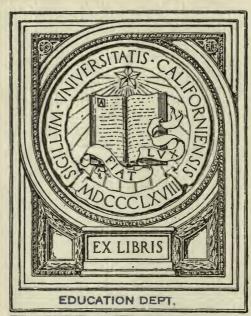
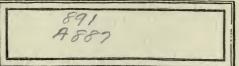


ATWOOD









Digitized by the Internet Archive in 2007 with funding from Microsoft Corporation

A PRACTICAL

COMMERCIAL SPELLER

BY

ELIZABETH F. ATWOOD

COMMERCIAL DEPARTMENT OF THE HIGH SCHOOL WESTFIELD, MASS.

GINN AND COMPANY

BOSTON · NEW YORK · CHICAGO · LONDON
ATLANTA · DALLAS · COLUMBUS · SAN FRANCISCO



COPYRIGHT, 1905, BY ELIZABETH F. ATWOOD

ALL RIGHTS RESERVED

PRINTED IN THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA

535.2

EDUCATION DEPT

The Athenaum Press GINN AND COMPANY · PRO-PRIETORS · BOSTON · U.S.A.

PREFACE

The following lessons contain a collection of words very frequently misspelled by pupils pursuing the commercial studies. They have been gathered wholly from notebooks in which the pupils have daily recorded words misspelled, not only in connection with the technical commercial branches but also in English work in all phases, — in history, civics, political economy, etc.

Suggestions as to the meaning and use of each word are given, but these are not to be considered full definitions.

The book contains one hundred and forty-six lessons, which are grouped thus:

One hundred lessons contain untechnical words often used in business letters, including common words often misspelled, common homonyms, and pairs of words which are easily confused.

Eight lessons contain lists of general business terms.

Eleven lessons contain terms used in various lines of business and in handling important kinds of goods.

One lesson contains a list of transportation terms.

Another lesson defines electrical terms.

Four lessons pertain to legal terms.

Systematic reviews are given and occasional dictation exercises are inserted.

961628

iii

In the Appendix, for special drill, are given review lists of business terms and of common words frequently misspelled. There are lists of the states of the United States with their capitals, of the territories and other possessions, and of the leading cities; lists also of the leading foreign cities, lists of abbreviations and contractions, and lists of Christian names of men and women.

The quotations given with each lesson pertain to the making of strong and valuable men and women in the mercantile world, and it is suggested that they be learned in connection with the day's lesson.

Webster's International Dictionary has been used as authority in pronunciation and spelling. Webster, Worcester, the Century, and the Standard have been consulted for definitions.

ELIZABETH F. ATWOOD

JANUARY, 1905

A PRACTICAL SPELLER

DIACRITICAL MARKS

Webster's International Dictionary

(FOR REFERENCE IN CONNECTION WITH EACH LESSON.)

Long Vowel Sounds

Long a, ā as in āle, fāte, lābor, or e as in eight.

- " e, ē as in ēve, mēte, serēne.
- " i, ī as in īce, tīme, sīght, or ȳ as in mȳ.
- " o, ō as in ōld, nōte, bōld.
- " u, ū as in ūse, tūne, mūte.

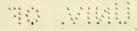
The name of this diacritical mark (-) is the macron. It indicates the long sound of the vowel.

Short Vowel Sounds

Short a, ă as in ăm, ădd, făt.

- e, ĕ as in ĕnd, mĕt, pĕt.
- " i, ĭ as in ĭll, pĭn, pĭty, or y as in duty.
- " o, ŏ as in ŏdd, nŏt, tŏrrid.
- " u, ŭ as in ŭp, tŭb, stŭdy.

The name of this diacritical mark (~) is the breve. It indicates the short sound of the vowel.



Other Vowel Sounds

ă, as in delicăte, senăte, prefăce.

â, as in câre, shâre, pârent.

ä (ah), as in fär, ärm, fäther.

a, as in all, awe.

à, as in dance, ask, grass.

ė, as in ėvent, dėpend, crėate.

ē, as in fērn, hēr, ērmine.

t, as in tdea, tribunal.

ō, as in ōbey, tōbaccō.

ô, as in ôrb, ôrder.

o, or oo, or u, as in who, food, rude.

o, or oo, or u, as in wolf, book, full.

ü, as in ünite, edücation.

û, as in ûrn, bûrn, fûrl.

Diphthongs

oi or oy (ô+1), as in oil, joy.

ou, ow $(\ddot{a} + Q)$, as in out, owl.

Consonants

ğ (hard), as in go, great. ġ (soft), as in ġem, enġine.

k, e, eh, as in eat, ehorus.

ph (f), as in pharmacy. s, c, ch, as in cell, machine.

The name of this diacritical mark (3) is the cedil'la. It indicates a soft sound.

th, as in thin, through, wealth. s or z, as in is, haze. th, as in then, though, them.

n, as in no, man, wren.

n, as in bank, linger, single.

x = ks, as in vex.

x = gz, as in exact.

The principal accent is indicated by a heavy mark ('), and the secondary accent by a lighter mark ('), at the end of a syllable. The parts of a compound word are joined by a hyphen.

Whatever bit of a wise man's work is honestly and benevolently done, that bit is his book or his piece of art. — Ruskin.

feign	feign	to make a false show of, to pretend.	
fain	fain	well-pleased, glad; apt, with joy,	
		gladly.	
prompt	prompt	ready, expeditious; to move to action,	
		to remind.	
indolent	in'do lent	idle, lazy.	
explore	ex plore'	to search through or into, to examine	
	4/4	thoroughly.	
tepid	tĕp'id	moderately warm, lukewarm,	
nourish '	nour'ish	to feed and cause to grow, to cherish.	
hostile	hos'tile	warlike, unfriendly, opposed.	
opinion	o pin'ion	sentiment, persuasion, view.	
seldom	sel'dom	rarely, not often.	
distinguish	dis tin'guish	to mark, to discriminate, to discern.	
extremely	ex treme'ly	in the utmost degree, exceedingly.	
surprise	sur prise'	wonder, astonishment; to take una-	
		wares.	
descend	de scend'	to pass from a higher to a lower place.	
anxiety	anx i'e ty	concern or solicitude respecting some	
,		thing or event which disturbs the	
		mind.	
essential	es sen'tial	necessary, indispensable.	
evidence	ev'i dence	testimony, proof.	
careful	care'ful	cautious, watchful, provident.	
pierce	pierce	to force a way into or through, to	
		penetrate.	
fierce	fierce	furious, violent, ferocious, savage.	

LESSON 2

Duty is the inner soul, the life of education. - MICHELET.

plane	plane	a surface without curvature, a carpen
		ter's tool; to make smooth, to level.
plain	plain	clear, manifest; level land.
beseech	be seech'	to supplicate, to implore, to beg.
ballot	bal'lot	a printed or written ticket used in
		voting; to decide by ballot.
brevity	brev'i ty	shortness, conciseness.
reconcile	rec'on cile	to cause to be friendly again, to re-
		unite.
knowledge	knowl'edge	that which is known, learning, prac-
	. 141	tical skill.
benefit	ben'e fit	advantage, profit, service.
site	site	situation, local position.
originate	o rig'i nate	to bring into existence, to produce as
		new.
trivial	triv'i al	trifling, petty, commonplace.
guardian	guard'i an	performing the office of a protector; a
		protector, a warden.
familiar	fa mil'iar	well versed in (as any subject of study),
		well known.
hoarse	hoarse	having a harsh or grating sound.
chemical	chem'ic al	pertaining to chemistry; a substance
		capable of producing with another a
		reaction.
pursue	pur sue'	to proceed along with a view to some
		end or object, to follow eagerly or
		with haste.

usually	u'su al ly	ordinarily, commonly.
scholar	schol'ar	a learner, a student, a pupil.
chief	chief	principal, most important; a person
		in authority.
height	height	elevated position, an eminence, stature.

Each man has his fortune in his own hands, as the artist has a piece of rude matter, which he is to fashion into a certain shape. — GOETHE.

the set of seminariate life

himth

hinth

birth	birth	the act of coming into life.
berth	berth	a sleeping compartment on board ship
		or in a railway car.
pleasant	pleas'ant	pleasing, agreeable.
accuse	ac cuse'	to charge, to blame, to censure.
accordance	ac cord'ance	conformity, agreement.
dissent	dis sent'	disagreement; to differ in opinion, to
		disagree.
journey	jour'ney	tour, trip, expedition; to travel from
		place to place.
bicycle	bi'cy̆ cle	a two-wheeled velocipede.
hospitable	hos'pi ta ble	kind to strangers and guests.
diction	dic'tion	mode of expression, language.
exasperate	ex as'per ate	to irritate in a high degree, to pro-
		voke, to enrage.
martyr	mar'tyr	one who sacrifices his life, or some-
		thing of great value to him, for the
		sake of principle.
larceny	lar'ce ny	theft.

mutilate	mu'ti late	to cut off or remove a limb or essen-
		tial part, to destroy a material part,
		so as to render imperfect.
temporal	tem'po ral	transient, fleeting, secular, civil.
palatial	pa la'tial	royal, magnificent.
northern	north'ern	pertaining to the north.
obstinate	ob'sti nate	stubborn, unyielding, immovable.
thief	thief	one who steals, a robber.
brief	brief	short, concise.

Earnestness in life, even when carried to an extreme, is something very noble and great. — Von Humboldt.

peace	peace	a state of quiet or calmness.
piece	piece	a fragment or part of anything.
grateful °	grate'ful	having a due sense of benefits received,
		thankful, gratifying.
recipient	re cip'i ent	receiving; a receiver.
righteous	right'eous	upright, just, holy.
languid	lan'guid	indisposed to exertion, heavy, dull.
option	op'tion	choice, preference, selection.
neighbor	neigh'bor	one who lives near another, a fellow-
		being.
competent	com'pe tent	answering all requirements, capable.
rarity	rar'i ty	an uncommon thing, thinness (as of
		gases).
determine	de ter'mine	to settle, to decide, to ascertain defi-
		nitely.
ordinarily	or'di na ri ly	as a rule, commonly, usually.

extinguish	ex tin'guish	to put out, to stifle, to put an end to.
humorous	hu'mor ous	exciting laughter, witty.
hemisphere	hem'i sphere	a half sphere.
fragile	frag'ile	easily destroyed, frail, brittle.
opulent	op'u lent	having a large estate or property,
		wealthy.
necessity	ne ces'si ty	pressing need, want, a requisite.
shriek	shriek	a sharp outcry; to utter a sharp, shrill
		sound.
grieve	grieve	to cause to suffer, to hurt, to sorrow,
		to mourn.

I have always been a quarter of an hour before my time, and it has made a man of me. — Nelson.

guest	guest	a person entertained in one's house, a
		visitor.
guessed	guessed	conjectured, supposed.
demur	de mur'	to suspend proceedings or judgment
		in view of a doubt or difficulty, to
		take exception.
allege	al lege'	to declare, to affirm.
tolerably	tol'er a bly	moderately well, passably.
exhibit	ex hib'it	a display; to show, especially in order
		to attract notice, to display.
gorgeous	gor'geous	imposing because of splendid or various
		colors, showy.
trestle	tres'tle	a movable frame or support for any-
		thing, a kind of framework for sup-
		porting a bridge.

assertion	as ser'tion	positive declaration, affirmation.
		•
Saturday	•	the last day of the week.
process	proc'ess	normal or actual course or procedure,
		regular proceeding.
investiga	te in ves'ti gate	to inquire and examine into with care
		and accuracy.
funeral	fu'ner al	the ceremony attending the burial of
		the dead, the procession with its
		accompaniments.
address	ad dress'	to direct speech to, to direct in writing.
barrel	bar'rel	a round vessel or cask.
defensive	de fen'sive	serving to protect, resisting attack or
		aggression; a state of defense.
testify	tes'ti fy	to make a declaration to establish some
	100	fact, to bear witness to or against.
casualty	cas'u al ty	death, or other misfortune, occasioned
		by an accident.
skein	skein	a quantity of yarn or thread put up
		together.
niece	niece	a daughter of one's brother or sister.

If fortune	favor you, be	not elated; if she frown, do	not despond.
to	to	the preposition.	
00	00	the preposition.	
too	too	the adverb.	
two	two	the numeral adjective.	
elsewhere	else'where'	in any other place, in	other places
		(indefinitely).	

inferior	in fe'ri or	less important, subordinate; a person
		subordinate to another.
bargain	bar'gain	anything bought cheap, an agreement
		between parties concerning the sale
		of property; to trade.
reputation	rep'u ta'tion	the estimation in which one is held,
		repute.
sacrifice	sac'ri fice	surrender of anything for the sake
		of something else, anything conse-
		crated and offered to a divinity; to
		surrender, to offer.
encourage	en cour'age	to incite, to inspire with hope, to
101	J	stimulate.
govern	gov'ern	to direct and control, either by estab-
0		lished laws or arbitrary will.
grammar	gram'mar	the science which treats of the prin-
0	0	ciples of language.
opponent	op po'nent	an antagonist, an opposer, a foe.
truant	tru'ant	one who stays away from business or
		duty, a shirk.
fever	fe'ver	a diseased state of the system marked
		by increased heat, a condition of
		great excitement.
dormant	dor'mant	sleeping, not in action or exercise, at
		rest.
cleave	cleave	to adhere closely, to cling, to part by
	~	force, to split.
exposition	ex'po si'tion	the act of laying open the sense or
T	P	meaning of an author or a passage,
		a public exhibition.
regal	re'gal	kingly, royal.
-8	877	

friend friend a wellwisher, an intimate associate. fiend fiend one who is diabolically wicked (often applied to the devil).

LESSON 7

Practice makes perfect.

		•
hue	hue	color, tint.
hew	hew	to fell with a sharp instrument.
generous	gen'er ous	free to give, magnanimous.
assure	as sure'	to make certain.
decision	de ci'sion	the act of settling by giving judgment
		on the matter at issue, determina-
		tion, resolution.
infernal	in fer'nal	suitable for the lower regions, devilish.
defeat	de feat'	frustration, overthrow; to frustrate, to
		overcome or vanquish.
solitude	sol'i tude	remoteness from society, seclusion.
especial	es pe'cial	special, particular.
imaginary	im ag'i na ry	not real, fanciful.
corruption	cor rup'tion	the state of being corrupted or debased,
		loss of purity or integrity.
society	so ci'e ty	companionship, a social union, the cul-
10.00	·	tivated portion of a community.
hastily	has'ti ly	speedily, nimbly, rashly.
resist	re sist'	to withstand, to oppose.
optician	op ti'cian	one who deals in optical glasses and
	1	instruments.
permeate	per'me ate	to pass through the pores of, to pene-
	-	trate and pass through without
		causing rupture, to pervade.
		3 T - 7 T

agreeable	a gree'a ble	pleasing either to the mind or to the
		senses.
heavier	heav'i er	weightier.
yield	yield	product; to concede, to grant, to as-
		sent, to surrender, to pay.
weird	weird	unearthly, supernatural.

When we can't do as we would we must do as we can.

their	their	the possessive case of the personal
·		pronoun.
there	there	in that place.
clemency	clem'en cy	mildness of temper, gentleness, tender-
		ness.
territory	ter'ri to ry	in the United States a portion of the
		country not included within the
		limits of any state and not yet ad-
		mitted into the Union, but organized
		with a separate legislature.
exercise	ex'er cise	exertion, activity; to make exertion.
reprimand	rep'ri mand	severe or formal reproof; to reprove,
		to chide.
discipline	dis'ci pline	training, correction, punishment.
hopeful	hope'ful	expectant, affording promise of suc-
orani en .	V IV-a	cess.
holiday	hol'i day	a festival day, a day set apart in com-
		memoration of some event.
cinder	cin'der	partly burned coal in which fire is
		extinct.

hyphen	hy'phen	a short dash (-) placed at the end of
		a line to indicate the division of a
		word, or between the parts of a com-
		pound word.
scissors	scis'sors	a cutting instrument resembling shears.
arraign	ar raign'	to accuse, to indict.
congestion	con ges'tion	aggregation, an unnatural accumula-
Ö	o o	tion of blood in any part of the body.
askew	a skew'	awry.
eighth	eighth	next in order after the seventh.
desirable	de sir'a ble	fitted to excite a wish to possess,
		pleasing.
appetite	ap'pe tite	desire for food or drink, any strong
		desire.
neither	nēi'ther	not either, not the one or the other.
leisure	lēi'sure	freedom from occupation or business,
		vacant time, convenience, ease.

Drive thy business; let not thy business drive thee. — Franklin.

medal	med'al	a piece of metal struck with a device
		and intended to preserve the remem-
		brance of a notable event or to
		serve as a reward.
meddle	med'dle	to interfere impertinently in the affairs
		of another.
mortar	mor'tar	a vessel in which substances are pounded
		with a pestle, a building material.
frenzy	fren'zy	rage, insanity.

mirror	mir'ror	any polished substance that forms
	•	images by the reflection of rays
		of light, a looking-glass.
atmosphere	at'mos phere	the whole mass of aëriform fluid
r-I-		surrounding the earth, the air.
mysterious	mys te'ri ous	not revealed or explained, obscure.
indignant	in dig'nant	wrathful, irate.
rectify	rec'ti fy	to make right, to correct.
dispel	dis pel'	to banish, to dissipate.
remarkable	re mark'a ble	uncommon, extraordinary.
directory	di rect'o ry	a book containing the names and
	,	residences of the inhabitants of
		a place.
sentimental	sen'ti men'tal	artificially tender, romantic.
enormous	e nor'mous	huge, vast, abnormal.
important	im por'tant	weighty, essential.
feminine	fem'i nine`	pertaining to woman.
misspell	mis spell'	to spell incorrectly.
suspicion	sus pi'cion	distrust, mistrust.
receive	re ceive'	to accept, to take.
receivable	re ceiv'a ble	capable of being received.

Review

A man who has nothing to do is the devil's playfellow. — J. G. HOLLAND.

sur prise'	de fen'sive	pa la'tial	hol'i day
de scend'	in fe'ri or	grate'ful	ar raign'
ben'e fit	dor'mant	right'eous	e nor'mous
fa mil'iar	de ci'sion	al lege'	mis spell'
pleas'ant	per'me ate	gor'geous	sus pi'cion

No man ever yet completed his apprenticeship. - GOETHE.

peak	peak	a point, the top of a hill or mountain
(3		ending in a point.
pique	pique	wounded pride; to offend, to stimu-
	(pēk)	late.
patron	pā'tron	one who encourages or helps a per-
		son, a cause, or a work.
catarrh	ca tarrh'	a chronic inflammation of the mem-
2.1		brane of the nose or air passages.
respectfully	respect'fully	characterized by respect.
respectively	re spec'tive ly	particularly, as each belongs to each.
foreground	fore'ground	that which is nearest to the specta-
	1000	tor.
ascend	as cend'	to mount, to climb.
terrible	ter'ri ble	fearful, formidable, dreadful.
morally	mor'al ly	virtuously, according to the rules of
		morality.
punctual	punc'tu al	appearing or done at a regular time,
		prompt.
favorite	fa'vor ite	regarded with preference; one pre-
		ferred above others.
fourth	fourth	next in order after the third.
altogether	al'to geth'er	without exceptions, wholly.
tried	tried	attempted, striven.
destiny	des'ti ny	fate, lot.
shoulder	shoul'der	the upper part of the back, the upper
		joint of the fore leg of an animal;
		to take upon the shoulder.

finally fi'nal ly ultimately, lastly.

receiver re ceiv'er one who receives or that which receives.

relieve re lieve' to alleviate, to lessen, to assist.

LESSON 12

The more business a man has to do, the more he is able to accomplish; for he learns to economize his time. — JUDGE HALE.

plate	plate	a dish; to cover with metal.
plait	plait	to fold, to braid.
intimate	in'ti mate	close in friendship or acquaintance;
		to refer to remotely, to hint.
accustom	ac cus'tom	to make familiar by use, to habituate.
diligent	dil'i gent	steady and earnest in application to a
		subject or pursuit, industrious.
endeavor	en deav'or	trial, effort; to try, to strive.
imprudent	im pru'dent	indiscreet, injudicious.
alien	al'ien	foreign; a foreigner.
fatally	fa'tal ly	mortally, destructively.
mercenary	mer'ce na ry	acting for reward, greedy of gain,
		selfish.
alacrity	a lac'ri ty	a cheerful readiness, joyous activity,
		briskness.
conscience	con'science	that within which distinguishes right
		from wrong.
illustrate	il lus'trate	to make clear, to elucidate.
precious	pre'cious	highly esteemed, very valuable.
masculine	mas'cu line	of the male sex, having the qualities
		of a man, strong.
enmity	en'mi ty	ill will, hatred, hostility.
		·

consonant	con'so nant	a member of the spoken alphabet other
		than a vowel.
sanguine	san'guine	confident, hopeful.
relief	re lief'	the removal of anything oppressive or
		burdensome, by which some ease is
		obtained.
disbelief	dis'be lief'	distrust, unbelief, doubt.

The smallest annoyances disturb us most. — Montaigne.

climb	climb	to mount laboriously.
clime	clime	a climate.
indulgent	in dul'gent	tolerant, yielding to the wishes of those
		under one's care.
meant	meant	intended, designed.
agile	ag'ile	nimble, active.
eulogy	eu'lo gy	a speech or writing in commendation
		of the character or the services of a
		person.
editor	ed'i tor	one who prepares and superintends
		matter for publication.
puerile	pu'er ile	boyish, childish.
particle	par'ti cle	a minute part of matter, an atom.
athletics	ath let'ics	the games and sports of athletes.
faithfully	faith'ful ly	trustfully, sincerely.
spectacle	spec'ta cle	show, sight, exhibition.
buoyant	buoy'ant	tending to rise or float, light-hearted.
cologne	co logne'	a perfumed liquid.
initial	in i'tial	marking the commencement; the first
		letter in a word.

stagnant	stag'nant	not flowing, motionless, not active,
		dull.
develop	de vel'op	to advance from a simpler form to one
		more complex in function.
recognize	rec'og nize	to know again, to acknowledge ac-
		quaintance with, to acknowledge.
achieve	a chieve'	to accomplish, to effect.
conceive	con ceive'	to form in the mind, to generate.

He is past preaching to who does not care to do well.

a loud sound or a succession of loud sounds; to give out loud sounds.

peal

peal

peel	peel	the skin or rind; to strip or to tear off.
pleasantly	pleas'ant ly	in an agreeable manner.
cyclone	cy'clone	a storm covering a large area in which
		the winds blow spirally toward the
		center.
purity	pu'ri ty	cleanliness, chastity.
excitement	ex cite'ment	the state of being roused into action,
		agitation.
reasonable	rea'son a ble	rational, just, not excessive.
adage	ad'age	a proverb, a maxim.
railroad	rail'road'	a road consisting of one or more par-
•		allel series of steel rails, the road
		and track with all the land, build-
		ings, rolling stock and franchises
		constituting one property.
scuttle	scut'tle	a small opening in an outside wall or
		covering, furnished with a lid.

village	vil'lage	a smaller collection of houses than a
		town or a city.
prudent	pru'dent	cautious, judicious, frugal, economical.
comma	com'ma	the point (,) marking the smallest divi-
		sion of a sentence.
deficient	de fi'cient	incomplete, lacking, inadequate.
smuggler	smug'gler	one who smuggles.
assist	as sist'	to help, to befriend.
possess	pos sess'	to have, to hold, to occupy, to own.
director	di rect'or	a manager or superintendent, one of a
		body of persons appointed to manage
		the affairs of a corporation.
believe	be lieve'	to accept as true.
reprieve	re prieve'	a temporary suspension, a respite; to
		delay punishment, to relieve tem-
		porarily.

Dictation Exercise

Selection from Washington Irving

The happiest bird of our spring, however, and one that rivals the European lark in my estimation, is the Boblincon, or bobolink, as he is commonly called. He arrives at that choice portion of our year which, in this latitude, answers to the description of the month of May so often given by the poets. With us it begins about the middle of May, and lasts until nearly the middle of June. Earlier than this, winter is apt to return on its traces, and to blight the opening beauties of the year; and later than this, begin the parching, and panting, and dissolving heats of

summer. But in this *genial interval* Nature is in all her freshness and *fragrance*: "the rain is over and gone; the flowers *appear* on the earth; the time of the singing of birds is come, and the voice of the *turtle* is heard in our land."

LESSON 16

Nature knows no pause in progress and development and attaches her curse on all inaction. — Goethe.

plum	plum	an edible fruit, a raisin.		
plumb	plumb	vertical; a weight of lead attached to		
		a line and used to indicate a vertical		
		direction.		
arsenal	ar'se nal	a public establishment for the manu-		
		facture or storage, or both, of arms		
		and all military equipments.		
inscription	in scrip'tion	something written or engraved.		
practical	prac'ti cal	capable of being turned to use or ca-		
		pable of applying knowledge to some		
		useful end.		
destitute	des'ti tute	not possessing the necessities of life.		
audience	au'di ence	an assembly of hearers, admittance to		
		a hearing.		
consent	con sent'	assent, concurrence; to comply, to		
		accede.		
popular	pop'u lar	pleasing to people in general.		
sympathy	sym'pa thy	fellow-feeling, kindness of feeling to-		
-11		ward one who suffers, a conformity		
		of natural temperament.		
distinct	dis tinct'	separate, unconnected.		

abyss	a byss'	a bottomless or unfathomed depth.		
gratis	gra'tis.	without fee or recompense.		
although	al though'	notwithstanding, though.		
awry	a wry'	turned toward one side, distorted; fig-		
	(å rī')	uratively, out of the right course.		
British	Brit'ish	pertaining to Great Britain or its inhab-		
		itants; the people of Great Britain.		
attitude	at'ti tude	posture, position.		
comely	come'ly	pleasing or agreeable to the sight,		
	(kŭm'ly)	handsome.		
conceit	con ceit'	a vain conception of one's own person		
111-		or accomplishments.		
deceit	de ceit'	any declaration or practice which causes		
		another to believe what is false.		

When a man is base at the heart he blights his virtues into weaknesses; but when he is true at the heart he sanctifies his weaknesses into virtues.

		Ruskin.
beach	beach	the shore of the sea; to haul upon a
		beach.
beech :	beech	the name of a tree having a smooth bark
		and thick foliage and bearing nuts.
avoid	a void'	to shun, to elude.
barrier	bar'ri er	that which hinders approach or attack,
		any obstruction.
apparel	ap par'el	dress, clothing.
prairie	prai'rie	an extensive tract of rolling land des-
		titute of trees and covered with
		coarse grass.

shrinkage	shrink'age	a contraction, the amount of such	
		contraction.	
mien	mien	aspect, manner, bearing.	
tedious	te'di ous	wearisome, fatiguing.	
tremendous	tre men'dous	gigantic, alarming, frightful.	
pervert	per vert'	to lead astray, to corrupt.	
anticipate	an tic'i pate	to look forward to, to foresee and	
		accomplish beforehand.	
incidental	in'ci den'tal	accidental, casual.	
crowd	crowd	throng, multitude; to mass together.	
lengthy	length'y	long and tedious.	
censure	cen'sure	blame, reproof; to blame, to reprove.	
apology	a pol'o gy	an acknowledgment intended as an	
		atonement for some improper re-	
		mark or act, a makeshift.	
suasion	sua'sion	persuasion.	
deceive	de ceive'	to cause to believe what is false or	
		to disbelieve what is true.	
perceive	per ceive'	to discern, to understand.	

Seest thou a man diligent in his business? he shall stand before kings; he shall not stand before mean men. — BIBLE.

bass	bass	the lowest part in a musical compo-
		sition, a deep sound or tone.
base	base	dishonorable, worthless.
braggart	brag'gart	a boaster.
article	ar'ti cle	a particular object or substance, a
		brief composition.
diffident	dif'fi dent	timid, bashful.

examination	ex am'i na'tion	a careful search, investigation, or in-
		quiry, a process for testing qual-
		ifications.
ligament	lig'a ment	a band of firm, fibrous tissue con-
		necting the opposed surfaces of
		a joint.
vicinity	vi cin'i ty	nearness, neighborhood.
original	o rig'i nal	first in order, not copied or imi-
		tated; that which precedes all
		others of its class.
porous	por'ous	having openings in the skin or in
		the substance of the body.
carouse	ca rouse'	to engage in drunken revels.
injustice	in jus'tice	unfairness, an unjust act or deed
rapturous	rap'tur ous	feeling or expressing rapture.
imitate	im'i tate	to copy in acts or manners, to fol-
		low as a pattern or model.
artistic	ar tis'tic	showing taste or skill.
vague	vague	indefinite, uncertain.
analyze	an'a lyze	to separate into the constituent
		parts for the purpose of an ex-
		amination.
syllable	syl'la ble	a combination of sounds uttered
		together.
forfeit	for'feit	a fine, a penalty; to lose the right
		to by some error or offense.
review	re view'	a reëxamination, a resurvey; to go
		over again.

Not when I rise above, only when I rise to, something, do I approve myself.—Jacobi.

straight	straight	direct, not deviating or crooked, conforming to justice and rectitude.
strait	strait	a narrow passage, distress, poverty.
incompetent	in com'pe tent	not answering all requirements, incapable, unfit.
squeeze	squeeze	to press together closely, to crowd.
pitiful	pit'i ful	compassionate, merciful.
classical	clas'sic al	of the first class or rank in literature
		or art, having a thorough knowl-
		edge of Greek and Latin literature.
criminal	crim'i nal	of the nature of a crime; one who
		has committed a crime.
arduous	ar'du ous	difficult, laborious.
veranda	ve ran'da	an open portico extending along one or more sides of a building.
vehicle	ve'hi cle	a contrivance fitted with wheels or
		runners for carrying something,
		especially a means of transporta-
		tion on land.
cedar	ce'dar	the name of several evergreen trees.
adjourn	ad journ'	to bring to an end for the time, especially with a view to meeting
		at a specified future time or place.
succession	suc ces'sion	a following of things consecutively,
		a series either in time or in place,
		the right to enter upon the rank
		held by another.

accident	ac'ci dent	a mishap, a casualty.
closely	close'ly	with searching or sharp attention, in
Commence of		compact order.
altitude	al'ti tude	height.
impious	im'pi ous	wanting in veneration for God or his
		authority.
nursery	nurs'er y	the apartment in a house appropriated
		to the care of children, a place where
		young trees and shrubs are propa-
		gated for the purpose of transplant-
		ing.
aggrieve	ag grieve'	to give grief or sorrow to, to bear
		heavily upon (commonly used in the
		passive).
besiege	be siege'	to surround with armed forces for the
		purpose of compelling to surrender.

The importunities and perplexities of business are softness and luxury compared with the incessant cravings of vacancy and the unsatisfactory expedients of idleness.—Johnson.

reign	reign	sovereignty, rule, the time during which		
		a sovereign rules.		
rein	rein	a strap attached to the bit for control-		
		ling a horse; to direct with the		
		reins, to restrain.		
lunatic	lu'na tic	an insane person.		
lunacy	lu'na cy	insanity or madness.		
immoral	im mor'al	inconsistent with rectitude, purity, or		
good morals.				

placid	plac'id	unruffled, undisturbed, serene, peaceful.	
strengthen	strength'en	to make strong or stronger, to encourage, to confirm.	
plausible	plau'si ble	apparently right, superficially pleasing.	
arrange	ar range'	to put in proper order, to adjust or settle.	
suicide	su'i cide	self-murder.	
pretend	pre tend'	to represent falsely, to feign, to claim.	
adjacent	ad ja'cent	lying near or close at hand, adjoining.	
caustic	caus'tic	burning, corrosive, sarcastic, severe;	
	Æ	a substance that burns animal	
•		tissues by chemical action.	
singular	sin'gu lar	odd, extraordinary, uncommon.	
aspirant	as pir'ant	aspiring; one who eagerly seeks	
		some high position or object of attainment.	
bulletin	bul'le tin	a public notice or announcement,	
		especially of news recently received.	
consistent	con sist'ent	possessing unity, standing together	
	4 14	or in agreement, acting in conformity with one's belief.	
comparative	com par'a tive	relative, not positive or absolute.	
heinous	hei'nous	wicked in the extreme and deserv-	
	(hā'nŭs)	ing of severe penalty.	
chieftain	chief'tain	a captain, leader, commander.	

Review

A simple, manly character need never make an apology. - EMERSON.

ca tarrh'	ath let'ics	prac'ti cal	an'a lyze
al'to geth'er	buoy'ant	al though'	ve'hi cle
en deav'or	rec'og nize	ap par'el	suc ces'sion
con'science	as sist'	prai'rie	con sist'ent
san'guine	pos sess'	ar tis'tic	com par'a tive

LESSON 22

Happy is he to whom his business itself becomes a pupper, who at length can play with it, and amuse himself with what his situation makes his duty.—Goethe.

core	core	the heart or inner part of a thing, the
		central part of fruit.
corps	corps	a body of men.
	(kōr)	
courteous	cour'te ous	civil, obliging, well-bred.
genealogy	ġĕn'ē ăl'ō ġy	a history of the descent of a person or
		family from an ancestor, lineage.
disperse	dis perse'	to separate, to scatter abroad.
explicit	ex plic'it	distinctly stated, plain in language,
		clear.
allay	al lay'	to make quiet or put at rest, to alleviate.
execution	ex'e cu'tion	accomplishment of a design, perform-
		ance, death lawfully inflicted.
vanilla	va nil'la	a flavoring extract made from the va-
		nilla bean, a genus of climbing plants.

circumference	cir cum'fer ence	the line that encompasses a cir-
1 00	1 00	cular figure.
baffle	baf'fle	to thwart, to foil.
battalion	bat tal'ion	a body of troops.
devoid	de void'	destitute, not in possession of.
apparatus	ap'pa rā'tus	any complex device or machine
		prepared for the accomplish-
		ment of a special purpose.
judgment	judg'ment	discernment, sagacity, under-
		standing.
livelihood	live'li hood	support of life, maintenance.
intermittent	in'ter mit'tent	alternating, periodic.
precedent	prec'e dent	an instance that may serve as a
		guide or a basis for a rule,
	-	previous usage or custom.
retrieve	re trieve'	to restore from loss or injury, to
	(4)	regain, to atone for.
inveigle	in vēi'gle	to persuade into some unwise
		act by deception or flattery,
		to entice.
		to entice.

There is not one grain in the universe either too much or too little, nothing to be added, nothing to be spared; not so much as any one particle of it, that mankind may not be either the better or the worse for, according as it is applied.—L'ESTRANGE.

aisle	aisle	a narrow passageway.
isle ·	isle	an island (chiefly a poetical
		word).

college	col'lege	a society of scholars, incorporated
	· Este 1	for study or instruction, espe-
	1000	cially in the higher branches of
		knowledge.
protégé	pro'té'gé'	one under the care of another.
51.1	(prďtá'zhá')	
illustrious	il lus'tri ous	distinguished, remarkable, brilliant.
verbatim.	ver ba'tim	word for word.
magistrate	mag'is trate	a person clothed with power as a
0 -	W. S	public civil officer.
inimitable	in im'i ta ble	not capable of being imitated, cop-
		ied, or counterfeited.
disturbance	dis turb'ance	commotion, uproar, tumult.
	pen in'su la	a portion of land nearly surrounded
Politica	Political	by water and connected with a
		larger body.
obsolete	ob'so lete	no longer in use, ancient, antiquated.
erection	e rec'tion	the act of building, a setting up.
longevity	lon gev'i ty	long duration of life.
vicious	vi'cious	corrupt in conduct or habits, wicked,
Vicious	VI Clous	unruly.
jeopardy	jeop'ard y	danger, hazard.
tenement	ten'e ment	
tenement	ten e ment	a set of rooms designed for the
		occupancy of a family, usually
		applied to apartments in an in-
1 7 ->	1,	ferior class of dwellings.
zephyr	zeph'yr	the west wind; figuratively, any
		gentle, soft breeze.
forcible		violent, powerful, strong, energetic.
mischievous	mis'chie vous	inclined or given to mischief, of a
		prankish nature.
accede	ac cede'	to agree, to assent.

Our grand business is not to see what lies dimly at a distance, but to do what lies clearly at hand. — CARLYLE.

course	course	road, route, series, career.
coarse	coarse	composed of large parts or par-
		ticles, not refined, rude.
lassitude	las'si tude	languor, weariness.
reputable	rep'u ta ble	honorable, respectable, creditable.
hereditary	he red'i ta ry	ancestral, inheritable.
manageable	man'age a ble	suffering control, governable,
		tractable.
frivolous	friv'o lous	characterized by lack of serious-
		ness, sense, or reverence, tri-
		fling.
sumptuous	sump'tu ous	costly, luxurious, splendid.
exhortation	ex'hor ta'tion	incitement to that which is good
		or commendable, admonition.
obstacle	ob'sta cle	a hindrance, an obstruction.
intercept	in'ter cept'	to cause to stop on the passage,
		to hinder or oppose.
advantageous	ad'van ta'geous	profitable, beneficial.
negligence	neg'li gence	lack of due diligence or care,
		heedlessness.
variable	va'ri a ble	heedlessness. that which is subject or liable to
variable	va'ri a ble	
variable respite	va'ri a ble	that which is subject or liable to
70-71		that which is subject or liable to change.
70-71		that which is subject or liable to change. an interval of rest, pause, cessa-
respite	res'pite	that which is subject or liable to change. an interval of rest, pause, cessation.

vain

vain

yacht yacht a light sailing vessel used for pleasure, exceed ex ceed' to go beyond, to surpass. secede se cede' to withdraw from fellowship or association.

LESSON 25

It is the part of a good man to do great and noble deeds, though he risks everything. — PLUTARCH.

conceited, puffed up, ineffectual.

ACCITI	ACCITI	concerned barron ab' morrootant
vane	vane	a weathercock.
vein	vein	one of the vessels which carry blood
		to the heart, a streak of different
		color appearing in wood and in
.:		marble.
juvenile	ju've nile	youthful, boyish.
humiliate	hu mil'i ate	to humble, to mortify.
duteous	du'te ous	dutiful, obedient.
massacre	mas'sa cre	the killing of a considerable number of
- 4		human beings under circumstances
		of atrocity or cruelty; to kill in con-
		siderable numbers where much resist-
		ance cannot be made.
palliate	păl'li āte	to cover with excuses, to conceal the
		enormity of by excuses or apologies.
faciai	fa'cial	pertaining to the face.
zenith	ze'nith	the point of the heavens directly over-
		head; figuratively, the height of
		prosperity.
sensational	sen sa'tion al	suited to excite temporarily great inter-

est or emotion.

exhaust	ex haust'	the steam let out of a cylinder after
		it has done its work there; to
		drain off completely, to weary, to
		tire out.
obedience	o be'di ence	subjection to rightful restraint or con-
		trol.
latitude	lat'i tude	distance north or south of the equator,
		breadth, scope.
chargeable	charge'a ble	that may be imposed, liable or respon-
		sible.
alligator	al'li ga'tor	a large reptile of the crocodile family.
bronchitis	bron chī'tis	inflammation of the bronchial tubes.
bobbin	bob'bin	a spool of various material and con-
		struction, with a hole bored through
		its length by which it may be placed
- 1		on a spindle.
concede	con cede'	to grant, to allow, to yield.
recede	re cede'	to retreat, to withdraw a claim or pre-
		tension.

It is the vain endeavor to make ourselves what we are not that has strewn history with so many broken purposes and lives left in the rough.—LOWELL.

serge	serge	a woolen twilled stuff, much used as
		material for clothing.
surge	surge	a great rolling volume of water, a large
		swelling wave or mass of waves; to
		rise high and roll onward (often used
		figuratively).

vaccinate	vac'ci nate	to inoculate with cowpox.
navigable	nav'i ga ble	deep enough and wide enough to
		afford passage to vessels.
juicy	jui'cy	abounding with juice.
authentic	au then'tic	according with the facts, not of
		doubtful origin, genuine.
imbecile	im'be cile	feeble-minded; one of feeble mind.
oblige	o blige'	to constrain by physical or legal
0	8	force, to compel, to accommo-
		date.
survivorship	sur viv'or ship	the state of being a survivor.
fascinate	fas'ci nate	to charm, to captivate, to attract.
parquet	par quet'	the lower floor of a theater, the pit.
11.0.1	(pär kā')	
military	mil'i ta ry	pertaining to soldiers or to war.
lubricate	lu'bri cate	to make smooth or slippery, to ap-
		ply a lubricant to.
paradise	par'a dise	a place of bliss, a state of happiness.
porpoise	por'poise	a species of fish.
	(pôr'pŭs)	•
perfidy	per'fi dy	violation of a promise or vow or
		of trust reposed, faithlessness.
ludicrous	lu'di crous	adapted to excite laughter without
		scorn or contempt, ridiculous.
fanatic	fa nat'ic	a person affected by excessive en-
		thusiasm, extravagant in opin-
		ions, unreasonable.
intercede	in'ter cede'	to plead in behalf of another.
supersede	su'per sede'	to take the place of, as by reason
		of superior worth, appropriate-
		ness, efficacy, or right.

If it be a bliss to enjoy the good, it is still greater happiness to discern the better; for in art the best only is good enough. — Goethe.

freeze	freeze	to congeal, to cause loss of life in.
frieze	frieze	a sculptured or richly orna-
111000	111000	mented band in a building.
solicitude	so lic'i tude	concern, anxiety.
emancipate	e man'ci pate	to give freedom to, to liberate.
-	in ju'ri ous	harmful, hurtful.
injurious decimal	dec'i mal	
decimai	dec.1 mar	numbered by tens; a number
		expressed in the scale of tens.
jubilee	ju'bi lee	the joyful commemoration held
		on the fiftieth anniversary of
		any event.
banquet	ban'quet	a sumptuous entertainment of
		eating or drinking.
revelation	rev'e la'tion	that which is revealed, the act
		of disclosing to others what
		was before unknown to them.
nonpareil	non'pa reil'	having no equal; a particular
•	(nŏn'på rĕl')	size of type, something of
		unequaled excellence.
nuptials	nup'tials	marriage, wedding.
temperance	tem'per ance	restrained or moderate indul-
Position	Par marca	gence, moderation.
quadrant	quad'rant	the quarter of a circle, an instru-
4	1	ment for measuring altitudes
ungeminuloug	un scru'pu lous	unprincipled.
-	_	to cut off.
amputate	am'pu tate	to cut on.

countenance	coun'te nance	the features, aspect, mien; to favor,
		to encourage.
valiant	val'iant	courageous, brave.
ruffian	ruf'fian	a cutthroat, a boisterous, brutal
	(rŭf'yan)	fellow.
villain	vil'lain	a vile, wicked person.
traitor	trai'tor	one guilty of treason, a betrayer.

Review Work for Special Drill

It is the height of folly to throw up attempting because you have failed. Failures are wonderful elements in developing the character. — MAX MÜLLER.

feign	hue	peal	core
fain	hew	peel	corps
plane	their	plum	aisle
plain	there	plumb	isle
birth	medal	beach	course
berth	meddle	beech	
peace piece	peak pique	bass base	vain vane vein
guest	plate	straight	serge
guessed	plait	strait	surge
to too two	climb clime	reign rein	freeze frieze

fierce	weird	re prieve'	mis'chie vous
pierce	nēi'ther	con ceit'	ac cede'
chief	lēi'sure	de ceit'	ex ceed'
height	re ceive'	de ceive'	se cede'
thief	re ceiv'a ble	per ceive'	con cede'
brief	re ceiv'er	for'feit	re cede'
shriek	re lieve'	re view'	in'ter cede'
grieve	re lief'	ag grieve'	su'per sede'
skein	dis'be lief'	be siege'	val'iant
niece	a chieve'	hei'nous	ruf'fian
friend	con ceive'	chief'tain	vil'lain
fiend	be lieve'	re trieve'	trai'tor
yield		in vēi'gle	
-			

Let the teacher change the order of the homophonous words and dictate them in sentences.

LESSON 29

Every one knows better than he practices, and recognizes a better law than he obeys. — FROUDE.

can'vas	a strong cloth made of hemp, flax, or
	cotton.
can'vass	to go about to solicit votes, orders, sub-
	scriptions, or the like; to examine
	thoroughly.
tu i'tion	the act, art, or business of teaching;
	instruction, the money paid for such
	instruction.
leg'i ble	capable of being deciphered, plain.
gov'ern or	one who is invested with the supreme
	executive authority in a state.
	can'vass tu i'tion leg'i ble

supremacy	su prem'a cy	the highest or supreme author-
		ity or power.
omnipotence	om nip'o tence	almighty power, the Deity.
daughter-in-law	daugh'ter-in-law'	the wife of a son.
indefinite	in def'i nite	not limited, defined, or speci-
		fied; not determined or
		fixed upon.
ragamuffin	rag'a muf'fin	a person who wears ragged
		clothing (colloquial).
aluminum	a lu'mi num	a white metal, remarkable for
		its lightness.
knot	knot	an intertwining of the parts
		of one or more ropes, cords,
		or strips for the purpose of
		fastening them together,
		or of securing another ob-
		ject, or for ornament.
superscribe	su'per scribe'	to write an inscription on the
		surface of anything.
gazetteer	gaz'et teer'	a geographical dictionary.
meerschaum	meer'schaum	a fine white mineral, light
	(mēr'sham)	enough when in dry masses
		to float in water; a tobacco
		pipe made of this mineral.
o'clock	o'clock'	time of the day.
aversion	a ver'sion	fixed opposition to or dislike
		of some particular thing.
permit (n.)	per'mit	permission, license.
permit (v.)	per mit'	to allow or suffer to be done,
		to grant.
permitted	per mit'ted	the past participle of permit.

Dictation Exercise

Selection from Washington Irving

Mount Vernon was his harbor of repose, where he repeatedly furled his sail and fancied himself anchored for life. No impulse of ambition tempted him thence; nothing but the call of his country and his devotion to the public good. The place was endeared to him by the remembrance of his brother Lawrence, and of the happy hours he had passed there with that brother in the days of boyhood; but it was a delightful place in itself and well calculated to inspire to rural feeling.

"No estate in United America," observes he in one of his letters, "is more pleasantly situated—in a high and healthy country; in a latitude between the extremes of heat and cold; on one of the finest rivers in the world, a river well stocked with various kinds of fish at all seasons of the year, and in the spring with shad, herring, bass, carp, sturgeon, etc., in great abundance. The borders of the estate are washed by more than ten miles of tide water; several valuable fisheries appertain to it; the whole shore, in fact, is one entire fishery."

LESSON 31

There is but one philosophy, and its name is Fortitude; to bear is to conquer our fate. — Bulwer.

cannon can'non a large gun.
canon can'on a law or rule.
unintelligible un'in tel'li gi ble not plain, not comprehensible.

quinsy	quin'sy	inflammation of the throat and tonsils, accompanied by fever.
nickel	nick'el	a bright silver-white metallic
		element, a five-cent piece
		(colloquial).
behavior	be hav'ior	conduct, manner, bearing.
horizontal	hor'i zon'tal	parallel to the horizon, on a level.
juncture	junc'ture	the line or point at which two
		bodies are joined, a crisis, an
		exigency.
library	li'bra ry	a collection of books kept for
		use and not as merchandise,
		a building for holding such
		a collection.
forebode	fore bode'	to foretell, to predict.
Shakespeare	Shake'speare	English poet and dramatist.
windlass	wind'lass	a machine for raising weights.
copious	co'pi ous	plentiful, abundant.
	par'a pher nā'li a	appendages, equipments.
missile	mis'sile	a weapon thrown or intended
		to be projected.
expiration	ex'pi ra'tion	the coming of anything to an
		end naturally or in course,
		termination, death.
grotesque	gro tesque'	wildly or strangely formed,
	(grð těsk')	whimsical, ludicrous.
refer	re fer'	to direct inquiry for informa-
		tion or other purpose, to hand
		over for consideration.
referred	re ferred'	the past participle of refer.
stopped	stopped	obstructed, hindered, restrained

What we truly and earnestly aspire to be, that in some sense we are. The mere aspiration, by changing the frame of the mind, for the moment realizes itself. — Mrs. Jameson.

carrot	car'rot	the reddish-yellow edible root pro-
		duced the first year by any culti-
		vated variety of the parsley family.
caret	cā'ret	a mark used to indicate an omission.
carat	car'at	the standard of weight by which
		precious stones are weighed.
remonstrate	re mon'strate	to present and urge reasons in oppo-
		sition to any course of proceedings.
indecision	in'de ci'sion	want of firmness, irresolution, hesi-
		tation.
divorce	di vorce'	the writing by which marriage is
		dissolved, separation; to separate
		by divorce.
splendid	splen'did	possessing or displaying splendor,
		very bright, magnificent, illustri-
		ous.
jaundice	jaun'dice	a disease characterized by yellowness
	(jän'dĭs)	of the skin.
laboratory	lab'o ra to ry	the workroom of a chemist, a place
		devoted to experiments in any
		branch of natural science.
ferocious	fe ro'cious	fierce, savage, barbarous.
cartoon	car toon'	a pictorial caricature, a design of the
		full size to serve as a model.
tacit	taç'it	implied but not expressed, silent.

inaudible	in au'di ble	incapable of being heard.
reservoir	res'er voir	a place where anything is kept in
	(rěz'ěr vwôr)	store, especially a place where water
		is collected and kept for use.
nominative	nom'i native	the name of that form of a noun which
		stands as subject of a finite verb.
to-morrow	to-mor'row	the day after the present.
uniformly	u'ni form'ly	in a uniform manner, without variation.
excel	ex cel'	to surpass others in good qualities,
	,	laudable actions, or acquirements.
excelled	ex celled'	the past participle of excel.
excellence	ex'cel lence	exalted merit, worth, or goodness.

Review

The force of habit is great. - CICERO.

dis perse'	friv'o lous	au then'tic	gaz'et teer'
judg'ment	in'ter cept'	fas'ci nate	be hav'ior
il lus'tri ous	ad'van ta'geous	tem'per ance	par'a pher na'li a
ob'so lete	mas'sa cre	coun'te nance	fe ro'cious
vi'cious	ex haust'	su prem'a cy	car toon'

LESSON 34

I only look straight before me at each day as it comes, and do what is nearest me, without looking farther afield. — Goethe.

borough	bor'ough	in America, an incorporated town or
	(bŭr't)	village.
burrow	bur'row	to excavate a hole to lodge in (as in
		the earth).

monarch	mon'arch	a sovereign, the highest ruler, one
	12	superior to all others of the same
		kind.
charity	char'i ty	love, benevolence, good will.
macadamize	mac ad'am ize	to cover, as a road, with small
	0 0 2	broken stones, so as to form a
		smooth, convex surface.
obelisk	ob'e lisk	an upright, four-sided pillar, grad-
		ually tapering as it rises, and
		terminating in a pyramid; a
		mark of reference.
eaves	eaves	the edges of the roof of a building
		which overhang the walls.
statistics	sta tis'tics	classified facts respecting the con-
		dition of the people in a state,
		or respecting any particular
		class or interest.
atheism	a'the ism	the denial of the existence of a God.
commodore	com'mo dore'	an officer who ranks next above a
		captain.
total	to'tal	whole, entire; the whole sum or
		amount.
nonsense	non'sense	that which is not sense or has no
		sense, absurdity.
recompense	rec'om pense	compensation; to render an equiva-
		lent to for service, to compensate.
ignominious	ig'no min'i ous	dishonorable, shameful, degrading.
decipher	de ci'pher	to translate from secret characters
		into intelligible terms, to make
	n all and I	out or read (as words badly
and the sales		written).

hydrant	hy'drant	a discharge pipe at which water may
		be drawn from the mains of water-
		works.
fabulous	fab'u lous	passing belief, exceedingly great,
		feigned, not real.
compel	com pel'	to force, to necessitate, either by
		physical or moral force.
compelled	com pelled'	the past participle of compel.
planned	planned	represented (as by a diagram),
		schemed, devised, contrived.

LESSON 35 The talent of success is nothing more than doing what you can do well.

The talent	or success is noun	ing more than doing what you can do well.
		Longfellow.
gamble	gam'ble	to play or game for money or other
		stake.
gambol	gam'bol	to skip about in sport, to frisk.
proficiency	pro fi'cien cy	advance in the acquisition of any art,
		science, or knowledge.
halibut	hal'i but	a large northern, flat fish, much used
	(hŏl'i bŭt)	for food.
dissipation	dis'si pa'tion	a dissolute course of life in which
		health and money are squandered
		in pursuit of pleasure, dissolute-
		ness.
parlance	par'lance	conversation, discourse, diction.
sandwich	sand'wich	two slices of bread with other food
		between; figuratively, to insert be-

tween portions of dissimilar things.

antique	an tique'	old as respects the present age or a
1	(ăn tēk')	modern period of time, antiquated;
	,	anything very old.
taatamant	tes'ta ment	in law a person's will, a covenant,
testament	tes ta ment	-
		one of the two general divisions of
		the books of the sacred Scriptures.
	un veil'	to uncover, to reveal.
academy	a cad'e my	a school, a seminary of learning, a
		society of learned men united for
		the advancement of the arts and
		sciences.
elaborately	e lab'o rate ly	in an elaborate manner, with nice
·	•	regard to exactness.
ostensible	os ten'si ble	intended to be accepted as genuine,
000010101010	(,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	seeming, shown, declared.
officer	of'fi cer	one who holds an office; to furnish
0111001	02.12.001	with officers.
majesty	maj'es ty	grandeur, exalted dignity (often ap-
majesty	maj es ey	plied to sovereigns).
		-
engineer	en'gi neer'	a person skilled in engineering, one
		who manages an engine; to lay out
		or construct as an engineer.
stalwart	stal'wart	strong, brave, daring.
	(stŏl'wert)	
occur	oc cur'	to take place, to happen.
occurred	oc curred'	the past participle of occur.
omitted	o mit'ted	left out, passed by.
		* *

To be careless of what others think of us not only indicates an arrogant but an utterly abandoned character.— CICERO.

altar	al'tar	a place devoted to prayer, espe- cially in some churches the slightly raised platform in
		front of the pulpit.
alter	al'ter	to change.
torpor	tor'por	numbness, dullness, inactivity.
nicotine	nic'o tĭne	an alkaloid which is the active
		principle of tobacco.
replenish	re plen'ish	to stock anew, to fill completely.
balcony	bal'co ny	a projecting gallery.
implement	im'ple ment	an instrument or tool.
decalogue	dec'a logue	the Ten Commandments given
91 100		by God to Moses on Mount
		Sinai.
palsy	pal'sy	paralysis.
fascination	fas'ci na'tion	the exercise of an irresistible in-
		fluence on the affections or
		passions, enchantment, charm.
liquors	liq'uors	distilled or fermented liquids or
•	and the law, a	fluids, alcoholic beverages as
		a sedative or a stimulant.
wrench	wrench	a violent twist, a sprain; to
		wrest.
prepossess	pre'pos sess'	to bias or prejudice.
	pre'pos ses'sion	bias, bent, inclination.
homely	home'ly	plain, uncomely.
		Promis, discountery.

incredible	in cred'i ble	surpassing belief, unlikely.
erroneous	er ro'ne ous	not conformed to truth or justice,
		incorrect.
defer	de fer'	to postpone to a future time, to put
		off, to delay.
deferred	de ferred'	the past participle of defer.
wrapped	wrapped	folded together, enveloped com-
,		pletely.

Do your duty, come what may.

auger	au'ger	a carpenter's tool for boring holes.
augur	au'gur	to foretell, to predict.
umpire	um'pire	a judge, an arbitrator; to act as arbi-
umpire	um pire	
		trator.
graciously	gra'cious ly	in a gracious manner, courteously.
ellipse	el lipse'	an oval or oblong figure.
endowment	en dow'ment	that which is bestowed or settled on
		a person or an institution; prop-
		erty, fund, or revenue permanently
		appropriated to any object.
malice	mal'ice	ill will, spite, animosity.
obstinacy	ob'sti na cy	firm and usually unreasonable adher-
		ence to an opinion, purpose, or
		system; stubbornness.
waltz	waltz	a round dance; to dance a waltz.
axiom	ax'i om	a self-evident truth, a maxim.
usefulness	use'ful ness	serviceableness, utility.
brogue	brogue	a dialectic pronunciation; a stout,
	(brōg)	coarse shoe.

interference	in'ter fer'ence	the act or state of interposing
	-	or meddling.
dilemma	dĭ lem'ma	a difficult choice or position,
		a vexatious predicament.
panorama	pan'o rä'ma	a complete view in every
	,	direction.
lattice	lat'tice	any work of wood or metal
		made by crossing thin strips
		to form network.
heterogeneous	het'er o ġē'ne ous	differing in kind, dissimilar.
trimmed	trimmed	adjusted, clipped, decorated,
		adorned.
grabbed	grabbed	snatched, seized.
dropped	dropped	let fall.

Every man who observes vigilantly and resolves steadfastly grows unconsciously into a genius. — Bulwer Lytton.

dying dyeing	dy'ing dye'ing	passing from life, expiring. the process of fixing coloring matters permanently and uniformly in the fibers of
prejudice	prej'u dice	wool or cotton. an opinion or judgment formed without due exam- ination, bias; to bias the
hydrophobia	hy'dro pho'bi a	mind of one by hasty and incorrect notions. the disease caused by a bite from a rabid creature, canine madness.

defiance	de fi'ance	a state of opposition, disposi-
iota	i o'ta	tion to resist. a jot, a particle, the ninth letter
2000	2000	of the Greek alphabet.
novice	nov'ice	a beginner, one who is new
		in any business, profession,
	(1	or calling.
novitiate	no vi'ti ate	the state of being a novice,
	(nổ vĩsh'ĩ ắt)	time of initiation.
unconcern	un con cern'	absence of anxiety, indiffer-
		ence.
grimace	gri mace'	a distortion of the counte-
		nance, a smirk.
emanate	em'a nate	to issue from a source, to rise,
		to originate.
ornament	or'na ment	decoration, adornment; to
		adorn, to deck.
extraordinary	ex traôr'di na ry	uncommon, rare, wonderful.
misdemeanor	mis'de mean'or	a misdeed, misconduct.
organization	or'gan i za'tion	a number of individuals sys-
. (1.1)	and the same of th	tematically united for some
	-	end or work.
conferee	con'fer ee'	one who is conferred with, or
	(one upon whom something
		is conferred.
utensil	u ten'sil	an implement used in farming
		or for domestic purposes.
conceal	con ceal'	to cover or keep from sight, to
	1	prevent the discovery of.
concealed	con cealed'	the past participle of conceal.
pitied	pit'ied	felt compassionate toward.
•	•	

We know of nothing that binds us to what is behind; our duty lies ahead.—C. RICHET.

i ii	in the second se	
symbol	sym'bol	a visible sign or representation
	201	of an idea, a type.
cymbal	cym'bal	a brass musical instrument
•	çi 9 _	shaped like a circular dish,
		with a handle at the back.
neuralgia	neu ral'gi a	a disease of the nerves charac-
	1 11100	terized by very acute pain.
raiment	rai'ment	vesture, garments.
bilious	bil'ious	troubled with an excess of bile.
immortal	im mor'tal	imperishable, lasting forever.
dissyllable	dis syl'la ble	a word of two syllables.
thraldom	thral'dom	slavery, bondage.
filial	fil'ial mas	becoming to a child in relation
.11-9	- IL - L - L - A	to his parents.
	lin'e a ments	distinctive marks of a body or
ARG READ	2 813	figure (particularly of the
	1 50	face).
shackles	shac'kles	fetters, bonds.
prognosticate	prog nos'ti cate	to foretell from signs or symp-
		toms, to prophesy.
	de cap'i tate	to behead, to remove from office
_	the or s	(colloquial in the United
•	OF C	States).
	to bac'co	an American plant of the night-
	1'A	shade family (much used for
	adaptate t	smoking).
		0,

implication	im'pli ca'tion	something that may be fairly
	4	understood though not ex-
	1 3 1 3 1 9 3 0	pressed in words, an inference.
confectionery	con fec'tion er y	sweetmeats, candies, the place
	a and parties	where these are made or sold.
equinox	e'qui nox	the time when the sun enters
	. c ,	one of the equinoctial points,
		about March 21 and Septem-
	1.,	ber 22.
equaled	e'qualed	commensurate with, made to
	\$ C 255.	have the same value.
paralyzed	par'a lyzed	affected with paralysis; figura-
21 000	,	tively, unnerved.
delayed	de layed'	put off, deferred, retarded,
	- 4001	hindered.

Each year one vicious habit rooted out, in time might make the worst man good. — Franklin.

serial	se'ri al	a publication appearing in a
	**************************************	series or succession of parts.
cereal	ce're al	any grass cultivated for its
1	and and of	edible grain, the grain itself.
peppermint	pep'per mint	an aromatic and pungent plant
		(much used in medicine and
	gala lair	in confectionery).
architect	ar'chi tect	a person proficient in the art of
		building.
knickknack	knick'knack	a trifle or toy.

magnificence	mag nif'i cence	the state of being glorious, majes-
	. 1 ;	tic, or sublime.
orthography	or thog'ra phy	the practice of spelling words correctly, mode of spelling.
gauge	gauge	a standard of measure; to ascertain the capacity of.
tragedy	trag'e dy	a fatal and mournful event, a dramatic poem composed in
		elevated style, representing a signal action performed by
		some person or persons and having a fatal issue.
needle	nee'dle	0
needle	nee die	a small instrument used in sew-
	1111111111111	ing, knitting, or crocheting.
steer	steer	a young ox; to direct the course of, to guide.
minor	mi'nor	less, of little account; a person
		who is not of age.
repast	re past'	a meal, any refreshment.
wizard	wiz'ard	a magician, an enchanter.
sovereign	sov'er eign	chief, independent of any other,
		predominant; a monarch, a
		gold coin of Great Britain.
homicide	hom'i cide	the killing of one human being
	nom i ciuc	by another.
disastrous	dis as'trous	attended with suffering or disas-
		ter, very unfortunate, ill-fated.
wearied	wea'ried	tired, fatigued.
weighed	weighed	examined by the balance, bal-
J	0	anced, pondered in the mind.
received	re ceived'	accepted, taken.
		accepted, whom

A little too late is much too late.

mantel	man'tel	a shelf above the fireplace.	
mantle	man'tle	a cloak.	
university	u'ni ver'si ty	an organized and incorporated	
		institution of learning devoted	
		to the study of the higher	
		branches.	
admissible	ad mis'si ble	allowable.	
opiate	o'pi ate	medicine containing opium, some-	
•		thing inducing sleep or repose.	
crystal	crys'tal	clear, transparent; the regular	
100		form which a substance tends	
		to assume in solidifying, a	
		species of glass more perfect	
		than common glass.	
		than common glass.	
levy	lev'y	in law, the seizure of property on	
levy	lev'y		
levy	lev'y	in law, the seizure of property on	
levy	lev'y	in law, the seizure of property on executions to satisfy judgment,	
levy	lev'y	in law, the seizure of property on executions to satisfy judgment, or on warrants for the collec-	
levy	lev'y	in law, the seizure of property on executions to satisfy judgment, or on warrants for the collec- tion of taxes; to raise or col-	
le vy	lev'y pet'u lant	in law, the seizure of property on executions to satisfy judgment, or on warrants for the collec- tion of taxes; to raise or col- lect by assessment, to seize	
petulant	pet'u lant	in law, the seizure of property on executions to satisfy judgment, or on warrants for the collec- tion of taxes; to raise or col- lect by assessment, to seize property.	
		in law, the seizure of property on executions to satisfy judgment, or on warrants for the collection of taxes; to raise or collect by assessment, to seize property. ill-humored, irritable.	
petulant	pet'u lant pyr'o tech'nics	in law, the seizure of property on executions to satisfy judgment, or on warrants for the collection of taxes; to raise or collect by assessment, to seize property. ill-humored, irritable. the manufacture and use of fire-	
petulant pyrotechnics	pet'u lant pyr'o tech'nics	in law, the seizure of property on executions to satisfy judgment, or on warrants for the collection of taxes; to raise or collect by assessment, to seize property. ill-humored, irritable. the manufacture and use of fireworks.	
petulant pyrotechnics contemptible	pet'u lant pyr'o tech'nics con tempt'i ble	in law, the seizure of property on executions to satisfy judgment, or on warrants for the collection of taxes; to raise or collect by assessment, to seize property. ill-humored, irritable. the manufacture and use of fireworks. despicable, mean.	
petulant pyrotechnics contemptible	pet'u lant pyr'o tech'nics con tempt'i ble	in law, the seizure of property on executions to satisfy judgment, or on warrants for the collection of taxes; to raise or collect by assessment, to seize property. ill-humored, irritable. the manufacture and use of fireworks. despicable, mean. having no essential relation to a	

opposition	op'po si'tion	resistance, obstacle, the state of
		being over against.
antagonist	an tag'o nist	one who contends against another
		(as in any struggle, physical or
		mental), an opponent.
unattractive	un'at tract'ive	not pleasing, uninviting.
tricycle	tri'cy̆ cle	a three-wheeled velocipede.
restrict	re strict'	to limit, to confine, to restrain.
disappoint	dis'ap point'	to frustrate expectation or hope.
disappointed	dis'ap point'ed	the past participle of disappoint.
dilapidated	di lap'i da'ted	fallen into partial ruin, decayed.

Every man is the architect of his own fortune. - Sallust.

currant	cur'rant	a small fruit.
current	cur'rent	now passing, common; a stream,
		a course.
genteel	gen teel'	polite, well-bred, refined.
accrue	ac crue'	to come to by way of increase, to
		be added as increase, profit, or
		damage.
boundary	bound'a ry	a bounding or separating line.
morocco	mo roc'co	a fine kind of leather prepared
		from goatskin and tanned with
		sumac.
legally	le'gal ly	in a legal manner.
pleurisy	pleu'ri sy	inflammation of the pleura, usually
1		accompanied with fever.
inflammable	in flam'ma ble	capable of being easily set on fire,
		combustible.

hustle	hus'tle	to make heatily and with confusion
nustie	nus de	to move hastily and with confusion,
		to hurry.
noticeable	no'tice a ble	likely to attract observation, con-
		spicuous.
meridian	me rid'i an	midday, noon; figuratively, the high-
		est point (as of success or pros-
		perity).
unpleasant	un pleas'ant	not amiable or agreeable, offensive.
treachery	treach'er y	violation of faith and confidence,
		perfidy, treason.
gossamer	gos'sa mer	any very thin gauzelike fabric, a
		waterproof garment.
guinea	guin'ea	a gold coin of England worth about
		five dollars (not coined since 1817).
unconscious	un con'scious	not conscious.
qualified	qual'i fied	fitted (as for a place, office, or occu-
		pation), modified, softened.
utilized	u'til ized	made useful.
wounded	wound'ed	hurt by violence (often used figura-
	(woond'ed)	tively).
		• /

Review

The industrious husbandman plants trees of which he himself will never see a berry. — Cicero.

sta tis'tics	er ro'ne ous	u ten'sil	dis as'trous
rec'om pense	el lipse'	fil'ial	ad mis'si ble
dis'si pa'tion	use'ful ness	con fec'tion er y	con tempt'i ble
os ten'si ble	prej'u dice	gauge	no'tice a ble
in cred'i ble	mis de mean'or	sov'er eign	un con'scious

LESSON 44

Earnestness is enthusiasm tempered by reason .— PASCAL.

ascent	as cent'	the act of rising, motion upward,
		inclination, slope.
assent	as sent'	consent, agreement; to admit a
		thing as true.
tendency	tend'en cy	direction or inclination (as toward
		some object or end), bent.
allegation	al'le ga'tion	positive assertion; in law, a state-
		ment by a party of what he un-
		dertakes to prove.
orator	or'a tor	a public speaker, especially one
		who is eloquent.
conqueror	con'quer or	one who conquers.
numskull	num'skull	a stupid fellow (colloquial).
sausage	sau'sage	minced meat highly seasoned.
deliberate	de lib'er ate	slow in determining, not sudden
		or rash; to reflect upon, to
		consider.
inflammation	in'flam ma'tion	the state of being inflamed (said
		either of parts of the body or
		of the mental state).
polysyllable	pol'y syl'la ble	a word of many syllables.
liniment	lin'i ment	a liquid preparation applied to
6		the skin and used as a sedative
		or stimulant.
brethren	breth'ren	members of the same society.
minimum	min'i mum	the least quantity possible in a
		given case.

maximum	max'i mum	the greatest quantity or value
		attainable in a given case.
impertinent	im per'ti nent	not pertaining to the matter in
		hand, rude, disrespectful.
discommode	dis'com mode'	to annoy, to inconvenience.
persuade	per suade'	to convince, to prevail on.
persuaded	per suad'ed	the past participle of persuade.
planning	plan'ning	representing (as by a diagram),
		scheming, devising, contriving.

Dictation Exercise

Selection from William A. Mowry, Ph.D.

American society is the product of early planting. The early New England stock especially was of the strong and vigorous kind, and the mode of life, religious character, moral training, and intellectual culture were well calculated to produce strong men and women, who should stamp themselves upon their age and exert their influence upon subsequent times. Benjamin Franklin, Jonathan Edwards, Eli Whitney, Professor Morse, Daniel Webster, Horace Mann, and Charles Sumner are illustrious examples of the men of mark, of widely differing stamp and origin, that New England has produced. They have sprung from the city and from the country. Some of them were reared in cultured homes, and others spent their early days amid rude and uncultivated people in the rural districts. While it is true that city life is calculated to sharpen the wits and early develop traits of quick thought and action, it is also true that the farm is the best place for a boy till he is at least twelve years of age

The education which comes from doing things has its best representation for a child in farm life. Hence it is not surprising that many of the strongest men that New England has produced spent their childhood upon the farm.

LESSON 46

Duties are but coldly performed which are but philosophically fulfilled.

Mrs. Jameson.

bolder	bold'er	the comparative degree of bold.
bowlder	bowl'der	a large stone worn smooth by the
		action of water.
Christianity	Chris tian'i ty	the religion of Christians.
effectually	ef fec'tu al ly	with effect, actually, truly.
tonnage	ton'nage	the weight of goods carried in a
. 1		ship, a duty on vessels.
grandeur	gran'deur	sublimity, majesty, stateliness.
Fahrenheit	Fäh'ren heīt	the name of a particular kind of
	:	thermometer. 11
unrighteous	un right'eous	sinful, evil, unjust.
hubbub	hub'bub	a tumult, an uproar.
handfuls	hand'fuls	as much as the hand filled several
	,	times will contain.
unprofitable	un'prof'it a ble	not lucrative, not useful, not bene-
		ficial.
crevice	crev'ice	a narrow opening resulting from a
		split or separation of a junction,
		a cleft.
gallantry	gal'lant ry	bravery, courage.
occurrence	oc cur'rence	a happening, any incident or event.

ecclesiastical	ec cle'si as'tic al	pertaining to the church.
beguile	be guile'	to deceive or impose on (as by
		a false statement), to relieve
		the tedium or weariness of,
		to while away.
lack	lack	deficiency, want; to be destitute
		of, to need.
coming	com'ing	approaching; approach, advent.
practicing	prac'ti cing	performing frequently or habit-
	40 T	ually, following as a trade,
		exercising one's self for im-
	1	provement.
shading	shad'ing	protecting, sheltering, obscuring,
17 2 7	1 1 1 1	darkening.

He who feels he is right is stronger than kings' hosts; he who doubts he is not right has no strength whatever.—CARLYLE.

marshal	mar'shal	an officer of high rank charged
		with the arrangement of cere-
	- *	monies; in American law, a
		ministerial officer appointed
		for each judicial district of
The second	4.3	the United States; to guide
-	11	or lead.
martial	mar'tial	military, warlike.
museum	mu se'um	a collection of natural, scientific,
or ca.	⇒ + *9	or literary curiosities or works
ap ithe		of art.

assassin	as sas'sin	one who kills, or attempts to kill, by surprise or secret assault.
deteriorate	de te'ri o rate	to grow worse, to be impaired in quality, to degenerate.
dissuade	dis suade'	to turn from a purpose by reasons.
irritable	ir'ri ta ble	fretful, peevish, touchy, excitable.
lucid	lu'cid	luminous, bright, clear, transparent.
penurious	pe nu'ri ous	excessively sparing in the use of money, miserly.
commemoration	com mem'o ra'tion	an observance designed to honor the memory of
eyelet	eye'let	some person or event. a small hole or perforation to receive a fastener, a metal ring used to line
		an eyelet hole.
orifice	or'i fice	an opening, an aperture.
appendicitis	ap pend i ci'tis	inflammation of the appendix.
formidable	for'mi da ble	exciting fear or apprehension, impressing dread.
umbrella	um brel'la	a shade used for sheltering a person.
asylum	a sy'lum	an institution for the relief of some class of afflicted persons.

ocular oc'u lar pertaining to the eye.
acceding ac ced'ing agreeing, assenting.
scribbling scrib'bling writing hastily.
requiring re quir'ing insisting upon having, needing.

LESSON 48

The most important thing is to learn to rule one's self. — GOETHE.

ferrule	fer'rule (fĕr'rĭl)	a ring or cap of metal put around a cane, or similar object, to
ferule	fer'ule	strengthen it. a flat piece of wood used in punish-
presidential	(fĕr'ĭl) pres'i den'tial	ment. pertaining to a president.
banana	ba na'na (bà nä'nà)	the fruit of the banana plant.
incarcerate	in car'cer ate	to imprison, to confine.
movable	mov'a ble	capable of being moved, not fixed,
		changing from one time to another.
bureau	bu'reau	a chest of drawers for clothes, a department of public business under the direction of a chief.
lettuce	let'tuce	a composite plant, the leaves of which are used as salad.
enthusiasm	en thu'si asm	strong excitement or feeling on behalf of a cause or subject,
covetous	cov'et ous	ardent and imaginative zeal. excessively eager to obtain possession, avaricious.

outrageous	out ra'geous	exceeding the limits of right, reason, or decency; atrocious.
billiards	bil'liards	a game played with ivory balls and
		a cue.
harass	har'ass	to weary, to tire, especially by teas-
		ing or fretting.
intermission	in'ter mis'sion	cessation for a time, an interven-
		ing period of time.
pursuers	pur su'ers	followers hastening to overtake.
perennial	per en'ni al	continuing without cessation or in-
	- 1	termission, perpetual, unceasing.
ingratitude	in grat'i tude	thanklessness, ungratefulness.
deciding	de cid'ing	determining, settling.
desiring	de sir'ing	wishing, longing for.
describing	de scrib'ing	setting forth, representing, relating.

Men of courage, men of sense, and men of letters are frequent; but a true gentleman is what one seldom sees.—Steele.

ceiling	· ceil'ing	the overhead lining of a room.
sealing	seal'ing	making fast, fastening with a seal,
		marking with a stamp (as an
		evidence of standard exactness).
libel	li'bel	any defamatory writing; in law, a
		malicious publication tending to
		expose another to contempt.
definite	def'i nite	having certain or distinct limits,
		fixed, certain.
onyx	ō'nyx	chalcedony in parallel layers of
		different shades of color.

approximate	ap prox'i mate	nearly but not exactly accurate,
		near in position, time, or char-
		acter.
glucose	glu'cose'	a variety of sugar occurring very
		abundantly in nature.
unnecessary	un nec'es sa ry	not required under the circum-
	7	stances, needless.
herring	her'ring	a small fish, usually salted and
		smoked.
gluttony	glut'ton y	the act or habit of eating to ex-
7000		cess.
compromise	com'pro mise	a settlement by arbitration; to
		adjust and settle by mutual con-
	1/1 1 1	cessions.
intelligible	in tel'li gi ble	capable of being understood,
		plain, clear.
triple	tri'ple	threefold; to make thrice as
rehearse	re hearse'	much, to treble.
renearse	re nearse	to recite or perform privately in preparation for public perform-
		ance.
elegy	el'e gy	a mournful or plaintive poem.
brocade	bro cade'	silk or other stuff richly orna-
brocado	DIO Cado	mented.
deuce	deuce	a card or a die with two spots, a
40400	40400	term in tennis used in counting.
dining	din'ing	taking dinner.
0	ex cru'ci a'ting	torturing, tormenting greatly.
stifling	sti'fling	suffocating, extinguishing,
0		smothering.
		0

Men see better into other people's business than their own. - Seneca.

indite	in dite'	to compose, to be the author of.
indict	in dict'	to charge with a crime in due
		form of law by the finding of
		a grand jury.
burglar	bur'glar	one guilty of burglary.
persistence	per sist'ence	the state of being persistent,
_		staying or continuing quality.
forbade	for bade'	denied, prohibited.
lenient	le'ni ent	not rigorous or severe, mild,
		clement.
enemies	en'e mies	foes, adversaries, opponents.
formal	form'al	stiff, ceremonial, punctilious.
ducat	duc'at	a gold or silver coin of several
	•	countries in Europe.
guttural	gut'tur al	pertaining to the throat; a
		sound formed in the throat.
transparent	trans par'ent	translucent, clear, bright.
indispensable	in'dis pen'sa ble	absolutely necessary or requisite.
immediately	im me'di ate ly	directly, without delay.
breeching	breech'ing	that part of the harness of a
	(brich'ing)	horse which enables him to
		hold back a vehicle.
gunnery	gun'ner y	a branch of military science com-
		prehending the manner of con-
May 1 1		structing and using ordnance.
muscles	mus'cles	organs which by their contrac-
		tion produce motion.

label	la'bel	a slip affixed to an object indicating
		by its inscription the contents or
		ownership; to mark with a name.
writing	writ'ing	the act of forming letters, anything
		written, handwriting.
losing	los'ing	parting with unintentionally, ceas-
		ing to have, wandering from.
pursuing	pur su'ing	following eagerly or with haste,
1		chasing, seeking.

If we fail to conquer smaller difficulties, what will become of us when assaulted by greater?—Thomas à Kempis.

troche	tro'che	a medicinal tablet or lozenge.
trochee	(trō'kē) tro'chee	a foot of two syllables, the first long
		and the second short.
excrescence	ex cres'cence	an unnatural growth.
obliterate	ob lit'er ate	to blot out, to efface.
cease	cease	to come to an end, to desist.
oblivion	ob liv'i on	forgetfulness, cessation of remem-
		brance.
lucrative	lu'cra tive	profitable, making increase of money
		or goods.
dialogue	di'a logue	a formal conversation between two
	Ĭ.	persons.
hypocrisy	hy poc'ri sy	a feigning to be what one is not.
trapeze	tra peze'	a plane figure bounded by four right
-	1-4	lines of which no two are paral-
		lel, a swinging horizontal bar.

irrepressible	ir're press'i ble	not capable of being restrained
		or controlled.
remembrance	re mem'brance	recollection, a token, a memento.
intrepid	in trep'id	fearless, brave, courageous.
pavilion	pa vil'ion	a large tent, a temporary mov-
		able habitation.
hilarious	hi la'ri ous	boisterously merry, in high
		spirits.
demoralize	de mor'al ize	to corrupt or undermine in
		morals, to weaken in spirit or
		efficiency.
magistrate	mag'is trate	a person vested with power as a
	,	public civil officer.
necessitating	ne ces'si ta'ting	making necessary or indispen-
Ü	· ·	sable, forcing, compelling.
moving	mov'ing	stirring, agitating, troubling,
7, 1		changing the residence of.
preceding	pre ced'ing	going before.

What is done in a hurry is never done well.

capital	cap'i tal	punishable with death; the seat
		of government, the chief city;
		money, property, or stock em-
		ployed in trade.
Capitol	Cap'i tol	a statehouse, the edifice at Wash-
		ington occupied by the Con-
		gress of the United States.
civilize	civ'i lize	to reclaim from a savage state,
		to educate.

of doubtful meaning, ambiguous, e quiv'o cal equivocal uncertain. a retinue of attendants, a numsuite suite ber of rooms used together. (swēt) an ornament in the form of a ro sette rosette rose. im par'tial treating all alike, fair, just. impartial hy drau'lics a branch of science which treats hydraulics of fluids in motion, especially water, and the machinery for conducting or raising it. a highly volatile mixture obgas'o line gasoline tained from petroleum. sub stan'tial strong, stout, firm. substantial mackerel mack'er el a small, well-known sea fish, having a streaked or spotted back. a book consisting of a few sheets pamphlet pam'phlet of printed paper stitched together but not bound. leave, liberty, permission, espeli'cense license cially a grant of permission; to give license to. to banish from society. os'tra cize ostracize incapable of decay or dissolution, incorruptible in'cor rupt'i ble incapable of being bribed. reciprocity rec'i proç'i ty equality between the citizens of two countries with respect to the commercial privileges to be enjoyed by each within the domain of the other to the extent provided by treaty.

regent	re'gent	a trustee or an overseer, one who gov-
		erns a kingdom in the absence or
		disability of the sovereign.
using	us'ing	putting to a purpose, employing.
hoping	hop'ing	desiring with expectation of obtaining.
dividing	di vid'ing	severing, detaching, distributing.

Every man stamps his va ourselves is given us. — Schr	lue on himself. The price we challenge for
calendar cal'en dar	a register of the year with its divisions, an almanac.
calender cal'en der	a machine used to give paper a smooth
	and glossy surface; to press between rollers for the purpose of making smooth and glossy.
partiality par'ti al'i ty	inclination to favor one party more
chiffonier chif'fo nier' (shif'fo ner')	than another, special taste or liking. a high, narrow bureau.
exorbitant ex or'bi tant	going beyond usual and proper limits,
	excessive.
bequeath be queath'	to give by will.
typewriter type'writ'er	an instrument in which the operator
	makes use of a keyboard in writing
	by means of type.
feature fea'ture	the make of the human face or of any
	part of it, the cast or structure of anything.
apposition ap'po si'tion	the putting of things side by side (said
(percept solders	also of the objects thus placed).

handkerchief	hand'ker chief	a piece of cloth used for wiping
	(hăn'ker chif)	the face or hands.
spurious	spu'ri ous	not genuine, counterfeit.
hoax	hoax	a trick or deception; to deceive
		by a trick for sport or mischief.
preëminent	pre ëm'i nent	eminent above others, superior in
		excellence.
resurrection	res'ur rec'tion	a rising again, especially the ris-
		ing again from the dead; future
		state.
blaspheme	blas pheme'	to revile impiously anything
blaspheme	blas pheme'	to revile impiously anything sacred, to revile, to utter blas-
blaspheme	blas pheme'	_ , ,
blaspheme	blas pheme' mar'riage	sacred, to revile, to utter blas-
		sacred, to revile, to utter blasphemy.
marriage	mar'riage	sacred, to revile, to utter blasphemy. matrimony, wedlock. the science of the history of words. snatching, grasping.
marriage etymology	mar'riage et'y mol'o gy	sacred, to revile, to utter blasphemy. matrimony, wedlock. the science of the history of words.
marriage etymology seizing	mar'riage et'y mol'o gy seiz'ing	sacred, to revile, to utter blasphemy. matrimony, wedlock. the science of the history of words. snatching, grasping. applying the mind to books, pondering.
marriage etymology seizing	mar'riage et'y mol'o gy seiz'ing	sacred, to revile, to utter blasphemy. matrimony, wedlock. the science of the history of words. snatching, grasping. applying the mind to books, pon-

Review

I am not ashamed to confess myself ignorant of that which I do not know. — Cicero.

breth'ren	dis suade'	un nec'es sa ry	de mor'al ize
im per'ti nent	ir'ri ta ble	re hearse'	sub stan'tial
gran'deur	pe nu'ri ous	per sist'ence	li'cense
oc cur'rence	en thu'si asm	in'dis pen'sa ble	hand'ker chief
be guile'	out ra'geous	re mem'brance	mar'riage

Change yourself and your fortune will change too.

principal	prin'ci pal	chief, main, most important; a leader or a chief.
principle	prin'ci ple	a fundamental truth, a settled rule of action.
luncheon	lunch'eon	a portion of food taken between meals, a light repast.
occasion	oc ca'sion	that which presents itself in the course of events, need, incident.
assignment	as sign'ment	an allotting to a particular person or use.
porridge	por'ridge	a food made of boiling meal and water.
traffic	traf'fic	interchange of commodities, trade.
impossible	im pos'si ble	incapable of being done, unattainable in the nature of things.
preference	pref'er ence	choice, precedence.
excusable	ex cus'a ble	pardonable, that may be acquitted of blame.
assassinate	as sas'sin ate	to kill by secret assault.
occasionally	oc ca'sion al ly	at times, not regularly.
labyrinth	lab'y rinth	any intricate inclosure, a place full of intricate passageways, maze, confusion.
figure	fig'ure	shape, outline, appearance, a sym-
-8		bol representing a number; to reckon.
manual	man'u al	done or made by hand; a handbook.

delegate	del'e gate	one deputed to represent
		another, a representative; to
		commission, to assign.
additional	ad di'tion al	added.
hurrying	hur'ry ing	hastening, urging to confused
		activity.
rollicking	rol'lick ing	frolicking, sporting.
running	run'ning	moving along swiftly.
	· ·	•

Genius is just patience.

compliment	com'pli ment	an expression of civility, appro-
		bation, or admiration; to
		praise, to commend.
complement	com'ple ment	the quantity or number required
		to make complete, that which
		is needed to supply a defi-
		ciency.
brilliant	bril'liant	sparkling or glowing with luster
		or light, having exceptional
		culture, talent, or genius.
enormousness	e nor'mous ness	the state of being enormous.
morgue	morgue	a place where dead bodies are
		exposed for identification.
tranquillity	tran quil'li ty	calmness, composure.
carriage	car'riage	that which carries or conveys, a
		wheeled vehicle for persons,
		bearing, deportment.
hopeless	hope'less	despairing, desperate.
erroneous	er ro'ne ous	incorrect, false, mistaken.

embarrassment	em bar'rass ment	uneasiness of mind and man- ner caused by bashfulness or by a perplexing situa-
		tion.
heaviness	heav'i ness	weight, sadness or sluggishness.
biscuit	bis'cuit	a small loaf of bread.
reptile	rep'tile	an animal that crawls on its
		belly.
oscillate	os'cil late	to move backward and for-
		ward, to sway, to act in a
		fickle manner.
corpulent	cor'pu lent	stout, fleshy.
parallel	par'al lel	running side by side, like,
		similar; a line which is
		equidistant from another
		line, a counterpart.
studious	stu'di ous	given to study, contemplative,
		diligent.
beginning	be gin'ning	commencing; the commence-
		ment of an action or state,
		the origin.
forgetting	for get'ting	not remembering, ceasing to
		have in mind.
letting	let'ting	permitting, suffering, renting,
		leasing.

The man who is earnest and diligent is prepared for all things.

Thomas À Kempis.

stationery	sta'tion er y	articles sold by stationers.
stationary	sta'tion a ry	not moving, fixed.
gesticulate	ges tic'u late	to make motions (as in speak-
		ing).
malady	mal'a dy	distemper, sickness.
furlough	fur'lough	a leave of absence; to grant
	(fûr'lð)	leave of absence.
liberal-minded	lib'er al-mind'ed	generously inclined.
obnoxious	ob nox'ious	offensive, odious, liable to cen-
		sure.
indefatigable	in'de fat'i ga ble	unremitting in labor or effort,
		untiring.
bivouac	biv'ouac	the watch of a whole army by
Divouac	(bĭv'wăk)	
	(DIV. WAR)	night when in danger of
		attack; to encamp.
rifle	ri'fle	a gun; to rob, to snatch away.
chronicle	chron'i cle	a register or record; to register.
sluice	sluice	an artificial passage for water, a
	(slūs)	source of supply.
perseverance	per'se ver'ance	persistence, steadfastness, con-
-		stancy.
epidemic	ep'i dem'ic	spreading widely, or generally
P	P	prevailing; any disease that
		spreads rapidly.
arrmmotricell-	grm mot/rio al les	
•	sym met'ric al ly	proportionally.
heifer	heif'er	a young cow.

disappear	dis'ap pear'	to pass from view, to vanish, to cease to be.
privilege	priv'i lege	a peculiar benefit, advantage, or favor.
dropping	drop'ping	letting fall.
forbidding	for hid/ding	prohibiting restraining preventing

Review Work for Special Drill

It is bad to hurry, and delay is often as bad; he is wise who does every thing in its proper time. — Ovid.

can'vas	au'ger	as cent'	tro'che
can'vass	au'gur	as sent'	tro'chee
can'non	dy'ing	bold'er	cap'i tal
can'on	dye'ing	bowl'der	Cap'i tol
bor'ough	sym'bol	mar'shal	cal'en dar
bur'row	cym'bal	mar'tial	cal'en der
gam'ble	se'ri al	fer'rule	prin'ei pal
gam'bol	ce're al	fer'ule	prin'ci ple
al'tar	man'tel	ceil'ing	com'pli ment
al'ter	man'tle	seal'ing	com'ple ment
car'rot	cur'rant	in dite'	sta'tion er y
ca'ret	cur'rent	in dict'	sta'tion a ry
car'at			
per'mit (n.)	con cealed'	shad'ing	stud'y ing
per mit' (v.)	pit'ied	ac ced'ing	mod'i fy ing
per mit'ted	e'qualed	scrib'bling	hur'ry ing
re fer'	par'a lyzed	re quir'ing	rol'lick ing
re ferred'	de layed'	de cid'ing	run'ning

stopped	wea'ried	de sir'ing	be gin'ning
ex cel'	weighed	de scrib'ing	for get'ting
ex celled'	re ceived'	din'ing	let'ting
com pel'	dis'ap point'	ex cru'ci a'ting	drop'ping
com pelled'	dis'ap point'ed	sti'fling	for bid'ding
planned	di lap'i da'ted	writ'ing	be liev'ing
oc cur'	qual'i fied	los'ing	con ced'ing
oc curred'	u'til ized	pur su'ing	in'ter ced'ing
o mit'ted	wound'ed	ne ces'si ta'ting	in creas'ing
de fer'	per suade'	mov'ing	re ced'ing
de ferred'	per suad'ed	pre ced'ing	re ceiv'ing
wrapped	con ceit'ed	us'ing	re fer'ring
trimmed	plan'ning	hop'ing	se ced'ing
grabbed	com'ing	di vid'ing	su'per sed'ing
dropped	prac'ti cing	seiz'ing	suc ceed'ing
con ceal'			

Let the teacher change the order of the homophonous words and dictate them in sentences.

LESSON 59

To persevere in one's duty and to be silent is the best answer to calumny.

Washington.

colonel

colo'nel

the chief officer of a regiment.

		O O
kernel	ker'nel	a single seed or grain.
teetotaler	tee to'tal er	one pledged to entire abstinence from
		all intoxicating drinks.
champagne	cham pagne' (shăm pān')	a light wine.
abbreviate	ab bre'vi ate	to make briefer, to shorten.
emergency	e mer'gen cy	an unforeseen occurrence which calls
		for immediate action or remedy.

beginner	be gin'ner	a young or inexperienced practi- tioner or student.
offensive	of fen'sive	displeasing, disagreeable, distasteful.
accomplish	ac com'plish	to effect.
misinterpret	mis'in ter'pret	to understand in a wrong sense, to interpret erroneously.
capacious	ca pā'cious	roomy, spacious, comprehensive, liberal.
gnaw	gnaw	to bite off little by little with effort.
hospital	hos'pi tal	a building in which the sick or injured are received and treated.
dower	dow'er	in law that portion of the real estate of a man to which a woman is entitled after the death of her husband.
omission '	o mis'sion	failure to do something required by propriety or duty, some- thing left out.
exposure	ex po'sure	the act of laying open or setting
Caposare	cx po sure	forth, the state of being laid open or bare.
abbreviation	ab bre'vi a'tion	the act of shortening, an abridgment.
hymeneal	hy'me ne'al	
partly	part'ly	pertaining to marriage. in part, not wholly.
accord	ac cord'	
wooda	ac coru	consent, assent; to bring to an
		agreement, to reconcile.

Dictation Exercise

Selection from Eliot Warburton

We had been sleeping under our horses, and they had never stirred a limb for fear of hurting us. The evening before our path had lain among bosomy hills and quiet-looking, drab-colored valleys. This scenery, if not attractive, was at least not offensive; and when daylight came and we found where we had wandered. the change was great indeed. It seemed as if some great battle of the elements had taken place during the night, the rocks been rent asunder in the struggle, and Nature frightfully wounded in the fray. Wildly distorted as the scenery seemed when the sun shone over it, there was a fearful silence and want of stir that enhanced its effect. Cliffs nodded over us as if they had been awake all night and could stand it no longer; precipices and dark ravines yawned beneath us, fixed, as it were, in some spasm of the nightmare. Not a living thing was to be seen around, no drop of water, no leaf of tree, nothing but a calm, terrible sunshine above, and blackened rocks and burned soil below.

LESSON 61

In the lexicon of youth, which fate reserves for a bright manhood, there is no such word as fail.—BULWER LYTTON.

dual du'al expressing or consisting of two.
duel du'el a combat agreed upon by two persons and
fought with deadly weapons.

orthodox	or'tho dox	believing the doctrines generally accepted as taught in the Scriptures,
		approved, conventional.
irreverent	ir rev'er ent	showing a want of reverence.
descendent	de scend'ent	proceeding from an ancestor or
		source.
suppression	sup pres'sion	a forcible putting down or keeping
		down, an overthrow.
expel	ex pel'	to drive out, to banish, to exile.
miscreant	mis'cre ant	an unscrupulous villain.
firkin	fir'kin	in the United States a small wooden
		vessel of indeterminate size, in
		England usually the fourth part
		of a barrel.
burlesque	bur lesque'	characterized by a laughable contrast
	(bûr lěsk')	between the subject and the man-
		ner of representing it; ludicrous
		or exaggerated imitation or repre-
		sentation.
apostrophe	a pos'tro phe	the mark (') used to denote that
		a word is contracted, a figure of speech.
equivalent	e quiv'a lent	equal in worth or value, of the same
oquivalent	o quiv a ioni	import or meaning.
rebellious	re bel'lious	resisting lawful authority, disposed
	10 001 110 410	to rebel.
exaggerate	ex ag'ger ate	to overstate the truth concerning, to
		magnify.
avidity	a vid'i ty	greediness.
butterine	but'ter ĭne	an imitation of butter.
facetious	fa ce'tious	merry, sportive.
	(få sē'shŭs)	

impanel	im pan'el	to enroll (as a list of jurors in a
		court of justice).
screech	screech	to scream, to shriek.
cough	cough	a violent expulsion of air from the
		chest, or its more or less frequent
		repetition; to expel air from the
		lungs in a violent manner.

Man's obligations do not tend toward the past. We know of nothing that binds us to what is behind; our duty lies ahead.—C. RICHET.

rout	rout	the state of being disorganized and thrown into confusion; to overpower, to overthrow.
route	route (root)	a course, a road or path, a march.
concession	con ces'sion	the act of yielding, an acknowledg-
		ment or admission.
homeopathy	hom e op'a thy	the art of curing founded on resem-
1 0		blances (opposed to allopathy).
pitiable	pit'i a ble	deserving pity, worthy of compassion.
daily	dai'ly	happening each successive day; a publication which appears every
		day.
secretary	sec're ta ry	one who attends to correspondence
		for an association or an indi-
		vidual, an officer of state who
		superintends the affairs of a
		-
		particular department of gov-
		ernment.

extravagant	ex trav'a gant	profuse in expenditure, wasteful.
respectability	re spect'a bil'i ty	the state of being respectable.
		the duty of fidelity to one's
		king, government, or state;
	10001000	loyalty.
	sup press'	
bolster		a long pillow.
dwelt		lived, resided, stayed.
clairvoyant		one who is able, when in a mes-
4,1		meric state, to discern objects
transient	tran'sient	
		nent, staying for a short time
	San will be a see a see a	(colloguial)
fluctuate	fluc'tu ate	to move now in one direction
alg office	grant term con-	and now in another, to waver.
	min'u et	
1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 2 - 1	A THE STATE OF THE STATE OF	to regulate the movements in
	I - myley were his	the dance so called.
		not bearing with composure,
	ng construction	uneasy.
dispense	dis pense'	to give out in portions, to
	C 19 200 100	distribute.
police		
7.2 %	$r = r T_{R} r$	cers who attend to the pres-
- W : = N =	riii et , , adl	ervation of good order.
	as countrible	
	els Bhadring s	
e, is late	the dependent of the	

He that riseth late must trot all day, and shall scarce overtake his business at night. — Franklin.

sense

sense

understanding, meaning, reason

sense	sense	understanding, meaning, reason.
since	since	from a definite past time until
		now; because.
chromo	chro'mo	a picture printed in tints and
, ,	01110 1110	colors.
1.	1	
disarm	dis arm'	to take away the weapons of, to
		render defenseless.
adversity	ad ver'si ty	misfortune, affliction.
responsible	re spon'si ble	trustworthy, involving respon-
	,	sibility, accountable.
manufacture	man'u fac'ture	the operation of making wares
		by hand or by machinery, the
ь	11.1.1.1	article made; to make by
		hand or by machinery.
dissimilar	dis sim'i lar	unlike, not similar.
colossal	cō los'sal	gigantic, huge.
individual	in'di vid'u al	single, one, distinctive; a human
		being, a person.
decency	de'cen cy	proper formality, seemliness.
peculiar	pe cul'iar	unusual, singular, one's own.
incompetency	•	inability, unfitness.
	_	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
circuitous	cir cu'i tous	roundabout, indirect.
10.25	(çir eu'ĭ tŭs)	. hours of damage
bouquet	bou quet'	a bunch of flowers.
h . *	(bōō kā')	lond mains
boisterous	bois'ter ous	loud, noisy.

incipient	in cip'i ent	beginning to be or to show itself,
		commencing.
recurrent	re cur'rent	returning from time to time.
probable	prob'a ble	having more evidence for than
		against, likely.
peerage	peer'age	the rank of a peer, the nobility.

Quicken yourself up to duty by the remembrance of your station, who you are, and what you have obliged yourself to be. — Thomas à Kempis.

pillow	pil'low	anything used to support the head
		of a person when reposing; to
		support, to rest upon.
pillar	pil'lar	a pier, column, or post, a supporter
•		or mainstay.
mental	men'tal	pertaining to the mind, intellectual.
trellis	trel'lis	a structure of latticework used
		for various purposes.
forbearance	for bear'ance	the exercise of patience, long-
		suffering.
salubrious	så lū'bri ous	healthful, wholesome.
procrastinate	pro cras'ti nate	to put off, to delay.
rascality	ras cal'i ty	the state of being a rascal, mean
		trickishness or dishonesty.
chagrin	cha grin'	vexation, mortification.
	(shå grĭn')	
chronometer	ehro nŏm'e ter	an instrument for measuring time.
barometer	ba rom'e ter	an instrument for determining the
		pressure of the atmosphere.
appliance	ap pli'ance	an apparatus or device.

recollect	rec'ol lect'	to recall the knowledge of.
prodigal	prod'i gal	lavish, wasteful; a spendthrift.
definitely	def'i nite ly	with precision, in a definite
		manner.
hickory	hick'o ry	an American tree of the walnut
-		family.
subscription	sub scrip'tion	that which is subscribed.
elucidate	e lū'ci date	to make clear or manifest.
advertisement	ad ver'tise ment	a public notice, especially a
		paid notice in some public
		print.
admittance	ad mit'tance	permission to enter, admission,
		access.

Earnestness alone makes life eternity. — GOETHE.

loose	loose	not attached or fixed, not tight
	(loos)	or close, vague; to free from
		any fastening, to set free.
lose	lose	to part with unintentionally, to
	(looz)	cease to have, to waste, to
		wander from, to suffer defeat.
impel	im pel'	to incite to action or motion
		in any way.
prodigality	prod'i gal'i ty	extravagance in expenditure,
		particularly of money; waste.
redeemable	re deem'a ble	capable of being redeemed, pay-
		able, due.
fictitious	fic ti'tious	not real, imaginary, feigned.
felicity	fe lic'i ty	happiness, bliss.

concentrate	con cen'trate	to bring to or direct toward a common center, to fix.
acquiesce	ac'qui esce' (ăk'kwĭ ĕs')	to assent to.
manufacturer		one who manufactures.
primitive	prim'i tive	pertaining to early times, old-
		fashioned.
eligible	el'i gi ble	qualified to be chosen, suitable.
intestate	in tes'tate	without a will, not disposed of
		by will; a person who dies
		without a will.
spigot	spig'ot	a peg used to stop the vent in
		a cask, the plug of a faucet.
perversity	per ver'si ty	the state or quality of being
		perverse.
ravenous	rav'en ous	hungry even to rage, eager for
convivial	con viv'i al	gratification.
00111111111		festive, social, jovial.
propagate	prop'a gate	to multiply, to increase, to spread.
interval	in'ter val	a space of time between two
11102 (W1	111 001 701	points or events.
consecutive	con sec'u tive	succeeding in regular order.

Review

Perseverance performs greater works than strength.

oc ca'sion ex cus'a ble bril'liant par'al lel ob nox'ious	per'se ver'ance	re bel'lious	pe cul'iar
	dis'ap pear'	ex ag'ger ate	for bear'ance
	priv'i lege	con ces'sion	rec'ol lect'
	of fen'sive	sec're ta ry	el'i gi ble
	o mis'sion	dis sim'i lar	per ver'si ty

Constancy is the basis of all the virtues.

		4
quiet	qui'et	still, calm; freedom from disturbance
	T W.	or alarm, peace; to still, to calm.
quite	quite	wholly, entirely.
synthesis	syn'the sis	composition, or the putting of two
		or more things together.
disparage	dis par'age	to decry, to depreciate, to under-
	(dĭs păr'āġe)	value.
instill	in still'	to infuse, to impart, to inspire.
embarrass	em bar'rass	to confuse, to disconcert.
abscess	ab'scess	a collection of purulent matter in a
• [1.0	cavity formed within some tissue
1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1		or organ of the body.
ameliorate	a mēl'io rate	to make better or more endurable, to
		improve.
factious	fac'tious	turbulent, prone to clamor against
		public measures of men.
embezzle	em bez'zle	to appropriate fraudulently to one's
	"- 11/4"	own use (as property intrusted to
	1 M 6 2 8	one's care).
itinerant	t tin'er ant	traveling about a country, wander-
- 1 0-,-	== 4 ()	ing, not settled.
alleviate	al le'vi ate	to lighten or lessen physical or men-
	5	tal troubles, to mitigate.
fraudulent	fraud'u lent	using fraud, deceitful, dishonest.
insufficient	in'suf fi'cient	inadequate to any need, use, or pur
		pose.
midsummer	mid'sum mer	the middle of summer.

84	PRACTICAL	COMMERCIAL	SPELLER
----	-----------	------------	---------

sciatica	sci at'i ca	neuralgia of the sciatic nerve.
arrogant	ar'ro gant	assuming, overbearing, haughty.
cataract	cat'a ract	a large waterfall.
prosperous	pros'per ous	making gain or increase, thriving,
		successful.
confession	con fes'sion	avowal, especially in a matter
		pertaining to one's self.

Honesty prospers in every condition of life. — Schiller.

threw	threw	flung, cast, hurled.
through	through	from end to end of, to the end.
thorough	thor'ough	complete, perfect.
recollection	rec'ol lec'tion	remembrance, memory.
specimen	spec'i men	a sample, a model, a pattern.
choral	cho'ral	pertaining to a choir or chorus;
	•	a hymn tune.
digit	dig'it	one of the ten figures or symbols
		by which all numbers are ex-
		pressed.
infuriate	in fu'ri ate	to exasperate, to enrage.
exemplary	ex'em pla ry	serving as a pattern, commend-
0 1		able.
abdicate	ab'di cate	to give up, to surrender, espe-
		cially to give up royal power
		or the like in a voluntary and
		formal manner.
magnanimity	mag'na nim'i ty	greatness of mind, elevation of
	· ·	soul.
sanctum	sanc'tum	a sacred place, a place of retreat.

physique	phy sique'	the natural constitution of a
	(fī zēk')	person.
transitive	tran'si tive	in grammar, expressing an
		action which is not limited
		to the agent or subject,
		but which requires an ob-
		ject to complete the sense.
cellar	cel'lar	a room under a building and
		usually below the surface
		of the ground.
superstition	su'per sti'tion	an excessive fear of that
•	•	which is mysterious, belief
		in magic, omens, or the like.
discountenance	dis coun'te nance	to refuse to give support to,
		to give one's influence
		against.
apparition	ap'pa ri'tion	a visible object, a form.
purport	pur'port	meaning, import; to intend,
		to mean.
stirrup	stir'rup	a rest for the foot of the
		rider (attached by a strap
		to the saddle).

The utmost point and acme of honor is not merely in doing no evil, but in thinking none. — Ruskin.

loath	loath	unwilling, reluctant.
loathe	loathe	to feel extreme disgust at or
		aversion for.
ethics	eth'ics	the science of human duty.

excommunicate	ex'com mu'ni cate	to shut out from communion
0.00		with the church by an
	7	ecclesiastical sentence.
intimidate	in tim'i date	to make timid or fearful.
area	a're a	an extent of surface, scope,
	V community	range.
miscellaneous	mis'cel la'ne ous	consisting of things of many
	Exa 2	kinds, promiscuous.
credentials	cre den'tials	testimonials showing that a
		person is entitled to credit
	· ·	or has a right to exercise
		official power.
transmission	trans mis'sion	the state of being transmitted
	(51	or sent from one person or
		place to another.
stimulus	stim'u lus	an incentive, that which pro-
- 17 4 40		duces a temporary increase
		of vital action.
disguise	dis guise'	false appearance; to so
	*	change the appearance as
_1: / · /*		to make recognition dif-
	10000000000000000000000000000000000000	ficult.
commensurate	com men'su rate	equal in measure or extent,
	£ 7 7 2	proportionate.
bludgeon	bludg'eon	a short stick loaded at one
	(blŭj'ŭn)	end, and used as a weapon.
chaperon	chap'er on	a matron who accompanies
100	(shăp'er ōn)	a young lady in public
	March 2 (2) C)	as a guide and protector:
		to matronize.
remunerate	re mu'ner ate	to recompense, to requite.

millinery	mil'li ner y	the articles made by a milliner,
1 1		the business of a milliner.
respectively	re spec'tive ly	particularly, as each belongs to
1		each.
thinner	thin'ner	the comparative of thin.
contention	con ten'tion	strife, contest.
autocrat	au'to crat	an absolute sovereign, a despot.

Whatever the place allotted to us by Providence, that for us is the post of honor and duty. —T. Edwards.

cloths	cloths	materials of which garments are made.
clothes	clothes	garments, dress.
pharmaceutic	phar'ma ceu'tic	pertaining to the art of preparing
	(fär'må sū'tǐk)	medicines according to the
		rules of pharmacy.
acoustic	a cous'tic	pertaining to the sense of hear-
	(å kous'tĭk)	ing.
influential	in'flu en'tial	possessing influence or power.
epilepsy	ep'i lep'sy	a disease characterized by con-
		vulsions occurring at intervals.
pineapple	pine'ap'ple	a tropical plant or its fruit (so
		called from the resemblance
		of the latter to the cone of
	ì	the pine tree).
ratify	rat'i fy	to make valid, to confirm.
apologize	a pol'o gize	to make acknowledgment of some
		fault or offense.

derrick	der'rick	a tall frame with suitable tackle
		used for hoisting heavy weights.
degradation	deg'ra da'tion	the state of having been lowered
Ö	J	in rank, character, or esteem,
		reduced moral or intellectual
		condition.
		00141011
forfeit	for'feit	a fine, a penalty; to lose the right
		to by some error or offense.
strychnine	strych'nĭne	a very poisonous alkaloid used in
		medicine as a powerful stimu-
		lant.
nranostorous	pre pos'ter ous	
preposicious	pre pos ter ous	contrary to nature or reason, absurd.
		and area.
apparent	ap par'ent	clear to the understanding, plain,
		evident, seeming.
experience	ex pe'ri ence	that which is gained by trial or use;
		to try personally, to prove by use.
impostor	im pos'tor	a deceiver, a pretender.
anonymous	a non'y mous	of unknown name.
•	•	
precipice	prec'i pice	a headlong steep, a cliff.
strength	strength	capacity for exertion or endurance,
		whether physical, intellectual,
		or moral.

Though I am always in haste, I am never in a hurry. — John Wesley.

either	ēi'ther	one of two.
ether	e'ther	the air itself, a liquid used as an
		anæsthetic.
spirituous	spir'it u ous	alcoholic, immaterial, spiritual.

remuneration	re mu'ner a'tion	compensation, pay.
sanctify	sanc'ti fy	to hallow, to purify, to render
Saroury	2.1.1.0 v. 1.j	productive of holiness.
definition	def'i ni'tion	an explanation of the meaning
		of a word or a term.
milliner	mil'li ner	a person who deals in bonnets
		or hats for women.
retrospective	re'tro spec'tive	looking backward, affecting
•	•	things past.
talents	tal'ents	endowments, faculties.
altogether	al'to geth'er	without exceptions, wholly.
interrupt	in'ter rupt'	to cause a break or delay in.
existence	ex ist'ence	the state of existing or being.
alimony	al'i mo ny	in law, an allowance made to a
		wife out of her husband's estate
		or income, for her support,
		upon her divorce from him or
		during a suit for the same.
facile	fac'ile	easy to be done.
musician	mu si'cian	one skilled in the art or science
		of music.
deformity	de form'i ty	irregularity of shape or features.
sophomore	soph'o more	one next above a freshman in
		college.
divisible	di vĭs'i ble	capable of being divided or
		separated.
calomel	cal'o mel	chloride of mercury (much used
		in medicinal purposes as a
		purgative).
audacious	au da'cious	contemning the restraints of law
		or decorum, daring.

Nothing is to be denied to well-directed labor; nothing is ever to be attained without it. — SIR JOSHUA REYNOLDS.

00.1		
dairy	dai'ry	the place where milk is kept
1.	1 411 0	and converted into butter or
	A 11 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	cheese.
diary	di'a ry	a daily record, a journal.
tastefully	taste'ful ly	in accordance with good taste.
prominence	prom'i nence	the state of being prominent,
		conspicuousness.
predominance	pre dom'i nance	superiority (as in power, effi-
		cacy, or degree).
announcement	an nounce'ment	proclamation, publication.
excel	ex cel'	to surpass, to exceed.
incessant	in ces'sant	unceasing, continual.
calisthenics	cal'is then'ics	light gymnastics.
ammunition	am'mu ni'tion	articles used in charging fire-
. 9		arms and ordnance of all
		kinds.
phase	phase	any aspect of an object of men-
-	(fāz)	tal apprehension or view.
rotunda	ro tun'da	a large and high circular hall,
1 0.400	A T I Was	usually surmounted by a
	303.00	dome.
marchioness	mar'chion ess	the wife or the widow of a
	The state of the s	marquis.
sycamore	syc'a more	a large tree allied to the com-
t a la l		mon fig, the buttonwood
. 15		

tree.

dissension dis sen'sion	strife, discord, contention in
1-1-1-1-16-81-1-16-11	words.
mucilage mu'ci lage	an aqueous solution of gum
19 1 = U ₆	
earlie 1 - The second	here.
reënforcement re'ën force'n	nent additional force, additional
(4)	troops to augment the
Market Market Contract Contrac	strength of an army.
truthfulness truth'ful nes	s conformity to fact, veracity.
perdition per di'tion	the loss of final happiness in a
· ((//) · (//) · (//) · (//)	future state.
semicircle sem'i cir'cle	half a circle.

40 1 20 00 00 00 00 00 00

distriction exercit with Leville

Such as are o	areless of themselves	can hardly be mindful of others.
		THALES.
stagger	stäg'ger	to sway, to reel or totter.
	stā'ger	a practitioner, a person of ex-
- Discourse	in - 0 - 10 4.	perience.
	par'e gor'ic	a medicine that mitigates pain.
	ap'o plex'y	sudden loss of consciousness,
	med Bong Cade	sensation, and voluntary
** ** ** ** ** ** ** ** ** **	4	motion (usually caused by
	AT 120	pressure on the brain).
enumerate	e nu'mer ate	to mention one by one, to name
	part of the training of	over.
cornucopia	cor'nu co'pi a	the horn of plenty, a receptacle
	misty, posto z	of this shape.
	pic'tur esque'	forming a pleasing picture,
	esmit all'a Leili	graphic, vivid.

theoretical	the'o ret'ic al	directed toward knowledge for
		its own sake without respect
		to applications, purely scien-
		tific or speculative as distin-
		guished from practical.
administratrix	ad min'is tra'trix	the feminine form of adminis-
		trator.
facility	fa cil'i ty	freedom from difficulty, ease
		in performance.
mechanic	me chan'ic	pertaining to mechanics; one
		who practices any mechani-
		cal art.
duchess	duch'ess	the wife of a duke.
discussion	dis cus'sion	the act of exchanging reasons,
		disputation, debate.
momentous	mo men'tous	very important, weighty.
favoritism	fa'vor it ism	partiality.
rarefy	rar'e fy	to make less dense.
antarctic	ant arc'tic	relating to the southern pole
		or to the region near it.
embroidery	em broid'er y	needlework used for decoration.
fiftieth	fif'ti eth	the ordinal of fifty.
desecration	des'e cra'tion	act of profaning, profanation.

Formerly when great fortunes were only made in war, war was business; but now when great fortunes are only made by business, business is war.

BOYEE.

foggy	fŏg'gy	misty, beclouded.
fogy	fō'gy	a dull old fellow, a person be-
		hind the times (colloquial).

inelegant	in el'e gant	wanting in anything which cor-
		rect taste requires.
cuticle	cu'ti cle	the scarfskin or epidermis.
expenditure	ex pend'i ture	a laying out (as of money), dis- bursement.
alder	al'der	any shrub or small tree of the oak family growing in swamps or along streams.
proportion	pro por'tion	comparative relation, ratio, proper share, lot; to adjust in
		a suitable proportion, to form with symmetry.
partiament	par'lia ment	a general council, the assembly of the three estates of the
		United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland.
sumac	su'mac	shrubs or small trees with com-
sumac	su mac	pound leaves and clusters of small flowers, used in tanning, dyeing, or in medicine.
parsimonious	par'si mo'ni ous	sparing in expenditure of money,
Pullinomous	Pur or and and a	frugal to excess, stingy.
tomahawk	tom'a hawk	a war hatchet used by the American Indians.
shuttle	shut'tle	an instrument used in weaving, a sliding thread holder in a
		sewing machine.
caricature	car'i ca ture	a burlesque; to represent with ridiculous exaggeration.
argumentative	ar'ou men'ta tive	given to argument, disputa-
wi Sumonount o	ar garmon ou are	tious.

exclusion	ex clu'sion	the act of excluding or the state
		of being excluded, a debarring.
prodigy	prod'i gy	anything so extraordinary as to
1 e 50. T		excite wonder or astonishment,
		a marvel.
introductory	in'tro duc'to ry	preliminary, leading to the main
33 -79 5	- 1	subject.
permanent	per'ma nent	continuing in the same state or
	1,	without any change, fixed, last-
1110	1	ing.
excessive	ex cess'ive	overmuch, immoderate.
imminent	im'mi nent	threatening to occur immediately,
9166		impending.

Dictation Exercise

Selection from Mary F. Butts

"Have you seen the mountains in winter?" asked the Bishop of New Hampshire. "No? Then you do not know the mountains." Acting on this hint, a couple of jovial Harvard boys came up to North Conway one nipping, glittering, gorgeous, December day, their bright inquiring eyes and unworn faces looking out from depths of fur, and their wide-awake brains covered with the latest thing in toboggan caps. Mt. Kearsarge, the symmetrical, majestic cone,—a wondrous winter beauty, its white brow lifted to the blue,—was their objective point. Good taste had those fine fellows to choose a lark with the grand old giant; to press his sides with their snowshoes, and climb upon his ermined shoulder! What a far-away, unpeopled Aladdin

world they entered that day! What paths of mystery they threaded! What silences were invaded by their gay young voices!

A vast treasure house of beauty are the winter mountains. One tall pine, out of the hundreds, clothed in the fairy feathers of the snow from topmost point to lowest bough, sets one wondering, adoring; while a ride over a logging road just after the snow fall is something to remember a lifetime. No words can describe the effect of all that starry wealth, incrusting every green needle of the multitudinous boughs, powdering the little hemlocks and pine trees till they bow to the earth under the brilliant burden. Ah, here goes on the great miracle play in the magnificent amphitheater of the mountains! One scarcely dares try to describe the wonderful effects of light and shade; the exquisite contrasts; the lovely harmonies; the soaring of snow-crowned, forest-skirted hills, and the tender curves of pale azure against which their whiteness is outlined. It is all far beyond language.

LESSON 76

There where thou art, there where thou remainest, accomplish what thou canst.—Goethe.

a composition in verse, a rhyme rhyme couplet; to make rhymes. the harmonious flow of rhythm rhy'thm sound, accent, or motion. recommendation rec'om men da'tion anything procuring, or tending to procure, a favorable reception, or to secure acceptance and adoption. sin'ew a tendon; figuratively, that sinew which supplies strength.

disagreeable	dis'a gree'a ble	unpleasant, contrary.
metropolitan	met'ro pol'i tan	pertaining to the capital or prin-
Incorrect of the second	Part of	cipal city of a country.
forceps	for'ceps	small pincers used in handling
10100}		minute objects.
representative	rep're sent'a tive	acting for another or others;
		one who represents or stands
		in the place of another.
illusion	il lu'sion	a deceptive appearance, an un-
		real image presented to the
		vision, mockery.
exhilarate	ex hil'a rate	to enliven, to animate, to glad-
		den greatly.
absence	ab'sence	the state of being absent, with-
		drawal.
resource	re source'	expedient, resort.
manipulate	ma nip'u late	to operate with the hands.
spaniel	span'iel	a breed of small dogs having
		long thick hair and large
		drooping ears.
disappearance	dis'ap pear'ance	a removal from sight, a vanish-
		ing.
coeducation	co ed'u ca'tion	an educating together (as of
		persons of different sexes or
		races).
pulmonary	pŭl'mo na ry	pertaining to the lungs.
delirium	de lir'i um	a wandering of the mind,
		frenzy, insanity.
fabrication	fab'ri ca'tion	that which is devised falsely,
- Color-e		a falsehood.
abhorrence	ab hor'rence	extreme hatred or detestation.

Review

Three may keep a secret — if two of them are dead. — Benjamin Franklin.

em bar'rass	ap par'ent	mo men'tous
in'suf fi'cient	in'ter rupt'	ex pend'i ture
dis coun'te nance	ex ist'ence	per'ma nent
ap'pa ri'tion	soph'o more	rec'om men da'tion
mis'cel la'ne ous	prom'i nence	ab'sence
mil'li ner y	dis sen'sion	dis'ap pear'ance
a pol'o gize	the'o ret'ic al	

LESSON 78

Strict punctuality is perhaps the cheapest virtue which can give force to an otherwise utterly insignificant character.—J. F. Boyes.

salary	sal'a ry	fixed regular wages.
celery	cel'er y	a plant of the parsley family,
		the blanched leafstalks of
		which are used as food.
instantaneous	in'stan ta'ne ous	taking place in an instant.
sustenance	sus'te nance	that which sustains, especially
		that which supports life.
machinist	ma chin'ist	one skilled in the use of machine
		tools, a constructor of
		machines and engines.
rattan	rat tan'	one of the long, flexible stems
		of several species of palms
		(used for wicker work, chairs,
		etc.).

accordingly	ac cord'ing ly	consequently, therefore, corre-
	•	spondingly.
shepherd	shep'herd	a man employed in tending sheep.
conscientious	con'sci en'tious	governed by the dictates of con-
		science, upright.
inaccurate	in ac'cu rate	inexact, erroneous, faulty.
president	pres'i dent	the chief executive officer in cer-
		tain republics, the chief offi-
		cer of a corporation, company,
		society, or the like.
millionaire	mil'lion aire'	a person worth a million or more.
monopolist	mo nop'o list	one who has exclusive possession
		of, one who favors monopoly.
synonymous	syn on'y mous	conveying the same, or approxi-
		mately the same, idea.
admission	ad mis'sion	admittance, concession, acknowl-
		edgment.
delinquent	de lin'quent	edgment. offending by the neglect of duty;
delinquent	de lin'quent	O .
delinquent	de lin'quent	offending by the neglect of duty;
delinquent	de lin'quent im per'a tive	offending by the neglect of duty; one who fails to perform his duty. expressive of command, not to be
1 - 1	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	offending by the neglect of duty; one who fails to perform his duty.
1 - 1	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	offending by the neglect of duty; one who fails to perform his duty. expressive of command, not to be
imperative	im per'a tive	offending by the neglect of duty; one who fails to perform his duty. expressive of command, not to be avoided or evaded, obligatory.
imperative	im per'a tive	offending by the neglect of duty; one who fails to perform his duty. expressive of command, not to be avoided or evaded, obligatory. a letter (applied usually to for- mal letters). sharp-cornered, pointed, ungrace-
imperative epistle	im per'a tive e pis'tle an'gu lar	offending by the neglect of duty; one who fails to perform his duty. expressive of command, not to be avoided or evaded, obligatory. a letter (applied usually to formal letters).
imperative epistle	im per'a tive e pis'tle	offending by the neglect of duty; one who fails to perform his duty. expressive of command, not to be avoided or evaded, obligatory. a letter (applied usually to for- mal letters). sharp-cornered, pointed, ungrace- ful. a person who serves another in
imperative epistle angular apprentice	im per'a tive e pis'tle an'gu lar ap pren'tice	offending by the neglect of duty; one who fails to perform his duty. expressive of command, not to be avoided or evaded, obligatory. a letter (applied usually to for- mal letters). sharp-cornered, pointed, ungrace- ful. a person who serves another in order to learn a trade or profes-
imperative epistle angular apprentice	im per'a tive e pis'tle an'gu lar	offending by the neglect of duty; one who fails to perform his duty. expressive of command, not to be avoided or evaded, obligatory. a letter (applied usually to for- mal letters). sharp-cornered, pointed, ungrace- ful. a person who serves another in order to learn a trade or profes- sion; to put under the care of
imperative epistle angular apprentice	im per'a tive e pis'tle an'gu lar ap pren'tice	offending by the neglect of duty; one who fails to perform his duty. expressive of command, not to be avoided or evaded, obligatory. a letter (applied usually to for- mal letters). sharp-cornered, pointed, ungrace- ful. a person who serves another in order to learn a trade or profes-

A NEW YORK

Quietly do the next thing that has to be done, and allow one thing to follow upon the other. — GOETHE.

further	fur'ther	additional; to help forward, to advance.
farther	far'ther	at or to a greater distance.
pusillanimous	pū'sĭl lăn'i mous	destitute of courageous strength
11		and firmness of mind, mean-
		spirited.
essence	es'sence	the quality which constitutes
		the true nature of anything,
- Juj 7/13-		distinctive character, a per-
		fume or scent.
impetuous	im pet'u ous	vehement in feeling, hasty, pas-
	1	sionate.
discern	dis cern'	to perceive and recognize, to
	(diz zern')	discriminate.
coöperate	co öp'er ate	to act or operate jointly with
	a Philips	others.
mathematics	math'e mat'ics	that science which treats of the
	C	exact relations existing be-
	(tween quantities and of the
	_1 1 4-	methods by which quantities
		sought are deducible from
		other quantities.
molasses	mo las'ses	the thick, dark-colored sirup
3 - 1		which drains from sugar in
	4	the process of manufacture.

superficial	su'per fi'cial	shallow, not deep, especially
		in respect to study, learning,
		or the like.
illiterate	il lit'er ate	ignorant, untaught, unlettered,
		unlearned.
promiscuous	pro mis'cu ous	brought together without order,
		distinction, or design, con-
		fused.
dependent	de pend'ent	relying on something else for
		support, subordinate; one
		who is sustained by another.
superfluous	su per'flu ous	unnecessary, useless.
mathematician		one versed in mathematics.
cessation	ces sa'tion	discontinuance (as of action or
		motion), a leaving off (tem-
		porary or final).
pronunciation	pro nun'ci a'tion	the act of giving the proper
		sound and accent, utterance.
pestilence	pes'ti lence	any contagious disease that is
		virulent and devastating.
convalescent	con'va les'cent	recovering from sickness.
critically	crit'ic al ly	accurately, exactly, at a criti-
	6 1	cal time.

Promises may get thee friends, but nonperformances will turn them into enemies.

lying	ly'ing	reclining, telling a falsehood.
laying	lay'ing	placing.
susceptible	sus cep'ti ble	readily acted upon, capable of
		impression.

PRACTICAL COMMERCIAL SPELLER.

affluence af'flu ence abundance of property, wealth. contingent con tin'gent possible or liable, but not certain, to occur. in'ac cess'i ble not to be reached or obtained. inaccessible derivative de riv'a tive derived from another; a word or verbal form derived from a root or stem. irretrievable ir're triev'a ble that which cannot be recovered or restored, irreparable. rhe tor'ic al pertaining to rhetoric, oratorrhetorical ical. ac quaint'ance acquaintance a person with whom one is acquainted, familiarity. indifferent in dif'fer ent neutral, impartial, unconcerned. sym'bol ize symbolize to embody or represent symbolically (said of the thing used as a symbol or emblem). dull, uninteresting, commonprosaic pro sā'ic place. disappointment dis'ap point'ment defeat of expectation or hope. ecstasy ec'sta sy excessive and overmastering joy or enthusiasm, enthusiastic delight. in'ex cus'a ble not excusable. inexcusable recommend rec'om mend' to commend to favorable notice. adien a dieu' farewell, good-by. (å dū')

cautious

cau'tious

surcingle sur'cin'gle

¥ .4;

a band which passes over a saddle, or over anything laid on a horse's back, to bind it fast.

able means or resources, capable of being used, passable.

watchful, prudent.

pneumonia pneu mo'ni a

45 100 45

inflammation of the lungs.

LESSON 81

Have you somewhat to do to-morrow; do it to-day.

advice ad vice' counsel, suggestion. advise ad vise to counsel, to admonish. pantomime pan'to mime a dramatic representation by dumb show. and the state of t a place appointed for a meeting, rendezvous ren'dez vous or at which persons custom-(rĕn'dĕ vōō) arily meet. phrenology phre nol'o gyo: the science of the special functions of the several parts of the brain. sarsaparilla sar'sa pa ril'la any plant of several tropical American species of smilax, the roots of which are used as medicine. interrogative in'ter rog'a tive denoting a question. alkali al'ka li soda ash, caustic soda. em'pha sis a particular force of voice given emphasis to one or more words. practicable prac'ti ca ble capable of being done with avail-

precision	pre ci'sion	exactness, strict conformity to
		a rule or standard.
sterile	ster'ile	barren, unfruitful.
integral	in'te gral	complete, whole; a whole num-
		ber, an entire thing.
indiscreet	in'dis creet'	imprudent, injudicious.
solecism	sol'e cism	a deviation from the idiom of
		a language or from the rules
		of syntax.
paralysis	pa ral'y sis	loss of the power of voluntary
		motion, palsy.
daguerreotype	da guerre'o type	an early variety of photograph.
acquittal	ac quit'tal	discharge from debt or obliga-
		tion.
catalogue	cat'a logue	a list, register, record.

Time enough always proves little enough.

device	de vice'	a contrivance, an invention.
devise	de vise'	to invent, to contrive, to be-
T		queath.
cashmere	cash'mere	a rich stuff for shawls, a dress
	e	fabric made of fine wool.
cassimere	cas'si mere	a twilled, woolen cloth used
		for men's garments.
etiquette	et'i quette'	the forms required by good
- 1	(ět'ĭ kět')	breeding to be observed in
		social life, conventional
		decorum.

analysis	a nal'y sis	an examination of the component parts of a subject, a syllabus of
		the principal heads of a discourse.
ellipsis	el lip'sis	omission (a figure of syntax).
deficiency	de fi'cien cy	inadequacy, want.
seminary	sem'i na ry	a place of education (as a school
	7 - 0 -	of high grade), an academy.
instigate	in'sti gate	to stimulate, to incite (used chiefly
		with reference to evil actions).
alcohol	al'co hol	the spirituous or intoxicating ele-
		ment of fermented or distilled
		liquors.
discourteous	dis cour'te ous	wanting in courtesy or good man-
7		ners, impolite, rude.
description	de scrip'tion	a sketch or account of anything in
		words, a portraiture or represen-
economize	ė con'o mize	tation in language.
economize	e con o mize	to expend with frugality, to use with prudence.
coadjutor	co'ad jū'tor	an assistant, a coworker.
industrious	in dus'tri ous	characterized by diligence, con-
maustrous	in dus til ous	stantly or regularly occupied.
anodyne	an'o d y ne	a medicine which allays pain or
J	v .	soothes.
skepticism	skep'ti cism	doubt, uncertainty, often univer-
har at	-	sal doubt.
impassable	im pass'a ble	not admitting a passage.
fallible	fal'li ble	liable to fail or err, liable to de-
		ceive or to be deceived.

Strive to be the greatest man in your country and you may be disappointed; strive to be the best and you may succeed.

- ' ' '		
accept	ac cept'	to receive with a consenting mind,
		to assent to.
except	ex cept'	to make an exception of.
conducive	con dū'cive	leading or tending to, helpful.
emissary	em'is sa ry	an agent employed to advance the
		interests of his employers, one
		sent out by a power that is at
		war with another to create dis-
		satisfaction among the people of
		the latter.
disciple	dis ci'ple	a learner, especially a follower who
		has learned to believe in the truth
		of the doctrine of his teacher.
attendance	at tend'ance	the fact of being present, presence.
cemetery	cem'e ter y	a place set apart for the burial of
comotory	com c tor y	the dead, a graveyard.
pecuniary	pe cūn'ia ry	relating to or consisting of money.
similarity	sim'i lar'i ty	likeness, resemblance.
•	per'jure	to cause to violate an oath or a vow,
perjure	per jure	to forswear.
l::1		
connubial	con nū'bi al	pertaining to marriage.
irreparable	ir rep'a ra ble	not capable of being repaired, re-
		gained, or remedied.
armor	ar'mor	a covering to protect one's person
	- 75	in battle.
courageous	cour a'geous	possessing or characterized by cour
		age, brave.

PRACTICAL COMM	IERCIAL	SPELLER
----------------	---------	---------

106

vengeance	venge'ance	punishment inflicted in return for
3 0 959	and the same to	an injury or offense.
illuminate	il lu'mi nate	to supply with light (literally or
		figuratively).
cauliflower	cau'li flow'er	a kind of cabbage, of which the
	15 10-	cluster of young flower stalks
	1)	and buds is eaten as a vegetable.
decisive	de ci'sive	putting an end to contest or con-
		troversy, final.
frequency	fre'quen cy	occurrence often repeated.
sacrilegious	sac'ri le'gious	involving sacrilege, profane.

LESSON 84

Neglect mending a small fault, and 't will soon be a great one.

1 1 1 1 1		
access	ac cess'	admission, way of entrance, out- burst.
excess	ex cess'	that which exceeds what is usual
		or proper.
adherence	ad hēr'ence	the state of being fixed in attacb-
		ment, fidelity.
adhesion	ad he'sion	the action of sticking, the state
		of being attached.
disburse	dis burse'	to pay out (usually from a pub-
435 h	171 -1 7	lic fund).
sedentary	sed'en ta ry	accustomed to sit much, charac-
	75.7	terized by much sitting.
parenthetical	par'en thet'ic al	of the nature of a parenthesis.
-	- ,	
evidently	ev'i dent ly	clearly, plainly.
corpulent	cor'pu lent	stout, fleshy.

requirement	re quire'ment	demand, requisition, need.
stupidity	stu pid'i ty	extreme dullness of perception or
	- 1	understanding.
assuredly.	as sur'ed ly	without doubt, certainly, with as-
1 7 0		surance or confidence.
conclusion	con clu'sion	inference, result, end.
informal	in form'al	not according to conventional or
	-730	customary forms, without cere-
P Asi	tree tree	mony.
abridgment	a bridg'ment	a shortened form, a compendium.
debris	dé'bris'	rubbish, especially such as results
	(dā'brē')	from the destruction of anything.
acceptable	ac cept'a ble	pleasing to a receiver, gratifying,
_	0.74	welcome.
pickerel	pick'er el	a small fresh-water fish used for
	à	food.
erysipelas	er'y sip'e las	a febrile disease accompanied by a
	THE RESERVE	diffused inflammation of the
		skin.
chirography	ehi rog'ra phy	the art of writing or engrossing,
	and the last	handwriting.
omrography	om rog ra pny	

The masterpiece of man is to live to the purpose.

		F
receipt	re cēipt'	an acknowledgment of money paid;
		to give a receipt.
recipe	reç'i pe	a prescription for making some mix-
17 , 17-		ture of materials, a prescription
		for medicine.

analogy	a nal'o gy	agreement or resemblance be-
10	4	tween things in certain rela-
		tions or aspects, similarity
		without identity.
commencement	com mence'ment	beginning, origin, the day when
		degrees are conferred upon
		graduates of colleges or uni-
	9-00	versities.
inseparable	iń sep'a ra ble	incapable of being separated.
bowie knife	bow'ie knife'	a knife with a strong long
		blade double-edged near the
		point.
gratuitous	gra tu'i tous	given without an equivalent
		or recompense.
eminent	em'i nent	high in public estimation, dis-
		tinguished.
infinitesimal	in'fin i tes'i mal	infinitely small.
sepulcher	sep'ul cher	a tomb, a grave.
chandelier	chan'de lier'	a gas fixture having several
	(shăn'de ler')	branches and hanging from
		the ceiling.
docile	doc'ile	easily managed, tractable.
	(dŏs'ĭl)	
aërial	a ë'ri al	pertaining to the air, lofty,
		high.
conformity	con form'i ty	correspondence in form, man-
1		ner, or character; resem-
		blance, agreement.
initiatory	in i'ti a to ry	suitable for a beginning, intro-
		ductory, elementary, rudi-
		mentary.

appearance ap pear'ance arrival, presence, aspect. tending to portray, having the quality descriptive de scrip'tive of representing. avaricious av'a ri'cious greedy of gain. sacrament sac'ra ment one of the solemn religious ordinances observed by those who become members of the Christian church. to suffer violent anguish, to wrestle. agonize ag'o nize

LESSON 86

The noblest question in the world is, What good may I do in it?

to act upon, to influence.

affect

af fect'

effect	ef fect'	consequence, result; to bring about.
potato	po ta'to	a vegetable used as a staple food.
appall	ap pall'	to depress or discourage with fear,
	-	to dismay.
cycle	eÿ'ele	the period in which a series of events
,		or phenomena takes place.
elocution	el'o cu'tion	style or manner of reading in public.
foreign	for'eign	not native to a country, alien, remote,
		strange.
expansion	ex pan'sion	enlargement.
pertinent	per'ti nent	belonging or related to the subject or
	0 00	matter in hand, fit or appropriate
		in any way.
settee	set tee'	a long seat with a back.
connoisseur	con'nois seur'	one well versed in a subject.
	(kŏn'nĭs sûr')	47.6
abeyance	a bey'ance	suspension.
	_	

dissemble	dis sem'ble	to feign, to cover, to conceal, to
		disguise.
indomitable	in dom'i ta ble	not to be subdued, invincible.
contribution	con'tri bu'tion	that which is contributed or given.
void	void	empty, ineffectual; to annul.
warrior	war'rior	a man engaged or experienced in
		military life.
hosiery	ho'sier y	goods knit or woven like hose.
accessible	ac cess'i ble	easy of approach, obtainable.
conciliate	con cil'i ate	to make friendly, to reconcile, to
		appease.

Review Work for Special Drill

Do not do that which you would not have known.

colo'nel	qui'et	stăg'ger	ad vice
ker'nel	quite	stā'ger	ad vise'
du'al	threw	fŏg'gy	de vice'
du'el	through	fō'gy	de vise'
	thor'ough		
rout	loath	rhyme	ac cept'
route	loathe	rhy'thm	ex cept'
sense	cloths	sal'a ry	ac cess'
since	clothes	cel'er y	ex cess'
pil'low	ēi'ther	fur'ther	re cēipt'
pil'lar	e'ther	far'ther	reç'i pe
loose	dai'ry	ly'ing	af fect'
lose	di'a ry	lay'ing	ef fect'

sus'te nance	pre ci'sion	dis burse'
con'sci en'tious	pa ral'y sis	ac cept'a ble
ad mis'sion	dis cour'te ous	in i'ti a to ry
math'e mat'ics	ė con'o mize	av'a ri'cious
pro mis'cu ous	in dus'tri ous	per'ti nent
sus cep'ti ble	at tend'ance	war'rior
dis'ap point'ment	venge'ance	

Keep thy shop, and thy shop will keep thee. - Franklin.

human	hu'man	having the qualities or attributes
		of a man.
humane	hu mane'	kind, benevolent.
interfere	in'ter fere'	to enter into, or take part in, the
		concerns of others; to inter-
		meddle.
consequential	con'se quen'tial	self-important, pompous.
innocence	in'no cence	purity of heart, freedom from
		guilt (as of some specific crime
0		or charge).
scythe	scythe	an instrument for mowing grass
	(sith)	or grain by hand.
possessive	pos sess'ive	indicating possession.
discretion	dis cre'tion	wise conduct and management,
	(dĭs krĕsh'ŭn)	prudence.
abbey	ab'bey	monastery, convent.
parenthesis	pa ren'the sis	a statement inserted by way of
		explanation, one of the curved
		lines () which inclose such
		an expression.

shrewd'ly	with keen insight (especially in small or worldly matters).
com'mis sa ry	a commissioner, one to whom is committed some charge, duty, or office by a superior power.
de bāt'a ble	open to question, subject to contention, disputable.
bam boo'zle	to deceive by trickery (colloquial).
e lapse'	to pass away silently (used chiefly
•	in reference to time).
gi raffe'	an animal having a very long neck
1 11	and hence great height.
as'ter isk	a star (*) used in printing and writ-
	ing as a reference to a note in the
	margin, or to supply the omission
	of words.
diph'thong	two vowels very closely joined in
(dĭf'thŏng)	the same syllable, each having its
	own sound value.
sub'se quent	coming after something else at any
	time, indefinitely.
po lygʻa my	having a plurality of wives or hus-
	bands at the same time.
	com'mis sa ry de bāt'a ble bam boo'zle e lapse' gi raffe' as'ter isk diph'thong (dif'thong) sub'se quent

No man should ever be ashamed to own he has been in the wrong, which is but saying, in other words, that he is wiser to-day than he was yesterday.—POPE.

therefore	there'fore	for that or this reason, consequently.
therefor	there for'	for that, or this.

amalgamate	a mal'ga mate	to mix so as to make a uniform
		compound.
curriculum	cur ric'u lum	a course, particularly a specified
		fixed course of study.
inexhaustible	in'ex haust'i ble	incapable of being used up, un-
		failing.
independent	in'de pend'ent	free, not relying on others, un-
		controlled; as a noun, the
		name is sometimes applied
		to certain religious sects.
blur	blur	that which obscures without
		effacing, indistinctness of
		vision; to render obscure
		(as by soiling).
nausea	nau'se a	sickness of the stomach.
	(na/shē å)	n misk .
plenteous	plen'te ous	sufficient for every purpose,
	1	plentiful, abundant.
dissatisfaction	dis sat'is fac'tion	the state of being unsatisfied
		or discontented.
habitual	ha bit'u al	customary, usual.
chemistry	chem'is try	the science which treats of the
011011111111111111111111111111111111111	0210111 15 01 9	composition of substances
		and of the changes which
		they undergo.
dictionary	dic'tion a ry	a book containing the words
ulcolollary	are don a ry	of a language or the words
		employed in any special
		branch of knowledge, with
		explanations of their mean-
		•
		ings.

adjoin	ad join'	to lie contiguous to, to be next,
		or in contact.
interrogation	in ter'ro ga'tion	examination by questions.
aperture	ap'er ture	an opening, an open space.
dyspepsia	dys pep'si a	indigestion.
initiative	in i'ti a tive	introductory, preliminary; an in-
		troductory step or movement.
pinnacle	pin'na cle	a lofty peak, a pointed summit.
indiscretion	in'dis cre'tion	imprudence, an indiscreet act.

Dictation Exercise

Selection from "The Life of Henry Clay," by Carl Schurz

Andrew Jackson when he became President was a man of sixty-two. A life of much exposure, hardship, and excitement, and also ill health, had made him appear older than he was. His great military achievement lay fifteen years back in the past, and made him the "old hero." He was very ignorant. In his youth he had mastered scarcely the rudiments of education; and he did not possess that acquisitive intellectuality which impels men, with or without preparation, to search for knowledge and to store it up. While he had keen intuitions, he never thoroughly understood the merits of any question of politics or economics. But his was in the highest degree the instinct of a superior will, the genius of command. If he had been on board a vessel in extreme danger, he would have thundered out his orders without knowing anything of seamanship, and been indignantly surprised if captain and crew had not obeyed him. At a fire his voice would have made bystanders as well as firemen promptly do his

will. In war he was of course made a general; and without any knowledge of military science he went out to meet the enemy, made raw militia fight like veterans, and won the most brilliant victory in the War of 1812. He was not only brave himself; his mere presence infused bravery into others.

LESSON 91

	If you have time, don	't wait for time.
genius '	gen'ius	talent, special taste or inclina-
		tion, a person endowed with
		uncommon vigor of mind.
genus	ge'nus	a class of objects divided into
		several subordinate species.
czar	czar	the title of the emperor of
	(zär)	Russia.
promenade	prom'e näde'	a walk for pleasure or exer-
		cise, a public walk; to
		walk for exercise.
extension	ex ten'sion	a stretching out, expansion.
generally	gen'er al ly	commonly, most frequently,
		in the main.
abyss	a byss'	a bottomless or unfathomed
and the same		depth.
persecute	per'se cute	to harass, punish, or put to
		death, especially for ad-
		herence to a particular
		religious creed.
communication	com mu'ni ca'tion	intercourse by words, letters,
		or messages, a written

message.

demagogue	dem'a gŏgue	a leader of the rabble, an unprincipled mob orator or political leader.
intellectual	in'tel lec'tu al	characterized by intelligence or mental capacity, relating to the understanding.
possession	pos ses'sion	the state of holding as one's own, the thing possessed.
aberration	ab'er ra'tion	insanity, derangement.
fatigue	fa tigue'	weariness from bodily
((få tēg')	labor or mental exertion.
eccentric	ec cen'tric	peculiar, odd, departing
		from the usual custom
		or practice, irregular.
extemporaneous	ex tem'po ra'ne ous	uttered without previous
A		study, offhand.
irresistible	ir're sist'i ble	resistless, overpowering.
persecutor	per'se cu tor	one who persecutes.
corporal	cor'po ral	a noncommissioned officer
•		next below a sergeant.
celluloid	cel'lu loid	a substance composed of
\		gun cotton and camphor
		(used in the manufac-
		ture of combs, brushes,
		and collars).
		,

The talent of success is nothing more than doing what you can do well.

Longfellow.

		Longfellow.
whether	wheth'er	in case, if.
wether	weth'er	a ram.
whither	whith'er	to what place, whereunto.
indestructible	in'de struc'ti ble	incapable of decomposition or of being destroyed.
security	se cu'ri ty	that which secures or makes safe, protection, guard,
		defense.
prevalence	prev'a lence	condition of being prevalent, wide extension.
corpse	corpse	the dead body of a human being.
annihilate	an ni'hi late	to destroy the existence of, to cause to cease to be.
gnat	gnat (năt)	a small biting fly.
intransitive	in tran'si tive	expressing an action or state that is limited to the subject
		(in grammar).
satiate	sa'ti ate (sā'shĭ āt)	to satisfy.
poplar	pop'lar	a tree characterized by its soft timber.
coalition	cō à li'tion	a combination, for temporary purposes, of persons, parties, or states having different

interests.

ineligible	in el'i gi ble	not qualified to be chosen for an
2220218		office, not expedient or desir-
		able.
inveterate	in vet'er ate	deep-rooted, of long standing, ha-
mveterate	111 VCU CI 1800	bitual, confirmed.
from James and al	fun'da men'tal	
rundamentar	run da men tar	essential (as an element, principle,
		or law).
epoch	ep'och	a fixed point of time established
		in history by the occurrence of
		some remarkable event, a point
		of time marked by an event of
		great subsequent influence.
pleasantest	pleas'ant est	most pleasing, most gratifying,
•		most agreeable.
stereoscope	stē're o scope	an optical instrument for giving to
1		pictures the appearance of solid
		forms as seen in nature.
aristocracy	ar'is toc'ra cy	a form of government in which the
alistociacy	at is too ta cy	•
		supreme power is invested in the
•		principal people of a state, those
		who are regarded as superior to
		the rest of the community.

No great man was ever other than a genuine man. - CARLYLE.

proceed	pro ceed'	to advance, to go on, to issue.
precede	pre cede'	to go before in order of time or
		importance.
acclamation	ac'cla ma'tion	eager expression of approval.

shorthand	short'hand	short writing, the art of expression
		by substituting characters for
		words.
conjecture	con jec'ture	probable inference, surmise; to sur-
3	J	mise, to infer on slight evidence.
aqueduct	aq'ue duct	an artificial channel for conveying water.
licorice	lic'o rice	the juice of licorice root used as
11001100	110 0 1100	a confection and for medicinal
		purposes.
amethyst	am'e thyst	a variety of crystallized quartz, of
		a purple or bluish violet color,
		valued as a precious stone.
comparison	com par'i son	relative estimate, an examination
		to discover resemblances or dif- ferences.
horticulture	hor'ti cul'ture	the cultivation of a garden or an
norticulture	nor or our bare	orchard.
conveyance	con vey'ance	the instrument or means of trans-
1-1-1		porting anything from place to
		place, a carriage, a vehicle.
automobile	au'to mo'bile	self-propelling; a self-propelling
11	/ 1.1.	vehicle.
serviceable	serv'ice a ble	such as can serve a useful purpose, durable.
panacea	pan'a ce'a	a remedy for all diseases, a univer-
panacca	Pan a co a	sal medicine.
cement	ce ment'	any substance used for making
		bodies adhere to each other; to
	1	unite by means of a cement.
sycophant	syc'o phant	a mean flatterer.

	_	~
п.	63	n
	7.	.,

PRACTICAL COMMERCIAL SPELLER

perform	per form'	to accomplish, to do, to discharge, to act.
artistically	ar tis'tic al ly	showing taste or skill.
cholera	chol'er a	one of several diseases affecting
-		the intestines and more or less
		dangerous to life.
dynamite	dy'na mite	a very powerful explosive sub-
		stance.

LESSON 94

Let no pleasure tempt thee, no profit allure thee, no ambition corrupt thee, no example sway thee, no persuasion move thee, to do anything which thou knowest to be evil.

siege	siege	the investing of a place by an
		army.
seize	seize	to grasp, to snatch, to clutch, to
		capture.
completeness	com plete'ness	the state of being complete.
exquisite	ex'qui site	exceedingly nice, giving rare sat-
		isfaction, fastidious.
multiplicity	mul'ti plic'i ty	the quality of being manifold or
		various, a state of being many.
larynx	lar'ynx	the expanded upper end of the
		windpipe connected with the
		hyoid bone.
acquisition	ac'qui si'tion	the thing acquired or gained, a
		gain.
palatable	pal'a ta ble	agreeable to the taste, savory, ac-
		ceptable, pleasing.
acme	ac'me	the highest point.

stereotype	stē're o type	a plate with type-metal face used
		for printing, the art of mak-
		ing such plates; to prepare for
1 (1) 1	1 4:11	printing in stereotype.
combustible	com bus'ti ble	inflammable, capable of taking fire
		and burning.
plagiarism	pla'gia rism	the stealing or purloining from the
	(plā'ja rĭz'm)	writings of another.
valenciennes	va len'ci ennes'	a rich kind of lace made in France.
	(vå lěn'sĭ ĕnz')	
horseradish	horse'rad'ish	a common herb of the mustard
	31 / 3 / 31	family used as a relish.
	dis'o be'di ence	neglect or refusal to obey.
expulsion	ex pul'sion	a driving or forcing out, summa-
	10.1	rily removed from membership.
multiple	mul'ti ple	manifold; a quantity containing
		another quantity a number of
-		times without a remainder.
phaeton	pha'e ton	a low four-wheeled carriage drawn
, ,	, ,,	by one horse.
abscond	ab scond'	to steal off and secrete one's
.* "	1-	self (used especially of persons
		who withdraw to avoid a legal
	1 1/1	process).
bachelor	bach'e lor	a man who has not been married,
	. v = 1	a person who has taken the
().		lowest degree at a college or
1	* * *	university.

The chains of habit are generally too small to be felt till they are too strong to be broken.—Johnson.

emigrate	em'i grate	to remove from one country or
		state to another for the pur-
		pose of residence.
immigrate	im'mi grate	to come into a country of which
		one is not a native, for the pur-
		pose of permanent residence.
stentorian	sten to'ri an	extremely loud, powerful.
prospectus	pro spec'tus	a summary, plan, or scheme of
		something proposed.
sapphire	sap'phire	bright blue; a precious stone,
		blue in color.
arrangement	ar range'ment	disposition in suitable form, reg-
	ě	ular and systematic classifica-
		tion, adjustment by agreement.
palpable	pal'pa ble	readily perceived and detected,
		plain, distinct, gross.
mahogany	ma hog'a ny	the wood of a large tree found
		in tropical America, also the
		tree itself.
equinoctial	ē'qui noc'tial	occurring near the time of an
		equinox, pertaining to the
		equality of day and night.
inconvenience	in'con ven'ience	that which gives trouble, embar-
		rassment, or uneasiness.
degenerate	de gen'er ate	degraded, unworthy; to decline
		in good qualities.

wheelbarrow	wheel'bar'row	a light vehicle having one wheel and rolled by a single person.
policy	pol'i cy	a term used in insurance, a fixed course of conduct, cunning,
prestige	pres'tige	sagacity. weight or influence derived from
r		past success.
participle	par'ti ci ple	a part of speech partaking of the nature of both a verb and an
		adjective.
covenant	cov'e nant	a mutual agreement of two or more
		persons or parties, or one of the
		stipulations in such an agree-
		ment; to agree, to contract.
abominable	a bom'i na ble	detestable, odious in the utmost
		degree, very hateful.
provender	prov'en der	dry food for domestic animals, feed.
energetic	en'er get'ic	possessing a capacity for vigorous
		action, forcible, powerful.
February	Feb'ru a ry	the second month in the year.

For they conquer who believe they can .- DRYDEN.

specie	spe'cie	coin.
species	spe'cies	sort, kind, variety.
condemn	con demn'	to pronounce to be wrong, to make
Condomi	con demii	manifest the faults or unworthi-
		ness of, to pronounce a judicial
		sentence against.

Puritan	Pu'ri tan	one who in the time of Queen Elizabeth advocated simpler
		forms of worship than those es-
		tablished by law.
inclement	in clem'ent	stormy, rigorously cold, rough,
		unmerciful.
equitable	eq'ui ta ble	just, fair, reasonable.
counterpane	coun'ter pane	a coverlet for a bed.
liquidate	liq'ui date	to pay an indebtedness.
illiberal	il lib'er al	not free or generous, close, indicat-
		ing a lack of breeding or cul-
		ture, narrow-minded.
inconvenient	in'con ven'ient	giving trouble, uneasiness, or an-
		noyance; disadvantageous, in-
		opportune.
oblivious	ob liv'i ous	forgetful.
desirous	de sir'ous	eagerly wishing, eager to obtain.
malignant	ma lig'nant	tending to produce death.
allopathy	ăl lŏp'a thy	a system of medical practice op-
2		posed to homeopathy.
condense	con dense'	to compress, to abridge.
wretched	wretch'ed	very miserable.
amenable	a mē'na ble	liable to be brought to account or
		punishment, answerable, willing
	- 1	to yield or submit.
similarly	sim'i lar ly	in a similar manner.
grievance	griev'ance	a wrong done and suffered, an
		injury.
harangue	ha rangue' (ha răng')	a noisy or pompous speech.

Make yourself necessary to the world and mankind will give you bread.

EMERSON.

populous	pop'u lous	containing many inhabitants in pro-
	1070.0	portion to the extent of the
		country.
populace	pop'u lace	the common people, the multi-
		tude.
malleable	măl'lė a ble	capable of being shaped by beating
		with a hammer or by the pressure
		of rollers.
reminiscence	rem'i nis'cence	a statement or narration of remem-
		bered experience, a recollection.
equestrian	e ques'tri an	pertaining to horses or horseman-
		ship; a rider, a horseman.
obligatory	ob'li ga to ry	binding in law or conscience, im-
		posing duty or obligation.
intolerant	in tol'er ant	unforbearing, bigoted.
anniversary	an'ni ver'sa ry	the annual return of the day on
		which any event took place.
physician	phy si'cian	a doctor of medicine.
suave	suave	gracious or agreeable in manner.
	(swāv)	
recurrence	re cur'rence	the state of being recurrent, return,
		recourse.
vivacious	vi vā'cious	sprightly in temper or conduct,
- 4		lively, merry, animated.
criticism	crit'i cism	a critical judgment passed or ex-
		pressed.

manufacturer man'u fac'tur er one who manufactures. aqueous ā'que ous watery. mer'i to'ri ous deserving of reward or honor. meritorious to open and expose to the free ventilate ven'ti late passage of air, to provide with a vent. suburbs sub'urbs the outlying parts of a city or town, the region on the con-

town, the region on the confines of a city.
inconsistent in'con sist'ent at variance, incongruous, changeable.

jealousy jeal'ous y painful apprehension of rivalship in cases affecting one's happiness.

LESSON 98

Review

Industry is the parent of success.

in'no cence	prev'a lence	par'ti ci ple
shrewd'ly	ar'is toc'ra cy	en'er get'ic
e lapse'	serv'ice a ble	con demn'
in'ex haust'i ble	per form'	ob liv'i ous
dys pep'si a	com plete'ness	an'ni ver'sa ry
pos ses'sion	ab scond'	re cur'rence
ir're sist'i ble	in'con ven'ience	

The first step toward greatness is to be honest.

glacier	gla'cier	an immense field of ice formed
	(glā/shēr)	in the region of perpetual
		snow and moving slowly
		down a mountain slope.
glazier	gla'zier	one whose business is to set
	(glā'zher)	glass.
restaurant	res'tau rant	an eating house.
column	col'ŭmn	a kind of pillar, anything re-
		sembling in form or position
		a column in architecture, a
		list of figures arranged so as
		to be conveniently added.
ignoramus	ig'no ra'mus	a stupid, ignorant person.
sacrilege	sac'ri lege	the sin of profaning sacred
-		things.
vermicelli	ver'mi cel'li	a wheaten paste made into slen-
		der pipes.
paroxysm	păr'ox ysm	any sudden and violent emotion,
		a convulsion.
imperceptible	im'per cep'ti ble	not to be apprehended by the
		senses.
algebra	al'ge bra	that branch of mathematics
		which treats of the relation of
		property and matter by means
		of letters and other symbols.
contusion	con tū'sion	the state of being beaten or
		bruised, a bruise.
		bruised, a bruise.

parochial	pa rō'chi al	restricted to a parish.
appurtenance	ap pur'te nance	that which belongs to some-
		thing else, an adjunct, an
		appendage.
incidentally	in ci den'tal ly	accidentally, casually.
vacuum	vac'u um	a space entirely devoid of
		matter, the interior of an
	9	inclosed vessel which has
		been exhausted to the high-
		est degree by an air pump.
photography	pho tog'ra phy	the art of producing pictures
photography	pho tog'ra phy	the art of producing pictures by the action of light on
photography	pho tog'ra phy	_ 0 _
photography	pho tog'ra phy as sist'ant	by the action of light on
		by the action of light on sensitive bodies.
assistant	as sist'ant	by the action of light on sensitive bodies. a helper, a means of help.
assistant	as sist'ant	by the action of light on sensitive bodies. a helper, a means of help. impetuosity, violence, fury,
assistant vehemence	as sist'ant vē'hē mence	by the action of light on sensitive bodies. a helper, a means of help. impetuosity, violence, fury, violent ardor.
assistant vehemence	as sist'ant vē'hē mence	by the action of light on sensitive bodies. a helper, a means of help. impetuosity, violence, fury, violent ardor. the joint of a finger; to yield,

Count that day lost whose low descending sun Views from thy hand no worthy action done.

decease	de cease'	death.
disease	dis ease'	malady, sickness.
irreproachable	ir're proach'a ble	above reproach, blameless.
peaceable	peace'a ble	inclined to peace.
irrational	ir ră'tion al	void of reason or understand-
		ing, not according to reason,
		absurd.

vindictive	vin dic'tive	revengeful.
peritonitis	per'i to nī'tis	acute inflammation of the peritoneum.
acceptance	ac cept'ance	favorable reception, an agreement to
		terms by which a bargain is con-
		cluded and the parties are bound.
vertical	ver'ti cal	perpendicular to the plane of the
		horizon, upright.
collision	col li'sion	a striking together (as of two hard
		bodies), a clashing, an encounter.
apothecary	a poth'e ca ry	one who prepares and sells drugs for
		medicinal purposes.
conscious	con'scious	knowing one's own thoughts or men-
		tal operations, aware of.
niche	niche	a hollow or recess, generally within
		the thickness of a wall.
syllabic	syl lab'ic	pertaining to syllables.
veterinary	vet'er i na ry	pertaining to the art of treating
ů	•	diseases of domestic animals.
victuals	vict'uals	cooked food for human beings.
similar	sim'i lar	having a general likeness.
mosquito	mos qui'to	a kind of gnat.
neutralize	neu'tral ize	to render of no effect, to counteract.
heirloom	heir'loom	a piece of personal property that has
		been in a family for several gen-
		erations.

Be always ashamed to catch thyself idle.

anecdote	an'ec dote	a particular or detached incident
		of an interesting nature, a short
		story.
antidote	an'ti dote	a remedy to counteract the effects
		of poison.
creditable	cred'it a ble	reputable, estimable.
straighten	straight'en	to make straight, right, or correct.
auspicious	aus pi'cious	giving promise of success, prosper-
BOOK TO A STATE OF		ity, or happiness, favorable.
accompany	ac com'pa ny	to go along with, to attend.
severely	se vere'ly	strictly, sternly, harshly, critically.
abolish	a bol'ish	to do away with wholly, to annul,
		to make void.
vitriols	vit'ri ols	those salts of sulphuric acid which
		crystallize with a certain amount
		of water.
souvenir	sou've nir'	a memento, a keepsake.
successful	suc cess'ful	prosperous, fortunate, having the
		desired effect.
propel	pro pel'	to drive forward, to press onward
		by force.
assiduous	as sid'u ous	diligent, attentive, persevering.
characterize	char'ac ter ize	to mark with distinctive features.
coincide	co'in cide'	to correspond exactly.
simplicity	sim plic'i ty	plainness, clearness, freedom from
	•	cunning.
		0

attorney	at tor'ney	one who is legally appointed by
		another to transact any business
		for him, a lawyer.
semicolon	sem'i co'lon	the punctuation mark (;).
oblique	ob lique'	slanting, inclined.
perforate	per'fo rate	to pierce with a pointed instrument.

He that has a trade has an office of profit and honor.

formerly	for'mer ly	in time past, of old, heretofore.
formally	form'al ly	in a formal manner, ceremoniously.
palette	pal'ette	a tablet on which a painter mixes
		his pigments.
accumulate	ac cu'mu late	to collect, to amass, to increase
		greatly.
barbarous	bar'ba rous	uncivilized, uncultivated, merciless.
quadruped	quad'ru ped	having four feet; any animal hav-
		ing four feet.
menagerie	men ag'er ie	a collection of wild animals kept
		for exhibition.
condescend	con'de scend'	to stoop, to waive the privileges of
		rank or dignity (often used
		ironically).
gymnastics	gym nas'tics	exercises to develop bodily strength
		and agility.
avalanche	av'a lanche'	a sudden and great descent of any-
		thing, as a large mass of snow
		and ice sliding swiftly down a
		mountain side.
despicable	des'pi ca ble	contemptible, mean, worthless.

PRACTICAL COMMERCIAL SPELLER

despair	de spair'	utter hopelessness; to be hopeless.
fricassee	fric'as see'	a dish made of meat cut into pieces and stewed in a gravy; to dress like a fricassee.
eminence	em'i nence	a height, high rank, distinction,
fictitious	fic ti'tious	feigned, not real, not genuine.
fractious	frac'tious	cross, irritable, snappish, unruly.
ennoble	en no'ble	to elevate in degree, quality, or
		excellence.
gnash	gnash	to grind or strike the teeth together.
hesitancy	hes'i tan cy	slowness in deciding, a faltering
		in speech.
helpfulness	help'ful ness	assistance, usefulness.

LESSON 103

Read much, but not too many books.

prophecy	proph'e cŏ	a prediction, an inspired fore- telling.
prophesy	proph'e sy	to foretell, to predict.
preliminary	pre lim'i na ry	introductory, preparatory, pre-
		vious; something introduc-
		tory or preparatory.
medicinal	me dic'i nal	used for the cure or alleviation
		of bodily disorders.
premier	prē'mi er	most ancient, first, chief; the
	•	prime minister.

interpretation	in ter'pre ta'tion	n explanation of what is obscure, the
		sense given by an interpreter,
		meaning.
preparation	prep'a ra'tion	a making ready, readiness, a pre-
		paratory act, a combination.
beneficial	ben'e fi'cial	useful, helpful, advantageous.
development	de vel'op ment	gradual advancement or growth
		through a series of progressive
		changes, elaboration.
necessary	nec'es sa ry	indispensable, requisite, essential.
facsimile	fac sim'i le	an exact copy or likeness.
statement	state'ment	a formal setting forth of fact or
		opinion.
brilliancy	bril'lian cy	great brightness, splendor, glitter.
ghastly	ghast'ly	horrible, shocking, hideous.
court-martial	court'-mar'tial	a court consisting of military or
		naval officers; to subject to trial
	(-	by a court-martial.
naphtha	naph'tha	the complex mixture of volatile,
		liquid hydrocarbons occurring
		naturally.
neglect	neg lect'	omission of proper attention; to
		forbear one's duty in regard to.
perpetual	per pet'u al	never-ceasing, continuing forever,
		or for an unlimited time.
quinine	quī'nīne	an alkaline substance of a bitter
		taste, much used in medicine.
rinse	rinse	to cleanse with a second applica-
		tion of water after washing.

Industry need not wish.

ordinance	or'di nance	a rule established by authority, an established rite or cere-
ordnance chicanery	ord'nance chi can'er y	mony. heavy weapons of warfare. mean or unfair artifice to perplex a cause and obscure the
operator	op'er a'tor	one who, or that which, operates.
compliance	com pli'ance	a yielding to a desire, demand, or proposal.
figurative	fig'ur a tive	used in a sense not literal, typical, abounding in figures of speech.
monastery	mon'as ter y	a house of religious retirement, especially for monks.
interlineation	in'ter lin'e a'tion	a word or passage inserted be- tween lines already written or printed.
Catholic	Cath'o lic	not narrow-minded, liberal; an adherent of the Roman Cath-
overrule	o'ver rule'	olic church. to rule or determine in a contrary way, to decide against.
doubtful	doubt'ful	not settled in opinion, hesitating, questionable, not decided.

proceeds pro'ceeds	yield, product, the sum accruing from
	a sale.
handsome hand'some	comely, graceful, becoming.
affirmative af firm'a tive	asserting that the fact is so.
merriment mer'ri ment	gayety, with laughter, mirth, frolic.
enigma ė nig'ma	an obscure saying, a riddle.
resplendent re splen'dent	shining with brilliant luster, very
	bright.
lozenge loz'enge	a small cake of sugar, often medicated;
	a figure with four equal sides, having
	two acute and two obtuse angles.
asthma asth'ma	a disease characterized by difficulty
(ăs'må)	of breathing and accompanied with
	a wheezing sound.
ridiculous ri dic'u lous	absurd and laughable, ludicrous.

Dictation Exercise

Selection from "Launching of a Ship," by Campbell

Those who have ever witnessed the spectacle of the launching of a ship of the line will perhaps forgive me for adding this to the examples of the sublime objects of artificial life. Of that spectacle I can never forget the impression, and of having witnessed it reflected from the faces of ten thousand spectators. They seem yet before me. I sympathize with their deep and silent expectation, and with their final burst of enthusiasm. It was not a vulgar joy, but an affecting national solemnity. When the vast bulwark sprang from her cradle the calm water on which she swung majestically round gave the imagination a

contrast of the stormy element on which she was soon to ride. All the days of battle and the nights of danger which she had to encounter, all the ends of the earth which she had to visit, and all that she had to do and to suffer for her country rose in awful presentiment before the mind; and when the heart gave her a benediction it was like one pronounced on a living being.

LESSON 106

It is exactly in the treatment of trifles that a man shows what he is. Schopenhauer.		
ingenious	in ġēn'ious	possessed of the faculty of
		invention, of curious de-
		sign, structure, or mech-
	•	anism.
ingenuous	in ġĕn'u ous	noble, generous.
compendium	com pen'di um	an abridgment, a condensed
		summary.
interchangeable	in'ter change'a ble	admitting of exchange or
		mutual substitution.
lethargy	leth'ar gy	a state of inaction or indiffer-
		ence, morbid drowsiness.
onerous	ŏn'er ous	burdensome, oppressive.
supervise	su'per vise'	to oversee for direction, to
		superintend.
utterance	ut'ter ance	vocal expression, speech.
jugular	j ū'gu lar	pertaining to the neck; one
		of the large veins which
ø		return the blood from the
	17-17-1	head to the heart.
memorize	mem'o rize	to learn by heart.
taciturn	tac'i turn	habitually silent, reserved.

ventilator	ven'ti la'tor	a contrivance for effecting ventilation.
literary	lit'er a ry	versed in literature, pertaining to
		learning or learned men.
typhoid	ty'phoid	resembling typhus.
plainness	plain'ness	simplicity, clearness, frankness.
keenness	keen'ness	acuteness, shrewdness.
physics	phys'ics	the science of nature or of natural
		objects.
receptacle	re cep'ta cle	that which is used for receiving and
		containing something.
spherical	spher'ic al	like a sphere, globular.
rhubarb	rhu'barb	the name of several large perennial
		herbs, the leafstalks of which are
		used as food.

The doors of wisdom are never shut.

statue	stat'ue	an image.
stature	stat'ure	the natural height of a human being.
statute	stat'ute	a positive law.
assailant	as sail'ant	a person who attacks or assaults.
subsistence	sub sist'ence	means of support, maintenance.
observant	ob serv'ant	taking notice, watchful, mindful, re-
		gardful.
realize	re'al ize	to impress upon the mind as actual,
		to gain, to get.
bounteous	boun'te ous	disposed to give freely, beneficent.
philosophy	phi los'o phy	the science of causes and principles,
100		calmness of temper and judgment,
		reasoning.

symmetry	sym'me try	the agreement of one part with
3		another or with the whole.
nominal	nom'i nal	existing in name only, not real.
differential	dif'fer en'tial	creating a difference, discriminating.
precocious	pre co'cious	developed more than is natural or
		usual at a given age, too forward.
abstinence	ab'sti nence	depriving one's self of certain kinds
		of food or drink.
reiterate	re it'er ate	to say or do repeatedly.
tenacious	te na'cious	holding stoutly to one's opinion or
		purpose, retentive, inclined to
		retain what is in possession.
vogue	vogue	temporary mode, custom, or practice.
controversy	con'tro ver'sy	contention, dispute, agitation of
		contrary opinions.
welfare	wel'fare'	well-doing or well-being in any
		respect.
coerce	co erce'	to compel or constrain to any action,
		to enforce.

Being ignorant is not so much a shame as being unwilling to learn.

dessert	des sert'	the last course at dinner.
desert	de sert'	merit, worth; to abandon, to forsake.
desert	des'ert	a barren tract of land.
iniquitous	in iq'ui tous	wicked, wrong, unjust.
treasurer	treas'ur er	one who has charge of collected
		funds, either of individuals or of
		a nation.
scheme	scheme	a plan, a project, a plot; to plan, to
		nlot.

universal	u'ni ver'sal	unlimited, general, all-reaching.
incision	in ci'sion	a cut, a gash.
terse .	terse	free of superfluous words, concise.
boulevard	bou'le vard'	a broad avenue in or around a city.
monotonous	mo not'o nous	without change or variety, weari-
		, some.
necessitate	ne ces'si tate	to make necessary, to compel.
luscious	lus'cious	delicious, toothsome.
congenial	con gen'ial	allied by natural characteristics,
The state of the s		kindred.
strategy	strat'e gy	military tactics, the use of artifice.
oxygen	ox'y gen	a gaseous element occurring in the
		free state in the atmosphere.
hideous	hid'e ous	dreadful to behold, distressing or
		offensive to the eye.
perishable	per'ish a ble	subject to decay or death.
avarice	av'a rice	greediness after wealth, covetous-
		ness.
refrigerator	re frig'er a'tor	a box containing ice, used for keep-
_		ing food or other articles cool.
		-

Review

Good to begin well, but better to end well.

res'tau rant	sim'i lar	nec'es sa ry	re cep'ta cle
as sist'ant	aus pi'cious	ghast'ly	sub sist'ence
vē'hē mence	char'ac ter ize	o'ver rule'	con'tro ver'sy
col li'sion	con'de scend'	re splen'dent	treas'ur er
con'scious	fic ti'tious	lit'er a ry	ne ces'si tate

To understand one thing well is better than understanding many things by halves. — GOETHE.

council	coun'cil	an assembly of men summoned or	
		convened for consultation.	
counsel	coun'sel	advice, or one who gives advice	
		(especially in legal matters).	
counselor	coun'sel or	an adviser, a barrister.	
performance	per form'ance	execution, achievement, that which	
· ·		is performed or accomplished.	
garrulous	gar'ru lous	talking much (especially about triv-	
		ial matters).	
forceful	force'ful	exerting force, forcible.	
fearful	fear'ful	apprehensive, inspiring fear or awe,	
		frightful, vehement.	
obvious	ob'vi ous	plain, evident, apparent.	
decorous	de cō'rous	seemly, befitting.	
nonsensical	non sen'si cal	without sense, absurd, foolish.	
consequence	con'se quence	a result, distinction, rank.	
Grecian	Gre'cian	pertaining to Greece; a Greek.	
efficiency	ef fi'cien cy	the quality of being able to produce	
		results, effectiveness.	
benevolence	be nev'o lence	charitableness, beneficence, an act	
		of kindness.	
dissipate	dis'si pate	to disperse, to vanish, to squander,	
	-	to waste.	
permanency	per'ma nen cy	continuance in the same state or	
10000		place, fixedness.	
purpose	pur'pose	intention, design; to intend, to	
11/17		design.	

equalize e'qual ize to make equal.
opaque o paque' not transparent.
culinary cū'li na ry relating to the kitchen or to the art
of cookery.

LESSON 111

Well done is twice done.

employé	em'ploy'é'	one employed by another.
employee	em'ploy ee'	the English form of employé.
predecessor	pred'e ces'sor	one who has preceded another in
No.		any office or position.
reticent	ret'i cent	inclined to keep silent, uncommuni-
		cative.
exterminate	ex ter'mi nate	to drive out or away, to destroy
		utterly.
genuine	gen'u ine	authentic, real, true.
synonym	syn'o nym	one of two or more words which are
		equivalents of each other.
defense	de fense'	a protection, a guard, protecting
	900	plea.
continuous	con tin'u ous	without break, cessation, or inter-
	W1 2	ruption.
melancholy	mel'an chol y	low-spirited, gloomy, sad; great de-
		pression of spirits.
bigotry	big'ot ry	obstinate and unreasoning attach-
and the	11 11 11	ment to one's own belief and
		opinions, with narrow-minded
		intolerance of beliefs opposed to
		them.

intersperse	in'ter sperse'	to insert at intervals.
tyranny	tyr'an ny	arbitrary or despotic exercise of power,
	. (cruel government or discipline.
foretell	fore tell'.	to predict, to prophesy.
habitually	ha bit'u al ly	customarily, usually.
aggressive	ag gres'sive	making assaults, unjustly attacking.
unanimous	u nan'i mous	having the agreement and consent of
		all, being of one mind.
nuisance	nui'sance	that which annoys or gives trouble,
		or is offensive.
stretch	stretch	to draw out or extend in length or
		breadth, to spread.
obeisance	o bēi'sance	an expression of deference or respect,
-	1.	homage.

Diligence is the mother of good fortune. — CERVANTES.

swathe	swāthe	to bind with a band or bandage.
swath	swath	a line of grass or grain cut and thrown
		together by the scythe in mowing.
competition	com'pe ti'tion	common strife for the same object,
		rivalry.
italicize	ĭ tal'i cize	to print in italic characters.
embalm	em balm'	to fill or impregnate a dead body with
		aromatics and drugs that it may
1=1.		resist putrefaction.
deserve	de serve'	to be worthy of, to merit.
unwieldy	un wield'y	unmanageable, bulky.

knead	knead	to work and press into a mass with
		the hands.
anomaly	a nom'a ly	an irregularity.
hygiene	hy'gi ene	that department of sanitary science
		which treats of the preservation of
		health.
chamois	cham'ois	a small species of antelope, a soft
	(shăm'my)	leather made from the skin of the
		chamois.
zealous	zeal'ous	filled with zeal, ardent in behalf of an
		object.
obesity	o bĕs'i ty	excessive fleshiness.
indolence	in'do lence	indisposition to labor, habitual idle-
		ness.
efficacy	ef'fi ca cy	power to produce effects, virtue.
-	me chan'ic al	pertaining to machinery or tools, un-
		influenced by will or emotion.
despotism	des'po tism	tyrannical sway, a government which
		is directed by a despot.
gymnasium	gym na'si um	a building where athletic exercises are
		performed.
variance	va'ri ance	difference that produces dispute or
		controversy, disagreement, dissen-
		sion.
league	league	an alliance, a combination, a measure
	0.0	of length or distance; to combine
		for mutual support.

Necessity never made a good bargain.

epithet	ep'i thet	an adjective expressing some quality or attribute that is
		specially appropriate to a person or thing.
epitaph	ep'i taph (ĕp'ĭ tāf)	an inscription on a tomb.
anguish	an'guish	extreme pain either of body or of mind.
convertible	con vert'i ble	susceptible of change, capable of being interchanged.
totally	to'tal ly	wholly, entirely.
blamable	blam'a ble	deserving of censure, faulty.
twelfth	twelftk	the ordinal of twelve.
diagnosis	di'ag no'sis	the art of distinguishing diseases,
		critical perception or scru-
		tiny.
adept	a dept'	well skilled; a proficient.
superiority	su pe'ri or'i ty	preëminence.
hemorrhage	hem'or rhage	a discharge of blood from the blood vessels.
ostentatious	os'ten ta'tious	ambitious of display, vain, boastful.
constituency	con stit'u en cy	a body of constituents (as the body of voters in a representative
		district).
fiery	fi'er y	containing or resembling fire, easily provoked, unrestrained.

desultory	des'ul to ry	not connected with the subject,
		rambling.
revise	re vise'	to review, alter, and amend.
perverse	per verse'	obstinate, in the wrong, wayward,
		contrary, vexing.
scourge	scourge	a lash, a whip; to lash, to punish
		with severity.
extol	ex tol'	to elevate by praise, to commend,
		to magnify.
affectation	af'fec ta'tion	an attempt to assume what is not
-		natural.

All things are easy to industry, All things difficult to sloth.

)
,
r
9
,

unwarrantable	un war'rant a ble	not justifiable, illegal.
tournament	tour'na ment	a contest of skill in which
		there are many contestants
		for championship.
proprietor	pro pri'e tor	one who has the exclusive
		title to anything, whether in
		possession or not.
metaphor	met'a phor	a comparison or simile com-
	1	prised in a word.
degeneracy	de gen'er a cy	decline in good qualities, deterioration.
rudiment	ru'di ment	the principle which lies at the
rudiment	ru ar mens	bottom of any development,
		a beginning of any knowl-
		edge.
simultaneous	sī'mul ta'ne ous	happening at the same time.
technical	tech'nic al	specially appropriate to any
		art, science, or business.
assuage	as suage'	to soften in a figurative sense,
		to mitigate, to appease.
synopsis	syn op'sis	an abridgment such as brings
		all the parts under one
		view.
benign	be nign'	kind, gracious, wholesome.
pharynx	phar'ynx	the part of the alimentary
	(făr'ĭnks)	canal between the cavity of
		the mouth and the esopha-
		gus.

He that cannot obey cannot command.

depreciate	de pre'ci ate	to lessen in price or estimated
		value, to undervalue.
deprecate	dep're cate	to disapprove of strongly.
amateur	am'a teur'	one who cultivates any study or
		art from taste or attachment
		without pursuing it profes-
		sionally.
abstruse	ab struse'	difficult to be comprehended or
		understood.
stratagem	strat'a gem	artifice, secret plot.
consensus	con sen'sus	agreement, accord, consent.
physical	phys'ic al	relating to natural or material
	24	things or to the bodily struc-
		ture, as opposed to things
		mental or imaginary.
magnanimous	mag nan'i mous	great of mind, noble.
incorrigible	in cor'ri gi ble	bad beyond correction; one who
		is incorrigible.
enthusiastic	en thu'si as'tic	filled with enthusiasm, zealous.
succumb	suc cumb'	to give up unresistingly.
veracious	ve ra'cious	truthful, not false.
convenient	con ven'ient	affording accommodation or ad-
,		vantage, well adapted to use.
usurp	u surp'	to seize and hold by force or
		without right.
pneumatic	pneu mat'ic	moved or worked by the pres-
	.)	sure or flow of air.

corridor	cor'ri dor	a gallery or passageway leading to several apartments of a house.
effervescent	ef fer ves'cent	gently boiling or bubbling.
rheumatism	rheu'ma tism	a general disease characterized by painful local inflammation.
ennui	en'nui' (ä <u>n</u> 'nwë')	a feeling of weariness and disgust.
contagious	con ta'gious	infectious, catching.

Review Work for Special Drill

By diligence and patience the mouse bit in two the cable.

by differe and patience the mouse bit in two the capte.				
hu'man hu mane'	em'i grate im'mi grate	for'mer ly form'al ly	de pre'ci ate dep're cate	
there'fore there for'	spe'cies	proph'e cỹ proph'e sỹ	em'ploy'é' em'ploy ee'	
gen'ius ge'nus	pop'u lous pop'u lace	or'di nance ord'nance	swathe swath	
wheth'er weth'er whith'er	gla'cier gla'zier	in ģēn'ious in ģĕn'u ous	ep'i thet ep'i taph	
pro ceed' pre cede'	de cease' dis ease'	stat'ue stat'ure stat'ute	spe'cial ty spe'ci al'i ty	
siege seize	an'ec dote an'ti dote	des sert' de sert' des'ert	coun'eil coun'sel coun'sel or	

per form'ance	com'pe ti'tion	val'u a ble
dis'si pate	un wield'y	be nign'
per'ma nen cy	des'po tism	en thu'si as'tic
mel'an chol y	con vert'i ble	con ven'ient
in'ter sperse'	hem'or rhage	pneu mat'ic
tyr'an ny	per verse'	con ta'gious
u nan'i mous	sep'a rate	

General Business Terms

Business dispatched is business well done, but business hurried is business ill done.—Bulwer Lytton.

tariff	tar'iff	a scheme of duties imposed by the govern-
		ment of a country upon goods imported
		or exported.
lease	lease	a letting of lands or buildings for a term of
		years; to let for a term of years.
expense	ex pense'	expenditure, outlay.
fiscal	fis'cal	pertaining to the public treasury or revenue.
balance	bal'ance	to weigh, to adjust.
invoice	in'voice'	an itemized statement of goods bought or
		sold, containing quantities, names,
		prices, etc.
ledger	ledg'er	a book in which a summary of accounts is
		preserved.
valid	val'id	founded in truth, sound, good.
abstract	ab'stract	an abridgment, a brief, a state of separation
		from other things.
abstract	ab stract'	to withdraw, to separate.

voucher	vouch'er	any acquittance or receipt showing the
		payment of a debt.
shipped	shipped	sent by water or any other conveyance
		for transportation to a distance.
charged	charged	debited on an account.
canceled	can'celed	annulled.
owing	ow'ing	had or held under obligation of paying,
		due.
drawee	draw ee'	the person upon whom a bill of exchange
		is drawn.
discount	dis'count'	the rate of interest charged in discount-
		ing; to lend money upon, deducting
		the allowance for interest.
tickler	tic'kler	a book containing memoranda of all
		time paper.
payee	pay ee'	the person to whom money is to be paid.
payable	pay'a ble	that may be discharged or settled by
		delivery of value, matured.

General Business Terms (continued)

Dispatch is the soul of business. — LORD CHESTERFIELD.

director	di rect'or	one of a body of persons appointed to
		manage the affairs of a company or
		corporation.
article	ar'ti cle	a term, condition, or stipulation in a con-
		tract, a clause in a contract, system
		of regulations, treaty, and the like.
cartage	cart'age	the price paid for carting.

current	cur'rent	passing from person to person, or from
ourrond	our rond	hand to hand, generally received,
		common.
difference	dif'fer ence	the quantity by which one quantity
		differs from another, or the remain-
		der left after subtracting one from
		the other.
partner	part'ner	an associate in business.
filing	fil'ing	laying away in a methodical manner
	S	for preservation and reference.
issued	is'sued	sent out officially, delivered by authority.
release	re lease'	a giving up or relinquishing of some
		right or claim.
solvent	sol'vent	able to pay all just debts.
suspense	sus pense'	a term used in relation to accounts
		containing items that have not been
		proved.
creditor	cred'it or	one who gives credit in business matters,
		hence one to whom money is due.
	re bate'	deduction, abatement.
extension	ex ten'sion	a written engagement on the part of
	,	a creditor allowing a debtor further
		time to pay a debt.
audit	au'dit.	to examine and adjust, as an account or
		accounts.
mutilate	mu'ti late	to destroy or remove a material part
		of, so as to render imperfect.
surplus	sur'plus	excess, an amount in the public treasury
		at any time greater than is required
		for the ordinary purposes of the
		government.

purchase	pur'chase	that which is obtained for a
		price in money or its equi-
		valent; to obtain by paying
		money or its equivalent.
purchasable	pur'chas a ble	that which can be bought.
forgery	for'ger y	counterfeit, the act of produc-
		ing falsely that which is
		falsely devised.

General Business Terms (continued)

Work is only done well when it is done with a will. - Ruskin.

quoting	quot'ing	citing, naming, repeating.
deficit	def'i cit	deficiency in the amount or
		quality, a falling short, lack.
coupon	cou'pon	a certificate of interest due, a
		section of a ticket showing
		the holder to be entitled to
		some specified accommoda-
		tion.
transportation	trans'por ta'tion	carriage from one place to an-
-		other.
chattel	chat'tel	any item of movable or im-
		movable property.
syndicate	syn'di cate	an association of persons offi-
		cially authorized to negotiate
		some business or to carry
		out a financial or industrial
		project.

manager	man'a ger	a conductor or director, a good economist.
duebill	due'bill'	a brief written acknowledgment of a debt, not made payable to order.
insolvent	in sol'vent	not having sufficient estate to pay one's debts.
financial	fi nan'cial	pertaining to finance.
bonus	bo'nus	money paid in addition to a stated compensation.
exchangeable	ex change'a ble	fit or proper to be exchanged.
auditor	au'di tor	a hearer, a person appointed to
		examine accounts.
dividend	div'i dend	a sum of money divided among shareholders pro rata.
inventory	in'ven to ry	specifically, the annual account of stock taken in any business.
wholesale	whole'sale'	engaged in trade by the large quantity; the sale of goods by the large quantity.
insolvency	in sol'ven cy	the condition of one who is unable to pay his debts as they fall due, bankruptcy.
commission	com mis'sion	an allowance for the sale of goods belonging to another.
bankable	bank'a ble	receivable at the bank.
certify	cer'ti fy	to make certain, to testify to in writing.

Dictation Exercise

Selection from "The Emigrant," by Sir F. B. Head

However deeply prejudiced an Englishman may be in favor of his own country, I think it is impossible for him to cross the Atlantic without admitting that in both the northern and southern hemispheres of the new world nature has not only outlined her works on a larger scale, but has painted the whole picture with brighter and more costly colors than she has used in delineating and in beautifying the old world.

The heavens of America appear infinitely higher, the sky is bluer, the clouds are whiter, the air is fresher, the cold is intenser, the moon looks larger, the stars are brighter, the thunder is louder, the lightning is vivider, the wind is stronger, the rain is heavier, the mountains are higher, the forests bigger, and the plains broader.

In the continent of North America the climate, comparatively speaking, regardless of latitude, is both hot and cold; and thus, for instance, in Canada, while the summer is as roasting as that of the Mediterranean, and occasionally as broiling as that of the West Indies, the winter is that of the capitals of Norway and Sweden; indeed, the cold of the Canada winter must be felt to be imagined; and when felt, can no more be described by words than colors to a blind man or music to a deaf one.

General Business Terms (continued)

Where none thou canst discern, make for thyself a path. — GOETHE.

franchise	fran'chise	a certain right or privilege granted
		by a government to individuals
		or corporations.
business	busi'ness	that which engages the attention of
		any one, affairs, employment.
quotation	quo ta'tion	that which is cited, the price named.
memoranda	mem'o ran'da	notes to help the memory.
treasury	treas'ur y	a place in which stores of wealth are
		deposited, a department of gov-
		ernment in charge of finances.
advisable	ad vis'a ble	expedient, prudent.
commercial	com mer'cial	mercantile.
dissolution	dis'so lu'tion	separation.
outlawed	out'lawed'	removed from legal jurisdiction or
		enforcement.
acceptance	ac cept'ance	an agreeing to terms or proposals
e		by which a bargain is concluded
-		and the parties bound.
incidental	in'ci den'tal	happening as an occasional event,
		without regularity, accidental.
overdraft	o'ver draft'	the act of overdrawing; also, the
		amount or sum overdrawn.
corporation	cor'po ra'tion	a society having the capacity of
		transacting business as an
		individual.

156	PRACTICAL	COMMERCIAL SPELLER
assistant	as sist'ant	a helper, an auxiliary, a means of help.
dunning	dun'ning	requesting or demanding payment.
principal	prin'ci pal	a capital sum of money placed out
		at interest, due as a debt or used
		as a fund.
storage	stor'age	the safe-keeping of goods in a ware-
1	m ()	house, the price charged for keep-
		ing goods in store.
analyze	an'a lyze	to separate into the constituent
		parts for the purpose of an ex-
		amination of each part separately.
commerce	com'merce	the exchange of merchandise on a
		large scale between different
		places or communities.
assignee	as'sign ee'	a person to whom an assignment
<u> </u>		is made.

General Business Terms (continued)

Willows are weak, yet they bind other wood.

transaction	trans ac'tion	the performance of any business.
installment	in stall'ment	a portion of a debt or sum of
		money which is divided into
		portions that are made payable
		at different times.
circulation	cir'cu la'tion	amount of distribution, a current
		medium of exchange.
management	man'age ment	administration, direction.

preferring	pre fer'ring	choosing, selecting.
preferred	pre ferred'	chosen, selected.
preferred stock	pre ferred' stock	stock which takes a dividend
		before other capital stock.
arrears	ar rears'	a balance which remains when
		a part has been paid.
journal	jour'nal	a book containing a debit and
		credit arrangement of busi-
		ness transactions.
journalizing	jour'nal iz ing	recording in a journal.
economist	ė con'o mist	one who manages domestic or
		other concerns with fru-
		gality, a student of eco-
		nomics.
premium	pre'mi um	a reward, money paid to under-
		writers for insurance.
maturity	ma tu'ri ty	full development, arrival of the
		time fixed for payment.
executor	ex ec'u tor	in law the person appointed
		by a testator to execute his
		will after his decease.
capital	cap'i tal	money, property, or stock em-
		ployed in trade, manufac-
	V	tures, etc., a sum invested
		or lent.
allowance	al low'ance	a sum granted as reimburse-
		ment, a share or portion
		allotted or granted.
reserve	re serve'	funds kept on hand to meet
		liabilities.
remitter	re mit'ter	one who makes a remittance.

sundries	sun'dries	many different or small things.
guaranty	guar'an ty	a contract whereby one person
		engages to be answerable for
		the debt or default of another
		person.
guarantee	guar'an tee'	to assure as a thing that may be
	1000	depended upon, to warrant.

General Business Terms (continued)

When we build, let us think that we build forever. - Ruskin.

i'tem ized	stated in items or by particulars.
trans fer'ring	conveying from one place or per-
	son to another.
trans ferred'	transported to another place or
	person, conveyed.
sol'ven cy	the state of being able to pay all
	debts.
con sign'or	one who consigns something to
	another.
con'sign ee'	the person to whom goods are
	consigned.
con sign'ment	the goods sent to a consignee at
	one time or by one conveyance.
o'ver due'	delayed beyond the proper time
1 00	of arrival or agreement.
prom'is so ry	containing a promise of something
	to be done or performed.
	trans fer'ring trans ferred' sol'ven cy con sign'or con'sign ee' con sign'ment o'ver due'

merchandise	mer'chan dise	wares, commodities.
withdrawal	with draw'al	retreat, retraction.
administrator	ad min'is tra'tor	one who administers affairs
		in connection with the es-
		tate of a person who dies
		intestate.
avoirdupois	av'oir du pois'	a standard of weight.
	(ăv'er du poiz')	
copartnership	co part'ner ship	a partnership or firm.
accommodation	ac com'mo da'tion	a loan of money, an adjust-
		ment of differences.
accountant	ac count'ant	one who renders accounts,
		one who is skilled in,
		keeps, or adjusts, accounts.
arbitrary	ar'bi tra ry	depending on will or discre-
		tion, not governed by
11 4		fixed rules.
collateral	col lat'er al	security for the performance
		of a contract other than
		the principal security.
liquidate	liq'ui date	to determine by agreement
		or by litigation the pre-
		cise amount of indebted-
	war that the second	ness to discharge.
defaulter	de fault'er	one who fails to perform a
1017		duty, particularly one
		who fails to account for
		public money intrusted
		to his care.
A		

General Business Terms (continued)

Ability never amounts to much until it acquires two more letters,—stability.

schedule	sched'ule	a catalogue, an inventory.
depositor	de pos'i tor	one who makes a deposit in a
	9 19 19	bank.
financier	fin'an cier'	one skilled in the management of
		money affairs.
mercantile	mer'can tile	pertaining to merchants or their
4		business, commercial.
defalcator	def'al ca'tor	an embezzler.
quarterly	quar'ter ly	by quarters.
warranty	war'rant y	a guaranty; to guarantee.
incorporate	in cor'po rate	to unite in one body, to assimilate.
infringement	in fringe'ment	a violation, an encroachment on a
21-1-1		patent or other special privilege.
mortgage	mort'gage	a conveyance of property to a cred-
	4 19X 1	itor for the security of a debt,
	:	which conveyance becomes void
		upon the payment of such debt.
mortgagee	mort'ga gee'	a person to whom a mortgage is
		given.
reimburse	re'im burse'	to pay back, to indemnify.
remittance	re mit'tance	the sum or thing remitted.
negotiable	ne go'ti a ble	transferable by indorsement to an-
affidavit	. 610 7 1 11	other person.
	af'fi da'vit	a sworn statement in writing.
explanatory	ex plan'a to ry	serving to explain.

embezzlement	em bez'zle ment	the fraudulent appropria-
		tion of property by a
	1	person to whom it has
		been intrusted.
speculator	spec'u la'tor	one who speculates, a
		theorist.
disfranchise	dis fran'chise	to dispossess of the rights
		of a citizen or of a par-
	•	ticular privilege.

disfranchisement dis fran'chise ment deprivation of privileges of citizenship or of chartered immunities.

LESSON 125

General Business Terms (continued)

Nothing can work me damage except myself; the harm that I sustain I carry about with me, and never am a real sufferer but by my own fault.

St. Bernard.

auxiliary	aux il'ia ry	a helper, an assistant.
personal	per'son al	peculiar or proper to pri-
		vate concerns, not pub-
		lic or general.
promoting	pro mot'ing	exalting in station, rank,
		or honor.
pro rata	pro ra'ta	in proportion, according
	,	to the share, interest, or
		liability of each.
receipt	re ceipt'	an acknowledgment of
-		money paid, a writing
		acknowledging the tak-
		ing or receiving of goods
		delivered.

recourse	re course'	access or application for
		aid, the right to enforce
		responsibility.
redemption	re demp'tion	performance of the obliga-
		tion stated in a note, bill,
		bond, or other evidence
1		of debt by making pay-
		ment to the holder.
register	reg'is ter	a written account or entry,
)= (=		a list or roll, a schedule.
signature	sig'na ture	the name of any person
		written with his own
		hand and employed to
		signify that the writing
		which precedes accords
		with his wishes or inten-
211 ma ma 4 mas		tions.
summary	sum'ma ry	brief, concise; an abridged
ronrogentativo	rep're sent'a tive	account, an abstract.
representative	representative	acting for another or others.
renewal	re new'al	act of renewing, state of
içilewai .	re new ar	being renewed.
receivable	re ceiv'a ble	capable of being received.
negotiate	ne go'ti ate	to treat respecting peace
208001400	10 80 01 000	or commerce, to trade.
debtor	debt'or	one who owes a debt.
certificate	cer tif'i cate	a written testimony to fact.
bill of lading	bill of lad'ing	a written account of goods.
acknowledgment		
	ac knowl'edgment	admission, recognition, con-

resources liabilities re sourc'es li'a bil'i ties pecuniary means, funds. the sum of one's pecuniary obligations.

LESSON 126

Review

To do, one must be doing.

ex pense'
ledg'er
sus pense'
cred'it or
for'gery
syn'di cate
in sol'ven cy

com mis'sion busi'ness cor'po ra'tion as'sign ee' in stall'ment ex ec'u tor prom'is so ry ac count'ant col lat'er al re'im burse' em bez'zle ment aux il'ia ry

li'a bil'i ties

LESSON 127

Lumber

To know what is useful and what useless, and to be skillful to provide the one and wise to scorn the other, is the first need for all industrious men.—Ruskin.

beveled	bev'eled
birch	birch
carved	carved
casing	cas'ing
cedar	ce'dar
chestnut	chest'nut
crossgrained	cross'grained
cypress	cy'press
flooring	floor'ing
grooved	grooved

hauling haul'ing hickory hick'o ry knot'ted knotted mahogany ma hog'a ny maple ma'ple planed planed pop'lar poplar shingles shin'gles veneering ve neer'ing wal'nut walnut

Insurance

To do nothing by halves is the way of noble minds. - WIELAND.

policy	pol'i cy	assignee	as'sign ee'
forfeiture	for'fei ture	dissolution	dis'so lu'tion
accumulation	ac cu'mu la'tion	equity	eq'ui ty
maintenance	main'te nance	endowment	en dow'ment
litigation	lit'i ga'tion	deposit	de pos'it
immunity	im mu'ni ty	beneficiary	ben'e fi'ci a ry
dividend	div'i dend	equitable	eq'ui ta ble
annuity	an nu'i ty	prudential	pru den'tial
fraudulent	fraud'u lent	mortuary	mor'tu a ry
appraisal	ap prais'al	contributory	con trib'u to ry

LESSON 129

Dry Goods

Far better it is to know everything of a little than a little of everything.

Pickering.

applique	ap'pli'que' (å'plë'kā')	cheviot	chev'i ot
Balbriggan	Bal brig'gan	chiffon	chif'fon (shĭf'fŏn)
brilliantine	bril'lian tine	corduroy	cor'du roy'
brocade	bro cade'	crépon	cré'pon (krē'pŏn)
cambric	cam'bric	crinoline	crin'o line
canvas	can'vas	damask	dam'ask

cashmere	cash'mere	delaine	de laine'
cassimere	cas'si mere	dimity	dim'i ty
chambray	cham'bray	gingham	ging'ham
chenille	che nille'	honiton	hon'i ton
	(shë nël')		

LESSON 130 (continued)

Dry Goods

To conquer inclination is difficult, but if habit, taking root, gradually associates itself with it, then it is unconquerable. — Goethe.

mackintosh	mack'in tosh	poplin	pop'lin
mercerized	mer'cer ized	remnant	rem'nant
mohair	mo'hair'	ruching	ruch'ing
mousseline de soie	mousse'line' de soie'	sateen	sat een'
	(moos'len' de swä')		
organdie	or'gan die	suede	suede
			(swād)
percale	per'cale'	surah	su'rah
percaline	per'ca'line'	taffeta	taf'fe ta
pique	pi'qué'	tarlatan	tar'la tan
	(pė'kā')		
pongee	pon gee'	veiling	veil'ing
valenciennes	va len'ci ennes'	velveteen	vel'vet een
	(vå lĕn'sĭ ĕnz')		

Groceries

'Tis not what man does which exalts him, but what man would do.

Browning.

			20110 11 11 11 11 11
allspice	all'spice'	celery	cel'er y
almond	alm'ond	cereals	ce're als
	(ä'mŭnd)		
ammonia	am mo'ni a	chocolate	choc'o late
apricot	ā'pri cot	chowchow	chow'chow'
banana	bả nä'nả	cinnamon	cin'na mon
beeswax	bees'wax'	cocoanut	co'coa nut'
beverage	bev'er age	confectionery	con fec'tion er y
borax	bo'rax	cranberries	cran'ber ries
caraway	car'a way	cucumber	cu'cum ber
catchup	catch'up	currants	cur'rants
catsup	cat'sup	1 7	

LESSON 132

Groceries (continued)

The best work never was nor ever will be done for money at all.

farinaceous	făr'ĭ nā'ceous	peppermint	pep'per mint
gelatin	gel'a tĭn	potatoes	po ta'toes
herring	her'ring	preserves	pre serves'
honey	hon'ey	pineapple	pine'ap'ple
indigo	in'di go	pumpkin	pump'kin
kerosene	ker'o sene'	salmon	salm'on
macaroni	mac'a ro'ni	sardines	sar'dines
molasses	mo las'ses	spaghetti	spa ghet'ti (spå' gĕt'tē)
naphtha	naph'tha (năf'thả)	tapioca	tap'i o'ca
paraffin	par'af fin'	vanilla	va nil'la

Hardware

To have ideas is to gather flowers; to think is to weave them into garlands. — MME. SWETCHINE.

auger	au'ger	corkscrew	cork'screw'
blower	blow'er	crowbar	crow'bar'
boiler	boil'er	emery	em'er y
calipers	cal'i pers	enamel	en am'el
cartridge	car'tridge	fillet	fil'let
caster	cast'er	forceps	for'ceps
casting	cast'ing	forging	for'ging
cement	ce ment'	galvanized	gal'va nized
chisel	chis'el	gimlet	gim'let
compass	com'pass	grindstone	grind'stone'

LESSON 134

Hardware (continued)

Do the duty which lies nearest to thee. Thy second duty will already have become clearer. — Carlyle.

hammer	ham'mer	revolver	re volv'er
jute	jute	rifle	ri'fle
lathe	lāthe	scroll saw	scroll saw
lever	lēv'er	shovel	shov'el
nickel	nick'el	solder	sol'der
			(sŏd'ẽr)
nippers	nip'pers	thermometer	ther mom'e ter
padlock	pad'lock'	trowel	trow'el
pincers	pin'cers	tubing	tub'ing
pliers	pli'ers	wrench	wrench
reamers	ream'ers	wringer	wring'er

Dictation Exercise

Selection from Webster's Bunker Hill Address

The Bunker Hill Monument is finished. Here it stands. Fortunate in the natural eminence on which it is placed, higher, infinitely higher, in its objects and purpose, - it rises over the land and over the sea; and visible, at their homes, to three hundred thousand of the people of Massachusetts, it stands a memorial of the last and a monitor to the present and all succeeding generations. I have spoken of the loftiness of its purpose. If it had been without any other design than the creation of a work of art, the granite of which it is composed would have slept in its native bed. It has a purpose; and that purpose gives it its character. That purpose enrobes it with dignity and moral grandeur. That well-known purpose it is which causes us to look up to it with a feeling of awe. It is itself the orator of this occasion. It is not from my lips, it could not be from any human lips, that that strain of eloquence is this day to flow, most competent to move and excite the vast multitudes around. The powerful speaker stands motionless before us. It is a plain shaft. It bears no inscriptions, fronting to the rising sun, from which the future antiquarian shall wipe the dust. Nor does the rising sun cause tones of music to issue from its summit. But at the rising of the sun and at the setting of the sun, - in the blaze of noonday and beneath the milder effulgence of lunar light, - it looks, it speaks, it acts, to the full comprehension of every American mind and the awakening of glowing enthusiasm in every American heart.

Drugs

Complaining never so loud, and with never so much reason, is of no use. — EMERSON.

acetic	a ce'tic	iodine	i'o dĭne
sulphur	sul'phur	laudanum	lau'da num
calomel	cal'o mel	quinine	quī'nīne
carbolic	car bol'ic	pepsin	pep'sin
alcohol	al'co hol	licorice	lic'o rice
boracie	bo rac'ic	caffeine	caf fe'ine
sarsaparilla	sar'sa pa ril'la	aconite	ac'o nite
caoutchouc	caout'chouc	ammonia	am mo'ni a
camphor	cam'phor	antiseptic	an'ti sep'tic
magnesia	mag ne'si a	vaseline	vas'e line

LESSON 137

Review

The first condition of education is being put to wholesome and useful work.—Ruskin.

cross'grained'	vel'vet een'	en am'el
ma hog'a ny	am mo'ni a	grind'stone
ben'e fi'ci a ry	co'coa nut'	ther mom'e ter
mor'tu a ry	mac'a ro'ni	wring'er
bril'lian tine	pep'per mint	al'co hol
cor'du roy'	va nil'la	lau'da num
or'gan die		an'ti sep'tic

Architecture

Thoughtlessness is precisely the chief public calamity of our day.

R	U	s	K	I	7

abutment	a but'ment	corridor	cor'ri dor
dovetail	dove'tail'	cornice	cor'nice
gargoyle	gar'goyle	parquetry	par'quet ry
girder	gird'er	colonnade	col'on nade'
newel	new'el	bas-relief	bas'-re lief'
coping	cop'ing	lacquered	lac'quered
buttress	but'tress	mosaic	mo sa'ic
trellis	trel'lis	nave	nave
peristyle	per'i style	caisson	cais'son
escutcheon	es cutch'eon	alcove	al'cove

LESSON 139

Medicine

The more we do, the more we can do; the more busy we are, the more leisure we have. — HAZLITT.

adenoid	ad'e noid	eczema	ec'ze ma
paralysis	pa ral'y sis	gangrene	gan'grene
narcotic	nar cot'ic	osseous	os'se ous
hemorrhage	hem'or rhage	paroxysm	par'ox ysm
peritonitis	per'i to nī'tis	diagnosis	di'ag no'sis
catarrhal	ca tarrh'al	capillary	cap'il la ry
astigmatism	as tig'ma tism	anæmia	a næ'mi a
epilepsy	ep'i lep'sy	laryngitis	lar'yn gi'tis
tuberculosis	tu ber'cu lo'sis	inoculation	in oc'u la'tion
febrile	fe'brile	ulceration	ul'cer a'tion

Transportation Terms

Time wasted is existence; used, is life. — Young.

anchorage	an'chor age	a place suitable for anchoring or
		where ships anchor, a hold for
		an anchor.
conveyance	con vey'ance	the vehicle in which, or by means
y 10		of which, anything is carried
0.0		from one place to another.
embarkation	em'bar ka'tion	the act of putting or going on board
A		a vessel.
emigration	em'i gra'tion	removal from one country or state
		to another for the purpose of
		residence.
exportation	ex'por ta'tion	the act of sending commodities to
1,4		another country in the course of
		commerce.
freight	freight	that with which anything is laden
r		for transportation, cargo.
harbor 5.	har'bor	a portion of a sea, lake, or other
		large body of water either
() I		landlocked or artificially pro-
		tected so as to be a place of
		safety for vessels in stormy
	M 1. 1000	weather.
haulage	haul'age	the act of hauling, the charge for
		hauling.

immigration	im'mi gra'tion	the coming into a country for
		the purpose of permanent resi-
		dence.
importation	im'por ta'tion	commodities or wares introduced
	-	into a country from abroad.
intercourse	in'ter course	intimate connection or dealings be-
		tween persons or nations (as in
		correspondence or trade).
launch	launch	to cause to slide from the land into
		the water, to set afloat.
navigation	nav'i ga'tion	nautical science or art, the science
		or art of ascertaining the posi-
		tion and directing the course of
		vessels, especially at sea, by as-
		tronomical observation and calcu-
		lation.
schedule	sched'ule	a formal list or inventory.
tariff	tar'iff	a scheme of duties imposed by the
		government of a country upon
		goods imported or exported.
tonnage	ton'nage	the weight of goods carried in a
		ship, the amount of weight which
		one or several vessels may carry,
		a duty or impost on vessels, esti-
		mated per ton.
traffic	traf'fic	interchange of goods and commod-
		ities, the business done upon a
		railway or steamboat line with
		reference to the number of

passengers or the amount of

freight carried.

transcontinental	trans con'ti nen'tal	extending	across	a conti-
		nent.		
transshipment	trans ship'ment	the act of	transfer	ring (as
		goods fr	rom one	ship or

goods from one ship or conveyance to another). wharf wharf a platform of timber or ma-

a platform of timber or masonry built on the shore of a harbor, river, or the like, and usually extending into deep water.

LESSON 141

Electrical Terms

The lightning has run masterless too long;
He must to school and learn his verb and noun
And teach his nimbleness to earn his wage.

EMERSON.

accumulator	ac cu'mu la'tor	an apparatus by means of
		which energy or power
		can be stored.
alternator	al'ter na'tor	an electric dynamo for produ-
		cing alternating currents.
ampere	am pere'	the practical unit of electric
	(ăm pār')	current.
armature	ar'ma ture	a piece of soft iron used to
		connect the two poles of a
		magnet.
circuit	cir'cuit	a continuous electrical com-
		munication between the
		two poles of a battery.

1	co her'er	a derice for detecting the area
coherer		a device for detecting the pres-
	(cō hēr' ēr)	ence of electric waves.
commutator	com'mu ta'tor	an apparatus used for reversing
		the direction of an electrical
	6	current.
condenser	con dens'er	an instrument for concentrat-
		ing electricity.
conductor	con duct'or	a substance capable of trans-
1		mitting electricity.
dynamo	dy'na mo	a machine producing electric-
чупашо	dy na mo	
1	1 11 1	ity.
electro-magnet	e lec'tro-mag'net	a mass, usually of soft iron,
		rendered temporarily mag-
		netic by a current of elec-
		tricity.
electrophorus	e'lec troph'o rus	an instrument for exciting
		electricity and repeating the
		charge indefinitely by in-
		duction.
electroscope	e lec'tro scope	an instrument for detecting
order order p	's	the presence of electricity.
galvanometer	gal'va nom'e ter	an instrument for determining
garvanometer	gar va nom c ter	the strength of an electric
		current.
	. ,	0 4121 4121
incandescence	in'can des'cence	the glowing or luminous white-
		ness of a body caused by
		intense heat.
induction	in duc'tion	that influence which one elec-
		trified body may have upon
		another body without direct
		contact.

insulator	in'su la'tor	a nonconductor.
microphone	mi'cro phone	an instrument for augmenting small
		sounds by means of an electrical
		current.
meter	me'ter	an instrument for measuring.
motor	mo'tor	a machine by means of which elec-
		tricity is made available for doing
		mechanical work.
ohm	ōhm	the standard unit of electrical resist-
		ance.
oxidation	ox'i da'tion	the state or result of being oxidized.
voltaic	vol tā'ic	pertaining to Alessandro Volta, who
		first devised an apparatus for
		developing electrical current by
		chemical action.
voltameter	vol tăm'e ter	an instrument for measuring the vol-
200		taic electricity passing through it.
volt	volt	the practical unit of electrical pres-
		sure.

Legal Terms

Laws were f	ormed for the we	elfare of citizens and the security of states.
		Cicero.
agency	a'gen cy	the relation between a principal and
		his agent.
annul	an nul'	to make void.
annulment	an nul'ment	invalidation.
assent	as sent'	act of agreeing to anything.

attorney	at tor'ney	a legal agent qualified to act for
1 _ 1		others in legal proceedings.
bailment	bail'ment	the delivery of personal property by
		one person to another in trust for
-	g rand	a specific purpose with a contract.
breach	breach	the breaking of a law or of any obli-
	dillera element	gation.
chattels	chat'tels	goods of any kind, every species of
	×	personal property.
chose	chose	personal property.
·#s	(shōz)	
collateral	col lat'er al	security for the performance of a
-		contract other than the principal
		security.
corporation	cor'po ra'tion	a body formed and authorized by law
		to act as a single person and en-
	P	dowed by law with the capacity of
		succession.
counterfeit	coun'ter feit	an imitation of something with a
		view to deceive by passing the
		false for the true.
covenant	cov'e nant	any promise in writing and under seal.
coverture	cov'er ture	the legal condition of a married
		woman.
creditor	cred'it or	one to whom money is due.
defense	de fense'	the defendant's answer or plea.
dissolution		the breaking up of a partnership.
divorce	di vorce'	the separation of a husband and wife
		by legal action.
dormant	dor'mant	not in action or exercise.
easement	ease'ment	the right to use another's land.

Legal Terms (continued)

Laws are the very bulwarks of liberty. They define every man's rights and stand between and defend the individual liberties of all.

J. G. HOLLAND.

executory	ex ec'u to ry	unfinished (of a contract).
feud	feūd	an estate in land held of a
		superior by service.
fief	fiēf	a feud.
forfeiture	for'fei ture	loss of some right, property, or
		office.
guaranty	guar'an ty	a promise to answer for the
		payment of some debt.
guarantee	guar'an tee'	to undertake to secure to an-
		other (as in the case of a
		contingency).
guardian	guard'i an	one who is entitled to the cus-
		tody of the person or property
		of a child under age.
illegal	il le'gal	not authorized by law.
incompetency	in com'pe ten cy	want of legal fitness, lack of
		necessary legal qualifications.
infancy	in'fan cy	the state of one under age.
injunction	in junc'tion	a writ granted by a court com-
	100	pelling a certain person to
		do or refrain from doing cer-
		tain acts.
insolvency	in sol'ven cy	the condition of a business when
	CO THE PARTY	liabilities exceed resources.

insurable	in sur'a ble	capable of being insured against loss.
insurance	in sur'ance	a contract whereby one party guaran-
		tees another against loss from cer-
		tain causes.
in transitu	in' tran'si tu	in transit, during passage.
judicial	ju di'cial	pertaining to courts of justice.
lease	lease	a contract by which one grants to
		another for a stated period the use
		of certain real estate.
legal	le'gal	authorized by law.
lessee	les see'	the person to whom a lease is given.
lien	liēn	a right one person has to control the
		property of another as security for
7		a debt or claim.

Legal Terms (continued)

Law is powerful, necessity more so. — Goethe.

	•	·
liquidate	liq'ui date	to pay an indebtedness.
merger	mer'ger	an absorption of one contract in another.
minor .	mi'nor	one under twenty-one years of age.
mortgage	mort'gage	a conveyance of property to a creditor
		for the security of a debt, which con-
		veyance becomes void upon payment
217		of the debt.
mortgagee	mort'ga gee'	the person to whom a mortgage is

mortgagee mort/ga gee' the person to whom a mortgage is given.

negotiable ne go'ti a ble transferable by delivery or by indorsement and delivery.

nominal nom'i nal existing in name only, not real.

ordinance	or'di nance	a rule or order of law (usually ap-
		plied to the acts or laws passed
		by the common council of a
		city).
parol	pa rol'	oral declaration.
pendency	pend'en cy	the state of being undecided or
pendency	pond on oj	in continuance.
TO OWNER WATE	non/in mr	in common law a willfully false
perjury	per'ju ry	statement in a fact material to
		the issue made by a witness
		under oath in a competent judi-
No.		cial proceeding.
precedent	prec'e dent	a judicial decision which serves
10-10-		as a rule for future determina-
		tions in similar cases.
principal	prin'ci pal	one who employs another to act
.*		for him, money at interest.
promisor	. prom'is or	one who undertakes or engages.
ratification	rat'i fi ca'tion	giving force to a contract made
		by the person in question but
		not now in force, confirmation.
realty	re'al ty	real property.
	re nun'ci a'tion	formal declination to take out let-
		ters of administration.
rescission	re scis'sion	the annulling of contracts by
		mutual consent.
reversion	re ver'sion	the returning of an estate to a
4	10 701 01011	grantor or his heirs.
revocation	rev'o ca'tion	the act by which one having the
20100WIOII	201 0 00 0001	right annuls an act done
		repeal.
		ropour.

Legal Terms (continued)

Laws are not masters but servants, and he rules them who obeys them.

Henry Ward Beecher.

salvage	sal'vage	property saved from loss at sea,
Ü		or compensation given for the
		service rendered in saving it.
scrip	scrip	certificate of stock.
seal	seal	an impression on a legal instru-
		ment attesting both genuine-
		ness and deliberation in
		execution.
specialty	spe'cial ty	a contract under seal.
statute	stat'ute	an act of the legislature.
statutory	stat'u to ry	enacted by statute.
subject-matter	sub'ject-mat'ter	the thing to be done or omitted
		in a contract.
sue	sue	to bring an action against.
suretyship	sure'ty ship	the obligation of a person to an-
		swer for the debt of another.
tenant	ten'ant	one to whom another has granted
		for a period the use of certain real estate.
title	ti'tle	evidence of a right to ownership
		of certain property.
tort	tôrt	any civil wrong or injury.
usury	u'su ry	illegal interest.
	(ū'zht rỹ)	

validity	va lid'i ty	legal strength, quality of being good in law.
vassal	vas'sal	one who holds land of a superior.
vendee	$vend \overline{e}e'$	the person to whom something is sold, a
		purchaser.
vendor	vend'or	a seller.
voidable	void'a ble	capable of being made void.
waiver	waiv'er	the abandonment of some right, the not
		insisting on a right, claim, or privilege.
warranty	war'rant y	an agreement to hold one's self respon-
		sible if a thing does not come out as
		represented.

Review

So soon as you feel confidence in yourself, you know the art of life.

es cutch'eon	im'mi gra'tion	for'fei ture
col'on nade'	sched'ule	les see'
cais'son	e lec'tro scope	mort'ga gee'
tu ber'cu lo'sis	in'can des'cence	re nun'ci a'tion
par'ox ysm	in'su la'tor	void'a ble
ul'cer a'tion	an nul'ment	war'rant y
em'i gra'tion	coun'ter feit	

APPENDIX

RULES FOR SPELLING

Words ending in e drop that letter before the termination able, as move, movable; unless ending in ce or ge, when it is retained, as change, changeable, manage, manageable, etc.

Words of one syllable ending in a consonant preceded by a single vowel double the consonant in derivatives, as ship, shipping, etc. But if ending in a consonant preceded by a double vowel, they do not double the consonant in derivatives, as troop, trooper.

Words of more than one syllable ending in a consonant preceded by a single vowel and accented on the last syllable, double that consonant in derivatives, as commit, committed; except chagrin, chagrined.

All words of one syllable ending in 1 preceded by a single vowel have double 1 at the close, as mill, sell, till.

All words of one syllable ending in 1 preceded by a double vowel have only one 1 at the close, as mail, sail.

The words foretell, distill, instill, fulfill retain the double 1 of their primitives.

Words of more than one syllable ending in 1 have only one 1 at the close, as delightful, faithful; unless the accent falls on the last syllable, as befall, befell, etc.

Adjectives ending in 1 double the final letter to form the adverb. Participles ending in ing, from verbs ending in e, lose the final e, as have, having, make, making; but verbs ending in ee retain both, as see, seeing. The word dye, however, must retain the e before ing.

All words ending in ly and nouns ending in ment retain the e final of their primitives, as brave, bravely, refine, refinement; except words ending in dge, as acknowledge, acknowledgment.

Nouns ending in y preceded by a vowel form their plurals by adding s, as money, moneys; but if y is preceded by a consonant, it is changed to i and es added for the plural, as bounty, bounties.

Derivative words whose primitives end in y change the y into i, as beauty, beautiful.

REVIEW WORK FOR SPECIAL DRILL

BUSINESS TERMS

Business makes men.

ab'stract (n. and a.)
ab stract/
ac cept/ance
ac com'mo da'tion
ac count/ant
ac knowl'edg ment
ad min'is tra'tor
ad vis'a ble
af'fi da'vit
al low/ance
an'a lyze
ar'bi tra ry
ar'ti cles
as'sign ee'
as sist/ant
au'dit
au'di tor
aux il'ia ry
bal'ance

bank'a ble
bo'nus
busi'ness
can'celed
cap'i tal
cart/age
cer tif'i cate
cer'ti fy
chat'tel
cir'cu la'tion
col lat'er al
com/merce
com mer'cial
com mis'sion
con'sign ee'
con sign/ment
con sign/or
co part/ner ship
cor'po ra'tion

cou/pon cred/it or cur/rent debt/or def'i cit de pos'i tor differ ence di rect/or dis/count/ dis'so lu/tion div'i dend draw eel due/bill' dun'ning ex change'a ble ex ec'u tor ex pense! ex plan'a to ry

ex ten/sion

fil'ing fi nan'cial fin'an cier' fis/cal for/ger y fran/chise guar'an tee! guar'an ty in'ci den'tal in'di vid'u al in sol'ven cy in stall/ment in'ven to ry is/sued i/tem ized jour/nal i zing lease li'a bil'i ties liq'ui date man'age ment man'a ger ma tu'ri ty

mort/gage mu'ti late out/lawed! o'ver draft' o'ver due! pay'a ble pay ee! per'son al pre ferred! prin'ci pal prin'ci ple prom'is so ry pro moting pro ra/ta pur/chase re bate! re ceipt' re ceiv/a ble re course! re demp'tion reg'is ter re mit/tance re mit/ter

re new/al rep're sent'a tive re serve! re sourcles sched/ule sig'na ture sol'ven cy stor/age sum/ma ry sun'dries sur/plus sus pense! syn'di cate tar/iff tic/kler trans ac'tion trans fer'ring trans'por ta'tion treas'ur y val'id vouch/er whole/sale/ with draw/al

COMMON WORDS FREQUENTLY MISSPELLED

To try things oft, and never to give over, doth wonders.—BACON.

ab bre'vi ate ab'er ra'tion ab'sence a cad'e my

mem'o ran/da

mer/chan dise

ac cede' ac ced'ing ac cept'a ble ac com'mo date ac com'mo da'tion ac com'pa ni ment ac com'pa ny ac'cu ra cy

a chieve! ac quaint/ance ad vis/a ble af'fi da/vit ag'gre gate al'ge bra al le'giance al though! al'to geth'er a mel'io rate an nounce/ment a non'y mous an tic'i pate anx/ious ap par'ent ar raign' ar tis/tic as cend! as sist! as sist/ance as sist/ant au'di ence aus pi'cious a void! bal loon! hat tallion he lieve! ben'e fi/cial be sie ger bi'cy cle buoy'ant busi/ness can/celed can/vas

can/vass car'i ca ture cat/a ract chap'er on cheer/ful chief cloth/ier cof/fee co'in cide! col lec'tion col'lege col li/sion com mis/sion com mu'ni ty com par'a tive com/pe tent com plete/ness com pli'ance con cede! con ceding con ces/sion con cilli ate con'nois seur! con/science con'sci en'tious con/scious con sist/ent con sol'i date con/sul con ta/gious con ven/ience con ven'ien cy con ven'ient con vert'i ble

co öp'er a'tion cor'po ra'tion coun/cil coun'sel de cease! de ceive! de fault/er de fi'cien cv de fi'cient deign de lin'quent de scrip'tion des/ert. de sir/ous des sert' de vel'op ment de vice! de vise! dic'tion a ry differ ence dis'ap pear' dis'ap point'ment dis burse! dis cern! dis ci'ple dis ease! di vis'i ble dye'ing dy'ing ec cle'si as'tic al e con/o mize

eight'i eth

el'i gi ble

em bar/rass

em bar/rass ment e mer'gen cy en large/ment en thu'si as'tic e nu/mer ate er ro/ne ous et'i quette' ex ceed! ex cres/cence ex hil'a rate ex ist/ence ex pend'i ture ex pe'ri ence ex trav'a gant fa mil'iar femli nine fic ti'tious for bear/ance for/ci ble fore bode! for/feit for/ti eth fraud/u lent friv/o lous fun'da men'tal hand/ful hand/ker chief hei/nous hol'i day hope'ful hop'ing i den'ti ty il leg'i ble il lit/er ate

il lu/sion im me'di ate ly in cip'i ent in com'pe tent in'con ceiv'a ble in'con sist'ent in'con ven'ience in cred/i ble in cur! in defli nite in'de pend'ent in'dis creet! in'dis pen'sa ble in dus'tri ous in el'i gi ble in/fer ence in'fin i tes!i mal in'flam maltion in gen'ious in still! in tel'li gi ble in'ter cede! in'ter ced'ing in'ter cept' in'ter fere! in'ter rupt' ir're spon'si ble judg/ment ju've nile li/cense litter a ture loose lose los'ing

man'age a ble man'u fac'ture mar/shal mar/tial max/i mum mem'o ran'dum mil/li ner mil'li ner v min/i mum mis'cel la/ne ous mis/chie vous mis spell' mort/gage mor/tise mu'ci lage nec'es sa rv ne ces'si ty niece o be'di ent oh lit/er ate ob'so lete oc calsion oc ca'sion al ly oc cur/rence o mit/ted om/ni bus op'er a'tor op po'nent os'cil late out ra/geous pan'to mime par'al lel par'a pher na'li a paritial

per ceive! per ceiv'ing per/me ate per'mit (n.) per mit' (v.) per/se cute per sist/ence per suade! per ver'si ty phy sique! pic'tur esque' pierce pin'na cle planned plan/ning pleas'ant plu/ral pos ses'sion pre cede! prec'e dent pre ced'ing pre ferred! prej'u dice prep'a ra'tion prev'a lence prin'ci pal prin'ci ple pro ceed! pro/ceeds proc'ess pu'er ile pur sue! pur su'ing qual'i fied

re bel'lious re cede! re ced'ing re ceipt! re ceive! re ceived! re ceiv/er re ceiv'ing rec'ol lect' rec'om mend! rec'om men da'tion re course! re cur/rent re fer'ring re gard' re mit/tance ren'dez vous re prieve! re source! re spect'a bly re spect'ful ly re spec'tive ly re splen'dent res/tau rant re trieve! re view! rhet'o ric rhyme rhythm sac'ri lege sac'ri le'gious sal'e ra/tus sanc/tion sci'en tif'ic

se cede! se ced'ing sec're ta ry seine seize sem'i co'lon sep'a rate set tee! shep/herd shrewd shriek siege sieve sim'i lar station a ry station er y sub sist/ence suc ceed! suc cess/ful su per'flu ous su'per in tend'ent su'per sede! sus pense! sus pi'cion sus/te nance syn'di cate syn on'y mous their thor/ough toller a ble trans mis'sion treas/ur er tu iltion

twelfth

un con'scious u til'i ties vil'lain yield

un nec'es sa ry val'iant void

STATES OF THE UNITED STATES WITH THEIR CAPITALS

A government may not waver; once it has chosen its course, it must, without looking to the right or left, thenceforth go forward. — BISMARCK.

Ala. Montgomery Alabama. Ariz. Phoenix A rizona Little Rock Arkansas Ark. California Calif. Sacramento Colorado Colo. Denver Connecticut Conn. Hartford Delaware Del. Dover Tallahassee Florida. Fla. Georgia Ga. Atlanta Tda. Boise Idaho (Boi'sa) Springfield Illinois T11. Indianapolis Indiana Ind : Des Moines Iowa. Ta. Kansas Kans. Topeka Kentucky Ky. Frankfort Louisiana. Baton Rouge La. (băt'ŭn roozh) Maine Me. Augusta Maryland Md. Annapolis Massachusetts Mass. Boston Lansing Michigan Mich. Minn. St. Paul Minnesota Mississippi Jackson Miss. Jefferson City Missouri Mo. Montana Mont. . Helena.

Alaska

Nebraska	Nebr.	Lincoln
Nevada	Nev.	Carson City
New Hampshire	N.H.	Concord
New Jersey	N.J.	Trenton
New Mexico	N.Mex.	Santa Fe
New York	N.Y.	Albany
North Carolina	N.C.	Raleigh
North Dakota	N.Dak.	Bismarck
Ohio		Columbus
Oklahoma	Okla.	Oklahoma City
Oregon	Ore.	Salem
Pennsylvania	Pa.	Harrisburg
Rhode Island	R.I.	Providence
South Carolina	S.C.	Columbia
South Dakota	S.Dak.	Pierre
Tennessee	Tenn.	Nashville
Texas	Tex.	Austin
Utah		Salt Lake City
Vermont	Vt.	Montpelier
Virginia	Va.	Richmond
Washington	Wash.	Olympia
West Virginia	W.Va.	Charleston
Wisconsin	Wis.	Madison
Wyoming	Wyo.	Cheyenne

TERRITORIES AND OTHER POSSESSIONS

Juneau

TEACHOTEC		•
Canal Zone		
District of Columbia	D.C.	
Guam		Agaña
Hawaii		Honolulu
Philippine Islands	P.I.	Manila

Porto Rico St. Thomas Tutuila P.R.

San Juan Charlotte Amalie Pago Pago

LEADING CITIES OF THE UNITED STATES

Cities force growth and make men talkative and entertaining, but they make them artificial. — EMERSON.

New York, N.Y. Chicago, Ill. Philadelphia, Pa. Detroit, Mich. Cleveland, Ohio St. Louis, Mo. Boston, Mass. Baltimore, Md. Pittsburgh, Pa. Los Angeles, Calif. San Francisco, Calif. Buffalo, N.Y. Milwaukee, Wis. Washington, D.C. Newark, N.J. Cincinnati, Ohio New Orleans, La. Minneapolis, Minn. Kansas City, Mo. Seattle, Wash. Indianapolis, Ind. Jersey City, N.J. Rochester, N.Y. Portland, Ore. Denver, Colo.

Toledo, Ohio Providence, R.I. Columbus, Ohio Louisville, Ky. St. Paul, Minn. Oakland, Calif. Akron, Ohio Atlanta, Ga. Omaha, Nebr. Worcester, Mass. Birmingham, Ala. Syracuse, N.Y. Richmond, Va. New Haven, Conn. Memphis, Tenn. San Antonio, Tex. Dallas, Tex. Dayton, Ohio Bridgeport, Conn. Houston, Tex. Hartford, Conn. Scranton, Pa. Grand Rapids, Mich. Paterson, N.J. Youngstown, Ohio

LEADING FOREIGN CITIES

Cities have always been the fireplaces of civilization whence light and heat radiated out into the dark, cold world. — Theodore Parker.

Europe

Vienna	Austria	Naples	Italy
Brussels	Belgium	Milan	"
Antwerp	"	Rome	"
Prague	Czechoslovakia	Amsterdam	Netherlands
Copenhagen	Denmark	Rotterdam	66
London	England	Christiania	Norway
Liverpool	"	Lisbon	Portugal
Manchester	"	Petrograd	Russia
Paris	France	Moscow	"
Marseilles	"	Glasgow	Scotland
Berlin	Germany	Edinburgh	"
Hamburg	"	Madrid	Spain
Munich	"	Barcelona	"
Leipzig	"	Stockholm	Sweden
Belfast	Ireland	Zurich	Switzerland
Dublin	"	Constantinople	Turkey

Asia

Canton	China	Bombay	British India
Peking	"	Madras	"
Tientsin	"	Tokyo	Japan
Calcutta	British India	Osaka	66

Africa

Cairo	Egypt	Alexandria	Egypt
-------	-------	------------	-------

ABBREVIATIONS

WEBSTER'S INTERNATIONAL DICTIONARY

Some abbreviations occur only in the middle of sentences, and are therefore always begun with a small letter; others, as those standing for titles, are always printed in capitals; and still others sometimes commence with a capital and sometimes with a small letter; but it is impossible to lay down rules that shall determine which is to be adopted in a given case.

When an abbreviation stands for a foreign word or phrase of which the English explanation is a translation, such word or phrase is given within marks of parenthesis immediately after the abbreviation.

A. or Am. or Amer. America, Ameri-	Apr. April
can	Arith. Arithmetic
A.B. Bachelor of Arts	Asst. Assistant
Abr. Abridged, Abridgment	Att. or Atty. Attorney
A.C. Before Christ	Aug August
Acc. or Acct. Account	Av. Average
Acct. Cur. Account Current	Av. or Ave. Avenue
Acct. Sales. Account of Sales	Avoir. Avoirdupois
A.D. In the year of our Lord	B.A. Bachelor of Arts; British
Adv. or adv. Adverb; Advertisement	America
Adj. or adj. Adjective	Bal. Balance
Æ. or Æt. Of age	B.B. Bill Book
Af. or Afr. Africa, African	bbl. Barrel
Agr. or Agric. Agriculture, Agricul-	B.C. Before Christ; British
tural	Columbia
Agt. Agent	bdl. Bundle
A.M. Before noon; Master of	B.I. British India
Arts	Bk. Bank
Amt. Amount	Bkts. Baskets
AngSax. Anglo-Saxon	B.L. or B.LL. Bachelor of Laws
Anon. Anonymous	B.O. Buyer's Option
Ans. or ans. Answer	Brit. Britain, British
App. Appendix	Bro. Brother

hu hua a	hugh Dughal	773	E-st. E-slick
Cal.	r bush. Bushel Calendar	E.	East; English Each
		ea.	
Cap. or cap.	-	Econ.	Economy
Capt.	Captain Cashier	Ed. or ed.	Editor, Edition
Cash.		- , -	i gratia). For example
Cat.	Catalogue	E.I.	East Indies; East India
C.B.	Cash Book	E.Lon.	East Longitude
Cent., Ct.,	or ct. A hundred, or Cen-	E.N.E.	East-North-East
	tigrade	Eng.	England, English
Cf. or cf.	Compare	Eq. or eq.	Equal
cml.	Commercial	E.S.E.	East-South-East
Co.	Company; County	- ' - '	r espec. Especially
C.O.D.	Cash (or Collect) on De-	Esq.	Esquire
	livery	,	or aliae). And others
Col.	Colonel	Etc., etc., or	r &c. (et cetera). And so
Coll.	Collection, Collector		forth
	loq. Colloquial	Ex.	Example; Express
	a). Against; In opposition	Exch.	Exchange
	. Conjunction	E. & O.E.	Errors and omissions ex-
Cor. Sec.	Corresponding Secretary		cepted
Cr.	Credit, Creditor	, ,	or fem. Feminine
Cts. or cts.		F. or Fahr.	
	. Hundredweight	Feb.	February
D. or d.	A penny, or Pence	Fig. or fig.	
D.D.	Doctor of Divinity		tive, Figuratively
Dec.	December	Fir. or fir.	Firkin
Deft., deft.,	Dft., or dft. Defendant	Fo., fo., Fol	., or fol. Folio
Dem.	Democratic Democratic	F.O.B. or f.	o.b. Free on board
Dept.	Department	Fr.	France, French
Dict.	Dictionary	Fri.	Friday
Dis. or Disct	. Discount	Ft. or ft.	Foot, Feet
Dist.	District	Fur. or fur.	Furlong
D.L.O.	Dead Letter Office	Fut. or fut.	Future
Do. or do. (Ditto). The same	g.	Gram
Doz. or doz.	Dozen	Gal. or gal.	•
Dr.	Debtor; Doctor	G.A.R.	Grand Army of the Re-
Dr. or dr.	Dram		public
D.V. (Deo	volente). God willing	G.B.	Great Britain
Dwt. ordwt.	Pennyweight, Penny-	Gen. or gen.	General; Genesis; Gene
	weights		erally

Gent.	Gentleman	Interj. or interj. Interjection	
Gov.	Governor	in trans. (in transitu). On the passage	
	General Post Office	Inv.	Inventory; Invoice
Gr.	Greece, Greek	Ir.	Ireland, Irish
Gr. or gr.	Grain, Grains	Is., Isl., or is	sl. Island
Gro. or gro.	Gross	It. or Ital.	Italian, Italic, Italy
G.T.	Good Templars	Itin.	Itinerary
Hab. corp. (h	abeas corpus). You may	J.	Journal; Judge, Justice;
	have the body		Julius
H.B.M.	His (or Her) Britannic	Jan.	January
•	Majesty	J.P.	Justice of the Peace
H.C.	House of Commons	Jr. or jr.	Junior
Hdkf. or hdk	f. Handkerchief	L., Lb., lb.,	or lb. A pound in weight
Hhd. or hhd.	Hogshead, Hogsheads		A pound sterling
H.I.H.	His (or Her) Imperial	Lat.	Latin; Latitude
	Highness	L.B.	Letter Book
Hist.	History, Historical	l.c.	Lower case; In the place
H.L.	House of Lords		before cited
H.M.	His (or Her) Majesty	L.C.M.	Least Common Multiple
Hon.	Honorable		. Legislature, Legislative
Hort.	Horticulture, Horticul-	Lib.	Librarian, Library
	tural	Lieut. or Lt.	Lieutenant
H.P.	Horse Power	Lit.	Literature, Literary
H.R.	House of Representa-	Lit.D. or Litt	D. Doctor of Literature
	tives		Bachelor of Laws
H.R.H.	His (or Her) Royal High-	LL.D.	Doctor of Laws
	ness	Lon., lon.,	Long., or long. Longi-
Hund. or hur	d. Hundred, Hundreds		tude
Ib., ib., Ibid	d., or ibid. (Ibidem). In	L.S. (Locus	Sigilli). Place of the Seal
	the same place	M.	Monsieur; Thousand;
I.B.	Invoice Book		Meridian, or Noon
Id. or id. (Id	em). The same	M., m., Mas	., mas., Masc., or masc.
I.e. or i.e. (I	d est). That is		Masculine
In. or in.	Inch, Inches	M.A.	Master of Arts
incog. (incog	nito). Unknown	Mad. or Mad	m. Madam
Inf. or inf.	Infinitive	Maj.	Major
	Insurance	Maj. Gen.	Major General
inst.	Instant (the present	Manuf. or M	fg. Manufacturing
	month)	Mar. or Mch	March
Int. or int.	Interest	Math.	Mathematics

	The second secon		
M.C	Member of Congress	O.K.	All correct
M.D.	Doctor of Medicine	Orig. or orig.	Original, Originally
Mdse.	Merchandise	Oz. or oz.	Ounce, Ounces
Mem.	Memorandum, Memo-	P. or p.	Page; Participle; Past;
	randa	8	Penny
Messrs.	Gentlemen, Sirs	Payt. or pay	t. Payment
Meth.	Methodist		Piece
Min. or min.	Minute	pcs.	Pieces
Mlle.	Mademoiselle	Pd.	Paid
Mme.	Madame	P.E.I.	Prince Edward Island
Mo. or mo.	Month	Per cent or p	er cent (Per centum). By
M.O.D.	Mail Order Department		the hundred
Mon. or Mon	nd. Monday	Phar. or Pha	rm. Pharmacy
M.P.	Member of Parliament	Ph.D.	Doctor of Philosophy
Mr.	Mister	Pk. or pk.	Peck
Mrs.	Mistress	Pkgs.	Packages
MS.	Manuscript	P.M.	Postmaster; Afternoon
MSS.	Manuscripts	P.O.	Post Office; Province of
Mt.	Mount, Mountain		Ontario
N.	Noon; North	P.O.D.	Post-Office Department;
N.A.	North America		Pay on delivery
Nat.	Natural	pp.	Pages
N.B. (Nota	bene). Note well, Take	p.p.	Past participle
·	notice	p.pr.	Present participle
N.E.	North-East; New Eng-	P.Q.	Province of Quebec
	land	Pref. or pref.	Prefix; Preface
N.F.	Newfoundland	Prep. or prep.	
N.L. or N.L.	at. North Latitude	Pres.	President
N.Mex.	New Mexico	Pres. or pres.	Present
N.N.E.	North-North-East	Prin.	
N.N.W.	North-North-West	prin.	Principal, Principally
No. or no.	Number	Prof.	Professor
Nos. or nos.	Numbers	Pron.	Pronoun
Nov.	November	Pro tem. or	pro tem. (Pro tempore).
N.P.	Notary Public		For the time being
N.S.	Nova Scotia	Prox. or pro	x. (Proximo). Next; Of
Obj. or obj.	Objective; Objection		the next month
Obs. or obs.		Prus.	Prussia, Prussian
Oct.	October		riptum). Postscript
O.F.	Odd Fellows	,	Pint; Part; Port; Point
			,,,

Pwt. or pwt. Pennyweight	Sec. or sec.	Second; Section
Q., Ques., or Qu. Question	Sect. or sect.	Section
Q.e. or q.e. (Quod est). Which is	Sen.	, ,
Q.E.D. (Quod erat demonstrandum).	Sep. or Sept.	September
Which was to be dem-	Serg. or Serj.	Sergeant, Serjeant
onstrated	Sing. or sing.	Singular .
Qr. or qr. Quire; Quarter	S.Lat. or S.I	L. South Latitude
Qt. or qt. Quart; Quantity	S.O. or s.o.	Seller's option
Qu., Quar., or Quart. Quarterly	Sp.	Spain, Spanish
Qu., Qy. Query	Sp. gr.	Specific gravity
R. or Ry. Railway	Sq. ft. or sq.	ft. Square foot or feet
Rad. or rad. Root; Radical	Sr.	Senior
Recd. Received	S.S.E.	South-South-East
Rec. Sec. or R.S. Recording Secretary	S.S.W.	South-South-West
Reg. or Regr. Register, Registrar	.St.	Saint; Street; Strait
Rep. Representative; Repub-	Subj. or sub	j. Subjunctive
lic; Report		or S. Sunday
Retd. Returned	Supt.	Superintendent
Rev. or Revd. Reverend	Surg.	Surgeon, Surgery
Rev. Ver. or R.V. Revised Version	s.w.	South-West, South-West-
Rhet. Rhetoric, Rhetorical		ern
R.R. Railroad	Syn. or syn.	Synonym, Synonymous
R.S.V.P. (Répondez, s'il vous plaît).	Ter.	Territory
Answer, if you please	Thurs.	Thursday
Russ. Russia, Russian	Tp.	Township
S. South, Southern; Sign;	Tr.	Translation, Translator;
Signor		Transpose; Treasurer;
S. or s. Second; Shilling		Trustee
S. or Sab. Sabbath	Trans.	Transactions; Transla-
S.A. South America; South		tion, Translator
Africa; South Austra-	Tu. or Tues.	Tuesday
lia	Turk.	Turkey, Turkish
Sat. Saturday	U.K.	United Kingdom
S.B. Sales Book	Ult. or ult. (1	Ultimo). Last; Of the last
Sc. or sc. (Scilicet). To wit; Namely	`	month
Sci. Science	Univ.	University
Script. Scripture, Scriptural	u.s. (ut supr	a). As above
S.E. South-East; South-East-	U.S.	United States
ern	U.S.A.	United States of America;
Sec. Secretary	81	United States Army

U.S.M.	United States Mail;	Vol. or vol.
	United States Marine	v.t.
U.S.N.	United States Navy	W.
U.S.S.	United States Senate	W., w., Wk.
U.S.V.	United States Volunteers	Wed. or W.
V. or v.	Verb; Volume; (Vide)	W.I.
	See	W.Long.
V., v., Vs.,	or vs. (Versus). Against	W.N.W.
Ver. or ver.	Verse, Verses	Wt. or wt.
v.i.	Verb intransitive	Xm. or Xmas

Vid. or vid. (Vide). See Village Vil.

v. irr. Verb irregular

Viz. or viz. (Videlicit). Namely; To wit

Vice Pres. or V.P. Vice President

Volume

Verb transitive West, Western , or wk. Week

Wednesday

West India; West Indies

West Longitude West-North-West

Weight Christmas

Y. or Yr. Year Yd. or yd. Yard Zn. Zinc

Zoölogy, Zoölogical Zoöl.

NAMES OF MEN

Aar'on	Al'vin	Ben'ja min	Dan'i el
A'bel .	A'mos	(Benj.)	Don'ald
Ab'ner	An'drew	Ber'tram	Dun'can
A'bra ham	An'tho ny	Cæ'sar	Eb'en
Ad'am	Ar/chi bald	Ca'leb	Eb'en e'zer
A dolph'	Ar'te mas	Cal'vin	Ed'gar
A dol'phus	Ar'thur	Ce'cil	Ed'mund
Ad'o ni'ram	A'sa	Ce'phas	(Edm.)
Al'bert	Au'brey	Charles	Ed'ward
Al'ex an'der	Au gus'tus	(Chas.)	(Edw.)
(Alex.)	Aus'tin	Chris'to pher	Ed'win
Al'fred	Bald/win	Clar'ence	Eg'bert
(Alf.)	Bar'na by	Claude	El'mer
Al'ger non	Bar/nard	Clem'ent	E ne'as
A lon'zo	Ber'nard	Con'rad	E'noch
Al'phe us	Bar thol'o mew	Cor ne'li us	E'phra im
Al phon'so	Bas'il	Cuth/bert	Er/nest
Al'vah	Ben'e dict	Cy/rus	E'sau

E'than	I'saac
Eu/gene	Ja/cob
Ez'ra	James
Fer'di nand	(Jas.)
Fran'cis	Jas'per
Fred'er ic	Je rome!
(Fred.)	Jes'se
Fred'er ick	Jo'el
(Fred.)	John
Ga ma'li el	Jon'a than
Geof'frey	Jo'seph
George	(Jos.)
(Geo.)	Josh'u a
Ger'ald	Jo si'ah
Gil'bert	Ju'li an
God'dard	Ken'neth
God'frey	Lam'bert
Greg'o ry	Lau'rence
Gus ta'vus	Law'rence
Har'old	Le an'der
Hen'ry	Lem'u el
Her'bert	Leon'ard
Her'man	Le'o pold
Hez'e ki'ah	Lew'is
Hi'ram	Lou'is
Hor/ace	Li'o nel
Ho ra'ti o	Lu'ci us
How'ell	Lu'ther
Hu'bert	Mar cel'lus
Hugh	Mar'cus

Mar'tin
Mat'thew
Mau'rice
Mer'e dith
Mi'cha el
Na po'le on
Na'than
Na than'a el
Na than'i el
Nich'o las
Nic'o las
Nor'man
Ol'i ver
Os/car
Ow'en
Pat'rick
Phil'ip
(Phil.)
Ran'dal
Raph'a el
Ray'mond
Ray'mund
Reg'i nald
Reu'ben
Rich'ard
(Rich.)
Rob'ert
(Robt.)
Rog'er
Ru'dolph

Ru/fus Ru/pert Samp'son Sam'son Sam'u el (Sam.) Si'las Sil va'nus Sil ves'ter Syl ves'ter Si/mon Sol'o mon Ste'phen Thad'de us The'o dore (Theo.) Thom'as (Tho., Thos.) Tim'o thy (Tim.) Ti'tus U lys'ses U ri'ah U'ri el Val'en tine Vic'tor Vin/cent Wal'ter Wil'liam Win'fred Ze'nas

NAMES OF WOMEN

Ab'i gail Cath'a rine Em'i ly Is/a bel Cathler ine Is'a bel'la Alda (Em.) Adla line Ce cil'i a Em/ma Jane Ad'e line Cec'i ly (Em.) Ja net! Ad'e laide Char'lotte Es'ther Jean Ad'e li'na Clarla. Eth/el Jeanne Ag'a tha Clar'i bel Eu do/ra Jean nettel Eu ge'ni a Ag/nes Clar'ice Jes/sie Al ber/ta Cla ris/sa Eu/nice Jo an' Al'ex an'dra Con'stance E'va Jo an'na Al'ex an dri/na. Co'ra E van'ge line Jo han/na Allice. Cor de'li a Flo/ra Jo'seph ine Al/ma. Cor nelli a Flor/ence Ju'dith Al mi/ra Cyn'thi a Fran/ces Ju'li a A man/da Deblo rah Fred'er i'ca Ju'li an'a A melli a Dor/cas Geor'gi an'a Ju'li et Kath/a rine A/my Dor'o the'a Geor gi'na Ann Dor'o thy Ger/al dine Kath/er ine An/na E/dith Ger/trude Lau'ra Anne Ed/na Grace Le o no/ra Au gus'ta El'e a nor Han'nah Le ti'ti a Au re/li a Elli nor Har/ri et. Lilli an Bar/ba ra Lil'ly E lis/a beth Hel'en Bela trice E liz'a beth Helle na Lolis. Bela trix (Eliz.) Hen'ri et'ta Lou i/sa. Ber/tha El'la Hes'ter Lou ise! Blanch El/len Hul/dah Lulci a Lu cin'da Blanche El vi/ra I/da Carlo line Em/e line I/nez Lu/cv I rene! Cas san'dra Em/me line Lyd' i a

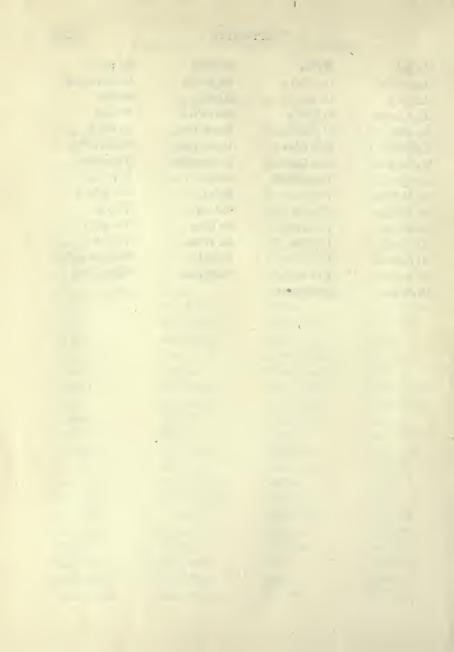
APPENDIX

Ma/bel
Mar cel/la
Mar/ci a
Mar/ga ret
Ma ri/a
Mar/i on
Mar/tha
Ma/ry
Ma thil/da
Ma til/da
Me lis/sa
Mil/dred
Mi ner/va
Mi ran/da
Mir/i am

My'ra
Oc ta'vi a
Ol'ive
Oliv'i a
O phe'li a
Pau li'na
Pau line'
Pe nel'o pe
Phe'be
Phi lip'pa
Phil'lis
Phyl'lis
Pris cil'la
Pru'dence

Ra'chel
Re bec'ca
Rho'da
Ro sa'li a
Ros'a lie
Ros'a lind
Ros'a mond
Ruth
Sa'ra
Sa'rah
Se li'na
Se re'na
Sib'yl
Si byl'la

So phi'a
So phro'ni a
Stel'la
Su'san
Syl'vi a
The'o do'ra
The re'sa
U ra'ni a
Vic to'ri a
Vi'o la
Vir gin'i a
Viv'i an
Wil'hel mi'na
Win'i fred











961628

THE UNIVERSITY OF CALIFORNIA LIBRARY

