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\text { TRSH } 1798 \text { COLLEETION }
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\text { Page } 161
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## PRANCERIANA.

A SELECT COLLECTION 0 F FUGITIVE PIECES, PUBLISHED SINCE THE A P P OINTMENT ofthe PRESENT PROVOST OF The UNIVERSITY of DUBLIN.
Noxia mille modis lacerabitur umbra; tuafque A. 1 acus in penas ingeniofus erit.
In te tranfcribet veterum tormenta reorum;
Manibus antiquis caufa quietis eris. Ovid.

> D U L I N: MDCCLXXV.
( P \& ICE, fewed 28.8d. h.)

## PR 8835 <br> - N3 <br> $1775 x$

## I, $\mathrm{R} \quad \mathrm{R} \quad \mathrm{A}$ T $\Lambda$.

P. 141.19 for unveiled read unnoticed.

62 1. 26 aiter posw'r put a full Stop.
1301.17 for troth read Truth.
1581.23 for time read Term.
1601.15 for ge'mman read Ge'mmen.
2011.23 for fings read rings.

204 I. 2 for ultera nofira read altere
ib. 1. 3 for aura read ora. [ng/ira.
232 1. 3 for courts read Courfe.

TO THE RIGHT HON.

# $\mathrm{J}-\mathrm{NH} \longrightarrow \mathrm{H} \mathbf{H} \longrightarrow \mathrm{N}$, DOCTOR OF LAWS, 

P. T. C.
/ LATE MAJOR IN THE FOURTH REGIMENT OF HORSE;

REPRESENTATIVE in the LATE AMD PRESENT PARLIAMENT OF THE CITY OF CORKE;

ONE OF HIS MAJESTY'S COUNCILAT LAW; REVERSIONARY REMEMBRANCER OF THE EXCHEQUER;

REVERSIONARY SECRETARY OF STATE; ONE OF HIS MAJESTY'S MOST HONOURABLE PRIVY COUNCIL;

AND SEARCHER, PACKER, AND GAUGER OF THE PORT OF STRANGFORD.
my deaz friend and countryman,
THAVE fo often told you how much I admired the verfatility of your genius and the multiplicity of your purfuits, that it is un-
neceffary for me to trouble you, in the ufual ftyle of dedications, with a fulfome eulogium on your character.-Even Envy, when fhe reads the motley lift at the head of this dedication, mult own that Harlequin or ProteUs never underwent fo many metamorphofes as you have done.-Having thus, therefore, immortalized your literary, fenatorial, forenfick, military, and commercial abilities, by erecting to your glory a pillar more durable than brafs, decorated with a fhort but Jignificant infcription, I fhall proceed at once to that bufinefs which is the occafion of my thus publickly addreffing you.

As we have had fo greatly the advantage in the late literary contefts in the univerfity over which you now fo worthily prefide, I thought I could not do a more acceptable fervice both to you and to the great fociety to which I belong, than to collect into one view the fugitive pieces that have iffued from the prefs, fince you did us the honour to come among as. We fhall damn our adverfaries to

## DEDICATION.

everlafting fame, by thus perpetuating their wretched productions.

With refpect to myfelf I fcorn to fteal a wreath from any man's brow in order to adorn my own; and therefore beg leave to inform the publick that I am not anfwerable for any of the pieces in this collection, except thofe figned with my own name or that of Eusebius. It is quite unneceffary to tell them that all thofe with the fignature of Moderator, and The Account of the new Collegiate Regulations, are yours. Your ftyle is marked by fuch particularities, fo diftinguifhed by certain graces beyond the reach of art, that every frefbman is now perfectly acquainted with it.-I have taken care to print my famous $d_{i}$ lemma in capitals, as it is the great bulwark of our caufe, and as you have been fo kind as to fay (pardon my pleafantry) that it is the moft capital piece of dialecticks that has appeared fince the celebrated dilemma of Protagoras, recorded by Aulus Gellius.

## vi <br> DEDICATION.

It gives me inexpreffible pleafure to think that we fhall thus go down together to pofterity, and to have this opportunity of affuring you that I am, Excellent Sir !

The humbleft, and moit
Oblequious of your vaffals,

## NA'THAN BEN SADDI.

C O N-

## C O N T E N T S.

No. 1. TO the Fellows and Scholars of the univerfity of Dublin.
2. A congratulatory addrefs to the Provoft, figned Juvenis, by order of the whole body.
3. Moderator to the Publick-He vindicates his conduct.
4. Verax to the Publick, in anfiver to the foregoing Addrefs.
5. A Friend to independence-States the conduct and arguments of Dr. Dilemma.
6. Eusebius to the Printer of the Freeman's Journal-Vindicates his friend Dr. Dilemma.
7. Stultifex to Eusebius-Criticifm on that writer.
8. AFather-to the Rev. W. H. - On the duty of a College Tutor.
9. The fame fubject continued.
10. Philodidactor-to the fcholars of the houfe-States the conduct of the Provoft, and his agents, with refpect to the approaching general election.
11. Frore

No. 11. From the fame to the fame.
12. The fame fubject continued.
13. Nathan Ben Saddi to the Printer of the Hibernian Journal-Confefles him. felf agent to the Provoft-Vindicates his own conduct.
14. A Scholar of the Houfe to the Rev. Mr. Torrens-Warns him not to forfeit the efteem of the Scholars, by fupporting Black Pbil at the enfuing election.
15. Heroick Epistle from Biddy Fitzpatrick to William Doyle, Efq;
16. Charidemus to Hipparcuus -on his general character and late promotion.
17. The Vote-Trap; or, a new art of electioneering-Dialugue between $P_{\text {ran }}$ cero and Dr. Pomposo-New rules for (peaking in parliament-Epigram on dancing being permitted in the College.
18. Moderator's fecond addrefs to the Publick.
19. Anti-Moderator's remarks on the foregoing addrefs.
20. Moderator's third addrefs to the Publick.
21. Moderator-to his refpectable conftituents in the City of Corke.
22. From the fame to the fame.
23. The

No. 23. The eleventh ode of the fecond book of Horace imitated-to Sir John Blaquiere.
24. Charidemus to Hipparchus - Recommends moderation, and a lefs direct attack on the rights of his people.
25. Annus Mirabilis-The prize poem for 1775.
26. The Provofl's Account of the regulations made fince his appointment.
27. Stultifex Academicus- to the Students of the University-Criticifm on the foregoing Account.
28. Old Slyboots to the Printer of the Hibernian Journal. The fame fubject continued.
29. Hiftory of Mrs. College.
30. Martinus Scholasticus to the Printer of the Hibernian JournalVindicates the Provofi's Account of his regulations.
31. Charidemus to Hipparchus-on du-elling-When excufeable-Indefenfible in the governor of a learned city.
32. Mc Breagher's Decree.
33. Charidemus to Hipparchus.-Review of his conduct.

## C O N T E N T S.

No. 34. From the fame to the fame. Exhorts the electors of the College to unanimity and firmnefs. - Account of an outrage committed on a popular Printer.
35. Charidemus to the Citizens of Dub-LIN-Exhorts them to fhew a proper refentment at the outrage offered to the whole body, in the perfon of one of their fellow citizens.
36. Charidemus to Verres-Hiftory of the outrage offered to Mr. Mills-Conduct of Hipparchus with refpect to it.
37. Familiar Epistle from G-E$\mathrm{H} \longrightarrow$, Efq; to the right hon. J-$\mathrm{H}-\mathrm{H}-$
38. Fragments of the memoirs of Mrs. College.

## PRANCERIANA.


No. 1. Saturday, September 3, 1774.
Quos tibi Fortuna ludos facis? Facis enim ex profefforibus Senatores, ex Senatoribus profeflores.

Plin. EPist.

TO THE FELLOWS AND SCHOLARS OF TRINITYCOLLEGE.

* F the motives which might draw you afide from your duty were extremely forcible, if there were no eyes upon your conduct except your own, if the truft repofed in you were lefs facred, if your refentment had been awakened by a flighter indignity than that which you have fo lately fuffered, I fhould fill expect that you would act as B
flould
* It is obfervable that the late Dr. Andrews was the firf inftance of the Provoft of the Univerfity of Dublin obtaining a Yeat in the Houfe of Commons, as Mr. Hutchinfon is the firit example of a member of parliament being appointed Provoft of that Univerfity. - But we find from Juvenal as well as Pliny, that there is nothing new under the fun.

Si Fortuna volet, fies de rbetore corfal,
Si volet bace eadem, fies de confule rketor.
fould become you. You will foon be called upon to decide whether a man, with whom a connection or an intimacy would lately have been a condemnation, has become, by any change of circumftance, a fit perfon to nominate your reprefentatives. If your alma mater has derived any advantage or dignity from his appointment, if his own publick conduct will juftify your credulity in thofe whom he may recommend, you will reward his difinterefted attention to your concerns, you will thew every refpect to the choice of a chief governor, to whom nothing has appeared fo important as the education of the youth of Ireland. But if your fociety has been confpicuoufly infulted; if the flighteft minifterial arrangement has been preferred to your honour, to your interefts, and to the virtues of polterity ; if your right of returning members to parliament has been amonglt the foremof inducements to this outrage againtt your privileges ; will it be very fanguine in this nation to expect that jou wiil not be acceffary to the ruin of Jrifh literature, that you will not enfure future injuries to your fociety by a gratitude for the paft? A government borongh fo readily corrupted, will never be intrufted to any but the moft confidential hanc's. The motives to fuch a corruption are almof beneath computation. Who are fo independent as the fellows: The fcholars of the houle neither owe their appointments to Mr. Hutchinfon's partiality, nor hold them by his favour. To a tranfgreffing indidividual his feverity may be formidable; againft your united indignation, his malice would be im-
potent. What then are thofe powers by which he is to corrupt the young, and to frighten the inde. pendent? Powers of injuring, which women would defpife; powers of rewarding, by which a Cornifh borough would not be corrupted. Without any connection except that of the undoer with the undone, Mr. Hutchinfon expects to dictate to you, where the conftitution has made you free. Two months ago, a political recantation would hardly have procured him toleration amongft you. You are now to confider how a new crime can recommend him.

If, contrary to the juft expectations of the public, to gratitude, and to the truft repofed in you, you fhould betray the interefts of that fuciety which fupports you, be not ignorant that all other infamy would be obliterated by yours. Not the miferable mechanick who throws away that conftitution which he knows not how to eftimate, not the poor, the ignorant, the flattered, or the deceived elector, but the learned, the independent, the young, the injured will monopolize the publick in-dignation-men will then fay, it is not Harcourt, it is not Hutchinfon that has undone our univerfity -but its own guardians-Not the general who corrupts the garrifon but the foldier who betrays it, is the moft infamou's of men. - Lord Harcourt gave them but one Hutchinfon; all his fucceflors who fhall refemble him are appointed-by the fervility of Trinity College. That flight eftimation in which he held them, and in which he was not miftaken,
sather does credit to his capacity-For it is certain, that very few at that time, knew them fo well. Rather let every father return him thanks for having made known the true character of our Univerfity. The body, which in fuch circumftances, could reject an HuSey, never can produce another *.

No. 2. Wedne/day, November 16, 1774.

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Lateque victrices caterve
Confliis Juvenis revicta
Senjere quid mens rite, quid indoles Nutrita fauflis fub penetralibus Poljet.

Hor.
An Address to the Rigbt Honosred and nof learned John Hely Hutchinson, Efq; Prougft of the College of the Holy and Undirtided Trinity, near Dublin.

WE your Provofthip's mof dutiful and loyal pupils, the Itudents of Trinity Coilege, Dublin, do molt humbly prefume to approach your prefence, and congratulate you on your elevation to the ftation of Provoft of this College, which your furprifing knowledge in eve:y branch of human crudition has fo wonderfully qualified you for.

With

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## PRANCERIANA.

With admiration we behold a perfon of your honourable and reputable extraction, incorruptible integrity, nervous eloquence, and gracefulnefs of perfon; in flort, a being poffeffed of fo many rare endowments of body and mind, that though it be impoffible to pronounce in which of thefe you ex. cel, yet the one ferves to add the greater brilliancy to the other; placed as you now are at the head of a fociety which may, if not viewed in the blaze of your perfections, be called learned; and we congratulate ourfelves that we happen to be members of the unive fity at a time, when you, who are the Decus et Columen Patria, are wifely placed as a crutch to fupport our Alma Mater, tottering under infirmities from internal diforders.

How do our breafts fwell with gratitude to the difcerning and gracious Harcourt, and his fagacious fecretary, Sir John Blaquiere? To thefe excellent judges of literary merit, did you wifely and happily for this feminary, difplay your knowledge of Tbucydides and Demofthenes peri Stepbanou; convinced them, (and cafily they were convinced,fuch is the force of your oratory) that Scaliger and Cafaubon were but novices to you; and that par. fages which were to thefe critics inexplicable, eafily yielded up their hitherto hidden treafures to your all-fubduing fagacity, and were even known to your illuftrious progeny a Cunabulis, by intuition: Hence this delegate and fub-delegate of Majefty, fubdued by the inceffant repetition of Tbucydides, and Demofthenes peri Stepbanou, as the moon by the
incantations of Circe, eafily yielded to your defires, and conftituted you Provoft merely for the emolument of the Re publica Literaria.

With fhame we mut confefs, that none of our prefent fillsous were equal to the arduous talk of governing this college, and promoting the ftudy of the fine arts. Drones as they are, which of them was qualified to be profeflor of equeftrian exerciles? The inftitution of that illuftrious profefforfhip was referved to grace the æra of your government. Profeffors of dancing, fencing, \&c. we may expect from your unwearied endeavours to promote the intereft of this great feminary, and to render us all humble, though diftant imitators of your moft graceful deportment.

Permit us to affure you, moft learned Sir, as your promotion has been fo much owing to your intimate acquaintance with, and repetition of there cabaliftical expreffions, Tbucydides and Demofthenes peri Stephanou; that every man of us will inceffantly repeat thofe words, in humble imitation of your profound learning, of which they have been, as it were, the teft, feal and mark, in the prefence of every great man whom we may occafionally be in company with; and that we fhall moft carefully practife and encourage the art of harmonioufly karanguing upon nothing, of which ufeful fcience you daily prove yourfelf a compleat mafter, as well in the fenate as at the bar, in both places fpeaking for hours, nay whole days together, without uttering
one argurrent of which the moft acute fenator or barrifter can take hold.

Suffer us then, Potofi of erudition, humbly to lay ourfelves at your feet, and implore your protection, and to affure you, that when a period hall be put to this prefent parliament, we will all chearfully concur in electing for members, to reprefent this univerfity, fuch perfons as you fhall condefcend to nominate ; firmly relying, that you will dictate to our choice, for that important truft, perfons only, who will be as difinterefted as yourfelf, and though not equal to you in learning, (a thing in its nature impoffible, yet as learned as you can procure, and fuch as have been educated in that nurfe of genius, the illuftrious college of Eton, near Windfor; whofe lively imaginations have not been fullied by the lab rious ftudy of philofophy, which to the difgrace of all true gentleman-like education, is yet permitted to dwell within this college; but which we hope foon to fee totally expelled, under your aufpices, by preceptors in horfemanfhip, fencers, dancers, and muficians: and we alfo prefume to affure your learned eminenee, that we fhall, on all other occafions be your mof bumble flaves; to convince every future chief governor, that no member of this univerfity ought to be taken notice of by his Majefty's fervants, on a future vacancy of the provoftfhip, (which heaven for a long term of years avert ! Serus in Coclum redeas!) but that perfons equaliy well ikilled with your eminence, in all kind of par-

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liamentary.
liamentary fervice to the crown, are the only perfons qualified to fuperintend the education of the youth of this happy and flourining kingdom.
(Signed by order of the reft)

> JUVENIS.


No. 3. Monday, November 2'8, 1774.

2uos egomed motos preffat componere fuctus. Virg. To the PUBLICK.

MA N Y attempts having been lately made to influence the minds of the Scholars, directly tending to the fubverfion of all difcipline and fubordination in the Univerfity, for preventing thofe ruinous confequences, it is become neceffary to ftate to the public the truth of the tranfaction which has been made the pretext for much mifreprefentation:

On Wednefday the gth inftant, at two o'clock, the head porter of the College brought the Provoft a paper, which had been pofted that day upon the great gate of the chapel, in the words following: "The sle Etors of the College are requefted to meet " this
"f this day at two o'clock, at Ryan's in Fownes's"Atreet, to confider of proper perfons to be put in " nomination as candidates for this Univerfity at the "enfuing general election." The Provolt did innt enter into the occafion of this meetin, but co f.dured the pofting of a notice in the Coilege for the affembling of the Scholars at a tavern, as a dangerous innovation, and as an example of the moft pernicious tendency to the tranquility, and good government of the College ; and, therefore, fent the two deans to inform the young gentlemen afiembled, that he did not enter into the fubject of their meeting, but ordered them to difperfe, and retire to their rooms; they at firft refufed, but the Provoit having again fent the two deans to them to warn them of the fatal confequences of their difobedience, they difperfed. On the next day the Provoft thought it his duty to confult the Senior Fellows upon this occafion, and having recommended the moft gentle mode of proceeding that could be thought of, referred the decifion to them, and with their concurrence, and in their prefence reproved the Scholars who had affembled, in the following words:

## " Gentlemen Scholars of the Houfe,

" In confequence of the unanimous opinion of " this board, I am to reprove you for your affembling " yefterday at Ryan's tavern, as fuch meetings tend "s to the fubverfion of difcipline, the difturbance of ss the peace, and the interruption of the ftudies of
" the College; and alfo for your refufal to difperfe,
" and retire to your rooms, when the Provoft fent
" the two deans to you with his orders to that pur" pofe : and I am happy that your difperfing after " receiving a fecond order from the Provoft, has " put it in the power of the board to avoid inflict" ing a feverer punifhment than this reproof, which " I give you in the performance of my duty; and " the board hope you will have a juft fenfe of their " lenity upon this occafion, and expect that this " will be a fufficient caution to you not to repeat " thore offences for the future."

The power of the Scholars to meet for nominating candidates was never confidered, nor was it neceffary or proper to be confidered by the Provoft or the board; but the Provoft in difperfing, and the board in reproving, did not in any refpect interfere with the defign of their meeting, but acted only with a view to the difcipline of the college.

The difperfing the affembly of Wednefday the 9 th inftant, could have anfwered no election purpore; the impracticability of preventing the Scholars of the houfe, if fo difpofed, from affociating or nominating candidates, is obvious; and enforcing the difcipline of the College in this inftance againft thofe genilemen, as ftudents, muft have offended them as electors; but, a meeting of the Scholars at a tavern, in Term time, and in confequence of a nosice pofted in the College for that onrpofe, is a tranfaction
faction unheard of in any Univerfity, and would have been fubverfive of all order in this, if the Provoft had not interpofed, after having received officio? information of it.

The electors of the College have the fame rights with all other electors; thofe rights have never been queftioned, and the fulleft exercife of them is perfectly confiltent with the prefervation of good order in the College. But, it fhould be remembered that the Scholars of the houfe are ftudents as well as electors; that they are all of them very young men, and feveral of them under age; that fome of them will ceafe to be electors before a vacancy fhall happen, and others will not then have that capacity from being minors; and that, if the fubject of election, when there is no vacancy, fhall be confidered as a fufficient reafon for the Scholars affembling in town whenever they fhall think proper, they may do fo at any time or times, from one parliament to another, and the power of the Provoft and Fellows to keep them in the College, upon which the whole fyftem of difcipline principally depends, will be entirely fubverted.

Let experience be appealed to, and it will be found, that there has never been an inftance of fuch a meeting, when there was no vacancy, either in this or any other college.

The fenior fellows have unanimoufly cenfured this meeting, as tending to fubvert the difcipline, difturb the peace, and interrup: the Itudies of the colige. Thofe gentlemen are of knuwn ability and integrity; have been for many years converfant in the government of this univerfity, and cannot be luppufed to have been influenced by any other mutives than the general good of the fociety.

If any thing oppreffive or arbitrary fhould be attempted in this univerfity, the publick has a right to animadvert; but if in mere matters of difcipline there is to be an a peal to the publick, from the un nimous determination of the provoft and fenior fellows, the government of this great and numerous fuciety will become impracticable.

The flatutes of the college oblige the fcholars to obey the provoft in all matters of difcipline. The fcholars of the houfe are fworn to obey the fatutes, and to obey the provoft in all things honeft and lawful, with the readieft will and zeal; and confequently are bound to fol on his directions in all matters of difcipline, which the provolt may, in all cafes, not exprefsly provided for by the ftatutes, either determine himfelf or refer to the board; the latier inethod was upon this occafion adopted, as the moft moderate, and the leaft liable to mifreprefentation.

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The only objection to the beft difciplined, and one of the moit learned univerfities in the world, is its fituation in a metropolis. Great pains have been takent to guard againft this inconvenience, by not permitting the Itudents to refort to the city, but under certain reftrictions. If the fcholars of the houfe fhall be allowed to affemble in the city in great numbers, and to fix up notices for that purpofe, and if the heat and violence of party fhall find their way from the city into the college; that objection will alarm every thinking man in this kingdom.

This is not the caufe of the provoft, or of the fenior fellows;-it is the cauie of your fons and kinfmen, of the rifing generation, and of pofterity. Allay thofe ferments; fuffer not the peace of this fociety to be longer difturbed; -and do not render it impolfible for the provoft and fellows to do their duty by your own children.

From this true ftate of facts, every man of difcernment muft fee that the difperfing this meeting was calculated folely for the welfare and tranquility of the ftudents, and could have had no poffible view of reftraining their liberty, or influencing their votes; and that a connivance at fuch a meeting, though it might have flattered the young gentlemen, would have been criminal in the governor of a college, who, in this inftance, facrificed every view of election policy to the faithful and difinterefted performance of his duty.

MODERATOR;

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\text { No. 4. Monday, December 5, } 1774 .
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Who dares think one thing and another tell, My heart detefts him as the gates of hell.

TO THE PRINTER OF THEHIBERNIAN JOURNAL:

AN addrefs to the publick, figned, Moderator, appeared in your Journal of the 28 th of November laft; which, from the length and inanity of its periods and arguments, and its ftudied mixture of falihood and truth, may, with the greateft probability, be concluded to have been the production of the pen of our provoft; and as the public may be minled by this addrefs, and the jobbing, the petulance, ignorance, and incapacity for his employment of this little intruder, pals on the uninformed public as zeal for the welfare of this unfortunate feminary, if the untruths and misreprefentations contained in it were to contiuue unveiled, I have thought proper to mark the feveral fallhoods, and mifreprefentations of this piece, in their order; at the fame time affuring the publick, that I have had the beft information of every tranfaction relative to the meeting of the fcholars of the college
college on the $9^{\text {th }}$ of November; their arbitrary and unwarrantable difperfion; and the proceedings of the provoft and board thereon : and that tho' I heartily abhor the intruder, and the fhamelefs adminiftration who made him our governor, yet my abhorrence fhall not caufe me to fwerve from the ftricteft truth.

Firft, the provoft infinuates, that, "s he gained " his intelligence of this meeting of the fcholars, " at two o'clock on the 9th of November, when " the paper mentioned in his addrefs was brought " him by the head porter, officially ;" now, I affert, that the fact was not io ; but that he had notice of the intended meeting of the fcholars on the 8th of Nov. from a mean, warm, weak man in the college, who acts for him in the double capacity of a fpy , and an advifer, and by whofe intemperate counfels he is wife enough to be chiefly guided in college affairs ; and that he determined to leave the Four-courts early on the gth of Nov. in order to difperfe that meeting; which he did accordingly difperfe, in the manner he has mentioned : and that on the morning of that day he had given orders to the head porter to watch and bring him any paper which might be pofted on the gates of the college.

Next he afferts, that he was influenced to difperfe it, from confidering "the pofting of a no-- tice in the college for affembliag the fcholars at a "tavern, as a dangerous innovation, and as an ex" ample of the moft pernicious tendency to the " tranquillity
"tranquillity and good government of the college ; " and that he did not enter into the occafion of this " meeting." What a plaufible, and at the fame time, moft flagrant fallhood is this ? In order to expofe it fufficiently, I muft neceffarily give an account of the caufe of this mecting, and thew that all the prefent ferment and diforder in the college has originated from the provoft himfelf. A few days before the meeting, the provoft fent for all the tutors in the college, and told them he intended at the next general clection, to recommend two candidates to the choice of the univerfity, one of whom fhould be his own fon, and requefted their votes and interefts with their refpective pupils, who are fcholars of the houfe. This was received as the very fignal for electioneering. Such of the fcholars as refented the barbarous treatment the college had received from government, in robbing them of their greateft, and, indeed, the almoft only valuable prize they had for literary merit, and beftowing it on a little parliamentary biawler, immediately caught the alarm; and thinking that this was the time to fhew their refentment, by afferting their independency, and convincing adminiftration that they would return two members as difagreeable to the court as polfible ; and that they might, perhaps, by this meafure, fecure the reverfion of the provolthip to the college, agreed that it would be proper to have a meeting for the purpofe of nominating two candidates; and accordingly the paper mentioned in the provoft's addrefs, was pofted on the gate of
the chapel. The provof getting intelligence of this intended meeting at the time, and from the perfon before mentioned, determined to difperfe it, from the fole motive of preventing the fcholars from nominating two candidates contrary to his intereft, and not from any of the motives mentioned in his addrefs : of this any perfon may be convinced who will confider the following circumitances.-Firit, I am well informed, that he himfelf told the board, which he affembled on this affair, that he had notice of this meeting the day before it was held; and that he came home early on the gth of Nov. from the Four-courts, in order to difperfe it, and had given the aforementioned order to the head porter; fo that he would have difperfed them in the fame manner, if the notice had not been pofted : the poiting of the no. tice, therefore, was no part of his motives for difperfing the meeting, as he afferts. Secondly, The meeting of the fcholars at a tavern, on fuch an occafion, was not contrary to any of the ftatutes of the college, and therefore he had no right whatfoever to take fuch notice of it. The frequenting of taverns is forbidden by the flatutes with a view to the prefervation of fobriety and order; but going once to a tavern, on fuch a ferious and folemn occafion, and before dinner, at which time there was no danger of intemperance, can never be called frequenting taverns in the ftatutable fenfe, or in any fenfe whatfoever ; and therefore his difperfing them could not arife from any view to the good government of the college, which is fufficiently provided for by the
ftatutes,
ftatutes, and does not ftand in need of any abfurd new regulations of fuch a provoft, which may be juftly called innovations - Thirdly, If it fhould be granted that fuch meetings tend to the difturbance of the tranquillity of the college, yet in this cafe it mult alfo be granted, that the provoft himfelf made that meeting neceflary, by firlt commencing his operations in electionecring ; and that thercfore he wai the difturber of the traniquillity of the college. -Fourthly, His indifcrect, halty, ill-judged behaviour throughout the whole tranfaction, together with his petulant and impotent menaces to the junior dean*, fhew his real defign in difperfing the meeting, and that prefervation of order and difcipline was no part of it.

In the next place he afferts, that " he thought " it his duty to confult the fellows on this occafion, " and having recommended the moft gentle mode " of procceding that could be thought of, referred "the decifion to them." Very condefcending, indeed! The truth of this matter ftands thus :- The provoft was extremely defirous to punifh fome of the leading fcholars for their no crime in affembling, and afterwards difperfing on his order, and finding the ftatutes did not give him any power to inflict a punifhment by his own authority (the provoft's fole authority of punifhing without the board being limited to certain crimes fpecified in the ftatutes) he affembled a board, and I an well informed that he was fo far from recommending the moft gentle mode
of proceeding, that he endeavoured, by his pretty perfuafive oratory, to induce the fellows to rufticate three or four of the leading fcholars, which is the next punifhment to expulfion; but, finding he was feconded in this by none but Didymus* (the fycophant of living, and Calumniator of dead provofts) he was obliged to drop it, and content himfelf with reproving them, in the manner fet forth in his addrefs; at the fame time, in the rage of his difappointment, declaring to the board, that if thefe fcholars (twenty-four in number, and the flower of the univerfity with refpect to learning and morals) had not difperfed at his fecond fending to them, he would have expelled them all, by his own authority, for contumacy.-Rare inftance of his undertanding and mildnefs!

He next afferts, "That there never has been an "inftance of fuch a meeting, when there was no " vacancy, either in this, or any other college." To this it may be anfwered, very truly, that this is the firt time any provoft of this college has begun to electioneer before a vacancy, and therefore the meeting of the electors became neceflary, to counteract his operations, before the vacancy.

His next affertion contains a doctrine never heard of in the college, " that the provoft may in all cafes, " not exprefsly provided for by the ftatutes, either " determine himielf, or refer to the board." I fay he cannot in any cafe whatfoever, not exprefsly provided
vided for by the fatutes, determine himfelf, but muft and ought to refer to the board, in all fuch cafes; and therefore in this tranfaction he did nos refer to the board, as thinking fuch reference "the moft moderate method, and the leaft liable to mifrepreSentation;" but he referred to the board, for the reafons I have before fully mentioned His fupplication to the public, towards the clofe of his addrefs, is really ladicrous: "Allay thefe ferments; fuffer " nut the peace of this focisty to be longer difturbed, "and do not render it impoffible for the provoft " and fellows to do thcir duty by your own chil"dren." That is, this incendiary has fet a houfe on fire, and then, to avoid fufpicion, calls for the parifl engine. What does he mean by doing his duty to the fudents in the college ? The moft galling part of the injury done us by making him provoft is, that his petulance, if poffible, exceeds his ignorance, and that in confequence of both, he is every day infulting us by his pretences to knowledge, and by propofing abfurd, crude and impracticable regulations, both in difcipline and inftruction; and certain I am, that his appointment to his, prefent ftation, bas alarmed every thinkirg man in this. kingdons.

Thus I have gone through this famous addrefs, and hope that I have fufficiently expored the mifreprefentations contained in it ; and I folemnly aver, that I have been influenced to this publication by no other views but the love of truth, and my ha-
tred
tred of all thofe vipers who facrifice every thing that ought to be dear to a citizen, to their inordinate defire of power and riches, and will boldly grafp at every employment, facred or profane, provided it is a lacrative one, let them be ever fo unfit for it, and though their notorious incapacity fhould bring ruin on their country.

VERAX.

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No. 5. Tuefday, December 6, 1774.

To THE REV. D——R F—S—TH, J—N—?

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D-N O F T \longrightarrow T Y C \text { GE. }
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IF your conduct had been only contemptible, I fhould not have troubled you with this publick addrefs. If you had continued to pay the meaneft adulations to bifhops and other men in power, and had not attempted to corrupt the hearts and deftroy the principles of the youth of this univerfity, 1 hould have fuffered your infamy to beconfined to thefe walls, and not have publifhed your character to the world. I mean not to mention a fingle point, the truth of which is not inconteftable ; many I fhall even fupprefs: for if I was to recount the numerous abfurdities and vile practifes you have been
been guilty of, I fhould fwell this letter to the fize of a volume. When Dr. Andrews was provoft, noman talked more loudly than you of the propriety of oppofing his dictates, and of the neceflity that men of liberal educations fhould convince the world of the liberality of their fentiments, and give the kingdom an example of difinterefted independence. But your behaviour fince a late promotion, has evinced, that it was the man alone you oppofed. How confiftent does it appear in the perfon, whe, on the laft college election, afferted he would have gone to the publick mectings of the fcholars, if he could have found a fingle fellow to accompany him: how confiftent, I fay, does it appear in fuch a man to declare, only becaufe the head of this fociety is changed, that they acted not only contrary to law, but contrary to their oaths, who lately affembled to fix on fuch candidates as would, by their integrity and abilities, refleet the highelt honour on their choice ? You, fir, are undoubtedly a man of learning, yet have been hurried on by your intemperance to treat men of learning as if they were fools: for had you not confidered them as fools, you would never have fupported the caufe you have efpoufed with abfurd arguments and futile dilemmas. That the publick may be acquainted with your reafonings on this fubject, I hall mention that one, on which you feem to lay a particular ftrefs. You affert, that if THE PROVOST is A GOOD MAN HE OUGHT NOT TO BE OPPOSED ; If A BAD MAN, THAT OPPOSITION WOULD be FRUITLESS; for he could nominate
nominate two claffes of fcholars before the election, which would fecure him a majority of voices.

I hope there is not at prefent a gentleman in the univerfity who would accept of a fcholarfhip on fuch terms; and I will do Mr. Hutchinion the juftice to fay, I believe he never once entertained fo wicked an idea. I doubt not, fir, if you were provoft, you would execute what you have conceived. I doubt not but you would attempt every act of injuftice in your own caufe, when you have gone fuch lengths to fupport another's. When our prefent provoit was appointed, he did not pretend to be acquainted with our interefts. By your advice he is conftantly directed; by your advice he arbitrarily difperfed the free electors; and to your advice muft be attributed that daring impropriety which has already difcovered iffelf in the whole of his conduct. I blame him not for his mifdeeds. When appointed, thanks to the wisdom and goodness of our chief governor, he knew nothing of the duty of his office; he relied entirely on you for information, and you mifled him. For the precipitancy and intemperance which makes fo confiderable a part of your character, are fufficiently marked in that arbitrary and peevifh fyltem of government which every occurrence gives us occafion to fee he has adopted; and for the execution of which it is notorious that you have been appointed dean, irregularly, and out of the due courfe in which that office fhould go among the junior fellows. Some few
few circumftances more of your conduet I thall remind you of, and conclude. You had the infolence to charge fome fcholars with ingratitude, for not avowing חavifh principles; becaufé, through your means, they had obtained from the provoft and board what they confidered as tbe reward of merit, and you, as your treatment of them evinces, a bribe. You had the bafenefs to mifreprefent the conduct of others to their parents; and you had the meannefs to fue for the office you enjoy, in order to poffefs the power of opprefling, with the appearance of juftice, every independent fcholar of the college. 'This, fir, is the firft time you have ever heard from me, I affure you it thall be the laft. I Thall confider you for the future as funk below my notice; as unworthy of my pen. It will be fruitlefs to attempt difcovering my name, as I have taken every method to keep it concealed; and your knowing it can be of no confequence, as I am far above the reach of your refentment.

I am, Sir,
A friend to independence,
and a member of this univerffty.

No. 6.

## 

No 6. Thurfday, December 8, 1774.
How fluent nonfenfe trickles from bis tongue! How fweet the periods, neither faid, nor fung. Pope.
totherrinter of themreeman's journal.

## S I R,

O
N Tuefday December the 6th, a letter appeared in the Freeman's Journal addreffed to our Junior Dean, and fubfcribed $A$ Friend to Independence, and a Member of the College. When an independent fpirit affumes the frightful feature of flander unprovoked, fhall we acknowledge him a friend to independence? When the production of a difempered brain fhall be offered as academical compofition, fhall his fignature be undifputed?

Gentlemen of generous thoughts and liberal education, feldom embark on the ocean of defamation, reftrained by humanity and delicacy of fentiment. As it is impoffible to explore the variety of motives to action that influence a publick character, mature reflection will often fufpend cenfure, juftified even by a combination of appearances; yet poignant reproof and genteel fatire, in many circumftances are falutary-are neceflary-and the ftigmatized infamy of vile affiafins, of character exalted, fhould

## 26

 PRANCERIANA.reftrain abandoned inducements to groundlefs calumny. The fluices of honeft indignation, drawn in virtue's defence, fhould overwhelm in oblivion the odious enemy of venerated honour.

How could thy poifoned pen, dull fon of Scriblerus, dare addrefs the idol of publick applaufe in the language of feurrility. The confpicuous object of general acclamation, thy baleful hiffing cannot effect nor difturb. By the native dignity of a regulated temper fecured, at thy impotence, thy envenomed fcandal he fmiles. Thy utmoft efforts, exerted in an inferior fphere, can never reach a breaft unconfcious of guilt. Poffeffed of our affectionate obedience, he proceeds in that diftinguifhed courfe, which has already attracted publick attention. Poffeffed of activity which no toil can conquer, his endeavours are directed to reltore to the univerfity ancient difcipline, dignity and erudition.

Secular concerns and fafhionable amulements, engaged many in a courfe of life inconfiftent with their appointments. Hence ideas prejudicial to the feminary were generally adopted: and a reformation became a matter of ferious attention. In this fate was the college inconteftibly immerfed, and lovers of this country felt fenfible affliction. However the dean attempted a renovation, and may the genius of Ireland fmile on his efforts. Wherever council can operate, he is ever ready to reclaim.

## PRANCERIANA.

reclaim. When perfuafive accents make no impreffion on diffolute lives, we fee him fupport his character, and enforce the ftatutes with intrepidity and refolution. Should his aid become neceffary in the fciences, to a laborious ftudent, we fee him affift, direct with encouraging alacrity. In a word, vigilance to reform, perfeverance in defign, and humanity to relieve, are the outlines of this cha. racter.

Though the exertions of fuch an active fpirit command admiration, the infectious eye of zealous predeceffors in office, cannot endure that fuperiority which expofes their indolence. An irregular being, at once a difgrace to the college, and a fcandal to his family, who could never yield to the leaft controul, cannot brook the feverity of regulation. Behold this unfortunate youth, in fociety of equal perverfenefs, declaim againt dean, literature, parentage, nay heaven itfelf! That reflection may cure their obftinacy, ere diffipation confumes their intellects and fortune, is affuredly the wifh of the doctor, to which all his labours are directed.

I cannot perfuade myfelf, that the fcandal alluded to was written by a ftudent; but, by fuppofing it the undigeted effay of one of thofe clamorous fpi-rits-Atill this conjecture is improbable-And indeed it is a fubject I fhould difculs with no other defign than to exculpate gentlemen from the odium
a foul infinuation, viz. That a futile letter, inelegant as it is fcandalous, fhould be written by one of their body, traducing the beft of men. This would-be member of our univerfity, introduces a fyttem of realoning as the doctor's, that would difgrace an ideot; and has effrontery to expect credit to fuch forged affertions: but it is well known, that the doctor fhines in converfation, as in writing: he is cool and attentive- of engaging fweetnefs. Diffidence in his own, and profound deference to the opinion of others, fecure him fuperiority in the moft learned circles, and all this accompanied with nervous fenfe and dignity of exprefion. I would not be underftood to give the world an inadequate idea of this great man-from inability. I only give a feint tranfeript of my own feelings; -but finding even this difficult, a fact which I fhall relate to the world, will fpeak for me, and apologize, I hope, for my own emotions, and pleafe the benerolent.

A poor daughter of aftiction, who had feen happy days, lay waited on the bed of woe, by the combined preflure of infirmity and want-on the pillow of difeafe and care lay this parent of fix childeren for the fpace of fourteen months. All fuccours from a few friends, and the charitable within the circle of her acquaintance, being exhaufted, fhe pined with acute pain, and the yearnings of a mother for poor orphans! Detlitute, cold, and hurgry! An old woman attending in this college vifieed the melancholy icene, and fympathized!
-who,
-who, having learned an additional ftroke to the plaintive tale, and paid nature the tribute of a tear, faid fhe was fure Doctor Forfayeth would gladly fuccour them, were half their fufferings explained to him. On hearing this the eldeft child, eleven years of age, fole out unperseived, ran to the college, and fortunately met the doctor.-On bier knees fhe unfolded her heart in three words, more emphatically than the learned could do, perhaps, in fo many volumes: " my mother is farvin", and will not live 'ill to-morrow." Some circumfances making it imponble to get asy fort of a carivge, he walked a confiderable diitance, of a cold night at eleven o'clock, to convert the houle of mourning into joy-to alleviate the forrows of a broken heart! Hear how he fucceeded: the mother is now an upper fervant in a family of diftinction, and her children at trade. Adept in the moft infernal rancour, digeft this anecdote and repent of thy facrilege.

An explanation of the doctor's connection with the prefent, and his oppofition to the late provor, may be the fubject of another epiftle. And if I fhall be able to demonfrate the uniformity of conduct, the unchangeable tenor and confiftency of his life, gentlemen, too preciptate in decifion, wiil, I hope, take reflection for their guide. Thele obfervations arife from fentiments which his piety and many amiable qualities have infpired, and are publifhed as a duty incumbent on every ftudent, C 3
in teftimony of his abhorrence of that audacious attempt to afperfe the eftablifhed reputation of a worthy man. Let it not be imagined that this letter is a compliment, in confequence of an intimacy or interefted hope,-no, l am totally difengaged from influencing attachments, endeavouring to vindicate merit from the vile effufions of malice and grofs mifreprefentation.

Unawed by human refentment, I fhould exhibit to publick animadverfion the moft dignified villain, when his principles interfered with the conftitutional happinefs of my native country : but it feems that far different motives fway the heart of this feribbling mortal, who introluces to, publick view an illiberal attack, without the nighteft foundation -an impeachment indeed unheard, unpricedented. Vainly imagining, that he had given a mortal ftab, he ludicroufly afierts the impolfibility of difcovering his retreat,-equally obfcure as his ftile. Go, fon of darknefs and nocturnal infamy-go-immure thyfelf and accurfed machinations, in dreary wildernefs, eftranged for ever from that fociery which thy keart could injure, and never more provoke the pen of

EUSEBIUS.

No. -

OKN

No. 7. Saturday, December 10, 1774.
And be who now to fenfe, now non fenje leaning, Means not, but blunders round about a menning.

## TOE EUEBIUS.

MASTER Eufebius! mafter Eufebius! check your nag for one moment, I befeech you. For God's fake, man, ufe your bone-fetter a little gently on the high road of common fenfe.Here am I quite out of breath, dafhing after you this half hour through all the bye-paths of old Far. naby and Smiglecius_But enough of metaphor.

Two whole columns (in anfwer to a partisular charge) of fuch inanities as thefe!

D-r F-yih " is the idol of publick ap" plaufe."
" the confpicuous object of ge"neral acclamation."
" he fhines in converfation as in " writing."
" he is cool and attentive."

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \text { " he is of engaging fweetnefs." } \\
& \text { " he is a great man!" }
\end{aligned}
$$

And eighthly and laftly, he relieved a poor old woman after " her daughter had, on her knees, un" folded her-ftory to him!" What a vindicator!

But as if this dore of fulsome impertinence were not enough to ficken the publick, you mut chook them with absurdities. Mark this:
"When an independent Spirit affumes the fright" full feature of lander unprovoked, Shall we ac" knowledge him a friend to independence ?"

Is it fecundum Smiglecium to predicate absolutely of your fubject, in the beginning of a letter, what you intend to deny in the end?

## Mark again :

"Thy utmoft efforts, exerted in an inferior "Sphere, can never reach a breaft unconfcious of " guilt."

So that were they exerted in a superior jpbere, we may infer that they might reach fuch a breaft. Excellent panegyrick!

Your may perhaps imagine, Eusebius, that I know you, that I am your enemy, or the enemy
of the caufe you efpoufe.- It is a miftake; I neither know you, nor have a wifh againft you or d-r F-yth; but I have an irreconcileable averfion to turgid verbofity, to inflated nonfenfe, efpeciaily from Trin. Colz, the chafte mother, I would hope, of fimplicity and dignity.

Let me appeal to yourfelf, Eufebius, whether any queralous attorney's clerk, who had been whipt through Salluft, could put a plain thought in a more pedantick drefs than this :
"As it is impoffible to explore the variety of mo" tives to action that influence a publick character, " mature reflection will often fufpend cenfure, juf. " tified even by a combination of appearances; yet " poignant reproof and gentie fatire, in many cir"cumitances are falutary-are necefiary-and the " ftigmatized infamy of vile affafins, of character " exalted, fhould reftrain abandoned inducements to "groundlefs calumny. The fluices of honeft in" dignation, drawn in virtue's defence, fhould " overwhelm in oblivion the odious enemy of re" nerated honour."

In Englifh thus, if I do not mifake the meaning.

Mature reflection will ofren induce us to fufpend our cenfure of a publick character, however ftriling the appearances, becaufe it will inform as how difisult
difficult it is to difcover the motives to action. It muft however be confeffed that, poignant reproof and genteel fatire, are on many occafions falutarynay, neceffary-but then the infamy which awaits the character of a traducer, fhould deter a man from engaging, at leaft for a common bribe, in the tafk of groundlefs calumny: the burft of univerfal indignation muft overwhelm fuch a fellow.

You may perceive from this fpecimen, Eufebius, what is my object. It is, in truth, not whether you or your opponent be right, but whether you thall both tell your fory in a manner worthy the publick eye, and that will not difgrace us in a London circle : your adverfary wrote, at lealt, like a man that could write. Had I any other end in view, I would cenfure particular expreffions; fuch as the fluices drazun, in the foregoing extract, which is not Englifh.

I always underfood that, in proportion as a tale was true or unirue, as it was affecting or otherwife, decoration or painting, was or was not requifite: but you, who had only to defend an honeft man, and to relate a mere fact, (not that your fact is to the purpofe) have difflpated your force in fuperfluous epithet, and unpointed amplification.

There are fo many men in Dublin, to my knowledge, better qualified for the talk of reviewing than I am, that I befeech you to belicve that, nothing
thing lefs than a fincere love for Alma Mater and my country could make me fweat you thus, my dear Eufebius!

STULTIFEX.

(x)

No. 8. Tuefday, December 13, 1774.

> Exigite ut mores teneros ceu pollice ducat Ut f1 quis carn oultum facit; exigite ut fit Et pater ipfrus catus. Juv.
TO THE REV. W. H.J.F.T.C. D.

## S I R,

THHEN I was advifed to put my fon under your care, the recommendation which principally influenced my choice, was the expectation (induftrioufly fuggefled to me) " that he would have the benefit too, of being in fome meafure under the tuition of your friend the Doctor."* Though difappointed in that expectation, I did not complain, while by attending folely to the duty of a Tutor, your diligence made fome amends for other deficiencies : for, fo excellent is the courfe in our College, that any lad of common fenfe and capacity muft be a tolerable good fcholar, if obliged to attend regularly, and ftudy earefully. But I now fee the

* Dr, Forfayetb.
the folly of intrufting the tuition of a boy, to one of as little experience, and as liable to be mifled as himfelf; one whofe character and difpofition the world is as little acquainted with, as he with the world.

The conduct of your friend has proved him a very unfit perfon, to be intrufted with the important care of forming the minds of youth. From the firft intight into his turn therefore, I little regretted his not taking the fhare, I was at firft perfuaded he would, in the education of my fon; nor was I much diffatisfied, when I found of late, that you mifemployed the time of Lecture, in vindicating the abfurdities of the Doctor, inftead of unravelling the perplexities of fcience, or explaining the beauties of the clafficks. I excufed the abufe of tutclar authority, while exercifed only to lighten the weight of publick odium on your friend. But, when you not only quit the line of duty, to deviate into the extravagance of his errors; but even rufh into the laby rinth of politicks, in which neither of you ought ever to entangle yourfelves; when you defcend to the menial officioufree's of a time-ferving tool; and publickly labour to inculcate flavifh principles of non-refiftance, and to feduce your pupils into $u n$ maxly fubmidron ; I own my patience is tried to the utmoft; and, whatever other parents may think, as I privately condemm, I will publickly upbraid. Your offence is publick; its tendency is of publick import ; and it deferves to be made as notorious, as it is dangerous.

Among the many obnoxious tenets, which you (Sir) have exercifed all your little influence and art, to prevail on young gentlemen to admit; you even advanced this doctrine, improper at any time, but moft prepofterous now: " That Scholars of the "Houfe ought not to refufe, to vote for candidates "recommended by the Provoft." A pofition, fo falfe and illiberal, fo publickly obtruded upon young minds, demands a publick defcant.

Leaving therefore the follies of your friend the Doctor, for the Scholars to ridicule, the Fellows to defpife, your imprudence to palliate, and the Provoft to countenance and reward; I fhall endeavour by refuting you, who firft prefumed to featter fuch dangerous feed, to prevent its taking root in our Univerfity, My concern for the rifing generation, my love of true learning, my attachment to my country, and my zeal for liberty, will not fuffer me to be filent ; efpecially in a matter wherein my own fon is fo effentially interefted. For his fake therefore, and that of the other Scholars, you may expect to hear again from an injured and offended

FATHER.

No. 9.

> Dii Majorum umbr is tenuem E® fine pondereterian Spirantefque crocos, at in arna perpetuun rer.
> (9) ui preiff:orem fan.fi woluere parent is Efie loco.
Juv.

TO THEREV, W. H.J.F.T. C. D.

THERE fcarce can be a more convincing proof, that it is criminal and fcandalous in a Prozoj?, to attempt any bias on the fuffrage of a S.holar, than the melancholy inftance at the laft Election : an inflance, which coft a worthy youth his life; and a man of genius, his honour and repofe. What was it, fo incenfed Doctor Andrews againit Jonnson ?' Not his petulance or oppofition ; for he overlooked the fame in others. No: it was his publickly branding him with the infamous crime, of tampering with the Scholars: a crime, Sir, of which Andrews could not bear the imputation though Jou and your Friend can bear the guilt of it : a crime, Sir, which (if proved upon the man, for whom You have fo harangued the Scholars, and your

Friená

Friend has fo inflamed them) muft difappoint the felfifh purpofes, for which it is committed. As Head of the College, it is difgraceful and unjuft in a Provoft, to exert any influence on the voters ; as $R e$ -turning-oficer, it is infolent and penal.

What therefore it is neither lawful nor honelt for a Provoft, to folicit, it cannot be lawful or honeft for a Scholar, to grant. The duty is reciprocal ; and the violation of it is alike criminal in both: the corrupter and corrupted alike are guilty. The Rope of the Pulley is equailly ftrained, by the weight that is moved, and the power that moves it ; and every wheel, in the machine, bears its fhare of the load. For thefe reafons I aver, ' the Scholars of the Houfe ' ought not to vote for any Candidate the Provoft ' recommends :' nay, I aver, ' a Canditate whom be - recommends (how unexceptionable foever ono ther ' accounts) ought to be rejected, becoule recom' mended by the Provoft.'

The Scholars of the Houfe are feworn, 'to obey 'the Provort in all things lawful and honett;' they are confequently fworn, 'Not to obey the Pro' voit in any thing Un-lawful or Dis-honeft :' the particularizing the qualifying circumftances fets limits to the duty, beyond which limits All is exception; and confequently the circumitances, contrary to thofe prefcribed, muft be forbidden; becaufe two contraries cannot both be true. It is as unlawful and difhoneft in a fcholar, to be influenced
in his vote, as in a provoft to influence : a feholar then, being fworn, not to obey the provoft in things unlawful and difhoneft, is confequently fworn, not to vote for any man whom the provoft recommends.

But there needed not an oath to render it criminal and fcandalous : all clectors are bound by every tie of nature, law, and religion, to choofe their parliamentary reprefentatives, according to the beft of their crin judgment, and not by the will of an other: it is a duty they owe, to God, that gives them a right to choofe them; to their country, that calls on them to exercife that right for the common good; and to themfelves, in vindication of the honour it docs them, and the liberty it fe cures to them. If any thing can aggravate guilt in one, mocre than in another, it muft be his having a fuller knowledge of his duty, and a finer fenfe of its obligations: if therefore it be fcandalous and crimitial in any clector, to be influenced, and confequently corrupt; it is certainly much more fo, in a gentleman and a fcholar.

It may be afked, for 1 find you have fut the queftion, fir, even in the public hall: ' mould ' the fcholars reject a candidate of diftinguifhed - worth and ability, merely for being recommend'ed by the provoft?' The queftion is enfnaring to youth; and was infidiouly propofed, though no part of the lecture it was your bufinefs then to mind : it is a queftion, which thews, there needs
no ghoft to tell us, who put it into your mouth : but it is a queftion, much eafier to be anfiwered, than fit to be propofed; efpecially by you, and in that publick place, and when it was your duty to talk of other matters. The anfwer is, they foould. They fhould reject every man, for whom the provoft degrades himfelf to the abominable flate of a corruptor.

We are not do evil, for the attainment of good: nothing can be good, for which evil is committed, and if it could, the end cannot fanctify the means, but the guilt of the means mint pollute the end. The good we feek at an election, is very uncertain: the perfon we expect it from, may want the power, or the will, to effect it. The candidate, that thrufts himfelf forward, gives reafon to fufpect his defigns; the candidate that folicits votes by his friends, confeffes a deficiency of merit in himfelf; and he, that has recourfe to the influence of authority or power, declares himfelf leagued againft public liberty, by fuch an attack on the freedom of election : a candidate therefore, that builds his fuccefs on fuch a foundation, betrays his want of thofe qualifications, which alone ought to recommend him to the electors; and fhews, it is not their intereft he has at heart, but either bis orwn, or that he is fupported by.

Whether, therefore, we confider the fcholars of the houfe, as truftees for the College, as young men

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 PRANCERIANA.of virtue and fenfe, as in a flate of probation for their future eftimation, as affertors of the honour of their own families, or as examples to the other electors of the kingdom; I muft ftill infift, "They ought not to vote for any man the provoft recommends." Bad, as matters are in the world, men of worth are not fo fcarce, that as good may not be found, as any a provoft can recommend; clear too, of that material difqualification: in regard therefore to their honour and their oath, for the horour of the college and their friends, for the fake of example, and for the publick good, Scholars of The house ought not to vote, for any man tho $P R O V O S T$ recommends.

Such are the fentiments, fir, of every Spirited and judicious

FATHER.

No. 10.

## ankno

No. 10. Saturday, December 17, 1774.

THE PUPIL'S FIRST LETTERTOTHESCHOLARS OFTHE HOUSE.

Dear Lads,

ZEAL for the honour of the college has hurried us, I fear, into fome inadvertency; and may make us liable, not only to deceive ourfelves, but to be impofed on by others. Prejudice is prone, both to miftake and mifreprefent; elfe we fhould not have feen fuch a letter, as lately appeared, againft our worthy dean. Had the author known the dean, as my tutor does, he would not have judged fo feverely, or fpoken fo hardly, of his publick conduct. Little as ye think it, the dean is a very humane charitable man; and does more good, efpecially in the college, than he choofes himfelf to fpeak of: my tutor told me fo; and I cannot doubt his word: his tutor told him fo ; and has too much gratitude, not to credit his patron's good report, efpecially from his own mouth. By whom
will a young man be influenced, if not by his tutor?

For thefe reafons, I not only excufe but com. mend my tutor, for embracing the opportunity of lecture hours to vindicate the doctor; and I hope, for the fame reafons, I need not apologize for addreffing you on the fame fubject. My tutor has exhorted and entreated all his pupils, to remove the impreffions, which that le:ter elfe may leave upors your minds : and fure it is right in him, to jultisy the character he looks up to, as a model for his own; and to oblige a gentleman, he is fo much obliged to himfelf. Is it not to him he owes his fellowhip? and is it not to him he owes the exertion of all his powers? You will acknowledge, he could not employ the lecture hours much better; not more, at leaft, to his own fatisfaction and our entertainment.

The dean's publick conduct indeed is generally deemed contemptible; but it has not been viewed in its proper light: he is accufed of adulation to bifhops and other men in power; but who can teftify that? My tutor affures us, it is a malicious calumny; and indeed I never faw any thing like adulation about him: but I have never been in fuch company with the dean. His favour to the bifhop's fons is no proof: for aught we know they may deferve it : and, if not they, perhaps his grace. Which

Which of you would not be civil to the young gentlemen for a good living ?

By other men in power, I fuppofe, the provoft is glanced at; for he is a man in power, indeed. Has he not gotten a great penfion, and amaffed a great fortune too? Is he not a privy counfellor, aad even prime to the prime ferjeant? And is he not provoft befides, though a layman and married; tho' utterly unacquainted with the conftitution of the college, and unqualified even to fit for a junior fellowfhip ? Has he not brought his fon from abroad, to make him a member for the college ? And has he not made him already, knight of the poft ; and fent him forth into the world to fight his battles, as the champion of domettick honour and paternal fame? *

Who, but the provoft, dare openly employ bravoes, to blow a man's brains out, for telling him what he knew before? Who, but the provoft, dare give publick notice, that vengeance is H1s; and that he has commiffioned his fon to execute it? Who, but the provoft, dare pafte up fuch a notice, not only in the college and the city, but even in the courts of jultice, and even in the very prefence of thofe fages, who are entrufted with the confervation of the laws?

He that can do fuch things, is undoubtedly a man in power ; nay, may be confidered, even as men

* See No. 15.
men in power; for, can he not do what he will with all the men in power; and which of them can expect to prevail in any thing he difapproves of? Does he not exercife the power of provoft in town, where he has no authority; and in a manner, the chief magiftrate dares not attempt ? And does he not neglect the duty of provoft within the very walls of the college, when its ftatutes interfere with his attachments ? Did he not overlook an illegal ridiculous challenge, fixed up in the college by one of its ftudents; and foon after publickly cenfure the fcholars of the houfe, for putting up a peaceaable conftitutioanl invitation ?

The dean is his prime minifter in the college: the dean knows the provoft has been well paid for all his fervices; and may reafonably expeet, to be well rewarded by him for his good offices.

PHIL. DIDACTOR.

## 

No. 11. Tuefday, December 19, 1774.
the pupil's second letter to the scholars of the house.

## Dear Lads,

THE imputation the dean is branded with of oppofing one provoft, and violently prompting and fupporting another, my tutor has declared to be as falfe as the other charges againft him. Such of you, as were in the college then, ought now to ftand forth; and make it appear, whether the letter-writer or my tutor tells the truth; and, until fome fuch evidence clears the matter up, you cannot blame me, for taking my tutor's word; efpecially as the doctor's prefent conduct bears teftimony to the afiertion. But, allowing him as fpirited in oppofition to the late provoit, as he is impetuous in favour of the prefent; you fhould confider, the cafes are very different: the former indeed was thougbt a man of power, but the latter is fo. What places or penfions did the other get, for all his buftle and jocularity? He made his uncle a bifhop indeed; but it was by mere bluftering and bullying: this has made himfelf provoft ; and, notwithftanding
notwithflanding the many feeming improprities of the appointment, was neither refufed nor trifled with, like the other: fome friends of the former (too) have been well provided for, but it was by College Lenfes, which the latter confiders as not perfectly valid.

We are not to wonder then, if the doctor's conduct now appears a little different. Doctor Andrews neither wanted courage or good nature; neither was he fo peevifh or implacable : the prefent Dean therefore ran no great rik, in fpiriting up the oppofition againft him, whether that provoft were a good or a bad man. 'As a bad man, it was right to oppofe him ; and as a good man, it was not dangerous.' Skilful muficians adapt their airs to the nature of their inftruments; neither fhould the Dean be condemned, for changing his tune now: for, if ' the provoft be a good man, it is wrong to oppofe him; and if a bad man, it is certainly dangerous.'

Ye will excufe my repeating his own words; for, my tutor confeffes, the Dean did make ufe of this latter Dilemma. But he urged it, only from his regard for you ; and to prevent the evils, which (he knew) you might expect, if you bad perfifted contumacioufly difobedient. Befides he did not think you would have been fo difpleafed: for, if his defign was good, his argument was bad; and he knew, the retort of the Dilemma could not efcape

## PRANCERIANA.

efcape you. Nay, he chofe that form of perfinnto on purpofe : becaufe, 'if he prevailed on would have reaion to thank him ; and, ceived the weaknefs of his argument, you fh. wis u obliged to him' for not offering more cogent reafons, when he was fent to diffuade you from your favourite purpofe.

The provoft, it is true, under the difguife of Moderator, has allowed; that ' fcholars of the houfe are entitled to all the rights of free electors; and that exercifing fuch rights is neither inconfiftent with good difcipline, nor injurious to ftudy : but, begging his Rt. Hon. pardon, I muft agree with my tutor, that ' oppofition to the provoft is againft the ftatutes.' No man underftards the conftitution, laws, and intereft of the college, better than the dean : his new fchemes and new regulations prove it; and, if it were not fo, a gentleman fo learned, difinterefted, and prudent as the provoft, would not be fo guided and managed by him; confulting him on all his great concerns, as the princes of old did their facred oracles.

Rebellion againft government is treafon by the law ; your oppofition to the provoft, therefore, is unlawful. The fatutes exprefsly forbid confpiracies againft him ; affociations therefore, in fupport of conflitutional rights, are contrary to the ftatutes, and to obey the provoft in all things lawful and honeft; nothing can be honeft, that leads to the vio-
lation

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lation of an oath, or that is contrary to law ; your confultations for the maintenance of independence therefore, being difpleafing to the provoft, are unlawful and difhoneft. If you fay, that what I render by the word honeft, may be more properly interpreted decent or honourable, confider, how indecent and difhonourable it is, to violate an oath; and be convinced from the provoft's promotion, that - no man now can become right honourable, by holding fuch publick meetings, and fhewing fuch publick fpirit as you do.'

How much more prudent was my tutor's conduct at the laft election! he fays, be roted on both fides: and you may be fure, he fought under his tutor's auspices. Imitate, dear lads, his guarded conduct; and fo defend yourfelves with a two-edged fword, as the dean does now with his dilenma.

PHIL. DIDACTOR.

No. 12.


No. 12. Saturday, Decem'er 24, 17i+*

THE PUPIL'S THIRDLETTER TO THE SCHOLARS OF THE HOUSE.

## Dear Lads,

WHAT has bewitched you? Are you callous to the touches of humanity? Are you deaf to the calls of pity? You have ruined my tutor; you have fet the dean mad; and I fear you will break the poor provoft's heart. If you perfevere in your taunts, and gibes, and fatyrick pleafantries; or carry your oppofition and refentment any farther; you will certainly have three lives to anfwer for.

After all I had faid, in vindication of my tutor, and in juftification of the doctor, I hoped, you would be fenfible of your extravagance, and a. mend: but the more you are cautioned, reproached, and threatened, the more obltinate and perverfe you grow. When the provoft himfelf reafoned with you in the character of Moderator, you called his affertions lies, his arguments quibbles, his meeknefs hypocrify, and his exhortations cant :
again,
again, when my tutor (under the fignature of $E u$. febius) reminded you of the doctor's inflexible confintency, and temperate zeal, and fedate bumility, and fweet good humour ; you ridiculed his pathetick deferiptions as futtian rant, and the initance of the doctor's charity as a filly tale. Nay, to aggravate your atrocious crimcs, you add infult to rebellion; and, to the provoft's face, mock his concern for difcipline, and the attachment of his friends.

What is.it you would $\mathbf{b}$ : at ? Do you pretend to more wifdom and virtue, than your betters; and fet up for reformers, in fuch times as thefe? Can you fuppofe yourfelves fitter judges of parliamentary merit, than the provoft; or able to hold out againft that perfuafion, which has convinced fo many great lords, and famed orat re, and flaming patriots, of the folly of ftubborn oppofition now? Shall boys baffle that fophiftry, which has prevailed on fquires, to load the inheritance of their children ; on peers, to ennoble battardy; on plunderers, to fhare the fpoil ; and on inftruments of defpotifm, to make a little bluftering coxiomb independent? Take my word for it; if you make any more ftir about freedom of election, not a man of you need expect a fellowfnip, during the incumbance of the prefent provoft: my tutor fays, the coctor is fure of it; and therefore fince he cannot influence you by his lectures, he has declared he will write to your frieuds.

The provoft is refolved, the college fhall be like other boroughs: it was a ftipulated condition: and would you have a fenator, a privy-counfellor, and a provoft break his word? Promifes are facred engagements; and the fecret articles of treaties are always the moft religioully oblerved.

In juftice therefore, lay afide your refentment at the provoft; he only ftudies to promote your intereft : in gratitude, put an end to your farcafms on the dean and my tutor; they only wifh, to preferve you from harm. Can you fufpect fuch worthy, fteady, fiweet, good men, capable of being the dupes of ambition and avarice ? Can you impute to fuch bafe purpofes, my tutor's political eectures, or the docior's dilemma.

## PHIL. DIDACTOR.

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No. 13. Monday, December 26, 1774.
Confiteor fi quid prodeft delicza fateri. Ovid.

## TO THE PRINTER OF THE HIBERNIAN

 JOURNAL.
## S I R,

- N the courfe of laft week I was fummoned frequently to attend boards at the provoft-houfe, in order to anfwer for my unpardonable offence in reading.


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reacing news-papers. One day, in the paffage to his hall, I found the following letter, addrefied to you ; and as it manifefly was Doctor F-r-f-th's in. tention to have it publifhed, I imagine I mall do but common juftice to his much-wounded character, by tranimitting it to you.

Iam, Sir,

## Your conftant Reader,

## A Scbolar of tbe Houfe.

TO THE PRINTER OF THEHIBERNIANJOURNAL.

## S I R,

As many falfe, fcandalous and fcurrilous papers, filled with grofs lies, and reflecting on my character, have been lately publifhed, and as no body has endeavoured to anfwer all the charges urged againft me; I am compelled to undertake, myfelf, a vin. dication of my conduct, and a general defence of the propriety of my behaviour. No body that knows me ever fufpected that I gave a dinner to any binop through friendhip; it is notorious, from my former violent declarations againft them, that I would not fubmit to their acquaintance, if $\$$ was not convinced it would have ferved either my own intereft, or my friend's. What fools the fellows are to think that that could be done by any means but adulation ?
adulation? ay, ay, my character will be hurt, to be fure, by its being faid, " I was great with Bifhops." I was accufed, too, with having difapproved of the fcholar's affembly: It is a well-known fact, that I made every body I was fure would vote for the provolt, go to the meeting to fupport his intereft. What ! though I fcolded all the independents, as they called themfelves, for provoking fo worthy a man by their conduct, is that a reafon for charging me with cenfuring, indifcriminately, every man that met? The dilemma I do not difpute, as I think it an excellent argument; but I will clearly refute the affertion of my guiding the provoft; for fo far is it from being true, that it is notorious he abfolutely guides $m e$, and that I never have difputed any of his commands; and why fhould I? Has not he given me offices to the amount of two hundred and thirty-one pounds per ann. which is three times more than any other junior fellow ever had before? Were not fome even left without places, in order that I might be fufficiently provided for? Would you have me be guilty of the bafeft ingratitude? and now I mention ingratitude, it puts me in mind of a damned villain's affertion, that I charged fome fcholars with it, for not avowing the fame principles with myfelf: It is falfe; it is falfe. I only faid it was cruel and fcandalous of them, when I had made promifes for them all to the provoft, to make a liar of me by behaving like gentlemen, forfooth. How can I fhew my face to the man, after their infamous bafenefs in refufing me theis
their votes? to fhew them the folly of their proceedings, I made ufe of invincible reafoning; but, would you think it ? I could not convince the puppies That the publick may fee that they were guided intirely by a fpirit of faction, I will mention one of my ftrongeft arguments. - If a difficulty, faid 1 , occurred to you in any of your fciences, to whom would you apply? to me, certainly, or fome other fellow; why, then, in any affair of fo much confequence, floould fuch rafh, giddy boys as you, be iuffered to make ufe of their own reafon ? It is evident you fhould let your tutors judge for you. The truth of this pofition is fo manifeft, that I will fay no more on that head. I never wrote to any man's father fince I left off taking pupils; If H -s wrote to them by my directions, ought I to be charged with it in a public paper? it was faid, alfo, that he, poor little fellow, expofed himfelf in vindicating me, and the provoft. It is a damned lie ; he defended us very well, and very humourouhly; for every body, I am told, that heard him, could not help laughing. I was charged with inconfiftency in oppofing the late provoft, and fupporting the prefent What did I ever get from Andrews, that I fhould fupport him ? did he ever make an extraordinary diftinction between me and the other fellows, though H -s had as many pupils, fcholars of the houfe, before his death as he has at prefent ? cid I not receive from the prefent provoft a fubftantial mark of efteem on the difpofal of offices? and am not I promifed, whenever an opportunity offers,
that his whole intereft fhall be exerted in my favour ? as I do not know the perfons who wrote to me, I inform them, whoever they are, through your paper, that I defpife them as much as they defpife me. I am fure they are fcholars of the college ; but I am not at all vexed; I would not give the fellows the fatisfaction of putting myfelf in a paffion ; but if I can find them out-

I have unluckily made a rafh vow, that I never would fubferibe my own name to any letter in the publick papers; I am therefore obliged to make ufe of the nick-name, by which I am diftinguifhed in the college, I am convinced, from your known impartiality, that as the charges againft me have been publified, you will alfo publifh my defence.

> I am, Sir,

Your very humble fervant,
NATHAN BEN SADDI.

No. 14.

## 

No. 14. Tuefday, December 27, 1774.

Hic niger eft-bunc tu Romane caveto. Hor. Non tu, Pomponi, cana diferta tua eff. Mart.

TOTHEREV.THOMAS TORRENS, J, F. TRINITE゙ COLLEGE.

SIR,

FROM the refpect due to a fellow of our college, but more efpecially on account of that fecret efteem had to yourfelf, I am induced to addrefs you, on an event which feems to engage all our attention.

For many years paft has the name of Torrens founded with unufual delight, in the ear of every ftudent ; and well it might, as no man ever kept in that happy line, which diftinguifhes too great feverity from an over-eafinefs better than you did, whether I confider you in the capacity of dean, or tutor. In the round of toafts, where none but men of worth were drank, you always led the van. Mr . Waller was called the honeft, but you the very honeft fellow. This, Sir, was formerly the cafe; but, alas! how changed!-And why all
this! Becaufe you have undertaken to fupport Black Phill *, as a candidate for our univerfity; a wretch fo deteftable,-fo odious to every one of us, that a fiend from the Tartarian regions would be as grateful to every elector.

But he fets up, I am told, for independence: heaven and earth be witnefs, if this be tolerable! Shall that man, who, on every occafion fuppreffed truth, and trampled on liberty, become now an advocate for independency? Surely thofe gentlemen, who all, to a man, I truft, have hearts impregnated with generous principles, will treat fuch confummate audacioufnefs as it deferves. For my

* The Right Hon. P-p T-1, his majefty's attorney general, fecretary of ftate, and judge of the prerogative court. Of this gentleman the following character is given by a contemporary hiforian :-" He was a man formed by nature, and fathioned by long practice for all manner of court intrigue. His fature was low, fo as to excite neither envy nor obfervarion ; his countenancedifmal ; his public manners grave; and his addrefs humble. But as in publick he covered his profitution by a folemnity of carriage, fo in private he endeavoured to captivate by convivial humour, and to difcountenance all publick virtue, by the exercife of a perpetual, and fometimes not unfuccefsful irony. - To thefe qualifications he added an extraordinary magnificence of living. His table was furnifhed with every thing that fplendour could fuggeft, or luxury could confume ; and his profufion and policy united to folicit a multitude of guefts. To his houfe then refcrted all thofe who wifhed through him to obtain, or learn from him to enjoy without remorfe, thofe publick emoluments, which are the purchafe of publick infidelity."
part, as an clector, I will ; and join with thofe my worthy and fpirited brother fcholars (whofe names I would gladly fet forth in golden letters, were in not certain the world would foon know them) in every proper fcheme, to manifeft our refentment, and rejeef the man. Let us then, my friends, Itick clofe to each other, and fpurn thofe private inuendoes, thrown out every day. By thefe means we will obtain our end, and fet an example for the prefent conitituents, throughout the whole kingdom, as well as future ages. If we fail, this pleafing idea will ftill remain, that we acted rightly; but if victory crowns our endeavours, how fuperlatively glorious will be our fuccefs.

And now, Sir, I entreat, I conjure you not to perfevere in fupporting fucb a man, at the expence of our warm efteem. Every attachment muft now be laid afide, which acts repugnant to our country's intereft. Cari funt patres, Cari funt liberi, Cari finat amici, fed omnes caritates complestitur patria. We will fufpend our opinion for fone time; if nothing is done mean while, you may expect to hear from me foon.

> A Scholar of the Houfo.

No. 15. Thurfday, December 29, 1774.
Crudum manduces Priamum Priamique pifinnos?
Troy and her people wouldft thou eat alive, And eat up Priam and bis cbildren all? Новвes.

ANHEROICEPISTLEFROM BIDDYFITZPATRICK, Nurfery-maid to the right honourable John Hely Hutchinfon, provoft of Trinity College, Dublin, to William Doyle, Efq; as it was rejected by the impartial committee of the Free-Prefs.

## ADVERTISEMENT.

ISHOULD not have thrown afide the native referve of my fex, by appearing thus in publick, had not the refpectable fociety, of which I have the honour to be a member, been fo boldly defy'd, by the gentleman, to whom the following lines are addreffed. - He has thrown down the glove, in thefe words: -r I repqublifh the letter, which you are pleafed to approve, "Its expreffions are as irretractable, as its principles. - I muft "repeat every paffage, even though I fhould make a nurfery my " enemies." $\ddagger$ I bereby give the gentleman fair warning-let him purfue hoftilities at his peril.- BIDDY FITZPATRICK.

A$S$ beauteous Helen (bane and boaft of Troy)t, In fhining armour, deck'd the Trojan Boy, Rous'd him, from revel, minftrelfy, and dance, To wield the buckler, and to hurl the lance;

From
$\ddagger$ See the anfwer of William Doyle, Efq; to an addrets prefented to him by Mr. James Napper Tandy, -publifhed in the Freeman's Journal.
$\dagger$ We need not be furpris'd at this young lady's erudition-it was but natural that the prefident of a learned feminary fhould require an attention to literature, even is his nurfery maid.

From foft embraces, and the bed of down, In laurell'd fields to purchafe fair renown; Refign'd her pleafure, for the hero's fame; And cry'd " go forth and earn a deathlefs name."

Divine Salvagni fends her hero forth, To prove, in Freeman's Journal, patriot worth. From melting airs, and foft Italian founds, From luring eyes with fly infidious wounds, From am'rous parley, from delightful war, And gentle fights-yet not without a \{car, She fends him forth to wield the grev-goofe pen, And fcourge the publick deeds of publick men; With gentle lifp, fhe cries,-to arms ! -to arms ! And alma mater hears the wild alarms.

Where, (mighty fpirit!) haft thou lain conceal'd ? At moft, feen dimly - in thy works reveal'd Haft thou with wild prophetic fury fir'd, To deep retreats, and facred fhades retir'd ?
Thou new Tirefias! to forefee the doom Of future patriots, candidates to come ; What future honour, or what future fight With May'r or Shrieve awaits Belcampo's knight; With free-born hand, what legal pioneer Shall rafe the walls and turrets of Blaquiere; What funday-prentice through the park fhaH fcour, And proudly break his neck to fhow his pow'r;
What toils, what cares, what murmurs has it coft!
On Liffey's bank to feek her patriot loft ? -
Where

## PRANCERIANA.

Where with his trident fea-born Achmet rules, O'er jets, and fountains, bagnios, pumps and pools; Tremendous Beckford, - hell-born Donoghoe, And fcowling bailiffs,- (a nefarious crew) Unwelcome vifitants-impetuous rove; The bagnio ranfack; and o'erturn the fove; The clofets rummage; in the cauldron pry; And not a couch efcapes their impious eye. While various tafks the triton race engage, For every fex defign'd,-and every age : Some - wither'd maids in vats of pickle lave; And each-a venus, rifes from the wave : Some-potent drugs and herbs in cauldrons brew, That modern Efons into youth renew : Some boil to mucilage, the tender beau ; And blufhes fome, on palefac'd maids beftow. From baths and cauldrons, frighted patients fly, And Thrieks and curfes rend the midnight fky . In blankets fome (like bedlamites) conceal'd, And fome (fcant covering) fearce by napkin veil'd, Diflodg'd from covert like the frighted hare, With locks difhevell'd, and with members bare, Shudd'ring with cold and wild affright they feud; And fhrink, before the legal fons of blood.

Why now at laft with fword and lance appear, To fill a nurfery, with pallid fear?
To whip the children, kick the nurs'ry maid, And make the very cat and dog afraid. Monfter! more fell than nurfing legend knows, Avaunt! avaunt! nor murder our repofe.

Ah wilt thou dafh the babes againft the ftones ? And fuck their blood and cranch their little bones? Why on the nurfelings muft thy fury fall ?
What, all my little ones ? - thou tyrant !-all ?
No warlike din affrights this peaceful throng;
Kut all is flumber, lullaby and fong.
No horror turns the cheek to afhy pale, Save when the nurfe recounts her wizzard tale. No rawbead terrifies the gentle train, No bloodybones deforms the fmiling feene.

But fay-what vengeance fhall th' invader feel, Who threats a nurfery with favage fteel ?

Our eldeft hope, our young Iulus ftands, Th' aven ing piltols glitter in his hands; Forth from this * great focicty he flies; (Though nurfe recalls and little brother cries) Rous'd like a lion from his wicker cage, Indignant marks thy blind impetuous rage; With flealthy peace thy dark retreat pervades; And finds the Cacus, in his circling fhades.-

I too-will hurl my faucepan at thy head; Milk and panada, fhall thy face o'erfpread.

Far

[^1]Far other gift the chambermaid Shall pour, And drench thy vifage, in far other flow'r. A blanket-yes-a blanket fates decreeA lofty blanketing, thy meed fhall be. Four brawny chairmen fhall the corners grace, Four buxom wenches, fhall the patriot place On woven billow, that with active fpring, Its reftlefs burthen to the roof fhall fing.
There, like fome pan-cake turn'd,-and tofs'd on high,
There fhall the hero tumble, flounce and fry. Then fhalt thou dream, of being chair'd in ftate; On weavers' necks up-borne (a welcome weight). What fhall it boot how bright thy courage glow'd ?
Or what the civick box on Wilkes beftow'd? Ah what the wreath imputed effays yield? Or what the myrtle earn'd in Paphian field ?
Not Newenham fhall fave thee from our hate. Not Napper Tandy fhall avert thy fate. No, fhould thy Lucas (awful fhadow) rife, Shake goes the blanket, and the patriot flies : Flies like a ßuttlecock through airy plains, While mounting feather folid $\log$ fuitains. Around free citizens (a fapient band) And Skinner's-alley aldermen fhall ftand: The mighty Sheridan with aching fight, Shall trace the patriot in his airy flight. At length fome god fhall fnatch him from afar, And fix him in the heav'ns, a blazing ftar :
A blazing ftar, in alma mater's tail; To Provofts, boding fate and ruin pale.

Th' attempt, fuch dangers, and fuch glory wait.Come 'prove the good and evil, of thy fate!

## BIDDY FITZPATRICK.

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No 16. Friday, December 30, 1774.
 Plut. in Ant. Ed. Bry. V. 140.

## TO HIPPARCHUS.

AM A N whofe conduct, O! Hipparcbus ! claims univerfal hatred, may wonder at finding one who pities him!--but your ambition and vanity combine with your prefent em barraffment to produce a fituation which malice itfelf might compaffionate. Your dreams of projected tyranny fade, to your mortification, as an ambitious -your abilities, doubtful before, are now afcertained to your confufion, as a vain man. I pity you -or rather the ftate which fuffers in you ;-for when the head becomes ridiculous, the body muft endure its fhare of contempt.

Buftling, forward, affuming, and loquacious, you rofe to honours; -not by fuperior geniusyour pladings, your oratory in the fenate, prove the contrary
contrary; -not by profeffional knowledge-there you are notorioufly fhallow and impotent; - not by the talents of bufinefs-let your conduct in your new ftation fpeak for itfelf;-but by your vanity, as infinite in its pretences, as impudent in maintaining them. The firmnefs of your voice, your boldnefs in pronouncing, and unblufhing defence of error, bullied men into an half acknowledgment of your abilities ; and while you feemed fo perfectly affured of your own merit, the world grew weary or afhamed of difputing the claim. Men are generally unkind to demands for fame and honour ;-their courtefy to your's was fignal and lavifh ; -it was your own tafk to prove it injudicious.

When you folicited an employment, for which, by your profeffion, principles, and fudies, you feemed eminently difqualified, the malicious waited, in impatient fufpenfe, for the ominous excurfions of a planet that had fo wildly rufhed from its ufual fyftem;-they were aftonifhed, not difappointed : but the candid, who feeing you in an employ. ment fo different from any you had formerly filled, hoped that you had changed your character, and expected fome good from you.

Yet even here you juftified the opinion entertained by fome, of your being an extraordinary man : The poor oftentation of addrefs, the meagre parade of abilities and learning, might have efcaped with contempt (the emotion froper to them) it required
your uncommon talents to make them objects of hatred.

You foon commenced tyrant, and our tyranny has been a defultory, unmeaning, wanton oppreffion; more like the wayward petulance of a fickly cbild, or the teafing ufurpation of a weak woman, than the calm, confiftent, fleady meafures of a reafonable man; an opprefion tolerable only in this-that a thoufand laughable abfurdities in the man, the miniftry, and mode of exertion, make the tyranny ridiculous, and afford the fuffureis a jeit in their mifery.

You, like the angel in one of our poets, or rather, the theatrical dæmon in another, feem to delight to ride in the whirlwind ;-but is it to your honour to raije a form which you are unable to dire $E$ ?

There is a littlenefs, a meannefs in anonymous publications, even in a good caufe, which can only be excufed by the want of another channel for communicating fentiments which ought not to be concealed. The tafk may be ufeful; it never is honourable. It is a new thing to fee the head of a great and learned fociety rank with the humble band of newfpaper pioneers, that facilitate in fecret the operations of party; to fee the thepherd of a learned flock fend his verbofe productions (in the form of paftoral letters, to propagace idle prolixity,
and defpicable fophiftry through the kingdom. $\dagger$ At your acceffion, you propofed to encourage compofition in the fociety over which you prefide ;-did you mean to encourage it likewife in the political writers of the town, by giving a fubject in your conduct, and an example in your compofitions?

By this ridiculous fenfibility, you confirmed the opinion of your weaknefs, already excited by the choice of your premier $\ddagger$.-A man, who happily unites the peculiar vices of a convent and a court : hot, perfecuting, vindictive, prejudiced, and bigotted, without honefty ; artful, plotting, intriguing, infincere, and unfriendly, without gentlenefs or politenefs. His injudicious precipitance has caufed more mifchief, than his zeal and profligacy can remedy.

Under the appearance of fuperior learning and piety, this man has endeavoured to pervert the young mind with fcandalous fophiftry and miferable cafuiftry, and dared to preach thofe bafe fentiments, which (though many practife) only the rafh bigotry of a cloifter would avow. His conduct, indeed, confirms the obfervation, that of all vices, thofe of a Saint are moft odious, fhamelefs, and unrslenting. What pleafure would it give a deift to fee the profeffion of piety rendered odious, by the practice of
a very
$\ddagger$ See No. 3.
$\ddagger$ Dr. F h.

## PRANCERIANA.

a very religious man; to find a fpy and an informer in the priefthood.

We may trace the rafhnefs of your prompter, in the attempt to introduce inquifition practices, and monkifh trials; to eftablifh within thore walls, (where the courfe of fudy excites, and the form of government ought to cherifh liberality of fentiment) a ftar-chamber, -to defend the dread majefty of great men, and great prerogative, by the multiplied terrors of informations, accufations, examinations, vexations, infults, reprimands and difapprobations. Your miniature of archbifhop Laud, has invented for you new branches of prerogative, to be afferted; new crimes, new violations to be punifhed.

Armed with the doctrine of libels (that formidable engine of oppreffion in all tyrannies) you have invaded the ftudent, even in his own province. You have opened a wide field for accufation, and made it neceffary for him to fee a lawyer, before he opens a new volume. $\dagger$

The fubtilty of a veteran lawyer has been employed to enfnare the open artleffnefs of youth; to draw generous fimplicity into felf.crimination. Such are your arts of government ; and their effect
$\dagger$ Alluding to feveral ftudents being cited and threatred to be cenfured by Hipparchus for the bigh mifdemefnor of reading a newfpaper; on which important occafion nine conclaves were held.

## PRANCERIANA.

has been, difhonour to yourfelf-Atrength to oppofition. Your conduct has been fet in the moft contemptible light, by that of the electors, which has difplayed a calm intrepidity, a dignified decency of oppofition, which would do honour to mature manhood.

You are a vain weak man, in a ridiculous, perplexed fituation; and as fuch I advife you to retraet in time. Your counfellor is an ambitious, rafh, timid, indifcreet man; ignorant of the temper, carelefs of the interefts of your fubjects. The reft of your adherents want honefty and courage to controvert meafures, which they muft condemn. They indulge a difeafed adminiftration, to its perdition; and the fruits of fuch counfels, muft be outrage, inconfiftency, abfurdity and fhame.

Since you cannot fubdue, ceafe to perfecute ; fuperintend the erection of your riding houfe. Let it fatisfy your vaft ambition, to have gained the hatred of the prefent generation. Seek not the crimes of the future, by ruining the feat of education.

## CHARIDEMUS.

No. 17.

No. 17. Monday, January 9, 1775.
Duplex Libelli dos eft: Quod Rijum movet, Et quod Prudenti Vitam Confilio monet. Рн IED.

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\text { T H E V O } \underset{O R}{ } \mathrm{~T} \text { E T R A P: }
$$

A new Art of Electioneering :

D I A L O G U E.

$$
\mathrm{S} C \mathrm{E} \quad \mathrm{~N} E .
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Dr. Pompofo's Chambers in the College.

$$
\begin{gathered}
\text { Prancero, Pomposo. } \\
\text { Prancero. }
\end{gathered}
$$

WHAT a dreadful fituation, Pompofo, am I in ? One of the great objects, you know, which I had in view, in my prefent eccentrick promotion, was to get the feals. With one foot on the college fteeple and the other on the fecretary's office, I thought I could eafily jump into the chancellor's feat. I mult own, my friend, Sir Spindle Barebones, has kept his word with me. He is now in London, and has done every thing in his power ;-has memo-rialed-reprefented-mifreprefented-but I fear all
will not do. This patriot Englifh Irifh chancellor, with his curfed popularity, has marred our fcheme ; and what is more provoking, the fellow feems to laugh at our impotent endeavours to undermine him. But let that pais-my grand object of all, as I have told you, was to make the univerfity a fnug borough, to nominate two members; and with them and my nominee for Lanefborough at my heels, I hould have fuch a following, that I fhould be able to obtain half a dozen more reverfions for myfelf and my children. To be foiled here-" bere where I bad garnered up my beart" - were fuch perdition, that the very thought of it makes me fhudder.

Pompofo. Thefe young men have ftrange notions, that's the truth of it ; and they feem to be fo clofely linked together, to be animated with fuch a fpirit, and to be actuated with fo genuine a love of freedom and independency, that I fear it will be a very operofe tafk to work upon them. But, at all evenis, you know you can nominate about a dozen fcholars next Whitfontide ; and although they, with about half of the fellows, and a few itragglers from the adverfary's camp, will not make a majority, yet fo high an act of power will ferve to intimidate the reft, and by fhewing them that no college honours are to be obtained but by compliance with your requifitions, frighten thefe peffilent voters into your meafures, or render their oppugnation futile and inefficacious.

Prancero.

Prancero. It will be a daring attempt, and I fear were I to do it, the houfe of commons would fet them afide as occafional voters; as they did in old Baldwin's time.-But no matter. - I am now fo deeply engaged that I muft fop at nothing. - But, my dear friend, that time is far off, and perhaps a diffolution of parliament may take place between this and then. May we not do fomething in the mean while? This Dr. Dilemmat, whon I have too rafhly confided in, is fo proud, fo uncomplying, fo paflionate, and has withal fo much of monkif fevcrity about him, that, although he is ready enough to do the meaneft offices for me, yet he has rather eftranged and exafperated the boys than conciliated them to the : and, to own the truth, my own meafures have, I fear, been too violent, and feem rather to have cemented than loofened the oppofition. They begin to talk loudly of my breaking through the ftated order of college appointments, and of my thrufting a creature of my own into an office to which he was not entitled, for the purpofe of making him a Spy upon their actions.-of my having erected an Inquifition within thefe walls, and endeavoured to reftrain even the freedom of thonght-of my arraigning ftadents for imputed offences, undefcribed by the ftatutes $\ddagger$-of my inveigling them to criminate thomfelves-and after a tedious and nugatory examination, difinifling thein with a fort of Deiphick Sentence, fo very ambiguous
that

+ Dr. $F-\int-t b_{0}$
$\ddagger$ Several Atudents were cited before the board for reading a newfeaper in the College Hall.


## PRANCERIANA.

that they could not appeal from it, becaufe forfooth no one could underftand it. This and a great deal more has been faid, and I mult own not withou: foundation. You remember, my dear doctor, one of them, $\dagger$ whom I haraffed for three days at the board (who, unfortunately for us, had fo amiable a character, and behaved with fuch moderation and decorum that we could not venture to meddle with him) had the impudence to afk me to give him a copy of my fentence in writing ; no doubt, for the purpofe of appealing to the vifitors. The fellow wanted me to give the urfubfantial nothing a being and a name. - But I wander from my point. - What can we do with thefe refolute, impracticable fcholars ?

Pompofo. Why, in God's name, fince violence has not fucceeded, you may effay the effect of more pacific operations. - Adulation, adulation, is the grand arcanum ; as my poor friend Andrews ufed to fay. -You are, you know, foon to erect a theatre for the purpofe of teaching the rifing generation the arts of elocution, oratory, and fucb like: thofe arts, of which you are at once fo admirable a model and fo exquifite a judge. Now, fuppofe I were, under the guife of a preparatory courfe, to collect as many of the fcholars of the houfe as I can, two or three times a week (taking care always to mingle fome non-electors along with them as a cloak to our defign) and initiate them in the arts of pronunciation, E 2 enunciation,

+ Mr. Palmer.
enunciation, and fucb like, by affigning them certain portions of Shakerpeare, Milton, \&c, to recite. I will delate to you thofe fcholars who are the moft active agitators for freedom and independence, whom it is moft important for you to court urgently, and who will moft difficultly be wrought upon. Then you may purpofedly drop in, as it were by accident, and by high encomiums on their performance worm yourfelf-you underftand me-

Prancero. Perfcctly. - Ten thoufand thanks, my dear Pomp. "Thou art the beft of cut-throats." -- I befeech you lofe no time, but run immediately and bring in as many of the fcholars as you can meet with -I'll retire into the next room ; and prefently when you are all in the middle of the pandemonium or the Capitol, drop in among you.

Pompofo. I fly to execute your mandates; nor thall I ever fuccumb under any tafk you are pleafed to impofe upon me.
[Pompofo goes out, and Prancero retires into an adjoining chamber.-After a Bort abfence Pompoio returns with balf a dozen fcholars ]

Pompsfo. Be fo good, Sir Claffick, and Sir Silverton, to open the celebrated fcene in Julius Cxfar, between Brutus and Callius.
[Scbulars read.]

Pompofo. Bene - Euge - admirable indeed!But whom do I fee ?-1 proteft our amiable P— has condefcended-

Prancero (entering). Gentlemen, I beg you'll keep your feats-Sir Claffick-Sir Silverton-pray go on ;-I fhall be glad to take a leffon from two young gentlemen of whofe excellent elocution I have heared fo much, fince my promotion to the high office I have now the honour to enjoy.

> Sir Silverton.
> rou bave done that you frould be forry for;

The:e is no terror, Caflius, in your threats.
For I am arm'd fo frong in honeity,
That they pals by me as the idle wind
That I reipect not; I did fend to you
For certain fums of gold, which you deny'd me,
For I can raife no money by vile means;
By heav'n, I had rather coin my heart,
And drop my blood for drachma's, than to wring From the hard hands of peafants their vile trah By any indirection : I did fend To you for gold to pay my legions, Which you deny'd me; was that done like Callius ? Shou'd I have anfiwer'd Caius Calfius fo ? When Mąrcus Brutus grows fo covetous, To lock fuch rafcal counters from his friends;
Be ready gods with all your thunder bolts, Dafh him to pieces.

## PRANCERIANA.

Prarcero. (Afide) [not raife money by vile means! What an ideot! but as Oliver Cromwell ufed to fay, I muft talk to the fe fellows in their own way]_Excellent Brutus! how noble, how generous, how difinterefted!-Sir Claffick pray proceed.
(Sir Clafick and Sir Silverton finifo the Scere.)
Prancero. Fine enunciation!-So free from any provincial accent - fo void of any falfe tones! -I fiall be happy, Dr. Pompofo, to fhew thefe young gentlemen, who are fuch proficients in the moft difficuit of all the arts, every favour in my power -i care not whbibler tbay vote for me or againft me, -Merit fhall be rewarded.--Rut, gentlemen, at our next meeting, I hope you will bring Thucydides and Demofthenes with you. At Eton, my fon tells me, they can conftrue either of them at fight. The oration of Pericles will be a fine piece for you to pronounce. In the mean while, to come nearer home, permit me to give you fome inftructions with refpect to Speaking in parliament; that great theatre of modern elocution. Such of you as are defigned for the pulpit I leave to Dr. Pompofo, than whom no man is malter of a more fonorous, nervous and perfafive cloquence. But for parliamentary haranguing I will yield to no man. The firft thing you muft attend to is your drefs; no man was ever liftened to who was not well dreffed ; and when your years require you to wear a wig, you muft take care to have at leaft 300 rows of curls
in it. The next thing, but I have not time to difcufs this matter thoroughly. There are however two or three fhort rules which you mult never for-get;-—begin always with telling your audience, that the fubject of their confideration is the moft important that ever was agitated in that affembly; (no matter what the queftion may be; the erection of a coal-yard; widening Corke harbour, or any thing elfe) Then be fure to repeat again, and again, that you will make your pofitions as clear as the Day-ligbt. If any objection has been made by your opponents, which flands plump in the way of there Day-light Profofitions, if you have no anfwer ready, which probably will be the cafe, you may fay, you will come to that by-and by,..-and take care never to come to it. Ay but fay you, this will never do without a litcle argument;--why, as for that you may always contrive to fpeak pretty late in the debate ;-. Glean up all the beft arguments that have been ufed by thofe who have gone before you on the fame fide of the queltion;---clothe them in pretty finooth language; -- Be fure round all your periods well ;-..If forely pufhed, call your adverfaries factious blockheads.-. Artificers of attitudes-(p)uters of periods---dealers in feven-fyllabled phrafeology,... barbers boys, ...bungling incendiaries,-- or any other names that come into your head ;---and when nothing elfe will go down, ftop their mouths with Some fale precedent, or obfolete act of parliament ; (no matter whether there be fuch a one or not) if you are challenged to point out the place, take up
the fatute book, and affect great furprife at not being able to find it, although perhaps you ranfacked the book in vain for it, the whole day beforeProbatum eft.-But I fear I am tirefome. Pray, Sir Claffick, will you be fo good as to open Waller or Prior ;-the Doctor, I dare fay, has them ;you are fond, I am told of the lighter poetry-or perhaps you will favour us with fome collegiate production. - I hope foon to inflitute premiums for the Improvement of Compofition - And though I can't help lamenting, that by the moft unwarrantable and premature practices, a flame has been kindled within thele walls, which by the greatelt moderation and propriety of conduct, I have endeavoured to allay, yet at the fame time it gives me infinite fatisfaction to obferve that the late contefts have drawn forth bafhful merit from its retreat. The poem which was publified in the name of my fon's nurfe, is indeed a mafter-piece, and would have done honour to Pope.

Sir Clafick. With your permilfion then, Sir, I will read you a little $\mathcal{F}$ eu d’efprit, which has juft appeared.

On the Gentlemen of the UNIVERSITY being permitted to dance during the SaturNalia.
Hark, what glad found, the darkling cloifter chears! A dance, a dance-the feftal band appears :

A dance,

A dance, a dance, the vaulted halls refound; A dance, a dance, the Frefomer fhout around. A fidler-hark! he ftrikes the trembling ftring, According foot-fteps through the cloifters ring; Now fhall the gouty man his crutch forego, And leap exulting like the powder'd beau: Each college duty fhall be done in dance, And hopeful ftudents fhall not walk but-prance.

Prancero. What a bitter dog! he has difcharged one of the enemy's pieces full in my bofom ;-but I muft admire it.
He-he, very pleafant indeed;-he-he, the true Attick Salt!

Pompofo, (waking.) Blefs me! where am I? What can be the matter?-The little gentleman is quite pale ; he looks at once diftrefled and lively, and will, I am fure, be glad to get away. [Afide.] Excellent Sir, I admire how, in the multiplicity of your avocations, you have been able not only to fathom the profundities of ancient literature, but to acquire, at the fame time, a talte for the more exquifite graces of lighter compofitions. But, indeed, this is too much-after all the labours of the daythe board-the bar-the council-(to fay nothing of your private lucubrations) - you muft be enormounly fatigued; if you pleafe, therefore, we will break off for the prefent ; and I hope thefe gentlemen who have made fo aufpicious a beginning, will. foon favour me with their company again.

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\mathrm{E}_{5}
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Prancero*

Prancero. Well, fince you will have it fo, we'll have done for the prefent, though I am charmed with this morning's entertainment;-but I hope to have many fuch-and fhall always be happy to fhew every fcholar, of whatever party, and let bim vote borw be may, every countenance in my power, and to inftruet them, to the beft of my poor abilities, in the great arts of pronunciation, enunciation, and elocution.
[Exeunt omnes.]


No. 18. Wednefday, Jonuary 11, 1775.
Dixit adbuc aliquid? nil fane. Hor.

> TO THE PUBLICK.

HOWEVER improper it may appear in the head of to learned a Seminary, and fo refpectable a Society as this, over which I have the honour to prefide, to engage in a news-paper contention, and to enter into a publick difcuffion, and into a publick defence of that conduct, and thore meafures, which have been malignly attacked by anonymous adverfaries; yet, infpired by my zeal for the welfare of the Univerfity (in which the welfare of the kingdom is materially involved), and with
a view of removing the mifts of prejudice and error, induftrioufly fpread before the intellectual eyes of inexperienced young men, in order to miflead their judgment, and to caufe them to deviate from the fecure paths of falutary difcipline, into the dangerous walk of unjutifiable faction, I again appeal to the candour, fenfe and experience of my countrymen; and, permit me to add, I entertain the moft fanguine hopes that this publick addrefs will entirely extinguifh thofe ferments which my firft happily allayed.

I am confident that I will prove to demonftration, and make it as clear as the day-ligbt, that the meafures which I have purfued, fince my appointment, have been dictated by wifdom, and are founded in virtue; I will remove every fhadow of doubt from. the sminds of gentlemen who peruie my letters. But, firt, let me obferve, that the fubject now laid before the publick is of the greateft importance; and, let me entreat my countrymen ferioufly to turn it in. their thoughts, to afford it that dignified attention ${ }_{9}$ that unprejudiced examination which its magnitude merits ; a conduct eminertly coincident with their national character, fince it is univerfally acknowledg. ed, that their patience, their fairnefs, their deliberative dignity, when matters of public import are referred to their confideration, can only be equalled by the juftice and impartiality of their decifions, The preient fubject is, perhaps, the molt material that ever engaged the public attention. The Provoft of your Univerfity is now the object of derifion,
is now pointed at by the finger of fcorn, though the refpectability of his character be abfolutely effertial to the well-being of the great fociety which he governs. The Provoft of gour Univerfity thus publickly acknowledges, that he folely relies on the fuccefs of this appeal, on the ftrength of his defence, on the juftice of his countrymen, for the recovery of his dignity: He, therefore, again repeats, this fubject is of importance; he, therefore, again conjures the publick to give it their ferious attention.

The adopting and executing a well. concerted fyftem of education for youth, the inftilling in their tender minds (now fufceptible of thofe impreffions which are to ftamp their future character) the true principles of found morality, folid learning, and legal liberty, have been ever and jufly efteemed moft highly interefting to the welfare of every well-regulated ftate; for, by fuch a prudent and effective difcipline the members of thofe flates will become valuable and virtuous citizens. The incomparable Thucydides (an hiftorian unrivalled in the juftnefs and wifdom of his reflections, and in the depth of his political knowledge) obferves, that the Spartan legiflator favoured by the Delphic Oracle, from whofe awful fhrine he received the glorious epithet of Godlike, derived this immortal compliment for his illuftrious fyftem of cducatory regulations. Thus hiforical experience, and our own private reflections, unite in imprinting on our minds this important truth, that no ftate, no fociety can poffibly flourifh whillt
whilf inattentive to the momentous concern, of eftablifhing a prudent plan of wholefome difcipline, by which the members of thofe communities are trained to an habitual reverence for, and conformity to the laws, virtue, and morality. Thefe general principles, thus eftablifhed, can without the poffibility of cavil be applied to this country.

But before I make any pertinent reflections on this great fubject, which I have thus endeavoured to bring home to the hearts and underftandings of my countrymen, give me leave to advance this incontrovertible maxim, that no fyftem of education, however ably or wifely planned, can poffibly be effective, unlefs the moft uniform refpect be paid to the man, to whofe knowledge, prudence and difcretion, the execution of that fyftem is committed. Though the evidence of this propofition muft extort univerfal affent, yet too true it is that artful and defigning men have thrown the moft illiberal imputations on my knowledge and abilities; imputations moft fatal in their confequences, in as much, as they have induced boih fellows and lads to withdraw every mark of decent politenefs to me. The frefmen laugh at me; the fellows brow-beat me; my public fpeaking is ridiculed ; my public compofitions are criticifed. Let me calmly afk, is it fitting, that the Provoft of a college flould be caufelefsly made the butt of ridicule, the object of contempt? I cannot become the trumpeter of my own praife, I deteft egotifm. I do, however, appeal to the juftice of my countrymen
countrymen (and confident I am, that this appeal cannot be attributed to vanity, the foible of weak and unmanly minds) I appeal to their veracity, whether many of them canaot, from their own experience give the lie to thofe ungenerous calumniators. I conjure my countrymen in the voice of truth, of reafon and humanity, to controvert and oppofe thofe dangerous falfhoods: If, my friends, you regard your country, fuffer not thoofe fatal prejudices againft, and this contemptible opinion of me, to take inveterate root, and to grow up in the minds of credulous boys. If any of you have influence within thele walls, exert it without delay; affume the friendly office of mediators; reprefent me as a man, who would wifh to treat the lads with the tendernefs of parental affection, the fellows with the confidence of equal friendthip; difpel if poffible, the cloud of contempt which prevents my rifing; you will thus facilitate the execution of my new regulations which will render this univerfity the envy and the boaft of Europe. This naturally leads me to a material obfervation; at the fame time give me leave to affert, that I fcorn, (if I may be indulged in the allufion) to pluck the laurel from the tomb of my predeceffor, in order to form a wreath for my own brows; however my regard to truth compels me thus publickly to declare, though a regard for his memory would induce me to fupprefs, his fcandalous inattention to the great duties of his office; and I give it as my opinion, that had he lived four years longer, fcience and learning muft have died,
died, and the banifhed mufes mourned for ever. I hope my countrymen will excufe this digreffion; I hope they will fee as clearly as I do, the neceffity and importance of it. I will now enter into the juftification of my conduct ; but before I go fully into the fubject, 1 could wifh to lay before the public the real motives which influenced me to accept the provofthip. I do folemnly aver, that I will not falfify, but that I will ftrictly adhere to the truth. What I have to fay on this head muft be deferred until my next publication: as the public well know to whom they are to attribute my fictitious name, 1 fhall ftill fubfcribe myfelf

MODERATOR.


No 19. Friday, Fanuary 13, 1775.

Atque utinam aut verus furor ille aut creditus effet. Ovid.

## To the P———.

YOUR fecond addrefs to the public has come to my Perufal, and merits fome degree of notise. It deferves confideration, not on account of its
its ftile, for it is inelegant ; nor on account of its matter, for it is frivolous ; but it deferves confideration becaufe it exhibits a lively proof of the impopotence of ingenuity, when employed on the fide of falihood, in oppofition to truth. Your warmeft partizans allow, that language is your Forte. Not hardy enough to contend for the folidity of your judgment, they reft your merit on the elegance of your declamation, fatisfied in giving up the ftrong powers of your mind in return for the admiffion of polite eloquence;-and indeed they are right. Your moft vigorous efforts could never claim any pretenfion to the one, and your laft eflay demonftrates you are but periodical in the other. I hall not obferve minutely on your addrefs, for to be minute when the whole is but a tiffue of littlenefs, would be to make the comment as contemptible as the text. The pompous commencement of your letter led the publick to expect mighty things. A performance prefaced with all the big fplendour of importance, induced people to look for fomething beyond the mere play of words; for fomething which, though it fhould not raife admiration, might prevent difappointment. They hoped, through the fhallow clearnefs of the ftream, to difcover fomething like common fenfe at the bottom ; but how were thofe expectations difgraced, when they read a laboured attempt at vindication, that did not vindicate; when they beheld a Provoft of a learned feminary, pedantick without learning, and verbofe without ftile! As to your giving the title of "incomparable"
comparable" to Tbucydides in the midtt of a long paffage, evidently calculated to eftablifh a comparifon between that judicious writer and yourfelf, I fhall not dwell on it. I will not cavil on trifling inconfiftencies. Indeed there is no neceffity where the Provoft is in queftion. I admit that " no fyftem of education, however ably or wifely planned, can be effective unlefs refpect be paid to the man to whofe execution the fyftem is committed ;" but before refpect is paid, it mult be deferved; and how refpect can be deferved by the mercenary drudge of a long feries of corrupt adminiftrations, the ingenuity of a Hutcbinjon, only can explain. And how with fuch pretenfion it can be expected, the blufhing modefty of the fame gentlemen only can determine. You complain that " illiberal imputations have been thrown on your knowledge and abilities ; that therefore the fellows and lads are not decently polite to you." And do you feriounly think that illiberal imputations can be fatal to real knowledge, and real abilities ? that they can be fatal to imputed knowledge and imputed abilities, the treatment you repine at clearly illuftrates. I admire your exclaiming againft Egotifm after you have juft declared that your meafures are dictated by wifdom, and founded on virtue. To exprefs deteftation for a thing almolt in the very act of doing it, is a figure of fingular boldnefs; it has to recommend it what your integrity will have, whenever you chufe to pleafe the public with the glofs of Novelty. I am, with you, of opinion, that " vanity
"vanity is the foible of unmanly minds ;" of courfe it cannot poffibly be a foible annexed to your conftitution, that has given through life fo many flining proofs of a manly firit. Your calling out to all perfons who have any influence within the college walls, " to exert it without delay ;" prefents a remarkable inftance of elevation without dignity of flation, without refpect. You feem determined to fpare neither the quick nor the dead. What had poor Andrews, to do with your whining appeal to the public? Living, he held you in avowed contempt. As you did not fhew the refentment of a man then, you ought not to act a blacker part than Zanga now; for even he "warred not with the dead;" but the grave is not facred from the malignity of a coward. Andrews, with many pofitive faults, had fome pofitive virtues. He could be an active faithful Friend ; he could be zealous without being venal. The warm foil of his conftitution threw up fome plants that were vigorous, and not unwholfome. The fpewy coldnefs of yours can nourifh nothing but frigid poifons ; but I will neither infult the memory of departed frailty, nor flatter the pariality of worthlefs petulance, by comparing a dead Andreros, with a living Hutcbinfon.

## ANTIMODERATOR.

## PRANCERIANA.



No. 20. Monday, Fanuary 16, 1775.

Nugreque canora.
Hor.

> TO THE PUBLICK.

IT makes me extremely happy that the coincidence of law and college vacation puts it into my power to enter fully into my defence-into the merits of this important fubject. The man arraigned at the awful bar of the publick is called on to defend himfelf; -he fhould not claim, from his rank, or from his fation, an exemption from this duty.

But before $I$ enter into the particulars of my defence, permit me to expofe the refleflinefs of the malice of my enemies :- they have ftiled (could this be credited even in the legends of (candal ? - ) my late publick addreffes verbofe nonjenfe, and frotby declamation. I fcorn to refute this idle calumny: fuffice it to fay, that I laboured in their compofition. In fhort, (if I may be irdulged in the allufion) the foul magician, Envy, has raifed up, and blackened my character, as a man, as a father, as a writer, and

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and as a speaker ; -the knight-errants of the quill have eagerly purfued this phantom. I may, however, without vanity, affert, that after they had hunted it through every feld of quibble, and every circle of chicane, they found it invulnerable.

I muft now, to fulfil my promife, mention the motives which induced me to accept the provofthip. I refpect truth, and therefore will not fwerve from it in this moft folemn declaration-that neither avarice nor ambition influenced my conduct-that I was actuated by an irrefiltible paffion for an eafy, honourable literary retirement-that I was impelled, from a fincere regard for the interelts of this great feminary, in which I received the rudiments of my education, to ftep forth to cherifh, fofter, and improve it:- yet what is my requital ?- I have been called a mean intruder,-every opprobrious epithet that rancour could fuggeft has been unfparingly accumulated on me. Muft not this fhort, unadorned recital draw tears from the eyes, and excite pity for my fufferings in the relenting breafts of my generous countrymen ?-I hall leave this digreffion, (which I prefume was not impertinent) and enter inio my defence.

Give me leave, in the firf place, to affert, that the college ought to be the provof's borough ; - and though this be a conceflion which I might reafonably demand from my adverfaries, yet I will demonfrate this truth...I will remove even the poffibility
biiity of cavil-.-I will eitablifh it on fuch a foundation, that the pickaxe of fophiftry, the darts of humour, fhall be unable to fhake it. I muft entreat my countrymen to turn their attention from the theory of, to the practice in our excellent conftitution ; and I now reft my caufe on this fingle point. If one folitary inftance can be produced in this or in the fifter kingdom, wherein a returning officer, lawfully vefted with the abfolute and unlimited nomination of the electors, did not claim and exert the right of appointing the reprefentatives, I give up iny argument, and refign all pretenfions to legal or conftitutional knowledge. It is indifo putable that our flatutes have given me a pofitive power of appointing every and each elector; and therefore, by that grant, I am, in reafon, in juftice, and in right, intrufted with the fole and exclufive privilege of choofing the reprefentatives of the univerfity. Though this reafoning be conclufive, and carries with it (in my mind) decifive weight; yet, to put the matter paft doubt, I will mention the invariable election rules of the univerfities in the fifter kingdom. The heads (I am not certain whether they are called provofts) name the candidates to the electors, who conftantly acquiefce in the judgment of their governors, and never interfere except in the mere act of giving their votes.- This, my countrymen, is an appeal to your experience and common fenfe ;-.-let my adverfaries meet me on this ground.

Permit me now to give the publick my moft folemn affurance, that, from the ftrongeft conviction and moft mature confideration, I entertain this opi-nion--an opinion not lightly taken up, but founded on precedent and reafon-that I am bound, in confcience and in duty, that it is my duty, as provoft, as a fervant of the crown. as a lover of my country, to exert thofe legal powers with which the conftitution of the kingdom, and the ftatutes of this fociety have armed me, in effecting the return at the approaching election, of two men who obtain (and therefore merit) my approbation. I will thus preferve inviolate the great prerogative of my office...I will thus confult the dignity of the crown and of parliament, the welfare of this fociety, and happineis of the kingdom. Why, then, fhould I be afhamed to avow, that my conduct and my meafures, fince my appointment tended to this fingle object-..-the rendering this respectable corporation the provoft's borough ?... Let my bafe traducers blufh, whofe flanderous and venomous writings have made me the object of contempt and deteftation---who have mifreprefented that conduct which fhould endear me to my fellow citizens, and procure me the vencration of my country.-Excufe this warmeh-the treatment I have met with extorted from me thefe opprobrious epithets-the dignity of my character, and the moderation of my temper, flall reftrain any further expreffion of re-fentment-let their own feelings be their punifhment.

Having

Having undeniably demonftrated that my actions have been founded on virtue, be it my part now to prove that they have been directed by wifdom, and were the refult of prudence. I always imagined that the poor merit of confummate addrefs was, by general confent, afcribed to me : yet even this part of my character has been attacked.

It would take up too much to enter into particulars at prefent: let me, however, conjure your attention for a few minutes to one ftriking fact.

It is well known that I have been ridiculed by the fcribblers of the day, for calling nine boards, on an anonymous publication under the fignature of Vernx*. I affert that this was a mafter-ftroke in election.addrefs. It was furely material to imprefs the members of the board with the higheft refpect for my abilities; for every man of common fenfe muft fee that I would thus effectually prevent their intended oppofition to my collegiate regulations, as provoft-to my parliamentary views, as returning officer. How could this be effected ?-I knew that thofe gentlemen did not attend the Four-Courts or houfe of commons;-I therefore eagerly embraced this opportunity of difplaying my critical and oratorical abilities;---I pointed out the inaccucuracies in the ftile of that compofition ;---I proved the advantages of the liberty of the prefs;--I de. monftrated

[^2]monftrated the danger from its degeneracy into li-centioufnefs;-..I ftated and obviated Lord Chefterfield's objections to a moderate reftraint of it;-..I introduced my panegyrick on George Faulkner;-I enforced my reafoning;-I delivered my poor fentiments with all the energy and pathos which this great fubject fould naturally call forth; -and was proceeding, at my ninth board, to lay before them a fketch of an excellent bill (which 1 have in contemplation) for preventing the abufe of this ineftimable privilege-the boaft of our enviable conftitu. tion-when I perceived (I glow with indignation while I relate it) that doctors Kearney, Wilfon, and Murray, had fallen afleep.

Before I deduce my conclufion from the proceeding in general, give me leave to make one fhort obfervation on the gothic behaviour of thefe inelegant Book-woorms;-the epithet may be thought too fevere; -I will not, however, retract it, becaufe they merit it If I may be indulged in this pleafantry, they refembled the affes in the Italian fable on whom Morpheus theds his poppies, whilf the nightingale fings. - But, to return to the fubject, my particular obfervation is this. Is not the wifdom and penetration of our excelient chief governor; is not the parental affection to his people of the beft of princes now clearly evidenced in their appointing me provoft :-1 may, withont the imputation of felf-conceit, affert that no man in the kingdom is better qualified for wiping away the ruft neceffarily con-
tracted in fcientifick ells.-My general conclufion is this : Could human wifdom (let me appeal to gentlemen's candour) fuggeft any fcheme more likely to effect the end I had in view, than the conduct which I purfued at thofe boards? - It is not in a man's power to command fuccefs.-I fhall now conclude with obferving, that my calumniators have (to ute an allufion) violated the laws of their country; they have put my conduct to the rack; - be it my office to reunite its mangled limbs; to reftore not only its firmnefs, but its beauty.

## MODERA'TOR.

P. S. The p-t having, now, compleatly juftified himfelf as to College-matters ; will, in his next paper, addrefs himfelf, particularly, to his reipectable conftituents.

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\text { No. 21. Wednefday, fanuary 18, } 1774 .
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> Sit quoque noftra domus vel cenfu parva vel ortu, Ingenio certe non latet illa meo.

> Ovid

TO THE RESPECTABLE ELECTORS OY THE CITY OF CORKE.

IF the man who has facrificed every private confileration - who has dcvoted his life to the fervice of his king and country - who has worn out his conftitution, who has injured his fortune, by his unwearied attention to the interefts of the publickmay, with propricty, claim from any fet of men living a patient and unprejudiced hearing, whilft he refutes thofe calumnies from which his publick merit and his private virtues could not field him, he furely might demand this fmall favour as his right, when he addreffes himfelf to men who have long known and proved his worth-whofe city, not long fince a mere neft of fmugglers, his poor efforts, zealoufly exerted, have raifed to an enviable height - to men, who, with an honourable liberality of mind, muft confefs that they have now become, chiefly through his means, fair, refpectable, and opulent traders. Your faithful reprefentative, with a confidence

## PRANCERIANA.

dence which confcious integrity could alone infpire, appeals to you, his conftituents -to you fubmits the canvafs of his conduct. Happy am I, in feeling that I muft have, on this great occafion, a powerful advocate in your breafts-your gratitude. Is there an individual in your city who muft not confefs, that from me, in a great meafure, he derives his comforts and his wealth ? - Such fervices, I well know, might probably have out-tongued the clamours which prevail againft me; and I might, without any imputation, have declined this fpecies of juftification, which fome may think derogatory to my dignity. I can, however, claim, in this part of my conduct, the merit (merit by no means inconfiderable) that I have uniformly fhewed the moft refpectful attention to you, my friends and fellowcitizens.

Permit me to remind you of what I have done, and what I have fuffered for you. When his Majefty was pleafed to confer on me the important truft of the provolthip, I feized the earlieft opportunity of communicating to you (and let me fay this was a mark of refpect which any other man in my fituation would have omitted) the interefting intelligence of this honourable promotion. I wifhed too that your happinefs on this occafion fhould not be in the leaft allayed; and therefore refolved that the tidings of this great event fhould be firft announced to you by my pen. In a fentimental intercourfe between delicate and warm friends, no medi-
ator fhould be adnitted; -the delightful ftream of a mutual communication of thoughts fhould flow direct. For the fole purpofe, therefore, of preventing a premature conveyance to you of the news of my appointment, I brifk!y pufhed about (if I may be indulged in the pleafant allufion) an honourable falflood, and made my friend Damer, my Croupier: I made this obliging little man affert, in every quarter of the city, upon his honour, that I would not be fo ungenerous as to folicit-that governinent would not be fo wicked-as to grant me, this office. By this innocent conirivance I added confiderably to the rapturous fatisfaction of men, whofe refined feelings fo well qualify them for enjoying the delightul feaft of friend fhip.

But exquifite fenfibility has its mifery. - I muft wound your fympathetick breafts, when I tell you that appointment has embittered every hour of my Jife; - when I unhofom myfelf to you, in the confidence of friendfhif, and confefs that the Provoft's chair, in which I fendly hoped to repofe myfelf, after the fatigues of a bufy, bufling life, is a feat of thorns. And for whofe fake have I fuffered the miferies which my acceptance of the provofthip has drawn on me? - For the fake of you, and your children;-an unremitting attention to your interefts is the general fpring of my actions, and folely influenced my conduct in this inftance. From the day of my appointment I had refolved, in the difcharge of the great duties of my important office, to
fhew fuch an exemplary attention to the learning and morals of your fons, that every father in your city muft be branded as ungrateful, mult be a bankrupt in honour, who did not repay thofe favours by an abfolute furrender to me of the difpofal of their votes.-Befides, I confefs, I did once flatter myfelf that the influence within thofe walls neceffarily derived to me from my ftation, muft have enabled me to nominate the reprefentatives of the univerfity. What advantages might I not then have reafonably expected to have procured for your city? - With the addition of two or thice members to my following in parliament, I fhould have effectuated fchemes which would have rendered Corke the grand Emporium of the Univerfe.

I have not room in this, my firft addrefs to my conflituents, to lay before them the important fervices which I have performed for them. I fhall confine myfelf to the lighter though material obligations which they have received from me. At this period, when reprefentatives prefume to contemn the approbation, and flight the advice of their conftituents in matters which particularly relate to them, what has been my conduct even on occafions in which they were not at all interefted? I was bafly calumniated, as having acted unconftitutionaly in difperfing the meeting of the fcholars. Did I by my filence countenance and encourage fuch attacks? Did I hew a contemptuous indifference to the good opinion of you, and the reft of my coun-'trymen?-No; - the very next paper produced my refutation
refutation under the fame fignature I now adopt ; * and the ftrong brightnefs of truth beaming forth from that defence flafhed conviction upon the minds of gentlemen, who perufed it. Did I truft to the ufual conveyance of news papers? Did I not fend my compofition under cover to every refpectable conftituent; every refpectable gentleman in your county? Did I not confult your commendable frugality, a virtue, the bafis of that hofpitality which characterifes your city? And, did I not, therefore, procure the Secretary's franks ? —— This, my friends was a feries of refpectful attention, which I will be bold to fay, no otber man in the kingdom, circumftanced as I am, would have purfued.

When I was traduced in my collegiate character, did I not difcover the fame praife-worth fenfibility, the fame virtuous folicitude for your good eftimation? I fummoned a board, I conjured the fenior fellows, as a fuppliant, for a certificate of my conduct; and, when thofe gentlemen oppofed me, and afferted that I was foregoing my dignity, I conjured them in the pathetick voice of pity to grant iny requeft. They at length indulged me. Here let me obferve, that the difficulties I had to encounter in this bufinefs enhance my merit. Did I, my fellow citizens, seft my caufe even on this juftification? No ;-I wrote a pamphlet $\ddagger$ on my conduct, difperfed it with my own hands in this, and fent it down to

[^3]your city - And here let me point out the great purpores of that pamphlet : firlt, it will aid me to recover my loft refpectability of character, which fhould, 1 may fay, be an inherent quality in the governor of this great fociety ; and, fecondly, it will ferve as a model of compofition. You may obferve in perufing that pamphlet, that the gre $t$ object of my new regulations is, to encourage that important art. I have often lamented and admired that this great country, in which liberty, the nurfe of genius, has fixed her feat, cannot boaft of even one decent writer. When I anxioufly turned this fubject in my thoughts, I impured the dearth of merit in this important branch of literature, to the want of an Englifh flandard in compofing; and for this reafon, becaufe I well knew the natural indolence of my countrymen prevented their recurring to the great fources of antiquity, I thought it therefore my duty to engage in a courfe of laborious ftudy; I read with intenfe attention, and with difficulty conquered thofe mafter-writers (if I may ufe the expreflion) Thucydides and Demofthenes peri Stephanou. I transfufed their majefty, their' correctnefs, and their beauty, into the compofition I allude to. In my ftyle, I aimed at accuracy without prolixity, dignity without bombaft, fimplicity without meannefs, and chaftity without (if I may be indulged in applying the idea to compolition) prudery. I endeavoured to make that poor piece, as all-bounteous nature has formed your daughters, fair, yet unadorned; elegant, yet unaffected.
unaffected. Above all things I took care to be correct without the difagreeable fault of grammatical diffnefs. Thus, my friends, my labuur and my time have been expended for the fervice of your children, for the fervice of the rifing generation.

It pains the man who poffeffes a generous mind, to recite conferred favours. I mult, however, point out to the principal merchants an obligation which they received from me. On my firft introduction to them I perceived, during our feftive intercourfe, that they were perfeeily illitetate. This misfortune could not be imputed to them; it muft be afcribed to the contracted fyitem of a commercial education. Anxious to contribute, as much as in me lay, to to their perfection, I made intereft with government to be generally appointed for the Munfter circuit. I thought that from the bench of jultice, I could, with the moft correct delicacy, infruct them in thofe common principles of legal knowledge and civil policy which every gentleman flould know. Call to your minds my feeches to your grand jury. Did I not lay before them the origin of civil fociety? did I not diftinguifh and explain the different forms of government ? -Did 1 not paint in glowing colours, with the pencil of a mafter, the outlines of our excellent conftitution ? - I will be bold to affert that no otber judge in his majefty's dominions would, without reward, exert his powers of oratory for the fpace of four hours ;
hours; and for no other purpofe, but to inftruct the ignorant.

I fhall, with the greateft refpect, take my leave for the prefent, and conclude with making this earneft requeft, that you will preferve each particular paper until the whole of this laborious, though neceffary tafk be compleated: then read with candour, and with attention the fyftem of my jultification, and acknowledge 1 have raifed fuch a fabrick of folid reafoning, and irrefragable defence, that every future attack of my enemies fhall prove: impotent.

## MODERATOR.

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No. 22. Friday, Fanuary 20, 1775.
Nere mibi noceat quod vobis femper, Acbivi,
Profuit ingenium: meaque brec facundia, fi qua eft, وlua n:unc pro domino pro vobis jape locuta eft, snvidia cerct.

Ovid.


#### Abstract

to the respectable electors of the City of corre.


THIS is the important crifis of my life.Each hour prefents new difficulties-new dittreffes. If fuch be my fituation, I fhould pay an ill compliment to my generous conftituents, in apologizing for this defultory (now the only poffible) mode of juftification. Perplexed, embaraffed, uncounfelled, unfriended, I muft make this laft appeal to the humanity of my countrymen ; I muft conjure their ferious attention for the great purpofe of candid difquifition. But before I enter into the grand queftion, permit me to defend my conduct on a latel memorable occafion $\ddagger$ The practice of fighting duels I have ever abhorr'd, and heretofore ever avoided. I appeal to Mr. DevonMire for the truth of this laft affertion. I appeal to my countrymen, whether my conduct in an affair of honour with

[^4]with a decealed popular patriot did not evince the peaceablenefs of my difpofition. The moft refpectable members in the houfe of commons can teftify, that I always fhewed, by my conduct in that affernbly, a firm difinclination to the inhuman Gothick appeal. From the cleareft principles of reafon, I have formed this opinion, that an experienced fenator, a faithful and able counfellor to his majefty, a virtuous reprefentative, materially injures his country, his king, and his conftituents, if he expofes his life in a foolih, unimportant difpute. There occur, however, in this earthly pilgrimage, fome fevere trials, wherein a man muft defert his principles and do violence to his nature. In this light my countrymen will confider my late affair of honour, when I prove to demonftration, and force the moft unreafonable man alive to confefs, that I could not have declined that dreadful meeting, without fubmitting to the brand of a liar or a coward. Permit me to recite the facts truly as they were.-I unguardedly denounced vengeance againft Mr. Doyle-l threatened to chaftife him. You will credit this folemn affeveration, that I never intended to have executed thefe threats-that I never dreamed that thofe few idle words could have reached his ears : yet he did hear my declarations, and demanded fatisfaction. Let me appeal to gentlemen's candour, could I have denied my affertions?-Could I have confeffed myfelf a coward and a bully ?- In this choice of difficulties, I was forced to adopt the refolution of accepting this gentleman's invitation to the
field of honour. Can any man come forth, and point out how I could have avoided this meafure ? If no man can, I muft furcly ftand acquitted in the opinion of the great lociety which I govern, in the opinion of the great city which I reprefent. There is one important advantage which I thall probably derive from this tranfaction : gentlemen will now fee that men of honour and of fpirit will inffift on atonement for abufive language; and fince I can rightfully claim no inconfiderable rank in that refpectable clafs, I might reafonably expect that the coward, foul-mouthed nlander will henceforth clofe his lips. I warn, gentlemen (and furely the admonition muft be acknowledged feafonable fince partyrage daily facrifices the moft dignified characters at the altat of cenfure) that I will infult no man, and muft not be infulted; that I will menace no man, and muft not be menaced ; that I will nickname no man, and muft not be nicknamed. The criterion of a man of true honour is not to give nor to bear an affront. My expreffing fuch fentiments might perhaps make fome gentlemen in your city ; (I allude to no man in particular) really quake. $\dagger$

I hall now leave this neceffary digreffion, and introduce the great fubject of my addrefs. - But before I enumerate the important advantages which you have derived from me-the important fervices which I had in contemplation to have performed for
t Alr. Stretile, of Corke, is a Quaker.
you, give me leave to mention one ftriking inftance of the moft refpeclful and difinterefted attention to your city and its citizens. I have felected Dr. Forfayeth as my favourite, my election-agent, and my advifer. - This ruinous compliment has involved me in inextricable difficulties -You all know the roughnefs of manners your townfman pofiefles, the violence of his temper, his perfect ignorance of the world and of the human heart.-Anxious to oblige you, yet dreading the effects of his intemperate zeal, I was reduced to the moft diftracting alternative. In this perplexed and pitiable fate of mind the only expedient that occurred was, to recommend to him a cautious and attentive perufal of lord Chefterfield's letters. One difficulty ftarted up-a fufpicion I entertained of the foundnefs of the doctor's principles. I obferved in him a perfeverance in throwing illiberal imputations on the morals and knowledge of every tutor in the college, one excepted; as if the ruin of every other man's character was the only foundation on which he could erect the reputation of his friend. Dreading, therefore, the confequence of puiting fuch an author into his hands, I thought it my duty to take him to my ftudy ; I there conjured him to arm himfelf with the fhield of religion and morality zainft the dangerous attacks of the ingenious, noble libertine. But, alas! my admonition did not fucceed. This fatal book has ruined his morals without polifhing bis manners. I have, however, procured him no inconfiderable
confiderable preferment, $t$ and folemnly promife that I will exert all my intereft to place a mitre on his head.

Thus far it appears, that I have on all occafions fhewed the moft punctilious refpect to you ; my important fervices mult now be enumerated. I conceive that the great duty of a member of parliament is, to unite the interefts of the place he reprefents, and of the country in general. Has not this been my conduct? When our treafury was rich, when our refources were great, when there was an unapplied redundancy in the public coffers, did I not then procure for your city confiderable parliamentary bounties? But, when his gracious majefty was pleafed to defire that the money, which was formerly expended in the improvement of this country, fhould, in future, be devoted to the rewarding of his faithful fervants in the houfe of commons, did I from that period folicit the finalleft grant for your city ? No ; my moft implacable enemies dare not affert it. I wifh for the profperity of your city ; but, to promote it, I never will injure the kingdum. If the real wants of government, if the high official flation I hold among the fervants of the crown, obliged me to affift in increafing the penfion and the place eftablifhment, the more obvious was the neceffi $y$ of my defifting from applications in behalf of your city ; fince the confequence of their fuccefs muft have been the impofing of new taxes, or depriving

[^5]priving the fteady and warm fupporters of adminiftration of their well-earned ftipends. How much, then, muft this pleafing reflection increafe your happinefs; that your city has been improved with money, for which there was no other claimant; that you (if I may be indulged in the allufion) flourifb, without having contributed to blaft your neighbours. This too, muft confiderably add to your fatisfaction, that many of my zealous friends (particularly that refpectable citizen, Mr. Izod, to whom I am fo nearly allied) have been rewarded by me with genteel and lucrative appointments in the expenditure of thefe publick grants.

This part of my fubject naturally leads me to point out to you an inftance of the moft delicate refpeet that, perhaps, ever was obferved by a reprefentative to his conftituents. When my imprudent colleague contributed 5001 . to the compleating your favourite walk, what was my conduct ? I appeal even to my enemies, whether they can produce one inftance of my ever having affronted the moft opulent traders in his majefty's, or any other potentate's dominions, by offering my paltry private contributions to affift the effectuating of their great publick works?-No; I never will wound the honourable pride of a libcral merchant.

His my attention to your interefts been folely confined to the prefent hour? No;-I have enlarged the great and ufeful fchemes I had conceiv-
ed, and extended my views to future ages. Confcious that I could eafily have rendered my affection for your city hereditary, and that my fons, and fon's fons would difplay the fame ability and zeal in protecting your rights and in improving your trade, which you ever experienced in me, I had refolved to make your city a family-borough. For this purpofe, I made feveral of my ftauncheft friends free of your corporation, and attempted to confer this diftinguifed honour on a number of my tenants. But, you nourih vipers in your bofoms; you have friends in your city that were bafe enough to oppofe (from felfifh motives) and defeat the man who confults your intereft and your honour.

Such have been my actual fervices; -fuch my intentions in your favour. Permit me now to addrefs you, not in the rough language of an infolent blufterer, but in the gentle murmurings of a nighted lover to his miftrefs.——W Was it not unkind to refufe me the common compliment of a civil addrefs? I will venture to affirm (if I may be indulged in purfuing the metaphor) that 1 have no rival in your good graces who can boaft of fuch conftancy or warmth of affection. The good offices I have done you might, furely, have claimed fo fmall a requital. Let me, however, affure you that no injuries, no infults fhall abate my defire to ferve you.

Here I mult lament the difagreeable neceffity which lord Shannon's coalition with government has
impofed.
impofed on me. I am obliged to join interefts with this nobleman. He artfully procured the interceffion of our excellent chief governor. Gratitude induced me to comply-This will, furely, plead my excufe with men who, I hope, refpect that virtue. It grieves me that this unfortunate junction has precluded the execution of a fcheme honourable and beneficial to your city. When I imagined that I was unanimoufly to be elected your reprefentative, my ardent gratitude for this diftinguifhed compliment induced me to inveftigate, in the circle of my asquaintance, a man whofe political fentiments I approved; -on whofe honour I might rely for cooperating with me in the important guardianfhip of your interefts. -Influenced by thefe motives, I fhould have propofed, as the fecond object of your choice, a friend well entitled to your unanimous fuffrages. If, however, the meaneft voter had the flighteft objection to my firft nominee (fo great is my defire to conciliate every individual in your city) I would patiently fubmit to his unreafonable oppofition, and chearfully withdraw my favourite. I fhould, however, have perfevered in my duty; I fhould have perfifted in recommending to you, my colieague, until I had pointed out a man in whofe character malice itfelf could not find a ftain. My enemies will fay that I difguife felfifh and private views, under the veil of public-fpirited profeffions. -Obferve, my friends, fuch a charge carries abfurdity on the face of it. -It is well known that the parliamentary influence I muft neceffarily pof-
fefs, along with my poor fpeaking abilities, is fufficient to anfwer every private purpofe. I own, I ardently wifh to have a refpectable following in the next parliament, for the fole purpofe of giving weight to a remonftrance which I fhall urge at the foot of the throne. I will infift on my removal from the port of Strangford to the port of Corke. I muft fay, that even the loyalty I bear my fovereign, does not entirely reprefs fome little refentment which arifes when I reflect upon my late appointment. I have ably and faithfully ferved his majefly in the law, in the military, in the literary line. He has lately been gracioufly pleafed to ftation me in the revenue-department. $\dagger$ I muft, however, fay, he has not treated me with his ufual indulgence, by banifhing me to the north. He fhould not have expofed a body reduced to decrepitude in his fervice, to the chilling blafts of that ungenial climate. He fhould know that I never did-that I never will make a finecure of any employment entrufted to me. If my reafonable requeft be complied with, I fhall divide my time in attending collegiate and revenue duties ; and I doubt not but that, from my intimate acquaintance with the code of commercial laws, I fhall be able to execute fchemes which will enrich the crown, and, at the fame time, eafe the fair and induftrious trader.

You have now before you the whole fyftem of that conduct which I have obferved, and intended to obferve towards you; - judge of it with impartiality ;--liften not to the fuggeftions of defigning men. If you review with candour and with attention what I have ably ftated and urged to you, the artifices of my enemies (the friends of faction) can never miflead you.

MODERATOR.

## Ad Quintum Hirpinum. <br> Hor. Lib. II, Ode XI.

QU I D bellicofus Cantaber, et Scythes, Hirpine Quinti, cogitet, Adriâ
Divifus objecto, remiffas
Quærere, nec trepides in ufum
Pofcentis revi pauca: fugit retro
Lævis juventas et decor, arida
Pellente lafcivos amores
Canitie, facilemque fomnum.
Non femper idem floribus eft honos Vernis, neque uno Luna rubens nitet

Vultu: quid æternis minorem
Confiliis animum fatigas ?

Cur non fub alta vel platano, vel hac
Pinu jacentes fic temere, et rofa
Canos odorati capillos,
Dum licet, Affyriaque nardo
Potamus uncti ? Diffipat Evius
Curas edaces. Quis puer ocius
Reftinguet arde ,tis Falerni
Pocula pratereunte lympha?
Quis devium fcortum eliciet domo
Lyden? Eburna, dic age, cum lyrâ
Maturet, incomtum Lacænæ
More comam religata nodum.

No. 23. Saturday; January 21, 1775. Ex not fictum carmen Sequar. Hor. to sir john blacuiere, k. b.

WHAT's angry Tidal's fecret aim, What's now infatiate Prancer's claim, Stay, and forget at London ; Blaquiere, thy own preferment's fare, Thy place and penfion are fecare,

Although the nation's undone. Unequal to the itaterman's toil, No more that body swift and coil,

And keep good people fating; Enjoy the world e'en while you may, The ftrongeft frames, you know, decay,

And thine's nor made for lasting.
In your own fifteen acres laid
We'll fcorn that bury factious trade,
Which cits takes fuch delight in;
Though you inclofe fifteen befide, Cis will have room enough to ride,

And W ——fh enough to fight in.
There chafe the thoughts of publick theme (For flati'ry does as well as fame)

With burgundy and fiery ;
There open all your Gallick fore, Fran-s foal go and fetch your whore,

And $\mathrm{Sc}-\mathrm{t}$ hall make her merry. Let her beneath the beechen fade, Though for far other dryads made,

Laugh at the Dublin jury;
Like ravifh'd Helen, blous'd her hair, Her leg, like Spartan Virgin's bare;

Her breaft, like those of Drury.

## 

No. 24. Monday, Jonuary 23, 1774.


> Plut, in Ant.
TO HIPPARCHUS.

HAPPILY for mankind, even the unprincipled and bafe find utility in honelty. The greateft villain (if a prudent one) will not do wrong without good caufe, nor hazard the numberlefs advantages derived from the confidence and efteem of his fellow citizens, except it be to attain fome very fignal profit.

To recommend moderation and juftice to Hipparcbus, from virtuous motives, were to betray ignorance of the world, and of bis charafter: but the meaneft underftanding may fee the expediency of calmnefs in opprefion, and decency in corruption;---might I perfuade him to lop a few luxuriances from his Tyranny, 1 fhould materially ferve him, and not dif-ferve the community.

## PRANCERIANA.

It is difficult (Hipparchus would fay impoffible) to find a man who acts on virtuous motives; yet if we cannot make men upright, let us entreat them to be moderate, and wifh them to be prudent. Want of principle makes a more hateful compound with folly than with common fense : the blunders of the foolifh are often more fatal than the iniquities of the difhoneft. Wretched are they who muft digeft the bitter fruits of corruption grafted on folly; who who muft mark the inceftuous union between abfurdity and bafenefs, and endure not only the intentional direct inflictions of malice, but the cafual and indirect ones of weaknefs.

You, Hipparchus, are now in the fituation of an unlucky boy, who has clambered to a houfetop, and clings, trembling at his own temerity, and expecting to roll over and over with giddinefs : all you muft now hope for, is to fall in decent filence.

Cenfure was loud on your predeceffor; - he gave too much caufe for the clamour. Your conduct has been his beft eulogium and juftification: he was ever accounted an able - from comparifon with you, he may be called a virtuous, incorrupt governor. By meafures more violent than any attempted by him, you have wantonly thrown yourfelf into difficulties, from which a miracle alone can deliver you - your acting with temper and prudence.

Your

Your adminiftration exhibits a mafs of crude, unformed, fufpended projects;- not unlike a broken, thowry iky, where clouds are driven in confufed, unftable heaps, before the wind. It feems as if you accepted your prefent poft merely to gratify your encmies (or the friends of virtue) with a fight of the irrevocable blunders and irretrievable perplexities of a wretched man, clofing in $a b$ furdity a life of venality and corruption.

The following hints (believe me) will be more ufeful in extricating you from your diftrefs, than the frantick counfe's of the intemperate, miferable man who engroffes your ear.

You will have as many opportunities of expofing the want of learned attainments as you can reafonably defire; - feek not to multiply them by fuch violent methods as altering the plan of education in your dominions. - Reftrain the parade and buftling aetivity of forward, blundering, affuming ignorance. -Check the overflowings of vanity, the fubmifive infolence, and the ftudied tedioufnefs. -.. Veil yourfelf from holtile remarkers is modeft re-ferve.-Be not blinded when the fervile burn their incenfe before the gilded idol; nor think that the refpest and praife paid to ffation and wealth, are extorsed by addrefs, genius, and learning.

Your political fchemes will be too heavy for your management.- Seek not fupernumerary difficulties
by literary plans, which can anfwer no end, but to gratify the vanity, and fhew the folly of their author.-Do not convene your council, unlefs you have bufinefs more important than to fhew your oratory;-vulgar fpirits will hardly find an attonement for lofs of time and the vexation of debates, prolix as unimportant, even in the elocution of an Hipparchus. - The majefty of power falls into contempt, when mighty efforts are tried, and found infufficient to produce trifles; -when preparation, folemnity and parade, ufher in notbings; -when deliberation, confultation, declamation, written ha. rangues, and elaborate oratory end in projects (like their projector) unweildy, lame, empty, folemn, and infignificant.

An attention to frict difcipline is furely commendable ;-yet it may irritate prejudiced minds, who will call it the poor revenge of difappointed tyranny, or a fnare for untractable fpirits, covered over with pretended zeal for the publick good.

Your care for religion is fignal, and fuits jour character :-yet, in a man of lefs exemplary piety, it might be called an hypocritical endeavour to lanctify mifdeeds, by pious grimace-an attempt to turn our eyes from old latitude of opinion, by new obfervances and punctualities-the complaifance (exceffive from a confcioufnefs of its being infincere) of a Deift, feigning refpect for opinions and cere. monies at which he laughs in his heart-or a pro-
fane perverfion of religion to the purpofes of tyranny, as an engine for harraffing the obnoxious.

As the generous fpirit of electors, aided by your own perverfe endeavours, muft cut off all your hopes of influencing the election, if you are wife, you will not interfere where you cannot prevail: but a feene for exercifing corruption is, perhaps, too frong a temptation for a corrupt mind. Aहt, then, with moderation;-let your applications to individuals be as fecret as may be;-befiege the younger electors by their parents and connectionshold forth to them rewards; -ufe rather the emollients of mildnefs and civility, than the caufticks of threats and perfecution.

Should an individual, from whofe wants and neceffities you might well expect pliability, prove re. fractory, you will not dare to rob him of the little employment which he has difeharged without reproach, and which only the council at large can legally give or take away. - No! This is too bold an excrtion of tyranny and cruclty, even for your unblufhing want of principle, and the rafl malevolence of your jaintly adzifer.

+ Let your fpies and emiffaries mix among your opponents;-endeavour to fow diffentions, and raife various fentiments among them;-divide and $r$ ule them. Affail the fuperior electors with flattery, convivial pleafures, and the condefcenfion of
familiar

[^6]
## PR A NCERIANA.

familiar converfe. Flattery is powerful; -from a fuperior, almolt irrefiftible;-to an irrefolute, bafhful man, unacquainted with the world, the familiarity of the great is an inevitable fnare ;-his vanity rifes to make the continuance of it valuable and neceffary ;-dazzled by the difference of rank, he thinks it a favour which can only be repaid by implicit obedience. A heart, at once confounded with religious reverence, on admiffion to the penetralia of greatnefs, awed by its own timidity, and opened by the feftal moment, will make all your requefts, commands. You will meet, however, with many fpirits of a contrary ftamp, ; and in his conduct to thefe, I need not caution a politician to ufe temper and politenefs - to check the overflowings of his native infolence and petulance - and not to infult whom he cannot perfuade.

I now leave you to the difficulties you have created - to the oppofition you muft encounter-to the fhame you muft endure-to the difappointment that awaits you in another quarter. It may feem cruel to reproach bodily infirmities ; yet they deCerve remark, as aggravations of guilt, when men fin in defpight of nature. There is an uncommon depravity, a ftrange hunger and thirft after corruption in him who employs the poor precarious remnant of days, multiplied by art, in multiplying offences; who, diffufing mifchiefs, prolongs his being to prolong injuries to his country-and, within light of the grave, meditates a dreadful legacy to
poferity of meannefs, bafenefs, and perfidy, in his example and influence.

## CHARIDEMUS.



No. 25. Monday, January 23, 1775.
Major Rerum mibi nafcitur ordo. Virg.

$$
\begin{gathered}
\text { ANNUSMIRRABILIS } \\
\text { A POEEM. }
\end{gathered}
$$

Moft bumbly infcribed to the Rigbt Hons John Hely Hutchinson, and dutifully offered as a PrizeCompolition for bis intended Premium. SIR,

TXTHIL. E new born fchemes the foftring hand, Or Embrio, midwife arts demand;
While Alma's honour you advance, By verfe, by eloquence and dance, And form the youthful heel and tongue To frif: in rigadoon, or fong; May I, from boards and pleadings ftcal An hour, (nor hurt the common-weal) To fing how you adorn the college, With new purfuits, and ufeful knowledge?

Each cobler's ftall thall hold your praife, And ballad-fingers chaunt the lays. Say does the mufe mifpend her rage, When fignal actions fill her page ?

To tell then, gentle maid! proceed, How Alma's fons are taught to read: The well- grown mafters-Graduates fmall And Didymus ! biggelt boy of all. The Great Man courts, and law books fcorning, Beftows on them an Attick morning. Patient attends - the horn-book holds; And fornetimes checrs, and fometimes foold; ; Corrects the brogue ; the fnuflle taxes: The dulleft youth a Tully waxes.

To raife our eloquence ftill more, A noble fcheme he has in ftore. If aught futurity I'm fkill'd in, A Tbeatre, (a ftately building !) Beneath his aufpices Mall rife, To glad our wond'ring ears and eyes: Otbellos there and Lears fhall rage, And Hamlets tread the bufkin'd ftage ; Be pretty loft Ophelia there, The Orpban-Bride and Belvedere. Alma the magick fcene fhall view, And iron tears the ftage bedew, From many a grave profeffor's cheek, Deep-furrow'd in the fearch of Greek.

Her feven wife men, in gowns of rouge,
A fenate form-their head, the Doge.
Her bell for Pierre fhall Alma toll;
Her ale. infufe in Zara's bowl;
Her porters range, and bid them fand Theatrick guards-a folemn band I

O! but I had almof forgot-
Here the Four Kings paid fcot and lot,*
And dwelt old inmates of the place;
But foon you chas'd the wizard race;
Dread pains and penalties inflicted,
From Fire and Water interdicted;
Nor Tea nor Ceffee fhall they tafte,
Nor near the focial Heartb be plac'd.
You, bag and baggage, made them pack;
Old Whiff, and SLam that faucy Jack,
Ombre, Quadrille, Pope Jcan, Picquet,
And Brag, and Cribbage-curfed fet;
All, all, our worthy chief fent packing,
And, left amufements fhou'd be lacking,
He fet the college youth to dancing ;
Now retreating, now advancing, While fharp violins are heard around, And bagpipes' merry, merry found.

Go on, great Sir!-beneath your eyes Sublime purfuts and aims fhall rife;

- Alluding to the interdict of cards within the walls of the Univerfity; our worthy Provoft having very properly enforced the flatute made and proviced againft them.

For fomerfets be Alma known,
Be vaults and tourbillons her own.
-The malk where belles and courtiers lead,
Where lovers dance in flow'ry mead;
Where'er the fprightly heart is found,
That flutters at a fiddle's found;
Wherever dwells the janty fair,
Who capers at a jiggifh air ;
Thy toils fhall find a deathlefs name,
And Alma's jigs be Hely's fame ;
Reftorer of the art of dancing,
And mighty prototype of prancing.
Illuftrious Sir! your ichemes purfue,
So great, fo folemn, and fo new. Heed not the lewd and idle fcofier, Who laughs when graveft projects offer ;
And juft his filly nofe can pop
Into the ridicule at top,
That rifes light and vain (I wot)
As froth upon a porter-pot;
But waits not ferious ends to know,
That, like the liquor, lie below.

For Sling foy the profefior's chair, The fellow's cap and gown prepare; And let the cynick fool be told, How kings and beroes danc'd of old ; Refer him to the claffick tome, For Salian dance in ancient Rome :

Or on the pyrrbick fhew your reading;
And clear to day-light the proceeding,
By Scaliger, of modern days,
Who fet all Germany a-gaze.
Thus wake the youth of gen'rous foul,
To chalk his pumps, and wield the pole;
Bid graduates, pendent by their knees,
Froin Slack-ropes fhoot into Degrees:
While thy paternal fkill imparts,
To other Itudents other arts;
While fome it forms (no trivial carc)
To falk on hands, with legs in air,
'To greener palms fhall fome afpire,
And tread, equilibrifts, the wire ;
Or tumblers, round on platters fpin,
Or dart through holes, like Harlequin :
In armour fhall Ben Saddi $\dagger$ prance,
And clafh his Mield in pyrrbick dance;
To ftand on's head Sir Billy $\ddagger$ ftrains,
And thence the jumble of his brains;
With coat of motley on his back,
Shall Mendax ftrut, a Pudding. Jack; $\}$
But nobleft, who with artful grace,
A table on his nofe can place.

$\ddagger \mathrm{Mr} . \mathrm{H}$ — ${ }^{3}$.
§ This gentleman excells in the manufacture of black paddings, as appears from a speesh of his to the late Provoft. "My dear Provoft, I vow to the Lord, I was juft falting a "parcel of black-puddings with my own bands to fend you; "when I beard the rews of my father's houfe being robbed."

But thee, more ufeful toils await,
O! may the Parcæ ftretch thy date.
Thy labours then, to glad this inle, Shall raife a vaft and goodly pile. The riding-boufe fhall rear its head, Soft, foft the borfe dung thall be fpread. No more with fquares and circles addle, See half the College in the faddle!
The whip, the boot our youth demand,
Duff, not inglorious, ftains the band. Soon fhall thy Centaurs claim the fight, And City Lapiths own their might :
The tribes that forge the ductile brafs,
Or puff to form the molten glafs,
The factious clans that fhuttles guide, And butchers fell, in crimfon dy'd. Lanes, $\|$ earth and water fend in mud, And fhambles weep thy rage in blood. The haughty corporations bend, And golden box for tribute fend. Thus train thy bands to fighting fields, And reap the palms thy valour yields.

With conqueft flof'd, our puiffant head To new exploits his troops fhall lead; To raze th' obfeene and loathly cells, Where fhrin'd in darknefs Slander dwells.
|| Among the ancients, the fending of earth and water from one fate to another, was a token of fubjection. See Thucydides, paffim.

With mangled reputations fed,
That ferve her for her daily bread.
Through High-freet fall he proudly march,
To form her fane at Ozens-arcb. $\dagger$
Through Nexigate then, -tremendous tow'r,
His doughty hoff to Meath-freet pour.
There, there the din, the tumults rife;
In dull th' Hibernian Office lies;
The Devils are to atoms battered,
'Types, papers, poems, prefies fcatter'd. Their journal loft, no jealous fear
Shall roufe the omen that dye and gear;
'Their feuds with Blaquiere then Shall cease
And folemn Simon rule in peace.
One laft exploit is doom'd by heav'n, And then thy ford to rut be given : Far hence dull plodding troth to beat, That loads too long Africa's feat; 'To bear away the Ctanc'llor's mace, Fix thee triumphant in his place. Then fall thy cares, thy toils be crown'i, Ard 10 Pecans ring around.

[^7]
## 

No. 26. Tuefday, Fanuary 24, $1775 \ddagger$.

Nil oriturum alias, nil ortum tale fatentes. Hor:
I am the man that did the bottle bring And tied the bottle to the bottle ftring.

Том. Тним .

An Account of fome Regulations made ins Trinity-College, Dublin, fince the appointment of the prefent $\mathrm{Pr}_{\text {rovost. }}$.

THE people of this kingdom, of almoft every rank, are interefted in the good or bad conduct of the head of this univerfity ; fome men may have their motives for applauding, but many may be ftimulated by ambition, intereft, electioneering policy, or prejudice, to mifreprefent and cenfure his conduct ; the publick who have none of
$\pm$ This defence of the written by bimfelf, is placed bere merely becaufe it ought to precede the feveral critiques that were written upon it. It was printed January $6,1775$. for A. Leathly, bookfeller to the univerfity, but not $p^{u b l i j h} \boldsymbol{\psi} /$. Two hundred copies, (we have been informed) were depuifted in the fhop of Mrs. Leatily, to be diftributed gratis, but on the tppearance of No. 27. the: were all recalled.

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tbofe motives, fhould form their opinions from facts. They are here faithfully collected, and from a plain ftate of them, every reafonable man may judge, whether this College has, or has not, obtained any benefits, or received any improvements, fince the appointment of the prefent Provoft.

That compofition and elocution were not fufficiently cultivated among us, has been generally acknowledged and lamented: the firt object of the Provoft was to encourage an attention to thofe long neglected fubjects ; for this purpofe. -

He obtained from the governors of Erafmus Smitb's fchools, to which he is treafurer, a fund of 2001 yearly, to be given in premiums for compofition and elocution, at fuch times, and in fuch manner and proportion, as the Provoft and fenior Fellows, fhould from time to time appoint.

But as a foundation fhould be laid at fchool for thofe ufeful accomplifhments, he propofed the following advertifement, which was afterwards pub. lifhed by order of the board :
"Whereas the right honourable and honourable " the governors of Erafmus Smith's \{chools, have " been pleafed to grant the fum of 2001 yearly, as a " fund for premiums for compofitions, in Greek, "Latin, and Englifb, and for clocution in Latin " and Englifo; to be diftributed by the Provoft
" and fenior fellows of this univerfity in fuch man" ner as they from time to time fhall think proper: "The feveral fchool-mafters and tutors, who pre" pare young gentlemen for the faid univerfity, are " defired to take notice. That from the 7 th of $\mathcal{F u l y}$ " next, compofitions in Latin and Englifh profe, " and from the 7th of July 1776, in Latin verfe " alfo, will be expected, from the feveral candi"dates for admifion, at their examinations for "entrance; and that during the college courfe, " judgments will be given, and premiums diftri" buted, for compofition in Greek, Latin, and "Engliß; the like encouragement will be given to " elocution in Latin and Euglißs: of which notice " is given, that there may be fufficient time for "preparation."

He alfo applied to government to be pleafed to give directions that letters fhould be written to the feveral fchoolmafters, appointed by his majefty in this kingdom, to prepare their fcholars in fuch a manner as to enable them to become proper candidates for thofe premiums; this requeft was complied with; as treafurer of Erafmus Smitb's fchools, he has written letters of the like import to the feveral fchoolmafters upon that foundation ; and, at his inftance, the fchoolmafter of the fchool in Kilkenny, now in the patronage of the college, has been written to from the board, in the fame mannes.

He has alfo obtained from the faid governors a fum of $2 ; 00 \%$. towards building a theatre for our publick exercifes and exhibitions, and for delivering fuch compofitions of the fludents as fhall be approved of by the provoft and fenior fellows, to be built in fuch part of the faid college as the provoft and fenior fellows fhall approve of, and as nearly as may be according to the plan of the Oxford theatre.

The board has, at his inftance, agreed that fuch of the batchelors as thought proper fhould give in fpeeches to the fenior lecturer, with or without names, for the 3oth of January, 2gth of May, $4^{\text {th }}$ of Fune, 23 d of OCiober, and 5 th of November, on which days occafional orations are annually made ; that tbofe fpeeches fhall be laid before the board, that the beft fhould be Spoken, and the author of it receive a premium (a)

He has directed the oratory profeffor and his affiftant, the tutors, the morning lecturers, and the cenfor to felect the beft exercifes given in to them, and to band them over to him to fee which of them deferve to be diftinguifhed in the fame manner.

A general
(a) Premiums in this college are given in medals, or in books, with the college arms, and a certificate of the caufe.

A general fcheme for the encouragement of compofition and elocution, in the feveral claffes, is now, at his defire, under the confideration of the board ; and there appears to be a fair profpect of extending thoje important attainments more generally in this univerfity.

Upon his propofal the board refolved, that it would be highly beneficial to have profeffors of modern languages, namely Spanifh, French, Italian and German, eftablifhed in this college; he has applied to government to grant a moderate fund for that purpofe, and has declared his intentions, if that application fail, to give an annual fum of two hundred pounds, out of his falary as provoft, for that ufeful purpofe; he has alfo propofed, and the board has agreed, that there fhould be a riding houfe in the college for the ufe of the ftudents. only. The two laft mentioned fchemes will be a great faving to this country, will be the means of enabling young gentlemen of fortune to finifh their education at home, and will fend them abroad nore capable of receiving improvement from their travels, when they are acquainted with the languages of the countries which they vifit.

Thefe inftitutions will be attended with this further advantage:-The gentlemen of this univerfity, who would accept of private tuitions, though - feveral of them are now men of great learning and ability, would by thofe accomplifhments be rendered
rendered more ufeful to their pupils; thofe attainments may probably be powerful inducements to the nobility and principal gentry, to commit their fons to the care of tbole gentlemen, both at home and abroad ; and it is well known what beneficial confequences are frequently derived to the tutors from fuch connexions.

Nor have the great branches of folid and ufeful learning been neglected for the cultivation of lefs important objects.

There are feveral profeffors in the college, of divinity, mathematicks, natural philofophy, Hebrew, oratory, and common law ; fome of them founded and endowed by the crown, others endowed by the governors of Erafirus Smitb's fchools; all filled by men of great knowledge and ability, and fome of them of as high characters as perhaps ever filled thofe chairs in any univerfity; yet tbofe profeflorfhips have been all of them lefs ufeful. and fome of them of little $u f e$ by the non attendance or the negligent attendance of feveral of the batchelors; this will be for the future prevented by a regulation propofed by the provoft, and adopted by the board, obliging the batchelors to attend the lectures directed for that profeffion for which they have declared, and punifhing them for not attending or for negligence, by private admonifhment for the offence of the firft term, publick admonifhment for the fecond, and removal from the college for the third :

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Their diligence and good anfwering are to be encouraged.

Premiums were formerly, and are now, given to the divinity, and Greek lectures ; it is determined, at his defire, to extend them to the He brew, hiftorical, oratory, and common law lectures.

For the latter it has been ordered that a good common law library fhould be purchafed, together with fome of the moft neceffary books for a lending library, and that a convenient room flould be fet apart for that purpofe ; the common law profeffor is to lecture twice in the week in each term, is to examine the gentlemen in the books they read, snd to examine publickly once in the year, and the board are to give premiums in law books to the two beft anfiwerers.

This lecture which has been hitherto of little, or no ufe in this univerfity, is now placed upon fuch a footing, as under the fuperintendency of the provoft, who propofes to affit in the yearly examination, and fometimes to prelect knd in the hands of the prefent able profefor, will make it a very great national benefit to this kingdom : three months in the year, at moft, will be fufficient to anfwer the four terms in England ; the reft of the year may be moft ufefully employed by the law ftudents in this college under the law profeffor, and in endeavouring to - improve and diftinguifh themfelves in compofition, elocution, and hiftory.

It is obvious, if this fcheme fucceeds, that it will be attended with a great faving to this country.

He has alfo propofed, and it has been determined, that the apparatus for making the experiments in natural philofophy fill be enlarged and compleated.

He is ufing his utmoft efforts for making the offices of divinity lecturer and divinity profeflor more ufeful than they have been for many years paft; and the beft founded expectations are entertained that his endeavours in this refpect will be attended with the moft ufeful and important confequences.

The courfe of education for under graduates in this univerfity, in the general fo juftly approved, has in the claffical part, been complained of as defective in fome particulars ; it is now, after great deliberation, fettled that fuch alterations and improvements fhall be made in it as will be highly beneficial to the ftudents of the four firlt claffes; this improvement of the undergraduate courfe, and obliging the batchelors in their refpective lines of ftudies to attend the profeffors of thofe branches to which they are to apply, will form as complete a fyftem of education as any in Europe.

The number of fudents is now five hundred and ninety-eight ; the buildings of the college contain two hundred and twenty-five only ; this is a great
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caule of relaxation of difcipline, as the officers of the college cannot be refponfible for the conduct of thofe who live in town; to remedy this inconvenience, the provoft has propofed and the board has agreed to the erecting new buildings which will form a fquare, each fide of which will be about two hundred and twenty feet in length; and tbree fides of it will be new ; this is to be begun immediately.

He has shut up all accefs directly from the town to the college park, which had become a publick walk, and frequently for company of the loweft and worft kind, and was made a common paffage; it is now referved folely for the ftudents; and it has been refolved at his defire, that a field for their exercifes fhall be provided when it can be done with convenience.

He has alfo declared his intentions of providing common rooms for the accommodation of the gentlemen of the college ; one for the fellows and graduates, the other for the undergraduates in the manner of Oxford and Cambridge, and as thofe rooms will bf fupplied with newfpapers, tea, coffee, \&c. it is hoped it may be the means, by making the college more agreeable to the ftudents, of preventing them from going fo very frequently into town.

In a great and numerous univerfity, fituate in a metropolis, difcipline is a moft important object ; as fuch he has attended to it with the utmoft care
and folicitude : a moderate but exact difcipline is eifablifned; the ftatutable regulation of not going into the city without a written permiffion fom the tutor, is itrictly attended to; the number of tardes, or coming in too late for night roll, reftrained and determined ; a new provifion has been made as to night rolls, which has already been attended with the molt falutary effects; miffing a third night-roll is now made punifhable be publick cenfures, and a fourth, without a fufficient excule, by removal from the college; be bas encrenfed and fixed tbe number of chapels in a zucek, and Divine Wormip was never known to be better attended in this college ; he has abolified an improper practice that had prevailed of fome of the fudents leaving chapel before the communion fervice of a facrament Sunday.

For the purpofe of enforcing difcipline, he has made the place of fenior dean an active and effective office ; it is now filled by one of the moft refpectable fenior fellows, and the office of junior dean, by one of the moft refpectable junior fellows; thofe gentlemen being of ditinguifhed characters as difciplinarians, were prevailed upon at the earneft defire of the provoft, to undertake thoje difficult and important offices; fcholars are vifited by thofe gentiemen in their rooms, and the tutors allo are ordered to vifit their pupils in their rooms, and at ftated times at their houfes in town, and no pupil is to be allowed to continue at any houfe not approved of by his tutor; in a word, nothing has
been omitted that can enforce a mild and regular difcipline, without rigor or feverity.

All offences have been inveftigated with the ftricteft attention, and offenders punifhed, without exception or diftinction, but with all the moderation and lenity that were confiftent with juftice to the univerfity, and to the publick

In the quarterly examinations which by the fatutes are to be for eight hours, at leaft two hours were wafted in calling the roils, which fometimes did not leave fufficient time to diftinguifh the different degrees of merit, and particularly of the candidates for premiums; he has ordered that the roll fhould be called but once, and that on the firft morning only, and to be finißed before eight o'clock, when the examination begins, which leaves the whole time appointed by the flatutes for the purpoie of examining the ftudents.

The favours of the college have been difpofed of with the moft fcrupulous regard to juftice and good example ; in the diftribution of natives places and exhibitions, $\dagger$ a new mode was propufed by the provoft and agreed to by the board. That every man's pretenfions fhould be determined by confidering,

+ The firft are falaries of twenty pounds yearly, to fuch fcholars of the houfe as are natives of Ireland; and the fecond, annuities of different values from five pounds to ten pounds yearly.
ing, firft, his attendance upon religious duties and his moral character ; fecondly, his judgments at examinations; thirdly, his attendance on lectures and other duties; fourthly, his marks at fchorlarfhip, fifthly, his feniority; and fixthly, his poverty In every divifion the whole academical conduct of every ftudent was ftrictly reviewed, and every place difpofed of with a religious attention to thoje different kinds of merit; which muft be attended with the beft confequences, as it will make every man, who fee's for the favours of the univerfity, attentive to every ftep of his conduct, which he knows will be minutely inveftigated and clofely reviewed and confidered.

He has attended with the utmoft application and vigilance to every part of his duty, and to enable the college to accomplifh the many great and extenfive plans which he has propofed for its improvement and enlargement. He has fet on foot a fcheme, for a reafonable and moderate encreafe of the revenues of the univerfity, which will be neceffary for attaining thore many great and ufeful purpofes.

Thofe are facts.-If any thing wrong has been done, let the fact be ftated; if any thing neceflary or proper to be done, has been omitted, let the omiffion be ftated. The publick may be amuled, but will not be mifled by electioneering invectives and fourrility.

If this gentleman has been able to do fo much in fix months, what may not be expected in a courfe of years from his perfeverance? Thofe perfons are not friends to their country who endeavour to miflead the publick opinion, to poifon the minds of the fudents, and enflame them againft their governor, by the moft falfe, wicked and malicious caJumnies. The affiftance of the able, learned and worthy men, who are at prefent at the board of fenior fellows, does not diminifh his merit, but their concurrence is a ftrong proof of the propriety of thofe meafures, of the rectitude of his conduct, and of the integrity of his intentions; and the moft perfect concord, and reciprocal efteem have uniformly fubfifted between him and tbofe gentlemen.


## Parturiunt montes nafcetur ridiculus mus. <br> Hor.

## TO THE STUDENTS OF THE UNIVERSITY.

HAPPENING a few days fince to go to the chambers of a clafs-fellow, who on account of his having taken a lead in the late political contefts, has been marked out by the Provoft, and in confequence been cited more than once before the board for I know not what offence, my eyes were attracted by a pamphlet which lay upon the table, and appeared juft frefh from the prefs. On the outfide, I perceived in large characters, which

I knew

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I knew to be my friend's, thefe words:-O that mine adverfary bad written a book!-And underneath, - O Fortunatann natam, me Confule, Romam! -I immediately took it up, and found it entitled, An Account of some Regulations made in Trinity College, Dublin, since the appointment of the present Provost. Having heard a good deal of the prefent College Difputes, though I am not much interefted in them (not being a fcholar of the houfe), my curiofity was naturally excited by the title of this performance, as well as by the mottoes which my friend had affixed to it ; and I read it through with great avidity. On the firft glance it appeared evidently the production of our illuftrious Pacba with three Tails-the great $\mathrm{Man}_{\mathrm{an}}$ mountain himfelf; and on enquiry I found that feveral copies of this work had been fent to each of the fellows, and to all his friends in and out of the Univerfity.

If this fingular performance had been publifaed, I Sould have left the examination of it to my coufin Stultifex, whofe acute ftrictures have already fo often entertained the publick. But as it is only privately difperfed, and may therefore never fall into my kinfman's hands, I think it my duty to take up his pen, from the fame laudable motive by which he appears to be actuated,-- a defire to refcue the literary character of Ireland from reproach, and to - preferve our mother-tongue unpoluted by the depravations of vulgar, inflated, or ungrammatical writers.

That corruption has pervaded every part of our conftitution, has been fo long complained of and lamented, that we now acquiefce in the pofition as an incontrovertible truth, and fubmit to it as to other irremediable evils.-But our language has hitherto efcaped its baneful and wide-fpreading influence; at leaft its purity has been preferved by the literati of England and Ireland; nor has any member of this univerfity hitherto brought fhame on the fociety and himfelf, by any publick and notorious inability to deliver his ideas to the world with perfpicuity and precifion.-So far, indeed, has our language been from depravation, that during thefe laft thirty years it has undoubtedly been much improved; and we have an excellent grammar extant, by mcans of which any man (except Humphry Search, Brutus, or the marble-headed Knight) may, with a very little application, learn to write at leaft correetly, if not with elegance. -Tbat perfon therefore is not a friend to bis country, who leffens the reputation of the only feminary of learning in it, and poifons the minds of the Students, by exhibiting to them a bafe model of compofition,-by corrupting the modes of feech, and the analogy of language.

Had the Provolt confined our difgrace to this country, it would have been more tolerable ; but in order to diffufe it as wide as poffible, he has, we are told, fent feveral copies of his work to the great fchools, and the two Univerfities of England, and one to his Majefty. - Noftra per immenfas ibunt pra-

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conia gentes. - Thus it becomes a matter of national concern; and it is the interef of every gownfman, left he fhould be involved in the opprobrium which will certainly fall on our Univerfity, to declare to the world, that he fees with concern the head of the only college in this kingdom, exhibit to the publick a compofition replete with almoft every anomaly that the Englifh language affords.

With refpect to the objects of the prefent Provoft, -the converting the College into a family-borough, and the eftablifhing of certain new inftitutionsas a lover of independency, and a friend to the conftitution, I heartily hope he may be defeated in the former; as a member of the Univerfity, and a well-wifher to it, I fhall be no lefs pleafed that his new regulations, if they be well conceived, may be as happily executed.-To oppofe him in the former, and to ferutinize the latter, I leave to others. To review his periods, and examine his diction, is a takk fufficiently burthenfome for a fingle perfon.

But before I proceed to review the language of this elaborate performance, I cannot forbear to take notice of the fophiftry of the argument.-The electors of the Univerfity hear that the Provoft has fent to feveral of the fellows, and folicited their votes for two perfons whom he frould name. They are immediately alarmed;-they meet-affociate-and refolve to maintain their independence. - The Provoft is enraged; the moft violent meafures are a-

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dopted,-frequent boards are held; feveral fcholars are cited, examined, threatened, cenfured. In a word, the conteft is carried on (as far as I have learned) with firmnefs and moderation on one fide, and much intemperance on the other.--Thus ftands the matter. - And now for argument. "An unreafonable outcry has been made; I have been calumniated; -I am wholly innocent ; for (I know, gentle reader, you expect he fhould fay, 'I bave been guilty of no vioience,--- I bave not endeavoured to aikrate reprefeniatives, .--I baec not invaded the rights of the clectors-but you are miftaken;'-I have made fuch and fuch regulations with refpect to the dicipline of the Univerfity, and they are all excellent." -In the name of Smiglecius does he think us totally devoid of common fenfe? Whether his regulations are wife, or not, time only can hew; but furely they are notbing to the purpofe: and every frefoman would tell him that his argument is not ad sdem.

The firft paragraph that attracts our notice, runs thus:
" Thefe inftitutions will be attended with this " further advantage:-The gentlemen of this Uni"verfity, who would accept of private tuitions, "though feveral of them are now men of great learn" ing and ability, would by thofe accomplifhments " (i, e. the effablifbment of profefiors of modern lan*guages, and the building of a riding-houfe, for "there
" thefe are mentioned immediately before) be ren"dered more ufeful to their pupils." [An account, छ'c. p. 5.]

By this paragraph are we to underftand, that thefe gentlemen would accept of tuitions, notwithflanding that they are men of abilities?-Or, that by thefe, I beg pardon, I fhould fay thofe, accomplifhments (the profeforfhips and the riding-boufe) they would be more ufeful than without them iOr, that thofe accomplifiments are more ufeful than learning and ability?

It certainly requires a glofs;-and the learned writer will do well to add one in the next edition.

But let us haften from thefe petty inaccuracies, to the moft extraordinary piece of writing that we ever remember to have met with.
"There are feveral profefors in the college of di-. " vinity, mathematics, natural philofophy, hebrew, " oratory, and common law ; fome of them founded " and endowed by the crown, others endowed by " the governors of Erafmus Smith's fchools; all filled " by men of great knowledge and ability, and fome " of them of as high characters as, perhaps ever "filled thofe chairs in any univerfity." [Ante page 136.]

Every one has heard of the founding of a fchool, or college; but the founding of profefors is quite new.

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new. The prefent fellows of the Univerfity are men of acknowledged abilities, and, I am fure, are as loyal as any of his Majefty's fubjects ; but I much queftion whether they will allow that any one but God Almighty has endorved them with thofe faculties which they poffefs : nor, indeed, did I ever hear before that fuch a power as is here mentioned refided in the crown. But it feems that not only his Majefty, but the governors of Erafmus Smith's fchools, for the time being, are gifted with this extraordinary power. They have acquired it, no doubt, fince the appointment of the prefent Provoft. But the matter does not reft here. Tbofe profeffors are not only endowed by the crown, but they are filled by men of great knowledge and ability That thofe profeffors Chould, like the Trojan horfe, carry men in their bellies, is no doubt, a wonderful phenomenon;-but as we muft take it for granted, that every part of this performance is frictly true, I cannot help congratulating my brother. ftudents on the great advantages we are likely to derive from thefe big-bellied profeffors, whofe numbers have, in fo fhort a time, been doubled, without any expence to the Univerfity - "AND fome of them of as high characters, as perhaps, ever filled thofe chairs in any Univerfity." Juft now they were profeffors - then his Majefly endowed them - then they were filled with other profeffors-and now, at laft, (ftrange metamorphofis !) they are turned into cbairs. I remember, in one of the modern pantomimes, fome grave juftices of the peace are, by the artful turning

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turning of the feats on which they fit, transformed into old women:-But this trick of converting the profeffors of the Univerfity into chairs, is fo much grander a piece of legerdemain, that Harlequin muft yield the palm to the prefent Provoft.

We next are told, that "premiums were formerly, and are now, giving to the divinity and greek lectures ;-it is determined, at his defire, to extend them to the hebrew, hiftorical, oratory, and common law lectures." [Ante, p. 137.]

The late Dr. Madden deferves to be always held in remembrance, for his admirable inftitution of premiums for fuch fludents, as fhould appear to the feveral examiners the beft fcholars in their refpective clafles. But he little dreamed that fo great an alteration fhould be made in a few years after his death; that the fudents fould lofe this grand incentive to diligence; and that premiums, inftead of being diftributed among them, as formerly, fhould be confined to the lectures themfelves. -Perhaps it may be faid, that this is an error of the prefs, and that we ought in this place to read lecturers. - but the depriving us of our premiums, and giving them to our lecturers, would be fuch partiality and injuftice, that I cannot, for my own part, think the Provoft has fo extravagant and unjuft a fcheme in contemplation.
"Hc has increafed and fixed the number of chapels in a sveck." - [Same Account, v'c. Page 9.]

The college chapel I have always thought too fmall, and by no means fufficiently magnificent for the only univerfity in Ireland. The addition of a number of chapels to it would certainly render it more commodious than it is at prefent, and be the means of accommodating a greater number of perfons during the celebration of Divine Service, than the old building can now contain. But whether one large edifice would not be more fuperb, is, I think, worthy of confideration.-When I read this paffage, it immediately ftruck me that thefe chapels muit be fmall additional buldings, like thofe which, according to the accounts of travellers, are-annexed to Roman Ca:holick churches, and dedicated to particular faints; -and when I came to the word fixiad, it naturally brought to my mind the city of Venice, which, we are told, is built on a number of fouting iflands, that have been fixed and confolidated by art. But that the provoft fhould have been able to execute fo great a work in fo fhort a time as a zuek, aftonifhed me fo much, that I immediately ran down into the court, when, lo! the old chapel appeared in its old place, and not a fingle new building near it._-I lifted up my eyes in amazement, and went back to my friend's chambers, fufpecting that I had made fome miftake: but I found the paffage juft as it is above quoted,
and muft leave the interpretation of it to fome more able commentator.

I have now, I fear, tired my reader as well as myfelf; yet, I cannot omit the following elegant phrafes :
"The fchoolmafter of the fchool in Kilkenny has " been woritten to." $[P .133$.$] " He has directed the$ "oratory profeffor and his affiftant, the tutors, the " morning lecturers, and the cenfor, to felect the " beft exercifes given in to them, and to band them " over to bim, to fee which of them deferve to be " diftinguifhed." $[P .134$.$] "Yet thofe profefforfhips$ " have been all them lejs ufeful, and fome of them " of little ufe." [P. 136.]

So that the degrees of comparifon muft hereafter be changed in all Englifh grammars, and run thus -lefs—little—leaf.
"He has ordered that the rolls fhould be called " but once, and that on the firft morning only, and "to be finibed before eight o'clock." $[P .10$.$] " \mathrm{He}$ " has alfo declared his intention of providing com" mon rooms for the accommodation of the gentle" men of the college ; one for the fellows and gra"duates, the other for the under-graduates, in the " manner of Oxford and Cambridge ; and as thofe " rooms will be fupplied with newipapers, tea, "coffee, \&c. it is hoped it may be the means, by

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\mathrm{H}_{5} \quad \text { " making }
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" making the college more agreeable to the ftu" dents, of preventing them from going fo very fre" quently into town. [P. 9.] That is, either the rooms, the papers, the tea, or the coffee; for, by $i t$, any of thefe is clearly undertood.
"This (tbe Law) lecture, which has been hi" therto of little or no ufe in this univerfity, is now " placed upon fuch a footing, as under the fuper" intendency of the provoft who propofes to affift in " the yearly examination, and fometimes to prelect " and in the bands of the prefent able profefor, $t$ will " make it a very great national benefit to this king"dom,"
'The abilitics of the prefent law-profeffor are univerfally acknowledged - but, whether he is able to fuftain the prefent provoft in bis bands (as Glumdalclitch ufed to exhibit Gulliver) for fo long a time as muft necefiarily be employed in delivering a prelection, may admit of fome doubt.

Denofibenes is faid to have tranfcribed the hiftory of Tizucydides nine times. The learned writer of this account feems to have been equally diligent in ftudying and copying the acta diurna of an eminent modern hiftorian.-Dr. Hurd has proved the marks of imitation to be fo equivocal, that I fall
not
$\dagger$ The prevoft feems to have borrowed this idea from an an ancient Medallion found at Herculaneum, of which we have given a copy at the head of this number.
not prefume to fpeak decifively on this fubject ; but to me the account appears clearly to be written (to ufe the language of painting) con amore, and in the very beft manner of a certain well-known and facetious Journalift *.

Thefe are fome of the remarkable pafiages of this work. If any thing has been interpolated, let the interpolation be fated; if any thing that ought to bave been inentioned bas been omitted, let the omiffion be fated. Students may be amufed, but, I bope, will not be mifled by fuch a model of compofition as that which bas been now exhibited to them.

## STULTIFEX ACADEMICUS.



No. 28. Friday, January $2 \pi, 1775$.
Exemplar vitiis imitabile. Hor.
to the printer of the hibernian journal.

## SI R,

A$S$ this is the firft time I have addreffed you, though you have written fo many letters to me, I hope you will afford a place in your paper to a very few lines on a fubject, which at prefent feems to engage the attention of the publick; I mean
the

[^8]$156 \mathrm{PR} A \mathrm{~N} C \mathrm{ERIANA}$.
the conduct and writings of a certain right honourable gem'man ; each of which having been entirely mifunderiood, I beg leave to fet people right about them.

It has been very induftrioufly given out that he folicited and accepted the provofthip in order to ftep from thence to the chancery bench; but nothing, I am confident, was farther from his thoughts. - The truth is, it was merely by way of experiment, and for the encouragement of literature, that, like my old friend, Berkley, $\ddagger$ he thus bung himfelf up in the eye of the publick. But indeed the joke has bcen carried rather too far; and as the poor gem'man feems to be tired of his elevation, and to wifh himfelf on the ground again, common numanity obliges me (though we are not on the molt friendly terms) to lend him a hand, and to help to cut bim down. 'This gem'man, every body knows, was always fond of pretty fpeeches, and has alfo a knack at compofition. Now he could not but have obferved, that the univerfity in this kingdom, though it has fent out fome very learned men, is very deficient in both thefe particulars, not having produced more than two or three authors in an age.-By tbrufting himfelf, therefore, into a ftation, for which the whole tenour of his life and ftudies had rendered him eminently unqualified, he knew he fhould roufe the indignation of every ftudent in the univerfity; and he had not, I fuppofe, forgot what fome old poet or other fays-facit in-
dignatio
$I$ The bifhop of Cloyne.
dignatio verfus. - It was merely, therefore, to encourage compofition, that he climbed up to his prefent elevation; and all his violent proceedings, fince he was invefted with his prefent office, were clearly with the fame view-and does he not appear as confummate a politician in this, as in every other act of his life? Did any fcheme ever fucceed better ? He has imped the wings of many promifing young writers, and taught them to foar to heights that they never would otherwife have afpired to.Even me, he has made flowery-though, to own the truth, I never was very fond of flowers and fine fpeeches-fo that the railers againit him are exceedingly miftaken; for while they think they are degrading him, he is laughing in his fleeve, and rejoices to find that he has, in a fhort time, and in his own perfon, giving greater encouragement to compofition than all the premiums that ever were diftributed in the univerfity.

The writings of this gem'man have been as much mifunderftood as his conduct. One Dr. Lowth, I ain told, has written a very clever grammar on a new plan, illuftrated by examples of what people ought to avoid. - The ingenioufnefs of the idea ftruck the provoft ; and he thought he could not by any method promote his favourite fcheme fo well, as by exhibiting in one view to the young gem'men under his care friking examples of every illegitimate mode of expreffion that the Englifh language affords. - This is the true origin of his Account of the regulations
regulations made in Trinity College fince bis appointment to the office of provoft. - Inftead, therefore, of leffening his reputation, by enumerating the miftakes and inaccuracies of that admirable work, Stultifex Acadenicus, and the other gibers, who have criticifed that performance, have in fact erected one more trophy to his fame.

Tho' I have not I muft own, any great affection for him, yet at the fame time I am fo defirous that the true character and defigns of this gem'man fhould be known and underfood, that I fhall add a few more inftances of premeditated inaccuracy to thore which have already been laid before the publick.
"This will for the future be prevented by a re" gulation propofed by the provoft, and adopted " by the board, obliging the batchelors to attend " the lectures directed for that profefion for which " they have declared, and punifhing them for not " attending, or for negligence, by private admo" nifhment for the offence of the firft term, public " admonifhment for the Second, and removal from "the college for the third." [Some Account, E'c. fage 6.]

Tbat is, for the fecond offence of the firft time, and for the third offence of the fame term-alas! poor Hillary! What unpardonable offence haft thou committed? However, this extracrdinary feverity is compenfated by a fuitable relaxation afierivards-
for from this paragraph we may fairly conclude, that during the other three terms a continued jubilee is to be kept.
"Tbe improvement of the undergraduate courfe, and obliging the batchelors in their refpective lines of fudies to attend the profeffors of thofe branches to which they are to apply, will form as complete a fyfem of education as any in Europe." [Some Account, \&.c. p. 8.]

This paffage is fufficiently illuftrated by Italicks.
"He has fhut up all accefs directly from the "town to the college park, which had become a "common walk, and frequently for company of "the loweft and worft kind, and was made a com" mon paffage." [Some Account, \&c. p. 8.]

There is no one, I believe, who would not have been ftruck by the extraordinary manner in which the latter words printed in Italicks, are connected with the foregoing, if a fimilar arrangement had not occurred in the preceding paragraph ——" The "provoft has propofed and the board has agreed to " the erecting new buildings, which will form a " Square, each fide of which will be about two "hundred and twenty feet in length; and three "fides of it will be nerv; this is to be begun imme" diately." Ibid.

Indeed the provof cannot claim any original merit in thus tacking an appendix to a paragraph after it has been fairly clofed; his facetious prototype having been long admired for a fimilar arrangment.
"He has ordered that the roll fhould be called " but once, and that on the firft morning only, and "to be finifhed before eight o'clock." [Some Account, \&c. p. 10.]

So that on the fecond morning the roll may with great propriety be called twice; whereby lefs time will be confumed by this idle ceremony than formerly.

If the feveral paffages that I have now cited were not written with the beft intention and for the purpofe of warning the young gem'man of the univerfity againft writing inaccurate or inelcgant Englifh, I Thould be extremely glad to be informed for what purpofe they were intended.

OLD SLY-BOOTS.

No. 29.

## PRANCERIANA.

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No. 29. Monday, Fanuary 30, 1775.

Numquid nos agimus cauias? civilia jura, Novimus? aut ullo frepitu fora veftra movemus?

Juv.

MEMOIRS OF THE LIFE AND SURPRISING AD。 VENTURES OF MRS. COLLEGE.

MRS. COLLEGE was a comely lady, of a refpectable family, good reputation, and opulent circuinftances. She had confiderable eitates; but the molt valuable and dignified of her poffeffions was an endowed free-fchool, which fhe managed by affiftant-mafters and uhers, under the infpection of a principal appointed by the king, and held on condition of marrying the principal for the time being. This lady's firft hufband was Frank Bluff, $\dagger$ a fiwaggering, tearing, curfing, fwearing, merry, witty, racketting, rakehelly, eating, drinking, laughing, fhrewd, fenfible, cunning fellow, who loved his friend, his bottle and his miftrefs ; yet always had
$\dagger$ The late doctor $\mathrm{F}-\mathrm{A}$,
an eye to bufinefs, and mixed a proper portion of utile with his dulce:-With all his faults, Frank was good-natured and good-humoured - except when he was contradicted;-then, to be fure, he, would throw the tables and forms about the fchool room, and rap out an oath or two ;-but fuch was the livelinefs of his wit, the open cordiality and endearing, communicative jollity of his manner, that every body liked him; -and his comrades would often fay, that " Frank Bluff was a comical dog-a damned honeft fellow."

When Mr Bluff died, there were many candidates for the fchool, and (of courfe) fuitors to the widow. The good lady was not much afflicted at her lofs, as Frank had been too much a man of pleafure to make a tender hufband; She expreffed, however, a decent forrow ; her weeds were becoming, and her behaviour exemplary, as the handfome and unexpected jointure which he left her demanded. -The widow had no objection to a fecond match ; but the additional tenure by which the was to keep the fchool, as it precluded choice, diftreffed her : The feared his majefty and the might differ in their notions of a proper principal for the fchnol, and fometimes refolved to give up all pretences to it, and retire, with the man of her choice, to content and a cottage; but her friends over.ruled fuch idle, romantick notions, and obliged her to accept the hand of Mr. Fack Prance, attorney, who was nominated principal of the fchool on account of his
fkill in fencing and borfemanßip, which recommended him to the notice of a minifterial foldier ; efpecially as Mr . Prance promifed to be as great a difciplinarian in the capacity of a fchoolmafter, as his military patron, the fecretary, was in that of an officer. The nuptials were folemnized in due form. Prance made an affecting fpeech on the occafion, in which he lamented his poor abilities, implored the advica of the affiftant mafters, and engaged to take care of the bealth and morals of the children, and gave a holiday to the boys, and a treat to the malters and ufhers at the gridiron and three pigeons. Prance, who, as well as his predeceffor, had a voice at the parifs reffry, and was (like him) on the commifion of the peace-was as affiduous in doing certain jobs at the veftry or feffions-houfe for Sir Simon Stifrump the prefident, as that gentleman had been in performing fuch fervices for Sir Brandy Bumper, the late lord of the manor. The mafters, ufhers, and head boys of this fchool had a right to elect two monitors, who were entitled, for a certain term of years, to vote at the parifh veltry. Now, in order to facilitate the aforefaid jobs, thefe gentlemen wifhed to fecure the concurrence of the monitors ; and this they propofed to effect by influencing the electors, and perfuading (or compelling) them to choofe perfons recommended by their principal: their intrigues with the mafters and fcholars, to obtain this favourite aim, were a fource of endlefs complaints, bickerings, heart-burnings, and difcontents ; and fome acts of injuftice, infolence, and cruelty,

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cruelty, to refractory individuals, (even in Bluffs time) almoft drove the boys to a barring-out ; and it required all his acutenefs and good fenfe to weather the form.

The election of new monitors approached. Prance attached himfelf to doctor Dilemma, a man of fome learning and abilities-of much vanity and prefumption-of inordinate ambition and indecent refentment. This gentleman, by new arguments of his own, endeavoured to lead boys to a right fenfe of implicit obedience, and extort a promife of voting, bap-hazard, for whatever candidates their principal fhould offer to their acceptance: but the unlucky rogues laughed at the poor gentleman, and faid, " they had no notion of buying a pig in a pokc, or making their election a game at blindman's buff" Our little pedagogue was exceedingly mortified at this infolent difobedience, (as he called it.) Some violent, fome wicked, and very many foolifh and laughable meafures were purfued. The boys were enraged-the mafters and ufhers murmured - the good were afflicted, and the mifchievous diverted. Lampoons and pafquinades were fluck up on the walls of the fchool-room, and the prefs teemed with ballads; -fome of the boys were whipt for finging them, but to no purpofe; - a new ballad was made on that, and the boys roared it louder than any of the old ones.

Jack, confcious of his abilities, convened the mafters and fcholars, in hopes of fetting all to rights


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by an oration ; and accordingly prepared to mount a table for that purpofe, when doctor Pompogo exclaimed, ' In the name of God, Mr. Principal, ' what are you about ?-It might well be deemed - virulent in me to fuffer you to expofe your feet, fo ' lately reclaimed from the dominion of the gout, ' to a conflict with the hard table; -let me ferve you - for a fuggeftum-my fhoulders will be foft and ' warm to them-and, I vow to the Lord! there ' will not be the fmalleft danger of my Succumbing ' under your aufpicious weight.' Doctor Pompofo having a tolerable broad back, ftooped, and fupporting his hands with his own volumes of the biffory of थuagmire, and life of Pbilip Filch, formed a commodious Juggeftum ; on which Jack Prance mounted, and delivered,-

The Oration of JACK PRANCE, as it was pronounced from the back of DOCTOR POMPOSO.
"I am happy to addrefs myfelf on a queftion as ' important as any that was ever agitated in this, or ' any affembly, to fuperior men, gentlemen of your ' diftinguifhed candour, exalted abilities, profound " learning, attention to the duties of your fation, " integrity, and morals-Men who unite the virtues " of the cloyfter and court-accurate difciplinari" ans-accomplifhed courtiers. I am the creature " of your wifdoms. I fpeak not to give, but to " elicit information; and I hope (without vanity I "fay it) to convince you all, as clear as the fun at " noon-day, that, like a parcel of droning, lazy, "weak,
" weak, flupid, fottifh, knavifh dotards, you fcan"daloully, malicioufly, falfely, and treacheroufly " deferted, flighted, and betrayed the interefts of the " fchool. I have the higheft deference to your opi" nion, and the greateft efteem for you, gentlemen ; " and affure you, with the moft unfeigned refpect, " that you are a fet of good-for-nothing blockbeads. " Your Park, gentlemen !-every tree, every blade " of grafs in it cries fhame!-Though no lapfe ef"capes reprehenfion, or eludes notice, you fuffered " it to be crowded every Sunday with a refort of " diforderly company-barbers' boys, pick-pockets, " women of the town, mantua-makers, milliners, " fempftreffes, and chamber-maids-to the ruin of " the health and morals of young minds, open to " every impreffion, yielding to every infufion. "This evil, this fatal canker, was left for me to " remedy, and I have remedied it.
" Though you are a fet of people (I affert it " confidentially) as refpectable, all and every of you, " as any in Europe; -yet there are fome of you " vagabonds, unfit to difcharge the duties and fill " the employment of dean. I have looked out the " honefteft man, and beft difciplinarian, among you, "to be junior dean, and have already reaped many " advantages from his advice and affiftance, and " hope for more. The natives were formerly very " abfurdly and idly difpofed, according to feniority; " they are now to be given on a new plan, propor. "ed by the dean, approved by me. 1 ft , accord" ing
" ing to their voting properly-2dly, according to " my bopes of their voting properly-3dly, accord" ing to the recommendations of my friend, doctor "Dilemma-4thly, according to the connection be"tween their parents and me-and 5thly, (and "lafly) according to the merits, political and con" vivial of their refpective mafters. I am not actu" ated in what I fay by ambition or interefi-by " little fchemes of electioneering policy.
"To convince you of my care of the public "welfare, and the purity of my intentions, you " need not be told, that I intend to build a new " fquare, (to be called Harcourt Square) 700 feet in "length, and 400 in breadth, (as foon as we can " perfuade parliament to give us money for that "purpofe) with an equeftrian ftatue of our glorious " foundrefs in the middle, which will be a great " ornament to this learned feminary. Three dol" phins of lead fhall fpout up water, which thall " fall again into an octagonal fquare bafon of white " marble. The boys in the fchool are 555 ;-thore " that refide are 255 ;-the remaining 300 lived in " beer-cellars, tap-rooms, b- y-houfes, taverns, " coffee-houfes, billiard-tables, tennis-courts, and " other highly improper places: I took them all " away from thence, in fpite of the authority of " their fathers, mothers, uncles, aunts, and guar" dians, as my friend, Mendax, here under my " feet, can teffify; -and for their reception, until " the erection of the court aforefaid, I have pro-
" vided cafles in the air ;-the reft, who think " that too cold a lodging, I fhall take the liberty of " billetting, four on a mafter, two on an ufher. " The calling the roll but once during every exa" mination, is a moft ufeful regulation, on which I " value myfelf extremely, as it gives an indulgent " tutor an opportunity of obliging his own pupils " in his divifion, by allowing them to abfent them"felves after the firt morning, and giving them " credit, and handing over their judgments to the " fenior lecturer, as anfwerers of a whole examina"tion.
"All your lectures have been of very little ufe, " moft of them are of none, particularly divinity " and mathematics, (which I propofe to fuperintend " myfelf) though it is well known they are filled " with gentlemen as able as any in this or any uni"verfity; men of brilliancy of genius, equal to " their depth of learning, ever attentive to the du" ties of their ftation, clear to elucidate, patient to " inftruct ; yet thofe cloairs have been noted all over " Europe for their fhameful inattention to their of" fice, for the little benefit derived from them to " thofe rubo do not attend them; this will appear as "clear as the midnight fun, when I inform you " that there are two claffes of attendants on lec"tures; carelefs attendants and non-attendants. " The abilities of doctor Pompofo, under my feet " here, are known, confeffed. He is a fuperior " man, his example, his learning, his eloquence " (for
" (for he is a very eloquent man) his plenfing man" ners, his affiduity, and attention, render this chair " the moft refpectable perhaps in the known world, "nay in Europe. But the doctor is very ill qualified " for the duties of his employment, and his affiftant " ftill worfe, which I propofe to remedy by teach" ing them both to read myfelf, and attending as " theiraffeffor; oratory lecture has been very much " neglected, owing to the non-attendance or care" lefs attendance of gentlemen to which, as well as "that of other lectures, I offer this remedy: to " neglect of the firt term, we will give a caution ; " on that of the fecond we will beftow an admonifh" ment ; and the confequence of the third neglect " fhall be removing from the fchool; and this may " conduce mightily to the peace and good order of " the fchool, by giving me an opportunity of re" moving refractory fpirits who let and hinder the "principal in his fchemes; clap drags on the "wheels of government, and fpill the oil intended " to greafe the wheels and fprings of that vaft and " complicated machine. For lectures fhall be mul"tiplied, that it will be morally impoffible to at"tend all, and we will eafily remove the factious " and feditious for non-attendance. I intend to " give premiums to all forts of lectures; they are a "deferving Set of people and fhould be encouraged; " befides, 1 can by this means multiply the incen"tives to pliability, and convey little douceurs to " gentlemen that cultivate me properly; under the ${ }^{*}$ name of Hebrew, Greek, Divinity, IIittory, Ora-
"tory Premiums. I an not a little proud of this " hit : the attendants on fome of thefe lecture " have long been encouraged by premiums; I was " the firlt who invented giving them to leefures "tbemfelecs. Difcipline is the nerve and finew of "government; to promote it, I propofe (with your " approbation) to erect a ducking chair, and dig a " deep bafon of water for that machine to play in. " This will alfo conduce to the health of the boys, " by giving them an opportunity of bathing, "e fwimming, and amufing themfelves with dog and "duck, and fuch literary and elegant recreations. "I propofe to build a fencing fchool, fifty foot by "thirty in the clear; and in a field contiguous, " buts fhall be erected to fire piftols at. This pro" fefforhip (though I am confcious of my own ina" bility) I will, with your permiffion, take on my" felf, happy if my poor endeavours fhall prove fer" viceable to the place of my early education. I " mean to give a lecture every day; every gentle" man will be obliged to attend, as I have fett the " necelfity to every one of a knowledge of the wea"pons. Premiums of filver-hilted froords will be " given to this lecture.-Law lecture, now worth" lefs and contemptible, I propofe in a fhort time " to make exceeding good, by giving the profeffor " advice, affiftance, and inftructions; every boy in " the fchool fhall attend, as a knowledge of the law " of the land is neceffary to every one. Twice a " week he Thall lecture them in thofe books which " they do, and once a year examine in thofe which " they

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" they do not read; premiums fall be given to "their anfwering out of both. I myfelf will at"tend, infect, and prelect occafionally. This "s will be a vat faving of money to the kingdom; " templars need only be three months in the year in "England to fave the terns ; the conftant failing " to and fro will be excellent for their health, and "take up time which elfe might: be wafted in de" bauchery ; and I pledge myfelf, by my connec"tons at the other fide the water, and my intereft " with the admiralty office, to enfure a fair wind "from Parkgate to Dublin, or from Dublin to "Parkgate, on producing a certificate from law " lecture.
"For thole that are apt to be fea-fick, or wifh " a fhorter paffage, I have prevailed with an in" genious artift, to run a flying machine, drawn " by dragons from Dublin to Pargate in half an hour, " and propose to refign 200l. per annum out of my "own Salary, for maintaining him and his dragons " and repairing his chariot -Of my intended " riding-houfe I have fpoke fo often, and fo fully, "I have nothing to add, but that I am pleafed " with this opportunity of providing for an inge" nous friend, whom I value for his quit, liberal "Sentiments, and eloignement from vulgar prejudices. "Galen, Paracelfus, Diodorus, Siculus, Varro, "Pliny and all the other medical writers are loud " in praife of ligneous equitation ; now I intend to "prefent each of you, gentlemen, with an early
" fee. Saw-pad; an ufeful amufement for a fedentary " man, both for pleafure and health, would be " a ride on one of thefe, of a rainy day: befides " a happy union of the Roman lyrick's utile and "dulce, by prefenting health and inftilling the "rudiments of the manege; and I will attend " and give my beft inftructions with an eye to " mounting the horfe with grace and agility, and "fiteing him with eafe and firmnefs. I intend " to provide a large field for athletick exercifes, " foot-ball, goff, cricket, and hurling ; (which my " fon tells me are practifed at Eton.) I propore to "erect a tennis-court, a ball-yard and a fkittle ". ground, which I hope will endear me to the " younger members. I propofe to have a profeffor " of dancing ; (Mr. Micbel that teaches my Chil" deren; a man of fignal abilities) to give dan"cing premiums and oblige all the boys to at" tend dancing lectures. I will build an univer" fity ball-room for balls once a week, under my "own infpection, and that of the two deans. " Of my profeffors of modern tongues, French, " Italian, Dutch, Geiman, Solecifmic and Otaheite, " you have been often told. All thefe amufements " will endear the fehool to the boys, and prevent "their mitching in queft of amufement, efpecially " when my theatre is built, and we act publick" private plays. I im?gine there then will be no "defire to itrole into town to the play houfes. I "alfo mean to lit up a common room, with tea, 'coffee, pipes and news papers; and wi h a view
" to make this entertainment elegant and inftruc. "tive, I wrote my Moderators to raife the ftyle " of news-paper effays. As many of our ftudents " may be called hereafter to feats in the higher or " lower houfe of parliament, this will be a mott " important inftitution; they will go from us, " not unacquainted with the interefts, not carelefs " of the conftitution of their country, by imbibing " political rudiments with their coffee, and de" bating queftions of national import at their " meetings ; and for the furthering thofe purpofes, "I pledge, myfelf to write once a week in fome of "the publick papers, and that I may promote fo " great a national benefit, I will attend myfelf, " and prelect in politicks. I intend to give compo-"fition-premiums; I am fure you will allow my "plan for that purpofe as ingenious, as it is novel. "On the Irifh rebellion, Gunpowder plot, King "Charle's reftoration, the King's birth day, de"clamations have been patched up, or copied " traditionally from archetypal compilations. "I intend to give premiums,-firit, to all the " ancient hereditary feeeches; and when they " are provided for, all the graduates that pleafe " may fend in fpeeches; the beft to be felected, " spoken and get premiums. This, I prefume, "will be an encouragement to compofition, as " great as ever was attempted in any univerfity " in any kingdom. Firft the novelty of the fub. " ject will call forth abilities, and give an eclat " and luftre to the compofition. Secondly, the " fubjects.
"fubjects are the fineft that ever agitated on " oratory genius, in this or any kingdom. Thefe " different fubjects will call forth the different Ityles " and colours of eloquence. The rebellion and " the plot will exercife the invective and the pathe" tic; the refloration and the birth-day, the "diffufive, the magnificent and the panegyrical; "fo here we fhall have all the provinces of the " compleat orator; as enumerated by Tully in " his traft de oratore, which I intend to nake all " our young gentlemen read, efpecially panegyrick, " the moft ufeful to the orator and indeed to every " body, as my Lord Chetterfield, in his invalua"ble, and never enough to be ftudied letters tells "us. I propofe, to give young gentlemen a proper " notion of the graces, to introduce Lord Chefter" field into our courfe; he may be read together " with Xenophon's oeconomics, and will make " a fine fyftem of domeftick management. Xeno" phon's oeconomics is my favourite volume ; my " houfhold is regulated by his plan.
" Lord Chefterfield, in his letters, an inefti" mable volume that deferves to be wrote in " letters of gold, has thewn the importance of "the graces : thofe attainments are indeed im" portant ; they are confequential, they are all " in all. To the graces I muft attribute my rife " in the world; do but mind my graceful parade " when I come into a public place, and you will " own this. They will now be within our pale ; 66 every

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" every ftudent may reach them. Formerly (and "I beheld it with regret) our youth were compel"led to range through Europe, to gather thofe " polite endowments, which (if I may ufe the " fimilitude) like a nofegay in the brealt of a beauty, "adorn and finifh the man of fenfe. Now they " bloom like domeftick rofes in our own garden, " every youth that pleafes may pluck them.
" My fchemes extend fill further : the profef"for of mufick has been hitherto a mere finecure. "I propofe, with your affiftance, to make it an "active, an ufeful office, by appointing an able "affiftant with a competent falary. Lectures " fhall be read twice, Solos performed once a week, " with a mufick prelection and grand concert once " a month. Thus the tafte for Italian Mufick, for " which gentlemen were obliged to travel, may " be had for a finall expence of time and money " at home. Thefe attainments may be a means " of bringing into the world gentlemen of deep : learning but fhallow finances, who choofe to "embark as private tutors; by enabling them to "act as mafters of languages, to teach the young " gentlemen the Manege, and fkill in their zueapons; "the young ladies of the family to dance and play " the Guitar and Harpfichord. This, gentlemen, " is a great, it is a national advantage ; it will, " if I may ufe the metaphor, lay the axe to the "root of the expenfive folly of vifiting foreign " countries. The confequence will be, the future " and.

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" and fuperior accomplifunents of the next ge" neration ; the prefent faving of money to the " kingdom, and the merit of this I mult (it is " a virtuous vanity) take to myfelf. Yes, I own " 1 look forward with tranfport to the completion " of my fchemes, and confider myfelf as a na"tional benefactor. To complete all thefe my "fchemes, I propofe to encreafe the College reve" nue, by refufing fines, letting the leafes run "out, and fetting the lands to the younger " bradches of my family. The father of many " children is a benefactor to the publick ; I look "with pleafure on my numerous progeny, as " it gives a hope of fupplying you out of my "own family with fellozus, who will read Thu"cydides and be fine difciplinarians; and with "punctual tenants. This want of the ufual fines " may be a prefent diftrefs, but no gentleman will " yield to, or be influenced by fuch reflections, " when your prefent diftrefs and diminution of "income leads to the future opulence of your " fucceffors, and a comfortable provifion for my " younger children. I affure you, little Abraham, " my fon, conftrues Demofthenes and Ariftotle's " poeticks at fight already; I hope and"truft he " will one day be your tenant. The policy that " bounds all in the narrow centre of felf, is bafe, " is low ; you to ufe Mr. Pope's fublime allufion, " will expand it till it embraces all human kind. "I have wrote down thefe things in a fmall tract " which the junior boys thall read with their logick,
" and my learned and elegant friend's doctrine of " dilemmas. I have fent it to Oxford and Cam" bridge, that thofe learned feminaries may fee a " younger fifter fetting them an example of new arts " and attainments, dignified as they are important. " All my cares, my labours, facrificing my reputa" tion, my health, my time and eafe, calling boards " and making fpeeches, writing in newfpapers and "enditing pamphlets, have been for the publick " good; let public juftice be their reward."-Here Jack defcended from the roftrum, and was called on an important occafion; what that was will appear in the next chapter.

## 

No. 30. Wednefday, February 1, 1775.
Dat veniam corvis; vexat cenfura columbas. JUv.

TOTHEPRINTEROFTHEHIBERNIAN JOURNAL.

Sir,

IAppeal to your candour and that of the publick, in defence of our injured and calumniated Provoft. His own pen (I am confcious) is amply fufficient for the taik; yet, if my toils can fave to the publick even a few of the valuable moments, which fhould all be facred to the accomplifhment of the
many great and extenfive plans which our learned head has projected for the improvement of the college, I flall not have laboured in vain; be that as it may, this weak difplay of good-will muft be ferviceable to me, as it will be not unpleafing to the provoft; forfan $\mathrm{J}^{\circ}$ bac olim meminife jurvabit. His gratitude to real friends has been fhewn in obtaining a frug benefice for Doctor Dilemma, whofe politenefs and politics will one day obtain and adorn a mitre. Your facetious correfpondent, Stultifex, has called our provolt whofe abilities, it muft be owned, are of the very firt magnitude) a man-mountain; if he is a man-mountain, there are not wanting virulent figmies, malignant little medlers, who divert themfelves and the publick by running their tiny lances up his noftrils. Dear fir, confider the confequences of fuch envenomed publications. With the attention to fame, and nice fenfibility infeparable from refined fpirits, the Provoft perufes the public papers, and agonizes when they contain invective. I can affure you (from the beft authority) that wicked Stultifex cof the poor gentleman a fit of the gout, confined him to his bed, and robbed the college of the advantages which it wruld have derived from a conference on oratory and compofition, which was appointed for laft W'ednerday, but unhappily prorogued by Stultifex. The chain of reafonings in his laborious and eloquent little pamphlet, has been mifreprefented and called an argument non ad idem. What ftrange confufion of ideas? or, rather. what affecied dulneis could mifapprehend the drift of that performance?
performance ?-.-Facts, that is, promijes-were collected (but his promifes are facts) and from a flate of them every reafonable man might fee, whether the college had or had not received any benefit or improvement fince the appointment of the prefent provoft. Men might fee what had been done (that is, promised) in fix months, and judge what might be performed in years to come; and furely every grateful, every wife man would readily draw the conclufion; -if this man has laboured fo abundantly (in idea) for the good of the college, and promijes to labour yet more; indulge him (in gratitude for the paft, in hope of the future) indulge. him in returuing the men of his choice, 'This, ' gentlemen (he would fay) the firft requeft I ever - made you, is a mere trifle; what is it to you, - Doctor, or you, or you-who fits in the fenate - houfe ? Studious men fhould not leave their books ' to meddle with politicks; and therefore govern-- ment wifely fets political men over them, who will - think for them all, and furnifh them with political - opinions ready made to their hands.'-Stultifex has enlarged on inaccuracies of ftyle (as he is pleafed to think them) with malicious triumph; but I would afk him,-whence are the rules of the epopee derived, but from the poems of Homer ? - Rules are ever collected from the practice of the fuccefsful; and exalted fpirits are born to create rules, not to obey them. Confider what reputation for eloquence our provoft has acquired, and what wealch he has amaffed by his pleadings; and deny if you
dare, his being entitled to new-model our language, and eftablifh a dialect of his own, by introducing Prancerifms, and coining new modes of diction, or even degrees of comparifon. There is one grofs miftake, which fhews the ignorance and dulnefs of this would-be critic; I mean his reprefenting the provoft, as erecting a weekly number of chapels. What head but his own would have conceived the poffibility of fuch a thing ? - Were fuch a number of chapels to be weekly raifed, where would the provoft find room for the pious labours of his hands? Firft, they would block up our courts, then overfpread the park, and at laft fill up the ftreets and lanes of the city, and leave no room for other neceffary buildings; fo that perhaps we fhould fee the college chapels prefented as a nuifance by the Dublin Grand fury, or an act of parliament paffed to prevent the unlawful encreafe of chapels. He muft be a devil of a provoft indeed, who raifes chapels Pandxmonium-like with the fwiftnefs of an exhalation.-The appearance of our chapel lighted up for evening tervice in winter, ever recalled to my mind the lines of Milton:

From the arched roof
Pendent, by fubtle magic, many a row Of farry lamps, with blazing creffets fed Of Naptha and Afphaltus, yielded light As from a fky.

Perhaps

Perhaps the fmart obferver took his hint from thence, and meant to infinuate a fimilitude between our governor and the diabolical builder of Pandæmonium. Stultifex (who ought rather to be called Stultus) fays he is a ftudent of our college: -Now, gentlemen, if I can convict him of falfehood in this affertion, the publick will know in what degree of credit to hold his teftimony.What! a ftudent of our college, and not know the meaning of terms with which every Irifhman is ac-quainted;-chapels and tardies are terms, which (though barbarous and infignificant to ftrangers) ferve college people well enough for communication, which (as Mr. Locke obferves) is the great end of language;-they are among the terms of art, of which every trade or myttery hath a fer peculiar to itfelf. - The provoft's ufe of them, far from being a reproach to him, I think reflects the higheft honour on him, as it fhews fuch an attention to the duties of his ftation, that he has made himfelf mafter of all the cant words that are current in the college, and ufes them as pertinently as if he had been provoft from his cradle; -and I affure you, gentle. men, the acquifition of this knowledge has coft him many a weary hour, and encroached many a time on the bufinefs of the Four-courts. It is hardly credible with what indefatigable affiduity this injured gentleman has laboured to qualify himfelf for his prefent employment ;-he has toiled like a horre, with the affiftance of Dr. Forfayeth, (who has a diftinguifhed character as a difciplinarian) to define the magnitude

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magnitude and afcertain the number of chapels, to fearch into the caufes and remedies of tardies, and explore the fundamental principles and practice of night rolls. Permit me now, gentlemen, no lay before you a few of the principal regulations for which the college is indebted to the prefent provort for this purpo.e.

I fhall obferve firft, how all offences have been inveffigated with the ftricteft attention, infomuch, that by the induftry and ingenuity of our wortby provof, many new crimes have been difcovered, which are not fo much as named in the ftatutes, and which no one fufpected to be offences, until his $u \int_{e} f_{\text {ul }} l$ labours pointed out the difcovery. 2dly, the provolt has propofed, and the board has agreed to the erecting of nezv buildings, which will form a Square, each fide of which will be about 220 feet in length, and tbree fides of it will be new; and this is to be begun immediately. The fourth fide will not be nesv, but old buildings built quite new, on the very beft plan of ruins now extant. The art of building ruins has been brought to a high pitch in thefe days. Among other monuments of his genius, the provoft propofes to give an inftance of his tafte for that fyle of architecture, by making one fide of his intended nezu fquare a venerable old ruin. He, as a practifed improver, well knows what a delightful termination to a vifto is afforded by a ruin. Perhaps in the field which is to be provided for the exercifes of the youth, when it can
be done with convenience, he may plant a dark walk, which will end in his ruin. Oxford and Cambridg eare full of Gothick fpires, chapels, cathedrals, and other ancient edifices, which, by filling the mind with a religious awe, and difpofing it to ferious meditation, contribute not a little to the fuperior learning and poetical genius, which it muft be owned are difplayed at thefe univerfities. Something of the fame kind is wanting to give our univerfity that gloomy folemnity fo proper in a feat of learning, and fo well fitted to excite philofophical mufings; and this great defect will foon be remedied by our intended ruin. 3 dly , Nothing is fo commendable in the head of a learned feminary as an attention to the duties of religion. The provoft, with grief obferved, that the number of chapels in a week was fhamefully diminifhed; -and, to reftore a commendable fpirit of devotion in the univerfity, the provoft has propofed, and the board at his inftance agreed, that the great bell fhall be tolled for early prayers : the little bell was formerly employed on this fervice, and found infufficient, fuch was the drowfinefs of the young gentlemen. It is now hoped that many whom neither a fpirit of devotion, nor the clamours of their college women, can fummon from their beds, may be roufed to their duty by the thunders of the great bell; and left thefe good intentions fhould be defeated by the careleffinefs and lazinefs of the college domeftics, the provoft (whofe eye, like the fun, is every where) conitantly attends in perfon to fee the great
bell tolled, and often affifts in tolling it with his own bands. An unlucky accident happened lately at one of thefe morning exercifes:---Our poor provoft's leg was caught in the loop of the bell-rope ; and he was now borne aloft to the cieling - then plunged down and dafhed againft the floor-infomuch, that if it had not been for the folidity of his head, or for a warm red night-cap which he wore, his brains mult inevitably have been dafhed out. 4 thly, ' $o ~ c o m p l e t e ~ h i s ~ f c h e m e ~ f o r ~ t h e ~ e n-~$ couragement of religion, the provoft has devifed a new expedient---which is to give premiums to $\sqrt{2} x$ o'clock chapels, which will be an effectual means of encouraging (as he fays) thofe diligent youths. Thefe, gentlemen, are facts. Malevolent writers have torn a refpectable character to pieces: be it my part to reunite the mangled limbs.

## MARTINUS SCHOLASTICUS.

No. 31.

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## 

No. 31. Friday, Febuary 3, 1775.

Plut, in Ant.

## TO HIPPARCHUS.

T $F$, in the prefent elevation of military fame (doubly dear from novelty) the voice of your friend can reach you, receive the congratulations of Cbaridemus, on the encreafe of your renown, and the fafety of your perfon: he as little hoped an addition to the former, as a hazard of the latter; but it is the fludy of the generous Hipparcbus, to gratify all his friends, who love to rail or to laugh, with fubjects beyond the meafure of their wifhes, and furprife them daily with fomething which ftartles belief, and fhames invention. You poffefs O Hipparchus! that noble boldnefs and promptitude of corruption, which rufh on through the clamours and curfes of men without hefitation or fear ; and perpetually make the laft crime a ftep to a greater; that happy alertnefs of foly for ever buft-
$\dagger$ This paper appeared foon after the provoft had fought with William Doyle, Efq;
ling to difplay itfelf; and that noble enterprize of indiferction for ever in queft of fome undifcovered region of abfurdity. Men void of principle and veracity are too apt to imagine that this want renders them confummare politicians;-you have felt that they fatally deceive themfelves ; perfidy and falfhood, with prudence and temper, are powerful; you have felt that without them they are weak and unmanageable inltruments-Had a comick writer invented fuch a feries of tranfactions as your's, and defcribed fuch a ridiculous defpotifm, burlefque pomp, and beggarly parade of Jearning and abilities, we fhould have condemned the pleafantry as inordinate, the delineation as overcharged. Had the fatirical traveller made a governor of the literary ftate in Lagado, a projector of gaudy days, an erecsor of riding-houfes; had he given him orations on any thing or nothing, foleminly read from notes deliberately written and publications of anonymous fophiftry in anfiver to anonymous charges; had he introduced him fummoning his council, and when they were fuppofed bufy in fettling fome weighty point of learning or morals, fetting them to conftrue the afteriks and fill up the blanks of the morning feribbler, to contrive or refute newfpaper invectives, and then (to compleat the ridicule) to cenfure the readers of them; had he conducted this man (of whom it was faid-he had one of the peaceful virtues, he was patient of injuries-a patience the more meritorious from his vindifive nature,) to a

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field of battle in his old age, and killed in fingle combat; we fhould have condemned the humour as forced, the character as unnatural ; and rejoiced in the conclufion of the tale.-You are a benefactor to the ftage ; you have added one to the flock of comick characters. Your kindnefs to the fatirift is not lefs fignal ; you know what pleafure he receives, when the object of his invective feels the blow : you do not merely feel, you agonize under the touch; your conduct invites the attack, and your trembling fenfibility affures his aim. To compleat your kindnefs, it is not an amiable pity-moving tenfibility, that might awaken remorfe in him that wounds it, or fix on him the charge of cruelty; it is the Jenfibility of fnails and toads that emit (in impotence of (pite) frotby filtb or venom, while they fhrink from the wound. Nothing can give more pleafure to the virtuous, than guilt, by ridiculous fenfibility, rendered its own feourge ; except it be a corrupt man and his wicked inftruments, defeating pernicious fchemes by their own folly; while diffimulation becomes fincerity; falfhood, by its veracity uniformity, and the wheels within wheels of an oppreffive tyranny take fire through the rafonefs of the movers. - It feems that the days of fafcination have not yet ceafed, and that fome inchanter, leagued with the enemy of mankind commands his dæmon to hover round the head of Hipparchus, and influence his actions. Hence novelty has chaced novelty, propofed, dignified, declaimed on, affented to, and abandoned; and folly has tricked her cap with a
daily project, fcarcely worn, and given to the wind. Yet, accuftomed as they are to this magnificent exhibition of grand abfurdity, your fubjects were aftonifhed (much as they well might expect from your talents) at a late publication, and a later combat. Your enemies taxed you with want of literary abilities; men who had never heard your oratory, and only knew it by its fruits, in your aggrandizement, might well have doubted the truth of this charge. You have politely proved its juftice, and publifhed a teft of your abilities, fuch as your bittereft enemy would have dietated. In a late tract on education, confufion of ideas, ignorance of grammar, blunders, barbarifms, and vulgarities, are accumulated with fuch ikill, that the compofition is beneath an advertifing mechanick; and did not the refemblance to your ufual fyle of oratory appear too plainly, might be thought a mean attempt to difgrace you by imputed nonfenfe.-By difperfing this performance, however, with your own bands, you have prevented any doubt of its authenticity. Your infinuations to the prejudice of your predeceffor - your endeavours to wound the memory of the dead - your pompous difplay of the wonders of fix montbs your injurious reflections on the ftate you governyour reprefenting it as funk in floth, depraved by luxury, ignorant of arts, void of difcipline, and carelefs of religion-your modeft comparifons beween yourfelf and your predeceffors on the throne, (comparifons which the public would have made of itfelf, too foon for your honour)-your libellous, bafe,
bafe, and falfe imputations on the members of your council and the public rhetors, conveyed under fawning compliment and fulfome civility, which fhew at once cowardice and malice, the defire and fear to wound-all thefe may determine the qualities of your heart. The ftab aimed at the expounder of the laws is peculiarly envenomed. You inform the world, that his labours were hitherto ufele/s; you promife to affift and inftruct him in his department. Every man acquainted with our courts of juftice knows what mult be the underftanding and legal knowledge that could really be indebted to your inftructions. Your publifhing a libel (that muft roufe the moft unfeeling to refentment, the molt indolent to oppofition) on your council-on men whom you wifh to attach to your government, and render fubfervient to your meafures, is confiftent with your characteriftick petulance, with the fickly peevifhnefs of confcious infamy, with your ungentlemanly, indecent infolence, and outrageous, wanton infults on fome of your moft refpectab!e fubjects; and may determine your character as a politician. Your plans (the darling conceptions of your vanity) had been treated with contempt, and called the reveries of ignorance bewildered by power. Men might have fufpected that the charge was groundlefs, or exaggerated. You have fubmitted fchemes, that will aftonif, provoke, and divert, to the publick; and men may judge for themfelves.

They find, however, one fubject for praife in thefe fallies of abfurdity, that they are imperfect and abortive; they lie like the crude, unformed crawling reptiles, hatched in the mud of Nile; and not allthe rays of oratorial fun- fhine fhall ripen them into fnakes and adders. One ftep your friends and enemies wifhed to fpare you-the fending a libel on your ftate and your fubjects to Thebes and Corinth, as if one empire could not afford contempt enough for ravings, which even phrenzy would difc'aim. Both your enemies and friends wifhed to hide your follies within your own kingdom, left they fhould become publicly ridiculous, and find a fhare of contempt, reflected to them from the abfurdities of their prince. The good, content with a vain oppofition, blufhed at, and wifhed to conceal their unhappy fituation. The indolent and timid defired to bury meafures, in which they concurred, in eternal filence. The advifer who planned, and the inftrument who fupported bafe or ridiculous meafures, hoped to veil their depravity from the publick, and fink into oblivion with the tyranny they aided:-They may thank the pen of Hipparchus for a fhare in his immortality of difbonour. Muft we attribute a late tranfaction to a return of the fondnefs you once fhewed for the military profeffion, to the love of abfurdity, or to a fettled plan for ruining the city you govern ?-It is a new thing under the Sun, to fee the head of a learned city, a guardian of morals, a man appointed to reftrain licentious youth, and
recall the eager paffions from outrage, againft the laws of man or God-openly defying the laws of his country, which his profeffion peculiarly calls on him to maintain, and committing a crime which he is bound, by his office and his oath, to prevent. You have enlarged on the bleffings of your reign, the negligence of your predeceffors, the incapacity of your counfellors, the want of difcipline in your dominions;-you furely meant militarya late tranfaction is fubverfive of all other. The laws of your ftate are fo full and exprefs againit quarrels and fanguinary juftifications, that they do not permit your fubjects even to wear arms *. We are now more than ever convinced of the wifdom of the tradition, that the fovereign of this country ought to be a prieit. Can the magiftrate, with decency, punifh the fubject for the very crime of which the fovereign has been guilty. The man who thought a trifling amufement đemanded all the thunders of his invective-who ftudied the laws fo diligently, noted down their purport in his clofet-and, in his zeal for morality, and the interefts of religion, read his manufcript to his aflembled fubjects, pompoufly referred them to the volume at large, dared to infinuate a charge of perjury, and, with a queftion of accufation, afked them

* We find a fimilar claufe, in a modern code : Statuimus \& orvinamus ut nullus prædictorum Armis, \&cc. in collegio aut in urbe utatur.-In the fame code, Homicidium voluntarium, is numbered among the majora Crimina.
them if they remembered their oath, $\ddagger$ this man is found in a field of combat, in open defiance of our laws, and of the oath $\dagger$ by which he was bound to maintain them.-We fhall be told of the cuftoms of the world, and the difficulties of your fituation. Duelling is a fatal remedy for the defects of law and police ; fometimes neceflary, never laudable. This ferocious practice is a fupplement to the laws, and reftrains men from tranfgreffion, by the fear of confequences; while the brutal, the perfidious, and the diffolute are awed into innocence ; and by the prompt vengeance it inflicts, the domeftick virtues, to whofe prefervation the laws could not extend, the decencies, the confdences, the refpectable forbearances, and falutary reftraints of life, are enforced. As the remedy is violent, it fhould not be applied, except where the laws have failed to provide redrefs, and the injured perfon would become infamous, lofe his rank in life, intercourfe with his fellow-citizens, happinefs, and perhaps means of exiftence ; where,

[^9]
## PRANCERIANA.

in fhort, from the greatnefs of the offence, the neceffity of punifhing, and the filence of the legiflator, the man returns to a flate of nature in that inftance. You had none of thefe reafons to juttify your conduct ; and the man is highly criminal in the fight of his country and his God who feeks occafions of fighting, and wantonly draws on himfelf a challenge; nor is he juftified, by faying, that he was dared to the meeting, he was challenged to the field, if the challenge was drawn on him by his own conduct, his own words; if the particular occafion was ridiculous, or his caufe unjuftifiable. Men may almoft fecure themfelves from quarrels by an uniform propriety of behaviour, by avoiding injurious words, bafe actions in private life, and perfidious, oppreffive politics, in publick. Though duelling (and it is a dangerous conceffion) may be thus nec effary to reftrain offences that do not fall under the eye of the law, the occafions fhould be important, and the man fhould be one who is free to act for himfelf, anfwerable for his own conduct, and accountable to the world and pofterity for a thare of reputation inherited or acquired. Youths placed at a feat of learning are not free to act for themfelves; while they continue there, their honour is obedience to the laws; they are not guardians of their own reputation, they are wards under the governors of the ftate, to whom their parents have committed them in truft. The magiftrates, therefore, are anfiwerable for their conduct and their fafety, and bound to prevent
the
the extravagance of youthful paffion, and reftrain from avenging their own wrongs, men, whofe precipitance might find an injury where none was intended, who from want of experience and judgement might be too much alive to feeling, or too intemperate in revenging. The power of the magiftrates to perform thefe duties is at an end ; the turbulent and vindictive will avail themfelves of the example of their chief; the walls of your city will be fprinkled with blood, and your kingdom become the abode of falfe honour, the groundlefs fufpicion of injury, the cruel jealoufy of reputation, and the fanguinary pique. You were peculiarly culpable, as a recourfe to arms was not not neceifary to the maintenance of your prefent, or advancement to a higher rank; you rofe to honours and dignities, far too high for your birth or abilities, without the reputation of courage, perhaps under an imputation of the contrary quality: why then was the military renown, which you found unneceffary to the grandeur of your youth, fought as an ornament for your age ? Men of advanced age, peaceable profeffions, tender connections, and exalted ftations, may (and it is expected from them to do it) difcountenance the practice of cuelling; they have already determined their rank in life ; they are not now to fight their way through a turbulent, encroaching world ; their characters are afcertained; at leaft the mode of altering them is not combat, which will only attract notice, raife clamozrs, and be the means of propogating the fcandal it was
meant to remove. Age will be in itfelf fufficient to protect men from infults if it be irreproachable at prefent, and if the paft years have been given to virtue, or, at leaft, innocence. If life has been divided between crimes that claim deteftation, and abfurdities that awaken contempt ; men, however dignified by wealth or ftation, mult expect that all who do not depend on their power, or hope from their influence, if ferious, will exclaim-if gay, will laugh-if virtuous, will deteft. A man whofe whole life has been a feries of publickinjury, publick inability, and publick vanity ; who has uniformly proftituted mean abilities to meaner purpofes; who employs even the moments of relaxation at his villa, when other tyrants fleep, when the narrow heart of the traitor and the tool is fomewhat enlarged by pleafure, and the natural depravity difappears in merriment, to opprefs the weak, to hunt the poor, the ignorant, and the friendlefs from their dwellings, by chicane and legal wrong, that he may extend the lawn or grove, and add their little fields and gardens to the demefne of over-grown, exalted obfcurity; who afpired to the dominion of a learned city, that he might fill it with his abfurdities, villify it by his flanders, fubvert it by his corrupt influence, mult expect publick hatred, publick reproach, publick contempt, and publick ridicule. In vain fhall he difplay his late-ripened autumnal valour, in vain thall he feek the mulick of a good name in the report of a piftol ; he fhall find a miferable utility in his abfurdi:ies, (which may fometimes divert the
publick eye from crimes) and fink to the grave, ftung with the ridicule, covered with the difgrace he merits.

## CHARIDEMUS.

## 

No. 32. Monday, February 6, 1775.

Nomo tamen ftudiis indignum ferre laborem Cogetur pofthac, necrit quicunque cmoris Eloquium socale modis, laurunnque memordit; Hoc agite, O Jurenes: circum/picit et fimulat wos Materianque fibi ducis indulgentin querit. Juv.
MC BREAGMAGH'S DECREE.

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A \quad P \quad O \quad E \quad M \text {. }
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NO more fhall Grub-ftreet lie neglected, wild, Her cellars firelefs, and her roofs until'd; No more her damps the gaunt declaimer chill, Nor fhow'rs thro' chinks on haplefs bards diftill, Who nought poffefs but rhyming art, or lungs, Who deal in fcrannel pipes, or flippant tongues, With equal merit, tho' unequal lot, $\mathrm{T} 0 \mathrm{G}-\mathrm{l}-\mathrm{n}, \mathrm{H}-\mathrm{w}-\mathrm{d}, \mathrm{B}-\mathrm{l}-\mathrm{t}$, and $\mathrm{S}-\mathrm{t}$

## PRANCERIANA.

Her ancient empire, o'er Beotia's plains, Lo! Dullnefs vindicates, and now regains; Her chilling mifts have ficken'd now the blaze, Whence orient fcience pour'd her golden rays; In fogs invelop'd Alma's turrets fade; What erft was grand and folid feems a fhade. Her fav'rite fon the dufky queen commands, To lead 'gainft Alma's dome her chofen bands ; Their headlong fury whelms the proftrate walls; Sbanoge Mc Brengbagh rules the captive halls; Deiponding genius weeps, fcar'd fcience flies, Whilft noile and nonfenfe mount the vaulted $\mathfrak{k i e s}$; Victorious Dullnefs chaunts Mc Breaghagh's fame, Sbanoge Mc Brengbagh, ftill her darling name.

Behold the chief, his temples crown'd with bay, Mounts, Querno-like, his throne!--afferts his fway! Obfequious dunces to his levee crowd, The fawning auditor, the flait'rer loud: Ben Saddi here attends with fpectrick leer, And turgid Fungus tears the burfting ear; Whilft each, attentive, hopes a friendly glance, He views his brother-dunce with eyes afkance; The herd by diff'rent arts allure his fmiles, (For dunces ever moft excel in wiles) Some whine fubmiffion, others echoing bray, Like parih clerks refponfive duty pay : Some with loud nonfenfe boldly ftorm his grace, Whilft others fap with engineer grimace. His court the chief's glaz'd eyes furvey benign, And bland he thus declares his great defign :
" Let all attend my words with hearts elate, All fmit with love of poefy and prate, Sworn fues of fcience, all my bold compeers, Ye fpeechers, fpouters, mimicks, fonnetteers; Too long has learning rear'd her haughty throne In this our ifle, and call'd our realm her own; Too long diffus'd her bright ufurping fiame, And chang'd our old poffeffion to a claim : Since firf Eliza huri'd the invafive brand Which blaz'd up here, and wide illum'd the land, The foe has tyranniz'd, our efforts vain, Save the flort triumph of Mic Flecknoe's reign. Now fortune fmiles, all hail th' aufpicious hour ! Th' expiring entbers own our chilling pow'r; Oppofing legions fhun th' unequal fight, And fly, bewilder'd in impervious night; To me hereditary right infures 'This throne-I govern-to obey is yours: For know (fuch potent dulinefs' fage decree) Mc Ficcknoe's (pirit tranfmigrates in me; Then hear my high behefts - The bard whofe fong In fmootheft numbers only glides along, Too foft the leaft emotion to excite, Quite innocent of thought, verbofe and trite, Flow'ry like brother Namby Pamby's lays, (Now gatbered to the dull of ancient days) The bard with fock, or bufkin ne'er bedight, Who, fhoelefs, treads as filent as a fprite, With motion fcarce perceptible who creeps, Nor ftops, but when the yawning reader fleeps;

For him fhall Alma's choiceft honours bloom, Her laurels crown him, and her bays perfume, Her captive regifters record his name, And weekly journals wide diffufe his fame. Nor empty praifes all his fcanty meed, Which nor the naked clothe, nor hungry feed: No longer fhall he friendly night invoke, To veil his patches with her ebon cloak; Nor fupperlefs in fmoaking cellars plunge, Nor, gaunt and weak, in Copper-alley + lounge But Alma's treafures fhall his toil reward, The chearful draper grafp his ready yard; Thefe kitchens, cellars, ftores, fhall furnifh doles, Beef, pudding, beer, innum'rous pecks of coals: Thus rags, and fhrivell'd want, fhall fade away, He burnifh'd glitter in the blaze of day. Nor lefs rewards and honours him fhall grace, Who doubly blefs'd with brazen lungs and face, Fierce as the midnight ruffian, blind and hot, Out-brawls $\mathrm{O}^{\prime} \mathrm{C}-\mathrm{r}, \mathrm{N}-\mathrm{h}-\mathrm{m}$ and $\mathrm{S}-\mathrm{t}$; Who the witch, reafon, drowns like mob of old, With rampant nonfenfe, turgid, rude, and bold; Who yonder roftrum fhakes with fierce effay, From morn 'till noon, from noon 'till parting day, And gains, for endlefs declamation, fame Which Henly erft acquir'd, which now I claim.
"To eternize this throne our arms have won, That dunce to dunce fucceed, to fire the fon,

+ An alley in Dublin where there are many cook-fhops.

Be next our care ; left fcience in the dark Steal in and fan to flame fome latent fpark, Debauch our fubjects with her myftick lore, And all her rebel exil'd train reftore:
Let us reprefs her vigilance with guile, We'll feize her armoury in $\ddagger$ yonder pile; And each, a volume's load too weak to brook, A preface wield, the phantom of a book: Hence bearing femblance of our foes array, As cruifers hoift falfe colours to betray, We'll take all thofe, intangled by our art, Where fenfe rebcllious lurks about the heart.
"There tomes, unnumber'd, reprobate we all, In one expurgatory liat they fall;
Againft our crown they treafon all contain,
For all betray fome particles of brain:
Yet we permit (our fubjects to amufe)
Light preface-reading, magazines, reviews.
"As wizzard § Andrews (learning's general late,)
Had deftin'd old aftronomy a feat,
From whence the fleeplefs hag might traverfe foon
The various errors of the wand'ring moon;
We from our princely and paternal care.
Not prone to drive the vanquif'd to defpair, Of fpecial grace, the dame will entertain ;
Our firft profeffor be fagacious Dean : $\dagger$
$\pm$ The Library.
\$ Dr. Andrews, the late provoft, left part of his fortune to build an obfervatory, and endowed a profefforhip of aftronomy. + William Dean, Efq;

Yet rays of favour tho' the witch fhall feel, We banifh Newton, Gregory and Keil,
And hug the $\ddagger$ book, whofe courtly leaves difclofe The arched fky to fmirking belles and beaux;
Our patrons all its treafures fhall explore, And Blaquiere underftand, and Blaquiere's whore. And grant, great dulnefs, tho' my heart be vain, That here Mc Breaghagb's may fuccefive reign ; Their future kings, Mc Breaghagb's dunces call, Mc Breagbagh, Pbaraob like, a name for all."

Now let your joys burft forth in grateful peals, $\dagger$ Clink all your ftink-pots, flourifh all your flaiis !

Th' impatient crowd long emulous to praife, In one full chorus all their voices raiic ;
Here deep-mouth'd Fungus thunders forth applauie, There fhrill the found, from Saddi's flefhlels jaws: Thus fome large buck-hound, to the pack the bafe, Hears the foho, glad fignal of the chafe, Hoarfe thunder peals from his capacious throat The nimble beagle yelps a treble note : Stink-pots and fails harmonious cadence keep, As clink the fcrape and brufh of May-day fiweep: Wide thro' the welkin fings the leud acclaim, And Grub-ftreet garrets catch Mc Breaghagb's name; Sear'd eccho fereams on Liffey's winding fhore, Long reign Mc Breaghagh, Grub. Atreet garrets roar.
$\ddagger$ The gentleman's and lady's aftronomy.

+ Vide battle of the Horn-books, Bentley's arms.

No. 33. Wednefday, February 8, 1775.

Plut. in Ant.

## TO HIPPARCHUS.

YOU, Hipparchus, have a noble contention with the world, which grows every day more arduous and interefing. You have ftruggled bravely (and hitherto with fuccefs) to produce more bafenefs and folly, than the world can hatred, contempt, reproach, and ridicule. Yet while your enemies difplay the abiurdity, infolence, and indecency of a late tranfaction, the labours of your friends to derive it from virtuous motives may not be wholly ineffectual.-We have hitherto been amufed by the intricacies of the plot, and the in. trigue of the drama: the fable now draws to a denoument. You have avowed the aim of your labours, your arts, your machinations, your oppreffions, and your abfurdities. You have fet your fon before the clectors of the ftate. You have faid, " behold this boy! - he is by natural right your repre-fentative;-fend him into the great council." The difeerning
difcerning partiality of a father may fee in his child many attainments, many endowments, many perfections, concealed from vulgar eyes; -he may fee fuperior genius in youthful vivacity, integrity in youthful carelefinefs, the talents for bufinefs in cafy manners, and heroick courage in an outrage on the laws, and a violation of decency ; -and who would wifh to draw a curtain between him and his difco-veries?-It is with pain we oppofe the only fcheme of Hipparchus for which, perhaps, he could ever affign a juftifiable reafon; and were the demand lefs exorbitant, men might gratify you, for the novelty of your motive. It is the ftriking feature of your adminiftration to provoke hatred and contempt, by meafures unprofitable to yourelf; nay, by the moft odious meafures, (which feem recommended to your choice only by their being wicked and ridiculous) you have deliberately overthrown your darling fchemes.-This unhappy fatality attends your fon; we need only turn our eyes to fome previous meafures, to determine our fentiments of the candidate whore caufe could make fuch meafures neceffary.

When we fee a wretch, whofe native infignificance, inanity, imbecility, and perpetuity of infancy might have preferved him incffenfive, alpiring to mifchief, and exerting his puny artifice, malice, and infolence, with a weaknefs and want of judgment, equal to the wickedrefs of the attempt, to influence the political opinions, and pervert the judgment of his difciples; bafe,
bafe, bold, and wicked enough to preach and main. tain, (with fophiftry that would fuit the unlettered ages of Monkifh darknefs when bigots toiled for irreligious tyrants) the moft flavifh tenets that can debafe the tool, and exalt the oppreffor; we muft trace this conduct to a higher fource than his own narrow heart, and find the hand of the mover in the motions of the wooden, disjointed puppet.

The office of preceptor, in your ftate, is a facred one. The endeavour to pervert and debafe it, is treafon againft the city you govern. To the preceptor, the father of a ftudent commits the morals, honour, and future fame of his child ;-he configns to his care a mind tender, pliable, fufceptible of good and evil, in hopes of his marking it with good:-and curfed be the wretch who would ftain it with evil, and infinuate opinions which only a villain would wifh, a fool would attempt to eftablifh, where the honefty of youth dictates, and a liberal education confirms generous fentiments. To deceive the father, and blaft his hopes, by depraving the judgment of the difciple, and filling his mind with falfe, ridiculous, fcandalous, and flavifh tenets, is a cruel breach of faith and truft, an equal violation of honour and honefty. You have treated many of your fubjects with indecent petulance and brutal peevifhnefs. They are not the airs of mock greatnefs, the magifterial haughtinefs, the peremptory tone, the broad fare of confident fuperiority, she malignant eye, and the infolence of office, that
can awe the fpirits you muft encounter. A litte art, a little forbearance, a little moderation, a little common fenfe, might have influenced many;-do not again venture to confront your moft refpectable fubjects with their flaves;-do not dare again to chide men, as if they were boys at fchool;-the goad of a driver mult be pointed with iteel, not lead. You appear, indeed, like the ftatue of juftice, deferibed by fome writer, with the purfe and the fword. The accumulation of employments in the ftate, and the profitable priefthood you have beftowed on the religious director of your confcience, fhew what your friends and inftruments may hope. Your excluding the refractory from offices, your indignities to individuals, and, perhaps, your interpoling in the difpofal of fudents under preceptors, will fhew what your opponents have to fear. But let not your adherents rely too much on your court influence; that will fade as your abilities become generally known-and you have now mounted an eminence from whence you may difplay their nokednefs to the whole world.

You reproached, you cenfured, you infulted a number of refpectable electtors, for affembliug to confider calmly a point of general concern-you difperfed their meeting - you calumniated them in print-you difplayed the impropriety, the illegality of fuch debates, while there was yet no actual vacancy. You have committed the very fault you condemned-you have affembled your fubjects, propofed a candidate, and canvaffed for voices. Surely to prohibit previous deliberati-
ons, was to confefs a wifh that the choice might be made without wifdom : the attempt was full of your ufual moderation and prudence. You only modefly demanded, that men, independent in their fituation, liberal in their fentiments, and refpectable in their characters, (many of them of mature age) fhould refign themfelves implicitly to the guidance of a paltry, minifterial tool. When Hipparchus endeavours to obtrude his for on the electors, and requefts their protection for him, it is their duty to confider whether he deferves it; and weigh his age, pait conduct, parentage, connections, and education. Hipparchus has compelled men to a fcrutiny which may give pain to a youth of many good qualities, (among which, however, independance can have no place) but the feverity is unavoidable, for the enquiry is neceflary. The eyes of all men are fixed on the electors of your ftate; the world expects from them an example of judicious determination, forltude, and unanimity. Their number is fufficiently large to promife independence; yet fmall enough to promife deliberate meafures, confiltency, and concord, without tumult or extravagance. And will fuch conflituents fend into the great council a boy, without the maturity of judgment and knowledge of men and manners, which are requifite in a framer of laws?Nothing can make a legiflative affembly more contemptible, turbulent, inconfitent, and weak, than crowding it with boys, ignorant, injudicious, affuming, predjudiced and impetuous; except it be
the placing along with them fathers, vain, weak, corrupt, buftling, forward and unblufhing. Had this young man been educated among your fubjects, they might have imagined, that they did honour to themfelves, while they aggrandized the child of their cares. Had he refided long among them, fo that they might have intimately known his difpotion and character, and proved his virtues; the ridicule of electing a boy, might have been excufed or palliated. This youth has yet made but one ftep in life, and it has been a falfe (at leaft injudicious) one. He has introduced himfelf to the notice of the world, by a defiance of law, order, prudence, decency, and religion, which his fpirited conduct, and the filial piety of his motive cannot wholly extenuate. He has violated the laws of the empire, as a citizen; of your dominions, as a ftudent; and of honour, as a gentleman; and for which of thefe merits fhall men overlook his youth, and appoint him a leginator ? In your ftate, the offence which he has committed is numbered among the greater crimes; there is a peculiar indecency in propofing your fon to conftituents whofe laws he has peculiarly violated. The domeftick virtues of this youth are acknowledged univerfally; but private are often found feperate from publick virtues; indeed the man who wants both, is a monfter unfit to live; even Hipparchus is awake to all the refpectable tender. neffes of paternal fondnefs. But when a man is offered as a candidate for a publick employment, publick qualifications draw the attention, and when determined,
determined, direct the choice. The private virtues of Hipparchides, far from recommending him to the electors, furnifh the ftrongeft arguments againft him; his warm feelings, and the goodnefs of an affectionate heart will make him a flave to his family and connections; his filial piety (which every one muft applaud) will render him blind to his father's faults, and difpofe him to admire his fyltem of politicks; enfnared by his dutiful difpofition, he will be the obfequious creature of parental authority. The publick virtues of the youth are far from being doubtful. What can be expected from the inftructions and authority of a father, proftitute in his principles, fhackled by his connections? Will he not train up his fon to receive the wages of flavery ? Has he not now led him forth (after a fiort leffon of venality) to offer his tender fhoulder to the burthens of tyranny? It may be faid, this youth has not been fully tried; will you condernn him unheard ? - He has been fully tried in his father's actions; he bas been fully heard in the reputation of his father; the whole tenour of his father's life crics loudly, and declares what part the fon will act. They are early days yet with the young man. The time for fhaking off a parent's authority ; the yeats that promife independence are fcarcely arrived. Hereafter, when age has confirmed and expanded his virtues, and given him a knowledge of men and manners, if he can fhake off the influence, and forget the example and maxims of a father, whofe name will be his chief reproach, he may fit in the fenate
with honour to himfelf, and advantage to his country, Unhappy youth! the conduct of his father will render his firft exertions of virtue fufpicious; and it will require many years of undeviating integrity, to gain the publick confidence. The difhonour of his father will hang on him like a cloud; paternal connections will be fpread like toils around him, and impede the courfe of honour ; he will go into the great council fettered by promifes and obligations, the bondman of a miniftry; unable to accomplifh the warm virtuous wifhes of his heart; unable to indulge his honeft feelings, and fatisfy his longings after fame; doubly unhappy from his virtuous difpofition; unable to be juft to his country, without a breach of private faith and folemn engagements.

You Hipparchus! have been as great a benefactor to your children, as to your country. You have given them the example and name of a man, who, fince firft he heard the name of honour, defpifed the reality ; who, fince firft he enjoyed power, has employed it in oppreffion and wrong; apd, fince firf he knew the vain parade of wealth and grandeur, mult have alfo known that it was acquired by the moft iniquitous means. A fon is little indebted to fuch a fatber for dragging him forth to publick notice; but you were born to devife and purfue, with elaborate imprudence, fchemes for your own confufion. The generous fpirit already fhewn by the electors might have pointed out to you the cataftrophe ; yet though you feel the ridicule, the toils, the perplexities, the fhame, the reproach, the
anguifh and defpair of the fituation wherein your ignorance, folly, vanity, and officious venality have placed you; the outlines of tyranny muft be filled up ; the proper touches and heightenings muft be added to give oppreffion a happy boldnefs, a due relief; and all your ftrokes (it mult be owned) thew a mafter's hand. All that a rafh, intemperate, imprudent, fhamelef; governor could, you have done ; and future ages will doubt whether you moft indecently oppreffed, or your fubjects nobly refified. You have been overwhelmed with fhame and forrow; and future flaves of government will fear to approach the fanctuary of learning, left (like the Jewifh monarch) they fould be fmitten with the plague of infamy, and turned forth to wander, vile, loathfome, and deferted.

## CHARIDEMUS.

## 

No. 34. Friday, February 17, 1775.

Plut, in Ant.

## TO HIPPARCHUS.

$\dagger$ OUR conduct, Hipparchus! becomes every day more furprifing, more odious, more contemptible, and yet more interefting to the publick. Your enormities, fince your appointment to your prefent ftation, have been hitherto confined chiefly
$\dagger$ That the reader may the better underfand this paper, it is neceffary to ftate the tranfaction to which it alludes. -On Saturday the IIth of February 1775, fome fcholars of the college went to the houfe of Mr. Michael Mills, Printer of the Hibernian Journal, and having inveigled him to his door, under a pretext of treating with him about the difrofal of a manufcript, threw him down in the ftreet; then forcibly carried him away in a hackney coach to the college, holding all the while piftols to his breaft. - At the college, after he had been fufficiently kicked and troden upon, he underwent the difcipline of the pump, and would probably have loft his life, had he not been refcued by one of the fellows of the univerfity, who feized one of the fcholars of the house in the fact; on whom, bozeever, no cenfure was paffed by the univerfity. - The provolt was under a neceffity of fummoning a board
to the police of the ftate; and men were interefted in them only as they were; or hoped to be fathers, and wifhed to find a refpectable and well-regulated place of education for their children. Though fome
on this occafion.-By the cleareft evidence, Emanuel Thompfon, and a joung gentleman (the fcholar of the houfe abovementioned) were proved to have been concerned in this daring and bruta! outrage. - The provof, neverthelefs, would not confent that any cenfure thould be paffed on Mr. Thompfon, unlefs the other (one of bis furefi woters) were fuffered to efcape: -and unlefs the cenfure fhould be convejed rather againt the injured than the offending party. - Vefted as the provoft is by that excellent prelate archbifbop Laud with the moft arbitrary powers, the board were obliged to obey.—Dr. L— was defired to put the provoft's Sentence into good Latin; -he did it into Latin fuch as it is : and on Thurfday the 16th of February, an Eulogium was pronounced on the conduct of the fcholars, in the following terms :
"Cum conftet fcholarium ignotorum catum injuriam admiffie in Typographum quendam famofum, nomine Mills, qui nefariis flagitiis nobiliora quarque collegii membra in chartis fris lacefiverat ;
"Et cum parom regimini collegii cautum fit, ni in auctores et participes violentize utcunque la fos et accenfos animadvertererat ; confetque etiam Emanuelem Thompfon, illius violentiz participen fuiffe laudando, incitando, et difcipulo cuidam feholari obnitendo, qui predietum Mills ab injurioforum manibus eripere conatus eff; vifum eft prepofito et fociis fenioribus eundem Emanuelem Thompfon admonere, atque admonitionem in album collegii referre."
Of which the following is a frec, but faithful tranfation:
"Whereas it appears that fome of the fcholars of the college have done fome figbt injury to a certain popular, and therefore

## PRANCERIANA.

fome meafures might be traced to your aims, the fufpicion of their tendency refted among your fubjects, and was too remote to alarm the community. Shameful and open attempts to influence electors unduly, and to debafe the majefty of the national
infamous Printer, of the name of Mills, who in a moft flagitious manner had in his Journal for fome months paft libelled fome noble members of the univerfity (namely the Provoft and doetor Forfayeth) by republifhing the writings of the one, and fimply fating the actions of both :
"And, although the faid fcholars were highly laudable in fo doing, and thewed therein a becoming attachment to their principals, and that they were fit inftruments for the purpofes of party ; yet inafmuch as it is abfolutely neceffary, (in order to keep up fome herw of difcipline, and to fave appearances) that fome fight cenfure fhould be paffed on the perfons concerned in faid baffy proceeding, however they might have been wounded or inflamed by the actions and writings of their principale being thus exhibited to the publick; -and inafmuch as it appears, that Emanuel Thomfon was an acceffory in tbis affair, by aiding, abetting and affifting the perfons engaged therein, and by the oppofition which he gave to a fcholar who endeavoured to refcue the faid Mills :
"Therefore the provoft and fenior fellows have thought it prudent to admonifh the faid Emanuel Thompfon, and to enter the faid admonition on the college books."

In this fentence, the provof feems to have followed the example of a clergyman who ufed always to read the following verfe of Scripture in this manner: "And he fpake to his fons, faying, faddle me the afs-and they faddled him." A poor Printer runs to the provoft, and crics, "One of your brutal fcholars, laft night, dragged me out of my houfe, beat, abufed, and pumped me: Admonifh me this Ruffian"-and he admonifhes kim.
afembly by fending thither the unworthy, are great and publick injuries, which muft roufe every friend to his country.

An important crifis is at hand, when the people of your ftate may affert their liberty, or feal themfelves bondmen; and as they value their independence, they muft reject, uniformly, refolutely, and without the leaft confideration of his merits, every man whatever propofed or fecretly fupported by their governor. Your attempt to exert an undue and arbitrary influence is the fatal blow that would fubvert their rights. You have avowed-without fhame or hefitation avowed your oppreffive and unconftitutional defigns; -your act, therefore of propofing any man, or attempting, in any fhape, to interfere with their election, is what fhould chiefly alarm them ; and their utmoft vigilance fhould be directed to your operati-ons.-They will fee in your meafures an attempt to eftablinh an bereditary defpoti/m within their walls, and make their city the private property of a vain, ignoble, fervile, ambitious, private family. Every honeft fubject in your ftate wifhes to fee the crown beltowed, agreeably to their laws, on a Native. The only hope of obtaining this darling wifh refts on a fteady oppofition to your aims. Should your people oppofe you with fpirit, unanimity, and fuccefs, the flaves of government will be intimidated, and fear to accept the crown, left it fhould prove a crown of glowing fteel on

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their heads. Corrupt minitters will leave this brave people to themfelves, and no longer have a reafon for fending their creatures among them, when they find the vanity of an attempt to fubdue fuch liberal fpirits.

Some of your practices may hereafter appear before the legijlators of the land, to your confufion, and the ruin of your hopes. Meanwhile, it is the duty of every citizen to inflict that infamy which is the publick punifhment of publick crimes.

The moft noxious weeds, properly applied, have healing virtues; -your wifdom has found a ufe for the infamous and abandoned;-you have called them from the tavern, the gaming-houfe, and the ftews, and fet them (in imitation of your mafters) to riot by autbority in defence of adminiftration. Your inflrument in thefe exceffes is an object at which fiends may fmile; a man long refpectable for his learning and religious life ; late in his days, rendered the object of juft and general wonder, abhorrence, and contempt; in a perpetual rage ; at war with himfelf and all the world; dying, like a mad bound, inch by inch. We need but follow the bank to find the fpring; an outrage concerted and conducted by the creature of your creature*, could not be fuppofed to want
your

- One of the principal actors in the violence offered to Mr. Mills, was a young gentleman fupported from his infancy, and educated by Dr. F - -h.
your encouragement: you have now openly avowed your Share in the tranfaction, by extenuating and explaining away the offence, and Jutporting and protecting the offenders with all your eloquence, authority, legal fill, legal fubtlety, legal experience, and political arts. Flufhed with your new military fame, you were refolved to make all your fubjeets beroes. The head of a learned flate fat in deep divan with his truffy counfellors to plan a riot; a veteran lawyer employed his important mufings, to mature an affault. You eftablifhed your fway by peaceful arts; you were refolved to bring it to its meridian glory by military exploits. You dreamed, you talked of perfonal chafifement, and manual vengennce; your attentive courtiers caught the oraculous founds, out-ran their guide, and actually accomplifhed that of which you but dreamed. But your part in this tranfaction was fill more active, we muft conclude, than mere confcioufnefs, connivance, and approbation, from your fupporting and protecting the offenders; and when, notwithftanding the efforts of your faithful adherents at the council, one feape goat was neceflary to atone for the crime of many, from your turning the form of his reproof into an encomium, inferting therein a juftification of his conduct, and in bold defiance of the laws of your ftate, and of the land, of decency, and humanity, giving a fanction to the moft brutal outrage, and publicly exhorting the youths you were called to govern, to the wildelt exceffes of vindictive cruelty. You laid many fchemes before the publick;


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lick ; the moft important however were concealed. We little imagined that the patriotic idea of a national militia was among your projects. You talked much, and with valt felf-complacency, of difcipline ; we little imagined that you were to improve it by new evolutions, borrowed (it fhould feem) from the tribes of Savage Indians. You early explored the treafures of your flate; you foon difcovered that it afforded flaves, fpies, liars, informers, falfe witnefles, and corrupt judges ; you have now found, that it is not barren of ruffians, bravoes, and affaffins. You fummoned guardians of your bonour from the brothel; you muftered your faithful houfhold troops; you fmiled on them with a pleafure, which the fight of fucb worth muft afford to Juch a mind; you cheared them with your benediction; you fent them forth to vindicate your name, with a valour fuccefsful as your own; and you prepared for them a kind retreat, under the fhadow of your wings. Riots by authority, and public juftifications of them offered by the governor, in fhamelefs evafion of juft punifhment, are new things under the fun. But furely the cries of a nation will at laft be heard; the reverend guardians and infpectors of the ftate will reprefent thefe enormous and ruinous offences at the feet of Cæfar ; and our juit and gracious emperor will remove the outrageous and indecent tyrant from the throne he difhonours. You have feverely injured their parents, by encouraging in the ftudents a contempt of law, and a fpirit of
licentious ciuelty; ard every man who wifhes well to this kingdom, or defires to beftow a learned and virtuous education on his child, is bound to ftrain every nerve for your removal. It is, perhaps, an idle labour to fearch for motives, where abfurdity rifes on abfurdity, as wave on wave; and before we have traced one into its effects, we are alarmed by the rufhing of another. You lamented the neglect of difcipline, the turbulence, the licentioufnefs of your fubjects; you difplayed the cares, the toils of your regency, and plumed yourfelf in various projects for the advancement of religion and morality. Having bazarded fuch affertions, were you refolved to create a veracity for them, and make the depravity you had lamented ?

You brought forth the wooden image of your Saint and he was borne about in folemn procefion on the foculdirs of men, to work a miracle in the reformation of a finful people; you founded a plea for the wildeft ichemes, that ever entered the head of a dreamer, on a fpirit of rebellion and riot in your fubjects; the charge was refuted, beyond a poffibility of credit. Yet unwilling to refign fo many goodly plans, devifed with fuch labour and exhibited with fuch felf-gratulation, you practifed the expedient of artful foortmen, who let loofe wild beafts by night into their groves and paftures, that they may be hunted down for their bonour in the morning. Hoftile writers fet before you the ghaftly form of infamy; it was ever prefent,

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Pent, it glanced above, below, it hovered at your right hand, and embittered the triumph of fuccefsful guilt. You endeavoured to conjure down the cruel intruder; you worote, you fought; the phantom grezw in ftature every moment, and rofe more and more dreadful from your efforts. What remained? you called to your aid fuch defenders, as Juch genius, fucb valour, fuch a name deferve, and fhould ever find. For your refractory fubjects you had provided lofs of employments, obfervances, duties, attendances, forms, ceremonies, punctualities, rigours, airs of grandeur, haughty looks, harangues, infults, reprimands, reproaches, accufations, informations, examinations, interrogations, condemnations and cenfure. For foreign enemies, your refpectable champions, your pratorian coborts have prepared combats, affaults, ftratagems, ambufcade, captivity, outrage, wounds, torture, maim and death. You had before, your fpies and informers, your tale-bearers and whifperers; the addition of hireling ruffians has compleated the equipage of tyranny. Happy is the oppreffor who can command the barlot valour of fome ready gladiator, whofe face is againft every man, who is eager to ftrike, on or without any provocation, and whore obfequious arm can butcher, without compunction, priaciple or diftinction, in any quarrel.

Evilfpirits are faid to vanifh in a peal of thunder or a cloud of fulphur. The late riot, foftered by
your fmile, atchieved under your aufpices, defend. ed by your authority, may be confidered as a folemn act of taking liaze, a notification of your exit from the political hemifphere, for you have thereby fealed a formal refignation of your influence, and rendered it imf Dible for any of your fubjects who retains the Jigbteft regard for decency, to fupport an adminiftration, fo tyrannical, fo outrageous, fo flamelefs, fo lawlefs, fo ridiculous, fo foolifh and fo odious.

Farewel, Hipparchus! in my addreffes to you, I have confidered myfelf as performing a facrifice to juftice. The tafk was difgufting, though ufeful. There is no pleafure in tracing little cunning through its windings; in following ambitious fo!ly through its excurfions ; or repelling the claims of ridiculous vanity. 'There is no pleafure in marking the failings and the crimes of a weak head, joined with a corrupt heart ;-- there is no pleafure in beholding to what a wretched degree of bafenefs human nature may be depraved;-there is no pleafure in anatomizing the putrid carcafe of a monßer.

## CHARIDEMUS



No 35. Monday, February 27, 1775.
Froximus ardet Ucalegon. Virg. TO THE CITIZENS OF DUBLIN.

## Friends and Countrymen,

IN the refentment you have fhewn againt, and the ferious notice $\dagger$ you have taken of a late daring outrage, you have manifefted that attention to she publick good, which becomes virtuous, and that regard

+ A poft affembly having been fummoned to meet at the Tholfel, to take into confideration the late dangerous and daring outrage committed by a party of the fludents of Trinity college ; the following fpirited refolutions were propofed, and unanimoufly agreed to :

RESOLVED, That the late outrage cominitted by fome of the fudents of Trinity cullege, on the perfon of our fellow citizen, Mr. Michael Mills, printer, is a daring attack upon the natural rights of mankind, a violent breach of our laws, and an high affront to the police of this city.

RESOLVED, That as the confequences which may arife from thefe daring rinters efcaping juftice are of the moft dreadful nature, that the fum of Fipty Pounds be offered for the apprehending Emanuel Thompsonf, a fudent in Trinity college,
regard to your own welfare, which becomes wife men. May the faine fpirit animate and direct your counfels on this important occafion. Such an atrocious violation of law and police, confidered merely

## in

college, and one of the principal leaders in the late riot; and that the fum of Twenty Guineas be offered for each and every of the other perfons concerned.- [This refolution was rendered wefeles by an order from the board of aldermen.]

RESOLVED, As the collegiate punifhment inficted on the faid Emanuel Thompfon (who was convicted before the board of being principally active in the late riot and affault againft our fellow citizen, Mr. Mills) amounted only to a fight reprimand for the offence againft the college; and as the terms in which that reprimand was conveyed, evidently countenanced the crime againft the City , that a committec be appointed to draw up an addrefs to the vifitors of the college, requefting that the proceedings of the board of felluws held on Tuedday the 34th of February, inft. as far as they relate to an outrage againt the peace of this city, may be taken into their graces confideration; and that fuch cenfure may be paffed, and fuch meafures adopted, in the punifhment of the offenders, as (by rigour and juftice) may preferve order and regularity in the college, deter from future outrages any of the ftudents of the univerfity, and thereby fecure domeftick peace to the city of Dublin.

RESOLVED, That the thanks of this houre be given to the right hon, the lord mayor, for his applying to the provoft of Trinity college, to obtain that right hon. gentleman's affiftance in finding out, by calling over the roll, fuch of the itudents under his care as were concerned in the daring and dangerous outrage againft the faid Mr. Michael Mills, of Capelftreet, although his lordfhip had the mortification to meet a refufal, and that the Discharge of his Duty in that refpect WaS \& NEFFECTUAL。
in itfelf, might well deferve your fevereft animadverfion; but the attending circumftances render is an affair of an alarming nature indeed. The national feat of education ; that venerable depofitory where the honefty and virtue of your cbildren were placed
The board of aldermen, immediately after the laft refolution was carried, fent down the petition of the commons, with the following order annexed to it.

The lord mayor and board of aldermen, confidering the outrages lately committed on fome citizens, by a body of the ftudents of Trinity college, in conjunction with feveral other perfons, and particularly, one made on the houfe and perfon of Michael Mills, Printer, and a freeman of this city, to be of the mof dangerous tendency, a moft evil example, and an high infult to the police and good government of this city, do hereby offer the fum of twenty guineas, as a reward for each and every of the firf three perfons who fhall be hereafter (within theee months) difcovered, apprehended and profecuted to conviction for the faid riot and affault; and, that a proclamation for this purpofe, be forthwith iffued; and herein, defire the roncurrence of the fheriffs and commons. - In which faid refolution, the heriffs and commons did concur.

A refolution was then made and carried unanimoufly that the order be printed, and the board agreed.

A motion was then made and carried, that the addrefs to the vifitors be read; and it was accordingly read as follows:

To their graces the lord primate and lord archbifhop of Dublin, vifitors of Trinity college, near Dublin.
May it pleafe your graces,
WE the lo:d mayor, aldermen, fherifts, commons and citizens of Dublin, having the higheft confidence in your graces wifdom and virtue, and conceiving vurfelves to be deeply inte-
placed (as it were) in bank, to be drawn forth with interefl, in due feafon; that feminary from whence the fond parent hoped to call his child, filled with the generous fentiments, and adorned with the liberal attainments, which fit men for becoming guardians of the lives, properties or morals of their fellow citizens, has fent forth ruffians to aftonifh the publick and difgrace human nature, by the moft favage cruelty The riot to which I allude wants every circumflance which might palliate, though not excufe fuch an offence; it was not the outrage of a moment ; the infenfible unconfcious cruelty of intoxication ; it was not the quarrel of a fellorw-fisdent, where private friend ${ }^{\text {hip }}$ might have been pleaded; it was a fcheme of cozvardly barbarity, deliberately executed by fratagem on a fingle, peaceable, defencelefs citizen, in the fobriety of malice, by a
number
refted in whatever may relate to the welfare of our univerfity, not only as members of the community in general, ani concerned in the education of the youth of this kingdom, but particularly earneft for the advantage and dignity of that univerfity, having contributed liberally to its original eftablifhment; and our lord mayors havirg in time paft, been its vifitors; do hold it incumbent on us, at this time, to entreat your graces interpofition to prevent a continuance of the daring outrages of late committed by certain ftudents of the univerfity.

Had we no other object of confideration but the fafety of our perfons, the laws of the land in which we live would give us fufficient fecurity, by punifhing fuch atrocious offenders with feverity; but as we wifh to maintain mutual love and harmony between our fellow citizens and the gentlemen of the univerfity, we requeft your graces will enquire whether fome
number of ruffians evidently bired to protect the honour of an infamous man, by the terrors of an affaffination. Had the crime been punifhed by thofe who were enabled to do fo by their authority, and bound by their duty and their oath, your interpofiL 5
tion
innovations have not taken place in the government of the college:

Until very lately her governors were anxious to fupprefs, and active to punifh any mifdemeanor of her members ; and while the important care of the univerfity was entrufted to a perfon acquainted with collegiate matters, your graces triennial vifitations were rendered almoft unneceffary; but, fince the direction of the college has fallen into un-academic hands, the irregularity of the ftudents has exceeded all bounds; we therefore moft earneftly entreat your graces that, for the prefervation? of the peace, for the welfare of the kingdom, and for the honour of the univerfity, you will hold a vifitation, endeavour to bring to light the caufes and abettors of the many outrages committed; and that (let the perfons concerned be of what rank or fation foever;) you will have them removed; and that your graces will be pleafed to take fuch other effectual methods as to your wifdoms fhall feem meet, to prevent the confequences fo much to be dreaded from the prefent ftate of the univerfity.

This addrefs was received with unanimity by the houfe; bus. the board of aldermen having broke up, it could not then have their concurrence, and was therefore, with the third refolution, poif poned.

In a few days after thefe refolutions were entered into ; his. grace the archbifhop of Dublin (one of the vifitols) took his fon and another young gentleman of confiderable fortune, Mr. St. G—, out of the college, and fent them to Cambridge.
tion had appeared laudable, but not neceffary ; and the feat of learning had appeared able to fupport herfelf, to maintain her o:wn difcipline, and preferve the mora's of her fludents. The governor of our feat of learning, by protecting thefe bravoes of his life guard, publickly avowing his approbation of fuch outrages, and in mockery of difcipline, and contempt of decency, publihing a libel on the injured perion by way of punifoing the injury, has deitroyed the polise and good order of the community; and the licentious and profligate are affured not only of countenance, but rewards from the head of the state ; and by paying him tythe of their riots, may purchafe a full abfolution and immunity from peaceful rules, and an eternal jubilee of outiage. Public infamy marie vaft and daily demands on the fcanty credit of a bank upt adminittration; in fuch a defpair of virtuc, fuch an impetuous, ceafelefs run of difgraces, this unhappy corrupt man hoped to $f$ ilence thofe whom he could not anfwer; he refolved to try every thing, catch at every thing, hazard every thing ; to eftablifh a band of defperadoes to riot him into credit, and awe the importunate and refractory by the dread of perfonal violence. The moft abandoned of his fubjects were lured into the fervice by the promife of literary bonours, of the ranks and degrees which were formerly to be obtained only by a proficiency in their appointed courfe of ftudy, and they continue to fill the community with outrage and difturbance. Thefe wretches have been allowed or rather commanded to poit up libels and threats of out-
rage and violence on the walls of a learned city ; the tyrant fets on his dogs, to hunt the popular electors, that when they turn he may feize them for vietims. He hopes, that his creatures may, by infults, irritate his opponents to fome act of violence ; and with eager malice waits to exert or ftrain the rigour of the law, and banifh them from his dominions ; nor will the evil ftop here ; the example of the governor and the court favourites will foon taint the whole body; the feat of learning will become a feat of war; your ftreets will be filled with armed rioters; your theatres and places of publick amufement become fields of combat; the inoffenfive citizen will be unfafe under his own roof; and the innocent virgin under the wing of her parents. The whole kingdom is concerned in the good government and welfare of the national feat of education more deeply than appears at firft even the meaneft artizan, the pooreft cottager, "is interefted, as he wifhes to find an honeft and liberal employer, or an upright and merciful landlord or matter, as he wifhes to eat his hard-earned morfel in quiet, and find himfelf fafe from brutal outrage : for if our youth be formed, after the example of their governor, to become tyrants and flaves, the confequences muft foon be feit through all orders of men; befides, the abfurdities and exceffes of its governor, muft bring our place of education into contempt, and caufe perfons of fortune to fend their children to foreigh feats of learning, to the great injury of the kingdom in the conitant drain of mones, and deftruction of
all attachment to their native country in the principal families. Nor mult you hope to redrefs or prevent thefe mifchiefs; or fee difcipline, peace, or jultice, in the fociety in queltion, while it remains under its prefent head. A man, who importuned an elector $\ddagger$ for his voice, and on a refufal, impudently interrognted him, with the haughtinefs of a judge to a felon, concerning his connections, and the private family affairs of his fatber; and in fcandalous avoroal of the molt illegal and indecent intrigues, noted down in a paper, the refuit of the examination. A man, who, when his heart dilated at the convivial moment with the confcioufnefs of his merit, boalted of having infulted and reproached your reprefentative; $\$$ his fuperior in age, and, without the leaft panegyric on the virtue or information of that citizen, infinitely, beyond all degrees of comprifon, his fuperior in integrity and learning. What difcipline, or police, can be maintained in a ltate whofe governor has openly patronized a riot, and employs a band of rufians to infult and menace the obnoxious? What peace, while the tysant and his minions purfue the moft iniquitous chemes, and perfecute with the moft envenomed rancour all who not orly oppofe but refufe to concur in their meatires? What juftice, when a man of approzed, mature want of principle, honour, and humanity, armed with very arbitrary power by the laws
$\ddagger$ Mr. D-s.
§ Dr. Cl-t, whom the provoft boafted that he had reprimanded for neglecting one day to go to chapel.
laws of the fociety he governs, has avowed his intentions of influencing an election? Your children will be deprived of inducements to learning ; their minds will be perverted with corrupt and flavifl principles ; and the offices and honours which were appointed as the rewards of merit, will be proftituted, and become incentives to fervility, badges of depravity, and wages of difhonour. You are called upon by your own honour, by the love you bear your children, and the duty you owe your country, to rofufe yourfelves on this occafion. Lay your complaints before the throne ; addrefs the viceroy ; requeft, that this corrupt and incapable governor, whofe ignorance can only be furpaffed by his iniquity, may be removed from the regency he difhonours.The appointment of fuch a man, though lefs alarming in appearance, was more fatal to the kingdom than the moft oppreffive tax, the moft ruinous ftatute. Taxes can, at worft, but make you beggars; and you may have a bope of being eafed from them by the virtue and wifdom of a future fenate. The mott pernicious laws can, at worft, but deftroy your commerce, and render you unfafe in your perfons and properties; and you may have fome profpect of their being repealed. - But the appointment of fuch a governor over your place of education was iniended to involve you in deftruction, without hope of remedy-was aimed to cut off the virtue and honour of the rifing generation, and their lateft pofterity, at a blow.

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No. 36.


No. 36. Wednefday, March 1, 1775.

> TO VERRES, PROCONSUL OF MACEDON.

THE charge of folly may, perhaps, fall on complaints and reproaches addreffed to the ftatelman loft to remorfe and thame, who finds in green old age the vigoar of youth to do mifchief, without its boneft feelings to reclaim him. The pblegnt of your temper, Verres, the principled fervility, the habitual, veteran depravity, and the hypocritical rigour, may be reftrained by the pen of fatire, when the peftilence is flayed at the bidding of the phyfician, or the comet, at the voice of the aftronomer : yet the ufelefs remonftrances of the prefent may gratify the curiofity of the future generation, and afford fpeculation to the philofopher, by fhewing what the corrupt governor can inflict and the patient province bear. To render you a more ufeful engine in the hands of a tyrant, the prejudices of.education concurred with the bafene/s of nature; and had the path of freedom and virtue been equally profitable, you would (like a true Cappadocian) have toiled on 'in the crooked ways of fervility,
fervility, and given a gratuitous fupport to tyranny. From an anceftor who was the fecret enemy of the rights and liberties of his fellow citizens, who confpired to betray the glory and integrity of his country, and ftain her with difhoneft, difhonourable peace in the midft of conqueft, and who was numbered by a nation among the traitors who fought to fubvert her religion and her laws, and reftore the banifhed Julian family, you derived hereditary tenets and modes of thinking, which have rendered you corrupt, as well from principle as intereft, and entitled you to the fmiles of your emperor. A profound genius for government is beft fhewn in the choice of proper minifters and inftruments; and never did prince poffefs this talent in a more eminent degree than Tiberius Cafar: he has learned to defpife the vulgar requifites of a minilter, and difcovered that the unprincipled, the libertine, the ignorant, the low-born, the bafe, and the infamous, will moft readily pay that obedience which is fo neceflary to the vigour of government. Our fagacious emperor has honoured with his confidence a fet of men, whom princes of lefs ability would have feared ; for he wifely judged, that while from religious and political opinions they were enemies to his family and perfon, they muft from the fame caufe be the firmeft friend to his fyitem of government. Cæfar difcovered in you the talents for governing; and never fhall Verres difgrace the fagacity of his royal matter. You felected fur your minilter Calques, the centurion, a man whofe education was fuitable
able to the meannefs of his birth, and the humility of his hopes-whofe batenefs of nature juftified the obfcurity in which he had long remained-whofe fhare in your favour renders but more fignal the contempt he meets wich from the reft of the world -whofe fitiful abilities are calculated in one refpect for villainy, as they may render it unfufpected, and throw men from their guard-whofe prudence is gloomy cunning-whofe dignity unfocial male-volence-whofe learning dark and crooked machi-nations-whofe reputation vindictive rancour, and whofe politicks the petty tricks of a fharking pawnbroker or ufurer-a man who enjoys power without being refpectable, and while he difpenfes dignities and honours, remains bafe and abject - who is hated and defpifed even by the people who are led by his arts who works in fecret to diffeminate the corruption of his own heart ; as fome malignant fpirit veils himfelf in darkrefs, while he fends abroad the peftilence. You faw that this man wanted the ufual requifites of a minifter-learning, eloquence, reputable birth extenfive connections, popular manners, and even convivial talents; but you faw in him endowments congenial to your own-retired, fullen artifice, grave aulterity, with contempt of decency, gloom, phlegm, avarice, and meannefs. Sent to ruin a devoted province, refolved to crufh the family pride of the haughty leaders, you commanded them to fall down and worfhip, not the golden image which the king fet up, but the beap of mud which you moulded with your own hands into a fhapelefs emblem of au-
thority.

## PRANCERIANA.

thority. In this regular fcheme of deftruction, the fubverfion of Epirus, the feat of education, was a leading branch; and you purfued the moft effectual means to accomplifh it, by your choice of a $t e-$ trarch.

You fought for a man, the moft eminently difqualified in the kingdom of Macedon (perhaps in the Roman empire) and you have been fucce/sful to your utmoft wifh ; you found Hipparchus, whofe birth promijed bafenefs, whofe manhood fulfilled the promife, whofe more advanced years afforded a fupererogation of iniquity ; a man who with a mind too adtive to remain in inoffenfive ignorance, too weak to reafon juflly, gathered from the writings of the fophifts a contempt for the eftablifhed rworßhip, and all that the Greeks hold moft facred. Without family honour to be maintained ; without the honelt pride derived from a virtuous anceftry ; with obfcurity of birth to render neceffary the honours a court can beltow, and vanity to feel their full importance. A man who avowedly retailed his infamy, and drove an open, fhamelefs trafick with his compliances; a foreftaller in fervility, who while he forfook the venal tribe for foort and rare intervals, merely to enbance his zwages, rendered himfelf more odious, contemptible and guilty, by an affectation of publick fpirit. A man who burlejqued patriotifm, made independence feem fabulous, and rendered virtue fufpicious, while he fupported the caufe of his country, only to injure it the more, by raifing the market
price of corruption. A blafphemer who pronounced the name of virtue only to infult her, and profeffed a regard to his country with his lips, while his beart was far from her. At fome happy hour, when proconfular majefty was Arouded in the bailiff's hut; when your grave minion found the reward of his publick labours and his publick virtues in the cbafte fmiles of an eafy fair one ; and the clemency and chriftian charity of a pious, ancicnt, ceremonious governor, did not difdain the humble dwelling of female frailty ; his three guardian firits planned the grandeur of Hipparchus. They fat in judgment on his paft life ; they found it unftained by any trace of good; any fcrupulous waverings; any weak deviations into virtue or decency; they fet him to rule a feminary, of which he had fhown a contempt and hatred by fending his fon for education to a foreign land. Yet his conduet has furpaffed the moft fanguine expectations; and fhould his endeavours fucceed to his wih, the fate he governs may foon be fitted for beftowing a proper education moral and martial on a child of Hipparchus. The firf care of Hipparchus was to debafe the priefthood, by fhewing what a depth of malice and iniquity it could afford. He placed at his right hand a man who fhames his facred function, and renders profefinns of piety abominable, by uniting them with thofe vices which want the palliation of appetite, and are unconnected with goodnefs of heart, gentlenefs of nature, and foftnefs of manners. With the affiftance of this minitter, he fearched among the profligate and needy
needy for Spies; he fmiled on them, gave them their leffons, and fent them forth to interrupt or betray the freedom of intercourfe, mutual confidence, generous opennefs, and honeft boldnefs, which fhould ever prevail among men of letters. To deftroy the commerce of affection, which fhould ever fubfift between the teacher and ftudent, he next endeavoured to debafe the office of preceptor with practices as infamous and illegal as ever difgraced a follower of the law in a country corporation; and he found one fool, fo ambitious to be a villain, fo eager to burn his incenfe before the leaden form of Moloch, that he fet fire to the temple, and fcared the worfhippers. His next care was to change the prefcriptive difpofal of offices, and make employments in the ftate inftruments of oppreffion, or wages of corruption. An outrageous man was by an outrage palmed on the people, and violently obtruded (for the moft iniquitous purpofes) into an employment, which might give him power to harrafs the refractory, and exert an undue influence on the electors officially. To reward his creatures, intimidate the fcrupulous, allure the covetous and punifh the fiub. born, half his fubjects were robbed of the pofts, to which in juftice and decency they were entitled, that he might reward the pious director of his conScience with a fhamelefs accumulation of emoluments. To break the fpirits of his undutiful fubjects; the native petulance which (in hopes of converts) had foamed, champed and curvetted in bridled, enforced, managed civility, foon rufhed
away in magifterial harangue, reproach and infult. This man has endeavoured with an unwearied diligence and reftlefs activity, which can only be equalled by their fuccefs, to render himfelf odious and ridiculous, and injure his country. The profeffion of an advocate, the government of a confiderable ftate, and the vocation of a minifterial drudge, might afford employment enough to fill, and infamy enough to content an ordinary mind. The fenatehoufe, the courts of juftice, the walls of his own city might afford as many and notable occafions of fhewing malevolence, vanity, folly, ignorance, and inability, as a reafonable man could defire; but, the vaft ambition of Hipparcbus (infatiable as his avarice) grows by gratification, and aims at a prodigious portentous infamy, before unknown and unconceivable. He thinks his labours too light, the witneffes of his fhame too feru; and finds leifure in the midft of pleadings doubly laborious from ignorance of law, minifterial machinations, \{chemes of reformation, oppreffion, and perfecution, for the polite toils of compoftion. The prefs too teems with monuments of his genius and virtues; and he appeals to the whole empire for a certificate of Thame. He feared that the momory of his folly might perifh with the fchemes it dictated, and immortalized it with eloquence all his orun. His virtues however require no fuch blazon; their fame muft be lafting as the injuries for which his country is indebted to him. He fludioufly endeavoured to make their feat of education vile in the fight of the people

## PRANCERIANA.

people by falfe and malicious infinuations, and he cafually obtained his defire by the fyle and compofition of his writings; which (like the writer) unite meannefs with an attempt at dignity, and become more vile and contemptible from an affectation of excellence. His fchemes and his literary labours had now (as we imagined) fixed the herculean pillars, beyond which it was impoffible to find a region of abfurdity. We were foon undeceived ; when a learned judge, from the hallowed Seat of juffice, told us that our ruler was a public nuifance, a violator of peace and civil order, a rebel againft the laws, an author of guilty example to the rifing generation. When we found the man, to whofe care the education and protection of the youth of a nation was entrufted, like a hot-brained boy proud of his new fword, a tavern brawler, a midnigbt rioter, the bully of a gaming. table, or the bravo of an barlot, throwing out menaces of violence, and engaged in a combat (in his own defpite) for which nothing could have given him courage, but the tempting profpect of injuring his country, and the alluring intrinfic ab. furdity of the meafure. The courage of this man is exactly like his patrioti $m$; he hopes to find the reputation of virtue in hypocrify, and to pals for bero by becoming Ruffian. The defcent of a man who falls into infamy and guilt (like that of a body to the earth) is accelerated every moment, Hipparchus not only fcandalized and injured the ftate he was fent to govern, by foolifh and pernici-

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ous fchemes, but hewed himfelf the bafe and con. temptible fribbler in their defence ; not fufficiently ridiculous in the character of a pampleteer, this mafter of furprizes came forth, to the altonifhment of the world, a duellift; not content with the laurels reaped by his fingle arm, he muftered a band of rioters, and fent them to proclaim his virtues, by fuch an outrage as is fcarcely credible in a civilized, feldom feen in the moft barbarous ftate; and not fatisfied with the oblique rays which this affair reflected on him, he fet himfelf in a confpicuous point of view, where its whole luftre converged. He and his minions at the council defended the juftice of the action, protected the actors, and forced to yield to a fight punifhment, one who added to the crime of rioting the fending a challenge; he converted a ceremony intended for the maintenance of difcipline into an exhortation to outrage ; and inftead of an admonition to a rioter, the fubjects of Hipparcbus heard a libel on a peaceable, injured citizen, and a panegyrick on riots.

In what a refpectable and uncommon light the governor of a learned community appears! Surrounded by his myrmidons, the moft unhappy abandoned youths of the fate; his pallid countenance, deadly, malicious, and marked with anguif, like that of Some felon who has juft expired on the rack, faintly enlivened with a malignant joy: and his taneful eye glaring on the faithful ruffians with the dim, fickly, malignant flame of an unwholfome
meteor of thofe fires with which human fancy fills the infernal manfions. Such, Verres, are the deeds of your tetrarch! He has moved in his courts of iniquity like a noxious planet; endeavoured to attract all inferior bodies to his own centre; difturbed and rendered irregular the motions of thofe which refifted his influence ; and fpread confufion and defolation through the whole fyftem. Evil Jpirits, when they return from miffions of deftruction, recount to their infernal mafter what whirlwinds they have fent abroad ; what towns they have fwallowed up with earthquakes; what plagues they have breathed forth; what kingdoms they have involved in war; what virtue they have feduced, and what guilt aggrandized ; and when you, Verres, return to him who fent you, and difplay the fuccefful corruption, the faitbful mijcbiefs of your miniftry; the moft grateful period in the black detail, will be-" I have impoverifhed, I have depreffed a loyal province; l have perverted many of her friends; I have endeavoured to rob her of her laft pride, her feat of education, and fink her in ignorance and barbarifm, as well as poverty; I have fet over it a chofen minion, a trufty fiend, an Alcides of corruption, who filled province after province with his labours. I have given a wretched people, fór a governor of their children, the vain, the venal, the flave, the tyrant, the unbeliever, the liar, the foribbler, the calumniator, the coward, the bully, and the aflafin."

CHARIDEMUS.

No. 37.

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- Anime plufquam pars ultera nofira! Tu queque in aura frequens venies plaufumque virorum, Et parili carpes iter immortale volatu.

Mifiton.
A familiar epistle from G - EH——, Ese to the Right Hon. JH — H ——, P——of Trinity College, Dublin.
THEN Hely wakes the tuneful throng,
Shall Tamor's poet want a fong ? Awake, my lyre! let Hely hear Such ftrainṣ as charm a Townfiend's ear.

From rival wits and witlings fore, The rhyming prank I long forebore; The malice of a thanklefs age My pinions clipt, reftrain'd my rage, To profe confin'd me for a time, And brought a fober ebb of rhyme; But fee the maid again attend, To fing my brother and my friend; Again the fpring-tide wave o'erflows, With profe in verfe-or verfe in profe.

A thoufand bards thy praife endite, But I the fubject claim, by right; What bard can celebrate like me Purfuits in which we both agree? From Gorge expect the deathlefs name; The proper poet of thy fame.
Alike our ftudies and our arts, With equal genius different hearts, Our fouls with flame congenial glow; And ah! congenial fates we know. With equal dignity and praife, You wear the olive, I the bays; Alike by cruel Fortune hurl'd, To buffet with an envious worlc', Oppreft with injuries and wrongs,
'Midit evil days and evil tongues;
While taunting ridicule purfues
Prancero's fchemes, and Howard's mufe, While merit wakes an envious tribe,
The poet's theme, the witlings gibe

Both fkill'd to rein the manag'd fteed; And both renown'd for warlike deed;
But you with pifols take the field, While I the polifh'd rapier wield:
You dar'd an author * to the fight,
An author-printer $\dagger$ own'd my might;
Here too the parallel we find;
I dar'd the lame, and you the blind.
Projectors both and mighty planners ;
Both men of fine and polifh'd manners,
Alike adorn a viceroy's court,
With ftudied bow and graceful port ;
With happy airs with labour'd eafe,
And courtly Stanhope's gkill to pleafe. 'Tis your's in fenate-houfe to fhine,
In meeting of attornies mine.
Both writers of no mean degree,
You profe profefs, I poetry ;
Behind the maid I boldly ride,
Who fits on Pegafus aftride ;
While you're content to walk the ftreet,
With her who trudges on her feet.
Both doom'd to wield the lucklefs pen, 'Midft nand'rous tribes of littie men; You ichemes for Alma's youth indite, I rules for young attornies write. Criticks in building, planting, writing, Admir'd for reading, and reciting;

## While

* Mr. Doyle, who publifeed an addrefs to the electors of the univerfity, in November 1774.
$\dagger$ George Eaulkner, printer of the Dublin Journa!.

While Alma's fons to fpeak you train, I for their ufe fupply the fcene. Soon may thy theatre arife!
Thrice welcome fight to Howard's eyes. There mall my injur'd mufe have room, And there my heroes find a tomb; There fhall Almeyda tread the flage,
And there my Rival monarchs rage; There, while a nation crowds to hear, Shall you and I the burkin wear;
You tread the itage you built, my friend!
And I perform the part I penn'd.
Return we to our parallel,
The poiats wherein we both excel.
Both boait the fumptuous houre, and plate,
The fplendid board, the lordly ftate ;
And each fupreme Mecenas fits,
To deal out ivy to the wits.
In this I own we difagree,
And blockheads give the palm to me; I've fomewhat more of legal fkill,
And fome few honeft fcruples ftill ; While you, I muft allow perforce, Are bigher in Ambition's courfe ; I win brothers of refembling face,
Yet boafting each a feparate grace;
The pleas'd fpectator's eye we ftrike,
With features diff'rent yet alike.
Alas, my brother and my friend!
What cares, what toils thy age attend!

Why, brother, did thy noble zeal
So ftrongly glow for Alma's weal ?
Why would'f thou rifque thy eafe and fame,
A moody murm'ring race to tame ?
To guide their wayward erring voice,
And kindly over-rule their choice,
To quell the rebel, votes to feek,
And know the toils of reading Greek.
As when a youngter unaware,
Has mounted on a fkittifh mare,
While now the vixen ftarts and prances,
Now kicks, now reirograde advances;
Legs, arms, fatigu'd, and head full addle,
He wifhes Satan in the faddle;
Prancer-on Alma's crupper mounted,
For loft by many a fool was counted;
Yet fhali-he (though the jade uncivil
Kicks, tears, and plunges, like a devil)
Trot on befpat:er'd-but unhurt,
Amidft an atmofphere of dirt;
To nonsense-happy province, guide her,
And long and luftily beftride her.-
Or as when cat of mighty foul, Is fet adrift in wooden bowl;
Adrift on itranger element,
In wooden bark is Hely fent;
The element, our feat of learning, -
The wooden bowl his own difcerning;
Yet flall he briftle up his tail,
And fpit at dogs that bark and rail -

At Dionyfius' witty court,
(So heav'n ordain'd to make him fport)
There dwelt, of fhallow-pated fame,
A courtier-Damocles his name This man juft faw the fkin of things, And thought no mortals bleft like kings.
' O what the joy, my liege! (fays he)

- To be a monarch great-like thee ;
- To fleep on purple, eat in plate,
- And live in luxury and ftate;
- Thus to be prais'd, and flatter'd ftill,
- And have a nation at one's will;
- Thoufands attending on my leifure;
- Thoufands employ'd to give me pleafure,'

The king loll'd out a gibing tongue -
For well he knew the fool was wrong;
And winking to fome wags ftood nigh;

- Would you the joys of empire try ?
- Well-to the trial I agree-
- Be-for a week-a king like me.
- My crown, my fceptre I refign,
' My throne-my guards, they all are thine.'-
When kings command-'tis faid and done.
Lo!-Damocles upon the throne.-
As big he look'd as Dublin's may'r,
Or Hely in the provoft's chair.
Sicilia's youth to read tee teaches,
He fummon'd boards, he utter'd fpeeches,
He altered laws, he publifh'd books,
And dealt preferment in his looks;

He fpeaks-and lecturers are chairs;
He nods-lo! Sicily at prayers. He had his projects, and difguifes,
His hints, his whifpers, lies, furmifes;
His toois, his flatt'rers, fipies and flaves,
Buffoons, informers, liars, braves;
And chofe a rev'rend calm advifer,
A pious prieft, to make him wifer.
With flatt'ry ply'd from morn to noon,
He griev'd his reign muft end fo foon.
Oh, what the tranfports monarchs prove.-
Blefs me !-what's that I fee above it
(For o'er him by a fingle hair,
That trembl'd at each breath of air,
A fword as valt and weighty hung,
As e'er at belt of giant fwung)

- If this be empire-faith! l'll none ;
- Pluto for me may fill the throne. -
- Take, Sir, I beg you-take your pain-
- Your fceptre and your fword again.
- No more their pomp to kings I grudge ; Make me a bifhop, or a judge.'

No Damocles, my friend art thou,
That, -even thy enemies allow:
No meddling, vain, officious fool, Betray'd by ignorance, to rule, And venture rafhly on a throne, Its duties and its cares unknown.
No-'twas no little love of felf, No thirft for grandeur, pow'r, and pelf,

No paltry, minifterial end,
That made thee wifh to reign, my friend!
But 'twas thy love for Jpeaking, writing, Devotion, borfemanhip, and figbting. And never fhalt thou fhun the pains, The toils that wait on him who reigns ;
Ne'er of thy talents Alma cheat, But for thy country's fake be great.

Yet fhould thy weary age defire,
To place of flumber to retire, Should'ft thou unfinifh'd fchemes refign, And on the feat of juftice fhine; With equal genius, equal knowledge, Shall I fucceed and rule the college. Yes in your place fhall Gorgy fline, Succeffor by a right divine, Your brother and adopted fon, To end what you've fo well begun. Who can fo well compleat your aims?
As one who glows with kindred flames. Who can a birth-day fpeech reward Like me, an ancient birth-day bard? I'll train the youth in glory's road, To pen, not only fpeech but ode; Strains that a viceroy's ear may fill,
Or through a full rotunda thrill. Farewel-my chairmen wait below, This moment I'll to levee go,
To crave at old Sir Simon's hand, A trifling, buta juft demand;

That when you gain the chancellor's mace, I may be provoft in your place. Engrafted thus on Alma's name, Together hall we fpring to fame; As crab and medlar fcions grow, Like brothers on one apple-bough. Or as twin bladders puff'd with wind, By truant fchool-boy left behind, Together held by packthread bond, Saill with the fream in union fond, So Gorge and Hely, fide by fide, Shall down the tide of glory ride.
G. E, H.

No. 38.

## 

No. 38. Wednefday, March 8, 1775.

> Me, naked me, to pofts, to pumps they draw, To frame eternal, or eternallaw. Pope.

THE Editor is extremely concerned at his being unable to gratify the curiofity of the Publick with the remainder of the authentick and entertairing memoirs of Mrs. College *, as the copy was, by an unlucky miftake, fold to a paftry cook or tobacconift, along with fome rheams of a hiftory of Ireland. He has, however, commericed a diligent fearch through the paftry and fnuff fhops, in hopes of recovering the copy; and earneftly requefts, that gentlemen who find Fragments of this Work in envelopes of any commodity, will fend them to the chambers of the Editor, No. 64, at the old fide of the new or Harcourt fquare in Trinity college, that they may appear in a 2d Edition. -The Contents of a few Chapters were preferved, and are here fubjoined.

CHAP.

[^10]
## $\mathrm{C} \cdot \mathrm{H}$ A P. II.

Jack Prance's quarrel with Sir Gregory Goo equill, and the caufes of it-Sir Gregory fends a challenge to Fack, who (in imitation of Cato's reading the Pbedon of Plato before he killed himfe!f) reads Fleicher's Comedy of the Litite French Law$Y E R$, on the night preceding the combat.

## C H A P. III.

Bezaleel Blackletter the Printer, and a fet of unlucky boys, amuic themfelves with throwing the fun on Jack from a mirror-Jack breaks his nofe againt Bezaleel's rubrick-poit, and vows revengeDoctor Pompcfo, ever obfequious to the wifhes of his friends, puts on a green apron, goes difguifed like a faufage-man, with a bafket on his fhoulder, and fells poifoned black-puddings to the Printer.

## C H A P. IV.

This fcheme of well-concerted vengeance mifcarries, by a cat's unluckily eating the puddingsand Jack difappointed in his attempt, refolves to add the lion's fang to the fox's tail-He hires a mob to feize the offender, and proves to them the juftice, legality
legality and humanity of the undertaking, in a moft eloquent harangue.

## C H A P. V.

The cavalcade fets out on this grand enterprizeit is joined by doctor Dilemma and Billy Slabbering$b i b$, difguifed like chimney-fweepers, and doctor Pompofo in the habit of a news-hawker-all ftratagems in war are lawful; Bezaleel is feized, carcied off in triumph, arraigned, condemned, and fentenced to the difcipline of the Pump.

## C H A P. VI.

The ceremony of pumping defcribed, with a hiftorical differtion on it's antiquity and origin, by doctor Pompofo-Bezaleel is folemnly tried, condemned and admonibed * for wafting the water of the fohool, by being pumped.

## C H A P. VII.

Jack Prance becomes univerfally odious and contemptible- Yuffice Bookrworm $\dagger$ recommends it

[^11]to the grand-jury at the quarter-feffions, to prefont him as a nuifance-and fock vows he'll get a vote paffed againft him in veftry-The people petition the royal inspectors of the fchool to remove JackThey make anfwer, that the fchool ftinks in the nofes of the people ; that they will vifit it immediately, and fet all things to rights-All the nobility and gentry remuve their fons from the fchool, and fend them to foreign countries-ffack Prance, defeated in all his fchemes, particularly in his favourite one of procuring his fon Dicky to be elected one of the monitors of the fchool, bangs himfelfDoctor Dilemma, afte: ftudying the fpeech of Antbony on Cæfar, pronounces his funeral oration-The boys make a great bonefire-Doctor Allwortby, one of the oldeft ufhers of the fchool, a man of the moft amiable character, and of profound learning, particularly
man. Being afked whether he had read a panegyrick which Jack had written on himfelf (full of bad Englifh and Prancerifms) called the Complete Scboolmafier, or Cbild's Guide; Aye, aye, fays Bookworm, I have; really his friends ought to be very careful of him ; the poor gentleman has got a flying gout about him-they ought to endeavour to keep it in his feet.-A young gentleman of the bar having fpoken fomewhat longer than ufual before the fame juftice, he told the barrifter, after the rifing of the court, that he was glad to fee him appear to fuch advantage; but having had a regard for his father, he would venture to give him a little advice-" Never, my good friend, make long fpeeches; it has indeed done well enough with $\mathrm{H} \longrightarrow \mathrm{n}$ ( a nickname that Jack went by) but you fee how miferably it has fucceeded with Fedy F—d.
ticularly in the mathematical branches, is appointed mafter of the fchool-Univerfal rejoicings throughout the kingdom on the news being fpread that Jack Prance had put an end to himfelf-The fchool reftored to its former reputation - and all the gentry bring back their children.

## F I N I S.

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[^0]:    * Since the writing of the above, the independent electors of the univerfity have nominated Walter Huffey and Edmond Malone, Efqrs. as proper perions to zeprefent them in the enfuing parli ment

[^1]:    * "Regard to my own character, as a gentleman, and re" Ip.ct for the great foriety, to which I belorg, make me ab"fivin from ufing any upprobrious terms." -Vide, a letter to William Doyle, Efq; republifhed in the Freeman of November the igth.

[^2]:    - See No. 4.

[^3]:    * See No. 3. $\ddagger$ See No. 26.

[^4]:    $\ddagger$ A few days before the publication of this paper, the provoft fought Mr. Doyle.

[^5]:    $\dagger$ The living of Kilcock.

[^6]:    $\dagger$ Hipparcbus has folluwed this advice.

[^7]:    t The Freeman's-Journal is publifhed there,

[^8]:    * Mr. George Faulkner.

[^9]:    I In the fame code we find a law againft card playing whieh was originally intended to prevent gaming, but has lately been rigoroufly enforced, in order to deprive the fellows and fcholars of the college of an innocent amufement, and to encourage drinking.

    + There is a parallel paffage in an oath recited in the fame Code : Statuta hujus Collegii pro virili mea in omnihus fervaturum iifque omnibus quæe ex eorum Præfcripto gerentur meum Affenfum accommodaturum, omnefque \& fingulos, \&c. ex iifdem legibus \& Statutis fiue ullius Generis aut Conditionis, 2ut Perfonarum Reffectu, gratia aut Odio recturum-even a Soz.

[^10]:    * See the firft Chap, of thefe Memoirs, No. 29.

[^11]:    * An old joker, who in all the ballads and jeft books of thofe times is called Elack Pbil, being told that Jack had admonifhed Blackletter, on account of his being pumped, "Well! Well! fays he, let him take care of himfelf; if he fhould throw any more reflections upon Prance, he will certainly expel him."
    $\dagger$ If we may credit the hiftories of thofe times, there did not fubfift any very cordial affection between Jack and this gentle-

