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THE MASTERY SYSTEM  
APPLIED TO THE  
JAPANESE LANGUAGE.

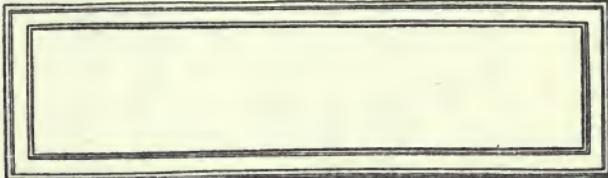
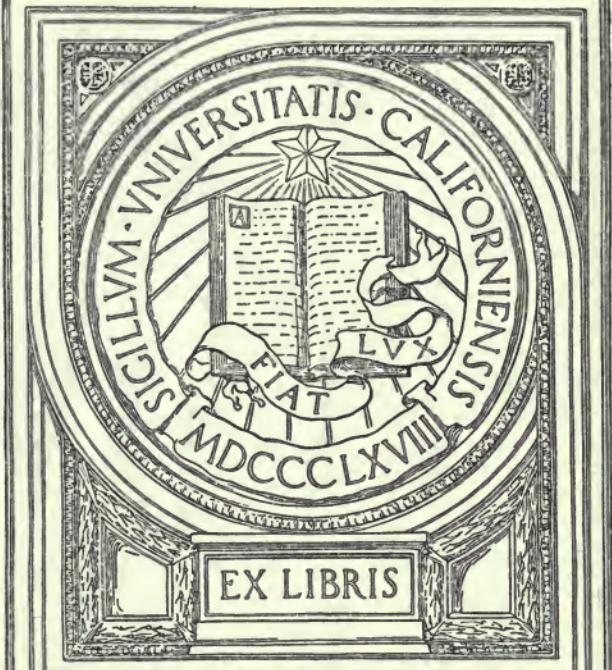
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## PREFACE.

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THE ACQUISITION OF A FOREIGN LANGUAGE is generally regarded as very difficult, and the impression is mainly due to the discouraging results of misdirected efforts. The processes prescribed for the learner are diverse, but he is usually directed to commit to memory lists of single and detached words, and then make sentences out of them, to study grammar, to read selections from standard authors, and practice written composition. A grammar and dictionary have been deemed the indispensable apparatus for learning a living or a dead language. It is not strange that the result of such methods of study should often be discouragement and failure, nay, mortification at one's inability to converse in a language, upon which, perhaps, years have been spent, but it is a marvel that until recently no way of mastering foreign languages, more consonant with reason, should have been discovered and adopted.

We are indebted to Mr. Thomas Prendergast, the author of a work entitled "The Mastery of Languages," for a rational method of learning to speak a foreign tongue fluently and idiomatically. He would probably say that nature invented it, and that he only brought it into notice and applied it. His system is directly opposed to the notion that the study of grammar is the proper introduction to a language. He does not question the utility of grammar in its proper place, but clearly and forcibly demonstrates that, as a preliminary, it is not only out of place, but an impertinent obstacle to the learner's progress. The course of procedure which he illustrates in a series of

manuals constructed under what is called the "Mastery System," is as nearly as can be, that of a child learning to talk, or of a child that has learned to speak, placed among a people whose language is entirely new and strange to it. The words it hears are at first entirely unintelligible, but, by listening to and instinctively repeating them, it learns to utter those foreign words in their idiomatic connections, and thus gradually, and almost unconsciously picks up the language as it is said, until at length it is as familiar to his ear and as available for conversation, as his mother-tongue. The secret of the child's success is the reiterated practice of oral composition on the basis of a few sentences at first learned by rôle. This, he does without grammar, dictionary or teacher. The Mastery System provides for the thorough acquisition of a small number of sentences, as preparatory to the formal study of a language. It inducts the beginner into a practical knowledge of the foreign constructions, and familiarity with some of the commonest words and most useful forms of speech. The adult beginner cannot, indeed, pursue precisely the child's process, but, under this system, he does adopt the best parts of it, namely, repetition, imitation, and the interchange of words, until perfect fluency and promptness are exhibited in reproducing all the combinations deduced therefrom. The writer was led to adopt this method, when engaged three years ago in the superintendence of a Government school. Deeply impressed with the want of something better than the old-fashioned modes of teaching, he prepared the series of lessons contained in this manual, and used them with remarkably favorable results: though the success would have been greater, if each pupil had possessed a copy for his own use, and more time had been allowed him, in which to carry out the experiment. Subsequent experience has strengthened the conviction that it needs only to be fairly

tried, in order to commend itself to both instructors and learners, whether it be applied to the acquisition of the Japanese or the English language. The lessons in this volume are constructed so as to answer as well for the one as for the other.

As many Japanese are now studying English in the schools established by the Government, if their foreign teachers should make trial of this method of starting their pupils in English, they would thereby render their labor far less irksome than it now is, and get more for their pains : whilst their pupils would feel a livelier interest in their own work, arising from the consciousness that they have made thorough attainment at every step of their progress. By the time they have learned a hundred distinct words, they will have as many idiomatic English sentences as much at their command as if they were Americans or Englishmen.

The Manual is also peculiarly adapted to the use of English-speaking residents in this country, or travellers, who desire to be able to converse with the people in a short time, without going into the reading of books, or the profound study of the Japanese language. It should be borne in mind, however, that those who make use of this series of lessons, must strictly conform to the following directions ; otherwise their success will be proportionally retarded and incomplete.

## I.—DIRECTIONS TO THE ADULT LEARNER OF JAPANESE.

1. The Mastery scheme requires that long English sentences shall be divided into very short sections, which shall be accompanied by their variations in both English and Japanese. The beginner is not to compose any sentences for himself, but to receive them all ready-made, and to commit them and their variations perfectly to memory.

2. The English versions of the variations being placed before him, he must acquire by practice the habit of giving the Japanese equivalent for each of them with the utmost fluency.

3. The Japanese variations exhibit constructions which are latent in each sentence. The English variations are designed to convey the exact import of each of the Japanese variations, and to show the different senses in which the individual Japanese words and combinations can be employed. The explanations thus afforded include everything that a beginner ought to know in relation to each lesson, and therefore the study of grammar is prohibited during this initiatory course.

4. The system sets no value upon the rapid acquisition of a lesson, but provides for the perfect practical retention by the memory, and for the fluent reproduction of every sentence and every variation which has been learned.

5. In learning a language colloquially, the greatest difficulty is in the first stage, and the only danger arises from going on too fast, and thus overloading and confusing the memory.

6. The beginner should carefully abstain from seeing or hearing any new words other than those included in the lesson of the day.

7. If the beginner can bestow half an hour a day, the best distribution of his time and labour would be to make six efforts of five minutes each at equal intervals throughout the day. It might, however, be more generally convenient to take three sittings a day of ten minutes each, with intervals of about six hours between them.

8. Unless the beginner has already acquired the pronunciation of Japanese, he must employ a teacher. Almost any native of Japan who has a correct pronunciation, may be employed for this purpose; for all he has to do, is to utter the sentences, written in both katakana and the Roman letters, in a clear and distinct manner, and with the ordinary rapidity.

9. The variations of each lesson are to be *mastered* before a new one is commenced. The slightest hesitation in the use of a word in any variation absolutely disqualifies the learner for advancing to a new lesson. In this respect he is not to judge himself indulgently, but rigorously.

10. He must commence every sitting, by reading over all the previous lessons in Japanese, before he attempts to recite them.

11. It is very desirable that he should always carry about with him, in a compact form, a copy of those English versions of the Japanese variations that he has already learned, in order that he may frequently practice translating them. The Japanese variations should also be carried about, also in a separate paper, in the Romanized character, to be looked at before every such exercise begins.

12. In learning anything by heart, repetitions are indispensable; and the more they are distributed throughout the day, the smaller will be the number of repetitions required to impress the Japanese phrases on the memory.

13. The study of grammar, and the learning of words that have no significant coherence, are prohibited; because

they confuse the memory, and impede the colloquial attainment. Besides, the study of grammar will be ultimately facilitated to a great degree by a course of "Mastery," first received.

*N. B.*—The first section, which consists of sixteen variations, should be divided into at least three lessons, say 1, 2, 3, 4, variations for the first lesson, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, for the second; and the remainder for the third.

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## II.—DIRECTIONS FOR THE TEACHER OF A JAPANESE CLASS IN ENGLISH.

The chief duty of the teacher is to impart the true intonation and pronunciation, and to prevent the learner from advancing to a new lesson, until all the preceding one's have been mastered. Mastery is perfect fluency, accuracy and promptitude. The learner should take at least three exercises every day, but six would produce better results. No exercise should occupy over fifteen minutes. No talking, in the meantime, is allowable. Technical and grammatical explanations of words are especially prohibited. The teacher should always be good-humored and encouraging in his manner, and for obvious reasons no tones of impatience or anger should be traceable in his voice.

1. Take Section I. "Will you do me the favor?" and repeat it over and over again, beginning with the last two words, then the last three and so on. If there is a class of pupils, let each repeat the teacher's utterance separately, and in turn, echoing the sounds of the teacher in connected sequence, and with equal force and rapidity. The pupil is not to ponder over the sounds, but to repeat them instantly. A free translation may be given, viz., the Japanese translation, if the teacher is able to do it: but otherwise not; and when five minutes have thus been devoted to the careful imitation of the teacher's voice, the pupils

may receive the explanation of the individual words as given at the head of the section, writing the Japanese version of the section under the English of the same, upon a black-board. The Japanese versions of the first four variations may be written upon the black-board at the same time. The pupils may then echo the teacher's utterance of these four variations, in English, in the manner described before. As he utters each English sentence, the teacher should point out the Japanese versions corresponding to it on the black-board, but the pupils should not see the English words as yet. The intonation of the whole sentence is to be regarded as not less important than the pronunciation of the individual sounds.

2. In the second exercise let the 5, 6, -7, 8, 9 and 10 variations be treated in the same manner for five minutes And, then let the first four variations and the section be repeated and echoed with them in irregular succession. The Japanese version of the section and its variations should be placed upon the black-board at the beginning of each exercise, but the pupil ought not to hear or see the spelling of any of the English words, until he has mastered the next section and all its variations. A difficult sound is never to be practiced separately, but always in connection with other words.

3. The pupils must never begin by rehearsing from memory the preceding lessons, but whether they know them or not, they must imitate the teacher's voice, in order to prevent the possibility of error, and to secure a good pronunciation. On the other hand, while the pupil is reciting from memory, the teacher is to prompt him, whether he likes it or not, so that no time may be wasted in thinking.

4. Whenever the class undertakes a new section or variation, it is to be rapidly repeated and echoed at least twenty-five or thirty times, and then alternately with each

of those previously learned. No new variation should ever be undertaken, unless the learner can recite all the preceding ones, with perfect readiness, and in irregular succession, at sight of the Japanese versions.

5. The foregoing rules are to be strictly observed for the first week, during which time, the pupils should not see the manual, which should be kept in the teacher's custody. After the first two sections have thus been thoroughly mastered with their variations, a new section may be taken up with its variations, and treated in the same manner, except that, the manual may now be put into the pupils' hands, and much of the trouble of transferring sentences to the black-board be saved by allowing the pupils to see only the Japanese page of the manual. The teacher can then, in the daily exercises, call out the numbers of the variations, requiring the pupils to give the English one corresponding to it, and repeat this exercise at different sittings of the class, until the pupils can translate the Japanese variations into English, as rapidly as they can read them in Japanese. But the privilege of advancing to a new one must never be conceded until they shall have mastered all the previous lessons; for success depends entirely upon the enforcement of this rule.

6. No class ought to contain more than twenty or twenty-five pupils, in order that each pupil may have due attention and practice in the recitations.

# THE MASTERY SERIES.

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JAPANESE.

## FIRST SENTENCE.

*Will you do me the favor of calling with me on our brother's friend in New Street to-morrow?*

## SECTION I.

That doing confer-a-favor?  
Sore wo nas'tte kudasaru ka

1. *Sore wo nas'tte kudasaimasho ka?*  
ソレ チ ナスツテ クダサイマセウ カ
2. *Sore wo nas'tte kudasaru no wa oïya desho.*  
ソレ チ ナスツテ グダサル ノ ハ オイヤ  
デセウ
3. *Naze sore wo nas'tte kudasaranu ka?*  
ナゼ ソレ チ ナスツテ クダサラヌ カ
4. *Naze sore wo nas'tte kudasaranu to kinete oide nasaru ka?*  
ナゼ ソレ チ ナスツテ クダサラヌ ト キメテ  
オイデ ナサル カ
5. *Sore wo nas'tte itadakitai.*  
ソレ チ ナスツテ イタダキタイ
6. *Sore wo nasaru no wa oïya des ka?*  
ソレ チ ナサル ノ ハ オイヤ デス カ
7. *Sore wo osase nasaritō gozarimas ka?*  
ソレ チ オサセ ナサリトウ ゴザリマス カ
8. *Sore wo nasaru no wa oki ni kanaimas ka?*  
ソレ チ ナサル ノ ハ オキニカナイマス カ
9. *Naze sore wo saseru no wa oïya des ka?*  
ナゼ ソレ チ サセル ノ ハ オイヤ デス カ
10. *Itsz sore wo nas'tte kudasaru ka?*  
イツ ソレ チ ナスツテ クダサル カ

## FIRST SENTENCE.

## SECTION I.

Will you do me the favor ?

1. Will you do me the favor ?
2. You perhaps do not like to do me the favor. ✓
3. Why will you not do me the favor ?
4. Why are you resolved not to do me the favor ?
5. I wish you to do me the favor.
6. Are you not willing to do it ?
7. Do you wish to have it done ?
8. Is it not agreeable to you to do it ?
9. Why do you dislike to have it done ?
10. When will you do me the favor ?

11. *Sore wo nas'tte kudasaru no wa naze*  
 ソレ チ ナスツテ クダサル ノ ハ ナゼ  
*oki ni kanaimasen ka?*  
 オキニカナイマセンカ
12. *Sore wo nas'tte kudasatta kara arigatō*  
 ソレチナスツテクダサツタカラアリガトウ  
*zonjimas.*  
 ゾンジマス
13. *Sore wo nas'tte kudasatta.*
14. *Dōzo sore wo nas'tte kudasai.*  
 ドウゾソレチナスツテクダサイ
15. *Oske mōsu koto dekimas ka?*  
 オスケモウスコトデキマスカ
16. *Sore wo sh'te kudasaru yō ni negaimas.*  
 ソレチシテクダサルヨウニチガイマス
- 

## FIRST SENTENCE.

## SECTION II.

to call with me to-morrow  
 Mimai ni to issho ni watakshi ashta

1. *Ashta watakshi to issho ni mimai ni*  
 アシタワタクシトイッショニミマイニ  
*oide nasaritō gozaimas ka?*  
 オイデナサリトウゴザイマスカ
2. *Mimai ni oide nas'tte kudasaimasho ka?*  
 ミマイニオイデナスツテクダサイマセウカ
3. *Watakshi to issho ni mimai ni oide*  
 ワタクシトイッショニミマイニオイデ  
*nasaritō gozaimasen ka?*  
 ナサリトウゴザイマセンカ
4. *Ashta mimai ni oide nasaritō gozai-*  
 アシタミマイニオイデナサリトウゴザイ  
*masen ka?*  
 マセンカ

11. Why do you not like to do it ?
12. Thanks for doing me the favor.
13. You have done me the favor.
14. Please do me the favor.
15. Can I do any thing to help you ?
16. I desire you to do me the favor.

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## FIRST SENTENCE.

### SECTION II.

to call with me to-morrow

1. Do you wish to call with me to-morrow ?
2. Will you do me the favor of calling ?
3. Do you not wish to call with me to-morrow ?
4. Do you not wish to call to-morrow ?

5. *Naze ashta mimai ni oide nasaru no ga iya des ka?*  
 ナゼアシタミマヒニオイデナサルノガイヤ  
 デスカ
6. *Ashta mimai ni oide nas'tte kukasai-masmai.*  
 アシタミマヒニオイデナスツテクダサイ  
 マスマイ
7. *Naze watakshi to tomo ni mimai ni oide nas'tte kudasaranu ka?*  
 ナゼワタクシトトモニミマヒニオイデ  
 ナスツテクダサラヌカ
8. *Ashta watakshi to tomo ni mimai ni oide nas'tte kudasaimasho.*  
 アシタワタクシトトモニミマヒニオイデ  
 ナスツテクダサイマセウ
9. *Itsz mimai ni oide nas'tte kudasai-mas ka?*  
 イツミマヒニオイデナスツテクダサイ  
 マスカ
10. *Ashta doko ye mimai ni oide nasaritō gozarimas ka?*  
 アシタドコヘミマヒニオイデナサリトウ  
 ゴザリマスカ
11. *Naze konnichi mimai ni oide nasaritō gozaimas ka?*  
 ナゼコソニキミマヒニオイデナサリトウ  
 ゴザリマスカ
12. *Itsz mimai ni oide nasarimas ka?*  
 イツミマヒニオイデナサリマスカ
13. *Ashta sō nasarimas ka?*  
 アシタサウサナリマスカ
14. *Ashta mimai ni mairu koto wa dekimasen.*  
 アシタミマヒニマイルコトハデキマセン
15. *Ashta mimai ni oide nasarimas ka?*  
 アシタミマヒニオイデナサリマズカ
16. *Watakushi to issho ni sō nasarimasen ka?*  
 ワタクシトイツシヨニサウナサリマセンカ

5. Why are you not willing to call to-morrow? ✓
6. You will not do me the favor of calling to-morrow ✗
7. Why will you not do me the favor of calling with me?
8. You will do me the favor of calling with me to-morrow.
9. When will you do me the favor of calling? ✓
10. Where do you wish to call to-morrow? ✗
11. Why do you not wish to call to-day? ✗
12. When will you call?
13. I will do so to-morrow.
14. I cannot call to-morrow.
15. Will you call to-morrow.
16. Will you not do so with me?

17. *Go issho ni mimai ni mairimas.*  
ゴ イツシヨ ニ ミマヒ ニ マイリマス  
 18. *Itsuz watakushi to tomo ni mimai ni oide*  
イツ ワタクシ ト トモ ニ ミマヒ ニ オイデ  
nasarimas ka?  
ナサリマスカ  
 19. *Asatte go issho ni mimai ni mairimas.*  
アサッテ ゴ イツシヨ ニ ミマヒ ニ マイリ  
マス.
- 

## FIRST SENTENCE.

## SECTION III.

our brother's friend  
Watakshi domo no kiyodai no hōyū wo

1. *Watakshi domo no kiyodai no hōyū wo*  
ワタクシドモ ノキヤウダイノ ホウイウ チ  
mimai ni oide nasaritō gozari-  
ミマヒ ニ オイデ ナサリトウ ゴザリ  
masen ka?  
マセンカ
2. *Watakshi domo no hōyū wo watakshi to tomo*  
ワタクシドモ ノホウイウ チワタクシトトモ  
ni mimai ni oide nasaritō gozari-  
ニ ミマヒ ニ オイデ ナサリトウ ゴザリ  
masho.  
マセウ
3. *Ashta go issho ni watakshi domo no*  
アシタ ゴ イツシヨ ニ ワタクシドモ ノ  
hōyū no kiyōdai wo mimai ni oide  
ホウイウ ノキヤウダイチ ミマヒ ニ オイデ  
kudasarimasho ka?  
クダサリマセウカ

17. I will call with you.
18. When will you call with me ?
19. I will call with you day after to-morrow.

---

### FIRST SENTENCE.

#### SECTION III.

our brother's friend

1. Do you wish to call on our brother's friend ? X
2. Do you wish to call with me on our friend ?
3. Will you do me the favor of calling with me on our friend's brother to-morrow ?

4. *Naze watakshi to issho ni watakshira no*  
 ナゼ ワタクシ トイツシヨニ ワタクシラノ  
*hōyū no kiyōdai wo mimai ni oide*  
 ホウイウノキヤウダイチミマヒニオイデ  
*nasaritō gozarimas ka?*  
 ナサリトウ ゴザイマスカ
5. *Ashta watakshira no kiyōdai no hōyū*  
 アシタ ワタクシラノキヤウダイノホウイウ  
*wo mimai ni oide nasarimases ka?*  
 チミマヒニオイデナサリマセンカ
6. *Naze watakshira no hōyū wo mimai ni*  
 ナゼ ワタクシラノホウイウチミマヒニ  
*oide kudasarimases ka?*  
 オイデクダサリマセンカ
7. *Watakshira no tomodachi no kiyōdai wo mimai*  
 ワタクシラノトモダチノキヤウダイチミマヒ  
*ni oide kudasarimasho ka?*  
 ニオイデクダサリマセウカ
8. *Ashta watakshira no hōyū no kiyōdai*  
 アシタ ワタクシラノホウイウノキヤウダイ  
*wo mimai ni oide kukasarimasmal.*  
 チミマヒニオイデクダサリマスマイ
9. *Itsz watakshi no kiyōdai wo mimai ni*  
 イツ ワタクシノキヤウダイチミマヒニ  
*oide kudasarimas ka?*  
 オイデクダサリマスカ
10. *Itsz watakshi no chichi wo omimai kudasari-*  
 イツ ワタクシノチチチオミマヒクダサニ  
*mas ka?*  
 マスカ
11. *Ashta watakshi no kiyōdai no uchi ye*  
 アシタ ワタクシノキヤウダイノウチヘ  
*otachi-yori kudasarimasho ka?*  
 オタチヨリクダサリマセウカ
12. *Ashta achira ye yorimas no wo tanoshimi ni*  
 アシタ アチラヘヨリマスノチタノシミニ  
*itashimas.*  
 イタシマス

4. Why do you not wish to call on our friend's brother with me?
5. Will you not call on our brother's friend to-morrow?
6. Why will you not do me the favor of calling on our friend?
7. Will you do me the favor of calling on our brother's friend?
8. You will not do me the favor of calling on our friend's brother to-morrow.
9. When will you do me the favor of calling on my brother?
10. When will you do me the favor of calling on my father?
11. Will you do me the favor of calling at my brother's?
12. I will call there with pleasure to-morrow.

13. *Itsu watakshi no óji wo omimai kudasai-*  
 イツ ワタクシノオヂヲオミマヒ クダサイ  
*mas ka?*  
 マスカ
14. *O'jisan mada watakshiwo omimai nasaimasen.*  
 オヂサンマダワタクシヲオミマヒナサイマセン
15. *O'ji wa biyōki de gozaimas kara donata mo*  
 オヂハビヤウキデゴザイマスカラドナタモ  
*mimau koto dekimasen.*  
 ミマウコトデキマセン
16. *Sayō naraba ashta achira ye yorimas.*  
 サヤウナラバアシタアチラヘヨリマス
- 

## FIRST SENTENCE.

## SECTION IV.

in New Street      in the new street to-morrow  
 ni Shin Machi      ni atarashii Machi ashta

1. *Naze ashta Shin Machi no watakshira no hōyū wo omimai nasaritō gozari mas ka?*  
 ナゼアシタシンマチノワタクシラノホウイウヲオミマヒナサリトウゴザイ  
 マスカ
2. *Ashta watakshira no hōyu no kiyōdai wo omimai nasaritō gozarimas ka?*  
 アシタワタクシラノホウイウノキヨダイヲ  
 オミマヒナサリトウゴザリマスカ
3. *Watakshi domo no Shin Machi no hōyū wo omimai nasaritō gozarimas ka?*  
 ワタクシドモノシンマチノホウイウヲ  
 オミマヒナサリトウゴザリマスカ
4. *Naze watakshira no atarashii machi no hōyū wo omimai nasaimasen ka?*  
 ナゼワタクシラノアタラシイマチノホウイウ  
 タオミマヒナサイマセンカ

13. When will you do me the favor of calling on my uncle ?
  14. Your uncle has never called on me.
  15. My uncle cannot call on anybody, for he is sick.
  16. Well then ; I will call there to-morrow.
- 

### FIRST SENTENCE.

#### SECTION IV.

in New Street.      in the new street to-morrow.

1. Why do you wish to call on our friend in New Street to-morrow ?
2. Do you wish to call on the brother of our friend to-morrow ?
3. Do you wish to call on our friend in New Street ?
4. Why do you not call on our friend in the new street ?

5. *Watakshi to tomo ni watakshira no Shin Machi no*  
 ワタクシトモニワタクシラノシンマチノ  
*hōyū wo omimai kukasaimasen ka?*  
 ホウイウチオミマヒクダサイマセンカ
6. *O-ta Machi ye oyori nasaritō gozaimas ka?*  
 オホタマチヘオヨリナサリトウゴザイマスカ
7. *Watakshi to issho ni Honcho ye oyori*  
 ワタクシトイツシヨニホンチヤウヘオヨリ  
*nasaritō gazarimas ka?*  
 ナサリトウゴザリマスカ
8. *Ashta Kanagawa ye oide nasaritō gozari-*  
 アシタカナガハヘオイデナサリトウゴザリ  
*mas ka?*  
 マスカ
9. *Naze ashta achira ye oide nasarimasen ka?*  
 ナゼアシタアチラヘオイデナサリマセンカ
10. *Ashta Tōkiyō ye yukitō gozaimas ka?*  
 アシタトウキヤウヘユキトウゴザイマスカ
11. *Watakshi to tomo ni America ye ikito*  
 ワタクシトトモニアメリカヘイキトウ  
*gozaimasen ka?*  
 ゴザイマセンカ
12. *Naze konnichi watakshi domo no hōyū wo*  
 ナゼコニチワタクシドモノホウユウチ  
*mimai ni Nogé ye oide nasaimasen ka?*  
 ミマヒニノゲヘオイデナサイマセンカ
13. *Kiyō machi ye oide nasaraneba narimasen ka?*  
 ケフマチヘオイデナサラチバナリマセンカ
14. *Kiyō óba wo mimai ni mairitai.*  
 ケフオバチミマヒニマイリタイ
15. *Watakshi to tomo ni achira ye oyori nasuima-*  
 ワタクシトトモニアチラヘオヨリナサイマ  
*sho ka?*  
 セウカ
16. *Isogashii kara sō wa dekimasen.*  
 イソガシイカラサウハデキマセン

5. Will you not do me the favor to call with me on our friend in New Street ?
6. Do you wish to call at O-ta Machi ?
7. Do you wish to call with me in Main Street ? ✓
8. Do you wish to go to Kanagawa to-morrow ? ✓
9. Why will you not go there to-morrow ?
10. Because I wish to go to Tōkiyō to-morrow.
11. Do you not wish to go to America with me ? ✓
12. Why will you not go to Nogé to call on our friend to-day ?
13. Is it not necessary for you to go to town to-day ?
14. I wish to call on my aunt to-day.
15. Will you call there with me ?
16. I cannot, for I am busy.

17. *O-ki ni kanau nara go issho ni achi ye*  
 オキニ カナウ ナラゴ イツシヨニ アチヘ  
*yorimasho.*  
 ヨリマセウ
18. *Ashta Shin Machi no watakshira no kiyōdai no*  
 アシタシンマチノワタクシラノキヤウダイノ  
*hōyū wo watak'shi to issho ni mimai*  
 ホウイウヲワタクシトイツシヨニミマヒ  
*ni oide kudasaimasho ka?*  
 ニオイデクダサイマセウカ
- 

## SECOND SENTENCE.

*How much must I pay this jin-riki-sha man to take me to the railway station before lunch, and bring me home again before half past five?*

### SECTION I.

How much must I pay (or) give.

Ikura harawaneba naranu (or) okuraneba naranu.

1. *Kono hon wo go kiyōdai ni okuraneba nari-*  
 コノホンヲゴキヤウダイニオクラチバナリ  
*masen ka?*  
 マセンカ
2. *Norichin wo karawaneba narimasen ka?*  
 ノリチンヲカラチバナリマセンカ
3. *Ashta go kiyōdai wo mimatte wa narimasenka?*  
 アシタゴキヤウダイヲミマツテハナリマセンカ
4. *Naze kore wo go hōyū ni ageneba narima-*  
 ナゼユレヲゴホウイウニアゲチバナリマ  
*sen ka?*  
 センカ
5. *Tszdzri no hon wo kau ni ichi yen wo haratte*  
 ツヅリノホンヲカフニイチエンチハラツテ  
*wa naranu.*  
 ハナラヌ

17. I will call there with you, if you like.
  18. Will you do me the favor to call with me on our brother's friend in New Street to-morrow ?
- 

### SECOND SENTENCE.

How much must I pay this jin-riki-sha man to take me to the railway station before lunch, and bring me home again before half past five ?

#### SECTION I.

How much must I pay (or) give ?

1. Must I give this book to your brother ?
2. Must I pay the fare ?
3. Must I not call on you brother to-morrow ?
4. Why must I not give this to your friend ?
5. I must not pay a dollar for a spelling book. X

6. *Naze kore wo hoka no h'to ni yatte wa naranu ka?*  
ナゼコレヲホカノヒトニヤツテハナラヌカ
7. *Korewa hōyū no mono des kara.*  
コレハホウイウノモノデスカラ
8. *Kiyo shtateya ye yoraneba naranu.*  
ケフシタテヤヘヨラチバナラヌ
9. *Naze sō hayaku achira ye oyori nasaraneba naranu ka?*  
ナゼサウハヤクアチラヘオヨリナサラチバナラヌカ
10. *Haori wo kau ni ikura harawaneba naranu ka?*  
ハオリヲカウニイクテハラワチバナラヌカ
11. *Ashta kiyōdai no uchi ye oyori nasaraneba narimasen.*  
アシタキヤウダイノウチヘオヨリナサラチバナリマセン
12. *Skoshi kamī wo agetō gozarimas.*  
スコシカミヲアゲトウゴザリマス
13. *Watakshi no warimaye wo ikurā harawaneba narimasen ka?*  
ワタクシノワリマヘチイクテハラワチバナリマセンカ
14. *Watakshi no dasz beki bun sore kiri des ka?*  
ワタクシノダズベキブンソレキリデスカ
15. *Sayōsa sore bakuri des.*  
サヤウサソレバカリデス
16. *Kono hako wo dore hodo no ōkisa ni koshiraye neba narimusen ka?*  
コノハコヲドレホドノオウキサニコシラヘナリマセンカ
17. *Nagasa isshaku haba roku sen ni seneba naranu.*  
ナガサイツシヤクハバロクスニセチバナラヌ
18. *Matsz ita de koshirayeneba naranu.*  
マツイタデコシラヘチバナラヌ

6. Why must I not give this to some one else ?
7. Because it belongs to my friend.
8. I must call at the tailor's to-day.
9. Why must you call there so soon ?
  
10. How much must I pay for a coat ?
11. You should call on my brother to-morrow.
  
12. I wish to present you with a little paper.
13. How much must I pay for my share ?
  
14. Is that all I must pay ?
15. Yes. That is all.
16. How large must I make this box ?
  
17. You must make it one foot long and six inches wide.
18. You must make it of pine boards.

## SECOND SENTENCE.

## SECTION II.

this jinrikisha man  
kono jinriki h'ki

1. *Kono jinriki h'ki ni ikura harawaneba nari-*  
コノ ジンリキ ヒキニ イクテ ハラワチバナリ  
*masen ka?*  
マセン カ
2. *Watashi yori ano h'to ni harawasetō gozai-*  
ワタシ ヨリ アノ ヒトニ ハラハセトウ ポザイ  
*mas ka?*  
マス カ
3. *Ano h'to ni haratte wa narimasen ka?*  
アノ ヒトニ ハラツテ ハナリマセン カ
4. *Watakshira no tomodachi ga are ni haratte*  
ワタクシテ ノトモダチガ アレニ ハラツテ  
*wa narimasen.*  
ハナリマセン
5. *Naze are ni haratte wa narimasen ka?*  
ナゼ アレニ ハラツテ ハナリマセン カ
6. *Naze kiyōdai ga are ni harawaneba nari-*  
ナゼ キヤウダイガ アレニ ハラワチバナリ  
*masen ka?*  
マセン カ
7. *Okappa wo jinrikisha ye ireneba nari-*  
オカツバチ ジンリキシヤヘ イレチバナリ  
*masen ka?*  
マセン カ
8. *Kiyō ano uchi ye yotte wa narimasen.*  
ケフ アノウチヘ ヨツテ ハナリマセン
9. *Ashta achi ye yoraneba narimasen.*  
アシタ アチヘ ヨラチバナリマセン
10. *Tetszdō no tateba made nosete yuku jinriki-*  
テツドウノタテバマテノセテユクジンリキ  
*h'ki ni ikura harawaneba narimasen ka?*  
ヒキニ イクテ ハラワチバナリマセン カ

## SECOND SENTENCE.

## SECTION II.

This jin-riki-sha man.

1. How much must I pay this jin-riki-sha man ?
2. Do you wish to have me pay him ? ✓
3. Must I not pay him ?
4. Our friend must not pay him.
5. Why must he not pay him ?
6. Why must not my brother pay him ?
7. Must I put your cloak into the jin-riki-sha ?
8. I must not call at that house to-day.
9. I must call there to-morrow.
10. How much must I pay the jin-liki-sha man who takes me to the railway Station ?

11. *Kiyō shtateya wa haori wo watakshi ni yoko-*  
 ケフシタテヤハハオリヲワカクシニヨコ  
*saneba naranu.*  
 サチバナラヌ
12. *Shtateya ni ikura harawaneba narimasen ka?*  
 シタテヤニイクラハラワチバナリマセンカ
13. *Harai wo tori ni o-uchi ye yore to shta-*  
 ハライチトリニオウチヘヨレトシタ  
*teya ni iwaneba narimasen ka?*  
 テヤニイワチバナリマセンカ
14. *Watakshi ye kane no uketori wo watasaneba*  
 ワタクシヘカチノウケトリチワタサチバ  
*naranu.*  
 ナラヌ
15. *Are ni sō iu koto wo waszrete wa naranu.*  
 アレニサウイウコトヲワズレテハナラヌ
16. *Nanji ni tegami wo dasaneba narimasen ka?*  
 ナンジニテガミチダサチバナリマセンカ
17. *Kesa watakshi no tame ni jinrikisha wo*  
 ケサワタクシノタメニシンリキシヤチ  
*yonde koneba naranu.*  
 ヨンデコチバナラヌ
18. *Naze sō hayaku oide nasaraneba naranu ka?*  
 ナゼサウハヤクオイデナサラチバナラヌカ

## SECOND SENTENCE.

## SECTION III.

me railway's station to to convey  
 Watakshi wo tetszdo no tateba ye nosete yuku ni

1. *Riyōgai ya ye nosete yuku ni ikura hara-*  
 リヤウガイヤヘノセテユクニイクラハラ  
*waneba naranu ka?*  
 ワチバナラヌカ

11. The tailor must send me my coat to-day.
  12. How much must I pay the tailor ?
  13. Must I tell the tailor to call at your house for his pay ?
  14. He must send me a receipt for the money.
  
  15. Do not forget to tell him so.
  16. At what o'clock must the letter be sent ?
  17. You must call a jin-riki-sha for me this morning.
  
  18. Why must you go so early ?
- 

## SECOND SENTENCE.

### SECTION III.

to take me to the railway Station.

1. How much must I pay to take me to the Exchange bank ?

2. Go kiyōdai wo hatoba ye nosete yuku ni  
 ゲキヤウダイヲハトバヘノセテユクニ  
 watakshi ga harawaneba narimasen.  
 ワタクシガハラワヤバナリマセン
3. Shiranu h'to wo sono hōyū no uchi ye nosete  
 シラヌヒトヲソノホウイウノウチヘノセテ  
 yuku ni watakshi ga haratte wa narimasen.  
 ユクニワタクシガハラツテワナリマセン
4. Watakshi wo Kamakura no Daibutsz ye noseru  
 ワタクシヲカマクラノダイブツヘノセル  
 tame ni jinriki hiki ni harawaneba nari-  
 タメニジシリキヒキニハラワチバナリ  
 masen.  
 マセン
5. Tōkiyō ye no tetszdo no kitte ni ikura  
 トウキヤウヘノテツドウノキツテニイクラ  
 harawaneba narimasen ka?  
 ハラワチバナリマセンカ
6. Naze chichi wo Benten dōri ye nosete yuku  
 ナゼチチベンテンドウリヘノセテユク  
 ni sono dai wo harau koto iranu ka?  
 ニソノダイヲハラウコトイラヌカ
7. Kane no hashi wo tōrū ni hashizei wo hara-  
 カナノハシヲトウルニハシゼイヲハラ  
 tte wa narimasen ka?  
 ツテワナリマセンカ
8. Harau kane wo omochi nasaru ka?  
 ハラウカ子ヲオモチナサルカ
9. Go kiyōdai wo watakshi ni mimawasetō wa  
 ゲキヤウダイヲワタクシニミマワセトウワ  
 gozaimesen ka?  
 ゲザリマセンカ
10. Go hōyū no uchi ye Watakshi wo otszre  
 ゲホウイウノウチヘワタクシヲオツレ  
 kudasarō ka?  
 クダサロウカ

2. I must pay to take your brother to the landing.
3. I must not pay to take a stranger to his friend's house.
4. I must pay a jin-riki-sha man to take me to Dai-butsz at Kamakura.
5. How much must I pay for a railway ticket to Tōkiyō?
6. Why do you not want me to pay for taking my father to Benten Dori.
7. Must I not pay toll for crossing the iron bridge?
8. Have you wherewith to pay it?
9. Do you not wish to have your brother call on me?
10. Will you do me the favor to take me with you to your friend's?

11. *Tōkiyō de Shinbashi kara kiyoriuchi ye*  
 トウキヤウ デ シンバシ カラ キヨリウチ ヘ  
*noseru jinriki wo tanomaneba narimasen.*  
 ノセル ジンリキ ナタノマチバ ナリマセン
12. *Kiyō hiru srgi ni Kanagawa ye irasshai-*  
 ケフ ヒル スギ ニ カナガワ ヘ イテツシャイ  
*mashō ka?*  
 マセウ カ
13. *O h'tori de wa narimasen watakshi otomo*  
 オヒトリデ ワ ナリマセン ワタクシ オトモ  
*shimasho.*  
 シマセウ
14. *Watakshi wo tetszdō no tateba ye noseru jin-*  
 ワタクシ ナテツドウ ノタバ ヘ ノセル ジン  
*riki wo otanomi kudasarō ka?*  
 リキ ナタノミ クダサラウ カ
- 

## SECOND SENTENCE.

## SECTION IV.

before lunch

maye bentō

1. *Bentō maye shtateya ye yukaneba nari-*  
 ベントウ マベ シタテヤ ヘ ユカチバ ナリ  
*masen.*  
 マセン
2. *Hiru maye Kawasaki ye yukaneba narimasen.*  
 ヒル マヘ カワサキ ヘ ユカチバ ナリマセン
3. *Asa-han maye ni giyosha ga anata wo Kana-*  
 アサハン マヘ ニ ギヨシヤガ アナタチ カナ  
*zawa ye nosete yukimasho.*  
 ザハ ヘ ノセテ ユキマセウ
4. *Bentō maye watakshi wo kawaseza ye noseru*  
 ベントウ マヘ ワタクシ ナカセザ ヘ ノセル  
*jinriki wo tanomaneba narimasen.*  
 ジンリキ ナタノマチバ ナリマセン

11. I must get a jin-riki-sha to take me from Shin-bashi to the foreign settlement, at Tōkiyō.
  12. Shall you go to Kanagawa this afternoon ?
  13. You must not go alone ; I will go with you ?
  14. Will you do me the favor to engage a jin-riki-sha to take me to the railway Station ?
- 

## SECOND SENTENCE.

### SECTION IV.

before lunch

1. I must go to the tailor's before lunch.
2. I must go to Kawasaki before noon.
3. The driver will take you to Kanazawa before breakfast.
4. I must get a jin-riki to take me to the bank before lunch.

5. *Hachī-ji ni watakshi to kiyōdai wo tetsz-*  
 ハチギニワタクシトキヤウダイヲテツ  
*dō no tateba ye noseru basha wo tano-*  
 ドウノタテバヘノセルバシヤヲタノ  
*maneba narimasen*  
 マ子バナリマゼン
6. *Jiu ji maye chichi wo unjōsho no hatoba*  
 ジウジマヘチチヲウンジョウシヨノハトバ  
*ye nosete yuke.*  
 ヘノセテユケ
7. *Hikure maye ni kimono wo arawasetai.*  
 ヒクレマヘニキモノヲアラワセタイ
8. *Hiru maye ni yūbin-yakusho ye oide*  
 ヒルマヘニユウビンヤクシヨヘオイデ  
*nasaritō gozarimasen ka?*  
 ナサリトウゴザリマゼンカ
9. *San ji ni Honchiyō de anata ni de-ai-*  
 サンジニホンチヤウデアナタニデアイ  
*mashō.*  
 マセウ
10. *Kesa nani mo tabemasen des kara hiru maye*  
 ケサナニモタベマゼンデスカラヒルマヘ  
*hara ga heru d'arō.*  
 ハラガヘルダロウ
11. *Dōka san ji maye kawaseza ye oyori kuda-*  
 ドウカサンジマヘカハセザヘオヨリクダ  
*sai.*  
 サイ
12. *Asz no asa hi-no-de maye ni ano fune wa*  
 アズノアザヒノデマヘニアノフチハ  
*shuppan shimashō.*  
 シツパンシマセウ
13. *Dōka Hakodate ye okoshi maye mata kokoye*  
 ドウカハコダテヘオコシマヘマタココヘ  
*oyori kudasai.*  
 オヨリクダサイ
14. *Ku ji maye achira de matte oraneba naranu.*  
 クジマヘアチラデマツテオラチバナラヌ

5. I must engage a carriage to take me and my brother to the railway Station at eight o'clock.
6. Take my father to the Custom-house landing.
7. I wish to have my clothes washed before sunset.
8. Do you not wish to go to the post-office before noon ?
9. I will meet you in Main Street at three o'clock.
10. As I ate nothing this morning, I may be hungry before noon.
11. Please call at the bank before three o'clock.
12. That vessel will sail to-morrow morning before sunrise.
13. Please call here again before you go to Hakodate.
14. You must be there before nine o'clock.

15. *Tetszdō no tateba ye oïde maye watakshi*  
 テツドウノタテバヘオイデマヘワタクシ  
*no uchi ye irasshare.*  
 ノウチヘイラッシャレ
16. *Miru maye hōyū ga otaku ye yorimashta.*  
 ヒルマヘホウイウガオタクヘヨリマシタ
17. *Amerika no yūbinsen wa jiu ichi ji maye*  
 アメリカノユウビンセンワジフイチジマヘ  
*ni ts'kimashta.*  
 ニツキマシタ
- 

## SECOND SENTENCE.

## SECTION V.

and bring me back again  
 mata nosete watakshi wo kayeru

1. *Nogé made yuki kayeri noseru jin-riki hiki*  
 ノゲマデユキカヘリノセルジンリキヒキ  
*ni harau hadz des.*  
 ニハラウハヅデス
2. *Are ni ni ji maye watakshi wo nosete kayere*  
 アレニニジマヘワタクシチノセテカヘン  
*to o ii nasai.*  
 トオイイナサイ
3. *Shinbashi kara Shiba ye noseru jinriki dai*  
 シンバシカラシバヘノセルジンリキダイ  
*ikura harawaneba narimasen ka?*  
 イクラハラワネバナリマセンカ
4. *Asa han go ni watakshi wo nosete Hodogaya*  
 アサハンゴニワタクシチノセテホドガヤ  
*made hikasetai.*  
 マデヒカセタイ
5. *Kawabitsz wo hatoba ye hakobu ninsoku ni*  
 カワビツチハトバヘハコブニンソクニ  
*harawaneba narimasen.*  
 ハラワチバナリマセン

15. Come to my house before you go to the railway station.
  16. My friend called at your house before noon.
  17. The American Mail steamer arrived before eleven o'clock.
- 

## SECOND SENTENCE.

### SECTION V.

and bring me back again

1. I am to pay the jin-riki-sha man for taking me to Nogé and back.
2. Tell him to take me back before two o'clock.
3. How much must I pay for a jin-riki to take me from Shinbashi to Shiba ?
4. I wish to have you take me to Hodogaya after breakfast.
5. I must pay the coolie who carries my trunk to the wharf.

6. *Gakkō ye yuku toki jibun no hon wo mote.*  
ガグコウ ヘ ユクトキジブン ノ ホンチ モテ
7. *Kayeru maye kono tsztszmi wo uchi ye hakobu ninsoku ni haraimashō.*  
カヘル マヘ コノ ツツミ チウチヘ ハコブ  
ニンソク ニ ハライマセウ
8. *Kiyō wa watakshi wo kawaseza ye nosete yuku kefu ハワタクシチ カワセザ ヘ ノセテ ユク ni wa oyobanu.*  
ニワオヨバヌ
9. *Naze ashta watakshi no chichi wo Shin Machi ye ナゼ アシタワタクシノチチチ シンマチヘ nosete kayerarenū ka?*  
ノセテ カヘラヌカ
10. *Sono kiyōdai wa ano h'to wo Austria ツノキヤウダイハアノヒトチオストリヤ no hakurankai wo mi ni tszremashta.*  
ノハクランカイチミニツレマシタ
11. *Kono tegumi wo watakshi no chichi ye watashte コノテガミチワタクシノチチヘワタシテ kudasaro ka?*  
クダサテウカ
12. *Itsz watakshi wo tszrete go hōyū wo mimai イツワタクシチツレテゴホウイウチミマヒ ni oide nasarō ka?*  
ニオイデナザラウカ
13. *Okonomi nara ashta achira ye otszre mōshi- オユノミナラアシタアチラヘオツレモウシ mashō.*  
マセウ
14. *Kono kutsz wo kutszya ye motte itte nao- コノクツチクツヤヘモツチイツテナオ sasero.*  
サセロ
15. *Kutszya ni harau kane wo motte yuke. クツヤニハラウカチモツチユケ*

6. When you go to school take your book with you.
7. I will pay a coolie to take this parcel to my house before I go home.
8. You need not take me to the bank to day.
9. Why can you not take my father to Shin Machi and back to-morrow ?
10. His brother took him to see the exhibition in Austria.
11. Will you do me the favor to hand this letter to my father ?
12. When will you take me with you to call on your friend ?
13. I will take you there to-morrow if you like.
14. Take this shoe to the shoemaker's and get it mended.
15. Take the money to pay the shoemaker.

16. *Tegami wo Osaka ye okuru ni dore hodo*  
 テガミヲオサカヘオクルニドレホド  
*hima ga kakarō ka?*  
 ヒマガカカラウカ
17. *Basha michi made watakshi wo nosete yuki*  
 バシヤミチマデワタクシチノセテユキ  
*kayeri no jinriki ga irimas.*  
 カヘリノシンリキガイリマス.
- 

## SECOND SENTENCE.

## SECTION VI.

five o'clock half before  
 go ji han maye

1. *Go ji goro chichi wo jinriki ni nosete modore.*  
 ゴジゴロチチシンリキニノセテモドレ
2. *Go ji maye haha wo tszre Tskiji ye itte kayeritai*  
 ゴジマヘハハヲツレツキヂヘイツテカヘ  
 リタイ
3. *Kiyō san ji maye go shimpū to kawaseza ye*  
 ケフサンジマヘゴシンプトカハセザヘ  
*oide nasaritō gozarimas ka?*  
 オイデナサリトウゴザリマスカ
4. *Asahan maye watakshi wo nose Shiba kara*  
 アサハンマヘワタクシチノセシバカラ  
*Tskiji ye itte mata go ji goro kayeru ni*  
 ツキヂヘイツテマタゴジゴロカヘルニ  
*kono jinriki hiki ni dore hodo harawaneba*  
 コノシンリキヒキニドレホドハラワチバ  
*narimasen ka?*  
 ナリマセンカ
5. *Naze ashta ni naranu uchi ni ano h'to wo*  
 ナゼアシタニナラヌウチニアノヒトヲ  
*nosete kayeritai ka?*  
 ノセテカヘリタイカ

16. How long will it take to send a letter to Osaka ?
17. I want a jin-riki to take me to Carriage Street.

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## SECOND SENTENCE.

### SECTION VI.

before half past five o'clock.

1. Take my father back in a jin-riki at about five o'clock.
2. I wish to take my mother to Tskiji and back before five o'clock.
3. Do you wish to go the bank with your father before three o'clock to-day ?
4. How much must I pay this jin-riki-sha man to take me from Shiba to Tskiji before break fast, and back again before five o'clock.
5. Why do you wish to take him home before to-morrow.

6. *Shi ji ni dete nurenu yō ni karakasa wo mochimashta.*  
 シジニ デテ ヌレヌ ヤウニ カラカサ ナ  
 モチマシタ
7. *San ji han maye yubinyaksho ye tegami wo motte yukaneba narimasen.*  
 サンジ ハン マヘ ユビヒンヤクシヨヘ テガミ  
 ナモツテ ユカ子バナリマセン
8. *Jiu ji maye chichi to kiyōdai to sono hōyū to tomo ni watashi wo Kanagawa ye ho uivut to moニワタシヲカナガワヘ nosete kayeru ka?*  
 ジフジ マヘ チチトキヤウダイトソノ  
 ホウユウトトモニワタシヲカナガワヘ  
 ノセテ カヘルカ
9. *Kawaseza ye yuku ni wa mō osō gozarimas.*  
 カワセザヘ ユクニハモウオソウ ゴザリマス
10. *Ashta Kawaseza no shimaru maye ni go issho ni ikimashō.*  
 アシタ カワセザノシマルマヘニゴイツシヨ  
 ニイキマシセウ
11. *Dare ga go shisoku wo America ye tszrete iki-darē ga ゾシクチ アメリカヘツレテイキ mashta ka?*  
 マシタカ
12. *Ashita jiu ji ni watakshi wo Unjoshō ye nosete yuku jinriki wo yobé.*  
 アシタジフジニワタクシチ ウンジヤウシヨ  
 ヘノセテ ユクジンリキチヨベ
13. *Kiyō hiru go watakshi ga Kanazawa ye notte kefu hiru ゾワタクシガ カナザワヘノツテ yuku'mma wo kari nasai.*  
 ユクウマチカリナサイ
14. *Go ji han ni hōyū no uchi ye yoraneba ゾジ ハンニ ホウユウ ノウチヘ ヨラ子バ narimasen.*  
 ナリマセン

6. I went out at four o'clock and took an umbrella to keep me from getting wet.
7. I must take my letter to the post-office before half past three.
8. Will you take me with my father, my brother and his friend, to Kanagawa before ten o'clock ?
9. It is too late to go to the bank.
10. I will go with you to-morrow before the bank closes.
11. Who took your son to America ?
12. Call a jin-riki-sha to take me to the Custom House to-morrow at ten o'clock.
13. Hire a horse for me to ride to Kanagawa this afternoon.
14. I must call at my friend's house at half past five.

15. Bentō maye tetszdo no tateba ye nosete  
 ベントウ マヘ テツダウ ノ タテバ ヘ ノセテ  
 mata go ji han maye uchi ye kayeru ni  
 マタ ゴジ ハン マヘ ウチ ヘ カヘルニ  
 kono jinriki h'ki ni dore hodo hara-  
 コノ ジンリキ ヒキ = ドレ ホド ハラ  
 waneba narimasen ka?  
 ワチバ ナリマセン カ
- 

### THIRD SENTENCE.

*Tell the servant, if you please, to bring me a jug of hot water and a cup of coffee every day without fail, seven o'clock or sooner if he can.*

#### SECTION I.

Please servant to tell

Dôka kodzkai ni itte kudasai

1. Kodzkai ni asz no asa Kawaseza ye yuke to  
 コヅカヒ = アスノアサカワセザ ヘ ユケト  
 itske nasai.  
 イヒツケナサイ
2. Kodzkai ni asa roku ji ni ichiba ye yuke to  
 コヅカヒ = アサロクジニイチバ ヘ ユケト  
 ii nasai.  
 イヒナサイ
3. Riyōrinin ni asa hayaku ichi ye yuke to  
 レウリニン = アサハヤクイチ ヘ ユケト  
 iitskeru no wo waszre nasaruna.  
 イヒツケルノヲワズレナサルナ
4. Dôka kodzkaira ga go ji go ni soto ye deru  
 ドウカコヅカヒラガゴジゴニソトヘデル  
 no wo yurushte kudasaruna.  
 ノヲユルシテクダサルナ

15. How much must I pay this jin-riki-sha man to take me to the railway station before lunch, and bring me home again before half past five?
- 

### THIRD SENTENCE.

#### SECTION I.

Please tell the servant.

1. Tell the servant to go to the bank to-morrow morning.
2. Tell the servant to go to market at six o'clock in the morning.
3. Do not forget to charge the cook to go to the market early in the morning.
4. Please do not let the servants go out after five o'clock.

5. *Oyaji no uchi ye yore to ano h'to ni itte*  
 オヤヂノウチヘヨルトアノヒトニイツテ  
*kudasai.*
- クダサイ
6. *Dōzo watakshi no tame ni jiu ji ni kawa-*  
 ドウヅワタクシノタメニジフジニカワ  
*seza ye itte kudasaru ka to hōyū ni*  
 セザヘイツテクダサルカトホウイウニ  
*kiite kudasai.*
- キイテクダサイ
7. *Kodzkai ni kiyō wa Asakusa ye yukuna to*  
 コヅカヒニケフハアサクサヘユクナト  
*ii nasai.*
- イヒナサイ
8. *Kodzkai ni kesa asa han maye watakshi no*  
 コヅカヒニケサアサハンマヘワタクシノ  
*kiyōdai no uchi ye yuke to iitszkete*  
 キヤウダイノウチヘユケトイヒツケテ  
*kudasai.*
- クダサイ
9. *Are ni asz no asa anata no ojisan no*  
 アレニアスノアサアナタノオジサンノ  
*uchi ye yore to itte kudasai.*
- ウチヘヨレトイツテクダサイ
10. *Go kiyōdai ni kiyō hiru maye yūbin*  
 ゴキヤウダイニケフヒルマヘユビン  
*yakusho ye yoru yō ni tanonde kuda-*  
 ヤクシヨヘヨルヤウニタノンデクダ  
*sai.*
- サイ
11. *Watakshi no mōshita koto wo ano h'to ni*  
 ワタクシノモウシタコトヲアノヒトニ  
*ohanashi nastta ka?*
- オハナシナスツタカ
12. *Sendai ye oide nasttara dōzo wata-*  
 センダイヘオイデナスツタラドウヅワタ  
*kushi no kiyōdai wo omimai kudasai.*
- クシノキヤウダイヲオミマヒクダサイ

5. Please tell him to call at my father's.
6. Please ask my friend if he will do me the favor to go to the bank for me at 10 o'clock.
7. Tell the servant not to go to my brother's before breakfast this morning.
8. Please charge the servant to go to my brother's before breakfast this morning.
9. Please tell him to go to your uncle's to-morrow morning.
10. Please ask your brother to call at the post-office before noon to-day.
11. Did you tell him what I said ?
12. When you go to Sendai, please call on my brother.

13. *Ano h'to wa watakushi yori no tegami wo uke-totta ka otadzne kudasai.*  
 アノヒトハ ウタクシヨリノテガミチウケ  
 totta ka otadzne kudasai.  
 トツダカオタヅチクダサイ
14. *Uketottara anata no otayori de henji wo uketottaraアナタノオタヨリテヘンジヲ  
 okuru yō ni tanonde kudasai.*  
 オクルヤウニタノンテクダサイ
- 

### THIRD SENTENCE.

#### SECTION II.

a jug in hot water and a cup of coffee bring to  
 midzsashi ni yu to ippai no kohi wo motte koi to

1. *Midzsashi ni yū to ippai no kohi wo motte  
 ミヅサシニユトイツパイノコヒモツテ  
 koi to kodzkai ni iitske nasai.*  
 キイトユヅカヒニイヒツケナサイ
2. *Watakshi ni asa han wo motte koi to kodz-  
 ワタクシニアサハンチモツテユイトコヅ  
 kai ni iitske nasai.*  
 カヒニイヒツケナサイ
3. *Mai nichī watakshi no bentō wo motte koi  
 マイニチワタクシノベントウチモツテコイ  
 to kodzkai ni ii nasai.*  
 トコヅカヒニイヒナサイ
4. *Kiyōdai no uchi ye yoru maye ni tomodachi  
 キヤウダイノウチヘヨルマヘニトモダチ  
 ye asa han wo dase to are ni ii nasai.*  
 ヘアサハンチダセトアレニイヒナサイ
5. *Kiyō go ji kutszya ni kutsz wo motte koi to  
 ケフゴシクツヤニクツチモツテコイト  
 itte kudasai.*  
 イツテクダサイ

13. Please ask him if he has received a letter from me.
  14. If he has received it, please ask him to send me an answer by you.
- 

### THIRD SENTENCE.

#### SECTION II.

To bring me a jug of hot-water and a cup of coffee.

1. Tell the servant to bring me a jug of hot-water and a cup of coffee.
2. Tell the servant to bring me my breakfast.
3. Tell the servant to bring me my lunch every day.
4. Tell him to take the breakfast to my friend before calling at my brother's.
5. Please tell the shoemaker to bring me the shoes at five o'clock to-day.

6. *Watakshi no hon wo tori ni kiyōdai no*  
 ワタクシ ノ ホン ナ トリニ キヤウダイノ  
*uchi ye yotte kudasai.*  
 ウチ ヘ ヨツテ クダサイ
7. *Asz no asa watakshi no asa han wo motte*  
 アズ ノ アサ ワタクシ ノ アサ ハン ナ モツテ  
*kuru ni oyobanu to anata no kodzkai ni*  
 クルニ オヨバヌ ト アナタ ノ コヅカヒ ニ  
*itte kudasai.*  
 イツテ クダサイ
8. *Ashta watakshi no asa undō maye ni*  
 アシタ ワタクシ ノ アサ ウンドウ マヘニ  
*asa han wo motte koi to are ni itte*  
 アサ ハン ナ モツテ コイトアレニ イツテ  
*kudasai.*  
 クダサイ
9. *Nichi nichi watakshi no chichi ye bentō wo*  
 ニチ ニチ ワタクシ ノ チチヘ ベントウ ナ  
*motte kuru ka?*  
 モツテ クルカ
10. *Mai nichi watakshi no bentō wo motte kuru*  
 マイニチ ワタクシ ノ ベントウ ナ モツテ グル  
*no ni kono ninsoku ni ikura harawaneba*  
 ノニコノニンソクニ イクラ ハラワバ  
*narimasen ka!*  
 ナリマセンカ
11. *Itsamo doyō nichi wa watakshi no bentō wo*  
 イツモ ドヨウ ニチ ハ ワタクシ ノ ベントウ ナ  
*motte kuru ni oyobanu.*  
 モツテ クルニ オヨバヌ
12. *Doyō nichi no hoka wa mai nichi sore wo*  
 ドヨウ ニチ ノ ホカ ハ マイ ニチ ソレ ナ  
*motte kite moraitai.*  
 モツテ キテ モライタイ

6. Will you do me the favor to call at my brother's for my book ?
7. Tell your servant, if you please, that he need not bring me my breakfast to-morrow morning.
8. Please tell him to bring my breakfast to-morrow before my morning walk.
9. Will you bring a lunch to my father every day ?
10. How much must I pay this coolie to bring me my lunch every day.
11. You need not bring my lunch on Saturdays.
12. I want you to bring it every day except Saturday.

13. *Mai asa watakshi no bentō wo dōran*  
 マイアサワタクシノベントウヲドゥラン  
*ni irero to riyorinin ni iitskete*  
 ニイレロトレヤウニンニイヒツケテ  
*kudasai.*  
 クダサイ
14. *Mai nichi jiu ni ji ni cha wo ippai*  
 マイニチジフニジニチャヲイッパイ  
*dztsz motte koi.*  
 ツツモツテコイ
15. *Cha to issho ni satō mo skoshi bon ni*  
 チヤトイツショニサトウモスコシボンニ  
*nosete motte koi.*  
 ノセテモツテユイ
- 

## THIRD SENTENCE.

## SECTION III.

seven o'clock at fail without  
 shichi ji ni sōi naku

1. *Ōmaye sh'chi ji ni nagagutsz wo motte kora*  
 オマヘシナジニナガグツヲモツテユラ  
*reru ka.*  
 ルカ
2. *Kore kara hachi ji made wa watakushi no asa-*  
 コレカラハチジマデハワタクシノアサ  
*han wo motte kuru ni oyobanu.*  
 ハンヲモツテクルニオヨバヌ
3. *Dōzo kutszya ye kiyō shi ji maye ni sōi*  
 ドウヅクツヤヘケフシジマエニソウイ  
*naku watakushi no ngagautsz wo motte koi*  
 ナクワタクシノナガグツヲモツテコイ  
*to itte kudasai.*  
 トイツテクダサイ

13. Please tell the cook to put my lunch into the satchel every morning.
  14. Bring me a cup of tea every day at twelve o'clock.
  15. Bring some sugar on the tray with the tea.
- 

### THIRD SENTENCE.

#### SECTION III.

at seven o'clock without fail

1. Can you bring me the boots at seven o'clock ?
2. You need not bring me my breakfast till eight o'clock hereafter.
3. Please tell the shoemaker to bring me my boots before four o'clock to day without fail.

4. *Asz shi ji han goro sōi naku watakshi no oyaji no uchi ye yuke to jinriki hiki ni ii nasai.*  
 アズシジハンゴロソウイナクワタクシノ  
 オヤジノウチヘユケトジンリキヒキ  
 ニイヒナサイ
5. *Kiyō shi ji han ni Negishi made nosete mata sh'chi ji ni kayeru no ni ikura harawaneba si chiji ni カエルノニイクテハラハチバ narimasen ka?*  
 ケフシジハンニチギシマデノセテマタ  
 シチジニカエルノニイクテハラハチバ  
 ナリマセンカ
6. *Naze omaye wa mai nichi watakshi no asa undō maye ni asa han wo motte ウンドウマエニアサハンヲモオテ konai ka?*  
 ナゼオマエハマイニナクワタクシノアサ  
 ウンドウマエニアサハンヲモオテ  
 コナイカ
7. *Asz no asa machigai naku watakshi no hō-yū to tomo ni kawaseza ye oide イウトトモニカハセザヘオイデ nasaru ka?*  
 アスノアサマチガイナクワタクシノホウ  
 ヨウトトモニカハセザヘオイデ  
 ナサルカ
8. *Kon nichi sōi naku sono tsutszmi wo tori ni koko ye oyokoshi nasai to watakshi no tomo-dachi ni itte kudasai.*  
 コンニチソウイナクソノツツミヲトリニ  
 ココヘオヨコシナサイトワタクシノトモ  
 ダチニitte kudasai.  
 ダチニイッテクダサイ
9. *Asa han wo ku ji ni sedz to hachi ji ni motte koi to kodzkai ni ii nasai.*  
 アサハンチクジニセズトハチジニモツテ  
 コイトコヅカヒニイヒナサイ

4. Tell the jin-riki-sha man to go to my father's to-morrow at about half past four o'clock without fail.
5. How much must I pay to be taken to Negishi to-day at half past four o'clock, and home again at seven ?
6. Why do you not bring me my breakfast every day without fail, before my morning walk ?
7. Will you go to the bank with my friend to-morrow morning without fail ?
8. Please tell my friend to call here to-day without fail, to get his parcel.
9. Tell the servant not to bring my breakfast at nine o'clock, but at eight.

10. *Watakshi no hōyū wo koko ye nosete kuru*  
 ワタクシノホウイウヲココヘノセテクル  
*tame ni sōi naku kesa Kanagawa ye yuke*  
 タメニソウイナケケサカナガハヘユケ  
*to jin-riki hiki ni ii nasai.*  
 トジンリキヒキニイヒナサイ
11. *Ano h'to wa kiyō koko ye sōi naku kuru*  
 アノヒトハケフユエヘソウイナククル  
*to iimashta.*  
 トイヒマシタ
12. *Ash'ta achira de watakushi ni sōi naku o-de-*  
 アシタアチラデワタクシニソウイナクオデ  
*ai nasaru ka?*  
 アヒナサルカ
- 

## THIRD SENTENCE.

## SECTION IV.

or, more early can if  
 ka, motto hayaku dekiru nara

1. *Dekiru nara asa han wo dase to kodzkai*  
 デキルナラアサハンヲダセトユヅカヒ  
*ni ii nasai.*  
 ニイヒナサイ
2. *Sh'chi ji han ka dekiru nara motto hayaku*  
 シチシハンカデキルナラモツトハヤク  
*nakagutsz wo motte koi to are ni ii*  
 ナガグツヲモツコイトアレニイヒ  
*nasai.*  
 ナサイ
3. *Go ji han ni yukarenu nara roku ji ni Shiba*  
 ゴシハンニユカレヌナラロクシニシバ  
*ye watakshi wo nosero to giyosha ni*  
 ヘワタクシヲノセロトギヨシヤニ  
*ii nasai.*  
 イヒナサイ

10. Tell the jin-riki-sha man to go to Kanagawa this morning, without fail, to bring my friend here.
11. He said he would come here to-day without fail.
13. Will you meet me there without fail to-morrow ?

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### THIRD SENTENCE.

#### SECTION IV.

or sooner if he can

1. Tell the servant to bring my breakfast, if he can.
2. Tell him to bring the boots at half-past seven o'clock, or sooner if he can.
3. Tell the driver to take me to the Shiba at six o'clock, if he cannot at half past five.

4. *Asz watakushi no kiyōdai ga yukarenu nara*  
 アズワタクシノキヤウダイガユカレヌナラ  
*anata Tōkiyō no Gaimu shō ye*  
 アナタトウキヨウノガイムシヤウヘ  
*oide kudasarō ka?*  
 オイデクダサラウカ
5. *Moshi kiyō go dōmiyō no uchi ye oide*  
 モシケフエドウミヤウノウチヘオイデ  
*nasaretakuba kodzkai wo h'tori otszre*  
 ナサレタクバユヅカヒチヒトリオツン  
*nasai.*  
 ナサイ
6. *Go ji ka dekiru nara motto hayaku wata-*  
 ゴジカデキルナラモツトハヤクワタ  
*kshi no oyaji wa mimatte kudasai to*  
 クシノオヤジハミマツテクダサイト  
*hōyū ni otanomi nasai.*  
 ホウイウニオタノミナサイ
7. *Dōzo jiu ji ka dekiru nara motto hayaku*  
 ドウヅシフジカデキルナラモツトハヤク  
*watakshira no hōyū wo kawaseza ye*  
 ワタクシラノホウイウチカハセザヘ  
*nosero to jinriki-hiki ni itte kudasai.*  
 ノセロトジンリキヒキニイツテクダサイ
8. *Jiu ichi ji han ka dekiru nara motto*  
 ジフイチジハンカデキルナラモツト  
*hayaku watakshi no bentō wo are ni*  
 ハヤクワタクシノベントウチアレニ  
*hakobasete moraitai.*  
 ハコバセテモライタイ
9. *Tszgi no mawari ka dekiru nara motto hayaku*  
 ツギノマハリカデギルナラモツトハヤク  
*koko ye oide nasai.*  
 ココヘオイデナサイ

4. Will you do me the favor to go to the Foreign office in Tōkiyō to-morrow, if my brother cannot?
5. If you wish to go to your father's to-day, take a servant with you.
6. Ask my friend to call on my father at five o'clock, or sooner if he can.
7. Please tell the jin-riki-sha man to take our friend to the bank at ten o'clock, or earlier if he can.
8. I want him to bring me my lunch at half past eleven o'clock, or sooner if he can.
9. Come here next week, or sooner if you can.

10. *Kiyōdai ga rai getsz ka dekiru nara motto*  
     キヤウダイ ガ ライ ゲツ カ デキル ナラ モツト  
     *hayaku Yoroppa ye yikitai to mō-*  
     ハヤク ヨウロッパ ヘ ユキタイ ト モウ  
     *shimus.*
- シマス
11. *Mai nichi Machigai naku sh'chi ji ka dekiru*  
     マイ ニチ マヂガイ ナク シチ ジ カ デキル  
     *nara motto hayaku midz sashi ni yu to*  
     ナラ モツト ハヤク ミズ サシ ニ ュト  
     *ippai no kohi to motte koi to kodz-*  
     イツパイ ノ コヒト モツテ コイ ト ョヅ  
     *kai ni itte kudasai.*
- カイ ニ イツテ クダサイ
- 

#### FOURTH SENTENCE.

*If you go to town to day, ask the bookseller, by the way,  
     when he will send me the English book that I  
     bought there three or four days ago.*

#### SECTION I.

you to-day town to go if  
     anata kiyō machi ye oide nara

1. *Mai nichi machi ye oide nasaru ka?*  
     マイ ニチ マチ ヘ オイデ ナサル カ
  2. *Mai nichi undō ni ode-kake nasaru ka?*  
     マイ ニチ ウンドウ ニ オデカケ ナサル カ
  3. *Moshi kiyō ode-kake nara Shin machi no watar-*  
     モシケフ オデカケ ナラ シン マチ ノ ワタ  
     *kshi no ane no uchi ye oide kudasa-*  
     クシ ノ アチ ノ ウチ ヘ オイデ クダザ  
     *rō ka?*
- ラウ カ

10. My brother says he wishes to go to Europe next month, or before if he can.
  
  11. Please tell the servant to bring me a jug of hot water and a cup of coffee every day without fail at seven o'clock, or sooner if he can.
- 

## FOURTH SENTENCE.

### SECTION I.

If you go to town to day

1. Do you go to town every day ?
2. Do you go out every day for exercise ?
3. If you go out to-day will you do me the favor to call at my elder sister's in New Street ?

4. *Moshi kiyō machi ye oide nara kutszya ye wata-*  
モシ ケフ マチ ヘ オイデ ナラ クツヤ ヘ ワタ  
*kshi no nagagutsz wo sōi naku go ji ni*  
クシ ノ ナガグツ チ ソウイ ナク ゾシ ニ  
*yokose to itte kudasai.*  
ヨユセト イツテ クダサイ
5. *Moshi asz no asa basha de machi ye oide*  
モシ アス ノ アサ バシヤ デ マチ ヘ オイデ  
*nara watakushii no tame ni Kawaseza ye*  
ナラ ワタクシ ノ タメ ニ カハセザ ヘ  
*oyori nasaru ka?*  
オヨリ ナサル カ
6. *Konnichi atarashii haōri wo kai ni shta-*  
コンニチ アタラシイ ハオリ チ カイ ニ シタ  
*tuya ye yikitai.*  
テヤ ヘ ユキタイ
7. *Watakshi no kiyodai ga kiyō machi ye yukeba*  
ワタクシ ノ キヤウダイ ガ ケフ マチ ヘ ユケバ  
*ashita no hon wo honiya kara totte*  
アシタ ノ ホン チ ホンヤ カラ トッテ  
*koraremashō.*  
コラレマセウ
8. *Konnichi watakshi no kodzkai wo machi ye*  
コンニチ ワタクシ ノ ユヅカヒ チ マチ ヘ  
*oyari nasaritō gozarimas ka?*  
オヤリ ナサリトウ ゾザリマス カ
9. *Asko ye oyari nasaran' nara watakshi wa*  
アスク ヘ オヤリ ナサラン ナラ ワタクシ ハ  
*Hommoku ye tskawashimashō.*  
ホンモク ヘ ツカワシマセウ
10. *Jinriki de wa machi ye oide nasaru mai to*  
ジンリキ デ ハ マチ ヘ オイデ ナサル マイ ト  
*zonjimas ga dō des.*  
ゾンジマス ガ ドウ デス
11. *Konnichi go hōyū ga inaka ye oide nara*  
コンニチ ゾ ホウイウ ガイナカ ヘ オイデ ナラ  
*go issho ni mairimashō.*  
ゴイツシヨ ニ マイリマセウ

4. If you go to town to-day, please tell the shoemaker to send me my boots at five o'clock, without fail.
5. If you drive to town to-morrow morning, will you go to the bank for me?
6. I want to go to the tailor's to-day to get a new coat.
7. If my brother goes to town to-day he can get your book at the bookstore.
8. Do you wish to send my servant to town to-day?
9. If you do not send him there, I shall send him to Hommoku.
10. You do not go to town in a jinrikisha, do you?
11. If your friend goes into the country to-day, will you go with him.

12. *Kiyō go yōji de Tōkiyō ye oide nasa-*  
 ケフ ゾ ヨウジ デ トウキヨウ ヘ オイデ ナザ  
*raneba narimasen ka?*  
 ラチバナリマセン カ
13. *Saku jitsz yukitagatta keredomo amari ten-*  
 サク シツ ユキタガツタケレドモアマリテン  
*ki ga warukatta.*  
 キガワルカツタ
14. *Kanagawa ye yukimas nara, hiru maye ni kayeri-*  
 カナガワ ヘ ユキマス ナラ ヒルマヘニカエリ  
*mas.*  
 マス

## FOURTH SENTENCE.

## SECTION II.

by the way the bookseller of inquire  
 otszide ni honya ni kiki nasai

1. *Watakshi yori hayaku ode-kake naraba otzi-*  
 ワタクシヨリ ハヤク オデカケ ナラバ オツイ  
*de ni kawaseza ye yotte kudasaru ka?*  
 デニカハセザヘ ヨツテ クダサルカ
2. *Hikure maye ni watakshi no kutsz wo yokosareru*  
 ヒクレマヘニワタクシノクツチヨエサレル  
*ka to tszide ni kutszya ni kiki nasai.*  
 カトツイデニクツヤニキキナサイ
3. *Honchō ye odekake nara kono te no kinu*  
 ホンチャヤウヘオデカケナラユノテノキヌ  
*wo mō skoshi kai ni shōbei no mise*  
 チモフスユシカヒニシヨウベイノミセ  
*ye yotte kudasai.*  
 ベヨツテクダサイ
4. *Hiru maye ni watakshi to issho ni Kana-*  
 ヒルマヘニワタクシトイツシヨニカナ  
*gawa ye yukareru ka to otszide ni wata-*  
 ガハヘユカレルカトオツイデニワタ  
*kshi no tomodachi ni kiüte kudasai.*  
 クシノトモダチニキイテクダサイ

12. Is it necessary for you to go to Tōkiyō to-day on business?
13. I wished to go yesterday, but the weather was too bad.
14. If I go to Kanagawa, I shall come back before noon.

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#### FOURTH SENTENCE.

##### SECTION II.

inquire of the book-seller by the way

1. If you go out before I do, will you do me the favor of calling at the bank by the way?
2. Ask the shoemaker by the way, if he can send my boots before evening.
3. If you go out to Main Street, please call at Shō-bei's to get me a little more silk of this kind.
4. Please ask my friend by the way, if he can go to Kanagawa with me before noon.

5. *Watakshi wa kiyō soi naku yukaneba nari-*  
 ワタクシ ハ ケフ ソウイ ナク ユカチバ ナリ  
*maseñ.*  
 マセン
6. *Machi ye yuku toki ni midzsashi wo tori ni hachi-*  
 マチヘユクトキニミヅサシナトリニハチ  
*jiu ku ban ye yore to kodzkai ni ii*  
 ジフクバンベヨレト ゴヅカヒニイヒ  
*nasai.*  
 ナサイ
7. *Dōzo jiu ni ji ka nareba motto hayaku*  
 ドウツジフニジカナレバモツ ハヤク  
*watakshi no bentō wo motte koi to*  
 ワタクシノベントウヲモツテコイト  
*are ni itte kudasai.*  
 アレニイツテクダサイ
- Sore wa sō to watakshi no kiyōdai ni*
8. *ソレハソウトワタクシノキヤウダイニ*  
*oai nara watakshi ni kami wo okuru*  
 オアイナラワタクシニカミヲオクル  
*yō ni itte kudasai.*  
 ヤウニイツテクダサイ
9. *Sore wa sō to konoaida kono machi ye*  
 ソレハソウトユノアイダユノマチヘ  
*mairimashta isha wo otadzne nas't-*  
 マイリマシタイシヤヲオタヅチナスヅ  
*ta ka?*  
 タカ
10. *Tōru tszide ni watakshi no kutsz wo kutszya*  
 トウルツイデニワタクシノクツヲクツヤ  
*ni tadzne nasai.*  
 ニタヅチナサイ
11. *Watakshi wa kesa machi ye itta toki ni*  
 ワタクシハケサマチヘイツタトキニ  
*tochiu de go sompu sama ni aimashta.*  
 トチウデゴソムサマニアイマシタ

5. I must go to-day without fail.
6. Tell the servant to go to No. 89, and get a jug when he goes to town.
7. Please tell him to bring my lunch at twelve o'clock or sooner, if he can.
8. By the way, if you meet my brother in town, please ask him to send me some paper.
9. By the way, have you called on the physician who lately came to town.
10. Inquire at the shoemaker's about my shoes, as you go along.
11. I met your father on the way, as I went to town this morning.

12. *Okayeri gake ni dōzo koko ye yotte kudasai.*  
 オカエリ ガケ ニ ドウゾ ココ ヘ ヨツテ クダ  
 サイ.

## FOURTH SENTENCE.

## SECTION III.

when      me      to      he will send  
 itsz    watakshi    ni    yokosz ka

1. *Honya ga itsz watakshi ni jibiki wo yokosz ka?*  
 ホンヤガ イツ ワタクシ ニ ジビキ ナヨコ  
 スカ

2. *Watakshi to itsz Hakone ye oide nasaru ka?*  
 ワタクシト イツ ハコチヘ オイデ ナサルカ

3. *Itsz watakshira wo omimai kudasaru ka?*  
 イツ ワタクシラ ナオミマヒ クダサルカ

4. *Itsz tskai wo yūbin yakushō ye oyari  
 イツ ツカヒ ナユウビン ヤクショヘ オヤリ  
 nasaritai ka?*  
 ナサリタイカ

5. *Watakshi yori saki ni odekake nara otszide  
 ワタクシヨリ サキニ オデカケ ナラ オツイデ  
 ni kiyō asz no uchi sōi naku watakshi  
 ニケフアスノウチソウイナクワタクシ  
 no nagagutsz wo yokosz ka to kutszya ni  
 ノナガグツ ナヨコスカト クツヤニ  
 o kiki nasai.  
 オキキナサイ*

6. *Honya wa go ji maye ni sono shomotsz wo  
 ホンヤハゴジマヘニソノシヨモツナ  
 watakshi ni yokosz mai.  
 ワクタシニヨコスマイ*

7. *Itsz omeshi-tskai wo ichiba ye oyari  
 イツオメシツカヒナチバヘオヤリ  
 nasaru ka?  
 ナサルカ*

12. When you come back, please call here by the way.

---

## FOURTH SENTENCE.

### SECTION III.

when he will send me to

1. When will the book-seller send me the dictionary ?
2. When will you go with me to Hakone.
3. When will you do us the favor of calling on us ?
4. When do you wish to send to the post-office ?
5. If you go out before I do, ask the shoe-maker by the way, if he will send me my boots to-day or to-morrow without fail.
6. The book-seller will not send those books before five o'clock, I think.
7. When shall you send your servant to the market ?

8. *Shakubaya ga kiyō jiu ichi ji maye ni*  
 シヤクバヤガケフジフイチジマエニ  
*basha wo koko ye yokosz d'arō ka?*  
 バシヤチココヘヨフスダラフカ
9. *Momban ni sono danna wa itsz okayeri ka*  
 モンバンニソノダンナハイツオカエリカ  
*to okiki nasai.*  
 トオキキナサイ
10. *Itsz sono makiyemono wo watakshi ni yokoshi*  
 イツソノマキエモノチワタクシニヨコシ  
*nasaru ka?*  
 ナサルカ
11. *Amari ame ga furimases nara kiyō sashi ange-*  
 アマリアメガフリマセンナラケフサシアゲ  
*mas.*  
 マス
12. *Hayaku yokosz nara ōki ni arigatō.*  
 ハヤクヨクスナラオホキニアリガトウ
13. *Go hōyū ga Yokohama ye kayeru toki koko*  
 ゴホオイウガヨコハマヘガエルトキココ  
*ye yoru yō ni otanomi nasai.*  
 ヘヨルヤウニオタノミナサヤ
14. *Shakubaya wa itsz watakshi no 'mma wo yokosz*  
 シヤクバヤハイツワタクシノウマチヨコス  
*ka go zonji des ka?*  
 カゴゾンジデスカ
15. *'Mma wo yokosz toki ni bettō mo issho*  
 ウマチヨコストキニベットウモイツシヨ  
*ni yokosasetai.*  
 ニヨコサセタイ
16. *Kutszya ga watakshi no kutsz wo yokosz maye ni*  
 クツヤガワタクシノクツチヨコスマヘニ  
*hi ga kuremashō.*  
 ヒガクレマセウ
17. *Ano h'to ga Tōkiyō ye chaku sh'tareba*  
 アノヒトガトウキアウヘチャクシタレバ  
*watakshi ni tegami wo okurimas.*  
 ワタクシニテガミチオクリマス

8. Will the livery-stable keeper send us a carriage before eleven o'clock to-day?
9. Ask the gate-keeper, when his master will come home.
10. When will you send me that lackered-ware?
11. I will send it to-day, if it does not rain too hard.
12. If you send it soon, I shall be much obliged.
13. Ask your friend to call here, when he returns to Yokohama.
14. Do you know when the livery-stable keeper will send me the horse?
15. When he sends the horse, I want him to send a groom with it.
16. It will be night before the shoemaker sends me my shoes, I think.
17. When he arrives at Tōkiyō, he will send me a letter.

## FOURTH SENTENCE.

## SECTION IV.

I        bought    English book  
 watakshi ga kaimashta Igirisz no hon

1. *Ano h'to ni oyari nas'tta haori wo itsz okai nas'tta ka?*  
 アノヒトニオヤリナスツタハオリヲイツ  
 オカイナスツカ
2. *Kinō okai nas'tta Igirisz no hon wo omise kudasaru ka?*  
 キノウオカヒナスツタイギリスノホンヲ  
 オミセクダサルカ
3. *Kaimashta hon wa Igirisz no de noi Fransz no des.*  
 カイマシタホンハイギリスノデナイ  
 フランスノデス
4. *Watakshi ga iitsketa kohi wo itsz motte kuru ka?*  
 ワタクシガイヒツケタコヒヲイツモツテ  
 クルカ
5. *Ano otoko no ko wa jibun no yomitagatte ita hon wo kaimashta.*  
 アノオトコノコハヂブンノヨミタガツテ  
 イタホンヲカヒマシタ
6. *Watakshi ga sore wo Honchō de katta h'to kara moraimashta.*  
 ワタクシガソレホンチヤウデカツタヒト  
 カラモライマシタ
7. *Moshi odekake naraba kiyōdai ga watakshi no tame ni katte oita hon wo itsz yokosz ka to honya ni otszide ni kiki nasai.*  
 モシオデカケナラバキヤウダイガワタクシ  
 ノタメニカツテオイタホンヲイツ  
 ヨコスカトホンヤニオツイデニキキ  
 ナサイ

## FOURTH SENTENCE.

## SECTION IV.

the English book that I bought

1. When did you buy the coat that you gave him ?
2. Will you please let me see the book that you bought yesterday ?
3. The book I bought is not English, it is French.
4. When will you bring the coffee I ordered ?
5. That boy bought a book that he wished to read.
6. I received it from the man who bought it in Main Street.
7. If you go out, ask the book-seller by the way, when he will send me the book that my brother bought for me.

8. *Watakshi wa Basha Michi kinjo no Otama-*  
 ワタクシハバシアミチキンジョノオフタ  
*chi ni iru h'to wo mimai ni yorimashta.*  
 マチニイルヒトヲミマヒニヨリマシタ  
 9. *Omochi nasaru fude wa yoi no de wa ari-*  
 オモチナサルフデハヨイノデハアリ  
*masen.*

マセソ

10. *Dōzo sono dai no uye ni aru jibiki wo*  
 ドウヅソノダイノウエニアルジビキヲ  
*watakshi ni owtashii kudasai.*  
 ワタクシニオワタシクダサイ

11. *Watakshira no manabu nikkwa wo waszrete*  
 ワタクシラノマナブニツクリヲワスレテ  
*wa naranu.*

ハナラヌ

12. *Omaye ga midzsashi ni motte kita yu wa*  
 オマヘガミヅサシニモツテキタユハ  
*'atszku nai.*

アツクナイ

13. *Omaye ga motte kita midzsashi wa midz ga*  
 オマヘガモツテキタミヅサシハミヅガ  
*ippai nai.*

イツハイナイ

14. *Watakshi ga omaye ni yatta Eisho wo*  
 ワタクシガオマヘニヤツタエイショヲ  
*dai no uye ni oki nasai.*

ダイノウヘニオキナサイ

15. *Kutszya ga watakshi no tame ni koshirayete*  
 クツヤガワタクシノタメニコシラエテ  
*iru kutsu wo kiyō yokosz hadz ka ashta ka?*

イルクツヲケフヨコスハズカアシタカ

16. *Watakshi no tame ni okai nas'tta Nippon*  
 ワタクシノタメニオカヒナスツタニツホン  
*no shomotsz wa mukashi banashi ga taisō*  
 ノシヨモツハムカシバナシガタイソウ  
*ōku arimas.*

オフクアリマス

8. I called to see the man who lives in O-tamachi near Carriage Street.
9. The pen that you have is not a good one.
10. Please hand me that dictionary which is on the table.
11. We must not forget the lessons that we learn.
12. The water that you brought in the jug is not hot.
13. The jug that you brought is not full of water.
14. Put the English book that I gave you on the table.
15. Is it to-day or to-morrow that the shoe-maker is to send me the shoes he is making for me ?
16. The Japanese book that you bought for me has a great many stories in it.

17. *Watakshi ni oharai nas'tta kane wa nise-*  
 ワタクシ ニ オハラヒ ナスツタ カネ ハ ニセ  
*gane des*  
 ガネ デス.
18. *Watakshi no tanomimashta shishō wa shi-jiu-*  
 ワタクシ ノ タノミマシタ シシヤウハ シジフ  
*roku sai des.*  
 ロク サイ デス
- 

## FOURTH SENTENCE.

## SECTION V.

three four days ago  
 san yokka izen ni

1. *Mikka izen ni watakshi ni iitsketa hon*  
 ミツカイゼンニワタクシニイヒツケタホン  
*wo katta to oyaji ni ohanashi kudasai.*  
 チカツタトオヤシニオハナシクダサイ
2. *Honya wa sore wo itsz koko ye yokoshimas ka?*  
 ホンヤハソレチイツココヘヨコシマスカ
3. *Sore wo mikka izen ni koko ye yokosz hadz*  
 ソレチミツカイゼンニココヘヨコスハズ  
*d'atta.*  
 デアツタ
4. *Itsز sore wo koko ye yokosz hadz d'atta ka?*  
 ベツソレチユユヘヨコスハズデアツタカ
5. *Sore wo san yokka izen ni koko ye yokosz*  
 ソレチサンヨツカイゼンニユユヘヨコス  
*hadz d'akke.*  
 ハズダアツケ

17. The money you paid me is counterfeit.
  18. The teacher that I have engaged is forty-six years old.
- 

## FOURTH SENTENCE.

### SECTION V.

three or four days ago

1. Please say to my father that I bought the book he directed me to buy three days ago.
2. When will the bookseller send it here ?
3. He was to have sent it here three days ago.
4. When was he to send it here ?
5. He was to have sent it here three or four days ago.

6. *Watakshi ga tō ka izen ni kiyōdai no*  
 ワタクシガトウカイゼンニキヨウダイノ  
*tame ni katte oita Nippon shomotsz*  
 タメニカツテオイタニツボンシヨモツ  
*wo itsz yokosu ka to ano h'to ni okiki*  
 ヲイツヨコスカトアノヒトニオキキ  
*nasai.*  
 ナサイ
7. *San yokka izen ni sokode kome wo okai*  
 サンヨツカイゼンニソュデユメヲオカイ  
*nasaranakatta ka?*  
 ナサラナカツタカ
8. *Naze kutszya wa watakshi no f'tsz ka izen ni*  
 ナゼクツヤハワタクシノフツカイゼンニ  
*katte oita kutsz wo mada yokosanai ka?*  
 カツテオイタクツチマダユサナイカ
9. *Watakshi ga san yokka izen ni Shōbei*  
 ワタクシガサンヨツカイゼンニセウベイ  
*no mise de katte oita ittan no kinu*  
 ノミセデカツテオイタイツタンノキヌ  
*wo tori ni itte kureru ka to kiyodai*  
 ヲトリニイツテクレルカトキヨウダイ  
*ni otanomi nasai.*  
 ニオタノミナサイ
10. *Itsz Nikkō ye oide nasaimas ka?*  
 イツニユチウヘオイデナサイマスカ
11. *Okayeri made ik'ka kakarimas ka?*  
 オカヘリマディツカカカリマスカ
12. *Watakshi wa san yokka sono hen ye tō-*  
 ワタクシハサンヨツカソノヘンヘトウ  
*riu shimashō.*  
 リウシマシヨウ
13. *Honya 'ga nano ka izen ni yokosh'ta chidz no*  
 ホンヤガナノカイゼンニヨコシタチヅノ  
*dai wo ikura harawaneba narimases ka?*  
 ダイチイクラハラハチバナリマセンカ

6. Ask him when he will send me the Japanese book I bought for my brother ten days ago.
7. Did you not buy rice there three or four days ago?
8. Why does not the shoe-maker send me the shoes I bought two days ago?
9. Ask my brother, if he will do me the favor to go to Shōbei's for the piece of silk I bought there three days ago.
10. When shall you go to Nikkō?
11. How long will it be before you come back?
12. I shall be there about three or four days.
13. How much must I pay for the map which the book-seller sent me a week ago?

14. *Moshi konnichi machi ye ode-kake nara wata-*  
モシ コンニチ マチヘ オデカケ ナラワタ  
*kshi ga san yokka izen ni katte*  
クシガ サン ヨッカ イゼンニ カツテ  
*oita Igirisz no hon wo itsz yokozz ka*  
オイタイギリヌノホンチイツヨコスガ  
*to honya ye otszide ni okiki nasai.*  
トホンヤヘオツイデニオキキナサイ
- 

### FIFTH SENTENCE.

*The servant looked in a bad humor last evening, when he came to clear the table and get our letters to post them.*

#### SECTION I.

The servant looked  
kodzkaiwa miyeta

1. *Watakshi no kodzkai wa yowaku miyeru ga*  
ワタクシノコヅカヒハヨワクミエルガ  
*anata no wa tszyoku miyemas.*  
アナタノハツヨクミエマス
2. *Sore yori miba no yoi kutsz issoku dase-*  
ソレヨリミバノヨイクツイスソクダセ  
*mas ka?*  
マスガ
3. *Ame ga furisō ni miyeru kara watakshi wa*  
アメガフリソウニミエルカラワタクシハ  
*kesu demasenu.*  
ケサデマセヌ
4. *Ano h'to wa busahōna hodo f'kigen de*  
アノヒトハブサハフナホドフキゲンデ  
*arimash'ta.*  
アリマシタ

14. If you go to town to-day, ask the book-seller by the way, when he will send me the English book that I bought three or four days ago.

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## FIFTH SENTENCE.

### SECTION I.

the servant looked

1. My servant looks weak, but your's looks strong.
2. Can you show me a better looking pair of shoes than that ?
3. As it looks likely to rain I shall not go out this morning.
4. That man was so cross that he was rude.

5. *Otoko no ko wa awozameru hodo osorete  
オトコノコハ アチザメル ホド オソレテ  
imash'ta.*  
イマシタ
6. *Moshi tenki ga yoku narisō nara Tōkiyō  
モシテンキガヨクナリソウナラトウキヤウ  
ye yukimas.*  
ヘユキマス
7. *Kesa hodo koko ye mairimash'ta h'to wa dōmo  
ケサホドココヘマイリマシタヒトハドウモ  
Nippon jin no yō ni miyenakatta.  
ニッポンジンノヨウニミエナカッタ*
8. *Ano h'to wa Fransz jin no yō ni miyeru  
アノヒトハフランスジンノヨウニミエル  
ga Portogaru no h'to des.  
ガポルトガルノヒトデス*
9. *Watakshi yori saki ni odekake nara dōzo  
ワタクシヨリサキニオデカケナラドウゾ  
kinō waszrete oita tszye wo hiyaku  
キノフワスレテオイタツエチヒヤク  
ban de otudzne kudasai.  
バンデタツネクダサイ*
10. *Watakshi ga konnichi kaimash'ta hon wa  
ワタクシガコンニチカヒマシタホンハ  
furuku miyemas.  
フルクミエマス*
11. *Hana zono wa dōmo kirei ni miyeru koto.  
ハナゾノハドウモキレイニミエルコト*
12. *Sore wa mikake yori yoi.  
ソレハミカケヨリヨイ*
13. *Sore wa mikake daoshi des.  
ソレハミカケダチシデス*
14. *Aru h'tora wa mikake yori yoi.  
アルヒトラハミカケヨリヨイ*
15. *Kułszwa zōri yori miye mo mochi mo yoi mono  
クツハヅウリヨリミエモモチモヨイモノ  
des.  
デス*

5. The boy was so frightened that he turned pale.
6. If the weather looks likely to be fair I shall go to Tōkiyō.
7. The man who came here this morning did not look at all like a Japanese.
8. That man looks like a Frenchman, but he is a Portuguese.
9. If you go out before I do, please inquire at No 100 for the cane I left there yesterday.
10. The book that I bought to-day looks old.
11. How pretty that garden looks !
12. It is better than it looks.
13. It looks better than it is.
14. Some men are better than they look.
15. Shoes look better and are better than sandals.

16. *Ano otoko no kowa hinekkobite miyemas.*  
アノヲトコノコハヒテツコビテミエマス
17. *Nan doki da ka tokei wo mi nasai.*  
ナンドキダカトケイチミナサイ
18. *Me wo agete ki no ura no washi wo mimash'ta.*  
メヲアゲテキノウラノワシヲミマシタ
- 

## FIFTH SENTENCE.

## SECTION II.

bad humor of manner in (or) humor bad way in  
f'kigen no yō ni (or) kigen ga warusō ni

1. *Watakshi no kiyōdai wa bentō maye ni*  
ワタクシノキヨウダイハベントウマヘニ  
*f'kigen no yō ni miyemash'ta ka?*  
フキゲンノヨウニミエマシタカ
2. *Watakshi ga ano h'to ni atta toki ni*  
ワタクシガアノヒトニアツクトキニ  
*kibun ga warusō ni miyenakatta.*  
キブンガワルソウニミエナカッタ
3. *Kodzkai wa sakujitsz kigen ga warusō ni*  
コヅカヒハサクジツキゲンガワルソウニ  
*miyenakatta ka?*  
ミエナカッタカ
4. *Hiru maye ni kigen ga goku warusō ni miye-*  
ヒルマヘニキゲンガゴクワルソウニミエ  
*mash'ta.*  
マシタ
5. *Ano kodomo wa szneru mono des.*  
アノコドモハスズルモノデス
6. *Bettō wa watakshi no oyaji wo tetszdō*  
ベツトウハワタクシノチャヤシチテツドウ  
*no tateba ye nosete itta maye ni kigen*  
ノタテバヘノセテイツタマヘニキゲン  
*ga warusō ni miyeta.*  
ガワルソウニミエタ

16. That boy looks like a little old man.
  17. Look at the clock and see what time it is.
  18. I looked up and saw an eagle on the top of a tree.
- 

## FIFTH SENTENCE.

### SECTION II.

in a bad humor

1. Did my brother look in a bad humor before lunch.
2. When I saw him he did not look in a bad humor ?
3. Did not the servant look in a bad humor yesterday ?
4. He looked very cross before noon.
5. That child is a sulky thing.
6. The *bettō* looked in a bad humor before he took my father to the railway station.

7. *Konjō ga warusō ni miyeru h'to des*  
 コンジヨウガワルソウニミエルヒトデス  
*ga hontō ni sō de wa nai.*  
 ガホントウニサウデハナイ
8. *Are wa iji no warui h'to de wa nai.*  
 ソレハイヂノワルイヒトデハナイ
9. *Watakshi no uchi de wa iji no warui kodz-*  
*ワタクシノウチデハイヂノワルイコヅ*  
*kai wa irimasen.*  
 カヒハイリマゼン
10. *H'tori no iji no warui hodzkai ga hoka no*  
*ヒトリノイヂノワルイユヅカヒガホカノ*  
*wo mina komaraseru.*  
 チミイナコマラセル
11. *Nani ga ano h'to wo sonna ni f'kigen ni*  
*ナニガアノヒトヲソンナニフキゲンニ*  
*shimas ka?*  
 シマスカ
12. *Naze kigen ga warui ga dare ni mo wukari-*  
*ナゼキゲンガワルイガダレニモワカリ*  
*masen.*  
 マゼン
13. *Jibun de mo sono wake ga wakarimasmal.*  
 ジブンデモソノワケガワカリマスマイ
14. *Ano h'to wa ichi nichi kigen ga waru katta.*  
 アノヒトハイチニチキゲンガワルカツタ
15. *Ano h'to wa kigen ga warui toki ni dare ni*  
*アノヒトハキゲンガワルイトキニダレニ*  
*mo mono wo iimassen.*  
 モモノタイヒマゼン
16. *Itez mo kigen no yoi hō ga yoroshii.*  
 イツモキゲンノヨイホウガヨロシイ
17. *Watakshi ga omaye ni mono wo iu toki ni*  
*ワタクシガオマエニモノヲイフトキニ*  
*sonna ni kigen ga waru sōna kawo*  
*ソンナコキゲンガワルソウナカヲ*  
*tski shi nasaruna.*  
 ツキシナサルナ

7. He looks like an ill-tempered man, but he is not so in reality.
8. He is not an ill-natured man.
9. I do not want an ill-tempered servant in my house.
10. One ill-tempered servant makes all the rest uncomfortable.
11. What makes that man in such a bad humor?
12. Nobody can tell why he is so cross.
13. He does not know the reason himself, I suspect.
14. He has been in a bad humor all day.
15. When he is in a bad humor, he speaks to no one.
16. It is better to be always in a good humor.
17. Do not look so cross when I speak to you.

## FIFTH SENTENCE.

## SECTION III.

last evening came when  
Saku ban kita tokini

1. *Sakuban kodzkai ga watakshi no yu to ip-*  
 サクバン ユツカヒ ガワタクシノユトイツ  
*pai no cha wo motte kita toki ni kigen*  
 バイノチャモツテキタトキニキゲン  
*ga warusō ni miyeta.*  
 ガワルソウミエタ
2. *Sakuban ano h'to ga koko ye kita toki ni*  
 サクバン アノヒトガココヘキタトキニ  
*goran nas'tta ka?*  
 ゴランナスッタカ
3. *Ano h'to ga sakuban kita toki ni wu wata-*  
 アノヒトガサクバンキタトキニハワダ  
*kshi mō dete shimattu.*  
 クシモウデテミマツタ
4. *Are wa watakshi ye tegami wo wata shi ni kita*  
 アレハワタクシヘテガミチワクシニキタ  
*toki ni anata wa doko ni i nas'tta ka?*  
 トキニアナタハドコニイナスッタカ
5. *Ano h'to ga mairimash'ta no wa nan ji de*  
 アノヒトガマイリマシタノハナンジデ  
*atta ka shirimassen.*  
 アツタガシリマセン
6. *Are wu nagagutsz wo watashi ni kita toki ni wa*  
 アレハナガグツチワタシニキタトキニハ  
*kigen ga warusō ni miyeta ka?*  
 キゲンガワルソウニミエタカ
7. *Go kiyodai gu Kawasaki yori ochaku no*  
 ゴキヨウダイガカワasakiヨリオチャクノ  
*toki anata wa tetsudō no tateba ni i*  
 トキアナタハテツドウノタテバニイ  
*nas'tta ka?*  
 ナスッタカ

## FIFTH SENTENCE.

## SECTION III.

when he came here last night.

1. The servant looked in a bad humor last night, when he brought me a cup of coffee.
2. Did you see him when he came last night ?
3. I had gone out when he came here last night.
4. Where were you when he came to bring me a letter ?
5. I do not know what o'clock it was when he came here.
6. Did he look in a bad humor when he came to bring the boots ?
7. Were you at the railway station when your brother arrived from Kawasaki ?

8. *Ano h'to wa shinujitsz omoshirokunai yō ni*  
 アノヒトハシウジツチモシロクナイヨウイ  
*miyeta kara kigen ga warukattarō*  
 ミエタカラキゲンガワルカツタロフ
9. *Hachi ji no jōkisha ga tszita toki ni*  
 ハチジノジョウキシヤガツイタトキニ  
*watakshi wa tetszdō no tateba ni ima-*  
 ワタクシハテツドウノタテバニイマ  
*sh'ta.*  
 シタ
10. *Jinriki hiki ga kigen warukatta ga ni bu*  
 ジンリキヒキガキゲンワルカツタガニブ  
*morattareba szgu ni kokoro yosasō ni*  
 モラツタレバスグニココロヨサソウニ  
*miyeta.*  
 ミエタ
11. *Sakuban koko ye irashta toki wa otskare*  
 サクバンココヘイラシタトキハチツカレ  
*no yō ni miyemash'ta.*  
 ノヨウニミエマシタ
12. *Kodomo wa f'kigen de atta ga omocha*  
 コドモハフキゲンデアツタガチモチャ  
*wo katte yattareba mō sonna ni*  
 チカツデヤツタレバモフソンナニ  
*miyenakatta.*  
 ミエナカツタ
13. *Anatu koko ye irash'ta toki ni watagshi wa*  
 アナタユユヘイラシタトキニワタクシハ  
*rusz desh'ta.*  
 ルズデシタ

8. I suspect he has been in a bad humor, for he has not looked cheerful all day.
9. I was at the railway station when the eight o'clock train arrived.
10. The jinrikisha man looked cross, but as soon as he received twenty-five cents he seemed delighted.
11. When you came here last night you looked weary.
12. The child was cross, but, when I bought a toy and gave it to him, he looked so no longer.
13. When you came here I was out.

FIFTH SENTENCE  
SECTION IV.

the table's things to put away purpose for  
handai no mono wo katakzkeru tame ni

1. *Ku ji ga nareba sore yori hayaku handai no*  
クジガナレバソリハヤクハンダイノ  
*mono wo katadzkeru.*  
モノヲカタヅケロ
2. *Handai no mono wo katadzeta maye ni wata-*  
ハンダイノモノヲカタヅケタマヘニワタ  
*kushi no tegami wo tori ni itta.*  
クシノテガミヲトリニイッタ
3. *Handai no mono wo katadzkete kara sara wo*  
ハンダイノモノヲカタヅケテカラサラヲ  
*arage.*  
アラエ
4. *Naze oyaji no asa han wo jiu ji maye ni*  
ナゼオヤジノアサハンヲジフジマヘニ  
*dusanai ka?*  
ダサナイカ
5. *Wutakshi ga hiru han wo tabe ni kayetta*  
ワタクシガヒルハンヲタベニカヘツタ  
*toki are wa handui no mono wo kata-*  
トキアレハハンダイノモノヲカタ  
*dzkete ita.*  
ヅケテイタ
6. *Shinbunshi kubari ga yūgata no shinbunshi*  
シンブンシクバリガユウガタノシンブンシ  
*wo motte ki shidai ni uchi ye motte*  
チモツテキシダイニウチヘモツテ  
*koi to momban ni ii nusai.*  
コイトモンバンニイヒナサイ

## FIFTH SENTENCE.

## SECTION IV.

to clear the table

1. Clear the table at nine o'clock or sooner if you can.
2. He went to get my letters before he cleared the table.
3. Wash the dishes after you have cleared the table.
4. Why do you not bring my father's breakfast before ten o'clock ?
5. When I returned to get my dinner, he was clearing the table.
6. Tell the gate-keeper to bring in the evening paper as soon as the carrier brings it here.

7. *Watakshi ga san yokka izen ni katta*  
 ワタクシ ガ サン ヨッカ イゼン ニ カツタ  
*gaku wo tori ni ni ji ga nareba motto*  
 ガクヲ トリ ニ ニジ ガ ナレバ モット  
*hayaku honya made yuke to are ni ii-*  
 ハヤク ホンヤ マデ ユケトアレ ニ イヒ  
*tszke nasai.*  
 ツケナサイ
8. *Handai wo sōji szru to ki ni kudzhake wo*  
 ハンダイチソウギ スルトキニクヅハケチ  
*tskawaneba naranu.*  
 ツカワチバナラヌ
9. *Omaye ni handai no mono wo katadzkeru to*  
 チマヘニハンダイノモノチカタヅケロト  
*iu toki ni naze sō shinai ka?*  
 イフトキニナゼソウシナイカ
10. *Ima handai no mono wo katadzkeru ni wa*  
 イマ ハンダイノモノチカタヅケルニハ  
*oyobanai.*  
 チヨバナイ
11. *Narutake hayaku handai no mono wo kata-*  
 ナルタケ ハヤク ハンダイノモノチカタ  
*dzkeru yō ni kodzkai wo oyobi nasai.*  
 ヅケルヨウニユヅカヒチチヨビナサイ
12. *Mō handai no sh'taku wo szru toki des.*  
 モウ ハンダイノシタクチスルトキデス
13. *Handai no mono wo katadzketere kara yuka wō*  
 ハンダイノモノチカタヅケテカラユカチ  
*araye.*  
 アラエ
14. *Handai no sh'taku szru maye ni te wo araye.*  
 ハンダイノシタクスルマヘニテチアラエ
15. *Handai no sh'taku szru no ni wa mō osoi.*  
 ハンダイノシタクスルノニハモウチソイ
16. *Mō handai wo sh'taku itashimas toki*  
 モウ ハンダイチシタクイタシマストキ  
*des ka?*  
 デスガ

7. Tell him to go to the bookseller's at two o'clock or sooner, if he can, to get the picture I bought there three days ago.
8. You must use a crumb-brush to clean up the table.
9. When I tell you to clear the table, why do you not do it?
10. You need not clear the table now.
11. Call the servant to clear the table as soon as possible.
12. It is time to set the table.
13. After you have cleared the table wash the floor.
14. Wash your hands before you set the table.
15. It is late already to set the table.
16. Is it time to set the table?

## FIFTH SENTENCE.

## SECTION V.

our letters the post-office to take and post  
watakshira no tegami wo yubinyaksho ye mochi dashi ni

1. *Otegami wo yūbinyaksho ye mochi dashi*  
 オテガミ チ ユウビンヤクシヨ ヘ モチダシ  
*ni go ji maye ni Honchō ye oide*  
 ニ ゴジ マヘ ニ ホンチヤウ ヘ オイデ  
*nasaritō gozarimases ka?*  
 ナサリトウ ゴザリマセン カ
2. *Yūbinyaksho ye watakshi wo nosete yuku*  
 ユウビンヤクシヨ ヘ ウタクシ ノセテ ユク  
*ni ikura harawaneba narimases ka?*  
 ニ イクテ ハラハテ ナリマセン カ
3. *Asa kuji ni yūbinyaksho ye kitte wo*  
 アサクシニ ユウビンヤクシヨ ヘ キッテ チ  
*kai ni yuke to kodzukai ni ii nasai.*  
 カヒニ ユケトコヅカヒニ イヒナサイ
4. *Yūbinyaksho wa asa ku ji maye ni ake-*  
 ユウビンヤクシヨ ハ アサクシ マヘニ アケ  
*mas ka?*  
 マス カ
5. *Kono tōri ni yūbinyaksho ga arimas*  
 コノトウリニ ユウビンヤクシヨ ガ アリマス  
*ka?*  
 カ
6. *Kono tōri ni yūbinyaksho wa arima-*  
 コノトウリニ ユウビンヤクシヨ ハ アリマ  
*sen.*  
 セン
7. *Yūbinyaksho wa Honchō go chō me*  
 ユウビンヤクシヨ ハ ホンチヤウ ゴチヤウ メ  
*des.*  
 デス

## FIFTH SENTENCE.

## SECTION V.

and to get our letters to post them

1. Do you not wish to go to Main Street before five o'clock, to post your letter ?
2. How much must I pay to take me to the post-office ?
3. Tell the servant to go to the post-office to buy some stamps, in the morning at nine o'clock.
4. Is the post-office open before nine o'clock in the morning ?
5. Is there a post-office in this Street ?
6. There is no post-office in this Street.
7. The post-office is in the fifth division of Main Street.

8. *Machi no achi kochi ni yūbin-atskai-jo*  
 マチノアチコチニユウビンアツカヒシヨ  
*ga arimas.*  
 ガアリマス
9. *Yūbjn-atskai-jo wa tegami wo dasu ni*  
 ユウビンアツカヒシヨハテガミヲダスニ  
*goku benri des.*  
 ゴクベンリデス
10. *Hajime ni yūbinyaksho ye kono tegami wo*  
 ハジメニユウビンヤクシヨヘコノテガミヲ  
*dashte, sore kara jinriki wo tsurete tetsu-*  
 ダシテソレカラシンリキヲツレテテツ  
*dō no tateba ye watakshi no hōyū wo*  
 ドウノタテバヘワタクシノホウユウヲ  
*mukai ni yuke.*  
 ムカイニユケ
11. *Kono tegami wo Amerika no yūbinyaksho*  
 コノテガミヲアメリカノユウビンヤクシヨ  
*ye dase machigaite Igirisu no ye dasz na*  
 ヘダセマチガイティギリスノヘダスナ
12. *Tōkiyō mata Osaka ye tegami wo dasz*  
 トウキヤウマタオウサカヘテガミヲダス  
*ni ikura harawaneba naranu ka to yū-*  
 ニイクラハラハテバナラヌカトユウ  
*binyaksho de okiki nasai.*  
 ビンヤクシヨデオキキナサイ
13. *Omaye ni iitsketa tōri ni ano tegami*  
 オマヘニイヒツケタトウリニアノテガミ  
*wo yūbinyaksho ye dashta ka?*  
 チユウビンヤクシヨヘダシタカ
14. *Kodzkai ga sakuban handai katadzke to*  
 コヅカヒガサクバンハンダイカタヅケト  
*watakshira no tegami wo yūbinyaksho*  
 ワタクシラノテガミヲユウビンヤクシヨ  
*ye mochi dashi ni kita toki ni kigen ga*  
 ヘモチダシニキタトキニキゲンガ  
*warusō ni miyeta.*  
 ワルソウニミエタ

8. There are sub-post-offices here and there in the town.
9. Sub-post-offices are very convenient for posting letters.
10. First post my letters and then take a jinrikisha and go to the railway Station to meet my friend.
11. Put this letter in the American post-office. Do not make a mistake and put it in the English post-office.
12. Inquire at the post-office how much we must pay to send a letter to Tōkiyō or Osaka.
13. Have you put those letters into the post-office, as I ordered you ?
14. The servant looked in a bad humor last evening, when he came to clear the table, and get our letters to post them.

## SIXTH SENTENCE.

*Do you know the name of the rich old lady who lives near the iron bridge opposite to the photograghist's?*

## SECTION I.

the name know you ?  
na wo gozonji ka ?

1. *Watakshi no kiyōdai ga szmatte orimas*  
ワタクシノキヨウダイガスマッテオリマス  
*tōri no na wa gozonji ka?*  
トウリノナハゴゾンジカ
2. *Auo fujin no na wo gozonji des ka?*  
アノフジンノナチゴゾンジデスカ
3. *Kono tōri no na wo watakshi ni oshiyete*  
コノトウリノナチワタクシニオシヘテ  
*kudasai.*  
クダサイ
4. *Kore wa Kaigan dōri to mōshimas.*  
コレハカイガンドウリトモウシマス
5. *Watakshi no oyaji ga katta hon no na wo*  
ワタクシノオヤジガカッタホンノナチ  
*gozonji ka?*  
ゴゾンジカ
6. *Tegame wo shi ji maye ni yūbinyakusho ye*  
テガミチシジマヘニユウビンヤクショヘ  
*dasaneba naranu wo shiranai ka?*  
ダサ子バナラヌチシラナイカ
7. *Kodzkai ga naze asa han maye ni ichiba ye*  
ユヅカヒガナゼアサハンマヘニイチバヘ  
*yukarenai ka wo gozonji des ka?*  
ユカレナイカチゴゾンジデスカ
8. *Kaigan dōri no kawaseza no na wo shitte*  
カイガンドウリノカワセザノナチシッテ  
*oide nasaru ka?*  
オイデナサルカ
9. *Ano hito wa shiranai to mōshimas.*  
アノヒトハシラナイトモウシマス

## SIXTH SENTENCE.

## SECTION I.

Do you know the name

1. Do you know the name of the Street where my brother lives ?
2. Do you know the name of that lady ?
3. Please tell me the name of this Street.
4. It is called Water Street.
5. Do you know the name of the book which my father bought ?
6. Do you not know that you must post the letters before four o'clock ?
7. Do you know why the servant cannot go to market before breakfast ?
8. Do you know the name of the bank in water Street ?
9. He says he does not know.

10. *Watakshi wa ano hito no na to szmai mo  
 ワタクシ ハ アノ ヒト ノ ナ ト スマイ モ  
 shitte imas.*  
 シツテイマス
11. *Ano hito no na wo gozonji des ka?  
 アノ ヒト ノ ナ チ ゴゾンジ デスカ*
12. *Ano hito wa jibun no na wa Jonas da to  
 アノ ヒト ハ ジブン ノ ナ ハ ジョナス ダト  
 mōshimas.*  
 モウシマス
13. *Watakshi no óji no iye wa nam ban ka go-  
 ワタクシ ノ オジ ノ イヘハ ナン バン カ ゴ  
 zonji des ka?*  
 グンジ デスカ
14. *Ano hito wa Honchō ni szmatte iru no  
 アノ ヒト ハ ホンチヤウ ニ スマッテ イル ノ  
 wo gozonji deshō.  
 チ ゴゾンジ デセウ*
15. *Ano mura no na wo gozonji nai ka?  
 アノ ムラ ノ ナ チ ゴゾンジ ナイ カ*
16. *Watakshi tomodachi ga itsz Tōkiyō kara  
 ワケクシ トモダチ ガ イツトウキヤウ カラ  
 kayetta ka zonjimasen.  
 カヘツタ カ ゴゾンジ マセン*
17. *Ano iye wo tateru no ni dore hodo hisashiku  
 アノ イヘチタテル ノニ ドレ ホド ヒサシク  
 kakaru ka gozonji des ka?  
 カカル カ ゴゾンジ デスカ*
18. *It ton wa nan gin da ka gozonji des ka?  
 イツトン ハ ナン ギン ダ カ ゴゾンジ デスカ*

## SIXTH SENTENCE.

## SECTION II.

rich old lady of  
 kanemochina toshiyori no fujin no

- 1 *Sore wa kanemochina toshiyori no fujin des.  
 ソレ ハ カネモチナ トシヨリ ノ フジン デス*

10. I know that man's name and place of residence.
11. Do you know that man's name ?
12. He says his name is Jonas.
13. Do you know the number of my uncle's house ?
14. You know that he lives in Main Street, I suppose.
15. Do you not know the name of that village ?
16. I do not know when my friend returned from Tōkiyō.
17. Do you know how long it will take to build tha house ?
18. Do you know how many pounds make a ton ?

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#### SIXTH SENTENCE.

##### SECTION II.

of that old lady

1. That is a rich old lady.

2. Ano fujin wa Ingirisz de aru ka nai ka  
 アノ フジン ハ イギリスデ アルカナイカ  
 gozonji des ka?  
 ゴゾンジデスカ
3. Oänesan wa ano Ingirisz no toshiyotta  
 オアテサン ハ アノ イギリスノトシヨツタ  
 fujin hodo kanemochi dewa gozarimas  
 フジン ホド カ子モチデハ ゴザリマス  
 mai.  
 マイ
4. Kaigan dōri no Ingirisz no toshiyotta  
 カイガンドオリノイギリスノトシヨツタ  
 fujin wa watakshi to issho ni mémui  
 フジンハワタクシトイツショニミマヒ  
 ni itte kudasaru ka?  
 ニイツテクダサルカ
5. Kono toshitotta fujin no na wa nan to iu  
 コノトシトツタフジンノナハナントイウ  
 ka gozonji des ka?  
 カゴゾンジデスカ
6. Go hōyū wa ano fujin hodo kanemochi de  
 ゴホオユウハアノフジンホドカ子モチデ  
 wa gozaimas mai.  
 ハゴザイマスマイ
7. Go kiyōdai wa watakshi yori kanemochi des.  
 ゴキヨウダイハワタクシヨリカ子モチデス
8. Seken no h'to wa watakshi no kane no ari-  
 セケンノヒトハワタクシノカ子ノアリ  
 daka yori yokei aru yō ni omotte  
 ダカヨリヨケイアルヨウニ方モツテ  
 imas.  
 イマス
9. Oi! kodzkai! tegami wo yūbin yasho ye  
 オイユヅカヒテガミチユウビンヤクシヨヘ  
 dasz maye ni kono go fujin ni cha wo  
 ダスマヘニユノゴフジンコチアチ  
 ippai agero.  
 イツバイアゲロ

2. Do you know whether that lady is English or not?
3. Your elder sister is not so wealthy as that old English lady.
4. Will you do me the favor of calling with me on the old English lady in Water Street.
5. Do you know the name of this old lady.
6. Your friend is not so rich as that lady.
7. Your brother is richer than I am.
8. People think I am richer than I am.
9. Here, boy! Give a cup of tea to this lady before you post the letters.

10. *Kono furui hon wa watak'shi no atarashii*  
 ユノ フルイ ホンハ ワタクシノ アタラシイ  
*hō wa anata no des.*  
 ホウハ アナタノ デス
11. *Honchō no kanemochina toshitotta fujin*  
 ホンチヨウノ カチモチナ トシトツタ フジン  
*wa basha wo motte imas.*  
 ハバシヤチモツテイマズ
12. *Aru h'to wa kanemochina mono wa mochiron*  
 アルヒトハ カチモチナモノハ モチロン  
*saiwai da to omotte imas.*  
 サイワイダトオモツテイマズ
13. *Aru bimbōna h'to wa kanemochina h'to yori*  
 アルビムボウナヒトハ カチモチナヒトヨリ  
*mo saiwai des.*  
 モサイワイデス
14. *H'to no yoi no wa tada kanemochi ni naru yori*  
 ヒトノヨイノハ タダカチモチニナルヨリ  
*masatte imas.*  
 マサツテイマズ
15. *Aru kanemochina h'to wa Rondon no bim-*  
 アル カチモチナヒトハ ロンドンノビン  
*bōna mono no tame ni ō-ku no iye wo*  
 ボウナモノノタメニオチクノイヘチ  
*tatemash'ta.*  
 タテマシタ
16. *Sono h'to no na wo Pibode to iu.*  
 ソノヒトノナチピイボデテイウ

## SIXTH SENTENCE.

## SECTION III.

iron bridge vicinity in resides  
 tetsz no hashi no kinjo ni szmau

1. *Ano hito wa tetsz no hashi no kinjo ni szma-*  
 アノヒトハテツノハシノキンジョニスマ  
*imas ka?*  
 イマズカ

10. This old book is mine, and the new one is yours.
11. The rich old lady in Main Street keeps a carriage.
12. Some think that rich men a is, of course, happy.
13. Some poor persons are happier than rich ones.
14. It is better to be good than to be merely rich.
15. A certain rich man built many houses for the poor of London.
16. His name was Peabody.

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#### SIXTH SENTENCE.

##### SECTION III.

who lives near the iron bridge

1. Does that man live near iron bridge ?

2. *Watakshi yori hayaku odekake naraba kawa-*  
 ワタクシ ミリ ハヤク オデカケ ナラバ カワ  
*seza no kinjo no kutszya ye oyori*  
 セザ ノ キンジョ ノ クツヤ ヘ オヨリ  
*kudasaru ka?*  
 クダサル カ
3. *Tetszō no waki no hashi no kinjo no*  
 テツドウ ノ ワキ ノ ハシ ノ キンジョ ノ  
*Okurashō ye watakshi wo nosete*  
 オホクラシヤウ ヘ ワタクシ チ ノセテ  
*yuku jinriki wo tanome to kodzkai ni*  
 ユク ジンリキ チ タノメ ト ユヅカヒ ニ  
*ii nasai.*  
 イヒ ナサイ
4. *Kane no hashi no kinjo no uchi made kono*  
 カチ ノ ハシ ノ キンジョ ノ ウチ マデ ユノ  
*toshiyotta fujin wo noseru ni giyosha*  
 トシヨツタ フジン チ ノセル ニ ギヨシヤ  
*ni nani hodo harawaneba narimasen ka?*  
 ニ ナニ ホド ハラワチ バナリマセン カ
5. *Hori kawa kinjo no iye ga sakuban ik-*  
 ホリ カワ キンジョ ノ イヘガ サクバン イツ  
*ken yakemashta.*  
 ケン ヤケマシタ
6. *Sono uchi de hito ga futari to kinjo no*  
 ソノ ウチ デ ヒト ガ フタリ ト キンジョ ノ  
*'mma de 'mma mo ippiki yakemashta.*  
 ウマヤデ ウマモイツヒキ ヤケマシタ
7. *Sono toshitotta fujin wa otaku no kinjo*  
 ソノ トシトツタ フジン ハ オタク ノ キンジョ  
*ni szmatte imas ka?*  
 ニ スマツテ イマス カ
8. *Kane no hashi kinjo no honya de kono fu-*  
 カチ ノ ハシ キンジョ ノ ホンヤ デ ユノフ  
*jin ga hon wo katta no wa mikka izen*  
 ジン ガ ホン チ カツタ ノ ハ ミヅカゼン  
*des.*  
 デス

2. If you go out before I do, will you do me the favor of calling at the shoemakers near the bank?
3. Tell the servant to get a jinrikisha to take me to the Finance Office near the railway bridge.
4. How much must I pay the driver to take this old lady to the house near the iron bridge?
5. A house was burnt last night near the canal.
6. Two persons were burned in that house, and also a house in a stable near by.
7. Does that old lady live near your house?
8. It is three days since this lady bought a book at the book-store near the iron bridge.

9. *Kawaseza kinjo ni orimas fujin wo omi-*  
 カワセザキンジョニオリマスフジンヲオミ  
*mai nasaritai ka!*  
 マイナザリタイカ
10. *Watakshi domo ga gakkō ye yuku kokugen*  
 ワタクシドモガガクユウヘユクユクゲン  
*ni chikaku narimashita.*  
 ニチカクナリマシタ
11. *Kawasezawa jiu ji ni akemas mō sono toki*  
 カワセザハジウシニアケマスモウソノトキ  
*ni chikaku narimashita*  
 ニチカクナリマシタ
12. *Sakuban onna ga h'tori yake jini kakari-*  
 サクバンオソナガヒトリヤケシニカカリ  
*mashita.*  
 マシタ
13. *Dōzo Daibutsz ye yuku chika michi wo oshiyete*  
 ドウゾダイブツヘユクチカミチチオシヘテ  
*kudasai.*
14. *Jiu ji ni chikai kara uchi ye kayeraneba*  
 シウジニチカイカラウチヘカヘラチバ  
*narimasesen.*  
 ナリマセン
15. *Ano kodomo wa naze hon wo sonna ni me no*  
 アノユドモハナゼホンチソソナニメノ  
*soba ye yaru ka?*  
 ソバヘヤルカ
16. *Chika me des kara.*  
 チカメデスカラ
17. *Watakshi no taku wa horikawa kara mō tōku*  
 ワタクシノタクハホリカワカラモウトウク  
*wa arimasesen.*  
 ハアリマセン
18. *Watakshi no taku no kinjo ni onna gak-*  
 ワタクシノタクノキンジョニオソナガク  
*kō ga arimas.*  
 コウガアリマス

9. Do you wish to call on the lady who lives near the bank?
10. It is nearly time for us to go to school.
11. The bank opens at ten o'clock. It is near that time now.
12. A woman came near being burnt to death last night.
13. Please tell me the nearest way to Daibutsz.
14. It is near ten o'clock, and I must go home.
15. Why does that boy hold his book so close to his eyes?
16. Because he is near sighted.
17. My house is not far from the canal.
18. There is a girls' school near my house.

## SIXTH SENTENCE.

## SECTION IV.

photographist's opposite to  
shashinga no mukō ni

1. *Iseyama wa Ishikawa no mukō ni arimas.*  
イセヤマ ハ イシカワ ノ ムコウ ニ アリマス
2. *Watakshi no kiyōdai wa Shin Machi no den-*  
ワタクシ ノ キヤウダイ ハ シンマチ ノ デン  
*shin kiyoku no mukō no orimas.*  
シン キヨク ノ ムカウ ニ オリマス
3. *Shashinya' no mukō ni darega szmatte*  
シヤシンヤ ノ ムカウ ニ ダレガ スマツテ  
*imas ka?*  
イマスカ
4. *Mangotsz no toki ni wa taiyō ga tski ni*  
マンゲツ ノ トキ ニ ハ タイヨウ ガ ツキ ニ  
*mukaimas.*  
ムカイマス
5. *Hatagoya no handai ni Fransz jin ga*  
ハタゴヤ ノ ハンダイ ニ フランス ジン ガ  
*h'tori watakshi to mukai atte koshi*  
ヒヘリ ワタクシ ト ムカイ アツテ ユシ  
*kakete imashta.*  
カケテイマシタ
6. *Shosei wa h'totsz tskuye ni mukai atte*  
ショセイ ハ ヒトツ ツグヘ ニ ムカイ アツテ  
*koshi wo kakeru wa yoku nai.*  
ユシナカケルハヨクナイ
7. *Watakshi no mukō no uchi wa tateyō ga*  
ワタクシ ノ ムコウ ノ ウチ ハ タテヤウ ガ  
*warui kara dare mo szmite ga nai.*  
ワルイカタダレモスミテガナイ
8. *Tetszdō no tateba no irikuchi no mukō ni*  
テツドウ ノ タテバ ノ イリクチ ノ ムカウ ニ  
*zei wo toru hashi ga arimas.*  
ゼイナトルハシガアリマス

## SIXTH SENTENCE.

## SECTION IV.

opposite to the photographist's

1. Ise hill is opposite to Ishikawa.
2. My brother lives in New Street opposite to the telegraph office.
3. Who lives opposite to the photographist's ?
4. At full moon the sun is opposite to the moon.
5. A Frenchman sat opposite to me at the hotel table
6. It is not well for pupils to sit opposite to each other at the same desk.
7. There is no tenant in the house opposite to mine because it is badly built.
8. There is a toll-bridge opposite to the entrance to, the railway station.

9. *Unjōsho no mukō kaigan yori oyoso*  
 ウンジヤウシヨノムコウカイガソヨリオヨソ  
*hiyaku jikken hodo hanarete fune ga*  
 ヒヤク ジツケン ホド ハナレテ フチガ  
*tei haku sh'te imas.*  
 テイハクシテイマス
10. *Doko de yoi kaburimono ga kawaremas ka*  
 ドコデヨイカブリモノガカワレマスカ  
*Tabun honya no jiki mukō no mise de*  
 タブンホンヤノシキムコウノミセデ  
*mitskaremashō.*  
 ミツカレマセウ
11. “No” to *iu kotoba no imi wa* “Yes” to *iu*  
 ノチトイウエトバノイミハエストトイウ  
*kotoba no hantai des.*  
 エトバノハンダイデス
12. *Anata no go riyōken to watakshi no riyō-*  
 アナタノゴリヨウケントワタクシノリヨウ  
*ken to wa urahara des.*  
 ケントハウラハラデス
13. *Honchō no kawaseza no szgu mukō ni*  
 ホンチャウノカワセザノスグムコウニ  
*ishidzuki no iye ni iru rō jin wa*  
 イシヅクリノイヘニイルロウシンハ  
*dare des ka?*  
 ダレデヌカ
14. *Chaya no mukō no hō ni kireina hanazono*  
 チヤヤノムコウノホウニキレイナハナゾノ  
*ga arimas.*  
 ガアリマス
15. *Shashinya no mukō kane no hashi no kinjo*  
 シヤシンヤノムコウカ子ノハシノキンジョ  
*ni szmu kanemochina toshiyotta fujin no*  
 ニスムカ子モチナトショツタフジンノ  
*na wo gozonji des ka?*  
 ナチゴゾンジデスカ

9. There is a ship anchored opposite to the Custom-house, about (a hundred and ten *ken*) 220 yards from the shore.
10. Where can I buy a good hat? Probably you can find one at the shop just opposite to the book-store.
11. The meaning of the word "no," is the opposite of that of "yes".
12. Your opinion is quite opposite to mine.
13. Who is the old man that lives in the stone-house directly opposite to the bank in Main Street?
14. There is a pretty flower garden opposite to the tea-house.
15. Do you know the name of the rich old lady who lives near the iron bridge opposite to the photographist's.

## SEVENTH SENTENCE.

*I thought my friend was still at Osaka with his wife and children, but no, he has returned, for I met him this afternoon not far from the Post office.*

## SECTION I.

my friend still Osaka at was (I) thought  
watakshi no hoyu wa mada Osaka ni imash'ta to omotta

1. *Watakshi no hōyū wa doko ni ita to*  
 ワタクシノホウイウハドニ=イタト  
*omoī nas'tta ka?*  
 オモイナスツタカ

2. *Mada Yoroppa ni imash'ta to omoī*  
 マダヨウロッパニイマシタトオモイ  
*nas'tta ka?*  
 ナスツタカ

3. *Arata ni 'mma wō okai nas'tta to omoī-*  
 アラタニウマヲナカヒナスツタトオモイ  
*mash'ta.*  
 マシタ

4. *Watakshi wa Tōkiyō de sore wo katta to*  
 ワタクシハトウキヤウデソレヲカッタト  
*omoī nas'tta ka?*  
 オモイナスツタカ

5. *Hachi jiu doru de wa goku yaszi to omoī-*  
 ハチジフドルデハゴクヤスイトオモイ  
*mas.*  
 マス

6. *Naru hodo sonna ni yaskarō to wa omoī-*  
 ナルホトソナニヤスカラウトハオモイ  
*masenanda.*  
 マセナンダ

7. *Go hon wo doko de okai nas'tta ka?*  
 ゴホンヲドコデオカヒナスツタカ

8. *Wetmore san no mise de.*  
 ウエットモルサンノミセデ

## SEVENTH SENTENCE.

## SECTION I.

I thought my friend was still at Osaka.

1. Where did you think my friend lived ?
2. Did you think he was still in Europe ?
3. I thought you had bought a new horse.
4. Did you think that I bought it in Tokiyo ?
5. I think it is very cheap at eighty dollars.
6. Indeed ! I did not think it cost so little.
7. Where did you buy your book ?
8. At Mr. Wetmore's store.

9. *Kono goro asko de sz satsz mimash'ta kara*  
 コノ ゴロ アスコ デスサツ ミマシタ カラ  
*achira de okai nas'tta to omoimash'ta.*  
 アチラデオカイナスツタトオモイマシタ
10. *Goshisoku wa mada Amerika ni i nasaru to*  
 ゴシソク ハ マダ アメリカニイナサルト  
*omoimas ga so de arimasen ka?*  
 オモイマスガソウデアリマセンカ
11. *Go sompu wa madā go biyōki des to kiki-*  
 ゴソンプ ハマダ ゴビヤウキ デスト キキ  
*mash'ta mako to ni oki no doku des.*  
 マシタ マコトニオキノドクデス
12. *Sakuya nakanaka samuku arimash'ta kiyō mada*  
 サクヤナカナナサムクアリマシタケフマダ  
*kawa ni kori ga hatte imas.*  
 カワニコウリガハッテイマス
13. *Ano h'to wa Eikoku ni san nen imash'ta*  
 アノヒトハエイコクニサンチンイマシタ  
*kere domo Ei go wa wadzka bakari sh'tte*  
 ケレドモエイエハワヅカバカリシツテ  
*imas.*  
 イマス
14. *Ano h'to wa kono maye no yubinsen de*  
 アノヒトハコノマヘノユウビンセンデ  
*kayetta to omoimash'ta.*  
 カエッタトオモイマシタ
15. *Mada achira ni imas tabun mō roku sh'chi*  
 マダアチラニイマスタブンモウロクシチ  
*nen todomarimashō.*  
 チントドマリマセウ
16. *Mada kono hako ni haya-tskegi ga atta to*  
 マダコノハコニハヤツケギガアツタト  
*omotta ga mina nakunarimash'ta.*  
 オモツタガミナナクナリマシタ

9. I thought you bought it there, for I saw several copies there lately.
10. I suppose your son is still in America. Is he not ?
11. I am truly sorry to hear that your father is still sick.
12. It was very cold last night. The ice still covers the river to-day.
13. That man has been in England three years ; still he knows but little English.
14. I thought he returned by the last mail-steamer.
15. He is still there, and will probably stay there six or seven years longer.
16. I thought there were still some matches in this box, but they are all gone.

## SEVENTH SENTENCE.

## SECTION II.

his wife and children with  
sono saishi to issho ni

1. *Ano h'to wa h'tori de yukimashta ka?*  
アノヒトハヒトリデユキマシタカ
2. *Iye sono saishi to issho ni yukimashta.*  
イイエソノサイシトイツシヨニユキマシタ
3. *Ano h'to wo doko de omikake nas'tta ka?*  
アノヒトヲドコデオミカケナスツタカ
4. *Watakshi wa ano h'to ni atta toki ni tomo-dachi to aruite oraremashta.*  
ワタクシハアノヒトニアツタトキニトモダチトアルイテオラレマシタ
5. *Oba san wa go zommei des ka?*  
オバサンハゴゾンメイデスカ
6. *Sayō jōbu de watakshi to tomo ni ori-mas.*  
サヤウシヤウブデワタクシトトモニオリマス。
7. *Go kiyōdai to issho ni Fransz ye oide nasaimas ka?*  
ゴキヤウダイトイツシヨニフランズヘオイデナサイマスカ
8. *Sayō kiyōdai ga watakshi wo tszrerareru naraba sō shimas d'aro.*  
サヤウキヤウダイガワタクシヲツレラレルナラバソウシマスダラウ
9. *Ano okata wa go issho ni orimas ka?*  
アノオカタハゴイツシヨニオリマスカ
10. *Iye ano h'to wa jibun no iye ga Shin machi ni arimas.*  
イイヘアノヒトハジブンノイヘガシンマチニアリマス

## SEVENTH SENTENCE.

## SECTION II.

with his wife and children

1. Did he go alone ?
2. No ! He went with his wife and children.
3. Where Did you meet him ?
4. He was walking with a friend when I met him.
  
5. Is your grand-mother still living ?
6. Yes, she is well and lives with me.
  
7. Shall you go to France with your brother ?
  
8. Yes, I shall do so, if my brother can take me with him.
  
9. Does that gentleman live with you ?
10. No, he has a house of his own in New Street.

11. *Asz no asa tenki ga yoi naraba watakshi*  
 アズノアサテンキガ ヨイナラバ ワタクシ  
*wa madz yūbin yaksho ye sōshte*  
 ハマヅユウビン ヤクショベ ソウシテ  
*honya ye yikitai kara sh'chi ji ka sore*  
 ホンヤヘユキタイカラシチジカソレ  
*yori hayaku de mo watakshi wo okoshi*  
 ヨリハヤクデモワタクシヲオコシ  
*nasai.*  
 ナサイ
12. *Iwkichi ga mada saishi to tomo ni Nagasaki*  
 イワキチガマダサイシトトモニナガサキ  
*ni orimas ka o kiki nasai.*  
 ニオリマスカオキキナサイ
13. *Ano h'to wa iku nen go issho ni ori-*  
 アノヒトハイクチンエイツショニオリ  
*mashta ka?*  
 マシタカ
14. *Kono tegami wo mireba warui fude de o kaki*  
 エノテガミヲミレバワルイフデオカキ  
*nas'ttarō.*  
 ナスツタラウ
15. *Go kiyōdai wa Kōbe de donata to issho*  
 ゴキヨウダイハコフベデドナタトイツショ  
*ni orimas ka?*  
 ニオリマスカ
16. *O'ji ya óba to issho ni orimashte itoko*  
 オヂヤオバトイツショニオリマシテイトコ  
*to tomo ni gakkō ye mairimas.*  
 トトモニガクカウヘマイリマズ
17. *Watakshi wa kono aida go issho ni*  
 ワタクシハコノアイダゴイツショニ  
*Tōkiyō ye ikeba yokatta mono wo.*  
 トウキヤウヘイケバヨカツタモノヲ

11. If the weather is good to-morrow morning, wake me at seven o'clock, or even sooner, for I want to go to the post-office, and then to the book-store.
12. Inquire whether Iwakichi still lives at Nagasaki with his wife and children.
13. How many years did he live with you ?
14. From the appearance of this letter, you must have written it with a bad pen.
15. With whom does your brother live at Kobe ?
16. He lives with his uncle and aunt, and goes to school with his cousin.
17. It would have been better, if I had gone to Tōkiyō with you the other day.

## SEVENTH SENTENCE.

## SECTION III.

but no, he has returned,  
ga sō de arimasen, mō karimashta,

1. *Go hōyū ga mada Rondon d'arō to omoi*  
ゴホウユウガマダロンドンダロウトオモヒ  
*nas'tta ka?*  
ナヌツタカ
2. *Watakshi sō omoimashtha ga kiyō Yokohama*  
ワタクシソウオモイマシタガケフヨュハマ  
*de aīmashta kara omoi chigai deshta.*  
デアイマシタカラオモヒチガイデシタ
3. *Ano h'to no Yoroppa ye itta toki wa*  
アノヒトノヨウロツバヘイツタトキハ  
*kanai wo Osaka ni okimashta.*  
カナイチオホサカニオキマシタ
4. *Yoi otto shinsetszna chichi des kara saishi*  
ヨイオツトシソセツナチヂデスカラサイシ  
*wo hanarete nagaku tōriu wa shimas-*  
チハナレテナガクトウリウハシマズ  
*mai to omoimas.*  
マイトオモヒマズ
5. *Naze saishi wo tszrete Yōroppa ye yuki-*  
ナゼサイシチツレテヨウロツバヘユキ  
*masen no des ka?*  
マセンノデスカ
6. *Moshi kanai wo tszreta naraba yohodo royō*  
モシカナイチツレタナラバヨホドロヨウ  
*ga kakattarō.*  
ガカカツタラウ
7. *Sō shitakatta ga yokēi no royō ga*  
ソウシタカツタガヨケイノロヨウガ  
*nakute dekinakutta no des.*  
ナクテデキナカツタノデス

## SEVENTH SENTENCE.

## SECTION III.

but no, he has returned

1. Did you think your friend was still in London.
2. I thought so, but I was mistaken, for I met him to-day in Yokohama.
3. He left his family in Osaka, when he went to Europe.
4. As he is a good husband and father, I think he will not stay a long time away from his wife and children.
5. Why did he not take his wife and children with him to Europe ?
6. If he had taken his family with him, it would have been very expensive.
7. He wished to do so, but he could not without too much expense.

8. *Ano h'to wa shi go nen Yoroppa ni tō-*  
 アノヒトハシゴテンヨウロッパニトウ  
*riu no tszmori deshta ga tsziye ga tszdz-*  
 リウノツモリデシタガツイエガツヅ  
*kande dekinakatta no des.*  
 カンデデキナカツタノテス
9. *Kono goro Osaka ye kayerimashta.*  
 ユノゴロオホサカヘカエリマシタ
10. *Kore kara saishi to tomo ni Osaka ni todo-*  
 ュレカテサイシハトモニオホサカニトド  
*marimas ka?*  
 マリマスカ
11. *Tabun sō shimashō ga tashka ni wa*  
 タブンソウシマシヤウガタシカニハ  
*mōsaremasen.*  
 モウサレマセン
12. *Watakshi wa ano h'to ni sono uchi de awō to*  
 ワタクシハアノヒトニソノウチデアウト  
*omotta ga soko ye yotta toki mō dete*  
 オモツタガソコヘヨツタトキモウデテ  
*shimaimashta.*  
 シマイマシタ
13. *Watakshi wa ichi ji szgite mata yotta ga*  
 ワタクシハイチジスギテマタヨツタガ  
*mada kayeraremasenanda.*  
 マダカエラレマセナンダ
14. *Asa wa yoi tenki d'atta ga hiru maye ni*  
 アサハヨイテンキダツタガヒルマヘニ  
*yuki ga furimashta.*  
 ユキガフリマシタ
15. *Watakshi no hōyū ga Yedo ni iru to*  
 ワタクシノホウユウガエドニイルト  
*omoīmashta ga sō de naku kayeri-*  
 オモヒマシタガソウデナクカエリ  
*mashita.*  
 マシタ

8. He intended to spend four or five years in Europe,  
but he could not afford it.
9. He returned to Osaka lately.
10. Will he stay at Osaka hereafter, with his wife and  
children?
11. Probably he will do so, but I cannot speak posi-  
tively about it.
12. I expected to find him at home, but he had gone  
out when I called there.  
W
13. I called there an hour later, but he had not re-  
turned.
14. The weather was fine in the morning, but it  
snowed before noon.
15. I thought my friend was in Yedo, but no, he has  
come back.

16. *Kiyōdai ga biyōki to kiite isoide*  
 キヤウダイガビヤウキトキイテイソイデ  
*Sendai ye mimai ni itta ga mada*  
 センダイヘミマヒニイツタガマダ  
*tskanu maye ni shinimashta.*  
 ツカヌマヘニシニマシタ
- 

## SEVENTH SENTENCE.

## SECTION IV.

To day noon after in that man (I) met—for.

*Kiyō hiru szgi ni ano hito ni aimashita-kara.*

1. *San ji ni hatoba de watakshi ni odeai*  
 サンジニハトバデワタクシニオデアイ  
*nasaru ka?*  
 ナサルカ
2. *Hōyū ga negatta tōri naze kiyō ode-*  
 ホウイウガチガツタトウリナゼケフオデ  
*ai nasaranu ka?*  
 アイナサラヌカ
3. *Kiyō hiru szgi go ji ni go kiyōdai ni*  
 ケフヒルスギゴシニゴキヤウダイニ  
*watakshi to ode-ai nasai to tanowatakuishi to ote ai naサイトタノ*  
*nde kudasai.*  
 ンデクダサイ
4. *Watakshi wa kiyō hiru maye jiu ichi ji ni*  
 ワタクシハケフヒルマヘジフィナシニ  
*tomo dachi ni deāwō to yakusoku shimashta*  
 トモダチニデアウトヤクソクシマシタ  
*mō jiu ji han ni narimashta.*  
 モウジフジハンニナリマシタ  
 ハドコニイマシタカ
5. *Kiyō hiru szgi ano h'to ni oāi no toki*  
 ケフヒルスギアノヒトニオアイノトキ  
*wa doko ni imashta ka?*  
 ハドコニイマシタカ

16. Hearing that my brother was ill, I hastened to Sendai to see him, but he died before I got there.

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## SEVENTH SENTENCE.

### SECTION. IV.

for I met him this afternoon

1. Will you meet me at the landing at three o'clock?
  
2. Why do you not go to meet my friend to-day, as he requested you to do?
  
3. Please ask your brother to meet me at five o'clock in the afternoon.
  
4. I promised to meet a friend at eleven o'clock this forenoon, and it is now half past ten.
  
5. When you met him this afternoon, where was he?

6. *Kiyō yubin yakusho ye itta tszide ni*  
 ケフ ユウビン ヤクシヨ へイツタ ツイデニ  
*go hiyōdai ni aimashta.*  
 ゲキ ヤウダイニ アイマシタ
7. *Watakshi ga machi de hōyū ni atte sono*  
 ワタクシガ マチデ ホウイウニ アツテソノ  
*atarashii haōri wa amari mijikai to*  
 アタラシイ ハナリ ハアマリ ミヂカイト  
*iimashta ga ano h'to wa hoka no wo*  
 イヒマシタ ガ アノ ヒトハ ホカノテ  
*yeru made jiubun nagaku arō to*  
 エル マデ ジフブン ナガク アラウト  
*mōshimashta.*  
 モウシマシタ
8. *Kiyō nanigashi ni oāi nara watakshi no*  
 ケフ ナニガシニ オアイナテ ワタクシノ  
*uchi ye yoru yō ni tanonde kudasai.*  
 ウチヘ ヨルヤウニ タノンデ クダサイ
9. *Nan gi ni au toki ki wo otoszna.*  
 ナンギニ アウトキキチオトスナ
10. *Watakshi wa maye da bashi wo watatte iru*  
 ワタクシハ マヘダ ハシチワタツテイル  
*toki ni ano h'to ni aimashta.*  
 トキニ アノヒトニ アイマシタ
11. *Chika goro ome ni kakarimashta ka to omoi-*  
 チカゴロオメニ カカリマシタカトオモイ  
*mas.*  
 マス
12. *San nen maye ni watakshira ga Niigata de*  
 サンチンマヘニ ワタクシラガニイガタデ  
*aimashta koto wo omoidashi nasaranu ka?*  
 アイマシタコトヲモイダシナサラヌカ
13. *Gai koku-de tomodachi ni au no wa tano-*  
 グワイ ユクデトモダチニ アウノハタノ  
*shii koto des.*  
 シイコトデス

6. I met your brother to day as I was going to the post-office.
7. Meeting a friend in the street, I remarked that his new coat was too short, but he said, it would be long enough before he got another.
8. If you meet Mr. So-and-so to-day please ask him to call at my house.
9. When you meet with trouble, do not be discouraged.
10. I met him as I was crossing the Mayeda bridge.
11. It seems to me as if I had met you lately.
12. Do you recollect that we met at Niigata three years ago ?
13. It is pleasant to meet a freind in a foreign land.

14. *Ano h'to wa yakusoku dōri tetszdō no*  
 アノヒトハヤクソクドウリテツドウノ  
*tateba de watakshi ni deaimashta.*  
 タテバデワタクシニデアイマシタ
15. *Tomodachi ga kinō no kuaji de ō sonna*  
 トモダチガキノフノクワジデオホソンナ  
*me ni aimashta.*  
 メニアイマシタ

## SEVENTH SENTENCE.

## SECTION V.

Post office from far not  
 yubin yakusho kara toku nai

1. *Nippon no yubin yakusho wa Fransz no*  
 ニッポンノユウビンヤクシヨハフランズノ  
*kōshi kan kara toöku arimasen.*  
 コウシカンカラトホクアリマセソ。
2. *Tetszdō no tateba kara yūbin yakusho*  
 テツドウノタテバカラユウビンヤクシヨ  
*made toöku arimasen.*  
 マデトホクアリマセソ。
3. *Yokohama kara Tōkiyō made tetszdō de*  
 ヨコハマカラトウキヤウマデテツドウデ  
*iku ri arimas ka?*  
 イクリアリマスカ
4. *Shinbashi made oyoso sh'chi ri bakari des.*  
 シンバシマデチャソシナリバカリデス
5. *Tōkiyō no tetszdō no tateba wa*  
 ツキヤウノテツドウノタテバハ  
*Tszkiji kara toöku arimasen.*  
 ツキヤウカラトホクアリマセソ
6. *Watakshi no chichi wa roku jiu zen go des.*  
 ワタクシノチチハロクジウゼンゴデス
7. *Ano toshitotta okata wa Unjōsho*  
 アノトシトツタオカタハウンジヤウシヨ  
*kara toöku ni wa szmaimasen.*  
 カラトホクコハスマイマセソ

14. He met me as he promised at the railway station.
15. My friend met with a great loss by the fire yesterday.

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## SEVENTH SENTENCE.

### SECTION V

not far from the post-office

1. The Japanese post-office is not far from the French Legation.
2. It is not far from the railway station to the post-office.
3. How far is it from Yokohama to Yedo by rail?
4. It is only about seven *ri* to Shinbashi.
5. The Yedo railway station is not far from Tskiji.
6. My father is not far from sixty years old.
7. That old gentleman does not live far from the Custom House.

8. *Kishikuriō wa gakkō kara tooku ari-*  
     キシクリヨウ ハ ガクカウ カラ トウク アリ  
     masen.  
     マゼン
9. *Tomodachi wa nakanaka jōbu de arimasen.*  
     トモダチ ハ ナカナカ ジヤウブ デ アリマゼン
10. *Gomen nasai nakunaka anata wo hadzka-*  
     ゴメン ナサイ ナカナカ アナタ チ ハヅカ  
     shimeru riyoken de wa arimasenanda.  
     シメル リヨウケン デ ハ アリマセナンダ
11. *Taiyō - wa chikiu kara dore hodo arimas ka?*  
     タイヨウ ハ チキウ カラ ドレ ホド アリマスカ
12. *Taiyō wa chikiu kara oyoso sun zen*  
     タイヨウ ハ チキウ カラ オヨソ サン ゼン  
     ku hiyaku roku jiu man ri arimas.  
     クヒヤク ロクジフ マン リアリマス
13. *Hakodate kara Nagasaki made dore hodo ari-*  
     ハユダテ カラ ナガサキ マデ ドレ ホド アリ  
     mas ka?  
     マスカ
14. *Ano h'to wa gakusha to wa taisō chigai-*  
     アノヒト ハ ガクシヤ ト ハ タイソウ チガイ  
     mas.  
     マス
15. *Tetszdō no tateba no kinjō ni hashi ga*  
     テツドウ ノ タテバ ノ キンジョニ ハシガ  
     ikutsu mo arimas.  
     イクツ モ アリマス
16. *Annaka kara Niigata made kes'shte yoi*  
     アンナカ カラ ニイガタ マデ ケツシテ ヨイ  
     michi wa arimasen.  
     ミチ ハ アリマゼン
17. *Hisashiku hon goku kara toōi tokoro ye*  
     ヒサシク ホン ゴク カラ トホイ トコロ ヘ  
     hedatte imashta.  
     ヘダッテ イマシタ
18. *Mō roku ji ni ma mo arimasen.*  
     モウ ロクジ ニ マ モ アリマゼン

8. The boarding house is not far from the school house.
9. My friend is far from being well.
10. I beg pardon. It was far from my intention to insult you.
11. How far is the sun from the earth ?
12. The sun is about thirty-nine million six hundred thousand *ri* from the earth.
13. How far is it from Hakodate to Nagasaki ?
14. That man is far from being a learned man.
15. There are ever so many bridges in the vicinity of the railway station.
16. The road from Annaka to Niigata is by no means a good one.
17. I have long lived far from my native land.
18. It is almost six o'clock, (or) It is not far from six o'clock.

19. *Tomodachi wa saishi to tomo ni mada Osaka*  
トモダチ ハ サイシト トモニ マダ オホサカ  
da to omotta ga sō de wa nai kayeri-  
ダト オモツタガソウデハナイカエリ  
mashta kiyō hiru szgi ni yūbinyak-  
マシタ ケフ ヒルスギニユウビンヤク  
sho yori tooku nai tokoro de ai-  
シヨヨリ トホクナイトコロデアイ  
mashta kara.  
マシタカラ

## EIGHT SENTENCE.

*Although I probably have money enough to pay your bill  
and mine, yet give me, if you can, some small  
change in ten and twenty cent pieces.*

## SECTION I.

- enough money (I) have probably although  
dake no kane wo motte isō des keredo
1. *Kom miyō nichi o tskai nasaru dake no*  
コンミョウニチオツカヒナサルダケノ  
*kane wo omochi nasaru ka?*  
カネヲモチナサルカ
  2. *Jiubun motte iru to omoimas.*  
ジウブンモツテイルトオモヒマス
  3. *Watakshi mo sō omoimas keredo hiyotto*  
ワタクシモソウオモヒマスケレドヒヨツト  
*fusoku ni naru ka mo shiremasen kara mō*  
フソクニナルカモシレマセンカラモウ  
*ichi yen owatashi mōshimashō.*  
イチエンオワタシモウシマシウ
  4. *Kiyō asa han maye ni undō ni deru ni*  
ケフアサハンマヘニウンドウニデルニ  
*wa tenki ga jiubun de nai to omoi*  
ハテンキガジウブンデナイトオモヒ  
*mas.*  
マス

19. I thought my friend was still at Osaka with his wife and children, but no, he has returned, for I met him this afternoon not far from the post-office.

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## EIGHTH SENTENCE.

### SECTION I.

Although I probably have money enough

1. Have you money enough for your expenses to-day and to-morrow ?
2. I think I have enough.
3. I think so too, but lest you should run short, I will give you one *yen* more.
4. I think the weather is not fine enough to-day to take a walk before breakfast.

5. *Kami wo jiubun motte inai kara mō skoshi irimas.*  
 カミ ナ ジウブン テツテ イナイ カラ モウ  
 スコシ イリマス
6. *Mō dore hodo oiri nasaru ka?*  
 モウ ドレ ホド オイリ ナサル カ
7. *Kono hon wo wa-go ni hon yaku szru dake Ei-go ga owakari nasaimas ka?*  
 コノ ホン ナゴニ ホン ヤク スル ダケ  
 エイゴ ガ オワカリ ナサイマス カ
8. *Tabun dekimashō keredo tszji ni naru dake ni wa hanasaremasen.*  
 タブン デキマシヤウ ケレド ツウシニナル  
 ダケニハ ハナサレマセン
9. *H'totsz no midzsashi ni ippai no yū de wa watukshi to kiyōdai ni wa tarinai f'tatsz irimas.*  
 ヒトツノ ミヅサシニ イツパイ ノユデハ  
 ウタクシト キヤウダイニハ タリナイ  
 フタツ イリマス
10. *Dore hodo kane ga atte mo jiubun da to omou h'to ga s'kunai.*  
 ドレ ホド カテ ガ アツテ モ ジウブン ダト  
 オモウ ヒトガスクナイ
11. *Kohi no satō ga jiubun des ka?*  
 ユヒ ノ サトウ ガ ジウブン デス カ
12. *Satō wa jiubun des ga dōka mō skoshi chichi wo.*  
 サトウ ハ ジウブン デス ガ ドウカ モウ  
 スコシ チチヲ
13. *Mō go man doru attara, jiubun to oömoi nasaru ka?*  
 モウ ゴマン ドル アツタラ ジウブン ト  
 オチモイナサル カ
14. *Dore hodo no kane nara dare no kokoro ni mo akitaraseyō ka ii nikui.*  
 ドレ ホド ノ カ子 ナラ ダレ ノ ユコロニモ  
 アキタラセヤウ カイヒニクイ

5. I have not enough paper, I want some more.
6. How much more do you want ?
7. Do you know English well enough to translate this book into Japanese ?
8. I might, perhaps, do that, but I cannot speak well enough to be an interpreter.
9. One jug of hot-water is not enough for me and my brother ; we want two.
10. However much money they may have, few men think they have enough.
11. Have you sugar enough in your coffee ?
12. I have sugar enough, but I would like a little more milk.
13. If you had fifty thousand dollars, would you think you had enough ?
14. It is difficult to say how much money would satisfy any body.

15. *Oyaji wa Amerika mata wa Igirisz no gak-*  
 オヤジ ハ アメリカ マタ ハイギリス ノ ガク  
*kō ni sh'chi nen iru zappi wa harau*  
 コウニ シチ テン イル ザッピ ハラウ  
*dake no kane wo watakshi ni kuremashta.*  
 ダケ ノ カ子 ナワタクシニ クレマシタ

## EIGHT SENTENCE.

## SECTION II.

your and my bill to-pay  
 anata to watakshi no kakidashi wo harau ni

1. *Anata no kakidashi wa dōmo nagai ushiya*  
 アナタノカキダシ ハ ドウモ ナガイ ウシヤ  
*no des ka?*  
 ノデスカ
2. *Watakshi no kakidashi wa honya no de dzi-*  
 ワタクシノカキダシハ ホンヤノデヅイ  
*bun mijikai no des.*  
 ブンミヂカイノデス
3. *Miyō nichi no bun made watakshi no kaki-*  
 ミヤウニチノブンマデワタクシノカキ  
*dashi wo kaite okure nasai.*  
 ダシヲカイテオクレナサイ
4. *Anata to watakshi no kakidashi wo oharai*  
 アナタトワタクシノカキダシヲオハライ  
*kudasaru ka?*  
 クダサルカ
5. *Watakshi ga riyō hō harau ni wa kane ga*  
 ワタクシガリヤウハウ ハラウニハカ子ガ  
*tarimai to kidzkai des.*  
 タリマイトキヅカイデス
6. *Hatagoya no kakidashi wo harō ni bentō*  
 ハタゴヤノカキダシヲハラウニベントウ  
*szgi kawaseza ye kane wo tori ni iki-*  
 スギカワセザヘカ子トリニイキ  
*tai no des.*  
 タイノデス

15. My father has given me money enough to pay my school expenses in America or England for seven years.

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## EIGHTH SENTENCE.

### SECTION II.

to pay your bill and mine

1. What a long bill is yours? Is it a butcher's bill?
2. My bill is a bookseller's, and is pretty short.
3. Please make out my bill up to to-morrow.
4. Will you be so good as to pay my bill and yours?
5. I fear I have not money enough to pay both.
6. I wish to go to the bank after lunch to get some money to pay my hotel bill.

7. *Go dōyō no wo harau dake kane ga ari-*  
 ゴ ドウヤウ ノヲ ハラウ ダケ カネ ガ アリ  
*mas ka?*
- マス カ
8. *Sayōsa riyōhō dake no kane ga ari-*  
 サヤウサ リヤウハウ ダケ ノ カネ ガ アリ  
*mashō.*
- マセウ
9. *Watakshi no shinkina basha no dai wo*  
 ワタクシ ノ シンキナ バシヤ ノ ダイ ヲ  
*harai ni dekakatte imas.*
- ハライニデカケテイマス
10. *Honya ye shimitome gami wo kai ni yaraneba*  
 ホンヤヘシミトメガミヲカヒニヤラチバ  
*narimasen.*
- ナリマセン
11. *Kono karakane no hanaïke ittszi no dai*  
 コノカラカネノハナイケイツツイノダイ  
*wo ikura to ii nasaru ka?*
- チイクリトイヒナサルカ
12. *Ijin des kara watakshi ni takaku harawa-*  
 イジンデスカラワタクシニタカクハラワ  
*seru no de-wa arimasen ka?*
- セルノデハアリマセンカ
13. *Go dōyō no kakidashi wo harau dake no*  
 ゴ ドウヤウ ノ カキダシヲ ハラウ ダケ ノ  
*kane ga arō to omoimas ga tashka ni*  
 カネ ガ アラウトオモイマス ガ タシカニ  
*wa wakarimasen.*
- ハウカリマセン
14. *Go dōyō no kakidashi wo harau dake kane*  
 ゴ ドウヨウ ノ カキダシヲ ハラウ ダケ カネ  
*ga arō to omoimas ga anata go*  
 ガ アロウト オモヒマス ガ アナタ ゴ  
*jibun no shina no dai wo oharai nara*  
 ジブンノシナノダイヲハラヒナラ  
*ato no men dō wa gozaimasen.*
- アトノメンドウハゴザイマセン

7. Have you enough to pay yours and mine ?
8. Yes, I think I have enough to pay both.
9. I am just going out to pay for my new carriage.
10. I must call at the book-store to buy some blotting-paper.
11. How much do you ask for this pair of bronze vases ?
12. Do you not make me pay a high price, because I am a foreigner ?
13. I think I have money enough to pay your bill and mine, but I am not sure of it.
14. Although I think I have money enough to pay your bill and mine, still if you pay for your own things it will save trouble afterwards.

15. *Fujitsna koto wo sh'te wa mōke ni nari-*  
 フジツナ クトヲ シテハ モウケニナリ  
*masen.*
- ヤセン
16. *Koko kara Tōkyō ye yuki-ki no jōki-*  
 ココカラ トウキヤウヘ ユキキノ ジョウキ  
*sen wo tskatte h'kiaimas ka?*  
 センヲツカッテヒキアイマスカ
17. *Norite ga ooi kara shinkina tetszōdō wa*  
 ノリテガオホイカテシンキナテツドウハ  
*dzibun h'kiau to omoimas.*  
 ツイブンヒキアウトオモヒマス
- 

## EIGHTH SENTENCE.

## SECTION III.

yet can if give (me)  
 keredo, dekiru nara. okure nasai

1. *Dekiru nara tszgi no yūbinsen de watakshi*  
 デキルナラツギノユウビンセンデワタクシ  
*ni otegami wo okuri kudasai.*  
 ニオテガミチオクリクダサイ
2. *Anata to watakshi no kakidashi wo harau ni*  
 アナタトワタクシノカキダシチハラウニ  
*jiubun aru yō dōzo dekiru nara*  
 ジウブンアルヨウドウゾデキルナラ  
*mō shi go yen okure nasai.*  
 モウシエヌオクレナサイ
3. *Kodzkai watakshi no nagagutsz asa han' maye*  
 コヅカヒワタクシノナガグツアサハンマヘ  
*ni motte korareru ka iya ka?*  
 ニモツテコラソルカイヤカ
4. *Omaye hachi ji maye ni watakshi wo okosz*  
 オマヘハチジマヘニワタクシチオコズ  
*koto ga dekiru to omō dekinai ka?*  
 コトガキルトオモフデキナイカ

15. It does not pay to be dishonest.
16. Does it pay to run steamers from here to Tōkiyō ?
17. I think the new railway pays pretty well, for the number of passengers is large.

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## EIGHTH SENTENCE.

### SECTION III.

yet if you can give me

1. Please write to me by the next mail steamer, if you can.
2. Please give me, if you can, four or five *yen* more, so that I may have enough money to pay your bill and mine.
3. Boy, can you not, or will you not bring me my boots before breakfast ?
4. You can call me before eight o'clock, can you not ?

5. *Anata no oisogina koto wa sh'tte imas*  
 アナタノオイソギナコトハシツテイマス  
*ga dekiru nara watakshi ni tetszdatte*  
 ガデキルナラワタクシニテツダツテ  
*kudasai.*  
 クダサイ
6. *Paris de kimono wo yasku kau yō ni Ron-*  
 パリスデキモノチャヤスクカウヤウニロン  
*don de mo kawaremas.*  
 ドンデモカワレマス
7. *Anata no ototson wa budō ga arimasesn*  
 アナタノオトツサンハブドウガアリマセン  
*nara kore wo wakete agete kudasai.*  
 ナラコレチワケテアゲテクダサイ
8. *Bettō dekiru nara hiru maye kono hon wo*  
 ベットウデキルナラヒルマヘユノホンヲ  
*matsmotō no uchi ye motte yuke.*  
 マツモトノウチヘモツテユケ
9. *Kiyōdai wa warui kaze wo h'kimashta ga*  
 キヤウダイハウルイカゼチヒキマシタガ  
*narubeku wa asz jiu ji maye ni nu-*  
 ナルベクハアヌシウジマベニウン  
*jōsho ye yukō to omotte imas.*  
 ジヤウショヘユコウトオモツテイマス
10. *Kinō katte oita hon wo tori ni honya*  
 キノフカツテオイタホンヲトリニホンヤ  
*ye yoraremas ka Dōka narubeku wa sō*  
 ヘヨラレマスカドウカナルベクハサウ  
*sh'te kudasai.*  
 シテクダサイ
11. *Aitsa wa dekiru dake anata wo damashimashō.*  
 アイツハデキルダケアナタチダマシマセウ  
*Abunai yo.*  
 アブナイヨ
12. *Shōjikina h'to wa dekito mo sō wa*  
 シヤウジキナヒトハデキテモサウハ  
*shimasmai.*  
 シマスマイ

5. I know you are very busy, but help me, if you can.
6. You can buy clothes as cheap in London as in Paris.
7. Please give some of these grapes to your father, if he has none.
8. *Bettō*, carry this book to Matszmoto's house before noon, if you can.
9. My brother has taken a severe cold, but, if he can, he wants to go to the Custom-house before ten o'clock to-morrow.
10. Can you call at the bookseller's for the books I bought yesterday ? Please do so, if you can.
11. That fellow will cheat you as much as he can. Beware of him.
12. An honest man would not do so, if he could.

13. *Dekiru nara kono ni shō wo manande asz*  
 デキルナラコノニシヤウチマナンデアズ  
*no asa soran ji nasai.*  
 ノアサソランジナサイ
14. *Ano h'to wa dekiru nara tszgi no jōki-*  
 アノヒトハデキルナラツギノジヤウキ  
*sen de Amerika ye yukō to omoimas.*  
 センデアメリカヘユカウトオモヒマス
15. *Narubeku wa asa ku ji made ni achira .de*  
 ナルベクハアサクジマデニアチラデ  
*matte i nasai.*  
 モツテイナサイ
- 

## EIGHTH SENTENCE.

## SECTION IV.

ichi yen to chisana kane  
 a yen and small change

1. *Go yen dake no chisana kane wo omochi*  
 ゲエンダケノチイサナカチチオモチ  
*nasaru ka?*  
 ナサルガ
2. *Iiye wutakshi wa jiu yen no satsz bakari*  
 イヒエワタクシハジウエンノサツバカリ  
*motte imas.*  
 モツテイマス
3. *Ichi yen dake chisana kane to kayete kuda-*  
 イチエンダケチイサナカチトカヘテクダ  
*sui.*  
 サイ
4. *Naze chisana kane ga iriyō des ka?*  
 ナゼチイサナカチガイリヨウデスカ
5. *Kono jinriki hiki ye harau ni irimas.*  
 コノシンリキヒキヘハラウニイリマス
6. *Watakshi wa chisana kane ga nai to omou.*  
 ワタクシハチイサナカチガナイトオモウ  
*Naruhodo arimasen.*  
 ナルホドアリマセン

13. Learn these two lessons, if you can, and recite them to-morrow morning.
14. He wants to go to America by the next steamer, if possible.
15. Be there, if possible, by nine o'clock in the morning.

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## EIGHTH SENTENCE.

### SECTION IV.

a *yen* and some small change

1. Have you the small change for five *yen* ?
2. No, I have only a ten *yen* bank note.
3. Please give me the change for a *yen*.
4. Why do you want small change ?
5. I want some to pay this jinrikisha man.
6. I don't think I have any small coin. No, I have none.

7. *Honya ni kono satsz wo torikayete kure to*  
 ホンヤニコノサツヲトリカヘテクレト  
*tanonde kudasai.*  
 タノンデクダサイ.
8. *Dono yōna chīsana kane ga iriyō des ka?*  
 ドノヤウナチイサナカ子ガイリヨウデスカ
9. *Ichi bu to isshiu satsz ga irimas.*  
 イチブトイツシウサツガイリマス
10. *Sore wa watakshi ga riyōgayeya de motome-*  
 ソレハワタクシガリヤウガヘヤデモトメ  
*mas.*  
 マス
11. *Tszyō ni chīsana kane ga tanto wa ari-*  
 ツウヨウニチイサナカ子ガタントハアリ  
*masen.*  
 マゼン
12. *Kaimono ni yuku tame jiu yen to shō-*  
 カヒモノニユクタメジウエントシヤウ  
*shō chīsana kane wo kudasai.*  
 シヤウチイサナカ子ヲクダサイ
13. *Ftokoro ni chīsana kane ga aru to benri-*  
 フトコロニチイサナカ子ガアルトベンリ  
*des.*  
 デス
14. *Shigurete samui kara dōka tenki ga*  
 シグレテサムイカラドウカテンキガ  
*kawareba yoi no des.*  
 カワレバヨイノデス
15. *Riyōgayeya wa kane wo torikayete ri wo*  
 リヤウガヘヤハカ子ヲトリカヘテリヲ  
*mōkemas.*  
 モウケマス
16. *Warui shikuse wa naoshi nikui.*  
 ワルイシクセハナオシニクイ
17. *Kio hiru maye ni motte ita chīsana kane*  
 ケフヒルマヘニモツティタチイサナカ子  
*wa mise de mina tskatte shimaimashta.*  
 ハミセデミナツナツヲシマイマシタ

7. Ask the bookseller to change this bank note.
8. What kind of change do you want ?
9. I want *bu* and quarter *bu*.
10. I will get it for you at the broker's.
11. There is not much small coin in circulation.
12. Please give me ten *yen* and some small change to go shopping with.
13. It is convenient to have some small change in one's pocket.
14. I hope the weather will change, for it is wet and cold.
15. The exchange shops make a profit by changing money.
16. It is not easy to correct bad habits.
17. I spent all the change I had in the shops this morning.

18. *Go jiu nen kono kata sekai jiu ōki ni  
ゴジフチソノコノカタセカイジフオホキニ  
kawarimashta.  
カワリマシタ*
- 

## EIGHTH SENTENCE.

## SECTION V.

fifty-cent and ten-cent pieces  
go jis sen to jissen no kane

1. *Go yen dake go jis sen to jis sen to ni  
ゴエンダケゴシスセントジツセントニ  
kayeraremas ka?  
カヘラレマズカ*
2. *Go yen no kawari wa go jiu sen jiu mai  
ゴエンノカワリハゴジツセンジウマイ  
no hadz des ga tada ku mai watashi  
ノハヅデスガタダクマイワタシ  
nas'tta.  
ナスツタ*
3. *Yokohama de kono hon no nedan wa dore hodo  
ヨコハマデユノホンノチダンハドレホド  
des ka?  
デスカ*
4. *Ni doru da ga Niu Yoruku de wa go jis sen  
ニドルダガニウヨルクデハゴジツセン  
hodo yaszi no des.  
ホドヤスイノデス*
5. *Paris de wa kekkōma asa han wo shi jis  
パリスデハケツユフナアサハンチシジツ  
sen de kawareru.  
センデカワレル*
6. *Kodzkai ni rōsoku wo kau no ni jis sen  
コヅカヒニラウソクチカウノニジツセン  
wo ni sam mai yari nasai.  
チニサムマイヤリナサイ*

18. There has been a great change in the world within the last fifty years.

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## EIGHTH SENTENCE.

### SECTION V.

in ten and twenty cent pieces

1. Can you give me the change for five *yen* in fifty-cent and ten-cent pieces ?
  
2. There should be ten fifty-cent pieces for five *yen*, but you have given me only nine.
  
3. What is the price of this book in Yokohama ?
  
4. It is two dollars, but it is fifty cents less in New York.
  
5. One can get a very good breakfast in Paris for forty cents.
  
6. Give the servant two or three ten-cent pieces to buy candles with.

7. Amerika no han doru wa koko de go jis sen  
 アメリカノハンドルハコヨデゴジツセン  
 ni wa atarimasen.  
 ニハアタリマセン
8. Moshi omaye ga imo wo shi doru han dake  
 モシオマヘガイモチシドルハンダケ  
 katte go doru satsz wo yaru nara yaöya  
 カツテゴドルザツチヤルナラヤホヤ  
 ga go jis sen no tszri wo yokosaneba  
 ガゴジツセンノツリチヨコサネバ  
 naranu.  
 ナラヌ
9. Watakshi wa go-jis sen wo ni mai to jis  
 ワタクシハゴジツセンチニマイトジツ  
 sen wo sam mai irimas.  
 センチサンマイイリマス
10. Watakshi no tame ni go jis sen mata  
 ワタクシノタメニゴジツセンマタ  
 hōyu no tame ni go jis sen wo kodz-  
 ホウイウノタメニゴジツセンチヨヅ  
 kai ni yatte kudasai.  
 カヒニヤッテクダサイ
11. Ni-jis sen ga nam mai de jiu yen ni  
 ニジツセンガサムマイデシウエンニ  
 narimas ka?  
 ナリマスカ
12. Ni-jis sen wo go jiu mai to go-jis sen  
 ニジツセンチゴジツマイトゴジツセン  
 wo jiu mai de jiu go yen ni narimas.  
 チシウマイデシウゴエンニナリマス
13. Watakshi ga sashi-hiki no zankin go hiyaku  
 ワタクシガサシヒキノザンキンガヒヤク  
 yen harau beki hadz des.  
 エンハラウベキハヅデス

7. American half dollars are not worth fifty cents here.
8. If you buy four and a half dollars' worth of potatoes, and give the green-grocer a five dollar note, he must hand you back fifty cents change.
9. I want two fifty cent pieces and three ten-cent pieces.
10. Please give the servant fifty cents for me, and fifty for my friend.
11. How many twenty-cent pieces make ten *yen* ?
12. Fifty twenty-cent pieces and ten fifty-cent pieces make fifteen *yen*.
13. I am to pay you a balance of account, five hundred *yen*.

14. *Anata to watakshi no kakidashi wo harau*  
 アナタトワタクシノカキダシヲハラウ  
*dake no kane wo motte isō des kere*  
 ダケノカチヲモツテイソウデスケレ  
*domo dekiru nara go jis sen ni-jis*  
 ドモデキルナラゴジツセンニシツ  
*sen no chisana kane wo skoshi kudasai.*  
 センノタイサナカチヲスユシクダサイ

### NINTH SENTENCE.

However early a riser you may be, I am sure you are not so early as that poor man, who whatever the season and whatever the weather may be, always rises before the sun.

#### SECTION I.

You however early riser may be  
 Anata dorehodo hayaöki desh'te mo

1. *Ano h'to wa hayaöki des ka?*  
 アノヒトハヤオキデスカ
2. *Ano h'to wa hayaöki de arimasen ka?*  
 アノヒトハヤオキデアリマセンカ
3. *Ano h'to wa goku hayaöki des?*  
 アノヒトハゴクヤオキデス
4. *Go kiyödai wa hayaöki des ka?*  
 ゲキヤウダイハヤオキデスカ
5. *Sayōsa shikashi watakshi hodo hayaöki de*  
 サヨウサシカシワタクシホドヤオキデ  
*wa arimasen.*  
 ハアリマセン
6. *Ano h'to wa anata yori hayaöki des.*  
 アノヒトハアナタヨリヤオキデス
7. *Ano h'to wa watakshi yori osoku arimas.*  
 アノヒトハワタクシヨリオソクアリマス
8. *Hokano h'tora mo ano h'to hodo hayaöki de*  
 ホカノヒトラモアノヒトホドヤオキデ  
*sore yori nawo hayai no mo arimashō.*  
 ソレヨリナチハイノモアリマセン

14. Although I probably have money enough to pay your bill and mine, yet please give me, if you can, some small change in ten-cent and twenty-cent pieces.

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## NINTH SENTENCE.

### SECTION I.

However early a riser you may be.

1. Is he an early riser ?
2. Is he not an early riser.
3. He is a very early riser.
4. Your brother is an early riser.
5. Yes, but he is not so early a riser as I am.
  
6. He is an earlier riser than you are.
7. That man is later than I am.
8. Others are as early risers as he is, even more so perhaps.

9. *Inaka no h'tora wa machi no h'tora yori  
イナカノヒトラハマチノヒトラヨリ  
hayaöki des ka?*  
ハヤオキデスカ
10. *Sayösa sō omoimas ga aru inaka mono  
サヤウササウオモヒマスガアルイナカモノ  
wa hayaöki de wa arimasen.*  
ハハヤオキデハアリマセン
11. *Asa nan doki ni oki nasaru ka?*  
アサナンドキニオキナサルカ
12. *Watakshi wa asa toko-banare no warui toki  
ワタクシハアサトコバナレノワルイトキ  
ga arimas.*  
ガアリマス
13. *Toshiyori to kodomo wa asa hayaku me ga same-  
トシヨリトユドモハアサハヤシメガサメ  
mas.*  
マス
14. *Dore hodo hayaku oki nas'tte mo ano kodo-  
ドレホトハヤクオキナスツテモアノユド  
mo wa nawo hayaku me ga samete imashō.  
モハナチハヤシメガサメティヤセン*
15. *Hayaku nete hayaku okiru no wa tassha ni  
ハヤク子テハヤクオキルノハタツシヤニ  
nari kanemochi ni nari kash'koku naru  
ナリカ子モチニナリカシコクナル  
michi da to iu wa furui kotowaza des.  
ミチダトイウハフルイユトワザデス*

## NINTH SENTENCE.

## SECTION II.

watakshi wa tashka ni sh'tte imas  
I certainly know

1. *Ano h'to ga kinō Yokoska ye itta no wo  
アノヒトガキノウヨコハマヘイツタノヲ  
tash'ka ni sh'tte imas.*  
タシカニシツテイマス

9. Are country people earlier than towns-people ?
10. Yes, I think so, but some country people are not early risers.
11. At what o'clock in the morning do you rise ?
12. Sometimes I am loth to leave my bed in the morning.
13. Old people and children wake early in the morning.
14. However early you may rise, that child will be awake before you, I suspect.
15. It is an old saying, that "early to bed and early to rise, is the way to be healthy and wealthy and wise."

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#### NINTH SENTENCE.

##### SECTION II.

I am sure

1. I am sure that he went to Yokoska yesterday.

2. *Tetszdō de Tōkiyō ye itte kuru ni*  
 テツドウ デ トウキヤウ ヘ イツテ クルニ  
*f'ta toki kakaru to tashka ni go zonji*  
 フタトキ カカル ト タシカ ニ ゾンジ  
*des ka?*  
 デスカ
3. *Soko ni tomaradz kayeru nara f'ta toki kakaru*  
 ソコニトマラズカヘルナラ フタトキカカル  
*mai to tash'ka ni sh'tte imas.*  
 マイトタシカニシツテイマス
4. *Naze sakuban konakatta ka tash'ka ni yaku-*  
 ナゼ サクバン ユナカツタ カタシカニヤク  
*soku wa chigaye mai to omotta.*  
 ソクハチガヒ マイトオモツタ
5. *Tetszdo no kitte sam mai kau dake no*  
 テツドウノキツテサンマイカウダケノ  
*kane wo omochi nasaru no wo tash'ka ni go*  
 カ子チオモチナサルノヲタシカニゴ  
*zonji des ka?*  
 ゾンジデスカ
6. *Kutsz issoku to karakasa ippon kau dake*  
 クツイツソクトカラカサイツポンカウダケ  
*no kane omochi nasaru to tash'ka ni go*  
 ノカ子チオモチナサルトタシカニゴ  
*zonji des ka?*  
 ゾンジデスカ
7. *Jiubun arisō des ga tash'ka ni wa shiri-*  
 ジフブンアリソウ デスガタシカニハシリ  
*masen.*  
 マセン
8. *Ano isha wa mō Osaka ni inai to*  
 アノイシヤハモウオホサカニイナイト  
*tash'ka ni shirimis naze nara sakuban*  
 タシカニシリマスナゼナラサクバン  
*hōyū no uchi de sono saishi to is-*  
 ホウイウノウチデソノサイシトイツ  
*sho ni ita no wo mikakemashta kara.*  
 シヨニイタノヲミカケマシタカラ

2. Are you sure that it takes two hours to go to Tōkiyō and back by rail ?
3. I am sure it will not take two hours, if you return without stopping there.
4. Why did you not come last night ? I thought you certainly would not break your promise.
5. Are you sure you have money enough to buy three railway tickets ?
6. Are you sure you have money enough with you to buy a pair of shoes and an umbrella ?
7. Perhaps, I have enough, but I am not sure of it.
8. I am sure that the doctor is not at Osaka, for I saw him last night at my friend's, with his wife and children.

9. *Asa sō hayaku kadoguchi ni kita no wa dare des. Panya no tskai des to tash'ka ni sh'tte imas.*  
 アササウ ハヤク カドグチニキタノハダレ  
 デス パンヤノツカヒデストタシカニ  
 sh'tte imas.  
 シツテイマス
10. *Mochiron sō des are wa itsz demo hayaku pan wo motte kimas kara.*  
 モチロン サウデス アレハイツ デモハヤク  
 pan wo motte kimas kara.  
 パンチモツテキマスカラ
11. *Moshi ano h'to de nai nara kare da to tash'ka ni ateru koto wa dekimasen.*  
 モシアノヒトデナイナラカレダトタシカ  
 ni ateru koto wa dekimasen.  
 ニアテルコトハデキマセン
12. *Tonari no h'to wa hayaoki de wa nai to tash'ka ni sh'tte imas naze nara kesa tash'ka ni シツテイマスナゼナラケサ  
 kuji mada nete imash'ta kara.*  
 トナリノヒトハハヤオキデハナイト  
 tash'ka ni sh'tte imas naze nara kesa  
 タシカニシツテイマスナゼナラケサ  
 kuji mada nete imash'ta kara.  
 クジマダチテイマシタカラ
- 

## NINTH SENTENCE.

## SECTION III.

that poor man as early (you) are not  
 ano bimbō na h'to hodo hayaku arimasen

1. *Chiisana kane ga nai kara dōzo watakshi no tame ni ano bimbōna h'to ni go-jis sen yatte kudasai.*  
 チイサナ カネガナイカラドウゾワタクシ  
 no tame ni ano bimbōna h'to ni go-jis  
 ノタメニアノビンボウナヒトニゴジツ  
 sen yatte kudasai.  
 センヤツテククサイ
2. *Ano bimbōna h'to wa sono yama moto no chiisana uchi ni imas ka?*  
 アノビンボウナヒトハソノヤマモトノ  
 chiisana uchi ni imas ka?  
 テイサイウチニイマスカ

9. Who is that at the door so early in the morning ?  
I am sure it must be the baker's boy.
10. Of course it is : he always comes early with the bread.
11. If it is not he I cannot guess who it is.
12. I am sure my neighbor is not an early riser, for he was in bed this morning at nine o'clock.

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### NINTH SENTENCE.

#### SECTION III.

you are not so early as that poor man

1. As I have no small change, please give fifty cents to that poor man for me.
2. Does that poor man live in the small house near the foot of the hill ?

3. *Ano kawaiisōna h'to wa nanuka no uchi ni niōbo to f'tari no kodoma wo ushinai-ni yōubo to fタリノコドモチウシナイ mashta.*  
アノ カワイソウナ ヒトハナヌカノウチニ  
ニイオボトフタリノコドモチウシナイ  
マシタ
4. *Ano bimbōna h'to ni skoshi kane wo yareba yoku arimasmai ka goku komatte iru yōku arimasa myai kageg コマツテイル mono d'arō.*  
アノビンボウナヒトニスユシカチヤレバ  
ヨクアリマスマイカゲグコマツテイル  
モノダラウ
5. *Amerika ni mo bimbōna h'to wa Nippon hodo ni arimas ka?*  
アメリカニモビンボウナヒトハニツポン  
ホドニアリマスカ
6. *Iiye sō wa arimasen hayenuki no bim-ihiエサウハアリマセンハエヌキノビン  
bō wa s'kunai des.*  
ボウハスクナイデス
7. *Kohi hodo ni chichi ga irimas ka?*  
コヒホドニチチガイリマスカ
8. *Iiye chichi yori mo kohi wo ōku irete kudasai.*  
イヒエチチヨリモコヒチオホグイレテ  
クダサイ
9. *Aru h'to wa kiriyō hodo ni nari wa ōkiku arimasen.*  
アルヒトハキリヨウホドニナリハ  
オホクアリマセン
10. *Omaye dōsh'temo haya-oki des ga ano bimbōna h'to hodo hayaku wa nai to tashka ni sh'tte imas.*  
オマヘドウシテモハヤオキデスガアノ  
ビンボウナヒトホドハヤクハナイト  
タシカニシツテイマス

3. That poor man lost his wife and children in one week.
4. Would it not be well to give some money to that poor man ? I think he must be in great distress.
5. Are there as many paupers in America, as in Japan?
6. No. There are not so many ; native paupers are rare.
7. Will you have as much milk as coffee ?
8. No. Put in more coffee than milk, please.
9. Some men are not so large as they are great.
10. However early a riser you may be, I am sure you are not so early as that poor man is.

11. *Niwatori no naku maye ni oki nasaru koto ga*  
 ニワトリノナクマヘニオキナザルコトガ  
*gozarimas ka?*  
 ゴザリマスカ
12. *Iiyē shikashi fudan hi no de no yō ni*  
 イヒエシカシフダンヒノデノヨウニ  
*hayaku okimas.*  
 ハヤクオキマス
13. *Tski wa komban hi ga iru to szgu ni demas.*  
 ツキハコンバンヒガイルトスグニデマス
14. *Yokohama no nimbetsz wa go man hodo des.*  
 ヨコハマノニンベツハゴマンホドデス
15. *Maye kata hodo kojiki ga machi ni ōku ari-*  
 マヘカタホドコシキガマチニオホクリアリ  
*masen.*  
 マセン
16. *Otaku ye san do mairimash'ta ga itsz mo*  
 スタクベサンドマイリマシタガイツモ  
*orusz deshta.*  
 オルスデシタ

## NINTH SENTENCE.

## SECTION IV.

the season of regardless.  
 jiki ni kamawadz.

1. *Jikō ni kamawadz yūbin wa tomerarema-*  
 ジコウニカマワズユウビンハトメラレマ  
*sen.*  
 セン
2. *Jikō ni kamawadz ano toshītotta okata*  
 ジュウニカマワズアノトシトツタオカタ  
*wa mai nichi asobi ni demas.*  
 ハマイニチアソビニデマス
3. *Itsz Tōkiyō ye itte mo narutake hayaku*  
 イツトウキヤウヘイツテモナルタケハヤク  
*yō-ji wo szmash'te uchi ye kayeritai.*  
 ヨウジチスマシテウチヘカヘリタイ

11. Do you ever get up before the cock crows?
12. No, but I generally get up as soon as the sun rises.
13. The moon rises to night as soon as the sun sets.
14. There are about fifty thousand people in Yokohama.
15. There are not so many beggars in the streets as there used to be.
16. I went to your house three times, but as often as I went, you were out.

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#### NINTH SENTENCE.

##### SECTION IV.

whatever the season may be

1. Whatever the season may be, the mails are not suspended.
2. That old gentleman goes out to take a walk every day regardless of the season.
3. Whenever I go to Tōkiyō, I wish to finish my business and get home again as soon as I can.

4. *Tori no sz ni tszite iru jisetsz ni tori wo*  
 トリノスニツイテイルジセツニトリヲ  
*utsz no wa warui.*  
 ウツノハワルイ
5. *Samui jisetsz ni yayamo szreba hayaku oki-*  
 サムイジセツニヤヤモスレバハヤクオキ  
*nu hito ga arimas.*  
 ヌヒトガアリマス
6. *Samui jisetsz wa bimbō na hitora no uchi*  
 サムイジセツハビンボウナヒトラノウチ  
*ni nangi ga ōku arimas.*  
 ニナンギガオホグアリマス
7. *Nan kiyoku to hok kiyoku no kinjio wa*  
 ナンキヨクトホツキヨクノキンジョハ  
*tada natsz fuyū f'tatzs no jikō bakari*  
 タダナツフユフタツノジユウバカリ  
 des.  
 デス
8. *Jikō ni kakavaradz Gurinrando to iu*  
 ジコウニカカワラズグリンランドトイフ  
*kuni wa itszmo goku atszku wa arimasen.*  
 クニハイツモゾグアツクハアリマセン
9. *Jiyōdz na riyōrinin wa tabemono wo dasa*  
 ジヤウヅナレウリニンハタベモノナダサ  
*nai maye ni aji wo tszkeru.*  
 ナイマヘニアシナツケル
10. *Itsz oide nas'tte mo shinsetsz ni tori*  
 イツオイデナスツテモシンセツニトリ  
*atszkawaremashō.*  
 アツカワレマセフ
11. *Niwatori wa samui jibun ni wa atatakai*  
 ニワトリハサムイジブニハアタダカイ  
*tokoro ni katte oite ye wo takusan*  
 トユロニカツテオイテエチタクサン  
*yaraneba tamago wo ōku umimasen.*  
 ヤラチバタマゴナオホグウミマセン
12. *Budō no jisetsz wa mō sugimashita.*  
 ブドウノジセツハモウスギマシタ

4. It is wrong to shoot birds in the breeding season.
5. Some people are not apt to rise early in the cold season.
6. In the cold season there is much suffering among the poor.
7. In the polar regions there are but two seasons, summer and winter.
8. Whatever the season may be, it is never very warm in Greenland.
9. A skilful cook seasons his dishes before they are sent to the table.
10. At whatever time you may come you will meet with a kind welcome.
11. Hens do not lay many eggs in the cold season, unless they are kept in a warm place and well fed.
12. Grapes are out of season now.

13. *Ichi nen no utsu haru natsu aki fuyu no shiki*  
 イチ テン ノ ウチ ハル ナツ アキ フユ ノ シキ  
*ga arimas.*  
 ガ アリマス
14. *Kaki no jisetsz wa sugimashita.*  
 カキ ノ ジセツ ハ スギ マシタ
15. *Nippon de wa roku gatsz wa amegachina*  
 ニッポン デ ハ ロク ガツ ハ アメガチナ  
*jisetsz de tszyu to iimas.*  
 ジセツ デ ツユ トイヒマス
16. *Kono kuni ni amegachina jisetsz ga ari-*  
*エノ クニ ニ アメガチナ ジセツ ガ アリ*  
*mas ka?*  
 マス カ
17. *Jikō ni kakawaradz ano toshiyotta onna*  
 ジコウ ニ カカワラズ アノ トショツタ オンナ  
*wa hi no de maye ni okite imas.*  
 ハヒノ デ マヘニ オキテ イマス
18. *Kono jikō ni wa iye ni hi no ke ga nakitte*  
 エノ ジコウ ニ ハイヘニ ヒノケガ ナクテ  
*wa narimasen.*  
 ハナリマセン
- 

## NINTH SENTENCE.

## SECTION V.

weather to regard-without  
 tenki ni kamawadz

1. *Kesa no tenki wa hareyaka des.*  
 ケサ ノ テンキ ハ ハレヤカ デス
2. *Ash'ta tenki ga yoi naraba Kamakura ye*  
 アシタ テンキ ガ ヨイ ナラバ カマクラ ヘ  
*yukō to omoimas ga sō de nakuba*  
 ユコウ ト オモヒマス ガ サウデ ナクバ  
*yoshimas.*  
 ヨシマス

13. There are four seasons in the year ; spring, summer, autumn and winter.
14. It is past the season for persimmons.
15. June is the rainy time in Japan and is called tszyu.
16. Is there a rainy season in this country ?
17. Whatever the season may be, that old woman is up before the sun.
18. At this season fires are indispensable in our houses.

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## NINTH SENTENCE.

### SECTION V.

and whatever the weather may be

1. The weather is clear this morning.
2. If the weather is good, I intend to go to Kamakura to-morrow, otherwise not.

3. *Kororado to iu yūbinsen wa tenki ni*  
 コロラドトイフ ユウビンセンハ テンキニ  
*kakawaradz jiu ni ji ni shuppan deshō.*  
 カカワラズジヲニジニシツパンデセウ
4. *Ano bimbō nin wa tenki ni kamawadz*  
 アノビンボウニンハ テンキニ カマワズ  
*hi no de goro ni shigoto ni demas.*  
 ヒノデゴロニシゴトニ デマス
5. *Tenki ni kakawardz shinbun-kubari wa*  
 テンキニ カカワラズ シンブンクバリハ  
*yamenu hadz des.*  
 ヤメヌハヅデス
6. *Itsudemo go niuyō no toki wa kane wo kashi-*  
 イツデモ ゴニユヨウノトキハ カネヲ カシ  
*mas.*  
 マス
7. *Aru h'to wa itszmo fushiawase des ga aru*  
 アルヒトハイツモ フシアワセデスガアル  
*h'to wa nani wo yatte mitemo atemas.*  
 ヒトハナニチヤツテミテモアテマス
8. *Ash'ta tenki ni kakawaradz watakshi no*  
 アシタテンキニ カカワラズワタクシノ  
*tegami wo yūbin yakushō ye dashi ni*  
 テガミヲユウビンヤクショヘダシニ  
*yuke to kódzkai ni ii nasai.*  
 ユケトコヅカヒニイヒナサイ
9. *Dōmiyō wa hayaōki de mai nichi tenki*  
 ドウミヤウハ ハヤオキ デマイニチテンキ  
*ni kakawardz asa han maye ni ichi ji*  
 ニカカワラズアサハンマヘニイチジ  
*kan undō ni demas.*  
 カンウンドウニデマス
10. *Kiyo wa donna ni yoi tenki des.*  
 ケフハドンナニヨイテンキデス

3. The steamship *Colorado* will sail at twelve o'clock, whatever the weather may be.
4. That poor man goes to his work at sunrise, whatever the weather may be.
5. Whatever the weather may be, the carriers have to distribute the newspapers.
6. I will lend you the money whenever you want it.
7. Some men are always unfortunate, and some succeed in whatever they undertake.
8. Tell the servant to go to the post-office to get my letters to-morrow morning, whatever the weather may be.
9. My father is an early riser. Whatever the weather may be, he takes an hour's walk every day before breakfast.
10. How fine the weather is to-day.

11. *Ano kodomo no tame ni dō ote wo tskushi*  
 アノ ユドモノ ノダメ ニドウ オテ ナツクシ  
*nas'tte mo kessh'te gakusha ni nari*  
 ナスツテ モ ケツシテ ガクシヤ ニ ナリ  
*masmai.*  
 マスマイ
12. *Gakkō ye yuku maye tegami wo ittszi*  
 ガツクウ ヘ ユク マヘ テガミ チ イツツイ  
*kaku hima ga arimas ka?*  
 カクヒマガアリマスカ
13. *Sayō mata yūbin yakushō ye dasz hima*  
 サヤウマタ ユウビン ヤクショ ヘダスヒマ  
*mo arimas.*
- モアリマス
14. *Komban tenki ni kakawaradz Fujisawa made*  
 ユムバン テンキ ニ カカハラズ フジサワ マデ  
*yukaneba narimasen.*  
 ユカ子バナリマセン
15. *Ashta wa tenki ni kakawaradz yakusoku*  
 アシタハ テンキ ニ カカハラズ ヤクソク  
*dōri ni yukaneba narimasen.*  
 ドウリニユカ子バナリマセン

## NINTH SENTENCE.

## SECTION VI.

always sun 's rising before (he) rises  
 itszmo hi no de maye ni okiru

1. *Nan doki ni oki nasaimas ka?*  
 ナンドキニオキナサリマスカ
2. *Go dōmiyō wa sh'chi ji maiye ni oki nasai-*  
 ゴドウミヤウハシチシマヘニオキナサイ  
*mas ka?*  
 マスカ
3. *Sore yori hayaku okimas roku ji wo szgi-*  
 ソレヨリハヤクオキマスロクジチスギ  
*masen.*  
 マゼン

11. Whatever pains you may take with that boy, he will never be a scholar.
12. Have you time to write one letter before you go to school ?
13. Yes, and time enough to post it too.
14. I must go as far as Fujisawa to-night, whatever the weather may be.
15. I must go to-morrow, according to my promise, whatever the weather may be.

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#### NINTH SENTENCE.

##### SECTION VI.

always rises before the sun

1. At what time in the morning do you rise ?
2. Does your father get up before seven o'clock ?
3. He rises earlier than that, not later than six o'clock.

4. *Hi no de wa nan ji des ka?*  
ヒノデハナンジデスカ
5. *Roku ji skoshi szgi ni demas.*  
ロクジスコシスギニデマス
6. *Kiyōdai wa warui kaze wo hiite kesa  
キヤウダイハワルイカゼチヒイテケサ  
osoku made okimasenanda.*  
オソクマデオキマセナンダ
7. *Omeshitskai wa wakakute jōbuna no ni  
オメシツカヒハワカクテジヤウブナノニ  
motto hayaku okinai no wa dō iu  
モットハヤクオキナイノハドウイフ  
wake des ka?*  
ワケデスカ
8. *Watakshi no toshiyotta genan wa nen jiu  
ワタクシノトショツタゲナンハチンシウ  
asa go ji ni okimas.*  
アサズシニオキマス
9. *Itsomo nan doki ni oyaszmi nasaru ka?*  
イツモナンドキニオヤスミナサルカ
10. *Sore wa yōji shidai des.*  
ソレハヨウジシダイデス
11. *Watakshi no okiru koku-gen wa shigi shidai  
ワタクシノオキルコクゲンハシギシダイ  
des.*  
デス
12. *Ashta jiu ji no ressha de Tōkiyō ye  
アシタジフジノレツヨヤデトウキヤウヘ  
oide nasaru ka?*  
オイデナサルカ
13. *Sore wa shigi shidai des yōji ga szmi-  
ソレハシギシダイデスヨウジガスミ  
maseba ikimashō ga sō de nakuba  
マセバイキマセウガソウデナクバ  
ikaremisen.*  
イカレマセン

4. At what time does the sun rise ?
5. It rises a little after six o'clock.
6. My brother did not rise till late this morning on account of a bad cold.
7. How is it that your servant who is young and healthy does not rise earlier ?
8. My old man servant rises at five the year round.
9. At what time do you generally go to bed ?
10. That depends upon the work I have to do.
11. My time of rising depends upon circumstances.
12. Shall you go to Tōkiyō to-morrow by the ten o'clock train ?
13. That depends upon circumstances. If I finish my business at half past nine, I shall go. If not, I cannot.

14. *Jibun de wa hayaōki da to omoimas ga*  
 ジブン デハ ハヤオキ ダト オモヒマスガ  
*ano toshiyori wa motto hayaku okimas.*  
 アノトシヨリハ モット ハヤク オキマス
15. *Jikō ni kakawaradz taiyō wa ano h'to*  
 ジュウニカカワラズ タイヨウハ アノヒト  
*yori osoku demas.*  
 ヨリ オソク デマス
16. *Anata donna ni hayaōki des totemo ano*  
 アナタドンナニ ハヤオキ デス トテモ アノ  
*jikō ni mo tenki ni mo kakawaradz itsz-*  
*シコウニモ テンキニモ カカワラズイツ*  
*mo hi no de maye ni okiru bimbō nin*  
*モヒノデマヘニオキルビンボウニン*  
*hodo hayaku wa nai to tash'ka ni sh'tte*  
*ホド ハヤク ハナイ トタシカニシツテ*  
*imas.*  
 イマス

## TENTH SENTENCE.

The officers of the railway are polite and attentive to passengers, and do all in their power to make them comfortable on the road from Yokohama to Tōkiyō.

## SECTION I.

The railway's officers.  
 Tetszdō no yaku yaku wa.

1. *Tetszdō no yakunin no uchi ni ochikadzki*  
 テツダウノヤクニンノウチニオチカヅキ  
*ga arimas ka?*  
 ガアリマスカ
2. *Tetszdō no yaku yaku wa taitei Nihon*  
 テツドウノヤクヤクハタイティニホン  
*jin des ga aru Yoroppa jin mo*  
 ジンデスガアルヨウロツパジンモ  
*imas.*  
 イマス.

14. I consider myself an early riser, but that old man gets up earlier than I do.
15. Whatever the season may be, the sun rises later than he does.
16. However early a riser you may be, I am sure you are not so early as that poor man, who, whatever the season may be, and whatever the weather, always rises before the sun.

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## TENTH SENTENCE.

### SECTION I.

The officers of the railway.

1. Have you any acquaintance among the officers of the railway?
2. Most of the railway officers are Japanese, but some of them are Europeans.

3. *Seifu no yakunin wa sono shojiki to*  
 セイフ ノ ヤクニン ハ ソノ シヤウギキ ト  
*tsztome wo shitogeru chikara ni yotte*  
 ツトメ チ シトゲル チカラ ニ ヨツテ  
*yerabare iyegara ni wa yoranu hadz des.*  
 エラバレ イヘガラ ニ ハ ヨラヌ ハヅ デス
4. *Kono kuni de wa dare ga h'to bito wo yaku ni*  
 コノクニ デ ハ ダレガヒトビト チヤク ニ  
*ninjimas ka?*  
 ニンジマス カ
5. *Mikado des shikashi koyakunin wa omoyaku*  
 ミカド デス シカシ ユヤクニン ハ オモヤク  
*karu mōshi tskemas.*  
 カラモウシツケマス
6. *Shina kara deta fune ni tsmarete ita nin-*  
 シナカラ デタ フチニツマレテイタ ニン  
*soku ga kozotte fune no yakunin ni*  
 ソクガコヅツテ フチノヤクニンニ  
*tekitai mina korosh'te fune ni mo hi wo*  
 テキタイミナコロシテ フチニモヒナ  
*kakemash'ta.*  
 ハケマシタ
7. *Amari yakunin no oöi no wa seifu ni*  
 アマリ ヤクニンノオホイノハセイフニ  
*mudana zappi ga kakaru bakari des naze*  
 ムダナザッピガカカルバカリデスナゼ  
*nara nindz wo heraseba nawo yoku sono*  
 ナラニンヅチヘラセバマチヨクソノ  
*waza wo shitogemas kara.*  
 ワザチシトゲマスカラ
8. *Anata wa seifu no yakunin ni naru no wo*  
 アナタハセイフノヤクニニナルノチ  
*kommo nasaru ka?*  
 コンモウナサルカ
9. *Kai riku gun no yakunin wa gakumon wo*  
 カイリクグンノヤクニンハガクモンヲ  
*yoku szbeki hadz des.*  
 ヨクスペキハズデス

3. Officers of government should be chosen for their honesty and ability to perform their duties, not on account of their birth.
4. Who appoints men to office in this country ?
5. The Mikado, but the lower officers are appointed by their superiors.
6. A ship-load of coolies from China rose upon the officers of the ship, and killed them all, and set fire to the vessel.
7. Too many officers are only a useless expense to the government, for a less number would do their work better.
8. Are you ambitious to be an officer of government ?
9. Naval and military officers should be well educated.

10. *Mommō de wa seifu no yakunin to kai*  
 モンモウ デ ハ セイフ ノ ヤクニン ト カイ  
*riku-gun no yakunin ni naru no ni ma ni*  
 リクグン ノ ヤクニン ニ ナル ノ ニ マ ニ  
*aimasen.*  
 アイマセン
11. *Daijōkwan no goku tattoi yakunin*  
 ダイジョウクワン ノ ゴク タットイ ヤクニン  
*wa Daijōdaijin des.*  
 ハ ダイジョウクワン ダイギン デス
12. *Sendō ga ōkute fune wo yama ye noseru.*  
 センドウ ガ オホクテ フネ ヲ ヤマ ヘ ノセル
13. *Saibansho ni yakunin ga ikutari ari-*  
 サイバンショ ニ ヤクニン ガ イクタリ アリ  
*mas ka?*  
 マカカ
14. *Yō-i ni kazoyerarenu hodo arimas.*  
 ヨウイ ニ カゾヘラレヌ ホド アリマス

## TENTH SENTENCE.

## SECTION II.

politely attentive  
 teinei ni kokoro kubari wo s'hte

1. *Sono hatagoya no aruji wa kiyaku wa tei-*  
 ソノ ハタゴヤ ノ アルジ ハ キヤク ナ テイ  
*nei ni mo sedz kokoro kubari mo shimasen.*  
 テイニモセズココロクバリモシマセン
2. *Kane wo mōkeru hoka ni wa nanni mo omowa-*  
 カ子 ナ モウケル ホカニハ ナンニモオモハ  
*nai yō ni miyemas.*  
 ナイヨウニミヘマス

10. An ignorant man is not fit to be an officer of government, a naval or military officer.
  11. The highest officer of the Imperial Cabinet is the Dai-jō-dai-jin.
  12. Too many captains run the ship ashore.
  13. How many officers are there in the Saibansho?
  14. There are so many, it is not easy to count them.
- 

## TENTH SENTENCE.

### SECTION II.

are polite and attentive

1. That inn-keeper is neither polite nor attentive to his guests.
2. He seems to think of nothing but making money.

3. *Sari nagara sore wa shinshō wo yoku szru*  
 サリナガラ ソレハシンショウチヨグスル  
*michi de wa nai naze nareba kiyaku wa*  
 ミチデハナイナゼナレバキヤクハ  
*ichi do de korite ato wa szdōrishte*  
 一チドデコリテアトハスドウリシテ  
*yoso ye yukimas kara des.*  
 ヨソヘユキマスカラデス
4. *Teinei ni szru wa nani mo tsziyasadz tomo*  
 テイティニスルハナニモツイヤサズトモ  
*taisōna ataye ga arimas.*  
 タイソウナアタヘガアリマス
5. *Dare ni demo teinei ni szru wa sai-jō*  
 ダレニデモティティニスルハサイジヤウ  
*no michi des.*  
 ノミチデス
6. *Otoko to onna no kiyōdai wa tagai ni*  
 オトコトオンナノキヤウダイハタガイニ  
*ingin ni shte ki wo tskc-au beki*  
 インギンニシテキチツケアフベキ  
*hudz des.*  
 ハヅデス
7. *Shosei no ingin to kokoro-kubari szru*  
 シヨセイノインギントユユロクバリスル  
*no wa sensei ni bakari de naku tagai*  
 ノハセンセイニバカリデナクタガイ  
*ni mo sō seneba narimasen.*  
 ニモサウセ子バナリマセン
8. *Shinsetz na h'to wa teineina koto mo deli*  
 シンセツナヒトハティティナコトモデキ  
*yaszi des.*  
 ヤスイデス

3. That, however, is not the way to improve his fortune, for travellers having once been warned of it, will pass by his house and go elsewhere.
4. It costs nothing to be polite, but it is worth a great deal.
5. The best way is to be polite to every body.
6. A brother and sister should be polite and attentive to each other.
7. Pupils should not only be polite and attentive to their teachers, but to one another.
8. It is easy for a kind-hearted man to be polite.

9. *Giyō-gi no yoi kodomo wo miru to uchi no*  
     ギヤウギノヨイコドモヲミルトウチノ  
*sodate ga yoi to omowaremas.*  
     ソダテガヨイトオモハレマス
10. *Uchi de teinei de nai kodomo wa yayamo-*  
     ウチデテイティデナイコドモハヤヤモ  
*szreba soto de mo bushō wo shimas.*  
     スレバソトデモブシヤウチシマス
11. *H'to ni kokorō kubari wo szru to iu wa h'to*  
     ヒトニコユロクバリチスルトイウハヒト  
*no honomu tokoro wo kangayete sore wo*  
     ノコノムトユロチカンガヘテソレヲ  
*yorokobasō to shikakeru koto des.*  
     ヨロコバソウトシカケルコトデス
12. *Kingen wo yozonji des ka?*  
     キンゲンチゾンジデスカ
13. *Ta nin kara sh'te moraitai koto wa jibun*  
     タニンカラシテモライタイコトハジブン  
*mota nin ni shi-muke nasai*  
     モタニニシムケナサイ
14. *Ano h'to wa toki to sh'te wa teinei des ga*  
     アノヒトハトキトシテハティティデスガ  
*toki to sh'te wa sō de arimasen.*  
     トキトシテハソウデアリマセン
15. *Aru h'to wa uye ni mukō to teinei des*  
     アルヒトハウヘニムカウトテイティデス  
*ga shimo ni mukō to goku burei des.*  
     ガシモニムカウトゾクブレイデス
16. *Teinei ni sh'te son wo sh'ta tameshi wa ari-*  
     ティティニシテソンヲシタタメシハアリ  
*masen.*  
     マゼン

9. When one sees well-behaved children, it may be presumed that they have been well bred at home.
10. Children, who are not polite at home, are apt to be rude when abroad.
11. To be attentive to others means thinking of their wishes, and trying to gratify them.
12. Do you know the Golden Rule?
13. Do unto others as you would have others do unto you.
14. That man is some times polite, and some times not.
15. Some men are polite to their superiors, but very impolite to inferiors.
16. There never was a case in which it was a loss to be polite.

## TENTH SENTENCE.

## SECTION III.

can as much as or power's capacity do, (or) power  
 dekiru dake or chikara no arudake wo szru (or) chikara  
 exhaust  
 wo tskusz

1. *Nangi sh'te iru mono wa dekiru dake taske*  
 ナンギ シテ イルモノハ デキルダケ タスケ  
*nasai.*  
 ナサイ
2. *Anata kiyō watakshi ni go hiyaku doru kash'te*  
 アナタケフワタクシニゴヒヤクダラカシテ  
*kudasaru koto dekimas ka?*  
 クダサルコトデキマズカ
3. *Dekiru nara kashimashō mono wo shikashi kiyō*  
 デキルナラカシマセウモノヲシカシケフ  
*wa jibun dake ni mo skoshi tarimasen*  
 ハジブンダケニモスコシタリマセン
4. *Yoi oyatachi wa sono chikara no oyobu dake*  
 ヨイオヤタチハソノチカラノオヨブダケ  
*kodomo wo oshiyete yoku shi-tatemas.*  
 ユドモチオシエテヨクシタテマス
5. *Riyōshin no iu koto ni ki wo tske nasai*  
 リヤウシンノイフユトニキチツケナサイ  
*hoka no h'to yori omaye wo itawaru kara.*  
 ホカノヒトヨリオマヘチタワルカラ
6. *Fujin wo ingin ni atskui násai sore*  
 フジンチインギンニアツカイナサイソレ  
*wa shitsuke no yoi shirushi des kara.*  
 ハシツケノヨイシルシデスカラ
7. *Ano h'to wa watakshi wo damaseru dake dama-*  
 アノヒトハワタクシヲダマセルダケダマシ  
*mashta.*  
 マシタ

## TENTH SENTENCE.

## SECTION III.

and do all in their power

1. Do all in your power to help those who are in trouble.
2. Shall you be able to favor me with a loan of five hundred dollars to-day.
3. If I could, I would ; but I am rather short myself to day.
4. Good parents do all in their power to educate their children, and train them well.
5. Be attentive to what your parents say, for they love you better than any one else.
6. Be very polite to ladies, for it is a mark of good breeding.
7. He cheated me as much as he could.

8. *Isha wa ano h'to no inochi wo naru take*  
 イシヤ ハアノ ヒトノ イノチ チナルタケ  
*taske yō to sh'ta keredomo shirushi ga*  
 タスケ ヤウトシタ ケレドモ シルシガ  
*nakatta.*  
 ナカツタ
9. *Aru h'to wa sono hōyū no obore-kakatte*  
 アルヒトハソノホウイウノオボレカカツテ  
*iru no wo mite sore wo s'kui ni midz ni*  
 イルノチミテ ソレチスケイニミヅニ  
*tobi konde chikara no oyobu dake shitoge*  
 トビコンデチカラノオヨブダケシトゲ  
*yō to sh'ta keredomo midz ga tszmetakute*  
 ヤウトシタケレドモ ミヅガツメタクテ  
*fukakatta kara mokuromi ga hadzremash'ta*  
 フカカツタカラモクロミガハツレマシタ
10. *Watakshi no yōji ga koto no hoka isogi des*  
 ワタクシノヨウギガコトノホカイソギデス  
*kara kondo no yūbinsen de wa Hako-*  
 カラコンドノユウビンセンデハハユ  
*date ye yukaremasen.*  
 ダテヘユカレマセン
11. *Watakshi wa ikura asette mo jikoku made*  
 ワタクシハイクラアセツテモジコクマデ  
*ni tetszdō no noricaiba ye wa tskare-*  
 ニテツドウノノリアイバヘハツカレ  
*masen.*  
 マセン
12. *Ano h'to wa kiyō sore wo szru koto wa chikara*  
 アノヒトハケフソレチスルユトハチカラ  
*ni oyobimasen ga anata ash'ta made*  
 ニオヨビマセンガアナタアシタマデ  
*materu nara sore ga dekimashō to mōshi-*  
 マテルナラソレガデキマセウトモウシ  
*mas.*  
 マス

8. The doctor did all he could to save the man's life, but to no avail.
9. A certain man seeing his friend about to be drowned jumped into the water to save his life, but though he did all in his power to accomplish it, he failed because the water was cold and deep.
10. I cannot go to Hakodate by this steamer, for my business is unusually pressing.
11. Hurry as much as I may, I cannot reach the railway station in time.
12. He says it is out of his power to do it to-day ; but, if you can wait till to-morrow, he may be able to do so.

## TENTH SENTENCE.

## SECTION IV.

them comfortable to make.  
ano h'to wa kokoro yoku saseru ni

1. *Fuyu samui iye de wa kokoro yoku arimasen.*  
フユ サムイ イヘ デ ハ ココロ ヨク アリマ  
セン
2. *Oheya de wa kono samui tenki ni kokoro yoku arimas ka?*  
オヘヤ デ ハ コノ サムイ テンキ ニ コエロ  
ヨク アリマスカ
3. *Nedai no uye ni neru no wa nippou no tatami yori mo kokoro yoi des.*  
ネダイ ノ ウヘ ニ ネル ノ ハ ニツポン ノ  
タタミ ヨリ モ ココロ ヨイ デス
4. *Nomi ga i-naku ba nippou no iye wa natsz wa goku kokoro yoku aro mono wo.*  
ノミ ガ イナク バ ニツポン ノ イヘ ハ ナツ  
ワ ゴク コエロ ヨク アラウ モノチ
5. *Anata fuji san no iwaya de kokoro yoku oyaszmi nas'tta ka?*  
アナタ フジ サン ノ イハヤ デ コエロ ヨク  
オヤスマニ ナスツタカ
6. *Nomi ga i-naku ba dzibun kokoro yoku nema shita mono wo.*  
ノミ ガ イナク バ ツイブン ココロ ヨク チマ  
シタ モノチ
7. *Watakushi no uchi de yo wo akashi nasaru nara Naru dake okokoro yoi yo ni itashiナルダケ オユコロ ヨイ ヤウ ニ イタシ mas.*  
ワタクシ ノ ウチ デ ヨ ヲ アカシ ナサル ナラ  
ナル ダケ オユコロ ヨイ ヤウ ニ イタシ  
マス

## TENTH SENTENCE.

## SECTION IV.

to make them comfortable

1. It is uncomfortable to be in a cold house in the winter.
2. Are you comfortable in your room in this cold weather ?
3. It is more comfortable to sleep on bedsteads, than on Japanese mats.
4. If it were not for the fleas, Japanese houses would be very comfortable in summer.
5. Did you sleep comfortably in the stone hut on Fujisan ?
6. But for the fleas, I should have slept pretty comfortably.
7. If you will spend the night at my house, I will make you as comfortable as I can.

8. *Ate ni naranu kodzkai wa shujin wo kokoro*  
 アテニナラヌユヅカヒハシユジンチユコロ  
*waruku shimas.*  
 ワルクシマス
9. *Kiyō wa toō michi de otszkare deshō ga furo*  
 ケフハトウミチデオツカレデセウガフロ  
*wo meshite yūhan wo agattara otsz-*  
*チメシテユウハンチアガツタラオツ*  
*kare ga nukemaskō.*  
 カレガヌケマセウ
10. *Komban yoku oyotte myō asa go kigen*  
 ユンパンヨクオヨツテミヤウアサゴキゲン  
*no yoi yō ni. Sayō nara oyasumi*  
 ノヨイヤウニサヤウナヲオヤスミ  
*nasai.*  
 ナサイ
11. *Tabi tabi kimono wo kikayeru to kokoro yoku*  
 タビタビキモノチキカヘルトコユロヨク  
*narimas.*  
 ナリマス
12. *Aka dzita kimono wa kokoro waruku naru nomi*  
 アカヅイタキモノハユコロワルクナルノミ  
*naradz yayamo szreba yamai wo okoshimas*  
 ナラズヤヤモスレバヤマイチオコシマス
13. *Hatagoya no aruji wa sono okiyaku wo naru*  
 ハタゴヤノアルジハソノオキヤクチナル  
*dake kokoro yoku saseneba narimasen.*  
 ダケユユロヨクサセ子バナリマセン
14. *Kemuri dashi no nai iye de wa kokoro-yoku*  
 ケムリダシノナイイヘデハユユロヨク  
*arimasen.*  
 アリマセン

8. An untrustworthy servant makes his master uncomfortable.
9. You are weary from your long journey to-day, but a hot bath and a supper will refresh you.
10. I hope you will sleep well to-night and feel well in the morning. Good night.
11. It is comfortable to change one's clothes frequently.
12. Dirty clothes not only make one uncomfortable, but are apt to produce disease.
13. An inn-keeper ought to make his guest as comfortable as possible.
14. A house without chimneys is uncomfortable.

## TENTH SENTENCE.

## SECTION V.

from to the road on  
yori made dō chiu de.

1. *Kanagawa kara Yokohama made no dō-chiu de*  
 カナガワ カラ ヨコハマ マデ ノ ドウチウ デ  
*taisō konida 'mma ni aimash'ta.*  
 タイソウ コニダムマニ アイマシタ
2. *H'tori no hiyakushō ga Odawara yori*  
 ヒトリノヒヤクシヨウガオダハラヨリ  
*Hakone made no dō-chiu de kane iri wo*  
 ハコチマデノドウチウデカチイリチ  
*hiroimashi'ta.*  
 ヒロイマシタ
3. *Watakshi domo ga Fujisan ye noboru nara dō-*  
 ワタクシドモガフジサンヘノボルナラドウ  
*chiu no tabemono wo motte yukaneba nari-*  
 チウノタベモノヲモツテユカチバナリ  
*masen.*  
 マセン
4. *Anata asoko ye oïdetatoki dō-chiu de*  
 アナタアソコヘオイデタトキドウチウデ  
*dare ni ka oäinas'tta ka?*  
 ダレニカオアイナスツタカ
5. *Yokohama kara Tōkiyō made tetszdō no*  
 ヨコハマカラトウキヨウマデテツドウノ  
*uchi ni tada ni ka sho no kiridōshi ga*  
 ウチニタダニカシヨノキリドホシガ  
*arimas.*  
 アリマス

## TENTH SENTENCE.

## SECTION V.

on the road from Yokohama to Tōkiyō

1. I met a great many pack-horses on the road from Kanagawa to Yokohama.
2. A farmer picked up a purse on the road from Oda-wara to Hakone.
3. If we ascend Fujisan, we must carry something to eat on the way.
4. When you went there, did you meet any body on the road.
5. There are only two deep-cuts on the railway from Yokohama to Tōkiyō.

6. *Nogé yori hatoba ye no to-chiu de kogatana wo*  
 ノゲ ヨリ ハトバ ヘノトチウ デコガタナ チ  
*ótoshimaš'ta.*  
 オトシマシタ
7. *Jôshiu hen yama no fumotô no michibata*  
 ジョウシウ ヘン ヤマ ノ フモト ノ ミチバタ  
*ni aru ishi wa mina Asama yama kara fuki*  
 ニアルイシハミナアサマヤマカラフキ  
*dasare hoka no yuma wo koyete ochita*  
 ダサレ ホカ ノ ヤマ チ コヘテ オチタ  
*yake ishi des.*  
 ヤケイシデス
8. *Tôkiyô yori Niigata made no dô-chiu de*  
 トウキヨウ ヨリ ニイガタ マデ ノ ドウチウ デ  
*ichiban nadakai tera wa Zenkôji to*  
 イチバン ナダカイ テラ ハ ゼンカウジト  
*iimas.*  
 イヒマス
9. *Yama no naka wo tôrite kuma ni attara*  
 ヤマ ノ ナカ チ トウリテ クマ ニ アタツタラ  
*issô kemmei ni nigemashô.*  
 イツシヨウ ケンメイ ニ ゲマシウ
10. *Kono hon wo yoku naratta toki ni wa Eigo*  
 コノ ホン チヨク ナラツタトキ ニ ハ エイゴ  
*wo tskau michi ni yohodo szszmimazh'tarô.*  
 チツカウ ミチニヨホドスミマシタラウ
11. *Tetsudô no yakuyaku wa tenei ni kokoro*  
 テツドウ ノ ヤクヤク ハ テイ子イニコユロ  
*kubari shte Yokohama kara Tôkiyô made*  
 クバリシテヨユハヤカラトウキヨウマデ  
*no dô-chiu ni norite wo kokoro yoku szru*  
 ノドウチウニノリテチユユロヨクスル  
*yô ni chikara wo tskushimas.*  
 ヤウニチカラチツクシマス

6. I lost a penknife on the way from Noge to the landing.
7. In Jōshiu near the foot of the mountains, all the stones along the road are slag thrown over the other mountains from Asama-yama.
8. The most celebrated temple on the road from Tōkiyō to Niigata is called Zenkōji.
9. If, in crossing the mountains, I should meet a bear,  
I would run for my life.
10. When you have learned this book well, you will  
have advanced far in the way towards speak-  
ing English.
11. The officers of the railway are polite and attentive  
to passengers, and do all in their power to  
make them comfortable on the road from  
Yokohama to Tōkiyō.

## ELEVENTH SENTENCE.

*Although I am neither hungry nor thirsty, I have a great mind to accept your invitation to breakfast with you, at a tea-house so as to talk over the news of the day.*

## SECTION I.

I              hungry neither thirsty nor am  
 watakushi wa hidaruku mo kawaku mo shimasen  
 although.  
 keredomo.

1. *Anata wa hidarukute kawakimas ka?*  
 アナタハヒダルクテカワキマスカ
2. *Iiye hidaruku mo kawaki mo shimasen.*  
 イヒヘヒダルクモカワキモシマゼン
3. *Fudan asa han wo nan ji ni agarimas ka?*  
 フダンアサハンヲナンジニアガリマスカ
4. *Taitei sh'chi ji han des.*  
 タイティシチジハンテス
5. *Sore wa chitto hayai ga shigotoba ye dzibun*  
 ソレハチットハヤイガシゴトバヘヅイブン  
*hayaku yukaneba naranu kara des.*  
 ハヤクユカチバナラヌカラデス
6. *Shigotoba wa doko des ka?*  
 シゴトバハドコデスカ
7. *Sakai chō kinjō no hon chō des.*  
 サカイチャウキンジョノホンチャウデス

## ELEVENTH SENTENCE.

## SECTION I.

Although I am neither hungry nor thirsty

1. Are you hungry and thirsty ?
2. No. I am neither hungry nor thirsty.
3. At what time do you usually breakfast ?
4. Generally at half past seven.
5. It is rather early, but I have to go to my place of business pretty early.
6. Where is your place of business ?
7. It is in Main Street near Division Street.

8. *Anata no kanariya wa hidarui ka kago no uchi  
 アナタノカナリヤハヒダルイカカズノウチ  
 ni ochitsukanu yō ni miyemas.*  
 ニオテツカヌヤウニミエマス
9. *Dō shitan des ka tabe mo nomi mo shimasen.*  
 ドウシタンデスカタベモノノミモシマセン
10. *Watakushi no m'ma ga kawaitarō tomete midz  
 ワタクシノムマガカワイタラウトメテミヅ  
 wo yaraneba narimasen.*  
 ナヤラ子バナリマセン
11. *Bettō kono m'ma wo sonna ni hidaruku  
 ベットウコノムマチソンナニヒダルク  
 kawakas no wa dō shitan da ka. Ichi  
 カワカスノハドウシタンダカイナ  
 nichi nomi kui shinai yō ni sawagu.  
 ニチノミクイシナイヤウニサワグ*
12. *Kiyō wa mada kuwase mo nomase mo shinakatta  
 ケフハマダクリセモノマセモシナカツタ  
 to tashika ni shiremas.*  
 トタシカニシレマス
13. *Temai ga hidarukute kawaitara nakigoto  
 テマイガヒダルクテカワイタラナキゴト  
 wo iu darō.  
 ナイフダロウ*
14. *Hidaruku kawaite iru m'ma wo kesshite  
 ヒダルクカワイテイルムマチケツシテ  
 tszkaimasen.*  
 ツカイマセン
15. *Hidaruku kawaite iru h'to wa shigoto ga  
 ヒダルクカワイテイルヒトハシゴトガ  
 dekinai m'ma mo sō des.  
 デキナイムマモサウデス*

8. Is your canary bird hungry? He seems uneasy in his cage.
9. What is the matter? He will neither eat nor drink?
10. I suspect my horse is thirsty. I must stop and water him.
11. Bettō! What makes this horse so hungry and thirsty? He acts as if he had had nothing to eat or drink for a day.
12. I am sure you have neither fed nor watered him to-day.
13. You would complain if *you* were hungry and thirsty.
14. I will not drive a horse that is hungry and thirsty.
15. A hungry and thirsty *man* cannot work, neither can a horse.

## ELEVENTH SENTENCE.

## SECTION II.

I somehow wish to go  
watakshi wa doka mairitō zonjimas

1. *Ash'ta mikado ga heishi no seizoroye shō-*  
 アシタ ミカド ガ ヘイシ ノ セイゾロベ ショウ  
*ran wo mi ni watakshi to issho ni*  
 ラン ナ ミニ ワタクシ ト イッショニ  
*Tōkiyō ye oide nasarū ka?*  
 トウキヤウヘ オイデ ナサルカ
2. *Watakshi wa dōka ikitō zonjimas kere-*  
 ワタクシハドウカ イキトウ ゾンジマスケレ  
*domo sarigatai yō ji ga aru ka mo*  
 ドモ サリガタイ ヨウ ジガアルカモ  
*shiremasen kara oyakusoku wa dekimasen.*  
 シレマセンカラオヤクソクハデキマセン
3. *Go dō-dō mo itash'tai mata sono seizoro-*  
 ゴドウドウモイタシタイマタソノセイゾロ  
*ye wo miru mo yokarō kara dōka anata*  
 ヨウモミルモヨカラウカラドウカアナタ  
*no yukareru yō ni shitai.*  
 ノユカナルヤウニシタイ
4. *Yō ji wo sashioitemo dōka go issho ni*  
 ヨウジナサシオイテモドウカゴイヅシヨニ  
*itte kitō omoimas.*  
 イツテキタウオモヒマス
5. *Nan ji ni tetszdō no tateba de omachi*  
 ナンジニテツドウノタテバデオマチ  
*nasaru ka?*  
 ナサルカ
6. *Asa hachi ji ni achira de matte imas.*  
 アサハチジニアチラデマツティマス

## ELEVENTH SENTENCE.

## SECTION II.

I have a great mind to go

1. Will you go to Tōkiyō with me to-morrow, to see the Emperor review his troops ?
2. I have a great mind to go, but cannot promise you for I may have business that I cannot leave.
3. I hope you will be able to go, for I should like your company, and the review will be worth seeing.
4. I have a great mind to let business go, and take the trip with you.
5. At what hour will you be at the railway station ?
6. I will be there at eight o'clock in the morning.

7. *Sayōnara sōi naku sono jibun ni achira*  
 サヤウナラソウイ ナク ソノジブン ニ アチラ  
*de deāimas.*  
 デ デアイマス
8. *Dōka watakshi no chīsai mus'ko wo*  
 ドウカ ワタクシ ノ キイサイ ムスコ ヲ  
*Tōkiyō ye tszrete yukitō gozarimas.*  
 トウキヨウ ヘ ツレテ ユキトウ ゴザリマス
9. *Tomo kaku mo sō nasai goshisoku wa heishi*  
 トモ カク モ サウ ナサイ ゴシソク ハ ヘイシ  
*wo mitara oyorokobi deshō.*  
 チ ミタラ オヨロコビ デセウ
10. *Kesa kaze wo h'kimash'ta ga asz kokoro yokuba*  
 ケサ カゼ テヒキマシタ ガ アサ コユロ ヨクバ  
*tszremas.*  
 ツレマス
11. *Sore de yō gozarimas. Ano kodomo wa ichi*  
 ソレ デ ヨウ ゴザリマス アノ コドモ ハイチ  
*nichi kibarashi wo shitara nawo hagende*  
 ニチ キバラシ チ・シタラ ナヲ ハゲンデ  
*gaku mon shimus d'arō.*  
 ガク モン シマス ダラウ
12. *Dōka Tskiji no hōyū wo mimaitō*  
 ドウカ ツキジ ノ ホウイウ チ ミマイトウ  
*omoimas.*  
 オモヒマズ
13. *Watakshi mo hima ga aru nara sō shitaku*  
 ワタクシ モ ヒマ ガアルナラ サウ シタク  
*arimas.*  
 アリマス
14. *Hima wo mōketai to omoyeba dekimas.*  
 ヒマ チモウケタイトオモヘバ デキマス
15. *Sayōsa shiyō to omoyeba shikata ga ari-*  
 サヨウサ シヨウトオモヘバ シカタガアリ  
*mas.*  
 マス

7. Well, I will meet you there at that time without fail.
8. I have a great mind to take my little son with me to Tōkiyō.
9. Do so by all means. Your son will be delighted to see the soldiers.
10. He had a bad cold this morning but if he is well enough to-morrow, I will take him with me.
11. That is right; the boy will have all the more mind for study, if he has a day's recreation.
12. I have a great mind to call on my friend at Tskiji.
13. I also should like to do so, if I have time.
14. We can make time if we have a mind to.
15. Yes: where there is a will there is a way.

## ELEVENTH SENTENCE.

## SECTION III.

Your invitation to accept  
Anata no omaneki ni shtagau

1. *Tomodachi ga komban yūhan no gochisō ni*  
トモダチ ガ コンパン ユウハン ノ ゴチソウニ  
*watakshi wo manekimashta.*  
ワタクシ チ マチキマシタ
2. *Sono maneki wo goshōchi nas'tta ka?*  
ソノ マチキ チ ゴシヤウチ ナスツタカ
3. *Sayōsa watakshi wa mada derareru hodo*  
サヤウサ ワタクシ ハ マダ デラレル ホド  
*jiubun ni yoku wa nai keredomo shō-*  
ジウブン ニ ヨク ハ ナイ ケレドモ シヤウ  
*chi no kōjō-gaki wo tskawashimashta*  
チ ノ ユウシヤウガキ ナツカワシマシタ
4. *Watakshi mo yūhan no furumai ni manekare-*  
ワタクシ モ ユウハン ノ フルマヒ ニ マチカラ  
*mashta ga dōka kotowaritai to omoī-*  
マシタガ ドウカ コトワリタイト オモヒ  
*mas.*  
マス
5. *Sō shitai nara wake naku kotowaru koto ga*  
サウ シタイ ナラ ワケナク コトワル カトガ  
*dekimas.*  
デキマス
6. *Sayō nara szgu ni sō shimas.*  
サヤウ ナラ スグニ サウ チマス
7. *Sono maneki wo okotowari nas'ttara otomo-*  
ソノ マチキ チ オエトワリ ナスツタラ オトモ  
*dachi no kini irimasmai to kidzkaimas.*  
ダチ ノ キニ イリマスマイト キヅカイマス

## ELEVENTH SENTENCE.

## SECTION III.

to accept your invitation

1. A friend has invited me to dinner this evening.
2. Have you accepted the invitation?
3. Yes. I sent a note of acceptance, though I am hardly well enough to go out.
4. I also have been invited to a dinner party, but I have a great mind to decline the invitation.
5. If you wish to do so, you can easily excuse yourself.
6. Well, I think I will do so at once.
7. I am afraid your friend will not be pleased, if you decline the invitation.

8. *Watakshi wa yoru tabi-tabi deru no wa ski-*  
 ワタクシ ハ ヨル タビ タビ デル ノ ハスキ  
*masen.*  
 マゼン
9. *Watakshi mo sō des yoru wa hon wo yomu no*  
 ワタクシ モ サウ デス ヨル ハ ホン ナヨム ノ  
*ni ate-hameta toki des kara.*  
 ニ アテ ハメタ トキ デス カラ
10. *Shikashi nagara uchi ni bakari toji komoru*  
 シカシ ナガラ ウチ ニ バカリ トジ ユモル  
*koto wa dekimasen. Aru toki wa h'to. no*  
 コト ハ デキマセン アルトキ ハヒトノ  
*kokoro ni kanawaseru yō ni mata wa*  
 コユロ ニ カナリセル ヤウ ニ マタ ハ  
*jibun no ki-barashi ni dekakeneba nari-*  
 ジブン ノ キバラシ ニ デカケヌバ ナリ  
*masen.*  
 マゼン
11. *Sore wa sō des Jibun no kokoro ni kanau*  
 ソレ ハ ソウ デス ジブン ノ ココロ ニ カナウ  
*koto bakari wo kangayeru h'to wa hon-*  
 コト バカリ ナ カンガヘルヒト ハ ホン  
*tō no anraku no michi wa shiranu mono*  
 トウ ノ アンラク ノ ミチ ナ シラヌ モノ  
*des.*  
 デス
12. *Sayōnara riyōhō to mo ni maneki ni*  
 サヤウナラ リヤウホウ トモニ マネキ ニ  
*sh'tayatte yokarō.*  
 シタガツテ ヨカラウ
13. *Komban dochira ga omoshirokatta ka ash'ta*  
 コンバン ドチラ ガ オモシロカツタ カ アシタ  
*au toki ni tagai ni hanashte kurabi-*  
 アウトキ ニ タガイ ニ ハナシテ クラベ  
*mashō.*  
 マセウ

8. I do not like to go out often in the evening.
9. Nor do I, for the evening is my time for reading.
10. Still one must not always shut himself up at home.  
He must sometimes go out to gratify others,  
or for his own recreation.
11. That is so. The person who thinks only of his  
own gratification does not know the true way  
to be happy.
12. Well then, let us both accept the invitations we  
have received.
13. To-morrow when we meet we will compare notes,  
and see which of us has spent the evening  
most agreeably.

## ELEVENTH SENTENCE.

## SECTION IV.

a tea-house at breakfast to do  
chaya de asa-han ni szru

1. *Asahan wo agarimashita ka?*  
アサハンチ アガリマシタ カ
2. *Iiye mada asa-han wa szmimasen.*  
イイヘ マダ アザハンハ スミマセン
3. *Tszne ni nanji ni asa-han wo agari-mas ka?*  
ツチニ ナンジニ アサハンチ アガリ  
マス カ
4. *Taitei jiu ni ji des shikashi toki to sh'te shigōtoba de bentō wo tskaimas.*  
タイティ シウニシ デスシカシトキトシテ  
シゴトバデベントウチツカイマス
5. *Kiyō watakshi to issho ni chaya ye itte asa-hon wo agarimasen ka?*  
ケフワタクシトイツショニチャヤヤヘイツテ  
アサハンチアガリマセンカ
6. *Anata to ohanashi mōshitai koto ga ari-mas kara dōka sō shitaku zonjimas.*  
アナタトオハナシモウシタイコトガアリ  
マスカラドウカサウシタクヅンシマス
7. *Basha michi no chaya de jiu ni ji watakshi to ode-ai nara ōki ni yorokobimas.*  
バシヤミチノチャヤヤデシウニシワタクシ  
トオデアイナラオホキニヨロコビマス
8. *Sayō nara samatage no yō-ji ga arimasen nara sono toki ni achira de ome ni kakari-nala sōno tokiニアチラデオメニカカリ  
マス.*

## ELEVENTH SENTENCE.

## SECTION IV.

to breakfast with you at a tea-house

1. Have you had your breakfast ?
2. No, I have not breakfasted yet.
3. At what hour do you generally take breakfast ?
4. Generally at twelve o'clock, but some times I carry a lunch with me to my place of business.
5. Will you not go to a tea-house and breakfast with me to day ?
6. I have a great mind to do so, for I want to have a talk with you.
7. I shall be very happy if you will join me at the tea-house in Carriage Street.
8. Well, if business does not prevent, I will meet you there at that hour.

9. *Arigatō sono chaya de jiu ni ji ni ome*  
 アリガトウ ソノ チヤヤデジウニジニオメ  
*ni kakaru no wo omachi mōshimashō.*  
 ニカカルノヲオマチモウシマセウ
10. *Jiu ichi ji han des kara mō han toki de*  
 ジウイチジハンデスカラモウハントキデ  
*ome ni kakarimas. Anata kinō no*  
 オメニカガリマス アナタキノウノ  
*shinbun ga arimas nara dōzo chaya*  
 シンブンガアリマスナラドツヅチヤヤ  
*ye motte kite kudasai.*  
 ベモツテキテクダサイ
11. *Hai shigotoba ni ichi mai arimas kara*  
 ハイシゴトバニイチマイアリマスカラ  
*chaya ye motte mairimas.*  
 チヤヤヘモツテマイリマス
12. *Dōzo shinbunshi wō owaszre nasaranu yō*  
 ドウゾシンブンシワオワズレナサランユウ  
*ni goku medzrashiu arimas kara.*  
 ニゴクメヅラシウアリマスカラ
13. *Kitto waszremasmai chaya ye asa-kan ni*  
 キットワズレマスマイチヤヤヘアサハンニ  
*yuku toki wa itszmo motte ikimas kara.*  
 ユクトキハイツモモツテイキマスカラ

## ELEVENTH SENTENCE.

## SECTION V.

together this time's news talk about so as to  
 otagai ni kono goro no shinbun wo hanasz yo ni

1. *Kiyō wa nan no shinbun des ka?*  
 ケフハナンノシンブンデスカ
2. *Nani mo kikimasen ga anata wa okiki*  
 ナニモキキマセンガアナタハオキキ  
*nas'tta ka?*  
 ナスツタカ

9. Thanks : I shall expect to see you at the tea-house at twelve o'clock.
10. It is now half past eleven ; I shall see you, I hope, in half an hour. If you have a yesterday's newspaper please bring it with you to the tea-house.
11. Very well, I have one at my office and will bring it with me to the tea-house.
12. Do not forget the newspaper for it will be a great curiosity to me.
13. I shall not forget it, for I always take a newspaper with me when I go to a tea-house to breakfast.

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## ELEVENTH SENTENCE.

### SECTION V.

so as to talk over the news of the day

1. What is the news to-day ?
2. I have heard nothing. Have you ?

3. *Watakshi wa kono goro medzrashii koto ga*  
 ワタクシハコノゴロメヅラシイコトガ  
*Nippon ni dekite iru no wo shinbunshi*  
 ニツポンニデキテイルノチシンブンシ  
*de mimash'ta.*  
 デミマシタ
4. *Naru hodo! Donna koto ni tszite oüi*  
 ナルホドドンナコトニツイテオイヒ  
*nasaru ka?*  
 ナサルカ
5. *Sore wa mā dōshtan des! Go roku nen*  
 ソレハマアドウシタンデスゴロクチソ  
*kono kata Nippon ni wa inai yō ni*  
 コノカタニツポンニハイナイヨウニ  
*ohanashi nasaru.*  
 オハナシナサル
6. *Liye watakshi no inaka ni ite shinbunshi*  
 イヒヘワタクシノイナカニイテシンブンシ  
*wo sappari minai no wo go zōnji deshō.*  
 チサツパリミナイノチエグンシデショ
7. *Sayōnara watakshi to issyo ni asa-han*  
 サヨウナラワタクシトイツシヨニアサハン  
*ni chaya ye oide nasai sōshite tagai*  
 ニチャヤヘオイデナサイソウシテタガイ  
*ni kono goro no shinbun wo hanashimashō.*  
 ニコノゴロノシンブンチハナシマシヨ
8. *Sore wo sh'te taisō ni tanoshimimashō. Doko*  
 ソレチシテタイソタニタノジミマシヨドュ  
*de nan ji ni deaimas' ka?*  
 デナナジニデアイマスカ
9. *Jiu ni ji ni Hommura no chaya ye oide*  
 ジウニジニホムラノチャヤヘオイデ  
*nasai sono toki achira de omachi mōski-*  
 ナサイソノトキアチラデオマチモウシ  
*mashō.*  
 マシウ

3. I see by the newspapers, that strange things are occurring in Japan now-a-days.
4. Indeed ! What do you refer to ?
5. Why you talk, as if you had been out of Japan five or six years.
6. No. You know that I live in the country where we never see a newspaper.
7. Well, come and breakfast with me at a tea-house, and we will talk over the news of the day.
8. I shall be most happy to do so. Where shall I meet you, and at what hour ?
9. Come to the tea-house in Hommura Street at twelve o'clock, and I will be there at that time.

10. *Watakshi wa hiru maye ni Kanagawa de yō-ji*  
 ワタクシ ハ ヒルマヘニ カナガワデ ヨウジ  
*aru kara moshi chitto osoku nattemo*  
 アルカラ モシ チツト オソク ナツテモ  
*gomen nasai.*  
 ゴメン ナサイ
11. *Dō itashimashte. Han toki wa omachi mōshī-*  
 ドウ イタシマシテ ハントキ ハ オマチ モウシ  
*mashō.*  
 マシウ
12. *Watakshi hidaruku mo kawaki mo shimasen kere-*  
 ワタクシ ヒダルク モ カワキ モ シマセン ケレ  
*domo otagai ni kono goro no shinbun wo*  
 ドモ オタガイ ニ ユノ ゴロノ ジンブン ナ  
*hanasz no ni dōka chaya de go issho*  
 ハナスノニ ドウカチヤヤ デ ゴイツシヨ  
*ni asa-han no omaneki ni shtagaitō*  
 ニ アサハン ノ オマネキ ニ シタガイトウ  
*zunjimas.*  
 ゾンジマス

OWARI.

オハリ

10. Excuse me if I should be a little behind time, for I have some business to do in Kanagawa this forenoon.
11. Don't mention it. I will wait half an hour for you.
12. Though I am neither hungry nor thirsty, I have a great mind to accept your invitation to breakfast with you at a tea-house, so as to talk over the news of the day.

---

THE END.





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