a kind of vifta or glade, falling down a precipice overarched with trees, and ftrikes us with furprile. It is impoffible to expret's the pleafure which one feels on this occafion; for though furprife alone is not excellence, it may ferve to quicken the effect of what is beautiful. I believe none ever beheld this grove without a thorough fenfe of fatisfaction; and were one to chufe any particular fpot of this perfecily Arcadian farm, it hould, perhaps, be this; although it fo well contrafts both with the terrace, and with fome other fcenes, that one cannot wifh them ever to be divided. We now proceed to a feat at the bottom of a large root on the fide of a flope with this

## INSCRIPTION.

6 O let me haunt this peaceful fade,

- Nor ler Ambition e'er invade
- Ihe tenants of this leaty bower,
- I hat fhun her paths, and light ber power.
'Hither the peaceful halcyon fies
- From fucial meads and open ikues,

6 Pleas d by this rill her courfe to freer,
6 And hide her fazphire plumage here.
6 The trout, bedropp'd with crmfon Rairs,

- Forfakes the river's proud domains,
- Forfakes the fun's unwelcome gleam,

6 colurk within this humble itream.

- And fure I heard the Naiad fay,
"Flow, flow, my stream! this devious way;
"Tho lovely for: thy murmurs are,
"Thy water's lovely, cool, and fair.
©s Flow, gencle stream ! nor let the vain
"Thy finall unfully'd fores dildaing
"N Nor leithe penfive faze repine,
"Whofe dateat courfe refembles thire."
The view from it is a calm tranquil fcene of water, gliding through floping ground, with a Netch through the trees of the fmall pond below.

The feene in this place is that of water ftealing along through a rude fequeftered vale, the ground en each fide covered with weeds and field flowers, as that befcre is kept clofe thaven. Farther on we lofe all

XXXVI A DESCRIPTION OF THE LEASOWES. fight of water, and only hear the noife, without having the appearance, a kind of effect which the Chinefe are fond of producing in what they call their fcenes of encliantment. We now turn all on a fudden upon tlie high calcade which we admired before in vifta. The ficene around is quite a grotto of native ftone running up it, loots of trees overhanging it, and the whole thaded overhead. However, we firft approach, upon the left, a chalybeat fpring, with an iron bow! chained to it, and this infcription upon a fone:

Fons Ferrvgineys
Diva qua feceity ifto frvi concedit*.
Then turning to the right, we find a ftone feat, making part of the aforelaid cave, with this well-applied infcription:

Intus anve du!ces, vivoque fedilia faxo;
Nympharvm domvst.
which I have often heard Mr. Shenftone term the definition of a grotto. We now wind up a fhady path on the left hand, and croffing the head of this cafcade, pafs befide the rirer that fupplies it in our way up to the houfe. One feat firft coccors under a mady oak as we afcend the hill; foon after we euter the fhrubbery, which half furrounds the houfe, where we find two feats, thus infcribed to two of his moft particular friends. The firf thus:

Amicitix ct meritis<br>RICHARDI GRAVESt:<br>Ipfs te fontes, ipfa lizc arbvia, vocabanty.<br>* EXPLANATION.<br>To the Godaefs<br>who befrowed the enjoyment of theferctreats,<br>This chalybeat ipring is eot.lezrated.

+ IMITATION.
W'ithin are wholefome frings, and marble feats, Garv'd int..e Living rock, of Njomphs the blet's'd retreator
$\ddagger$ EXPIANATION.
To the
friendmip zind merits
of
RICHARD GRAVFS.
\& EXPI.ANATION.
Thee, it)rus! the fines.
2 he cryfinl sirimes, L.e very grcitog inyuk'do

And a little further the other, with the following
INSCRIPTION.
Amicitia ei meritis
RICHARDI JAGO.
EXPLANATION. To the
friendihip and merit of
RICHARD JAGO.
From this laft is an opening down the valley over a large fliding lawn, well edged with oaks, to a piece of water croffed by a confderable bridge in the flatthe fteeple of Hales, a village amid trees, making, on the whole, a very plealing picture. Thus winding through flowering fhrubs, belide a menagerie for doves, we are conducted to the ftables. But let it not be forgot, that, on the entrance into this fhrubbery, the firft object that ftrikes us is a Venus de Medicis, befide a baion of gold fifh, encompaffed round with hrubs, and illuftrated with the following

INSCRIPTION.
....-." Semi-redutza V゙enus." $\downarrow$
"To Venus, Vonus here retir'd,
"My fober vows I pay;
"6 Not her on Paphian plains admir's,
"The bold, the pert, the gay;
"Not her whofe am'rous leer prevail'd
© To bribe the Phrygian boy;
"Not her who, clad in armour, fail'd
"Tofave dilaftrous Troy.
"Fresh rifing from the foamy tide,
"She ev'ry bofoin warms,
"While half withdrawn the feems to hide,
" And half reveals, her charms.
"Learn tence, ye bo ifful fons of Tare!
"Who plan the rural shade,
"Learn hence to thun the vicious wate
" Of pomp at large difp.ay'd.
"Let fweet Concenment's magic art
" Your mazy bounds invest,
" And while the fisht unveils a part,
" Let Fancy paint the reit.

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \text { t EXPL NATION. } \\
& \text { Fenus hajf-retired. }
\end{aligned}
$$

" Let coy Referve with Cort unite
"To grace your wood or field,
"No ray obotufive pail the fight,
"In aught you paint or build.
"And far be driv'n the fumptuous glare
"Of gold from Britifh groves,
"And far the menitricious air
"Of China's vain alcoves.
" 'Tis bafhful Beauty ever twines
"The mot cocrcive chain;
" 'Tis the that fov'rign rule declincs,
ot Who beat deferves to reign. ${ }^{2}$


## VERSES TO MR. SHENSTONE.

Written on a Ferme Ornèe, near Birmingham. BY THE゙ Late LadY LUXBOROUGH.
${ }^{2} T$ IS Nature here bids pleafing fcenes arife, And wife:y gives them Cynthio to revife;
To veil its blemith, brighten ev'ry grace, Yet itill preferve the lovely parent's tace. How well the Bard obeys each valley tells,
Thefe lucid ftreams, gay meads, and lonely cells, Where modelt Art in filence lurks conceal'd, While Nature fhines, fo gracefully reveal'd, That the triumphant claims the total plan, And with fien pride adopts the work of man.

## TO WILLIAM SHENSTONE, ESQ. <br> AT THE LEASOWES.

 BY MR. GRAVES. " Vellem in amicitia fic erraremuot!" HOR.SEE the tall youth, by partial Fate's decree,
To affluence born, and from reltraint let free;
Eager he leeks the fcenes of gay refort,
The mall, the rout, the playhoule, and the court ; Soon fcr tome varmin'd nymph of dubious fame,
Or powder'd peerefs, counterfeits a flame. Behold his now, enraptur'd, fivear and figh, Drefs, dance, drink, revel, all he knows not why, Till by kind Fate reftor'd to country air, He marks the rofes of fome rural fair;
Smit with her unaffected native charms,
A real paffion foon his bolom warms;
And, wak'd from idle dreams, he takes a wife,
And taftes the genuine happinefs of life.
Thus, in the vacant featon of the year, Some Templar gay begins his wild career: From feat to leat v'er pompous fcenes he flies, Views all with equal wonder and furprife,

$$
\dagger \text { Imitation. }
$$

In friendmip thus, o ! be we fill beguird !

Yet if fome kinder genius point his way
To where the Mufes c'er thy Leafowes ftray,
Charm'd with the fylvan beauties of the place,
Where Art affumes the fweets of Nature's face,
Each hill, each dale, each confecrated grove,
Each lake and falling fream, his rapture move.
Like the fage captive in Calypfo's grot,
The cares, the pleafures, of the world forgot,
Of calm content he hails the genuine fphere, And longs to dwell a blifsful hermit here.

## VERSES RECEIVED BY THE POST,

> FROM A LADY UNKNOWN, I76I.

H EALTH to the Bard in Leafowe's happy groves; Health, and fweet converfe with the Muie he loves ! The humbleft vot'ry of the tuneful Nine, With trembling hand, attempts her artlefs line, In numbers fuch as untanght Nature brings, As flow, fpontaneous, like thy native fprings.

But, ah! what airy forms around me rife!
The ruffet mountain glows with richer dyes; In circling dance a pigmy crowd appear, And, hark! an intant voice falutes my ear ! - Mortal! thy aim we know, thy talk approve ;

- His merit honour, and his genius love:
- For us what verdant carpets has he fpread,
- Where, nightly, we our myfic mazes tread!
- For us each thady grove and rural feat,
- His falling ftreams and flowing numbers fweet!
- Didft thou noi mark, amid the winding dell,
- What tuneful verfe adorns the mofly cell ?
- There ev'ry Fairy of our fprightly train
- Refort, to blefs the woodiand and the plain :
- There, as we move, unbidden beauties glow,
-The gieen turf brightens, and the violets blow;
- An there with thoughts fublime we blefs the fivain;

6 Nor we infpire, nor he attends, in vain.

## VERSES TOMR. SHENSTONE

- Go, fimple Rhimer! bear this meffage true; 25
- The truths that Fairies dictate none fhall rue.
- Say to the Bard in Leafowes' happy grove,
- Whom Dryads honour, and whom Fairies love-
" Content thy felf no longer that thy lays,
* By others fotter'd, lend to others praile;
"Nu longer to the fav'ring world retufe
" 'The welcome treafures of thy polifh'd Mufe;
" The fcatter'd blooms that boaft thy valu'd name,
"Coilect, unite, and give the wreath to Fame;
* Ne'er can thy virtues, or thy verle, engage
* More folid praife than in this happieft age,
"When tenfe and merit's cherith'd by the throne,
"And each illuftrious privilege their own.
" Tho' modeft be tiay gentle Mure, I ween,
"Oh! lead her blufhing from the daify'd green, $\}$ "A fit attendant on Britannia's Oueen." I'e fportive Elves! as faithful [relate Th' intrufted mandates of your Fairy Itate, Vifit thele wilds again with nightly care; So thall my kine, of all the herd, repair In healthful plight to fill the copious pail; My theep lie pent with fafety in the dale; My poultry fear no robber in the roolt; My linen more than common whitenefs boalt : Let order, peace, and houfewifery be mine; Shenftone! be fancy, fame, and fortune, thine! 5 cotswouldi.


## ON THE DISCOVERY

 ofanechoat edgbaston. ByHA! what art thou, whore voice unknown Pours on thele plairs its tender moan!
Art thou the nympis in Snem?tone's dale, Who dof with piantive note bewail That he forfakes th' Aonian niaids,
To court inconftant rills and Thades? Mourn not, fweet Nymph!-A!as! in yain
Do they invite and thou complair -

Of Smiles and Loves went hand in hand, And purple Pleafures ftrew'd the way With fweeteft flow'rs; and every ray
Of each fond Mule, with rapture fir ${ }^{2}$ d,
To glowing thoughts his brealt infpir ${ }^{-d}$;
The hills rejoic'd, the vallies rung, All Nature fmil'd while Shenfone fung.

So charm'd his lay; but now no more-
Al!! why doft thou repeat-" No more ?"
Fiv'n now he hies to deck the grove,
To deck the fcene the Mufes love,
And foon again will own their fway,
And thou refound the peerlefs lay,
And with immortal numbers fill
Each rocky cave and vocal hill.

## VERSES BY MR. DODSLIEY,

on his first arrival at the leasones, 1754.
" HIOW fhall I fix my wand'ring eye? where find
" 11 The fource of this enchantment? Dwells it in
"The woods? or waves there not a magic. wand
"O'er the tramlucent waters ? Sure, unfeen,
" Some fav'ring power directs the happy lines 5
" That fketch thefe beauties; fwells the rifing hills,
" And fcoops the dales to Nature's fineft forms,
"' Vague, undetermin'd, infinite; untaught
"By line or compafs, yet fupremely fair!"
So fpake Philenor, as with raptur'd gaze
He travers'd Damon's farm : from diftant plains He fought his friend's abode; nor had the fane Of that new-form'd Arcadia reach'd his ear.

VERSESTO MR. SHENSTONE. xliii
And thus the fwain, as o'er each hill and dale, Thro' lawn or thicket, le purfu'd his way:
${ }^{66}$ What is it gilds the verdure of thefe meads
"With hues more bright than Fancy paints the flowers " of Paradife? What Naiad's guiding liand " Leads, thro' the broider'd vale, thefe lucid rills, "That, mumn'ring as they flow, bear melody
"A Along their banks, and thro' the vocal fhades
"6 Improve the mufic of the woodland choir?
"What penfive Dryad rais'd yon' folemn grove,
"6 Where minds contemplative, at clole of day
"Retiring, mule o'er Nature's various works,
«Her wonders venerate, or her fweets enjoy?-
"What room for doubt? fome rural deity,
"Prefiding, fcatters o'er th' unequal lawns,
" In beauteous wildnefs, yon' fair-fpreading trees,
"A And mingling woods and waters, hills and dales,
"A And herds and bleating flocks, domeftic fowl,
" And thofe that fwim the lake, fees rifing round
"More pleafing landfcapes than in Tempe's vale
«s Penéus water${ }^{\circ}$ d. Yes, fome fylvan god
"S Spreads wide the vary'd prolpect, waves the woods,
"Lifts the proud hills, and clears the fhining lakes,
se While from the congregated waters pou'd,
" The burfting torrent tumbles down the feep
${ }^{6}$ In foaming fury; fierce, irregular,
©6 Wild, interrupted, crols'd with rocks, and roots, 40
"s And interwoven trees; till, ioon abforb'd,
"An opening cavern all its rage entombs.
66 So vanifh human glories ! fuch the pomp
"Of Twelling warriours, of ambiticus kings,
"Who fret and ftrut their hour upon the fiage
©Of buly life, and then are heard no more! " Yes, 'tis enchantment all-And fee! the fpells,
"s The pow'rful incantations, magic verfe,
" Infcrib'd on ev'ry tree, alcove, or um-
" Spells! Incantations!-Ah! my tuseful friend! 49
"Thine are the numbers, thine the wondrous work:-
"Yes, great Magician! now lrad thee right,
of And lightly veigh all forcery but thine.
xliv VERSES TOMR. SHENSTONE.
" No Naiad's leading ftep conducts the rill,
" Nor fylvan god prefiding firts the lawn,
" In beauteous wildnels, with fair-fpreading trees,
" Nor magic wand had circumfcrib'd the fcene:
"' Tis thime own tafte, thy genius that prefides,
" Nor needs there other deity, nor needs
" More potent fpells than they."--No more the fwain; For, lo! his Damon, o'er the tufted lawn Advancing, leads him to the focial dome.

## \section*{TO MR. R. D.} <br> ON THE DEATH OF MR. SHENSTONE. <br> "Thee, Sheplierd! thee the woods and defere caves,

" Mith widd uhyme and the gadding viee o ergrowit, "And all ther, cincee, mourit" "

'TIS paft, my friend! the tranfient fcene is clos'd! The fairy pile, th' enchanted vifion, rais'd By Damon's magice fkill, is loft in air! What tho' the lawns and pendent woods remain, Each tinkling ftream, each rufhing cataraft, With lapfe inceffant echoes thro' the dale? Yet what avails the lifelefs landfcape now?
Yet what avails the lifelefs landfeape now?
The charm's diffolv'd; the Genius of the wood,
Alas! is flown-for Damon is no Alas! is flown-for Damon is no more.

As when from fair Lycxum, crown'd with pines, Ot Mæualus, with leaves autumnal ftrew'd,

## !

, Refound no more, and all Arcadia mourns. Yet here we fondly dream'd of latting joys; Here we had hop'd, from noily throngs retir'd, is To drink large draughts of Friendfhip's cordial itream, In fweet oblivion wrapt, by Damon's verfe, And focial converfe, many a fimmer's day. Romantic wifh! in vain frail mortals trace Th' imperfest fketch of human blifs-Whilit yet Th" enraptur'd tire his well plann'd itructure views Majeftic rifing 'nidfl his infant groves, Sces the dark laurel ipread its glofyy fhade, Irs languid bloom the purple lilack blend, Or pale laburnum drop its penfile chain,

Oh ! teach me then, like you, my friend! to raile To moral truths my grov'lling fong; for, alı!
Too long, by lawlels Fancy led altray,

Or Naiad leaning o'er her tinkling urn.
Oh ! could I learn to fanctify my itrains
With hymns, like thole by tuneful Meyric fungOr rather catch the melancholy founds
From Warton's reed, or Mafon's lyre-to paint The fudden gloom tiat damps my loul-But fee! Melpomene herielf has fnatch'd the pipe
With which fad Lyttleton his Lucia mourn'd, And plaintive, cries, My Shenitone is no more!

VERSES WRITTEN at the Gardens of

## WILLIAM SHENSTONE, ESQ.

NEAR BIRMINGHAM, 1756.
"the terrarum mini prater omnes
"A Ageulus ridet7." HOR.
WOOULD you the fe lov'd receffes trace, And view fair Nature's modeft face?
See her in ev'ry field- Hower bloom, O'er ev'ry thicket fhed perfume?
By verdant groves, and vocal hills,
b'y molfy grots, near purling rills, Where'er you turn your wand'ring eyes, Behold her win without difguife.

What tho' no pageant trifles here,
As in the glare of courts, appear?
Tho' rarely here be heard the name
Of rank or title, power or fame? Yet, if ingenuous be your mind, A blifs more pure and unconfin'd Your itep attends-Draw freely nigh,
And meet the Bard's benignant eye:

[^8]On him no pedant forms await,
No proud referve fhuts up his gate ;
No fpleen, no party views, controul
That warm benevolence of foul
Which prompts the friendly gen'rous part,
Regardicfs of each venal art,
Regardlets of the world's acclaim,
And courteous with no felfin aim.
Draw freely nigh, and welcome find,
If not the contly, yet the kind.
Oh! he will lead you to the cells
Where ev'ry Mufe and Virtue dwells,
Where the green Diyads guard his woods,
Where the blue Naiads guide his floods,
Where all the Silter Graces gay,
That fhap'd his walks' meendring way,
Stark-naked, or but a reath'd with flowers,
Lie flumb'ring folt beneath his bowers.
Wak'd by the fteck-dove's melting ftrain,
Behold them rife! and, with the tram Of Nymphs that haunt the thream or grove, Oro'er the flow'ry champaign rove,
Join hand in hand-attentive gaze-
And mark the dance's myltic maze.
"Such is the waving line," they cry,
"For ever dear to Fancy's eye!
"' Yon' ftream, that wanders down the dale,
"The fpiral wood, the winding vale,
"The path which, wrought with hidden Rill, 45
"Slow twining, icales yon' diftant hill,
"With fir invelted-all combine
"'To recommend the waving line.
"The wreathed rod of Bacchus fair,
" The ringlets of Apollo's hair,
" The wand by Maia's offspring borne,
"6 The fimooth volutes of Ammon's horn,
" The ftructure of the Cyprian dame,
"And each fair female's beauteons frame,
"Shew, to the pupils of Defign,
"The triumphs of the waving line."Win peace and freedom-thefe poffeft,75His temp'rate mind fecures the reft.

But if thy foul fuch blifs defpile, Avert thy dull incurious eyes;
Go, fix them there where gems and gold,Improv'd by art, their pow'r unfold;Go, try in courtly fcemes to traceA fairer form of Nature's face;Go, fcorn Simplicity-but knowThat all our heart-felt joys below,That all which Virtue loves to name,85Which Art configns to lafting fame,Which fixes Wit or Beauty's throne,Derives its fource from her alone.88

## TO WILLIAM SHENSTONE, ESQ.

## IN HIS SICKNESS.

## BY MR. WOODHOUSE.

YE flow'ry Plains! ye breezy Woods!
Ye bowers and gay alcoves!
Ye falling Streams ! ye filver floods!
Ye Grottoes, and ye Groves!
Alas! my heart feels no delight,
Tho' I your charms furvey,
While he confumes in pain the night,
In languid fighs the day.
The flowers difclofe a thoufand blooms, A thoufand feents diffufe,
Yet all in vain they fhed perfumes, In vain difplay their hues.

Reftrain, ye Flowers! your thoughtlefs pride, Recline your gaudy heads,
And, fadly drooping, ide by fide, Embrace your humid beds.

Tall Oaks! that o'er the woodland fhade
Your lofty fummits rear,
Ah! why, in wonted charms array'd, Expand your leaves fo fair !

For, 10 ! the flowers as gaily fimile, As wanton waves the tree, And tho' I fadly 'plain the while, Yet they regard not me.

Ah! fhould the Fates an arrow fend,
And frike the fatal wound,
Who, who fhall then your fweets defend,
Or fence your beauties round?

But hark! perhaps the plumy throng Have learn'd my plaintive tale',
And fome fad dirge or mournful fong Comes floating in the gale.
Ah, ro! they chant a fprightly ftrain To footh an am'rous mare, Unmindful of my anxious pain,

But fee ! thefe little murm'ring rills With fond repinings rove,
And trickle wailing down the hills, Or weep along the grove.

Oh! mock not if, befide your ftream,
You hear me, too, repine,
Or aid with fighs your mournful theme, And fondly call him mine.

Ye envious Winds! the caufe difplay,
In whifpers as you blow,
Why did your treach'rous gales convey
The poifon'd thafts of wo?
Did he not plant the fhady bower Where you fo blithly meet?
The fcented fhrub, and fragrant flower,
To make your breezes fwett?
And muft he leare the wood, the field, The dear Alcadian reign ?
Can neither verfe nor virtue fhield
The guardian of the plain ?
Muft he his tuneful breath refign,
Whom ail the Mufes love?
That round his brow their laurels twine, And all his fongs approve.

Preferve him, mild Omnipotence!
Gur Father, King, and God!
Who clear'R the paths of life and fenfe,
Or ftopp'ft them at thy nod.
Blefs'd Power! who calm'ft the ragaing deep,
His valued health reftore,
Nor let the fons of Genius weep,
Nor let the Good deplore.
But if thy boundlefs wifiom knows His longer date an ill,
Let not my foul a wifh difclofe To contradict thy will.

For happy, happy were the change,
For fuch a godlike mind,
To go where kindred fipirits range,
Nor leave a wifh behind.
And tho to fhare his pleafures here Kings might their ftate forego, Yet muft he feil fuch raptures there As none can tafte below.

## VERSES LEFT ON A SEAT,

## the hand unknown.

OEARTH! to his remains indulgent be, Who fo much care and coft beftow'don thee ; Who crown'd thy barren hills with ufeful thate, And cheerd with tinkling rills each filent ghte;

VERSES TO MR. SHENSTONE.

## CORYDON, A PASTORAL.

TOTHB MEMORYOFWILL:ANSHENETONE, ESQ。 BY MR. J. CUNNINGHAM.

## I.

COME, Shepherds! we'll follow the hearfe, And fee our lov'd Corydon laid:
Tho' forrow may blemifh the verfe, Yet let the fad tribute be pand.
They call'd him the Pride of the Plain:
In locth he was gentle and kind; Ife matk'd in his clegant ftrain 'The graces that glow'd in his mind.
II.

On purpofe he planted yon' trees,
That birds in the covert might dwell;
He cultur'd his thyme for the bees,
But never wcu!d rifle their cell.
Ye lambkins! that play dat his feet,
Go bleat-and your maiter bemoan:
His mulic was aitlefs aiad fiveet,
His manners as mild as your own. lif.
No verdure fhall ccter the vale,
No blocm on the bloficms appear;
The fivets of the foreft fhall tail,
And winter difcolour the year.
No bircs in our hedges fhall fing,
(Our hedges, fo vocal before)
siuce he that fhould welcome the Spring
Can greet the gay feafon no more.

> IV.

His Phyllis was fond of his praife,
And poets came round in a throng;
They liften'd, and enry'd his lays,
But which of them equall'd his iong ?
Ye Shepherás! henceiorwarl be mute,
For loft is the Paftoral ftrain;
So give me my Corydon's thite,
And thus-let me break it in twain.

## ELEGIES,

WRITTEN ON MANY DIFFERENT OCCASIONS.
Tantum inter denfas, umbrofa cacumina, fagas Affidue veniebat; ibi hæe incondita, folus, Montibus et filvis ftudio jactabat inani!

The foreading beech alone he would explore With frequent fep; beneath its fardy top (Ah! protitlefs employ!) to hills and groves Thefe indigefted lays he wont repeat.

## ELEGY I.

LIe arrives at bis Retirement in the Country, and takes Occafion to expatiate in praife of Simplicity. To a Friend.
FOR rural virtues, and for native $\mathbb{K}$ ies, I bade Augufta's venal fons farewell; Now 'mid the trees I fee my fmoke arife, Now hear the fountains bubbling round my cell.

O may that Genius which fecures my reft Preferve this villa for a friend that's dear! Ne'er may my vintage glad the fordid breaft, Ne'er tinge the lip that dares be unfincere !

Far from thefe paths, ye faithlefs Friends ! depart ; Fly my plain board, abhor my hotile name! Hence the faint verle that flows not from the heart, But mourns in labourd ftrains the price of fame!
O lov'd Simplicity! be thine the prize! Affiduous Art correct her page in vain! His be the palm who, guiltlel's of difguife,
Contemns the pow'r the dull refource to feign!
Still may the mourner, lavifh of his tears, For lucre's venal meed invite my form!
Still may the bard, diffembling doubts and fears, For praife, for flatt'ry fighing, figh forlorn!
Soft as the line of lovefick Hammond flows, 'Twas his fond heart effus'd the melting theme; Ah! never could Aonia's hill difclofe So fair a fountain or fo lov'd a ftream.

Ye lovelefs Burds! intent with artful pairs To form a ligh, or to contrive a tear! Furego your Pindus, and on _- plains Survey Camilia's charms, and grow fincele.
But thou, my Friend! while in thy youthful feul Love's gentle tyrant leats his awful tircore, Write from thy boiom-let not art ccnuoul The ready pen that makes his cuicts knowr.
Pleafing, when youth is long expin'd, to trace The forms our pencil or our pen defign'd!
"Such was cur youthmin air, and fhape, and face! 35
" Such the foft imege of our jouthfiil nind!
Euft, whilf we f'eep beneath the rural bow's, The Loves and Graces iteal uniten away, And where thie turf' diffus'd its pomp of fow'rs, We wake to wintry icenes of chill decay!
Curfe the fad fortune that detains thy fair ; Prafe the folt hours that gave the to her arms; Paint thy proud forn of ev'ry vulgar care, When hope exalts thee, or when doubt alams.
Where with Oenone thou haft worn the day,
Near font or fream, in meditation, rore;
if in the grove Oenone lov'd to tray,
The faithtui Niule fiall meet thee in the grove.

## ELEGY II.

## On foploumous Relutation. To a Friend.

oGRIEF of griefs! that Envy's frantic ire thould rob the hining virtue cf it prane; O foolifh Mefes! that with zeal alpire
To deck the cold infenfate fhrine with bays.
When the free pirit cuits her humble frame, To tread the Ries with radiznt gatlands crown'd i Say, will ile hear the ciltant volce of Fanse? Cr, hearing, fancy fiveeneis in the found?

Perhaps ev'n Genius pours a flighted lay ;
Perhaps ev'n Friendhip theds a fruitlefs tear;
16
Ev'n Lyttleton but vainly trims the bay,
And fondly graces Hammond's mournful bier.
Tho' weeeping virgins haunt his favour'd urn,
Renew their chaplets, and repeat their fighs;
Tho' near his tomb Sabean odours burn,
The loit'ring fragrance will it reach the Ikies?
No; fhould his Delia votive wreaths prepare,
Delia might place the votive wreaths in vain;
Yet the dear hope of Delia's future care
Once crown'd his pleafures and difpell'd his pain.
20
Yes-the fair profpect of furviving praife
Can ev'ry fenfe of prefent joys excel;
For this great Hadrian chofe laborious days;
'Thro' this, expiring, bade a gay farewell.
Shall then our youths, who Fame's bright fabric raife, To life's precarious date confine their care? 25
O teach them you, to fpread the facred bafe, To plan a work thro' lateft ages fair !

Is it frall tranfport, as with curious eye You trace the ftory of each Attic fage,
To think your blooming praife fhall time defy?
Shall waft, like odours, thro' the plealing page ?
To mark the day when, thro the bulky tome, Around your name the varying ftyle retines?
And readers call their loft attention home,
Led by that index where true genius fhines?
Ah! let not Britons doubt their focial aim, Whofe ardent boloms catch this ancient fire ; Cold int'rel't melts before the vivid flame, And patriot ardours but with life expici.

## ELEGY III.

## On the untimely Death of a certain learnd

 Acquaintance.IF proud Pygmalion quit his cumbrous frame, Funeral pomp the fcanty tear fupplies, Whilf heralds loud, with venal voice, proclaim, Lo! here the brave and the puiffant lies.

When humbler Alcon leaves his drooping friends, 5 Pageant nor plume diftinguifh Alcon's bier; The faithful Mufe with votive fong attends, And blots the mournful numbers with a tear.

He little knew the fly penurious art, That odious art which Fortune'sfav'rites know; 10 Form'd to beftew, he felt the warmeft heart, But envious Fate forbade him to beftow.

He little knew to ward the fecret roound; He little knew that mortals could enfinare; Virtue be knew ; the nobleft joy he found
To fing her glories, and to paint her fair.
Ill was he fikillil to guicle his wand'ring theep, And unforefeen diftatter thinnd his fold; Yet at another`s lofs the fivain would weep, And for his friend his very crook was fold.

Ye fons of Wealth! protect the Mufes' train; From winds protect them, and with food tupply: 'Ah! helplefs they, to ward the threaten'd puin, The meagre famine, and the wintry fky!

He lov'd a nymph; amidf his flender fore :
He dar'd to love, and Cynthia was his theme:
He breath'd his plaints along the rocky fore ;
They unly echo'd o'er the winding tream,

His nymph was fair! the fwectent bud that blows
Revives lefs lovely from the recent flow'r;
So Phiomel enamour'd eyes the rofe; Sweet bird! enamour'd of the fweeteft flow'r.

He lov'd the Mufe; fhe taught him to complain; He faw his tim'rous loves on her depend: He lov'd the Mufe, altho' fhe taugit in vain;
He lov'd the Mufe, for fhe was Virtue's friend.
She guides the foot that treads on Parian floors;
She wins the ear when formal pleas are vain;
She tempts Patricians from the fatal doors
Of Vice's brothel forth to Virtue's fane.
He wifl'd for wealth, for much he wifh'd to give ;
He griev'd that virtue might not wealth obtain:
Piteous of woes, and hopelefs to relieve,
The penfire profpect fadden'd all his itrain.
I faw him faint! I faw him fuk to reit !
Like one ordain'd to fwell the vulgar throng;
As tho the Virtue's had not warm'd his breaft, As tho' the Mufes not infir'd his tongue.

I faw his bier ignobly crofs the plain;
Saw peafant hands the pious rite fupply:
The gen'rous ruftics mourn'd the friendly fwain, But Pow'r and Wealth's unvarying cheek was dry !

Such Alcon fell; in meagre want forlorn!
Where were ye then, ye pow'riful Patrons! where?
Would ye the purple fhould your limbs adern,
Go wafl the confciuus bleminh with a cear.

## ELEGY IV.

Opbelia's Urn. To Mr. G—
THRO' the dim veil of ev'ning's durky thade, Near fome loan fane, or yew's funereal green, What dreary form has magic Fear furvey'd! What fhrouded fpectres Superftition feen!

But you, fecure, fhall pour your fad complaint,
Nor dread the meagre phantom's wan array; What none but Fear's officious hand can paint, What none but Superftition's eye furvey.

The glimm'ring twilight and the doubtful dawn Shall fee your ftep to thefe fad feenes return : Conitant, as cryital dews impearl the lawn, Shall Strephon's tear bedew Ophelia's urn.

Sure nought unhallow'd fall prefume to ftray Where fleep the reliques of that virtuous maid; Nor aught unlovely bend its devious way
Where icft Ophelia's dear remains are laid.
Haply thy Mufe, as with unceaning fighs She keeps late vigils, on her urn reclin'd, May fee light groups of pleafing vificns rife, And phantoms glide, but of cileftial kind.

Then fame, her clarion pendent at her fide, Shall feek forgivenefs of Ophelia's flade ; "Why has iuch worth, without diftinction, dy'd? ** Why, like the defert's lily, blcom'd to fade!

Then young Simplicity, averfe to feign, Shall, unmoleted, breathe her foftelt ligh, And Candour with unwonted warmth complain, And Innocence indulge a wailtul cry.

Then Elegance, with coy judicious hand, Shall cull frefh flow'rets for Ophelia's tomb;
And Beauty chide the Fates' fevere command, That fhew'd the frailty of to fair a bloom!

And Fancy then, with wild ungovern'd wo, Shall her lov'd pupil's native tatte explain ; For mournful lable all her hues forego,

Ah! gentle Forms ! expect no fond relief; Too much the facred Nine their lofs depiore: Wellmay ye grieve, nor find an end of griefYour beft, your brighteff fav'rite is no mure.

## ELEGY V.

He compares the Turbulence of Lowe with the Tranquillity of Fricnilbip. To Melilja bis Friend.
FROM Love, from angry Love's inclement reign I pafs awnile to Friendhip's equal Ikies; Thou, gen'rons Maid! reliev'tt my partial pain, And cheer'f the victim of another's cyes.
'Tis thou, Meliffa, thou deferv'ft my care ;
How can my will and realon difagree?
How can my palfion live beneath defpair? How can my bofom figh for aught but thee ?

Ah! dear Me!iffa! pleas'd with thee to rove, My foul has yet furviv'd its drearieft time ; Ill can I bear the various clime of Love! Love is a plealing but a various clime.

So fmiles immortal Maro's fav'rite fhore, Jarthenope, with ev'ry verdure crown'd; When flraight Vefuvio's horrid caldrons roar,
And tbe dry vapour blatis the regions round.

Oh! blifsful regions! oh! unrivall'd plains! When Haro to thefe fragrant haunts retir'd ! Oh! fatal realms! and, oh! accurs'd domains! When Pliny 'mid fulphurtous clurids expir'd!

So fmiles the furface of the treach'rcus main, As coer its waves the peaceftil halcy ons play, When foon rude winds their wonted rule regain, And fiy and ocean mingle in the fray.

## But let or air contend or ocean rave;

Ev'n Hope fubfide, amid the billows tot ;
Hope, fitllemergent, fill contemms the wave, And not a feature's wonted imile is luft.

## ELEGI VI.

To a Ladj, on the Language of Birds.
COME then, Dione, let us range the grove, H. The fcience of the featherd choirs explore, Hear linnets argue, larks detcant of love, And hlame the gloom of folitude no mort.

Ny doubt fubfides-tis no Italian fong, Nor fenfelefs ditty, cheers the vernal tree: Ah! who that hears Dione's tuneful tongue, shall dcubt that mufic may with fenfe agree ?

And come, my Mufe! that lov'it the fylvan made, Evolve the mazes, and the mift difpel;
Tranflate the fong; convince my doubting maid Nofolemn deivis can explain to weli-

Fenive beneath the twilight fhades I fate,
The flave of hopelefs vows and cold dildain! When Philonel addrefs'd his moumfinl mate, And thus I corith u'd the mellifluent frain.
"S Sing on, my bird!-the liquid notes prolong;
"At ev'ry note a lover fheds his tear;
"Sing on, my bird!-'tis Damon hears thy fong,
" Nor doubt to gain applaufe when lovers hear.
"He the fad fource of our complaining knows !
"A foe to Tereus and to lawlets love!
" He mourns the flory of our ancient woes;
" Ah! could our mulic his complaint remove!
"Yon' plains are govern'd by a peerlefs maid; 25
"A And fee! pale Cynthia mounts the vaulted ky ;
"A Atrain of lovers court the chequer'd fhade:
"Sing on, my bird! and hear thy mate's reply.
"Erewitile no fhepherd to thefe woods retir"d,
"No lover blefs'd the glow-worm's pallid ray'; 30
" But ill-ftar'd birds, that, liftning, not admir'd,
"Or lifining, envy'd our fuperior lay.
" Cheer'd by the fun, the vaffals of his pow'r,
" Let fuch by day unite their jarring ftrains,
" But let us chufe the calm, the filent, hour,
" Nor want fit audience while Dione reigns."

## ELEGY VII.

He doficibes bis Vijon to an Acquaintance. Catera per terras omnes animalia, \&ic. VIRG. IMITATIO:. All ajimals befide, o.er all the ea:th, ${ }^{3} \mathrm{cc}$.

ON diftant heaths, beneath autmmal Ries, Penfive I faw the circling thade defeend; Weary and faint I heard the form arife, While the fun vanih'd like a faithlefs friend.

No kind cumpanion led my fteps aright;
No friendly planet lent its glimm'ring ray;
Fv'n the lone cot refins'd its sonted light,
Whese Toil in peaceful flumber clos'd the day,

Then the dull bell had giv'n a pleafing found; The village cur't were traniports then to hear;
In dreadful filence all was hufh'd around, While the rude form alone diftrefs'd mine ear.

As led by Orwell's winding banks I ftray'd, Where tow'ring Wolfey breath'd his native air, A fudden luftre chas'd the fliting fhade,

Inftant a grateful form appear'd confeft; White were his lucks, with awful fcarlet crown'd, And livelier far than Tyrian feen'd his veft, That with the glowing purple ting'd the ground.
"Stranger!" he faid, " amid this pealing rain, "Benighted, lonefome, whither wouldit thoultray?
" Does wealith or pow'r thy weary ftep conltrain?
"Reveal thy wifh, and let me point the way.
"f For know, I trod the trophy'd paths of pow'r, 25
" Felt ev'ry joy that Fair Ambition brings,
"And left the lonely roof of yonder buw'r:
"To ftand beneath the canopies of kings.
"I bade low hinds the tow'ring ardour fhare,
" Nor meanly rofe to blefs mylelf alone;
"r I fuatch'd the fhepherd from his fleecy care,
"A And bade his wholefome dictate guard the throne.
"s L. Low at my feet the fuppliant peer I faw ;
" I law proud empires my decilion wait;
" My will was duty, and my word was law, 3.5
" My fmile was tranfport, and my frown was fate".
Ah me! faid I, nor pow'r I feek, nor gain;
Nor urg'd by hope of fame thele toils endure; A fingle youth, that feels a lover's pain, And trom his friend's condolence hopes a cure.

## Elegies

He , the dear youth ! to whofe abodes I roam, Nor can mine honours nor my fieids extend; Yet for his fake I leave my diftant home, Which oaks embolom, and which hills defend.

Beneath that home I forn the wintry wind;
The Spring to fhade me robes her faireft tree! And if a friend my grafs-grown threflold find, Oh how my lonely cot reiounds with glee!

Yet, tho' averfe to gold in heaps amafs'd, I wifh to blefs, I languilh to beltow;
And tho' no friend to Fame's obtrep'rous blaft, Still to her dulcet murmurs not a fce.

Too proud with fervile tone to deign addrefs; Too mean to think that honours are my due; Yet hould fome patron yield my fores to blefs, I fure fhould deen my boundlefs thanks were few.

But tell me, thou! that like a meteor's fire Shott'ft blazing torth, difdaining dull degrees, Should I to wealth, to fame, to pow'r, a fipire, Mult I not pafs more rugged paths than theie?

Muf I not groan beneath a guilty load, Praife him I foom, and him I love betray ? Does not \{ ifonious Envy bar the road? Or Falfehood's treach'rous fout belet the way?

Say, mould I pais thro' Favour's crowded gate, Muft not fair Truth inglon ous wate behind? While I approach the glittring icenes of itate, My beft companion so admittance find?

Nurs'd in the flades by Freedom's lenient care, Shall I the rigid iway of Fortune own? Taught by the voice of pions 'Truth, prepare To furn an altar, and adore a thuore?

# And when praud Fortune's ebbing tide recedes, And when it leaves me no unfhaken friend, Shall I not weep that e'er I left the meads, 

Which oaks embofom, and which hills defend ?
Oh ! if thefe ills the price of pow'r advance, Check not iny fpeed where focial joys invite! The troubled vifion calt a mournful glance, And, fighing, vanilh'd in the fhades of night.

## ELEGY VIII.

He defcribes Lisearly Love of Poetry, and its Confequencis. To Mr. G——, 17+5.*
A He! what envious magick thins my fold ?
What mutter'd fpell retards their late increa.e ? Such lefs'ning fleeces muft the fwain beholl, That e'er with Dorick pipe effays to pleaie.

I faw my friends in ev'ning circles meet;
I took my vocal reed, and cun'd my lay;
I heand them fay my vocal reed was liweet:
Ah, fool! to credit what I heard them fay.
Ill-fated Bard! that feeks his fkill to fhow, Then courts the judginent of a friendly ear ;
Not the poor vetran, that permits his foe To guide his doubtful itep, has more to fear.

Nor could my G-miftake the critick's laws, 'Till pious Friendficip mark'd the pleating way: Welcome fuch errour! ever blefs'd the caufe! Ev'n tho' it led me boundlefs leagues atray.

Couldift thou reprove me, when I nurs'd the flame On lift'ning Cherwell's ofier banks reclin'd? While foe to Fortune, unfeducd by Fame, I louth'd the bias of a carelefs mind ?

* N. D. Written afier the deatia of Mr. Pope.

Touth's gentle kindred, Health and Love, were met ; What tho' in Alina's guardian arms I play'd?
How fhall the Mule thole vacant hours forget?
Or deem that bliis by folid cares repaid?
Thou know'f how tranfport thrills the tender breaft
Where Love and Fancy fix their op'ning reign;
How Nature fhines, in I.velier colours dreft, To blefs their union, and to grace their train.

So firft when Phobus met the Cyprian queen, And favour'd Rhodes beheld their paffion crown'd, 30 Unufual flow'rs enrich'd the painted green, Andfwift fpontaneous rofes bluh'd around.

Now fadly lorn, from Twitnam's widow'd bow'r 'The drooping Mufes take their cafual way, And where they ftop, a flood of tears they pour; 35 And where they weep, no more the fields are gay.

Where is the dappled pink, the fprightly rofe? The cowflip's golden cup no more I lee: Dark and difcolour'd ev'ry flow'r that blows, To form the garland, Elegy ! for thee-

Enough of tears has wept the virtuous dead; Ah! might we now the pious rage controul! Hufh'd be my grief ere ev'ry fimile be fled, Ere the deep-fivelling figh fubvert the foul!

If near fome trophy fpring a ftripling bay, $\quad 45$ Pleas'd we behold the graceful umbrage rife, But foon too deep it works its baneful way, And low on earth the proftrate ruin lies.*

[^9]
## ELEGY IX.

He defcribes bis Difintereftednefs to a Friend.

INE'ER muft tinge my lip with Celtick wines: The pomp of India muft I ne'er difplay; Nor boalt the produce of Peruvian mines, Nor with Italian founds deceive the day.

Down yonder brook my cryftal bev'rage flows;
My grateful theep their annual ficeces bring;
Fair in my garden buds the damakk rofe, And from nay grove I hear the throftle fing.

My fellow fwains! avert your dazzled eyes; In vain allur'd by glitt'ring foils they rove; $\quad 10$ The Fates ne'er meant them for the fhepherd's prize, Yet gave them ample recompenice in luve.

They gave you vigour from your parents veins;
They gave you toils, but toils your finews brace; They gave you nymphs that own their an'rous pains; And hades, the refuge of the gentle race.

To carve your loves, to paint your mutual flames, See! polih'd fair, the beech's friendly rird!
To fing foft carols to your lovely daries, See vocal grots, and echoing vaies affign'd!

Wouldift thou, my Strephon! Love's delighted flave! 'Tho' fure the wreaths of chivahy to inare, Forego the ribband thy Matilda gave, And giving, bade thee in remembrance wear ?

Ill fare my peace, but ev'ry idle toy,
If to my mind my Deiia's form it brings, Has tiwer worth, imparts fincerer joy, Than all that bears the radiant tamp of kings.

O my foul weeps, my breaft with anguifh bleeds, When Love deplores the tyrant pow'r of Gain!
Difdaining riches as the futile weeds,
I rife fuperior, and the rich difdain.
Oft' from the fream, flow-wand'ring down the glade, Penfive I hear the nuptial peal rebound:
" Some mifer weds," I cry, " the captive maid,
"And fome fond lover fickens at the found."
Not Somerville, the Mufes friend of old, Tho' now exalted to yon' ambient fky, So fhunn'd a foul diftain'd with earth and gold, So lov'd the pure the gen'rous breaft, as I.

Scorn'd be the wretch that quits his genial bowl, His loves, his friendmips, ev'n his felf refigns; Perverts the facred inftinct of his foul, And to a ducat's dirty fiphere confines.

But come, my Friend! with tafte, with fcience, bleft, Ere age impair me, and ere gold allure; Reftore thy dear idea to my breatt, The rich depofite fhall the fhrine fecure.

Let others toil to gain the fordid ore,
The charms of independence let us fing:
Blefs'd with thy friendfhip, can I viffif or more I'll fpum the boafted wealth of Lydia's king.*

## ELEGY X.

To Fortune, fuggefing bis Motive for repining at ber Dijpenfations.
A SK not the caufe why this rebellious tongue Loads with frefh curfes thy detefted livay; Afk not, thus branded in my foftert cong, Why ftands the flatter'd name which all obey?

[^10]'Tis not that in my fed I lurk forlorn, Nor fee my roof on Parian columns rife; That on this breaft no mimick ftar is borne, Rever'd, ah ! more than thofe that light the ikies.
${ }^{\prime}$ Tis not that on the turf fupinely laid, I fing or pipe, but to the flocks that graze; And, all inglorious, in the lonefome thade My finger ftiffens, and my voice decays.

Not that my fancy mourns thy fern command,
When many an embryo dome is loft in air;
While guardian Prudence checks my eager hand, 15 And ere the turf is broken, cries, "Forbear :
" Forbear, vain Youth! be cautious, weigh thy gold,
" Nor let yon' rifing column more alpire:
"6 Ah! better dwell in ruins, than behold
" Thy fortunes moulding, and thy domes entire. 20
" Honorio built, but dar'd my laws defy;
" He planted, fcornful of my fage commands;
" The peach's vernal bud regal'd his eye,
" The fruitage ripen'd for more frugal hands."
See the finall fream, that pours its murm'ring tide 25 O'er fome rough rock, that would its wealth difplay, Difplays it aught but penury and pride?
Ah! conftrue wifely what fuch murmurs fay.
How would fome flood, with ampler treafures bleft,
Difdainful view the icantling drops diftil!
How muft Velino * flake his reedy creft !
How ev'ry crguet mock the boaltive rill!
Fortune! I yield; and fee, I give the fign; At noon the poor mechanick wanders home, Collects the fquare, the level, and the line,
Aud with retorted eye forfakes the dome.

[^11]Yes, I can patient view the fladelefs plains :
Can unrepining leave the rifing wall;
Check the fond love of art that fird my veins,
And my warm hopes in full purfuit recall.
De'cend, ye Storms! deitroy my rifing pile ;
Loos'd be the whirlwind's unremitting fway;
Contented I, although the gazer fmile
To fee it fcarce furvive a winter's day.
Let fome dull dotard balk in thy gay ihrine,
As in the fun regales his wanton herd; Guiltlefs of envy, why fhould I repine
That his rude voice, his grating reed's, preferr'd ?
Let him exult, with boundlefs wealth fupply'd,
Mine and the fwain's reluctant homage fhare;
Fut, ah! his tawdry thepherdefs's pride, Gods! muft my Delia, muft my Delia, bear?

Muf Delia's foftnefs, elegance, and eafe, Submit to Marian's drefs? to Marian's gold ? Muft Marian's robe from diftant India pleafe?
The fimple fleece my Delia's limbs enfold?
"Yet fure on Delia feems the ruffet fair;
"Ye glitt'ring daughters of Difguife adieu!"
So talk the wile, who judge of fhape and air, But will the rural thane decide fo true?

Ah! what is native worth efteem'd of clowns?
?T is thy falfe glare, O Fortune! thine they fee;
'Tis for my Delia's fake I dread thy frowns,
And my laft gafp fhall curfes breathe on thee.

## ELEGY. XI.

He complains bow foon the pleafing Novelty of Life is over. To Mrr. F-

AH me! my Friend! it will not, will not laft ! This fairy fcene, that cheats our youthful eyes; The charm diffolves; th' aërial mufick's paft ; The banquet ceafes, and the vifion flies.

Where are the fplendid forms, the rich perfumes,
Where the gay tapers, where the fpaciuus dome? Vanifh'd the coltly pearls, the crimion plumes, And we, delightleis, left to wander home!

Vain now are books, the fage's wifdom vain! What has the world to bribe our fteps aftray! Ere Reafon learns by ftudy'd laws to reign, The weaken'd paffions, felf-fubdu'd, obey.

Scarce has the fun fev'n annual courfes roll'd, Scarce fhewn the whole that Fortune can fupply, Since not the mifer fo carel's'd his gold
As I, for what it gave, was heard to figh.
On the world's ftage I wifh'd fome fprightly part, To deck my native fleece with tawidry lace! 'Twas life, 't was talte, and-oh! my foclifh heart! Subftantial joy was fix'd in pow'r and place.
And you, ye works of Art! allur'd mine eye, The breathing picture and the living tone:
"Tho' gold, tho' fplendour, Heav'n and Fate deny, "Yet might I call one Titian ftroke my own!"
Smit with the charms of Fame, whofe lovely fpoil, 25 The wreath, the garland, fire the poet's pride', I trimm'd my lamp, conturn'd the midnight oilBut foon the paths of health and tame divide!

Oft', too, I pray'd ; 'twas Nature form'd the pray'r, To grace my native ficenes, my rural home;
To fee my trees exprefs their planter's care,
And gay, on Attick models, raife my dome.
But now 'tis o'er, the deardelufion's o'er; A ftagnart breezelel's air becalms my foul;
A fond afpiring candidate no more,
I fcorn the palm before I reach'd the goal.
O Youth! enchanting ftage, profufely blefs'd! Blifs ev'n olftu ufive courts the frolick mind; Of health negle $\mathcal{C f f u l}$, yet by health careis'd, Carelefs of favour, yet fecure to find.

Then glows the breaft as op'ning rofes fair ; More free, more vivid, than the linnet's wing ; Honeft as light, tranfparent ev'n as air, Tender as buds, and lavifh as the Spring.

Not all the force of manhood's active might,
Not all the craft to fubtle age affign'd,
Not fcience flaall extort that dear delight,
Which gay delufion gave the tender mind.
Adien, foft raptures! tranfports void of care!
Parent of ruptures, dear Deceit! adieu;
And you, her daughters, pining with defpair, Why, why fo foon her flecting fleps puriue!

Tedious again to curfe the drizzling day !
Again to trace the wintry tracks of fnow!
Or, footh'd by vemal airs, again furvey 55
The felf-fame hawthoms bud, and cowllips blow!
O Life! how foon of eviry blifs forlorn!
We ftart falle joys, and urge the devious race;
A tender prey; that cheers our younhtul mom?
Then finks untimely, and defrauds the chaie.

## E LEGY XII. His Recantation.

$\mathrm{N}^{\mathrm{O}}$ more the Mufe obtrudes her thin ditguife, No more with awkward fallacy cemplains How ev'ry fervour from my bufom flies, And Reafon in her lonefonte palace reigns.

Ere the chill winter of our days arrive, No more the paints the breaft from paffion free ; 1 feel, I feel one loit'ring wihh furviveAll! need I, Florio, name that wifh to thee?
The far of Venus ufhers in the day, The firft, the lovelieft of the train that fhine!
The ftar of Venus lends her brighteft ray, When other ftars their friendly beams refigno.
Still in my breaft one foft defire remains, Pure as that far, from guilt, from int'reft, free: Has gentle Delia tripp'd acrofs the plains, And need I, Florio, name that wifh to thee ?

While, clos'd to find the fcenes of ifie the fame, 1 tune with carelefis hand my languid lays, Some fecret impulfe wakes my former flame, And fires my ftrain with hopes of brighter days.
1 fept not long beneath yon' rural bow'rs, And, lo! my crook with flow'rs adorn'd I fee : Has gentle Delia bound my crook with thow'rs, And need I, Florio, name my hopes to :tee ?

## ELEGY XIII.

To a Friend, on fome fight Occafion efiranged from bim.
HEALTH to my friend, and many a cheerful day! Around his feat may peaceful hades abide! Smooth flow the minutes, fraught with fmiles, away, And till they crown our union gently glide!

Ah me! too fiviftly fleets our vernal bloom!
Loft to our wonted friend/hip, loft to joy! Soon may thy breaft the cordial wifh refume, Ere wintry doubt its tender warmth deftroy!

Say, were it ours, by Fortune's wild command, By chance to mect beneath the Torrid Zone, Wouldft thou reject thy Damon's plighted hand ? Wouldft thou with foon thy once-lov'd friend difown?

Life is that franger land, that alien clime ; Shall kindred fouls forego their focial claim? Lanch'd in the valis abyls of fpace and time, Shall dark fufpicion quench the gen'roris flame?

Myriads of fouls, that knew one parent mould, See fadly fever'd by the laws of Chance! Myriads, in Time's perennial lift enrolld, Forbid by Face to change one tranfient glance!

But we have met-where ills of ev'ry form, Where paffions rage, and hurricanes defcend ; Say, nall we nurfe the rage, affift the ftorm, And guide them to the bolom-of a friend ?

Yes, we have mei-thro' rapine, fraud, and wrong: Might our joint aid the paths of peace expiore: $\quad 26$ Why leave thy friend amid the boit'rcus throng, Ere death divide us, and we part no more ?

For, ch! pale Sicknefs warns thy friend away ;
For me no more the vernal rofes bloom!
I fee ftern Fate his ebon wand difplay, And point the wither'd regions of the tomb.

Then the keen anguifh from thine eye fhall flart, Sad as thou followeft my untimely bier;
"Fool that I was-if friends fo foon mult part,
"To let fufpicion intermix a fear."

## ELEGY XIV.

Declining an Invitation to vifit Foreign Countries, be takes Occafon to intimate the Adtoantages of his own.

> To Lord Temotle.

WHILE others, loft to friendfhip, lof to love, Wafte their beft minutes on a foreign frand, Be mine with Britifh nymph or fwain to rove, And court the Genius of my native land.
Deluded Ionth! that quits there verdant plains, 5 To catch the follies of an alien ciil!
To win the rice his genume foul difdains, Return exultant, and import the fpoil!

In vain he boafts of his detefted prize; No more it blooms, to Britilh climes convey ${ }^{\text {d }}$;
Crampd by the impulfe of ungenial fies,
See its frefh vigour in a moment fade ;
'Th' exotick folly knows its native clime, An awk ward ftranger, if we waft it o'er; Why then thefe toils, this cofly wafte of time, 15 To foread foft poifon on our happy thore?
I covet not the picle of foreign looms;
In fearch of foreign modes I icorn to rcte; Nor for the werthefs bird of brighter plemes Wonid charge the meaneft warbler of my grove.

No diffant clime fhall fervile airs impart, Or form thefe limbs with pliant eafe to play; Trembling I view the Gaul's illufive art, That fteals my lov'd rufticity away.

## 'Tis long fince Freedom fled th' Hefperian clime,

Her citron groves, her flow'r-embroider'd fhore;
She faw the Britifh oak afpire fublime, And foft Compania's olive charms no more.

Let partial funs mature the weftern mine, To fhed its luftre o'er th' Iberian maid;
Mien, beauty, mape, O native foil! are thine;
Thy peerlefs daughters afk no foreign aid.
Let Ceylon's envy'd plant* perfume the feas, Till torn to feafon the Batavian bowl ;
Ours is the breaft whofe genuine ardours pleafe,
Nor need a drug to meliorate the foul.
Let the proud foldan wound th' Arcadian groves, Or with rude lips th' Aonian fount profane; The Mufe no more by flow'ry Ladon roves, She feeks her Thomion on the Britifl plain.

Tell not of realms by ruthlefs war difmay'd; Ah! haplefs realms! that war's oppreffion feel; In vain may Auftria boaft her Norick blade, If Auftria bleed beneath her boafted fteel.
Beneath her palm Idume vents her moan;
Raptur'd, the once beheld its friendly fhade; And hoary Memphis boafts her tombs alone, The mournful types of nighty pow'r decay'd!
No Crefcent here difplays its baneful horns; No turban'd hof the voice of Truth reproves; Learning's free fource the fage's brealt adoms, And poets, not inglorious, chant their loves.

Boalt, favour'd Media! boaft thy flow'ry fores ;
Thy thouland hues by chymic funs refin'd;
${ }^{-}$'Tis not the drefs of mien my fouladores,

While Grenville's * breaft could virtue`s ftores afford, What envy'd flota bore to fair a freight?
The mine compar'd in vain its latent hoard, The gem its luftre, and the gold its wcight.

Thee, Grenville! thee, with calmeft courage fraught! Thee, the lov'd image of thy native fhore! Thee, by the Virtues arm'd, the Graces taught ! When fhall we ceafe to buaft or to deplore?

Prefumptuous War, which could thy life deftroy, 65 What fhall it now in recompence decree ? While friends, that merit ev'ry earthly joy, Feel ev'ry anguifh; feel-the lofs of thee!
Bid me no more a fervile realm compare, No more the Mufe of partial praife arraign; 70 Britannia fees no foreign brealt fo fair, And if fhe glory, glories not in vain.

## ELEGY XV.

In Memory of a private Family $\dagger$ in Horceferfitire.

FROM a lone tow'r with rev'rend ivy crown'd,
The pealing bell awak'd a tender ligh ;
Still as the village caught the waving found, A fwelling tear diftream'd from ev'ry eye.
So droop'd, I ween, each Briton's breaft of old, 5 When the dull curfew fpoke their freedom fled; For, fighing as the mournful accent roll'd, "Our hope," they cry'd, "our kind fupport, is dead!"

* Written about the time of Captain Grenville's death.
+ The Penns of Harborough; a place whofe name in the Saxton language alludes to an army : and there is a tradition that there was a batile fo: ght on the Downs adjoining, betwixt tie Britons and the Romans.
'Twas good Palemon-Near a fhaded pool, A group of ancient elms unbrageous rofe;
The flocking rooks, by Initint's native rule, This peaceful fene fur their afylum chote.

A few fmall fpires, to Gothick fancy fair, Amid the fhades emerging fruck the view ; 'Twas here his youth refir'd its earlieft air;
' I was here his age breath'd out its laft adieu.
One favour'd fon engrag'd his tend'reft care;
One pious youth his whole affection crown'd;
In his young breatt the virtues fprung fo fair,
Such charms difplay'd, fuch fweets diffus'd around.
But whillt gay tranfport in his face appears,
A noxious vapour clogs the poifon'd 1ky,
Blafts the fair crop-the fire is drown'd in tears,
And, fcarce furviving, fees his Cynthio die!
O'er the pale corfe we faw him gently bend: Heart-chill'd with grief-" My thread," he cry'd, " is fpun!
"If Heaven had meant I hould my life extend,
" Heav'n had preierv'd my life's fupport, my fon.

* Snatch'd in thy prime! alas! the ftroke were mild,
"Had my frail form obey'd the Fate's decree! 30
"Blefs'd were my lot, O Cynthio! O my child!
"Had Heav'n fo pleas'd, and had I dy'd for thee."
Five fleeplefs nights he ftemm'd this tide of woes;
Five irk fome funs he faw, thro' tears, forlorn!
On his his pale corfe the fixth fad monning rofe;
From yonder dome the mournful bier was borne.
'Twas on thofe * Downs, by Roman hofts annoy'd, Fought our bold fathers, ruftick, unrefin'd! Freedom plain fons in martial cares employ'd!
They ting'd their bodies, but unmafk'd their mind.
* Harborough Downs.
"Twas there, in happier times, this virtuous race,
Of milder merit, fix'd their calm retreat;
War's deadly crimfon had forfook the place,
And freedom fondly lov'd the chofen feat.
No wild ambition fir'd their tranquil breaft,
To fivell with empty founds a fpotlefs name;
If foft'ring fkies, the fun, the fhow'r, were bleft, Their bounty fpread; their fields' extent the fame.

Thofe fields, profufe of raiment, food, and fire,
They fcorn'd to leffen, carelefs to extend;
Bade Luxury to lavifh courts afpire,
And Avarice to city breafts defcend.
None to a virgin's mind preferr'd her dow'r, To fire with vicious hopes a modelt heir:
The fire, in place of titles, wealth, or pow'r, 55
Affign'd him virtue; and his lot was fair.
They fpoke of Fortune as fome doubtful dame,
That fway'd the natives of a diftant fphere; From Lucre's vagrant fons had learn'd her fame, But never wifh'd to place her banners here.

Here youth's free fpirit, iunocently gay,
Enjoy'd the mott that Innocence can give;
Thofe wholefome fweets that border Virtue's way;
Thofe cooling fruits, that we may tafte and live.
Their board no ftrange ambiguous viand bore; 65 From their own ftreams their choicer fare they drew ; To lure the fcaly glutton to the fhore, The fole deceit their artlefs bofom knew !

Sincere themfelves, ah! too fecure to find The common bofom, like their own, fincere!
${ }^{3}$ Tis its own guilt alarms the jealous mind;
?'Tis her own poifon bids the viper fear.

Sketch'd on the lattice of th' adjacent fane, Their fuppliant bufts implore the reader's pray ${ }^{\frac{}{}{ }^{2} r}$ : Ah! gentle fouls! enjoy your blifsful reign,
And let frail mortals claim your guardian care.
For fure to blifsful realms the fouls are flown That never flatter'd, injur'd, cenfur'd, ftrove; The friends of fcience! mufic all their own; Mufic, the voice of Virtue and of Love!

The journeying peafant, thro' the fecret fhade, Heard their foft lyres engage his lift'ning ear, And haply deem'd fome courteous angel play'd; No angel play'd-but might with tranfport hear.

For thefe the founds that chafe unholy frife ! Solve Envy's charm, Ambition's wretch releafe ! Raife him to fpurn the radiant ills of life, To pity pomp, to be content with peace.

Farewell, pure Spirits! vain the praife we give, The praife you fought from lips angelic flows; Farewell! the virtues which deferve to live Deferve an ampler blifs than life beftows.

Laft of his race, Palemon, now no more The modeft merit of his line difplay'd; Then pious Hough Vigornia's mitre woreSoft lleep the duft of each deferving thade.

## ELEGY XVI.

He fuggefts the Advantage of Birth to a Perfon of Merit, and the Folly of a Supercilioufnefs that is built upon

> that fole Foundation.

WHEN genius, grac'd with lineal fplendour, glows, When title Aines, with ambient virtues cruwn'd, Like fome fair almond's flow'ry pomp it thows, The pride, the pertume, of the regions round.


Then learn, ye Fair! to foften fplendour's ray;
Endure the fwain, the youth of low degree;
Let meeknefs join'd its temp'rate beam difplay ;
' T is the mild vurdure that endears the trec.
Pity the feandal'd fwain, the fhepherd's boy;
He fighs to brighten a neglected name;
Foe to the dull appulfe of vulgar joy,
He mourns his lot; he wifhes, merits fame.
In vain to groves and pathlefs vales we fly;
Ambition there the bow'ry haunt invades;
Fame's awful rays fatigue the courtier's eye,
But gleam fill lovely thro' the chequer'd thades.
Vainly, to guard from Love's unequal chain, Has Fortune rear'd us in the rural grove ; Should ***'s eyes illume the defert plain, Evin I may wonder, and ev'n I mult love.

Not unregarded fighs the lowly hind;
Tho' you contemn, the gods refpect his vow;
Vindictive rage awaits the fcorntul mind, And vengeance, too fevere! the gods allow.

On Sarum's plain I met a wand'ring fair ;
The look of forrow, lovely fill, fhe bore; Loofe flow'd the foft redundance of her hair, And on her brow a flow'ry wreath fhe wore.

Oft' ftooping as the fray'd, the cull'd the pride Of ev'ry plain; fhe pillag'd ev'ry grove!
The fading chaplet daily the fupply'd,
And ftill her hand fome various garland wove.
Erroneous Fancy fhap'd her wild attire:
From Bethlem's walls the foor lympatick fray'd ;
Seem'd with her air her accent to confpire,
When, as wild Fancy tauglt her, this the faid:
"Hear me, dear Ycuth! oh! hear an haplefs maid,
" Sprung from the fceptred line of ancient kings;
"Scorn'd by the world, I afk thy tender aid;
" Thy gentle voice hall whifper kinder things.
"s The world is frantic-fly the race profane-
"Nor I nor you flall its compaffion move;
" Come, friendly let us wander and complain,
" And tell me, Shepherd! haft thou feen my love?
" My love is young - but other loves are young ; 45
" And other loves are fair, and fo is mine ;
" An air divine difclofes whence he fprung;
" He is my love who boafts that air divine.
" No rulgar Damon robs me of my reft;
" Ianthe liftens to no vulgar vow;
"A prince from gods deficended fires her breaft;
"A brilliant crown diftinguifhes his brow.
"6 What, fhall I fain the glories of my race,
" More clear, more lovely bright, than Hefper's beam?
"The porc'lain pure with vulgar dirt debafe?
"Or mix with puddle the pellucid ftream?
"S See thro' thefe veins the fapphire current hine!
"' 'Twas Jove's own neitar gave th' ethereal hue:
"C Can bate plebeian forms contend with mine,
"Difplay the lovely white, or match the blue?
"The painter ftrove to trace its azure ray ;
"He chang'd his colours, and in vain he ftrove :
"s He frown'd-I, fmiling, view'd the faint effay:
" Poor youth! he little knew it flow'd from Jore.
"P Pitying his toil, the wondrons truth I told, 65
" How am'rous Jove trepann'd a mortal fair ;
'f How thro' the race the gen'sous current roli'd,
"s And mocks the poet's art and painter's care.
${ }^{66}$ Yes, from the gods, from earlieft Saturn, fprung
"Our facred race, thro' demi-gods convey'd, 70
" And he, ally'd to Phoebus, ever young,
s6 My godlike boy! mult wed their duteous maid.
" Oft,' when a mortal vow profanes my ear,
" My fire's dread fury murmurs thro" the $\mathfrak{E k y}$;
"And fhould I yield-his inftant rage appears;
"He darts the uplifted vengeancs-and I die.
" Have you not heard unwonted thunders roll ?
"Have you not feen more horrid lightnings glare?
"T 'Twas then a vulgar love enfnar'd my foul;
"'Twas then-I hardly 'fcap'd the fatal fnare. 8o
6 'Twas then a peafant pour'd his am'rous vow,
"All as I liften'd to his vulyar itrain ;
" Yet fuch his beauty-would my birth allow,
" Dear were the youth, and bliffful were the plain.
"Sut, oh! I faint! why waftes my vernal bloom, 85
"s In fruitlefs fearches ever doom'd to rove?
"My nightly dreams the toilfome path refume,
"A And thall I die-before I find my love?
** When laft I fiept, methought my ravin'd eye
" On diftant heaths his radiant form furvey'd;
"6 Tho' night's thick clouds encompafs'd all the fky ,
" The gems that bound his brow difpell'd the fhade.
"O how this bofom kindled at the fight!
"Led by their beams I urged the pleating chafe,
*Till on a fudden thefe withheld their light-
"All, all things envy the fublime embrace.
4s But now no more-Behind the diftant grove
"S Wanders my deftin'd youth, and chides my ftay :
"See, fee! he grafps the fteel-Forbear, my Love-
"" Ianthe comes ; thy princefs haftes away."
100

Scomful the fpoke, and, heedlefs of reply, The lovely maniac bounded o'er the plain, The piteous victim of an angry iky !
Ah me! the victim of her proud didain.

## ELEGY XVII.

He indulges the Suggeffions of Spleen : an Elegy to the Winds.

Æoie! namque tibi divum Pater atque hominum rex, Et mulcere dedit mentes et tollere venio. IMITATION.
O A.olus! to thee the Sire fupreme
of gods and men the mighty pow'r bequeath'd To roufe or to affuage the human mind.
STERN Monarch of the winds ! admit my pray'r; Awhile thy fury check, thy forms confine; No trivial blaft impels the paffive air, But brews a tempeft in a breaft like mine.

What bands of black ideas fpread their wings!
The peaceful regions of Content invade! With deadly poilon taint the cryftal fprings!
With noifome vapour blaft the verdant fhade!
I know their leader, Spleen, and the dread fway Of rigid Eurus, his detefted fire;
Thro' one my bloffoms and my fruits decay ;
Thro' one my pleafues and my hopes expire.
Like fome pale fripling, when his icy way, Relenting, yields beneath the noontide beam, $I$ itand aghaft, and, chill'd with fear, furvey How far I've tempted life's deceitful fream.

Where, by remorfe impell'd, repuls'd by fears, Shall wretched Fancy a retreat explore ? She flies the fad prefage of coming years, And forrowing diwells on pleafiures now no more, 20

Again with patrons and with friends me roves, But friends and patrons never to return; She fees the Nymphs, the Graces, and the Loves, But fees them weeping o'er Lucinda's urn.

She vifits, Ifis! thy forfaken fiream,
Oh! ill forfaken for Bœotian air; She deems no flood reflects fo bright a beam, No reed fo verdant, and no flow'rs fo fair.

She deems beneath thy facred hades were peace,
Thy bays might e'en the civil florm repel; Reviews thy focial blifs, thy learned eafe, And with no chearful accent cries Farewell!

Farewell, with whom to thefe retreats I fray'd, By youthful fports, by youthful toils, ally d; Joyous we fojourn'd in thy circling fhade, And wept to find the paths of life divide.

She paints the progrefs of myrival's vow, Sees ev'ry Mufe a partial ear incline, Binds with luxuriant bays his favour'd brow', Nor yields the refufe of his wrath to mine.

She bids the flatt'ring mirror, form'd to pleafe, Nuw blaft my hope, now vindicate cefpair; Bids my fond verfe the lovefick parley ceafe, Accule my rigid fate, acquit my fair.

Where circling rocks defend fome pathlefs vale,
Superfluous mortal! let me ever rove; Alas! there Echo will repeat the taleWhere fhall I find the filent fcenes I love ?

Fain would I mourn my lucklefs fate alone, Forbid to pleare, yet fated to admite;
Away, my friends! my forrows are my own; Why hould I breathe around my fick defire?

Bear me, ye Winds! indulgent to my pains,
Near fome fad ruin's ghaftly fhade to dwell, There let me fondly eye the rude remains,
And from the mould'ring refufe build my cell.
Genius of Rome! thy proftrate pomp difplay, Trace ev'ry difmal proof of Fortune's pow'r; Let me the wreck of theatres furvey, Or penfive fit beneath fome nodding tow'r.

Or where fome dact, by rolling feafons worn, Convey'd pure ftreams to Rome's imperial wall, Near the wide breach in filence let me mourn, Or tune my dirges to the water's fall.

Genius of Carthage! paint thy ruin'd pride;
Tow'rs, arches, fanes, in wild confufion ftrown; Let banifh'd Marius,* low'ring by thy fide, Compare thy fickle fortunes with his own.

Ahno! thou Monarch of the forms! forbear; My trembling nerves abhor thy rude controul, And fcarce a pleafing twilight fooths my care, Ere one valt death, like darknefs, fhocks my foul.

Forbear thy rage-on no peremial bafe Is built frail Fear, or Hope's deceitful pile; My pains are fled-my joy refumes its place, Should the iky brighten, or Meliffa fmile.

[^12]
## ELEGY XVIII.

He repeats the Song of Colin, a difcerning Sleftherds lamenting the State of the W'oollen Manufactory.

> Ergo omni fudio glaciem ventofque nivales, Quo minus eat illis cure mortalis egeftas, Avertes: victumque feres.

> VIRG.
> IMITATION.

Thou, therefore, in proportion to their lack Of human aid, with all thy care defend From frozen feafons and inclement blats, And give them timely food.

NEAR Avon's bank, on Arden's flow'ry plain, A tuneful fhepherd* charm'd the lift'ning wave, And funny Cotfol' fondly lov'd the frain, Yet not a garland crowns the fhepherd's grave!

Oh! lof Ophelia! fmoothly finw'd the day.
To feel his mufic with my flames agree,
To tafte the beauties of his meiting lay,
To tafte, and fancy it was dear to thee.
When for his tomb, with each revolving year, Ifteal the mufk-rofe from the fcented brake,
I ftrew my cowflips, and I pay my tear, I'll add the myrtle for Ophelia's fake.

Shiv'ring beneath a leaflefs thorn he lay,
When Death's chill rigour feiz'd his flowing tongue; The more I found his talt'ring notes decay, The more prophetic truth fublim'd the long.
" Adieu, my Flocks!" he faid, " my wonted care,
"By funny mountain or by verdant fhore;
" May fome more happy hand your fold prepare,
"And may jou need your Colin's crook no more! 20
Mr. Somer:i.'c.
" And you, ye fhepherds! lead my gentle fheep,
"To breezy hills or leafy meltars lead;
"B But if the fky with fhow'rs inceffant weep,
"Avoid the putrid moifture of the mead.
"Where the wild thyme perfumes the purpled heath,
" Long loit'ring, there your fleecy tribes extend- 26
"But what avails the maxims I bequeath?
" The fruitlefs gift of an officious friend!
"Ah! what avails the tim rous lambs to guard,
"Tho nightly cares with daily labours join,
"If foreign floth obtain the ricls reward,
"If Gallia's craft the pond'rous fleece purloin?
© Was it icr this, by conftant rigils worn,
" I met the terrours of an early grave?
"For this I led 'em from the pointed thom?
"For this I bath'd 'em in the lucid wave?
"Ah! heedlefs Albion! too benignly prone
"Thy blood to lavifh and thy wialth refign!
"Shall ev'ry other virtue grace thy throne,
«But quick-ey'd Prudence never yet be thine?
" From the fair natives of this perrlefs hill
of Thou gav'if the theep that browze Iberian plains;
" Their plaintive cries the faithlefs region fill,
" Their fleece adorns an haughty fce's domains.
6" Ill-fated flocks! from cliff to cliff they ftray; 45
"Far from their dams, their native guardians, far!
"S Where the foft fhepherd, all the livelong day,
"Chaunts his proud miftrels to his hoarfe guittar.
" But Albion's youth her native fleece defpife;
" Unmov'd they hear the pining thepherd's moan; so
"In filk folds each nervous limb difguife,
"Allui"d by ev'ry teafure but their own.
" Oft' have I hurry'd down the rocky fteep,
" Anxious to fee the wintry tempeft drive ;
" Preferve," faid I, "preferve your fleece, my Sheep!
"Ere long will Phillis, will my love, arrive. $5^{6}$
" Ere long fhe came: ah! wo is me! fhe came,
"6 Rub'd in the Gallic loom's extraneous twine;
": For gifts like thefe they give their fpotlefs fame,
"Refign their blocm, their innocence refign.
" Will no bright maid, by worth, by titles known,
" Give the rich growth of Britih hills to Fame?
"And let her charms, and lier example, own
" That Virtue's drefs and Beauty's are the fame!
"Will no fam'd chief fupport this gen'rous maid ? $\sigma_{j}$
"Once more the patriot's arduons path refume?
"A And, comely from his native plains array'd,
"s Speak future glory to the Britifh loom?
"s What pow'r unfeen my ravilh'd fancy fises!
"I pierce the dreary flate of future days;
"6 Sure 'tis the genius of the land infpires,
" To breathe my latelt breath in *** praife.
" O might my breath for *** praife fuffice,
" How gently thould my dying limbs repoie!
"O might his future glory blefs mine eyes, $\quad 75$
"f My ravifhid eyes! how calinly would they cloft!
" *** was born to fpread the gen'ral joy;
" By virtue rapt, by party uncontroll'd;
"Britons for Britain thall the crook employ;
"6 Britons for Britain's glory fhear the told."

## ELEGY XIX.

## Written in Spring 1743.

A GAIN the labring hind inverts the foil; Anotgain the merchant ploughs the tumid wave;

As the foft lyre difplay'd my wonted loves, The penfive pleafure and the tender pain, The fordid Alpheus hurry'd thro' my groves, Yet ftopp'd to vent the dictates of difdain.

He glanc'd contemptuous o'er my ruin'd fold; He blam'd the graces of my fav'rite bow'r; My breaft, unfully'd by the luit of gold; My time, unlavih'd in puriuit of pow'r.

Yes, Alpheus! fly the purer paths of Fate; Abjure thefe fcenes, from venal paffions free; Know in this grove I vow'd perpetual hate, War, endlefs war, with lucre and with thee.

Here, nobly zealous, in my youthful hours I drefs'd analtar to 'Thalia's name:
Here, as I crown'd the verdant flrine with flow'rs, Soft on my labours ftole the fmiling dame.
"D Damon," fhe cry'd, " if, pleas'd with honeft praife, "Thou court fuccefs by virtue or by fong,
" Fly the falle dictates of the venal race,
"Fly the grof's accents of the venal tongue.
"Swear that no lucre fliall thy zeal betray ;
os Swerve not thy foot with fortune's vot'ries more ;
"Brand thou their lives, and brand theirlifelels day-" The winning phantom urg'd me, and I fwore.

Forth from the ruffic altar fiwift I ftray'd,
" Aid my firm purpofe, ye celeftial Pow'rs!
"A Aid me to quell the fordid breaft," I faid;
And threw my jav'in tow'rds their hoftile tow'rs.*
Think not regretful I furvey the deed,
Or added years no more the zeal allow;
Still, ftill obfervant, to the grove I fpeed,
The fhrine embellifh, and repeat the sow.
Sworn from his cradle Rome's relentlefs foe, Such gen'rous hate the Punic champion $\dagger$ bore;
Thy lake, O Thrafimene! behold it glow,
And Camex's walls and Tevia's crimion hose.
But let grave annals paint the warriour's fame ; Fan thine his arms in hiftory enroll'd;
Whilf humbler lyres his civil worth proclaim, His nobler hate of avarice and gold.-

Now Punic pride its final eve furvey'd,
Its hofts exhaulted, and its fleets on fire ;
Patient the vitor's lurid frown obty'd,
And fav th' unwilling elephants retire.
But when their gold deprefs'd the yielding feale,
Their gold in pyamidic plenty pild,
50
He faw th' untterable grief prevail;
He faw their tears, and in his fury fmil'd.
"Think not," he cry'd, "ye view the fmiles of eafe,
"Or this firm breaft difclains a patriot's pain;
"I finile, but from a foul enitrang'd to peace, 55
"Frantic with grief, delirious with diddain.

* The Romar ceremony in declaring war. tHanribal。
" But were it cordial, this detefted finile,
"Seems it lefs timely than the grief ye fhow?
" O Sons of Carthage! grant me to revile
"The fordid fource of your indecent wo.
"Why weep ye now? ye faw with tearlefs eye
"When your fleet perifh'd on the Punic wave:
"Where lurk'd the coward tear, the lazy figh,
"When Tyre's imperial fate commenc'd a flave?
" 'Tis paft-O Carthage! vanquifh'd, honour'd fhade!
"Go, the mean forrows of thy ions deplore; 66
" Had freedom thar'd the vow to Fortune paid,
"She ne'er, like Fortune, had forfook thy fhore."
He ceas'd-Abafh'd the confcious audience hear, Their pallid cheeks a crimion blufh unfold, Yet o'er that virtuous blufh diftreams a tear,
And falling, moiftens their abandon'd gold.*


## ELEGY XX.

He compares bis bumble Fortune with the Difrefs of Others, and bis Subjection to Delia with the mijerable Servitude of on African Slave.

WHY droops this heart with fancy'd woes forlorn? Why finks iny foul beneath each wintry iky ? What penlive crowds, by cealelefs labours worn, What myriads, wifh to be as blels'd as I!

What tho' my roofs devoid of pomp arife, Nor tempt the proud to quit his deftin'd way? Nor cottly art my flow'ry dales difguif, Where only fimple friendhip deigns to ftray?

[^13]See the wild fons of Lapland's chill domain, That fcoop their couch beneath the drifted fnows!
How void of hope they ken the frozen plain, Where the fharp ealt for cver, ever blows !

Slave tho' I be, to Delia's eyes a flave, My Delia's eyes endear the bands I wear ; The figh fhe caufes well becomes the brave,
The pang the caufes 'tis ev'n blifs to bear.
See the poor native quit the Libyan fhore, Ah! not in love's delightful fetters bound!
No radiant fmile his dying peace reftores,
Nor love, nor fame, nor friendfhip, heals his wound.
Let vacant bards difplay their boafted woes;
Shall I the mockery of grief difplay ?
No; let the Mute his piercing pangs difclofe,
Who bleeds and weeps his fum of life away!
On the wild beach in mournful guife he food, 25
Ere the fhrill boatfwain gave the hated fign ; He dropp'd a tear unleen into the flood, He fole one fecret moment to repine.

Yet the Mufe liffen'd to the plaints he made, Such moving plaints as Nature could infpire; To me the Mule his tender plea convey'd, But fmouth'd and fuited to the founding lyre.
"S Why am I ravifi'd from my native ftrand?
"What favage race protects this impious gain?
"Shall foreign plagues infelt this teeming land,
$\because$ And more than leaborn monfters plough the main?
"Here the dire locufs' horrid fivarms prevail ;
"Here the blue alps with livid poifon fwell;
"Hcre the dry dipla writhes his inuous mail ;
"Con we not here lecure from envy dwell ?
of When the grim lion urg'd his cruel chafe,
" When the ftern panther fought his midnight pref,
66 What fate referv'd me for this Chriftian race? -
"O race more polifh'd, more fevere, than they!
6 Ye prouling Wolves! purfue my lateß cries; 45
66 Thou hungry Tyger! leave thy reeking den;
" Ie fandy Waftes! in rapid eddies rife,
of O tear me from the whips and fcorns of men!
o6 Yet in their face fuperiour beauty glows ;
66 Are fmiles the mien of Rapine and of Wrong! 50
"Yet from their lip the voice of mercy flows,
s6 And ev'n religion dwells upon their tongue.
sf Of blifsful haunts they tell, and brighter climes,
c Where gentle maids, convey'd by Death, repair, 54
" But itain'd with blood, and crimfon'do'er with crimes,
"S Say, fhall they merit what they paint fo fair?
or No ; carelefs, hopelefs of thofe fertile plains,
6 Rich by our toils, and by our forrows gay,
or They ply our labours and enchance our pains,
6، And feign thefe diftant regions to repay.

* For them our tufky elephant expires;
* For them we drain the mine's cmbowell'd gold;
"6 Where rove the brutal nations' wild defires ? -
* Our limbs are purchas'd and our life is fold!
* Y'et fhores there are, blefs'd fhores for us remain, 65
* And favour'd inles, with golden truitage crown'd,
" Where tufted flow'rets paint the verdant plain,
os Where ev'ry brecze thail med'cine ev'ry wound.
* There the frern tyrant, that embitters life,
© Shail, vainly fuppliant, ipread his aking hand; 70
* 'There fhall we view the billows' raging ftrite,
e. Aid the kind breaft, and waft his boat to land." in
* S, oke by a fayage,


## ELEGY XXI.

Taking a View of the Coustry from bis Retirement, be is led to meditate on the Cibarakter of the ancient Britons. Written at the Time of a rumoured Tax upon Luxury, 1746.
'THUS Damon fung-What tho' unknown to praife Umbrageous coverts hide my Mufe and me, Or 'mid the rural flrepherds flow my days? Amid the rural fhepherds I am free.
To view fleek vaffals crowd a ftately hall, Say, fhould I grow myfelf a folemn flave? To find thy tiuts, O Titian! grace my wall, Forego the flow'ry fields my fortune gave?
Lord of my time, my devious path I bend Thro' fringy woodland or imooth-haven lawn,
Or penfile grove or airy cliff atcend, And lail the fcene by Nature's pencil drawn.
Thanks be to Fate-tho' not the racy vine, Nor fatt'ning olive, clothe the fields I rove, Sequefter'd fhades and gurgling founts are mine, 15 And ev'ry filvan grot the Mules love.
Here if my vilta point the mould'ring pile, Where hood and cowl Devotion's alpect wore, I trace the tott'ring reliques with a imile, To think the mental bondage is no more.

Pleas'd if the glowing landfcape wave with corn, Or the tall oaks, my country's bulwark, rife; Pleas'd if mine eye, o'er thoufand vallies borne, Difcern the Cambrian hills fupport the fkies.

And fee Plinlimmon! ev'n the youthful fight Scales the proud hill's ethereal cliffs with pain! Such, Caer-Caradock! thy ftupendous height, Whofe ample fhade obfcures th' Iernian main.

Bleak, joylefs regions! where, by Science fr`d, Some prying fage his lonely ftep may bend ;
There, by the love of novel plants infpir'd,
Invidious view the clamb'ring goats alicend.
Yet for thofe mountains, clad with lafting fnow:
The freeborn Briton left his greeneft mead,
Receding fullen from his mightier foe,
For here he faw fair Liberty recede.
Then if a chief perform'd a patriot's part, Suftain'd her drooping fons, repell'd her foes, Above or Perfian luxe or Attic art
The rude majeftic monument arofe.
Progreffive ages caroll'd forth his fame, Sires to his praife attun'd their children's tongue, The hoary Druid fed the gen's ous flame, While in fuch ftrains the rev'rend wizard fung :

* Go forth, my Sons!-for what is vital breath, 45 " Your gods expell'd, your liberty refign'd?
" Go forth, my Sons !-for what is intitant death
"To fouls fecure perennial joys to find ?
"For feenes there are, unknown to war or pain, 49
"Where drops the balin that heals a tyrant's wound;
" Where patricts bleis'd, with boundlefs freedom,
"With mifletoe's myfterious garlands crown'd. [ieign,
"Such are the names that grace your myftic fongs,
" Your folemn woods refound their martial fire;
"To you, my Sons! the ritual meed helongs,
of If in the caule you vanquifh or expire.
"Hark! from the facred oak, that crowns the groves,
" What awful voice my raptur'd bofom warms!
" This is the favour'd moment Heav'n approves,
"Sound the fhrill trump; this infant found, to arms."

Theirs was the fcience of a martial race, 68
To fhape the lance or decorate the fhield;
Ev'n the fair virgin fain'd her native glace ro give new horrours to the tented field.

Now for fome cheek where guilty bluthes glow,
For fome falfe Florimel's impure difguife, The lifted youth nor War’s lund fignal know, Nor Virtue's call, nor Fame's imperial prize.

Then, if foft concord lull'd their fears to fleep,
Inert and filent flept the manly car,
But rufhd horrific o'er the fearful feep,
If Freedom's awful clarion breath'd to war.
Now the fieek courtier, indolent and vain,
Thron'd in the fplendid carriage, glides fupine,
To taint his virtue with a foreign frain,
Cr at a fav'rite board his farth refign.
Leave then, O luxury! this happy foil ;
Chafe her, Britannia! to fome hoitile fhore ;
Or fleece the baneful peft with annual fpoil,*
And let thy virtuous offspring weep no more.

## ELEGY XXII.

Written in the year-when the Rigbts of Sepulture were fo frequently violated.
SAY, gentle Sleep? that lov'ft the gloom of night, Parent of dreams! thou great Magician! fay, Whence my late vifion thus endures the light, Thus haunts my fancy thro' the glare of day.

The filent moon had fcal'd the vaulted k ies, And anxious Care refign'd my limbs to $r$ ff ; A fudderi luttre ftruck my wond'ring eyes, And Silvia ftood before my couch confett.

Alludes to a tax upoa lexury, then in debare.

Ah! not the nymph fo blooming and fo gay, That led the dance beneath the feftive fhade,
But the that in the morning of her day
Entomb'd beneath the grafs-green fod was laid.
No more her eyes their wonted radiance caft, No more her breaft infipir'd the lover's flame; No more her cheek the Pæftan rofe furpaft, Yet feem'd her lip's ethereal fmile the lame.

Nor fuch her hair as deck'd the living face, Nor fuch her voice as charm'd the lift'ning crowd; Nor fuch her drefs as heighten'd ev'ry grace; Alas! all vanifh'd for the mournful fhroud!

Yet feem'd her lip's ethereal charm the fame; That dear diftinction ev'ry doubt remov'd; Periih the lover whofe imperfect flame Forgets one feature of the nymph he lov'd.
" Damon," the faid, " mine hour allotted flies; 25
"Oh! do not wafte it with a fruitlefs tear!
"Tho' griev'd to fee thy Sylvia's pale difguife,
"Sufpend thy forrow, and attentive hear.
"So may thy Mufe with virtuous fame be blift!
os So be thy love with mutual love repairl!
"So may thy bones in facred filence reft!
"Faft by the reliques of fome happier maid!
"Thou know'ft how, ling'ring on a diftant hore,
"Difeafe invidious nipt my flow'sy prime;
"And, oh! what pangs my tender bofom tore, 35
"To think I ne'er mult view my native clime!
"No friend was near to raife my dronning head,
" No dear companion wept to tre me die;
" Lodge me within my native foil, I faid, .
of Theremy fond parent's hen nur'd rehques lie. 40
"Tho' now debarr"d of each domeffic tear,
" Unknown, forgot, I meet the fatal blow;
" There many a triend fhall grace my woful bier,
" And many a figh fhall rife and tear fhall flow.
"I fpoke, nor Fate forbore his trembling fpoil; 45
"Some venal mourner lent his carelefs aid,
" And foon they bore me to my native foil,
" Where my fond parents' dear remains were laid.
"'Twas then the youths from ev'ry plain and grove
"Adorn'd with mournful verfe thy Sylvia's bier; 50
" 'Twas then the nympls their votive garlands wove,
" And ftrew'd the fragrance of the youthful year.
" But why, alas ! the tender fcene difplay?
"Could Damon's foot the pious path decline!
"Ah, no! 'twas Damon firft attun'd his lay,
"A And fure no fonnet was fo dear as thine.
" Thus was I hofom'd in the peaceful grave,
" My placid ghoft no longer wept its doom,
" When favage robbers every fanction brave,
" And with outrageous guilt defraud the tomb! 6o
"Shall my poor corfe, from hoftile realms convey'd,
" Lofe the cheap portion of my native fands ?
"e Or, in my kindred's dear embraces laid,
" Mourn the vile ravage of barbarian hands ?
"Say, would thy breart no death-like torture feel, $\sigma_{5}$
" To fee my limbs the felon's gripe obey ?
"To fee them gafh beneath the daring feel?
" To crowds a fipectre, and to dogs a prey?
"If Pran's fons thefe horril rites require,
" If Health's fair fcience be by thefe refin'd,

* Let guilty convicts for their ufe expire,
"And let their breathlefs corfe avail mankint,
K
"S Yet hard it feems, when Guilt's laft fine is paid,
"To fee the victim's corfe deny'd repofe;
" Now, more fevere, the poor offencelefs maid
" Dreads the dire outtage of inhuman foes.
" Where is the faith of ancient Pagans fled ?
"Where the fond care the wand'ring manes claim?
"Nature, inftinctive, cries, Protect the dead,
"And facred be their ahhes and their fame!
"A Arife, dear Youth! ev'n now the danger calls;
" Ev'n now the villain fnuffs his wonted prey;
os See! fee! I lead thee to yon' facred walls-
"Oh! fly to chale thefe human wolves away." 84


## ELEGY XXII.

## Reflections fuggefied by bis Situation.

$\mathrm{B}^{\text {ORN near the fcene for Kenelm's * fate renown'd, }}$
I take my plaintive reed, and range the grove, And raife my lay, and bid the rocks refound 'The favage force of empire and of love.

Faft by the centre of yon' various wild, Where fpreading oaks embow ${ }^{1}$ a Gothic fane, Kendrida's arts a brother's youth beguil'd; There Nature urg'd her tend'reft pleas in vain.

Soft o'er his birth, and o"er his infant hours, 'Th' ambitious maid could ev'ry care employ, Then with affiduous fondnefs cropt the flow's, Todeck the cradle of the princely boy.

[^14]But foon the bofom's plealing calm is flown : Love fires her breaft ; the fultry paffions rife: A favour'd lover feeks the Mercian throne,
And views her Kenelm with a rival's eyes.
How kind were Fortune! ah! how juft were Fate!
Would Fate or Fortune Mercia's heir remove!
How fweet to revel on the couch of ftate!
Tocrown at once her lover and her love!
See, garnifh'd for the chafe, the fraudful maid To thefe lone hills direct his devious way; The youth, all prone, the fifter-guide obey'd; Ill-fated youth! himfelf the deftin'd prey!

But now nor maggy hill nor pathlefs plain Forms the lone refuge of the fylvan gane, Since Lyttleton has crown'd the fweet domain With fofter plealures and with fairer tame.

Where the rough bowman urg'd his headlong fleed, Immortal bards, a polifh'd race, retire; And where hoarie fcream'd the ferepent horn, fucceed The melting graces of no vulgar lyre.

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \text { Eee Themfon, loit'ring near fome limpid well, } \\
& \text { For Britain's friend the verdant wreath prepare! } \\
& \text { Or, ftudicus of revolving feafens, tell } \\
& \text { How peerlefs Lucia made all feafons Fair! }
\end{aligned}
$$

See ${ }^{* * *}$ from civic garlands fly,
And in the groves indulge his tuneful vein ! Or from yon' fummit, with a guaroian's eye, Obferve how Freedom's hand attires the plain!

Here Pope !-ah! never muft that tow'ring mind To his lov'd haunts or dearer friend return!
What art, what friendhip! oh ! what tame refign'd!
-In yonder glade I traze his mourntul un.

Where is the breaft can rage or hate retain, And thefe glad freams and fimiling lawns behold? Where is the breaft can hear the woodland Atrain, And think fair Freedon well exchang'd for gold ?

Thro' thefe foft thades delighted let meftray, While o'er my head forgotten funs defcend! Thro' thefe dear vallies bend my cafual way, Till fetting life a total fhade extend!

Here far from courts, and void of pompous cares, I'll mufe how much I owe mine humble fate, Or fhrink to find how much Ambition dares, To fhine in anguifh, and to grieve in fate!

Canft thou, O Sun! that fpotlefs throne difclofe, Where her bold arm has left no fanguine ftain? Where, flew me where, the lineal fceptre glows, Pure as the fimple crook that rules the plain!

Tremendous pomp! where hate, diftruf, and fear, In kindred bofoms folve the focial tie; There not the parent's fmile is half fincere, Nor void of art the confort's melting eye.

There with the friendly wifh, the kindly flame, No face is brighten'd, and no bofoms beat; Youth, manhood, age, avow one fordid aim, And ev'n the beardlefs lip eflays deceit.

There coward Rumours walk their murd'rous round; The glance that more than rural blame inftills; Whifpers that, ting'd with friendfip, doubly wound; Pity that injures, and concern that kills.

There anger whets, but love can ne'er engage ; Careffing brothers part but to revile ; There all men fmile, and Prudence warns the wife 75 To dread the fatal froke of all that fmile.

There all are rivals ! fifter, fon, and fire,
With horrid purpofe hug deftructive arms;
There foft-eye'd maids in murd'rous plots confpire ${ }_{2}$
And foorn the gentler mifchief of their charms.
Let fervile minds one endlefs watch endure; Day, night, nor hour, their anxious guard refign;
But lay me, Fate! on flow'ry banks fecure,
Tho' my whole foul be, like my limbs, fupine.
Yes; may my tongue difdain a vaffal's care ;
My lyre refound no proftituted lays;
More warm to merit, more elate to wear.
The cap of Freedom than the crown of bays.
Sooth'd by the murmurs of my pebbled flood,
I wifh it not o'er golden fands to flow ;
Cheer'd by the verdure of my fpiral wood, I forn the quarry where no fhrub can grow.

No midnight pangs the fhepherd's peace purfue; His tongue, his hand, attempts no fecret wound ; He fings his Delia, and, if fhe be true, His love at once and his ambition's crown'd.

## ELEGY XXIV.

He takes Occafion from the Fate of Eleanor of Bretogne,* to fuggefl the imperfect Pleafures of a folitary Life.
WHEN Beauty mourns, by Fate's injurious doom, Hud from the cheerful glance of human eye, When Nature's pride inglorious waits the tomb, Hard is that heart which checks the rifing figh.

[^15]Fair Eleonora! would no gallant mind
The caufe of Love, the caule of Juitice, own ?
Matchlefs thy charms, and was no life refign'd
To fee them farkle from their native tluone ?
Or had fair Freedom's hand unveil'd thy charms, Well might fuch brows the regal gem refign ;
Thy radiant mien might fcorn the guilt of arms, Yet Albion's awful empire yield to thine.

O fhame of Britons ! in one fullen tow'r She wet with royal tears her daily cell; She found keen anguifin ev'ry rofe devour ;

Thro' one dim lattice, fring'd with ivy round, Succeffive funs a languid radiance threw,
To paint how fierce her angry guardian frown'd,
To mark how faft he waning beauty flew.
This age might bear ; then fated Fancy palls, Nor warmly hopes what fplendour can fupply; Fond Youth inceflant morns, if rigid walls Reftrain its lift'ning ear, its curious eye.

Selieve me * * the pretence is vain!
This boafted calm that fmooths our early day ; For never yet could youthful mind reitrain Th' altemate pant for pleafure and for praife.

Ev'n me, by fhady oak or limpid fpring, Ev'n me, the fcenes of polifh'd life allure ! Some genius whifpers, "Life is on the wing, "And hard his lot that languifhes oblcure.
"What tho' thy riper mind admire no more-
"The thining cincture and the broider'd fold
"Can pierce like lightning thro' the figur'd ore, 35
"And melt to drols the radiant forms of gold.
" Furs, ermines, rods, may well attract thy fcorn,
©s The futile prefents of capricious Pow'r!
"6 But wit, but worth, the public fphere adorn,
"And who but envies then the focial hour?
" Can Virtue, carelefs of her pupil's meed,
" Forget how * * fuftains the fhepherd's caufe?
" Content in fhades to tune a lonely reed,
"Nor join the founding pæan of applaufe?
"For public haunts, impell'd by Britain's weal, 45
"S See Grenville quit the Mufe's tav'rite eale;
"And thall not lwains admire his noble zeal ?
"Admiring praife, admiring ftrive to pleafe ?
" Life," fays the fage, " affords no blifs fincere,
"And courts and cells in vain our hopes renew: 50
" But, ah! where Grenville charms the lift'ning ear;
" 'Tis hard to think the cheerlefs maxim true.
"The groves may finile, the rivers gently glide,
"Soft thro" the vale relound the lonelome lay ;
"Ev'n thickets yield delight, if tafte prefide,
"But can they pleafe when Lyttleton's away?
"Pure as the fwain's the breaft of *** glows;
"Ah! where the fhepherd's phrafe like his refin'd!
"But how improv'd the gen'rous dietate flows
" Thro" the clear medium of a polifh'd mind! 60
" Happy the youths who, warm with Britain's love,
"Her inmort with in * * * periods hear!
" Happy that in the radiant circle move,
"s Aitendant orbs, where Lonfdale gilds the fphere!
" While rural-faith, and ev'ry polifh'd art,
"Each friendly charm, in * * * confpire,
"From public fcenes all penfive mult you part ;
"All joylefs to the greeneft fields retire !
's Go, plaintive Youth! no more by fount or fream,
"Like fome Ione halcyon, focial pleafures fhun; 70
" Go, dare the light, enjoy its cheerful beam,
" And hail the bright proceffion of the fun.
"Then, cover'd by thy ripen'd thades, refume
"ك The filent walk, no more by paffion toft ;
" Then feek thy ruftic haunts, the dreary gloom, 75
"Where ev'ry art that colours life is loft."
In vain! the lift'ning Mufe attends in vain!
Reftraints in hoftile bands her motions waitYet will I grieve, and fadden all my ftrain, When injur'd Beauty mourns the Mufe's fate.

## ELEGY XXV.

To Delia, rwith fome Flowers; complaining borv much bis Benevolence fuffers on Account of bis bumble Fortune.

WHATE'ER could Sculpture's curious art employ, Whate'er the laviih hand of Wealth can how'r, Thefe would I give-and ev'ry gift enjoy 'That pleas'd my fair-but Fate denies my pow'r.

Blefs'd were my lot to feed the focial fires!
To learn the latent wifhes of a friend!
To give the boon his native tafte admires, And for my tranfport on his fmile depend!

Blefs'd, too, is he whofe ev'ning ramble frays Where droop the fons of Indigence and Care! His little gifts their gladden'd eyes anaze, And win, at finall expence, their fondeff pray'r !

And, oh! the joy, to fhun the confcious light; To fpare the modeft blufl; to give unfeen! Like flow'rs that fall behind the veil of night, Yet deeply tinge the fmiling vales with green.

But happieft they who drooping realms relieve ! Whofe virtues in our cultur'd vales appear! For whofe fad fate a thou faid fhepherds grieve, And fading fields allow the grief fincere.

To call lof Worth from its oppreffive fhade, To fix its equal fphere, and fee it fhine, To hear it grateful own the gen'rous aid: This, this is tranfport-but muft ne'er be mine.

Faint is my bounded blifs; nor I refufe
To range where dailies open, rivers roll, While profe or fong the languid hours amufe, And footh the fond impatience of my foul.

Awhile I'll weave the roofs of jafinine bow'rs, And urge with trivial cares the loit'ring year; Awhile I'll prune my grove, protect my flowirs, Then, unlamented, piefs an early bier!

Of thofe lov'd flow'rs the lifelefs corfe may thare, Some hireling hand a fading wreath beftow; The reft will breathe as fweet, will glow as fair,35 As when their mafter fmil'd to fee them glow.

The fequent morn thall wake the fylvan quire $;$
The kid again fhall wantonere 'tis noon;
Nature will fmile, will wear her beft attire;
O! let not gentle Delia finile fo foon!
While the rude hearfe conveys me flow away, And carelefs eyes my vulgar fate prociaim, Let thy kind tearmy utmof worth o'erpay, And, foftly fighing, vindicate my fame. -

O Delia! cheer'd by thy fuperiour praife,
I blefs the filent path the Fates decree;
Pleas'd, from the litt of my inglorious days, To raife the monents crown'd with blifs and thee. $4^{8}$

## ELEGY XXVI.

Defcribing the Sorrow of an ingenuous' Mind on the melancboly Event of a licentious Amour.
$W^{H Y}$ mourns my friend ? why weeps his downcaft eye?
That eye wheremirth, where fancy, us'd to thine;
Thy cheerful meads reprove that fwelling figh; Spring ne'er enameli'd fairer meads than thine.

Art thou not lodg'd in Fortune's warm embrace? 5 Wert thou not form'd by Nature's partial care? Blefs'd in thy fong, and blefs'd in ev'ry grace That wins the friend, or that enchants the fair !
"Damon," faid he, "t thy partial praife reftrain;
*: Not Damon's friendfhip can my peace refore: 10
" Alas! his very praife awakes my pain,
"6 And my poor wounded bolom bleeds the more.
"For, oh! that Nature on my birth had frown'd,
"O Or Fortune fix'd me to fome lowly ceil!
©Then had my bofom 'fcap'd this fatal wound, 15
"s Nor had I bid thefe vernal fweets farewell.
© But, led by Fortune's hand, her darling child,
c6 My youth her vain licentious blifs admir’d;
"In Fortune's train the fyren Flatt'ry finil'd, "And raftly hallow'd all her queen infpir"d.

* Of folly ftudious, ev'n of vices vain,
"A Ah, vices gilded by the rich and gay!
"I chas'd the guilele's daughters of the plain,
"Nor dropp'd the chafe till Jefly was my prey.
© Poor artlefs maid! to ftain thy fpotlefs name 25
": Expenfe, and Art, and Toil united ftrove;
" Tolure a breaft that felt the pureft flame,
"Sutain'd by virtue, but betray'd by love.
of School'd in the fcience of Love's mazy wiles,
" I cloth'd each feature with affected fcom;
"I Ipoke of jealous doubts and fickle fimiles,
"And, feigning, left her anxious and forlorn.
" Then while the fancy'd rage alarm'd her care,
" Warin to deny, and zealous to difprove,
" I bade ny words the wonted foftnefs wear,
" And feiz'd the minute of returning love.
"To thee, my Damon, dare I paint the reft?
"Will yet thy love a candid ear incline ?
" Affur'd that virtue, by misfortune pre?s'd,
"Feels not the fharpnefs of a pang like mine.
"is Nine envious moons matur'd her growing fhame,
" Ere while to flaunt it in the face of day,
" When forn'd of Virtue, ftigmatiz'd by Fame,
": Low at my feet defponding Jefly lay."
"Henry," fhe faid, "by thy dear form fubdu'd, 45
"See the fad reliques of a nymph undone!
"I find, I find this rifing fob renew'd;
"I figh in fhades, and ficken at the fun.
"Amid the dreary gloom of night I cry,
"S When will the morn's once pleafing fcenes return ?
"Yet what can morn's returning ray fupply, 5 r
" But foes that triumph, or but friends that moum 1
"Alas I no more that joyous morn appears
"t That led the tranquil hours of fpotie's fame,
"For I have fteep'd a father's couch in tears, 55
" And ting'd a mother's glowing cheek with mame.
" The vocal birds that raife their matin frain,
"The fportive lambs, increafe iny penfive moan;
"All feem to chate me from the cheerful plain,
" And talk of truth and innucence alone.
"If thro" the garden's flow'ry tribes I ftray,
"Where bloom the jafmines that could once allure,
" Hope not to find delight in us," they fay,
"For we are fpotlefs, Jeffy; we are pure."
" Ye Flow'rs! that well reproach a nymph fo frail,
"Say, could you with my virgin fame compare? 66
" The brighteft bud that fcents the vernal gale
or Was not fo fragrant, and was not fo fair.
66 Now the grave old alarm the gentler young,
" And all my fame's abhorr"d contagion flee;
"Trembles each lip, and falters ev'ry tongue,
" That bids the morn propitious fmile on me.
a Thus for your fake I fhun each human eye,
" I bid the fiweets of blooming youth adieu:
© To die I languifh, but I dread to die,
75
os Left my fad fate fhould nourifh pangs for you.
«* Raife me from earth; the pains of want remove,
" And let me, filent, feek fome friendly thore;
" 'There only banifh'd from the form I love,
" My weeping virtue fhall relapie no more.
" Be but my friend ; I afk no dearer name;
"Be fuch the meed of fome more artful fair ;
" Nor could it heal my peace, or chate my flame,
" That Pity gave what Love refus'd to fhare.
" Force not my tongue to afk its fcanty bread,
" Nor hurl thy Jefly to the vulgar crew ;
" Not fuch the parent's board at which I fed!
"Not fuch the precept from his lips I drew!
"، Haply, when age has filver'd o'er my hair,
" Malice may leam to fcom fo mean a lpoil;
"Envy may flight a face no longer fair,
" And Pity welcome to my native loil."
ef She fpoke-nor was I born of favage race,
" Nor could thete hands a niggard boon affign;
's Grateful the clafp'd me in a laft embrace,
6 And vow'd to wafte her life in pray'rs for mine.
" I faw her foot the lofty bark afcend,
" I faw her breaft with ev'ry paffion heave ;
"I left her-torn from ev'ry earthly friend;
" Oh! my hard bofom ! which could bear to leave?
" Brief let me be; the fatal form arofe ;
10X
" The billows rag’d, the pilot's art was vair;
"O'er the tall maft the circling furges clofe ;
" My Jeffy-fluats upon the wat'ry plain!
"A And-fee my youth's impetuous fires decay : 105
" Seek not to fop Reflection's bitter tear ;
"But warn the frolic, and inftruct the gay,
"From Jeffy floating on her wat'ry bier."



## LEVITIES: <br> OR, PIECES OF HUMOUR.

## FLIRT AND PHIL:

A DECISION FOR THE LADIES.
A WIT, by learning well refin'd, A beau, but of the rural kind,
To Silvia made pretences;
They both profefs'd an equal love,
Yet hop'd by diff'rent means to move
Her judgment or her fenfes.
Young fprightly Flirt, of blooming mien, Watch'd the beit minutes to be feen,
Went-when his glais advis'd him;
While meagre Phil of books inquir'd,
A wight for wit and parts admir'd,
And witty ladies priz'd him.
Silvia had wit, had fpirits too;
To hear the one, the other view,
Sufpended beld the fcales;
Her wit, her youth, too, claim'd its thare:
Let none the preference declare,
But turn up-heads or tails.

## STANZAS,

To the Memory of an agreeable Lady, buried is: Marriage to a Perfon undeferving ber.
9 WWA always held, and ever will,
By fage mankind, difcrecter
' $T$ ' anticipate a leffer ill
'Than undergo a greater.
When mortals dread difeafes, pain,
And languifning conditions,
Who don't the leffer ill fultain
Of Phyfic-and phyficians?

LEVITIES, OR PIECES OF HUMOUR. 1 II

Rather than lofe his whole eftate, He that but little wite is,10

Full gladly pays four parts in eight to taxes and excifes.

Our merchants Spain has near undone For loft flips not requiting ;
This bears our noble K- to fhun
The lofs of blood in fighting !
With num'rous ills, i nfingle life, The bachelor's attended ; Such to avoid, he takes a wifeAnd much the cafe is mended!

Poor Gratia, in her twentieth year, Forefeeing future wo, Chofe to attend a monkey here Before an ape below.

## COLEMIRA.

A CULLNARY ECLOGUE.
Nec tantum Veneris, quantum atudiofa culinæ. IMITATION. Infenfible of foft defire, Behold Colemira prove More partial to the kitchen fire Than to the fire of Love.
NIGHT's fable clouds had half the globe o'erfpread, And filence reign'd, and folks were gone to bed, When love, which gentle fleep can ne'er infpire, Had feated Damon by the kitchen fire.

Penfive he lay, extended on the ground,
The little Lares kept their vigils round;
The fawing cats compaffionate his cale, And pur around, and gently lick his face:

To all his plaints the fleeping curs reply, And with hoarfe finorings imitate a figh. Such gloomy fcenes with lovers' minds agree, And folitude to them is beft fociety.
"Could I," he cry'd, "s exprefs how bright a grace
"Adoms thy morning hands and well-wan'd face,
" Thou would!t, Colemira, grant what I implore, 15
" And yield me love, or wafh thy face no more.

* Ah! who can fee, and feeing not admire,
"6 Whene'er fhe fets the pot upon the fire!
" Her hands outhine the fire and redder things;
"6 Her eyes are blacker than the pot the brings.
* But fure no chamber-damfel can compare,
" When in meridan huftre thines my fair,
"When warm'd with dinner"s toil, in pearly rills,
* Adown her groodly cheeks the fiveat diftils.
"Oh! how I long, how ardently defire,
"To view thofe rofy fingers frike the lyre!
"F For late, when bees to change their climes began,
" How did I fee 'em thrum the frying-pan!
"6 With her I fhould not envy $G$ - his queen,
" Tho' he in royal grandeur deck'd be feen; 30
"6 Whilit rags, juft fever'd from my fair one's gown,
"I In ruffet pomp and greafy pride hang down.
"6 Ah! how it does my drooping heart rejoice,
"When in the hall I hear tly mellow voice!
" How would that voice exceed the village bell, 35
"Wouldit thou but fing, "I like thee paffing well!"
*6 When from the hearth me bade the pointers go,
"How foft, how eaiy, did her accents flow!
"Get out," fhe cry'd: "when ftrangers come to fup,
"One ne'er can raide thote fnoring devils up." 40
" Then, full of wrath, fhe kick'd each lazy brute ;
" Alas! I envy'd even that falute:
"6 'Twas fure nifplac'd-Shock faid, or feem'd to fay,
© He had as lief I had the kick as they.
s If fhe the myltic bellows take in hand,
" Who like the fair can that machine command!
"O may'ft thou ne’er by Æolus be feen,
"For he would fure demand thee for his queen!
© But flould the flame this rougher aid refufe,
"And only gentler med'cines be of ufe, 50
"6 With full-blown cheeks the ends the doubtful frife,
" Foments the infant flame, and puffs it into life.
"Such arts as thefe exhalt the drooping fire,
"But in my breaft a fiercer flame infpire:
" I burn! I burn! O! give thy puffing o'er,
"And fwell thy cheeks and pout thy lips no more!
" With all her haughty looks, the time I've feen
"When this proud damfel has more humble been,
" When with nice airs the hoif the pancake round,
" And dropt it, haplefs fair! upon the ground. 60
"Look, with what charming grace, what winning "6 The artful charmer rubs the candlefticks! [tricks,
"So bright the makes the candlefticks the handles,
" Oft' have I faid-there were no need of candles.
" But thou, my Fair! who never wouldf approve, 65
" Or hear the tender ftory of my love,
"Or mind how burns my raging breaft - a button-
" Perhaps art dreaming of-a breaft of mutton."
Thus faid, and wept, the fad defponding fwain, Revealing to the fable walls his pain:
But nymphs are free with thole they thould deny;
To thofe they love more exquifitely coy.
Fow chirping crickets raife their tingling voice,
The lambent flames in languid freams arife, And finoke in azure folds evaporates and dies. 75

$$
L_{3}
$$

## ON CERTAIN PASTORALS.

SO rude and turelefs are thy lays,
The weary audience vow
'Tis not th' Arcadian fwain that fings,
But 'tis his herds that low.

## ON MR. C

of kidderminster's poetry.
THY verfes, Friend! are Kidderminfter * ftuff, And I muft own you've meafur'd out enough.

## TO THE VIRTUOSI.

HAIL, curious Wights! to whom fo fair The form of mortal flies is !
Who deem thefe grubs beyond compare, Which common fenfe defpifes.

Whether o'er hill, morafs, or mound,
You make your fortfman fallies,
Or that your prey, in gardens found, Is u:g'd thro' walks and allies;

Yet in the fury of the chafe No flope could e'er retard you,
Blefs'd if one liy repay the race, Or painted wing reward you.
Fierce as Camilla + o'er the plain $^{\prime}$
Puriv'd the glitt'ring thranger, Stili ey'd the purple's pieafing ftain, And knew not fear nor danger.
'Tis you difpenfe the fav'rite meat
To Nature's filmy people,
Know what conferves they chufe to eat,
And what liqueurs to tipple.

* Niderminacr, famous for a coarfe woollen manufauure.
fouc vizsile

And if her broed of infects dies, You fage affiftance lend her; Can floop to pimp for am'rous flies, And help 'en to engender.
'Tis you prote\&t their pregnant hour; 25
And, when the birth's at hand, Exerting your obftetric pow'r, Prevent a mothlefs land.
Yet, oh! howe'er your tow'ring view
Above grofs objefts rifes,
Whate'er refnements you purfue,
Hear what a friend advifes :

A friend who, weigh'd with your's, muft prize Domitian's idle paffion,
That wrought the death of tealing flies,
But ne'er their propagation.
Let Flavia's eyes more deeply warm,
Nor thus your hearts determine,
To flight Dane Nature's fairett form,
And figh for Nature's vermine.
And fpeak with fome refpect of beaus, Nor more as trifiers treat 'em;
'Tis better learn to fave one's clothes
Than cherifh moths that eat 'em.

## THE EXTENT OF COOKERY. <br> Allurque et idem. EXPLANATION. Another and the fame.

WHEN Tom to Cambridge firft was fent, A plain brown bob he wore, Read much, and look'd as tho' he meant To be a fop no more.

116 LEVITIES: OR, PIECES OFHUMOUR.
See him to Lincoln's -Inn repair,
His refolution flag,
He cherithes a length of hair,
And tucks it in a bag.
Nor Coke nor Salkeld he regards,
But gets into the House,
And foo a judge's rank rewards
His pliant votes and bows.
Adieu, ye Bobs! ye Bags ! give place;
Full bottoms come intend :
Good L-d! to fee the various ways
Of defiling a calf's head!

## THE PROGRESS OF ADVICE.

> A COMMON CASE.
> Sulci nam certum en. EXPLANATION.
> Advife it, for 'tic fixed.

SAY'S Richard to Thomas (and feem'd half afraid) "I am thinking to marry thy miftrefs s maid; " Now, becaufe Mrs. Lucy to thee is well known, "I will do't if thou bidet me, or let it alone.
" Nay, don't make a jet on't ; "tic no jet to me; "For i'faith I am in earnest ; fo. prithee, be free. " I have no fault to find with the girl fence I knew her, " But I'd have thy advice ere I tie myself to her." o

Said Thomas to Richard, "To freak my opinion, "There is not fuch a bitch in King George's dominion ; "And I firmly believe, if thou knew'ft her as I do, "Thou wouldst chute out a whipping-poit firth to be
ty'd to.
"She's peevish, flue's thievifh, fie's ugly, fie's old, "And a liar, and a fool, and a flit, and a fold." Next day Richard haiten'd to church and was wed, And ere night had inform'd her what Thomas had fard.

## SLENDER'S GHOST.

## VIDE SHAKESPEAKE。

$B^{\mathrm{F}}$ENEATH a churchyard yew, Decay'd and worn with age, At dulk of eve methought I ipy'd Poor slender's Ghoit, that whimp'ring cry'd, "O fweet! O fweet Anne Page!"

Ye gentle Bards! give ear, Who talk of am'rous rage, Who fpoil the lily, rob the rofe, Come learn of me to weep your woes: "O fweet! O fweet Anne Page!"

Why flould fuch labour'd ftrain's You formal Mufe engage?
I never dream'd of flame or dart, That fird my breait or pierc'd my heart, But ligh'd, "E O fweet Ame Page !"

And you! whofe lovefick minds No med'cine can afluage, Accufe the leech's art no more, But learn of Slender to deplore; "O fiwet! O fweet Anve Page!"

And ye! whofe fouls are held Like limnets in a cage, Who talk of letters, links, and chains, Attend and imitate my frains; "O fwect! O fwett Anne Page!"

And you! who boaft or grieve What horrid wars ye wage, Of wounds receiv'd from many an eye, Yet mean as I do, when I figh "O fweet! O fweet Anne Page!"

IIS LEVITIES: OR, PIECES OFHUMOUR.
Hence ev'ry fond conceit
Of thepherd or of fage;
'Tis Slender's voice, 'tis Slender's way,
Expreffes all you have to fay,
or O fweet! O fweet Anne Page!"

## THE INVIDIOUS. mart.

OFORTUNE! if my pray'r of old Was ne'er folicitous for gold, With better grace thou may'ft allow
My fuppliant wifh, that afks it now: Yet think not, Goddefs ! I require it For the fame end your clowns defire it.
In a well-made effectual ifring
Fain would I fee Lividio fwing ;
Hear him from Tyburn's height haranguing ;
But fuch a cur's not worth one's hanging.
Give me, O Goddefs! ftore of pelf,
And he will tie the knot himfelf.

## THE PRICE OF AN EQUIPAGE.

Servum fi poics, ole, non habere, Et regem potes, ole, non habere. Mart. " If thou riom fortune dor no fervant crave, " Believe me thou no mafter nced'ft to have."

IASK'D a friend, amidft the throng, Whofe coach it was that trail'd along ?
"The gilded coach there-don't ye mind?
"That with the footmen fuck behind." "O Sir!" fays he, "what han't you feen it?
"'Tis Damon's Coach, and Damon in it.
"s 'Tis odd, methinks, you have forgot
"Your friend, your neighbour, and-what not!
" Your old acquaintance Damon!"-" True;
"But faith his Equipage is new."
"Blefs me," faid I, " where can it end ?
"What madnefs has poffefs'd my friend?
"Four powderd flaves, and thofe the tallef,
"Their fomachs, doubtlefs, not the finalleft!
"In lace and food, to large a train ?
" I know his land-each inch o" ground-
"' 'Tis not a mile to walk it round-
" If Damon's whole eftate can bear
"To keep his lad and one horfe chair, 20
"I own 'tis palt my comprehenfioin."
"Yes, Sir; but Damon has a penfion-"
Thus does a falle ambition rule us,
Thus pomp delude, and folly fool us;
To keep a race of flick'ring knaves,
He grows himfelf the worft of flaves.

## HINT FROM VOITURE.

LET Sol his annual joumies run, And when the radiant tafk is done, Confefs, thro' all the globe, 'twould pofe him To match the charms that Celia fhows him.

And mould he boaft he once had feen As jult a form, as bright a mien, Yet muft it ftill for ever pole him To match-what Celia never hows him.

## INSCRIPTION.

To the memory Of A. L. Efquire,
Juftice of the peace for this county: Who, in the whole courfe of his pilgrimage

Thro' a trifling ridiculous world
Maintaining his proper dignity, Notwithftanding the fcoffs of ill-difpofed perfons,

And wits of the age,
That ridicul'd his bebaviour,
Or cenfur'd his breeding,
Following the dictates of Nature,
Defiring to eafe the afflicted,
Eager to fet the prifoners at liberty,
Without having for his end

520 LEVITIES: OR, PIECES OFHUMOUR.
The noife or report fuch things generally caufe 19 In the world,
(As he was feen to perform them of none)
But the fole relief and happiners Of the party in diftrels, Himielf refting eafy
When he could render that fo ;
Not griping or pinching himfelf
To hoard up fuperfluities;
Not coveting to keep in his poffeffion
What gives more difquietude than pleafure, 25
But charitably diffuling it
To all round about him;
Making the moft forrowful countenance To fimile,
In his prefence; $\quad 30$
Always beftowing more than he was afked,
Always imparting before he was defird ;
Not proceeding in this manner
Upon every trivial fuggeftion,
But the moft mature and folemn deliberation; 35
With an incredible prefence and undauntednefs of mind,
With an inimitable gravity and economy Of face,
Bidding loud defiance 40
To politenefs and the fafhion, Dar'd let af-t.

## TO A FRIEND.

TAVE you ne"er feen, my gentle Squire ! The humours of your kitchen fire ? Says Ned to Sal, "I lead a fpacle;
"Why don't ye play :-the girl's atraid-
"Play fomething-any thing-but play-
"' Tis but to pals the time avay-
" Phoo-how fhe ftands-biting her nails-
"As tho the play'd for half her vails-
"Sorting her cards, haggling, and picking-
" We play for nothing, do us? Chicken!
"That card will do-'blcod never doubt it,
" It's not worth while to think about it."
Sal thought, and thought, and mifs'd her aim,
And Ned ne'er ftudying won the game.
Methinks, old Friend! 'tis wondrous true
That verfe is but a game at loo:
While many a bard, that fhews fo clearly
He writes for his amufement merely,
Is known to ftudy, fret, and toil,
And play for nothing all the while,
Or praile at moft, for wreaths of yore
Ne'er fignify'd a farthing more,
Till having vainly toil'd to gain it,
He fees your flying pen obtain it.
Thro' fragrant icenes the trifler roves,
And hallow'd haunts that Phoebus loves,
Where with ftrange heats his bofom glows,
And myftic flames the god beftows.
You now, none other flames require
Than a good blazing parlour fire;
Write verfes-to defy the fcorners
In fhit-houfes and chimney-corners.
Sal found her deep laid ichemes ware vain-
The cards are cut-come, deal again-
No gond comes on it when one lingers-
I'll play the cards come next my fingersFortune could never let Ned loo her, When fhe had left it wholly to her.

Well, now who wins :-why, fill the fame-
For Sal has loft another game.
"I've done, (he mutter'd;) I was faying,
6 It did not argufy my playing.
"Sore folks will win, they cannot chufe;
" But think or not think-fome muft lofe.
" I may have won a game or fo-
" But then it was an ageago-
" It ne'er will be my lot again-
"I won it of a baby then-
" Give me an ace of trumps, and fee!
"Our Ned will beat me with a three!
"6 'Tis all by luck that things are carry'd-
"He'll fuffer for it when he's marry'd."
Thus Sal, with tears in either eye,
While victor Ned fate titt'ring by.
Thus I, long envying your fuccefs,
And bent to write and fudy lefs, Sate down, and fribbled in a trice
Juft what you fee-and you defpife. You, who can frame a tuneful fong, And hum it as you ride along,
And, trotting on the kiug's highway, Snatch from the hedge a fprig of bay, Accept this verfe, howe'er it flows, From one that is your friend in profe.

What is this wreath, fo green, fo fair!
Which many wif, and few muft wear;
Which fome men's indolence can gain,
And fome men's vigils ne'er obtain?
For what muft Sal or poct fue,
Ere they engage with Ned or you?
For luck in verle, for luck at loo?
Ah, no! 'tis genius gives you fame, And Ned, thro ikill, fecures the game.

## THE POET AND THE DUN, 1741.

That feelingly perfuade me what 1 am. SHAKESEEARE,

CCOMES a Dun in the morning and raps at my door"I madebold to call--'tis a twelvenionth and more"I'm forry, believe me, to trouble you thus, Sir-" "But Job would be paid, Sir, had Job been a mercer." My friend have but patience-" Ay, thele are your " ways."
I have got but one fhilling to ferve me two days-

But, Sir-prithee take it, and tell your attorney, If I ha'n't paid your bill, I have paid for your journey. Well, now thou art gone, let me govern my paffion, And calmly confider-Confider? vexation!
What whore that muft paint, and muft put on falfe And counterfeit joy in the pangs of the pox! [locks, What beggar's wife's nephew, now fiarv'd, and now beaten,
Who, wanting to eat, fears himfelf hall be eaten! What porter, what turnfpit, candeem his cafe hard! I 5 Or what Dun boaft of patience that thinks of a Bard ! Well, I'll leave this poor trade, for no trade can be poorer,
Turn thoeboy, or courtier, or pimp, or procurer; Get love, and refpect, and good living, and pelf, And dun fome poor dog of a poet myfelf.
One's credit, however, of courfe will grow better.
Here enters the footman, and brings me a letter.
"Dear Sir! I receiv'd your obliging epifle;
"Your fame is fecure-bid the critics go whifte.
"I read over with wonder the poum you fent me, 25
"And I mutt fpeak your praifes, no foul thall prevent "Theaudience, believe me, cry'd out ev'ry line. [me.
"Was Rrong, was affecting, was juft, was divine;
"All pregnant as gold is, with worth, weight, and "، beauty,
"And to hide fuch a genius was-far from your duty. "I forefee that the court will be hugely delighted:
"Sir Richard for much a lef's genius was knighted:
" Adieu, my good Friend! and for high life prepare ye;, "I could fay much more, but you're modeft, I pare ye." Quite fir'd with the flatt'sy, I call for my paper, 35 And wafte that and health, and my time, and my taper: I fribble 'till morn, when with wath no fmall ftore, Comes my old friend the mercer, and raps at my door. "Ah, Friend! 'tis but idle to make fuch a pother ; 32 "Fate, Fate has ordain'd us to plague one another."

## WRITTEN AT AN INN AT HENLY.

Tothee, fair Freedom! I retire
From flatt'ry, cards, and dice, and din;
Nor art thou found in manfons higher
Than the low cot or humble Imn.
'Tis here with boundlefs pow'r I reign,
And ev'ry health which I begin
Converts dull port to bright Champaigne ;
Such freedom crowns it at an Inil.
I fiy from pomp, I fly from plate!
I fly from Faliehood's fipecious grin!
Freelom I love, and form I hate,
And chufe my lodgings at an Inn.
Here, Waiter! take my fordid ore,
Which lackies elfe might hope to win ;
It buys what courts have not in ftore,
It buys me freedom at an Inn.
Whoe'er has travell'd life's dull round,
Where'er his ftages may have been,
May figh to think he fill has found
The warmeft welcome at an Inn.

## A SIMILE.

WHAT village but has fometimes feen The clumiy fhape, the frightful mien, Tremendous claws, and thagged hair, Of that grim brute yclep'd a bear?
He from his dam the learn'd agree,
Receiv'd the curious form you fee, Who with her platic tongue alone Proluc'd a vifage-like her ownAnd thus they hint, in myftic falhion, The pow'rful force of education.*-

Perhaps yon' crowd of fuains is viewing, Ey'n now, the trange exploits of Bruin, Who plays his antics, roars alout,
The wonder of a gaping crowd!
So have I known an awkward lad,
Whofe birth has made a parifh glad, Forbid, for fear of fenfe, to roam, And taught by kind inamma at home, Who gives him many a well-try'd a me, With ways and means-to play the fool. In fenfe the fame, in ftature higher, He fhines, ere long, a rural fquire, Pours forth unwitty jukes, and fwears, And bawls, and drinks, but chiefly ftares: His tenants of fuperior fenfe
Caroufe and laugh at his expenfe, And deem the paftime I'm selating To be as pleafant as bear-baiting.

## THE CHARMS OF PRECEDENCE.

## A TALE.

" $S^{I R}$, will you pleafe to walk before? W " No , pray, Si -you are next the door." "- Upon mine honour I'll not fia-",
"Sir, I'm at home; connider, Sir-""
"Excufe me, Sir; I'll not go firft."
"Well, if I muit be rude, I mult-
"But yet I wifh I could evade it-
"'Tis frangely clownifh, be perfuadec:-"
Go forward, Cits! go folward, Squires!
Nor fcruple each what each admires.
I.ife fquares not, Friends! with your procteding,

It flies while you difplay your breeding;
Such breeding as ont's granam preaches,
Or fome old dancing mafter teaches,
Or for fome rude tumultuous fellow,
Half crazy, or, at leaft, half mellcw,

To come behind you unawares,
And fairly pufh you both down fairs !
But Death's at hand-let me advife ye ;
Go forward, Friends! or he'll furprife ye.
Befides, how infincere you are!
Do ye not flatter, lie, forlwear,
And daily cheat, and weekly pray,
And all for this-to lead the way ?
Such is my theme, which means to prove,
That tho' we drink, or game, or love,
As that or this is moft in fathon,
Precedence is our ruling paffion.
When college-fudents take degrees,
And pay the beadle's endlefs fees,
What moves that fcientific boby,
But the firf cutting at a gaudy?
And whence fuch fhoals, in bare conditions,
That farve and languifi as pliyficians,
Content to trudge the freets, and ftare at
The fat apothecary's chariot?
But that, in Charlotte's chamber (fee
Moliere's Medicin malgre lui)
The leech, howe'er his fortunes vary,
Still walks before th' apothecary.
Flavia in vain has wit and charms,
And all that thines, and all that wums;
In vain all human race adore her,
For-Lady Mary ranks before her.
O Celia! gentle Celia! tell us,
You, who are neither vain nor jealous!
The fofteft breatt, the mildeit mien!
Would you not feel fome little fpleen,
Nor bite your lip, nor furl your brow,
If Florimel, your equal now,
Should one day gain precedence of ye?
Firft ferv'd-tho' in a difh of coffee?
Plac'd firlt, altho' where you are found
You gain the eyes of all around ?
Nam'd firft, tho' not with half the fame
That waits my charming Celia's name ?
LEVITIES: OR, PIECES OF HUMOUR. ..... 127

Hard fortune! barely to infpire
Our fix'd efteem and fond defire!
Barely, where'er you go, to prove
The fource of univerfal love!
Yet be content, oblerving this,
Honour's the offspring of caprice;
And worth, howe'er you have puriu'd it,
Has now no pow'-but to exclude it :
You'll find your gen'ral reputation
A kind of fupplemental fation.
Poor Swift, with all his worth, could ne'er,
He tells us, hope to rife a peer;
So, to fupply it, wrote for fame,
And well the wit fecur'd his aim.
A common patriot has a drift
Nut quite fo imnocent as Swift ;
In Britain's caule he rants, he labours;
" He's honelt, faith."-Have patience, Neighbours,
For patriots may fometimes deceive,
May beg their friends' reluctant leave
To ferve them in a higher fore,
And drop their virtue to get there. -
As Lucian tells us, in his fafhion,
How fouls fut off each earthly paffion,
Ere on Elyfum's flow'ry frand
Old Charon fuffer'd 'em to land;
So, ere we meet a court's careffes,
No dcubt our fouls muft change their dreffes;
And fouls there be who, bound that way,
Attire themfelves ten times a-day.
If then 'tis rank which all men covet,
And faints alike and finners love it;
If place, for which our courtiers throng
So thick, that few can get along,
For which fuch fervile toils are feen,
Who's happier than a king?-a queen.
Howe'er men aim at elevation,
' I Is properly a female paffion:
Women and beaus, beyond all meafure,
Are charm'd with rank's ecitatic plealure.

## I28 LEVITIES, OR, PIECES OE HUMOUR.

Sir, if your drift I rightly fcan,
You'd hint a beau were not a man ;
Say women then are fond of places;
I wave all difputable cafes.
1 CD
A man, perhaps, would fomething linger,
Were his lov'd rank to coft-a finger;
Or were an ear or toe the price on't,
He might delib'rate once or twice on't ;
Perphaps afk Gataker's advice on't ;
And many, as their frames grow old, Would hardly purchafe it with gold.

But women wifh precedence ever ;
${ }^{9}$ Tis their whole life's fupreme endeavour ;
It fires the youth with jealous rage,
And ftrongly animates their age :
Perhaps they would not fell outright,
Or main a limb-that was in fight ;
Yet on worle terms they fometimes chufe it,
Nor ev'n in punifhment refufe it.
Preeminence in pain! you cry,
All fierce and pregnant with reply:
But lend your patience and your ear,
An argument thallmake it clear.
But hold, an argument may fail,
Befide, my title fays, A Tale.
Where Avon rolls her winding ftream,
Avon! the Mules' fav'rite theme;
Avon! that fills the farmers' purles,
And decks with flow'rs both farms and verfes,
She vifits many a fertile vale-
Such was the icene of this my Tale;
For 'tis in Ev'fham's Vale, or near it,
That folks with laughter tell and hear it.
The foil, with annual plenty blefs'd,
Was by young Corydon poffels'd.
His youth alone I lay betore ye,
As mot material to my fory :
For ftrength and vigour too, he had 'em, And 'iwere not much amifs to add'em.

Thrice happy lout! whofe wide domain Now green with grafs, now gilt witi grain, In ruffet robes of clover deep,
Or thinly veil'd, and white with ficep;
Now fragrant with the bean's periume,
Now purpled with the pulfe's blocm, Might well with bright allufion fore me, But happier bards have been before me!

A mongft the various year's increafe
The ttripling own'd a field of peafe,
Which, when at night he ceas'd his labours,
Were haunted by fome female neighbcurs.
Each morn difcorer'd to his fight
The fhameful havock of the night;
Traces of this they left behind 'em,
But no inftructions were to find 'em. The devil's works are plain and evil, But few or none have feen the devil. Old Noll, indeed, if we may credit
The wurds of Echard, who has faid it,
Contriv'd with Satan how to fool us, And bargain'd face to face to rule us;
But then Old Noll was one in ten,
And fought him nore than other men.
Our hepherd, too, with like attention,
May meet the female fiends we mention.
He rofe cne morn at break of day, And near the feld in ambuth lay;
When lo! a brace of girls appears,
The third a matron much in years.
Smiling amidft the peaie, the finners
Sate down to cull their future dinners,
And caring little who might own 'em,
Made free as tho' themieives had fown 'em.
'Tis worth a fage's obfervation
How love can make a jeft of paffion;
'Anger had forc'd th' fwain from bed,
His tally dues to love unpaid!
And Love, a god that keeps a pother,
And will be paid one time or other,

IZO LEVITIES, OR PIECES OF HUMOUR.
Now banih'd Anger out o'door,
And claim'd the debt withheld before.
If Anger bid our youth revile,
Love form'd his features to a fmile;
And knowing well 'tivas all grimace
To threaten with a fmiling face,
He in few words exprefs'd his mind -
And none would deem them much unkind.
The am'rous youth, for their offence,
Demanded inftant recompence;
That recompence from each, which fime Forbids a bafhful Mufe to name:
Yet, more this fentence to difsover,
'Tis what Bett ** grants her lover,
When he, to make the itrumpet willing,
Has fpent his fortune-to a fhilling.
Each ftood awhile, as 'twere, fufpended,
Ard loathto do what-each intended.
At length, with foft pathetic fighs,
The matron, bent with age, replies :
" 'Tis vain to frive-jutice, I know,
"And our 11 ftars, will have it fo-
"But let my tears your wrath affinage,
"And fhew fome deference for age:
" I from a difant village came,
"Am old, G-knows, and fomething lame;
" And if we yield, as yield we muft,
" Difpatch my crazy body firtt."
Our finepherd, like the Phrygian fwain,
When circled round on Ida's plain
With goddeffes, he ltood rufpended,
And Pallas's grave fpeech was ended,
Own'd what the alk'd might be his duty,
But paid the compliment to beauty.

## EPILOGUE

## to the tragriy of cleone.

$W^{\text {ELL }}$, Ladies-fo much for the tragic ityleAnd now the cultom is to make you fmile.
To make us fmile!-methinks I hear you fayWhy, who can helpit, at fo ftrange a play?

The captaingone three years !-and then to blame 5 The faultlefs conduct of his virtuous dame!
My fars !-what gentle belle would think it treafon, When thus provck'd, to give the brute fome reafon ? Out of my houfe!-this might, ferfooth, depart! A modern wife had faid-" With all my heart- 10
" But think not, haughty Sir, I'll go alone;
"Order your coach-condual me fate to Town-
"Give me my jewels, wardrobe, and my maid-
" And pray take care my pinmoney be paid." Such is the language of each modifh fair ;
Yet memoirs, not of modern growth, declare
The time has been when moderty and truth
Were deem`d additions to the charms of youth;
When women hid their necks, and veil'd their faces, $\}$
Nor romp'd, nor rak ${ }^{\prime}$ d, nor ftar'd at public places,
Nor took the airs of Amazons for graces:
Then plain domeftic virtues were tle mode,
And wives ne'er dream'd of happinel's abroad;
They lov'd their childrer, learn'd no flaunting airs,
But with the joys of wed:cck mis'd the cares.
Thofe times are paft-yet fure they merit praife,
For marriage triumph'd in thofe golde: days;
By chafte decorum they affection gain'd;
By faith and fondnefs what they wer maintain'd.
'Tis yours, Ye Fain! to bring thofe days agen, ${ }^{\circ} \circ$
Ard form anew the hearts of thoughtlefs men;
Make beauty's luftre amiable as bright,
And give the foul as well as fenfe delight;
Reclaim from foily a fantaftic age,
That fcorns the prefs, the pulpit, and the ftage.
Let truth and tendernefs your breafts adorn,
The marriage chain with tranfport fhall be worn;
Each blooming virgin, rais'd into a bride,
Shall double all their joys, their cares divide;
Alleviate grief, compole the jars of ftrife,
And pour the balm that iweetens human life.

## A PASTORAL ODE. <br> TO THE HONOURAELE SIR RICHARD LYTTLETON.

${ }^{\prime}$ THE morn difpens'd a dubious light, A fudden mitt had foll'n from fight Each pleafing vale and hill, When Damon left his humble bowers, To guard his flocks, to fence his flowers, Or check his wand'ring rill.

Tho' fchool'd from Fortune's paths to fly,
'The fwain beneath each low'ring fky
Would oft his fate bemoan,
That he, in fylvan fhades forlorn,
Muft wafte his cheerlefs ev'n and morn, Nor ptais'd, nor lov'd, not known.

No friend to Fame's ob?trep'rous noife,
Yet to the whifpers of her voice,
Soft murm'ring, not a foe,
The pleafures he thro' choice declin's, When gloony fogs depreis'd his mind, It griev'd him to forego.

Griev'd him to lurk the lakes befde, Where coots in rumy dingles hide, 20
And moorcocks fhun the day,
While caitiff bitterns, undi'may'd, Remark the fiwain's familiar hade, And forn to quit their pres.
But fee the radiant fin once more ..... 25
The bright'ning face of heav'n refore,

And raife the doubtful dawn,
And more to gild his moral fohere,
At once the brightelt tiain appeas
That ever trud the asin.

Amazement chill'd the thepherd's frame, 'To think Biidgewater's* honour'd name Should grace his rultic cell ;
That the, on all whote motions wait Diltinction, titles, rank, and fate,

But true it is, the gen'rous mind, By candour fway'd, by taite refin'd, Will nought but vice difdain;
Nor will the breait where fancy glows 40
Deem ev'ry flower a weed that blows
Amid the defert plain.
Befeems it fuch, with honour crown'd,
To deal its lucid beams around,
Nor equal meed receive ;
At moft fucls garlands from the field,
As cowflips, pinks, and panfies, yield, And rural hands can weave.
Yet ftrive, ye fhepherds! frive to find, And weave the faireft of the kind,
The prime of all the fpring,
If haply thus yon' lovely tair
May round her temples deignto wear
The trivial wreaths you bring.
O how the peaceful halcyons play'd, 55
Where'er the contcious lake betray'd
Athenia's placid mien!
How did the fprightlier limets throng, Where Paphia's charms requir'd the long, ${ }^{\top}$ Mid hazel coples green!
Lo, Dartmouth on thofe banks reclin'd,
While bufy Fancy calls to mind
The glories of his line!
Methinks my cottage rears its head, The ruin'd walls of yonder fhed,
As thro' enchantment, flime.

[^16]But who the nymph that guides their way?
Could ever nymph defcend to Itray
From Hagley's fam'd retreat ?
Elfe by the blooming features fair,
The faultlefs make, the matchlefs air,
'Twere Cynthia's form complete.
So would fome tuberofe delight,
That ftruck the pilgrim's wond'ring fight
'Mid lonely deferts drear,
All as at eve the fov`reign flower
Difpenfes round its balmy power,
And crowns the fragrant year.
Ah! now no more, the fhepherd cry'd,
Muft I Ambition's charms deride,
Her fubtle force difown;
No more of Fauns or Fairies dream,
While Fancy, near each cryftal ftream,
Shall paint thefe forms alone.
By low-brow'd rock or pathlefs mead,
I deem'd that fplendour ne'er fhould lead
My dazzled eyes aftray ;
But who, alas! will dare contend,
If beauty add, or merit blend,
Its more illuftrious ray ?
Nor is it long-O plaintive fivain!
Since Guernfey faw, without difdain,
Where, hid in woodlands green,
The partner of his early days,*
And once the rival of his praife,
Had fol'n thro' life unieen.
Scarce faded is the vernal flower,
Since Stamford left his honour'd bow'r
To fmile familiar here:
O form'd by Nature to difclofe,
How fair that courtely which flows
From focial warmth lincere!

[^17]Nor yet have many moons decay'd Since Pollio fought this lonely fhade, Admir'd this rural maze :
The nobleft breaft that Virtue fires, The Graces love, the Mufe inipires, Might pant for Pollio's praife.

Say, Thomfon here was known to reft ;
For him yon' vernal feat I dref,
Ah! never to return!

In place of wit and melting ftrains,
And focial mirth, it now remains
To weep befide the urn.

Come then, my Lelius! come once more, 115 And fringe the melancholy fhore With rofes and with bays, While I each wayward Fate accufe, That envy'd his impartial Mufe, To fing your early praife.

While Philo, to whofe favour'd fight Antiquity, with full delight, Her inmoft wealth difplays,
Beneath yon' ruin's moulder'd wall Shall mute, and with his friends recall
The pomp of ancient days.
Here, too, flall Conway's name appear;
He prais'd the fream fo lovely clear,
That hone the reeds among;
Yet clearnefs could it not difclofe,
To match the rhetoric that flows From Conway's polinh'd tongue.

Ev'n Pitt, whofe fervent periods roll Refiftefs thro' the kindling foul of fenates, councils, kings !
Tho' form'd for courts, vouchfaf'd to rove,
Inglorious, thro' the fhepherd's grove, And ope his bafhful fprings.

## But what can courts difcover more

Than thefe rude haunts have feen before,
Each fount and fhady tree?
Have not thefe trees and fountains feen
The pride of courts, the winning mien
Of peerlefs Aylefbury?
And Grenville, fhe whofe radiant eyes
Have mark'd by flow gradation rife
The princely piles of Stow;
Yet prais'd thefe unembellifh'd woods,
And imil'd to fee the babbling floods
Thro' felf-worn mazes flow.
Say, Dartmouth, who your banks admir'd, Again beneath jour caves retir'd, Shall grace the penlive fhade;
With all the bloom, with all the truth,
With ail the firightlinefs of youth,
By cool reflection fivay'd ?
Brave, yet humane, flall Smith appear ;
Ye Sailors ! tho' his name be dear,
Think him not yours alone:
Grant him in other foheres to charm;
The fhepherd's breatts tho' mild are warm,
And ours are all his own.
O Lyttleton! my honour'd gueft,
Could I defcribe thy gen'rous break,
Thy firm, yet polif'd, mind;
How public love adorns thy name,
How Fortune, too, confpires with Fame,
The fong fhould pleafe nankind.

# A PASTORAL BALLAD, 

IN FOUR PARTS.
Written 1733 .
Arbufta humilefque myrica VIRG。
EXPLANATION.
Groves and lowly fhrubs.

## I. ABSENCE,

$Y^{E}$ Shepherds! fo cheerful and gay, Whofe flocks never carelefsly roam,
Should Corydon's happen to ftray, Oh! call the poor wanderers home. Allow me to mule and to figh,
Nor talk of the change that ye find; None once was was fo watchful as I:
-I have left my dear Phyilis behind.
Now I know what it is to have flrove With the torture of doubt and defire;
What it is to admire and to love,
And to leave her we love and admire.
Ah! lead forth my flock in the morn, And the damps of each ev'ning repel;
Alas! I am taint and forlorn:
-I have bade my dear Phyllis farewell.
Since Phyllis vouchfaf'd me a look,
I never once dream'd of my vine,
May I lofe both my pipe and my crook, If I knew of a kid that was mine.
I priz'd ev'ry hour that went by
Beyond all that had pleas'd me before; But now they are paft, and I figh, And I grieve that I priz'd them no more.

But why do I languifh in vain?
Why wander thus penlively here?
Oh! why did I come from the plain, Where I fed on the fmiles of my dear?
$\mathrm{N}_{3}$

They tell me my favourite maid, The pride of that valley, is flown;
Alas! where with her I have ftray'd I could wander with pleafure alone.
When forc'd the fair nymph to forego,
What anguifh I felt at my heart!
Yet I thought-but it might not be fo-
'Twas with pain that fhe faw me depart.
She gaz'd as I flowly withdrew;
My path I could hardly difcern:
So lweetly fhe bade me adieu,
I thought that fhe bade me return.
The pilgrim that journeys all day
To vifit fome far-diftant flrine,
If he bear but a relique away,
Is lhappy, nor heard to repine.
Thus widely remov'd from the fair,
Where my vows, my devotion, I owe, Soft hope is the relique I bear, And my folace wherever I go.

## II. HOPE.

M banks they are furnifh'd with bees, My grottoes are fhaded with trees, And my hills are white over with fleep. I feldom have met with a lofs,
Such health do my fountains beftow;
My fountains all border'd with mofs,
Where the harebells and violets grow.
Not a pine in the grove is there feen
But with tendrils of woodbine is bound;
Not a beech's more beautiful green
But a fiweetbriar entwines it around :
Not my fields in the prime of the year, More charins than my cattle unfold; Not a brook that is limpid and clear,
But it glitters with fifhes of gold,

One would think fhe might like to retire To the bow'r I have labour'd to rear; Not a fhrub that I heard her admire, But I hafted and planted it there.
O how fudden the jeffamine firove
With the lilack to render it gay !
Already it calls for my love
To prune the wild branclies away.
From the plains, from the woodlands, and groves, 25 What frains of wild melody flow! How the nightingales warble their loves From thickets of rofes that blow!
And when her bright form fhall appear, Each bird fhall harmonioufly join
In a concert fo foft and fo clear, As-fhe may not be fond to refign.
I have found ont a gift for my fair;
I have found where the wood-pigeons breed;
But let me that plunder forbear,
She will fay 'twas a barbarous deed:
For he ne'er could be true the averr'd,
Who could rob a poor bird of its young ;
And I lov'd her the more when I heard Such tendernefs fall from her tongue.

I have heard her with fweetnefs unfold How that pity was due to-a dove;
That it ever attended the bold, And the call'd it the fifter of Love. But her words fuch a pleafure convey,
So much I her accents adore,
Let her fpeak, and whatever fhe fay,
Methinks I hould love her the more.
Can a bofom fo gentle remain
Unmov'd when her Corydon fighs!
Will a nymph that is fond of the plain,
Thele plains and this valley defpife?

Dear regions of filence and fhade! Soft fcenes of contentment and eafe!
Where I could have pleafingly ftray'd,
If aught in her abfence could pleafe.
But where does my Phyllida ftray?
And where are her grots and her bow'rs ?
Are the groves and the vallies as gay,
And the fhepherds as gentle as ours?
The groves may perhaps be as fair, And the face of the vallies as fine,
The fwains may in manners compare,
But their love is not equal to mine.

## III. SOLICITUDE.

WHY will you my paffion reprove? Why term it a folly to grieve ?
Ere I fhew you the charms of my love, She is fairer than you can believe.
With her mien the enamours the brave,
With her wit the engages the free, With her modelty pleafes the grave ;
She is ev'ry way pleafing to me.
O you that have been of her train,
Come and join in my amorous lays!
I could lay down my life for the fwain
That will fing but a fong in her- praife.
When he fings, may the nymphs of the town
Come trooping, and liften awhile;
Nay, on him let not Phyllida frown,
-But I cannot allow her to fmile.
For when Paridel tries in the dance
Any favour with Phyllis to find,
O how with one trivial glance
Might fhe ruin the peace of my mind!
In ringlets he drefles his hair,
And his crook is beftudded around ;
And his pipe-olı! my Phyllis beware
Of a magic there is in the found!
'Tis his with mock paffion to glow;
'Tis his in finooth tales to unfold
" How her face is as bright as the fnow,
© And her boiom, be fure, is as cold :
of How the nightingales labour tle ftrain,
"6 With the notes of his charmer to vie;
"How they vary their accents in vain,
"Repine at her triumphs, and die."
To the grove or the garden he ftrays,
And pillages every fweet,
Then fuiting the wreath to his lays,
He throws it at Phyllis's feet.
"O Phyllis!" he whilpers, " more fair,
" More iweet, than the jeflamine's flow'r!
"Shat are pinks in the morn to compare?
"What is eglantine after a fhow'r ?
" Then the lily no longer is white,
"Then the rofe is depriv'd of its bloom,
"Then the violets die with delpight,
"And the woodbines give up their perfume."
Thus glide the foft numbers atong,
And he fancies no thepherd his feer;
-Yet I never fhould envy the fong,
Were not Phyllis to lend it an ear.
Let his crook be with hyacinths bound, So Phyllis the trophy delpife;
Let his forehead with laurels be crown'd,
So they fhine not in Phyllis's eyes.
The langnage that flows from the heart
Is a ftranger to Paridel's tongue:
-Yet may fhe beware of his art,
Or fure I mult envy the fong.

## IV. DISAPPOINTMENT.

YE Shepherds! give ear to my lay, And take no more heed of my heep ;
They have nothing to do but to ftray,
I have nothing to do but to weep.
Yet do not my folly reprove;
She was fair-and my paffion begun;
She fmil'd-and I could not but love :
She is faithlefs-and I am undone.
Perhaps I was void of all thought;
Perhaps it was plain to forefee
That a nymph fo complete would be fought
By a fwain more engaging than me.
Ah ! love ev'ry hope can infpire,
It banithes wifdom the while,
And the lip of the nymph we admire
Seems for ever adorn'd with a fmile.
She is faithlefs, and I am undone:
Ye that witnefs the woes I endure,
Let reafon inftruct you to flum
What it cannot infruct you to cure. 20
Beware how you loiter in vain
Amid nymphs of an higher degree;
It is not for me to explain
How fair and how fickle they be.
Alas! from the day that we met
What hope of an end to my woes?
When I cannot endure to forget
The glance that undid my repofe.
Yet time may diminifh the pain:

The flow'r, and the fhrub, and the tree,
Which I rear'd for her pleafure in vaiu,
In time may have comfort for me.
The fweets of a dew-fprinkled rofe, The found of a murmuring fream, The peace which from folitude flows,35
Henceforth fhall be Corydon's theme.High tranfports are fhewn to the fight,But we are not to find them our own;Fate never beftow'd fuch delightAs I with my Phyllis had known.40
O ye Woods! fpread your branches apace,To your deepeft receffes I fly;I would hide with the beafts of the chafe,I would vanifh from every eye.Yet my reed fhall refound thro' the grove45
With the fame fad complaint it begun;
How the fmil'd, and I could not but love ! Was faithlefs, and I am undone! ..... $4 \%$


## ODES, \&c.

## ODE TO HEALTH, 1730.

OHEALTH! capricious maid! Why doft thou ithun my peaceful bow'r, Where I had hope to fhare thy pow'r, • And blefs thy lafting aid?
Since thou, alas! art flown, ..... 5
It 'vails not whether Mufe or Grace,With tempting fmile, frequent the place;I figh for thee alone.

Age not forbids thy fay:
Thou yet might'f act the friendly part;
Thou yet might'it raife this languid heart;
Why fpeed to fwift away ?
Thou fcorn'f the city air;
I breathe frefh gales o'er furrow'd ground,
Yet haft not thou my wifhes crown'd,
O falfe! O partial Fair!
I plunge into the wave;
And tho' with pureft hands I raife A rural altar to thy praife,
Thou wilt not deign to lave.
Amid my well-known grove, Where mineral fountains vainly bear Thy boafted name and titles fair, Why fcoms thy foot to rove?

Thou hear'ft the fportman's claim,

Is thought thy foe? Adieu,
Ye midnight lamps! ye curious tomes!

Mine eye o'er hills and vallies roams,
And deals no more with you.

Is it the clime you flee?
Yet 'midft his unremitting fnows
The poor Laponian's bofom glows,
And fhares bright rays from thee.
There was, there was a time, When, tho' I fcorn'd thy guardian care, Nor made a vow nor faid a pray'r, I did not rue the crime.

Who then more blefs'd than I ?
When the glad fchcolboy's tafk was done,
And forth, with jocund fprite, I run
To freedom and to joy?
How jovial then the day!
What fince have all my labours found,
Thus clinbing life to gaze around,
That can thy lofs repay?
Wert thou, alas! but kind,
Methinks no frown that Fortune wears,
Nor leffen'd hopes, nor growing cares, Could fink my cheerful mind.

Whate'er my fars include,
What other breats convert to pain,
My tow'ring mind fould foon difdain,
Should forn-Ingratitude!
Repair this mouldring cell,
And blefs'd with objects found at home, And envying rone their faire dome, How pleas'I my foul hould dweil!

Temp'rance floould guard the doors ;
From room to room fhould Mem'ry ftray,
And, ranging all in neat array,
Enjoy her pleafing fores-
There let them reft unknown,
The types of many a pleafing fcene;
But to preferve them bright or clean, Is thine, Fair Queen! alone.

## TO A LADY OF QUALITY,

FITTING US HER LIBRARY.

$A^{\mathrm{H}}$H ! what is fcience, what is art,
A Or what the pleafure thefe impart? Ye trophies, which the learnd purfue Thro' endlels, fruitlefs toils, adieu !

What can the tedious tomes befow,
To footh the miferies they how?
What like the blifs for him decreed Who tends his flock and tunes his reed!

Say, wretched Fancy! thus refin'd From all that glads the fimpleft hind,
How rare that object which fupplies
A charm for too difcerning eyes!
The polifh'd bard, of genius vain,
Endures a deeper fenfe of pain;
As each invading blaft devours
The richeft fruits, the faireft flow'rs.
Sages, with irkfome wafte of time,
The fteep afcent of knowledge climb,
Then from the tow ring heights they icale,
Behold contentment range-the vale.
和

Fet why, Afteria, tell us why
We fcorn the crowd when you are nigh ?
Why then does reafon feem fo fair,
Why learning then deferve our care ?
Who can unpleas'd your fhelves behold
While you fo fair a proof unfold ?
What force the brighteft genius draws
From polifh'd wifdom's written laws?
Where are our humbler tenets flown ?
What ftrange perfection bids us own
That Blifs with toilfome Science dwells,
And happieft he who moft excels ?
ANACREONTIC, 1738.
${ }^{9}$ TWAS in a cool Aonian glade The wanton Cupid, fpent with toil, Had fought refrefhment from the fhade, And ftretch'd him on the moffy foil.
A vagrant Mufe drew nigh, and found
The fubtle traitor faft alleep;
And is it thine to fnore protound,
She faid, yet leave the world to weep?
But hufh-from this aufpicious hour
The world, I ween, may reft in peace,
And robb'd of darts, and ftript of pow'r, Thy peevifh petulance decreafe.

Sleep on, poor Child! whilt I withdraw,
And this thy vile artill'ry hide-
When the Caftalian fount the faw,
And plung'd his arrows in the tide.
That magic fount-ill-judging maid!
Shall cauie you foon to curie the day
You dar'd the fhafts of Love invade,
And gave his arms redoubled fway,

For in a fream fo wondrous clear, When angry Cupid fearches round, Will not the radiant points appear ? Will not the furtive fpoils be found ?

Too foon they were; and ev'ry dart,
Dipp'd in the Mufe's myftic fpring, Acquird new force to wound the heart, And taught at once to love and fing.

Then Farewe!l, ye Pierian quire!
For who will now your altars throng? 30
From Love we learn to fwell the lyre, And Echo afks no fweeter fong.

## ODE.

## Written 1739 .

Urit foes animi credula mutui :
EXPLANATION.
Fond hope of a reciprocal defire Inflarres the breat.
${ }^{9}$ WWAS not by beauty's aid alone That Love ufurp'd his airy throne, His boafted pow'r difplay'd;
${ }^{2} T$ is kindnefs that fecures his aim,
'Tis hope that feeds the kindling flame,
Which beauty firft convey'd.
In Clara's eyes the lightning view;
Her ling with all the rofe's hue
Have all its fweets combin'd;
Yet vain the blufh, and faint the fire,
Till lips at once, and eyes, confpire To prove the charmer kind-
'Tho' wit might gild the tempting fnare
With foftett accent, fiweetcft air,
By envy's felf admir'd;
If Lefbia's wit betray'd her fcorn,
In vain might ev'ry Grace adorn
What ev'ry Muie infpird.
Thas airy Strephon tum'd his lyre- He fcorn'd the pangs of wild defire, ..... 20
Which lovefick fwains endure;Refolv'd to brave the keenelt dart,Since frowns could never wound his heart,And fmiles-muft ever cure.
But, ah! how falfe thefe maxims prove, ..... 25
How frail fecurity from love Experience hourly fhows !
Love can imagin'd fmiles fupply, On ev'ry charming lip and eye Eternal fweets beftows. ..... 30
In vain we truft the fair one'e eyes;
In vain the fage explores the fkies,
To learn from ftars is fate ;
Till led by fancy wide aftray,
He finds no planet mark his way; ..... 35
Convinc'd and wife-too late.
As partial to their words we prove,
Then boldly join the lifts of love,
With.tow'ring hopes fupply'd:
So heroes, taught by doubtful fhrines, ..... 40
Miftook their deity's defigns,
Then took the field-and dy'd. ..... 42
UPON A VISIT
TO A LADY OF QUALITY, In Winter 1748.O Nair Afteria's blifsful plains,Where ever-blooming Fancy reigns,How pleas'd we pals the winter's day,And charm the dull eye Spleen away!No limet, from the leafiefs bough,Nor winh the linnet's vernal long.

No flow's emit their tranfient rays;
Yet fure Afteria's wit difplays
More various tints, more glowing lines,
And with perennial beauty fhines.
Tho rifled groves and fetter'd freams But ill befriend a poet's dreams, Afteria's prefence wakes the lyre,
And well fupplies poetic fire.
The fields have loft their lovely dye, No cheerful azure decks the fiy,
Yet ftill we blefs the luuring day;
Afteria fmiles-and all is gay.
Hence let the Mufe no more prefume To blame the winter's dreary gloom, Accufe his loit'ring hours no more, But, ah! their envious hate deplore.

For foon from Wit and Friendfhip's reign,
The $f$ cial hearth, the fprightly vein,
I go-to meet the coming year
On lavage plains and delerts drear!
I go-to feed on pleafures flown,
Nor find the fipring my lofs atone;
But, 'mid th' flow'ry fweets of May, W'ith priderecall this winter's day.

## ODE TO MEMORY

$$
1748 .
$$

OMEMORY! celeftial maid! Whu glean'it the How'rets cropt by time ${ }_{2}$, And, fuffering not a leaf to fade, Preferv'f the b!offoms of our prine, Bring, bring thote moments to my mind When life was new and Leibia kind.

And bring that garland to my fight With which my favour'd crook the bound, And bring that wreath of rofes tright Which then my feftive temples crown'd,
And to my raptur'd ear convey
The gentle things fhe deign'd to fay.
And fketch with care the Mufe's bow'r,
Where Ifis rolls her filver tide,
Nor yet omit one reed or flow'r
That mines on Cherwell's verdant fide,
If fo thou may'ft thofe hours prolong,
When polifl'd Lycon join'd my fong.
The fong it 'vails not to recite-
But, fure, to looth our youthful dreams,
Thofe banks and itreams appear'd more bright
Than other banks, than other ftreains;
Or by the foft'ning pencil thown,
Alfume they beauties not their own ?
And paint that fweetly-vacant feere,
When, all beneath the poplar bough,
My firits light, my foul ferene,
I breath'd in verfe one cordial vow,
That nothing thould my fcul infpire
But friendilhip warin and love entire.
Duil to the fenfe of new delight,
On thee the drooping Mufe attends,
As fome fond lover, robb'd of fight,
On thy expreflive pow'r depends,
Nor would exchange thy glowing lines,
To live the lord of all that fhines.
But let me chafe thofe vows away
Which at Ambition's thrine I made,
Nor ever let thy 1 kill difplay
Thofe anxious moments, ill repaid:
Oh! from my breaft that feaion rafe,
And bring my childhood in its place.

Bring me the bells, the rattle bring, And bring the hobby I beltrode, When pleas'd, in many a foortive ring
Around the room I jovial rode;
Ev'n let me bid my lyre adieu, And bring the whitle that I blew.
'Then will I mufe, and, penfive, fay, Why did not thefe enjoyments laft ?
How fiveetly wafted I the day,
While innocence alluw'd to wafte!
Ambition's toils alike are vain,
But ah! for pleafure yield us pain.

## VERSES

Written towards the clofe of the year $174^{8}$,

## TO WILLIAM LYTTLETON, ESQ.

$H^{O W}$ blithly pafs'd the fummer's day !
How bright was ev'ry flow'r!
While friends arriv'd in circles gay,
To vifit Danoon's bow'r!
But now, with filent ftep, I range
Along fome lonely fhore,
And Damon's bow'r, alas the change!
Is gay with friends no more.
Away to crowds and cities borne, In queft of joy they fteer,
Whilit I, alas! am left forlorn
To weep the parting year!
O penfive autumn! how I grieve
Thy forrowing face to fee!
When languid funs are taking leave
Of ev'ry drooping tree.

Al!! let me not, with heavy eye,
This dying feene furvey!
Hafte, Winter! hatte; ufurp the fky;
Complete my bow'r's decay.
Ill can I bear the motley caft
Yon'fick'ning leaves retain,
That ipeak at once of pleafure paft,
And bude approaching pain.
At home, unblefs'd, I gaze around,
Mydiftant icenes require,
Where, all in murky vapours drown'd, Are lamlet, hill, and fire.
'Tho' Thomfon, fiveet defcriptive bard!
Infpiring Autumn fung,
Yet how thould we the months regard That flopp'd his flowing tongue?
Ah! lucklefs months, of all the reft, To whole hard thare it fell !
For fure he was the gentleft brealt
That ever fung fo well.

And fee, the fwallows now difown
The roofs they lov'd before,
Each, like his tuneful genius, flown
To glad fome happier flore.
The wood-nymph ejes, with pale affright, The fportfman's frantic deed,
While hounds, and horns, and yells, unite To drown the Mufe's reed.

[^18]Where is the mead's unfully'd green ?
The zephyr's baimy gale?
And where fweet friendmip's cordial mien,
That brighten'd ev'ry vale?
What tho' the vine difclofe her dyes,
And boaft her purple fore?
Not all the vineyard's rich fupplies
Can footh our forrows more.
He ! he is gone, whofe moral ftrain
Could wit and mirth refine;
He! he is gone, whofe focial vein
Surpafs'd the pow'r of wine.
Faft by the ftreams he deign'd to praife
In yon' fequefter'd grove,
To him a votive urn I raife,
To him and friendly Love.
Yes, there, my Friend! forlorn and fud, 65
I grave your Thomfon's name,
And there his lyre, which Fate forbade
To found your growing fame.
There fhall my plaintive fong recount
Dark themes of hopelefs wo,
And fafter than the drooping fount
rll teach mine eyes to flow.
There leaves, in fpite of Autumn green,
Shall hade the hallow'd ground,
And Spring will there again be feen
To call forth flow'rs around.
But no kind funs will bid me fhare,
Once more, his focial hour;
Ah! Spring! thou never cantt repair
'This lofs to Damon's bow'r.

## AN IRREGULAR ODE.

## After Sicknefs, 1749.

-..-Melius, cum venerit ipfa, canemus. IMITATION.
His wifh'd-for prefence will improve the iong.
TOO long a ftranger to repofe,
At length from Pain's abhorred couch I role,
And wander'd forth alone,
To court once more the balny breeze, And catch the verdure of the trees,
Ere yet their charms were flown.
'Twas from a bank with panfies gay
I hail'd once more the cheerful day,
The fun's forgotten beams :
O Sun! how pleafing were thy rays, 18
Reflected from the polifh'd face
Of yon' refulgent ftreams!
Rais'd by the fcene, my feeble tongue
Effay'd again the fweets of fong,
And thus in feeble ftrains, and flow,
The loit'ring numbers "gan to flow.
"Come, gentle Air! my languid limbs reftore,
"And bid me welcome from the Stygian fhore,
"For fure I heard the tender fighs,
"I leem'd to join the phaintive cries 20
"Of haplefs youths, who thro" the myrtle grove
"Bewail for ever their unfinifh'd love;
" To that unjoyous clime,
"Torn from the fight of thefe ethereal $\mathrm{Kkies}_{2}$
"Debarr'd the luftre of their Delias' eyes, $2 s$
" And banifh'd in their prime.
"c Come, gentle Air! and, while the thickets bloom,
"Convey the jafmine's breath divine,
"Convey the woodbine's rich perfime,
" Nor fpare the fweet-leafid eglantine;
"And may'it thou fhun the rugged form
"Till Health her wonted charms explain,
" With Rural Pleafure in her train,
" To greet me in her faireft form ;
"While from this lofty mount I view
"T The fons of Earth, the vulgar crew,
"Anxious for futile gains, beneath me fray, [way.
" And feek with erring ftep Contentment's obvicus
© Come, gentle Air! and thou, celeftial Mufe!
" Thy genial flame infufe,
"Enough to lend a penfive bofom aid,
" And gild Retirement's gloomy fhade;
" Enough to rear fuch ruttic lays
"As foes may llight, but partial friends will praife."
The gentle air allow'd my claim,
And, more to cheer my drooping frame,
She mixt the balm of op'ning flowers,
Such as the bee, with chymic powers,
From Hybla's fragrant hills inhales,
Or fcent's Sabea's blooming vales :
But, ah! the nymphs that heal the penfive mind,
By prefcripts more refin'd,
Neglect their vot'ry's anxious moan:
Oh! how flould they relieve!-the Mufes all ware flown.

By flow'ry plain or woodland fhades 55
I fondly fought the charming maids ;
By woodland thades or fow'ry plain
I fought them, faithlef's maids! in vain;
When, lo! in happier hour,
I leave behind my native mead,
To range where Zeal and Friendfaip lead, To vifit $L^{* * * * ' s ~ h o n o u r d ~ b o w e r . ~}$
Ah! foolifiman! to feek the tuneful maids On other plains, or near lefs verdant thades i

Scarce have my footfteps prefs'd the favour'd ground, When founds ethereal ftrike my ear ;
At once celettial forms appear ;
My fugitives are found!
The Mufes here attune their lyres,
Ah! partial, with unwonted fires;
Here, hand in hand, with carelefs mien,
The fortive Graces trip the green.
But whilf I wander'd o'er a fcene fo fair,
Too well at one furvey I trace
How ev'ry Mufe and ev'ry Grace
Had long employ'd their care.
Lurks not a ftone enrich'd with lively ftain,
Blooms not a flow'r amid the vernal fore,
Falls not a plume on India's diftant plain,
Glows not a fhell on Adria's rocky fhore,
But torn, methought, from native lands or feas,
From their; arrangement gain freft pow'r to plcafe.
And fome had bent the wild'ring maze,
Bedeck'd with ev'ry fhrub that blows,
And fome entwin'd the willing fprays,
To flield th' illuftrious dame's repore;
Others had grac'd the fprightly dome,
And taught the portrait where to glow ;
Others arrang'd the curious tome,
Or 'mid the decorated fpace
Affign'd the laurell'd buft a place, And given to learning all the pomp of fhow ;
And now from ev'ry tafk withdrawn,
They met and frifk'd it o'er the lawn.
Ah! wo is me, faid I,
And ***'s hilly circuit heard my cry :
Have I for this with labour frove,
And lavih'd all my hittle fore
To fence for you my fhady grove,
And fcellop ev'ry winding thore,

And fringe with ev'ry purple rofe
The fapphire ftream that down my valley flows ?
Ah! lovely treach'rous maids!
To quit unfeen my votive thades,
When pale Difeafe and tort'ring Pain
Had torn me from the breezy plain,
And to a reflefs couch confin'd,
Who ne'er your wonted tafks declin'd.
She needs not your officious aid
To fivell the fong or plan the fhade;
By genuine Fancy fir'd,
Her native genius guides her hand,
And while the marks the fage command,
Morelovely fcenes her fkill fhall raife,
Her lyre refound with nobler rays
Than ever you infipird.
Thus Imy rage and grief difplay, But vainly blame, and vainly mourn, Nor wiil a Grace or Mufe return 'Till Luxborough lead the way.

## RURAL ELEGANCE.

AN ODE TO THE LATE DUCHESS OF SOMERSET.
Written 1750.
WHILE orient fkies reftore the day,
And dew drops catch the lucid ray,
Amid the fprightly fcenes of morn Will aught the Mife infpire?
Oh! peace to yonder clam'rous horn That drowns the facred lyre!

Ye rural Thanes! that o'er the moffy down Some panting tim'rous hare purfiee, Does Nature mean your joys alone to crown! Say, does the fmooth her lawns for you?

For you does Echo bid the rocks reply, And, urg'd by rude conftraint, refound the jovial cry ?

See from the neighb'ring hill, forlorn, The wretched fwain your fport furvey ; He finds his faithful fences torn,
He finds his labour'd crops a prey ;
He fees his flock-no more in circles feed,
Haply beneath your ravage bleed,
And with no random curles loads the deed.
Nor yet, ye Swains! conclude
That Nature fmiles for you alone;
Your bounded fouls and your conception crude,
The proud, the felfifh, boaft difown :
Your's be the produce of the foil ;
O may it fill reward your toil!
Nor ever the defencelefs train
Of clinging infants afk fupport in vain !
But tho' the various harveft gild your plains,
Does the mere landfcape feaft your eye ?
Or the warm hope of diftant gains
Far other caufe of glee fupply ?
Is not the red-itreak's future juice
The fource of your delight profound,
Where Ariconium pours her gems profufe,
Purpling a whole horizon round?
Athirft ye praife the limpid fream, 'tis true;
But tho the pebbled hores among
It mimic no unpleafing fong,
The limpid fountain murmurs not for you.
Unpleas'd ye fee the thickets bloom,
Unpleas'd the fpring her flow'ry robe refume ;
Unmov'd the mountain's airy pile,
The dappled mead without a imile.

O let a rural confcious Mufe,
For well the knows, your froward fenfe accufe :
Forth to the folemn oak you bring the fquare, And fpan the maffy trunk before you cry, 'Tis fair.

Nor yet, ye Learn'd! nor yet, ye Courtly Train! If haply from your haunts ye ftray To wafte with us a funmer's day,
Exclude the tafte of ev'ry fivain,
Nor our untutor'd fenfe difdain :
'Tis nature only gives exclufive right
To relif her tupreme delight;
She, where fhe pleafes, kind or coy,
Who furnifhes the fcene, and forms us to enjoy.
Then hither bring the fair ingenuous mind,
By her aufpicious aid refin'd.
Lo! not an hedge-row hawthorn blows,
Or humble harebell paints the plain,
Or valley winds, or fountain flows,
Or purple heath is ting`d in vain:
For fuch the rivers dafh the foaming tides,
The mountain fwells, the dale fubfides :
Ev'n thriftlefs furze detains their wand'ring fight, 6 ; And the rough barren rock grows pregnant with de[light.
With what fufpicious fearful care
The fordid wretch fecures his claim,
If haply fome luxurious heir
Should alienate the fields that wear his name !
What fcruples left fome future birth Should litigate a fpan of earth !
Bonds, contracts, teofinents, names unmeet for profe, 'The tow'ring Muse endures not to difclofe; Alas! her unrevers'd decree,
More comprehenfive and more free,
Her lavifidd charter, mifte, appiopriates all we fee.

Let gondolas their painted flags unfold,
And be the folemn day enroll'd,
When, to confirm his lofty plea,
In nuptial fort, with bridal gold,
The grave Venetian weds the fea:
Each laughing Mufe derides the vow;
Ev'n Adria forns the mock embrace,
To fome lene hermit on the mountain's brew,
Allotted, from his natal hour,
With all her myrtle fhores in dow'r.
His breaft, to admiration prone,
Enjoys the fmile upon her face,
Enjoys triumphant ev'ry grace,
And finds her more his own.
Fatigu'd with Form's oppreffive laws,
When Somerfet avoids the great,
When, cloy'd with merited applaufe,
She feeks the rural calm retreat,
Does the not praife each moffy cell,
And feel the truth my numbers tell?
When, deafen'd by the loud acclaim
Which genins grac'd with rank obtains,
Could the not more delighted hear
Yon' throftle chant the rifing year?
Could the not fpurn the wreaths of fame,
To crop the primrofe of the plains?
Does the not lweets in each fair valley find,
Loft to the fons of Pow'r, unknewn to haif mankind ?

Ah!can the covet there to fee
The fplendid flaves, the reptile race,
That oil the tongue and bow the knet,
That flight her merit, but adore her place?
For happier, if aright I deem,
When from gay throngs and gilded spires,
To where the lonely halcyons play,
Her philofop':ic iftep retires :

While ftudious of the moral theme,
She to fome fimooth fequefterd ftrean
Likens the fwains' inglorious day,
Pleas'd from the flow'ry margin to furvey
How cool, ferene, and clear, the current glides away.
0 blind to truth, to virtue blind,
Who flight the fweetly penfive mind!
On whole fair birth the Graces mild,
And ev'ry Mufe prophetic fmil'd.
Not that the poet's boafed fire
Should Fame's wide-echoing trumpet fwell,
Or on the mufic of his lyre
Each futare age with rapture dwell ;
The vaunted fweets of praife remove,
Yet thall fuch bofoms claim a part
In all that glads the human heart;
Yet thefe the firits form'd to judge and prove " 130
All Nature's charms immenfe, and Heavn's unbounded love.

And, oh ! the tranfport moft ally'd to fong, In fome fair villa's peaceful bound,
To catch foft hints from Nature's tongue,
And bid Aicadia bloom around;
Whether we fringe the iloping hill,
Or imooth below the verdant mead,
Whether we break the falling rill,
Or thro' meand'ring mazes lead,'
Or in the horrid brambles room
Bid carelets groups of roies bloom,
Ot let lime thelter"d lake ferene
Reflect How'ro, woods, and fpires, and brighten all the
[fcene.
O fiwect difpofal of the rural hour !
O beauties never known to cloy!
While Worth and Genius haunt the farour'd bow'r, And ev'ry gentle braft partakes the joy;

While Charity at eve furveys the fwain,
Enabled by thefe toils to cheer
A train of helplefs infants dear,
Speed whiftling home acrofs the plain;
See vagrant Luxury, her handmaid grown,
For half her gracelefs deeds atone,
And hails the bounteous work, and ranks it with her own.

Why brand thefe pleafures with the name
Of loft unfocial toils, of indolence and fhame?
Search but the garden or the wood,
Let yon' admir'd carnation own
Not all was meant for raiment or for food, Not all for needful ule alone;
There while the feeds of future bloffoms dwell, 'Tis colour'd for the light, pertum'd to pleafe the fmell.

Why knows the nightingale to fing ?
Why flows the pine's nectareous juice?
Why fhines with paint tlie linnet's wing ?
For fuftenance alone? for ufe?
For prefervation? Ev'ry fphere
Shall bid fair Pleafure's rightful claim appear :
And fure there feem, of humankind,
Some born to flum the folemn ftrife;
Some for amufive tafss defign'd,
To footh the certain ills of life;
Grace its lone vales with many a budding rofe,
New founts of blifs difclofe,
Call forth refrefhing fhades, and decorate repofe. 175
From plains and woodlands, from the view
Of rural Nature's blooming face,
Smit with the glare of rank and place,
To courts the fons of Fancy flew;
There long had Art ordain'd a rival feat,
There had the lavifn'd all her care
'To iom a feene more dazzling fair,
And call dithem from their green retreat

To fhare her proud control ;
Had given the robe with grace to flow,
Had taught exotic gems to glow;
And, emulous of Nature's pow'r,
Mimic'd the plume, the leaf, the flow'r;
Chang'd the complexion's native hue,
Moulded each rufic limb anew,
And warp d the very foul.
A while her magic ftrikes the novel eye,
Awhile the fairy forms delight;
And now aloof we feem to fly
On purple pinions thro' a purer fky, 195
Where all is wondrous, all his briglt :
Now, landed on fome fangled fhore,
Awhile each dazzled maniac roves,
By fapphire lakes thro' em'rald groves :
Paternal acres pleafe no more:
200
Adieu the fimple, the fincere delight-
Th' habitual fcene of hill and dale,
The rural herds, the vernal gale,
The tangled vetch's purple bloom,
The fragrance of the bean's perfume, 205
Be theirs alone who cultivate the foil,
And drink the cup of thirf, and eat the bread of toil.
But foon the pageant fades away!
${ }^{-}$Tis Nature only bears perpetual fway.
We pierce the counterfeit delight, 230
Fatigu'd with fplendour's irkfome beams;
Fancy again demands the fight
Of native groves and wonted ftreams,
Pants for the fcenes that charm'd her youthful eyes,
Where Truth maintains her court, and banifhes Dif[guite.
Then hither oft', ye Senators! retire ;
With Nature here high converfe hold; For who like Stamford her delights admire,
Like Stamford fhall with fcorn behold
' 1 'h' unequal bribes of pageantry and go!d; $=20$

Beneath the Britifh oak's majeftic flade Shall fee fair Truth, iminortal maid!
Friendfhip in artlefs guife array'd,
Honour and moral beauty mine [rine. With more attractive charms, with radiance more diYes, here alone did higheft Heav'n ordain 226 The lafting magazine of charms,
Whatever wins, whatever warms, Whatever fancy feeks to thare, The great, the various, and the fair, For ever thould remain!

Her impulfenothing may reftrain-
Or whence the joy 'mid columns, tow'rs,
'Midft all the city's attfultrim,
'To rear fome breathlefs vapid flow'rs
Or fhrubs fuliginouny grim?
From rooms of filken foliage vain,
To trace the dun far ditant grove,
Where, fmit with undifitmbled pain,
The woodlark mourns her abfent love,
240
Berne to the dufty town from native air,
To mimic rural life, and footh fome vapour'd fair ?
But how mult faithlefs Art prevail, Should all who tafte our joy fincere,
To virtue, truth, or fcience, dear,
Forego a court's alluring pale,
For dimpled brook and leafy grove,
For that rich luxury of thought they love!
Ah, no! from theie the public fphere requires
Example for its giddy bands;
From thefe inpartial Heav'n demands
To fpread the flame itfelf infpires;
To fift Opinion's mingled mafs,
Imprefs a nation's tafte, and bid the fterling pafs.
Happy, thrice happy they,
Whofe graceful deeds have exemplary fhone
Round the gay precincts of a throne

With mild effective beams !
Who bands of fair ideas bring,
By folemn grot or flady fpring,
260
To join their pleafing dreams !
Theirs is the rural blifs without alloy ;
They only that deferve enjoy.
What tho' nor fabled Dryad haunt their grove,
Nor Naiad neai their fountains rove? 265
Yet all embody'd to the mental fight,
A train of fmiling Virtues bright
Shall there the wife retreat allow,
[brow.
Shall twine triumphant palms to deck the wand'rer's
And tho' by faithlefs friends alarm'd,
Art have with Nature wag'd prelumptuous war, 271
By Seymour's wimning influence charm'd,
In whom their gifts united fhine,
No longer fhall their councils jar.
'Tis her's to meditate the peace;
Near Percy-lodge, with awe-ftruck mien,
The rebel feeks her lawful queen,
Aud havcek and contention ceafe.
I fee the rival pow'rs combine,
And aid each other's fair defign :
230
Nature exalt the mound where Art fhall build,
Art fhape the gay alcove, while Nature paints the field.
Begin, ye Songfters of the grove!
O warble forth your nobleft lay:
Where Somerfet vouchfafes to rove,
Ye Lev'rets! freely fport and play.
-Peace to the frepent hom!
Let no harfh diffonance difturb the Morn ;
No founds inelegant and rude
Her facred folitudes profane, $\quad 2 y 0$
Unlefs her candour not exclude
The lowly fhepherd's votive ffrain,
Who tunes his reed amidit his rural cheer,
Fearful, yet not averfe, that Somerfet fhould hear. 294

## ODE TO INDOLENCE, 1750.

$A^{H!}$ why for ever on the wing
Perfifts my weary'd foul to roam?
Why, ever cheated, frives to bring
Or pleafure or contentment home?
Thus the poor bird that draws his name
From Paradife's honour'd groves, Carelefs fatigues his little frame, Nor finds the reiting place he loves.
Lo! on the rural moffy bed
My limbs with carelefs eafe reclin'd;
Ah, gentle Sloth! indulgent fpread
The fame foft bandage o'er my mind.
For why thould ling'ring thought invade, Yet ev'ry worldly profpect cloy ?
Lend me, foft Sluth! thy friendly aid,
And give me peace, debarr'd of joy.
Lov'ft thou yon' calm and filent flood,
That never ebbs, that never flows,
Protected by the circling wood
From each tempeftuous wind that blows?
An altar on its bank fhall rife, Where oft' thy vot'ry fhall be found, What time pale Autumn lulls the fkies, And fick'ning verdure fades around.

Ye bufy Race! ye factious Train!
That haunt ambition's guilit fhrine, No more perplex the world in vain,
But offer here your vow's with mine.
And thou, puiffant Queen! be kind:
If e'er I har'd thy baimy pow'r,
If e'er I fway'd my active mind
To weave for thee the rural bow'r ;

Diffolve in fleep each anxious care, Each unavailing figh remove, And only let me wake to fhare The fweets of friendthip and of love.

## ODE TO A YOUNG LADY,

Somerwhat too Solicitous about ber Manner of Exprefion.
SURVEY, my Fair! that lucid frream Adown the fmiling valley fray;
Would Art attempt, or Fancy dream,
To regulate its winding way ?
So pleas'd I view thy thining hair
In loofe dimevell'd ringlets flow;
Not all thy art, not all thy care,
Can there one fingle grace bettow.
Survey again that verdant hill,
With native plants enamell'd o'er ;
Say, can the painter's utmoft fill
Infruet one flow'r to pleate us more?
As vain it were, with artful dve,
To change the bloom thy cheek difelofe;
And, oh! my Lamra, ere fae try, With frefh vermilion paint the rofe.

Hark how the woodlark's tuneful throat Can every fudy'd grace excel; Let Art conftrain the rambling note, And will the, Laura, pleafe :o well?

Oh ! ever keep thy native eafe, By no pedantic law confind; Fur Laura"s roice is torm'd to plkafe, So Lama's words be not mikind.
-


## A FLOWER BOOK

Of my own Colouring, Defigned for Lady Plymouth, 1753-4.
Debita nymphis opifex coronx. HOR. IMITATION. Conftructor of the tribuiary wreath For rural maids.

$B^{\text {r }}$RING, Flora, bring thy treafures here, The pride of all the blooming year, And let me thence a garland frame To crown this fair, this peerle's dame! But, ah! fince envious Winter lours,
And Hewell meads refign their flow'rs, Let Art and Friendhip's joint effay Diffule their flow'rets in her way.

Not Nature can, herfelf, prepare
A worthy wreath for Lefbia's hair,
Whofe temper, like her forehead, fmooth, Whofe thoughts and accents form'd to footh, Whofe pleating mien, and make refin'd, Whofe artlefs breaft, and polifh'd mind, From all the nymphs of plain or grove Deferv'd and won by Plymouth's love!

## THE DYING KID.



Ah! wretched mortals we!---our brighteat days
On fleeteft pinio:s fly. On fleeteft pinio:s fly.
A TEAR bedews my Delia's cye
A To think yon playful Kid mult die;
From cryftal fpring and flow'ry mead Muft in his prime of life recede!

Erewhile, in fportive circles round,
She faw him wheel, and frifk, and bound ; From rock to rock purtie his way, And on the fearful margin play.

Pleas'd on his various freaks to dwell, She faw him climb my ruftic cell,
Thence eye my lawns with verdure bright,
And feen'd all ravifh'd at the fight.
She tells with what deligit he ftood To trace his features in the flood, Then fkipp'd aloof with quaint amaze,
And then drew near again to gaze.
She tells me how with eager fpced
He flew to hear my vocal reed;
And how, with critic face profound, And ftedfalt ear, devour'd the fornd.

His ev'ry frolic, light as air,
Deferves the gentle Delia's care,
And tears bedew her tender eye,
To think the playful Kid mult die.-
But knows my Delia, timely wife, 25
How foon this blamelefs era flies?
While violence and craft fucceed,
Unfair defign, and ruthlefs deed!
Soon would the vine his wounds deplore,
And yield her purple gifts no more;
Ah! foon eras'd from ev'ry grove
Were Delia's name and Strephon's love.
No more thofe bow'rs might Strephon fee, Where firft he fondly gaz'd on thee; No more thofe beds of flow'rets find,
Which for thy charming brows he twin'd.
Each wayward paffion foon would tear His bofom, now fo void of care, And when they lfft his cbbing vein, What but infipid age remain?

Then mourn not the decrees of Fate,
That gave his life fo fhort a date,
And I will join my tend'reft fighs
To think that youth fo fwiftly flies !

## ODE.

SO dear my Lucio is to me, So well our minds and tempers blend, That feafons may for ever flee, And ne'er divide me from my friend; But let the favour'd boy forbear To tempt with love my only fair.
O Lycon! horn when ev'ry Mufe,
When ev'ry Grace, benignant fmil'd, With all a parent's breaft could chufe To blefs her lov'd, her only child; 'Tis thine, fo richly grac'd, to prove More noble cares than cares of love.
Together we from early youth Have trode the fiow'ry tracks of time, Together mus'd in fearch of truth, O'er learned fage or bard fublime; And well thy cultur'd breaft I know, What wondrous treafure it can fhow.
Come, then, refume thy charming lyre, And fing fome patriot's worth fublime,
Whilft I in fields of foft defire
Confunemy fair and fruitlefs prime; Whofe reed afpires but to difplay The flame that burns me night and day.
O come! the Dryads of the woods Shall daily footh thy ftudious mind, The blue-ey'd nymphs of yonder floods Shall meet and court thee to be kind; And Fame fits lift'ning for thy lays To fwell her trump with Lucio's praife.

Like me, the plover fondly tries
To lure the fportiman from her neft,
And fluttering on with anxious cries,
Too plainly hews her tortur'd breaft ;
O let him, conscious of her care,
Pity her pains, and learn to fare.

## ODE.

> To be performed by Dr. Brettle, and a Chorus of Hales Owen Citizens. The inftrumental

> Part a Viold' Amour.
AIR BY THE DOCTOR.

A WAKE! I fay, awake, good people! And be for once alive and gay;
Come, let's be merry; fir the tipple; How can you fleer
Whil'It I do play? How can you sleep, Gcc.

## chorus of citizens.

Pardon, O! pardon, great Mulician!
On drowly fouls forme pity take,
For wondrous hard is our condition,
To drink thy beer,
Thy trains to hear;
To drink,
To hear,
And keep awake!
SOLO BY THE DOCTOR.

Hear but this ftrain-'twas made by Handel, A wight of rill and judgment deep!
Zoonters, they're gone-Sal, bring a candleNo, here is one, and he's afleep.
DUETTE.

DR. -How could they go While I do play?

Sal. -How could they go!

## SONGS AND BALLADS.

## THE PRINCESS ELIZABETH,

A Ballad, alluding to a Story recorded of ber when Be was Prifoner at Woodfock, 1554 .
$W^{\text {ILL }}$ you hear how once repining Great Eliza captive lay, Each ambitious thought religning, Foe to riches, pomp, and fway?
While the nymphs and fwains delighted
Tripp'd around in all their pride, Envying joys by others flighted, Thus the royal maiden cry'd.
"Bred on plains, or bom in vallies, "Who would bid thofe fcenes adieu?
"Stranger to the arts of malice,
"6 Who would ever courts purfue?
" Malice never taught to treafure,
"C Cenfure never taught to bear ;
" Love is all the fhepherd's pleafure;
"Love is all the damfel's care.
"How can they of humble fation
"Vainly blame the pow'rs above?
"O Or accufe the difpenfation
" Which allows them all to love?
" Love, like air, is widely giv'n;
" Pow'r nor Chance can thele reftrain ;
"Truelt, nobleft, gifts of Heav'n!
" Only pureft on the plain!
's Peers can no fuch charms difcover,
" All in itars and garters dreft,
"As on Sundays does the lover
"6 With his nofegay on his breaft.
" Pinks and rofes in profufion,
"Said to fade when Chloe's near;
"Fops may ufe the fame allufion,
" But the fhepherd is fincere.
" Hark to yonder milkmaid finging
" Cheerly o'er the brimming pail,
"Cownlips all around her fpringing 35
" Sweetly paint the golden vale.
" Never yet did courtly maiden
" Move fo fprightly, look fo fair ;
" Never breaft with jewels laden
" Pour a fong fo void of care.
cc Would indulgent Heav'n had granted
" Me fome rural damfel's part!
" All the empire I had wanted
"Then had been my fhepherd's heart.
"Then with him o'er hills and mountains, 45
" Free from feiters, might I rove,
" Fearlefs tafte the cryftal fountains,
" Peaceful fleep beneath the grove.
" Rultics hiad been more forgiving,
"Partial to my virgin bloon! ; 50
"None had envy'd me when living, ${ }^{\text {"None had triumph'd o'er my tomb." }}$

## NANCY OF THE VALE. <br> A BALLAD.

Nerine Galatea! thymo mihi dulcior Hybla! Candidior cygnia! nedera formofior alba!

IMITATION.
o Galatea! Nereus' blooming child, More fweet than thyme by Hybla* bees exhal'd, Fairer than fwans, more beauteous to behold Than ivy's pureft white.
THE weftern fky was purpled o'er
With ev'ry pleafing ray,
And flocks reviving felt no more
The fultry heats of day;
When from an hazel's artlefs bower
Soft warbled Strephon's tongue ;
He blefs'd the fcene, he blefs'd the hour, While Nancy's praife he fung.
" Let fops with fickle falfehood range
" The paths of wanton love,
"While weeping maids lament their change,
" And fadden ev'ry grove:
" But endlefs bleffings crown the day
"' I faw fair Efham's dale!
"And ev'ry bleffing find its way
" To Nancy of the Vale.
"' 'Twas from Avona's banks the maid
" Diffus'd her lovely beams,
" And ev'ry fhining glance difplay’d
" The Naiad of the itreams.
" Soft as the wild-duck's tender young,
's That float on Avon's tide,
" Bright as the water-lily, fprung,
" And glitt'ring near its fide:

[^19]" Frefh as the bord'ring flowers her bloom,
" Her eye all mild to view;
"The little halcyon's azure plume
"Was never half fo blue.
" Her fhape was like the reed fo fleek,
" So taper, fraight, and fair;
" Her dimpled fmile, her blufhing clieek,
" How charming fiweet they were!
" Far in the winding vale retir'd,
"This perrleis bud I found,
" And fhadowing rocks and woods confpir'd 35
" To fence her beauties round.
" That Nature in fo lone a dell
"6 Should form a nymph fo fweet!
"Or Fortune to herfecret cell
" Conduct my wand'ring feet!
" Gay lordlings fought her for their bride,
" But the would ne'er incline:"
"Prove to your equals true," Me cry'd,
"As I will prove to mine.
" 'Tis Strephon, on the mountain's brow,
" Has won my right good will;
"To him I gave my plighted vow,
"With him I'il climb the hill."
" Struck with her charms and gentle truth,
'f I clafp'd the conftant fair ;
" To her alone I gave my youth,
" And vow my future care.
" And when this vow fhall faithlefs prove,
" Or I thote charms furegu,
" The ftream that faw our tender love,
"That ftrean fhall ceale to flow."

## THE RAPE OF THE TRAP.

A BALLAD, 1737.
${ }^{2}$ TWAS in a land of learning,
The Mufe's fav'rite city,
Such pranks of late
Were play'd by a rat,
As-tempt one to be witty.
All in a college ftudy,
Where books were in great plenty,
This rat would devour
More fenfe in an hour
Than I could write-in twenty.
Corporeal food, 'tis granted, Serves vermin lefs refin'd, Sar;
But this a rat of tafte, All other rats furpafs'd,
And he prey'd on the food of the mind, Sir.
His breakfaft half the morning
He conitantly attended;
And when the bell rung
For ev'ning fong
His dinner fcarce was ended!
He fpar'd not ev'n heroics,
On which we poets pride us,
And would make no more
Of King Arthurs* by the fcore
Than-all the werld befide does.
In books of geography
He made the maps to flutter ;
A river or a fea
Was to him a difh of tea,
And a kingdom bread and butter.
But if fome mawkifh potion
Might chance to overdofe him,
To check its rage
He took a page
Of logic-to compofe him- ..... 35
A Trap, in hafte and anger,
Was brought, you need not doubt on't, And fuch was the gin, Were a lion once got in, ..... 40
With cheefe, not books, 'twas bated;
Since none-I tell you that-
Whether fcholar or rat,
Minds books when he has other diet. ..... 45
But more of Trap and bàit, Sir, Why frould I ling, or either ?
Since the rat, who knew the fleight,
Came in the dead of night,
And dragg'd 'm away together. ..... 50
Both Trap and bait were vanifh'd Thro' a fracture in the flooring, Which tho' fo trim
I: now may feem
Had then-a dozen or more in. ..... 55
Then anfwer this, ye fages!
Nor deem I mean to wrong ye, Had the rat, which thus did feize on The Trap, iefs claim to reafon Than many a fcull among ye? ..... 60
Dan Prior's Mice, I own it,Were vermine of condition;But this rat, who merely learn'dWhat rats alone concern'd,
Was the greater politician.65

That England's topfyturvy
Is clear from thele mifhaps, Sir; Since Traps, we may determine, Will no longer take our vermine, But vermine* take our Traps, Sir.

Let fophs, by rats infefted, Then truft in cats to catch 'em, Left they grow as learn'd as we In our ftudies, where, d'ye fee, No mortal fits to watch 'em

$$
75
$$

Good luck betide our captains, Good luck betide our cats, Sir, And grant that the one May quell the Spanin Don, And the other deftroy our rats, sir.

## JEMMY DAWSON.

A BALLAD.

Written about the Time of bis Execution, in the rear 1745.
COME liften to my mournful tale,
Ye tender hearts and lovers dear!
Nor will you fcorn to heave a figh,
Nor need you bluh to thed a tear.
And thou, dear Kitty! peerlefs maid!
Do thou a penfive ear incline,
For thou canft weep at ev'ry wo,
And pity ev'ry plaint-but mine.
Young Dawfon was a gallant boy,
A brighter never trod the plain,
And well he lov'd one charming maid,
And dearly was he lov'd again.

> * Written at the time of the Spanim depredations,

One tender maid, fhe lov'd him dear ;
Of gentle blood the damfel came;
And faultlefs was her beauteous form,
And fpotlefs was her virgin fame.
But curfe on party's hateful ftrife,
That led the favour'd youth aftray,
The day the rebel clans appear'd;
O had he never feen that day!
Their colours and their fafh he wore,
And in the fatal drefs was found;
And now he muft that death endure
Which gives the brave the keeneft wound.
How pale was then his truelove's cheek,
When Jemmy's fentence reach'd her eas!
For never yet did Alpine fnows
So pale or yet fo chill appear.
With faltrirg voice fhe, weeping, faid, "O Dawfon! monarch of my heart!
"Think not thy death fhall end our loves,
" For thou and I will never part.
" Yet might fiwect mercy find a place, "And bring relief to Jemmy's woes, "O George! without a pray'r for thee " My oritons fhould never clofe.
"The gracious prince that gave him life
" Would crown a never-dying flame,
"And ev'ry tender babe I bore
"Should learn to lifp the giver's nane.
"But tho" he ihould he dragg'd in foom
"To yonder ignominious tree,
"He fhall not want cne conftant friend
"To fhare the cruel 「ates' decree."

O! then her mourning coach was call'd ;
The fledge mov'd flowly on before;
Tho' borne in a triumphal car,
She had not lov'd her fav'rite more. .
She follow'd him, prepar'd to view The terrible behefts of law,
And the laft fcene of Jemmy's woes
With calm and itediaft eye fhe faw.
Diftorted was that blooming face Which the had fondly lov'd fo long, And ftifled was that tuneful breath Which in her praife had fweetly fung:

And fever'd was that beauteous neck Round which her arms had fondly clos'd, And mangled was that beauteons breaft
On which her lovelick head repos'd :
And ravif'd was that conftant heart.
She did to ev'ry heart prefer;
For tho' it could its king forget, 'Twas true and loyal fill to her.

Amid thofe unrelenting flames
Sine bore this conftant heart to fee, But when 'iwas moulder'd into duft, " Yet, yet," fhe cry'd, "I follow thee.
"s My death, my death alone can hew
" The pure, the laiting love I bore:
" Accept, O Heav'n! of woes like ours,
56 And let us, let us weep no more."
The difmal feene was o'er and pait,
The lover's mournfui hearfe retir'd;
The maid drew back her languid head, And, fighing forth his name, expir'd.

Tho juftice ever mult prevail,
The tear my Kitty fled s is due,
For feldom fhall the hear a tale So fad, fo tender, yet fo true.

## A BALLAD.

Trahit fua quemque voluptas. HOR.
PROVERBIALIZ'D
Every one to his liking.
FROMLincoln to London rode forth our young fquire, To bring down a wife whom the fwains might admire; But in fite of whatever the mortal could fay, The goddefs objected the length of the way.

To give up the op'ra, the Park, and the ball, s For to view the ftag's homs in an old country hall; To have neither China nor India to fee, Nor a laceman to plague in a morning-not the!

To forfake the dear playhoufe, Quin, Garrick, and Clive,
Who by dint of mere humour had kept her alive; 10 To forego the full box for his lonefome abode, O Heav'ns! fhe fhould faint, fhe fhould die on the road !

To forget the gay fahions and geftures of France, And to leave dear Augufte in the midtt of the dance, And Harlequin too!-twas in vain to require it, is And fhe wonder'd how folks had the face to defire it.
She might yiuld to refign the fweet fingers of Ruckholt, Where the citizen matron feduces her cuckold; Tut Ranelah foon would her footiteps recall, And the mufic, the lamps, and the glare, of Vauxhall.

To be fure fhe could breathe no where elfe than in Town;
'Thus fhe talk'd like a wit, and he look'd like a clown; But the while honeft Harry defpair d to fucceed, A coach with a coronet traild her to Iweed.

## SONG.*

T TOLD my nymph, I told her true, My fields were imall, my flocks were few, While falt'ring accents fpoke my fear, That Flavia might not prove fincere?

Of crops deftroy'd by vernal cold,
And vagrant fheep that left my fold; Of thefe fhe heard, yet bore to hear; And is not Flavia then fincere.

How, chang'd by Fortune's fickle wind, The friends I lov'd became unkind; She heard, and thed a gen'rous tear; And is not Flavia then fincere?

How, if fhe deign'd my love to blefs, My Flavia muft not hope for drefs ; This, too, the heard, and fmil'd to hear; And Flavia, fure, muft be fincere.

Go fhear your flocks, ye jovial Swains ! Go reap the plenty of your plains ; Defpoild of all which you revere, I know my Flavia's love fincerc.

## SONG. THE LANDSCAPE.

HOW pleas'd within my native bow'rs Erewhile I pars'd the day!
Was ever fcene fo deck'd with flow'rs?
Were ever flow'rs fo gay ?
How fweetly fmil'd the hill, the vale, The hill with beeches crown'd!

* The following Sengs were written chisfly between the year 1737 and 1742 .

But now, when urg'd by tender woes,
I fpeed to meet my dear,
That hill and fream my zeal oppofe, And check my fond career.

No more, fince Daphne was my theme,
Their wonted charms I fee;
That verdant hill and filver ftream
Divide my love and me.

## SONG.

YE gentie Nymphs and gen'rous Dames
That rule o'er ev'ry Britifh mind!
Be fure you footh their am'rous flames,
Be fure your laws are not unkind :
For hard it is to wear their bloom
In unremitting fighs away,
To mourn the night's oppreffive gloom, And faintly blefs the riiing day.

And cruel 'twete a freeborn fwain,
A Britifh youth, fhould vainly moan,
Who, fcomful of a tyrant's chain,
Submits to your's, and your's alone.
Nor pointed fpear, nor links of fteel,
Could e'er thoie gallant minds fubdue, Who Beauty's wounds with pleafure feel, And boaft the fetters wrought by you.

## SONG. THE SKYLARK.

GO, tuneful Bird! that gladd th the kies, T To Daphne's window feeed thy way, And there on quiv'ring pinions rife, And there thy vocal art difplay.

And if the deign thy notes to hear,
And if the praife thy matin fong,
Tell her the founds that footh lier ear
To Damon's native plains belong.
Tell her, in livelier plumes array'd,
The bird from Indian groves may thine ;
But ank the lovely partial maid
What are his notes compar'd to thine!
Then bid her treat yon' witlefs beau, And all his flaunting race, with forn, And lend and ear to Damon's wo, Who fings her praife, and fings forlorn.

## SONG.

Ahl ego non aliter triftes evincere morbos Optarem, quam te fic quoque velle putem. IMITATION.
Why hould I with to banith fore difeafe, Unlefs retuning health my Delia pleare?

ON ev'ry tree, in ev'ry plain, I trace the jovial fpring in vain;
A fickly languor veils mine eyes,
And faft my waning vigour flies.
Nor flow'ry plain nor budding tree,
That fimile on others, fmile on me;
Mine eyes from death fhall court repofe,
Nor fhed a tear before they clote.
What blifs to me can feafons bring ?
Or what the needlefs pride of fpring?
The cyprefs bough, that fuits the bier, Retains its verdure all the year.
${ }^{\text {'Tis }}$ True, my vine, fo frefh and fair, Might claim awhile my wonted care; My rural fore fome pleafure yielh, So white a flock, fo oreen a field!

My friends, that each in kindnefs vie, Might well expect one parting figh;
Might well demand one tender tear;
For when was Damon infincere ?
But ere I afk once more to view
Yon' fetting fun his race renew,
Inform me, Swains! my Friends ! declare,
Will pitying Delia join the prayer ?

## SONG.

## The Atiribute of Venus.

YES; Fulvia is like Venus fair, Has all her bloom, and fhape, and air; But ftill, to perfect ev'ry grace, She wants-the fimile upon her face.

The crown majeftic Juno wore,
And Cynthia's brow the crefcent bore, An helmet mark'd Minerva's mien, But fmiles diftinguifh'd Beauty's queen.
Hertrain was form'd of Smiles and Loves; Her chariot drawn by gentle doves;
And from her zone the nymph may find "Tis Beauty's province to be kind.
Then fmile, my Fair! and all, whofe aim Afpires to paint the Cyprian dame, Or bid her breathe in living fone, Shall take their forms from you alone.

## SONG, 1742,

$W^{H}$HEN bright Roxana treads the green In ail the pride of drefs and mien, Averfe to freedom, love, and play, I he dazzling rival of the ciay,
None other beany frikes mine eye,

But when, difclaiming art, the fair Affumes a foft engaging air, Mild as the op'ning morn of May, Familiar, friendly, free and gay, The fcene improves where'er the goes, More fweetly fmile the pink and role.

O lovely Maid! propiticus hear, Nor deem thy fhepherd infincere; Pity a wild illufive flame,
That varies objects Itill the fame, And let their very changes prove The never-vary'd force of love.

## SONG. VALENTINE'S DAY, :143.

${ }^{2} \mathrm{~T}^{\text {IS }}$ faid that under diftant Rkies, Nor you the fact deny, What firft attracts an Indian's eyes Becomes his deity.

Perhaps a lily or a rofe,

That fhares the morning's ray,
May to the waking fwain difclofe
The regent of the day.

Perhaps a plant in yonder grove, Enrich'd with fragrant pow'r,
May tempt his vagrant eyes to rove Where blooms the fov'reign flow'r.
Perch'd on the cedar's topmof bough,
And gay with gilded wings,
Perchance, the patron of his vow,
Some artlefs linnet fings.

The fwain furveys her pleas ${ }^{\circ} d$, afraid,
Then low to earth he bends,
And owns upon her friendly aid His health, his life, depents.

Vain futile idols, bird or flow'r,
To tempt a vot'ry's pray'r:-
How would his humble homage tow'r
Should he behold my fair !

| Yes-might the Pagan's waking eyes | 25 |
| :--- | :--- |
| O'er Flavia's beauty range, |  |
| He there would fix his latting choice, |  |
| Nor dare, nor wim, to change. | 28 |

## SONG, 1743 .

$T$ HE fatal hours are wondrous near, That from thefe fountains bear my dear ;
A liṭtle fpace is giv'n; in vain; She robs my fight, and fhuns the plain.

A little fpace for me to prove
My bounde's flame, my endlefs love; And, like the train of vulgar hours, Invidious Time that face devours.

Near youder beach is Delia's way, On that I gaze the livelong day;
No eat'ern monarch's dazzling pride Should draiv my lunging eyes atide.

The chief that knows of fuccours nigh,
And fees his mangled legions die,
Cafts not a more impatient glance
To fee the loit'ring aids adrance.
Not more the fchoolbor, that expires
Far from his native home, requires
To fee fome friend's familiar face,
Or meet a parem's laft embrace-
She comes-but, ah! what crowds of beaus
In radiant bands my fair enclole?
Oh! better hadit thou thumn'd the green;
Oh, D.lia! better far unfeen.

## SONG, 1744.

THE lovely Delia fmiles again!
1 That killing frown has left her brow;
Can the forgive my jealous pain,
And give me back my angry vow ?
Love is an April's doubtful day;
A while we fee the tempeft low'r,
Anon the radiant heav': furvey, And quite forget the flitting fhow'r.

The flow'rs, that hung their languid head, Are burnifh'd by the tranfient rains;
The vines their wonted tendrils fipread, And double verdure gids the plains.

The fprightly birds, that droop'd no lefs Beneatin the pow'r of rain and wind, In ev'ry raptur'd note expref's The joy I teel-when thou art kind.

PERHAPS it is not love, faid $I$, That melts my foul when Flavia's nigh; Where wit and lenfe like her's agree, One may be pleas'd, and yet be free.

The beauties of her polifh'd mind
The hermit freezing in his cell Might wifh the gentle Flavia well.

It is not love-averle to bear
The fervile chain that lovers wear;
Let, let me all my fears remove,
My doubts difpel-it is not love-

Oh! when did wit fo brightly fhine
In any form lefs fair than thine ?
It is—it is love's fubtile fire, And under friendfhip lurks defire.

## SONG, ${ }^{1744}$.

o'ER defert plains, and rufhy meers, And wither'd heaths, I rove;
Where tree, nor fpire, nor cot, appears, I pals to meet my love.

But tho' my path were damafk'd o'er
With beauties e'er fo fine, My bufy thoughts would fly before To fix alone-on thine.

No fir-crown'd hills could give delight,
No palace pleafemine eye;
Nopyramid's aërial height,
Where mould'ring monarch's lie.
Unmov'd, mould Eaftern kings advance, Could I the pageant fee ?
Splendour might catch one fcornful glance, Not fteal one thought from thee.

## SONG. WINTER, 1716.

NO more, ye warbling Birds! rejuice:
Of all that cheer'd the plain,
Echo alone preferves her voice,
And fle-repeats my pain.

Where'er my lovefick limbs I lay
To fhun the rufhing wind,
Its bufy murmur feems to fay,
"She never will be kind!"
The Naiads o'er their frozen urns In icy chains repine,
And each in fullen filence mourns
Her freedom loft, like mine !
Soon will the fun's returning rays
The cheerlefs froft controul;
When will relenting Delia chafe
The winter of my toul?

## SONG. THE SCHOLAR'S RELAPSE.

BY the fide of a grove, at the foot of a hill, Where whifper'd the beech, and where murmur'd the rill,
I vow'd to the Mufes my time and my care, Since neither could win me the fmiles of my fair.

Free I rang'd like the birds, like the birds free I fung, And Delia's lov'd name fcarce efcap'd from my tongue; But if once a fmooth accent delighted my ear, I thould wifh, unawares, that my Delia might hear. 7

With fairett ideas my bufom I ftor'd, Allulive to none but the nymph I ador'd; And the more I with itudy my fancy refin'd, The deeper impreffion the made on my mind.

So long as of Nature the charms I purfue, I ftiil muft my Delia's dear image renew ; The Graces have yielded with Delia to rove, And the Mures are ail in alimace witl. Love.

## SONG. THE ROSE-BUD.

"SEE, Daphne! fee," Florelio cry'd,
" ${ }^{\text {S }}$ And learn the fad effects of pride;
" Yon' fhelter'd Rofe, how fafe conceal'd!
of How, quickly blafted when reveal'd!
"6 The fun with warm attractive rays
"6 Tempts it to wanton in the blaze;
" A gale fucceeds from eaftern fikies,
"And all its blufhing radiance dies.
"6 So you, my Fair! of charms divine,
"Will quit the plains, too fond to thine
"6 Where Fame's tranfporting rays allure,
${ }^{6} 6$ 'Tho' here more happy, more fecure.
" The breath of fome neglected maid
" Shall make you figh you left the flade;
"A breath to beauty's bloom unkind,
"As to the Rofe an eafern wind."
The nymph reply'd-_' You firft, my Swain!
"Confine your tonnets to the plain;
" One envious tongue alike difarms
"6 You of your wit, me of my charms.
"What is, unknown, the poet's fkill?
" Or what, unieard, the tmeful thrill?
" What, unadmir'd, a charming mien?
"Or what the Rofe's blufh unfeen?

## SONG. DAPIINE'S VISIT.

$Y^{\#}$E Birds! for whom I rear'd the grove, With melting lay falute my love;
My Daphne with your notes detain,
Or I have rear'd my grove in vain.
Ye flow'rs! before her footfteps rife,

Difplay at once your brighteft dyes,
That fhe your op'ning charms may fee, Or what are all your charms to me?

Kind Zephyr! brufh each fragrant bow'r;
And fhed its cdours round my bow'r; Or never more, O gentle Wind! Shall I from thee refreflmment find.

Ye Streams! if e'er your banks I lov'd, If e'er your native founds improv'd, May each foft murmur footh my fair,
Or oh! 'twill deepen my defpair.
And thou, my Grot! whofe lonely bounds The melancholy pine furrounds, May Daphne praife thy peaceful gloom, Or thou fhalt prove her Damon's tomb.

## SONG.

Written in a Collection of Bacchanalian Songs.

ADIEU, ye jovial Youths! who join
To plunge Old Care in floods of wine, And, as your dazzled eyeballs roll, Difcern him ftruggling in the bowl.

Nor yet his hope fo wholly flown,
Nor yet his thought fo tedious grown,
But limpid ftream and fhady tree Retain, as yet, fome fweets for me.

And fee, thro' yonder filent grove, See, ycnder does my Daphne rove!

The fole confufion I admire
Is that my Daphne's eyes infpire;
I forn the madnefs you approve,
And value reafon next to love.

## SONG.

 Imitated from the French.YES, thefe are the ficenes where with Iris I Aray:d, But flort was her fiway for fo lovely a maid!
In the bloom of her youth to a cloitter the run,
In the bloom of her graces too fair for a nun!
Ill-grounded, no doubt, a devotion mult prove,
So fatal to beauty, fo killing to love!
Yes, thefe are the meadows, the fhrubs, and the plains, Once the fcene of my pleafures, the fcene of my pains, How many foft moments I fpent in this grove!
How fair was my nymph! and how fervent inv love!
Be ftill tho', my Heart! thine emotion give o'er; In Remember the feafon of love is no more.

With her how I fray d amid fountains and bow'rs!
Or loiter'd behind, and collefed the flow'rs!
Then breathlefs with ardour my fair one purfind, is And to think with what kindnefs my garland the view'd! But be ftill, my fond Heart! this emotion give o'er; Fain wouldft thou forget thoumuft love hei no more. 18

## SONG.

WHEN bright Ophelia treads the green In all the pride of drefs and mien, Averfe tu freetom, mirch and play, The lofty ruval of the day, Methinks to my enchanted ese
The lilies droop, the rofes die.
But when, difłaining art, the fair Affumes a foft engaging air,

Mild as the op'ning morn of May,
A nd as the feather'd warbler gay,
The icene improves where'er the goes,
More fiveetly fimiles the pink and rofe.
" O lovely maid! propitious hear,
"Nor think thy Damon infincere.
" Pity my wild delufive flame;
"For tho' the flow'rs are itill the fame,
"6 To me they languim or improve,
"A And plainly tell me that I love."

## SONG.

VWHEN firf, Philander, firf I came Where Avon rolls his winding tiream,
The nymphs-how brivk! the fivains-how gay!
To fee Alteria, queen of May !The partons round her praifes fung!
The lteeples with her praifes rung:-
I thoughit-no fight that e'er was feen
"Could match the fight of Barel's Green.
But now, fince old Eugenio dy'd-
The chief of poets, and the prids-
Now, meaner bards in vain alpire
To raite their ruice, to turn their lyre;
Their lovely feafon how is o'er;
Thy notes, Florelio, pleafe no more-
Nor more Afteria's fimiles are feen-
Adieu-the fiweets of Barel's Greten !-

## THE HALCYON.

WHY o'er the verdant banks of ooze
Doss yonder Halcyon fpeed fo fatt?

- Tis all becautime would not lole

Her fav'rite calm, that will not laft.

The fun with azure paints the $\mathbb{K}$ ies,
The fream rellects each flow'ryfpray,
And, frugal of her time, fhe flies
To take her fill of love and piay.
See her when, rugged Boreas blows,
Warm in fome rocky cell remain;
To feek for pleafure, well the knows, Would only then enchance the pain.
" Defcend," fhe cries, "thou hated tho:v'r,
"Deform my limpid waves to-day,
's For I have chofe a fairer hour
"d To take my fill of love and play!"
You, too, my Silvia, fure will own Life's azure feafons fwiftly roll, And when our youth or health is flown, To think of love but fhocks the foul.

Could Damon but deferre thy charms, As thou art Damon's only theme, He'd Hy as quick to Delia's arms As yonder Halcyon fkims the fream.


## MORAL PIECES.

## THE JUDGMENT OF HERCULES.

WHILE blooming fpring defcends from genia! fkies, By whote mild influence inftant wonders rife, From whoie foft breath Elyfian beauties flow, The fweets of Hagley, or the pride of Stowe, Will Lyttleton the rural landfcape range,
Leave noify fame, and not regret the change?
Pleas'd will he tread the garden's carly fcenes,
And lean a noral from the rifing greens ?
There, warm'd alike by Sol's enliv'ning power,
The weed, atpiring, emulates the fow'r;
The drooping flow'r; its fairer charms difplay'd,
Invites from grateful hands their gen'rous aid:
Soon, if none check'd th' invafive foes defigns,
The lively luftre of iheje icenes declines!
'Tis thus the fpring of youth, the morn of life, I 3
Rears in our minds the rival feeds of terife:
Then paffion riots, reaton then contends,
And ons the conqueft ev'sy blifs depends:
Life from the nice decilion takes it hue, And blefs'd thoe judges who decide like you!
On worth like theirs fhall ev'ry blifs attend,
The world their fav'site, and the world their friend.
There are, who, blind to Thought's fatiguing ray,
As Fortune gives examples, urge their way;
Not Virtue's foes, tho' they her paths decline, ${ }^{2} 5$ And fcarce hertriends, tho' with her friends they join; In her's or Vice's cafual road advance,
Thoughtlefs, the finners or the faints of Chance!
Yet fome more nobly fcorn the vulgar voice,
With judgment fix, with zeal purfue their choice, 30
When ripen'd thought, whenreafon, born to reign,
Checks the wild tumults of the youthful vein; While paffion's lawlefs tides, at their command, Glide thro' more uieful tracks, and blets the land.

Happieft of thefe is he whore matchlefs mind, as By learning trengthen'd, and by tafte refin'd,

In Virtue's caufe effay'd its earlieft pow'rs,
Chofe Virtue's paths, and frew'd her paths with flow"re.
The firft alarm'd, if Freedom waves herwings,
The fitteft to adorn each art fhe brings;
Lov'd by that prince whom ev'ry virtue fires, Prais'd by that bard whom ev'ry Mufe infpires; Blefs'd in the tuneful art, the focial flame! In all that wins, in all that merits, fame !
'Twas youth's perplexing fage his doubts infpir'd,
When great Alcides to a grove retird:
Thro' the lone winding of a devious glade,
Refign'd to thought, with ling'ring fteps he ftray"d,
Blefs'd with a mind to tafte fincerer jovs,
Arm'd with a heart each falfe one to delpife.
Dubious he ftray'd, with wav'ring thoughts pofieft, Alternate paffions ftruggling fhar'd his breaft;
The various arts which human cares divide,
In deep attention all his mind employ'd;
Anxious, if Fame an equal blifs fecur'd,
Or filent Eafe with fofter charms allur'd.
The fylvan choir, whofe numbers fweetly flow'd,
The fount that murmur'd, andthe flow'rs that blow'd;
The filver flood that in meanders led
His glitt'ring ftreams along th' enliven'd mead; 60
The foothing breeze, and all thoie beauties join'd,
Which, whilf they pleafe, effeminate the mind;
In vain! while diftant, on a fummit rais'd,
Th' impcrial tow'rs of Fame attractive blaz'd.
While thus he trac'd thro' Fancy's puzzling maze
The feprate fweets of pleafure and of praife,
Sudden the wind a fragrant gale convey'd,
And a new luftre gain'd upon the flade:
At once before his wond'ring eyes were feen Two temale forms of more than mortal miens: To Various their charms, and in their drefs and face Each feem'd to vie with fome peculiar grace. This, whofe attire lefs clogg'd with art appear'd, The fimple fiveets of innocence endeared; Her liprightly bloom, her quick fagacious eve,
G.s"n'd native mexit mix'd with modefty:

Her air diffus'd a mild yet awful ray,
Severely fweet, and innocently gay ;
Such the chafte image of the martial maid, In artlefs folds of virgin white array'd;
She let no borrow'd rofe her cheeks adorn,
Her blufhing cheeks, that fham'd the purple morn:
Her charms nor had nor wanted artful toils,
Or ftudy'd geftures, or well-practis'd fmiles :
She fcorn'd the toys which render beauty lefs;
She prov'd th' engaging chaftity of drefs;
And while the chole in native charms to thine,
Ev'n thus fhe feem'd, nay, more than feem'd, divinc.
Cne modeft em'rald clafp'd the robe the wore,
And in her hand th' imperial fword the bore.
Sublime her height, majeftic was her pace,
And match'd the awful honours of her face.
The flarubs, the flow'rs, that deck'd the verdant ground, Seem'd, where fhe trod, with rifing luftre crown'd.
Still her approach with ftronger influence warm'd; 95 She pleas'd while diftant, but when near the charm'd. So ftrikes the gazer's eye the filver gleam
That, glitt'ring, quivers o'er a diftant fream; But from its banks we lee new beauties rife,
And in its cryftal bofom trace the fkies.
With other charms the rival vifion glow'd,
And from her drefs her tinfel beauties flow'd.
A flutt'ring robe her pamper'd flape conceal'd,
And feem'd to ihade the charms it beft reveal'd :
Its form contriv'd her faulty fize to grace,
Its hue to give frem luftre to her face.
Her plaited hair, difguis'd, with brilliants glar'd;
Her cheeks the ruby's neighb'ring luftre fhar'd;
The gaudy topaz lent its gay fupplies,
And ev'ry gem that frikes lefs curious eyes;
110
Expos'd her breaft, with foreign fwcets perfum'd,
And round her brow a rofeate garland bloom'd.
Soft finiling, blufhing, lips conceal'd her wiles,
Yet, ah! the blufhes artful as the fmiles.
Oft' gazing on her thade, th' enraptur'd fair
115
Decreed the fubftance well deferv'd her care;

Her thoughts, to others' charms maligniy blind, Centred in that, and were to that confin'd; And if on others' eyes a glance were thrown, ? Twas but to watch the inftrence of her own :
Much like her guardian, fair Cythera's queen,
When for her warriour the refines her mien;
Or when, to blefs her Delian fav'rite's arms,
The radiant fair invigorates her charms :
Much like her pupil, Egypt's fportive dame,
Her drefs expreffive, and her air the lame,
When her gay bark o's filver Cydnos roll'd,
And all th' emblazon'd trreamers wav'd in gold.
Such fhone the vifion, nor forbore to move
The fond contagious airs of lawlefs love;
Each wanton eye deluding glances fir'd, And am'rous dimples on each check confpir'd.
Lifelefs her gait, and flow; with feeming pain She dragg'd her loit ring limbs along the plain,

$$
\left.\begin{array}{l}
\text { Tet made fome faint efforts, and firt appronelid } \\
\text { the fwain. } \\
135
\end{array}\right\}
$$

So glaring draughts, with tawdry luftre bright,
Spring to the view, and rufh upon the fig t;
More flowly charms a Raphol's chafter arr,
WWaits the calm learch, and pays the fearcher's care.
Wrapp'd in a pleas'd fufpente, the youth furvey'd
The various charms of each attractive maid:
Alternate each he view'd, and each admir'd,
And found, alternate, varying flames infpin'd:
Quick o'er their forms his cyes with pleafure ran,
When fhe, who firft approach'd him, firt began. 145
" Hither, dear boy, direct thy wand'ring eyes;
"' 'Tis here the lovely Vale of Pleature lies:
" Debate no more, to me thy life refign;
"Each fweet which Nature can diffule is mine :
"For me the nymph diverfifies her pow'r,
"Springs in a tree, or bloffoms in a flow'r;
"To pleafe my ear fhe tunes the linnet's ftiains;
"To pleafe my eye with lilies paints the plains;
"6 To form my couch in moffy beds the grows;
"To gratify my fimell perfumes the role;
" Reveals the fair, the fertile Icene you fee,
" And fwells the vegetable world for me. " Let the gull'd lool the toils of war purfue,
"f Where bleed the many to enrich the few: [prize;
"Where Chance from Courage claims the boafted
"Where, tho the give, your country oft' denies. $16 \pm$
" Induftrious thou Malt Cupid's wars maintain,
"And ever gently fight his foft campaign ;

* His darts alone fhalt wield, his wounds endure,
"Y Yet only fuffer to enjoy the cure.
"Y Yield but to me-a choir of nymphs fhall rife,
* And fire thy breatt, and blefs thy ravifh'd eyes:
" Their beauteous cheeks a fairer rofe fhall wear,
"A brighter lily on their necks appear ;
"6 Where fondly thou thy favour'd head fhall reft,
"Soft as the down that fiwells the cygnet's neit;
" While Philomel in each foft voice complains,
*And gently lulls thee with mellifluous ftrains;
"Whilit with each accent fweeteft odours flow,
"t And fpicy gums round ev'ry bofom glow.
6" Not the fam'd bird Arabian climes admire
"s Shall in fuch luxury of fweets expire.
" At Sloth let War's victorious fous exclaim,
"' In vain! for Pleafure is my real name:
"Nor envy thou the heads with bays o'ergrown ; iso
© No, feek thou rofes to adoru thy own ;
"F For well each op'ning feene that claims iny care
" Suits and deferves the beauteous crown I wear. " Let others prune the vine; the genial bowl
"Shall crown thy table and enlarge thy foul.
"Let vulgar hands explore the brilliant mine,
"S So the gay produce glitter fill on thine.
"I Indulgent Bacchus loads his lab'ring tree,
"And, guarding, gives its cluft'ring fweets to me.
" For my lov'd train Apollo's piercing beam
"' Darts thro" the paffive globe, and frames the gem.
"See in my caule confenting gods employ d,
" Nor flight thefe gods, therr bleflings unenjoy'd.
"For thee the poplar thall its amber drain;
"For thee, in clouded beauty, fpring the cane; 125

202 MORAL PIECES.
"Some colly tribute ev'ry clime fixil pay,
"Some charming treafure ev'ry windconver;
© Each object round fome pleating foene fhall yiela,
"Art build thy dome, while Narure decks thy fiell:
"s Of Corinth's Order fhall the ftructure tiie, $=c o$
" 'The fpiring turrets glitter thro' the Skies;
" Thy coltly ro'ee fhall glow with Tyrian rays,
" Thy vale thall fparkle, and thy car fhall biaze;
" I'et thou, whatever pomp the fun difulay,
"Shalt own the am'rous night exceeds the day. 205 " When melting flutes and iweetly-ounding lyies
"Wake the gay Loves, and cite the young Deilis;
" Or in th' Ionian dance fome fav'rite maid
" Improves the flame her fparkling eyes crnrey'd;
" Think, canft thou quit a glowing Delia's arms 210
"To feed or Virtue's vifionary charms!
" Or flight the joys which wit and youth engage
"For the taint honour of a frozen lage?
"To find dull envy ev'n that hope deface, 214

* And, where you toil'd for glory, reap difgrace? "O! think that beauty waits on thy decree,
"6 And thy low'd lovelielt chamer pleads with me,
6 She whole foft fmile or gentler glance to more,
" You vow'd the wild extremities of bre ;
*6 In whofe endearments years like moments flew; 220
"For whole endearments millions leem'd too few;
"6 She, fhe implores ; the bids thee leize the prime,
" And tread with her the flow'ry tracks of time,
"Nor thus her lovely bloom of life bettow
6 On fome cold lover or infulting toe.
" Think, if againft that tongue thou canft rebel,
"Where love yot dwelt, and reafon feenid to divell,
"What ftong perfuafon arms her iotter fighs!
" trhat full conviction fparkles in her eyes!
"s See Nature fimiles, and birds falute the finade, 230
"f Where breathing jaimine forens the fleeping maid;
"A And fuch her charmis, as to the vain may prove
"Ambition feeks more humble joys than Love!
es There bufy toil thall ne'er invade thy reign,
" Nor fciences perplex thy lab'ring brain,
"Or none but what with equal fweets invite,
"Ncr other aits but to prolong delight.
" Sometimes thy fancy prune her tender wing,
" To praife a pendant, or to grace a ring ;
"To fix the drefs that fuits each varying mien; 240
"To niew where beft the cluftring gems are fetn;
"To figh foft ftrains alcng the vecal grove,
" And tell the charms, the fweet effects, of love!
"Nor fear to find a coy didainful Mufe,
"Nor think the Sifers will their aid refufe: $\quad{ }^{2}+5$
" Cool grots, and tinkling rills, or filent fhades,
" Soft fcenes of leilure, fuit th' harmonious maids;
"And all the wife and all the grave decree " Some of that facred train ally'd to me.
"But if more fpecious eafe thy wifhes claim, 250
" And thy breaf glow with faint defire of fame,
" Seme fofter fcience mall thy thoughts amufe,
"Ard learning's name a folemn found diffule,
"s To thee all Nature's curious flores Ill bring,
"Explain the beanties of an infect's wing ;
" The plant which Nature, lefs diffufely kind,
"Has to few climes with partial care confin'd;
" The fiell the fcatters with more carcle's air,
" Ard in her frolicks feems fupremely fair;
* The worth that dazzles in the tulip's fains,
"Or lurko beneath a pebbie’s various veins.
"Sleep's downy god, averle to wai's alarms,
"Shall o'er thy kead diffule his foftef chams,
"Ere anxious thousht thy deer repoie ailail,
"Or care, my noit ceftrúive fce, preval.
"t The wat'ry nemphifhall tune the vocal vales,
"And gentle zephyrs larmonize their gales,
"For thy repofenfom, with rival joy,
"Their fireams to n umur, and their wirds to figh. "Thus fhalt thou spend the fwectly-fowing day, 270 " Till, lof in blifs, thou breathe thy fuu away; "Till the t' Elyfan bov'rs of joy repair,
"Noi find my chaming fenes exceeded t!eere." She ceas'd; and on a lily bark reclin'd, Her fucwing tobe maid wan: ins ith the wird;

One tender hand her drooping head fufains,
One points expreffive to the flow'ry plains.
Soon the fond youth perceiv'd her influence roll
Deep in his breaft, to melt his manly foul;
As when Favonius joins the folar blaze,
And each fair fabric of the frot decays,
Soon to his breaft the Coft harangue convey'd
Refolves too partial to the ipecious maid.
He iigh'd, he gaz'd, fo fiweetly fmil'd the dame,
Yet lighing, gazing, feem'd to foorn his flame,
And oft' as Virtue caught his wand'ring eye,
A crimfon blufh condemn'd the rifing figh.
'Twas fuch the ling'ring Trojan's fhame betray'd
When Maia's fon the frown of Jove difplay'd;
When wealth, fame, empire, could no balance prore
For the foft reign of Dido and of love.
Thus ill with arduons glory love confpires, Soft tender flames with bold impett!ous fires ! Some hov'ring doubts his anxiuus bofom mov'd,
And Virtue, zealous fair! thofe doubts improv'd. 295 "Fly, fly, fond youth! the too indulgent maid,
" Nor ert, by fuch Tantaftic fcenes betray"d.
" Tho' in my path the rugged thorn be feen,
"And the dry turf difcloie a fainter green;
"Tho" no gay rofe or flow'ry produet fhine,
" The barren furface fill conceals the mine.
"Each thorn that threatens, ev'n the weed that gowws
"In Virtue"s path, fuperiour fiweets beftows-
" Yet hould tho!e boatted fpecious toys allure, $30+$
" Whence could fond Sloth the fiati'ring gifts procure?
"T The various wealth that tempts thy ford defire,
"'Tis I alone, her greatelt foe, acquire.
" I from old Ocean rob the treafur'd fore;
"I thro" each region latent gems explore:
"T "Twas I the rugged brilliant firt reveal'd,
"By num'rous ftrata deep in earth conceai'd;
"'Tis I the furface yet refn?, and fhow
" The modert gen's intrinfic clarms to glow;
"Nor tivel's the grape, nor firirs its fecble tice,
66 Withcur the fin inports of indurtry.
"But grant we Sluth the feene herfelf has drawn,
"The moffy grotto and the flow'ry lawn;
" Let Philomela tune th' harmonious gale,
"And with each breeze eternal fweets exhale ;
" Let gay Pomona flight the plains around,
"A And chufe, for faireft fruits, the favour'd gromid;
"To blefs the fertile vale fhould Virtue ceafe,
" Nor moffy grots nor flow'ry lawns could pleafe,
" Nur gay Pomona's lufcious gifts avail,
" The found harmonious, or the fpicy gale.
"Seeft thou yon' rocks in dreadful pomp arife,
"Whofe rugged cliffs deform th' encircling fkies?
"Thofe fields, when Phebus all the moitture drains,
"And, too profufely fond, difrobes the plains?
"When I vouchfafe to tread the barren foil, $33^{\circ}$
"Thofe rocks feem lovely, and thofe deferts fmile:
"The form thou view'ft to ev'ry fcene with eafe
"Transfers its charms, and ev'iy fene can pleafe.
" When I have on thofe pathlefs wilds appear'd,
"A And the lone wand'rer with my prefence cheer"d,
"Thofe cliffs the exile has with pleafure view'd, 336
" And call'd that defert blifstul Solitude !
" Nor I alone to fuch extend my care,
" Fair blooming Health furveys her altars there;
"Brown Exercife will lead thee where the reigrs, 340
"6 And with reffected luftre gild the plains:
"With her, in flow'r of youth and beauty's pride,
"Her offspring, calm Content and Peace, refide;
"، One ready off ring fuits each neighb'ring flrine,
"And all obey their laws who practife mine.
"But Health averfe, from Sloth's fmonth resion
" And in her abfence Pleafure droops and dies; [iiies,
"Her bright companions, Mirth, Delight, Kep, fe,
"S Smile where fhe finiles, and ficken when the goes:
"، A galaxy of pow'rs! whofe forms appear
" For ever beauteous, and for ever near.
"Nor will foft Sleep to Sloth's requeft incline,
"He from her couches filies unbid to mine. "Vain is the farkling how!, the walbling ftrain,
"6 'Th' incentive iong, th' labou'd viand vain! 355
"Where me, relentlefs, reigns without controul,
" And checks each gay excurfion of the foul;
" Unmov'd tho' Beauty, deck'd in all its charms,
"Grase the rich couch, and fpread the foftert amms;
" Till joylefs indolence fuggelts defires,
"Or drugs are fought to furnifh languid fires;
"Such languid fires as on the vitals prey,
" Barren of bliis, but fertile of decay:
"As artful heats, apply"d to thirfty lands,
" Produce no flow'rs, and but debaie the fands. 36 ; " But tet fair Health her cheering fmiles impart!
" How fiveet is Nature, how fuperfluous Art!
"' $\Gamma$ is the the fountain's ready draught commends,
"And fmooths the flinty ccuch which Fortune lends;
"And when my hero from his toils retires,
" Fills his gay bofon with unufual fires,
"And while no checks th" unbounded joy reprove,
"Aids and refines the genuine fiweets of love.
" His faireft profpect riing trophies frame,
" His fivecteft mulic is the voice of Fame;
"Pleatures to Sloth unknown! Me never found
"How fair the propest, or how fiveet the found. "Sce Fame"s gay ftrecture from yon' funmit charms,
"And fires the manly breaft to aits or arms:
" Nor dread the fteep afcent by which you rife 3 So
"From grov'ling vales to tors'rs which reach the ikies. "Love, fame, elleem, 'tis labour mutt acquire,
" The fmiling cffspring of a rigid fire!
"To fix the friend your fervice mut he hown ;
"All ere they lov'd your merit lov'd their own ; $3 \$ 3$
"That, wond ring Greece your portrait may admire,
"SThat tuneful bards may tring for you their lyre,
"T That books may praile, or cims record your name;
" Such, fuch rewart's 'tis toil alone can clain!
"A And the fame column which dilpiays to view 390
"t The enicqu'ror's name, difplas s the conqueit tco. "r "Twas fiow Experieuce, tecious miftrefs! taught
"All that e'er nobiy poke or bravely fonght :
" 'Twas fie the patriot, fae ti:e bard, remid
" In arts that teve, protect, on pitati, mankiad. इ9;
6. Not the vain vifions of inactive fchools,
" Not Fancy's maxims, nor Opinion's rules,
"E're form'd the man whofe gen'rous warmth extends
" $T$ " enrich his country or to lerve his friends.
© On active worth the laurel War hefows;
" Peace rears her clive for indultrious brows;
" Nor earth, uncultur'd, yields its kind lupplies,
" Nor heav'n its how'rs without a facrifice.
" See, far below fuch grov'lling fcenes of fhame
"As lull to reft Ignavia's flumb'ring dame;
" Her friends, from all the toils of Fane fecure,
Alas! inglorious, greater toils endure;
" Doom'dall to mocin who in her cauie engage,
"A youth enervate, and a painful age;
"A A fickley faplefs mafs if Reafon flies,
"And if the linger impotently wife!
"A thoughtleís train, who, pamper'd, fleek, anđ gay,
6 Invite old age, and revel youth away;
"From life's fref vigour more the load of care,
©A And idly place it where they leaft can bear;
" When to the mind, difeas'd, for aid they fly,
"6 What kind reflection fhall the mind fupply?
"When with loft health, what flould the lois allay,
" Pcace, peace is loft; a comfortlefs decay!
" But to my friends, when youth, when pleafure, flies,
" Aind earth's dim beauties fade before theireyes, 421
"Thro' death's dark vifta flow'ry tracks are denn,
"Elyfian plains, and groves for ever green :
" If o"er their lives a refluent glance they caft,
${ }^{6}$ Theirs is the prefent who can praife the pait; 425
" Life has its blifs for thefe when paft its bicom,
"As wither'd rofes yicld a late perfume.
"Serene, and fafe from paffion's ftomy rage,
"How calm they glide into the port of Age!
\%6 Of the rude voyage lefs depriv'd than eas'd ; 4.30
" More tir'd than pain'd, and weaken'd than difeas'd.
"For health on age tis temp'rance muft beftow,
" And peace from piety alone can flow,
" And all the incenic bountecus Jove requires
${ }^{6}$ Has fweets from him who feeds the facred fires. 435

MORAL PIECES.
"Sloth views the tow'rs of Fame with envious eyes,
" Delirous fili, ftill impotent to rife.
"Oft', when refolv'd to gain thofe blifsful tow'rs,
"s The penfive queen the dire afcent explores,
"Comes onward, wafied by the bahny trees,
$44^{\circ}$
" Some fylvan mulic, or fome fcented breeze;
"She turns her head, her own gay realm the fpies,
"And all the fhort-liv'd refolution dies.
"T Thus fome fond infect's falt'ring pinions wave,
"Clafp'd in its fav'rite fweets, a lalting flave; 445
"A And thus in vain thefe charming vifions pleafe
" The wretch of glory and the flave of eafe,
" Doom'd ever in ignoble fate to pine,
© Boaft her own feenes, and languifh after mine. 449
" But fhun her fnares; nor let the world exclaim,
"Thy birth, which was thy glory, prov'd thy fame.
"With early hope thine infant actions fir'd,
" Let manhood crown what infancy infpir"d ;
" Let gen'rous toils reward with health thy days,
"Proleng thy prime, and eternize thy praife. 455
"r The bold exploit that charms th' attefting age,
of To lateft times thall gen'rous hearts engage;
" And with that myrtle thall thy fhrine be crown'd,
"With which alive thy graceful brows were bound,
"Till Time fhall bid thy virtues freely bloom, 4 40 " And raife a temple where it found a tomb. "Then in their feafts thy name fhall Grecians join,
"Shall pour the fparkling juice to Jove's and thine:
" Thine, us'd in war, hall raise their native fire;
" Thine, us'd in peace, their mutual faith inlpire. $4^{6} 5$
" Dulnefs, perhaps, thro' want of fight, may blame,
"And Spleen, with odious indulty, detane;
"And that the honours giv'n with wonder view,
"And this in fecret fadnefs own them due.
" Contempt and Envy were by fate delign'd
"The rival tyrants which divide mankind;
" Contempt, which none but who deie. ve can bear,
""While Envy's wounds the fimiles of Fame repan:
"For know, the gen rous thine exploits fhall fire,
"Thine ev'ry friend it fuits thee to require;
${ }^{46}$ Lov'd by the gods, and, till their feats I fhow,
"Lov'd by the gooc, their images below." "Ceafe, lovely Maid! fair daughter of the Skies!
" My guide! my queen!?" th' eftatic youth replies:
"In thee I trace a rorm defign'd for fway,
"Which chiefs may court, and kings with pride ober;
"And by thy bright immortal friends I fivear,
" Thy fair itta fall no toils impair.
"' Lead me, O lead me! where whole hofts of foes
"Thy form depreciate, and thy friends oppofe. $4 \$ 5$
" Welcome all toils th' unequal Fates decree,
" While toils endear thy faithful charge to thee.
" Such be my cares to bind th' oppreflive hand,
"And crum the fetters of an injur'd land;
" To fee the monfter's noxious lite refign'd,
"And tyrant's quell'd, the mo:Aters of mankind!
" Nature thall fmite to view the vanquifh'd brood,
"And none hut Envy riot unfubdu'd.
" In cleifter'd thate let felfin fages dwell,
" Proud that their heart is narrow as thenr cell!
" And boalt their mazy labyrinth of rules,
"Far leis the friends of Virtue than the fools;
" Yet fuch in vain thy fav'ring finiles prerend,
"For he is thine who proves his country's friend.
'6 Thus when my lift, well-fpent, the good enjoy, 500
" And the nean envious labour to deftroy;
'6 When ftrongly lur'd by Fame's contiguous mrine,
" 1 yet devote my choicer vows to thine;
"If all my toils thy promis d favour claim,
"O lead thy fav'rite thro" the gates of Fame!", 505 He ceas'd his vows, and, with diftainful air,
He turn'd to blaft the late exulting fair:
But ranifh'd, fled to fome more iriendly fhore,
The contcious phantom's beanty pleas'd no nare;
Convinced her ipurious charms of drefs and face, $5: 0$
Claim'd a quick conquett or a fure diggrace.
Fantaftic Pow'r! whole tranlient charms allur` ${ }^{\text {d }}$,
While Errou's mitt the reas'ang mind obicur'u;
Not fuch the vietrefs, Virtue's conftant queen
Enlur'd the teft of truth, and dard be feen;

Her bright'ning form and features feem'd to own ${ }^{\text {' }}$ Twas all her wifh, her int'reft to be known; And when his longing view the fair declin'd, Left a full image of her charms behind.

Thus reigns the moon, with furtive fplendour crown'd,
While glooms opprefs us, and thick fhades furround; But let the fource of light its beans difplay, Languid and faint the mimic flames decay, And all the fick'ning fplendour fades away.


## THE PROGRESS OF TASTE:

## OR, THE FATE OEDELICACY。

A Poem to the Temper and Studies of the Autbor; and bow great a Misfortune it is for a Man of fmall Efate to bave much Taffe.

## PART THE FIRST.

PERHAPS fome cloud eclips'd the day,
When thus I tun'd my penfive lay.
"6 The fhip is launch'd-we catch the gale-
" On life's extended ocean fail:
"c For happinefs our courfe we bend,
" Our ardent cry, our general end!
" Yet, ah! the fecnes which tempt our care
" Are, like the forms difpers'd in air,
"Still dancing near diforder'd eyes,
" And weakeft his who beft defcries!"
Yet let me not my birthright barter,
(For wifhing is the poet's charter;
All bards have leave to wifh what's wanted,
Tho' few e'er found their wifhes granted;
Extenfive field! where poets pride them
In finging all that is deny'd them.)
For humble eafe, ye Pow'rs! I pray;
That plain warm fuit for ev'ry day,
And pleafure, and brocade, beftow,
To flaunt it-once a month or fo.
The firft for conitant wear we want ;
The firt, ye Pow'rs! for ever grant;
But conftant wear the laft befpatters,
And turns the tiffue into tatters.
Where'e'er my vagrant courfe I bend,
Let me fecure one faithful friend.
Let me, in public fcenes, requeft
A friend of wit and tafte, well dreft;
And if I muft not hope fuch favour,
A friend of wit and tafte however.
His real gems before the blaze,His tawdry fock of painted pafte.Difus'd to fpeak, he tries his ikill,Speaks coldy, and fucceeds but ilf;
His penfive manner dulnefs deem'd,
His modelty reterve elteem'd ;
His wit unknown, his leart?ng vain,He wins not one of all the train :And thoie who, mutually known,
In friendhip's faire? lift had fhown,Lels prone than pebbles to unite,Retire to thades froni public light,Grow favage, quit their jocial nature,And farve to ftedymutual inire.

But friends and fav'rites, to chagrin them, Find counties, countries, feas, between them; Meet once a-year, then part, and then Retiring, wifh to meet again.

Sick of the thought, let me provide
Some human form to grace my fide : At hand, where'er I ihape my courfe, Anufeful, pliant, Italking-horie.

No getture free from fome grimace, No feam without its fhare of lace,

Silent as midnight! pity 'twere, His wildom's flender wealth to thare! And whilft in flocks our fancies ftray, To wifh the poor man's lamb away.

This form attracting ev'ry eye,
I troll all unregarded by :
This wards the jokes of ev'ry kind,
As an umbrella fun or wind;
Or, like a fpunge, abforbs the fallies And peftilential fumes of malice;
Or, like a fplendid thield, is fit
To fcreen the Templar's random wit ;
Or, what fome gentler cit lets fall,
As woolpacks qualh the leaden ball.
Allufions theie of weaker force,
O let me wonder all unieen
Beneath the fanction of his mien!

As lilies foft, as rofes fair!
Empty as airpumps drain'd of air !
With fteady eye and pace remark
The fpeckled flock that haunts the Park; $\dagger$
Level my pen with wondrous heed
At follies, flocking there to feed;
And as my fatire burns amain,
Sce feather'd foppry ftrew the plain. But when I feek my rural grove,
And fhare the peaceful haunts I love,
Let none of this unhallow'd train
My fweet fequefter'd paths profane.
Oft' may fome polif'd virtuous friend
To thele foft-winding vales defeend, And love with me inglorious things,
And foorn with me the pomp of kings; And check me when my bofom burns
For flatues, paintings, coins, and urns:
For I in Damon's pray'r could join,
And Damon's wifh might now be mine-
But all difpers'd! the wifh, the pray'r, Are driv'n to mix with common air.

## PART THE SECOND.

HOW happy once was Damoin's lot, While yet romantic ichemes were not, Ere yet he fent his weakly eyes
To plan trail calties in the fikes !
Forfaking pleatures cheap and common,
To court a blaze, ftill hitting from one.
Ah! happy Damon! tirice and more,
Had Tafte ne'er touch'd thy tranquil fhore.
Oh days! when to a girdle ty'd
The coup les gingled at his fide, $^{2}$
And Damon wwore he would not barter
The fportman's girdle for a garter.

* St. James's.

Whoever came to kill an hour,
Found eafy Damon in their pow'r, Pure focial Nature all his guide;
"Damon had not a grain of pride."
He wifh'd not to allude the fnares Which Knav'ry plans, and Craft prepares, But rather wealth to crown their wiles, And win their univerfal fmiles:
For who are cheerful, who at eafe, But they who cheat us as they pleafe?

He wink'd at many a grofs defign The new-fall'n calf might countermine : Thus ev'ry fool allow'd his merit;
"Yes; Damon had a gen'rous fpirit."
A coxcomb's jef, however vile, Was fure, at lealt, of Damon's fimile; That coxcomb ne'er deny'd him fenfe; For why? it prov'd his own pretence :
All own'd, were modefty away,
Damon could thine as much as they.
When wine and folly came in feafon,
Damon ne'er ftrove to fave his reafon;
Obnoxivus to the mad uproar,
A fpy upon a haftile thore!
'Twas this his company endear'd;
Mirth never came till he appear'd. His lodgings-er'ry draw'r could thow 'em;
The flave was kick'd who did not know 'tin.
Thus Damon, ltudious of his eafe, And pleating all whom mirth could pleafe, Defy'd the world, like idle Colley, To thew a fofter word than folly. Since Wifdom's gorgon fhield was known To tare the gazer into ftone, He chofe to trut in Folly's charm, '「o keep his breaft alive and warin.

At length grave Learning's fober train Remark' it the trifler with didain;
'The fons of Tafte contemn'd his ways,
Ardian'd him with the brutes that graze,

While they to nobler heights afpir'd,
And grew belov'd, efteem'd, admir'd.
Hence with our youth, not void of fpirit,
His old companions lof their merit, And ev'ry kind well-natur'd fot Seem'd a dull play without a plot,
Where ev'ry yawning gueft agrees The willing creature frives to pleafe:
But temper never could amule;
It barely led us to excufe;
'Twas true, converling they averr'd
All they had feen, or felt, or heard;
Talents of weight ! for wights like thefe
The law might chufe for witneffes; But fure th' attefting dry narration Ill fuits a judge of converfation.

What were their freedoms ?* mere excufes
To vent ill manners, blows, and bruifes.
Yet freedom, gallant freedom! hailing.
At form, at form, inceffant railing.
Would they examine each offence,
Its latent caufe, its known pretence,
Punctilio ne'er was known to breed 'em, 75
So fure as fond prolific freedom.
Their courage? but a loaded gun, Machine the wife would wifh to fhun; Its guard unfafe, its lock an ill one, Where accident might fire and kill one.

In fhort, difgufted out of meafure,
Thro' much contempt and flender pleafure,
His fenfe of dignity returns;
With native pride his bofom burns ;
He feeks refpect-but how to gain it?
Wit, focial mirth, could ne'er obtain it;
And laughter, where it reigns uncheck'd,
Dilcards and diffipates refpect:
The man who gravely bows enjoys it,
But fhaking hands at once deftroys it:

Precarious plant! which, freth and gay, Shrinks at the touch, and fades away!

Come then, Referve ! yet from thy train
Banifl Contemp: and curs'd Difdain.
Teach me, he cry'd, thy magic art,
To af the decent diftant part ;
To hufband well nny complai ance;
Nor let ev'n Wit too far advance; But chule calm Reafon for my theme, In thefe her royal realms fupreme,
And o'er her charms, with caution fhown,
Be fill a graceful umbrage thrown,
And each abrupter period crown'd
With nods, and winks, and fmiles, profound, Till, refcu'd from the crowd b, neath,
No more with pain to move or breathe,
I rife with head elate, to fhare
Salubrious draughts of purer air. Refpect is won by grave pretence And filence, furer ev'n then fente $\rightarrow$
'Tis hence the facred grandeur prings
Of Eafterr-and of cther kings,
Or whence this awe to Virtue due,
While Virtue's diftant as Pcru?
The theathiefs fword the gioard difplays,
Which round emits its dazzling rays;
The fately fort, the turrets tall,
Portcullis'd gate, and battled wall, Lefs fcreens the body than controls, And wards contenpt from royal fouls.

The crowns they wear but check the eye
Before it fondly pierce too nigh,
That dazzlect crowds may be employ'd
Around the furface o-ie voirr.
O! 't is the fatefman's cratt profound
To foatter his amufements $1 \cdot$ und,
To tempe us from their confcious breaf. Where tull-fledg ${ }^{*}$ d crimes enjoy theirnelt ; Nor awes us ev'ry worth revesid, So deeply as each vice conceal'd.

The lordly log, difpatch'd of yore, That the frog people might adore, With guards to keep them at a diffance, Had reign'd, nor wanted Wit's affitance; Nay-had addreffes from his nation, In praife of $\log$-adminiftration.

## PART THE THIRD.

TIIE buoyant fires of youth were o'er, And fame and finery pleas'd no more, Produftive of that gen'ial fare, Which cool reflection ill can bear, And, crowds commencing mere rexation, Retirement fent its invitation.

Romantic fcenes of pendant hills, And rerdant vales and falling rills, And moffy banks the fields adom, Where Damon, fimple Swain! was born.

The Dryads rear'd a finady grove,
Where fuch as think, and fuch as love,
May fafely figh their fummer's day,
Or mufe their filent hours away.
The Oreads lik'd the climate well,
And taught the level plain to fwell
In verdant mounds, from whence the eye
Might all their larger works detcry.
The Naiads pous'd their urns around,
From nodding rocks o"er vales profound;
They form'd their freams to pleafe the veew,
And bsde them wind as ferpents do,
And having fhewn them vihere to ftray,
Threw little pebbles in their way:
Thefe Fancy, all-fagacious maid:-
Had at their teveral taiks furvey'd :
She faw and fmil'd; and oft' would lead
Our Darron's foot o'er hill and mead,
There, with defcriptive finger, trace
'The genuine leauties of the place,
And when the all its charms had fhown, Pacicribe improvemente of her own.
st See yonder hill, fo green, fo round,
' Its brow with ambient beeches crown'd!
" 'Tiwould well become thy gentle care
" To raife a dome to Venus there;
"، Pleas'd would the nymphs thy zeal furvey,
" And Venus in their arms repay.
or 'Twas fuch a fhade and fuch a rook,
or In fuch a vale, near fuch a brook,
or From fuch a rocky fragment fpringing,
or That fam'd Apollo chofe to ring in ;

* There let an alta: swrought witioart
" Engage the tuneful patron's lieart:
" How charming there to mufe and warble
* Beneatl his buft of breathing marble!
* With laurel wreath and mimic lyre,
" That crown a poet's valt defire:
" Then, near it, fcoop the vaulted cell
" Where Mufic's charming maids* may dwell,
" Prone to indulge thy tender paffion,
* And make thee many an aingnation.
* Deep in the grove's obfcure retreat
"Be plac'd Minerva's facred leat;
" There let her awful turrets rife,
" (For Wifdom flies from vilgar eyes)
"6 There her calm dictates fhale thou hear
* Diftinctly ftrike thy lift'ning ear;
"And who would fhun the pleafing labour,
"To have Minerva for his neighbour ?"
In fhort, fo charm'd each wild fuggeftion,
Its truth was little call'd in queftion:
And Damon dream'd he faw the Fauns And Nymphs difinctly fkim the lawns; Now trac'd amid the trees, and then
Loft in the circling thades again,
With leer oblique their lover viewingAnd Cupid-panting-and purfuing-
"F Fancy, enchanting Fair !" he cry'd,
"Be thou my goldefs, thon my guide;
"For thy bright vitions I defpife
"What toos may think or friends advife.
" The feign'd concen when folks furvey
* Expenic, time, fudy, caft away ;
" The ren Iflern with which they iee;
"r I pleale myfeli, and tollow thee."
Thus glow'd his brealt, by Fancy wasm'd,
And thus the fairy landfcape charm'd:
But moft he hop'd his conftant care
Might win the favour of the fair ;
And, wand'ring late thio" yonder glade,
He thus the loft defign betray'd.
"Ye Doves! for whom I lear'd the grove,
* With melting lays falute my love !
" My Delia with your notes detain,
"Or I have rear'd the grove in vain.
" Ye flow'rs which early fpring fupplies,
* Difplay at once your brightelt dyes,
\& That the your op'ing charms may fee,
" Or what were el:e your charms to me ?
" Kind Zephyr! brifh each fragrant fow'r,
s6 And thed its odours round my bow'r,
" Or ne"er again, O gentle Wind!
*Stiali $I$ in thee retrethnent find.
${ }^{6}$ Ye Streams! if érr your banks I lov'd, 95
"If e'rl your native lounds improv'd,
6 May each foft marmur footh my fair,
"Or, oh! `twill d.epen my depair.
" Ee fure, ye Willuws! you be leen
"Array'd in liveliett robes of green,
100
"Or I will tear your flighted boughs,
"And let them tade around my brows.
" And thou, my Grott! whole lonely bounds
* The melancholy pine furrounds,
" May the adnsise thy peaceful glvom,
105
"Oi thou fhalt prove her lover's tomb." And now the lofy domes were rear'd,
Loud laugh'd the fquires, the tabble ftar'd.
"6 bee, Neighbours! what our Damon"s doing;
6 Ithink lome folks are fund of ruin !
«I faw his fheep at random ftray-
" But he has thrown his crook away-
ss And builds fuch huts, as, in foul weather
"A Are fit for theep nor thepherd neither."
Whence came the fober lwain mifled?
Why, Phoebus put it in his head :
Phoebus befriends him, we are told;
And Phobus coins bright tuns of gold.
'Twere prudent not to be fo vain on't,
I think he'll never touch a grain on't.
And if from Phœbus and his Mufe
Mere earthly lazinefs enfues,
- $\Gamma$ is plain, for aught that I can fay,

The dev'l infpires as well as they.
So they-while fools of grofer kind,
Lefs' weeting what our bard defign'd,
Impute his fchemes to real evil,
That in thefe haunts he met the devil.
He own'd, tho' their advice w'as vain,
It fuited wights who trod the plain;
For dulnels-tho' he might abhor it,
In them he made allowance for it ;
Nor wonder'd, if beholding mottoes,
And urns, and domes, and cells, and grottoes, Folls, little dreaining of the Mufes,
Where plagu'd to guef's their proper ufes.
But did the Mulis haunt his cell?
Or in his dome did Venus divell?
Did Pallas in his counlels thare ?
The Delian god reward his pray'r?
Or did his zeal engage the fair ?
When all the fructure fhone complete,
Not much converient, wondrous neat,
Adorn'd with gilding, painting, planting,
And the fair guelts alone were wanting,
Ah, me! ('twas Damon's own c.n ifion)
Came Poverty and took poffefion.

## PART THE FOURTH.

WTHY droops my Damon, whilt he roves Thio' ornamented meads and groves?
Near columus, obelifks, and lipires,
Whichev'ry critic eye admires?
'Tis Poverty, detefted maid:
Sole tenant of their ample fhade ;

- Tis the that robs him of his eafe,

And bids their very charms difpleafe.
But now, by Fancy long controll'd,
And with the fons of Tafte enroll'd,
He deem'd it thameful to commence
Fart minift y to Corrmon-fenfe;
Far more elated to prriue
The loweft talk of dear vertû. And now behold his lofty foul,
That whilum tlew from pole to pole, Settle on fome elab'rate flow'r, And, like a bee, the fweets devour ! Now, of a rofe enamour'd, prove The wild folicitudes of love!
Now in a lily's cup enflin'd, Foregu the commerce of mankind ! As in thete toils he wore away The calm remainder of his day, Cundueting lun, and thade, and mow'r, As moft might glad the new-born flow'r, So fate ordain'd-before his eyeStarts up the long-fought butterfly, While flutt'ring round, her plumes unfodd Celeltial crimion dropped with gok.

Adieu, ye bands of flow'rets fair!
The living beauty claims his care :
For this he frips-nor bult nor chain
Cculd Damon's wa: m purfuit reftrain.
See him o'er hill, morals, or mound,
Where'er the foeckled gawe is found,

Tho" bent with age, with zeal purfue, And totter tow'rds the prey in view.

Nor rock nor fream his fteps retard,
Intent upon the blefs'd reward!
One vaffal lyy repays the chare!
A wing, a film, reward's the race!
Rewards him, tho dileafe attend,
And in a fatal furfeit end.
So fierce Camilla Kkimm'd the plain,
Smit with the purple`s pleafing fain;
She ey'd intent the glitt'ring ftranger,
And knew, alas! nor fear nor danger,
Till deep within her panting heart
Malicious Fate impell'd the dart.
How ltudious he what fav'rite food
Regales Dame Nature's tiny brood !
What junkets fat the filmy people !
And what liquors they chufe to tipple!
Behold him, at fome crife, pretcribe,
And raife with drugs the fick'ning tribe!
O. haply, when their fpirits falter,

Sprinkling my Lord of Cloyne's tar-water.
When Nature's brood of inlects dies,
See how he pimps for am rous flies!
See him the timely fuccour lend her,
And help the waritons to engender!
Or fee him guard theit pregrant hour,
Exert nis foft obftetric pow'r,
And, lending each his lenient hand,
With new burn giubs enrich the land!
O Walks !* what $\mu$ oet's lottieft lays
Can match thy labours and thy praile?
Immortal Sage! by Fate decreed
To guard the moth's illuttricus breed!
Till flutt'ring fwarms on fwarms arile, And all our wardrobes teem with flies !

And mult we praife this talte for toys?
Admire it then in girls and boys.

* Aludiny to noths and suttira.es, delineated by Benjamin Wilks. Sec ais dury exgenfive propofals.

Tow'rds the mean love of Nature's vermin. But, ah! how wondrous few have known
To give each fage of life its own ! 'T is the pretexta's utmolt bound,
With radiant purple edg'd around,
To pleafe the child whofe glowing dyes
Too long delight maturer eyes;
And few, but with regret, affume
The plain-wrought labours of the loom.
Ah! let not me by fancy fteer,
When life's autumnal clouds appear;
Nor ev'n in learning's long delays
Confume my faireft, fruitlefs days ;
Like him who fhould in armour fpend
The fums that armour fhould defend. Awhile in Pleafure's myrtle bow'r
We fhare her fimiles and blef's her pow'r,
But find at laft we vainly ftrive
To fix the worit coquette alive.
O you! that with afliduous flame
Have long purfu'd the faithlefs dame,
Forfake her foft abodes awhile,
And dare her frown, and flight her fmile ;
Nor fcorn, whatever wits may fay,
'The footpath road, the king's highway':
No more the frrup lous charmer teafe,
But feek the roofs of honett Eale;
The rival fair no more purfu'd,
Shall there with forward pace intrude ;
Shall there her ev'ry art effay
To win you to her flighted fivay,
And grant your foom a glance more fair
Than e'er fie gave yourfondelt pray'r.

But would you happinefs puriue?
Partake both eafe and pleasure too? Would y u, thro' all your days, difpenfe The juss of reaton and of fenie?
Or give to life the moft you can?
Let focial virtue fhape the plan:
For does not to the virtuous deed
A train of pleaing fweets fucceed?
Or, like the fweets of wild defire,
Did focial pleafures ever tire?
Yet midft the group be fome preferr`d,
Be fome abhorrector Damon err'd:
And fuch there are-of fair addrefi-
As 'twere unfocial to carefs.
O leam by Reafon's equal rule
To ilun the praife of knave or fool;
Then tho' you deem it better ftill
To gain fome ruttic 'iquire's good will, And fouls, however mean or vile,
Like features, brighten by a fmile,
Yet Reafon holds it for a crime
The trivial breaft fhould fhare thy time;
And virtue with reluctant eyes
Beholds this human facrifice!
Thro' deep relerve and air erect
Miftaken Damon won refpect,
340
But could the fpecious homage pals With any creature but an a!s?
If confcious, they who fear'd the fkin
Would icorn the iluggif brute within.
What awe-ftruck flaves the tow'rs enclofe
145
Where Perfizn monarchs eat and doze !
What proifrate rev'rence all agree
To pay a prince they never lee!
Mere vaffals of a royal throne ;
The Sophi's virtues muft be thown
To make the reverence his own.
$150\}$
As for Thalia-wouldt thou make her
Thy bride without a portion :-take her:

226 MORAL PIECES.
She will with duteous care attend,
And all thy penfive hours befriend;
Will fiwell thy joys, will fhare thy pain,
With thee rejoice, with the complain;
Will fmooth thy pillow, plait thy bow'rs,
And bind thy aching head with flow'rs.
But be this previous maxim known-
If thou cantt feed on Love alone,
If blefs'd with her, thou cantt fuftain
Contempt, and poverty, and pain;
If fo-then riffe all her graces-
And fruitful be your fond enbraces!
Too foon, by caitiff fpleen infpir'd,
Sage Damon to his groves retir'd,
The path difclsim'd by fober reafon;
Retirement claims a later feafcn,
Ere active youth and warm defires, 170
Have quite withdrawn their ling'ring fires.
With the warm bofom ill agree
Or limpid ftream or fhady tree;
Love lurks within the rofy bow'r,
And claims the fpeculative hour;
175
Ambition finds his calm retreat,
And bids his pulfe too fiercely beat;
Ev'n focial Friendfhip duns his ear,
And cites him to the public fphere.
Does he refift their genuine force?
His temper takes fome froward courfe,
Till paffion, mirdirected, fighs
For weeds, or fhells, or grubs, or flies!
Far happieft he whofe early days,
Spent in the focial paths of praife,
Leave fairly printed on his mind
A train of virtuous deeds behind :
From this rich fund the mem'ry draws
The lafting meed of felf-applaufe.
Such fair ideas lend their aid
$19^{\circ}$
To people the fequefter'd thade :
Such are the Naiads, Nymphs, and Fauns,
That haunt his floods or cheer his lawns.

| If, where his devious ramble ftrays, |  |
| :--- | :--- |
| He Virtue's radiant form furveys, |  |
| She feems no longer now to wear |  |
| The rigid mien, the frown fevere; * |  |
| To fhew him her remote abode, |  |
| To point the rocky arduous road ; |  |
| But from each flow'r his fields allow |  |
| She twines a garland for his brow. | 201 |
| Alluding to -.-The Allegory in Cebes's Tablet. |  |



## ECONOMY.

## A RHAPSODY, ADDRESSED TO YOUNG POETY.

> Infanis; omnes gelidis quicunque lacernis Sunt tibi, Nafones Virgiliofque vides.

IMITATION.
———Thou know'ft not what thou fay'ft; In garments that fearce fence them from the cold Our Ovids and our Virgils you behold.

## PART THE FIRST.

TO you, ye Bards! whofe lavih breaft requires This monitory lay, the ftrains belong ;
Nor think fome mifer vents his fapitnt faw,
Or fome dull cit, unfeeling of the charms
That tempt profu'ion, fin $s$; while friendly Zeal, $s$
To guard from fatal ills the tribe he loves,
Infpires the meaneft of the Mufes train!
Like you I Inathe the grov'lling progeny,
Whofe wily aits, by creeping time matur'd,
Advance them high on Pcw'rs tyrannic throne,
To lord it there in gorgeous ufeleffners,
And fpurn fuecefslefs Worth that pines below!
See the rich churl, amid the focial fons
Of wine and wit regaling! hark, he joins
In the free jeft delighted! leems to thew
A meliorated heart! he laughs, he fings.
Songs of gay import, madrigals of glee,
And drunken anthems, fet agape the hoard,
Like Demea,* in the play, benign and mild, And pouring forth benevolence of coul,
Till Micio wonder ; or, in Shakefpeare's line,
Obftrep'rous Silence, $\dagger$ drowning Shallow's voice,
And fartling Falftaff and his mad compeers.
He owns 'tis prudence, ever and anon,
To imooth his careful brow, to let his purfe 25
Ope to a fixpence's diameter.
He likes our wars; he owns the ways of wit

> * In Teremen's Adelphi.
> t Julke Shicnee, in Shakefge,ire's Hen, IV, 2 d part.

Are ways of pleatance, and deferve regard.
True, we are dainty good fociety,
Wut what art thou? Alas! confider well, 30
Thou bane of focial pleafure, know thyfelf:
Thy fell approach, like fome invafive damp
Breatls d thro' the pores of earth from Stygian caves,
Deftrcys the lamp of mirth; the lamp which we,
Its famens, boait to guard: we know not how, 35
But at thy fight the fading flame affumes
A ghaftiy blue, and in a fiench expires.
True, thou feem'ft chang'd; all fainted, all enfky'd:
The tembling tears that clarge thy melting eyes Say thou art honett, and of gentle kind:
But all is falfe! an intermitting figh
Condemns each hour, each moment giv'n to fmiles,
And deems thofe only loft thou ciof not lofe.
Ev'n for a demi-grat this open'd foul,
This boon companion, this elattic breaf,
Revibrates quick, and fends the tuneful tongue
To lavifh mutic on the rugged walls
Of fome dark dungeon. Hence, thou Caitiff! fly ;
Touch nct my glais, nor drain my facred bowl,
Menfer ingrate! heneath one common iky
Why thould thou breathe? beneath one common roof ${ }^{5}$
Thou ne'er fhalt harbour, noer my little boat
Receive a foul with crimes to prefs it down. Go to thy bags, thou Recreant! hourly go, And, gazing there, bid them be wit, be mirth, 55 Be converfation. Not a face that fmiles Admits thy prefence! not a foul that glows With focial purport, bid, or ey'n or morn, Inveft thee happy! but when life declines, May thy fure heirs fand titt'ring round thy bed, 60 And, ufh'ring in their fav'rites, burt thy locks, And fill their laps with gold, till Want and Care With jof depart, and cry, "We akk no more."

An! never, never may the harmonious mind
Indure the worldly! P(ets, ever :oid Ot'guile, diftrutle's, fcorn the treatur'd gold, And dpurn the mailer, fipurn has derty.

Balanc'd with friendrhip, in the poet's eye The rival fcale of int'reft kicks the beam, Than lightning fivifter. From his cavern'd ftore $7^{\circ}$ The fordid foul, with felf-applaufe, remarks
The kind propenfity; remarks and fmiles,
And hies with impious hafte to fpread the fnare.
Him we deride, and in our comic fcenes
Contemn the niggard form Moliere has drawn :
We loathe with juftice; but, alas ! the pain To bow the knee before this calf of gold, Implore his envious aid, and meet his frown! But 'tis not Gomez, 'tis not he whofe heart
Is crufted o'er with drofs, whofe callous mind
Is fenfelefs as lis gold, the flighted Mufe Intenfely loathes. 'Tis fure no equal talk To pardon him who lavihes his wealth
On sacer, fox-hound, hawk, or fpaniel, all But human merit; who with gold eflays
All but the noblent pleafure, to remove
The wants of Genius, and its fmiles enjoy.
But you, ye titled youths! whofe nubler zeal
Would burnifh ocer your coronets with fame,
Who liften pleas'd when poet tumes his lay,
Permit him not in diftant folitudes
To pine, to languifh out the fleeting hours
Of active youth; then Virtue pants for praife. That feafon umadom'd, the carelefs bard
Quits your worn thremold, and, like honeft Gay, is
Contenns the niggard boon ye time fo ill.
Your favours then, like trophies giv'n tle tomb,
Th' enfranchis'd piritt foaring not perceives,
Or fcorns perceiv'd, and execrates the fmile
Which bade his vig'rous bloum to treach'rous hopes
And fervile cares a pres expire in vain!-
Two lawle's pow'rs, engag'd by mutual hate
In endlefs war, beneath their flags emol
The vaffal world: this Avarice is nam'd,
That Luxury: 'tis true their partial friends
Affign them fofter names; ufiupers both!
That mare by dint of arms the legal throne

Of juif Economy; yet both betray'd
By fraudful minifters. The niggard chief Lift'ning to want, all faithlefs, and prepar'd To join each moment in his rival's train.
His conduct models by the reedlefs fears
The flave infpires, while Luxury, a chief Of ampleft faith, to Plenty's rule refigns His whole campaign. 'Tis Plenty's flatt'ring founds Engrof his ear; 'tis Plenty's fmiling form
Movestill before his eye. Difcretion ftrives,

110 But ftrives in vain, to banifh from the throne The perjur'd minion : he, fecure of truit, With latent malice to the hoftile camp Day, night, and hour, his monarch's wealth conveys. Ye tow'ring minds! ye fublimated fouls! Whe, carclef's of your fortines, feal and lign, Set, let, contract, acquit, with eafier mien Than fops take fnuff! whofe economic care Your green filk purfe engroffes ! eafy, pleas'd, To fee gold fparkle thro the fubtle iolds, Lovely as when th' Hefperian fruitage fmil'd Amid the verd rous grove! who fondly hope Spontancous harvefts! harvefts all the year!
Who fcatter wealth, as tho' the radiant crop Glitter'd on ev'ry bough; and ev'ry bough, Like that the Trojan gather'd, once avuls'd Were by a plendid fuccefior Iupply'd Infant, pontaneous liften to my lays; For 'tis not fools, whateer proverbial phrafe

## MORAL PIECES.

Ilume, the glitt'ring chariot gild anew, And add ftrange widtom to the furs of Pow'r. Alas! that he, amid the race of men, That he who thinks of pureft gold with feorn,
Should with unlated apperite demand,
And vainly court the pleafure it procures! When Fancy's vivid fark impels the foul
To forn quotidian fcenes, to fpurn the blifs
Of vulgar minds, what notrum thall cempofe
Its fatal tenfion? in what lonely vale
Of balmly Med'cine's various field alp'res
The blefs'd refrigerant? Vain, ah! vain the hope
Of future peace, this orgafm uncontroll'd! Impatient, hence, of all the frugal mind
Requises; to eat, to drink, to lieep, to fill A. cheft with gold, the fprightly brealt demands Incelfant rapture; life a tediuus load Deny'd its continuty of joy. But whence obtain? philofophy requires No lavih colt; to crown its utmoft pray'r Suffice the root built cell, the fimple fleece, The juicy viand, and the ciyital fteam. Ev'nmild Stupidity rewards her tran
With cheap contentinent. Tafte alone requires
Entire profufion! Days, and nights, and hours, Thy voice, hydropic Fancy! calls sloud For coftly draughts, inundant bowls of joy, Rivers of rich regalement, feas of blifs, Seas without fhore! infinity of fweets!

And yet, unlefs fage Reafon join her hand In Pleafure's purchate, pleafure is unfure: And yet, unles Economy's conlent Legitimate expenfe, fome gracelifs mark, Scme fymptom ill conceaid', fhall, foon cr late, Burt like a pimple from the vicious tide Of acid blood, procluiming Want's difeafe Amidf the bloom of fhew. The feanty ftream, Slow loit'ring in its channel, feems to vie With Vaga's depth; but fould the fedgy pow'r, 185 Vainglorious, empty his peiurious um

O'er the rough rock, how mult his fellow freams Deride the tmkling's of the buative rilh! I not alpire to mark the dubious path
That leads to wealth, to poets mark'd in rain!
But ere feif-flatt'ry footh the vivid breaft
With drams of fortune near allay'd to fame,
Rentect bow few who charm'd the lift'ning tar
Of fatrap or of king her fmiles enjoy'd!
Comber well what meagre alms repaid
195
The great Miconian! fire of tumeful fong,
And prototype of all that foar'd fublime,
And left dull carcs below; what griefs impell'd The moriof bard of learn'd Eliza's reign
To tweil with tears his Mulla's parent fream, 200
And moum aioud the pang, " to ride, to rim,
"To fipend, to give, to want, to be undone."
Why fiould I tell of Cowley's penive iviufe,
Belov', in vain? too copious is my there!
Which of your boalted race might hope reward 205
Like loyal Butler, when the lib'ial Charles,
The judge of wit, perus'd the frightly page,
Triumphant o'er his foes ? Believe not hope,
The pott's parafite; but learn alone
3 a fpare the fcanty boon the Fates decree.
Poct and rich! 'tis fulecifn extreme!
? Tis heightend contradiotion! in his frame,
Inev'rynerve ard fibre of his foul,
The latent feecs and principles of want
Has Nature wove, and Fate confirm'd the clue.
Nor yet defpair to frun the ruder gripe
Of Pchury: with nice precition leam
A dollar's value. Foremolt in the page
That marks th' expenfe of each revolving year
Place inattention. When the lut of prate,
Or honour's falle idea, tempts thy foul
To flight frugality, affure thine heart
That dar.ger's near. This perittable coin
Is no vainore. It is thy liberty;
It fetters mileses, het it mult alune
225
Enfranchife thee. The workl, the cit-like world,

## MORAL PIECES.

Bids thee beware; thy little craft effay;
Nor, piddling with a tea-fpoun's hender form, See with foup ladies devis gorman ize.

Economy! thou good oid aunt! whofe mien, 230 Furrow'd with age and care, the wife adcre,
The wits contemn! referving ftill thy tores
To cheer thy triends at latt; why with the cit
Or booklefs chuil with each ignoble name,
Each earthly nature, deign'it thout to reficie?
And hunning all, who by thy favours crown'd
Might glad the world, to letk fome vuigar mind,
Inipring pride, and felfin thapes of ill?
Why with the old, infirm, and impotent,
And childleis, lave to dwell, yet leave the breaft 240
Ot youth unwarn'd, unguided, uniniom'd?
Of outh, to whom thy monitory voice
Weie doubly kind ? for, fure, to youthful eyes, (How thort foe er it prove) the road of life Appears procracted; fair on tither fide
The Loves, the Graces play, on Fortune's child
Proruiely fmiling: well magt youtn effay
The frugal plan, the lucrative employ,
Sonace of their favour all the livelong day,
$B_{\text {it }}$ Fate afients not. Age alone contrdsts
His meagre pals, to clench the rempting bane
Oi all his peace, the glitt'ring feeds of care!
O that the Mule's voice might perce the ear
Of gen'lous youth! for youth delerves her fong.
Youth is fair virtue's feaion, virtue then
Requires the pruner's hand; the frequuent ftage, It havely vege:ates; nor long the lpace Ere, robbdof warnath, its ard trunk difplays
Fell Winter's tatal reign. O lovely fource
Of gen'rous foible, youth! when op'ning minds 260 Are honer as the light, luad as air,
As foftring breczes kind, as linnets gay,
Iender as buds, and lavifn as tne apring!
Yci, hap!ets itate of man! his eailieit youth
Cuzens rielf; his age detrauds mankind.


Nor deem it fringe that rolling years abrade The focial bias. Lice's extcnfive page, What does it but unfold repeated proofs
Of gold's omnipotence? Watil patriots, friends, Sick'ning beneath its ray, enervate fome,
And others dead, whore putrid name exhales A noitume feent, the bulky volume teems:
With kinfmen, brothers, iens, moiftning the fhroud,
Or henouruing the grave, with feccious grief
Of Mort duration, foon in Fortune's beams
Alert, and wond'ring at the tears they fied.
But who thall fave, by tame profaic ftrain,
That glowing brealt where wit with youth confpires To fiveten luxury? The feartul Niufe
Shall yet proceed, tho' by the fainteft gleam
Of hope infpir'd, to warn the train the loves. 281

## PART THE SECOND.

1 N fome dark fearon, when the mifly fhow'r Obfcures the fun, and faddens all the fky, When linnets drop the wing, nor grove nor ftream Invites thee forth to lport tiny dro ping Mufe, Seize the dull hour, nor with regret allign
The worldly prudence. She, nor nice nor coy,
Accepts the tribute of a joylef's day;
She fmiles well-pleas'd when wit and mirth recede,
And not a Grace ard nct a Muse will hear.
Then from majeftic Maro's awful ftrain,
Or tow'ring Homer, let thine eye deficend
To trace, with patient incuftry, the page
Of income and expente: and, ob! beware
Thy breaf, felf-fatt'ring ; place no courtly fmile,
No golden promile of your faithiefs Muf,
Nor latent mine which Fortune's hand may flew,
Amid thy folid fore: The siren's fong
Wrecks not the lit'ning fallor half fo ture. See by what avenues, what devious paths,
The fout of Want, detelted, iteals aiung,
And baro each fatal pais! Some few fhort hours

Of punctual care, the refule of thy year,
On tiugal chemes employ'd, thall give the Mure
To fing intrepid many a cheerful day.
But if too toon betore the tepid gales
Thy reflution melt, and ardent vows,
In waly hous preferr'd, or बise icrgot,
Or feem the forc'd effect of hazy ikies,
Then, ere lurpiite, by whore jmpetwo rage
The mafiy fort, witis which thy gentier brealt
I not compare is won, the fong proceedis. Know, too, by Nature's undiminih'd law,
Throughout her realms obey'd, the various parts
Ot deep creation, atomis, jyfems, all,
Attract, and are attracted; nor prevails the law 35
Alone in matter; foul alike with foul
Afpires to join; nor yet in fouls alone,
In each idea it imbibes is found
The kind properlity ; and when they meet And grow familiar, varicus tho' their trobe,
Their tempers various, vow perptital faith;
That fhould the work's disjointed frame once nore
To chaos yield the livay, amid the wreck
Their union fhould furvive; with Roman warmth, Sy lacred hofpitat le laws endeaid,
Should each idea recollest its friend.
Hele then we fix; on this perennial bafe
Freti thy fafety, and dely the dium.
Let foft Profuthors fair idea join
Her land with Poventy; nor heredefft,
Till o'er the group that fomms their varicus train
Thou fing loud hymenéais. Let the pride
Of outward hew in laiting leagues combine
With hame threadbare; the gay vermilion iace
Of rah Intemp'rance be difcicetly paired
With fallow Hunger: the licentious joy
Vith mean dependence; ev'n the dear delight
Ot lonlpture, paint, intaglics, books, and coirs, Thy breait, fagacious Prudence! fhail comect
With fith and beggary, nor dickain to link
W.tis b'a.s. Infolvency. Thy fcul, alisim 'd,

Shall Ihtn the Siren's voice, nor boldly dare To bid the foft enchantrefs fhare thy heeaft, With inch a train of horrid fiends conion'rd.

Nor think, ye iordid race! ye grovilling minds! 65
I frame the fong for you; ior you the Muie
Could other rules impart. The friendly frain,
For gentier bofoms plann'd, to your's would prove The juice of lurid aconite, exceed
Whatever Colchos bere, and in your breait
Compafion, love, and friendthip! alldeftroy.
It greatly mall ava: 1 , if e'er thy fores
Increaife a pace by periodic days
Of annuai payment, or thy patron's boon, The lean reward of grofs unbounded praite?
It much avalis to feize the prelent hour,
And, urdeiberating, call around
Thy hungry creditors; their horrid rage
When once appeas'd, the lmali remaining fore
Shali riee in weight tenfold, in luftre rife,
As gold improvid by many a fiurce afiay.
'Tis thus the frusai hubandman direcrs
His narro:v ftream, if o'er its wonted banks,
By fudden rams impell'd, it proudly livell;
His timely hand thro' better tracks conveys
The quick decreating tide, ere borne aiong,
Or thro the witid morals, or cultur'd field,
Or biated grals mature, or barren tands, It flow deftuctive, or it how in vain. But happeit he who fanctifes expenfe
By pre:e t pay; who fubjeits not his fame To tradefmen's varits, nor bequeaths his name, His hunourd manse, to deck the vulgar page $\mathrm{O}_{3}$ bale mechanic, fordid, unlincere!
There haply, while thy Mufe fublimely foars
Beyond this earthiy iphere, in teav'ns aboles, And drearns of nectar and an brohal liveets, Thy growing debt iteals unregarded o'er The punctual record, till nor Phobus' felf, Nor fage Minerva's art, can aught avail
To footh the ruthlefs dun's detefied rage:

Frantic and fell, with many a curfe profane
He loads the gentle Mufe, then hurls thee down
To want, remorfe, captivity, and fhame.
Each public place, the glittring haunts of men,
With horrour fly. Why loiter near thy bane?- 10 s
Why fondly linger on a holtile fhore
Difarm'd, defencelefs? why require to tread
The precipice? or why, alas! to breathe
A moment's ipace where ev'ry breeze is death?
110
Death to thy future peace! Away, collect
Thy dilipated mind; contract thy train
Of wild ideas, o'er the flow'ry fields
Of Ahew diffus'd, and fpeed to fafer climes.
Economy prefents her gla.s, accept
The faithful mirror, pow'rful to difclofe
A thoutand forms unfeen by earelef's eyes,
That plot thy faie. 'Temptation in a rohe
Of Tyriandye, with ey'ry fweet perfum'd,
Befets thy fenfe; Extortion follows clofe
120
Her wanton flep, and Ruin brings the rear.
Thefe and the relt thall her myfterious glats
Embody to thy view; like Venus kind,
When to her lab'ring fon the 'vengeful porv'rs
That urg'd the fail of Ilium the difplay'd:
125
He , not imprudent, at the fight deciin'd
Th' unequal conflict, and decreed to raife
The Trojan welfare on fome happier fhore.
For here to drain thy fivelling purie await
A thoufand arts, a thoufard frauds attend: $\quad$;o
"The cloud-wrought canes, the gorgeous finuff boxts,
"The twinkling jewels, and the gold etwee,
"With all its bright inhabitants, fhall wate
"6 Its melting itores, and in the dreary void
"I Leare net a doit behind." Ere yet exhauf,
Its thimfy folds ofiend thy perfive eye,
Away! embotom'd deep in diftant fhades,
Nor icen nor feeing, thou may'it vent thy foom
Of lace, embroid'ry, purple, gems, and gold!
Thiere of the faded top and elfenc'l beau,
Furccious, with a Stcic's frowa diclofe

Thy manly foom, averie to tinfel pomp,
And fluent thine harangue. But can thy foul
Deny thy limbs the radiant grace of drefs, Where drefs is merit! where thy graver friend

145
Shall wifh thee burnifh'd! where the fprightly fair
Demand embellift ment! ev'n Delia's tye, As in a garden, roves, of hues alone Inıquirent, curious? Fly the curs'd domain;
Thefe are the realms of luxury and fhew,
No claffic foil; away! the bloomy fpring
Attracts thee hence; the warning autumn warns;
Fly to thy native fhades, and dread, ev'n there,
Left bufy fancy tempt thy narrow fate
Beyond its bounds. Obferve Florelio's mien:
-Why treads my triend with melancholy ftep
That beauteous lawn? why, penfive, ftrays his eye
O'er fatues, grotioes, urns, by critic art
Proportion'd tair? or from his lofty dome,
Bright ghitt'ring thro the grcve, retums his eye 160
Unpleas'd, difconfolate? And is it love,
Difaftrous love, that robs the finifid feenes
Of all their beauty ? cent'ring all in her
His foul adores? or from a blacker caule
Springs this remorfeful gloom? Is confcious guilt ibs
The latent fource of more than love's defpair :
It cannot be within that polifh'd breatt,
Where fcience dwells, that guilt fhould harbour there.
No; 'tis the fad furvey of prefent want
And paft profufton! lolt to him the fweets
Of yon' pavillion, fraught with ey'ry charm
For other eyes; or if remaining, proofs
Of criminal expenie! Swest interchange
Of river, valley, mountain, woods, and plains!
How gladfome once he rang'd your native turf,
175
Your limple fcenes, how raptur'd! ere Expenfe
Had havif'd thoufand omaments, and taught
Convenience to perplex him, art to pall,
Pomp to dejert, and Beanty to dípleafe!
Oa! for a foul to all the glare of weal:h,
180
To Fortune's wide exhauflels treafury,

Nobly fuperiour! but let Caution guide
The coy difpofal of the wealth we icirn,
And Prudence be our Almoner. Alas!
The pilgrim ward'ring o'er fome dittant clime,
Sworn foe of av'rice! nor dilitains to learn
Its coin's imputed worth, the deflin'd means
To fmootl) his paffage to the favour'd flrine.
Ah! let not us, who tread this franger world,
Let none who fojourn on the realms of life,
190
Forget the land is merc'nary, nor wafte
His fare ere landed on no venal hore.
Let never bard confult Palladio's rules ;
Let never bard, O Bualington! furvey
Thy learned art, in Chifwick's dome difplay'd; 195
Dang'rous incentive! nor with ling'ring ege
Survey the window Venice cails her own.
Better for him with no ingrateful Muse
To fing a requiein to that gonle foul
Who plann'd the fkylight, which to lavifh bards 200
Conveys alone the pure ethereal ray ;
For garrets him, a a:d fqualid walls, await,
Unlefs, prefageful, from this friendy frain
He glean advice, and fiun the ficribbier's dcon. 204

## PART THE THIRD.

YET once again, and to thy doubtful fate The tiembling Mufe configns thee. Ere contempt, Or W'ant's empoiion'd arrow, ridicule, Transfix thy weak unguarced breaf, behold!
The poet's roofs, the carelef's poets, his
Who fcons advice, fhali clote my tericus lay.
When Gulliver, now great, now little drem'd,
The plaything of Comparifon, arriv'd
Where leaned bofoms their uërial fchemes
Projected, trudicus of the priblic weal,
'Mid thele one fubtler artit he delcry'd,
Who cherifh'd in his dutiy icmentent
The fider's web, injuricus, to :up: vant
wior Albion's fieces! Neres, nevel may

Our monarch on fuch fatal purpoie fmile,
And irritate Minerva's beggar'd fons,
The Melkfham weavers! Here in ev'ry nook
Their wefts they fpun, here revell'd uncontioll'd,
And, like the flags from Weftminfter's high reof
Dependent, here their flutt'ring textures wav'd. Such, fo adorn'd the cell I mean to ing !
Cell ever fqualid! where the ineerful maid
Will not fatigue her hand, broom never comes,
That comes to all, o'er whofe quiefcent walls
Arachne's unmoleifed care has drawn
Curtains lubfurk, and lave th' expenie of art. Survey thofe walls, in fady texture clad,
Where wand'ring fnails in many aflimy path,
Free, unreftrain'd, their various journies crawl;
Peregrinations ftrange, and labyrinths
Contus'd, inextricable! fuch the clue
Of certain Ariadne ne'er explain'd!
Hooks! angles! crooks! and involutions wild!
Mean-time, thus filver'd with meanders gay,
In mimic pride the fnail-wrought tiflue thmes,
Perchance of tabby, or of harrateen,
Not ill expreflive ; fuch the pow'r of fuails!
Behold his chair, whofe tractur'd feat infirm
An aged cufnion hides! replete with duft
The toliag'd velvet, pieaing to the eye
Of great Eliza's reign, but now the inare
Of weary gueft that on the feccions bed
Sits down confiding. Ah! diiaftrous wight!
In evil hour and ramly dolt thou trut
The fraudful couch! for tho' in velvet cas'd,
The fated thigh mail kils the dutty foor.
The trav'ller thus, that o'er Hibernian plains
Hath fhap'd his way, on beds protule of flow 'rs, Cowilip, or primrofe, or the circtar eye
Of dary fair, clecrees to bark fupine.
And fee! delighted, down he drops, fecure
Of fweet refrefhment, eafe without annoy,
Or lulcious noon-day nap. Ah! much deceiv'd,
Much fuff'ring pilgrim! thou nor noon-day nap

Nor fweet repofe fhalt find; the falfe morafs
In quiv'ring undulations yields beneath
Thy burden, in the miry gulf enclos'd!
And who would truft appearance? caft thine eye
Where 'mid machines of het'rogenous form
His coat depends, alas! his only coat,
Eldert of things! and haplefs, as an heath
Of fmall exient by fleecy myriads graz'd.
Not diff'rent have I feen in dreary vault
Difplay'd a coffin; on each fable fide
The texture unmolefted feems entire;
Fraudful, when touch'd it glides to duft away,
And leaves the wond'ring fwain, to gape, to itare,
And with exprefiive flrug and piteous ligh
Declare the fatal force of rolling years,
$\mathrm{O}:$ dire extent of frail mortality:
This aged vefture, forn of gazing beans
And formal cits, (themfelves too haply (corn'd,)
Both on its fleeve and on its firt retains
Full many a pin wide fparkling: for if e'er
Their well-known creft met his delighted eye,
Tho wrapt in thought, commercing with the $\mathbb{R y}$,
He, gently flooping, foom'd not to upraife,
And on each fleeve, as confcions of their ufe,
Indenting fix them; nor, when arm'd with thefe,
The cure of rents and feparations dire,
And channs enormous, did he view difmay-d
Hisdge, bramble, thicket, buh, portendurg fate
To breeches, coat, and hole! had any wight
Of vulgarfkill the tender texture own'd;
But gave his mind to form a fonnet quaint
Of Silvia's flee-ftring, or of Chlee's fan,
Or fweetly-taihion'd tip of Cehàs ear.
Alas! by freçent ufe decays the force
Ot mortal art! the refractory robe
Eludes the taior's art, eludes his cwn;
How fotent once, in union quaint corjoin'd!
See near his bed (his bed, too fallely cali'd
The Piace of Reft, while it a hard tuttains,
Pale, meagre, mule rid wight! who readsin sain

Narcotic volumes o'er) his candieltick,
Radiant machine! when from the plaltick hand
Of Mulciber, the may'r of Birmingham,
The engine iftu'd; now, alas! ditguis'd
By many an uneuous tide, that waid'ring down
Its fides congeal; what he, perhaps, efliays,
100
With humour forc'd, and ill diffembied finile,
Idly to liken to the poplar’s trunk,
When o'er its bark the lucis amber, wound
In many a pleaing fold, incrufts the tree;
Or fuits him more the winter's candy'd thorn, 10 s
Wher from each branch, ameal'd, the works of froit Pervalive, radiant icicles depend?

How flall I fing the various ills that waits
The careful fonnettetr? or who can paint
The fhifts enormous that in vain he forms
To patch his panelefs window ; to cenn nut
His batter`d tea-pot, ill-retentive vale!
To war with ruin? anxious to conceal
Want-s fell appearance, of the real ill
Nor foe nor fearful. Ruin unforeleen
Invades his chattels; Ruin will invade,
Will claim his whole invention to repair,
Nor of the gift, for tunetul ends defign'd,
Allow one part to decorate his fong ;
While Ridicule, with ever-pointing hand, 120
Conicious of ev'ry hiift, of ev'ry fhift
Irdicatise, his inmolt plot betrays,
Poin:s to the nook, which he is Study calls, Pomporsand vain! for thus he might eftem
His cielt a waldrobe, purfe a treafury;
And thews, to crown her full diiplay, himfelf;
One whom the powis above, in place of health And wonted vigour, of paternal cot
Ot littlefarm; of bag, or fcrip, or ftaff, Cup, dift, fpoon, plate, or worldiy uteníl,
A poet fram ci, yet frain'l nor to repine,
And winh the cobbler's loftieft fite his own ;
Nor, partial as they feem, upbraid the Fates,
Who to the humbler mechanifm join'd

Good fo fuperiour, lich exalted blifs!
See with what feeming eale, what labour'd peace,
He, haplefs hypocrite! refines his nail,
His chief amuiement! then how feign'd, how forc'd,
That care-defying fonnet which implies
His debts difcharg`d, and he of halt-a-crown
In full poileffion, uncontefted right
And property! Yet, ah! who'er this wight Admiring view, if fuch their be, diftruft
The vain pretence; the fimiles that harbour grief,
As lurks the ferpent deep in flow'rs enwreath'd.
145
Forewarn'd, be trugal, or with prudent rage
Thy pen demolifh; chufe the trutier flail,
And blels thof labours which the choice infpir'd.
But if thou view'It a vulgar mind, a wight
Of common lenfe, who feeks no brighter name,
Him envy, him admire, him, from thy breaft,
Prefcient of future dignities, falute
Sheriff, or may'r, in comforcable firs
Enwrapt, lecure; nor yet the laureat's crown
In thought exclude him! he perchance thall rife 155 To nobler heights than for fight can decree.

When fird with wrath for his intrigues difplay'd In many an idle fong, Saturnian Jove
Vow'd live deftruction to the tuneful race Appeas'd by fuppliant Phoebus; "Bards," he faid, "Hericeforth of plenty, wealth and pomp debarr'd, "But fed by fingal cares, might wear the bay "Secure of thunder."-Low the Delian bow'd, Nor at th' invidious favour dar'd repine.


## THE RUIN'D ABBEY:

 OR, THE EFFECTS OF SUPERSTITION.A T length fair Peace, with olive crown'd, regains Her laxful thione, and co the facred haunts Of wood or fount the trighted Mufe returns.

Happy the batd who, from his native hills, Soit muling on a fiummer's eve, furveys
His azure frean, with pendile wouds enclos ${ }^{7} d$;
Or ver the starfy furface wilh his friend,
Or faithiul tair, tho bord"ring willows green, Wafts lus imall figgate. I earlefs he of flouts Oi tauncs, the rhet'ic of the wat'ry crew
That ape confufion from the realms they rule;
Frarlels of thete; who thares the gentler voice
Ci prace and mulic ; birds of fweeteft fong Attune tion native boughs their various lay,
And cheer the fortett birds of brighter plume
With busy pinion tkim the glitt'ring wave,
And temyt the fun, ambitious to difplay
Their fevaral merit, while the vocal tlute
Or'mumbed'd verle, by female voice endear*d, Crowns his delight, and mollifies the fcene.

If rolitude his wand'rino fteps invite
Io fome more deep recels, (for hours there are
When gay, when locial minds to friendthip's voice
O: Beauty's charm her wild abodes prefer,)
How pleas'd he treacis her venerable fnades,
Her iulemn courts! the centre of the grove!
The root-built care, by far extended rocks
Around embofom ${ }^{-1}$, how it fooths the foul!
If icvop'd at fritt by fuperfitious hands
The rugged ccill receiv'd alone the fhoals
Of higot minds, keligion divells not here,
Yet Virtue pleas ${ }^{2} d$ at intervals retires :
Yet lacre may Widdom, as the walks the maze, Some lerious truxins collect, the rules of life, Aind frious truths of mightier weight thais gold!

I atik not weaith ; but let me hoard with care,
With tiliodi cumnng, with a n.ggard's art,

A few fix'd principles, in early life,
Ere indolerce mpede the fearch, explor'd;
Then like old Latimer, when ase impairs
My judgment's eye, when quibbling ichools attack
My grcunded hope, or fubtler wits deride,
Will I not blufh to thun the vain debate,
And this mine anliver; "Thus, 'twas thus I thought,
" My mind yet rigorous, and my foul entire ;
"' Thus will I think, averfe to liften more
"To intricate difcufion, prone to ftray.
" Perhaps my reafon may but ill defend
" My fettied faith; my mind, with age impair"d,
"Too fure its own infirmities declare.
50
"But I am arm'd by caution, studious youth,
"And early forefight : now the winds may rife,
"The tempett whiftle, and the billows roar;
" My pinnace rides in port, de fpoil'd and worn,
" Shatier'd by time and forms, but while it fhuns
"Th" unequal conflict, and declines the deep,
"Sees the frong veffel fluctuate, lef's fecure." Thus while he flrays, a thoufand rural feenes
Suggeft inftruction, and inftructing pleafe.
And fee betwixt the grove's extended arms
An Abbey's nude remains attract thy view,
Gilt by the midday fun : with ling'ring liep
Produce thine axe, (for, aiming to deftroy
Tree, branch, or thade, for never flatl thy breat
Too long deliberate,) with tim'rous hand
Remove til oblinutive bough ; nor yet refufe,
Tno fighing, to defiroy that fav'rite pine,
Rais'd by thme hand, in its !uxuriant prime
Of beauty fair, that Icreens the vait remains.
Aggriev'd, but conftant as the Roman ine,
The rigid Manlius, when his conqu'ring fon
Bled by a parent's voice, the crnel meed
Of vituous ardour timelersly difplay'd;
Nor ceate till, thiro the gloomy road, the pile
Gieam unobitructed: thither oft' thine eye
Shall weetly wander; thence returning, footh
Wath penive aculus thy philolophic mind.

Thefe were thy haunts, thy opulent abodes,
O Superftition! hence the dire diteale
(Balanc'd with which the farn'd Athonian peft 80
Were a fhort headach, were the trivial pain
Of tranfient indignation) feiz'd mankind.
Long fince fhe rag'd, and fcarce a fouthern gale
Warm'd our chill air, unloaded with the threats
Of tyrant Rome; but futile all, till fhe,
Rome's abler legate, magnify'd their pow'r,
And in a thoufand horrid forms attir'd.
Whare then was rruth to fanctify the page
Of Britilh annals ? if a foe expir'd,
The perjur'd monk fuborn'd infernal hrieks
And fiends to fnatch at the departing foul
With lellifi emulation : if a friend,
High o'er his roof exultant angels tune
Their golden lyres, and waft him to the flies.
94
What then were vows, were oaths, were plighted
The for'reign's juft, the fubeect's loyal pact, [faith ?
To cherifl mutual good, ampui'd and vain,
By Roman magic, grew an idle icroll
Ere the frail lanetion of the wax was cold.
With thee, Plantagenet !* from civil broils 100
The land awhile repird, and all was peace.
'Then Becket role, and, impotent ot m:nd,
From regal conrts with lawlefs fury march'd
The churcris's blood-ltain'd convicts, and firgave,
Bid murd'rous priefts the fov'rergn frown contemn,
And with unhallow'd crofier brus'd the crown. iof
Yet yjelded not fupinely tame a prince
Of Henry's virtues ; learn'd, courageous, wife,
Of fair ambition. Longhis regal foul,
Firm and ereft, the peevin prate exild,
And braved the fury of revengtful Rome.
In vain! let one faint malady diliufe
The penfive gloom which Superitition loves,
And fee ham dwindled to a rezreant groom,
Rein the proud paifiey while the priett atcends!

Was Cœur-de-Lion* blers'd with whiter days?
Here the cowl'd zealots with united cries
Urg'd the crufade; and fee! of half his fores
Deipoil'd the wretch whofe wifer bofom chole To blefs his friends, his race, his native land.

Of ten fair luns that rode their annual race,
Not one beheld him on his vacant throne;
While haughty Longchanr, $\dagger$ 'mid his Liv'ry files Of wanton vaffals, ipoild his faithful realm, Battling in foreign fields; coilecting wide A laurel harveft for a pillaged land.

Oh! dear-bought trophies! when a prince deferts
His droopirg realm to pluck the barren tprays !
When faithlefs John ufurp'd the fully'd crown,
What ample tyrany ! the groaning land
130
Deem'd earth, deem'd heav'n, its foe! Six tedious
Our helphefs fathers in defpair obey'd. [years
The papal interdict ; and who obey'd
The fov'reign plurder'd. O inglorious days!
When the French tyrant, by the futile grant
Of papal refcript, claim'd Britamia's throne,
And duft invade! be fuch inglorious days
Oi: hence forgot, or not recalld in vain!
Scarce had the tortur'd ear, dejected, heard
Rome's loud anathema, but heartlefs, dead
140
To ev'ry purpoie, men nor wiffid to live
Nor darde to die. The poor laborions hind
Heard the dire curie, and from his trembling hand
Fell the neglected crouk that rul'd the plain :
Thence journeying home, in ev'ry cloud he fees 545
A vengetul angel, in whofe waving foroll
He reads damnation ; fees its lable train
Qr grim attendants pencil d by defpair !
The weary pilgrim from remoter cilmes
By painful fteps arriv'd, his home, his friends, 150
His offspring left to lavith on the fhrine
Of fome far-honourd faint his conly fores,
Inyerts his foot-ltep, fickens at the light
O. the barr'd faric, and lient ficdo his tear.

* Rechard I. $\quad+$ Bifino of E: $\%$, Lu.d C......cilion.

The wretch, whofe hope by itern Oppreffion chas d From ev'ry earthly blifs, ftill as it faw
Triumphant wrong, took wing and flew to heav'n,
And relted there, now mourn'd his refuge loft
And wonted peace. The facred fane was barrod; And the lone altar, where the mourners throng' d To fupplicate remiffion, fmoak'd no more:
While the green weed luxuriant round uprofe.
Some from their deathbed, whofe delirious faith
'Thro' ev'ry fage of life to Rome's decrees
Oblequious, humbly hopd to die in peace,
Now faw the ghafly king approach, begirt
In tenfold terrours; now expiring heard
The laft loud ciarion found, and H av'n's decree
With unremitting vengeance bar the thies.
Nor light the grief, by Superftition weiglid, 170
That their dithonour'd corie, fhut from the verge
Of hallow'd earth, or tutelary fane,
Muft fleep with brutes, their vaffals, on the field,
Unneath fome path, in marle un xorcis'd!
No folemn bell extort a neighbour's tear!
175
No tongue of prielt pronounce their foul fecure,
Nor fondeft friend alfure their peace obtaind!
The prieft, alas ! fo boundleis was the ill!
He, like the flock he pillag'd, pin'd forlorn;
The vivid vermeil fled his fady cheek,
And his big paunch, diftented with the Ipoils
Of half his flock, emaciate, groan'd beneath
Superior pride and mightier luft of pow's!
'Twas now Rome's fondeft friend, whofe meagre hand
Told to the midnight lamp his holy beads
With nice precifion, feit the deeper wound, As his gull'd feul sever'd the conclave more.

Whom did the ruin ifare ? for wealth, ior pow'r,
Birth, honour, virtue, eremy, and triend, Sunk he'pleis, in the dreary gult involv'd,
And one capricious curle envelop'd all!
Werekings lecure? in tow'ring itations born,
In filte'ry nurs'd, inur'd to forn mankind,
Or view diminif'd from their hite fublime, .

In fiowy groups diffilive foud the vale.
Awhile the furious menace John return'd, And breath'd defiance loud. Alas! too loon Allegiance fick'ning, faw its fov'reign yield
An angry prey to fruples not his own.
The loyal ioldier, girt around with Atrength,
Who ftole from mirth and wine his blooming years,
And feiz'd the fauchion, refolute to guard
Ilis fov'reign's right, impaliy'd at the rews,
Finds the firm bias of his foul revers'd
For foul defertion, drops the lifted fteel,
And quits Fame's noble harvelt, to expire
The death of monks, of furfeit and of floth!
At length, fatigu'd with wrongs, the fervile king
Drain'd from his hand its fmall remaining fores 211 To buy remiffion. But could thefe cbtain?
No! relolute in wrongs the prieft obdur'd, Till crawling bafe to Rome's deputed flave, His fame, his people, and his crown, he gave. 215 Mean monarch! flighted, brav'd, abhori'd, before!

And now, appeas'd by delegated fway,
The wily pontiff forns not to recall
His interdictions. Now the facred doors Admit repentant multitudes, prepar'd
To buy deceit ; admit obfecquious tribes
Of fatraps : princes! crawling to the thrine
of fainted villainy! the pompous tomb
Dazzling with gems and gold, or in a clond
Of incene wreath'd, anidft a drooping land
That figh'd for bread! 'Tis thus the Indian clove Difplays its verdant leaf, its crimfon flow'r, And fleds its odours, while the flocks around, Hungry and faint the barren fands explore In vain! nor plant nor herb endears the foil,
Drain'd and exhault to fwell its thirfty pores, Anl furninh luxury-Yet, yet in vain Britannia flrove; and whether artiul Rome

Carefs'd or curs'd her, Superfition rag'd,
And blinded, fetter'd, and defpoil'd the land. 235 At length fome murd'rous monk, with pois'nous
Expell'd the life his brethren robb'd of peace. [art, Nor yet furceas'd with John's ditaftrous fate
Pontific fury: Englifh wealth exhauft,
The fequent reign* beheld the beggar'd fhore 240
Grim with Italian ufurers, prepard
Te lend, for griping unexampled hire,
To lend-what Rome might pillage uncontroll'd.
For now with more extenfive havock rag'd
Felentlefs Grèg'ry, with a thourand arts,
And each rapacions, born to drain the world!
Nor flall the Mule repeat how oft' he blew
The croife's trumpet ; then for fums of gold
Amull'd the vow, and bade the falie alarm
Swell the grols hoards of Henry or his own:
Nor thall he tell how pontiffis dar'd repeal
The beft of charters! dar'd a'folve the tie
Of Britih kings, by legal oath reftrain'd,
Nor can the dwell on argofies of gold
From Albion's realm to fervile thores convey'd,
Wrung from ber fons, and fpeed d by her kings!
On, itk fome days! when wicked thrones comome
With papal craft to gull their native land!
Such was our fate while Rome's director taught
Of fubjefis born to be their monarch's prey,
To toil for monks, for gluttony to toil,
For vacant glittony; extortion, fraud,
For av'rice, envy, pride, revenge, and thame!
O dotrine breath drom Stygian caves! exhal'd From inmoft Erebus!-Such Hemy's reign !
Urging his loyal realm's reluctant hand
To wied the peaceful fword, by John ewewhile Furced from its fcabbard, and with burnifh'd tance ETay the farage cure, domentic war!

An'3 now tome nubler finitits chas'd the mint
Of genral darknefs. Grofted $\dagger$ now adurn'd

[^20]The mitred wreath he wore, with Reafon's fword Stagg'ring delufion's frauds; at length beneath Rome's interdict expiring calm, relign'd No vulgar foul, that dar'd to Heav'n appeal !
But, ah! this fertile glebe, this fair domain,
Had well nigh ceded to the flothful hands
Of monks libidinous, ere Elward's care
The lavifh hand of deathbed Fear reftrain'd.
Yet was he clear of Superftition's taint !
He , too, midtemful of his wholefome law, Ev'n he, expiring, gave his trealur'd gold To fatten monks on Salem's diftant foil!

Yes, the Third Edwaid's brealt, to papal fway
So little prone, and fierce in honour's caufe,
Could superitition quell! before the tow'rs
Of haggard Paris, at the thunder's voice
He drops the fword, and figns ignoble peace!
But titl the Night, by Romith art diffus'd,
Collects her clouds, and with flow pace recedes; 290
When, by fott Bourdeau's braver queen approv'd,
Bold Wickliff rofe; and while the bigot pow'r
Amidt her native darknefs fkulk'd fecure,
The demon vanifh'd as he fpread the day.
So from his bofom Cacus breath'd of old
The pitchy cloud, and in a night of fmoke Secure, awhile his recreant life fuitain'd,
Till fam'd Alcides, o'er his fubtleft wiles Victorious, checr"d the ravag'd nations round.

Hail, honour'd Wickliff! enterprizing age! 300
An Epicurus in the caufe of truth!
For 'tis not radiant funs, the jovial hours
Of youthful tpring, an ether all ferene,
Nor all the verdure of Campania's vales
Can chate religious gloom! 'Tis reafon, thought, 305
The light, tie radiance, that pervades the foul,
And theds its beams on heav'ns myfterious way!
As yet this light but glimmer'd, and again
Errour prevailed; winle kings, by force uprais'd, Let loofe the rage of bigots on their foes,

Of licens'd murder. Ev'n the kindeft prince,
The moft extended breaft, the royal Hal !
All unrelenting heard the Lollards' cry Binft from the centre of remorfelefs flames;
Their fhrieks endurd! O ftain to martial praife!
When Cobham,' gen'rous as the noble peer
That wears his honours, paid the faral price
Of virtue biooming ere the ftoms were laid!
'Twas thus, alternate, truth's precarious flame $3^{20}$
Decay'd or flourifh'd. With malignant cye
The pontiff faw Britannia's golden fleece,
Once all his own, invelt her worthier fons !
Her verdant vallies, and her fertile plains,
Yellow with grain, abjure his hateful fway!
Effay'd his utmoft art, and inly own'd
No labours bore proportion to the prize.
So when the tempter view'd, with envious eye,
The firf fair pattern of the fenale frame,
All Nature's beauties in one form difplay'd,
And centring there, in wild amaze he ftood;
Then only envying Heav'n's creative hand, Winh'd to his gloomy reign his envious arts Might win this prize, and doubled ev'ry fare.

And vain were realon, courage, learning, all, 395
Till pow'r accede ; till Tudor's wild caprice
Smile on their caufe; Tudor! whofe tyrant reign,
With mental freedom crown'd, the beft of kings might envious view, and ill prefer their own!
Then Wolfey rofe, by Nature form'd to feek 340
Ambition's trophies, by addrefs to win,
By temper to enjoy-whofe humbler birth
Taught the gay fcenes of pomp to dizzle more.
Then from its tow'ring height with horrid found
Run'd the proud Abbey: then the vaulted roo:, 345
Torn from their walls, difclos'd the wanton fcene
Of monkifh chaftity ! Each ailgry friar
Crawl'd from his bedded ftrumpet, mutt'ring low An ineffectual curfe. The pervious nooks,
That, ages paft, convey'd the guikeful prieft 35 ? To play fome image on the gaping crowd,

Imbibe the novel daylight, and expofe, Obvious, the fraudtulengin'ry of Rome. As tho this op'uing earth to nether realms - Should flafh meridian day, the hooded race

When from the tend'reft breaft each wayward prieft
Could banifh mercy and implant a fiend !
When cruelty the fun'ral pyre uprear'd,
And bound Religion there, and fir'd the bafe! $3^{6} 5$
When the fame blaze, which on each tortur'd limb
Fed with luxuriant rage, in ev'ry face
Triumphant faith appear'd, and fmiling hope.
O blefs'd Eliza! fromshy piercing beam
Forth flew this hated fiend, the child of Rome; 370
Driv'n to the verge of Albion, linger'd there,
Then with her James receding, calt behind
One angry frown, and fought more fervile climes.
Henceforth they ply'd the long-continued tak
Of righteous havock, cov'ring diftant fields
With the wrought remnants of the fhatter'd pile,
While thro' the land the muling pilgrim fees
A track of brighter green, and in the midit
Appears a mould'ring wall, with ivy crown'd,
Or Gothic turret, pride of ancient days!
Now but of ufe to grace a rural feene,
To bound our viltas, and to glad the fons
Of George's reign, referv'd for fairer times !


## LOVE AND HONOUR.

End neque Medorum five, ditiffima terra
fec pulcter Ganges, atque auto turbidus Hams,
Laudibus Angligenum certent; non Bact-a, fec India
Totaque turiferis Panclizia pinguid arenas.
IMITATION.
Yet let rot Median woods (abundant track!)
Nor Gauges* fair, nor Hams, $\dagger$ mifer-like,
Proud of hishoarded gold, presume te vie
With Britain's boast and praise; nor Persian Bactria, $\rangle$
Nor India's coasts, nor all Padchcia's! ia: 1 db,
Rich, and exciting in their softy towers.

LETT the green olive glad Hesperian fores ; Her tawny citron, and her orange groves, There let Iberia boat; but if in vain To win the franger plant's diffusive file The Briton labours, yet our native minds,
Our conftant bofoms, thee the dazzled world May view with envy; there Iberian dames Survey with fix'd efteem and fond defire. Hapless Elvira! thy diftaftrous fate May well this truth explain, nor ill adorn
The Britifh lyre; then chiefly, if the Mule, Nor vain nor partial, from the fimple guife Of ancient record catch the penlive lay, And in lefs grovelling accents give to fame. Elvira! lovelieft maid! th' Iberian realm
Could boat no purer breaft, no Sprightlier mind, No race more fplendent, and no form fo fair. Such was the chance of war, this peerless maid, In lift's luxuriant bloom, enrich'd the foil Of Britifh victors, vict'ry's nobleft pride! She, the alone, amid the wailful train Of captive maids, affign'd to Henry's care, Lord of her life, her fortune, and her fame!

He , gen'rous youth! with no penurious hand, The tedious moments, that unjoyous roll Where Freedom's cheerful radiance fines no more, Effay'd to foften; conlcious of the pang

[^21]$25^{6}$ MORAL PIECES.
That Beauty feels, to wafte its fleeting hours
In fome dim fort, by foreign mule reftrain'd,
Far from the haunts of men or eye of day !
Sometimes, to cheat her bofem of its cares, Her kind protector number'd o'er the toils
Himfelf had wom; the frowns of angry feas,
Or hoftile rage, or faithlefs friend, mose fell
Than form or foe ; if haply the might find
Her cares diminith'd ; fruttiefs, fond eflay !
Now to her lovely hand with modeft awe
The tender lute he gave; fhe, not averfe,
Nor deflitute of fkill, with willing hand
Call'd forth angelic ttrains; the facred debt
Of gratitude, the faid, whole juft commands
Still might her hand with equal pride obey!
Nor to the melting founds the nympli refus'd
Her vocal art ; harmonious as the ftram
Of fome impriton'd lark, who, daily cheer'd
Py guardian cares, repays them with a fong, Nor droops, nor deems fiweet liberty relign'd.

The fong, not artlefs, had fhe fram'd to paint Difaftrous paffion; how, by tyrant laws
Of idiot cultom fway'd, fome foft-ey'd fair
Lov'd only one, nor dar'd that lore reveal!
How the foft anguifh banifh'd from her cheek The damank rofe full-blown; a fever came, And from her bofom forc'd the plaintive tale; Then, fwift as light, he fought the love-lorn maid, But vainly fought her, torn by fivitter fate
To join the tenants of the myrtle fhade,
Lore's mournful victims on the plains below.
Sometimes, as Fancy fooke the plealing tafk,
She taught her artful needile to difpiay
The various pride of ipring; then fivift upfprung
Thickets of myrtle, eglantine, and rofe:
There might you fee, on gentic toils intent,
A train of buly Loves; fome pluck the flow'r, Some twine the garland, fome with grave grimace foround a vacant warriour caft the wreath.
'Twas paint, 'twas life! and fure to piercing eyes
'The warriour's face depitur'd Henry's mien.
Now had the gen'rous chief with joy perus'd
The royal icroll, which to their native home,
Their ancient rights, uninjur'd, unredeem'd,
Reftor'd the captives. Forth with rapid hafte
To glad his fair Elvira's ear he fprung,
Fir'd by the blifs he panted to convey ;
But frr'd in vain! Ah! what was his amaze, 75
His fond diftrefs, when o'er her pallid face
Dejection reign'd, and from her lifelefs hand
Down dropt the myrtle's fair unfinifh'd flow'r!
Speechlefs fhe ftood; at length with accents faint,
"Well may my native fhore," fhe faid, "refound 80
" Thy monarch's praife; and here Elvira prove
" Of thine forgetful; flow'rs thall ceafe to feel
"The foft'ring breeze, and Nature change her laws!" And now the grateful edict wide alarm'd
The Britifh hoft. Around the fmiling youths,
Call'd to their native feenes, with willing hafte
Their fleet unmoor, impatient of the love
That weds each bofom to its native foil.
The patriot paffion! ftrong in ev'ry clime, How juftly theirs who find no foreign fiveets

Not fo Elvira! fhe, difaftrous maid!
Was doubly captive; pow'r nor chance could loofe The fubtile bands; the lov'd her gen'rous foe; Slie, where her Henry dwelt, her Henry fmil'd,
Could term her native fhore; her native fhore, By him deferted, fome unfriendly ftrand, Strange, bleak, forlorn! a defert wafte and wild. The fleet careen'd, the wind propitious fill'd The fwelling fails, the glitt'ring tranjports wav'd Their pennants gay, and halcyons' azure wing, $10 x$ With flight aufpicious, flimm'd the placid man. On her lone couch in tears Elvira lay, And chid th' officious wind, the tempting fea, And wifh'd a ftorm as mercilefs as tore Her lab'ring boom. Fondly now the flrove

But now the chief rcturnd, prepar'd to lanch
On Ocean's willing breaf, and bid adieu
To his fair pris'ner. She, foon as the heard Iris hated errand, now no more conceal'd The raging flame, but with a fpreading blum
And rifing figh the latent pang difclos'd.
"Yes, gen'rous youth! I fee thy bofom glow
of With vircuous tranfport, that the tafk is thine
"To folve my chains, and to my weeping friends,
"And ev'ry longing relative, reftore
125
"A A foft-ey'd maid, a milio offncelefs prey!
"But know, my Soldier! never youthful mind,
"G Tom from the lavifh joys of wild expenfe
© By him he loath'd, and in a dungeon bound 129

- To languilh out his blooni, could match the pains
or This ill ftarr'd freedom gives my tortur'd mind.
"What call I freedom? is it that thete limbs,
of From rigid bolts fecure, may wander far
"S From him I love? Alas ! ere I may hoaft
"That facred blefing, fome fuperiour pow'r 135
of To mortal kings, to fublunary thrones,
"c Mutt loode my paffion, malt unchain my foul:
©6 Ev'n that I loathe: all liberty I loathe !
sc But moft the joylefs privilege to gaze
6s With cold indiff'rence where defert is love.
"True, I was born an alien to thofe eyes
"I afk alone to pleafe; my fortune's crime!
"A And ah! this flatter'd form, by dreis endearil
"To Spanifh eyes, by drefs may thine offend,
of Whilit I, ill-fated maid! ordain'd to ftrive 145
§6 With cuftom's load, beneath itsweight expirc.
" Yet Henry`s beauties knew in foreign garb
"To vanquifh me; his form, howe'er difguis'd,
" To me were fatal! no fantaftic robe
"That e'er Caprice invented, Cuftom wore, 150
" Or Folly finild on, could eclipfe thy charms. "Perhaps by bitth deereed, by Fortune plac'd
"Thy country's fce, Elvira's warme? plea
" Seems but the fubtler accent fraud infpires;
" My tend'reft glances but the fpecious fiow'rs, 155
" That fhade the viper while the plots her wound.
"And can the trembling candidate of love
"A Awake thy fears? and can a female breath,
"By ties of grateful duty bound, enfnare?
"Is there no brighter mien, no fotter fmile Iso
" For Love to wear, to dark Deceit unknown ?
"Heav'n fearch my foul! and if thro' all its cells
"' Lurk the pernicious drop of pois'mous guile,
" Full on my fencelefs head its phial'd wrath
"May Fate exhauft, and for my happieft hour 165
" Exalt the vengeance I prepare for thee ! " Ah me! nor Henry's nor his country's foe,
" On thee $I$ gaz'd, and Reafon foon difpell'd
" Dim Errour's gloom, and to thy favour'd ifle
"Affign'd its total merit, unreftrain'd.
"s Oh! lovely region to the candid eye!
"' 'Twas there my fancy faw the Virtues dwell,
${ }^{66}$ The Loves, the Graces, play, and blefs'd the fuil
"That nurtur'd thee! for fure the Virtues form'd
"Thy gen'rous breaft, the Loves, the Graces plann'd
© Thy fhapely limbs. Relation, birth, effay'd $1-\frac{6}{2}$
"Their partial pow'r in rain; again I gaz'd,
* And Albion's iffe appear'd, amidfta a track
"Of favage waftes, the darling of the fies:
"A And thou by Nature form'd, by Fate affign'd, 180
"To paint the genius of thy mative fhore.
"'Tis true, with flow'rs, with many a dazzling fcene
" Of burnifh'd plants, to lure a fenale eye,
"6 Iberia glows; but, ain! the genial fun,
"That gilds the lemon's fruit, or fcents the flow'r,
\%On Spanith minds, a nation's nobler boaft ! 186
" Beams forth ungentle influences. There
"Sits Jealoufy enthron'd, and at each ray
"Exultant lights his flow confuming fires.
" Not fuch thy charming region; long before
" My fweet experience taught me to decide
"Of Englifh worth, the found had pleas'd mine ear.
" Is there that favage coaft, that rude fojourn,
" Stranger to Britifh worth? the worth which forms
" The kindeff friends, the moft tremendous foes;
"Firt, beft fupports of liberty and love!
" No, let fubjected India,' while the throws
" O'er Spanifh deeds the veil, your praife refound.
"Long as I heard, or ere in ftory lead
"Of Englith fame, my biafs'd partial breaft 200
or Wifh'd them fuccefs : and happieft the, I cry'd,
"Of women happieft fhe, who flares the love,
"The fame, the virtues, of an Englifh lord.
"And now, what fhall I fay? Blels'd be the hour
" Your fair-built veffels touch'd th' Iberian mores:
"Bleis'd, did I fay, the time? if I may blets 206
" That lov'd event, let Henry's fmiles declare.
"Our hearts and cities won, will Henry's youth
"Forego its nobler conqueft? will he flight
" The foft endearinents of the lovelier fpoil?
"A And yet Iberia's fons, with ev'ry yow
" Of lalting faith, hare fwom thete humble charms
" Were not excell'd ; the fource of all their pains,
"A And love her juft defert, who fues for love,
"s But fues to thee, while natives figh in vain.
235
" Perhaps in Henry's eye (for vulgar minds
" Diffent from his) it fpreads an hateful fain
"On honer Fame amid his train to bear
"A female friend. Then learn, my gentle youth!
" Not Love himfelf, with all the pointed pains 220
"That thore his quiver, fhall feduce my foul
"From lionour's laws. Elvira once deny'd
"A confort's name, more fwift than lightning flies
" When elements difcordant rex the fky,
os Shall, bluning, from the form the loves retire. 225
"Yet if the fpecious wifh the vulgar voice
"Hastitled Prudence, fways a foul like thine,
" In gems or gold what proud Iberian dame
"Eclipfes me? Nor paint the dreary Itorms
"Or hair breadth 'fcapes that haunt the boundlefs deep,
" And force from tender eyes the filent tear;
" When Mem'ry to the penfive maid fuggeits
" In full contraft the fafe domiftic feene
"For thefe refign'd. Beyond the frantic rage
" Of conqu'ring heroes brave, the female mind, 235
" When fteel'd by love, in Love's molt horrid way
" Beholds not danger, or, beholding fcorns.
" Heav'n take my life, but let it crown my love!" She ceas'd ; and ere his words her fate decreed,
Impatient, watch'd the language of his eye: 240
There Pity dwelt, and from its tender fphere
Sent looks of love, and faithlefs hopes infpir'd.
" Forgive me, gen'rous maid!" the youth return'd,
" Jf by thy accents charm'd, thus long I bore
" To let fuch fweetnefs plead, alas! in vain! 245
" Thy virtue merits more than crowns can yield
" Of fulid blifs, or happieft love beftow :
" But ure from native fhores I plough'd the main,
"To one diear maid, by virtue, and by charms
"Alone endear'd, my plighted vows I gave, 250
"Tc guard my faith, whatever chance thould wait
" My warring fiword: if conqueft, fame, and fpoil,
" Grac'd my return, before her feet to pour-
" 'The glitt'ring treafure, and the laurel wreath,
"Enjoying conqueft then, and fame and fpoil: 255
"If Fertune frown'd adverfe, and Death ferbade
" The blifsful union, with my latef breath
" To dwell on Medway's and Maria's name.
"This ardent vow deep-rooted, from my foul
"No danzers tore; this vow my bofom fir"d
"To conquer danger, and the ipoil enjoy.
" Her fhall I leare, with fair events elate,
" Who crown'd mine humbleft fortune with her love?
" Her fhall I leave, who now, perchance, alone
"Climbs the proud cliff, and chides my flow return?
"And fhall that veffel, whofe approaching fails 266
" Shall fwell her breaft, withecitafies convey
" Death to her hopes, and anguifh to her foul?
" No! may the deep my villain corfe devour,
"If all the wealth Iberian mines conceal,
"If all the charms Iberiain maids difclofe,
" If thine, Elvira, thine, uniting all!
"Thus far prevail—nor can thy virtuous breaft
" Demand what honour, faith, and love, denies." "Oh! happy fhe," rejoin'd the pentive maid, 275
"Who fhares thy fame, thy virtue, and thy love!
"A And be fhe happy! thy diftinguifh'd choice
" Declares her worth, and vindicates her claim.
" Farewell my lucklef's hopes! my flatt'ring dreams
"Of rapt rous days! my guilty fuit, farewell! 280
"Yet fond howe'er my plea, or deep the wound
"That waits my fame, let not the random thaft
"Of Cenfure pierce with me th' Iberian dames;
"They love with caution, and with happier ftars.
"And, oh! by pity mov'd, reftrain the taunts 285
"O Of levity, nor brand Elvira's flame;
" By merit rais'd, by gratitude approv'd,
"By hope confirm'd, with artlefs truth reveal'd,
" Let, let me fay, but for one matchlefs maid
" Of happier birth, with mutual ardour crown'd. 290 " Thefe radiant gems, which burnifh Happinef's,
"But mock Misforture, to thy fav'rite's hand
" With care convey; and well may fuch adorn
"Her cheerful front, who finds in thee alone
" The fource of ev'ry traniport, but difgrace 295
"' My penfive breaft, which, doom'd to lafting wo,
" In thee the fource of ev'ry blifs refign.
"s And now, farewell, thou darling youth! the gem
" Of Englifh merit! Peace, content, and joy,
"And tender hopes, and young defires, farewell! 300
"Attend, je fimiling 'Train! this gallant mind
" Back to his native flores; there fiveetly fmooth
"His ev’ning pillow, dance around his groves,
" And where he treads with vi'lets paint lis way:
" But leave Elvira! leave her, now no more
"Your frail companion! in the facred cells
" Of fome lone cloifter let me fhroud my fhame;
" There to the matin bell, obfequious, pour
" My conftant crifons. 'The wanton Loves
" And gay Defires fhall fpy the glimm'ring tow'rs, 310
" And wing their flight aloof: but reft confirm'd,
" That never fhall Elvira's tongue conclude
" Her fhorteft pray'r ere Henry's dear fuccefs
" The warmeft accent of her zeal employ."
Thus fpoke the weeping fair, whole artlefs mind
Impartial fcorn'd to model her efteem
By native cuftoms, drefs, and face, and air, And manners, lefs; nor yet refolv'd in vain. He, bound by prior love, the folemn vow Giv'n and receiv'd, to foft conipaffion gave A tender tear; then with that kind adieu Efteem could warrant, weary'd Heav'n with pray'rs To fhield that tender breaft he left forlorn.

He ceas'd, and to the cloifter's penfive feene Elvira fhap'd her folitary way.


## THIE SCHOOLMISTRESS.

## IN IMITATION OF SPENSER.

Audite vores, veqitus er ingens,
Infantureque animx flentes in limine primo. Virg. IMITATION.
And mingled founds and infant plaints we hear, That pierce the entrance fhrill, and wound the tender ear.

## QDbertitcment.

What Particulars in Spenfer were imagined moft proper for the Autbor's Imitation on this Occafion are bis Language, bis Simplicity, bis Manner of Defcription, and a peculiar Tondernefs of Sentiment remarkable tbrougbout bis Works.

## I.

AH me! full forely is my heart forlorn, To think how modeft worth neglected lies, While partial Fame doth with her blafts adom Such deeds alone as pride and pomp difguife, Deeds of ill fort, and milchievous emprize:
Lend me thy clarion, Goddeds! let me try To found the praile of Merit ere it dies, Such as I cft' have chaunced to efpy
Iolt in the dreary mades of dull obfcurity.
II.

In ev'ry village mark'd with little fpire,
Embow'r'd in trees, and hardly known to fame, There dwells, in lowly thades and mean attire, A matron old, whom we Schoolmiftrefs name, Who boafts unruly brats with birch to tame; They grieven fore, in piteous durance pent, Aw'd by the pow'r of this relentleis dame, And oft' times, on vagaries idly bent, For unkempt hair, or tak unconn'd, are forely fhent. III.

And all in fight doth rife a birchen tree, Which Learning near her little dome did fowe,
Whilom a twig of fmall regard to fee,
Tho' now fo wide its waving branches flow,
And work the fimple vaffals mickle wo ;
For not a wind might curl the leaves that blew, But their limbs fhudder'd, and their pulfe beat low, 25 And as they look'd they found their herrour grew, And fapad it into rods, and tingled at the view.

So have I feen (who has not may conceive)
A lifelefs phantom near a garden plac'd,
So doth it wanton birds of peace bereave
Of fiport, of iong, of pleafure, of repaft;
They fart, they fare, they wheel, they look aghaft;
Sad fervitude! fuch comfortlefs annoy
May no bold Briton's riper age e'er tafte !
Ne fupertition clog his dance of joy,
Ne vifion empty, vain, his native blifs deftroy. V.

Near to this dome is found a patch fo green,
On which the tribe their gambols do difplay;
And at the door impris'ning board is feen,
Left weakly wights of finaller fize fhould ftray,
Eager, perdie, to bafk in fumy day!
The noiles intermix'd; which thence refound,
Do Learning's little tenement betray,
Where fits the the dame, difguis'd in look profound,
And eyes her Fairy throng, and turns her wheel around.
VI.

Her cap, far whiter than the driven fnowe,
Enblem right meet of decency does yield;
Her apron, dy'd in grain, as blue, I trowe,
As is the harehell that adorns the field;
And in her hand, for fceptre, the does wield

$$
50
$$

Tway birchen fprays, with anxious fear entwin'd,
With dark diffruft and fad repentance fill'd,
And ftedfaft hate, and harp afflicti.n join'd,
And fury uncontroull'd, and chaftifement unkind. VII.

Few but have kenn'd, in femblance meet pourtray'd,
The childifh faces of old Æol's train,
Libs, Notus, Autter: thefe in frowns array'd,
How then would fare or earth, or fky , or main,
Were the ftern god to give his flaves the rein ?
And were not the rebellious breafts to quell,
And were not fhe her ftatutes to maintain,
The cot no more, I ween, were deem'd the cell
Where comely Feace of Mind, and decent Order dwell.

A ruffet ftole was o'er her fhoulders thrown,
A ruffet kirtle fenc'd the nipping air ;

- Twas fimple ruffet, but it was her own;
'Twas her own country bred the flock fo fair ;
'Twas her own labour did the fleece prepare;
And, footh to fay, her pupils, rang'd around,
'Thro' pious awe did term it paffing rare,
Fcr they in gaping wonderment abound,
And think, no doubt, fhe been the greatef wight on IX.
[ground.
Albeit ne flatt'ry did corrupt her truth,
Ne pompous title did debauch her ear,
Goody, good-woman, goffip, n'aunt, forfcoth, is
Or dame, the fole additions fhe did hear ;
Y'et thefe fhe challeng' $d$, thefe fhe held right dear;
Ne would efteem him act as mought behove
Who fhould not honour'd eld with thefe revere;
For never title yet fo mean could prove,
But there was eke a mind which did that title love.

$$
\mathrm{X} .
$$

One ancient hen fhe took delight to feed,
The plodding pattern of the bufy dame,
Which ever and anon, impell'd by need,
Into her fchool, begirt with chickens, came,
Such favour did her paft deportment claim;
And if reglect had lavifind on the ground
Fraginent of bread, fhe would collect the fame ;
For well he knew, and quaintly could expound, 89
What fin it were to wafte the finalleft crumb he found. XI.

Herbs, tco, the knew, and weil of each could fpeak,
That in her garden lipp d dhe filv'ry dew,
Where no vain flow'r difclos'd a gaudy ftreak,
But horbs for ufe, and phyfic, not a few,
Of grey renown, within thofe borders grew;
The tufted bafil, pun-provoking thyme,
Frefl baum, and marygold of cheerful hne,
The lowly gill, that nuer dares to climb,
And more I fain would bing, ditiaining here to rhyme.

Yet euphrafy may not be left unfung,
That gives dim eyes to wander leagnes around,
And pungent radifh, biting infant's tongue,
And plaintain ribb'd, that heals the reapet's wound,
And marj'ram fiveet, in fliepherd's pofie found,
And lavender, whofe pikes of azure bloom
Shall be, erewhile, in arid bundles bound,
To lurk amidit the labours of her loom,
And crown her kerchiof clean with mickle rare perXIII.

And here trim rofemarine, that whilom crown'd
The daintieft garden of the proudeft peer,
110
Ere, driv'n from its envy'd fite, it found
A facred thelter for its branches here,
Where edg'd with gold its glitt'ring kirts appear.
Oh waffel days! O cuftoms meet and well!
Ere this was banifh'd from its lofty fpheres;
115
Simplicity then fought this humble cell,
Nor ever would fhe more with thane and lordling dwell. XIV
Here oft' the dame, on Sabbath's decent eve,
Hymned fuch pialms as Sternhold forth did mete;
If winter 'twere, fie to her hearth did cleave,
120
But in her garden found a fummer-feat :
Sweet melody! to hear her then repeat
How Ifrael's fons, beneath a foreign king,
While taunting fce-men did a fong entreat,
All for the nonce untuning ev'ry ftring,
125
Uphung their ufelefs lyres-mall heart had they to fing.

$$
x \mathrm{x} .
$$

For the was juft, and friend to virtuous lore, And pafs'd much time in truly virtuous deed; And in thofe elfins' ears would oft deplore
The times when Truth by Popifh rage did bleed, 130
And tortious death was true Devotion's meed;
And fimple Faith in iron chains did mourn,
That nould on wooden image place her creed;
And lawny faints in fmould'ring flames did burn: [turn.
Ah! deareft Lord! forefend thilk days fhould e'er re.

In elbow chair, like that of Scottim fem,
By the fharp tooth of cank'ring Eld defac'd, In which, when he receives his diadem,
Our fov'reign prince and liefert liege is plac'd,
The matron fate, and fome with rank the grac'd, 140
(The fource of chuldren's and of courtier's pride!)
Redrefs'd affronts, for vile affironts there pais'd,
And warn'd them not the fretful to deride,
But love each other dear, whatever them betide. XVII.

Right well fhe knew each temper to defcry, 145
To thwart the proud, and the fubmifs to raife,
Some with vile copper prize exalt on high,
And fome entice with pittance imall of praife,
And other fome with baleful fprig fhe frays:
Ev'n abfent, the the reins of pow's doth hold, 150
While with quaint arts the giddy crowd fhe fways ;
Forewarn'd, if little bird-their pranks behold,
' Twill whifper in her ear, and all the fcene unfold. XVIII.

Lo now with fate fhe utters the command!
Eftfoons the urchins to their tafks repair,
Their books, of ftature finall, they take in hand, Which with pellucid horn fecured are,
To fave from finger wet the letters fair ;
The work fo gay, that on their back is feen St. George's high atchievements does declare, 160 On which thilk wight that has $y$-gazing been Kens the forthcoming rod, unplealing fight, I ween!
XIX.

Ali! lucklefs he, and born beneath the beam
Of evil ftar! it irks me whiff I write! As efft the bard * by Mulla's filver ftream,
Oft' as he told of deadly dolorous plight, Sigh'd as he fung, and did in tears indite; For brandiming the rod, the doth begin To loote the brogues, the ftripling's late delight! And down they drop, appears his dainty fkin,
Fair as the furry coat of whiteft ermilin.

* Spenfer.

O ruthful feene! when from a nook obfcure His little fifter doth is peril fee;
All playful as the fate the grows demure,
She finds full foon her wonted fpirits flee;
175
She meditates a pray'r to fet him free ;
Nor gentle pardon could this dame deny,
(If gentle pardon could with dames agree)
To her fad grief that fwells in either eye,
And wrings her fo that all for pity fhe could die. 180 XXI.

No longer can the now her fhrieks command, And hardly fhe forbears, thro' awful fear, To rufhen forth, and, with prefumptuous hand, To ftay harfh juftice in its mid career.
On thee fhe calls, on thee, her parent dear !
(Ah! too remote to ward the fhameful blow!)
She fees no kind domeftic vifage near,
And foon a flood of tears begins to flow,
And gives a loofe at laft to unawailing wo. XXII.

But, ah! what pen his piteous plight may trace? 190 Or what device his loud laments explain ?
The form uncouth of his difguifed face?
The pallid hue that dyes his looks amain?
The plenteous fhow'r that does his cheek diftain ?
When he in abject wife implores the dame,
Ne hopeth aught of fweet reprieve to gain,
Or when from high fhe levels well her aim, [claim.
And thro' the thatch his cries each falling ftroke proXXIII.

The other tribe, aghaft, with fore difmay
Attend, and conn their tafk with mickle care; 200
By turns, aftony'd, ev'ry twig furvey,
And from their fellows' hateful wounds beware,
Knowing, I wift, how each the fame may fhare;
Till fear has taught them a performance meet,
And to the well-known cheft the dame repair, 205
Whence oft' with fugar cates fhe doth 'em greet,
And gingerbread y-rare, now, certes, doubly fweet!
A a 3

See to their feats they hye with merry glee,
And in befeemly order fitten there,
All but the wight of bum $y$-galled, he
210
Abhorreth bench, and fool, and fourm, and chair,
(This hand in mouth y - fix'd, that rends his hair;)
And eke with fnubs profound, and heaving-breaft,
Convulfions intermitting! does declare
His grievous wrong, his dame's unjuft beheft, 215 And foorns her offer'd love, and finuss to be carefs'd.
XXV.

His face befprent, with liquid cryftal fhines,
His blooming face, that feems a purple fiow'r,
Which low to earth its drooping head declines,
All fmear'd and fully'd by a vernal fhow'r,
O the hard bofoms of defpotic Pow'r!
All, all, but fhe, the author of his fhame,
All, all, but fhe, regret this mournful hour;
Yet lence the youth, and hence the flow'r fhall claim,
If fo I deem aright, tranfeending worth and fame. 225 XXVI.

Behind fome door, in melancholy thought, Mindlefs of food, he, dreary caitiff! pines, Nefor his fellows' joyaunce careth aught,
But to the wind all merriment refigias,
And deems it fhame if he to peace inclines;
And many a fullen look alkaunce is lent,
Which for his dame's anncyance he deligns;
And fill the more to pleature him fhe's bent,
The more doth he, perverte, her 'haviour paft refent. XXVII.

Ah me! how much I fear lett pilde it be!
But if that pride it be, which thus infpires,
Beware, ye dames! with nice dilcemment fee
Ye quench not, too, the fparks of nobler fires:
Ah! better far than all the Mufes' lyres,
All coward arts, is valou's gen'rous heat; $\quad 24^{\circ}$
The firm fixt breaft which fit a..d right requires,
Like Vernon's patrive foul! more jultly great
Than craft that pimps for ill, or flow'ry falie deceit.

Yet nurs'd with ikill, what dazzling fruits appear!
Ev'in now fagacious forefight points to fhow
245
"A little bench of heedlefs bifhops here,
And there a chancellour in embryo,
Or bard fublime, if bard may e'er le fo, As Milton, Shakefpeare, names that neer fhall die!
Tho now he crawi along the ground to low,
250
Nor weeting how the Mifue fhould fiar on high,
Wiheth, poor ftarvolling eif! his paper kite may fly. XXIX.

And this, perhaps, who, cens'ring the defign,
Low lays the houre which that of cards doth build,
Shall Demnis be! if rigid Fates inclime,
255
And many an epic to bis rage mall yith,
And many a poet quit th' Aonian field;
And, four'd by age, profound he thall appear,
As he who now with 'dainful fury thrsh'd
Survey's mine work, and levels many a fieer, 260
And furls his wrinkly front, and cries, "What fuff
XXX. [is here!"

But now Dan Phebus gains the middie fky, And Liberty unbars her prifon door, And like a rufhing torrent out they fly,
And now the gralify citque ban coser'd oer $\quad 265$
With boif'rous revel rout and wild nproar ;
A thousand ways in wanton rings they run, Heav'n fhicid their fort- liv'd pattimes, I implore! For well may Freedom, ert fo dearly won,
Appear to Brition eff more glark owe than the fum. XXXI.

Enjcy, poor imps! enjoy your iportive trade, 27 : Anu chafe gay flies, and cull the faireft flow'rs, For when my bones in grafs-green fods are laid, For never majy ye talte more carelef's hours
In krisghtly cattes or in ladies tow re.
275
O vain to leek diulight in eazthly thing!
Thut moft in courts, were prond Ambition tow'rs;
Deluded wight! who weens fair peace can fring Beneath the pompous dome of keiar or or king.

See in each fprite fome various bent appear!
Thefe rudely carol moft incondite lay:
Thole fauntring on the green, with jocund leer
Salute the ftranger paffing on his way;
Some builden fragile tenements of clay;
Some to the ftanding lake their courfes bend,
With pebbles fimooth at duke and drake to play ;
Thilk to the huxter's fav'ry cottage tend,
In pafiry kings and queens th' allotted mite to fpend. XXXIII.

Here, as each feafon yields a different ftore,
Each feafon's ftores in order ranged been,
290
Apples with cabbage-net $y$-cover'd o'er,
Galling full fore th' unmoney'd wight, are feen,
And goofeb'rie, clad in liv'ry red or green;
And here of lovely dye the Cath'rine pear,
Fine pear! as lovely for thy juice I ween;
O may $n \mathrm{no}$ wight e'er pennylefs come there,
Leff fmit with ardent love he pine with hopelefs care!

## XXXIV.

See! clerries here, ere cherries yet abound, With thread fo white in tempting pofies ty'd,
Scatt'ring like blooming maid their glances round,
With pamp'ring look draw little eyes afide,
And mutt be bought, though penury betide;
The plum all asure, and the nut all brown;
And here each feafon do thofe cakes abide,
Whofe honour'd names th' inventive city own, 305
Rend'ring thro' Britain's ifle Salopia's praifes known.*

## XXXV.

Admir'd Salopia! that with venial pride
Eyes her bright form in Severn's ambient wave,
Fam'd for her loyal cares in perilstry'd,
Her daughters lovely, and her ftriplings brave: 310
Ah! midit the relt, may flowers adorn his grave
Whore art did firft these dulcet cakes difplay!
A motive fair to Learning's imps he gave,
Who cheerlefs $o^{\prime}$ er her darkling region Atray,
Till Reafon's mon arife, and light them on their way'. *Shrew tbury Cakics.

## CONTENTS.

Page
PREFACE, giving a brief Account of the Author, ..... 5
A prefatory Ellay on Elegy, ..... 10
Advertilenent, ..... 16
A Defcripti.n of the Leafowes, the Author's Coun-try-ftat. By R. Dodfley,17
VERSES TO MR. SHENSTONE.
Written cin a Ferme Onné, near Birmingham, bythe late Lady Luxburough,39
To Willians Shemone, Eiq. at the Leafowes. By Mr. Giaves, ..... $i b$.
Verfes received by the Poft, from a Lady unknown, :751, ..... 40
On the Difcovery of an Echo at Edgbafton. By ..... 41
Veries by Mr. Dodfley, on his fift amival at the Lea:owes, 1754 , ..... 42
To Mr. R. D. on the Death of Mr. Shenfone, ..... 44
Verfes written at the Garuens of William shenftone,Efi. near Birmingham, 1756 ,45
To Willian Shentione, Eiq. in his Sicknefs. By Mr. Woochoufe, ..... 48
Vcries left on a Seat, the Hand unkown, ..... 50
Corydon, a Paftoral. To the Memoly of William Shentone, Eiq. By Mr. 1. Cunningham, ..... 5
flegies, on many difeleent occasions.I. Hearrives at his Retirement in the Country,and takes Occation to expatiate in Praife ofSimplicity. To a Friend,$5^{2}$
II. On pofthuncus Reputation. To a Friend, ..... 53
III. On tie untimely Death of a certain learned Accuaintance, ..... 55
IV. Opi.tlia's Um. To Mr. G-, ..... 57
V. Ite compares the Turbilence of Icve with the Trancuullity of Friendflip. To Melif- fa his Friend, ..... 58
VI. To a Lady on the Language of Birds, ..... 59
VII. He delcribes his Vilion to an Acquaintance, ..... 00
VIII. He defrribes his early Love of Poetry, andits Coniequerces. To Mr. G—, 1745,63
IX. He defcribes his Difintereftednefs to a Friend, 65
X. To Fortune, fuggefting his Motive for repining at her Difpenfations,
XI. He complains how foon the pleafing Novelty
of Life is over. To Mr. J-,
XII. His Recantation. $7 \mathbf{I I}$
XIII. To a Friend, on fome Night Occafion eftranged from him,
XIV. Declining an Invitation to vifit Foreign Countries, he takes Occafion to intimate the Advantages of his own. To Lord Temple,
XV. In Memory of a private Family in Worcefterfhire,
XVI. He fuggefts the Advantages of Birth to a Perfon of Merit, and the Folly of a Supercilioufnef's built upon that fole Foundation,
XVII. He indulges the Suggeftions of Spleen: an Elegy to the Winds,
XVIII. He repeats the Song of Colin, a difcerning Shepherd, lamenting the State of the Woollen Manufactory,
XIX. Written in Spring 1743, 88
XX. He compares his humble Fortune with the Diftrefs of others, and his Subjection to Delia with the miferable Servitude of an African Slave,

> XXI. Taking a Vievv of the Country from his Retirement, he is led to meditate ont the Character of the ancient Britons. Written at the Time of a rumoured Tax upon Luxury, ${ }^{1766}$
XXII. Written in the year-when the Rights of Sepulchre were fo frequently violated,
XXIV. He takes Occafion from the Fate of Eleanor of Bretagne, to linggeft the imperfect Pleafures of a folitary Life,
XXV. To Delia, with fome Flowers; complaining how much his Benevolence fuffers on on Account of his humble Fortune, 104

XXVT. Defcribing the Sorrow of an ingenuous Page
Mind on the melancholy Event of a li-
centious Amour, LEVITIES: OR, PIECES OF HUMOUR. Flirt and Phil: A Decifion for the Ladies, 110 Stanzas to the Memory of an agreeable Lady, buried in Marriage to a Perfon undeferving her, ib.
Colemira. A culinary Eclogue,

III
On certain Paftorals,

114
On Mr. C- of Kidderminfter`s Poetry, ..... ib.
To the Virtuofi,ib.
The Extent of Cookery, ..... 115
The Progrefs of Advice. A common Cafe, ..... 116
Slender's Ghoft, ..... II7
The Invidious, ..... 118
The Price of an Equipage, ..... $i b$.
Hint from Voiture, ..... 119
Infcription, ..... ib.
To a Friend, ..... 120
The Poet and the Dun, 774 r , ..... 122
Written at an Inn at Henley, ..... 124
A Simile, ..... ib.
The Charms of Precedence. A Tale, ..... 125 ..... 130
Eplogue to the Tragedy of Cleone,
Eplogue to the Tragedy of Cleone, A Pattoral Ode, to the Hon. Sir Richard Lyttle- ton, ..... 132
A Paftoral Ballad, in Four Parts. Written 1733, I. Ablence, ..... 137
1I. Hope, ..... 138
III. Solicitude, ..... 140
IV. Difappointment, ..... 14.2
ODES, E゙C.
ODE to Health, 1730 , ..... 144
To a Lady of Quality, fitting up her Library, 1738,146
Anacreontiç, 1798,
147
147
Ode. Written I739, ..... 148
Upon a Vifit to a Lady of Quality, in Winter 1748,149Ode to Memory, 1748 ,$15^{2}$
Verfes written towards the clofe of the Year, 1748 , to William L-yttleton, Efq. ..... 152Somerlet, 1750 ,
Ode.to Indolence, 1750,
Ode to a joung Lady, fomewhat too folicitous about her Manner of Expreifion,
Writen in a Flower B ok of my own colouring, defigned for Lady Plymonth, 1753-4,
The dying Kid,Ode,171
Ode. To be performed by Dr. Brettle, and a Cho- rus of Hales Owen citizens,The Princefs Elizabeth. A Ballad alluding to aStory recorded of her when fhe was Prifoner atWoodfock, 1554 ,
Nancy of the Vale. A Ballad,175
The Rape of the Trap. A Ballad, 1737, ..... 577
Jemmy Dawfon. A Ballad Written about the Time of his Executioia, in the Year 1745, ..... 179
A Bailad, ..... 182
Songs,18 ; to 195
The Halcyon,
The Halcyon, ..... ib.
moral pieces.
The Judgment of Hercules, ..... 197
'The Progrefs of' 「afte : or, The Fate of Delicacy. Part the Firit, ..... 211
Part the Second, ..... 214
Part the Third, ..... 218
Part the Fourth, ..... 222
Economy, a Rhaprixy, addrefled to young Poets. Part the Firt, ..... 228
Part the Escond, ..... $=35$
Part the Thind, ..... 240
The Ruin'd Abbey: or, Theeffects of Superfitiou, ..... 245
love and Honom: ..... 255
The Schoomitrefs. In Imitation of Spenfer, ..... $=64$
.
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1795

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[^0]:    EMBELIISHED WITH SUPERB ENGRAVINGG.

[^1]:    * This eftay was written nivar twenty years ago.
    \# E-legcin, eoparticulam dolendi.
    - Alfernbies elesos. Hor.
    I) Heu rimis ex rero nuag tibi nomen erit.

    Ovid. de Morte Tibulli,

[^2]:    * N. $B_{0}$ ithis preface tras writtep near iwenty yeas aco.

[^3]:    * The following Defcription was intended to give a friend fome idea of the Leafones, which having been fo juftly admired by perions of the belt tatte, and celeb:a:ed by $t$. e Mufe of fuch an original genius as Mr. Shentione, it is hoped the publ:ck will not be difpleafed with this fight attempt to perfetuate thote beauties, which time, os ditierens talte of lome futiote foliedors 'ney defroy.

[^4]:    + TRANSLATION.
    To the genius and friendmip of WILLIAM SOMERVILLE, By W.S.
    Sprinkling the a!hes of a friendly bard 7n, th tributary teirs.

[^5]:    © Galatca! Nereus' lovel; child, Swecter than Hybla thy'me, more undefild Thall down of fwang or ivy's pureft white, When the fulloxen, warn'd by fading light, fiome to the fiat their fibuer footiteps beud, If Damon's dear, to Dasnum's sall attend.

[^6]:    Here tranquil leifores in she ample feld, Here cures and Jiving la:tes their plenfures yield ; Here vales invite where fports the cowing brecke, An I peavoill thep bencatn cmbow'sins arewi, th hile devivaio leests furruend.

[^7]:    Note. It was cufomary with the Romans to give a piennmen, orfirft came, in the manier of our Cirmfian nimes; accordingly Virgil had that of publius. He gerived the addation of Mar, from his father, who was io called.

[^8]:    $\ddagger$ IMITATION.
    Wrate'er the beauties others boaft, That fpot of gruad delights me maf.

[^9]:    * Alludes to what is reported of the bay-tree, that if it is planted too near tise wall of an edifice, its routs wali wo.k therr way underne..th, till they deftroy the foundation.

[^10]:    * Crefus.

[^11]:    * A river in ltaly, that falis roo yards perpendicular.

[^12]:    * " I-opemque vitam in tugurio rwinarym Carthaginerfum toleravit, cum Manius intpieiens Carthagincm, illa intuens Marinn, aiter alteri pofient cfie folatio."

    Marius encured a life of poverty urice incleer of the Cartharinian ruins; and while he contemplated Carthage, and Caribage beteld him, thoy might be faid mutually to residible 3rai acculutit for cach other.

[^13]:    * By the terms forcell upon the Carthaginians by Scipio, they weraio delver upall the clephanis, and to pay wear :in o milliors Stur..ng.

[^14]:    * Kenclm, in the Saxon heptarchy, was hcir to the Kin-dom of Mercia; but being very young at his father's death, was, by the artifiecs of his fitter and her lover, deprived of his crown and life to ether. The body was found in a piece of ground near the top of Clent hill, exactiy facing Mr. Shenftone's houle, near which place a church was afterwirds ereclrd to his memory, ftill ufed for divine woimip, wed calied s:
    

[^15]:    * Eleanor of Bretagne, the lawful heirefs of the Englifh crown, upon the death of Arthur, in the reign of King John. She was eftecmen the beanty of her time; was inprifoned forty years (tiol the timie of i.wr death jin Brital carle.

[^16]:    1 * The Duciefs of Dridgewater, married to Sir Richard Lyttletos.

[^17]:    *They werefchoolfellow.

[^18]:    Ye fields! with blighted herbage brown,

[^19]:    * Hybla, a mountain in S:ci'y, famous for producing the finein honey.

[^20]:    * Honsy Lll. wro cinceiled the Maona Ciaria.
    $t$ Bi:hop of Lincolit, callei Mateus Koninorum.

[^21]:    * Ganges--the greater river, which divides the Indies in two parts.
    + Hamus---an high mountain, div, ding Thrace and Theffaly.
    \$ Baftra - the Bactrians, provincials of Perlia.
    "Panchaia---a co sn ry of Arabia Felix, fruitful in frankincenfe and various fpices, remarkable alfo for its many towers and lofty buildings.

