

Philip Mason Marston

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With compliments of

NATT HEAD,

Adjutant and Quartermaster General,

State of New-Hampshire.

REPORT

OF THE

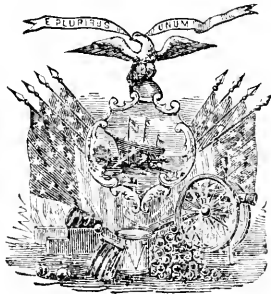
ADJUTANT GENERAL

OF THE

STATE OF NEW-HAMPSHIRE,

FOR THE

YEAR ENDING JUNE 1, 1867.



CONCORD :

GEORGE E. JENKS, STATE PRINTER.

1867.

OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY OF STATE, }
Concord, New-Hampshire, June 1, 1866. }

SIR: By virtue of the authority vested in me by Chapter 2308 of the Pamphlet Laws of this State, I hereby authorize you to print twenty hundred copies of the Report of the Adjutant General, for the use of the State.

WALTER HARRIMAN,
Secretary of State.

GEORGE E. JENKS, *State Printer.*

GENERAL HEADQUARTERS, STATE OF NEW-HAMPSHIRE; }
ADJUTANT, INSPECTOR AND }
QUARTERMASTER GENERAL'S OFFICE, }
Concord, June 1, 1867. }

To His Excellency, FREDERICK SMYTH,
Governor and Commander-in-Chief:

GOVERNOR:—I have the honor to submit herewith my Annual Report as Adjutant, Inspector and Quartermaster General, for the year ending June 1, 1867. Heretofore the reports of the Adjutant and Quartermaster General's Departments have been submitted separately; partly on account of the nature of the former, and also for the reason that the duties of the two departments were then such as to render it impracticable to merge the one into the other; each department requiring the supervision of a separate officer.

That necessity has, however, ceased to exist, and the business of the two departments, being so closely connected, I have deemed it proper to embody in one report the transactions of the three departments.

With high regards, I remain,

Very respectfully,

Your obedient servant,

NATT HEAD,

Adjutant, Inspector and Quartermaster General.

ADJUTANT-GENERAL'S REPORT.

GENERAL HEADQUARTERS, STATE OF NEW-HAMPSHIRE; }
ADJUTANT, INSPECTOR AND }
QUARTERMASTER GENERAL'S OFFICE, }
Concord, June 1, 1867. }

To His Excellency, FREDERICK SMYTH,

Governor and Commander-in-Chief:

GOVERNOR:—Since the date of my last report, the duties of this office have diminished much less than many may have supposed, or I had reason to expect. The compilation of the second volume of the report for 1866 was not completed until the latter part of December last, which, with the current business of the office, and the labor consequent upon a more thorough organization and equipment of the militia, preparatory to the Fall Encampment of 1866, kept my entire force constantly on the alert, so that until the close of the year, I was unable to dispense with the services of any one of my assistants without manifest detriment to the interests of the State. At that time, however, two were discharged, Capt. Bacon and Lieutenant Marden, and soon after, Lieutenant Robinson. Colonel C. E. Potter, to whom was entrusted the compilation of part first of the second volume of that year, also closed his labors about this time, leaving but one assistant, Lieutenant John M. Haines, to aid me in the discharge of the multifarious duties of the office.

During the period covered by this report, the epistolary labor of the office has been exceedingly onerous, as is plainly evidenced by the file of letters received, and copies

of those written. Letters received, requiring answers, average from twenty-five to thirty daily, many of them necessitating tedious and extended examination of the rolls and records of the office, and frequently a still more tedious and perplexing correspondence with the Departments at Washington, and with late officers of our volunteers.

Several cases have been brought to my notice where the records of the Adjutant-General's office at Washington differ from those on file in this, and in such a manner, too, as to debar the parties interested from receiving their just due by way of bounty and back pay.

These discrepancies are doubtless due to the erroneous-ness of the returns made by the officers in the field, although I see no reason why the records of that office could not have been made to agree with those here. Certain it is, that in almost every instance where these discrepancies are found to exist, the record kept in this office appears to be the correct one, as the evidence on file is too conclusive to admit of a doubt as to its authenticity.

I have endeavored to effect a correction in all such cases, which has occasioned a voluminous correspondence, both tiresome and perplexing, and while success has crowned my efforts in some instances, yet, I regret to say, that as a whole, I have not been so successful as I had reason to expect, from the nature of the evidence furnished in these cases, and I am sometimes led to believe that *no* evidence is calculated to be accepted by the War Department where the desired change in the records is in favor of the applicant by way of dollars and cents. Over two thousand letters have been written during the past year, copies of which have been retained, indexed and placed on file in a convenient and durable form, where they can be seen and referred to for all coming time.

Beside these letters requiring copies, a vast number

have been answered by indorsement, of which no record has been kept.

Numerous printed letters and circulars have also been issued. Certificates of enlistment, service, discharge, or death, of officers and soldiers, have been issued to the number of some two thousand, and has been a work requiring much time, care, and accuracy, inasmuch as on them depends the claim of soldiers or their heirs, against the general government for bounty, back pay, etc. Not unfrequently is received from the Departments at Washington, applications for thirty or forty of these certificates in one mail, and as such applications are only made where the records of the War Department fail to furnish the desired information, it is substantial proof of the correctness of our records.

REGISTRY.

In accordance with the provisions of an act of the last Legislature, entitled "An act to provide for the registration of the papers of discharged soldiers and seamen," a registry has been established in this office, circulars issued informing the public of its existence, and five hundred discharges and official papers recorded and indexed, occasioning no little labor.

TESTIMONIALS.

Many soldiers have lost their final discharge papers and are continually making applications to this office for certificates of their service and discharge; and learning that other States had taken steps to furnish testimonials of honor to the officers and soldiers of their late volunteers, and believing that our own could do no act, with so little expense, that would give such general satisfaction, I suggested the matter to your Excellency and the Honorable Council, who readily seconded my proposal, and at once gave instructions to have suitable engravings prepared for

every officer and soldier who had received an honorable discharge, and to the heirs of those who had died in the service, to be delivered on receipt of application.

The style of the testimonial was very soon decided upon, and arrangements made with the American Bank Note Company, at Boston, to engrave the same; and to give as general publicity to the measure as possible, the following circular was issued, and copies sent to each paper in, and many out of, the State, with the request that it be given room in their columns without expense to the State; and, I am pleased to say, the request was very generously complied with:

GENERAL HEADQUARTERS,
STATE OF NEW-HAMPSHIRE: }
Adjutant-General's Office, Concord, March 22, 1867. }

To the Officers and Soldiers of New-Hampshire :

By direction of the Governor and Honorable Council I have caused to be prepared suitable testimonial certificates of service, beautifully and appropriately engraved, as tokens of respect to the officers and soldiers of New-Hampshire who have served honorably during the rebellion in the service of the United States, and appreciation of the services so nobly rendered by them in the hour of their country's greatest peril, which will, it is believed, be a source of just pride to the recipient.

They will be ready for distribution by the 20th of April next, and will then be delivered, on receipt of application, by mail or otherwise, free of expense.

In case of deceased officers and soldiers, the certificates will be delivered to the nearest relative or heir on proof that the applicant is as represented.

NATT HEAD, *Adjutant-General.*

The flood of application daily made to this office, is substantial proof of the avidity with which the measure was received by these brave men. Several thousand testimonials have already been issued and registered, and thousands of applications are still on file.

RECORDS.

Additional facts connected with the record of officers and soldiers are being daily received and carefully noted

on the books, and, ere long, the history of every officer and soldier, who served in the late war, will be as correct as it is possible to make it. These individual histories, intrinsic in value at the present age, will grow more and more valuable as each generation passes away, and their places are filled by those yet unborn, who will bless their fathers, not only for giving them a glorious land, but for perpetuating the memories of its defenders.

The most important corrections that have been made since the publication of the first volume of the report of this office for the year ending June 1, 1866, were published in the addenda of the second volume of the same report.

In the compilation of the second volume of my report for 1866, I intended to have given a brief military history of our State, from its first settlement in 1623, to the close of the great rebellion in 1865; but, as stated in the preface of that work, I was obliged to abandon my original plan, and to close the provincial and early history with the commencement of the war of 1812, owing to the fact that no rolls of the New-Hampshire soldiers in the war of 1812 were to be found in our State Archives. These and other important rolls are now on file at Washington, and measures should be taken to obtain them, or copies of them, and when obtained, the early history of our State should be completed.

The importance of this work can not be over estimated. Scarcely a citizen of the State but that is personally interested in the preservation of these antique records. Nearly all will find on the pages of the work published, the name of some ancestor who was identified with the struggle of those olden days, and whose memory is still cherished with fondness and pride.

The expense attending the completion of this work would be but slight, and to that end I would most earnest-

ly recommend the procurement of the rolls at Washington of the soldiers from this State in the Revolution, if any remain there, and also the rolls of those in the war of 1812, the Mexican war, and the Indian Stream difficulties.

Frequent application is made to this office for information contained only in these rolls, and it is highly important that they, or copies of them, should be on file here.

I would also further recommend that the military records now on file in the office of the Secretary of State be removed to this office, as being the appropriate place of deposit, and one more convenient to all parties concerned.

ROLL OF HONOR.

I intended to have published in this report an alphabetical list of our brave soldiers who died in rebel prisons; but finding the data at hand too meager, and fearing that injustice might be done to the memory of many by the omission of their names, I have thought best to omit it altogether, believing that the Legislature, if the subject were brought to its notice, would readily authorize the publication of a catalogue containing the names of all who gave their lives, in any way, for the salvation of our cause.

The brave sons of the Granite Hills who fell victims of the slaveholders' rebellion, in battle and prison-pen, are numbered by thousands. Their bones make sacred nearly every battle-field of the war. They lie in the crowded graves around the wretched prison-pens of Andersonville, Salisbury, Florence, Libby prison, and Belle Isle, where they suffered, lingered and died, of cruel starvation and loathesome disease.

“ They sleep in death! their work is done!
The battle's heat they nobly braved:
Our gallant sons the victory won,
They gave their lives,—our land is saved.”

It is but justice to the memories of these brave men

that a correct record of the circumstances attending their death, and the place of burial, should be arranged and published by the State in an enduring memorial.

Records are being published by the general government from which can be obtained much of the data required, which, with the files in this office, and the information which might be obtained from relatives and surviving comrades, would make a record as correct and satisfactory as the most sanguine might expect.

Such a record, alphabetically arranged, giving name, rank, company, regiment, number of grave, date and cause of death, would not only be valuable for reference, but would form a lasting monument of glory, to which the survivors of the conflict would revert with pride, in their trembling age, and their children, and their children's children would ever delight to point to the name of some ancestor who fell on the blood-stained fields of the South. I would therefore most earnestly recommend that the Legislature take some action in this matter, and if it is found expedient, authorize the record to be made in this office, and published, in justice to the living as well as to the dead.

ROLL OF DISHONOR.

I would also recommend that a registry of deserters and draft skulkers be authorized to be arranged in alphabetical order, and published in connection with the roll of honor, or in the next annual report of this Department, for convenient reference, and the edification of the parties concerned. Should the act passed during the late session of 1866, concerning this class, be declared a law of the State, this record would be of inestimable value, from which to furnish lists of deserters from the several towns, or by furnishing each town with copies of the record, the office would be relieved of much labor and expense, fully compensating for the cost of the entire work.

BATTLE FLAGS.

During the session of the Legislature of 1866, a resolution was passed, instructing the Adjutant-General to allow no person to remove the battle-flags of the New-Hampshire regiments from the State House, unless it be to prevent their destruction from some unusual cause, and that he preserve them on exhibition as at present, until otherwise provided by the Legislature—the provisions of which act have been strictly complied with.

These precious relics, so battle worn and honorable should be more fitly preserved than they can possibly be where they now are, and I would recommend that further action be taken concerning them, with a view of inclosing them in glass cases on either side of Doric Hall, suspended on the walls.

The State of Massachusetts, and other States, have adopted like measures, and it is believed that the flags can not be preserved in any other way but a very few years, as many of them are already in such a state of decay, that unless kept from exposure to the air they will soon be past all hope of preservation.

The expense in procuring these cases would be but slight, and when once properly arranged, these glorious mementoes of the fidelity and sacrifices of our soldiery, would be preserved to the gaze of this and coming generations.

MILITIA AND MILITIA LAW.

The militia law of the State provides that the Adjutant, Inspector, and Quartermaster-General, shall make to the Governor an annual report, in the month of May, of the transactions of his office, stating in detail, the amount, kind, and condition of public property in charge of his department, together with a consolidated return of the several military organizations in the State. It also provides that an annual parade and inspection shall be made

on the fourth Tuesday of May, at which time each company shall be inspected, and returns of such inspection made to the Adjutant-General, on or before the expiration of twenty days thereafter, thus bringing it far into June before he can consolidate and transmit his return, as contemplated by law; and I have therefore found it impossible to submit this report to your Excellency at an earlier date.

The law in this respect should be so modified that the inspection be made on the first Tuesday instead of the fourth, as then ample time would be had in which to compile and submit the report for your information in preparing your annual message, and with that, could be transmitted to the General Court.

During the past year, the following companies have been organized, uniformed and equipped, and one, the Gilmore Rifles, at Fisherville, disbanded:

Portsmouth City Guards,	Portsmouth.
Auburn Rifles,	Auburn.
Bell Rifles,	Lake Village.
Grant Guards,	Northwood.
Patterson Guards,	Hanover.
Nashua Light Guards,	Nashua.
Laconia Rifles,	Laconia.
Rockingham Guards,	So. Newmarket.
Head Rifles,	Bristol.

We now have twenty-seven companies, twenty-five of infantry, one of cavalry, and one section of battery, leaving but three companies to be organized to meet the requirements of the militia law. The full complement would long since have been organized but for the desire to have the force as equally distributed over the State as possible, and consequently very many petitions for authority to raise companies have been refused, as their accep-

tance would give too many companies to certain localities. Petitions for authority to raise these remaining companies are now under consideration, and as they are all from desirable localities, doubtless they will each be accepted, and then, when properly organized into regiments and brigade, as contemplated by law, no State can boast of a better or more promising militia than our own.

REPORT

Of the Encampment of the State Militia for the year 1866, held in conformity with section 3, page 26, of the existing Militia Law of this State.

ADJUTANT-GENERAL'S REPORT.

The date of the annual encampment having been decided upon by your Excellency, company commanders were duly informed of the same, and the organization of the militia companies into regiments, and the appointment of regimental and brigade officers rapidly completed. On September 24th, the following order was promulgated :

GENERAL HEADQUARTERS,
STATE OF NEW-HAMPSHIRE;
Adjutant-General's Office, Concord, Sept. 24, 1866. }

GENERAL ORDERS NO. 37.

I. The following companies will compose the First Regiment New-Hampshire Volunteer State Militia, and will be designated by letter, as follows: namely,

Company A, Bedford Light Infantry; B, National Guards; C, Head Guards; D, Smyth Rifles; E, Sheridan Guards; F, State Capital Guards; G, Messer Rifles; H, Smyth Guards; I, Manchester War Veterans; K, Wilton Light Infantry; L, Hooksett Light Infantry; M, Nashua Light Guards.

II. The following unassigned companies will be designated as follows: namely,

First Company Cavalry (unattached), Manchester Cavalry.

First Company Artillery (unattached), Lafayette Artillery.

III. The unassigned companies will muster with the First Regiment, at Manchester, October 1st, 2d, and 3d, reporting to Colonel Patterson.

By order of His Excellency,

FREDERICK SMYTH,

Governor and Commander-in-Chief.

NATT HEAD, Adjutant-General.

Which, on the 26th instant, was accompanied by the following :

GENERAL HEADQUARTERS,
STATE OF NEW-HAMPSHIRE, }
Adjutant-General's Office, Concord, Sept. 26, 1866. }

GENERAL ORDERS NO. 40.

I. The following companies will compose the Second Regiment New-Hampshire Volunteer State Militia, and will be designated by letter, as follows : namely,

Company A, Strafford Guards, of Dover ; B, Granite State Zouaves, of Dover ; C, Portsmouth City Guards, of Portsmouth ; D, Auburn Rifles, of Auburn ; E, Bell Rifles, of Lake Village ; F, Grant Guards, of Northwood ; G, Laconia Rifles, of Laconia ; H, Rockingham Guards, of Newmarket.

First Light Battery "Section A," of Dover.

II. The above organizations will go into camp at Dover, on the 4th day of October ensuing, fully armed and equipped, prepared for an Encampment of three days' duration ; and the commanding officers will communicate with Colonel A. W. Rollins, commanding the Regiment, at Dover, who will give them all necessary instructions.

So little time remains in which to perfect the organization of this Regiment, it is confidently hoped that the officers will be as expeditious as possible in perfecting each Company organization.

By order of His Excellency,

FREDERICK SMYTH,

Governor and Commander-in-Chief.

NATT HEAD, Adjutant-General.

The remaining militia companies, comprising the Paterson Guards, of Hanover, Harriman Guards, of Lyme, and Lancaster Rifle Company, of Lancaster, were excluded from a regimental organization, it being the intention of your Excellency to subsequently organize a third regiment, of which they were to form the nucleus. They were, however, severally ordered to encamp for one day at their respective locations.

The principal reason influencing these several encampments was the remoteness of location of the militia companies. It was thought that the expense of transportation would not admit of a general rendezvous of the entire militia force ; consequently it was decided that the companies mostly located in the first and second districts

should rendezvous at two points most convenient to an economical disbursement on account of transportation.

ENCAMPMENT AT MANCHESTER.

Agreeable to orders, the First Regiment New-Hampshire State Militia, with cavalry and artillery unassigned to regimental organization, the whole comprising the command of Colonel J. N. Patterson, promptly assembled at Manchester on the morning of October 1st, and without unnecessary delay proceeded to encamp on the Fair Grounds, situated in the north part of the city, distant one mile from the railroad depot.

The grounds were well adapted for an encampment, having been used as such by several of our late volunteer regiments during their organization. Camp was established with military precision and in most advantageous order. The duties of the day consisted of guard mounting, followed by company drill, and the usual routine of the opening day of an encampment. Regimental headquarters were designated "Camp Smyth," in honor of the Governor.

The duties of the second day of the encampment, aside from those pertaining to the regimental routine, consisted of regimental inspection by companies, by myself and Colonel Thomas L. Livermore, Assistant Inspector General, which was performed in the forenoon.

Two o'clock in the afternoon was the hour announced for the Grand Review and Inspection. His Excellency and Staff, accompanied by Brigadier General Griffin, and invited officers of our late Volunteer Regiments, at that hour entered the encampment ground, receiving appropriate military honors. Following an exchange of military courtesies, the review and inspection was commenced by the troops twice passing the Governor and Staff in "column, by company," the second time moving in quick time.

Immediately after the review and inspection, the troops, in double column, closed in mass, and were addressed by His Excellency, as follows :

ADDRESS OF GOVERNOR SMYTH.

Officers and Soldiers : It is with heartfelt gratification and pride that I have witnessed your conduct, and the splendid manner in which you have performed your duties this day. I shall not attempt to conceal the deep anxiety which I have felt, that this organization, so recently called into existence, under my administration, should assume a shape and efficiency not unworthy of the past renown and present needs of the State.

The lessons we have all learned will, I trust, never be forgotten ; and while the supremacy of moral influence must ever take precedence of mere brute force in the affairs of this nation, yet events have taught us that we can only be safe when just principles are sustained and pushed on by organized, intelligent strength.

On this tented field (once possessed and cultivated by the hero of Bennington, who now sleeps in yonder inclosure) our regiments drilled ere they went forth to their first bloody baptism of war. Here, I doubt not, many of you acquired a knowledge of those principles which afterward were found of great value, and it is to be hoped that the spirit which animated you then and increased with all the perils and hardships you encountered, yet remains, and is ready to be offered, if need be, in defense of our common liberties.

Although this is a new organization, I am happy to know it is yet largely composed of veterans ; of men who know that to be a soldier is no light thing, and that he has duties in time of peace no less than in time of war. It is indeed difficult, and possibly distasteful, for the veteran soldier, tried upon a hundred battle-fields, to assume

the patient duties of the drill, when the great motive which urged him on has been removed and peace restored to bless the land. But the good citizen well knows that our liberties are worth some sacrifice, and that every one is called on in proportion to his ability, to contribute something to the common cause. While we all hope never to see our country engaged in war again, and while it is most devoutly to be desired that peaceful counsels shall prevail in our internal relations, and in our dealings with other nations, yet we must be always ready, so that, let danger come from whatever source it may, the sentinel may never be found sleeping upon his post.

I have said, soldiers, that after the excitements of war this militia system—this war in peace, may seem dull and irksome. It offers you no high bounties, it opens no great chances for dazzling promotion, but it gives you what every man who loves his country will rejoice in, a chance to do your duty. It is a common burden for the common good, and while it should be shared as equally as possible by all, we should all unite to make it honored and honorable. I would appeal to every citizen of the State to give his moral influence and his entire coöperation to the work.

What evils might have been avoided, what useless sacrifice of precious lives spared, what amounts of treasure saved, had we possessed a simple, uniform, working militia system at the outbreak of the war! But because our experience has been dear-bought, our knowledge acquired at a great price, we are therefore bound to make good use of it so much the more.

Veteran soldiers in arms! Your conduct and appearance at this encampment is such as to reflect new credit upon your State, and to give us the hope that we shall have, and perpetually maintain, a reliable system of defense.

You are the sword of the magistrate, which is to give

support and dignity to law, confidence and security to government, and which is to be a terror to evil-doers every where. This will back up and support the sturdy moral sense of the country, give conscious safety to every fire-side, and forever prevent all further attempts to the overthrow of our cherished institutions.

Since the war, the world has been compelled to respect our power, and those who would gladly have been enemies are silenced. We need only to retain our weapons, and show that we are prepared to maintain, every where and on all occasions, the just rights of the nation, to secure that regard which is our due. Our enemies will yield it because they dare not refuse, and our friends will all rejoice at that strength which I trust will never be exercised save in a just cause.

These remarks were received with much enthusiasm by the concourse assembled. The troops were then dismissed, when the exercises of the day ended with a dress parade at half-past 4 o'clock. The forenoon of the third and last day was spent in company drills. At 1 o'clock p. m. camp was struck. The regiment formed in line, paraded through the principal streets in the city, and were dismissed by Colonel Patterson.

STRENGTH PRESENT.

Commissioned officers,	50
Enlisted men,	663
	<hr/>
Total,	713

ENCAMPMENT AT DOVER.

In compliance with orders, the Second Regiment New-Hampshire State Militia, accompanied by Section "A" of the 1st Light Battery, and comprising the command of Colonel A. W. Rollins, assembled at Dover on the morning of October 4, and, after forming in line, proceeded to

the encampment grounds, situated in the southern portion of the city, on the Dover Point road, distant about two miles from the railroad depot. The forenoon was occupied in establishing camp, posting guards, &c.; the afternoon in company drills and dress parade at 5 o'clock. Regimental Headquarters were designated "Camp Head," in honor of the Adjutant-General of the State. The forenoon of the second day was chiefly spent in regimental inspection, by companies, by myself, aided by Colonel Thomas L. Livermore, Assistant Inspector General.

In the forenoon, the "Amoskeag Veterans," of Manchester, arrived from Newburyport, Mass., accompanied by about twenty-five members of the "Newburyport Veterans." The battalion immediately went into camp, and took part in the exercises of the day. The Grand Review and Inspection, by His Excellency, the Governor, was announced at 2 o'clock P. M. At that hour the troops formed in line, and, under command of Colonel A. W. Rollins, marched to the adjacent reviewing ground. The line was again formed, and soon the booming cannon announced the arrival of His Excellency and Staff, accompanied by a large number of officers of the late volunteer service. The troops were immediately inspected by His Excellency, after which they twice passed in review. Following the review, the troops closed in mass, and were addressed by His Excellency in terms of high praise for their prompt military appearance, admirable discipline, and soldierly bearing. The review then ended, and the exercises of the day subsequently closed with a dress parade.

The third and last day was spent in company drills, and in making preparations for breaking up camp. At 3 o'clock P. M. tents were struck, the line formed, and under command of Colonel Rollins, the troops marched to the city, where, after holding a dress parade in the public square, they were dismissed by their colonel.

STRENGTH PRESENT.

Commissioned officers,	33
Enlisted men,	446
Total,	<u>479</u>

UNATTACHED COMPANIES.

The unattached companies, comprising the Patterson Guards, of Hanover, the Harriman Guards, of Lyme, and Lancaster Rifle Company, of Lancaster, mustered as per orders, and in each case reported with full ranks, and in most serviceable condition.

INSPECTOR GENERAL'S REPORT.

The limited time allowed for regimental inspection, at the encampments at Manchester and Dover, October 2d and 5th, precluded the possibility of my making so rigid and thorough an inspection as the good of the service invariably requires; and I had but little time in which to examine company and regimental books.

The appearance of the troops on parade was indeed most creditable, and the presence of a large number of veteran soldiers was plainly apparent. The arms and accouterments of the First Brigade are nearly new; most of them having been issued during the past year; and, with the exception of one company in the Second Regiment, the arms of the entire brigade were clean, and in most serviceable condition. The uniforms have all been supplied during the present year, and were found to be in excellent condition, evincing faithful care on the part of company commanders. Companies were inspected in the use of arms, and although there were many men who

were expert in this respect, as companies, they plainly gave evidence of want of drill. Company commanders exhibited a lamentable irregularity in the manner of loading and firing; indicating a not very thorough acquaintance with the manual of arms. This lack of knowledge might, in some measure, be expected, as within the past year most of our militia companies have been organized, and many of them within the past three or four months. Considering these facts, it is my belief that the troops acquitted themselves in a remarkably creditable manner.

Company commanders evinced a wholesome interest in the condition of their respective commands, and should this interest continue, and increase during coming years, it is my belief that the discipline and efficiency of our State militia will not be second to that of the militia of any other State. The character, physical and mental, of the rank and file, is excellent, and the officers, as a body, appear to be men of intelligence. With continual liberal encouragement on the part of the State, our militia can be maintained in a desirable discipline at a very reasonable expense.

Colonel Livermore was thoughtful to ascertain the number of men that could be relied upon to perform one year of active service in the field, if called upon. Company commanders were consulted, and the result was, that out of one thousand one hundred and ninety-two officers and enlisted men, nine hundred and thirty-nine could be relied upon to perform one year's active service. This, however, does not make allowance for the number that would be disqualified in consequence of physical disability. When it is known that six hundred and forty of the one thousand one hundred and ninety-two officers and enlisted men, have seen active service during the late rebellion, I think it reasonable to infer that full sixty per cent of our militia force could be relied upon for one year of active campaigning.

The experience derived from these two encampments warrants me in stating that in my opinion the object for which encampments are provided can be more completely carried out by brigade encampments than by regimental. Although the expense would be greater, the benefit that would accrue to the militia service would fully compensate for the same. Under the system, as observed this year, regimental commanders are so pressed with the duties of entirely supervising the camp, and regulating the Quartermaster's and Commissary departments, that they are unable to devote that vigilant attention to drill and discipline requisite to success. A brigade commander can, by the aid of his staff, relieve the colonels from a large share of their extra duties; and himself, freed from the immediate care of the men, can enforce complete police regulations; and, in his general supervision, correct irregularities in drill, which will unavoidably escape the attention of regimental commanders, and, at the same time, will not give way to a looseness in discipline to which colonels are constantly tempted. Added to these advantages are other reasons: namely, a uniformity in tactics, and in camp and guard duties, only to be obtained under the single command of the brigadier general, and the creating of a proper and wholesome *esprit-de-corps*.

The different regiments will never be inspired with that spirit of emulation, so important among troops, unless camped side by side. The militia will far more readily feel a pride in their corps by seeing it as a whole. Discipline and drill can only receive that particular attention necessary, when every officer and soldier is under the command of a vigilant general. Approving of one general encampment, it is my full belief that an encampment should continue six days—allowing one day for assembling and establishing camps, &c.; another day for breaking up camp and dispersing homeward. A six days' encampment

would afford four days in which to drill and discipline, in an efficient manner, both officers and men. It would afford a favorable opportunity to establish a theoretical and practical school for commissioned officers, over which the brigadier general could preside, and impart serviceable information to his subordinate. To encourage the military spirit I would suggest that the best-drilled company at brigade encampment be announced in general orders, and that the best-drilled man, in the manual of arms and bayonet exercise, and the best marksman, be rewarded by the presentation of a military badge or diploma. In this way the brigade muster, when the whole militia is present as spectators and competitors, may be made such an occasion of interest and importance that to have excelled will be a marked honor in battalion, company, or individual.

In closing my report as Inspector General, I must speak of the efficient services rendered at inspection, and of valuable suggestions since imparted by my assistant, Col. Thomas L. Livermore. Col. Livermore is too well known to your Excellency to require that I should speak in detail of his military merits.

QUARTERMASTER GENERAL'S REPORT.

The expense attending the encampment of the State militia for 1866, held at Manchester, October 1, 2 and 3, and at Dover, October 4, 5, and 6, and of the three unattached companies, which encamped each separately, was as follows :

Brigade staff,	\$227 40	
Transportation of camp equipage,	116 00	
	<hr/>	\$343 40

FIRST REGIMENT.

Field and Staff,	82 20	
Non-commissioned Staff and Band,	111 10	
Quartermaster's bill for wood, straw, teams, &c.,	264 00	
Company A, Bedford Light Infantry,	226 50	
“ B, National Guards,	225 00	
“ C, Head Guards,	220 50	
“ D, Smyth Rifles,	225 00	
“ E, Sheridan Guards,	220 50	
“ F, State Capital Guards,	264 60	
“ G, Messer Rifles,	505 00	
“ H, Smyth Guards,	288 00	
“ I, Manchester War Veterans,	229 50	
“ K, Wilton Light Infantry,	387 10	
“ L, Hooksett Light Infantry,	225 50	
“ M, Nashua Light Guards,	326 40	
First Company Cavalry,	329 00	
Lafayette Artillery Company,	423 30	
	<hr/>	\$4,873 24

SECOND REGIMENT.

Field and Staff,	78 20	
Non-commissioned Staff and Band,	90 00	
Quartermaster's bill for wood, straw, teams, &c.,	203 80	
Company A, Strafford Guards,	229 50	
“ B, Granite State Zouaves,	198 00	
“ C, Portsmouth City Guards,	292 50	
“ D, Auburn Rifles,	416 50	
“ E, Bell Rifles,	499 80	
“ F, Grant Guards,	329 00	
“ G, Laconia Rifles,	457 70	
“ H, Rockingham Guards,	295 80	
First Light Battery, Section A,	238 50	
Amoskeag Veterans,	105 00	
	<hr/>	\$3,434 30

UNATTACHED COMPANIES.

Patterson Guards,	60 00	
Harriman Guards,	70 50	
Lancaster Rifle Company,	67 50	
	<hr/>	\$198 00

Total expense,	<hr/>	\$8,505 54
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The number of officers and enlisted men present,	
At Manchester was	713
At Dover,	479
Unattached companies,	132
	<hr/>
Making an aggregate of	1324

The total expense per man during the encampment was \$6.42.

These figures are considered most satisfactory, and indicate an economical disbursement, consistent with the present condition of the State finances.

Up to the date of my last report the duties of the office were such that I was unable to devote the time and attention to the records of our militia, which its interests demanded. Since then, however, I have inaugurated a new set of records, obtained descriptive rolls of each company, and transcribed them into substantial and appropriate books, so that the true condition and numerical force of our militia can be seen at a glance, at any and all times. In this connection, the following was promulgated :

GENERAL HEADQUARTERS, STATE OF NEW-HAMPSHIRE: }
 ADJUTANT-GENERAL'S OFFICE, }
 Concord, N. H., January 9, 1867. }

GENERAL ORDERS, No. 1.

In view of establishing a more correct and systematic record of the Volunteer Militia of the State of New-Hampshire, both at these and company headquarters, the following is promulgated: namely,

I. All orders, circulars, blanks, and letters of instruction, received from these, or regimental headquarters, are required to be kept on file at the several company headquarters, in care of the company clerk, and under the supervision of the company commander; that the same may, in case of transfer of property, be accessible to, and govern the action of, the officer to whom the transfer is made. The fact that, in many cases, such documents have been considered by captains of companies as private property, or of no account to their successors, being cognizant to this office, has given rise to this paragraph; and it is hoped that such irregularities will, in the future, be avoided, and that, in the transfer of company property

from one commander to another, all official papers may be turned over to the officer assuming command, for his information and guidance.

II. Company commanders will immediately cause the accompanying descriptive blanks to be filled out in duplicate, one copy to be forwarded to this office, the other to be retained at company headquarters. In filling out the blanks, great care should be taken to render the description and record of each member as correctly as possible, and to avoid all clerical errors and erasures.

It is absolutely necessary that the above mentioned blanks be filled and transmitted to this office prior to February 1st ensuing.

By order of His Excellency,

FREDERICK SMYTH,

Governor and Commander-in-Chief.

NATT HEAD, Adjutant-General.

The necessity of a more uniform and systematic management in the keeping of armories, arms, accouterments and clothing, being apparent, and no general instructions having been promulgated for the government of the militia, the following general orders were issued :

GENERAL HEADQUARTERS, STATE OF NEW-HAMPSHIRE : }
 ADJUTANT GENERAL'S OFFICE. }
 CONCORD, April 9, 1867. }

GENERAL ORDERS, No. 2.

For the better government and discipline of the Militia of this State, and to avoid certain irregularities which are found to exist on the part of both officers and men, the following is promulgated :

I. All Arms, Accouterments and Uniforms are required to be stored in a suitable armory, for safe-keeping (and when practicable such armory should be suited for a drill-room), and the Company commanders will be held strictly accountable for every article of such property coming into their possession for the use of their respective commands, and that the armory and property be kept in such a condition as will bear a rigid and minute inspection at any and all times.

II. When such property shall have been so stored, the commanding officer will number the men of his company, from one to forty-eight, respectively, and place the number of each man against his name on the company rolls, and a corresponding number upon the musket and each article of accouterment and uniform designated for his use when in the performance of military duty ; and each member of the company should be required to clean, and preserve in good order and serviceable condition,

the articles thus designated by his number, and held strictly accountable to the commanding officer therefor.

III. If any article of public property shall be willfully or carelessly injured or destroyed, or any portion of the uniform furnished by the State, worn by any member of the company when not in the performance of military duty, the fact will be promptly reported to the commanding officer of the regiment, who will investigate the matter and report to this office.

IV. To render the Militia of this State as effective as must be desired by every good citizen, it is absolutely necessary that the commander of each company so instruct the officers and men under his command, in drill and discipline, that they may be at all times in readiness for such service as may be required of them; and he should use all necessary and proper means, by frequent drills, or otherwise, to accomplish this very desirable end; and whenever a company shall meet for drill or other purposes, by order of the commanding officer, or otherwise, the officers and men will be required to conduct themselves in all respects according to the rules of military discipline.

V. No meeting will be held without the order or consent of the commanding officer, unless by vote of a majority of the members present at a previous meeting. And in no case will any armory be made a lounging place by members of the company on Sunday, or on other occasions.

VI. Company Commanders will immediately transmit to this office a list of the officers present within the limits of their respective commands, together with those absent, giving the present post-office address of each; and hereafter no officer shall absent himself from the limits of his company, for a period exceeding thirty days, without first notifying the regimental commander of his intentions, and the probable time of his return.

VII. All official business with this office is required to be transacted through regimental headquarters; and all documents forwarded to the commanding officer of the regiment, will be by him transmitted to this office, with his approval or disapproval indorsed thereon.

VIII. Captains of Companies will, within ten days after the annual inspection in May (fourth Tuesday), make out duplicate returns of the true state of their respective commands, retain one copy on file, and forward the other to the adjutant of the regiment, who will consolidate the several returns made to him, and transmit a copy to this office.

IX. They will also make, at the same time, returns in duplicate of all public property in their possession, or for which they are responsible, one copy to be retained, and the other forwarded to the regimental quartermaster, who will consolidate the same, and transmit one copy, countersigned by the commanding officer of the regiment, to these headquarters.

X. Companies not attached to any regimental organization, will continue to forward all communications, returns, etc., to, and receive all orders and necessary instructions from, this office.

XI. In case of transfer of property from one officer to another, in pursuance to orders, or otherwise, the officer making the transfer shall deliver with the same, duplicate invoices thereof, showing each item of property so delivered, one copy of which the receiving officer will retain on file, and the other copy he will transmit with his next annual return of public property. And the receiving officer will give duplicate receipts, corresponding with the invoice, one copy of which will be retained by the officer making the transfer, for his own protection, and the other forwarded to the Quartermaster General for his information.

XII. When a commanding officer shall die, remove from the State, be placed under arrest, or in any way relieved from the care of company property, the officer next in rank will take charge of, and be held responsible for, all public property pertaining to the company, and make such returns as are required, until the vacancy is filled, or the disability removed.

XIII. Company commanders are directed to cause this order to be read before their respective commands at their next regular meeting or parade, and expected to enforce, and render a strict compliance with all its provisions.

By order of His Excellency,
 FREDERICK SMYTH,
Governor and Commander-in-Chief.

NATT HEAD,
Adjutant, Inspector and Quartermaster General.

This order had a most beneficial effect. Company commanders at once began to conform to its provisions in the transaction of business, and in re-arranging their armories, so that when inspected, a few weeks later, I was enabled to render a most satisfactory report.

INSPECTION REPORTS AND PARADES.

The annual inspection and parade, made in accordance with the provisions of the law, on the 28th of May last, gave evidence of proficiency and a commendable desire to excel in each company organization.

Six companies from Manchester, one from Bedford, and one from Auburn, paraded at the former place, under the command of Lieutenant-Colonel Maxwell of the First Regiment, and it was one of the finest displays of militia troops I ever witnessed. The battalion was reviewed by

His Excellency and Staff, and minutely inspected by me. The three Dover companies also paraded as a battalion, was duly inspected by the senior officer, Captain Thomas Currier, and is said to have been an occasion of much interest. The remaining companies paraded, each separately, and with the same pleasing result as those mentioned above.

I intended here to have inserted an abstract of the returns made by the several companies of this parade and inspection, but am obliged to omit it, as many of the returns have not yet been received. This I regret exceedingly, as I hoped to have been able to submit an abstract in many respects more comprehensive and complete than any previous returns submitted by myself or my predecessors. Hitherto returns have been made without special regard to the forms and regulations governing the making of returns in the army of the United States, — a system entirely erroneous, as State troops should be instructed and governed in all respects, when not inconsistent with State laws, by the same rules as those which pertain to the regular army, else, when called into active service, they will be found inefficient and worthless until they shall have been disciplined in their new duties. This should not be. The military force of our State should at all times be in such a state of discipline that, if called to participate in the stern realities of war, it will, at the onset, be fully qualified to perform every duty devolving upon it, either in the manual of arms or in the important duties of making returns and keeping company records. To this lack of knowledge may properly be attributed much of the incompleteness of the records of this and other States concerning the part taken by them respectively in the war for the suppression of the rebellion.

Aside from the regular encampment of 1866, and the annual inspection and parade just mentioned, other mili-

tary displays have been made that are worthy of notice. I had the pleasure of witnessing the annual parade of the venerable battalion of Amoskeag Veterans, at Manchester, on the 22d of February, which, as usual, was an occasion of much interest and enjoyment to all present.

A battalion of eight companies of militia, under the command of Lieutenant-Colonel W. H. Maxwell, also paraded on the same day, were reviewed by the Commander-in-Chief and Staff, and acquitted themselves in a highly creditable manner. The Manchester War Veterans were also reviewed on the occasion of their annual parade and levee, and did themselves much honor. In each instance, the appearance and discipline of the soldiery was entirely creditable. They were the recipients of deserved applause and commendation, and the displays afforded gratification to many of our citizens.

To foster the military spirit, now apparent in our midst, I believe occasional parades by companies, or regiments, to be very beneficial. The more frequent are these voluntary or stated parades, the better the several corps will appear, and the more our people will become familiarized with the system. Such displays are not only productive of good to the troops, but of enjoyment and interest to the communities that witness. In addition to these inspections and parades, a special and minute inspection has been made, by your order, of all the armories.

The current duties of the office rendering it quite impossible for me to make a personal inspection of all the armories, I instructed Colonel Thomas L. Livermore, Assistant Inspector General, to inspect such of them as would be inconvenient for me to inspect, and to report thereon, making such suggestions as, in his opinion, the interests of the service required. He at once entered upon the discharge of his duties, and submits the following report :

OFFICE OF ASSISTANT INSPECTOR GENERAL, }
 1st BRIGADE, 1st DIVISION N. H. V. M., }
Milford, June 5, 1867.

Brigadier General NATT HEAD, *Adjutant and Inspector General:*

GENERAL— I have the honor to report that, in compliance with your letter of instructions of May 28th, 1867, I have inspected the armories of the companies hereinafter mentioned, and that their condition is as noted.

I inspected, with special attention to the requirements of Par's I and II, G. O. No. 2, Gen. H'd Qrs., State of N. H., A. G. O., dated April 9, 1867, by which it is ordered that uniforms, arms and accouterments, shall be numbered regularly, and shall be stored in the armories, and well kept, and that the armories, when practicable, shall be suitable for drill-rooms. Where there appears to be any non-conformity in these respects, unless it is otherwise noted, it has been apparent that there was willingness and intention on the part of commanding officers to execute the order, and that want of time has prevented them from doing so already, which can easily be understood when it is recollected that the most of the officers and soldiers have daily employment which they can not put off at pleasure, and that in some cases the companies are scattered over a large extent of country.

FIRST REGIMENT,

Co. A., Bedford Light Infantry, Bedford, has the town hall, suitable for a drill-room, with two good rooms for arms, accouterments and clothing. 60 rifles in racks in armory, numbered, well kept; 53 sets accouterments on pegs in armory, not numbered, well kept; 44 uniforms in racks, in armory, not numbered, well kept.

Co. B, National Guards, Manchester, has a good hall, suitable for a drill-room, and a good room for clothing.

52 rifles in armory, in racks, numbered, well kept; 50 sets accouterments, on pegs, numbered, well kept; nearly all of the uniforms in armory numbered, well kept.

Co. D, Smyth Rifles, Manchester, has a very good hall, suitable for drill-room, and good rooms for clothing and accouterments. 50 rifles in armory, in racks, not numbered, well kept; 50 sets accouterments in armory, on pegs, not numbered, well kept; 46 uniforms in armory, numbered, well kept.

Co. E, Sheridan Guards, Manchester, has a very large and good hall, suitable for a drill-room, and a good clothing room. 50 rifles, in armory, in racks, numbered, well kept; 50 sets accouterments in armory, not numbered, well kept; 48 uniforms in armory, not numbered, well kept.

Co. G, Messer Rifles, New-London, has a good hall, suitable for drill-room, and a room for clothing is in preparation. 45 rifles in armory, in racks, numbered, well kept; 45 sets accouterments in armory, numbered, well kept; uniforms not yet in armory.

Co. I, Manchester War Veterans, Manchester, has a very good hall, suitable for drill-room, and good rooms for clothing, arms, and accouterments. 48 rifles in armory, in racks, not numbered, well kept; 50 sets accouterments in armory, not numbered, well kept; 48 uniforms in armory, not numbered, well kept. The delay in this company, in numbering, may be accounted for by a change of officers, and consequent unsettled state of affairs, which has detracted a little from accustomed neatness, also.

Co. K, Wilton Light Infantry, Wilton, has a very good hall, suitable for drill-room, and good rooms for clothing, arms and accouterments. 48 rifles in armory, in racks, not numbered, well kept; 50 sets accouterments, not numbered, well kept; uniforms not in armory.

Co. M, Nashua Light Guards, Nashua, has a good hall,

suitable for drill-room, and rooms for clothing, arms, and accouterments. 50 rifles in armory, in racks, numbered on slings, well kept; 50 sets accouterments in armory, numbered, well kept; 36 uniforms in armory, not numbered, well kept.

SECOND REGIMENT.

Co. A, Strafford Guards, Dover, has a small room, suitable for drill in manual. 50 rifles in armory, in racks, not numbered, well kept; 50 sets accouterments in armory, not numbered, well kept; 45 uniforms in armory, not numbered, well kept. The armory of this company was burned down a short time since, and the present one is a temporary expedient.

Co. B, Granite State Zouaves, Dover, has a good hall, suitable for drill-room, and a small clothes room. 50 rifles in armory, in racks, numbered on slings, well kept; 50 sets accouterments in armory, numbered, well kept; 45 uniforms in armory, numbered, well kept.

Co. C, Portsmouth City Guards, Portsmouth, has the use of a small wardroom, suitable for drill in manual, and a poor clothes room. 35 rifles in armory, in racks, partly numbered, poorly kept; 39 sets accouterments in armory, not numbered, poorly kept; uniforms not in armory. The poor condition here reported is partly due to inability to procure a better armory, but I am led to believe, by officers of this regiment in Portsmouth, that the negligence generally exhibited is due in a great measure to the misconduct of Captain Peter Mitchell, who, it is believed, has absconded with a part of the company money. Second Lieutenant Morrison, who has charge of the armory, appears to be a worthy officer and endeavoring to right matters.

Co. D, Auburn Rifles, Auburn, has a very good hall, suitable for a drill-room. 50 rifles in armory, in racks,

numbered, well kept; 50 sets accouterments in armory, numbered, well kept; uniforms not in armory.

Co. E, Bell Rifles, Lake Village, has a good hall, suitable for a drill-room, and a good clothing room. 50 rifles in armory, in racks, numbered, well kept; 50 sets accouterments in armory, numbered, well kept; most of uniforms in armory, numbered, well kept.

Co. G, Laconia Rifles, Laconia, has a very good hall, suitable for drill-room, and a good clothing room. 50 rifles in armory, in racks, not numbered, well kept; 50 sets accouterments in armory, not numbered, well kept; most of uniforms in armory, not numbered, well kept.

Co. H, Rockingham Guards, South-Newmarket, has a good hall, suitable for drill-room, and arms and clothes room. 50 rifles in armory, in racks, numbered, well kept; 50 sets accouterments in armory, numbered, well kept; uniforms not in armory.

Head Rifles, Bristol, have a small room for arms and clothing, but a hall is to be prepared suitable for drill room. 25 rifles in armory, in racks, not numbered, well kept; 25 sets accouterments in armory, not numbered, well kept; part of uniforms in armory, not numbered, well kept; the rest of the arms and accouterments are in hands of men being cleaned.

1st Light Battery, Section A, Dover, has a poor room for guns, the floor of which is sunken and broken in places. The care bestowed on the guns merits a better gun-house, and as a suitable one can not be found in Dover, it is respectfully suggested that an appropriate gun-house should be built, in which these costly and important cannon could be kept safely. The room for uniforms and sabres is not as good as is desirable, but is neatly kept. The harness room is good and well kept. These three rooms are in different parts of the city, which renders the assembly of the battery a difficult and tedious operation.

A two story building, which could be built for a thousand dollars, would afford ample room for all the guns and appurtenances of a section of battery. 48 uniforms in armory, not numbered, well kept; 48 sabres in armory, not numbered, well kept; 2 twelve-pounder brass guns in armory, well kept; harnesses neatly hung up and well kept.

Harriman Guards, East Lyme, have a good hall, suitable for drill-room, and well arranged closets for arms and clothing. 50 rifles in armory, in racks, numbered, well kept; 50 sets accouterments in armory, numbered, well kept; 48 uniforms in armory, not numbered, well kept.

Patterson Guards, Hanover (Mill Village), have a small room, not suitable for drill-room, with well arranged closets for arms and clothing. 50 rifles in armory, in racks, not numbered, well kept; 50 sets accouterments in armory, not numbered, well kept; part of uniforms in armory, not numbered, well kept.

1st Co. of Cavalry, Manchester, has a good hall, suitable for drill-room, with good rooms for uniforms and equipments. 45 sabres and belts in armory, not numbered, well kept; most of uniforms in armory well kept; horse equipments in armory, neatly hung up, well kept.

Lafayette Artillery, Lyndeborough, have a good building for an armory, with hall, suitable for drill-room. 60 muskets in armory, in racks, numbered, well kept; 60 sets accouterments in armory, not numbered, well kept; .1 six-pounder brass field piece in armory, with no tompion; 14 uniforms in armory, lying loose. The field piece in this armory is of an old pattern and very cumbersome. It would take eight horses to maneuver it in the field, and it is not supplied with a caisson. I venture to suggest that if this company is to be drilled as artillery, that it is advisable to dispose of this piece and substitute a section of twelve-pounders or rifled guns, each of which would

take but four or six horses in the field, would weigh less, and throw more effective ammunition, and indeed six pound ammunition is so rarely found at this day, for field guns, that I doubt if sufficient could be readily obtained in case of need to fill the limber box of this gun.

Throughout this inspection, evidence of pride in their organizations and of a desire to excel was observed among the companies. In many cases they have hired large halls at a rent of from a hundred to a hundred and fifty dollars a year, the excess over the allowance of fifty dollars being paid by the companies. In several cases the armories are decorated in a beautiful manner, and in nearly all neatness and soldierly care is apparent. Very generally there are armorers in charge, whose business it is to keep arms and accouterments clean, and all property in good order—these men being paid by the companies; and, I believe I may safely report, in general the companies are successfully striving in this direction to render their corps a practical body of soldiery, always prepared for service in the field.

I am, General,

Very respectfully,

Your obedient servant,

THOS. L. LIVERMORE,

Col. and Asst. Inspector General N. H. V. M.

To save the expense of traveling fees, Colonel Henry O. Kent was requested to inspect the armory of the Lancaster Rifle company, and submits the following report:

LANCASTER, June 3, 1867.

GENERAL — Acting under your commission, I have this day inspected the armory of the Lancaster Rifles, Captain J. I. Williams, and find therein,

50 muskets complete, in racks, and numbered; 50 sets

equipments (minus one set reported as stolen) on pegs; 48 uniforms (see remarks) hung on pegs; 1 tenor drum; 1 fife; all being public property.

The arms and equipments are in perfect order. The forty-eight uniforms were not all in the armory; Captain Williams explaining that the order for their retention there, being a recent one, had not been fully executed by his sergeants. The complement of uniforms as above, was however, as he states, complete at the annual May parade.

The company has a light and dry armory, neat and in perfect order, well fitted with gun racks and pegs. Every thing indicates proper care of the public property.

I am, General,

Very respectfully,

Your obedient servant,

HENRY O. KENT,

Colonel, and Acting Inspector.

GENERAL NATT HEAD,

Adjutant, Inspector and Quartermaster General,

Concord.

The armories of the following companies have been inspected by me, and their condition is as noted:

FIRST REGIMENT.

Company L, Hooksett Light Infantry, Hooksett, has the use of the town hall, which is admirably suited for a drill-room, and another room fitted expressly for arms, accouterments, and uniforms.

49 rifles in armory, in racks, numbered and well kept; 50 sets accouterments in armory, numbered and well kept; most of the uniforms in armory, numbered and well kept.

Company F, State Capital Guards, Concord, has a small room, suitable for armory, and drill in the manual, and a clothing room.

47 rifles in armory, in racks, numbered and well kept; 50 sets accouterments in armory, numbered and well kept; part of the uniforms in armory, numbered and well kept.

Company II, Smyth Guards, Fisherville, has the use of a small room, suitable for a store room, but not for drill.

47 rifles in armory, in racks, numbered and well kept; 50 sets accouterments in armory, not numbered, in good condition; uniforms not all in armory.

This company is now having fitted for its use a large and convenient hall for drill, a room for the storage of arms and accouterments, and a good clothing room.

Company C, Head Guards, Manchester, has a good armory, well arranged. The arms, accouterments and uniforms are in armory, suspended in racks and on hooks, and are well kept.

Company F, Second Regiment, Grant Guards, Northwood Center, has a large and well arranged armory, fitted expressly for the purpose for which it is used, and is in excellent condition. The arms, accouterments and clothing, all in armory and in perfect condition.

The result of this inspection is in a high degree satisfactory. It not only shows a willingness on the part of the officers to conform to all requirements, but a commendable desire to excel in all pertaining to their several commands, and, ere long, every armory in the State will be in such a condition as will bear the most rigid and minute inspection from the most precise army officer.

ANNUAL ENROLLMENT.

In connection with the enrollment of the present year, which is given below, I have seen fit to add that of 1866, that the two may be compared, and the increase and decrease readily noted; and also the population of the sev-

eral towns, as showing the inequality or incorrectness of the enrollment made by the different towns. Many towns seem bent on making their enrollment as small as possible, as if afraid some draft or impressment were to be made on them for military duty, thereby rendering great injustice to the State, as on the enrollment of the State depends its quota of arms and munitions of war from the general government; and it should therefore be made impartially and fairly, thus enabling the State to obtain its just dues from the United States, and relieving it of much expense in purchasing articles that might, and should, be drawn from the general government. It is hoped that in the future the town officers will look to this, and, in making their annual enrollment, keep in view the best interests of the State, without fear or favor of any one.

ANNUAL ENROLLMENT, April, 1867 and 1866, of every able-bodied, white male citizen of this State, resident therein, of the age of eighteen years, and under the age of forty-five years, not by law exempt from doing military duty; also, the population of each town, census of 1860.

ROCKINGHAM COUNTY.

Towns.	1867.	1866.	Population.
Atkinson,	70	87	546
Auburn,	86	122	886
Brentwood,	105	52	887
Candia,	224	217	1,575
Chester,	164	161	1,276
Danville,	90	97	629
Deerfield,	204	203	2,066
Derry,	248	235	1,990
East-Kingston,	103	99	598
Epping,	159	138	1,414
Exeter,	332	289	3,309
Fremont,	73	87	579
Gosport,	17	23	127
Greenland,	73	69	762
Hampstead,	127	108	930

Towns.	1867.	1866.	Population.
Hampton,	187	179	1,230
Hampton-Falls,	89	71	621
Kensington,	95	104	672
Kingston,	143	157	1,216
Londonderry,	144	205	1,717
Newcastle,	180	141	693
Newington,	55	58	475
Newmarket,	246	316	2,038
Newton,	134	133	850
North-Hampton,	101	68	771
Northwood,	156	158	1,502
Nottingham,	178	165	1,297
Plaistow,	102	93	861
Portsmouth,	1,534	1,007	9,335
Raymond,	185	196	1,269
Rye,	136	136	1,199
Salem,	246	257	1,671
Sandown,	90	78	553
Seabrook,	254	184	1,549
South-Hampton,	52	33	786
South-Newmarket,	76	112	549
Stratham,	90	83	859
Windham,	109	82	851
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	6,657	6,003	50,129

STRAFFORD COUNTY.

Barrington,	150	153	1,962
Dover,	1,227	1,105	8,502
Durham,	118	141	1,534
Farmington,	367	278	2,275
Lee,	116	92	871
Madbury,	65	77	496
Middleton,	50	63	531
Milton,	212	265	1,862
New-Durham,	159	132	1,174
Rochester,	595	377	3,384
Rollinsford,	159	203	3,069
Somersworth,	545	536	4,786
Strafford,	252	148	2,046
	<hr/>	<hr/>	<hr/>
	4,015	3,570	31,492

BELKNAP COUNTY.

Towns.	1867.	1866.	Population.
Alton,	293	283	2,018
Barnstead,	246	235	1,885
Center-Harbor,	58	45	484
Gilford,	517	518	2,812
Gilmanton,	200	207	2,073
Laconia,	238	289	1,806
• Meredith,	269	207	1,945
New-Hampton,	127	114	1,596
Sanbornton,	226	182	2,743
Upper-Gilmanton,	94	116	1,189
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	2,268	2,196	18,551

CARROLL COUNTY.

Albany,	46	41	430
Bartlett,		53	737
Brookfield,	64	62	472
Chatham,	51	47	489
Conway,	198	229	1,624
Eaton,	95	86	780
Effingham,	130	130	1,210
Freedom,	109	90	917
Hart's Location,	9	7	44
Jackson,	79	68	587
Madison,	83	95	826
Moultonborough,	98	88	1,448
Ossipee,	250	247	1,998
Sandwich,	227	164	2,229
Tamworth,	140	120	1,679
Tuftonborough,	128	133	1,185
Wakefield,	164	146	1,478
Wolfborough,	255	205	2,300
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	2,126	2,011	20,433

MERRIMACK COUNTY.

Allenstown,	52	50	415
Andover,	184	133	1,243

Towns.	1867.	1866.	Population.
Boscawen,	150	147	1,458
Bow,	138	120	909
Bradford,	174	156	1,182
Canterbury,	168	151	1,522
Chichester,	150	115	1,043
Concord,	1,089	1,473	10,889
Dunbarton,	106	127	902
Epsom,	172	181	1,216
Franklin,	277	239	1,600
Henniker,	155	147	1,500
Hooksett,	152	70	1,257
Hopkinton,	195	152	2,178
London,	208	165	1,638
Newbury,	90	87	698
New-London,	81	62	952
Northfield,	103	81	1,051
Pembroke,	243	221	1,313
Pittsfield,	182	168	1,839
Salisbury,	111	119	1,191
Sutton,	137	157	1,431
Warner,	239	222	1,971
Webster,	90	87	817
Wilmot,	131	151	1,195
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	4,777	4,781	41,409

HILLSBOROUGH COUNTY.

Amherst,	132	69	1,509
Antrim,	181	134	1,123
Bedford,	157	139	1,172
Bennington,	62	57	450
Brookline,	118	90	757
Deering,	76	92	793
Francestown,	144	110	1,084
Goffstown,	207	141	1,740
Greenfield,	52	65	692
Hancock,	135	99	844
Hillsborough,	203	264	1,623
Hollis,	169	178	1,317
Hudson,	123	154	1,222
Litchfield,	58	56	352

Towns.	1867.	1866.	Population.
Lyndeborough,	105	103	823
Manchester,	2,282	2,462	20,108
Mason,	114	132	1,559
Merrimack,	126	86	1,119
Milford,	215	193	2,221
Mont-Vernon,	93	78	725
Nashua,	682	657	10,065
New-Boston,	137	119	1,369
New-Ipswich,	128	109	1,701
Pelham,	100	100	944
Peterborough,	307	225	2,265
Sharon,	27	27	250
Temple,	50	22	501
Weare,	215	239	2,311
Wilton,	234	196	1,368
Windsor,	14	10	136
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	6,646	6,406	62,142

CHESHIRE COUNTY.

Alstead,	147	162	1,318
Chesterfield,	162	162	1,434
Dublin,	116	106	1,096
Fitzwilliam,	133	176	1,293
Gilsum,	77	85	676
Hinsdale,	179	176	1,312
Jaffrey,	176	180	1,452
Keene,	421	374	4,320
Marlborough,	73	118	915
Marlow,	110	99	813
Nelson,	98	83	739
Richmond,	105	105	1,015
Rindge,	149	142	1,230
Roxbury,	20	22	212
Stoddard,	97	113	944
Sullivan,	47	48	376
Surry,	44	56	388
Swanzy,	185	211	1,798
Troy,	92	93	760

Towns.	1867.	1866.	Population.
Walpole,	174	99	1,869
Westmoreland,	130	132	1,285
Winchester,	138	160	2,225
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	2,873	2,902	27,470

SULLIVAN COUNTY.

Acworth,	162	186	1,180
Charlestown,	169	188	1,758
Claremont,	392	381	4,026
Cornish,	181	127	1,521
Croydon,	66	68	755
Goshen,	56	67	576
Grantham,	87	89	649
Langdon,	46	53	478
Lempster,	98	100	820
Newport,	312	270	2,077
Plainfield,	207	185	1,620
Springfield,	115	111	1,021
Sunapee,	91	88	778
Unity,	117	108	887
Washington,	96	120	897
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	2,195	2,141	19,043

GRAFTON COUNTY.

Alexandria,	114	123	1,253
Bath,	98	143	1,366
Benton,	49	62	459
Bethlehem,	90	103	896
Bridgewater,	64	60	560
Bristol,	144	160	1,124
Campton,	127	86	1,319
Canaan,	257	129	1,762
Danbury,	76	88	947
Dorchester,	76	77	691
Ellsworth,	22	25	302
Enfield,	183	191	1,876
Franconia,	44	52	708
Grafton,	157	152	1,149

Towns.	1867.	1866.	Population.
Groton,	88	70	778
Hanover,	190	209	2,312
Haverhill,	242	239	2,291
Hebron,	38	43	475
Hill,	77	75	917
Holderness,	238	211	1,765
Landaff,	112	119	1,013
Lebanon,	206	227	2,322
Lincoln,	10	7	71
Lisbon,	338	231	1,886
Littleton,	238	250	2,292
Lyman,	95	76	725
Lyme,	196	156	1,572
Monroe,	54	48	619
Orange,	41	37	382
Orford,	147	137	1,255
Piermont,	128	113	949
Plymouth,	130	141	1,406
Rumney,	76	117	1,104
Thornton,	126	141	967
Warren,	110	112	1,152
Waterville,	7	10	48
Wentworth,	106	107	1,056
Woodstock,	76	67	476
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	4,570	4,384	42,245

COOS COUNTY.

Berlin,		32	433
Cambridge,	3	3	49
Carroll,	50	52	276
Clarksville,	41	33	250
Colebrook,	170	132	1,118
Columbia,	77	105	798
Dalton,	78	83	666
Dummer,	42	47	287
Errol,	27	26	178
Gorham,	86	83	905
Jefferson,	40	60	700
Lancaster,	170	167	2,020
Milan,	85	96	789

Towns.	1867.	1866.	Population.
Northumberland,	107	102	736
Pittsburg,	52	37	413
Randolph,	25	27	118
Shelburne,	46	46	318
Stark,	62	62	426
Stewartstown,	128	127	771
Stratford,	116	92	716
Wentworth's Location,	9	9	57
Whitefield,	112	101	1,015
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	1,526	1,522	13,158

RECAPITULATION BY COUNTIES.

Counties.	1867.	1866.	Population.
Rockingham,	6,657	6,003	50,129
Strafford,	4,015	3,570	31,492
Belknap,	2,268	2,196	18,551
Carroll,	2,126	2,011	20,433
Merrimack,	4,777	4,781	41,409
Hillsborough,	6,646	6,406	62,142
Cheshire,	2,873	2,902	27,470
Sullivan,	2,195	2,141	19,043
Grafton,	4,570	4,384	42,245
Coos,	1,526	1,522	13,158
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	37,653	35,921	326,172

The authorities of the towns of Bartlett and Berlin have culpably neglected to furnish a return of the enrollment of their respective towns, and I am obliged to omit it.

GRANITE STATE MILITARY AND COLLEGIATE INSTITUTE.

This institution was opened at Reed's Ferry by Professor S. N. Howell, in December, 1865. It is the only institution in the State where military tactics form a distinctive feature, and are taught as a regular branch of instruction,

and is of great promise and worth ; accomplishing as much, perhaps, as any military organization in the State, and in some respects even more ; as companies are drilled in but one department, while in this institution the cadets are instructed in infantry, artillery, sabre and bayonet exercise. I had an opportunity to witness a drill of this fine little corps on the 22d of February, and was most favorably impressed with its proficiency and aptness in the manual of arms in all its branches. Believing this institution to be worthy the attention of the State, I have supplied them with arms and accouterments, which are well kept, and used. They have not, however, a suitable place for the storage of arms, and I believe it would be wise on the part of the State to make an appropriation for the building of an armory in which the arms could be more conveniently kept, which could be used for a drill-room in bad weather, and during the winter. The expense would be slight, and fully compensated by the good that would accrue to the State from this institution, which, with a little fostering care, is soon to become the "West Point" of New-Hampshire.

Following will be found a list of officers appointed to the staff of the army during the late war, which, as it has never been given to the public, will doubtless be of interest, and assist in telling the tale of New-Hampshire in the rebellion. It has been prepared with great labor and care, and is as correct as it is possible to make it from the data at hand ; much of it being obtained from various sources outside the office.

LIST OF VOLUNTEER OFFICERS

FROM NEW-HAMPSHIRE,

Appointed by the President to the Staff of the Army, under Acts of Congress approved July 22 and July 25, 1861, and July 17, 1862.

ASSISTANT ADJUTANTS GENERAL.

CENTRE H. LAWRENCE, Troy. Appointed October 7, 1862, with rank of Captain; appointed Major by brevet, for gallant and meritorious services during the war, March 13, 1865; resigned June 22, 1865.

SOLOMON A. CARTER, Keene. Appointed July 15, 1864, with rank of Captain; served as Assistant Adjutant General of Third Division, 18th, 25th, and 10th Army Corps; resigned July 3, 1865.

CHARLES A. CARLTON, Concord. Appointed July 15, 1864, with rank of Captain; promoted to Major, January 15, 1865; brevetted Lieut.-Colonel; mustered out of service December 19, 1865.

ASSISTANT QUARTERMASTERS.

RICHARD N. BATCHELDER, Manchester. Appointed August 3, 1861, with rank of Captain; Lieut.-Colonel and Chief Quartermaster, second Army Corps, January 8, 1863; Colonel and Chief Quartermaster, Army of the Potomac, August 3, 1864; Captain and A. Q. M., U. S. A., February 14, 1865; Major and Quartermaster U. S. A., January 18, 1867; brevetted Major, Lieut. Colonel and Colonel, U. S. A., and Brigadier-General U. S. V.; mustered out as Colonel of volunteers September 5, 1865; remains in service as Major and Quartermaster, U. S. A.

JOHN S. GODFREY, Hampton-Falls. Appointed September 10, 1861, with rank of Captain; promoted to Lieut. Colonel and Chief Quartermaster, Center Grand Division, Army of the Potomac; mustered out of service June 6, 1865.

PAUL R. GEORGE, Hopkinton. Appointed September 12, 1861, with rank of Captain; appointment revoked March 20, 1862.

FRANCIS W. PERKINS, Concord. Appointed June 9, 1862, with rank of Captain; served as Chief of Water Transportation, Department of the Gulf, with rank of Lieut. Colonel; mustered out of service September 20, 1865.

ANDREW H. YOUNG, Dover. Appointed November 26, 1862, with rank of Captain; commission vacated by appointment as Paymaster, May 28, 1864.

WILLIAM H. D. COCHRANE, Manchester. Appointed February 27, 1863, with rank of Captain; promoted to Major and Division Quartermaster, August 2, 1864; brevetted Lieut. Colonel, March 13, 1865; mustered out of service June 15, 1866.

JOHN L. KELLEY, Manchester. Appointed July 8, 1863, with rank of Captain; brevetted Major and Lieut. Colonel, for faithful and meritorious services; mustered out of service November 11, 1865.

ARTHUR S. NESMITH, Franklin. Appointed July 22, 1863, with rank of Captain; mustered out of service July 6, 1865.

VARNUM H. HILL, Manchester. Appointed February 29, 1864, with rank of Captain; mustered out, December 13, 1865.

BUELL C. CARTER, Ossipee. Appointed February 29, 1864, with rank of Captain; brevetted Major; mustered out of service, June 10, 1866.

JOHN K. CILLEY, Exeter. Appointed April 7, 1864, with rank of Captain; mustered out, January 8, 1866.

ALONZO S. GEAR, Concord. Appointed April 7, 1864, with rank of Captain; brevetted Major, April 27, 1866; mustered out of service, April 27, 1866.

NATHANIEL LOW, Jr., Dover. Appointed May 18, 1864, with rank of Captain; mustered out of service, February 2, 1866.

GEORGE A. WHITEMORE, Fitzwilliam. Appointed May 18, 1864, with rank of Captain; mustered out of service December 8, 1865.

JOHN R. HYNES, Manchester. Appointed September 20, 1864, with rank of Captain; brevetted Lieut. Colonel for faithful and meritorious services, March 14, 1867; remains in service at date of this report.

HIRAM F. GERRISH, Concord. Appointed May 1, 1865, with rank of Captain; brevetted Major for faithful and meritorious services; served as Chief Quartermaster, District of North-eastern Virginia; mustered out of service, February 8, 1866.

J. EDGAR JOHNSON, Manchester. Appointed May 11, 1865, with rank of Captain; resigned, September 20, 1865.

COMMISSARIES OF SUBSISTENCE.

JEREMIAH C. TILTON, Sanbornton. Appointed August 3, 1861, with rank of Captain; resigned August 22, 1862.

GEORGE W. BALLOCH, Somersworth. Appointed July 21, 1862, with rank of Captain; promoted to Lieut. Colonel and Chief Commissary Eleventh Army Corps, April 13, 1863; appointed Inspector Subsistence Department, June 6, 1865; brevetted Brig. General of Volunteers, to date from March 13, 1865; on duty in Freedmen's Bureau at date of this report.

CHARLES H. HERBERT, Concord. Appointed November 29, 1862, with rank of Captain; mustered out of service, Feb. 24, 1865.

EDWARD M. EMERSON, Nashua. Appointed May 8, 1863, with rank of Captain; appointment revoked February 4, 1864.

JAMES A. COOK, Claremont. Appointed July 2, 1863, with rank of Captain; discharged September 8, 1864.

NATHAN B. E. BICKFORD, Milan. Appointed March 25, 1864, with rank of Captain; mustered out of service, June 24, 1865.

HENRY W. LOCKE, Rochester. Appointed May 18, 1864, with rank of Captain; brevetted Major, for faithful and meritorious services; mustered out of service November 27, 1865.

CLARENCE E. NESMITH, Derry. Appointed May 18, 1864, with rank of Captain; brevetted Major, for faithful and meritorious services; mustered out of service December 8, 1865; re-appointed First Lieutenant Sixth U. S. Cavalry.

CHARLES H. GARDNER,———. Appointed February 15, 1865.

PAYMASTERS.

M. K. HAZELTON, Bradford. Appointed June 1, 1861, with rank of Major. Died at Memphis, Tenn., August 3, 1863.

GEORGE MARSTON, Sandown. Appointed June 1, 1861, with rank of Major. Remains in service at New-Orleans, at date of this report.

GEORGE P. FOLSOM, Dover. Appointed June 1, 1861, with rank of Major; dismissed August 1, 1864.

ALBERT H. HOYT, Portsmouth. Appointed November 26, 1862, with rank of Major; brevetted Lieut. Colonel, for faithful and meritorious services; mustered out of service July 20, 1866.

HENRY MCFARLAND, Concord. Appointed November 26, 1862, with rank of Major; brevetted Lieut. Colonel for faithful and meritorious services, December 27, 1865; mustered out of service January 15, 1866.

SIMON R. MARSTON, Portsmouth. Appointed November 26, 1862, with rank of Major; brevetted Lieut. Colonel, March 12, 1866; mustered out of service June 30, 1866.

CHARLES W. WOODMAN, Dover. Appointed November 26, 1862, with rank of Major. Appointment revoked May 4, 1863.

SIMEON D. FARNSWORTH, Manchester. Appointed November 26, 1862, with rank of Major. Resigned April 26, 1864.

WILLIAM H. H. ALLEN, Newport. Appointed September 22, 1863, with rank of Major; mustered out of service December 1, 1865.

ANDREW H. YOUNG, Dover. Appointed May 28, 1864, with rank of Major; brevetted Lieut. Colonel, March 13, 1865; mustered out of service July 20, 1866.

ISRAEL O. DEWEY, Hanover. Appointed May 28, 1864, with rank of Major; mustered out of service, December 1, 1865.

GILBERT WADLEIGH, Milford. Appointed July 30, 1864, with rank of major; mustered out of service, November 1, 1865.

SURGEONS.

ALPHEUS B. CROSBY, Hanover. Appointed September 4, 1861, with rank of Major; resigned, June 30, 1862.

GEORGE H. HUBBARD, Manchester. Appointed September 30, 1861, with rank of Major; brevetted Lieut. Col.; mustered out of service, October 7, 1865.

TIMOTHY HAYNES, Concord. Appointed October 7, 1861, with rank of Major; resigned November 6, 1862.

THOMAS R. CROSBY, Hanover. Appointed September 11, 1862, with rank of Major; brevetted Lieut. Colonel, June 6, 1865; mustered out of service, July 27, 1865.

GEORGE F. FRENCH, Gilmanton. Promoted from Assistant Surgeon, June 13, 1863, with rank of Major; resigned June 5, 1865; re-appointed and declined, February 28, 1866.

CHARLES E. SWASEY, Milton. Promoted from Assistant Surgeon, August 15, 1863; brevetted Lieut. Colonel; mustered out of service, October 19, 1865.

GEORGE B. TWITCHELL, ———. Appointed January 7, 1863, with rank of Major.

ASSISTANT SURGEONS.

CHARLES E. SWASEY, Milton. Appointed November 7, 1862, with rank of Lieutenant; promoted to Surgeon, August 15, 1863.

WILLIAM O. TRACY, Nashua. Appointed December 7, 1863, with rank of Lieutenant; died March 15, 1864.

GEORGE F. FRENCH, Gilmanton. Appointed June 4, 1863, with rank of Lieutenant; promoted to Surgeon, June 13, 1863.

RICHARD B. BROWN. Appointed February 9, 1865, with rank of First Lieutenant; brevetted Captain; mustered out, January 27, 1866.

AIDS DE CAMP.

AMOS B. JONES, Washington. Appointed May 31, 1862, with rank of Colonel; dismissed, May 8, 1865.

JOSEPH B. CAMPBELL, ———. Appointed May 16, 1862, from 4th U. S. Artillery, with rank of Captain; mustered out of service, July 10, 1865.

DANIEL HALL, Dover. Appointed June 7, 1862, with rank of Captain; resigned, November 21, 1863; appointed Provost Marshal, 1st district of N. H., July 30, 1864; mustered out, October 10, 1865.

DANIEL K. CROSS, Hanover. Appointed November 6, 1863, with rank of Captain; resigned, April 20, 1864.

HENRY HILL, Manchester. Appointed Hospital Chaplain, April 12, 1865; mustered out, December 2, 1865.



NEW-HAMPSHIRE VOLUNTEER MILITIA.—ROSTER.

HIS EXCELLENCY, FREDERICK SMYTH,
GOVERNOR AND COMMANDER-IN-CHIEF.

GENERAL STAFF.

NAME AND RANK.	RESIDENCE.	DATE OF COMMISSION.	REMARKS.
ADJ'T, INSPECTOR AND Q. M. GENERAL.			
Natt Inrad, COMMISSARY GENERAL.	Hooksett.	March 25, 1864.	
Newell Clifford,	Portsmouth.	June, 1866.	
AIDS DE CAMP.			
Col. Herbert B. Tins,	Chesterfield.	June 21, 1865.	Chief of Staff.
Col. David A. Warde,	Concord.	June 21, 1865.	
Col. John E. Rickford,	Dover.	June 21, 1865.	
Col. Kend' F. Worcester,	Nashua.	June 21, 1865.	
Col. Chas. G. Pickering,	Portsmouth.	June 21, 1865.	
Col. Albert G. Stevens,	Wentworth.	June 21, 1865.	Resigned.
Col. Waterman Smith,	Manchester.	Sept. 22, 1865.	
Col. D. Henshaw Warde,	Keene.	May 29, 1866.	
Col. William C. Patten,	Kingston.	Sept. 1, 1866.	

FIRST BRIGADE.

NAME AND RANK.	RESIDENCE.	DATE OF COMMISSION.	REMARKS.
BRIG. GENERAL, Simon G. Griffin,	Keene.	Sept., 1865.	
ASST. INSPECTOR GENERAL, Thomas L. Livermore,	Millford.	Sept., 1865.	

FIRST REGIMENT.

FIELD AND STAFF.

COLONEL, Joab N. Patterson,	Contoocook.	Sept. 8, 1865.	
LIEUT. COLONEL, William H. Maxwell,	Manchester.	Sept. 8, 1865.	
MAJOR, Cornelius Healy,	Manchester.	Sept. 8, 1865.	
ADJUTANTS, William H. D. Cochrane, John M. Haines,	Manchester, Concord.	Sept. 8, 1865. May 24, 1866.	Honorably discharged by Special Order No. 17, May 21, 1867.
QUARTERMASTER, Foster Kimball,	Manchester.	Sept. 8, 1865.	
SURGEON, Alford H. Crosby,	Concord.	Sept. 8, 1865.	
ASSISTANT SURGEON, William G. Stark,	Manchester.	Sept. 8, 1865.	
CHAPLAIN, William H. Thomas,	Manchester.	Sept. 8, 1865.	
JUDGE ADVOCATE, Samuel D. Lord,	Manchester.	Sept. 27, 1865.	

BEDFORD LIGHT INFANTRY (Company A).

CAPTAINS. George W. Riddle, Edwin Whitford.	Manchester. Bedford.	Oct. 8, 1863. May 1, 1867.	Honorably discharged by Special Order No. 11, to date from April 25, 1867.
	FIRST LIEUTENANTS. Robert Fulton, Charles A. Riddle, Willard C. Parker.	Manchester. Bedford. Bedford.	Oct. 8, 1863. Sept. 28, 1866. May 1, 1867.
SECOND LIEUTENANTS. William Moore, Willard C. Parker, John A. Fittou,		Bedford. Bedford. Bedford.	October 8, 1863. Sept. 28, 1866. May 23, 1867.

NATIONAL GUARDS (Company B).

CAPTAINS. Albion R. Simmons, Charles H. Reed.	Manchester. Manchester.	July 11, 1865. Sept. 29, 1866.	Honorably discharged, September 29, 1866.
	FIRST LIEUTENANTS. Adamo Neal, Charles H. Reed, Frank H. Rodfield.	Manchester. Manchester. Manchester.	March 9, 1865. June 21, 1866. Sept. 29, 1866.
SECOND LIEUTENANTS. Frank H. Rodfield, William Stevens,		Manchester. Manchester.	May 8, 1865. Sept. 29, 1866.

HEAD GUARDS (Company C).

CAPTAIN. Edward H. Fletcher, FIRST LIEUTENANT. Robert A. Seaver, SECOND LIEUTENANT. Charles R. Lavalley,	Manchester.	July 22, 1865.
	Manchester.	April 28, 1866.
	Manchester.	April 28, 1866.

S.MYTH RIFLES (Company D).

NAME AND RANK.	RESIDENCE.	DATE OF COMMISSION.	REMARKS.
CAPTAINS. James R. Carr, Perkins C. Lane.	Manchester. Manchester.	August 28, 1865. April 1, 1867.	Honorably discharged by Special Order No. 1, January 24, 1867.
FIRST LIEUTENANTS. Perkins C. Lane, William E. Hammett,	Manchester. Manchester.	August 28, 1865. April 1, 1867.	Promoted to Captain, April 1, 1867. Honorably discharged by Special Order No. 18, May 24, 1867, to date from May 1, 1867.
SECOND LIEUTENANTS. William E. Hammett, Edson Sullivan,	Manchester. Manchester.	March 2, 1865. April 1, 1867.	Promoted to First Lieutenant, April 1, 1867.

SHERIDAN GUARDS (Company E).

CAPTAINS. Cornelius Healy, Michael J. Connolly,	Manchester. Manchester.	August 30, 1865. Sept. 27, 1866.	Promoted to Major in First Regiment New-Hampshire State Militia, September 8, 1866.
FIRST LIEUTENANTS. Michael J. Connolly, Jeremiah Quiblan,	Manchester. Manchester.	August 30, 1865. Sept. 27, 1866.	Promoted to Captain, September 27, 1866.
SECOND LIEUTENANTS. Jeremiah Quiblan, Patrick Devine,	Manchester. Manchester.	May 21, 1866. Sept. 27, 1866.	Promoted to First Lieutenant, September 27, 1866.

STATE CAPITAL GUARDS (Company F).

CAPTAINS. Charles T. Sumners, Henry J. Griffin,	Concord. Concord.	Oct. 31, 1865. Sept. 4, 1866.	Commission revoked by Special Order No. 50, September 4, 1866.
FIRST LIEUTENANTS. Henry J. Griffin, Charles H. Smart,	Concord. Concord.	Oct. 31, 1865. Sept. 4, 1866.	Promoted to Captain, September 4, 1866.
SECOND LIEUTENANTS. Charles H. Smart, Robert H. Potter,	Concord. Concord.	Oct. 31, 1865. Sept. 4, 1866.	Promoted to First Lieutenant, September 4, 1866.

MESSEK RIFLES (Company G).

CAPTAIN. Andrew J. Sargent.	New-London.	Feb. 20, 1866.
FIRST LIEUTENANT. Joseph M. Clough,	New-London.	Feb. 20, 1866.
SECOND LIEUTENANT. Oliver K. Russell,	New-London.	Feb. 20, 1866.

SIXTH GUARDS (Company H).

CAPTAIN. Charles Kelley.	Boscawen.	May 8, 1866.
FIRST LIEUTENANT. John C. Linehan,	Boscawen.	May 8, 1866.
SECOND LIEUTENANT. Frank Spearman,	Boscawen.	May 8, 1866.

MANCHESTER WAR VETERANS (Company I).

CAPTAINS. William H. Maxwell, David A. Worthley,	Manchester. Manchester.	May 9, 1866. Sept. 24, 1866.	Promoted Lieutenant Colonel First Regiment New-Hampshire Militia, Sept. 8, 1866.
FIRST LIEUTENANTS. David A. Worthley, Timothy W. Challis,	Manchester. Manchester.	May 9, 1866. Sept. 24, 1866.	Promoted to Captain, Sept. 24, 1866. Honorably discharged by Special Order No. 19, May 25, 1867.
SECOND LIEUTENANTS. Timothy W. Challis, John G. Hutchinson,	Manchester. Manchester.	May 9, 1866. Sept. 24, 1866.	Promoted to First Lieutenant, September 24, 1866. Honorably discharged by Special order No. 3, March 13, 1867.

WILTON LIGHT INFANTRY (Company K).

CAPTAINS. Dearborn S. Moody, Aaron A. Clark,	Wilton. Wilton.	May 14, 1866. Sept. 24, 1866.	Honorably discharged, by Special Order No. 56, September 24, 1866.
FIRST LIEUTENANTS. John E. Farbell, George F. Holt,	Wilton. Wilton.	May 14, 1866. Nov. 1, 1866.	Honorably discharged by Special Order No. 59, September 28, 1866.
SECOND LIEUTENANT. Ramsay C. Boutwell,	Wilton.	May 14, 1866.	

HOOKSETT LIGHT INFANTRY (Company L).

NAME AND RANK.	RESIDENCE.	DATE OF COMMISSION.	REMARKS.
CAPTAIN. George H. L. Head.	Hooksett.	May 30, 1866.	
FIRST LIEUTENANT. William H. Otterson.	Hooksett.	May 30, 1866.	
SECOND LIEUTENANT. Silas T. Goodale.	Hooksett.	May 30, 1866.	

NASHUA LIGHT GUARDS (Company M).

CAPTAIN. Daniel J. Flanders.	Nashua.	Aug. 21, 1866.	
FIRST LIEUTENANT. Lemuel N. Jackman.	Nashua.	Aug. 21, 1866.	Honorably discharged April 18, 1867.
SECOND LIEUTENANT. James Cobb.	Nashua.	Aug. 21, 1866.	

FIRST COMPANY: CANTON (Manchester Cavalry).

CAPTAINS. James O. Chandler, William D. Perkins, F. W. McKinley.	Manchester.	Oct. 3, 1865. Sept. 10, 1866. May 23, 1867.	Honorably discharged, by Special Order No. 53, September 10, 1865. Honorably discharged, by Special Order No. 16, May 23, 1867.
FIRST LIEUTENANTS. W. D. Perkins, F. W. McKinley, John Walker.	Manchester.	March 28, 1866. Sept. 10, 1866. May 23, 1867.	Promoted to Captain, September 10, 1866. Promoted to Captain, May 23, 1867.
SECOND LIEUTENANTS. F. W. McKinley, John Walker, James F. Carpenter.	Manchester.	March 28, 1866. Sept. 10, 1866. May 23, 1867.	Promoted to First Lieutenant, September 10, 1866. Promoted to First Lieutenant, May 23, 1867.

LIEUTENANT ARTILLERY COMPANY.

CAPTAIN. Eli C. Curtis.	Lynde-borough.	April 6, 1865.	Honorably discharged by Special Order No. 10, to date May 1, 1867.
FIRST LIEUTENANT. Charles Henry Holt.	Lynde-borough.	April 6, 1865.	
SECOND LIEUTENANTS. Charles Henry Holt, John Gage.	Lynde-borough.	Oct. 14, 1863. April 6, 1865.	Promoted to First Lieutenant, April 6, 1865.

**SECOND REGIMENT.
FIELD AND STAFF.**

NAME AND RANK.	RESIDENCE.	DATE OF COMMISSION.	REMARKS.
COLONEL. Augustus W. Rollins,	Dover.	Sept. 10, 1865.	
LIEUT. COLONEL, Nathaniel Slackford,	Laconia.	Sept. 10, 1865.	
MAJOR, Mathew T. Betton,	Portsmouth.	Sept. 10, 1865.	
ADJUTANT, Clarendon Everett,	Dover.	Sept. 10, 1865.	
QUARTERMASTER, Ira A. Moody,	Dover.	Sept. 10, 1865.	
SURGEON, Carle H. Horsch,	Dover.	Sept. 10, 1865.	
ASSIST. SURGEON, Samuel H. Green,	Newmarket.	Sept. 10, 1865.	
CHAPLAIN, Enoch P. Ladd,	Alton.	Sept. 10, 1865.	
JUDGE-ADVOCATE, Daniel Hall,	Dover.	Sept. 10, 1865.	
STRATFORD GUARDS (Company A).			
CAPTAIN, Thomas Currier,	Dover.	March 10, 1863.	
FIRST LIEUTENANT, Joseph S. Abbott,	Dover.	March 23, 1863.	
SECOND LIEUTENANT, Moses C. Lord,	Dover.	March 10, 1863.	

GRANITE STATE ZOUAVES (Company B).

NAME AND RANK.	RESIDENCE.	DATE OF COMMISSION.	REMARKS.
CAPTAIN. William Millen.	Dover.	August 17, 1865.	
FIRST LIEUTENANT. Charles H. Stackpole.	Dover.	August 17, 1865.	
SECOND LIEUTENANT. Henry Tather,	Dover.	August 17, 1865.	

PORTSMOUTH CITY GUARDS (Company C).

CAPTAIN. Peter Mitchell,	Portsmouth.	June 18, 1866.	
FIRST LIEUTENANT. James Collins,	Portsmouth.	June 18, 1866.	
SECOND LIEUTENANT. George H. Morrison,	Portsmouth.	June 18, 1866.	

AUBURN RIFLES (Company D).

CAPTAIN. Samuel F. Murry,	Auburn.	June 19, 1866.	
FIRST LIEUTENANT. Edwin Plummer.	Auburn.	June 19, 1866.	
SECOND LIEUTENANT. Edward M. Melvin,	Auburn.	June 19, 1866.	

BELL RIFLES (Company E).

CAPTAIN. Charles W. Pickering,	Gilford.	July 10, 1866.	
FIRST LIEUTENANTS. Albert S. Raudall,	Gilford.	July 10, 1866.	
SECOND LIEUTENANT. Charles E. Buzzell,	Laconia.	March 27, 1867.	Honorably discharged by Special Order No. 4, March 27, 1867.
SECOND LIEUTENANT. George M. Bryant,	Gilford.	July 10, 1866.	

GRANT GUARDS (Company F).

NAME AND RANK.	RESIDENCE.	DATE OF COMMISSION.	REMARKS.
CAPTAIN.			
Augustus J. Hoitt,	Northwood.	July 20, 1866.	
FIRST LIEUTENANT, George F. Kelley,	Northwood.	July 20, 1866.	
SECOND LIEUTENANT, Natt D. Bean,	Northwood.	July 20, 1866.	
LACONIA REELS (Company G).			
CAPTAIN.			
Albert H. C. Jewett,	Gilford.	Sept. 8, 1866.	
FIRST LIEUTENANTS, James H. Swain, George B. Lanc,	Gilford. Laconia.	Sept. 8, 1866. May 23, 1867.	Discharged by Special Order No. 8, May 10, 1867, to date from May 1, 1867.
SECOND LIEUTENANTS, George B. Lane, Albert P. Fernald,	Laconia. Laconia.	Sept. 8, 1866. May 23, 1867.	Promoted to First Lieutenant May 23, 1867.
ROCKINGHAM GUARDS (Company H).			
CAPTAINS.			
John W. Towle,	S. Newmarket.	Sept. 26, 1866.	
John E. Simpson,	S. Newmarket.	May 24, 1867.	Honorably discharged by Special Order No. 24, June 4, 1867.
FIRST LIEUTENANTS, John E. Simpson, Nathan E. Stover,	S. Newmarket. S. Newmarket.	Sept. 26, 1866. May 24, 1867.	Promoted to Captain, May 24, 1867.
SECOND LIEUTENANTS, Nathan E. Stover, Charles M. Paul,	S. Newmarket. S. Newmarket.	Sept. 26, 1866. May 24, 1867.	Promoted to First Lieutenant, May 24, 1867.

FIRST LIGHT BATTERY (Section A).

NAME AND RANK.	RESIDENCE.	DATE OF COMMISSION.	REMARKS.
CAPTAINS.			
Andrew J. Hough,	Dover.	Oct. 3, 1865.	
Frank F. Davis,	Dover.	Jan. 1, 1867.	Discharged by Special Order No. 14, May 21, 1867, to date Jan. 1, 1867.
FIRST LIEUTENANTS.			
Frank F. Davis,	Dover.	July 14, 1866.	
Nicholas Tolmay,	Dover.	Jan. 1, 1867.	Promoted to Captain, Jan. 1, 1867.
SECOND LIEUTENANTS.			
Frank F. Davis,	Dover.	Oct. 3, 1865.	Promoted to First Lieutenant, July 14, 1866.
Nicholas Tolmay,	Dover.	July 14, 1866.	Promoted to First Lieutenant, Jan. 1, 1867.

UNASSIGNED COMPANIES.
LANCASTER RIFLE COMPANY.

NAME AND RANK.	RESIDENCE.	DATE OF COMMISSION.	REMARKS.
CAPTAIN.			
Jared I. Williams, FIRST LIEUTENANT.	Lancaster.	March 24, 1865.	
John G. Derby, SECOND LIEUTENANT.	Lancaster.	March 24, 1865.	
Frank L. Cross,	Lancaster.	March 24, 1865.	
HARRISMAN GUARDS.			
CAPTAIN.			
Bela Sawyer, FIRST LIEUTENANT.	Lyme.	August 24, 1865.	
John H. Derby, SECOND LIEUTENANT.	Lyme.	August 24, 1865.	
Nathan E. Stark,	Lyme.	August 24, 1865.	
PATTERSON GUARDS.			
CAPTAIN.			
Edwin F. Smalley, Carlton N. Camp, FIRST LIEUTENANT.	Hanover. Hanover.	July 21, 1866. April 1, 1867.	Honorably discharged, November 5, 1866.
Roswell A. Tenney, Roger D. Smalley, SECOND LIEUTENANT.	Hanover.	July 21, 1866. May 15, 1867.	Honorably discharged, May 10, 1867.
Charles R. Woodward, Frank Morey,	Hanover. Hanover.	July 21, 1866. May 15, 1867.	Honorably discharged, April 1, 1867.

HEAD RIFLES.

NAME AND RANK.	RESIDENCE.	DATE OF COMMISSION.	REMARKS.
CAPTAIN. William A. Beckford, FIRST LIEUTENANT. Horace L. Ingalls, SECOND LIEUTENANT. Webster Heath.	Bristol. Bristol. Bristol.	May 9, 1867. May 9, 1867. May 9, 1867.	

QUARTERMASTER GENERAL'S DEPARTMENT.

The duties devolving upon me as Quartermaster General during the year covered by this report have been incessant and burdensome, but I am happy to state that never before was the department in so promising a condition as at the present time. From chaos, complication, and nothingness, I have built up a department of system, simplicity and plenty. On assuming the duties of the office, I found the records and property pertaining to the department in a lamentable condition. No invoices or receipts; in fact, no records were on file from which the amount of public property belonging to the State could be ascertained, and the only means by which I could obtain a knowledge of the property for which I was responsible was to personally take an inventory of whatever property I could by right claim as belonging to the State. This I did, and collected property to the amount of some twenty-five thousand dollars, and turned the major portion of it over to the General Government, securing to the State credit therefor, as stated in my report of 1865. There still remains many thousand dollars' worth of ordnance stores, scattered throughout the State, which I am now endeavoring to obtain, and, to this end, issued the following circular to the Selectmen of the several towns in the State :

GENERAL HEADQUARTERS,
STATE OF NEW-HAMPSHIRE, }
Adjutant-General's Office, Concord, March 6, 1867. }

GENTLEMEN :—

Knowing as I do, that in almost every town in this State are scattered more or less Guns, Gun-houses, Arms and

Equipments, and other State property, I am desirous of obtaining a list of all such, regardless of description or worth, that I may take some action looking to the preservation or proper disposition to be made of the same.

You are therefore requested to institute a careful and thorough inquiry, and to furnish this office, on or before the 1st day of May ensuing, with a correct statement of such property as may be found in your town, stating kind, number and condition, with such other information as you may deem of importance; and your action will receive due credit in my Annual Report for the present year.

I have the honor to be, Sirs,

Very respectfully,

Your obedient servant,

NATT HEAD,

Adjutant, Inspector & Quartermaster Gen. of N. H.

This call has been quite generously responded to, and I have learned the whereabouts of much property not heretofore borne upon the records of this office. I had hoped to have completed my search so as to have been able to give, in this report, an abstract of such property as was found; but, many of the returns coming in so recently, I have had insufficient time in which to do so. Some of the property found has been forwarded to these headquarters, and some has been allowed to remain, where town officers wished to have it, and would give proper receipts. During the ensuing year I am determined to find and call in, or properly invoice, every article of public property within our borders, that it may be taken up and reported in the next annual report.

Much of this property is in an unserviceable condition, which, together with a large amount of miscellaneous articles in the store house at Concord, should, in my opinion, be sold for the benefit of the State; and I would recom-

mend that a Board of Survey be appointed to examine it, and report upon its condition with that view. Some twenty gun-houses are scattered throughout the State, unused and worthless as they now are. They are greatly out of repair, and as it would cost as much to repair and place them in a serviceable condition, as it did to build them—and then they would be worthless, as none of them are suitable for an armory of a company—I believe it would be for the interest of the State to dispose of them, and turn the proceeds into the treasury, and therefore recommend that the Quartermaster General be authorized to convey such property at public sale, whenever, in his opinion, such sale would be for the interest of the State.

At present I have not the requisite authority to convey real estate, and it is highly important that the Honorable Legislature should take some action in the matter, as many of the houses stand upon land owned by the State which should be sold with them. Unless something is done at once relative to this class of property, it will become a total loss to the State.

I would respectfully call the attention of your Excellency to the fact that no camp and garrison equipage is in the possession of the State. The militia law provides that the Quartermaster General shall, if such equipage is not on hand, purchase a full camp equipage, &c., and shall be furnished the necessary funds for that purpose by the Governor.

At the last annual encampment no equipage being in the possession of the State, I was directed by you to obtain the loan of such as was necessary, of the State of Massachusetts, and did so; but believe it to be my duty, as guardian to the interests of this department, to protest against such procedure in the future. The expense of transporting such bulky property back and forth is very considerable, and the liability of losing much in transpor-

tation, great. Property was lost at the last encampment to the amount of \$89, which has been refunded to the State of Massachusetts. We should have camp and garrison equipage sufficient to accommodate a brigade of three regiments, constantly on hand, to render the equipment of our militia force complete.

ABSTRACTS AND RETURN

OF MILITARY PROPERTY BELONGING TO THE STATE OF NEW-
HAMPSHIRE.

The following abstracts and return represents all property on hand at the commencement of the year: property received by purchase and transfer; property issued to the Volunteer Militia and Public Institutions; property lost or destroyed, in the possession of the militia, during the year; property remaining on hand in Store House; property in possession of militia and public institutions, and the amount total of public property in the possession of the State.

The patient labor and care required in the preparation of these abstracts, can not be adequately conceived, and I know of no argument that would be so sure to convince those, who think this office a sinecure, of their error, as the making out of one of these abstracts or returns.

ABSTRACT "A."

Abstract of articles purchased for the use of the

DATE.	No. of voucher.	OF WHOM PURCHASED.	AMOUNT.	Frock coats, infantry.	Trowsers, pairs, infantry.	Sergeants' scales, pairs.	Privates' scales, pairs.
1866.			Doll's. Cts.	No.	No.	No.	No.
June 6,	1...	Messrs. Purinton & Ham,	\$102 00	.....	.....	.....	.....
July 2,	2...	John C. Haynes,.....	153 00	.....	.....	.....	.....
Sept. 25,	3...	Sibley, Cumner & Co.....	162 00	.....	.....	.....	.....
Sept. 30,	4...	Charles O. Eaton,.....	315 00	.....	.....	.....	.....
Oct. 1,	5...	State of Massachusetts.....	5,862 58	350	350	104	1,144
Oct. 1,	6...	Morrill & Silsby,.....	262 50	.....	.....	.....	.....
Oct. 30,	7...	Purinton & Ham,.....	624 00	.....	.....	.....	.....
Dec. 14,	8...	James Martin & Son,.....	89 00	.....	.....	.....	.....
1867.							
April 30,	9...	Morrill & Silsby,.....	169 50	.....	.....	.....	.....
May 24,	10..	Purinton & Ham,.....	93 60	.....	.....	.....	.....
			\$7,833 18	350	350	104	1,144

ABSTRACT "A"—continued.

Volunteer Militia during the year ending May 31, 1867.

Cap Bugles.	Letters.	Figures.	Cross cannon.	Cross sabers.	Caps.	State buttons.	Books, morning report.	Books, company order.	Books, company property.	Books, company enlistment.	Tent pins.	Mallets.	Tent poles.	Wall tents.
No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	Gross.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.
.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	85	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	48	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
1250	1392	515	100	50	.....	.....	75	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	520	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1450	35	2	1
.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	12	12	30	.....	.....	.....	.....
.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	78	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
1250	1392	515	100	50	683	48	75	12	12	30	1450	35	2	1

ABSTRACT "A."—concluded.

Abstract of articles purchased for the use of the Volunteer Militia during the year ending May 31, 1867.

No. of voucher.		Regimental flags.	Guidons.	Drums, tenor.	Drum slings.	Drum sticks, pairs.	Fifes.
No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.
1...
2...	12	12	12	12
3...
4...	3	3	.....	.....	.....	.....
5...
6...
7...
8...
9...
10...
		3	3	12	12	12	12

ABSTRACT "B."

*Abstract of articles received by transfer, during the year ending
June 1, 1867.*

DATE.	FROM WHOM RECEIVED.	No. of voucher.	12-pounder field howitzers.	6-pounder guns, new.	12-pounder mountain howitzers.	6-pounder rifle guns (captured).	24-pounder cohorn mortars.	Carriages for 6-pounder guns.	Carriages for 12-p'dr field howitzers.	Carriages for 12-p'dr mountain howitzers.	Caissons for 6-pounder guns.	Caissons for 12-pounder field howitzers.	Traveling forge "A" (complete).	Battery wagon "C" (complete).	Mortar beds for 24-pounder cohorn.	Buckets, sponge, iron.	Buckets, tar, iron.	Buckets, water, wood.	Buckets, watering, gutta percha.	Cannon spikes.	Elevating screw.	Fuse-cutters.
1866.																						
June 15.	1 Capt. H. A. Brigham,		2					6	2		6	2	1	1		8	18	134	6	1	8	
June 26.	2 Lieut. Cullen Bryant.			4																		
June 26.	3 Capt. Frederick Whyte.			2																		
1867.																						
Jan. 27.	4 Capt. Frederick Whyte.				2	2	2			2					2							2
			2	6	2	2	2	2	6	2	2	6	2	1	1	2	8	18	134	6	1	10

ABSTRACT "B"—continued.

Abstract of articles received by transfer

No. of voucher.	Gunnery calipers.	Gunnery gimlets.	Gunnery haversacks.	Gunnery pinners.	Gunnery quadrants, wood.	Gunnery sleeves, pairs.	Handspikes.	Handspike trail.	Harnesses, sets, wheel.	Harnesses, sets, lead.	Bridles, complete.	Whips.	Halters.	Collars.	Girths.	Hame straps.	Halter straps.	Pole straps, pairs.	Traces, leather, wheel.	Traces, leather, lead.	Pack saddles and harnesses.	Lanyards for fiction tube.	Pendulum hammers, 6-pounder guns.	Pendulum hammers, 12-pounder howitzers.	Pinnets.	Pointing stakes.	Pointing wires.	Priming wires.	Priming wires, field.	Prolonges.	Scrapers for mortars.	Splinter bar.	Slow match, yards.	Sponge covers, 12-pounder field howitzers.	Sponge covers, 6-pounder guns.		
1	1	11	16	18	..	..	..	24	18	18	6	36	6	6	16	25	12	18	10	10	..	20	6	2	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
2	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
3	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
4	..	4	4	2	2	2	2	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	2	8	..	..	2	4	4	4	4	..	2	..	..	..	..	..
1	15	20	20	20	2	2	2	24	18	18	6	36	6	6	16	25	12	18	10	10	..	28	8	2	2	4	4	4	11	9	2	1	2	4	15		

ABSTRACT B—continued.

During the year ending June 1, 1867.

2	2	Sponge covers, 12-pd'r mountain howitzer.
2	2	Sponge covers, 24-pd'r cohorn mortars.
2	15	Sponges and rammers, 6-pounder guns.
2	2	Sponges and rammers, 12-pound'r mountain howitzers.
2	2	Sponges and rammers, 12-p'dr field howitzers.
2	2	Sponges and staves for cohorn mortars.
2	12	Sponges and staves for 6-p'dr guns, wooden.
16	2	Tarpaulins, 12 by 15.
6	4	Tarpaulins, 5 by 5.
16	2	Thumbstalls.
2	2	Tompons for cohorn mortars.
24	24	Tow hooks.
16	6	Tube pouches.
8	2	Vent covers.
8	2	Vent pouches, field guns.
3	3	Worms and staves, field guns.
2	2	Wipers.
1	1	Yoke, hole.
84	84	Nose bags.
18	18	Pole pads.
8	8	Poles, spare.
4	4	Rammer heads, 6 pd'r guns.
1	1	Stocks, battery wagon.
1	1	Stocks, caisson.
2	2	Sponge heads, 6-pd'r guns.
8	8	Wheels, spare.
2	2	Thread, linen, lbs.
5	5	Thread, shoe, lbs.
13	13	Sash cord, lbs.
3½	3½	Tow, lbs.
2	2	Beeswax lbs.
5	5	Keys and stay-pins.
12	12	Linch pins.

ABSTRACT B—continued.

Abstract of articles received by transfer

No. of voucher.							
	Links, cold shot,	1	62				
	Nave bands,	4	22				
	Locks, iron,						
	Bars, copper, lbs.	7	71				
	Chain coil, feet,	2					
	Horse-shoes, assorted, lbs.	800	50				
	Horse-shoe nails, lbs.	200	22				
	Iron, bar, assorted, lbs.	44	73				
	Nails, cut, assorted, lbs.	1	5				
	Nuts, assorted, lbs.	5					
	Rivets, copper, lbs.	3	20				
	Screw, wood, gross,						
	Steel, blister, lbs.						
	Steel, cast, lbs.						
	Tacks, iron, papers,						
	Tire bolts,						
	Tire bands,						
	Washers, for nuts,	2	44				
	Washers for huch-pins,	8					
	Washers, low,	7					
	Black wax, lbs.	3					
	Bristles, lbs.						
	Leather, bridle, sides of,	2	23				
	Leather, harness, lbs.						
	Buckles, black, gross,	4	44				
	Tallow, lbs.						
	Oil, linseed, gallons,	1					
	Oil neatfoot, gallons,	4					
	Oil sperm, gallons,	1					
	Paint, black, lbs.	5	50				
	Paint, olive, lbs.						
	Spirits turpentine, gallons,	1					
	Boxes for forage,	6					
		62	422	71	2	800	50
		200	22	44	73	1	5
		5		3	20		
		2	44				
		8		7			
		3					
		2	23				
		4	44				
		1					
		4					
		1					
		5	50				
		1					
		6					

ABSTRACT B—*continued.**Abstract of articles received by transfer*

No. of voucher.		
1	1	Creasers, smiths'.
1	1	Creasers, saddlers'.
1	1	Die stocks, small (4 pairs dies).
1	1	Die and taps for small stocks, sets of.
126	12	Files, smiths', assorted.
1	1	File handles.
1	1	Fullers.
1	1	Gauges, carpenters'.
112	1	Gimlets, assorted.
1	1	Gouges, framing.
1	1	Grindstone, arbor and crank.
1	1	Hammers, claw.
1	1	Hammers, hand, smith.
1	1	Hammers, nailing.
1	2	Hammers, riveting.
1	1	Hammers, shoeing.
1	1	Hammers, sledge.
1	1	Hammers, saddlers'.
1	1	Hardies.
1	1	Hatchets, claw.
1	1	Iron, riveting.
1	3	Jack-screws.
4	4	Hooks, reaping.
2	2	Hooks, bill.
1	1	Horses (or clamps), saddlers'.
1	1	Knives, shoeing.
3	1	Knives, shoe.
1	1	Knives, saddlers'.
1	1	Knives, tow.
1	1	Lanterns, common.
4	3	Lanterns, dark.
1	1	Mallets, carpenters'.
1	1	Nail-claws.
100	10	Needles, assorted.

ABSTRACT B—concluded.

*Abstract of articles received by transfer during the year ending
June 1, 1867.*

No. of voucher.											
Spoke-shave.	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	
Square, steel, trying.	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	
Square, steel.	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	
Tips.	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	
Timbles.	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	
Tongs, smiths.	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	
Forges, assorted, three sizes.	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	
Vise, bench.	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	
Vise, hand.	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	
Wrenches, screw.	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	
Wrenches, tap.	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	
	1	1	1	4	4	3	3	1	1	2	1

ABSTRACT C.

Abstract of public property in the possession of the Volunteer Militia.

Name of Company.	Springfield rifle muskets, complete.	Tompons.	Spare cones.	Screw drivers and wrenches.	Wipers.	Extra main springs.	Extra sear springs.	Ball screws.	Spring vises.	Tumbler punches.	Tumbler screws.	Cartridge boxes.
Company A, First Regiment.....	60	60	60	60	60	15	15	6	6	6	15	60
“ B, “	52	50	50	50	50	10	8	3	2	6	10	50
“ C, “	50	27	50	23	26	13	12	5	5	5	12	50
“ D, “	50	50	50	50	50	12	12	5	5	5	12	50
“ E, “	50	50	50	50	50	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
“ F, “	50	28	40	35	35	4	4	.....	4	4	.....	50
“ G, “	50	50	50	50	50	12	12	5	5	5	12	50
“ H, “	48	40	40	40	40	12	12	3	3	5	12	50
“ I, “	50	50	50	50	50	12	12	5	5	5	12	50
“ K, “	50	50	50	50	50	12	12	5	5	5	12	50
“ L, “	50	50	50	50	50	13	13	5	5	5	.....	50
“ M, “	50	50	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	50
First Company Cavalry.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Lafayette Artillery Company.....	60	.....	.....	60	60	.....	.....	5	5	.....	.....	60
Company A, Second Regiment...	50	50	50	50	50	12	12	5	5	5	12	50
“ B, “	50	50	50	50	50	5	5	5	5	5	5	50
“ C, “	50	50	50	50	50	12	10	5	5	5	.....	50
“ D, “	50	50	50	50	50	12	10	5	5	5	.....	50
“ E, “	50	50	50	50	50	12	10	5	5	5	9	50
“ F, “	50	50	50	50	50	12	10	5	5	5	12	50
“ G, “	50	50	50	50	50	12	10	5	5	5	12	50
“ H, “	50	50	50	50	50	12	10	5	5	5	12	50
First Light Battery, section A.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Launceston Rifle Co., unassigned...	50	50	50	50	50	12	12	5	5	5	12	50
Harriman Guards, “	50	50	50	50	50	12	12	5	5	5	.....	50
Patterson Guards, “	50	50	50	50	50	12	10	5	5	5	12	50
Head Rifles, “	50	50	50	50	50	12	10	5	5	5	12	50
	1270	1115	1140	1168	1171	251	233	112	117	116	183	1270

ABSTRACT C—*continued.**Abstract of public property in the*

Name of Company.	Cartridge box, belts and plates.	Bayonet scabbards.	Waist belts and plates.	Cap-pouches and cone-picks.	Gun slings.	Drums, tenor.	Drum slings.	Drum sticks, pairs.	Fifes.	Sergeants' swords.	Musicians' swords.	Sword belts and plates.	Frock coats.	Trowsers, pairs.	Caps.
Company A, First Regiment.....	60	60	60	60	60	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	48	48	19
“ B, “	50	50	54	50	50	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	50	50	48
“ C, “	50	50	50	50	50	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	46	41	43
“ D, “	50	50	50	50	50	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	50	50	50
“ E, “	50	50	50	50	50	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	50	50	48
“ F, “	50	50	50	50	50	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	48	48	48
“ G, “	50	50	50	50	50	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	48	48	50
“ H, “	50	50	50	50	48	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	48	44	44
“ I, “	50	50	50	50	50	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	48	48	50
“ K, “	50	50	50	50	50	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	50	50	48
“ L, “	50	50	50	50	50	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	48	48	48
“ M, “	50	50	50	50	50	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	48	48	48
First Company Cavalry.....															50
Lafayette Artillery Company.....	60	60	60	60	60	1	1	1	1	1	1	1			64
Company A, Second Regiment.....	50	50	51	50	50	1	2	2	1	1	1	1	50	50	50
“ B, “	50	50	50	50	50	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	50	50	50
“ C, “	50	50	50	50	50	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	48	48	48
“ D, “	50	50	50	50	50	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	48	48	48
“ E, “	50	50	50	50	50	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	48	48	48
“ F, “	50	50	50	50	50	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	48	48	48
“ G, “	50	50	50	50	50	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	48	48	48
“ H, “	50	50	50	50	50	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	48	48	48
First Light Battery, section A.....															48
Lancaster Rifle Co., unassigned.....	49	49	50	49	49	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	48	48	48
Harriman Guards, “	50	50	50	50	50	1	1	1	1	1	2	3	50	50	48
Patterson Guards, “	50	50	50	50	50	1	1	1	1	1	2	3	48	48	48
Head Rifles, “	50	50	50	50	50	1	1	1	1	1	2	3	48	48	48
	1269	1269	1275	1269	1267	23	24	24	22	14	32	46	1164	1155	1286

ABSTRACT C—continued.

Abstract of public property in the

Name of Company.	Trowers, pairs, mounted,	Cross sabers.	6-pdr. guns, new.	6-pdr. guns, old.	6-pdr. gun-carriages and limbers complete.	6-pdr. gun-carriages and limbers, old.	6-pdr. caissons and limbers complete.	6-pdr. caissons and limbers, old.	Sabers, artillery, short.	Saber-bells.	Sponges and rammers.	Sponge-covers.	Worm and staff.	Prolonges.	Handspikes, trail.	Gunners' haversacks.	Gunners' gimlets, field.	Gunners' pavers.	Fuse cutters.	Priming wires, field.
Company A, First Regiment.....
“ B, “
“ C, “
“ D, “
“ E, “
“ F, “
“ G, “
“ H, “
“ I, “
“ K, “
“ L, “
“ M, “
First Company Cavalry.....	50	50	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Lafayette Artillery Company.....	64	.....	1	.....	1	.....	1	49	49	2	.....	1	3	2	2	.....	.....	.....	.....	1
Company A, Second Regiment.....
“ B, “
“ C, “
“ D, “
“ E, “
“ F, “
“ G, “
“ H, “
First Light Battery, section A.....	48	2	.....	2	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	3	3	1	2	6	4	2	.....	2	2
Lancaster Rifle Co., unassigned.....
Harriman Guards, “
Patterson Guards, “
Head Rifles, “
	162	50	2	1	2	1	2	1	40	49	5	3	2	5	8	6	2	2	2	3

ABSTRACT C—concluded.

possession of the Volunteer Militia.

2	12	1	Pendulum hammers.
6	6	1	Tow hooks.
4	4	1	Tule punches.
1	1	1	Tube boxes.
3	3	1	Thumbstalls.
2	2	1	Vent covers, leather.
2	2	1	Vent punches.
4	4	1	Lanyards, friction tube.
2	2	1	Shovels, caissons.
2	2	1	Spare wheels.
4	4	1	Harpoonis, 12 by 15.
2	2	1	Buckets, sponge, iron.
4	4	1	Buckets, tar, iron.
8	8	1	Buckets, watering, gutta porcha.
2	2	1	Axes, felling.
4	4	1	Pole pads.
4	4	1	Pole straps, pairs.
8	8	1	Whips.
2	2	1	Pickaxes, handled.
8	8	1	Harnesses, wheel, sets.
8	8	1	Harnesses, lead, sets.
16	16	1	Nose bags.
112	48	64	Jackets, artillery.
8	8	8	Brioles.
64	14	50	Cross cannon.
27	1	1	Company order books.
27	1	1	Company enlistment books.
28	1	1	Company property books.
54	12	12	Carry's tactics, copies of.
113	12	12	Militia law, copies of.
26	1	1	Morning report books.

A BSTRACT D—continued.

Abstract of articles transferred or issued during the year ending June 1, 1867.

Date.	To whom transferred.	Saber belts.	Sponge covers.	Sponges and rammers.	Worn and stall.	Vrolonges.	Handspikes, trail.	Gunners' haversacks.	Gunners' girders, field.	Gunners' pickets.	Fuse cutters.	Printing wires, field.	Pondatum hammers.	Tow hooks.	Tube pinches.	Tube boxes.	Thumbstails.	Vent covers, leather.	Vent pinches.	Lanyards, friction tube.	Shovels, caissons.	Spare wheels.	Tarpaulins, 12 x 15.	Buckets, sponge, iron.	Buckets, tar, iron.	Buckets, watering, guta percha.	Axes, billings.	Fole pads.	Fole straps, patrs.	Whips.	Ammunition chest.	Ptekases, handbil.	Harnesses, wheel, sets.	Harnesses, lead, sets.	Nose bags.				
June 2,	1866, Capt. Cornelius Healy, Co. E, 1st Reg't.																																						
2,	" " E. H. Fletcher, Co. C, 1st Reg't.																																						
2,	" " A. J. Sargent, Co. G, " "																																						
2,	" " Chas. Rolley, Co. H, " "																																						
2,	" " W. H. Maxwell, Co. I, " "																																						
2,	" " G. H. L. Head, Co. L, " "																																						
2,	" " D. S. Moody, Co. K, " "																																						
2,	" " J. C. Chandler, 1st Co. Cavalry.																																						
2,	" " J. R. Carr, Co. D, 1st Reg't.																																						
2,	" " G. W. Riddle, Co. A, 1st Reg't.																																						
2,	" " Thomas Currier, Co. A, 2d Reg't.																																						
2,	" " W. Miller, Co. B, 2d Reg't.																																						
2,	" " A. J. Hough, 1st Battery.																																						
2,	" " Bela Sawyer, Harriam Guards.																																						
2,	" " J. A. Williams, Lancaster Rifle Co.																																						
2,	" " H. R. Bantford, Gilmore Rifles.																																						
4,	" " H. J. Griffin, Co. F, 1st Reg't.																																						
4,	" " A. J. Hough, 1st Battery.																																						
15,	" " A. J. Sargent, Co. G, 1st Reg't.																																						
15,	" " E. C. Curtis, Lafayette Art Co.																																						
25,	" " Peter Mitchell, Co. C, 2d Reg't.																																						
28,	" " " " " "																																						

ABSTRACT "G."

Abstract of property turned in by the militia during the year ending June 1, 1867.

	By whom.	
Springfield rifle muskets, new.	50	50
Muskets and bayonets, old.	9	10
Tomponns.	50	50
Spare cones.	49	49
Screw drivers and wrenches.	50	50
Wipers.	50	50
Extra main springs.	12	12
Extra seat springs.	10	10
Ball screws.	4	4
Spring vises.	3	3
Tumbler punches.	5	5
Bayonet scabbards.	50	50
Cartridge boxes and plates.	50	50
Cartridge box belts and plates.	36	36
Waist belts and plates.	19	19
Cap pouches, and picks.	12	12
Gun slings.	50	50
Boxes packing.	5	5
Order book.	1	1
Enlistment book.	1	1
Property book.	1	1
Casoy's Tactics, sets (3 vols. each).	2	2
Copies militia law.	4	4
Sergeant's swords.	1	1
Musician's swords.	2	2
Sword belts and plates.	3	3
Drums, tenor, and slings.	1	1
File.	1	1
Caps.	45	45
Frock coats (infantry).	50	50
Trowers, pairs (infantry).	50	50
Tumbler screws.	12	12

Capt. H. H. Danforth, Gilmore Rifles.....
 Capt. D. J. Flanders, Co. M, First Regiment.....
 Lieut. F. F. Davis, First Light Battery.....

ANNUAL RETURN

Of ordnance, ordnance stores and quartermaster's stores, received, issued, and remaining on hand during the year ending June 1, 1867.

Disposition of ordnance stores, June 1, 1867.	Class 1. Ordnance.					Class 2. Artillery carriages.										
	6-pdr. guns, old.	4-pdr. guns, old.	12-pdr. field howitzers.	6-pdr. guns, new.	12-pdr. mountain howitzers.	6-pdr. rifle guns, captured.	24-pdr. cohorn mortars.	For 6-pdr. guns.	For 12-pdr. field howitzers.	For 6-pdr. guns, old.	For 12-pdr. mountain howitzers.	Caissons for 6-pdr. guns.	Caissons for 12-pdr. field howitzers.	Traveling forge A, complete.	Battery Wagon C, complete.	Mortar beds, 24-pdr. cohorn.
On hand in store-house, June 1, 1866.....	2	1														
In possession of Militia, June 1, 1866.....	1									1		1				
In possession of independent organizations and public institutions, June 1, 1866.....																
Received as per abstract "A".....			2	6	2	2	2	6	2		2	6	2	1	1	2
Received as per abstract "B".....																
Total to be accounted for.....	3	1	2	6	2	2	2	6	2	1	2	7	2	1	1	2
Issued to Militia.....			2					2			2					
Total to be accounted for by Militia.....	1		2					2		1	3					
Turned in by Militia.....																
Lost or destroyed by Militia.....																
Total turned in, lost or destroyed.....																
In possession of Militia, June 1, 1867.....	1		2					2		1	3					
Issued to independent organizations, &c.....			2					2								
In possession of independent organizations.....			2					2								
On hand in store-house, June 1, 1867.....	2	1	2	2	2	2	2	4		2	4	2	1	1	2	2
Total property in possession of State.....	3	1	2	6	2	2	2	6	2	1	2	7	2	1	1	2

ANNUAL RETURN—continued.

Of ordnance, ordnance stores and quartermaster's stores, received.

Disposition of ordnance stores, June 1, 1867.	Class 3.—Artillery implements and equipments.														
	Buckets, sponge, iron.	Buckets, tar, iron.	Buckets, water, wood.	Buckets, watering, gutta percha.	Cannon spikes.	Elevating screws.	Fuze-cutters.	Gunners' Callipers.	Gunners' gimlets.	Gunners' haversacks.	Gunners' pinners.	Gunners' quadrants, wood.	Gunners' sleeves, pairs.	Handspikes.	Handspikes, trull.
On hand in store-house, June 1, 1866.....										2				2	
In possession of Militia, June 1, 1866.....										2				2	
In possession of independent organizations and public institutions, June 1, 1866.....															
Received as per abstract "A".....															
Received as per abstract "B".....	8	18	1	34	6	1	8	1	15	24	20	2	2	2	24
Total to be accounted for.....	8	18	1	34	6	1	8	1	15	24	20	2	2	2	24
Issued to Militia.....	2	4		8			2		2	4	2				6
Total to be accounted for by Militia.....	2	4		8			2		2	4	2				6
Turned in by Militia.....															
Lost or destroyed by Militia.....															
Total turned in, lost or destroyed.....															
In possession of Militia, June 1, 1867.....	2	4		8			2		2	4	2			2	6
Issued to independent organizations, &c.....															2
In possession of independent organizations.....															2
On hand in store-house, June 1, 1867.....	6	14	1	26	6	1	6	1	13	18	18	2	2	4	16
Total property in possession of State.....	8	18	1	34	6	1	8	1	15	24	20	2	2	6	24

ANNUAL RETURN—continued.

Of ordnance, ordnance stores and quartermaster's stores, received,

Disposition of ordnance stores, June 1, 1867.	Class 3.—Artillery implements and equipments.										Class 4. Small arms.			
	Tarpaulins, 12 by 15.	Tarpaulins, 5 by 5.	Thumbstalls.	Tomions for cohorn mortars.	Tow hooks.	Tube pouches.	Tube boxes.	Vent covers, leather.	Vent punches, field guns.	Worms and staves, field guns.	Wipers.	Yokes, pole.	Muskets, old.	Springfield rifle muskets, complete.	Remington carbines.
On hand in store-house, June 1, 1866.....						1			1				4340	200
In possession of Militia, June 1, 1866.....							1		1				941	
In possession of independent organizations and public institutions, June 1, 1866.....													99	329
Received as per abstract "A".....														
Received as per abstract "B".....	16	6 16	224	22		10	8	3	2	1				
Total to be accounted for.....	16	6 16	224	23		110	8	5	2	1	99	5610	200	
Issued to Militia.....	4		3	6	4		2	2	1				500	
Total to be accounted for by Militia....	4		3	6	4	1	2	2	2				1441	
Turned in by Militia.....													169	
Lost or destroyed by Militia.....													62	
Total turned in, lost or destroyed.....													171	
In possession of Militia, June 1, 1867.....	4		3	6	4	1	2	2	2				1276	
Issued to independent organizations, &c.....										2			20	
In possession of independent organizations...										2		99	349	
On hand in store-house, June 1, 1867.....	12	6 13	218	19		8	6	1	2	1			3929	200
Total property in possession of State....	16	6 16	224	23	1	10	8	5	2	1	99	5548	200	

ANNUAL RETURN—continued.

issued, and remaining on hand during the year ending June 1, 1867.

Class 4.—Small arms.				Class 7.—Accouterments, appendages, and horse equipments.																				
				Accouterments.																				
				Cavalry.				Infantry.																
Remington army pistols.	Bayonets, old.	Sabers, light cavalry	Swords, Sergeants.	Swords, musicians.	Holster pistols.	Sergeants' muskets.	Sergeants' musket bayonets.	Sabers, short, artillery.	Saber belts, artillery.	Carbine slings and swivels.	Carbine cartridge boxes.	Sword knots.	Pistol belt holsters.	Saber belts and plates.	Bayonet scabbards.	Cap pouches and picks	Cartridge boxes.	Cartridge box belts and plates.	Gun slings.	Sword belts and plates.	Waist belts and plates.	Waist belts, black buck.	Waist belts, white buck.	
500	..	54	20	40	2	200	200	200	32	100	6757	7780	5487	6611	5817	..	00	6799	..	60
..	..	96	49	49	100	946	932	956	954	970	943
..	99	..	7	..	..	8	8	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	310	325	314	244	133	5	308	..	..
..
500	99	150	27	40	2	8	8	49	49	200	200	200	32	200	8007	9037	6757	7869	6920	65	8050	60	60	
..	..	46	16	36	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	50	..	46	500	500	500	500	500	52	500	..	..
..	..	142	16	36	..	..	..	49	49	..	..	50	..	144	1446	1432	1456	1454	1470	52	1443	..	..
..	..	..	1	2	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	120	112	136	134	140	3	119	..	..
..	..	46	1	2	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	46	51	51	50	51	63	3	49	..	..
..	..	..	2	4	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	46	177	163	186	185	203	6	168	..	..
..	..	96	14	32	..	..	..	49	49	..	..	50	..	100	1269	1269	1270	1269	1267	46	1275	..	..
..	..	6	3	6	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	6	20	..	..	..	..	9	20	..	..
..	99	6	10	6	..	8	8	..	..	..	..	..	..	6	330	325	314	244	133	14	328	..	..
500	..	2	2	..	2	..	..	..	200	200	200	150	32	48	6351	7392	5123	6246	5457	2	6398	60	60
500	99	104	26	35	2	8	8	49	200	200	200	32	154	8956	8956	6707	7759	6857	62	8001	60	60		

ANNUAL RETURN—continued.

Of ordnance, ordnance stores and quartermaster's stores, received,

Disposition of ordnance stores, June 1, 1867.	Class 7.—Accouterments, appendages, and horse equipments.									
	Appendages.									
	Carbines.				Muskets and rifles.					
	Screw-drivers.	Spring vises.	Brush wipers and thongs.	Cap pouches and picks.	Screw-drivers and wrenches.	Tumbler and wire punches.	Spare cones.	Spring vises.	Ball screws.	Wipers.
On hand in store-house, June 1, 1866.....	200	20	200	200	4799	679	4812	429	430	4296
In possession of Militia, June 1, 1866.....					879	90	819	82	79	876
In possession of independent organizations and public institutions, June 1, 1866.....					180	36	210	16	6	252
Received as per abstract "A".....										
Received as per abstract "B".....										
Total to be accounted for.....	200	20	200	200	5858	805	5841	527	515	5424
Issued to Militia.....					500	50	500	50	50	500
Total to be accounted for by Militia.....					1379	140	1319	132	129	1376
Turned in by Militia.....					99	10	99	6	9	96
Lost or destroyed by Militia.....					112	14	80	7	8	109
Total turned in, lost or destroyed....					211	24	179	15	17	205
In possession of Militia, June 1, 1867.....					1168	116	1140	117	112	1171
Issued to independent organizations, &c....										
In possession of independent organizations,					180	36	210	16	6	252
On hand in store-house, June 1, 1867.....	200	20	200	200	4398	639	4411	387	359	3892
Total property in possession of State.....	200	20	200	200	5746	791	5761	520	507	5315

ANNUAL RETURN—*continued.**issued, and remaining on hand during the year ending June 1, 1867.*

Class 7.—Accouterments, appendages, and horse equipments.																
Appendages.				Horse equipments.												
Muskets and rifles.				Cavalry.												
Extra main springs.	Extra scar springs.	Extra tumbler screws.	Tompions.	Bridles, curb.	Curry-combs.	Girths.	Halters and straps.	Horse-brushes.	Nose-bags.	Saddles with stirrups and stirrup leathers.	Surcingles.	Saddle bags, pairs.	Saddle blankets, blue.	Spurs and straps, pairs.	Coat straps, sets.	Carbine sockets and straps.
1101	848	196	4290	150	150	150	150	150	12	150	150	150	1000	150	150	150
171	164	116	780	50	.....	50	50	.....	.....	50	50	50	50	50	50	50
50	40	55	122	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	200	.....	.....	.....
.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	84	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
1322	1052	367	5192	200	150	200	200	150	96	200	200	200	1250	200	200	200
122	105	97	500	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	16	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
203	269	213	1280	50	.....	50	50	.....	16	50	50	50	50	50	50	50
24	22	12	60	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
17	14	18	105	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
42	36	30	165	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
251	233	183	1115	50	.....	50	50	.....	16	50	50	50	50	50	50	50
.....
50	40	55	122	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	200	.....	.....	.....
1004	765	111	3850	150	150	150	150	150	80	150	150	150	1000	150	150	150
1305	1038	349	5087	200	150	200	200	150	96	200	200	200	1250	200	200	200

ANNUAL RETURN—*continued.**Of ordnance, ordnance stores and quartermaster's stores, received,*

Disposition of ordnance stores, June 1, 1867.	Class 8. Ammunition.			Class 10. Parts of articles.								
	Patent cartridge, cal. 577.	Minnie balls.	Ball and ball.	Pole pads.	Poles, pairs.	Hammer heads, 6-pdr. guns.	Stocks, battery wagon.	Stocks, caisson.	Sponge-heads, 6-pdr. guns.	Wheels, old, pairs.	Wheels, spare.	
On hand in store-house, June 1, 1866.....	3000	17500	10000	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
In possession of Militia, June 1, 1866.....	.....	.....	1800	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
In possession of independent organizations and public institutions, June 1, 1866.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Received as per abstract "A".....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Received as per abstract "B".....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Total to be accounted for.....	3000	17500	11800	18	8	4	1	1	8	1	8	.....
Issued to Militia.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Total to be accounted for by Militia...	.....	.....	1800	4	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Turned in by Militia.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Lost or destroyed by Militia.....	.....	.....	800	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Total turned in, lost or destroyed.....	.....	.....	800	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
In possession of Militia, June 1, 1867.....	.....	.....	1000	4	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Issued to independent organizations, &c.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
In possession of independent organizations..	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
On hand in store-house, June 1, 1867.....	3000	17500	1900	14	8	4	1	1	8	1	8	6
Total property in possession of State..	3000	17500	11000	18	8	4	1	1	8	1	8	8

ANNUAL RETURN—*continued.**Of ordnance, ordnance stores and quartermaster's stores, received,*

	Materials.									Miscellaneous.	Tools.						
	Paints, oils, &c.										Miscellaneous.	Tools.					
	Oil, linseed, galls.	Oil, neat's foot, galls.	Oil, sperm, galls.	Paint, black, lbs.	Paint, olive, lbs.	Spirits turpentine, galls.	Boxes for forge.	Boxes, battery wagon stores.	Boxes, packing.	Candles, sperm, lbs.		Keags for grease.	Tin cans.	Adzes, carpenters.	Anvils.	Aprons, smiths.	Augers, assorted.	Auger handles.
Disposition of ordnance stores, June 1, 1867.																	
On hand in store-house, June 1, 1866.....									104								
In possession of Militia, June 1, 1866.....									37								
In possession of independent organizations and public institutions, June 1, 1866.....									15								
Received as per abstract "A".....	1	4	1	5	50	1	6	9	37	5	2	9	1	1	2	3	3
Received as per abstract "B".....																	
Total to be accounted for.....	1	4	1	5	50	1	6	9	193	5	2	9	1	1	2	3	3
Issued to Militia.....									80								
Total to be accounted for by Militia..									117								
Turned in by Militia.....									9								
Lost or destroyed by Militia.....									8								
Total turned in, lost or destroyed....									17								
In possession of Militia, June 1, 1867.....									100								
Issued to independent organizations, &c...									4								
In possession of independent organizations,									19								
On hand in store-house, June 1, 1867.....	1	4	1	5	50	1	6	9	66	5	2	9	1	1	2	3	3
Total in possession of State.....	1	4	1	5	50	1	6	9	185	5	2	9	1	1	2	3	3

ANNUAL RETURN—*continued.**Of ordnance, ordnance stores and quartermaster's stores, receive 1,*

Disposition of ordnance stores, June 1, 1867.	Tools.																
	Fullers.	Gauges, carpenters.	Gimbets, assorted.	Goggles, framing.	Grindstones with arbor and crank.	Hammers, claw.	Hammers, smith.	Hammers.				Hammers, claw.	Iron riveting.	Jack-screws.	Hooks, reaping.		
								Hammers, nailing.	Hammers, riveting.	Hammers, shoeing.	Hammers, sledge.						
On hand in store-house, June 1, 1866.....																	
In possession of Militia, June 1, 1866.....																	
In possession of independent organizations and public institutions, June 1, 1866.....																	
Received as per abstract "A".....																	
Received as per abstract "B".....	1	112	1	1	1	1	1	2	1	1	1	1	1	1	3	4	
Total to be accounted for.....	1	112	1	1	1	1	1	2	1	1	1	1	1	1	3	4	
Issued to Militia.....																	
Total to be accounted for by Militia....																	
Turned in by Militia.....																	
Lost or destroyed by Militia.....																	
Total turned in, lost or destroyed.....																	
In possession of Militia, June 1, 1867.....																	
Issued to independent organizations, &c.....																	
In possession of independent organizations...																	
On hand in store-house, June 1, 1867.....	1	112	1	1	1	1	1	2	1	1	1	1	1	1	3	4	
Total property in possession of State...	1	112	1	1	1	1	1	2	1	1	1	1	1	1	3	4	

ANNUAL RETURN — *continued.**Of ordnance, ordnance stores, and quartermaster's stores, received.*

Disposition of ordnance stores, June 1, 1867.	Tools.																		
	Scissors.	Screw-drivers, hand.	Scythes.	Scythe-smiths.	Scythe-stones.	Shears.	Shoeing boxes.	Shovels, coal.	Shovels, caisson.	Shovels, smiths.	Spades.	Spoke-shaves.	Squares, steel, trying.	Squares, steel.	Taps.	Timbles.	Tongs, smiths.	Forges, smiths (3 sizes).	
On hand in store-house, June 1, 1866.....							1												
In possession of Militia, June 1, 1866.....																			
In possession of independent organizations and public institutions, June 1, 1866.....																			
Received as per abstract "A".....	2	1	4	4	4	1	1	6	1	6	1	1	1	1	4	4	3	3	
Received as per abstract "B".....																			
Total to be accounted for.....	2	1	4	4	4	2	1	6	1	6	1	1	1	1	4	4	3	3	
Issued to Militia.....								2											
Total to be accounted for by Militia.....								2											
Turned in by Militia.....																			
Lost or destroyed by Militia.....																			
Total turned in, lost or destroyed.....																			
In possession of Militia, June 1, 1867.....								2											
Issued to independent organizations, &c ..																			
In possession of independent organizations.....																			
On hand in store-house, June 1, 1867.....	2	1	4	4	4	2	1	4	1	6	1	1	1	1	4	4	3	3	
Total property in possession of State.....	2	1	4	4	4	2	1	6	1	6	1	1	1	1	4	4	3	3	

ANNUAL RETURN — *continued.*

issued, and remaining on hand during the year ending June 1, 1867.

Tools.		Clothing, camp, and garrison equipage.																			
Vise, bench.																					
Vise, hand.																					
Wrenches, screw.																					
Wrenches, tap.																					
Frock coats, infantry.		552	552																		
Trowsers, pairs, infantry.		396	395																		
Sergeants' scales, pairs.																					
Privates' scales, pairs.																					
Cap bugles.																					
Letters.																					
Numbers.																					
Cross cannon.																					
Cross sabers.																					
Caps.																					
State battions, gross.		165	523																		
Books, morning report.																					
Books, company order.		7	7																		
Books, company property.		19	19																		
Books, enlistment.		8	8																		
Tent-pins.		8	8	1450																	
Mallets.				35																	
Tent-poles.				2	1																
Regimental flags.				3	3																
Guidons.				3	3																
Drums, tenor.				15																	
1	1	350	350	104	1144	1250	1392	515	100												
1	1	1298	1297	104	1144	1250	1392	515	100	50	1450	48	75								
		862	862	104	1144	1193				100	50	900	26	9	10	9					
		1258	1257	104	1144	1193				100	50	1423	26	28	29	28					
		50	50																		
		44	52	8	107	79				36			45			1	1				
		94	102	8	107	79				36			137			1	1	1450			
		1164	1155	96	1037	1114				64	50	1286	26	27	28	27					
1	1	90	90																		
1	1	1254	1245	96	1037	1114	1392	515	64	50	1358	48	75	46	46	41	100	3	3	26	

ANNUAL RETURN — *concluded.*

Of ordnance, ordnance stores and quartermaster's stores, received, issued, and remaining on hand during the year ending June 1, 1867.

Disposition of ordnance stores, June 1, 1867.	Clothing, camp and garrison equipage.										
	Drum slings.	Drum sticks, pairs.	Fifes.	Casey's tactics, sets of.	Militia law, copies of.	Musical instruments.	Hats, cavalry.	Jackets, artillery.	Jackets, cavalry.	Trowers, mounted, pairs.	Bugles.
On hand in store-house, June 1, 1866.	15	18	15	66	300	8	100	152	50	153	6
In possession of Militia, June 1, 1866.				38	86			48		98	
In possession of independent organizations and public institutions, June 1, 1866.	1	1	2								
Received as per abstract "A".	12	12	12								
Received as per abstract "B".											
Total to be accounted for.	28	31	29	104	386	8	100	200	50	251	6
Issued to Militia.	26	24	25	18	36			98		99	4
Total to be accounted for by Militia.	26	24	25	56	122			146	50	197	4
Turned in by Militia.	1		1	2	4						
Lost or destroyed by Militia.	1		2		3			34		35	
Total turned in, lost or destroyed.	2		3	2	7			34		35	
In possession of Militia, June 1, 1867.	24	24	22	54	115			112	50	162	4
Issued to independent organizations, &c.											
In possession of independent organizations.	1	1	2								
On hand in store-house, June 1, 1867.	2	6	3	50	268	8	100	54		54	2
Total property in possession of State.	27	31	27	104	383	8	100	166	50	216	6

CLERICAL EXPENSES.

In consideration of the fact that certain classes of our citizens have looked upon these expenses as excessive, I deem it but justice to myself to here give a statement which should for ever silence them.

The entire sum paid for clerk hire during the three years ending June 1, 1867, is \$11,462.64, and of which \$6,713.03 has been assumed by the United States government, and paid to this State, leaving \$4,749.61, the actual expense to the State of New-Hampshire for the period stated.

The good accruing to the State and her citizens from this expenditure can not be adequately estimated. The records which have been obtained and filed—and of which there were none when I assumed the duties of the office—are of inestimable value, both to this and future generations, as in many cases they are the only proof in existence, which the soldier and his heirs can obtain to substantiate their claims against the general government, for pensions, back pay and bounty.

They are also of great importance to the State as an effective guarantee against the payment of false claims, which have been, and may be presented. In one instance alone, these records have saved to the State in the payment of State Aid the sum of \$6,699.57, which exceeds the entire clerical expenses in their procurement, to the amount of \$1,949.96, a fact which should, in my opinion, satisfy all that the money expended for clerical assistance in this department was a wise investment, and one that will pay to the State, and especially to her brave defenders, as liberally as any investment made during the war.

CONCLUSION.

In the foregoing pages, I have endeavored to give a comprehensive review of the condition of the affairs of this office up to the present time, embracing tabular statements of the numerical strength of the State Militia, the public property on hand, and an epitome of the events connected with our militia history. It has been my endeavor to build up an effective system under our present law. Recognizing the truth of the remembered declaration that "a well regulated militia is the natural and sure defense of the State," I have striven to enlist the ardor of young men, and the experience of tried veterans, in those organizations authorized by law.

My endeavors have been fully rewarded. The law has proved an effective and comprehensive one. The organizations have generally manifested much pride in their own progress, and the public has regarded, with apparent satisfaction, the building up of a reliable military force, which, always a credit to the State, and never a pecuniary burden upon its resources, is competent to send no inconsiderable strength into the field to meet immediate danger, and to serve as the nucleus of an extensive armament, which could be speedily placed upon a war footing.

The records of the heroism, suffering and services of the soldiery of the State, it has been my pleasant task to collate and preserve. If I shall have been instrumental in transmitting to posterity certain evidence of the part borne by New-Hampshire in the late contest, my labors will have been amply repaid.

During the pendency of the publication of my last report, I expressed an opinion relative to the then contemplated fulfillment of my official duties and the termination of my official labors. This I did in the belief that the work of compilation and publication, which required my

personal supervision would soon be completed. The delay in this and the necessity of continuous labor on my part has thus far kept me at my post—my ambition being to complete a record of those years, during which the energies of this Department were so severely taxed to meet the exigencies of the public service.

I desire to acknowledge the uniform courtesy and kindness which has ever characterized your Excellency's official and personal intercourse with myself and this office. In every particular I have received your cordial and experienced counsel. Indeed, sir, it is fitting for me to remark, that the regard for the soldier which characterized in a marked degree your official career, was exemplified further in your assistance to myself. You will accept, therefore, my cordial and respectful acknowledgments of the continued courtesy and personal regard, which has appeared in your official and personal relations with myself.

To the assistants in my office, who have labored assiduously in the complicated, and often vexatious positions and duties assigned them, I present my acknowledgments of their uniform faithfulness, and for their valuable services. Our official relations have been pleasant, and I esteem it entirely fitting to place upon record an avowal of the fact.

In closing, I may be permitted to remark that I trust my official action, while the incumbent of this office, may not have been entirely without benefit to the State, whose interests I have always regarded as of paramount importance. I entered this office in the midst of a desolating war, when the energies of the people were severely taxed to preserve the national life. We were crowding forward new regiments to the field, and filling those already there, while the din of busy preparations resounded through our borders. To-day that strife is happily ended. Valor and patriotism have been crowned by the rich sheaves of peace

and prosperity. The wail of bereaved families will yet remain to remind us of our costly sacrifice, but with every sorrow, there is a palliative, if not an antidote. The recollection of the heroic services rendered by our sons, and the sacrifices endured uncomplainingly by the women of the State, will always be looked upon as the silver lining to the dark cloud of war, which so long hung over the Union. I entered this office with no effective State Militia in existence. To-day we have sufficient reliable, well disciplined troops to form three regiments for immediate service. The system meets with favor at the hands of the people, and is a credit to the traditional renown and late record of New-Hampshire.

With peace resting upon our banners, with our sons returned to their customary avocations or cherished in the fond memories of a people served by their fidelity; with a reliable and well-disciplined militia force in existence, which will foster the military spirit and provide for any emergency that may arise, and with the financial, clerical and biographical business of my department, either fully performed to date, or in a good degree of forwardness, calling your attention, and through you, the attention of the Honorable Legislature, to the suggestions here made, and regarded by me as essential.

I have the honor to be,

Very respectfully,

Your Excellency's obed't serv't,

NATT HEAD,

Adj't, Insp. and Q. M. General.

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