

UNIFORMS OF  
WOMEN WORN DURING  
THE WAR

FORMS OF  
MEN WORN DURING  
WAR

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*2007  
National Society  
of the  
Colonial Dames of America  
1922*

**National Society**  
of the  
**Colonial Dames of America**

**REPORT OF THE COMMITTEE  
ON RELICS**

**UNIFORMS OF WOMEN  
WORN DURING THE WAR**

WASHINGTON

1922



REPORT OF THE COMMITTEE ON RELICS, UNI-  
FORMS OF WOMEN WORN DURING  
THE WAR.

MADAM PRESIDENT, OFFICERS, AND MEMBERS OF THE  
COUNCIL:

A short time before the meeting of the last Council, Mrs. Lamar expressed the desire that I should collect, as Chairman of the Committee on Relics, types of "Uniforms of Women worn during the Great War," for an historic exhibit in the United States National Museum.

After accepting, I wondered how I could ever fulfill my promise, for, really, I knew not where or how to begin the assembling of such an exhibit, but, having undertaken the responsibility, I knew the task had to be accomplished and so it gives me pleasure to say that the Committee on relics herewith presents to the National Society "Uniforms of Women worn during the War" from essentially all authorized war organizations. These are now on exhibition, a total of about 80 uniforms.

When it is mentioned that your Chairman wrote 820 letters herself, the work involved to assemble this collection by the Committee on Relics will be shown to have been considerable.

It is interesting to note that one-fourth of these uniforms were presented and worn by Colonial Dames from the following states:

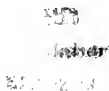
District of Columbia.....	1
Illinois.....	1
Maine.....	1
New York.....	4
New Jersey.....	1
Ohio.....	7
Pennsylvania.....	2
Tennessee.....	2

Many years ago there came to me from Miss Katharine Prescott Wormely, the distinguished translator of Balzac's writings, "With kind regards," a copy of her "Other Side of War" in which she described in her exquisite English the experiences of several months as a hospital nurse with the Army of the Potomac during the Peninsula Campaign of 1862.

She tells of the work of the United States Sanitary Commission in those now long-ago days of our Civil War, and she tells with wonderful pathos of the great suffering among the wounded, and perhaps most of all, she tells of how it was and ever shall be woman's mission to be

"Born to nurse,  
And to soothe, and to solace,  
To help and to heal  
The sick world that leans on her."

No where, however, in the account of her beneficent work does she mention the uniform that she wore, and it is safe to assume that no particular dress was ever furnished to that splendid band of ministering women who did so much to alleviate the sufferings of those brave boys



in blue, and in gray, who fought valiantly during the four long years for a cause which they believed to be right.

Again, I am sure there are many who remember when in 1898 the American boys put on their uniforms and went to the relief of struggling Cuba, how women, and many of them, went from their homes to nurse the sick and wounded, some of whom came back from that short campaign to die a lingering death at Montauk Point and other rest camps during the hot months of the summer and autumn of that year.

Dr. Anita Newcomb McGee, the able daughter of America's most eminent astronomer, was in charge of the Army Nurse Corps and she is my authority for the fact that at that time no official uniform was recognized by the National Government.

The World War that has so recently come to an end was of a different character. Already woman had achieved a recognition in nearly every branch of man's work, and so with the advent of that great conflict, she was ready to do her part as efficiently as did her brother.

General Pershing in his "Final Report" says that the women "played a most important part in brightening the lives of our troops and giving aid and comfort to our sick and wounded."

While the memory of the splendid deeds of the women can never be forgotten, still it is seldom that the visible evidences of their work are preserved; for they soon fade away and are lost forever.

It is therefore not surprising that the National Society of the Colonial Dames of America should have thought it wise to add to their collection of historic relics now on exhibition in the United States National Museum in Washington a series of the uniforms worn by women during the World War.

It was fortunate indeed that the first large additions to the collection came from the Red Cross; for at once it became possible to recognize the justification of a uniform for women. And it may be well to here put on record the official statements contained in their "Manual of Regulations." It says: "The use of serviceable uniforms by women in Red Cross Chapter activities has been found desirable for protective, hygienic, and other practical reasons." Also, "The uniforms of the Red Cross are not designed to give their wearers any advantage over others who do not wear them but render equally valuable service in the Red Cross organization, as the mere wearing of a uniform does not constitute *service*."

Another important item set forth in the "Manual" was that the "Oath of Allegiance" must be taken with due solemnity before a uniform permit is issued for any Red Cross uniform. Finally it is stated that "any person duly authorized to wear a Red Cross uniform in the United States may wear on the outside of the left sleeve of the coat or apron, midway between the wrist and elbow and parallel to the arm, a silver braid stripe, one and one half inches long by one quarter inch wide for each six months of continuous service."

But the "Manual" likewise contains the following pertinent rule: "While in uniform no jewelry may be worn, and the use of paint, powder, lip rouge, and perfume is strictly forbidden. Official Red Cross service badges or medals may be worn when such insignia have been regularly awarded."

These statements have been given for essentially they constitute the regulations followed by other organizations in which uniforms were worn by women.

The collection includes all varieties of Red Cross uniforms.



The first and perhaps the most important of these is the out-door gray whipcord uniform for Women Executives in the United States. It consists of a tunic, skirt, and hat, with silk shirt, tie, and low shoes. A bronze pin, of the letters A. R. C. is worn on the lower edge of each collar tab of the tunic and an enameled Red Cross, one inch in diameter, in the middle of each shoulder strap of the tunic.

Of similar material and design, but differing in minor details and insignia, is the Foreign Service uniform which was worn over seas for all work except nursing.

The Motor Service of the Red Cross has two uniforms, both of whipcord. One consists of a service cap, knee coat, breeches and leather puttees, and the other of service cap, short coat, (tunic) skirt, breeches, and leather puttees. Both complete uniforms include a motor overcoat. A sleeve emblem three inches in diameter, indicates the service, and rank is shown by three silver diamonds on the shoulder strap for a commander; two for a captain, one for a first lieutenant, and a gold diamond for a second lieutenant.

The hospital uniforms show the gray dress and white coif of a matron of a convalescent hospital in the United States; a ward nurse's uniform which includes a gray dress, a white apron, and a white cap. The outdoor uniform consists of a dark blue tunic and skirt, with a cape lined with red. With these may also be included the Hospital Hut fatigue uniform which is simply a blue apron dress with white collar and cuffs. The uniform of the Dietician is in general similar to the foregoing. The distinction between these various uniforms is indicated by the insignia and various other symbols which serve to show the exact duties of the individual.

The uniforms for Red Cross Workrooms were simple and yet most satisfactory; for they combined utility with

comfort. Essentially they were full-length aprons of white cotton material fastened down the back with a V or square neck, sleeves to the wrist, a belt three inches wide, and two pockets on the skirt. White coifs of lawn or some thin material were worn by regular workers, while flag red coifs indicated instructors or superiors, and flag blue coifs, heads of workrooms. A one inch red cross on a one-and-one-quarter inch square of white cloth worn on the center of the forehead band of the coif and in the center of the front of the apron immediately below the neck band, was the only insignia that workers were allowed to wear. Brassards or arm bands bearing words descriptive of the different branches of work, such as "Surgical Dressings," "Garments," "Knitting," "Reclamation," etc. were sometimes permitted.

The Canteen Service uniforms consisted of overcoat or cape lined with flag red flannel, hat, and apron for outdoor work and an apron and cap for indoor work. For the outdoor uniforms in the United States, including the hat, the material was light weight blue silvertone cloth, while the aprons were full-length with sleeves of horizon blue chambray or gingham. The outdoor overseas canteen uniforms were of whipcord. An apron and cap constituted the indoor uniform. The insignia of these uniforms, the wearing of which was obligatory, was a white shield in the center of which was woven a red cross and the words "A. R. C. Canteen Worker" in small blue letters which was worn on the left sleeve of the overcoat and cape while similar but smaller shields were worn on the front of the apron and on the center front of the brim of the hat or cap. The collection includes three uniforms, one outdoor and one indoor as worn in the United States, and one of the overseas type.

There are a number of local variations of these uniforms that are of considerable interest and at the same time a

number of special uniforms showing details that are not contained in the type uniforms presented by the American Red Cross. Most of these are from Ohio and were collected by Mrs. Robert S. Alter, a Colonial Dame of that State whose participation in the patriotic work of that great commonwealth is shown by several of her own uniforms which she generously added to the collection, as well as by a number of others which came from her friends as the result of her indefatigable zeal.

Her own uniform as Chairman of the Red Cross Information Committee is of the type of the Red Cross work room uniforms previously mentioned. It consists of a white apron and blue veil. Of similar character is the red veil presented by one of the Supervisors of Surgical Dressings in the Cincinnati work rooms, and so likewise is the red veil and white apron worn by Mrs. Perrin S. March, Chairman of Surgical Dressings.

Also there are the white aprons and blue veils worn during the period of the War by Mrs. Magnus A. Tate and Miss Agnes Hinton, who were Chairmen of Surgical Dressings in Cincinnati, and also the white apron and white veil of Mrs. Matthew Fontaine Maury, who likewise busied herself in the preparation of surgical dressings.

Mrs. Florence Foraker Matthews, who served as a captain in a Cincinnati canteen, generously gave her uniform, as well as a cap and veil, which are interesting additions to the collection.

The ramifications of the relief work of the American Red Cross were many indeed and extended in various directions at home as well as abroad. The collection includes a gray gingham dress with collar and cuffs, and a white apron worn by Miss Carolyn Nash (the patriotic daughter of a naval officer), a member of the District of Columbia Society of Colonial Dames, who served as a

nurse's aid in the hospital of the University of Pennsylvania during the period of the war.

Of similar nature in the sense that it was under the auspices of the American Red Cross is the dress and hat worn by Mrs. Harry W. Evans of Nashville, Tennessee, who gave her aid during the time of her country's need as commandant of the Emergency Canteen Service in Nashville.

A Red Cross uniform that saw much service was added to the collection by Mrs. Roswell Pettit, a Colonial Dame of Illinois, who as Miss Dorothy Lord Blatchford "went over to do social work under the Red Cross, but as a great offensive was taking place at the time of her arrival in Paris and as she had had some training in hospital work, she was immediately sent to meet the emergency at the front. Later she cared for American soldiers in French hospitals where her services were greatly appreciated because of her knowledge of the French language."

Mrs. William H. Bradford, a Colonial Dame of Maine, who did duty as a Canteen worker, presented her uniform to the collection. She aided in the care of the Canadian wounded who landed in Portland during the war.

An attractive uniform, consisting of a blue serge coat and skirt, and blue cap, was presented by Miss Evelyn Hooker of Cincinnati, who under the auspices of the American Fund for French wounded saw duty with the Motor Corps Service workers at the Verdun, Marne, Somme, and Aisne sectors.

Among the very first of the uniforms that was proffered for the collection was that of Miss Sophie Pearce Casey, a member of the Pennsylvania Society, who, with the rank of major on the staff, served as Supervisor of Instruction in the very successful National Service School near Washington which, under the auspices of the United States

Navy, instructed women in duties fitting them for active war service. The uniform is of light tan khaki.

The Emergency Aid of Pennsylvania of which Mrs. Alexander J. Cassatt was the president, is a body in which membership is greatly prized. For the most part the ladies of this organization did patriotic work of a local character. Their handsome dark blue gabardine suits show the gold keystone of their great State and the blue stripes on the sleeve indicate the years of service, while the Junior branch, called "Emergency Aid Aides," have similar service shown by scarlet stripes. The dark blue tricorne hat with cockade is worn by the Seniors, while the Aides have a trench cap on which the keystone is displayed.

Pennsylvania is also justly proud of its National League for Women's Service, an organization that achieved a national reputation for its patriotic and philanthropic work. The president of the Pennsylvania State Society of Colonial Dames, Mrs. James Starr, Jr., of Germantown, was proud to add her uniform to the collection and it represents splendid service well done by one who has never spared herself for her country's sake.

This organization also included a Junior branch and the uniform shown is that of a lieutenant. It was donated by Mrs. Charles R. Weiss, whose mother, aunt, and grandmother are Colonial Dames of Pennsylvania.

Even the women of the peace loving Quakers of Pennsylvania had their organization and the American Friends Service Committee deserve their share of praise for the excellent service done by them. The faithful workers of this organization were active in France, Serbia, Austria, and Russia, while in Germany at Herbert Hoover's request they accepted complete charge of the relief work for children during the winter of 1919. The uniform in

the collection came from one whose name is well known among those who served overseas; for it was presented by Mrs. Mabel C. S. D'Olier, a Colonial Dame of New Jersey, who was one of the Reconstruction Unit Workers in Varennes-en-Argonne, France. It bears the eight-pointed star in black and red, which is the emblem of the organization, on the sleeve.

Through the courtesy of Mrs. Henry S. White, president of the Colonial Dames of New Jersey, Miss Emeline Batten of Caldwell, New Jersey, very kindly added to the collection her olive drab serge uniform of the Newark Corps of the Motor Division of the National League for Women's Service. It is of special interest as one of the few that shows the chevrons of active service, and also includes her metal licensed chauffeur's badge. The women of this corps evidently did men's work; for they wore trousers and puttees instead of skirts.

The collection, as before mentioned, owes much to the zeal of Mrs. Robert S. Alter, a Colonial Dame of Ohio, who donated to the collection her own uniform worn as captain of the Motor Corps of the National League for Women's Service. This uniform was that of the members of the only motor corps authorized in Cincinnati by the Red Cross. Mrs. Alter also presented her blue apron, blue cap, and blue arm band which constituted her uniform as a member of the American Committee for Devastated France.

All honor must be conceded to the splendid work of the young women who served the cause so nobly at home and abroad under the auspices of the National War Work Council of the Young Women's Christian Association of the United States. More than 3,000 of these noble women were overseas and perhaps as many more were on duty in this country. Four uniforms of the "Y Girls" are

shown in the collection. The outdoor uniforms worn both overseas and at home (which was designed by Mrs. Harold Irving Pratt of New York) the similar uniform worn in home service and camp work; also the attractive blue apron and cap of the Canteen Service, and finally, the business women's dress for office work overseas.

There are three uniforms representing the efficient work of the Young Women's Christian Association, two being received from the National Board in New York City through Mrs. E. M. Townsend. The "domestic" uniform is a dark blue cloth and the one for work "overseas" is similar, but lighter in color. The former is of special interest as having been worn by Mrs. Townsend, who is a Colonial Dame of New York, and who was the Chairman of the National Hostess Committee of the War Work Council of the Board of the Young Women's Christian Association. Mrs. Townsend also kindly forwarded a photograph of herself in uniform, standing beside her son, who wears the uniform of the Marine Corps. Two generations in active service in the World War are thus shown.

The third uniform—Canteen Worker's uniform—was presented by Miss Virginia Armisted Nelson, now Mrs. Charles B. Parmer, a member of the Tennessee Society, who wore it during her work in several sectors in France. This uniform was secured through the efforts of Mrs. James H. Kirkland, President of the Tennessee Society.

There is also the uniform worn during the War by Mrs. William Adams Brown, a Colonial Dame of New York, the first vice-president of the National War Council of the Young Women's Christian Association, which is of steel gray serge and represents faithful service well done. It may be added that this uniform was worn by Mrs. Brown when officially received by General Pershing at his headquarters in Chaumont, when he paid a public tribute to the war work of American women.

The National Catholic War Council occupied a spacious building on Massachusetts Avenue in Washington where many and various philanthropic efforts were carried on, all of which had for their object the amelioration of the conditions among the suffering ones in the American forces. Its committees on special war activities had its representation in Europe and one of its most energetic workers was Mrs. Stocks-Millar, who was in charge of the Paris Club, and the uniform presented bearing the insignia with the letters "N.C.W.C." on the right sleeve and a fleur de lys on the left, testifies to her devotion as a faithful worker among the soldiers.

The League of Catholic Women did wonderful work in New York City under the presidency of Miss Teresa R. O'Donahue, with whose permission Miss Martha Devlin furnished the collection with her own uniform, and it represents her patriotic service; for she served as a canteen worker at the Long Acre Hut, where from seven in the morning till eleven at night soldiers were given a hearty meal. In all, 450,000 soldiers, sailors, and marines were furnished with food during the war. For eighteen months the canteen at 154 East 38th Street in New York City, served complimentary dinners and suppers every Sunday evening to one thousand men.

The faith of the doers of good deeds among the women in the World War was as broad as the universe. Protestant and Catholic, Jew and Gentile, all were included. The Jewish Welfare Board, with headquarters in New York City, cooperated with and was under the supervision of the War Department Commission in training camp activities. This organization donated to the collection a winter uniform which bears its insignia on the sleeve consisting of a star in a circle with the letters "J. W. B." in a rectangle in the center of the circle.



Everyone in America and overseas is familiar with and proud of the wonderful assistance rendered in works of mercy by the "Knights of Columbus," and Miss Mary Dillard, Secretary at Paris headquarters during 1918 and 1919, generously presented her uniform.

The Salvation Army is represented by three uniforms, one of which was worn in actual service overseas, for it bears the emblem of the Sunset Division on the upper left sleeve, and one by a war worker in the United States, while General Evangeline Booth presented her own uniform worn in inspection work overseas, where she visited the several sectors at which the Salvation Army was doing its work of mercy.

To keep the minds occupied and to fill the hours off duty with entertaining reading was the mission of the American Library Association. The amount of good it did and the amount of instruction that it provided would fill volumes. Its official uniform for women engaged in library war service in camps and hospitals in continental America and overseas may be readily recognized by the bronze insignia "A. L. A." on an open book on the left lapel of the gabardine coat and the chevron with the same letters on the left sleeve.

When war was definitely declared the United States Marine Corps, in order to encourage the women clerks with a greater sense of loyalty and devotion to the service, organized among them a corps of so-called Marinettes who took the proper oath, were duly enlisted, and wore uniforms. These were of two kinds; one for the summer and a heavier one for the winter. The khaki uniform of the Marinettes was presented by Miss G. B. Coxe, the efficient secretary of Gen. George Richards of the Paymaster's Office. It shows on the sleeves the chevrons of the Sergeant's rank. While the enlisted women's field uni-

form came from Miss Mary Bliss, who still contributes her valuable services to the clerical establishment of the Marine Corps. Her gift of both the summer field and winter field uniforms completes the series from the Service to which she is proud to belong, and the bronze insignia shows the emblem of the Marine Corps, which distinguished itself so valiantly at Chateau Thierry.

The United States Navy Department gloried in its famous corps of Yoemen (F) battalion, and the winter uniform of these women who at the beginning of the World War promptly enlisted so that their services might be at the call of the Government, should emergency demand, came from Mrs. John B. Hammond of well-known fighting ancestry as shown by her pedigree in the Society of the Daughters of the American Revolution. This uniform is conspicuous by the Victory medal that Mrs. Hammond received, as well as by the cross from the District of Columbia, which was given to all those who enlisted.

The summer uniform of the Battalion was presented by Mrs. Frederick L. Kaske, whose husband was an officer both in the war with Spain and the World War. On the beginning of hostilities Mrs. Kaske, fired by the patriotic spirit of her environment, enlisted and her uniform, like that of Mrs. Hammond, shows the bar of green and white ribbon from which hangs the Service cross of the District of Columbia.

An exceedingly interesting uniform is that of Dr. Loy McAfee, a contract surgeon who served during the war with the rank of lieutenant. It is of the regulation khaki cloth and is essentially similar to the uniform worn by other officers of her rank, except that the coat or tunic is shaped to the form more closely than is the case with the uniform of her brother officers and the lower portion is a skirt instead of trousers. It is appropriately decorated

with the caduceus, which is the insignia of the medical corps, on maroon colored velvet. The hat is trimmed with the colored cord of her rank in the corps.

A well worn Army Nurse's uniform was presented by Miss Mary Humphrey of Stone Road, Barnard, New York, who did splendid service in her chosen field of relief.

Woman's service was represented in many ways and always with splendid zeal and efficiency. Great credit must always be given to those faithful young women who in times of stress served overseas with the telephone unit of the Signal Corps of the United States Army. Miss Helen Cook of New York was one of the chief operators at the General Headquarters in France and she kindly sent her uniform, which bears a citation star on the front of the coat. On the right side of the collar there is the bronze "U. S." insignia and on the left side the crossed flags of the Signal Corps. The orange and white cord ribbon of the corps, as worn on the dark blue rough straw hat, is also shown. During the war dark blue overseas caps with the colors of the corps, precisely like those of the officers, were proudly worn by these most active young women.

The Woman's Land Army of America is an organization of patriotic women banded together for the purpose of helping in the amelioration of conditions brought about by the cruelty of the Great World War. It had branches in many parts of the Union, as well as in New York City, where its first vice-president was Mrs. William Pierson Hamilton. Through her interest a uniform worn by an officer of the Army who had faithfully served during the war with Germany, was given to the collection. It is of forest green cloth and bears the insignia of the Land Army.

Again through the interest of Mrs. Robert S. Alter of Cincinnati, there was added to the collection the uniform of Mrs. L. D. Drewry, State Commandant of the National

Land Army for Ohio. It includes a blouse with trousers, a cap, and a pair of canvas puttees. Its simplicity and the material from which it is made shows very clearly that the uniform was for serious minded work.

From the same source came the uniform of a member of the Woman's Land Army of Hamilton County, Ohio, which was organized under the auspices of the Cincinnati Garden Club. It consists of a pair of blue jean overalls worn over a plain shirt waist and includes a large coarse straw hat with high pointed crown, admirably adapted for outdoor work.

A uniform of the "American Fund for French Wounded," worn by Miss L. K. Shafer of Walnut Hills, Cincinnati, Ohio, whose work took her to Orleans, Valenciennes, Paris, and Rheims, was presented by her.

To the collection has also been added, through the patriotic interest of Mrs. Julian-James of Washington, one of the Good Cheer Bags with its contents, of which 45,000 were sent out from the Theodorus Bailey Myers Mason House at Christmas time to soldiers, sailors, and marines serving their country overseas during the World War.

From the various uniforms thus briefly described, some idea may be had of the many philanthropic activities undertaken by the patriotic women of America, and of their great magnitude. All honor then to the splendid services, so generously given, for the amelioration of the suffering conditions of unfortunate humanity, both at home and abroad, brought about by the great World War.

"Ring out old shapes of foul disease;  
Ring out the narrowing lust of gold;  
Ring out the thousand wars of old;  
Ring in the thousand years of peace."

Respectfully submitted,  
CAROLYN GILBERT BENJAMIN,  
*Chairman.*

**List of "Uniforms of Women worn during the war" collected by the Committee on Relics now on exhibition, in the United States National Museum, Washington, D. C.**

American Red Cross, Dietitian's Uniform, Collection of the National Society of the Colonial Dames of America, Presented to the Society by the American Red Cross.

American Red Cross, Canteen Worker's Outdoor Uniform, in the United States, Collection of the National Society of the Colonial Dames of America, Presented to the Society by the American Red Cross.

American Red Cross, Canteen Worker's Foreign Service Uniform, Collection of the National Society of the Colonial Dames of America, Presented to the Society by the American Red Cross.

American Red Cross Nurse's Ward Uniform, Collection of the National Society of the Colonial Dames of America, Presented to the Society by the American Red Cross.

American Red Cross, Nurse's Outdoor Uniform, Collection of the National Society of the Colonial Dames of America, Presented to the Society by the American Red Cross.

American Red Cross, Motor Corps Driver's Uniform, Collection of the National Society of the Colonial Dames of America, Presented to the Society by the American Red Cross.

American Red Cross, Motor Corps Driver's Overcoat, Collection of the National Society of the Colonial Dames of America, Presented to the Society by the American Red Cross.

American Red Cross, Foreign Service Uniform, Collection of the National Society of the Colonial Dames of America, Presented to the Society by the American Red Cross.

American Red Cross, Uniform Used in Workrooms, Collection of the National Society of the Colonial Dames of America, Presented to the Society by the American Red Cross.

American Red Cross, Motor Corps Driver's Skirt and Tunic, Collection of the National Society of the Colonial Dames of America, Presented to the Society by the American Red Cross.

American Red Cross, Uniform for Matrons in Convalescent Hospitals in the United States, Collection of the National Society of the Colonial Dames of America, Presented to the Society by the American Red Cross.

American Red Cross, Hospital Hut Fatigue Uniform, Collection of the National Society of the Colonial Dames of America, Presented to the Society by the American Red Cross.

American Red Cross Canteen Worker's Indoor Uniform in the United States, Collection of the National Society of the Colonial Dames of America, Presented to the Society by the American Red Cross.

American Red Cross, Uniform for Women Executives, in the United States, Collection of the National Society of the Colonial Dames of America, Presented to the Society by the American Red Cross.

American Red Cross, Red Veil Worn by Supervisors of Surgical Dressings, Collection of the National Society of

the Colonial Dames of America, Presented to the Society by a member of the Cincinnati, Ohio, Red Cross.

American Red Cross, Red Veil Worn by Supervisor of Surgical Dressings in Cincinnati Workrooms, Collection of the National Society of the Colonial Dames of America, Presented to the Society by a member of the Ohio Society of Colonial Dames.

American Red Cross, Red Veil and White Apron Worn by Chairman, Surgical Dressings, Cincinnati, Ohio, Collection of the National Society of the Colonial Dames of America, Presented to the Society by a member of the Ohio Society of Colonial Dames.

Third Red Cross Roll Call, Arm Band, Collection of the National Society of the Colonial Dames of America, Presented to the Society by a member of the Ohio Society of Colonial Dames.

Uniform of French Surgical Dressings, Collection of the National Society of the Colonial Dames of America, Presented to the Society by Mrs. Matthew Fontaine Maury, a member of the Ohio Society of Colonial Dames.

Uniform, White Apron and Blue Veil, Worn during the period of the War by Miss Agnes Hinton, Chairman, Surgical Dressings, Cincinnati, Ohio, Collection of the National Society of the Colonial Dames of America, Presented to the Society by Miss Agnes Hinton.

Uniform of American Committee for Devastated France, Organized by Miss Anne Morgan of New York City, Collection of the National Society of the Colonial Dames of America, Presented to the Society by Mrs. Charles Anderson through a member of the Ohio Society of Colonial Dames.

Uniform of Chairman, Surgical Dressings for French Wounded, Collection of the National Society of the Colonial Dames of America, Presented to the Society by Mrs. Magnus A. Tate, a member of the Ohio Society of Colonial Dames.

Uniform of Chairman, Red Cross Information Committee, Collection of the National Society of the Colonial Dames of America, Presented to the Society by Mrs. Robert S. Alter, a member of the Ohio Society of Colonial Dames.

National League for Woman's Service, Uniform of Captain of the Motor Corps, Collection of the National Society of the Colonial Dames of America, Presented to the Society by Mrs. Robert S. Alter, a member of the Ohio Society of Colonial Dames.

Uniform, Woman's Land Army of Hamilton County, Ohio, Indian Hill Unit, Organized under auspices of Cincinnati, Ohio Garden Club which did active farm work during the war, Collection of the National Society of the Colonial Dames of America, Presented to the Society and worn by Mrs. Robert Sattler.

Uniform, Canteen, Collection of the National Society of the Colonial Dames of America, Presented to the Society and worn by Mrs. Florence Foraker Matthews, Captain in Cincinnati, Ohio, Canteen.

Uniform, National Land Army of Ohio, Collection of the National Society of the Colonial Dames of America, Presented to the Society and worn by Mrs. L. D. Drewry, State Commandant, Organized under the Council of National Defense.



Uniform of Fernbank Red Cross Committee, Collection of the National Society of the Colonial Dames of America, Presented to the Society by Mrs. Perrin S. March, Cincinnati, Ohio.

American Fund for French Wounded, Motor Service Uniform, Worn at Verdun, Marne, Somme, and Aisne Sectors, Collection of the National Society of the Colonial Dames of America, Presented to the Society by Miss Evelyn Hooker through Mrs. Robert S. Alter, Cincinnati, Ohio.

Uniform, American Fund for French Wounded, Collection of the National Society of the Colonial Dames of America, Presented and worn by Miss L. K. Shaffer, Walnut Hills, Cincinnati, in works of mercy at Orleans, Valenciennes, Paris, Rheims, etc.

American Red Cross, Canteen Worker's Uniform, Collection of the National Society of the Colonial Dames of America, Presented to the Society and worn by Mrs. William H. Bradford of Portland, Me., a member of the Maine Society of Colonial Dames.

Young Women's Christian Association, Worker's Uniform in the United States, Collection of the National Society of the Colonial Dames of America, Presented to the Society by Mrs. E. M. Townsend, a member of the New York Society of Colonial Dames, Chairman, National Hostess Committee of the War Work Council of the Board of the Young Women's Christian Association.

Young Women's Christian Association, Uniform for Overseas Workers, Collection of the National Society of the Colonial Dames of America, Presented to the Society by Mrs. E. M. Townsend, a member of the New York

Society of Colonial Dames, Chairman of the National Hostess Committee of the War Work Council of the Board of the Young Women's Christian Association.

Young Women's Christian Association, Canteen Worker's Overseas Uniform, Collection of the National Society of the Colonial Dames of America, Presented to the Society and worn by her in many Sectors in France by Miss Virginia Armisted Nelson, Nashville, Tenn., now Mrs. Charles B. Parmer, a member of the Tennessee Society of Colonial Dames.

National War Work Council, Young Women's Christian Association, Uniform of First Vice-President, Collection of the National Society of the Colonial Dames of America, Presented to the Society by Mrs. William Adams Brown, a member of the New York Society of Colonial Dames.

Young Men's Christian Association, Home Service Worker's Uniform, Collection of the National Society of the Colonial Dames of America, Presented to the Society by the Young Men's Christian Association.

Young Men's Christian Association, Uniform for Women Worker's Overseas, Collection of the National Society of the Colonial Dames of America, Presented to the Society by the Young Men's Christian Association.

U. S. Marine Corps, Enlisted Women's Winter Field Uniform, Collection of the National Society of the Colonial Dames of America, Presented to the Society by Miss Mary Anne Bliss.

U. S. Marine Corps, Enlisted Women's Summer Field Uniform, Collection of the National Society of the Colonial Dames of America, Presented to the Society by Miss Mary Anne Bliss.

U. S. Marine Corps, Marinette's Winter Uniform, Collection of the National Society of the Colonial Dames of America, Presented to the Society by Miss E. B. Coxé.

Uniform, Chief Yoeman, U. S. Naval Reserve Force, (F), Collection of the National Society of the Colonial Dames of America, Presented to the Society through Mrs. Samuel Powel, a member of the Rhode Island Society of Colonial Dames and worn by Miss Adelaide Halley in Second Naval District, Newport, Rhode Island, on active duty from April, 1917, during the War.

Uniform Cape, Yoeman's (F), Collection of the National Society of the Colonial Dames of America, Presented to the Society by Miss Sarah M. Howdershell, Washington, D. C.

Yoeman (F) Winter Uniform, Collection of the National Society of the Colonial Dames of America, Presented to the Society by Mrs. John B. Hammond and worn by her during the period of the War, receiving the Victory Bar.

Yoeman (F) Summer Uniform, Collection of the National Society of the Colonial Dames of America, Presented to the Society by Mrs. Frederick L. Kaske, Mount Ranier, Maryland, and worn by her during the period of the War, receiving the Victory Bar.

Salvation Army Overseas Uniform, Collection of the National Society of the Colonial Dames of America, Presented to the Society by the Salvation Army.

Salvation Army Uniform, Worn in the United States, Collection of the National Society of the Colonial Dames of America, Presented to the Society by the Salvation Army.

Salvation Army Uniform, Collection of the National Society of the Colonial Dames of America, Presented and worn by General Evangeline Booth during her inspection tours in the United States and overseas.

U. S. Army Nurses, Collection of the National Society of the Colonial Dames of America, Nurse's Uniform, Presented and worn by Miss Mary Humphrey, Stone Road, Barnard, New York.

Nurse's Uniform, worn by Miss Carolyn Nash as Nurse's Aid at Hospital of University of Pennsylvania, Collection of the National Society of the Colonial Dames of America, Presented to the Society by Miss Carolyn Nash, a member of the District of Columbia Society of Colonial Dames.

National Catholic War Council, Overseas Uniform, Collection of the National Society of the Colonial Dames of America, Presented to the Society by the National Catholic War Council through Mrs. Stocks-Millar.

Knights of Columbus, Uniform, Collection of the National Society of the Colonial Dames of America, Presented to the Society and worn by Miss Mary R. Dillard, Secretary at Headquarters, Paris, France, 1918-1919.

Jewish Welfare Board, Uniform, Collection of the National Society of the Colonial Dames of America, Presented to the Society by the Jewish Welfare Board.

Uniform, League of Catholic Women, Canteen Service, Collection of the National Society of the Colonial Dames of America, Presented to the Society by Miss Martha Devlin of New York City, and worn by her during the period of the War.

First National Service School, Uniform of Major on Staff and Supervisor of Instruction, Collection of the National Society of the Colonial Dames of America, Presented to the Society by Miss Sophie Pearce Casey, a member of the Pennsylvania Society of Colonial Dames.

Uniform, Women's Land Army of America, Collection of the National Society of the Colonial Dames of America, Presented to the Society by Mrs. William Pierson Hamilton of New York City.

Emergency Aid of Pennsylvania, Uniform, Collection of the National Society of the Colonial Dames of America, Presented to the Society by the Emergency Aid of Pennsylvania.

Emergency Aid Aide of Pennsylvania, Uniform, Collection of the National Society of the Colonial Dames of America, Presented to the Society by the Emergency Aid of Pennsylvania.

National League for Woman's Service, including Social Welfare, Home Economics, Nursing, Motor Driving, General Service, Civics, Map Reading, Camping, etc., Uniform, Collection of the National Society of the Colonial Dames of America, Presented to the Society by Mrs. James Starr, Jr., President of the Pennsylvania Society of Colonial Dames and worn by her during the period of the War.

National League for Women's Service, including Social Welfare, Home Economics, Motor Driving, General Service, Civics, Map Reading, Camping, etc., First Lieutenant, Junior Corps, Collection of the National Society of the Colonial Dames of America, Presented to the Society and worn during the period of the War by

Miss Sophie Heberton Bispham, now Mrs. Charles Robert Weiss, Germantown, Pa.

National League for Women's Service, Including Social Welfare, Home Economics, Nursing, Motor Driving, General Service, Civics, Map Reading, Camping, etc., Uniform of the Motor Division, Collection of the National Society of the Colonial Dames of America, Presented to the Society by Miss Emeline Batten, Caldwell, New Jersey.

Uniform of Red Cross Worker in France, Collection of the National Society of the Colonial Dames of America, Presented to the Society by Miss Dorothy Lord Blatchford, now Mrs. Roswell Pettit, who served in French Hospitals and worked behind the lines at Fleury and other Sectors, a member of the Illinois Society of Colonial Dames.

Signal Corps, Telephone Unit, Chief Operator's Uniform, Collection of the National Society of the Colonial Dames of America, Presented to the Society by Miss Helen Cook and worn by her in France at "General Headquarters."

American Friend's Service Committee, Uniform, Collection of the National Society of the Colonial Dames of America, Presented to the Society by Mrs. Mabel C. S. D'Olier and worn by her at Varennes-en-Argonne, Department of the Meuse, France, in reconstruction work, a member of the New Jersey Society of Colonial Dames.

American Library Association, Uniform, Collection of the National Society of the Colonial Dames of America, Presented to the Society by the American Library Association.

Contract Surgeon, Uniform, Collection of the National Society of the Colonial Dames of America, Presented to the Society and worn by Dr. Loy McAfee during the War.

Emergency Canteen Service, Uniform, Collection of the National Society of the Colonial Dames of America, Presented to the Society by Mrs. Harry W. Evans, a member of the Tennessee Society of Colonial Dames.

Emergency Fleet Corporation, United States Shipping Board, Collection of the National Society of the Colonial Dames of America, Uniform, Worn during the War by Mrs. Philip Schuyler Doane and presented by her.

Blue Outdoor Uniform of the Navy Nurse Corps, Collection of the National Society of the Colonial Dames of America, Loaned to the Society by the Navy Department.

White Hospital Uniform of the Navy Nurse Corps, Collection of the National Society of the Colonial Dames of America, Loaned to the Society by the Navy Department.

War Camp Community Service, Official Uniform, Collection of the National Society of the Colonial Dames of America, Presented to the Society by Mrs. Charles H. Farnsworth, National Director of Work for Women and Girls, and worn by her.

Good Cheer Bag and Contents.—One of the type of forty-five thousand Good Cheer Bags sent at Christmas from the Theodorus Bailey Myers Mason House, 1606 Twentieth St. N. W., Washington, D. C., and its 248 chapters throughout the country in 1917-1918 to Soldiers, Sailors, and Marines, serving the United States overseas in the Great War.

Collection of the National Society of the Colonial  
Dames of America, Presented to the Society by Mrs.  
Julian-James, Washington, D. C.

Respectfully submitted,

CAROLYN GILBERT BENJAMIN,

*Chairman.*





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