$$
\begin{aligned}
& \text { UC-NRLF } \\
& \|\|\|\|\|\|\|\| \\
& \vdots B \quad 3 \square I \quad \exists 64
\end{aligned}
$$

Poss
54

# N Jon 

THETH:

## SCHOOL BULLETIN PUBLICATIO

This series of Books for Teachers began with the issue in 187 Common School Law for Cominon School Teachers. Within six J more than one hundred books were issued, with an aggregate amondiner throo hundred thonsand conies. That no teacher's lib
$\qquad$ University of California. CIFT OF


Class


Aids to School Discipline, containing 80 Certificates, 120 Checks, 200 Cards, 100 Single and Half Merits. Per box.- 1 Supplied separately, per hundred, Half Merits, 15 cts; Cards, 15 cts; Checks, 40 cts; Certificates, 50 cts.
Alden (Joseph) First Principles of Political Economy. Cloth, 16 mo., pp. 153
Bradford (W. H.) The Thirty Possible Problems of Percentage. embracing a full and exhaustive discussion of the theory of General Percentage, with one hundred illustrative examples. Second edition, revised and enlarged. Flexible Cloth, 16mo., pp. 34
Beche (Levi N.) First Steps among Figures. A Drill Book in the Fundamental Rules of Arithmetic, based upon the Grube Method. Teacher's Edition. Cloth, $16 \mathrm{mo} ., \mathrm{pp} .326$

Pupll's Edition. Cloth, 16mo., pp. 143 $\qquad$
Buckham (Henry B.) HANDBOOKS FOR YOUNG TEACHERS. No 1, FIRST STEPS. Cloth, 24 mo., pp. 152

Ño. 2, Lessuns and Discipline. in preparation.
ardeen (C. W.) Common School Law. A digest of statute and common law as to the relations of the Teacher to the Pupil, the Parent, and the District. With 400 references to legal decisions in 21 different states. To which are added the 1400 questions given at the first seven New York Examinations for State Certificates. 7th thousand. Cloth, 12mo., pp. 188 and Appendix

- Roderick Hume. The story of a New York Teacher. Cloth, 16mo., pp. 295
ulletin Blank Speller. Designed by Principal H. B. Buckham, Buffalo Normal School. Boards, $5 \frac{8}{4} \times 7 \frac{1}{2}$, round corners, pp. 40
-Book-Keeping Blanks. Day-Book, Journal, Ledger, Cash Book, Sales Book. In sets or singly. Press board, $7 \times 8 \frac{1}{2}$, pp. 28.... ..... 15
-Composition Book. Designed by Principal H. B. Buckham, Buffalo Normal School. Manilla,7x9, pp. 34 ..... 15
—Class Register. Designed by Edward Smith, Superintendent ofSchools, Syracuse, N. Y. Press board covers, Tico Sizes. (a)$6 \times 7$, for terms of twenty weeks, (b) $5 \times 7$, for terms of fourteenweeks. When not otherwise specified the smaller size is alwayssent. Pp. 4825
-School Ruler, marked on one side by inches and metres, and containing on the back an Immense amount of condensed sta- tistical information. Two Styles. (a) Manilla, 12 inch, (b) Card- board, 6 inch. Each 3 cts. Per hundred. ..... 100
olored Crayon, for Blackboard, per box of one dozen, ninedifferent colors-Red, orange, yellow, green, lake, brown,light brown, blue, lilac.25
ommon School Thermometer, in box, post-paid. ..... 50
ooke (Sidney G.) Politics and Schools. Paper, 8vo., pp. 23. ..... 25
raig (Asa H.) The Question Book. A general review of Com-mon School Studies, to be used in schools in connection withtext-books. Invaluable to teachers as a means of giving aNormal Training. 42d Thousand. Cloth, 12mo., pp. 340....150e Graff (E. V.) PRACTICAL PHONICS. A comprehensivestudy of Pronunciation, forming a complete guide to the studyof the elementary sounds of the English Language, and con-taining 3000 words of difficult pronunciation, with diacriticalmarks according to Webster's Dictionary. Cloth, 12mo.,pp. 108-POCKET PRONUNCIATION BOOK, containing the 3000words of difficult pronunciation, with diacritical marks accord-ing to Webster's Dictionary. Manilla, 16mo., pp. 47......15
-The School Room Guide, embodying the instruction given bythe author at Teachers' Institutes in New York and otherStates, and especially intended to assist Public School Teach-ers in the practical work of the school-room. Tenth Edition,with many additions and corrections. Cloth, 12mo., pp. 449 .
-The Song Budget. A collection of Songs and Music for schoolsand educational gatherings. Paper, small 4to., pp. 72.1:
-The School-Room Chorus. A collection of 200 Songs, suitable
for Public and Private Schools. Boards, small 4to., pp. 147.-

Digitized by the Internet Archive in 2008 with funding from Microsoft Corporation

## Regents' Questions

From the First Examination in 1866.

Being the Questions for the Preliminary Examinations FOR ADMISSION TO THE

# UNIVERSITY OF THE STATE OF NEW YORK prepared by the 

## REGENTS OH THE UNIVERSITY,

And Participated in Simultaneously by Nearly Two Hundred and Fifty Academies, forming a Basis for
Distributing More than a Million of Dollars.

## compleed by

DANIEL J. PRA'TT, A. M., Ph.D.,

Assistant Secretary, Regents of the University.

## 



SYRACUSE, N. Y.
c. W. Barideen, publisher. 1882.

Copyright, 1877, 1880, by C. W. Bardeen

## The Regents' Questions.


#### Abstract

Since 1866 the Regents of the State of New York have held examination three times a year in all the Academies and Academic Departments of the Union Schools, granting certifycaters to such pupils as pass satisfactorily. and apportioning upon these certificates a large sum of money among the schools of the state. As pupils begin the study of the higher branches after pasting this examination, the questions are made to embrace all that is practical in the above branches. In all these 9,000 questions not a single unimportant or "catch " question can be found. They are now used as textbooks in many of the leading schools of the country. Cornell University, and most other colleges, recognizing their practical character, now admit, without any further examination upon these subjects, pupils who have passed an examination upon thee e questions. Students must pass these examinations before they are admilted to Teachers' Classes in Academies, and by the new rules of the New York Court of Appeals, applicants for examination or for clerkship, shall, if not college graduates, first pass one of these examinations.


The following TEN EDITIONS are published :

1. The Regents' Questions in Arithmetic, Geography,
Grammar and Spelling, complete, with Keys to the
Arithmetic, Geography and Grammar Questions,
$\mathbf{1 6 m o .}$ cloth.........................................................
2. The Regents' Questions in Arithmetic, Geography, Grammar and Spelling, Complete, cloth.............. 1.00
3. The Regents' Questions in Arithmetic, manilla, cloth bael ..... 25
4. Fey to the same, manilla, cloth back ..... 25
5. The same, each on slip, of Card-bord, in box, with key ..... 1.00
6. The Regents' Questions in Geography, manilla, cloth back ..... 25
7. Key to the same, manilla, cloth back ..... 25
8. The Regents' Questions in Grammar, manilla, cloth back ..... 25
9. The Resents' Questions in Grammar, with Key, with references upon every point to all the leading text- books now in use, thus forming a Comparative Englisit Grammar, cloth ..... 1.00
10. The Regents' Questions in Spelling manilla, cloth back ..... 25
Any of the above will be sent by mail, post-paid, on receiptof the prices annexed.

Address,

C. W. BARDEEN, Publisher,

## THE <br> REGENTS' QUESTIONS.

## ARITHMETIC.

Examination I. Nov. 8, 1866.

1. Write in figures each of the following numbers, add them, and express in words (or numerate) their sum: fifty-six thousand, and fourteen thousandths; nineteen, and nineteen hundredths; fifty-seven, and forty-erght ten-thousandths; twenty-three thousand five, and four tenths; and fourteen millionths.
2. What is the difference between $3 \frac{3}{4}$ plus $7 \frac{5}{8}$, and 4 plus $2 \frac{2}{4}$ ?
3. In multiplying by more than one figure, where is the first figure in each partial product written, and why is it so written ?
4. If the divisor is 19 , the quotient 37 , and the remainder 11, what is the dividend ?
5. What is the quotient of 65 bu .1 pk .3 qt . divided by 12 ?
6. Which one of the fundamental operations (or ground rules) of arithmetic is employed in reduction descending? Give an example.
7. In exchanging gold dust for cotton, by what weight would each be weighed?
8. What is the only even prime number?
9. How many weeks in $8,568,456$ minutes?
10. To what term in division does the value of a common fraction correspond?
11. What is the product of a fraction multiplied by its denominator? Give an example.
12. What is the rule for the multiplication of decimals?
13. How is a common fraction reduced to a decimal? Give an example.

14, What is ratio and how may it be expressed? Illustrate by an example.
15. If 27 tons, $3 \mathrm{qr} .15 \mathrm{1b}$. of coal cost $\$ 217.83$, what will 119 tons 1 qr. 10 Hb . cost?
16. Find the cost of the several articles, and the amount of the following bill:

$$
\text { Utica, Oct. } 1,1866 .
$$

A. P. Jewett to Samuel Pafmer, Dr.

Received payment,
Samuel Palmer.
17. What is the length of the side of a cubical box which contains 389,017 solid inches?
18. What is the present worth of the following note disccunted at bank, and when will it become due:-
$\$ 100$.
Albany, October 11, 1866.
Ninety days from date, for value received, I promise to pay to the order of John Smith, one hundred dollars, at the Albany City National Bank. John Brown.
19. Involve $\frac{5}{8}$ to the 7 th power.
20. What is the square root of .0043046721 ?
21. Sold $3 \frac{1}{6}$ cwt. of sugar at $\$ 8 \frac{1}{4}$ per cwt., and thereby lost 12 per cent.: how much was the whole cost?
22. A person owned $\frac{5}{8}$ of a mine, and sold $\frac{8}{4}$ of his interest for $\$ 1,710$ : what was the value of the entire mine?
23. When it is $2 \mathrm{hr} .36^{\prime} \mathrm{A}$. m., at the Cape of Good Hope, in longitude $18^{\circ} 24^{\prime}$ east, what is the time at Cape Horn, in longitude $67^{\circ} \leadsto 1^{\prime}$ west?
24. What is the cost of 17 tons 18 cwt .1 qr. 17 tb . of potash at $\$ 53.80$ per ton?

Examination II. March 1, 1867.
25. Express in words the number 4256:000129301.
26. Multiply five hundred and forty thousand six hundred and nine, by seventeen hundred and fifty.
27. Give the rule for reduction descending.
28. How many steps of $2 \frac{2}{2} \mathrm{ft}$. each would a man take in walking a mile?
29. How is a whole number reduced to a fraction of the same value having a given denominator?
30. What is the value of $\frac{8}{5}$ of $\frac{9}{3}$ of $\frac{1}{4}$ of $\frac{1}{2}$ when reduced to a simple fraction of the lowest terms?
31. Give the rule for reducing several fractions to equivalent fractions having the least common denominator.
32. Add $3 \frac{2}{3}$ to $4 \frac{21}{38}$.
33. Write in figures, two and six hundred-millionths.
34. Reduce 1375-8836 to a decimal.
35. Multiply seven thousand and five, by three hundred, and five millionths.
36. Divide 126.45 by 493.256 .

37 . The ratio of two numbers is 9 , and the antecedent 90: what is the consequent?
38. Find the value of the omitted term in the following proportion:-

$$
\$ 4:(?):: 9: 16 .
$$

39. If 56 Hb . of butter cost $\$ 15.68$, what will .078 of a ton cost?
40. If 96 horses eat 192 tons of hay in one winter, how many tons will 150 horses eat in 6 winters?
41. In 1 yr. 4 mo., $\$ 311.50$ amounted to $\$ 336.42$ at simple interest: what was the rate per cent?
42. What is the interest of $\$ 14,231.50$ from June 29, 1860 , to April 30, 1865, at $8 \frac{1}{4}$ per cent?
43. Three notes are payable as follows:-one for $\$ 200$, January 1,1866 ; another for $\$ 350$, due Septem. ber 1, 1865 ; a third for $\$ 500$, due April 1, 1867: what is the average of maturity, or the equated time of payment?
44. How much will it cost to carpet a parlor 18 ft . square, with carpeting $\frac{8}{4} \mathrm{yd}$. wide, at $\$ 1.50$ per yd.?
45. The difference in the local time of two places is 2 hr .18 m .: what is the difference in longitude?
46. 33 is 28 per cent. of what number?
47. What is the length of each side of a square field which contains 5 acres?
48. A note for $\$ 470.66$ drawn at 60 days, is dis-
counted at bank at 6 per cent.: what are the proceeds?

Examination III. Fune 14, 1867.
49. Express in figures MDFITCDLXXXIX.
50. Perform the operationsindicated as follows:-
51. Numerate (or express in words) 90067236708 .
52. What is the sum of $3912,361,40005,98,7368$ $63,8342,2900687,9,4000862,28$ ?
53. If two persons start from the same place, and travel in the same direction, one 7 and the other 11 miles per hour, at the rate of 9 hours per day, how far apart will they be at the end of the 17th day?
54. What is the amount due on the following bill of parcels:

Albany, June 1, 1866.
John Barnes,
Bought of NATHAN HADLEY \& Co., 16 lb . tea, @ 1.05 $-\$$ 18 Ib. sugar, © .14 25 Ib . rice, @ . 09
15 yd. linen, @. 66
Cr.
$\$$
By balance of account, - $\quad-\quad-\quad 2.48$
Balance due, - - - $\$$
Received payinent, N. Hadley, \& Co.
55. State the process of reducing inches to leagues.
56. How many bu. will a box 8 ft . long, 4 ft . wide, and 3 ft . high contain?
57. Add $\frac{98}{67}$, $\frac{8}{4}$ and $\frac{17}{101}$.
58. Reduce 1049-8392 to its lowest terms.
59. Give the rule for reducing fractions having different denominators to equivalent fractions having the least common denominator.
60. Multiply $18 \frac{5}{9}$ by $7 \frac{4}{5}$.
61. Express in figures, forty-seven, and twentyone hundred-thousandths.
62. Divide 2019.86928 by $30 \frac{1}{205}$.
63. If 9 men cut 150 acres of grass in 18 days, how many will do the same work in 27 days?
64. If 500 copies of a book containing 210 pages require 12 reams of paper, how much will 1,200 copies of a book of 280 pages require?
65. What is the value in currency of $\$ 865$ in gold, when the latter is selling at 131 per cent?
66. What is the interest on $\$ 200$ for 3 years and 10 months, at 7 per cent?
67. In what time will a sum of money double itself at an annual interest of 5 per cent?
68. What is the face of a note at 30 days, which yields $\$ 500$ when discounted at bank, at 7 per cent?
70. Extract the square root of .0043046721.
71. Involve 1.06 to the 4 th porver.
72. What debt can be discharged in a year by weekly payments in arithmetical progression, the first being $\$ 24$, and the last $\$ 1,224$ ?

## Examination IV. Nov. 8, 1867.

> 73. Express words in 2584503962047 .
> 74. $2468+13579+100+6042+187+19=$ ?
75. What is the difference between $576-208+1645$ -321 , and $403-256+814-195$ ?
76. Multiply forty-nine millions forty thousand six hundred and ninety-seven, by nine millions forty thousand seven hundred and nine.
77. One factor of a certain number is 11 , and the other 3708311605 : what is that number?
78. If the remainder is 17 , the quotient 610 , and the dividend $45 \% 67$, what is the divisor?
79. What cost 3 A. 2 R. 20 rd . of land, at $\$ 43$ per acre?
80. What is the difference of time between July 15, 1857, and April 25, 1862:
81. Add $\left\{\begin{array}{rlllrr}\text { T. } & \text { cwt. } & \text { qr. } & \text { tt. } & \text { oz. } & \text { dr. } \\ 14 & 13 & 2 & 15 & 15 & 15 \\ 13 & 17 & 3 & 13 & 11 & 13 \\ 46 & 16 & 3 & 11 & 13 & 10 \\ 14 & 15 & 2 & 7 & 6 & 9 \\ 11 & 17 & 3 & 10 & 15 & 11 \\ & - & - & - & - & -\end{array}\right.$
82. Find the greatest common divisor of 492,744 and 1044.
83. Divide 137 Ib. 9 oz. 18 pwt. 22 gr. by 23.
84. From $\frac{2}{8}$ of 137 subtract $\frac{1}{2}$ of 317 .
85. Write eleven thousand, and eleven hundredthousandths, (the whole as a single expression.)
86. Multiply . 0097 by .000125.
87. Divide 475 by 1285.
88. What cost $\frac{11}{13}$ of an acre at $\$ 1.75$ per sq. rod?
89. Divide 9811.0047 by . 325947 .

90 . Reduce $18 \mathrm{~s} .3 \frac{8}{4}$ d. to the decimal of a $£$,
91. Find the third term of $7: 8::($ ? $): 12$.
92. If $2 \frac{1}{4} \mathrm{yd}$. of broadcloth cost $\$ 18$, what will 27 yd. cost?
93. If 8 men spend $\$ 64$ in 13 weeks, what will 12 men spend in 52 weeks?
94. Find the interest on $\$ 35.61$ from Nov. 11, $185 \%$ to Dec. 15, 1859, at 6 per cent.
95. What is the bank discount on a note for $\$ 350$, payable 3 months after date, at 7 per cent. interest?

96 . Find the square root of .876096 .

## Examination V. Feb. 21, 1868.

97. Add together 15262986957 and 3879 , and multiply the 19 th part of the sum by 76.
98. Subtract nine hundred and fourteen thousand nine hundred and twenty, from four hundred millions and thirteen thousand.
99. A wheel makes 880 revolutions in passing over $2 \mathrm{mi} .1,430 \mathrm{yd} .:$ what is its circumference?
100. Reduce 49 wk .6 da. 19 hr . to minutes.
101. Find the greatest common divisor of 4004 and 5772.
102. Find the least common multiple of $25,36,33$, 12, 45.
103. Divide $52 \mathrm{yd} .1 \mathrm{ft} .10 \frac{1}{2} \mathrm{in}$. by $3 \frac{13}{17}$.
104. Heduce $3 \frac{9}{9}$ of $1 \frac{7}{32}$ of $2 \frac{5}{14}$ to a decimal.
105. Find the value of 169 multiplied by .0000728 .
106. Find the value of $25.000315-.0045$ plus .2801 minus 18 plus 21.001 .
107. Divide the number 54 into 3 parts, proportioned as 2, 3, 4.
108. If for a certain sum 18 shesp may be grazed 20 days, how many days may 30 sheep be grazed for the same sum?
109. How many acres could 10 men plow in 14 hours, if 5 men plough 6 acres in $10 \frac{1}{2}$ hours?
110. Standard silver is composed of 37 parts of pure silver, and 3 parts of copper: how much per cent. of the whole is each of the components?
111. If I buy cloth at $\$ 1.20$ per yard, how must I sell it so as to gain 25 per cent?
112. Divide $\$ 1,200$ between A. and B. so that A's. share may be to B's. as 2 to 7 .
113. Divide 6 s .6 d. between Jane and Ellen, so that Jane may receive 3 s . more than Ellen.
114. What is the value of the square root of $42 \times 24 \times 28$ ?
115. How much coffee at 9,11 and 14 cents a pound, will form a mixture worth 12 cents a pound?
116. When the extremes and the number of terms in an arithmetical series are given, how is the sum of the series ascertained?
117. The surface of a square table is 26 sq . feet, 100 in. : find the length of each side.
118. How many square yards of matting would cover a floor, the dimensions of which are 20 ft .10 in., by 15 ft . $5 \frac{1}{7} \mathrm{in}$. ?
119. What sum of money will in 3 years, 10 mo. and 9 days at 7 per cent. amount to $\$ 1,524.10$ ?
120. I have three notes payable as follows: one for $\$ 200$, due Jan. 1, 1869 ; another for $\$ 350$, due Sept. 1, 1869; and another for $\$ 500$, due April 1, 18\%0: What is the average of maturity?

## Examination VI. Fune 5, 1868.

121. Express in figures the number represented by four units of the tenth order, six' of the eighth, four of the seventh, two of the sixth, one of the third, and five of the second.
122. Numerate the number represented by four units of the tenth order, six of the eighth, four of the seventh, two of the sixth, one of the third, and five of the second.
123. How may 25,000 be expressed in Roman numerals?
124. How is the local value of a figure determined, or upon what does it depend?
125. What is the sum of the composite numbers from 50 to 80 inclusive?
126. From sixty-five trillions three millions six hundred and twelve, take nine billions one million four thousand and six.
127. A tax of thirty millions fifty-six thousand four hundred and sixty-five dollars is assessed equally on four thousand and ninety-seven towns: what sum must each town pay?
128. Which of the fundamental rules is employed in reducing a denominate fraction to integers of lower denominations?
129. How many cubic inches does the standard unit of liquid measure contain?
130. How many cords of wood in a pile 140 ft . long, $4 \frac{1}{2} \mathrm{ft}$. wide, and $6 \frac{1}{2} \mathrm{ft}$. high ?
131. A stationer bought 1 great gross of slates at 9
pence each; what was the whole cost, in pounds sterling?
132. Of what factors of two or more numbers does their greatest common divisor consist?
133. What is the smallest sum of money with which horses can be bought at $\$ 50$ each, cows at $\$ 30$ each, or sheep at $\$ 8$ each, using the same amount in each case?
134. Express in words 0.500072 .
135. What number must be multiplied by $15_{\frac{2}{3}}^{2}$ that the product may be $56 \frac{1}{2}$ ?
136. How is the value of a fraction affected when its denominator is divided by a number greater than unity?
137. How do you multiply . 061 by 100,000 ?
138. What amount is due on the following items:?

| 37 chests green tea | at $\geqslant 23$ 5 5 each |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 42 " black " | ، |  | 50 |  |
| 12 crates Liverpool ware | ، |  |  |  |
| 19 bbl . Genesee flour | " | 15 |  |  |
| 23 bu. rye | " |  | 52 |  |

139. When are four quantities said to be in proportion?
140. If $\frac{4}{9}$ of the distance from A to B is 32 miles, what is $\frac{5}{1}: \frac{5}{2}$ of the same distance?
141. How is the rate per cent. ascertained when the principal, interest, and time are given.
142. If $\$ 300$ gain $\$ 18$ in nine months, what is the per cent?
143. What is the length, in feet and inches, of
each side of a square carpet, made from $49 \frac{1}{2} \mathrm{yd}$. of Brussels carpeting, $\frac{3}{4}$ yd. wide?
144. How is the last term of a geometrical series found, the first term, raito, and number of terms being given?

Examination VII. Nov. 13, 1868.
145. Express in figures six hundred millions seventeen thousand three hundred and eight.
146. What is the sum of $372856,404932,2704793$. 9078961, 304165, 207\%08, 41274, 375, 271, 34 and 6 ?
147. From sixty-five billions three millions six hundred and twelve, take nine billions one million four thousand and six.
148. One factor of a certain number is 11 , and the other $3 \% 08311605$ : what is that number?
149. What are the prime factors of 800 ?
150. If the quotient is 482 , and the divisor 281, what is the dividend?
151. If I take 13729 from the sum of 8762 and 14 967 , divide the remainder by 50 , and multiply the quotient by 19 , what is the product?
152. How many miles in 60,750 links?
153. What is the sum of $\frac{4}{25}$ of $9 \frac{3}{5}$, and $\frac{4}{21}$ of $328 \frac{2}{5}$ ?
154. Reduce $\frac{5}{7}$ of $\frac{14}{25}$ of $6 \frac{1}{5}$ of 17 to a simple fraction.
155. How many times is $\frac{5}{9}$ contained in 837 ?
156. Reduce $\frac{9}{25}$ of an acre to lower denominations.
157. Find the greatest common divisor of 492,744, 906.
158. What is the least common multiple (or dividend) of the nine digits?
159. Divide 0.01764144 by 0.0018 .
160. Reduce 7 fur. 29 rd . to the decimal of a mile.
161. What sum, at 7 per cent., will amount to $\$ 221.075$ in 3 years 4 months?
162. What is the amount of $\$ 1,200$ for 2 years at 6 per cent. compound interest, payable quarterly?
163. If $\$ 100$ gain $\$ 6$ in 1 year, what principal will gain $\$ 12$ in 8 months?
164. To what number has $\frac{1}{2}$ the same ratio as ex. ists between 3 and 21 ?
165. What number of men will be required to perform a piece of work in 8 days, that would take 15 men 24 days?
166. A. and B. enter into partnership. A. furnishes $\$ 240$ for 8 months; and B. $\$ 560$ for 5 months. They lost $\$ 118$. How much did each man lose?
167. What is the square root of 61723020.96 ?
168. How many cubic quarter-inches are contained in a cubic inch?

## 1

Examination VIII. Feb. 19, 1869.
169. Add the following numbers: One hundred and eight billions, three hundred and six; twenty-one billions, twenty thousands, two hundred and ten; thirty billions, twenty-nine millions and three.
170. Reduce 2,579,792 drams avoirclupois to highor denominations.
171. Reduce 1 mi .18 rd .2 yd .2 ft . to inches.
172. Multiply $\frac{2}{8}$ of $\frac{12}{7}$ by $3 \frac{1}{2} \div 16$.
173. Divide $\frac{3}{12}$ of $\frac{18}{21}$ by ${ }_{7}^{6}$.
174. Find the least common multiple of all the even numbers from 1 to 15 .
175. From the sum of $\frac{2}{3}$ and ${ }_{9}^{4}$ take ${ }_{18}^{5}$.
176. Add together $\frac{1}{403}$ hhd. and $\frac{2}{7}$ gill.
177. Multiply 30.6002 by two and one ten-thousandth.
178. Divide 4.08 by . 000136 .
179. Reduce $\frac{3}{135}$ to a decimal.
180. Reduce 8 oz .5 pwt. 3 gr . to the decimal of a 1 b .
181. If 21 men in 12 days can do certain work; how many men in 7 days could do $\frac{2}{3}$ as much?
182. How much will it cost to dig a cellar 40 ft . long, 32 ft . wide, and 5 ft . decp, at $\$ 0.25$ a cubic yard?
183. A. begins business with $\$ 500$; at the end of 2 months B. puts in $\$ 300$; at the end of 1 month more C. puts in $\$ 600$; at the end of 5 months more, the profits amount to $\$ 1,056$. What was each man's share?
184. 3 pence is what per cent. of 4 shillings?
185. What sum in 1 year will yield $\$ 48.75$ at $12 \frac{1}{2}$ per cent?
186. What is the bank discount on a note for $\$ 600$ for 2 months and 9 days, at 10 per cent. per annum?
187. I sell goods for $\$ 511.29$, and gain $9 \frac{1}{4}$ per cent. ; what did the goods cost me?
188. At what rate will $\$ 500$ yield $\$ 34$ interest in 1 year 1 month and 18 diys?
189. What is the compound interest of $\$ 200$ for 3 years at 7 per cent?
190. How much gold will $\$ 100$ currency buy, gold being at 147 ?
191. What is the square root of 403.6081 ?
192. What is the cube root of $\frac{1061298}{64000}$ ?

Examination IX. Fune 11, 1869 .
193. The factors of a number are three hundred ninety-seven thousand flve hundred, and nine thousand eight hundred. What is the product expressed in words?
194. If one man can mow 1.875 acres in a day, how many acres can 13 men mow in 7.5 days?
195. How many reams of commercial note paper each 8 in . long, 5 in . wide, and 3.5 in . thick, can be packed in a box, the inside dimensions of which are 3 , $41 \frac{2}{8}$, and $\frac{7}{\mathrm{~T}}$ feet respectively?
196. A note given May 10,1867 , was paid August 10, 1863. How long did the note run?
$196 a$. How long is a field containing 14 A ., if it is 35 rd . wide?
197. If I start from latitude $15^{\circ} 85^{\prime} 40^{\prime \prime}$ north, and travel due north 2,159 geographic miles, in what latitude shall I then be?
198. How many seconds in the circumference of a circle?
199. Is 217 a prime or a composite number?
200. The four sides of $m y$ garden are 168 ft ., 280 ft ., 182 ft ., and 252 ft . respectively: what is the great-
est length of boards that I can use in fencing it, without cutting any of them?
201. What is the smallest sum of money for which a person can purchase oxen at $\$ 85$ each, or cows at $\$ 35$ each?
202. The tide rose $\frac{5}{6} \mathrm{ft}$. one hour, 13 ft . the next, and $\frac{8}{4} \mathrm{ft}$. the third hour $:$ how much did it rise in the three hours?
203. How many square rods are there in a lot $15 \frac{4}{9}$ rods long, and $12 \frac{6}{7}$ rods wide?
204. If $\$_{5}^{2}$ qt. of strawberries cost $\$ \frac{39}{5}$, what is the price per qt.?

205 , The product of three factors is $19 \frac{1}{2}$, and two of them are $1_{9}^{4}$ and $2 \frac{5}{8}$ : what is the other.
206. Reduce 4 da. 4 hr . 48 mi . to the decimal of a week.
207. If 5 tons of coal are equal to 9 cords of wood for fuel, and a family burns 31.5 cords of wood in a year, how much will they save by changing from wood to coal, when wood is worth $\$ 4.25$ per cord, and coal $\$ 6.80$ per ton?
208. When it is $12{\text { o'clock m. at St. Paul, } 93^{\circ} 10^{\prime}}^{\prime}$ W. Longitude, what is the time at Richmond, $77^{\circ} 27^{\prime}$ W. ?
209. Reduce . 06875 to the form of a common fraction and to its lowest terms.
210. 24 is $\frac{2}{8}$ per cent. of what number?
211. What will $\$ 25,390$ amount to in 7 mo ., at 10 per cent?
212. When gold is worth 124, what amount of currency can be bought for $\$ 5,400$ in gold?
213. A's property is assessed at $\$ 6,750$, and B's at $\$ 13,575$. A's tax is $\$ 52.65$ : how much is B's?
214. Find the unknown term in the following proportion:
$7 \frac{1}{2}: 6 \frac{1}{4}::-: 5$
215. Find the unknown term in the following proportion:
$\qquad$
216. What is the square root of 1127750724 ?

Examination X. Nov, 11, 1869.
217. Add in figures, LXVI, MDXIX, CCIV, XVIII.
218. From sixty-eight million nine hundred thousand and six, take seven million two hundred thousand and two.
219. Six hundred and four is one factor, ninety-six thousand and seventy-three is the other: what is the product?
220. Which term in division corresponds with the product in multiplication?
221. Give the method of proving division.
222. Resolve 7498 into its prime factors.
223. Find the greatest common divisor of 505, 707, and 4343.
224. Of what is the least common multiple of several numbers the product?
225. Find the smallest number that exactly contains 78,156 and 390.
226. Express in words $\frac{40903}{706087}$.
227. Reduce 387 to eighty-fifths.
228. What is the cost of four fields, containing respectively $4 \frac{1}{9}, 3 \frac{1}{2}, 3 \frac{2}{3}$, and $1 \frac{1}{3}$ acres, at 825 an acre?
229. What is the iate per hour of a boat that goes $230 \frac{19}{20}$ miles in $18 \frac{1}{3}$ hours?
230. Write as a decimal, $\frac{3241}{1000000}$.
221. Required the area in acres, etc., of a piece of land 5 of a mite long and . 3 of a mile broad.
232. From 1 lb . Troy, take 10 oz .17 pwt .18 gr .
233. Sold $51 \%$ bbl. of flour for $\$ 8.10$ per bbl., at a proit of 8 per cent. ; what was the whole cost?
234. $1 \mathrm{rd} .: \frac{1}{2} \mathrm{ft}$. : : ? : $\$ 0.50$.
235. $\binom{3}{3}^{4}=$ ?
236. What is the square root of .0011943936 ?
237. What is the amount of $\$ 50$, at compound in terest for 3 years, at 8 per cent., interest payable halfyearly?
238. A note for Refe6, dated September 7, 1863, $^{4}$ was endorsed as follows: Received, March 22, 1864, $\$ 125$. Nov. 29, 1864, \$150. May 13, 1865, \$120. What was the balance due April 19, 1866, the rate leing 6 per cent?
239. What are the proceeds of a note for $\$ 426.10$, payable in 57 days, with interest at 6 per cent., discounted at bank for 6 per cent?
240. If $\$ 400$, at 7 per cent., in 9 mo., produce $\$ 21$ interest, what will be the interest on $\$ 360$, for 8 mo ., at 6 per cent?
(Solve by proportion.)

Examination XI. Feb. 11, 8870 .
241. Multiply twenty-nine million two thousand nine hundred and nine, by four hundred and four thousand.
242. Divide 478656785178 by 56789.
243. Prove that the quotient of $4 \% 8656785178$ di-

244. A gem weighing 2 oz .18 pwt .12 gr . was sold for $\$ 1.37$ per grain: what was the sum paid?
245. Venus is at a certain time $3 \mathrm{~S} .18^{\circ} 45^{\prime} 15^{\prime \prime}$ east of the sun; Mars, $7 \mathrm{~S} .15^{\circ} 36^{\prime} 18^{\prime \prime}$ east of Yenus; Jupiter, 5 S. $21^{\circ} 33^{\prime} 27^{\prime \prime}$ east of Miars: how far is Jupiter east of the sun:
246. What is the least common multiple (or dividend) of $8,4,5,6,7$ and 8 ?
247. What is $\frac{7}{8}$ of $\frac{9}{11}$ of $\frac{8}{3}$ of $\frac{4}{5}$ expressed in lowest terms:
248. Add $\frac{1}{4}$ of $\frac{9}{3}$ to $\frac{1}{3}$ of $\frac{7}{10}$.
249. Divide $81 \frac{1}{7}$ by $9 \frac{1}{5}$.
250. What is the greatest common divisor of $\frac{8}{4}$, $5-6$, and 1 1-8?
251. Multiply eighty-seven thousandths by fifteen millionths.
252. What decimal fraction is equivalent to $\frac{7}{16}$ ?
253. Reduce 6 fur. 8 rd . to the decimal of a mile.
254. What is the value of .815625 of a pound Troy expressed in oz. pwt. and gr.?
255. If $\$ 800$ gain $\$ 32$ in 8 mo., what is the rate per cent?
256. If a man travels 117 miles in 15 days, employing only 9 hours a day, how far would he go in 20 days, travelling 12 hours a day?

257 . What is the square root of 9754.60423716 ?
258. If the extremes are 11 and 74 , and the common difference 7 , what is the sum of the series?
259. A man having $\$ 10,000$, lost 15 per cent. of it; what sum had he left?

260 . What is the interest of $\$ 850$ for 1 year 7 mo . 18 days, at 7 per cent?
261. How long must $\$ 165$ be on interest at 6 per cent. to gain $\$ 14.85$ ?
262. What is the present worth of $\$ 477.71$, due 4 years hence, discounted at 6 per cent?
263. What is the present worth of a note for $\$ 875$.35 , payable in 7 mo . and 15 days, discounted at bank at 7 per cent?
264. If 29 Hb . of butter will purchase 40 lb . of cheese, how many pounds of butter will buy 79 Ib . of cheese?

## Examination XII. Fune 9, 1870 .

265. Numerate, read or express in words 8096392 702.

266. $2579584239456-249187654116=$ ?
267. Multiply four hundred and sixty-two thousand six hundred and nine, by itself.
268. Divide $1521808 \% 04$ by 6503456 .
269. If the remainder is 17 , the quotient 610 , and the dividend 45767 , what is the divisor?
270. Resolve 7498 into its prime factors.
271. Find the greatest common divisor of 285 and 465.
${ }^{\text {2 }} 73$. What is the least common multiple, or dividend, of $16,40,96$, and 105?
272. In 4 da. 4 hr. 45 min., how many seconds?
273. Reduce $\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{3}, \frac{1}{4}, \frac{1}{5}, \frac{1}{6}, \frac{1}{6}, \frac{1}{8}, \frac{1}{3}$, to equivalent fractions having the least common denominator.
274. Reduce 4 oz .6 pwt. $9 \frac{3}{5} \mathrm{gr}$, to the fraction of a pound.
275. How many sq. ft . in the four side walls of a room $16 \frac{1}{2} \mathrm{ft}$. long, 15 ft . wide, and 9 ft . high?
276. The product of three numbers $\frac{5}{7}$; two of the umbers are $2 \frac{1}{2}$ and $\frac{7}{9}$ : what is the third ?
277. Add together 423 ten-millionths, 63 thousandths, 25 hundredths, 4 tenths, and 56 ten-thousandths.
278. What cost 5 T. 17 cwt .20 lb . of hay, at $\$ 30.50$ per ton?
279. Reduce 10 oz .13 pwt .9 gr . to the decimal of a pound Troy.
280. Divide 0.01654144 by 0.0018 .
281. One acre of corn yields 80 bushels, another acre 20 per cent. more; how many bushels does the second acre yield?
282. What is the amount of $\$ 794$ for 4 years and 4 months, at 7 per cent?
283. What is the bank discount of $\$ 600$ for 3 mo . at 6 per cent?
284. If $\frac{3}{16}$ of a ship cost $£ 2732 \mathrm{~s}$. 6d., what will $\frac{5}{32} \operatorname{cost}$ ?
285. If $\$ 200$ gain $\$ 12$ in one year, what will $\$ 400$ gain in 9 months?
286. Find the square root of $4 \frac{21}{25}$ ?

Examination XIII. Nov. 11, 1870.
289. Write in figures each of the following numbers, add them, and express in words (or numerate) their sum: fifty-six thousand, and fourteen thousandths; ninetcen, and nineteen hundredths; fiftyseven, and forty-eight ten-thousandths; twenty-three thonsand five, and four-tenths, and fourteenth millionths.
290. What is the difference between $3 \frac{8}{4}$ plus $7 \frac{5}{5}$ and 4 plus 2 ?
291. In multiplying by more than one figure, where is the first figure in each partial product written, and why is it so written?
292. If the divisor is 19 , the quotient 37 , and the remainder 11 , what is the dividend?
293. What is the quotient of 65 bu. 1 pk. 3 qt. divided by 12 ?
294. Which one of the fundamental operations (or ground rules) of arithmetic is employed in reduction ascending?
295. In exchanging gold dust for cotton, by what weight would each be weighed?
296. Which is the largest prime number below 100 ?
297. How many weeks in 8568456 minutes?
298. To what term in division does the value of a common fraction correspond?
299. What is the product of a fraction multiplied by its denominator? Give an example.
300. What is the rule for the multiplication of decimals?
301. How is a common fraction reduced to the decimal form? Give an example.
302. What is ratio and how may it be expressed? Illustrate by one or more examples.
303. If 27 T. 3 qr. 15 lb . of coal cost $\$ 217.83$, what will 119 T. 1 qr. 10 lb. cost?
304. Find the cost of the several articles, and the amount of the following bill:

Albany, October 1, $18 \% 0$.
A. P. Jewett to Samuel Palmer, Dr.

To 16750 feet of boards at $\$ 12.50$ per M., -

| $" 1750$ | $"$ | " | 24.00 | $"$ | - |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| $" 3500$ | $"$ | $"$ | 25.00 | " | - |

$$
\begin{array}{r}
\text { Received payment, } \quad \$ \\
\text { Samoel PaLMER. }
\end{array}
$$

305. What is the length of the side of a cubical box which contains 389017 solid inches?
306. What is the present worth of the following note discounted at bank, and when will it become due? $\$ 100$.

Utica, October 11, 1870.
Ninety days from date, for value received, I promise to pay to the order of John Smith, one hundred dollars, at the Albany City National Bank. Joun Brown.
307. Involve $\frac{5}{8}$ to the 7th power.
308. What is the square root of .0043046\%21?
309. Sold $9 \frac{1}{6} \mathrm{cwt}$ of sugar at $\$ 3 \frac{1}{4}$ per cwt., and thereby lost 12 per cent. : how much was the whole cost?
310. A person owned $\frac{5}{8}$ of a mine and sold $\frac{8}{4}$ of his interest for $\$ 1,710$ : what was the value of the entire mine?
311. When it is $2 \mathrm{~h} .36^{\prime}$ A. m. at the Cape of Good Hope, in longitude $18^{\circ} 24^{\prime}$ east, what is the time at Cape Horn, in latitude $67^{\circ} 21^{\prime}$ west?
312. What is the cost of 17 T .18 cwt .1 qr .17 lb. of potash at $\$ 53.80$ per ton?

## Examinatzon XIV. Feb. 23, 1871.

313. Express in words the number $4256 \% 000129301$.
314. Nultiply five hundred and forty thousand six hundred and nine by seventeen hundred and fifty.
315. Give the rule for reduction descending.
316. How many steps of two and one-half feet each, would a man take in walking a mile?
317. How is a whole number reduced to a fraction of the same value having a given denominator?
318. What is the value of $\frac{8}{8}$ of $\frac{8}{5}$ of $\frac{4}{4}$ of $\frac{1}{2}$ when $r$ educed to a simple fraction of the lowest terms ?
319. Give the rule for reducing several fractions to equivalent fractions having the least common denominator.
320. Add $3 \frac{2}{3}$ to $4 \frac{21}{38}$.
321. Write in figures, two and six hundred-millionths.
322. Reduce $\frac{7}{5} 5$ to the equivalent decimal form.
323. Muitiply seven thousand and five, by threehundred and five millionths.
324. Divide .5 of $1 . \%$ by .25 of $17 \frac{1}{2}$.
325. The ratio of two numbers is 9 , and the antecedent 90 ; what is the consequent?
326. Find the value of the omitted term in the following proportion:
\$4: (?) : : 9 : 16.
327. If 56 lb . of butter cost $\$ 15.68$, what will .078 of a ton cost?
328. If 96 horses eat 192 tons of hay in one winter, how many tons will 150 horses eat in 6 winters?
329. In 1 yr. 4 mo., $\$ 311.50$ amounted to $\$ 336.42$ at simple interest: what was the rate per cent?
330. What is the interest of $\$ 14,231.50$ from June 15,1865 , to April $30,18 \% 0$, at 8 per cent?
331. What is the value of a pile of wood 34 ft . long, 3 ft . wide and $5 \frac{\mathrm{ft}}{} \mathrm{ft}$ high, at $\$ 7.88$ per cord?
332. How much will it cost to carpet a parlor 18 feet square, with carpeting $\frac{p}{4} \mathrm{yd}$. wide, at $\$ 1.50$ per yard?
333. The difference in the local time of two places is 2 h .18 m .: what is the difference in longitude?
334. 33 is 2 zer cent. of what number?
335. What is the length in rods of each side of a square field which contains 66 A. 1 R. 9 sq. rd.?
336. A note for $\$ 470.6 \mathrm{~d}$ drawn at 60 days, is discounted at bank at 6 per cent: what are the proceeds?

## Examination XV. Frune 8, 1871.

337. Arrange the following numbers as required for addition, and find their sum; 70100.3042875; 20514471; 641077.21875; 2564308.875; 320538.609375; 102572352룰 1282154.4375; 90169.0004; 5128617.75; 160269.3046875.
338. What special name or names are given to the period (.), as an arithmetical sign; and what is its use in arithmetic?
339. What two denominations of currency are separated and distinguished from each other by the period used as an arithmetical sign?
340. Mention two or more arithmetical processes or rules in which "Pointing off into periods" is required?
341. Point off into periods and numerate 70100.$30428 \% 5$.
342. What arithmetical operation would change the value of 390593.609375 to 32.0538609375 ?
343. Subtract ro100.3042875 from 102572352 .
344. Muitiply 1282154.4375 by 90169.0004 .
345. Divide 10253235는 by 641077.21875 , and indicate by the use of the proper arithmetical sign, whether the quotient is an integral, fractional or mixed number.
346. Change the decimal part of 90169.0004 to the form of a common (or vulgar) fraction, and then reduce it to its lowest terms.
347. Find the prime factors of the integral part of 70100,3042875.
348. Regarding 20514471 as so many square inches, how many square acres, roods, rods, feet and inches would be the equivalent of this expression?
349. Regarding the fractional part of 2564308.875 as the decimal of a pound avoirdupois, to bow many ounces would it be equivalent?
350. Represent the first four figures of 160269.3046875 by the Roman notation.

351 Copy the following lill of items, find the cost of each item, insert it in its proper place on the right, and find the total amount:

Albany, May 30, 1871.
Mr. J. B. Woodworth,
To A. \& E. C. Koonz, Dr.

```
To 75 yds. carpeting, (1) $2.50
                            $
    "42 " drugret, @ 1.87t
    "6 mats, (0) $3.25
    * 18 rugs, @ %2. 3u 
    " 81 yds. oilcloth, @$$1.10
```

                    A. © E. C. Koonz.
    352. Suppose that you buy of D). Appleton \& Co., of New York, 5 reams of note paper, at $\$ 0.25$ per ream, 4,500 envelopes, at $\$ 4.75$ per M. ; 24 boxes of steel pens, at $\$ 1.12 \frac{1}{2}$ per box; 6 French dictionaries, at $\$ 1.50$ each; and 3 photographic albums, at $\$ 5.75$ each. Make out the bill in regular form.
353. Suppose that the Messrs. Appleton consent to discount 12 per cent from a bill of $\$ 90,875$, how much would the required payment become?
354. Analyze (or explain in words the method of solving) the following example: If 6 men can do a
piece of work in 10 days, how long will it take 5 men to do it?
355. Deffne Ratio.
356. Define Proportion.
357. Define Rule of Three.
358. Solve the following example by the Rule of Three, (or Proportion:)

If a railroad car goes 17 miles in 45 minutes, how far will it go in 5 hours at the same rate?
359. J. Ayers had D. Howe's note for $\$ 1,728$, dated Dec. 29, 1869; what will ue the amount Oct. 9, 1872, at 9 per cent?
360. What principal will gain $\$ 5.11$, in 3 yr . and 6 mo. at 8 per cent?

## Examination XVI. Nov. 9, 1871.

361. Express by figures the number: five trillions eighty billions nine millions and one.
362. Add the following numbers:
( ${ }^{1}$ Two hundred and ten thousand four hundred;
(*) One hundred thousand fire hundred and ten;
$\left.{ }^{(3}\right)$ Ninety thousand six hundred and eleven;
${ }^{(4)}$ Forty-two hundred and twenty-five;
$\left.{ }^{(3}\right)$ Eight hundred and ten.
363. Taking two hundred and ten thousand four hundred as a minuend, and one hundred thousand five hundred and ten as a remainder, what will the subtrahend be, expressed in words?
364. What is the product of ninety thousand six
hundred and eleven, and forty two hundred and twenty five?
365. The quotient of one number divided by another is 37 ; the divisor, 246; the remainder, 230 ; what is the dividend?
366. What is the greatest common divisor of 1649 and 5423 ?
367. What is the least common multiple (or divi(lend) of 21,35 and 42 ?
368. What is the value of $6 \frac{2}{9}$ divided by $8 \frac{2}{3}$ ?
369. How many yards of cloth $\frac{4}{5}$ of a yard wide are equivalent to 12 yards $\frac{8}{4}$ yards wide?

3r0. Change $\frac{4}{5}$ to an equivalent fraction having 91 for its denominator.
371. The difference between $\frac{6}{7}$ and $\frac{7}{8}$ of a number is 10 : what is that number?

372 . What is the sum of $\frac{7}{8}, 1_{1}^{\frac{7}{2}}, 10_{6}^{5}$, and 5 ?
373 . What will 4868 bricks cost, at $\$ 4.75$ per M.?
374. An open court contains 40 square yards: how many stones, nine inches square, will be required to pave it?
375. Change . 0008 to a common fraction.
376. Change $\frac{9}{86}$ to a decimal.
377. How many cords of wood could be piled in a shed 50 ft . long, 25 ft . wide and 10 ft . high?
378. How many acres of city land at $\$ 2$ per square foot, could be bought for a half million dollars?
379. Change 10 oz .13 pwt. 9 gr . to the decimal of a pound Troy.
380. A man owning ${ }_{5}^{4}$ of an iron foundry, sold 35 per cent. of his share: what part did be still own?
381. What will be the amount, at simple interest, of $\$ 35.61$, from Nov. 11, 1869, to Dec. 15, 1871, at 6 per cent?
382. If the consequent be $\frac{7}{8}$, and the ratio $\frac{8}{4}$, what is the antecedent?
383. At the rate of 9 yards for $£ 512 \mathrm{~s}$. how many yards of cloth can be bought for $£ 4416$ s?
384. What is the square root of 576.02880036 ?

## Examination XVII. Feb. 27, 1872.

385. Add seven hundred and four; sixty thousand four hundred; five million eight thousand and sixty; 912875 ; thirty thousand and forty-nine; seven hundred and seven thousand nine hundred and six.
386. A. had $\$ 3,958$, B. $\$ 1,463$; A. lost $\$ 1,365$, B. gained $\$ 1,165$ : which then had the most, and how much?

38\%. A peddler bought 491 yards of cloth at 81 cts . a yard; he used 29 yards, and sold the rest at .95 cts. a yard: how much did he gain?
388. A city had $\$ 311,205$ at the beginning of the year; the income of the year was $\$ 384,743$, and expenses $\& 336,756$ : what was the balance on hand at the end of the year?
389. A man exchanged 159 cords of wood at $\$ 5$ a cord, for a horse valued at $\$ 144$, and the balance in sheep at $\$ 3$ apiece: how many sheep did he receive?
390. How many pieces of muslin, each containing 33 yards, must be sold at 14 ct .5 m . a yard to realize $\$ 1,389.80$ ?

391．How many sq．yd．of paving in a street are there， 2700 ft ．long and 40 ft ．wide？

392．At noon on Thursday，a sinip was in north latitude $28^{\circ} 15^{\prime} 35^{\prime \prime \prime}$ ；it then sailed north till Saturday afternoon at 3 o＇clock，when it was in north latitude $41^{\circ} 34^{\prime} 35^{\prime \prime}$ ：what was its average motion per hour，in geographical miles？

393．$\frac{7}{8}$ of $\frac{9}{01}$ of $\frac{1}{1} \frac{1}{2}$ of $\frac{3}{4}$ of $\frac{5}{6}$ of $20 \frac{4}{6}=$ ？
394．Sold a team for $\$ 180$ 奈，losing $\$ 2 \frac{1}{2}$ ：for how much should I have sold it to gain $839 \frac{7}{10}$ ？

395．A man having 10．3．A．of land，exchanged $\frac{1}{6}$ of it for wood，at the rate of $10 \frac{1}{2}$ C．per A．：how many C．did he receive？

396．Multiply the quotient of $1 \frac{1}{5}$ ，divided by $6 \frac{6}{7}$ ， by the quotient of 5 省 divided by $7 \frac{7}{11}$ ．

397．Reduce 9000000 in ．to mi ．
398．What is the cost of a field 78 rd ．long and 41 rd．wide，at $\$ 17.60$ an A ．？

399．If 4.2 yd ．of cloth cost $\$ 15$ ，what will 8 yd .3 qr．cost？

400．If a loaf weighing $12 \frac{2}{5} \mathrm{oz}$ ．is worth 2 cts ， when flour is 4 a bbl．，what is the value of a loaf weighing 10 年 oz．，when flour is $\$ 6 \frac{8}{5}$ a bbl．？

401．A man bought 350 A ．of land for $\$ 40$ an acre， and sold a part for $\$ 2,240$ ，at the same rate：what per cent．of the land did he sell？

402．At 6 per cent．，what is the interest of $\$ 720$ for 3 yrs． 4 mo． 16 da．？

403．Sold 50 bbl ．of wine，each containing 31 gal． $2 q t$. ，at $\$ 2.40$ a gal．，receiving a note at 90 days without grace：what would be the proceeds of this note，discounted at $7 \frac{1}{2}$ per cent？
404. A., B. and C. bought a horse for $\$ 100$ and sold him for $\$ 150$, by which $A$. gained $\$ 18$ and $B$. $\$ 19$ : how much had each paid for the horse?
405. A man had a yard 38 ft . long and 27 ft . wide: he reserved two grass plats each 8 ft . square, and had the rest paved with stone, at 45 cts. a sq. yd.: what did the paving cost?
406. The product of two equal factors is 34225: what is each factor?
407. Find the sum of 10 terms of the geometric series, $3,6,12$, etc.
408. If January 1st is Sunday, how much can a man earn in the first three months of a leap year, at $\$ 1.25$ per day, not working Sundays?

## Examination XVIII. Fwe 6, 1872.

409. If the minuend be 69 trillion and the difference 85 billion, what is the subtrahend?
410. If 892 is one factor, and 28544 the product, what is the other factor?
411. Resolve 180 into its prime factors.
412. Find the greatest common divisor of 222 and 564.
413. Reduec 8092 to a fraction whose denominator is 25 .
414. What cost $5 \frac{7}{8}$ cords of wood at $\$ 7.56$ a cord?
415. $\frac{5}{7}$ of $\frac{10}{1} \frac{1}{2}$ divided by $\frac{5}{19}$ of $\frac{2}{8}$ of $\frac{2}{9}=$ ?
416. A body of 4800 troops has $\frac{1}{5}$ as many cavalry as infantry: what is the number of infantry?
417. $3 \frac{6}{7} \times 2 \frac{5}{8} \times 7 \frac{8}{12}=$ ?
418. The product of three numbers is $74 \frac{1}{5}$; two of them are $8 \frac{1}{7}$ and $6 \frac{1}{13}$ : what is the third ?
419. Reduce 2 m .5 f .13 r .4 yd .2 ft . to inches.
420. What would be the cost of enough oil cloth to cover a room $12 \times 16 \frac{1}{2}$ feet, at 75 cts. per sq. yd. ?
421. At $\$ 198$ per 1 l. , what would be the cost of 10 oz. 10 pwt. 10 gr . of gold?
422. What is the difference in time of two places whose longitudes differ 7 degrees, 8 minutes and 4 seconds?
423. Write in figures (the fractional part as decimal) the number: seven millions and one ten-millionth.
424. 49.2654756 divided by $.0750=$ ?
425. Reduce .8975 of a week, to whole numbers of lower denominations.
426. What is the amount of $\$ 1,000$ for 7 yr .10 mo . 18 da., at 6 per cent., simple interest?
427. What is the present worth of $\$ 1,609.30$ for 10 mo. 24 d., discounted at 5 per cent?
428. For what must apples, whieh cost $\$ 1.25$, be sold to gain 20 per cent?
429. If $\$ 800$ yield $\$ 56$ interest in a certain time, what will $\$ 390$ yield at the same rate?
430. If a 3-cent loaf weigh 2 oz ., when flour is $\$ 7.50$ per bbl., what should a 12 cent loaf weigh when flour is $\$ 16$ per barrel?
431. What number expresses the difference between the square and the cube of 24 :
432. What is the square root of 253009 ?

Examination XIX. Nov. 7, 1872.
433. Write in figures: twenty quintillions two hundred and seven billions six hundred millions six thousand and fifty-nine.
434. Express in words: 224000000600317010 .
435. Add 100375, 406780, 4673005, 4112, 18365791, 2478, and 164357.
436. Find the sum (in Roman notation) of LXVI, MDXIX, CCIV, XVIII.
437. The factors of a certain number are $53,77,5$, and 107: what is that number?
438. 246515999541 divided by $28653=$ what?
439. What are the prime factors of 6006 ?
440. What is the greatest common divisor of 2268 and 344 ?
441. Find the least common multiple of the 9 digits.
442. Reduce $\frac{2}{8}, \frac{4}{18}$, $\frac{1}{2}$, and $2 \frac{1}{7}$, to equivalent numbers having the least common denominator.
443. What would be the whole cost of four fields, containing respectively, $4 \frac{1}{7}, 2 \frac{1}{2}, 9 \frac{8}{8}$, and $1 \frac{18}{1} \frac{8}{8}$ acres, at $\$ 25$ an acre?
444. Reduce $\frac{3}{7} \times \frac{7}{8} \times \frac{5}{6} \times \frac{4}{11} \times \frac{1}{1} \frac{1}{2} \times \frac{6}{7} \times \frac{8}{9}$, to a single fraction of the lowest terms.
445. If a man makes $\$ 1 \frac{1}{27}$ on the sale of one table, how many tables must he sell to make $\$ 27{ }_{4}$ ?
446. A. Barnes, of Lee, sold B. Brown the following articles: April 1, 1872, 24 yd. black silk, at $\$ 2.25$ a yd.; April 3, 2 pieces calico, 40 yds. each, at 30 c. a yd.; May 2.4 dress patterns, at $\$ 6.75$ a pattern; May $9,22 \frac{1}{2}$ yd. linen, at $\$ 1.12$ a yd. Brown
paid $\$ 55$ on account. Make out his bill in proper form, showing balance due.
447. At 35 c . per sq. yd., what would it cost to plaster a wall 15 ft . high and 54 ft . long?
448. How much wood in three piles, the first of which contains $10 \mathrm{~cd} .6 \mathrm{cd.ft} .4 \mathrm{cu} . \mathrm{ft}$., the second, 12 cd. 12 cu.ft. ; the third, $17 \mathrm{~cd} .1 \mathrm{~cd} . \mathrm{ft}$ ?
449. Divide the sum of five thousand and two thousandths, by two hundredths.
450. $\$ 10$ is 12 per cent. of what number?
451. What is the amount of $\$ 2,160$ from March 10 to Dec. 1, at 5 per cent?
452. How much must be invested at 7 per cent. simple interest, to yield an annual income of $\$ 330$ ?
453. A note for $\$ 1,800$, payable in 60 days, was discounted at bank at 6 per cent. : how much did the holder receive?
454. What cost 9 hats, if 5 hats cost $£ 4,5 \mathrm{~s}$ ?
455. If the wages of 6 men for 14 days are $\$ 126$, what, at the same rate, would be the wages of 9 men for 16 days?
456. Extract the square root of 6.5536 .

## Examination XX. Feb. 27, 1875.

457. Write in words the number represented by the figures: 20463162486135.
458. Express in figures: fifty-seven billions fiftynine millions ninety thousand and forty-seven.

459. From 501505010678 take 794090589.
460. Multiply ninety thousand eight hundred and seven, by nine thousand one hundred and six.
461. 18 A. 0 R. 14 p . equal how many square feet?
462. 31557600 seconds equal how many days?
463. From 61 S. $15^{\circ} 36^{\prime} 15^{\prime \prime}$ take 53 S. $18^{\circ} 50^{\prime} 18^{\prime \prime}$.
464. If 84 loads of hay weigh 201 T. 6 cwt .0 qr. 12 lb ., what will 5 loads weigh?
465. What are the prime factors of 19965 ?
466. Find the least common multiple of $3,4,5,6$, 7, 8.
467. Reduce $\frac{5}{7} \times \frac{3}{15} \times \frac{4}{16} \times 8 \frac{8}{2} \times \frac{11}{6}$ to a simple fraction of the lowest terms.
468. Reduce $\frac{4}{9}, \frac{2}{3}, \frac{1}{3}, \frac{1}{4}, \frac{1}{6}$ and $\frac{1}{12}$ to equivalent fractions having the least common denominator.
469. What is the sum of $\frac{8}{4}$, $\frac{5}{6}$, $\frac{8}{8}$, and $\frac{1}{12}$ ?
470. Divide $116_{7}^{3}$ by $14 \frac{1}{7}$. (Give the answer as a mixed number, with its fraction of the lowest terms.)
471. Reduce ${ }_{7}^{\frac{4}{7}}$ of a grain to the fraction of a pound Troy.
472. Paid $\$ 4,355.52$ for $49 \frac{6}{5}$ pieces of carpeting: what would $37 \frac{5}{7}$ pieces cost, at the same rate?
473. Multiply eighty-seven thousandths by fifteen millionths.
474. What decimal fraction is equivalent to $\frac{7}{16}$ ?
475. What is 5 per cent. of $\$ 789$ ?
476. What is the interest of $\$ 1,165.50$, for 5 yr .3 mo. 9 d. at 7 per cent?
477. What is the bank discount on $\$ 780$ for 30 days?
478. If A. travels 117 miles in 15 days, employing 9 hours a day, how far would he travel in 20 days, travelling 12 hours a day (at the same rate per hour)?
479. What is the square root of 23804641 ?

Examination XXI. Fune 5, 1873.
481. Write 1873 in Roman characters.
482. What is Notation?
483. Write in words: 9003007006
484. To what number must 962 oe added three times to make 8472 ?
485. $\$ 9,843.621$ plus $\$ 4,687.32$ plus $\$ 84.321$ plus $\$ .07$ plus $\$ .64$ plus $\$ 973.241=$ ?
486. Reduce $53684^{n}$ to numbers of higher denominations.
487. Reduce . 8975 of a week to whole numbers of lower denominations.
488. What cost $10 \frac{3}{5}$ tons of coal, at $\$ 7 \frac{5}{6}$ a ton?
489. $108 \div \frac{12}{17} \times \frac{7}{15}-\frac{2}{3}=$ ?
490. Find the least common multiple of 12,16 , and 28.
491. Reduce $\frac{13}{1} \frac{3}{8}, \frac{12}{2}$, and $8 \frac{5}{6}$ to the least common denominator.
492. A cubic foot of granite weighs 163 lb .5 oz ; what is the weight of a block $3 \mathrm{ft} .2 \frac{8}{3} \mathrm{in}$. long, 2 ft . 4 in. wide, and 1 ft .3 in. thick?
493. How many linear yards of carpeting $1 \frac{1}{2}$ yd. wide will cover a floor 18 ft . square?
494. When snow is uniformly 6 inches deep, how many cubic feet are there on one acre of land?
495. Charles Fuller bought of James Monroe, at West Troy, N. Y., May 4, 1873, 1 horse for $\$ 95,2$ cows at $\$ 50$ each, 1 wagon for $\$ 62$, 2 shovels at $\$ 1.12$ each and 30 bushels of corn at $\$ 0.65$ per bushel, paying cash in full. Make the bill in due form.
496. A cistern can be emptied by 7 pipes of equal capacity in 55 minutes: in what time can it be emptied if only 5 pipes are open?
497. If 12 per cent. of $\$ 97.50$ be lost, what amount will remain?
498. What is the simple interest of $\$ 200$ for 4 yr . 6 mo .3 d., at 7 per cent?
499. Find the bank discount of $\$ 1,000$ for 3 mo . at 7 per cent.
500. If 9 lb . of lead make 150 bullets, how many bullets can be made from 105 lb .?
(Solve by proportion and cancellation.)
501. If the wages of 75 boys for 84 days were $\$ 68.75$, how many days could 90 boys be employed at the same rate, for $\$ 41.25$ ?
(Solve by double proportion.)
502. What is the difference between the square and the cube of 24 ?
503. What is the square root of 253009 ?
504. $\frac{1}{8}$ of a number exceeds $\frac{1}{9}$ of it by 20 : what is that number?

## Examination XXII. Nov. 6, 1873.

505. Find the sum $\frac{8}{4}$ of $9 \frac{3}{5}$ and $\frac{7}{5}$ of 23 .
506. Find the difference between $3 \frac{9}{4}+7 \frac{3}{5}$ and $4+2 \frac{3}{5}$.
507. The product of three factors is $19 \frac{1}{2}$, and two of them are $\frac{4}{9}$ and $\frac{5}{8}$ : what is the other?
508. Divide .5 of 1.75 by . 25 of $17 \frac{2}{2}$.
509. What is the value of $6 \frac{2}{9}$ divided by $8 \frac{2}{3}$, as a simple fraction?
510. What is the value of .815625 of a pound Troy expressed in oz. pwt. and gr.?
511. Reduce 4 da. 4 hr .48 mi . to the decimal of a week.
512. A person owned $\frac{5}{5}$ of a mine and sold $\frac{7}{3}$ of his interest for $\$ 1,710$ : what was the whole cost?
513. Sold $9 \frac{3}{3} \mathrm{cwt}$. of sugar at $\$ 8$ per cwt., and thereby lost 20 per cent: what was the whole cost?
514. A man, owning $\frac{4}{5}$ of a bank, sold 35 per cent. of his share: what per cent. of the whole was left?
515. A's property is assessed at $\$ 6,750$, and B.'s at $\$ 13,550$. A.'s tax is $\$ 55.35$ : how much is B.'s?
516. How many acres could 10 men plough in 14 hours if 7 men plough 6 acres in $12 \frac{1}{2}$ hours?
517. What is the simple interest on $\$ 200$ for 3 yr . 10 mo . at 7 per cent?
518. In 1 yr. 4 mo., $\$ 311.50$ amounted to $\$ 348.88$, at simple interest; what was the rate per cent?
519. What is the amount of $\$ 1,000$ for 7 yr . 10 mo . 18 da., at 6 per cent. simple interest?
520. What sum, at 9 per cent., simple interest, will amount to $\$ 286.00$, in 3 yr .4 mo .?
521. A note for $\$ 470.66$, drawn at 60 days, is discounted atbank at 6 per cent: what are the proceeds?
522. What is the amount of $\$ 50$, at compound interest for 3 yr . at 8 per cent., interest payable halfyearly?
523. J. Ayres has D. Howe's note for $\$ 1,728$, dated Dec. 29, 1869: what was the amount Oct. 9, 1873, at 9 per cent., with interest from date?

524 . What is the value in eurrency of $\$ 865$ in gold, when the latter is selling at 107 per cent.?
525. How much gold will $\$ 100$ curreney buy, gold being at 111?
526. Suppose that you buy of D. Appleton \& Co. of New York, 5 reams of note paper, at $\$ 3.25$ per ream; 4,500 envelopes, at $\$ 4.75$ per M. ; 24 boxes of steel pens, at $\$ 1.12 \frac{1}{2}$ per box; 6 French dictionaries, at $\$ 1.50$ each; and 3 photographic albums, at $\$ 5.75$ each. Make a bill for D. Appleton \& Co., against yourself, in regular form.
527. A man had a yard 38 ft . long and 27 ft . wide; he reserved two grass plats, each 8 ft . square, and had the rest paved with stone, at 45cts. a sq. yd.: what did the paving cost?
528. How much will it cost to dig a cellar 40 ft . long, 32 ft . wide, and 5 ft . deep, at $\$ 0.25$ a cubic yard?

Examination XXIII. Feb. 26, 1874.
529. Find the smallest number which will exactly contain $9,15,18,20$.
530. If 5 be added to each term of the fraction $\frac{5}{3}$, by what number will its value be diminished?
531. If .0001 is the dividend, and 1.25 the divisor, what is the quotient?
532. What will 28 sq. yd., 129 sq. ft. of land cost at 12 cts. per sq. ft.?
533. What is the cost of $4,565 \mathrm{ft}$. of joist, at $\$ 23$ per M., and $13,040 \mathrm{ft}$. of boards at $\$ 33.5 \mathrm{~m}$ per M. ?
534. If $322^{2}$ sq. yd. of carpeting will cover a floor 14 ft . wide, what is the length of the floor?

535 . If a load of wood is 8 ft . long and 3 ft . wide, how high must it be to contain a cord?

537. $20004+(20.104 \times 5.07)-(6.44 \div .0005)=$ ?
538. What part of $2 \frac{2}{5}$ is $\left(\frac{3}{4}\right.$ of $\frac{2}{3}$ of $\left.\frac{2}{5} \div \frac{3}{3}\right)$ ?
539. Reduce. 3945 of a day to lower denominations.
540. An agent received $\$ 67.50$ for collecting $\$ 4,500$ : what was the rate per cent. of his commission?
541. How many cubic ft. in a rectangular beam, 24 ft .6 in . long, 1 ft .9 in . wide, and 1 ft . $2 \frac{1}{2} \mathrm{in}$. thick?
542. How much shall I gain by borrowing $\$ 3,560$ or 1 yr .6 mo .10 da , at 6 per cent., and lending it at 7 per cent. for the same length of time?
543. What is the amount of $\$ 1,450.40$ from April 19,1872 , to August 3,1873 , at 6 per cent?

544 . What is the difference between the greatest common divisor of 30 and 42 , and their least common multiple?
545. A 63 gal. cask is $\frac{3}{5}$ full of wine: if 27.625 gal.
should leak out, the wine remaining will be what decimal part of the full cask?
546. James Riley \& Co. bought, July 7, 1873, of Joseph Herr, Trenton, N. J., 15 tons of coal at $\$ 6.50$ per ton; 19 tons of coal at $\$ 8.25$ per ton; and $14 \frac{1}{2}$ cords of wood at $\$ 5.20$ per cord. Make a bill of the purchase, and receipt it for Joseph Herr.
547. How much must be paid for 41 gal. 2 qt . 18 P pt. of molasses, at 72 cts. a gal.?
548. If $\frac{11}{1}$ of a ton of hay cost $\$ 18.50$, how much will two loads cost, one weighing $\frac{5}{6}$ of a ton, and the other $\frac{13}{24}$ of a ton?
549. What is the difference between the true and the bank discount of $\$ 300$, for 3 months, at 8 per cent?
550. What principal on interest at 7 per cent., from April 9, 1871, to Sept. 5, 1873, will amount to $\$ 1,-$ 477.59?
551. The difference between the interest of $\$ 600$, and that of $\$ 750$, at 5 per cent. for a certain time, is $\$ 18.75$. What is the time?
552. If 18 men can dig a trench 30 yd. long in 24 da., by working 8 hr . a day, how many men can dig a trench 60 yd . long, in 64 da., working 6 hours a day?

## Examination XXIV. Fune 4, 1874:

553. What is the sum of $3912,400005,631 \frac{8}{3}, 736863$, .000803, 60708010, $4 \frac{4}{\text { T00 }}$, and 290.68042 ?
554. Subtract $\frac{4}{25}$ of $9 \frac{8}{4}$, from $\frac{5}{21}$ of $151 \frac{1}{5}$.
555. What will 250 miles of telegraph wire cost at 3 cts. per ft. ?
556. When it is noon at the Cape of Good Hope, in longitude $18^{\circ} 24^{\prime}$ east, what is the time at Cape Horn, in longitude $67^{\circ} 21^{\prime}$ west?
557. How many cords of wood in a pile 140 fc . long, $4 \frac{1}{2} \mathrm{ft}$. wide, and $6 \frac{1}{2} \mathrm{ft}$. high ?
558. Required the area in acres, etc., of a piece of land .5 of a mile long, and .3 of a mile broad.
559. How much will it cost to dig a celiar 40 ft . long, 32 ft . wide, and $\tilde{5} \mathrm{ft}$. deep, at $\$ 0.2 \tilde{5}$ a cubic yd .?
560. $\frac{1}{5}$ of a qr. is what per cent. of $\frac{2}{5}$ of a cwt.?
561. Reduce $\frac{7}{9} 15$. Troy to units of lower denominations.
562. How much gold will $\$ 100$ currency buy, gold being at 113 ?
563. In 1 yr. 4 mo., $\$ 311.50$ amounted to $\$ 336.42$, at simple interest: what was the rate per cent?
564. What sum, at 7 per cent. simple interest, will amount to $\$ 221.07$, in 3 yr. 4 mo. ?
565. A note for $\$ 470.66$, drawn at 60 days, is discounted at bank at 6 per cent. : what are the proceeds?
566. What is the amount of $\$ 50$, for $2 \mathrm{yr} .$, at 8 per cent. compound interest, payable half-yearly?
567. The four sides of my garden are 168 ft ., $280 \mathrm{ft} ., 182 \mathrm{ft}$., and 252 ft ., respectively. What is the greatest length of boards that I can use in fencing it, without cutting any of them?
568. A garden has 4 sides, respectively 168,280 , 182 , and 252 ft . long. Suppose that each board is 8 in. wide, and that the fence is 5 boards high: how
many sq. ft. of boards will it require to fence the garden?
569. Suppose that you sell to John Clarke, of New York, for cash, 75 yd . of carpet, $\$ 1.55$ per yd ; 30 yd. drugget, at $\$ 1.30$ per yd.; 5 mats at $\$ 3.15$ each, and 35 yd . of oil cloth, at $\$ 1.05$ per yd . Make a receipted bill of these articles, in regular form.
570. What is the value of $\left(\frac{2}{3} \times \frac{5}{8}+3 \frac{2}{7}\right) \div \frac{23}{84}$ ?
571. What is the least number that 8,12 and 16 will each divide without remainder?

57 m . What will 11 lb .4 oz . of tea cost, if 3 lb .12 oz. cost 30.50 ?
(Solve by proportion.)
573. If a man travels $10 \%$ miles in 15 days, employing only 9 hours a day, how far would he go in 20 days, travelling 12 hours a day, at the same rate per hour?

5\%4. What debt can be discharged in a year by weekly payments in arithmetical progression, the first being $\$ 24$, and the last $\$ 1,224$ ?
575. What is the length, in feet and inches, of each side of a square carpet, made from $208 \frac{1}{3} \mathrm{yds}$. of Brussels carpeting, $\frac{3}{4}$ yd. wide?

576 . What is the length of the side of a cubical box which contains 389017 solid inches?

## Examination XXV. Nov. 5, 1874.

5\%7. Find the sum of the following numbers, arranging them properly for addition: 14.2351; 651.012; 2.219; .0374; . 00146.
578. Multiply $4.44 ; 5.555 ; 6,23 ; .5$.
579. Divide 6.435945 by 4027.5 .
580. Find the sum of $16 \frac{1}{5}, \frac{2}{2} \frac{1}{5}$, and $\frac{8}{3} \frac{1}{5}$.
581. Find the product of $\frac{\pi}{2} \frac{6}{1}, \frac{7}{8}$, and $\frac{9}{17}$.

582 . If $3 \frac{8}{4}$ bu. of oats cost $\$ 2 \frac{9}{\xi}$, what will 2 bu . cost?
583. Resolve 122,850 into its prime factors.
584. Find the greatest common divisor of 195, 285 , and 315.
585. Find the least common multiple of $49,14,84$, 168 and 98.
586. Sold 2,462 feet of boards, at $\$ 7.25$ per 1000 $\begin{array}{rr}\text { " } & 10,12 \\ \text { r7 " } & \text { " plank, }\end{array}$ " 1.25 " $\quad 100$
Write a bill of the same and receipt it. The seller may be John Smith, and the buyer James Brown.
587. What part of $\frac{7}{9}$ of a mile is $4 \frac{8}{4}$ rods, expressed in decimals?
588. The longitude of New York city is $73^{\circ} 58^{\prime}$ $54.43^{\prime \prime} \mathrm{W}$. ; of Buffalo, $78^{\circ} 53^{\prime} 25^{\prime \prime} \mathrm{W}$. What is the difference of time?
589. Write the rule for multiplication of decimals.
590. Write the rule for division of decimals.
591. Define ratio, state how it may be expressed, what each term is called, and give an example.
592. The same of proportion.
593. What is either extreme of a proportion equal to? What either mean?
594. What is the simple interest on $\$ 2,500$ for 1 yr . 8 mo. 12 da., at 7 per cent?
595. A. has a note against B. for $\$ 1,728$, payable 90 days after date, without interest, which he gets dis-
counted at bank at the rate of 7 per cent.: what does he receive?
596. Extract the square root of 1104601.
597. If a man can do a piece of work in 20 days, working 10 hours a day, how long will it take him to do the same if he works 12 hours a day? (Solve by proportion.)
598. A farmer puts a flock of sheep in three pastures; in the first he puts $\frac{1}{3}$ of his fiock, in the second $\frac{1}{2}$, and in the third, 32 sheep. How many has he? (Solve by analysis.)
599. Find 12 per cent. of $\frac{1}{6}$.
600. A commission merchant sold 500 pieces of muslin, each piece containing 21 yards, for 23 cents a yard: what is his commission at $2 \frac{1}{2}$ per cent?

## Examination XXVI. Feb. 25, 1875.

601. The population of Me . is 627,413 ; of $\mathrm{N} . \mathrm{H}$., 301,471 ; of Vt., 300,187 ; of Mass., 1,240,499; of Conn., 410,749 ; of R. I., 192,815. What is the aggregate population of these States?
602. B. had $\$ 12,311$; and after paying his debts, and giving away $\$ 2,108$, he has $\$ 8,199$ left. What was the amount of his debts?
603. How many peaches in an orchard of 14 rows of trees, each row having 27 trees, and each tree 108 peaches?
604. How many cheeses of 45 tb . each, at 12 cts .
per 1 tb ., will pay for 15 bbl . of apples, each containing 3 bu., at 84 cts per bu.?
605. Add $8 \frac{8}{18}, \frac{29}{3}$, and $\frac{5}{65}$.
606. What cost $33 \frac{1}{2} \mathrm{tb}$ of tea, at 93 cts. per tb ?
607. $100 \frac{27}{30} \div 66 \frac{2}{8}=$ ?
608. Write as a decimal, and in words, $10 \frac{18}{18000}$.
609. $6.43875 \div 4027.5=$ ?
610. Anna Lee buys of Eva Cole, for cash, 18 yd. of calico, at $12 \frac{1}{2}$ cts. per yd.; 12 yd . muslin, at 17 cts ; $2 \frac{1}{2}$ yd. linen at 74 cts .; and 9 spools thread, at 7 cts . Make a bill in due form.
611. What decimal part of a mile is $74 \mathrm{rd} .5 \mathrm{yd} . ?$
612. The circumference of 1 carriage wheel is 13 ft .9 in ., and that of another is 16 ft .6 in . How many more times will one turn than the other, in going 30 miles?
613. What cost $8,824 \mathrm{lb}$. of hay, at $\$ 15$ per ton?
614. The means and one extreme of a proportion being given, how may the other extreme be found?
615. The extremes and one mean being given, how may the other mean be found?
616. Give an example of a proportion in which the means and one extreme are given, and solve it.
617. Give an example of a proportion in which the extremes and one mean are given, and solve it.
618. If 20 yd . of cloth $\frac{3}{4}$ of a yd . wide are required for a dress, what must be the width of a piece 12 yd . long, to answer the same purpose?
(Solve by proportion.)
619. If a man can walk 250 mi . in 9 da . of 12 hr . each, how many da. of 10 hr . each would he spend in walking 400 mi .? (Solve by double proportion.)
620. A boy bought eggs at the rate of 3 for 5 cts., and sold them at the rate of 4 for 7 cts., clearing 9 cts. : how many did he buy?
(Solve by analysis.)
621. A commission merchant sold 500 pieces of cloth for $\$ 30$ a piece, and paid the owner $\$ 14,700$ : what was the rate of his commission?
622. A store was insured for $\$ 12,000$ at the rate of $\frac{8}{4}$ per cent., and the goods for $\$ 15,000$, at $1 \frac{1}{4}$ per cent: what was the entire premium?
623. What will be the proceeds of a note for $\$ 1,000$, without interest, payable at bank in 60 days, at 6 per cent?
624. A man being asked his age, replied, if you add to its half, its third and three times three, the sum will be 130: what was his age?

## Examination XXVII. Fune 3,1875.

625. The quotient is 71, the divisor 42 , and the remainder 15: what is the dividend?
626. What will be the cost of $2,760 \mathrm{ib}$. of hay at $\$ 8.50$ per ton?

62\%. From $17 \frac{1}{2}$ take $\frac{3}{5}$ of $16 \frac{1}{4}$, and multiply the remainder by $\frac{?}{6}$.
628. A lady bought 6 silver spoons, each weighing 3 oz .3 pwt. 8 gr ., at $\$ 2.25$ an oz., and a gold chain weighing 14 pwt . at $\$ 1.25$ a pwt.: what was the cost of both spoons and chain?
629. From 15 ten-thousandths take 27 minlionths, and multiply the difference by 20.5 .
630. Reduce 6.25 of a pound Troy to lower integers.
631. How many seconds are there in the three summer months?
632. How many acres are there in a street 4 rods wide, and $2 \frac{1}{4}$ miles long?
633. Reduce 4 s . 6 d . to the decimal of a $£$ sterling.
634. A quantity of sugar was bought for $\$ 150$, and sold for $\$ 167.50$ : what was the gain per cent?
635. Mrs. C. B. Jones bought of Cole, Steel \& Co., of Detroit, as follows: Nov. 12, 18\%, 23 yd. calico, © $16 \mathrm{c} . ; 45 \mathrm{yd}$. sheeting, © $20 \mathrm{c} . ;$ Dec. 7, 12 yd . silk, @ $\$ 1.62 \frac{1}{2}$; 8 handkerchiefs, (0) $4 \mathrm{~m}^{\mathrm{j} .}$; 2 pairs kid gloves, @ $\$ 1.87 \frac{1}{2}$. Make bill for Jan. 1, 1875, and receipt the same, as clerk of the firm.
636. What is the interest of $\$ 125.50$ for 7 mo .10 da. at 7 per cent?
637. A note for $\$ 500$, dated Oct. $8,18 \% 3$, and bearing interest at 9 per cent., is endorsed as follows: Nov. 4, 1874, $830 ;$ Jan. 30, 1875, 2050. What will be due July $1,18 \%$ ?
638. What is the true discount on $\$ 236$, due in 3 years, at 6 per cent?
639. What is the bank discount on $\$ 125$ payable in 90 days, at 8 per cent?
640. Two men divided a lot of wood costing $\$ 81$, one taking $5 \frac{1}{2}$ cords, and the other the remaining 8 cords: what must each pay? (Solve by analysis.)
641. What is the square root of 416.16 ?
642. How many gallons of water will a cistern hold which is 7 ft . long, 6 ft . wide, and 11 ft . deep?
643. A. can mow 2 acres in 3 days, and B. 5 acres in 6 days: in how many days can they together mow 9 acres?
644. A house valued at $\$ 3,240$ is insured for $\frac{7}{3}$ of its value, at $\frac{3}{4}$ per cent.: what is the premium?
645. How many bricks will it require to build a wall 2 rd . long, 6 ft . high, and 18 in . thick, each lorick being 8 in . long, 4 in . wide, and $2 \frac{1}{2} \mathrm{in}$. thick?
646. If the wages of 24 men for 4 days are $\$ 192$, what will be the wages of 36 men for 3 days?
(Solve by double proportion and cancellation.)
647 . At what rate per cent. will $\$ 311.50$ amount to $\$ 337.40$ in 1 year. 4 mo.?
648. What will it cost to lay a pavement 36 ft . long, and 9 ft .6 in . wide, at 40 cts . a sq. $\mathrm{yd} . ?$

## Examination XXVIII. Nov. 4, 1875.

649. Express in words the number: 42567000129301.
650. Multiply five hundred and forty thousand six hundred and nine, by seventeen hundred and fifty.
651. Give the rule for reduction ascending (i.e. from lower to higher denominations), and state how this process chiefly differs from reduction descending.
652. How many steps of two and one-half fect each, would a man take in walking five miles?
653. How is a whole number reduced to a fraction of the same value, having a given denominator?
654. What is the value of $\frac{8}{8}$ of $\frac{2}{8}$ of $\frac{1}{4}$ of $\frac{1}{2}$, when reduced to a simple fraction of the lowest terms?
655. Give the rule for reducing several fractions to equivalent fractions, having the least common denominator.
656. Add $3 \frac{2}{5}, 4 \frac{21}{3}$, and 51.652. (Express the fractional part of the sum as a decimal of three places.)

65\%. Write in figures: two and six hundred-millionths.
658. Reduce $\frac{7}{6 \frac{7}{3} 5}$ to the equivalent decimal form.
659. Multiply seven thousand and five, by three-hundred-and-five-millionths.
660. Divide . 5 of 1.75 by .25 of $17 \frac{1}{2}$.
661. If 27 T .3 qr . 15 lb . of coal cost $\$ 217.83$, what will 119 T. 1 qr. 10 lb . cost? (First reduce qrs. and lbs. to the decimal of a ton; and then solve by proportion.)
662. What is the square root of . $0043046 \% 21$ ?
663. The ratio of two numbers and the consequent being given, what is the process for finding the antecedent (considering it as standing in the same relation to the consequent, as a numerator to its denominator?)
664. Find the value of the omitted term in the following proportion : $\$ 4:(?):: 9: 16$.
665. A note for $\$ 486$, dated Sept. 7, 1873, was endorsed as follows: Received. March 22, 1874, \$125, May 13, 1875, $\$ 120$. What balance remained due at time of last payment, the rate being 6 per cent?
666. What is the length of the side of a cubical box which contains 103823 solid inches?
667. What are the proceeds of the following note discounted at bank, and when will it become due? $\$ 100$.

Utica, October 11, 1875.
Ninety days from date, for value received, I promise to pay to the order of John Smith, One Hundred Dollars, at the Albany City Bank. John Jay.
668. Involve $\frac{5}{8}$ to the 5 th power
669. Sold $9 \frac{1}{6}$ cwt. sugar at $48 \frac{1}{4}$ per cwt., and thereby lost 12 per cent: what was the first cost?
670. A person owned $\frac{5}{3}$ of a mine, and sold $\frac{8}{4}$ of his interest for $\$ 1710$ : what was the value of the entire mine?
671. When it is $2 \mathrm{~h} .36^{\prime}$ A. M. at the Cape of Good Hope, in longitude $18^{\circ} 24^{\prime}$ east, what is the time at Cape Horn, in longitude $67^{\circ} 21^{\prime}$ west?
672. What is the cost of 17 T. 18 cwt. 1 qr .17 lb . of potash, at $\$ 53.80$ per ton? (First reduce the lower denominations to the decimal of a ton.)

## Examination XXIX. Feb. 24, 1876.

673. Two men are 450 miles apart ; if they approach each other, one traveling 30 miles a day and the other 35 miles a day, how far apart will they be at the end of 6 days?
674. A. had ${ }^{624}$, B. four times as much as A. less $\$ 16$, and C. twice as much as A. and B. together plus \$17: how much money had C.?
675. Give all the prime numbers below 20 ; and all the composite numbers between 20 and 40 inclusive.
676. What is the greatest common aivisor of 144 , 216, and 648 ?

6\%\%. Reduce to the simplest form, $\left(20 \frac{5}{3}+\frac{1}{3}\right.$ of $\left.\frac{5}{6}\right) \div$ $6 \frac{1}{2}-\frac{5}{8} \times \frac{9}{8}$.
678. The longitude of New York being $3^{\circ} \mathrm{E}$. from the meridian of Washington, San Francisco $45^{\circ} 25^{\prime}$ W., what will be the time of day at New York, when it is noon at San Francisco?
679.2 pk. 3 qt. 1.2 pt. is what decimal part of 20 bu.?
680. What will it cost to dig a cellar 40 ft . loug, 21 ft .6 in . wide, and 4 ft . deep, at $\$ 1.75$ a cubic yard?
681. From 16 ten thousandths take 27 milliouths, and multiply the difference by 20.5 .
682. Henry Smith bought of John Clarke, of Louisville, Ky., as follows: Dec. 10, 1875, 7 pair calf boots @ $\$ 5.75$; 6 pair ladies' gaiters @ $\$ 3.25 ; 10$ pair children's shoes @ $\$ 1.75$; Jau. 5, 1876, 12 pair coarse boots @ \$3.121. Make out and receipt the bill, as clerk of John Clarke.
683. A clerk receiving a salary of $\$ 950$, pays $\$ 275$ a year for board, $\$ 180$ for clothing, and $\$ 150$ for other expenses: what per cent. of his salary is left?
684. Carriages costing $\$ 165$ are sold at 18 per cent. profit: what is the gain on each carriage?
685. A school house is insured at $\frac{3}{5}$ per cent., and the premium was $\$ 93.60$ : for how much is the house insured?
686. If a man's pulse beat 300 times in 4 minutes, how many times will it beat in 8 hours? (Solve by proportion)
687. If it cost $\$ 84$ to carpet a room 36 ft . long and 21 feet wide, what will it cost to carpet a room 33 ft . long and 27 ft . wide? (State and solve as a compound proportion.)
688. At what date will a note for $\$ 300$, given Jan. 10,1876 , amount to $\$ 347.25$, at 6 per cent. simple interest?
689. A note for $\$ 520$, dated A pril 12, 1874, had the following endorsement: "Dec. 6, 1874, \$120." What amount will be due May 1, 1876, at 9 per cent., simple interest?
690. What is the square root of $1040 \frac{1}{16}$ ?
691. A flag pole 180 ft . high casts a shadow 135 ft . in length: what is the distance from the top of the pole to the end of its shadow?
632. A block of granite in the form of a cube contains 41063.625 cuidic inches: what is the lengts of its edge?

Examination XXX. Fine 8, 1876.
693. The Erie Railway is 460 miles long, and cost $\$ 65,000$ a mile: if $\$ 9,645,635$ had been paid, how much would remain unpaid?
694. How many 1方. of butter, at 33 cts a Ib ., can be bought for $5 \tilde{1} \mathrm{ID}$. of tea, at 78 cts a Tb .?
695. What is the sum of twenty-nine and three tenths, four hundred and sixty-five, and two hundred and twenty-one thousandths? (Give the answer in figures and also in words.)
696. If I own $\frac{5}{7}$ of a farm, and scll $\frac{7}{3}$ of my share for $\$ 2,300$, what is the value of the whole farm at the same rate?
697. Find the factors of .035 , and multiply .007853 by these factors.
698. Reduce $15 \mathrm{cwt} .3 \mathrm{qr} .2 \frac{1}{2} \mathrm{bb}$. to the decimal of a ton.
609. Reduce 347-2560 to a decimal (of 9 places.)
700. The four walls of a room are each 16 ft . in length and 9 ft . in height, and the ceiling is 16 ft . square: how much will it cost to plaster it, at 14 cts. a sq. yd?
701. A merchant, failing in trade, pays 65 cts. on each dollar owed; he owes $A$ S. 2.50 , and $B . \$ 1,975$; how much does he pay each?
702. Paid $\$ 41.62 \frac{1}{2}$ for a pile of wood, at the rate of $\$ 3.37 \frac{1}{2}$ a cord: how much was there in the pile?
703. A steamship, in crossing the Ninatic, has 3,500 miles to go: if she sails $\geqslant 11 \mathrm{mi}$. 4 fur. 32 rd. a day, what distance, after 15 da., has she stiil to sail?
704. How many sq. ft. are there in a board 17 ft . 6 in . in length, and 1 ft .7 in . in width?
705. A pasture of a certain extent supplies 30 horses for 28 days: how long will the pasture surply 21 horses? (Solve by proportion.)
706. If 4 bbl . of flour cost $\$ 34 \frac{2}{3}$, how much can be bought for $\$ 182$ ? (Solve by analysis.)
707. How much hay will 32 horses eat in 120 days, if 96 horses eat $3 \frac{3}{4} \mathrm{~T}$. in $7 \frac{1}{2}$ weeks? (Solve by compound proportion.)
708. What is the simple interest of $\$ 2,594.20$, for 10 mo. 9 da., at $7 \frac{1}{2}$ per cent. ?
709. What is the compound interest of $\$ 1,250$, for 3 yr. 3 mo. 24 da., compounded anmually, at 6 per cent?
710. What is the bank discount on a note for $\$ 556.27$, payable in 60 days, discounted at 6 per cent.?
711. Two merchants entered into parnership. One puts in $\$ 5,000$ and the other $\$ 2,000$. The partner that puts in the less sum is to receive $\$ 300$ extra from the proceeds for his superior knowledge of the business. They gain $\$ 4,725$ : what is the share of each?
712. What is the $3 d$ power of 8.628 ?

## Examination XXXI. Nov. $9,1876$.

713. How many figures are in each of the periods into which numbers are divided for reading?
714. Name the first four periods of integers, and the first three orders (or places) of decimats.
715. Write in figures the number: One million one thousand one hundred and one.
716. Write in figures the numbers: Forty-seven, three hundred and fifty thousanths, forty-two millionths, two hundred and twenty-three billionths.
717. Multiply 732.53 by 37.846 .
718. Divide 6052. 74 by 4.379 .
719. Bought a box of soap containing 70 lbs . Keeping it all summer, it dried away $\frac{1}{3}$, when I sold
it at $8 \frac{2}{3}$ cts. per pound. I gave 7 cts. per pound. Did I make or lose? How much?

720 . If 20 men require $7 \frac{1}{2} \mathrm{bbl}$. of flour for their subsistence five months, how much will 30 men require for a year?
721. What is the value of $\frac{1}{1 T}$ of $\frac{1}{12}$ of a vessel, if a person who owns $\frac{3}{17}$ of it sells $\frac{1}{3}$ of $\frac{7}{3}$ of his share for $\$ 1,750$ ?
722. Write the following numbers in the decimal form, and then add them: $6_{\frac{1}{2}}^{2}, 12 \frac{2}{2}, 5 \frac{3}{3}, 6 \frac{3}{5}, \frac{3}{5}, \frac{3}{4}$.
723. Multinly 5 da. 15 hr .13 m .20 s . by 341.
794. Allowing a person to perform a certain journey in $13 \frac{1}{2}$ days, by travelling 10 hours a day, in what time ought he to perform the journey if he travel $11 \frac{1}{4}$ hours per day?
725. What is the cost of a load of hay weighing $1,875 \mathrm{lb}$., at $\$ 12.50$ per ton ( $\$ 000 \mathrm{lbs}$.) ?
726. What ought eggs to be per pound, when they are selling at $18 \frac{3}{4}$ ets. per dozen, if they average $9 \frac{1}{2}$ eggs to a pound?
r27. How many cords in three piles of four ft . wood, the first 36 ft . long and 4 ft . high, the second 42 ft . long and 5 ft high, and the third 20 ft . long and 6 ft . high?
728. What would it cost to enclose a square lot containing 160 acres, with a fence costing at the rate of $\$ 4$ per rod?
729. A note of $\$ 65.80$, dated Feb. 20, 1868, and bearing interest at 7 per cent., was paid June 25, 1870: what was the amount paid?
r30. What is the amount of $\$ 152$ at semi-annual
compound interest for 2 years, at 6 per cent. per annum?
731. What is the annual premium on a policy which insures a house worth $\$ 12,000$ for $\frac{5}{6}$ its value, at $\frac{1}{2}$ per cent.?
732. Amount $\$ 102.81$, on $\$ 7.50$, at 10 per cent. What is the time?

Examination XXXII. March 1, 1877.
733. Name the first six periods in numeration.
734. Express in figures: one trillion six thousand.
735. 1 million 400 thousand and $50+15$ hundred + 25 thousand +120 thousand 6 hundred and $14=$ ?
736. The subtrahend is 2603.46 , and the remainder is 79.804: what is the mimuend?
737. The factors of a number are 7300.96 and 5.006: what is the number?
738. The dividend is 39314.76, and the quotient is 7,071: what is the divisor?
739. What operations may be performed on the terms of a fraction without altering its value?
740. If the numerator be equal to the denominator, what is the value of the fraction?
741. How does multiplying the numerator affect the value of a fraction?
742. How does multiplying the denominator affect the value of a fraction?
743. Change $12 \frac{1}{4}$ to an improper fraction.
744. Reduce $\frac{8}{6}$ of $\frac{4}{6}$ of $\frac{7}{10}$ of $15 \cdot 1 \%$ to a simple trac. tion.
745. Multiply 8-15 of $12 \frac{1}{4}$ by $1-5$ of $7 \frac{1}{5}$.
746. Divide 蒌 of $1 \frac{1}{2}$ by $\frac{8}{8}$ of $\frac{1}{2}$.
747. In what terms of multiplication may equal factors be cancelled ?
748. In what terms in division may equal factors be cancelled?

749-750. A note for $\$ 250$, dated June 5, 1874, was paid Feb. 14, 1875, with simple interest at 8 per cent. What was the amount? (Two credits.)
751. What is Ratio?
752. How is Ratio expressed?
753. What is Proportion?
754. How is Proportion expressed?
755. What are the 1st and $3 d$ terms of a Propor tion called?
756. What are the $2 d$ and 4 th terms of a Proportion called?
757. What are the extremes of a Proportion, and what the means?
758. Given the means and one extreme of a Proportion, how may the other extreme be found?
759. Given the first, second and fourth terms of a Proportion, how may the third be found?
760. In the question: If 4 tons of coal cost $\$ 24$, what will 12 tons cost, what is the given ratio? 761. If 4 tons of coal cost $\$ 24$, what will 12 tons cost? (Solve by proportion.)
762. Change $\frac{4}{7}=\frac{12}{2}$ to the form of a proportion.

763-764. Albany is $73^{\circ} 44^{\prime} 50^{\prime \prime}$ West Longitude: San Francisco is $122^{\circ} 26^{\prime} 45^{\prime \prime}$. When it is noon at Albany, what is the time at San Francisco? (Two credits.)
r65. What will $\$ 86 \frac{5}{4}$. 2 anount to in 1 wo years at 8 per cent. compound interest?
766. If 10 tons of hay will support 5 horses 8 mo ., how many horses will 18 tons support one year? (Solve by double proportion.)
667. How many men will be required to build 32 rods of wall in the same time that 5 men will build 10 rods? (Solve by analysis.)

Examination XXXIII. Fune 7, 1877.
768. What are the 3 terms in multiplication called?
769. What are the 3 terms used in division called?

7r0. What are the first and second terms in multiplication taken together called?

771-772. To what terms in multiplication do the terms in division correspond?
773. How many partial products will there be, if the multiplier consists of several figures?
774. Given 73654 a multiplicand, and 4365 a multiplier, what is each successive multiplier, expressed in words?
775. Multiply 73564 by 4365, and express each partial product in words.
776. Multiply 73654 by 4365 , giving the entire work.
777. To what, in division, does the numerator of a fraction correspond?
778 To what in division does the denominator of a fraction correspond?
779. If a cubic foot of limestone weigh 175 lbs., what is the weight of a cubic yard?
780. What part of an acre is $\frac{7}{9}$ of a square rod?
781. Find the greatest common divisor of 72, 96, 120, 384.
782. Divide 652.5 by 4.35 .
783. Add $\frac{7}{2}, \frac{?}{3}, 4-13,9-17$.
784. Find the product of $8-15 \times 121-4 \times 1-5 \times 7 \frac{1}{8}$.
785. Divide $\frac{2}{7}$ of $2 \frac{1}{3}$ by $\frac{7}{9}$ of 3 .
786. Reduce to an equivalent decimal, 1-320:
787. If $10 \frac{1}{2}$ cords of wood cost $\$ 34.12 \frac{1}{2}$, what will 60 导 cords cost? (Solve by analysis.)
788. How much carpeting $\frac{8}{2}$ of a yard wide, is required for a room 27 ft .3 in . long and 22 ft .6 in . wide?
789. In multiplication of decimals, how is the place of the decimal point in the product determined?
790. In division, how is the place of the decimal point in the quotient determined?
791. At $\$ 1.20$ per gallon, what cost 1 bbl .15 gal .3 bt. of molasses?
792. Reduce 28 rd .4 yd .2 ft .10 in . to inches.
793. What per cent. of $\$ 4$ are 30 cents?
794. Sold 160 acres of land for $\$ 4,563.20$, which was 8 per cent. less than it cost; what did it cost per acre?
795. What is the simple interest of $\$ 137.25$ for 2 yr. 7 mo .14 da. at 7 per cent.?
796. A note for $\$ 250$, dated June 5,1874 , was paid Feb. 14,1875 , with interest at 8 per cent. What was the amount?
797. Bought two horses for $\$ 420$, paying $\$ 48$ more for one than the other. Find the price of each.

798-799. Boston is $71^{\circ} 4^{\prime} 2^{\prime \prime} \mathrm{w}$. longitude, and Washington $\%^{\circ} 1^{\prime} 30^{\prime \prime}$. When it is noon at Boston, what is the time at Washington? (Two credits.)

800 . If 2375 A .2 R .16 rd . of land be laid out in the form of a square, what will be the length of each side?
801. A. has $\$ 4,000$, B. $\$ 2,700$, C. $\$ 2,300$ in a house renting for $\$ 720$ : what is each man's share of rent?
802. What is the present worth of $\$ 2,000$ due in 3 yr. 6 mo., with interest at 7 per cent.?

## Examination XXXIV. Nov. 8, 1877.

803. In the decimal notation, why is the nought ( 0 ) used, which of itself has no value?
804. Why does (0) annexed to the decimal not change its value?
805. What is the differance between a common and decimal fraction?
806. A man gave 503 acres of land to his sons, giving them $83_{6}^{5}$ acres each; how many sons had he?
807. What is the value of a fraction multiplied by its denominator?
808. If 14 acres of meadow yield $32 \%$ tons of hay, what will $5 \frac{1}{2}$ acres produce at the same rate?
809. Change $4,2.17, .136$, and .0408 to equivalent decimals having a common denominator. (810.) Find their sum.

811-12. A farmer sold 300 bu , of oats at $\$ 0.45 \mathrm{a}$ bu. and $16 \frac{2}{5}$ cords of wood at $\$ 3 \frac{7}{5}$ a cord. He received in payment 125 lb . of sugar at $\$ 0.12 \frac{1}{2}$ a lb., 36 lb. of tea at $\$ \frac{7}{3}$ a lb. 6 bbl . of flour at $\$ 8.3 \pi_{\frac{1}{2}}$ a bbl . and the rest in cash. How much cash did he receive?
813. Divide 100 by . 001.
814. What is the cost of $536 \pi 20$ bricks, at $\$ 8.75$ per M.?
815. How many coats can be made from 32.4 yds. of cloth, allowing 2.7 yds . for each coat?
816. Find the prime factors of 2205 .
817. Divide 375257 by 46.
818. Divide 37528 by 46 , and write the several parts into which the dividend is separated in the process of division, eacil exactly containing the divisor.
819. Divide 305287 by 46 , and show that the sum of the parts into which the dividead is separated in the process of division, each exactly containing the divisor, with the remainder, (if any) equals the dividend.
820. Divide 37935 by 46 , and show that the sum of the several quotients obtained by dividing by the divisor each of the parts into which the dividend is divided in the process of division expresses the whole quotient.
821. Find the greatest divisor in 72, 126, 216.
822. What is Percentage?
823. How may the percentage of a number be found?

## 824. Mention three arithmetical operations is

 which percentage is used.825. What is the interest on $\$ 4,010$ for 1 yr .1 mo . 13 da. at 7 per cent. simple interest?
826. What is the commission on the sale of a house for $\$ 9,346.80$. at $6 \frac{1}{3}$ per cent. ?
827. If $\$ 4.30$ is paid for an insurance of $\$ 860$, what is the rate?
828. In a proportion, the two extremes and one mean being given, how may the other mean be found?
829. In what terms of a proportion may equal factors be cancelled?
830. If a man walk 192 mi . in 6 da., walking 8 h .8 day, how far can he walk in 18 days, walking 6 h. a (lay? (Solve by compound proportion.)

881 . If 251 A .65 P . of land are laid out in a form of a square, what will be the length of each side?
832. How many sheets $f$ tic each $14 \times 22 \mathrm{in}$., will it take to cover a roof. 30 it. $\times 18 \mathrm{it} .4 \mathrm{in}$ ?

833-837. At $\$ 0,36$ per sq. yd., for plastering, and $\$ 0.75$ per roll for paper hanging, how much will it cost to plaster the walls and ceiling, and paper the walls of a room 18 X 16 X 9 It., making allowance, in papering, for 2 windows, each 3 X 6 ft ., and 3 doors, each 3 X 7 ft , the paper being 1 ft .6 in . wide and 7 yd . in a roll? ( 2 credits for computing plastering surface correctly; 2 for papering; and one for cost.)

Examination XXXV. Feb. 28, 1878:
838. How many pounds of tea, at 72 cents a pound,
would pay for 3 hogsheads of sugar, each wedging 1464 pounds, at 15 cents a pound?
839. A teamster agrees to cart 132 bbl . of flour for a merchant on Monday, 84 on Welnesday, and 108 on Friday; what is the largest number he can carry at a load, and yet have the same number in each?
840. In $\frac{3}{7}$ how many ninety-eighths?
841. How many yards in three remnants of cloth containing respectively $2 \frac{1}{4} \mathrm{yd} ., 11-9 \mathrm{yd}$. and $2 \frac{\circ}{5} \mathrm{yd}$ ?
842. The sum of two numbers is 595, and the greater is $30 \frac{9}{36}$ : what is the other number?
843. Find the value of $\left(2 \frac{2}{3}+3 \frac{4}{1}\right) \times\left(8 \frac{1}{5}-4 \frac{1}{2}\right)$.
844. How many cords in a pile of wood 196 ft . long, 7 ft .6 in . high, and 8 ft . wide?
845. What will be the cost of removing the earth from the cellar of a house 48 ft .9 in . long, 32 feet wide, and 9 fect deep, at $\$ 0.57$ per cubic yard? (2 credits: 1 for contents in cu. ft.; 1 for cu. yds. and price.)
847. A has 25 per cent. of his property invested in a house, 10 per cent. in a farm, 5 per cent. in a barn, and the rest in a grove worth $\$ 4,800$. What is the amount of his property?
848. Bought a barrel of syrup for $\$ 20$; what must I charge a gallon in order to gain 20 per cent. on the whole?
849. B. sends $\$ 6,897.12$ to his agent in New Orleans, requesting him to invest in cotton after deduct ing his commission at 2 per cent. ; what was the sum invested?
850. It costs me $\$ 22$ annually to keep my house in sured for $\$ 18,000$; what is the rate?
851. The difference in the time of St. Peterovargh Washington is $7 \mathrm{hr} .9 \mathrm{~min} .19 \frac{1}{4} \mathrm{sec}$. What is the difference in the longitude of the two places?
852. What is Insurance?
853. What is the Policy?
851. What is the Premium?

S5ั5. A man bought a farm, giving a note for $\$ 3,400$, payable in gold in five years; at the expiration of the time gold was 175 per cent.; what did his farm cost in currency?

805 5 . Find the simple interest of $\$ 4.60 .90$ for $\mathbf{3 y r}$. 5 mo. 13 da. at 35 per cent.

85\%. C. bought a house for $\$ 3,430$, which rents for \$418.32. What rate per cent. does he make on the investment?
858. Find the compound interest of $\$ 380.80$ fon one year at 8 per cent. interest payable quartering. ${ }^{\prime \cdots}$
859. What is True Discount?
860. What is Bank Discount?
861. What is the difference between the bank and true discount on $\$ 1,000$ at 7 per cent., payable in 90 days?
862. What are the terms of Ratio severally called! 863. How is the ratio of two given numbers found?
864. Reduce the ratio 65 : 85 to its simplest terms.
865. Of how many ratios, at least, must a proportion consist?
866. The average cost of keeping 25 soldiers one year is $\$ 3,000$; what would it cost to keep 139 soldiers 7 years? (Solve by proportion.)
887. Find the square root of 466.439 .
' $868-69$. A pile of cord wood is 256 ft . long, 8 ft .
high, and 16 ft . wide; what would be the length of each side of a cubical pile containing the same quantity?

## Examination XXXVI. Fune 6,1878.

870. The Atlantic cable costs as follows: 2500 miles at $\$ 485$ per mi.; 10 miles deep sea cable, © $\$ 1,450$ per mi.; 25 miles shore ends © $\$ 1,250$ per mi. What was the cost?
871. What is the number which divided by 453 gives the quotient 307 , and the remainder 109?
872. Which are the so called "Fundamental Rules" of Arithmetic? and (873), why are they so called?
873. What is a prime factor?
874. Find the prime factors of 2366 .
875. A man working for $\$ 2$ a day, and paying $\$ 4$ a week for board, saved $\$ 72$ in ten weeks. How many week-days was he idle?

87\%. What is a fractional unit?
878. Reduce $\frac{4}{15}, \frac{5}{75}, \frac{32}{6}$ and $\frac{41}{8}$ to the least common denominator.
879. From $28 \frac{16}{6}$, subtract $3 \frac{9}{9}$.
880. Divide $\frac{5}{12} \times 18-25$ by $\frac{\frac{1}{2}}{2} \times \frac{4}{8} \times \frac{5}{17} \times \frac{34}{35} \times$ 51-72.
881. Divide 46.1975 by 54.35 .
882. Prom a hogshead of molasses, 28 gal. ? qt. were drawn; what common fraction represents the part of a hld. which remained?
883. What decimal part of a fathom is $3 \frac{9}{4} \mathrm{ft}$ ?
884. If the consequent be $3 \frac{1}{4}$ and the ratio 7 , what is the antecedent?
885. When are three numbers said to be proportional?
886. If a water pipe discharge 24 bbl . in 1 h .14 m., in what time will it discharge 54 bbl .? (Solve by analysis.)
887. What is the cube root of 19.54 , carried to 4 decimal places?
888. If it cost $\$ 95.60$ to carpet a room $24 \times 18 \mathrm{ft}$. how much will the same kind of a carpet cost for a room $38 \times 22 \mathrm{ft}$.? (Solve by proportion.)
889. What sum of money is that of which, if 80 per cent. be deposited in bank, and 20 per cent. of this deposit be drawn, there will remain $\$ 5,760$ in bank?
890. A lawyer collecting a note at a commission of 8 per cent. thereon, received $\$ 6.80$. What was the face of the note?
891. Bought stock at par, and sold itat 3 per cent. premium, thereby gaining $\$ 750$; how many shares, of $\$ 100$ each, did I buy?
892. What is the amount of $\$ 16,941.20$, for 1 yr. 7 mo. 28 da. at $4 \frac{3}{4}$ per cent. simple interest?
893. An investment of $\$ 7,226.28$ yields $\$ 744.7937$, annually: what is the rate of interest?
894. In what time will $\$ 273.51$ amount to $\$ 312,864$, at 7 per cent. simple interest?
895. What is the difference between the interest and the discount of $\$ 576$, due 1 yr .4 mo. hence, at 6 per cent.?
896. Three men gain $\$ 2,640$, of which $B$. is to have $\$ 5$ as often as C. $\$ 4$ and A. $\$ 2$; what is each one's share?
897. Find the square root of 1079.92.
898. What is the length of one side of a square piece of land containing 40 acres?
899. How is the true discount of a note found?

900 . How is the bank discount of a note found?
901. How is the present worth of a note payable at a future time without interest, found?

Examination XXXVII. Nov.7, 1878.
902. Write in figures: two hundred thousand two hundred.
903. A man owns farms valued at $\$ 56,800$; city lots valued at $\$ 86,760$; a house worth $\$ 12,500$; and other property, $\$ 6,785$; what is the entire value of his property?
904. Bought 325 loads of wheat, each load containing 50 bu . at $\$ 2 \mathrm{a}$ bu. What did the wheat cost?
905. Find the greatest common divisor of 679 and 1,869.
906. Find the least common multiple of $4,16,20$, 48,60 , and 72.
907. What is the value of a fraction?
908. Find the value of $12-1250$.
909. If the divisor is less than a unit, how will the quotient compare with the dividend?
910. Divide 63 by $\frac{7}{13}$.
911. Find the difference between the continued products f $3, \frac{7}{8}, \frac{2}{3}, 4 \frac{2}{5}$, and $3 \frac{7}{8}, \frac{2}{5} .4$, $\frac{2}{5}$.
912. If 36.48 yd . of cloth cost $\$ 54.72$, what will 14.25 yd . cost?
113. A goldsmith manufactured 1 lb .1 pwt. 16 gr. of gold into rings, each weighing 4 pwt. 20 gr . He sold the rings for $\$ 1.25$ apiece; how much did he receive for them?
914. How many times will a wheel 16 ft .6 in . in circumference turn round in running 42 miles?
915. What is the value of $\frac{5}{8}$ of a hogshead, in integers of lower denominations?
916. Washington is $77^{\circ} 2^{\prime} 48^{\prime \prime}$ west, and St. Petersburgh $30^{\circ} 19^{\prime}$ east longitude; what is their difference of time?
917. What is $9 \frac{4}{5}$ per cent. of 275 miles?
918. A man sends $\$ 3,246.20$ to hisagent in Boston, asking him to lay it out in shoes, after deducting his commission of 2 per cent. How much is his commission?
919. A gentleman has a house insured for $\$ 8,000$, and the furniture for $\$ 4,000$, at $2 \frac{8}{3}$ per cent. : what premium must he pay?
920. State the difference between percentage and interest.
921. What is the interest of $\$ 1,500.60$ for 2 yr .4 m ). at $6 \frac{1}{4}$ per cent.?
922. Find the amount of $\$ 387.20$, from Jan. 1 to Oct. 20, 1878 , at 7 per cent.
923. A man was offered $\$ 3,675$ in cash for his house, or $\$ 4,235$ in three years without interest; he
accepted the latter offer: did he gain or lose, and how much, money being worth 7 per cent.?

924 . What are the proceds of a note for $\$ 368$, a 90 days, discounted at bank at 6 per cent. ?

925 . If 16 horses consume 128 bushels of oats in 50 days, how many bushels will 5 horses consume in 90 days?
(Solve by Compound Proportion.)
926. Will the cube of $\frac{13}{14}$ be greater, or less, than that fraction, and why?
927. What is the square root of .00008836 ?
928. The pedestal of a certain monument is a cube, containing 353,248 solid inches; what is the length of one of its sides?
929. A. loaned \$1,600, it 6 per cent., until it amounted to $\$ 2,000$; what was the time?

## Examination XXXVIII. Feb.27,1879.

930-31. Write and define any four (or more) of the following terms: Nutation; Roman Notation; Arabic Notation; Decimal Scale or System; Duodecimals; Numerator; Quotient. (1 credit for 2, and 2 for 4 or more correct answers.)
932. Write 1879 according to the Romon Notation.
933. Add the numbers: 1, 19. 123, 1234, 12945, 123456, 1234567, 123456 is, 123456589.
934. Bought wheat at 94 cts . per bushel, to the amount of $\$ 59.22$, and sold for $\$ 70.56$; what was the selling price per bushel?
935. When are two sumbers prime to earh other? Mive two such numbers, each greater than fifty.

936-93\%. Express the following numbers and provesses, by the proper arithmetica! signs, and find the result: The fraction whuse numerator is 19 and denominator 760 , being increased by $\frac{3}{30}$, and this sum inultiplied by the square of $\leqslant$, becomes a fraction, Those square is $\frac{1}{16}$. (One er dit for the expression, and one for the solution.)

938-40. Reduce $\left(\$ 37 \frac{2}{9}-\$ 1 \frac{5}{3}\right) \times\left(\frac{2}{5}\right.$ of 8$) \div 3 \frac{3}{4}$. (One credit for each of the operatons indicated by the signs $-\times, \div$.)
941. If 5 be added to both terms of the fraction $\frac{3}{7}$, will its value be increased or decreased, and how much?
942. Express the value of $501-1000000$, without writing the denominator.
943. On a railroad $5 \% \mathrm{mi} .133 \mathrm{rd}$. $11 \frac{1}{2} \mathrm{ft}$. long, there are 9 stations, including tinse at the two ends of the road. What is the average distance between the stations?
944. If 6 men can build 73 f . of wall 4 ft . high in 5 days, how many feet can they build in 33 days? (Solve by proportion.)
945. A merchant sold $86.5 \bar{c}$ tons of coal at $\$ 5.24$ per ton; how much did he receive ( $\$$, cts., mills)?
946. In selling 86.55 tons of co.ll at $\$ 5.64$ per ton, a merchant made $\$ 100.63$; hov much did the coal cost him, per ton?
947. A merchant sold 86.55 tons of coal at $\$ 5.24$ a ton, gaining $\$ 100.63$, what $W$ as his percentage of profit"
348. Find the difference of longitude between Constantinople, $28^{\circ} 59^{\prime} \mathrm{E}$., and Boston, $71^{\circ} 33^{\prime} 30^{\prime \prime} \mathrm{W}$.
949. When it is 12 m . at Constantinople, $28^{\circ} 59^{\prime} \mathrm{E}$., what time A. M. or P. M. is it at Boston, $71^{\circ} 3^{\prime} 30^{\prime \prime}$ W?
950. On what month and day will tine following be due:

$$
\text { Albany, Feb. 13, } 1879 .
$$

Sixty days after date, for value received, I promise to pay John Adams, or order, three hundred and seven $\frac{65}{100}$ dollars, at the Albany City National Bank. $\$ 307 \frac{65}{106}$.

Thomas Jefferson.
951. What would be the rate per cent. of interest or discount on a note given and payable in this State, no rate being expressed?
352. What would be the proceeds of a note at 60 days for $\$ 307 \frac{65}{100}$, discounted at bank on the same day that it was made?
9533. Find the present worth of $\$ 890$, due in 1 yr . 6 mo., without interest, allowing 8 per cent. discount?
954. How would $7 \times{ }^{7} \times^{7} 7 \times^{7} \times{ }^{7} \times^{77} \times 7 \times 7 \times 7$ be written, according to the notation used in Involution?
955. Perform the operations indicated as follows:

$$
\sqrt{558009} \div \sqrt[3]{\frac{27}{1 \frac{7}{2} 5}}=?
$$

956. A certain room is 27 ft . long, 18 ft . wide, and 10 ft . high. How many pieces of paper $\frac{1}{2}$ yd. wide ( 9 yds . in a piece) will the side walls require, no allowance being made for doors, windows, ctc.?
957. How many yards of carpeting, yd. wide, would be nceded for a room $18 \times 27 \mathrm{ft}$ ?

Examination XXXIX. Fune.5, 1879.
958. In multiplication, which factor must be an abstract number, or used as such?
959. How many times is 400 contained in 6,000 ?

960 . The subtrahend being $14 \frac{87}{90}$, the minuend $15_{45}^{2}$, find the remainder.
961. How many square feet in a piece of land, 13 rods square?
982. If I buy stocks at 10 per cent. below par and sell at 10 per cent. premium, what per cent. do I gain on my first investment?
963. Find the interest on $\$ 5,500$ for 1 yr. 6 mo. 9 da. at 6 per cent.
964. When it is noon on the prime meridian, where will it be $9 \frac{1}{2}$ o'clock A. m.?
965. What will 7,580 bricks cost, at $\$ 3.50$ per M. ?
966. What is the difference between common and decimal fractions?
967. Divide fifteen thousandths by five ten-millionths.
968. Find the greatest common divisor of 183 and 187.
969. Find the least common multiple (or dividend) of the same numbers.
970. A celler is to be dug 30 ft . long and 20 ft . wide: at what average depth will 50 cubic yards of earth have been removed?
971. A. B. and C. trade together. A. puts in $\$ 1,000$ for 10 months, B. $\$ 800$ for 12 months, C. $\$ 900$ for 14 months. They gain $\$ 1,200$. What is the share of each?
972. What is the square root of a number?
973. Find the sum of the composite numbers below 47.
974. Name the 4th aecimai order.
975. Change .03125 to a common fraction, in its lowest terms.
976. If $3 \frac{1}{2}$ cords of wood cost $\$ 11.37 \frac{1}{2}$, what will $12 \frac{1}{3}$ cords cost? (Solve by Proportion.)
977. John Brown bought of James Ray, on May 20, 1879, $2 \frac{1}{2}$ yards broadcloth, at $\$ 3.50$ a yard, 2 pairs gloves at $\$ 1.87 \frac{1}{2}$ a pair, 19 yards silk, at $\$ 1.75$ a yard, and 33 yards sheeting, at 9 cents a yard. Make a bill in proper form and receipt it, as clerk.
978. How many rods of fence will be required to inclose a square field containing 90 acres?
979. What will be the cost f 41 b .5 oz .6 pwt . of gold dust, at 75 cts. per pwt.?
980. Give the rule for extraction of square root,
981. Give the table of linear (or long) measure.
982. A coal dealer bought 300 long tons of coal at $\$ 3.75$ a ton, and sold it at $\$ 4.60$ per short ton. What was the total profit?
983. What is the rate per cent. of profit in selling 300 long tons of coal, bought at $\$ 3.75$ a ton, at $\$ 4.60$ a short ton?
984. What would be the proceeds of the following note discounted at bank on the day that it was made:

Buffalo, May 20, 1879.
Thirty days after date, for value received, I promise to pay to the order of John Young, one hundred and five $\frac{50}{100}$ dollars, at the Marine Bank. $\$ 105 \frac{100}{100}$.

Icelabod Crane.
38.). On what month and day must a note for 30 days, dated May 29, 1899, be paid, or in default of payment, be protested?

$$
\text { Examination XL. Nov. 6, } 1879 .
$$

986. What number divided by 4.53 gives 307 as a quotient, and 109 as a remainder?

98:. How does a divisor of a number differ from a multiple of that number?
988. Find the greatest common divisor of 56, 140, 182, and 98.
989. What are the prime factors of 11970 ?
990. Explain the principle (not process) of cancellation, and illustrate by an example.
991. What change do we make in the value of a fraction if we take the same number of parts but diminish their size?
992. 30.50-5940=17-33. Why?
993. Prove that $.695=\frac{5}{5}$.
994. A vat 13 ft . square contains 1224 cu . ft. How deep is it:

995 . Change .0000625 mi . to decimal of a foot.
996. $\left(2 \pm \times \frac{3}{3}\right.$ or ${ }^{7}$ ) $\times\left(\frac{5}{6}\right.$ of $\left.3 \times \frac{4}{15}\right)=$ what?
$99 \%$. The volume of a cube contains $91125 \mathrm{cu} . \mathrm{ft}$. What is the length of each edge of the cube?
998. How many sq. ft. in the eutire surface of a cube, each edge of which is 75 ft .?
999. I have an acre of land in shape of a rectangle, one side of which is 9 rods in length. What is the length of the other side?
1000. $\frac{4 \frac{2}{8} \times 51-7 \times 8}{28 \frac{1}{2} \div 7 \frac{1}{5}}=$ what $?$
1001. The time at a certain place is 16 h .10 m . earlier than at Greenwich. Give the longitude of the place.
1002. I have a rectangular field which measures 25 rods by 10 rods. At $\$ 0.40$ per yard, what will be the cost of boundary fences for the entire field?
1003. What will be the total cost, at the same rate as in Q. 1002 , of cross fences to divide the same field into lots 5 rods square? Make a small diagram of the field and its subdivisions.
1004. In a school of 300 pupils, the boys are to the girls in the ratio of 13 to 17 ; required the number of each.
1005. If I sell goods at one-half their cost, what per cent do I lose, and if at double their cost, what per cent do I gain?
1006. If 18 men can dig a trench 30 yd . long in $\overline{5}$ da. of 8 h . each, in how many days of 10 h . each can 10 men do the same work?
1007. Show that $\frac{11}{2} \frac{1}{8} 50$ 10. Troy $=\frac{11}{12}$ pwt.
1008. From $\frac{5}{8}$ of a day take $\frac{7}{8}$ of an hour, leaving result in hours, minutes and seconds.

109 . What will be the amount in three years of $\$ 625$, compounded at $7 \%$, annually?
1010. In what time will $\$ 240$ amount to $\$ 720$, at $12 \%$ simple interest?
1011. Find the proceeds of a note for $\$ 1205.38$, payable in 4 mo .12 da., discounted at bank, interest being at $6 \%$.
1012. What is the present worth of a note for $\$ 1315.39$, due in 2 years and 6 months, at $7 \%$ ?
1013. Sold a horse for $\$ 91$, which was $\frac{7}{9}$ of what he cost me. How much did I lose?

Examination XLI, Feb. 26, 1880.
1014. The quotient of one number divided by another is 37 , the divisor 245 , and the remainder 230 ; what is the dividend?
1015. Two men start from different places, distant 189 miles, and travel toward each other; one goes 4 milas, and the other 5 miles an hour; in how many hours will they meet?
1016. A merchant sold 18 barrels of pork, each weighing 200 pounds, at 12 cts. 5 mills a pound; what did he receive?
1017. Suppose a certain township is 6 miles long and $4 \frac{1}{2}$ miles wide, how many lots of land of 90 acres each does it contain?
1018. What are the prime factors of 1800 ?
1019. Find the greatest common divisor of 1426, 322 , and 598.
1020. What is the least common multiple of 9,17 , 6 , and 27 ?
1021. Add $21 \frac{4}{7}, 32 \frac{3}{3}$, and $47 \frac{5}{14}$.
1022. $\left\{\right.$ Reduce $\frac{18 \div \frac{1}{5}}{9 \times \frac{1}{4}}$ to its simplest form.
1028. How many times is .12 of 12 contained in .24 of 72?
1024. How many pounds of coffee, at $33 \frac{1}{3}$ cents per pound, can be bought for $\$ 14.50$ ?
1025. What is the cost of 2684 bricks, at $\$ 8.50$ per M?
1026. Required the number of pounds in a hogshead of sugar, weighing 18 cwt. 3 qr. 14 tb.
1027. Reduce ${ }_{19}^{5}$ of a ton to integers of lower denominations.
1028. Sold a quantity of merchandise that cost $\$ 16 \%$, at a loss of $3 \%$ : for what amount did I sell it?
1029. A house was sold, at an advance of $5 \%$ on the cost, for $\$ 13,000$ : what was the cost?
1030. What is the interest of $\$ 4 \% 5$, for 3 years, at $5 \%$ simple interest?
1031. Required the amount of $\$ 1350$, from January 12,1880 , to September 19,1881 , at $9 \%$ simple interest.
1032. What sum of money at $5 \%$ simple interest, will yield $\$ 275.40$ in 3 years and 4 months?
1033. In what time will $\$ 3750$ amount to $\$ 4541.25$ at $6 \%$ per annum?
1034. What is the present worth of a debt of $\$ 1650$, due 8 months hence, without interest, money being worth $6 \%$ ?
1035. What is the difference between true and

1 bank discount on $\$ 1000$, for 63 days. at $6 \%$ ?
1036. Sold flour at $\$ 10.45$ per barrel, and thereby lost $5 \%$ of the cost: what was the cost per barrel?
1037. Suppose a railroad train to run at the rate of 20 miles in 50 minutes, in what time will it run 275 miles?
1038. What will be the wages of 9 men for 11 days, if the wages of 6 men for 14 days be $\$ 34$ ?
1039. Find the square root of 149.4 , correct to three decimal places.
1040. What is cube root?
1041. Required the cube root of 1860867 .

Examination XLII (a), Fune 3, 1880:
1042. What are the fundamental rules of Arithmetic?
1043. Why are they so called?
1044. If a scholar's expenses are 90 dollars for board, 30 dollars for clothes, 12 dollars for tuition, 5 dollars for books and 7 dollars for incidentals, what would be the expenses of 27 boys at the same rate?
1045. If 256 be multiplied by 25 , the product diminished by 625 , and the remainder divided by 35 , what will be the quotient?
1046. What are the terms of a fraction?
1047. Subtract $120^{9}{ }^{9}$ from $450 \frac{1}{2}$.
1048. $14 \frac{2}{7}$, less $\frac{\frac{3}{2} \text { of } \frac{8}{2}}{14_{\frac{5}{0}}^{\frac{5}{0}}}$, is $\frac{3}{3}$ of $\frac{7}{9}$ of what number?
1049. Reduce .9375 to a common fraction.
1050. How many times will .5 of 1.75 be contained in . 25 of $17 \frac{1}{2}$ ?
1051. How much must be paid for lathing and plastering overhead a room 36 feet long and 20 feet wide, at 26 cents a square yard ?
1052. Reduce 150 sheets of paper to the decimal of a ream.
1053. A farmer having 760 sheep, kept 25 per cent of them, and sold the remainder. How many did he sell?
1054. What is Commission ?
1055. What is Brokerage ?
1056. An auctioneer sold a house for $\$ 3284$, and
the furniture for $\$ 2176.50$; what did his fees amount to, at $2 \frac{1}{4}$ per cent.?
1057. A man purchased $\$ 6275$ stock in Pennsylvania Coal Company, and sold the same at a discount of 12 per cent. : what was his loss ?
1058. If $12 \frac{1}{2}$ hundred weight of sugar cost $\$ 140_{\text {; }}$ how must it be sold to gain $25 \%$ ?
1059. What will it cost to insure a factory valued at $\$ 21,000$, at $\frac{4}{5}$ per cent. ; and the machinery valued at $\$ 15,400$, at 亲 per cent,?
1060. What is the interest on $\$ 76.50$ for 2 years, 2 months, at 5 per cent.?
1061. Required the amount of $\$ 387.20$, from Jan. 1 to Oct. 20, 18\%9, at $6 \%$ ?
1062. What will 450 amount to in 1 year, at $6 \%$ compound interest, payable quarterly ?
1063. What is the present worth of $\$ 180$, payable in 3 years, 4 months, discounting at 6 per cent.?
1064. Wishing to borrow $\$ 500$ at bank, for what sum must my note be drawn, at 30 days, to obtain the required amount, discount being at $6 \%$ ?
1065. At what per cent. must $\$ 1,000$ be loaned for 3 years, 3 months, 20 days, to gain $\$ 183.18$ ?

1066, How long must $\$ 204$ be on interest at $6 \%$ to amount to $\$ 217.09$ ?
1067. If a staft 3 ft .8 m . long cast a shadow 1 ft 6 in., what is the height of a steeple that casts a shad ow 75 ft . at the same time? (Solve by proportion.)
1068. Extract the square root of $\frac{7056}{9216}$
1069. The pedestal of a certain monument is a cube
of granite, containing 373248 solid inches : what is the length of one of its sides ?

## Examination XLIII(b), f̛une 171880.

1070. Express in words: 5000000750001 .
1071. If the product of two numbers is 346712 , and one of the factors is 76 , what is the other factor?
1072. What is Cancellation?

10\%3. Find the least common multiple of $4,14,28$, and 98.
1074. The product of 3 numbers is $\frac{8}{7}$ : two of the numbers are $2 \frac{1}{2}$ and $\frac{7}{8}$ : what is the third ?
1075. What is the sum of six-millionths, four tenthousandths, 19 hundred-thousandths, sixteen-hundredths, and four-tenths ?
1076. Reduce $\frac{\frac{5}{8} \text { of } 16.125}{4 \frac{7}{3}}$ to a decimal fraction.
1077. Make a receipted bill of the following articles as if sold to John Smith by yourself:

16 lbs . of tea, at $\$ .85$ per lb .
28 " "coffee, at $\$ .25 \frac{1}{2}$ per lb.
15 Yards of linen, at $\$ .66$ per yard. .
1078. How many acres are there in 250 city lots, each of which is 25 feet by 100 ?
1079. Add 96 bu. 3 pk. 2 qt. 1 pt., 46 bu .3 pk. 1 qt. 1 pt., 2 pk .1 qt. 1 pt., and 23 bu .3 pk .4 qt . 1 pt.
1080. By the chronometer, it is $4 \mathrm{hr} .56 \mathrm{~min} .4_{1}{ }^{8}{ }^{8}$
sec ., P.m., at Greenwich, when it is 12 m . at New York; what is the longitude of New York?
1081. $\frac{1}{2}$ of $\frac{3}{8}$ is what part of $\frac{9}{T_{T}}$ ?
1082. How many pounds of thread will it require to make 60 yd . of 3 qr. wide, if 7 lb . make 14 yd .6 qr. wide ? (Solve by double rule of three).
1083. What is the difference between $5 \frac{1}{4}$ per cent. of $\$ 800$, and $6 \frac{1}{2}$ per cent. of $\$ 1030$ ?

103t. If I sell a piano, which cost $\$ 275$, for $\$ 315$, what is the rate per cent. of gain?

108j. What amount of government stock can I buy for $\$ 15525$, when it sells at $3 \frac{1}{2}$ per cent. premium ?
1086. What is the simple interest of $\$ 3750.87$, for 2 years and 9 months, at 8 per cent.?

108\%. The interest of what is the rate ?

108s. What is the amount, at compound interest, of $\$ 300$, for two years, at 8 per cent. ?
1089. What is the bank diseount of a note of $\$ 1000$, payable in 60 days, at 6 per cent. interest ?
1090. A man who has only $\$ 50$, owes $\$ 75$ to $A$, $\$ 150$ to $B$, and $\$ 100$ to $C$ : what should he pay to each ?
1091. Find the 4th power of 16.
1092. What is the square root of 26883881 ?
1093. How many small cubes, of 2 inches on a side, can be sawed out of a cube 2 fect on a side, if nothing is lost in sawing ?
1094. How many bricks, 8 inches long and 4 inches wide, will pave a yard that is 100 feet by 50 feet ?
1095. There was a company of soldiers, of whom $\frac{1}{8}$ were on guard, $\frac{1}{6}$ preparing dinner, and the remain.
der, 55 men, were drilling: how many were there in all?
1096. A wall of 700 yards in length, was to be built, in 29 days; 12 men were employed on it for 11 days, and only completed 220 yards: how many men must be added, to complete tne wall in the required time?
1097. If a house is 50 feet wide; and the post which supports the ridge-pole is 12 feet high, what will be the length of the rafters?

Examination XLIV. Nov. 11, 1880.
1098. Copy and add:
1099. From-

100200300400500600 take $9080 \% 0605040302$.
1100. Divide 4500700424 by $40 \%$.
1101. What is the value of 17 chests of tea, each containing 59 lbs , at $\$ 0.67$ per lb. ?
1102. For what is Troy weight used?
1103. Give the table of Troy weight.
1104. In 56 m .7 fur. 37 rd .12 ft .9 in . how many inches?
1105. How many cords in a pile of wood 15 ft . long, 4 ft . wide and $6 \frac{1}{2} \mathrm{ft}$. high?
1106. John Quincy Adams was born July 11, 1767, and died February 23, 1848. To what agedid he live?
1107. At £280 5 s. $9 \frac{1}{2}$ d. for 97 tons of lead, what is the cost per ton?
1108. Find, by cancellation, the quotient of -
$8 \times 5 \times 3 \times 16 \times 28$ divided by $10 \times 4 \times 12 \times 4 \times 7$.
1109. Find the least common multiple or dividend of $9,8,12,18,24,36$ and 72 .
1110. Reduce $\frac{\frac{8}{4}, 4}{5}, \frac{5}{6}, \frac{7}{8}$ to the least common denominator.
1111. How many cubic feet in 10 boxes, each $7 \frac{3}{4}$ ft . long, $1 \frac{18}{4} \mathrm{ft}$. wide and $1 \frac{1}{4} \mathrm{ft}$. high ?
1112. If $\frac{3}{16}$ of a saw-mill are worth $\$ 631.89$, what are $\frac{5}{14}$ of it worth?
1113. Multiply eighty-seven thousandtis by fifteen millionths.
1114. What is the value of .965625 of a mile, in integers of lower denominations?
1115. What is $\frac{7}{8}$ per cent. of $\$ 1,728$ ?
1116. I have John Smith's note for $\$ 144$, dated July 25,1879 , payable on demand; how much will be due me, at 6 per cent. simple interest, March 9 . 1882 ?
1117. What is the amount of $\$ 100$ for 3 months, the interest to be added each month, at $6 \%$ ?
1118. What is the present worth of $\$ 477.71$, due 4 years hence, discounted at 6 per cent ?
1119. For what sum must a note at bank be made, payable in 3 months, at 6 per cent. discount, to obtain $\$ 300$ at the present time?
1120. If I sell wood at $\$ 7.20$ per cord, and gain 20 per cent., what did it cost me per cord?
1121. If 5 men can harvest a field in 12 hours,
how many hours would it require if 4 more men were employed? Solved by Rule of Three (Proportion.)
1122. If 15 oxen and 20 horses eat 6 tons of hay in 8 weeks, how much will 12 oxen and 28 horses require in 21 weeks? Solved by Double Rule of Three (Compound Proportion.)
1123. Find the square root of 9754.4376 .
1124. What must be the depth of a cubical cistern that will hold 3048.625 cubic feet of water ?
1125. How many tiles 8 in. square will cover a flocr 18 ft . long and 12 ft . wide?

Examination XLII, NLarch S, 1881.
1126. Copy and add: 205̃0; 6200; 98.007; 63000; 426.000626; 4287; 63.961; 102030; 405.0607; 8090; 543.21; 1028848.414995.
1127. Express by Arabic Notation: MDXCVDCCCLXIV.
1128. Express by Roman Notation: 84796.
1129. Numeration: 20.507189.004321098.
1130. Divide $319848: 5832$ by 96813.
1131. Find the value of

$$
\overline{(28-7) \times 6}+\overline{(92+7) \div 9}-\overline{(86+10) \div 12} .
$$

1132. Divide, using cancellation:

$$
15 \times 80 \times 27 \times 28 \text { by } 7 \times 20 \times 8
$$

1133. Change $\frac{2}{21}, \frac{1}{8} \frac{2}{7}, \frac{26}{169}$, and $\frac{1}{3}$ to similar fractions having their least common denominator, and (1134) reduce their sum to decimal form.
1134. Find the greatest common divisor of 7955 , 8769, 6401.
1135. How much must be paid for making 52 rd . 14 ft .8 in . of fence, at $\$ .75$ per foot?
1136. A traveller, on reaching a certain place, found that his watch, which kept correct time for the place he left, was 2 hr .22 m , slower than the local time. Had he travelled eastward or westward, and how far, in circular measure, had he come?
1137. What per cent. (expressed in words), of 30000 bushels are 50 bushels?
1138. What number diminished by $36 \%$ of itself $=336$ ?
1139. What is the value of a lot 70 rd . long and 20 rd . wide, at $\$ 47.25$ per acre?
1140. A cistern has 3 pipes: The first will fill it in 12 hours, the second in 16 and the third in 18 hours. If all run together, in what time will they fill it? (State this example as a proportion, if you can).

1142,3 . What is the difierence between simple interest on $\$ 328$ for 2 yr .7 mo . at $7 \%$ and compound interest on same amount for same time, at $6 \%$ ?
1144. Find the balance due (March 4) on a note dated January 1, 18i9, for $\$ 580$ at $5 \%$, on which a payment of $\$ 85$ has been made every 6 months, using the U. S. rule.
1145. How much should be discounted on a bill of $\$ 3725.87$, due in 8 mo .10 da., if paid immediately, money being worth $5 \%$ ?
1146. Bought bonds at 115 and sold at 110, losing $\$ 300$. How many bonds of $\$ 1000$ each did I buy?
1147. If A puts in $\$ 4000$ capital for 8 months, B
$\$ 6000$ for 7 mo . and C $\$ 3500$ for 1 year, and they gain $\$ 2320$, what is each partner's share of the gain?
1148. If 5 horses eat as much as 6 oxen, and 8 horses and 12 cattle eat 12 tons of hay in 40 days, how much hay will 7 horses and 15 oxen eat in 65 days?
1149. Find the value of $v^{3} \overline{.0002353 ? 3}$.
1150. A steamer goes due north at the rate of 15 miles an hour, and another due west 18 miles an hour; how far apart will they be in 6 hours?
1151. Find the cost, at 30 cts. per sq. yd., of plastering the bottom and sides of a cubical cistern that will hold 300 barrels.
1152. What is the area of a circle 5 ft . in diameter?
1153. What is the difference between 5 sq. ft. and 5 ft . square? Illustrate by a diagram.

Special Examination, March 25, 1881.
(Supplementary to No. XLIV, protest having been made against the length of operations required, and especially to Question 1151. Schools so desiring were permitted to use this examination instead.)
1154. Write 1881 in characters of the Roman notation.
1155. Write $73063294 \% 80069$ in words.
1156. Copy and add:

1157. Define multiplication, multiplicand, multiplier and product.
1158. $330445150 \div 3145=$ what number?
1159. How could you oltain the dividend, the divisor, quotient and remainder being given?
1160. Find the least common multiple of 15,18 , 24, 35.

1161 Add $8_{15}^{4}, \frac{7}{3}, 3 \frac{3}{5}$ and $4 \frac{2}{3}$.
1162. Bought 18 lb . of butter at $28 \frac{1}{2}$ ct. per lb., giving in return $22 \frac{1}{6} \mathrm{lb}$. of lard at 12 ct . per lb ., and the rest in cash; how much was the cash?
1163. Write with figures: Nincty-three and six hundred and nine ten-milionths.

1164 . On a railroad 149 mi .224 rd .4 yd .2 ft . long, there are 18 stations, including one at each end of the road. What is the average distance between the stations?
1165. How many boards 12 ft . long and 4 in . wide are require to floor a room which is 36 ft . by 27 ft .?
1166. Find the difference in circular measure between Calcutta, E. Lon. $88^{\circ} 19^{\prime} 2^{\prime \prime} .$, and Philadelphia, W. Lon. '75' $8^{\prime} 54^{\prime \prime}$.
1167. Find the difference in time to correspond with your answer to Q. 1166.
1168. Reduce 23444 sq. in. to a compound number.
1169. What is the cost of 73590 lb . of coal, at $\$ 6.55$ per ton ( 2000 lb .) ?
1170. 3 lb .13 oz . are what per cent of 9 lb ?
1171. Define per cent and percentage, as these terms are used in Arithmetic.
1172. Find the simple interest on $\$ 740$ for 1 yr . 5 mo .21 da., at $4 \frac{1}{2}$ per cent.
1173. What principal will amount to $\$ 310.60$ in 3 yr .5 mo .9 da., at 5 per cent simple interest?
1174. What must be the face of a note for 90 days, at 6 per cent, on which I can obtain at bank \$472.86?
1175. Two numbers are to each other as 7 to 11, and the greater is 329: what is the less?
1176. Paid $\$ 2225$ for 180 sheep and sold them for $\$ 2675$ : what should I gain on 1200 sheep at the same rate? (Solve by Proportion.)
1177. If it cost $\$ 176$ to hire 12 horses for 5 days, what will it cost to hire 10 horses for 18 days ? (Solve by Compound Proportion.)
1178. How many miles of fence would be required to enclose 640 acres laid out as an exact square?

117\%. What is the cube root of 104329 ?
1180. A person after spending $\frac{1}{8}$ and $\frac{1}{4}$ of his money and $\$ 20$ more, had $\$ 80$ left. What had he at first ?
1181. The width of a building being 38 ft ., and the ridge of the roof 5 ft . higher than the eaves, how many feet of boards would be required to cover one of the gable ends?

## Examination XLV, Fune 16, 1881.

1182. Write in figures and numerate: Nine units of the 8 th order, six of the 7th, three of the 5 th, seven of the 4th, nine of the 1st.
1183. Copy and numerate: 9004082501 .
1184. $((256 \times 25)-625) \div 35=$ ?
1185. Find the prime factors of 2310.
1186. What is the greatest com mon divisor of 1313 and 4108?
1187. What is the least common multiple of $84,100,224$ and 600 ?
1188. If $235 \frac{1}{2}$ acres of land cost $\$ 4725 \frac{8}{5}$, what will 628 acres cost, at the same rate?
1189. From four hundred twenty-seven thousandths take four hundred twenty-seven millionths.
1190. Divide . 125 by 8000 .
1191. Add six hundred and twenty-five thousandths; four tenths; seveu, and sixty-two tenthousandths; three, and fifty-eight millionths; ninety-two, and seven hundredths.

1192 . What is the cost of 18640 ft . of timber, at $\$ 4.50$ per 100 ft ?
1193. How many cubic inches does the standard (wine) gallon contain? 1194. The standard bushel?
1195. Reduce 417c0 grains to pounds.
1196. In $10 \mathrm{mi} .7 \mathrm{ch} .4 \mathrm{rd}$.20 l ., how many links?
1197. Reduce 3 qt. 1 pt. 1 gi. to the decimal of a gallon.
1198. How many shingles will it take to cover the roof of a building 46 feet long, each of the two sides of the roof being 20 ft . wide, allowing each shingle to be 4 in . wide, and 5 in . of the length to be exposed to the weather?
1199. What will it cost to build a wall 240 ft . long, 6 ft . high, and 3 ft . thick, at $\$ 3.25$ per 1000 bricks, the size of each brick being $8 \mathrm{in} . \times 4 \mathrm{in}, \times$ 2 in.?
1200. If a note for $\$ 605.70$ given June 20,1878 , on simple interest at 8 per cent., be taken up June

20,1881 , what amount wlll then be due, if no interest has been paid?
1201. A man invests $\$ 2000$ in bark stock, and receives a semi-annual dividend of $\$ 75$ : what is the rate per cent of income, per annum ?
1202. Give the U. S. rule for partial payments.
1203. What is the present worth of a note for $\$ 1315.389$, due in 2 y .6 mo ., at 7 per cent.?
1204. If 6 men dig a cellar 22.5 ft . long, 17.3 ft : wide, and 10.25 ft . deep, in 2.5 days, of 12.3 ho ., in how many days of 8.2 ho., can 9 men dig one 45 ft . long, 34.6 ft . wide, and 12.3 ft . deep?
1205. If an army of 55225 be massed in a solid square, how many men will there be on a side?
1206. A man bought a farm 198 rods long and 150 rods wide, and agreed to give $\$ 32$ an acre : how much did the farm cost him ?
1207. What is the length of one edge of a cistern of cubical form, containing 1331 solid feet?
1208. How many barrels does such a cistern as the one described in the preceding question, contain?
1209. Name and describe the standard unit of weight in the Metric system.

## Examination XLVI. Nov. 17, 1881. (10:00-15:00 A. м.)

1210. Name five fundamental rules or operations of arithmetic.
1211. What is a composite number?
1212. Find the prime factors of 320 .
1213. What factors of two or more numbers must their greatest common divisor contain?
1214. Find the greatest common divisor of $52 \%$ and 1207 .
1215. What is the least common multiple of 24 , 48,60 and 100 ?
1216. What does the numerator of a fraction show?
1217. What does the denominator show?

1218, From $20 \frac{1}{7}$ take $13 \frac{1}{4}$.
1219. If 5 barrels of flour cost $\$ 488$, how many barrels can be bought for $\$ 263 \frac{1}{4}$ ? (Solve by analysis.)
1220. Divide . 00144 by 1.2 .
1221. How do you prove an example in division?
1222. London is $77^{\circ} 1^{\prime}$ east of Washington; what time is it at Washington when it is 12 m . at London?
1223. What will 4 cwt. 3 qr. 15 lb . of sugar cost at $\$ 8.95$ a cwt. ( $=100 \mathrm{lbs}$.)?
1224. A pile of wood is 6 ft . high, and 4 ft . wide: how long must it be to contain 10 cords?
1225. How many acres in a rectangular field that is 50 chains long and 30 chains wide?
(Nov. 18. 10:00-12:00 A. M.)
1226. What is 150 per cent. of $\$ 560.25$ ?
1227. 47 is $20 \%$ of what number?
1228. A wagon was sold for $\$ 329$, which was $16 \frac{2}{8} \%$ more than it cost; what did it cost?
1229. If the interest of $\$ 36$ for 3 yr .8 mo .19 da , is $\$ 8.034$, what is the rate?
1230. What is the bank discount on $\$ 120$ for 120 days, at $7 \%$ ? (Consider 360 da. $=1$ yr.)
1231. What is the true discount on $\$ 120$ for 120 days, at $7 \%$ ? (Consider 360 da. $=1 \mathrm{yr}$.)
1232. If $\frac{3}{8}$ of an acre of land is worth $\$ 148$, how much is $\frac{15}{16}$ of an acre worth? (Solve by proportion.)
1233. If 15 men in 9 days, by working 9 hours a day, build 36 rd . of stone-fence, how many rd. can 25 men build in 15 days, by working 8 hours a day? (Solve by compound proportion.)
1234. A and $B$ enter into partnership: $A$ furnished $\$ 240$ for 8 mo., and B $\$ 559$ for 5 mo . They lost $\$ 118$ : how much did each man lose?
1235. In 25 kilogrammes how many pounds, Troy weight? ( 1 gramme $=15.432 \mathrm{gr}$.)
1236. What is the square root of $222 \% 84$ ?
1237. Give the method of proof for square root, and prove answer to Q. 1236.

Examination XLVII. March 2,1882.
1238. What is arithmetic?
1239. What is a concrete or denominate number ?
1240. By what must I divide. 7847 to get 1.9 ?
1241. What kind of a number must a multiplier be?
1242. What mixed number, multiplied by $25 \frac{1}{4}$, will produce $54_{15}^{5}$ ?
1243. What is a decimal fraction?
1244. By how much does the cube of fifty-three hundreths exceed one millionth ?
1245. Reduce $5_{3}^{2}, 9 \frac{2}{4}, 4_{5}^{5}$ to improper fractions, and then to their least common denominator.
1246. Add the numbers in Q. 1245.
1247. Reduce your answer to Q. 1246. to a whole number and decimal (carrying the result to five decimal places).
1248. If it requires 1 bu .2 pk . of rye to sow an acre, how many quarts would be required for a rectangular field 484 ft . long by 270 ft . wide ?
1249. What is a druggists' profit if he buys 5 lb . of opium at $\$ 12$ per lb. avoirdupois, and sells it at $\$ 1$ per oz. Troy? (7000 gr. $=1 \mathrm{lb}$. aviordupois).
1250. What would it cost to dig a cellar $30 \mathrm{ft} . \mathbf{x}$ $35 \mathrm{ft} . \mathrm{x} 8 \mathrm{ft}$., at $\$ .84$ per cubic yard ?
1251. The longitude of New York being $74^{\circ} 0^{\prime} 3^{\prime \prime}$ W. and that of San Francisco being $122^{\circ} 23^{\prime} \mathrm{W}$., what time is it at San Francisco when it is 1. P. M. at New York?
1252. Reduce 12 miles to kilometers. $\quad$ (A meter $=$ 39.37 in.).
1253. Into what pairs of factors may 12 be resolved?
1254. What is the cost of 2 T. 15 cwt . ( 100 lbs. ) 2 qr. 15 lb . of hay, at $\$ 12.50$ per T.?
1255. Bought a hhd. of sugar for $\$ 55.75$, and sold it at a profit of $12 \frac{1}{2}$ per cent : what was the total profit?
1256. What was the rate per cent. of a tax for $\$ 52.88 \frac{1}{4}$ on property assessed at $\$ 3,525.50$ ?
1257. What is the discount, at 8 per cent, on a note for $\$ 750$, payable, without interest, in 2 yr .3 mo . 20 da. ?
1258. Find the proceeds of a note for $\$ 1,000$, due in 90 days, discounted at bank at 6 per cent.
1259. C owes D $\$ 900$, of which $\$ 200$ will be due in 3 mo. , $\$ 300 \mathrm{in} 6 \mathrm{mo}$. and the balance in 12 mo . What would be the mean or equated time of payment?
1260. In the firm of A. \& B., A invested $\$ 200$ for 7 mo . and B. $\$ 300$ for 9 mo. They gained $\$ 125$ : what was each one's share of the gain.
1261. How many feet long is each side of a square acre?
1262. If fifteen men can do a certain piece of work in 90 days of 10 hours each, in how many days of 12 hours each can 20 men do the same work?
1263. What is the premium on a building valued at $\$ 3,000$, insured for $\frac{g_{3}^{3}}{}$ of its value, at $2 \frac{1}{4}$ per cent?
1264. Find the lacking term in the proportion. 10 gal. 3 qt. :-_ : : $5: 9$.
1265. Find the length of the edge of a cubical box containing 262144 cu . ft.

Examination XLVIII. Fune 15, 1882. ( 10 to $12 \mathrm{~A} . \mathrm{m}$. )
1266. What do you understand by the prime factors of a composite number?
1267. Find the greatest common divisor of 360 , 648. 972.
1268. Find the least common multiple of 14,16 , 21, 24, 112.
1269. Exchanged a carriage worth $\$ 140$, and five sets of harness worth $\$ 29$ each, for 45 cords of wood and $\$ 73.50$ : what was the wood valued at, per cord?
1270. Express the present year of the Christian era, by Roman notation.
1271. Express in words: 645000021903.
1272. Copy and numerate: 14627.5623 .
1273. State the essential difference between common and decimal fractions.
1274. Write the table of linear (or long) measure.
1275. A owns $\frac{3}{1 T}$ of a farm worth $\$ 15422$, and sells $\frac{?}{3}$ of his share. Find the value of what he has left.
1276. $\frac{3}{4}$ of $\frac{4 \frac{5}{9}}{6 \frac{1}{6}} \div \frac{11 \frac{5}{7}}{6 \frac{9}{1 \mathrm{~T}}}=$ what?
1277. $(12 \times 5 \times 153 \times 35 \times 18 \times 2)$ divided by $(3 \times 14$ $\times 9 \times 5 \times 17 \times 20 \times 6)=$ what ?
(Use cancellation.)
1278. Divide 87 lb .8 oz .19 pwt .21 gr . by 7, leaving the result in the same denominations.
1279. Reduce . 21675 T . to integers of lower denominations.
1280. How many flagstones averaging 2 ft . long by 1 ft .3 in . wide will be required for a walk 250 ft . long and 4 ft .6 in . wide?
1281. Find the side of a square field equivalent to a rectangular one 2859 yd . long and 714 yd . wide.

$$
\text { JUNE } 16,1882.10 \text { TO } 12 \text { A. M. }
$$

1282. If a pile of wood 36 ft . long, 4 ft . wide
and 5 ft . high cost $\$ 58.50$, what will a pile 60 ft . long, 4 ft . wide and 6 ft . high cost at the same rate? (Solve by proportion.)
Suppose that Jonas Smith owes you $\$ 343$, for which he gives his promissory note of this date, payable to your order in 90 days, with legal interest. (1283) Write a complete copy of the note, and (1284) compute the amount payable when due, including three days grace.
1283. How much can I realize on a note for $\$ 2144.50$ due in 3 mo., 10 da., discounted at bank at 8 per cent.?
1284. Bought 150 bbls. of flour at $\$ 6.75$ per bbl., and sold it at $12 \frac{1}{2}$ per cent. advance: what amount did it bring?
1285. How long must $\$ 240$ be on interest at $8 \frac{1}{2}$ per cent. to amount to $\$ 266.40$ ?
1286. A vessel and cargo are valued at $\$ 297000$. The premium paid for insurance on $\frac{2}{3}$ of their value was $\$ 2475$. What was the rate of insurance?
1287. What sum of money will amount to $\$ 228.60$ in 2 yr .4 mo .18 da., at 6 per cent.
1288. How many gallons in $24 \frac{1}{2}$ hektoliters of wine? $\quad(A$ liter $=1.0567 q$ t. $)$

129i. Explain the difference between specific and ad valorem duties.
. 1292. Extract the cube root of 50653 .
1293. The time at a certain place is 3 h .15 min . earlier than at Washington. In what longitude, reckoned from Washington, is that place?

## THE

## REGENTS' QUESTIONS,

## 1866-1876.

## GEOGRAPHY.

> Examination $I$. . Iov. 7, 1866. $(9: 00-10: 30 \mathrm{~A} . \mathrm{m})$

1. Mention the grand divisions of the earth, and state within which hemispheres (northern or southern, and eastern or western) each is principally included.
2. Gise a similar statement in relation to the several oceans.
3. Describe the equator, the tropics, and the polar circles.
4. Define 'atitude and longitude.
5. Name the sereral zones, and state within or between what cireles each is included.
6. Illustrate the relative positions of the equator, troplcs, polar circles, and zones, by a small circular diagram similar to an outline map of a hemisphere.
7. Mention the three largest islands of the globe, (ex-
cepting the so-called continents, ) in the order of their size.
8. What bay and strait separate British America from Greenland?
9. What parallel of latitude forms the northern boundary of the United States from the Lake of the Woods to the Gulf of Georgia ?
10. What is the capital of Canada, and how is it sitnated?
11. What strait connects Lake Huron and Lake Michigan?
12. What is the capital of California ?
13. What river forms part of the boundary between New York and Pennsylvania?
14. Name and describe the largest river within the state of Virginia.
15. Which are the three largest of the West India Islands?
16. Where and what is Terra del Fuego?
17. Mention the countries comprised in the British Isles.
18. What strait separates Spain from Africa ?
19. What mountains between Norway and Sweden?
20. What large river of Russia empties into the Black Sea?
21. What mountains form the boundary line between China and Hindoostan?
22. Where is the empire of Japan, and of what does it consist ?
23. Is the greater part of Africa north or south of the equator? Represent the shape of Africa by a small outline map, and draw a line across it to correspond to the position of the equator.
24. Where is the island of St. Helena? (Nearest which grand division, in what ocean, and hemispheres, and in about what latitude and longitude?)

## Examination II. Feb. 28, 1867. (3:00-10:30 A. m.)

25. Define Circles of Longitude?
26. What courtries of the globe are crossed by the Arctic Circle?
27. What is the longitude of N. Y. City, reckoning from Greenwich? (The minutes and seconds are not required.)
28. Which of the United States have no sea coast?
29. Through what state does the Mississippi flow?
30. On what waters may one sail from New York to Philadelphia?
31. What river connects Lake Superior with Lake Huron?
32. What river rizes in the western part of North Caroina and flows into the Ohio ?
33. In what direction is the Isthmus of Darien from the mouth of the Orinoco?
34. What countries of South America are crossed by the Equator?
35. Name the three largest rivers of South America.
36. What countries of Europe border on the Mediterranean Sea?
37. Describe the river Rhine.
38. What is the capital of Prussia ?
39. What range of mountains in Austria ?
40. Describe the river Rhone.
41. Where is Calcutta situated?
42. Where is Mt. Sinai ?
43. What strait at the eastern extremity of Siberia?
44. What is the capital of Japan?
45. Describe the river Niger ?
46. In what direction do the Mountains of the Moon extend?
47. What is the largest island of Oceanica?
48. In what Zone is the Cape of Good Hope ?

Any pupil who has the requisite time, may show by o small diagram, the relative position of lines of latitude and longitude on a map of the northern hemisphere.

## Examination 1II. June 13, 1867.

(9:00-10:30 А. м.)
49. In what part of the world is the point of no latitude and no longitude, (reckoning longitude from Greenwich?)
50. What is the width, in degrees, of each temperate zone?
51. How can we determine, by a map, the line or ridge of high land, called a water-shed, which divides a country into opposite slopes?
52. What are the two principal water-sheds of the United States?
53. What three large citics of North America are located near the 20th, 30th and 40th degrees of north latitude, respectively?
54. On what parallel of latitude is the boundary of New York, from Lake Champlain to the river St. Lawrence?
55. What parallel of latitude forms the boundary between Virginia and North Carolina?
56. What parallel forms the northern boundary of Georgia, Alabama and Mississippi ?
57. What four states border on Lake Michigan?
58. How is Alabama bounded ?
59. What river flows into the northern extremity of the gulf of California?
60. What country occupies the north-western extremity of South America?
61. What country of South America has no sea coast ?
62. What three great rivers of Europe rise in the Alps and where do each of them empty?
63. What mountain range passes through the whole sength of Italy?
84. Into what sea does the river Elbe empty?
65. What countries occupy the Scandinarian peninsula?
66. What strait separates England from France?
67. What three peninsulas on the southern border of Europe?
68. What other continent has also three large peninsulas on its southern border, and what are their names ?
69. What is the general direction of peninsulas in any continent?
70. What large $c^{\circ} \mathrm{g}$ is situated at the mouth of the Ganges?
71. What gulf $i$, the north-western part of the Red Sea?
72. What coun* y of Africa bordors on the strait of Gibraltar?

> Examinetion $I \mathcal{V}$. Nov. 7, 1867. $(9: 00-10: 30 \mathrm{A} . \mathrm{m}$.
73. What is $\mathbf{t r e}$ amount of the gatest longitude?
74. What ba west of Greenland ?
75. What $\rho$ callels of latitude form parts of the northern boundar. of the United States?
76. What river forms part of the northeastern boundary of the United States?
77. What lake between lake Huron and lake Erie?
78. What states are separated by the Wabash river ?
79. What is the outlet of Lake Champlain?
80. On what river is Rochester situated?
81. Of what river is the Juniata a branch?
82. What two ranges of mountains in Virginia ?
83. That peninsula forms the south part of Greece?

## THE REGENTS' QUESTIORA

84. What is the capital of Prussia ?
85. Describe the Rhine.
86. Describe the Danube.
87. On what river is Paris situated?
88. What large sea north of Prussia?
89. In what zone is the greater part of Asia ?
90. What mountains between China and Hindoostan ?
91. Describe the river Ganges.
92. What sea between Arabia and Hindoostan ?
93. What two large islands on the Equator south east of Asia?
94. What are the two largest rivers in Africa?
95. What large island east of A frica?
96. What group of islands west of Morocco ?

## Examination V . F'eb. 20, 1868.

(9:30-10:30 А. м.)
97. Which extends further south-the Old World or the New ?

98, In what Zone are the most highly civilized nations ?
99. What connects the Pacific with the Arctic Ocean?
100. What change in temperature occurs in going from the base of a high mountain towards its summit?
101. What is the largest river flowing into Hudson's Bay?
102. What large city on the western coast of the United States?
103. Which of the New England States has the highest mountains?
104. What lake is crossed by the northern boundary of Vermont?
105. What mountains in the northern part of the State of New York?
106. What city in Delaware at the mouth of the Delaware River?
107. On which side of the Mississippi is the greater part of Louisiana?
108. Why has South America no large rivers flowing westward?
109. What is the only country lying wholls on the western slope of the Andes ?
110. What islands east of the southern extremity of Suuth America?
111. What is the south-western point of England called?
112. What two large lakes south-west of the White Sea?
113. What large river flows through Austria?
114. What sea east of Italy ?
115. What waters between the Grecian Archipelago and the Black Sea?
116. What waters are connected by the strait of Babelmandeb?
117. What peninsula between the Yellow Sea and the sea of Japan ?
118. What important country of Asia consists of islands only ?
119. What country on the Mediterranean next west of Egypt?
120. What cape forms the most eastern point of Africa?

Examination VT. June 4, 1868. (9:00-10:30 A. м.) .
121. In what direction does the Gulf Stream flow?
122. What large island east of the Gulf of St. Lawrence?
123. What island at the moath of river St. Lawrence?

## THE REGENTS' QUESTIONS.

124. Which thirteen of the United States border on the Atlantic Ocean?
125. What is the highest peak of the White Mountains ?
126. What island at the mouth of the Hudson, between New Jersey and Long Island?
127. What large bay in the State of Maryland?
128. What mountains separate the States of Virginia and West Virginia ?
129. On what river is the capital of Tennessee situated?
130. What States are separated by the Sabine river?
131. Which is further west, New Orleans or Lima?
132. In what latitude is the mouth of the Amazon?
133. What divisions of South America border on the Pacific ocean?
134. What are the three great rivers of South America?
135. Which is the further north, Paris or Quebec?
136. What is the capital of Denmark ?
137. Which is the largest lake in Europe?
138. What river flows into the Gulf of Lyons ?
139. Through what waters would a vessel pass in going from New Orleans to Smyrna?
140. In what direction do the trade winds blow?
141. In what latitude is the Strait of Gibralter ?
142. What is the capital of Persia?
143. What mountains in the northern part of Africa?
144. Which is the largest of the Sandwich Islands?

## Examination $\mathcal{V I I}$. Nov. 12, 1868.

(9:00-10:30 A. м.)
145. What is meant by small circles of a sphere?
146. What does the eastern continent comprise ?
147. Which is the smallest of the United States?
148. What States bound Florida on the north ?
149. What States bound Wisconsin on the west?
150. Name three of the western branches of the Mississippi river.
151. Between what States does the Connecticut river flow?
152. In what direction is Montreal from Quebec?
153. What two large peninsulas in Mexico?
154. In what direction is Buenos Ayres from Rio De Janeiro?
155. What is the capital of Turkey ?
156. What important seaport in the south of France?
157. What island south of Hindoostan?
158. What large desert in the Chinese Empire?
159. What mountains between Siberia and the Chinese Empire?
160. Is Liberia in north or south latitude?
161. What circle bounds the torrid zone on the nortll ?
162. Describe the Antarctic circle.
163. Between what grand divisıons is the Atlantic Ocean?
164. Which is the largest lake of fresh water on the globe?
165. Which is the largest island sea?
166. What is the latitude of Washington city (degrees only?)
167. What is the longitude of New York city (degreea only ?)
168. By what waters may a ressel pass from Providence, R. I., to Nashville, Tenn. ?

Examination VIII. Feb. 18, 1869.

$$
(9: 00-10: 30 \text { A. м. })
$$

169. How many degrees from the equator is the Arctic Circle?

## THE REGENTS' QUESTIONS。

170. By what circle is the South Temperate Zowe bonnded?
171. Why do degrees of longitude vary in length at different places on the earth's surface?
172. In what State is the geographical centre of the United States?
173. Which State extends further north, Main or Minnesota?
174. What State extends further south, Florida or Texas?
175. Mention the capitals of the Middle States.
176. Bound the State of Missouri.
177. Trace the water communication between Chicago and Pittsburgh.
178. To what European government does Cuba belong ?
179. What is the capital of Venezuela ?
180. What large river empties into the Atlantic near Buenos Ayres?
181. What waters separate England and Ireland?
182. By what route could a vessel sail from Marseilles to St. Petersburgh ?
183. What is the capital of Austria, and where is it situated?
184. On what river is the city of Rome located ?
185. In what zone is Iceland?
186. What large island near the eastern extermity of the Mediterranean Sea?
187. In what does the river Indus empty?
188. What is the general direction of the rivers of China?
189. What bodies of water does the isthmus of Suez separate?
190. What countries of Africa border on the Mediterranean Sea?
191. Describe the Mozambique Channel.
192. In what zone does the highest civilization exist ?

## GEOGRAPHY.

Examination IX. June 10, 1869. (9:00-10:30 А. м.)
193. What two revolutions does the earth perform?
194. What do each of these revolutions produce?
195. What is meant by the cardinal points?
196. Which one of the five zones has more land surface than any other?
197. In which zone are volcanoes most numerous?
198. Why are there few lakes in the torrid zone?
199. Which is the longest mountain system of the globe?
200. Which grand division is crossed by both the tropical circles?
201. What is the general direction of the longest right line that can be drawn across the eastern continent ?
202. Which of the grand divisions are peninsulas?
203. What river has its basin in the southern part of the great central plain of South America?
204. What group of islands between North and South America?
205. What island north-west of Europe, partly in the western hemisphere ?
206. What large river of the United States flows into the Pacific Ocean?
207. Which is the largest western branch of the Misulssippi river?
208. Which is the largest branch of the Obio river ?
209. Which of the thirty-seven United States extends farthest north ?
210. Which of the United States are intersected by the Mississippi river ?
211. What river bounds Iowa on the west ?
212. What city of Wisconsin is situated on Lake Michs gan?
213. What island in the Niagara river ?
214. What sea between Russia and Sweden?
215. What is the capital of Holland?
216. Which of the five races of men is the most numerous?

> Examination $\mathcal{A}$ : Nov. 12, 1868. (9:00-10:30 А. м.)
217. How must a place be situated to be in north latitude?
218. How must a place be situated to be in east longitude?
219. How many seasons has the torrid zone?
220. Where are the richest silver mines of the globe?
221. Into what races are mankind divided?

222 . What grand divisions lie wholly north of the equator?
223. What two gulfs of North America are crossed by the Tropic of Cancer?
224. Where is the Tropic of Cancer most nearly approached by the United State?

225, What large river in the western part of the United States has its source in British America?
226. In what mountains does the Hudson river rise?
227. What river forms part of the boundary between New York and Pennsylvania?
228. What river empties into the head of Chesapeake Bay?
229. Through what two States does the Chesapeake Bay extend?
239. What two rivers receive the waters of all the streams of Iowa?
231. Of what division of South America is the Isthmus of Panama a part?
232. Along what three rivers are the principal lowland plains of South America?
253. Is the greater part of Brazil in north or in soath latitude?
234. What range of mountains forms a natural boundary between France and Spain?
235. What noted river of Europe emptics into the North Sea?
236. Into what sea do all the rivers of South Russia empty?
237. What sea is between England and Denmark ?
238. What important group of islands east of the Chinese Empire?
239. In what country of Asia is Mt. Ararat?

24C. In what zones is Africa?
Examination XI. Fieb. 18, 1870.

$$
(9: 00-10: 30 \mathrm{~A} . \mathrm{m} .)
$$

241. What oceans border on the Eastern Continent?
242. Between what two grand divisions has the Atlantic Ocean its greatest breadth ?
243. How many English miles from the equator is a place that is ten degrees north of it?
244. What grand divisions are crossed by the meridian of Greenwich ?
245. Is Australia in east or in west longitude, reckoning from Greenwich ?
246. In which zone is the southern extremity of South America?
247. Which one of the United States lying wholly east of the meridian of Washington has no ocean coast ?
248. What States border on Pennsylvania?
249. Which one of the United States consists of two peninsulas?
250. How is Kansas bounded on the north ?
251. What is the chief town of Nova Scotia?
252. What two large peninsulas in Mexico ?
253. In what mountains does the Amazon river rise ?
254. Between what two rivers is Paraguay sitnated?
255. What country occupies the southern extremity of South America?
256. What sea between Russia and Swerden?

25\%. What five countries of Europe border on the Mediterranean Sea ?
258. Which are the five great powers of Europe ?
259. What country bounds Greece on the north ?
260. What is the name of the principal desert of Asia ?
261. What is the capital of Persia?
262. What large bay east of Hindoostan?
263. In what zone or zones is the Sahara desert?
264. What large gulf on the western coast of Africa near the equator?

Examination $\mathcal{X 1 1 .}$ June 10, 1870.
(9:00-10:30 А. м.)
265. Which extends farther east ; the United States or Brazil ?
266. Which is the more westerly; Cape Horn or Cape St. Lucas?
267. Which ocean has the greater breadth ; the Atlantic between South America and Africa, or the Indian, between Afriea and Australia?
268. In what zones is Australia situated ?
269. What large bay east of Lake Huron and north of Lake Erie?
270. What bodies of water are connected by the Welland Canal?
271. Prove that Lake Superior is (or is not) more elevated than the Atlantic Ocean?
272. Mention any sea or lake upon the giobe whose surface is lower than the surface of the ocean.
273. Mention all the States bordering upon Illinois.

## GEOGRAPHY.

274. In sailing op the Mississippi river from its mouth 2o the latitude of Chicago, what States, or parts of States, might you sec apon the eastern shore?
275. Which are the so-called "Gulf States;" or, what States Lorder upon the Gulf of Mexico?
276. Which is the highest mountain in New England ?
277. What large river east of and nearly parallel to the Hudson River?
278. Between what two rivers is Philadelphia situated?
279. Mention one of the three large rivers of Virginia, south of and nearly parallel to the Potomac, and emptying into the Chesapeake Bay?
280. On which coast of Cuba, the northern or the southern, is Havana, the capital, situated ?
281. What large river flows through Venezuela ?
282. What two large rivers unite to form the Rio de la Plata?
283. What country of Europe partly encompasses the White Sea?
284. What country of Europe is situated between the Adriatic and a part of the Mediterranean Seas?
285. What range of mountains extends from the Bay of Biscay to the Mediterranean Sea?
286. In what direction from China is the China Sea?
287. What is the capital of Japan?
288. What large lake of Africa, on or near the equator, at the head of the river Nile?

Examination X1T1. Nov. 11, 1870.
(9:00-10:30 А. м.)
289. What part of North America has the greatest longitude, i. e., extends farthest west ?
290. What zone contains the greatest number of islands?
291. Which has the greater circumference: the Tropic of Cancer or the $\mathbf{3 0}^{\circ}$ circle of latitude?
292. In what direction is the Caribbean Sea from the Gulf of Mexico?
293. Is the Sea of Kamchatka in the Eastern or in the Western Hemisphere?
294. In what latitude is the mouth of the Amazon river?
295. Mention a large gulf, or a bay, in North America, so nearly surrounded by land as to be almost a mediterranean or inlard sea.
296. What is the name of the outlet of Lake Huron?
297. Mention sume of the United States territories which are traversed by the Rocky mountain range.
298. Which of the United States border on the Pacific Ocean?
299. Which extends further north, the Gulf of Mexico or the Gulf of California?
300. Mention one of the United States which has more than one capital city.
301. What State is indented by the Narraganset Bay?
302. Which two New England States have a joint river margin or boundary?
303. To what State do Nantucket and Martha's Vineyard belong?
304. What river is crossed three times by the southern boundary of the State of New York?
305. Which one of the Middle States is nearly surrounded by water (sea coast and river)?
306. Which of the United States border on Lake Superior ?
307. What large river of Europe empties into the Caspian Sea?
308. What large river empties into the Black Sea from the west?
309. What large river of France empties into the Mediterranean Sea?
310. In what direction is Moscow from St. Petersburgh $\boldsymbol{f}$
311. What is the capital of China?
312. What mountain range between China and Siberia?

$$
\underset{(9: 00-10: 30 \mathrm{\Delta .} \text { м. })}{\underset{\sim}{\text { Examination }} \text { XIV: Feb. } 24,1871 .}
$$

313. What is the axis of the earth?
314. Which grand divisions are partly within the Southern Hemisphere?
315. Which two grand divisions are traversed throughout their entire length by a continuous mountain range ?
316. Which is the highest mountain peak of North America?
317. What large islands east of the Gulf of St. Law rence?
318. What large river forms the greater part of the joint boundary of Oregon and Washington territory?
319. Mention eight cities in the State of New York.
320. What lake lies between Lake Champlain and the head waters of the Hndson river?
321. What river forms the entire eastern boundary of Pennsylvania?
322. What States are bounded on the south by the Ohio river?
323. What large lake in Central America?
324. What four islands form the group known as the Greater Antilles?
325. Mention eight of the twelve countries of Sonth America ?
326. Which one of these conntries is traversed by the Orinoco river?
327. What country of Sonth America has no sea coast ?
328. On what river of France is Paris situated?
329. What large bay west of France?
330. What range of mountains extends from the Black to the Caspian sea?
331. Mention four seas in and around Russia.
332. To what European power does Australia belong?
333. In what zone is the greater part of Siberia?

33f. What inland gulf lies between the Arabian sea and the eastern end of the Mediterranean?
335. What strait separates Morocco from Europe?
336. What large river flows into the gulf of Guinea?

## Examination XV. June 9, 1871.

(9:00-10:30 А. м.)
337. Mention the grand divisions of the Earth, and state within which Hemispheres (northern or southern, and eastern or western) Asia is principally included.
338. Give a similar statement in relation to the Hemispheres within which the Indian Ocean is included.
339. Describe the equator, the tropics and the polar circles.
34. Define latitude and longitude.
341. Name the several zones and state within or between what circles each is included.
342. Illustrate the relative positions of the equator, tropics, polar circles, and zones, by a small diagram similar to an outline map of a Hemisphere, and letter each of these parts of the diagram.
343. What is the width, in degrees, of each temperate zone?
344. What bay and strait separate British America from Greenland?
345. What parallel of latitude forms the northern boundary of the United States from the Lake of the Woods to the gulf of Georgia ?
346. What is the capital of the Dominion of Canada and where is it situated ?

## 347. What strait connects Lake Huron with Lake Michigan?

348. What is the capital of California ?
349. What river forms part of the boundary between Maryland and Virginia ?
350. Mention and describe the largest river within the United States.
351. Which are the three largest of the West India Islands ?
352. Where and what is Terra del Fuego ?
353. Mention the countries comprised in the British Isles?
354. What separates Spain from Morocco ?
355. What mountains between Norway and Sweden?
356. What large river empties into the Black Sea from the west?
357. What mountains between the Chinese Empire and Hindoostan?
358. Where is the empire of Japan, and of what does it consist ?
359. Is the greater part of Africa north or south of the equator? Represent the shape of Africa by a small outline map, and draw a line across it to show the position of the equator.
360. Where is the island of St. Helena? (Nearest what grand division, in what ocean and hemispheres)?

Examination XVI. Nov. 10, 1871. (9:00-10:30 A. м.)
361. Bound the South Temperate Zone.
362. What is the latitude of the northern boandary of Vermont?
363. Mention all the grand divisions which lie partly in the North Temperate Zone.

## "HE REGENTS' QUESTIONS.

364. What noted group of islands in the Pacific Ocean west of Mexico?
365. What grand division would be reached in sailing east from Australia ?
366. What gulf on the Pacific coast of the Western Hemisphere?
367. What five large lakes are drained by the river St . Lawrence?
368. Mention three tributaries of the Mississippi river, from the west.
369. On what river is the city of Hartford situated?
370. What river rises in western Massachusetts and dows through Connecticnt?
371. In what mountains does the Hudson river rise?
372. Which of the United States border on Lake Erie ?
373. Which states bound North Carolina and Tennessee on the south ?

374 . What is the capital of California?
375. What city and island in the St. Lawrence opposite the mouth of the Ottawa river?
376. Into what four provinces is the Dominion of Canada divided? (Note: There are now but two.)
377. What country of South America bounds Peru on the north ?
378. What country of South America is an Empire?
379. What two large seas lie between the British Isles and the central part of Russia?
380. What name is given to the peninsula between the Mediterranean and the Black Seas ?
381. What two rivers empty into the Persian Gulf?
382. What mountain range extends sonthward from Abyssinia?
383. Which grand division has the warmest average climate?
384. What continent lies wholly in the Sonthern Hem: sphere?

Examination XVII. Feb. 28, 1872.
(9:00-10:30 A. м.)
385. Which is the larger: Africa or South America ?
386. Which ocean is entirely within the Eastern Hemisphere?
387. What three oceans are partly within the South Temperate Zone?
388. In what direction is Madagascar from Australia ?
389. What two large islands of the Eastern Hemisphere are crossed by the equator?
390. What ocean receives the largest amount of water from the continenta: river systems?
291. In what direction is the mouth of the Amazon from the mouth of the Mississippi?
392. What city is located on the Boston and Albany railroud at its intersection with the Connecticut river?
343. Mention five lakes lying wholly within the State of New York.
394. What city is situated in the soath-western part of Peunsylvania?
395. Is Philadelphia in east or in west longitude (reckoning from Washington)?
396. What is the capital of Alabama?
397. What States bound Florida on the north ?
398. What large bay is situated on the western border of Lake Huron?
399. What great lake borders on Minnesota ?
400. Which are the two largest rivers that empty into the Gulf of Mexico?
401. What is the capital of Brazil?
402. What country of South America is traversed by the Orinoco river?
493. Which extends further south; Norway or Sweden?
404. Mention four large islands of the Mediterraneam Sea?

## TEE REGENTS' QUESTIONS.

405. Of what country is Vienna the capital?
406. What channel between Ireland and Wales ?
407. Near what river and bay is Calcutta situated.
408. In what direction is New York city from the North Pole?

## Examination XVIII. June 7, 1872. (9:00-10:30 А. м.)

409. How are the Arctic and Pacific Oceans connected ?
410. On which Hemisphere (eastern or western,) is the meridian $170^{\circ}$ east longitude from Greenwich ?
411. Is New Zealand in the Eastern or Western Hemisphere?
412. Mention a river of North America that flows in 8 northerly direction.
413. Mention one of the rivers of Maine.
414. How many square miles in the State of New York (in round numbers) ?
415. Which State has the larger territory: New York or California?
416. What is the population of the State of New York (in round numbers)?
417. How many counties are there in New York State?
418. Which county of New York extends farthest east ?
419. What State bounds Kansas on the east ?
420. What is the capital of Illinois?
421. What States would be crossed in passing direct from Indiana to Alabama?
422. Mention any one of the United States which had no sea or lake coast.
423. Mention a tributary of the Missouri river.
424. Mention one of the peninsulas adjacent to the Golf of Mexico.
425. Which is nearer the equator: Caba or Jamaica ?
426. What conntry bonnds the Argentine Confederan tion on the north?
427. What large river of Colombia, 8. A., empties into the Caribbean Sea?
428. What large sea is situated about midway between the Adriatic ard Caspian Sea?
429. Mention one of the gulfs adjacent to the Baltic Sea.
430. In what direction is Corsica from Sardinia?
431. What noted riser empties into the Dead Sea ?
432. On which coast of Africa is Senegambia ?

Examination XIX. Nov. 8, 1872.
(9:00-10:30 А. м.)
433. What place upon the earth's surface is south from every other place?
434. What zone has no sunlight during our summer?
435. In sailing due east, which does a ship change: its latitude or its longitude?
436. Which is the larger: North America or South America?
437. In what ocean are the Japan Islands?
438. What ocean between Africa and Australia?
439. What peninsula lies between the Arabian Sea and the Bay of Bengal?
440. In what direction is San Francisco from the Isthmus of Darien?
441. Does the greater part of the area of the United States (including territories) lie east or west of the Mississippi river?
442. What territory between Kansas and Ctah ?
443. What state between Utah and California?
444. Which has the greater elevation above the ocean; Lake Erie or Lake Haron?

THE REGENTS' QUESTIONS.
445. What large town of Massachusetts is situated on the Boston and Albany railroad, about midway between Boston and Springfield?
446. Which is the least populous county of the State of New York?
447. What river rises in the State of New York and ${ }^{\circ}$ empties into the Chesapeake Bay?
448. What State bounds Tennessec on the east?
449. What sea lies south of the West Indies?
450. What is the capital of Brazil?
451. Of what country is Santiago the capital?
452. Mention one of the countries of South America wholly in north latitude.
453. What country of South America is between Colombia and Peru ?
454. What range of mountains separates Spain and Portugal from the rest of Europe?
455. What river empties into the North Sea at the Hague?
455. Mention one of the rivers that empty into the Caspian Sea.

Examination $\mathcal{X X}$. Feb. 28, 1873. (9:00-10:30 А. м.)
457. What general name is given to the several parta into which the whole of the earth's surface is divided by the tropics and polar circles?
458. What lines on maps indicate north and south direc tlons?
459. What large river of North America empties into the Pacific ocean?
460. What peninsula south of the Gulf of Mexico?
461. Mention the largest river that empties into Lor\% Island Sound.
468. What mountain chain traverses Vermont?

## GEOGRAPHY.

463. Mention the largest river within the State of New Hampshire.
464. What general name is given to the mountains west of Lake Champlain?
465. Mention a tributary of the Potomac river.
466. What large city is situated at the junction of the Allegany and Monongahela rivers?
467. On what river is the capital of Virginia situated ?
468. What lake lies between Michigan aud Wisconsin?
469. What large city is situated in the south-western part of Ohio?
470. Mention a city in the eastern part of Wisconsin.
471. What two rivers having the same name empty Into the Gulfs of Mexico and California, respectively ?
472. What is the capital of Minnesota ?
473. Mention one of the four provinces of the Dominion of Canada.
474. What country of South America bounds Colombia on the east?
475. In what direction is England from Spain?
476. What is the capital of Norway?
477. What large city is situated between the Black Sea and the Sea of Marmora?
478. What country bounds the Chinese Empire on the north?
479. What mountains are situated in the north-western part of Africa?
480. What large river empties into the Gulf of Guinea :

$$
\underset{(9: 00-10: 30 \text { А. м. })}{ }
$$

481. What part of the earth's surface has no sunlight at the time of our midsummer?
482. Mention one of the conditions upon which climate depends.
483. Which zone contains most of the coral irlands ?
484. In what general direction does the Gulf Stream flow off the United States coast ?
485. In what ocean is the geographical centre of the Eastern Hemisphere?
486. Which grand division lies partly in the Eastern and partly in the Western Hemisphere?
487. What province bounds Maine on the east ?
488. Among what mountains does the Hudson river rise?
489. What river flows between South Carolina and Georgia?
490. On what river is St. Louis situated?
491. What ocean receives the principal drainage of South America?
492. What country lies almost wholly on the western slope of the Andes mountains?
493. What is the name of that arm of the occan into which the Parana river empties ?
494. What is the capital of the Argentine Republic?
495. What sea lies west of Denmark?
496. Of what empire is Vienna the capital?
497. Through what country does the lower part of ${ }^{-}$the Danube flow?
498. In what country of Asia is the river Ganges ?
499. What sea forms part of the northern boundary of Persia?
500. Mention one of the large rivers of the Chinese Empire.
501. In what ocean is Madagascar?
502. Which extends further south: Africa, Australia or South America?
503. Mention one of the ranges of monntains between the Red Sea and the Cape of Good Hope.
504. Towards which pole does the sun cast shadows at midday, in the south temperate zone?

Examination XX11. Nov. 7, 1873.
(9:00-10:30 А. м.)

405-509. Mention and bound each of the five zones.
510. Which State of New England has the highest mountains?

511-513. What States east of the Mississippi river have neither sea nor lake coast?

514-516. What States border on Lake Superior?
517. What river forms part of the boundary between New York and Pennsylrania?
518. Through what States does the Mississippi flow?

519-520. What parallels of latitude form parts of the northern boundary of the United States?

521-522. Which are the two largest of the West India Islands ?

523-524. Mention two countries of South America that are crossed by the equator.
525. What country of South America lies wholly upon the western slope of the Andes Mountains ?

526-528. Mention three peninsular countries in the south of Europe.

529-532. Mention the four countries comprised in the British Isles.

533-535. What three noted rivers of Europe rise among the Alps?
$536-538$. Into what sea do each of these three river (533-535) empty ?
539. What important country of Asia consists of islands only?
540. What strait at the eastern extermity of Siberia?

541-542. What are the two largest rivers of Africa?
543. What sea is connected with the ocean by the Strait of Bab el Mandeb ?
544. What country of Africa borders on the Strait of Gibraltar ?

THE REGENTS' QUESTIONS.
Examination XXIII. Feb. 27, 1874.
(1:30-3:00 р. м.)

What great circle separates (555) the Northern from the Southern Hemisphere; and what one (546) the Eastern from the Western?
547. Does the Northern or the Southern Hemisphere contain more land surface ; and, in like manner, (548) the Eastern or the Western?
Mention, as nearly as you can in the order of size, beginning with the largest, the six grand divisions of land on the Earth's surface: (549)-; (550)-; (551)—; (552)—; (553)-; (554)—.

Mention in like order as above, the five oceans: (555) —; (556)-; (557)—; (558)—; (559)—.
Give the ( 560 ) latitude, and the (561) longitude (from Greenwich) of the central point on the map of the Western Hemisphere.
Mention the largest gulf on the American side of the (562) Atlantic, and (563) Pacific Oceans, respectively.

Mention five of the lakes drained by the river St. Lawrence: (564)-; (565)-; (566)—; (567) -; (568) -.

What two peninsulas and large intervening islands partially separate the Gulf of Mexico from the Caribbean Sea? (569)—; (570)-; (571)-.
572. What body of water, in size approaching the Gulf of Mexico, is comprised within the limits of North America?
Mention five of the seas into which a vessel might sall going eastward from the Strait of Gibraltar: (573)-; (574)-; (575)—; (576)—; (577)—.

Mention four bodies of water (seas, gulfs and bays) into which a vessel may sail from the Indian Ocean: (578) —; (579)—; (580)—; (581)-.
Mention thrce inland Asiatic Scas, each having no outlet: (582)-; (583)-; (584)—.

## Examination XXIV. June 5, 1874. (1:30-3:00 Р. м.)

585-587. Give three proofs that the earth is spherical
588. What is the situation of places whose time of day agrees with our own?
589. What is the situation of places which have the same length of day and night that we have ?
590. In what ocean is a ship which is in $10^{\circ} \mathrm{S}$. latitude and $70^{\circ} \mathrm{E}$. longitude from Greenwich?
591. By what two bodies of water are the Arctic and Pacific Ocean connected?
592. Draw the outline of a hemispherical map, with the usual number of great and small circles; (593) indicate the point of no latitude and no longitnde by a 0 ; (594) and mark its number of degrees on each parallel and meridian represented.
595. To what great river system does Lake Champlain belong?
596. Bound the State of Connecticut.

597-599. What three groups of islands are included in the West Indies?

600-601. What peninsula and island are partly in the Eastern and partly in the Western Hemisphere?
602. What is the season of the year at Cape Horn in July?
603. What European sea borders on the Arctic Ocean ?

604-608. Mention five ranges of mountains each either within or bordering upon Europe.
609-614. Mention six of the islands of the Mediterranean sea?

615-618. Mention four seas which form parts of the western boundary of $\Delta$ sia.
619. On what river is Nankin sitnated ?

620-622. Of what three divisions does Oceanica consist?
623-624. What is the largest island adjacent to Atrica and what body of water separates them ?

> Examination XXV. Jov. 6, 1874. (1:30-3:00 Р. м.)

625-626. What parallels of latitude are in the northern soundary of the United States?
627. What river rises in Pennsylvania and flows north through New York into Lake Ontário?
628. Is the southern point of Florida, or the mouth of the Rio Grande, further south?
629. What is the distance, in statute miles, from the most southern limit of the United States, in about $26^{\circ} \mathrm{N}$. latitude, to the northern boundary, on the meridian of that limit?
630. What river rises in the United States whose waters flow through a lake into Hudson's Bay?
631. What river is between Lower Canada (or Province of Quebec) and Upper Canada (or Ontario)?
632. What two Provinces of British America are wholly south of the river St. Lawrence?
633. What is the general direction of peninsulas?

634-635. What is the extent north and south of South America in degrees and in miles, the latitude of the Isthmus of Panama being $9^{\circ}$ north ?

636-637. What are the two principal water sheds of the United States?

638-639. What river of Africa empties into the Mediterranean, and through which part does it flow ?
640. In what zone is the highest civilization?
641. Where are the Islands of Japan?

642-645. What four seas on the eastern coast of Asia?
6.46. Of what does the British Empire consist?
647. What islands in the Mediterranean belong to Great Britain?

648-655. Through what bodies of water will a ship pasa, on the shortest way from London to Calcutta?

656-659. What countries of Europe touch the Baltic Sea, and what ( $660-664$ ) the Mediterranean?

## GEOGRAPIT.

## Examination $\mathfrak{x \sim 2}$. Feb. 26, 1875. (1:30-3:00 Р. м.)

665. What is Latitude; (666) on what circle is it measured ; (667) are degrees of Latitude of equal length ?
666. What points on the earth's surface have the greatest latitude, and what is it?
667. How many statute miles in a degree of latitude?
668. The length of a degree of latitude being known, how can the earth's circumference be found ?
669. What is Longitude; and (672) from what meridian or meridians, on your map, is it reckoned ?
670. How many degress of longitude may there be ?
671. Are degrees of longitude of equal length ?
672. Where are degrees of latitude and longitude of equal length? (These questions are on the supposition that the earth is a perfect sphere.)
673. What is the longitude of the Poles?
674. How is the situation of any place on the earth determined?
675. Bound the Atlantic Ocean.

679-682. Mention four Atlantic groups of islands.
683. What large island partly in the Atlantic and partly in the Arctic Oceans?

684-688. Mention five groups of islands in the Pacific Ocean, included in Occanica.
689. In what general direction will a ship sail in going from New York to Liverpool?
690-694. Which are the five principal bays on the Atlantic coast of the United States?

Describe the (695) Hudson and the (696) Connecticat rivers;-where each rises, in what direction it flows, and where it empties.
697. Mention and describe the largest river which flow: into Delaware Bay.

698-700. Mention the three largest rivers of South America which flow into the Atlantic.
701. Mention five countries of South America which border or the Atlantic, (702) four on the Pacific, (703) one wholly inland, and (704) six countries of Asia.

## Examination XXVIT. June 4, 1875.

(1:30-3:00 Р. м.)
705. In what general direction do the rivers of the Eastern and Middle States flow, and (706) those of the Southern States which empty into the Atlantic?

709-709. Mention three rivers which empty into Long Island Sound.

What large river empties into (710) New York Bay? (711) into Delaware Bay? (712) into Chesapeake Bay?
713. What river forms about half of the southern boundary of the United States?
714. Mention the most extensive river basin of the United States; (715) where does this basin begin on the north, and (716) where terminate south?
717. Mention fire States on the eastern, and (718) five on the western slope of this basin.

Mention two rivers in the northern part of the United States whose sources are near each other ; (719) one of which empties into the Pacific, and (720) and the other by the Mississippi into the Gulf of Mexico.
721. Mention the four great lakes between the United States and Canada; (722) what large lake connected with these is wholly in the United States?
723. What extensive mountain chain in the western part of the United States, and (724) what is its general direction ? (725) What mountain chain in the eastern part, and (726) what is its direction?
What (727) state and what (728) province bound the Eastern States on the west?

## GEOGRAPHY.

729-733. Through what principal waters may the products of the western States pass from Chicago to Montreal ? and (734) through what, by the shortest ronte, from Chicago to New York?
735. Mention the highest mountain of South America; (736-738) mention three South American countries traversed by the Andes mountains.
739. Mention six countries of Europe which border on the Atlantic or on the seas or bays connected with it, and (740) five countries in that part of Europe bordering on the Mediterranean ; (741) bound Europe.
742. What great empire in the eastern part of Europe and extending into Asia? (743) Bound Asia.
744. What countries of Africa border on the Mediterranean Sea?

Examinatior $\underset{(1: 30-3: 00 \text { р. м. })}{ } \underset{(1875 .}{ }$
745. Within which Hemisphere (northern or southern, und eastern or western) is Australia included ?
746. Give a similar statement in relation to the Hemiapheres within which the Caribbean sea is included.

Define the (747) equator, (748) tropics, (749) polar circles, (750) latitude and (751) longitude.

752-760. Write, in the order of their succession from north to south, the names of the zones and of the circles which separate them.
What is the (761) length and (762) breadth, in degreen, of the zone crossed by the equator?

What (763) bay partly separates New Brunswick from Nova Scotia ; and (764) what strait, Spain from Africa?

What parallels bound the United States, (765) westward trom the Lake of the Woods, and (766) eastward from the River St. Lawrence, respectively ?
767. What is the outlet of Lake Haron ?

[^0]Examination XXIX. Feb. 25, 1876.
(1:30-3:00 Р. м.)
785. What motion of the earth causes the alternation of day and night?

What is the (786) meridian, and what the (787) longitude of a place?
788. How does the isthmus differ from a strait?
789. Which has at any time the longer day, Quito or Moscow ? (790) and why?

791-793. Of what three departments does the United States government consist ; and of what does each dopartment consist ?

Mention the (794-795) two principal mountain systems of the United States, and (796-799) four groups or ranges oelonging to the more easterly system.

800-804. Mention five cities on the Mississippi and its tributaries, and the State in which each is located.

805-811. Through what watcrs would a ship pass in sailing from St. Louis to Constantinople ?

Only seven answers are called for, though more might be given.

812-816. Mention and describe five rivers that empty into the Atlantic or its adjacent bays, between the Hudson and the Savannah.

Mention a country of South America (817) wholly north of the Equator; another (818) crossed .by the Equator; and a third (819) wholly south of the Equator, but farther north than Patagonia.
820. What and where is the Crimea?
821. Mention and describe a river of Africa that empties into the Mediterranean Sea.
822. What mountain range on the joint border of France and Spain; (823) of Norway or Sweden ; (824) of Russia and Siberia?

Examination XXXX. June 9, 1876.
(1:30-3:00 Р. м.)
825. Bound the territory of the United States,
826. Through what large bodies of water does a part of the northern boundary of the United States run?
827. Name the New England States.

829-836. Name the other States which border on the Atlantic.
837. What States border on the Pacific?

## the regents' questions.

838. What mountain system is nearly parallel with the Atlantic coast; (839) into what do the rivers on the eastern slope flow, and (840) into what those on its western slope ?
839. What great mountain system of the Western Hemisphere is nearly parallel with the Pacific, and into what do the rivers on its (842) eastern slope, and (843) those on its western, empty?
840. What range of mountains in Oregon?

845-846. Mention two ranges in California, and (847) one group in Arkansas.
848. What four countries of Europe are denominated cmpires ?
849. Mention the capital of each of these empires.
850. Which of these empires extend into Asia?
851. What territory has France in Africa?

853-856. Starting southerly from the Straits of Gibraltar, through what bodies of water will a ship sail in passing around Africa to the place of starting ?
857. How many times will she cross the equator ?

858-861. What three prominent capes, and what large island will she pass?
862. Through what waters will a ship sail in passing easterly from Gibraltar to Calcutta; (863) what two prominent capes, and (864) what large island will she pass during the latter half of the voyage?

$$
\underset{(1: 30-3: 00 \text { р. м. })}{\underset{\sim}{\text { Examination }} \underset{\text { XXX }}{ }}
$$

865. Which oceans each extend across three zones ; and (866) what are the names of those zones ?

Mention (867) two grand divisions, and (868) two large lslands that are crossed by the equator.

869-871. What three large bodies of land are croesed by the tropic of Capricorn?

## GROGRAPHY.

878 How many degrees from Greenwich is the middle meridian of the Western Hemisphere?

873-875. What are the three principal divisions of North America?
876. Which is the wider: the Atlantic or the Paclac side of the United States?

877-881. Mention five large bays and galfs along the Atlantic side of North America.
882. Which ocean is most interspersed with islands ?
883. What recently acquired territory of the United States extends eastward from Behring's Strait to British America?

848-885. Which two of the United States extend farthest south, and (856) what one farthest north ?
887. What river forms part of the north-east boundary of the United States; and (S88) what river forms part of the south-west boundary?
889. What city on the north shore of Lake Ontario?

890-897. What States are adjacent to Tennessee ?
898-900. What countries (excluding islands) of Europe are either wholly or partly west of the meridian of Greenwich?
901. In what direction is Ceylon from Japan ?
902. What gulf is connected with the Arabian Sea?
903. Under what government is the country between the Mediterranean and Black Seas ?
904. What great mountain chain north of India !

Examination XXXXII. March 2, 1877. (1:30-3:00 р. м.)
905. If a line be drawn on a map of the world, from Greenland to the Cape of Good Hope, what ocean will it cross? (906) From Alaska to Cape Horn? (907) From Africa to Australia?

[^1]
## GEOGRAPHI.

## Examination XXXIII. June 8, 1877. <br> (1:30-3:00 Р. м.)

945. Which one of the Middle States extends farthest south, and (946), (947) which two of the United States extend farthest west?
948-949. Mention the two chief rivers of the state of Maine.
946. What river, rising in New Hampshire, passes through the north-eastern part of Massachusetts?
947. What island forms the south-eastern extremity of Massachusetts?
948. In what state, and (953) on the shore of what, is Chicago situated ?
953-954. Describe, in a similar manner, the location of Cincinnati, and (955) (956) that of St. Louis.

957-958. Mention two cities of Canada situated on the St. Lawrence river.
$959-961$. What waters lie around the group of West India Islands ?
$962-963$. Which two of the Greater Antilles are smaller than the other tiro?
$964-966$. Through what principal bodies of water (i. e. other than rivers and straits or channels) would a ship sail in passing from London to St. Petersburgh ?

967-972. Answer the same question for the route from Lisbon to the Sea of Azof?
973. Which extends farthest south, Europe or Asia ?
$974-975$. What two ranges of mountains are on the boundary line between Europe and Asia ?
976-977. What large body of water is near each end of the more southerly of these ranges?
978. What sea lies between the peninsula of Corea and China proper?
979. Where are the Canary Islands ?

THE REGENTS' QUESTIONS.
980-981. What countries of Africa, other than Egypt, border on the Red Sea?
982. What canal connects the Mediterranean with the Red Sea?
983. Which extends farther north, Africa or South Amcrica?
984. Which country of Africa extends farthest south ?

Examination $\mathcal{X X X I V}$. Nov. 9, 187\%.
(1:30-3:00 Р. м.)
985. In what ocean is a vessel whose latitude is $40^{\circ} \mathrm{N}$., and longitade $40^{\circ} \mathrm{W}$. from Greenwich ?

986-97. Between what circles is the S. T. zone?
988. What division of water corresponds to $¥ n$ isthmus ?
989. What body of land corresponds to a lake?
990. What river is the outlet of the great lakes of North America ?
991. In what state are the White Mountains?
992. What large island forms part of the State of New York ?
993. What river on the western boundary of New Jersey?
994. What river on the southern and western boundary of Maryland?
995. On what river is the capital of the U. S.?
996. By what is Lousiana bounded on the west ?

997-999. Mention the three largest cities of the U. S. west of the meridian of Washington, and north of the parallel of New Orleans.

1000-4. On what lakes does Michigan border ?
1005. What parallel of latitude forms part of the northorn boundary of Minnesota?
1006. What territory bounds Oregon on the North ?

1007-8. In what two zones is Mexico?
1009. What large Island does a vessel pass in entering the Gulf of Mexico from the Atlantic?
1010. What is the longitude of Greenwich, reckoning from Washington as prime meridian?

In what direction from England is (1011) Ireland? (1012) Scotland? (1013) Wales? (1014) Spain?
1015. What country occupies the whole of northern Asia?
1016. What large gulf on the western coast of Africa, and (1017) what large river flows into it ?
1018. What is the largest city in Esypt ?
1019. In what ocean is Polynesia?
1020. What is the latitude of the Tropic of Capricorn?

1021-23. Mention three large Islands lying between Australia and the eastern part of Asia; and (1024) one near Hindostan, on the side toward Australia.

Examination XXXV: Narck 1, 1878.
(1:15-2:45 Р. м.)
1025. How long is the day at either Pole?
1026. When does the day begin and end, at the North Pole?
1027. Which is farther from Albany, a point $10^{\circ}$ north, or one $10^{\circ}$ west of it ; and
1028. Why ?

1029-33. Mention fire lakes wholly within the State of New York.
1034. What is the capital of the Dominion of Canada ?

1035-38. Mention the provinces of that Dominion.
1039. What lakes does the Welland Canal connect?
1040. What bay on the east of Lake Huron, and
1041. What one on the west?

## 1042. Between what two rivers is Philadelphia?

1043. What is the capital of Denmark?
1044. Into what does the Danube empty?
1045. Which is the largest of the Sandwich Islands?
1046. Mention a river in Africa south of the Equator. 1047. What is the capital of Japan?
1047. To which ocean doe the Gulf of Guinea belong ? 1049-50. State two conditions which determine climate. 1051-53. Give three proofs of the form of the earth. 1054. What is a watershed?
1048. Describe the position of the tropics on the glove. 1056. Glasgow and Edinburgh :-which is on the east and which on the west side of Scotland?
1049. The Rivers Rhine and Rhone:-which is the French and which is the German river; and (1058) which runs northerly and which southerly?

1059-64. Name in their order the states and territories crossed by the direct line from St. Louis to San Francisco.

Examination xixxPI. Jume 7, 1878. (1;15-2:45 P. M.)
1065-68. Define continent, peninsula, promontory, plateau.

1069-70. Which continents are erossed by the tropic of Cancer and which by the tropic of Capricorn?

1071- 7 . Should a traveler go to the point on the eartn's surface directly opposite Greenwich, in which hemispheres (northern or southern, and eastern or western) and in which great division of land or of water, would be ve?
1073. Which of the six continents has the most irrogular outline, in proportion to its size?
1074. Which pole is now in darkness? (1075) When did it pass into darkness, and (1076) when will it again come into sunlight ?

1077-79. If the inclination of the earth's axis were to become $30^{\circ}$, what changes would the several zones undergo, as to extent? Make a diagram or map of the zones, and insert dotted lines to show their extent on the supposition made.

1080-82. Name three rivers, each forming part of the boundary between the United States and some other division of North America.
1083. Which is the most westerly of the lakes wholly within the State of New York, and (1084) by what rivers does it reach the sea?

1085-88. Name three rivers that empty into Lake Ontario on the side of New York, and one that empties into Lake Champlain.

1089-93. What five State capitals east of the Mississippi river are in about the same latitude as Philadelphia ? Draw a emall outline map of these fire States, in connection, and the location of their capitals.

1094-95. To what two river systems do the rivers of Ohio belong?
1096-98. Which three of the United States border on Lake Superior?
1099. What country of South America touches both the Carribean sea and the Pacific ocean?
1100. By what seas and (1101) oceans is Africa chiefly bounded?
1102. Name one of the large lakes regarded as sources of the Nile.

1103-4. Name and describe two rivers of Asia.

THE REGENTS' QUESTIONS.

## Examination X:X:I'II. . Not. 8, 1878. (1:15-2:45 Р. м.)

$1105-6$. What is the Gulf Stream? Give its course. 1107. What influence does it have on the climate of countries along whose coast it flows?
1108-12. What races of people are there?
1113. Which race has the highest civilization?
1114. What has given to the city of New York its great commercial superiority?
1115. Describe the chief river of New York.
1116. To what place is it narigable?

1117-23. Name the counties in order on its east side, as far north as Lake Champlain.
112t-31. Name those on Lake Ontario and the river st. Lawrence.
1132. On what lake is Buffalo: 1133. Piattsburgh?

1131-35. What eity of Connecticut is on Long Island Sound, and for what is it distinguished?
1136-38. Name three cities of the Tnited States having the greatest population, and in their order.
1139. What important commercial eity on the Ohio River? 1140. On Lake Michigan? 1141. On the Mississippi, abore New Orleans?
1142. What is the latitule of the extreme northern cape of Africa (within two degrees) ?
1143. What of the extreme southern cape?
1144. What is the length of Africa in miles?
1145. Will it be noon at places east of a given meridian earlier, or later, than on that meridian?
1146. What is the difference of time for one degree difference of longitude?
114 -49 . What three rivers in Europe rise near each other, and flow, one into the North Sea, one into the Mediterranean, and one into the Black Sea?
1150. What empire extends from the Black Sea to the Arctic Ocean?
1151. To what sea does the Austrian Empire extend? 1152-53. To what two seas, the German Empire?

1154-56. What bodies of water wash the shores of France? 115\%-58. Of Spain?
1159. Where is the Island of Cyprus?
1160. Under what European power is Hindostan?

1161-62. What two empires are partly in Europe and partly in Asia?

1163-64. Name the capitals of Germany and Austria.

## Special Examination.

(Supplementary to No. XXXVII, protest having been made against Questions 111i-31. Schools so desiring were permitted to use this examination instead. Time, one hour and a lialf.)
1165. Through what strait is the entrance into Baffin's Bay?
1166. What land on the east of that bay and strait?
1167. What strait separates Alaska from A-ia?
1168. What province of British America between Alaska and the United States ?
1169. What large bay extends south into British America?
1170. What is the southern part of that bay called? 1171-7\%. What are the two great mountain systems of North America?
1173. Which of these systems gives rise to the largest rivers?
1174. On which slope do these rivers flow?
1175. Why are the rivers on the western slope of this system smaller than those on the eastern slope?
1176. What city on the Mississippi River a little below the mouth of the Missouri?
1177. What city in Ohio on the Obio River?
1178. What, in Kentucky?

THE REGENTS' QUESTIONS.
1179-80. What city at the head of Lake Michigan, and in what State is it?
1181. What city at the eastern extremity of the New York Central Railroad?
118.2. What one at the western extremity ?

1183-85. Name three cities between those at the extremities of the same road.
1186. In what direction will a ship sail from San Francisco to Japan?

118\%. What is the great mountain system of South America ?

1188-90. What are the three great rivers of South America ?
1191. Why are they great?
1192. What large empire in South America ?
1193. What is the form of government of the other countries of South America?
1194. How can a ship pass from the Atlantic to the Pacitic without going around Cape Horn?
1195. What sea bounds Europe on the south?
1196. What ocean on the north ?
$119 \pi^{-95}$. Name two seas in the northern part of Europe.

1199-1200. Name two gulfs in the Baltic Sea.
1201-3. What mountains, river, and sea make the eastem boundary of Europe?
$1204-5$. What two islands between Italy and Spain?
1206. What ocean bounds Asia on the north ?
$120 \%$. What on the east?
1208. What on the south?
1209. What country extends across the northern part of Asia?

Examination .I:X:I'T'III. Feb. 28, 1879. (1:15-2:45 Р. м.)
Draw a circle to represent the ordinary hemispherical map : then
1210. Locate and name the poles and the equator.

1211-14. Also, the circles which mark the divisions of the earth's surface into zones, and name these circles.
1215. Mark the latitude of each of these circles.
1216. Write the names of the zones in their proper places on the map.

1217-19. What countries of the western hemisphere are wholly or partly in the north temperate zone?

1220-21. What countries of North America are wholly or partly in the torrid zone?
$1222-25$. Bound the county in which you now are.
1226-32. Describe the northern boundary of the United States, from the Pacific Ocean to New Hampshire.

1233-34. What States on the Mexican boundary?
1235-35. Name the four capes on the extreme north, east, south, and west coasts of South America.

1239-40. By what European nations was South America colonized ! and, 1241 . Is any part now subject to either of those nations ?

124:-43. What are the forms of government in South America?
124446. Name three principal projections of land (peninsulas) on the western coast of Europe?
$124 \pi-45$. Name two extending into the Meditermean.
1249. In what zone is the greater part of Europe?
$1250-52$. What countries of Europe are partly in the frigid zone ?

1253-54. What channel and strait separate England from France?

1255-56. Name the capital of Fravce and the river on which it is located.

125\%. What seaport of Fravee on the Mediterranean?

1258-61. Name and locate four mountain ranges in Europe.

1262-63. What country in Asia is under the British Government, and what is its capital?

1264-66. What three groups of islands on the northwest coast of Africa?

1207-68. Mention two lakes of Africa, under the equa tor, sources of the Nile.
1269. What large river of Africa empties into the Atlantic?

## Examination IVI:YT.Y. June 6, 1879. (1:15-2:45 P. M.)

12\%0. Which ocean has the least coast line?
1271-iD. (iive the length and breadth of the torrid zone, in degrees.
1273. What is the season of the year at the Cape of Good Hope, in July ?
1274. What noted group of islands in the line of commerce between North America and China?
1275. Which ocean receives the greatest amount of drainage from North and South America?

12r6-7\%. Which two meridians bound the eastern and western hemispheres?

12\%\%. What river separates Oregon from Washington Territory? 1279. Texas from Mexico?
1280. Into about how many States of the size of New York could Texas be divided ?
1281. What parallel forms part of the northern boundary of Minnesota?
1282. In which State are the richest mines of copper? 1283. In which, of coal?
1284. What is the U.S. form of government?

1285-87. Of what three departments does it consist?
1288. Through what do vessels pass from Lake Ontario to Lake Erie:

GEOGRAPHY.

[^2]Examination XL. Nov. 7, 1879. (1:15-2:45, P. M.)
1330. Which grand division has the most extensive and elevated plateaus?
1331. What seaport has New Hampshire?

1332-35. Mention two cities on the Connecticut river, and the state in which each is located.
1336-43. Write in a column the names of the provinces of the Dominion of Canada, and after each the name of its chief city (or one of its cities.)
1344-46. What mountains are between Connecticut river and Lake Champlain? Between the Hudson and Susquehanna rivers? Between Lake Champlain and the St. Lawrence?
1347-52. Mention 3 lakes and 3 large rivers that form part of the boundary of N. Y. State.

1353-56. Mention the chief sea port and the chief lake port of this state, and the waters by which boats pass (by the shortest route) between them.
Mention the cities of this state which answer to the following descriptions:
1357. Near Onondaga lake.
1358. On the Genesee river near Lake Ontario?
1359. At junction of Chenango and Susquehanna rivers.

1360-62. Near junction of Mohawk and Hudson rivers.
1363. Near Penn. line, west of the Susquehanna.
1364. On the St. Lawrence river.

1365-66. Which of the eastern states are crossed by the parallel of $45^{\circ} \mathrm{N}$. latitude?

1367-70. Looking at the map of the U. S., what great central river may be compared to the trunk of a tree, which are its 2 chief opposite branches, and into what large body of water does the trunk river empty?
1371. Show by a small outline map the general form of S. America, and (1372) the location of its mountain and river systems.
1373-75. What waters are nearest the Desert of Sahara on the west, north and east?

1376-80. Mention, in their order, the oceans and grand divisions that would be crossed in going eastward from N. Y. city entirely around the world.

1381-89. Mention, in their order, and give location of other natural features, such as large islands, rivers, seas and mountains, that might be seen on the same route, within the north temperate zone.

> Examination XLI. Feb. 27, 1880. (1:15-2:45 Р. м.)

1390-91. What bay and strait seperate British America from Greenland?
1392-93. What is the capital of Canada, and where is it situated?
1394. What river of North America flows into the Arctic Ocean? 1395. Into the Gulf of Mexico from the west? 1339. Into the Gulf of California?
1397. What chain of islands forms part of the southern boundary of Behring's or Kamtschatka sea?
1398. What peninsula in the southern part of the United States? and (1399-1401) what waters border upon it? 1402. Name the principal river of Alaska.
1403-4. Name two Gulfs on the west coast of South America.
1405. In what country of South America do the Andes attain their highest elevation?

1406-9. Name two of the noted volcanic peaks of the Andes, and the country containing each.
1410. Mention a range of mountains in Brazil.

1411-12. What two rivers form the Rio De La Plata?

1413-17. Name five seas bordering upon Russia.
1418. What cape at south-west extremity of Eng land?
1419. What connects the Atlantic Ocean and the Mediterranean Sea?
1420. Name three large islands in the Mediterranean Sea, and locate each.
1426. What is the capital of Portugal? 1427. Of Spain? 1428. Of Denmark?
1429. To what is the name British Empire applied?
1430. About what proportion of the human race are under British rule?
1431. Name a river of Scotland, and (1432) its chief city.

1433-34. Name two peninsulas in the south of Asia.
1435. What country between the Persian Gulf and the Caspian sea?

1436-37. What countries of Asia border upon the Red Sea?

1438-40. Name three large islands S. E. of Asia.
1441. What large sea between N. America and Asia? and (1442) what connects it with the Arctic Ocean?
1443. Wi at mountains on the N. coast of Africa?
1444. What mountains near the northern coast of the Gulf of Guinea?

GEOGRAPEY.
1445-46. Through what gulf and strait must a vessel pass in sailing from the Indian Ocean to the Red Sea?

1447-49. Name three countries of Africa bordering upor the Mediterranean Sea, west of Egypt.

> Excumination $X L I I(a)$, June 4, $1880 .$. $(1: 30-3: 00$ р.м. $)$

1450--51. What bay and strait connect the Arctic and Atlantic oceans?

1452-53. What sea and strait connect the Arctic and Pacific oceans ?

1454-55. Bound the Caribbean sea (on two sides by groups of islands).

1456-57. Between what two localities has North America its greatest extent ?
1458. What is the direction of a straight line jointhese two localities ?
1459. What parallel of latitude approximately divides North from South America?
$1460-61$. What is the general direction of the western coast of North America ? and of South America ?

1462-63. What line of latitude and meridian cross each other at the centre of map of western hemisphere ?

1464-65. Considering the western hemisphere as thus divided into quarters (north-eastern, north-western, etc.) within which quarter does the greatest part of North America lie? and of South America?
1466. Within which quarter are the Sandwich Islands?

## THE REGENTS' QUESTIONB.

1467. Within what body of water is the central point of the surface of the eastern hemisphere?

1468-69. What large sea and bay indent Asia on the south? and (1470) what peninsula lies between them ?

1471-72. Mention two large islands between Australia and Eastern Asia, and (1473.) a peculiar chain of islands norti-east of 1 sia, stretching towards North America.

1473-77. What are the several divisons of Great Britain, and (1478) what is meant ly the British Empire ?

1479-it. Mention eight seas that either indent or border upon Europe.

1487-88. What countries border upon the bay of Biscay ?

1489-98. Name ten countries of continental Europe (in a column), and the capital of each opposite.

1499-1503. Name five countries of Africa that border on the Red and Mediteranean seas. (1504) Namo the highest mountain groups or ranges in New York, (1505) South America, (1506) Europe, and (1507) Asia.

Examination XLII (b), June 18, 1880. (1:30-3:00 Р.м.)
1508-15. Describe a voyage around the world from Boston to Lisbon, thence to Calcutta by the shortest route, thence to Canton, thence to San Francisco, thence to Boston, naming in order the principal bodies of water over which you would sail ?

## GEOGRAPHY.

1516-20. Locate each of the cities named in the preceding question.
1521. Of what would the greater part of a cargo from Canton to San Francisco, probably consist?

1522-31. Name and locate two mountain groups, three rivers, three lakes, and two islands included within the state of New York.

1532-34. Where are the following articles extensively produced: coffee, cotton, spices ?
1535. What waters does the Erie Canal connect?

1536-37. Name two extensive desert regions and the grand divisions in which eaeh is located ?
1538. Which grand division has the greatest extent of coast line in proportion to its size ?

1539-41. Which grand divisions nearly enclose the Arctic ocean ?

1542-44. Name three important rivers of the United States which have large cities at or near their mouths, giving the names of the cities ?
$1545-46$. Which grand division is called the "Dark continent," and why ?

1547-48. Name two peninsulas which extend in a northerly direction ?

1549-50. Name the largest river of Europe, and the sea into which it flows ?

1551-52. What are the two principal rivers of Hindostan ?
1553. What is the principal mountain system of Asia ?
1554. What country occupies the Great Plain of Europe ?

THE REGENTS' QUESTIONS.
1555-58. What states and territories border on Mexico?
1559. What group of large islands south-east of Australia?
1560. In what direction is Raleigh from Chicago ?
1561. What large island in the West Indies belongs to Great Britain?

1562-63. Name the largest rivers of British America.

1564-66. Give the largest lakes wholly within the United States.
1567. What is the principal tributary of the Mississippi river from the east ?

## Examination XLIV, Nov. 12, 1880. <br> (1:30-3:00 P. M.)

1568. What geographical name is given to those semi-circumferences of great circles which end at the poles: and (1569) what, to those circumferences which cross the first named lines at right angles?

1570, 71. How are each of these two kinds of lines numbered on maps and artificial globes (i. e.., where does the numbering begin and how far does it extend); and (1572-77) what special names have some of them?

15\%8. What great circle divides the northern from the southern hemisphere; and (1579) what one the eastern from the western?

Bound the south temperate zone, as follows:
1580, 81. First, by the adjacent zones.
1582, 83. Second, by the bounding lines, desig. nated by their proper names.
1584, 85. Third, by the distance in degrees of each bounding line from the nearer pole.
1586, 87. Which oceans cross three zones?
1588-90. Which are the three zones thus referred to; and what is their aggregate width, (1591) in degrees, and (1592) in English miles?
1593. Which ocean receives almost the entire drainage of South America?

Which hemispheres have the greater water surface: (1594) Northern or Southern; (1595) Eastern or Western?
What are such parts of the earth's surface called as answer to each of the following descriptions?
1596. The largest bodies of land.
1597. Smaller bodies of land, surrounded by water. 1598. Small projecting parts of large areas of land.
1599. Projecting parts almost enclosed by water.
1000. Narrow necks of land between large areas.
1601. High and steep or sloping masses.
1602. High, broad and nearly level areas.
1603. Low and nearly level arcas.
1604. Depressions between ridges of land.
1605. Depressions more nearly circular.

Where is (1606) the greatest elevation, and (1607) where the greatest depression of land surface, as compared with the level of the sea?

1608-10. Mention the three largest inland seas of the Eastern continent.

1611-14. Into what four chief political divisions is North America divided?

1615-18. Mention the four States directly between the Lake of the Woods and Louisiana?

1619-23. Mention any five continuous border counties of the State of New York.
1624. What is the direction of the Gulf of Guinea from Siberia; and (1625) Australia from England?
1626. The whole surface of the earth contains about how many millions of square miles; and (1627) the State of New York, about how many thousands?

> Examination XLIV, Murch 4, 1881. (1:30 to 3:00 P. M., only.)

1628-9. Name the two principal motions of the earth; state how these differ in respect to (1630) the centre of motion, and the (1631) time and (1632) space in which one motion of each kind is com. pleted.
1633. Define geograply, and (1634-6) three of its common branches or divisions.
1637. To which of these divisions does the framework of a map belong?
1638. What is the estimated population of the globe?

1639-43. Name the five races of men, and $(1644,5)$ the two most numerous ones.

1646, 7. Give, as nearly as you can, the latitude and longitude of the place where this examination

GEOGRAPHY.
is held; and (1648) the length of a degree of longitude at same place.
1649. The land surface of the globe consists of about how many millions of square miles?

1650, 1. Give the relative size of North America and Asia, taking Europe as a unit of measure.

1652, 3, Mention the two great mountain systems of North America, and (1654-7) two ranges or groups of each system.

1658-62, Which States are nearly enclosed by the Mississippi and Ohio rivers and the great lakes ?

What river Hows alon $\boldsymbol{\varepsilon}$ the west border of (1663) New Hampshire? (1664) New Jersey? (1665) Iowa! (1666) Texas.
1667. How many of the States of the Federal Union are larger than New York?

1668, 9. What States, and (1670) what province opposite to them, are bounded by the parallel of $45^{\circ}$ N. Latitude?
1671. Which county of this State contains the highest elevation, and (1672) what other county the lowest land in greatest extent?

Which has the more elevated site above the sealevel: (1673) Buffalo or Oswego ? (1674) Syracuse or Ogdensburgh? (1675) Troy or Newburgh? (1676) Binghamton or Brooklyn?
1677. Prove your answers to questions (1673-6). $1688,9$. What countries are directly south of the Caribbean Sea ?

Which is the most populous city of (1680) South America? (1681) Africa? (1682) Scandinavia?

TAE REGENTS QUESTIONS.
Where are (1683) the Atlas mountains? (1684) the Pyrenees?

1685, 6. Which oceans touch Africa?
168\%. Mention the largest island of the largest inand sea of the eastern hemisphere.

## Special Examination, March, 1881.

(Supplementary to No. XLIV, protest having been made against its difficulty. Schools so desiring were permitted to use this examination iustead. Time, one and one-half hours):
(1688) What is a meridian? (1689) a prime meridian? and (1630) what is the number of the meridian opposite the prime meridian?

Describe (1691) the equator; $(1692,3)$ the tropics; and $(1694,5)$ the polar circles.
(1696) What name includes all these lines (1688-95) as belonging to a sphere; and $(1697,8)$ what special names distinguish between the first four as a class, and the second four?
(1699) What is the western boundary of the western hemisphere?

Bound the north temperate zone, as follows:
$(1700,1)$ First, by the adjacent zones.
$(1702,3)$ Second, by the bounding lines, designated by their proper names.
$(1704,5)$ Third, by the distance in degrees of each bounding line from the nearer pole.
(1706-8) Within which zones does North America lie? and $(1709,10)$ South America?

## GEOGRAPHY.

(1711) Which ocean has the greater length, as compared with its breadth?
(1712) Where do the Atlantic and Pacific Oceans unite? and (1713) where else do they most nearly approach each other?

Which hemispheres have the greater land surface, (1714) Northern or Southern, (1715) Eastern or Western?
(1716) Mention the largest political division of South America; and (1717-20) four others bordering on the Pacific Ocean.
(1721-27) Mention portions of the route by which a vessel, starting eastward from the southern coast of Portugal, might sail to Behring's Strait.
(1728-30) Mention three large islands of the Mediterranean Sea.
(1731) What sea between England and Norway? and (1732) what one east of Sweden?
(1733-9) Bound Kentucky by the adjacent states.
(1740-42) Mcntion three of the larger lakes drained by the Oswego river.

Mention the counties of New York that answer to the following descriptions: (1743) the most westerly; (1744) the most northeasterly; (1745) the most easterly; (1746) the most populous; and (1747) the least populous.

## Examination XLV, June 17, 1881: (1:15 to 5:45 P. M.)

Describe the (1748) Equator; (1749) Tropic of Cancer; (1750) Antarctic Circle; and state (1751-3)
how each of these circles is situated with reference to a zone which contains or borders upon it.

Mention the chief natural divisions of (1754) land, and of (1755) water.
(1756) What does Oceanica include?

Which is the (1757) longest mountain range; (1758) largest gulf; and (1759) largest fresh-water lake of the globe?

Is the earth's surface mainly land, or water, along the (1760) Equator; (1761) Arctic Circle; (1762) Tropic of Capricorn?
(1763) Which meridian circle traverses less of land, and more of water surface, than any other?
(1764-72) Name in their order from east to west the northern border states of the United States.

Mention the (1773) longest river of the United States, and (1774-6) three of its tributaries.
(1777-9) What portions of land nearly bound the Gulf of Mexico on the southeast; and by what waters is it connected with (1780) the Caribbean Sea, and (1781) the ocean proper?

What (1782-4) three bays indent Massachusetts, and (1785) what one Rhode Island?
(1786-8) Mention three large islands near the south shore of New England; and (1789-91) the three largest cities of New York, north of latitude $42^{\circ}$.

In what direction is Cincinnati from (1792) Buffalo, and from (1793) Chicago?
(1794-8) Mention five capital cities of South America, and the political division to which each belongs.

## GEOGRAPHY.

$(1799,1800)$ What countries border on the Bay of Biscay?

Between what (1801, 2) grand divisions, and $(1803,4)$ seas is the strait on which Constantinople is situated?

What (1805) sea, and (1306) bay north of the Indian Ocean?
(1807) What mountains north of Hindoostan?

## Examination XLVI. Nov. 18, 1881.

(1:15-2:45 P. M.)
(1808) What meridian and (1809) which line of latitude mark by their intersection the centre of the western hemisphere?
(1810) Where is the centre of the surface of the southern hemisphere?
(1811) Which hemispheres are projected upon the plane of the equator?
(1812-14) Mention three continental masses of land, and (1815-19) the grand divisions into which any of these are subdivided.
(1820-22) Mention three important groups of islands, and (1823-25) their location relative to the nearest grand division.

What is the general direction of the mountain

## THE REGENTS' QUESTIONS.

systems (1826) in the old world, and (1827) in the new?
(1828-32) Mention an important mountain range wholly within each of the five grand divisions, and (1833-37) give its general direction.
(1838-47) Mention ten great arms or projections (seas, gulfs, bays) of the Atlantic ocean, as usually shown on an artificial globe or map of the world.

Mention the largest river that empties into each of the following seas: (1848) Caspian; (1849) Black; (1850) Mediterranean.

What outlet has (1851) the Black sea; (1852) the Mediterranean?
(1853) Which ocean receives the greater part of the drainage of Africa, and chiefiy (1854-58) by what rivers?

Give the (1859) latitude and (1860) longitude of Greenwich, in England.
(1861) Name the third grand division in the order of size, and (1862) its extent in millions of square miles.
(1863) New York State has how many millions of inhabitants; (1864) how many thousand square miles; (1865) how many counties; and (1866, 67) what cities with a population between 75,000 and 100,000?
 (1:15 to 2:45 P. м.)

1S63-72. What rivers are the final outlets of the streams and lakes of New York State?

1873-r7. Into what gulf or bay does each of these rivers empty?

1878-80. What name is given to the principal current of the Atlantic within the North Temperate zone ; from what is that name derived ; and in what general direction does that current flow?

Describe the following straits by naming the lands they separate and the waters they connect :

1881-82. Behring's; (1883-84) Florida; (1885, 86) Dover.

188\%-88. Name two tributaries of the Ohio river from the north, below Pittsburgh.

1889-90. Which are the two principal grains raised in the United States?

1891, In which one of the Middle States are both iron and coal abundant?
1892. What other important mineral product is obtained in large quantities from the same State?

1893-94. How does the climate of the interior of Mexico differ from that of the coast, and why?

1895-98. Name and locate four cities of Great Britain.

1899-1901. Define archipelago, and give two examples.

1902-3. Define capital and capitol.
1904. What is the capital of Kansas?

1905-6. Name and locate the largest two cities of the United States, west of the Appalachian system.

1907-10. Name three peninsulas projecting from the E. half of Asia, and give their general direction.

1911-14. What are the four leading industrial pursuits of the people of the United States?

1915-16. What two Empires include the greater part of Asia?

1917-48. Name two branches of the river Amazon.

1919-20. Name the chief river and city of Aus tralia.
1921. For what is Switzerland (apart from its people) chiefly noted ?

1023-23. What territories of the United States border on Mexico ?

1924-25. Mention two seaports of the Gulf states. 1926-27. What and where is New South Wales?

Examination XLTIII. June 16, 1882. (1:15 то $2: 45$ р. м, )
1928. What causes the regular succession of day and night, and (1929-30) of the seasons?
1931. Are meridian circles great, or small circles, and (1932) why?
1933. Why are the tropics in latitude $23 \frac{1}{2}$ degrees (nearly)?
1934. What is longitude, and (1935) how is it reckoned?
1936. Which of the five zones has the greatest
land surface, and (1937) which probably has the least?

1938, 39. Name two peninsulas on the eastern coast of North America, and $(1940,41)$ two on the western.
1942. Name the chief river system of the United States, and (i943) give a reason, founded in nature, for its great extent.
1944. In what mountain system do most rivers of the Atlantic slope rise?

1945-49. Mention five ranges or groups of the mountain system referred to in question 1944.
1950. Is there a current in Lake Erie, etc., and (1951) what reason can you give for your answer?
$1952-54$. On what waters could a cargo be shipped from St. Louis to Boston?

1955-57. On what lakes would one sail in going by water from Detroit to Chicago?

Locate (by telling in what county, and on what waters) the following places: (1958-59) Buffalo; (1960-61) Oswego; (1962-63) Utica; (1964-65) Ithaca; (1966-67) Poughkeepsie.
1968. Which is the leading nation of South America, and (1969) what is its form of govermment?

What bodies of water are separated, and what countries or political divisions are connected by-

1970-73. The Isthmus of Panama? and
1974-77. The Isthmus of Supz?
1978. Why is the climate of England warmer than that of Labrador, in same latitudes?

1979-s0. Name two countries bordering on the Paltic sea, and (1981-82) the capital of each.

1983-85. What capes form, respectively, the easterin, westery and southeru extremities of Africa?

1986-8.. In what zones is Australia?

## THE

## -REGENT'S QUESTIONS,

 1866-1876.
## GRAMMAR.

Exumination 1. Nov. 7, 1866.

$$
(1: 30-3: 00 \mathrm{P} . \mathrm{M} .)
$$

When are words said to be "derivative" and when "compound?" Give examples of each.
2. What classes of words are compared? Give examples of the regular comparison of words both by prefixes and suffixes; also, of irregular comparison, and of words of the eame classes which do not admit of comparison.
3. What are the names of the different classes of pronouns?
4. What particular pronouns are varied in form to cienote gender?
5. Write sentences in which the relatives who, which, what and that are properly used.
6. What is meant by case in nouns and pronouns?

THE REGENTG' QUESTIONS.
7. What properties (or modifications, attributes, *c., have verbs?
8. What is mood? tense?
9. What moods cannot be used in interrogative sentences?
10. What tenses can be formed without auxiliaries?
11. Give the second person singular of the verb be in the several moods and tenses.
12. What class of verbs admit of the passive form, and of which principal part and which auxiliary verb is this form constructed? Give the first person singular passive of the verb see, in each of the moods and tenses.
13. What are the principal parts of the following verbs: lay, lie, lead, make, ride, see, soim, write?
14. Of what does syntax treat?
(3:30-4:30 р. м.)

Answer each of the questions annexed to the following sentence:-
"Of the committee who, in June. 1776 , had been appointed to prepare the plan. Samuel Adams alone remained a member: and even he was absent when * * 'articles of confederation and nerpetual union' wert adopted, to be submitted for approbation to the severa: States."-Bancroft's U. S. History, Vol. IX, page 435.
15. Of how many propositions (or principal clauses) does the above sentence consist, and with what word deet each proposition end?
16. Give the leading subject and predicate of each proposition?
17. Designate the subordinate (or auxiliary) clauses (or sentences), and the subject and predicate of each.
18. Point out the sereral phrases, and the words whicl they respectively modify.
19. Mention all the connectires, and the words, phrases, \&c., which they severally nnite.
20. What words, phrases, \&c., perform an adjective and what an adverbial office?

## GRAMMAR.

21. What kind of a noun is "committee?" "Jume ?" "approbation?"
22. Are the following words respectively primitive or derivative: "appointed," "prepare," "absent," "fffteenth," "articles," "were," "States?"
23. Parse, "who," "1776," " member," 'even," "woere adopted," and "to be submitted."
24. Give the voice (or form), mood, tense, person and number of " had been appointed" and "remained."

## Examination 11. Feb. 28, 186\%. <br> (1:30-3:00 Р. м.)

"The best anthors should be read by the stadent, that he may thus insensibly acquire a grace and refinement of expression which no arbitrary rules can give."
25. Parse "best" in the above sentence. [In parsing any word, be careful to give a full statement of its properties and relations, i.e., its etymology and syntax.]
26. Give the voice (or form), mood, tense, person and number of "should be read."
27. Decline "student."
28. Parse "that."
29. What auxiliary verbs are used in the above sentence?
30. In what mood is "acquired."
31. In what case is "refinement."
32. Parse "which."
33. Transpose each transitive (or active) clause into itu equivalent passive form and vice versa, and write out the full sentence in this changed form,
34. Into what simple sentences (or clauses) can the above sentence be separated?
85. Give the subject and predicate of each simple sentonce.

## 9. Parse "thus."

87. What parts of speech (or classes of words) are not oontained in this sentence?
88. Parse "no."

Pupils who have sufficient time may add a formal enalysis of the above sentence, adopting any system with which they are familiar.
(3:30-4:30 P. M.)
99. Write the plural of wharf, axis, focus, cherub, phenomenon.
40. What is the difference between an adjective and an adverb?
41. Write a sentence having for its predicate the passive, potential. present, third, plural form of the verb see.
42. Give a list of cen words commonly used as prepositions.
43. What is the difference in the proper use of the relatives woho, which and that?
44. Analyze the following sentence, according to any familiar system :-
"The use of a good dictionary should be insisted npon in the preparation of such lessons as are learned from books."
45. How may a declarative sentence be made interrogative ?
46. In the sentence, "Our fathers, where are they ?" parse "fathers."
47. Why is the sentence "John ought to have wont" incorrect?
48. In what respect is the sentence,
"Whom do men say that I am," grammatically incorrect?

Pupile who have time, will please illustrate the answens to the second, fifth, sixth and seventh questions by appropriate examples.

Examination 111. June 13, 1867.
(1:30-3:0 р. м.)
(1) "God made the country and man made the town.
(2) What wonder then that health and virtue, gifts
(2) That can alone make sweet the bitter draught
(4) That life holds out to all, should most abound
${ }^{(5)}$ And least be threatened in the fields and groves?
$\left.{ }^{( }{ }^{( }\right)$Possess ye, therefore, ye who, borne about
(7) In chariots and sedans, know no fatigue
${ }^{(8)}$ But that of idleness, and taste no scenes
$\left.{ }^{( }\right)$But snch as art contrives, possess ye still
( ${ }^{10}$ ) Your element; there only can ye shine."
49. How many letters in the first line of the abore $\mathbf{e x}$ ercise are liquids?
50. Write the words in the flrst five lines which contaln diphthongs, enclosing each diphthong in a parenthesis.
51. Which words in the sixth line are dissyllables?
52. Write the words in the exercise which are trisyllables, and mark the accented syllable in each.
53. Which line contains no noun?
54. What part or parts of speech (or classes of words)
are not contained in the above exercise?
55. What irregular verbs occur in the exercise?
56. What passive participle (used only as such)?
57. What verbs in the exercise are in the indioation nood?
58. What verbs in the potential mood?
59. What verbs in the imperative mood ?
60. What adjectives occur in the exercise?
61. What personal pronouns?
62. What relative pronouns?

Pupils who have sufficient time, are requested to ar range all other words in the above exercise into columas, according to the parts of speech (or classes of words) to which they belong; also to state how many, and what sind or kinds of feet are used in each line

## ThE REGENTS' QUESTIONS.

Accuracy in either of these items may be counted as one correct answer.

$$
(3: 30-4: 30 \text { P. M. })
$$

63. In the sentence,
"God made the country and man made the town," what words, phrases or clanses does "and" connect?
64. What is the leading subject of the following sen-tence:-
(1) "What wonder then that health and virtue, gifts
$\left.{ }^{(2}\right)$ That can alone make sweet the bitter draught
(3) That life holds out to all, should most abound
(4) And least be threatened in the fields and groves?"
65. What is the predicate of the same sentence?
66. Parse "that" in the first line.
67. Parse "that" in the second line.
68. Parse " that" in the third line.
69. Parse "health" and "virtue," and the verbs of which they are the joint subject.
70. Parse " wonder" in the first line.
71. Parse "gifts" in the first line.
72. Parse " sweet" in the second line.

Pupils who have time, will please give an analysis of the above sentence, " What wonder then," \&c., according to any familiar system; with one credit for accuracy in this particular.

## Examination IV. Nov. 7, 1867. <br> (1:30-3:30 Р. м.)

73. What is a suffix?
74. What is the primitive of indescribabie ?
75. How are adjectives regularly compared?

76 Compare the adjective whose superlative is last?
77. What is the difference between an adjective and an adverb?
78. What are the different offices of that?
79. In the sentence, "And is a conjunction," what part of speech is "and?"
80. Change the sentence, "Latin is taught by Professor Smith," into the corresponaing active form.
81. Make the same sentence both active and interrogar tive.
82. What part or parts of speech do not occur in the following sentence:-
"Millions of spiritual creatures walk the earth unseen, Both when we wake and when we sleep."
83. Parse "both" in the above couplet.
84. Correct "I done as well as I could," and give the reason for the correction.
85. Correct "set down and rest," and give the reasom for the correction.
86. Why is the sentence, "John ought to have went," incorrect?
(3:30-4:30 Р. м.)
"How gloriously, and yet how differently, has the Author of Nature lighted up the day by the resplendent sun, and the night by the moon and the starry host."
87. What is the grammatical subject of the above sen tence?
88. What is the grammatical predicate?
89. Parse the gram. subject.
90. Parse the gram. predicate.
91. What is the modified or logical predicate of the above sentence?
92. Parse "differentiy."

Correct each of the following sentences, and give the reason for the correction :-
93. "Either ability or inclination were wanting."
94. "If I was a teacher I should give shorter lessons."
95. "We hoped to have heard from rou before this."
06. "He has waxen all the threads."

THE REGENTS' QUXSTIOMS.
Examination $\mathcal{V}$. Feb. 20, 1868.
(1:30-3:00 p. м.)
97. Give the classifications of words according to thedr various offices in sentences.
98. Write a sentence containing a compound word.
99. Decline " $o x$ " in both numbers.
100. Give a numeral adjective of the ordinal kind.
101. Write a sentence containing a collective noun and a transitive verb.
102. Parse "to be" in the sentence, "To be, contente his natural desire."
103. What tenses are used in the potential mood?
104. Give the synopsis of the verb "be" in the secoad person singular in all the tenses of the finite moods.

Parse "what" in each of the following sentences:105. What! art thou still unsatisfied?
106. What art thou doing?
107. What we possessed was taken.

Correct the following sentences, and give the reason for each correction :-
108. "Trust not him whom you know is dishonest."
109. "What signifies good opinions when our practicen is bad ?"
110. "If we study we will learn."
(3:30-4:30 р. м.)
"When Boulton, the associate of the great Watt, showed his iron manufactory, he said, 'I sell here what all men are anxious to buy, Power.'"

Parse each of the following words, giving for nouns, the class or kind, gender, person, number, case, agreernent or government, and rule of syntax; for verbs, the primeipal parts, voice or form, mood, tense, person, number, agreement, and rule of syntax :-

111 "Boulton;" (112) " showed;" (113) "said ;" (114) "sell;" (115) "buy;" (116) "Power."

## GRAMMAR.

117. What parts of speech, or classes of words, (if any,) are not found in the above exercise?
118. Separate the above exercise into the several simple sentences which it contains.
119. Change "sell" to the passive form, and reconstruct the part of the exercise which follows "said," to correspond in siguification with this change of form.
120. Analyze the whole excrise, according to any approved system with which you are familiar.

## Examination 21. June 4, 1868. (1:30-3:00 р. м.)

(1) "It is enacted in the laws of Venice,-
${ }^{(2)}$ If it be proved against an alien,
${ }^{(3)}$ That by direct or indirect attempts
(4) He secks the life of any citizen,
${ }^{(5)}$ The party 'gainst the which he doth contrive,
(6) Shall seize one-half his goods; the other half
( ${ }^{7}$ ) Comes to the privy coffer of the state;
${ }^{(8)}$ And the offender's life lies in the mercy
$\left.{ }^{( }\right)$) Of the duke only, 'gainst all other roice.
$\left.{ }^{(10}\right)$ In which predicament I say thou stand'st:
(II) For it appears by manifest proceeding,
${ }^{(12)}$ That indirectly, and directly too -
(18) Thou hast contrived against the very life
(14) Of the defendant; and thou hast incurred
(15) The danger formerly by me rehearsed.
$\left.{ }^{(10}\right)$ Down, therefore, and beg mercy of the duke. -Merchant of Venice, Act IV, Scene 1.
121. What parts of speech (or classes of words) are contained in the above excreise ?
122. Are there any proper, collective, abstract or verbal nouns in the exercise? If so, make a list of them.
123. What words in the possessive case?
124. Which line contains no noun?
125. Which lines no pronoun, (expreased or anderstood ?)

## THE REGENTS' QUESTIONS.

126. Which line contains but two different parts of speech; and what are those parts of speech ?
127. Compare an adjective in the exercise that admite of comparison.
128. Which lines of the exercise contain no finite verb?
129. Which lines have finite passive verbs; and what are those verbs?
130. Make a list of the different prepositions in the exercise.
131. Make a list of the adverbs, and the conjunctions, separately.
132. What following parts of the exercise does "it" in the first line stand for, or represent ?
133. What does "it" in the second line represent?
134. What participle (used as such) in this exercise?
(3:30-4:30 Р. М.)
135. In the clause, "If it be proved against an alien," \&c., in what mood is the verb, and why?
136. Parse "only" in the phrase, "Of the duke only."
137. What is the principal or leading clause in the sentence, "In which predicament I say thou stand'st."
138. Parse "which" in the same sentence.
139. Give the principal parts of "say" and "stand'st"
140. Parse the verb in "Thou hast incurred the danger," giving the roice (or form) mood, tense, person, number snbject, and rule of syntax.
141. Change the quotation in question number 140 to the passive form.
142. Parse "down" in the entence, "Down, therefore, and beg mercy of the duke," giving particulars required in question number 140.
143. In what case is "mercy," and why?
144. Parse "therefore."

## GRAMMAR.

Examination VII. Nov. 12, 1868.
(1:30-3:00 р. м.)
145. What are the pliurals of radius, parenthesis, phenomenon, brother-in-law?
146. Compare bad, beautiful, heavy, many.
147. What classes of words (or parts of speech) are used to modify or limit other words in sentences?
148. Write a sentence containing which in the plural number. nominative case.
149. Write sentences in which the relatives who, which what and that are properly used.
150. Parse "what" in the sentence, This is precisetg what was necessary.
151. Gire a list of all the moods and tenses used in conjugating verbs.
152. Give the second person, singular, passive of the verb teach. in each tense of the indicative mood.
153. What tenser, of what moods, can be formed without auxiliaries?
154. What are the principal parts of the verbs make, ride, sit, write?
Correct the following sentences:-
155. I expected to have found him at home.
156. The letter from which the extract is taken, and came by mail, is lost.
157. Give examples of adverbs of time, place, negation and interrogation.
158. Give four words commonly used as interjections.
(3:30-4:30 р. м.)
159. Write a sentence to illustrate the following rule of syntax:-

Two or more singular subjects taken separately require the verb to be singular.
160. What is the rule of syntax for the italicised word In the sentence, Did you see him strike the boy?
the REGENTB' QUESTIONS.
161. Correct the four following sentences :-

Let each love others better than themselves.
It was not me who took it.
Wisdom and not wealth procure esteem.
A nail well drove will support a great weight.
"To him who curbs desire within the bounds of 'the enough,'
The wildest blasts that heave the sea awake no fear of wreck."
In the foregoing sentence parse-
163. The subjeot of the principal clause;
163. The predicate of the same clause;
164. The first word, "To ;"
165. The last word of first line, "enough."
166. Change "The wildest blasts that heave the sea awaike no fear of wreck," to the equiralent passive form.
167. Which words of the sentence are relatives?
168. Analyze the sentence according to any system withwhich you are familiar.

Examination VIII. Feb. 18, 1869. (1:30-3:00 Р. м.)
169. Write a ${ }_{f}$ roper noun; a common noun; a collective noun; and an abstract noun.
170. Give the possessive plural form of motto, lady, thou and man.
171. Write a sentence containing an active transitive verb, and change the same into the corresponding passive form.
172. Give a syn -psis of the verb teach in the first persom, singular, active and passive.
173. How do you distinguish adjectives from adverbs?
174. Write an ordinal adverb; an adverb of manner: an adverb of degree; and a copulative conjunction.

## GRAMMAR.

175. Give the correlatives of lad, empress, czar and Francis. [A masculine noun and its corresponding feminine are called correlative nouns.]
176. Correct the following in regard to capitals and punctuation:-
mister smith. will you please Excuse my son john neat friday at 10 o'clock T Jenkins
177. Write four sentences: the first to contain who, in the second person, plural number; the second, which, singular number, objective case; the third, whom, masculine gender; the fourth, that, second person, singular number.
178. Correct the following sentences:-

He hadn't ought to have done it.
I do not know who she went with.
No country will allow of such a practice.
It was not me who took it.
179. Define the grammatical terms, subject, predicate, mood, syntax.
180. Compare all the words in the following couplet which admit of comparison:-

How far that little candle throws his beams!
So shines a good deed in a naughty world.
181. What classes of verbs take the same case after as before them?
182. Give an example to illustrate the last preceding question.
(3:30-4:30 Р. м.)
(1) So live, that when thy summons comes to join
$\left.{ }^{(2}\right)$ The innumerable caravan, that moves
(8) To that mysterious realm, where each shall take
(4) His chamber in the silent halls of death,
(ब) Thou go not like the quarry-slave at night,
${ }^{(0}$ ) Scourged to his dungeon; but, sustained and soothed
${ }^{(7)}$ By an unfaltering trust, approach thy grave,
(8) Like one who wraps the drapery of his couch
(9) About him, and lies down to pleasant dreams.
183. Parse the predicate of the principal or leading clanse.
184. Upon what does the infinitive "to join" depend; or, if you regard "to" as a preposition, what does it connect?
185. Give the voice (or form), mood, tense and sulject of each verb in the second, third, fifth and seventh lines.
186. What conjunctions occur in the exercise, and what do they respectively connect?
187. Parse "that" wherever it occurs in the exercise.
188. Parse "quarry-slave," "sustained," "one," and "to" (in the last line.)
189. What are the principal parts of "take," "go," "soothed" and "lies?"
190. Make a list of all the nouns in the exercise.
191. What is the primitive of "unfaltering?"
192. Analyze the clause from "but" to "dreams," in clusive.

Examination 1X. June. 10, 1869. (1:30-3:00 P. м.)
"If we compare our English literature to a beantiful garden, where Milton lifts his head to heaven in the spotLess chalice of the tall white lily, and Shakspeare scatters his dramas around him in beds of fragrant roses, blushing with a thousand various shades - some stained to the core as if with blood, others unfolding their fair pink petals with a lovely smile to the summer sun,-what shall we gnd in shrub or fiower so like the timid, shrinking spirit of William Cowper as that delicate eensitive-plant, whose leaves, folding up at the slightest touch, cannot bear even the brighter rays of the cherishing sun?"
193. Might the former and latter parts of the above exercise be mutually transposed without materially affecting the sense? and if so, state with what word such latter part begins.
194. Make a list of all the verbs in the excrise, inclading participles.

GRAMMAR.
195. Which of these is the leading or principal verb?
196. Give the principal parts of this leading or principal verb.
197. Make a list of all the participles, (not including those used as parts of the finite verbs referred to :n question 194.)
198. Make a list of the several verbs from which these participles are derived.
199. Which of these participles are active and which are passive?
200. Mention all the proper nouns in the exercise.
201. Mention any compound nouns which occur therein.
202. In what mood is "compare?"
(3:30-4:30 Р. м.)
203. Make a list of such words in the above exercise as are used adjectively.
204. Which of the words included in the answer te question 203 are participial adjectives?
205. What part of speech (or kind of word) is "vhat ?"
206. In what case is the same "what," and why ?
207. In what case is "spirit," (eighth line?)
208. What part of speech (or kind of word) is "up?"
209. In what mood is the last verb of the exercise?
210. In what mood and tense is the first verb?
211. In what case is "sensitive-plant?"
212. Select from the exercise three adjectives representing each of the different degrees of comparison.
213. Parse "whose."
214. Parse the leading or principal subject of the exercise, according to any method with which you are familiar.
215. Give an analysis or diagram.
216. Does the clause (beginuing with "If" and ending with "sun") make complete sense taken by itself?

## the regente' qugstions.

## Examination $\mathcal{X}$. Nov. 11, 1869. (1:30-3:00 P. м.)

217. What parts of speech (or classes of words) have cases?
218. What parts of speech (or classes of words) admis of comparison?
219. How do adjectives of more than two syllables generally form their comparative and superlative degrees?
220. Correct, "The pleasures of the mind are more preferable than those of the body.
221. What is the subjunctive mood used to express?
222. Why is it called the "subjunctive" mood?
223. What tense would be used in speaking of an event which occurred during the past ycar, and without reference to any other date or event?
224. What class of verbs has no passive voice (or form)?
225. Construct a sentence having a verb in the potential miood.
226. Correct. "I will be drowned; no body shall help me!"
227. Complete this sentence by supplying verbs in the infinitive mood, "Grammar professes_us_u_ correctly."
228. What rule of syntax is disregarded in the following sentence:-
"The account, or journal, which was written by Magellan, and which seems to have been in existence as late as 1783, are last."
229. Conjugate the verb "learn," in the active, indicative, pluperfect (or prior past).
230. Conjugate the rerb "seek," in the passive, subjunctive, present.
(3:30-4:30 P. M.)
(2) Sir Isaac Newton drew close to the grate in which a fire had just been kindled.
(3) By and by it grew very bot.

## GRAMMAR.

(9) He rang the bell.
(*) The servant came.
( ${ }^{\circ}$ "Take away the grate," said the philosopher, "bofore I am burned to death."
(") "Had you not better draw back your chair, sir?" said John, waggishly.
(")"Upon my word," said Sir Isaac, langhing, "I had not thought of that."
231. Which sentence (if any) of the foregoing exercise contains no noun?
232. What sentences (or classes of sentences) in the exercise are not declarative?
233. If not declarative, what are they respectively?
234. What is the subject of the principal clause of the fifth sentence?
235. What are the subjects of the other clauses of the fifth sentence?
236. Give the principal parts of "drew," "kindled," "grevo," "rang."
237. What four other irregular verbs in the exercise?
238. Which verbs of the exercise are in the passive voice (or form)?
239. Give the voice (or form), mood, tense, person, number and subject of the last verb of the exercise.
240. Parse one at least of the four following italicised words, taking your choice: "had" and "draw," (sixth عentence;) "upon," giving antecedent terms of relation, and "that," (seventh sentence.)

$$
\underset{(1: 30-3: 00 \text { р. м. })}{\substack{\text { Examination }}}
$$

${ }^{(1)} K$. Henry. "Therefore, my lords, omit no happy hou
(2) That may give furtherance to our expedition:
${ }^{(9)}$ For we have now no thought in us but France,
(4) Save those to God, that ron before our business.
(B) Therefore, let our proportions for these wars
(9) Be soon collected; and all things thought apon
(r) That may, with reasonable swiftness, add
(6) More featners to our wings; for, God before
(9) We'll chide this dauphin at his father's door.
(10) Therefore, let every man now task his thought,
(11) That this fair action may on foot be brought." -Shakspear's Fing Henry $\Gamma$., end of Aot 1.
241. Make a list of all the parts of speech (or classes of words) represented in the above exercise.
242. Make a list of all the parts of speech (if any) not Bo represented

Give the part of speech of each of the following words:-
243. "But,"(third line;) "save,"(fourth line;)" thought," (third line;) "thought," (sixth line.)
244. "That," (sccond, fourth, seventh and eleventh lines, respectively.)
245. Make a list of all the moods represented in the exercise.
246. Give an example, from the exercise, of a verb in each mood so represented.
247. Parse "things," (sixth line.)
248. Parse "before," (fourth line.)
249. Parse "before," (cighth line.)
250. Parse "chide," (ninth line,) giving principal parts, voice (or form,) mood, tense, person, number, subject and rale of syntax.
251. In what case is each proper noun in the exerciso?
252. To what does "those" (fourth line) refer?
253. Parse "furtherance," (second line.)
254. Parse "brought," (eleventh line,) as required in question 250.

$$
(3: 30-4: 30 \text { P. M. })
$$

255. What is a sentence?
256. What are the essential parts (or elements) of samtences?
257. How are sentences classified in regard to forme?
258. Give an example of a sentense in each of the varieties of form referred to in question 257.
259. Decline each of the personal pronouns.
260. Conjugate the verb "be," in all the tenses, persons and numbers of the indicative mood.
261. Conjugate the verb "know," in all the tenses, persons and numbers of the potential mood.
262. What is syntar?
263. Change the following sentence into the equivalent passive form:-
"Them that honor me, I will honor."
264. Change into the equivalent active form :-
"He was admitted into this institution by some gentlomeu who had bcen his father's friends."

## EXxamination $\mathfrak{x} 11$. June 9, 1870. (1:30-3:00 Р. м.)

(1) 1. "The common belief that the scales of the crocodile
(2) will stop a bullet is very erroncous. 2. If a rifle is
${ }^{(2)}$ loaded with the moderate charge of two and a half
(4) drachms, it will throw an ounce ball through the
${ }^{(6)}$ scales of the hardest portion of the back; but were
(9) the scales struck obliquely, the bullet might possibly
${ }^{7}$ ) glance from the surface, as in like manner it wonld
${ }^{(8)}$ ricochet (rebound) from the surface of the water. 3.
(9) The crocodile is so difficult to kill outright, that peo-
( ${ }^{10}$ ) ple are apt to imagine that the scales have resisted
(11) their bullets. 4. The only shots that will produce
( ${ }^{12}$ ) instant death are those that strike the brain or spine
${ }^{(19)}$ through the neck."-Baker's Nile Sources of Abyssinia.
265. What is the grammatical subject of the first sentence of the exercise?
266. What is the logical subject (grammatical subject and its modifiers) of the same senteuce?
267. What is the logical predicate of the first sentence ${ }^{4}$
268. Parse the grammatical subject, (question 265.)
269. Parse "will stop," (second line.)
270. Parse "that," (first line.)
271. Parse the first verb of the second sentence.
272. Parse " $i t$," (fourth line.)
273. Parse "through," (fourth line.)
274. Parse the verb of the clause, "but were the soales struck obliquely," (fifth and sixth lines.)
275. Is the first sentence of the exercise simple, compound or comples: in its construction?
276. Find an infinitive verb in the exercise, and parse it.

27\%. Find a relative pronoun, and parse it.
278. What are the principal parts of "throw," (fourth line.)
(3:30-4:30 Р. м.)
279. Parse "difficult," (ninth line.)
280. Parse "outright," (ninth line.)
281. What part of speech (or class of worde) is "apt" (tenth line.)
282. What part of speech is "that" in each of the four instances where it occurs in the ninth, tenth and eleventh and twelfth lines?
283. Change "the scales have resisted their bullets" into the corresponding passive form, using the same words and only such additional oncs as may be necessary.
284. Conjugate "strike" in all the tenses, persons and numbers of the potential mood passive voice (or form).
285. Change the latter sentence of the above exercise fito the corresponding interrogative form, using precisely the same words, with only such change of arrangement as may be necessary.

2S6. What is the primitive of "imagine."
287. What noun in common use is derived from the same root as "imagine?
288. What word may be used instead of "that" in the last sentence, without changing the sense or constreotion?

## Examination XIII. Nov. 10, 1870. <br> (1:30-3:00 p. M.)

(1) 1. "It was, as I have said, a fine autumnal day, the
${ }^{(2)}$ sky was clear and serene, and nature wore that rich
(3) and golden livery which we always associate with the
${ }^{(4)}$ idea of abundance. 2. The forests had put on their
${ }^{(5)}$ sober brown and yellow, while some trees of the ten-
(8) derer kind had been nipped by the frosts into brilliant
$\left.{ }^{( }{ }^{7}\right)$ dyes of orange. purple and scarlet. 3. Streaming
${ }^{(8)}$ files of wild ducks began to make their appearance
$\left.{ }^{( }{ }^{9}\right)$ high in the air; the bark of the squirrel might be
$\left.{ }^{(10}\right)$ heard from the groves of beech and hickory nuts, and
(11) the pensive whistle of the quail at intervals from the
${ }^{(12)}$ neighboring stubble-field.-Irving's Legend of Sleepy
(13) Hollow.
289. Sclect from the exercise one example each of primitive, derivative, simple and compound words.
290. Select also a word containing three different liquids.
291. Give a specimen word in each of the degrees of somparison represented in the exercise.
292. Is the first sentence (or period) simple or compound; and declarative, imperative, interrogative or axclamatory?
293. Write the several independent propositions involved in the first sentence, placing each in a line by itself.
294. Which words of the third sentence (or period) are used as grammatical (or simple) subjects?
295. Which words of the same sentence are used as grammatical (or simple) predicates?
296. Parse the last grammatical subject of the exercisa
297. Parse the last grammatical predicate of the exarcise.
298. What passive verbs occur in the exercise?
299. Select from the exercise a verb in the indultive nood, and parse it.
300. What is the part of speech (or class of words) of each of the following: "As," (first line;) "on," (fourth line;) " yellow," (flfth line;) "high," (ninth line.)
301. Parse the verb in the ninth line.
302. Parse "at" and "from," (eleventh line.)
(3:30-4:30 р. м.)

Parse each of the following words, with special roference to accuracy and completeness:-
303. "Day," (first line.)
304. "Serene," (second line.)
305. "Wore," (second line.)
306. "That," (sccond line.)
307. "Livery," (third line.)
308. "Which," (third line.)
309. Change "which we always associate with the idea of abundance" to its equivalent as to meaning, but have the verb in the passive roice (or form.)
310. Change "nature wore that rich and golden livery" to the corresponding interrogative form (as an independent sentence.)
311. Which tenses are represented in the several verbs of the above exercise?
312. Why is "associate" in a different tense from either of the other verbs of the sentence? Or, if unable to answer the last question. you may tell whether "have said" is transitive or intransitive ; and why, giving ite object if it has one.

Examination XIV. Feb. 23, 1871.
(1:30-3:00 Р. м.)
(1) "'29. And the time drew nigh that Israel must die; and
${ }^{(2)}$ he called his son Joseph, and said unto him, If now
${ }^{(3)}$ I have found grace in thy sight, put, I pray thee, thy
(9) hand under my thigh, and deal kindly and truly with
(s) me; bury me not, I pray thee, in Eqypt:
(9) " 30 . But I will lie with my fathers, and thou shalt
${ }^{(7)}$ carry me out of Egypt, and bury me in their burying-
${ }^{(8)}$ place. And he said, I will do as thou hast said.
(9) "And he said, Swear unto me. And he sware unto
$\left.{ }^{(10}\right)$ him. And Isracl bowed himself upon the bed's
${ }^{11}$ ) head."-Genesis rlvii, verses 29-31.
5 All the questions refer to the above exercise.
313. What different letters represent vovel (or noces) sounds?
814. Write four of the words containing diphthonge (or digraphs.)
315. What words of the 29 th verse contain silent doublaconsonants?

Write a word (if any) belonging to each of the following classes, as indicated oy italics, in questions 315 and 820. inclusive:-
316. Nouns:

Common ; proper ; abstract ; compound.
Personal Pronouns:
817. First Person: Sing. nom.; poss.; obj.; Pluraz.

319. Third Person: " " " " "
320. Relative Pronouns.
321. Verbs:

Indicative; subjunctive; potential; imperative.
822. An adjective; adverb; preposition; conjunction.
323. What tenses occur in the 30th verse?
324. Write the principal parts of four of the irregular verbs.
825. Write the first person singular of the verb "carry" In each tense of the indicative mood.
326. What are the differences between "swoear" and "sware" (swore,) (ninth line,) in respect to principal parts, mood, tense and person'
(3:30-4:30 р. м.)
327. What words might be used instead of "that " (first line?)
Parse the following words:-
328. The last verb in the first line.
329. The last verb in the second line.
330. "Hand," (fourth line.)
333. "With," (fourth line.)

33:. "Thee," (fifth linc.)
333. "Bury," (fifth line.)
334. "Bed's," (tenth line.)
335. Give the equivalent grammatical expression for "the bed's head?"
336. What is the modified (or logical) subject of the sentence, "the time drew nigh that Israel must die?"

If any scholars have time to spare, they will please write out an analysis of the 29th verse, according to any aystem with which they are familiar.

## Examination $\mathcal{X V}$. June. 8, 1871. (1:30-3:00 P. м.)

(1) 1. "Oliver Twist's ninth birthday found him a pale,
(2) thin child, somewhat diminutive in stature, and do-
${ }^{(8)}$ cidedly small in circumference. 2. But nature or
${ }^{(4)}$ inheritance had implanted a good sturdy spirit in
(6) Oliver's breast. 3. It had had plenty of room to ex-
(9) pand, thanks to the spare diet of the establishment;
$\left.{ }^{( }\right)$and perbaps to this circumstance may be attributed
${ }^{(8)}$ his having any ninth birthday at all. 4. Be this as it
$\left.{ }^{( }{ }^{9}\right)$ may, however, it was his ninth birthday; and he was
(10) keeping it in the coal cellar with a select party of
(11) two other young gentlemen, who, after participating
(12) with him in a sound threshing, had been locked up
(13) therein, for atrociously presuming to be hungry! "-
${ }^{(14)}$ Dickens' Oliver Twist, Chap. II.
397. Mention all the different parts of speech (or classes
of words) included in the first proposition or sentence.
ss8. Which are the fundamental or essential words of the first sentence: i. e., the simple (or primary) sulject, predicate and object?
339. Which words of the flrst sentence are nouns in the objective case, and by what other word is each of these nouns governed ?
340. Which words of the first sentence are adjectives, and to what substantive word does each of these adjeotives belong?
341. Which words of the first sentence are adverbs, and what other words does each modify or limit?
342. Which words of the second sentence are conjunce tions, and what particular words (or parts) of the exercise does each connect?
343. Give the subject, mood, tense, person and number of the verb in the second sentence.
344. What does "it" (fifth line) stand for or repre sent?
345. Change the second sentence to its full equivalent as to meaning, but having the verb in the passive voics (or form.)
346. Change the phrase "in Oliver's breast" to ita equivalent, having the proper name in a different case.
847. What is the difference between the first and the second "had" in the fifth line of the exercise?
348. Mention the numerical adjectives contained in the exercise, spocifying each as cardinal or ordinal
849. What part of speech is "perhaps," (seventh line?)
850. What is the subject of " may be attributed," (seventh line?)
(3:30-4:30 Р. м.)

Parse the following words contained in the above orcise, beginning with the third sentence, fifth line:-
851. "To," (seventh line.)
859. "Having," (eighth line.)

## THE REGENTS' QUESTION8.

353. The finite verb in the seventh line.
354. "Birthday," (eighth line.)
355. "Birthday," (ninth line.)
356. "Who," (eleventb linc.)
357. "After," (eleventh line.)
358. "Presuming," (thirtcenth line.)
359. "Hungry," (thirteenth line.)
360. Any one of the verbs in the infinitive mood

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \text { Examination . } \mathfrak{C r} 1 . \text { Nov. } 9,1871 . \\
& (1: 50-3: 00 \mathrm{p} . \mathrm{m})
\end{aligned}
$$

1. "Sir, we are not weak. if we make a proper use of those means which the God of nature bath placed in our power. 2. Besides, sir, we shall not fight our battles alone. 3. There is a just God who will raise up friends to fight our battles for us. 4. If we were base enough to desire it, it is now too late to retire from the contert. 4. There is no retreat but in submission and slarery. $\mathbf{5}$. Our chains are forged; their clanking may be heard on the plains of Boston. 6. Is life so dear, or peace so sweet as to be purchased at the price of chains and slavery? 7. I know not what course others may take; but as for me, give me liberty. or give me death!"
2. Make a list of all the nouns in the first sentenco.
3. Make a list of all the words used adjectively in the first sentence.
4. Give the principal parts of all the verbs in the first and second sentences.
5. Select from the above exercise a verb to represent each one of the different moods used in it, mentioning the mood of each one named.
6. Make a list of the tenses in the indicative mood, and then draw a line across the names of those not in this exercise.
7. Make a list of all the passive verbs in the exercise.
s67. Decline the personal pronom of the first person,
and the personal pronoun of the third person, neutez gender; then draw a line across cach word of these lists that does not occur in the exercise.
8. What part of speech (or kind of word) is "sir" in the first and second sentences?
9. Compare such adjectives of the first and fourth sentences as admit of comparison.
10. What is the difference, as to syntax, between the frst and the second "it" in the fourth sentence?
11. What word is the subject of the fifth sentence?
12. What is the predicate (grammatical or unmodified) of the second sentence?
13. Give an example, from the excreise, of the following kinds of sentences: declarative, interrogative, imperative.
14. Change the sixth sentence so that the same thought may be expressed, but using verbs in the active voice (or form) only.

The following question may be answered in the place of any one of the foregoing, if preferred :-

What is the difference, as to syntax, between "me" and "death" in the seventh sentence?
(3:30-4:30 Р. м.)

Parse the following words contained in the above ex-orcise:-
375. The second verb of the first sentence.
876. "Which," (first sentence.)
377. The third verb of the first sentence.
378. The last verb of the third sentence.
379. "Enough," (fourth sentence.)
380. "Retreat," (fifth sentence.)
381. "Clanking," (sixth sentence.)

38\%. The second verb of the sixth sentence.
383. "What," (serenth sentence.)
384. The last verb of the seventh sentence.

## Examination $\mathcal{X V I I . ~ F e b . ~ 2 7 , ~ 1 8 \% 2 . ~}$ <br> (1:30-3:00 P. м.)

1. "A country schoolmaster had two pupils, to one of whom he was partial, and to the other severe. 2. One morning it happened that these two boys were late, and were called up to account for it. 3. 'You must have heard the bell, boys: why did you not come?' 4. 'Please, sir,' said Tom, (the favorite,) 'I was dreaming that I was going to Margate, and I thought the school-bell was the steamboat-bell.' 5. 'Very well,' said the master, glad of any pretext to excuse his favorite. 6. 'And now, Bill, turning to the other, 'what have you to say?' 7. 'Please, sir,' said the puzzled boy, 'I-I-I was waiting to see Tom off.'"

Parse the following words contained in the above ex-ercise:-
385. The noun used as the subject of the first sentence.
386. "Whom," (first sentence.)
387. The first noun of the second sentence.
388. The third verb of the second sentence.
389. "Account," (second sentence.)
390. The first verb of the third sentence.
391. "Boys," (third sentence.)
392. The second verb of the third sentence.
393. "Steamboat-bell," (fourth sentence.)
394. "Glad," (fifth sentence.)
395. "What," (sixth sentence.)
306. "Have," (sixth sentence.)
897. The last word of the sixth sentence.
898. "Off," (seventh sentence.)
(3:30-4:30 р. м.)
599. Give an example of an adjective derived from a proper noun.
400. Into what three (or four) classes are words divided, as to the number of their syllables?
401. Give the first person plural of "go" is all the venses of the indicative mood.

## GRAMMAR.

> 402. Give the passive, potential, piuperfect, third, singslar of "examine."
> 403. Give ten words commonly used as prepositions.
> 404. What is the subject word of the sentence constitating question 400 above?
405. Of what does syntax treat?
406. Write a sentence (or two sentences, if you prefer,) sn which the words "set" and "sit" are properly used.
407. Correct, "If John had went to school, he would not now deserve punishment; but he done as he pleased and must take the consequences."
408. Give a reason for each correction of false syntax made in your answer to question 406.

Scholars who bave sufficient time may re-write the following letter, with the needcd corrections as to general arrangement, capitals and punctuation; and the satisfactory execution of the whole, including penmanship, will be allowed as two correct answers:-
baltimore feb $1018 \% 2$ dear father i have just returned from washington where i spent two days very pleasantly I visited the capitol and saw mr browns cousin charles sumner who is you know one of the senators from massachusetts i also saw president grant and many other distinguished men whom i have not time to mention is mother well what did john get from santa clause has maria finished arithmetic this is rough paper bad ink and e what a pen in haste good bye your affectionate son john kennedy.

## Examination XVIIT. June 6, 1872.

(3:30-4:30 Р. м.)

1. "As a man who was deeply involved in debt was walking in the street with a very melancholy air, one of his acquaintances asked him why he was so sorrowful. 8. 'Alas!' said his friend, 'I am in a state of insolvency.' 8. 'Well,' said his friend, 'if that is the case, it is net you, but your creditors, who ought to weal a woeful conntenance.'"

Write each one of the following words, with its number prefixed, and immediately thereafter, the part of speech (or class of words) to which it belongs:-

First sentence: (409) As ; (410) who ; (411) deeply ; (412) debt ; (413) in ; (414) air ; (415) one ; (416) acquaintances; (417) asked; (418) why ; (419) sorrowfui.

Second sentence: (420) Alas ; (421) he ; (422) am.
Third sentence: (423) Well ; (424) that ; (425) but ; (426) your ; (427) ought; (428) wear.

Write each one of the following words with its number prefixed, and immediately thereafter the word (or words) to which it is related as a principal element, (subject, predicate or object,)-if this be the case,-or to which it belongs as an adjunct, if it have either adjective or adverbial force:-
First sentence: (429) man ; (430) who ; (431) very ; (432) melancholy ; (433) asked ; (434) him ; (435) sorrouful.

Second sentence: (436) he; (437) state; (438) insolvency.
Third sentence: (432) said ; (410) his ; (441) that ; (442) case ; (443) not ; (444) creditors ; (445) ought ; (446) wear ; (447) woeful; (448) countenance.

Select from the first sentcnce a word in the (449) nominative case ; one in the ( 450 ) possessive case ; and one in the (451) objective case. [Number answors as before.]
Mention the (452) frrst verb of the exercise, and give its (453) voice (or form), (454) mood, (455) tense, and (456) subject.

Give the (457) first, (458) second, (459) third, and (460) fourth principal parts of the last verb of the exercise.

Give the third person, singular number, of the first vertin the second sentence in each of the tenses of the indicar tive mood: i. e., (461) present ; (462) imperfect (or past), (463) future ; (464) perfect (or prior present); (465) pluperfect (or prior past); (466) future perfect.
Give the (467) comparative, and the (468) superlatiee . forms of the last adjective of the exercise.

> (3:こิ0-4:30 P. M.)
469. What word of the exercise has no syntax, (or grammatical relation to other words?)
470. Select from the exercise an example of a simple sentence (or independent proposition.)
471. Is the first sentence simple or compound, or complex in its construction?
472. Answer the same question (471) with reference to the second sentence.
473. What is the grammatical subject of the principal (or independent) clause of the third sentence?
474. Change "was walking" to the form of the pluperfect (or prior past) tense of the same mood.
475. Change the verb of the expression "was deeply involved" to the potential mood, perfect (or prior present) tense of the same voice (or form.)
476. Change "one of his acquaintances asked him" to its equivalent, having the verb in the passive form.
477. Change " if that is the case" so that the verb shall be subjunctive in form.
478. In what number is " who," (third sentence?)
479. In what words was the question referred to in the irst sentence put by the asker (or speaker?)
480. What words does " with" in the first sentence connect or show the relation between?
481. What interrogative word occurs in the first sentence?
482. What kind of a conjunction is "but?"
483. In what case is the word "case," (third sentence ?)
484. In what tense is "ought," (third sentence?)
485. In what case is "countenance," (third sentence?)
486. What word (potential mood sign) might be substitated for "ought to," (third sentence?)
487. Of what words is " wooeful" compounded ?
488. Which one of the five permanent vcwels does not eccur in " countenance?"

## Examination $\boldsymbol{x}$ EX. Nov. \%, 18\%2. (1:30-3:00 P. M.)

1. "Sing to me, dearest nightingale," said a shepherd to the silent songstress, one beautiful spring evening.
2. "Alas!" said the nightingale, "the frogs make so much noise that I have no inclination to sing. Do you not hear then?"
3. "Undoubtedly I hear them." replied the shepherd, "but it is owing to your silence."

Write cach one of the following words, with its number prefixed, and immediately thereafter the part of speech (or class of words) to which it belongs:-

First paragraph: (459) Sing; (490) to ; (491) me ; (492) dearest; (493) nighiingale; (494) spring.

Second paragraph: (495) Alas; (496) so ; (497) that; (498) no.

Third paragraph : (499) Owoing.
Write each of the following words, with its number prefixed, and immediately thereafter describe it as the subject, predicate, object, adjective-adjunct (or modifier,) or adverもial-adjunct,-as the case may be,--of the word to which it is syntactically related:-

First paragraph: (500) Sing; (501) said; (502) silent; (508) songstress; (504) one; (505) evening.

Second paragraph : (506) Noise ; (507) inclination; (508) $\boldsymbol{\operatorname { s i n }} \mathrm{g}$.

Third paragraph : (509) Owing ; (510) silence.
Select from the third paragraph a word in the (511) nominative, one in the (512) possessive, and one in the (513) objective case.

Mention the (514) second verb of the second paragraph; and give its (515) voice (or form;) (516) mood; (517) tense; and (518) subject; also the (519) first, (520) second, and (521) third principal parts of the same verb.

Change "frogs make" to each corresponding tenseform of the indicative and potential moods, viz: (588)

Indicative imperfect (or past;) (523) future; (524) perfect (or prior present;) (525) pluperfect (or prior past;) (526) future perfect; (527) potential present; (528) imperfect (or past;) (529) perfect (or prior present;) (530) pluperfect (or prior past.)
Give the (531) positive and (532) comparative forms of the first adjective; also the (533) comparative and (534) superlative of the last adjective in the first paragraph that admits of comparison.

Select from the exercise a personal pronoun of each of the following forms: (535) First person, singular number, nominative case; (536) first, singular, objective; (537) second person, singular, nominative ; (538) second person, singular, possessive ; (539) third person, singular, nominative; (540) third person, plural, objective.

Give the word which each prepositional phrase (or adr junct modifies:-
First paragraph : (541) —— ; (542) —— ; (543) (preposition understood.)

Second paragraph: (544) - (infinitive.)
Third paragraph: (545)
(3:30-4:30 Р. м.)

Mention two of the prepositional phrases that are used adjectively: (546) —_ ; (547) ——_ and two used adr verbially : (548) -_ ; (549) __ in this exercise.
550. Change "shepherd" to the corresponding word denoting the feminine gender.
551. What is the grammatical gender of "nightingale;" and (552) why?
553. What word of the exercise has no syntax or grammatical relation to other words?
554. What noun of the flrst paragraph is independent, as to case?
555. Is the first paragraph a simple, or a compownd, or a complex sentence?
556. Answer the same question for the second paragraph, first sentence: and ( 557 ) second sentence; and for the (558) third paragraph.
559. Change "Do you hear them?" to the corresponding declarative form.
560. Change "the frogs make so much noise" to the equivalent expression, having the verb in the passive voice (or form.)
561. From what primitive word is "owing" derived?
562. Why is not "owing" spelled oweing?
563. Give the prefix, and each suffix (or affix) $(564,565)$ of "undoubtedly."
566. What is the subject of the principal (or independent) clause of the third paragraph:
567. What is the subject of each subordinate (or dependent) clause of the third paragraph ?
568. What subsiantive word, or expression, does the pronoun " $i t$ " stand for in the third paragraph?

## Examination XX. Feb. 27, 1873.

(1:30-3:00 p. м.)
(1) A wasp met a bee that was just buzzing by,
(2) And he said, "Dear cousin, can you tell me why
( ${ }^{2}$ ) You are loved so much better by people than I?
(4) Why, my back is as bright and as yellow as gold,
${ }^{(3)}$ And my shape is most elegant, too, to behold;
( ${ }^{\text {( }) ~ Y e t ~ n o b o d y ~ l i k e s ~ m e ~ f o r ~ t h a t, ~ I ~ a m ~ t o l d!" ~}$
(7) Says the bee, "My dear cousin, it's all very true;
${ }^{(8)}$ But, then, they would love me no better than you,
$\left.{ }^{( }{ }^{9}\right)$ If I were but half as much mischief to do!"
Select from the exercise an example of each of the following classes of words:-

First line: (569) Noun; (570) verb, irregular ; (571) verb, progressive form; (572) adverb.

## GRAMMAR.

Second line: (573) Pronoun, second person; (574) pro noun, objective case ; (575) adjective; (576) conjunction copulative.

Third line: (577) Verb, passive; (578) preposition.
Write each one of the following words, and the part of speech (or class of words) to which it belongs:-

First line: (579) That ; (580) by.
Second line: (581) Why.
Third line: (582) Better.
Sixth line: (583) Nobody ; (584) that.
Seventh line: (585) All.
Eighth line: (586) Than.
Ninth line: (587) But; (588) half; (589) much.
Give the four principal parts: i. e., first, indicative present; second, indicative imperfect, past or present; third, participle, present or imperfect; fourth, participle, perfect or past, of each of the following verbs:-

First line: Met ; (590) - ; (591) - ; (592) -(593) -.

Third line: Is ; (594) ——; (595) ——— (596) —— (597) -

Sixth line: Told ; (598) ——; (599) ——; (600)———; (601) -

Write cach of the following words, and describe it as subject, predicate, object, or modifier, of the word to which it syntactically belongs, giving that word:-

First line: (602) Wasp; (603) bee ; (604) that.
Second line: (605) You; (606) me.
Third line: (607) Better ; (608) I.
Fourth line: (609) Yellow; (610) gold.
Fifth line: (611) Elegant.
Sixth line: (612) That.
Seventh line: (613) Bee.
Ninth line: (614) Mischief
Mention four prepositional (including infinittos) phrases

THE REGENTB' QUESTIONE.
used adverbially in the exercise: (615) $\square$
(617) ; (618)
Change "A wasp met a bee" to each of the other corresponding tense forms of the indicative mood, viz: (619) Present -; (620) perfect, or prior present -; (621) pıuperfect, or prior past ——; (622) future -; (€23) future perfect -.
(3:30-4:30 р. м.)
624. Change "was buzzing" to the corresponding simple form.
625. Change "can you tell $m e$ " to the corresponding declarative form.
626-627. Change the third line to the equivalent expression, having the verb in the active voice (or form.)

62S. What would be the corresponding active form of 'I am told" in the sixth line?
629. What transtive verb occurs in the ninth line?
630. What is the corresponding passive form of "to behold" in the fifth line?

Select from the exercise a verb belonging to each of the following classes: (631) Subjunctive mood; (632) potential, present; (633) potential, imperfect, or past; (634) infinitive.
635. What is the positive form of the word "better" in the third and eighth lines?
636. Is the first line, as a sentence, simple or compound, or complex?
697. Select from the exercise a simple sentence (or clause) containing a transitive verb.
038. To what other word is "but" in the ninth line equivalent?
839. What other form of expression may be substitated In the ninth line for "If I were to do ?"

Mention the different punctuation marks that occur in the exercise: (640) - ; (641) ——; (042) —— (C48) ——; (644) ——.
645. What are the marks "" called, and (646) what do they denote?
647. What is the mark in $i t$ 's called, and (648) what does it denote?

Examination XXI. June. 5, 1873.

$$
(1: 30-3: 00 \mathrm{~T} \text { м. })
$$

(1) "Will you give my kite a lift ?" said my little nephew
(2) to his sister, after trying in vain to make it fly by
(9) dragging it along the ground. Lucy very kindly took
${ }^{(4)}$ it up and threw it into the air; but her brother,
(5) neglecting to run off at the same moment, the kite
(๑) fell down again.
( ${ }^{( }$) "Ah! now, how awkward you are!" said the little
(8) fellow.
${ }^{(9)}$ "It was your fault entirely," answered his sister.
${ }^{(0)}$ " Try again, children," said I. "There is an old proverb
${ }^{(11)}$ which says, "Perseverance conquers all things.' "-
(12) Charlotte Elizabeth.

Select from the exercise:-
First line: A word used as (649) subject; (650) object, direct; (651) verb, principal; (652) verb, auxiliary.

Second line: (653) A dissyllable; (654) a derivative word.
Third line: (655) A word containing a diphthong; an (056) adverb of manner, and of (657) degree, or quantity.

Write each one of the following words and the part of speech (or class of words) to which it belongs, as here used:-
First line: (658) Lift; (659) little.
Second line: (660) After; (661) trying; (662) males; (663) fy.

Third line: (664) Along.
Fourth line: (665) But.
Fifth line: (666) Off.
Sixth line: (667) Down.
Seventh line: (668) $A h l$ (669) avokıora.

## THE REGENTS' QUESTIONS.

Give the four principal parts (including the participle in fing) of each of the irregular verbs in

Third line: $(670)-;(671)-$ — $(672)-$ — $(673) \longrightarrow$.
Fourth line: $(674)$ —; $(675)-$ —; (676) —; (677) —.
Seventh line: $(678)-$ — $(679) \longrightarrow ;(680) \longrightarrow ;(681)-$ —; (382) —; (683) —-; (684) ——; (685) ——.

Write each of the following words, and describe it as subject, nominative, predicate, object, adjective modifier, adverbial modifier, or attribute, of the word (expressed or understood) to which it is syntactically related, giving that word:-
Eleventh line: (686) Perseverance ; (687) conquers; (688) all; (689) things.
Tenth and eleventh lines: (690) Proverb; (691) I; (692) an; (693) which.

Ninth and Tenth lines: (691) Try; (695) fault.
Second line: (696) Trying; (697) make.
698. Which noun in the exercise has no syntactical relation to other words?

Change "the kite fell down" to each of the other tense forms of the indicative mood, prefixing to each form the name of the tense: (699) ——; (700) ——; (701) ——; (702) ——; (703) -
(3:30-4:30 P. M.)

Compare " little" in the first line: (704) -m; (705) .—; (706) -.

What would be the corresponding (707) declarative and (708) imperative forms of "Will you give ny kite a lift?"
709. What derivative of "vain" might be substitated for "in vain" in the second line?

Mention each infinitive verb in the exercise: (710).--; (711) ——; (712) -.
713. What noun does the first " $m y$ " in the first line represent?
714. Answer the same question in regard to the second ' $m y$ " in the first line.

Give the (715) mood, (716) person, and (717) number ot "try" in the tenth line.
718. How would "conquers" be written if spelled according to its elementary sounds?
719. What special rule, or remark, of syntax is applicable to "fly" in the second line?
720. What words after " $I$ " in the tenth line might be omitted without impairing the sense?
721. What relation was the writer (Charlotte Elizabeth) to Lucy and her brother, judging from the above narrative?
722. Why is not the first word in the eleventh line spelled persevereance?
723. Change the elerenth line to its equivalent, having the verb in the passive voice (or form.)
Change the answer to question 723 to express each of the other tenses of the indicative passive: ( 724 ) (725) ——; (726) ——; (727) ——; (728) ——.

## Examination XXTT. Nov. 6, 1873. <br> (1:30-3:00 р. м.)

(1) A person who called one day at a house at which his
${ }^{(2)}$ visits had been more frequent than welcome, was told
${ }^{(3)}$ by the servant that her master had gone away.
(4) "Oh, well, never mind," said he, "I'll speak to your
${ }^{(5)}$ mistress."
(e) "She has also gone out, sir," the maid replied.
${ }^{(7)}$ Not liking to be denied adnission, the man said:-
${ }^{8}$ ) "As it is a cold day, I'll step in and sit by the fire a
(9) few moments."
(10) "Ah, sir, but that is gone out, too," said the girl; by
${ }^{11}$ ) which time the luckless visitor concluded that it was
${ }^{(12)}$ best for him to stay out.
Write each one of the following words and its part of speech (or class of woords) as here used :-
First line: (729) Who; (730) one; (731) at.
Second line: (732) Visits ; (733) more ; (734) than.

Third line: (735) That; (736) away.
Fourth line: (737) Never; (738) mind.
Sixth line: (739) Sir.
Seventh line: (740) Liking.
Tenth line: (741) That.
Eleventh line: (742) Concluded.
Twelfth line: (743) Best.
744-746. Select from the exercise and write in a colums the first ten words which are used as simple subjects, numbering them (747-756) inclusive, and opposite each one of these write the verb agreeing with it.

757-759. Select from the exercise an adjective of each degree of comparison.

Give the four principal parts (including the participld in ing) of each of the irregular verbs in

Second line : (760) ——; (761) —; (762) ——; (763) ——; (764) -; (765) -; (766) -; (767) -.

Seventh line: (768) —; (769) —; (770) —; (771) —.
Eighth line: (772) ——; (773) - (774) —; (775) —.
Write each of the following words and describe it subject, nominative, predicate, object, adjective modifier, adverbial modifier, or attribute, of the word (expressed or understood) to which it is syntactically related, giving that word:-

First line: (776) Day ; (777) house ; (778) his.
Second line: (779) Welcome.
Fourth line: (780) Never ; (781) mind.
Seventh line: (782) Liking; (783) admission.
Eighth line: (784) Day ; (785) sit.
Eleventh line: (786) Which.
(3:30-4:30 Р. м.)

787-788. Mention each infinitive verb in the exercise.
What nouns do the following pronouns stand for:-
First line: (789) His.
Fourth line: (790) Your.

Twelfth line : (791) Him.
792-793. Mention each relative pronoun in the exercise and its antecedent.

Write the following words and give the gender of each according to its signification as here used:-

First line: (794) Person; (795) which.
Third line: (796) Servant.
Eleventh line: (797) Visitor.
798. What word (not included in the exercise) denoting masculine gender corresponds to maid?
799. What word denoting feminine gender corresponds to $s 2 r$ ?

800-801. Mention the passive verbs contained in the exercise.

802-803. Give the mood and tense of "sit" in the eighth line.
804. Change "A person was told by the servant" to the equivalent expression having the verb active.
805. To which of the following classes of words does "wel(l)come" in the second line belong: Primitive, derivative, simple, or compound?
806. Why is "liking" in the seventh line spelled without an $e$ ?

807-808. Change "I'll step in" in the eighth line to each of the other tense forms of the indicative active giving the tense name of each.

Examination XXIII. Fet. 26, 1874.
(1:30-3:00 р. м.)
${ }^{1}$ ) A Fir, upon a humble Thorn,
(2) From his high top, looked down with scorn.
(e) "For loftiest spircs we grow," he said;
(.)"Of us the tallest masts are made,
( ${ }^{(4)}$ While thou, poor Bramble, canst produce
(1) Nothing of ornament or use."
j"Great tree," the modest Thorn replied,
(8) "When the sharp axe shall pierce your side,
(9) In vain you then may wish to be,
${ }^{\left({ }^{\circ}\right)}$ Unsought for and unknown like me."
Write each one of the following words and its part of speech (or class of words) as here used:-

First line: (809) Wpon; (810) humble.
Second line: (811) Looked ; (812) down.
Eighth line; (813) Side.
Ninth line: (814) Then; (815) wish.
Tenth line: (816) Unknown; (817) like.
Select from the exercise, and write in a column, eighi words which are used as simple subjects, numbering them from (818-825) inclusively; and opposite each of these subjects write the rerb (principal and auxiliary, if any,) agreeing with it.

Give the rule of syntax for (828) subject words, and that for (829) finite verbs. [The language of the rule, and not merely ite number, is to be given.]

Write in a column all the finite verbs in the exercise, (including auxiliaries, if any,) and opposite each verb give its roice (or form,) mood, tense, person and number, arranging the work thus:-
Finite Voice. Mood. Tense. Person. Number.
Verb.

| .- | $(830)-;$ | $(831)-;$ | $(832)-;$ | $(833)-;$ | $(834)-$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| - | $(835)-;$ | $(836)-;$ | $(837)-;$ | $(838)-;$ | $(839)-$ |
| - | $(840)-;$ | $(841)-;$ | $(842)-;$ | $(843)-;$ | $(844)-$ |
| - | $(845)-;$ | $(846)-;$ | $(847)-;$ | $(848)-;$ | $(849)-$ |
| - | $(850)-;$ | $(851)-;$ | $(852)-;$ | $(853)-;$ | $(854)-$ |
| - | $(855)-;$ | $(856)-;$ | $(857)-;$ | $(858)-;$ | $(859)-$ |
| - | $(860)-;$ | $(861)-;$ | $(862)-;$ | $(863)-;$ | $(864)-$ |
| - | $(865)-;$ | $(866)-;$ | $(867)-;$ | $(868)-;$ | $(869)-$ |

(3:30-4:30 Р. м.)

What nouns do the following pronouns stand for:-
Second line: (870) His.
Eighth line: (871) You*

## GRAMMAR.

872. What is the grammatical gender of "we" in the third line?

Write in a column all the prepositional phrases contained in the first four lines of the exercise, and before each phrase write the word to which such phrase syntactically relates: ( 873 ) $\qquad$ ; (875) (876) -_.

Give the four principal parts (including the participle In ing) of the verb in the fourth line: (877) -; (878) ——; (879) —— $(880)$ ——.

Change the fifth and sixth lines to the equivalent expression, having the verb passive. If correct in all respects, the answer may count as (881) _-_ (882)
$\qquad$
In what case is (884) "use" in the sixth line?
What is the syntax of (885) "Bramble" in the fifth line?
886. Change the ninth line to the corresponding form, having the verb in the indicative mood.

Change the eighth line to the corresponding forms, having the verb in the (887) perfect, or future perfect tense, and in the (888) second future, or future perfect tense.

What "figure of speech" is employed in the above exercise? The correct answér to this question may be counted as one.

## Examination XXIV. June. 4, 1874.

(1:30-3:00 Р. м.)

889-896. Make a list of the eight parts of speech (or classes of words) and define each.
897. Compare an adjective by one of the two regulas modes of comparison, and an (898) adverb by the other.

Write the plurals of (899) Elegy ; (900) church; and (901) piece; and state in what way each plural is formed.
According to what rule or principal is (102) writeing made writing; and (903) $n$ doubled in beginning?

THE REGENTS' QUESTIONS.
Write in a colum the following names, with the prefixed numbers, and annex to each name an example of the class which it represents: (904) Vowel; (905) liquid; (906) palatal; (907) double consonant; (908) diphthong; (909) word, primitive; (910) derivative; (911) compound; (912) sentence, simple; (913) compound; (914) adjective, ordinal.

915-918. What modifications (properties or accidents) belong to nouns, and what are the several kinds of each ?
Mention two modifications belonging to verbs only, with their kinds: (919) —— (920) ——.

Conjugate the verb "see" according to the following outline:-
921. Principal Parts (including participle in ing,) writing its name over each part.

Indicative Mood, First Person, Plural.


Potential, Third, Plural.


Scbjunctive, Third, Singular.


Imperative, Second, Plural.
834

## GRAMMAR.


(3:30-4:30 Р. м.)
(1) "Gray's 'Elegy Written in a Country Churchyard' is ${ }^{(2)}$ a masterpiece from beginning to end. The thoughts, $\left.{ }^{( }{ }^{( }\right)$indeed, are obvious enough, but the dignits with which
(4) they are expressed, the immense range of allusion and
${ }^{(5)}$ description with which they are illustrated, and the
$\left.{ }^{( }\right)$finished grace of the language and versification in
${ }^{(7)}$ which they are embodied, give to this work something
${ }^{(8)}$ of that inimitable perfection of design and execution
${ }^{( }{ }^{9}$ ) which we see in an antique statue or a sculptured
( ${ }^{(0)}$ ) gem."-Shaw's English Literature.
Analyze the first sentence of the exercise, giving (939) the simple (or grammatical) subject; (940) the simple predicate; (941) the modified (or logical) subject; and (942) the wodified predicate.

Write in a column all the prepositional phrases in the first sentence of the excrcise, and prefix to each the word (or words) which it modifies: (943) ——; (944) ——; (945) -

Parse (946) written; (947) country; (948) masterpiece. Write each of the following words and describe it as subject, predicate, object, adjective modifier, adverbialmodifier, or attribute, as the case may be, of the word or words to which it is syntactically related, giving such $200 r d$ or voords:-

Third line: (949) Obvious; (950) enough.
Fourth line: (951) They; (952) range.
Fifth line: (953) Which.
Sixth and seventh lines: (954) Give; (955) vergification,
(556) something.

Ninth line: (957) Which.

## the reqents' questions.

958-965. Write in a column all the personal and relative pronouns of the exercise in the order in which they occur. and annex to each the noun or nouns (expressed or understood) for which it stands.
If the last word of the second line were made singular, what other words following in the sentence would also, on that account, require to be changed as often as each occurs? (966) —_ to —— (967) —_ to ——.
068 . Change "which we sce" in the ninth line to the equivalent expression, having the verb passive.

## Examination XXXV. Nov. 5, 1874.

(1:30-3:30 Р. м.)
Define each of the following grammatical terms: (969) Grammar ; (970) English Grammar ; (971) a letter of the alphabet; (972) a syllable; (973) a word; (974) a phrase; (975) a clause ; (976) a sentence.

977-980. Into what four parts is grammar usually divided?
981. Which one of those parts is usually studied in the spelling book?
982. To which one of those parts does punctuaiion belong?
Mention the several modifications (properties or accidents) of nouns; the different kinds of each modification; and give a specimen noun of each kind, arranging the whole thus:-
Modifications. Kinds of Eace. Specimen Nouns.



1003-1007. Decline each of the personal pronouns, arranging the work in regular form.
1008. Mention four words commonly used as relative pronouns.

Give an example of a (1009) regular, and of an irregular comparison of adjectives.
1010-1015. Give the passive, first person, plural forms of the verb "examine" in the sereral tenses of the indicative mood, prefixing the name of the tense of each form.
1016. Give the active imperative, the (1017) passive infinitive, and the (1018) paricipial forms of same verb
(3:15-4:15 р. м.)
${ }^{(2)}$ "If our overworked professional mer and students
(2) should imitate Sir Henry Holland in taking an annual
${ }^{(8)}$ two months' vacation, and once a year, like Antæus,
${ }^{(4)}$ touch old mother earth among the salmon and trout
${ }^{(5)}$ streams of the breezy Canadian hills or Adirondacks,
(9) they would return vastly invigorated to battle with the
${ }^{7}$ ) realities of city life. Let no novice be deterred from a
(9) trial, for he will find it very exhilarating, even if for ${ }^{(10)}$ a time he take no fish."-The Galaxy, Nov., 74, p. 617.
Write the first verb of the exercise, and give its (1019) subject; (1020) object; (1021) mond; and (1022) tense.

Write each of the following words and describe it as subject, predicate, object, adjective modifier, or adverbial modifier, as the case may be, of the word or words (expressed or understood) to which it is syntactically related. giving such word or words:-

First line: (1023) Overworked.
Second line: (1024) Taking.
Third line: (1025) Months'; (1026) vacation ; (1027) year ; ( OP8) Antars.

## THE REGENTS' QUESTIONB.

Fourth line: (1039) Touch; (1030) mother ; (1031) earth: (1032) trout.

Fifth line: (1033) Streams; (1034) Adirondacks.
Sixth line: (1035) Invigorated; (1036) battle.
Seventh line: (1037) City.
Ninth line: (1038) He; (1039) it; (1040) very; (1041) exhilarating.
1042. What passive verb occurs in the exercise?
1043. Change "even if for a time he take no fish" in the ninth and tenth lines to the equivalent expression, having the verb passive.
1044. Give the four principal parts of "take" in the tenth line, (including the participle in ing.)
1045. Parse "If," (first line.)
1046. Parse "In," (second line.)
1047. Parse " Old," (fourth line.)
1048. Parse "No," (seventh line.)

In parsing give the rule of syntax for each of theme words.

## Examination XXVT. Feb. 25, 1875. (1:30-3:00 P. M.)

1049. Write and define or describe each of the following grammatical terms: (1050) Person; (1051) number ; (1052) case; (1053) pronoun; (1054) relative pronoun; (1055) tense ; (1056) interjection.
1050. Write a sentence (or sentences) containing eight different parts of speech (or classes of 200 rds , ) and (10581065) above one word of each class write the name of the part of speech to which it belongs.

Write an example of (1066) a noun in the possessive case; (1067) a personal pronoun in the first person, plural; (1068) a relative pronoun in the objective form; and a (1069) verb in the passive, indicative, present.

Write the different kinds of each modification (property or aocident) of verbs as named below, and give an example of each kind from the verb "see," with a subject prefixed. arranging the work thus:-

ModificaTIONS.

Kinds of each Modification.

Voice, (or Form.)



Examples from verb see, with subjects.

$1098\{\square$

Answers to the following o.pplementary questions may be added, for which due credit will be given :-
1099. What is the name of that part of Grammar which includes the classification and inflection of words?

Give a suitable form or model for parsing (1100) a noun; (1101) an adjective; (1102) a relative pronoun; and (1108) a preposition.

Mention a numerical adjective of the (1104) cardinal and one of the (1105) ordinal kind.
1106 Give the principal parts of the verb "rive."

THE REGENTE' QUESTIONB.
(3:15-4:15 P. M.)
(2) "Socrates was never in haste that his followers should
${ }^{(2)}$ become skilful in speaking, in action, or in invention;
${ }^{(3)}$ ) but, previously to such accomplishments, he thought
(4) St proper that a love of self-control should be instilled
(s) into them; for he considered that persons who had
(6) acquired those qualifications were, if devoid of self-
${ }^{7}$ ) control, only better fitted to commit injustice and do
${ }^{(8)}$ mischief."-Memorabilia, IV., iiii. 1.
Mention the (1107) subject; (1108) the simple (or grammatical) predicate; (1103) the modified (or logical) predicate; and (1110) the adjuncts (or modifiers) contained in the proposition, "Socrates was never in haste."
1111. By what is this proposition further modified, limited or explained in the exercise?
1112. Write the proposition beginning with "his," (first line, ) and give (1113) the simple (or grammatical) subject; (1114) the modified (or logical) predicate; (1115) the copulative and (1116) the attribute of the predicate; (1117) the adjunct (or modifier) of the subject; and (1118) the adjuncts (or modifiers) of the predicate. (Designate each of these answers by one of the above names.)

What other words of the Write after these subjects, exercise are used as simple (or grammatical) subjects? the verbs (principal and auxiliary, if any,) agreeing with them:-


Compare (1133) the adjective in the second line; and (1134) "better" in the seventh line.

Parse (1135) "previously" in the third line; and (1186) the first in the sixth line.

## E'xamination XXVII. June S, 1876. (3:30-4:30 P. м.)

113\%. Mention the four general dixisions of Grammax.
Under which of these general divisions is each of the qollowing subjects included:-
1138. Classification of words as to use.
1139. Classification of letters.
1140. Rules for agreement and government of words.
1141. Versification (or poetry.)
1142. Rules for spelling.

Give a proper definition of each of the following terms. Be careful to mention the term defined, in connection with each definition: (1143) Verb; (1144) passive verb; (1145) irregular verb; (1146) intransitive verb; (1147) mood; (1148) potential mood; (1149) tense; (1150) future tense; (1151) preposition; (1152) conjunction.

Write a sentence containing, respectively, an example of 1153. An adjective in the comparative degree.
1154. An adverb of manner.
1155. A disjunctive conjunction.
1156. An infinitive verb without "to" prefixed.
1157. A relative pronoun in the objective case.
1158. Why are certain parts of verbs called prinoipal parts?

1159-1161. Which are the three principal parts of verbs, (other than the present participle?)

Write (1162) a regular verb, and (1163) an irregular verb, and place after each its additional principal parts, (including the participal in ing.)
1164. Decline the personal pronoun of the Chird person, feminine gender.

Give an example of the comparison of adjectives (1105) ty preflxes, and (1166) by sufflues.
Give the rule of syntax for
1167. A verb agreeing with two or more anbjects conmected by "and"
1168. A pronoun, as related to its antecedent noun.
1169. For same cases before and after verbs.
1170. For a verb in the infinitive mood.

1171-1183. Give the active and passive forms of "strike," with " $I$ " (or "thou") as the subject of each, in the several tenses of the finite moods ; also, (1184) the present infinitives, and (1185) present participles, active and passive.
(3:15-4:15 Р. М.)
(1) "Our fathers raised their flags against a power to ${ }^{(2)}$ which, for purposes of foreign conquest and subjuga-
${ }^{(8)}$ tion, Rome, in the height of her glory, is not to be
(4) compared,-a power which has dotted the surface of
(e) the whole globe with her possessions and military posts,
(8) Whose morning drum-beat, following the sun in his
${ }^{(7)}$ course and keeping pace with the hours, circles the
(8) earth with one continuous and unbroken strain of the
${ }^{(9)}$ martial airs of England."-Webster.
1186. Write the first verb of the exercise and give its subject and object.
What other (118\%) finite verbs, what (1188) infinitive and (1189) participies occur in the exercise?
1190. Change "which has dotted the surface of the whole glote" to the equivalent expression, having the verb in the passive voice (or form.)
1191-1198. Write in a column (midway between the right and left sides of your paper) the several prepositions in the first, second, fourth and eighth lines, and place before and after each preposition the words between which it shows relation.
Write each of the following words, giving its part of speech (or class,) and describe it as the subject, object, predicate, adjective modifier; or connective, as the case may be, of the word or words to which it is syntactically related, giving such word or words:-

First line: (1109) Their.
Second and third lines: (1200) Subjugation; (1201) Rome. Fourth line: (1202) Surface.

Fifth and sixth lines: (1203) Posts ; (1904) whose ; (1205) and; (1206) sun.

Seventh line: (1207) Feeping; (1208) circles.
Eighth line: (1209) Strain.
1210. In what case is "pover" in the fourth line?

Parse (1211) the first vert, and (1212) the second verb in the third line; (1213) morning, (1214) drum-beat, (1215) following, in the sixth line.

4 In parsing be careful to give the properties (modif. cations or attributes) of nouns and verbs, and the syntax of each word.
1216. Select a derivative word from the eighth line.

> Examination $(1: 30-3: 00$ р.м. $)$

1. "Sing to me, dearest nightingale," said a shepherd to the silent songstress, one beautiful spring evening.
2. "Alas!" said the nightingale, "the frogs make so much noise that I have no inclination to sing. Do you not hear them?"
3. "Undoubtedly I hear them," replied the shepherd, "but it is owing to your silence."
Write each one of the following words, with its number prefixed, and immediately thereafter the part of speech (or class of words) to which it belongs :-

First paragraph: (1217) Sing; (1218) to; (1219) me; (1220) dearest ; (1221) nightingale; (1222) spring.

Second paragraph: (1223) Alas; (1224) so; (1225) that; (1226) no.

Third paragraph: (1227) Owing.
Write each one of the following words, with its number prefixed, and immediately thereafter describe it as the sulject, predicate, object, adjective modifier, or adverbial modifier, as the case may be, of the word to which it if eyntactically related:-

THE REGENT8' QUESTIONS.
First paragraph : (1228) Sing; (1229) said; (1230) silent; (1231) songstress; (1232) one; (1233) evening.

Second paragraph: (1234) Noise; (1235) inclination; (1236) sing.

Third paragraph: (1237) Ovoing; (1238) silence.
Select from the third paragraph a word in the (1239) nominative, one in the (1240) possessice, and one in the (1241) objective case.

Mention the second verb of the second paragraph, and give its (1242) voice (or form;) (1243) mood; (1244) tense ; and (1245) subject; also, the (1246) first, (1247) second, and '1248) third principal parts of the same verb.

Change "frogs make" to each of the other tense forms of the indicative and potential moods, giving the names of tenses, and arranging them as follows:-


Give the (1258) positive and (1259) comparative forms of the first adjective ; also, the (1260) comparative and (1261) superlative of the last adjective in the first paragraph that admits of comparison.

Select from the exerciscs a personal pronoun of each of the following forms: (1262) First person, singular number, nominative case; (1263) first person, singular, objective; (1264) second person, singular, nominative; (1265) second person, singular, possessive; (1266) third person, singular, nominative ; (1267) third person, plural, objective.

Give the word which each prepositional phrase (or adfunct, modifies:-
First paragraph: (1268) —— (1269)
——; (1870) -- (preposition understood.)

Second paragraph: (1271) - (infinitive.)
Third paragraph: (1272) -
Parse (1273) Undoubtedly; (1274) I; (1275) hear ; (1278) shem.
(3:15-4:15 Р. м.)

1. "As a man, who was deeply involved in debt, was walking in the street with a very melancholy air, one of his acquaintances asked him why he was so sorrowful.
2. 'Alas!' said he, 'I am in a state of insolvency.'
3. 'Well,' said his friend. 'if that is the case, it is not you, but your creditors, who ought to wear a woeful countenance.'"
4. What word of the exercise has no syntax?
:278. Select from the exercise an example of a simple sentence (or independent proposition.)
5. Is the first sentence simple or compound, or complex?
6. What is the grammatical subject of the principal (or independent) clause of the third sentence?
128.. Change "was walking" to the form of the pluperfect (past perfect or prior past) tense of the same mood.
7. Change the serb of the expression "was deeply involved" to the potewial mood, perfect (present perfect or prior present) tense of the same voice (or form.)
8. Change "one of his acquaintances asked him" to its equivalent, having the verb in the passive voice.
9. Change "if that is the case" so that the verb shall be subjunctive in form, and (1285) parse "case."
10. In what number is "who" in the third sentence?
11. In what words was the question referred to in the irst sentence put by the asker (or speaker?)
12. What words does "with" in the first sentence connect or show the relation between?
13. What interrogative word occurs in the first sep tence?
14. What kind of conjunction is "but?"

## THE REGENTS' QUESTIONS.

1291. In what case is the word "case" in the thind
sentence?
1292. In what tense is "ought" in the third sentence ?
1293. In what case is "countenance" in the third sen
tence?
1294. What word (potential mood sign) might be sub-
stituted for "ought to" in the third sentence?
1295. Of what words is "woeful" compounded?
1296. Which one of the five permanent vowels does not
occur in "countenance?"

Examination XXIX. Feb. 24, 1876. (1:30-3:00 р. м.)
1297-1298. Mention and define the two parts of speech (or classes of words) most frequently used.

Decline, in full, (1299) we ; (1300) her ; (1301) who.
Give the two positives of (1302-1303) worse, and those of (1304-1305) most.

Write a sentence (or seutences) in which that is properly used as (1306) a relative; (1307) an adjective; (1308) a conjunction.
1309. Correct, "The teacher sent for you and $I$," and (1310) give the reason for the correction.
1811. Change the sentence, "Those girls are writing on their slates," by making the subject singular, and the words corresponding in sense.
1312. What kind of a sentence, as to form, is that quoted in question 1311; and (1313) what would the sentence become if changed to the interrogative form?

1314-1315. Change the sentence, "I shail go," and "I will go," by making each subject of the third person, singular, and by using the proper auxiliary to expreas future time simply, in the former sentence, and a purpome or determination in the latter.

1316-1317. Correct, "Four month's interest are due on this note," and (1318-1319) give the reasons for eacn correction.

Define (1320) mood; (1321) tense; (1322) person; (1323) number ; as applied to verbs.

1324-1328. Write in a column the names of the several moods of verbs, and after each name give a sentence containing a verb in that mood.

1329-1335. Write in a column the names of the several tenses of verbs, and after each name give the corresponding tense-form of some verb in the indicative mood.

Give the principal parts of (1336) rise ; (1337) raise; (1338) sit; (1339) set; and (1340-1342) write sentences containing an example of the proper use of each of these verbs.

How is the (1843) passzve voice (or form) of any verb formed? and how the (1344) progressive form?

Write two sentences, in one of which (1345) a phrase, and in the other (1346) a clause (or proposition) is used as the subject.

Give the prineipal parts of each of the following verbs: (1347) were; (1348) went; (1349) had fought; (1350) might have been found; (1351) may have talked.

Analyze the sentence, (1352) "Let him go ;" (1353-1355) and parse each word.
1356. What particular name is given to that part of a verb which ends in ing?
(3:15-4:15 Р. м.)
${ }^{(1)}$ "These things that are not practicable, are not desir-
${ }^{(2)}$ able. There is nothing in the world really beneficial
${ }^{(2)}$ that does not lie within the reach of an informed under-
(4) standing and a well-directed pursuit. There is nothing
( ${ }^{()}$that God has judged good for us that he has not given
${ }^{(6)}$ us the means to accomplish, both in the natural and
(') the moral world. If we cry, like children, for the
( ${ }^{( }$moon, like children we must cry on."-Burke.

Write each of the following words, with its numbe prefixed, mention its part of speech (or class of words,) and describe it as the subject, predicate, object, adjective modifier, adverlial modifier, or connective, as the case may be, of the word or words to which it is grammatically related, giving such word or words:-

First line: (1357) That ; (1358) the second verb.
Second line: (1359) Nothing; (1360) beneficial.
Third line: (1361) The verb in that line.
Fourth line: (1362) Pursuit.
Fifth line: (1363) That.
Sixth line: (1364) Us.
Seventh line: (1365) Like.
Eighth line: (1366) On.
Make a list of the (1367) auxiliary verbs in the exercise, and the (1368) conjunctions.

Parse each of the following as contained in the exercise IS cident) and the syntax of each word:-
1369. The proper noun.
1370. The verb in the infinitive mood.
1371. The verb in the potential mood.
1372. The verb in the fifth line.
1373. "Children," (eighth line.)
1374. What is the principal (or leading) clause (or proposition) of the last sentence of the exercise; and (1375) what the subordinate clause?
1876. Parse "both," (sixth line.)

Examination X:XX. June. 8, 1876.
(1:30-5:00 р. м.)
1377. Of what does Etymology treat ?
1878. What are the parts of speech or classes inte shich words are divided?

## GRAMMAR.

## 1879. Which of these modify, limit, or qualify the meaning of nouns?

1380. Which of verbs, adjectives and adverbs?
1381. What is the subject of a sentence?
1382. What is the predicate?
"The pleasures of sense resemble a foaming torrent, which, after a dis?nderly course, specdily runs out and leaves an empty and offensive channel."

1383-1387. In the above scntence, name the nouns, and state of each whether it is subject or object, and of what?
1358. Name the pronoun, and state the same of it.

1389-1391. Name the adjectives, and the noun each qualifies.

1392-1393. Name the adverbs, and the word each modifles or qualifies.

1394-1395. Name the prepositions, and the words between which they show the relation.

1396-1397. Name the conjunctions, and the words each connect.

1398-1401. Name the articles, and the nouns they limit.
Name the plural of the following nouns: (1402) lady; (1403) valley; (1404) pailful; (1405) memorandum ; (1406) analysis.
1407. What modifications or properties have nouns and pronouns?
1408. What have verbs?

1409-1413. Give the modifications of each of the nound of the sentence, "The pleasures of sense," etc.

1414-1416. Same of the verbs.
1417-1418. How do you determine the modifications ct pronouns?
1419. What tenses has the Potential mood?
1420. Define mood, and (1421) name the several mooda
1422. Same of tense, and (1423) the several tenses.

1424-1426. Give an example of the moods of the verb write, in the present tense, with boy as subject, i. e., those moods to which such a subject is applicable.

THE REGENTS* QUESTIONS.

> (3:15-4:15 Р. м.)
1427. How are verbs divided in regard to form?
1428. How in regard to signification?
1429. What determines the number and person of a verb?
1430. Does the object of a verb influence its number and person?
1431. In what case is the suljject of a verb ?
1432. In what the object?
1433. Harc the nominatzve and objective cases of nouns different forms?
1434. How are these cases determined?
1435. To what is a noun in the possessive case joined?
1436. What docs the noun with which it is joined denote?
If the following sentences are ungrammatical, correct them, and parse the word corrected.

1437-1438. They thought it was me.
1439-1440. I do not know who to send.
1441-1442. The man sets in the chair.
1443-1444. The book lays on the table.
1445-1446. The eldest of the two sons attends school.
1447-1448. The general with his soldiers were taken.
1449-1450. The room is twenty feet long.
1451-1452. To preach and to practise is very different.
1453-1454. Write the participles of the verb love in the active form, with the name of each.

1455-1456. The same of the passive form.

Examination $\mathcal{X x X 1 . ~ N o \nu . ~ 9 , ~} 1876$.
(1:00-3:00 р. м.)

In what classes are simple words divided with reference to their (1457-1459) number of syllables; (1160-1461) formation ; (1462-1469) use in sentences?

## GRAMMAR.

1470. Give the singular of men, teeth, mice.

How are adjectives regularly compared to express degrees of comparison (1471) below the positive (or of diminution), and (1472-1473) above the positive (or of increase)?

1474-1476. Give examples of comparison to illustrate answers 1471-1473.
1477. What modification have some adverbs?
1478. From what other class of words are many adverbs derived?
1479. Mention four general classes of adverbs.

1480-1482. Mention three kinds of pronouns, and give a definition of each kind.

1483-1488. Write the objective singular of each simple pronoun whose form is varied by declension, and after each of these objectives write a sentence containing it.

1489-1491. Which of the pronouns indicate, by their form, the gender of their antecedent nouns?
1492. To what parts of speech do cases belong ?

1493-1494. What classes of verbs do not admit of a passive voice (or form) ?
1495. Define the subjunctive mood.

1496-1498. Which moods cannot be used in asking questions?

1499-1502. Which tenses employ auxiliaries?
1503. What tense must be used to denote that a certais event will precede some other event referred to ?

What parts of speech (or kinds of words) are needed to complete the two following sentences?
1504. It must be done——to-day -to-morrow.
1505. Live_-peace-_all men.

1506-1508. What three principal statements are included in the exercise of parsing ; or, of what does parsing consist?

Write, and parse in full each italicized word in the fole lowing sentence, (including auxiliaries, of course, with their principal verbs) :

1509-1520. "The best authors should be read by the student, that he may thus insensibly acquire a grace and refinement of expression which no arbitrary rules can give."

Correct the following examples of false syntax, and give the reason for the correction, and the syntax of the corrected word in each :
1521-1522. He is to be married to I don't know who.
1533-1524. Generation after generation pass away.
1525-1526. Young's "Night Thoughts" are a gloomy but instructive poem.
1527-1528. On that occasion, neither he nor I were consalted.
1529-1530. Which is the largest number,-the minuend or the subtrahend?

1531-1532. Pitt was the pillar who upheld the state 1533-1534. Our teacher told us that air had weight. 1535-1536. I intend to have written to him.

Note.-In the plates from which the complete illustrated volume and the first editions of this pamphlet were printed, the numbers of the questions from Examination XII were soo great by 24, the last question in XI being nambered 264, and the first in XII 289. In this edition, the error has been corrected. The corresponding questions in the other editions may be found by adding 24 to all numbers above 264 in this edition.

## Examination XXXXI. March 1, 187\%. <br> (1:30-3:00 р. м. )

Be thorough in every study. Passing over a field of study has been comparcd to conquering a country. - If you thoroughly conquer ceerything you meet, you will pase on from victory to victory ; but if you leave $\boldsymbol{e}$ |here and there a port or garrison not subdued, you will $f$ soon have an army hanging on your rear, and your $g$ ground will soon need re-conquering. Never pass over $h$ a single thing without understanding all that can be $i$ known about it. Todd's Student's Mfanual, ch. iii, 4.

Write the following verbs, and the voice (or form, or kind) ; - mood; tense; number, person and subject of eack: (Count number, person and subject as one ang.)
1537-1540. Be, line $a$.
1541-1544. Has been compared, line b.
1545-1548. Conquer, line $c$.
1549-1552. Meet, line c.
1553-1556. Will need, line $g$.
1557-1560. Can be known, lines $h$, i.
1561. What is an active verb? Give an example.
156. What is a passive verb ? Give an example.
1663. How is a passive verb formed?

1564-1565. In has been compared, what modification (property or accident) does each auxiliary show?

Write the following words, give the part of speech (or olass of words) of each, state how it is used,-whether an subject, predicate, adjunct (or modifier), object, or conneek ive,-and give the word (or words or clauses) with which it is so connected:
Line a. (1566) thorough; (1567) every; (1568) pasoing; (1569) over.

Line b. (1570) study ; (1571) conquering;
Lines b, o. (1572) country ; (1573) everything.
line d. (1574) on; (1575) but ; (1576) if.
Lhees $a, f$. (1577) subdued; (1578) soon.

## THI REGENTS' QUESTIONS.

Line g. (1579) re-conquering; (1580) over.
Line $h$. (1581) understanding ; (158\%) all ; (1583) that.
Give the four principal parts (including present participle) of (1584) meet, line $c$; (1585) leave, line $d$; (1586) known, line $i$.

$$
(3: 15-4: 30 \text { P. M. })
$$

1587-1590. Mention and define each of the four principal divisions of grammar.
1591. Define the imperative mood.
1592. What is a participle?
1593. What is an adjective, or adjective element?
159. What is an adverb, or adverbial element?
1595. What is a simple or grammatical subject?
1596. What is a logical or modified subject?
1597. Answer Q. 1595, as applied to sentence 2 of the , Exercise.
1598. Answer Q. 1596, as applied to the same sentence.
1599. Select an adverbial element from the second sentence.
1600. Which sentence of the exercise is a simple doclarative one?
1601. Which sentence is compound? and,
1602. Of how many members does it consist?
1603. What word connects the principal members?
1604. In the member ending with the semi-colon, what is the leading or principal verb?
1605. The member following the semi-colon has what two independent (or principal) claases ? and,
1606. What word connects them ?*

Belect from the exercise (1607) a possessive and (1608) an orjective personal pronoun; (1609) a verbal noun; and (1610) an adjective denoting unity.

Correct the following sentences, and gire the reason for the correction.

1611-1612. Me being present, they were embarrassed.

1018-1614. Texas is larger than any state in the Union 1615-1616. $\Delta$ variety of objects charm the eye.

## Examination XXXITI. June 7, 1877. <br> (1:30-3:00 Р. м.)

## $a$ $b$ $c$ $d$ $e$ $e$ $f$ $h$ $h$ $i$

A Highlander, who sold brooms, went into a barber's shop in Glasgow to be shaved. The barber took one of c his brooms, and after having shaved him, asked the d price of it. "Two pence," said the Highlander. "No, e no," says the shaver, "I'll give you a penny, and if that does not satisfy you. take your broom again." The Highlander took it and asked what he had to pay. "A penny," says the barber. "I'll give sou a half-penny," says Duncan, "and if that does not satisfy you, pat on $j \mid m y$ beard again."
1617. What modifications (properties or accidents) have nouns and pronouns? (1618) Verbs? (1619) Some adjectres and adverbs?

Write each of the following words of the above "Exercise," and name the part of speech (or class of words) to which it belongs; give its several modifications; and its grammatical relation as subject, predicate or objeot, as the case may be, to some other woord to be named:

1620-1622. Highlander, line a.
1623-1625. Who, line a.
1626-1628. Sold line a.
1629-1631. Brooms, line a.
1632-1034. Shop, line b.
1635-1637. Him, line e.
1638-1640. Asked, line o.
1641-1643. Take, line f.
1644-1646. It, line $g$.
Write and parse each of the following words, giving ith part of speech; modifications; and symax.

1847-1649. Barber's line a.

THE REGENTS' QUESTIONS.
1650-1652 The verb in line $b$.
1653-1655. The first verb in line $f$.
1656-1658. The second verb in line $f$.
1659-1661. You, line $i$.
1662. What pariciple occurs in the Exercise?
1663. What kind of a participle is it?
1664. As partaking of the nature of an adjectio, to what noun does that participle refer?
1665. As partaking of the nature of a verb, what office does it perform in the sentence?
1666. How is that participle related in construction to the word before it? (1667). If that word were omitted, what wonld be the syntax of the participle?
1668. What is the corresponding passive form of the same participle?
(June 8, 3:1ŏ-4:30 P. M.)

Decline the following words of the Exercise:
1669. His, line $c$.
1670. Penny, line e.
1671. $I t$, line $g$.

Give the four principal parts (inciuding present pastiofple) of the following verbs:
1672. Sold, line a.
1673. Went, line $\boldsymbol{a}$.
1674. Took, line b.
1675. Asked, line c.
1676. Give, line $e$.
1677. Which one of the verbs in question (1671)-(1676) is regular, and (1678) why?

Select from the Exercise:
1679. A numeral adjective denoting plurality.
1680. An auxiliary verb, present tense.
1681. An auxiliary verb, futare tense.
1882. An interrogative pronoun.
1683. A conditional conjunction.
1684. An adverb of negation; and (1685) state what verb it modifies.
1686. A conpound noun.

Parse each the following words:
1687. Pence, line $d$.
1688. What, line $g$.
1689. You, line $i$.
1690. On, line $i$.
1691. Beard, line $j$.

1692-1696. Analyze the third sentence.

Examination XXXTV., Nov. 8, $187 \%$.

$$
(3: 15-4: 30 \text { Р. м. })
$$

## $a$

Write each of the following words of the above "Exercise," and name the part of speech (or class of words,) to which it belongs; give its several modifications (properties or accidents); and its grammatical relation as subject, predicate or object, as the case may be, to some other woord to be named.

1697-1699. It, line a.
1700-1702. Line, line a.
1703-1705. Pay, line b.
1706-1708. Anything, line b.

## THE REGERTE' QUEFTIONS

1709-1711. That, line e.
1712-1714. Gain, line c.
1715-1717. Peace, line d.
1718-1720. Bring, line e.
1721-1723. Skin, line $g$.
1724-1726. Try, line $g$.
Write and purse each of the following words, giving the part of speech; modifications (properties, or aceidents); and syntax:

1727-1729. Depend, line $a$.
1730-1732. The first verb in line e.
1733-1735. The first verb in line d.
1736-1738. Fox's, line $g$.
1739-1741. Tell, line $i$.
Write and parse the following words:
1742. Friends, line $a$.
1743. One, line $\delta$.
1744. Wear, line $d$.
1745. Better, line $i$.
1746. How does the progressive form of conjugation represent an action or event?
1747. Which principal part of a verb, and
1748. What auxiliary verb are used in the progressive form of conjugation?
(3:15-4:30 P. Y.)

Compare the following words of the Exercise:
1749. Straight.
1750. Crooked.
1751. Better.

Give the four principal parts (including presont parto eiple) of the following worde:
1752. Won, line 0.
1753. Wear, line d,
1754. Bring, line e.
1755. Do, line g.
1756. What other words does $i t$, line $d$, stand for?
1757. Answer the same question for $i t$, line $j$.

Select from the Exercise :
1758. A word that has no Syntax, i. e. no grammatical connection with other words of the sentence in which it occurs.
1759. An adverb of degree.
1760. A disjunctive conjunction.
1761. An adjective in the superlative degree.
1762. A verb in the progressive form.
1763. A principal verb whose auxiliary is another form of the same verb.
1764. The last verb in the inflnitive mood.
1765. An adjective used as a noun.
1766. A compound subject of a sentence.
1767. A compound predicate.

Parse each of the following words:
1768. Home, line $e$.
1769. As, line $j$.
1770. Orafty Charley, line $k$.
1771. Their, line $l$.

1772-1776. Analyze, The upright will have their rowourt,

Examination XXXXV: Fieb. 28, 1878.

$$
(1: 30-3: 00 \text { P. M, })
$$

EXERCISE.


GRAMMAR.
4 in; and as he read he read, he wept and trembled; and not being able longer to contain, he broke out with a lamentable cry, saying, What shall I do? --John Bunyan's Pilgrim's Progress.
Write each of the following words of the above "Exercise," and name the part of speech (or class of words) to which it belongs; give its several modifications (properties or accidents); and its grammatical relation as subject, predicate or object, as the casc may be, to some other word to be named:

1777-79. $I$, line $a$. 1780-82. walked, line a.
1783-85. wilderness, line $a$. 1786-88. was, line $b$.
1789-91. burden, line $g$. 1792-94. saw, line $h$.
1795-97. him, line $h$. 1798-1800. book, line $h$.
1801-03. trembled, line i. 1804-06. last verb in Ex.
Write and parse each of the following words, giving its part of speech; modifications (properties, or accidents); and syntax:

1807-09. den, line b.
1810-12. the last verb in line $b$.
1813-15. the first verb in line $c$.
1816-18. standing, line e.
1819-21. open, line $h$.
Write and give the syntax of each of the following words:
1822. through, line a. 1823. behold, line $d$.
1824. with, line $f$. 1825. great, line $g$.
1826. longer, line $j$. 1827. saying, line $\boldsymbol{k}$.
1828. What, line $k$.
1829. Give the progressive form of shall $I$ do, line $\boldsymbol{k}$.
1830. What present participle might be subatituted for with, line $f$ ?
(3:00-4:30 Р. м.)
1831. Compare able; and lamentable; one by suffroes; the other by prefixes.

Give the four principal parts (including present participle) of which each of the following words is one part: 1832. laid. 1833. sleep. 1834. being. 1835. broke. 1836. What prepositional phrase might be substituted for where, in line $b$ of the Exercise.
1837. What other word might be used in place of as, lines $a$ and $c$ ?
1838. Change What shall $I$ do, to its equivalent having the verb in the passive voice (or form).
1839. What dependent (or subordinate) clause, introduced by the conjunction that, might take the place of to sleep, line $c$ ?
1840. In what mood would the verb of that clause be?

Write, in succession, the several clauses (propositions or simple sentences) contained in the Exercise,-omitting words used as merely clause connectives,-and number the clauses, arranging work thus:
1841. Clause No. 1.


Write in a column the several words above designated as clause connectives, and after each give the numbers of the clauses which it connects, thus:

1852. Which of these clauses expresses the leading Mought of the sentence?

1853-56. Analyze, What shall I do ?

> Examination $\mathfrak{x : X X V T . ~ J u n e ~ 6 , ~} 1878$, $\left(1.30-3: 00 \mathrm{p} . \mathrm{m}_{.}\right)$
1857. What is a sentence?
1858. What are its parts?

1859-60. Define each part.
1861. Write a sentence with one word in each parts.
1862. Write one with two words in each part.
1863. What is analysis?

Analyze the following sentences, using diagrams, it you can:
1864. "The remedy will soon be in your power."
1865. "My uncle Toby has not the heart to retaliate on a fly."
1866. What are parts of speech?
1867. Name and define two principal classes of nounm
1868. Give three examples for each class.

Name and define the classes of verbs:
1869. As to form. 1870. As to signification.

1871-73. Name and define the modifications of nouns.
1874-77. Name and define the the modifications of verbs.
1878. By what other kinds of words may a noun be modified ? 1879. By what, a verb?
1880. To each of the nouns in the answers to $Q$. 1868, as subject. annex a proper predicate.
1881. What modifications does the adjective have ?
1882. How do you determine the number and person of a verb ?
1883. What person has a verb in the imperative mood ?
1884. How does the subjunctive mood differ from the indicative?
(In parsing, give the modifications of the word and lta relation to other words, naming the words.)
1885. Annalyze the following sentence, and parse eack of the words in italics :
1886-90. "They rejected the ceremonious homage which other sects substitute for the pure worship of the soul."

Correct the following and give the reason :
1891-92. Whom they suppose is doomed.
1893-04. Has the articles been sent?
1895-96. He had not ought to talk in that way ?
1897-98. The horse and carriage was sold.
(3:00-4:30 Р. м.)
1899. How is the case of a noun determined?
1900. When do you say that the noun is in the nombnative case?
1901. When in the objective?
1902. What case of nouns has a diffcrent form from tho other cases?

1903-4. To what part of speech is this form joined ? and what does it signify ?
1905. Analyze the following sentence, and parse each of the words in italics :

1906-10. "Can the branch improve when taken from the stock which gave it nourishment?"
1911. What office does a relative pronoun perform which a personal pronoun does not?
1912. When a relative pronoun is the object of the verb, where in a sentence is it placed, with respect to the verb?
1913. What modifications may some adverbs have?
1914. What parts of speech have no modifleations?
1915. When a noun not in the possessive case modifes another noun, what relation is it said to have to it?
1916. Give an example.

1917-18. Construct a sentence with the subject modifed by an adjective and the predicate by an adverb.

1919-20. Construct a sentence with the subject modiaed by the prepositional phrase and the predicate having a direct object.

Correct the following, and give the reason :
1921-22. The legislature have adjourned.
1923-24. If any one has been slighted, let them make it known.

1925-26. He did not know who to suspect.
1927-28. Does that boy know who he is speaking to?
1929-30. He was absent this whole week.
1931-32. After I visited Europe, I returned to America.
1933-34. I respect єvery man's judgment and follow may own.

1935-36. Which is the greater of the American rivers?

> Fxamination . X.I.IIII. Nov: \%, 1878. $(1: 00-3: 00$ р. м. $)$

193\%-8. Of what do Etymology and Syntax treat?
1939. Name the principal parts of a sentence.
1940. Which two are necessary to express thought?
1941. Write a sentence containing these two only.
1942. Write a sentence containing a modified noun as subject, and a modified verb as predicate.
1943. Write a sentence which shall contain all the parts of speech except the interjection.
1944. What is the difference between adjectives and adveris?
1945. What is the office of conjunctions?
1946. What, of prepositions?
1947. Write the plural of each of the following nouns: kuife, lady, valley, shelf.
"Bear with me;
"My beart is in the coftin, there, with Cæsar, " And I must pause till it come back to me."
1948. What is the subject of the first sentence?

1949-51. Parse the verb in the tirst sentence.
(In parsing, give the modifications of the word and its relation to other words, naming the words.)
1952. In the second sentence, by what is is modified?
1953. What kind of noun is feedit, and why ?
1954. Same of Casar?
1955. Parse back.

1956-8. Parse the first cerb in the last line.
1959-61. Parse the secomed vorb in the last line.
1962. Parse till.
1963. Give the reason for the mood of must pause.
1964. How is the possessive case expressed in each number?
1965. Define the participle.
1906. If it is not considered a distinct part of speech, with what is it treated?
1967. What is an abstract noun?
1968. What is a collective noun?
1969. What is a partieipial noun?
1970. What is a conerete noun?

1971-74. Mention and define four kinds of pronouns.
1975. What class of adverbs may be compared ?
1976. Give an example.
(Nom. 8, 3:00-4:30 P. M.)
Correct the four following sentences, and parse the corrected word in each :

1977-88. It is me.
1979-80. I have seen my friend last summer.
1981-82. Carry them letters to the post-office.
1983-84. He is like a bird of prey who destroys without mercy.
"O masters ! if I were disposed to stir Your hearts and minds to mutiny and rage, I should do Brutus wrong, and Cassius wrong, Who, you all know, are honorable men : I will not do them wrong: I rather choose To wrong the dead, to wrong myself and you, Than I will wrong such honorable men."
1985. Analyze (by dingram, if you can) the sentence:
"I should do Brutus wrong. and Cassius wrong."
1986-88. Parse masters.
1989-91. Parse the finite verb in the first line.
1992-94. Parse learts and minds.
1905-97. Parse should do.
1998-2000. Parse Brutus.
2001-03. Parse arong.
2004-06. Parse who, and gire the reason of its number.
2007-09. Parse all.
2010-12. Parse men.
〔013. Parse than.
2014. What is the object of know?
2015. To what class of adverbs does rather belong?
2016. Of what degree of comparison is it?

Examination XXXVIII. Feb. 27, 1879. ( $1: 30-3: 00$ Р. м.)
2017-18. Give two rules for forming the plural of nouns.

2019-21. Give the plural of oath; class; shelf.
2020-23. Give the possessive, sing. and plural, of man.
2024. Define declension of uouns.
2025. To what other part of speech (or class of words) does declension apply?
2026. Before nouns of what number is an used?
2027. What Ques. does a cardinal numeral answer?

2028-30. Compare ill, old, beautifu.
2031. In what degree of comparison is less wisely?

2032-33. State two points in which the relative who differs from the relative what.
2034. Give an example of a commonly intransitive verb used transitively.
2035. What does the perfect (present perfect or prior present) tense denote?

2036-37. Give the mood of each verb in the sentence:
1 bid you speak.
2038-39. Correct the false syntax in the sentence:
It was him who Ispoke to.
2040-42. Write a simple, a componu. and a complex Eentence. (If you do not understand the term complex, write instead a sentence containing a relative.)

2043-45. Write a declarative, an imperative, and an interrogative sentence.
(a) "He who writes what he should speak, and dares
(b) not speak what he writes, is like either a wolf in
(c) sheep's clothing, or a sheep in a wolf's skin.'
2046. Of what two kinds is the foregoing sentence?

2047-48. What two relations does the first word "He" bear to other words of the sentence (naming these other words)?

2049-50. Give the object of writes, and of speak, line (a).
2051. How do the objects of these words in line (b) differ from those in line (a)?

2052-53. Give the mood of speak in line ( $a$ ), and that of the same word in line (b).

2054-55. Gire the subject of dares, and that of is.
$2056-57$. In what case is wolf, line (b), and why ?
2058. What other word has the same construction?
2059. What eonjunction connects these two words?

2060-61. In what number is sheeps, line (c), and how do you determine its number?

2062-63. Answer the same questions for sheep, line (c).
2064-65. What adverb occurs in line (b), and what kind of an adverb is it?
2066. Parse either.

$$
\begin{gathered}
(F e b .28,3: 00-4: 30 \text { P. M. }) \\
\text { EXERCISE. }
\end{gathered}
$$

1. Murmur not, $O$ man ! at the shortness of time, if thou hast nore than is well employed.
2. Has not human life often been carelessly spent in doing either nothing at all, or nothing that ought to have been done?
3. We sometimes complain because our days are so few, and yet act as if there would be no end of them.
2067-69. Of the above sentences $1,2,3$, which one is teclaratice, and of what kind is each of the other two (on the same principle of classifieation)?
4. Which words of sentence 1 have no syntax (i.e., no grammatieal relation to other words)?

2071-74. Write and parse the first verb of sentence 1 .
In parsing a verb, state whether it is active or passive, (if aetive) transitive or intransitive, and regular or irregular ; give its prineipal parts, ineluding the present partieiple ; its modifications (mood, tense, person, and number) ; and its syntax.

2075-78. Write and parse the first verb of sentence 2.
2079-82. Write and parse the last verb of sentence 2.
2083-84. Write the last verb of sentence 3 , and give its mood and tense, and the word with which it agrees as its subject.

2085-86. Write "Thou hast more than is well employed," with the words understood required in parsing and oupplied in their proper places in the sentence.
2087. In what respect does ought differ from all the other verbs of sentences $1,2,3$ ?

2088-90. Give the syntax of in, doing. and nothing, sentence 2 .
$2091-93$. What auxiliary word shows the mood, what wne the tense, and what one the voice (or form) of the last verb in sentence 2 ?

2094-96. Parse at, sentence 1 ; that, sentence 2; them, sentence 3 .

> Examination X:X.XIX. Jume 5. 1879. (1:30-3:00 р. м.)

2097-99. Write three short sentencea: the subject of the first being a proper noun; of the second, a collective noun; of the third, an abstract nom. (Underscore, i. e, draw a line undcr, each of these nouns.)

2100-\%104. Write the plural of the nouns, diy, staff, money, pailjul, and Mussztman.
$2105-06$. In forming the plural, when, as a general rule, should $s$ alone be added; and when es?

2107-11. Write the feminine of nenkew, hero, baron, benefactor, man-serrant.

2112-14. Write three short sentences; the first containing a now in the nom. case; the second, a now in the poss. case: the third, a noun in the obj. case. (Underscore each of these nouns.)

2115-17. Which parts of speech are declined? which, compared? which, comjugated?

2118-20. Compare three adjectives so as to show three methods of comparison.

2121-24. Decline $I$, thou, who, whover.
2125-27. To what objects may the relatives, who, which, and that, be respectively applied ?

2128-33. Give the principal parts (including present participle) of be, fly, flom, glee, !70, undertake.
2134. Why are they called principal parts?
2135. What is the difference between an active and 2 passive verb ?
2136. Name the class of verbs which take both the active and the passive forms.

2137-42. Write six short sentences, each containing 2 verb in a different tense from the others. (Underscore these verbs.)

2143-46. Write four short sentences, each containing a verb in a different mooz from the others. (Underscore these verbs.)

EXERCIBE.

1) 2. We may not be able to accomplish all we de2 sire, but shall we therefore sit still with folded
3 hands? 2. By no means. 3. It is always brave and noble to do the best we can, under the circumstances which surround us. 4. It is only the weak soul that yields supinely to discouragements.
7 5. Watcb, pray, toil, are good words to remember, 8 and in this world of care and disappointment 9 they will carry us through.

In parsing, write the word, give the part of speech, its modifications (properties or attiontes), and the word or words to which it is grammatically ielated.

2147-50. Parse the verbs of sentence 1.
2151. Give the connective of the two clauses.

2152-55. Parse not, able, therefore, still, sentence 1.
2150-5\%. Parse by, in line 3. Give the predicate of senteuce 3.
2158. Brave and noble, lines 3 and 4 , modifies what?
2150. We, line 4 , is the subject of what verb ?

2160-62. Write each of the following pronouns, and the antecedent word or words which it represents: it, line 3 ; that, line 6 ; they, line 9 .
2163. What parts of speech are watch, pray, toil, line 7 ?
2164. Parse words, line 7.
"When he had traveled half a day's journey
. 2 through a country which was continually becom-
运 3 ing more attractive, he came to the banks of a
. 4 broad lake, in the center of which was a large and 5 beautiful island."
2165-68. Write the clauses of the above sentence, in order, designating each as principal or subordinate. 2169-71. Parse each clause connective.

## GRAMMAR.

2172. Give the subject and the simple predicate of the principal clause.
2173. Select an adjective clause.
2174. Select an adverbial clause.
2175. Give the subject of 2 ass, line 4.
2176. What does attractive, line 3 , modify?

Examination XL, Nov. 6, 1879.

$$
\text { ( } 1: 50-3: 00 \text { Р. м. })
$$

EXERCISE.

1. We one day descried at sea, some shapeless object drifting at a distance. 2. It proved to be the mast of a ship that must have been completely wrecked. 3. There were the remains of handkerchiefs by which some of the crew had fastened themselves to the spar to prevent their being overcome by the waves. 4. No trace was found by which the name of the crew could be ascertained. 5. The wreck had evidently drifted for many months. 6. But where, thought I, are the crew? Washington Irving.
2. Explain the diffcrence between common and proper nouns, giving an example selected from the exercise to illustrate each.
3. Give the gender of $I$ (Sentence 6,) and the reason for your answer.

Write the feminine form of (2179) duke,(2180) Hero; the masculine of (2181) landlady, (2182) songstress; the plural of (2183) father-in-law, (2184) halo.

2185-88. Explain what you understand by the modifications (properties or accidents) of nouns and
pronouns-illustrating each modification by an example sclected from the exercise.

Write each of the following verbs (including its auxiliaries) and give, of each, its mode, tense, subject and object. (If any verb has no object, explain why not.)

2.13-14. Name two modes not found in exercise.
2215. What auxiliary verb in the exercise is often used as a principal verb?

Explain, and illustrate each answer by an example selected from the exercise, on what priaciple you describe or distinguish a verb as being:
2216. Regular; (2217) In active voice (or form.)
2218. Transitive; (2219) In passive voice (or form.)
2220. Rewrite sentence 1, changing it just enough to make the verb in passive roice and to express precisely the same thought.

Write each of the following words and after it give its part of spech (or class of words,) modifications (properties or accidents, and syntax:

Day (sentence 1:) 2221-; 2222—; 2223—.
Their (sentence 3 :) 2224—; 2225-; 2226-.
2227. Parse: An adverb taken from sentence 2.
2228. An interrogative word from the exercise.
2229. The first by in sentence 3.

## (Nov. 7. 3:00 to 4:30 P. M.) <br> EXERCISE.

1. We one day descried, sea, some shapeless object drifting at a distance. 2. It proved to be the mast of a ship that must have been completely wrecked. 3. There were the remains of handkerchiefs by which some of the erew had fastened themselves to the spar to prevent their being overcome by.the wares. 4. No trace was found by which the name of the crew could be ascertained. 5. The wreck had evidently drifted for many months. 6. But where, thought I, are the crew? Washington Irving.
Select from the exercise:
2. One phrase introduced by preposition and used as an adverb of place.
3. One phrase introduced by preposition and used as an adverb of time.
4. What is meant by theit (Sentence 2?)
5. What is meant by which (Sentence 4?)
6. What one rule of Syntax applies alike to that (Sentence 2) and rhich (Sentence 4?)
7. Write one sentence illustrating the proper use of the adjective (or article) " $a$, ," and $\{2238$ ) another in like manner for " $a n$."
8. What is a collective noun? Illustrate by an example selected from the exercise.
9. Explain fully what kind of a word themselves (sentence 3) is, and (2239) give its syntax.
10. Select from Sentence 1 a derivative word, and (2241) tell from what it is derived and how.

THE REGENTS' QUESTIONS.
2242. Give the part of sreech and (2243) syntax of drifting (Sentence 1.) Rewrite Sentence 5, changing it into (2244) an interrogative sentence, and making the verb in (2245) the past (or imperfect) tense.
2246. What use is made of the word there in Sentence 3 ?
Explain the difference in syntax (giving the rule which applies in each case, ) between:
2247. Some (Sen. 1) and (2248) Some (Sen. 3.)
2249. Crew (Sen. 4) and (2250) Crero (Sen. 6.)

2251-53. What 3 parts of speech may adverbs modify? Illustrate each by a short sentence.
2254. Write a short sentence using a part of speech not found in the exercise. Underscore the word representing the part of speech intended.
2255. How do you determine whether a given adjective can be compared or not?

Examination XLI. Feb. 26, 1880. (1:30-3:00 Р. м.)
Define (2256) clause, (2257) compound sentence (2258) polysyllable, (2259) passive voice (or form.)
2260-63. Correct the errors in spelling and in the use of capitals in the following sentence, and give the reason for each correction: when i came home john brown was cuting wood.
2264-65. I have no money and can support you no longer. What part of speech is each word in italics?
2266-69. Write an interrogative and an exclamatory sentence, placing after each the proper mark of punctuation.
2270. Correct the sentence, "Goodness brings it's own reward."
2271. This is the most valuable of the three. Change three to two and make any other necessary change in the sentence.
2272-75. Love not sleep lest it bring thee to poverty. Write the verbs of this sentence and give the mood of each.
2276-78. Express the indicative-present-first-singular of the verb hear in three different forms, each of which shall represent the subject as acting.
2279. For murder, though it have no tongue, will speak. Parse have.
2280-81. Write the plural of this tooth.
2282-83. Write sentences containing an adjective modified by an adverb, and a noun modified by an adjective in the comparative degree. Underscore the modifying adverb and adjective.
2284. Write the word unit preceded by the proper indefinite article.
2285. Conjugate the imperfect (or past) tense of can.

2286-87. Write two sentences, one containing an object, the other an attribute (predicate noun or adjective.)
2288-89. Of what classes or kind is each verb in answers (2286-2287.)

2290-91. The storm having ceased, we departed. Parse storm. Change the part before the comma to a dependent or subordinate clause.

2292-95. Write the possessive case in the plural number of the words: wolf, child, hero, princess.
2296. What is analysis?
2297. Fill the blank in the following sentence with the progressive form, present tense, of the verb go: Neither John nor James —_ to school.
2298. Give both forms of the superlative of late.
(Feb. 27, 3:00-4:30 Р. м.)

Write sentences containing the following words properly used: (2299) the feminine of king; (2300) the perfect (present-perfect or prior present) of send; (2301) the plural of mouse; (2302) a noun which has no plural; (2303) a noun which has the same form in both numbers; (2304) an adverb of manner, in the comparative degree.

## EXERCISE.

1. I first saw Venice by moonlight, as we skimmed
2. by the island of St. George in a felucca, and
3. entered the Grand Canal. A thousand lamps
4. glittered from the square of St. Mark, and along
5. the water's edge. Above rose the cloudy shapes
6. of spires, domes and palaces, emerging from the
7. sea; and occasionally the twinkling lamp of a
8. gondola darted across the water like a shooting
9. star, and suddenly disappeared, as if quenched 10. in the wave.

Write each of the following words, with its numbers prefixed, and give its part of speech, modifications (properties or accidents,) and syntax:

Line 3, (2305-7) entered. Line 5, (2308-10) water's; 2311-13) rose. Line 6, (2314-16) pulaces.

## GRAMMAR.

Give the syntax of the following:
Line 1, (2817) first. Line $\boldsymbol{2}$, (2318) in. Line 5, (2319) above. Line 6, (2320) emerging. Line \%, (2321) occasionally. Line \$, (2322) across.

2323-24. Give the conjunctions in the first sentence, and (2325-27) the propositions in the secon? sentence.

2328-31. Write the transitive verbs in the exercise, and their objects.
2332. Form an abstract noun from cloudy, anc tell how it is formed.
2333. From what part of speech is occasionally derived? (2334) from what suddenty?
2335. To what parts of speech may first belong?

Examination, XLII, (a) June 91880.

$$
(1: 30-3: 00 \text { P. M. })
$$

2336-40. Define: adjective, adverb, participie, conjunction, interjection.

2341-42. In "I, John Doe, give and bequeath," of which person is "John Doe," and why?

2343-45. Write the plurals of canto, duty, grief.
2346-49. Write the following words in two columns, placing each feminine opposite its corresponding masculine: beau, witch, men, queen, wizard, belle, women, king.

2350-51. Decline: sheep, which.
2352-54. From the sentence "On the ninth of June, sixty Zulus were killed by red-coated Englishmen," select each adjective, and name its class or kind.

2355-57. Compare the adjectives in "It is worse to be dishonestly rich, than to be the least wealthy citizen," as used in this sentence.

2358-61. In the sentence "I that speak unto thee am he," name each pronoun, and its class or kind, number, person and case.
2352. Define the subjunctive mood.
2363. Write a sentence containing a verb in the subjunctive mood.

2364-65. Define the potential mood, and give an example.

2366-68. In which voice (or form), mood and tense does a principal verb undergo the change called inflection, to correspond with the person of its subject?

Give the principal parts (including present participle), of (2369) walk, (2370) hold, (2371) read.

In the following sentences, which words are propositions, and which are adverbs?
2372. He found a jewel inside.
2373. He walked across the river.
2374. It is above my head.
2375. He ran down and saw the boat.'

Express the sense of the following sentences, using the passive form of the verb in place of the active:
2376. He refused the money.
2377. He will destroy the town.
2378. That astonished me.
(June 4, 3:00-4,30 P. м.)

Write the following sentences, supply a suitable word in place of each dash, and name its part of speech:
2379. Take heed-you do not fall.
2380. Do right - may be the result.
2381. Write an interrogative sentence, using proper punctuation mark or marks.

2382-83. Write an exclamatory sentence, using an interjection in connection with it, and the proper punctuation marks.

2384-85. Use but in a sentence (or sentences), botb as a preposition and as a conjunction.

2386-87. Of what classes or kinds, as to form and meaning, is the following sentence, taken as a whole ?
"Althougiu no man can say that he will "always be happy, or escape suffering, the part of wisdom is to go steadily forward."

2388-90. Give each of the several clauses or propositions included in the above sentence.

2391-92. Which word is used to connect the first and second, and which word the second and third of these clauses ?

2393-94. Give the subject and the predicate of the first clause.

2395-98. Parse each noun in the sentence.
2399-2403. Parse each verb in the sentence.
Parse the following words: (2404) no; (2405) happy; (2406) steadily; (2407) forward.

Correct the following sentences, and give reasons for corrections;

2408-9. No grove, nor bank, lend their music.
2410-11. Explain either of the three first sentences.

2412-13. There is no excuse for him detaining you so long.

2414-15. Those sort of arguments are not to be used.
Exanination XLII, (b) June 17, 1880.
(1:30-3:00 Р. м.)
"Up from the meadows rich with corn, Clear in the cool September morn, The cluster'd spires of Frederick stand, Green-wall'd by the hills of Maryland."
2416. Name five parts of speech (or classes of words) contained in the above extract, and (2417-21) under each name write all the words of the extract which belong to that part of speech.
2422. Does the extract consist of one sentence, or more than one ?
2422. Give the reason for your answer to Question 2422. In parsing any word in this examination, (a) write the word, and name the part of speech (or class of words) to which it belongs ; then give (b) the modifications (properties or accidents, if any); and (c) the grammatical connection with some other word or words, and the rule of syntax for the same, expresed in word.

Parse: (2424-26,) meadows; (2427-29), rich; (243082), September; (2433-35), stand; (2436-37), by.

- 2438. Condense the phrase "by the hills of Maryland" to three words conveying the same meaning, and (2439) state what grammatical change or changes were made in so doing.

2440-42. Mention two common uses of the apos trophe, and illustrate one of those uses from the above extract.

2443-47. Mention in a column the five inflected (or varied) parts of speech, and after each of these write the name of its own kind of inflection.

2448-50. Write a sentence containing a proper noun, a pronoun in the possessive case, and an objective element (or complement). Underline the parts required.

2451-53. Write three short sentences, each containing still used as a part of speech different from the others.

2454-56. Arrange the following pronouns in three classes, naming each class: they, who, this, our, which, such, and we.

2457-58. What conjunction follows the comparative degree? Illustrate by a sentence.
2459. With which mood of a verb is the subject often omitted?

2460-61. Write a sentence containing two clauses, one of which shall be a conditional one.

2462-63. Correct, "A variety of pleasing objects charm the eye," and give the reason for the correction.

2464-65. Write conperate in each of two ways showing that the two 0 's belong to different syllables.
(June 18, 3:00-4:30 P. м.)
2466. A man deserving blame should be censured. Change the words in italics to a relative clause.
2467. The boys having recited their lessons were
dismissed. Change the words in italics to an adverbial clause.
2468. Form a derivative adjective from storm, and (2469-70) derivative nouns from good and govern.
2471. How do nouns ending in fe form the plural?
2472. Gipsies offered to tell us our fortunes. Rewrite this sentence, making all plural forms singular, and supplying any needed word.
2473. Give both piurals of penny.

2474, Write a sentence containing the objective case of who, used interrogatively.

2475-76. In what mood and tense is a verb which has the auxiliaries might have?
2477. Write two sentences, one containing the verb bend used transitively; and (2478) the other, the same verb used intransitively.

2479-80. How is the number of a pronoun which refers to two or more singular antecedents determined?
2481. What are the common auxiliaries of the potential mood, past (or inperfect) tense?
2482. What different office have relative pronouns from other kinds of pronouns?
2483. Parse but in the sentence, All but him fled.

2484-86. What are the singular objectives corresponding to them?
2487. He giveth his beloved sleep. Parse beloved and (2488) sleep.
2489. What is the pluperfect (prior past, or past perfect) of the verb have?

2490-95. Write a short letter of three or four sen-

GRAMMAR.
tences describing your school room. One credit will be allowed for each of the following points: date, address, subscription, neatness, correct spelling, grammatical accuracy.

## Examination XLIII, Nov. 11, 1880. (1:30—3:00 P. м.) <br> EXERCISE

$$
1
$$ even in its lowest degrees, to which I wish to call your attention. 2. Nothing, indeed, that you can learn about any subject will fail to give it new interest in your eyes. 3. If you be able to gather up only what is sometimes lightly spoken of as surface knowledge, you will gradually accumulate stores of wisdom.

[Horatio Seymour to Wells College Ladies.
Write in a column, near the left side of the paper, (2496-2502) the nouns in sentences $\mathbf{1}$ and $\mathbf{3}$; and opposite each noun, write its case.

In the second column, opposite each noun and its case, give its (2503-9) syntax or grammatical relation as either subject or object of another word, naming that word. Number and arrange answers as follows:
nouns, and their cases.
2396.
2497.
2498.
2499.
2500.
2501.
2502.

SYNTAX. 2503. 2504. 2505. 2506. 2507. 2508. 2509.

In like manner, give ( $2510-13$ ) each pronoun of sentence 1, and that for which it stands; also (2514-17) the etymology (gender, person, number), and (2518-21) the syntax, of each.

Give, in same general order, (2522,23) each adjective in sentence 1 ; $(2524,25)$ the noun to which it belongs; and $(2526,27)$ its comparison.

Give (2528-30) each verb in sentence $\mathbf{2}$; (2531-33) its mood; and (2534-36) its tense.

What (2537) subjunctive verb, and what (2538) passive verb, in the exercise?

Parse (or explain the grammatical use of) each of the following words in the exercise:
(2539) there, line 1 ; (2540) a, line 1; (2541) even, line 2; (2542) to, line 2; (2543) to, line 3; (2544) that, line 4; (2545) what, line 6.
(Nov. 12, 3:00-4:30 P. M.)
EXERCISE.
1 The deeper your learning may be, the better 2 it is; but the quality of knowledge is like that 3 of gold, which, although it be reduced to the 4 thinnest leaf, yet makes all things glitter that it 5 touches. [II. S.
2546. Is the above sentence, taken as a whole, simple, compound, or complex?
2547. Answer Q. 2546 as applied to "The deeper your learning may be, the better it is;" and (2548) state what corresponding words serve to connect these two propositions.

2549-53. What other words of the exercise are used as clause-connectives?

## GRAMMAR.

2554-55. Which words of the excreise are auxiliary verbs?

Select from the exercise (2555) a passive verb, and (2557) an infinitive verb.

Parse: (2558-59) that, line 2; (2.560-61) that, line 4.
What are the (2562-61) other tense-forms, in the same mood, of may oe, line 1 ; and of (2565-69) makes, line 4, in its own mood, person, and number?
2570. In what mood is the passive verb referred to in Q. 2556 ?

Select from the exercise:
2571. A prepositional phrase used adjectively.
2572. A prepositional phrase used adverbially.

2573-75. Three couplets of moncsyllables that might be left out of the exercise, without affecting the sense.

Examination 『LIV, March 3, 1881. (1.30-3:00 Р. м.)

EXERCISE.
1 1. It had long been the fixed principle of 2 Cæsar's philosophy, that the only way to enjoy 8 life was to banish the fear of death. 2 . On the 4 eve of the fatal day, he was entertained by 5 Lepidus; and when, in the course of conversation, 6 some one started the question, What kind of deaik 7 is the best? he cut short the discussion abruptly 8 with the reply, That which is least expected.
[Merivale's History of the Romans.
Write in a column, near the left side of the paper, (2576-82) the nouns in sentence 1; and opposite each noun, write its case.

In a second column, opposite each noun and its case, give its (2583-9) syntax or grammatical relation, naming the word or words to which it is related as subjec object, or otherwise. Number and arrange answers as follows:

| NOUNS, and their CASER. | SYNTAX. |
| :---: | :---: |
| 2576, | 2583, |
| 2577, | 2584, |
| 2578, | 2585, |
| 2579, | 2586, |
| 2580, | 2587, |
| 2581, | 2588, |
| 2582. | 2589, |

In like manner, give (2590-93) four pronouns of the Exercise, and that for which each stands; also (2594-7) the etymology (gender, person, number,) and (2598-2601) the syntax, of each.

Give, in the same general order, $(2602,3)$ the last two adverbs in the Exercise; $(2604,5)$ the verb to which each belongs; and (2606, 7) the comparison of each.

Write each verb in lines 1 and 3 and give (2608-10) its subject; (36-38) its mood; and (39-41) its tense.
2617. Select from the exercise a passive verb, and (2618) transpose the clause containing it into its equivalent having the verb active.

Parse (or explain the grammatical use of) each of the following wo ls in the exercise:
2619. the, line 1; (2620) of, line 1; (2621) that, line 2; (2622) that, line 8; (2623) only, line 2; (2624) when, line 5 ; (2625) short, line 7.


EXERCISE.
1 On the eve of the fatal day, Cæsar was enter2 tained by Lepidus; and when in the course of 3 conversation, some one started the question, 4 What kind of death is the best? he cut short the 5 discussion abruptly with the reply, That which is 6 least expected.
2626. Is the above sentence, taken as a whole, simple, compound, or complex?

Answer Q. 2626 as applied to (2927) that part of the exercise which precedes the semicolon, and (2628) that part which foilows it.
(2629-30. What words of the exercise are used as clause connectives; and (2631-3) what are the clauses which each word connects?

Select from the Exercise (2634) an auxiliary verb, and (2635) an interrogative word.

Parse the (2630-8) subject-word of the question asked in the Excrcise, and (2539-41) the verb of the answer given.

What are the (2642-5) corresponding tense-forms, in the potential mood, of the second verb in line 4 ?

Parse (2676) best, line 4; (2647) discussion, line 4; (2648) with, line 5 ; (2649) which, line 5.

2650-1. What examples of apposition occur in the Exercise?

Select from the Exercise:
2652. A prepositional phrase used adjectively.
2653. A prepositional phrase used adverbially.

## THE REGENTS' QUESTIONS.

2654. Make That rohich is least expected a complete sentence, by supplying the necessary words.

2655 . Is the sentence so completed simple, compound or complex?

## Examination .XLV, June 16, 1881. (1:30 to 3:00 P, M.)

2656-63. Name and define each of the parts of speech, or classes into which words are separated, according to their uses in sentences.
2664-70. Write one or more sentences that shall include all the parts of speech except interjections, and draw a line under one specimen-word of each part of speech.
2671-77. Give the syntax (i. e., the grammatical relation to other words) of each of these specimen words, as used in the sentence or sentences written.

Be careful to write each word whose syntax you are about to give.

2678-81. Analyze the sentence:
John studies English grammar.
Parse: 2682-84, John; 2685-87, studies; 2688, English; 2689-91, grammar.
Expand the sentence, John studies English grammar, by adding to it (2692) a noun in apposition with the subject; (2693) an adverb of manner, and (2694) a prepositional phrase denoting place; (using any other words needed to make complete sense).

Give the principal parts (including present partio ciple) of (2695) hear; (2696) sing; (2697) spell; (2698) vorite.

2699-2702. Give a synopsis of hear in the passive, potential, first, plural.

Correct the following sentences, and give the reasons for the corrections:
2703. Each one of the class spell well.
2704. This is neither George nor Jennie's pencil.
2705. At what time will we be dismissed?

## (June 17, 3:00 to 4:30 P. M.)

EXERCISE.
1 Beyrout is the brightest spot in Syria or Pales2 tine, the only pleasant city that we saw, and the centre of a moral and intellectual impulso the importance of which we can not overestimate.
Select from the Exercise:
2706. Five common nouns.
2707. Three verbs.
2708. A personal pronoun.
5709. Two relative pronouns.
2710. All the adjectives.
2711. All the adverbs.
2712. All the prepositions.

Write and give the syntax oft
2714. Spot, line 1.
2715. Palestine, line 2.
2716. Only, line 2.
2717. That, line 2.
2718. Centre, line 3.
2719. Importance, line 4.

THE REGENTB' QUESTIONS.
Give, by reference to the Exercise, an example of: 2720. A simple sentence.
2721. A complex predicate.
2722. A compound predicate.

Select from the Exercise:
2723. An auxiliary verb.
2724. An adverb of negation.

2725 . An adversative or disjunctive conjunction.
Parse:
2726-28. The principal subject-word of the Exercise.

2729-31. The last verb of the Exercise.
$2732-85$. Illustrate the gramatical structure of the Exercise by a diagram, or give a verbal analysis of it

Examination XLVI. Nov. 17, 1881. (1:30-3:00 P. м.)
Define the following terms: after each definition write a short sentence that shall contain an example of the term defined; underscore the example (i. e., draw a line under it):

2736, 7. Collective noun; $(2738,9)$ abstract noun; $(2740,1)$ relative pronoun; $(3742,3)$ numeral adjective; $(3744,5)$ transitive verb.

2746, 7. Give the general rules for the formation of the possessive singular and plural of nouns.
2748. Write the posessive plural of child; (2749) the possessive singular of conscience.

2750,1 . Write the plurals of court-martial and handful.

2752 , 3. State the general rules for the comparison of adjectives.

2754, 5. Compare far and ill.
2756,7 . Write and decline the personal pronoun of the third person feminine.

2758,9 . Write and decline the relative pronoun which is used exclusively to represent persons, in distinction from things and brutes.
2760. Define tense. Write the names of the tenses belonging to each of the following modes (or moods): (2761) Indicative; (2762) potential; (2763) subjunctive; (2764) imperative.

Write the present, first, singular, subjuntive of (2765) be, and potential of (2;66) liave.

Give the principal parts, including the present participle, of each of the following verbs: (2767) be; (2768) lie; (2768) lay; (2770) sit; (2771) set.

2772-4. Name three classes of adverbs, and after each write a sentence containing an example of that class. Underscore the examples.

In the sentence, "John, the şun having risen, we will pursue our way five miles farther," state the case of each of the following nouns and the reasons for it: $(2775,6)$ John; $(2777,8)$ sun; $(2779,80)$ way; (2781, 2) miles.
2783. Name the parts of speech or classes of words which are not declined, conjugated or compared.
2784. Write a sentence in which that is used as a relative; and (2785) one in which that is used as a conjunction.
(Nov. 18. 3:00-4:30 P. м. ${ }^{\text {. }}$ )
EXERCISE.

1. And I must lie here like a bed-ridden monk, exclaimed Ivanhoe, while the game that gives me freedom or death is played out by the hand of others! 2. Look from the window once again, kind maiden, but beware that you are not marked by the archers beneath. 3. Look out once more, and tell me if they yet advance to the storm.-Scott's Ivanhoe.
2. State whether the first sentence of the exercise is simple, complex or compound.
3. Same for the second sentence.

2788-91. Write the verbs of the first sentence, and place before each its subject; underscore the subject.

Write the following verbs and place after each its object (if it has one; if not, say so): underscore the object: (2792) exclaimed; (2793) gives; (2794) beware; (2795) tell.

Select from the exercise (2796) a verb in the potential; (2797) a verb-in the imperative; (2798) a relative pronoun; and (2799) an adverb of place.
2800. Give the syntax (i. e., use in the sentence) of and (first line); (2801) monk; (2802) while; (2803) out (after played); (2801) again; (2805) maiden; (2806) beneath.
2807. State the tense or tenses in which the verb beware may be used.
2808. What other word might have been used in the exercise in place of if?

## GRAMMAR.

2809-13. Change is played into each of the remaining tenses of the indicative.
2814. Select from the exercise a proposition (or sentence) whose verb is in the passive voice (or form), and (2815) change it into its equivalent with the verb in the active voice.

Examination XLTII. March 9, 1882. ( $1: 30$ to $3: 00$ P. м.)
Write sentences containing :
2816. A relative clause.
2817. A dependent clause expressing time.
2818. A word containing a diphthong.
2819. A noun used independently or absolutely.
2820. A pronoun of the third person, possessive case.
2821. A verb in the potential mood, pluperfect (past perfect or prior past) tense.
2822. A phrase used adjectively.
2823. A simple subject and compound predicate.
2824. A compound subject and simple predicate.
2825. An adjective of irregular comparison, in the superlative degree.
要 Underscore (i. e. draw a line under) the words, phrases and clauses intended.
Supply the proper pronouns in :
2820. Everyone should think for--.
2827. The bat is nocturnal in-_hahits.

Write (2828) an adverb ; (2829) an adjective ; (2830)

## THE REGENTS' QUESTIONS.

a verb; and (2831) a noun; then (2832) write a sentence containing the same four words, properly used.
2833. Name the part of speech (or class of words) to which true belongs.

2834, 35. Form form true a derivative word by means of a prefix, and another by a suffix or affix, and $(2836,37)$ name the part of speech of each word so formed.

2838, 39. Give the two plurals of index ; and (2840, 41) brother.

2842-45. Mention four different offices or uses which nouns may fulfil in sentences.
2846. What class of words has no grammatical relation to other words?

I'he boy was called. He came at once.
Form from these two sentences, by substituting or inserting a single word in each instance :
2847. A. complex sentence; (2848) a compound sentence.
2849. Give the part of speech of each inserted word.
2850. From the same two sentences, form a simple sentence, by changing the last verb to a participle, and omitting any word that thus becomes unnecessary.

Correct any error in the arrangement of :
5851. That small man is speaking with red whisk. crs.

Define (2852) conjugation ; (2853) perfect (presenl perfect or prior present) tense ; (2854) vowel.

## GRAMMAR.

2855. How may a declarative sentence be made interrogative ? (2856) Give an example.

2857,58 . Write two words containing, one the vowel $w$, the other the consonant $w$.
2859. Conjugate think, in the imperative mood.

Write and parse the following words in italics :
2860. What man is happy,
2861. We eat that we may live.
2862. We march rather slowly.
$2863,64 . \quad U_{p}$ soars the lark, the poet of the sky.
2865. He went on his way rejoicing.

EXERCISE.
a Great truths are portions of the soul of man ; b Great souls are portions of eternity :
c Each drop of blood that e'er through true heart
d Ran with lofty message, ran for thee and me;
e For God's law, since the starry song began,
$f$ Hath been, and still forever more must be.
2866. How many clauses has the above Exercise.

2867, 68. Account for the capital letters used in the Exercise.

2869, 70. Mention two uses of the apostrophe, and illustrate by examples from the Exercise.

2871, 72. Give the nominative singular of thee and $m e$, and decline the same.

Select from the Exercise :
2873, 74. Two irregular verbs (other than be), and give their principal parts.

2875-77. A relative pronoun, and give its antecedent and syntax.
2878. From the primitive of starry form a compound with some other suitable word.
28.9. What moods are represented in the exercise ?
2880. What tenses?

Write and give the syntax of:
2881. portions, line a; 2882 drop, line c; 2883 for, line $e$.
2884. Parse, in full, must be.
2885. 86. Select a phrase used adjectively, and one used adverbially. 2887 Parse e'er.
2888. Classify the sentence composed of lines $c d$, with reference to form, and structure (or use).

2889-92. Analyze line $b$, by diagram or otherwise.
2893-95. Make and name the punctuation marks which may be used at the ends of complete sen. tences.

## Examination XLVIII, June 15, 188\%. (1:30 то 3:00 Р. м.)

2896-2903. Name the several parts of speech (or classes of words), and state the chief office which each usually fulfils in a sentence.

2904, 5. To which two parts of speech do the majority of words belong?
2906. Name the principal (and the only necessary) parts or elements of a proposition or simple sentence.
2907. Write a sentence containing these necessary parts only, and draw an upright line between the parts.

The words for such specimen sentence, and for other examples called for below, may be selected from the following paragraph :

## GRAMMAR.

> TI One day I heard a boy say to his younger brother, who was crying lustily, "Now, Tom, I certainly know you do not want anything, but what do you think you want?" That boy was a philosopher, and went to the root of the mat-ter.-What we think we want, not what we really want, frets us most.-Fanny Fern.

2908-10. Name three secondary or subordinate kinds of elements of sentences.

2911-13. Write three sentences to illustrate these kinds of elements, in the order named in answers 2908-10. the word or words forming such element in each sentence.

Define each of the following terms as used in grammar, and after each definition give an example: (2914) a letter; (2915) a word; (2916, 17) a phrase; $(2918,19)$ a compound sentence; $(2920,21)$ a complex sentence; (2922, 23) a clause.
2524-31. Write in a column the names of eight punctuation marks or characters, and opposite each make the mark or character named. (Enough such marks occur on this question paper.)

2932-35. Analyze the preceding sentence " 2924 31," Write in a column, etc., by diagram or otherwise.

Of what kind is the sentence so analyzed as to (2936) form (or structure) and (2937) meaning (mode or use)?

Select from the above paragraph marked I:
2938. A simple sentence (as a whole) with a compound subject, and another with (2939) a compound predicate.
2940. A clause used adjectively, and another used (2941) as an object (or object complement).

JUNE 16, 1882. 3:00 то 4:30 P. M.
1 1. One day I heard a boy say to his younger 2 brother, who was crying lustily, "Now, Tom, 3 I certainly know you do not want anything, 4 but what do you think you want?"
5 2. That boy was a philosopher and went to 6 the root of the matter.
7 3. What we think we want, not what we 8 really want, frets us most.-Fanny Fern.
Parse, as fully as they admit of parsing: (2942) Tom; (2943) Fanny Fern.
What is the leading (2944) subject, and (2915) verb of sentence 1 ?
2946. What words in sentence 1 are used adjec\&ively, and (2947-50) to what is each of these added?
2951. What words in sentence 1 are used adverbially, and (2952-56) what does each modify ?
2957. What words of sentence $\mathbf{1}$ are auxiliary verbs?

Write each of the following words, name the part of speech to which it belongs, and give its syntax, i.e., its grammatical relation to some other word or words:
2958. heard, line 1.
2959. say, line 1.
2960. brother, line 2
2961. $I$, line 3.
2962. anything, linз 3
2963. what, line 4.
2964. That, line 5.
2965. philosopher, line 5.
2966. went, line 5.
2967. frets, line 8.

Compare (2968) younger, line 1; (2969) lustily, line 2; (2970) most, line 8.

Give the principal parts (including participle in ing) of (2971) think; (2972) frets.
2973. What kind of an element is, the quotation in sentence 1, and (2974) what is its syntax?
2975. How many (not how few) clauses does sentence 1 contain?

## THE

## REGENTS' QUESTIONS,

 1866-1880.
## SPELLING.

Examenation 1. Jov. 7, 1866. (11:00 А. м. $-12: 00 \mathrm{~m}$.)

1. The (1) Pesson will (2) begin at the (3) beginning of the (4) treatise.
2. (5) Sets of (6) apparatus are (7) necessary for the (8) illustration of the (9) physical (10) sciences.
3. On the (11) eighth of (12) Ftbruary a (13) Connecticut (14) peddler (15) wearing a (16) suit of (17) gray (18) clothing, (19) displayed his (20) wares in an (21) avenue of (22) Cincinnati.
4. The (23) plane of the (24) horizon is (23) horizon tal.
5. (26) Joseph's (27) breethen sold him to the (*6) vaclites.
6. The (29) oak is a (30) symbol of strength: the vine of (31) dependence: the (32) cypress, of (33) sorrow: the olm of (34) elegance : the (35) fir, of (36) symmetry; and, as an evergreen, of (37) immortality.
7. (38) Fur is warm but costly (38) apparel.
8. The (40) Missouri river empties into the (41) Mississippi.
9. Strike the loud (42) cymbal.
10. The (43) Judge of the Supreme Court (44) affirmed the (45) judgment of the lower (i6) tribunal.
11. (47) Ladies and (48) gentlemen, the (49) programme will open with a (50) quartette and (51) chorus.
12. A (52) council of war was called, and the general (53) counseled with the (51) colonets and (55) civiiians present.
13. "He looked and saw a (56) spacious (57) plain, whereon
Were tents of various (58) hue ; by some were (59; herds.
Of (60) cattte (61) grazing; others whence the sound
Of (62) instruments that mado (63) melodious (64) chime."
14. Hiram had (65) hesoers of wood.
15. None are (66) too young to (67) try.
16. (67) Mathew (68) tries to learn.
17. The (69) czar (70) supported his (71) pretensions.
18. (72) Scholar; (73) soldier, (74) surgeon, (75) sergeant, (76) sheriff and (77) sovereign, all begin with $s$.
19. (78) Binghamton is in (79) Broome county ; (80) Byracuse is in (81) Onondaga.
20. (82) Reading, (83) Spelling, (81) Writing, (85) Arith meio, (86) Grammar, and (87) Geogiaphy, are very important branches of (88) education.
21. James and (89) two other boys were (90) there.
22. The (91) schooner was lost at (92) sea, (93) off Cape (94) St. Roque.
23. (95) Their eyes ( 96 see clearly.
24. "From (97) scenes like these old Scotia's (18) grandeur springs."
25. (99) "Vanity of (100) vanities saith the Preacher."

## Examination IT. Feb. 28, 1867.

$$
(11: 00 \mathrm{~A} . \mathrm{m} .-12: 00 \mathrm{~m} .)
$$

1. The (1) principal of the (2) teachers' (3) institute (4) lectured on (5) physiology and (6) astronomy.
2. The (7) lcgislature is in (8) session at the (9) capitot in the (10) city of (11) Albany.
3. (12) Scholars should become (13) versed in the (14) principles of (15) science, and should (16) practice those of (17) morality.
4. A (18) geometrical (19) series (20) progresses by a (21) common (22) muitiplier.
5. (23) Raleigh is the (24) capital of (25) North Oarolina; (26) Nashville of (2i) Tennessee; (28) Baton Rouge of (29) Louisiana ; and (30) Ottawa of (31) Canada.
6. In 1785, (32) Massachusetts (33) through her (34) delegates in (35) Congress (36) executed a deed of (37) cession to the general (38) government and (39) relinquished her claim to western (40) territory.
7. The (41) gladiators (42) entered the (43) arena of the (44) amphitheatre.
8. White (45, bears (46) inhabit (47) arctic (48) regions.
9. "How can ye (49) believe which (50) receive (51) honor one of (52) another?
10. (53) Mathematical (54) treatises are much used in (55) enqineering.

## TEE REGENTB' QUESTIONS.

11. (56) Bread is (57) raised with (58) yeast.
12. The (59) soldier (60) bared his breast to the (61) foeman's (62) view.
13. A (63) youth (64) bred in (65) idleness may well be (66) pitied.
14. "But (67) pleasures are like (68) poppies spread; You (69) seize the ( $\mathbf{1} 0$ ) flower, its (71) bloom is shed."
15. Carthage was (73) razed to its (it) foundations.
16. Large (75) quantities of (76) flour are (77) shipped at (i8) Chicago.
17. Wolves (80) prey upon (81) weaker (82) animals.
18. (83) Lewis's face was (8t) pitted with (85) scars.
19. (86) Ccesar (87) reigned as (88) emperor.
20. $\mathbb{E}$ is a ( 89 ) diphthong; eau a (90) triphthong.
21. (91) Elijah (92) prayed that it might not (93) raim and there was neither rain nor (94) dew.
22. The (95) messenger bears (96) dispatches.
23. A (9\%) suitable (98) site was selected.
24. The Jewish (99) rites and ceremonies were (100) manifold.

## Examination IIT. June 13, 186\%.

$$
(11: 00 \mathrm{~A} . \mathrm{M} .-12.00 \mathrm{~m} .)
$$

the (1) saddler (2) plies his (3) awol (4) rapidly and with (5) pecuniary (6) profit.
(7) Samson carried away the gates of Gaza by (8) niqht.
(9) Cain (10) slew Abel.

Noah's (11) ark and its contents were the (12) sole relica of the (13) antediluvian world.

The (14) valiant (15) knight (16) ate a portion of the (17) prey, and ere the hour of (18) eight (19) blew the (20) bugle for his (21) martial band.

The (22) yeoman (23) assented after much (24) soliofation.

The (25) beau (26) knew the (27) belle would gladly (28) receive so (29) brilliant a (30) bouquet.
(31) Pigeons rarely (32) sow, but sometimes reap what has been (33) already sown.
(34) Cromseell (35) prorogued the long (36) parliament.

The (37) horse chestnut tree has (38) peculiar (39) foliage and (40) bears (41) very (42) beautiful clusters of (44) flowers.

Human pride is a (46) useless, rank, (47) repulsive (48) thistle in (4)) society.

The (50) constitution contains a (51) guaranty that no State shall be deprived of a republican form of (52) gooernment.
(53) Where may the (54) wearied (55) eye (56) repose, When (57\%) gazing on the (58) great ;
Where (59) neither (60) guilty glory (61) glnos Nor (62) despicable state?
The (63) Cincinnatus of the West, (64) Whom envy dared not hate,
(65) Bequeathed the name of (66) Washington, To make man (67) blush there was but (68) ons.
The (69) marshal left his (70) cane at the (71) depot in (72) Keene, (73) New Hampshire.

Before (74) thee rose, and with thee (75) grew,
A (76) rainbow of the (7\%) loveliest (78) hue,
Of three (79) bright (80) colors, each divine,
And fit for that (81) celestial (82) sign :
One that was of (83) the (84) sunbeam's (85) dyes ;
One, the pure (86) depth of Seraph's eyes.
The (87) three-ply carpet has a (88) blue (89) figure, and the (90) seams are well (91) sewed.

Only (92) bodies (93) die ; our (94) souls forever live.

## THE REGENTS QUESTIONS.

(95) All (96) arcs of circles are less than (97) eircumferences; all (98) sines, than diameters.

The pillar (99) seems to hare been (100) hewn out of a single block.

## Examination 1 Y. Nov. 7, 186\%. (11:00 А. м. $-12: 00$ м.)

A (1) cord of (2) oeech (3) wood (4) outweighs a (5) bale of (6) cotton.
I (7) would (8) urtie the (9) knot if I could.
(10) Tears (11) steal from the (12) eye when the (13) heart (14) beats in (15) sympathy with another's (16) grief.

The (17) auctioneer (18) sells a (19) pair of (20) urns, a a (21) pail, a (22) mahogany (23) bureau, a (24) guitar, a (25) piece of (26) steel, and a (27) bass-viol to the (28) chorister.
(29) Beets are (30) sown in (31) tiers or rows.

The (32) defendant (33) owned two (34) guineas.
A (35) column of (36) artillery and a (37) battalion of (38) cavalry (39) encamped near the (40) beach of the (42) sea.
The (42) advent of the (43) Messiah (44) occurred at a (45) period of (46) urparalleled (47) tranquillity.
(48) Steak and other (49) meats are (50) eaten with (51) bread and (52) vegetables.

Be thou like a (53) roe or a young (54) hart.
That (55) viai of (56) alkali belongs to the (57) laboratory.

The (58) accused man gave (59) bail to keep the (60) peace.
(61) Idle and (62) vain are the (63) ways of the (64) ocunterfeiters.

## SPELLING.

There are (65) pears and (66) plums in the (67) orchard.
The (68) ode was (69) written by a (70) pale-faced (71) poet.
(72) Stakes are set for (73) metes and (74) bounds.

The (75) needle ( 76 ) points (77) northwara; the (78) weather-vane (79) obeys the (80) fickle wind; the (81) plumb-line (82) gravitates; the (83) pendulum (S4) vibraies in a (85) perpendicular (86) plane.

The (87) committee (88) meet the (89) comptrolkor to make ( 90 ) arrangements for ( 91 ) procuring (92) stationery.

The (93) earninge of the (94) road in (95) February last were (9G) enormous.
(97) Seize the (98) oars, and let the (99) boat be (100) rowoed ashore.

Examination $\mathcal{Y}$. Feb. 20, 1868. (11:00 А. м. -12 x .)

1. The (1) squadion (2) bound for (3) Marseilles (4) unfurled its (5) canvass to the (6) propitious (7) zephyrs.
II. (8) Patiently (5) wait for (10) precious (II) fr sit.
III. The (12) new (13) council-chamber was (14) elegantly (15) finished with (16) uood of the (17) fir-tree, and the (18) ceiting was (19) beautifully ( 20 ) frescoed.
IV. (21) Fane is (2?) another name for (23) temple.
V. (24) Parliament (25) negotiated a (26) loan for the (27) perilous (2.S) enterprise.
VI. The (23) ordnance stores were (30) carried to (31) Lisbon, under the (32) yuidance of a (33) cavalier.
VII. The (34) principal (35) fue of the (36) chimney extended from the (37) cellar.
VIII. A (38) ship's (39) buoyancy (40) adapts it to (41) ustain a (42) cargo of great (43) weight.

## THE REGENTS' QEESTIONS.

IX. The (44) prisoner (45) writhed in his (46) dungeons
X. The (47) attorney was (48) too much (49) fatlgued to (50) attend the (51) law suit.
XI. The (52) celerity of (53) lightning is (54) almost equal to that of light.
XII. (55) Buy (56) knowledge and (57) sell it (57) not.
XIII. The (59) guests were (60) entertained in a (61) separate (62) suite of (63) rooms.
XIV. (64) Secession (65) ordinances were (66) passed by (67) every (68) gulf State.
XV. Let the (69) dead (70) bury (71) their dead.
XVI. (72) Rensselaer (73) county (74) touches (75) Massachusetts.
XVII. (76) Orthography and (77) etymology are (78) sub-divisions of (79) grammar.
: XVIII. (80) Phetoric is inciuded in (81) belleslettres.
XIX, The ( 82 ) canvass resulted in his election by the (83) unanimous (84) suffrages of his (85) fellow citizens,
XX. (86) Sealing-wax is red.
XXI. A (87) berry is a (88) species of (89) fruit.
XXII. (90) Pigeons (91) Jlew over the abyss.
XXIII. A (93) banquet of (94) venison and other (95) luxuries was (96) prepared for the (97) garrison.
XIV. Few are the (98) privileges and many the (99) grievances of (100) penury.

Examination VI. June 4, 1868.

$$
\left(11: 00 \mathrm{~A} . \mathrm{m}^{2}-1: 1: 00 \mathrm{~m} .\right)
$$

1. What (1) various (2) attitudes and (3) ways

And (4) tricks, we (5) authors have in (6) worit ing!
While (7) some (8) worite (9) sitting, some like Bayes,
(10) Usually stand, while (11) theyre (12) inditing.
118) Poets (14) there are, who (15) wear the (16) floor out,
(17) Measuring a (18) line at (19) every stride;

While some, like Henry Stephens, (20) pour out
(21) Rhymes by the (22) dozen, while they ride. -Thomas Moore.
II. Take the (23) sum of the (24) prey that was (25) saught.
III. In the (26) fourteenth day of this (27) month, at (28) even, ye shall (29) keep it in his (30) appointed (31) season (32) according to all the (33) rites of it, and according to all the (34) ceremonies thereof.
IV. (35) Hour after hour he loved to (36) pore

On (37) Shakespeare's rich and (38) varied (39) lore,
But (40) turned from (41) martial (42) scenes and (43) light,

From (44) Falstaff's (45) feast and (46) Percy's (47) flight,

To (48) ponder Jaques's (49) moral (50) strain, And (51) muse with (52) Hamlet, (53) wise in (54) vain,
And (55) weep himself to soft (56) repose, O'er (57) gentle (58) Desdemona's (59) woes.

> -Sir. Walter Scott.
V. It is the (60) peculiar (61) province of a grand (63) jury to (63) indict, as it is of a house of (64) representatives to (65) impeach.
VI. (66) Speak the (6i) speech, I (68) pray you, as I (69) command you.
VII. It was the (70) roar of a (71) whole (72) herd of (73) lions.
VIII. Is there a (74) balance (75) here to (76) weigh the (77) just (78) amount?

## THE REGENTS' QUESTIONS.

18. Ere life's (79) meridian, thus that (80) ohief had (81) reached.

The (82) utmost (83) pinnacle of (81) savage (85) grandeur.
All that he saw, (86) heard, felt, or (87) could (88) conceive,
Opened (89) new (90) scenes of (91) mental (92) enterprise,
(93) Imposed new (94) tasks for (95) arduous (96) contemplation.
--James Montgomert.
X. The (97) veins of his (98) forehead were (99) swollen through (100) excess of rage.

Examination VIT. Nov. 12, 1868. (11:00 A. М. -12:00 M.)
"It is (1) some (2) consolation (3) amidst the (4) violence of (5) ambition and the (6) criminal (7) thirst of (8) power, of (9) which so (10) many (11) instances (12) occur around us, to find a (13) character (14) whom it is (15) honorable to (16) admire and (17) virtuous to (18) imitate. A (19) conqueror for the (20) freedom of his (21) country! a (22) legislator for its (23) security! a (24) magistrate for its (25) happiness! His (26) glories were (27) never (28) sullied by those (29) excesses into which the (30) highest (31) qualities are apt to (32) degenerate. With the (33) greatest (34) viriues, he was (35) exempt from the (36) oorresponding (37) vices. He was a man in whom the (38) elements were so (39) mixed, that (40) 'Nature (41) might have stood up to all the (42) world and (43) oroned him as her (44) boork.' His fame, (45) bounded (46) by (47) no (48) country, will (49) be (50) confined to no age. The charac

## EPELLING.

ter of (51) General (52) Washington, which his (53) contemporaries (54) reverence and (55) admire, will be (56) transmitted to (57) posterity! and the (58) meriory of his (59) merits and (60) achierements, while ( 61 ) patriotism and virtue are held (62) sacred among men, will (63) remain (64) undiminished."

The (65) sum total of the (66) column is (67) eighty.
(68) Bees are (69) busy (70) creatures, and (71) lay up $\left.{ }^{(72} 2\right)$ honey in (\%3) cells.
(74) Merchants (75) buy and (76) sell (7i) various (78) articles by (79) weight.
(80) Scholars (81) should (82) krow (83) where (84) their (85) lessons are, and (86) study them (87) faithfully.
(88) There is no time to '89) wait for (90) carriages.
(91) Medals are (92) ofterer (93) won by (91) industrious than by (95) idle (96) people.
The (97) reign of (98) Absalom was (99) eery (100) short.

## Examination rITY. Fiv. 18, 1869. (11:00 А. м. -12.00 m .)

What he been the (1) nation's art; (2) wherein has its (3) thought been (4) realizu d in (5) some form of (6) beauty or (7) sublimity; how (8) spread upon (9) carvass, how (10) chiseled in (11) marble, how (12) designed in (13) architecture; how has it melted in (14) music, (15) glowed in (16) poetry, (17) fascinated in (18) eloquence; how has it (19) mimicked life upon the stage and (20) marshaled (21) armies upon the (2\%) vattle-field; how, in fine, has it (23) developed itself in that (24) infinitude of (25) artistic creations that tend to (26) assimilate man to God, and (27) earth to (28) paradise.

Write the derivatives obtained by adding ing to the following words: (29) censure, (30) unpin, (31) confer, (82)
play, (33) dye [to color], (34) die [to expire], (35) tolerata, (36) control.

It is the (37) triumph of the (38) genius of man to have (39) succeeded, by (40) means of (41) economical (42) appliances, in (43) realizing this (44) phenomenon, in (45) appearance (46) parailoxical, (47) dearness of the raw (48) material, and (49) cheapness of the (50) manufactured (51) products.

The (52) mountains of (53) Europe form (54) several (55) distinct (56) groups or (5i) systems of (58) very (59) different (60) geological dates.

On this (61) subject the (62) court (63) says: It is (64) admitted that the (65) defendant has (66, published (67) portions of the (68) opera (69) containing the (70) melodious parts of it; and that in (71) one of his (72) waltzes he has introduced (73) seventeen bars in (74) succession, containing the (75) whole of the (76) original (77) air, (78) although he (79) adds ifteen others.

The year has (80) been one of (81) varied (82) success with the farmer, and will be long (83) remembered for the (84) almost (85) unparalleled (86) series of dry and warm (87) weather in (88) our (89) unusually (90) temperate climate.

Write the derivatives obtained by adding ed to the following words: (91) terrify, (92) mat, (93) journey, (94) defer, (95) fret, (96) whiz.

Spell the following proper names : (97) Connecticu:,(98) Cincinnati, (99) Paraguay (100) Mediterranean.

## Examination 1X. June 14, 1868.

$$
(11: 00 \text { A. м. }-12: 00 \mathrm{~m} .)
$$

'Twas in June's (1) bright and (2) glowing (3) prime,
The (4) loveliest of the (5) summer time.

## SPELLING.

The (6) laurels were (7) one splendid (8) sheet Of (9) crowded (10) blossoms (11) everyuchere;
The (12) locust's (13) clustered (14) pearl was (15) sweet, And the (16) tall (17) whitewood made the (18) air (19) Delicious with the (20) fragrance (21) sked

From golden (22) flowers (23) all (24) o'er it (25) spread. Alfrid B. Street.
(26) Stieral (27) very (28) exciting (29) skirmishes were in (30) progress, when a (31) loud (32) shout (33) attracted the (34) attertion even of the (35) belligerents, and then (36) there (37) poured on (38) to the(39) platform from a (40) door at the side, a long line of (41) geritlemien with (42) their hats (43) off, (44) all (45) looking behind them, and (46) uttering (47) vociferous (48) cheers; the (49) cause (50) whereof was (51) sufficiently (52) explained when Sir (53) Matthero Pupker and the (54) two (55) other (56) real (57) members of (58) parliament came to the (59) front, (60) amidst (61) deafening (62) shouts, and (63) testified to (64) each other in (65) dumb (66) motions that (67) they had (68) never (69) seen such a (\%0),glorious (71) sight as that, in the (72) whole (73) course of their (74) public (75) career.

## Charles Diceens.

And (76) would the (77) noble (78) dutchess (79) deign
To (80) listen to an old man's (81) strain?

> Sir Walter Scott.

Asia Minor, in its (82) great (83) physical (84) features. is a (85) miniature (86) representation of (87) Asia. Like the continent, its (88) interior is an elerated (89) plateau, (90) surrounded by (91) mountain ranges of great, though of (92) varying ( 98 ) height.

Amos Dean.

Three (94) poets in three distant ages born, (95) Areece, (36) Italy and England did (97) adorn;

## THE REGENTS' QUESTIONS.

The first in loftiness of (98) thought (99) surpassed,
The next in (100) majesty, in both the last.
John Dryden.

## Examination $\mathcal{X}$. Nov. 12, 1869.

$$
(11: 00 \mathrm{~A} . \mathrm{M} .-12 \mathrm{~m} .)
$$

The next (1) day, in a (2) pouring (3) rain, they went (4) Wrough Lake (5) Erie to (6) Cleveland, (7) reaching (8) there in the afternoon, and (9) staying (10) till late at (11) night ; and (12) here Harry (13) wrote and (14) mailed a (15) little (16) letter home.

Before the French (17) conquest, the (18) governor of (19) Algiers was (20) called the (21) "Dey of Algiers."
(22) Coarse (23) pieces of (24) coal burn well in a (2E) grate.

A (26) scholar was (27) poring orer his (28) lesson, (29) endeavoring to (30) learn by it (31) rote.
(32) Several (33) commoners were (34) promoted to the (35) peerage (36) during the (37) reign of the last (38) sovereign.

A (39) treaty of (40) peace was (41) ratified after the (42) cessation of (43) hostilities.
(44) Great (45) feats were (46) exhibited by the (47) competitors for (48) prizes in the (49) celebrated games of (50) ancient (51) Greece.

A (52) pair of (53) reins is a (54) necessary part of a (55) harness.

We (56) hear that the (57) steamboat (58) fare has been (59) increased, and the (60) proposed (61) pier will not be (62) built this (63) season.

O (64) dear ! what a (65) crowd of (66) people I have (67) seen at the (68) fair.

The (69) stars in (70) their (71) courses (72) fought (73) aqainst Sisera.

A (74) deer's (75) meat is called (76) venison.
(77) Pear (78) trees do not (79) Jlourish in (80) some (81) vocalities.

A (82) beautiful (83) scene was (84) sketched upon (85) canvass not less than (86) eleven (87) feet in (88) height.
It was (89) meet that we (90) should make (91) merry. (92) Leaven is (93) another name for (94) yeast.

There are (95) quite (96) too (97) many poor (98) readers and (99) spellers in our (100) schools.

## Examination XT. Feb. 17, 1870. (11:00 А. м. $-12: 00 \mathrm{~m}$.

"The (1) value of (2) written (3) exercises in (4) master. ing the (5) orthography of the (6) language is (7) untversally (8) conceded. (9) They are of no less (10) importance, (11) considered as a (12) means of (13) making the pupil (14) familiar by (15) practice with the forms of language, and (16) giving him (17) facility in the (18) meehanical part of (19) composition as well as (20) affording the (21) very best (22) drill in (23) punctuation, the (24; use of (25), capitals, etc.

The five (26) senses are (27) hearing. (28) seeing, (29) smelling, (30) tasting, and (31) feeling.

Then shall the lame man (3\%) leap as a (33) hart, and the (34) tongue of the (35) dumb shall sing.
"A (36) mighty (37) realm is the land of (38) dreams,
With (39) steeps that hang in the (10) twilight sky,
And (41) weltering (42) oc eans and (43) trailing streams.
That (44) gleam (45) where the (46) dusky (47) vab leys (48) the.
(49) Sulphur is a (50) mineral, but not a (51) metal.

A (52) solemn (53) group of (54) doomed (55) criminals (56) emerged from the (57) gloomy (58) dungeon.
(59) Hie thee, (60) guest, to the (61) flowery (62) mead whither the (63) busy (64) bees in (65) swarms (66) resort.
(67) Schotars who (68) truly (69) deserve (70) generally ( 11 ) receive the ( 72 ) meed of (i3) praise.
(74) Dun is the name (75) applied to a (76) certain (77) somure (\%8) color.

Mr. (79) Matthews, the (80) delegate from (81) Louisiana, being (82) thoroughly (83) wearied by the (84) fruitless (85) discussion, (86) properly moved the (87) previous (88) question.
(89) Character should te more (90) highly esteemed than (91) wealth.
"May (92) each morn, that in (93) succession. (91) Adds new (95) mercies ever (96) growing,
(97) Leare a strong and deep (98) impression Of my (99) debt, forever (100) growing."

Examination $\mathcal{X I T}$. June 10, 18\%0.
(11:00 A. M. $-12: 00 \mathrm{~m}$.
"It was a (1) descent of (2) more than (3) four ( 1 )
thousand (5) feet from the (6) summit of (7) those (S)
movritains which (9) witnessed the (10) vision of (11)
Balaam and (12) Moses, to the (13) plains of Moab, the
(14) Scripture (15) name for the (16) eastern side of the
(17) Jordan (18) Valley at (19) Jericho. From the (20)
ordinary (21) level of that (22) table-land was a descent of
(23) about (24) two thousend feet. The (25) course of the
(26) Israetites may be (24) traced with (28) apparent (23)
tertainty (30) down a (31) ravine which (32) descends from

## SPELLING.

Heshbon to the Jordan, and which (33) still (34) retains the name of the (35) ancient (36) city which (37) lay at its (38) head.

The (39) difference (40) between the (41) upper and (42) lower (43) grounds in (44) respect to (45) soil and (46) climate is as (47) great as can te (48) imagined. In (49) aspect, (50) temperature, and (51) products, the valley is (52) tropical in (53) character, so that the 154) Hebrews (55) passed as if into (56) another (54) Zone. In its (5S), southern (59) extremity (60) where it (61) opens on the (62) gloomy (63) mist-coctred (64) uaters of the (65) asphatic (66) lake, it is not (67) less than (68) twelve (69) miles in (i0) width. (6) There, open and level on (72) all (73) sides, it (74) forms a (i5) space on which (76) many ( 77 ) armies (78) might be (79) encamped. The (80) general (81) direction of the valley (82) itself for the ( 83 ) sixty miles between lake Tiberias and the (84) Dead (85) Sea is (86) tolerably (87) straight; but (88) deep in its (89) very (90) bottom, the river (91) winds-it has (9:) been (93) said that it (94) wriggles-( 95 ) along like a (96) gigantic (97) serpert, so that the (98) length of the valley is not sixty, but two hundred miles. The (99) square (100) monotonous range of hills that support the eastern highlands rises up on that side for nearly a hundred miles." (Gage's studies in Bible Lands.)

Examination X111. Nov. 11, 18\%0. (11:00 А. м. $-12: 00$ м.)

[^3]THE REGENTS' QUESTIONS.
river; east by (12) Vermont, (13) Massachusetts, and (14) Connecticut, from the (15) former of which it is separated by Lake (16) Champlain; south by (17) New Jersey and (18) Pennsylvania; and west by New Jersey, a part of Pennsylvania and Lake (19) Erie-that lake and the (20) Niagara river (21) separating it from Canada on the (22) western (23) side.
"From the (24) northern to the (25) southern (26) extremity of the state, its (27) length is 311 miles (28) between the (29) fortieth and forty-fifth (30) degrees of north (31) latitude, and from east to west, between the seventy-first and seventy-ninth degrees of ( $3:$ ) longitude, it (33) extends 212 miles, (34) comprising an (35) area of 50,519 (36) square miles, or $32,332,160$ (37) acres, of which (38) somewhat (39) more than one- (40, half is under (41) cultivation for (42) agricultural (43) purposes.
"Its (44) present (45) population is (46) about (47) four (48) millions, of whom one-fourth are of (49) foreign (50) birth, (51) chiefly from (5:) Ireland, (53) Germany, and (54) England.
"It is (55) divided into sixty (56) counties, and about nine (57) huudred and fifty (58) towns and (59) cities. Its (60) principal cities, in the (61) order of (62) their population (63) respectively, are (64) New York, (65) Brooklyn, (66) Buffalo, (67) Albany, (68) Rochester, (69) Troy, (70) Syracuse, (71) Utica, (72) Oswego, (73) Poughkeepsie, (74) Auburn, (75) Schenectady, (76) Hudson, and (77) Binghamton. The (78) capital is Albany, on the west (79) bank of the Hudson.
"The chief (80) rivers of the state are the Eudson, (81) Mohawk, (82) Delaware, (83) Genesee, Oswego, and (84) Susquehanna, with the St. Lawrence on the north and the Niagara on the west. It (85) possesses a (86) sea-coast from the (87) Atlantic on its (88) south-easterly (89) bordey
(90) along $^{-}$Staten and (91) Long Island of 246 miles, 8 lake-coast of 353 miles, and 282 miles of (92) navigable rivers.

Its principal lakes, (93) exclusive of Lakes Erie, Ontario and Champlain, are Lakes (94) George on the east; (95) Cayuga, (96) Seneca, (97) Canandaigua, (98) Crooked and (99) Chautauqua on the west; and Skaneateles, (100) Oneida and Otsego in the center and south." (Introduction to S. S. Randall's [School] History of the State of New York.

> Examination XIV: Feb.24,1871. (11:00 A. м. $-12: 00 \mathrm{~m}$.
(1) Leaving (2) Boston on the (3) afternoon of (4) Saturday, the (5) fifth of (6) February, (7) we (8) proceeded (9) by (10) another (11) railroad (12) to (13) Worcester, a (14) pretty (15) New England (16) town, (17) where we had (18) arranged to (19) remain (20) under the (21) hospitable roof of the (22) Governor of the State, (23) until (24) Monday (25) morning.
(26) These towns and (27) cities of New England, (28) many of (29) which (30) would (31) be (32) villages in (33) Old England, (34) are as (35) favorable (36) specimens of (37) rural America as (38) their (39) people are of rural (40) Americans. The (41) vell-trimmed (42) lavons and (43) green (44) meadows of home are not (45) there; and the (46) grass, (47) compared with (48) our (49) ornamental (50) plots and (51) pastures, is (52) rank and (53) rough and (54) wild; (55) but (56) delicate (57) slopes of land, (58) gently (59) swelling (60) hills, (61) voooded (62) valleys, and (63) slender (64) streams (65) abound ; (66) every (67) little (68) colony of (69) houses (70) has its (71) church and (72) school-house (73) peeping from (74) among

## THE REGENTS' QCESTION8。

the (75) white (76) roofs and (77) shady (78) trees; every bouse is the (79) whrtest of the white; every (80) Venetian (81) blind the (82) greencst of the green ; every (83) fino (84) day's (85) sky the (86) bl vest of the (87) blue. (88) All the (89) buildings (90) looked as if (91) they had (92) been (93) built and (94) painted that (95) morning, and (96) could be (97) taken down on Monday with (98) very (99) little (100) trouble. Dickens' American Notes, Chap. V.

## Examination $\mathfrak{x V}$. June 9, 1871. (11:00 А. м. -12 m .)

(1) Olney, (2) England,
(3) November 3, 1873.
"Rer. John (4) Newton,
(5) Dear (6) Friend:

My time is short, and my ( ${ }^{7}$ ) opportunity not the most (8) favorable. My (9) letter will (10) consequently be short (11) likewise, and perhaps not (12) rery (13) intelligible. I find it no very (14) easy (15) matter to bring my mind into that (16) degree of (17) composure which is (18) necessary to the (19) arrangement of (20) either (21) words or matter. You will (22) naturally (23) expect to (24) receive (25) some (26) account of the (27) confusion that I (28) describe. * * * On (29) Saturday (30) night, at (31) eleven (32) o'clock, I was (33) alarmed by a (34) cry of fire, (35) announced by two or three (36) shrill (37) screams upon our (38) staircase. Our (39) servants * * saw it from their (40) windous; and, in (41) appearance, so (42) near, that they (43) thought our house in (44) danger. I (45) immediately (46) rose, and (4\%) putting by the (48) curfain, saw (49) sheets of fire (50) rising above the (51) ridge of

## sPELLING.

Mr. (52) Pa:mer's house, (53) opposite to (54) ours. The (55) deception was such that I had no (56) doubt it had begun with him, but, (57) soon found that it was rather farther (58) off. Having broken out in three (59) different parts, it is (60) supposed to have been (61) maliciously (62) kindled. A (63) tar-barrel and a (64) quantity of (65) tallow made a most (66) tremendous (67) blaze; and the (68) buildings it had (69) seized upon veing all (\%0) thatched, the (71) appearance became every (72) moment more (73) formidable. (74) Providentially, the night was (\%) perfectly (76) calm, so calm that (ĩ) candles, (78) withou! (79) lanterns, of which there were (80) multitudes in the ( 81 ) street, burned as ( 8 ) steadily as in the house.

* Every man who supposed his (83) dwelling in (84) jeopardy, (85) emptied it as fast as he could, and (86) conveyed his (87) movables to the house of some (88) neighbor, supposed to be more (89) secure.
(90) George ___ is the (91) principal (92) sufferer. He gave (93) eighteen (94) guineas, or (95) nearly that sum, to a woman, whom in his (96) hurry, he (97) mistook for his wife; but the supposed wife (98) walked off with the (99) money, and he will probably never (100) recover it."

Yours, my dear friend,
William Cowper.

Examination $\mathcal{X Y T}$ Nov. 10, 1871.

$$
(11: 00 \mathrm{~A} . \mathrm{m} .-12.00 \mathrm{~m} .)
$$

Value of the Federal Union.-Webster.
I (1) profess, (2) sir, in in my (3) career, (4) hitherto, to (5) have (6) kept in (7) view the (8) prosperity and (\%)
honor of the (10) whole (11) country, and the (12) preser. cation of (13) our (14) Federal (15) Union. It is to thas Union we (16) owe our (17) safety at (18) home, and our (19) consideration and (20) dignity (21) abroad; to that Union we are (22) chiefly (23) indebted for (24) whatever (25) makes us (26) proud of our country. That Union we (27) reached (28) only by the (29) discipline of our (30) virtues in the (31) severe (32) school of (33) adversity. It has had its (34) origin in the (35) necessities of (36) disordered (37) finance, (38) prostrate (39) commerce, and (40) ruined (41) credit. Under its (42) benign (43) influence (44) these (45) great (46) interests (47) immediately (48) avooke, as from the (49) dead, and (50) sprang (51) forth with (52) newness of life. (53) Every (54) year of its (55) duration has (56) teemed with (57) fresh (5S) proofs of its (59) utility and its (60) blessings; aod (61) although our (62) territory has (63) stretched (64) out (65) wider and wider, and our (66) population (67) spread (68) farther and farther, (69) they have not (70) outrun its (71) protection or its (72) benefits. It has (73)been to us (74) all a (75) copious (76) fountain of (77) national, (78) social, (79) personal (80) happiness.

*     * I have not (81) accustomed (82) myself to (83) hang over the (84) precipice of disunion, to (85) see (86) whether, with my short (87) sight, I can (88) fathom the ( 89 ) depth of the (90) abyss (91) below; nor ( 92 )could I regard him as a safe (93) counselor in the (94) affairs of his (95) government. whose (96) thoughts should be (97) mainly bent on (98) considering, not how the Union should be best (99) preserved but how tolerable might be the condition of the people when it shall be broken up and (100) destroyed


## Examination XVII. Feb. 28, 1872.

$$
\left(11: 00 \mathrm{~A} . \mathrm{m}_{.}-12: 00 \mathrm{~m} .\right)
$$

## The (1) great (2) object of all (3) knowledge is to enlarge

and parify the (4) soul, to fill the mind with (5) noble contemplations, and to furnish a refined (6) pleasure. (7) Considering this as the ultimate end of (8) science, no branch of it can surely (9) claim (10) precedence of (11) astronomy.

Much, howerer, as we are (12) indebted to our (13) observations for (14) elevating our (15) conceptions of the (16) heavenly (17) bodies, they present even to the (18) unaided (19) sight (20) scenes of glory, which words are (21) too (22) feeble to (23) describe. I had (24) occasion, a few weeks since, to take the (25) early (26) train from (27) Providence to (28) Boston; and for this (29) purpose rose at (30) two o'clock in the morning. * * It was a mild, (31) serene, midsummer's (32) night,--the sky was without a (33) cloud--the winds were (34) whist. The moon, then in the last (35) quarter, had just (36) risen, and the stars shone with a spectral (37) lustre, but (38) little (39) affected by her (40) presence. (41) Jupiter, two (42) hours high, was the herald of the day; the Pleiades just above the (43) horizon shed (4) their sweet (45) influence in the east; Lyra (46) sparkled (47) near the Zenith; Andromeda (48) veiled her newly (49) discovered (50) glories * * in the (51) south; the (52) steady (53) pointers far beneath the pole looked meekly up from the (54) depths of the north to their (55) sovereign.
Such was the glorious (56) spectacle as I entered the train. As we (57) proceeded, the timid (58) approach of (59) twilight became more (60) perceptible; the (61) intense (62) blue of the sky began to (63) soften; the (64) smaller stars, like little (65) children, went first to rest, the sisterbeams of the (66) Pleiades soon melted together; but the (67) bright (68) constellations of the west and north (69) remained unchanged. Steadily the (70) wondrous transGiguration went on. * $\quad$ The blue sky now

## THE REGENTS' QUESTIONS.

turned more softly (71) gray; the great wateh stars shat up their holy eyes; the east began to (72) kindle. Faint (i3) streaks of (74) purple soon blushed along the sky; the (75) whole (76) celestial (77) concave was filled with the inflowing tides of the morning light, which came (78) pouring down from above in one great (73) ocean of (80) radiance. * $\quad$ In a few (81) seconds, the everlasting gates of the morning were (82) thrown wide open, and the Lord of day, (83) arrayed in glories too (84) severe for the gaze of man, began his state.

I do not (85) wonder at the (86) superstition of the (87) ancient Magians, who in the morning of the world went up to the hill tops of Central (88) Asia, and, ignorant of the (89) true God, adored the most glorious work of his hand ; lut I am filled with (90) amazement, when I am told that in this (91) enlightened age, and in the (92) heart of the (93) Christian world, (94) there are (95) persons who can (96) witness this (97) daily (98) manifestation of the (99) power and wisdom of the (100) Creator, and yet eay in their hearts, "There is no God."

Edward Everett.

## Examination xr111. June 7, 1872.

$$
\text { (11:00 A. M. }-12: 00 \mathrm{~m} .)
$$

PATIENCE-Spurgeon.
(1) Patience is (2) better than wisdom; an (3) ounce of patience is worth a pound of (4) brains. All men (5) praise patience, but few (6) enough can practice it; it is a (7) medicine which is good for all (8) diseases, and therefore every old woman (9) recommends it; but it is not every garden that grows the (10) herbs to make it with. When onc's flesh and bones are full of (11) aches and (12)
pains, it is as (13) natural for us to (14) murmur as for a horse to shake his head when the (15) fies (16) tease him, or a wheel to (17) rattle when the spoke is loose; but nature should not be the rule with (18) Christians, or what is their (19) religion worth? If a (20) soldier flghts no better than a ploughboy, (21) off with his red (22) coat. We (23) expect more (24) firuit from an (25) apple-tree, than from a (26) thorin, and we have a (27) right to do so. The (28) disciples of a patient (29) Saviour (30) should be patient (31) themselves. Grin and (32) bear it, is the (33) old-fashioned (34) advice, but sing and bear it is a (35) great (36) deal better. After all, we get (37) very few cuts of the (38) whip (39) considering what bad (40) cattle we are, and when we do smart a little, it is (41) soon over. Pain past is (42) pleasure, and (43) experience comes by $\mathrm{it}_{2}$ We (44) ought not to be (45) afraid of going down into (46) Egypt when we know we shall come out of it with (47) jewels of silver and gold.

Impatient (48) people water their (49) miseries, and (50) hoe up their (51) comforts; (52) sorrows are (53) visitors that come without (54) invitation, but (55) complaining minds send a (56) wagon to bring (57) troubles home in. (58) Many people are born (53) crying, live complaining and (60) die (61) disappointed; they (62) chew the (63) bitter pill which they ( $6 \mathbf{4}$ ) would not even know to be bitter if they had the (65) sense to (66) swallow it (67) whole in a cup of patience and water. They think every other man's (68) burden to be (63) light, and their own (70) feathers to be (71) heavy as (72) lead; they are hardly done by in their own (73) opinion; no one's (74) toes are so often (75) trodden on as (76) theirs; the snow falls (77) thickest round their (78) door, and the hail (79) rattles hardest on their (80) windows; and yet if the truth were (81) known, it is their (82) fancy rather than their fate

Which makes things go so hard with them. A little sprig of the herb called (83) content put into the (84) poorest (85) soup will make it taste as rich as the Lord Mayor's (86) turtle. John (87) Ploughman (88) grows the plant in his garden, but the late hard winter (89) nipped it (90) terribly, so that he cannot (91) afford to give his (93) neighbors a slip of it; they had better (93) follow (94) Matthero, Xxv, 9, and go to those who sell and (95) buy for themselves. (36) Grace is a good (97) soil to grow it in, but it wants (98) watering from the (99) fountain of (100) mercy.

## Examination XIX. Nov. 10, 1871.

 $(11: 00$ А. м. -12.00 м. $)$EXERCISE.
We, the (1) People of the (2) State of (3) New York, (4) grateful to (5) Almighty God for (6) our (\%) freedom, in (8) order to (9) secure its (10) blessings, do (11) establish this (12) constitution.
(13) Article I.
(14) SEc. 1. (15) No (16) member of this state (17) shall be (18) disfranchised or (19) deprived of (20) any of the (21) rights or (22) privileges secured to any (23) citizen (24) thereof, (25) unless by the (26) lawo of the land, or the (27) judgment of his (28) peers.

Sec. 2. (29) Trial by (30) jury in (31) all (32) cases in (33) which it (34) has (35) been (36) heretofore (37) used shall (38) remain (39) inviolate (40) forever, but a jury trial may be (41) waived by the (42) parties in all (43) civil cases, in the (44) manner (45) prescribed by law.

SxC. 3. The (46) free (47) exercise and (48) enjoymens
of (49) religious (50) profession and (51) worship, (52) without (53) discrimination or (54) preference, shall forever be (55) allowed in this state to all (56) mankind; and no (57) person shall be (58) rendered (59) incompetent to be a (60) witness on (61) account of his (62) opinions on (63) matters of religious (64) belief; but the (65) liberty of (66) conscience (67) hereby secured shall not be so (68) construed as to (69) excuse (\%) acts of (71) licentiousness, or (72) justify (73) practices (74) inconsistent with the (75) peace or (76) safety of this State.

Sec. 4. The privilege of the (77) writ of (78) habeas (79) corpus shall not be suspended unless (80) when in cases of (81) rebellion or (82) invasion, the (83) publio safety may ( 84 ) require its ( 85 ) suspension.

SEC. 5. (86) Excessive (87) bail shall not be required, nor excessive (S8) fines (\$9) imposed, nor shall (90) cruel and (91) unusual (92) punishment be (93) inflicted, nor shall witnesses be (94) unreasonably (95) detained.

Sec. 6. No person shall be held to (96) answer for a (97) capital or (98) otherwise (99) infamous (100) crime.

*     *         * unless on presentment or indictment of a grand jury.


## Examination XX. Feb. 28, 1873.

$$
\text { (11:00 А. м. }-12: 00 \text { м.) }
$$

EXERCISE.
(1) Once npon a (2) midnight (3) dreary, (4) while I (5) pondered, (6) weak and (7) weary,
Over (8) many a (9) quaint and (10) curious (11) volum of (12) forgotten (13) lore,-
While I (14) nodded, (15) nearly (16) napping, (17) suds denly (18) tbere came a (19) lapping,

As of some (20) one (21) gently (20) rapping, rapping at my (23) chamber (24) door;
"'Tis some (25) visitor," I (26) muttered, "tapping at my chamber door,-

Only this, and (27) nothing more."
Ah! (28) distinctly I (99) remember, it was in the (30) bleak (31) December,

And (32) each (33) separate (34) dying (35) ember (36) wrought its (37) ghost upon the (3S) floor.
(39) Eagerly I (40) wished the (41) morrow; (42) vainly I had (43) sought to (44) borrow,
From my (45) books, surcease of (46) sorrow, -sorrow for the (47) lost Lenore,-
For the (48) rave and (49) radiant (50) maiden (51) whom the (52) angels name Lenore,-
(53) Nameless (54) here (55) forevermore.
(56) Back into the chamber (57) turning, (58) all my (59) soul within me (60) burning,
(61) Soon (62) again I (63) heard a tapping, (64) something (65) louder than (66) before;
(67) "Surely" (68) said I,-_surely that is something as my (69) window (70) lattice;
Let me (71) see then, (72) what thereat is, and this (73) mystery (74) explore,-
Let my (75) heart be (76) still a (77) moment, and this mystery explore;
'Tis the (78) wind, and nothing more.'
Open here $I(79)$ flung the (80) shutter, (81) when, with many a (82) firt and (83) fiutter,
In there (84) stepped a (S5) stately (86) raven of the (87) saintly (88) days of (89) yore.
Not the (90) least (91) obeisance made he; not a (92) minute (93) stoppel or (94) staid he ;

## EPELLING.

But with (95) mien of (96) lord or (97) lady, (98) perched above my chamber door ;-
Perched upon a (99) lust of Pallas, (100) just above my chamber door, -

Perched and sat, and nothing more.

## Examination $\mathcal{X X T}$. June 6, 1873.

$$
\text { (11:00 A. м. }-12 \mathrm{~m} .)
$$

EXERC1SE.
(1) When, in the (2) course of (3) human (4) events, it (5) becomes (6) necessary for (7) one (8) people to (9) dissolve the (10) political (11) bands which have (12) connected them with (13) another, and to (14) assume, (15) among the (16) powers of the (17) earth, the (18) separate and (19) equal (20) station to which the (21) laws of (22) nature and of nature's God (2:3) entitle them, a (\%4) decent (25) respect to the (26) opinions of mankind ( $22^{\prime \prime}$ ) requires that they (28) should (29) declare the canses which (30) impel them to the (31) separation.

We hold (32) these (33) truths to be (34) self-evident, that all men are (35) created equal ; that they are (36) endowed by (37) their (38) Creator with (39) certain (40) unalienable (41) rights; that (42) among these are life, liberty and the (43) pursuit of (44) happiness. That to (45) secure these rights, (46) governments are (47) instituted among men, (48) deriving their just (49) powers from the (50) consent of the (51) governed; that whetever any form of government becomes (52) destructive of these ends, it is the right of the people to (53) alter or to (54) abolish it, and to institute a (55) new government, (56) laying its (57) foundotion on such (58) principles, and (59) orqanizing its powers In such form, as to them shall (60) seem most (61) likely to
(62) effect their (63) safety and happiness. (64) Prudence, (65) indeed, will (66) dictate that governments long established, (6テ) should not be (68) changed for (69) light and (70) transient causes; and (71) accordingly, all (72) experience hath (73) shown, that mankind are more (74) disposed to suffer, while (75) evils are (76) sufferable, than to right (77) themselves by (78) abolishing the forms to which they are (79) accustomed. But when a long (50) train of (81) abuses and (82) usurpations, (83) pursuing (84) invariably the same (85) object, (86) evinces a (87) design to (88) reduce them under (89) absolute (90) despotism, it is their right, it is their duty, to (91) throw (92) off such govcrnment, and to (93) provide new (94) guards for their (95) future (96) security. Such has been the (97) patient (98) sufferance of these (99) colonies, and such is now the necessity which (100) constrains them to alter their former system of government.

## Examination $\mathcal{X X I T . ~ N o v . ~ 7 , ~} 1873$. $\left(11: 00 \mathrm{~A} . \mathrm{M}^{2}-12: 00 \mathrm{~m}\right.$ )

Exercise-Fable of the Ant and the Grasshopper.
In the (1) winter (2) season, a (3) commonwealih of (4) Ants was (5) busily (6) employed in the (7) management and (8) preservation of (9) their (10) corn, which (11) they (12) exposed to the (13) air in (14) heaps (15) about the (16) avenues of their (17) little (18) country (I9) habitation. A (20) grasshopper who had (21) chanced to (22) outlive the (23) summer, and was (24) ready to starve with cold and (25) hunger, (26) approached them with (27) great (28) humility, and (29) begged that (30) they (31) would (32) relieve his (33) necessity with (34) one (35) grain of (36) wheat or (37) rye. One of the Ants (38) asked him, how
ne had (39) disposed of his time in summer, that he had not taken (40) pains and (41) laid in a (42) stock as they had (43) done. (44) "Alas, (45) gentlemen," (46) says he, "I (47) passed away the time (48) merrily and (49) pleasantly in (50) drinking, (51) singing, (52) dancing, and (53) never (54) once (55) thought of winter." "If that be the case," (56) repleed the ant, (57) laughing, (58) "all I have to say, is, that they who drink, sing and dance in summer, must starve in winter."

## MORAL.

As summer is the season of the (59) year in which the (60) husbandman (61) gathers such (6:) fruits as may (63) supply his (64) necessities in winter, so (65) youth and (66) manhood (67) should be (68) chiefly (69) occupied in (70) providing such (71) necessaries as may (72) suffice for the (73) craving (74) demands of (75) helpless old age. Yet (76) many of (77) those (78) whom we call (79) rational (80) creatures live in (81) quite the (82) opposite (83) way, (84) making it their (85) business to (86) squander whatever they may have (8i) acquired; as if the (88) feebleness of age would (89) need no (90) supplies to (91) support it; or, at (92) least, would have them (93) furnished in (94) some (95) miraculous (96) manner.

From this fable we (97) learn this (98) lesson, never to lose any (99) opportunity of providing against the future evils and (100) accidents of life.

Examination XXXIIT. Feb. 27, 1874.
(3:15 А. м. $-4: 15 \mathrm{~m}$.)

## EXERCISE.

(1) Daniel (2) Webster was (3) grea: in all the (4) olements of his (5) character: great in (6) original (7)
mertal (8) strength ; great in (9) varied and vast (10; acquirements; great in (11) quick and (12) keen (13) perception; great in (14) subtle, (15) logical (16) discrimination; great in (17) force of (18) thought; great in (19) pouter of (20) intense and (21) rigid (22) analysis: great in rare and (23) beautiful (94) combination of (25) talents ; great in (26) ability to (\%i) command his powers; great in (28) ranqe and (29) acuteness of (30) vision, for he (31) could (32) see like a (33) prophet. (34) Hence his (35) decision of character ; his bold. (36) manly, (37) independent though ; his (3S) whole (39) sovereign ty of mind.

No man (40) probably ever lived, who could (41) calculate, with such (42) mathematical (43) certainty, the (44) separate ( 45 ) effect of (46) human (47) actions, or the (48) intricate, (49) combined, and (50) complicated (51) influence of (5:) every (53) morement, (54) social. (55) political or (56) personal. He could (57) define and (58) determine the (59) very (60) destiny of influence. This is the (61) key to the (62) protlem of his (68) greatness, an (61) explanation of the (f5) miracle of his power. We are (66) proud of his greatness, (6\%) because it is (68) American, (69) uholly American! The very (\%) impulses of his (\%1) heart were American.

The (72) spirit of American (73) institutions had (\%4) infused itself into his life--had (75) become a part of his being. He was proud of his (\%6) countiy; proud of her (77) commerce; her art and (\%8) science; her (79) wealth, (80) resources and labor; and all in turn were proud of him. His (81) patriotism was not (82) bounded by the (83) narrow ( 81 ) limits of ( 85 ) sectional (86) interest nor ( 87 ) henmed in by state lines, nor (88) regulated by local (89) policy. It was as (90) broad as his country. He (91) znevo a North and a (92) South, an East and a West; but te knew them only as one-"One and (93) inseparaule!"

Bs a (94) forsenic (95) orator, I know of no age which can boast his (96) superior. He united the boldness and energy of the (97) Grecian, and the (98) grandeur and strength of the Roman, to an original (99) simplicity which neither Grecian nor Roman (100) possessed.

> Examimation X:XIV. Jume 5, 1874.
> (3:15-4:15 Р. м.)
> EXERCISE.

The (1) lesson will (2) begin at the (3) beginning of the (4) treatise.-- (5) Sets of (6) apparatus are (\%) necessary for the (8) illustration of the ( 9 ) physical (10) sciences. On the (11) eighth of (12) February, a (13) Connecticut (14) peddler, (15) wearing $a(16)$ suit of (17) gray (18) clothing, (19) displayed his (20) wares in an (21) avenue of (22) Cincinnati.——The (23) plane of the (24) horizon is (25) horizontal.-(20) Joseph's (?2) brethren sold him to the (28) Ishmaelites.-The (29) oak is a (30) symbol of strength: the vine, of (31) dependence : the (32) cypress, of (33) sorrow: the elm, of (34) elegance: the (35) fir, of (36) symmetry ; and, as an evergreen, of (37) inmortality. -(38) Fur is warm but costly (39) apparel. -The (40) Missouririver empties into the (41) Mississippi.-Strike the loud (42) cymbal.-The (43) judge of the supreme court (44) affirmed the (45) judgment of the lower (46) tribunal.-(47) Ladies and (48) gentlemen, the (49) programme will open with a (50) quartette and (51) chorus. -A (52) council of war was called, and the general (53) counseled with the (54) colonels and (55) civilians present.
"He looked and saw a (56) spacious (57) plain whereon Were tents of various (58) hue; by some were (59) herds

THE REGENTS' QUESTIONS.
Of (60) cattle (61) grazing; others whence the sound Of (62) instruments that made (63) melodious (64) chime.

Hiram had (65) hewers of wood.-None are too young to (66) try._(67) Mathero (68) tries to learn. - The (69) Czar (70) supported his (71) pretensions.-(72) Scholar, (73) soldier, (74) strgeon. (75) s.trgeant, (76) sheriff and (77) sovereign, all begin with $s$.-(78) Binghamton is in (79) Broome county ; (80) Syracuse in (81) Onondaga.(82) Reading, (83) Spelling, (St) Writing, (85) Arithmetic, (86) Grammar and (87) Geography are very important branches of (88) education._James and (89) two other boys were (90) there. - The (91) schooner was lost at (92) sea, (93) off Cape (94) St. Roque.-(95) Their eyes (96) see clearly.-From (97) scenes like these old Scotia's (98) grandeur springs.-(99) "Vanity of (100) vanities, caith the Preacher."

## Examination $\mathcal{X X V}$. Nov. 6, 1874.

(3:15-4:15 Р. м.)

| accordance. | 34 February. | 68 praise. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 2 aggregate. | 35 feeling. | 69 present. |
| 3 although. | 36 following. | 70 pressing. |
| 4 angle. | 37 fragments. | 71 procure. |
| 5 appeal. | 38 fruits. | 72 provincial. |
| 6 apples. | 39 generals. | 73 quantity. |
| 7 applicable. | 40 grammar. | 74 quotient. |
| 8 assist. | 41 gratitude. | 75 receipt. |
| 9 attack. | 42 haudkerchief. | 76 receive. |
| 10 average. | 43 handsome. | 77 regiment. |
| 11 belief. | 44 happen. | 78 resident. |
| 12 betray. | 45 happier. | 79 Rhode Island |
| 13 building. | 46 having. | 80 rousing. |
| 14 bureau. | 47 horizon. | 81 running. |
| 15 business. | 48 hundred. | 82 sealed. |
| 16 collectible. | 49 hurrying. | 83 sensible. |
| 17 committee. | 50 immediately. | 84 services. |
| 18 companies. | 51 initial. | 85 shaking. |
| 19 daylight. | 52 insurance. | 86 spies. |
| 20 department. | 53 language. | 87 stagger. |
| 21 detach. | 54 living. | 88 summit. |
| 22 doctrine. | 55 marble. | 89 surprise. |
| 23 drilled. | 56 militia. | 90 Switzerland. |
| 24 during. | 57 miracles. | 91 symmetry. |
| 25 eagerness. | 58 mischievous. | 92 taught. |
| 26 enemy. | 59 money. | 93 touohed. |
| 27 engineering. | 60 mystery. | 94 transposed. |
| 28 enthasiasm. | 61 occupation. | 95 treasure. |
| 29 envelop. | 62 operation. | 96 trenches. |
| 30 equipage. | 63 orchard. | 97 trying. |
| 31 estimate. | 64 participle. | 98 warmth. |
| 32 everything. | 65 postage. | 99 Wednesday. |
| 33 excellent. | 66 practice. | 100 Yorkville. |

THE REGENTS' QUESTIONE.

## Examination XXVT. Feb. 26, 1876.

> (3:15-4:15 Р. м.)

| 1 ability. | 34 famous. | 68 powder. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 2 accent. | 35 fashion. | 69 prejudice. |
| 3 adjectire. | 36 fruitful. | 70 priesthood. |
| 4 affection. | 37 footstool. | 71 quarrelsome. |
| 5 ague. | 38 furrow. | 72 quotation. |
| 6 alkali. | 39 gauge. | 73 rebellion. |
| 7 amazement. | 40 Glasgow. | 74 recitation. |
| 8 answer. | 41 glue. | 75 reference |
| 9 antique. | 42 guidance. | 76 rhinocero |
| 10 approved. | 43 heathenism. | \%7 roughness. |
| 11 balloon. | 44 hemisphere. | 78 sachel. |
| 12 banquet. | 45 honesty. | 79 saddle. |
| 13 beastly. | 46 hyena. | S0 seasonable. |
| 14 blackguard. | $4 \%$ Island. | 81 shawl. |
| 15 boarder. | 48 Indianapolis. | $8 \%$ sincere. |
| 16 carcass. | 49 issue. | 83 sovereign. |
| 17 cheating. | 50 jubilee. | 84 struggle. |
| 18 compass. | 51 knapsack. | 85 subjection. |
| 19 deception. | 52 kitchen. | 86 synthesis. |
| 20 discernment. | 53 lancet. | 87 talkative. |
| 21 dollar. | 54 laughter. | 88 thistle. |
| 22 dreariness. | 55 Louisiana. | 89 tongue. |
| 23 dungeon. | 56 malicious. | 90 tyranny. |
| 24 dwelling. | 57 matchless. | 91 umbrella. |
| 25 eagle. | 58 middle. | 92 unfairness. |
| 26 election. | 59 mixture. | 93 utterance. |
| 27 embalm. | 60 Missouri. | $9 \pm$ vault. |
| 28 emergency. | 61 nuisance. | 95 watchman. |
| 29 ensign. | 62 nuptial. | 96 wrinkle. |
| 80 Esquimaux. | 63 oblique. | 97 wrong. |
| 81 Europe. | 64 outside. | 98 yearly. |
| 82 exchequer. | 65 patient. | 99 yielding. |
| 88 eye-qalve. | 66 Pennsylvania 67 pompous. | 100 zealous. |

## Examination $\mathcal{X X V 1 I . ~ J u n e ~ 4 , ~} 1876$.

(3:15-4:15 P. M.)

| 1 abolish. | 34 fatigue. | 67 motion. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 2 abridge. | 85 fceble. | 68 neighbor. |
| 3 account. | 36 tlight. | 69 noble. |
| 4 action. | 37 foreign. | 70 numeral. |
| 5 adjourn. | 35 fruit. | 71 officer. |
| 6 advice. | 39 gazette. | 72 orphan. |
| 7 agency. | 40 genius. | 73 oxygen |
| 8 alphabet. | 41 grain. | 74 painting. |
| 9 altar (for sacrifice. | 42 ground. 43 guilt | 75 passion. 76 pigeon. |
| 10 arouse. | 44 harpoon. | 77 policy. |
| 11 auction. | 45 heaven. | 78 precious. |
| 12 ballot. | 46 highness. | 79 priest. |
| 13 balsam. | 47 hymn (song of | 80 pulley. |
| 14 bcauty. | praise). | 81 question. |
| 15 bilious. | 48 idle (doing | 82 quill. |
| 16 biscuit. | nothing). | 83 ransom. |
| 17 blossom. | 49 idol (an image) | 84 receipt. |
| 18 bugle. | 50 immense. | 85 rogue. |
| 19 building. | 51 innocent. | 86 Russia. |
| 20 calico. | 52 January | 87 sailor. |
| 21 canvas (coarse cloth.) | 53 journey. | 88 science. |
| 22 carriage. | 55 juvenile. | 90 spelling. |
| 23 coffee. | 56 kettle. | 91 steam. |
| 24 conjugate. | 57 knife. | 92 temple. |
| 25 cream. | 58 language. | 93 thought. |
| 26 currency. | 59 learning. | 94 training. |
| 27 defect. | 60 luncheon, | 95 utility. |
| 28 discord. | 61 measure. | 96 valiant. |
| 29 dishonesty. | 62 meeting. | 97 vowel. |
| 30 edge. | 63 merit. | 98 weakness |
| 31 equality. | 64 Mississippi. | 99 witty. |
| 32 essence. | 65 monstrous. | 100 southful. |
| 33 excellent. | 66 morocco. |  |

## Examination XXVITI. Nov. 5, 1875.:

$$
(3: 15-4: 15 \text { P. M. })
$$

| 1 about. | 33 dwarf. | $6 \pi$ paint. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 2 academy. | 34 eighteen. | 68 pebble. |
| 3 address. | 35 employ. | 69 perceive. |
| 4 advance. | 36 equity. | 70 pitcher. |
| 5 afoat. | 37 feeble. | $\% 1$ portrait. |
| 6 alcohol. | 38 flower (blos- | \% prison. |
| 7 amusement. | som). | 73 Prussia. |
| 8 anxious. | 39 frighten. | 74 quinsy. |
| 9 auger (tool) | 40 glean. | 75 ransack. |
| 10 autumn. | 41 gouge. | 76 reindeer. |
| 11 babble. | 42 guess. | 77 rinetoric. |
| 12 beard. | 43 hammer. | 78 rye (grain). |
| 13 beau. | 44 health. | \%9 saucer. |
| 14 bear (animal) | 45 Hebrew. | 80 scholar. |
| 15 bare (not cov- | 46 houses. | 81 season. |
| ered). | 47 hyphen. | 8: senior. |
| 16 besiege. | 4 S isthmus. | 83 shears. |
| 17 bravery. | 49 joint. | 84 sleigh (ve |
| 18 brilliant. | 50 judgment. | hicle). |
| 19 bugle. | 51 justice. | 85 soldier. |
| 20 button. | 52 knock. | 86 spoon. |
| 21 calendar, (almanac). | 53 knowledge. 54 languid. | 87 surgeon. 85 telegraph. |
| 22 captive. | 55 league. | 89 Tennesce. |
| 23 catalogue. | 56 light. | 90 type. |
| 24 charcoal. | 57 lyceum. | 91 usher. |
| 25 colonel (offi- | 58 mansion. | 92 useful. |
| cer). | 59 marriage. | 93 valley. |
| 26 comply. | 60 mercantile. | 94 vestige. |
| 27 court. | 61 mighty. | 95 voyage. |
| 28 crown. | 62 motion. | 96 warrant. |
| 29 dairy. | 63 inuslin. | 97 wheel |
| 80 declension. | 64 neutral. | 98 wreck. |
| 81 dialogue. | 65 numbness. | 99 youth. |
| 58 domain. | 66 oyster. | 100 zephyr. |

Examination $\mathcal{X X 1 X X}$. Feb. 25, 1876.
(3:15-4:15 P. м.)

| 1 able. | 35 entrance. | 67 manager. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 2 abroad. | 36 erring. | 68 mechanic. |
| 3 absent. | 37 exhibition. | 69 Memphis. |
| 4 acid. | 38 factory | 70 ministry. |
| 5 acquire. | 39 fanatical. | 71 needful. |
| 6 adjunct. | 40 feature. | 72 neither. |
| 7 amusement. | 41 fiftieth. | 73 neuter. |
| 8 appetite. | 42 fountain. | 74 quinsy. |
| 9 ascension. | 43 genealogy. | 75 opposition. |
| 10 avail. | 44 genuine. | 76 overseer. |
| 11 baggage. | 45 glacier. | 77 painful. |
| 12 barbarism. | 46 goblet. | 78 pasturage. |
| 13 bargain. | 47 grateful. | 79 pearl. |
| 14 between. | 48 greasy. | 80 pension. |
| 15 bitterness. | 49 greatness. | 81 physician. |
| 16 bouquet. | 50 hailstone. | 82 piracy. |
| 17 buckle. | 51 harmonize. | 83 pleasant. |
| 18 butchery. | 5\% haughty. | $8 \pm$ pretension. |
| 19 career. | 53 hoarseness. | 85 quince. |
| 20 capacity. | 54 increase. | 86 ratio. |
| 21 chairman. | 55 insurrection. | 87 reason. |
| 22 choir (singers). | 56 irregular. | 88 ripple. |
| 23 clearness. | 57 Jamaica. | 89 sagacity. |
| 24 coach. | 58 journal. | 90 scent, (odor).. |
| 25 cancel. | 59 knot (of a tree, | 91 section. |
| 26 country. | or of cords). | 92 seraph. |
| 27 deceive. | 60 lamb. | 93 sheriff. |
| 28 delight. | 61 latitude. | 94 Scotch (people) |
| 23 diplomacy. | 62 learen (yeast). | 95 sparrow. |
| 30 distillery. | 63 lessen (to make | 96 twelfth. |
| 31 druggist. | less). | 97 usury. |
| 32 dyspepsia . | 64 lighten. | 98 vengeance. |
| 33 edition.1 | 65 lightning. | 99 widow. |
| 84 embryo. | 66 majesty. | 100 wrestling. |

## Examination XXX: June 9, 1876.

> (3:15-4:15 Р. м.)

| 1 absence. | 35 electricity. | 69 luxury. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 2 absolute. | 36 engage. | 70 machine. |
| 3 accuracy. | 37 epitaph. | 71 marshal. |
| 4 acquaint. | 38 errand. | 72 mingle. |
| 5 admission. | 39 excursion. | 73 mother. |
| 6 alien. | 40 eyebrow. | 74 mutton. |
| $f$ analysis. | 41 faintness. | 75 naughty. |
| 8 apostle. | 42 fearful. | 76 nervous. |
| 9 asylum. | 43 fiction. | $7^{7} 7$ notch. |
| 10 awful. | 44 flattery. | 78 nutrimentm |
| 11 bachelor. | 45 follower. | 79 obey. |
| 12 banner. | 46 fourteen. | 80 obtain. |
| 13 base(found'tion | 47 furnace. | 81 origin. |
| 14 beam. | 48 garrison. | 82 parable. |
| 15 beginning. | 49 gentleman. | 83 people. |
| 16 boundary. | 50 gloomy. | 84 populous. |
| 17 breakfast. | 51 gutter. | 85 princess. |
| 18 cabbage. | 52 handsome. | 86 queen. |
| 19 catarrh. | 53 harness. | 87 ready. |
| 20 centennial. | 54 heathen. | 88 recess. |
| 21 chalk. | 55 hogshead. | 83 remaind |
| 22 choice. | 56 humble. | 90 review. |
| 23 cloud. | 57 hypocrite. | 91 school. |
| 24 conceit. | 58 illness. | 92 secrecy. |
| 25 counsel (advice) | 59 impulse. | 93 sieve. |
| 26 curtain. | 60 injury. | 94 solemn. |
| 27 damsel. | 61 irritate. | 95 subject. |
| 28 daughter. | 62 jack-knife. | 96 thread. |
| 29 decease. | 63 jewel. | 97 tough. |
| 30 discuss. | $6 \pm$ key. | 98 unity. |
| 31 door. | 65 kneeling. | 93 voluma |
| 82 dnnce. | 66 lance. | 100 wrist. |
| 83 dutiful. | 67 lawyer. |  |
| 34 echo. | 68 letter. |  |

## Examination XXXI. Nov. 10, 1876,

(3:15-4:15 Р. м.)

| 1 abandon. | 35 envy. | 63 magnify. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 2 abolition. | 36 cqual. | 70 meal. |
| 3 abstract. | 37 cternity. | 71 mouth. |
| 4 ache. | 38 examination. | 72 multitude. |
| 5 adjourn. | 39 exhaust. | 73 mutual. |
| 6 anchor. | 40 eyeiid. | 74 nail. |
| 7 apology. | 41 fable. | 75 needle. |
| 8 arch. | 42 father. | 76 night. |
| 9 Atlantic. | 43 finish. | 77 number. |
| 10 author. | 44 flash. | 78 occasion. |
| 11 badge. | 45 foolish. | 79 offense. |
| 12 baptism. | 46 fortune. | 80 onion. |
| 13 barometcr. | 47 future. | 81 owl. |
| 14 battery. | 48 gallon. | 8\% parliament |
| 15 bread. | 49 giant. | 83 parcel. |
| 16 butter. | 50 government. | 84 pioneer. |
| 17 button. | 51 guardian. | 85 possible. |
| 18 candle. | 52 half. | 86 quarrel. |
| 19 careless. | 53 hawk. | 87 raspberry. |
| 20 celebrate. | 54 high. | 88 rejoice. |
| 21 cheese. | 55 hollow. | 89 roast. |
| 22 church. | 56 hurricane. | 90 ruffian. |
| 23 coach. | 57 ice. | 91 Sabbath. |
| 24 compact. | 58 impiety. | 92 scourge. |
| 25 copy. | 59 incense. | 93 single. |
| 26 crystal. | 60 instance. | 94 snowball. |
| 27 damagc. | 61 intrigue. | 95 spasm. |
| 28 Decenber. | 62 jelly. | 96 teachel. |
| 29 degree. | 63 judge. | 97 traffic. |
| 30 dewdrop. | 64 kingdom. | 98 ugliness. |
| 31 diphthong. | 65 knuckle. | 99 relocity. |
| $3: 2$ Dutch. | 66 lace. | 100 youngater. |
| 33 election. | 67 liberty. |  |
| 34 energy. | 68 Louisiana. |  |

## Examination XXXXI. March 2, 1877.

(3:15-4:15 Р. м.)

| 1 abhor. | 35 eulogy. | 68 monarch. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 2 accomplish. | 36 excuse. | 69 nature. |
| 3 admire. | 37 fault. | 70 nonsense. |
| 4 agent. | 38 figure. | 71 nurse. |
| 5 Allegany. | 39 fleece. | 72 omission. |
| 6 almanac. | 40 history. | 73 oracle. |
| 7 apparel. | 41 fraud. | 74 ostrich. |
| 8 attorney, | 42 fugitive. | 75 owner. |
| 9 bandage. | 43 gesture. | 76 palmtree. |
| 10 baptize. | 44 glass. | 77 passenger. |
| 11 beef. | 45 granite. | \%8 persuadc. |
| 12 bosom. | 46 gulf. | 79 philosophy |
| 13 bribe. | 47 guinea. | 80 politics. |
| 14 bundle. | 48 heart. | S1 quiet. |
| 15 capable. | 49 history. | 82 rauge. |
| 16 catechism. | 50 hungry. | 83 recollection. |
| 17 census. | 51 imacre. | 84 repair. |
| 18 chasm. | $5 \%$ impossible. | 85 Mussian. |
| 19 cimate. | 53 influence. | 86 Savannah. |
| 20 coat. | 54 iron (i'urn). | 87 sentence. |
| 21 concert. | 55 ivory. | 88 sluould. |
| 22 copper. | 56 jealousy. | 89 sterling. |
| 23 creature. | 57 joyous. | 90 sturgeon. |
| 24 death. | 58 jury. | 91 territory. |
| 25 decimal. | 59 Keutucky. | 92 transitive. |
| 28 devil. | 60 knitting. | 93 usage. |
| 27 dominion. | 61 lameness. | 94 rehicle. |
| 28 drought. | 62 laziness. | 95 weather. |
| 29 dynasts. | 63 liniment. | 96 willing. |
| 30 elbow. | 64 lye (made from | 97 worshipper. |
| 31 elephant. | ashes.) | 98 yeoman. |
| 32 empire. | 65 majority. | 99 zeal. |
| 33 entice. | 66 masculine. | 100 zone. |
| 8 equator. | $6 \%^{\circ}$ mellow. |  |

Examination XXXXIII. June 7, 1877.
(3:15-4.15 Р. м.)

| abase. | 35 extensire. | 68 mineral. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 2 abundance. | 36 facility. | 69 Minnesota. |
| 3 accommodate. | 37 faithless. | 70 myriad . |
| 4 adhere. | 38 fallacy. | ${ }_{11}$ necessary. |
| 5 admiral. | 39 feudalism. | $\underset{\sim}{2}$ Norway. |
| 6 advise. | 40 flail. | 73 orthography. |
| \% argue. | 41 foreiguer. | 74 pair (a couple). |
| 8 arrive. | 42 furthest. | 75 pear (kind of |
| 9 arrow. | 43 fusion. | 76 Persia. fruit |
| 10 await. | 44 gallows. | It play. |
| 11 balance. | 45 gecse. | 78 potential. |
| 12 bankrupt. | 46 glassy. | \%9 progress. |
| 13 battle. | 47 Grecian. | 80 pudding. |
| 14 beyond. | 48 grudge. | 81 quarry. |
| 15 blessing. | 49 gypsum. | 82 rain (drops of |
| 16 breast. | 50 heary. | water). |
| 17 bulletin. | 51 honey. | 83 reign (to rule). |
| 18 cartridge. | 52 Hungary. | 84 routine. |
| 19 caution. | 53 idiot. | 85 sanction. |
| 20 chamber. | 54 imagery. | 80 scout. |
| 21 clean. | 55 impression. | 87 sneezing. |
| 22 comfort. | 56 independence. | 88 teeth. |
| 23 countenance. | 57 Indianapolis. | 89 toast. |
| 2* crockery. | 58 jeopardy. | 90 treatise. |
| 25 daily. | 59 justify. | 91 true. |
| 26 danger. | 60 keeper. | 92 Uruguay. |
| 27 demagogue. | 61 knowing. | 93 vanity. |
| 28 direction. | 62 labyrinth. | 94 victuals. |
| 29 doubtful. | 63 latch. | 95 whale. |
| 30 dulluess. | 64 length. | 96 which. |
| 31 elasticity. | 65 lyre (a kind of | 97 woolen. |
| 32 engross. | harp). | 98 Yucatan. |
| 83 erection. | 66 maiden. | 99 zebra. |
| 84 Earopean. | 67 meadow. | 100 zinc. |

## THE REGENTS' QUESTIONS.

## Exxamination XXXIV: Nov. 8, 1877.

> (3:15-4:15 Р. м.)

| 1 accident. | 35 expense. | 69 mammoth. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 2 acquit. | 36 failure. | 70 mayor. |
| 3 adieu. | 37 fetter. | 71 minute. |
| 4 adversary. | 38 fleet. | 72 multiply. |
| 5 Alabama. | 39 foot. | 73 neatness. |
| 6 album. | 40 fuel. | 74 numerous. |
| 7 animal. | 41 funeral. | 75 object. |
| 8 arithmetic. | 42 gaiter. | 76 ounce. |
| 9 atmosphere. | 43 gallery. | 77 Oregon. |
| 10 axle. | 44 Georgia. | 78 oxen. |
| 11 bail (security). | 45 glove. | 79 Pacific. |
| 12 bale (bundle). | 46 grandeur. | 80 paper. |
| 13 barter. | 47 guard. | 81 pardon. |
| 14 Belgium. | 48 habit. | 82 penny. |
| 15 birch (kind of | 49 head. | 83 place. |
| 16 bottle. tree). | 50 heal (to cure). | 84 psalm. |
| 17 bowl. | 51 heel (of foot). | 85 quick. |
| 18 bubble. | 52 holiness. | 86 raisin. |
| 19 cable. | 53 ignorance. | 87 ream. |
| 30 camphor. | 54 inch. | 88 respect. |
| 21 century. | 55 interest. | 89 scale. |
| 22 cherry. | 56 ivy. | 90 secretary, |
| 23 Cleveland. | 57 jealousy. | 91 sergeant. |
| 24 conscience. | 58 Jesse (man's | 92 snail. |
| 25 county. | 59 July. name) | . 93 spool. |
| 26 debate. | 60 kangaroo. | 94 sammer. |
| 27 debtor. | 61 kitten. | 95 throat. |
| 28 Deity. | 62 ladder. | 96 tooth. |
| 29 double. | 63 lantern. | 97 use. |
| 30 dryness. | 64 leader. | 98 value. |
| 31 eloquence. | 65 lecture. | 99 window. |
| 32 empty. | 66 longitude. | 100 wreath. |
| 33 era. | 67 lumber. |  |
| 34 evening. | 68 magistrate. |  |

## Examination X:X:X'V. Thursday, February 28, 1878.

(3:15-4:15 Р. м.)

1 division.
2 impatience.
3 gradual.
4 landscape.
5 pronoun.
6 grief.
7 appendix.
8 ball.
9 hatchet.
10 poison.
11 noose.
12 riddle.
13 worthy.
14 meat (flesh).
15 chain.
16 Australia.
17 example.
18 brush.
19 rays (of light).
20 oration.
21 Baltic (sea).
22 mackerel.
23 forgiveness.
24 Calcutta.
25 scarcity.
26 joy.
27 atvantage.
28 parallel.
29 busy.
30 elegance.
31 pyramid.
32 heresy.
33 music.
34 palace.

35 against.
36 Oregon.
37 beggar.
38 legion.
39 pillow.
40 manhood.
41 rudder.
$4 \%$ Italy.
43 feather.
44 angel.
45 decency.
46 reader.
tí geography.
48 cannon (gun).
49 miser.
50 budqet.
51 nominative.
52 settlement.
53 glory.
$5 t$ lizard.
55 elock.
56 preacher.
57 malady.
58 comb.
59 extract.
60 quire (of paper).
61 nymph.
6: attention.
63 narrow.
64 peaceable.
65 hallow (to reverence).
66 dozen.
67 hospital.

68 fight.
69 Philadelphia.
T0 raise (to lift).
T1 equinox.
T: barrel.
7.3 massaere.
it diamond.
75 romance.
$\pi 6$ opinion.
IT sausage.
\%s Jericho.
79 cousin.
80 axis.
sl endeavor.
s. reed (a plant).

83 guide.
4 lattice.
s.5 calamity.

86 brain.
st library.
88 intellect.
s9 Delaware.
90 idolatry.
91 publish.
92 tobacco.
43 month.
94 buffalo (animal).
(5) privilege.

06 tissue.
of kernel.
98 Albany.
99 maintenance.
100 quadruped.

| Examination . $\mathrm{E}^{\prime} \mathrm{X}: 1$ TI. |  | Thursday, |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| June 6, $18 \% 8$. (3:15-4:15 P. м.) |  |  |
|  |  |  |
| 1 Aaron. | 36 beetle. | 68 herald. |
| ${ }_{2}$ dazzle. | 37 legislature. | 69 wait (to tarry) |
| 3 garden. | 38 kindred. | 70 existence. |
| 4 umbrella. | 39 Massachusette. | '11 bloody. |
| 5 illustrious. | 40 sea (body of | re million. |
| 6 abusive. | water). | 73 drain. |
| 7 Babylon. | 41 importance. | \% 4 seythe. |
| 8 handle. | $4 \%$ fellowship. | 75 principle (gen- |
| 9 leaf (of a tree). | 43 Austrian. | eral truth). |
| 10 necessity. | 44 deepest. | 76 oppression. |
| 11 keel (of a ship). | 45 tailor (maker of | 77 junior. |
| 12 pageant. | clothes). | 78 chest. |
| 13 magazine. | 46 Genesee. | 79 awkward. |
| 14 calmness. | 47 capture. | 80 religion. |
| 15 acre (of land). | 48 measles. | 81 forgery. |
| 16 effect. | 49 Bengal. | $8: 3$ gooseberry. |
| 17 bamboo. | 50 noise. | 83 loaf (of bread). |
| 18 palsy. | 51 vessel. | 84 circle. |
| 19 oath. | 52 gingerbread. | 85 botany. |
| 20 basket. | 53 leopard. | S6 lunatic. |
| 21 maple-sugar. | 54 cashier. | $8 \%$ indolence. |
| 22 family. | 55 weight | 88 dumbness. |
| ¢2 Canaan. | (heaviness). | 89 Italian. |
| 24 quarter. | 56 memory. | 80 recruit. |
| 2) javelin. | 57 cigar. | 91 principal |
| 26 ragged. | 58 error. | (chief). |
| 27 pewter. | 59threshoid. | 92 mountain. |
| 28 beefsteak. | 60 notice. | 93 brass. |
| 29 elocution. | 61 murderer. | 94 rascal. |
| 30 San Francisco. | 62 seem (to appear) | 95 pontiff. |
| 31 harmless. | 63 nursery. | 96 closet. |
| 32 martyr. | 64 counterfeit. | 97 honorary. |
| 33 seam (a joint). | 65 dial. | 98 growth. |
| 34 appearance. | 66 see (to look) | 99 ambuscade. |
| 35 observe. | 67 fever. | 100 Dutchess (co.) |

Examination IXI:X'TII. Nov. '̃, 1878.
(3:15-4:15 р. м.)

| 1 courage. | 35 board. | 69 bier (for carty- |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 2 taste. | 36 Tuesday. | ing the dead). |
| 3 infamy. | 37 cast. | 70 space. |
| 4 calf. | 38 leakage. | 71 express. |
| 5 occur. | 39 petition. | $\tau 2$ stomach. |
| 6 encroach. | 40 agreeable. | \%3 dentist. |
| 7 accept. | 41 Baltimore. | \% 4 won (did win). |
| 8 yellow. | 4.3 Alee (to hasten). | 75 gender. |
| 9 keunel. | 43 quench. | 76 Lisbon. |
| 10 derout. | $4 \pm$ current (of a | Ti boxes. |
| 11 request. | stream). | 78 session. |
| 12 essential. | 4.5 room . | 79 lily. |
| 13 Potomac. | 46 harrow. | 80 disguise. |
| 14 banker. | 4\% Michigan. | 81 riew. |
| 15 one (number). | 48 barge. | 82 leek (a plant). |
| 16 fatality. | 49 power. | 83 accuse. |
| 178 stall. | 50 glorify. | 84 jail. |
| 18 dagger. | 51 shower. | 85 ridge. |
| 19 warrior. | 5.3 capital (city). | 86 flannel. |
| 20 immersion. | 53 major. | 87 Germany. |
| 21 alum. | 54 Siberia. | 88 captain. |
| 22 rear. | 55 festoon. | 89 patent. |
| 23 floor. | 56 sample. | 90 guest. |
| 24 niece. | 57 addition. | 91 zodiac. |
| 25 currant (fruit). | 58 union. | 92 bathing. |
| 26 Quebec. | 59 mahogany. | 93 monkey. |
| 27 prudence. | 60 earnest. | 94 idea. |
| 28 beer (bever- | 61 Chicago. | 95 flea (insect) |
| age). | 63 jockey. | 96 capitol (edi- |
| 29 pippin. | 63 choose. | fice). |
| 30 Greek. | 64 organic. | 97 Arkansas. |
| 31 dodge. | 65 eclipse. | 98 darkness. |
| 32 twinkle . | 66 matrass. | 99 camel. |
| 33 limb . | 67 woolly. | 100 armies. |
| $3 \pm$ already. | os bleach. |  |


| Examination | $\begin{aligned} & \text {.I.I.IVII. } \\ & (3: 15-4: 15 \text { Р. м. }) \end{aligned}$ | $\text { Feb. } 2 \%, 18 \% 9$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 beginner. | 36 sauce. | $\% 0$ arctic. |
| 2 hearing. | 37 George. | il scene (a view). |
| 3 fabric. | 38 varnish. | \% Hollander. |
| 4 pail (a vessel). | 39 just. | 73 federal. |
| 5 Benjamin. | 40 affliction. | it witness. |
| 6 jar. | 41 torrent. | 75 daisy. |
| 7 safety. | 42 here (in this | Tt pale (color- |
| 8 desire. | place). | less). |
| 9 skeptic. | 43 float. | \% gracious. |
| 10 abject. | 44 defeat. | is sneeze. |
| 11 trophy. | 45 border. | 79 knight (a ti- |
| 12 ear. | 46 in (preposition). | tle). |
| 13 learn. | 47 Mohawk. | 80 assembly. |
| 14 pilot. | 48 disobey. | 81 theme. |
| 15 campaign. | 49 party. | \$2 emancipation. |
| 16 odd. | 50 almost . | s3 Ohio. |
| 17 dress. | 51 oil. | 84 mention. |
| 18 size. | 52 economy. | $s 5$ burial. |
| 19 law. | 53 laundry. | 86 yeast. |
| 20 acknowledge. | 54 primitive. | si'gross. |
| \%1 ulcer. | 55 certificate. | s8 ore (of a |
| 22 infoice. | 56 quorum. | metal). |
| 23 false. | 36 crigantic. | -3 Joseph. |
| 2t water. | So marine. | ¢0 arenue. |
| 25 blow. | 50 ramble. | ! 11 system. |
| U8 Spuin. | 60 anniversary. | 92 hare (an ani- |
| 27 gaming. | 61 seen (to be | mal). |
| 2t oar (of a boat). | seczi. | 93 reply. |
| 29 lieutenant. | 60 excise. | 9t deafness. |
| 80 acive. | 63 fly . | 95 cistern. |
| 31 serpent. | 64 whence. | Win inn (public |
| 3? hair (of the | 4 ${ }^{\text {a }}$ broom. | house). |
| head). | 66 mill. | 97 shanty. |
| 33 rosewood. | ts porcelain. | 98 approach. |
| 34 declare. | 68 Iceland. | 99 finally. |
| 35 Carolina. | 69 refuget. | 100 conclusion. |

Examination .XI:YM. June 5. 1879.
(3:15-4:15 Р. м.)

| 1 Adam. | 36 pillar. | 69 grove. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 2 pencil. | 37 deck. | 70 access. |
| 3 cheap. | 38 straight (not | 71 Hamilton. |
| 4 lake. | crooked). | Te nation |
| 5 bloom. | 39 green. | 73 condemn. |
| 6 indulge. | 40 alone. | 64 kill. |
| 7 damp. | 41 restraint. | Fomasis. |
| 8 Iochester. | 4) mercifnl. | \%9 joke. |
| 9 frietion. | 43 chemist. | 77 defrand. |
| 10 act. | 44 jnstification. | 78 welcome. |
| 11 harmony. | 45 bind. | 79 frigid. |
| 12 loom. | 46 philosopher. | 80 administration |
| 13 Capricorn. | 47 diagram. | 81 heat. |
| 14 match. | 48 vi-ion. | 82 pronit. |
| 15 Boston. | 49 friwht. | $8: 3$ caravan. |
| 16 institute. | 50 abhreviation. | 84 mail (post). |
| 17 establish. | 51 Ireland. | 85 balm . |
| 18 notion. | 5:3 male (mascu- | 86 Steuben. |
| 19 garment. | line). | 87 deacon. |
| 20 apprentice. | 5.3 chase. | Só strait (narrow |
| 21 idleness. | 54 labor. | pass). |
| 22 potato. | 55 back. | ¢0 cipsy. |
| 23 Chautauqua. | 56 imperfect. | 90 atrode. |
| 24 judicial. | 57 cleewhere. | 91 hatch. |
| 25 bank. | 53 negrative. | ge passive. |
| 26 olponent. | 59 main. | 93 certain. |
| $27^{3}$ decision. | (60 arm. | 94 Jefrerson. |
| 2 s miscry. | 61 hoof. | 95 bay. |
| 29 geology. | (2) uncommon. | 95 in vention. |
| 30 Aírica. | 63 Chenango. | 97 dispute. |
| 31 husband. | 64 lei ure. | 9 muscle . |
| 3:3 testament. | 6\% canal. | 99 friend. |
| 33 Christian. | $6 i 3$ reflect. | 100 Asia. |
| 34 k cep. | 97 extend. |  |
| 35 can. | 68 tuition. |  |

the regents' questions.

## Examination XL. Nov. 6, 1879. <br> (3:15-4:15 Р. м.)

1. America. 36. sorry. 69. mutiny.
2. worth.
3. bible.
4. know(to have 70. alive. knowledge.) 71. option.
5. vain (fruit- 38. endurance. 72. groove. less.) 39. rumor. 73. behavior.
6. doctor.
7. affair.
8. purple.
9. payment.
10. polish. 75. disgrace.
11. neglect.
12. clothing.
13. leap.
14. encourage.
15. savage.
16. method.
17. tarry.
18. offer.
19. Isaiah.
20. abrupt.
21. barley.
22. vacation.
23. faithful.
24. consequence 47. libel.
25. herself.
26. plane(a tool.)
27. flood.
28. parish.
29. saloon.
30. abuse.
31. plague.
32. chief.
33. dry.
34. acclamation. 84. knavery.
35. rational.
36. monarchy.
37. quality.
38. chance.
39. common.

18 declaim.
19. rebuke.
20. again.
21. seat
22. clause.
53. beach (of the sea.
54. towel.
55. foe (enemy.)
56. gospel.
86. plain (level land.)
87. antecedent.
88. Emily.
89. pepper.
23. bayonet.
24. warble.
25. finance.
26. waste (loss.)
27. Charlotte.
90. vein (a tube.)
28. triangle.
29. no (negative)
30. appoint.
31. look.
32. collar.
33. bill.
34. leather.
85. Julius.
57. usurp.
58. esteem.
59. painter.
60. ammunition.
61. weary.
91. temperance.
92. mature.
93. beech (kind
62. Harriet.
63. breathe.
64. shoe.
65. doubt.
66. invisible.

67 . waist (of the 100. Jerusalem. body.)
68. extreme.

Examination XLI Feb. 26, 1880.

$$
(3: 15-4: 15 \mathrm{r} . \mathrm{M} .)
$$

The (1) only hope of (2) salvation for the (3) Greek (4) empire and the (5) adjacent (6) kingdoms, (7) would have (8) been (9) some (10) more (11) powerful (12) weapon, some (13) discovery in the art of (14) war, that should (15) give them a (16) decisive (17) superiority (18) over (19) their (20) Turkish (21) focs. The (22) chemists of (23) China or (24) Europe had (25) found, by (26) casual or (27) elaborate (28) experiments, that a (29) mixture of (30) saltpetre, (31) sulphur, and (32) charcoal (33) produces, with a (34) spark of fire, a (35) tremendous (36) explosion. It was (37) soon (38) observed, that if the (39) expansive (40) force were (41) compressed in a (42) strong (43) tube, a ball of (44) stone or (45) iron (46) might be (47) expelled with (48) irresistible and (49) destructive (50) velocity.

The (51) precise (52) era of the (53) invention and (54) application of (55) gunpowder is (56) involved in (57) doubtful (58) traditions and (59) equivocal (60) language; yet we may (61) discern that it was (62) known (63) before the (64) middle of the (65) fourteenth (66) century; and that before the end of the (67) same, the (68) use of (69) artillery in (70) battles and (71) sieges, by (72) sca and land, was (73) familiar to the (74) states of (75) Germany, (76) Italy. (77) Spain, (78) France, and (79) England. The (80) priority of (81) nations is of (82) small (83) account; (84) none could (85) derive (86) any (87) exclusive (88) bencfit from their (89) previous or (90) superior (91) knowledge; and in the (92) common (93) improvement, (94) they (95) stood on the same (96) level of (97) relative (98) power and (99) military (100) science.

## Examination XLII (a), June 3, 1880. (3:15-4:15 Р. м.)

On the (1) twelfth of (2) November (3) seventeen (4) hundred and (5) ninety-two, (6) Christopher (7) Columbus (8) turned his (9) course to the east (10) southeast, to (11) follow (12) back the (13) direction of the (14) coast. This may be ( 15 considered ( 16 ) another (17) critical (18) change in his (19) voyage, (20) which had a (21) g eat (22, effect upon his (23) s dbsequent (24) discoveries. He had (25) proceeded (26) far (20) within what is (28) called the (29) old (30) channel, (31) between (32) Cuba and the (33) Bahamas. (3.1) Three or (3.3) four (38) days (37) later, he (38) would (39) have (40) discovered his (41) mistake in (42) supposing Cuba a (43) part of terra-firma; an (44) error in which he (45) continuel to the (46) hour of his (47) death. IIe (48) might have had (49) intimation (50) also of the (51) vicinity of the (5a) continent, and have (53) stood for the coast of (54) Florida, or have (55) been (56) carried (57) thither loy the (58) gulf (59) stream, or, (60) continuing (61) along Cuba (62) where it (63) bends to the south-west might have (64) struck (65) over to the (66) opposite coast of (67) Yucatan, and have (68) realized his (69) most (70) sanguine (71) anticipations in (72) becoming the (73) discoverer of (74) Mexico. It (75) was (76) sufficient (77) glory for Columbus, (78) however, to have discovered a (79) new (80) world. (81) Its (82) more (83) golden (84) regions (85) were (86) reserved to (87) give (83) splendor to (89) succeeding (90) euterprises. * * * On the 5th of (91) December he (92) reached the (93).
eastern end of Cuba, which he supposed to be the eastern (94) extremity of (95) Asia: he (96) gave it (97) therefore, the name of (98) Alpha and (99) Omega, the (100) beginiug and the end.

Ircing's Columbus, Bookiv, Chapter $\mathbf{r}_{\text {, }}$

Examination : MLII (b), June 17, 1880. (3:15-4:15 Р. м.)
(1) New York, (2) cite of the (3) thirteen (4) original (5) states of the ( 6 ) United States of ( 5 ) America, (8) now the (9) most (10) imprtant in (11) population and (12) wealth, (13) occupies an (14) irregular (15) triangular (16) area from the (17) Athantic (18) Ocean to the (19) great (29) lakes. The state is (21) four (22) hundred and (2:3) twelve (24) miles from (25) east to west, (26) three humdred and (27) eleven from north to (28) south, with an (99) area of (30) fortyseven (81) thousam (33) square miles, or (33) thirty 34) million ( 35 ) cight hundred thousand (36) acres; 37) bounded north by Lake (33) Erie, Lake (39) Ontario, the (40) river (41) St. Lawrence, and (42) Canada; east by Lake (43) Champlain, the states of (44) Vemont, (45) Massuchusetts, and (46) Connecticut and by the Athantic Ocean; sonth by the ocean, (47) New Jersey and (49) Penneylvania; west by Pennsylrania, the (49) Niagara river, and the lakes (50) which (51) make (52) its irregular (53) north-western (54) boundary. The state has (50) sixty (56) counties. Its (57) chief (58) towns (59) are New York (60) city, (61) Albany, the (62) capital, (63)

## THE REGENTS' QTESTIONS.

Buffalo, (64) Rochester, (65) Oswego, (66) Troy, (67) Hudson, (68) Syracuse, (69) Utica, etc. ***The state is (70) traversed by (71) railway (72) lines in (73) every (74) direction. The (75) centre is (76) beautified by (77) many (78) picturesque lakes, and (79) some (80) portions by fine (81) mountain (82) scenery. *** The ( $8: 3$ ) soil, (84) particularly that of the western and (85) limestone (86) region, is (87) very (88) fertile, (89) producing the (90) finest (91) wheat, (92) maize, (93) apples, (94) peaches, etc. in (95) abundance. *** The state (96) constitution was (97) adopted in 1777. In 1825 , the ( 98 ) opening of the Eric Canal gave a great (99) impetus to the (100) prosperity of the state. Chambers' Encyclopodia.

## Examination X'LIII, Nov. 11, 1880.

 (3:15-4:15.)
## A DAy's Journey through our state.

To (1)show in (2)another (3)light (4)how (5)intelligence will (6)give us (7)pleasure in the (8)ordinary (9)course of our (10)lives, let us (11)compare the (12) experience of (13)difierent (14)persons (15)traveling ( 15 through our (17)own state, from its (18)western (19)borders to the (20)city of (21)New York. (22) Sturting from the (23)great (24)cataract of (25)Niagara, (26)where (27)even the (28)most (29)ignorant will ( 30 )feel the ( 31 )grandcur of the ( 32 )scene, the man with a (33)reasonable (34)knowledge of the state in (35)which he (36)lives, will (37)see (38)along the (39) whole (40)course of the (41)journey, (42)objects which
will (43)constantly (44)arrest his (45)attention, (46)recall (47)facts in (48)history or (49)science, and which will (50)engage his mind with (51)healthful and (52) instructive (53)thoughts. He will (54)notice at the (55)outset, (56)upon the (57) south, the (58)range of (59)highlands (60)reaching from Lake (61)Erie to the (62)flanks of the (63)Allegany (64)mountains. Its (65)elevation is not great, but in (66)many (67)ways it is the (68)most (69)remarkable (70)water-shed upon the (71)face of our (72)globe. When be (73)crosses the (74)Genesee (75)river, he sees its (76)current (77) hurrying to the north to (78)mingle with the (79)cold (80)water of the (81)Gulf of (82)St. Lawrence, and the (83)oceans which (84)cover the (85)arctic (86)regions, and he ( 87 khows that its (88)sources are (89) interlocked with (90)those of the Allegany, which find (91)their (92)outlet in the (93)tepid waters of the Gulf of (94) Mexico. A (95)little (96)farther on, the (97)springs which feed the branches of the ( 98 )Susquehanna run down the southern (99)slopes of the (100)Chesapeake bay.-Horatio Seymour.

## Examination XLIV, MLarch 3, 1881. (3:15 to 4:15 P. м.)

WASHINGTON AS PRESIDENT ELECT.
From the (1)moment it had (2)become (3)certain that the (4)constitution was to go into (5)effect, (6)Washington had been (7)very (8)warmly (9)pressed by (10)numerous (11)correspondents not to (12)decline that. (13)position for which he was so well (14)qualified by the (15)ehoice and (16)confidence of the (17)whole (18)nation. The (19)general (20)ex-
pectation that he (21)would be (22)president had (23)contributed not a (24)little to (25)calm (26)excitement (27)against the new constitution, and to give its (28)friends a (29)decided (30)predominance in the choice of (31)members of the first (32)Congress.

Washington (33)desired to (34)proceed to New York (35)privately, but the (36)fow of (37)veneration and (35)gratitude could not be (39)suppressed. Haring been (40)entertained by his (41)neighbors of (42)Alexandria, he was (43)welcomed to (44)Maryland by a (4.4)crowd of (46)citizens (47)assembled at ( 48 ) Gcorgetown. At the (49)frontier of (50) Pennsylvania he met by a large (51)escort, and a (52)magnificent (53)reception was giveu at (54)Philadelphia, where the State (55) officers, (56)trustees of the (57)university, officers of the (58)Cincinnati (59)soriety, and the ( 50 )mayor and (61)common (62)eouncil (63)waited on him with (64)their (65)congratulations.

The next day Washington (66)crossed into New (67)Jersey. The (68)people of (69)Trenton (70)remembered the ( 71 battles ( $\%$ )fought in their (73)vicinity twelve (74)years before, and (75)nowhere was his reception more (i6)graceful and (77)touching. On the (78)bridge (79)across the (80)stream which ( 81 )flows (82)through the ( 83 )town into the (81)Delaware, a (85)triumphal ( 86 ) arch had been ( 87 )erected, ( 88 )supported on ( 89 )thirteen (90)pillars (91)trimmed with (92)evergreens, (93)flowers and (94)laurel. Here a (95) group of ( 96 )matrons and young (97)misses (98)dressed in white, ${ }^{\bullet}$ began, as he (99)apmroached, to sing an ode prepared for the (100)occasion.

## Examination XLV, June 16, 1881. (3:15 to 4:15 P. M.)

The (1)United (2)States are (3)situated in the north (4)temperate (5)zone, in the (6)central part of North (7)America, and (8)between the (9)same (10)parallels of (11)latitude as (12)southern (13)Europe, the (14)Mediterranean (15)sea, (16)northern (17)Africa, central (18)Asia, and (19)Japan.

This (20)country (21)possesses (22)nearly (23)every (24)varicty of (25)climate, (26)owing to its (27)great (28)extent, its (29)position on the (30)globe, and (31)differences in (32)elevation.

The states (33)remarkable for (34)their (35)agricultural (36)products are (37)those in the (3S)eastern (39) half of the (40)Union; (41)grain, (42)fruits, and (43)vegetables in the north, and (44)cotton, (45tobacco, (46)rice, and (47)sugar in the south.

The (48)prairie land of (49)Ohio, (50)Indiana, (51)Illinios, (52)Michigan, (53)Iowa, (54)Missouri, (55)Arkaasas, (55)Kansas, and (5i)Nebraska, is remarkable for its (58) fertility.

The (59)principal (60)ports of (61)foreign (62)commerce are New York and (63) Boston in the north, New (64)Orleans in the south, and San (65)Francisco in the west; of inland commerce, are St. (66)Louis (67)Chicago, (68)Cincinnati, (69)Buffalo, (70)Cleveland, (71)Detroit, and ( $\boldsymbol{7} 2$ )Milwaukee.
(73)Florida is remarkable for its (74)low, (75), marshy (76)surface, and its (77)tropical climate. It is a (78)celebrated (79) winter (80)resort for (81)invalids from the north. Its (82)forests are (83)exteu-

## THE REGENTS' QUESTION*.

sive, and (84)yield live (85)oak (86)timber, which is 87) valuable for ship (88)building.

The northern (89)boundary of New York is (90)exactly ( 91 )midway between the ( 92 )equator and the north (93)pole.
(94)Virginia is (95)mountainous in the west; its surface (96)slopes (97)toward the (98)Chesapeake 199) bay; its (100)valleys are noted for their fertility.


THE REGENTS' QUESTIONS.




[^0]:    768. What is the capital of California, and (769) on wnat river is it situated?

    7r0. What river forms most of the boundary between Marvland and Virginia; and (771) where does it empty?
    772. Mention and describe the largest eastern branch of the Mississippi river.

    773-775. Name the three largest of the West India Islands.
    776. What and where is Terra del Fuego?
    777. What countries constitute Great Britain ?
    778. What sea lies between Italy and Turkey ?
    779. Wbat mountains on the east of Norway?
    780. What larger river empties into the Black Sea from the west?
    781. What mountain between the Chinese Empire and Hindoostan?
    782. Where is the Empire of Japan, and (783) of what docs it consist?
    784. Where is the Island of St. Helena (nearest which grand division, and in what ocean)?

[^1]:    908. How many degrees is the Tropic of Capricorn from the North Polar circle?
    909. What mountain range is the water-shed between the western tributaries of the Mississippi and the riven which empty intw the Pacific?
    910. What city on an island in the St. Lawrence opposite the mouth of the Ottawa river?

    911-914. What States are drained in part by the Connecticut river?
    915. Near what parallel of latitude is Philadelphia?
    916. What parallel forms part of the S. boundary of New York?

    917-922. Mention six states and territories directly between St. Louis and San Francisco?
    923. Where is the Sierra Nevada range?

    004 . What city near the mouth of the Mississippi?
    9:35-926. What peninsulas indent the Mexican Gulf?
    927. What sea east of Central America?
    928. What isthmus between Mexico and Central Amcrica?

    929-930. Mention two countries of South America that are crossed by the equator?
    931. What republic has Europe?
    932. What large peninsula between the Baltic sea and the Atlantic? (933) Between the North sea and the Baltic?
    934. What mountain-chain traverses Italy ?
    935. On what river of Italy is Rome situated ?
    936. What country lies east of the Red sea?
    937. What country north of the Chinese empire?
    988. In which one of the fire zones is most of Asia?
    939. What large gulf indents the west coast of Africa \&
    940. What large island belongs to Africa?
    941. In what direction from Persia is Australia?

    042-943. In which two zones is Australia?
    944. To what government does Australia belong?

[^2]:    1289-90. What rivers drain the lakes of Central New York?

    1291-93. Mention the 3 largest of these lakes.
    1294-97. Each of two islands of New York is a county (under another name): give the island name and the county name of each.

    1298-1301. Which is the largest island of New York, and into what counties is it divided?

    1302-4. Bound three countries of South America. 1305. What city of France is the seaport of Paris?
    1306. What mountain chain traverses Italy?
    1307. What sea between Italy and Turkey?

    1308-11. Mention four great seas on the west of Asia.
    1312. What river empties into the Dead Sea?
    1313. What is the capital of the Turkish Empire?
    1314. Of China?
    1315. Of Brazil?
    1316. Of Ecuador?
    1317. What large island south of Hindoostan?
    1318. What tropic crosses Hindoostan and China?
    1819. What is the most noted product of China?

    1320-23. Mention the four principal bodies of water on the coast of Africa; and

    1324-25. Two islands in S. Latitude, one east and one west of Africa.
    1326. How is the fertility of Egypt annually renewed?

    1327-29. In what zones is Africa?

[^3]:    "The State of New York, (1) one of the (2) thirtiens (8) original (4) states of the (5) Arrerican (6) Union, is (7) wounded on the north by (8) Canada, fron which it is (9) aparated by Lake (10) Ortario and the (11) St. Lawrinco

