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In the name of Allah the Most Merciful the Most Compassionate

The Periodic Report of the Southern Observatory for Human Rights (SOHR) for May 2011.

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It is no longer a secret the ugliness of what is committed by the Yemeni regime of serious violations, rank to crimes against humanity, of killing and suppression against the people of the south who are struggling for their freedom and independence.

Through hatching plots and conspiracies and creating a state of lawlessness, and straining the situation and creating chaos and unrest, and intimidating the citizens and making them worried for their lives from danger, and diverting them from their national issues, making them trace their daily life, the regime works to neutralize the south of what is going on from the events in its capital, and planting confusion among the national liberation forces to play their role at the right moments. All of these are designed to isolate the south and keep it under the domination of the Yemeni regime and feet.

In an escalation of the position of the Yemeni regime, it has unleashed armed groups to take control over everything in the city of Zanzibar, the provincial capital of the southern governorate of Abyan, for messing public tranquility, its first and last victims are the civilian population. Here they are today marching towards the province of Aden to add salt to injury, and makes the south go through a cycle of armed violence, victims are no concern for them. All of this to keep the south in the grip of the Yemeni regime and under its dependence and to deprive the southern people from the opportunity to restore and regain sovereignty over their territory.

The Southern Observatory for Human Rights (SOHR), while initiating to expose the practices of the Yemeni regime against the south its people of plots and intrigues, their victims are the southern citizens, who have become not safe for their lives and existence, Here it is seeking to alert the international community about what is being plotted against the south, asking them to move quickly to save it from the scourge of the Yemeni regime and the protection of the citizens.

In a meeting convened by the Secretary-General of the Observatory with the head of the Arab Administration in the United Nations High Commissioner for Human Rights on Tuesday, May 31, it was discussed the possibility of convening a special session of the Human Rights Council to consider those crimes of the Yemeni regime, and submit

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them to the UN Security Council to stop them. The Southern Observatory is still struggling to find an international lobby and organizations to achieve this humanitarian endeavor.

In the context of performing its functions, the Southern Observatory for Human Rights (SOHR) during the month of May was able to monitor and document a number of gross violations of human rights in the south, amounted to thirteen case of extrajudicial killings, and thirty-five cases of attempted murder, their wounds vary as a result of the penetration of bullets in their bodies, in addition to twelve detainees and damaging fifteen houses as a result of shelling those houses by the forces of the authorities, and displacing thousands of families from their homes.

Killed and injured outside the scope of the law:

Authority forces are still pursuing the method of murder towards the Southern Movement activists and the Southern Youth Revolution, through firing live bullets on their peaceful demonstrations, indifferent to their lives and blood. This method, which expresses the obnoxious hatred towards every southern anti-regime, comes from the south. Thus the regime's forces commit shameful crimes against humanity, not applied to limitation, and impunity.

In an exchange of fire occurred in the town of Je'ar on Friday, May 20, between the Yemeni army forces and unknown gunmen, the younger brother of a member of the soccer national team player, Waseem Al-Qaar, was killed by random bullets of the army troops towards pedestrians and homes of citizens without regard for their safety.

The Web site "Aden Alghad" said that the young man Osama Ahmed Kassem Albakhshi was severely wounded on Thursday evening, May 19, when soldiers of the Yemeni Central Security Forces fired live ammunition at a mass rally organized by the Peaceful Southern Movement in the governorate of Aden, to commemorate the event of "the Southern Prisoner's Day." While those forces were not satisfied only by hurting him, but also proceeded to arrest him bleeding. Another young person had been already wounded by bullets of the Central Security forces on Tuesday, May 17, from the neighborhood Mualla, during his participation in a demonstration to protest about the frequent power outages for long hours.

Soldiers of the Central Security on Wednesday, May 18, in a absurdity fired on citizens in the public market of the city of Al-Houta in Lahej governorate, which consequently led to the injury of two people, the first named Ameen Mohammad Mohsin al-Bahri and the second named Abd al-Malik, a vendor of khat. A number of the people in the town of Al-Houta, said to "Aden Alghad" website that security soldiers fired amid the public market of the city of al-Houta, which reveals the disregard for the lives of people, pointing out that the throwing of a stone by a child at a military patrol must not require these forces to fire randomly at people.

The Aden News Agency mentioned that two people were wounded on Wednesday, May 11, by a military patrol belonging to the Yemeni army which opened fire indiscriminately to disperse crowds of protesters were gathered in main crossroads in response to a call for a general strike by the February 16th Youth Revolution in the city of Aden. A medical source in al-Naqeeb Hospital said the hospital received an

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injured named Abed Rabbo Ahmed Awad, shot in the thigh.

In a reflection to the nervous situation experienced by the soldiers of the authorities, they behave hysterically when dealing with citizens, for on Saturday, May 7, they shot a khat vendor refused to give them "khat" without paying for it. Following an altercation with him a gun was directed towards him to be killed on the spot. The person is named Othman, a native from Zanzibar, along with killing another person named Tahir Al-Badani, works in a welding workshop, and the wounding of another citizen by their random bullets. The Aden News Agency reported that the people expressed their displeasure with the actions of those forces towards the citizens, describing them by "thugs" "as there was no reason to open fire and kill civilians.

A report by human rights activist, Ahmed Rabizi, revealed that the names of five killed and nineteen wounded among 24 victims killed on Wednesday, May 4, by troops of the Yemeni security when they fired hysterically on citizens in the public market of the city of Zanzibar for fear of sounds of shooting they believed that it targeted them, and they are as follows:

Names of killed:

- 1 Abdo Mohamed Abdo al-Hakami (40 years).
- 2 Saleh Alawi Almrakshi (35 years).
- 3 Abdul-Malik Ahmad Salem (33 years).
- 4 Ahmed Rashid al-Jaradi (32 years).
- 5 Mohammed Abdu al-Rimi (24 years).

The names of wounded:

- Hassan Mohammed Hassan	- Mehdi al-Turki Saeed	- Ali Hussein al-Jaradi
- Yahya Abbas Ghellab	- Mohammed Rashad Mohammed Abdul Habib	- Farhan Abdullah al-Sharabi
- Ali Ibrahim Mohamed	- Saleh Mohammed al-Fadhli	- Osama al-Jawla
- Mukhtar Salim Ahmed	- Mohammed Saleh Mansour al-Wa'al	- Saeed Ahmed Alhejj Hassan
- Anwar Ibrahim Salem	- Fahmi Ali Salem	- Mohammed Abdullah Hassan
- Abd al-Fattah Ali Abdo	- Ali Ahmed Ali Lajam	- Mohsen Ahmed Shaddadi
- Mohammed Abdullah Hassan		

The martyr, Saleh Youssef Ahmed Omar, was killed on Monday, May 2, when units of the army and the Central Security tried to break into the neighborhood of Al-Saada in the governorate of Aden, and firing towards the neighborhood, including heavy fire towards inhabited houses, which resulted in the injury of the martyr caused his death later.

Arbitrary arrests against activists of the Southern Movement:

Arbitrary arrests are common, for the forces of the authorities resort to as a punishment against the activists of the movement and as a message to intimidate their supporters. These arrest are launched in arrogance and without the simplest legal procedures. By this pattern of abuse, the detainees remain at the mercy of their executioners, without legal protection, but often with no defined fate or place of

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detention.

On May 29 a hundred days had passed since the abduction of the field commander, Hassan Ahmed Ba'oum, the head of the Supreme Council of the Southern Movement and his son, the political activist Fawaz Ba'oum, whose their fate is still unknown till this day, and after they were abducted by a group of soldiers of the authorities on February 20 from the bed of nursing in al-Naqeeb Hospital, and taking them to an unknown destination. This is what led to the concern of the Southern Movement factions and their supporters and members of their family for this enforced disappearance may harm their lives. Therefore, the case of the enforced disappearance of the leading figure Ba'oum and his son Fawaz is a blatant example of the human rights violations committed by the forces of the Yemeni regime against the southerners. The human rights activist, Ahmed Rabizi, called for a solidarity campaign to condemn these violations and called for the disclosure of their fate and releasing them immediately. The call was responded widely by the people in the south.

In a continuation of the operations of the seizure of the land of the southern people and for the acts of armed groups took over the lands of the Assembly of the Sons of the Martyrs, the senior director of the security of Aden Governorate on Sunday, May 29, arrested Ali Abdul Rab al-Aseeri, the Secretary General of the assembly, for defending those lands and standing in the face of who wants to take them. The website "Marib Press" cited that the members of the assembly held the security manager responsible for the safety of Al-Aseeri and the safety of their lands.

Security force on Saturday, May 28, raided on the house of the political activist, Akram al-Shatir, located in the city of al-Houta in the governorate of Lahej, but he was not at home. While the raid caused panic among women and children.

The website "Aden Alghad," reported that a military force backed by armored vehicles on Thursday, May 26, surrounded the village of Gul Madrm in the district of Masimir, firing on a number of houses, and then raided the house of the political activist, Ali Abdullah Saleh Al-Khulaifi, and arresting him. The Aden News Agency reported that regime's forces prevented Al-Khulaifi of participating in his father's funeral, and even he was not allowed to visit him on his deathbed.

Yemeni security forces proceeded on Thursday May 26, to the arrest Abdul Aziz Adel Mahyoub, aged fifteen year, against the backdrop of writing the word "leave" on a wall. Al-Omna'a Newspaper quoted from the father of the child: "My son was attacked by security personnel belong to the Central Security near the house when they saw him writing the word "leave" on the wall of the house, then five armed soldiers pulled him and used against my son the method of psychological pressure og threats and intimidation, which was practiced during the investigation and vowed to deport the members of our family."

Aden News Agency reported that the soldiers of a checkpoint in at an entrance to the city of al-Baida governorate, on Saturday, May 21, arrested Dr. Nasser Ahmed Alnamsi, the specialist in the acoustic wave device, without mentioned reasons.

A power force at the checkpoint of the entrance to the city of Tarim, Hadramout

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Governorate, arrested seven activists of the Southern Youth Movement, were riding in a passenger bus leaving the city at the dawn of Friday, May 20, they are: Marei Bin Atef, Adel Alhmisa, Salem Al-Khaima, Majid Bin Atef, Anwar Baeshen , Abdul Aziz Hamid and Rami Jerwan. The Aden News Agency reported that the activists were accompanying the head of the Southern Youth and Student Movement, Fadi Baom, who might be the one wanted in the inspection which reached their car and then arresting them.

After two months of arresting the activist, Ahmed al-Juaim, transferred between the detention cells of the authorities, the security authorities released him on Saturday, May 14. In an interview with the Aden News Agency Al-Juaim said that he spent time traveling between the cells of the military intelligence and political security (intelligence) in the district of Tawahi - Aden. He accused security officials of torturing, beating and oppressing him physically and psychologically through continuous shifts of investigation throughout the period of detention.

Security forces abducted activist "Ahmed Al-Juaim" on March 11 in the district of Khormaksar, in a campaign arrests reached others in conjunction with the suppression of peaceful demonstrations began on the same day.

Security authorities arrested at Aden Airport on Friday, May 6, the political activist and Muhessin Waheeb Ba'abad, the Head of the Psychology Department at the Faculty of Education – Saber district, and took him to the building of the Political Security Department, and interrogating him about his activities and its relationship to Southern Movement, and the reasons of traveling to Cairo. The Web site, "Aden Alghad" said that the security authorities prevented him from traveling during the preparedness to get on the plane which was on its way to the Egyptian capital - Cairo on Thursday morning.

Armed attacks and besieging cities:

According to reports from the city of Zanzibar, the provincial capital of Abyan governorate, that armed elements took control on Friday, May 27, over a number of security headquarters, institutions and government banks in the city after armed clashes with government security forces led to killing and wounding dozens in both parts.

The website "Life of Aden", said that "armed clashes continued between armed groups and security forces since the early morning hours and late into the evening of Friday, military aircrafts were also seen flying in the sky, while the electrical power was completely cut off, which sowed terror and fear and took off serenity and tranquility from the hearts of the civilians of children, women and elders.

The website "Almasdar Online" reported that those events were unannounced, and many people wondered about them, but they accused the Yemeni President of the collusion and implementation of previous warnings had been said by him, that "Al Qaeda will take over a number of cities as he leaves power."

The website, "Aden Alghad" cited that on the morning of Sunday, May 29, at least five people, including women and children, were killed in clashes that erupted

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between armed elements and soldiers of the military in the city of Zanzibar. The people described the clashes as the most violent in the history of the city since the war of 1994 summer waged by the regime of the Yemen Arab Republic on the south, which led thousands of families to flee towards the districts of Abyan governorate in the north and Aden in the west.

The Aden News Agency reported that a number of houses in "Bajaddar" in the city of Zanzibar had been partially destroyed including the house of Brigadier General, Mohammad Danba, and the house Alawi al-Jarh and Khawlah Girls School. Other houses in the neighborhood of "Sawahil" were also damaged including the house of Saeed Dabsh, Ali Suliman, and the house of Hussein Ramadan, whose daughter was injured by shrapnel in the head.

In a desperate appeal published by the human rights activist, Ahmed Rabizi, in which he appealed "to quickly save the people of the city of Zanzibar and rescue and protect them from the futility of those who abuse the security of their safe city", and "to work to lift the families trapped in the neighborhoods that are under indiscriminate bombing."

According to the Observatory's communications, the situation is still critical; moreover the events have expanded to neighboring areas, particularly the cities of Je'ar and Coad, which became under indiscriminate bombing from air, land and sea. The humanitarian situation has become more dramatic, as dead bodies litter the streets with a lack of medical aid to many of the wounded who can not get access to al-Razi Hospital, which was packed with injured and suffering from lack of first-aid and surgical materials. The people also suffer from the deficiency in food and a lack of clean drinking water, with a break in the electricity and communications and a shortage of fuel for automobiles.

For this tragic situation the Southern Observatory for Human Rights on Monday, May 30, issued an appeal to the international humanitarian organizations and the International Committee of the Red Cross, urging them to quickly relief the victims of those events. The Secretary-General of the Observatory, Abdul Rahman Musibli, met the official of the Middle East and North Africa in the Office of the UN High Commissioner for Human Rights, inviting him to move necessarily to stop those battles whose victims are civilians. (See Communiqué Section of the Observatory).

The Yemeni army forces stationed in Radfan districts, in the province of Lahej, on Saturday, May 21, launched an assault targeted the city of Habilityn, since it launched intermittently and random bombing at the houses and the public market of the city. The bombing caused a state of panic and fear among the people living the city and surrounding villages.

The forces of the army repeated their attacks on Saturday, May 28, when they targeted a market crowded with shoppers. The Aden News Agency reported that the bombing continued until the afternoon, and resulted in the damaging many houses including the houses of Ahmed Seif, Al-Habash and the house, Hussein Saeed Al-Jamali, and the house of Qasim Bin Qasim.

In a continuation of the attacks which continued on Sunday and Monday May 29 and 30 May, three people from same family were injured on Monday, they are: Yassin al-

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Habash, Samer Al-Habash and Sadik Al-Habash, from the northern governorate of Taiz and live in the city Habilyn, since they were wounded by a shell fell onto the building they live in according to Aden News Agency. Fursan Mohammed Abdul Majid and Walid Saeed Bin Saeed were also moderately wounded, in addition to damages in some homes and institutions, including a mosque, police, al-Sunnah Mosque, and the house of Al-Rabeai, Hawshabi, Al-Masha'ali and Fahmi Al-Radfani, located in the old market.

In a continuation of the clashes witnessed in "Irr Mount" in the district of Yafea since Thursday, April 20, between the forces of the Yemeni army stationed there and the people of the area because of repeated attacks of the army of the authorities on the homes of citizens of the region, which caused the people to defend themselves to against these attacks, The Aden News Agency reported that the clashes raged on Sunday, May 1, and the resisting citizens were able to take over the camp and some of its barracks.

And to continue to the resistance of the people of the area to the attacks the army, the resisting people, on Monday, May 2, could take over the camp completely, which led to the declaration of the soldiers to surrender, asking security and allowance to withdrawal and evacuation of the camp. According to Sada Aden website, the resisting citizens allowed the soldiers to withdraw, while the citizens broke into the Mountain and seized the camp completely.

The Aden News Agency reported that the citizen Adel Hussein Al-Salahi was killed while taking part in facing the aggression of the forces of authorities, Yousif Saleh al-Hakam was also wounded, as well as Mohammed Abu Bakr al-Mushakis and Ali Hussein. A report prepared by the activist Saleh Lajori mentioned that the clashes also resulted in the injury of Abdel-Salam Al-Maflahi, Nasser Abdullah Haitham and Fikri Ali Saleh Al-Sayed.

In a later development, according to the Aden News Agency that on the next day, Tuesday, May 3, warplanes bombed the Irr Mountain, caused the injury of the citizen Mohammed Awad Mohammed Almajohi, Mohammed Saleh and Ahmed Salim Saleh.

According to the "Al-Nakhbi Network" news website, the names are as follows:

Killed:

- 1 - Abdul Salam Saeed Al-Turki.
- 2 - Abdullah Faridi.

Wounded:

- 1 – Fikri al-Sayed.
- 2 – The wife of Muhammad Ali Khudairi.
- 3 - Qahtan Mohammed Saleh Tmbh.
- 4 - Abdul Aziz Al-Mansuri.
- 5 Arif al-Rubaie.

" Al-Nakhbi Network" pointed out that the indiscriminate shelling launched by the Republican Guard forces resulted in severe damage to some public properties and residences of citizens, especially in the areas of Al-Haad, near the the camp, they are as follows:

Almhaji area:

- 1 – The house of Mussa Ahmed Al-Marfadi.
- 2 - Ahmed bin Ahmed Almarci
- 3 – The clinic of Dr. Ahmed Saleh Abdullah
- 4 – Almhaji Mosque
- 5 – Almhaji School.

Al-Haad:

- 1- The house of Saleh Salem Khudairi
- 2 - The house of Saleh Ahmed al-Haidi.
- 3- The house of Ali Abdellah al-Haidi.
- 4- A brick factory owned by Ahmed Saleh al-Jabri.

Dan Valley area:

- 1- The house of Abdullrab Ahmed Muthana.
- 2 - The house of Abdul-Rahman Ahmed Kassem.
- 3 - Tthe home of Ali Abdul Rab.
- 4- The house Saleh Saad al-Okabi.

Al-Darb area:

- 1 - the house of Saleh Mohsen Abdo Ahmed.
- 2 - burning an electric generator belong to al-Khirba area.
- 3 – Damages to houses of Aal-Saad in the valley of Dan in al-Haad.
- 4 – Damages to a number of houses in Marfad area.
- 5 - the burning of farms by artillery fire.

In a denounced attack, forces of the authorities on Monday, May 2, proceeded to storm the neighborhood of Al-Saada in Khormaksar in the governorate of Aden, and fired indiscriminately at the houses, causing many damages to them, and caused the citizen Saleh Yusuf to die inside his house. The website Sada Aden said that among the targeted houses are a number of houses of political opponents, including counselor's house, Hamza Saleh Mukbil, which was considerably damaged. On the other hand, the children of the lawyer Yahya Ghalib Shuaibi, the leader in the Southern Movement, were surprised when they returned to their home located in the neighborhood of Al-Saada, for being exposed to heavy fire and in a targeting manner to the bedroom which is still having the remnants of bullets, as well as the doors and windows of the house. The lawyer Yahya Shuaibi said commenting about the incident, that "this is a cowardly act, but it is expected and not strange and this is the psychology of hatred and conspiracy and intimidation, but this will only increase the stability and strength in our struggle."

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Violations against the press and journalists:

In light of the security chaos that is living in the areas of southern Yemen to coincide with the escalation of protests demanding the disengagement in the south and the revolution of change that aims at the ouster of the President of Yemen in the north and entering the country in a dangerous turn that inspires a civil war, acts of repression, attacks and killings are growing against the southern journalists, whether they are working with southern or northern media institutions.

On May 30 of the current year, the Yemeni Ministry of Communications Service suspended the international communications and the landline phones from Sabafon that works - in addition to the northern areas - in the south.

According to the Almasdar online website, the customers of the telecommunication company complained about not being able to receive international calls or phone calls from landline phones as well as for the interruption of Internet service via Sabafon since May 29.

Informed sources said that "the authorities suspended these services from Sabafon mobile phone which is owned by Sheikh Hamid Al-Ahmar was a result of preventing illegal acts of spying on customers by the bodies of the regime."

The Observatory points out to the exposure of the southern journalist, Ahmed Abdullah Musibli, on May 14, 2011 to an assassination attempt by members of the Yemeni security by firing on his car, and then they arrested him because he was filming a sit-in of a number of officers of the Political Security in Sana'a.

The Southern Observatory has issued a statement condemning this shameful process. (See Communiqué Section of the Observatory).

On May 18, 2011 Almasdar Online website reported quoting from a security source that on Thursday evening "Wednesday" the body of the artist and the former southern and journalist who used to work for Netherlands Radio, Abdul Rahman Bajunaid, stabbed dead in mysterious circumstances at his home in the city of Aden.

The seventeenth anniversary of disengagement:

Masses from various southern governorates flowed into the governorate of Aden to participate in the central event, in commemoration of the Seventeenth memory of the declaration of the disengagement with the Arab Republic of Yemen announced by the southern President Ali Salem Al-Beidh on May 21, 1994.

On Saturday, May 21, masses in the governorate of Aden organized a rally considered the largest of its kind, about two hundred thousand people attended, all shouting tone of disengagement, freedom and independence. The Southern Movement that organized the commemoration assured in speeches on the right to self-determination, and the restoring of their independent state. They expressed their resolve and determination to continue the peaceful struggle and their adherence to the option of independence and liberation and nothing else. Then a huge march moved in an orderly and civilized way, to roam the streets of the districts of Mansoura and Sheikh Othman, and the slogans of the Southern Movement demands of freedom and independence were shouted loudly, and flags of the State of the People's Democratic

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Republic of Yemen were raised, in addition to images of the President Ali Salem al-Beidh and a number of martyrs.

In the governorate of Hadramout, tens of thousands of citizens on Monday, May 21, launched a massive march in the city of Mukalla, in a revival of the anniversary, which they are eager for a day to achieve. The website Sada Aden news reported that the march was launched from the bridge Khor al-Mukalla (Square Balqees previously) until the tent of freedom and dignity of Mukalla, preceded by motorcycles, which reached a number of more than two hundred motorcycles, in addition to folklore troupes, one carried the coffin of the unity of Yemen and a crowd of children who carried colorful balloons and t-shirts which written on them "South Arabia" and a crowd of women who carried signs and slogans of support for the Southern Revolution that demands the liberation.

In anticipation by the authorities for launching this event, they mobilized their forces since the early days to prepare for the march, since these authorities worked to block the roads linking the governorate of Aden to the rest of the governorates and prevented many citizens from entering the governorate of Aden to participate in the commemoration. Sada Aden pointed out that the travelers coming from the province of Abyan voiced what they faced of oppression by the security forces stationed at the point of "Al-Alam", located at the eastern entrance to the governorate of Aden, while prevented them from entering, and suppressed using tear gas to disperse their gathering in protest fir preventing them from entering Aden.

Reports said that the authorities have mobilized additional troops, in an attempt to provoke the demonstrators, and to thwart their activities in the commemoration of the disengagement day, but all attempts failed in front of the large crowds to participate.

Harness armed force to suppress the Youth Revolution:

Throughout the month of May effectiveness of the Southern Youth Revolution has increased and glowed, determined to hold out until their demands met in the departure of the regime, and solving the southern issue according to the self-determination.

In an escalation of events, the program of the revolution in the creation of many vital activities, including the establishment of political seminars and awareness programs, symposiums and enlightenment, with the quality of youth activities aimed at influencing the silent forces to participate in the activities of the revolution.

In a continuation of the activities of the revolution of youth, each Friday of the week has become the culmination of these events for it is the "Freedom Day", when masses of the revolution stage massive demonstrations to denounce the arrogance of the authorities and condemnation of the attacks on peaceful events, and condemnation of crimes of deaths, injuries and arrests against southern activists.

The districts of Aden and Hadramout governorates witnessed many on Fridays, may 27, 20, 13 and 6, massive demonstrations to condemn the Yemeni regime, and an expression of youth rebellions prompted the departure and the right of the southern people to self-determination.

The demonstrations spread to include other days of the week, as a method of escalation, and called for in the need for solidarity and support with the rest of the protests that were suppressed in other governorates.

On Saturday, May 28, a rally was launched in the governorate of Aden, starting from the district of Mualla towards Sirah, to condemn the bombing of civilians in Sana'a. A similar demonstration on the same day was staged in the city of Mukalla, in confirmation of the peacefulness of the revolution and in condemnation to the attempts to drag the people to a civil war. It is notice worthy that the demonstrations were characterized by the participation of the women's sector of the revolution.

A rally was organized by women in the island of Socotra, in the city of Hadibo, launched on Saturday, May 21, demanding the departure of the Yemeni regime to solve the southern issue.

In the face of these peaceful demonstrations, the forces of the authorities, despite the appeals of international organizations to stop the repression but those authorities did not listen to those calls and did not cease their repression, but they increased the intransigence through the non-sufficiency of using excessive force, but proceeding to raid the camps of the sit-ins and the invasion of their places in defiance of the will of the protesters.

On Monday, May 16, the Republican Guard and the Central Security reinforced by military vehicles broke into the Liberty Square in Madrm Street, in Mualla district, and fired at homes and residential buildings in the street and destroyed the camps of the sit-in and removed the images of martyrs.

The Web site, "Sada Aden" said that youth groups resisted those attacks in a peaceful manner, but met with a barrage of fire from the Republican Guard with gunmen and snipers took some of the buildings to the north amid reports about casualties and indiscriminate arrests in the middle of the street. Witnesses said to "Sada Aden," that they heard the sound of explosions and strong confrontations in the street Mualla during a power outage.

According to the website "Aden Alghad," the demonstrators on the Friday of May 13 in Mansoura, chanted slogans saying "a pledge to the martyrs and wounded and prisoners.. we won't go back... we won't calm down.. until we expel the occupiers." Soldiers tried to stop the demonstrators from crossing a road firing in the air, but the protesters continued to walk towards the traffic circle of Caltex, according to the website.

On Saturday, May 7, protests in the city of Mansoura called for the release of activists who were arrested on Saturday, April 30, following the invasion of army units to the Martyrs' Square in the district of Mansoura. Medical sources in Al-Naqeeb Hospital said that the hospital received at seven o'clock on Sunday morning, May 8, three wounded. And witnesses said to "Aden tomorrow," website that they were wounded when the military raided one of the sub-roads in Mansoura, where protesters had gathered since the morning demanding the release of detainees and shot them. According to the testimony activists for "Aden Alghad," the Yemeni security authorities through their units of the army arrested 37 protesters of the youth

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revolution of February 16 when they stormed the Martyrs Square last Saturday and still in detention until this moment.

As a result of the invasion of forces of the authorities to the camp of the Martyrs Square in Mansoura on Saturday, April 30, in defiance and resistance by the youth revolution of the attacks of the regime's forces that killed four of them, and dozens of deaths (attributed to the report of the Observatory for the month of April), young people were able on Sunday, May 1, to restore the square from the Republican Guard.

In a monitoring prepared by the human rights activist, Ahmed Rabizi, in which he indicated that the youth of the southern revolution had organized several demonstrations throughout the day in an attempt to restore the square, most of those demonstrations were the once staged at noon, but these attempts failed because of the intensity of fire. After regaining themselves they began to make the soldiers busy by throwing them by stones from every direction, despite this brute force but did not have mercy on them, but opened fire on every moving thing, but the protesters were able to force the Republican Guard to pull out.

Prior to the gradual withdrawal of armored vehicles, one of the most prominent figures of the revolution (Adib Issa) was wounded in his right hand. In the traffic circle of Caltex the child Majd Ghazi Omar Mabrouk (12 years) was injured in his left leg and the youth continuing their advance until they forced those invading forces to leave the Martyrs' Square to regain it with joy and jubilant for the great victory.

The force consisted of four armored vehicles and a large number of units had stayed Saturday night and occupied the square and hotels around the square, while this force looted all the contents of the hotels surrounding the area, including the cooling fans hanging ceilings guest rooms in addition to electronic devices and central air conditioning, pillows and beds, and even the contents of the house of God was suffered the looting including looting fans.

In a story reported by the Aden News Agency reported that the preacher of the Mosque of Omar Ibn Al Khattab attacked the soldiers of the Yemeni army and Republican Guard in his sermon for Friday, May 6, He said that they smashed everything in the mosque in the square and stamped their feet on everything, including books containing copies of the Koran and the sayings and teachings of Prophet Muhammad peace be upon him.

The preacher said that the losses and the loot of the mosque estimated one million Yemeni riyals, and called them "the thieves" and said that the box devoted for the Voluntary Fund for the cancer patients was smashed and stolen.

Facing civil disobedience by force of arms:

Civil disobedience is a form of peaceful struggle employed by the people of the south in the face of the Yemeni regime to abort it and to gain freedom to self-determination. It is an advanced form has great influential effect rocks the pillars of the regime, and continuing and escalating it makes the inevitable collapse of the Yemeni regime very near and forces it to go out of the southern lands defeated. This is what will be done by the people in the south if they keep escalating the civil disobedience to include other levels and more expansion and effectiveness.

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The people of the south, particularly in the governorate of Aden and Hadramout during the month of May performed eight sit-ins, all of which have been successfully implemented, involving both public and private sectors, since working was stopped, the service sector and decline in activity of commerce, in addition to paralyzing transportation, and people stayed home, as an expression of their opposing political opinion to the Yemeni regime.

Saturday, May 28, coincided with the sixteenth civil disobedience, which performed in the southern provinces. May witnessed civil disobedience over the Saturday and Wednesday of each week. Carried out compatible with the dates: 4, 7, 11, 14, 18, 21 and 25. These sit-ins come as an extension of the program of the Southern Movement, which its supporters used to implement civil disobedience on the first Monday of each month; a fixed tradition in its program, until the February 16th Youth Revolution had come to give it a momentum and escalation and to become two days a week with the refrain from the payment of bills and services as well as taxes. However, it is also a subject to escalation to be three days a week and so on until the regime kneels to the demands of the free and rebellious southern people.

In addition to the governorates of Aden and Hadramout which scored a successful high rates. The website "The life of Eden" said that the provinces of Lahej, Al-Dhali, Abyan and Shabwa also conducted the civil disobedience scoring various success rate between complete and partial. The cities of Al-Dhali, Habilityn, Al-Houta, Mudia, Attaq and Al-Mukalla perform civil disobedience a week and in various degrees.

And for more effectiveness of the impact of this civilized method, guaranteed in law and religion as a form of peaceful expression, for its returns worried the authorities that could not be muted for its success, on every day of the civil disobedience the forces of the authorities get ready to deal with it in an attempt to thwart it, and deploy troops in the various neighborhoods and roads and force shops to open doors, and resist the young protesters, activists, and vows to arrest many of them, they also use live bullets to scare the people and pressure them to break the disobedience, even if by force of arms.

On Saturday, May 28, during the civil disobedience, the Aden News Agency reported that the regime's forces proceeded to fire in various places in the governorate of Aden to terrify the protestors and intimidate the citizens.

On Wednesday, May 25, it was reported that the civil disobedience included firing in a number of neighborhoods located in the northern suburbs of the city of Aden, particularly in the neighborhood of Mansoura, where the Martyrs' Square located, the main stronghold of the young protesters, as well as hearing shooting in the main street (Madram Street) in the city of Mualla, the camp of the protesters.

On Saturday, May 21, local residents in the district of Cairo in Aden governorate said that gunfire heard in various parts of the district. Sadea Aden news website reported "it is believed that the security men tried to open closed roads in the northern districts of the governorate of Aden."

On Wednesday, May 18, Aden Alghad said that the city of Aden had seen growing

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tension following shooting heavily in a number of districts during the implementation of civil disobedience by the citizens.

On Saturday, May 14, according to the Aden News Agency that a number of boys and young men gathered in the streets of the districts of Mansoura and Mualla, and other number sized the building of the local authorities of Maala in protest at the opening fire on a closed road to open it. The Aden News Agency said that the authorities' forces in the governorate of Al-Houta in Lahej, were satisfied by the deployment of a large number of patrols in front of some important government facilities after the withdrawal from the streets and the main market of the city, which usually witnesses clashes between security forces and protesters.

On Wednesday, May 11, Aden Alghad said that the authorities' forces fired randomly in the Cairo area of Sheikh Othman district in an attempt to end the state of civil disobedience, which was witnessed in the region. As a result, the citizen Abd Rabbo Ahmed Saeed Awad (32 years) was seriously wounded. "The army forces passed through a number of roads shooting everything meets them."

On Saturday, May 7, Aden Alghad website said that unlike the previous actions, which the Yemeni army used to carry out to coincide with the calls of the civil disobedience, the army units refused to move and stayed in their positions in the traffic circle of Caltex and none of the soldiers moved to interfere intervene in opening roads protesters closed. Local residents in Mualla city said that they heard the sounds of live ammunition in a repeated attempt each week to open the closed roads.

The suppression of peaceful demonstrations with excessive force:

During the month of May, marches were continuously organized by the supporters of the Southern Movement to express the aspirations of the people in the south to freedom of independence. According to the weekly program of the movement several districts witness protests and peaceful demonstrations, seven days a week. There were also festivals calling for the disengagement from the Yemeni regime which dominated the southern territory by military strength.

On Thursday of each week, citizens on stage "the Southern Prisoner's Day," calling the authorities to release the prisoners from their cells. The month of May was marked by demanding the release of the field leader, Hassan Ahmed Ba'oum, the president of the Supreme Council of the Southern Movement, whose period of detention exceeded three-month period without knowing about his fate and his place of detention.

On Thursday, May 26, people in Aden district staged "the Southern Prisoner's Day," organizing a demonstration was marked by the momentum condemning the continuation of the detention of Hassan Ba'oum, expressing outrage and anger of the authorities to ignore their demands to release all those arrested for the Southern Movement. Citizens in a number of southern districts and cities of the south, like Habilyn, Al-Dhali, Mukalla, Mudia and Mahfed also participated on the South Prisoner's Day, demanding the authorities to disclose the fate of the struggler and his son, Fawaz Ba'oum, and quickly release him and other detainees from the south who remain in detention cells. As well, thousands of citizens of Hadramout governorate in Al-Hami district launched a demonstrations attended by thousands.

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On Thursday, May 19, a Central Security force stationed in al-Akbah hill in Aden, fired on protesters marched to denounce the arrest of activists in the buses came from the departments of Mualla and Tawahi to participate in the demonstration of "the Southern Prisoner's Day."

The Aden News Agency reported that the shooting led to the injury the young man, Osama al-Bakhishi, who was shot in the leg, while a woman was shot by a random bullet during her presence in the place, in addition to the injury of a child by bruises because of the stampede.

A number of southern cities had seen similar demonstrations on the same day in the governorates of Abyan, Lahj, Al-Dhali, and the city of Zanzibar, the provincial capital of Abyan governorate witnessed a massive peaceful demonstration organized by the afternoon, organized by the camp of liberation and independence in the city and raised the flags of the previous state of the south.

On Thursday evening, May 5, clashes broke out between protesters and soldiers in armored vehicles belong to the Yemeni army tried to open the main road closed by young protesters in Mansoura. The website Sada Aden reported that units of public security and other military were able to open the main road in Mansoura, but the protesters closed it again on same day.

On Monday, May 30, citizens in the district of Shahr in the governorate of Hadramaut commemorated the second anniversary of the martyrdom of the young Awad Barami. The people of Mudia district in the governorate of Abyan on the same day witnessed a mass rally calling for the release of detainees.

On Saturday, May 28, the people of the district of Mahfed organized a rally to condemn the policies of the regime towards the people of the south. On the same day a mass rally started from the district of Sayoun in Hadramout governorate to fuse with masses from the district of Shibam in Hadrmout.

In the district of Mudia in Abyan governorate, the public refused but to organize a mass rally on Monday, May 23, reaffirming their adherence to the expression of the option of independence. Prior to that, the people of the district organized a similar march on Monday, May 16. Shabwah governorate on Friday and Wednesday, May 18 and 20 witnessed two marches described as the most massive ones since the beginning of the protests, and in which people roamed the streets of the city of Attaq, the provincial capital of Shabwah, condemning the Yemeni regime.

All of these events and other mass movements had been the subjected by the authorities' forces, which prey on them and try to find justifications for the suppression, but the will of the southern people that was able to break the barrier of fear and confront those forces by their bare chests, it is one that limits any of which could be behaved, the fact that the masses are no longer scared of the provocations and oppression of the regime's forces and even bullets and missiles.

The Communiqués of the Observatory:

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Distress call to the international organizations and the International Committee of the Red Cross

May 30, 2011

Sirs and madams in the international organizations and the International Committee of the International Red Cross

The Southern Observatory for Human Rights (SOHR) presents its best compliments to you. And it appeals you in an urgent way that does not bear waiting or delaying to meet some demands, since the fact that there are many people of the south are exposed to murder, torture and seizure till this very moment by the Yemeni forces stationed in Abyan, southern Yemen.

According to our own sources that the cities of Zanzibar, al-Kaud, and Ja'ar are subjected to indiscriminate bombing by the Yemeni military forces stationed in the region, resulting in the death and wounding of dozens of citizens, including many women and children. And the neighborhoods that suffered most from the bombing are Al-Aslah, Al-Sarh, Al-Tmisi and Sawahil, all are located in the city of Zanzibar, where many were killed and others wounded and many homes were also destroyed, including three homes were destroyed completely. There are hundreds of displaced families from the city to neighboring areas, in particular to the city of Aden.

It is worth mentioning that there is a suffering in the city where the electricity and water are cut, while many bodies are still lying in the streets of the city of Zanzibar, while the wards of al-Razi Hospital in the city have been filled with a large number of wounded.

We are in the Southern Observatory for Human Rights (SOHR) strongly condemns the indiscriminate military Yemeni campaign against the citizens in the city of Zanzibar and its neighboring areas, and call upon the International Community, represented in its humanitarian organizations to a rapid reaction to halt the indiscriminate military assaults of these authorities on the defenseless population. And there were many wounded people who suffer from the lack of speed first aid and health care as a result of not enough staff in the ambulance crews. The hospitals as well are overflowed with wounded who are difficult to treat for the lack of places and capabilities needed for large numbers.

The Southern Observatory calls upon the International Committee of the Red Cross to send human crews to assist in rescuing the wounded and provide humanitarian assistance in the city of Zanzibar and the rest of the neighboring cities, which also suffer from lack of potable water and power cut.

The Southern Observatory for Human Rights (SOHR)
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The Southern Observatory for Human Rights condemns the attempted murder of Musibli and calls not to enable the perpetrators to escape punishment

May 15, 2011

A new crime has been added to the record of the Yemeni regime against the southern journalists and media professionals, those crimes the regime has been committed without hesitation and indifference, for beliefs that the absence of truth and silence the freedom of opinion and expression. Thus, what was suffered by the great media figure, Ahmed Abdullah Musibli, on Saturday, May 14, of shooting directly at his car, is a crime proceed to murder, which is a serious crime which has no statute of limitations. The arbitrary arrest by security and Political Security and the assault by thugs of the regime is a crime of unspeakable cruelty.

Therefore, the Southern Observatory for Human Rights (SOHR) sees such violations crimes reprehensible and condemnable by all legal and ethical means, and which reveals the level of the bankruptcy of the ruling regime and the harbor hatred against opponents of journalists, media workers, and intellectuals who do not have except enlightenment in the truth and clarifying it.

Accordingly, the Southern Observatory for Human Rights (SOHR) expresses its condemnation of these crimes suffered by the media professional, Musibli, and denounces overlooking the incident, calling for the arrest of the perpetrators and not allows them to escape punishment.

Southern Observatory for Human Rights (SOHR)
Bern - Switzerland, 15.05.2011
sohraden@hotmail.com

The names of the southern victims of the Yemeni security forces during the month of May 2011

Names of the dead:

No.	Name	Date	Governorate	Status	Notes
1	Mohammed Fadhl al-Sunaini.	01.05.2011	Lahej	killed	Found dead after kidnapping him for two days
2	Adel Hussein Saleh al-Salahi.	02.05.2011	Lahej	killed	Shot by the army forces stationed in al-Irr Mountain in Yafie region.
3	Saleh Yousif Ahmed Omer.	02.05.2011	Aden	killed	Shot when security forces dispersed demonstration in Khormaksar –

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					Aden.
4	Saleh Alawi al-Markhashi.	04.05.2011	Abyan	killed	Killed when Yemeni troops shot citizens in Zanzibar – Abyan.
5	Mohammed Abdo al-Rimi.	04.05.2011	Abyan	killed	Killed when Yemeni troops shot citizens in Zanzibar – Abyan.
6	Abdo Mohammed Abdo al-Hakami.	04.05.2011	Abyan	killed	Killed when Yemeni troops shot citizens in Zanzibar – Abyan.
7	Abdullmalik Ahmed Salem.	04.05.2011	Abyan	killed	Killed when Yemeni troops shot citizens in Zanzibar – Abyan.
8	Ahmed Rasheed al-Jaradi.	04.05.2011	Abyan	killed	Killed when Yemeni troops shot citizens in Zanzibar – Abyan.
9	Ahmed Salem Mobssein al-Hajri.	07.05.2011	Lahej	killed	From Bayhan in Shabwah, assassinated by the Political Security in al-Dhali.
10	Taher Albadani	10.05.2011	Abyan	killed	Killed through Yemeni army fire in the city of Zingibar
11	Othman	10.05.2011	Abyan	killed	Killed through Yemeni army fire in the city of Zingibar
12	Abdulrahman Bagenid	18.05.2011	Aden	killed	Artist And Meddi worker in Holand radio Arabic section, Dead in his house in mysteriously

13	Aseel Khalid Mohammed Ali.	30.05.2011	Lahej	dead	Died in Egypt as a result of his wound in head on March 13, in Dar-Saad city – Aden
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The names of wounded:

No	Name	Date	Governorate	Status	Notes
1	Majd Ghazi Omer	01.05.2011	Abyan	Injury in thigh	Injured while shooting at demonstrators beside the Spinning and Weaving factory – Aden.
2	Adeeb Mohammed Saleh al-Essi	01.05.2011	Abyan	Injury in right hand	Injured while shooting at demonstrators in Mansoura – Aden.
3	Fikri Alsaïd	01.05.2011	Abyan	Serious injury	Injured when army forces located in al-Irr Mountain – Yafie region, fired at citizens.
4	The wife of Ali Mohammed al- Khadiri	01.05.2011	Lahej	Serious injury	Injured when army forces located in al-Irr Mountain – Yafie region, fired at citizens.
5	Khahtan Mohammed Saleh Tambah	01.05.2011	Abyan	Injury in neck	Injured when army forces located in al-Irr Mountain – Yafie region, fired at citizens.
6	Abdullazeez al- Mansouri	01.05.2011	Abyan	Serious injury	Injured when army forces located in al-Irr Mountain – Yafie region, fired at citizens.
7	Aref al-Rubaie	01.05.2011	Abyan	Serious injury	Injured when army forces

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					located in al-Irr Mountain – Yafie region, fired at citizens.
8	Mohssein Ali al-Sabri		Abyan	Serious injury	Injured when army forces located in al-Irr Mountain – Yafie region, fired at citizens.
9	Omer Ahmed Omer	03.05.2011	Abyan	Serious injury	Injured when army forces fired on citizens in Zanzibar.
10	Abdullah al-Adeni	04.05.2011	Abyan	Injury in stomach	Injured when army forces fired on citizens in Zanzibar.
11	Saleh al-Alawi	04.05.2011	Abyan	Injury in foot	Injured when army forces fired on citizens in Zanzibar.
12	Alwi Hussein al-Salafi	04.05.2011	Abyan	Amputation of fingers	Injured by a mine planted by the Yemeni army.
13	Hussein Mohammed Hassan	04.05.2011	Abyan	Injury in leg	Injured when army forces fired on citizens in Zanzibar.
14	Yhya Abas Ghalab	04.05.2011	Abyan	Injury in thigh	Injured when army forces fired on citizens in Zanzibar.
15	Mukhtar Salem Ahmed	04.05.2011	Abyan	Injury in left thigh	Injured when army forces fired on citizens in Zanzibar.
16	Anwar Ibrahim Salem	04.05.2011	Abyan	Injury in leg	Injured when army forces fired on citizens in Zanzibar.
17	Abdulfatah Ali Abdo	04.05.2011	Abyan	Injury in leg	Injured when army forces fired on citizens in Zanzibar.
18	Mehdi al-Turki Saeed	04.05.2011	Abyan	Injury in arm	Injured when army forces fired on citizens in Zanzibar.
19	Mohammed	04.05.2011	Abyan	Injury in	Iniured when

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	Rashad Mohammed			hip	army forces fired on citizens in Zanzibar.
20	Saleh Mohammed al-Fadhli	04.05.2011	Abyan	Injury in spine	Injured when army forces fired on citizens in Zanzibar.
21	Mohammed Saleh Mansour	04.05.2011	Abyan	Injury in Leg	Injured when army forces fired on citizens in Zanzibar.
22	Fahmi Ali Salem	04.05.2011	Abyan	Injury in bladder	Injured when army forces fired on citizens in Zanzibar.
23	Ali Ahmed Lajam	04.05.2011	Abyan	Injury in bladder	Injured when army forces fired on citizens in Zanzibar.
24	Ali Ibrahim Mohammed	04.05.2011	Abyan	Injury in stomach and arm	Injured when army forces fired on citizens in Zanzibar.
25	Mohammed Abdullah Hassan	04.05.2011	Abyan	Medium injury	Injured when army forces fired on citizens in Zanzibar.
26	Ali Hussein al-Jaradi	04.05.2011	Abyan	Medium injury	Injured when army forces fired on citizens in Zanzibar.
27	Farhan Abdullah al-Sharabi	04.05.2011	Abyan	Medium injury	Injured when army forces fired on citizens in Zanzibar.
28	Osama al-Jula	04.05.2011	Abyan	Medium injury	Injured when army forces fired on citizens in Zanzibar.
29	Saeed Ahmed al-Heij	04.05.2011	Abyan	Medium injury	Injured when army forces fired on citizens in Zanzibar.
30	Mohammed Abdullah Hassan	04.05.2011	Abyan	Medium injury	Injured when army forces fired on citizens in Zanzibar.
31	Mohssen Ahmed al-Shadadi	04.05.2011	Abyan	Medium injury	Injured when army forces fired on citizens in

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					Zanzibar.
32	Abdurabo Ahmed Saeed Awad	04.05.2011	Aden	Injury in thigh	Injured when army forces fired on citizens in Sheik Othman - Aden.
33	Ahmed Ali Naji	04.05.2011	Aden	Injury in head	Injured when army forces fired on citizens in Sheik Othman - Aden.
34	Ahmed Omer Salem	04.05.2011	Abyan	Injury in shoulder	Injured when army forces fired on citizens in Lawder - Abyan.
35	Ahmed Khasem al-Bakhishi	04.05.2011	Aden	Injury in leg	Injured when security forces fired on citizens in Sheik Othman - Aden.

No	Name	Date	City	Notes
1	Ali Abdullah Saleh	14.05.2011	Musameir	Arrested while he was heading towards Aden without telling the cause of the arrest.
2	Ahmed Khasim al-Bakhishi	19.05.2011	Crater	Arrested while he was receiving treatment because of a shot suffered in thigh.
3	Adel al-Hamis	20.05.2011	Tarim	Arrested in the early hours of Friday while he was coming back from a demonstration organized in the city.
4	Salem al-Kadima	20.05.2011	Tarim	Arrested in the early hours of Friday while he was coming back from a demonstration organized in the city.
5	Majed Bin Attif	20.05.2011	Tarim	Arrested in the early hours of Friday while he was coming back from a demonstration organized in the city.
6	Anwar Ba'ishin	20.05.2011	Tarim	Arrested in the early hours of Friday while he was coming back from a demonstration organized in the city.

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7	Abdullazeez Hameed	20.05.2011	Tarim	Arrested in the early hours of Friday while he was coming back from a demonstration organized in the city.
8	Rami Garwan	20.05.2011	Tarim	Arrested in the early hours of Friday while he was coming back from a demonstration organized in the city.
9	Murai Bin Attif	20.05.2011	Tarim	Arrested in the early hours of Friday while he was coming back from a demonstration organized in the city.

Damaged houses and private and public properties:

No.	Name	Date	Governorate	Notes
1	Ali Khaid	01.05.2011	Lahej	Residential place damaged by shelling by the Yemeni army on al-Haad – Yafie.
2	Mussa Ahmed al-Marfadi	01.05.2011	Lahej	Residential place damaged by shelling by the Yemeni army on al-Haad – Yafie.
3	Ahmed Bin Ahmed al-Marsi	01.05.2011	Lahej	Residential place damaged by shelling by the Yemeni army on al-Haad – Yafie.
4	Dr. Ahmed Saleh Abdullah	01.05.2011	Lahej	Private clinic damaged by shelling by the Yemeni army on al-Haad – Yafie.
5	Al-Mahaji Mosque	01.05.2011	Lahej	Mosque damaged by shelling by the Yemeni army on al-Haad – Yafie.
6	Al-Mahaji School	01.05.2011	Lahej	Public school damaged by shelling by the Yemeni army on al-Haad – Yafie.
7	Saleh Salem al-Khudairi	01.05.2011	Lahej	Residential place damaged by shelling by the Yemeni army on Dar-Alhaid – Yafie.
8	Saleh Ahmed al-Haidi	01.05.2011	Lahej	Residential place damaged by shelling by the Yemeni army on Dar-Alhaid – Yafie.
9	Ali Abdullah al-Haidi	01.05.2011	Lahej	Residential place damaged by shelling by the Yemeni army on Dar-Alhaid –

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				Yafie.
10	Ahmed Saleh al-Jabri	01.05.2011	Lahej	Residential place damaged by shelling by the Yemeni army on Dar-Alhaid – Yafie.
11	Abdullrab Ahmed Muthana	01.05.2011	Lahej	Residential place damaged by shelling by the Yemeni army on Dan Valley – Yafie.
12	Abdullrahman Ahmed Khasim	01.05.2011	Lahej	Residential place damaged by shelling by the Yemeni army on Dan Valley – Yafie.
13	Saleh Saad al-Kuabi	01.05.2011	Lahej	Residential place damaged by shelling by the Yemeni army on Dan Valley – Yafie.
14	Ali Abdullrab	01.05.2011	Lahej	Residential place damaged by shelling by the Yemeni army on Dan Valley – Yafie.
15	Saleh Muhsein Abdo Ahmed	01.05.2011	Lahej	Residential place damaged by shelling by the Yemeni army on Dan Valley – Yafie.

Photographs

Remarks	Photos
<p>The injured, Adeb Mohammed Saleh al-Issi, injured when security forces fired on demonstrators in Mansoura city, May 5, 2011.</p>	

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Adel Hussein al-Salahi, killed when Yemeni army forces shot citizens in al-Irr Mountain, May 2, 2011.



The injured, Abdurabo Ahmed Saeed Awad, wounded when Yemeni army forces shot citizens in Sheikh Othman city - Aden, May 11, 2011.



The injured, Ahmed Khasim al-Bakhishi, arrested from al-Naqeeb Hospital on May 19, 2011.



Saleh Yousf Ahmed Omer, 26 years. He was murdered when security forces fired on demonstrators in al-Saada Neighborhood in Khormaksar – Aden.



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The injured, Aseel Khali, while saying goodbye at Aden Airport. He died in Egypt on May 30, 2011.



Ahmed Salem al-Hajiri, assassinated by a group of the Yemen Political Security in al-Dhali city on May 7, 2011.



Mohammed Ghazi Omer, wounded when security forces fired at demonstrators beside the Spinning and Weaving factory on May 1, 2011.



A victim of Zanzibar's Market Massacre on May 4, 2011.



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A victim of Zanzibar's Market Massacre on May 4, 2011.



A victim of Zanzibar's Market Massacre on May 4, 2011.



A victim of Zanzibar's Market Massacre on May 4, 2011.



A victim of Zanzibar's Market Massacre on May 4, 2011.



A victim of Zanzibar's Market Massacre on May 4, 2011.



A victim of Zanzibar's Market Massacre on May 4, 2011.



Videos

Shooting young demonstrators

http://www.youtube.com/watch?v=9b4_ISXqymA

Wounding and killing citizens as a result of firing live ammunition indiscriminately in Zanzibar, May 4, 2011.

http://www.youtube.com/watch?v=q8L_lvYdeBU

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**Al-Bakhish, the injured, with his children while
escorting him to hospital.**

http://www.youtube.com/watch?v=uAzMFttF5CI&feature=player_embedded

**Mansoura city – Aden, armoured vehicle shoots DShK machine gun
at an escaping child**

http://www.youtube.com/watch?v=9b4_ISXqymA

Ended

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