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POPULAR ELECTIONS.

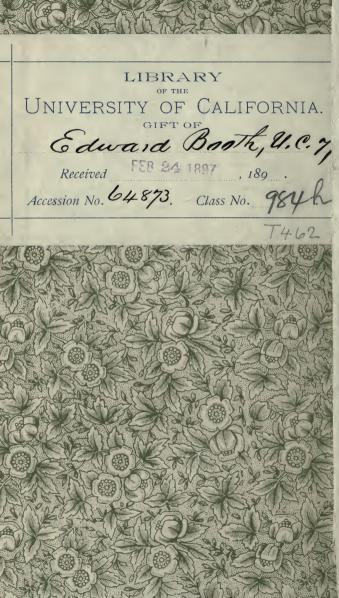
A SYSTEM.

POLITICAL GOVERNMENT.

Nominative,
ELECTIVE, LEGISLATIVE

AND
FINANCIAL.





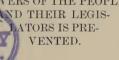
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PROPOSED PLAN

FOR

POLITICAL ORGANIZATION

A NOMINATIVE AND ELECTIVE SYSTEM BASED UPON THE RIGHTS, POWERS AND DUTIES OF THE PEOPLE, COMPRISING A SYSTEM OF CHECKS BY WHICH FRAUD IN THE NOMINATIVE AND ELECTIVE



BY URIAH B. THOMAS,

Author and Proprietor.

SAN FRANCISCO, CALIFORNIA.

1886.

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Our present system of choosing representatives of the people utterly fails to give a fair expression and force to their will, and in the injustice of this failure lie the seeds of revolution and destruction to our free government.

The objects sought to be obtained by the following system are—

First. To organize the industrial elements of society in one political body, under rules so just and simple, that it will commend itself to all who examine it with attention.

Second. To abolish dishonest and corrupt practices in the politics of our country, by avoiding the use of party conventions in the nomination of public officers, having all such nominations made directly by the people.

Third. To educate the people in the science of government by Local, State, Territorial and National organizations.

Fourth. To purify legislation and restrict it to the requirements of the people, as expressed in their platform of principles and policy emanating from the Local, State, Territorial or National organizations.

Fifth. To secure honest lawmakers—

- 1st. By depriving them of all opportunity of selling their vote.
- 2d. By the people to first adopt all proposed laws before being legalized by legislative enactment, thus securing a fair expression in their government.

Sixth. To secure to the people the just and equitable fruits of their labor and enterprise—

- 1st. By controlling the political system of the country.
- 2d. By controlling the law-making power.
- 3d. By controlling finance, land and all questions involving the rights, comforts and happiness of the people.

Seventh. To set an example, from the workings of the following plan, by which the President, Vice-President, Senators and all other officers of the Local, State, Territorial and National government may be nominated and elected directly by the people, thus avoiding the dangers that have arisen, from time to time, under the representative and electoral system.

Eighth. This plan is designed to convert our present representative system to that of "a government by the people and for the people;" to preserve order in our political ranks; to secure the objects and aims of the party; to prevent any possible intrigue from outside political tricksters, and to defeat the most wicked conspiracy of systematically organized capital, tending towards the centralization of wealth, successfully carried on through our present financial, legislative and political system.

Why may not these objects be attained by a judicious use of the ballot, as herein set forth, with harmony, perseverance and in accord with equitable laws and by the majority RULE?

THE AUTHOR.

SAN FRANCISCO, July, 1886.

CONTENTS.

ARTICLE I. ORGANIZATION.	GE.
Sec. 1. Name Sec. 2. Composition of Departments Sec. 3. Executive Departments, how composed	9 9
* '	U
ARTICLE II. COUNTY, STATE AND NATIONAL NOMINATION. Sec. 1. Uniform in time	10 10 10
ARTICLE III. LOCAL UNIONS.	
Sec. 1. Where Located. Sec. 2. How Represented. Sec. 3. Duty of Local Unions.	10 10 11
ARTICLE IV. WHO MAY VOTE IN UNIONS.	
Register of Membership	11
ARTICLE V. PROPOSALS FOR NOMINATION.	
Sec. 1. Proposition for Nomination Sec. 2. Nominees to be Registered. Sec. 3. Register of Nomination Closed. Sec. 4. Acceptance of Nomination. Sec. 5. Duty of Nominees. Sec. 6. Election for Nomination.	11 11 11 11 11 12
Article VI. Union Boards of Election — Their Powers and Duties Defined.	
Sec. 1. Canvassers	$12 \\ 12 \\ 12 \\ 12$
ARTICLE VII. THE COUNTY ASSEMBLY AND COUNTY BOARDS OF ELECTION—THEIR POWERS AND DUTIES DEFINED.	
Sec 1. Of what Composed. Sec. 2. County Board of Election, of what composed Sec. 3. Publishing County Election Returns for Nomination.	12 13 13 13
Sec. 4. Report to State Board of Election. Sec. 5. Nomination Declared. Sec. 6. To Elect Delegates to State Board of Election. Sec. 7. County Returns to be carried forward by State	13 13 13
Delegates	13 13

ARTICLE VIII. STATE AND TERRITORIAL BOARDS OF ELEC- TION FOR THE NOMINATION OF OFFICERS—THEIR POWERS AND DUTIES DEFINED.	
Sec. 1. Of what Composed and Time of Meeting	14
Sec. 2. Nominations Declared	14
Sec. 3. Publishing State Election Returns for Nomina-	
tion	14
Sec. 4. Members of State Board to be Sworn	14
Sec. 5. To Elect Delegates to a National Board of Elec-	
tion	14
Sec. 6. State Returns to be carried forward by National	
Delegates	14
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
ARTICLE IX. NATIONAL BOARD OF ELECTION FOR THE	
Nomination of Officers—Its Powers and Duties	
DEFINED.	
DEFINED.	
Sec. 1. Of what Composed	15
Sec 2 Time of Meeting	1.5
Sec. 2. Time of Meeting	15
Sec. 5. Counting the Aggregate vote	10
Sec. 4. Nominations Declared	
Sec. 5. Members of National Board to be Sworn	15
ARTICLE X. STATE INDUSTRIAL ASSEMBLIES — THEIR	
Powers and Duties Defined.	
Sec. 1. Nomination, Election and Composition	16
Sec. 1. Nomination, Election and Composition	16
Sec. 2. Meetings	
Sec. 3. Adoption of Platform	16
Sec. 4. Term of Office	16
Sec. 5. Members to be Sworn	16
A TT ST T	
ARTICLE XI. NATIONAL INDUSTRIAL ASSEMBLY — ITS	
Powers and Duties Defined.	
Can 1 Namination Flation and Composition	17
Sec. 1. Nomination, Election and Composition	16
Sec. 2. Objects of	17
Sec. 3. To Adopt a National Platform	17
Sec. 3. To Adopt a National Platform	17
Sec. 5. Duties of National Executive Officers17-	-18
Sec. 6. To be Sworn	18
Sec. 0. 10 be supplied to the second	30
ARTICLE XII. LEGISLATIVE DEPARTMENT-ITS POWERS	
AND DUTIES DEFINED.	
Duties of Logislators	18

ARTICLE XIII. LOCAL UNIONS—THEIR POWERS AND DUTIES DEFINED.
Sec. 1. To Secure Proper Legislation
ARTICLE XIV. EXECUTIVE DEPARTMENT OF STATE AND NATION—THEIR POWERS AND DUTIES DEFINED.
Sec. 1. Executive Officers19Sec. 2. Call for Elections19Sec. 3. To Fill Vacancies and Term of Office19-20Sec. 4. Executive Officers Members of Assemblies20
ARTICLE XV. BREACH OF TRUST.
Sec. 1. Committees on Charges20Sec. 2. Trial of Officers20Sec. 3. Charges to be made in Writing20
ARTICLE XVI. By-Laws.
Sec. 1. Rules of Order
ARTICLE XVII. FINANCIAL SYSTEM.
Collection and Disbursement of Funds21-23
ARTICLE XVIII. INCIDENTAL QUESTIONS. How determined
ARTICLE XIX. AMENDMENTS. How made
NATIONAL BOARD OF ELECTION.
For the Election of President and Vice-President 24
Note on Popular Vote of Election



PROPOSED

FOR



THE NATIONAL INDUSTRIAL

POLITICAL ORGANIZATION.

A nominative and elective system based upon the rights, powers and duties of the people, comprising a system of checks, by which fraud in the nominative and elective powers of the people and their legislators is prevented.

ARTICLE L

ORGANIZATION.

Name.

Section 1. This organization shall be called THE NATIONAL INDUSTRIAL PARTY.

It shall have Local Unions, County, State, Territorial and National Boards of Election.

Composition of Departments.

SEC. 2. It shall have also, County, State, Territorial and National Assemblies and Executive Departments.

Executive Departcomposed.

Sec. 3. The Executive Department shall be pepart-ments—how composed of a President, Vice-President, Secretary and Treasurer of the party, in each State and Territory in the Union. The National Executive Department shall consist of a President, Vice-President, Secretary and Treasurer, to be elected by the National Assembly, until otherwise ordered by the local unions.

ARTICLE II.

COUNTY, STATE AND NATIONAL NOMINATIONS.

Uniform in time.

Section 1. The election for the nomination of President and Vice-President shall be held on the same day in each State and Territory of the Union.

Nominations for State and County officers shall be made to harmonize with all established laws in their respective States and Territories.

Nomination of officers.

SEC. 2. All officers, County, State, Territorial and National, and Presidential Electors required by law to be elected, shall be proposed and nominated by a plurality vote of the members of the party through its political organization.

Nomination of Party officers.

Sec. 3. Representatives to the State, Territorial and National Assemblies, and the Executive officers of the State and Nation of the Industrial Party, shall be proposed and nominated in the same manner.

ARTICLE III.

LOCAL UNIONS.

Where located.

Section 1. Local Unions shall be organized in each voting district or ward in each State and Territory of the National Union; the officers shall consist of a President, First and Second Vice-Presidents, Secretary and Treasurer.

How represented.

Sec. 2. Any Union having a membership of one hundred members, legal voters of the ward or district, who are in good standing, shall be entitled to one representative in the County Assembly.

Sec. 3. It is the duty of the Unions to work Duty of Loin harmony with the County Assembly, for the cal Unions. general good of the party, and the government of their respective counties.

ARTICLE IV.

WHO MAY VOTE IN THE UNIONS.

Each Local Union shall keep a register of all Register of its members in good standing, and only such Membershall be allowed to vote for the nomination of elective officers and party representatives.

ARTICLE V.

PROPOSALS FOR NOMINATIONS.

- SECTION 1. Any member of a Local Union, Proposition in good standing, may propose a nominee for for Nomina-any office by registering the name and residence of the nominee, together with his own, with the Secretary of the Union.
- SEC. 2. It shall be the duty of the Secretary Nominees to record the same, with the name of the office to be registrous.
- Sec. 3. The register shall be closed to further register nominations thirty days previous to the nominating election, and no person shall be entitled to a nomination except as herein provided.
- Sec. 4. No person shall be nominated by Acceptance any member unless he shall have first consented tion. to accept the nomination if elected.
- SEC. 5. It shall be the duty of all persons Duty of proposed for nomination to come before the Unions, if possible, and discuss the industrial interests of the State and Nation.

Election for nominations

SEC. 6.. Not less than thirty days after the closing of the register or record of nominations, all the Unions within the State or county shall hold an election on the same day, by ballot, to determine what persons so proposed in the Local Unions are the choice of the members for nominees of the party.

ARTICLE VI.

UNION BOARDS OF ELECTION FOR THE NOMI-NATION OF OFFICERS—THEIR POWERS AND DUTIES DEFINED.

Board of

Section 1. Each Local Union shall elect a Canvassers. Board of Canvassers prior to each election. Before entering upon the discharge of their duties they shall be duly sworn to perform them fairly and honestly.

Supervision

Sec. 2. It shall be their duty to supervise of Elections. each election, and to count all the votes cast in their respective Union organization.

Publishing election returns for

SEC. 3. They shall publish the result of all ballotings immediately, and forward a copy of nomination the same to the President of the County Board of Election, reserving a copy thereof, which shall be filed with the Secretary of the Union.

ARTICLE VII.

THE COUNTY ASSEMBLY AND COUNTY BOARDS OF ELECTION—THEIR POWERS AND DUTIES DEFINED.

Of what composed.

Section 1. The County Assembly shall be composed of the Local Union Presidents of the County, and shall meet from time to time, being a continuous body.

- Sec. 2. They shall elect from their own of what members a County Board of Election, whose composed duty it shall be to canvass the aggregate vote of all the Unions in their respective counties.
- SEC. 3. Said County Board shall publish Publishing immediately the result of all ballotings, reservition returns ing a copy thereof, which shall be filed with the for nomination. Secretary of the Assembly.
- SEC. 4. They shall make returns to the Report to President of the State Board of Election of all of Election. votes cast for State, Territorial and National nominations.
- Sec. 5. The persons receiving the highest Nominanumber of votes cast for each of the respective clared. county offices shall be declared duly nominated by the County Board of Election.
- Sec. 6. The County Board of Election, at To elect deltheir first session after each State election, shall state Board also elect for the ensuing term two of its mem- of Election. bers as delegates to the State Board of Election.
- SEC. 7. The State delegates shall carry for County reward a certified copy of all the votes of their carried for respective counties for State, Territorial and ward by National nominees to the State Board of Elec-gates. tion. Said delegates shall constitute the State Board of Election. They shall hold office until their successors are elected.
- SEC. 8. Before entering upon the discharge Members of of their duties the members of the County Boards of Board of Election shall be duly sworn to per-Election to form them fairly and honestly.

ARTICLE VIII.

STATE AND TERRITORIAL BOARDS OF ELECTION FOR THE NOMINATION OF OFFICERS-THEIR POWERS AND DUTIES DEFINED.

Of what composed. Time of meeting.

SECTION 1. The State and Territorial Boards of Election shall be composed of two delegates. from each County Board of Election, and shall meet at the capital of the State or Territory immediately after the nominating election, and count the aggregate vote of all the counties in their respective States or Territories for State, Territorial and National nominees.

Nominations declared.

Sec. 2. They shall declare the persons receiving the highest number of votes for the State, Territorial, and Congressional offices, duly nominated to the same.

Publishing State Election.

SEC. 3. They shall publish the result of all State Election returns ballotings immediately, and forward a copy therefor Nomina- of to the NATIONAL BOARD OF ELECTION of all votes cast for President and Vice-President. reserving a copy thereof, which shall be filed as a part of its permanent record.

Sec. 4. Before entering upon the discharge Members of State of State Boards to be of their duties, they shall be sworn to discharge sworn. them fairly and honestly.

To elect delegates to a National Board of Election.

SEC. 5. The State and Territorial Board of Election shall also elect two of their members as delegates to the NATIONAL BOARD OF ELEC-TION.

State returns to be carried forward by National Delegates.

Sec. 6. The National Delegates shall carry a copy of said State and Territorial returns to the President of the NATIONAL BOARD OF ELEC-Said National Board shall consist of said TION. State and Territorial delegates.

ARTICLE IX.

NATIONAL BOARD OF ELECTION FOR THE NOMI-NATION OF OFFICERS—ITS POWERS AND DUTIES DEFINED.

- SECTION 1. The NATIONAL BOARD OF ELEC-Of what TION shall consist of two delegates from each State and Territorial Board of Election.
- Sec. 2. It shall meet in the city of Wash-Time of ington within twenty days after each National Meeting. Nominating Election.
- Sec. 3. It shall receive and count the aggre-Counting gate vote cast for the nomination of President Vote. and Vice-President of the United States, in the several States and Territories of the Union.
- Sec. 4. It shall declare the persons receiving Nominathe highest number of votes for President and clared. Vice-President duly nominated to those offices respectively, and issue certificates to that effect to the persons so nominated.

They shall report their action to the Executive Officers of the several States and Territories of the Union.

SEC. 5. Before entering upon the discharge Members of of their duties they shall be duly sworn to dis-Board to be charge them fairly and honestly.

All public officers nominated by this system shall be voted for at the general election, County, State, Territorial or National, against any other party nomination.

ARTICLE X.

STATE INDUSTRIAL ASSEMBLIES—TO ADOPT A PLATFORM—THEIR POWERS AND DUTIES DEFINED.

Nomination, Election, and Composition. Section 1. There shall be a State Industrial Assembly, nominated and elected directly from the Local Unions for each term, representing the industrial classes of each State and Territory, consisting of two persons for each one hundred members of each Local Union.

Meetings.

SEC, 2. They shall meet at the call of the State President and Secretary in due time for the State campaign.

Adoption of platform.

SEC. 3. They shall consider and discuss the industrial interests of the State and Nation, and adopt a proposed code of laws and the repeal of unjust laws, and embody the same in a State platform, which shall be referred to the whole people at their general election, State, Territorial or National, as the case may be.

Term of office.

SEC. 4. Their term of office shall be for the incoming term, and until their successors are elected. This will be about five months before each nominating State election.

Members to be sworn.

SEC. 5. Before entering upon the discharge of their duties they shall be duly sworn to perform their labors fairly and honestly, in the interests of the poor and industrial classes of the people, to the best of their knowledge and ability.

ARTICLE XI.

NATIONAL INDUSTRIAL ASSEMBLY TO ADOPT A PLATFORM — ITS POWERS AND DUTIES DE-FINED.

Section 1. There shall be a National In-Nominadustrial Assembly nominated and elected directly tion and from the Local Unions for each Presidential Composition. term, consisting of three or not more than six persons from each State, one or two from each Territory in the Union.

- SEC. 2. It may meet annually, pursuant to Objects of. adjournment or at the call of its president, to consider and discuss the laws, measures and the policy of the States and Nation; the principles of our industrial and financial economy; to gather, arrange and publish statistics and facts respecting finance, education, production, hours of labor, and the distribution of profits between capital and labor, and determine the measures best adapted to promote the welfare of the Nation and all its people.
- Sec. 3. They shall adopt a proposed code of To adopt a laws and the repeal of unjust laws, and embody platform. the same in a platform for National Industrial Party.
- Sec. 4. The first National Assembly shall To elect elect the National Executive officers of the party executive for the ensuing term, and thereafter until the officers. members of the Local Unions throughout their organization shall do the same. They shall hold office until their successors are elected, and shall constitute the National Executive officers.
- SEC. 5. It shall be the duty of the executive Duties of National officers to call upon the several States and Ter-Executive ritories to make nominations for President and officers.

Vice-President in due time for the campaign. The City of Washington, D. C., is hereby designated as the place of meeting of the first National Industrial Assembly, and thereafter to

be named by it on its adjournment.

To be sworn Sec. 6. Before entering upon the discharge of their duties, they shall be duly sworn to perform their duties fairly, honestly and justly, to the laboring poor and industrial classes, to the accumulation of wealth and the comforts of life, to the best of their knowledge and ability.

ARTICLE XII.

LEGISLATIVE DEPARTMENT — TO DRAFT AND ADOPT LAWS ONLY—ITS POWERS AND DUTIES DEFINED.

Duties of Legislators. It shall be the duty of all legislators elected by the Industrial Party to draft, support and defend all laws required by the platform of the party, and to labor earnestly for the repeal of all existing laws condemned by said platform. No member of any legislative body in the State or Nation, elected by the Industrial Party, shall have the right to introduce any proposed law or bill not named in the party platform; nor shall he support by his influence or vote, any proposed law introduced by a member of any other party, not in harmony with the principles and policy of his party as embodied in its platform.

ARTICLE XIII.

LOCAL UNIONS FOR POLITICAL EDUCATION—
THEIR POWERS AND DUTIES DEFINED.

To secure Proper legisbut the duty of the Unions to watch their representatives while performing their duty as legis-

lators, but no Union has the right to instruct any legislator elected by the Industrial Party, in regard to any State policy that is or is not embodied in the platform, except such special laws as affect their respective counties and introduced by a member of another party.

SEC. 2. It shall also be the right and duty To educate of the Unions to discuss the laws and policy of the people the State and Nation, the principles upon which science of our political and industrial system of economy ment. is based, respecting finance, rates of interest, education, labor, home industry, tariff, land and all other questions involving the comforts, protection and happiness of a free people, and the favorable evolution of future generations.

ARTICLE XIV.

EXECUTIVE DEPARTMENTS OF STATE AND NA-TION—THEIR POWERS AND DUTIES DEFINED.

SEC. 1. The party President, Vice-President, Executive Secretary and Treasurer, elected by the Unions Officers. throughout the party organizations, to serve in County, State, Territorial and National capacity, shall constitute the Executive Officers in their

respective departments.

SEC. 2. When an election is to be held, the Call for elec-President and Secretary shall call for the same tion. in due time. They shall also call for the election of State, Territorial and National Assemblies,

SEC. 3. Said officers shall have power to fill To fill vaall vacancies that may occur, in the nomination cancies and of officers, by death or otherwise, in the absence office. of action on the part of the Unions to fill the same. Their term of office shall continue during the State or National campaign, or until their

provide for mass meetings, parades, and so forth.

successors are elected, unless sooner dismissed by a majority vote of all the Unions in their re-

spective departments.

Executive officers tary and Treasurer of the party, whether Assemblies. County, State, Territorial or National, shall be members of the Industrial Assemblies in their respective departments.

ARTICLE XV.

BREACH OF TRUST.

Committees on Charges.

SEC. 1. The President and Secretary of the party, Local Unions, County, State, Territorial or National, shall, on good evidence presented, call for appropriate Committees in their respective departments, for the examination and trial of accused legislators.

Trial of Officers. SEC. 2. Any officer who, in the discharge of his official duties, is accused of neglect or transgressing or infracting the principles of the party which elected him, shall be tried in open session by a Committee, Municipal, County, State, Territorial or National, representing the constituency that elected him, and therein find exoneration or political death. A legislator or officer found guilty of betraying his trust, shall resign his office when properly called so to do.

Charges to be made in writing. SEC. 3. No charge shall be entertained against any member of the party, unless made in writing by a member of the same in good standing.

ARTICLE XVI.

BY - LAWS.

Rules of Order.

SECTION 1. The Local Unions, County, State,
Territorial, and National Boards of Election, and
Industrial Assemblies, shall each make By-Laws

and Rules of Order for their own government, consistent with and subject to this system of organization and government of the NATIONAL INDUSTRIAL PARTY.

SEC. 2. All of said bodies or departments Qualification of Memshall also determine the qualifications of their bership. own members

ARTICLE XVII.

FINANCIAL SYSTEM.

The Financial System of the National Indus-Collection trial Party shall be as follows:

First.—The Local Unions shall collect an initiation fee of twenty-five cents, and ten cents monthly dues from each member.

This shall be collected by the Financial Secretary and paid over to the Treasurer, taking

his receipt therefor.

Second.—All moneys collected as dues and fees shall be apportioned as follows:

For the use of the Local Unions, seventy-five

per cent:

For the use of the County Assembly, twenty per cent;

For the use of the State Assembly, two per cent:

For the use of the State Board of Election,

one per cent:

For the use of the National Assembly and the National Board of Election, one per cent each.

This shall be the general fund of the party.

The Treasurer of each Local Union shall forward twenty-five per cent of all moneys received by the Union to the Secretary of the

Collection and Disbursement of Funds. County Assembly every quarter, who will turn the same over to the County Assembly Treasurer.

Whenever the State Industrial Assembly shall convene, the County Treasurer, on the order of the County Assembly, shall forward to the Secretary of the State Assembly, eight per cent of all moneys collected by the County Assembly since the meeting of the last State Industrial Assembly. This money shall be turned over to the Treasurer of the State Assembly for its own use.

Whenever the State Board of Election shall convene, the County Treasurer, on the order of the County Assembly, shall forward to the Secretary of the State Board of Election, four per cent of all moneys collected by the County Assembly during the time intervening between the last two sessions of the State Industrial Assembly. The Secretary will turn this money over to the Treasurer of the Board of Election for its own use.

Twenty days before the meeting of the National Industrial Assembly, the Treasurer of the County Assembly shall forward, by order of the Assembly, to the Secretary of the State Executive Department, eight per cent of all moneys collected by the County Assembly since the last apportionment to the National Industrial Assembly. This money shall be turned over to the Treasurer of the State Executive Department for the use of the National Industrial Assembly and the National Board of Election, and shall be disbursed by the Treasurer as follows:

Seventy-five per cent of all moneys received by him for this purdose shall be forwarded by him to the Secretary of the National Industrial Assembly. The Secretary will turn this over Collection to the Treasurer of the National Assembly for and Distursment its own use.

Whenever the National Board of Election shall convene, the Treasurer of the State Executive department will forward, on the order of the President and Secretary, the remaining twenty-five per cent held by him to the Secretary of the National Board of Election, who will turn it over to the Treasurer of the National Board for its own use. In all cases where money is transferred from one department to another, the order shall be duly recorded in the regular minutes of the meeting, and proper receipts shall be taken therefor and be placed on file.

ARTICLE XVIII.

INCIDENTAL QUESTIONS.

All questions arising not herein provided for, Incidental within the jurisdiction of each department, Local, How destions. State, Territorial and National, shall be determined termined by a majority vote in each case.

ARTICLE XIX.

AMENDMENTS.

National Assembly.

The details of this plan shall govern the Na-How made, tional Industrial Party. It shall be altered or amended only by propositions made by members of the Unions, and with the approval of a majority vote of all the Union members in each State of the National Union, together with a majority vote of all their representatives in the

NATIONAL BOARD OF ELECTION

FOR THE ELECTION OF PRESIDENT AND VICE-PRESIDENT—THE PLAN OF THE NATIONAL INDUSTRIAL PARTY.

When a general election is to be held for the election of President and Vice-President by a *popular* vote. There shall be not less than two persons elected from each State and Territory to act instead of electors.

Their duty shall be to carry forward to the National Board of Election at Washington, D. C., the returns of their respective States and Territories, and there count the aggregate of all votes cast for President and Vice-President. The persons receiving the highest number of votes for said offices shall be declared duly elected President and Vice-President of the United States, and certificates to that effect shall be issued to said persons by said Board of Election.

NOTE ON POPULAR ELECTION.

The plan here presented for the election of President and Vice-President (by a popular vote) is one that will harmonize with the nominative and elective system of the National Industrial Party, and we believe it will commend itself to the thoughtful consideration of every honest, intelligent voter in the country. We believe there is no valid reason why the President, Vice-President and State Senators should not be elected by popular vote, and we believe that at no distant day they will be so elected, and consequently more in harmony with a people's government.

The plan is therefore inserted here for the consideration of all parties looking forward to the time when the nomination and election of President and Vice-President and Senators shall be by direct vote of the people.—The Author.







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